THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XXIII.

CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

Gladstone, Mich., November 28, 1908.

\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Number 35

DIRECTORY.

G. R. EMPSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. office in Minnewasca Block, Delta Avenue and Ninth Street.

DR. DAVID N. KEE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office and Residence 811 Delta Avenue.

TELEPHONE No. 44.

DR. A. H. KINMOND

DENTIST.

Office over Nelson's Grocery.

DR. A. H. MILLER.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and Residence in Laing Block, Corner 9th and Delta.

Office hours until 10 a.m., 2-5 p. m., after 7:00

CHAS. H. SCOTT,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE Real Estate and Insurance Agent. Notary Public.

Office in Minnewasca Building, Gladstone

DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN DENTIST.

Office hours from 9 to 12 a.m., from 1 to 5 p. m and from 7 to 8 p. m. Delta avenue and Ninth street, over Minne wasca Furniture Co's store.

SWENSON BROS.,

Fine Furniture, Undertaking, Upholstered goods and Steamship Tickets. Delta Avenue near Central.

THE GLADSTONE DELTA Job Printing Department is Equipped and asks them to to do every class of Printing.

COAL & WOOD

of all kinds, at Lowest prices

Lime, Cement, Brick and Hair

I keep a quantity in store at all times and am prepared to furnish any contractor.

> Wholesaler of Hay, Oats, Feed, Bran and Middlings

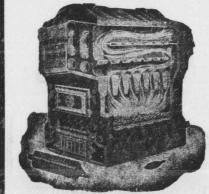
I deal in all these staples and give you the right quotations and least delay in delivery.

J. T. WHYBREW,

City baggage and dray line. Heavy teaming of all descriptions.

Phone 58

cent in the bank. It will draw many times the interest in coal saved if you put it into a



HOT WATER HEATER

The advantages of even heat and fuel economy are great, and the cost will soon be saved. Let me give you figures Now.

H. J. KRUEGER City Plumber.

712 DELTA AVE.

DON'T BAKE YOURSELF.

Pies and Cakes can be had at the Gladstone FLADSTONE. . . MICHIGAN. Bakery with better results than baking at home. Leave orders early.

FRED WOHL.

Cream Puffs every Saturday.

Still Full

of the Thanksgiving spirit with all the things that go on the side.

Fred Anderson

offers his patrons his best services

Corporation & Law Printing a Specialty CALL AGAIN!

COAL

Clean and Bright. Prompt Delivery.

I HAVE

CENUINE Pocahontas

CALL ME UP WHEN YOU WANT COAL. C. W. DAVIS.

I don't keep good goods sell

P. W. PETERSON

them.



HOLDING THE BABY.

Introducing a Nice Point In Baby Carriage Etiquette.

"That fellow doesn't know the first thing about the etiquette of the baby carriage," remarked one of a group of men at Thirty-first and Main streets. The comment was made to all in a general way. One of the group, the man with a frayed collar and a look of patient resignation, gazed anxiously at a couple about to board a car. The mother was sparring in a desperate sort of way with one of those baby carriages which shop salesmen can open and close in a minute and the users in from five to thirty minutes.

"Don't see anything wrong with that," said the man with the frayed collar. "He's got to hold the baby even if she does have to wrestle with the carriage. You don't think he ought to hold the baby and take care of the

carriage, too, do you?" "Well, there's ore thing sure," rejoined the objector-"the man doesn't know a thing about baby carriage etiquette. What you want to do it this: If the baby weighs more than the carriage, it's the man's place to hold the baby. If the carriage weighs more, he should hand the baby to his wife."

"Oh, piffle!" interpolated the man Co. with the big black cigar. "You're way off. What he ought to do is to hand the baby to his wife and the carriage to the conductor."-Kansas City Star.

POINTING THE BONE.

Superstition of the Native Blacks of Australia.

The native blacks of Australia are steeped in superstition. A black fellow will on no account go near the spot where another black has been buried. He has a deep rooted aversion to one particular bird-the wagtail-because, he says, "him all day talk, talk along a white feller, tellum all about black feller." and no opportunity is lost of killing these little birds.

Many tribes "bury" their dead by sticking them up into the forks of trees and there leaving them till the flesh has either dropped or been taken, leaving the bones clean. These bones are then taken down, the larger ones as keepsakes to those nearly related to the deceased. Should one black fellow wish the death of a rival or enemy he points the bone at him. This means that he takes one of his late re- fine highways.-Mining Journel. lation's bones from his dilly bag and points it, in the presence of witnesses at the man he wishes to get rid of, all the time pouring forth threats and

Strange as it may seem, the one pointed at will often languish and eventually die, perhaps in a month, perhaps in a year, for no sooner is the bone pointed than he makes up his mind to die, and there is no saving him.-London Standard.

Tennyson's Cure For Shyness. It is recorded in "Tennyson's Life" that he used to recommend to a younger brother the thought of the stellar spaces, swarming with constellations the same old stand on Delta and traversed by planets at ineffable distances, as a cure for shyness, and a lady of my acquaintance used to en iness entrusted to me will redeavor as a girl to stay her failing heart on the thought of eternity at such moments. It is all in vain. At the ur- careful attention as in the gent moment one cares very little about the stellar motions or the dim vistas of futurity and very much indeed about the cut of one's coat and the glances of one's enemies, and the doctrines of the church and the pros- ted. pects of ultimate salvation are things very light in the scales in comparison with the pressing necessities of the crisis and the desperate need to appear wholly unconcerned!-Arthur C. Benson in Putnam's and Reader.

A Terrific Tumble.

Most marvelous of all the stories of great falls is the account of Charles Woolcot's terrific tumble from a height of no less than 3,000 feet. It was in Venezuela, and he was making a parachute descent. The parachute refused to open till within 100 or 200 feet from the ground. Then it spread out suddenly and split. The unfortunate man crushed both ankles and both knees, broke his right thigh and hip, dislocated his spinal column and suffered other Injuries. Yet after a year in a hospital he recovered sufficiently to write an

Spilled Mercury. Mercury spilled on a table or floor is somewhat hard to collect unless special power. precautions are taken, owing to its tendency to divide into small globules. which roll away at the slightest touch. mercury by the aid of a wash bottle or other similar means, it will be found cross the ring. The mercury can then be collected in a small shovel made from a piece of thin card or even an

ordinary envelope.

Race of Life. There wouldn't be so very much fun in living if there were not a hurdle or two to jump over in this race of life.

EASY MONEY.

A postal card order comes to The Delta from an alleged "press syndicate" to run an advertisement calculated to catch persons of either sex who wish to make "easy money." The order is to send bill when the work is done, but no promise is made to pay it. And, the way it looks to this bystander, the promlse, if made, would not be negotiable. But the advertisement is like thousands that may be seen in various publications, all fishing for careless ones who are willing to bite at a new scheme and are willing to gamble a little in doing it. This particular attraction offers a chance to make money by "home corresponding" for newspapers. How well it would pay the home corresponders, most of the brethren can tell. The amazing opportunities offered for getting easy money would seem to show that none of us are half as rich as we ought to be. The other day stock in a rich gold mine, now shipping the metal, was offered at ten cents on the dollar for thirty days only, "to better the plant." The Delta had some idea of selling a press and taking a few shares, but thought better of it and kept its press. Still, it's a pity that these golden chances should be lost without an

BOYS WANTED. A few boys between the ages of 16 and 20 can find steady employment in the factory of the Marble Safety Axe

ROAD IMPROVEMENTS. The Dickinson county road commissioners have sent out a crew of men to survey the route of a proposed high-way to the Marquette county line, where ultimately the road to be built by Dickinson county will be connected with the main Marquette county high-way by the extension of the latter to meet it. In Alger county the road commissioners are working this way with a modern highway and next year the Marquette county commission plans to give some attention to the high way east of this city. A comparatively modest expenditure by Marquette and Delta counties would serve to make a fairly good highway between them, and when it is built Marquette county will be opened up by wagon road to the outside world. Considering the fact that the "good roads" cause first received serious attention in buried and the smallest handed round the upper peninsula but five or six years ago wonderful progress has been made, and it is not extravagant to predict that the region will soon be networked with

I have purchased the interest and good will of Elmer Beach in his Fire Insurance and Real Estate Agency and will conduct the business in Avenue. All matters of busceive the same prompt and past by my predecessor. Your co-operation and support will be highly apprecia-



PHIL HUPY

Phone 31. Delta Ave. Gladstone

ON WASH DAY.

Every housewife who has to wash clothes with "soap club" soaps has good reason account of what was probably the most to be grouchy because "soap fearful accident mortal man ever sur- club" soaps contain a large percentage of resin (to cheapen cost) having no cleansing

20-MULE-TEAM" SOAP

If a wet ring is made around the spilled contains no "filler" of resin, nothing in it only pure inthat the globules of mercury cannot gredients—that's why every particle cleanses. Try it.

> 6 BIG BARS FOR 25 CENTS (Will sell one week only at this price. value in soap.

A CLERK'S BLUNDER.

Its Effect Upon the Fortunes of Que Revolutionary War.

The element of chance as exemplified in the blunder of a copyist had an important bearing on the result of our war for independence. As is well known, the crisis of the military between Great Britain and the revolting colonies was reached when General Burgoyne's campaign was planned in London. The object was to strike a tremendous blow at the center of the Revolution. The British forces were to take possession of the Mohawk and Hudson valleys by a concentric march from Lake Champlain, Oswego and New York on converging lines toward Albany. The ascent of the Hudson by Sir William Howe's army was essential to the success of a scheme by which New England was to be cut off as by a wedge from the southern colonies.

Orders were sent out from London for the advance of Burgoyne's and St. Leger's forces from Canada. At first Sir William Howe was merely informed of the plan and was armed with discretionary powers, but finally a dispatch was drafted positively ordering him to co-operate in the movement from New York.

A British clerk made a hasty and very careless copy of the dispatch, which the minister, Lord George Germaine, found great difficulty in reading. He angrily reprimanded the culprit and ordered a fresh copy to be made without flaw or erasure. Being pressed for time and anxious for a holiday, Lord George posted off to the country without waiting for the fresh

The military order was laboriously copied in the clerk's best hand, but when it was finished the minister was not there to sign it. It was pigeonholed and overlooked when he returned and was not sent to America until long afterward. Howe, being left with full discretion, allowed himself to be drawn into military operations against Washington's army near Philadelphia. Burgoyne's army was entrapped, cut off from retreat and forced to surrender at Saratoga

Thus the fortunes of the Revolutionary war turned upon the carelessness of a British clerk.-Chicago Record-

Herald.

SOAP BUBBLES.

How Some Pretty and Marvelous Effects May Be Produced.

There are degrees of skill in all pastimes, but one would hardly think that there were specialists in the art of blowing soap bubbles. An article in the Windsor Magazine by Meredith Nugent, however, shows that some very pretty and marvelous effects may be obtained by the exercise of care and

patience with soap and water. The first step is to make a solution by rubbing pure white castile soap into a bowl partly filled with water until a lather has been formed. Then remove every particle of lather, dip a clay pipe into the cleared solution and start to blow a bubble

If you can blow one six inches in diameter so that it will hang suspended from the pipe and will allow your forefinger covered with the solution to be pushed through into the bubble with-

Six bubbles may be blown, one inside the other. This is performed by dipping the end of a straw in the soapy water and after resting the wet end upon an inverted plate or sheet of glass, which should have been previ- custom to serve a knife with pie." ously wet with the solution, blow & bubble six inches in diameter.

The

Flora

Then dip the straw into the solution again, carefully thrust it through into the center of this first bubble and blow another. Continue in this manner until all the bubbles are in position. Great care must be taken that the straw is thoroughly wet with solution for fully half its length before each bubble is blown. With practice ten or twelve bubbles may be placed inside of one

No Tears Nor Hills.

another.

In the days when Rowley Hill was bishop of the Isle of Man one of his clergymen bearing the name of Tears came to say adieu to his bishop on getting preferment. The parson said: "Goodby, my lord. I hope we may meet again, but if not here in some better place."

The bishop replied, "I fear the latter is unlikely, as there are no Tears in

"No doubt," wittily answered the parson, "you are right that our chance of meeting is small, as one reads of the plains of paradise, but never of any Hills there."-London Queen.

A POET'S DIET.

Byron's Strenuous Efforts to Keep Himself From Getting Fat.

"You mention Browning's idea that starvation was the cure for all the ills of the flesh-his own, at any rate," says a correspondent. "Browning was not the only poet with peculiar views on the subject. One of Byron's chief fears was that of becoming fat, and to avoid it he often resorted to extraordinary systems of diet. At Athens he lived mainly on rice and vinegar and water. Later he confined himself to six biscuits a day and tea. In 1816 he had so restricted his diet that he was obliged to keep down hunger by chewing mastic and tobacco. 'Don Juan' was 'written on gin and water.'"

Byron, it has been pointed out, was one of those foredoomed by their constitutions to fatness in middle life, whether they eat much or little, and his victory over nature in this respect -for he succeeded in reducing himself by these violent methods-has been quoted as one of the most remarkable achievements of the human will, considering all the circumstances. It must have been bitter to him to see such a man as Beau Brummel, who ate and drank freely and took no exercise, retaining without an effort all the elegance of figure that was his greatest gift. No wonder Byron's was the poetry of gloom.-London New

A lion in the Central park (New York) zoo was being choked to death by a bone three inches long when a keeper, James Coyle, quickly thrust down the animal's throat a hook and jerked out the obstruction.

The new foundry of the Kawasaki dockyard, Japan, will produce steel by the Siemens-Martin system, and the capacity of each charge will be ten tons. The plant makes its own gas, by which the ore is heated. The cranes and other machinery are all run by electricity.

A Good Carriage.

Never neglect to go through some daily exercises which will keep the muscles in order, the head erect, the shoulders well thrown back. Carriage out breaking, then the mixture is ready stands you in good stead even in old

Not Particular as to Weapons.

The waiter girl knew a thing or two about table etiquette, so she sniffed scornfully as she said, "It's not our "No?" remarked the patron in sur prise. "Then bring me an ax."

GLADSTONE THEATRE

6 NIGHTS

Starting Monday, Nov. 30.

De Voss

Presented by Manager J. B. Rotnour in Repertoire of Dramas and Comedies.

No premiums .- You get full BY A CAST OF SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE CHANGE OF BILL NIGHTLU

There always have been obstacles, and there always will be, and it is of no use to repine over them.—Manchester P. J. Lindblad. Phone 51

BONI DEMANDS \$60,000 A YEAR FOR "CHILDREN"

COUNT SUES FORMER WIFE, PRIN-CESS DE SAGAN, AND ASKS CUS-TODY OF LITTLE ONES.

DECLARES PRINCE IMMORAL.

Improper Conduct of Frenchman and His Bride Before and After Marriage Part of Complaint.

SORRY HE HAD TO SUE.

PARIS, Nov. 25 .- The suit of Count Boni de Castellane against his former wife, who was Miss Anna Gould of New York, and is now the wife of Prince Helie de Sagan, for the custody of hi three children, was opened here today. The courtroom was jammed to the doors when the hearing was called, many Americans being in the throng. Count de Castellane occupied a promi-

nent place in the room. This is the first time the French newspapers, which are forbidden to publish divorce proceedings in court, have had an opportunity to ventilate this scandal

and they were represented in force by re-

porters and artists.

Means War to Knife.

From the very beginning of the proceedings it was apparent that it was to be a war to the knife between the adversaries and that no one would be spared. M. Bonnet, representing the count, was the first to be heard. He presented the general grounds upon which his client stated that three children be confided to the care of their grandmother, the count's mother, and that the Princess de Sagan be compelled to contribute \$60,000 annually to their support, namely, that the moral atmosphere of the Sagan household was unfit for the children.

This allegation was in three parts: first, the alleged scandalous conduct of Prince Helie de Sagan in the past; sec-

Prince Helie de Sagan in the past; second, that he had not reformed since his marriage—M. Bonnet said he was prepared to prove that the prince had seen two of his former mistresses since the date of his marriage—and third, that the conduct of the princess before her marriage to de Sagan had been improper.

Boni Sorry to Sue.

Proceeding, M. Bonnet developed this theme, keeping constantly to the fore the claim that the count was seeing only the welfare of his children. He said it was with a sad heart that the count had been compelled to bring suit involving his former wife, whose alliance with De Sagan, he declared, was dragging her into an abyss of shame, and whose pride and hatred rendered a settlement out of court impossible.

To prove that the princess had contemplated seeking a separation from her present husband, M. Bonnet recounted certain alleged consplitations held November 8 between the Prince and Princess de Sagan and the count's lawyer. He said the princess on this occasion admitted the difficulty of having the chil-

cess de Sagan and the count's lawyer. He said the princess on this occasion admitted the difficulty of having the children live under the same roof with the prince, and proposed to turn two of them over to the count and keep the third herself. The prince, at the consultation, complained that if there was a separa-tion his creditors would descend upon him and seize his effects. Two days later, however, the princess publicly de nied that a separation was contemplated, and this ended the hope of a com-

Wants to Respect Wife.

M. Bonnet declared that his client desired to respect the dignity of his for-mer wife. He said that if the count had committed a grave wrong in the this had been fully expiated, and that he would not intervene now had the princess married a man of reasonable moral respectability; but by her marriage to the prince she had forfeited her right to her children.

M. Bonnet then entered upon an elaborate exposition of the grief of his client He described, among other things, the humiliation to which the count, on sev eral different occasions, had been sub jected. Once, when he brought the children back to their home after a visit with him, the servants of the Princese de Sagan, acting on their mistress' or ders, refused to allow him to pass the gate, and after his election to the chamber of deputies she replied to a telegram of congratulation from one of his constituents in the following words: "I am happy that you are content that you have elected a roue instead of

This was before she secured her di-

vorce from the count.

Prince Once Poor Man.

Turning to the Prince de Sagan, M. Bonnet said that before his marriage he was reduced to a pitiable plight. He was hounded by his creditors and renounced by his family; he had no abode, and he was living in questionable com-pany. After ridiculing de Sagan's pub-lic profession of love for his future wife counsel for the count referred to the princess' alleged improper conduct with de Sagan before their marriage. He said she received him intimately in her house on the Avenue Malakoff, rode and dined him alone in Paris, and that while in Italy they traveled together and carefully concealed their whereabouts from the count, thus making it impossible for him to communicate with his children.

JACOB BEILHART DEAD.

Was the Founder of the Spirit Fauit Cult and Passed Away in Colony Near Waukegan.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 25 .- Jacob Beilhart, founder of the Spirit Fruit cult, died at the colony of the cult near Waukegan yesterday. Beilhart and a dozen of his followers were driven from Ohio five years ago and located in Chicago. Later the colony and its recruits or ganized a socialistic community outside the city limits.

The Absent Mindedness of Genius.

The absent mindedness of great thinkers is a well known phenomenon. When Morse had completed his wonderful telegraphic system he confessed to a difficulty which appeared to him almost insurmountable. "As long as poles can be used," he said to a friend one day, "it is easy. But what must be done when we come to a bridge? We cannot use poles there, and the wire would break of its own weight without some support."
"Well," replied the friend, "why not fix the wires to the bridge?" Morse looked Switzerland.

at him thoughtfully for a moment, and then exclaimed: 'I never thought of that, it's the very thing." This instance of mental concentration of one leading idea to the exclusion of all others is almost as remarkable as that told of Sir Isaac Newton, who cut a hole in his study door to allow his favorite cat to come and go freely, and then cut a smaller one for the use of her kitten.—Dundee Adver-

LATEST MARKET REPORTS

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 25.

EGG AND DAIRY MARKETS.

MILWAUKEE—BUTTER—Firm; Elgin prices of extra creamery is 30c; local price extra creamery is 30c; local price extra creamery is 30c; prints, 31c; firsts, 25@27c; seconds, 22@24c; process, 22@23c; dairy, fancy, 25c; lines, 21@22c; packing stock, 17@18c.

CHEESE—Steady: American full cream. new make, twins, 13½@14c; Young Americas, 14@14½c; daisies, 14@14½c; longhorns, 14@14½c; limburger, new make, 13¼@14c; fancy brick, 13@13½c; low grades, 9@10c; fimported Swiss, 25c; new block, 13@13½c; round Swiss, 13½@14c.

EGGS—Firm. The produce board's officia' market for strictly fresh laid as received, cases returned, 27c; fresh recandeled, 33c; April storage, 27c; seconds and checks, 12@15c. Receipts, 200 cases; yesterday, 150 cases. EGG AND DAIRY MARKETS.

deled, 33c; Abril storage, 27c; seconds and checks, 12@15c. Receipts, 200 cases; yesterday, 150 cases.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 25.—Cheese—Steady; daisles, 13½@13¾c; twins, 12¾@13c; Young Americas, 13½@13¾c.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 25.—Butter—Steady; creamerles, 22@30c; dairles, 19½@25c. Eggs—Steady; firsts, 28c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Butter—Firm; receipts, 3639; creamery held third to special, 12@29c; process thirds to special, 18@ 25c; western factory first, 20@20½c. Cheese—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 3658. Eggs—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 4397.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis., Nov. 24.—Thirty-one factories offered 1779 boxes cheese, which sold as follows: 43 boxes horns, 13½c; 30 passed; 912 at 13¾c; 40 boxes daisies, 14¾c; 48 boxes squares, 14¼c; 45 do, 14½c.

MINERAL POINT, Wis., Nov. 24.—Cheese offerings, 195 boxes twins at 13½c; no sales. The next meeting will be December 1. ber 1. SEYMOUR, Wis., Nov. 24.—Sales of cheese, 273 boxes double daisies, 13%c; 257 withdrawn; 19 boxes twins, 12½c.

MILWAUKEE STOCKYARDS REPORT. MILWAUKEE SIOCKYARDS REPORT,
HOGS-15@20c lower; prime butchers,
heavy, 230 to 350 lbs, 5.80@5.\$5; packers,
selected, 5.70@5.80; fair to good, 5.35@5.70;
mixed, good medium, 210@250 lbs, 5.50@
5.65; common to fair, 5.20@5.40; light, 160 to
190 lbs, 5.20@5.35; weight, 135 to 150 lbs,
4.30@4.80; weight, 80 to 125 lbs, 3.90@4.25;
throwouts, 4.00@4.50.

11005			
Ave. Price.	No.	Ave. Price.	1
 93 \$4.00	88	180 \$5.40	1
 202 4.00	75	187 5.40	1
 94 4.00	70	203 5.40	1
 117 4.10		193 5.40	1
 116 4.10	87	192 5.40	1
 112 4.10	76		1
 115 4.10	83	202 5.45	1
 113 4.10	92	163 5.45	1
 112 4.10	63	211 5.45	1
 108 4.10	64	187 5.45	1
 156 5.15	77	201 5.50	1
 158 5.20	55	206 5.50	1
 164 5.25	58	224 5.50	1
 166 5.25	87	196 5.50	1
 161 5.30	84	200 5.50	1
 180 5.30	71	228 5.50	1
 170 5.30	51		1
 168 5.30	80		1

springers, choice heavy, 40.00@55.00.

