

THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XXIX

CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

Gladstone, Mich., August 22, 1914

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Number 22

REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD VOTE FOR JOS. E. BAYLISS FOR CONGRESSMAN



Comparison of first year Legislative Records of Bayliss and Scott.

Scott's Records
1911 Session consisted of 72 days. Scott present 45 days; absent with leave 14 days; absent without leave 13 days; total, 27 days.

Percentage of non-attendance, 38 plus %.
609 Rolls Calls on votes during session. Voted on 431; failed to vote on 178. Percentage of votes missed, 29 1/2 %.

Bayliss's Record 1913.
36 days in session; present 79 days. Absent with leave, 5 days; without leave, 2 days, total, 7 days.

Percentage of non-attendance 8 plus %.
785 Roll Call on votes during session. Voted on 733; number of votes missed, 52.

Percentage of votes missed, 6 plus %.

NOTE: If you wish to verify this, consult the House & Senate Journal at your County Clerk's Office.

Callaghan Bill

A matter of legislation in the last session of the legislature, which attracted the attention of the laboring people, did not help Scott's record.

The Callaghan Publishing Company an Illinois concern, made a new compilation of the Michigan Statutes, and asked the Michigan legislature to legislate their compilation. This would have deprived Michigan printers of the opportunity to do the work.

The State Typographical Union opposed it. The Callaghan concern had two or three representatives in Lansing lobbying for their bills. The newspapers denounced it.

Senator Scott voted for it, and Rep. Joseph E. Bayliss voted against it and helped to defeat this bill. He now has the endorsement of the State Typographical Union, of Michigan, for his candidacy for congress.

Candidate Bayliss Favors Good Roads.

Congressional Candidate Bayliss is right on the road question. He says: "I firmly believe in good roads. But I do not believe that the burden of building these roads should rest too heavily upon the local districts, but should be borne in a large measure by the national government. I am greatly in favor of the 'Good Roads Bill' which was originated in the Post Office and Post Roads Committee, authorizing an appropriation of one billion dollars for construction of good roads throughout the country. The bill provides for the division of this money among the states according to the population, assessed value, road mileage and area.

The bill is logical and timely, and with proper support should become law. Just think what a vast benefit to the rural communities such a law could be with its billion dollar appropriation and detailed plans for road construction."

Large Majority of The Newspapers of The District Supporting Bayliss.

Newspapers in a large sense show public opinion. If they have any bearing on the congressional race, Bayliss would be an easy winner.

Twenty-three (23) newspapers of the district are actively supporting Bayliss:

Ten (10) above the straits and thirteen (13) below the straits.

Thirteen (13) newspapers of the district are actively supporting his opponent:

Three above the straits, and ten (10) below:

And five (5) papers are neutral.

Besides This

The Press of the State, particularly Lansing, where both candidates served in the Michigan legislature, is with Bayliss, and because of his record, asks him to win.

This statement by unbiased newspapers, should be well weighed by the voters.

"Rep. Joseph E. Bayliss of the 11th, and Senator Frank D. Scott of the 10th, are the principal contenders for the Republican nomination for congress in the eleventh district, and the issue of the primary battle is being fought with considerable interest by those who observed the work of the candidates at the last session of the legislature. If the legislative records of the two men are carefully measured, the voters of the eleventh district, Bayliss should have little difficulty winning the nomination by a handsome plurality."—Lansing State Journal.

"Bayliss, by reason of his progressive legislation in the last session of the legislature, particularly the bill which he introduced and forced through by physical connections of telephones, is picked next congressman by Lansingites, most of the people at the capital are favorable to his candidacy and judging in his record here, in state legislative

balls he unquestionably should make a good congressman. He was sincere in his dealings and action and was one of the best liked men in the entire legislature.—Lansing Evening Press.

Mr. Bayliss Was the Author of Many Bills in the 1913 Legislature
Bills in the 1913 legislature which were designed to place the party machinery squarely in the hands of the rank and file of the parties and thus clip the wings of party bosses.—Grand Rapids Press.

Unbiased Opinion of Otsego County Man

The favorite and leading man on the Republican ticket for the office of congressman of the Eleventh District is Hon. Joseph E. Bayliss of Sault Ste. Marie.

Founded upon personal investigation in some of the counties of the district, Mr. Bayliss is making a far better race than his opponent, and no candidate's chances ever looked better than Mr. Bayliss's. Most surprising of all is the fact that Mr. Bayliss's strength in the lower peninsula is growing rapidly and there is but little about now that he will carry the majority of the lower peninsula counties. In Otsego county, Mr. Bayliss undeniably leads the race. A poll of the business men in Gaylord discloses fully 75% Bayliss supporters, and among the rural districts, the percentage will run ever higher.

Antrim and Kalkaska counties will both turn out a big Bayliss majority. Five of the leading newspapers of Antrim are supporting him; two are neutral, and only one is opposing him.

In Emmet county Mr. Bayliss will make an exceptionally good race. His strongest supporter is Hon. D. H. Hinkley, who was formerly a congressional candidate, but was forced to withdraw by unforeseen circumstances.—(Otsego County)—Otsego County Advance. (Advertisement)

LEAGUE CONFERENCE HELD

A meeting of representatives of the four teams of the Marquette-Delta Baseball league was held at Negaunee Monday evening. It was decided that the various clubs shall comply strictly with the rules. No team shall have in its line-up more than three "outside" players. The league outlook was reported satisfactory. The teams are now well balanced. The attendance has increased steadily. Those present at the conference were Isaac Schram of Escanaba, August Lillquist, of Gladstone, Con Mahoney of Ishpeming and Al Willman of Negaunee.—Mining Journal.

Mr. Lillquist was not present at this gathering, having no notice of it; and Gladstone is not aware of the purported resolution. However, as affairs have shaped themselves, it is useless for Gladstone to continue in the league if this condition is enforced.

Query: Why did not Negaunee protest when Flannigan of Ishpeming played with Gladstone a month ago?—Squibs.

Newberry defeated Rapid River 3 to 2 Sunday at Newberry, Ludlow, for the home team fanning seventeen men. Eoyer, of Rapid, made a spectacular double play unassisted.

ALICE MEMORIAL M. E. CHURCH

Morning worship at 10:30 Sunday. A number of Probationers will be received into full membership. Sunday School 11:45 Epworth league at 6:30. Mrs. I. N. Bushong will lead, with the topic, "Our Growing Work in Europe." 7:30, public evening service. Subject, "The Delectable Mountains," eighth sermon in the series from Pilgrim's Progress.

The annual congregational meeting of the church will be held on Monday evening, August 24 at eight o'clock, and every attendant of the church is urged to attend. Reports from every department of the year's work will be given, and refreshments will be served by the ladies' aid society to all present.

ADAM J. HENRY

of Escanaba, invites your vote and support at the primaries August 26 on the

Republican

ticket for

SHERIFF

of Delta county. He has been a resident of Escanaba and in business for a lifetime. For many years an officer, three years undersheriff and truant officer two years. All who have called upon his services bear witness to his honesty, fearlessness and efficiency as a public officer. His record is familiar to all residents of the county, and all its officers can testify to his merit. Mr. Henry places his candidacy before the Republican electors of Gladstone, with the belief that they have confidence in him to serve them well and will manifest it at the primaries.

Political Advertisement

MUSICAL
What promises to prove one of the most interesting events of its kind ever given here will be the musical to be presented at the Methodist church Wednesday evening Aug. 26.

Mrs. Annabel Dickey will render several numbers also Mrs. Lena Vranberg assisted by some of the leading vocalists, instrumentalists and readers in the city.

PETER JENSEN SHOWS RECORD

Escanaba, August 20, 1914

To the Voters of Delta County:—A matter of interest to you, and one which should entitle me to your consideration in the primaries next Tuesday, is the fact that I introduced in the House at the last session of the Legislature a bill putting all private banks under state supervision. This bill was bitterly fought by private banking interests, but it was passed in the House. J. E. Bayliss, congressional candidate, also voted for this bill. After passing the house the bill went to the Senate, where it was held up in the committee. If I am re-elected I shall again introduce this bill and fight for its passage.

I have in previous newspaper statements referred to my fight against the so-called Callaghan bill, the defeat of which saved this state many thousands of dollars. As a proof of my leadership of the opposition against the bill, I hereby quote a part of a letter written to me by Auditor General Fuller:

"Lansing, March 1, 1914

"Hon. Peter Jensen, Escanaba, Mich.

"My dear Mr. Jensen: "Remembering your opposition to the Callaghan proposition relative to a compilation of the laws, and thinking that you would be interested, I enclose herewith clippings from the Detroit newspapers in regard to the contract for binding the books if the legislature authorizes the compilation. The state will save some money on the deal anyway and the fight you made against the bill of the Callaghan Co. was what did it."

"You can now see what the innocent little bill of the Callaghan Co. would have cost the state if it had become a law, and I am very glad that I was in position to give you some figures that helped you in the fight."

Cordially yours,

O. B. FULLER

The above are only two instances of the way I have served the interests of the people. In the Callaghan bill alone the saving to the state, by its defeat, was \$49,000.

My three terms in the legislature have given me experience that qualifies me for better service if I am re-elected.

PETER JENSEN

Political Advertisement

HENRY R. DOTSCH

Candidate for

COUNTY CLERK

The County Clerk is the most important official in the county. He must keep a record of all the county's business, including the raising and expenditure of all money, and for what purpose expended. He must keep an accurate and technical record of all the Circuit Court proceedings. He must keep a record of the proceedings and business of the Board of Supervisors. He must keep a record of all business transacted by the County Road Commissioners in accordance with law. He is a member of other boards connected with the county's business. The business of his office has developed and expanded, requiring exceptional qualifications on the part of the county clerk. The voters and taxpayers should not be influenced by sympathy on the part of any candidate in selecting a person for this most important position. This is a question of business, the same as hiring a person for any responsible position.

Political Advertisement

ALBERT J. PEPIN

Candidate for

NOMINATION

on the

REPUBLICAN TICKET

for

County Clerk

Primaries

AUGUST 25

YOUR VOTE IS EARNESTLY SOLICITED

Political Advertisement

TO THE VOTER

You cannot split your ballot at this primary. If you are a Republican and wish to vote for Republican candidates, every cross you make in any other column is useless, except to spoil your ballot. If you are a Democrat, a Progressive or a Socialist; you cannot vote for your own partisans and those of another denomination.

To safeguard your vote, make a cross in the circle under your party's name. The crosses you make before names in that column will be counted, and none other. You do not vote for a man unless you cross his name.

If you do not make a cross at the head of your ticket, you can vote only in one column. If you vote in two columns without designating one, your ballot will be THROWN AWAY! That's all.

CITY OF GLADSTONE ATKINS FOR CLERK

A local option meeting was held at the Presbyterian church Tuesday evening.

F. L. Baldwin, of Escanaba, delivered the principal speech, exhorting action to proscribe the saloon in Delta county. An organization was effected for the purpose of securing signatures to the statutory petition, which requires 30 per cent of the voters of the county. Its supporters predict that they will have this number in time to present to the board of supervisors in October and if so the question will be submitted next April. John J. Farrell was elected chairman and Rev. F. M. Field secretary of the city committee.

I wish to communicate through the Delta to the voters and all those who are interested in the administration of public office, that I am desirous of securing your united support at the primaries to be held next Tuesday, August 25. I honestly feel that I am entitled to your help and will need your assistance to be elected.

To a large number of you I am well known, having resided here for 40 years, during which time I was, until just recently, a large tax payer. The past 8 years I have served faithfully the entire county as supervisor, a fact which is well known to many.

I need the office and need it badly. That I am fully capable of discharging its various duties, no one can deny. Can I not have your help? I am sure that I am worthy of it and would certainly appreciate your united support.

Thanking you in advance I remain, Respectfully yours,

FRANK H. ATKINS

Political Advertisement

MYRICK D. MEAD

Candidate for

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONER

Delta county has been recommended for a boost of nearly seven million dollars in valuation by the state tax commission, more than any other in the peninsula but Ontonagon, Houghton county is lowered, according to the figures presented by the tax commission to the state board of equalization. This is one of the few counties not assessed at cash value. The supervisors set it at \$10,440,888 and the commission values it at 17,386,620. The supervisors of the state have appraised it at \$2,712,133, 166 and the commission at \$3,299,525,587.

S. H. Tang returned Saturday from Ishpeming, with August Olson.

FREDERICK C. MARTINDALE

CANDIDATE FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR

TO THE VOTERS OF MICHIGAN

Fellow Citizens: I am glad to address in this direct way a greeting to the voters of Michigan and say a word regarding my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Governor.

You have at different times honored me with your confidence and entrusted me with important political duties. It has always been my highest endeavor to faithfully discharge every trust.

I feel that you will look upon my past record of service as a better guarantee of my future actions than any promises I might make. The best guarantee any man can give that he will do well the larger things entrusted to his care is that he has done well the smaller things.

I am willing at all times and upon all questions to trust the judgment of the people. If my official conduct in the past has met with your approval, then I ask for your vote for the Republican nomination for Governor.

I urge every voter to attend the primary on August 25th and any support that you may give me at that time, I assure you will be appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

FREDERICK C. MARTINDALE

Political Advertisement

THE KETTLE BOILS

Osborn's platform, as issued by his campaign committee, recites as his record economy in administration, efficiency through non-political appointments, increased power of the tax commission, the workingmen's compensation law, the Roosevelt presidential primary, anti-brewery legislation, and the submission of women's suffrage. He promises reduction of state expenses, the perfection (!) of the taxation system, recall of judges and judicial decisions, the short ballot, improvement of the compensation law and "a reunited Republican party, capable of giving higher service than it has ever given." Tuesday the voters of the state Republican and otherwise, will pass upon these pretensions.

A general mixup of results is promised next Tuesday. Indications are that in Delta county Fred C. Martindale will lead for governor, with strong opposition by Osborn. In the state Alex J. Groesbeck will figure largely, Ellis and especially Linton being "also rans." The congressional race is attracting much attention. It is impossible to deny that Bayliss has been growing stronger steadily through his close personal campaign, although two months ago Scott would doubtless have led. The county ticket will probably be a series of surprises, with twenty-five candidates in the field.

Owing to the retirement of Phil Labre, of Bark River, whom the Progressive Democrats put up as candidate for representative, there is no contest on the Democratic primary ticket in this county. The Democrats, therefore, will be free to mingle in the Republican or Progressive primaries, the abolition of enrollment having been accompanied by the elimination of the fifteen per cent clause.

Frank H. Atkins, one of the pioneer residents of this county and merchants of Escanaba city, was in Gladstone Wednesday, making his canvass for the office of county clerk. In another column he makes an appeal to the voters of the county. Mr. Atkins is thoroughly familiar with the county business and the duties of the office, and if elected will discharge them well.

H. J. Rushton was over from Escanaba Thursday. Mr. Rushton expresses himself as confident of carrying not only Escanaba, but the eastern townships, and landing the prosecutorship by a safe margin.

Attorney M. D. Mead, of Escanaba was in the city Friday in the interests of his campaign as circuit court commissioner. Mr. Mead who was associated with his father, the late Frank D. Mead, well known here, is continuing the latter's practice.

Attorney William J. Miller, of Rapid River was in town Monday evening. He is a candidate for circuit court commissioner.

Attorney Alfred P. Pierson of Escanaba was in the city Saturday passing out his cards for the court commissionership.

The Schoolcraft county Democracy has proposed a ticket for the fall election. Dan I. Call for sheriff heads the slate.

Frank Barron, treasurer of Escanaba township, was in the city yesterday making his canvass for the office of county clerk.

FOR WOMAN'S EYE

Friday and Saturday are the last two days offered the ladies of Gladstone to avail themselves of the unusual opportunity offered by Stewart's Pharmacy to consult Mrs. Vivian Cameron, specialist from Harmony Laboratories of Boston. Mrs. Cameron will be at the store all day Saturday to give free facial massage, medical treatment for pimples, black heads, tan and freckles, and explain the use of our exclusive line of high grade toilet preparations. Special prices on all Harmony goods Friday and Saturday only. x

Herbert J. Rushton

Candidate for

NOMINATION

PROSECUTING

ATTORNEY

on the

Republican

TICKET ON

AUGUST 25

Political Advertisement

GERMANY MUST VACATE CHINA IS JAP DEMAND

Ultimatum Gives Week for Evacuation of Kiaw-Chaw

U. S. IS REASSURED

Mikado's Officials Promise to Safeguard the American Interests

Wilson Advises Caution.

Washington, Aug. 18.—President Wilson today issued an appeal to the American people to refrain from expressing decided opinions in favor of any nation now at war and warning them that a show of prejudice is a dangerous and subtle breach of neutrality.

Prior to the issuance of the statement, officials close to the president made it clear that Mr. Wilson was fully determined to take no part in the dispute between Japan and Germany over the situation in the far east.

While the Germany-Japan question was not referred to in the statement it became known that the president regarded with disfavor efforts he believed were being made to embroil the United States in the controversy in the far east or in Europe.

Tokio, Aug. 17.—Japan sent an ultimatum to Germany Saturday night at eight o'clock demanding the withdrawal of German warships from the Orient and the evacuation of Kiau-Chau and giving Germany until Sunday, Aug. 23, to comply with the demand. Otherwise, the ultimatum states, Japan will take action.

