Volume XXVI.

CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

Gladstone, Mich., December 9, 1911

\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Number 37

Miscellaneous

| Golden Link Flour per pound | \$6.00 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Brookfield Eggs per package | 32c |
| Brookfield Farm sausage per box | 20c |
| Smoked Lake Chubs per lb | 15c |
| Smoked Trout per lb | 15c |
| Rhinelander Oreamery Butter per lb | 40c |
| Pop corn per lb | 5c} |
| Salt Herring per lb | 10c} |
| Salt Salmon per lb | 13c |
| Heinz Apple Butter | 35c |
| Juneau Brand Coffee 1 lb package | 27c |
| Puromis | 5 |

PHONE 48

December

A MONTH SURROUNDED

By Turkeys

Between Thanksgiving and Christmas you will do some plain living. We furnish the choicest of steaks, chops, roasts, etc., and will be pleased to deliver the goods.

P. FOY

Sanitary Meat Market Phone 158

ROUMAN BROS." CANDY KITCHEN

Ask for our Special Caramels and Turkish Nougat, Ice Cream and Hot Drinks.

ROUMAN BROS.

Phone 68J

at the brick block.

Use the TRAVELERS RAILWAYGUIDE PRICE 25 CENTS 431 S. DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO



& CO. 36 1Broadway, New York

Lut Fisk

All ready for cooking, price

10c

a pound, three pounds for a quarter

Mackerel

A fresh supply of nice young Mackerel, ten cents each, three for a quarter.

And everything else in Salt, Smoked and Canned Fish.

OLSON & ANDERSON

THE LEADING BUTCHERS. Phone 9

745 Delta Avenue.

I Thank You

My Thanksgiving Business was better than any previous year. We appreciate the fact and thank you for your patronage.

See our Christmas China before purchasing.

Andrew Marshall

Phone 164

DO YOU READ

THE GLADSTONE DELTA?

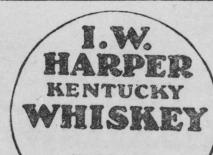
Strictly Fresh EGGS

I have a supply, and will give you the lowest price obtainable, but will not quote figures, as they will vary during the week.

Choice Ham, Bacon, Breakfast Sausage and Ham Sausage to accompany.

J. R. BARRETT & CO.

Phone 55-J.



for Gentlemen who cherish Quality./

EMIL VANDWEGHE

DIVISION AND SILENCE writer that if he would see the city attorney, the Dakota sewer matter might be arranged. Wherefore the writer highest office is the man who does again bowed his head to the present right in the ordinary walks of life, as municipal yoke, and called on the official in company with his solicitor. The mayor. You men can exert an everlatter was requested to be present more as a witness than as counsel. The city attorney admitted that the objections to the Dakota avenue sewer tax, as offered in writing by Charles E. Maard hereing by Charles E. Maard distribution of wealth: more counsel distribution of wealth: more son, and hereinbefore set forth, were equal distribution of wealth; more sound and agreed to advise the council moral courage is needed to eliminate to draw an order in favor of the treas- the usual barnacle than to provide a forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby urer for the difference between 20 per cent of the assessed value of his lots and the amount of his sewer tax, on payment Patriotism."

million new sources of revenue."—
Lawton T. Hemans on "Practical Patriotism." of what the law allows to be collected. To this the writer at once agreed, provided that the thing was put upon the city records, justifying The Delta in the strictures it has made upon the sewer from the consumer through the Payne-tax and the manner in which the business of the sewer has been done. this the city attorney replied that he had to look after the "city's" interests This "enormous total" amounts to

This ended the conference. The writer did not begin this quarrel but was urged to it by those who have much larger interests on Dakota avenue. Having made the plea, which the city attorney told the council was "not well taken" but which he now allows to be good, The Delta will stand pat.

This publication would ill deserve the confidence of the public if it were to be bribed by the concessions offered on a few cheap lots on Dakota (concessions valueless if they do not apply to all) and permit those in the same case to be mulcted in illegal taxes three times as great as the law permits.

My opinion is that the whole tax is a parts with his money.

CHAS. E. MASON

The minions and ministers are sensible that the opposition is directed, not against the city but against them; because they have abused the city's confidence, brought discredit upon its government and derogated from its justice. They see the public vengeance collected in dark clouds around them; their consciences tell them that it should be hurled, like a thunderbolt, at their guilty heads. Appalled with guilt and fear they skulk behind the "City". Is it disrespectful to drag them into public view and make a distinction between them and the "City" under whose venerable name Pennsylvania Convention.

THAT MYSTERIOUS ROLL November 6, 1911, objections were er's gallery a whole lot. heard to the confirmation of the Dakota avenue steal. The publisher of The Delta is the only one interested who filed written objections. The city attorney advised his clients that the ob-

jections were not well taken and "Alderman Clark offered the following resolution, and moved its adoption which was supported by Alderman

Resolved that the special assessment roll for the laying of sewer in Dakota Avenue be and the same is hereby confirmed and said assessment become due and payable forthwith and shall be collected directly there from. Motion de-clared carried."

This is the record in the journal of the proceedings of the council of the city of Gladstone under date of November 6, as published in the official paper. But inquivy elucidates the fact that although the sewer tax roll was delivered to the city treasurer for collection on November 11, it was removed from his office later and, after some indecision, it was given to the assessor to spread on the general tax roll for 1911. Therefore we find that an erasure was

made in the council's journal and an entry made to correspond with later devel-The special tax, or robbery, as you choose to think it, was spread on the general roll in Red Ink, so that you can pay your general tax, without meddling with the Dakota avenue doings.

and leave no stain on the state or county's share of the tribute. Nice, isn't it? The council or some portion thereof,

seems to be doing a large amount of wiggling over this sewer tax robbery. The honest and respectable element in the council ought to get out from behind this Dakota avenue business and tell the public what they know about

Sir, we have done everything that could be done to avert the storm now coming on. We have petitioned, we have a nice line of plain and fancy aphave supplicated, we have prostrated rons, fancy work, home-made candy, ourselves before the throne and have and all kinds of fancy bags. Chicken implored its interposition to arrest the tyrannical hands of the ministry and parliament. Our petitions have been slighted, our remonstrances have produced additional violence and insult; our supplications have been disregarded; and we have been spurned, with contempt, from the foot of the throne! In see the property, Cor. Eighth and Michvain, after these things, may we in- igan. dulge the fond hope of peace and reconciliation. There is no longer any room for hope. If we wish to be free—we must fight!—Patrick Henry.

In other words, if The Delta will help to hold 'em, the "City" will skin

DAKOTA AVENUE of more revenue. What it needs is greater efficiency in the men who draw the revenue now. We look too much for Last week it was intimated to the the unusual in the leader and officials of

Says the Detroit News: The enormous total of \$325,000,000 was drained To of the nation, ready for the ship suband that the rebate ought not to be made about three and one half dollars per until February. That is to say, not unhead in the nation. We might stand til all taxes become delinquent, and that. But down on Dakota avenue those who have not paid lose by their they hit a man with a \$25 lot for \$54.06 negligence (laches, the lawyers call it) of taxes. That is, they take from him many rights they would otherwise have. twice as much as he has. There are few financiers who can beat this record.

> The battle of Bunker Hill was fought pecause the patriot fathers would not pay an illegal tax of fourpence a pound upon tea. Yet there are those who would pay an illegal sewer tax of fifty dollars, rather than get a cross look from Gladstone's uncrowned King.

He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation, for imposing taxes on us without our consent, for monstrous iniquity, and, for the most part, not collectible at law. Any man who has taxes to pay in Gladstone should consider all the facts before he laws, and altering fundamentally the forms of our government. In every stage of these oppressions we have petitioned for redress in the most humble terms; our repeated petitions have been answered by repeated injury.

—The Declaration of Independence.

> Why should anyone want to file plans and specifications for the Dakota Avenue thing after the work was done and the contractor paid?

The Delta learns that there is at least one householder at the west end of Dakota who, finding that he can connect with the sewer without having the bay back up into his cellar, is surprised that les miserables in the swamps of Sixth street with \$25 lots are not willing to pay sixty dollars apiece for his benefit. they daringly attempt to shelter their Name given on application; but don't, deeds?—Speech of James Wilson in the please don't nail his ears to the pump.

> If Alderman Clark had a megaphone, it would help us fellows in the report-

A man whose business it is to know informed The Delta long since that there is a "vertical angle" in the Dakota sewer. Later information proves this to be true. There are many other things connected with this affair that are not in the least creditable to the guilty parties. A "vertical angle" might pass, at a pinch; but sinuosities in the management are not to be forgiven.

And, oh, my prophetic soul, there are twenty chapters more of this sewer tax

Lawton T. Hemans says taxpaying makes patriots. Gladstone must have the biggest lot of patriotic citizens in

Robbing Peter to pay Paul is a new way to look after the "City's" interest.

Who is the "City", anyway?

SIGNS WE SEE The Houghton Gazette says: Arthur Brown of Ontonagon was in town Wednesday. First thing he spies on Shelden street is this sign: SQUARE DEAL FOR THE REST OF THIS WEEK. SATURDAY LAST DAY

AUCTION

There will be an Auction held in Swedish Mission church next Thursday evening, December 7 when many pretty articles of various kinds will be sold, suitable for holiday gifts or any other purpose.

FOR SALE CHEAP 13 room modern house, hot water heat, bath and all modern improve-

J. P. BARRETT.

ODD JOBS For odd jobs, wood splitting, etc.,

drop a post card to EMIL NELSON, City

FOR SALE OR TO RENT Seventeen room house on 10th street, Eternal vigilance is the price of liber- suitable for boarding house. Apply to Dr. David N. Kee. 81-tf wooden with the control of the

STATE OF MICHIGAN The Probate Court for the County of Delta At a session of said court, held at the Pro bate Office in the city of Escanaba in said

County, on the twenty-third day of November Present: Hon. Judd Yelland, Judge of Pro

In the matter of the estate of Iden G Champion, deceased, John Masbaum their final administration account, and their petition praying for the allowance thereof and

for the assignment and distribution of the re-

sidue of said estate. It is further ordered, that the eighteenth day of November A. D. 1911 at ten o'clock in the appointed for examining and allowing said petition:

It is further ordered, that public notice there of be given by publication of a copy of this or der, for three successive weeks previous to said day of heating, in the Gladstone Delta, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

JUDD YELLAND Judge of Probate.

ELLA FRECHETTE Register of Probate

November 4, 1911. December 9, 1911

Homestead Notice DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,

October 28, 1911. Notice is hereby given that JOHN B. GEROUX, of Perkins, Michigan, who, on October 22, 1906, made Homestead Entry No. 12095, Serial, No. 01419 for NE14 of NW14, Section 22, Township 42 north, Range 22 west, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Delta County, at Escanaba, Michigan, on the Twelfth day of December, 1911.

Erick Hall, of Perkins Mich. Joseph Miljour, Joseph Rabichan. Frank Roukes of

Claimant names as witnesses:

OZRO A. BOWEN

Homestead Notice.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. S. LAND OFFICE, at MARQUETTE, MICH. OCTOBER 26, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that EMIL NELSON of Gladstone, Michigan, who, on December 30, 1904, made Homestead Entry No. 11598, Serial No. 01140, for W1/2 of SE1/4, Section 20, Township 43 N., Range 20 West, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make and Annie Champion having filed in said court Final Five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Delta County, Michigan, at Escanaba, Michigan, on the 12th day of Dec mber, 1911.

> Claimant names as witnesses John Eckblad, of Gladstone Mich. Alfred Raddant, of George Young, of Louis Dube, of Escanaba, Mich. OZRO A. BOWEN

Timber and Stone Notice

October 28, 1911. December 30, 1911 U. S. LAND OFFICE, MARQUETTE, MICH. October 19, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that Ole Stromquist whose postoffice address is Rapid River, Michigan, did on the 29th day of December, 1910, file in this office his sworn statement and application No. 02365 to purchase the SE1/4 of the SW1/4 of Section 22, T. 40 N. of R. 21 W. Michigan Meridian, and the timber thereon, under U. S. LAND OFFICE at MARQUETTE, MICH. the provisions of the Act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that pursuant to such application the land and timber thereon have been estimated by applicant; the timber estimated 10M board feet at \$7.50 per M, and the land \$50.00, total value of land and timber \$125.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the third day of January 1912, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Delta County, at Escanaba, Michigan. Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before atent issues, by filing corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

OZRO A. BOWEN Register.

us? We are maintaining the usual standard for promptness and correctness at our Buffet and spare no pains to induce you to come again.

Our facilities are find for handling the most various lines of trade and we will make a specialty of yours, if you say so. You cannot do better.

JOHNSON & FISHER

901 DELTA AVENUE

Winter Work

We do not crawl into a hole when the first cold snap comes. The bear doesn't need a plumber, in his hollow log, but you do

For repair work or new construction, I am always in readiness. My guarantee is

> Good Work and the Best Material

H. J. KRUEGER PHONE 260-J

TRIPOLI

is in a serious fix, but you will always find peace and plenty in my place of business. I have a large, roomy, well-appointed shop and a full supply of the best in every line of hard and soft drinks. They run from HHHH to BBB B and will sure meet your views.

Yours for Peace

P. W. Peterson

725 DELTA

Fred Anderson

Presents his compliments to all and requests the pleasure of their company at any time that suits each one, at his Sample Room on Delta Avenue, number 819. All kinds of liquid

REFRESHMENTS SERVED

to the taste of the party ordering. We study to please.