—CATTLE.—

No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price.
1. 490 \$1.50 16... 1112 \$4.00
2. 665 2.50 2 cows. 1185 3.25
4. 842 3.25 1 bull. 1040 2.75
11... 926 3.75 1 bull. 190 2.90
—CALVES.—

No. Ave. Price. 5... 92 \$5.00
2... 95 \$4.50 3... 123 6.75
SHEEP—Market steady; lambs, 4.00@5.25; sheep, good to choice, 3.25@4.00; common to fair, 2.00@2.75; bucks, 2.00@3.00.

CUDAHY, Wis., Nov. 25.—Receipts, 4000 hogs. Market 15c lower. Mixed packing, 5.20@5.60; poor to good heavy packing, 5.45@5.75; medium and butchers, 5.65@5.90; select packing and shipping, 5.60@5.95; fair to good light, 4.90@5.50; pigs and rough, 3.00@5.00. Representative sales: 58 hogs, average 217 at 5.50; 64 hogs, average 221 at 5.60; 50 hogs, average 291 at 5.95; 82 hogs, average 193 at 5.80; 57 hogs, average 283 at 5.85; 60 hogs, average 291 at 5.95; 82 hogs, average 173 at 5.55; 111 hogs, average 146 at 5.00; 79 hogs, average 184 at 5.45; 87 hogs, average 173 at 5.55; 111 hogs, average 146 at 5.25; 42 hogs, average 112 at 4.25. CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 25.—Cattle—Receipts about 25,000; market 15@30c lower; beeves, 3.30@7.65; Texans, 3.40@4.30; westerners, 3.10@5.60; stockers and feeders, 2.60@4.70; cows and heifers, 1.50@4.90; calves, 5.00@6.75. Hogs—Receipts about 50,000; market 10@15c lower; light, 4.90@5.75; pigs, 3.60@4.50; yearlings, 4.00@4.80; lambs, 3.75@6.25; westerlings, 4.00@4.80; lambs, 3.75@6.25; pts about 23,000; market weak to 10c ver; native, 2.50@4.65; western, 2.50@4.50; irlings, 4.00@4.80; lambs, 3.75@6.25; west-

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 25.—Cattle-SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 3300; slow to 10c lower; native steers, 4.00@7.25; cows and helfers, 2.80@4.60; western steers, 3.00@5.75; Texas steers, 2.75@4.40; cows and helfers, 2.50@4.25; stockers and feeders, 2.75@5.00; calves, 3.25@5.75. Hogs—Receipts, 16,000; market 10@15c lower; bulk of sales, 5.50@5.70. Sheep—Receipts, 2100; steady; yearlings, 4.25@5.00; wethers, 4.00@4.50; ewes, 3.25@4.00.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 25 .- Cattle-KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 8000; steady to 10c lower; native steers, 4.60@7.50; native cows and heifers, 2.25@5.50; stockers and feeders, 2.85@4.75; bulls, 2.40@4.00; calves, 3.25@5.50; western steers, 3.80@6.50; western cows, 2.60@4.25. Hogs—Receipts, 25,000; market 5@10c lower; bulk, 5.40@5.75. Sheep—Receipts, 6000; steady; muttons, 4.00@4.65; lambs. 4.50@6.00; range wethers, 3.75@5.25; fed ewes, 2.50@4.25.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 5000; natives, weak to 10c lower;

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 25.—Cattle—Recelpts, 5000; natives, weak to 10c lower; Texans, steady to 5c lower; beef steers, 3.70@7.40; stockers and feeders, 2.70@4.30; cows and heifers, 2.85@5.90; Texas steers, 2.50@6.30; cows and heifers, 1.70@4.20. Hogs—Recelpts, 11,500; market, 10@15c lower; pigs and lights, 4.25@5.40; packers, 5.25@5.75; butchers and best heavy, 5.45@6.00. Sheep—Receipts, 500; steady; natives, 3.00@4.25; lambs, 3.00@5.75.

MILWAUKEE HAY MARKET.

Choice timothy hay, 12.00@12.25; No. 1 timothy hay, 11.00@11.50; No. 2 timothy hay, 9.50@10.50; clover and mixed, 8.50@ 9.50; choice Kansas and Nebraska prairie, 11.00@11.50; No. 1 prairie, 10.50@11.00; No. 2 prairie, 9.50@10.00; Wisconsin marsh feeding, 6.50@7.00; packing hay, 5.50@6.00; rye, straw, 7.50@7.75; oats straw, 6.25@6.50.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 25.—Close—Wheat—Firm; No. 1 northern, on track, 1.06½; No. 2 northern, on track, 1.04@1.06. Corn—Steady; No. 3 on track, 61@62c. Oats—Easy; standard, 51@51½c; No. 3 white, on track, 48½@50c. Barley—Dull; standard, 63½@64c. Rye—Steady; No. 1 on track, 75c. Flour quotations in carlots are: Hard spring wheat patents, in wood, 5.45@5.55; straights, in wood, 5.35@5.55; export patents, in sacks, 4.35@4.70; first clears, in sacks, 4.10@4.30; rye, in wood, 3.95@4.10; country, 3.65@3.85; sacks, Kansas, in wood, 4.90@5.10. 4.90\(q\)5.10.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Cotton—Futures closed steady; closing bids: November, 9.24; December, 9.24; January, 9.05; February, 9.04; March, 9.04; April, 9.04; May, 9.05; June, 9.04; July, 9.08; August, 8.96; October, 8.75.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 9.45; middling gulf, 9.70; no sales.

CHICAGO. Ill., Nov. 25.-Receipts-Flour

STEAMER BURNS; 200 LIVES LOST

SARDINIA DESTROYED NEAR IS-LAND OF MALTA AND FEW LIVES ARE SAVED.

PASSENGERS IN WILD PANIC.

Decks Are Clustered with Tents Erected by Those Taking Passage on Ill-Fated Ship.

STRONG WIND FANS THE BLAZE.

VALETTA, Island of Malta, Nov. 25. -Nearly two hundred persons, passengers and crew of the Ellerman line steamship Sardinia, are believed to have perished today when the steamer was destroyed by fire after she had arrived from Alexandria, Egypt. The Sardinia Government Official Meets Death on Spot was scarcely a mile off Grand Harbor when the first sign of fire appeared, but with a strong wind to fan the flames the whole ship was soon ablaze and the passengers and crew had scarcely a chance for their lives.

Wild Scene of Panic.

There was a wild scene of panic on board as the rapidly spreading flames drove the passengers to the rails, and many of the excited ones, not even waiting for the boats to be lowered, plunged into the sea. Scores are believed to have been drowned. Others, trapped by the fire, were literally roasted to death or

smothered without a chance for life.

There were many craft in the harbor at the time of the disaster and several tugs and other swift, small vessels rushed to the assistance of the imperilled liner. The high sea and half a gale which prevailed at the time, however, made it impossible for them even to approach the Sardinia, and they could do

little in the way of aid The Sardinia left Liverpool, November 14, with a cargo of general merchandise for Mediterranean ports. Her crew numbered forty-four, and about twenty first-class and six second-class passengers embarked at Liverpool. Most of her other 200 hundred passengers undoubt-edly were Levantines, Maltese and Egyptians.

Pitch Tents on Decks.

Many of these people cross on the their tents on decks for shelter during the four days' trip. The decks are cluttered and this condition undoubtedly made the orderly clearing of the ship other two men.

Pneumonia Kills Springfield (0.) Child 3 Years Old and Weighing 140 Pounds.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Nov. 25 .- Adelina Guttilla, 3 years old, daughter of Dominico Guttilla, who has been exhibited in many of the large cities, and who was one of the wonders to the medical profession, died of pneumonia. She was forty inches high and weighed 140 pounds. She was considered the largest many years past. Attacks and attempts baby in the world. When she was born in this city she was no different than other babies in appearance and size. After a few weeks she began to grow rapidly and everybody became interested and watched her growth. Hundreds vis-ited the home in West Pleasant street. Later the parents took the baby to the large cities under contract where she was

HOSPITAL SHIP FOUND.

Relief Is Badly Damaged by Typhoon, but Is Now on Way to Manila Under Her Own Steam.

MANILA. Nov. 25 .- Admiral Sperry oday received a telegram from the hospital ship Relief, five days overdue at Guam, for which port the vessel sailed from this harbor November 15. The message came by way of Sorsorogon, in Southern Luzon, and stated that the ship was badly damaged by a typhoon which was encountered on November 18, during which the engines were disabled. LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 25.—A Fire broke out on the Relief, but was of the ship showing splendid discipline. The Relief is now proceeding to Manila under her own steam, repairs to her engines having been made by the crew.

DRIVEN OUT BY FIRE.

by Blaze Which Destroys Three Apartment Houses.

in a chilling rain by a fire which de- him over the mountains. In his flight sick women were carried through smoke tal trip by balloon is possible filled corridors by the firemen while the blaze was spreading.

GILBERT S. KING DIES.

He Was at One Time Engaged in the Manufacture of Glass with Roosevelt's Father.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 25 .- Gil-

A Big One.

A huge mirror, weighing six and one-half tons, valued at \$60,000, said to be the most valuable single article of mer-chandise ever carried across the Atlantic ocean, arrived in New York on the steamer St. Andrew. The mirror will be used in the Mount Wilson Solar ob-servatory at Pasadena, Cal. It will be shipped by boat to New Orleans and thence overland to Pasadena-

Cuba's Grange Crop. One-half million crates is the most recent estimate of this year's orange

rop in Cuba-the largest in the histor; of the island. Until a few years ago thousands of crates of oranges were brought to Cuba from Florida and Calibrought to Cuba from Florida and Cali-fornia every year, but for the last three seasons these shipments have become less, and will possibly cease entirely with-in another year. Orange cultivation on a scientific scale did not begin in Cuba until about eight or nine years ago, and may be considered in its infancy, but is progressing rapidly, and even at this ear ly stage is now in position to supply the local markets. The orange business on the island is controlled almost entirely by Americans.

HAYTIEN REVOLT GROWS SERIOUS

PEOPLE, WROUGHT UP BY OUT- ONE VILLAGE TOTALLY WRECKED. RAGES, SEIZE AND EXECUTE GEN. LE CONTE.

THE TROOPS DO NOT RESIST.

Shoot Two Citizens. EXPERIENCED ARMY IS NEEDED.

Where He Ordered Soldiers to

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Nov. 25. been killed at Jeremie was confirmed to- in many communities. day. The circumstances of his death are briefly as follows: Upon arriving at Jeremie at the head of a government detachment sent out against the revolutionists, he found the government gunboat Croyant ashore.

Orders Commander Executed.

He at once accused the commander, Cajt. Ostema, of treason, and, refusing to listen to any explanations, he forth-with had him executed. After this act Le Conte landed at Jeremie for the pur-pose of recruiting men to fight against the rebels under Gen. Simon, leader of the movement against President Nord Alexis. Some of the people of Jeremie protested against this course, whereupon Le Conte selected two of the most prominent citizens and had them executed.

Take Le Conte Prisoner.

These outrages wrought the people up to a great degree of excitement and indignation. They armed themselves hastily and advanced against Le Conte steamers of this line from Malta to and his troops. There was practically Alexandria. It is their custom to pitch no resistance. Le Conte was taken pris-

Revolution Is Progressing.

BIGGEST BABY IS DEAD.

The revolution is progressing. Gen. Celestin, the minister of war, has sent in a demand for disciplined troops. He explains that the new recruits will not stand against the fire of the enemy. It is reported here that the gunboat Nord Alexis is out of commission at Aquin because of damage to the machinery.

INDIA UPRISING SERIOUS.

Attacks and Attempts on Lives of Englishmen Are Daily Occurrences. CALCUTTA, Nov. 25 .- The situation

many years past. Attacks and attempts on the lives of Englishmen, officials and civilians, are of almost daily occurrence. Lord Minto, the viceroy of India, re-turned here today from the north, cutting short his excursion in this territory for the purpose of considering measures to cope with the native disaffection, which officials have been forced to recognize as alarmingly on the increase.

Last night a Bengali made an unsuc essful attempt to kill Public Prosecutor Hume with a bomb in a railway carriage near Agurpara. There were three other Europeans in the carriage at the time. A bomb loaded with dumdum bullets was thrown at the carriage by the native, but it fell short and exploded outside. None of the Europeans was injured. Today the Bengalis are lauding the man who made this attempt.

MAKES FAST AERO TRIP.

Aeronaut Crosses Mountain Range and Travels Nearly 300 Miles in Less Than Six Hours.

promptly gotten under control, the crew word that the balloon "United States" with Capt. A. E. Mueller as pilot and J. K. Hutchinson, a newspaper man, as passenger, had landed at that place at 4:10 o'clock Monday afternoon. The start was made from this city at 10:19 o'clock Monday morning. Ehrenburg is more than 200 miles from Los Angeles as the crow flies, and the balloon had Forty Chicago Families Left Homeless traveled nearly, if not quite 300 miles in less than six hours. Making faster time in this flight toward the east than Apartment Houses.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 25.—Forty families were driven from their homes today in a hilling region of the fastest train makes from Los Angeles to the Colorado river, Capt. Mueller amply demonstrated his ability to locate the air currents which will carry stroyed three four-story buildings in he passed over the range at the opening North Winchester avenue and occasioned of the San Gorgorina pass and at one North Winchester avenue and occasioned a loss of \$75,000. Three firemen were injured by falling beams while they sought to extinguish the flames and respectively. cue the occupants of the buildings. Three feat he has shown that a transcontinen

LYNCH THREE NEGROES.

Tennessee Blacks Who Killed Deputy Sheriffs Are Strung Up in Front of Church Pulpit.

TIPTONVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 25 .-Three dead bodies dangling from imbert Snowden King, a prominent glass the pulpit of a negro church five miles provised scaffold, erected in front of manufacturer of Brooklyn, N. Y., died from this city, was the spectacle which yesterday at his temporary home in greeted the crowd of curious people who yesterday at his temporary home in Los Angeles of la grippe and complications for the relief of which he came here with Mrs. King six months ago. King at one time engaged in the manufacture of glass with the late Theodore Roosevelt. father of the President.

greeted the crowd of curious people who gathered about the church today to view the work of the mob which took from the Tiptonville jail last night, Marshall, Ed and Jim Stineback, the three negroes who shot and fatally wounded two deputy sheriffs in front of the same church last Saturday night.

R. W. Drake, Prominent Resident of Montgomery, Ala., Killed and House Burned to Hide Crime.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 25.—R. W. Drake, a prominent planter, was murdered at his home near Laneville, Hale county, last night. His horse was burned, but neighbors, seeing the fire, got his body out.

In ese parts. Another fox has a white foot. In another pen he has fourteen skunks, which he can handle as he would chickens. Recently when out hunting Mr. Hall shot two raccoons on one tree, the two weighing fifty pounds.

TORNADOES MEET: 30 IN DEATH LIST

WESTERN ARKANSAS SWEPT BARE BY STORM WHICH WORKS TER-RIBLE HAVOC.

PROPERTY LOSS ENORMOUS.

Reports State Fifty Persons May Have Been Killed, but They Have Not Been Confirmed.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 24.-The latest conservative estimate of the loss of life in the two tornadoes which swept western Arkansas last evening, is today placed at thirty, although reports from everal sources declare that the death list will aggregate fifty, with much of the storm-swept territory yet to be heard

The injured number several score. No estimates are made as to the property loss. Judging from all reports received thus far, however, it will go into the hundreds of thousands. Miles upon miles of land have been swept bare. Forests, The report that Gen Le Conte, the homes, business houses, churches and Haytien minister of the interior, has everything have been demolished alike

Two Tornadoes Meet. From all reports there appears to have been different tornadoes, one starting from the south and the other from the north, both dipping to the earth at intervals and apparently meeting in the central western part of the state, where

the most damage has been reported. The town of Piney, a German settlement on the Iron Mountain railway, located between Knoxville and London, suffered the most, according to reports received thus far. The number of dead is variously estimated from nine to twenty, while one report stated that al! rumors were exaggerated and that one person, a girl, was killed. Five one person, a girl, was killed. Five business houses and a number of homes were destroyed, according to reports.

From the towns of Berryville and Cravens, the most definite reports are received. At the former, three persons were injured and the property loss is roughly estimated at between \$25,000 and \$40,000. At Cravens, four persons are known to be dead, members of the family of John Rosin, a farmer, who were caught under the falling timbers of their home. I. G. Holt and wife, an aged couple, were seriously injured and may die. Eight persons who took refuge in a store were caught in the crash of

Many Buildings Collapse.

the building and all were injured and eight others are reported as missing. At Cravens, practically all the larger buildings were either demolished or badly damaged. From Knoxville a dispatch received this morning partially confirms the re-port that the village of Barr, four miles from that place, was totally wrecked. In the vicinity of Mulberry, five persons are reported killed and others injured. At Lodi one woman was seriously injured and the Methodist church and sev-

eral other buildings were destroyed.

Young Woman Declares Editor Is Her Long Lost Father Who Once Prom-

ised Her \$80,000. PARIS, Nov. 24 .- A love romance of revealed Saturday when Maitre des Jaragainst Mr. Bennett. The woman's cheese builder and the taste of the conclaim and Mr. Bennett's positive denial sumer. of its truth can be briefly summarized: 'You are my long lost papa," exclaims Mire. Juliette, now a governess in Can-

"Stuff and nonsense!" Mr. Bennett retorts. "And permit me to add that your suit is malodorous of blackmail." Mlle. Juliette claims that James Gor-

don Bennett, always gallant, greatly admired Mlle. Charlotte Schettler, known on the stage as Camille Clermont. Mile. Juliette vows she is the living proof of Mr. Bennett's sincere admiration for her mother, and that Mr. Bennett acknowledged her as such. She says he promised to give her \$80,-

000 when she was 16 years old, and did give her \$20,000 when she was 21. She admits that she promised then never to trouble Mr. Bennett again. But she has taken advice-\$20,000, of course, does not last a lifetime-and finds that, under the French law, her former renunciation is invalid, the law does not permit a daughter, as she says she is, to repudiate her paternity.

RAISES COBLESS CORN.

Iowa Farmer Has Crop of Kernels Found in Husk and Intends to Improve Upon It.

LAKE CITY, Ia., Nov. 24.-H. J. Sconce raised a crop cobless corn on his farm last summer and the peculiar product is on exhibition here. A year ago Mr. Sconce and Taylor Garlough of this county purchased a quantity of seed corn in Illinois. In the shipment was a freak ear, which instead of the ordinary much of anything we ate. cob. was composed of a core of husk. the grains being neatly wrapped upon the soft foundation like peas in a pod. Mr. Sconce was impressed and decided to plant all the kernels found on the freak To his surprise the ears produced this fall were found to be the exact reproductions of the single ear. He has decided to plant more of the corn next year and will endeavor to improve upon it. The ears produced this year yielded as much corn as those provided with a cob, and the kernels were large and solid. The ears were filled, kernels even growing among the silk. As a result of the discovery, the corn cob may disap-

A Successful Hunter.

John Hall of Sherman, Conn., is one of the season's most successful hunters and trappers. He has trapped twentytwo foxes thus far. In an iron cage he has four raccoons and four foxes. One of the foxes is the largest ever seen in these parts. Another fox has a white

Advertise in Your Home Paper.

PE-RU-NA AS A LAST



MR. WM. F. VAHLBERG.

Mr. William F. Vahlberg, Oklahoma, City, Okla., writes:
"One bottle of Peruna which I have taken did more toward relieving me of

an aggravated case of catarrh of the stomach, than years of treatment with the best physicians.

"I had given up hopes of relief, and only tried Peruna as a last resort.

"I shall continue using it, as I feel setisfied it will offect an entire and near satisfied it will effect an entire and per-

manent cure.
"I most cheerfully recommend Peruna to all who may read this." Peruna is usually taken as a last resort. Doctors have been tried and failed. Other

remedies have been used. Sanitariums have been visited. Travel has been resorted to. At last Peruna is tried. Relief is found. This history is repeated over and over again, every day in the year. It is such results as this that gives Peruna its unassailable hold upon the people. We could say nothing that would add force to such testimonials as the above. That people who have had catarrh and have tried every other remedy available, find relief in Peruna, constitutes the best ar-

gument that could be made.

Influence of "Pluck." The blindest, the most purely instinct-lve efforts of mere "pluck" has a lifting power and deserves our thankful admiration; every degree and every form of courage tends to raise the whole tone of life within the range of its influence, in proportion to the amount and the quality of the endurance ex-

ercised .- Hibbert Journal. TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets, Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

CHEESE IN 200 VARIETIES. Experts in Department of Agriculture

Make List of Kinds. Experts at the department of agriculture have been at work again and the result is an interesting, if somewhat tech-GIRL SUING BENNETT, nical dissertation on cheeses, how they are made, what they are made of, and all the details connected with the business, says the Omaha Bee. The expertsannounce, in an introductory note, that there are 229 known varieties of cheese and that no two of these are at all alike James Gordon Bennett's early life was except that they have milk in some form as the basis. Milk is the foundation revealed Saturday when Maitre des Jardins in the law courts made the opening of all cheese, but the superstructure may be made of anything from sage to soapaddress in Mlle. Juliette Schettler's suit stone, depending upon the whim of the

> Cheese making is one of the oldest arts, or trades, or habits, under which ever classification. It was an article of diet back in the hazy times of history and has never lost out with changing It is found in the plains fashions. South America, on the shores of the Mediterranean, in the passes of the Alps, on the banks of the Rhine, and the Rhone, on the steppes of Siberia, in the cottages of the peasants, in the palaces of princes, and on lunch counters of the civilized and semi-civilized world.
>
> Age does not wither nor custom stale the infinite variety of cheese. There are cheeses in existence and growing stronger every day that are older than any existing government. One particular cheese is mentioned as being over 200 years old and reflecting great credit on the family that possesses it. Over in Switzerland they have a pleasant custom of making a cheese at the birth of a child and eating it at his funeral feast or at the funeral of his son or grandson.

> > NEW LIFE

Found in Change to Right Food. After one suffers from acid dyspepsia, sour stomach, for months and then finds the remedy is in getting the right kind of food, it is something to speak out about.

such an experience and she wants others to know how to get relief. She "For about fifteen months my little

A N. Y. lady and her young son had

boy and myself had suffered with sour stomach. We were unable to retain "After suffering in this way for so

long I decided to consult a specialist in stomach diseases. Instead of prescribing drugs, he put us both on Grape-Nuts and we began to improve immediately. "It was the key to a new life. I

found we had been eating too much heavy food which we could not digest. In a few weeks after commencing Grape-Nuts, I was able to do my housework. I wake in the morning with a clear head and feel rested and have no sour stomach. My boy sleeps well and

wakes with a laugh. "We have regained our lost weight and continue to eat Grape-Nuts for both the morning and evening meals. We are well and happy and owe it to Grape-Nuts." "There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

MEMORIAL TO SHERIDAN UNVEILED

WIDOW OF DASHING SOLDIER OF CIVIL WAR PULLS CORD WHICH HELD THE DRAPERY.

ROOSEVELT MAKES ADDRESS.

The Ceremony Is Attended by Military Splendor, Many Distinguished Officials Taking Part.