The general expectation here is that the ultimatum will be followed by war.

To Guard U. S. Interests.

Takasaki Kato, the Japanese foreign minister, simultaneously with the dispatch of the ultimatum, conferred with George W. Guthrie, the American ambassador, and made to him a broad statement calculated to assure the United States that American interests in the far east would be safeguarded and the integrity of China upheld.

Owing to doubts whether communications with Berlin were assured, Japan, in order to insure the arrival of the ultimatum, forwarded it to Berlin by six channels, including Washington, London and Stockholm. The government also notified Count von Reud, the German ambassador to Japan, and likewise retarded the time limit for a reply until Aug. 23.

Text of Ultimatum.

The ultimatum follows: "We consider it highly important and necessary in the present situation to take measures to remove the causes of all disturbances of the peace in the far east and to safeguard the general interests as contemplated by the agreement of alliances between Japan and Great Britain.

"In order to secure a firm and enduring peace in eastern Asia, the establishment of which is the aim of the said agreement, the imperial Japanese government sincerely believes it to be its duty to give the advice to the imperial German government to carry out the following two propositions:

Must Withdraw at Once.

"First, to withdraw immediately from Japanese and Chinese waters German men of war and armed vessels of all kinds and to disarm at once those which can not be so withdrawn.

"Second, to deliver on a date not later than Sept. 15 to the imperial Japanese authorities without condition or compensation the entire leased territory of Kiau-Chau with a view to the eventual restoration of the same to China.

Week Given for Answer.

"The imperial Japanese government announces at the same time that in the event of it not receiving by noon on Aug. 23, 1914, an answer from the imperial German government signifying its unconditional acceptance of the above advice offered by the imperial Japanese government, Japan will be compelled to take such action as she may deem necessary to meet the situation."

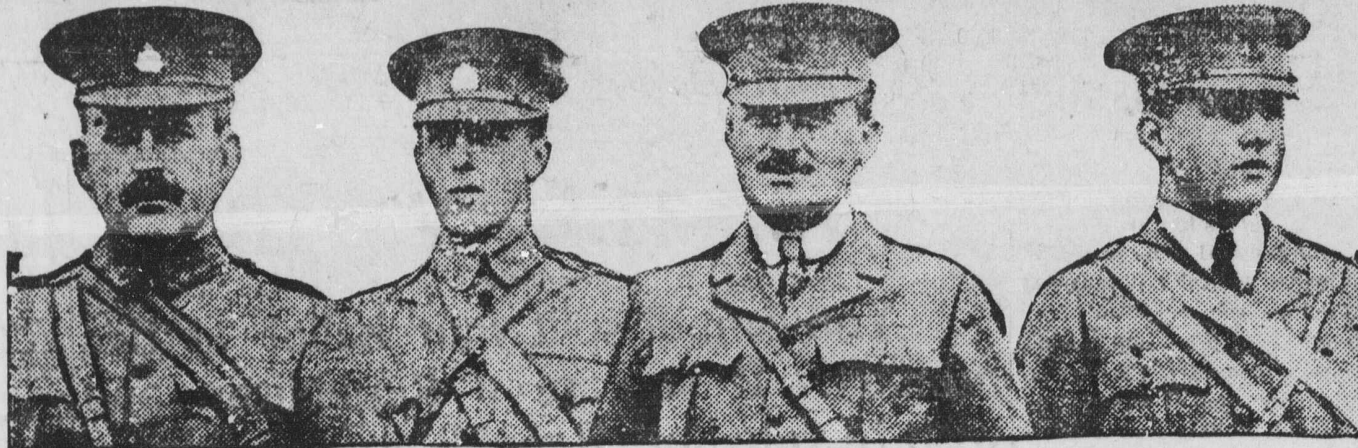
Japan's Reasons for Acting.

Inspired utterances express regret at the inability to maintain neutrality, but say that Great Britain,

May Forbid Exportation.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 18.—A bill authorizing the president to forbid by proclamation the exportation of food stuffs, clothing, or other contraband or conditional contraband of war, if such exportation threatens to increase the price of such commodities to consumers in this country was introduced in the house on Tuesday by Representative Ware of Pennsylvania. The bureau of corporations would ascertain the facts necessary to the administration

CANADA SENDS HER BEST TO AID OLD COUNTRY



The response to the call for Canadian volunteers for service with the English army was such that the 25,000 men required could be picked from any three of the Dominion's nine military divisions. The illustration shows (below) members of the Halifax Rifle, the first mustered in, and (above) four of their officers, left to right, Captain Logan, Lieutenant Dennis, Captain Clarke and Lieutenant Jones.

the ally of Japan, is compelled to defend herself against the aggressions of Germany. Moreover, it is pointed out that Germany is making preparations day and night at Kiau-Chau, where it is storing provisions, while its warships are scouring the seas of eastern Asia to the great detriment of commerce, and that its converted cruisers are seizing English merchant vessels. Such actions, it is argued, are directly calculated to disturb the peace of eastern Asia and accordingly, after full and frank communication with Britain, Japan has found herself compelled to send an ultimatum to Germany.

FRENCH WIN NAVAL BATTLE

Three Austrian War Vessels Are Sunk in Engagement in the Adriatic Sea.

London, Aug. 18.—Confirmation of the naval fight in the Adriatic sea is given in a dispatch from Cetinje, to the Corriere d'Italia on Monday, which says that the Austrian battleship Zrinyi, and three other ships whose names could not be ascertained were sunk by the French fleet.

The official war bureau, in a statement issued Monday afternoon, confirms the fact that the French fleet has been in action in the Adriatic. The bureau says: "The French fleet has swept the Adriatic as far north as the gulf of Cattaro, the best harbor in the Adriatic which the French fleet now dominates. The fleet has sunk a small Austrian cruiser of the Aspern type."

Servian Victory Claimed.

London, Aug. 18.—The Servian legation has received the following telegram from the Servian premier, N. P. Pachitch: "The Austrians were routed in the mountains near Sabac and 15,000 annihilated. Fourteen guns were captured. The Austrians are fleeing in great disorder to recross the rivers Save and Drina, hotly pursued by our troops."

London, Aug. 18.—A telegram from Paris says it has been announced that Russian troops have occupied Margredo and are advancing into northeast Prussia, driving the Germans back.

SIR JOHN FRENCH



Field Marshal Sir John French who commands the English forces sent across the channel to help the French and Belgians against the Germans.

of the proposed law. Persons violating the proclamation would be punishable by a fine of \$1,000 and a year's imprisonment.

English Soldiers at Front.

London, Aug. 19.—With the admission from the war office that England's enemy is on the firing line, interest in the impending battle became intense. The British forces number in excess of one hundred thousand men. Their whereabouts is a carefully guarded secret. In an

BELGIAN OFFICIALS LEAVE BRUSSELS

GERMAN ADVANCE CAUSES REMOVAL OF CAPITAL TO ANTWERP.

KAISER LEAVES FOR FRONT

Departure of Emperor for War Zone Evokes Enthusiasm in Berlin.—Armies Being Marshaled for Great Battle.

London, Aug. 18.—Conflicting reports which escaped the censorship leave the situation in Belgium in doubt, but most of the messages are not of a nature encouraging to the allies.

Persistent rumors in London that there had been disaster to the allies brought no further denial from the war office press bureau than that there had been no casualties in the British army.

Artillery bombardment and furious infantry attacks by the Germans assailed Louvain, the headquarters of the Belgian army, fifteen miles east of Brussels, today. The enemy's troops assembled in force before Louvain and pushed forward. This movement is part of the campaign to capture Brussels, which the Germans expect to seize in three days.

Teutons at Brussels Gate.

London, Aug. 18.—A dispatch from Brussels states that the German cavalry has advanced within thirteen miles of that city, that measures for the defense of Brussels are being hastened, and that the seat of government has been removed to Antwerp.

It is expected that the legations will follow the government to Antwerp, but the French minister will remain in Brussels, sending the counselor to Antwerp to keep in touch with the Belgian government.

Brussels, practically an unfortified city, resounds to the noise of picks and shovels as 25,000 soldiers and civilians alike are working to strengthen the defenses. The government is preparing for a long siege, and everything possible is being done to enable the city to hold out for months against a German artillery attack.

Depends Upon Allies.

The government hopes to hold the capital at Antwerp by the combined strength of the allied armies behind the fortifications. The removal of the capital to that city indicates that the Belgian war office realizes the German troops have made great gains through the country to the south and east of the capital, and goes on the theory that the German advance is as methodical as a machine.

The French casualties in the fighting between Namur and Dinant were heavy as the Germans were strongly entrenched and their artillery at the outset played great havoc with the French. The French wing had been badly cut up and nearly routed when suddenly the strains of the Marseillaise sounded in the French lines and the men rallied and reformed. With splendid gallantry they charged, hurling themselves on the German troops, breaking through their lines and putting them to flight.

Make Daring Dash.

A daring dash of German cavalry to Wavre, thirteen miles from Brussels Sunday, is announced by the Bel-

nouncing that the expedition had landed on the continent the war office emphasized that not a single man had been lost and that the expedition was fully equipped in every way.

Greece Sends Ultimatum.

Athens, Aug. 18.—The Greek government late on Monday served a virtual ultimatum on Turkey. Following up the warning earlier in the day, the Greek foreign office sent direct word to the Turkish government that if the report that Turkish troops are

gian war office. The Germans were checked after a skirmish of no great importance and withdrew.

Crowds See Kaiser Leave.

Berlin, Aug. 19.—The German emperor, before his departure from the imperial capital on Sunday, received Adolf Wermuth, lord mayor of Berlin, to whom he handed a decree saying that the emperor in leaving the capital wished warmly to thank the population of Berlin for all its demonstrations and proofs of love and devotion which he had received during these sorrowful days.

At the station the emperor was greeted with much warmth and enthusiasm, which brought a smile of joy to his bronzed face, which hitherto had borne a serious look. The police found difficulty in holding back the enthusiastic crowd from the imperial carriage.

Great Battle Imminent.

London, Aug. 17.—Despite the reported repulses which they have suffered, the German battalions continue to move forward for a decisive encounter.

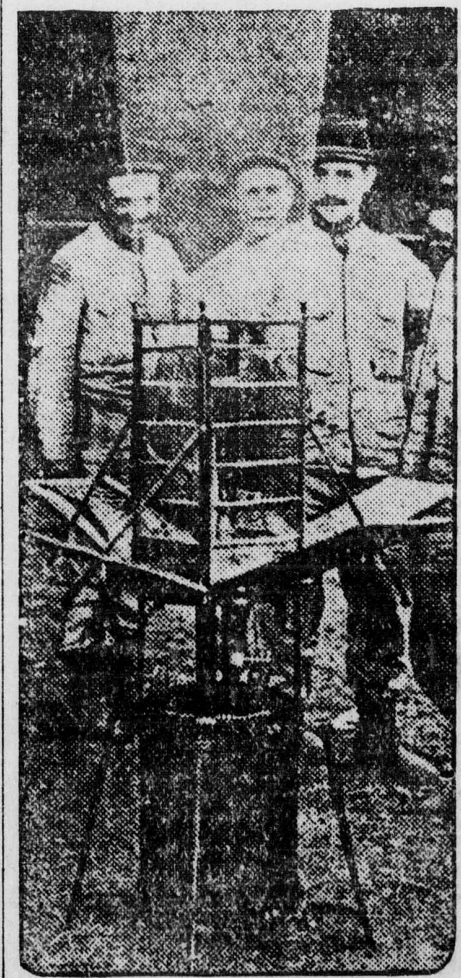
While there has been a lull in the fighting in northern Belgium, the invaders are sweeping along the valley of the Meuse, south of Namur and have reached Dinant, where part of a strong French force, which is established behind that town, took the offensive and defeated them. The incident shows that the French crossed the Belgian frontier to join hands with their allies not a moment too soon.

Vanguards in Contact.

All along the Alsace-Lorraine frontier, the advance guards of the two opposing armies have come into contact. Strong French forces are now in possession of all the passes of the Vosges mountains, from the west as far as those leading down to Colmar. Further south, French forces are ready to proceed over the flat country toward Muelhausen.

The French have taken the offensive along the line from Luneville to Sarrebourg.

GUIDE FOR AVIATORS



This is one of the powerful rays which send a vertical ray that serves to guide the French army aviators at night.

Costs France \$40,000,000.

Paris, Aug. 18.—The Socialist newspaper, L'Humanite, states that the war is costing France 4,000,000 pounds sterling a day and that the nation loses a similar sum daily by the sudden stoppage of activity in economic life.

NEGRO KILLS FIVE IN LOVE COTTAGE

MRS. MAMAH BORTHWICK AND TWO CHILDREN SLAIN NEAR SPRING GREEN, WIS.

MURDERER USES HATCHET

Wounds Four More in Frank Lloyd Wright's Bungalow—Found Hiding in the Fire Box of Heating Plant.

Spring Green, Wis., Aug. 17.—Five dead, two dying and three injured are the victims of an infuriated negro who wielded his blood dripping ax because he had been discharged as cook in the "love cottage" made famous by Frank Lloyd Wright and his "soul mate," Mrs. Mamah Bouton Borthwick.

One lone negro, Julian Carlton, in the guise of a death dealing monster, was the man who on Saturday slew his employer, her children, servants and helpmates of her husband, one of the greatest architects in the nation, and then fired the building.

The dead are: MISS MAMMAH BORTHWICK, aged 35, who was Mrs. Edwin H. Cheney, until Wright fled with her from Chicago to his hilltop studio here two years ago.

JOHN CHENEY, aged 12, her son.

MARTHA CHENEY, aged 9, her daughter.

EMIL BRODELLE, aged 26, Milwaukee, draughtsman employed by Wright.

ERNEST WESTON, aged 15, son of William Weston, foreman at the Wright home.

The injured are:

Tom Brunkert, aged 60, laborer, Spring Green, head laid open and burned, will die.

David Lindbohm, gardener, badly cut about head, dying.

William Weston, aged 65, foreman, badly cut on head, will recover.

Herbert Fritz, aged 23, draughtsman, badly burned, will recover.

The wholesale murder took place during the noon meal and early in the night the negro was captured when Sheriff John T. Williams of Dodgeville found him hiding in the firebox of the boiler in the cellar of the "love cottage."

Mrs. Borthwick and her two children, John and Margaret, were eating dinner on the north of the bungalow, a meal which the negro and his wife had prepared. Without a word of warning Carlton crept upon the unsuspecting trio, sinking the hatchet into Mrs. Borthwick's brain, practically splitting her head in two parts. She dropped to the floor, dead. The two children started to run, but the powerful black was too swift for them, catching both and killing them with a few blows of his ax.

Carlton rushed back into the house, and threw a blazing can of gasoline into the dining room where the employees on the Wright estate were sitting at the table. The fire shut off all escape from the dining room except by a single window, and outside this exit the bloodthirsty negro had stationed himself. As the inmates climbed out of the window, Carlton swung his ax with unerring aim and laid them low. Brodelle and Weston were instantly killed as they tried to climb out. Brunker made a quick dash and got by the negro with slight injury, but the black pursued him and chopped him down.

Neighboring farmers were attracted by the flames bursting from the bungalow, and a bucket brigade extinguished the fire after the entire east wing had been consumed.

Sheriff Williams was searching in the basement of the bungalow and heard Carlton's voice crying for water. He located the slayer in the heating plant firebox, where he still gripped the bloody ax. Threats of lynching Carlton were made by the large crowd attracted to the scene, but the officers drew weapons and placed the negro in an automobile, taking him to the Dodgeville jail.

The Wright bungalow became famous when the noted architect and Mrs. Borthwick took up their residence there in December, 1911, soon after a series of sensational events in Oak Park, a fashionable Chicago suburb, that caused the breaking up of two homes. Wright and Mrs. Borthwick, then Mrs. Cheney, eloped to Europe in 1910, and upon their return Mrs. Cheney secured a divorce. The coming of the couple to their Iowa county "love cottage" aroused the neighborhood and there were threats of a raid on the bungalow at that time.

Dr. W. S. Lincoln of Dodgeville, who is attending the negro, announced that he would probably die from the effects of the muriatic acid which he took after hiding in the furnace.

Aged Woman's Burns Fatal.

La Crosse.—From the results of the explosion of a gasoline stove, over which she was preparing a meal, Mrs. Mary Moulis, 77 years old, sustained burns which caused her death.

Fatally Injured in Fall.

Racine.—Five-year-old Myrtle Acken while climbing to the tower in which her father guards the railway crossing, fell from the platform and sustained fractures and other injuries that will probably result in her death.

Michigan News Tersely Told

Monroe.—According to the attending physician, the condition of Miss Mabel Stark, aged twenty-seven, animal trainer with the Barnes circus, who was attacked by a half-crazed lion during the parade in Wyandotte, and suffered a badly lacerated right leg, is not serious.

Marshall.—Dr. Frank S. Patterson, son of the late Hon. John C. Patterson, a prominent member of the Calhoun county bar, was taken to jail when drowning himself, and his brother, Rev. George L. Patterson of New York, petitioned the probate court to have him adjudged insane.

