

# THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XXVIII.

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Gladstone, Mich., August 9, 1913

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## STREET LIGHTING

The council authorized this week an improvement of the lighting system on Delta avenue, which Superintendent Frogner will commence as soon as the material arrives. The main street of Gladstone is now free of poles and wires than any other in the peninsula, having nothing but the trolley wire and steel poles which will be converted into lamp standards. Most cities are trying to get the telephone poles put on their back streets. In Houghton and other cities the lighting wires are strung above the lamps, two on each side of the street but Gladstone will not even practice this economy. A steel cable will be put below the curb, and a feeder run up inside of each pole for the lights. This will entail about half the cost of the work; which with the ponderous iron brackets, will come to over a thousand dollars. It merely casts a light on the economy of building towns at one job, like Gary and Gwin, when all the underground work is done before the street is paved.

The removal of lamps from Delta avenue will enable some to be placed at desired points. Supt. Frogner will put up one at the ore track crossing on Ninth street, which should please the evening traveler on this dim street.

Inquiry at the clerk's office would suggest that the cemetery board is a dead one, seeing that no proceedings have occurred for some months. But business has been poor this summer in their line.

## DIRECTORY.

**GLENN W. JACKSON**  
LAWYER  
PHONE 21 OVER POST OFFICE

**DR. DAVID N. KEE**  
Physician and Surgeon,  
Office and Residence 803 Delta Ave.  
Telephone No. 44

**DR. A. H. KINMOND,**  
Dentist,  
Office over Lindblad's Grocery,  
McWilliams' Block

**DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN**  
Dentist,  
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Intelligent Printing  
11 North Ninth Street

**GLADSTONE, MICH.**  
GLADSTONE LODGE NO 163

**KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS**  
Meets every Tuesday night in Castle hall, Minnawasca Block.  
All Visiting Knights are Welcomed.

**DR. A. L. LAING, M. D. C. M.**  
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## ABOUT THE CITY

The city council on Monday received a communication from the state board of health stating that at the earliest moment it would send its engineer to view the Gladstone water supply. The city treasurer reported, that exclusive of the water and light fund, the city has the princely sum of \$163.36 on hand. It was ordered that boulevard lights be put on Delta, a cluster on every alternate pole of four lamps, with two at each corner, and that two iron standards be put on Central Avenue, at Minnesota and Wisconsin. The Habermann compensation claim was adjusted, and a new coal shed ordered for the fire department. The council ordered an election for Monday August 25, to determine whether or not \$7,000 bonds shall be issued for trunk sewers in Fourth and Eleventh streets.

If you do not eat well, you do not feel well. Rexall Syrup of Hypophosphites gives you a natural appetite, giving a glow to the cheek and a sparkle to the eye that can only be obtained by the best of health. One month's treatment for only one dollar at

J. A. STEWART.

Indications are for a big success in the wheat crop of the peninsula this year, says Manager Whybrew of the Cloverland mills. The company alone put out a thousand bushels of seed wheat this spring. Louis Johnson of Escanaba township has raised at least thirty bushels to the acre from five pecks sown. If anywhere near this ratio is reached by most farmers, there will be enough wheat brought in from the peninsula to keep the mill going for months. It is running steadily on the orders, mostly from along the Soo line and in this and Menominee counties.

Speaking of public improvement, the city of Gladstone has a hundred and sixty dollars left after five months of the year, and there isn't a decent road into town.

An atlas of Delta county has recently been published, with maps of all its townships, some of them very vacant indeed, and all the platted townships, as well as a collection of pictures of its patrons—very assorted. It seems a bit indefinite in its location of the boundaries of the city of Gladstone, when consulted with a view to seeing whether the bluff really belongs in Brampton or Escanaba township; and as nearly as can be discovered the cemetery is credited to a firm of tax title buyers as owners. Can it have been put up for sale, as was the city hall, and bought in?

16 inch Maple and Birch millwood \$2.00 a single cord, \$5.75 a full cord Hemlock, \$1.15 single and \$2.75 full cord; delivered to any part of the city Call up C. W. Davis, Phone 7.

The Boosters' game Sunday had an excellent attendance, for which the band is receiving due credit. The attendance was 295 and over eighty dollars was received. The baseball boys thought that turn about was fair play, and on Thursday gave a benefit for the band. Most of the stores were closed for the occasion, and a good week day crowd attended, which would have been larger if more advance notice had been given. About thirty dollars was received by the band. As to the scores—the Rapid River men have most to say, although Gladstone was not outclassed.

The Diamond Post Co. is installing a gasoline engine and splitting saw outfit in its yard on Sanders' Point. About ten men are employed by the company here in its transfer business.

At the meeting of the business men's association, the business done by the ferry company was under discussion. It was intimated that the street railway company would extend its line to the foot of Delta avenue, if it was understood that it would not be necessary to run cars down the extension in winter months. The question of a scow, of better approaches, and so forth were discussed, and plans are under way for a picnic at Maywood of the association with the Alton grange at some time during the coming month.

The schoolboard did not meet Wednesday evening, but will probably do so Friday or Saturday. The question of various repairs will be brought up.

The water board adjourned Thursday until Saturday, when plans will be presented for rebuilding the fire alarm system, and for putting a hypochlorite attachment on the pumps. The cost of this, on the basis of the pump designed and used at Marquette, will be less than two hundred dollars, and its maintenance about twenty cents a day.

On page four will be found a complete digest of the new game laws, supplementing the fish laws recently published. As they take effect in a few days, sportsmen are advised to clip the article and preserve it for reference.

Business is perfectly quiet today on docks. The Senator clears from the coal dock Friday night.

## PEOPLE WE KNOW

Robert McPherson, one of Rapid River's best known young men, received terrible injuries of doubtful result when his motorcycle fell with him Sunday morning. He was riding on the macadam street before the old Rapid River schoolhouse, when a small stone caught his wheel and threw him. Henry Barbeau and others witnessed his fall, and hurried him to Gladstone in their car, making the trip in a quarter of an hour. McPherson was taken to Dr. Miller's office, and then to the Laing hospital, though it did not seem that he could survive more than a few hours. His skull was fractured below the left ear, and the skin scraped off the upper portion of his body to a large extent. The pressure of the bone was relieved by an operation, and the severed arteries spliced, although he has for five days continued unconscious. His physical condition, however, has seemed to improve, and there is still hope entertained for his recovery.

Our camera supplies are all fresh and are good for a year.

LABAR & NEVILLE'S

Al Hebbard and O. L. Mertz circulated a subscription paper the first part of the week, which received a liberal response, and the city of Gladstone will have a modest Labor Day celebration. Gladstone's celebrated band will form the nucleus, and the unions have been asked to take charge of the affair, which owing to their losses, they had felt unable to finance. Details and committees will probably be arranged at a meeting Sunday afternoon.

We now have in stock that tonic you hear so much about; that is Syrup of Hypophosphites Rexall. It comes in dollar bottles, each enough for one full month's treatment. Sold at only one store.

STEWART'S PHARMACY

Sidney Goldstein is making alterations on his store to give much more effectiveness to its floor space. A modern garment fixture is being erected in the rear, with hangers which will give much better display to the goods. A new slip printing register has been installed, which is properly a whole set of books in itself. Mr. Goldstein leaves next Tuesday for Chicago, and expects to look up a cash carrier system which will much expedite business, and decrease the crowding.

Charles S. Slining on Tuesday received his expected roadster. It has a racy build, having all impediments to wind cut away, carries 45 gallons of gasoline in a large copper tank and twelve of lubricating fluid in a smaller one, having a capacity of five hundred miles straightaway. It attracted immediate attention.

Stop that cough with Vinol. It is guaranteed to do the biz by

LA BAR & NEVILLE'S.

Clarence J. Magoon suffered an attack of sunstroke while working in his yard last Saturday. He did not notice the heat until he found himself suddenly exhausted. Medical treatment was necessary, and though he has been working this week, he still feels the effects of his exposure.

Oscar Olson, after spending Sunday at home, went up to Perkins again Tuesday. He has taken the contract to erect a steeple on the Lutheran church, and other work which will busy him for a couple of weeks.

A son was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Potter.

Blackberry Balsam, best for cramp and summer complaints.

ERICKSON & VONTELL.

C. W. Lightfoot this year enjoyed cherries from his orchard at the head of the bluff, from trees last year set. The quantity, of course, was only a beginning. The fruit is suitable only for cooking purposes, as it is rather too acid to attract marauders, but the success of the experiment is attractive to its projectors.

James Porter, of Iron River, who is interested in the McGreevy and other companies, called on A. E. Neff Tuesday afternoon and held a long discussion of mining conditions in Iron River. He is visiting friends in Escanaba.

Genuine Haviland China and "Diamond" cut glass, nicest thing for gifts or for your house.

ERICKSON & VONTELL.

Maclaurin & Needham, who recently finished rewiring the cooperage mill, will start next week on the tramways of the yard, which will be given approved wiring throughout.

J. R. Barrett had the exciting experience of finding a tropical serpent in a bunch of bananas Thursday afternoon. It was large and lively, and its bite rather to be feared, without a knowledge of the species. It succumbed after a stiff fight, and is now occupying the place of honor in good spirits—a jar full.

## OUR HIGHWAYS

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Sanderson and Thomas Campbell have returned from an auto trip to Escanaba, Wells, Gladstone, Masonville and Rapid River. They report the roads in Delta county a big improvement over the roads in this county.—Menominee Herald Leader.

The board of road commissioners of Iron county made complaint a few days ago to the supervisors that speeders are tearing up the roads "faster than we can possibly repair them" and the supervisors ordered a motorcycle policeman hired. Our Gladstone mining kings should look a little out.

August Peterson commenced work this week on his Brampton road hill contract. It is supposed to be finished by September 1, but the work may take a trifle longer. In order to furnish water for bonding the macadam, it is necessary to haul it in tanks from the cemetery waterworks, a mile south.

The county road commission met Wednesday and opened bids for the Portage road, of which there were three. These were taken under advisement till next week, when the bid for the half mile of Maywood road will be opened. The board is considering the possibility of building the road by day labor.

A communication has been received from the Cooperage company, pointing out that the present road to Kipling, with its crooks and turns through their yard, is hardly suitable for a state highway, as it is expected to become, and suggesting that it be altered at the flooring mill to follow the Soo track until a turn at right angles may be made. A conference will be held on the subject.

The Buckeye bridge is reported unsafe, as a considerable sag has appeared in the northern side of it. Last winter examination showed that a good deal of rot had developed around its sills and piles, which have been alternately wet and dry for thirteen years. Like most other portions of the road, it is not what it used to be—and never was. If the road were just a little wetter, it might be fixed out of that water fund, which has a few dollars left.

The street committee of the city council is getting in action on the north end of the extension to Hartnett avenue, between the docks and Wells township line. The Journal learns that the committee will direct the repairing of the road. If they do this they surely will receive the hearty thanks of every person who has the occasion to use the road. It is in bad condition, and the cost of making it equal as good as the Wells township part of the road will be very slight. Let's have it put in shape, by all means.—Escanaba Journal.

The residents of Central avenue are to have boulevard lights, but just where the boulevard is, is another question. The street is all but impassable. Below Wisconsin, it is of course, but little used, and there is a sand trail through the blocks. Between Wisconsin and Delta, it deserves improvement enough to make it passable. "If the council would put some rock on it and roll it down between the blocks" says one merchant, "it would do for quite a while and would satisfy us."

An Isabella farmer was in the city one day this week to interest the road commission in his case. He stated that he has a farm near the county road line, at about a half mile distance, but that it is necessary for him to carry in and out all supplies. He was informed, that however meritorious his case may be, the county builds only trunk roads, and that he had better consult his township authorities, who are in a position to look into the advisability of building a road in that region.

The Marquette road has been much traveled of late by Gladstone men, who agree that with but a few repairs it would make an excellent highway, before being macadamized. There are a few bad patches between Rapid River and Trenary, short and sandy, with a hill or so. There is a piece of poor road at Masonville, and two in Gladstone. Near Green Garden in Marquette county, there is quite a stretch to be improved. Escanaba, it is noted, is repairing its own gravel road. The county engineer, also, has a crew now at work on the Rapid River road in the low land near Osier.

## ABANDON ROADS.

The Baraga county supervisors last week passed this resolution:

Whereas the sum of \$1000 levied by the former board of supervisors for county road purposes at the last annual meeting was insufficient and has been expended, and

Whereas no other money is available for county road purposes at this time the board of county road commissioners be and hereby are requested to abandon all county roads so that they will re-

vert to the various organized townships in the county.

## LOWER PENINSULA ROADS

I got my first taste of clay-sand road on this trip and want to digress right here to dispute the statement that clay over sand makes a pretty good road. It's the poorest construction devised. In wet weather it is too slippery to stay on the road and in dry weather it is too rough. I found the clay surface road all over the state badly rutted and too rough for comfort.

The roads from Lake Odessa are fine gravel roads, level and smooth and we were able to make good time on them. We spent this afternoon visiting at the capital but most of Crystal Falls people there were away. We found O. B. Fuller quite interested in our trip. He had driven from Lansing to Escanaba via Chicago a month previous to our trip and gave us valuable information about the roads.

Thursday found us on our way to Jackson. The road is not particularly good one as it contains some heavy grades and much sand.

The "state road" from Jackson to Battle Creek is undergoing extensive grading and surfacing. The gravel, like that north is simply dumped on the road and left to be pounded into place by the traffic. The absence of steam road rollers is still in evidence.—Thomas Conlin in Diamond Drill.

## PROPOSALS FOR MAYWOOD ROAD

Sealed proposals for clearing and grubbing that portion of the Maywood road described as follows: Commencing at the North quarter post of Section 26, township 40 north of range 21 west, and running west one-half mile along the north line of said section 26 to the Northwest corner thereof, Delta county, Michigan, will be received by the board of county road commissioners of said county at the office of the county clerk, at Escanaba, until 10 o'clock Friday, August 15. Plans and specifications are on file at the county clerk's office. Bids will be received for the above work. All bids will be marked on the outside: "Bids for clearing and grubbing a portion of the Maywood Road. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Dated, Escanaba, Michigan, August 1, 1913.

JOHN A. SEMER,  
Clerk.

## SOCIAL GATHERINGS

Miss Flossie Wilson who leaves in a few days for Milwaukee, was pleasantly surprised Thursday evening by a party friends at her home. The evening was happily spent with music and games. Those present were the Misses Mary and Helen Filkins, Della Reedy, Margaret Hauser, Clara Nebel, Lydia Plumb, Jean Caron, Iva McDill, Bessie Kanney, and Doris Wolfe, Messrs. Basil Hawley, William Valind, Floyd Marble, Hayden Blair and Ed Gray.

The band enjoyed the excursion given them Sunday evening by the Fourth of July committee, as all who were aboard the good ship Louise S., and the little fishes, but the offshore wind rather disheartened those who stood on the shore while the musicians blew faithfully.

Mrs. W. C. Giese and Miss Mae Grills entertain a party of friends this afternoon to bid farewell to Miss Gertrude Gormsen, who is about to make her home in Montana and another farewell party will be given for her this evening; by the Misses Goldstein.

C. W. Elquist and Fred Anderson with their families, and their guest, Mrs. Ada Thorsen of Chicago, will spend Sunday picnicking on the farm of John Gustafson Perkins.

Messrs. A. H. Miller and J. P. Bushong entertained at the home of the former Thursday afternoon in as a farewell reception to Mrs. W. L. Marble, Jr., who leaves soon for the Pacific coast.

Messrs. H. B. Laing and I. E. Shelley entertained a party of friends at the home of the former this Friday afternoon.

Mrs. A. M. Doig entertains Saturday in honor of Miss Gormsen, whose departure is approaching.

Bay de Noc Encampment, I. O. O. F., held a special meeting Tuesday to confer ranks on three candidates. On Thursday evening the officers elect were installed by Deputy Chief Patriarch McCornock, and refreshments served.

The forest rangers, who last Thursday entertained their friends, have issued invitations to a lawn party at the residence of J. A. Hetrick Saturday evening.

About fifty couples enjoyed the prom given Monday evening by the clerks, which was a pleasant affair from the first number to the close.

## FOR SALE

Folding baby carriage, child's sulky, Hustler ash sifter, fruit jars, hammock swing. Apply 814 Wisconsin ave.

## SEWER QUESTION

On Monday August 25, the electors, including female taxpayers, of this city will vote on a system of sewerage for the first and fourth wards. A two-thirds majority will be necessary. Two years ago a proposal to issue \$10,000 bonds was defeated in every ward, with a vote of 340 to 250.

The district in the fourth ward which it is proposed to sewer is well built on Wisconsin street, and has many modern houses. On no other street, however, will the realty pay for the improvement, as half of Michigan avenue and as much of Minnesota is vacant. It is undoubtedly most inconvenient for owners of good property who are just off the sewer system; and had the system been planned so that the present branch mains could be extended, this would undoubtedly have been done on Wisconsin. The plea that one district of the city should have the privileges of every other was successively applied from Delta to Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota and Dakota, but resulted in disaster to the city at this point.

It is a matter much to be regretted that the designers of the city persisted in laying it out so large. Were the whole population and buildings of the city on the plat east of Central avenue, the expenditures which have been made would have given every lot every convenience, brilliantly lighted and paved well each street, and made it a model. But as it is, miles of water mains, wires, sidewalks, etc., are expensive to build, costly to maintain, and not entirely satisfactory, at a price four times what they should be.

As to the first ward sewer running down Fourth street, into what can it be drained? The street grades are as follows for the intersections (Ordinance No. 85) Delta avenue, 13.32 feet; Minnesota 12.80; Wisconsin 7.66; Michigan 6.87; Dakota 6.40; Montana 6.04; Minneapolis 5.50 feet above bay level of July 1, 1887. Much of this land is far below even this grade. It is seventeen hundred feet from Wisconsin to the bay, and the street grade is seven feet and eight inches above the water. How deep can you bury a sewer which shall drop even six inches to the hundred feet and drain into Bay de Noc?

In addition to this, municipal five per cents are not selling well at a period when government bonds have gone below par; and the question of disposing of a bond issue would be a close one, in spite of the fact that the city's basis of indebtedness has been raised by the board of review to \$92,000.

## CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our gratitude to our neighbors, and especially to the Lady Maccabees of the World for their thoughtfulness during the long illness of our little son, and for their sympathy during our bereavement.

MR. AND MRS. F. C. GREENWOOD

## COUNTY GRANGE.

The summer meeting of the county grange will be held at Ogontz next Saturday, Aug. 16. Attendants from Escanaba will go up on 86, returning in the evening. The program is as follows: Opening Address—George Jensen  
Address, "The State Grange"..... A. W. Eddy

## AFTERNOON OPEN SESSION.

Address, "Relationship of the Pomona and Subordinate Granges,"..... George Jensen  
Address, "Rural Schools,"..... P. R. Legg  
Address, "Best Fruits for Delta County"..... W. C. LaBelle  
Address, "Making the Farm Attractive for Our Young People,"..... Mrs. George McGregor  
Address..... F. L. Baldwin.

## EXPERIENCE TEACHES.

The Great Southern Shows carnival company arrived in Manistique Sunday as advertised and we are speaking conservatively when we say the outfit as a whole is absolutely without merit. The concessions are many and are of the speculative variety while the places of entertainment are few and deserving of but passing comment. The Royal Italian band could be worse.—Courier Record.