FRED ANDERSON

સુંજી કૃષ્ણ કૃષ્

WE ARE IN A POSI-

~~~~~

CHEAPER

THAN ANY ONE ELSE CAN IN GLADSTONE.

TION TO SELL WOOD CALL UP 45 AND GET OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING



THE NORTHWESTERN COOPERAGE & LUMBER COMPANY

C. E. MASON, Publisher

GLADSTONE

MICHIGAN

soon be on Medicine Hat will straight again.

Comets ought to be required to keep civilized hours.

Now the fur overcoat begins to stir uneasily amid its moth balls.

In one city in Connecticut boys are taught cooking in the public schools.

Brooks' comet is moving towards the sun, induced no doubt by a chilly feeling.

China's Emperor is in no frame of mind to enjoy the sacrifices or anything else.

Most Occidentals can tell a Manchu from a Chinaman when they meet one in the street.

have been exceeded, how will the vessel be referred to? Arabs in Tripoli who killed Italian wounded soldiers were not bidding

for gentle treatment. The engineless aeroplane is even less inviting to the cautious citizen

than one of the noisy kind. Just because the small boy likes to play with toy railroad trains is no

sign that he will be president. Most persons are willing to acknowledge that there is such a thing

Six hundred asterolds travel along asteroid?

Professor Lowell reports sighting a frost on Mars, but could not tell by the telescope which party had been defeated

A ditch digger is sole heir to a \$75,000 estate. When the whistle blows at noon he can eat his lunch light-heartedly.

Goat's milk is strongly recommended as a cure for inebriety. Still, the victim may find difficulty in getting somebody's goat.

The Chinese emperor, aged 5, is doing all that can reasonably be expected of him to pacify his numerous subjects, and they should not in all fairness behead him.

Seattle clergyman preached in the streets from a coffin and was carwas not a dead one.

beginning of seven years of bad luck. It had been his good luck that had kept him out of trouble.

Fifty Pittsburg men are suing for divorce on the ground of extravagance. It surely is a shame for their wives to spend the money they need for the Great White Way.

The beauty lecturer who has been advising New York women to use more soap and water on their faces, but not to forget the rouge, reminds deep

The cutting off of queues by the Chinese rebels is reported to have made puffs cheaper. If the revolution wins out first thing we know puffs will be so cheap they will be unfashionable.

European nobleman tried to reduce his weight in order to win a wife and died of starvation. Moral: It is better to have men say "Isn't he fat?" than "Doesn't he look natural!"

Surely it ought not to be a repugnant task for every good citizen of the country to comply with the apple growers' modest demand and eat five apples a day until further notice.

Prof. Jenks of Minnesota would cure the divorce evil by letting wives control the family purse strings. This, added to the countless other sure cures and panaceas, makes one wonder why divorce should stick around

A telephone conversation has been carried on successfully between London and Basel in Switzerland, 600 miles away, and it is expected that before long most of the large cities in Europe will be in telephone communication with the British capital. What good will it do, however, to connect a man in London with a man in Berlin if neither understands the other's language?

Now that the lawn mowing season is over, the muscular system may be kept in trim by judiciously heaving coal into the furnace.

The names of statesmen and cities in China are inexplicably mixed, and they cannot well be unscrambled until this cruel war is over.

The wearers of high crowned derbys declare that the hatters shall not for the sake of profit introduce the will die first.

# GLADSTONE DELTA ANNUAL STATE POULTRY SHOW

To Be Held in Detroit January Twenty-fifth to Thirty-first.

MANY ENTRIES EXPECTED

J. A. Turner Estimates That There Will Be at Least 2,500 Birds in the Coops-Special Prizes Will Be Awarded.

Lansing.-The annual show given under the auspices of the Michigan State Poultry association in Detroit, January 25-31, promises to give evidence as to the growing interest in that industry in this state. Secretary J. A. Turner of Lansing estimates that there will be at least 2,500 birds When the super-dreadnought shall in the coops, which will mean a very fine prize list.

Th following judges have been selected to award the various prizes: James A. Tucker, Concord, Mich.; Richard Oak, London, Ont., and George M. Wells, Oshkosh, Wis.

There will be a large number of special prizes and premiums. Entries close January 15 and all birds must be in the armory on January 26. The cash premiums will be at least 50 per cent, of the entrance fees.

"Few people realize the extent of the poultry industry in our state," remarked President W. E. Stanfield of Hillsdale. "It amounts to more than the wheat crop or corn output. In as old age, but the bridegroom of 73, the past two or three years Michigan has been coming to the front rapidly in the poultry business and we expect the show this year to greatly stimuwith the arth, and one of them is late interest and cause the people to missing. Has any one seen a lost raise better stock. Every poultry raiser in the state should be interested in our Detroit show in Janu-

Beware of Fire, Christmas Warning.

In a circular letter sent out to all fire chiefs, village presidents, township clerks and deputy fire marshals, by C. A. Palmer, state fire marshal, attention is called to the careless decoration of store windows and home decorations that accompany this season of the year. With the protection of life and property in view the following communication has been sent

"With the approach of the Christmas holiday season, we are reminded of the great loss of life and property annually occasioned at this time through the careless decoration of store windows, Christmas trees in homes and churches, and the reckless handling of electric wiring inflammable materials, etc. In order to reried home by "pallbearers." And one duce the disasters resulting from the of his objects was to prove that he above, it is the desire of the department that all deputy fire marshals (which includes yourself under the A prisoner begged a magistrate not law) shall make an especial effort to to fine him, saying it would be the carry into effect the following regulations:

"The use of tissue paper, excelsior, straw, cotton and all other light and especially inflammable materials in the decoration of store windows where there is an open gas jet, and in the wrapping of electric bulbs is strictly prohibited, and you are requested to particularly enforce this provision. The decoration of Christmas trees in public places with any of the above materials is considered a crime by this department, and you are requested to urge the people of your us that some beauty isn't even skin locality to refrain from its use in

that way." Unable to Agree in Their Views.

The members of the commission of tax inquiry are in session in Lansing exchanging views relative to the form of their final report, which should State Meeting of Progressives. have been presented to the governor, but which will probably not be ready for several days. It is known that there exists some difference of opinion among the members relative to certain phases of the report, and it is these matters which will delay the final report. Doubt is expressed whether the members will agree, and there are rumors that their differences of opinion are such as to preclude any definite recommendations from the commission as a whole relative to changes in the taxation syseach member giving to the governor his own view of the matter rather than collaborating with the others in a, joint report.

Dentists' Societies Merge.

As had been anticipated, the third and fourth district dental societies were merged with the Southwestern Michigan organization, and Dr. Sherman M. Fowler of Battle Creek was elected first president of the new association. Dr. A. F. Trefry of Niles is vice-president, and R. F. Patterson of Coldwater secretary-treasurer. Two hundred dentists from St. Joseph and tne Kalamazoo valley districts chiefly compose the new society.

# Praises Salvationists.

In the current issue of the Michigan Catholic a high tribute is paid. editorially, to the work being done among the poor by the Salvation Army, in again sending out its members to solicit donations for the annual Christmas dinner and other contributions to the poor of the city. This annual Christmas dinner given by the tion in New York city of having hanlow crowned article. They say they Salvation Army is one of the grand died more realty than any other man works of charity.

\$135,180.34 in General Fund.

There is \$135,180.34 in the genera fund in the state treasury according to the monthly statement issued by State Treasurer Sleeper, but tha amount on hand is cash conserved for wages, while about \$225,000 in ac counts are being held up pending the receipt of the next year's taxes. The state also enjoyed a bit of good luck, receiving a dividend from the defunct Chelsea bank, while the land department had an exceptionally good month of sales, the receipts for which went to help the general fund. There was, however, over \$40,000 in salaries to be paid from that along with the salaries of all the circuit judges and by the end of the month the amount of cash will be scant.

Great Work Is Being Neglected. All over the state there is being considerable interest aroused in the proposal to establish a commissioner of agriculture to boost the agricultural production of the state. One man makes figures to show that the output of farm products can be increased from \$300,000,000 to \$3,000,-000,000 a year and he quotes a letter from President Snyder of the Agricultural college in which the president says he appreciates that much could be accomplished for Michigan by such an official, were he not subject to political control, but permitted to hold the position permanently.

Governor Osborn's suggestion at Grand Rapids that the commissioner be appointed and his work supervised by the state board of agriculture. meets with President Snyder's approval. He adds that there is a great work in this state which is being neglected, and says that efficient services could be rendered by a commissioner were he allowed to hold the position a sufficient length of time to work out his plans free from political dictation. In conclusion the president

'The matter of permanency should be secured, which would be quite a difficult matter if connected with some department of the state govern-

State Drops Its Claim to Land.

After litigation of several months, during which time the state endeavored to gain possession of two acres of land in Erin township which belonged to the late Frank Gabriel, papers have been filed in the office of the county clerk relinquishing all claim on the part of the state to the property involved. Gabriel obtained possession by deed of two acres of ill, and as he was without a helpmeet Calvin Stilwell took care of him upon promise that he should receive the property at the death of the negro.

Boys' Conference Closes.

The ninth annual state conferclosed in Detroit under the auspices of the state committee of the Y. M. C. A. This is the first time the conference has been held in Detroit.

The conference opened at the Y. M. C. A. building. Over 400 delegates attended the meeting.

A banquet was held in the basement comed the delegates in the name of quet was given. the city of Detroit, and Marcus Kalbfleish, a Detroit delegate, welcomed

at the conference. Athletic contests were held in the route. gymnasium of the Y. M. C. A. build-

in this city in January, according to retary of the La Foliette organization. little too far, with the result that the It is announced that a permanent or- tender plunged into the river. It will vention and plans completed for the campaign in this state in 1912.

mailed to Republicans all over the Ferry company to pass. state by the La Follette league in an attempt to arouse interest in the plan to carry the state for him, but up to physician who attended James tem, and this may result, it is said, in date there has been no indication that Avis, the boy who died last week of Michigan can be stampeded to the Wisconsin senator; in fact Republicans generally have paid but little attention to the propaganda and but lit- an examination, he cut his finger with tle interest is displayed.

receive attention at the convention measure. will be that of a state primary to elect delegates to the national Republican convention. The La Follette men are fired at her husband with a reurging this as a means of securing opportunity to elect at least some La Follette delegates. It is said that they will ask Governor Osborn to call a special session of the legislature to court order. Miller had been granted enact the necessary legislation to place the national primary scheme in of divorce proceedings. Mrs. Miller effect.

Calls Michigan Farms Best in U. S.

Michigan farm lands today are the best investment of the kind in the whole United States and Canada.

This was the decision arrived at by Michael L. McLaughlin of Brooklyn. and a party of New York land buyers, who have arrived in Detroit after completing a 23,000-mile motor trip across the continent. Mr. McLaughlin is a land dealer and has the reputain America.

# WOLVERINE **NEWS BREVITIES**

French Landing.-One man lost his life and three others narrowly escaped a similar fate when a scaffolding at the Detroit Sanitary works broke. Otto Brandermill, head foreman of the works, was precipitated about 20 feet, striking upon his head, fracturing his skull. He died several hours later without recovering consciousness. Superintendent Fred V. Wilson was also upon the scaffold when the accident occurred but saved himself from falling by grasping the tackle ropes and hanging on until assistance reached him. Another employe, named Sadloski, likewise escaped uninjured. The fourth man, a Polish workman, fell with Brandermill but landed upon his feet and was | deaths. only slightly hurt.

Lansing .- The stock of the Calkins-Schlegel Hardware company, Iron Workers, was sentenced to 15 which the owners claim was worth \$15,000 and which occupied the store in the south part of the brick Hotel Schavey building on South Washington avenue was destroyed by fire, while the furnishings of the hotel were badly damaged by smoke. The fire started among inflammable material in the basement and spread rapidly, having gained such headway before the fire department arrived that it was impossible to save any of the stock. The hardware stock was insured for about half its value.

Sturgis .- Mrs. Upham, landlady of the Park hotel at Burr Oak. committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. Mrs. Upham waited on table and when she did not appear for din- bridges and factories where labor ner Mr. Upham went in search, finding her in her room in great agony, breathing her last. Mrs. Upham was about fifty years old. She had, it is claimed, several times threatened to take her life and had been acting strangely the last two weeks.

Holland.-United States Marshal N. J. Whelan, accompanied by B. Mulder, left for San Francisco with three Chinese who had been smuggled into this country and for whose entrance the smugglers are alleged to have received \$1,500 each. The Chinese will leave San Francisco for deportation to Hong Kong Dec. 6. They were captured at Detroit, Chiland in Erin township. He was taken cago and Sault Ste. Marie by immigration officers.

Detroit. - An appeal has been made to the pope in behalf of Rev. Bernard Zmijewski, pastor of a large Polish church in a suburb of this city, whose removal was ordered a week ence of boys between fifteen and ago by Bishop Foley. Rev. Mr. Lemptwenty years of the state Y. M. C. A. ke, temporarily appointed to take charge of the parish of St. Florian, has gained control of the church, but Rev. Mr. Zmijewski remains in possession of the priest's residence, declaring that he is ill and cannot be moved.

Saginaw. - Sixty-five candidates were initiated into the Saginaw of the North Baptist church, where council, Knights of Columbus. The many prominent speakers addressed ceremony took place at the Masonic them. Milton A. McRae, president of temple. The degree work was in the board of commerce, who is a great | charge of the Mt. Pleasant and Bay believer in Y. M. C. A. work, acted as City councils, and knights from all toastmaster. Mayor Thompson wel- over the state were present. A ban-

Hastings .-- Isaac Weeks, a piothem in the name of the boys. Rev. neer and Civil war veteran, is dead J. T. Black, president of the Pastors' in his seventieth year. He was one association of Detroit, welcomed them of the first children born in Barry for the churches of Detroit. Many county. Weeks, who was employed Sunday schools, as well as branches as a substitute mail carrier, was of the Y. M. C. A., were represented found dead in a livery stable where he had gone for a horse to cover his

Port Huron .- One of the large 40-ton engine tenders belonging to the Pere Marquette railway is rest-Michigan progressives, so-called, ing at the bottom of Black river where are to hold a state convention the railroad bridge spans the stream and connects with the company's Secretary A. L. Cohen of Detroit, sec- tracks. The engine backed up just a ganization will be effected at the con- be necessary to send to Saginaw for the large steam derrick in order to raise the heavy car and allow the Circulars and letters have been boats of the Port Huron & Sarnia

Brighton .- Dr. M. H. Coan, the rabies, has also gone to Ann Arbor to take the Pasteur treatment. While removing the brain of the dead boy for the instrument he was using, and will One matter which will undoubtedly take the treatment as a precautionary

> Hancock. - Mrs. Jacob Miller volver and when that was taken away attacked him with a butcher knife when he called to obtain their nineyear-old child, in accordance with a the custody of the child as the result was arrested.

Port Huron.-Fire totally destroyed the large grand stand and surrounding structures at the driving park. The loss amounts to \$16,000. with insurance of only \$1,000. Lack of water facilities forced the firemen to stand by and witness the building go up in smoke, the old wooden timbers proving easy food for the flames. Work will be started immediately on the construction of a new and more spacious grand stand, which the associaion expects to have completed in time for next year's meetings.

# M'NAMARAS GET -PRISON SENTENCE

for Brother.

BITTERLY SCORED BY JUDGE

Escape From Death Penalty Not Due to Any Extenuating Circumstances -Grand Jury Will Ask Brothers to Tell Whole Story.

Namara was sentenced to life imprisonment for dynamiting the Los Angeles Times plant and causing 21 His brother, John J. McNamara, secretary-treasurer of the International Association of Bridge and Structural

Los Angeles, Cal.-James B. Mc-

years in the state penitentiary for dynamiting the Llewellyn iron plant. Judge Bordwell, in pronouncing sentence on the younger brother, said he deserved death; that there were no extenuating circumstances, but that the court thought it the part of wis-

dom to do otherwise. A few hours after they were sentenced the word went forth that subpoenas would be issued for both men to appear before the federal grand jury to divulge further details of their dynamiting conspiracies.

The United States government will demand of them information concerning interstate trafficking in dynamite, which is alleged to have resulted in more than a hundred explosions at warfare was involved.

Counsel Asks for Mercy.

James B. McNamara arose first. District Attorney Fredericks made a brief statement of the case, reading the prisoner's confession for the first time. "This defendant has pleaded guilty. By so doing he has settled that which for all time, in the minds of a great many, would have been a doubtful question. He has served the state in other ways and it is my judgment that some small degree of consideration

that fact." The confession says:

"I, James B. McNamara, having heretofore pleaded guilty to the crime of murder, desire to make this statement of facts:

should be extended to him because of

"On the night of September 30, 1910, at 5:45 p. m., I placed in Ink alley, a portion of the Times building, a suit case containing 16 sticks of 80 per cent dynamite, set to explode at one o'clock the next morning. It was my imention to injure the building and scare the owners. I did not intend to take the life of any one. I sincerely regret that these unfortunate men lost their lives. If the giving of my life would bring them back I would gladly give it. In fact, in pleading guilty to murder in the first degree, I have placed my life in the hands of the

Scathing Address by Court.

"There is little or no ray of comfort. Mr. McNamara," said Judge Bordwell, "in the assertion by you that you did not intend to destroy life. The widows and orphans and the bereaved parents will look upon that statement as a mockery. The circumstances are against you in making any such claim.

"A man who would put 16 sticks of 80 per cent dynamite in a building full of explosives-I do not now refer to the explosives of which you may have had no knowledge—I really mean combustible material-I say that a man who under these circumstances would place a dynamite charge of that quantity in such a building, in which you, as a printer, knew gas was burning in many places, and in which you knew there were scores of human beings toiling, must have had no regard whatever for the lives of his fellow beings. He must have been a murderer at heart.

"You well merit the maximum punishment prescribed by law---'

"No Extenuating Circumstances." "That the judgment of the court does not condemn you to death upon the gallows is due to the existence of no extenuating circumstances whatever," the judge continued, "but because it appears to the court the part of wisdom to do otherwise. It is the judgment of the court that as a punishment for the crime of murder in the first degree, to which you have pleaded guilty, you shall be confined in the state prison at San Quentin for

As relieved as any one could be with a life sentence confronting him, the prisoner sat down beside his brother. The big man arose and the little brother eyed him affectionately.

your natural life."

The court read the indictment charging that he had pleaded guilty of having caused the destruction of the Llewellyn iron works in this city, the district attorney made a brief statement, urging clemency, and sentence was passed with a few brief sentences.

His Trump Card.

"The half has never been told me," said the queen of Sheba to Solomon. Whereat Solomon was greatly pleased, for he realized that the visitor was truly impressed by the many wonders of his kingdom. "But," he smiled afterward, "even if she had not been completely surprised I had one trick up my sleeve. I was going to inaugurate some Monday bargain sales in the bazars if necessary. Happily, we may allow them to wait until some future age."-Woman's World

