

# THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

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## CELEBRATED WELL AND LONG

Though the weather conditions were far from favorable on the eve of the Fourth, the firemen's ball was well attended, a large number of tickets being sold at the box office. The dance was an enjoyable one to the guests and a profitable one to the department, which cleared about \$50.

The weather on the Fourth was perfect, in spite of lowering clouds and rain the previous evening. The celebration was one of the best and most enjoyable ever seen here, and the streets were crowded at an early hour, all parts of the county being represented. The parade was not long, being composed of the Eagles, schoolchildren, the fire department, and floats of H. Rosenblum, H. Goldstein, the Cloverland company, and the Lady Macabees of the World. A large audience at the grand stand heard G. R. Emson's address on the significance of the day.

The afternoon session was held in the park, which was the most comfortable place in town. A large number of juvenile races were held on Lake street, and the crowd was kept amused until five o'clock. The fire men sold a hundred and twenty dollars' worth of refreshments during the day, netting enough for the coveted bathtub. The churches also had refreshment booths, and the parlors up town were unusually busy.

The big events were held in the evening. The firemen, as usual, won the water fight, but Paul Zimmel and Frank Chasse contended valiantly against Little & Cook, nevertheless. The crowd received a practical intimation to stand back that was heeded when the nozzle escaped from the hands of the defeated challengers. The candle race, at the close, was a pretty novelty and will certainly be repeated next celebration. Its nature was such as to actually give the prize to the less fleet of foot.

All in all, the day was ideally spent, and nothing occurred to mar its pleasure. The expense fell within \$250, and everyone stayed at home and was well satisfied.

Prizes, in the parade were awarded to H. Rosenblum for the best display, and to John Chaunklin for the only comic. The Jacobson boys, as the heroes who captured the Soo Line bandits, with their bloodstained, received a prize and many hearty laughs. As the school children did not march in regular array, a prize could not be awarded, and all were furnished ice cream.

The hundred yard sprint, in the afternoon, was won by Edwin Bidwell and Floyd Aldred; the bicycle race in the evening by Floyd Aldred and Earl Alm; the broad jump by Howard and Lawrence Nebel. The candle race prizes went to Lloyd Fitzpatrick, William Tessier and Lawrence Kannek.

The juvenile tug of war was won by the team captained by Clarence Moore. Victory in the potato race rested on Clifford Neilson.

## TWENTY-THREE HUNDRED DAYS

"We are living in a time of great events and movements, but one of the greatest movements among men today is the heralding of the messages outlined in Holy Writ in the fourteenth chapter of Revelation," said E. F. Peterson, the speaker at the tent, where the Adventists have been holding meetings for some time.

Continuing he said in part as follows: On the lonely Isle of Patmos the prophet John was shown the proclamation of the messages setting forth the 'everlasting gospel' in the announcing of the hour of God's judgment, the fall of (spiritual) Babylon, and the warning against the receiving of the 'mark of the beast.' The heralding of these messages to every people on the earth is to be followed by the coming of the Saviour in the clouds of heaven to reap the harvest of the earth, which is declared to be the end of the world by Christ in Matthew 13. The people proclaiming these important truths to the

world are described by John as here are they that keep the commandments of God and have the faith of Jesus.

The first phase of the message declares the hour of God's judgment is come. According to the prophet Daniel chapter eight verse fourteen, the cleansing of the sanctuary, which is shown to be the beginning of the judgment, began in the year 1844. Daniel 9, verses 24 to 27, explaining the time period mentioned in the eighth chapter.

In that very year the movement now being carried on by the Seventh Day Adventists began and proclaimed the judgment hour as a present event. It is now being heralded in all countries of the world.

Joining this above communication was the promulgation of the fall of Babylon, which is the setting forth of the apostasy in the religious world, by departing from the law and word of God, in teaching for doctrine the commandments of men. Also that the Lord is now calling to his people, who are found in every nation, to come out of Babylon and unite in the return to the keeping of all of God's commandments as given by him.

Uniting and associating with the two foregoing phases of gospel truth, for the twentieth century, the warning against the worship of the beast, or the receiving of the 'mark of the beast,' and culminating in the coming of the Saviour, is set forth in the message of the third angel as recorded by St. John in Revelation 14:6-16.

As the preaching of the flood by Noah was a fulfillment of God's word, and the work done by John the Baptist was also the fulfillment of the prediction of the prophet Isaiah, so the proclaiming of the very messages set forth by John the Revelator to all the world today is a fulfillment of the prophecy given to the world through St. John.

Seventh Day Adventists have their work established in every country in the world today, and are devoting large amounts of means to the carrying on of their movement, to all the nations of the world. When the cry of the messages has been proclaimed as a witness to all nations, then they look for the end of the world in its present age. See Matthew 24:14.

The meetings at the tents will continue for some time to come each evening except Saturday; and on Sunday, an afternoon service is held at three o'clock.

## ALL SAINTS' CHURCH FAIR

The Catholic fair this year will be held in the All Saints' school building July 14, 15, 16 and 17. Supper will be served Tuesday, July 14, from 5 to 8. Fancy and useful articles will be on sale, also home made candies, ice cream, cake and lemonade.

Thursday afternoon will be especially for children. The building will be open every afternoon and evening. Everybody is welcome. No admission charged.

## ALICE MEMORIAL M. E. CHURCH

Corner of Wisconsin ave. and Twelfth street. Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning theme, "Kinsmen of Jesus Christ." Evening subject, "The Little Wicket Gate," second in the "Midsummer Nights with the Great Dreamer" series. These evening subjects are different from the ordinary sermon Sunday School at 11:45 and Epworth League at 6:30. Midweek service Thursday evening at 7:45. The second chapter of Paul's letter to the Philippians will be considered next Thursday evening. Frank M. Field, minister.

## WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Services will be conducted next Sunday evening by the Rev. P. B. Ferris, of Escanaba. No morning service.

The congregation issued a call last Sunday to Rev. Hugh McCarrroll, of Pontiac, who has twice supplied the pulpit here. His action is being awaited.

## STATEMENT OF SCHOOL FINANCES FOR YEAR ENDING JULY 13, 1914

Deficit July 14, 1913		\$778.62
Received Primary School money	\$10,507.38	
10 % Hammel Bank Dividend	858.49	
Taxes	15,751.20	
Library Money	243.51	
From other sources	1,481.08	
Paid Teachers' wages	16,540.58	
For Library Books	40.18	
Repairs Buildings	850.50	
Temporary Loans	5,000.00	
Interest on Bonds	1,125.33	
Book Fund	1,481.57	
Janitor Service	1,230.00	
Traut Officer	100.00	
Treasurer's Salary	75.00	
Secretary's Salary	100.00	
Fuel	890.24	
Fire Insurance Premium	305.70	
Treasurer's Bonds	40.00	
Michigan State Telephone Co.	48.27	
City Water and Lights	91.40	
Printing	28.35	
Fire Hose	56.75	
General School supplies	749.93	
Miscellaneous	845.67	
Deficit	1,536.43	
	\$30,378.09	\$30,378.09
Total indebtedness (Bonds)		\$22,500.00
C. A. CLARK, President		P. B. HAMMOND Secretary

## GLADSTONE TOWN AND ITS SUBURBS

The report presented to the board of education by Mrs. A. W. Wolfe, who took the school census this year, shows that Gladstone has a school population of 1501, an increase of 49 or 3.37 per cent over last year. The apportionment of school money this year by the state has been estimated at \$7.00 per capita by Supt. Keefer, but may exceed this. This is paid from the taxes of railroad and telephone corporations, etc. Escanaba's school census has increased from 3,656 to 3,967 in the same period, or 8.5 per cent.

During the year 1913 Delta county produced 458,532 bushels of potatoes on 2,339 acres, according to the crop report, and over 181 bushels to the acre. Menominee excels in acreage and Chippewa in average yield. And Houghton, which has been bragging of the world's record, had the lowest average crop in the peninsula.

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It is said by those in a position to know that the local railroad firemen and engineers and also many at Green Bay and Escanaba are heartily in favor of the general strike proposition which is being discussed at the E. L. E. and F. convention in Chicago and upon which final action will probably be taken within the next week. If the Chicago convention goes on record as favoring the declaration of a strike, the employees of 60 or more railroads in the operating departments at least, will walk out until conditions are bettered. —Menominee Herald-Leader.

The Soranton this week unloaded a thousand barrels of cement for the Cloverland company. This is the second cargo of the season.

The Delta county medical association meets this Friday evening in Escanaba.

The recent assassination of the night agent at North Escanaba has apparently confirmed the Soo Line in its plan to abandon North Escanaba station, as this case would be handled via street car to and from Gladstone depot, including all transfer of express. It would involve little or no more time and delay than the present system. At present, while the night operator is in the hospital, and no one willing to take his place, the day agent accompanies the street car crew out to the station nights and mornings to meet the trains, but no man dares to work alone at the station during the night time.

Following in the footsteps of Gladstone, as usual, the Escanaba city council is investigating the merits of incandescents instead of arc lighting for the streets.

A free Wild West show, with all the appointments, was to be observed on Eighth street this morning. A rude bar, with not even a government license, a long row of bottles and well patronized; a gambling joint in full blast and the participants with their revolvers loose in their belts, ready to shoot at sign of an extra ace; a sturdy sheriff with a rifle on his shoulder looking disdainfully on; a cowboy with chaps and kerchief, sedately preparing a rope for horse-thieves—all to be viewed without a cent admission. And the actors were youthful and inexperienced at that. The moving picture man who passed sighed deeply at the thought he had left his camera behind.

Indications are the Kipling furnace will be ready to blow in by the fifteenth. Should it do so, it will be the only stack in operation in this part of the country. The Marquette and Wells furnaces are cold, and the iron market does not seem to improve.

Automobilists travelling along the bay shore road at night lately have observed a wild cat prowling along the road this side of the extract works. The gentleman is worth \$3 to anyone who can bag him.

The street lights were turned on Thursday evening, after two weeks' darkness. They will shortly be re-arranged, however, with modern incandescents in place of the old arc lamps.

The council on Monday voted to pay P. H. VanCleve \$550 for four acres and water front between Eighth street and Central. This will make a continuous stretch of property for half a mile on the beach, although a block of the Central avenue addition intervenes. The proposition of the civic league to contribute \$200 to the price, in consideration of having three representatives on the proposed park board was tabled. It was deemed inadvisable to extend water pipes to the present pavilion. Lights were ordered at the axe factory and at Fifth and Montana. The lighting committee and the mayor will make the rounds to determine on the best arrangement of the system. Bids for cement work were held over till the next meeting, all being at 8 cents a foot. The bonds of Ole Peterson, Anton Larson and L. E. Folsom were approved.

Harmony Hair Shampoo comes in a liquid form, requires no dissolving, is more economical and does the hair and scalp more good than any other on the market. Price only 50c at STEWART'S PHARMACY.

Swaying trees during the wet weather last Friday night short-circuited main wires, burning out fuses at the substation and darkening a part of the fourth ward till repairs were made. A large limb was burned off one of the trees. On Sunday morning the lighting department performed further surgical operations on the trees, greatly to the distaste of their owner, C. F. Brown, who filed a vigorous protest. The council discussed the matter Monday and declined to take any action, as business has the right of way over shrubbery on the streets. But they are nice trees.

Chase Osborn is willing to go on record as condemning Japanese immigration. Mr. Osborn has probably studied the census figures on Japanese voters in Michigan.

## RED REBELLION IN BARAGA

In Iron county the board of supervisors on the request of Thornton A. Green, president of the U. P. development bureau, gave that company five hundred dollars. But in Baraga the board was less liberal and patriotic. The Baraga board unanimously adopted the following rebellious resolutions.

Whereas, Mr. Thornton Green, president of the Upper Peninsula Development Association, appeared before this board and requested that an appropriation of \$700 be made for the Association.

And whereas, Mr. Green, in a lengthy address, outlined the valuable results accomplished for the Upper Peninsula through advertising its advantages and the many settlers persuaded to purchase lands, but on being questioned by supervisors, was unable to name any one person who was influenced to settle in or name any direct benefit received by this county for \$1400 already appropriated.

And whereas, this county has recently had and is still suffering from a bitter experience with professional land promoters and the Association is represented in this county by discredited persons who use their connection for political purposes.

Therefore be it resolved, that this board deny the request of Mr. Green and we further condemn the practice of counties voting money to the Association. We believe that the parties owning and holding lands for sale should stand the entire advertising expense. It is an undeniable fact that the Association's advertising campaign has resulted in the large land holding concerns doubling the price per acre of their lands.

And be it further resolved, that this Board requests the legislature, at its next session, to repeal the law, Act No. 208 Public Acts of 1913, exempting piling cut-over lands from taxation for a period of five years. This law is proving a direct benefit to the land selling concerns by enabling them to increase the price of cut-over lands several dollars per acre, which is several times more than the actual settler saves in exemption from taxes.

## TRY, TRY AGAIN

Hard luck was invented in Gladstone and has had numerous patentable improvements made on it by our ball teams. With the fastest team, Gladstone lost both games to Escanaba Saturday and Sunday, in both cases leading until the last inning. Stewart was disabled by a foul tip splitting his finger Saturday. J. L. Loell volunteered to finish the game, but Escanaba brought in two runs and scored on the disheartened visitors. Sunday's game was sensational, twelve innings being played, after a rally by Escanaba had tied the score 4 to 4 in the ninth.

Under the revised schedule of the league Gladstone will play at Escanaba August 29 and 30, September 26 and 27, at Ishpeming August 1 and 2; September 12 and 13; at Negaunee August 15 and 16. Escanaba plays here August 8 and 9, September 19 and 20; Ishpeming plays here July 25 and 26, September 6 and 7; Negaunee plays here July 11 and 12, August 22 and 23.

Because of the games prevented by rainy weather, Gladstone will go to Marquette county and play Ishpeming July 16 and 17, following with two games at Negaunee. This is during the grand lodge meeting of the Sons of St. George at Ishpeming.

Edward Frenenberg, who pitched for Gladstone in its first league games four years ago, arrived last Friday from Chicago to spend a vacation here, and turned a uniform for the Escanaba series.

An old fan says that the Monte-Carlo system is a gamble at best. Gladstone hopes that the bank will not be broken today, however.

## SQUIBS BY SQUIBS

Cheer up fans. We gave them a run for the game. The same old jinx seems to be in our midst. Let's shake him Saturday and Sunday at the expense of Negaunee.

The umpires pitched a good game Sunday with the exception of his not knowing the rule in regard to the coaches touching runners at third base. Escanaba players pulled the trick on him three different times and he called no one out. It was the cause of our losing the game Sunday, as the result would have been 4 to 3 in the ninth inning.

## TIGERS BREAK EVEN

The Manistique and Gladstone baseball teams played a two game series this city last Friday and Saturday. The Gladstone team won the Saturday game in a score of 11 to 4. Had Swingle, the local twirler, received proper support, Manistique would have won with ease. The second game resulted in a victory for the locals, the score being 6 to 2 — Manistique Pioneer-Tribune.

The pitchers of both teams deserve great credit for both men pitched a fine article of ball, and with the support accorded them by their team mates played a game that will go down on the baseball records of this city as the best ever witnessed.

There were some great plays made by the men of both teams, and good head work was displayed, as every sharp fielding, fast base running and no kicking nor rowdiness made this game one that was a treat to the fans who witnessed it. —Manistique Courier-Record.

An order of President Wilson requires civil service examinations for postmaster at fourth class offices of \$180 or more receipts, not now filled by civil service employees. An examination will be held August 22 at Escanaba. Postmasters are to be appointed at the offices named from successful candidates: Bark River, Fayette, Garden, Ralph and Rapid River. All applicants for appointment to a postoffice must reside within the territory served by it.

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## GOVERNOR FERRIS WILL ADDRESS

TO BE ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL  
SPEAKERS AT MEETING OF  
JURISTS.

SESSIONS ON JULY 14, 15, 16

Convention of the Association of  
Probate Judges of Michigan is  
Scheduled to Be Held in  
Bay City.

Lansing.—The eighteenth annual convention of the Association of Probate Judges of Michigan will be held in Bay City July 14-16. Governor Ferris will be one of the principal speakers at the meeting.

Among the features on the program are: President's address, Judge Henry M. Gardner, Lansing; report, Judge Montgomery Webster, Ionia; report of committee on proposed legislation, Judge Fred H. Stone, Hillsdale; report of committee on blanks, Judge Roland E. Barr, St. Joseph; report of committee on uniformity of practice, Judge Neil E. Reid, Mt. Clemens; "Recent Decisions of the Supreme Court Affecting Probate Courts," Judge Clarence M. Russell, Jackson; address, Superintendent E. B. Price, Michigan State sanatorium, Howell; "Home-stead Exemptions in Michigan," Lewis L. Thompson, Allegan; Probate Courts in Michigan," Chester L. Collins, Bay City; "Charitable Trusts," Glen C. Gillisple, Pontiac; question box conducted by Judge Clark E. Higbee, Grand Rapids.