## Homestead Notice

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
U. S. LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE MICH.  
June 24, 1913

Notice is hereby given that Kalle Sihvola, of Rock, Michigan, who, on March 19, 1908, made Homestead Entry, No. 12495, Serial No. 01723, for W 1/2 of SW 1/4 and SW 1/4 of NW 1/4, Section 2, Township 42 N., Range 24 W., Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Delta County, at Escanaba, Michigan, on the 12th day of August, 1913.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
Esa Halmoeja, of Rock, Michigan.  
John Plake, " " "  
Antti Kainulainen, " " "  
John Seyppala, " " "

OZRO A. BOWEN, Register.



## ENVOY WILSON OUT

SECRETARY BRYAN SAYS AMBASSADOR'S STAND MAKES IT DIFFICULT FOR HIM TO ACT.

### FIXES RESIGNATION OCT. 14

President Expected to Announce Policy of Government Toward Mexico—Senator Bacon in Conference With Executive.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Secretary Bryan announced the acceptance of the resignation of Henry Lane Wilson as ambassador to Mexico.

The secretary made the following statement:

"Ambassador Wilson's resignation has been accepted, to take effect October 14. The part which he felt it his duty to take in the earlier stages of the recent revolution in Mexico would make it difficult for him to represent the views of the present administration in view of the situation which exists."

#### Date Set Is October 14.

The ambassador is entitled to 60 days' leave, exclusive of Sundays, which accounts for the fixing of the date of October 14 in the announcement. Meanwhile no appointment of a successor can be made, as a vacancy will not exist before that date. Consequently the American embassy in Mexico will remain in charge of Secretary O'Shaughnessy, corresponding in status with the Mexican embassy in Washington, which is conducted by Charge Algora.

The announcement followed a conference with Secretary Bryan, to which Mr. Wilson had been summoned from New York by telegraph. Earlier Mr. Wilson intimated that he expected his resignation would be accepted almost any time and pointed out that he had offered it three times since March 4.

#### Wilson to State Stand.

The resignation will be followed by an announcement of policy toward Mexico by President Wilson. No intimation of what the announcement would be was made, but there were assurances that armed intervention was out of the question and there were reasons for believing the announcement would deal with this government's attitude toward exports of arms to Mexico.

#### Wilson Issues Statement.

Mr. Wilson after leaving the state department dictated the following statement:

"I believe the president and the secretary of state in their consideration of the question are actuated by the highest patriotism and with the best intentions to both countries. I am unaware of what solution of the existing situation is proposed, but I trust it will be found satisfactory. I have no pride of opinion with reference to my own recommendations, claiming for them that they were conscientious and represent the views of 98 per cent. of the Americans and foreigners in Mexico."

No ambassador to succeed Mr. Wilson is likely to be appointed until a stable government has been established there. William Bayard Hale, the president's close personal friend and biographer, now in Mexico at the president's request, and who has been making personal reports upon conditions there for months, is being advanced as a probable selection.

## FORTS IN CHINA ARE SHELLED

Government Ships Make Attack on Wu Sing, But Cause No Damage, and Withdraw.

Shanghai, China, Aug. 4.—The Wu Sing forts, which are in the hands of the rebels, were bombarded at daybreak by the Chinese government warships commanded by Admiral Tseng. But no damage was caused. Two cruisers opened fire at a range of five miles and the forts replied. After a desultory exchange of shots lasting an hour the war ships withdrew.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Yuan Shi Kai's forces are marching against rebellious Canton, whose citizens are greatly alarmed. Many are fleeing from Hongkong and trade is paralyzed. The consul general at Canton expresses the belief that foreigners are quite safe.

## URGE MICHIGAN MINE INQUIRY

Copper Strikers May Ask Congress to Investigate if Governor Fails to Act.

Calumet, Mich., Aug. 4.—Further union appeals to Governor Ferris for personal investigation of the copper miners' strike were made and were followed by an intimation that steps might be taken to secure a congressional investigation of the industrial situation in the copper mine region.

The union officials said they could make a prima facie showing at least equal to that of the United Mine Workers which resulted in the sensational hearing in West Virginia. The Western Federation of Miners will make no such move unless the efforts of Governor Ferris fail to effect a settlement.

#### German Aviator Killed.

Berlin, Aug. 5.—While describing "figure 8s" in his aeroplane above the Johannisthal aerodrome, Herr Broks, a young aviation pupil, fell to his death. The motor stopped in midair and in trying to volplane to earth Broks struck a pylon and the fuel tank exploded. Broke was the three hundred and first victim of aviation.

## OLIVER P. NEWMAN



Mr. Newman, the newspaper man whom President Wilson appointed one of the three commissioners of the District of Columbia, is still being fought by the local Democratic politicians. They assert Mr. Newman has not lived long enough in the District to be eligible, though the attorney general has ruled otherwise.

## OFFICIALS ARE MURDERED BY CASTRO'S REBELS

Men Belonging to Gomez Government in Venezuela Are Slaughtered at Coro.

Caracas, Aug. 4.—It was reported that the Venezuelan government officials at Coro, State of Falcon, were surprised by former President Cipriano Castro and killed or taken prisoners.

An overwhelming government army, under command of President Gomez, has been mobilized and is ready to march with the intention of crushing Castro and his revolutionary followers in the first battle.

It is believed the first objective point of the government troops will be the State of Falcon.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Secretary Bryan declined to outline the attitude of the United States toward Castro, but developments growing out of Castro's invasion made it evident that the United States was getting into touch with the situation.

Henry F. Tennant of New York was nominated for secretary of the legation at Caracas and will hurry to Venezuela on the protected cruiser Des Moines, sailing Monday from Brunswick, Ga., for La Guayra. The senate confirmed the appointment.

Secretary Bryan, after a conference with W. W. Russell, minister to Venezuela during Castro's regime, announced that he expected soon to report the appointment of a new American minister to Venezuela to succeed Elliott Northcott, resigned. Many believed Mr. Russell would be chosen.

## GOVERNORS TO WORK ROADS

Kansas and Missouri Executives Plan to Wear Overalls on Traction Engine.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 4.—Governor Hodges accepted an invitation from Governor Major to go to Jefferson City August 20 and 21, and both governors will put on overalls and each will have charge of a traction engine in the work for better roads.

"The Kansas governor will be glad to come if you have a pair of overalls that will fit and if you will let him work," Governor Hodges replied to an invitation from Governor Major. "We'll have the overalls," Governor Major replied.

## CUT HER BABIES' THROATS

West Philadelphia Mother and One of Offspring Die—Two Others Cannot Live.

Philadelphia, Aug. 4.—A woman in West Philadelphia cut the throats of her three children and then slashed her own. The mother and one of the children died shortly afterward. The other two children were taken to a hospital, where it was said they could not live. The police have been unable to learn the name of the woman or the motive of her act.

## 31 BODIES ARE TAKEN OUT

Traveling Men and Rescuers Killed at Binghamton, N. Y., Factory Fire.

Binghamton, N. Y., Aug. 4.—Although 29 victims complete the roster of the fatalities of the Freeman factory fire, 31 bodies all told have been taken from the ruins.

The two bodies not accounted for are believed to be those of traveling men. Others say they are strangers who rushed to the aid of the pancake-stricken girls.

#### Weds After Short Courtship.

Ceredo, W. Va., Aug. 2.—After a courtship of two hours, Homer B. Marcum, a prominent attorney of this city, and Miss Ruth Hardwick of Fort Gay, a member of one of the county's oldest and best-known families, were married.

## 18 PERISH IN MINE

BELIEVED DYNAMITE AND GAS BLASTS CAUSED DISASTER IN PENNSYLVANIA.

### FIVE DIE IN RESCUE ATTEMPT

Superintendent in Workings at Tower City at Time of the Accident and Is Taken Out Alive Later—No Fire in Shaft.

Tower City, Pa., Aug. 4.—Eighteen men lost their lives in a double explosion in the East Brookside mine of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company here. Two were rescued alive.

The colliery was not in operation and the victims of the explosion are mostly repair men, colliery officials and tunnel men.

Two Blasts Occur. There were two explosions, the first one that of dynamite and the second of mine gas, which had been liberated by the dynamite, and probably was ignited by an exposed flame.

Thirteen men died in the first explosion and five went to their death in the second blast, after an heroic attempt to rescue the first victims. One of the rescuers escaped.

Fortunately the mine was not set afire, but the rescuers were retarded for a while by the blocked passages. The first rescued were the members of the rescuing force who had gone to the relief of the victims of the first explosion. It is judged that the second explosion occurred about twenty minutes after the first. The rescuers had time to walk about 600 feet from the mouth of the slope, where they were found dead.

#### Mine Superintendent Is Hurt.

Superintendent John Lorenz and Mine Boss Farrell were in the mine making an inspection of some new work which was to be done when the first explosion came and were about 600 feet from the tunnel in which Italian workmen were engaged. Lorenz was rescued, but was taken to a hospital, where it is said that he has slight chance to recover. Farrell was killed, dropping dead at Lorenz's side.

## MULHALL LOSES HIS MEMORY

Lobbyist Confesses That Some Statements Were From His Imagination Senate Concludes Examination.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Col. Martin M. Mulhall, under vigorous cross-examination before the senate lobby committee, was forced to confess that some of the statements he made in his letters asserting his ability to get inside information about legislative matters here, and his ability to manipulate committees were the mere product of his imagination.

In one of his letters Mulhall said that he had given James E. Emery, counsel for the National Association of Manufacturers, information about the make-up of the committees of the house in the Sixty-second congress. Mulhall was asked from whom he got his inside information.

"Oh, that was just a diplomatic letter, as I have said before," replied Mulhall.

"Or, in other words, a piece of imagination?" said Senator Nelson.

"Well, a letter of imagination. If you want to put it that way," replied Mulhall.

Emery's suggestion that the N. A. M. lawyers be permitted to examine Mulhall moved Mulhall to an excited demand for counsel for himself.

The senate lobby committee finished with Martin M. Mulhall and the house committee will begin to examine him.

## PARCEL POST CUT ANNOUNCED

Postmaster General Issues an Order Reducing Charges and Raising Weight Limit.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Further to popularize the parcel post system, Postmaster General Burleson announced that after August 15 the weight limit on packages would be 20 pounds and that a sharp reduction in charges for transportation would be made. He announced also that on the same date the "banking by mail" feature would be introduced in the postal savings system.

The reduction in charges on parcel post matter for local delivery is from the present rate of five cents for the first pound and one cent for each additional pound to five cents for the first pound and one cent for each additional two pounds or fraction thereof. For delivery in the first zone the rate will be reduced from five cents for the first and three cents for each additional pound to five cents and one cent; for the second zone the rate will be cut from six cents and four cents to five cents and one cent for each additional pound.

#### African Chief to Enter Harvard.

Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 5.—A full-blooded African chieftain has just passed his entrance examinations at Harvard with flying colors and will enter the university next September as a member of the class of 1917. He is P. Gbe Wolo. His people, 300,000 strong, are the Krus of Liberia.

#### Swept From Dock by Steamer's Wash.

Hamburg, Aug. 5.—Two persons were drowned and 24 were seriously injured at Wittenburg when they were swept from a dock into the Elbe river by the wash from the great liner Augusta Victoria. The liner was traveling at a fast rate of speed, which caused the accident.

## NELSON O'SHAUGHNESSY



Nelson O'Shaughnessy, first secretary of the American embassy in Mexico, is in charge there during the absence of Ambassador Wilson.

## COMMERCE BODY ORDERS CUT IN EXPRESS RATES

Reduction Becomes Effective October 15 for Period of Two Years.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Completing an investigation covering a year in which the relations existing between express companies and railroads were thoroughly inquired into, the interstate commerce commission has announced its findings. It fixes rates on express matter which cut express revenues approximately 25 per cent.

The report is a reiteration of an earlier report, but is more complete. It gives a table of 650,000 rates as a basis for rate charges to every place in the United States and its possessions. The order becomes effective on October 15 for a period of two years.

The form of express receipt contained in the order more carefully guards the rights of shippers than the forms in use. It provides that the liability of the carrier shall be limited to a maximum of \$50 on each shipment weighing less than 100 pounds, and a maximum of 50 cents per pound on shipments weighing more than 100 pounds, unless a greater value is declared at the time of the shipment. The rates on newspapers and periodicals are practically the same as at present.

In regard to the parcel post and the claim by the express companies that the reduction in rates by the commission has caused the express companies a serious loss in revenue, the report says: "The express companies will not experience a great loss of their earnings upon these small parcels, but only upon the net difference between their earnings heretofore and the cost to them of furnishing terminal service upon these parcels. The commission's conclusion is that any losses of business for the future may easily be replaced by new business, if the express companies are so inclined, and that the establishment of the parcel post is not a justification for any higher scale of rates than the one here shown to be reasonable."

## TWO WEALTHY MEN DEAD

S. Osgood Pell, William Laimbeer and Chauffeur Killed in Auto Crash.

Hempstead, L. I., Aug. 5.—William Laimbeer, a banker and society leader, injured in an automobile accident in which S. Osgood Pell and his chauffeur, Charles Gambean, were killed outright, succumbed to his injuries at the Mercy hospital. The auto was struck by an electric train near Long Beach. A fracture of the skull was the cause of death, although Mr. Laimbeer suffered numerous other injuries.

Throughout the night Mr. Laimbeer was barely alive and hope for his recovery was practically abandoned. Mrs. Laimbeer, who was Miss Natalie Schenck, a famous beauty of Newport and New York, was in a critical condition, but it is believed she will recover.

## ROADS REPAIR WATER LOSS

Torent Sweeps Through Hotel, Driving Out Its Patrons—Vacationists Delayed.

Easton, Pa., Aug. 4.—Railroads in the Delaware valley are busy repairing trackage which was undermined as a result of a cloudburst, during which water poured through the halls of the Delaware house at the foot of a mountain, forcing the patrons to seek safety on higher ground. Many persons on their vacations were delayed by damage to the Pennsylvania and the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad's track.

#### Mother and Daughter Murdered.

Kirksville, Mo., Aug. 5.—Mrs. Ivy Chevelier, aged forty, and her daughter Ella, fifteen, were found murdered in their home on South First here.

## MILLIONS FOR CROPS

SECRETARY M'ADOO PROVIDES FUNDS FOR MOVING FARM PRODUCTS.

### WILL HEAD OFF STRINGENCY

Treasury Head Will Place Money in Banks—Prime Commercial Paper to Be Taken as Security for First Time.

Washington, Aug. 2.—With the apparent double objective of eliminating the possibility of money stringency in connection with the movement of the crops and of affording to the country a powerful object lesson as to the value of the government as an agency in banking business, McAdoo proposes to turn into the channels of trade from \$25,000,000 to \$50,000,000.

This is the first time in history that the government has accepted "commercial paper" for such deposits. A supplemental declaration, however, says that only banks which have "taken out at least forty per cent. of their authorized circulation" will be permitted to participate in this distribution. Commercial paper is to be taken at 65 per cent. of its face value as security for these deposits, bonds other than government bonds for 75 per cent. of their "market value," and government bonds at par.

The government will charge two per cent. interest on these funds and the distribution is to be limited to banks in "two or three principal cities" in each of the states "where harvesting is now in progress." Fifteen per cent. of the money is to be returned in December, 30 per cent. in January, 30 per cent. in February and 25 per cent. in March. All commercial paper offered first must be passed upon and approved by the clearing house committees in the cities where the banks offering the paper are located.

Another development of the day was the investigation by the house of Secretary McAdoo's recent charge that New York bankers are engaged in trying to depress the value of government two per cent. bonds in order to create sentiment against the administration currency bill. Representative Neely of Kansas prepared a resolution asking Secretary McAdoo to appear before the committee to present proof of his charge.

The motive of Secretary McAdoo in announcing his new bank policy is to anticipate the money stringency in the late summer and fall which invariably accompanies the marketing and movement of crops, especially when they are unusually large, as the harvest now beginning forecasts. He intends to take time by the forelock and prevent or minimize the usual tightness of money.

"Steps are now being taken to carry out the plans," added the secretary, "so that the funds may be promptly available for the movement of the crops."

With the net balance in the general fund today amounting to nearly \$132,000,000, Secretary McAdoo has taken the stand that the government should anticipate the situation by placing deposits where and at the time they are needed. If the full \$50,000,000 is deposited this step will temporarily nearly double the government deposits with the banks, which at the present time hold \$58,000,000 of federal funds.

## BRANDS MULHALL A LIAR

Senator Townsend Denies He Ever Had an Interview With Confessed Lobbyist.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Senator Townsend denied that Martin M. Mulhall, confessed lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, had ever had a confidential interview with him.

Mulhall produced 500 additional letters and turned them over to the committee. He produced documentary proof of having drawn money from the German bank of Baltimore, which he said he had loaned to H. E. Miles to be paid to James E. Watson as a retainer and of the payment of \$1,800 to James Donahue of Maine to be used in the interest of the brewers in the re-submission campaign in 1911.

Mr. Mulhall, former representative from Indiana, wrote to Chairman Overman withdrawing his request for a hearing on the charges made against him by Mulhall. He gave as his reason, his belief that the committee was prejudiced. The integrity of the committee was also hotly assailed by Robert Carter, counsel for the N. A. M., who declared that Senators Overman, Walsh and Reed, the Democratic members had prejudged the case in interviews in which they had said the association and not Mulhall was on trial, and unless it succeeded in discrediting the documentary evidence which he had submitted, it "will be in a bad way."

The senator admitted the interviews, but declared their minds were still open.

#### Hounds Cause Arrest in Killing.

Gallatin, Mo., Aug. 4.—Thomas Efer was arrested in connection with the murder of Charles Donaldson of Junction, Ill., who was shot while walking with a young woman in a park. Bloodhounds followed a trail to Efer's home.

#### Longfellow's Nephew Dead.

Gloucester, Mass., Aug. 5.—William P. Longfellow, a nephew of the poet, is dead at his home here, aged seventy-seven. He was an architect of note and edited a dictionary of architecture.

## COUNTIES MAY NOT GET HIGHWAY FUND

SEVERAL HELD NOT ENTITLED TO FULL ALLOTMENT FROM STATE.

### PROVISIONS OF LAW IGNORED

Neglect of Freeholders to Petition Their Town Boards for Specific Improvements Makes the Receipt of Aid From State Doubtful.

Madison.—Chairman John A. Hazelwood of the state highway commission states that it is probable that several of the counties in the southern part of the state would fail to get their full allotment of the \$1,200,000 appropriated by the legislature for state aid for highway construction this year because freeholders have failed to petition their town boards asking for the improvement of specified roads.

The chairman said, however, that many freeholders were now taking advantage of the so-called "Force" provision of the highway law which enables them to compel the improvement of any portion of the county system of roads by filing a petition with the town board requesting that the improvements be made, together with a receipt from the town treasurer showing that 50 per cent. of the town's share of the estimated cost of the improvement has been paid.

Under this provision any group of freeholders who offer to pay one-sixth of the cost of an improvement can compel the town, county and state to pay the remaining five-sixths. These petitions must be filed with the town boards before Aug. 15.

Chairman Hazelwood is making a tour of the southern part of the state by automobile in order to inspect improvements now being made and to explain to freeholders that their counties are likely to lose their full allotment of state aid unless they act before Aug. 15.

He said that the commission expected there would be 1,000 miles of new road built in the state during the present year, which, when finished, will make a total of 1,800 miles constructed under supervision of the commission.

## KUOLT DEMANDING VAULTS

Insists on Safety for Records Before North Wing of Capitol Is Demolished.

Madison.—Commissioner of Banking Kuolt may yet hold up the work of demolition of the old north wing of the statehouse. This department still is housed in that section and he refuses to budge until quarters are provided where he can have vault room wherein to keep safe the records of the office.

