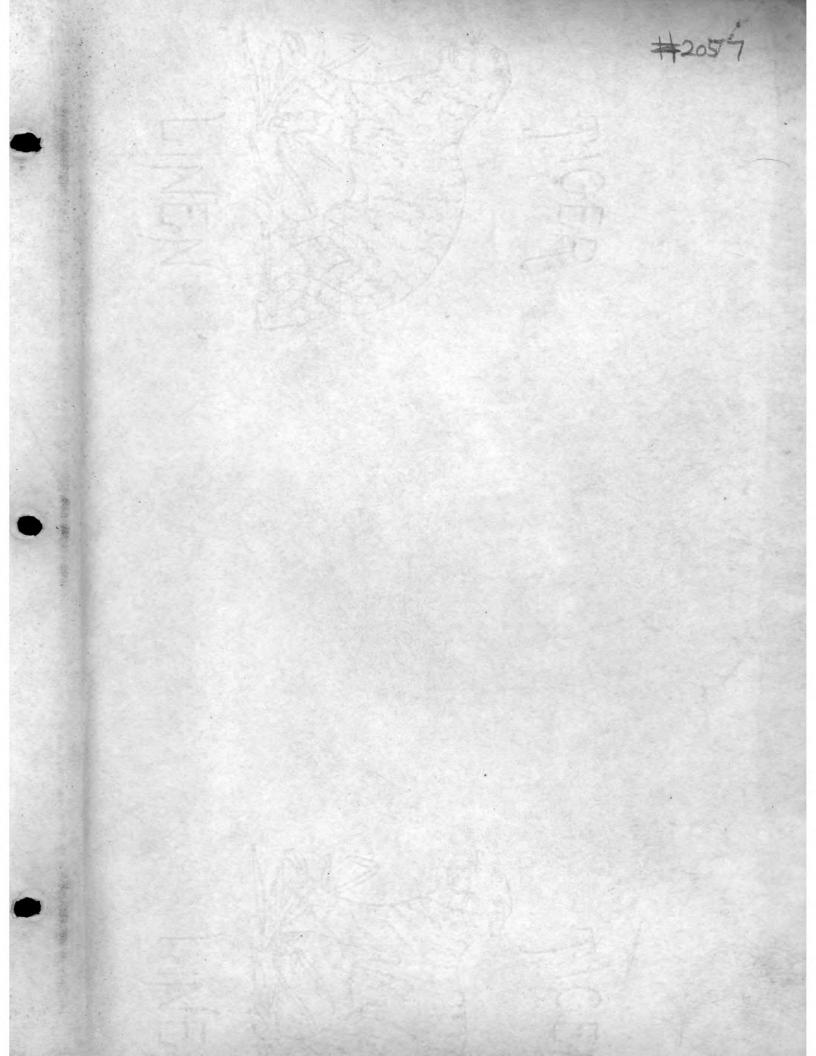
THE CLEVELAND - CLIFFS IRON COMPANY

LAND DEPARTMENT

ANNUAL REPORT OF LAND AGENT

YEAR 1942



RECEIVED



Negaunee, Michigan

February 24, 1943

MAR -1 1943

Mr. E. B. Greene, President

14th Floor, Union Commerce Building Cleveland, Ohio

ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1942

Dear Sir:

I submit herewith Annual Report of Operations of the Land Department for the year 1942.

Very truly yours,

John M. Bush, Land Agent-

JMB:HW

# ANNUAL REPORT LAND DEPARTMENT, NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN FISCAL YEAR 1942

THE CLEVELAND-CLIFFS IRON COMPANY

ARCTIC IRON COMPANY

BUNKER HILL MINING COMPANY

THE CLIFFS POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

SUPERIOR REALTY COMPANY

#### NUMERIC INDEX-REPORTS

#### THE CLEVELAND-CLIFFS IRON COMPANY

GENERAL	1 & 1-A	Λ
MINERAL LANDS	1-A & 2	
WOOD SUPPLY FOR CHEMICAL PLANT	2	•
TIMBER AND FOREST PRODUCTS SALES	2	
RAILROAD TIES	2	
MINING DEPARTMENT	2	
RETAIL YARD	2 & 3	3
PLANING MILL	4	
CLIFFS DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY	4	
COMPENSATION CASES	4 & 5	5
FORESTRY AND CONSERVATION	6	b
UPPER PENINSULA DEVELOPMENT BUREAU	6	
NORTHERN HEMLOCK & HARDWOOD MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION		
and NATIONAL HARDWOOD LUMBER ASSOCIATION	6	
NATIONAL FORESTS	6	
FOREST FIRES	7	
TAXES	7	
ALGER COUNTY TAXPAYERS' ASSOCIATION	7	
CRUISERS	7 & 8	}
HOTEL WILLIAMS AND COTTAGES	8	
GRAND ISLAND		
DEER	8	
ELK	8	
GAME BIRDS	8	
PREDATORY ANIMALS	8	
HUNTING	9	
MAPLE SYRUP	9	
ROADS	9	
DOCKS	9	
BOATS	9	
AUTOMOBILES	9	
WORK DONE FOR OTHER DEPARTMENTS	9 & 1	.0
MAPS	10	
LOGGING	10	
NORTHWESTERN VENEER AND PLYWOOD CORPORATION	10 & 1	1
BALANCE SHEET AND PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT	11	
CATEG TEACES COTTEMENTONS PRO (Company) and has		
SALES, LEASES, COLLECTIONS, ETC. (Supervised by A. J. Erickson)		
SALES OF LAND AND TIMBER	12	
REAL ESTATE SALES	12	
TIMBER SALES	12	
STUMPAGE SALES	12 & 1	3
NORTHWESTERN VENEER AND PLYWOOD CORPORATION	13	-
PULPWOOD PERMITS	13	
SOFTWOOD TIE PERMITS	13	
CHEMICAL WOOD PERMITS	13	
MISCELLANEOUS PERMITS	13	
MISCELLANEOUS STUMPAGE SALES	13	
TDFCDACCFC	17.	

	PAGE
SALES, LEASES, COLLECTIONS, ETC. (CONTINUED) LAND AND TIMBER NEGOTIATIONS	
GROUP 1 LANDS	14
RANGE 24 LANDS	14
MISCELLANEOUS	14
LAKE AND RIVER FRONTAGE	14
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	
NATIONAL FORESTS	15
STATE OF MICHIGAN	15
LOT SALES	15
HOUSE AND LOT SALES	15
NEGAUNEE HOUSE SALES	15
GWINN TOWN SITE	16
MISCELLANEOUS HOUSE SALES	16
NEW LEASES	16
MINING DEPARTMENT LANDS	16
LAND RENTALS	16 & 17
ROYALTIES	17
LAN D PRODUCTS SALES	17
RENTED BUILDINGS	17
COLLECTIONS	18
SURRENDERED AND CANCELLED CONTRACTS	18
CLIFFLAND FARM BEACH INN	18 & 19
MANUFACTURERS HOTEL	19 & 20
BELLEVUE AND CLIFFS FARMS	20
LOCATION IMPROVEMENTS	20
MISCELLANEOUS	20
LUNDIN & BJORK GOLD MINING LEASE	20
GRAND ISLAND SUMMER RESORT	20
TAX MATTERS AND LAND RECORDS (Supervised by	
H. S. Nightingale)	
SUPERIOR REALTY COMPANY	26
TAXES	26 & 27
TIMBER EXPIRATION DATES	27
LANDS OWNED AND CONTROLLED AND ACREAGE STATEMENTS	27
LANDS PURCHASED	27
TRESPASSES	27
DOCUMENTS ENTERED ON LAND DEPARTMENT RECORDS	27
ENGINEERING, SURVEYS, CONSTRUCTION WORK, ETC.	
(Supervised by R. A. Brotherton)	
SURVEYS	28
MAPS	28
LAND LOOKING	28
LAKE FRONTAGE	28
FOREST FIRES	29
GRAND ISLAND	29
LOGGING	30
BOARDS OF REVIEW	30
FORESTRY AND LOGGING (Supervised by W. S. Bromley)	
PART I — THE INITIATION OF THE FORESTRY PROGRAM IN 1942 PART II — THE LOGGING AND MAJOR STUMPAGE OPERATIONS IN	2 31 - 36
1942	36 - 39
PART III - STATUS OF FORESTRY PROGRAM	39 - 44

#### NUMERIC INDEX -- STATEMENTS

	PAGE
(Forestry and Logging Operations)	- 1100
Table No. 1 - Status of Logging at Close of 1942	46
Table No. 2 - Logs on Hand at Key Plants at Close of 1942	46
Table No. 3 Summary of Field Work by Districts from June 1	
to December 31, 1942	47
Table No. 4 Comparison of Log Rules	48
Table No. 5 - Summary of Check Scaling in 1942	49
Table No. 6 - Condition of Logging Equipment and Status of	
Labor of Logging Contractors	50
Table No. 7 - Proposed Plan of Logging for 1943-44	51
Table No. 8 Estimated Costs of Logging for 1943-44	52
(Explanation of Profit and Loss)	
Comparative Balance Sheet as of December 31, 1942, and 1941	ll⊸A
Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss as of December 31,	TT-A
	11 Dul
1942, and 1941	11-B+11-C
Consolidated Logging Cost Sheet	52-A & 52-B
Deliveries and Cost of Forest Products:	
Moote Brothers	53
Burrell Lumber Company	54
Joseph Kraus	55
Frank Carr	56
Peura and Sons	57
Peter and Lawrence Gagner	58
William Carlson	59
Sivula-Kivela and Company	60
Arvid A. Nyland	61
Prices of Logs Sold on Contract to Different Industries	62
Comparison of Net Prices for Forest Products Deliveries	63
Timber Removed from Lands During Year 1942	64
Stumpage Sales	65 & 66
Chemical Wood Deliveries by Purchasers of our Timber under	
Stumpage Permits	67
Grand Island and Hotel Williams Operating Expense:	d d
Consolidated	68 - 70
Grand Island	71
Hotel Williams	72
Comparative Statement of Revenues	74
Land Department Office Expense—Comparative	75
Land and Timber Sales	76 & 77
Lot Sales	15
Negaunee House Sales	15
Land Rentals	16
Land Products Sales	17
Collections	18
Accounts Receivable:	
Real Estate Sales	78 - 80
Timber Sales	81 - 83
Munising House and Lot Sales	84
Lot Sales	85
Negaunee House Sales	86 - 87
Land Products Sales	88
House Rents	89 - 91
Grand Island Rents	92
Deferred Accounts	93
peretred vecoming	

#### STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(Toward over of Tonda and Minkan)	PAGE
(Inventory of Lands and Timber)	
Acreage Statement-Lands Owned and Controlled, Showing Ownership	0.1
by Companies	94
Land Acreage	95 - 97
Maps Showing Logging Operations:	
Burrell, Moote, Kraus, Carr	98
Peura, Gagner, Carlson, Nyland	99
Northwestern Veneer and Plywood Corporation Timber Permit	
(Lands in 47-11)	100
Plats Showing Timber Expiration Dates	101 - 111
(Taxes)	
Statement of Taxes Paid Years 1942 and 1941, Showing Division	
Between Town Lots and Acreage	112 - 113
Statement of Taxes Paid Years 1942 and 1941, Charged to	112 - 11)
	771
Operating and Receivable Accounts	114
Alger County Comparative Assessed Valuations	115
Alger County Comparative Tax Statement	116
City of Munising Taxes	117
Alger County Taxes	117
Grand Island Taxes	118 - 119
Valuations of Manufacturing Sites-City of Munising	120 - 121
Alger County Comparative Valuations and Taxes	122
(Statistical)	
Number of Guests Registered at Hotel Williams by Cities	73
Comparative Statement of Personal Injury Expense	123
	124
Outgoing Letters-Negaunee Office	T. T. HELDER CO. P. CO.
Documents Entered on Land Department Records	27

#### NUMERIC INDEX -- OTHER COMPANIES

	PAGE
ARCTIC IRON COMPANY	
Collections	25
STATEMENTS:	705
Annual Detailed Statement of Taxes Paid-1942 and 1941 Land Acreage	
Land Acreage	126
THE ATHENS IRON MINING COMPANY	
New Leases	24-A
Earnings	24-A
Collections	24-A
STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Land Rents Receivable	127
BUNKER HILL MINING COMPANY	
Land Rentals	21
Rented Buildings	21
Miscellaneous Earnings	21
Collections	21
Unsettled Matters	21-A
SUPERIOR REALTY COMPANY	
Tax Titles	26
Financial Statements	23
Earnings	23
Surrendered and Cancelled Contracts	23
Quotations	23-A
New Leases	23-A
Collections	23-A
Delinquent Lands	23-A
STATEMENTS:	017.00 B
Comparative Balance Sheet as of December 31, 1942, & 1	741 23-0
Comparative Profit and Loss Statement as of December	23-C
31, 1942, and 1941 Statement of Land and Timber Sales	128
Statement of Real Estate Sales Receivable	129
Statement of Timber Sales Receivable	130
Statement of Land Acreage	131 - 134
Dod ochierto or Daria Rorougo	
THE CLIFFS POWER & LIGHT COMPANY	
Earnings	22
New Leases	22
Collections	22
STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Land Rents Receivable	135
THE NEGAUNEE MINE COMPANY	
House Sales	24
Earnings	24
New Leases	24
Collections	24
STATEMENTS:	136
Statement of Negaunee House Sales Receivable	137
Statement of House Rents Receivable	137
Statement of Land Products Sales Receivable	171

#### NUMERIC INDEX

GOLD MINING LEASE	PAGE
Report of T. M. Broderick for Period January 1, 1942, to June 30, 1942 Report of T. M. Broderick for Period July 1, 1942.	138
to December 31, 1942 Report of E. L. Derby for 1942 Maps:	139 142
Second Half 1940 and Second Half 1942 Explorations Second Half 1942	140 141
ALGER COUNTY TAXPAYERS' ASSOCIATION REPORT	143 - 199
MAPS	
Maps Showing Logging Operations: Burrell, Moote, Kraus, Carr Peura, Gagner, Carlson, Nyland Northwestern Veneer and Plywood Corporation Timber Permit on Lands in 47-11  Maps Showing Operations at Gold Mine: Second Half 1940 and Second Half 1942 Explorations Second Half 1942  PLATS  Timber Expiration Dates	98 99 100 140 141
CHARTS	
Negaunee, Ishpeming, Marquette, and Munising Taxes for 1942 City of Negaunee—Comparative Tax Data Negaunee City Taxes—Total Valuation and Rate Negaunee City Taxes—State Tax, County Tax, School Tax, City Highway Fund, General City Fund, Total Taxes City of Ishpeming—Comparative Tax Data Alger County Taxes Luce County Taxes	200 201 202 203 204 205 - 212 213 - 217

### LAND DEPARTMENT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1942

#### GENERAL

There has been a change in the method of handling the lands of the company over that which has been in progress during the past years. The company owns the largest acreage of hardwood-hemlock lands remaining in the Great Lakes states, and during the summer of 1941 consideration was given as to whether or not the plan of liquidation which had been in effect should be continued, or whether we should practice a plan of conserving the timber remaining on these lands. Working to that end, Mr. Henry S. Graves was employed to look into the situation and make a report, which was done during the summer of 1941. Mr. Graves recommended that a forester be employed and a more detailed study of our lands be made. Mr. Graves' report was accepted, and his recommendation to employ a forester to make this detailed survey was carried out, and Mr. W. S. Bromley was employed and commenced work January 1, 1942. After Mr. Bromley made this detailed study of our lands his report was made and his recommendations were adopted.

