

THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XXII.

CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

Gladstone, Mich., February 8, 1908.

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Job Printing Department is Equipped
to do every class of Printing.
Corporation & Law Printing a Specialty

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Gladstone Mich., Jan. 20th, 1908.
Regular meeting of the City Council.
No quorum being present, meeting ad-
journed.

W. A. NARRACONG,
City Clerk.

Gladstone Mich., Feb. 3rd, 1908.
City Council met in regular session.
Present, Mayor Miller, Ald. Clark, Eat-
on, Green, Noblet, Theriault and
Young. Absent, Ald. Champion and
Folsom.

Minutes of meetings of Dec. 16th,
1907 and Jan. 6th, 1908, were read and
approved.

Report of Frederick Huber, Justice
of the Peace and also report of Alex.
Murker, city marshal, were read and
no objections being offered, the mayor
declared the reports would be accepted
and placed on file.

City treasurer, Andrew Marshall,
made the following report as to the con-
dition of the city funds up to and in-
cluding Feb. 1st, 1908:

FUND	CASH IN FUND	OVER-DRAWN
Contingent	\$ 1036.05	
Fire	245.69	
Light and water	864.82	
General Highway		341.07
Throop Judgment	1.10	
Police		338.50
Park	9.00	
Poor		12.63
E. L. & H. Rental	780.00	
Salary		421.86
Interest	3.66	
Sewer	80.58	
Cemetery	645.98	
Totals	\$2385.14	\$2395.80
		2385.14
Overdrawn		10.66

No objections being offered, the may-
or declared the report of the City Treas-
urer would be accepted and placed on
file.

Committee on Claims made the fol-
lowing report:

Gladstone Mich., Feb. 3rd, 1908.
To the City Council, City of Gladstone.
Gentlemen:—

Your Committee on Claims would
respectfully report that they have had
the following bills under consideration
and recommend their payment:

Light and Water Department,	1254.33
January bills	143.45
Fire Department	143.45
W. J. Micks, team work on sprinkler	4.00
Mich. State Tel. Co., Police Call rent	4.50
Mich. State Tel. Co., telephone rent	4.50
J. A. Stewart, formalin for health dept.	1.90
W. A. Narracong, city postoffice box rent	.65
C. W. Davis, coal	7.80
C. E. Mason, printing	4.04

Moved by Ald. Clark, supported by
Ald. Noblet, that the report of the com-
mittee on Claims be accepted and adopt-
ed and orders drawn for the several
amounts.

Yeas, Ald. Clark, Eaton, Green, Nob-
let, Theriault and Young (6). Nays,
none (0). Motion declared carried.

The following was read:

Escanaba Mich., Feb. 3rd, 1908.
To the Hon. Mayor and City Council,
City of Gladstone.

Gentlemen:—
We hereby submit our bid of eight
hundred twenty-nine dollars and two
cents (\$829.02) to complete the laying
of two hundred and fifty feet of piping
from the sewer outlet at the foot of
Sixth street out into the bay, according
to the plans and specifications now on
file in the city clerk's office.

We will use sixty-five cords of heavy
slag instead of stone for filling curb.

Respectfully submitted,
NORTHERN CONSTRUCTION &
ENGINEERING CO.,

By John G. Zane, Gen. Mgr.
Ald. Clark read a communication
from W. A. Shaw of Chicago, Civil
Engineer, relative to the putting in of
the sewer outlet.

Moved by Ald. Eaton, supported by
Ald. Noblet, that the bid of the North-
ern Construction & Engineering Com-
pany be rejected.

Yeas, Ald. Clark, Eaton, Green, Nob-
let, Theriault and Young (6). Nays,
none (0). Motion declared carried.

Ald. Green offered the following res-
olution and moved its adoption, which
was supported by Ald. Eaton:

Whereas, Eldridge Bull is sick and
has been sick for several weeks and is
without any means to support or take
care of himself,

Therefore be it resolved, That he be
sent to the County Poor Farm at the
expense of the city.

Yeas, Ald. Clark, Eaton, Green, Nob-
let, Theriault and Young (6). Nays,

none (0). Motion declared carried.
Moved by Ald. Clark, supported by
Ald. Theriault, that the cleaning alley
tax amounting to \$4.00 assessed to E.
B. Carr in error and the repairing
sidewalk tax amounting to \$3.72 assessed
in error to H. W. Smith, be refund-
ed and orders drawn for the amounts.

Yeas, Ald. Clark, Eaton, Green, Nob-
let, Theriault and Young (6). Nays,
none (0). Motion declared carried.

Moved by Ald. Clark, supported by
Ald. Theriault, that council adjourn.
Motion carried unanimously.

W. A. NARRACONG,
City Clerk.

THAT MESSAGE.

The Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin
thus speaks of the latest communication
of the Executive:

The fact of the communication be-
tween the President and the Congress
being in writing tends as a rule to make
them more formal and give them more
dignity as well as more finish than would
always attach to statements by word of
mouth. But President Roosevelt has
proved a record-breaker in this as in
other things. In preparing all of his
messages he has neglected opportunities
for pruning. In his latest utterance of
this character he has made a document
opening with a cluster of recommendations,
briefly presented, serve as a vehicle
for a long address defending his
policies and savagely attacking all by
whom those policies have been criticized.

The message lacks impersonality. It
wants dignity. It contains a great deal
that is utterly irrelevant to its purpose
as a communication from the executive
to Congress.

Some of the newspapers which have
valiantly stood by the President hereto-
fore when he has exceeded the bounds
of discretion and good taste are parting
company with him now, and expostulat-
ing against his philippic as not only un-
called for and incontinent, but as likely
in the present state of business to do
material injury to the country by re-
tarding the restoration of confidence.

C. C. I. FLEET.

Captain J. M. Johnson, who has had
a number of commands in the fleet of
the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company, has
been appointed fleet captain during the
coming season. Sixteen boats will be in
service, the names of which and their
masters are as follows:

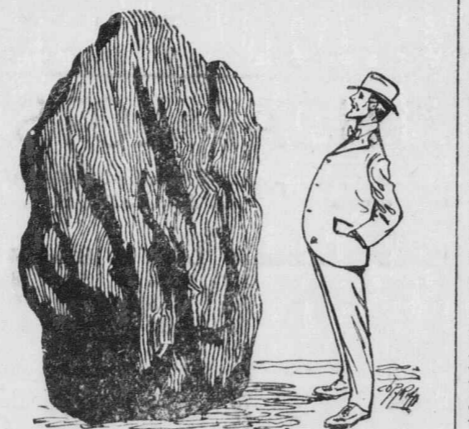
Wm. G. Mather—H. H. Parsons.
J. H. Sheadle—S. A. Lyons.
Michigan—T. E. Murray.
Ishpeming—C. A. Anderson.
Peter White—S. N. Murphy.
Angeline—C. R. Ney.
Presque Isle—F. A. West.
Centurion—J. A. Stewart.
Pontiac—R. A. Gaskin.
Frontenac—F. D. Perew.
Choctaw—P. A. Anderson.
Andaste—J. A. Kennedy.
Cadillac—H. A. Murphy.
Pioneer—George Tremble.
Falcon—N. T. Mooney.
Schooner Chhattanooga—M. J. Pigeon.

BOYS WANTED.

A few boys between the ages of 16
and 20 can find steady employment in
the factory of the Marble Safety Axe
Co.

Profit in the Dairy.
Nine out of every ten men who are
keeping cows and realizing a small
profit therefrom are of the notion that
more cows are needed if the profits
from the dairy are to be increased,
says Farmers Advocate. Most farm-
ers have cows enough. In fact, many
have more cows than they can accom-
modate as they should. But these
farmers all have a low yield per cow.
There lies the whole trouble. We have
cows in abundance, but the yield is
not what it should be. For increased
profit in the dairy we must increase
the product per cow and thereby re-
duce the cost of production, which
means greater profit. Do not add to
the herd a lot of cows which under
your treatment will yield only one-half
the amount of butter fat they are ca-
pable of yielding. Better feed, better
care and better cows are the only sal-
vation.

Pumpkins For Sheep.
The seeds of the pumpkin have al-
ways been a safe and effective home
remedy for worms of all kinds, even
the tapeworms being destroyed by its
seeds, in which there is a special ele-
ment that is fatal to them, says Ameri-
can Sheep Breeder. Thus these seeds
are used successfully not only for animal
parasites, but in diseases of man-
kind they are exceedingly valuable.
Some experience with pumpkins dur-
ing the past season and indeed at the
present time, when these are being
used for feeding sheep, goes to indi-
cate that a flock may be kept complete-
ly free from all internal parasites if
the sheep or lambs are regularly sup-
plied with a daily ration of pumpkin
seeds. These may be used fresh or
dried, and when dried they seem to ex-
ert a better effect than when they are



COAL THAT STANDS HIGH

In the opinion of my regular
customers is the kind of Coal
I will deliver to you. There
is no poor coal in my yards.

No Dirty Coal, Either.

It is all double screened and free from
stones and dirt.

REAL HOT COAL

Is the only kind you want.
I sell it.

Clayton Voorhis,

Phone 36. 967 Delta Avenue

NEW ZEALAND MAGIC.

A Native Story of the Power of the
Tuhunga.

From New Zealand comes the follow-
ing weird yarn:

"The tuhunga (native magician) was
even credited with the power of in-
fluencing the dead. The present writer
was a witness of the following inci-
dent: A branch of the Arawas, the
tribe of the district of Rotorua, being
at war, had suffered defeat, and one
of their braves had been brought home
dead. The vanquished sought at once
to find out by some omen connected
with the dead chief whether they
would be successful in their next en-
counter. The tuhunga was requested
to procure the desired omen, the peo-
ple squatting in a ring about the bier.
Advancing a few paces from the dead
body, the priest began to recite a
powerful incantation, intent on mak-
ing the deceased give some sign, the
eyes of all present being fixed on the
slain warrior. Presently the corpse
was observed to move slightly to one
side, on which a great cry of joy rose
from the people. The movement was
interpreted as a sign of future victory.
This feat was often performed by the
tuhunga of olden times."—Chicago
News.

THE OLD MASTERS.

Miserable Compensation For Their
Grand Works of Art.