The commissioner of banking and his deputy are required to give bonds in the sum of \$25,000 each, and the bank examiners each in the sum of \$10,000 for the faithful performance of the duties of the office, one of which is to keep secret all information gained of the condition of the banks of the state. To conform to this requirement with certainty Commissioner Kuolt holds that it is necessary to have a vault wherein to keep the records, in order that they may not by any mischance become accessible to persons not connected with the department.

## PLAN BIG FARMERS' PICNIC

University of Wisconsin to Be Host to Agriculturists on Campus August 20.

Madison.—The Wisconsin college of agriculture will be host at a farmers' picnic on the college grounds on August 20. Interest is being shown by the farmers as far north as Brown county, but the attendance will be mainly from the southern counties. A basket luncheon will be provided, and the visitors will be shown the college buildings and methods, the government forest products laboratory, and other attractions of the capital city. Lectures will be given in the stock pavilion on seasonable topics for farmers.

#### Grade School Fund Divided.

Madison.—The state department of public instruction has apportioned the state graded school funds for the year ending June 30, 1913. The total amount to be divided is \$110,300. One hundred and sixty-nine first-class state graded schools receive \$300 cash, and 298 schools of the second class receive \$200 each.

#### Blown 100 Feet in Air.

Richland Center.—Fred Clary was blown 100 feet into the air and killed when a blast in a stone quarry near this city exploded under him. He had been sent to examine a delayed explosion.

#### Excursionist Is Drowned.

Racine.—Albert Jenz, Racine, was drowned in Lake Michigan when he fell accidentally overboard from the excursion steamer City of Kansas, en route to Kenosha.



# PLEA OF CONVICTS IS TURNED DOWN

APPLICATIONS FOR PAROLE ARE REFUSED BY STATE PAROLE BOARD.

## SECRETARY ISSUES REPORT

According to Clark Austin, Ninety-Four Per Cent. of the Men Released in the Last Three Months Are Making Good.

Lansing.—The state board of pardons at a session in Lansing took up a number of cases where prisoners confined in the various penal institutions are asking for paroles. Some idea of the work of the board is gleaned from Secretary Clark Austin's report. It shows that for the last three months, April, May and June, the board has considered 386 cases, of which 174 prisoners have been given paroles. The average time of each parole was 11 months. The old custom of granting paroles for two, three or four years is not followed by the board, the members believing that if a man can behave himself for a year he will for the remainder of the time. The average number of prisoners now on parole is 632, and the number of prisoners who have violated their paroles during the last three months was 38, leaving 94 per cent who are keeping their paroles. The amount earned by the prisoners on parole, according to Secretary Austin, is \$7,355.52. This gives an average for each man, \$40.79 a month, which is considered a remarkable showing.

Austin's report shows that 181 prisoners were received at the prisons of Michigan during the last three months. Fifty in April, 62 in May and 69 in June. This shows seven more prisoners received than were paroled.

Twelve meetings were held by the parole board during the last three months, two in Lansing, three each in Detroit, Jackson and Ionia and one in Marquette.

The board at its meeting Tuesday released no prisoners. A compilation of the laws governing paroles, pardons and all laws relating to prisons is being compiled by Secretary Austin which will soon be ready for distribution.

**Detroit Heads German Bund.**  
At the closing session in Grand Rapids the German Lutheran Bund of Michigan voted to reduce the age limit for joining to fifty years. It had been sixty-five. Detroit will have the next convention.

The election resulted: President, C. J. Daske, Detroit; vice-president, A. G. Boehringer, Bay City; recording secretary, L. Appold, Sebewald; financial and corresponding secretary, E. A. Winterstein, Saginaw; treasurer, William Liebig, Detroit; trustee for three years, Carl Zobelsohel, Manistee. Organizers to form new societies were elected for the districts, as follows: Toledo district, August Goetting; Manistee, H. H. Haustick; Ionia, Louis Speckin; Grand Rapids, J. A. Friedrich; Minnesota, F. A. Kleknap; Saginaw, Carl List; Mount Clemens, H. Priebs; Indiana, Behse; Hancock, Seney Mertz; Alpena, E. Weide.

**Charged With Arson.**  
Warrants for the arrest of one resident of Bay City and a Pinconning citizen in connection with the fire in Pinconning July 17, which was the climax of alleged incendiary fires in that community, are expected soon.

The warrants are recommended in a report made to Prosecutor James L. McCormick by Deputy State Fire Marshal Sam Robinson, of Lansing. Prosecutor McCormick is captain of Company H of Bay City, in the copper strike zone.

Closely following the fire were intimations that prominent Pinconning people were to be charged with attempted bribery and arson. Egbert Amie, a building contractor of Bay City and a former resident of Pinconning, who was in the vicinity of the fire at the time of its discovery, was arrested on the charge of carrying a concealed weapon.

Monroe Porter, socially and professionally known as "Doc," but officially called "village marshal," has been warned by friends to carry a revolver with him constantly. Dr. Porter scorns the advice of these friends and is daily walking the streets of Pinconning unarmed, and so far unharmed.

Amie was taken to Bay City by Deputy Sheriff Charles Johnson the following morning. Later he was arraigned before Justice of the Peace Michael Byrne, and, waiving an examination, was bound over to circuit court under \$200, which he furnished.

### Site for Epileptic Home.

Governor Ferris, Merle Murray, secretary of the state board of corrections and charities, and Dr. R. L. Dixon, state health officer, were in Ann Arbor last week to look over the proposed site for the new epileptic hospital on the Tower farm, three miles from Ann Arbor, on the Whitmore Lake road. The commission intimated that it was favorably impressed, both with the site and the advantages offered in having the hospital situated near the university medical school.

### Camp Meeting Record.

A record-breaking crowd of visitors attended the State Holiness camp-meeting at Eaton Rapids on the first Sunday following the opening of the ten days' annual session. More than 12,000 people were on the grounds.

In addition to the services held at the tabernacle and Epworth chapel, the gospel wagon from Lansing was there, in which evangelists and singers conducted overflow meetings about the park. Rev. Beverly Carradine of St. Louis, Mo., preached to a large congregation at the tabernacle in the forenoon. Rev. Will H. Huff, of the Sioux City (Ia.) evangelist, in the afternoon, and Rev. M. M. Callen of Ionia, president of the Camp Meeting association, in the evening. All of the 150 cottages at the park are occupied, the big hotel is full, and many visitors are housed in tents.

Nearly half the states in the Union are represented among the camp meeting visitors, and many new arrivals are coming in every day and on every train.

W. W. Robinson of Detroit is superintendent of the camp ground Sunday school, with E. E. Horner of Eaton Rapids as his assistant.

### 776,124 to Share Primary Money.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction L. L. Wright makes public the amount of primary school money that the various counties will receive. The total amount is \$5,750,993.63. This is to be divided at the rate of \$7.41 for each child of school age in the various counties, less those in districts where the amount of primary school money on hand is sufficient to pay teachers salaries for two years, and who are not entitled to share in this year's apportionment. Seven hundred and twenty-four school children will share in the apportionment. The apportionment this year marks the fifty-fifth annual apportionment of the primary school interest fund.

Wayne county leads in the amount of money to be received, the 149,028 school children of the county receiving \$1,030,271.58. Oscoda county is to receive the smallest apportionment, its 820 school children receiving but \$4,594.20.

Following is the list by counties of the number of school children and the amount the county will receive when the apportionment is made.

County	No. of children	Amount apportioned
Alcona	2,084	\$15,422.44
Alcona	1,929	14,367.99
Alcona	11,298	83,631.25
Alcona	6,284	46,594.14
Alcona	4,284	31,744.44
Alcona	3,889	28,800.89
Alcona	2,205	16,400.05
Alcona	8,864	65,482.24
Alcona	18,327	136,377.17
Alcona	3,249	24,116.09
Alcona	14,445	107,037.45
Alcona	112	839.43
Alcona	13,900	102,843.90
Alcona	5,096	37,721.56
Alcona	5,835	43,237.55
Alcona	4,881	36,160.29
Alcona	7,722	57,230.02
Alcona	5,077	37,576.57
Alcona	7,791	57,863.77
Alcona	1,142	8,462.22
Alcona	8,582	63,513.32
Alcona	7,880	58,413.99
Alcona	6,890	51,168.26
Alcona	5,544	40,982.56
Alcona	14,839	110,227.49
Alcona	2,889	21,529.29
Alcona	7,111	52,782.97
Alcona	6,130	45,314.03
Alcona	8,441	62,467.81
Alcona	7,788	57,783.15
Alcona	27,487	203,078.57
Alcona	10,792	79,968.72
Alcona	12,295	91,383.05
Alcona	7,108	52,772.23
Alcona	2,771	20,533.91
Alcona	4,987	36,730.07
Alcona	6,797	50,366.77
Alcona	12,547	92,972.47
Alcona	14,897	110,386.77
Alcona	2,294	17,035.59
Alcona	3,597	26,597.14
Alcona	2,259	16,718.95
Alcona	1,661	12,308.01
Alcona	6,746	50,087.56
Alcona	3,129	23,132.96
Alcona	8,129	60,378.51
Alcona	4,467	33,100.47
Alcona	1,129	8,343.96
Alcona	2,689	19,925.49
Alcona	8,021	59,435.81
Alcona	2,285	17,143.05
Alcona	11,312	84,181.92
Alcona	6,925	51,314.35
Alcona	7,721	57,437.07
Alcona	9,264	68,648.24
Alcona	4,415	32,679.15
Alcona	3,338	24,718.58
Alcona	9,984	73,909.64
Alcona	8,846	65,548.58
Alcona	1,124	8,328.84
Alcona	11,852	87,831.92
Alcona	6,102	45,218.82
Alcona	12,119	89,807.79
Alcona	4,414	32,679.15
Alcona	2,818	20,886.58
Alcona	3,013	22,241.12
Alcona	6,834	50,717.74
Alcona	620	4,584.20
Alcona	1,848	13,744.38
Alcona	14,921	110,414.31
Alcona	2,997	22,207.77
Alcona	680	5,008.50
Alcona	188,962	1,392,320.20
Alcona	14,842	109,979.22
Alcona	6,189	45,860.49
Alcona	10,758	79,718.58
Alcona	2,698	19,755.06
Alcona	8,543	63,203.03
Alcona	9,285	68,834.03
Alcona	9,123	67,838.43
Alcona	11,424	84,651.84
Alcona	189,038	1,390,271.58
Alcona	8,243	61,401.83
Totals	776,124	\$5,750,993.63

### Convention for Grand Rapids.

Grand Rapids will be the convention city of Michigan this week. Five national and state meetings will be held here during that period: The Michigan association of the National Association of Stationary Engineers, August 6, 7 and 8; the Michigan Abstract association, August 7 and 8; the Central State Exhibitors' association, August 6, 7 and 8; the Michigan State Funeral Directors' and Embalmers' association, August 5, 6, 7 and 8; and the Michigan Rural Letter Carriers' association, August 5, 6 and 7.

### Ionia Man Named President.

Officers have been elected by the State Holiness Campmeeting association in Eaton Rapids as follows: President, Rev. M. M. Callen of Ionia; first vice-president, Rev. N. A. Nixon of Pontiac; second vice-president, Rev. G. H. Whitney of Tecumseh; third vice-president, Rev. W. R. French of Lansing; secretary, Rev. George A. Brown of Kalamazoo; assistant secretary, Rev. H. R. E. Quant of Jackson; treasurer, M. D. Crawford of Eaton Rapids.

# GOT RIGHT WOMAN

She Wasn't Marrying His Money, But the Only Man in the World to Her.

By T. BLAIR EATON.

Peter Barlow squared his big shoulders and turned to the gray-haired man who was scribbling on bits of paper at the mahogany desk. "Let's have all the horrible details," said Peter, with a grin intended to be entirely nonchalant, but which, if the whole truth be told, was a trifle forced. "Just how much, or rather how little, is there left, Mr. Grayson?"

Grayson frowned as he looked at the columns of figures on those bits of paper before him. "There's practically nothing, Peter," he said, with a slow shake of his head. "This is bad business—much worse than I thought at first. I'm sorry—more sorry than I can tell you. If you'd only come to me six months ago—"

"That's one of my characteristics—to shut the door after the horse is gone," said Peter. "Nothing, you say? H'm! That's bad. I've managed to get a chance with Billy Kenmore at those mines of his in Sonora. It's a blamed long walk down there."

"There'll be, perhaps, five hundred dollars," said Grayson. "Fine!" said Peter; then he scowled. Grayson interpreted correctly the meaning of that scowl.

"Of course, it will take a little time to straighten this whole mess out," said he. "In the meantime, call on me for anything you want up to that five hundred."

"Thanks! Mighty good of you!" said Peter. With a whimsical smile he turned his pockets inside out. A dollar bill and a little odd change tumbled to the corner of the desk.

"I'm going to take you at your word," said Peter. "I'll have to have my expenses down there, and there are a few little things I want to get straight before I leave. Suppose you let me have—say three hundred and fifty, if it will be all right."

Grayson nodded. "Surely," he agreed. "Like it in cash?"

"Yes, that'll be best," said Peter. The other touched a button beneath the desk. "Bring me in three hundred and fifty dollars, Babbitt," he ordered the clerk who answered the summons.

Ten minutes later Peter Barlow, the three hundred and fifty dollars tucked in various pockets, shook hands with the lawyer, laughing out short the other's expressions of commiseration, and went out. But in the hall Peter Barlow's face became very grave. It became graver as he walked towards the elevator. Then he pulled out a little engagement book, glanced at a certain page, and all but groaned aloud.

"To Edith's for answer Thursday at three," he read. This was Thursday, and between the time of writing that entry four days ago and the present time, Peter Barlow's assets had shrunk from a supposed half million to something like five hundred dollars.

"To Edith's at three for answer," he repeated grimly. "I've got the answer right now, and I may as well take time by the forelock and go up there at once."

He pulled out his watch. It was quarter to twelve. "Yep, I'll go at once," he decided, and went out to the street to hail a taxi.

"Say," he said, cheerfully to the chauffeur, "I can't in the least afford this, but habit is strong, and besides this is my last appearance, so take me to John's on the avenue, then over to McPhair's, then run me up to this address," he finished, handing the chauffeur a scribbled card.

It was nearing one when the taxi stopped at the uptown address. Peter alighted, paid the chauffeur, gathered up from the seat a huge box of candy and a large box of orchids, mounted the steps and rang the bell.

He waited in the subdued light of the hall until he heard the patter of light footsteps on the polished stairs. "Peter!" cried the girl, running up to him and catching his arm playfully. "It was three! Don't you remember?"

Peter seemed about to catch her in his arms, then suddenly his lips set and he stepped a pace away from her. He was still smiling, but it wasn't cheerful—that smile.

"You see," said he, "I have brought you the answer instead of waiting for it. It wouldn't do, dear—never in the world. It would be a frightful mistake. I've just realized it. I'm going away—to Mexico tomorrow, and—say, here's some of those fuzzy chocolates and a box of orchids," he ended rather painfully.

The girl made no move to take either of the boxes he had caught up and was holding up to her. She was looking at him curiously.

"You see," he began, after an exceedingly awkward pause, "you see, I've just come to my senses. All those doubts of yours were right. It wouldn't do—y'd never be happy. I'll just hike out and leave the field to a better man and—"

"Peter!" The single word came so sharply that he stopped short. "You've asked me to marry you. You were coming here this afternoon for your answer. It's to late to hedge. I've decided I will marry you!"

"Dear suffering saints!" gasped Peter and dropped both the boxes with a crash.

"Twice he opened his mouth as if to speak, but the words would not come. When they did come, at last, they were hurried, garbled, like the words of a man in a panic.

"Oh, you can't," he said. "You can't. I tell you it won't do. I shouldn't have asked you. I made a mistake, I—"

She looked at him narrowly. "Why?" said she very calmly. She seemed to be enjoying immensely his discomfiture.

"Well, I—I—" Peter began to stammer. "Another girl?" she questioned softly.

Peter clutched at straws. "Yes, that's it, another girl," he declared shamelessly.

She began to laugh. Peter felt yet more uncomfortable. "You'll have to forget her," said she. "We're going to be married—before you go to Mexico tomorrow."

"Say, look here, Edith," Peter said vehemently. "We can't. I tell you—"

She stepped close to him. She put both hands on his shoulders. She was looking up at him with shining eyes. Peter, at the sight of her thus, groaned aloud.

"You are telling me anything but the truth," said she. "I happen to know the whole truth. I know your money is all gone, save five hundred dollars or so. Mr. Grayson was dining here with us last night. He told father. And father said: 'That's the best thing that ever happened to the young scamp. Peter's got the stuff in him. It will be the making of him—that and the right woman.' And I am she, Peter, the right woman—I know it—I'd have known it if dad hadn't winked at me when he said what he did. I'm going down there to Mexico with you to help you manage Billy Kenmore's mine. Yes, I am; don't say a word. You just march those orchids straight back to John's, and take that candy back to McPhair's and tell them you don't want them. The idea! You couldn't afford them. And mind you, walk; no taxis. And after you've taken those things back, go get the license, and come straight back here. Dad will be here with Doctor Brook, and we'll be married here very quietly."

Peter looked at her very hungrily. Then with a sudden straightening of his tall frame and a shutting of his teeth, he spoke.

"I won't! You shan't make this sacrifice," said he. "Is it a sacrifice to marry the one man in the world you'll ever care about? I wasn't marrying your old half million you thought you had; I'm marrying you. And I think you are going to be a whole lot better. You without that money."

"No," said Peter Barlow, heroicly, but rather unconvincedly. She came very close to him once more. Her soft hair brushed his cheek. She looked up at him with eyes that burned like two stars. The nearness of her, the dainty sweetness of her made him gasp.

"No?" she asked with a quiet smile of triumph. "No?" He caught her in his arms. He held her tight.

"Yes—oh, the fool that I am!—yes," said he. "You win; you knew you would. What show have I got to put any fine notions in effect when you're with me? Marry you? I'd like to see anybody stop me, money or no money. Hang it, what a fool I am to let you do this, what a fool, but how fearfully happy I am being that kind of a fool!"

An hour later Peter Barlow again entered Grayson's office. "I think I'll go the limit and borrow the whole of the five hundred off you," said Peter. "You see, I'm taking a wife down to the mines with me."

"A wife?" said Mr. Grayson, evidently not in the least surprised. "Assuredly, Peter. Excellent idea. I was sure you would. I was sure of it last night at dinner. I am not sure, too, but what you owe the winning of that wife to the loss of your money. I think it opened her eyes to her real affection for you. Well, she's worth losing that trifling sum for."

"You bet she is," said Peter Barlow. (Copyright, 1913, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

**Bad Air Cause of Ghosts.**  
The discovery of carbon monoxide poisoning as a cause of ghostly manifestations is the latest contribution to the results of psychic research. It became known lately that one of Boston's fine residences was haunted and that the children and servants—who often awoke at night with sensations of great oppression and of some strange presence near, footsteps about the house were heard, and it was even rumored that apparitions were seen.

Called to investigate, Prof. Franz Schneider, Jr., a biologist of the Institute of Technology, found sufficient explanation in a very defective hot air furnace. The rooms were filled with sulphurous oxide and carbon monoxide, and the effects were those especially of carbon monoxide poisoning—the illusion of walking spirits being probably aided by outside sounds.

**According to Dorothy.**  
Three-year-old Dorothy's papa had never used a cane, so when a visitor called who carried one the child gazed at it with a rather puzzled expression.

"Well, darling," said her mother "what is it?" "Umbrella without any clothes on," answered Dorothy.