Grand Rapids.—Huddled on the doorstep of the house where the estranged wife was living, Cyrus Weber was found dead, having drained a bottle of poison. Six weeks ago Weber was released from the asylum at Kalamazoo, where he was committed last March after repeated attempts to kill his wife and himself. Mrs. Weber was granted a divorce a few days ago.

Flint.—Discovery was made that the residence of John J. Carton, former speaker of the Michigan house of representatives, had been entered and ransacked from top to bottom. It is not known when the burglars made their visit or what booty they secured. Mr. and Mrs. Carton are in London, where they are being detained by the war.

Kalamazoo.—Why Dr. R. U. Adams, former county physician, is detained at Halifax is something his friends and relatives here can't explain. He returned from England on the Mauretania, a few days ago and upon landing wired that he would come directly home. Now a message has been received which says he is being detained.

Saginaw.—Through pathetic circumstances, Mike Cizecki has been an inmate of the tuberculosis hospital, and his wife an inmate of the county farm. Cizecki disappeared from the hospital. A letter from Mrs. Cizecki which was found, indicated that the couple intended to commit suicide. The farm authorities were notified and they prevented the threatened tragedy.

Saginaw.—Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Liff and their three children of Saginaw county narrowly escaped death and were seriously injured when their buggy was struck by an auto said to have borne license No. 10097. The auto contained three men. The accident occurred on the Vassar plank road four miles from Saginaw and the occupants of the buggy were thrown out. The horse had to be killed.

Sturgis.—Sixteen persons were injured, five of them seriously, when a terrific windstorm blew down a mammoth circus tent here just before time for the performance to begin. The injured persons occupied a section of the seats which collapsed. The frightened animals in the arena were caught before they trampled anyone but were returned with difficulty to the animal tent.

Eaton Rapids.—When a two-story cement block building which they were erecting collapsed Ira McArthur, sixty years old, and Bert Robinson, thirty years of age, were terribly injured. McArthur's leg and arm were broken and he was injured internally. Robinson is badly injured about the spine and has internal injuries. The other workmen on the building escaped with less serious injuries. The building is a total wreck.

Lansing.—Another effort is being made to bring about a transfer of the Confederate battle flags captured on southern battlefields during the Civil war and Secretary of the Navy Daniels has asked Governor Ferris whether it is not possible for the state of North Carolina to secure the return of the North Carolina battle flags now in the war museum. Attorney General Fellows has held that it is impossible to return the flags.

Iron Mountain.—A boy came running into the police station and informed the police that he and several other berry pickers were chased out of the woods at Keeley ridge, south of here, by an unclad man. The police and 20 deputies in autos hurried to the scene but the man escaped them. He is believed insane. A few days ago a man chased and caught a little girl near Pine Mountain, but was frightened away before he harmed her.

Lansing.—One hundred boys in the Michigan Industrial School for Boys prevented the school buildings from being destroyed by fire by assisting the Lansing fire department in laying a line of hose 500 feet away from the factory and trades school building to a city plug. Fire broke out in the attic of the factory building, and owing to inadequate water mains in the grounds proper it looked as though the blaze might consume the building, some 200 feet long. Before it was controlled a loss of \$3,000 was sustained.

Alma.—John Taft, a prisoner in the county jail at Ithaca, sawed his way through the bars and escaped. Taft was in jail awaiting trial on a charge made by a fourteen-year-old girl. It is not known how Taft secured the saws.

Muskegon.—Ed Danville and J. Danville pleaded guilty over the long distance telephone from Grand Rapids on a charge of speeding in Muskegon county. The plea was made through Justice Emerson Scott of Grand Rapids and after Justice Oosterbaan of this city had pronounced sentence, the men paid Scott.

ALPENA MEETING COMES TO CLOSE

SHERIFFS, PROSECUTING ATTORNEYS AND POLICE CHIEFS ADJOURN.

FITZGERALD ELECTED HEAD

At the Final Session, Bay City is Chosen as the 1915 Gathering Place—Automobile Trip Features Convention.

Lansing—The annual convention of the sheriffs, prosecuting attorneys and police chief was brought to a close in Alpena with the selection of Bay City for the 1915 meeting.

Lake City made a strong bid for the 1915 convention but lost out. The delegates returned home after the business meeting which closed the convention.

At the election of officers Sheriff Fitzgerald was named president and Prosecuting Attorney McCormick secretary-treasurer.

Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Kilpatrick of Detroit, who was scheduled for an address, did not arrive, as business matters detained him.

A committee was appointed to urge the various boards of supervisors to allow their sheriffs and prosecuting attorneys to be present at future conventions.

Report of Tax Commission.

With the report of the state tax commission boosting the valuation in the state nearly \$600,000, the indications are that the sessions of the state board of equalization will be enlivened chiefly by the protests from Wayne county whose valuations are raised close to the billion mark by the tax commissioner's figures.

The expected kick from the iron and copper counties has practically dropped out of sight, as a combined movement. Gogebic and Ontonagon are the only upper peninsula counties that so far, through their representatives now here, have signified objections to the report.

Wayne county's big raise comes from the application by the commission of cash valuations. Sales were not taken into account in the figures any place in the state.

The copper and iron companies outside of Gogebic and Ontonagon are content to stay on the tax commission's figures. They are boosts in many instances, but all seem agreed they are just.

The board of equalization decides to cut down the state's totals, these counties will insist that the cut be a pro rata one and that they benefit.

The following table shows the valuation of all counties in the state as equalized by the various supervisors this year:

Table listing county valuations: Aleona \$2,150,934; Alger 5,401,546; Alcona 41,172,771; Alpena 11,960,996; Antrim 6,732,251; Arenac 4,485,000; Barry 7,957,416; Bay 24,429,489; Benzie 4,839,738; Berrien 49,516,195; Branch 69,528,067; Calhoun 26,569,352; Cass 75,450,993; Charlevoix 11,883,349; Cheboygan 9,592,323; Chippewa 17,474,357; Clare 5,948,883; Clinton 31,298,780; Crawford 2,750,000; Delta 10,440,888; Dickinson 15,000,000; Eaton 34,000,000; Emmet 12,296,118; Genesee 64,478,255; Gladwin 5,716,000; Gogebic 40,500,000; Grand Traverse 14,610,642; Gratiot 30,400,000; Hillsdale 21,708,423; Houghton 83,673,429; Huron 29,398,699; Ingham 61,421,032; Ionia 25,029,887; Iosco 5,000,000; Iron 34,002,661; Isabella 17,590,000; Jackson 63,424,411; Kalamazoo 75,811,529; Kalkaska 4,246,023; Kent 175,946,553; Keweenaw 19,000,000; Lake 3,626,168; Leapeur 13,211,000; Leelanau 3,649,010; Lenawee 60,971,332; Livingston 21,500,000; Lapeer 4,856,000; Macomb 21,000,000; Manistee 12,380,244; Marquette 47,005,000; Mason 15,505,410; Mecosta 12,325,530; Menominee 12,370,942; Midland 8,500,000; Missaukee 3,490,000; Monroe 20,993,327; Montcalm 21,850,000; Montmorency 2,000,000; Muskegon 32,000,000; Newaygo 10,945,017; Oakland 67,125,185; Oceana 12,463,557; Ogemaw 3,700,000; Ontonagon 6,427,557; Oscoda 10,819,905; Oshtemo 1,200,000; Otsego 4,910,000; Ottawa 40,260,611; Presque Isle 6,491,672; Rosamond 1,705,000; Saginaw 81,597,985; Sanilac 15,576,971; Schoolcraft 6,907,612; Shiawassee 58,300,000; St. Clair 36,088,500; St. Joseph 18,473,245; Tuscola 27,828,375; Van Buren 30,000,000; Washtenaw 48,493,074; Wayne 620,478,978; Wexford 10,200,000; Total \$2,712,132,118

Table listing county valuations (continued): Free Methodists Appoint. The appointments have been announced by the East Michigan conference of the Free Methodist church.

The Dollar That Can't Be Spent.

Every dollar spent in advertising is not only a seed dollar which produces a profit for the merchant, but is actually retained by him even after he has paid it to the publisher.

The Difference Between Amusing and Convincing.

An advertiser must realize that there is a vast difference between amusing people and convincing them. It does not pay to be "smart" at the line rate of the average first-class paper.

Points on Advertising.

By HERBERT KAUFMAN (Copyright.) The Tailor Who Paid Too Much. I was buying a cigar last week when a man dropped into the shop and after making a purchase told the proprietor that he had started a clothes shop around the corner and quoted him prices, with the assurance of best garments and terms.

The Perambulating Showcase.

The newspaper is a huge shop window, carried about the town and delivered regularly into thousands of homes, to be examined at the leisure of the reader.

Points on Advertising.

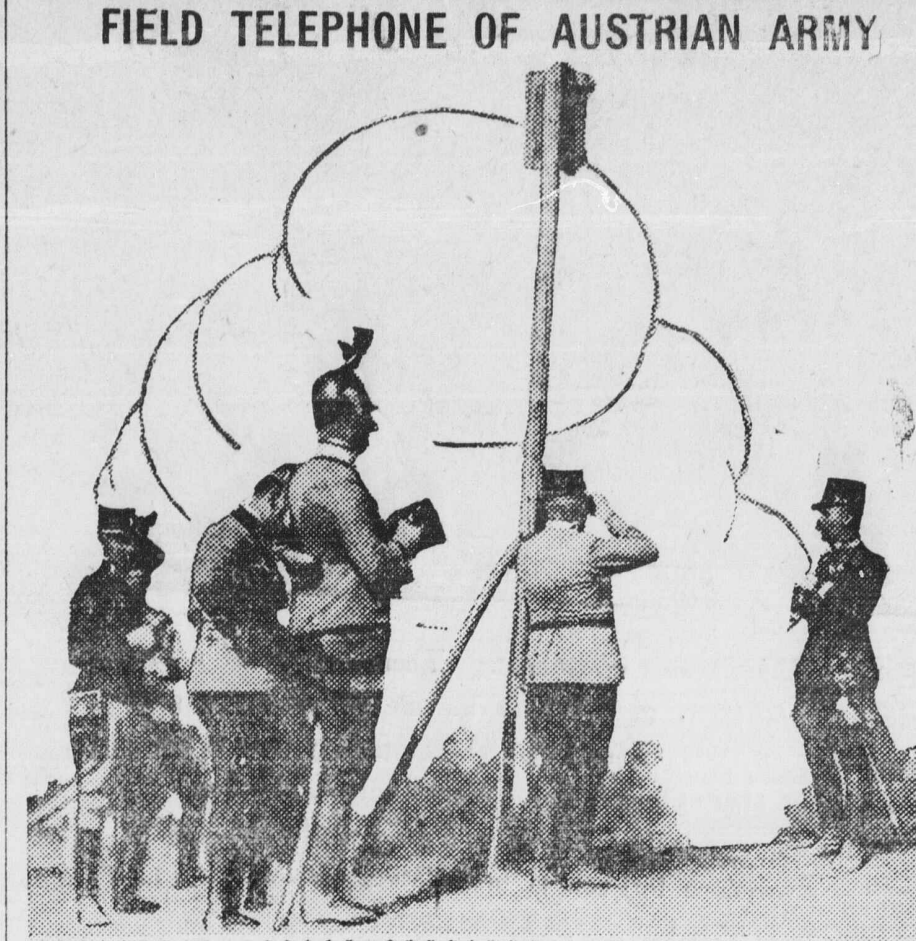
By HERBERT KAUFMAN (Copyright.) The Tailor Who Paid Too Much. I was buying a cigar last week when a man dropped into the shop and after making a purchase told the proprietor that he had started a clothes shop around the corner and quoted him prices, with the assurance of best garments and terms.

employed the same materials for his work. The one drew your attention and held it by the grace and cleverness and art manifested in his display.

The Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria. The most tragic figure in modern history, whose sixty-six years on the throne have been one long succession of family and national tragedies.

Who's Who In the Great European War.

International News Service. NAVAL AND MILITARY OFFICERS. Baron Conrad von Hoetzendorf, chief of the general staff of Austria.



Who's Who In the Great European War.

International News Service. NAVAL AND MILITARY OFFICERS. Baron Conrad von Hoetzendorf, chief of the general staff of Austria.



CHEAP coffee is a poor investment. There's plenty of it on the market. Don't buy it. What's the use of spoiling a good meal with wishy-washy stuff that leaves a muddy taste in the mouth and harms the system? We sell only good coffee. It's cheapest in the end because it gives satisfaction. Everything for you in first class groceries.

ELOF HANSON

GROCER—PHONE 48

THE GLADSTONE DELTA
CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.
\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered at the postoffice, Gladstone, Michigan, as mail matter of the second class. Published on Saturday of each week.

THE WATCH-TOWER

To err is not only human, it is progressive.—Puck.

At last reports, Bolivia, Siam, Andorra, Liberia and Guatemala have not declared war on Germany.

Crystal Falls has purchased a Seagrave motor truck for the fire department and will have it in operation next month.

A Manistiquean has given the name of "Ford" to his dog, that is small, runs about a lot and is continually snarling.—Pioneer Tribune.

One bit of news from the war is grateful. It tells of the presence of many members of the ruling families at the front.—Mining Journal.

More beans and less beefsteak—Food Commissioner Helme. Mr. Helme is not entirely in accord with old Pythagoras, who believed in neither.

The war news yesterday had a certain general resemblance to the war news of the day before and to the war news of the day before that.—Mining Journal.

The Newberry furnace will go in blast September 10, after several months of inactivity. The Ashland furnace of the same company will resume operations in December.

Canada is enthusiastic for the war and is making large contributions to the mother country in men and money. That is one of the inconveniences of being a part of the "empire."

Advertise! Advertise yourself! Advertise for votes! That's one good way getting elected! Don't think advertising "unprofessional," "unethical," etc. Let the other fellow think that, and use the forceful method of advertising to steal a march on him.—Houghton Gazette (business department.)

POINTERS ON PRINTING

BY PROFESSIONAL PUBLICISTS

It may not be discovered at a glance, but you may set it down as certain that cheap printing is produced like anything else cheap—by putting less material or labor into it than it should have.—Impressions.

It takes practise to put into printed words the conviction that you might be able to convey by spoken words.—Ad-viser.

Patronize a printer who has more than paper to sell. You can get paper anywhere, but it takes brains to do good work.—Warde's Words.

The insurance policy against bad advertising, which is a synonym for bad business, is good printing. No matter who it is, the man that does good advertising by means of good printing succeeds. He succeeds because the man who has the gumption to see the value of good printing has the gumption to get along. Paper and ink don't make good printing. They go a long way but they are not all by any means—it depends on the printer who moulds the type, ink and paper into a perfect whole.

THE GLADSTONE DELTA
INTELLIGENT PRINTING.

If Chase Osborn can keep those newspaper enemies against him for just another week, there seems to be no doubt about his landing the nomination.—Detroit Times. But remember that Frank Baldwin is supporting him now.

The Detroit News tells us that the Cleveland-Cliffs Co. is watering the upper peninsula with the tears of struggling settlers. The struggling settlers of this part of the upper peninsula will not receive this sympathy with appreciation. During the depression brought upon us by the political idols of the News, the Cleveland-Cliffs Co. has been one of our strongest bulwarks against adversity. It has expended freely on its vast resources to keep the wheels of trade moving, and is still endeavoring so to do.

The Association for International Conciliation sends monthly to this desk its publication; but the last number received, that for the current month, lags behind the march of events. It is an article by a prominent Socialist writer, "Fiat Pax," and declares that because of the international socialist movement "the end of war is now definitely in sight. Mars has already received his death blow. This New Spirit, leading on to peace is today the most vital, supremely the most significant moving force at work among mankind." But it is now probable that Mr. Carnegie and his Socialist allies have awakened from this vision.

The upper peninsula medical society at its meeting last week denounced against rate lodge and insurance company's contracts as unethical, and made this recommendation, in the name of humanity. "Whereas a stitch in time saves nine and prevention of epidemics is far cheaper than their extinction, and whereas it is proven that the liberal use of anti-toxin as a preventative as well as a curative agent against diphtheria is the most economical method for the taxpayers as well as the most humane and effective for the benefit of the sick. Resolved, that we recommend that all municipalities furnish free antitoxin to all persons who have been exposed to the danger of contracting this dreaded disease."

A farming country says the St. Louis Globe Democrat is more stable than one dependent upon another form of industry, which is true; but if the St. Louis paper would have us infer that the United States is an agricultural country, we object. This country has many farmers, but there are more folk making automobiles, telephones, aeroplanes, dollar watches, brass toys, brum-magen breast pins and scrap metal frauds generally than are engaged in producing common, every-day sustenance. If the war in Yrurup lasts long enough some of them may be compelled to become farmers. And it would be an approach to the fabulous millennium.

August 1, 1914 September 19, 1914 STATE OF MICHIGAN The Circuit Court for the County of Delta in Chancery.

At a session of the said Court held at the Court House in the City of Escanaba, in said County on the 20th day of July, 1914.

Present the Honorable Richard C. Flannigan, Circuit Judge.
Lewis S. Gillette, Plaintiff.
Complainant.