"I make more money in a day than
Michael Angelo made in a month,"
said a popular illustrator. "I've been
studying up the wages those old chaps
got. It is amazing."
"Michael Angelo was paid \$40 a
month while doing the cartoons of the
battle of Pisa, and Leonardo, who
helped him, got the same rate. They
were both docked for lateness and off
days, but there was no overtime allow-
ance. Correggio got for his 'Christ In
the Garden' \$7.25. Carracci's 'Resur-
rection' only brought the painter \$6.50.
Albert Durer for his pen and ink por-
traits was not paid in cash. A bag of
flour, a hundred oysters, a pair of
boots—Durer would gladly do your
portrait on such a system of remunera-
tion.

HINTS FOR FARMERS

Scientific Rotation of Crops.

Experiments show us every soil
should have a variety of crops or in a
few years it will fail to produce as it
did formerly. A shallow rooted crop
must be grown in rotation with a deep
rooted crop; a cultivated crop in rota-
tion with one that is not cultivated; a
crop that tends to build up the soil in
rotation with one which is exhaustive.
For this reason wheat, corn and alf-
alfa or clover make an excellent rota-
tion. The wheat is a shallow rooted
crop, while corn and alfalfa are deep
rooted crops. The corn is a cultivated
crop, while the wheat and alfalfa are
not. The alfalfa is a soil builder,
while the wheat and corn are exhaust-
ive crops. The alfalfa gathers ferti-
lity from the air and the subsoil
storing it in the surface layer, while
the corn and wheat take plant food
from the surface layer without making
any material returns.—Farmers Advo-
cate.

"Rembrandt's top notch price was
\$475. He got that for his 'Night
Watch.'"
"Velasquez worked chiefly for the
Spanish government. He was paid at
the average rate of \$35 a picture.
Think of it! Thirty-five dollars for the
'Rokeby Venus!'"—Minneapolis Jour-
nal.

INVISIBLE SNAKES.

A Den of Reptiles That Eluded the
Ordinary Passer's Eye.

The fact that snakes are rarely seen
even when they are abundant was im-
pressed upon the mind of the writer
one day while waiting for a train at a
small station in New Jersey. A nearby
culvert, where a small stream flowed
under the junction of the railway and
a well traveled public road, seemed a
favorable place for them. The stone
wall, laid up without mortar, which
supported the approach to the bridge
had a southern exposure. The chinks
afforded ample hiding place, and the
reedy borders of the stream promised
good hunting for the species which live
upon small fish, frogs, toads and earth-
worms.

The flagman, who for several years
had passed ten hours a day at his les-
surely occupation there, denied that
there were snakes in the vicinity. "No
more than there be in Ireland, an' it's
not me as would be tendin' this cross-
in' if there was," he asserted. But a
few minutes' search in the gutters and
grass revealed four specimens which
had been under his very eyes—a gar-
ter, a worm, a De Kay and a newly
hatched milk snake. A new flagman
was installed there the following day,
but crowds of people, many of whom
would become hysterical at the sight
of a snake, continue to pass within
three feet of the wall blissfully uncon-
scious that they are walking over a
den of serpents.—Francis Metcalfe in
Outing Magazine.

A Marquis' Hat.

The man with the biggest, curliest
and glossiest silk hat in London is the
Marquis de Leville. To see one of his
lordship's hats was recently our privi-
lege, and, although the size is but a
seven, the height of the crown and
width of the brim are astonishing, but
shown the same hat in a photograph of
the wearer it did not look at all out
of place. This was accounted for by
the fact that the Marquis de Leville
stands six feet two inches, is forty-six
inches round the chest and weighs sev-
enteen stone.—London Outfitter.

A Case of Disbelief.

Bill—You look bad, Jim. Been laid
up? Jim—Today's the first time out
of doors for three months. Bill—
What was the matter with you? Jim—
Nothin', but the magistrate would not
believe it.—London Telegraph.

A Hint For the Cook.

In boiling a chicken that is tough put
a common jelly glass in the kettle and
boil with the chicken. Not only chick-
en, but all other fowl and tough meats,
will be made tender in this way.

SOUP AT \$35 A PLATE.

Sterlet Roe at \$10 a Head and Peanut
Bud Jelly at \$250.

Public interest has recently been ex-
cited by a remarkable dinner party
given in London at which twenty-four
people sat down and which cost \$15,-
000. Some high class chefs who know
the deepest mysteries of their business
are inclined to say that this was really
nothing after all.

The most expensive soup that can be
served is Chinese bird's nest soup,
which can hardly be done at less than
\$35 for a moderate plate of it for each
guest.

When the fish course is reached in
the menu the most expensive item possi-
ble is the newest caviale, made from
sterlet roe and not from common stur-
geon. There are only one or two Lon-
don restaurants at which this rare
delicacy may be obtained, and the
charge for it is \$10 per head.

Mullet roe, another rare dish, costs
more than its weight in silver, while
those who do not wish to advance
quite to this point in expenditure might
be satisfied with a more frequently
served dish, Caribbean pompano, which
has to be brought to London on ice
from Galveston or Pensacola and
which costs \$5 to \$10 a pound.

A game pie, made of the little birds
called ruffs—small things with long
legs and a ruff of feathers behind their
necks, belonging to the sandpiper fam-
ily—is about the most expensive thing
possible in this direction and cannot
be done for less than \$50 to \$75, while
if the ruffs are unusually scarce the
charge for the pie may easily run up
to \$100.

Dunstable larks come next. They
are fairly common on the tables of
epicures, but it costs quite \$7.50 to
serve a single dish of them.

There are not so many possibilities
for gigantic expenditure when the
joints come on the table, graffe steak
or bison ribs at anything from \$2.50 to
\$5 a head being about the best.

As for sweets, the thoughts of a
millionaire host who wanted to beat
the record and knew his business
would naturally fly to a jelly of peanut
buds and ginger, which would be sent
to him in little pots from China at a
charge of \$250 a pot, one tablespoonful
in each.

Forced strawberries in the middle of
winter are most expensive to buy and
may run to anything from \$5 to \$25 a
head.

A great delicacy at one time was the
double cocoanut, or coco-de-mer, which
is only grown on two small islands of
the Seychelles and which was last sold
at \$200. It is, however, so extremely
rare now that an enactment has been
passed forbidding its exportation un-
der any circumstances.—London Stray
Stories.

MERCHANTS, ATTENTION.

Wanted, by the Marble Safety Axe
company, several hundred shipping
cases. We can use Dry Goods, Boot and
Shoe, or Hardware Boxes, steadily. If
you have a surplus, call us up and tell
us what you have. It will pay better
than burning them. tf.

THE LAST?

Is that pad of
Stationery the
last in the draw?
Order before
you run out of
paper entirely.

THE DELTA.

NO EARLY ATTEMPT TO RELEASE THAW

LITTLETON DECLARES THAT HE IS AT MATTEAWAN FOR PURPOSE OF OBSERVATION.

FERRISS VISITS PRISONER.

President of Lunacy Commission Finds Him "Cordial and Gentlemanly" at the Asylum.

CAN EXPRESS NO OPINION NOW.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—If the counsel of Martin W. Littleton prevails, it does not appear to be likely that an early attempt will be made to have Harry K. Thaw released from Matteawan asylum on habeas corpus proceedings. Mr. Littleton said today that there is no occasion to obtain writ of habeas corpus for Thaw's release.

May Remove Prisoner.

"Harry Thaw has been acquitted of the charge of murder and is not a criminal," said Dr. Ferriss at Matteawan for the purpose of observation only. If the conditions and surroundings there are such that his health may be improved it is incumbent upon the state board of lunacy to have him removed to an institution where other conditions and surroundings prevail.

Ferriss Visits Thaw.

Dr. Allan Ferriss, president of the state lunacy commission, who visited Harry K. Thaw yesterday at Matteawan said today that Thaw appeared very nervous and excited but that on a short notice it would be impossible to come to any conclusion as to his permanent mental condition. "The prisoner was very cordial and gentlemanly to me," said Dr. Ferriss.

FIERCE COUNTS APPEAR

BONI SAYS HE HAS REASONS FOR SAGAN ASSAULT.

Declares He Has Papers Which Prove Much—Forgoes, Replies Cousin.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—The Sagan-Castellane case came up in the correctional court today, having been adjourned from January 14. Count Boni and Count Jean de Castellane, his brother, are charged with assault by Prince Helie de Sagan early in January.

Answering a question of the court, Count Boni declared that he could explain clearly the motives of his animosity towards Prince Helie by certain documents which he intended to hand over to the court, but that the intimate character of these papers prevented their being made public. At this statement Prince Helie interrupted the proceedings by crying in a loud voice:

"Those documents are forgeries." Count Boni admitted that he had spat in Prince Helie's face and explained that he had not sent seconds to his cousin to arrange a duel as he knew that the prince could not find anybody who would be willing to represent him on the field of honor.

Counsel for the count declared that if his client had accepted the judgment of divorce from Prince Helie it was because he recognized he had wronged the wife whom he still respected. In spite of the fact that they were separated by law, Count Boni had not been able to restrain his indignation and anger when he heard that the Prince de Sagan was going to become the husband of the mother of his (the count's) children. He considered also the interests of his wife and was convinced that Prince Helie could not be even a good god-father to them.

After hearing the testimony of several witnesses, Count Jean de Castellane was discharged. Judgment in the case on Count Boni will be handed down later.

WILL STUDY ATHLETICS

Swedish Champion Arrives in New York to Visit Various American Colleges.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Bruno Soderstrom, a Swedish amateur athlete, has arrived in New York for the purpose of studying collegiate athletics in this country. He comes as the personal representative of Gustav V., King of Sweden, and will report to him on his return regarding his observations here and will also plan ways to increase in Sweden the interest in athletics.

PROBING INSURANCE PLOT.

Cincinnati Man Kills Himself Following Arson Charge.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 4.—A prominent insurance man killed himself, and two others in the same business were arrested following an investigation of an alleged plot on the part of some insurance men and traveling merchants to start fires in stores opened for the purpose and secure the insurance money. A. K. Murray was found on the eighth floor of the Commercial Tribune building soon after noon with his throat cut and deep gashes in his wrists. He died while on the way to a hospital. The men for whom warrants were sworn out in Louisville are Harry Kohn. The extent of the alleged conspiracy is not yet known, but it is said that more arrests will follow.