FIGURE IS SPLENDID MEMORIAL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 25 .-With military pomp and splendor the heroic statue of Gen. Philip Henry Sheridan was unveiled in this city today. The President of the United States and members of the cabinet, the diplomatic corps, justices of the supreme court of the United States, senators, representa-

horse and man is lifelike and spirited, and the statue will be a notable addition to the ornaments of the city of Washington. It was authorized by Congress, with an appropriation of \$50,000, is 12 feet in length, 8 feet wide and 14 feet high.

Mrs. Sheridan Unveils Statue.

Especial interest was given the occasion by the presence of the widow of the dashing soldier and her son, Lieut. Phil Sheridan, of the army. The statue was unveiled by Mrs. Sheridan herself pulling the cord that held the drapery in place.

The statue is located in the most fashionable residential section of the city, in what is known as Sheridan square, at the intersection of Massachusetts avenue, Twenty-third and R streets. It is surrounded by many splendid mansions and is on the line of one of the most popular driveways of the city.

The New Sheridan Home.

The home which Mrs. Sheridan is now having built overlooks the monument. a tribute to the memory of her husband. Mrs. Sheridan's new home is in effect a four-story structure, being of the basement design, which has become so popular in cities where the price of land precludes the possibility of detached houses for persons of moderate means. The house is of brick and stone, and bears in almost every one of its rooms the stamp of a repository of the most interesting relics of the hero of the ride

Upon entering the hall to which the front doorway opens the visitor sees below the colonial stairway a marble bust of Gen. Sheridan, and further back in this apartment is the silver mounted saddle which he prized highly. Opening to the left of the hall is a library, many of the shelves of which are filled with the books in which he took delight.

On the second, or drawing room, floor, there is a spacious dining room, with a large oil painting of Gen. Sheridan in uniform over the fireplace, a short hall and two communicating drawing rooms. In the larger of these the major portion of one wall is given over to a painting of Gen. Sheridan, who is depicted upon his black charger in his famous ride. Underneath on a gold scroll is one of the poems in which the deed has been immortalized. There is also in this apartment a bronze portraying Sheridan in the same feat.

Has Relics of War.

A large glass and mahogany cabinet contains the general's spurs, the various swords which he carried or which were presented to him, his medals and decorations and great portfolios of original autograph letters from him to Sherman and other Union generals. In the house also are numerous flags which have figured in the career of the cavalry leader.

Roosevelt Makes Address.

President Roosevelt addressed the assemblage and pronounced a splendid trib-ute to the valor and the military genius of Sheridan. Horace Porter, formerly ambassador to France, also spoke in honor of the soldier and patriot and told of his daring deeds on the field of battle Text of Address.

The President spoke as follows:
It is eminently fitting that the nation's illustrious men, the men who loom as heroes before the eyes of our people, should be fittingly commemorated here at the national capital, and I am glad indeed to take part in the unveiling of this statue to Gen. Sheridan. His name will always stand high on the list of American worthies. Not only was ne a great general, but he showed his greatness with that touch of originality which we call genius. Indeed this quality of brilliance has been in one sense a disadvantage to his reputation, for it has tended to overshadow his solid ability. We tend to think of him only as the dashing cavalry leader, whereas he was in reality not only that, but also a great commander. Of course, the fact in his career most readily recognized was his mastery in the

"Gumshoe Fraternity."

nity" have become quite bold in New York recently and have employed methods unsurpassed in sensational features by the most thrilling stunts of the viilain in any modern melodrama, but if better bestir themselves and be doing something or their Philadelphia rivals will carry off the palm. To awaken the members of a family, one after the oth-

necessarily modern art of handling masses of modern cavairy so as to give them the fullest possible effect, not only in the ordinary operations of cavairy which precede and follow a battle, but in the battle itself. But in addition he showed in the Civil war that he was a first-class army commander, both as a subordinate of Grant and when in independent command. His record in the Valley campaign, and again from Five Forks to Appomattox, is one difficult to parallel in military history. After the close of the great war, in a field where there was scant glory to be won by the general in chief, he rendered a signal service which has gone almost unnoticed; for in the tedious weary Indian wars on the great plains it was he who developed in thorough-going fashion the system of campaigning in winter, which, at the cost of bitter hardship and peril, finally broked down the banded strength of those formidable warriors, the horse Indians.

Was Typical American. Was Typical American.

necessarily modern art of handling masses

His career was typically American, for from plain beginnings he rose to the high-est military position in our land. We hon-or his memory itself; and moreover, as in the case of the other great commanders of

War Stands Alone.

war and many others prominent in official life as well as a large concourse of citizens were present. Thousands of soldiers of the regular army and of the national guard and United States marines and bluejackets from the navy, were assembled as a tribute to the dashing soldier of the Civil war whose effigy was displayed to the public gaze for the first time in this city today.

The statue, the work of Gutzom Borglum, was admired by everyone who saw it. It is equestrian, and is of nearly twice life size and represents the general on his famous horse Rienzi, as he is stemming the tide of defeat at Cedar Creek, waving his hat and shouting to his retreating soldiers the famous words, "We're going the other way, boys! We're going the other way, boys! We'

Differs from Others.

Differs from Others.

There is another point in Gen. Sheridan's career which it is good for all of us to remember. Whereas Grant, Sherman, and Thomas were of the old native American stock, the parents of Sheridan, like the parents of Farragut, were born on the other side of the water. Any one of the five was just as much a type of the real American, of what is best in America, as the other four. We should keep steadily before our minds the fact that Americanism is a question of principle, of purpose, of idealism, of character; that it is not a matter of birthplace, or creed, or line of descent. Here in this country the representatives of many old-world races are being fused together into a new type, a type the main features of which are already determined, and were determined at the time of the Revolutionary war; for the crucible in which all the new types are melted into one was shaped from 1776 to 1789, and our nationality was definitely fixed in all its essentials by the men of Washington's day. The strains will not continue to exist separately in this country as in the old world The strains will not continue to exist

Usefulness of a Career.

Usefulness of a Career.

Much of the usefulness of any career must lie in the impress that it makes upon, and the lessons that it teaches to, the generations that come after. We of this generation have our own problems to solve, and the condition of our solving them is that we shall all work together as American citizens without regard to differences of section or creed or birthplace, copying, not the divisions which so lamentably sundered our fathers one from another, but the spirit of burning devotion to duty which drove them forward, each to do the right as it was given him to see the right, in the great years when Grant, Farragut, Sherman, Thomas, and Sheridan, when Lee and Jackson, and the Johnstons, the valiant men of the north and the valiant men of the south, fought to a finish the great Civil war. They did not themselves realize, in the bitterness of the struggle, that the blood and the grim suffering merked, the of the south, fought to a finish the great Civil war. They did not themselves realize, in the bitterness of the struggle, that the blood and the grim suffering marked the death throes of what was worn out, and the birth pangs of a new and more giorious national life. Mighty is the heritage which we have received from the men of the mighty days. We, in our turn, must gird up our loins to meet the new issues with the same stern courage and resolute adherence to an ideal, which marked our fathers who belonged to the generation of the man in whose honor we commemorate the man in whose honor we commemorate this monument today.

STRIKERS FIRED UPON

Employes of New Jersey Firm, It is Alleged, Started Trouble by Attacking the Plant.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Nov. 25.-A crowd of strikers from among the 900 & Atlantic railroad conductor, has been employes of the National Fire Proofing company at Keasby, who went out for his wages, last week, was fired upon by squad of special deputy sheriffs in that village today and four men were wounded, two seriously.

The strikers, it is charged, had at-

tacked various parts of the manufacture ing plant, and by throwing stones through windows had injured several nen and women employed in the office. Gov. Fort has been informed that militia may be needed. All saloons of Keasby have been ordered closed

LIFERS TO AID SCIENCE

er, line them up and keep them covered with guns while one of the members of the gang is collecting everything of The members of the "Gumshoe Fraterthe gang is collecting everything of value in the house is pretty fair for melodramatic effect, but it is like the work of the bloodiest tyro compared with the feat of the Philadelphia burgwho chloroformed one member o they have any professional pride they a 500-pound safe filled with jewelry out of the house and hauled it away, without being caught.

It Pays to Advertise.

Michigan News

OVERPOWERS DEER IN FIERCE ENCOUNTER.

Northern Michigan Nimrod Engages 200-Pound Buck in Hand to Horn Battle.

CHAMPION. Mich., Nov. 20 .- (Special.]-A desperate combat with a 200pound buck, and in which he came near being worsted, was the thrilling experience of Eugene Lally of Grand Rapids while on a hunting trip in Marquette county wilds out from Champion. Lally had shot at the deer three times, two the case of the other great commanders of his day, his career symbolizes the careers of all those men who in the years of the nation's direst need sprang to the front to risk everything, including life itself, and to spend the days of their strongest young manhood in valorous conflict for an ideal. Often we Americans are taunted with having only a material ideal. The empty folly of the taunt is sufficiently shown by the presence here today of you men of the Grand Army, you the comrades of the dead general, the men who served with and under him. In all history we have no greater instance of subordination of self, of the exalting of a lofty ideal over merely material well-being among the people of a great nation, than was shown by our own people in the Civil war.

War Stands Alone. Without hesitation, Lally lunged forward, forced his body between the deer's antlers and grabbed the animal's forelegs, bringing the buck to its knees. In that position the combatants whipped over the ground. The earth for many feet around was torn up with the strug-gles of the pair. The buck, thoroughly infuriated, made a desperate fight, but the bullets in its body had done their work. The efforts of the deer began to grow feeble and finally, after one last grow feedle and many, after one has supreme effort to shake off the man and gore him, the animal collapsed, sinking to the ground dead.

Lally is a farmer living near Grand Rapids.

REJECTED; SHOOTS SELF.

Menominee (Mich.) Man Attempts Suicide When 16-Year-Old Girl Refuses to Marry Him.

MENOMINEE, Mich., Nov. 20.-[Special.]—Because Miss Minnie Wilson, a 16-year-old girl, refused to marry him. Themas Hansen of this city attempted suicide at Oconto Falls, the home of the girl, last night by firing two shots into his side with a revolver. Both bullets lodged a few inches from his heart. His condition is extremely critical.

Hansen called upon Miss Wilson and asked her to marry him. The young lady demurred, claiming that she was too young, and a few minutes later Hansen left the house. Upon reaching the corner the young man walked out into the street under the glare of the street light. drew the weapon and fired twice.

DEATHENDS'PLAY'DUEL

Upper Michigan Lads Give Object Lesson in Art of Dueling, Not Knowing Gun Was Loaded.

The strains will not continue to exist separately in this country as in the old world. They will be combined in one; and of this new type those men will best represent what is loftiest in the nation's past, what is finest in her hope for the future, who stand each solely on his worth as a man; who scorn to do evil to others, and who refuse to submit to wrongdolng themselves; who have in them no taint of weakness; who never fear to fight when fighting is demanded by a sound and high morality, but who hope by their lives to bring ever nearer the day when justice and peace shall prevail within our own borders and in our relations with all foreign powers.

Gun Was Loaded.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Nov. 23.—
[Special.]—Demonstrating in a practical manner to two younger companions how duels are fought, Robert Warren, aged 13, and Robert Miller, 15, both of Marquette, stood back to back, guns in hand; then walking ten paces, wheeled about, took quick aim and pulled triggers, the boys believing the weapons to be empty. Unfortunately Miller's gun contained a shell. The shot hit Warren in the head and he fell dead. The fatality occurred while the boys were hunting. Scott's while the boys were hunting. Scott's "Talisman" was being studied in school and due to this there arose the discussion of modern dueling, which ended in the trageay.

ELECTION IS CLOSE,

County Judge at Menominee, Mich. Chosen by Majority of Four-Expect Contest.

MENOMINEE, Mich., Nov. 21.-Special.]-The board of election canvassers of Menominee county completed their labors in the recount proceedings brought before them by Probate Judge John Stiles against James Sherman. who on the face of the election returns was supposed to be elected to that office by a majority of four. The recount, wever, gives Stiles a majority of seven over Sherman. As a number of ballots were thrown out by the canvassers on technical questions, it is possible that proceedings will be brought against Stiles by Sherman.

BOY KILLED IN WOODS?

Parents of Marquette (Mich.) Lad Fe... He W's Shot by Hunters.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Nov. 21. [Special.]—Missing now for ten days there is fear that Duane Parker, a Mar quette boy, son of a Duluth, South Shore mistaken for a deer and shot and killed by some criminally careless marksman lying dead in the woods some mile south of the city. The youngster was hunting with a number of companions. He had been left in charge of the camp for the day, and on the return of his associates at nightfall he was missing. Since then not a trace of him has been found, despite the fact that the woods for some miles around have been sys-tematically searched by bodies of men from the city. The boy's family are cer-tain he has been shot or has met with a fatal accident, and they are bowed down with grief.

LUMBERMEN GETTING BUSY. Prepare for Unusually Large Cut in Woods This Winter.

MENOMINEE, Mich., Nov. 21.— [Special.]—According to local lumber-men, there will be an unusual activity in the woods of the Upper Peninsula dur-ing the coming winter. Many men have been sent to the camps during the past two or three weeks and more will follow. Large tracts of standing timber were scorched by the forest fires and in order to prevent loss, the companie are compelled to cut these trees immediately. The sawmills of Menomine and Marinette will operate steadily all winter with full force, sawing the logs as rapidly as brought in by rail from the various parts of the Upper Peninsula.

ASCERTAINING TIMBER LOSS. Government Planning Reforestration of Upper Peninsula.

MENOMINEE, Mich., Nov. 20.-[Speial.]—Wesley Bradfield, government imber authority and forestry assistant f the department of agriculture is in the extent of damage done by the recent forest fires in the Upper Peninsula and to secure data relative to reforestration purposes. Mr. Bradfield states that Congress is 600 feet per minute.

will be asked to appropriate a large sur of money for reforestration purposes. Local lumbermen are greatly interested in reforestration work, many of them having forest reserves covering consider able territory.

Woodsman Shot to Death. MARQUETTE, Mich., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—John Pelicola, a woodsman, was shot and killed by a fellow employe at a logging camp near Princeton, in southern part of Marquette county, day. A posse is scouring the woods in search of Eric Talo, who is charged with

Youth Gets Carnegie Medal. ST. IGNACE, Mich., Nov. 19.-[Spe-

cial.]—Frederick Hiser, a boy living at Hessel, Mackinac county, has been Hessel, Mackinac county, has been awarded a silver medal and \$250 in cash by the Carnegie hero commission At the peril of his life, the young ma rushed into a burning house and rescued his aunt, who, however, was so badly injured that she died some days afterward. The boy himself was severely burned and it was not until weeks elapsed that he recovered. His act of bravery was performed two years ago.

BUILD ANOTHER POWER DAM. Gladstone (Mich.) to Get Electric Supply

from Escanaba River. MENOMINEE, Mich., Nov. 23 .- [Special Special cial.]—The second power dam across th Escanaba river will be constructed i the near future near Gross, one mile the stream from the location of the first dam. The new dam will be thirty feel high and will develop a sufficient head to developed by the new dam will be transmitted to Gladstone and other upper peninsula points where it will be used for manufacturing purposes.

"JOB" INSURANCE THE LATEST. Every Policyholder Who Loses His Place Gets \$500.

LANSING, Mich., Nov. 21—Insurance Commissioner James V. Barry has dis-covered a new form of insurance among railroad conductors. It is a "job" insurance scheme by which every man who oses his position through any cause e cept drunkenness or garnishment of sal-ary receives \$500. The next Legislature will be asked to pass a law regulating and controlling this form of insurance. William J. Ross, a Michigan Central conductor, is the organizer.

ESCAPE IN NIGHT CLOTHES. Two Injured in Rooming House Fire at Menominee, Mich.

MENOMINEE, Mich., Nov. [Special.]—Fire destroyed the McDonald boarding house at Whitney last night. The roomers were compelled to escape in their night clothes. Two boardes, James Stanley and Hans Johnson, were severely burned, their retreat being cut off by flames. The injured were taken to the Delta county hospital. The los \$1500.

May Be Case of Leprosy.

MANISTIQUE, Mich., Nov. 19.— [Special.]—A report from Sault Ste. Marie states that a case of leprosy has been discovered on Sugar island, in St. Mary's river. The alleged victim is said to be John Greenski, and it is stated that his case is so far advanced that his fingers are dropping off at the joints. The health authorities are conducting an investigation.

AN ACRE'S POSSIBILITIES.

Experiment to Be Made in Kansas to Test Its Yielding Capacity.

Work on one acre for demonstration purposes is to be started in September at La Bruyere, the Blue Ridge farm of the Brus brothers. The brothers have not decided finally what crops they will try to fill in the fall months, but they will plant spinach and late turnips or spinach, turnips and radishes. These products will bring high prices in the market when cold weather comes.

The Brus brothers agreed to set aside

one acre of their farm to demonstrate the possibilities of that much ground Spinach is the hardiest of late crops and ells readily, while the latest radishes are accepted in the city as delicacies. expect to keep the special acre fully occupied until the time comes to set out plants grown in the hotbeds and greenhouses. This will start the next spring

From September 10 to the same date next year the acre will be yielding continually. Every item of expense and ev-

ery cent received for the products from it will be recorded daily.

"The demonstration will be interesting," Eugene Brus said a few days ago.
"We are giving the idea close attention." because we cannot afford to miss one opportunity during the year. We are satisfied that our acres can be made to produce more than they do. this special acre can be pushed to higher productivity than in the past and we shall try to get it to the highest point. Our record will show labor required and its cost; time used for each crop and the price and profit realized."—Kansas City

The Only Woman Jailer.

There is only one official woman jailer in the world. Her name is Jenny Porchet, and she lives in Switzerland. She is governor and warder of the prison of Aigle, in the Rhone valley.

It came about in this way.
Thirty years ago Mme. Porchet married the chief warder of the prison, and soon proved to be a helpmeet indeed, for, being a strongly built woman, and with proper notions of discipline, she made as good a jailer as her husband, and more than once did his work when he was ill or away.

So when he died the authorities asked

her to take his place permanently, and he accepted.
All the year round the Aigle prison

contains from twelve to twenty mal prisoners, sentenced to terms of impris onment ranging from three months to three years, and although the woman jailer has no assistants she has never had any trouble with the prisoners—except, indeed, on one occasion many years ago, when a burly ruffian attacked her. Mme. Porchet taught him a lesson in cood behavior that confined him in the

ospital for several weeks.
Strict disciplinarian though she is, the woman jailer has the kindliest of hearts and takes great interest in her "guests," as she calls them. Many a prisoner has been set on the straight path_again by her wise and kindly advice.-Tit-Bits.

The government is experimenting in San Francisco bay with a buoy bearing three huge wings of corrugated iron sheeting, which echo the whistles of steam vessels. It is believed it will prove as effective in a fog as though the buoy itself furnished the noise.

The United States geological survey has begun the stupendous task of making a complete census of the water powers of the country, of those available for future utilization as well as those

The average velocity of chimney gase

PANAMA DAM IS INJURED BY RAIN

WALL SAID TO HAVE FALLEN.

It Is Alleged That Trouble Occurred Near Spot Where Underground Lake Was Discovered.

IT MAY BE LIKE OTHER SLIDES.

PANAMA, Nov. 24.-The Journal publishes a sensational story to the effect that, owing to recent rains, the Gatun dam, which was built forty feet above sea level, was destroyed during the night, a portion sixty-five feet wide, fifty feet deep, and forty feet high sinking into the earth until the top of the dam was level with the surrounding surface.

According to the account the Chagres river is flowing over the site, and the railroad tracks, pumping station, and sides of the lock are under water. It is alleged that the scene of the accident is close to the spot where, it is said, recent borings showed there was lack of proper natural foundation.

Trouble at the South Toe. The trouble was at what is known as the south toe of the Gatun dam. Some time ago rumor had it that an underground lake had been found there at a depth of 216 feet.

Lieut.-Col. Goethals, chief engineer of the Panama canal commission, tele-phoned that a slide had occurred, but that it was of no great importance, be-ing similar to other slides that have taken place during the rainy season at several points along the canal. For the last twenty days it has been taining continuously. The floor of the pumping station is submerged to a depth of more than 5 feet and the lock sites also are flooded. The pumping station was used to keep the lock sites clear from water.

Hopes Assassin's Bullet Has Disclosed.

Condition of Substructure. The earlier official reports on this head had been to the effect that there was ample support afforded by the natural substructure.

the foundation of the dam, were continued for the purpose of determining more fully the character and extent of the various materials composing founda-tions for the dam and the spillway; for ascertaining whether there were any permeable connections between the swamp areas to the north and south; and for testing the ability of the material to sup-port the proposed structure.

A test pit, twelve feet square, was sunk in the hill through which the spillway was to be cut and near its head, and this had been carried down to about thirty-five feet below sea level. On Gatun island a test pit twenty feet square, was sunk to a depth of sixty-eight feet below sea level.

Department of Locks.

The department on locks and dams embraced the Gatun locks and the Gatun my blood has not been shed in vain, if Department of Locks. dam divisions and the Pacific division of locks and dams. The Colon dredging

MISTAKEN FOR A DEER.

Ole Lindstrom, Iron River (Mich.) Hunter, Shot in Leg by Brother-in-Law -Other Hunting Accidents.

IRON RIVER, Mich., Nov. 24.-[Special.]-Hit in the leg by a bullet intend- Prisoner Leaps When Car Is Going at ed for a deer, Ole Lindstrom, an Iron county man, considers himself fortunate to have escaped with a flesh wound. The injury is not considered dangerous. It was inflicted by Lindstrom's brother-inlaw, Ole W. Helgemo. The deer was on an hour, being rendered unconscious by the run when Helgemo shot at it. Lindstrom was not seen by the marksman, but unfortunately he stepped from behind his cover just in time to receive the bullet after it had missed its intended

William Fitzgerald of Tenary, Alger county, accidentally shot himself, a load of buckshot tearing through the fleshy part of his arm. Lee Carpenter, aged 15, of Gladstone, likewise is on the casualty list. He shot himself through the foot with a rifle he did not think was

SHEBOYGAN FALLS, Wis., Nov. 24.—Theodore Kemper was accidentally shot Monday afternoon while hunting rabbits with William Grossheim. So far as can be learned Grossheim was plac-ing a shell in his gun when it discharged, the bullet landing in Kemper's hip. The wound is not supposed to be

of more than a painful nature.

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., Nov. 24.

John Frank of Trempealeau has been lost in the woods of northern Rusk county for one week and four men with whom he had hunted, started Monday in search of him. They had spent several days last week searching for Frank and then gave up, believing he had found his way home. On their arrival here on Saturday they learned that Frank had not been heard of by his relatives. It is feared Frank has been accidentally shot.

TROOPS IN REBELLION.

Mutiny of Chinese Soldiers at Nanking Far More Serious Than at First Reported.

PEKIN, Nov. 24.-The situation at Nanking, where a mutiny on the part of the Chinese troops broke out November 19, is serious. There has been fighting in the streets of the city, and a portion of the foreign residents have taken refuge on board a British gunboat. Others of the foreigners elected to remain on

TO STOP PULP MILL WASTE. Company in Texas Uses Resinous Slabs, Tree Tops and Stumps.

