

THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XXIX

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OUR OWN TOWN

The water board has a plan for insuring collections of lighting bills in Rapid River. It plans to purchase slot machines, or "pay-as-you-enter" meters. A quarter dropped in one of these will cause it to turn on the lights, and it will run until it has dished out two kilowatts of sunshine, or whatever amount it is set for; and then tight-fistedly close up and cast a gloom upon the whole surroundings. The idea is all right, except, so they say, for the high cost of the meter. The water board might put one on our street lights and settle the rental question with the council.

Willard Clark, of Glenbeulah, Wis., who has been visiting his uncle A. L. Williamson, went hunting last Saturday afternoon with his cousin, Arthur, Jr. He had Otto Habermann's double-barreled hammerless, and it was accidentally discharged in some manner, sending its load through the ball of his foot. The great toe was practically blown off, and it was necessary to amputate the whole phalange. The injured boy is doing well. His mother, Mrs. A. DeSchmidt, of Glenbeulah, arrived this week to be with him.

Business has been quite rushing on the docks this week and will continue so until the first, when insurance expires. Flour shipments have been heavy, and flour is held at many points along the line for forwarding as fast as it can be transhipped here. Indications point also to a heavy business as soon as the weather permits, a large number of cars being held in readiness and no shortage threatening.

Chairman Yelland of the election commission remarks on the subject of the amendments that while the law is as quoted, and he agrees with the interpretation as made by The Delta, the supreme court has held that "all the amendments on one ballot" means each on a separate ballot. And the supreme court is capable of most anything, after that.

The Cloverland flour mills, which were recently damaged on one side by fire, were promptly repaired, and have been busy grinding out the stuff that makes Cloverland famous.

By the zeal of the supply houses, blanks for returns been furnished to all election boards of the county in addition to those provided by the secretary of state. Every precinct in the county but the second and third wards of Gladstone filled out the superfluous blanks. In reply to a summons to complete his work, the chairman of the second ward board went down and demonstrated to the canvassers that they were doing unnecessary labor; and that the procedure is governed by statute and not by the quantity of stationery on hand.

The Rapid River News announces that the Masonville board has granted a franchise to the city of Gladstone to operate a lighting plant in that township. This is all very well; Rube and Louie and Bill are all good fellows, and willing to help along; but under the constitution the town board can give no franchise—nothing but a temporary permit revocable at any minute. And while, as said above, the board is composed of our good friends, we do not know whom the electors of Masonville township will choose as their successors in office.

The snow came down like a blanket Thursday evening and covered over the ground with an excellent medium for tracking deer, chicken thieves and other fleet-footed gentry. Marshal Danielson ordered both snowplows put in condition for the winter, although there were no drifts to need them, and the sprinkler was retired to obscurity.

John Kinne this week decorated the Cozy store in the opera house, which has been connected with the theatre rooms by a passage and otherwise fitted up for use.

J. D. McDonald is equipping his residence with the Nebel system of heating, as demonstrated at the fire hall.

On Monday morning one of the horses in D. McCarthy's stable was found with a long, deep gash in his flank, wide and clean cut as if with an axe. There was no projection in the stall on which he could have torn himself, and the shape of the wound negated any such suggestion. The only conclusion is that there is some revengeful or insane being at random who should be in a state institution.

The first of the university extension lectures for this season will be given at the high school auditorium Wednesday evening, December 2 by Professor H. R. Cross, of the fine arts department at Ann Arbor. His subject, "How to Judge a Picture," will be illustrated with numerous lantern slides.

Gladstone decisively defeated Ishpeming here Sunday by a score of 43 to 6, Howard Nebel making gains almost at will, through the lines of the northern players, who were not only light, but short three of their players. The game was long drawn out, beginning shortly before three. Several of the Ishpeming men were temporarily knocked out; and Leffer fractured his shoulder slightly. The hematite city boys played gamely until the last moment of time, however. Two long end runs for a touchdown were made by Nebel, but neither of them was allowed. Madden and Anderson were good ground gainers, and the home team showed its superior strength at every point. A return game was scheduled for tomorrow, and practice has been persistent.

Commissioner Legg announces that at the annual teachers' institute for this county on Tuesday, January 10, Dr. H. W. Shryock, who has appeared here before, and Miss Adelaide Baylor, deputy superintendent of public instruction of Indiana, will be the principal speakers.

16 inch Maple and Birch millwood \$1.90 a single cord, \$5.25 a full cord. Hemlock, \$1.25 single and \$3.00 full cord; delivered to any part of the city. Call up C. W. Davis, Phone 7.

Repairs are progressing steadily on the Cooperage Co's sawmill. The shingle mill is expected to complete its cut within a week.

The Presbyterian ladies will hold a sale and give a supper at Wasa Hall Wednesday, December 2.

We have a full line of pennants and cushion covers which, we are sure, would brighten up your room. Come in and look them over.

NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO.

EXPRESSES DEEP APPRECIATION

In a letter to The Delta, Auditor General Fuller expresses his appreciation of the support so freely given him at the polls by his neighbors of Delta county, and declares that he feels himself under great obligation to them for the warm-hearted way in which they have stood by him this year. It is especially gratifying to Mr. Fuller by reason of the fact that two years ago his opponent received a plurality in the county, due to the great schism in the party. This year was a Republican year, and Mr. Fuller ran ahead of the ticket. His vote in the county will be not only a majority, but very near twice that of all the opposing candidates put together. Which is as it should be.

OUR MATCHBOXES IN FLANDERS

The export trade of the Marble Arms & Mfg. Co. has been badly crippled since the European war as the bulk of trade has been with Germany and France in the past. Recently a demand has been created in England and as a result cable orders are quite frequent. On Wednesday an order was received for a gross of axes and 1000 waterproof match boxes, and on Friday another order for 5000 match boxes. This was one of the first items invented by Mr. Marble and at least 100,000 have been sold through out United States and Canada to hunters, trappers and miners. These are undoubtedly being supplied to soldiers and will be of great help in wet weather, being absolutely waterproof.

COUNTY ELECTION RETURNS

The report of the county canvassers shows that Delta county gave Osborn 2080 votes, Ferris 1712, Pattengill, 307, Hoogerhyde 191, Eays, 28. Two years ago they ran Musselman 1177, Ferris 1254, Watkins 1713, Hoogerhyde 320, Leland 38.

Vote for other officers was as follows: Fuller 3505, Campbell 879, Mylan 299, Moore 201.

Scott 2119, McDonald 1021, Baker 567, Empson 2047, Buckbee 1110, Iverson 2052, Tolan 1361, Danielson 472.

Pepin 2519, Spooner 721, J. E. Olson 557.

Hess 2702, Schwartz 758, Bartley 342, Swenson 178.

McEwen 2414, Perry 765, Johnson 525, Aug. Olson 184.

Rushton 2250, Cuddy 970, Loell 645.

Mead 2501, Pierson 2496, McColl 981, McNabb 2436, Fenton 846, McDonald 476.

Gasman 2267, Barron 990, Britz 400, Roberg 421.

SKILLFUL HUNTERS

P. W. Peterson, Frank Miller, C. S. Slings and Milton Buchanan made a foray into the woods on Tuesday; and returned the following evening. They betray a great reluctance to discuss the procedure of their hunt unless assured that no game wardens are about; and a similar amount of caution in exhibiting any game.

Dr. A. H. Kinmond and Victor Mallongree returned Wednesday, being unable to maintain their strategic position because of their line of communication being cut. They saw indications of all manners of deer, bear and wolves along the north shore of the peninsula.

Bob Little and August Olson are spending the week hunting from the latter's camp. A wireless has been received that they will come home Sunday with a wagonload.

John Latimer, Sr., Albert Latimer, Lawrence Cramer and Lewis Kopp are hunting near Northland. Advice is that the veteran has secured a deer, greatly to his delight.

Claus Brodene on Wednesday shot a deer within three miles of the city. He was fortunate to run on it in the swamp between the Northwestern depot and the Escanaba river.

August Lillquist and Charles Green returned Monday evening from a two days' trip to Isabella. They brought back a fine bag of ducks.



WEEKS TO CHRISTMAS
Buying Presents EARLY Helps EVERYBODY

Jewelry makes gifts that are appreciated. Let me help you select.

DAHL THE JEWELER

Watch my window

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

CONTRIBUTED BY THE STUDENTS

CLASS AVERAGES

Each month the average work of the four high school classes is reported to the scholars. In the new system of marking A, B, C, D, E, are valued at 5, 4, 3, 2, 1. The value of each card is credited to the class to which that pupil belongs. Then the average is taken. The average work of each scholar should be 12 points, although many went above the average. Of the four classes, only one was below average.

A new pupil named Edward Rose is attending the high school. He comes from Wells.

Irving Fontana has been absent from school several days because of a cut in the hand which he received in a foot ball game.

The foot ball team has been disbanded for the year.

A basket ball team may be organized in the high school. There is plenty of good material to work with. The chief obstacle seems to be the lack of a hall in which to practice.

WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Services at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. In the morning service Nov. 15, Secretary Young of the Anti-Saloon League will speak. Mr. Young was several years the city Y. M. C. A. secretary in Ann Arbor before taking up the temperance cause. He will be well worth hearing. A collection will be taken for the cause. It is a worthy one. Bible school at the close of the morning service.

Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m. The leader is Milford Brown.

WILL YOU LOOK

Over the ladies' and children's coats and the millinery that we have placed in our bargain list. All tastes and all purses can be suited. We have an overstock in these lines and must let it go cheap.

O'CONNELL'S

MARRIED

Mr. Charles L. Williams and Miss Ida C. Green were quietly married in Gladstone Thursday a. m. Nov. 11, by the pastor of the Presbyterian church, Rev. Hugh McCarroll.

The contracting parties are well known young people in Stonington where they reside and where Mr. Williams has a large farm. They will at once take up their residence in the home which awaits them.

Mr. Albin Green the bride's brother and Miss Anna Olson both of Stonington accompanied them.

INCREASE OF PARCEL POST

Postmaster Mertz has been checking over the figures of the parcel post shipments, which were counted in May of this year and in October. There was an increase of 548 packages forwarded in the two weeks' period for which count was kept.

The receipts of the post-office here for the last fiscal quarter were \$137 more than for the same three months last year. The amount of parcel post delivered here does not fluctuate much; but the matter forwarded varies most with the advertising and shipments of the Marble Arms Co., which is at its peak just before the opening of the hunting season.

The business of the rural route has been particularly growing. In November, 1913, 5170 pieces of mail were delivered, weighing 779 pounds with postage of \$46.52. This year, for the corresponding month, 8619 pieces of mail were delivered, or 1369 pounds, with \$67.65 postage.

On the route, last October 968 pieces of mail were collected with postage of \$18.87 and a weight of 53 pounds. During the month past the collection was 1223 pieces of mail, 88 pounds and \$24.59 postage. An increase of about sixty per cent will be noted.

SPLENDID THEATRE

In the new Delft theatre, which will be opened Monday evening, Escanaba possesses one of the finest playhouses in the northwest. The building presents an appearance as if nothing but comfort had been considered in its construction; but an investigation will confirm the judgment of the fire marshal, that as regards safety nothing more could be suggested. Every exit is opened by a touch from within, at all times, as there are no locks. All wiring is in conduit, and the picture machines are boxed in with fire walls of concrete.

The theatre was built by John A. Semer, under lease for ten years to the Delft Theatre Co., which controls three houses in Marquette and one in Alger county. In compliment to the president of the company, the facade is in old Dutch style, gabled and tiled.

Within the decorations are cunningly blended to convey a sense of repose alike foreye and ear and limb. Amusement and refreshment is the idea. Not a light meets the eye; the decorations are of soft colors, with Whistler landscapes on the walls. The ventilating engines drive in pure air, heated in winter, but iced in summer; the seats are luxurious and the 850 seats all afford perfect vision and hearing of the stage.

The stage is fitted with all appliances for the drama, but will be devoted for the present to the vaudeville offered in metropolitan centres. When it is completed, a pipe organ will be built in to the structure, which will enlarge the range of musical possibilities for entertainment.

The building contains all manners of conveniences for patrons, ample rest and lounging rooms and a tea room for refreshment.

It marks a distinct addition to the sources of recreation for the people of the county. The business policy of the company will be to encourage the reservation of seats by mail, giving equal opportunity to all patrons.

CANNOT DO IT

You cannot find a better assortment of ladies' and children's coats than is offered at O'Connell's at the cost line for move the large stock which we received lately. They must be sold and you get the benefit of the price cutting. At O'CONNELL'S



A GREAT many folks think this is the time to "take a chance." They close their bank accounts and plunge into the perilous stream of SPECULATION, sink or swim. In the past we have seen so FEW SUCCESSES and so many, many UTTER FAILURES that we say to you HONESTLY and SINCERELY, "Don't take risks; protect yourself."

BANK YOUR MONEY WITH US.

GLADSTONE STATE SAVINGS BANK

I. N. Bushong, Pres. G. J. Slings, Vice-Pres. W. W. Gasser, Cashier

NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST

KERNELS CULLED FROM THE MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS.

STORIES FROM OVER GLOBE

Items From Happenings of World Arranged in Their Briefest and Most Succinct Form for the Busy Reader.

European War News

The leaders of Great Britain's government and representatives of all its allies in the war with Germany...

Official announcement was made at Rome that the Germans have taken a new offensive against Dixmude and in the region of Ypres...

Germans have imposed a war tax of \$10,000,000 on Antwerp.

Contraband goods in neutral vessels bound for Norway, Sweden and Denmark will no longer be molested...

The Japanese and British forces that captured Tsing Tao, besides driving Germany from the far East...

Ten aeroplanes, four German and six French, engaged in an air battle over Reims.

The czar's troops are reported to have routed the Germans from Wirballen.

The British admiralty announces in London the occupation of Fao, a port of Asiatic Turkey...

A private telegram received at Geneva from a wealthy American states that Americans in Constantinople are in great danger.

The greatest success gained on the side of the allies since the beginning of the war has been the complete victory of the Russian army against the Germans in Poland...

It is officially announced at Tokyo that Tsing Tao has fallen. The German fortress surrendered to the Anglo-Japanese forces...

The correspondent of the Milan Corriere Della Sera, who visited Baden, denies that the crown prince of Germany was at the royal palace at Strassburg wounded.

Moscow newspapers report that the new king of Roumania has declared to his entourage: "We shall certainly have to go to war."

A dispatch from "northern France" to the London Daily Chronicle says that advance patrols of Belgians have penetrated Ostend...

A correspondent with the Belgian army reports that Ypres is in flames and that the greater part of the fine old Flemish town is in ruins.

The bloody battle between the Germans and the allies in the region between Dixmude and the River Lys is still undecided...

Washington

The corn yield in the United States was placed at the enormous figure of 2,795,692,000 bushels...

The Republican national congressional campaign committee at Washington admitted that the Democrats would have control of the next house.

Personal

Captain O'Neill, M. P., of the Second Life guards of Great Britain was killed in action in France.

Mexican War

It is reported at Mexico City that the port of Acapulco on the Pacific has been occupied by American marines.

Heavy fighting has been in progress in the suburb of Xochimilco, Mexico, between followers of Emiliano Zapata and General Carranza.

According to private telegrams received at Vera Cruz the National bank of Mexico City has been sacked by a mob led by constitutionalist soldiers.

Ten thousand American infantrymen and several transports are at Galveston ready to rush to reinforce General Funston at Vera Cruz.

Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez, who was elected provisional president of Mexico at the recent Aguas Calientes convention, has been imprisoned by General Villa...

Foreign

Peter Johnson, chief engineer of the Storstad at the time that vessel sank the Empress of Ireland off Father point, was drowned in the St. Lawrence.

Domestic

Charlie White of Chicago was given the newspaper decision in a ten-round bout with Freddie Welsh, lightweight champion of the world at Milwaukee.

Twenty cars dived out of Los Angeles on the seventh annual road race to Phoenix, Ariz.

Exponents of female suffrage from all sections of the country arrived at Chattanooga, Tenn., for the opening session of the southern states' woman's suffrage conference.

Chief of Police Joe Ogden was shot in the head by Samuel Atkinson of Sycamore, Ill. Ogden's condition is critical.

Three persons were killed and the fourth escaped in the most serious accident in Milwaukee automobile history, those killed being among the most prominent people in Milwaukee.

It is officially announced at Tokyo that Tsing Tao has fallen.

Paul O. Hastings, Democrat, has a lead over Governor Francis F. McGovern, Republican, of 12,204 votes in the race for United States senator of Wisconsin...

Twenty-five acres of cattle pens, one-third of the Kansas City stockyards, have been destroyed by fire, with a loss estimated at \$750,000.