FLEET ENTERS STRAIT.

Six Torpedo Boats in Lead as Warships Reach Perilous Part of Trip.

CAPE VIRGINIS, Strait of Magellan, Feb. 4, 5:45 a. m.—Six American torpedoes are at present in sight.

CHILLY LONDON.

Why Englishmen Do Not Have Fires in Their Homes.

"Everything that should be warm in England is warm," says Samuel G. Blythe in "An American in London," in Everybody's Magazine, "and everything that should be cold is cold. The houses are catcombs, always excepting those few hotels in London where they have stoves, which is, of course, due to the advance of American civilization. Englishmen say they do not feel the cold. Everybody else feels it, for it is the meanest cold in the world. Exten-

ed observation leads to the conclusion that the reason the English do not feel the cold is that they are desensitized, sort of refrigerator-beefed, so to speak. "This is not the main point. The reason the English shiver around in cold, damp rooms, trying to make themselves believe a few hunks of coal in a grate furnish all the heat required by the most delicate of them, is that in ancient days, who couldn't get anything to warm himself by, did the next best thing and declared he didn't feel the cold and didn't need a fire anyhow. Other Englishmen heard of it, and this idea has been a fetish ever since."

ICE MEN GO TO CELL

OHIO DEALERS WILL SPEND SIX MONTHS IN JAIL.

Found Guilty Last July of Conspiracy in Restraint of Trade, but Appealed.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 4.—Roland Beard and Compton Lemman of the Hygia Ice company, and Joseph Miller, manager of the Toledo Ice and Coal company, were today sentenced to six months in the county jail and to pay costs of prosecution by Judge Kinkade for conspiracy in restraint of trade. These men were found guilty last July, and at that time Judge Kinkade sentenced each of them to six months in the workhouse and \$2500 fine. The case was appealed and a few days ago the supreme court handed down a decision declaring the convicted could be sent to jail, but not to the workhouse. They were remanded to the common pleas court for resentence and while the fine was not assessed, the workhouse sentence was changed to the county jail. No further effort will be made in behalf of the defendants and they at once began their term of sentence. All the men are of leading Toledo families. The sentence is the minimum that could be imposed under the law. Beard and Lemman are young men and were merely employees of the Hygia Ice company. Miller is stockholder in the Toledo Ice and Coal company, and is the company's superintendent. The main witness before the grand jury was S. M. Beach, who owns a lake in southern Michigan. Beach had some difficulty with the Ann Arbor railway, which ran along the lake, and, knowing the men behind the Toledo Ice and Coal company were high up in the management of the Ann Arbor, he laid before the prosecution certain facts relating to a trust on the part of the Toledo Ice company to increase the cost of the commodity. The real owners of the two ice companies were not indicted and have not appeared in the courts. In the numerous trust prosecutions here in Ohio, it is the first instance where convicted men ever went to prison.

MOVE AGAINST TURKEY.

Russia Sends Five Thousand More Soldiers to the Persian Frontier.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 4.—Five thousand troops have been ordered from northern Caucasus to the Turko-Persian frontier, whither soldiers in small detachments have been proceeding steadily for several weeks.

This concentration is due to the aggressive attitude of the Turks in their frontier dispute with the Persians. It is believed in St. Petersburg that Russia is about to undertake a military demonstration against Turkey.

Turkey and Persia have been disputing about the boundary line near Tabriz for some time and the situation is serious, as the interests of Germany, Great Britain and Russia may be gravely affected by an outbreak of hostilities. Turkish troops have occupied Persian territory and committed depredations, and there have been serious disorders at Tabriz. Russia is bound by treaty to help Persia.

TO LET WOMEN SMOKE.

Mayor McClellan Vetoes Ordinance Making It Misdemeanor to Take a Puff.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—All the efforts of "Little Tim" Sullivan to censor the morals of women in New York have gone for naught, as Mayor McClellan has vetoed the proposed ordinance making it a misdemeanor for women to smoke in public places. In his disapproval of the measure the mayor wrote:

"I have no provisions of law which gives the board of aldermen the power to enact an ordinance of this kind. While the conduct of individuals or of the owners of private property can be regulated by ordinances to a certain extent for the protection of the public morals, health or safety, I do not believe that this general power, which is technically known as the police power of a government, can be invoked to sustain an ordinance of this kind."

RIDERS BURN BUILDING.

Visit Dycusburg, Ky., and Cause a Loss of \$40,000 to Tobacco Warehouse.

SALEM, Ky., Feb. 4.—Two hundred masked night riders visited Dycusburg, Ky., early today and burned Bennett's tobacco warehouse and distillery. The loss is about \$40,000. The mob shot up the home of William Groves, foreman of the tobacco factory, driving him from the building when he was captured and whipped him almost to death. Henry Bennett, a member of the firm of Bennett Brothers, was taken from his home, tied to a tree and severely whipped. He was left bound to the tree. Bennett Brothers operate an independent factory and have been buying tobacco from non-association growers it is claimed.

SHE SINGS DURING FIRE.

Young Woman Averts Panic in Detroit Church When Blaze Is Seen.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 4.—Choking with smoke from a fire that cracked in the rafters directly above and in front of her in the Kercheval Avenue M. E. church last night, Miss Eva Ludgate, a young woman evangelist from Chicago, sang through the lines of "Glorious Day" while her audience fled out to safety. Her calmness averted a serious panic. Miss Ludgate has been assisting the pastor of the Kercheval Avenue church at a series of revival services. The fire, which started from defective wiring, was soon controlled.

YARMOUTH PAIR ARE DIVORCED

COUNTLESS, WHO WAS MISS THAW, GETS DECREE WITH NO OPPOSITION.

CASE IS HEARD PRIVATELY.

Papers Are Kept Secret, and the Nature of the Charges Is Not Disclosed to Public.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Sir Birrell Baras, president of the divorce court, today granted the Countess of Yarmouth, who was miss Alice Thaw of Pittsburg, a decree nullifying her marriage to the Earl of Yarmouth.

The case was heard in private. At the time fixed for commencement of the proceedings every one not actually engaged on the case was excluded from the courtroom. The case was practically undiscussed.

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played in scraping up the clams, which sell in this and other markets at from \$2.50 to \$4 a thousand. The bulk of the clams in this market come from the eastern shore, and are superior to most of the clams from the famous clamming grounds in the north—Washington Star.

PEACE IN PORTUGAL

NO ATTEMPT ON LIFE OF CABINET MINISTER.

Franco Declares He Is Blameless for Assassinations of Carlos and Crown Prince.

LISBON, Feb. 5.—There is no truth in the rumors current in Berlin yesterday that an attempt had been made upon the wife of the minister of war in the first cabinet announced, Jose Matias Nunes.

The new cabinet, at its initial session, decided to order elections and to convolve Parliament at the earliest possible moment.

Franco has officially announced his retirement from politics, but his followers will attempt to continue the party he organized.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The Lisbon correspondent of the Express says he interviewed ex-Prime Minister Franco on Tuesday. The former minister desired to make it clear that he was not answerable for the murders.

He said: "I am not responsible. The perpetrators are enemies of society, not belonging to any political group, I did everything for the best."

The correspondent adds that Senor Franco's reputation has increased significantly in view of a sharp encounter between himself and Queen Amelie. The latter opposed Senor Franco's policy and did her utmost to terminate his regime.

Senor Franco is said to have entered the death room in the palace shortly after the bodies were brought from the arsenal. The Queen was sitting between the bodies. She rose and pointing to them exclaimed, in a tone of bitter reproach: "Behold your work!"

Franco lunged his head and left the room without speaking.

MORE TROUBLE IN CUBA?

HAVANA NEWSPAPER SAYS INVESTIGATION WILL BE MADE.

Statement Is Made That Magoon's Administration Is Soon to Be Probed.

HAVANA, Feb. 5.—A newspaper here publishes a long dispatch from its correspondent who is in Washington as an envoy of the striking university students, in which it is asserted that Gen. Edgardo will be sent to Cuba to investigate Gov. Magoon's administration. The correspondent describes at length an interview which he had with Secretary Taft on the matter of pharmacist's certificates and declares that Gov. Magoon's pharmacist decree will be killed. He also asserts that several public men, Representative Sulzer among the number, are attacking Gov. Magoon on numerous counts.

On Thursday Admiral Evans will give a reception on board his flagship, the Connecticut.

TWO HURT IN WRECK

NORTH-WESTERN FREIGHT CRASH NEAR RAWSON.

A. Shendel and W. L. Hall Taken to the Milwaukee Hospital—Both Badly Injured.

Two brakemen were badly injured in a collision this afternoon near Rawson on the North-Western road between Milwaukee and Chicago. A freight train in charge of Conductor Douglas stood at a water tank taking water when a train in charge of J. W. Harrington came up behind and crashed into the caboose.

The injured men, A. Shendel and W. L. Hall, were brought to Milwaukee and taken to St. Mary's hospital.

One of the injured men received several serious bruises on the head and the other had both arms and several ribs broken.

NO PLAGUE IN FRISCO.

City's Last Case Is Cured and a Relentless War on Rats Has Been Begun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 5.—With the discharge of the last patient under treatment in the isolation hospital the city is officially declared free from bubonic plague.

Drastic precautionary measures are being adopted to prevent a recurrence of the contagion.

A block-to-block war of extermination against rats will be conducted.

CUTS THEIR SALARIES

Louisville Railroad Reduces Pay of Those Who Receive More Than \$250 a Month.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 5.—The Louisville & Nashville Railroad company today on account of decreased earnings, reduced the salaries of all employees making more than \$250 per month. Those receiving \$400 and over are cut 10 per cent., while those making more than \$250 and less than \$400 suffer a reduction of 8 per cent.

WINDAIDS PRAIRIE FIRE

Coolidge (Kan.) Menaced by Rolling Flames That Started from Burning Weeds.

PUEBLO, Colo., Feb. 5.—Driven by a high wind a prairie fire is raging several miles east of Holly, near the Kansas line, and threatens to enter Coolidge, Kan.