Following the lead of the government in the search for substitutes for spruce as pulp wood in paper making, private companies are starting in business along these lines. One of these companies is the Southern Wood Distillates and Fiber ompany, with headquarters at Chicago. This company has an operating plant

Orange, Tex., where waste resinous slabs and edgings, which are ordinarily burned, are turned into liquid by-products and aber. All sorts of mill waste,

such as tree tops and stumps are also used in this manner. As an illustration of the waste of possible pulp wood the

following data are given:

"In the long leaf yellow pine section of Louisiana, within a radius of 100 miles taking Lake Charles as a center, more than five thousand cords of resinous pine slabs and edgings are burned delivered." FLOODS WASH OUT GATUN WORK

DURING HEAVY AND INCESSANT DOWNPOUR.

Ous pine stabs and edgings are burner, daily in open fires at the various mills as worthless refuse. This daily waste is more than doubled by the 5000 cords of fat pine wood in the shape of limbs of fat pine wood in the shape of limbs. and tree tops left on the ground to lot in the logging camps of this same sec-

John R. Sheldon, National Republican Treasurer.



HENEY IS DETERMINED

Hopes Assassin's Bullet Has Disclosed Hideousness of Gigantic Conspiracy to Defeat Law.

Official investigations, primarily undertaken to verify data already on hand concerning the character of material for view granted by Francis J. Hency since San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 23.-The Morris Haas while the hearing of one of the cases against Ruef was in prog-After expressing devout thanks

his miraculous escape Mr. Heney 'In this great human battle against ice and corruption, let no one believe hat the source is to be found in the inlividual dynamiters, jury bribers, kid-apers and assassins, and that their exermination means ultimate victory. Such the pool of filth that has been years in making. The seed has been sown and we must reap the harvest, but in gathering the tares let us be satisfied with

the assassin's bullet has suddenly dis-closed to the public eye the hideousness Jivision extended from the foot of Gatun lock to deep water in the Caribbean sea. law, then I shall feel that I have not The Chagres division covered a distance lived in vain, that my poor efforts have

met with immeasurable benefit to my beloved city and state."
The foregoing is a part of the state-ment which is published over Mr. Henof about twenty-three miles and extend-ed from Gatun to a point where the canal crosses the Chagres river at Gamey's signature. The wounded man is well on the road to recovery and was able to walk about his room at the hospital yesterday.

TRIES SENSATIONAL ESCAPE FROM TRAIN.

Lightning Speed-Race for Life Follows.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 23 .-Leaping from a train running fifty miles jected to a fusilade of bullets and finally eing run down and recaptured by a half-breed Indian, was the sensational experiments of a prisoner, who attempted to escape from a Southern Pacific train near Banning yesterday.

The name of the prisoner was not learned. He was being taken to Kansas after being captured in San Francisco. As the train neared Banning, the prisoner made a flying jump from a dow of the train. Alighting on his feet, he was propelled for eighty feet and then hurled against an embankment. The train was finally stopped and backed three-quarters of a mile to the scene of the escape.

Arriving there, the officers saw the man regaining consciousness struggling to his feet. They opened fire on him, but the prisoner escaped injury. He would eventually have escaped, as he as outrunning the officers when Henry Matthews, a half-breed Indian, ran him Tufts of bloody hair and flesh were found on a rock embedded in the embankment against where the prisoners' head had come into contact. His face head had come into contact. above his right eye was crushed in and his clothing was in rags.

CARNEGIE GETS ORDER.

Big Armor Plate Contract Is Placed with Steel Mills in Homestead, Pa.

PITTSBURG, Pa.. Nov. 23.—With a steady increase in the orders and new business for the big steel mills of the Carnegie Steel company at Homestead there has come the announcement of the award in Washington, D. C., of a generous slice of the armor plate contract for two of the new monster battleships. Utah and Florida, to the Carnegie mills which means still more business for that plant, the employment of more men and a generally increased activity among the mill men.

The Carnegie Steel company has been given the order for 3153 tons of armor plate, or the largest share of the new onnage, while the Bethlehem and the Midvale Steel companies took other por-tions of the tonnage, nearly equal. The thue of the contract for the Homestead ills is placed at \$1,333,095.

James H. Reed, chairman of the board of the Carnegie Steel com-pany, said last night that while he had learned officially of the award, he delighted with the news, and that it ant much for the working forces of mill. The contract, he said, would obably take a year or more to fill, but addition to this the other departments vere securing more orders every day.

Doings of the Week in and About Gladstone 5

News Items That Are of General Interest to Gur Local Readers.

The Gladstone Delta CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

Published Every Saturday.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance.

The opening of the flour mill has been a little delayed by extra work, but next week will see it in operation. The Messrs. Willford, who purchased the mill unincumbered, expect to be in the business here for years, and to prove their skill and equipment by turning out a grade of flour second to none. The only thing they ask of the people of Gladstone is a fair comparison of "Delta" flour with the standard brand now selling. They believe that it will not take long to induce a splendid acreage of wheat in Delta county when farmers are able to sell it. Their ad this week per single cord, \$5.00 per full cord deinvites the custom of those farmers who bave grain to sell or grind.

City Electrician Roberts has had an extension of the clerk's phone put in department can now be had by calling 53, two rings, at such time as the whole force is not out on the line.

The city lighting plant has nearly had a continuous job during the last few days. The darkness of the morning had hardly passed before the afternoon became so gloomy that lights were necessary; and the coal bills for month should be proportionately heavy.

The heavy rain of the past week has tended to raise the low water of the river and quench the forest fires which started up for a third time this year. Nineteen eight may justly be given the palm as the dryest year ever seen. But perhaps it will snow before any more dust blows around.

The ladies of the M, E. Church will hold a Holiday Sale and Chicken Pie Supper, at Wasa Hall, Wednesday, Dec. 9th., afternoon and evening. Supper served from 5:30 to 8 o'clock. Price of supper, 25 cents.

The fog being very heavy over Gladstone Monday morning, that experienced navigator, Supervisor Johnson, reached the up-town district safely on his vheel, and immediately purchased large sized alarm bell. With this he was quite successful in avoiding collisions; but cruising was risky on the played harder and got more than 17 streets that day.

Confirmation services will be held on Sunday at 10:30 in the Swedish Lutheran Church. The class to be confirmed consists of Charles Theodore Isaacson, double the expected number; and the Frans Iver Olson, Glenn Philip Ohman, only object of regret was that all could Ernest George Hoglund, Hulda Alina not be cared for. Erickson, Elna Victoria Kjellander, Gladys Irene Henrikson, Esther Louisa Hanson and Ruth Selina Hagensen.

an auction at Swenson's Hall on Wednesday evening, December 2. All are of the water board, for submission to

The types are sometimes annoying. hunting expedition". Sympathies.

James A. Elliott returned from Fish- Horeb, Wis., to visit for a week. er's camp last Friday, having filled his license and given Mrs. Elliott a taste of

Oscar Broman was seen on our streets this week. He is quite tame and gentle of late.

Gust Carlson, Gust Erickson, and Gust Anderson leave Sunday for Wasa, Finland, to visit until spring in the old

The storm of Wednesday and Thurslay was extremely violent, but little damage was suffered here Ewald's launch, the Hettie F., broke her moor- The Houghton Gazette suggests that he ing chain, and bumped and scraped along the side of the dock until she wedged in beside McWilliams' boat nouse. Her stem was broken in striking the crib work, and she was drived upon the sand and half filled with water.

Geo. E. Hamilton, convicted of sending a box of dynamite and battery arranged to explode when opened, to Sheriff August Beck of Houghton county, was sentenced Wednesday to not less than tou years nor more than life in Marquette. The prisoner had previously failed in an attempt to escape from the jail, having cut through a bar with a wire from a broom.

1(inch Hemlock wood, full cord \$2.75, 16 inch Maple and Birch mill wood \$1.75 livered to any part of the City. Call up C. W. Davis, phone 7.

On account of the foot and mouth disease, prevalent among cattle in sevat his own expense, and the electrician's eral states, our neighbors are quarantined against Michigan meat. In fact, even venison that came from this peninsula was turned back by the custom

The schooner Berwyn broke away from her steamer off Sturgeon Bay, broke up on Plum Island. The Berwyn, formerly the Capt. W. Naughton, was 42 years old, and has been loaded with lumber here many times.

Dr. T. R. Southard of Manistique, spent Thanksgiving in the city.

Will Donahue is now in Washington, D. C., where he went to take a position in the government service as electrian.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will give a chicken pie supper, Wednesday, December 2, in the church parlors. On the recounts in the u. p. the democrats made gains, electing judges of probate in Menominee and Mackinac counties. The ways of the recount are peculiar, for tricks that are dark and mence and operations be fully resumed. ballots that are vain. The voting machine has one great advantage—its ver--the figures are there.

If the Gladstone high school team had scores, it would have beaten the Escanaba team.—Escanaba Journal.

The Catholic ladies' dinner at Wasa Hall Thursday was attended by almost

J. H. McDonald, of Rapid River, was in the city Friday.

O. L. Huie, of the Escanaba Power The Swedish Lutheran ladies will hold Co., was in the city Wednesday to get a copy of the contract drawn up by order the company.

day to spend it at home, going back all of whom have been selected as to Sunday to his studies, at Minneapolis.

Phil. Hupy has purchased his partner's interest in the firm of Beach & Co., and the business will now be conducted un-

the woods.

Next Week

A young man of Gladstone has recent ly doubled the illumination of his regu-lar sixteen-candle power smile; and for the last three days has been passing out cigars, with remarks like "Oh yes, she's the finest ever. You ought to see her.' For out-of-town friends, a word of ex planation may be necessary; William L. Marble, Jr., and Mrs. Will are the joint possessors and owners of a youthful, though attractive young lady who called on them Wednesday afternoon and expressed her intention of remain-

The Democratic representative elect from Houghton county, after his remarkable political feat, decided that he had a right to be thankful, but on the eve of Thanksgiving his well-fattened turkey gobblers were stolen. He offered a reward, but that was little consolation. introduce a bill to put turkey stealing on the basis of horse stealing, but the consolation will be slim indeed.

Gladstone and Escanaba met in the rain Sunday at Escanaba, and the latter won, 11 to 0, after a long and hard fought game. The two teams are very well matched; and Gladstone went over Thanksgiving to play off the tie; but the Escanaba city team could not be got to-

Mr. and Mrs. Myer Jacobs had special occasion for Thanksgiving this year, a young gentleman arriving that afternoon to make his home with them for

The fire department was called out Thursday afternoon by a chimney fire at the house of Frank Pelkey, on Wisconsin avenue. No damage

A daughter was born Wednesday to Mr. and Mrs. Ed Swanson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hammel and R. J. Hammel spent Thursday in Appleton birthday of the Hon. David Hammel. Messrs. Hammel returned Friday morn-Mrs. Hammel's stay was longer.

No game was played by the military Thursday, as negotiations first with Marquette and then with Escanaba

Byron Slining leaves tonight for Deadwood, S. D., having a position as assistant engineer and superintendent during the storm Wednesday night, and for a large gold mine being opened in that district. It will have a 40-stamp mill built to handle its output; it is financed by a corporation of immense

> The stave mill will be opened next week and commence cutting. The floor of the veneer mill is now being constructed.

Ben O'Connell and H. E. Hite went deer hunting Friday last, returning the following night. A ferocious animal fell victim to their markmanship, but each generously awards it to the other. A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. L

J. Wilson Sunday. Next Tuesday the work of charging the furnace with ore and fuel will com-

Harry Goedert shot himself Tuesday near his home at Chaison. He tripped dict is final. When the election is over, and fell, a small 32-caliber rifle being you can spend no more public money on discharged through his left arm and boards' recounting and courts' decisions, splintering the bone. He is doing well. A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Backman Thursday.

The second high school defeated St. Joseph's of Escanaba 5 to 0 on their home grounds last Saturday. They and their officials were treated to a thorough sample of that courtesy which Escanaba is famous for showing her guests.

FLORA DeVOSS COMPANY. Concerning the Flora DeVoss Company which comes to the Opera House next Monday for a week's engagement the Tribune Gazette of 1ron Mountain

The Flora DeVoss Co., which opened a three nights' engagement at Rundle's Opera House last evening, more than The Ishpeming high school team, with pleased the large audience which was to quit drinking. At last he said to A contemporary announced of a local three outsiders, defeated the Company I attracted to witness the "College minister that he had gone off on a "beer- team 29 to 4 at that city Thanksgiving. Chums." The play in itself has a Roy Martin left Monday for Mount cleverly worked out plot, and is made bright and lively by the superior acting George Springer arrived Thanksgiving of the actors of the Flora DeVoss Co., their especial fitness for the parts they

> In specialty work the actors of this company also excel. And, never more cleverly did any artist appear before the footlights than did Lew Gilmore R. P. Mason left to-day for Ann Arbor in fancy and eccentric dancing. He after two week's vacation here and in may also be termed a contortionist of high degree, James Castle and others also won the palms for superior specialty work.

> > The company will be at the Opera House for a week giving a series of high-class productions. The usual price of 10, 20, 30 will prevail. The Flora DeVoss Co., were here last year and the boy walking continuously from one were very successful. The company is to the other for an hour. fully as strong as then.

This will be the last opportunity to see shows of this kind at the price until

YEOMEN.

Gladstone Homestead, 2012, was installed last Friday night, with the following list of officers and thirtythree charter members. The new society will plunge into prominence fast, signalizing its appearance by a ball at Wasa Hall next Friday evening.

Foreman, J. H. Murphy; M. of C., William Cramer; Correspondent, Phil Hupy; M. of A., A. H. Miller, M. D.; Chaplain, Charles Holm; Overseer, Victor Lillquist; Watchman, Louis Skogquist; Sentinel, Peter Reter; Guard, Nels Lundin; Rewena, Lillian

Cramer; Rebecca, Minnie Weinig. The Yeomen meet in Wasa Hall on the first and third Thursdays of the month, and for some time will be busy taking in new candidates. Organizer Farmer will be in the city again next THE DUCKING STOOL.

How a "Scold" Used to Be Punished In Old England.

It is interesting to conjure up a picture of a "ducking" as practiced in England at the end of the eighteenth

When the "scold" had been properly tried and convicted, she was escorted by a crowd of her neighbors-in fact. by the whole village-to the nearest pond, and the greener and slimier the pond the better. A long plank was produced, at one end of which was the ducking stool, and in this the screaming, struggling victim was securely pin-

The chair end of the plank was then pushed far over the edge of the pond. and at a signal it was tilted deep into the green ooze until the scold was completely immersed.

When the dripping, half drowned woman was raised to the surface again to the jeers and laughter of the oplookers it can be imagined that her tongue wagged to some purpose. After a second dose she emerged more subdued, and after a third or fourth she was as penitent a woman as the village contained and was allowed to proceed home a sadder and wiser wo-

DEFIED THE JUDGE.

A Fine For Voting That Susan B. Anthony Never Paid.

"It has been so many years ago that most people have forgotten that the at a family gathering. The occasion was not only Thanksgiving, but also the or a year's imprisonment for having or a year's imprisonment for having dared to vote for General Grant for president," said a Chicago judge.

"Miss Anthony was as brave as she was intellectual and asked to be allowed to speak a word in her own behalf. Permission being given, she told the court of the struggle she had in keeping a little newspaper going from which she made her living. 'Your honor,' she said, holding up her right hand, 'I am due my creditors not less than \$1,000. This money I expect to live to pay, but I am willing this arm shall wither from my body before I pay the \$100 you have so unjustly assessed against me.'

"The court realized the deep seriousness of Miss Anthony's declaration, and though she could have been ordered to jail for nonpayment of the fine his honor did not have the nerve to enforce the extreme penalty. Miss Anthony lived for many years after its imposition, but the fine was never paid."-Baltimore American.

Cobra's Fatal Bite.

One of the deadliest snakes in India is the cobra, which claims hundreds of victims every year. An English official once saw one bite a fowl, and, being curious to learn how long the venom took to act, he timed it with his watch. The moment the cock was touched it screamed, but at once ran off to its mates and began picking as if nothing were wrong. In thirty seconds the comb and wattles changed from red to black. In two minutes it began to stagger and fell down in convulsions, struggling violently until it died, three minutes and a half after it had been bitten. On plucking the fowl a wound not bigger than a pin prick was found at the extreme end of the wing. Round this spot the color was very dark, but the rest of the bird's body, excepting comb and wattles, was of a natural color.

The Bribe That Failed.

Among Father Dempsey's steady boarders was a fellow named Delaney. He was drunk as often as he could get that way. Father Dempsey tried all manner of means to get Delaney

"Delaney, my man, if you'll stop drinking for six months I'll give you a check at the end of that time for \$50." "Indeed, if I stopped for six months I could write you a check for \$100," answered Delaney, and Father Dempsey in telling of it later added:

"And indeed he could, too, for he's a No. 1 mechanic."-St. Louis Post-Dis-

A Rapid Rhymer.

In illustration of the working powers of George R. Sims, the dramatist and poet, it is said that one night a new piece was produced at a leading theater in London. Sims sat it out and then returned to his office, where he wrote a column and a half of criticism in rhyme. It was near the time for the paper to go to press when he began, and the boy took the piece verse by verse from him to the composing room,

A Hint to the Old Man.

"I hope you appreciate the fact, sir, that in marrying my daughter you marry a large hearted and generous girl.'

"I do, sir," with emotion, "and I hope she inherits those qualities from her

Expressive.

One morning when little Edna's mamma came down to breakfast she was so hoarse she could scarcely

"Oh, mamma," cried Edna, "what a sore voice you've got!"-Chicago News.

Extremely Prosperous. Mrs. Brown-Is your husband's business growing? Mrs. Smith-Oh, dear. Why last week his receipts were so large that he had to have a receiver appointed to take care of them!-Cleveland Leader.

No grand doer in this world can be a copious speaker about his doings. Carlyle.

START YOUNG

To train a child into good habits. There is no habit that will add so much to the good character, the general happiness and thorough contentment of a life as the good habit of saving.

The best way to start this habit is by opening an account at bank for the child. The child will become as interested in watching this account grow as it would be with a toy. This interest will harden into a habit and the habit into character. You can start an account for the child with as little as ONE DOLLAR if you like.

3 per cent. on Savings Deposits.

EXCHANGE BANK GLADSTONE, MICHIGAN.

W. L. MARBLE, PRESIDENT. W. A. FOSS, CASHIER.

LOANS

On Improved Farms Negotiated.

man until the next time.—London Tit- Timber and Farming Land Bought and Sold.

THE BROTHERTON CO. ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

Choice

Of meat are to be found in our ice boxes-the kind, quality and in the condition desired by epicures.

Tender meats daily, and no other kind is permitted to be sold over our counter or enter our We take pride in cutting meats

to please our customers. You are not compelled to take what you do not want. Should you ever buy of us meat

it back and we will return the money cheerfully. Why don't you treat your stom-

ach every time you buy meat?

that is not as represented, bring

Olson & Anderson

Phone No. 9.

TOOTHSOME DAINTIES

Jumbo Cranberries per quart Medium Cranberries 12c per quart Large Size Squash 15c Large Pumpkins 10c Fancy Eating Apples per peck__ Navel Oranges per dozen Malaga Grapes 18c per pound Mixed Nuts 18c Sweet Potatoes 6 pounds for

ELOF HANSON

Pineapples

The Beason of Fires

is at hand now. High winds; fires started in stoves long unused, chimneys with an unsuspected flaw: All these things contribute to make the risk worth considering. Look over your policies and see if you have full protection on your furniture, as well as your honse.

INSURE TODAY WITH

R. EMPSON

P. & H. B. LAING THE PIONEER GROCERS We Treat You Right.

SHINGLES

LUMBER

AND LATH

MOULDINGS, WINDOWS AND DOORS. WHITE PINE AND YELLOW PINE FINISHING. BUILDING PAPER, LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT. Let me figure on your house bills. Goods and prices are right.

Hard and Soft Coal 16-inch Hemlock and Maple Mill Wood. PHONES 7 AND 110. C. W. DAVIS.

REAL ESTATE Business and Residence Lots for sale on easy terms.
C. A. CLARK, Agt.



The Hub is closing out a line of Men's and Boy's Suits. These are the best quality, and you can get a good Suit or Overcoat for

next to nothing. See

our bills, or better yet,

come in and look at

the goods.

WOMEN'S COLUMN.

The Bird with a Broken Pinion.

- walked in the weedland meadows, Where sweet the thrushes sing. And I found on a bed of mosses

 A bird with a broken wing.

 I healed the wound, and each morning it sang its old, sweet strain;

 Aut the bird with the broken pinion Never soared as high again.
- I found a youth, life broken
 By sin's seductive art,
 And, touched with Christ-like pity,
 I took him to my heart.
 He lived with a noble purpose,
 And struggled not in vain,
 But the soul with a broken pinion
 Never soared as high again.
- But the bird with a broken pinion Kept another from the snare,
 And the life that sin had stricken
 Raised another from despair.
 Each loss has its compensation,
 There are healings for each pain,
 But a bird with a broken pinion Never soars as high again

-Hezekiah Butterworth.

A Path of Power.

Any mother, considering any child of hers, has cause for discouragement. There is no perfect child; it is not well for a child to be thought perfect. The wise and clear-sighted mother sees, and ought to see, faults in her children that are, in their ultimate tendencies, appalling. It is her duty to get rid of those faults before they develop to a harmful stage. But to do this she has to keep them in their right position with regard to the child's character—and this position is a subordinate one, strictly in the

Many a mother loses her power over her children just at this point. She sees a fault in Mary—a grave fault in its probable growth—and she determines to eradicate it from Mary. Mary may or may not be conscious of the defect up Cruelty to Performing to this moment. But after this time the unwise mother keeps it prominently in may not be submissive, but she is indubitably uncomfortable. Now, discomfort is no condition of growth, and it is Mary's chief business, like any other child's, to grow. For this main business, something subordinate has been forcibly substituted, and the result is confusion

of character, not development.

The wise mother, on the other hand puts first things first. Mary has a bad fault; it will hinder growth farther on if not attended to. So it is brought be fore Mary's eyes, but then, before Mary's eyes, relegated to the background as a thing to be promptly outgrown as soon as possible. That is quite enough to make Mary ashamed of it, and reasonable about it. A child does not like a harelip or a hunchback or an ugly fault, and will go enverte gledly to get rid of and will co-operate gladly to get rid of any of the three. Health and strength any of the three. Health and strength are things that children normally desire and follow. If Mary is kept nourished and growing, morally and physically, the fault will be left behind, and no miserable remembrance of nagging and sharp

rebuke remain. child is inclined to stutter, the wise mother does not make her nervous by reminding her of it constantly. A far better method of curing it is to teach her to speak slowly and calmly, avoiding mention of the objectionable tendency. If the child begins to tell something and stutters, she is stopped gently and made to begin again slowly. If a boy is awkward and boorish when his mother has guests, she should not scold him about it, but take pains to praise him for every little courtesy, and will strive to live up to her praise.