M. B. Summers, former cashier of the First National bank of West Union, W. Va., and C. B. Martin were sentenced to five years in the penitentiary by Judge A. G. Dayton at Wheeling, W. Va.

When hunting, Rudolph Protz, eighteen years old, became enraged at his twelve-year-old brother, Walter, and shot the lad through the heart with a small rifle at Thief River Falls, Minn.

Four bandits shot Nicholas Varedo, nineteen years old, an employee of the Central Scientific company of Chicago, and robbed him of a satchel containing \$1,300 while he was on his way to a bank.

Declaring that "the power to declare war must be put in the hands of the people or their chosen representatives," the executive council of the American Federation of Labor made its report to the thirty-fourth annual convention of that body, which convened at Philadelphia.

FERRIS IS ONLY DEMOCRAT NAMED

PRESENT GOVERNOR IS RE-ELECTED BY A PLURALITY OF FORTY THOUSAND.

OTHER OFFICERS TO G. O. P.

L. D. Dickinson Is Elected Lieutenant Governor—Republicans Gain in Congress—Carry All Districts Except Two.

Lansing.—Complete returns from the state give Gov. Woodbridge N. Ferris re-election over Chase S. Osborn by a plurality of 40,000 in a total vote of approximately 350,000.

Returns on the state ticket below lieutenant governor show that the Republicans have been winners by probably more than 50,000.

Former Gov. Chase S. Osborn, who ran against Ferris, was the only Republican defeated on the state ticket. The Republicans won in every district except the First and Second, at the same time defeating Michigan's two Progressive congressmen, who sought re-election.

Returns on legislative candidates show that the Progressives have been defeated, and that both branches of the legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican, the Democrats losing ground in both houses.

The total vote is around 350,000, a loss of about ten thousand from the vote of four years ago, the last of year, and a shrinkage of about one hundred and sixty-five thousand from the total vote of 1912.

The falling off of the vote is attributed to the number of Progressives who saw no hope for their own ticket, but who refused to vote for the candidates on the other party tickets.

Returns on the four constitutional amendments are slow in coming in, as election boards have apparently ignored them, but the vote in the counties that have reported indicates the defeat of the insurance amendment by an overwhelming majority.

The amendments giving the legislature the power to bond for good roads, and giving the right to bond for drains, etc., are also meeting much opposition. The amendment to enable students and traveling men to vote away from home is the only one of the four that received favorable consideration and the margin in that case is so close that it may be defeated.

THE WINNERS.

- Governor—W. N. Ferris (Dem.). Lieutenant Governor—L. D. Dickinson (Rep.). Secretary of State—C. C. Vaughan (Rep.). Treasurer—J. J. Haarer (Rep.). Auditor General—O. E. Fuller (Rep.). Attorney General—Grant Fellows (Rep.). Congressional. District: First—Frank E. Doremus (Dem.). Second—Samuel W. Beakes, (Dem.). Third—J. M. C. Smith (Rep.). Fourth—E. L. Hamilton (Rep.). Fifth—Carl Mapes (Rep.). Sixth—Patrick H. Kelley (Rep.). Seventh—L. C. Cramton (Rep.). Eighth—Joseph Fordney (Rep.). Ninth—J. C. McLaughlin (Rep.). Tenth—George A. Loud (Rep.). Eleventh—Frank D. Scott (Rep.). Twelfth—W. Frank James (Rep.). Thirteenth—Charles A. Nichols (Rep.).

Vote on Governor.

Table with 2 columns: County and Votes. Includes Alcona, Alger, Alcona, Alpena, Antrim, Arenac, Barry, Bay, Benzie, Berrien, Branch, Calhoun, Cass, Charlevoix, Cheboygan, Chippewa, Clinton, Crawford, Delta, Dickinson, Eaton, Emmet, Genesee, Gladwin, Gogebel, Grand Traverse, Hillsdale, Houghton, Huron, Ionia, Isabella, Jackson, Kalamazoo, Kalamazoo, Kent, Keweenaw, Lake, Leapeer, Leelanaw, Lenawee, Livingston.

Course in Fire Prevention.

Michigan's public school children, during the coming winter months, are to be given a course in fire prevention, if the present plans of the state fire marshal's office are adopted by the school authorities, and everything now indicates they will be.

Table with 2 columns: County and Votes. Includes Luce, Mackinac, Macomb, Manistee, Marquette, Mason, Mecosta, Menominee, Missaukee, Monroe, Montcalm, Muskegon, Newaygo, Osceola, Oakland, Ogemaw, Ontonagon, Otsego, Ottawa, Presque Isle, Saginaw, Sanilac, Schoolcraft, Shiawassee, St. Clair, St. Joseph, Tawas, Van Buren, Washtenaw, Wayne, Wexford.

Totals Ferris plurality 40,000 Pattengill (N. P.) vote for governor was 27,184.

Disease Transmittable to Humans.

That hoof-and-mouth disease is transmittable to humans is the contention of Dr. V. C. Vaughan, dean of the medical department of the University of Michigan and president of the American Medical association.

"Hoof-and-mouth disease is an infection to which all of our domestic animals are susceptible," said Doctor Vaughan. "It is rare in horses and fowls, but is common in cattle, sheep and hogs. It is an eruptive disease. Little vesicles form on the lips, tongue and on the inside of the mouth, and in cattle sheep hogs these same eruptive formations come in the cleft of the hoof."

"The organism which causes the disease has never been discovered. It has been demonstrated that the contents of these vesicles, which are the contagious matter, can be filtered through the very finest porcelain filters, and the virus passing through retains all its virulence. It is what is termed ultra-microscopic, the virus being too tiny to be determined with a powerful microscope. In Europe the disease has been very destructive to cattle. In one year, 1892, it killed more than 4,000,000 head in Germany alone."

"The disease is rare among human beings, but man is susceptible nevertheless. As long ago as 1834 a physician drank some of the milk from a cow afflicted with hoof-and-mouth disease and acquired the disease usually assumed a mild form, but in children it is often fatal. The disease manifests itself in humans exactly as it does in cows, blisters forming on the lips, tongue and inside of the mouth."

"When children acquire the disease, it is usually from drinking the milk though it can be communicated through petting afflicted animals. So far as we know the disease has never been transmitted through eating meat of cows, sheep or hogs thus afflicted due to the fact that we cook our meat before we eat it."

Mayors to Attend Tax Meeting.

Thursday and Friday, January 28 and 29, have been set as the dates of the fourth annual conference of the State Tax association, to be held in Detroit, the meeting place to be designated later.

Governor Ferris, the boards of supervisors and the State Manufacturers' association have been invited to appoint delegates to the conference.

An imposing array of subjects has been arranged for discussion. The governor will be invited to speak on "Taxation and the Public Welfare," and Attorney General Fellows on "Fundamental Principles of Taxation." Other subjects are as follows: "Taxation of Public Utility Corporations," "Limitation of Tax Rates," "Taxation and the Farmer," "Statutory Requirements for the Assessment of Public Service and General Properties, and Principal Court Decisions Relating Thereto," "Practical Substitutes for the Present System of Taxing Personal Property," "The Income Tax," "Taxation of Banks and Trust Companies" and "Taxation of Mining Properties."

A. B. Williams of Battle Creek is president of the association, and George Lord and John Russell of Detroit, are secretary and treasurer, respectively.

Societies Honor U. of M. Women.

The following university women have been chosen for senior society membership: Alice Connelly, Bessemer; Marjorie Delavan, Alma; Mary Lewis, Ann Arbor; Grace Marquand, Grass Lake; Mary Purdy, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hazel Quick, Gaylord; Dorothy Roehm, Ann Arbor. Mortarboard, another honorary society for senior women, has chosen the following: Dorothy Roehm, Grace Marquand, Hazel Goodrich, Marshall; Faith Goss, Grand Rapids, Edith McCauley, Medina, N. Y.

Mining Delegates Named.

Governor Ferris appointed the following delegates to the American Mining congress at Phoenix, Ariz., during the week of December 7: R. M. Ransdall, Saginaw; Charles Coryell, Bay City; Otto C. Davidson, Iron Mountain; William Kelly, Vulcan; Charles E. Lawrence, Palatka; M. M. Duncan Ishpeming; James McNaughton, Calumet; F. W. McNair, Houghton; W. P. Belden, Ishpeming; R. C. Allen, Lansing; Tenney Desollar, Hancock; Hon. George Lord, Detroit.

KILLING TIME ON THE TRAIN

Englishman Describes What One Might Call the Game of "Traveling by Ear."

A new way of passing the time on the railway train is described by a writer in the Manchester Guardian, who modestly adds that he does not think the game "as silly as putting jig-saw puzzles together."

My fellow travelers think I am asleep when I shut my eyes and lean back on the cushions of the railway compartment. But in reality I am amusing myself with a little game of my own, which I call "traveling by ear." You can only do it satisfactorily, of course, on a familiar bit of line, although it is quite interesting on a strange road.

Tunnels in limestone, adds our correspondent, seem to me to have an individual and rather unpleasant sharpness—piercingness—of roar. Upward gradients slacken the pace of a train, of course, and also alter what I can only call its "footfall" noise, and when we come to the top of an incline, it seems as if the train gave a kick as it lay to rest.

"There!" are its l-boring changes into easy gliding and swifter speed on the level. On my homeward journey our driver generally slackens speed a trifle as we run over a ringing girder viaduct; then after a few yards of deep cutting, we run under a wide and shallow bridge just before the home station is reached.

REALLY GOOD MUSICAL PUNS

If Such Play Upon Words Ever Is Pardonable, These Two May Be Pardonable.

It is said that a respectable tradesman of the name of G. Sharp was astonished one morning to find that some musical wag had added to his name the words "is a flat," which, however correct in a musical sense, was certainly far from complimentary to the worthy tradesman.

There is another instance in which a capital musical pun was perpetrated, equally correct in a technical sense, and equally uncomplimentary to the person at whose expense it was made. Two gentlemen were passing the shop of a music seller in the southeast district of the metropolis, and the proprietor was standing outside the door.

"That liar is always outside!" The unoffending tradesman heard the remark, and wonderful to relate, seemed immensely tickled at the observation. The secret of it was that he thought the remark had reference to his sign—a golden lyre—over the shop-front.—London Tit-Bits.

Seeing Contemporaries as They Are.

After all, the test of a vacation is the renewed zest with which we take up our work on our return. The person who lives among his contemporaries all the time has no idea what interesting people they are. They appear even romantic when one returns to them from a short trip abroad.

Of course, we must take up our responsibilities again. Our serious business with our contemporaries is to improve their conditions, their morals and their manners. We do not have too much time for this work. But before we begin again the attempt to make them what they ought to be, we may enjoy the moment when we have enough freshness of vision to see them as they are.—Atlantic Monthly.

First to Distill Perfumes.

The process of distilling perfumes was invented by Avicenna, an Arabian doctor who lived in the tenth century. He was the first to discover the process of separating the aroma from the plants and flowers so that it could be used instead of greasy unguents and smelly oils.

Vulnerable.

During an election that took place in a certain town in Yorkshire, a well-known man, taking his little son with him, was going to the polling station to cast his vote. On the way he met a friend going on the same errand as himself, with whom he got into conversation.

The poor lad was very much frightened, and, seeing that his father was getting the worst of it, suddenly called out to him: "Hit him in the watch, father; that's just his something!"

DEFENDS POPULAR REMEDIES

Speaker Says Newspapers Should Investigate Merits of Medicines Before Barring Advertisements.

That an organized attempt has been made to blacken the reputation of the popular family remedies of this country, and to mislead the newspaper publishers into rejecting the advertising of such medicines, was the charge made by Carl J. Balliett, of Buffalo, N. Y., at the convention of the Advertising Affiliation at Detroit.

Mr. Balliett is a director of the Proprietary Association of America, which includes in its membership two hundred firms which make the popular prepared medicines of America.

Mr. Balliett pointed out that it is the duty of the newspaper publisher to refuse the advertising of any fake or fraudulent medicine, just as it is his duty to refuse any fake or fraudulent advertising, but it is not right to shut down on all medical advertising because there have been some fakers, any more than it would be right to refuse to publish all department store advertising because certain stores have made a practice of lying about bargain sales.

Disease and death are mysteries. People who are perfectly well are skeptical. They laugh at the time-worn patent medicine joke, just as they laugh again and again over the many variations of the operation joke—"The operation was a success but the patient died." This so-called humor has perhaps hurt the medicine business with well people, but when the hitherto healthy man feels a severe pain or illness, he immediately wants medicine, and will bless the cure whether it be at the hands of a regular doctor, a homeopath, an osteopath, a Christian Scientist or patent medicine. There is nothing more deadly than disease; nothing more honorable than to cure it.

Mr. Balliett refuted the idea sought to be spread about that patent medicines are unpopular by showing that from 1900 to 1912 the amount of prepared medicines consumed in America increased from \$100,000,000 to \$160,000,000 annually. He showed that, although the American Medical Association is trying as an organization to exterminate so-called patent medicines, the family doctor, individually, is not fighting them but prescribing them. He estimated that 40% of the prescriptions written by doctors today include proprietary medicines.

The writings of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, he said, have also aimed to destroy confidence in proprietary medicines; but that Dr. Wiley's ideas are not infallible is shown by cases where his analyses were entirely wrong. Mr. Balliett mentioned a case where, with all the power of the Government, he fought a preparation as being dangerous to health, and was ingloriously walloped.

There has been spread the idea that a clever faker can mix a few useless ingredients and, by smart advertising, sell tons of it and win sudden wealth; whereas, as a matter of fact, the medicine business is notoriously difficult, and, where there has been one success at it, there have been a hundred failures. Any medicine which has no merit cannot live, because persons who are duped into buying it once will not buy it again, and the profit from advertising a medicine can only come from repeat sales to the same, satisfied people. Therefore, any medicine which has been on the market for a number of years, and is still advertised, must have merit behind it to account for its success.

In conclusion Mr. Balliett declared that no newspaper is doing justice to its readers in the matter of medical or other advertising, unless it investigates, not only the wording of the advertisement offered for publication, but the merits of the article advertised. He pointed out that the few newspapers who have been deluded into the policy of barring out medical advertising have adopted this general policy, rather than to form an investigation bureau of this kind which could, in a constructive and useful effort, investigate and decide what is a good product and what is a fraud, in not only the medicine business, but in every other business which advertises its wares to the public.

The audience seemed to agree with Mr. Balliett's ideas on the subject and the chairman decided the question at issue in his favor.

Guilty.

The justice of the peace in a town in Ohio, in pursuance of his duties, had to hear and judge cases that were brought before him and also to perform occasional marriage ceremonies. He found it difficult to dissociate the various functions of his office.

Everything had gone smoothly until he asked one bride: "Do you take this man to be your husband?" The bride nodded emphatically. "And you, accused," said the justice, turning to the bridegroom, "what have you to say in your defense?"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher. In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

His Method.

"How did that writer acquire such a flowing style?" "I think he uses a fountain pen."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU

Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Love that feeds on beauty alone soon starves to death.

Possibly one joke in ten thousand makes people laugh.

GERMANS SURRENDER FORT OF TSING TAO

Allies Win Position After Siege Lasting Nearly Three Months.

IMPORTANT IN THAT IT RELEASES BRITISH AND JAPANESE FLEETS.

Turkey Declares "Holy War"—Russians Report Victories in Poland, East Prussia and Galicia—London Dispatches Optimistic as to the Situation in France and Belgium.

Tokyo, Nov. 8.—It was officially announced here that the German fortress of Tsing Tao has surrendered to the Japanese and British forces.

The announcement states that the first step in bringing about the surrender of the fortress occurred at midnight, when the infantry charged and occupied the middle fort of the line of defense. In this operation they took 200 prisoners.

The greatest advantage which will come to the allies by the fall of Tsing Tao will be the release of the fleets now before that stronghold. They will be freed to take part in naval activity in other seas.

It has been announced that the release of these vessels will be followed by an active campaign to drive the German cruisers which have been raiding shipping in all parts of the world from the high seas. It is not known whether the first action will be against the Germans now off the west coast of South America or the Karlsruhe and other raiders in the Indian ocean.

Japs Lose 1,078 in Battle. London, Nov. 8.—The allies casualties before Tsing Tao are two British killed and eight wounded, including

my's positions and directing the range of the gunners.

A terrific battle is raging on the Aisne, where the allies also have begun to press forward.

After making several marked advances in the vicinity of Soissons a battle of great magnitude and fierce character was precipitated when the French and British attacked the plateau of Vregny, to the northeast of Soissons. The battle lasted all day, but the German defensive was so stubborn that when night fell the allied troops had been unable to gain the height.