Philip W. Herzog, S. J. Herzog, Mrs. Frank Rogers, Mrs. R. B. Partridge, Mrs. Elizabeth A. Herzog, Phil C. Herzog, Mrs. Gordon Brannon, Ralph W. Herzog, Frederick Scherrenberg, Frank H. Anson, Grimmer Land Company, State of Michigan, Stewart T. Connors, George Engelking and Austin S. Merrifield, Defendants.

In this cause, appearing by affidavit on file, that defendant, Austin S. Merrifield, is not a resident of this state, but is a resident of the State of Missouri; and that defendant, Grimmer Land Company, is a foreign corporation with its principal office at Chicago, Illinois; and that defendant, Philip W. Herzog, is not a resident of this state, but is a resident of Montreal, Quebec, Canada; and that defendant, Philip W. Herzog, is not a resident of this state, but is a resident of the State of Minnesota; and that defendant, Mrs. Frank Rogers, Blanche M. Herzog, Elizabeth A. Herzog, Phil C. Herzog, Mrs. Gordon Brannon, Ralph W. Herzog and Mrs. B. Partridge, are not residents of this state, but are residents of the State of California; and that S. J. Herzog is not a resident of this state, but is a resident of the State of Ohio, and that the residence of Frederick Scherrenberg, Steven T. Connors and George Engelking is not known to affiant and that it cannot be ascertained in what states or countries they respectively reside.

On motion of Glenn W. Jackson, Esq., solicitor for complainant, it is so ordered that the appearance of the said defendants, herein named be entered in this cause within two months from the date of this order, and that in case of the non-appearance of any of them, those who shall appear shall cause their answers to the Bill of Complaint to be filed and a copy thereof served upon the solicitor for the complainant within fifteen days after service on him, or his solicitor, of a copy of said Bill, and that the appearance of the said defendants as confessed by said defendants so appearing.

And it is further ordered that the said complainant cause this order to be published in the Gladstone Delta, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in this said county, and that such publication shall be commenced within twenty days of the date of this order, and that publication shall be continued therein once in each week for eight weeks in succession, or that the said complainant shall cause a copy of this order to be personally served upon the said defendants, respectively, at least twenty days before time above prescribed for their appearance.

RICHARD C. FLANNIGAN, Circuit Judge.
Examined and countersigned and entered by me.
JOHN A. SEMER, Register in Chancery.
GLENN W. JACKSON, Solicitor for Complainant.
Business Address, Gladstone, Michigan.

August 1 September 5
Homestead Notice
U. S. LAND OFFICE, MARQUETTE, MICH
July 17, 1914

Notice is hereby given that Frank Bourasau of St. Jacques, Michigan, who on August 30, 1909, made a five year lease, to establish claim to the land above described, before county Clerk, of Delta county, at Escanaba, Michigan, on the tenth day of September, 1914.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Sam Bourasau, of St. Jacques Michigan
Mose Simon " " "
Joe Mison " " "
Thomas Bourasau " " "
OZRO A. BOWEN, Register.

Personals

Charles Nia, a railroad trainman, was brought to his home here Tuesday morning with a bullet through the thigh. Near Cavour, Wis., while inspecting the air couplings, he encountered a party of tramps who were stealing a ride. An altercation followed, and one of them drew a revolver and fired five times at Nia. The bullet which hit him inflicted a severe flesh wound. He was brought to Gladstone on No. 8, and was able to step about with crutches.

Our toilet department is complete, when in need of any thing in the toilet line you will find just what you want here.

x NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO.
Misses Mae and Ethel Cohen and A. E. Cohen of Chicago having spent two pleasant weeks camping at Maywood as the guests of Meyer Rosenblum, spent this week in and about Gladstone with their genial host and leave for Chicago this Friday evening.

P. J. Lindblad was among those who had a taste of the storm Thursday morning. He was driving into town, after a night on his farm, and just reached town when the storm burst. In addition to the torrents of water, hail fell heavily.

H. B. Laing, N. J. LaPine, Michael Gleason and John Erickson of Escanaba, left Wednesday morning for Nahma Junction. Here Albert Latimer met and drove them up the Sturgeon to the region of bites. They return Thursday evening with their catch.

H. W. Crane, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with friends in Gladstone. Mr. Crane, in the interest of the state, is inspecting the public institutions of the peninsula. He visited the Delta county jail and infirmary Saturday.

The ladies of the M. E. church are preparing an interesting program for their musical to be given Wednesday evening Aug. 26, beginning at eight o'clock. A number of new musical features will be presented.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson Stephenson returned Thursday morning from visiting friends in Crosby, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Green, of Minneapolis, are guests at the Maywood bungalow of W. B. Dahl.

George T. Springer returned Thursday evening to St. Paul, after two weeks vacation.

E. J. Willman writes from Ann Arbor that he expects to return to Gladstone next Monday from a very profitable summer term at the U. of M.

Mrs. R. M. McCandless, who has been visiting at the home of A. McIntyre, left Tuesday evening for Chicago.

Mrs. F. E. DeGroff and children left Saturday for a visit with relatives in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Pearce of Marquette spent the week-end at the home of G. J. Slining.

George P. Edmunds, former principal of the Manistique high school, was in the city on business Monday.

Mrs. T. D. Springer entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mesd. Dickey and McCandless.

Miss Teresa Lynch spent Sunday visiting at Harris.

Will H. Donahue arrived this Friday from Cleveland to spend his vacation.

Miss Grace Rogers moved on Tuesday to Escanaba, where she will reside.

Chas. S. Slining visited in Stephenson Friday.

Fred Swan returned Sunday from Montana where he has been ranching to spend a few weeks here with relatives.

Harlan Byers returned from Minneapolis last week, and will work out of here this fall.

Vinol will give you new strength, guaranteed by NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO.

W. H. Sellers and Matt Haga spent Wednesday afternoon in Escanaba.

Mrs. Lex McCandless and children left last week for Tomah, Wis., where they will visit for a month.

J. H. McDonald, superintendent of the Rapid River schools, returned Saturday from spending his vacation at Zanesville, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Al Hebbard were Ishpeming visitors during the tournament.

The movie man is negotiating for rights on the dramatization of a popular novel, with the cast; Deacon Perkins, Andrew Stevenson, David Harum, W. H. Sellers. How about it, Andrew?

William Mineau broke into the black bass season Sunday. With a friend he went out and caught a legal catch in a few hours.

Miss Flora LaRoche is about again, having recovered from her recent operation.

Misses Josephine Cardin, Stella Boyer and Miss Evelyn Cardin of Gladstone were in the city this week—Manistique Pioneer-Tribune.

Mrs. August Olson and two children of Gladstone were in the city Saturday enroute to Powers where they will visit for several days.—Morning Press.

LUMBER

Lath, Shingles, Cement, Lime, Brick,
And Other Building Materials
CARRIED IN STOCK

Let Me Figure on Your House Bills

C. W. Davis

1112-24 DELTA AVENUE, PHONE 7. GLADSTONE, MICHIGAN

Business and Residence Lots for Sale on Easy Terms.
C. A. CLARK, Agent.

Captain Percy Patterson of the Soo, acting adjutant of the Third infantry, was shocked Monday night when lightning followed the telephone wire into his tent, at the Grayling camp. Captain Patterson was partially paralyzed for several hours and was burned about the right wrist. He is recovering rapidly today, however.—Soo News.

In the presence only of relatives and friends of the bride and the groom Miss Laura Bedard of Gladstone Tuesday evening was married to Evan Sjaquist of Minneapolis, at the rectory of the Holy Family church at Flat Rock by Rev. Father Beauchene.—Morning Press.

Do you smoke? If you do you want the best smoke for your money. We keep the biggest and best line of Cigars, Pipes and Tobaccos in the City.
x NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO.

Mr. Needham, the new owner of the Uno was this week awarded the contract to wire the Masonic hall at Escanaba. Mr. Needham is a large electrical contractor and takes jobs all over the peninsula.—Crystal Falls Diamond Drill.

Alger MacLaurin bids fair to become big league stuff. He struck out thirteen men in the Rapid River-Manistique game last Sunday, and had he any sort of support would have easily won his game.—Manistique Pioneer-Tribune. As it was Manistique lost 14 to 1.

The Norway Current says "ten young men of Norway and Vulcan accompanied by Rev. James E. Crosbie spent a very pleasant week at Hamilton Lakes," and gives a photograph of the camp of "The Brotherhood of Joseph."

Mrs. Edward Anderson and Mrs. John Johnson of Gladstone, who were the guests of Andrew Lindquist and family of Negaunee for the past week, returned to their homes at Gladstone Sunday.—Mining Journal.

Miss Kathryn Stewart, of Gladstone, is here to visit her brother, D. D. Stewart, postmaster of Munising, and to attend the Chautauqua.—Munising News.

Miss Nesta Cottle has been visiting relatives at Gladstone.—Soo Times.

Miss Olson of Gladstone is in the city, the guest of Mrs. Joseph Keast—Crystal Falls Diamond Drill.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McDonnell of Escanaba spent Monday here.

SUMMER SCHEDULE OF FERRY

Launch Muriel leaves Mason's dock each hour for Maywood and return, 7 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Sundays, launch leaves Mason's dock every hour, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. Leaves Central avenue dock at 12:10 and 2:10 p. m., returning, 5:00 p. m.

PATENTS

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS & C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Mann & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 364 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 225 F St., Washington, D. C.

WE ARE IN A POSITION TO
SELL WOOD CHEAPER
Than Anyone Else in Gladstone Can. Call up
PHONE 45
and get Our Prices before Buying WOOD.

THE NORTHWESTERN
COOPERAGE AND LUMBER COMPANY

DRAY AND BAGGAGE LINE

Light and heavy teaming to any part of the city and vicinity.

W. H. SELLERS & SON
NINTH STREET PHONE 14

HOT ROAST BEEF MAY BE HAD IN AUGUST

Lillquist's buffet at any reasonable hour. With it, the finest in the land, you can have your choice of beverages from many lands, the Fjords of Norway, the sunny Vegas of Spain, the Champaigns of France, or the hills of Rhineland. But don't forget the Roast Beef.
Yours,
AUGUST LILLQUIST
905 DELTA

THE GLADSTONE DELTA

Intelligent Printing
11 North Ninth Street
GLADSTONE, MICH.

Four lots on Delta Avenue near Soo depot for sale or exchange for property in Minnesota.

L. T. ROBERTS
WHITE BEAR, MINN.

SATURDAY'S GAME AS IT WAS PLAYED

Batteries—Escanaba, Garland and Boyle. Gladstone, Calder and Stewart.

1st Inning
F. Olmstead out Bush to Wilford, Bourke flied to Raasch, H. Aronson walked, Aronson stole second, Hoffman popped to Bush.

Bush out H. Aronson to Nolden, Villani struck out, Wolford popped to Boyle.

2nd Inning
Nolden hit thru Bush, Lentz flied to Villani who caught Nolden off first for double play, R. Aronson out on Villani to Wolford.

Stewart hit to center, Raasche sacrificed to Garland to Nolden, McGee flied to R. Aronson, Gravelle out on Lentz to Nolden.

3rd Inning
Boyle popped to Villani, Garland struck out, F. Olmstead out Bush to Wilford.

Loeffler struck out, Calder struck out, Bush hit to right field and stole second Villani fouled out to Boyle.

4th Inning
Bourke popped to Wilford, H. Aronson hit to right for two bases, Hoffman hit thru second scoring Aronson, Nolden hit to left center for 2 bases scoring Hoffman, Lentz popped to Bush, R. Aronson out Bush to Wilford, two runs.

Wolford walked, Wolford stole second. He stole third during argument over decision at 2nd, but was sent back. Wolford was caught between 2nd and 3rd, but regained 2nd. Stewart out Garland to Nolden, Raasche struck out, McGee flied to Lentz who made a pretty catch robbing McGee of what looked like a clean single.

5th Inning
Boyle flied to Loeffler, Garland hit to left, F. Olmstead hit thru 2nd, Bourke flied to Loeffler, H. Aronson flied to Loeffler.

Gravelle safe on Olmstead's error at 2nd, Loeffler sacrificed Gravelle to 2nd, Calder struck out, Bush out Garland to Nolden.

6th Inning
Hoffman out Calder to Wolford, Nolden popped to Wilford, Lentz singled to center and stole second, R. Aronson struck out.

Villani flied to Bourke, Wilford hit to right for two bases, Garland threw to Olmstead at 2nd, to catch Wolford off but Olmstead let the ball get away from him, Wolford taking 3rd, Stewart lined to Nolden, Raasche struck out.

7th Inning
Boyle out Gravelle to Wilford, Garland reached 1st, on Villani's error, F. Olmstead hit to center reaching 3rd, scoring Garland, Bourke reached 1st, on Bush's error, Olmstead scoring, H. Aronson out Gravelle to Wolford, Bourke taking 2nd, Hoffman out Villani to Wolford, two runs.

McGee flied to Hoffman, Gravelle reached 1st, on Lentz's error, Loeffler fouled out to H. Aronson, Calder out Garland to Nolden.

8th Inning
Nolden out Stewart to Wilford, Lentz lined to Gravelle, R. Aronson out Villani to Wilford.

Bush beat out infield hit, Bush out Aronson to Olmstead Villani reaching 1st, Villani stole 2nd, Wolford struck out, Stewart hit to right scoring Villani, Raasche out Garland to Nolden, one run.

9th Inning
Boyle struck out, Garland struck out, F. Olmstead hit along foul line at 3rd, for one base, Bourke singled to center, Olmstead taking 3rd, Aronson out Stewart to Wilford.

McGee struck out, Gravelle flied to Hoffman, Monte Olmstead batting for Loeffler hit to right for one base, Calder lined to Aronson.

Gladstone	A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
Bush, ss	4 0 2 2 4 1
Villani, 2b	4 1 0 2 3 1
Wolford, lb	3 1 0 14 0 0
Stewart, c	4 0 2 4 2 0
Raasch, rf	3 0 0 1 0 0
McGee, cf	4 0 0 0 0 1
Gravelle 3b	4 0 0 1 2 0
Loeffler, lf	2 0 0 3 0 0
Calder p	4 0 0 0 1 0
Olmstead p	1 0 1 0 0 0
Totals	33 1 6 27 12 3

Escanaba	A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
F. Olmstead, 2b	5 1 3 0 0 1
Bourke, lf	5 0 2 1 0 0
H. Aronson 3b	3 1 1 2 1 0
Hoffman cf	4 1 1 2 0 0
Nolden lb	4 0 2 9 0 0
Lantz, ss	4 0 1 1 1 1
R. Aronson, rf	4 0 0 1 0 0
Boyle, c	4 0 0 11 0 0
Garland, p	4 1 1 0 6 0
Totals	37 4 11 27 8 2

Summary—Struck out—By Garland, 8; by Calder, 4. Base on balls—Off Garland 1; Calder, 1. Two base hits—H. Aronson, Wolford, Stolen bases—Wolford, (2), Villani, Bush, H. Aronson Lantz. Left on bases—Escanaba, 7; Gladstone 8. Double play—Villani to Wolford, Empire Frank Gravelle. Attendance 200. Time of game 1:55.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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Physician and Surgeon,
Office and Residence 803 Delta Ave.
Telephone No. 44 49

DR. A. H. KINMOND,
Dentist, 41
Office over Lindblad's Grocery,
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DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN;
Dentist.
Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., from 1 to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 8 p. m.
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Fine Furniture, Undertaking, Upholstered goods and Steamship Tickets, Delta Avenue near Central.

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HOURS—1 to 3 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.
daily except Sundays. 53
Consultation at Leding Hospital, 833 Mary St. 9 to 12 a. m. daily, Sundays included.

**--Do--
You Eat**

Cloves after taking a drink? It's a bad practice; the oil of cloves is a good remedy in certain cases, but the Right way is to step into my place, which is conspicuous on Delta, and ask for some of my best liquors—any kind you choose. Then you turn your wrist one hundred and eighty degrees. That's all—except to requite your Host.

Fred Anderson
805 DELTA AVE.

MOSTLY FISH

These summer days. He who knows the deep shady nooks in the bends of the creek will likely get something for his time and trouble. Anyway, if he fail in the forest or on the stream, he has a sure thing on getting what will please him in REAL RIGHT DOWN DRINKS by applying to

FRANK LOUIS
902 DELTA AVE.

FRUIT!

All kinds in profuse abundance.

GRAPES PEARS
WATERMELONS
PEACHES PLUMS
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Now is the season at

ANDREW MARSHALL
Phone 164

DEFEATED AGAIN

Sunday's game at Escanaba resulted as usual, a victory for the Sandy City. Although outbid by the locals, Escanaba played errorless ball, while Gladstone made three errors, two of which were very costly. In the first inning Fred hit for two bases and Bourke was given a free pass. Steiny Aronson then singled filling the sacks. Hoffman then came up and grounded to Monte who fumbled letting F. Olmstead score. It was a pure chance for a double killing but Monte's error gave Escanaba a big chance. Nolden then hit to Bush, who forced Bourke at home. Lantz flew out to right field, H. Aronson scoring on sacrifice. R. Aronson then hit a single scoring Hoffman, but was caught trying to pilfer second, Stewart to Bush.