During the year three districts were established—one known as the Marquette area, one as the Munising area, and one as the Grand Marais area; and a corps of men was established at each point. It was decided to introduce selective logging, taking only the larger and mature trees, leaving the balance on the land. Inasmuch as all of our logging is carried on by independent contractors, some difficulty was experienced in getting these contractors to undertake the work of selective logging, and it is going to take some time to get them educated to this work. However, a number of areas are being selectively logged, and the details of this work will be covered in the forester's report, included herein. There is no reason that we can see why we cannot selectively log our lands, especially those that are well grouped. It may be desirable to clearcut isolated descriptions which would not stand alone, and work is being directed along this line. What we want to bring out here is that the policy of the company is now one of conservation rather than liquidation.

Another obstacle in getting selective logging operations under way is due to the present war situation, which makes a shortage of labor in the woods. During the present winter we also had an exceptionally heavy snow fall, which made operations more difficult. We hope these difficulties will be overcome and that we shall experience no great trouble in carrying out the program as planned.

A number of years ago the Woodenware Company sold the veneer plant at Munising to the Atlas Plywood Corporation, carrying with the sale some obligation on our part to furnish that plant with logs, which we have been doing. In addition to selling this company logs for the Munising veneer plant, we have also been furnishing

them logs for their plant at Gladstone, Michigan. In order to conserve the balance of our standing timber in the vicinity of Munising for the Munising plants we prevailed on Mr. Venne, President of the Plywood Corporation, to take over some of our lands in the Grand Marais district under a timber permit on a stumpage basis, and in that way we would not have to deliver to them any logs from the Munising district. This he has done, and during the last half of 1942 they have been actively engaged in cutting and shipping logs from Town 47-11 in the Grand Marais district. This arrangement with Mr. Venne has worked out very satisfactorily, and the timber permit has another year to run after July 1, 1943. It may be possible to get this concern interested in more timber in the Grand Marais district.

The activities of the Land Department consist in a general way of the following units:

- 1. Supervising and looking after the large land holdings of The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Company, Arctic Iron Company, Michigamme property, Bunker Hill Mining Company, and Superior Realty Company.
  - 2. Management of the lands of the Michigan Mineral Land Company.
  - 3. Looking after the production and sale of forest products.
  - 4. Operating Grand Island, Game Preserve, and Hotel Williams.
  - 5. Operating Retail Yard at Munising, Michigan.
- 6. Looking after lots and rented buildings under charge of the Land Department.
  - 7. Looking after the lands of The Cliffs Power and Light Company.
- 8. Looking after the lot leases in the different cities and towns which are under the jurisdiction of the Mining Department.
- 9. Careful supervision of company lands, looking for and preventing trespasses of every kind, protecting timber lands and forest products from fire, sale and lease of lots in the various cities and villages, sale of timber land and stumpage, collection of rents and moneys from such sales and leases, and the study of conditions surrounding the communities in which the Company is engaged in business, with a view of encouraging proper improvements, etc.

It is also the duty of the Land Department to look after land titles, and, in particular, it is charged with the difficult proposition of assessments made upon Company lands and the taxes levied thereon, together with the proper payment of taxes when due.

#### MINERAL LANDS

We continue to carry a large acreage of lands in the mineral area of the Marquette Range for the benefit of the Mining Department, paying the taxes thereon

and otherwise handling them.

#### WOOD SUPPLY FOR CHEMICAL PLANT

We of course are carrying a large acreage of timber lands and this supply of wood is available to the Cliffs Dow Chemical Company at Marquette, Michigan, and in carrying this land we continue to pay large amounts of taxes and other expenses in caring for them.

#### TIMBER AND FOREST PRODUCTS SALES

The attached statement shows the sales and shipments of forest products during the year.

#### RAILROAD TIES

During the year shipments of hardwood ties to the railroads were made through the Munising Wood Products Company as well as ourselves.

27,850 ties were shipped during 1942 from our own operations.

The prices for 1942, as compared with 1941 and 1940, are as follows:

	1942	1941	1940
No. 4 Hardwood	\$1.15	\$1.00	\$.88
No. 3 Hardwood	1.00	.88	.78
No. 2 Hardwood	.85	.75	.68
No. 1 Hardwood	.75	.63	.57
Serviceable Rejects Hardwood	•55	.45	.45

#### MINING DEPARTMENT

The following statement shows the quantities of the different forest products sold to the Mining Department during the year:

By Our Contractors:		130	2.000.00
Hardwood Mine Timber	364,056 feet	\$24.92	\$9,072.41
Hemlock Mine Timber	3,217 feet	22.59	72.67
Spruce Trestle Legs	3,786 lin. ft.	.31	1,173.66
7' Lagging	40,656 lin. ft.	.79	320.32
Hardwood Ties	1,284 pieces	.30	381.72
By Stumpage Operators			
Tamarack Mine Timber	792 lin. ft.	.066	51.93
7' Lagging	307,349 lin. ft.	.84	2,591.52
9½' Tamarack and Spruce Poles	46,202 lin. ft.	1.61	745.11
Tamarack Cribbing	2,304 lin. ft.	.036	82.31

#### MUNISING RETAIL YARD

We operated the Retail Yard in the City of Munising during the year 1942. The following results are reported:

Total Sales	\$119,174.41
Cost of Products Sold	110,020,91
Gross Profit	9,153.50
Less General Expense \$2.0	93.78
	55.16
	6.348.94
Net Profit before Depreciation	2,804.56
Depreciation	618.67
Profit after Depreciation	2,185.89

Lumber was sawed by portable saw mill owned by the Hancock Lumber Company from logs delivered by contractors. The lumber sawed from the logs delivered and cost, piled in the yard, was as follows:

Specie	Feet	Per M	Amount
No. 4 and Better Hemlock No. 4 and Better Pine Spruce	1,018,952 273,150 27,476	26.48 32.25 23.48	\$26,987.31 8,807.88 645.09
Totals	1,319,578	27.62	\$36,440.28

Lumber also was sawed by portable saw mills by Contractors Peura and Sons and P. and L. Gagner from logs from Company lands and the lumber was delivered to the Retail Yard and also direct to the Cleveland-Cliffs mines. The lumber delivered and the cost piled in the yard, as follows:

Specie	Feet	Per M	Amount
No. 4 and Better Hemlock No. 4 and Better Pine Spruce	176,730 53,627 8,460	22.99 29.26 24.47	\$ 4,063.40 1,568.87 206.98
Totals	238,817	24.45	\$ 5,839.25

The lumber delivered direct to the mines and the cost, as follows:

Merchantable Hemlock

220,491

25.56 \$ 5.635.87

We were subject to a great many extraordinary repairs to buildings and machinery at this plant in order to keep it in operation. We were also limited as to the prices we could get for lumber sold, due to the ceiling placed thereon.

On August 13, 1942, the mill belonging to the Hancock Lumber Company and located on our property in the City of Munising was burned to the ground. Since that time no lumber has been manufactured at this point because of no other mill being available and for the further reason that due to shortage of men in the woods our operations have been confined principally to getting out hardwood logs for the several industries.

#### Planing Mill

The Planing Mill at the Retail Yard was operated throughout the year.

The following statement shows the quantities of lumber worked for the current year, with the previous years for comparison:

	1942 Feet	1941 Feet	1940 Feet	1939 Feet	1938 Feet	1937 Feet
Hardwood	158	2,027	1,145	1,600	400	1,470
Softwood	2,495,609	1,509,266	1,506,362	1,846,098	854,796	1,590,646
Custom	20,290	39,713	93,175	128,839	111,754	-
Totals	2,516,057	1,551,006	1,600,682	1,976,537	966,950	1,592,116

The following statement shows the amount of lumber sold through this Retail Yard for the year 1942:

Manufactured Softwood	3,063,457 feet
Manufactured Hardwood	2,934
Total Manufactured	3,066,391 "
Purchased	None

Grand Total 3,066,391 feet

#### CLIFFS DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

A supply of wood for this plant is being provided by jobbers and the wood is being delivered by rail and truck to the plant at Marquette, Michigan. The Land Department sells stumpage to some of these jobbers, and this stumpage is collected for us by the Chemical Company.

During the year this department furnished the Cliffs Dow, by jobbers, 42,576.64 cords of chemical wood.

#### COMPENSATION CASES

As of December 31, 1942, there are six cases upon which we pay compensation. Four of these cases were injuries in the logging operations, one was injured at Grand Island, and one at Negaunee while repairing Company houses. All of these cases were previous to 1942.

The detailed statement made a part of this report shows eight minor noncompensable injuries during the year, one of which is open for delayed medical charge.

The statement also shows an expense of \$3,853.58 during the year 1942, of which amount \$3,838.56 was on previous years' cases, as compared with total expense of \$5,696.62 in 1941.

#### COMPENSATION CASES (CONTINUED)

The following statement shows the old cases open as of December 31, 1942, and the amount due on each case, based on estimated liability set up on our books, and an explanation of the estimate in each case:

Acc.		Date	Total	Paid to	Bal	ance Due	
No.	Name of Injured	Injured	Liability	12/31/42	Weeks	Per Wk.	Amount
1789	Eino Karasti	5/21/36	\$ 9,000.00	\$ 6,210.00	155	18.00	\$ 2,790.00
1816	Dan Hall	9/18/36	3,215.52	1,610.08	173	9.28	1,605.44
1841	John M. Maki	11/21/36	760.96	760.96	-	-	-
	do.		2,587.42	1,658.92	150	6.19	928.50
2033	Solomon Makela	11/10/38	638.43	638.43	-	-	-
	do.		1,871.98	646.50	284	4.31	1,225.48
2036	Arne J. Vartti	10/18/39	9,000.00	3,006.00	333	18.00	5,994.00
2048	Frank L. Bashaw	6/11/41	9,000.00	1,458.00	419	18.00	7,542.00
	Totals		\$36,074.31	\$15,988.89			\$20,085.42

#### Explanation of Balances Due:

- Case 1789. This party received a very severe fracture of the skull. Dr.

  A. W. Erickson of the Ishpeming Hospital examined him on November
  12, 1942, and reported that there had been no improvement in his
  condition since his examination of him in May, 1940, and stated
  that his condition must be regarded as stationary and that there
  will not be any improvement in the future.
- Case 1816. He will never be able to do again the work he was injured at. There has been no improvement. The balance will have to be paid him, if he lives the full period of 173 weeks.
- Case 1841. The balance due him is in accordance with specific agreement entered into with him, and will have to be paid if he lives the full period of 150 weeks.
- Case 2033. The balance as shown is based on 40% disability and there is no doubt but it will have to be paid, if he lives the full period of 284 1/3 weeks.
- Case 2036. He has a broken back, with complete severance of the spinal cord, and is paralyzed from the hips down. He is in good health otherwise and there is no doubt the full balance will have to be paid. This accident occurred at the operation of Larsen and Wikstrom, one of the so-called Lumbering Department's contractors, who had let their compensation insurance coverage lapse prior to the date of the accident. On account of the contractors being unable to take care of this liability, it was ruled that the Company was liable.
- Case 2048. This party had three ribs fractured, also separation of pelvic symphysis and crack in sacrum. We had him examined on January 11, 1943. There does not seem to be much of a chance of improvement in his condition, due somewhat to his 66 years of age, and the doctor considers it a total permanent disability. Therefore, there is no doubt but the balance shown will have to be paid.

#### FORESTRY AND CONSERVATION

During the year a great deal of attention was given to the matter of forestry and conservation. Your Land Agent attended a great many conferences, the principal business being the question of regulation of the cutting of the remaining forests under laws either by the Federal Government or by States. There are a number of bills in Congress covering this question and during the year a drive was made by the Forest Service of the Federal Government to impose cutting regulations on timber owners through executive order by the President. So far this underhand method has not been successful.

The timber land owners of Michigan have had a number of meetings with the State Conservation Department and also with the Forestry Department of the University of Michigan, with the view—in case we are faced with Governmental regulation—that we would rather have it come through the State than from Washington. A draft of a possible State bill has been under consideration all year, and when it has been whipped into final form it will be decided whether or not to have it introduced into the Michigan legislature. It is just possible that due to the present war situation nothing will be done for the duration.

Your Land Agent is a member of the conservation bureau of the National Lumber Manufacturers Association, and during the year attended a number of sessions of this bureau.

#### UPPER PENINSULA DEVELOPMENT BUREAU

This organization continues its activity and is doing good work from a public standpoint, as it is the only organization which brings together representatives of all of the fifteen counties of the Upper Peninsula of Michigan.

### NORTHERN HEMLOCK AND HARDWOOD MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION, NATIONAL HARDWOOD LUMBER ASSOCIATION

Our membership is being continued in these organizations so that we can keep in close touch with timber owners and lumber manufacturers, and during the year a number of meetings were attended. Your Land Agent is a member of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee of the first named association and is in close touch with its operations.

#### NATIONAL FORESTS

Very few sales of land have been made to the Federal Government during the year due to war conditions and the money for that purpose not being available.