To get a wrong thought out of the mind, put in a noble one. To dispel darkness, let in sunshine. To drive out bad temper, teach spirited self-control. These are old rules that many people never seem to reach or understand. Scolding a child rarely helps along an Scolding a child rarely helps along an inch. It belongs to the past deed; done and over with. Inspiring a child tells for all the miles ahead. It belongs 13 present deed and the long future. It belongs, also, to the most deep and complete power of a mother over her child. The mother who has understood, who has inspired her boys and girls, is never outgrown, neved superseded by newer affections. The thought of her newer affections. remains the fundamental one, to the very end of life. This is the power that every mother longs for-and the power that she can and ought to have, if she is wise enough to hold earnestly to the best things in and for her child.—Harper's Bazar.

-040-Owning a Home.

If you decide to build a home, which, with the lot on which it is to stand, will be valued at \$2500, and you have paid \$500 or more for the lot and hold clear title to it, you can do one of two things—borrow the remaining \$2000 from a corporation or individual and have the house built with this money by a contractor, paying the money back on the installment plan with interest, you can induce a contractor to build the house and carry the mortgage for you. If you do not own the lot, then you must have saved for the initial payment to the contractor who owns the lot, and will build the house, an equal amount, \$5000 or more in cash. Your payments to either contractor or individual or com-pany holding the mortgages will be due the first of each month directly following the day on which you make your ini-

payment. If you have not saved enough money to do this, and you wish to own a home, then you must deal with a promotion or speculative real estate company, which will accept a small deposit, take what is practically rent as installment payments and charge you a figure for the house so exorbitant as to leave the company a large profit.

If you wish to buy a house which has had a year or more of usage, there are various ways of approaching the problem. If the owner wants cash, and you have 20 per cent. of his figure in hand, see a loan company, have the property appraised (this will cost you from \$5 up, according to location and prevailing fees in your community) and borrow cash from the loan company, which you together with your own savings,

If the owner is willing to sell on a mortgage, you pay him the prearranged initial payment, 10. 20 or 30 per cent., and draw up a mortgage to be paid in instalments. Never, particularly if you are a salaried man, have the straight mortgage which can be foreclosed at any time. Insist upon intalment contracts,

with dates for payments clearly defined.

These are the usual methods of obtaining a home. Men and women driven desperate by the struggle to stretch a small salary and the hunger to own a home have brought their ingenuity, keen wit and diplomacy to bear with remarkable results. One family now occupying a beautiful suburban home bought the lot with only a barn on it, moved into the barn to stop paying rent, and by the aid of the rent money and a contractor who was impressed with their sincerity, soon had a house erected. The man repaired the barn and made such simple furniture to insure their comfort while the house was being built. His wife did sewing for her neighbors in what had once been the grain room of the barn.

up on stout floors two good-sized tents, and lived there until late in the fall. Then during the winter they found a couple of inexpensive rooms, and returned to their tents for another spring, summer and fall.

These are special cases. You can ob tain your home by just such simple means. We have shown you that you can save money in the end by owning your home. We have shown you how to go about getting the money to buy it Future articles will tell you what not to do in selecting the lot and planning the house, will discuss the social, civic and moral advantages to you, your family and the state, and will give more of the always interesting experiences of Com-panion readers.—Woman's Home Com-

-0--0-The English Suffragettes.

J. H. Seaverns, a native of Boston, but who is now a member of the English Parliament, is visiting his native That's where the toys usually are, "all frage is one of the burning questions of the hour. We of the Liberal party recognize the inherent justice of their claim," he said, "and we stand for the unrestricted right of all men and women to vote without sex qualification of any sort. But even though we recognize the rights of the suffragettes, we are going about the matter slowly and cautiously. This is the only method to pursue when one remembers that over 50 per gent of one remembers that over 50 per cent. of those who have reached voting age in England are women." Mr. Seaverns added that though "they may have made themselves unnecessarily conspicuous by chaining themselves to fences within sight of Parliament, none the less their bravery and staunchness to their cause must eventually win them the battle.

-0-0-

Cruelty to Performing Animals. to this moment. But after this time the unwise mother keeps it prominently in the foreground of Mary's thoughts until all life seems colored by it. Mary lives in an atmosphere of remembering her defect and either struggling with it or rebelling against discipline. She may or may not be submissive, but she is in
May be the time the time the unwise mother than the time the time is beginning to turn as regards the cruelty of compelling animals.

At last the tide is beginning to turn as regards the cruelty of compelling animals and four goats and three black cats and a calf and they are all mine. The never before had even an acorn, or a string, or a rusty nail that he could treasure in his pocket for his own.—The Delineator.

The Simple Life Not So Easy. in circuses and similar places of enter-tainment there is not even the least pretense of relieving the sufferings of mankind or of acquiring any knowledge, either directly or indirectly, which will be beneficial to the human race. This species of cruelty is only by way of amusing an idle and unthinking public.

Attention is drawn to the incident in lender when a recommendation of the directly, which will be beneficial to the human race. This species of cruelty is only by way of amusing an idle and unthinking public.

Attention is drawn to the incident in lender when a recommendation of the directly or indirectly, which will be the trouble lies in ourselves; the entire trend of womanly sentiment is away from the things the centuries held dear.

It was not so hard to keep life simple when one's best black silk did duty into court on the charge of cruelly abus-ing and terrifying an elephant. The crowds which attended the circus per-formances were highly delighted by an act which consisted in an elephant sliding down a greased chute into a tank water, the animal being first driven by means of prods and hooks to a high platform, so as to make the descent from a considerable height, and the resultant splash into the water a mighty one. Because a screen was accidentally left open, the shocking abuse of these per-forming elephants was revealed. When forming elephants was revealed. When the "behind the scenes" were thus left exposed, a young, terror-stricken ele-phant was being forced to make the plunge, and the methods employed to this end included fixing ropes round its forcegs and violently pulling and tugging at the ropes to force the elephant down the decline into the water. It refused to move, swayed from side to side, trumpeted loudly and gave vent to shrill cries of pain and terror. The poor thing was then dug in the right cheek six times with the pointed end of a stick, a hook being also thrust into its back. The elephant, between the pain from its wounds and its fears of the life would be a stick. The elephant its fears of the life was asked how she managed to keep unfretted.

"I try to keep my life simple. Long lunge, was in a pitiable condition, notit was forced into the water. This truly horrible treatment was, of course, repeated at every performance. It was admitted at the trial by the trainer that elephants are as sensitive to pain as human beings, even responding to the touch of a match or pin. One shudders to think what the performing ones suffer. In imposing fines on the offenders, the magistrate said it is "much to be regretted that the public should encourage these exhibitions, which, in the nature of things, when the public should encourage these exhibitions, which, in the nature of things, when the public should be supplied to the public should be should be supplied to the public should be supplied to the supplied to th must involve much cruelty." To this the Sun adds that suffering and terror, t must be obvious to every common un derstanding, are the necessary preliminaries in teaching animals their tricks .-Vogue.

-0-:0-

The Art of Holding Her Tongue. To answer that far-reaching question seems at first thought to be rather a heavy contract, and yet the more one studies, observes and experiences, the surer one feels the correctness of the answer; a wife may best help her husband by acquiring the art of holding her

No: that is not meant to be flippant. not intended to be smart at the expense of good manners and good feeling ust one of those unpleasant truths that do not well bear being told.

There are thousands of wives who have been able to note the change in a husband's face, his increasing anxiety or deepening depression; who have waited wistfully for a word of confidence, of trust, for a chance perhaps to help him: waited in vain. And all the time the husband may have craved the sympathy and desired the aid of his wife's intuitive cleverness, but—well, there you are. That great "but" results from the fundamental difference between the man's way and the woman's way of treating

heir common emotions.

When a man is embarrassed by his emotions he hides them as quickly as possible; above all, he never, never speaks of them. A woman analyzes her emotions; be they joy or sorrow, she takes them apart, puts them together again, lives them over, and must talk of

So if a husband confides his momentary embarrassment to his wife she shows a quick comprehension of his dangerous position, is sympathetic and offers to make certain economies, to do anything, in short, to help him and is much moved and uplifted by her husband's expressed trust and confidence in her.

Then, just so surely as her two feet are strong enough to carry her, so surely, her husband gone, she will nail on her hat and rush glowing and prideful to her friend Mrs. Brown and tell boastfully of how poor John has consulted with her. She will exaggerate his troubles, not with harmful intention, but simply to height-en her effects and to exalt her own touching devotion.

Now when Brown comes home for dinner, Mrs. Brown will tell the whole story of the Jones' troubles and will add her own exaggerations. The strong note in Mrs. Jones' telling had been her per-sonal importance in her husband's eyes. The strong note in Mrs. Brown's telling is the dreadful cutting down of this and that expense; how Mrs. Jones and the children will even have to do without

the cloaks they have already ordered; "poor things!"
Then Brown cries: "Is Jones as hard hit as that? And we were intending to make him father a little scheme that he appeared just the man for. But we had better draw back if he is as deep in the mire as all that. I'll go over to Robinhit as that? mire as all that. I'll go over to Robinson's and tell him how things are with Jones." Then, in an undertone, "what once been the grain room of the barn.

Another family could not buy a lot and pay rent at the same time, so early one spring they made their first payment on a suburban lot, bought and set of holding her tongue; then will she be

held as precious above rubies. But for the present, these Biblical words describe the situation perfectly:
"The tongue is a little member, and "The tongue is a little member, and boasteth."—Clara Morris in New Idea

Magazine. -0-1-0-Institution Children Have No Toys.

"I have brought the children some the superintendent of a children's asylum in Brooklyn. And on the floor she showered an armful of rubber animals, the kind that have a delightful whistling squeak when you squeeze them. She came back a month later, and again the children were sitting in rows. "Why, where are their rubber animals?" asked

the donor in chagrin.
"Well, now, Mrs. —," answered the superintendent, "would you yourself take the responsibility of their swallowing the whistles? I wouldn't. So they're all

that a where the toys usually are, an city. When questioned with reference to the woman suffrage movement in England Mr. Seaverns declared that "the whole movement for women's suffrage or a hard enough stomachache, he may look up at them from the vantageground of a sick bed. There is almost a toy shop of them—Teddy bears and dolls and horns and tin soldiers—all shiny and new as the day Santa Claus brought them. "They keep so much nicer up there than if we let the children have them," the superintendent told me. "We couldn't have the things around under foot, you know," said another matter than the superintendent told me.

tron of a home. There are 1500 girls in her care. She was explaining why all the personal property they may possess is limited to the treasures they keep in a spool box. It usually holds a hair ribbon. A fortunate girl may have two or three. Isn't it quite plain why the institutional child manifests a perfect passion for possession? A delighted let-ter that came back from a little orphan boy taken from a home and adopted by a country family read: "I own two pigs

It is easy to talk about the simple life and so hard to live it, for life is not simple any more. Its complications seem unavoidable.

It was not so hard to keep life sim-ple when one's best black silk did duty London when a very famous showman for a decade. Nowadays if the silk and two of his assistants were brought garment would mean the patch box in at least two seasons.

It is the craze for something new that is the undoing of simplicity. Novelty is the keynote of most of our lives. Even friendships and matrimony are getting infected with the microbe of restless-

A mother said not long ago: Louise is so finnicky she will only play the with her toys two or three times before pair she is tired of them and I have to send them off to the hospital."

it showed a progressive spirit in her costs being assessed against him of child. Such a craving for novelty can \$6.65. He appealed to the county court mean nothing but unhappiness, no matter what one's ability to gratify it. If we are ever to become simple again without some dire calamity forcing it we must change our this expense through loss of time in the various trials, his attorney upon our country, we must change our views of much that we now think pro-

gressive. We will have to learn to draw a sharp our frills. A woman who is noted for

more we want. Our most coveted treasure soon grows insignificant in the thought of something still to be achieved. I make my rule of life less change and more repose.'

That is a good rule for any harrassed nother or business woman who has come to think life too much for her.

Out of the Jungle.

Kermit Roosevelt was talking to a reporter about his forthcoming trip to Africa.

"I hope in the African wilds," said the young man, "to have many exciting and novel adventures. But I trust that I will engage in no such startling feat as was

once undertaken by a New Yorker.
"This New Yorker, a big game hunter years' experience, was lion-in Uganda. He had excellent of many years' shooting in Uganda. He had excellent luck. Nearly every day he posed in a complacent attitude beside a freshly killed lion and his photographer snapped him for the magazines.

"One afternoon the photographer, who was taking a nap in the hut, was awakened by a loud noise. He rose and looked out. Sprinting toward him from the jungle, hat gone and coat tails flying, came his chief and with terrible roars and growls a huge lion bounded at his

photographer gazed spellbound at the strange and exciting picture. His chief, perceiving him, shouted: "'Quick, quick! Open the doc George! I'm bringing him home alive."

Practice Makes Perfect.

Ethel's father would not be described even by those most intimate with his many good points, as a handsome man.
The Apollo Belvedere had nothing to fear from him in a beauty contest. homeliness was the matter of jesting remark recently, and the little girl took

Papa," she asked the next day, "God made you, didn't he?"
"Yes, dear," replied her father,
"And did he make me, too?" she ques

tioned further.
"Certainly," was the reply as turned back to his book. "Well." commented Ethel as she looked in the mirror, "I guess he must be doing better work now."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Anti-Betting Law Effect. On the steamer Minneapolis, sailing

from New York for London, is a second consignment of well known race horses. being taken to England and the continent as the result of the decrease in popular ity in racing in New York, following the passage of the anti-betting law. At the head of the consignment is Fair Play, owned by August Belmont, and, with the exception of Colin and Celt, the best 3-year-old of the season. Mr. Belmont's amous stallion Octagon and seventeen prood mares are also on the ship. Fair Play will start in a number of important races in England. The other horses will be used, it is said, as the foundation of a breeding establishment which Mr. Belmont is expected to start in England.

To Have Juicy Roasts.

If in roasting meat in an open pan a piece of muslin be laid across the top of the meat, the outside will not become so hard, the meat will not require such frequent basting, and when carved it will be found to be jucier than it would have been otherwise.

Advertise in Your Home Paper.

NOTES OF INTEREST.

Failing to recognize his own wife in the attractive veiled woman he was flirting with, the police say, landed George Herbst a prisoner in the central police court at Philadelphia, Pa. There his irate spouse preferred two charges against him, and obliging Magistrate Scott held him in \$400 bail for court on each charge. Mrs. Emily Herbst, in tes tifying against her husband, said: "I disguised myself, and, going to the vicinty frequented by my husband, was accested by him. When I raised my veil he left me to go home by myself." In addition to the charge of non-support, Mrs. Herbst charged her actor husband with brutally beating her.

Taking tucks in the stomach is an op eration that has of late relieved a num ber of patients at the Gynecean hospital in Philadelphia, Pa., and it is admitted there that at least ten cases of gastroposis, or distension of the stomach, have been cured thereby. The operations were performed by Dr. Henry D. Beyea, chief surgeon at the hospital. It is said that in a number of cases of supposed appendicitis the real ailment has been found to be that the stomach, by overeating, has been strained almost to the bursting point, and has been somewhat displaced. This was cured by "tucking" the stomach and shortening the ligaments to which the organ is attached.

The first meeting of the Horse Swappers' association was held in Americus. Ga., 100 horses being swapped in as many minutes. More than a dozen counties were represented.

A steamship returning from the Alaska trade brought seven full-grown live griz-zlies captured on Kodiak Island this summer. The bears were caged in an immense wooden inclosure built astern of the vessel. They are to be taken to New York, the purchase of a firm supplying wild animals to circuses and zoos.

Some large sharks have been caught on the Pacific coast, but one secured in San Pedro bay, southern California, is declared to be the largest creature of its kind ever captured in the world. When first drawn out of the water and killed this veritable sea monster weighed 14,000 pounds. It measured from tip to tip just 32 feet, and the circumference of the body just forward of the huge dorsal fin was 15 feet. Across the fearful mouth—horizontally—when opened, it was two and a half feet, while from the tip of the separate the point of the lower. tip of the snout to the point of the lower jaw it was five and a half feet. 'monster shark became entangled in net of two Italian fishermen, which resulted in its capture finally.

American citizen will go when his stub-born side is aroused and there is a chance to win through litigation, is a case in the De Witt county (Ohio) courts, just appealed from the county court. James H. Gaherty, an employe of Illinois Central, purchased a of shoes for \$3 from a firm. Alleging a defect Ga-Central, Illinois herty refused payment and was sued And the mother seemed to think that He lost his case in the justice court. and lost there, his costs there being \$11.90. Still confident of victory, he has

gressive.
We will have to learn to draw a sharp distinction between our necessities and gregated \$175.75 to date. Neither side shows any disposition to quit.

A large live tarantula was captured on managed to keep unfretted.

"I try to keep my life simple. Long ago I learned that what women possess beyond the real necessities soon grow to be a weariness to the nerves. That more of the massentials we acquire the more of the unessentials we acquire the made the discovery that the spider might be used as a roach exterminator, but it is probable that housewives will prefer

the roaches to the cure.

"His tarantulaship" got hungry and a roach of the long whisker major general variety with big wings was placed in the hettle. in the bottle. The tarantula made a meal of the roach and then looked longingly through the glass for another one. Tarantulas can be seen frequently now, even in the city limits. This is due to the fact that the weather has got so cool that the big spiders hunt the dusty roadways to warm themselves.

Little Willie Winters, a pupil in one of the grade schools of Seattle, dropped a marble on the floor, and the reprimand he received and the outcome of ishment will be placed on exhibition at the coming teachers' convention here The teacher sent Willie to the superin tendent to be searched; she found 167 articles in his pockets. Here is the list:
One rooster's spur, 1 knife, 42 small nails, 6 matches, 5 cigarette papers, 3 safety pins, 1 amber pipestem, 57 marbles (all peewees), 3 pebbles, 2 pencils, 1 notebook, 4 iron washers, 1 penny, 7 buttons, 3 poker chips, 11 metal tops from beer bottles, 1 piece colored glass, 1 corkscrew, 32 filberts and 3 English walnuts, 1 whistle, 1 piece red cord, and several score of BB shot for use in an airgun.

Walter Stark's ambition to provide a friend with a tobacco box made out of a human skull has landed him in jail at Detroit, and he will now have to stand trial on a charge of attempting to rob a grave in the old Goodell family burial plot at the Bonzano and River roads, Ecorse. Armed with a long-handled spade Stark took a suburban car from his boarding house in Detroit and reached Ecorse when almost everyone had retired for the night. It was brilliant moonlight and Stark went quickly to the little cemetery and began to throw dirt out of the grave of Jonas Goodell pioneer resident, who died three decades ago. The work was progressing satisfactorily to Stark, when John B. Montie, a grandson of Jonas Goodell, discovered that his ancestor's grave was being desecrated. The grave robber fled, but was soon captured. "I have a friend who has a den and I wanted to get a skull so that he could have a tobacco box made out of said Stark at the village jail Satur-v. "I thought it was an abandoned graveyard.'

While squirrel hunting on Massanutten mountain, in Shenandoah county, Virginia, Linden Allen of Mount Jackson suddenly came upon a black bear in the thick undergrowth. The bear at once showed fight and sprang toward Allen. who had only a double barrel shotgun. With the beast coming at him furiously the boy emptied one barrel at close range, and the second shot close range, and the second shot stretched the bear dead at his feet. The bear weighed 160 pounds. It is very unusual for them to be seen on Mas-

There was consternation when a vicious bull belonging to George Jarvis of Corunna, Mich., escaped and tore madly down the road. Knowing that the animal would gore any one who came his way, Jarvis telephoned all the farmers along the road that the bull had taken to be or the lector. had taken to be on the lookout. One of the neighbors thus warned was Justice of the Peace Peacock, who was sharpshooter in the Civil war and is a noted deer hunter. Taking down his trusty rifle, the justice stationed himself beside the road. Presently along came the bull, snorting, bellowing and defiantly tossing his head. The veteran sharpshooter proved that he had lost none of his old time skill. Taking careful aim, he fired and the crazed animal dropped with a bullet wound squarely between

Sport, a big mastiff dog. leaped through a window at the home of his owner, R. A. S. Johnson, on Dale avenue, Richmond Heights, Mo., and spread the alarm that the house was on fire. All the members of the Johnson family were in St. Louis and had locked the dog in the house. The building and contents were consumed. It is believed that a leaking gas pipe set the house on fire at 3 o'clock. Sport saw he was in danger of being cremated and leaped through the window, carrying most of the gash the window, carrying most of the sash with him. This attracted attention, and neighbors broke in the doors and tried to save some of the contents.

Crawford Coleman, while out hunting near Campgaw, N. J., came across an apple tree with a single Northern Spy hanging from a branch. Coleman, with a long pole, with difficulty managed to dis-lodge the apple. In falling it struck his left eye and he fell over backward. His setter dog seized the apple and ran. Coleman got up and ran after the dog. Then a hog put in appearance, ran between Coleman's legs and over he went again. The hog charged the dog and compelled it to drop the apple, which the hog ate. Coleman went home to nurse his bruised

Capitalists of New York and Pitts-burg, headed by Col. L. Smith, of New York, are said to have secured conces-sions on the Isthmus of Panama for a big brewery which will turn out 250,000 barrels per year and have the exclusive rights to make beer there. The names of several congressmen have been asso-ciated with the scheme, but none of them will admit he is interested in cornering the beer production of the Isthmus. Daniel Brady, a rich Pittsburg man, is another mentioned. It is said that more beer is drunk in proportion to population on the Isthmus than in any other place. Eight hundred thousand barrels of it was sold to the natives and American work-ingmen there at high prices last year.

Sylvanite, the newest gold camp of New Mexico, now considers itself strictly on the map in the matter of up-to-date on the map in the matter of up-to-date dishes. For the piece de resistance at the one hotel recently was rattlesnake, and you can't get that even in New York. The supply of fresh meat in the town ran out yesterday, and the guests, who are paying \$16 a day for board, kicked for meat. William Goldsmith, the proprietor, decided to have meat or bust, and hired everybody he could get to go after rattlers. In three hours they got seventy-eight snakes, for which they got 50 cents each. The snakes were greatly relished by the hungry guests, who ate all of them.

Trouble which had lasted nearly ear at St. Agnes' hospital, Philadelphia, culminated in the dismissal of the entire resident medical staff of six young physicians for "inefficiency and insubordina-tion." All are graduates of the Jefferson Medical college. Their expulsion virtually bars them from practice in Philadelphia hospitals. It has been a standing rule of the hospital that all the resi dent doctors be at breakfast promptly at S o'clock. It was seldom that the young men left their rooms until 8:30, according to the directors, although they re-ceived frequent warnings. The other morning the attendants cleared the dining rooms shortly after 8 o'clock, and when the staff could not get breakfast they left in a body. saying that they were going to restaurants. They did not peture according to the cheek left in the could not be start they according to the cheek left in the cheek return, according to the charges brought before the board, for nearly two hours. In the meantime the police had brought to the hospital a man in a serious condition from a gunshot wound. In the abbest to relieve the man, but it was a long time before he received proper attention.

Boatmen at West Long Beach, Cal., are up in arms over the covering of the waters of the bay with a heavy deposit of oil from the tanks of the Union Oil company. The oil eats the paint off the boats below the water line and is splashed by the oars into the skiffs. The fishermen also assert that it will drive the fish and clams away. The overflow of the oil took place Wednesday night, when workmen at the plant who were filling the tanks from the feed line which runs from the Fullerton fields, forty miles away, were unable by reason of a storm to reach the wells by 'phone to have the oil shut off. Several hundred barrels went into the bay, and the boatmen will seek to recove heavy damages from the company.