### Want Bureau Under Health Board.

A movement is on foot, emanating from Washington, to take the bureau of vital statistics away from the departments of state in the various states and place them under the direction of the state health bureaus.

The proposition has reached Michigan, and, it is understood, that the next legislature will be asked to formulate some scheme to let the statistical end of the health bureau, which now comes under the secretary of state, be transferred to the state board of health.

In many states beside Michigan the question has recently been brought up. So far no solution has been presented, as in nearly all of the states matters of this sort are controlled by the legislatures.

From time immemorial the registration of deaths and births and the death certificates which are made out by the attending physicians and passed to the undertakers, have been filed with the secretary of state. The doctors complain and insist that such statistics ought to go to their department, which is the state board of health.

As an example of what happens, it is pointed out that the state board of health cannot make a report as to the births and deaths for a year, including the primary and secondary causes of the deaths, until the state department has collected all of its data and has had it compiled. On these figures might hinge a considerable portion of the ultimate report and recommendations of the state board of health, but until the secretary of state gives up the figures, there is nothing that can be done. The figures must be awaited and their compilation in the office of secretary of state takes a long time.

The recent meeting of the state health officials of the entire country in the national capital a week or so ago, went into the matter to a considerable degree. Nearly all of the federal officers stated openly that all of the state should follow the federal plan and have the department of public health handle the entire business.

### Define Phthisis Fight.

After ten years of campaigning against tuberculosis, the active workers in this movement in this country are beginning to discover that their field of activity is so broad that it must be defined.

The board of directors of the National Anti-Tuberculosis association has recently limited the term "anti-tuberculosis work" to the following activities: Construction of hospitals and sanatoria; maintenance of the tuberculosis; provision of day and night camps for the tuberculous; for the provision and maintenance of dispensaries, visiting nurses; open air schools; fresh air classes or preventoria for the care or treatment of tuberculous cases, or for the prevention of the spread of tuberculosis; maintenance of educational or legislative activities which have for their project the prevention of infection with tuberculosis.

### Delegates to Negro Celebration.

The following have been appointed by Governor Ferris as delegates to the national half-century anniversary of negro freedom at Chicago in August. Thomas Jefferson, Mrs. Adela Pendleton, Mrs. Grace Stes, Rev. S. Henri Browne, Grand Rapids; Rev. Lewis Pettiford, Mrs. Henry Williams, Kalamazoo; Francis H. Warren, Detroit; Wilnot A. Johnson, W. R. Roberts, Lansing; Oscar W. Baker, Bay City; C. A. Warren, Cassopolis.

### Report of Insurance Commissioner.

According to the annual report of Insurance Commissioner John Winship filed with Governor the net risks written by fire insurance companies in Michigan during the last year amounted to \$1,426,912,869 while the net premiums received in this state totaled \$14,033,911. During 1913, Commissioner Winship says 214 companies reported to the department. The net losses paid last year amounted to \$5,272,092, while the losses incurred reached \$5,881,431.

When the department was created in 1870 but 95 companies reported. The risks written amounted to \$131,607,138. The net premiums received in 1870 totaled \$1,613,241.53, while the net fire loss paid by the companies was only \$978,589.08.

The percentage of fire losses, incurred to premiums received increased seven points over the previous year, being .6035 for 1913. The average cost of fire insurance per \$100 of coverage, dropped during the year to \$1.01. In 1912 it was \$1.08, compared to 98 cents in 1911.

"Judging from the experience of the past three years, I am inclined to the belief that this rate is a normal rate for the state, under present conditions," says Commissioner Winship. "During the past year one new stock fire insurance company completed its organization and began business, making a total of five of these companies in the state. These five companies show an increase of admitted assets over the previous year of \$1,771,622.

"For some time past the Michigan department of insurance has had under consideration the operations of non-resident agents seeking to place business upon property and other risks in this state. It has seemed that there was considerable incongruity in the construction of an act, using language to the effect that no foreign company shall write insurance through non-resident agents, that would permit such non-resident agent to do all the work of procuring and placing a policy, except the final act of countersigning, as has been the custom. Following a ruling by the attorney general an order was issued by this department prohibiting foreign companies from working through non-resident agents.

"In spite of the warnings and advice from the insurance department in past years, and despite the passage of a law in relation to unauthorized insurance, or insurance taken out in non-admitted companies, it is still carried to some extent, though I believe that the educational methods that have been adopted by various supervising officials in the country, together with the experience of policyholders, is lessening this class of policyholders each year. It is not unnatural that the ease with which unauthorized insurance is obtained may be conducive to some of the over insurance which is the cause of incendiarism and arson. I am of the opinion that the over insurance evil would be remedied partially by the passage of an agent's qualification law.

"Among other specific legislation which I am inclined to recommend is a law for the prevention of the sale of matches other than what is known as the safety match. The Fire Association of North America, composed of fire marshals of the various states and provinces of Canada, passed a strong resolution in favor of the enactment of such a law throughout the country, and we can only point to the fact that in European countries, which make it a penalty for the use of any other kind of match, fire losses are reduced almost to a minimum."

### State Banks Must Meet Quiz.

The bank examiners of Michigan met in Detroit for their semi-annual visit with the savings banks. They have brought with them 15 large, solid questions in fine type relating to every phase of the business, for the bank officials to answer. It is the most comprehensive system of bank examination ever attempted in this state, a part of the plan of Banking Commissioner E. H. Doyle to improve the department and increase its efficiency.

The bankers, while taken by surprise, are philosophically and cheerfully furnishing all of the information required, even though doubting the relevance of some of the questions. Among the queries are: "What is the age of each of your directors?" "How much are your directors worth?" "Give the names of the directors who do not attend the regular monthly meetings."

In all quarters there is praise for the thoroughness with which the department is doing its work, and little time is being lost in reasoning why the banking department seeks minute details.

The bankers' opinion was summed up by an officer of one of the national banks who said of Mr. Doyle:

"Undoubtedly he has made enemies, but he is the best banking commissioner Michigan ever had. He is the first one to my knowledge who hasn't been head over heels in politics, and he is doing his duty as he sees it."

### New Corporations.

Century Fuel company, Grand Rapids, increase from \$27,400 to \$42,400. States Cycle Car company of Detroit, Detroit, \$150,000; George W. Meredith, Samuel E. Jones, Victor W. Valade. Every Orchard company, Lowell, increase from \$10,000 to \$20,000. Swanwick Building & Realty company, Detroit, \$10,000; John T. Swanwick, Myrick C. Jones, Thomas Swanwick. Palmer Gauge company, Jackson, \$25,000.

# CURIOUS RESEMBLANCES IN NATURE

By Robert H. Moulton



TRACE in natural objects a resemblance, either structural or pictorial, to other objects with which they have no real connection is a diverting pastime. Moreover, though at first thought it may seem somewhat puerile, it can in fact be turned to good account as a means of stimulating the imagination, and inducing the mind to embark upon a course of truly scientific investigation which may lead to important discoveries.

This applies in particular to the training of the youthful student. All those who have gained experience as teachers will readily admit the initial difficulty which exists in arousing the intelligent interest of a class in study. In other words, something is needed to set the machinery of the mind in motion. For example, a flower or an insect, as such, may fail to evoke the desired response. But if we can point out some curious or grotesque likeness which it bears to a familiar creature or thing, we are able from this starting point to lead on by carefully planned stages to such great questions as structure, natural affinity, and adaptation to environment.

When nature is in one of her imitative moods, the products of her workshop frequently bear all the earmarks of a deliberate fake. Occasionally they seem to have been conceived and executed in a spirit of sportiveness. As an indication of this mood, the remarkable Taira crab of Japan, which has lately attracted the attention of science, stands forth as a conspicuous example.

In Japanese tradition there is a story to the effect that many years ago a great naval battle was fought in the Sea of Japan between a force of pirates and Japanese, resulting in the total destruction of the pirate fleet. The story continues that since that day all of the crabs of a certain species found on that part of the coast have borne on their backs the face of a Japanese warrior.

An examination of one of these crabs reveals at a glance the somewhat startling visage. The human-like face is not only there, and typically oriental in appearance at that, but actually resembles the face of a drowned man, with open mouth and greatly swollen features.

Whether the Japanese idea that the Taira crab offers good evidence of the transmigration of the souls of dead bodies into the bodies of lower animals be accepted or not, the phenomenon described is certainly very interesting. Another curious thing about this crab is the fact that it is equipped on its back with four short supplementary legs, which are shown in the accompanying photograph at the corners of the mouth of the face, so that if accidentally turned upside down, it is able to run quite as well in that fashion as in its ordinary position. The advantages of such an equipment will readily be appreciated by those who have witnessed the awkward efforts of other species of crabs, turtles, and various kinds of bugs to right or propel themselves when lying on their backs.

Another remarkable example of typical racial features is found in the earbone of a finback whale which was picked up on a Norway beach. It has all the features of a Scandinavian face, of low caste, with rounded cheek bones, flat nose-bridge, small upper lip and receding jaw. In general appearance, however, the face is more like a death mask than that of a living person. That this was not a freak formation is proved by an examination of the ear-bones of other finback whales at the Smithsonian Institution in Washington, all of which have substantially the same form.

In the plant kingdom nature's imitations are equally astonishing and much more numerous than in either the animal or vegetable kingdoms. There are several species of orchids, for instance, bearing popular names which suggest the likeness of the flower to some member of the animal kingdom, among them being the nan orchid, the bee orchid, the spider orchid, the lizard orchid, and the holy ghost orchid. While it is true that some of the supposed likenesses are more or less imaginative, others are wonderfully distinct and will bear close scrutiny. This is particularly true of the holy ghost orchid, which contains within each of its blossoms a pigeon with half spread wings. It is necessary to view the blossom from squarely in front, as in the case of the lower blossom shown in the accompanying photograph, to get the full effect of the resemblance. When viewed from this position, the bird is so perfect that it looks as if ready to take flight. The plant, which is a native of the Isthmus of Panama, is very rare, there being perhaps not more than half a dozen specimens in the United States, including two in the greenhouses of the White House at Washington. It grows sturdily, but, in order to thrive, has to be kept in a hothouse with the temperature of a Turkish bath.

In all of the instances referred to above the resemblance is mainly due to the lip or labellum of the bloom. Now orchids rank admittedly among the most highly specialized flowers, while their extraordinary modifications are the result largely if not entirely of insect interference. Many of these flowers depend entirely upon the visits of insects for pollination, and without the aid of these winged emissaries of Cupid they are quite unable to get seed. The labellum is the recognized alighting platform upon which the insect stands while it probes the recesses of the flower in search of nectar; and as orchids are so closely associated with insects, we must assume that the special shape of the labellum in each instance is more or less definitely related to the convenience of the guests that are specially catered for by the flower in question. In certain instances this is actually known to be the case. Throughout the great orchid family the labellum exhibits an almost endless variety of configuration, and we are justified in the assumption that each form is exactly adapted to attract, or uphold, a particular kind of insect.



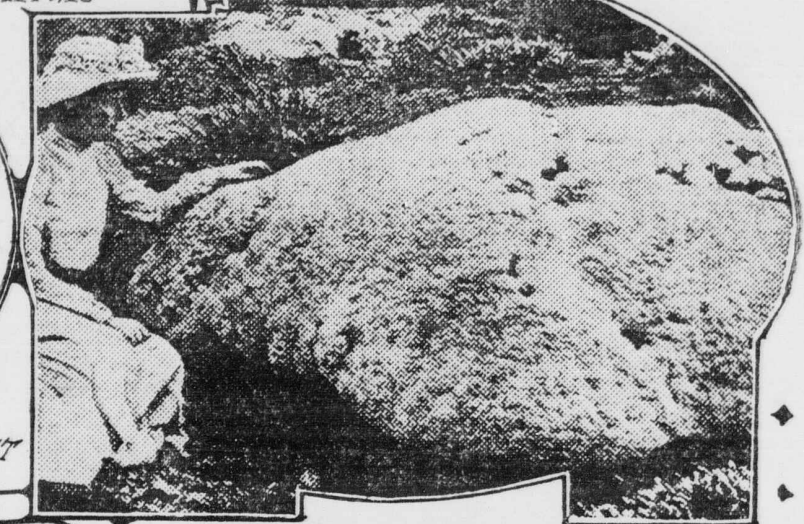
"MEASURING WORM" IMITATING A TWIG



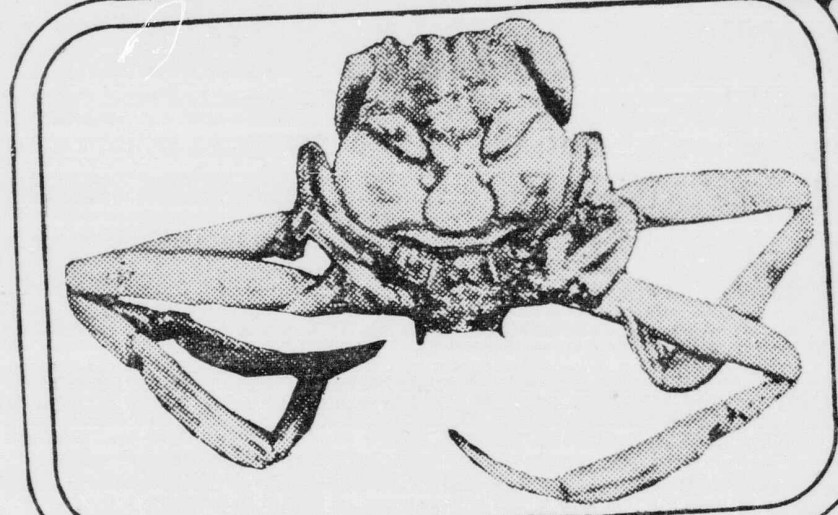
EAR BONE OF A WHALE RESEMBLING A HUMAN MASK



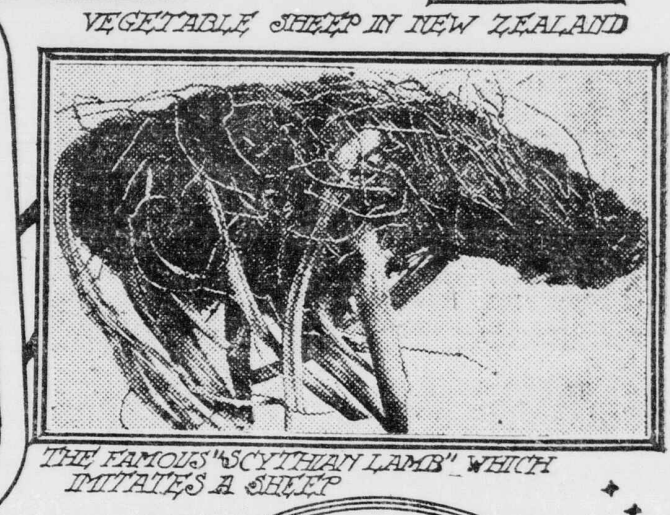
PIGEON IN THE HOLY GHOST ORCHID



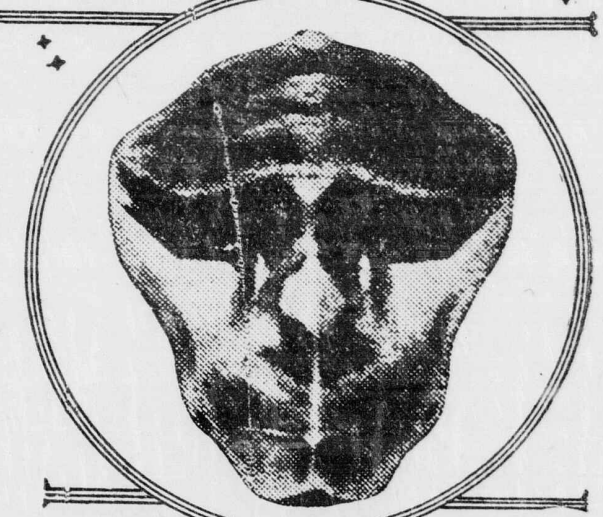
VEGETABLE SHEEP IN NEW ZEALAND



CRAB WHICH BEARS FACE OF A JAPANESE WARRIOR



THE FAMOUS "SCYTHIAN LAMB" WHICH IMITATES A SHEEP



CHRYSALETS OF A BUTTERFLY, AN EXTRA ORDINARY RESEMBLANCE TO A HUMAN FACE

### TELLS OF DROWNING ELEPHANTS

"Did you ever hear the terrorized trumpeting of a herd of drowning elephants?" asked W. J. Williams of Peru, Ind., at the Willard. "If you never heard the piteous cries of dying beasts, you have escaped one of the most heartrending experiences that ever comes to civilized man. I was in Peru during the flood of 1913, when the Wabash river rose to unknown heights, causing tremendous destruction of property. Peru is the winter headquarters of the Wallace and Hagenback circuses, and when it was found that the water was coming higher than had ever been known before, the fourteen elephants in the circus were unchained and let go to take care of themselves. Three of them managed to reach a small mound where they stood in the water with their trunks elevated till the end of the flood, but the other eleven were drowned.