# MICHIGAN BREVITIES

Ortonville, Aug. 4.—Two persons were seriously injured and 50 badly shaken up when two north-bound limited cars on the Flint-Saginaw branch of the Detroit United railway collided a mile south of Ortonville and 20 miles south of Flint. The seriously injured are: Mrs. James Kenner, 114 Eddy street, Saginaw, left leg broken, James Lutes, seventy years old, West Branch, bruised and possibly injured internally. The accident happened when the trolley of the first, or Flint section, jumped the wire at the foot of a steep grade, and the second, or Saginaw section, plunged down in spite of the signals of the conductor, and the efforts of the motorman to stop. Doctors were rushed to the scene from Oxford. The injured were taken to Flint. There were 50 passengers in the two cars.

St. Joseph.—Al Yundquist, twenty-three years old, slipped off a bathhouse dock and was drowned in the river harbor within plain view of the life-saving station. Three minutes after he went down his body was recovered, but resuscitation was impossible. It was found that he had strangled to death because of a broken larynx. A few minutes previous to this the life savers were called out, when the livery horse of Freund Brothers, meat men, waited until his driver had left the wagon and then dashed straight into the river. The horse made no attempt to swim and was carried down by the heavy wagon.

Grand Rapids.—Milton Leach, nineteen years old, and Stanley Harper, fifteen years old, escaped death at Grandville by a hair when an automobile that Beach's father had purchased was struck by the Pere Marquette Chicago flyer, running 60 miles an hour. The automobile was thrown 50 feet, and both youths were buried in the wreckage. Leach was picked up unconscious, suffering from severe wounds about the head. He will live. Harper was uninjured. The engine crew made no attempt to stop the train, and ran into this city before reporting the accident, it is stated.

Battle Creek.—After suffering for hours with a 90-foot telephone pole across his stomach, William Monvea of Albion finally died a terrible death. His body was found by Sheriff Fonda, after two men, who were digging for fish worms, had reported to the police that the man was buried beneath the pole. Monvea leaves a wife and child in Albion. He was prominent in Masonic circles.

Kalamazoo.—Mrs. Edward Cook is in a serious condition at her home as the result of injuries received when she fell into an old cistern back of her home. The fall rendered her unconscious and it was nearly three hours before she recovered. Attending physicians say she was not dangerously injured, although she will not be able to leave her home for some time.

Pontiac.—The Oakland County Picnic will be held at Orchard Lake, August 29. Palm Sherman of Farmington, who with his wife, has lived in this county 31 years, will give an address.

Grand Haven.—Cornelius Bauman, eighteen years old, son of Alfred Bauman, was drowned in Grand river near the Ottawa Leather company. Doctors worked for two hours in an effort to resuscitate the young man.

Mulliken.—Fifteen-year-old Ray Smock, son of John Smock, a farmer living near Sunfield, accidentally shot and killed his thirteen-year-old brother Rex, with a small caliber rifle. The boys were hunting rats.

Standish.—The Trinity Sunday School association, consisting of schools in Arenac, Ogemaw and Isosco counties, will meet here September 5-7. James Nesbit of Maple Ridge, is president. About fifty delegates are expected. Professor Goodrich of Albion, recently from the great convention at Zurich, will be one of the speakers.

Traverse City.—The boy who was picked up here, giving his name as James Thomas, has been claimed by Mrs. E. L. Townsend, who is spending the summer at Charlevoix. The boy left Charlevoix July 10, and has been wandering about since. He is the adopted son of Mr. and Mrs. Townsend.

Olivet.—Thomas W. Madal, dean of Olivet college, has declined an offer as president of the Western College for Women in Oxford, O., owing to an increase in the salary of his present position as well as the necessity of resigning as vice-president of the state board of education.

Flint.—Orlando Herrick Lefevre, seventy-three, is dead at his home here of injuries sustained a year ago, when he was run over by an automobile.

Cadillac.—Rev. J. H. Versey of Swindon, Wilts, England, has accepted a call to the Church of Christ, Disciples, in this city.

Potoskey.—James McGrath of Louisville, Ky., in diving in Little Traverse bay brought up a live fish which he caught in his hand.

# EVIDENTLY JOHNNY WAS NOT

Barber's Customer Took Somewhat Astonishing Question Literally, and There Was Trouble.

Port Jervis had a big revival meeting, and among the converted was a barber, who had been a bad actor in his day. Once he put some home-made sea foam on a young man's hair which turned the hair red, and the color didn't come out for a year.

The barber confessed to this and other crimes. It was a hard-won conversion, and the evangelist was elated. He saw a chance for passing religion on to a host of Port Jervis citizens, utilizing the barber shop as a gateway.

Over in a corner of the revival hall he talked to the knight of the striped pole.

"Now, Mr. Scissors," said the evangelist, "you have it in your power to do great good in the world. You're a man of impressive personality, and by reason of your position you meet men in all walks of life.

"Instead of discussing baseball or fishing with a patron, why not say a few words calculated to turn him into cleaner paths? Remind each, as you have been reminded, that while he is large in life he must get ready for the end, which comes to all men."

The barber thought that was a fine idea, and pledged himself. Then he went back to his shop.

Little Old Johnny, Looseleaf came in from his day's work at the perfume factory. Johnny was afraid of ghosts and green horses and his wife. He wanted his whiskers taken off.

The barber got through with the lathering and half of the shave with brief remarks about the fog and the movement to fill up the abandoned canal. He was just polishing the razor over the patron's throat when it occurred to him to address a few words of inquiry to Looseleaf concerning the state of his soul.



**THE GLADSTONE DELTA**  
CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.

\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Entered at the postoffice, Gladstone, Michigan, as mail matter of the second class. Published on Saturday of each week.

Escanaba has been considering cluster lights for Ludington street, but finds that they will be too expensive for a depleted treasury.

Boats, berries and cherries—the four words strung together ought to make a working slogan for Door County. The Commercial club at Sturgeon Bay has shipped to President Wilson a choice crate of cherries of the Montmorency variety. The crate was labeled "From Door County, the Famous Fruit Belt of Wisconsin."—Menominee Herald-Leader.

Dr. M. L. Holm, state bacteriologist, has recommended to the state board of health that the Chicago & Northwestern railroad and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad be required to discontinue the use of Menominee water in its trains and at its stations for drinking purposes.

"So long as the president is permitted to set a standard of loyalty to the party to which he may belong and condemn every man who does accept it, and so long as members of Congress vote under the apprehension that they suffer from the presidential power controlled by his judgment instead of their own, so long Congress will incur, and will deserve, the contempt of all true lovers of free and representative government."—Senator Cummins, Progressive!

Hastings taxpayers who were adverse to building a new schoolhouse have found a reason why they should always attend annual school meetings. This year by a vote of 7 to 6 it was decided to build a \$75,000 high school building. This tax will have to be spread and collected in one year. The taxpayers had voted down a bonding proposition several times but the action taken at the annual meeting will hold.

Scarcity of harvest bands in this vicinity will leave 500 acres of fine timothy and also clover hay standing uncut in the fields this summer, \$11,250 worth of feed going to waste at the very threshold of Iron River to be replaced this winter by feed shipped in from other districts.—Iron River Reporter.

Tuesday afternoon the public of Iron River will have an opportunity of witnessing the greatest "workin' bee" ever seen in this part of the state or that probably was ever held in any place. Merchants, lawyers, doctors, miners, carpenters, laborers of all kinds, are going to the Iron county fair grounds to clear out the brush and do one grand, big, first class job of cleaning up.—Iron River Reporter.

No longer will school district and township boards be able to fill the shelves of their libraries at random. Beginning with August 14, the boards are prohibited from using public money to purchase library books except from a list to be issued by the superintendent of public instruction and the state librarian which is being compiled now and will soon be ready for distribution.

Capt. Frank Blackman and officers of his Jackson company, which is stationed at Red Jacket shaft, yesterday visited the home of Matt Ulrich, who was suspected of prowling about the shaft and being concerned in plots against the peace of the community, found the Ulrich family in very destitute circumstances. They reported finding nothing to eat in the house and accordingly made up a good sized sum among themselves which they gave to the wife of Ulrich with instructions to buy something to eat. Ulrich was not arrested on his promise to keep out of trouble.—Mining Gazette.

**PERRY CELEBRATION**

During the Perry celebration at Milwaukee, a sham battle was given Wednesday evening, illustrating Dewey's maneuvers at Manila.

The naval reserve fleet, which includes the Yantic of Michigan, Wolverine of Pennsylvania, Essex of Ohio, Dubuque of Illinois and the United States revenue cutter Tuscarora attacked Milwaukee under command of Commander C. M. Stone, U. S. N.

Divided into two divisions, the ships at anchor in the bay parallel to the breakwater, the line extending lay from the Milwaukee yacht club to a point due east of the Northwestern depot. When hostilities were declared they raised anchor and got under headway. The attacking fleet steamed around the breakwater re-entering the harbor opposite the yacht club, firing as they were under headway. This was the manner in which Admiral George Dewey sank the Spanish vessels at Manila Bay.

After an hour's bombardment, the shore batteries were supposed to be out of action, and the land assault of the marines in small boats began. When the small boats were within rifle range of the shore, the land forces began a ceaseless fire for five minutes, driving back the invaders. This last attack was illuminated by the burning of the supply ship.

**Best Bread And More of it**

the lightest, finest, bread and more loaves to every sack. The tenderest, flakiest and most digestible pastry, cake and biscuits and everything else you bake, yours by specifying

**Cloverland Flour**

the flour that is milled only from the best Northern Hard Wheat by a special patented process that makes it richest in nutritive value.

Every boost for Cloverland Flour is a boost for "Cloverland."



**PICNIC**

or not, if you travel to the East end of Delta avenue you must pass The Harbor, which is the best stocked bar in the First or any other ward in Delta county. Come in as you pass and quench your thirst with any drink you please.

ANDREW STEVENSON  
JUST ROUND THE CORNER

**LOOK HERE**

**Cut Flowers**  
only 30 cents  
PER DOZEN

Have made arrangements with a grower of bulbs at Chicago to handle their cut flowers throughout the season that is why we can sell them so cheap.

Everything in fruit and vegetables, also fresh groceries.

**GLADSTONE GROCERY**

"THE QUALITY STORE"  
P. J. LINDBLAD, PROP. PHONE 51.

**PETE'S LEAVE**

of absence has about expired and he will soon be here.

If you are in need of anything usually kept in stock in a first class buffet, just ask Fred or Mike for the particular drink, long or short, that you favor and you will be served in the Best and Latest Style.

P. W. PETERSON  
711 DELTA

**SAME OLD STORY.**  
The Great Southern Shows, which put on the carnival here this week proved to be the poorest business proposition for the city at large of any like attractions which have appeared in the Soo. As a money getter for the show company and the numerous concessions, however, it had all the rest backed off the boards. The show people gave the Elks 15 per cent of the receipts from the different exhibitions but the business done by some of the games of chance was greater than that of the best show on the grounds. The musical aggregation carried by the company had but little over our own Salvation Army band heard on the streets nightly. In fact, many who heard it from a distance could not distinguish between the two.

The carnival was a disappointment to all, and no doubt a similar aggregation will meet with considerable opposition from the business interests of the city when an effort is made to secure local support.

From the experience of the Soo with both the circus and the carnival this summer, the merchants are anxious to see a high license placed upon such attractions in the future. The ordinance committee of the council now has in hand the matter of amending the old license ordinance, and many citizens are in favor of making the fee for tent shows of every description prohibitive.—Soo Times.

**MARQUETTE LEAGUE BUSTS**

The attempt to keep Ishpeming in the Marquette County Amateur baseball league has proven a failure. The team picked up to represent the city when the organized nine threw up its hands and quit, has duplicated the inspiring deed. And the fans are not in mourning over it, either.

It seems to have been pretty conclusively established now that Ishpeming has no relish for amateur ball. The exhibitions of her own sons on the diamond have no interest for her; what the fans here want is the snappy, classy brand of ball that only professional outfits can furnish. And the expense of maintaining such an organization proved so costly last season, that the main supporters of the sport here refuse to stand it another year.—Marquette Chronicle.

Ever keep canning compound 3 pgs for 25c 7 for 50c and 15 for \$1 at  
\* LA BAR & NEVILLE'S

**Brampton Notes**

William Wellstead made a business trip to Escanaba one day this week.

Miss Mary Roberts of Bloomington, Ill., is visiting Jas. Sheffer and family.

Mr. and Mrs. William DeGross of Thruken, Iowa, are making a month's visit with his brother Edwin DeGross and wife.

Miss Virginia Richards returned from Iron River after visiting her sister a few days.

William Bennett and family of Iron River are moving in A. J. Volker's house near the Brampton depot.

**MCLEOD BUYS GARNET.**

One of the largest property deals recorded in Mackinac county for some time was consummated during the past week when D. N. McLeod, the Rexton lumberman, took over the holdings of the Hudsons at Garnet, consisting of four forties, the lumber mill, planing mill, box factory, dry kiln, dwelling houses, etc., in fact the entire townsite of Garnet, which for a long term of years has been the scene of large lumbering operations.

It is understood that Mr. McLeod will continue in operation the various industries at Garnet, using that town as a base for all of his lumber cutting operations and making his mill at Rexton exclusively a shingle and general cedar proposition.—Soo Times.

**GREAT BOULDER FACTORY.**

There will probably be a mill put up at Michigamme for grinding greenstone as there is much waste in preparing the product for asphalt shingle manufacture. There are many thousands of tons of this stock in the old waste piles of the half dozen shafts of the mine, making it cheaply obtained. It is of handsome green color, and in it are frequently found decomposed garnets of all sizes from that of a pea to those several inches in diameter, these having been changed from their original color to a deep green, corresponding with the enclosing schist.

If Michigamme cannot have an active iron ore mine it may have rocks of all kinds. In the great glacial scouring to which this region was once subjected the valley in which Lake Michigamme was formed was a favorite place for the glacier to deposit its burlens of stones of all sizes it had been rolling along for countless centuries. The bed of the beautiful lake is a great mass of boulders of all sizes. They are found to any depth above the rock ledge and have been a source of much annoyance and expense in the sinking of wells, stand-pipe holes for diamond drilling, shafts, farming and soil disturbing generally.

It certainly is an ideal location for anything in the rock line, as here has been gathered a great variety of "traveling" stones to say nothing of the permanent ledges.—Iron Ore.

**Cloverland**

Is the best beef and dairy country, says the department of agriculture. We believe it; we buy much of our beef native, and you may judge of its merit.

Milk, butter and eggs from the "contented cow" and poultry you read about, received daily.

If you wish to boost Cloverland, suppose you try some of its delicious farm products that are sold by

OLSON & ANDERSON  
PHONE 9  
717 Delta Avenue.

**HOT STUFF**

is not very much in demand at this season, but it is still used for flavoring. I have it in every variety from Scotch to Norwegian and can produce plain American at a pinch.

All other potable drinks or beverages in profuse abundance and all with the Seal of North or South Carolina, or evidence of genuineness attached. Ask for

**Soren Johnson**  
901 DELTA

**IT'S NOT ALL IN THE SEASONING.**

The immortal Mr. Weller to the contrary. Come with us into our workroom and see us make sausage, and you will see that there is other merit to Foy's sausage besides its delicious taste. See the rich red and white of the meat we cut up and you will have more respect for real home-made sausage than you had. If you were making it up for your home use, you would not be more careful in your selection of material; and not half so apt to hit off just the right taste to make it appetizing. Visitors welcome at the Sanitary Market.

**M. P. FOY**  
The Sanitary Meat Market  
Phone 158

**--The-- Midway**

is recognized by all as a standard variety of Buffet or drinking parlor. I furnish to all at the lowest living profit the latest Paris and Berlin fashions in hand-made thirst quenchers. Come in and get yours.

MAGNUS ANDERSON

**NEW GAME LAWS**

The revision of the game laws, effective this month, is here tabulated, omitting some regulations not important here.

Deer—Open season from November 10 to November 30, inclusive. Resident hunter's license \$1.50; non-resident hunter's license \$25; alien resident hunter's license \$25 (who has not declared his intention.) May have in possession 30 days after close of season.

Unlawful for any person to kill more than 2. Unlawful to kill in red coat, or fawn in spotted coat. Unlawful to pursue, kill or capture any deer while it is in the water. Unlawful to use dogs in hunting. Unlawful to use artificial lights in hunting. Unlawful to knowingly trap, injure or kill any deer or offspring thereof which are kept in or have escaped from any private enclosure.

Non-resident hunter may ship one deer or portion thereof out of state when accompanied by permit of state game, fish and forestry warden or one of his deputies.

State game, fish and forestry warden may issue permit for sale and transportation, either within or without the state, of deer skins and buck deer heads; green or mounted at any season of year.

Rabbits—Open season from September 1 to March 1, inclusive. Unlawful to use ferrets or Guinea pigs in hunting. Farmers and fruit growers may use ferrets in killing rabbits on their enclosed lands. When lawfully killed may be transported and sold.

Squirrel—Unlawful to hunt fox, black or gray, until 1915.

Beaver—Open season November 1 to May 1 inclusive. License \$10, to be obtained of county clerk.

Otter, fisher, marten, fox, mink, raccoon and skunk—Unlawful to take, trap or kill from April 1 to October 31, inclusive.

Muskrat—Unlawful to take, trap or kill from April 15 to October 31, inclusive. Unlawful to use firearms or explosives in hunting. Muskrat or beaver houses—Unlawful to destroy, disturb or molest at any time, or set any trap within six feet of a muskrat house. Unlawful to set or put out any muskrat traps preceding the day of the open season.

Wolf, lynx and wildcat—Bounty for wolf over six months, \$25; for wolf under six months, \$10; for lynx, \$5, for wildcat, \$3.

Deadfalls, poison, etc.—Unlawful to use any deadfall, snare, poison or explosive.

Partridge and spruce hen—Open season from October 1 to November 30, inclusive. Unlawful to take more than 6 in one day. Unlawful to take more than 50 in one calendar year. Unlawful to have in possession more than 15 in all at one time. Homing pigeons and mourning doves—Unlawful to capture or kill at any time.

Hunting on enclosed lands, etc.—Unlawful to hunt in public parks or game preserves; or on enclosed lands of another when such lands are posted against hunting, except with owner's consent.

Use of dogs—Lawful to train on game birds within fifteen days of the ruffed grouse season, but persons training must not carry firearms when so doing.

Non-game birds—Unlawful to kill, capture or have in possession, excepting blackbirds, English sparrows, crows, cooper's hawks, sharp-shinned hawks and great horned owls.

Ducks, snipe, plover, shore birds, rails—Open Season from Sept. 1 to Dec. 31, inclusive.

Unlawful to take in one day more than 25 ducks, geese and brant; six plover; snipe and other shore birds, 10. Unlawful to take in one calendar year more than 50 plover or snipe and other shore birds. Unlawful to have in possession at any time in all more than 25 geese, brant and duck, 20 plover, 20 snipe and other shore birds.

Unlawful to use any floating device propelled by steam, gas, naphtha, oil, gasoline or electricity, or sail boat, or to use any swivel or punt gun, battery, sinkboat or similar device. Unlawful to use gun of greater size than 10 gauge. Unlawful to hunt from sunset to sunrise.

Geese, brant, pintail, red-head, blue bill, whistler, butterball and widgeon—Open season, Sept. 1 to April 30, inclusive.

Rails and coots—Open season, Sept 15 to Dec. 31, inclusive.