# **ANNOYING ERUPTION** ON PHILADELPHIA WOMAN'S FACE GONE

Life Term for James: 15 Years Mrs. Lippincott Gives the Inside Facts of Her Case.

> Mrs. M. E. Lippincott, of Philaderphia, made a disclosure on June 1, which should be read by every man and woman. Not only that, but Mrs. Lippincott says that everyone should hear of the wonderful history of this particular case and profit as she did. Here is the story in her own words:

> "About one month ago I was attracted by your advertisement in a local newspaper on the merits of your Resinol Soap.

> "Having at that time a very annoying eruption on my face I purchased a cake of the Resinol Soap, and before it was half used the eruption disappeared entirely, the old skin peeled off and fresh new skin formed.

> "I wish to thank you for placing within reach so meritorious an article, which I do not hesitate to recommend to my friends"

Not only is Resinol Soap highly effective in removing skin affections. but Resinol Ointment has no equal in relieving eczema, scalds and burns or any form of eruptive skin disease, as tetter, ringworm, barber's itch, eruptions of poison ivy, stings of poisonous insects, pimples, rash, sunburn, prickly heat, chafing, itching, blackheads. boils, scalds, burns, etc. Resinol Ointment comes in opal jars at fifty cents and a dollar. Sold by all druggists. Sample sent free if you mention heading of this ad. Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore. Md.

WISE WORDS.



The Agent-Do you believe in advertising?

The Merchant-Yes, sir. It's better to be a live man in a dead town than a dead man in a live town.

it Sounded Weil.

Horace Taylor, the artist, whos newspaper illustrations used to be admired here, came from Nokomis, Ill., in the Egypt district. In "Hod's" early days they organized a band in which he blew an inconsequential

"We had a hard time naming the band," said Taylor. "However, as we were a thousand miles from the ocean and even a considerable distance from the great lakes, we called it the Marine Band of Nokomis."-Chi-

cago Evening Post. Accurately Informed.

"How is it that woman seems to know so much more about Europe than most of us?" said the frank and outspoken lady.

"Because," replied Miss Cayenne, 'she staved at home and read guide books instead of squandering her time

WORKS WITHOUT FAITH Faith Came After the Works Had Laid the Foundation.

A Bay State belle talks thus about

"While a coffee drinker I was a sufferer from indigestion and intensely painful nervous headaches, from childhood.

"Seven years ago my health gave

out entirely. I grew so weak that the exertion of walking, if only a few feet, made it necessary for me to lie down. My friends thought I was marked for consumption-weak, thin and pale. "I realized the danger I was in and

tried faithfully to get relief from medicines, till, at last, after having employed all kinds of drugs, the doctor acknowledged that he did not believe it was in his power to cure me.

"While it this condition a friend induced me to quit coffee and try Postum, and I did so without the least hope that it would do me any good. I did not like it at first, but when it was properly made I found it was a most delicious and refreshing beverage. I am especially fond of it served at dinner ice-cold, with cream.

"In a month's time I began to improve, and in a few weeks my indigestion ceased to trouble me, and my headache stopped entirely. I am so perfectly well now that I do not look like the same person, and I have so gained in flesh that I am 15 pounds heavier than ever before.

"This is what Postum has done for me. I still use it and shall always do so." Name given by Postum Co., Bat-

tle Creek, Mich. "There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

# TAKES UP TRUST PROBLEM

# Only Matter Touched On In President's nite and as clear as that which the Supreme court itself lays down in enforcing the statute. Message to Congress

# Additional Legislation to Strengthen Present Statutes Is Recommended---Defends Standard Oil and Tobacco Decisions

of congress Tuesday, deals exclusively in part is as follows:

To the Senate and House of Represent-This mesage is the first of several which I shall send to congress during interval between the opening of its regular session and its adjournment for mission to congress of exhaustive reports by special commissions, make it impossible to include in one message of a reasonable length a discussion of the topics that ought to be brought to the attention of the national legislature at its first regular session.

The Anti-Trust Law-The Supreme Court Decisions.

In May last the Supreme court handed down decisions in the suits in equity brought by the United States to enjoin further maintenance of the Standard Oil trust and of the American Tobacco trust, and to secure their dissolution. The decisions are epoch-making and serve to advise the business world authoritatively of the scope and operation of the anti-trust law of 1890. The decisions do not depart in any substantial way from the previous decisions of the court in construing and applying this important statute, but they clarify those important decisions by further defining the already admitted exceptions to the literal construction of act. By the decrees, they furnish a useful precedent as to the proper method of dealing with the capital and property of illegal trusts. These decisions suggest the need and wisdom of additional or supplemental legislation to make it easier for the entire business community to square with the rule of action and legality thus finally established and to preserve the benefit, freedom and spur of reasonable competition without loss of real efficiency or progress.

No Change in the Rule of Decision-Merely in Form of Expression.

The statute in its first section declares to be illegal "every contract, combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy, in restraint of trade or commerce among the several states or with foreign nations," and in the second, declares guilty of a misdemeanor every person who shall monopolize or attempt to monopolize or combine or conspire with any other person to monopolize any part of the trade or commerce of the several states or with foreign nations."

In two early cases, where the statute was invoked to enjoin a transportation interstate rafiroad agreement between companies, it was held that it was no defense to show that the agreement as to rates complained of was reasonal at common law, because it was said that the statute was directed against all contracts and combinations in restraint of whether reasonal at common law or not. It was plain from the record, however, that the contracts complained of in those cases would not have been

deemed reasonable at common law. It has been said that the court, by in troducing into the construction of the statute common law distinctions, has emasculated it. This is obviously untrue. By its judgment every contract and com-bination in restraint of interstate trade made with the purpose, or necessary effect of controlling prices by stifling competition, or of establishing in whole or in part a monopoly of such trade, is condemned by the statute. The most extreme critics cannot instance a case that ought to be condemned under the statute which is not brought within its terms as

The sugestion is also made that the Su- ter. undefined and unlimited discretion to determine whether a case of restraint of trade is within the terms of the statute. This is wholly untrue. A reasonable restraint of trade at common law is well understood and is clearly defined. It does not rest in the discretion of the court. It must be limited to acomplish the purpose lawful main contract to which, order that it shall be enforceable at all it must be incidental. If it exceeds the needs of that contract it is void.

The Remedy in Equity by Dissolution.

In the Standard Oil case the Supreme and circuit courts found the combination to be a monopoly of the interstate business of refining, transporting, and mar-keting petroleum and its products, effected and maintained through thirty-seven different corporations, the stock of which was held by a New Jersey company. It in effect commanded the dissolution of this combination, directed the transfer and pro-rata distribution by the New Jersey company of the stock held by it in the thirty-seven corporations to and among its stockholders, and the corpora-tions and individual defendants were enjoined from conspiring or combining to restore such monopoly; and all agreements betwen the subsidiary corporations tending to produce or bring about further violations of the act were enjoined

In the Tobacco case, the court found that the individual defendants, twentynine in number, had been engaged in a successful effort to acquire complete do minion over the manufacture, sale, and distribution of tobacco in this country and abroad, and that this had been done combinations made with a purpose and effect to stifle competition, control prices, and establish a monopoly, not only in the manufacture of tobacco, but also of tin-foil and licorice, used in its manufacture and of its products of ci-gars, cigarettes and snuffs. The tobacco suit presentend a far more complicated and difficult case than the Standard Oil suit for a decree which would effectuate the will of the court and end the violation of the statute. There was here no holding company as in the case of the Standard Oil trust. The main company was the American Tobacco company, a manufacturing, selling and holding company. The plan adopted to destroy the combination and restore compe tition involved the redivision of the capital and plants of the whole trust between some of the companies constituting the trust and new companies organized for the purposes of the decree and made parties to it, and numbering, new and old,

fourteen. In the original suit there were twentynine defendants who were charged with being the conspirators through whom the illegal combination acquired and exercised ute and of constructive legislation intend-

Washington .- President Taft's annual | its unlawful dominion. Under the demesage, which was read in both houses of congress Tuesday, deals exclusively of stock in the various distributee comwith the anti-trust statute. The message in part is as follows:

maximum to 28½ per cent. as a minimum, except in the case of one small company, the Porto Rican Tobacco company, in which they will hold 45 per cent. The twenty-nine individual defendants are enjoined for three years from buying any stock except from each other, and the Christmas holidays. The amount of information to be communicated as to the operations of the government, the operations of the government of the suit and the pew companies who number of important subjects calling for comment by the executive, and the transly from in any way effecting any com-bination between any of the companies violation in violation of the statute by way of resumption of the old trust. Each of the fourteen companies is enjoined from acquiring stock in any of the others. All these companies are enjoined from having common directors or officers, or

Size of New Companies.

common buying or selling agents, or com-

mon offices, or lending money to each

Objection was made by certain inde-pendent tobacco companies that this settlement was unjust because it left companies with very large capital in active business, and that the settlement that would be effective to put all on an equality would be a division of the capital and plant of the trust into small fractions in amount more nearly equal to that of each of the independent companies. This contention results from a misunderstanding of the anti-trust law and its purpose. It is not intended thereby to prevent the accumulation of large capital in business enterprises in which such a combination can secure reduced cost of production, sale and distribution. It is directly against such an aggregation of capital only when its purpose is that of stifling competition, enhancing or controlling prices and establishing a monopoly. If we shall have by the decree defeated these purposes and restored competition between the large units into which the capital and plant have been divided, we shall have accomplished the useful purpose of the statute.

Confiscation Not the Purpose of the Statute.

It is not the purpose of the statute to onfiscate the property and capital of the offending trusts. Methods of punishment by fine or imprisonment of the individual offenders, by fine of the corporation, or by forfeiture of its goods in transportation, are provided, but the proceeding in equity is a specific remedy to stop the operation of the trust by injunction and prevent the future use of the plant and capital in violation of the statute. I venture to say that not in the history

of American law has a decree more effective for such a purpose been entered by a court than that against the Tobacco trust. Common-Stock Ownership.

It has been assumed that the present pro-rata and common ownership in all these companies by former stockholders of the trust would insure a continuance of the same old single control of all the companies into which the trust has by decree been disintegrated. This is erroneous and is based upon the assumed inefficacy and innocuousness of judicial injunctions. The companies are enjoined from co-operation or combination; they have different managers, directors, purchasing and sales agents. If all or any of the numerous stockholders, reaching Federal Corporation Commission Prointo the thousands, attempt to secure concerted action of the companies with view to the control of the market, their number is so large that such an attempt could not well be concealed and its prime movers and all its participants would be at once subject to contempt proceedings and imprisonment of a summary charac-The immediate result of the present preme court by its decisions in the last situation will necessarily be activity by two cases has committed to the court the all the companies under different manall the companies under different man agers and then competition must follow. or there will be activity by one company and stagnation by another. Only a short time will inevitably lead to a change in ownership of the stock, as all opportunity for continued co-operation must

disappear. Movement for Repeal of the Anti-Trust

Law. But now that the anti-trust act is seen to be effective for the accomplishment of the purpose of its enactment, we are met by a cry from many different quarters for its repeal. It is said to be obstructive of business progress, to be an attempt to restore old-fashioned methods of structive competition between small units, and to make impossible those useful combinations of capital and the reduction of the cost of production that are essential continued prosperity and normal

In the recent decisions the Supreme court makes clear that there is nothing in the statute which condemns combinations of capital or mere bigness of plant organized to secure economy in produc tion and a reduction of its cost. It is only when the purpose or necessary effect of the organization and maintenance of the combination or the aggregation of immense size are the stiffing of competition, actual and potential, and the enhancing of prices and establishing a monopoly, that the statute is violated. Mere size is no sin against the law. The merging of two or more busines plants necessarily eliminates competition between the units thus combined, but this elimination is in contravention of the statute only when the combination is made for purpose of ending this particular competition in order to secure control of, and enhance, prices and create a monopoly.

Lack of Definiteness in the Statute. The complaint is made of the statute that it is not sufficiently definite in its description of that which is forbidden, to enable business men to avoid its viola tion. The suggestion is, that we may have a combination of two corporations, which may run on for years, and that subsequently the attorney general conclude that it was a violation of the statute, and that which was supposed by the combiners to be inocent then turns be a combination in violation of the statute. The answer to this hypothetical case is that when men attempt to amass stupendous capital as will enable

New Remedies Suggested. Much is said of the repeal of this stat-

them to suppress competition, control

prices and establish a monopoly they

know the purpose of their acts. Men do not do such a thing without having it

a clear path for honest merchants and business men to follow. It may be that such a plan will be evolved, but I submit that the discussions which have been brought out in recent days by the fear of the continued continued. of the continued execution of the anti-trust law have produced nothing but glittering generalities and have offered no line of distinction or rule of action as definite and as clear as that which the Su-

Supplemental Legislation Needed-Not Repeal or Amendment.

I see no objection-and indeed I can see decided advantages-in the enactment of a law which shall describe and denounce methods of competition, which are unfair and are badges of the unlawful purpose denounced in the anti-trust law. The attempt and purpose to suppress a competitor by underselling him at a price so unprofitable as to drive him out of business, or the making of exclusive contracts with customers under which they are required to give up association with other manufacturers, and numerous kindred methods for stifling competition and effecting monopoly, should be described with sufficient curacy in a criminal statute on the one hand to enable the government to shorten its task by prosecuting single misdemeanors instead of an entire conspiracy, and, on the other hand, to serve the purpose of pointing out more in detail to the community what must be avoided.

Federal incorporation Recommended. In a special message to congress on January 7, 1910, I ventured to point out the disturbance to business that would probably attend the dissolution of these offending trusts. I said:

"But such an investigation and possible prosecution of corporations whose prosperity or destruction affects comfort not only of stockholders but of millions of wage earners, employes, and associated tradesmen must neces-sarily tend to disturb the confidence of the business community, to dry up the now flowing sources of capital from its places of hoarding, and produce a halt in our present prosperity that will cause suffering and strained circum-stances among the innocent many for the fault of the guilty few. The question which I wish in this message to bring clearly to the consideration and discussion of congress is whether, in order to avoid such a possible business dauger, something cannot be done by which these business combinations may be offered a means, without great financial disturbance, of changing the character, organization and extent of their business into one within the lines of the law under federal control and supervision, securing compliance with the anti-trust statute.

"Generally, in the industrial combinations called 'Trusts,' the principal business is the sale of goods in many states and in foreign markets; in other words, the interstate and foreign business far exceeds the business done in any one state. This fact will justify the federal government in granting a federal charter to such a combination to make and sell in interstate and foreign commerce the products of useful manufacture under such limitations as will secure a compliance with the antitrust law. It is possible so to frame a statute that while it offers protection to a federal company against harmful, vexatious and unnecessary nvasion by the states, it shall subject it to reasonable taxation and control the states with respect to its pure-

'Corporations organized under this act should be prohibited from acquiring and holding stock in other corporans (except for special reasons, upon oproval by the proper federal authority), thus avoiding the creation under national auspices of the holding company with subordinate corporations in different states, which has been such an effective agency in the creation of the great trusts and monopolies.

ly local business.

"If the prohibition of the anti-trust act against combinations in restraint of trade is to be effectively enforced, is essential that the national government shall provide for the creation of national corporations to carry on legitimate business throughout the United States. The conflicting laws of the different states of the Union with respect to foreign corporations makes it discult, if not impossible, for one corporation to comply with their quirements so as to carry on business in a number of different states."

posed. I do not set forth in detail the terms and sections of a statute which might supply the constructive legislation permitting and aiding the formation of combinations of capital into federal corporations. They should be subject to rigid rules as their organization and procedure, including effective publicity, and to the closest supervision as to the issue of stock and bonds by an executive bureau or commission in the department of commerce and labor, to which in times of doubt they might well submit their proposed plans for future business. It must be distinctly understood that incorporation under a federal law could not empt the company thus formed and its incorporators and managers from prosecution under the anti-trust law for sequent ilegal conduct, but the publicity of its procedure and the opportunity for frequent consultation as to the legitimate purpose of its transactions would offer it as great security against successful prosecutions for violations of the law

as would be practical or wise. Such a bureau or commission might well be invested also with the duty already referred to, of aiding the courts in the dissolution and recreation of trusts within the law. It should be an executive tribunal of the dignity and power of the comptroller of the currency or the interstate commerce commission, which now exercise supervisory power over important classes of corporations under federal regulation.

The drafting of such a federal incorporation law would offer ample opportunity to prevent many manifest evils in corporate management today, including irresponsibility of control in the hands of the few who are not the real owners.

Incorporation Voluntary. I recommend that the federal charters thus to be granted shall be voluntary, at least until experience justifies mandatory provisions. The benefit to be derived from the operation of great businesse under the protection of such a charter would attract all who are anxious to keep within the lines of the law. Other large combinations that fail to take advantage of the federal incorporation will not have a right to complain if their failure is ascribed to unwillingness to submit their transactions to the careful scrutiny, competent supervision and publicity at endant upon the enjoyment of such a