The fire originated a mile east of Holly from the burning of weeds in front of a farmhouse.

The farmers in the vicinity of Holly are out en masse fighting the blaze.

Homeopathic.

"My wife has that awful disease, klop-tonoma!"

"Is she trying to cure it?"

"Well, she is taking something all the while!"—Lippincott's.

CHILE ENTERTAINS FOR AMERICANS

BRILLIANT SOCIETY FUNCTIONS MARK VISIT OF FLEET IN MAGELLAN STRAITS.

JOHN HICKS IN QUADRILLE.

United States Minister Leads Out Senora Velenzuela, Wife of Chilean Admiral.

THE VESSELS WILL SAIL FRIDAY.

PUNTA ARENAS, Strait of Magellan, Feb. 5.—Festivities in honor of the officers and men of the visiting American fleet are furnishing Punta Arenas with a degree of social activity that never before has been witnessed in this southernmost city in the world.

A reception by the American consul, Moritz Braun, given last evening, was a magnificent function. The residence of Mr. Braun was gayly decorated for the occasion. The hall, drawing room and dining room were arranged for the reception of the guests, who numbered 400, and included the American, Chilean, and British officers now here, and the entire consular corps. The uniforms of the officers and the costumes and jewels of the ladies made a brilliant scene. The entire first floor of the consular mansion was given over to the reception of the guests.

Notables in Dance.

In the first quadrille Joan Hicks, American minister to Chile, led out Senora Velenzuela, wife of the Chilean admiral Rear Admiral C. M. Thomas, commander of the third division of the American fleet, danced with Mrs. Braun; the governor vice admiral, Juan Chaigean, and Senora Gaitua danced together and the Chilean admiral, Basilio Rojas, and Senora Campana were partners.

Consul Braun had Senora Iglesias as partner and Commander Hodges of the British cruiser Sappho led Mrs. Mayer Braun, while the Chilean admiral, Juan M. Simpson, danced with Senora Juan Chaigean.

Serve Elaborate Supper.

After the dancing an elaborate supper was served, and at 2 o'clock in the morning, the guests departed, delighted with their reception.

Some of the American officers called on the officers of the Chilean cruiser Chacabuco yesterday afternoon, and in the evening a dinner was given on the American battleship Minnesota, at which the Chilean and English officers were guests.

Banquet for Sailors.

Today an excursion will be made by the visiting officers to Piemo Riscoe, seven miles from the city, where beef is dressed and frozen for export. This afternoon a banquet to the sailors will be given on board the Chacabuco. A reception at the residence of the governor of Magellan territory will be tendered to the visiting naval officers this evening.

On Thursday Admiral Evans will give a reception on board his flagship, the Connecticut.

DEATH FOR STOESEL.

Russian Generals Show Nervousness During Scathing Arraignment by Prosecutor.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 5.—The session of the Stoesel court-martial are nearing their end. Gen. Stoesel, Fock and Reiss are being tried for the surrender of the Port Arthur fortress, to the Japanese.

In his summing up Gen. Gursky, the judge advocate, demanded that the court impose the death sentence upon Stoesel, Fock and Reiss—upon Stoesel as the responsible agent for the shameful surrender of the fortress and the cowardly ending of its glorious defense—and upon Fock and Reiss as the men who inspired and abetted him. For Gen. Smirnov, who was declared guilty of not having taken measures to prevent the surrender, the judge advocate asked punishment of imprisonment at forced labor for four years.

During the scathing indictment of the judge advocate, which lasted for nearly six hours, Gen. Stoesel, Reiss and Smirnov showed extreme nervousness and depression. Gen. Stoesel shifted uneasily in his seat and flushed and smiled alternately as Gen. Gursky tore his reputation to shreds. He made no attempt to interrupt the speaker.

MISTAKES KING FOR ANARCHIST.

Policeman Attacks Alfonso of Spain and Is Mobbed by Spectators.

SEVILLE, Feb. 5.—A dramatic incident marked the saunter of King Alfonso through the streets of Seville the day before the tragedy at Lisbon. Alfonso being attacked by a policeman, whose object was to keep back the crowd from the King, but who unfortunately mistook the King himself for a suspicious person. The governor of Seville, who was following just behind, seized the policeman, and a score of spectators, believing that an attempt was being made to assassinate the King, knocked the policeman down.

BATTLE STORY IS UNCONFIRMED.

Report of Franco-Moorish Fight Believed to Refer to Previous Struggle.

PARIS, Feb. 5.—The foreign office is without confirmation of the statement published that there had been a battle between the French and the Moors near Settati in Morocco, in which 10,000 Moors were killed. The French losses amounting to 100 men.

It is believed this report refers to the recent engagement near Kasbah Ber Rehid in which eight Frenchmen were killed and fifty wounded.

Admiral Dewey on Success.

Admiral Dewey praised a certain successful business man.

"Part of his success," said Dewey, comes from his neat way of getting people to do what he wants them to do."

"They say that when a young fellow of 29, he first opened a little trimming store, he showed this trait."

"Thus, if you went into his tiny emporium and asked him if he would change a quarter or a half dollar for you, he would reply, with a courteous smile: "Certainly, madam; and how will you have it? Buttons, ribbon, lace or insertion?"—Washington Post.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

Senate.

The Senate held a short session on the 26th during which Senator Aldrich reported his banking bill from the committee on finance and announced he would call the measure up for consideration on Monday, February 19, at 1:00 p. m. The senate adjourned until the 31st.

The reading of the President's message concerning the employment of labor and other matters of a general nature concerning corporations was the chief feature of the

NEW MINISTRY RULES PORTUGAL

NEW KING IN TERROR LEAVES FATE OF NATION TO HIS CABINET.

PREMIER FRANCO RESIGNS. English Fleet Leaves Gibraltar for Lisbon, but Interference Is Not Expected.

NO DISTURBANCES ARE REPORTED.

LISBON, Feb. 3.—Portugal today saw the establishment of a new regime. Premier Franco has resigned office, and within forty-eight hours of the assassination of King Carlos his dictatorship is at an end, at least for the present.

Franco resigned for fear that his continuance in office would plunge the country into rebellion. The premier has been considered directly responsible for the political turmoil which resulted in the assassination of the King and his withdrawal from power is regarded as holding a promise of political tranquility.

Word was received here today that the British fleet at Gibraltar had been dispatched to Lisbon. This action is significant as Portugal has a treaty in which England can step in and quell any internal disorder or fight an invasion of Portugal. This is considered one of the diplomatic triumphs of the Carlos regime. Two Spanish warships are also on the way.

A new cabinet has been formed under the presidency of Rear Admiral Do Amaral, a member of the Progressist-Dissident party. Some of the new ministers have been notably opposed to the rule of Franco. It is believed that the present cabinet is liberal, with monarchial tendencies.

King in Hands of Ministry.

The opening session of the new council was held today, and the young monarch, King Manuel II, placed himself in the hands of his ministers. He appeared before them, and in a voice shaking with emotion, said:

"I am yet without experience either in science or in politics. I place myself entirely in your hands, needing and believing in your patriotism and wisdom."

Arrests are being made by the wholesale in Lisbon and many suspicious persons at liberty are under surveillance.

Up to 4:30 this afternoon there had been no recurrence of disorders in Lisbon.

The Portuguese frontier is being closely guarded to prevent the escape of suspects. The authorities are maintaining a strict censorship on all outgoing telegraphic messages.

The general opinion here is that there will be a modification in the ministerial programme after the funerals of the late King and crown prince. These probably will take place February 10.

The newspaper Noticias says one of the regicides, who was killed, was a Spaniard who was taken into custody recently in connection with the discovery of a depot of bombs, but who was later released.

One of the men now under arrest is an Italian who played in the orchestra of a theater in Lisbon. This man is in an extreme condition of hysteria. His food in the prison is served him without knives or forks for fear that he will kill himself.

Boy on Throne.

A boy king, who henceforth will be known as Manuel II, is now the ruler of Portugal, and the revolution into which the organizers of the late king's events of Saturday had hoped to plunge the country has not yet at least, engulfed the nation.

All the departments of government have sworn allegiance to the young monarch. The army and navy, as well as all the military garrisons and naval stations in Portugal, have rallied under his standard.

Scene at the Murder.

No more beautiful day could be imagined than that which hereafter will mark the date on which King Carlos and Crown Prince Luiz Philippe met their death.

Returning from a sojourn at the King's estate at Villa Vicosa, accompanied by the Queen, the crown prince, and the infant Manuel, the sovereigns seemingly were in a happy mood when they stepped into the carriage in waiting at the railroad station.

Thousands of spectators, early attired, in combination with the bright decorations set out to welcome the royal family, made an animated scene. All the surrounding streets were filled with light hearted throngs waiting to greet the King, and though guards were stationed all along the route, no one had thought of the attempt which was to come.

The entire court, ministers and ladies in waiting, and many army officers were in the station when the train drawing the royal family pulled in. Among those in the throngs without were large numbers of the working classes, who were sauntering through the streets chatting and laughing and ready to welcome the returning King as an incident offering contrast to the monotony of every day existence.

Others, enthusiastic members of and sympathizers with various political factions, and friends of political leaders now under arrest, also had assembled there to see the King, who came back to Lisbon at the end of the day which was marked by the sternest of repressive measures.

An open carriage was in waiting for the royal family, and when they took their places they were greeted with some lifting of hats, but mostly in silence.

Assassins Cling to Carriage.

Then, as the carriage sharply turned into the Rua do Arsenal, there was a crackling of guns, and a shower of bullets tore their way into the bodies of the king and crown prince and the little prince, who proved an easy target.

The assassins, numbering six in all, boldly ran up to the sides of the carriage and peered in a hail of lead before the stupefied escort could intervene. The King and crown prince, half raising,

DEAD PORTUGUESE RULERS.



King Carlos and Crown Prince Luiz Philippe, Assassinated in Lisbon.

fell back into the cushions, the blood gushing from many wounds.

The coachman brought his whip across the flanks of his horses and with a bound they dashed away, disappearing into the arsenal quadrangle. The panic-stricken people, who had fled on all sides, could see the queen leaning over the crown prince and her younger son, who also was bleeding from wounds made by the assassins' bullets.