Game birds—Shall not be shipped by express, freight or baggage, nor in any other manner, but shall be carried only as open hand baggage. May have in possession 30 days after season. Members of clubs owing land in the state, to whom permits have been issued may carry 20 ducks as hand baggage.

Sale of protected game—Unlawful to sell, at any time, any game animal or game bird protected by the laws of this state.

Hunter's license—Residents hunting protected game birds or animals, other than deer, outside of the same county in which they reside, must procure license. Fee \$1. Persons hunting on their own lands, their minor children and employes are exempted. Resident deer hunters, license \$1.50.

Unlawful for non-residents to hunt or kill unprotected game birds or animals, other than deer, without license. Fee \$10. Alien residents of this state must procure license to hunt protected game and birds, other than deer, and pay fee of \$10. License for hunting game and birds, other than deer, may be procured of county clerks or state game, fish and forestry warden, Lansing. Deer hunter's licenses are issued by county clerks.

Protected game—Unlawful to transport beyond the boundaries of this state at any time. Unlawful to ship deer or portion of deer, within this state, unless accompanied by license tag.

A licensed non-resident hunter may take from the state as hand baggage not to exceed the number of birds of any kind that may be legally killed by him in one day.

English Sparrows—Bounty two cents for each head, birds killed during December, January and February.

**TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.**

The regular teachers' examination for Delta county will be held at the court house, city of Escanaba, commencing Thursday Aug. 14, 1913, at 8:30 a. m.

This examination is open to all applicants for first, second and third grade certificates. The reading will be based on Merchant of Venice. Applicants will be examined on agriculture.

P. R. LÖGG,  
Com'r of Schools.

**ALL YOU CAN**

should be of the best fruit and vegetables, if it is worth the time and trouble of putting up, in competition with modern methods of preserving.

Marshall has the choicest fruits and vegetables daily. Get his prices in quantity before you undertake the summer's work, and look at the improved appliances he shows.

**ANDREW MARSHALL**

Phone 164

July 30, 1913. Aug. 9, 1913.

**Sale of Real Estate.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
The Probate court for the County of Delta.  
At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the city of Escanaba, in said County, on the twenty-third day of July A. D. 1913.

Present Hon. Judd Yelland, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of JOHN FLEMING, Deceased.

Nora Kinville, administratrix of said estate, having filed in said court her petition praying for license to sell the interest of said estate in certain real estate therein described.

It is ordered, that the eighteenth day of August A. D. 1913, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition, and that all persons interested in said estate appear before said court, at said time and place, to show cause why a license to sell the interest of said estate in said real estate should not be granted.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Gladstone Delta, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

JUDD YELLAND  
Judge of Probate

A true copy.  
ELLA FRECHETTE  
Register of Probate

**STANDARD GOODS**

in all lines are my specialty. From May to October our summer card is in force. I offer the usual warm weather beverages, you to name them. I draw them from glass, from wood, or from the vasty deep as Shakespeare has it. But I assure you that, whatever you wish to drink, will be right.

FRANK LOUIS  
902 DELTA AVE.



# INTERESTING WIVES OF NEW SENATORS

**N**EVER before have there been so many new names on the roster of the senate nor so many new faces in congress as this session. Democracy in all the strength of her rejuvenated energy has swept through the halls of congress and mowed down the ranks to make room for her loyal sons.

The new arrivals in the senate assume the proportion of a small delegation, for fully fifteen brand-new senators were in line for the oath on the 4th of March. Of this number five merely stepped over from the house of representatives, while three others have in recent years also served in that body and are thereby remembered.

Accordingly, society greets new faces in the wives of these men. Like their husbands, a number of them are coming back to the welcoming



MRS. MORRIS SHEPPARD OF TEXAS



MRS. OLLIE JAMES OF KENTUCKY



MRS. WILLIAM HOWARD THOMPSON OF KANSAS



MRS. HARRY LANE OF OREGON

arms of old friends and have merely to take up the social threads where they dropped them before at the expiration of their official residence in the capital.

No senatorial election, it seems, could give a greater measure of satisfaction to such a large circle of people in Washington as that which returned to congress the former governor of Colorado, John Franklin Shafroth, who has held every office within the gift of the people of his state.

During his congressional service some years ago Mr. and Mrs. Shafroth made a host of warm personal friends, who will hail their return with delight. Mrs. Shafroth is described by her friends as a model mother, and, to bear out this assertion, they point to the three sturdy grown-up sons, all of whom idolize their parents.

Mrs. Shafroth is a genuine home lover and a domestic genius, delighting in her home and all its details, especially in cooking, for she loves to try her hand at all sorts of new recipes and experiments. She is an artist in the culinary line, but she is also a woman of varied accomplishments and wide interests.

She belongs to a number of clubs in Denver, of which the Round Table has perhaps held her membership the longest, since she has been enrolled as an active member for more than nineteen years. This club meets every Friday morning and its members actually study. History, literature, the classics, philosophy and all of the current topics of the day are embraced in their research. No drones or inactive members are encouraged to remain.

Mrs. Shafroth was born and reared in Fayette, Howard county, Mo., and, after completing her high school course, became a student of and afterward a graduate of the Howard Payne college of Fayette, Mo. For several years prior to her marriage she taught in the high school of her home town. Mr. Shafroth is also a native of Fayette, Mo., and their marriage occurred there. She is eligible to D. A. R. membership, through Virginia and Tennessee ancestry.

Like Mrs. Shafroth, Mrs. Ollie James is no stranger to Washington society, for she has spent several years at the capital during her husband's congressional service. Mrs. James was Miss Ruth Thomas of Marion, Ky., the home town of Senator James, and was born at Franklin, Ky. She is the daughter of a Methodist minister. Her earlier education was obtained in private schools, after which she attended the Kentucky college, a co-educational institution, now out of existence.

Her marriage to Senator James occurred about ten years ago, in December, at her home in Marion, Ky. Mrs. James is in every sense of the word a thorough home lover. She belongs to no clubs nor societies of any description and devotes practically all of her time to domestic life.

Mrs. James is greatly interested in charitable projects, particularly those which deal with the sick and afflicted, and she hopes to engage in philanthropic work among the institutions of the capital. She is a woman whose life is well rounded out, for she does many things well and knows whereof she speaks with regard to a diversity of accomplishments of a practical as well as an ornamental nature. She has made a study of scientific homekeeping, could make her own dresses, if she chose, and, in fact, has the science of housekeeping reduced to an art.

When asked about club work she exclaimed: "Not a one! Why, I don't even play bridge! I suppose I am the only woman in Washington who has not learned to do so, but you really would not expect a minister's daughter to be expert in that line, would you?"

Mrs. James is also devoted to children and a close student of various movements in progress for their welfare. She is an advocate of higher

education for girls, but says that if she were planning the education of a girl she would assuredly advise a technical course in addition to the academic, if the girl had sufficient mental endowment to take it, thus supplying the knowledge to meet any emergency which life might unfold. The more varied the knowledge and training the better fitted the girl is for domestic life, as well as for the social and business world.

Mrs. Harry Lane, wife of the new senator from Oregon, has the distinction of being one of the few women of Washington who are registered voters. She is an enthusiastic suffragist, though in an unobtrusive way, and is particularly jubilant over the fact that her home state has joined the band which allows women the privilege of the ballot.

Mrs. Lane came to Washington as an absolute stranger, and is becoming more and more delighted with the city and its people as she gets better acquainted with them. She is a typical American home-maker; but, while the details of housekeeping and the care of her family have absorbed the greater part of her life, she has always been deeply interested in the uplift and social welfare of girls and women. Indeed, it was the great advantages which woman suffrage hopes to confer upon the working classes that first drew her attention to that movement.

While never an active club member, Mrs. Lane has been much absorbed in club work as well as charitable work, and will in all probability take up some of it in the capital. She is a woman whose life has been devoted to worthwhile projects. In her home city every movement that has had the betterment of women and children for its primal object has enjoyed her indorsement and support. And no little of the success which attended Dr. Lane's occupancy of his various public offices is due to his wife's interest and co-operation. As proof of her success as wife and mother, her family are her staunch admirers.

Mrs. Lane was Miss Lola Bailey, and was born in Milwaukee, Ore., about six miles from Portland. She and Dr. Lane were childhood sweethearts, and were married in Portland about thirty years ago.

They have two grown daughters, one of whom, Mrs. N. Macbride, resides in New Orleans, while Miss Harriet is with her parents. She bids fair to become very popular, particularly among the college girls of society. Being a "Tri Delta" she is already finding hosts of congenial fraternal spirits in Washington and Baltimore.

Dr. Lane is classed as one of the "baby senators." In addition to belonging to the same family as the secretary of the interior, he is a grandson of Gen. Joseph Lane, who ran on the presidential ticket with Breckenridge and who also wore a senatorial toga, besides being territorial governor of Oregon and the delegate to congress.

Dr. Lane has filled the office of mayor of Portland and also that of superintendent of the state insane asylum. He succeeds Jonathan Bourne and shares the honors of the medical profession with Senator Gallinger, who for years has been the only doctor with a seat in the upper house.

The girlish wife of the successor to Joseph W. Bailey of Texas has the distinction of being the youngest of all of the wives in the senatorial circle. Though the very dignified and sedate mother of a lively little daughter of two years, Mrs. Morris Sheppard is but twenty-two years old.

She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Sanderson of Texarkana, the home town of her husband, where she was born. Texarkana, as every one knows, is a dual township, as is expressed in its name. Mrs. Sheppard was born on the Arkansas side. While she had always known her husband, since he was a friend of her father, their romance had its beginning in Washington while

she was completing her studies in a seminary here.

Her earlier education was obtained in the local schools at home, for the higher branches she entered the Randolph Macon Woman's College of Lynchburg, Va., where she spent two years, after which she came to the Washington seminary.

Despite her extreme youth Mrs. Sheppard possesses a lengthy list of accomplishments. She is expert in fine needlework and hand embroidery, as her baby's little garments bear positive testimony. She is a pianist of no small ability, and is a vocalist, planning to continue the study of voice culture in the future. She is also a constant reader and a profound student of politics, which, she declares, she finds most fascinating. Her interest in political matters was naturally much enlarged in the senator's recent campaign, during a goodly part of which she accompanied him.

Besides being sufficiently interested to investigate the new methods advocated for improvement in homekeeping, pure food and home management, Mrs. Sheppard has recently become a member of the D. A. R. She is a member of the Congressional club and also of the Democratic league.

Another senatorial hostess who is no stranger to Washington is Mrs. Joseph E. Ransdell of Louisiana, whose husband has been in congress for the past fourteen years. Mrs. Ransdell comes of a distinguished southern family, and was Miss Olive Irene Powell before her marriage, which occurred November 15, 1885, at her birthplace, Lake Providence, La.

She is a member of the D. A. R. through the records of her great-grandfather, Gen. Evan Shelby, and his son, Capt. Moses Shelby. Her grandfather, M. de Lafayette Shelby, fought in the battle of New Orleans in 1814 and five of his sons served through the Civil war. M. de Lafayette Shelby was named for the famous French general by his intimate friend and companion, Capt. Moses Shelby, one of the heroes of Kings Mountain. She is an ardent advocate of universal peace and a member of the D. A. R. international peace arbitration committee of her native state.

Mrs. William Howard Thompson of Kansas brings to Washington a personality which radiates the wholesome energy and animation of the west. She is virtually a stranger, though she has visited the capital before in her travels.

Though protesting that she has never been much of a "joiner," Mrs. Thompson has a rather generous collection of club organization memberships.

Mrs. Thompson was Miss Bertha Felt, daughter of the lieutenant governor of Kansas. She was born in Washaw, Iowa, and was married almost out of high school, for she was graduated in June and married in August. Since then Mr. and Mrs. Thompson have resided in Topeka and Garden City, Kan. They have three children, Thelma Bertha, aged eighteen; Wilbert Felt, aged fourteen, both of whom are at school in Topeka, and a baby boy of two years, William Howard, Jr., who is with his parents and who, with the little daughter of Senator Sheppard, is the youngest of the senatorial children.

## WAR ON HOG CHOLERA

Serum Developed by Department of Agriculture Used.

Cleaning Up of Infection Is Huge Job, But Believed Can Be Accomplished Same as Eradication of Ticks in South.

Beginning with a few counties in Iowa and Indiana, the department of agriculture is commencing a campaign for the eradication of hog cholera. As this disease is as widespread as the hog raising industry, which covers the whole country, the cleaning up of the infection is a large order. It is believed, however, that it can be done in much the same way that the cattle tick is being eradicated from the south.

Before the tick eradication work started it was feared that it was an impossible task. The experts of the department, however, figured out methods of cattle dipping, pasture rotation and other means of control so that now a quarter of the area in the south that formerly was under strict cattle quarantine has been declared tick free and released. Counties adjoining the cleared territory have seen the benefit and are taking up the work so that eventually the impossible will be accomplished and the whole of the south will be turned into a cattle-raising country.

It is thought that the same thing can be done with hog cholera. Congress last year appropriated \$75,000 to start the work. The beginning in Iowa will be in co-operation with the Iowa State college. The method used will be the serum that was developed by Doctor Dorsett of the department of agriculture.

Hog cholera is by all odds the greatest scourge of the hog-raising industry. It was estimated that it cost the farmers last year \$60,000,000. Before the discovery of the serum treatment the toll was still larger. Cholera was regarded as inevitable and was almost always fatal. There was no protection against it except segregating the well hogs, and this precaution was uncertain.

The injection of the serum gives immunity from attack even on close contact. The immunity is not permanent, but it lasts long enough to allow cleaning up an entire community. It was estimated that the second year the serum was in use it saved about \$11,000,000. Now many of the states are manufacturing the serum in their own agricultural laboratories and distribute it free on application.

The plan for cleaning up the country is to commence on county areas, as is being done in Indiana and Iowa, and gradually spread the work, cleaning up in widening circles and preventing the importation of the disease by careful quarantine. Any specific local outbreak will be wiped out as quickly as it can be located.

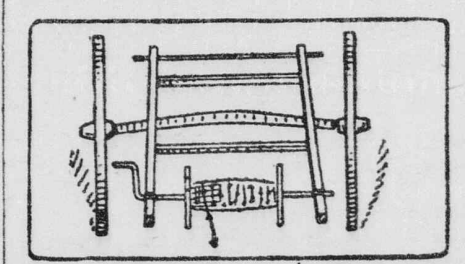
It may be the work of years to get all the country cleaned, but it is believed once it is cleaned it can be kept so. This will mean a great increase in the hog-raising industry, larger profits and a proportionate reduction in the price of meat.

## REWINDING OF BARBED WIRE

Excellent Use May Be Made of Old Buggy Axle and Wheels—Two Men Required to Operate.

The sketch shows a very useful device for winding loose wire and taking up old wire fences. Procure an old buggy axle and wheels, and fasten two two-by-four sticks five feet long to the axle as illustrated.

Provide that front end with a rod, the end of which is bent to form a crank. Two bent nails hold the block which had to be cut out to allow the rod to be put in place. When the



To Rewind Barbed Wire.

spool is on, the nails are twisted so as to keep the rod in place. If the rod does not hold the spool tightly, use wedges, writes Carl Achilles in the Independent Farmer. One man pushes, and the man in front turns the crank. Wire can be wound as fast as a man can walk and just as evenly as when bought new.

## Save the Manure.

In promptly handling barnyard manure, the farmers can save or lose hundreds of dollars annually. A manure heap is a hot bed of bacterial activities. Some of the nitrogen is formed into ammonia and passes into the air; this is a clear loss. Some is transformed into nitrates, which are soluble. These are washed out by rains and sink into the soil or run off into the ditch; this also is a direct loss. Some is formed by bacteria into nitrates and these nitrates attacked by another species of bacteria which change into nitrogen gas, which passes into the air and is lost.

## Hint for Horsemen.

Never start to lead the horse from his stall till you hold or fasten back the door. Doors have been known to swing to where they were not fastened open, catching the horse's head, the animal gulling back and breaking his neck.

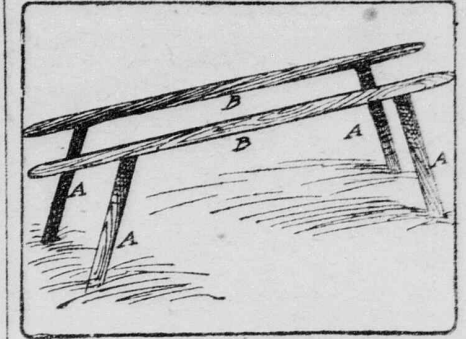
## EXCELLENT HAY RACK LIFT

Much Manual Labor May Be Saved by Use of Device Shown in Illustration—How Worked.

(By J. WESLEY GRIFFIN.)

Much heavy lifting may be avoided by having a place on which the hay rack may rest when not in use. By making a support something like the one shown in the drawing, not only the heavy lifts may be avoided but much time saved. I have known as many as three men to lose an hour each, going to and from the field, just to change a wagon body and the hay frame. This was at a time when time was valuable, more so than other times. With a lift like this one, or something similar, one man can change frames with ease and dispatch.

All one has to do is to drive between the posts at the lower end. The rack will be lifted from the wagon as



To Load the Rack.

the team draws it through. The lift should be the same height at the top of the lowest posts, as the top of the wagon wheels, the rear ones, then the rack is raised above the wheels the wagon will pass out, leaving the rack high and dry.

When ready to load the rack, simply drive between the posts, under the rack, and slip back the rack, at the same time back the wagon. As soon as the rear of the rack rests on the wagon, stand on the rear of the rack and your weight will hold the rack in place while the team is backed far enough to let the front of the rack fall in place.

## MONEY IN QUINCE GROWING

There is Unlimited Demand for Them and Fruit Is Neglected More Than Any Other.

Two acres of quinces ought to make more money for the farmer than 20 acres of apples, according to J. C. Whitten, professor of horticulture in the Ohio College of Agriculture, in a lecture to the pomology class.

"The quince is more neglected in proportion to its merits than any of our orchard fruits," he said. "Nobody ever saw an overplus of quinces. There is an unlimited demand for them. If the farmer has a place where they will do well, the crop properly handled will pay better than any of our orchard fruits. The fruit is the firmest we have to ship, the most handsome and the best keeper."

According to Professor Whitten, quince-growing has never had a boom. "This is because the quince grown under ordinary treatment, as most of our apples and other fruits are grown, does not have a good flavor and is poor in quality. The trees must have individual care and expert treatment. It requires the greatest skill to select the right site for the orchard. If properly handled, pruning, spraying and picking are easier than in our other orchards."

"When cooked the quince is the best of our core or stone fruits. For preserves, jellies and the like, the quince is the richest, most highly flavored and the most delicious fruit we have."

## SELF-BOILED LIME SULPHUR

Expert of Alabama Experiment Station Gives Some Excellent Advice on Spray Material.

Writing in regard to the use of self-boiled lime-sulphur solution to combat the San Jose scale, Dr. W. E. Hinds of the Alabama experiment station says:

"We cannot depend upon the heat of the lime to produce a combination that will be effective as a winter wash against San Jose scale. I fear that the writers recommending this, confuse the preparation of self-boiled lime sulphur for summer use for brown rot with the fire-bolled wash for the scale. An ineffective wash means waste of the materials, labor and perhaps the ruin of the orchard also."

"There is, of course, latitude for some variation in the proportion of lime and sulphur, ranging between fifteen pounds and twenty pounds of earth. Considering the danger of getting a poor grade of lime, and the cheapness of that material, I believe it advisable to use slightly more lime than sulphur. I would advise eight-ten or twenty pounds of lime and fifteen pounds of sulphur to make fifty gallons of wash. It is necessary to boil this for at least thirty minutes, and better, for forty-five or more, to get the most effective wash."