"With the water rushing through the streets, and the people of the city marooned in the second stories of the houses, the elephants swam around for hours, trumpeting in terror and sticking their trunks into the open windows of the houses in their efforts to find some spot of safety. They cried like children and one could almost understand their language as they pleaded for the help which could not be given them, for not one of them could be taken in through a

door or window out of the flood. They acted more like human beings than beasts, and it was almost as pitiful to see them go down under the muddy waters, one by one, as it was to see a human being washed from a roof.

"I shall never forget their dying cries as they sought the safety which could not be found in that flat country, where the whole surface of the earth was submerged.

"Back in the big circus menagerie, however, there was even a more tragic scene. When the water came up into the cages of the animals they all became frantic from fear.

"Lions and tigers roared and dashed themselves against the bars of their cages till it was feared they would escape and swim to places of human refuge, where they would destroy many lives.


"Iron bars were bent by the beasts in their fury and as the water rose higher their terror and their strength increased. When it was seen that nothing could be done and that lives of persons in the city were being endangered, the manager of the menagerie went from cage to cage with a rifle and shot one after another of the monarchs of the jungle till all were dead. It cost the circus a fortune, but many human lives were saved."







**YOU** expect your watch to run night and day, but do you ever think of having it oiled and cleaned occasionally?



**Give Your Watch Some Attention**

Watches are not so cheap that you can afford to have yours lose all its good time-keeping virtues by neglect. Bring your watch here for examination. If it needs attention you'll pay no more than is necessary to restore it to good working order again.

*"We'll do it right. Also jewelry repairing, refinishing, resetting of all kinds. If it's worth having it's worth taking proper care of. Bring it here."*

**C. ERICKSON**  
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER  
Gladstone, Mich.

**THE WATCH-TOWER**

An appeal to the state tax commission is expected at the Soo, the county board having disagreed in the matter of equalization. The same situation came up in Delta county, and six township supervisors protested.

The Diamond Drill says the Crystal Falls department will not enter a running team at Ishpeming, because of a report that the races will be limited. Only three teams have been entered so far.

Chase S. Osborn is scheduled to stop in Delta county this Saturday morning on his way through the peninsula and call on his old friends. How many of them will vote for Plattengill is another question.

The first special session of 1912 established a direct presidential primary, as may be remembered by students of Michigan history. It is to be participated in by only the qualified enrolled voters of the several parties. The legislature of 1913 abolished enrollment. Will Michigan have a non-partisan presidential primary in 1917?

Fred Lund, a 13-year-old youth of Hermansville, must be commended in his desire to safely lay away money for the proverbial rainy day. Fred stole \$12 from the Soo line depot at Hermansville and deposited the money in the postal savings department in the post-office. He was suspected, arrested and confessed committing the theft.

It was announced that developers in Alger county had secured 400 Japanese from California to start truck farms in this part of the peninsula, and residents and state immigration board rose up in arms. But the Japanese are good developers, and we have less industrious and more disorderly foreigners troubling us right here in Delta county now.

The ships of every foreign country using the Panama waterway are receiving from their respective governments a subsidy equal to the amount which they must pay as canal tolls. In practical operation American ships are the only merchant ships whose owners will be compelled to pay tolls. The foreigners will pay no tolls.—American Economist.

One of the most needed changes is a new jail. If there ever was a jail repugnant to every sense of decency, modesty and human feeling, it is the Iron River jail. The jail is foul smelling, germ ridden and a disease incubator, and there is no process of fumigation known to science that will cleanse it as long as it is in the old ramshackle, unsanitary building known as the village hall.—Iron River Reporter

The state board of health will send its exhibit train through the upper peninsula next month. It will be open to inspection at Gladstone August 12. It is a showing of hygienic devices as compared with breeders of disease. Three entirely new subjects will be presented in the exhibits. They are mouth hygiene, home sewage disposal and school sanitation. In addition the "baby exhibit," as it was called last year—the exhibit showing the proper care for babies—will be improved.

No primary election system will ever be perfected that will offset the peril of a poor public spirit. The sooner everybody realizes that the better; for one of the worst evils in this country is the growing habit of relying on legislative concoctions to make us all good and happy and free. If public spirit is sound and vigilant and aggressive there is no election machinery so crude that it can balk it. There is no substitute for public spirit and there never will be.—Duluth Herald

The "protective tariff cyclopedia," prepared and published by the American Protective League, New York, will be ready for distribution on or about August 1. The cyclopedia will contain the official text of the Underwood law; the Underwood and Payne-Aldrich laws compared, giving every rate of duty on articles in both laws; what one hundred and fifty-two United States Senators and Congressmen said for and against the Underwood bill; and a copious index of over 8,000 citations. The volume will consist of about nine hundred (900) pages and will answer all questions on the Tariff Question.

There will be at least four little ballots this fall. The legislature proposed three amendments to the constitution; to bond for state improvement of roads; to bond counties for drainage and development of lands; and a third to provide for taking the ballots of travelling men who are away from home. The New Era, a fraternal society, has secured signatures enough to submit by initiative a proposition to confer rights on fraternal societies to issue insurance certificates without certain legal restrictions upon them. This grows out of the activity of the insurance commissioners and the old established fraternal orders in seeking to have adequate rates required by law. Prohibition petitions have also been circulated.

A large Ishpeming firm has attained and more disorderly foreigners troubling us right here in Delta county now.

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**Twelve Reasons Why You Should Buy Your Groceries of Us**

**No. 11.**

BECAUSE we are careful with the little details of our business.

We fill telephone orders with exactness.

You get the right packages.

Such small things form the mountain of good service.

**ELOF HANSON**  
GROCER—PHONE 48

**INVESTIGATE! INVESTIGATE!**

It seems to us that a condition bordering on a state of lawlessness exists at North Escanaba, judging entirely from the risks which one must run to hold down a position as station agent for the Soo Line. Under the circumstances, where there is such a total disregard for life and limb and typewriters, we suggest that the matter be taken up and congressmen be sent to Escanaba without further delay to give full publicity to the horrible conditions and hopeless disregard for the constitutional rights of station agents that permits the burglary and near-murder of the station agent—fourth time—within a comparatively few weeks.—Houghton Gazette.

**PROFESSIONAL CARDS**

**DR. DAVID N. KEE**  
Physician and Surgeon,  
Office and Residence 803 Delta Ave.  
Telephone No. 44 49

**DR. A. H. KINMOND,**  
Dentist, 41  
Office over Lindblad's Grocery,  
McWilliams' Block

**DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN**  
Dentist.  
Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., from 1 to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 8 p. m.  
Delta avenue and Ninth street, over Minnawasca Furniture Co's store.

**SWENSON BROS.**  
Fine Furniture, Undertaking, Upholstered goods and Steamship Tickets.  
Delta Avenue near Central.

**DR. A. L. LAING, M. D. C. M.**  
Practice confined to Surgery and diseases of women.  
OFFICE OVER GROSS' DRUG STORE  
1007 Ludington St., ESCANABA  
HOURS—1 to 3 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.  
daily except Sundays. 52  
Consultation at Laing Hospital, 883 Mary St. 9 to 12 a. m. daily, Sundays included.

**GLADSTONE LODGE NO 163**  
KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS  
Meets every Tuesday in Castle Hall, Odd Fellows' Block 919 Delta Ave.  
All Visiting Knights are Welcomed.

May 30 July 11  
The Circuit Court for the County of Delta

CLAUS BRODINE and OSCAR BRODINE vs. WALTER BRODINE

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:  
Take notice that, on the eighth day of May, 1914, a writ of attachment was duly issued out of the Circuit Court for the County of Delta at the suit of Claus Brodine and Oscar Brodine against the lands, tenements, goods and chattels, and the effects of Walter Brodine, defendant above named, for the sum of four hundred and sixty six dollars, which said debt was returnable on the 23rd day of May, 1914.  
Dated May 26th, 1914.  
GLENN W. JACKSON,  
Attorney for Plaintiff.  
Business Address, Gladstone Michigan.

June 20, 1914 August 1, 1914  
The Circuit Court for the County of Delta in Chancery

LOUIS BRUETT, Complainant vs. DELIA BRUETT, Defendant

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Delta in Chancery at Escanaba, on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1914.  
In this cause, it appearing from affidavit on file that the residence of the Defendant, Louis Bruett, is a resident of this state, and that she is concealed within this state so that process cannot be served upon her. On motion of complainant's solicitors it is ordered that the appearance of the said defendant, Delia Bruett, be entered herein within four months from the date of this order; and in case of her appearance she cause her answer to the Bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the complainant's solicitors, within twenty days after service on her of a copy of said Bill and thereof said bill will be taken as confessed by said defendant. And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Gladstone Delta, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein once in each week, for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on the said defendant at least twenty days before the time prescribed for her appearance.

JOHN L. LOELL, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Delta County, Mich.  
RUSHTON & LOTH, Complainant's Solicitors

June 13 July 13  
The Circuit Court for the County of Delta in Chancery, TWENTY-FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

CLARENCE W. SHEPARD, Complainant vs. EDITH HEDGES SHEPARD, Defendant

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Delta in Chancery at Escanaba, on this 9th day of June, A. D. 1914.  
In this cause it appearing from the affidavit on file that the residence of the Defendant, Edith Hedges Shepard is not known, on motion of P. R. Dotsch, Complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that the appearance of the said Defendant, Edith Hedges Shepard, be entered herein within five (5) months from the date of this order; and in case of her appearance she shall cause her answer to the Bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the complainant's solicitor within fifteen days after service on her of a copy of said Bill and Notice of this order; and in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by said Defendant.  
And it is further ordered, that within twenty (20) days the Complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Gladstone Delta, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in the said County and that such publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession or that a copy of this order be personally served on said Defendant at least twenty (20) days before the time above prescribed for her appearance.

JOHN L. DOELL, Circuit Court Commissioner.  
H. R. DOTCH, Solicitor for Complainants.  
Business Address: Escanaba, Michigan

**PERSONS WHOM WE KNOW**

Miss Jessie Dunsmore has accepted a position as teacher in the Chisholm, Minn., schools at a material increase of salary as compared to that she was receiving here as principal of the west-side schools. During her three year's residence in Manistique she has formed many acquaintanceships, and her friends sincerely regret to learn of her determination to leave the city. Her work as principal was very satisfactory to pupils and parents, and she was considered one of the best grade teachers in the local schools. That she may be equally successful in her new field of endeavor is the wish of all.—Manistique Pioneer-Tribune.

James T. Jones returned to spend the Fourth, after an extended trip through the east, and visiting up at his old home in the lower peninsula for a few days. Business, he states, is depressed extremely in the New England states, and even more so in Canada, but as one proceeds west the prospect is generally more bright.

Messrs. Gordon & Riley have opened their undertaking parlors in the Champion buildings, 19-21 Central Ave., and are ready for the public patronage. For the present the business here is in charge of Mr. H. Gordon, who will remain in Gladstone. He holds licenses as an embalmer in three states.

David Kratzstein, with two brothers-in-law, Dr. Kellar and Charles Reichenbaum, spent Monday in the city, looking over the property of the estate here. Whether or not the vacant lots on Delta will be built upon is yet an open question.

W. A. Miller returned Tuesday morning from Onamia, Minn., after a pleasant trip. The first few days of his visit were stormy, but after that he enjoyed an extensive motor ride through one of the most fertile districts of the North Star state.

Mr. Arthur D. Wood, judge of probate of Alger county, was in the city for the Fourth and assisted the Gladstone city band during the day.

Messrs. Gauly, McLoughlin and Robinson and the latter's little son, all of Munising, visited at the home of Phil Cosgrove Saturday.

Mr. Adrian and Mr. Armond left Tuesday morning for Soo, Mich., to visit with Mr. Adrian's sister, Mrs. D. McMillan.

Deputy Sheriff Thomas Thompson of Cornell was in the city for the Fourth. He was Sheriff Curran's companion in arresting the notorious Joe Parent.

August Stork, of the Fernando Cigar Co. was in the city Monday, but no great increase in the population is perceptible.

L. E. Niles removed this week with his family to his former home, Marquette.

The Northern Electric Co. has installed some handsome flashing signs in the display windows at the State Savings Bank and the Segerstein Music Co.

Mrs. Lynch visited friends at Escanaba Wednesday.

Hite this week treated the interior of the Gladstone Grocery to a little chocolate and cream.

O. N. Carlson has returned from the Laing hospital and is again about his business.

Charles Lehmann, who was struck by an engine at Rhinelander, was but slightly injured and is again at work.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Baldwin of Escanaba spent the Fourth in a busy and patriotic tour Saturday.

Several Gladstone people took advantage of the excursion to Washington Island last Saturday.

Miss Guida Berrigan of Escanaba spent the week-end with her relatives here.

Messrs. J. M. and R. E. Beattie and Miss Olive Beattie left Tuesday for a couple of weeks' visit in Minneapolis.

R. W. Nebel of Munising spent the Fourth and fifth with relatives at Gladstone.

Miss Charlotte Kennelley spent the Fourth with friends at Gladstone.—Morning Press.

Charles Jacobson spent the Fourth at his home here.

**COVER TOO MUCH TERRITORY**  
Mayor Handy disregarded political lines when he voted with the four Democrats of the council Monday against the construction of two sewers where property values would not stand the necessary assessments.  
The whole trouble is due to the foolish policy of extending the city limits away out into the woods and necessitating the extension of water mains, sewers, sidewalks and electric lights where the limited users do not justify the expense. Mayor Handy's stand is to be commended, and the rule to compel property owners or tenants to pay additional rental where water mains are extended into districts where the regular rental would not pay interest on the cost of construction, should be rigidly adhered to by the council.—Soo Times.

**SUMMER SCHEDULE OF FERRY**  
Launch Muriel leaves Mason's dock each hour for Maywood and return, 7 a. m. to 6 p. m.  
Sundays, launch leaves Mason's dock every hour, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. Leaves Central avenue dock at 12:10 and 2:10 p. m. returning, 5:00 p. m.

**FROM RAPID RIVER NEWS**  
Owing to the weather Gladstone broke even Sunday at Ishpeming.  
Mrs. H. W. Cole has returned from Bay City and other points in lower Michigan where she attended the Macabee convention some time ago and has been visiting with friends and relatives since.  
Commendable yet shallow are the efforts and new slogan of the Escanaba Business Men's Association, "Buy at home." Patronize the home merchant, they say, with the accent on the "home" and then they come over to

**DISCOURAGING BOOSTERS**

Rapid River in a body in an effort to induce the people to buy in Escanaba. Nice little distinction.  
That the Stack company will eventually rebuild at Masonville there can be little doubt in the light of the things that have been happening during the past couple of months.  
The completion of the arrangements to acquire what is known as Days River point just south of the company's present holdings at Masonville is one of the latest developments.

**DO YOUR OWN THINKING**  
Many a chap no brighter than we—or even than you!—is writing the wise stuff that is intended to mold the thought of the country—as if thought were not already molly. But even the editorial writers of Collier's, or the investigators who wear specs and tell us things in Everybody's magazine and the American Magazine—they're humans, and their views are one-man views in the final count. Don't let anybody do your thinking for you. People who think will come to a lot better conclusions than those who don't. And don't be buffaloes. Anybody you see or read after is either a human—or less! You don't even have to believe this.—Strickland W. Gillilan.

Joseph Kosinski of Wilson was shot through his window two weeks ago some person with a shotgun. Some of his Polish neighbors were arrested. It is claimed to have been due to the fact that the men to whom he sold land believed that the climate was misrepresented, as a result of recent severe frosts. The Herald-Leader says that Sunday afternoon an indignation meeting was held at the home of one of the Polish farmers, at which a document was drawn up and signed, accusing Kosinski of being false in his dealings with them by misrepresenting the climate and the soil near Wilson. Ten names are signed to the paper, which is written in Polish and which is in the sheriff's possession. At this meeting, it is alleged, the Polish farmers swore vengeance on Kosinski if he did not change his tactics in bringing in settlers. Kosinski, when leaving the hospital, complained of the lack of law in this country. He also purchased a gun and announced his intention of killing his enemies.