#### FOREST FIRES

We have been particularly free of forest fires for a great many years. However, on April 23 a fire started in cutover lands in 46-24 and burned over 1280 acres belonging to the company, and in doing so destroyed the following forest products:

1,004 M Feet Logs and Mine Timber
3,695 pieces Ties
290 3/4 cords Pulpwood
14,679 1/2 cords Chemical Wood

This has been reported in detail heretofore.

#### TAXES

This is always a very live subject with this department, due to the fact that we own property and pay taxes in 56 tax paying districts in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan. The record shows that our taxes have been greatly decreased from what they were in previous years, and this is brought about by continual attention being given to the tax spending authorities. Just at the present time we have a bad situation in Alger County, where the county is in debt to the State of Michigan and other people in the sum of over eighty thousand dollars. This matter is now being taken up with the Auditor General and the Attorney General of the State of Michigan with a view of seeing what can be done in the situation.

#### ALGER COUNTY TAXPAYERS' ASSOCIATION

This association has been operating since 1927 under the management of Mr. J. I. Keeton, and excellent results have been attained. The work is being continued, and the results shown in Mr. Keeton's report and graph speak for themselves. The whole amount of taxes collected in Alger County just prior to the organization of the association was \$678,308.19, and there has been a steady downward dip in collections, and for the year just closed, 1942, the total taxes paid amounted to \$159,291.99. This is a remarkable showing.

#### CRUISERS

Due to the fact that we are doing some selective logging, the number of cruisers and foresters in the woods was increased as of January 1, 1942. Just at the

#### CRUISERS (CONFINUED)

present time, in addition to the Company Forester, we are employing three crews of three men each.

#### HOTEL WILLIAMS AND COTTAGES

We operated this resort during the past season and the number of guests registered was 380, as compared with 545 during 1941. The hotel was under the management of Mrs. John Lezotte of Munising, Michigan.

We have been put to considerable expense for repairs to buildings and equipment at this operation, and during the year the following extraordinary expenditures were necessary:

Repairing Hotel Cabins	\$ 100.80
Construction of Tennis and Shuffleboard	1,448.58
Rebuilding Hotel Dock	504.70
Installing Hot Water Heaters in Hotel and Boarding House	94.35
Total	\$2.148.43

Statements in this report show receipts and expenditures for the year 1942.

#### GRAND ISLAND

#### DEER

We have made no shipments of live deer from this game preserve for a great many years and do not plan on making any shipments during the coming year, because of the scarcity of these animals in this area.

#### ELK

Some of these animals are seen by our men occasionally, but we do not know just how many are still on the Island.

#### GAME BIRDS

Only a few partridge have been on the Island this year, and very few birds of any kind are noted.

#### PREDATORY ANIMALS

The trouble with the coyotes is still with us, especially during the winter and spring, and the State Conservation Department trappers are cooperating with us in killing these animals.

#### HUNTING

The only hunting party on the Island during the hunting season in November was that of Oscar F. Mayer and Carter H. Harrison Sr., of Chicago. No deer were killed by them.

#### MAPLE SYRUP

During the year we made 765 gallons of syrup, as compared with  $365\frac{1}{4}$  gallons made in 1941.

#### ROADS

These roads continue to be a source of expense for up-keep, and considerable work was done on them during the past summer.

#### DOCKS

During the year we expended a total of \$504.70 on rebuilding the hotel dock and \$22.39 on other docks, in order properly to dock the Motorboat HIAWATHA. Our docks are all old and demand close attention, which means added expense.

#### BOATS

The Motorboat HIAWATHA was operated from July 1 to September 15 and gave excellent service. We find this boat expensive to maintain—not only for keeping it in condition and operating it, but also on account of the cost of insurance.

#### AUTOMOBILES

No new cars were purchased during the year, and only operating and maintenance expenses have been necessary.

#### WORK DONE FOR OTHER DEPARTMENTS

During the year we prepared three contracts and eight bills of sale covering Mining Department houses at Ishpeming and North Lake and two contracts covering sales of houses in The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Company's Second Addition, Negaunee.

We continued to handle the collection of payments on all of the sales of "New Additions" houses, and also to look after the surface of the Mining Department lands, including those of The Negaunee Mine Company, The Athens Iron Mining Company,

#### WORK DONE FOR OTHER DEPARTMENTS (CONTINUED)

and The Cliffs Power and Light Company. This includes preparation of leases and the collection of rentals on various leases.

Mr. Brotherton spent some time in making a preliminary examination of the area in the vicinity of the Salisbury and Lake Angeline Locations which it is proposed to include in a formal plat, and also some time with the Mining Department with reference to surveys in connection with the Deer Lake Basin.

#### MAPS

We are sending you a set of maps showing the lands owned by The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Company and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 1942.

#### LOGGING

We have continued the practice of producing our forest products through independent contractors, the same as for several years past. Shipments of logs were made
to the Munising Wood Products Company at Marquette and Munising, the Atlas Plywood
Corporation at Munising, the Northwestern Veneer and Plywood Corporation at Gladstone,
Michigan, and the Goodman Lumber Company at Goodman, Wisconsin. There also have been
a number of shipments of logs, ties, and pulpwood to other people.

Included in this report is a statement showing the prices at which hardwood logs are being sold on contract to the different industries.

After reducing all of our forest products to an M foot basis, the figures show that our contractors and timber permit holders produced and delivered 50,716,068 feet during the year 1942.

#### NORTHWESTERN VENEER AND PLYWOOD CORPORATION

On July 1, 1942, we entered into a contract with this concern, and issued to them a timber permit on certain lands in 47-11, in order to provide them with logs for their Gladstone plant and also to give us some chemical wood for the Cliffs Dow Chemical Company at Marquette, Michigan. This is Conveyance No. 7341, and the details of this arrangement have already been reported to Cleveland.

The permit provides that these lands shall be selectively logged, and only trees that are marked by our foresters are to be cut.

Preliminary work on this operation was commenced in July, and deliveries of logs began in September and continued throughout the year. They are still working.

From the time work was commenced here to December 31, 1942, a total of 1,961,790 feet of hardwood logs was produced and shipped to the Veneer Corporation's Gladstone plant, and 218,509 feet of softwood logs were delivered to the Barrett Lumber Company at Newberry, Michigan.

The stumpage to be paid by the Northwestern Veneer and Plywood Corporation is as follows:

Birch	\$11.00	per M Feet	
Maple	7.00	do.	
Beech	4.00	11	
Basswood	8.00	11	
Ash	6.00	n n	
Elm	6.00	n	
Hemlock	4.00	n n	(until 7/1/43)
Pine	10.00	n	
Chemical Wood	.14	per ton	

#### BALANCE SHEET AND PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT

Comparative balance sheet and profit and loss statement as of December 31, 1942, and December 31, 1941, are attached.

## THE CLEVELAND-CLIFFS TRON COMPANY LAND DEPARTMENT COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 1942 AND DECEMBER 31, 1941

	DECEMBER 31, 1942	DECEMBER 31, 1941	THORRASE	DECREASE
SETS:	The air right which the real real real right of the real right real residence.	SHE COLOR BY CHOOL SECURITION AND AND THE SECURITION	er agtives med year year by not a refer vestorion	enter de ciente de la companya del la companya de l
Current Assots:				
Cosh = Bogsunes evereseeseeseese	4,395.89	10,500,00		6,104.1
Accounts Receivable:	49373447	and handana		manuse.
Manising Wood Products Company *****	36,499,68	40,413,19		3,913.5
	84,229.57			
Total Accounts Receivable	120,729,25	91,957,50	Printing the law law law and the law	7,727.9
	LEVA (C/a/c)	132,370,69		and the state of t
Inventories				
Stock of Rebail Yard Products	27,432,14	54,279,42	**	26,847.2
Othor	2,730,42	1,154.69	1,575.73	-
Total Inventories	30,162,56		69	25,271.5
Total Current Assets	155,287.70	198,304,80	160	43,017.1
Investments, Advances, Etc.:				
Real Estate, House Lot and				
Missellaneous Receivables	216,178,28	212,580,81	3,597,47	-
	manage 1 mgCo.	- 一	200101	
Property Accounts:	4	of some south 200		M = 101
Real Estate and Timber Lands	5,320,740,52	5,320,358,86	381.66	•
Appreciation Real Estate & Timber		** ** *** ***		
LANIA occossossessessessesses	10,511,570.23			69
Total Real Satate & Timber Lands .		15,831,929.09	351,66	
Plant and Equipment	227,396,00	229,953,02	-	2,557.
Total Property Accounts	16,059,705.75	16,051,832.11		2,175.
Deferred Charges:	Self-article control or prepared in the control of	THE CANODINATION OF T	The same in the same of the sa	THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF
Insurance Promiums Paid, Etc	2,749.10	872.71	1,676,39	
	Acres and the control of the state of the st	CARLO BESSEL MECHANICAN CONCIDENCE DE	Control of the second s	so os o
TOTAL ASSETS	20s433s721s03	16,473,640.43	for	39,718,6
ABILITIES AND CAPITAL INVESTMENT:				
Current Liabilities:			37	-5
Vouchers Payable	6,460,36	10,318,68		3,858.
Accounts Payable	52,817,99	26,464,36	26,353,63	
Accrued Texes Payable	73,515.07	79,151.83		5,636.
Total Current Liabilities	132,793,42		16,858,55	498
	And the second second second second second	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	accessed the second second	
Deferred Crediter	6 n/n n/	£ 400 £0		PA I
Credits Applicable to Puture Operins .	6,369,86	6,422,69		52.
Segorves:			J. Burth	
Depletions			- 150	
Land and Timber - Original Cost	1.800.480.03	1,746,708,42	C2.773.81	
Lend and Timber - Increment	E.989. 220.6E	5,174,161,86	108.148.70	
Total Reserve for Depletion	7 089 709 88	0,920,870.28	161 000 / 0	A STATE OF STREET
Depreciation:	120002170200	A 3 2 0 \$ 0 1 0 4 5 0	かの分別人の名をのの	
Plant and Equipment	212,708.40	213,736.08	Marie Sale	1,027.
	CAC S (NO #40)	7,134,606.36	124 194 44	上身以此(4)
Total Reserves ************************************	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	And the supplier of the suppli	AUU OMAYZ	AND STATE OF THE SECTION IN
Capital Investment	8,807,513,76	9,056,444.16		168,930,
Profit or Loss - Current Year	111,743.51	The second secon	***	48,488.
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	ACCOUNT OF THE BOOK OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF		The second secon	The second second second
	26 433 565 05	26 000 640 40		20 22 0
CAPITAL INVESTMENT	16,433,921.83	10,473,000,43	end new minutes and an extended	39,718.
	-	<b>建筑工作的基础的</b>	***	**********
MMARY OF PROFIT AND LOSS - LAND	YEAR	YEAR		
BOT. AND SUPERIOR REALTY COMPANY:	1942	1941	1756-	
Land Donardness assessment	111,743.51	160,232.35	8 7 27	
	6,403.26	663.91		
Sprewlow Realty Company				
Superior Realty Company	118,146,77	160,896,26		

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## THE CLEVELAND-CLIFFS INCH COMPANY LAND DEPARTMENT COMPARABIVE STATEMENT OF FROM AND LOSS FOR YEARS 1942 AND 1941

	YEAR 1942	YEAR 1943
ROFIT FROM OPERATIONS:		
Lumbering and Logging:		
Suwlogs and Miscelleneous Forest Products	195,851.65	224,131.5
Purchased Products	93.30	350.4
Retail Yard and Sammill	2,804,56	5,688,4
Idle Expense - Logging Operations	1,573.81	415.9
Profit on Sales of Logging Equipment	1,599.55	34,002.21
Personal Injury Exponse	6,495,62	11,909.4
Total Profit from Lumbering and Logging	193,427.85	252,679,2
Loos: Stampage assessmenters assessmenters assessmenters	73,720,94	83,545.2
Not Profit from Lumbering and Logging	119,700,91	169,134.0
Other Operations:		
Grand Island and Hotel Williams	12,942.09	24,856.8
Rente Earneds		
Rented Buildings	1,431.29	2,544.6
Lot Rends	18,195.77	18,017.7
Sundry Rendels	33.00 8.079.56	7,783,1
Land Rombs	27,739,62	28,383.6
Misoslianous Revenue:	STATE OF THE STATE	E S J J J & J
Lend Products Sales assessessessessessessessessesses	979.30	3.085.7
Royalties Roosived sassassassassassassassassassassassassas	1,000,00	1,229.4
Uncollectible Accounts (Recovery)	764.65	348.2
Miscellamoous Sales	40,26	525.3
Miscellane ous Rarnings accessors accessors accessors	369,28	1,063,1
Total Miscellaneous Reverse	3,153,49	5,555.3
TOTAL INCOME	137,657.93	188,216.1
Loss: Administrative Expense:	And the second of the second o	
Control Office (Propin of)	72,208,90	77,046.1
Land Looking	4,968,64	11,441.8
Porogiors	16,063.65	
Other Expenses	6,422.91	3,877.9
Total Administrative Expense	99,684,30	92,365.9
HET INCOME FROM OPERATIONS SEFORE DEPRECTATION	37,973,63	95,850.20
ROPIT PROM SALES OF CAPITAL ASSETS:		
Real Estate, Timber, etc Sefore Increment DepletionC	139,583,11	136,877.8
		and the second second second second
TOTAL PROFIT - LAND DEPARTMENT	177,556.74	232,728.0
rum ites.		
Superior Sealty Company Profit and Loss	8,847,60	2,709.1
		THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH
TOTAL LAND DEPT. AND SUPERIOR REALTY		
(BEFORE TAXES AND DEPRECIATION)	186,404,34	235,437.1
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.		
ESS: DEPRECIATION AND TAXES:	* *** **	
Deprociation	2,467.36	2,337.0
70300 soccessors see see see see see see see see see s	65,716.73	72,142.9
Back Taxes	73,48	60.1
Total Depreciation and Texes	68,257,57	74,540.9

(1) Includes \$2,444.34 Taxes paid by Superior Bealty Company to 12-31-42 and \$2,045.23 to 12-31-41.