How many shots were fired no one can say, but it was a veritable fusillade coming from the right side of the street. The effort of the crown prince, who was sitting opposite to the King, to rise, was pitiful and without avail, for he just lifted himself sufficiently to pitch forward and fall over the prostrate body of his father.

Queen Amelia, uttering a scream that could be heard by all who were present, fell back into the cushions, the blood gushing from many wounds.

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The King and his ministers practically have lived in a state of terror.

In all these years of warfare, the King stood almost alone. He was a good King, as Kings go. His home life was generous, liberal-minded, an enemy of political corruption, accomplished, good tempered and fond of many sports.

Carlos was born in Lisbon, September 28, 1863. He was married to Amelia, Princess of Orleans-Bourbon, daughter of the Comte de Paris, May 22, 1886. He ascended the throne October 19, 1889.

From the outset he was confronted not only with a financial crisis, but with half a score of political intrigues. He met the financial crisis by surrendering one-fifth of the royal revenues to the people to lighten taxation.

First among his enemies was the pretender to his throne, Dom Miguel, son of King Miguel, a former King of Portugal. The aristocracy and the bourgeoisie, King Carlos' natural tendencies leaned toward Dom Miguel.

People Laud Attempt to Kill. In 1893 the first attempt to assassinate Carlos was made. He was shot at by a Socialist while driving. The attempt failed. The first open declaration of war against the people came over his reputed extravagance and that of his Queen. There was plenty of evidence to back this popular indictment. The Queen mother had no knowledge of the value of money and is on record as having squandered one hundred francs on a dress at Paris that all the other Queens and Empresses of Europe put together.

The leader of the Republican party called on the premier, an honorable man, to insist that the King should mortgage his private property to pay his debts to the national treasury.

King Carlos then sought to conciliate the people by the inauguration of liberal reforms and the establishment of a more democratic form of government. These reforms, however, only delayed the end.

In 1901 King Carlos faced the first desperate crisis of his reign—his struggle with the aristocracy and the clergy, who sought to displace him and seat Dom Miguel on the throne.

The provincial aristocracy sided with Dom Miguel almost to a man. Help from England. The King's first move in his struggle was a startling one. He went to England and while there got from the British government the assurance that the alliance between Great Britain and Portugal provided not only for England's protection of Portugal from foreign attack but likewise for the safeguarding of the dynasty from any other danger.

But the overthrow by means of internal revolution. This had the effect of altering altogether the position of Carlos. For he was able to dispense with the costly support of the religious orders and clergy, without being deemed to lose his throne.

He had not been back in his capital for more than two days before popular disturbances occurred in Lisbon owing to the arrest of a new general, who had abducted a girl. The inhabitants of Lisbon sided with the clergy, and went to the extent of smashing the windows of a convent.

But Carlos was indignant. On his own authority he dismissed the chief of police and took the reins of government in his own hands. In fact, he threw down the gauntlet to the clergy. His regard for the priestly hierarchy was with him. The royal family was divided but King Carlos saved his throne.

Men Higher Up Conspire. In 1903 King Carlos faced a widespread mutiny in the army and a deep-seated conspiracy against his life. At the head of the conspirators was Col. Elias Garcia, one of the Republican chiefs. Carlos, although fearing to excite popular wrath by arresting Gen. Latino, met the crisis with courage in the person of a new general, who arrested, court martialed and deported of entire shiploads of officers and soldiers to the most pestiferous of the Portuguese penal colonies on the west and east coast of Africa.

The years 1905 and 1906 were filled with struggles between King Carlos and his Parliament. Ministry after ministry rose and fell. The people were sinking deeper and deeper into poverty. The politicians were growing more rapacious, and corruption and thievery in public life became bolder.

Greatest Crisis in 1907. Finally, in 1907, King Carlos called on the conservative leader, Francisco Faria, a ministry, and gave him a free hand in putting an end to the frightful corruption which had been the bane of every government at Lisbon.

But the masses of the Portuguese people were against the King and Premier Franco. Their hatred culminated June 21 in open revolt. Scores were wounded and several killed. Hundreds were arrested. The principal cafe in Lisbon was destroyed. On the next day there was public mourning for the dead. All newspapers appeared in deep black borders. The army remained loyal in spite of its dissatisfaction, the militia at its back he was able to keep Premier Franco in power during the tempestuous months of 1907. But the opposition to Franco was steadily growing, and culminated in a demand from Parliament for his resignation. The answer was the banishment by his father of Crown Prince Louis to Villa Vicosa, a royal residence in a remote part of the kingdom.

It is an open secret that politics in Portugal is a mere trade, and the financial abuses which exist are crying shame to constitutional authority.

Brooks. "Before we bought that machine, it was a matter of four hours to bore those holes."

In one of his five twin mills—a monstrous contrivance of noise and a wilderness of fuz, which is by far the largest of its sort in the world—there is enough twin twisted in a single day to make a circle around the earth—Herbert N. Casson in Everybody's.

—Japan planted 3,000,000 young camphor trees since 1900, to which are to be added half a million planted in 1907, and hereafter 750,000 annually, mostly in the island of Formosa.

Well, that's progress," observed

Michigan News

SHE KILLED HER FATHER

JURY FREES GIRL AFTER CONSULTING FOR TEN MINUTES.

Father Was Attempting to Murder the Mother and Daughter When He Met His Death.

CADILLAC, Mich., Jan. 30.—In the circuit court here it took a jury just 10 minutes to find a verdict of acquittal in favor of a 15-year-old girl charged with manslaughter.

Carl Harper was charged with killing her stepfather, Melvin Thompson. She had been under \$4000 bail since she surrendered herself to the authorities soon after the death of Thompson.

The girl broke a skull with a stove poker when he attempted to carry out his threat. The case was called at 2 o'clock and the verdict was rendered after 4 o'clock.

TWO WOMEN KILLED.

Wabash Wreck Takes Lives of Mrs. Frances Vargo and Mrs. John Smith.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—Mrs. Frances Vargo and Mrs. John Smith, 182 Sixth street, Milwaukee, were killed in a wreck on the Wabash railway near Holloway, Mich. John Smith, husband of Mrs. Smith, sustained slight injuries.

MERCURY AT 41 BELOW. Record for Cold Established in Northern Peninsula—One Man Frozen to Death.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Feb. 1.—[Special.]—One man frozen to death is the tragic result of the coldest spell of weather experienced in this region in several winters. For the first time this season the mercury fell to zero a week ago and yesterday it dropped to 41 below at Humboldt, 40 at Republic and Michigan, and the Perry Lumber company of which Mr. Perry controls all but a few shares. The assets are estimated at between \$1,000,000 and \$1,250,000 while the liabilities aggregate between \$700,000 and \$800,000.

APPOINT TRUSTEE FOR PERRY. Security Trust Company of Detroit Is Receiver for Lumberman.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 31.—The Security Trust company of this city has been appointed trustee for Frank Perry, a wealthy lumberman of Saint Ste. Marie, Mich., and the Perry Lumber company of which Mr. Perry controls all but a few shares. The assets are estimated at between \$1,000,000 and \$1,250,000 while the liabilities aggregate between \$700,000 and \$800,000.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

MILWAUKEE, FEBRUARY 5.

EGG AND DAIRY MARKETS.

MILWAUKEE—BUTTER—Primer: Bliga price of extra creamery is 33c; local price, extra creamery, 33c; prints, 34c; flats, 37c; second, 24c; first, 26c; second, 22c; dairy, fancy, 24c; lines, 21c; fresh roll, 24c; packing stock, 18c; 19c.

THE PEACE OF THE QUIET AISLES.

Fell on my soul the calm of twilight shades. The peace of quiet aisles. Where ancient trees in solemn, cloistered dim.

A MISSING LINK IN ARGENTINA.

Vertebrae Classified as the Oldest Human Remains Found in the New World.

MILWAUKEE STOCKYARDS REPORT.

CATTLE—Market steady. Higher: butchers' stock, 3.50c; choice, 3.75c; 2nd, 3.50c; medium to good, 3.50c; 4th, 3.00c; 5th, 2.75c; 6th, 2.50c; 7th, 2.25c; 8th, 2.00c; 9th, 1.75c; 10th, 1.50c; 11th, 1.25c; 12th, 1.00c; 13th, .75c; 14th, .50c; 15th, .25c.

MILWAUKEE HAY MARKET.