Gladstone tied the score in the second, after Raasche popped to Lantz. Monte then got a single and Flath came across with a double putting Monte on third. McGee then popped to H. Aronson and Gravelle was given a walk. Bush then got a single scoring Monte and Flath, Gravelle going to second. Villani then doubled and Gravelle scored. Escanaba forged ahead in the seventh when R. Aronson connected for his second hit of the game, but was forced at second on Boyle's grounder to Gravelle. Boyle then stole second, and Garland, who had replaced Van Effen flew to Flath. H. Olmsted, who replaced his brother, Fred, reached first on Wolford's error, Boyle scoring on the misplay.

Gladstone had many chances to win and should have tied but Umps Jaeger called Bush out at the plate on a close play.

Gladstone	A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
Bush, ss	5 0 2 3 3 0
Villani, 2b	4 0 2 2 5 1
Wolford, lb	4 0 1 12 5 0
Stewart, c	3 0 0 5 1 0
Raasch, rf	4 0 0 1 0 0
Olmstead p	4 1 2 0 3 1
Flath lf	3 1 3 0 0 0
McGee, cf	2 0 0 1 0 0
Gravelle, 3b	3 1 0 1 3 0
Totals	32 3 10 24 15 3

Escanaba	A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
F. Olmstead, 2b	2 1 1 0 1 0
Bourke, lf	2 0 1 2 0 0
H. Aronson 3b	4 1 1 1 2 0
Hoffman, cf	3 1 0 0 1 0
Nolden, lb	4 0 0 10 0 0
Lantz, ss	3 0 0 2 2 0
R. Aronson, rf	3 0 2 1 0 0
Boyle, c	3 1 1 10 2 0
Van Effen p	2 0 0 0 0 0
Garland, p	1 0 0 0 0 0
H. Olmsted	2 0 0 0 1 0
Totals	29 4 6 27 8 0

Summary—Hits off VanEffen—8 in 5½ innings; off Garland, 2 in 8½ innings. Base on balls—Off Olmsted 2; off Van Effen 2. Struck out—by Olmstead 2, by Garland 2, by Van Effen 4. Two base hits—Flath (2), Villani, F. Olmstead. Left on bases—Escanaba, 5; Gladstone, 7. Wild pitch—Olmsted, (2). Sacrifice hits—Stewart, Flath, McGee (2), Hoffman, Lantz. Stolen bases—Bourke, Boyle.

INDEPENDENCE OF AMERICAN TRADE

The inestimable value of the American system of Protection is about to be demonstrated in connection with the revolution in trade, commerce and industry that is certain to come as a consequence of the European war. It is not contended that our country will profit by that tremendous event. There can be no profit to anyone in so dreadful a destruction of values and so widespread a demoralization of business as that which must inevitably attend what promises to be the greatest military conflict of modern times. There will be loss to the whole world that will take many years in repairing. But the damaging effects will fall lightest of all upon the people of the United States. Ours is the only country in the world that is industrially independent. That we are in that fortunate position is something to be thankful for: something to thank Protection for.

Industrial independence was the aim and desire of the Fathers of the Republic when the first Congress passed the first Tariff law of 1789. Industrial independence has been the steadfast purpose of Protectionists from that day to this. Now we have industrial independence when most we need it. Protection has given it to us.

But for the Protective Tariff that for the past 50 years we have maintained, except during the short period of 1894-'97 and the present Free Trade period which will surely come to an end two years hence, we should now be dependent upon the manufactures in Europe for our woollens, our cottons, our silks, our hosiery, our pottery, our basic steel and the finished products by steel for many other articles of use. Fortunately, the Underwood Free-Trade Tariff has not been operating long enough to extinguish any of the im-

SOME CHEERFUL
Views of life and of the busy end of Gladstone, its docks and

THE HARBOR
may be had from my place opposite the elevator where you will be royally entertained with food and every kind of wholesome drink. For old wines and liquors ask

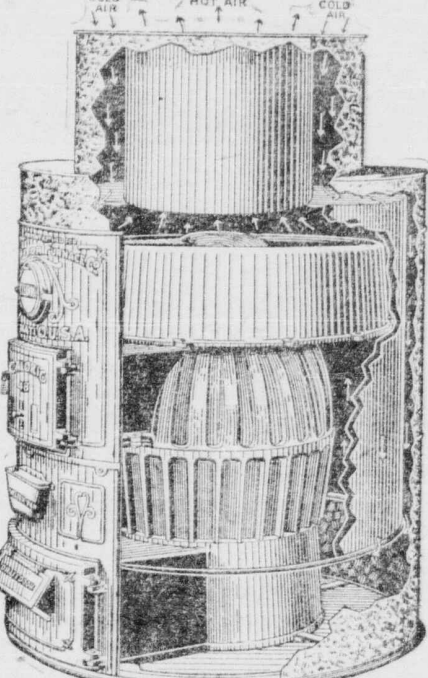
ANDREW STEVENSON
JUST ROUND THE CORNER

GLADSTONE LODGE NO 163

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

Meets every Tuesday in Castle Hall, Odd Fellows' Block 919 Delta Ave. All Visiting Knights are Welcomed.

YOU SAVE FUEL



As well as first cost when you put in the

Monitor Caloric Furnace

It will heat your house or store with less fuel and work than any other furnace and it costs less. If you value money, consult

THE GLADSTONE HEATING & PLUMBING CO.

YOU KNOW

And so do I that there is a difference in things. You can get a drink in any place where such things are sold; but if you are a man of discrimination, one who knows a hawk from a heronshaw, you know or can learn in a minute, that to get the real antique and the artistic touch you must consult

Soren Johnson
901 DELTA

portant industries of the United States. Excepting possibly a few chemicals needed in our agricultural and manufacturing industries, there is nothing that we have bought from Europe that we cannot get along without. We can supply all our needs from our own resources and facilities.

To sum up the situation, our country is wonderfully well prepared to withstand the effects of a great European war. To an extent which is true of no other country on earth we are sufficient unto ourselves. If we had followed the Free-Trade scheme of buying in the cheapest and selling in the dearest market we should not now have a manufacturing capacity, answering all possible requirements, of more than \$22,000,000,000 a year. We should be looking to Europe for the great bulk of that enormous total, and Europe, being tied up and paralyzed with war, could not supply our needs. It is better as it is, far better.

The grave question which has impressed itself upon Congress is to devise methods of shipping American goods. Foreign countries have made it profitable for their people to ship in vessels not American. It must now be made profitable to ship in American vessels, and to get the vessels for the shippers.

An added duty of 10 per cent., imposed on all imports carried in other than American-owned ships, was the policy which in the early days of the Republic built up the American merchant marine to the point of carrying more than 90 per cent of American overseas commerce. To-day our ships carry less than 8 per cent. The addition of 10 per cent was Protective.

Our present shipping could not carry even the wheat crop we export to Europe. With our flag "practically banished from foreign ports as it would be practically banished from our own ports were it not for our coastwise trade we should set about restoring it to the seas. Great Britain took away the bulk of our carrying trade during the Civil War. Now is our opportunity to get back what we lost then; but if we keep we must have other and better regulations in the future.—American Economist.

DRIVING HORSE FOR SALE
Gentle and suitable for lady, weight 1100. Also buggy and cutter, both new.
20-22 J. T. Whybrew.

ITEMS OF INTEREST CULLED FROM RAPID RIVER NEWS

Alphonse Thibault of Gladstone who was last week pinched for exceeding the speed limit, appeared in court here Tuesday before Justice Miller and admitted his error and paid fine and costs amounting to eight dollars. He is a former Rapid River man and well thought of here.

Quite a number of friends from the village met with Mr. Barker at his summer home at Garth Point Wednesday and assisted him in celebrating his birthday anniversary.

Miss Sophie Burman left this evening for Gladstone to visit a few days.

A warrant has been issued for Ex-Mayor Perron of Escanaba. It being alleged that he ran his auto at a rate of speed considerable greater, in the village, than 12 miles an hour.

The Rapid River ball team has won all of its games to date and one of the main causes for this is the ability of our boys to hit the ball. Six members of the team are batting over 300 with O'Neil Damour heading the list with an average of 458. The others batting over 300 are McFarlan 444, Minor 437, Mead 400, Forest 391 and Wilford 300. The team average is 305.

Mrs. J. A. Yerrick takes her departure Tuesday for Big Sandy, Montana, to spend a month with her daughter Miss Ella Hoeks.

The road between here and Masonville has been opened to traffic, the work being sufficiently advanced that traffic can be resumed without serious damage to the road bed.

Delicious Tea.
A delicious infusion may be made by taking the dry tea, pouring cold water over it and allowing it to stand for six or eight hours. Use twice the quantity of dry tea that would be required if the tea were steeped.

Vote For
ALEX. J. GROESBECK
Republican Nomination
GOVERNOR
BECAUSE
He is able
He is strong
He is a Republican
PRIMARIES
AUGUST 25

GREAT BARGAINS

are scarcely in my line for I have no remnants. But everything I have on hand in any sort of liquor, domestic or imported, is the best of its kind and so is well worth your while. I shall be pleased to see you at any time and will try to make you contented and happy. Try the Midway once—and again.

THE MIDWAY

**-WAR PRICES-
GOING UP
-OUR PRICES-
GOING DOWN**

3 can Pearl Milk 25c
12 bars Saratoga Soap 25c
2-5 lb pkg Johnson washing Powder 25c
6-5 lb pkg Johnson Washing Powder 25c
5 bars Lifebuoy soap 25c
2 bars Dr. Shoop's vegetable soap 20c
6 bars Dutch hand Soap 25c

All slippers and some shoes and a large assortment of dishes half price.

GLADSTONE GROCERY
"THE QUALITY STORE"
P. J. LINDBLAD, PROP. PHONE 51

SAVES YOU TROUBLE

To drop into Peterson's place because it is right in the middle of the earth—it's just half way from everywhere, unless you're there now. If you are not there, get there; it's the only place to get a swift and tingling drink. For further news, ask Fred or

P. W. PETERSON
711 DELTA AVE.

Chicken Fixins

are to be had of us at any time and something

JUST AS GOOD

In any other kind of meat. We lose no other opportunity to better the quality of stock and our prices are as low as possible.

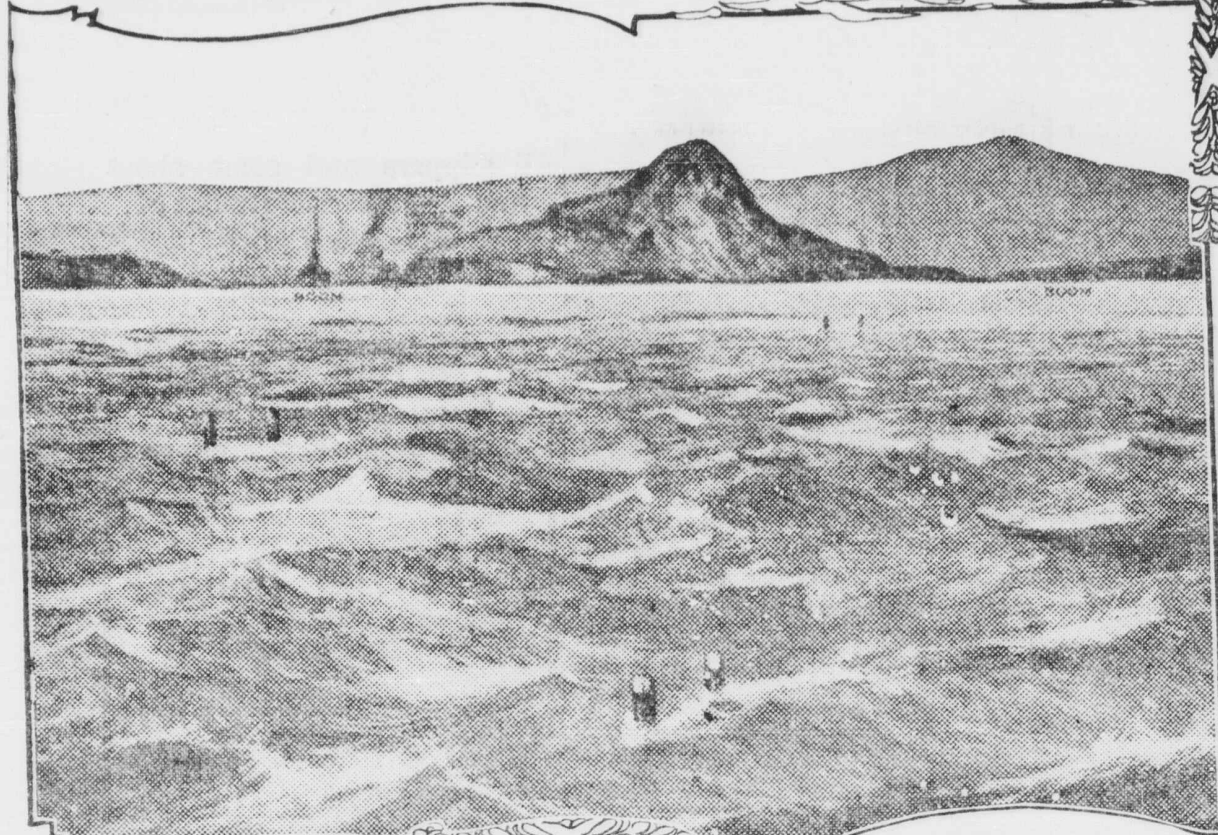
OLSON & ANDERSON
PHONE 9
717 Delta Avenue.

GREAT BARGAINS

are scarcely in my line for I have no remnants. But everything I have on hand in any sort of liquor, domestic or imported, is the best of its kind and so is well worth your while. I shall be pleased to see you at any time and will try to make you contented and happy. Try the Midway once—and again.

THE MIDWAY

SUBMARINES TO DRIVE BATTLESHIPS FROM SEAS



FLEET BOTTLED UP IN HARBOR BY SUBMARINES

Of eminent authority as Admiral Sir Percy Scott of the British Navy declared the other day that the doom of the dreadnaught had been sounded by the development of submarines. He asserted unequivocally that even the superdreadnaughts were archaic and that experiments had proved conclusively that no fighting ship was safe from the attack of the submarine day or night. Why, then, spend millions for armorclad titans? he asked.

The pronouncement is the more impressive because Admiral Scott has probably done more than any other living naval man to make the battleship the offensive fighting machine it is today. By a system of director firing he improved the capability of making hits quite 100 per cent, and showed how a whole battery of monster rifles could be manipulated as a unit and the tremendous salvo brought to bear upon a distant target with amazing precision. In a word, he made the dreadnaught a wonderfully formidable instrument of attack, and yet today, in the face of that unparalleled record, he says: "I see no use for battleships."

There is in this country an authority of a kindred way of thinking, Simon Lake, who has done a great deal toward making the submarine what it is. In substance, Simon Lake anticipated Admiral Sir Percy Scott in predicting the passing of the heavy ships of the battle line. He was asked the other day for his opinion of the British admiral's sweeping views.

"I still believe, as I always have, that the submarine will drive the heavy armored battleship from the seas," he replied, "and that it will be the means employed by all countries with a seaboard to prevent invasion from the sea."

"The partisan of the battleship points with reasonable pride to the spectacular performances of his giant turret guns, and he tells you of the many inches of hardened steel that the points of his armor-piercing projectiles can perforate. Truly these doings are little short of marvelous. But the advocate of the gun is a prejudiced expert withal, for he will not believe the torpedo to be a formidable rival. Why? Simply because generally he takes little interest in this order of weapon."

"But the torpedo is coming into its own. It is an instrument of precision and stupendous destructive might. Where it could not travel more than 1,800 yards with any chance of hitting the target a few years back, it can now cover a distance of 12,000 yards and make that run at an average of nearly 30 knots."

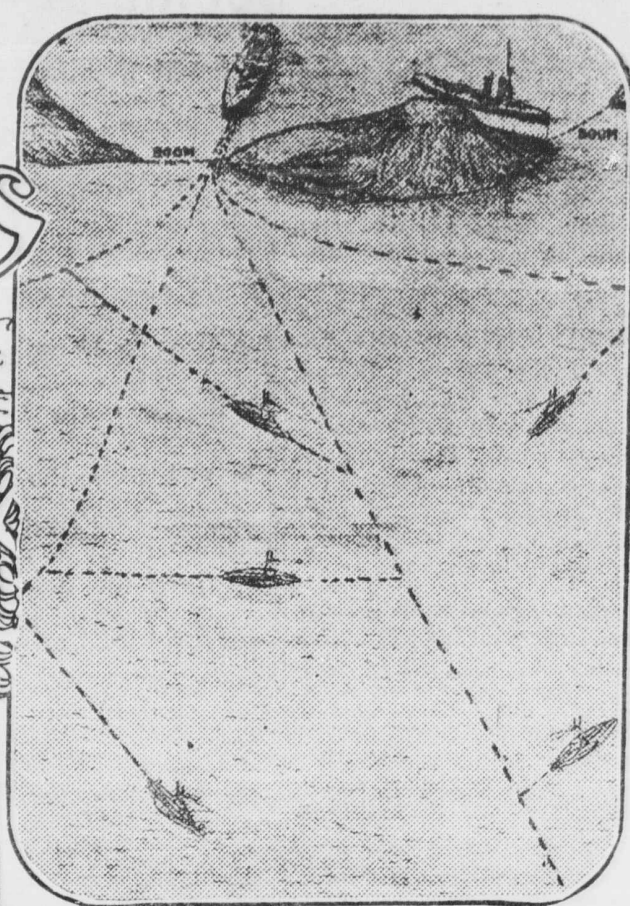
"In some particulars it is even more accurate than the gun. It travels far enough below the surface to be unaffected by the state of the sea. With its warhead charge of several hundred pounds of high explosive, attacking a ship where she is least prepared for assault, the detonation of that substance will cause a far greater wound than it is possible to produce with a number of the biggest projectiles."