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### THE CLEVEIAND-CLIFFS IRON COMPANY LAND DEPARTMENT

#### DETAIL OF PROFIT AND LOSS ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

	YEAR 1942	YEAR 1941
Real Estate and Timber Timber Only Town Lots Trespasses Miscellaneous Sales of Forest Products	40,380.35 75,830.91 525.00 1,698.95 1,700.68	42,883.60 62,453.88 5,635.00 2,023.60 1,160.42
Total Real Estate and Timber Sales	120,135.89	114,156.50
Stumpage - Cuttings	73,720.94	83,545.24
Total Sales of Capital Assets	193,856.83	197,701.74
Cost of Real Estate and Timber Sold	53,773.81 415.00 84.91	56,148.18 3,523.05 1,152.67
Total Cost	54,273.72	60,823.90
NET PROFIT FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	139,583.11	136,877.84

(1) The above represents the Original Cost of Land and Timber based on adjusted cost values agreed upon with the Natural Resources Division as of March 1, 1913.

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#### SALES, LEASES, COLLECTIONS, ETC.

(SUPERVISED BY A. J. ERICKSON)

#### SALES OF LAND AND TIMBER

In line with the policy of conservation only isolated parcels and tracts of timber were sold, and no particular effort was made to follow up inquiries for the larger tracts, except for the eastern end of Luce County.

These sales are shown in detail on the statement accompanying this report.

REAL ESTATE SALES

The total sales were \$40,788.80 and are classified as follows:

	Acreage	Amount
Lands for Agricultural Purposes	1,638,00	\$ 5,640,00
Right of Ways for Highways	2.972	3.00
Easements		25.00
Parcels along U.S. 41 East of Negaunee	9.17	1,415.00
Lake Frontage-Summer Cottage Sites	11.51	1,500.00
Lands for Timber Value	557.70	31,575.00
Lands for Hunting Camp Purposes	38.71	160.00
State of Michigan-Game Refuge and State		
Parks	240.00	380.00
United States of America	40.00	64.80
Township of Fairbanks-Cemetery Site	.91	1.00
Miscellaneous		25.00
Totals	2,538,972	\$40,788.80

The Sales for Agricultural Purposes is made up principally of the 1440 acres sold to Louis S. Drake in 47-18. The lake frontage properties sold are all on Johnson Lake, and all of our sites on this lake have been sold. The principal sale for timber purposes was to E. H. Sheldon and Company and covered 437.70 acres in Towns 47 and 48-8. The State of Michigan, Conservation Department, has had some surplus funds from license fees which they are using for the acquisition of lands within game refuge and state park areas.

#### TIMBER SALES

These amounted to \$27,611.60 and covered 1698.20 acres. Outside of the sale to Ernest O. Baumgarten amounting to \$10,800.00, covering 320 acres in 46-14, these were all small tracts. 114 of these timber permits were active during the year.

#### STUMPAGE SALES

The total earnings from our so-called stumpage sales for the year were

\$25,555.76, as compared with \$27,022.88 in 1941. These consist of miscellaneous sales of timber suitable for pulpwood, ties, mining timber, chemical wood, and miscellaneous logs.

#### NORTHWESTERN VENEER AND PLYWOOD CORP. -- 47-11

The total stumpage earnings under this permit were \$15,168.48. The total deliveries from which stumpage was collected were 218,509 feet of softwood and 1,961,790 feet of hardwood logs.

#### PULPWOOD PERMITS

The total earnings from sales of pulpwood amounted to \$6,932.20, as compared with \$6,306.41 the previous year. 24 of these permits were active during the year.

#### SOFTWOOD TIE PERMITS

Only \$562.87 was received from this source, as compared with \$1,013.53 the previous year, and only five permits were active. In addition to the stumpage earnings there was also a profit of \$93.30 in connection with the handling of these deliveries. The deliveries were 2,473 pieces, as compared with 5,323 in 1941.

CHEMICAL WOOD

We had 23 active permits during the year, and the total stumpage collections were \$15,310.25, covering 41,758.53 cords; and these are about twice as much as the year before.

#### MISCELLANEOUS PERMITS

Earnings of \$10,245.51 were received, as compared with \$19,702.94 in 1941. 17 of these permits were active during the year, and the production consisted principally of lagging, mine poles, and posts, and some softwood and hardwood logs.

#### MISCELLANEOUS STUMPAGE SALES

These amounted to \$1,700.68 and represent miscellaneous lots of timber for fuel and building purposes.

#### TRESPASSES

Trespass collections amounted to \$1,698.95.

#### LAND AND TIMBER NEGOTIATIONS

#### GROUP 1 LANDS

We had a number of inquiries for tracts of timber in this group during the year and made quotations to George Hyde, Hartman and Wood, and the Michigan Pole and Tie Company on softwood groups in the area north of Newberry, and we also submitted propositions to the Michigan Maple Block Company and the E. H. Sheldon and Company on the so-called hardwood tract located principally in 46, 47, and 48-8. The E. H. Sheldon Company purchased 437.70 acres and is interested in securing additional lands. There were also the usual number of inquiries for individual forties or eighties for camping purposes.

#### RANCE 24 LANDS

We made a number of quotations on small and large tracts of timber in this group but were successful in selling only one forty in Section 35, 44-24, and the timber left on the cutover area in Section 6-46-24.

MISCELLANEOUS

We had the usual large number of inquiries from small operators for tracts of timber scattered throughout our entire holdings, and in addition a few inquiries for agricultural lands and those suitable for camp site purposes.

#### LAKE AND RIVER FRONTAGE

The only lake frontage properties disposed of during the year were the remaining cottage sites on Johnson and Bertrand Lakes, and also a parcel sold to the Bay de Noquet Company in Section 29-44-19 which had some frontage on a non-meandered lake, but which according to our reports is not particularly attractive as a camp site.

There is nothing new to report with reference to the Johnson trespass on Gold Lake.

#### FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

#### NATIONAL FORESTS

The Forest Service has not been active in purchasing additional lands for several years, as no funds have been available. We have kept the Forest Service office advised of the lands we have available.

The situation with reference to the roadside timber along the Castle Point Road leading north from M-94 east of Munising is still the same, and until funds are available the Forest Service is not in a position to negotiate for this timber.

#### STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Conservation Department has been quite active in acquiring lands lying within the game refuge and state park areas throughout the Peninsula. The funds they are using for this purpose are those received from the sale of game licenses.

#### LOT SALES

Our lot sales amounted to \$525.00, as follows:

Theodore Kolehmainen	Lot 6, Block 21, Plat of Gwinn	\$125.00
Norman J. Johnson	Lot 7, Block 21, Plat of Gwinn	150.00
Anne B. Frasier	Lot 17, Block 15, Walbridge	
	Addition, Munising	125.00
Harry O. Knudsen and wife	Lot 5, Block 8, Plat of Gwinn	125.00
Total		\$525.00

#### HOUSE AND LOT SALES

No sales of this character made during the year.

#### NEGAUNEE HOUSE SALES

Only two new sales were made, as follows:

Purchaser	House No.	Lot	Block	The C.C.I.Co. Addition	Sale Price	Down Payment
Clarence Brisson & wife John D. Rule and wife	43 33	1 4 &	2	Second	\$3,300.00	\$330.00
		part of 3	4	Second	3,750.00	375.00

#### CWINN TOWN SITE

In addition to the vacant lot sales shown above, the Mining Department sold Lots 15 and 16, Block 12, together with the dwelling thereon, to John Bond and wife for a price of \$1650.00; and the old land contract issued to Carl A. Beckman on August 28, 1919, covering Lot 10, Block 4, was completed and the deed issued to John Stein and wife.

#### MISCELLANEOUS HOUSE SALES

The contract to Ernest G. Harris and wife covering the so-called Adolph dwelling on Lots 37 and 38, Cleveland Iron Mining Company's First Addition, Ishpeming, was completed, and the bill of sale issued.

The Mining Department sold House No. 2 at the Barnum and House No. 2 in the Second Addition and Nos. 23 and 69 at North Lake; and their contracts covering eleven houses at Ishpeming, North Lake, and Republic were completed during the year and bills of sale issued.

#### NEW LEASES

The following gives the number, classification, and the rentals of new leases issued during the year:

	THE STATE OF THE S	Annual Rental	Taxes
9	Residence Leases	\$108.00	\$23.92
5	Camping Leases	5.00	37.27
2	Garden Leases	9.00	-
7	Miscellaneous Leases	17.00	-
23		\$139.00	\$61.19

A number of renewals were made during the year, and there was also the usual number of transfers, the assignment fees collected amounting to \$162.00.

#### MINING DEPARTMENT LANDS

This department, as heretofore, continued to look after the surface of all of the lands of the Mining Department, which includes those of The Cliffs Power and Light Company, The Negaunee Mine Company, and The Athens Iron Mining Company.

#### LAND RENTALS

The following is a comparison of the earnings for the years 1942 and 1941:

	1942	1941
Lot Rentals	\$18,195.77	\$18,017.77
Land Rentals	8,079.56	7,783.19
Miscellaneous Rentals	33.00	38.00

#### LAND RENTALS (CONTINUED)

There is a slight increase in the Lot Rentals; this is due to new leases issued. The increase in Land Rentals is due more or less to collection of rentals that had been closed off as uncollectible in previous years.

#### ROYALTIES

The royalties on our license to the Advance Industrial Supply Company for the year amounted to \$1,000.00. The actual deliveries for 1942 gave earnings of \$988.10, and the difference to make up the minimum of \$1,000.00 amounted to \$11.90, which has been paid. The total royalties from this operation amount to \$34,271.79 and in addition to this amount the lessee has also paid the taxes each year.

#### LAND PRODUCTS SALES

Our earnings from this source were \$979.30, as compared with \$3,085.73 in 1941. The decrease is due principally to the curtailment of road construction work by the state and counties. A detail of our earnings is as follows:

Marquette County Road Commission-Sand and Gravel	\$412.53
City of Negaunee-Gravel and Sand	75.00
City of Ishpeming-Rock, Gravel, and Sand	275.94
Alger County Road Commission—Gravel	35.58
Miscellaneous Sales of Gravel, Sand, and Soil	180.25
Total	\$979.30

#### RENTED BUILDINGS

Our dwellings were all occupied during the year except a few of those at the Central Location and Forest Lake; and House No. 301 at Munising was vacant for part of the year. The earnings amounted to \$6,028.98, as compared with \$6,106.36 the previous year. The maintenance expense amounted to \$3,043.21, as compared with \$1,901.04 in 1941. This increase was due to our ability to secure some carpenters to make necessary repairs to roofs, porches, steps etc. on a number of our houses at Negaunee. The taxes were \$1,408.43; insurance, \$129.51; and location and personal injury expense \$16.54—making a total maintenance expense of \$4,597.69, as compared with \$3,561.69 in 1941, and leaving net earnings of \$1,431.29, as compared with \$2,544.67 in 1941.

#### COLLECTIONS

The following is a comparison of the Sales and Rental Receivable accounts as of December 31, 1942, and 1941:

	1942	1941
Real Estate Sales Receivable	\$92,599.44	\$74,124.60
Lot Sales Receivable	4,110,20	6,593.46
House and Lot Sales Receivable	4,959.11	5,276.84
Negaunee House Sales Recv.	113,628,56	123,886.85
Timber Sales Receivable	9,211.24	3,123,00
Land Products Sales Receivable	739.18	872.83
Miscellaneous House Sales Recv.	880.97	2,699.06
Land Rents Receivable	22,746.57	23,237.55
House Rents Receivable	744.86	824.36
Grand Island Rents Receivable	150.00	100.00

#### SALES ACCOUNTS

The usual statements showing a detail of these accounts, with our comments thereon, are in this report. The increase in the Real Estate and Timber Sales is due to new sales.

#### RENTAL ACCOUNTS

There has been a further decrease this year in the outstanding land and house rent accounts. We are keeping after these very closely, and it is hoped that with the employment conditions prevailing we will be able to effect still further substantial reductions in the outstanding accounts.

#### SURRENDERED AND CANCELLED CONTRACTS

Only two contracts were cancelled during the year. One was the Henry Craig contract, Conveyance No. 4584, covering forty acres in 44-24; and the other was the cancellation of our right of way deed to the Alger County Road Commission across Sections 17 and 18, 49-14. The Craig parcel was resold to the Conservation Department of the State of Michigan.

#### CLIFFLAND FARM

This property is a so-called Company farm, which was started by the company many years ago with the idea of demonstrating the fertility of the soil in the vicinity of Rumely, in which the Company owned a very large tract of cut-over land.

After the farm had fulfilled its purpose it was sold to Mr. and Mrs. John H. Koskela on April 1, 1927, for a price of \$15,000.00. These people have occupied

not been large enough to permit them to make payments on the principal, but they have kept up the taxes, insurance, and made substantial payments on interest each year. During the past year they made payments totalling \$600.00. This couple is now getting along in years, and it looks as though they are not going to be able to complete the contract, and we have therefore been looking around to find someone to take over the property. We spoke to Roy Delongchamp of Champion, who is a potato grower. He is interested in the property and stated that he would consider its purchase during the winter months and let us know definitely in the spring.

#### BEACH INN

This is a hotel property at Munising which the company acquired from Mr. Samuel Redfern, a former Land Agent, in 1905. For a number of years the company leased the property to various tenants, but this did not work out in an entirely satisfactory manner, with the result that it was decided to sell it. It was sold to C. L. Heckathorn in 1927, and he surrendered his contract in June, 1934, and it was then leased to Bert S. Carr for a year, with an option to purchase, which he exercised, and this contract was surrendered by Mrs. Carr after his death, on December 2, 1940, at which time the sale was made to the present purchasers, Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Everett, for a price of \$19,500.00, to which was added a supplemental contract for the installation of new bathrooms, amounting to \$2,148.79, making a total consideration of \$21.648.79. Since his purchase of the property he has expended in the neighborhood of \$10,000.00 in improvements and purchase of new equipment. The property is now in considerably better condition than when he took it over. At the present time he is handicapped by economic conditions, but has promised to try to keep the hotel open, provided he will not be required to make any payments on his contract during the winter. A special report covering this matter was forwarded to Cleveland on February 1, 1943.

#### MANUFACTURERS HOTEL

This is the so-called Russell House, which was acquired by the Company in 1906 and was for some time operated as a boarding house for the benefit of the

#### MANUFACTURERS HOTEL (CONTINUED)

employees of the sawmill, the woodenware company, and The Munising Paper Company.