Supplemental Legislation Needed.

The opportunity thus suggested for federal incorporation, it seems to me, is suitable constructive legislation needed to facilitate the squaring of great industrial enterprises to the rule of action laid down by the anti-trust law. This statute as construed by the Supreme court must legitimate business. It must be enforced, unless we are to banish individualism from all business and reduce it to one common system of regulation or control of prices like that which now prevails with respect to public utilities, and which when applied to all business toward state socialism.

WM. H. TAFT. plied to all business would be a long step

SECRETARY WILSON BLAMES SPECULATION' FOR HIGH PRICE OF FOODSTUFFS.

SEES PUBLICITY AS REMEDY

Declares Consumer Pays Twice What Farmer Gets for Products-Wants Warehouse Reports So Public Can Judge.

Washington .- "The consumer pays a dollar for food; the farmer gets less than fifty cents of it. Who gets the rest?" That is a question which Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture asked in his annual re-

The secretary does not attempt to answer it. He does explain, in some detail, the results of an investigation his department has just made into the effect of cold storage on the wholesomeness and cost of food. His investigation leads him to recommend publicity for the amount of food in cold storage, just as the department now gives publicity to the condition of crops from month to month.

Instead of food remaining in storage for longer than a year or two years, as a rule, the secretary declares that his investigation showed that "receipts into cold storage are entirely or very nearly exhausted by the deliveries out of cold storage within ten months."

Long storage is the exception, the secretary asserts. Warehousemen explained to the department that excessively long storage was due to lawsuits and other circumstances of an uncommercial nature. The cost of storage, including storage charge, interest and insurance, is considered as a barrier to long storage.

Cold storage, the secretary reports, has raised the cost of living by increasing the annual price level for butter and eggs.

The secretary says that an examination of the record of prices gives a "suspicion" that there has been much speculation in some years by the men who keep commodities in cold stor-

He refers to "an apparent mistake" of the storage men in overestimating the consumption of eggs by the public at exorbitant prices last winter with the result that in the spring the storage men had to sell eggs at remarkaly low prices and send abroad the largest amount of eggs ever exported in order to get rid of the supply. The secretary declares that the warehousemen ought to be required to send to Washington each month the amount of commodities placed in storage so that the public may be able to judge of the future trend of prices.

The department announces that the corn crop is moving northward by

The American systems of renting land are declared to be faulty. Poultry products for the past year are estimated to have been worth

\$750,000,000.

FOUR KILLED; MANY INJURED

Collapse of Concrete Building in Indlanapalis Brings Death to Many Workers on Structure.

Indianapolis, Ind .- Four men are are also sometimes badly out of acknown to have been killed, and it is cord with certain requirements of a almost certain that several others are good design for the improvement of dead as the result of the sudden col- the particular ground in question. In lanse of a three-story concrete build- these hard boundary lines there is a ing in the rear of St. Vincent's hos-

A number of men, probably twenty- line should not too closely approach five or thirty, were buried in the the actual boundary. It should appear ruins. Cries of pain and shouts for that traffic can go no farther straight help were heard, as legs and arms could be seen moving under the concrete, plaster, scaffolding and other debris.

Firemen, police and others worked frantically with saws and axes to rescue the men in the ruins. The building was being erected for the Prestolite company and is in Harrison street near South street.

PRINCE CHUN FORCED OUT

Chinese Regent, Who Has Been Regarded as Stumbling Block to Good Government, Resigns.

Peking .- Prince Chun, the regent, has abdicated, and thus is removed, revolutionary leaders declare, the chief stumbling clock in the road toward a constitutional government of China.

In Chun's place two guardians have been appointed for the infant emperor, Pu Yi. They are Hsu Shih Chang, a Chinese diplomat, and Shih Hsu, a Manchu and close associate of the emperor. Both were formerly grand councilors.

Yuan Shi Kai, the premier, is believed to have forced the regent to step down as a concession to the oftrepeated demands of the revolutionists, who have always regarded Chun as a traitor.

Plunged to Death. New York.-Hundreds of persons in

Park Row saw an unidentified man drop from the dome of the World building, a height of more than 300 feet and plunge with terrific force on the hood of an automobile. The man was instantly killed.

Gas Explosion Fatal.

Petersburg.—Two employes were killed and 40 injured by an explosion of gas in the gold-plating department of the Imperial mint. The entire plant was destroyed.



RECOGNIZE VALUE OF TREES Courts Have Not Been Slow to Take

Steps to Prevent Their Wanton Destruction.

Various sums have been determined by courts as the proper award for destruction of street trees, and some have been accounted worth \$1,000 or \$2,000. A good tree represents a considerable value to the abutting propperty and courts have readily recognized it. The following is from the Washington Herald.

"The New York court of appeals has approved an award of damages in the sum of \$500 in favor of a property owner against a contracting company for the destruction of each shade tree abutting his property, with an additional \$1,000 for incidental damage to his estate. This is probably the highest value that has ever been set upon the city shade trees and demonstrates that there is a value to the tree not to be computed by its timber or its fruit.

While the great value of forests as regards their timber product, as well as their aid in the conservation of rainfall, has been thoroughly established, there is opportunity for more lessons in the value of urban shade Communities nowadays are taking great pride in their shade trees, appreciating the fact that their shade adds to the comfort of living, especially in summer time, and thus contributes to the value of homes and of real estate in general. Here in Washington these shade trees are one of the city's assets, perhaps appreciated more by the newcomer or visitor than by the resident who has been long accustomed to them. The trees which we have should be carefully conserved, and at every opportunity more trees should be planted. The shade trees of city streets should be regarded as a public institution, a factor in the public health and comfort, to be sustained and developed as a public institution."

### BOUNDARIES FOR THE PARK

No Good Reason Why Straight Lines of Government Survey Should Be Followed.

The determination of the bound-

aries of a park is often very intimately related to radical questions of design. The boundaries adopted for a park are often the boundaries used by the previous private owners, and in the west almost all such boundaries are the straight lines of the original government land surveys or of subdivisions based upon them and which are generally purely arbitrary rectangular boundaries bearing no harmonious relation with the topography except in the few cases where the land is flat. Such arbitrary rectangular boundaries are often hideous misfits with respect to the local topography, particularly if, as is often the case, the site has been selected for a park because of its strongly-marked topography. Such arbitrary boundaries fine chance for skillful planting, so that roads doubling back from the ahead by reason of encountering the edge of a forest. So planted the park may be made to appear many times its actual size and the extent need never be known by visitors.

Conservation of Beauty.

The county council of Hants, England, is a body not particularly known to co-temporary fame, yet it is entitled to a degree of grateful recognition itself in the honorable remembrance of the world. That is because it has set a precedent for the protection of beautiful natural scenery from spoliation for sordid purposes, on the whole the most advanced and effective of which we have knowledge. Hants is by no means the supremely scenic county of England, though it contains many spots of rare beauty; but its governing body does not mean to have it disfigured, and accordingly it has taken strenuous action under the advertisement regulations act, which was passed four year ago, and which many have supposed to be a dead letter.

The law authorizes local bodies to forbid the erection of advertising boardings where they will disfigure fine scenery, and it has been held that a local authority must specify the precise places and areas which are thus to be protected.

Best Form of Shade Trees. When summing up the good qualities of a street tree we should consider the following points about in the order here given: (1) Hardiness, (2) cleanliness, (3) form, (4) beauty, (5) rapidity of growth, (6) shade production. Some authorities would place these qualities in different order, and climatic requirements in some cases would demand a change.

A Good Street Front.

Good street lighting is the best 'front" that a city can put on. Nothing pays so well for the money exnended.

# DOCTORS SAID HE WOULD DIE.

A Friend's Advice Saves Life.

I wish to speak of the wonderful cure that I have received from your noted Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder cure. Last summer I was taken with severe pains in my back and sides. I could not breathe without difficulty. I tried all the different doctors from far and near, but they said it was no use to doctor as I would die anyway. I was at the end of my rope and was so miserable with pain and the thought that I must die that words cannot tell how I felt. One day a friend told me of the wonderful help she had received from Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. She gave me one of your pamphlets which I read and determined to try Swamp-Root. After taking half a bottle I felt better. Have now taken ten bottles and am well as I ever was, thanks to Swamp-Root. I wish to tell all suffering people that have kidney, liver or bladder trouble, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is the best medicine on the market.

All persons doubting this statement can write to me and I will answer them directly

Yours very truly, CLYDE F. CAMERER. Rosalia, Wash. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23rd day of July, 1909. VERE TOWNE, Notary Public.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

ORDER HE COULDN'T DISOBEY

What Was Poor Darky to Do When "Old St. Luke Hisself" Gave Directions.

The venerable rector of St. Luke's has a saintly and apostolic appearance. He also has decided opinions of his own on most matters and is not averse to expressing them. Recently. unknown to him, the vestry decided to have the next supply of coal for the church put in a different cellar from the one commonly used. When the coal was delivered the rector, seeing the drayman making what he thought was a mistake in its disposal, interposed and in no uncertain terms bade the darky place the coal in the cellar always used for that purpose.

The senior warden several days later was much annoyed to discover that his orders had been disregarded and that the coal was in the same old cellar. With wrath in his eye he complained to the coal dealer. The latter declared that he had carefully explained to the drayman where to put the coal, so to settle the matter the darky was called up.

"Sam, you black rascal," thundered the coal man, "didn't I tell you to put that coal for St. Luke's in the cellar opening on Fourth street?"

"Yassah."

"Mr. Smith tells me you didn't do it. Why can't you carry out my orders?'

The darky grinned sheepishly, hesitated, scratched his head, "Well, boss, you see, I done started to put dat coal wheh you tole me-yassah, I done started-an' ole St. Luke hisselw he come out and gimme fits about it."-Harper's Magazine.

# Get a Free Package At Your Druggist's

Wonderful New Treatment for Kidneys, Bladder, Rheumatism, Backache-Thousands of Free Samples Being Given Awayl

To prove that there is, at last, one really dependable remedy for all such disorders, the makers of Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills have authorized druggists everywhere to distribute free trial packages to all applicants. Do you suffer from diabetes, dropsy, Bright's Disease, pain in bladder, rheumatism in any form? Does your back ache, side



ache, head ache—whole body ache? Pains or twitching in groins or limbs? Muscles sore, tender, inflamed? Difficulty in retaining urine? Scalding, burning sensation? Sediment in urine, or unnatural color? Nervous? Depressed? Heed the danger signals! Don't wait until it's too late!

Go to the nearest drug-store at once, get Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills—you'll thank your stars for having done so. It's the one sure, safe, scientific remedy. No bad after effects. Sold in 25c and 50c packages. If you want to try them first, ask for the free sample. If druggist can't supply you, send direct to Derby Medicine Co., Eaton Rapids. Mich

A Natural Error. "How did that story pan out about

the man up in the Bronx who found the big hailstone on his back stoop this morning?" asked the city editor. "Nothing in it," replied the reporter. "He discovered it wasn't a hailstone, after all. The iceman left it there."-Woman's Home Companion.

A little candle went out walking one dark night, and bugs and flies, moths and men gave it an ovation; the next noonday it went out again, but no one noticed it.

# THE CHRISTMAS

IS MANIFEST IN EVERY SECTION OF GLADSTONE'S NEW DRUG STORE

If peace on earth and good will toward men mean auything, it is shown in the line of Christmas gifts displayed at La Bar & Neville's. It is a revelation [ for the citizens of Gladstone.

Suitable Gifts for Young and Old Plain Figures and One Price Call and be convinced Nuf Sed.

LA BAR & NEVILLE, Prop. &

Minnewasca Block

Telephone No. 3

# Old Santa Claus



shopping, and it is time you looked over to yours. Everything for the man and boy when she fired. This is considered the is on display at the Hub; and with purchases we furnish handsome boxes to

make the gifts most attractive on Christmas morn. Come early and save time.

Lewin and Jacobs, Proprietors

# Starting a Savings Account

Do you want to have something ahead and not worry about losing your job by some mischance? You cannot save much putting aside small amounts at irregular intervals in your locked drawer. There is too much temptation to spend your hoard and your good intentions will die.

# The Exchange Bank

GLADSTONE, MICH.

3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings Deposits

# We Are Headquarters

fancy China, Crockery and Glassware

that our stock is the

# Largest in the City

Call and see our goods first before you make your selection and pick out your wants and we shall be glad to put them aside until Christmas.

We have Japanese Goods, Imported China, beautiful hand painted high grade China, and several patterns of dinner sets.

# GLADSTONE GROCERY

"THE QUALITY STORE"

PHONE 15

P. J. LINDBLAD PROP.

# LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES

And All Building Materials Carried in Stock. Let me figure on your house bills

C. W. DAVIS

Phone 7

GLADSTONE, MICH.

Business and Residence Lots for sale on easy terms. C. A. CLARK, Agent.

their daughter, Mrs. Bessie Rogers, at "The Epworth Herald." Smithdale, Ark. Mr. Sweaney expects ower Michigan.

for a smoker where farther arrange-

Krueger, Charles France and Joseph

Sixteen inch Dry Body Wood single

ately after the holidays.

W. Davis, Phone 7.

and prices so cheap. All goods marked Detroit News. in plain figures. Before you buy, see

STEWART'S PHARMACY.

and a former resident of Manistique at Bourdeau's homestead on the Soo pleased at his success. Line in Delta county, on November 1st. She shot him with a 30-30 Winchester, and she was about 150 yards from him largest deer ever killed in Delta county, if not anywhere in the upper peninsula. -Manistique Pioneer Tribune.

The Chippewa county agricultural school, the second in the state, is now open. The ground, six hundred acres, with twelve Holstein cattle, a team of ing completion. horses, an automobile and a complete set of farm machinery, were donated by goods. Come select them and have them Harris T. Dunbar to the county. A model school building has been erected with money raised by bonding the

Says Rev. J. A. Cottam in the New- ill, is recovering. berry News, announcing the cessation of a barbarous custom, so far as his church is concerned. "It has been defunerals in the future. By leaving out al record is again with us. this part of the service we shall be spar- The Gladstone and rebuilt Escanaba

Christmas gifts and tree decorations in abundance at O'CONNELL'S

A campaign was commenced last week by the clergy of Houghton and Hancock to insure Sunday closing of theatres. Two theater managers were arrested last Saturday for violating the Sunday law, but opened as usual next

Manager Grawey on Wednesday completed the new line to Rapid River. This doubles the equipment and should be a great convenience to those using the line, which will not be "busy" so things in the window. They are just

I offer for sale the very desirable property, Block 1 and 4, South Gladstone. This has the creek, and is suitable for a home, dairy or garden. There is also all kinds of fruit. ALBERT LATIMER

The close conjunction of Mars and the moon on the night of the fourth was a pretty sight. At nine o'clock the planet was, to the naked eye, in contact with the lower limb of the

The Dorcas society of the Sw. Lutheran church will hold a fancy work sale Friday and Saturday, Dec. 15-16, from 4 to 10 p. m., in the opera house block. Candy and refreshments on sale.

Look as much as you like, but do not buy until you see the goods and get

STEWART'S PHARMACY.

And here is twenty thousand dollars worth of Sewers for the benefit of less than forty sewerees. Of course the difference should be paid from the general fund, don't you think?

A meeting was held Sunday to organize a council of the Boy Scouts of America in this city, and it is expected that an organization will soon be com-

Percy Patterson the well-known piano tuner of the Soo, will be in the city next week. Leave orders at Segerstein's or La Bar & Neville's.

The Soo high school has organized a basketball team, and expects to arrange games with Newberry, Manistique, Gladstone and Escanaba.

A complete showing of Christmas goods, suitable gifts for all members of he family, at

Miss Mary Rettersoff, grand deputy for the Degree of Honor, spent the first four days of the week in this city. Miss Edith Hood left last Thursday ev-

ening for Minneapolis, where she will visit through the winter. John A. Cook, who was injured last Thursday, is out on crutches now.

Miss Edith Legg is recovering from er recent illness. It does not take much money to buy lots of toys this year at

STEWART'S PHARMACY. B. C. Primeau returned Sunday night from Marquette.

The tournament meeting was the Alex Peterson returned Tuesday from largest and most enthusiastic yet. The El Paso, Tex., whither he accompanied committee's report was adopted and his daughter Myrtle, for whose health Soren Johnson unanimously elected pre- a change of climate is necessary. Mr. sident, W. E. Gaufin vice-president, Peterson made an excursion into Richard Nebel secretary and R. J. Mexico during his stay, visiting the shot

Hammel treasurer. President Johnson riddled town of Cuidad Juarez. At appointed, as a committee to prepare present there are several Gladstone people in the neighborhood. Fred ments will be discussed, P. W. Peter- Wohl and family have taken up their son, R. J. Hammel, Sidney Goldstein, residence there, and John Hennigan Frank Miller, C. S. Slining, H. J. arrived a few days ago.

An excellent garment may be picked Gagner. The committee met last night up by the lady who is keen for a barand decided to hold the smoker immedi- gain, during the next few days, from the suit sale at

O'CONNELL'S

cord \$2.10, full cord \$6.00; 15 inch Rev. Frank N. Miner, Floyd W Maple and Birch mill wood \$1.75 a Marble, Floyd Berry, Mrs. W. L. Marble, single cord, \$5.00 a full cord; Hemlock, Mrs. W. H. Smith, Miss Laura May and \$1.15 single and \$2.75 full cord; deliver- Miss Frances Olson left Friday morning ed to any part of the city. Call up C. to attend the district convention of the Epworth League at Menominee as Mr. and Mrs. A. Sweaney leave here delegates from Gladstone. Mr. Miner Saturday evening, December the 9th, delivered an address on the institutionon their fourth annual trip to the South, al scope of the league, and Mr. Marble where they spend the holidays with responded at the banquet to the toast

The western governors are all right. to enjoy a well earned vacation at this but they display one fatal defect. time. They will stop over in Chicago They are progressive republicans, for a few days with Mrs. Sweaney's mostly, who favor the initiative and the sister, Mrs. William Grove of that city. recall, are anti-Ballinger and anti-Payne-Their son Arthur will accompany them Aldrich tariff principles, just like our as far as Chicago, en route to his home in own Chase Osborn. But they don't seem to be for Taft. It is up to Gov. Sterling silver toilet cases in all sizes. Osborn to tell them how he does it.

Mr. Andrew Foss, the jeweler, was called to Rudyard this week to open a safe whose combination had been lost by Mrs. Henry Winsor of Rapid River, Mr. Croyter, the owner. Mr. Foss did the business in an hour or two and re-Has finished his Christmas and at one time an employee of this turned Wednesday evening with the office, killed a 243 pound dressed buck fruits of his toil and skill. He is justly

Ask your friends to save their pink Cash Register Slips for you. Then you can get that beautiful \$12 doll free at STEWART'S PHARMACY.

H. J. Neville left Thursday morning for Lansing to act as a member of the grand finance committee, I. O. O. F. in auditing the books of the late grand secretary. He returns Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Bushong will in a few days occupy their large new house, opposite the Inn, which is just reach You don't need money to buy Holiday

laid away until the twenty-third, at STEWART'S PHARMACY.

W. A. Narracong spent last Thursday in Marquette. His brother, Win C. Narracong, who has been dangerously Even the personally-selected tariff

board refuses to throw Brother Bill Taft a life preserver.—Detroit Times. cided not to open the casket during has not yet begun, but the Congression-The Christmas rush at the postoffice