"Yes, I think Sir Percy Scott is right, and his admission means much more because it comes from an expert who has heretofore favored the gun and the dreadnaught."

"What do I think of the submarines of the future? How big do I think they will be? Well, I have done some prophesying in the past and have been frankly poot-pooted by the unbelievers, so you will understand my present reluctance to predict just how large submarines will eventually be built. There are mechanical problems that must be overcome first. The development of the submarine has not been as rapid as I anticipated, and this has been due to the difficulty of securing satisfactory engines."

"The gasoline engine has been somewhat discredited as a motor for underwater boats because of the explosive character of its fuel. We have had a number of distressing accidents due to the unexpected ignition of the fumes of gasoline. Yes, the heavy oil engine promises to meet the needs, but there has been a good deal of difficulty in securing a reliable heavy oil, reversible, internal combustion engine. Thanks to the genius of Dr. Rudolf Diesel, the way to success has been blazed, and as the heavy oil engine evolves the size and the speed of submarines will increase proportionately."

"As a matter of fact, we have already in mind



POSITION OF SUBMARINE'S OUTSIDE HARBOR

1894 and then launched, but she was not in the water more than a quarter of an hour when a sudden storm swept her ashore and damaged one of the wheels. When the spring of 1895 came I was face to face with something of a problem. The Argonaut, Jr., was at the bottom of 14 feet of water and partly buried in soft mud. My task was to refloat her and to make her ready for further experiments and for demonstrations looking to the interesting and very much needed capital. Now, regular diving suits are an expensive matter, and my funds were so extremely low that I had run around well nigh barefooted during the winter in order that every penny available could be used in connection with my embryo submarine.

"When milder weather came I had ready a diving dress of my own devising. For a helmet I utilized a framework of light iron rods covered with painted canvas and made it fit snugly over my shoulders and to strap under my arms. For a face plate I used the glass deadlight from the air port of an abandoned sloop, and to help me to submerge I tied sash weights to my legs. Common garden hose wound with wire served to carry my air supply.

"In this fashion I reached the Argonaut, Jr., closed her up and put in pipes to pump her out. In my anxiety to succeed I toiled under water for several hours, and in consequence spent the better part of a week in bed afterward. In that brief time I lost 40 pounds in weight, but I didn't mind that because the boat was afloat again."

"The Argonaut, Jr., was not designed to submerge deeper than 20 feet, and my main object in building her was to show how a craft of that nature could be made to travel around on the bottom and, by means of the diving compartment, make it possible to recover things lying upon the waterbed. To make a long story short, my performances were so successful that I obtained money and we organized a company in November of 1895. But we did not have funds enough to build the big boat I had planned, and accordingly we had to curtail our ambition and confine our efforts to a smaller craft for the purpose of demonstration and as an inducement to additional capital. Fortunately I won the confidence of the late William T. Malster of Baltimore, then president of the Columbian Iron works and afterward mayor of the town."

"The Argonaut was a cigar-shaped structure of steel, 36 feet long and 9 feet of beam, and was fitted with an 80 h. p. gasoline engine, a dynamo, an air compressor, a searchlight, water ballast pumps—the apparatus necessary for successful submarine navigation. She had accommodations inside her for a crew of five, and during 1898 a cruise of more than 2,000 miles was made in the Chesapeake bay and on the Atlantic coast, traveling both on the surface and submerged, and over all kinds of bottom. That boat, designed for commercial purposes, was the pioneer of a larger military underwater craft which we built in Bridgeport some years later."

"As far back as 1901 I offered our navy department a boat that could carry guns in addition to torpedoes. It was generally laughed at, as I was for my bottom-traveling wheels. As you know, most of the big British submarines now carry guns and other nations are profiting by those examples. The big boats built by me in Russia for the czar's navy were designed to have this very feature."

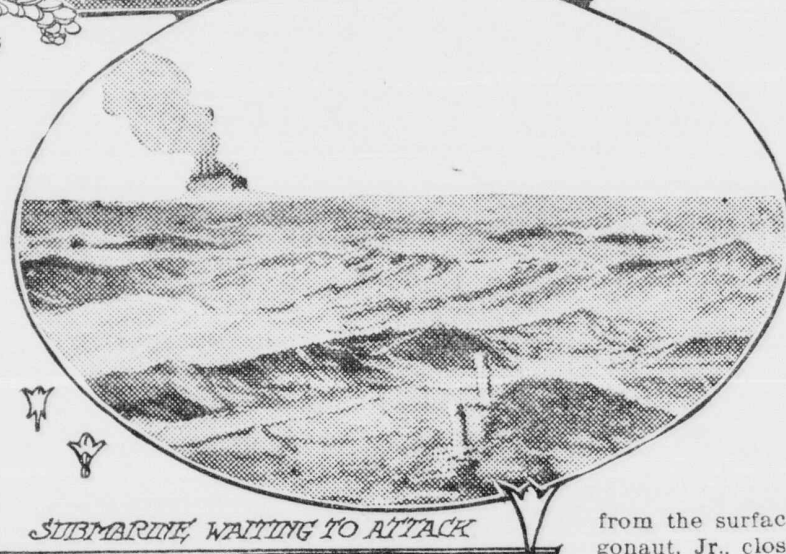
"In view of the actual advances, and knowing the increasing destructive might of the torpedo, I find no difficulty in subscribing to Admiral Sir Percy Scott's prediction. Yes, of course, the idea is of revolutionary portent, but with the gun to batter her above water and the torpedo to do even greater damage below, what chance of surviving has the accepted order of dreadnaughts?"

"The Proctor was the first underwater craft to provide comfortable quarters for her crew and to be equipped with cooking facilities in order that they might live aboard of her. Even so, the ruling spirit of our naval board of inspection in 1903 poot-pooted this provision, declaring that a mother ship would always be necessary and that the men would live aboard the larger craft. How far that mistaken authority erred can be gathered from the performance of a sister boat."

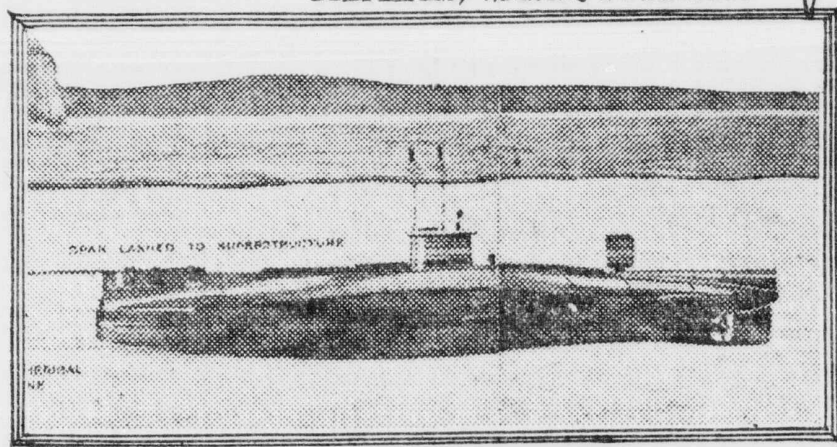
"After that little vessel became part of the czar's fleet she made a run from Kronstadt to Libau in October of 1905. The official report of the commander of the vessel best tells the story: "This trip confirms once more the good seagoing qualities of boats of this particular type, as several times we were out in cold weather and exposed to high winds and heavy seas, yet, notwithstanding these conditions, the submersible stood the weather every time quite easily. At one time, for 24 hours, by reason of the violence of the wind and the nature of the sea, it was not possible to pass food from the conveying vessel. During that period the deck was swept by heavy seas and the crew were able to take the air only on top of the conning tower; but notwithstanding this when I proposed to them the next day that they might go over to the convoy if they liked they again asked permission to remain on the submersible."

"Yes, the underwater craft are coming into their own."

"The craft was finished on Christmas day of



SUBMARINE WAITING TO ATTACK



SUBMARINE ENTIRELY SUBMERGED

submarines of 2,500 tons, with the speed of a battleship, and it may be possible to build them of a speed equal to that of the fast cruisers, but the handicap in properly engineering them has caused us to hesitate in putting propositions forward for their construction. The moment a reliable engine is provided that will furnish a speed equal to that of the surface vessel, of whatever type such surface vessel may be, that moment surface vessels of that order will become obsolete for purposes of war; their only use will be to train seamen and to carry the flag in times of peace.

"How did I begin my work in submarine navigation? Well, the story is not a long one. Of course, you will expect me to tell you that Jules Verne's 'Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea' was my inspiration, and you shall be disappointed. From my boyhood days that scientific romance gripped me irresistibly, and I was not more than nineteen when I began experimenting in a crude way."

"It was then 1885, and I was living at Toms River, N. J. My preliminary investigation was in an overturned rowboat, under which I crawled to see how long I could survive in the air confined close up to the inner bottom of that craft. I stayed there so long that a passing fisherman thought me drowned and righted the boat, expecting to tow it ashore and to report my loss."

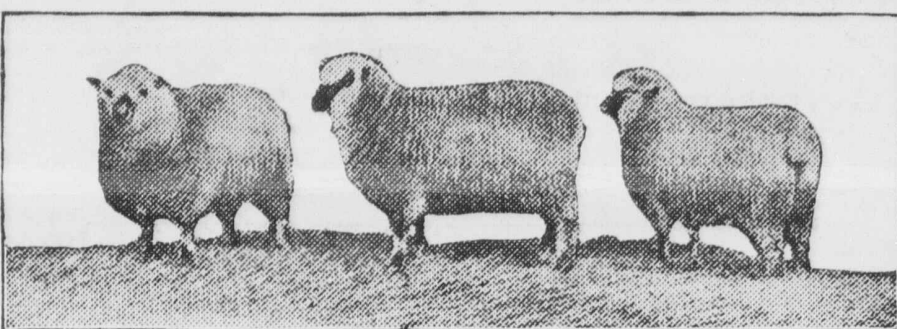
"In 1893, as you possibly recall, the navy department asked for bids for a submarine boat. I submitted the design of one intended to travel on the surface, in between the bottom and the surface or on the waterbed—a sort of underwater automobile, so to speak. I had no financial backer, and the government exacted that the successful bidder should put up a bond as a guarantee of contract fulfillment. Needless to remark, I did not get any recognition of a substantial sort, but I did obtain favorable comment from some of the official critics. That, at least, gave me encouragement."

"Shortly afterward I moved to Atlantic Highlands, and there, thanks to the financial assistance of an aunt, I built the submarine which I jokingly named Argonaut, Jr. That was in 1894. The Argonaut, Jr., was a coffinlike box built of yellow pine timber in two layers, coated with coal tar and lined with felt to make it water tight. It was 14 feet long, 4½ feet wide and had a depth of 5 feet. It was mounted upon wooden wheels."

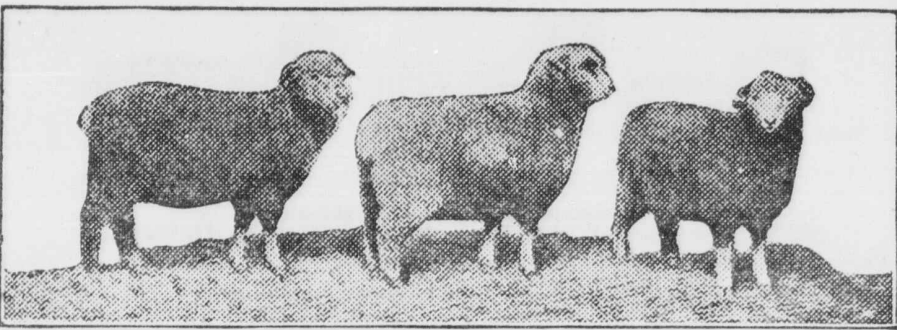
"The vessel was intended to navigate only on the bottom and was driven by hand power; a crank shaft, ending outside with sprocket wheels, was geared by a chain belt to the two rear drivers. Inside, the bow part of the boat was partitioned off by an air-tight bulkhead which made the foremost compartment a veritable diving bell, with a water-tight door in the floor that could be opened. For air storage the boat carried a soda water tank, and a plumber's hand pump did duty as an air compressor. When the confined air reached a suitable pressure the bottom door could be dropped without fear of the water coming in when the Argonaut, Jr., was submerged."

"The craft was finished on Christmas day of

DOMESTIC BREEDS OF SHEEP IN AMERICA



Three Representative Shropshire Ewes.



Three Representative Rambouilliets (French Merinos).

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

All the domestic sheep in America have originated from importations, most of which have been made from European countries since the beginning of the nineteenth century. The fine wools are found upon the western ranges and to a lesser extent through the Ohio fine-wool region. They are undergoing some changes to improve the carcass and increase the length of wool; some foreign blood is being used to do it; nevertheless these sections may still be regarded as being fine wool in character.

In Tennessee, Virginia and Kentucky, the spring lamb region of America, Southdown rams are very popular. Through the central farming sections of the country the medium-wool breeds have taken possession, the long wools largely being in locations more favorable to them in the North and Northwest, notably Canada, Utah, Idaho, Montana and Oregon.

It is not always possible to say that there is one best breed for any section. There may be two or three that would do equally as well, but it is undeniable that some breeds are far more suitable than others for a given location. All the breeds have their good qualities and most of them, if properly handled, will give good results in some section of America. The problem is to get the ones best adapted to particular conditions. Some breeds have a larger number of high-class individuals than others, but a truly successful breeder can improve any of them.

As a rule, but one breed should be selected. Where there is more than one breed upon a farm it is a difficult matter to keep the gates all closed at the proper time and prevent crossing. If several farms are available more breeds can be handled, but the difficulties in management are much increased. The most successful sheep breeders in America handle but one breed. The fact that there are more breeds than in any other class of farm animals may in itself make the selection of one breed rather difficult. Some of the deciding factors should be climatic conditions, feeds available, altitude, the particular line of the industry to be followed, and popularity of the breed in the section in which the farmer is located.

The effect of climate is strikingly illustrated in the evolution of the sheep industry of the extreme Northwest. The Willamette Valley in Oregon, now so famous for its long wools, was once partly occupied by fine-wool sheep. The large amount of rainfall, which comes in a long-continued drizzle, caused the hay and weed seeds that became lodged in the wool to grow and become green upon the sheep's back. The Merino breeds were decidedly out of place there. After a time the Lincoln and other long-wool breeds were introduced and the industry assumed a different aspect. Their long locks act as a thatch, carrying the water off, and these breeds thrive as they do in few places except their native counties in England.

The kind of feed produced is of importance. The large breeds have been developed upon land that has produced abundantly. They are capable of taking care of a larger amount of feed, such as the moist fertile lowlands produce, while the smaller breeds succeed better upon the less abundant fare of drier and less fertile pastures. There is evidently some connection between the general high quality of the smaller breeds and the scanty, more nutritious feeds that they receive under natural conditions. If they are removed to the lowlands they lose much of their characteristic type and quality.

The effect of altitude upon a breed is also apparent, but how much of this effect is due to the amounts and kinds of feed it is difficult to determine. Certain it is that the mountain breeds are smaller, more active, more hardy, and better able to care for themselves than their lowland neighbors.

The importance of hardness in the mountain breeds was shown during the last century along the Scottish border. The Cheviot had for a number of years been displacing the black-faced Highland breed because of its finer quality of wool and somewhat better carcass. A number of severe winters worked havoc among the flocks of the former breed by causing a very heavy lamb loss, and the Highland breed, because of its hardness, came back into its own.

Whether the breeder expects to spe-

cialize upon some particular line of sheep farming should likewise be instrumental in making a decision. If winter lambs are to be produced a breed must be secured that will breed at the right season of the year, and not all will do this. The Dorset, Merino and Tunis have given the best satisfaction thus far.

The popularity of a breed will often have its effect in influencing one's decision. Some breeds have been developed under conditions that are more general, or else they have a wider range of adaptability than others. The popularity of several breeds in this country is due to this fact. No better illustrations of these can be mentioned than the Merinos and Shropshires that are found from Maine to California. Some of the minor breeds need men who will place them before the public, as there can be no doubt as to the effect of a wide-awake breed association in advancing a breed.

It is well before making a selection to consider carefully the most popular breed in your community. There is usually some good reason for its being popular, but occasionally because of a fashion a breed will enjoy a "boom" that it does not rightly deserve. In some states at the present time there are colonies of breeders handling certain breeds, and buyers are attracted there because there are excellent opportunities for selection in the neighborhood. There are also advantages connected with buying stock near home. The keen competition offered by some of the classes in the show ring has been a lure that has caused some men to take up a certain breed. Others have been content to win more often in the smaller classes where the winnings are easier.

Some breeds are regarded as needing more care than others; at any rate they become more unsightly if denied this attention. However, no flock will thrive upon mismanagement. Good appearance is always desirable, and sometimes it is of prime importance. The use of sheep for keeping the lawns of parks and country places in trim has been in effect in this country for years and here attractiveness is indispensable. The Southdown has proved very popular for this purpose.