For a number of years afterwards it was leased and conducted as a second class hotel.

It has been closed for about two years, and the only occupancy this year was the rental of the dining room and kitchen by Rupp, Green and Company, the rental amounting to \$179.15.

#### BELLEVUE AND CLIFFS FARMS

The Bellevue Farm was the original Houston Farm and is located south of Negaunee. At one time it was conducted by the old Iron Cliffs Company as a dairy farm.

The Cliffs Farm comprised several clearings which were used at the time the old furnace at the Iron Cliffs Location (along the Cliffs Drive) was working, and during the time the Bellevue Farm was in operation was used as a hay area.

Both of these places, as farms, were discontinued several years ago. The buildings at both places were sold, and in the case of the Cliffs Farm have all been removed. The dwellings and the dairy building still remain at the Bellevue Farm but were sold and are occupied as dwellings. Both of these farms are within the mineral area.

#### LOCATION IMPROVEMENTS

The Land Department reimbursed the City of Ishpeming for work done on Barn Street in the Hard Ore Location in the amount of \$359.59.

The expense at the Central Location for the year amounted to \$15.54, and this is included in our rented buildings maintenance.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

#### LUNDIN AND BJORK GOLD MINING LEASE

The two semi-annual reports received from the Calumet and Consolidated Copper Company and Mr. E. L. Derby's comments on the operations are included in this report.

#### GRAND ISLAND SUMMER RESORT

We used the same booklet as the previous year—the one prepared by Edward Dreier—and a very extensive distribution of it was made to individuals, information bureaus, and clubs.

#### BUNKER HILL MINING COMPANY

#### LAND RENTALS

The land rentals amounted to \$900.33, as compared with \$883.67 the previous year. The only new lease issued was to Thomas Connors for banking ground purposes, and this covers a portion of the land which was included in the Cleereman Land and Lumber Company lease which was surrendered last fall.

#### RENTED BUILDINGS

Our dwellings were all occupied during the year, and in addition thereto two of the old buildings were occupied by Thomas Curtis Jr. and Francis E. Kennedy for automobile storage. The total rentals amounted to \$1,002.74, as compared with \$749.04 in 1941. We have undertaken extensive repairs to four of the houses, replacing all the outside doors and windows, including the frames, casings, etc., and also making necessary repairs to porches and roofs. These buildings are 75 or 80 years old, and the windows were in such shape that it was impossible to keep out the wind and rain and consequently the houses were extremely cold. Repairs to the siding are still going on, and we have also secured new storm windows, as the old ones were beyond repair. The maintenance expense, which also includes extensive work done on the roof and porches on House No. 1, was \$2,066.30; and in addition to this item water rates were also included (amounting to \$29.03) as these are included in the rental charged. The houses will require painting next year, and there will also be some additional expenses for interior decoration, due to the fact that it was necessary to repair the plastering around the windows.

#### MISCELLANEOUS EARNINGS

In addition to the rental items we also collected \$4.00 for assignment fees; \$58.59 for old scrap metal; and the sundry rental charge of \$12.00 for the company barn.

#### COLLECTIONS

The Receivable Accounts as of December 31, 1942, and 1941, were as follows:

	1942	1941
House Rentals	\$153.94	\$ 38.94
Land Rents	94.00	608.14

#### UNSETTLED MATTERS

This pertains to the right of way of the Chicago & North Western Railway across a portion of this property, which is occupied by oil companies for station and storage sites under leases from the Railway Company. In accordance with request from the Cleveland office, we are making this a matter of record in our annual report each year, but we understand no further action is to be taken on this matter at the present time.

#### THE CLIFFS POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY

#### EARNINGS

These were as follows:

Timber Sales	\$38.75
Land Products Sales	4.75
Real Estate Sales	100,00
Sales of Wild Hay	4.00
Land Rentals	275.91
Sundry Rentals	3.00
Total	\$426.41

The Real Estate item is the consideration for the right of way deed to the State of Michigan for additional width at the Carp River bridge on U. S. 41 in Section 29-48-26. The Land Products Sales represent sales of clay from the NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, Section 35-48-25. The Timber Sales item is stumpage on balsam and spruce pulpwood and some 7' lagging cut by Adolph Ollila under his timber permit.

#### NEW LEASES

Seven new leases were issued during the year—one to Samuel J. Richards for a private road on the SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, Section 34-48-27, at \$1.00 a year; a camping lease to Toivo J. Lahti covering a parcel in Section 8-48-26, \$6.00 a year; one covering the Austin camp building to A. W. Erickson et al, Trustees for the Boy Scouts (this is located on Section 29-48-27) at \$1.00 a year; and one with the Arctic Iron Company to Sam Nurmi covering a portion of the SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, Section 1-47-26, at \$5.00 a year and taxes, which in 1942 amounted to \$1.33. We also issued three camping leases covering frontage on Mud Lake at a total rental of \$30.00 a year. However, a former lease covering a portion of one of these parcels was surrendered, so that the net additional annual rental will amount to \$24.00.

#### COLLECTIONS

The uncollected balance on the Land Rents Receivable as of December 31, 1942, amounted to \$365.69, as compared with \$277.85 the previous year. We expect that a large portion of these rentals will be taken care of in 1943.

#### SUPERIOR REALTY COMPANY

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Attached hereto are balance sheet and profit and loss statement, as of December 31, 1942, and 1941.

#### EARNINGS

These were as follows:

Real Estate Sales	\$ 7,959.34
Cash Sales of Timber	9,415.00
Miscellaneous Stumpage Sales	291.75
Interest	5.06
Profit on Sales of Tax Titles	189.35
Land Rentals	31.50
Miscellaneous Earnings	78.54
Land Products Sales	139.55
Timber Trespasses	56.00
Restoration of Lands Previous	ly
Charged Off as Relinquished	to
State of Michigan	500,00
Total	\$18,666.09

The usual statement covering the sales of land and timber accompanies this report. The cash sales of timber were \$9,415.00, and 21 of these timber permits were in force during the year. The principal sale of timber was to George Hyde and covered 440 acres in 47-9. We also sold timber on 195.36 acres in Section 18-47-30 to Axel Carlson for \$1,000.00. These were lands that had been permitted to go delinquent for taxes, and on account of a tax purchase made by Milton Selander we were in a position to redeem, the redemption costing us \$511.50, so that we made \$438.50 on this transaction. The principal sales of real estate were to the State of Michigan, as the Conservation Department is purchasing whatever lands they can acquire at a reasonable price lying within the limits of the state game refuges and parks. The Land Products Sales amounted to \$139.55, and represent gravel sold to various parties.

#### SURRENDERED AND CANCELLED CONTRACTS

There were no surrenders or cancellations of land contracts during the year.

#### QUOTATIONS

We had about the usual number of inquiries for lands of this company, and these were principally for lands that had some timber value, although we did dispose of four parcels for camping purposes and one for agriculture.

#### NEW LEASES

No new leases were issued during the year.

#### COLLECTIONS

The uncollected balances of the receivable accounts as of December 31, 1942, and 1941, were as follows:

	1942	1941
Real Estate Sales	\$ 587.14	\$238.29
Timber Sales	1,638.07	58.32
Land Rentals	29.14	10,82

Accompanying this report is a statement showing a detail of the outstanding sales accounts, with our comments thereon.

#### DELINQUENT LANDS

The only redemption made during the year was 195.36 acres in Section 18-47-30, mentioned above, and the timber on this land was sold to Axel Carlson for a consideration of \$1,000.00, and he is paying the taxes during the life of the permit.

#### SUPERIOR REALTY COMPANY

# COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1942

	DECEMBER 31, 1942	DECEMBER 31, 1941	INCREASE	DECREASE
	A THE RESERVE TO THE			
Current Assets:	4.1 4.433.737.38			
Cash	8,026,69	20,863,72	**	12,837.00
Accounts Receivables			*** ***	
Beal Estate Sales Receivable	587.14	238.29	348.85	*
Lend Rents Receivable	1,454.00	10.82	18.32	•
The Cleveland-Cliffe Iron Company	188.07	58,32	129.75	
Total Accounts Receivable	2,258,35	309.43	1,948.92	CONTRACTOR
Total Current Assets	10,285.04	21,173.14	eranadistancementalisminia em	10,888.1
Investments, Advances, Etc.:				
Impounded Funds - Guardian Trust Co	1.00	1.00		
Real Estate and Timber	104,495,21	111,681,14		7,185.9
Hady vacted from vymont, sessessessesses	TOM SALL DECK	and government		1240747
Deferred Charges			100	
Tax Tibles Purchased	1,438,38	1,811,45	AND THE PARTY OF T	373.0
TOTAL ASSETS **********************************	116,219,63	134,666,73		18,447.1
LABILITIES, CAPITAL SPOCK AND SURPLUS:				
Current Liebilibies:				
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	1,00	2.17	*	1.1
Accounts Payable - The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Company		6,860,79		6,860.7
Acorned Taxes Payable:		m\$ 0000 \$17		- * ann - 1
Real Especo Taxos assessessesses	2,085.02	2,011,27	73.75	
Federal Capital Stock Tax	100,00	37.50	62.50	
Federal Income Taxes	1,875.35		1,675.35	
Total Current Liabilities *******	4,061,37	8,911.73	The second of th	4,850.3
Notes Payable:				
The Cleveland-Cliffe Iron Company	340,000,00	360,000,00		20,000.0
the same of the sa				
Capital Stock and Surplus:				
Capital Stock - 1,000 Shares 8 \$10.00 .	10,000,00	10,000,00		- 40
Supplus ************************************	237,841,74	244,245,00	AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	6,403.2
Total Capital Stock and Surplus ***	227,841,74	234,2454	All the second s	6,403,2
TOTAL LIABILITIES, CAPITAL				
STOCE AND SURPLOS	116-219-63	134,666.73		18,447.1
		ACCOUNT OF THE SAME OF THE SAM	Principal Service (Principal Control of Cont	energy constraint and constraint and constraint

JAH: MRP 2-19-43 18-3

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR 12 MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1942 AND 12 MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1941

	12 MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1942	12 WORTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1941
Sales of Real Estate	7,959.34 9,415.00 291.75 56.00 5.06 31.50 139.55 189.35 78.54	4,220,80 2,208,61 89,15 19,81 31,50 722,72 224,75 5,28 7,522,62
DET REVENUE ***********************************	5,618.31	1,781,11
Operating Land Department	70.46 83.12 91.25 31.38 2.444.34 162.50 2.700.55 9.847.23 1.75.35 7.771.88	27.46 83.72 2,728.50 31.36 2,045.23 108.33 53.00 5,077.60 663.91 663.91
PROFIT AND LOSS SURPLUS AT END OF PERIOD	237,841.74	244,215,00

#### STATEMENT OF BARWINGS BY MONTHS

	YEAR 1942	YEAR 1941	THOREASE	DECHEASE
Jamuary	109.01 3.531.88 594.24 1.492.74	174.05 884.25 1,118.09 1,326.65 148.58 77.57 187.33	3,523,56 512,00 3,705,93 82,58 1,906,87 158,89 222,86 1,026,08	*
TOTAL FOR YEAR	6,403,26	663.92	5.739.B	

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#### THE NEGAUNEE MINE COMPANY

#### NEGAUNEE HOUSE SALES

No new sales made during the year.

#### EARNINGS

These were as follows:

Land Rentals	\$2,083.50
House Rentals	490.80
Real Estate Sales	10.00
Land Products Sales	79.95
Assignment Fees	18,00
Total	\$2,682.25

The Real Estate item is a consideration charged the Michigan Bell Telephone Company for an easement across a portion of the  $NE_{4}^{1}$  of  $NE_{4}^{1}$ , Section 1-47-27. The Land ProductsSales are made up of sales of gravel, borrow material, and rock to the City of Negaunee.

#### NEW LEASES

Only one new lease was issued, and this covered a garden parcel at a rental of \$3.00 a year.

#### COLLECTIONS

The following shows the uncollected balances on the sales and rental accounts as of December 31, 1942, and 1941:

	1942	1941		
Real Estate Sales Receivable	•	\$ 1.00		
House Sales Receivable	\$17.607.09	20,531.91		
Land Rents Receivable	1,294.25	1,127.30		
House Rents Receivable	20,00			
Land Products Sales	19.44			

The usual statements showing the house sales and house rent accounts, with our comments thereon, accompany this report.

#### THE ATHENS IRON MINING COMPANY

#### NEW LEASES

No new leases were issued during the year.

#### EARNINGS

These were the same as last year-namely, \$33.00-and covered land rentals.

## COLLECTIONS

The uncollected balance on the land rentals was \$35.41, and we expect disposition will be made during 1943.

#### ARCTIC IRON COMPANY

#### COLLECTIONS

The following were the amounts collected by the Land Department and remitted to the Arctic Iron Company, and cover that company's share of earnings from various leases, stumpage permits, and land products sales on account of joint ownership:

Rentals (By The C. C. I. Co.) Timber (By The C. C. I. Co.)	\$216.83
Stumpage on Various Timber Permits	19.87
Taxes (By The C. P. & L. Co.)	3.33
Land Rentals (By The C. P. & L. Co.)	2.50
Gravel (By The C. C. I, Co.)	2.55
Total	\$245.08

#### TAX MATTERS AND LAND RECORDS

(SUPERVISED BY H. S. NIGHTINGALE)

#### SUPERIOR REALTY COMPANY

Tax Title Account January 1, 1942 \$1,811.45
Tax Titles Purchased 1942 \$1,367.83

Redemptions Tax Title Account 1942 \$1,740.90

Tax Title Account January 1, 1943 \$1,438.38

We purchased tax titles amounting \$1,367.83 at the Annual Tax Sale in Marquette County to protect our mineral interests.

Redemptions during the year amounted to \$1,740.90, leaving a balance of \$1,438.38 in the account.

#### TAXES

The Cleveland-Gliffs Iron Company's comparative tax statement shows taxes amounting to \$73,612.66 paid for the year 1942. The total taxes paid for 1941 was \$79,329.55. The amount of taxes charged to Accounts Receivable in 1942 is \$6,684.56, and in 1941 was \$5,641.53. Eliminating these items, the result shows a decrease of \$6,759.92 in taxes for 1942.