"Great Victory" for Allies. London, Nov. 7.—The greatest success gained on the side of the allies since the beginning of the war has been the complete victory of the Russian army against the Germans in Poland, East Prussia and Galicia.

This was the word conveyed to General Joffre and Lord Kitchener in telegrams by Grand Duke Nicholas of Russia, commander of the czar's army.

"Following our successes upon the Vistula," said the telegram, "a complete victory has just been gained by our troops along the whole of the front in Galicia. I am most confident of the speedy and entire accomplishment of our common task, persuaded as I am that decisive victory will be gained by the allied armies."

This stirring news was followed by dispatches from Petrograd telling of the recapture by the Russian of the Galician town of Jaroslav with 5,000 Austrian prisoners.

Armies Fail to End Deadlock. Paris, Nov. 7.—The bloody battle between the Germans and the allies in the region between Dixmude and the River Lys is still undecided, according to an official announcement issued here. Neither of the contestants have been able to break the mighty deadlock.

Lille Is in Flames. Fired by the shells of the allies' artillery, Lille is burning in several places. Several villages surrounding that city have been burned to the ground. The fighting in that region of northern France continues night

under no Moslem or non-Moslem power."

Already there are reports that the Mohammedans of Afghanistan are marching on the Indian frontier. A message from Constantinople via Berlin says that the ameer of Afghanistan has sent out 170,000 men with 135 guns.

The bombardment of the Dardanelles forts continued without much result. A Turkish report states that one British ship was struck by a shell from a fort, and that an explosion followed on board and the warship went down.

Ready to Cross German Border. Petrograd, Nov. 9.—The czar's troops have routed the Germans from Wirballen, the last fortified obstacle to the general Russian advance over the border into East Prussia. The way is now clear for the Russian invasion of German territory in the northeastern area.

After a furious bombardment the Cossacks charged the outer works of the strongly fortified position, and in their wake came the masses of infantry, but when the foot troops reached the inner forts the Germans had fled, leaving behind them large quantities of war materials and a number of guns, which in their haste they had neglected to dismantle or destroy.

The Russians swept onward to Staluponen, about sixteen miles northeast of Gumbinnen, the terminal of the railway line to Koenigsburg, and there they are established, reforming for the new advance movement which will carry them over the border.

May Force Italy Into War. Rome, Italy, Nov. 8.—Italy is sending garrison troops to Tripoli to defend her settlements and loyal tribesmen against Arab rebels and Bedouins who have raided supply columns in the interior and have attacked an encampment of submissive tribesmen at Derna. Turkey, it seems, has disregarded the promise made to Italy by Germany that the port would not threaten Italian colonies.

Events are tending more and more to force Italy into the war.

CZAR TO TURN AND CRUSH TURK ARMY

REPORTS STATE RUSSIA WILL TEMPORARILY CEASE GERMAN INVASION.

GERMANS ADVANCE SLOWLY

Claim Offers Have Been Made to Japan for 200,000 Seasoned Troops—Dispatches State Portugal May Declare War.

London, Nov. 10.—Uneasiness was caused here last night by the receipt of the semi-official report from Petrograd that the Russian commander-in-chief, Grand Duke Nicholas, planned to postpone the invasion of Germany until the mission of Russia toward the Bosphorus was accomplished.

That the czar should abandon offensive in this direction caused great surprise. Should Russia decide to end her long quarrel with Turkey and gratify her own national ambition to secure Constantinople for her own before attending to what the other allied nations consider the more important business of the hour, a great additional burden will be thrown upon France and Great Britain for they, with Belgium, will alone be forced to fight Germany.

The official statement from Constantinople states that the Turks with the help of Allah have crossed the Egyptian frontier. The statement received here from Constantinople by way of Rome continues:

Claim Fleet Bottled Up. "The Russian fleet in the Black sea has sought refuge in the military ports of Russia. The Ottoman fleet has bombarded Poti, causing heavy damage. The English fleet has departed from the waters of Akabah, leaving one cruiser there."

The Exchange Telegram company received at Amsterdam a later official statement from Constantinople, transmitted by the Wolff bureau in Berlin which says:

"It is stated officially that the Turkish fleet bombarded part of the Russian fleet near Kasloe, and then pursued one Russian ship, which managed to escape."

The present khedive of Egypt, Abbas Hilmi, is now in Constantinople and the Turkish war office is confident that he is attempting to influence the people of his country in favor of the Turks.

An uprising in Egypt probably would result in a revolt in Tripoli, where Italy even now is strengthening her garrisons, and might be the spark that is needed to set the smouldering war spirit in Italy aflame.

Germans Advance Lines. Berlin, Nov. 10.—(By wireless via London, Nov. 9.)—General headquarters makes the following report:

"Several of the enemy's ships again attacked our right wing yesterday, but were quickly driven off by our artillery."

"The enemy attempted an advance from Nieupert during the evening and repeated the attack again at night, but failed completely."

"Notwithstanding the most stubborn resistance, our attacks in the direction of Ypres are proceeding slowly, but surely. The enemy's counter attacks northeast of Ypres have been repulsed and several hundred prisoners taken."

"In the eastern theater of war an attack by strong Russian forces north of Lake Wysztyon has been repulsed with heavy loss to the enemy. We captured over 4,000 prisoners and ten machine guns."

Want Troops of Mikado. Peking, Nov. 10.—Offers have been made to Japan by agents of the allies in China to induce the mikado to throw 200,000 of his seasoned troops into the European theater of war!

Guaranty of a freer hand in the affairs of China is the price offered for the mikado's troops, it is claimed.

The effect of such a move on the status of Tsing-tao is problematical. Japan has insisted that her only intention is to restore the territory to China, but this, it is learned, will be done only under a rigid agreement that China shall cede no more territory to any European power. Failing in this undertaking from China, Japan will proclaim her title to Tsing-tao in perpetuity.

Portugal May Join Allies. London, Nov. 10.—A dispatch from Lisbon says it is probable Portugal will decide war against Germany. In an official announcement made yesterday in Lisbon it was stated that if Portugal joins the war German and Austrian vessels now in Portuguese waters will remain under the protection of that country until the end of the conflict.

Air Bombs Claim Lives. Petrograd, Nov. 9.—The Bourse Gazette's Warsaw correspondent says that twenty-one persons have died in hospitals there the last few days from wounds received from German bombs dropped from aeroplanes.

Portugal Plans Reinforcements. London, Nov. 9.—The Portuguese cabinet is considering the proposal to dispatch reinforcements of infantry, cavalry and artillery to Angola, the Portuguese possession in West Africa.

Michigan Happenings

Manistee.—Mrs. Magdaline Czeszynski of East Lake died at the home of her daughter at the age of one hundred and three years. The aged woman made a trip to Manistee to do some shopping.

Frankfort.—B. J. Lapham of Fremont was sentenced to 30 days in jail for non-payment of a board bill here. On his being released he will be re-arrested by officials from Fremont on a charge of wife desertion. It is said.

Owosso.—Lucas Bentley, sixty-six years old, and a life-long resident of Durand, beckoned to friends while working in a cornfield near his home, fell, and was dead before they reached him. Death is attributed to heart failure.

Albion.—A case of cattle-poisoning, from anaboaena, a form of algae, which is so rare that but three previous cases have been reported to the United States department of agriculture since 1862, has been discovered in the herd of Albert Wolter. Wolter's farm Grand Rapids.—Frederick A. Zierleyn, deputy state factory inspector for the Grand Rapids district, was appointed assistant state labor commissioner by Labor Commissioner James V. Cunningham, of Detroit. He will succeed Charles Hogadone, who has become postmaster of this city.

Milan.—For several months merchandise has been stolen from the Wabash and Ann Arbor freight cars. Some of it has been found in the homes of Polish and Hungarian families, who assert it was bought of a peddler. Joseph Vectua is locked up on suspicion.

Grand Rapids.—At the conference of the Reformed Sunday schools of western Michigan here the following officers were elected: President, Rev. Benjamin Hoffman of Zeeland; secretary, William H. Depree of Holland; treasurer, Rense Broersma of Kalamazoo.

Grand Rapids.—Word was received here that the dead body of Thomas Cusick, formerly a prominent politician and business man of this city, had been found on the banks of a bayou near Houston, Texas. There was a bullet hole in the right temple, and the authorities are attempting to determine if Cusick killed himself or was murdered.

Metamora.—A Russian apple picker who translated his name as "Jim Allen" broke quarantine on the farm of Carson Wilder near here while suffering from scarlet fever and escaped. "Allen" was one of a gang of 20 hobos who have been employed as apple pickers by Mr. Wilder. The Russian developed scarlet fever several days ago and the whole gang was quarantined. The others are still here, but no trace of the patient has been found.

Owosso.—His bondsmen surrendered H. A. L. Ferguson, proprietor of a drug store here, who was arrested charged with violation of the local option law, and he awaits examination November 7. L. C. Hall, one of the sureties on Ferguson's \$1,000 bond, who backed Ferguson when he opened a drug store here, several months ago, has taken possession of the store, which has been closed. Ferguson furnished a new bond with Owosso men as sureties.

Monroe.—Five hundred Pythians attended the district meeting of Knights of Pythias from Wyandotte, Dundee and Monroe here at Valentine lodge. Addresses were delivered by Supreme Chancellor Commander James A. Muir, of Port Huron; Committeeman John Harger, of Detroit; former Chancellor Commander Vandewalker, Ypsilanti, and Grand Keeper of Records and Seals Beatty, of Ohio, Wyandotte lodge conferred the first and third ranks. A banquet followed.

Detroit.—Several children of the North Woodward district will give a play at 23 Pingree avenue for the benefit of the Belgian relief fund. The play, "The Three-eyed Ghost of Kempler's Cave," was written by Frances Stevens, 23 Pingree avenue, who has already produced other plays, though she is still in her teens. The cast includes Marian Murray, Margaret Courtney, Sidney Lee Courtney, Virginia Murray, Isabel Murray, Josephine McGraw and Frances Stevens.

Bay City.—A dispatch from Omer says: "Fire starting in the office of the Omer Mill and Elevator company destroyed three entire blocks of the business portion of the town. Only two store buildings are left. The hotel, bank and schoolhouse were burned." The loss from the fire is more than \$200,000, with very little insurance. The fire broke out in the Omer Mill and Elevator company, and the cause is unknown. A terrific wind was blowing, and by the time the fire had been discovered the entire business section of the town was a mass of flames.

Battle Creek.—Miss Lestrel Pettifatt, fourteen years old, of Medbur, boulevard, Detroit, and Roy Salmon, fifteen, of Litchfield, found that it is impossible to elope successfully without a cent and that marriage at their tender age is not considered proper by Battle Creek police without their parents' consent. Bent on matrimony the couple arrived here penniless. When they loitered for hours about the Michigan Central depot local police became suspicious questioned them, discovered the truth took them to headquarters and notified their parents.

FOR BETTER ROADS

WINTER ROAD WORK NEEDED

Many Little Improvements That Can Be Made Which Will Combine to Improve Conditions.

American farmers seem to lose sight of the fact that our roads are traveled and cut up by man and beast and washed full of ditches by the elements for twelve months every season, while the period during which there is any improvement along the highways covers but one-half that length of time—perhaps less than that.

Is it any wonder that our road system improves so slowly under such conditions? Winter road work is of vital importance. Of course we cannot get out and dig, plow, scrape and grade in sections where the ground is frozen, but there are many little improvements that can be made which will combine to establish more favorable conditions, both during the winter and when the time comes for more active work next season.

Sometimes it is a strip of brush or shrubbery along the fence that ought to be removed, but in any event they must be got rid of, hence they, in addition to the above detriment, prove a nuisance to the traveling public in the summer, by shutting off the air when the days grow sweltering. Then, too, the drying effect of the sun and wind is shut out from the roadbed and this also wields a most detrimental influence on the condition of the roads.

But one must exercise good judgment in the disposition of brush growing along the road. If the drain ditch on each side of the track is somewhat deep, toss the brush into it till it is the proper depth for good drainage, and to prevent further wash; then throw in no more.

If the ditch is about the right depth at the start, keep all the brush out of it so that ample drainage is certain. Bear in mind that correct drainage is the most important factor to be considered in the maintenance of good roads. A firm, compact roadbed cannot exist where water settles on the surface or soaks into the soil and remains there.

Then, many bridges get in bad repair during the winter months. A board or two may be loosened or a treacherous hole may be just right for one or both of the horses to step a foot into it and break a bone. By keeping an eye on these places, one will be enabled to repair them just before they become dangerous, which will help to distribute the road work through the whole year, instead of only six months at a time, as well as arranging so that all of the labor may be as nearly cleaned up as possible when the spring comes. Then real improvement of the road may be carried on at once, without any preparatory or repair work being done.

The most important thing that must be kept constantly in mind is that of dragging the roads whenever practicable in winter. Of course we cannot make use of the drag every day, but there are days when the slight thawing again begins to freeze on the surface of the earth, the dirt is brittle enough to be moved and yet it will not roll or clog up on the drag. This is when the road reaches its worst stage through being cut up by travel and if it is left in this condition it freezes that way, making it rough and rutty till it thaws out the following day.

Working down with the drag will brush off and crush the clods and the high places, filling up low and rutty spots, leaving the roadbed smooth and more compact. The ground then freezes up before it is cut up much more by travel, and thus the track will be smoother and easier than if allowed to freeze up just as the whole day's travel is left.

Any snow or rain that falls on a stretch of road thus treated with the drag will have no ruts and low places to retain the water and make the roadbed soft, yielding and difficult to drain or dry off.

Furnish Green Stuff. Good succulent green stuff should be on hand at all times. It should form a good part of the daily ration, for chicks need bulk as well as nourishment.

Best Dairy Farming. The best kind of dairy farming keeps the skim milk on the farm and markets it as young stock, pork and poultry products.

Age of a Fowl. The age of a fowl is always disclosed by the condition of its legs. If the skin is hard and rough be sure it is an old one. The delicacy of the skin of the face indicates youth.

Excellent Insurance. A grain bin on a farm is excellent insurance against forced sale at low price.

Tax Keenly Felt. Poor roads impose a tax never more keenly felt than at grain-hauling time.

ONE OF THE GREAT AUSTRIAN SIEGE GUNS



The Austrian army, as well as the German, is supplied with enormous siege guns, some of which were used in the siege of Antwerp. One of these heavy howitzers, with a group of Austrian officers, is here shown.

two majors, and 200 Japanese killed and 878 wounded.

Allies Prepare to Oust Germans.

London, Nov. 9.—The French drive against the German line is reported to have commenced. The army of General Joffre has taken the offensive all along the line from the sea to German Lorraine. With the hope of duplicating the result of the battle of the Marne, General Joffre has given the word for a supreme effort to drive the Germans back to their own territory.

One statement records that between the River Lys and the North sea the fighting generally was less violent, and the attacks of the enemy, sporadic in the main, were repulsed, particularly in the direction of Dixmude and to the northeast of Ypres.

The statement says the activity of the Germans was concentrated in the region about Ypres "without result."

"On almost all this front we in turn took the offensive and advanced, notably in the region to the north of Ypres."

The British troops, too, were able to record an appreciable advance in the neighborhood of Armentieres, and other British forces repelled the attacks directed by the kaiser's troops against the positions held by the British between La Bassee and Arras. Action of the artillery was severely hampered by the fog and aviators had great difficulty in observing the ene-

and day, but thus far the Germans have balked the efforts of the allies to drive them from Lille.

"Holy War" Is Called.

Berlin, Nov. 7.—The Sheikh-ul-Islam, ecclesiastical head of the 220,000,000 Mohammedans in the world, has proclaimed a holy war of Islam against the enemies of Turkey. The significance of this action becomes evident when it is recalled that more than 100,000,000 Mohammedans, or nearly half the total number in the world, are now under English rule. These men, according to a proclamation said to have been issued by the Sheikh-ul-Islam, must either fight the enemies of Turkey or be disloyal to the head of their faith. No serious demonstrations of the Mohammedan population are feared in India.

Many Loyal to Britain.

The great majority of the followers of Islam there are said to be loyal to Great Britain. This statement is borne out by the proclamation issued by the Nizam of Hyderabad, who is perhaps the most important Moslem potentate in India, calling upon all Moslems in that country to remain loyal to Great Britain. His proclamation reads:

"It is the bounden duty of the Mohammedans of India to adhere to their old and tried loyalty to the British government, in which power they enjoy the highest personal and religious liberty, such as they would

by no means exempt from the penalty of the presence of great contending hosts. Occasionally we read in the dispatches of the appearance of cholera in the eastern theater of war. It is said to have manifested itself in the Austrian camps and if the report is true close contact with the Russian army may account for this new affliction on a country already terribly disturbed. Cholera lurks in the East and not a few of the Russian troops have been drawn from its abiding place. A Russian army, according to

tradition, introduced cholera into Europe in 1830-31. It had returned from a triumphant campaign in Turkey to suppress the Polish insurrection. One of the earliest and most illustrious victims of cholera was Marshal Diebitsch, the Russian general in chief, whose death focused the attention of the world on this new plague. After crossing Germany cholera then entered Great Britain and was brought to North America by Irish immigrants. International quarantine may be the first duty.