Choice timothy hay, 14.50c; 14.00c; No. 1 timothy hay, 13.50c; 13.00c; No. 2 timothy hay, 12.00c; clover and mixed, 10.00c; 11.50c; extra Kansas and Nebraska prairie, 9.00c; No. 1 prairie, 8.50c; No. 2 prairie, 8.00c; Wisconsin, marsh feeding, 7.00c; packing hay, 5.00c; 5.50c; rye, straw, 1.50c; 1.75c; 2.00c; 2.25c; 2.50c; 2.75c; 3.00c; 3.25c; 3.50c; 3.75c; 4.00c; 4.25c; 4.50c; 4.75c; 5.00c; 5.25c; 5.50c; 5.75c; 6.00c; 6.25c; 6.50c; 6.75c; 7.00c; 7.25c; 7.50c; 7.75c; 8.00c; 8.25c; 8.50c; 8.75c; 9.00c; 9.25c; 9.50c; 9.75c; 10.00c; 10.25c; 10.50c; 10.75c; 11.00c; 11.25c; 11.50c; 11.75c; 12.00c; 12.25c; 12.50c; 12.75c; 13.00c; 13.25c; 13.50c; 13.75c; 14.00c; 14.25c; 14.50c; 14.75c; 15.00c; 15.25c; 15.50c; 15.75c; 16.00c; 16.25c; 16.50c; 16.75c; 17.00c; 17.25c; 17.50c; 17.75c; 18.00c; 18.25c; 18.50c; 18.75c; 19.00c; 19.25c; 19.50c; 19.75c; 20.00c; 20.25c; 20.50c; 20.75c; 21.00c; 21.25c; 21.50c; 21.75c; 22.00c; 22.25c; 22.50c; 22.75c; 23.00c; 23.25c; 23.50c; 23.75c; 24.00c; 24.25c; 24.50c; 24.75c; 25.00c; 25.25c; 25.50c; 25.75c; 26.00c; 26.25c; 26.50c; 26.75c; 27.00c; 27.25c; 27.50c; 27.75c; 28.00c; 28.25c; 28.50c; 28.75c; 29.00c; 29.25c; 29.50c; 29.75c; 30.00c; 30.25c; 30.50c; 30.75c; 31.00c; 31.25c; 31.50c; 31.75c; 32.00c; 32.25c; 32.50c; 32.75c; 33.00c; 33.25c; 33.50c; 33.75c; 34.00c; 34.25c; 34.50c; 34.75c; 35.00c; 35.25c; 35.50c; 35.75c; 36.00c; 36.25c; 36.50c; 36.75c; 37.00c; 37.25c; 37.50c; 37.75c; 38.00c; 38.25c; 38.50c; 38.75c; 39.00c; 39.25c; 39.50c; 39.75c; 40.00c; 40.25c; 40.50c; 40.75c; 41.00c; 41.25c; 41.50c; 41.75c; 42.00c; 42.25c; 42.50c; 42.75c; 43.00c; 43.25c; 43.50c; 43.75c; 44.00c; 44.25c; 44.50c; 44.75c; 45.00c; 45.25c; 45.50c; 45.75c; 46.00c; 46.25c; 46.50c; 46.75c; 47.00c; 47.25c; 47.50c; 47.75c; 48.00c; 48.25c; 48.50c; 48.75c; 49.00c; 49.25c; 49.50c; 49.75c; 50.00c; 50.25c; 50.50c; 50.75c; 51.00c; 51.25c; 51.50c; 51.75c; 52.00c; 52.25c; 52.50c; 52.75c; 53.00c; 53.25c; 53.50c; 53.75c; 54.00c; 54.25c; 54.50c; 54.75c; 55.00c; 55.25c; 55.50c; 55.75c; 56.00c; 56.25c; 56.50c; 56.75c; 57.00c; 57.25c; 57.50c; 57.75c; 58.00c; 58.25c; 58.50c; 58.75c; 59.00c; 59.25c; 59.50c; 59.75c; 60.00c; 60.25c; 60.50c; 60.75c; 61.00c; 61.25c; 61.50c; 61.75c; 62.00c; 62.25c; 62.50c; 62.75c; 63.00c; 63.25c; 63.50c; 63.75c; 64.00c; 64.25c; 64.50c; 64.75c; 65.00c; 65.25c; 65.50c; 65.75c; 66.00c; 66.25c; 66.50c; 66.75c; 67.00c; 67.25c; 67.50c; 67.75c; 68.00c; 68.25c; 68.50c; 68.75c; 69.00c; 69.25c; 69.50c; 69.75c; 70.00c; 70.25c; 70.50c; 70.75c; 71.00c; 71.25c; 71.50c; 71.75c; 72.00c; 72.25c; 72.50c; 72.75c; 73.00c; 73.25c; 73.50c; 73.75c; 74.00c; 74.25c; 74.50c; 74.75c; 75.00c; 75.25c; 75.50c; 75.75c; 76.00c; 76.25c; 76.50c; 76.75c; 77.00c; 77.25c; 77.50c; 77.75c; 78.00c; 78.25c; 78.50c; 78.75c; 79.00c; 79.25c; 79.50c; 79.75c; 80.00c; 80.25c; 80.50c; 80.75c; 81.00c; 81.25c; 81.50c; 81.75c; 82.00c; 82.25c; 82.50c; 82.75c; 83.00c; 83.25c; 83.50c; 83.75c; 84.00c; 84.25c; 84.50c; 84.75c; 85.00c; 85.25c; 85.50c; 85.75c; 86.00c; 86.25c; 86.50c; 86.75c; 87.00c; 87.25c; 87.50c; 87.75c; 88.00c; 88.25c; 88.50c; 88.75c; 89.00c; 89.25c; 89.50c; 89.75c; 90.00c; 90.25c; 90.50c; 90.75c; 91.00c; 91.25c; 91.50c; 91.75c; 92.00c; 92.25c; 92.50c; 92.75c; 93.00c; 93.25c; 93.50c; 93.75c; 94.00c; 94.25c; 94.50c; 94.75c; 95.00c; 95.25c; 95.50c; 95.75c; 96.00c; 96.25c; 96.50c; 96.75c; 97.00c; 97.25c; 97.50c; 97.75c; 98.00c; 98.25c; 98.50c; 98.75c; 99.00c; 99.25c; 99.50c; 99.75c; 100.00c; 100.25c; 100.50c; 100.75c; 101.00c; 101.25c; 101.50c; 101.75c; 102.00c; 102.25c; 102.50c; 102.75c; 103.00c; 103.25c; 103.50c; 103.75c; 104.00c; 104.25c; 104.50c; 104.75c; 105.00c; 105.25c; 105.50c; 105.75c; 106.00c; 106.25c; 106.50c; 106.75c; 107.00c; 107.25c; 107.50c; 107.75c; 108.00c; 108.25c; 108.50c; 108.75c; 109.00c; 109.25c; 109.50c; 109.75c; 110.00c; 110.25c; 110.50c; 110.75c; 111.00c; 111.25c; 111.50c; 111.75c; 112.00c; 112.25c; 112.50c; 112.75c; 113.00c; 113.25c; 113.50c; 113.75c; 114.00c; 114.25c; 114.50c; 114.75c; 115.00c; 115.25c; 115.50c; 115.75c; 116.00c; 116.25c; 116.50c; 116.75c; 117.00c; 117.25c; 117.50c; 117.75c; 118.00c; 118.25c; 118.50c; 118.75c; 119.00c; 119.25c; 119.50c; 119.75c; 120.00c; 120.25c; 120.50c; 120.75c; 121.00c; 121.25c; 121.50c; 121.75c; 122.00c; 122.25c; 122.50c; 122.75c; 123.00c; 123.25c; 123.50c; 123.75c; 124.00c; 124.25c; 124.50c; 124.75c; 125.00c; 125.25c; 125.50c; 125.75c; 126.00c; 126.25c; 126.50c; 126.75c; 127.00c; 127.25c; 127.50c; 127.75c; 128.00c; 128.25c; 128.50c; 128.75c; 129.00c; 129.25c; 129.50c; 129.75c; 130.00c; 130.25c; 130.50c;

Doings of the Week in and About Gladstone

News Items That Are of General Interest to Our Local Readers.

The Gladstone Delta

CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance.

City Clerk Narracong lately received a full set of books for keeping the light and water accounts of the city on a Carnahan-Sherwood system. This method is complete and convenient and enables the accountant to keep close track of results. Mr. Narracong is pleased with it and will at once put it in use. The city has now 418 consumers of electric current and about 520 who use city water. The income from this source constantly increases, though the price has been reduced. The collections and accounts keep the clerk very busy, especially during the first of each month; and during the latter half he is occupied in preparing for the next rush. Mr. Narracong's administration has been very satisfactory to all who have business of any kind with the city, for he is uniformly accurate, prompt and courteous. The blooming sparrow has added to the unpleasant duties of his office this winter and he has become very expert in checking off Mr. Miller's bag. Yet the sparrows are as thick and wide as ever.

The Calumet sportsmen think that rabbits are being exterminated too fast, and will petition for a closed season. The Gladstone rabbit hunters, however, have noticed no undue diminution of game. Perhaps there are citizens of Houghton county who are not satisfied with a respectable bag.

Dr. A. L. Laing will be at the office of Dr. M. F. Stever, in the McWilliams' block, every Friday afternoon, from 1:30 to 6:00 and from 7:00 to 8:00, after January 3, 1908, at which times he may be consulted by any so desiring. Practise limited to surgery, and diseases of women.

The Houghton Gazette says that an organized effort will be made by the ministers of the state to defeat the new constitution. They will not go at a killing pace to effect their object; others besides the "dry" faction will assist them, and the mass of the voters will probably contribute to the same end by omitting to vote on the question.

The Pythians of Escanaba have already begun to arrange for the convention of the U. P. League which will be held in that city June 22-24. Full committees have been appointed for each branch of the work of entertainment of the six hundred visitors expected.

With the greater part of the revised state constitution in the form of which it will be submitted to the people the delegates are beginning to sum up the chances of the instrument being adopted. So far as the poll shows, sentiment is evenly divided, although the delegates who think that the constitution will not be adopted are very careful to insist that they should not be quoted, says a Lansing dispatch.

Steps are being taken to fit up in the Green block, not exactly a high school gymnasium, but a room where the boys on some evenings and the girls on others, may enjoy themselves with wholesale sport. Athletic exercise may be had without much apparatus, and this room will be useful to provide a place of innocent resort for youth. The room will be useful for basket ball practice, as well as other sports that can be held indoors.

The spirit of giving for ostentation has not infected St. Valentine's as it has Christmas and the gradual abolition of the hideous slur has contributed much to the observance of this day, no longer a holiday. And as this is Lxxx Yxxx it may be expected that the desk of a popular young banker will be overflowing with embossed square envelopes next Friday morning.

The ladies' working band of the Congregational church will serve supper at the residence of Mrs. W. F. Hammel from 6 to 8 next Thursday afternoon Feb. 13. Free sleigh service running from Scott's store.

F. M. Curran, of the Crystal Steel Co., who was in the city not long ago, held considerable conference with Paul Cornell on the subject of tempering. Not only are there several points as yet unexplained concerning the treatment of steel, but copper tempering by the pre-Indian tribes has never been thoroughly solved. Upon this Mr. Cornell has turned his attention, and startling discoveries may be expected. Upon this point more confidence is felt, because J. N. Fox, formerly of this city, possessed a copper cold chisel, capable of cutting hardened steel. He always, however, kept it in his chest, and declined to exhibit it. Every development is anxiously awaited in the tool room of the axe factory.

A useful invention for the benefit of postmasters and public in this northern country would be a bulletin board, hung in front of the office. It would read thus:
Soo Mail 9 Hours late.
Northwestern Mail. 11 Hours late.
The figures would be supplied by a slip sliding through a slot, which could be set to display any number from 1 to 48. A patent will doubtless be applied for in the near future and its adoption by the P. O. D. would confer a benefit on many a snowbound city.