ed the "too painful scenes" which are indoor ball nines clash this Friday evening at Peterson's hall. Rev. O. J. Bennett was the guest of

Rev. Father Fillion at Spalding Wed-Remarkably low prices on hats and coats until after the holidays at

Ameil Peterson has recovered from his illness, and is now out again. Born, Tuesday, to Mr. and Mrs.

Ernest Reaoume, a son. Oliver Champine spent Wednesday evening in Escanaba.

And, talking about motives, why is a sewer, anyway Mrs. E. D. Van Horn has been quite

ill this week. what I want at

STEWART'S PHARMACY.

This Large

# Handsome Rocker

Given With

### \$1200 Worth of Monibac Products

The Rocker is made of hard wood throughout with quartered oak finish. Heavily padded chase leather seat and back. It is one of the hundreds of valuable premiums which you can secure free by using "Monibac" Products.

Monibac Products consists of articles of daily consumption in the home, such as teas, coffees, spices, baking powder, extracts, etc., all of excellent quality and guaranteed to be satisfactory. Ask to see our complete line of

"Monibac" Products and get a free premium catalogue. You can save almost one-half on your purchases by using "Monibac" Products.

ANDERSON NO HOLM PHONE 17.

# AN INNOVATION

The only absolutely new line of Quality Printed and Die stamped Christmas cards and letters. Every design, die and sentiment new this year in design, stock and execution. The best selling line in this country. "Quality" all through. Bestway to remember friends and relatives with one of these new, distinctive Christmas letters. See them at our store.

# **ERICKSON & VON TELL**

DRUGGISTS

DIRECTORY.

GLADSTONE LODGE NO 163.



Meets every Tuesday night in Castle hall, Minnewasca Block. All Visiting Knights are Welcomed.

GLENN W. JACKSON

LAWYER

PHONE 21 OVER POST OFFICE

DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN.

Dentist. Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., from 1 to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 8 p. m. Delta avenue and Ninth street, over Minnewasca Furniture Co's store.

18xvi.

DR. DAVID N. KEE

Physician and Surgeon,

Office and Residence 811 Delta Ave. Telephone No. 44.

DR. A. H. KINMOND,

Office over Lindblad's Grocery, Mc-Williams' Block.

SWENSON BROS.

Fine Furniture, Undertaking, Upholstered goods and Steamship Tickets. Delta Avenue near Central.

# We are The Cheese!

If you don't believe it, come and see me when you are in need of a Touch or a Go of anything warm or cold in the

line of pure

Drinks

917 DELTA AVENUE

Paddy Is Willin'

When the frost takes effect on that piping that you forgot to have protected last fall against its freezing, you will get up and say what you think of yourself, then call 265-J on the phone and tell Burt to bring his thawer up right away and fix things.

"Always Ready."

He is

Phone 265 J.

# Helpful Gifts

In the many wizard-like Electrical devices for saving labor in the household, you will find an appropriate gift for the home and the housekeeper. Be sure to look over our interesting line of new inventions

# MACLAURIN &

Electrical Contractors Phone 85

Decorative Illumination is one of our many specialties.

# THAT ODD JOB

You need waste no more time looking for a carpenter to do it. I have a man ready at any time to come up and fix it.

THAT HOUSE PLAN

your wife likes so well. Ask me for a price on putting up the building. I am always ready to

William Jacobson Phone 125-3 rings.

# **\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\***

PLENTY ON HAND. CLEAN AND BRIGHT, AND DE-LIVERED PROMPTLY.

CENUINE POCAHONTAS.

CALL ME UP WHEN YOU WANT GOOD COAL.

C. W. DAVIS

# NOW

is the time to place your order for!

# Printing

with the office that does printing right.

The Delta.

From now until after

# Christmas

I will entertain you with the best of good food and any or all kinds of

# Plain and Fancy

drinks. Everything kept in stock by

Opposite the Christmas Trees

# THE FACE OF THE CLOCK

AN ADVENTURE OF PETER CREWE-"THE MAN WITH THE CAMERA EYES"

HAROLD CARTER

(Copyright, 1911, by W. G. Chapman, in the United States and Great Britain

Readers of these memoirs have much to the fertility of his mind and to remember everybody and everything that he had ever seen?"

My answer to this criticism has been that, while Crewe possessed in tive instinct, yet in almost every case it was his optical gift that started him tion. It was his power of calling up an exact scene, a footprint on a carpet a misspelled letter in a manuscript, the slightest deviation from the normal, which none other could have discovered, that furnished him with his clues.

Take, for example, the case of the murder of Walter Bentley. Everybody that he had been killed by Sewell. But it was Crewe who, by means of this power of his, afforded us proof positive of Sewell's guilt. Once the pistol trap had been laid bare, Sewell was shown to have purchased the weapon, he was identified by a dozen persons, a net of circumstantial evidence was woven around him, independently of the confession which he afterward retracted, and ultimately he paid the penalty of his crime.

Bentley had moved into his palatial cated them. He had rented them ready furnished, and thus, before he left, Sewell was enabled to lay his trap. Had Bentley known who the last occupant had been he would ent from that one?" never have taken up his abode there; but Sewell had engineered the matter so cunningly, having first lived there under an alias and subsequently secured Bentley's tenancy through a series of adroit measures-had worked the scheme with such perfection that he got Bentley as his successor. That was all he wanted. If ever a man had cause to hate another, Sewell had cause to hate Bentley. The man had ruined him by underselling his "Oncea-Year" clock, in the patent on which a flaw existed, and flooding the market with an inferior product. Then he penniless and finally alienated his over these things until he became incontrived so ingenious a conspiracy.

Bentley was highly pleased with his new apartment, which he considered disfigured with Bentley's life-blood, a bargain. So it was: that was part | which had made a dark stain there. of the lure. When he saw one of his He bent down and, with his pocket own brand of "Once-a-Year" clocks knife, cut a hole in the carpet. Unticking merrily upon the mantel he derneath I saw the wiring of the laughed and rubbed his hands, think- electrical connections. Crewe rose ing how he had ousted Sewell, the inventor. Altogether, Bentley was in a high good humor.

Gordonia Mansions, where Bentley lived, was in one of those parts of the city in which the past and the future seem to be struggling for supremacy. It was an old house and the district had once been fashionable-was still so: but just across the street a row of rookeries had sprung up, inhabited by Italians of the poorest and most reck- probably have read in the advertiseless character. Pistol duels were common among them. When, therefore, Bentley was found dead upon the floor of his dining-room, an ugly bullet guaranteed to keep accurate time for wound in his head and a hole in the the whole period of the twelve months. plaster of the wall, it was decided that | Actually, it served the purpose of the a stray shot from the tenements across the street must have caused you begin to suspect the secret, and if his death. Suspicion was, for a time, you can tell me how that clock differs drawn toward Sewell, who had been breathing out threats of murder; but Sewell had been staying in a country house 20 miles from Gordonia Man- rather angrily. sions, and had been there a week at the time of Bentley's death. The cor-"found dead" and the matter dropped out of public notice.

It was Mrs. Bentley who urged me to investigate the affair. She had obtained her divorce from Sewell, had married Bentley, and, knowing the ruthless and relentless character of her former husband, besides being crazed with grief over Bentley's death, resolved to bring the murderer to justice. Although I had little faith in her suspicions of Sewell. I enlisted Peter Crewe's aid in the matter. The apartment had been left just as it was at the time of Bentley's death. Crewe and I went there to investigate. Dust lay thickly over everything, the bul-"Once-a-Year" clock still ticked merrily upon the mantel.

Crewe took his station in the doorway and let his eyes travel slowly around the room. In those long glances he was photographing upon the sensitive retina of either eye the exact presentiment of everything within the boundary of those four walls. Never thenceforward, I knew, would | dred they have disposed of-" the smallest particular be forgotten

through Bentley's skull. Where did it | The janitor stood there. go then? It was not found?"

"No. That was commented on at often said to me: "Why do you lay the inquest. The apartment was so much stress upon Peter Crewe's searched thoroughly but it had disoptical powers when the solution of appeared. The theory advanced was many of these cases was due quite as | that, its force spent, it had changed its course, passed through the open his deductive powers as to his ability door leading into the kitchen, and dropped through the open window looking upon the next street."

"If the door was open," said Crewe. "But-" He strode through into the a marked degree the ordinary detec- kitchen, calling for me to follow him. "That kitchen window is not in a straight line with the open door. The along the correct line of investiga- bullet must have gone round a corner.'

"Well, where do you suppose it went?" I asked.

Crewe did not reply, but walked over to the clock and stood regarding it meditatively. It was a heavy, ornamental piece of manufacture, wound once a year, in accordance with the pirated principle of Sewell's clocks, suspected, or at least sensed the fact, and it ticked slowly and somberly, as though it were the sole guardian of the mystery.

"Do you see anything peculiar about this clock?" asked Crewe, looking at me amusedly. "It is hardly possible that you do not.'

"No, I do not," I said. "Of course the principle is different; the orna-

mentation-' "Tut! Look at the face."

"It seems a very ordinary face," I "How many clocks have you looked

apartments a month after Sewell va- at in your life, Langton? A dozen? A thousand?" "More likely a thousand," I said.

> whose face appeared radically differ-"Not that I can recall," I said, look-

"And you really never saw a clock

ing at the clock hopelessly. "Well, it seems incredible," said

Crewe. "Now, Langton, come to the window and direct your gaze upon the clock in that church spire. You see it clearly?"

"I can make out the figures and the hands."

"Now look back. You see no differ-He unfastened the glass front and, striking a match, held it to the central aperture in the face, through which the mechanism was wound. Not satisfied by this scrutiny had foreclosed a mortgage, left Sewell apparently, he drew a tiny battery from his breast pocket, connected wife's affections. Sewell had pondered wires and pressed a knob, whereupon a little light flashed in a miniature dubitably insane. He should have bulb. He inserted this in the aperture been sent to an asylum; but he was and looked into the clock. Next, havfound guilty of murder, for the jury ing closed the case again, he strode considered that no lunatic could have back across the room until he stood half way between the mantel and the hole in the wall, upon a carpet still once more, crossed to the mantel and looked at the baize-coated wires which ran down the side of the mantel from roof to floor.

"You see this?" he asked, indicating a branch which led into the clock. "Yes. What purpose does it serve?"

"Primarily," said Crewe, "it connects the clock telegraphically with the official chronometer of the astronomical department. That as you ments, was a special feature of the 'Once-a-Year' clock, both Sewell's and Bentley's, which in consequence was murderer. Now, Langton, I see that from that clock in the church tower

I will explain the mystery." "Why does it differ?" I demanded,

"There," said Crewe, smiling, "you have me. That will be for the muroner's jury brought in a verdict of derer to explain. But if it did not clock in the apartment has a different riously. differ I should never have hit upon the discovery. And now for Sewell. Where is he?"

"In town," I answered. "He says he is co-operating with the police in tracing the murderer."

"Where is he living?" "At his club-the National-accord-

ing to this morning's papers." "I didn't read them. Does it say against the Bentley company?"

"Yes," I said, suddenly remembering. "He has settled the case. He places the full rights of the patent at the Gordonia and place themselves at their disposal, upon condition that the his disposal. If necessary, the apart-Bentley people call in as many of let hole remained in the wall, and the their clocks as they can purchase and luted and went off, grinning. The pomake them on his superior model. lice chief looked after them resent-There is also a small cash settle- fully. ment.'

"But why does he wish all the Bentley clocks called in?"

"Because he wants the honor of the invention; he wants it as he invented of the force. And by thunder, I'm goit, and the Bentley people are will- ing to give him a chance now to make ing enough to replace the few hun- a fool of himself. If he's discovered

me that I advanced it hesitatingly, as finding a particle, I'll-I'll step out and "The bullet came through this wall though it were some pitiful personal let him have my job," he concluded. from the outside," said Crewe, indicat- excuse. But before Crewe could aning the bullet hole, "and went clear swer there came a tap at the door.

"Pardon me, gentlemen," he said,

"but Mr. Sewell has sent for the clock.'

"What clock? This? What right has Mr. Sewell to it?"

"I mean Mr. Sewell, the manager for the Bentley people," said the janitor. "It's part of the apartments, gentlemen-goes with them, and the landlord's going to exchange it for a new one."

"Can you tell the man to come back this afternoon?" asked Crewe, pressing a silver piece into his hand.

"All right, sir. Thank you," said the janitor, withdrawing. "Sorry to have disturbed you, gentlemen."

"Now, Langton," said Crewe, "hurry round to police headquarters and get a couple of detectives here. Have authority to seal the door. And have Sewell with you."

I hurried away and made my re quest to the head of the city police. He was disposed to scoff at my demand; but he had a wholesome respect for Crewe, who had assisted him and incidentally made a fool of him on more than one occasion. He agreed to send round the two men at once.

"But as for Sewell," he said, "he's said to be at the National club, but I can't guarantee it. There ain't no more suspicion attaching itself to him and he comes or goes as he pleases. Still, I'll send Sergeant Connolly to ask him to meet some gentlemen at the Gordonia, if he can find him."

A plan occurred to me. "This matter is one that throws grave doubts upon Sewell's innocence," I said, pressively as I could. "We must ask." make sure of him. We must have a the nearest magistrate?"

"There's Mr. Blount will issue one, if you can swear to sufficient facts,"

"Sit down, Mr. Langton," he continued. "You won't mind waiting? All right; then Mr. Sewell and me and

you'll go there together." Sewell was four minutes ahead of before. He was a burly man about forty years of age, and carried himself with a certain indescribable 'nerve" and swagger which, to my mind, seemed but to accentuate a certain inward trepidation. Certainly, I thought, if he were the murderer of Bentley, if he had actually come back to brazen out the affair and to defy justice, he was of monumental audac-

"Ah, Mr. Sewell," said the police chief cordially, "I want you to meet Mr. Langton. Mr. Langton is acting for the -er, the widow," he said, trying to be delicate; "but quite in a professional way, you know. They've found something or other in the apartment and want your aid."

I saw the light of suspicion grow in Sewell's eyes as he stared into my face. Then, the lids dropped and the

face became inscrutable. "By all means," Sewell replied. He took out his watch. "I have an engagement at five. I can give you a hasty half hour, if that will help. What is this discovery?" he asked, turning on me abruptly.

I saw a pulse begin to thump in his temple and, in that moment, I knew that the man before me was afraid, horribly afraid.

"I can't say," I answered. "It isn't leaning over the chief of police as im- mine. Mr. Crewe has something to

"An amateur detective," explained warrant ready for service. Where is the chief of police, in allusion to my friend.

"One of these would-be Arsene Lupins, eh?" said Sewell, mockingly. he said. "What are the facts?" he "All right, gentlemen. Do you want He tried to reply, but instead sighed

know that the bullet, instead of passwithin outward. Therefore the mystime. I had never set eyes on him tery of the missing bullet is made the wall after it had passed through Mr. Bentley's brain, not previously."

whisper into Sewell's ear. The two detectives sat stolidly upon their chairs. "That is very interesting." said Sewell, rising, "and may or may not

be true. But I understand that you you any further questions to ask of me?"

He snapped his watch ostentatiously, as though he grudged each moment spent in the presence of us amateurs. Crewe remained silent for a moment, more through abstraction than insolence.

finally. "And what is that?" asked Sewell,

sneering. Crewe rose and placed himself be-

tween our guest and the door. He peered into his face. "Why did you change the front of the clock?" he demanded indolently.

The effect of this question was amazing. All the insolence went out of Sewell's face. He sank back into his chair and pressed his hand over his heart. A bluish pallor spread over his features. He could not reply. "Come, Sewell," said Crewe, more "Tell us the story of how

you killed Mr. Bentley." But Sewell's face remained of the same pallor, and he stared up into his inquisitor's countenance, his mouth partly open, his eyes glassy and fixed.

"We have found several things," a way that the pressure of a foot Crewe answered. "For instance, we would complete the circuit and discharge the weapon. But he had done ing from without inward, passed from more. That nothing untoward might mar the success of his scheme he had somehow become possessed of Bentclear. It went through that hole in ley's exact height and had carried on a long series of experiments until he could be sure that the line of the I saw the police chief smile and bullet's path would cleave the center of Bentley's skull. And only when standing in a certain exact spot would Bentley complete the circuit. He must have crossed and recrossed the floor a hundred times before his foot found the terminal: he might have invited me here for a purpose. Have lived weeks, months, even a yearbut, sooner or later, coincidence would bring about that pressure of his foot upon the terminal and Bentley's consequent destruction,

As to the face which Sewell had put on the clock, it came about in this wise, as he confessed the day before his execution. In removing the "Only one, sir," he answered front, Sewell had dropped and fractured the piece of porcelain which bore the lettering of the numerals. He had not dared purchase another clock, and, since the parts of the clocks of the two rival companies were identical, Sewell had gone to his own factory by night, after it had been forced to close, and, setting up the printing dies, had printed a new front, which he afterward brought back to the Gordonia and exchanged for the broken portion.

"How did you know that, Crewe?" I asked. "What was the difference between the front that Sewell printed and that of a normal clock-of the church tower, for instance."

"It was a singular event," Crews answered indirectly, "and seems to show that Providence, or rather Nemesis, follows closely upon the criminal. Sewell must have seen hundreds of clock fronts printed, and yet, at the supreme moment, the habit of years deserted him and he became as helpless as a novice. Langton, take out your watch. You have the Roman numerals. Look at the fourth hour. How is it printed?"

"Four strokes," I said. "Four single strokes," said Crewe. "A deviation from the Roman lettering. How would you write the Roman 'four' in manuscript?"

"An I and a V," I cried, with sudden enlightenment. "That is precisely how Sewell printed the face of the 'Once-a-Year,' said Crewe.

# CYPRESS FOR TOBACCO BOXES

It is a Good Substitute for Sycamore and Much Less Expensive.

The suitability of cypress for tobacco boxes has been made the subject of tests for some months by the national department of agriculture in co-operation with packers of plug tobacco and manufacturers of cypress

lumber. Results have been obtained which are announced as highly satisfactory, according to the Manufacturers Record. The manufacturers of plug tobacco have been large consumers of wood for many years. Owing to the tendency of tobacco to absorb taste and stain from wood when brought in contact with it in the box much difficulty has often been met in procuring

suitable box material. Sycamore has always been considered one of the best woods for that purpose, but it has become scarce and expensive, and the search for substitutes is active. The tests which have recently been concluded were brought about through the desire of plug tobacco manufacturers to procure satisfactory box material, and on the part of southern cypress mills to dispose of large quantities of short lumber which accumulates at their plants because there is small demand for it.

In size and grade it is such lumber as tobacco box makers use. The mill men furnished the cypress lumber for the tests, and the tobacco manufacturers made the boxes, filled them with tobacco and subjected it to conditions that would bring out any unsuitable properties the wood might have. A summary of results shows that plug tobacco kept four months in cypress boxes remained sound and in good condition and absorbed no taste from the wood.

The box itself is not considered quiet as handsome as sycamore, but it is lighter in weight, an item worth considering when large shipments are made. The chief economy, however, consists in finding plentiful material for boxes which will meet the needs of the packers, and at the same time providing a market for a class of lumber which heretofore has sen in small demand.

Strange Chinese Industries. In Taochow, China, there are some

strange industries. One was the keeping of large stags, as big as a fair sized horse, reared for the sake of their horns, which are cut off every summer and sold for as much as \$35 gold for use as medicine. The horn is soft, and the softer it is when removed the higher the price realized. The other was the raising of the machi, a sort of large pheasant, the tail feathers of which are very valuable, as they are needed for the dress hats of mandarins. Timber is very plentiful in this district and is sent away by raft to all parts.