As is customary each year, during the month of June we attended the various Boards of Review in the townships and cities where we have taxable property for the purpose of checking the valuations. We were able to secure the following reduced valuations, a large part of which were due to sales and timber operations:

		1000
City of Negaunee	\$ 1,300.00	(2)
Skandia Township	21,750.00	(1)
Onota Township	880.00	(1)
West Branch Township	1,250,00	(1)
Chocolay Township	2,110.00	(1)
Mathias Township	4,250.00	(1)
Republic Township	600.00	(1)
Sands Township	5,100.00	(1)
Humboldt Township	250.00	(2)
McMillan Township	375.00	(1)
Hiawatha Township	3,700.00	(1)
Burt Township	6,300.00	(1)
Munising Township	42,950.00	(1)
AuTrain Township	1,000.00	(1)
Total	\$91.815.00	

<sup>(1)</sup> Timber removed.

<sup>(2)</sup> Reduction by request.

#### TAXES (CONTINUED)

In AuTrain Township, Alger County, this year the Board of Review was proposing to increase the valuation \$100,000.00 for the purpose of repairing the school house. We attended this board meeting on June 20, 1942, and protested vigorously, with the result no increase was made.

The fifteenth annual report of the Alger County Taxpayers' Association is attached. Mr. J. I. Keeton continues as manager. A close watch is kept on the expenditures of the various townships, with the result they are all in line with their budgets.

#### TIMBER EXPIRATION DATES

The attached plats show lands upon which The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Company owns the timber only and the final dates for the removal of same.

#### LANDS OWNED AND CONTROLLED AND ACREAGE STATEMENTS

A statement is attached showing acreages as of December 31, 1942, owned by the various companies under Land Department supervision; and Lands Owned and Controlled shows lands under the control of the Land and Mining Departments.

#### LANDS PURCHASED

There were no Land Department purchases during 1942.

#### TRESPASSES

The total amount collected for trespasses during the year was \$1,698.95.

DOCUMENTS ENTERED ON LAND DEPARTMENT RECORDS

The following table shows the number of documents passed through the Land Department records during the year, compared with the past five years:

	1942	1941	1940	1939	1938	1937
RECORD OF CONVEYANCES	307	299	493	269	237	268
New 141 Deeds Issued 45 Bills of Sale 16 Surrenders 10 Extensions 59 Assignments 27 Modifications 9 RECORD OF PURCHASES	22	54	65	21	26	31
RECORD OF LEASES  New 70  Assignments 165  Cancellations 8  Surrenders 27	270	345	535	283	303	31 399
RECORD OF MISCL. DOCUMENTS RECORD OF TAX NOTICES	43	31	55 4	60	199	51
TOTALS	642	729	1,152	633	765	749

#### ENGINEERING, SURVEYS, CONSTRUCTION WORK ETC.

(SUPERVISED BY R. A. BROTHERTON)

#### SURVEYS

A total of 58 surveys was made during the year, to locate land boundary lines, to get required data for descriptions for leases and deeds, to stake lots, to locate and re-set land corners, and to make topographical maps.

#### MAPS

The following maps were made during the year:

	White	Prints	Nega	tives	Direct Process		Cl	oth	Prints
	No.	Yds.	No.	Yds.	No.	Yds.	No.	Yds.	14 x 17
January	46	34	16	12	42	18			36
February	118	63	26	12	48	22			24
March	72	42	28	12	42	18			36
April	56	41	12	16	56	30			42
May	42	20	7	8	48	31			12
June	36	22	12	10	42	28			18
July	42	34	14	8	38	22	4	7	36
August	38	30	16	12	48	28	8	10	42
September	30	20	18	12	52	22	3	2	36
October	38	52	12	18	18	12			42
November	42	60	14	12	22	18			34
December	36	38	15	16	11	10			24
Totals	596	456	190	148	467	259	15	19	382

#### LAND LOOKING

A total of 15 days was spent land looking, covering an area of 1150 acres; also 60 days were spent checking lands being operated by jobbers and eight days checking timber cut clearing additional right of way on The Cliffs Power and Light Company's transmission lines.

#### LAKE FRONTAGE

A number of lots were staked in Section 24-45-20 along the AuTrain Storage
Basin for lease; also lots were re-staked in both the Johnson Lake and Horseshoe Lake
areas. Descriptions and maps for deeds were furnished.

#### FOREST FIRES

The forest fire situation was very bad during April and May. Many small fires were started but were soon under control, but three crown fires started which were out of control for several days and caused considerable damage.

The most serious of these fires occurred in West Branch Township. It started on April 23 at a point on the west side of Section 17-46-24, east of Big Creek, in the old choppings of Nick Seegan, running northeasterly through Sections 16, 15, 9, 8, 46-24. The cause of the fire is unknown. On Friday morning about 150 men and two bulldozers were unable to check the fire, and all persons living in this area were moved out, and late Friday it reached Gagner's old camp on Section 15, and while it burned all around this camp, the buildings were saved. It burned over about 1280 acres of company land from which most of the hardwood log material had been removed. Some hemlock, mine timber, and cordwood were burned, the amount of which has been reported.

Fire in the vicinity of Echo and Engman Lakes in Sections 5 and 6, 45-24, and 32-46-24, burned over an area of 126 acres but did not reach any company lands.

Fire near our old Camp 196-7 burned over about 400 acres in Sections 24 and 25, 47-18, but all timber of commercial value had been removed from these lands some years before. This fire burned until April 28, when it was put out.

#### GRAND ISLAND

A new concrete tennis court was constructed to replace the two small clay courts; also two concrete shuffleboard courts were built. The hot water equipment in the bath cars at Camp 12 and Hartho was removed and taken to Grand Island to be installed in Hotel Williams and the Boarding House. Pine lumber to be used for the construction of a new scow 42' x 16' was cut, dried, and dressed, and the scow will be built in the spring to replace the old one, the timber of which is so rotten that it is difficult to keep it afloat. The Grand Island ferry HIAWATHA was pulled out of the water and placed in winter sortage on October 28.

#### LOGGING

The spring breakup came March 21 this year, as compared with March 27 last year, and all camps were closed. Maps of the area logged during the year are attached.

#### BOARDS OF REVIEW

I attended the Board of Review in AuTrain, Rock River, Onota, Mathias, Limestone, West Branch, Chocolay, and Skandia Townships; also, with Mr. Nightingale, the Board of Review in Munising, Burt, Seney, Columbus, Lakefield, and McMillan Townships.

#### FORESTRY AND LOGGING

(SUPERVISED BY W. S. BROMLEY, FORESTER)

#### PART I. THE INITIATION OF THE FORESTRY PROGRAM IN 1942.

During the past year this company initiated a comprehensive forestry program. This was done by having an intensive study made of its timber and forest land resources, which was completed and summarized in a report. The forestry report was discussed at Cleveland on May 11 and 12, and a general decision was reached to follow its recommendations so far as the war and economic conditions would permit.

At the end of the report six specific recommendations were made as a suggestion to follow in starting a forestry program for this company. These important recommendations and the progress made in following them can be summarized as follows:

#### RECOMMENDATION NO. 1

"Accept the land use classification of each description of land administered by the Land Department as indicated by the \*Land Use Book' . . . " The Land Use Book recommended the following classification of lands for use or disposal:

194,219 acres - for continuous production of forest products (Classes A and B)

16,682 acres — for recreational use and forest management (Class C) 60,883 acres — for mineral values and forest management (Class D)

67,170 acres — for liquidation of investment in timber and lands (Class E)

89,924 acres - of cutover lands to be examined and placed in one of the above

classes (Class F)
38.441 acres — not classified (under lease, etc.)

467,319 acres - Total Area Administered by Land Department (January 1, 1942)

ACTION TAKEN. The land use classification set up in the Land Use Book is now being used as a guide in deciding whether Company lands should be held or sold and how the timber should be cut; and the sales of land and timber made in 1942 conform with all the important features of this recommendation.



#### RECOMMENDATION NO. 2

"Initiate a selective logging program" ... on a . . "basis which is in keeping with the important principles of selective cutting all those areas designated as the C. C. I. Forest (Classes A and B) and respecting the maximum allowable cuts indicated by the plan for each district." In short, this proposal stressed the fact that lands classified for selective cutting should be cut that way and not clear cut and the total cut of forest products in each district of the Company's forest lands should be as close as possible to the forest growth capacity of those lands.

ACTION TAKEN. A selective logging program was initiated during the last half of 1942. It has not met all phases of the technical forestry requirements but from a practical point of view has had a satisfactory start. This is evident in the following summary of the timbered areas and volumes cut in 1942:

	Total Area Cut	Total Saw Timber Cut
	(Acres)	(MBM)
Selective Cutting	3.069	5,746
Clear Cutting	3,994	22,607
Totals	7,063	28,353

More area and volume would have been selectively cut in the last half of 1942 if Moote Brothers, our largest contractor, had not insisted on more money per MEM to cut selectively. By the end of the year, however, they asked of their own accord to cut that way at the same price per MEM as they had received for clearcutting, and have at the present writing already cut several hundred thousand feet of Company timber selectively. At the close of 1942 the three jobbers (Carr, Peura, and Nyland) who were cutting selectively were logging at a lower contract price per MEM than the jobbers who were clearcutting.

Selective logging has produced larger logs than those which are developed under clearcutting. This can be noted in comparing the number of logs per MBM produced in the last months of 1942 by typical operators in each district:

			NUMBER OF LO	GS PER MBM
DISTRICT	JOBBER	DELIVERY TO	SELECTIVE	CLEAR
Marquette	Nyland Carlson Gagner	M. W. P. Co. M. W. P. Co. M. W. P. Co.	10.88	12.10 12.12
Munising	Carr Moote Brothers Moote Brothers	M. W. P. Co. M. W. P. Co. Atlas	9.48	12.82 12.96
Grand Marais	Northwestern Veneer & Plywood Corp. (Stumpage permit)		9.80	

The larger logs developed by selective cutting has enabled the loggers to haul 10 to 15% more volume per trip on trucks and tractors than is possible with clearcutting. (The larger logs weigh less per MBM.) This factor offsets the increased cost per MBM of building roads in selective logging. The larger logs obtained by the Northwestern Veneer and Plywood Corporation have lowered the manufacturing cost of this company's plant at Gladstone. This company is paying the Land Department premium stumpage prices for the selectively marked trees in T. 47-11, as can be noted from the following schedule:

Yellow Birch	\$11.00	per	MBM
Pine	10,00	11	11
Basswood	8.00	11	n
Maple	7.00	11	11
Ash and Elm	6.00	m	11
Beech and			
Hemlock	4.00	11	11

Since the logs under this permit must be truck hauled 32 miles and then shipped by rail to Gladstone, the above prices represent a very good return on the timber involved. If the lands in T. 47-11 were clearcut these high returns could not be obtained. In comparison with the above, the constant stumpage return of \$6.50 per MBM which the Land Department is paid by the Munising Wood Products Company for hardwood logs of all species and sizes seems low for timber which is within a 20 - 25 mile truck hauling distance of the plants. The logs delivered to the Atlas Plywood Corporation at Munising develop much higher stumpage values. Neither of these last named two companies pay the Land Department any more per MBM for the larger logs developed in selective cutting, which have a greater value than clearcut logs. Both

are now getting selectively cut logs but paying no more for them. This situation could easily be provided for by setting up a sliding scale of prices for logs such as that described in the forestry report and discussed last spring. Unless the differential in values between selectively cut and clearcut logs is established all the <u>benefits</u> of selective logging will go to the log buyers and all the <u>additional</u> costs (of marking, etc.) will be borne by the Land Department.

#### RECOMMENDATION NO. 3

"Establish a Forestry Division in the Land Department under the Land Agent and give it such functions and responsibility as may be required to place this plan into effect . . ."

ACTION TAKEN. This has been done, and the new division now looks after all forestry and field phases of the logging operations, stumpage permits, land examination, trespass, fire protection, and other field work. Procedures have been set up to see that all forest products logged under contract or sold under permit shall be cut and the lands left in a condition which is in keeping with the forest management plan presented last year or the recommendations of the Company Forester. RECOMMENDATION NO. 4

"Decentralize the field administration of all phases of work in the woods . . . "

ACTION TAKEN. This has been carried out with the establishment of the Forestry Division by locating one man close to a specific body of the Company's land holdings and making him responsible for all the field work in that area. The present organization of the forestry division is as follows:

AT NEGAUNEE Forester—*W. S. Bromley					
TITLES	MARQUETTE DISTRICT (At Marquette)	MUNISING DISTRICT (At Munising)	GRAND MARAIS DISTRICT (At Newberry)		
Land Supervisors Timber Cruisers Timber Markers	S. Lowney, Jr. T. Billings P. Sheridan	R. J. Brotherton  * R. Radcliffe  * E. LeVeque	* R. Ewalt * E. Anderson * J. McLaren		

Of the above force, four had been previously employed by the Land Department, and six (\*) were hired during 1942 to take care of the additional work (see Table No. 3

attached) of marking timber, check scaling, running lines, and examining land, which is required with a selective logging program. Of the ten men on forestry work, seven are paid by the month, and three, the timber markers, work by the hour.

#### RECOMMENDATION NO. 5

"Adopt the Scribner Decimal C Log Rule . . . ", which is essentially the same (see Table No. 4 attached) as the Scribner Rule, which the Land Department had been using, except that it reads in tens of board feet instead of board feet.

ACTION TAKEN. This rule has been adopted and applied in all recent logging contracts and stumpage permits. As a result, less time is required in scaling, in writing the scale on logs, and in the scale books, and in adding up the scale figures.

Periodic check scaling and standard scaling practices have been established and enforced to bring about an improvement in the scale rendered on logs coming from Company lands of at least 8 percent. This has resulted in appreciable net savings to the Land Department in the last half of 1942. The results of the check scales made in the past year indicate the progress made and the work to be done in this connection:

PERIOD	PERCENT OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MILL SCALE AND CHECK SCALES
First half of 1942	→ 14.1%
Third Quarter, 1942	- 5.1%
Fourth Quarter, 1942	- 5.6%

The details of these checks of the scale can be noted by companies in Table No. 5 attached.

#### RECOMMENDATION NO. 6

"Give the Forestry Division full responsibility for the preliminary examination, timber marking . . . ", check scaling, and checking the adherence of logging contractors and stumpage permittees to the field specifications in their contracts or permits.