In Roumania the liquor business is a government monopoly and the bartender is a municipal employee, who can be fired if he doesn't use the right dope on the voters. What a pull the right kind of a bar tender might get in the third ward next April!

C. W. Davis is having a pleasant time in Florida. A local paper describes the chase of an eight hundred pound porpoise by a party among which were Mr. and Mrs. Davis. They got the "sea hog." There are some of us fishing in Bay de Noc, but the weather is different.

At the banquet of the Burns club, of Atlanta, the health of the poet was drunk in ginger ale, stronger beverage being inadmissible. It is superfluous to add that Mr. Burns did not respond.

According to the newest list of the simplified spelling board, we should say: "Becaus he was dum, the lam could not beg for a crum, nor had he the tung to tell of the ake in his num lim." Dum it.

Some say that the fishing is real good to Georgia. But it's so much trouble to bury the bait and then have to dig for it every ten minutes, when no one is looking.—Atlanta Constitution.

In his address in New York last week Gov. Hughes said something worth thinking over when he declared that "sweeping condemnations of uncertain meaning do not aid, but rather embarrass the prosecution of those who are guilty of pernicious practices." It was another way of presenting the time-tested proposition that there can be "too much talkee-talkee."

The committee of the Escanaba council appointed to investigate charges brought against the police force by the Escanaba Manufacturing Co. acquitted the officers, finding that they had done what they could toward maintaining the peace, and declared that the rules for the conduct of the police did not define them satisfactorily.

The Mutual Transit list of captains for this year is as follows, Capt. Walter Robinson of the Minneapolis, Capt. Peter Thompson of the Saint Paul, Capt. Neil Anderson of the Huron and Capt. George B. Crawford of the W. C. Rhodes. The Mutual Transit Company itself owns ten boats and this season will control six other vessels operating as the Union Steamboat Line.

The advanced algebra class in the high school, which finished its course this week, is one of the best the school has seen, and is above the average of algebra classes generally. Supt. Willman is proud of its half year's work.

16 inch Hemlock wood, full cord \$2.75, 18 inch Maple and Birch mill wood \$1.75 per single cord, \$5.00 per full cord delivered to any part of the City. Callup C. W. Davis, phone 7. 40

The return leap year party last night at the theatre had a large attendance and equalled in all respects the promoters' hope.

SNOW BOUND

We have made abundant provision for the emergency of a snow blockade and no one need suffer.

Relief parties will be promptly organized. We have arranged with the sausage manufacturers for dog teams, and there is a good supply of skis, blue goggles, toboggans, and pemmican hanging on the wall.

Wireless messages will be received hourly from Minnesota, Ohio, and the Straits of Magellan, for those interested in political developments.

The Igloo,
725 Delta, "16."

The Foresters held a first annual assembly Wednesday evening in Fraternity Hall. The courts here had invited visitors from Escanaba, Rapid River, and Flatrock, but the storm was furious and the roads were blocked. A musical program was held, with solos by Mrs. Noblet, Miss Dona Michaud, and Miss Rogers. "Juanita" by chorus. Miss McCarthy as pianist, several selections by the Gladstone orchestra, and an eloquent address by Rev. O. J. Bennet. The exercises closed with the singing of "America." The elaborate banquet served was pronounced by those who are competent to judge one of the finest ever eaten in Gladstone. One hundred and ten were seated, out of one hundred and sixty expected. The whole reflects great credit on the Foresters and it is to be regretted that the weather was unfavorable.

Next Wednesday will be Lincoln's birthday, a legal holiday in some states, and observed to some extent unofficially by many in the lower peninsula. Except for school exercises, it passes unnoticed here. Delta county, however, voted against Lincoln when he was living by a majority of 7, out of the county's total of fifty-odd votes.

Where is the man who mourned the lack of snow? Has he gone, or did he never exist? The eccentric trail the snowplow made Monday served Boreas as a foundation for his highest drifts. Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday snow fell until it was feared the stop lever had been jammed. The mails came in good season, considering the weather. No automobiles have been seen lately, however, and it is surmised they have been laid away in the cedar chest till spring.

The convention of the Lutheran young people for this district will be held next June at Manistique. The annual meeting of the churches at Ishpeming last week showed that of twenty-six congregations seven are unprovided with ministers.

Minneapolis Chapter, O. E. S., will celebrate its fifteenth anniversary Tuesday evening. A banquet will be served, to which all Masons and their families are invited.

The city snowplow is defective in design, because at such times as it is brought out, the snow is trodden hard in the center of the walk. The V-point of the plow is lifted on this hardened path, and the resulting hump in the middle of the walk is in the way. The difficulty also of guiding the plow through a hard drift, which is likely to stick it, caused the road to be somewhat irregular. But unfortunately we have no rotary.

A party of six Gladstone ladies, Mesd. Murdock, Henke, Prais, Brown, Jackson and Martin, attended Mrs. M. E. Main's progressive cinch party in Escanaba Thursday, and the first two named brought back the prizes. The decorations used throughout were hearts. A four-course dinner was served at six p. m., and a delighted party returned at a late hour.

The sons of Andrew Erickson built themselves a ski slide this week that gave its possessors delight, although no record jumps have been made on it. It was nearly snowed under, however.

The city clerk has fished out of oblivion a bright new coin counter which the city bought years ago, and given it the place of honor on his desk.

TO YOUR VALENTINE.

The pretty custom of remembering, not only your sweetheart, but other friends and acquaintances, on February 14, is growing every year. Every kind, lace and sentimental, gentle and humorous, or anything you like, at all prices.

STEWART'S PHARMACY.

SHEPHERD CARVERS.

The Lonely Sheep Tenders of the California Sierras.

There are few lonelier lives in the world than those lived by shepherds in the high meadows of the California Sierras. All alone they follow their sheep, seeing no one for many months of the year but the sheep, their dogs and perhaps an occasional—a very occasional—traveler. Probably this solitude dries up the springs of speech, for they are said to be very silent when they do encounter any one.

One of these strange men is a Basque from the Pyrenees. A lean, dark visaged, ragged fellow, he is now and then overtaken by some wanderer in the mountains. Along the trail before him his sheep feed. His mongrel collie hangs at his heels. He may raise his stick in mute salutation; he may slouch by without a sign. Yet this uncouth being has one talent—he can carve. His amusement is carving quaint sheep buckles out of bone. Every herd has its bellwether, about whose neck hangs a bell. The bell depends from a leather collar, and it is the buckles of these collars that this old Basque shepherd and some of these other Sierra shepherds make in the course of their lonely days. Sometimes a buckle represents a summer's work, for some of them are very elaborate. Some are in the semblance of saints or angels, some have the monograms of the sheep owners or of the shepherds in curious designs. All are patiently cut, bit by bit, with the pocketknife of the shepherd.—Exchange.

Obituary

Lawrence, the young son of N. J. LaPine, died Sunday, Jan. 26, from heart failure, induced by rheumatism. He was about three years and four months old, and a bright, active little fellow. The funeral was held Tuesday from All Saints' church, and had attendance from outside points. The item was accidentally omitted last Saturday.

Timothy Lynch, well known in Gladstone, where he once worked, was killed in a mine at Butte, Mont., Wednesday, in a manner not yet learned. He was twenty-nine years of age and leaves a widow and three children. Among his six brothers and sisters is Mrs. D. McCarthy. Mr. McCarthy left Thursday for Republic to break the news to his mother, and has not returned. Tim, who was engaged on the bridgework during the construction of the Kipling furnace, left many friends here, who are much grieved by his taking away.

Earl, the four-year old son of Bert Bates, died Sunday night, after a long complication of diseases. His funeral was held Wednesday afternoon, Rev. Geo. C. Empon officiating.

CARD OF THANKS.

It is with a sincere feeling of heartfelt thankfulness that we desire to express our gratitude for the many kindnesses shown us by our friends and neighbors in our recent affliction and bereavement, during the prolonged illness and death of our son Earl. We greatly appreciate the floral tributes of the Royal Neighbors' and M. B. A's., our kind friends and neighbors, and we desire to especially thank Miss Merrill, the nurse; also Doctor M. F. Stever for the skill shown and efforts made to prolong and save his life. For all these things we are extremely grateful.

MR. AND MRS. BERTEN L. BATES.

Giving Him Credit.



He—You don't give me credit for doing anything well.
She—Oh, yes, I do. There's at least one thing you can do better than any one else.
He—And what's that?
She—Make a fool of yourself.—Pick-Me-Up.

Pleased Himself.

Miss Caustique—You evidently have a pleasant disposition, Mr. Supleigh. At least you seem to be easily pleased.
Supleigh—Why do you—aw—think I am—aw—easily pleased?
Miss Caustique—By the way in which you laugh at some of your own remarks.—Detroit Tribune.

A Bright Clerk.

"What's the price of this silk?" asked the shopper.
"The price, madam," replied the clerk, "is \$1.98, which you must admit is quite delectable."
"Decollete?"
"Yes, madam; cut low."—Philadelphia Press.

CHEAP LOTS.

Lots owned by C. W. Davis for sale on easy terms. C. A. CLARK, Agt.

Lot 15	Block 44	Lot 9	Block 60
4	53	4	69
11	60	8	70
5	69	12	71
6	69	8	76
3	70	9	76
23	75	13	76
5	77	14	76
11	78	3	77
2	81	9	78
3	84	13	78
9	84	14	78
10	84	3	79
11	88	5	81
24	91	4	87
25	91	13	87
26	91	6	92
16	92	7	92
21	92	1	95
22	92	2	95
23	92	3	95
4	95	14	95
5	95	10	97
1	98	9	98
2	98	10	99
3	98	1	100
4	99	2	100
4	103	3	100
7	58	4	101
12	74	10	101
27	91	11	101
1	81	3	107
18	63	4	108
14	63		

Fish List:

Gold Medal Flour, Per 100 lb. sack	3.25
Sugar, 17 lbs. for	1.00
White House Coffee, the best there is, per can	40c
White House Tea, per can	30c
Navel Oranges, per doz.	35c
California Lemons, per doz.	30c
Fancy Smoked Salmon, per lb.	24c
Fancy Smoked Halibut, per lb.	15c
Fancy Smoked Bloaters, Each	05c
Fancy Canned Shrimps, per can	12c
Lobsters, per can	25c
Fancy Smoked Sardines, per can	15c
Fancy Mustard Sardines, per can	12c
Fancy Cove Oysters, per can	25c

For Coughs and Colds

Best Horehound Candy, Per pound	20c
Best Horehound Drops, Per pound	20c
Best Cough Drops, Per box	5c
Pure Rock Candy, Per pound	20c
Pure Extracted Honey, Ferndell, Per jar	25c

Try a Bottle of "Forshell's Swedish Lung Balsam." The very best cough medicine on the market. 40 cents per bottle.