**Gordon & Riley**  
FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND UNDERTAKERS  
Champion Building 19-21 Tenth Street  
The most scientific and sanitary methods known to the profession are used by us in embalming.  
PERSONAL ATTENTION WILL BE GIVEN ALL CALLS NIGHT OR DAY  
Holding Licenses in States of Michigan, Minnesota and Montana.  
RESIDENCE PHONE 266-J. 16-17

**SCHOOL ELECTION NOTICE**

To the Electors of the Public Schools of the city of Gladstone.  
You are hereby notified that the annual school meeting of said district will be held in the Central School Building on Monday, July 13, 1914, at which time there will be elected two trustees in place of Webster L. Marble and Paul B. Hammond, whose terms of office expire.  
The Polls of said election will be open from 4 to 8 o'clock in the afternoon of said day. All persons desiring to be candidates for election to said offices must file their applications to be placed on the ballot, with the Secretary of the Board of Education on or before 12 o'clock, noon, of July 13, 1914.  
Every citizen of the age of twenty-one years who has property assessed for school taxes in said district and who has resided therein three months next preceding said school meeting, and any citizen who is twenty one years of age and the parent or legal guardian of any child included in the school census of said district, and who has for three months, as aforesaid, been a resident of said district, shall be entitled to vote at said school meeting.  
CLARENCE A. CLARK,  
PRESIDENT  
PAUL B. HAMMOND,  
SECRETARY

**Burn- ing the candle at both ends doesn't "make both ends meet." A better way is to burn our reliable, high grade coal. It burns all up, giving greatest amount of heat with smallest amount of ashes. We absolutely give full, honest weight. This fact is backed by our success in this community. Let us do business together, not only now, but for years to come.**



**HONEST WEIGHT GUARANTEED**

**C. W. Davis**  
PHONE 7.

WE ARE IN A POSITION TO **SELL WOOD CHEAPER** Than Anyone Else in Gladstone Can. Call up **PHONE 45** and get Our Prices before Buying WOOD.

**THE NORTHWESTERN COOPERAGE AND LUMBER COMPANY**



## CALAMITY HOWLS HIT

IF ANYTHING IS GOING WRONG, PRESIDENT TELLS BUSINESS, CRITICS SHOULD AID.

### HE CALLS FOR PATRIOTISM

Chief Executive's Fourth of July Speech in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, Urges Modernizing of Declaration of Independence.

Philadelphia, July 6.—Advocating the modernizing of the Declaration of Independence by applying its principles to the business, the politics and the foreign policies of America, President Wilson thrilled a huge crowd assembled in Independence square on Saturday within a few feet of where the original declaration was signed.

The president touched on Mexico, the Panama tolls repeal controversy, his anti-trust program, business conditions and his ideas of modern patriotism.

#### Wilson Begins His Speech.

Following is the address of President Wilson in part:

"Mr. Chairman and Fellow Citizens: "The Declaration of Independence was written in Philadelphia. It was adopted in this historic building. "But have you ever read the Declaration of Independence? When you have heard it read, have you attended to its sentences?"

"The Declaration of Independence is not a Fourth of July oration."

"The Declaration of Independence was a document preliminary to war. It involved a vital piece of business, not a piece of rhetoric."

"If you will get further down in the reading than its preliminary passages, where it quotes about the rights of men, you will see that it is a very specific body of declarations concerning the business of the day, not the business of our day, for the matter with which it deals is past—the business of revolution, the business of 1776."

#### Holds Business Going Right.

"I have heard a great many facts stated about the present business conditions in this country, for example, a great many allegations of facts, at any rate, and it is strange that these facts as stated do not tally with each other."

"Now, the truth always matches the truth, and when I find gentlemen insisting everything is going wrong when it is demonstrable that most things are going right, I wonder what they are trying to do. Are they trying to serve the country, or are they trying to serve something smaller than the country?"

"Are they trying to put hope into the hearts of men who work and toil every day, or rather, are they putting discouragement and despair into these hearts?"

"If they love America and anything is wrong, it is their duty to put their hands to the task of setting it right."

"When the facts are known and acknowledged, the duty of all patriotic men is to accept them in candor and address themselves to common counsel and to work in harmony and universal concert."

#### Says the Bankers Flopped.

"I have had some experiences in the last fourteen months which have not been entirely refreshing. It was universally admitted that the banking system of this country needed reorganization."

"We met with hardly anything but resistance from the bankers of this country, or at least from the majority of those who said anything."

"Yet, just so soon as that act was passed, on the very next day there was a universal chorus of applause from the bankers of the United States."

"Now if it were wrong the day before it was passed, why was it right the day after it was passed?"

"Where had been the candor of criticism by the concert of counsel which makes a great nation successful? It is not patriotic to concert measures against one another; it is patriotic to concert measure for one another."

"So, I say, it is patriotic sometimes to regard the honor of this country in preference to its material interests."

"Would you rather be despised by all the nations of the world as incapable of keeping your treaty obligations, or would you rather have free tolls for American ships? The treaty may have been a mistake, but its meaning was unmistakable."

"When I have made a promise as a man I try to keep it."

"The most honorable and distinguished nation in the world is the nation that can keep its promises to its own hurt. I want to say, parenthetically, that I don't think anybody was hurt."

"I am not enthusiastic for subsidies to a monopoly, and nobody can get me enthusiastic on that subject. But, assuming that was a matter of enthusiasm, I am much more enthusiastic for keeping the integrity of the United States absolutely unquestioned and unbullied."

#### Senators Denounce Speech.

Washington, July 2.—Democratic senators of both wings of the party, radical and conservative, united in denouncing Col. Theodore Roosevelt for his speech in Pittsburgh in which he charged the Democrats with breaking promises.

## JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN



Famous British statesman dies in London after long illness.

### MANY PERSONS PAY HONOR TO SLAIN ROYAL COUPLE

Imposing Demonstration at Trieste Precedes Placing of Bodies of Archduke and Consort on Train.

Trieste, Austria, July 3.—An imposing demonstration accompanied the landing here from the Austrian battleship Viribus Unitis of the bodies of the assassinated Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his consort, the duchess of Hohenberg.

The entire community thronged the shore or took up positions on board ships in the harbor.

An enormous gathering of members of various societies and deputations representing shipping, commerce and different trades, all the Catholic clergy of Trieste and the clergy of other denominations had assembled.

Rt. Rev. Andrew Karlin, bishop of Trieste, assisted by a large number of clergy blessed the bodies, and a long procession then was formed. The coffins were placed on two hearses, each drawn by six horses. Behind marched the members of the households of the archduke and duchess.

A number of naval petty officers placed the coffins on a railway car, which had been arranged as a mortuary chapel. Bishop Tryphon Pederzoli then uttered another blessing and the doors of the car were sealed.

The members of the suites of the dead archduke and duchess entered other cars and the train departed for Vienna.

Sarajevo, July 3.—Martial law has been proclaimed at Tuzla and Maglaj because of the serious rioting in these towns, where much Serbian property has been destroyed.

There was rioting also at Aravo and Gubello, in the Stolac district, where Serbian churches were destroyed by Mussulman mobs. As a consequence martial law has been declared throughout Bosnia and Herzegovina.

### MARYE FOR ENVOY TO RUSSIA

San Francisco Man Nominated by President Wilson for High Diplomatic Post.

Washington, July 2.—The nomination of George T. Marye of San Francisco and Washington to be United States ambassador to Russia was sent to the senate by President Wilson on Wednesday. Russia had signified to this government that Marye would make an acceptable envoy and it is expected that the senate will confirm the nomination without delay. Mr. Marye is a retired stock broker, and at one time was president of the San Francisco Stock exchange. Born in Baltimore in 1849, his father brought him West in the early days of the gold rush. Mr. Marye was educated in Cambridge, England, Paris, Berlin and Barcelona, and was admitted to the bar. He served as regent of the University of California for one term.

### DOCTOR CARMAN FIRED UPON

Physician in Whose Office Woman Was Shot to Death, Escapes Assassin's Bullets.

Freeport, N. Y., July 6.—Dr. Edwin Carman, in whose office Mrs. Louise Bailey was mysteriously shot and killed, was fired upon three times by some person as he was returning home in his automobile from Rockville Center, where he had gone to fill an appointment. None of the bullets struck the physician. Before the end of the ensuing week a woman will be arrested for the murder of Mrs. Bailey, according to Sheriff Pettit.

"I cannot tell who this woman is," said Sheriff Pettit. "We are sure we know who this woman is."

#### Meeting at Hague Called.

The Hague, Netherlands, July 3.—The Dutch government sent an invitation to the nations that participated in the second peace conference here to appoint delegates to a committee to formulate a definite program for the third conference. It is proposed that the committee assemble at The Hague June 1, 1915.

## FIVE DIE IN AUTOS

MONA DUNNE, DAUGHTER OF GOVERNOR OF ILLINOIS, IS INJURED IN WISCONSIN.

### 4 DIE WHEN TRAIN HITS CAR

Dr. Henry Greeley and Wife of Lee, Ill., C. W. Richardson and Wife All Perish on Tracks of C., B. & Q.—Girl Is Killed by Speeder.

Chicago, July 6.—Five persons, three of them Chicagoans, were killed, and Mona Dunne, daughter of Governor of Illinois, was injured in automobile accidents to parties returning from belated Fourth of July celebrations.

At Williams Bay, Wis., an automobile containing Miss Dunne and a party of friends was overturned when a rear tire burst. Frank Nelson Gifford, Miss Dunne's companion on the trip, was pinned beneath the car and was crushed to death before his frantic friends could extricate him. Miss Dunne was injured in the accident, but aided in the attempt at rescue. Harry Armstrong and Bert Dolan were so badly injured that they were rushed to Chicago on the Northwestern road from Lake Geneva and were taken to a hospital.

#### Train Hits Machine.

A Chicago, Burlington & Quincy special freight train crashed into an automobile containing two men and their wives at Burke's crossing, near Shabbona. Dr. Henry P. Greeley and his wife of Lee, Ill., were instantly killed, as was Mrs. C. W. Richardson of 3559 Vincennes avenue. Mr. Richardson died a short time later in a hospital at Shabbona.

The party in the Williams Bay accident was composed of Miss Mona Dunne, daughter of Governor and Mrs. Edward F. Dunne; Miss Wilma Leonard, Miss Ruth Armstrong, Harry Armstrong and Bert Dolan, all of Chicago.

A coroner's jury was impaneled, viewed the scene of the accident and returned a verdict of accidental death due to the car overturning.

### BOMB FOR JOHN D. KILLS 4

Seven-Story Tenement in New York Wrecked—J. W. W.'s Blamed by Police.

New York, July 6.—By the premature explosion of a powerful dynamite bomb intended for blowing up John D. Rockefeller's Tarrytown home four anarchists, three of them members of the Industrial Workers of the World, were instantly killed.

The explosion happened in the upper story of a new seven-story model tenement at 1625 Lexington avenue. A large part of the building was wrecked, a score of its residents seriously injured and much property damage done in a wide radius.

Those killed by the explosion are: Arthur Caron, notorious anarchist agitator and member of the I. W. W.; Carl Hanson, member of the I. W. W. and bitter anarchist.

Charles Berg, member of the I. W. W.

Marie Chavez, follower of the Berkman-Goldman clan of anarchists.

The trial was to begin on Monday at Tarrytown of 11 arrested for creating a disturbance a few weeks ago. They went to the village to make demonstrations outside the Pocantico Hills estate of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., had retired after being heckled in front of his office at 26 Broadway, in this city, by I. W. W. members and sympathizers, including members of Upton Sinclair's Free Silence league. Their activities here arose from the coal mine strike troubles in Colorado, where Mr. Rockefeller, Jr., has mining interests.

### WINS 300-MILE AUTO RACE

Edward Rickenbacher Victor at Sioux City, Ia.—Wishart Is Second and Patschke Comes in Third.

Sioux City, Ia., July 6.—The Marmon car, owned by Charles Erbstein of Chicago and driven by Cyrus Patschke, won third place in the 300-mile sweepstakes race on the Sioux City automobile speedway instead of fifth place as announced by the judges at the close of the race. This came about as a result of an auditing of the timers' records demanded by Mr. Erbstein. The timers had made an error in counting off the laps made by the Marmon. Patschke, even after being injured by having his face cut by a flying stone, drove a magnificent race. Other changes in the standing at the finish put Knipper in the Delage in the fifth place instead of sixth, Mulford in the Deussenberg down to sixth, Edward Rickenbacher, the boy driver, in the Deussenberg, remains in first place with Wishart in the Mercer second and Anderson in the Stutz fourth. Rickenbacher's time was 3:49:02, or an average close to seventy eight miles an hour.

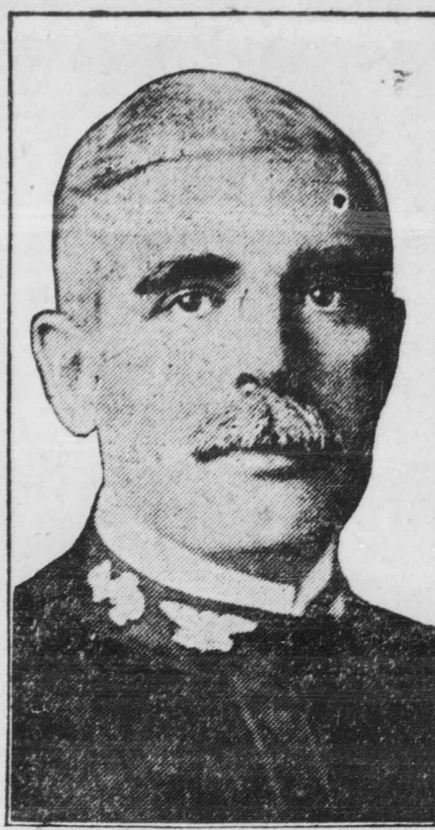
#### Two Nominations Confirmed.

Washington, July 3.—The senate confirmed the nomination of John Coveny, to be postmaster at Elizabeth, Ill., and Henry George Schleiter to be postmaster at Freedom, Pa.

#### Frank Case in High Court.

Atlanta, Ga., July 3.—The bill of exceptions in the fight for a new trial for Leo M. Frank, convicted of the murder of Mary Phagan, was filed with the state supreme court.

## CAPT. JOHN H. GIBBONS



Among the fifteen naval officers just selected for compulsory retirement by the "plucking board" perhaps the best known is Capt. John H. Gibbons, who has had a long and distinguished career in the navy.

### CLABBY DEFEATS M'GOORTY ON FOUL IN SYDNEY FIGHT

McCue Loses Bout to Rivers in Second Round—Chip Knocks Out Murray in the Fifteenth.

Sydney, N. S. W., July 6.—Outboxed and outgeneraled at every turn, Eddie McGoorty of Oshkosh, Wis., fouled Jimmy Clabby of Hammond, Ind., in the eighth round of their scheduled 20-round combat held here for the middleweight championship of the world. A large crowd saw the battle, and it was hard fought from the time the first bell sounded until the referee disqualified McGoorty. Both men fought furiously and mixed it continuously, but McGoorty could accomplish little against his adversary's superior skill and ring generalship.

New Orleans, July 6.—After being hopelessly beaten in the first four rounds, Joe Mandot, fighting as never before, came strong in the last three rounds of his ten-round battle with Johnny Dundee here and earned a draw in the opinion of local fans and newspaper writers at the ringside. It was a toe-to-toe battle from the very first minute until the finish.

San Francisco, July 6.—George Chip of Newcastle, Pa., aspirant for the middleweight championship, knocked out "Fighting Billy" Murray of Petaluma, Cal., here in the fifteenth round of their scheduled 20-round fight.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 6.—Apparently awed by what he considered the superior "class" of his opponent, Matty McCue, a lightweight of Racine, Wis., who was substituted for Ad Wolgast, was an easy victim for Joe Rivers of Los Angeles in the second round of a 20-round contest at Verona arena. Wolgast broke his arm training for the fight. In the second round McCue was knocked to the floor and his seconds threw the sponge in the ring. McCue was not hurt.

### SEEKS FACTS ON BUSINESS

President Wilson Confers With J. P. Morgan at White House on Business Conditions.

Washington, July 3.—J. Pierpont Morgan conferred with President Wilson on Thursday upon the various aspects of the business and financial problems now before the country. The interview was the first of a series which President Wilson plans to hold with prominent business men. Henry Ford of Detroit, the automobile manufacturer, will call at the White House next week.

It is believed that Mr. Morgan presented the Wall street view of the prevailing business depression and possibly attempted to persuade the president to "go easy" while business is passing through a period of readjustment caused by the tariff and currency laws. It was stated at the White House that Mr. Morgan's call had nothing to do with the New Haven situation.

President Wilson is now making a strong effort to get in touch with the business interests of the country and assure them that much of their apprehension is unfounded. He feels that he can accomplish by personal contact what his speeches may fail to do.