Vigilant and Speedy. "There's nothing slow about Jones." "I guess you have never loaned him

"Oh, yes I have. That's what made me speak that way. I loaned him ten made some new discoveries in this ing, and it was an easy matter to dollars a month ago, and I haven't case," said Sewell. "May I ask what connect the pistol in the clock with been able to catch him since."-Boston



He sank back into his chair

face from the clock in the church tower, I believe Sewell to be a murderer?"

"Now I tell you what I'll do," said the chief of police, springing to his feet. "I'll get Mr. Sewell myself." He touched a bell and a boy entered. "Tell Briggs to telephone Mr. Sewell, 48562 Old," he said. "Tell him would he mind stepping over on a little matanything more about his lawsuit ter of business. And send Murphy and Ball to me."

When the policemen came in he ment was to be sealed. The men sa-

"That's what your friend Crewe's done for me," he said bitterly. "He's made me the laughing stock of my men. He's demoralized the discipline any evidence against Mr. Sewell, after So lame did Sewell's reason seem to I've spent weeks on the job without

> The boy came in. "Mr. Sewell will be here in half an hour," he said.

"All right," replied the police chief.

continued, looking at me keenly. And | to put on the handcuffs?" he contin- | and rolled out of his chair upon the then I remembered that I knew none. | ued, stretching out his hands play- floor. For how could I say "because the fully, while the pulse thumped fu-

them," answered the police chief easily. "I'm sorry to bother you so much, Mr. Sewell," he added apolo- face Crewe went to the mantel and getically; "I think this time will be deftly removed the face of the clock. the last."

"Well, I hope so," said Sewell. block and baffle your detective department.

We put on our hats and went into the street. A short walk brought us to the Gordonia, where we found bade them briefly report to Crewe at | Crewe and the detectives waiting for us. Crewe motioned to us three to be seated. He did not take Sewell's smile that set that pulse beating again. In that brief moment I knew that Crewe had photographed Sewell's face upon his mind for ever.

One thing I noted in particular. Wherever else Sewell's roving glances fell, he never looked at the clock. "I understand that you have ac-

cepted the office of general manager for the Bentley company, Mr. Sewell," said Crewe. "I have. What of it?"

Crewe did not reply, but drummed

his fingers on his knees. "And I understand that you have they are?"

It was half an hour before we could revive him. The strain and tension

"I guess we can dispense with of the past month were producing the reaction at last. While we opened his collar and dashed water into his Inside, cunningly fixed and compressed among the mechanism, was a "Otherwise I shall move into the next | tiny, gripless pistol, whose muzzle of .22 caliber was in exact alignment with the winding aperture. Sewell's eyes lit upon this when he became conscious.

Crewe went over to him and read a brief confession of murder. Putting forth his hand feebly, Sewell signed his name. Then we summoned an hand, but looked at him with a half ambulance and the two detectives escorted him to the nearest hospital, from which, in course of time, he was taken to court to stand his trial and. as I have related, found guilty. I will not dwell upon the details of the punishment; suffice it to say that the sentence of the law was duly carried into effect.

> It was shown at the trial with what amazing ingenuity Sewell had worked. How, having decided that Bentley was to die by the very instrument which he had stolen from him, he baited money." a trap that could not fail to act. Sewell had had an electrician's traina certain spot on the floor in such Transcript.

### FINAL STEP TO AVOID TRIAL

No Opinion Is Handed Down, Chief Justice Contenting Himself With Mere Announcement That Meat Men's Motion Was Refused.

Washington.-The United States Supreme court refused to grant a stay of proceedings to the packers under violating the criminal sections of the Sherman anti-trust act. This means that the ten packers must go to trial.

The court's decision was the final step in the long legal contest to avoid M. Flagler, L. J. Drake and E. T. Bedtrial at this time. Shortly before they were first cited for trial on November to have the United States circuit court at Chicago release them from custody on the ground that the Sherman anti-trust law, under which they were indicted, was unconstitutional C. Teagle. The other vice-president, as a criminal measure, particularly in J. A. Moffett, remains in office. view of the recent interpretation of the law in the Standard Oil decision.

The circuit court refused to release Supreme court. Chief Justice White individually refused to grant a stay of review the proceedings before the cir- as previously organized resigned from cuit court. Attorneys for the beef the boards of the various subsidiary packers asked the full court to grant the stay and to release the defendants on bail.

Chief Justice White announced the decision of the court. No opinion was handed down, the chief justice contenting himself with the mere statement that the packers' motion was re- President Taft Officially Asks Russia

### SOCIALISTS LOSE AT POLLS

Women in Los Angeles Vote for First Time and Help Re-Elect Mayor Alexander.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Returns from the municipal election indicate that Los Angeles women, voting for the first time since their enfranchisement by the state legislature, retained in office Mayor George Alexander and the entire good government ticket, by large majorities.

Job Harriman, Socialist candidate for mayor, who polled 20,000 votes at the primaries against 16,000 for Alexander, is defeated by 20,000. The enormous counterbalance is attributed to the heavy vote of the women and the connection of Harriman with the McNamara case.

The Women's Progressive league ander and put into the field an army of 2,000 trained workers, captains and lieutenants of precincts who exerted every effort in bringing out the entire voting population.

# HALT CHORUS GIRLS' TRIAL

Severe Illness of Millionaire Hotelman Plaintiff Causes Postponement of the Case.

New York.-The trial of Ethel Conrad and Lillian Graham, show girls, for the shooting of W. E. D. Stokes. millionaire owner of the Hotel Ansonia, was postponed owing to the illness of the plaintiff, who, his physician said, is confined to his bed by a severe attack of heart failure.

John Bloom, superintendent of the Varuna apartments, in which the shooting took place, testified that after he had conducted the two girls into | CHAUFFEUR HELD AS SLAYER an adjoining apartment, Miss Conrad said:

"Let me take the blame, I have nothing to live for.'

"No," Miss Graham said, "I'll take the blame. I meant to kill him." This is the first testimony tending to show that either girl had suggested

# ITALIANS WIN BIG BATTLE

that they had shot to kill.

Drive Turks Into Desert After Capturing Oasis-Coast Nearly Is Cleared-Losses Heavy.

Tripoli.-After a severe battle, in which both sides are reported to have lost heavily, the Italian forces, 20,000 strong, occupied the Turkish military camp on the oasis of Ain-Zara near Tripoli. The victory is regarded as decisive

Regular Turkish troops, aided by Arabs, defended the oasis for several hours, but were forced to flee into the desert, abandoning eight cannon, many

tents and provisions. From the fact that the battle has forced the Turks away from the coast and their base of supplies and from the oases around the city, where they drew sustenance, it is believed a general battle cannot much longer be de-

German Captain Held as Spy. Portsmouth, England. - Heinrich Grosse, a captain in the German merchant marine, was arrested on the charge of being a spy and arraigned at the police court here. The magistrate remanded him without bail.

Miss Evelyn Dean Wedded. Greenwich, Conn.-Miss Evelyn Katherine Dean, daughter of the late John E. Dean of Chicago, and Charles Francis Kehoe of New Rochelle were united in marriage at Stony Ridge by Grant, died at his home at Grand-Rev. Harvy Alley.

### JOHN RESIGNS

ROCKEFELLER IS OUT AS CHIEF OF STANDARD OIL.

J. D. Archbold Succeeds Him--Majority of Officers and Director Sever Connection.

New York .- John D. Rockefeller has esigned as president and director of the Standard Oil company and is succeeded by John D. Archbold as chief of that corporation.

A majority of the officers and directors who for years have been associated with Mr. Rockefeller in the control of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey also handed in their resignations. These included: William indictment in Chicago on charges of Rockefeller, vice-president and director; C. M. Pratt, vice-president; William G. Rockefeller, assistant treasurer: H. C. Folger, Jr., secretary and assistant treasurer; Directors H.

Mr. Archbold, the new president, 20 nine of the indicted packers sought also resigned as vice-president. The board of directors is reduced from fourteen to nine members.

Two new vice-presidents were elected. They are A. C. Bedford and W.

Mr. Rockefeller and his associates at the head of the Standard Oil Company of New York also resigned. H. them and an appeal was taken to the C. Folger, Jr., was elected president of this company.

All the officers and directors of the trial until the Supreme court could Standard Oil Company of New Jersey companies on which they had been serving. Their successors will be elected at the next meetings of these companies.

### TAKES ACTION ON PASSPORTS

to Alter Its Policy Against American Jews.

Washington.-After months of uncertainty the United States government has taken up with the Russian government at St. Petersburg the question of passports for American Jews in Russia and the obligations upon assia embodied in the much discussed treaty of 1832.

President Taft is awaiting a report from American Ambassador Guild at St. Petersburg which, if it comes, will be discussed by the cabinet at its regular session.

If it does not indicate a willingness upon the part of the Russian government to consider the question, Mr. Taft may recommend to congress legisaltion that would accomplish the end desired.

# ELIOT'S KIN JARS HARVARD

pears in Student Dining Room With Emma Goldman.

Cambridge, Mass.-Classic Harvard had the shock of a lifetime when Samuel Atkins Eliot, Jr., grandson of Harvard's ex-president, Charles Eliot, took Miss Emma Goldman, the noted lecturer on anarchy, to dinner at the Harvard Union.

Seated with the pair were several other students, and the party held the attention of the other diners.

Miss Goldman commended the stand Mr. Eliot had taken in opposition to the Harvard corporation in the Pankhurst controversy, and promised him that she would return to Cambridge in the course of two months and deliver a lecture.

stated afterward pleased her mightily.

Charged With Killing Woman While Attempting to Rob Husband in Street.

Chicago.-William G. Guttenberger, aged twenty-six years, is under arrest charged with the murder of Mrs. Edmund Kaufman.

Mrs. Kaufman was shot and killed as she and her husband, a wholesale home after attending a performance at a theater.

While Mr. Kaufman identified Guttenberger as the man who fired the shot the chauffeur insists that he was home when the crime was committed.

# WOLGAST TO RECOVER SOON

Fighter Operated On In Los Angeles Is in No Danger, His Physiclan Reports.

Los Angeles, Cal. - Light-weight Champion "Ad" Wolgast, who was operated on in the Clara Barton hospital following an attack of appendicitis, is expected to recover rapidly. The following bulletin on Wolgast's condition was issued from

the hospital by the superintendent: "The patient has been resting quietly-has, in fact, been doing nicely. His general condition is favorable.

Wickersham Is Stricken. Washington. - Attorney General Wickersham was taken ill suddenly while attending a cabinet session. Dr. De Laney, President Taft's physician, was summoned from the war department. Mr. Wickersham is reported not to be in danger.

Kin of U. S. Grant Dies. Streator, Ill. - William Shields, whose mother, Nancy Grant Shields. was a full cousin of the late President ridge. He was a Civil war veteran.

# JOHN BULL AND MRS. JOHN BULL



LEADERS PREDICT THAT SESSION WILL BE BUSY AND INTER-ESTING.

### LAWS AND POLITICS MIXED

Proceedings May Make and Unmake Presidential Candidates - Trusts and Tariff Legislation Occupy Chief

Washington. - The senate and the house of representatives, composing the regular session of the Sixtysecond congress, began what promises to be the liveliest session in recent

The two words "busy" and "interesting" as a forecast of the proceedings are used on high authority. In the rush of the opening the comment it is probable that all hands would of the leaders was brief.

It will be an interesting session .-Senator La Follette.

It will be a busy session .- Speaker Clark.

The lower house of congress, for the first time in many years at a regular session, is in control of the Democrats. It may not be necessary to remind the country that the last session was a special one convened by the call of the president, and that its time was given up largely to the discussion of two subjects, the tariff | and reciprocity, subjects so nearly akin as to be almost one flesh.

President Taft will watch the proceedings of house and senate with a keen and at times anxious eye. If tariff legislation based The students addressed Miss Gold- on the reports of the tariff board be man as "comrade," a title which she passed the president will, hold that his vetoes of last summer have been vindicated and will feel perhaps that the prospect of re-election has been cleared of overhanging clouds.

As for the Democratic leaders, they seem to be determined that if the tariff board's report on wool is in accordance with the information gained by members of the ways and means committee, which, of course, is dominated by the Democrats, legislation based on the board's report must be passed. The party leaders, however, seem to be determined that if the commission merchant, were returning tariff board's report has in it a suspicion of leaning toward the side of duties which are too high, a bill cutting those duties shall be passed and sent over to the Republican senate for commendation or condemnation.

No sooner had congress opened than the trust matter again put its interrogation to the lawmakers. Several bills have been drawn already which represent the varying views of what ought to be done to the Sherman law. This matter will be thrashed out thoroughly before June comes, and with the tariff it will occupy the chief place of interest and debate.

Representative Underwood, Democrat, of Alabama, the leader of the house Democracy and chairman of the committee on ways and means, is loyalists who fortified the ridge beready to combat on the tariff and the low. It is reported that there were trust questions, and other questions two hundred rebel casualties. The atfor that matter, James R. Mann, the tack on Purple mountain culminated floor leader of the Republican minor-

Seven Ohio Hunters Die. Cleveland, O .- A tale of seven dead and thirty-eight injured is shown by the statistics of the hunting season in Ohio, which opened on November Mortuary statistics among the rabbits, to serve as an offset, are are doing well. lacking.

# Lewis Case Quashed.

St. Louis.-United States District Judge Jacob Trieber quashed the indictment against E. G. Lewis, the publisher, charging him with using the Strotz of Des Moines was re-elected mails to defraud.

CAPTAIN AND CREW KILLED ON OHIO RIVER.

Steamer, Shattered Into Splinters-Five Hurt; Two May Die of Injuries.

Pittsburg, Pa.-Capt. E. A. Swaney and four members of the crew of the towboat Diamond were killed in an explosion which wrecked the vessel while she was lying in the Ohio river off Avalon, six miles south. Five others were injured.

Two of the men rescued are terribly injured and may die. The boilers let go, but the cause of the explosion is not known.

The disaster occurred near midstream while all the crew save the pilot and the engineer were asleep. The big towboat was shattered into a mass of splintered wood and twisted iron and sunk almost immediately.

But for the presence of the towboat Alice and the heroic work of the crew, have perished. The Alice was almost abreast the Diamond when the explosion came Alice put out for the wreck immedi-

ately and the crew in smaller boats managed to reach the sinking vessel in time to take off five of the crew. The Diamond was owned by the Diamond Coal company.

# CASH REGISTER IS ACCUSED

Government Starts Suit in Ohio Charging Concern With Conspiracy and Restraint of Trade.

Cincinnati.—United States District Attorney Sherman T. McPherson and O. E. Harrison of the department of justice filed anti-trust proceedings upon began using Doan's Kidney Pills alleging conspiracy in restraint of trade against the National Cash Reg. a pea. The next day I passed two ister company of Dayton, O., its officere and managers

The government complains that the corporation has resorted to illegal acts to eliminate, stifle and suppress other manufacturers and dealers throughout the United States, engaged in the business of making, selling and shipping in interstate commerce cash registers and other registering devices. The government charges that the defendants have waged vicious, wrongful and unlawful wars of extermination against other competitors, and has driven them out of business, securing thereby about 95 per cent. of the cash register business.

# REBELS TAKE PURPLE HILL

Woo-Sung Troops Drive Imperialists From Stronghold by Brave Attack on Nanking.

Nanking.-The last position of the imperial troops on Purple Hill has been captured by the revolutionists. Shanghai.-Three thousand Woo-Sung troops made a magnificent ascent up Purple mountain at Nanking. They scaled almost precipitous sides like ants in the face of the fire of the in a bayonet charge, which routed the loyalists and drove them into the city.

Baby Born With Tooth. Akron, O .- The discovery has been made that one of the triplets born to Mrs. Arthur Vandersall of Kenmore came into the world with one tooth. The three babies, two girls and a boy

Kansas City Gets Pin Men. Des Moines, Ia.-Kansas City was awarded the next tournsment of the Mid-Western Bowling association at the convention of delegates. George president.

# W. L. DOUGLAS' TRUST PLAN LOOKING AFTER THE DETAILS.

Manufacturer Thinks Government Should Obtain Publicity by a License System.

Large business organizations have come to stay. We cannot go back to old conditions. We must meet world competition. Large concerns can produce goods at lower cost than small ones. Germany favors large corporations. The method of the present national administration is to dissolve the great organizations and make them smaller, which is a backward step. There should be no limit to a corporation doing a large and legitimate business, such as would be possible under the licensing plan which I favor, writes W. L. Douglas, former governor of Massachusetts, in the Boston Herald.

Prejudices against corporations merely because they are big, perhaps, must be done away with. They give labor better returns. They cheapen product and thus benefit the consumer. They give opportunities to small investors who get returns otherwise unattainable. They employ able young men who have no capital at all, but who receive handsome salaries for their ability and service.

In place of the Sherman law it is my opinion there should be a department at Washington to grant licenses to all manufacturers and corporations in this country who do an interstate commerce business.

The law should be made so clear. plain and definite that it could not be misunderstood. It should require all capital to be paid in full. Semi-yearly statements should be given to the public and certified by a public accountaint. There should be a board of examiners in each state to look after these corporations just as our na tional banks are watched by the national government. They should have the right to enter the offices and examine the records of all the directorates of these companies.

### LOST HIS INDEPENDENCE.



Nagg-I never speak of the Fourth of July as Independence Day.

Stagg-Why not? Nagg-why, I was married on the day.

# USED HYPODERMICS.

Only Relief from Terrible Suffering. Thomas E. Vest, 1505 So. 12th St., Terre Haute, Ind., says: "I had no control over the urine and the pain when voiding was so great, I often



screamed. I grew worse and lay in bed for weeks, the only relief coming from hypodermics. I was treated by three physicians without help and the last one said an operation was

necessary. I thereand passed a gravel stone as large as more and from then on improved rapidly until cured."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Rememberthe Name-DOAN'S." 50c, all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

# Sleuth-Guarded Jewels.

Pity the poor duchess of Marlborough, who has been driven to insomnia through worry over her jewels. She has hired six former Scotland Yard detectives to camp at Sunderland house, Mayfair, three by day and three by night, and guard her gems. The outlay for this is something more than \$6,000 annually. She has spent many thousands in equipping her mansion with all the latest wrinkles in burglar alarm and safety devices, but she considers the money that buys her peace of mind is an investment well made.

Stiff neck! Doesn't amount to much, but mighty disagreeable. You will be surprised to see how quickly Hamlins Wizard Oil will drive that stiffness out. One night, that's all.

His heart was as great as the world, but there was no room in it to hold the memory of a wrong.-Emerson.

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative, three for cathartic.

Many a man could lose his reputa-

tion and never miss it,

Bings-Wings would not propose to his girl until he got out in a boat. Dings-Why?

Bings-He stutters and didn't want her to have a chance to get away.

Virtue glories in persecution as flag glories in rages.-Frederic Mis-

# YRUPOFFIG IXIRofSE

Cleanses the System effectually: Dispels colds and Headaches. due to constipation. Best for men, women and children: young

and old. To get its Beneficial effects, always note the name of the Company, CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP (O. plainly printed on the front of every package of the Genvine

# **44** Bu. to the Acre



J. Broughton, 412MerchantsLoan & True

# The Wretchedness of Constinution

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable -act surely and gently on the iver. Cure Biliousness, Headache. Dizzi-

ness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature



REAL ESTATE

WESTERN CANADA FARM LANDS for \$12-818