Egypt Refuses Holy War. London, Nov. 9.—The news from Egypt is reassuring. Religious leaders and their tribal chiefs have rejected Turkey's demand for a holy war and are promising loyalty to the empire. British squadrons are watching every port from which Turkey could transport troops to Egypt.

The Russians are making a vigorous campaign within Turkish Armenia. Petrograd today announced that the fortified position of Kaprikoi, on the Caucasian frontier, guarding the road to Erzeroum, has been captured by the Russians.

Prince of Wales Will Go to the Front.

London, Nov. 5.—The prince of Wales, who since he joined the army at the beginning of the war, has been importuning his father and Lord Kitchener for permission to go to the front, probably will have his wish granted soon. The prince may join Sir John French's staff on the continent, which means he will be kept a safe distance behind the firing line, instead of serving with his regiment, the Grenadier guards.

German War Minister Ill.

Berlin, Nov. 7.—War Minister von Warklowski is suffering from heart disease. He has left the war zone for Bad Nauheim. General von Deimling of the light infantry lines has been wounded by a splinter from a shell. He remains with his army corps.

MARCHES WITH THE TROOPS

Pestilence Usually Follows in the Wake of Armed Hosts in Warfare.

Pestilence usually treads close after the rear guard of a great war, says the Boston Transcript. Armies are great disease spreaders and the regions in which they campaign not infrequently show in the increased mortality among their civilian residents immediately after peace that noncombatants are

THE GLADSTONE DELTA
CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.
\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered at the postoffice, Gladstone, Michigan, as mail matter of the second class. Published on Saturday of each week.

HITHER AND THITHER

We note that a Pennsylvania paper that prints a joke about Przemysl also contains a political dispatch from Punsutawney.—Boston Transcript.

The Mutual steamer North Star left Hancock Monday for Buffalo with nearly seven hundred thousand dollars worth of copper. We fear the esteemed Houghton Gazette errs, however, in her capacity of 45,000 tons.

The country has spoken its mind regarding Woodrow Wilson and the party of Free Trade. Both stand condemned and repudiated. The way is now open for the restoration of Protection and prosperity in 1916.—American Economist.

Chase Osborn holds the record—he won it last Tuesday—of being the worst beaten republican who has ever been nominated on the republican ticket for a state office since the party was organized under the oaks at Jackson 60 years ago.—Houghton Gazette.

The United States now has the most powerful naval gun in the world, we are informed. When we have battleships enough on which to mount it, and men enough to man the battleships, we will be able to say that our necessities of naval defense have been pretty well looked after.—Mining Journal.

Time that Manistique should bestir itself and make plans for the proper entertainment of the Upper Peninsula Firemen's tournament to be held in this city next summer. A large sum of money must be raised, and plans perfected to give the guests a good time. Manistique cannot afford to "fall down" in this case.—Pioneer Tribune.

The high school faculty of Petoskey suspended forty members of the senior class last week. The action followed the appearance in the assembly room of the boys wearing "middy" blouses and feminine apparel, while the girls were decked out in shirts, collars, ties, vests and coats belonging to the young men.

Sault Ste. Marie alone cut Osborn's plurality about 600. In 1910 he had 1,526 votes in his home city, against 393 for Hemans, a plurality in the four wards of 1,233. This year the total vote of the city gave Osborn 1,278 and Ferris 649, a plurality for Osborn of but 629. This was probably the greatest loss pro rata that Osborn suffered except in the city of Detroit.

Richard R. Reinhart of the Soo has received notification from Conrad H. Mann, of Kansas City, grand president of the Eagles, of his appointment as a deputy grand president of the order, with jurisdiction over all the counties of the upper peninsula of Michigan. His duties will be to institute all subordinate Eagle lodges organized in this district, and to make periodical inspections of the various aeries of the peninsula.

A few Manistiqueans remember R. D. Bucknam, who at one time was a sailor on the barge Alleghany of the Tonawanda Barge line, and will be more interested in him since Turkey has broken into the war game. Bucknam is at the head of the Turkish navy, and has been for a number of years. He will be a prominent factor in European marine circles for a short time at least.—Manistique Pioneer Tribune.

The question might well be asked—who would benefit by the enactment of this so-called "tonnage tax" bill. I do not hesitate to say that in my opinion, no one would reap any benefit and that the state in general, especially the upper peninsula of the state, would suffer because of its enactment. Certain it is that neither the farmer, the laborer, or any other individual would pay one farthing less in taxes should this bill ever become a law. My experience in government affairs has taught me that whenever a new source of revenue is at the same time, a new way is found of spending it either by the creation of new departments of government, or additional offices and institutions.—George Lord, former secretary of the tax commission.

Terrible as are the ravages of war, they are far surpassed by some other disasters, which from time to time overwhelm the human race. A single earthquake in 1737 is estimated to have caused 300,000 deaths. Such disasters pass over the multitudes of the population of our globe as the merest of ripples on a mighty sea. Every year at least 80 millions are born, and 60 or 70 millions die. In British India, with a population of 300 millions, 700,000 people die each year of the plague. The infant mortality is responsible for some 3 or 4 million deaths annually in Europe alone, probably for some 25 millions all the world over. Compared with the constant and regular causes of death, war and catastrophes of nature sink into insignificance.—Scientific American.

The first annual meeting of the upper peninsula grange association will be held next Friday afternoon at Escanaba.

Railroad officials of Escanaba yesterday received notice that all deer accepted for shipment must be "dressed" before being received for carriage to any point either within or without the quarantins district, established because of the outbreak of the foot and mouth disease. Hunters will be required to fully dress their kill in the woods where ever it is necessary to ship them by railroad to their homes.—Press.

The average yield of wheat is 19.27 bushels per acre in the state, and in the Upper Peninsula 21.7. The average yield of clover seed per acre in bushels is 1.62 in the state and 4 in the Upper Peninsula. The average yield per acre in bushels of potatoes is 112.77 in the state, 140.77 in the Upper Peninsula. The per cent of farmers who have used commercial fertilizers on their wheat is 36 in the state and 8 in the Upper Peninsula.—Secretary of State's report.

Many good people ask why it is that men who are honorable, upright, law abiding citizens have no scruples in a violation of the game laws. Any other kind of a law infraction would set very heavy upon the conscience of this class but an infraction of the game laws don't seem to bother them at all. The reason for this can undoubtedly be found in the low estimate which public opinion has put upon the game legislation in general. It's a relic of the old nullification doctrine. The legislation in numerous instances is so silly and freakish that the people simply laugh at it and ignore it, an improper condition, but one that is a natural outgrowth of some silly legislation such as is reflected in the law protecting pole cats.—Diamond Drill.

What an awful surprise is in store for the Escanaba high school football team when it comes here on Saturday to play Menominee for the championship of the Upper Peninsula.—Menominee Herald Leader.

The election of Penrose is a blow to his party at large.—New York Evening Post.

Look here; don't blaspheme the sovereign people! Penrose was overwhelmingly nominated in Pennsylvania's first direct senatorial primary, and he was overwhelmingly elected in its first direct popular election of senators. If the people of Pennsylvania emphatically prefer Penrose, they are entitled to have him, are they not? If the election of Penrose is distinctly "a blow" to anybody, it certainly is to the democratic administration. It marks the depth of the popular dissatisfaction in Pennsylvania with the democratic tariff, for issue. That a man personally so handicapped and vituperated as Penrose could win a popular election, hands down, against the Wilson administration certainly is a striking commentary on the popular feeling about that administration. Of course the democratic tariff did it. Any stick was good enough to beat that dog with. And for the canting army of political prigs and pharisees of the Pinchot stripe, the thing to remember is that Penrose (certainly no saint or little tin joss, but a better man any day than Armageddon Flinn) was not "put over" on the people by a caucus or a machine or a convention or a hand picked legislature, but was nominated and elected by direct popular vote, and overwhelmingly so. For years and years the very persons who are now caterwauling against the election of Penrose have been demanding and extolling the direct popular election of senators as the great and only way to purify and uplift the senate, and they succeeded at last in getting the national constitution changed to suit their views and bring in their senatorial paragons. Now they are gagging at their own medicine!—Houghton Gazette.

Statement of the ownership, management, etc., required by the Act of August 4, 1912, of The Gladstone Delta, published weekly, for October 1, 1914.

Name of editor, managing editor, business manager and publisher, Chas. E. Mason, Owner, Chas. E. Mason; known mortgagees or bondholders, none.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 10th day of November, 1914.

FREDERICK HUBER, Notary Public, Delta County, Mich.

Success in Localizing Crop. The little seedless grapes which furnish the so-called dried "currants" exported from Greece in large quantities and produced nowhere else in the world are a remarkable instance of localizing of an important crop in a small district. The annual yield of these "currants" is over 1,200,000,000 pounds of fresh fruit, or about 160,000 tons when dried.

THE WAR

Is the topic that all are interested in just now. Still, we must eat and also drink a little. If you feel like doing either I shall be pleased to take your measure—or order. My buyer is not now in Europe but he has filled my bins and cellar with the very best drinks in the world.

Yours to Command,
Fred Anderson
805 DELTA AVE.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. DAVID N. KEE
Physician and Surgeon,
Office and Residence 803 Delta Ave.
Telephone No. 44 49

DR. A. H. KINMOND,
Dentist. 41
Office over Lindblad's Grocery,
McWilliams' Block

DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN,
Dentist.
Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., from 1 to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 8 p. m.
Delta avenue and Ninth street, over Minnawasca Furniture Co's store.

SWENSON BROS.
Fine Furniture, Undertaking, Upholstered goods and Steamship Tickets.
Delta Avenue near Central.

DR. A. L. LAING, M. D. C. M.
Practice confined to Surgery and diseases of women.
OFFICE OVER GROSS' DRUG STORE
1007 Ludington St., ESCANABA
HOURS—1 to 3 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.
Daily except Sundays. 52
Consultation at Laing Hospital, 833 Mary St.
9 to 12 a. m. daily. Sundays included.

THE BREAKFAST GONG

is welcome when it calls you to a hot, appetizing meal.

- Try our Pork Sausage, Quality Ham and Bacon, with Pancakes—We have Buckwheat and prepared flour.
- Martha Washington Pure Maple Syrup, qt. 50c
- Bismarck Syrup 40c
- Log Cabin 45c
- Pancake Syrup 25c
- 3 Monarch Corn Flakes packages 25c

Something New
Kellogg's Toasted Wheat Flakes, same price as his famous Corn Flakes. 10c

ANDREW MARSHALL
Phone 164

FISH ARE OUT BEAR IS IN

But, Fisher or Hunter, you can get the best results by trading your furs, fish, hides and pelts with me for some of the best wines liquors and other local option beverages to be found in Tim Curran's bailiwick. Bring in your game and learn how I deal when it's up to me.

FRANK LOUIS
902 DELTA AVE

BETTER PUBLIC BUSINESS

The stress laid on the question of appropriations and state business methods during the recent campaign is likely to lead to a scrutiny of these subjects by the legislature. Among officials cognizant with them there is general agreement that there is urgent need for important reforms.

"One great trouble with Michigan is the complication of the present system of administering its business," Auditor General Fuller is quoted as saying. "Each department should have a certain amount of money laid aside for it and it should not be given anything out of the general fund, except in cases of absolute necessity."

"I believe that each and every department should be given a certain amount of money and that this amount should run that department. Of course there are some departments, like the health board and the state livestock sanitary commission, which cannot be limited. The present epidemic among cattle, for instance, shows just why you cannot limit the money for the live stock commission, and an epidemic among human beings is likely to break out any moment and sweep the health board's appropriation out of existence. In the main, however, the various institutions and state departments can be held to a certain figure. The general fund has a use all its own and that use should not be encroached upon."

Wrongful conditions have grown up, too far too large a degree about the practice of granting special appropriations for state institutions. On certain basic fundamentals—such as, for instance, clear definition of what costs of maintenance should be charged to current expense and what items should be defrayed by special appropriation—there should be no difficulty at all about providing uniform administration for all institutions. In this and many other ways on the side of business administration much benefit can be worked out for the state by the legislature. It is to be hoped that the prominence lately given the subject will lead to improvement.—Mining Journal.

SATISFIED WITH EXPERIMENT

With a delight they could not conceal, officials of the New Process Metals company this morning watched the drawing of the first iron from the Jones furnace in north Marquette. From the furnace came, not the fiercely blinding flow of molten, hissing metal—but smoking, black iron, wrought iron, ready to be used for any purpose wrought iron is put to without the expedient of being run into pigs.

But—the first "pouring"—as it would be in the ordinary furnace—was not the cause for that delight. It was this:

The ore placed in that furnace was a low grade—between 20 and 30 per cent iron—product of the Cuyuna range, utterly worthless for commercial uses in any kind of furnace hitherto built. More than that, it was transformed from ore to iron without coke or charcoal Slabs and sawdust, pieces of bark and other such refuse as comes from lumber mills was all that was used.

As a method, the new Jones furnace is a success. Cost figures, etc., remain to be worked out, but there is no longer any question in the minds of the backers of the new project that the "Jones idea" has worked out and that the iron industry is due for a revolution. Further, that Marquette will, within a comparatively short time, be the center of the new development in iron making.—Marquette Chronicle.

Her Only Concern.
Sir David Baird, the first baronet, was a famous Anglo-Indian soldier who early in his career had the unpleasant experience of being thrown into the black hole of Calcutta during the mutiny.
Like a number of other eminent soldiers, he was not blessed with too sweet a temper, and when his old mother was told that the prisoners in the black hole were tied together her only comment was:
"Heaven help the poor man that's tied to our Davie!"

Something Good on Goodwin.
On one occasion in his career Nat Goodwin was bumping over the gasoline circuit as the star in a play which was so bad that the only good thing in it was the last curtain. Naturally the public evinced no desire to patronize it. Finally, however, the brave actors and actresses played in a town which, for some mysterious reason, turned out a good crowd to see the dismal performance.
It was too good to be true. After the first act Goodwin sought out the stage manager and said:
"On the level, are those real people out there?"
"Certainly, a whole lot of them," replied the manager.
"Well, that's one on me," replied Goodwin. "I thought that crowd was a painted drop curtain."—Popular Magazine.

To Absorb Dampness.
A quantity of quicklime put into a damp cupboard for a few days will absorb the dampness.

Breakfast Foods

- Uncle Sam's breakfast food per package 25c
- Quaker's Corn Puffs something new per package 15c
- Cream of Rye per package 15c
- Kellogg's Corn Flakes per package 10c
- Quaker's Corn Flakes 4 packages for 25c
- Uncle Jerry's pancake flour per package 10c
- Aunt Jenima's pancake flour per package 10c
- Shredded Wheat per package 15c
- Cream of Wheat per package 15c
- Sim's Malted Wheat per package 15c
- Martha Washington Maple Syrup per can 50c

FRESH GREEN STUFF EVERY SATURDAY.
ELOF HANSON
GROCER—PHONE 48

I SHOULD WORRY

If I thought that business would never "pick up." But things will mend and worry rusts a man out. If you feel worried come in for lubricators, emollients and mellowers. They come in wood and glass and it is as easy to drink them as to fall down a well. The results are instant; the pain and worry leave you at once and you are happy again.

Sold only by
AUGUST LILLQUIST
905 DELTA

Oysters

are at their best. Try ours—specially packed no water—all meat.
Per Pint 30c

Cheese

We have a shipment of the best Northern Minnesota cream cheese, equal if not superior to Wisconsin's best.

Fresh Meat

Delta county's prime, wholesome beef, mutton, chicken—no packing house products.

OLSON & ANDERSON
PHONE 9
717 Delta Avenue.

LUMBER

Lath, Shingles, Cement, Lime, Brick, And Other Building Materials
CARRIED IN STOCK

Let Me Figure on Your House Bills
C. W. Davis
1112-24 DELTA AVENUE, PHONE 7. GLADSTONE, MICHIGAN

Business and Residence Lots for Sale on Easy Terms.
C. A. CLARK, Agent.