### ENGLAND MOURNS LEADER

Nation Shocked by Joseph Chamberlain's Death—London Ends Social Season.

London, July 4.—All England mourns the death of Joseph Chamberlain, which occurred at his town residence here. The London social season, which was at its height, has almost collapsed. The drawing rooms and ball rooms which at night would have been gay and festive will be dark. Thousands of invitations have been hurriedly recalled. In political circles the shock of Chamberlain's death has been most acute. While an invalid for eight years, the great man was still a power. Messages of condolence already have begun to arrive from all over the world.

## MAY INVADE MEXICO

INTERNATIONAL FORCES READY FOR DASH TO MEXICO CITY TO MAINTAIN ORDER.

### MEDIATORS LEAVE THE FALLS

Huerta Asks Whether Disruption of Meant End of Armistice Between U. S. and Mexico—Foreigners Flee From Capital.

Vera Cruz, July 2.—The departure of the French cruiser Conde for Puerto Mexico, and the sailing of the German cruiser Dresden, presumably for the same port, give rise to the suggestion here that Huerta's family, and perhaps he himself, would be afforded refuge on one of the warships. Constitutionalist declare their forces are ready to cut the railroad line to the coast if Huerta leaves the capital.

Rapid action by marines and blue-jackets from American, British, French and German warships in the harbor here was freely predicted in case of the collapse of Huerta's power in Mexico City, which seemed imminent should come in such a way as to endanger the lives of foreign residents in the capital.

While no official of any of the powers would be quoted, it was persistently reported that an agreement has been reached that, when Huerta flees, an international force will at once be pushed over the railroad to guard the persons and property of those who might be endangered by anarchy following the dictator's fall.

#### Britons Heed Warning.

Sir Lionel Carden, British minister in Mexico, has advised his embassy at Washington that a special train bearing British refugees left Mexico City for Vera Cruz. The refugees are quitting the Mexican capital on the advice of the British minister.

When the mediators left Niagara Falls last night the final page of the conferences was written, according to officials here. The adjournment is permanent, it is believed. It is a matter of time, officials declared, before the bugbear of intervention will loom again.

Administration officials fear for the safety of Americans and other foreigners in Mexico. The warning to British subjects by Sir Lionel Carden urged them to leave Mexico at the earliest possible moment was considered significant, but the full peril of the situation was revealed when the state department received a private dispatch from Senor de Oliveria, the Brazilian minister, advising the American government to take the same action with regard to its citizens.

#### Huerta Threatens Massacre.

"Before I resign, half the people of Mexico City will die with me," is the remark President Victoriano Huerta is credited with having made to friends while sitting in a Mexico City cafe at tea. Well-informed persons here see in this an indication of a general uprising at the capital.

#### Huerta May Resume War.

Niagara Falls, Ont., July 2.—General Huerta is so incensed at the abandonment of the A.-B.-C. mediation conference that the Mexican delegates would not be surprised if he resumed hostilities against the United States. In a sharp pointed message the dictator asked the Mexican representatives here whether the disruption of the conference meant the end of the armistice between Mexico and the United States? General Huerta wanted to know how long he must be bound to keep the peace after the mediators leave Niagara Falls.

#### Zapata Near Capital.

Vera Cruz, Mexico, July 3.—Zapata has sent word to Provisional President Huerta to surrender within 30 hours or accept the alternative of an attack upon Mexico City and the sacking of the city. Zapata is only 20 miles from the capital, according to this report, which was given out by constitutionalist officers.

This is now believed to be back of the warning to British subjects to flee, given by Sir Lionel Carden early in the week. It also would explain the recall by Huerta of his forces from Queretaro.

#### Huerta Will Step Down.

Mexico City, July 6.—The vote cast in Sunday's election is reported to have been almost unanimously in favor of the retention in office of Huerta and all the present members of the senate and chamber of deputies. The vote was very light, but the counting has not been entirely finished.

Washington, July 6.—It was learned from a reliable source here that General Huerta has informed his representatives at the mediation conference that he will step down from the presidency in favor of Pedro Lascurain at the close of Sunday's balloting in Mexico.

### MAYOR SHOTS ASSASSIN

Miner Stabs Executive of Butte, Mont., Thrice on Refusal to Deport Visitor.

Butte, Mont., July 4.—Louis J. Duncan, clergyman mayor of Butte, was stabbed three times, and prostrate, shot his assailant, Eric Lantala, a Finnish miner, in the abdomen. Both men probably will recover. The affray took place in Mr. Duncan's office, whether Lantala went to enter protest against the presence in Butte of Frank Altonen of Negaunee, Mich., correspondent for a Finnish newspaper of Hancock, Mich.

## Wolverine News Brevities

Lansing.—Commissioner Charles Cunningham of the state railroad commission will make an investigation of the wreck on the Detroit, Jackson & Chicago railway.

Lansing.—Miss Marion White, acting dean of the University of Michigan this summer, was elected dean of the Ypsilanti State Normal school at a meeting of the state board of education here.

Port Huron.—Mrs. Azalia Bourbonnais, an aged woman, was struck by an automobile driven by Mrs. H. G. Snover at the north approach to Military street bridge and received serious injuries.

Grand Rapids.—Miss Catharine Oostland and Motorman C. E. Pickett were injured and traffic was blocked for an hour when a Cherry street car split a switch and turned completely around in the street.

Battle Creek.—After being held in the bottom of Gougac lake in a coil of wire since May 24, the remains of John Wadika were found. Young Wadika fell overboard while riding in a launch with a party of young people to celebrate his twenty-first birthday.

Niles.—Probate Judge Barr has admitted to probate a will of the late Mrs. Addie Moore, near Niles. One provision of the will, however, was not admitted. It was a clause giving to the Spiritualist society of Vicksburg a bequest of \$2,000. The money will be distributed among the heirs. The court refused to recognize the Spiritualist bequest on the ground that there is no such society.

Saginaw.—The mystery surrounding the death of Alfred Sherman, superintendent of transportation of the Saginaw-Bay City Railway company, may be cleared through the discovery of a bottle which contained considerable liquid, believed to be poison. The contents of the bottle have been turned over to a chemist. The coroner's jury said Sherman died from the effects of a blow on the head and the heat.

Owosso.—One hundred and fifty farmers from Rush township were disappointed when they arrived at the city hall to find that the examination of Rev. Charles E. Loomis of Henderson, charged with a statutory offense, was to be continued behind locked doors. So insistent were the curious ones on getting into the court room that officers had to use force to clear the corridors. After Mrs. Philip Bingham, whose husband says that she and the preacher had been intimate, had read her testimony and signed it, the case was adjourned until July 27. Eleven men of all religious creeds signed Loomis' bond for \$1,000.

Ann Arbor.—Mrs. Ina Hanson, a bride of a week, is dead from excitement caused by watching a children's street quarrel in which the young son of her host and hostess, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Leighton, was struck with a stone. Mrs. Hanson was formerly Miss Ina Martin. She was married to a Kalamazoo man and was soon to have gone there to make her home. She had recently recovered from a severe illness. After witnessing the quarrel, Mrs. Hanson went down the street to the home of Mrs. Patrick Walsh a few doors away. As she started to ring the bell she sank to the porch unconscious.

St. Joseph.—Hattie Bannat and her husband, Robert Bannat, are being held in the county jail here suspected of the murder of their child born last week. The couple, grim slaves of long poverty, swear that the babe died at birth. Physicians declare that the child was born alive and healthy and its body bears marks of violence. After a searching examination by the authorities the mother leads the officers to a spot in the woods where she had buried the infant an hour after it came into the world. Sheriff Franz believes that the awful poverty of the couple caused the mother to kill her offspring rather than have it face the same miserable existence.

Gladwin.—A bridge fell in near Dale, about five miles from Beaverton, and injured four men, one fatally. Doctor Barber of Beaverton, in an auto, came down a steep hill to the bridge on which Albert Richard, U. S. Grant and his son were working. As the car started across the entire bridge fell in. It was a wooden structure about one hundred feet long and was condemned about a year ago. All the men went down into the stream, a drop of about thirty feet. Richard suffered a fractured skull and arm and died. Doctor Barber had a fractured rib, but attended to Richard, setting his arm before attending to himself. Richard was found with his head under water under a heavy beam. The two Grants sustained minor injuries. The bridge is on a well traveled road and three autos were waiting to go across.

Romeo.—The society event of the week here was the marriage of Miss Grace Gladys Beemer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Beemer, to Noel Wilkins of Saginaw. The marriage was the culmination of a love affair that started while the two were in college. Miss Beemer at the Ypsilanti Normal college, and Mr. Wilkins in the engineering department of the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor. The ceremony was performed by Dr. Ralph Hall Ferris of Detroit at the home of the parents of the bride-elect. Guests were present from Detroit, Pontiac, Northville and Saginaw.



# FOR BETTER ROADS

## COST OF LIVING INCREASED

There Are Times When It Is Impossible for Farmer to Haul His Products to Market.

The people who groan under the high cost of living and wonder why necessities of life like potatoes and cabbages and turnips and apples should be rotting on the farms when they would bring high prices in the cities do not realize the condition of the country roads. When roads are bad farmers experience difficulty in getting their produce to market. When roads are very bad there are states of the weather in which the hauling of heavy wagon loads from farms to railway stations becomes impossible.

The farmer would like to sell what he grows. The city dweller would like to buy it. Both have an interest in the building and maintenance of good roads, providing at all seasons of the year available highways between the cities and the farms.

Sometimes roads that would be in fair condition for teaming are cut up by reckless automobilists. The wanton destruction of highways by auto scorches should not be permitted.

Automobile owners as a class have done much to improve some of the roads, but on the whole western roads are a disgrace. There must be aroused public sentiment in favor of good roads. There will be when it is realized that good country roads are a benefit to all classes of the community.

## COST OF REPAIRING WAGONS

Farmers' Profits Are Greatly Decreased in Various Ways by Neglected Thoroughfares.

How much do you suppose it costs you a year to repair your wagons and harness on account of bad roads? How much does it cost you a year for shoes and clothing that are ruined by your children wading through the mud to school? How much does it cost you a year for medicine to cure your children's colds contracted in wading through the mud to school and church? How much of a damage a year to you is the mud that prevents your children from attending school; or damage to them, rather in the loss of an education? How much damage to you are our bad roads in preventing your going to market? You are perfectly willing to spend money in the buying of reapers and mowers and other farm machinery. You are willing to purchase carriages and harness. At the price potatoes are today, one load would be the average farmer's tax for ten years for good roads. At the end of that time the



Striking a Rut in a Bad Road.

roads would be good, and you could vote to rescind the law if you wanted to and you would have your good roads and no tax for thirty or forty years, the balance of your life.

### Price Is Sticker.

The farmer believes in good roads, but he doesn't feel that he has the price.

### Auto Makes Difference.

The road question looks different to a man after he has bought an auto.

### Bring Both Together.

Good roads bring the producer and consumer in personal contact.

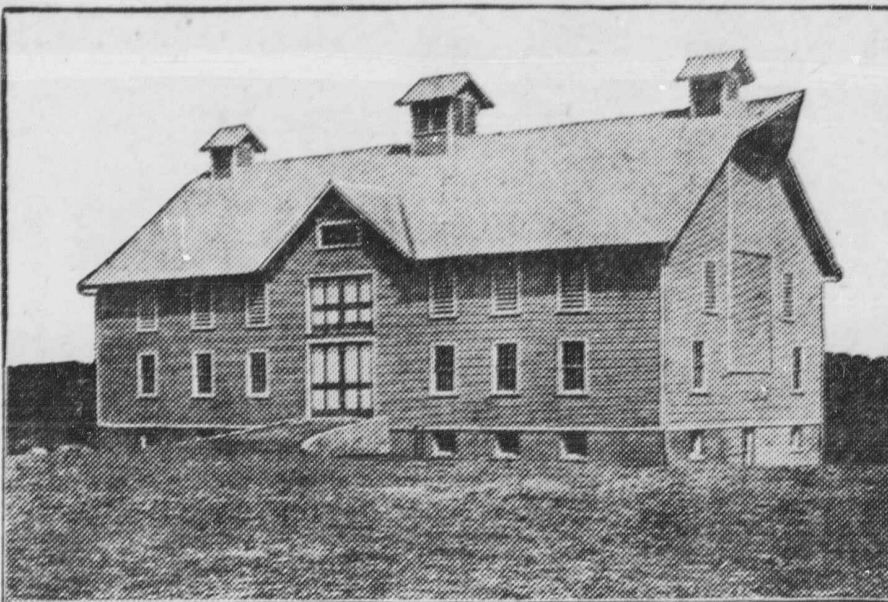
### Good Road Benefits.

Good roads mean good schools; good schools good citizenship.

### Squab Broilers.

Squab broilers must not weigh over three-quarters of a pound each; generally a half pound is most acceptable.

## WORK AT BELTSVILLE GOVERNMENT FARM

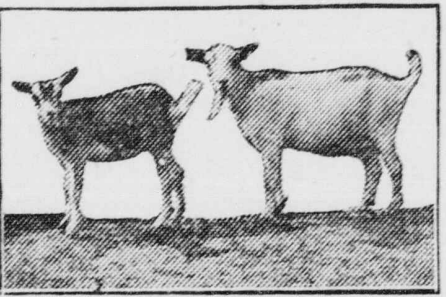


Horse Barn Erected in 1912.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In the summer of 1910 the department of agriculture purchased a farm of 475 acres at Beltsville, Maryland, which is about twelve miles from the city of Washington; to be used for experimental work in animal breeding and feeding, and related subjects. About 190 acres of this are devoted to dairy interests, and the remainder (of which about 95 acres are timber land) to other branches of animal husbandry.

On this farm many problems of economic importance to the public, and particularly to the agricultural public, are given much attention. The farm work is done largely by mares, some of which are purebred Percherons, and the other grades. These mares are bred to a Percheron stallion, and therefore not only earn their living by the farm work they do, but in addition produce foals. In the summer of 1913 the imported Percheron stallion Isolat 65096 (78859) was purchased by the department. He is a



Common Doe and Her Kid, Sired by Toggenberg Buck.

large, black stallion, compact and well muscled, standing 17 hands in height and weighing more than a ton.

During the fall of 1912, 20 weanling horse foals and 20 weanling mule foals were purchased for the purpose of determining the comparative costs of raising these under farm conditions from the time of weaning until they are old enough for work purposes. A careful record is being kept of all costs, including that of breaking, and full credit will be given to the animals for the amount of work done by them. It is expected that the test will be closed in 1916, when all of the animals will be old enough for work purposes.

There is on the farm a flock of the Barbados woolless sheep. These sheep are very prolific, commonly having three and occasionally four lambs at

birth. They will also conceive at any time of the year. Barbados ewes are being graded up by the use of purebred Southdown rams and selections are determined mainly by the prolificacy and frequency of lambing, with a view to producing good mutton conformation with ability to breed early for winter lambs. The Barbados have also been crossed with Merinos. The great difference in the fleeces and breeding habits of the Barbados and the Southdown and Merino yields very valuable material in the crossbreeds and their offspring for studying the manner of inheritance of wool and breeding characteristics.

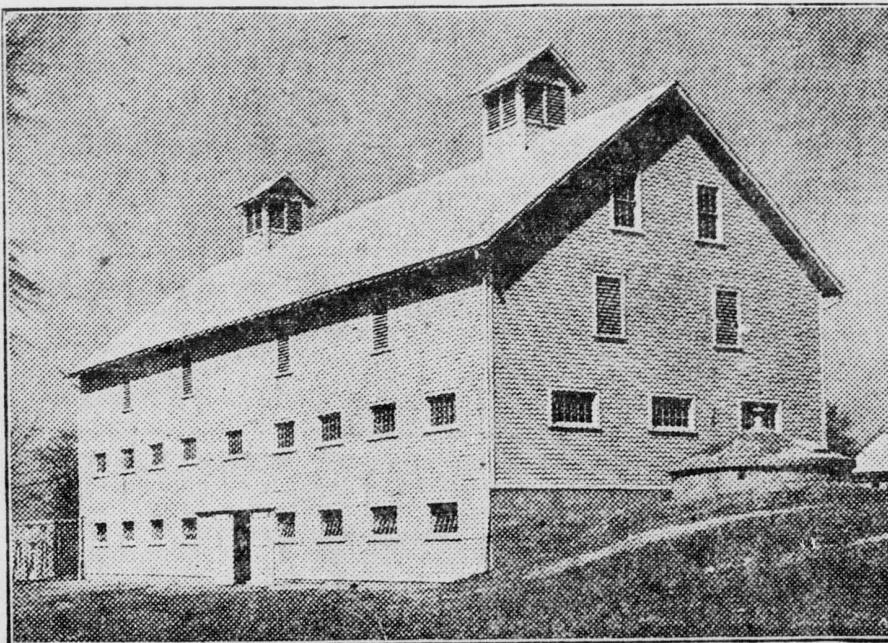
Another industry attracting considerable attention is that of the production of Persian lamb skins, which are the product of the young of the Karakule or Arbi sheep which are native to Russian Turkestan. The industry in this country is in its infancy and there is great need of more information regarding it. The department in its work at the farm is crossing a Karakule ram on Cotswold, Leicester, Cheviot and Lincoln ewes, and has also made crosses on Barbados ewes. This work has not been carried far enough to determine just how val-

able the skins from such crosses will be in this country. In connection with the two experiments mentioned, about 100 head of ewes are kept. A roomy and conveniently arranged barn for housing sheep and goats has just been completed and will render it possible to test methods of winter feeding of "hot-house" lambs and breeding ewes. During summer months the sheep are carried upon a succession of forage crops with a view to determining the best plans of planting and grazing forage crops in eastern states. For the past few years there has been great interest in the milk goat, which has often been hailed as the poor man's cow. Today, however, goats in this country which are good milkers sell for as much as the average dairy cow. On the continent of Europe, particularly Switzerland, breeds of goats which are heavy milkers have been developed, but on account of the prevalence of animal diseases in continental Europe their importation is prohibited. In order to determine the value of the milk goat blood in crossing on our native stock, a flock of common does was obtained, and these were bred to Saanen and Toggenburg bucks. Milk records were kept of the native does, and such records will be kept of the half-bred does, in order to obtain a comparison.