When Chauncey Greenapple, an Indian of huge dimensions, called at the police station in Sioux City, Ia., the other day to pay the fines of three of his trib whose over-indulgence landed them in the city jail, he declared that change from moccasins to tight-fitting shoes caused the bucks and squaws to

"Huh," grunted Chauncey to Chief Di neen, who nearly separated the vertebrae in his neck to look into the tall Indian's face, "come to circus to see 'roof' riders. Wear tight shoe; hurt feet; get drunk lose shoe. Shoe not for Indian. Mr. Greenapple then shoved his hand

into his pocket and pulled out a roll of bills large enough to choke a cow. He carelessly peeled \$15 from the roll, thrust it into the chief's hand and walked out of the station, followed by his wife, Su-sie Noble, who was arrested by Patrolman Ohlund while she walked down Fourth street in her stocking feet, carrying her shoes. Besides Susie, William Littleears and Herbert Green were released by Chauncey's liberality.

William H. Harrington of Claremont N. H., who will be 81 years old in Jan uary, is enjoying the unusual distinction of cutting his third set of teeth. Already two new ones have come in front of the upper jaw, and others are sprouting. Mr. Harrington is about as sprightly as boy, and exceedingly proud of his latest acquisition.

"I never had the toothache in my life, and no dentist has never had anything to do with my mouth," said the aged man. "My first teeth did not loosen and come out until I was about 20 years old, and by the time I was 50 mg second ones had all come. These didn' wear as well as the first, and when l was 75 I had lost them all but two which still remain. Sometimes they would drop out, and again I would pul

them out with my fingers.

"I take a drink when I want it, and have used tobacco ever since I was a boy. I always maintain that if tobacco was good enough to chew, the juice was good enough to swallow, and this I have always done. I cannot see as it has done me any harm, and when my third teeth began to prick through last June I made up my mind that the tobacco might have

"I have always eaten heartily of meat and avoided sweet stuff. That's what ruins the teeth. If the young folks would stop eating so much candy and smoking cigarettes, and not stay out so late nights at dancing parties, they would have better eyes and better teeth and be stronger every way. The boys are too slow, and the girls more for orna-ment than use."

After remaining in a condition of coma for 142 hours, at Pittsburg, Pa., Miss Mary Thompson, 14 years old, who came to be known to the attaches of St. John's

hospital as the "pickle girl," is dead. The girl was employed at a pickling estab-lishment. She developed a fondness for pickles and since the pickling season started had eaten nothing but pickles.

With the death of William Calver, an inventor, in Providence hospital, Washington, D. C., the world loses its foremost worker toward the perfection of a process for bottling sunshine. Mr. Calver had sought for many years to find the secret of storing the heat of the sun, which he believed could be saved for both heating and cooking. His experiments attracted great interest among ments attracted great interest among scientific men. He was 74 years of age.

A chrysanthemum one foot in diameter won first prize at the exhibition of the Northern Westchester County Horticultural-Agricultural society, which has just closed at Mount Kisco, N. Y. The prize winner was exhibited by William Deekels of Madison, N. J. Experts said the blossom was the largest specimen of its kind ever seen.

Clement Cunha, 63 years old and father of fifty living children, was sentenced to the workhouse for a year in Taunton. Mass., on a charge of non-support and neglect of his 4-day-old twins. Cunha two days ago reported to the authorities that a woman and her new born twins were starving. An investigation showed Cunha was the woman's husband and he Cunha was the woman's husband and he was arrested. On the witness stand he admitted he had a divorced wife living in New Bedford to whom he had been married eleven years. During that time she had given birth to five sets of twins, two sets of triplets, and two odd sons, eighteen children. Another divorced wife, who now is in Portugal, is the mother of all his other children except a set of twins horn to his present wife. a set of twins born to his present wife and a daughter who preceded them. "How many children, all told, have

"Fifty living," was the answer.

An awe inspiring electrical storm was witnessed by the officers and men of the steamer Kabinga, Calcutta to Boston. Huge black clouds suddenly appeared, and a shrill whistling could be heard, which told of an approaching wind. The heat became oppressive. The entire roof of the sky seemed to split open and a blinding flare of light came forth. Then like the crash of a hyper forth. Then like the crash of a hundred siege guns came the clap of thunder. The waves became like cliffs and the ship was tossed from one to another. The rain fell in big drops that were so hot as to almost scald those whom they struck. The roar of thunder and the flash of the lightning was almost continuous. Suddenly and without warning the hot rain changed to hail that sounded like the breaking of plate glass as it fell. For some time the officers feared that the vessel might be overwhelmed, but after a few hours the sun shone again. Then it was found that the steamer was encrusted with a crystal coating of salt. Large quantities of it were upon her hull when she came into port.

THE ORIGIN OF VEGETABLES.

The potato, which was already cultivated in America when the continent was discovered, is spontaneous in Chile. and 1585 by the Spaniards, and almost at the same time by the English, who brought it from Virginia, where it had appeared about 1550.

The sweet potato and the Jerusalem artichoke are also supposed to come from America, according to the Revue

Scientifique.
Salsify is found in a wild state in Greece, Dalmatia, Italy and Algeria.
According to Olivier de Serres, it has ion from a gunshot wound. In the absence of doctors the nurses did their since the Sixteenth century. Turnips and radishes came originally from central Europe. The beetroot and

the beet, which have been greatly improved by cultivation, are considered as the same species by botanists. The beet, only the stalk of which is eaten, grows wild in the Mediterranean, Persia and Babylenia.

Garlie, onions, shalots and leeks have long been cultivated in almost all countries, and their origin is very uncer-tain. That of the scallion is better known. It grows spontaneously in Si-beria. One finds chives in a wild state throughout the northern hemisphere. The radish, greatly modified by cultivation, probably had its origin in the temperate zone, but from what wild species it is derived is not exactly

The lettuce appears to be derived from the endive, which is found wild in temperate and southern Europe, and in the Canaries, Algeria, Abyssinia, and temperate western Asia.

Wild succory is spontaneous throughout Europe, even in Sweden, in Asia Minor, Persia, the Caucasus, Afghanistan, and Siberia. Cultivated succory is probably a form of endive which is thought to have had its origin in India. Corn salad is found wild throughout Europe, Asia Minor and Japan. Cabbage, like all vegetables which have been cultivated from remote times, is believed to be of European origin.

The artichoke is the cultivated form

of the wild cardoon, indigenous to Maderia, the Canaries, Morocco, the south of France, Spain, Italy, and the Mediterranean islands. Asparagus had its origin in Europe and temperate western Asia.

The origin of the egg plant is India, that of the broad bean is unknown, as also that of the lentil, the pea, checkpea and haricot. The last named appears to have come originally from

America. The carrot grows spontaneously throughout Europe, Asia Minor, Siberia, northern China, Abyssinia, northern Africa, Maderia and the Canary islands. Chervil comes from temperate west-ern Asia, parsley from the south of Europe and Algeria, the mountains of India, and North America. Spinach is supposed to come from northern Asia. From some twenty years past the cros-es has been used. This little tubercle nes has been used. with fine, savory flesh, which has long been cultivated in China and Japan, is probably indigenous to eastern Asia. The tomato comes from Peru, the cu-cumber from India, and the pumpkin

Too Luxurious.

August Belmont, in the smokeroom of the liner that brought him back to America-it was an English liner, and these boats have "smoke" instead of "smoking" rooms-told one afternoon many interesting things about London. Mr. Belmont described the street near Tottenham Court road where second-

hand clothes are sold.

"A discussion I overheard in that street," he said, "will give you some idea of the prices that prevail. "'I s'y,' said a young man, 'woot price these 'ere?"

"And he held up before the dealer a pair of plaid trousers. "'I can let you have 'em, my son, for sixpence,' the dealer answered.

"The other threw the trousers back into the barrow. "'Garn!' he said; 'I don't want a pair for Sundays. I want 'em for workin'

> What a Cannibal Is. "What is a cannibal, pa?"
> Asked little Harry Dann.
> "A cannibal is one, m' boy,
> Who loves his fellow man."
> —Lippincott's.

osemite

The great gorge in the granite peak of the Sierra Nevada Mountains known the jungs and the glory of a sunrise in as the Yosemite Valley was set apart one of the most grand and picturesque by act of Congress in 1864 "for public canyons in the world exercises to the use, resort and recreation for all time." full its potent charm, you find yourself The Valley has since been taken over wondering whether there is, or ever by the Government and made a part was, such a thing as a city, or such a of the nation's domain, and is now one thing as a bustling, busy business of the four national parks. The name world. The things about you, these Yo-sem-i-te means grizzly bear, and grand piles of rock, the singing river, was probably the name of an Indian the great invigorating pine trees, the chief. The troughlike valley, walled cloudless sky and the brilliant morning with sheer cliffs of enormous height, sun, these are the only things that are and presenting to view within a com- real. paratively limited area the most aston-

natural wonders. east to west, and forty miles long from it is the first world turned topsy-turvy. north to south. But the valley itself | Entering the valley from the lower is only six miles long by half a mile in end, the two distinct valley types may vertically below the general level of It has the characteristics of a gorge the adjacent region, resembling a gl- and also of a canon. It is nearly engantic trough of irregular shape, hol- closed by walls of granite from 3,000 to lowed out in the mountains. Nearly nearly 5,000 feet in height. On the in the center of the State of California, north side is a huge block of granite the Yosemite is 155 miles from San called El Capitan. It projects into the Francisco, as the crow files-a little valley so that two of its smooth, al-

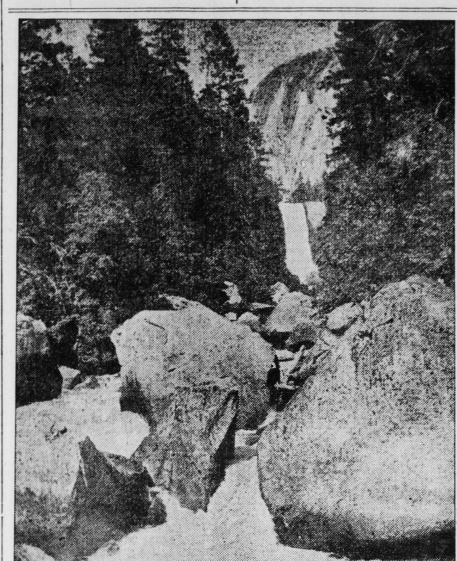
terested in money-getting than in natural scenery, were disposed to monopolize all the privileges and organize a system for swindling tourists. Accordingly, as the best means of protecting the Yosemite from such a fate, the State of California arranged to hand over the whole affair to the national government, which has been accom-

Wonders of Nature All About.

As the crisp, pure mountain air fills

Look above and see the majesty of ishing features of scenery known in the huge piles of rocks, the two great the world, excites feelings in the mind domes guarding either sides of the head of the observer which are a mixture of of the valley; see the sky with its awe and admiration. The Yosemite is fleecy, fleeting clouds, and the woods. generally regarded by foreign visitors and all that there is to complete an ento this country among our greatest chanting picture, and then glance into the limpid depths of the waters and The reservation, as now officially out- there see again the same picture so fined, is thirty-two miles in width, from startlingly reflected that it seems that

width. It is sunk just about one mile be seen, the V-shaped and the U-shaped. most perpendicular faces are visible; In early days the whites in that part | the height is 3,300 feet. Opposite El of California had a good deal of trou- Capitan are Cathedral Rocks and Bridble with the Indians, settlers being al Vail Rock. The bottom of the valmurdered occasionally, and various out- ley widens from El Capitan up to the



at least 5,000 miles of unsurpassed ment their studies by practical applica-

turns in the trail there are new vistas noons were long and the work at times

yonder is the "Eagle Rock," and near mined to turn to and give the labora-

by it are the Yosemite falls, glistening tory in which they worked a thorough

Across the chasm are the "Royal says a writer in Harper's Weekly, "that

in the full light of a vivid midday sun. cleaning. "It was at this juncture,"

Arches," which only a few hours ago the janitor happened along.

which are entirely different from those very slack, so in one of these intervals

scenery. At every one of the many

which have just been enjoyed. Across

were huge holes in the face of the

rocks, but which are now mere out- of usefulness had long since passed, but lines, mere pencil scratches on the great who still made a feeble, shiftless prenatural slate of rock. Farther up the tense of keeping busy, and was indulcanyon to the right is a tiny splotch of gently carried along on the payroll of light. It proves to be Mirror Lake, now the company. shorn of its enchantments by majesty itself. Its neglected waters lies scarcely discernible, way below the fractured dows-work which the old fellow himface of the south dome, whose resplendent helmet is towering above you.

Turning the eye about the horizon it them approvingly. meets the grand pile of rocks known as "Cloud's Rest," so called because its at last, nodding his head encouragingly. peak is almost entirely buried in the That's the way I got my start." billowy veil of the heavens. Next in the procession appears "Liberty Cap," Mount Lyell, Mount Starr King, Mount Clark and the Obelisk, and in the midst the scenery is all out of proportion to of all this grandeur are the Vernal and the amount served you," said a New Nevada Falls, whose waters sparkle in yons. From one spot, called Sierra a common, every-day pin in the bottom Point, can be seen five of the great of the frozen stuff. I gave a little an end. waterfalls of the Yosemite, the Upper and Lower Yosemite, the Vernal, the

beauty in this region of glorious views. sunset views are among the most impressive to be had anywhere. To see, early morn up the eastern facade of the rocks, the play of the lights and shadows, of tints and colors on the canyon's mossy depths, on the greatest of waterfalls; to see the many-hued lights as they steal along and up the faces of the rocks, and then scatter themselves over the floor of the valley, is a picture which the richest cannot buy, but which the poorest and humblest may enjoy.

His Start.

Two young college men were spending their summer vacation in the testingroom of a large electric manufacturing works, where they were able to supple-

"Catching sight of the young men industriously scouring the grimy winself systematically avoided doing whenever he could-he stopped to watch

"'That's right, boys!' he exclaimed

A Misplaced Pin. "I was in an uptown tea room where York clubman. "I was dallying with given him during the seven years of his the dark green of the far distant can- some ice cream when my spoon struck administration as Iowa's governor. He wave, and a waiter slipped to my side. 'See, a pin in this ice cream,' I said. spot where the view is one of supreme heavy in this region of clevious views.

'Why, I might have swallowed that.' will be doing the greatest good for the greatest number," declared he. "I shall be doing the greatest number," declared he. "I shall be doing the greatest number," Nevada and the Illillouett. This is a 'Why, I might have swallowed that.' When he returned he reminded me of From Glacier Point the sunrise and an undertaker, he was that solemn. 'That pin has lost a man his job, sir,' he said. 'Well,' I replied, 'I am sorry as the sun either sinks behind the west- for that, but it might have cost me my ern mountains or as it creeps in the life, when you come to think of it.' 'Yes, sir,' said the waiter meekly. Then, 'You see, sir, most of the folks that eats here just sips their ice cream and don't chew it." -- New York Times.

> Substantial Realities. "Does anybody believe in pipe dreams?'

"Well, I guess folks who have oil stock do."-Baltimore American.

At some time in the life of every man he tries poetry and the chicken

Lots of bad people are found in jail, and some worse ones are found out.

HIS COUNTRY A CONSTITUTION PERSIAN RULER REPENTS OF HIS

ment their studies by practical application and experience. The July after-

of half-idleness the young men deter-

"He was an old retainer whose years

PROCLAMATION REVOKING HIS PROMISE TO PEOPLE.

IS IN FEAR OF ANARCHISTS.

Change of Front Is Attributed to Vigorous Representations Made by the Foreign Legations.

TAKES URGENT STEPS TO OBEY.

TEHERAN, Nov. 24.-The Shah aleady has repented of his proclamation, posted in the Mosques yesterday, in which it was set forth that the people, in spite of his promises, shall not have a constitution, and during the night he sent out urgent orders to withdraw this proclamation from circulation and to destroy all copies of it. Following these nstructions the proclamations posted on the streets in the Mosques were hurriedy torn down.

The Legations Intervened.

This sudden change of front on the part of the Shah is attributed here to the vigorous representations that undoubtedly have been made by the Brit-ish and Russian legations. These powers, it is reported, have notified the Shah that he will be held personally responsible if his refusal to give his people a constitution results in anarchy.

Fears Russian Cossacks. A number of Persians who criticised the Shah for the breach of his promise to establish a Persian Parliament were arrested in Teheran yesterday, but the population generally has been indifferent. In some cases, however, this show of indifference was induced by fear of the local Cossacks.

GOVERNOR CUMMINS TO SUCCEED ALLISON.

Leader of State's Progressive Republicans Receives 106 Votes While Porter, Democrat, Gets 35.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 24.-Gov. A. B. Cummins, leader of the progressive Republicans in Iowa, was elected United States senator today to succeed the late Senator William B. Allison. He received 106 votes while Porter, Democrat, received 25. Three Republican members of the Legislature, called in special ses-

sion, did not vote.

Gov. Cummins was the choice of the people for this office at the special pri-mary of the November election. After joint session of the Legislature today, Gov. Cummins addressed the mempers. At this time Lieut.-Gov. Garst was inaugurated as governor.

Many prominent Iowans, including ex-Gov. William Larabee, were in the city today to attend the exercises.

Senator Cummins thanked both the Republican and Democratic members of the Legislature for the support they had leclared that insofar as he was concerned bitter factionalism in Iowa is at

"I am naturally a Republican and I shall adhere to the principles of my par-ty because I believe in so doing that I "I shall at all times, however, be mindful of the great responsibility imposed upon me by he people of Iowa and will do

thing in my power to make myself of use to those people."

It was after 1 o'clock before Gov. Cummins finished his speech. During that period he was both governor of Iowa and United States senator. At the close of the joint session he tendered his resignation as governor and the oath of that office was administered to Lieut.-Gov. Garst.

AERONAUTS TRY FOR HEIGHT AND ARE LOST.

Balloon United States Ascends at Los Angeles to Attempt Altitude of 20,000 Feet-Now Missing.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 24 .- Anxety is being felt here for the safety of Capt. August Mueller and H. G. Hutchnson, who ascended yesterday in the big balloon United States, intending to reach an altitude of 20,000 feet if possiole. Ascent was intended merely as an experimental one, and the bag was filled with illuminating gas, which it was estimated would hold the basket up for at least twelve hours. Nothing has been seen of the balloon since yesterday aftrnoon when it was still over the city, out at a great height. Later a report from San Francisco stated that an of-ject high in the heavens which may or nay not have been the balloon was seen over that city. Dick Ferris, the owner of the balloon, says that it could not possibly remain up during the night. A storm is threatened.

NOW FOR INAUGURAL,

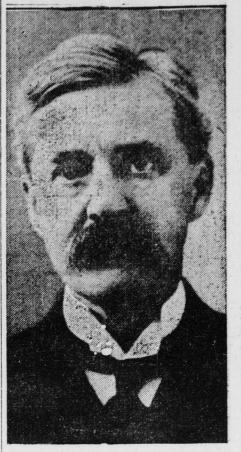
Hitchcock in Washington to Arrange for Ceremonies in That City on March 4.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24 .hairman Frank H. Hitchcock of the Republican national committee, arrived here today from New York. Before his leparture tonight for Hot Springs, Va., where he will be the guest of President-elect Taft, Mr. Hitchcock announced he selection of a chairman of the com-nittee to have charge of the ceremonies at the inauguration of Mr. Taft. Edvard J. Stellwagon, president of the Union Trust company and a leading capitalist of the District of Columbia, vas named

He Met Icebergs. Capt. Robert I. Graham, master of the Erskine M. Phelps, an American ship, has written a letter to D. B. Dearborn, the ship's agent in New York city, telling of meeting a fleet of seventy-five icebergs off Cape Horn one night last March and suggesting that several ships that have been lost bound from the Atlantic to the Pacific may have met their fate by collision with an iceberg in this locality, where they are rare. The Erskine M. Phelps is now in Seattle, Wash. Capt. Graham said in his letter than one moonlight night off Cape Horn the Phelps was navigated through issue.

the fleet of icebergs all night and that the fleet of icebergs all night and that seventy-five were counted, any one of which was sufficiently large to sink a ship striking it. As several ships have left Atlantic ports for the Pacific and have never been heard from, Capt. Graham suggested the icebergs as a possible cause. In the fleet of missing ships are the Arthur Sewall, the Adolph Obrig and the Portland Bank, a British vessel, the other being American.

Albert B. Cummins, New Iowa Senator.



JAPS DISLIKE KAISER.

Believe His Plan Is to Embroil the United States in Trouble with Countries of Europe.

TOKIO, Nov. 24.-The recent published interview with Emperor William is the most absorbing topic of the day here. Officials as well as the newspapers believe that the Emperor has been correctly quoted, but the newspaper ridicule his statements. One paper publishes a picture of the German Emperor having his tongue amputated, and editorially discredits the statement attributed to him that he and President Roosevelt have agreed to oppose Japan. All the newspapers inspired by the opposition insist that the relations between America and Japan, especially recarding China, and Japan, especially regarding China and also the open door, are exceptionally friendly and that harmony is assured. They attribute the publication of the interview with Emperor William to a desire to embroil the United States in teachly with Emperor by greating strained. trouble with Europe, by creating strained relations. It is intimated by official organs that developments during the next few days will prove that the United States and Japan are fully agreed in regard to China gard to China.

KILL LICENSING BILL

British Lords Reject Measure Which They Claim Violates the Principles of Equality.

LONDON, Nov. 24.-There was a remarkable gathering of lords today in the residence of Lord Lansdowne, the leader of the opposition. Two hundred members of the upper House assembled to discuss what the House should do

with the licensing bill.

By a large majority, the meeting decided in favor of rejecting the bill sum-marily when brought up for its second reading. As the Unionists are in a strong majority in the upper House, there will be no difficulty in throwing out any radical legislation distasteful to

The resolution carried at today's meeting was to the effect that while the Unionists are desirous of promoting temperance, it is impossible for support a measure that violates the principles of equity. There were only eight dissenting votes.

MINISTER IN DANGER.

Swedish Representative in United States Has Narrow Escape in an Automobile Accident.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 24.—Herman De Lagercrantz, Swedish minister to the United States, and his secretary, Count today in an automobile accident. The prominent foreigners arrived over the Pennsylvania railway from Washington to attend the official celebration of Sequi Centennial of Pittsburg here While being taken from the East Liberty station to the Hotel Schenley, the front axle of the automobile broke. The car ploughed along the street for some distance and the party received a severe

SHE MISSED THE APPLE.

Music Hall Performer in "William Tell" Act Kills Man Who Held Target on Head.