WE ARE IN A POSITION TO
SELL WOOD CHEAPER
Than Anyone Else in Gladstone Can. Call up
PHONE 45
and get Our Prices before Buying WOOD.
THE NORTHWESTERN COOPERAGE AND LUMBER COMPANY

October 10, 1914 November 21, 1914
Notice of Chancery Sale
In pursuance and by virtue of an order and decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Delta, in Chancery, in the state of Michigan, made and dated on the 30th day of July A. D. 1914, in a certain cause therein pending, where-in George Vautrin is complainant, and Edward Perron, Lillian Perron, Denise Branchaw, and Isadore Cyr, are defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Escanaba, in said County of Delta and State of Michigan; (said Court House being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said county) on the twenty-fourth day of November A. D. 1914, at ten (10:00) o'clock in the forenoon, all or so much thereof as may be necessary, to raise the amount due to the said complainant, and decreed to be due to the said defendant, Isadore Cyr, for principal, interest and costs in this cause, of the following described parcel of land, to-wit:
Lot numbered three (3), of Block numbered forty-seven (47), according to the Original Plat of the Village (now City) of Escanaba, County of Delta and State of Michigan.

Dated Escanaba, Michigan, this second day of October, A. D. 1914.
JOHN L. LOEHL
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Delta County, Michigan
JOHN POWER
Solicitor for Complainant

October 10, 1914 November 14, 1914
Homestead Notice
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. LAND OFFICE, MARQUETTE, MICH
October 6th, 1914
Notice is hereby given that Frederick W. O'Conner of Nahma, Michigan, who on May 15, 1911, made homestead application, No. 02456, for W¹/₂ of SE¹/₄ and SW¹/₄ of NE¹/₄, Section 8, Township 40 N., Range 19 W., Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before County Clerk, of Delta county, at Escanaba, Michigan, on the 16th day of November, 1914.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Farris N. Summerbell, of Nahma Michigan
Pierce Cameron " "
William McClintchy " "
Joseph Lambert " "
OZRO A. BOWEN
Register.

BOARD WAS RIGHT

Judge Flannigan on Tuesday made known his decision upholding the board of supervisors in the suit brought against them on the relation of local option petitions. After detailing the stipulated facts of the posting of separate petitions in four precincts, he recites the statute and says:

"The relators contend that all sheets, no matter how many, bearing the signatures of the electors of the same township, ward or election district, whether presented together or separately, are to be regarded as one petition, and as the petition from that township, ward or election district, and that, if copies thereof are posted for the requisite time although not at the same places all the names on all such sheets should be counted. The respondents (the board of supervisors) on the other hand contend that if the signatures may be taken on separate sheets all such sheets must be brought together as one petition and as one petition presented to the clerk and that in order to entitle the names thereon to be counted, it must appear that copies thereof, and all of the signatures thereon, were posted at the same places in the proper township, ward and election district.

The respondents' contention should prevail. Whatever may be said in favor of the proposition that two or more petitions taken up in the same township, ward or election district, may be lawfully be presented to the county clerk and considered by him and by the board of supervisors, the proposition that the board may consider separate petitions which appear by the accompanying affidavits to have been posted at different places, is indefensible.

If there may be two petitions for a given township, ward or election district, there may be any number limited only by the number of electors, and copies may be posted at as many different places as there are petitions, and it would not be difficult to conceive of a situation where the entire posting limit of ten days might be insufficient to enable the elector, giving attention to his usual and often necessary employment, to go to the multitude of posting places to be sure his name has not been fraudulently signed to the petition. To hold that, to detect the fraudulent use of his name, the language of the statute puts or the legislature intended to put, any such burden on the elector, would be absurd.

While reason therefor is plainly apparent, yet the right to insist that the posting of a copy of the petition and of the signatures thereto, be made at the same places and not scattered here and throughout the township, ward and election district, does not depend upon a reason therefor being found. The legislature said in plain words that the posting should be done in a certain way, and for at least a certain time, and it must be done in that way. In Crawford vs Supervisors, 160 Mich., 65, where the statute in question here was under consideration, the court said: "We need not enter upon a discussion of the possible or probable reasons for this express requirement. It is a requirement that can be easily complied with. We have in various cases construed this law in such manner as to give it effect in accordance with the

apparent spirit and purpose of the law. It is not necessary, in order to give the law effect, if indeed any consideration would support such action, to strike out of the statute the express requirement which has here been disregarded."

Even if the sole purpose of posting is to prevent fraud, the fact, as all concerned concede, that no name or names were fraudulently signed to the petitions presented to the county clerk or board of supervisors, did not entitle them to disregard a mandatory provision of the law upon the subject of posting.

The writ of mandamus is denied."

The Escanaba Journal, organ of the dregs, practically concedes the case and suggests no appeal to the supreme court but the circulation of new petitions for an election in 1916. It says of the decision:

Judge Flannigan's refusal to issue a mandamus compelling the board of supervisors to reconvene and call for a local option election does not occasion surprise. Under a literal interpretation of the statute he could not do otherwise. The law is twisted and it needs clarifying. Strictly interpreted, the law would make it absolutely impossible to get a local option election by either the "dry" or "wet," as the opponents of a proposed election could circulate petitions and by posting them in different places from those working for the election they could absolutely nullify the work.

OHIO WAKING UP.

Court Decision Gives State Nine Thousand Miles of Highways.

The state of Ohio, which heretofore has not quite kept pace with other units of the country in the matter of good roads, seems now in a position to do at least as well as any other state, this as a result of a recent decision of the supreme court declaring the Hite road tax law valid. Much the same system is to be followed there as in other states, the central government being the leader and the counties contributing and co-operating.

The tax will raise \$3,500,000 this year, to which add \$500,000 or more from the auto licenses and large contributions by the counties. Present plans contemplate the construction of more than 9,000 miles of highways, which is about one-tenth of the entire road mileage of the state.

GENESIS OF A GOOD ROAD.

- In ancient days the aborigines walked tandem in between the forest trees.
 - Their feet, in time, impressed the earth and shale.
 - The route became a trail.
 - When later white men came to rob the red.
 - Of realm and room, they brought bovines to tread.
 - That course and nip a cud for aftermath.
 - The trail became a path.
 - When Farmer Perkins settled on his claim.
 - Up Turkey creek, one day his neighbors came.
 - And helped him clear a way to his abode.
 - The path became a road.
 - When Van De Rockester bought the farmer's team.
 - And built himself a country mansion home.
 - The state stepped in and paved that highway hard.
 - 'Tis now a boulevard.
- Robertus Love.

Pretty Sure Sign.

When a man has time and energy to complain a whole lot about working hard, he usually isn't.

Homestead Notice

DEPT. OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE MICH.
November 9th 1914.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Seppala, of Rock, Michigan, who, on October 14th 1909, made Homestead Application, No. 6221, for South half of Southeast quarter and South half of Southwest quarter, Section 36, Township 43 N., Range 24 West, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before County Clerk of Delta Co., at Escanaba, Michigan on the 22nd day of December 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Hawlock H. Currie, All of Turin, Michigan
Carl Anderson " " "
Charles Silvola " " "
Esa Halmoeja " " "

OZRO A. BOWEN
Register.

Order for Service

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Delta

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the city of Escanaba in said county, on the ninth day of November A. D. 1914.

Present Hon. Judd Yelland, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of

JOHN O. SWENSON,
Mentally incompetent.
Casper W. Elquist, brother, having filed in said court his petition alleging that said John O. Swenson is a mentally incompetent person, and praying that he, Casper W. Elquist, or some other suitable person, be appointed as guardian of his person and estate.

It is ordered, that the seventh day of December A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that notice thereof be given by personal service of a copy of this order upon said John O. Swenson and upon such of his nearest relatives and presumptive heirs-at-law as reside within said county, at least fourteen days previous to said day of hearing.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all others of his nearest relatives and presumptive heirs at law by a publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Gladstone Delta, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

A true copy
JUDY YELLAND
Judge of Probate.
ELLA FRECHETTE
Register of Probate.

Homestead Notice

DEPT. OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE MICH.
November 9, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Andrew Kaimala of Rock, Michigan, who, on October 19, 1909 made Homestead Application, No. 6222, for North half of Southwest quarter and Northwest quarter of Southeast quarter Section 36, Township 43 N., Range 24 W., Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the County Clerk of Delta county at Escanaba, Michigan, on the 22nd day of December 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Hawlock H. Currie All of Turin Michigan
Carl Anderson " " "
Charles Silvola " " "
Esa Halmoeja " " "

OZRO A. BOWEN
Register.

Execution Sale

Nov. 7, 1914 Dec. 19, 1914

Notice is hereby given, that, by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, dated the fifth day of November 1914, issued out of the Circuit Court for the County of Delta, State of Michigan, in favor of Claus Brodine and Oscar Brodine vs. the real-estate of Walter Brodine hereinafter more particularly described, in said county, to me directed and delivered, I did, on the sixth day of November, 1914, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said Walter Brodine in and to the following described real estate: Lots numbered fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of block numbered (7) of the Marble addition to the City of Gladstone, Delta County, Michigan according to the recorded plat thereof on file or of record in the office of the Register of deeds in and for Delta County, subject however, to a mortgage given by said Walter Brodine, defendant, to one John W. Johnson, recorded in Liber Four of Mortgages on page 84 in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Delta county. All of which, I shall expose for sale at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court house in the City of Escanaba in said County, Michigan according to the place of holding the Circuit Court for the said County of Delta, on the 28th day of December next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this sixth day of November A. D. 1914.
GEORGE CURRAN,
Deputy Sheriff

GLENN W. JACKSON,
Attorney for Plaintiffs
Business Address, Gladstone, Michigan

GET A LINE

On the variety of wines, cigars, Malt Liquors, old Whiskies, Brandies, and other fine beverages from all lands, Hammerfest to Gibraltar, that I have all ready to serve. My Eating and Sleeping goods are fine also. Welcome everybody, at The Harbor.

ANDREW STEVENSON
JUST ROUND THE CORNER

GLADSTONE LODGE NO 163

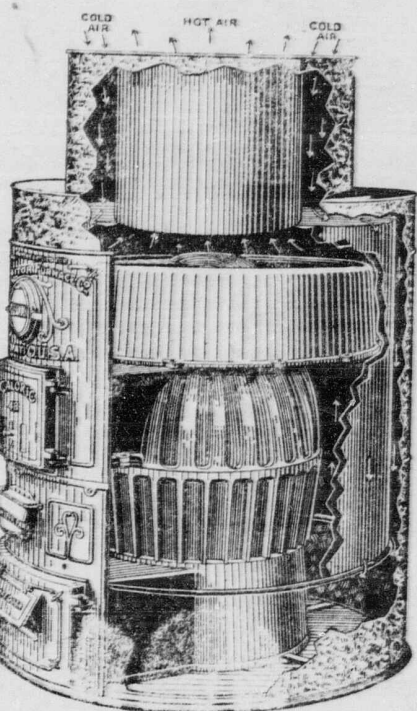


Meets every Tuesday in Castle Hall, Odd Fellows' Block 919 Delta Ave.

All Visiting Knights are Welcomed

YOU SAVE FUEL

As well as first cost when you put in the



Monitor Caloric Furnace

It will heat your house or store with less fuel and work than any other furnace and it costs less. If you value money, consult

THE GLADSTONE HEATING & PLUMBING CO.

Polar Bears

Are seldom seen so far south as the latitude of Gladstone,—N. 45-50. But you can see something just as good if you will apply to my assistant, Mr. Snauweart or to myself, direct. We are both ready at all times to set out to you any kind of plain or fancy drink, American or imported—the imported may be exhausted before the War ends.

Yours for Peace.

Soren Johnson

901 DELTA

A Desperate Situation

BY EUNICE BLAKE

At an Episcopal mission on the Chinese coast situated far from any white settlement the Rev. Mr. Waterman, a lean and hungry looking bachelor of forty-five, went to the superintendent, Mr. Blanchard, and said:

"I have been laboring in this field now for twenty years and have never been associated with any but Chinese during that time save only my co-workers. I must resign and go to another field."

Mr. Blanchard, unwilling to lose so valuable an assistant, said:

"Supposing, brother, a companion could be given you—a wife to labor with you and cheer you?"

Mr. Waterman thought in that case that he could stand it awhile longer, but he didn't know where the wife was to come from. There were only married white women at the station, and he would not marry a heathen Chinese woman. Mr. Blanchard told him that there were women without husbands in civilized lands who might be induced to come out and marry a clergyman.

A few months after this conversation the Rev. Mr. Southgate, twenty-five years old and a bachelor, was standing on the dock belonging to the station awaiting the coming of a ship that appeared to the eastward. He was so homesick that anything coming from a Christian land interested him, and his object in being on the dock was to see a ship that had come from the land he loved.

When the ship was docked and the gangplank in position the only woman who came down it was not only white, but comely. She seemed much cast down. Mr. Southgate approached her, raised his hat and asked if he could do anything for her.

"I have some business with the Rev. Mr. Waterman," she said, "but I don't wish to go directly to his house. Can you direct me to a place where I can lodge temporarily?"

"Let me take that bag," was the reply, "and the other things. I will think of some place for you while we are walking to the station. There is not much in the way of accommodation here. How long will you need a lodging place?"

"That I can't say. Do you know Mr. Waterman?"

"Oh, yes, very well."
"What kind of a person is he?"
"A very excellent man indeed."
"Is he good looking?"
"Oh, no. Mr. Waterman is not good looking."

"How old is he?"
"Between forty-five and fifty."
"Light or dark?"
"Neither. He has red hair and many freckles."
The young woman stopped. Mr. Southgate looked at her inquiringly.

"I'm going back on the ship," she said.
"Going back on the ship?"
"Yes—sobbing—I came out here to marry Mr. Waterman, not knowing anything about him. From what you say he must be frightful."

There was a long silence, during which the young woman wept.
"You are sure you wouldn't marry Mr. Waterman?"
"Yes, I am. I'll jump in the sea first. I have nothing to go back to and am desperate. Perhaps the best thing I can do is to drown myself."

"Oh, dear, no! You needn't do that. Would you be contented to remain here as the wife of a man about my age?"
"Perhaps," was the indefinite reply.
"I wouldn't mind helping you out, that is, if you would permit me."
There was no reply to this, but the sobs were less frequent.

"If you're going to take me," continued Mr. Southgate, "it might be less embarrassing for you to marry me before you see Mr. Waterman."
"Perhaps it would."
"But there must be some reason given. It must be reported as a mistake."
"You might tell me you are Mr. Waterman."

"That would be untrue."
"I have never told a lie, but I have never been placed in such a position before. I will say that I forgot the name; that I thought it was Southgate."
"There comes Waterman, now."
"Oh, heavens!"
"Let us turn down this walk."

The sight of Mr. Waterman struck the poor girl with terror. She clung to her escort and trembled. They met a young clergyman, and Southgate said to him:
"Marbury, got anything to do just now?"
"Nothing particular."
"Go to the chapel; I wish you to do something very particular."
Marbury consented and in a few minutes was joined by the couple.
"Marry us," said Southgate.
"Marry you?"

"Yes. This young lady came out here on a venture to marry old Waterman. I'm her only hope."
The marriage ceremony was performed and the two were made one. When it was over Southgate said to Marbury: "Go to Blanchard and tell him. Get him to fix it up with Waterman, that's a good fellow."
"I'll do it. Are there any more like you coming?" he asked the bride.

She smiled and said, "No, I hope not for your sakes."
Mr. Blanchard fixed the matter by sending Mr. Waterman to civilization to find a wife for himself.

First Riddle.
The first riddle on record is that propounded by Samson to the thirty companions who came to the marriage feast of his wife—afterward burned to death with her father by the Philistines—and for the answer to which he promised to give them 30 sheets and 30 changes of garments. "Out of the eater came forth meat, and out of the strong came forth sweetness." For the outcome, see the book of Judges, 14:12-20.

Trade at the QUALITY STORE

We give full weight and measure, we don't sell storage eggs and butter and tell our trade it's fresh, but always tell the truth.

A few specials for this week.

- W. N. Clark's Apple Sauce 20c
- 25c now
- Ferdell Pineapple 25c
- 35c now
- Ferdell Peaches 30c
- 35c now
- Ferdell Pears 30c
- 35c now
- Ferdell Baked Beans 10c
- 15c now

Everything in Apples

GLADSTONE GROCERY

"THE QUALITY STORE"

P. J. LINDBLAD, PROP. PHONE 51

FALL OPENING

Begins at

THE MIDWAY

right off and continues until it ends. I am showing the latest and earliest styles in short and long drinks, and in all colors and fancy weaves. Come in as you pass and look us over. Anyhow, don't overlook

MAGNUS ANDERSON

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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AT THE PETERSON

You will find entertainment continuously. We offer a change of program whenever you choose; and what more do you want?