A herd of hogs is maintained for the purpose of studying breeding and feeding problems. A modern, sanitary house has been built, and equipped for conducting this work. There are also a number of small portable houses with sufficient space for a sow and litter or two or three mature pigs.

At the farm house there is also a laboratory for the study of breeding questions. There are usually about 1,000 guinea pigs on hand, representing 30 families. The effects of inbreeding are being studied as the results from such investigations with guinea pigs throw light upon principles that operate in larger animals.

Results that suggest the existence of laws of inheritance in these small animals can be tested out on larger animals. By using guinea pigs a great saving in time is effected. It is possible to secure three generations in a year, thus showing the effects of a special method of breeding in a fraction of the time needed with sheep or cattle and at much smaller expense. The poultry on the farm is located



Sheep Barn Erected in 1912.

in and on the edge of a beautiful oak grove, which furnishes ideal shade and range for the fowls, and especially for the young chickens. The equipment consists of one long breeding house, 18 by 108 feet, attached to a feed house containing an office and laboratory, the basement of which is fitted up as an incubator cellar. Most of the poultry houses are of the colony type, and are built on runners so that they may easily be moved onto fresh ground. The front of the long house contains large muslin curtains for ventilation and glass doors for light when the curtains are closed. Lamp incubators and small outdoor brooders are used in hatching and rearing the stock, while many of the chickens are reared under hens.

The stock consists of selected fowls of the following varieties: Barred Plymouth Rock, White Wyandotte, Rhode Island Red, Single Comb White Leghorn and Buff Orpington, with a few White Plymouth Rocks, Buff Leghorns and Dorkings. The foundation stock was secured from some of the best poultry breeders in this country, and is being kept up to a high standard of excellence, both from exhibition and utility standpoints.

## HOME TRADE BOOSTS

Paying the Fiddler

WE ALL realize that when there is dancing going on, whether it be the new-fangled tango or the old-fashioned polka or waltz—some one must pay the fiddler.

We cannot have music without paying for it, nor can we have much of anything in this world without paying for it.

If we expect any person to do something for us, we expect, naturally, to do something in exchange for such favors as we receive. If we accept favors, but evade the responsibility of making any returns for them it will not be long before we discover that the unpaid for favors become curtailed.

Probably we become provoked, after the favors have stopped, and acknowledge our own stupidity. It is generally too late when we wake up and then it is merely the old story over again—of locking the door after the horse has been stolen.

Many of us in this community devote more or less of our time to the raising of produce of various kinds. We have vegetables, butter, eggs, milk, etc., to sell.

We find it a convenience to sell such products in the local stores. Some of our business men buy up the small quantities, as well as the larger lots, and ship all together to the more central markets.

This facility for disposing of such articles is a great convenience to us. If the local storekeepers did not buy our produce it would be difficult for us to find a market. In fact, there would be no market for small quantities except at ruinous prices.

Therefore we are favored, to a very considerable extent, by the fact that our local storekeeper stands ready to buy from us. This places us under certain obligations. The local storekeepers are entitled to some consideration from us in return.

HOW MANY OF US APPRECIATE AND ACKNOWLEDGE THIS FACT? How many of us think of this when we have some cash to spend? How many of us consider that the local storekeeper is entitled to our trade and that we are morally bound to consider him as the proper repository for our orders and the recipient of our trade?

It is regrettable that many of us must plead guilty to an entire forgetfulness of any feeling of obligation. Therefore, we send our orders, with the cash, to the mail order houses, to whom we owe nothing.

We are enticed by cleverly written advertisements and neatly worded descriptions of goods and merchandise so that we deceive ourselves into believing them to be true. We forget the local storekeeper and his favors; we forget that he is a benefit to the community and to every individual in the community; we forget that he is affording us an opportunity to dispose of our produce—that he has his money invested in a stock of merchandise that he has selected because he believed we would need such articles and would wish to buy them at home.

Every dollar we send away from home to the mail order houses brings us closer to the limitations of our local opportunities. Every dollar diverted from local trade adds to the restrictions of our trade facilities at home so that we are not only permitting, but we are inviting, our local merchants to close up shop and go out of business; or to move to some community where their efforts will be more appreciated.

By our lack of appreciation we are urging our local storekeepers to restrict their efforts to carrying only the lines of merchandise that are the most profitable for them and to cut out all goods that we can buy in the city. We are actually inviting disaster.

LET US AWAKEN TO A REALIZATION OF THE CONDITIONS WHICH CONFRONT US. LET US PLACE SOME LIMITATIONS ON OUR DISREGARD FOR EXISTING CONDITIONS AND LOOK INTO THE FUTURE.

We can see what the consequences must be if we fail to do our share toward supporting the establishments of our business men in town, for the handwriting is written plainly on the wall.

Shall we read the writing and profit by the message or shall we continue to dance merrily and foolishly on until the time shall come when we must pay? And how shall we pay?

There will be only one way to pay and that will be with much more than the profit we shall have derived from our dealings with the mail order houses. WE WILL PAY DEARLY UNLESS WE AWAKEN TO A FULL SENSE OF OUR RESPONSIBILITIES, AND AT ONCE.

We wish to dance, but let us change the tune—or the fiddler.

## GETTING OUR MONEY'S WORTH

IN EVERY transaction we expect to get our money's worth.

When we buy merchandise from our local storekeepers we examine everything with the utmost care, we test for strength and look for quality. We discuss with the merchant the desirability and value of everything and after we shall have decided that we will effect a purchase we are convinced that we have obtained full value and that we can depend on our purchase as being what we want.

Then, again, if for any reason we have reason to be dissatisfied with that which we have bought we can talk it over with our merchant and any discrepancy will be readily adjusted.

This is the principle of all good business. The buyer meets the seller face to face and examines the goods before closing the deal. The seller is responsible for his representations and the buyer can always find him and adjust any differences which may occur.

On the other hand there is the mail order method. We receive a book from the mail order house, illustrated with expensive pictures of various articles. The descriptions of these articles are always optimistic and gloriously pleasing. Our minds are impressed by the charming wording of the descriptions and the selection of adjectives creates in our minds a desire to possess these wonderful things.

All sorts of promises are made in the book, or catalog. We will be accorded the greatest possible consideration, we will be allowed all kinds of privileges; we can return the goods at the expense of the house if not satisfactory; shipments will be made with promptness and despatch; any damages in shipping will be adjusted at once; "Our Mr. So-and-So will give your orders his personal attention," etc.

We are flattered and cajoled by the clever wording of the catalog and the statements made in the "fake" personal letters sent to follow up the catalogue. We are touched in that tiny spot of vanity which, though small, seems to be everywhere and to respond to the slightest touch.

We are allured by the prospect of obtaining such magnificent and desirable articles at such remarkably low (?) prices and we are flattered by the statement that Mr. So-and-So will give our order personal attention.

We begin to believe ourselves to be "some punkins" and we are inclined to swell up and look askance at our less fortunate townsmen who have not been singled out for such distinction as a letter, signed in person by Mr. So-and-So.

Therefore, we decide that we will send an order for something. We forget that we can go into the store of our own local So-and-So, whom we know and to whom we are perhaps responsible for past favors. But it is easy to forget all this in the happiness and exultation of having been singled out by the great mail order "boss" as a desirable person with whom to do business. SO WE SEND AN ORDER, CASH WITH IT, OF COURSE.

Then we wait for the article to come. More waiting. Then we write to the mail order "boss."

We get a succession of form letters in reply, but no merchandise. We waste a lot of time and patience and postage stamps and stationery. Finally the shipment arrives.

We are astounded. This hardly looks like the article we expected. So we write again. Then follows more correspondence. We are told to examine the article again thoroughly and compare the description with it. We do so.

Yes, the technical description is the same. BUT THE CLEVER STYLE IN WHICH IT IS WRITTEN HAS DELIBERATELY MISLED US. The illustration has lied to us deliberately, because the picture was toned up and exaggerated for the sole purpose of misleading us.

We are stung. We could have gotten a far better value from our local storekeeper for the money. The lying letters we received from Mr. So-and-So were merely printed form letters and were probably never seen by the alleged signer, who is in Europe spending the dollars which we, and other similar dupes, have sent him.

Bah! Why will we persist in such foolishness? Our common sense should tell us better. But no, probably we will do the same thing over again when we get the same sort of flattering and lying dope from another mail order house that has bought a list of names, containing ours, from the house which stung us.

YES, THEY WILL PASS OUR NAMES ALONG, ONE TO THE OTHER. WE HAVE PLACED OURSELVES ON RECORD AS BEING "EASY MARKS."

In the meantime we may go to our local dealer and buy the article we really need. He will guarantee it and, perhaps, give us credit for it if we need it.

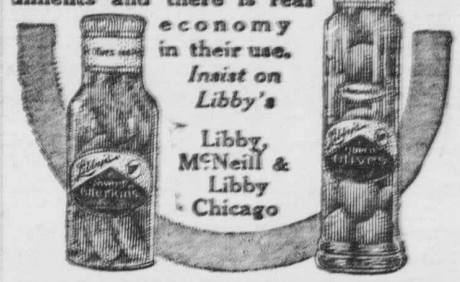
LET US SUPPORT OUR LOCAL BUSINESS MEN. THEY ARE ENTITLED TO OUR TRADE AND WE KNOW WHAT TO EXPECT FROM THEM.

## Libby's Selected Olives

Every one from Seville, long famed as the home of the world's best olives. Only the pick of the crop is offered to you under the Libby label.

## Sweet, Sour and Dill Pickles

Nature's finest, put up like the home-made kind and all your trouble saved. This extra quality is true of all Libby's Pickles and Condiments and there is real economy in their use.



## SAYS GET BACK TO YOUTH

Advice of Physical Director to Tired Business Men About to Take Vacation Worth Heeding.

Business men about to start on their summer vacations are advised to read dime novels, smoke cornsilk cigarettes and act like "kids" again, by Dr. Louis R. Wellmiller, physical director of the West Side Y. M. C. A. of New York. His prescription for the rejuvenation of business-worn members of the association has been posted all over the association's building. It reads:

"Forget your dignity, throw away your staidness, and be a kid again—a wholesome, fun-loving, boisterous dime-novel-reading kid—during your vacation. Many of you men, when youngsters, used to think it great fun to sneak out behind the barn, with a cigarette made of cornsilk and brown wrapping paper. It won't hurt you to try the same thing again. You won't be able to smoke enough to hurt yourself, and there's no danger of contracting the cornsilk habit.

"Dime novels make good summer reading. They are next to the Bible for vacation reading, but take the Bible along, of course. Many great men read Nick Carter, Jesse James and like writings for relaxation. Most of you men have come to New York and have made good. Help yourselves to make good again next winter by being a boy on your vacation."

### Shown Up.

Senator La Follette was talking about the dodges and squirms of a certain corrupt railroad official.

"For all his dodges and squirms," said the senator, "the man was shown up. It's like the case of Smith."

"A dun entered Smith's flat, pushed into the parlor and said to Smith's little son:

"Where's your father?"

"Gone away," the urchin answered, according to orders.

"Gone away? Humph! Where to?"

"That closet there," was the reply."

### Oversupplied.

The feller that said words are a physician of a mind diseased may a-been right, but some women have a whole mob o' doctors."

### The Day of the Beaver.

Pat—Did you ever see a beaver at work?

Mike—Sure! On the 17th of March! Postum Knocked Out Coffee Ails.

### HIT THE SPOT.

There's a good deal of satisfaction and comfort in hitting upon the right thing to rid one of the varied and constant ailments caused by coffee drinking.

"Ever since I can remember," writes an Ind. woman, "my father has been a lover of his coffee, but the continued use of it so affected his stomach that he could scarcely eat at times.

"Mother had coffee-headache and dizziness, and if I drank coffee for breakfast I would taste it all day and usually go to bed with a headache.

"One day father brought home a pkg. of Postum recommended by our grocer. Mother made it according to directions on the box and it just "hit the spot." It has a dark, seal-brown color, changing to golden brown when cream is added, and a snappy taste similar to mild, high-grade coffee, and we found that its continued use speedily put an end to all our coffee ills.

"That was at least ten years ago and Postum has, from that day to this, been a standing order of father's grocery bill.

"When I married, my husband was a great coffee drinker, although he admitted that it hurt him. When I mentioned Postum he said he did not like the taste of it. I told him I could make it taste all right. He smiled and said, try it. The result was a success, he won't have anything but Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum now comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled—15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—Is a soluble powder. Made in the cup with hot water—no boiling—30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.



That Whiff of Violets. "My! what a flowery whiff! That handkerchief must have been literally steeped in violets," exclaimed one girl to another who had just shaken out from its folds a fragrant square of linen.

ITCHED AND BURNED

Silverwood, Mich.—"My baby was about six months old when he first began to break out with little pimples on his head and face. Then they would run water and keep getting worse until his head was a regular sore eruption and water would run and stream from it and his face also.

"We tried medicine but without success. The trouble must have lasted three or four weeks when I thought I would try the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I would bathe him with warm water, as warm as he could stand and Cuticura Soap, then apply the Cuticura Ointment. The very first time that I did this it seemed to relieve him as he slept well and inside of two weeks he was completely healed."

If wishes were automobiles, gasoline would go up a million per cent.

No man is so selfish as to keep all his popularity to himself.

A Stitch in Time

Colds, fevers, congestion and germ diseases are pretty sure to overwork the kidneys and leave them weak. In convalescence, in fact, at any time when suspicion is aroused by a lame, aching back, rheumatic pains, headache, dizziness or disordered urine, the use of Doan's Kidney Pills is a stitch in time that may avoid serious kidney disease.

Advertisement for Doan's Kidney Pills, featuring a testimonial from a Wisconsin case and a small illustration of a man.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is Paxtine

Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed. As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ills it has no equal.

For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold."

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Advertisement for Carter's Little Liver Pills, featuring a cartoon illustration of a man and a parrot.

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel "out of sorts" "run down" "got the blues" "suffer from rheumatism, bladder, nervousness, indigestion, weakness, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, etc., write for FREE CURE BOOK AND MEDICAL ADVICE.

LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED

BLACK LEG. Western stockmen, because they protect where other vaccines fail. Write for booklet and testimonials.

The KITCHEN CABINET

The truth is that in human service there is no low or high degree; the woman who scrubs is as worthy of respect as the man who preaches.

COOL DRINKS FOR HOT DAYS.

There is no cooling drink equal to a glass of lemonade which may be made with or without egg. If one is fond of lemonade it is wise to keep a bottle of lemon sirup always on tap.

Kumiss—This is more of a food than a drink but it is especially nice for the sick. To a quart of milk warmed to seventy-five degrees, add one and a half tablespoonsful of sugar and a fourth of a yeast cake dissolved in one tablespoonful of luke warm water.

Lemon Egg Nogg—Separate the yolk and white of one egg, beat until light and thick, add to a glass of lemonade using the white on top, stirring it in lightly.

Mint Fizzle—Cut the rind of a lemon very thin, then in small strips. Squeeze the juice of a half a lemon in each glass, add a teaspoonful of sugar, then fill with shaved ice. Pour in equal parts of ginger pop and grape juice; place three sprigs of mint in each glass and a sprinkling of lemon peel. Serve with straws.