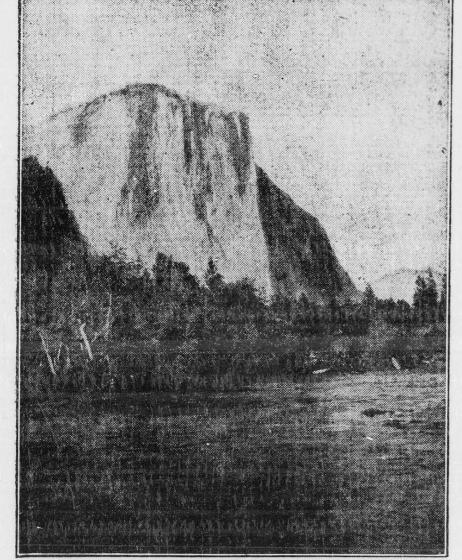
LONDON, Nov. 24.-Herbert Lee, a music hall performer, died in this city today from the effects of a wound in the head received during a performance of a "William Tell" act at a local hall last night. Lee held a ball on his head at which Mme. Clementine shot at a distance of 50 feet. Mme. Clementine sur-rendered to the police. Mr. Lee had been giving this act for a period of eighteen years without having met with any accident.

TO SEARCH FOR SHIP.

Some Concern Is Felt in Manila for Hospital Vessel Relief, Overdue at Guam.

MANILA, Nov. 24.-Some concern is felt here regarding the safety of the American hospital ship Relief. This vessel left here November 15 for and was due there November 20. She has not yet arrived. Orders have been given that the supply ship Supply, leave Guam in search of the Relief.

For monogram stationery see the ad. of the Sullivan Engraving Co. in this



EL CAPITAN, "MONARCH OF THE VALLEY."

rages committed. It was learned that so-called "meadows." Other conspicuthe savages had some sort of retreat ous blocks of the unbroken wall are selves safe from pursuit or attackand, curiosity on the subject being excited, a military expedition was organdzed to explore the region and drive out the Indians.

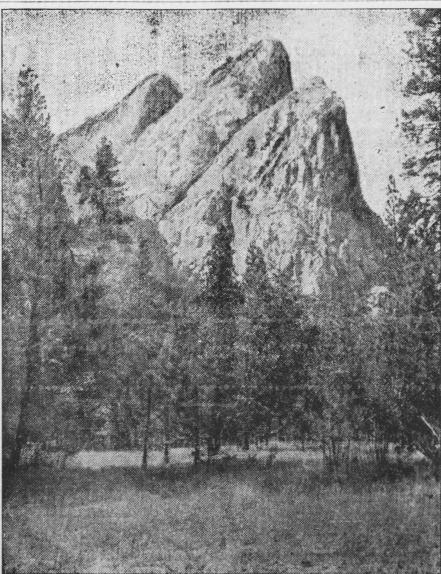
Under the guidance of an old chief, mann and Cathedral peak, the party finally reached the valley, whose wonbeings to behold. They killed some of the Indians and made peace. Nevertheless, not long afterward, in 1852, a party of miners was attacked by redother expedition followed, more Indialmost entirely exterminated.

In 1856 the first pleasure travel to the Yosemite began, and a trail entering the valley from the south side was opened. The first house was built in that year, opposite Yosemite fall. The public domain belonging to the government of the United States, but the govthough retaining possession of an extensive surrounding area, which, together with the valley, has been known for many years as the Yosemite park.

Meanwhile a few squatters had located homesteads within the boundaries of the park, and there were signs that

far up in the mountains-a natural called the Three Brothers, 4,000 feet, stronghold, in which they deemed them- the Spires, Cap of Liberty, and Sentinel Rock. About fifteen miles above is the source of the Merced river, which flows through the valley. There are two falls and about half a mile of rapids in the Merced river. Nevada Fall, the upper one, is about 600 et high, and Vernal Tenaya, whose name is perpetuated in Fall is about 400 feet. The Bridal Veil a beautiful lake between Mount Hoff- Fall is on the side of Cathedral Rock which faces the entrance. Bridal Veil creek here falls over a precipice 630 ders they were first of civilized human feet high, and flows over an irregular bed which forms a series of cascades that combined, make a descent of about 300 feet. The total fall is 900 feet. Just below El Capitan is a fall called skins in the valley, two of them being Virgin's Tears, which is over 1,000 feet slain near Bridal Veil meadow. An- high. The waters flow over this precipice only for a few months after the ans were killed and the rest were summer heat has melted the mountain driven out, being compelled to take snows. The Yosemite Falls, nearly oprefuge with a tribe of Monos on the posite Sentinel Rock, is made by the east side of the Sierra. But trouble Yosemite creek. The first vertical fall followed; the fugitives stole horses is 1,500 feet; then the water descends, from the Monos, fled to the Yosemite, in a series of cascades, about 625 feet, were overtaken, and in a battle were and again flows over a precipice 400 feet high. In the "Meadows" are a variety of flowers and grasses in the early summer months. The principal trees are the pine, fir, cedar and oak. In the vicinity are great masses of dome-shaped rocks, and the famous big whole region was originally part of the trees of California are near by. Among the prominent elevations are North Dome, Sentinel Dome, Half Dome and ernment gave the valley to California, Glacier Point. From Sentinel Dome may be obtained a good view of the Yosemite Valley and the surrounding country. Glacier Point, 4,740 feet, also affords a magnificent view. Half Dome is an imposing mass, 4,700 feet high.

Miles of Unsurpassed Scenery. It is no exaggeration to say that in certain enterprising persons, more in- eleven miles of mountain trail there is



THE THREE BROTHERS



from an operation by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Lena V. Henry, of Norristown, Ga.,

writes to Mrs. Pinkham: "I suffered untold misery from fe-male troubles. My doctor said an operation was the only chance I had, and I dreaded it almost as much as death.

"One day I read how other women had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it. Before I had taken the first bottle I was better, and now I am entirely cured.

"Every woman suffering with any female trouble should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN. For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkand has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

'Twas Ever Thus.

Spector-Your new house doesn't look much like the architect's original design.
Victome—No; but it looks more like it
than the cost looks like his original estimate.-Smart Set.

There is more Catarrh in this section of There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put to-gether, and until the last few years was sup-posed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by con-stantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

-A noted Belgian bacteriologist, Dr. It is a bactericidal, not an anti-

-An express engine consumes on an at their enthusiasm." average ten gallons of water a mile.

Coxic agent.

WESTERN CANADA Big Crops

In 1908

Another 60,000 Settlers from the United States **NEW DISTRICTS OPENED FOR SETTLEMENT**

320 Acres of Land to EACH SETTLER-160 Free Hemestead and 160 at \$3.00 Per Acre.

"A vast, rich country and a contented, prosperous people." Extract from correspondence of a National Editor, whose visit to Western Canada in August, 1908, was an inspiration, Many have paid the entire cost of their farms and had a balance of from \$10.00 to \$20.00 per acre as a result of one crop.

Spring Wheat, Winter Wheat, Oats, Barley, Elay and Peas are the principal crops, while the Spring Wheat, Winter Wheat, Oats, Barley, Flax and Peas are the principal crops, while the wild grasses bring to perfection the best Cattle that have ever been sold on the Chicago market. Splendid Climate, Schools and Churches in all localities, railways touch most of the settled districts, and prices for produce are always good. Lands, may also be purchased from Railway and Land Companies. For pamphlets, maps and information regarding low railroad rates apply to

formation regarding low railroad rates apply to W. D. Scott, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or T. O. Currie, Room 12, B. Callahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis., Authorized Government Agents. Please say where you saw this advertisement.

Milwaukee Newsp Union & Madison Lists.

FOILET ANTISEPTIC

Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy germ-life and disagreeable odors, which water, soap and tooth preparations

alone cannot do. A germicidal, disinfecting and deodor-**** izing toilet requisite of exceptional ex-PAXTINE cellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine cetarrh. At drug and toilet steres, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid. Large Trial Sample

THE "HEALTH AND BEAUTY" BOOK BERT PRO THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Beston, Mass.

A BOX OF MONOGRAM STATIONERY 50c We will send prepaid a box of paper and envelopes with any two or three letter monogram embossed in gold.

1 quire 50¢ | 3 quires 1.35
2 quires 90¢ | 5 quires 2.25
Engraved script plate and 50 cards \$1.00. Shaded old English plate and 50 cards, \$2.65. Henry Sullivan Engraving Co., 136 Wisconsin St., Milwaukee

If affiliated with THOMPSON'S EVE WATER

DOWN MISSOURI WAY.

Canada's Respect for Law and Order the Subject for Favorable

Comment. Those who have visited Canada are always impressed with the strict observance that is given to the laws of the country, and the order that is preserved everywhere. The editor of the Gazette of Fulton, Nev., recently paid a visit to western Canada. He was so impressed with the conditions that he saw everywhere that on his return home he was inspired to write as follows:

"Reverence and respect for law is a dominant characteristic of the Canadian people. Wherever one goes in Canada, whether east or west, the law is supreme. The law is obeyed because This woman says she was saved it is law, seemingly, and not because violation carries a penalty. Canada enforces the law and makes every law effective. No country is more free than Canada. In name Canada is a dependency of the British crown. In fact, it is almost a third republic. All its taxes are voted, collected and expended by the Dominion and the provinces. The nominal head of the government is the governor general, appointed by the English crown. Practically his only authority is to veto the acts of parliament, which he scarcely ever exercises. Canada gives nothing to the support of the English government or the English king. She gives England the advantage in trade regulations and tariff laws, and in return ham's Vegetable Compound, made receives the protection of the British from roots and herbs, has been the army and navy. Canada enjoys the prostandard remedy for female ills, tection without sharing in the ex-

> The sale of liquor is strictly regulated. None but hotelkeepers may obtain license to vend the stuff, and before a license can be secured an applicant must prove good character and provide 20 rooms in his tavern for the accommodation of guests. The bar rooms close at 7 o'clock Saturday evening and remain closed until Monday morning. The schools and churches in western Canada excite admiration. Though new, western Canada is not Godless. The finest buildings in every town are the churches. Next come

Turbing to the wheat fields of western Canada, the editor of the Laurel (Neb.) Advocate of Sept. 17, says: "I have often thought that the reason that the characters of Charles Dickens are so impressed upon the minds of his readers is because he dwells upon them so long and describes them so minutely that by the time one has waded through his long drawn out stories they are so burned into his brain that he can never forget them. It was this way with the Canadian wheat fields. Had we only seen a few the memory of them might have worn away in time, but a long drawn out experience such as we had is sure to leave an ineffaceable impression. Leon Bertrand, claims that he has discovered a much more powerful serum as the Canadian wheat fields. They call Never while we live shall we forget a cure for pneumonia than that now in it the granary of the British Empire and we don't blame 'em. Nobody who has seen their wheat fields can wonder

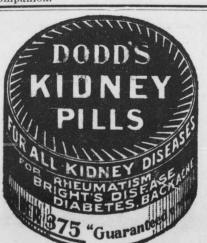
> It is worth while to record that these fields have now been harvested. and in many cases yields as high as forty and fifty bushels per acre have been marketed, while the general average has been away above twenty bushels per acre. Oats and barley have also done well, and the profits, the prices of grains being high, have paid the entire cost of the farms of many a farmer. There is now 160 acres of land given away, in addition to the 160 acres that the homesteader may purchase at \$3.00 an acre. Particulars of this as well as the lowest railway rates will be given by the Canadian government agent.

Bee Marmalade.

The analysis of a remarkable Japanese confection is reported in a recent bulle-tin of the college of agriculture in Tokio. This is no less than a "bee marmalade." said to be made of young wild bees and seasoned with soy. The results of the analysis show that the reputed composition of the sweetment is quite correct. The marmalade is said to be exported in airtight cans. A French commentator remarks sarcastically that it will doubtless be welcomed at tables where they serve grilled locusts, as in Africa, or the Chinese dainty made of

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded

Oyster Shell Window Panes. On the west coast of India is found species of oyster, Placuna placenta, phose shell consists of a pair of roughly circular plates about six inches in di-nameter, thin and white. At present these ysters are collected for the pearls which hey often contain, although few are fit for the use of the jeweler. But in the vital and fundamental housing early days of English rule in India the the world should call it blessed shells were employed for window panes. Cut into little squares, they produced a pretty effect, admitting light ed glass. When the Bombay light like rosted glass. When the Bombay ca-hedral was built, at the beginning of the paned with these oyster shells. In Goa they are still thus employed.—Youth's Companion.



OLD AGE PENSION LAW WORKS WELL

GERMAN GOVERNMENT IS SATIS-FIED WITH COMPULSORY INSURANCE.

INVALIDITY FUND IS POPULAR.

In 1907 There Were Over 14,000,000 People Insured Under Nation's Protection.

SANITARY LODGINGS. PROVIDE

Probably few of us have noted how apidly the old age pension has been preading about the world. In Germany the plan in its practical operation might be called a form of compulsory insurance under government direction and with government help.

Thus every person working for wages r a salary not exceeding \$500 a year must take out an old age or infirmity inurance policy on which he pays onehalf of the annual premium while his employer pays the other half. From the fund thus obtained pensions are paid to ersons whom sickness or infirmity have incapacitated for work as well as to those attaining the age of 70 years. To each recipient of an invalid or old age ension the government makes an addi onal grant of its own. The amount f the pension is determined upon the ouble basis of the wages received by he pensioner while he was at work and he amount he has paid in premiums.

How Germany Works It. In 1907 there were insured in Ger-

nany in the government old age and in alidity insurances more than 14,000,-000 persons-from which astounding fact ou can gather something of the proporons of the new idea, says Mr. Russel a notable article in Hampton's Broad-

firmity pension can be entered upon when the invalidity occurs and after the age of 70 it takes the place of an old age pension. Thus while in 1907 there were 110.967 persons receiving the straight old age pension, there were more than 800,-000 who were in receipt of the infirmity ension. The total national expenditure 1907 on the insurance account was 52,750,000, of which about \$4,200,000 vas for old age pensions. The average pension paid was:

For old age........\$39.52 a year For permanent invalidity.... 40.04 For provisional invalidity.... 40.15 Of course these sums seem very small us, but we must remember, first, that ne difference between our country and Germany in respect to the relative of living is a fact always to be reckoned

with in making comparisons, and second, that Germany was the pioneer in these eforms and her cautious first steps have been far exceeded by the nations that There are five classes of contributors to he German fund:

1-On annual wages or salaries of \$87.50 the annual premium is 3½ cents a week; 2—On annual wages or salaries of \$137.50 the annual premium is 5 cents a week; 3—On the annual wages or salaries of \$212.50 the annual premium is 6 cents a week; 4—On annual wages or salaries of \$257.50 the On annual wages or salaries of \$287.50 the annual premium is 7½ cents a week; 5—On annual wages or salaries of \$500 the annual premium is 9 cents.

Certain Restrictions.

Benefactions under the act are somewhat restricted. Thus old age pensions are paid to only those who have con-tributed for at least 1200 weeks and the disablement pension to those who have contributed for at least 500 weeks. It was thought that a wholly unrestricted ension scheme was too fearsome an exeriment, the whole thing being at best

o bold a leap in the dark and in defi-nce of sacred traditions. This is the scale of German pensions ecording to classes:

Class 1.....\$27.50 a year

Even in a country where living is as heap, easy and comfortable as it is in dermany, \$57.50 a year as a pension is no great sum; but it is an income, a man n live on it in Germany, and every form must have a beginning, often of a id and feeble character.

There is also another matter to be onsidered. The government collects and ares for the fund from which these pensions are paid, composed of the conibutions of workmen and employers. It is thus in possession of an enormous sum of money. Much of this money it invests for profits in order to provide the pensions, but part of it is put into imrovements for the benefit of workmen or the sole purpose of improving their realth and thus keeping down the penion payments. Is not that a most curious and suggestive fact? As a mat-ter of mere business the government uses a part (and a very considerable part) of the fund at its disposal to build anitary homes for workingmen, hospials for workingmen, and to fight tuber sis among workingmen. And largefrom this cause have come those ex-ellent, airy, well-lighted dwellings in which so many German working men e comfortably housed in the cities. And this government has now found that provide healthful dwellings is good c provide neathful dwellings is good ousiness because thereby it can keep lown the nation's sick list, how great the accumulated wrong that other workmen suffer and have suffered, being orkmen suffer and have suffered, being used haphazard and so often in deadenvironments? If the old age penon had wrought no other good but merely to force attention to this vast, vital and fundamental housing problem,

Reforms Came Slowly.

Germany did not arrive at these humane improvements without fighting for them. At best the whole thing was regarded by the philosophers and wise men as a piece of sublimated folly. They knew perfectly well that any such scheme would be ruinous to the national character and an insupportable drain upon the national revenue. They not only knew it, but they could prove it, and they did, with the most obliging kindness. There is also a certain order of mind everywhere that regards every innovation as of the devil and the state of the state innovation as of the devil and detestable, being, it seems, quite able to see clearly being, it seems, quite able to see clearly that the way everything has been done in the past is the best way ever conceived by man, and if anyone says there is a better way he is a scoundrel and muckraker and let him die the death.

All such minds in Germany perceived that the thing was impossible, and said so. Moreover, there is that other school of thought that seems to believe the rise. of thought that seems to believe the miseries of mankind to be its blessings, and that the way to improve the race is to have the greater part of it live in slums. have the greater part of it live in slums, umns are thirty feet long and were crowded tenements, darkness, want and lashed in the hold of the Methebesec. It insufficiency. These foresaw that if the government undertook to support men in their old age there would be no incentive, and of course the world could not

without incentive. How could it? Unless a man were reasonably sure that his declining years would be passed amid the horrors of the poorhouse, he would never do a bit of work. Nothing but the fiend and the wholesome fear of the scourge ever made any-body work. That was perfectly clear. and consequently productive industry would come to an end, and what would

the country do then, poor thing? But the government was not greatlimpressed by these arguments, being, a matter of fact, not impelled to the persion idea by any process of reasoning bu driven thereto by the rising tide of Ge man socialism, which the government having mind upon its army, desired Anyway, the thing was done hasten to reassure the timorous by claring that so far as repeated and con scientious investigation can discover, has not ruined the country nor depict the revenues, nor impaired the national character. Productive industry has no been paralyzed and there has been ample store of incentive. Undeniably in the last twenty years the condition of the German workingman has very greatly improved; he has more comfort, more health, more joys. And this has been one of the greatest causes of his bettere situation.

DAVID'S OBSEQUIES.

How an American Royalty Received a State Funeral.

The recent death of Prince David, heir presumptive of the old line of Hawaiian kings, and the brother of Prince Jonah the present delegate at Washington, was an event of great interest in Hawaii. The curious and picturesque pageantry of his obsequies appeals alike to the historic and to the aesthetic sense of all America.

Never before, surely, was a state funeral accorded by order of the United States to a person of royal blood resident within the national domain. occurrence emphasizes vividly the co-lonial expansion of recent years with its necessary broadening of national sym pathy for alien ways and traditions. The native Hawaiians, still deeply at tached to the ancient dynasty, found great satisfaction in the honor; and the

state funeral of an American subject be-came in all its details the royal funeral of a Hawaiian sovereign.

The body of Prince David lay in state in Honolulu. At midnight, with no light, In practice the invalidity pension has proved more popular than the strictly old age pension, for the reason that the inmilitia, and all day long a continuous militia, and all day long a continuous pour of all nationalities poured in at one door and out at another.

The room is beautiful: and it filled with wonderous kahilis—the "feather trees," permitted only to royalty, graceful, fountain-like masses of feathers, thousands in each kahili, and in all exquisite and vivid tints of tropic plumage; some all scarlet, some white, some lavender, some yellow and some brown Over the bier of the dead prince lay

a priceless great feather robe, soft and glowing, of yellow touched with scarlet. By his side stood native Hawaiians, in deep black, with shoulder capes of yellow feathers and black and kahilis; they were as motionless as bronze statues. Beyond them were more guards, then a line of mourning women of royal blood. At the end of the room were flowers, loved of Hawaiians, and arranged with their natural aste and skill.

In the deep recess of a window were grouped the chanters, reciting aloud the

Content.

Charles Frohman, who is rapidly es tablishing a "world theater"—a theater where the world's first playwrights and performers work on American lines un der his direction-talked the other day about content.

"I don't work for money," he said. "The hardest workers never work for money. When did money bring content? "You know the story of the satrap and the Persian physician? A certain young and profligate satrap, exhausted alike in body and in mind, sent for a famous Persian physician and said:

"'I have squandered my youth riotous living. My frame is enfeeb My frame is enfeebled like an old man's and my mind is dis-ordered with remorse and horror. Can

you help me?'
"The Persian physician, gravely at the pale satrap, answered:
"You have but one hope. Go forth and find, if there be such, a perfectly contented man. Persuade this man to exchange shirts with you, and you will straightway be strong and

'The satrap set out upon his search He traveled many months in vain. But at last he heard of a cobbler who was said to be absolutely contented.

"The satrap came at last to the cobbler's door. The house was but a hovel and on a board before it the cobbler la; asleep. Awaking him, the satrap asked if it were true that he was quite contented, and the cobbler, with a laugh,

declared that he was.
"'Then,' said the satrap, 'I have a
boon to ask at your hands. It is that you will exchange shirts with me. For thus, a wise physician has said, I may become strong and contented also. "But the cobbler shook his head.

"'Most cheerfully would I grant your request, young man,' he began, 'but—'
"'Nay, nay, deny me not,' the satrap cried. 'I will pay you any sum that you may name. "'I seek not your gold, youth,' said the cobbler, 'but—but—'

'But what?' "'The truth is, I have no shirt." Washington Star.

Extemporaneous.

A young lawyer was invited to deliver an oration on the occasion of the dedication of a new bridge. He did not prepare himself, but had an idea that he could speak at a moment's notice. He arose on the platform and commenced as

"Five and forty years ago this bridge built by your enterprise was part and parcel of the howling wilderness." He paused for a moment. "Yes, fellow citizens, only five and forty years ago, I rethe howling wilderness." Again he paused and there were cries of "Go on!" He was plainly rettled on! ever, he went on.

"I feel it hardly necessary to repeat that this bridge five and forty years ago was part and parcel of the howling wilderness, and I will conclude by saying that I wish it was a part and parcel of a howling wilderness now."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Where Is the Schooner.

Walter E. Maynard of the Fifth Avenue Building company, New York city, which is putting up the skyscraper that will fill the site of the old Fifth Avenue hotel, is getting a little anxious about the three-masted schooner Methebesec, usually takes about six days to make New York from Rockland in a fore and after, and the weather has not been

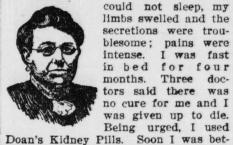
A DESK WHEREVER HE GOES. Commercial Traveler Invents Portable Article He Long Needed.

An Illinois commercial traveler who has found poor conveniences for business in many hotels, has invented a portable writing desk and has made an application for a patent. Closed, the desk is about the size and shape of a dress suit case, which it closely resembles. Open, it is a substantial desk, equipped with drawers and pigeonholes after the most approved fashion of a big roll top. Metal legs of the lazy tong principle unfold to form a support, and a supporting rod holds what might be termed the lid in the position of a writing table. To the top is attached a handle by which the whole may be carried. The desk fills a want that has been experienced by every man on the road, and it is remarkable that some genius did not bring it out long ago.

BED-BOUND FOR MONTHS.

Hope Abandoned After Physicians Consultation.