SWEET CLOVER GAINS FAVOR

Increasing Attention Being Given Crop as Forage Plant—Used Successfully as Ensilage.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

For the past two years increasing attention has been given to sweet clover as a forage plant. County agricultural agents in several states last year gave the crop some attention in an experimental way. Those in Kansas and South Dakota were particularly active, and the results were so satisfactory that the area seeded this year has been enormously increased. A report from Allen county, Kansas, states that more than 2,000 acres were seeded in that county this year. Last year a farmer in Clinton county, Iowa, conducted an excursion to a farm on which is grown annually 60 to 100 acres of sweet clover for hay and pasture on land worth more than \$100 per acre. On June 9 and 10 this year two Illinois county agents joined in an excursion to a 300-acre sweet clover farm in Ogle county, Illinois. One county sent 21 automobiles with 109 farmers representing 25 townships. A total of 45 automobiles made up the train. Among the interesting things done on the farm visited is the pasturing of 60 head of cattle on 40 acres of sweet clover. The clover is also used successfully as ensilage.

Why Timothy Is Favored.
Timothy is a palatable hay and this is one of the chief reasons why it is standard in most markets. In addition to this a horse can be fed a large quantity of it and will suffer no ill effects when given a hard drive immediately after having eaten the hay. Palatability depends largely on the time the hay is cut and on the method of curing.

Produce Succulent Food.
Generally speaking it is more economical to produce succulent feed in the form of roots for a small number of cows than to produce it in the form of silage, though small silos are now manufactured and used to some extent.



I Want Some US CARTRIDGES

Test after test after test of ammunition has proved the value of the U. S. non-mercuric primer. No mercury in the primer means no harmful, corrosive fouling of the barrel, no destroying action on the brass cartridge case, no varying time of ignition. The U. S. primer is a strictly chemical compound that acts with perfect uniformity.

Where fulminate of mercury is used, ground glass is also used. Ground glass is difficult to mix with mercury and its effect is not only to wear down the rifling, but also to cool the primer flame by absorbing about 16% of the heat.

World's Championship Rifle Teams habitually use U. S. Cartridges.

Send a postal for Free Historical Booklet, "American Marksmanship"

UNITED STATES CARTRIDGE COMPANY
Makers of THE BLACK SHELLS
Lowell, Mass.

FOR SALE—Well-paying Flour and Feed store, in this town, 2-story brick building, cellar, outbuildings, etc.; butter and eggs a specialty. W. J. ZIEBEL, Westfield, Wis.

PATENTS—Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

Look! Land! Central Wisconsin. SOIL producing bumper crops; very cheap. Wild and improved. Write right now. Measer, Box 262, Minneapolis

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 34-1914.

WELL, HE MADE THEM LAUGH

Speaker at Banquet Intended to Be Humorous, and Quite Unconsciously He Was.

Henry returned from the dinner and faced his expectant wife with a proud and smiling face.

"Yes, thank you, my dear," he said, in answer to her anxious inquiry. "The dinner was most pleasant, and my speech was the success of the evening."

"What did you say, darling?"
"Oh, well, I can't remember exactly, you know. But until I spoke all the speech had fallen rather flat, so I thought I would give them a little humor. And I succeeded, too! I had hardly said more than six words when there was a pleased giggle round the huge table. In a few minutes I had them all rolling about with laughter, and when at last I sat down the applause was tremendous—tremendous!"

At this point Henry removed his overcoat.
"I am glad your speech was such a success, dear," answered his wife, dutifully. "But next time you have to speak in public would it not be better to put a waistcoat under your dress-coat, especially when you wear a dickey?"

The Great Moving Picture.
Knicker—Been to the movies?
Bocker—Well, I looked at a map of Europe.

DISAPPEARED
Coffee Ails Vanish Before Postum.

It seems almost too good to be true, the way headache, nervousness, insomnia, and many other obscure troubles vanish when coffee is dismissed and Postum used as the regular table beverage.

The reason is clear. Coffee contains a poisonous drug—caffeine—which causes the trouble, but Postum contains only the food elements in choice hard wheat with a little molasses.

A Phila. man grew enthusiastic and wrote as follows:
"Until 18 months ago I used coffee regularly every day and suffered from headache, bitter taste in my mouth, and indigestion; was gloomy and irritable, had variable or absent appetite, loss of flesh, depressed in spirits, etc."

"I attribute these things to coffee, because since I quit it and have drank Postum I feel better than I had for 20 years, am less susceptible to cold, have gained 20 lbs. and the symptoms have disappeared—vanished before Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

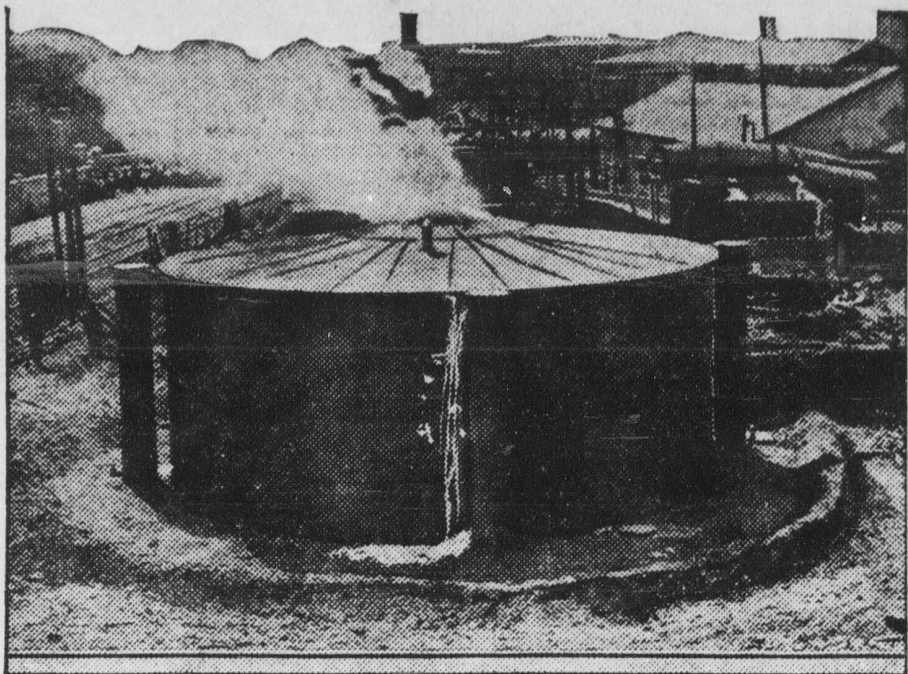
Postum comes in two forms:
Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.
—sold by Grocers.

PUTS OUT OIL FIRE IN TWO SECONDS



A new extinguisher was tried out on an oil tank at Bayonne, N. J. One of the tanks was set on fire, the heat immediately melted a copper wire which released the chemical from the extinguisher, quenching the fire in two seconds.

ESPIONAGE OVER HARRY K. THAW IS CONSIDERED IN LIGHT OF JOKE

Stanford White's Slayer Recently Got Lost While Fishing, But Made No Effort to Escape—Refugee From Matteawan Quietly Waits at Gorham, N. H., for the Next Move in His Long and Strenuous Fight for Liberty.

Gorham, N. H.—Harry K. Thaw, who is quartered here with his secretary and two bodyguards, appointed by the court to see he does not escape, can walk out of his hotel, jump into an automobile and flee practically any time it suits his mood.

Apparently, however, the slayer of Stanford White, whose extradition to New York state and return to the state hospital for the criminal insane at

Roads and paths radiate from it like spokes in a wheel.

When Thaw first came here all the year round residents evinced great curiosity in the slayer. Not knowing the symptoms of paranoia, they expected to see a veritable madman, wild eyed and at least crazily erratic. They were disappointed. It is true that Thaw today has the same staring eyes which have marked him for years and that he is erratic, but he hasn't come up to expectations by a long shot. So after a time they gave up paying much attention to him.

Visitors from the city are equally curious upon their arrival, but their inquisitiveness shortly subsides. They find Thaw to be very much like the other guests, save that he is somewhat exclusive. Much of his time is spent in offices he has established in the Noyes building, centrally located in one of the few streets this little village boasts. The rest of his day is occupied in automobiling, fishing and tramping.

Thaw recently bought a five-passenger car. The report that he mixes with the guests and takes them on his outings is erroneous. In truth, this is quite contrary to the facts, as with but one exception, his parties have been made up of the sheriffs, his secretary and himself.

The exception has to do with a tramp up Mount Washington early in the month. This was made over the northern end of the Presidential range by way of Crystal Cascade trail and was uneventful. A friend from Concord made up the fifth member of the party. The jaunt proved Thaw to be as hard as nails and an excellent candidate for the Alpine Climbers' society.

Thaw is too busy with his "liberty campaign" to pay much attention to the guests of his hotel or to the residents of the place. He has the reputation of being uniformly courteous to women and to such men as seek his acquaintance, but he seldom seeks an introduction on his own account. He prefers to remain in the background, which is unusual in view of his past performances.

The refugee from Matteawan is a fair trout fisherman when it comes to landing fish in Moose river, Nineteen Mile brook and Peabody's river, but what he would do with a trout over eight inches long can't be prophesied, for the reason that they don't grow



Harry K. Thaw.

Matteawan is sought, has no desire to quit Gorham. Whether this is because he believes the courts will ultimately free him or he is content with his surroundings, is problematical.

When the village thawed out last May, White's slayer packed his baggage and came here from Concord with Sheriff Holman A. Drew, in whose charge he had been placed; Deputy Sheriff C. D. Stevens, assistant to Drew, and H. J. Rice, who for some time has acted as Thaw's secretary. A suite of four rooms and bath had been engaged for the party on the third floor of the Mount Madison house, and here they have since enjoyed life pending the next legal move in the famous case.

Gorham was selected as a summer headquarters from which to direct Thaw's "liberty campaign," because it is but a few miles from Berlin, the home of Sheriff Drew. The sheriff is an elderly, stout and good natured official whose duties do not appear to weigh heavily upon him. He spends such time as suits his convenience in the Thaw suite and the balance where he pleases—usually at home.

Bodyguard Stevens is a bit more attentive to his charge, but his cares have not whitened his hair. Possibly the only time he has been at all worried was a few days ago when Thaw got lost on a trout fishing trip. He struck in at one point on Nineteen Mile brook and Stevens on another. Along about nine o'clock in the evening, when nothing had been heard of Thaw, the deputy sheriff called up the hotel and a searching party was organized.

This was led by Rice. With the aid of lanterns Thaw was found about two o'clock in the morning seated on a rock in the middle of the stream calmly and with good sense waiting for some one to come for him. He was hungry and wet, but not otherwise the worse for his experience.

He might have been deeply buried in the Maine woods by that hour had he been so inclined. This episode, as well as others, is pretty good proof that Thaw can escape if he is so minded.

Gorham is a smart little summer resort in the Androscoggin valley, and is one of the gateways to the White mountains. The Haze range flanks it in the rear, while in the front rise the twin peaks of Mount Madison, and the sharp crags of Carter, the Imp, Sunrise and other peaks of Carter range.



William Travers Jerome.

any longer than that up here. When he fishes, Stevens goes along, but he whips a different section of the brook, that being the way of real sportsmen.

Every one around Gorham is under the impression that Thaw has an income of \$100,000. It is known that he has just come into over \$160,000 from his father's estate. The amount of his income has been industriously and

mysteriously circulated, but not by Thaw. Whatever the figure may be Thaw is not spending as large amounts as the natives hoped he would. He pays well for what he gets, but he doesn't want much.

He lives on the same fare the others get, and there is no reason why he shouldn't, in view of his excellence. He patronizes the local stores when he happens to heed what they can supply and when they fail him he sends to New York or Boston. It is an excellent guess he hasn't expended much for clothing, for he is fairly slovenly in appearance. At any rate, if he has bought much apparel he hasn't seen fit to wear it.

Dr. Austin Flint, alienist for New York state in the Thaw trials and hearings, and William Travers Jerome, chief of the state's prosecuting officers, have said Thaw's great danger lies in alcohol. They have stated to the courts that should the slayer take so much as one drink, especially of champagne, he would likely enough again develop homicidal tendencies.

Thaw hasn't had a drink since he came here, although he has had plenty of opportunities. There is a bar in the hotel for guests, and wines and liquors may be had on the table or in the rooms. So far as can be ascertained Thaw has never been in the bar nor has he had intoxicants sent to his room. He is now a total abstainer. His one vice, if it can be called a vice, is smoking.

Outside the fact that he doesn't drink and is more moderate in his speech, Thaw doesn't seem to have changed much since the days when he was a well-known character on Broadway. He is still nervous, arrogant, excitable and suspicious. His mandatory nature continually asserts itself, but he can be winsome if he chooses.

It is unquestionably a fact that Thaw is trying his best to conduct himself properly and to win support in that way. In a measure he is succeeding, but the natives will never condone his offense against society. Some have no hesitancy in thus declaring themselves, but a good many believe he has been amply punished. Others openly declare he should be returned to Matteawan to spend the balance of his life.

Thaw expects the next move in his fight will be made in September. He is optimistic as to the outcome, and the chances are he will remain here quietly to await results. If he has reason to change his mind he will have no difficulty in escaping.

TEXAS FAMILY AT CAPITAL

Daughter and Grandchildren of Postmaster General Burleson Spend Summer in Washington.

Washington.—Mrs. Richard Van Wyck Nogley and her two little sons



Mrs. Nogley and Children.

are the daughter and grandchildren of Postmaster General Burleson. They are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. Burleson in Washington where they recently arrived from their home in Austin, Tex.

GUARD REBUKES EX-EMPRESS

Eugenie Not Allowed to Pick Flowers at Site of Her Old Palace in Paris.

Paris, France.—A story is printed of an incident which occurred on the recent visit to Paris of the former Empress Eugenie, widow of Napoleon III. She was walking in the Tuilleries gardens, where once stood her splendid palace, and picked a flower from the border. An attendant saw her and said: "Picking flowers is strictly forbidden. I must report you." He demanded her name and address and she answered timidly: "Eugenie." The attendant was struck by the melancholy aspect of the aged woman and relented, saying: "That is not a name. However, never mind this time, but do not do it again."

Woman Causes Riot on Beach. Chicago.—A young woman wearing an X-ray skirt almost caused a riot at a bathing beach here and it was necessary for a policeman and life guards to hold the crowd back while the woman and her escort escaped.

Bulldog Lies in State. Bellevue, Ky.—"Niek," an English bulldog, owned by Mrs. M. A. Winn, after lying in state for two days, was buried in a silver and gold trimmed coffin. The coffin was lined with white plush.

Invitation and Answer.
Mr. F. C. Phillips in his book, "My Varied Life," tells how the late Sir George Honeyman, an infamous writer, sent down from the bench to a friend of his, a leading Q. C., a little note. Not able to make head nor tail of it, the barrister scribbled something equally undecipherable upon a half-sheet of notepaper, and passed it up to the judge. Sir George looked annoyed, and when the court rose, said to his friend: "What do you mean by this? I asked you to come and dine with me tonight." "Yes," said the barrister, "and I replied that I should be extremely glad to do so."

ERUPTION OVER CHILD'S BODY

Route No. 3, Box 67, Little Falls, Minn.—"Our little boy was taken sick with a fever and after the fever he broke out with a sore eruption all over his body. We could get nothing to help him. The sores were large and red and bleeding. They started with blisters as if he were burned and when they broke they would bleed and they itched so that he could not sleep for some time. We had him all tied up with bandages and then we had to soak them off every day.

"We bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment which soon gave him relief. Now he is as well as can be for in three weeks he was all healed by the Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) George Wolters, Jan. 29, 1914.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Not From the Burns Collection.
"Where did golf originate, Sandy?"
"It was furst spoken in Scotia, lad."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU
Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids; No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Fifteen hundred persons are killed and 5,000 are annually injured as a result of fires in the United States.

Bradford, England, is to have an electrical exposition in October.

Backache Is a Warning

Nature always gives fair warning whenever anything is going wrong inside the body. When warned of kidney weakness by a aching back or disordered urination, give the kidneys prompt help and avoid more serious troubles.

Kidney trouble is a dangerous thing, because the kidneys are the blood filters, and weak kidneys soon upset the headiest system, causing rheumatic attacks, gravel, dropsy and Bright's disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills is a most reliable kidney remedy. Doan's are used successfully all over the civilized world and publicly recommended by thousands of grateful people.

A Wisconsin Case.
Mrs. Arthur A. Peters, 1559 E. Dayton St., Madison, Wis., says: "I was laid up in bed for nearly three weeks with a hemorrhage of my kidneys. I had awful dizzy spells with a tired, all-gone feeling. Doctors didn't help me a bit and I got discouraged. I happened to read of Doan's Kidney Pills and they saved my life. I have used them occasionally since and they have kept me in good health."
Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowels. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick headache and indigestion, as millions know.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Ben Wood

BLACK LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED
By Cutter's Blacking Pills. Low priced, fresh, reliable; preferred by Western stockmen, because they protect where other vacuoles fail. Write for book and testimonials. 10-dose pkg., Blacking Pills \$1.00 50-dose pkg., Blacking Pills 4.50 Use any toilet, but Cutter's best.
The superiority of Cutter's products is due to over 15 years of specializing in vaccines and medicines. Inset on Cutters'. If unavailable, order direct. The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Ill.