We have movies from all climates and can put things into them for you, if you prefer mixed Lickers. Anyway, try our line of goods. The place is right on your way going or coming.

P. W. PETERSON

711 DELTA AVE.

POINTERS ON PRINTING

BY PROFESSIONAL PUBLICISTS

Richard W. Sears, whose career typified the romance of American business, was the largest user of printing the world has ever known. He never allowed printed matter to be issued until it represented his ideas, down to the smallest detail, of how it should be done. His one idea was to get it right.—Printers' Ink.

The man who spends hours and hours on the text matter and then tries to "economize" on the stock on which he puts that text is no different from the sales manager who sends his star salesman out in a shabby suit of clothes.—The Ambassador.

We are entering an era of the absolute necessity for the printed word, an era when the printed word will be more productive than ever before. Think it over and act.—The Antidote for the Waste Basket Habit.

A camel has an easy job making his getaway through the eye of a needle, compared with the fellow who tries to get results from poorly printed advertising matter.—Ad-points.

To buy poor printing because the price is low is like placing your bet on an old nag because the odds offered are high.—Ad-points.

THE GLADSTONE DELTA

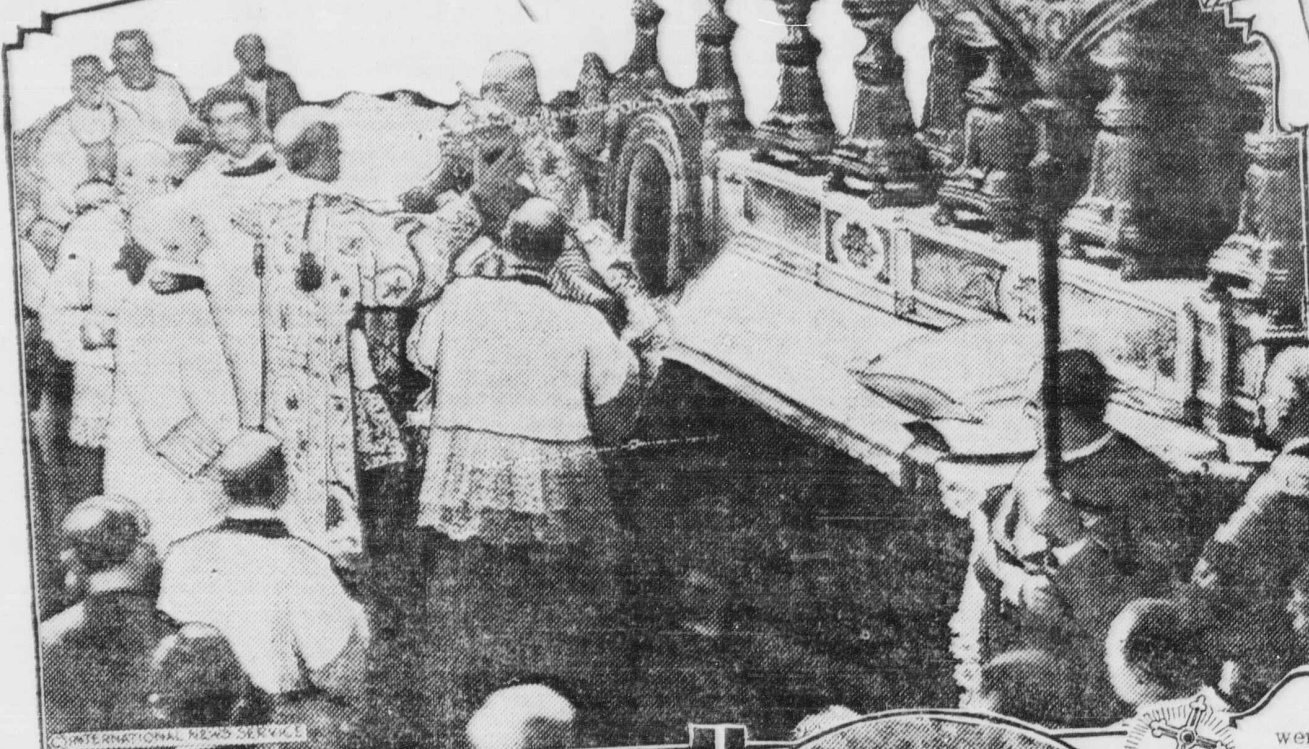
INTELLIGENT PRINTING.

BENEDICT XV to WORK a REVOLUTION at the VATICAN



The new archbishop first went to Bologna in 1908. He immediately adopted energetic measures to exact the fullest observance of the strictest discipline from his rather free and easy-going clergy, and when they protested, saying: "In the past things were managed differently," the new archbishop would reply: "Yes, but let the past alone, we have the present to deal with now."

Though far from rich, the new pope was famous for his enlightened and generous charity. It is calculated that during the eight years he was in Bologna he spent some 15,000 francs a year of his own private income and none who sought help at his antechamber ever went away dissatisfied.



CROWNING OF POPE BENEDICT

DELLA CHIESA was almost exiled from Rome to be the archbishop of Bologna because he was the disciple of Rampolla. His elevation to the cardinalate was delayed until last spring, also because it was thought this honoring of Della Chiesa would be something gained by the Rampolla faction at the Vatican. Throughout, Della Chiesa has been known as identified with Rampolla in contrast to the policies of Pius X and Merry del Val.



ELECTING A NEW POPE

And now Della Chiesa is Pope Benedict XV! Truly it is the return of Rampolla in the spirit if not in the flesh.

In a thousand ways, some little and some big, a revolution will be wrought at the Vatican. Just to mention a minor matter—Pius X could converse in no modern tongue save Italian. Foreigners had to talk through an interpreter on the rare occasions when they were received by his holiness. Benedict XV speaks fluently English, French, Spanish and understands German. Like Leo XIII, he will make a practice of addressing every visitor in his native language.

If, on leaving Bologna, Benedict XV failed to buy a return ticket to his archdiocese as Pius X did when in 1903 he left Venice to attend the conclave from which he emerged pontiff, yet Cardinal Della Chiesa little expected to sit a few days afterward on the throne of Peter. A faithful disciple of Rampolla, and, as such, little liked by the state chancellery set of cardinals, and a cardinal of only a few months' standing, the archbishop knew that he had against him the supporters of Pius X's new religious and political policies, the secretary of state with his powerful friends and, perhaps, the votes and the influence of all German and Austrian cardinals.

It was perhaps due to these many obstacles in his way that the clergy and the civil authorities of the diocese of Bologna failed to escort the archbishop to the railroad station and wish him all success as to the custom.

What happened within the frescoed walls of the Sistine chapel will not be known for some time to come. One day, when Benedict XV will consider the time ripe, the necessary permission will be given and a new Cardinal Mathieu will publish his diary of the conclave, giving the details of the religious and diplomatic struggle that led the sacred college to vote for Cardinal Della Chiesa.

Giacoma Della Chiesa was born in Genoa on November 21, 1854, and belongs to one of the oldest families of the Riviera. On his mother's side his family has already given to the church another pope, Cosimo Migliorati, who was Innocent VII (1404-1406), while on his father's, the new pope is connected with nearly thirty aristocratic families of northern Italy, among whom are some of the most prominent society leaders of the capital, like Marquis Durazzo, Prince Centurione and Count Sasshi.

Of Benedict XV's boyhood days very little is known. His sister-in-law relates that he was a quiet, obedient lad who studied and seldom indulged in his companions' pastimes. One day, when only twelve, the young marquis approached his father and told him pointblank that he wanted to become a priest. His father thought it over for a minute and then said:

"Very well, but first get your diploma and then renew your request."

For eight years not a word more was said on the subject. The young man attended the school at Genoa, always distinguishing himself and later on entered the law faculty of the local university. His early inclination had been wholly forgotten by all when one day the young man returned home and laying on his father's desk the parchment stating that he was a full-fledged doctor of law, said:

"Now, will you give me your consent to become a priest?"

The old marquis was thunderstruck. There stood before him the same slim figure of eight years previous, whose steady gaze betrayed a strong determination. The marquis surveyed him carefully and then said:

"Of course, if you still think so."

That settled it. A few months later the young man entered the Capranica college in Rome, where he took his minor orders, and later on the Nobles' academy, where he graduated as D. D. It was while he was teaching that the then Cardinal Rampolla put his eyes on him. In 1885, when the Caroline Islands questions came up and Rampolla was sent to Spain as special envoy, Della Chiesa was given him as his secretary and highly distinguished himself. The happy solution in 1887 of the Caroline Islands question by Leo XIII opened to Rampolla the gate of the Vatican state chancellery and Monsignor Della Chiesa went with him, beginning at the bottom of the ladder. A few years later, however, he succeeded Mon-

signor Tripepi, who was appointed cardinal, as Rampolla's substitute, and this gave him the opportunity of acquiring under great masters, Leo XIII and Cardinal Rampolla, the wide diplomatic experience which is now his chief asset.

The many years spent at the state chancellery were the happiest of Benedict XV's life in Rome as a prelate. He resided with his mother, to whom he was deeply devoted, in Piazza S. Eustachio, in an apartment that the marchioness had furnished for him and which was the meeting place of Catholic artists and literati. Every evening the young diplomat found himself surrounded by a number of devoted friends, who were never tired of listening to his brilliant conversation, and for whom he always had a good Havana and a delicious cup of mocha. Politics was severely banished from the conversations. One evening to a diplomat who wanted his opinion on some burning question, the young Monsignor said:

"My friend, why do you want to ruin your digestion and my appetite?"

On another occasion, having been asked whether the affairs of the church were proceeding smoothly, he smilingly replied:

"No, they limp some, like me."

With Leo XIII's death and Rampolla's failure to be elected pope Monsignor Della Chiesa's happy days at the state chancellery came to an end. Although he still retained his position as Cardinal del Val's substitute, yet his influence was gone and he was gradually put aside. The new elements, composed of trusted friends of the new secretary of state, were hostile to him chiefly for the fact that he retained for his superior a devotion only equal to that for his mother. The new secretary of state knew that if Rampolla was gone Della Chiesa represented in the state chancellery Rampolla's tradition. Yet they did not dare remove him. His services, his advice, were still regarded as precious and besides a man of Della Chiesa's intellectual caliber could not be appointed to a minor position.

The opportunity of removing Della Chiesa came in 1908 when, following the death of Cardinal Svampa, the archiepiscopal see of Bologna became vacant. In order to prevent criticism of all sorts Pius X decided to consecrate the new archbishop personally, but everybody understood that the idea was to send away from Rome one of Rampolla's devoted friends.

While archbishop of Bologna Benedict XV gained the reputation of being a strict disciplinarian, a hard worker and a man of well-defined ideas. His activity was prodigious; though he invariably sat up at his desk till long after midnight he was at work again in the morning at five. On one occasion, though seriously ill, he rose from his sickbed to perform a pastoral visit to a little mountain village, not wishing to disappoint the inhabitants.

The see of Bologna has always been occupied by a cardinal. This, although not a right, was a tradition, which had invariably been respected and the Bolognese expected their archbishop to receive the purple shortly after his appointment. But time passed and no intimation came from the Vatican. More than once petitions were sent to the holy father, but they were, it is said, always thwarted by the secretary of state, who thought that the purple conferred upon Monsignor Della Chiesa would be taken to mean a recognition of Rampolla's services as secretary of state.

This systematic opposition lasted for several years, till the death of Rampolla put an end to it. In fact the Bologna archbishop was created a cardinal in the consistory of May last.

Benedict XV, although of noble lineage, is comparatively poor, and when the news reached him that he was to receive the red hat he was seriously embarrassed to meet the expenses. A committee of Bolognese nobles was organized to present the new cardinal with some sort of souvenir and a large sum of money was collected. After a long consultation it was decided to present him with a motor car. Five thousand francs remained and the opinion of the cardinal was asked as to how it should be employed.

"Give it to me," said the cardinal promptly, "for I have been obliged to run into debt, owing to my nomination."

His cardinal's robes were presented to him by the Marchioness Carega of Genoa, who is one of his relatives.

As a rigid moralist Mgr. Della Chiesa entertained a special dislike for dances of doubtful taste, more especially for the tango. He was the first bishop to condemn the tango in Italy and his pastoral letter warning the Bolognese not to indulge in the new dances preceded only a few days that issued by the vicar of Rome. Naturally he made many victims among the dancing masters of Bologna, and when one of these appealed to him in order to explain to him what the dance consisted of, the archbishop replied:

"Never. I will rather give you two thousand francs."

And pushing a roll of banknotes in the astonished professor's hands he added, with a show of mighty severity:

"Come for more when you need it."

Benedict XV is not only versed in theology and common law, but possesses sound and vast knowledge of ancient and modern literature and is a confirmed admirer of D'Annunzio.

Nor does he disdain a certain form of physical exercise. He loves tennis and during the summer when he repaired for a short rest to the family castle at Pegli near Genoa, he played tennis for several hours every day with his many nieces and nephews.

Although a hard worker, the new pontiff is a poor eater and likes plain and simple foods. It is related that on the eve of his periodical visits to the many parishes of his vast archdiocese he used to send a circular letter to the priests warning them against going to too much trouble on account of his visit. In one instance the parish priest thought that the bishop sent this circular in order to avoid him embarrassment and prepared an elaborate dinner. After the second course had been consumed the archbishop, seeing that a third was coming, asked the priest whether there were any poor in his parish. The priest, expecting a donation, said:

"Oh, yes; they are plentiful."

Annoyed and angry the archbishop replied: "Well, one would not think so, judging by the quantity of viands you have prepared. Give them to the poor."

FIRST AID.

Unfortunate Pedestrian (who has been knocked down and is a little dazed)—Where am I? Where am I?
Enterprising Hawker—Ere y' are, sir—may of London, I penny.—Punch.

SUCH A FOOLISHMENT.

"Grave step!" yelled the German officer.
"Can't do it," answered a private, saluting.
"Why not?" exploded the astonished captain.
"We're wearing duck pants," replied the soldier.

KILLING TIME ON THE TRAIN

Englishman Describes What One Might Call the Game of "Traveling by Ear."

A new way of passing the time on the railway train is described by a writer in the Manchester Guardian, who modestly adds that he does not think the game "as silly as putting jig-saw puzzles together."

My fellow travelers think I am asleep when I shut my eyes and lean back on the cushions of the railway compartment. But in reality I am amusing myself with a little game of my own, which I call "traveling by ear." You can only do it satisfactorily, of course, on a familiar bit of line, although it is quite interesting on a strange road. On the route I travel almost daily, I know my way very well by the sounds of the track. I can tell to a yard when we are running on an embankment, when we slide into a cutting, and what station it is (this mainly by the sound of the adjacent bridge that we run under or over). The sound of a deep rock cutting is quite distinctive, and different, although there are points of resemblance, too, from the dull roar of a tunnel.

Tunnels in limestone, adds our correspondent, seem to me to have an individual and rather unpleasant sharpness—piercingness—of roar. Upward gradients slacken the pace of a train, of course, and also alter what I can only call its "footfall" noise, and when we come to the top of an incline, it seems as if the train gave a kick as if to say: "There!" ere its l-boring changes into easy gliding and swifter speed on the level. On my homeward journey our driver generally slackens speed a trifle as we run over a ringing girder viaduct; then after a few yards of deep cutting, we run under a wide and shallow bridge just before the home station is reached. I time precisely my movements so as to open my eyes, rise to my feet, get my parcels off the rack, and have the window dropped exactly as the train stops.

REALLY GOOD MUSICAL PUNS

If Such Play Upon Words Ever Is Pardonable, These Two May Be Pardonable.

It is said that a respectable tradesman of the name of G. Sharp was astonished one morning to find that some musical wag had added to his name the words "is a flat," which, however correct in a musical sense, was certainly far from complimentary to the worthy tradesman.

There is another instance in which a capital musical pun was perpetrated, equally correct in a technical sense, and equally uncomplimentary to the person at whose expense it was made. Two gentlemen were passing the shop of a music seller in the southeast district of the metropolis, and the proprietor was standing outside the door. As they did so, one of them pointed in the direction of the shop, and remarked:

"That liar is always outside!"

The unoffending tradesman heard the remark, and wonderful to relate, seemed immensely tickled at the observation. The secret of it was that he thought the remark had reference to his sign—a golden lyre—over the shop-front.—London Tit-Bits.

Seeing Contemporaries as They Are.

After all, the test of a vacation is the renewed zest with which we take up our work on our return. The person who lives among his contemporaries all the time has no idea what interesting people they are. They appear even romantic when one returns to them from a short trip abroad. There is a moment before we begin again to do things, when we have leisure to see things.