GRAPEFRUIT grove Redlands District a sure income. Experts say section best in Florida. Below frost line, near rallway. Five and ten acretracts for sale. Trees planted, cared for until bearing, investigate. Cope & Gordon, Box 764, Miami, Fla.



Rayo lamps and lanterns give most light for the oil they burn. Do not flicker. Will not blow or jar out. Simple, reliable and durable—and sold at a price that will surprise you.

Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo lamps and lanterns, or write to any agency of Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)

# AT PEACE WITH ALL NATIONS

# President Taft Sends in Special Message Reviewing Our Relations With Other Countries.

Important General Movement for Broader Arbitration On Part of Powers is Noted---Mexican War Discussed---Merchant Marine Needed.

the recognition of the manifold benefits to mankind in the extension of the policy of the settlement of international disputes by arbitration rather than by war, and in response to a widespread demand for an advance in that direction on the part of the people of the United States and of Great Britain and of France, new arbitration treaties were negotiated last spring with Great Britain and France, the terms of which were designed, as expressed in the preamble of these treaties, to extend the scope and obligations of the policy of arbitration adopted in our present treaties with those governments. To pave the way for this treaty with the United States, Great Britain negotiated an important modification in its alliance with Japan and the French government also expedited the negotiations with signal good will. The new treaties have been submitted to the senate and are awaiting its advice and consent to their ratification. All the essentials of these important treaties have long been known, and it is my earnest hope that they will receive prompt and favorable action.

Claim of Alsop & Co. Settled.

Claim of Alsop & Co. Settled.

I am glad to report that on July 5 last the American claim of Alsop & Co. against the government of Chile was finally disposed of by the decision of his Britannic majesty George V., to whom, as amiable compositeur, the matter had been referred for determination. His majesty made an award of nearly \$1,000,000 to the claimants, which was promptly paid by Chile. The settlement of this controversy has happily eliminated from the relations between the republic of Chile and the United States the only question which for two decades had given the two foreign offices any serious concern and makes possible the unobstructed development of the relations of friendship which it has been the aim of this government in every possible way to further and cultivate. Claim of Alsop & Co. Settled. further and cultivate

Arbitrations.

In further illustration of the practical and beneficent application of the principle of arbitration and the underlying broad spirit of conciliation, I am happy to advert to the part of the United States in faciliating amicable settlement of disputes which menaced the peace between Panama and Costa Rica and between Hatti and the Dominican republic.

Since the date of their Independence, Colombia and Costa Rica had been seeking a solution of a boundary dispute,

ing a solution of a boundary dispute, which came as a heritage from Colombia to the new republic of Panama, upon its beginning life as an independent nation. In January, 1910, at the request of both governments the agents representing them that the departboth governments the agents representing them met in conference at the department of state and subsequently concluded a protocol submitting this long-pending controversy to the arbitral judgment of the chief justice of the United States, who consented to act in this capacity. A boundary commission, according to the international agreement, has now been appointed, and it is expected that the arguments will shortly proceed and that this long-standing dispute will be honorably and satisfactorily terminated.

ably and satisfactorily terminated.

Again, a few months ago it appeared that the Dominican republic and Haiti were about to enter upon hostilities because of complications growing out of an acrimonious boundary dispute which the efforts of many years had failed to solve. The government of the United States, by a friendly interposition of good offices, succeeded in prevailing upon the parties to place their reliance upon some form of pacific settlement.

Mexico,

Mexico.

The recent political events in Mexico received attention from this government because of the exceedingly delicate and difficult situation created along our southern border and the necessity for taking measures properly to safeguard American interests. The government of the United States, in its desire to secure a proper observance and enforcement of the so-called neutrality statutes of the federal government, issued directions to the appropriate officers to exercise a diligent and vigilant regard for the requirements of such rules and laws. Although a condition of actual armed conflict existed, there was no official recognition of belligerency involving the technical neutrality obligations of international law.

On the 6th of March last, in the ab-The recent political events in Mexico

On the 6th of March last, in the absence of the secretary of state, I had a personal interview with Mr. Wilson, the ambassador of the United States to Mexambassador of the United States to Mexico, in which he reported to me that the conditions in Mexico were much more critical than the press dispatches disclosed; that President Diaz was on a volcano of popular uprising; that the small outbreaks which had occurred were only symptomatic of the whole condition; that a very large per cent. of the people were in sympathy with the insurrection; that a general explosion was probable at any time, in which case he feared that the 440,000 or more American residents in Mexico might be assailed, and that the very large American investments might be injured or destroyed.

After a conference with the secretary

After a conference with the secretary of war and the secretary of the havy, I thought it wise to assemble an army division of full strength at San Antonio, division of full strength at San Antonio, Tex., a brigade of three regiments at Galveston, a brigade of infantry in the Los Angeles district of southern California, together with a squadron of battleships and cruisers and transports at Galveston, and a small squadron of ships at San Diego. At the same time, through our representative at the City of Mexico I expressed to President Diaz the hope that no apprehensions might result from unfounded conjectures as to these military maneuvers, and assured him that they had no significance which should cause concern to his government.

I am more than nappy to here record

cause concern to his government.

I am more than nappy to here record the fact that all apprehensions as to the effect of the presence of so large a military force in Texas proved groundless; no disturbances occurred.

From time to time communications were received from Ambassador Wilson, who had returned to Mexico, confirming the view that the massing of American troops in the neighborhood had had good effect.

The insurrection continued and resulted in engagements between the regular Mexican troops and the insurgents, and this along the border, so that in several instances bullets from the contending forces struck American citizens engaged in their lawful occupations on American

Proper protests were made against these invasions of American rights to the

these invasions of American rights to the Mexican authorities.

The presence of a large military and naval force available for prompt action, near the Mexican border, proved to be the most fortunate under the somewhat trying conditions presented by this invasion of American rights.

sion of American rights.

The policy and action of this government were based upon an earnest friendliness for the Mexican people as a whole, and it is a matter of gratification to note that this attitude of strict impartiality as to all factions in Mexico and of sincere

Washington, Dec. 7.—The first of President Taft's promised special messages was read in congress today. It deals entirely with foreign affairs. The message in part follows:

The relations of the United States with other countries have continued during the past twelve months upon a basis of the usual good will and friendly intercourse.

Arbitration.

The year just passed marks an important general movement on the part of the powers for broader arbitration. In the recognition of the manifold benefits to mankind in the extension of the policy of the settlement of international disputes by arbitration rather than by war, and in response to a widespread demand for an advance in that direction on the part of the people of the United States and of Great Britain and of France, new arbitration treaties were negotiated last and viceroparty and Nicaragua Treaties

Honduras and Nicaragua Treaties

Proposed.

As to the situation in Central America, I have taken occasion in the past to emphasize most strongly the importance that should be attributed to the consummation of the conventions between the republics of Nicaragua and of Honduras and this country, and I again earnestly recommend that the necessary advice and consent of the senate be accorded to these treaties, which will make it possible for these Central American republics to enter upon an era of genuine economic national development.

Our relations with the Republic of Panama, peculiarly important, due to mutual obligations and the vast interests created by the canal, have continued in the usual friendly manner, and we have been glad to make appropriate expression of our attitude of sympathetic interest in the endeavors of our neighbor in undertaking the development of the rich resources of the country.

The Chinese Loans, Proposed.

The Chinese Loans.

The past year has been marked in our relations with China by the conclusion of two important international loans, one for the construction of the Hukuang rail-ways, the other for the carrying out of the currency reform to which China was pledged, by treaties with the United States, Great Britain and Japan, of which mention was made in my last an-nual message

nual message.

Especially important at the present, when the ancient Chinese empire is shaken by civil war incidental to its awakening to the many influences and activity of moderization, are the co-operative policy of good understanding which has been fostered by the international projects refostered by the international projects re-ferred to above and the general sym-pathy of view among all the powers in-terested in the far east.

New Japanese Treaty.

New Japanese Treaty.

The treaty of commerce and navigation between the United States and Japan, signed in 1894, would by a strict interpretation of its provisions have terminated on July 17, 1912. Japan's general treaties with the other powers, however, terminated in 1911, and the Japanese government expressed an earnest desire to conduct the negotiations for a new treaty with the United States simultaneously with its negotiations with the other powers. There were a number of important questions involved in the treaty, including the immigration of laborers, revision of the customs tariff and the right of Americans to hold real estate in Japan. The United States consented to waive all technicalities and to enter at once upon negotiations for a new treaty on the understanding that there should be a continuance throughout the life of the treaty of the same effective measures for the restriction of immigration of laborers to restriction of immigration of laborers to American territory which had been in operation with entire satisfaction to both governments since 1908. The Japanese government accepted this basis of negotiation, and a new treaty was quickly concluded, resulting in a highly satisfactory settlement of the other questions referred to.

Europe and the Near East.

Europe and the Near East.

In Europe and the near east, during the past twelve-month, there has been at times considerable political unrest. The Moroccan question, which for some months was the cause of great anxiety, happily appears to have reached a stage at which it need no longer be regarded with concern. The Ottoman empire was occupied for a period by strife in Albania and is now at war with Italy. In Greece and the Balkan countries the disquieting potentialities of this situation have been more or less felt. Persia has been the scene of a long internal struggle. These conditions have been the cause of uneasiness in European diplomacy, but thus far without direct political concern to the United States.

In the war which unhappily exists be-

cal concern to the United States.

In the war which unhappily exists between Italy and Turkey this government has no direct political interest, and I took occasion at the suitable time to issue a proclamation of neutrality in that conflict. At the same time all necessary steps have been taken to safeguard the personal interests of American citizens and organizations in so far as affected by the war.

In spite of the attendant economic un-certainties and detriments to commerce, the United States has gained markedly in its commercial standing with certain of the nations of the near east.

Coronation of King George V. The 22d of June of the present year marked the coronation of his Britannic majesty. King George V. In honor of this auspicious occasion I sent a special embassy to London. The courteous and cordial welcome extended to this government's representatives by his majesty and the people of Great Britain has further emphasized the strong bonds of friendship hampily existing between the riendship happily existing between the

Settlement of Differences With Great Britain.

As the result of a determined effort on the part of both Great Britain and the United States to settle all of their out-standing differences a number of treat-ies have been entered into between the five countries in recent years, by which nearly all of the unsettled questions between them of any importance have been adjusted by agrement or arrangements made for their settlement by arbitration. Recognition of Portuguese Republic. The National Constituent assembly, reg-ularly elected by the vote of the Portu-guese people, having on June 19 last unanimously proclaimed a republican gov-

ernment, the official recognition of the government of the United States was given to the new republic in the afternoon of the same day. International Conventions and Confer-

The supplementary protocol to The Hague convention for the establishment of an international prize court, mentioned in my last annual message, embodying stipulations providing for an alternative procudure which would remove the constitutional objection to that part of The Hague convention which provides that there may be an appeal to the proposed court from the decisions of residual there may be an appeal to the proposed court from the decisions of national courts, has received the signature of the governments parties to the original convention and has been ratified by the government of the United States, together with the prize court convention.

The deposit of the ratifications with the government of the Netherlands awaits action by the powers on the declaration, signed at London on February

26, 1909, of the rules of international law to be recognized within the meaning of article seven of The Hague convention for the establishment of an international

Fur-Seal Treaty.

The fur-seal controversy, which for nearly twenty-five years has been the source of serious friction between the United States and the powers bordering upon the north Pacific ocean, whose subjects have been permitted to engage in pelagic sealing against the fur-seal herds having their breeding grounds within the jurisdiction of the United States, has at last been satisfactorily adjusted by the conclusion of the North Pacific sealing convention entered into between the United States, Great Britain, Japan and Russia on the seventh of July last.

The attention of congress is especially called to the necessity for legislation on the part of the United States for the purpose of fulfilling the obligations assumed under this convention, to which the senate gave its advice and consent on the twenty-fourth day of July last.

International Oplum Commission.

In a special message transmitted to the congress on the seventh of January, 1911, in which I concurred in the recommendations made by the secretary of state in regard to certain needful legislation for the control of our interstate and foreign traffic in opium and other menacing drugs, I quoted from my annual message of December 7, 1909, in which I announced that the results of the International Opium commission held at Shanghai in February, 1909, at the invitation of the United States, had been laid before this government; that the report of that commission showed that China was making remarkable progress and admirable efforts toward the eradication of the opium evil; that the interested governments had not permitted their commercial interests to prevent their co-operation in this reform; and, as a result of callateral investigations of the opium question in this country, I recommended that the manufacture, sale and use of opium in the United States should be more rigorously controlled by legislation. Prior to that time and in continuation of the policy of this government to se-International Oplum Commission. more rigorously controlled by legislation. Prior to that time and in continuation of the policy of this government to secure the co-operation of the interested nations, the United States proposed an international opium conference with full powers for the purpose of clothing with the force of international law the resolutions adopted by the above-mentioned commission, together with their essential corollories. The other powers concerned cordially responded to the proposal of this government, and. I am glad to be able to announce, representatives of all-the powers assembled in conference at The Hague on the first of this month. Foreign Trade Relations of the United

States. In my last annual message I referred to the tariff negotiations of the department of state with foreign countries in connection with the application, by a series of proclamations, of the minimum tariff of the United States to importations from the several countries, and I stated that, in its general operation, section 2 of the new tariff law had proved a guaranty of continued commercial peace, although there were, unfortunately, instances where foreign governments dealt arbitrarily with American interests within their jurisdiction in a manner injurious and inequitable. During the past year some instances of discriminatory treatment have been removed, but I regret to say that there remain a few cases of differential treatment adverse to the commerce of the United States. While none of these instances now appears to the commerce of the United States. While none of these instances now appears to amount to undue discrimination in the sense of section 2 of the tariff law of August 5, 1909, they are all exceptions to that complete degree of equality of tariff treatment that the department of state has consistently sought to obtain for American commerce abroad.

While the double tariff feature of the tariff law of 1909 has been amply justified by the results achieved in removing former and preventing new, undue discriminations against American commerce, it is believed that the time has come for the amendment of this feature of the law in such way as to provide a graduated

the amendment of this feature of the law in such way as to provide a graduated means of meeting varying degrees of discriminatory treatment of American commerce in foreign countries as well as to protect the financial interests abroad and injurious treatment on the part of foreign governments through either legislative or administrative measures. It would seem desirable that the maximum tariff of the United States should embrace within its purview the free list, which is not the case at the present time, in order that it might have reasonable

significance to the governments of those countries from which the importations into the United States are confined vir-tually to articles on the free list. tually to articles on the free list. The fiscal year ended June 30, 1911, shows great progress in the development of American trade. It was noteworthy as marking the highest record of exports of American products to foreign countries, the valuation being in excess of \$2.000.000.000. These exports showed a gain over the preceding year of more than \$300.000.000.

Crying Need for American Merchant Marine.

I need hardly reiterate the conviction that there should speedily be built up an American merchant marine. This is necessary to assure favorable transportation facilities to our great ocean-borne commerce as well as to supplement the navy with an adequate reserve of ships and men. It would have the economic advantage of keeping at home part of the vast sums now paid foreign shipping for carrying American goods. All the great commercial nations pay heavy subsidies to their merchant marine, so that it is obvious that without some wise aid from the congress the United States must lag behind in the matter of merchant marine in its present anomalous position.

Legislation to facilitate the extension

Legislation to facilitate the extension of American banks to foreign countries is another matter in which our foreign trade needs assistance.

with these factors and the continuance of the foreign-service established (departmental, diplomatic and consular) upon the high plane where it has been placed by the recent rearoganization this government would be abreast of the times in fostering the interests of its foreign trade, and the rest must be left to the energy and enterprise of our business men.

Improvement of the Foreign Service. The entire foreign-service organization is being improved and developed with especial regard to the requirements of the commercial interests of the country. The rapid growth of our foreign trade makes it of the utmost importance that governmental agencies through which that trade is to be aided and protected should possess a high degree of efficiency. Not only should the foreign representatives be maintained upon a generous scale in so far as salaries and establishments are concerned, but the selection and advancement of officers should be definitely and permanently regulated by law, so that the service shall not fail to attract men of high character and ability. The experience of the past few years with a partial application of civil service rules to the dipulomatic and consular service leaves no doubt in my mind of the wisdom of a wider and more permanent extension of those principles to both branches of the foreign service.