What is Castoria

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.
Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*.

The Guarantee.
William J. Burns, the famous detective, was talking in New York about the recent dropping of his name from the honorary list of police chiefs.

"It is easy," Mr. Burns said, "to read the significance of that action. Its significance is evil. It relates to certain graft exposures on my part. Yes, its significance is as evil as the clothier's guarantee."

"A young fellow went to a clothier to buy a pair of flannel pants.

"The last pair I got here shrank," he said. "I was caught in the rain in them and they shrank something terrible. Do you guarantee that these won't shrink?"

"Young fellow," said the dealer, "I guarantee them up to the hilt. Why, every fire hose in New York but three has squirted on them pants."

Unreasonable.
George Bernard Shaw is one of the few vegetarians who have remained true to the faith, and in a recent letter to a woman, reproaching her for her fight against the aigrette when she still ate meat, Mr. Shaw said:

"The lack of logic prevails everywhere! We call the tiger a ferocious and ravaging beast, but what would you ladies be called if, for example, the lamb chop had a voice?"

Let's Be Charitable.
The inventor of the first player piano is dead at eighty-five. Peace to his ashes. Let us forgive him. He never knew what his device would do to nervous folk in our noise-ridden American cities.

The average woman can do anything with a hairpin except sharpen a pencil—and she can do that with her teeth.

Well Meant.
On one occasion when the king and queen of Great Britain visited together very elaborate preparations were made for their reception.

The city was lavishly decorated and one enterprising tradesman, desiring to display his loyalty, has the words, "Heaven bless them both!" outlined in paper flowers across the front of his shop. Unfortunately he forgot to remove a large business sign that was just above.

The result read:
"Ham and beef sandwiches."
"Heaven bless them both!"

Couldn't Corner Him.
"Count," said the lady to the foreign nobleman at the charity bazaar, "won't you buy this rose. It is only \$5."

"I am very sorry," said the Count, with a courtly bow, "but ze price is a leetle too high."

The lady kissed the rose. "And now, Count will you buy it?"

"No, madame," he said, with a still deeper bow. "Now ze rose is price-less."

Ought to Feel Tired.
Bobbie—"Don't you feel tired, Mr. Bibble?"
Guest—No, Bobbie. Why do you ask?

Bobbie—"Cause pa said he met you last night and you were carrying an awful load."

No Improvement.
"How does Percy De Soft improve his time?"
"He doesn't."

Fame never blows her trumpet for a man who is too lazy to raise the wind.

WINCHESTER
"Repeater" Smokeless Shells.
If you want a good low-priced Smokeless powder "load," Winchester Factory Loaded "Repeater" Shells will surely suit you. They are loaded with the standard brands of powder and shot, good wadding and with that same care and precision which have made the Winchester "Leader" the most popular and satisfactory high-grade shell upon the market. Some shooters insist that Winchester "Repeaters" are better than other makers' highest grade shells. A trial will tell the tale. Don't forget the name: Winchester "Repeater."
THE YELLOW SHELL WITH THE CORRUGATED HEAD.

Close Your Door on the Thief, Carelessness



CURRENCY in the pocket DEPRECIATES. In the bank it EXPANDS. A person with a \$100 check in his pocket likely will go all day without cashing it. With a similar amount of currency there is a tendency to SPEND A LITTLE. The check remains intact. So it is with a bank account. A person likes to KEEP IT INTACT.

GLADSTONE STATE SAVINGS BANK
I. N. Eushong, Pres. G. J. Shining, Vice-Pres. W. W. Gasser, Cashier

GLADSTONE TOWN AND ITS SUBURBS

Much work has been done on the city park by volunteers especially the roundhouse men, who have come in a large number after work. Several large employes have donated generously of men, and the hardware and lumber dealers have contributed material. The grounds have been cleared of much unsightly brush, tables and benches built for picnickers; and the board will erect swings and other apparatus to entertain the children. There has been a tendency to destruction on the part of some visitors, probably betwixt and between childhood and manhood, that will be checked, if necessary by prosecution. The park is the public's it being improved for their enjoyment; and those who disturb it are inflicting injury upon their neighbors, not on a few. The city will be asked to install lights.

Victrolas of all Styles and prices. See and hear them at Segerstein Music store. x

There was an excellent attendance at the Yeomen prom Thursday evening. Adolor Leroux is the lucky possessor of the big couch cover.

The Lady Maccabees of the World give a prom this Friday evening at Wasa Hall. The proceeds are for the benefit of their hospital bed, to be established at Escanaba.

Work on the county road was entirely stopped by Thursday's furious rain. There is but a couple of weeks more work to be done at Masonville to connect with the Brampton township highway.

About forty of the young people of the Swedish Mission church went down to Gladstone to the conference at Escanaba the first of the week. They were pleasantly entertained.

The Soo Line has built a cement approach to the depot, with a landing platform along the street car track. This facilitates the transfer of express, baggage, mail, etc., from the interurban system. If it were a little longer, it would be a convenience for pedestrians, too.

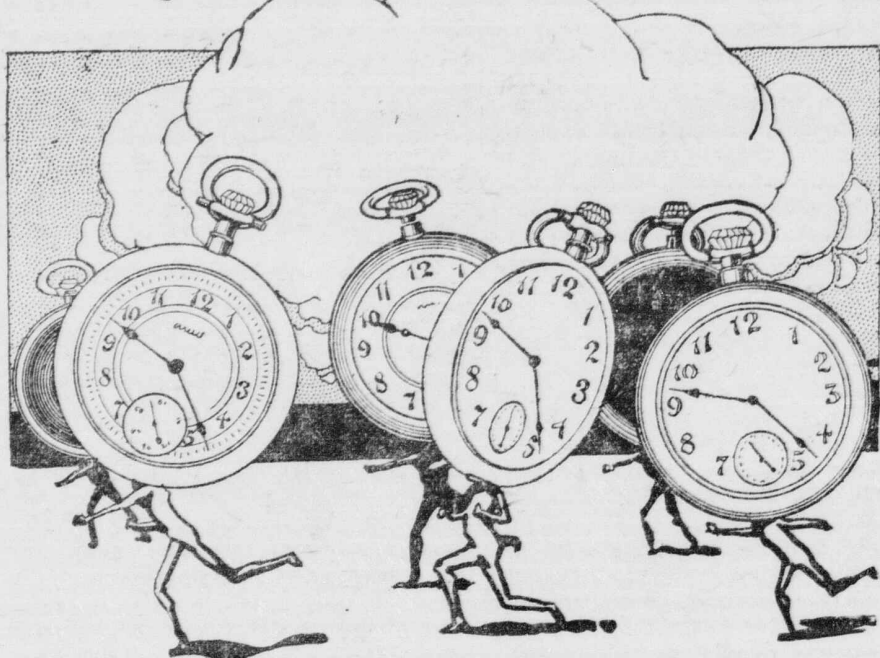
Victrolas! A full line at Segerstein Music Store. x

Some citizens with an exaggerated sense of the esthetic have been pulling up our ornamental street signs. It is to be hoped that they will restrain their artistic zeal until after the city has been granted free delivery. The city is not spending money on street signs because they are of any benefit, or because it desires to, but because it is required to by the postal authorities, notwithstanding that most free delivery towns have no street signs.

Charles E. Nebel will complete the construction of the west abutment of the Whitfish bridge this Saturday evening. Some delay has been caused by the alteration of the plans at Lansing.

The ferry company on Sunday handled 1030 between Gladstone and Maywood indicating an attendance of six hundred at the picnic, as many crossed in their own or other private craft. The new service is proving itself more desirable every day. The scow made several trips to take over and bring back supplies; a party of enthusiastic dancers using it for a ballroom on its return.

Long Distance Runners



That is a good description of our watches. They are carefully regulated before being allowed to go out of our hands. Take our time if you want to keep good time.

Dahl the Jeweler

The city council on Monday passed a voluminous ordinance, codifying the rules for lighting, water and sewerage connections in the city. A 40¢ candle-power light was ordered at the depot. Petitions for poolroom licenses were received, also for street lighting of the boulevard type. The council may send a committee to investigate upper peninsula systems. If so, it is probable that in use in Houghton will be found the best and most economical to copy in this city. The matter of an extension of the car line to the ferry dock for summer use was also considered, and the idea met with approval. This proposition was mentioned in The Delta last year and rendered practical by the abandonment of the North Escanaba spur. The minimum meter rate was reduced on the water board's recommendation.

The school board, at its recent meeting, awarded a contract for the installation of a new boiler at central school, at \$1200, to an Escanaba firm.

A party of shotgun sharps headed by Frank Green, are endeavoring to revive interest in trap shooting, once popular here. The club has been practicing on the below the street car lines on Sunday afternoons, though few possibilities have been reported so far.

6 inch Maple and Birch millwood \$1.90 a single cord, \$5.25 a full cord Hemlock, \$1.25 single and \$3.00 full cord; delivered to any part of the city Call up C. W. Davis, Phone 7

Several Belgians from the St. Nicholas colony and other parts of the county are returning to fight for their native land. While none of them can be compelled to go, some are patriotic, and others have money and property they fear to forfeit.

Henry Barbeau returned Wednesday morning from Lena, Wis., whither he took a party of three Sunday. He made the return trip, 110 miles, in five hours, notwithstanding that he injured his hand severely while cranking the car. The Lewis six made the trip in record time, not withstanding heavy roads.

On Friday afternoon, while workmen were excavating for a basement for a house, for Michael Lancour, of Flat Rock settlement, a mass of pure copper weighing 38 1/2 lbs was unearthed.—Morning Press.

PERSONS WHOM WE KNOW

Joseph Texmond, sexton of Fernwood cemetery, is watching the accounts of the obstinate defence of the Liege forts with a proprietary interest. When they were erected, a quarter of a century ago, he was a water boy for the laborers who were erecting the vast mounds of rubble concrete on the hill-sides of his native city. He has a vivid recollection of the great steel turrets which were placed upon them. They were forged at the great Cockerill works in the valley and dragged into place by immense steam engines.

Your prescription compounded with the best drugs and just as the doctor orders. If we have not what you want in stock, we will be glad to get it for you.

x NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO.

Miss Celia Hruska, who was engaged to teach in the Sagola public schools, has tendered her resignation.—Iron Mountain Press.

Miss Dorothy Kemo returned Wednesday night from a visit at Gladstone.—Khineland News.

C. J. Magoon begins his vacation from the dispatching office next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray W. Scott arrived this Friday morning from Marinette to spend a week.

Mrs. F. W. Aslett leaves Monday to Elk Rapids, to return with her sons, who visited their grandparents through vacation.

William Masterson was injured Thursday by a fall near Cavour. He missed his hold on a grab iron and fell to the ground, severely bruising himself.

Gust F. Nelson, Gladstone's first resident, is visiting friends in the city this week.

F. L. Hume of Chicago has been spending the week here with his family.

Lowell Boyer is camping with friends above Rapid River this week.

GIVE IT AWAY!

We are getting rid of our summer stock at any price. We want to dispose of every piece regardless of cost. We carry nothing over. Prices to suit you, not to suit us. This week we are not merchants, but philanthropists. That's what you'll say too.



HITHER AND THITHER

Some seventy years since, scholars and political philosophers, seeing that the great nations had been at peace for a generations, argued that commerce and civilization had at last come into their own and that the millennium had dawned. But the thinkers and savants had failed to perceive, what soon became evident; that human nature, under all the outward changes of frivolous fashions, is ever the same and that mankind in the mass is not much different from mankind at the dawn of history. Since 1850 the greatest wars have been fought in all continents and most of them arose from the failings and imperfections of civilization and the commercial spirit. It will be long before man loses his innate desire to annoy his neighbor; that is his nature.

Senator Stephenson of Marinette in company with a party of friends will make his thirtieth annual trip down the Escanaba river next week. Last year was the first time in twenty nine years that the senator did make the trip down the river.

The party will start from Swanzy on Tuesday and will proceed down the stream in boats, camping along the river where night overtakes them, until they reach Watson. From Watson they will go to Wells on the E. & L. S. The last lap of the trip will be made Sunday from Wells to Marinette on board the Senator's yacht, Bonita.

Edward Mercier of Nahma narrowly escaped death at Oconto Tuesday evening when he endeavored to climb on a freight train in the dark while it was moving rapidly. He slipped off the wet station platform, and lost his grip on the grabirons. In trying to avoid falling, he thrust his right foot on the rail. His shoe was torn in two, and two toes cut off the foot split open.

Fortune favored the Eagles Sunday as an ideal day, the threatening clouds having early cleared away. The pleasant groves of Maywood were thronged with visitors until late in the evening. The band furnished the best of music, and the pavilion was always crowded. The profits of the day were over \$100, far more than on any previous occasion. The Eagles acknowledge the ferry company as a principal factor, it being now possible to transport and remove goods directly by team.

The Gladstone firemen returned Saturday afternoon, covered with glory, badges, etc., having received credit for winning a race without running it, because of their valorous appearance. They were entertained by the Escanaba fire department with a sightseeing trip on the fire trucks.

Schoolcraft county already has an exposition building the exact counterpart of the local county fair building—Morning Press. But Schoolcraft county owns the grounds.

The Holmgren Auto Co. is enlarging its garage, to the extent of twelve feet on the north and six on the south. This will enable nearly a dozen more automobiles to be parked in the garage, which has lacked floor room for the increasing business of the company.

Prof. Wilson is telling big business men whom he has been calling in to see him his business is "looking up." "Of course it is," said an Indiana man in Washington the other day. "It's flat on its back and it can't look any other way."

Do you like music? Have them play a few records on the Victrolas at Segerstein Music store. x

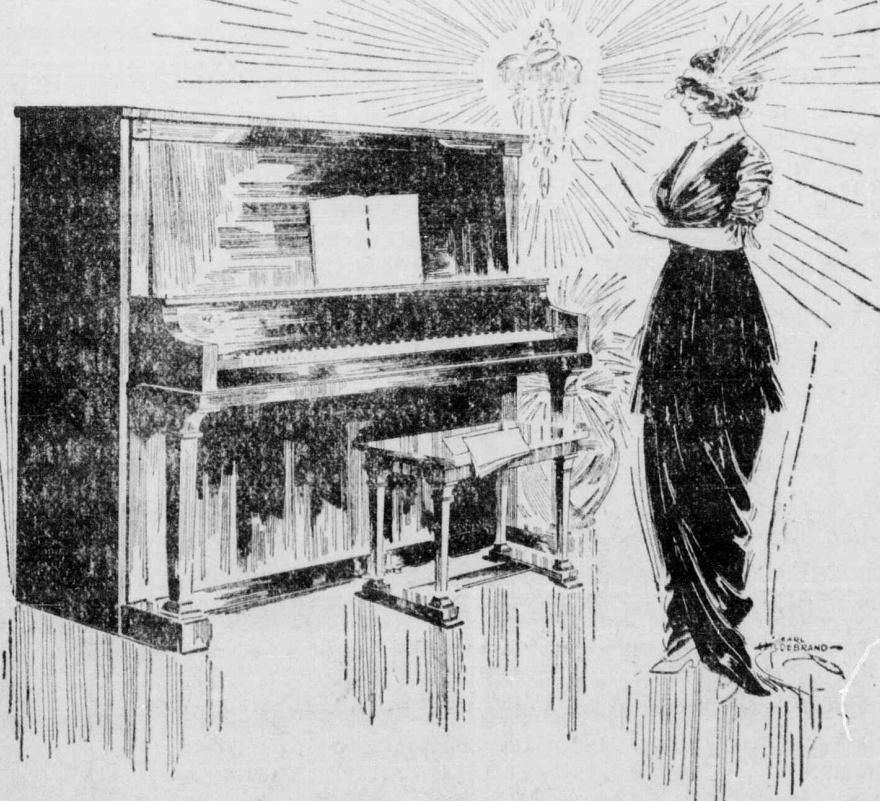
Supt. Grant M. Hudson of the anti-saloon league, has abandoned the local option campaign in Dickinson county. Four years ago the county voted wet by 600 majority, and the dries have no hopes of doing better.



FREDERICK C. MARTINDALE

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a varied stock, and cordially invite you to examine the display, of the fully guaranteed—by the makers and by us—

LYON & HEALY'S FAMOUS WASHBURN PIANO



SEGERSTEIN MUSIC STORE

Schedule of Launch Muriel

AND

Scow Maywood

BETWEEN GLADSTONE AND MAYWOOD

LAUNCH MURIEL—Leaves Gladstone for Maywood and returns every day hourly, 7:00 a. m. to 6:00 p. m. Mason's dock. Additional Sunday Schedule: Muriel makes two trips from 10th Street dock to Maywood at 12:10 p. m. and 2:10 p. m. returning at 5 p. m.

Scow Maywood

Ready for service on SIGNAL on the above schedule between Mason's dock and Maywood.

AUTOMOBILES, TEAMS, LIVE STOCK AND VEHICLES OF ALL KINDS

PRICE 30c

each way, which also includes one passenger.

LITTLE BAY DE NOC FERRY & TRANSPORTATION CO.