Of course, we must take up our responsibilities again. Our serious business with our contemporaries is to improve their conditions, their morals and their manners. We do not have too much time for this work. But before we begin again the attempt to make them what they ought to be, we may enjoy the moment when we have enough freshness of vision to see them as they are.—Atlantic Monthly.

First to Distill Perfumes.

The process of distilling perfumes was invented by Avicenna, an Arabian doctor who lived in the tenth century. He was the first to discover the process of separating the aroma from the plants and flowers so that it could be used instead of greasy unguents and smelly oils. Early-day physicians used to prescribe certain sweet odors for various ailments, particularly in the case of nervousness. The Egyptian women wore strings of scented beads on their necks, as do the Chinese women of today and the modern woman with her string of scented rose beads.

Vulnerable.

During an election that took place in a certain town in Yorkshire, a well-known man, taking his little son with him, was going to the polling station to cast his vote. On the way he met a friend going on the same errand as himself, with whom he got into conversation. After a very exciting argument, the two men came to blows.

The poor lad was very much frightened, and, seeing that his father was getting the worst of it, suddenly called out to him:

"Hit him in the watch, father; that's cost him something!"



U. S. Cartridges have won more Government tests than all other makes combined. World's Championship Rifle Teams habitually use U. S. Cartridges.

The U. S. Primer is different. Instead of being a mechanical mixture of fulminate of mercury and ground glass, the U. S. Primer is a strictly chemical mixture that combines uniformly and makes a uniform explosion—one cartridge acting just like the others—quick, regular and with an unvarying accuracy of bullet flight.

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All Government-made cartridges are required to have this type of primer.

U. S. Cartridges will improve your marksmanship, at least to the extent of hitting where you aim.

Send Post for Interesting Historical Booklet, "American Marksmanship."

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Makers of THE BLACK SHELLS
Dept. 29 Lowell, Mass.

SOME TERRIBLE WAR BILLS

That of the United States Government Heads the List in Point of Size.

The wars of Napoleon in 13 years cost France \$1,000,000,000, writes Wendell Phillips Dodge in Leslie's. Our Civil war expenditure of the federal government was \$3,400,000,000, nearly thirteen times as much a year as Napoleon's. The Franco-German war cost France \$1,550,000,000, besides an added war indemnity of \$1,000,000,000. This same great war, which lasted only 190 days, cost Germany \$450,000,000 for an average fighting force of 1,250,000 men. The other big European war of the past half century, the Russo-Turkish war, cost Russia \$786,100,000, but she had two years' fighting for her money. The war in the far East cost Japan \$650,000,000 and Russia \$723,000,000, not counting lost ships. Only toward the end had either side anything like a million men in the field. Italy's little war with Turkey cost \$400,000 a day, allowing for a mere 60,000 fighting men; and the Boer war, in which England's army averaged 200,000, cost \$1,055,000,000 in two and a half years.

Too Good.

Reggy—Sweet Arline, will you be mine?

Sweet Arline—Before I answer your question let me ask you one. Do you swear when you lose your collar stud?

Reggy—Never!

Sweet Arline—Then it cannot be. I cannot marry a man who has no spirit.

Love is a curious thing. A girl doesn't even marry a professional ball player because he is a good catch.

Superior—

"Surpassing others in greatness, goodness, extent or value of any quality."—Century Dictionary.

That's the definition, and that's why Post Toasties are called the

Superior Corn Flakes

—the surpassing, delicate Indian Corn flavour being sealed in by skillful toasting with sugar and salt.

Post Toasties

are made in clean, airy, modern factories—cooked, seasoned, rolled and toasted to crisp golden flakes—

Ready to serve direct from the package.

To secure the Superior Corn Flakes, ask for

Post Toasties

—sold by Grocers.

WINCHESTER

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REVOLVER AND PISTOL CARTRIDGES.

Winchester Revolver and Pistol cartridges in all calibers prove their superiority by the targets they make. Shoot them and you'll find they are ACCURATE, CLEAN, SURE



When You Buy Work Shoes It Is a Question of Durability and Comfort

Both are combined in the

"Bradley Milwaukee-Made Line"

Representing the highest possible average of excellence in workmanship and material—the only factors which make for successful work shoes in which long wear and comfort must feature.

Your dealer should carry this line. If he is unable to supply you, give us his name and address.

"To Make Good Shoes Is to Make Good Friends"

BRADLEY & METCALF CO., Milwaukee
Manufacturers
ESTABLISHED SINCE 1843

Its Kind.

"This man threw a lamp at his wife."

"Then indict him for light assault."

The girl who steals a man's heart is liable to get a life sentence at hard labor.

Many a man gets the reputation of being a good talker without saying much of anything.—Albany Journal.

A Fine Night.

Maude Marie was a sentimental miss of twenty summers, who seemed to look on the world with a gentle sigh, relates the Kansas City Star. John Henry, who though her some sweetness was almost crudely practical. One evening they were leisurely rambling along the country road when John Henry noticed that Maude Marie's thoughts seemed far off.

"You look like somnambulism, Marie," remarked the young man.

"Where are your thoughts?"

"I was thinking of the night, John, dear," tenderly replied the fair one.

"Isn't it sublime? Isn't it glorious? Isn't it the most wonderful night you ever saw?"

"Yes," was the startling rejoinder of the practical John. "It is just the kind of a night to shoot cats."

We Buy and Sell Timothy, Red, White, Alsaye and Alfalfa Clovers, Red Top, Millets, Blue Grass, Poas, Seed Grain, Seed Corn. Ask for prices. Mail samples for bids. Milwaukee Seed Co., 104-106 W. Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

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Throw away your crank, start from the seat with Standby Two-Compression Starter. Distributors from all others. Promptly guaranteed to start. Price now \$14. Write, SANDBERG BROS. CO., 38 Sandberg Bldg., Rock Island, Ill.

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\$100 CASH to every man, woman and young girl immediately assisting United States Air Fleet and Red Cross. Ask Authorization. Supplies, postage etc. Air Fleet, Times Square, 32, New York.

Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High est references. Best results.

How You Will Enjoy Reading by the Rayo Lamp

No tired eyes or eye strain from its soft yet brilliant, steady glow, which floods the center table so that all the family has a good light by which to read, sew or study.

Experts everywhere agree that the light given by a kerosene lamp is best for the eyes.

3,000,000 middle western homes say there is no lamp like the RAYO—that it gives the most satisfactory light in either city or country homes. Ask your dealer for demonstration. Illustrated booklet on request.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (AN INDIANA CORPORATION) Chicago, Illinois



WAITING FOR YOU

160 Acre Farms in Western Canada FREE

Yes, waiting for every farmer or farmer's son—any industrious American who is anxious to establish for himself a happy home and prosperity. Canada's hearty invitation this year is more attractive than ever. Wheat is higher but her farm land just as cheap and in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

160 Acre Homesteads are Actually Free to Settlers and Other Land at From \$15 to \$20 per Acre

The people of European countries as well as the American continent must be fed—thus an even greater demand for Canadian Wheat will keep up the price. Any farmer who can buy land at \$15.00 to \$20.00 per acre—get a dollar for wheat and raise 20 to 45 bushels to the acre is bound to make money—that's what you can expect in Western Canada. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. The excellent grasses, full of nutrition, are the only food required either for beef or dairy purposes. Good schools, markets convenient, climate excellent.

Military service is not compulsory in Canada but there is an unusual demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for service in the war. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to

Geo. A. Hall, 123 Second Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; C. A. Laurier, Marquette, Mich.

Canadian Government Agents.

FOOLED THE PANTHER

UNCLE BILL OBJECTED TO FURNISHING HER MEAL.

Old Frontiersman Naturally Delights Relating to His Grandchildren How Narrowly He Escaped From Hideous Death.

Uncle Bill Joyce lives down in southwestern Missouri, on the edge of the Ozark country. He has lived there a great many years, for he is an old man now, and he is full of entertaining reminiscence of the days when that corner of the state was still almost a wilderness. Among the stories he loves to tell the open-mouthed children of a more sheltered generation is this account of a lively adventure with the animal that all old frontiersmen used to call a "painter." Uncle Bill will begin:

One day in the summer of 1857, I shouldered my rifle and started for a day's hunt. I was bound for a small prairie some five or six miles from home. After hunting for deer a spell without seeing a sign, I turned into a small grove of walnut, oak and mulberry to hunt for squirrels. I got a good many of them during the morning. Once or twice I stopped to listen to a queer noise that I could hardly hear, it was so far away. It was a long, quavering cry that died away gradually, but it came no nearer, and finally stopped altogether.

When it came noon, I went to a spring I knew of and ate the lunch that I had brought with me. Then I thought I would go on to the prairie and hunt for wild geese—that was really what I had in mind when I started. But I felt sleepy, and thought I would take a nap first, and so I stretched myself in a shady place and fell asleep.

I woke a little later to find myself covered with leaves and small brush. I was puzzled sure enough, for I couldn't think what could have covered me up, but I decided to find out. First I got a dead log about six feet long, laid it where I had slept, and covered it with leaves and brush. I looked to see whether my gun was loaded, and then I hid in a clump of bushes some twenty or twenty-five yards away. After about twenty minutes I heard a noise. I peered out of the bushes, and saw a large she-pant her coming through the trees, followed by a quarter-grown cub. She circled round the mound of leaves a couple of times; the cub followed every action of its mother. After the second round, the old panther crouched as if for a spring. She crouched lower and lower, and kept drawing her feet closer together. She kept her eyes fastened on the mound of leaves. All the time, and swayed her tail from side to side with a slow, regular motion.

When she had gathered her feet as close together as she could, she sprang for the pile of leaves. She landed in the very middle of the pile, and gave several long, wicked rakes with her hind feet. Then she began to smell and scratch in the leaves. It didn't take her long to find out that there was nothing but an old log there, and she stopped scratching and began to look about. I thought that now was the time to settle matters. I was a little to her left and behind her; I caught a sight just at the base of her ear, and fired. She gave one leap and a shrill scream, and then lay still.

After making sure that she was dead, I looked for the cub. It was sitting near by on the side of a leaning tree, spitting and snarling angrily. I soon put an end to that with a rifle ball. I never knew a man so well hunted as I was without being hurt. She probably took me for dead, and covered me to keep other animals from finding me while she went after her cub.—Youth's Companion.

That Settled It.

Mrs. Charles H. Anthony of Muncie, whose beautiful wardrobe, designed by herself, impressed Paris before the outbreak of the war, said to a New York reporter the other day:

"Now is the time to introduce modest, home-made fashions for the fall and winter. The European fashion market is idle now. Let the American designer, then, get to work.

"American women will welcome modest fashions, for few of them are as perverse as the American woman I heard about in Paris.

"A friend said at a ball to this woman's husband:

"How the men are flocking round your wife! I thought you said you'd never let her wear one of those shocking evening gowns without shoulder-straps?"

"I know," the other man answered, "but she happened to hear me say it."

—Buffalo Express.

The Zuyder Zee.

The Zuyder Zee, or Southern sea, was formerly a lake surrounded by fens and marshes, its present extent being chiefly the result of floods which occurred in the thirteenth century. Its area is about two thousand square miles and the average depth from ten to nineteen feet. It has always been the work of the Hollanders to recover as much as possible of the land lost to them in this manner in past ages, and in the literal sense they can be said to have made half their country, having reclaimed over one million acres from sea, lake and river since the sixteenth century.

Put That Pain to Use

The network of nerves in your body, like the network of wires in a burglar alarm system, gives quick warning when anything is going wrong inside. Looking at it in this way a pain is a useful alarm. Now, kidney weakness is a dangerous thing—a condition not to be neglected—and it is wise to know and pay attention to the early alarm signals of sick kidneys.

Backache is a common warning of congestion or inflammation in the kidneys. It may be dull, nagging pain, or a sharp twinge when stooping or lifting. There are likely to be disorders of urination, dizziness, headaches, and drowsy, despondent, tired feelings.

It is very hard to strengthen weak kidneys at first, but neglect invites rheumatic or neuralgic attacks, gravel, dropsy, and fatal Bright's disease.

As a special medicine for weak kidneys Doan's Kidney Pills have been used for years all over the civilized world, and surely are considered reliable. The patient can always help the medicine immensely, however, by dieting lightly, using little or no liquor, tea or coffee, keeping regular hours and drinking lots of pure water.



As to Doan's Kidney Pills, read the following enthusiastic endorsement by one who has tested them.

ALMOST FELL FROM DIZZINESS

Cured by Doan's After Doctors and Hospital Treatment Failed Completely

Anthony Ruf, 504 W. Elm St., Chippewa Falls, Wis., says: "I had a lot of trouble from my kidneys. The secretions contained sediment and passed too frequently. The passages were painful. My back ached constantly and I had sharp pains all through my body. Often I was so stiff I could hardly move. My head ached and I got so dizzy that I had to grasp something to keep from falling. Mornings I got up feeling all worn out. I doctored and tried all kinds of advertised medicines, but nothing benefited me. Finally I went to the hospital and though they helped me while I was there, as soon as I returned home I got worse again. When a friend told me about Doan's Kidney Pills I used them. I soon felt better. Continued use made me well. The pains left my back and I enjoyed better health than I have in thirty years. Since then I have never been without a box of Doan's Kidney Pills on hand and I know that I owe my life to them. Another of my family has also taken Doan's Kidney Pills with great benefit."

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name"

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold by all Dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Proprietors

OBJECTION PLACED ON AGE

But Young Lady's Idea Was Altogether Different From What Corporal Had Feared.

"What pensions, what millions and billions in pensions, this horrible war is going to entail," said Major Fitzgerald of Boston. He added:

"And some of these pensions will go on longer than they should, because some of the pensioners in their old age will marry young girls—for an old pensioner makes a good parti, since his pension, you know, falls on his death to his widow.

"I heard the other day about an old Civil war pensioner who proposed to the hired girl next door, a very pretty girl of twenty or so. But she refused him.

"Perhaps," he stammered then, stroking in his embarrassment his long and snow-white beard, "perhaps I am too old."

"No," said the pretty hired girl calmly; "no, corporal, you're too young."

Mighty Handy.

Some negroes are insatiable "jiners," and their favorite organizations are those which assure an ostentatious funeral.

A mistress was remonstrating with her servant about belonging to one of them.

"Bonnieb, don't you think it is mighty foolish to pay the 'Friends and True Mourners' society' twenty-five cents every month?"

"Naw'm, Miss May, I don't. You see, dee ain't like some of de societies; dee acts liberal, and don't skimp on nothin'. Dee gives you de finest kind of coffin, en makes a way for ev'rybody to git to your burial. En den, 'sides dat, dee gives you thirty dollars at the grave, en you know thirty dollars comes in mighty handy."

Unromantic Times.

"Old Ironsides was the theme of a great patriotic poem."

"Yes; that was a famous ship."

"The loss of the Royal George inspired a noble poem."

"Quite true."

"Great battleships have had their names preserved in many immortal poems."

"No doubt. But what are you driving at?"

"Just this: You can't write a poem about a boat labeled B-14."

A REBELLION Food Demanded.

The human body will stand a lot of abuse, but sometime it will surely rebel and demand proper food in place of the pasty, starchy, greasy stuffs on which it has been made sick.

Then is the time to try Grape-Nuts, the most scientific and perfect food in the world.

A lady of Washington says: "Three years ago I was very ill with catarrh of the stomach and was given up to die by one doctor. I laid in bed four months and my stomach was so weak that I could not keep down medicine or hardly any kind of food and was so weak and emaciated after four months of this starvation that my daughter could easily lift me from bed and put me in my chair.

"But weak as my stomach was, it accepted, relished and digested Grape-Nuts without any difficulty the first time that wonderful food was tried.

"I am now strong and in better health than for a great many years and am gradually growing still stronger. I rely on Grape-Nuts for much of the nourishment that I get. The results have certainly been wonderful in my case and prove that no stomach is so weak it will not digest Grape-Nuts.

"My baby got fat from feeding on Grape-Nuts. I was afraid I would have to stop giving the food to him, but I guess it is a healthy fat, for his health is just perfect." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

"Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest."

His Better Half.

"Here, my dear," said the husband, producing his purse, "here is \$50 I won playing cards over at Brown's last night. You may have it to buy that dress you wanted."

Reluctantly the conscientious wife took the money; then said, with an expression of rigid rectitude:

"I simply shudder at the thought of using money gained in such a way. Henry, promise me that after you have won enough for me to buy the hat to go with the dress you will never touch those awful cards. I don't want my husband to become a gambler."

Hereditarily.

"That gambler's son is a chip off the old block."

"I see. A poker chip."

Many an ill natured wife has developed into a good natured widow.