ACTION TAKEN. This has been done since last June. Part of this responsibility has been assigned to the men in charge of the three land districts, who make

complete inspections and reports on the jobs in their areas each week. The Company Forester is in this manner left free to devote more of his time on the logging operations and field work requiring special attention, and to the planning and analysis of what is happening on the individual jobs and to the progress of logging on all the jobs combined, and reporting on these matters to the Land Agent.

#### PART II. THE LOGGING AND MAJOR STUMPAGE OPERATIONS IN 1942.

The year 1942 opened with the logging operations of the contractors going at full production, affected very little by the initial impact of the war and favored by an unusually open and mild winter. By the end of the year the lack of sufficient labor, the difficulty of getting truck and tractor parts and sufficient hired trucks were cutting the production and increasing the costs of all logging contractors. (See Table No. 6 for details.) The jobbers were and are further handicapped by an unually heavy snowfall (74 inches from September 1 to December 31 at Munising) and the rising costs of food, material, and labor.

Although all the regular contractors and one new sub-contractor (Atkinson) were working at the end of 1942, it was obvious that sufficient logs could not be brought in to build up adequate reserves of logs at the Marquette and Munising plants for the 1943 spring breakup, and that radical steps must be taken to provide the mines with sufficient timbers. While this is a critical situation for the plants concerned, they are not in the position that many sawmills in the north are, of being completely out of logs at the peak of the winter logging season. At Newberry alone three mills getting clearcut logs had to shut down some days in the fore part of February.

It is interesting to note that in spite of the war most of the mills which are running at the present time are getting some selectively cut logs, i. e.:

Ford Motor Company, at L'Anse, Michigan
Northwestern Veneer and Plywood Corporation, at Gladstone, Michigan,
and Rhinelander, Wisconsin
Goodman Lumber Company, at Goodman, Wisconsin
Von Platen-Fox Company, at Iron Mountain, Michigan
Munising Wood Products Company, at Marquette and Munising, Michigan
Conner Lumber Company, Laona, Wisconsin

The important features of logging in 1942, by districts, were as follows:

#### MARQUETTE DISTRICT

The areas and volumes cut in this district in 1942 were as follows:

	AREA IN	ACRES	VOLUME IN MBM	
LOGGING CONTRACTORS	SELECTIVE	CLEAR	SELECTIVE	CLEAR
Nyland	747		1.622	
Peura	47	148	1,622	967
Carlson	40	325	160	1,912
Sivula-Kivela		248		1,408
Gagner	-	325	<u>-</u>	1,843
Totals	834	1,046	1,923	6,130

Nyland, Peura, and Carlson, logging contractors in this area, were engaged to work under contract and all began to deliver logs to the Marquette plant of the Munising Wood Products Company and mine timbers to the Mining Department as soon as they could get into production in June and July. Wet road conditions, the impact of labor shortages, coupled with a late start, resulted in deliveries being inadequate to keep the Marquette plant going, and some logs had to be shipped in the early summer from the Munising area to keep the plant running. Gagner had many difficulties in getting started on his logging contract. He did not get to work on his log job in the Marquette area until September. By then the fall snow and rains came and Gagner did not start delivering logs until December. His failure to produce was noted and efforts were made to secure other jobbers, but were not successful. The Marquette plant again ran out of logs and had to be supplied with logs from the Munising area. Although the productive capacity of all the jobbers in the Marquette area has been and is more than enough to supply the plant at Marquette, the deliveries have not been adequate because of the following combination of factors which are unique to the Marquette area (and in addition the general labor shortages):

Difficulties in getting contractors to log this season.

A wet month of June.

Very moist and soft soil conditions on Gagner's and Carlson's operations.

Gagner's failure to get started sooner.

A high proportion of hemlock in all areas except Nyland's.

The changing of the "480 job" from Sivula-Kivela's management to that of Arvid Nyland.

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#### MARQUETTE DISTRICT (CONTINUED)

Two stumpage permits were issued for lands in this area during the last half of 1942 in which a special effort was made to leave healthy trees under 13" on the stump—in removing chemical wood bolts from areas which had been previously clearcut for saw logs.

#### MUNISING DISTRICT

The areas and volumes cut in this area in 1942 were as follows:

	AREA IN	AREA IN ACRES		VOLUME IN MBM	
LOGGING CONTRACTORS	SELECTIVE	CLEAR	SELECTIVE	CLEAR	
Carr	505	20	1,539	100	
Mootes	46	2,396	184	13,656	
Burrell		343		1,949	
Kraus	•	122	<b>-</b>	692	
Totals	551	2,881	1,723	16,397	

The loggers in this area, supplying the Munising plants of the Munising Wood Products Company and the Atlas Plywood Corporation, were favored by having sandy soil which dried up so soon that it was possible to deliver over 1,000 MBM during the month of May and to continue deliveries in June in spite of the rains. Some difficulties were encountered in getting Moote Brothers under contract at the end of the summer, but their production did not lag at any time. Frank Carr began selective cutting Section 36-47-16 and has done very well in all respects. In spite of a relatively good summer in the Munising area it was noted in the fore part of August that the total production of all jobbers was beginning to lag. Efforts were made to secure additional production and other logging contractors. The engagement of Guy Burrell to log Company lands in the Beaver Lake Basin in November helped in this respect. Logging in this area has been handicapped more than usual by repeated heavy snowfalls since Thanksgiving Day.

#### GRAND MARAIS DISTRICT

The areas and volumes cut in this district in 1942 were as follows:

	AREA IN ACRES		VOLUME IN MBM	
	SELECTIVE	CLEAR	SELECTIVE	CLEAR
Northwestern Veneer & Plywood Corp. (Stumpage Permit)	1,684	67	2,100	80

While the Company has no logging contracts in this area, the granting of a stumpage permit which provided for the selective cutting of CCI timber in T. 47-11 forced the Northwestern Veneer and Plywood Corporation to log and supply its Gladstone plant with logs—instead of having the Cleveland-Cliffs furnish the logs from the Munising area. This move has therefore helped materially in solving the logging problems in the Munising area, and also results in conserving the small log supply accessible by truck haul for the Munising plants. This represents the first large operation in the Grand Marais block of Company timber and will help materially in placing these lands under a profitable plan of forest management, and to reduce the assessed values and property tax payments on this timber.

#### PART III. STATUS OF FORESTRY PROGRAM.

The plan of forest management prepared for this Company last year is flexible enough to meet the Company's needs during the present war emergency. In fact, the present scarcity of labor, the difficulty in getting parts and replacements for trucks and tractors, and the hard winter weather have resulted in such a drop in production that it will be difficult in 1943 to harvest from Company lands a crop of timber that is equal to the growth capacity of its forest resources.

In spite of the difficulties being met in all logging in the North, this Company has been very successful in initiating its forestry program. The area selectively cut in the last half of 1942 corresponds to a reasonable degree to what was recommended in the forestry report last year:

	AREA OF SEL. CUTTING FOR 6 MOS.				
	PROPOSED	ACTUALLY CUT LAST			
DISTRICT	IN PLAN	HALF OF 1942			
	Acres	Acres			
Marquette	735	834			
Munising	560	551			
Grand Marais	1,958	1,684			
Total	3,253	3,069			

In addition to the 3,069 acres of timber selectively cut, some 1,227 acres were clearcut in the last half of 1942 that were originally recommended for selective cutting. This clearcutting represents the greatest setback that has been met in placing

the lands of this Company under a plan of forest management. It automatically reduces the productive capacity of the CCI Forest by more than 1,000 MBM annually. The harm that has been done in this connection is not serious and can be offset by lowering the average annual allowable cut, or by acquiring a similar area of timber from other owners through purchase or exchange and then selectively cutting this in place of the area that was clearcut. Such lands are available within truck hauling distances of Marquette and Munising and should be acquired by this Company at the earliest opportunity before they are bought or cut by other companies.

#### PURCHASE OR EXCHANGE PROGRAM REQUIRED

It was indicated in the forestry report last spring that the average annual cut of timber in the Marquette area should be 5,408 MBM (of which one-half must be softwoods). During 1942 the total cut was over 8,000 MBM in hardwoods alone. The continuation of this rate of cutting of hardwoods alone would, under the plan proposed, result in the Marquette area being selectively cut in eight years or less, assuming all the Huron Mountain block of timber is selectively cut. Part or all of the latter may have to be delivered on railroad cars to the Marquette plant. This means that the Marquette plant will soon (three or four years) be getting a major portion of its logs by rail, or by a long truck haul, and the cost of logs will be much higher. The same situation prevails in the Munising area, especially if this Company is obligated to supply the Atlas Plywood Corporation plant at Munising with logs as well as that of the Munising Wood Products Company.

It would therefore be to this Company's interest in the long run to buy all the remaining timber within a reasonable truck haul distance (say up to 25 miles) of both Marquette and Munising. This should lower the average cost of logs delivered to the plants in the next ten to twenty years and would facilitate the plan of supporting the wood using industries of these two communities.

There are not many such blocks of timber left. The largest would be that of the Newberry Lumber and Chemical Company in the Chappel Lake area (east of Munising) and that is now on the market for sale. Unless these remaining blocks of

timber are acquired in the next year or two they will probably change hands, and later be clearcut, with no assurance that the Marquette or Munising plants will get any of the logs.

This Company has sufficient timber resources to supply the plants of the Munising Wood Products Company forever under forest management, but some of this timber is located where it will not do the Marquette and Munising plants much good. Some 40,000 to 50,000 acres of such timber in east Luce County can be liquidated. As the Company retrieves its investment in this area it should be able to turn most of it back into the acquisition of what timber is left in other ownerships in the Marquette and Munising districts.

#### UTILIZATION OF SOFTWOOD TIMBER REQUIRED

To maintain the Marquette plant some means of utilizing the large volume (over 70,000 MBM in the next twenty years) of softwoods in the Marquette area must be found. Most of the timber left in this area has from 20 to 80% (and averages 50%) of hemlock. It should be logged at the same time the hardwoods are taken out to make an economic logging operation and to prevent heavy losses of hemlock. If the Munising Wood Products Company could take up from 1/3 to 1/2 of its volume in hemlock at its Marquette plant, or at a small mill set up in conjunction with it, or at Big Bay, this problem would be solved. Some concrete steps towards the utilization of these softwoods should be taken this year. In the Munising area also softwoods are a problem, but it is likely that the small amount developed can be sold and shipped as logs to markets which are already available. The volume available for next season may not be sufficient to provide the Retail Yard at Munising with sufficient volume to run its planing mill.

#### MINE TIMBERS

Provisions can be made to get out all the mine timbers required by the Mining Department, provided:

1. The Land Department learns early in the season (preferably by April 1) exactly how much will be required of it.

- 2. Some means of advising the Land Department how many timbers are on hand within one week of the end of each month is established.
- 3. The Mining Department pays a fair price for the mine timbers, preferably on a per MBM basis.
- 4. The Land Department pays the jobbers enough to be sure that sufficient timbers will be cut, sorted, and logged to meet the requirements of the mines.

It is imperative that these conditions be met if the mine timber requirements are to be met efficiently and economically. The present basis of paying for mine timbers by the lineal foot is not on the same basis (per MBM) as that which the logging contractors are paid to log them. As a result the prices for mine timbers have too great a range and fluctuate in such an erratic manner when converted to a per MBM basis that the Land Department cannot tell accurately whether it is losing or profiting on the shipment of mine timbers from specific jobbers until several shipments have been made.

If the mine timbers are paid for on a per MEM basis it must be realized that logging contractors insist on much higher prices (from \$2.00 to \$5.00 per MEM more) to log mine timbers than they do to log saw logs. The Land Department must be paid this differential over the prices it receives for clearcut saw logs, and should also be reimbursed for the loss of potential values in mine timbers which are in most cases made from young trees which have not yet reached maturity in a financial or physical sense.

#### LOGGING BY CONTRACTORS MAY BE INADEQUATE

It is evident now that the pressure of war measures is forcing many small businesses to close down. Most of our logging contractors might well be classed as small businessmen and they are feeling this pressure at every stage of their operation. In the past six months all of our operators have complained of the mounting tide of Government reports on rationing, priorities; draft problems; and the many regulations dealing with wages, hours of work, compensation, etc. These factors, coupled with the growing scarcity of labor, parts, and food, may be too much for these men to carry on with their limited capital resources. In this case, this Company may be forced to work out some other plans for the cutting and logging

of its timber than are now being used. Some consideration should be given to this and plans should be made to prepare for this possibility before such a situation arises.

#### EXTENSION OF L. S. & I. RAILROAD STILL DESIRABLE

The timber in the Grand Marais District will have to be truck hauled to a railroad and placed on cars to get it to Munising and Marquette when it becomes necessary to log that area in the near future. It would seem desirable to have those logs hauled over the Lake Superior and Ishpeming Railroad and not the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railway, which would be required at this time. As soon as it is feasible to extend the L. S. & I. into this greatest block of timber left it should be done by building it eastward from Cusino to the Seney-Grand Marais road on a route surveyed in previous years. Such an extension could well be used right now to shorten truck hauling distances. The high cost of labor and the scarcity of steel may require that this extension be delayed until after the war, but the desirability of building it before then should not be overlooked if the opportunity arises. With a long war such an extension might become a dire necessity to keep the Marquette and Munising plants going.

#### REFORESTRATION AND PINE FARMS

This Company has some of the oldest forest plantations in the Lake States. The "Pine Farm", planted in 1903 on forty acres of land about four miles north of Negaunee, has trees on it thirty to fifty feet high. It is so well stocked that the trees are slowing up in growth and need thinning badly. An effort to have this plantation thinned at a profit to the Company will be made in 1943 or as soon thereafter as possible. Several carloads of pulpwood should develop from such a thinning. The plantations on Grand Island which were made in 1917 on more than 600 acres have not been examined closely as yet. This will be done this year and a report on their condition and recommendations as to their treatment will be made at that time.

This Company has so much forested land on which trees can be harvested and continuous forest crops maintained (by natural reforestration) without the need for artificial reforestration such as planting, that the latter will not be a very

important part of its forestry program. However, there may be special areas or situations which will require tree planting in the future. Such a possibility might be desirable in the case of tamarack (or larch), which is used as lagging and poles in the mines. This species is becoming so scarce that this Company may well consider the need for and feasibility of growing its own tamarack lagging and poles on Company lands near the mines. This will be considered more thoroughly in 1943.