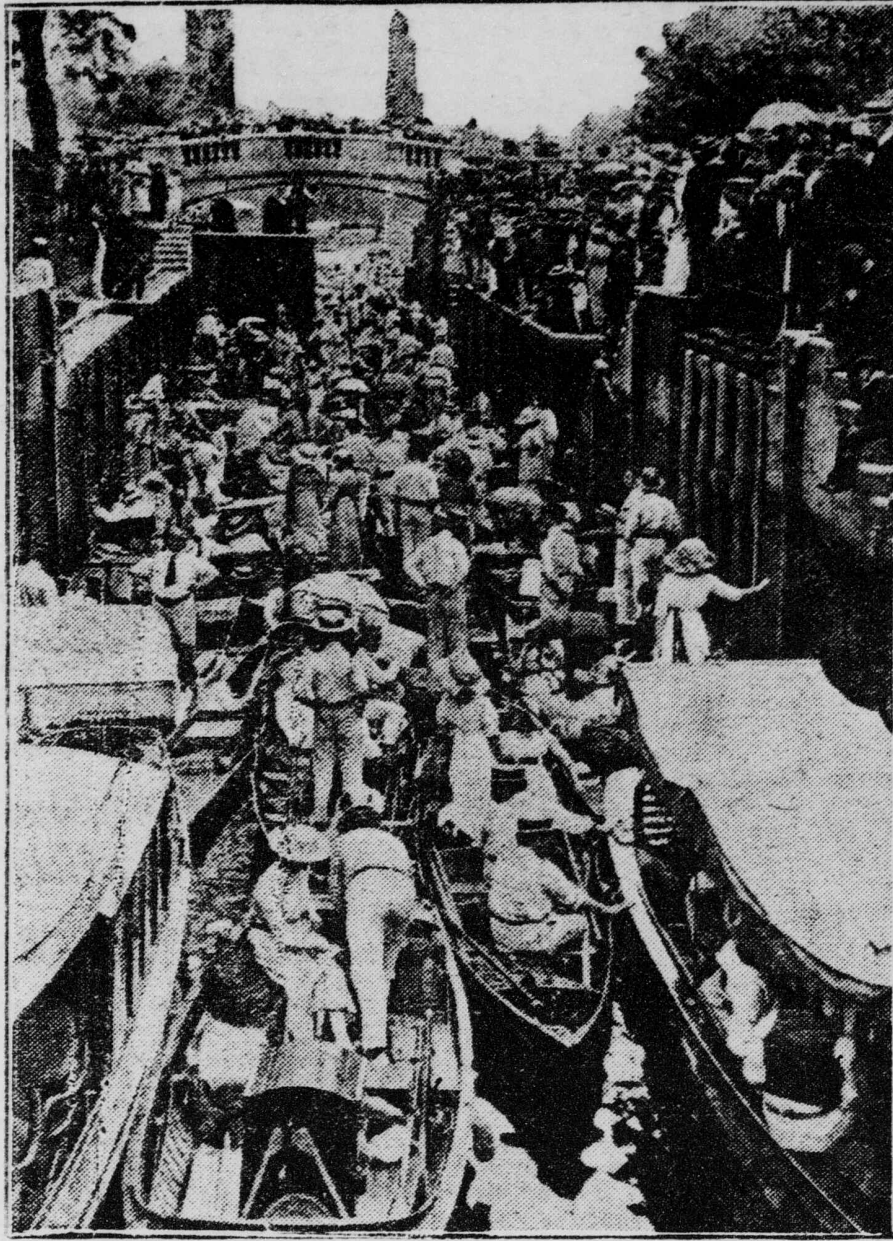
## Rape for Fall Feed.

Rape sown at the rate of two pounds to the acre in the cornfield when the last plowing has been done, or even later, will often furnish a wealth of fall feed for sheep, swine and cattle other than milch cows. Such a plan is especially good if "hogging off" corn is considered. Lambs will eat the rape and not waste any of the corn, and will produce meat at a minimum of expense. It will be advisable to snap or husk the corn before any other animals are turned into the field.



# WORLD WONDERS

## Boating on the Thames



One of the "sights" of England in summertime is the boating on the Thames, especially on Ascot Sunday. Though the river from Richmond to Henley is crowded, it is at Boulters lock, above Maidenhead, that the gathering is at its best and the press thickest. The flannels of the men and the white dresses of the women make it a dazzling picture in white.

## STILE THAT ISN'T CLIMBED SOLDIERS WHO CHEW CORDITE



The odd nut-cracker stile here pictured was discovered in Cheshire, England, by a cycling tourist. In order to pass through it the two center-pieces are drawn apart, and when they are released they are automatically brought together by means of a spring at the bottom. Thus it is unnecessary for one to climb, and cattle are prevented from straying.

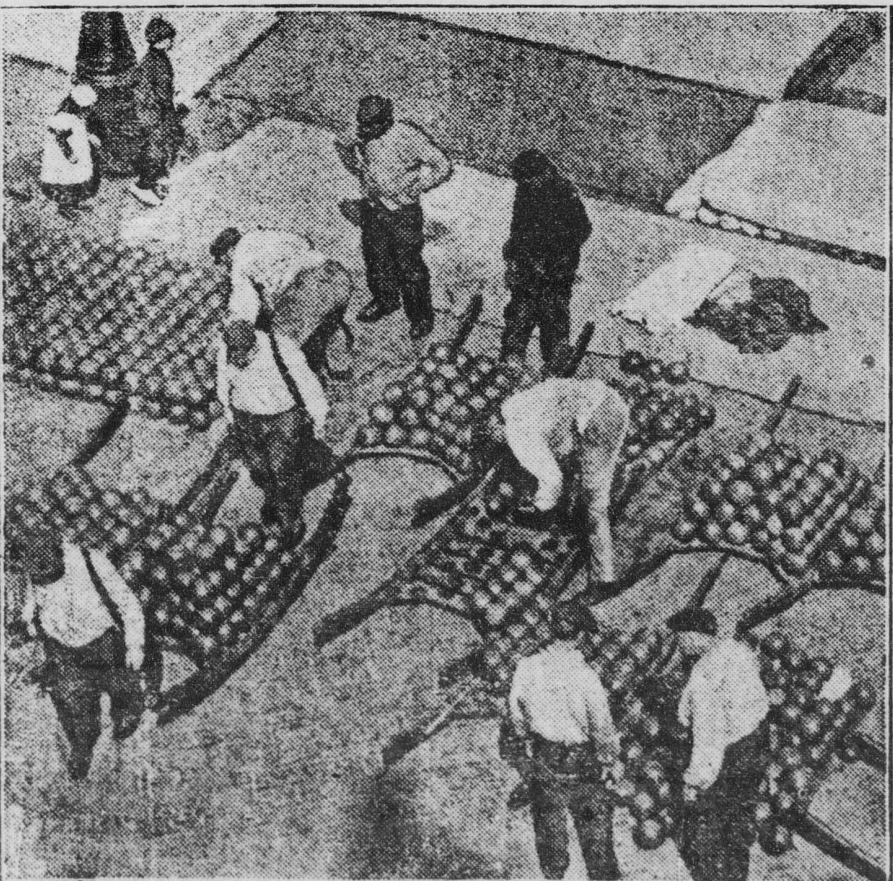
One of the troubles of most European armies is that those soldiers who can get hold of it, insist on using that terrible explosive, cordite, as if it were a sort of chewing gum.

Its popularity is due to the fact that when chewed in small quantities it has a stimulating and exhilarating effect, like small doses of alcohol. Its taste, too, is sweet, cordite being three-fifths nitroglycerin, an explosive which is sugary to the taste.

When chewed in large quantities cordite becomes more powerful in its effects, bringing on a blissful state of ecstasy, and sometimes making the victim of the habit see visions. But the real danger of the habit lies in the fact that, though nitroglycerin will only explode when given a very hard blow or touched by an electric spark, there is always a possibility that the grinding of exceptionally hard teeth might provide the necessary hard blow. Within the last few years, at least three soldiers—two Germans and one American—have been blown to bits, the use of cordite as a chewing gum being the suspected cause.

The habit was not unknown in our own armies some years ago, till the military authorities took steps to stop it.

## Cheese Market at Alkmaar



The cheese market of Alkmaar is the glory of North Holland. The cheeses, like big red and yellow balls, are brought to the market in canal barges and are tossed and caught, two at a time, by extraordinarily skillful men. Then they are piled on sled-like trays in which they are carried off after they have been auctioned.

## BARKING FOR A LIVING

The name of "barking" is given to those persons who, outside auction rooms and cheap shows, proclaim raucously the merits of their establishments. Paris has a fraternity of barkers of another and more literal kind. If you wish to join this body, what you have to do is to learn to imitate the barks of different kinds of dogs. When you are proficient in your art, you present to the officials of the exchequer your candidature for the post of "dog-revealer."

A few days later you will be requested to present yourself before a high official, who will submit you to a rigorous examination. He will probably try you on an official dog, and if you satisfy that intelligent animal that you can bark with tolerable verisimilitude, you will be appointed a "dog-revealer" with a salary at the start of \$30 a month.

Your duties are simple, if arduous. Each night a beat of a certain length will be given to you, and it will be your task to bark for an average period of five minutes outside the door of each house on your beat. If there is a dog in the house, it is sure to reply with enthusiasm to you. You will then mark the number of the house in your notebook. On the morrow an inspector will examine your notebook and see whether or not the dog license has been paid. If it has not, he will, of course, bring an action against the householder. However, sore your throat may be, you will always have the consolation of remembering that you are a government official.

## FLOODING THE SAHARA

A recent article on the Scientific American discusses the proposal of Professor Etchegoyen to flood a portion of the Sahara with sea water by means of a channel from the Mediterranean and thereby to create an inland sea, which, as he claims, would affect the climate, make for conditions of fertility, and for possibilities of colonization, and provide a channel of communication. Quite apart from the possibility or desirability of the scheme itself, a considerable number of crimes, says Nature, seem to have been committed in the name of physical geography by opponents of the scheme, who have foreseen that the new subtropical area thus created would so far affect the climate of more northern lands as to bring the Arctic belt southward to Denmark, and they even seriously discuss the probability of the upsetting of the earth's equilibrium by the displacement of so great a body of sea water. The writer of the article, at pains to calm these fears, shows that the total area of the Sahara capable of flooding from the sea is no large proportion of the whole, and appears to welcome the idea as much for its own romantic sake as for any benefits which it might confer. He is not concerned to remark upon the ultimate condition of a practically stagnant pond of sea water, with only a long narrow channel connecting it with the general marine circulation.

## CANNIBALISM OF SCORPIONS



This remarkable photograph shows a scorpion in the act of devouring another scorpion. Nothing is to be seen of the victim but the last three divisions of the body and the sting.

## HOUSE MARTINS' REVENGE

A correspondent of Country Life tells the story of two house martins' nest built against an attic window of a farm, to which the birds came for several successive years. One spring however, before they arrived, an enterprising sparrow took up her abode in one of the nests. Shortly after the martins returned as usual, and one day the farm people noticed that the hole of the nest which the sparrow occupied had been blocked up. Next morning a boy climbed up to ascertain the meaning of this, and, not finding any outlet, broke away part of the nest, to find the poor little sparrow dead on her eggs. The house martin had walked her up for daring to take possession of their house.

## WHISTLING IN CHURCH

A novel feature was introduced in the special services for men recently held at Philadelphia Methodist Episcopal church, by the whistling of hymns by the congregation. The effect was not impressive when the first hymn was whistled, but when "Onward, Christian Soldier" was started a vigorous and pleasing rendition of this martial hymn was given. The whistling of hymns was adopted because it makes a more popular appeal than singing, for all cannot sing, but all can whistle. That this new feature has proved popular was evinced by the large number attending the services, and it is probable that it may be continued at the men's meetings.

## NOTES From MEADOWBROOK FARM



Cull out the old hens.  
Store pumpkins in the field.  
Rotation of crops is advantageous.  
Not all cow keepers are dairy farmers.  
Study the individual cows and do not feed all alike.  
Fine cabbages follow beans, but do not grow well after potatoes.  
Lice, filth and draughty and overcrowded houses cause a majority of poultry ills.  
Keeping stock helps materially to market the bulky products of the farm advantageously.  
When short of room, train squash vines on trellises or wire fence; they are good climbers.  
Many failures from spraying result from working when the temperature is below 49 degrees.  
A daily rubbing with a stiff brush makes the cows take kindly to you. Helps them shed, too.  
You can tell a laying hen as far as you can see her. Her comb is always bright and healthy looking.  
A good cow is better than two poor ones—yes, better than three that can't more than pay for their feed.  
It is always a good plan to give feed of a laxative nature on the first sign of udder trouble in cows.  
Three pounds of cornmeal to the gallon of skim milk is about the right proportion to push pigs along.  
Clean up one part of the stable. The chances are that you won't be content to leave the rest dirty.  
It is poor economy to put off feeding supplemental feeds until everything green in the pasture is consumed.  
Carrots will grow well in soil enriched with the cleanings from the henery without any other manure.  
When not diluted with water buttermilk has practically the same food value for pigs and chickens as skim-milk.  
Many a good farm has been paid for by the cows. Many more might be if farmers lived up to their privileges.  
The more motor and railroad engines there are the more work there is for the horse to do to keep them going.  
The state of New York boasts of more than 1,500,000 cows. Wisconsin is a close second, while Iowa is third, with 1,400,000.  
It often pays to grade strawberries very carefully. A customer pleased and satisfied means a steady market for the produce.  
Kindness, cleanliness, good feeding and blood—that spells successful dairy farming. One without the others availeth not much.  
In selecting cows, all signs may fall, but the Babcock test is absolutely reliable. It will tell you whether the cows are good or not.  
Fruit trees, as a general rule, do not appreciate light, sandy soils. Make sure that the site for the new orchard can be easily drained.  
Collect the eggs regularly at least once, better twice, a day in moderate weather and more frequently in very warm and very cold weather.  
It is time we developed a class of young farmers capable of handling some of the problems that are driving older farmers from the best farms in the country.  
Move the chicken coops, at least, every other day, for the filthy droppings that accumulate will poison the blood of the young chicks, causing a host of diseases.  
The walls and fittings of cow sheds and stables should receive a coat of fresh lime wash at least once a year, and the floors soaked with a solution of sulphate of copper, five pounds to ten gallons of water.  
Be careful how you introduce new plants into your garden, even though they come under the guise of friendship. The loved morning glory becomes one of the worst weeds in the sandy soil of the west. If a plant shows an inclination to usurp too much space, weed it out.

Swat the fly.  
Apply manure while fresh.  
Be regular in milking cows.  
Fine salt for the butter always.  
Overfeeding chickens is harmful.  
Any disk tool is a great pulverizer.  
Steer clear of dry cows and indifferent producers.  
Good, pure food gives eggs all the flavor they ought to have.  
Dust the hens and little chicks frequently and save a great loss.  
If the chicken flock is not culled every year it will deteriorate rapidly.  
Don't let your supply of insect powder run short. Use it regularly and liberally.  
Teach the colts to walk well and you will lay the foundation for all the faster gaits.  
If cows are pastured there should be shade trees for them during the hot weather.  
Ducklings are better off for not having water to swim in until they get their feathers.  
The exercise of good judgment is most necessary in handling the dairy herd profitably.  
Early morning is the best time to have "good luck" in churning, if the weather is hot.  
In its last analysis, silage is nothing but canned corn fodder, and is the very best of feed.  
If the little colts are slow to shed their coats, feed a little oil meal or use the horse clippers.  
Allow chickens of all sizes a good dust bath. They enjoy it, from the smallest to the largest.  
As soon as the early chicks reach a weight of a pound and a half, get the broilers started for market.  
It is well to plant peas where the garden is a little moist. A spell of dry weather tests them severely.  
Regular, careful, quiet milking will permanently improve an animal as a milk producer and will increase her flow.  
A good poultryman is industrious, not easily discouraged, filled with pluck and grit, and full of ambition.  
Instead of rushing things on churning day, take it steady and give the cream a chance to clug as it revolves.  
Soft-shelled eggs are often caused by fowls being confined, becoming overfat, and from lack of mineral matter.  
It is safe to say that once a calf gets the scours, no matter from what cause, it will never do as well as it should.  
Beware of the agent who sells a preparation which, he claims, will prevent milk from souring when used to rinse cans.  
It is a fine thing for a girl on the farm to know how to milk a cow these days when men folks are busy and work presses.  
As soon as the cockerels reach the crowing stage they should be put in a separate run and fed all they will eagerly eat up clean.  
If the cows are carefully fed and are bred right, it is not uncommon to make a net profit of \$50 per cow per year above cost of feed.  
Land plaster and acid phosphate are excellent absorbents to use in the gutters and their use increases the value of the manure to a large extent.  
Mutton can be raised cheaper than any other meat, because the wool can be made to almost, if not altogether, pay the expense of its production.  
The dirt and hair should be removed from the horse collar pads each night. This will help cure sore, swollen shoulders on your work animals.  
The successful farmer has two things to keep in mind—the amount and the quantity of his products, that they may realize him the most cash in market.  
If any cows that are large milkers are about to calve, keep them in from the pasture and feed hay for a time, so that the udders will not become too much distended.  
The finer ensilage is cut the better, for it packs more firmly, and is more easily chewed by the animals than if cut coarse. Maize chaffed into one-half inch lengths will not injure an animal's mouth.  
Eggs should be sold by weight rather than by the dozen. They vary so widely as to size and weight that the seller or the buyer is sure to lose when sold by count. If sold by the pound, both get justice, because if the eggs are small it requires more to weigh a pound.

## TOM SOLVED PROBLEM

AND IN A WAY THAT MIGHT BE EXPECTED OF A MAN.

However, It Caused Mrs. Carrick to See Things in a New Light, and There Was an End of Worrying.

Everything in the Carricks' apartment was beautifully clean, for young Mrs. Carrick was a careful housekeeper and she found her greatest pride and pleasure in her sparkling glass, spotless curtains and speckless floors. Tom Carrick submitted to his wife's rules of order with smiling good nature and when a pair of slippers on the top of his chiffonier or the scattered pages of a newspaper on the parlor floor proved him a transgressor he received her general rebukes with a comical display of penitence that quite disarmed her, according to the Youth's Companion.

It was with genuine joy that Mrs. Carrick prepared a room for her father when the breaking up of his old home made it necessary for him to come to live with her. She lay awake at night planning little comforts for him, but the labor she put into the arrangement of these conveniences was as nothing compared with her efforts to make him use and enjoy them.

"Father, why don't you hang your coat on one of your hangers?" she asked one day, when she found his Sunday coat suspended by the collar from a hook. "I had these hangers put in your closet so that you could keep your clothes nice."

"That was real thoughtful of you, but you know, Maggie, I never was much of a hand for fussing about my clothes."

"Don't you like that shaving stand, father? I notice you never use it."

"Yes, it's a real clever contrivance, but I've always been used to hooking my little hand glass on the window sill and hacking away." He laughed as he displayed a small cut in his cheek and then sighed. "Your mother said long ago that I ought to go to a barber to be shaved, but I'm no hand for innovations, Maggie."

Matters became worse rather than better, and it required all Mrs. Carrick's loving patience not to be cross when she found neckties and collars scattered about the dressing case, instead of being laid away in the holders she had made for them or the shoe blacking brush on the top of the washstand, instead of in its proper place beneath. There came a time when she felt she could no longer suffer her father's untidiness in silence and she went to her husband almost tearfully.