Syracuse Lemonade—Beat the yolks of four eggs until thick, pour over two quarts of strong lemonade to which is added the grated rind of one lemon. Pour into a crystal pitcher, heap on the whites of the eggs well beaten, dust with nutmeg and serve with shaved ice in each glass.

Only the busy person is happy—and systematic, daily, useful work is man's greatest blessing.

Mother nature is kind, and if she deprives us of one thing she gives us another—happiness seems meted out to each and all in equal portions.

DELICIOUS SUMMER DESSERTS.

There is no dessert that quite gratifies the taste like a frozen one in hot weather. The combinations are legion, but the most popular are those made of fruit juices.

Italian Sherbet—Boil together 15 minutes, one pound of sugar and one pint of water. Set aside to cool; when cold add half a cupful of lemon juice, a cupful and a half of orange juice, the same amount of grape fruit juice. Strain and freeze slowly. Serve heaped in the half shells of the oranges or grape fruit.

Raspberry Cream—A cupful of raspberry juice, a cupful of sugar and a pint of cream used in this proportion, adding a tablespoonful of lemon juice to add to the color as well as flavor, makes a most delicious frozen dish.

Orange and Lemon Cream—This is a recipe which may be made at any season, as such fruit is nearly always to be found in the market. Take the juice of three oranges, two lemons, two cupfuls of sugar and a quart of thin cream. Strain the fruit juice, add the sugar and when dissolved add the cream, and freeze.

Chocolate sauce is always a favorite with plain ice cream. Melt slowly one square of bitter chocolate, add a tablespoonful of butter, one cupful of sugar and a third of a cupful of boiling water. Boil 15 minutes. Add the butter when nearly done, also a teaspoonful of vanilla when the sauce is cool.

Soap From Whale Oil.

Whale oil, for years almost a drug on the market, has recently become far more valuable through the discovery of a way to use it in making soap, which had hitherto been impossible owing to its evil smell.

Danger in Hasty Reforms.

Societary wrongs are deeply embedded in law and tradition, and therefore they are not easily righted. So it is wisdom to go slowly, even when going in the right direction, lest, stumbling, progress be retarded. Reformers should try to avoid the waste of haste.

Equally Unprofitable.

Nursing a grouch is pretty much like lugging a sprinkling can to water a Canada thistle.

How many smiles there could be if folks would always say: Good morning neighbor, let me give a helping hand today!

My friend, when you and I have learned to practise what we wish These other folks would try! —John F. Trowbridge.

WHAT SHALL I SERVE?

All salad makers have their own proportions of oil and vinegar. Too much is not wholesome; two tablespoonfuls of vinegar of the usual strength to five of oil is a good rule to follow, using salt, cayenne and other seasonings to taste.

Thousand Isle Dressing—From the number of salad dressings bearing this name one must be named for each island. The dressing is a simple French dressing as above with the addition of chopped onion, celery, peppers with some catsup; in fact, anything may be added and named a Thousand Isle dressing.

Heliopolis Salad—Cut celery in small bits and marinate in French dressing. Pare an apple and cut in sixteenths, then in thin slices and also marinate. Parboil a green pepper, cut in strips and let it stand in oil dressing. Peel small tomatoes and cut in tulip form, marinate them. Then serve each vegetable on separate lettuce leaves arranged on a plate and garnish with the green pepper. Or the pepper may be served on a separate leaf also.

Asparagus tips cooked until tender, marinated in oil dressing and served in a red or green pepper ring on lettuce, make a most attractive salad.

The flavor gives point to a salad, it must be subtle and elusive, yet highly satisfactory. If the delightful element cannot be identified, so much the better. A slice of tart apple, a suspicion of mint, a clove of garlic, in fact, the true salad maker is hampered by no preconceived notions.

Bean and Nut Outlets—Take two cupfuls of lima beans, one-half cupful of black walnuts, as they are richer in fat than the English, two tablespoonfuls of crumbs, one of butter. Rub the beans through a sieve, add the nuts chopped, salt and butter melted mixed all together, rolled in meat drippings then in crumbs. Bake in a well-greased pan.

A man's theories are apt to smile sadly at his practice, over the gaping gulf that separates the ideal from the real.

The folks who do big things are not in bondage to their bodies.

FOR SUMMER WEATHER.

A most delicious cooling drink may be made with a sugar sirup, lemon juice and a bottle of ginger ale. Cook together a pound of sugar and a pint of water until a thick sirup is made. Put two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice and fill up the glass with ginger ale. This is a drink which you will be called upon to repeat.

Ginger Cup—This is a more elaborate drink and one which will be nice for company. The following ingredients are needed: Three oranges, three lemons, twenty lumps of sugar, a cup of grated pineapple, eight cloves and a small stick of cinnamon, a pint of water, a quart of ginger ale and cracked ice. Put the cloves into the oranges and let them stand for an hour or more to flavor the fruit. Next rub the sugar lumps over the orange and lemon rinds to get some of the essential oils and favor the fruit. Place the sugar in the punch bowl, add the juice of the fruit and the pineapple and the stick of cinnamon, let stand until serving time, then pour on water and ginger ale, and the ice and serve.

Iced Coffee—This is a satisfying drink and when well made truly delicious. Take a pint of strong freshly made coffee, chill, add a pint of milk, a pinch of powdered cinnamon, sweetened to taste and serve with cracked ice in tall glasses with whipped cream on top.

Grape juice and shrubs of different kinds are all very good and may be varied by the addition of a dash of lemon juice.

Nellie Maxwell.

MINGUY'S JEALOUSY

By H. M. EGBERT.

Jean Minguy's heart was beating fast as he came within sight of old Baptiste's cabin on the Peace river. He spurred his horse, and it broke into a canter across the snow.

Though the ground was still white, spring was in the air, and spring was in the heart of Jean Minguy, for he was riding to see his sweetheart, Nanette, old Baptiste's daughter. They had been engaged eight months, ever since Jean's last visit to the cabin in the early fall.

Now he had amassed a pile of rich furs, which he would exchange for gold in plenty at the trading store. But first he must see Nanette and get her to fix the wedding day.

He had left his furs in his cabin and had ridden 200 miles to see her; and he had ridden so eagerly that he had not even turned the dozen miles out of his course that were necessary for him to meet his old friend, Pierre Dufour.

Old Baptiste came to the door and laid a hand upon his horse's bridle. "You have come for Nanette?" he quavered. He was very old and already in his dotage.

"Where is she?" demanded Jean, feeling his heart hammering within his breast.

"Haven't you heard?" cried the old man. "She left here with Dufour this morning—"

A fiery mist swam before Jean's eyes. Pierre Dufour! The two men had been friends for many a year, and Jean had known that Pierre was in love with Nanette. But the girl had plighted herself to him, and he had hardly thought of Dufour in the ecstasy of his happy anticipations.

He had been so proud of her, his beautiful bride-to-be, with her dark hair and eyes. One more season in the north, and then, if luck was with him, he had intended to take her south to civilization, and the perils and hardships of the wilds would be things of the past.

Jean Minguy pulled up his horse sharply.

"Listen!" the old man began, catching at the bride again.

But Jean Minguy was already spurring his horse back along the trail, paying no attention to old Baptiste's shouts.



Fired Again, and Again.

shouts. Only a single thought was in his mind—to kill the false friend who had betrayed him.

Dufour's cabin lay at the junction of the Peace and St. Paul, a small tributary stream, 40 miles back, and some 12 miles off the route along which he had come. There was his cabin; that was the trapping district which Dufour had marked off for his own. Jean had visited there in the days before they had ever thought of Nanette, save as a shy girl of fourteen or fifteen, and they had spent many a long evening together, smoking, silent, happy in each other's company.

There they must fight it out face to face. Jean contemplated no treacherous attack. He would give Pierre an equal chance; but it must be a fight to the death.

If Dufour had won the girl fairly Jean would have acquiesced. But Nanette and he had been engaged so long, and Dufour had known it, and he had stolen her. Jean could understand what pressure he might have used, when she had only a doddering old man for her companion. His anger rose into a fierce flame as he pursued his way.

Night fell before more than half of the 40 miles was accomplished. Jean dismounted and scooped out a shelter in the deep snow beside the stream. He was not sorry for the opportunity to nurse his wrath. He crept inside, turning his pony loose, for the weather was warm enough for the little, half-savage creature to take care of itself, and Jean knew that it would not stray far from him.

He wrapped himself in his furs and lay down. But his mind would not let him forget his grief and rage in the temporary relief of sleep. He had dreamed so long of the day when Nanette was to be his wife; and now his dream was ended and his life was shattered.

Toward dawn he started up, alert upon the instant. His trained ear had detected the approach of a mounted

man, coming from the direction of the St. Paul. It was not his own horse that he heard, for that, being Indian, did not trot, as this horse did—besides, the difference between the sound of a horse with a rider on its back and that of a horse alone is unmistakable.

Jean crept out of his shelter. The dawn was not far away, but the moon still shone brilliantly. A horseman was riding along the bank of the Peace river.

Jean recognized Dufour, though to other eyes he would have been only a silhouette against the snow. He saw Dufour rein in his horse and lean forward. They were within 25 paces of each other.

Jean drew his revolver. "Garde-toi!" he shouted, and fired again and again. Pierre's horse reared and plunged down the steep bank of the Peace.

The frightened animal regained its feet and stood trembling upon the brink of the descent. But Dufour was lying upon his back in the river bed. There was no sign of blood upon him, and his horse had not been struck, either. It had shied at the sudden sound of the shots and fallen with its rider.

Pierre was badly stunned, but breathing. Jean stood over him, looking into his unconscious face. All at once he realized that his vengeance had slipped from him. He could not kill Dufour now that the man was unconscious.

He caught the horses. Then he took the unconscious man in his arms and placed him in his saddle. He sprang upon the back of his own horse, and, supporting his enemy with one arm and guiding the reins of the two bridles with the free hand, he began the slow march toward Pierre's cabin.

The day dawned, and the sun rose, flooding the vast plains with her golden light. They traveled at a snail's pace, the horses stopping from time to time to crunch at the new grass that was appearing where the snow was melting beside the river. Once or twice Jean dismounted and bathed his enemy's face with snow-water.

It was during one of these halts that Pierre began muttering.

"I love thee, Nanette," he said, and Jean clenched his fists and ground his teeth together as he listened against his will. "I love thee, Nanette. I will go and meet him. He cannot be far away."

So Pierre had been on his way to kill him when Jean had intercepted him! And this man, who had stolen his bride and planned his death, was lying helpless at his side!

Jean sat Pierre upon his horse again, and the slow journey was resumed. But it was well toward evening when Pierre's cabin came into view.

Jean set him down again and rode up to the little shack. What a place to take a woman to live in! Nanette must love Pierre greatly to be willing to share that exile with him. The thought no longer enraged him. He had put the matter to the test of fate, and she had decided against him.

"Jean!"

Nanette had flung the door open and was standing in front of him, a radiant image, exactly as when he had last seen her. Jean turned his head slowly away. "Come, Nanette!" he said, and rode back to where Pierre was lying.

As he dismounted and knelt at Pierre's side his enemy opened his eyes. There was consciousness in them. He looked into Jean's face. "Where am I?" he muttered. "It is thou, Jean?"

"Yes, it is I, whom you tried to murder," answered Jean, slowly, without bitterness.

Pierre looked at him in bewilderment.

"I shall say nothing to Nanette," Jean whispered; and then the girl was beside them. "Jean! What has happened?" she cried.

"Your lover fell from his horse," answered Jean, slowly.

"My lover!" she exclaimed, and came close to Jean. "Dost thou not love me, then?" she cried.

Jean looked dully at her.

"O, Jean, I could not wait for thee," she sobbed. "Hast thou not understood? I knew that another day would bring thee, but I wanted thee sooner; and Pierre told me that he would ride back with me along the trail. And we did not see thee, and so, last night, he left me in his cabin and rode back through the darkness to find if thou hadst lost the way. Jean, didst thou—dare to think—I loved Pierre?"

Jean was staring at her wildly. He could not be mistaken in his interpretation of her look of innocence and love.

Suddenly he caught her to his breast and covered her with kisses.

"I know! I know!" he cried. "I was a fool—and madly jealous, Nanette. But now all is ended, and we shall ride back to thy father's house—"

Advice to Girls.

Mrs. Haverlock Ellis, the English writer and suffragist, said at a girl graduates' luncheon at Sherry's in New York:

"I wish to advise you girls never to marry a man to reform him. To marry a man to reform him—that is the same as putting your finger in the fire to extinguish it."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hathorn* In Use For Over 30 Years.

Naturally. "Every time that woman comes in my establishment, she has a fit." "Good gracious! Is she an epileptic?" "No; I'm her dressmaker."

The Locality. "Did you see that star actor in repertoire?" "No; I saw him in Philadelphia."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU. Write for Book of the *How* by mail free. *Mirine Ego Remedy Co., Chicago.*



I Want Some of THE BLACK SHELLS

THE BLACK SHELLS are the modern, different ammunition that will give you a 5% better score at the traps and a 10% better bag in the field.

Why? First, our priming charge contains no fulminate of mercury mixed with ground glass. To get an even mixture in a pasty batch of heavy mercury and light glass is uncertain business. Also, glass absorbs heat (about one-sixth of the total), whereas our materials are combustible and so increase heat.

The Black Shells Primer is a strictly chemical composition, and our double size flash passage brings the whole fiercely hot primer flame directly into the main charge. Hence The Black Shells act with wonderful speed and deadly uniformity. The shot pattern is regular and bird proof. The penetration is phenomenal.

With no brass-casing mercury in the primer mixture, we escape the necessity of weak copper caps. Brass primers don't puncture and endanger your eyes.

The Black Shells are completely waterproof and crimped hard and even. They don't swell in foggy, rainy weather—always eject smoothly and "work" like a charm in a pump or automatic gun.

There are three Black Shells, Romax for black powder, Climax and Ajax for smokeless powder. All are loaded with the celebrated Tatham shot.

UNITED STATES CARTRIDGE CO. Makers of U. S. Cartridges Dept. 29 Lowell, Mass.

Picture Yourself in Colorado

YOU feel the thrill of new life the minute you get there. There's a bracing tonic in the very air.

—matchless mountains —dashing, sparkling streams —deep canyons and gorges —dizzy heights, craggy peaks —azure blue skies

Some new enchantment greets you with every turn. You have dreamed Colorado—realize your dream this Summer.

Low round trip fares via the Missouri Pacific

Write for our Colorado Book—handsomely illustrated. J. G. HOLLENBECK General Pass Agent ST. LOUIS

DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed—Tested. All dealers receive extra paid for \$1.00.

1274 ACRES All fenced; 200 under cultivation; good buildings; Glen-dive, Mont. 2 miles; a bonanza at \$15.00 per acre. Write for. A. H. KILBIS, New Richmond, Wisconsin

INDIAN RELICS WANTED of copper and stone. Write and tell me what you have. W. F. HARRISON, Two Rivers, Wis.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High class references. Best results. W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 28-1914.



**THE GLADSTONE DELTA**  
CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.  
\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered at the postoffice, Gladstone, Michigan, as mail matter of the second class. Published on Saturday of each week.

**THE LAMP OF EXPERIENCE**

Existing problems, social and governmental, "must find their solution through a knowledge of the past and a cool judgment of the present." United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge told the members of the Harvard Alumni Association in his address as presiding officer at the annual meeting today. Senator Lodge said in part:

"Just now we have with us one of the recurrent periods when the world is filled with reforms, largely destructive and punitive in character, generally of that most attractive kind which aims at making someone other than ourselves virtuous by process of law."

There is all about us a widespread desire to elevate the moral and material condition of others. To all such propensities the university must give admission for purposes of study. The university must look upon them with attention and examine them, not merely in the rosy glow of enthusiastic hope, but by the cold, clear light of the past, before she decides that they are fit for the ordeal of the future and will prove a benefit to mankind.

The university must not in its eagerness to be in sympathy with the present, which is so evanescent that some philosophers deny its existence, forget that the future is built upon the past and that a house without any foundations is more untenable even than the one which rests upon the shifting sand."

Just now, to take a very present example, it is the fashion to assail the Constitution of the United States. Before we overthrow the Constitution it is well to understand it, to know its principles, to learn its history, to determine whether the changes proposed represent progress or a return to earlier and rejected forms upon which the Constitution made a great advance.

These questions are not to be settled by wild denunciation of existing wrongs, all curable by law under the Constitution, if curable at all by Government action; still less can they be settled by appeals to an unknown future. They must find their solution through a knowledge of the past and a cool judgment of the present."

**BALDWIN TO GUCK**

We might get the Lake Superior district copper mining companies to raise a fund to import a gang of Waddell thugs to guard the depot. Perhaps, though those bandits are some of the Waddell thugs out of a job.—Escanaba Journal.