#### DUKES FOREST EXPERIMENT STATION LANDS

No timber was cut on the half section of timber which this Company deeded to the United States Forest Service in 1926 with the provision that the latter could mark the timber for cutting as it desired, for experimental purposes, the proceeds of the cuttings reverting to the Company. This area is the N<sub>2</sub> of Section 35, 46-23, and is located about 25 miles southeast of Marquette. Some twenty acres are now marked and ready for selective cutting a second time. An effort will be made, in cooperation with the Station, to have this timber cut in 1943.

#### FOREST FIRE PROTECTION

Special efforts are being made in the fore part of 1943 to see that adequate fire protection will be given to all forested Company lands. This will be done through the nine men located in the three land districts and through the local Federal and State forest fire organizations. Intensive attention will be given to the areas which have and are being selectively cut and to all recently cutover Company lands.

#### LOGGING PLANS FOR THE 1943-4 SEASON

Complete details of plans and estimated costs for logging by districts and jobbers during the 1943-4 season have been completed and are summarized to some extent in Tables Nos. 7 and 8 attached. The extent to which they are carried out will hinge to a large degree on the Marquette plant using at least one—third of its cut in hemlock, the availability of new jobbers, and the ability of all logging contractors to produce under the present difficult war conditions.

Under the new numbering, there is NO Page 45.

## TABLE NO. 1

## STATUS OF LOGGING AT CLOSE OF 1942

CARCLE AND A CARLON OF	C 31 481 C	DEC	DECEMBER		E 1, 1942
Plant	Expected This Season		Actually Delivered	Quota Expected	Actually Delivered
	MBM	MBM	MBM	MBM	MBM
Marquette (M. W. P. Co.)	9,500	1,235	701	5,890	3,705
Munising (M. W. P. Co.)	8,000	1,040	915	4,960	4,262
Atlas Plywood Corporation	7,067	919	692	4,382	3,732
Mining Department	712	93	35	441	141
	25,279	3,287	2,343	15,673	11,840

TABLE NO. 2

LOGS ON HAND AT KEY PLANTS AT CLOSE OF 1942

	This Year	Last Year
	MBM	MBM
Munising Wood Products Co.		
Marquette Plant	176	559
Munising Plant	383	678
Atlas Plywood Corporation	594	558
	1,153	1.795

#### TABLE NO. 3

#### SUMMARY OF FIELD WORK BY DISTRICTS FROM JUNE 1 to DECEMBER 31 1942

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	MARQUETTE	MUNISING	NEWBERRY	1000
Class of Work	S. Lowney, Jr.	J. Brotherton	R. Ewalt	Total
Marking - Area marked, acres	1,532	905	2,393	4,830
Logging - lines run, miles	61	31	69	161
- logs scaled, MBM	124	143	210	563
- reports submitted	210	93	147	450
Examination - area covered, acres	3,080	1,440	4,176	8,696
Trespass - reports submitted	27	9	2	38
Permits - " "	117	45	4	166
Sales - " "	34	9	3	46
Miscellaneous " "	296	59	25	380

This record includes some work done by the company forester, particularly on scaling and marking. This was done primarily in connection with the selection, training, checking and standardizing of the work of the men in the field. Work of the above nature completed from January 1 to June 1, 1942 is not covered by this summary. Messrs. S. Lowney, Jr. and R. J. Brotherton have, therefore, more work to their credit for 1942 than is indicated by this report.

#### TABLE NO. 4

## COMPARISON OF LOG RULES (Using 16 foot Logs)

		SCRIBN	ER	SCRIBNER DECIMAL C					
	Typical Vol. D.I.B. Log Distribution Log		Total	Vol. Per	Total				
D.I.B.			Scale	Log	Scale				
	No.			10	0.000				
9	232	42	9,744	40	9,280				
10	291	54	15,714	60	17,460				
11	303	64	19,392	70	21,210				
12	296	79	23,384	80	23,680				
13	239	97	23,183	100	23,900				
14	206	114	23,484	110	22,660				
15	138	142	19,596	140	19,320				
16	87	159	13,833	160	13,920				
17	64	185	11,840	180	11,520				
18	24	213	5,112	210	5,040				
19	15	240	3,600	240	3,600				
20	6	280	1,680	280	1,680				
21	2	304	608	300	600				
			171,170		173,870				
					- 171,170				
		Difference in	Rules		2,700 bd. ft.				
		11 11	% Using	Scribner as base	= 1.6%				

The above computation is shown to refute the claim of the Munising Wood Products Company to the effect, that they are losing 3 to 4% in scale by shifting from the Scribner to the Scribner Decimal C Log Rule.

The small difference of 1.6% is based on gross scale and this would be completely wiped out in actual scaling practice because the deductions for defect on small logs when using the Decimal C rule are always made to the nearest 10 board feet. This tends to cut the Decimal C scale to a greater degree than the Scribner and should give the same net scale as the Scribner. The Decimal C rule was designed to give the same net scale and for all practical purposes it does.

The above run of logs were from a clearcut job having a high proportion of small logs. Selective logging produces larger logs and might in some instances result in the Decimal C Rule giving a <u>lower</u> gross scale than the Scribner rule.

TABLE NO. 5

## SUMMARY OF CHECK SCALING IN 1942

	FIRST HALF 1942	THIRD QUARTER	FOURTH QUARTER
	Board Feet	Bd. Ft.	Bd. Ft.
ATLAS PLYWOOD CORPORATION			1 2 Page 32 V
Check Scale	20,440	60,861	48,417
Mill Scale	17,898	56,097	46,115
Per Cent of Difference	=12.5%	-7.8%	-4.8%
MUNISING PLANT (M. W. P. CO.)			
Check Scale	19,860	22,358	12,285
Mill Scale	16,732	21,359	12,068
Per Cent of Difference	-15.8%	-4.5%	-1.8%
MARQUETTE PLANT (M. W. P. CO.)			
Check Scale		43,769	6,280
Mill Scale		41,996	6,453
Per Cent of Difference	-	= 4.1%	+ 2.8%
NORTHWESTERN VENEER & PLYWOOD			
CORPORATION			
Check Scale		42,390	122,340
Mill Scale		41,260	114,040
Per Cent of Difference	-	- 2.7%	- 6.8%
TOTALS			
Check Scale	40,300	169,378	189,322
Mill Scale	34,630	160,712	178,676
Difference	5,670	8,666	10,646
% Difference	-14.1%	- 5.1%	- 5.6%

WSB:HW-4 3/18/43

#### TABLE NO. 6

#### CONDITION OF LOGGING EQUIPMENT & STATUS OF LABOR OF LOGGING CONTRACTORS

(as of February 18, 1943)

	*Condi	tion of	Equipm	ent/
Logging Equipment	Poor	Fair	Good	/Total
Log-hauling Trucks and Trailers	13	19	3	35
(No. of Hired Trucks in Above Figures)	(3)	(9)		(12)
Log Skidding Tractors	3	6	7	16
Bulldozers - for Road Building	2	3	4	9
Mechanical Loaders		-	-	8
Pickup Trucks				8
Buses or Trucks for Hauling Men				4
Teams for Skidding				15

#### STATUS OF LABOR

Number of Sawyers 95 Number of other workers 135 Total working at Peak of Season 230

Additional Workers Required to give full production 117
Total Required 347

#### TIRES AND GASOLINE

No serious difficulties in getting either at this time.

#### TRUCK, TRACTOR PARTS AND REPAIRS

Serious difficulties and delays are being encountered by at least half the jobbers in this respect. All garages are overloaded with work, and enough good mechanics and truckdrivers are not available.

#### POWER SAWS

Only half the jobbers are at all interested; the other half feel they will not be necessary or practical.

(\*) Poor - good for 1 year or less; Fair - should last for 1 to 2 years; Good - Practically new, in excellent condition.

WSB:LT-4 2/22/43

#### TABLE NO. 7

PROPOSED	PLAN.	OF	LOGG ING	FOR	1943-44	

			filent.			M. 1815		10		*** DISTRIBUTION OF PRODUCTION TO PLANTS AND MINES									
	*Estimated Average Monthly	**Estimated Average Yearly	Select Logg:	ing	Cut	ear t ing	Produc 1943	tion -44	Marquet (M.W.P	.Co.)	Munising (M.W.P.Co.)	Atlas Plywood Corporation	Minir Depart	ment	## Peura Mill	Other Mills or Markets			
Contractor	Production	Production	Hardwd	Softwd	Hardwd	Softwd	Hardwd	Softwd	Hardwd	Softwd	Hardwd Softwo	Hardwd Softwd	Hardwd	Softwd	Hardwd Softwd	Hardwd Soft			
Nyland	MEM 320	MEM 2,560	2,160	400	-	1	2,160	400	2,000	300			160	100					
Carlson	240	1,920	500	500	500	420	1,000	920	850	770			150	150					
Peura	120	960	100	267	293	300	393	567	350	567			43						
New Job A	(Gagner	Job to be tak	en by Carl	lson if p	ossible	; the lat	ter's pro	duction s	hown above	)									
New Job B	445	3,560	2,170	1,390	1.	-	2,170	1,390	2,073	1,090			97	300					
TOTAL MARQUETTE AREA	1,125	9,000	4,930	2,557	793	720	5,723	3,277	5,273	2,727			450	550					
Carr	320	2,560	1,200	160	1,000	200	2,200	360	-		1,360	640	200			360			
Burrell	200	1,600		1.3	1,200	400	1,200	400	1 3	-	1,000	200				400			
Moote Bros.	1,000	8,000	3,000	200	4,500	300	7,500	500	101	3-	4,640	1,280	1,580	100		400			
# New Job C	(To be	assigned to Car	rr if pos	sible; h	is produ 	ction sho	own above)							2	100				
TOTAL MUNISING AREA	1,520	12,160	4,200	360	6,700	900	10,900	1,260	-	-	7,000	2,120	1,780	100		1,160			
# New Job D	485	3,880										3,880							
TOTAL NEWBERRY AREA	485	3,880			7		1.30	7				3,880		13(1)					

<sup>(\*)</sup> Using 20 day haul per month.

(\*\*) Using an 8 month logging year (i.e.-160 hauling days).

(\*\*\*) Dependent upon needs of plants and policy to be adopted. Figures shown are merely estimates and suggestions.

(#) Required if we must supply Atlas Plywood Corporation with logs under a new contract.

(##) Peura's mill might be moved to Munising area if Marquette plant would use hemlock developed in Marquette area.

#### TABLE NO. 8

## ESTIMATED COSTS OF LOGGING FOR 1943-44 (BASED ON WHAT JOBBERS MAY INSIST ON, NOT ON CALCULATED COST ESTIMATES)

	Athena		T	ruck		Est.	Est.	ARTERIOR			Estimated Co						
			Truck Mile	les	Loggi	stimated ging Cost	Haul R.R.S.	ul to Siding		Logging			otal Likely Log Logging		per M	per M to Put Mine Timbers	
Contractor	General Location of Job	Type of Cutting	Woods	Good	To .	Per M	Woods	Good	Loading at	Per M	M Feet		Volume		At Mines	s On Ca	
Nyland	East of Negaunee	Selheavy cut	1	8	Marquette	\$16.50	-					\$16.50	2,300	\$ 37,950.00	\$21.50		
Carlson	Southwest of Dukes	Clear and sel.	1	21	,	18.00	1	3	Vicks Spur	\$18.00	(\$3.70)	18.00	820	14,760.00	23.00	\$22.0	
Peura	Southwest of Deerton	Sel. and clear	2	24	•	17.00	1	2	Deerton	16.50	3.70	17.00	917	15,589.00	22.00	20.50	
New Job A (Carlson)	East of Yalmer	Selective	3	21		19.00	3	4	Yalmer	18.00	3.30	21.30	3,163	67,372.00	23.00	22.00	
New Job B	Northwest of Marquette	Selective	3	7		17.00	-	-	AMERICA	A Service	-3	17.00	800	13,600.00	22.00		
Total Marquette	Area	ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF	MAG	A			THE STATE OF			SE AT			8,000	149,271.00	AUGUS	A SET	
		\$20 A314	Ushar			Marc	quette	Area /	Average Cost per	or M Feet		Town		18.66		A	
Carr	East of Melstrand	Sel. and clear	2	18	Munising	16.25	1			1	-	16.25	1,000	16,250.00	-	20.25	
Burrell	Beaver Lake	Clear	10	18		18.00	7	7	Williams Crossing	18,00	4.00	20.00	1,200	24,000.00		22.00	
Moote Bros.	Buck Hill Tower	Clear and sel.	2	21		19.00	2	7	Williams	19.00	4.00	21.00	5,920	124,320.00	-	23.0	
New Job C			2	7		16.00	-	-	AUGUS	-	-	16.00	1,000	16,000.00	-	20.0	
Tetal Munising Area							AND	AND	Harmon				9,120	180,570.00		AUST	
						Munj	ising A	rea A	verage Cost per	M Feet				19.58	ARREST		
New Job D	North of Seney (Newberry Area)	Selective	1	12	-		2	10	Seney	17.00	6.50	23.50	3,880	91,180.00			
			althiev		ACC-MINE TO	Sene	y Job,	if Ar	ny, Average Cost	st per M Fer	et	SHEW	ASSESSED FOR	23.50	AGUAN	A SEE	

## ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL COSTS TO GET SUFFICIENT QUANTITIES OF MINE TIMBERS DELIVERED ON SPECIFIC QUOTAS BY QUARTER YEAR PERIODS

1. To Deliver Mine Timber Direct to Mines by Truck

\$5.00 per MBM above the price to deliver saw logs to Marquette by truck.

2. To Deliver Mine Timbers and Load Them on Cars

4.00 per MEM above the price to deliver saw logs to Marquette, Munising, or to load saw logs on cars.

3. To Deliver Mine Timbers to Yard of M. W. P. Co. Plant at Munising Mixed with Other Logs

1.00 per MBM more than saw log prices.

4. To Deliver Mine Timbers to Yard of M. W. P. Co. in Truckloads of 18' Timbers

2.00 per MBM more than saw log prices.

NOTE: If the Prices recommended in Items 1 and 2 are paid it may be possible to eliminate the need for any further loading of these timbers at Munising, and Items 3 and 4 would not be used in that case.