"I don't know what to say to father," she said. "He keeps everything in his room in a dreadful mess, but I can stand that, for I go in often and put things to right, but I don't know what to do about the rug."

"The rug?" repeated Carrick.

"Yes, you know, Tom, he has an ointment for the rheumatism in his ankles and he rubs it on so carelessly that that nice big rug in his room is getting simply covered with grease spots. I just don't know what to do about it."

"Well, Margaret, I'll tell you what we'll do," Carrick assumed the air of a conspirator and lowered his voice to a whisper. "We won't ever breathe a word about it to him and we'll stand the rug as long as we can and when we can't endure the grease spots any longer, we'll buy him a new rug."

Margaret's voice was a little unsteady. "Tom," she said, "you make me ashamed."

## Unlimited Absorption.

The capacity of the United States for the absorption of objects of virtue would seem to be unlimited. The value of American imports of this character increases yearly by leaps and bounds. The latest figures for 1912 show an increase of 60 per cent. upon those for 1911. In 1910 objects of art of the value of \$22,000,000 were imported. The figures for 1911 are \$36,000,000. The distribution of the amount among the various European countries is instructive. First comes France, from which America takes \$17,000,000 worth; next England, with \$15,000,000. There is a drop of over \$13,000,000 to the \$1,254,088 of Germany. The efficacy of the stringent Italian regulations is shown by the fact that only \$740,592 worth comes from Italy—or not quite so much as comes from Canada. The imports of modern works of art into the United States in 1912 only reached the comparatively insignificant total of \$1,042,036, 35 per cent. less than the corresponding figures for the previous year.

## Wood Turned to Opal.

Wood, under the chemistry of time and the elements of nature, has often turned to stone, but it does not often turn into precious stones, as in the deposits of the western parts of the United States. There are deposits of wood turned into opal in Nevada, which is manufactured into jewelry, says the Christian Herald. The new jewel consists of petrified wood, the fiber of which has been gradually replaced by particles of the silicate called opal. It is of dark red and blue shades, with many flashes of color through it. In the sunlight the stone has a fascinating play of hues. Opalescent wood is used for pendants, brooches, rings, etc. In appearance it rivals the precious opals that have been found in Hungary. These opals from Nevada are cut with a convex surface in order to bring out the play of colors.



TOO HASTY IN HIS ACTION

Senator Root Finds Lesson for Statesman in Good Story of the Green Sailor.

Senator Root, at a luncheon in Washington, said, apropos of a new move against the trusts: "I hope that we shan't go after all our big, successful business too hastily, too ignorantly. I hope that business success won't be treated like the old man in the story.

"There's a story about a ship. A sailor fell overboard from his ship and the captain shouted to a green hand:

"Throw a buoy over!" "But the sailor wasn't rescued. He drowned. After all hope of rescue was gone, the captain, reviewing the efforts that had been made, said to the green hand:

"Did you throw that buoy over when I told you?" "No, sir," said the green hand. "I couldn't find a buoy, so I threw an old man over."

ECZEMA ON ENTIRE SCALP

R. F. D. No. 2, Sunfield, Mich.—"I was troubled with eczema. It began with a sore on the top of the scalp, broke out as a pimple and grew larger until it was a large red spot with a crust or scab over it. This became larger finally covering the entire scalp and spread to different parts of the body, the limbs and back and in the ears. These sores grew larger gradually until some were as large as a quarter of a dollar. They would itch and if scratched they would bleed and smart. The clothing would irritate them at night when it was being removed causing them to itch and smart so I could not sleep. A watery fluid would run from them. My scalp became covered with a scale and when the hair was raised up it would raise this scale; the hair was coming out terribly.

"I treated about six months and got no relief and after using Cuticura Soap and Ointment with two applications we could notice a great difference. It began to get better right away. In a month's time I was completely cured." (Signed) Mrs. Bertha Underwood, Jan. 3, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Money merely talks. Whisky makes a man sing.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. 40c a dozen.

Mean One.

Cholly—The doctor said I was threatened with brain fever.

Polly—What a jollier he must be.

Canaries Warn of Danger.

Canary birds are now part of the equipment of very well regulated mines. If the atmosphere is questionable the birds are carried into it, and they show signs of its effects at once.

New Apple Orchard Pest.

Apples in French orchards have been injured by an insect which bores into the fruit and causes it to wither and fall, so that many orchards are practically denuded.

She Had Such a Dreadful Accident.

An Emporia girl met a friend the other day and said, "Why weren't you at the party last night?" The friend replied, "Oh, I had a dreadful accident. I sat on the lawn and a mosquito bit me, and I could not get my new skirt on over the bite."—Kansas City Star.

Trouble Easily Got Over.

Zeuxis, the celebrated artist, of ancient Greece, had painted the cherries so true to life that the birds came and pecked at them.

Of course, the rich pork packer who had paid \$500,000 for the canvas couldn't stand for that.

"Paint in a scarecrow!" he commanded, with a pair of one accustomed to meet emergencies.—Puck.

PANTRY CLEANED

A Way Some People Have.

A doctor said:

"Before marriage my wife observed in summer and country homes, coming in touch with families of varied means, culture, tastes and discriminating tendencies, that the families using Postum seemed to average better than those using coffee.

"When we were married two years ago, Postum was among our first order of groceries. We also put in some tea and coffee for guests, but after both had stood around the pantry about a year untouched, they were thrown away, and Postum used only.

"Up to the age of 28 I had been accustomed to drink coffee as a routine habit and suffered constantly from indigestion and all its relative disorders. Since using Postum all the old complaints have completely left me and I sometimes wonder if I ever had them."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms. Regular (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future. "There's a Reason" for Postum.

DEFENSES of the CANAL

By E. W. PICKARD



IN THE PANAMA JUNGLE

Culebra, C. Z.—"The strongest defense of the Panama canal, in my opinion, is the fact that a hostile vessel must come into a 500-foot channel long before it is within striking distance of the vital points of the canal, the locks, and in doing so must pass within easy range of the forts that are being built to guard the entrances."

So spoke Colonel Goethals when I asked him as to the vulnerability of the canal in time of war. Continuing, he said:

"The naval power of the nations is so nicely balanced now that no one of them would be willing to risk the destruction of a single battleship by attacking those forts, which will be equipped with powerful guns, and of course the accuracy of guns on shore is much greater than that of those on moving vessels. I do not believe the forts would be attacked from the sea before the enemy had fought and won a naval victory."

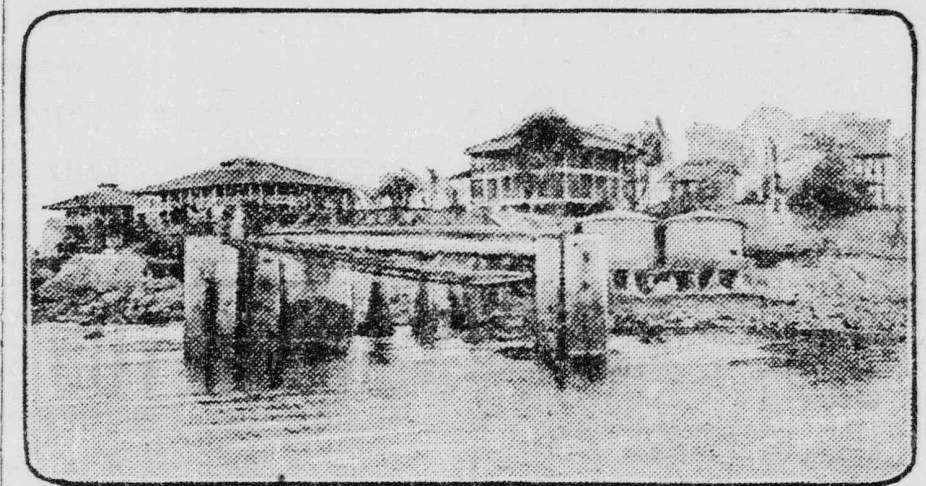
The forts of which Colonel Goethals spoke are nearing completion and the emplacements for many of the heavy guns already have been constructed. No one not officially connected with the work is permitted to approach them, but I venture to say that in case of urgent necessity the guns could be hurried down to the isthmus and mounted ready for emergency service within a very short time.

Two forts protect the Atlantic en-

able to drop shells with accuracy close behind Taboga Island, making that place untenable for an enemy. Besides that, there is nothing on the island that a hostile fleet would want. The United States might have acquired Taboga, but we didn't need it."

How strong a land force is to be kept in the zone by the United States I believe has not yet been determined. It is generally admitted that the greatest danger to the canal in time of war lies in attacks by forces that might have succeeded in landing on the isthmus. As a defense against this it may be that a small army must be maintained in the zone, and it has been suggested that the towns of Empire and Culebra, instead of being destroyed because they are on the "wrong side" of the canal, be utilized as quarters for the soldiers. This would necessitate connecting them with the other side of the canal, where the Panama railroad has been re-located, by ferry, bridge or tunnel. No decision on this matter has been reached yet by the authorities.

Meanwhile the army has not been neglecting its part of the defensive work. For some time the Tenth Infantry has been encamped in the zone and its men, in small detachments, have been "hiking" all over that part of the isthmus. The possibilities of landing a hostile force on the shores of both the Atlantic and the Pacific have been investigated, and also the



Quarantine Station on Culebra Island.

trance of the canal. One is on Toro Point, at the land end of the long breakwater that shields Colon harbor, and is on a considerable elevation. The other is on Margarita island, a low-lying islet close to the shore about a mile northeast of Colon. Both these fortifications are shielded from observation by the palms and other tropic vegetation.

At the Pacific end of the canal, a little more than three miles out in the ocean and close to the eastern side of the deep water channel, lie the four little islands of Naos, Perico, Culebra and Flamenco. These the United States acquired with the Canal Zone. On Culebra is the quarantine station for that end of the canal. On the others are being built strong fortifica-



Monument to the Builders of the Panama Railway, W. H. Aspinwall, Henry Chauncey and John L. Stevens, in the Grounds of the Washington Hotel, Colon.

tions. The rounded tops of the rocky islands have been cut off and a little army of men is busy blasting and shoveling and preparing the bulwarks behind which will be mounted long cannon and immense mortars. The four islands are all being connected with each other, and Naos, the nearest, is joined to the mainland at Balboa by a breakwater about 17,000 feet long, on which has been constructed a railway line.

Some eight miles away, nearly due south, lies the larger island of Taboga, and timid souls have suggested that it would form a safe shelter and recuperating point for a hostile fleet, for its hills rise to a considerable elevation and on its south side there is plenty of deep water. But if Colonel Goethals' opinion is to be taken—and it should be—Taboga need not cause Uncle Sam any anxiety.

"The mortars to be installed in the Pacific fortifications," said he, "will be

chances that such a force would have of finding sustenance. Then little groups of soldiers have been started from various possible landing places with instructions to make their way as swiftly as possible to given points along the canal, mapping the country they traverse, in order to determine what an enemy could do.

The result of this work of investigation so far, briefly and wholly unofficially stated, is that the shores of the Atlantic ocean, within a good many miles of the zone, are impracticable for a landing force because of the nature of the country; that a landing could be made easily on the Pacific side some distance west of the zone but between there and the canal the jungle is so dense as to be virtually impassable; that the dangerous district is that lying immediately east of the zone on the Pacific side. On the last mentioned shores an enemy could well land an army, and the semi-open rolling savannas between there and the canal would give easy access to the zone.

The army officers on the isthmus make no secret of the fact that their investigations are being carried on mainly with the Japanese in mind. How those islanders could land there and what they could do if they did land are the problems engaging the attention of Colonel Greene and his men of the Tenth.

One defensive measure that has been adopted is the clearing out of practically all inhabitants from the zone, except at the ends of the canal and in several of the larger towns which, as I have said, may be kept as quarters for the soldiers. All holdings of land are being valued by a mixer commission and the residents moved away. When the canal is completed the jungle, much of which has been cleared out, will be allowed to grow up again, for the experience of centuries has shown that that jungle itself is a powerful defense against an invading army. The practicable roads through it are few and far between, and the streams not navigable, and the growth of trees, brush and great vines so dense that it is virtually impassable for a body of men, to say nothing of cannon and supply wagons. A rapid dash through the jungle would be entirely out of the question, and when the zone is deserted all food supplies will have disappeared.

Some fear has been expressed that a few men could land, make their way quietly to the canal and blow up the locks. But it seems unlikely that they could get ashore and transport to the canal, undetected, enough explosives to do any great damage.

On the whole, the canal will be quite adequately protected—provided it is not attacked too soon.

The KITCHEN CABINET

Don't come into my parlor," said the housewife to the fly; "There's a screen at every window, and your entrance is defied. There are microbes in your footsteps and a crust upon your head. Which, if not microscopic, would fill our hearts with dread."

"If you enter, I have poison all prepared for you to eat. And paper spread to tangle your germ-laden wings and feet. I will poison, trap or smash you if you do not leave my door. For our modern sanitation will endure your calls no more."

—Adalena F. Dyer.

SUGGESTIVE HELPS.

A trained nurse prevented all disagreeable after effects of chloroform after an operation by the use of vinegar. Cause the patient to inhale the fumes of vinegar from a saturated cloth. She said she had never known it to fail.

To clean a silk or net waist, put it into a two quart fruit jar nearly filled with gasoline. Let it stand overnight, and in the morning, shake it back and forth. If quite soiled it may need rinsing in fresh gasoline.

When staying over night in a strange hotel, look for and locate the way to the fire escape before going into your room. Place a book or chair on the floor under the electric light fixture, so that it will be easy to find the globe.

Those of us who have groped for several minutes for a light fixture know how annoying it can be.

For a bruised finger nail, dip it in cold water and hold it upright for an hour and your nail will not turn black.

Open the faucet at the bottom of the hot water tank and let the water run off. This will remove the accumulation of rust in the pipes of the stove.

Dress shields covered with silk like the lining of the coat are not noticed and double the wear of the lining besides giving it the protection of the shield.

Slice the oranges on a potato chip slice for orange marmalade, and they will be as thin as the famous imported marmalade.

One careful housekeeper keeps her plate racks always clean by washing one with each regular dish washing.

When carrying three or four books, slip the cover of one inside the other, which will keep them from slipping.

There is an ugly kind of forgiveness in this world—a kind of hedonistic forgiveness shot out like quills. Men take one who has offended and set him down before the blowpipe of their indignation and scorch him and burn his fault into him, and when they have kneaded him sufficiently with their fists, then—they forgive him.

—Henry Ward Beecher.

MEATS.

The German sour meat is not well known among other nationalities, and is so altogether good that it should be better known.

German Sour Meat.—Add to a half cup of vinegar a cupful of water, one onion and a teaspoonful of whole allspice, one tablespoonful of sugar and salt to taste. Put a piece of meat for roasting in this, turning it often; let stand three days, when it is ready to brown in fat and roast, using the pickle to baste it when roasting.

Sour Batten.—Take a nice piece from the round, lay in vinegar, with an onion, salt, allspice and pepper, with one bay leaf; let stand three to five days, depending on the amount of the meat. Brown the meat in a deep frying pan, pour in the vinegar and sufficient water to cover the meat; simmer until the meat is tender. Strain the gravy from the spices, and thicken with flour before serving.

Mutton With Peas.—Cut mutton in serving sized pieces, brown and put to cook in a small amount of water; when nearly done add a can of peas and season well. Serve with the peas poured over the mutton.

Brown Stew.—So few people know how good a brown stew may be. Cut the meat, which may be the tougher portions of the round or a piece for stewing. Cut up in small pieces and brown in a little hot suet which has been tried out. Add a small chopped onion, and let it brown with the meat. Dredge with flour, which will give the gravy thickening, and cook with boiling water, just kept at the simmering point until the meat is tender. Serve with boiled potatoes. The seasoning may be given before the flour is added to the meat.

Hamburg Steak.—Season hamburger steak with a chopped onion allspice,

Victoria's Musical Voice.

The royal speech depends mainly upon delivery for its impressiveness. Queen Victoria's first speech drew praise from Frances Anne Kemble, who was provided by Lord Lansdowne with a seat in the house of lords. The queen's voice, she declared, was exquisite, "nor have I ever heard any spoken words more musical in their gentle distinctness than the 'my lords and gentlemen,' which broke the breathless silence of the illustrious assembly, whose gaze was riveted

cloves, paprika and salt. When ready to serve pour over a cup of well seasoned tomato sauce.

One chicken will serve a small family for several meals. Fry the bits liked best, stew and have biscuits and gravy with the larger portions.

The reason that cooking so fails of its purpose, is that its practice is far below the rank of other human industries, and therefore often more of a hindrance than a help.—Ellen Richards.

SPANISH DISHES.

Spanish cookery is quite simple, the most important ingredient used is the fiery pepper.

Spanish Omelet.—The sauce must be prepared first, to serve with this dish, which is a meal in itself. Fry a good sized onion until golden brown, add a quart of tomatoes, four or five red peppers, two tablespoonfuls of butter and a pinch of salt, and set the mixture on the back part of the stove to simmer. To prepare the omelet, pour a cup of warm milk over a cup of bread crumbs, add two tablespoonfuls of butter and six well beaten eggs, the yolks and whites beaten separately. Pour the sauce around the omelet when it has been placed on the hot platter.

Mexican Scrambled Eggs.—Roast a dozen fresh green peppers, peel, remove the skin and seeds, and chop, then boil in a very little water until tender; season well with butter. Beat six eggs, add seasoning and the peppers, and cook for a moment in hot butter.

Mexican Stew.—Put a pound of round steak through the meat chopper, mold into small balls. Into a hot frying pan put a minced onion, a cup of tomatoes, two or three peppers and a quart of water. When it boils add the meat balls and simmer for half an hour, then add two or three diced potatoes; season with salt and pepper and serve with toasted bread.

Chili Con Carne.—Prepare a dozen fresh chillies by putting them on to cook in cold water, bring to the boiling point, and when tender plunge in cold water; remove the skin, seeds and white veins. Cut in pieces a pound of beef, brown in a little lard, season, add an onion and a clove of garlic, add a tablespoonful of flour. Simmer in a little water with the peppers.

The highest duty of the state is to so legislate and minister as to make good homes, for it is only a larger home, and for the same use, that the state exists.

—Ellen Richards.

BROTHS FOR THE SICK.

Broth is a liquid containing the juices of soluble parts of meat and bone which have been extracted by long, slow cooking. When cold, it is more or less solid, according to the gelatinous nature of the ingredients.

The chief object in making broth is to obtain the largest possible amount of nutriment from the meat, so we cut it in small pieces and soak it in cold water, using the water as well as the meat in the slow cooking which follows. A tightly-covered kettle which will retain the steam is desirable, otherwise much of the flavor is lost by evaporation.

Mutton Broth.—Mutton broth is the accepted kind for the convalescent. Wipe a piece of the neck weighing two pounds, cut off all skin and fat and cut the meat in small pieces. Put the bones into the kettle with the meat, add cold water and let them stand an hour to extract the juices. Heat gradually to the boiling point, season with salt and pepper and simmer for two hours, but do not allow to boil. Remove fat and strain through a coarse sieve. Serve hot. In re-heating, use a double boiler.

Three tablespoonfuls of rice or barley may be added; soak the barley overnight, add to the broth and cook until the grains are tender. If the broth is made the day before and cold, the fat may be easily removed.

Nutritious Beef Broth.—Cut three pounds of solid meat from the shoulder or shin in small pieces, put the cracked bone into an earthen jar, cover with cold water and cook slowly with the meat ten or twelve hours in a slow oven. A fireless cooker is an ideal place to prepare this broth. Strain through a colander, add salt and cool quickly. When cold, remove the fat. Serve cold as a jelly or heat to 170 degrees; not higher, as boiling injures its value.