Mrs. Enos Shearer, Yew and Washington Sts., Centralia, Wash., says: "For years I was weak and run down, could not sleep, my limbs swelled and the



ter and in a few weeks was about the house, well and strong again." Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Enough to Scare Her. "Bill" Smith is a Bucks county storekeeper, and last spring he came down to Philadelphia to purchase his stock of goods for the summer trade. The goods were shipped immediately, and reached his store before he did. Among the lot of cases and packages was a box shaped something like a casket. When Bill's wife saw this one she uttered a scream and called for a hammer. The drayman hearing her shrill cries, rushed in to see what the trouble was. The wife, pale and faint, pointed to the following in-

scription on the box:
"Bill inside."—Philadelphia Ledger.

NO SKIN LEFT ON BODY.

For Six Months Baby Was Expected to Die with Eczema-Now Well-Doctor Said to Use Cuticura.

"Six months after birth my little girl broke out with eczema and I had two doctors in attendance. There was not a particle of skin left on her body, the blood oozed out just anywhere, and we had to wrap her in silk and carry her on a pillow for ten weeks. She was the most terrible sight I ever saw, and for six months I looked for her to die. I used every known remedy to alleviate her suffering, for it was terrible to witness. Dr. C- gave her up. Dr. deeds of the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound," says one who was there, "to make the creeps run down one's spine."—Youth's Comparison of the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound," says one who was there, "to make the creeps run down one's spine."—Youth's Comparison of the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound," says one who was there, "to make the creeps run down one's spine."—Youth's Comparison of the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound," says one who was there, "to make the creeps run down one's spine."—Youth's Comparison of the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound," says one who was there, "to make the creeps run down one's spine."—Youth's Comparison of the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound," says one who was there, "to make the creeps run down one's spine."—Youth's Comparison of the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound," says one who was there, "to make the creeps run down one's spine."—Youth's Comparison of the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound," says one who was there, "to make the creeps run down one's spine."—Youth's Comparison of the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound," says one who was the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound," says one who was the prince's ancestors and wailing for his death—"a sound for his deat - recommended the Cuticura of the dread trouble since. We used and three boxes of Cuticura Ointment. James J. Smith, Durmid, Va., Oct. 14 and 22, 1906."

Bright.

"What do you think," said Mrs. Gleeful, "I wrote James this summer that I wanted some light reading, and he sent me 'The House of a Thousand Can-dles.'"—New York Times.

Whiskey for Rheumatism.

The increased use of whiskey for rheumatism is causing considerable discussion among the medical fraternity. It is an almost infallible cure when mixed with certain other ingredients and taken properly. The following formula is effective: "To one half pint of good whiskey add one ounce of Toris Compound and one ounce of Syrup Sarsaparilla Compound. Take in tablespoonful doses before each meal and before retiring."

Toris compound is a product of the laboratories of the Globe Pharmaceutical Co., Chicago, but it as well as the other ingredients can be had from any good druggist.

-Grant was graduated in the class of 1843 at West Point—number 21 in a class of 39. Gen. William B. Franklin was graduated at the head of the class.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

-The annual amount paid in interest to depositors in Australian government banks in 1906-1907 was \$5,508,104, against \$4,265,346 in 1902-1903.

WE SELL GUNS AND TRAPS CHEAP & buy Furs & Hides. Write for catalog 105 N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn. -The Bavarian branch of the Deut-

sche Bank in Munich has made a successful effort to introduce a system of payment by post card checks.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle. -This year's "senior wranglership" at

the University of Cambridge, England, gives great honors to a young Russian Jew.

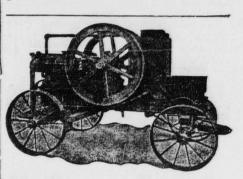
By carefully lacquering silverware with banana oil, applied with a camel's hair brush immediately after cleaning, it may be kept for several months.

The General Demand

of the Well-Informed of the World has always been for a simple, pleasant and efficient liquid laxative remedy of known value; a laxative which physicians could sanction for family use because its component parts are known to them to be wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, acceptable to the system and gentle, yes prompt, in action.

In supplying that demand with its excellent combination of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, the California Fig Syrup Co. proceeds along ethical lines and relies on the merits of the laxative for its remarkable success.

That is one of many reasons why Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is given the preference by the Well-Informed. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine-manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.



Are very simple in construction, having only as many working parts as are absolutely necessary to make a perfect working machine.

They are also very economical in the consumption of fuel, and are provided with all up-to-date improvements.

Made in sizes from 21/2 to 15 horsepower, Stationary or Portable. Write for Catalog No. 51, giving detailed description.

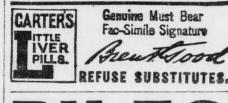
CHALLENGE COMPANY

71 River St. Batavia, III. BRANCHES: Minneapolis, Minn., Kansas City, Mo.



Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side,

about eight cakes of Cuticura Soap SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE,



"I have suffered with piles for thirty-six years. One year age last April I began taking Cascarets for constipation. In the course of a week I noticed the piles began to disappear and at the end of six weeks they did not trouble me at all. Cascarets



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Nover Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c, Noves sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C G. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 593

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES INSIST ON HAVING FOR Dr. Martel's Preparation
WOMEN The Standard Remedy. (At Draggicon)
Send for book "Relief for Women."
FRENCH DRUG CO., 80 W. 824 St., N. Y. Chap

THREE TOILET RECIPES Sent for 25 Cents Silver and a 2c stamp. These comprise a Mole Remover, Hair Restorer and one for improving the complexion. All perfectly harmless. W. H. HOW AED, Room 57, 1762 W. 25th St., CLEVELAND, OMIO

The Financial "Remedy" prescribed. A "tonic" within easy reach of every bank depositor. 2c stamp of booklet free. MARK E. DAVIS, 1804 Broadway, Cakland, Call

YOUNG MAN earn \$100 a month as Mechanical Draughtsman. Learn in two months. We have the best course. FREE drawing instruments and outfit. National School of Mechanics, Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION-25 farms, 200 lots, will write for part'lars. Illinois Trust & Investment Co., Morris, Okla INDIAN RELICS WANTED, of copper

and stone. Write and tell me what you have

CHRONIC CHEST COMPLAINTS

in this paper.

of the most serious character have been permanently cured with Piso's Cure. Coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis and asthma quickly respond to its healing influence. If you have a cough or cold, if you are hoarse or have difficulty with your breathing, get a bottle of Piso's Cure. Immediate benefit follows the first dose. Continued use generally brings complete relief. For nearly half a century Piso's Cure has been demonstrating that the most advanced forms of coughs, colds and chronic chest complaints CAN BE CURED

FLOUR

COMPLETELY REMODELED



Will open to receive grain Dec. 1 and be in shape to grind all kinds of feed. We will exchange flour for wheat after December 7, 1908.

WILLFORD & SONS CO.,

Owners and Proprietors

CLADSTONE,

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, United States Land Office at Marquette, Mich, October 24, 1908. NOTICE is hereby given that Elmira Cardinal Rapid River, Mich., who, on October 14, 1908, made Timber & Stone Sworn Statement, No. 0415, for sel4 of nel4. Section 10, Township 41 north, Range 20 west, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final timber and stone Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Clerk of the

First Publication October 31, 1908

day of January, 1909. Claimant names as witnesses Peter Damour, Adelor Neveau, Napoleo LaBombard and William Cardinal, all of Rapid River, Mich. JAMES J DONOVAN,

Circuit Court, at Escanaba, Mich., on the 6th

First publication October 31, 1908. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

United States Land Office at Marquette, Mich., October 24, 1908. NOTICE is hereby given that Aleck LaBom bard, of Rapid River, Mich., who, on October 14, 1908, made Timber & Stone Sworn Statement No. 0414, for sel4 of nel4, Section 30. Township 42 north, Range 20 west, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final timber and Stone Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Escanaba, Mich., on the 6th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses William Cardinal, Adolor Noveau, Peter Damour and Napoleon LaBombard, all of Rapid River, Mich.

JAMES J. DONOVAN,

First publication October 31, 1908. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR United States Land Office at

Marquette, Michigan, October 26, 1908. Notice is hereby given that William H. Palmer, of Daggett, Mich., who, on August 2, 1907, made Homestead Entry, No. 12319, Serial No. 0451, for w1/2 of nw1/4, section 20, Township 43 N. Range 23 W., Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver of United States Land Office at Marquette, Mich., on the 9th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Enoch D. Bridges and Robert L. Bridges, of Maple Ridge, Mich., Henry Edgerly and ames W. Tripp, of Ste

JAMES J. DONOVAN. Register. First Publication October 24, 1908.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, United States Land Office at Marquette, Mich., October 17, 1908. Notice is hereby given that John Jones, of Ogontz, Mich., who, on March 28, 1901, made Homestead Entry No. 10126, Serial No. 0130, for n ½ ne ½, Section 18, Township 40 north, Range 20 west, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Escanaba, Mich., on the 4th day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Ole Nelson, Henry Dansey, John Weiwrew
and Max Constino, all of Ogontz, Mich.
35
JAMES J. DONOVAN,

First publication November 14, 1908. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR United States Land Office at

Marquette, Michigan, November 7, 1908. Notice is hereby given that Louis Lambeau of Rapid River, Michigan, who on May 22, 1907, made Homestead Entry, No. 12263, Serial No. 0481, for e1/2 of ne1/4 and e1/2 of se1/4, section 22, Township 41 north, Range 21 west, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Clerk of Circuit Court at Escanaba, Michigan, on the 22nd day of December, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses Edward Short, John Damour, David Shampo and William McDonald, all of Rapid River,

JAMES J. DONOVAN,

First Publication November 28, 1908. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

U. S. Land Office at Marquette, Mich. November 21, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Henry A. Harlowe, one of the heirs of H. Guy Harlowe, demade Homestead Entry No. 11979, Serial No. No. 0498, for NW 1/4 of SW 1/4, Section 26, Township 44 N, range 23 W, Michigan Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Marquette, Michigan, on the 7th day of January, 1909.

Claimant names as witness Timothy J. Curran, of Lathrop, Mich. Frank Kupper, of Turin, Mich. Samuel Lathrop and Elbert Lathrop, o

JAMES J. DONOVAN,

TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING looks better-wears longer and gives more bodily comfort because cut on large patterns, yet costs no more than the "just as good kinds" SUITS '300 SLICKERS'300 Every garment towers sign of the fish FISH BRAND CATALOG FREE

A J TOWER CO BOSTON U SA

PIG IN A POKE. A gentleman was looking over a line of stoves in the store of his local dealer and soon made the statement that he could purchase a certain stove of a Catalog House for so much money. The customer was immediately told that the same stove could be purchased there at the same price. On the customer's asking to see the sample he was diplomatically told that it was not to be seen but, if he wanted to purchase it, he must pay the price asked and the stove would be set on the sidewalk in front of the store subject to the customer's order. The dealer further stated that he would refund the money, if the goods weren't satisfactory, less the freight from his city to the home of the Catalog House and return. This was meeting the Mail Order House on their own grounds and we are pleased to assure you that the customer purchased a better stove than the one in question and went away per-

FINE SPECIMENS.

fectly satisfied.—Exchange.

August Lillquist now possesses a magnificent white owl, which he purchased of a couple of shingleweavers who shot it last Saturday on the bluff. The bird was slightly injueed in one wing, but has recovered somewhat. If it can be domesticated and induced to eat, it will be a very showy pet. The spread of wings is very wide.

Mr. Lillquist has a stuffed bird in one window, rare in this part of the country, a cormorant, which he shot a couple of months ago at Moss Lake, while it was feeding on fish. It stands in his west window.

COAT MAKER WANTED. Competent man to apply at once. O. T. SORENSON, Rapid River.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE. ARBUTUS DIVISION NO. 378. GRAND INTERNATIONAL AUXILIARY TO THE B. OF L. E.

Gladstone Mich, November 19, 1908. Whereas, the Angel of Death has for removed from our midst, our beloved Sister, Maud Thompson, and

Whereas, our Division has lost a loyal member, her husband a loving wife, and her children a devoted mother, Therefore be it

Resolved, that we commend them in their sorrow to Almighty God, the Comforter of the Afflicted, and be it further Resolved, that our Charter be draped

in mourning for a period of thirty days, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family and the same be inscribed on the Minutes of our

MRS. C. W. LAFAVER MRS. O. V. KURKER MRS. W. G. CAMERON

Committee. DON'T BE A KNOCKER.

"If there is a chance to boom a business, boom it. Dou't be a knocker. Don't pull a long face. Hope a bit. Get a smile on you. Hold up your head. Get a hold with both hands. Then pull. Bury your hatchet. Drop your tomahawk. Hide your little hammer. When a stranger drops in tell him this is the greatest town on earth. It is. Don't get mulish. Don't roast. Be jolly. Get popular. It's dead easy. ceased, of Lathrop, Mich., who on May 19, 1906. Help yourself along. Push your friend with you, Soon you'll have a whole

> No man ever helped himself by knocking other people down. No man ever got rich trying to make people believe that he was the only good man on earth. You can't climb the ladder of fame by stepping on other people's corns. They are their corns; not yours. And they're tender. Keep off the corns.

procession. Be a good fellow.

All men are not alike. Once in a while you may find one who is very much alike But some are different. You're not the only shirt in the wash. If you don't like their style let 'em alone. Don't knock. You'll get used to it. There's no end of fun in minding your own business. And it makes other people like you better. Better have others get stuck on you than get stuck on yourself. Nobody gets stuck on a knocker. Don't be one. Be good. -American Printer.

MERCHANTS, ATTENTION. Wanted by the Marble Safety Axe Company, several hundred shipping cases. We can use Dry Goods, Boot and Shoe, or Hardware Boxes steadily. and Shoe, of Hardware If you have a surplus, call us up and tell us what you have. It will pay better than burning them. ter than burning them.

FINGERS OF ICE.

The road ran through a beautiful, half cleared wood, and at the end, on a slight rise of ground, stood the madhouse. Of course it was not called a madhouse or people would not have sent their mentally unhinged friends there. It bore the euphonious appellation of "Dr. Brier's Home Sanitarium" and was consequently well patronized. People usually dislike calling a thing by its proper name.

The perfectly kept grounds were sur rounded by a high iron fence, within which the harmless inmates wandered at will during certain hours of the day On a rustic bench sat a young woman. Her eyes were closed, and as she remained in repose she was beau-

tiful, with a Spanish type of beauty

that no other nation can equal. Suddenly she started up, with a wild motion of the hand toward her throat as though she were being choked. The dark eyes showed intense fright, and the whole face was convulsed. Gradually the frenzy passed away, and she sank down upon the bench again, with a weary little laugh. The soft breeze rustled the leaves of the trees and murmured a gentle lullaby. Slowly the until it was pillowed on a fleecy wrap which lay on the end of the bench, and

she slept. At that exact hour it happened that a curious woman, accompanied by a friend, asked permission of one of the physicians on the staff to be shown through the place. He had the misfortune to be one of her friends, so he acquiesced; but, being busy at the time, he turned her over to the mercies of a young doctor, who, finding the curious woman and her friend rather amiable. did his utmost to entertain them.

And so it occurred that after going through the building they sauntered about the grounds and saw the Spanish beauty lying asleep, with her face as calm and sweet as that of a sleeping child.

"Oh," cried the curious woman ecstatically, "do tell us about her!" The young doctor smoothed his bud-

ding mustache and looked about him.

No one was visible. "We don't often tell the history of our patients," he began liesitatingly, "but this is a rather peculiar case, and if you specially desire"-

"Oh, do tell us!" cried the curious woman, with a world of persuasion in her voice. "I assure you it will go no Wright, Ninety-first highlanders, were further. Is she Spanish?" They moved away slightly that their

The young doctor replied: "Oh, yes! She was born in Castile and while yet little more than a childhardly sixteen, I believe-married for wealth and position a Spaniard three

voices might not disturb the sleeper.

times her age. "Affairs went smoothly for two years, when the husband contracted a disease, ing heavily. The commander next orwhich proved fatal. Now, it would dered the officers' chargers to be pitchhave been much nicer and more like ed out of the gangway. The plunging what one reads in Sunday school books if he had bidden his relatives an affectionate farewell as he lay on his deathbed, but instead of doing that he called his young wife to him and said in tones so low that no one but she could hear, 'Inez, if you marry again the first time visited our Division, and I shall come back from the grave and. with the icy fingers of death, I shall choke you-choke you.' His face was convulsed with passion, and shortly afterward he died. He was buried with the pomp and ceremonies required in a Spanish family of position, and for two years the widow remained in se-

> "At the end of that time she came forth more beautiful than ever and joined a party of friends traveling in England. There she met the man who was to be her future husband, a handsome, athletic young American of the Anglo-Saxon type.

"Her former husband's dying words so haunted her that at first she repulsed the American's suit. However, he followed her to her home in Castile, and at last, sensibly concluding that these haunting words were merely the ravings of a delirious man, she mar-

ried the American. "They came to America to live and for a time were very happy, but after a time they—that is, she"-

The young doctor paused and cleared his throat. The curious woman and her friend exchanged glances.

-"she began to suffer from a strange hallucination," he went on. "At night she often woke with a scream, believing that the icy fingers of her former husband were choking her. The mat- fore them, yet no one moved, nor did ter grew worse until she felt the fin- any sign of terror or fear escape them. gers not only at night, but also in her Lower and lower sank the vessel into waking hours. Numberless physicians the deadly sea. The old transport were consulted, but they offered no shivered, gave a final plunge and dis-

tried everything in his power to save below at the pumps. her, but nothing availed, and she gradually grew worse until it was necestogether, and that will be the end."

"And can she not be cured?" asked the curious woman. "Quite hopeless."

"It looks very much like rain today." remarked a milkman as he handed a housekeeper her supply of milk. "Yes," agreed the latter as she peered into the jug: "it usually does!"

Will Bring Youth. "Cissy" asks if there is anything that will bring youth to woman. Yes, indeed; an income of \$5,000 a year will Pathfinder.

A STORY OF HEROISM

Showing How Brave Men Can Calmly Meet Death.

The Way This British Vessel Went Down Off the Cape of Good Hope. Most of the Crew Were Lost and All the Women and Children Saved.

Visitors to the hospital of the old pensioners at Chelsea will perhaps have noticed in the colonnade a simple memorial tablet, placed there by order of the late Queen Victoria to record the heroic constancy and discipline of the officers and soldiers who lost their lives in the wreck of the transport Birkenhead off the Cape of Good Hope on Feb. 26, 1852. On Jan. 7 in that year, after embarking re-enforcements amount ing to fifteen officers and 476 men for the troops engaged in the Kaffir war, the Birkenhead left Ireland for the beautiful head sank lower and lower cape. On board were also 166 women and children, the wives and families of soldiers. All went well till the transport reached Simon's Town, where ten officers and eighteen men were landed. The ship continued her course on the evening of Feb. 25. But the captain in his anxiety for a quick passage unfortunately kept so close to the shore that during the night the ship got among the rocks which line the coast. About three miles off Danger point at 2 o'clock in the morning of the 26th, while all except those on watch were sleeping peacefully in their hammocks, the ship struck with a violent shock. The bulk of the men on board were young soldiers.

The rush of water on the Birkenhead striking was so great that most of the soldlers on the lower troop deck were drowned in their hammocks. The remainder, with all the officers, appeared on deck, many only partly dressed, and fell in as orderly and as quietly as on the barrack square. Calling the officers round him, Lieutenant Colonel Seton of the Seventy-fourth highlanders, the senior officer on board, impressed on them the necessity for preserving order and silence among the men. The services of the next senior. Captain placed at the disposal of the commander of the ship to carry out whatever orders he might consider essential. Sixty men were put on the chain pumps on the lower after deck and told off in three reliefs. Sixty more were put on to the tackles of the paddle box boats, and the remainder were brought on to the poop to ease the fore part of the ship, as she was rolland terrifled horses were got up and cast over, five of them managing to swim ashore. The cutter was then got ready for the women and children, who had been collected under the poop awning, and they were passed in one by one. There being room in the boat for one or two more, the order was given for any trumpeter or bugler boys to be taken. A young drummer standing near was told by an officer to get into the boat, but, drawing himself up, exclaimed that he drew man's pay and would stick by his comrades. The cutter then shoved off in charge of one of the ship's officers, and the

women and children were safe. No sooner was she clear than the entire bow of the vessel broke off at the foremast, the bowsprit going up in the air toward the foretopmast. The funnel also went over the side, carrying away the starboard paddle box and boat and crushing the men on the tackles. The paddle box boat capsized on being lowered, and the large boat in the center of the ship could not be got up

The men were then ordered on to the poop, where they stood calmly awaiting their fate. Within a few minutes the vessel broke in two, crosswise, just abaft the engine room, and the stern began rapidly to fill. In this extremity the commander called out, "Those who can swim jump overboard and make for the boats!" but the officers begged the soldiers not to, as the boat with the women and children would be swamped. They were young men in the prime of life, with all beappeared, carrying with her the band "Her husband was heartbroken and of heroes on deck and those working

Men of all ages and ranks they were -the colonel and the drummer boy, ofsary to bring her here. Do you notice ficers of gentle birth and men from the the crimson roses pinned on the front workshop, the plow and the mine, but of her gown? They seem to be the all animated with the same heroic only thing she cares for. Her husband resolution, fortitude and chivalry-as comes every week and brings a huge | cool as though they had been on their bunch of them. She likes the flowers. parade ground, with as much courage but pays no attention to him. Some as in action in the field. A few manday the icy fingers will close tightly aged to cling to the rigging of the mainmast, part of which remained out of water, while others got hold of floating pieces of wood and were eventually "Oh, no!" said the young doctor rescued, but of fourteen officers and 458 men no fewer than nine officers and 349 men perished, many falling prey to the attacks of the sharks. which surrounded the ship in shoals, waiting for their victims. Every woman and child was saved.

Perhaps the greatest compliment ever paid to the memory of the brave was the order of the king of Prussia for the account of the wreck of the Birkenhead to be read on three successive parades at the head of every regiment in his army, and it was spoken of in bring one every night in the week .- every school in Prussia and Germany. -London Globe.

Those who like to buy their WRECK OF THE BIRKENHEAD. meat in quantity should see us. We sell meat at

> 5c PER POUND

upwards, and can show you our stock, which offers a large selection. No one can get better prices.

ANDERSON & HOLM

SIDES OF BEEF YOU CAN

the best of entertainment at

The Harbor

359 Delta Ave.

the old-time home for those who love comfort. The bar and the board are second to

ANDREW STEVENSON.

Haviland-

Lovers of china will be pleased to inspect our display of fine, delicately tinted, artistically shaped cups and plates now in our east window. They are of this world-famous make, with genuine Haviland stamp. For prices, inquire within.

ERICKSON & VON TELL DRUGGISTS.

Wood! Wood! Wood!

We are in a position to sell Wood cheaper: than anyone in the city.

* CALL UP 45 *

And get our prices before buying. NORTHWESTERN COOPERAGE & LUMBER COMPANY

We're Flying

around all the time doing jobs up for our customers and doing them right. When you want anything, phone 265 right off and you won't have long to wait.

P. L. BURT & CO.

THE HOLIDAY

In December a large number of small, attractive articles are purchased as gifts by many. In our line of Silverware, Cutlery, articles of use and amusement, are many things that will a tract you. Come early and look at them; we are always pleased to show them.

NICHOLAS.