I therefore again commend to the factories of the consular service the consular service. The entire foreign-service organization to both branches of the foreign service. I therefore again commend to the favorable action of the congress the enactment of a law applying to the diplomatic and consular service the principles embodied in section 1753 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, in the civil service act of January 16, 1883, and the executive orders of June 27, 1906, and of November 26, 1909. In its consideration of this important subject I desire to recall to the attention of the congress the very favorable report made on the Lowden bill for the improvement of the foreign service by the foreign affairs committee of the house of representatives. Available statistics show that the strictness with which the merit syssentatives. Available statistics show that the strictness with which the merit system has ben applied to the foreign service during recent vears and the absolute non-partisan selection of consuls and diplomatic service secretaries who indeed far from being selected with any view to political consideration have actually been chosen to a disproportionate extent from states which would have been unrepresented in the foreign service under the system which it is to be hoped is now permanently obsolete. Some legislation for the perpetuation of the present system of examinations and promotions upon tem of examinations and promotions upon merit and efficiency would be of greatest value to our commercial and international interests.

HARD LUCK.



The Fortune Teller-You are destined to marry great wealth. I. M. P. Cunious-Fine.

The Fortune Teller-Unfortunately, death will claim you two days after the event.

The satisfying quality in Lewis' Single Binders found in no other 5c cigar.

Labor Indorses the Red Seal.

Direct approval of the campaign for the sale of Red Cross seals has been given by the American Federation of Labor, according to an announcement made by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuber-

At the last annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, a resolution was adopted calling on all the members of the federation to further the sale as much as possible.

### CUTICURA OINTMENT HEALED BAD SORE ON LIMB

"Some time ago I was coming up some steps when the board crushed under me like an egg shell, and my right limb went through to the knee, and scraped he flesh off the bone just inside and below the knee. I neglected it for a day or two, then it began to hurt me pretty badly. I put balsam fir on to draw out the poison, but when I had used it a week, it hurt so badly that I changed to ment. That made it smart and burn so badly that I couldn't use it any more, and that was the fourth week after I was hurt.

"Then I began to use Cuticura Ointment for the sore. It stopped hurting immediately and began healing right away. It was a bad-looking sore before Cuticura Ointment healed it, and I suffered so I couldn't sleep from two days after I fell until I began using Cuticura Ointment.

"Cuticura Soap is the best soap I ever saw. I have used all kinds of soap for washing my face, and always it would leave my face smarting. I had to keep a lotion to stop the smart. no matter how expensive a soap I used. I find at last in Cuticura Soap a soap that will clean my face and leave no smarting, and I do not have to use any lotion or anything else to ease it. I believe Cuticura Soap is the best soap made." (Signed) Mrs. M. E. Fairchild, 805 Lafayette St., Wichita, Kan., May 8, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 22 K, Boston.

Practical Suggestion.

A new association proposes to have all American railroads lined with flowers and hedges, but what our railroad rights of way really need is to be lined with feather beds. What good would it do anybody to fall on a pansy when trains collide?-Detroit Free Press.

A USEFUL XMAS GIFT for man, woman or child is a good fountain pen. Waterman's Ideal is the best pen made and the one that is most imitated, therefore insist on the genuine. Sold by all good dealers.

Better the man who raises a laugh than one who leaves a sigh.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflamma tion, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Many a small bottle has developed

into a family jar.

Lewis' Single Binder gives the smoker a rich, mellow-tasting 5c cigar.

For every time a man is hurt he is

scared a hundred times

the diseases of women.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is the best of all medicines for the cure of diseases,

disorders and weaknesses peculiar to women. It is the

only preparation of its kind devised by a regularly gradu-

ated physician-an experienced and skilled specialist in

It is a safe medicine in any condition of the system.

THE ONE REMEDY which contains no alcohol

and no injurious habit-forming drugs and which

THE ONE REMEDY so good that its makers

are not afraid to print its every ingredient on each outside bottle-wrapper and attest to the

It is sold by medicine dealers everywhere, and any dealer who hasn't it can

get it. Don't take a substitute of unknown composition for this medicine of

KNOWN COMPOSITION. No counterfeit is as good as the genuine and the druggist

who says something else is "just as good as Dr. Pierce's" is either mistaken

or is trying to deceive you for his own selfish benefit. Such a man is not to be

trusted. He is trifling with your most priceless possession—your health—may be your life itself. See that you get what you ask for.

creates no craving for such stimulants.

truthfulness of the same under oath.

Contract to the The Kind You Have Always Bought ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT. AVegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regula-ting the Stomachs and Bowels of Bears the INFANTS & CHILDREN Signature Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral Recipe of Old Dr.SAMUEL PYTCHER A perfect Remedy for Constipaion . Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms Convulsions Feverish-For Over ness and Loss of SLEEP Thirty Years THE CENTAUR COMPANY, At6 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS Guaranteed under the Foodan

Where Will You Spend the Winter P

The WINTER TERM of Valparaiso University, Valparaiso, Indiana, one of the largest universities and training schools in the United States, will open December 12, 1911. You will have the privilege of selecting your studies from any, or from many, of the following DEPARTMENTS: Preparatory, Teachers, Kindergarten, Primary, Psychology and Pedagogy, Manual Training, Scientific, Biology, Civil Engineering, Classical, Higher English, German French, Spanish, Italian, Elocution and Oratory, Music, Fine Art, Law, Pharmacy, Medical, Dental, Commercial, Penmanship, Phonography and Typewriting, Review. Expenses the lowest. Tuition, \$18.00 per quarter of twelve weeks. Board and furnished room, \$1.70 to \$2.75 per week, EXCELLENT EQUIPMENTS. Catalog mailed free Address

H. B. BROWN, President or O. P. KINSEY, Vice-President



INFLUENZA CATARRHAL FEVER PINKEYE, SHIPPING FEVER, EPIZOOTIC

And all diseases of the horse affecting his throat, speedily them by using SPOHN'S DISTEMPER AND COUGH CURE. to 6 doses often cure, One bottle guaranteed to cure one case. Safe for brood mares, baby colts, stallions—all ages and conditions. Most skillful scientific compound. 500 BOTTLE, \$5 DOZ. Any druggist, or delivered by manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., GOSHEN, INDIANA

**DOUGLAS** \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 & \$4.00 SHOES Widths, for Men and Women THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

900 DROPS

NOT NARCOTIC

Atx Send -Atx Senna + Nochelle Salls -Naise Seed -Peppermint -Bilarbonate Soda -Worm Seed Clarified Sugar Wintergreen Flavor

Fac Simile Signature of

Charff Eletcher.

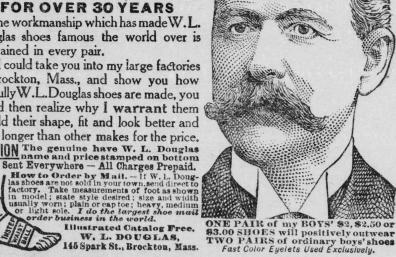
NEW YORK.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

The workmanship which has made W.L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair. If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L. Douglas shoes are made, you

would then realize why I warrant them to hold their shape, fit and look better and wear longer than other makes for the price. CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom Shoes Sent Everywhere — All Charges Prepaid.

How to Order by Mail.—It W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worm; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light sole. I do the largest shoe mail order business in the world.





# PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

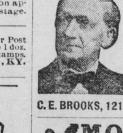
In every cold weather emergency you need a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater. Is your bedroom cold when you dress or undress? Do your water pipes freeze in the cellar? Is it chilly when the wind whistles around the exposed corners of your house? A Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater brings complete com-

fort. Can be carried anywhere. Always ready for useglowing heat from the minute it is lighted. Ask your dealer to show you a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater; or write for descriptive circular to any agency of

Standard Oil Company

PROSPECTUS and other information in regard to Detective service work will be sent upon application and receipt of to stamp for postage.

HAND MADE copied Xmas and New Year Post Cards, new, very attractive 1 doz. 15 cents. 2 doz. 25 cents postpald. Silver or stamps. A. W. WHITE, Box 585, LOUISVILLE, KY.



The International Secret Service Correspondence School NEW RUPTURE CURE DON'T WEAR A TRUSS

Brooks' Appliance. New discovery. Wonderful. No obnoxious springs or pads. Binds and draws the broken parts together as you would a broken limb. No salves. No lymphol. No lies. Durable, cheap. Sent on trial. Pat. Sept. 10, '01.

CATALOGUE FREE C. E. BROOKS, 121 Brooks Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

MORE EGGS More eggs this fall and Winter if you adopt my new poultry and egg method. Two years ago I discovered and perfected the most successful and profitable poultry method known. The secret of how to make one hundred hens lay eighty eggs a day. Sent on FREE TRIAL; guaranteed to make the hens lay. Order today.



WOMEN MAKE MONEY Selling the only Moth Exterminator made. Used in every household for furs and woolens. Sells on sight for 25 ets. Big money made. Liberal contract. Write J. A. COWAN, Box 775, Seattle, Washington.

If afflicted with } Thompson's Eye Water W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 49-1911.

### LODGE OFFICERS

Tuesday evening chose the following of-ficers, who will be installed January 2. save our eggs for eight or nine years, all good whiskey. Elizabeth Jone hens went on the strike? Why we friends Sunday e Gladstone Lodge, 163, K. of P., on Chancellor Commander

Vice-Chancellor\_\_\_\_\_C. P. Mason vote any more; but these big concerns Prelate ..... C. F. Brown Master of the Work\_\_H. W. Blackwell K. of R. & S., M. of F. .... M. M. Buck Master of Exchequer \_\_\_\_ H. C. Henke be left at the convention. You know it Master at Arms ..... C. A. Walz Inner Guard....Z. P. Cornell Outer Guard\_\_\_\_John Fleming Grand Lodge Representative A. P. Burrows

Trustee, three years .....

Gladstone Lodge, 267, I. O. O. F.,

annual term these officers: Noble Grand \_\_\_\_\_Frank Dabney the game warden. Vice Grand .... William Kjellander Rec. Sec'y\_\_\_\_\_Albert Smith Fin. Sec'y ..... M. W. Lancaster Treasurer\_\_\_\_Andrew Marshall

The Encampment held election Thursday night. Chief Patriarch\_\_\_\_\_J. E. Laidlaw Senior Warden .... Oscar Kjellander Junior Warden ..... Frank Dabney High Priest ..... Andrew Marshall Rec. Scribe \_\_\_\_\_A. E. McCornock 

Treasurer\_\_\_\_John Neville

Representative \_\_\_\_A. E. McCornock The Yeomen held election Thursday night. The joint installation here of Gladstone and Escanaba Homesteads will be honored by the presence of Grand Foreman William Koch of Des Moines. Forty-five candidates will be initiated next meeting.

William E. Cramer\_\_\_\_Foreman James Grills ..... Master of Ceremonies Mrs. Georgiana Williamson..... -----Correspondent F. W. Marble ..... Master of Accounts

Mrs. Emma Needham..... Chaplain Good Will Lodge No. 103, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen on Sunday

elected J. S. Pettit\_\_\_\_\_President J. S. Sword \_\_\_\_\_Vice-President H. E. Hite ..... Secretary John De Groot\_\_\_\_\_Treasurer Martin O'Connell..... Warden William Galbraith \_\_\_\_\_ Conductor V. E. Tillman ..... Chaplain James Mackie ..... Inner Guard Charles Nye.....Outer Guard Clarence Titsworth .... Journal Agent Dr. A. H. Miller ..... Physician Joseph Peterson, J. S. Sword, John I Day\_\_\_\_\_ Committeemen.

Rachel Hive, 272, L. O. T. M. M., on Tuesday elected as follows:

Past Commander.....Mrs. Schwab Lady Commander.... Mrs. Eaton Lieut. Commander \_\_\_\_ Mrs. Gagnon Record Keeper......Mrs. Lightfoot Finance Keeper ......Mrs. Pease Chaplain \_\_\_\_\_Mrs. Legg Sergeant.....Mrs. Cameron Sentinel......Mrs. Sellers

The Degree of Honor on Monday night elected Mrs. Barstar ..... Chief of Honor Mrs. Pettit\_\_\_\_\_Lady of Honor Mrs. Hite.....Chief of Ceremonies Mrs. Brasseau ...... Recorder Mrs. Kelsey ..... Receiver Mrs. Connors\_\_\_\_Financier Mrs. Bates, Mrs. Ostrander\_\_\_\_Ushers Mrs. Martin ..... Inner Watch Fred Kelsey....Outer\_Watch

# BUZZ SAW

A kicker is a good man if he kicks for what is right and does not kick about something that somebody else is trying to do right: even if he makes mistakes. I have kicked for the farmers about sheds and hitching posts and other things. Now I am going to kick in behalf of teamsters and men who own teams. When we ride on a railroad train we have got to pay full fare; when we ship freight we pay full fare; express the same. Now if we should fix one of their grades with soft soap or something so they had to use a ton coal more there would be a howl that could be heard from Dan to Beersheba. Now why do they not fix our crossings so that they are according to law? Why don't our highway commissioner look after them? Why does a man driving teams have to carry a couple of poles along with him to drop in against each iron in order to get across? Why don't they have their bank higher than the rails according to law? Why do they pull half the plank off in winter? Why don't they have the grade level with the outside right-of-way, in place of having it run up to a peak, and then the irons a little higher? It costs us money for feed to pull over these places, the same as it does them to buy coal for a hard grade. The law is in our hands, and if your commissioner don't know how to use it, call on the editor of the Buzz Saw and he will tell you.

The Escanaba township news will be short this week, on account of the edit-or of the Buzz Saw being busy lately helping his old friend William write his message to congress. We think it is just as important as the Buzz Saw and is read by nearly as many. We made up our minds (William and I) that we would not say anything about what we had done these last four years, but we would have said something if we had not fell down on the reciprocity bill. think if that had passed it would have helped bolster up some of our infant inthe railroads and the large packing dustries; like the big flouring mills and

houses. Now if we did not have some one with large capital so they could would not have any eggs. Of course we Commander did not consider the farmer's vote, as we heard that they hardly ever go to all make their men vote their way. William and I think that we had better begin to make a lot more of good promises for the next four years or we will

like vaccination. There is a big Frenchman here weighing four hundred pounds making ties for Beauchamp. He straps a goes up; and when he gets as high as it will make ties he slides down and that Dr. George Björkman hews it. He makes seven hundred ties Fraternal Correspondent...C. P. Mason a day, but he will not work Sundays; fective vision was at home is a moot our children if they are run over by thusiast as regards good horseradish. is now in my collection, and payment

takes time for good promises to work

Thomas Jones and Oliver Reno are Tuesday eve elected for the next semi- gone to the woods; they say they are going to skid or cut by the piece, but we think they went to keep away from

A splendid view can be had of the Rock bridge

Time to M Line Can

Make Spe

for Them.

The Cash Purchasing

Value

of Each Full Book of Trading

Anything

Stamps is \$3.59 g and Everything

in

SCANABA'S HEADQUARTERS FOR HOLIDAY GOODS

is.

\$3.50.

Always get the

Trading Stamps same day purchases are made.

9

T

I

I

D

W

E idea

did not come from his place as he keeps

Elizabeth Jones entertained a few friends Sunday evening for supper. A lot of farmers is going to build new barns next summer.

Beauchamp and Hodge, drawing logs Martell is still holding down his job. BUZZ SAW

JUSTICE FOR PLAINTIFF. The case of S. G. Nelson against Wilfred Vieux, tried Tuesday afternoon at the city hall, was the principal topic seventeen pound broad axe on each foot, of interest that day in an otherwise munity. The abode of Justice was and colleagues-were heartrending. flavor it is the best that has graced his thronged; whether the lady with de- What, it was asked, will be the fate of table for many a day, and he is an enpoint. The impressive display of home motorcycles before the automobiles The roots were grown by George may be made at my office. On all taxes grown talent and judicial impartiality have a chance to get them? After a Tennant on his plains farm near Ensign paid before January 10, 1912, the was never dull, and the audience re- lightning exhibition of the mathematics this year, and were prepared by him. fee is one per cent. After January 10 ceived the full worth of its money. The that made Dakota avenue famous, the It is not often that a really good horse. the collection fee of four per cent will source of the disturbance was a colli- court charged the jury that motorcycles radish comes through the regular be charged. My office hours are 9 to 12 sion, on September 7, between the usually travel about sixty miles an channels of trade, and the home-grown a. m., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m. motorcycle of the defendant, ridden by comet any time by standing on Flat himself and S. J. Smith, and the bicyle hour in this city. The jury returned is best, with a liberal supply of corned of the plaintiff, ridden by his son with a verdict of four dollars beef as sauce.

fied: first, that the plaintiff's son was by Glenn W. Jackson. at the time of the accident on the north side of the street; second, that the defendant was at that time on the south side of the street; thirdly, that they rules of eyidence, both sides rested. had a row of bottles on the counter. The booklet will be a revelation to even The audience tried hard to do likewise. Investigation showed that they con-The appeals of counsel to the palladium tained horseradish, and the newspaper of our civil liberties and bulwark of our man procured a bottle of the rapidly free institutions—being Henry C. Henke disappearing stock. In freshness and

Joe Miette says that the rye straw Edwin. The bicycle, being lighter, had for the plaintiff; the defense appealed emerged from the disaster second-best, to the circuit court, and the country is and there was strong circumstantial safe until January. The affirmative evidence that it has not since been side of the debate was taken by Empson used. Three things were plainly testi- & Nebel, and the negative was upheld

HOT STUFF. The county treasurer, Joe Mallmann, were in collision. After two hours of he of the genial smile, when The Delta testimony, sandwiched with discussion paid his latest visit to the courthouse,

### THE HORN OF PLENTY.

The recent pamphlet of the development bureau "Homes and Farms in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan," is a splendidly printed and illustrated booklet of sixty pages, eighteen of them full page plates, with handsome half tones of smaller size scattered through it. Attached to the back is the official soil map of the upper peninsula, of which an extra edition has been run. No part of the Western Hemisphere could show those who consider themselves well informed as to the condition of the

The tax roll of the city of Gladstone

JAMES D. MCDONALD City Treasurer.

# CASH PRIZES

satis

the

greatest

throngs

MORE GOODS and BETTER

VALUES

at always depend upon The Fair

complete

and

than ever.

The whole

store is splendidly ready to serve

Savings Bank-- Where

FIRST PRIZE \$10.00 SECOND PRIZE \$5.00

written by Boy or Girl under 15 For best Santa Claus letter years of age — Letters

TO BOYS AND GIRLS

THIRD PRIZE

must be mailed in care of the

store—Prizes awarded

Dec-

ember 15th

CHRISTMAS

CANDLES

SPECIAL

just 0 just just

Any Size, Per

Box

Cents

Rogers spoons,

they always

confirm this assertion as well

It's always a wise idea in making any want. Anyone can advertise and say place above all stores in the Peninsula everything in gift goods for young and old at the Peninsula of a purchase to take into consideration the capability and resources of the house dealing in the articles you ings," but to "deliver the goods" is quite another matter. Figuring on a logical basis this store is the one igan at which your gift goods should be purchased. It is a great Holiday Bazaar. Practically anything and a guaranteed saving at 10 to 33 1-3 per cent. If you come down to our store it won't take you long to

Record and Re putation today tells the story of our Success It's significant; think it over

SATURDAY and MONDAY

DECEMBER 9th and 11th

TO BOYS AND GIRLS

D

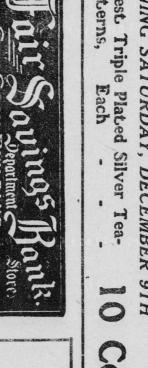
**BAG of CANDY** 

The steady and splendid growth and increase more firmly of the opinion that to depend on a comparison of goods shows that the prices at the merchandise is less careful. In Bu pay for what you get. depend on Bu of patronage of this store show that people are less and less attracted by will-o'-the-wisps, and more and the store where quality is assured is, in the long run, the soundest economy. This is all the more true since t "The Big Store in the Heart of Escanaba" are always lower than prices in stores where the supervision of ying Gift Goods Remember--Value is what you get for what you pay, not what you

Double Stamps all day Saturday, Dec. 9th in all Dept's except Grocery. Dec. 11th to 16th, Double Stamps =

to 110011

in Fancy Patterns, Each - - -BEGINNING SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9TH OUT NEW SILVERWARE DEPARTMENT 0



# Cents

co OI 0 1 0 2 P B 0 0

69

Just As Good As So Much In Cash. It Pays To Save Our Stamps.

We Redeem Our Green Trading Stamps With \$3.50 for Each Full Book of Better Time Than Now to Fill Your Stamp Book, and Make Your Selection Froful New Line of Holiday Goods Sterling and Plated Silverware, Cut Glass, etc. of Stamps. From Our Be No Iti-

X

Cents

Christmas Candle Holders Per Dozen

in company with children.

purchases made

by parents

chase in our Toy Section-or Boy and Girl making a purA Bag of Candy to every