**ZIP!**

Marse Henry Watterson, though aging, is still full of biting language and uses it freely. Says Colonel Watterson:

The Bull Moose seems to be at once an amphibious animal and a hermaphrodite. He stands half way between hell and the iron works, the devil and the deep blue sea. Thus he can swim or eat live coals, as the case requires, be a woman or a man at will.

In the North he is a dissatisfied Republican, in the South a disgruntled Democrat. In Louisiana one might call him old Sugar-in-the-Gourd, in Pennsylvania the He-Goat of High Tariff. In Roosevelt he is masculine, in Perkins feminine and in Pinchot neuter. All things by turns and nothing long, his votaries worship at the shrine of Teddy of the Forked Tongue and the Tiger Heart, whilst Teddy rides him for all he may be worth.

As to the Bull Moose scheme of breaking the solid South it will not amount to much. It is too early for the South to pull away from Democracy. We are not yet quite out of the woods. Between the old prescriptionists of the Republican party lingering on the scene and the newly-arrived opportunists of Progressivism, led by Roosevelt—full of fads and fancies—averse to lawful methods and restraints of any kind—steadfast to nothing, true to nothing, agreeing on nothing except as heroizing idolators of one man and he a very dangerous man—our civilization is still beleaguered with only the Constitution to guard us against the invasion of statehood and racked by fanaticism masquerading here as a prohibitionist, there as a woman suffragist, but everywhere and always a menace to sober, wise and orderly government.

**FOR RENT—OFFICE SPACE**

For rent, the room vacated by the Knights of Pythias in Minneapolis block. Will remodel to suit tenant. Modern building, desirable location.  
CHAS. H. SCOTT.

**ESCANABA MEN HIRE EXPERT**

W. L. Davidson, instructor in agriculture in the Escanaba public schools, will be engaged as agricultural expert for Delta county by the Escanaba Business Men's Association.

Mr. Davidson will travel through the county visiting farmers in every section, looking over their crops with them and advising them as to the crops best suited to the particular soil; as to crop rotation and all other matters that will aid the farmers and settlers.

For the past two years the board of supervisors at the regular sessions has discussed the matter of engaging an agricultural expert but no action was taken on the matter. To supply the deficiency the Escanaba Business Men's Association has taken action.—Morning Press.

**FOR SALE**—40 h. p. boiler and 25 h. p. engine, in perfect condition, account installing larger machinery. Apply or write to SOHAAWE BROS.

Business appears to be increasing at the roundhouse. The machinists are commencing again to work on a nine hour schedule, and the force will be increased.

**REPUBLIC TIRES**

Largest and most complete stock in the Upper Peninsula.

Special anti-skid styles made especially in Ford sizes.

Prices the same as the ordinary plain treads. Ford owners come in and get our prices.

Everything for the automobile owner or driver in stock.

Motor boat engines and supplies.

**G. S. SLINING**

Phone 125.

**--Do--  
You Eat**

**Cloves after taking a drink? It's a bad practice; the oil of cloves is a good remedy in certain cases, but the Right way is to step into my place, which is conspicuous on Delta, and ask for some of my best liquors—any kind you choose. Then you turn your wrist one hundred and eighty degrees. That's all—except to requite your Host.**

**Fred Anderson**

805 DELTA AVE.

**WE LEAD THE WAY**

to better things in groceries, and to lower prices for life's necessities. If you are not getting the satisfaction you desire in these particulars, we can render you material assistance and save you many a dollar. One trial is sufficient to convince. Our

**CHASE & SANBORN**

**HIGH GRADE COFFEE**

meets the demands of all classes, rich and poor, high and low, inasmuch that it is a good, pure, wholesome drink at comparatively a moderate cost. To see it is to like it. To drink it is to enjoy it. To speak of it is to praise it.

We ask you to give Chase & Sanborn's Coffee a trial and be convinced of its merits as a luxurious and beneficial drink.

**GLADSTONE GROCERY**

"THE QUALITY STORE"  
P. J. LINDBLAD, PROP. PHONE 51

**MOSTLY FISH**

These summer days. He who knows the deep shady nooks in the bends of the creek will likely get something for his time and trouble. Anyway, if he fail in the forest or on the stream, he has a sure thing on getting what will please him in REAL RIGHT DOWN DRINKS by applying to

**FRANK LOUIS**

902 DELTA AVE.

**CITY OF GLADSTONE**

Changes in the ownership of cars and new arrivals has been plenty the last few days. The Holmgren Auto Co. has received Lewis Six, seven-passenger. It is the biggest \$1600 worth of car yet seen here. It also sold to Dr. Miller a new Overland touring car, for which he traded in his runabout. Gust-Gilbertson purchased his, disposing of his famous Ford-Gilbertson model, which is now owned at Winters. John Klingenberg purchased the Overland roadster of Harry Micks; and G. C. Ogden is expected to return with a new car of some make—perhaps a Hudson.

During the past year the government disposed of 10,000 acres in Michigan, according to the report of the Marquette land office, by homestead and timber claims. In Iron, Menominee and Dickinson counties, claims have been forfeited enough to increase the area. Delta county had 7439 acres, on June 30, 1913, and has now 6,284 of government land, a difference of 1155. There is now but 74,155 acres of this in the upper peninsula, against 74,090 a year ago. There is practically none in the lower peninsula, and the early discontinuance of the land office has often been predicted.

Next week I will have a big Cut Price Sale on Edison Phonograph Records, the regular 50c record, sold for only 25c, or 5 for \$1.00.

STEWART'S PHARMACY.

Two men were arrested Sunday morning by Chief Danielson, who was called out of bed at an early hour to investigate a freight car robbery. He arrested a young man who was seen coming out of a car, and later found a wine bottle where the man had thrown it. An older vagrant was taken up but later released, as there appeared to be no evidence against him. The other, who thought his name might be John or George Miller, drew 30 days in Justice Haber's court.

Last Friday at about midnight the report was spread up town that suspicious characters had been heard by a passerby in the railroad yards discussing the recent station robbery. While the story was wildly improbable, it was thought well to overlook no chance. Four firemen made the trip to the yards and searched them, while four others patrolled the residence districts, with negative results, however.

16 inch Maple and Birch millwood \$1.90 a single cord, \$5.25 a full cord Hemlock, \$1.25 single and \$3.00 full cord; delivered to any part of the city Call up C. W. Davis, Phone 7.

Lightning Friday afternoon struck house 28, at the furnace location, occupied by Isaac Essler, shocking his wife and children, tearing down the siding and setting the house on fire. It was put out with chemical extinguishers. The lightning inflicted slight burns on those it struck, but no severe injury except that of the surprise.

The factory of the Marble Arms company closes Saturday afternoon for a period of a week or more. During this time the engine will be reboared and numerous other repairs made on the plant.

We use the purest of drugs and compound your prescriptions carefully and accurately.

NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO.

**PERSONS WHOM WE KNOW**

Mr. and Mrs. Roque Gagnon of Gladstone spent the week end in this city visiting Mrs. Gagnon's sister, Mrs. Chas. Hopkins. Dr. J. A. McPhail left Monday evening on a professional trip to Gladstone; before returning he will also visit St. Ignace and Mackinaw Island. Mrs. McPhail left Tuesday evening for Gladstone, to visit for a couple of days.—Maunistic Courier-Record.

Clarence H. MacLaurin of Manistique and the Princess was observed prowling about our fair city Thursday. Upon being interrogated by an officer of the law as to his business, he returned an evasive answer. We trust by this time he has returned to his abiding place and taken the city limits with him.

We carry the largest and the best line of Cigars in the city.

Friends of Mrs. Harry L. Bushnell, 6 North Baird avenue, will be glad to learn that she is convalescing from an operation performed at Chicago Wednesday morning. The operation was performed at the Presbyterian hospital, Rhineclauder News.

Glenn W. Jackson leaves this morning for Milwaukee, where he has legal business. Mrs. Jackson and the baby, who have been visiting in lower Michigan, will return with him. If the weather promises fair, he will drive his car.

John P. Holm returned Tuesday from Minneapolis, where he has been the guest of his brother, Andrew Sandberg, for the past three weeks. During his visit Mr. Holm enjoyed many visits to surrounding Minnesota towns.

Joseph Tezmond, sexton of Fernwood cemetery, this week found in the grounds a pocketbook containing a sum of money. Owner may have it on identification.

LOST, child's black sandal, Sunday evening between Delta and Central Aves. Return to this office.

Mrs. Platt Barnum entertained a number of friends of Miss Mabel Whybrow at a birthday party in honor of that young lady Monday afternoon.

Clarence Erickson, who has been ill for a month or so, is now up and again, and will go back to work the first of the week.

Emil Tang, a contracting painter of Chicago, was in Gladstone from Thursday to Sunday, visiting his brother, S. H. Tang.

Phil Buflord leaves Monday with his family to spend the balance of the summer at Petoskey, where he has relatives.

Mrs. C. L. Adams and two children, of Houghton, are expected Monday to visit at the home of Dr. A. H. Miller.

Archie LaMarche and Miss Alice Nault of Escanaba visited friends here Sunday.

Paris Green, the best only, 20c per pound, in 1, 3, 3, and 5 pound packages. STEWART'S PHARMACY.  
L. N. Bushong is constructing a sleeping porch as an addition to his residence.

**KNEIPP MALT**

A coffee substitute and health drink, has the real Coffee Flavor without Coffee Poison. Easy to prepare and you may try it FREE; BUT if you must have coffee try the Clark & Host Morning Tonic Coffee, the real goods. Get a sample.

**ANDREW MARSHALL**

Phone 164

**YOU KNOW**

And so do I that there is a difference in things. You can get a drink in any place where such things are sold; but if you are a man of discrimination, one who knows a hawk from a heronshaw, you know or can learn in a minute, that to get the real antique and the artistic touch you must consult

**Soren Johnson**

901 DELTA

**I AM A SUITOR**

for your Tailoring and Repair Work, because I can suit you from head to foot. Call and see my patterns and have a suit made to fit you—all your own.

**G. A. WALZ**

Merchant Tailor

**JULY AND AUGUST**

Great firm, isn't it? But it is August all the time at my place and we keep stock according. Any time during these months—January to December, inclusive—you can get anything you wish to drink, either on the American or European plan. Just ask the man for what you want. You will never miss fire if you apply to

**AUGUST LILLQUIST**

905 DELTA

**PATENTS**

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE  
TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS & C.  
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.  
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.  
**MUNN & Co.** 364 Broadway, New York  
Branch Office, 65 F St., Washington, D. C.

News has been received here by his relatives of the drowning of Walter Barglund by the overturning of a canoe in the river at Spokane Monday. The young man, who left here three years ago, has many friends to mourn the abrupt end of a promising career. His remains are expected on Monday or Tuesday, when the funeral will be held at the M. E. church.

J. E. Cook lives up to his last name, as a compounder of chowder and other savory messes on evenings when the neighbors have been successful in fishing. If the city would secure him for chief de cuisine and upholster its hotel a little better, it might be possible to secure more steady and better paying lodgers.

W. A. Miller this week resumes charge of his blacksmith and wagon shop on Central. John Zinkel will remain to assist him in the work. "I do not seem to be able to quit the business," says Mr. Miller, "and Gladstone is the best place I have found yet to live."

Gormsen is erecting the superstructure of a large and substantial house for Melvin J. Magoon on the superstructure poured by Peterson recently at 1124 Dakota avenue. The Gladstone Heating & Plumbing Co. has the contract for the mechanical equipment.

Hon. George Perry has spurned the water board's offer of three dollars a day to cease his patriotic endeavors, and is now about with a long-handled spade, seeking to uncover all evidence of waste of city water.

Frank Shoemaker, a resident of the first ward, spent Independence day in the lockup, as a result of threatening his family. He was released on giving bonds to keep the peace.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Dahl, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Blackwell, and F. W. Marble were among the Gladstone people who spent the Fourth in the good town of Menominee.

Make our store your headquarters for newspapers and magazines.

NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO.  
Charles Ekstrom of Marquette, a well known ball player, and employe of the Pioneer Iron Co., is here assisting in the appraisal of the Wells furnace, recently blown out.

A number of the camp fire girls and friends, under the chaperonage of Mrs. Mertz made a trip Wednesday afternoon to Days' River point, returning in the evening after a good hike.

Hon. F. W. Aslett and Charles S. Slining drove to Munising Thursday in the latter's racer. They spent a day in Marquette, returning this morning.

Mrs. Gertrude Reedy, who returned to the city the first of the week, has accepted a position with Ed. Erickson, of Escanaba.

Dr. Elliott and Reynolds motored over from Escanaba this morning. Dr. Reynolds is recovering from a recent attack of aphasia.

James Bennett and Charles Dutmer of Marquette visited over the Fourth with the former's brother, Rev. O. J. Bennett.

J. T. Jones is suffering from an inflamed ankle, the result of an apparently slight injury received on his recent trip.

Miss Eunice Derry left Wednesday afternoon for St. Paul to spend a few days there with friends and relatives.

If you want a good talcum try the new Penslar Eudrema talcum and you will like it.

NEVILLE & NEVEAUX DRUG CO.  
Bernice Buck, who has been quite ill, with an affection of the heart following scarlet fever, is now much better.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Burgess returned on the very late train Tuesday morning from the Soo.

Mrs. A. L. Williamson, son and daughter, left Monday to visit relatives at Glenbeulah, Wis.

Henry Rosenblum and son Herbert and Herman Rosenblum are spending the week in camp at Maywood.

Miss Margaret Whalen, of Republic arrived Wednesday to visit Miss Vine Gleason.

The Campfire girls give an ice cream social this Friday evening on the lawn of E. J. Willman.

Miss Rose Lynch visited friends in Escanaba during the week and left Friday for Ishpeming.

Mrs. E. D. Nemescheck and children, of Bessemer are visiting her sister, Mrs. J. V. Erickson, for a couple of weeks.

Supervisor and Mrs. F. W. Good and Miss Mildred Good drove to the city from Nahma Thursday.

Rev. Xavier Sutton returned Monday to Chicago, after spending a couple weeks here.

Just received new line of real Photo post cards, 20 new views, two for only five cents at

J. A. STEWART'S  
Gust Dehlin was over from Manistique to display his patriotism, here, the last of the week.

Master George Byers spent the Fourth in the city.  
John McDowell and family, of Escanaba, spent the Fourth here.

Miss Hildur Erickson leaves Tuesday to spend her vacation at Pomine.

A son was born June 30 to Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Skellenger.

Miss Jennie Kalsch of Chicago is visiting her sister, Mrs. Meyer Jacobs.

J. J. Matlmann was in the city Thursday on his way to Rapid River.

Attorney H. J. Rushton of Escanaba was in the city Wednesday evening.

W. L. Marble and H. W. Blackwell are up-river on a fishing trip today.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hall are down from Perkins today.

Tang is decorating the residence of H. Rosenblum at Seventh and Michigan.

A son was born July 6 to Mr. and Mrs. August Martin.

Mrs. Henry Druding is visiting relatives in Appleton this week.  
Thomas Jechor spent the Fourth with his parents in Manistique.

John Jodalski, the Pole who attempted the life of E. W. Roberts at Wells some weeks ago, has become violently insane at the county jail. Jodalski, who is a musician, occupied his spare time in making violins and serenading the inmates of the jail. Finally the man's mind gave way entirely. He was confined in the padded cell and torn out the plumbing, flooding the premises. At present there is a legal tangle regarding his confinement. If insane, he should be in an asylum; but if committed to one, he might be discharged without regard to the crime of which he is accused. And the man is distinctively dangerous.

**SOME CHEERFUL**

Views of life and of the busy end of Gladstone, its docks and

**THE HARBOR**

may be had from my place opposite the elevator where you will be royally entertained with food and every kind of wholesome drink. For old wines and liquors ask

**ANDREW STEVENSON**

JUST ROUND THE CORNER

**SAVES YOU TROUBLE**

To drop into Peterson's place because it is right in the middle of the earth—it's just half way from everywhere, unless you're there now. If you are not there, get there; it's the only place to get a swift and tingling drink. For further news, ask Fred or

**P. W. PETERSON**

711 DELTA AVE.

**ARE YOU FINICKY ABOUT YOUR RATINGS?**

If so, we want you for a customer. We have made a business success by pleasing the palates of critical people. If you want something special, something different, something no one else looks for, we will supply it.

Try one of our fresh-killed Spring Chickens for a tid-bit.

**OLSON & ANDERSON**

PHONE 9

717 Delta Avenue.

**GREAT BARGAINS**

are scarcely in my line for I have no pennants. But everything I have on hand in any sort of liquor, domestic or imported, is the best of its kind and so is well worth your while. I shall be pleased to see you at any time and will try to make you contented and happy. Try the Midway once—and again.

**THE MIDWAY**