Egg Broth.—Beat the white and yolk of an egg separately and add the yolk gradually to a cup of hot beef broth, stirring constantly. Add salt and fold in the white of egg, reheat carefully and serve hot.

Nellie Maxwell.

upon that fair flower of royalty. The enunciation was as perfect as the intonation was melodious, and I think it is impossible to hear a more excellent utterance than that of the queen's English by the English queen."

Cocoanut Butter Industry.

Marseilles annually exports about \$10,000,000 worth of cocoanut butter, the business having been developed since 1897. Most of it goes to England, Holland and Scandinavia.

Quite Superfluous.

Mrs. Ellsworth had a new colored maid. One morning, as the maid came down stairs, the mistress said:

"Emma, did you knock at Miss Flora's door when I sent you up with her breakfast?"

"No, ma'am," replied the maid, with preternatural gravity. "What was de use ob a knockin' at her do' when I knowed fo' sure she was in dar?"—New York Evening Post.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Wm. C. Little* In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Thoughtful Papa.

"I don't think your father feels very kindly toward me," said Mr. Stately.

"You misjudge him. The morning after you called on me he seemed quite worried for fear I had not proper courtesies."

"Indeed! What did he say?" "He asked me how I could be so rude as to let you go away without your breakfast."

Motors Displace Handcars.

Motor cars for laborers have almost entirely displaced handcars on railroads. They are economical because they deliver the men at the place of operation in good condition.

Irritating Skin Troubles.

so prevalent in summer, such as hives, poison oak chafing, sunburn, eczema, etc., are quickly relieved when Tyre's Antiseptic Powder is used. 25c. at druggists or sample sent free by J. S. Tyre, Washington, D. C.—Adv.

Its Nature.

"Would you put any reliance on an opinion that it is healthy to eat candy?"

"Well, it may not be a true opinion, but it is certainly a candied one."

SORE TEATS AND COW POX.

Hadfield's Belguim Ointment, at Hardware and Harness stores. Guaranteed.—Adv.

Her Last Chance.

"She was married at high noon." "Yes, and everybody said it was high time."

The religion that makes a man take his coat off isn't the kind he makes a cloak of.

IT'S HARD TO WORK

It's torture to work with a lame, aching back. Get rid of it. Attack the cause. Probably it's weak kidneys.

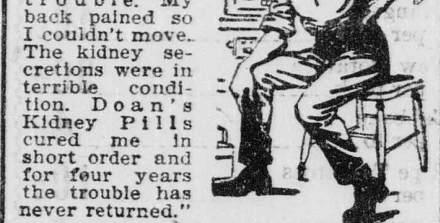
Heavy or confining work is hard on the kidneys, anyway, and once the kidneys become inflamed and congested, the trouble keeps getting worse.

The danger of running into gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease is serious. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, a fine remedy for backache or bad kidneys.

Get Doan's at Any Store. 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, stimulate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and indigestion, as millions know.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Warranted

DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies, gnats, mosquitoes, house flies, etc. Clean, economical, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't rust; it's fireproof, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. All dealers order express paid for 25c.

HAROLD SOMER, 100 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

Quickly relieves weak, inflamed eyes. Hold every where. See a Booklet Free. JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

PATENTS

Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D. C. Books free. High best references. Best results.

INDIAN RELICS WANTED of copper and stone. Write and tell me what you have. H. F. HAMILTON, Two Rivers, Wis.

CONSUMERS AND NIGHT HUNTING DOGS—thoroughly trained; free trial. Catalogues, 100 pages, 11115. South-bound, Sec. Southern Farm Colonization Agency, Selma, Texas.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 32-1913.

Milwaukee Directory

RAT-EXIT

Most Economical and Effective Remedy. Write and tell me what you have. H. F. HAMILTON, Two Rivers, Wis.

WISCONSIN PHARMACEUTICAL CO. MILWAUKEE, WIS.



**Your Own Suit**

When you buy a tailor-made suit it is your own—you never feel that you have borrowed some one else's by mistake. It holds its shape for years.

I have three skilled tailors busy in my shop. Call at any time and I will take your measure for prompt completion.

**C. A. WALZ**

"Let me the canakin clink" sang honest Cassio. You can clink your canakin to your satisfaction where you can have it filled with such drinks as hit your fancy. If you like malt, I have it in all styles—from Milwaukee or Minneapolis to Norway. If it be wine or the juice of the bearded Rye, still I have it.

**AUGUST LILLQUIST**  
905 DELTA AVENUE

**-FOR SALE OR RENT-**

Building known as the Laing Grocery. Will sell at a very low figure and on long easy payments. Possession can be given August first. For particulars inquire of H. B. Laing at the Post Office. 14 tf

- Watermelons each ..... 45c
  - California Peaches per dozen ..... 25c
  - California Pears per dozen ..... 30c
  - Red Plums very large per dozen ..... 15c
  - Grapes per lb ..... 20c
  - Oranges per dozen ..... 40c
  - New Potatoes per peck ..... 30c
  - Cabbage per lb ..... 4c
  - Ripe Tomatoes per lb ..... 10c
  - Green Onions 2 bunches for ..... 5c
  - Carrots 3 bunches for ..... 10c
  - Beets 3 bunches for ..... 10c
  - Celery 3 bunches for ..... 10c
- We can save you money on your Groceries.

**Elof Hanson**  
GROCER - PHONE 48

**..HERE..**

we are again with a brand new stock of Old Goods. When you order of me know that your order will be properly filled, whether you are not—that depends upon you, for I have every kind of Liquor in the pharmacopeia. Order now.

**Fred Anderson**  
805 DELTA AVE.

**SEEN AND HEARD.**

Efforts are being made to extend the ore dock strike now involving Duluth and Superior to every ore shipping point of the lakes. F. H. Little of the Industrial Workers of the World Wednesday drew up a proclamation appealing to all ore dock workers to join it. The proclamation was sent to Two Harbors, Ashland, Marquette and Escanaba. Nothing has been heard from any of these points. The Two Harbors workers probably will go out however.

Lake Michigan has been rising this summer, and has passed the average stage of the last ten years. It is two feet four inches below the highest water mark. The lower lakes are now far higher than usual, but the water level is falling.

The act effective next Friday gives the probate judge the authority to commit children to care of their mothers, where the mothers are widows or deserted or are mothers in other circumstances that leave them dependent on the county. For the care of their own children these widows may now receive from the county poor funds not to exceed \$3 per week for each child.

The Escanaba & Gladstone Transportation company, owners of the steel steamer Maywood, which now makes three round trips a week to and from Menominee are contemplating the construction of a new passenger boat. If their plans are carried out, the company next year will have two steamers touching Menominee daily, one going north and the other going south.—Menominee Herald-Leader.

The express companies report the usual number, or more, this year of blueberry shipments, although the quantities going to the large cities are less than they have been.

Prosecutor Anthony Lucas, of Houghton county, has been ordered by Attorney General Fellows to prosecute his brother Michael for violation of the liquor law, on complaint of another saloonkeeper. But it is a good bet that the prosecuting attorney will not be impatient to secure a conviction.

If the baby has whooping cough get a bottle of Penslar croup and whooping cough syrup and you will get a good night's sleep to night.

**LABAR & NEVILLE'S**

There is a large and variegated crop of weeds to be seen in every alley in Gladstone and the council should issue a call for outside aid to harvest it before it spoils, seeing that there are so many people who are unable to take care of their own production. In township the authorities see to it that such valuable vegetation is cut in the first part of the summer.

Drs. Miller and Mitchell arrived Thursday evening from Ishpeming, after a most enjoyable auto tour, and attendance at what is believed by the physicians present to be the most profitable meeting of the upper peninsula medics ever held.

Mrs. C. E. Connahan was injured last Friday by a fall, breaking her arm. About an hour later her brother-in-law, Lawrence Connahan, entered the doctor's office with his left hand cut badly by the use of a hatchet, and was much surprised to learn that his was the second accident in the family that day.

Quite a number of tramps and vagabonds have been making their incursions into the upper peninsula this summer. Marshal Danielson has been giving them the move-on sign regularly, but still the supply holds out.

A very important part in caring for the sick is to get the proper medicine at the right time. Send your prescriptions to us and they will be compounded carefully and quickly and at a reasonable price.

**ERICKSON & VON TELL**

H. H. Lemieux and John Latimer made a trip up Reno's creek Thursday. Neither of them has become bandy legged through the weight of the catch he carried home. Fishing is unusually poor along the Escanaba this year.

Colonel Newton, who put on a home talent trial here some time ago, will give a touch of realism to his play at Hancock Saturday. The court will be presided over by Judge O'Brien, and County Clerk Kaiser and Sheriff Cruse will be in their proper places.

Mrs. J. B. Miller is visiting her son Dr. A. H. Miller. Miss Grace Miller is here also.

**SIX DOLLARS A MONTH.**

For rent, flat at 707 Delta Avenue modern conveniences. Phone 137-L. 13 Mrs. C. E. Nebel.

**Origin of Knives.**

The first knives, according to the conclusions of a scientist who has made a study of the subject, were fractured stones that happened to have a sharp cutting edge. But the vegetable kingdom also furnishes very keen cutting edges in the leaves and stalks of certain plants, which might have been availed of before artificial knives were made. The fractured stone knife easily suggested the shaping of flaked stones, like flint, into the form of blades. Among the Seri Indians on Tiburon island, in the gulf of California, the primitive custom of utilizing fractured and water worn stones for knives still exists.

**Personals**

Charles S. Slining and Sidney Goldstein leave next week in the latter's new roadster for Chicago, where they will spend two or three days. It is to be hoped they will have better weather than they enjoyed on their return from Escanaba during Thursday evening's shower.

Edmund Pennington, general manager of the Soo Line, and Superintendent F. W. Curtis were in the city Thursday on a tour of inspection.

Henry Stenstrom and Walter Belanger left Sunday with the Yantic on her cruise.

Mrs. Joseph Olhoff left Wednesday morning for Kewanee, Wis., to spend a week with relatives.

After four months illness, Robert, the year old son of F. C. Greenwood died Monday from tuberculosis; the funeral was held Wednesday.

Will H. Donahue is expected about the middle of the month to spend a few days vacation with relatives here.

Miss Edith Hood returned last week to Minneapolis, where she is employed.

Miss Grace Rogers spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Mrs. T. W. McDonough in Escanaba.

John Olson and Claus Anderson, with families, spent Sunday picnicking at Maywood.

Ed Cardin and Victor Mallongree leave Sunday for the home-coming and Perry celebration at Green Bay. They will return the last of the week.

A daughter was born Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ryerse.

Mrs. J. A. Yerrick and Mrs. F. Callahan were down from Rapid River Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Yerrick's daughter, Miss Maud Hocks, will return in a couple of weeks from a trip to the Pacific coast.

Mrs. C. F. Whitesfield was a guest this week of her daughter, Mrs. Mabel Williams, in Gladstone.—L'Anse Sentinel.

Norman C. Kee writes from Mount Clemens to friends here that he is deriving much benefit from the baths. He will remain there for two or three more weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Johnson, of Fond du Lac, are spending the month with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Reagan.

The Misses Mary Flynn and Etta McCarthy returned Tuesday morning to their home in Ishpeming.

Fritz Wohl returned Monday from El Paso, Tex., and Charles Wohl will come next week, to make their home here again.

Miss Charlotte MacIntyre is acting as substitute in the postoffice during the vacation season.

Hayden Blair spent Sunday in Escanaba township, at the home of his uncle, Supervisor Clifford Barron.

Charles Hicks of Escanaba visited Gladstone friends on Sunday evening.

J. T. Burgess returned Saturday from his vacation, and H. J. Neville left again for Manistique.

Mrs. James Young, and her daughter, Mrs. Jeff Johnson, returned from Gillett, Wis., last Saturday. Mrs. Johnson left for Cosmopolis, Wash., Wednesday.

The Misses Vetta Folsom and Margaret Laidlaw were in Escanaba Saturday.

Mrs. J. N. Berry returned Sunday from visiting in Escanaba.

Charles Holm arrived Monday from the S. F. S. F. convention at Dollar Bay, having much enjoyed the trip. Dollar Bay is just outside the rim of the strike district.

Miss Eunice Needham, who underwent an operation on her throat recently, has recovered.

Clayton Campbell of St. Ignace is visiting at the home of William Grills.

The invalid son of Henry Reiss of Rapid River died Wednesday, after many years of illness. His funeral was held from the Congregational church Friday.

John Kinnie is brightening up G. VonTell's bungalow with an artistic brush.

Mrs. E. B. Greenwood, of East Jordan, Mich., is visiting her son F. C. Greenwood.

Mr. and Mrs. John Pettit left Thursday evening for Green Bay to attend the home-coming celebration.

Louis J. Smith, who sprained his back a few days ago while putting up a window, has been off duty for some days.

Mrs. W. H. Freeland and Miss Frances Olson returned Saturday evening from Tawas City. Miss Olson is now spending a few days with friends in Crystal Falls.

John Zanggel and Helen Leister were married last Sunday, and kept open house that evening for their friends, at the Zanggel home on Lake avenue. Many were attracted on the occasion and refreshments were plenty.

Miss Helen Long arrived Thursday from Escanaba to visit her grandmother, Mrs. Power.

Charles D. Mason arrived Sunday from Cleveland, but did not vouchsafe his presence for long to this city. He left the same evening on the Yantic, whose navigating officer he is. He will be here again, however during the three weeks' cruise.

Mrs. E. B. Carr, who has been ill for some days, is improving. Her daughter, Miss Margaret Hanser, returns in a day or so to Minneapolis.

Rev. C. G. Olson, and Rev. Anderson of Metropolitan, who have been camping at Maywood, returned to the city Wednesday.

R. P. Mason left for Milwaukee Sunday evening as navigator of Grant Stephenson's yacht "Aida" which accompanied the Yantic. He returned Wednesday morning.

Albert Ellsworth was over from Escanaba for a short time Saturday evening.

Mrs. R. B. Baird and daughter are expected here to spend Saturday and Sunday in Gladstone.

Mrs. P. G. Hibbard, and daughter Eleanor, who have been visiting Rapid River friends, left Wednesday for Canada. They will return to Portland about October 1.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Slining, C. S. Slining and Miss Slining returned from Marquette in their car Sunday, after a pleasant trip.

Miss Dorothy Mertz is visiting relatives in Berlin Wis. Her sister Dolores will join her there.

M. J. Magoon returns this week from Monticello, where he and his family have been visiting. David W. Kelley will then take his vacation from the dispatchers' desk.

Mrs. A. E. McCornock and children left Thursday to visit for a couple of months in Detroit. Mr. McCornock will leave at the time of the state fair to meet them.

Rev. F. N. Miner left Thursday morning for Bay View, with Mrs. Miner; he will return Saturday night.

Mrs. O'Connell and family, with her sister, Mrs. Maloney, leave Sunday on an automobile trip to the latter's home at Green Bay.

Rev. G. G. Hicks and family left Thursday morning for their home in Oxford, Mich.

Miss Ella C. Johnson, who will be instructor in music and drawing in the public schools next year, was in the city Thursday, on her way home from Chicago to Ishpeming, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton W. Damitz were in the Soo Sunday for a few hours.

Messrs. LaBar, Neville and Forshar spent Sunday in the country inspecting their farm. They report a bumper crop.—Manistique Courier Record.

Gust Dehlin arrived Thursday from Manistique to hold up the hands of Jack Burgess.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pfeifer and Mr. and Mrs. George Birch leave Rapid River Sunday by auto for Green Bay to take in home-coming week.

Douglas and Eugene Stewart and Clyde Haines of Menominee, who have been camping at Maywood, return today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Blackwell left Wednesday evening for Waukon, Ia., to visit relatives before returning to their home in Kansas.

W. J. Johnston is moving into the Marble house at 816 Wisconsin. W. L. Marble, Jr., leaves for the west in about three weeks, and will arrive at Los Angeles in October.

W. L. Marble and W. W. Gasser will spend Saturday viewing the majestic scenery of the Whitefish.

Don't let your fruit spoil; use Ever keep canning compound.

**LABAR & NEVILLE.**

A daughter was born Friday August 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Nyberg.

Mrs. W. P. Derry who has been quite ill, is somewhat better.

John A. Campbell and his son Donald are visiting his parents in Calumet.

Miss Iva McDill leaves the first of the week for Buffalo, having a two weeks' vacation from the axe factory.

W. L. Marble spent Wednesday and Thursday at Trenary on business of the Cloverland company.

Archie Jacobs is in the city on business.

A new lot of 10c novels just received come in and get your choice.

**LABAR & NEVILLE'S.**

Dr. D. N. Kee and son Noble, E. B. Carr and Andrew Erickson are spending a couple of days on Eighteen Mile creek, above Nahma.

Mrs. H. Rosenblum returned Friday from Chicago, where she had been called last week by the death of her father, B. Prass. She was accompanied by her son Herbert and daughter Josephine.

Each remedy in the Penslar line is guaranteed by

**LABAR & NEVILLE'S.**

Rev. I. Hoyem has signified his refusal of the call recently extended him from Wallace, and will remain as pastor of the mission church in Gladstone.

Carl Widar writes friends that he is now busily employed in the wheat fields of the Dakotas.

Herbert McFarland of Escanaba has purchased the Hayden farm, on the traction line below the city limits.

**..AUTUMN DAYS..**

will soon be here with cool evenings, and then cool days

The jersey and the mackinaw jacket, in the excellent forms in which they have presented themselves during late years, have become stylish in the centers of fashion. The most correctly dressed wear them on the street, as well as in pursuit of vacation.

The Hub, as usual, carries the best quality of these goods. We call your attention to our

**SWEATER COATS & LADIES' CHIPPEWA MACKINAWS**

You will remember how the demand last year for these high class goods far exceeded the supply. Let us suggest that you anticipate the exhaustion of stock which is certain this winter.

We invite our customers, and especially the ladies, to view our advance showing at this time.



WE ARE IN A POSITION TO  
**SELL WOOD CHEAPER**  
Than Anyone Else in Gladstone Can. Call up  
**PHONE 45**  
and get Our Prices before Buying WOOD.

**THE NORTHWESTERN**  
**COOPERAGE AND LUMBER COMPANY**

**SEND IN YOUR ORDER NOW**

Give the workman time to do a good job by daylight. Get the job moving as soon as you can. Get the type set as soon as you can. Get the proofs back to the printer as soon as you can.

Don't hold on to the proof until the day before the job is wanted, for only a part of the work is done when you see the proofs—sometimes the smallest part.

Fuss over your copy before it goes to the printer—not when proof is submitted. Then you will not have to fuss with the printer about alteration charges and delays.

If you want to see how the job looks in colors, go over to the printing office and have the printer show you press proofs. Don't have the printer hold an expensive press and employ while the proof is sent.

In printing, haste usually makes smeared copies, smudgy-looking cuts with no makeready, dead colors that do not have time to dry before handling; and last, but not least, it makes poor printing, and poor printing is dear at any price—Printers' Ink.

The Gladstone Delta  
Intelligent Printing

**Thinking of Building?**



Come to us and we will be glad to help you solve your building problems without putting you under any obligations in any way. We've had considerable experience in this line of work as problems like yours are put up to us frequently.

**Let Us Give You Estimates**

on the lumber for your building and show you our choice line of

**Sash, Doors, Finish and Millwork**

as well as our general stock of well manufactured and thoroughly seasoned Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Building Materials.

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