Occasionally a man's sense of humor may head off the doctor.

Weak Heart

Many people suffer from weak hearts. They may experience shortness of breath on exertion, pain over the heart, or dizzy feelings, oppressed breathing after meals or their eyes become blurred, the heart is not sufficiently strong to pump blood to the extremities, and they have cold hands and feet, or poor appetite because of weakened blood supply to the stomach. A heart tonic and alterative should be taken which has no bad after-effect. Such is

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

which contains no dangerous narcotics or alcohol.

It helps the human system in the constant manufacture of rich, red blood. It helps the stomach to assimilate or take up the proper elements from the food, thereby helping digestion and curing dyspepsia, heart-burn and many uncomfortable symptoms, stops excessive tissue waste in convalescence from fevers; for the run-down, anemic, thin-blooded people, the "Discovery" is refreshing and vitalizing.

In liquid or tablet form at most drug stores or send 50 one-cent stamps for trial box to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Read Chapter VII on Circulatory Organs in the "Medical Adviser"—A French cloth-bound book of 1000 pages sent on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps, address as above.

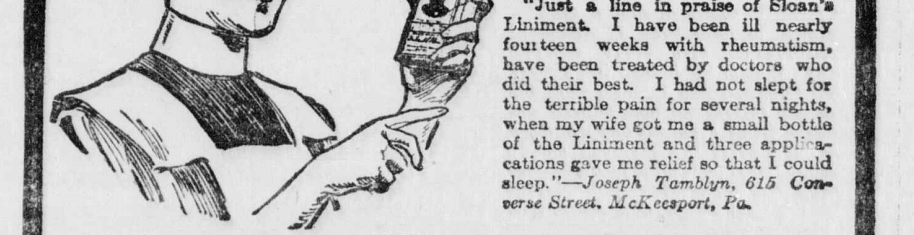
Rheumatism Muscle Colds

"It is easy to use and quick to respond. No work. Just apply. It penetrates without rubbing."

Read What Others Say:

"Have used your Liniment very successfully in a case of rheumatism, and always have a bottle on hand in case of a cold or sore throat. I wish to say I think it one of the best of household remedies. I would not have used it only it was recommended to me by a friend of mine who, I wish to say, is one of the best boosters for your Liniment I ever saw."—J. W. Fuller, Denver, Col.

"Just a line in praise of Sloan's Liniment. I have been ill nearly fourteen weeks with rheumatism, have been treated by doctors who did their best. I had not slept for the terrible pain for several nights, when my wife got me a small bottle of the Liniment and three applications gave me relief so that I could sleep."—Joseph Tamblin, 616 Commerce Street, McKeesport, Pa.



SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Good for Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains and Bruises.

All Dealers 25c.

Send four cents in stamps for a free TRIAL BOTTLE.

DR. EARL S. SLOAN, Inc. Dept. B Philadelphia, Pa.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

W. D. Wood

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ills it has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At drugists. 50c. large box, or by mail, The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

TYPHOID

is no more necessary than smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous effect of this vaccine.

Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than home insurance.

Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, its results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., Chicago, Ill. Producing Vaccines and Serums under U. S. License

READERS of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 48-1914.

PERSONS WHOM WE KNOW

News has been received by Mrs. O'Connell of a severe fire loss suffered at Hibbing, when the Itasca Bazaar store, owned by Mrs. D. M. Power was destroyed by fire November 6. The fire raged furiously, following an explosion in an adjoining building, and consumed the store and contents. Owing to the high premium, the owner had carried no insurance since this summer, and her loss is \$30,000 or more. Mrs. Power, who owns another store in addition to this, is in no way dismayed and will continue in business as before.

There was a large attendance, at the Eagle masquerade last evening, the aerie clearing over forty dollars. Numerous elaborate costumes were worn, and the judges had some difficulty in deciding on the eight prizewinners. The Eagles of the city have received an invitation to the game supper of Escanaba aerie, which will be given November 24.

Isn't it about time to fill your coal bin? Try our new Pocahontas coal for range or furnace. No slack in it.

C. W. DAVIS, Phone 7.

Louis Cretens has been putting his potash works in shape for winter, and will run it steadily, the war having greatly increased the demand for the chemical.

The Gladstone Heating & Plumbing Co., having outgrown their quarters, removed Thursday to the Anderson building, 808 Delta avenue. Here they will have not only more floor space but a convenient business location and a better display window.

Plans are being made by Mr. and Mrs. Michael Gleason for the observance of their golden wedding anniversary. Their numerous children and grandchildren will endeavor to be under the parental roof-tree on Thanksgiving day, when the occasion will suitably be commemorated.

When you or your friend feel like eating some delicious candies just drop into our store and buy a box of Bryn Mawr chocolates. The best candy and the lowest price.

* NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO. G. R. Empson returned Sunday from Lansing where he had gone to argue the case of Seger vs. Northwestern Cooperage & Lumber Co. in the supreme court. A decision is not expected for some weeks.

Jesse Cartwright, who cut his leg severely near Cooks some weeks ago, is recovering. A small artery was severed and caused great loss of blood.

W. A. Narracong entertained the "boys" of the depot office last evening at his home. Cards, refreshments and smokables made the evening pass pleasantly.

Rev. J. A. Forslund has accepted the call issued by the Swedish Lutheran congregation here, and has already made his home in the city.

Mrs. C. H. Scott left Wednesday for Marquette to visit her son Ray for the winter. Miss Gerda Erickson, who accompanied her, returns tomorrow evening.

The Daughters of Rebekah held a lunch and social session, following nomination of officers Monday.

Christmas comes but once a year, and now it's quickly drawing near. Just drop right in and note what's here, there's gifts that any heart will cheer.

* NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO. Mrs. J. A. Hetrick was the hostess last Saturday at a "nut" party. Nut games and nut refreshments made the afternoon an enjoyable one for about thirty guests.

A special meeting of Minnawaska chapter, O. E. S., will be held at the Thursday evening, November 19, for the purpose of initiation.

The Coterie meets next Tuesday with Mrs. W. L. Marble. The program theme will be the general one of Thanksgiving.

C. N. Dewey, fire marshal for this district, was in the city on business Tuesday.

John T. Rowe, inspector of food and dairies for the peninsula, called on the merchants of the city Wednesday.

A son was born Saturday, November 7, to Mr. and Mrs. S. Roy Latimer.

W. W. Gasser was in Escanaba yesterday on business.

H. J. Theriault returned Thursday to Marquette, after spending a couple of days here on business.

Mrs. M. Gasser of Sherman, Mich., is spending the month at the home of her son, W. W. Gasser.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Pearce are spending the week in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Slining went up to Marquette, Tuesday, returning next day.

The Episcopal guild met with Mrs. Fred W. Aslett Wednesday afternoon.

The Presbyterian ladies' aid society met with Mrs. T. C. Jachor Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. W. W. Gasser entertained the ladies of the M. E. church Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Davis arrived at their winter home, in St. Petersburg, Fla., Tuesday.

Miss Grace Barrett came down from Marquette to spend the week end.

George F. McEwen was over from Escanaba Tuesday.

Messrs. J. A. Stewart and C. W. Slade, Sr., returned Wednesday morning from Minneapolis.

OPENING NIGHTS OF THE NEW DELFT THEATRE ESCANABA

MONDAY-TUESDAY NOVEMBER 16 - 17

ADMISSION

Main Floor \$1.00—First Three Rows of Balcony 75c—Rest of Balcony 50c

TUESDAY MATINEE SAME AS EVENING PROGRAM

Every Seat in the House Priced 50 cents

The management has adopted the policy of filling mail orders for seats, in the order of their receipt, before opening the sale at window. Patrons are asked to mail orders at the earliest moment. Check for price of tickets should be enclosed.

Box office open 8:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m., 1:30 to 6:00, 7 to 9 p. m.

5— Big Vaudeville Acts —5

The Biggest Girl Act in Vaudeville by Max Bloom

"THE SUNNY SIDE OF BROADWAY"

17 People and 5 Changes of Scenery in this Stupendous Act.

Madam Busse's Dogs

The most wonderful collection of Performing Canines Ever Shown.

"Billy" Zimmerman

In Impersonations of the Crowned Heads of Europe, including the War Lords.

Four Juvenile Kings

Comedy Singing Act, Full of Laughter and Ginger.

The Grays

Double Vsiced Wonders.

Mrs. J. B. Aylesworth and son Wayne of Gladstone, were in the city enroute to a visit at Appleton.—Mrs. J. D. Shackelford has returned to her home at Schaffer having visited in the city and at Gladstone.—John Conn of Milwaukee left for his home on Thursday after a visit in the city and at Gladstone.—Miss Thelma Mott of Gladstone was in the city yesterday enroute to a visit at Schaffer.—Morning Press, Friday.

George W. Green was the subject of an inquisition by the health department this week. He removed the pit from a deceased cow and left the carcass on the bluff. Without any regard for the food supply of our crows, the authorities pulled up Mr. Green, who paid \$5 for burying the remains.

W. H. Needham of Lena and Joseph Chandenis of Garden Bay, Mich., were here Saturday. Mr. Chandenis is starting a moving picture theatre in his home town and bought the engine and dynamo which Mr. Needham used in the Gem theatre here.—Wausaukee Independent.

We have a complete line of pharmaceuticals and we fill prescriptions under a new system which excludes mistakes. Always a registered man on the job.

* NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO. The Misses Florence and Eunice Needham arrived in the city last evening for a visit.—Miss Stella Scott, who has been attending Lawrence University, was in the city yesterday enroute to Rapid River.—Press

A son was born November 7 to Mr. and Mrs. Axel Frank.

Felix Godin, of Bay de Noc, on a hip, crossed to the city Wednesday with a load of forty bushels of fine onions, which he sold to a merchant of the city.

A large line of millinery of the best modes is offered at any price to move it. There are real bargains.

* O'CONNELL'S. Leo Ronman made a trip to Escanaba Tuesday afternoon.

The Yeoman dance next Thursday evening will be for Yeomen alone. A lunch will be provided by Lady Rowena.

\$350,000 WEST SIDE DEAL

The west side appeared in the real estate market yesterday with an interesting deal. Dr. C. Volini sold to Thomas E. Sullivan the Douglas Park Auditorium building at the northwest corner of Ogden and Kedzie avenues, with a ground area of 66½ by 136 feet. It is reported the price paid for the property was about \$350,000. The auditorium is three stories and basement in height, of red pressed brick and white tile, and contains five stores, ten lodge halls, and a large auditorium. In part payment Mr. Sullivan conveyed the thirty apartment building at 804-16 Lakeside place, with a lot 134 by 166 feet in extent, valued at about \$160,000. Mr. Sullivan subsequently conveyed the auditorium property to Joseph P. Peurrung of Cincinnati, obtaining in part payment Cincinnati property valued at \$80,000.

The first transaction was negotiated by S. W. Goldstein for Dr. Volini and H. W. Croxton acting for Mr. Sullivan. Mr. Hughes of H. O. Stone & Co. was associated in the latter deal.—Chicago Herald, Nov. 10.

Our fellow townsman has made quite a splash in Chicago real estate circles, and has demonstrated his ability to keep things moving in the windy city as successfully as he used to around the equally windy corner of Ninth and Delta.

TESTIMONIAL FOR FARM EXPERT

An Iron county farmer writes the Diamond Drill to defend the county agriculturist. Says he:

The agriculturist cannot do anything if the farmers are slow to take his advice, but if the farmers of Iron county would buy good, clean seeds from the agricultural society as I did they would now all have good, clean, and same kind of crops and would get a market for it. If anyone wants some good kind of advice on farming the agriculturist is ready to give it. From my own trying I can say that all the seeds I bought from the agricultural society were of benefit, because the first year I had them I had very good crops. This year I had a fair one, though the other farmers around here who use all kinds of seed had a failure."

TRENARY, BY MUNISING NEWS

The Buckeye log loader has stopped work until Christmas. Both the engine and hoist were taken to Gladstone for overhauling.

Messrs. Claude and Marion Sloan spent a few days in Gladstone last week.

Mrs. John Feehey, of Gladstone, was a visitor at the home of Mrs. T. S. Van Duzer.

James McGovern went to Gladstone last Thursday on business returning home Saturday morning.

Miss Bell Heldmann left Monday for Milwaukee, Wis., where she will spend the winter with her aunt, Mrs. Lena Hopp. Miss Heldmann was accompanied as far as Gladstone by her mother, her brother Roy and by Miss Lena Davis.

ITEMS OF INTEREST CULLED FROM RAPID RIVER NEWS

Miss Anna Buchman will leave this Saturday evening for Bingham Canyon, Utah, to spend the winter with relatives.

Sophie Burman returned Monday morning from Gladstone where she had been spending a couple of days, the guest of Irene Cosgrove.

Miss Celia Hruska of this village and Daniel Deacon of Sagola were united in marriage last Wednesday evening at the parsonage of the St. Charles church of this village Rev. Father Solard officiating.

The capacity of the Whitefish grange hall was never before in its history, taxed as it was last Saturday evening when the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Holstrom of that settlement, called on them in response to invitations to assist them in the celebration of the 25th anniversary of their wedding.

A crew of five men, representatives of the Central States Bridge Co. of Indianapolis, Ind., arrived Wednesday and are ready to commence the work of putting in an eighty foot span approach at each end of the Whitefish bridge. A concrete floor will be laid next summer. The work of this fall will take about six weeks and traffic will be kept open in the meantime.

Encouraged by their whirlwind finish of last season, the base ball enthusiasts of Manistique are already preparing for next season and are prime movers in a plan already suggested to have a Delta and Schoolcraft county league made up of teams from Escanaba, Gladstone, Rapid River and Manistique. Manistique have already perfected their organization and elected their officers for next season. The suggestion coming from Manistique is an agreement permitting the hiring of a pitcher at a stated salary limit and possibly a catcher, the total salary paid not to exceed a certain amount and that amount placed as low as possible. The balance of the team is to be composed of players of a class who are willing to play the game for their expenses and a suitable position secured for them in the town where they are engaged to play with a profit sharing agreement in the event any profits accrue. Another suggestion is that no town be allowed to hire a player who lives in or belongs to another town in the same league.

Alfred Roberts and Andrew P. Johnson went to Rapid River Monday morning on a hunting expedition. They were accompanied by Mrs. Roberts, who will see that they are well fed while in camp.—Negaunee Herald.

MINK, OTTER, MARTEN WANTED

We pay double fur value for live uninjured animals. Traps and Shipping Crates furnished. (Stamp)

33-40 COL. GEORGE FISH. De Tour, Mich.

BRAMPTON NOTES

Born to Mr. and Mrs. William Bennett Thursday a son, the little one lived only a short time.

Miss Lusardi of Trombly visited her sister Mrs. A. J. Volker on Monday.

Mike Eagle and family moved to one of William Wellsted's farms near Perkins this week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. David Papin Nov. 1 a daughter. Mother and child are doing nicely.

A. Trudell moved to camp this week. Mrs. Edwin DeGroof made Brampton a call Wednesday.

"FOOT AND MOUTH" DISEASE

The upper peninsula, which has no "foot and mouth" disease so far has far been quarantined by the government with regard to stock, fodder, hides, etc. The lower peninsula is now overrun with it and vigorous measures are necessary. Foot and mouth disease or aphthous fever is a very contagious disease of cattle, sheep, goats, deer (ruminants) and swine and occasionally human beings. It is characterized by fever, loss of appetite, reduction of milk flow, in milk cows, and later by the appearance of vesicles or blisters on the mucous membrane of the lips, dental pad or tongue and on the heels or between the toes and frequently on the teats and udder. In from a few hours to one or two days the blisters break, peeling off and leaving reddish, slightly depressed raw surface which usually heals in one or two weeks but which may remain sore for a longer time as a result of complications due to other disease-producing organisms. At the beginning of the disease the animal is greatly depressed and as the mouth becomes involved there may be profuse salivation and frequently a smacking of the lips which produces a clicking sound. Lameness usually results from the very painful condition produced by the diseased feet.

In the presence of an outbreak of foot and mouth disease all suspicious cases should be reported without delay to the authorities having the matter in charge. Only in this way can the spread of the disease be prevented. Previous experience with five outbreaks of this disease in this country conclusively proves that immediate eradication is not only possible but practicable. The importance of immediate eradication can be seen from a consideration of the losses sustained by some of the European countries in the past and its almost constant presence in some of these countries at the present time. It has been estimated that the pecuniary loss in cattle in those countries where the disease is prevalent amounts to 10 to 40 dollars per head and since practically none of the animals in a herd escape the disease its total losses are enormous.

All cases should be reported instantly to the live stock commission at Lansing, which is in active cooperation with the federal authorities.