FOR SALE ONLY BY THE
GLADSTONE GROCERY CO.
P. J. LINDBLAD Prop. PHONE 51

ELOF HANSON

100 TO 1

Where one man gets rich through speculation a hundred acquire a competence through saving, another hundred go broke because of their rashness. If you will leave with us a dollar or two a week—more if you can spare it from ordinary expenses—at the end of ten years you will have had the benefit of interest compounding quarterly. It counts up. Deposits received from \$1.00 up.

Exchange Bank, Gladstone.

W. L. MARBLE, President.

W. A. FOSS, Cashier



Playing with FIRE

Is liable to burn one's fingers. The man who goes uninsured plays every day and every night with the fiend of Fire.

INSURE TODAY WITH G. R. EMPSON

SHINGLES

LUMBER

AND LATH

MOULDINGS, WINDOWS AND DOORS,
WHITE PINE AND YELLOW PINE FINISHING.
BUILDING PAPER, LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT.
Let me figure on your house bills. Goods and prices are right.

Hard and Soft Coal
16-inch Hemlock and Maple Mill Wood.
PHONES 7 AND 110. C. W. DAVIS.

REAL ESTATE Business and Residence Lots for sale on easy terms. C. A. CLARK, Agt.

P. & H. B. LAING THE PIONEER GROCERS

Thank you for your trade.

The Gladstone Delta

At \$1.50 a year
Is worth the money.

A Bright, Clean, Newsy Sheet.
SUBSCRIBE TO-DAY

NOTES FOR WOMEN.

A Little Help.

There's help in seeming cheerful
When a body's feeling blue.
In looking calm and pleasant
If there's nothing else to do.
If other folks are wearing,
And things are all awry,
Don't vex yourself with caring,
'Twill be better by and by.

There's help in keeping tally
Of our host of happy days,
There's never one that dwains,
But it brings a cause to praise
The love that ever watcheth,
The friend that's ever near,
So, though one treads with sorrow,
One needs must dwell with cheer.

When troubles march to meet you,
Salute them at the door;
Extend both hands to greet them,
Their worst will be no more.
Beat down their stormy angles
With your rejoicing drums,
And, mated in lofty courage,
Accept whatever comes.

Margaret E. Sangster.

At What Age

Should Young People Marry?

At what age should girls and young men marry? This depends upon conditions. When a girl has acquired her education from schools ("from schools") because our education goes on through life, when she is fully grown, and physically developed, if she is in good health, and has learned the rudiments of housekeeping, let her marry when the right man comes for her. The time and age varies so with girls that there can be no set data.

With young men: if they are in a perfect physical condition and can support a wife, and if they have more than to wait until they grow to regard women with indifference, and lose that chivalry which we invariably see in early courtships; comparative riches can hardly replace what the wife in money matters. There should be a study of tastes and disposition. It has been said that marriages formed through college associations proved the happiest; this means a congeniality of interests, tastes as well as of disposition should be considered.

If a woman is mentally a man's superior she cannot in the order of things look up to him, there will be a continual regret that he fails to appreciate the benefits she offers; while with the husband far in advance, the same difficulty often pushes him for sympathy to minds outside the home.

A great part of unhappy marriages result from senseless quarrels over money matters. There are many women who long to get out and earn money, but are held back by this bond; the husband rebels yet refuses her an allowance. When a girl enters matrimony she should insist upon an early understanding in this regard.

Just why a woman's time and work should not be given a share in the earnings she fail to see, sometimes she has the harder part, for she has remained unmarried, she may have had less care, more pleasure and a purse of her own; it is said:

"Women are having clubs and every freedom since as men now."
Yes, women have societies and clubs, but not the same as men; the latter are free to spend their money as they please, a woman is often forced secretly to earn the money to pay her dues to avoid the humiliation of begging for it; for it is humiliation of the keenest to a sensitive nature to ask for a small sum to pay an honest debt and feel it comes unwillingly when she perceives she is saving daily for that same purpose.

Many girls are not strong, or may have an unhappy home, and longing for love and sympathy, they seek marriage as a refuge, for awhile they imagine they have found it, but soon the added cares burden, a weak constitution fails, irritation suggests incompatibility and freedom is longed for—perhaps sought in the courts. Marriage rightly entered into is the happiest life for both sexes, but no one should marry that has an acute disease, such as tuberculosis, or deformed person, and that not mentally bright should be debarred. Even in a generation the result would be wonderful in the survival of the fittest; there would be less use for sanitariums and asylums, even our penitentiaries would be less full, for industry brings poverty, crime follows, while the mentally and physically well, will work their way upward.

To avoid unhappiness and divorce let a partnership be long enough to know each other before the relation of engaged lovers, but have the engagement not over a year.

From close observation we are led to conclude that Jewish people contract more numerous marriages than others, neither are their courtships so long as a rose; on our own, one seldom hears of a broken engagement, or a divorce among them; and what a healthy people they are. Could we not take a lesson from the Jewish people, who are raised to be bachelors from childhood, they expect to become wives and mothers. Children come to arms that welcome them, hence the greater health and happiness is accounted for.

When the average American girl marries, she has hope to escape the penalties of motherhood; if the welcome stranger appears, love flows into the mother's heart with its coming, but the child has the seeds of suffering, and unhappiness as a result of the man's prenatal desires, and unwillingness to cheerfully welcome her condition.

An earnest effort should be made for a reform as to marriage. Some states have a right law, others prohibit the marriage of cousins, others should be made that would prevent the greater part of suffering and crime, which any candid thinking person can see is the result of marriage between the wrong persons of mental or physical conditions.

Sarah D. Gardner in *Cooking Club Magazine*.

A New Business for Women.

A new profession for women is that of chaperon for women staying at New York hotels. According to the New York Tribune, a girl who went to New York from Chicago spent a month in the city in the charge of a chaperon, her parents having made the arrangement, and had a "perfectly lovely time." The charge of that girl was the first trial of the plan, which was so successful that one of the large hotels decided to provide chaperons to take their women guests about and shelter them from the city.

"You must have a good deal of fun," someone suggested to the woman who chaperoned the Chicago girl. "Going with women to matinees and concerts, visiting points of interest, luncheon and dining at smart resorts?"

"Well, yes," she said; "but it's work, too. The last woman I chaperoned was a strenuous young person who wanted to see everything at once. She was generally about six steps ahead of me, calling over her shoulder, 'Oh, isn't this great?' It took some energy to keep up with her. And it takes energy to accompany a woman on a shopping excursion, I can tell you."

"A lone woman in a hotel does need someone to go about with her," continued the professional chaperon, "Some women, when they get positively inert for lack of such a companion, they come down to breakfast, go back to their room and sit there; come down to luncheon, sit around awhile, go to bed. 'But what can I do?' one woman said to me. 'I'm obliged to remain a stranger

in a strange city during my husband's absence abroad on a business trip. I want to see the city, but it's no fun going about alone.' It was as well as this that made chaperons seem necessary."

Queen a Lover of Cats.

The love of English women of rank for cats is the subject of wonderful mention in an article in a German newspaper. It is recorded as specially wonderful that Queen Alexandra is a leader in the fad. According to the writer she is the owner of fifty cats and has a special corps of servants to keep them in order.

There is one special favorite, called Sandy because it was born at Sandringham house. In any of the royal palaces it has the run of the private apartments. When the Queen goes abroad it is part of her suite, always in charge of a special groom.

The Queen is fond of photographing her cats. She has taken them hundreds of times, singly and in groups and in all sorts of attitudes. She has also had many of them painted by the animal painter, Louis Vain. The health of the cats is cared for by the veterinary surgeon of the royal stables and a room is set apart as a hospital for the sick ones.

Queen Alexandra is surpassed as a cat fancier by Lady Beresford, whose collection is said to comprise 150 specimens of all breeds, including the tailless Manx cats. Lady Beresford is the founder of the Cat club, which since 1890 has held annual exhibitions in London. The greatest number of her cats inhabit a cottage specially built for them at her country place.

The cottage can be converted into an open pavilion in hot weather. In winter it is warmed by an elaborate heating apparatus. One room is used as a kitchen, where a woman spends her days cooking for the cats, while a scullery maid is employed to wash their pretty porcelain plates and saucers.

Several servants are necessary to keep the place neat and the beds and lounging cushions in order. There is a little dairy, which provides milk for the cats. The collection is said to be of great value.

The Worrying Woman.

Worry has never been known to benefit anyone, on the contrary it always injures by sapping the nervous energy and robbing the body of the strength so necessary to any degree of happiness in life.

It is wholly bad, for it never counteracts with the slightest good any of the evil it produces.

An insidious enemy is worry, which robs even while you sleep, twisting and distorting pleasant dreams into horrible nightmares, the memory of which continues to haunt you in your waking hours.

Worry is bad for a man, unfitting him for the practical relations of life, but worse for a woman, for she is peculiarly susceptible to its attacks, which often result in nervous breakdown and premature old age.

If a woman allows worry to take hold of her, she finds it extremely difficult to overcome the habit. It so presses down upon her life that usefulness vanishes and she becomes a morbid, ultra-sensitive creature, of little use either to herself or others.

Worry, brings in its train the fagged brain, the wrinkled brow, and the dull eye, a sense of lassitude and a premature loss of youthfulness.

Whenever it is present all realization wings and soars away and the brightest prospects of existence sink down into the dust of despair, never to be resurrected again.

A cheery nature is as necessary to a woman for success and usefulness as are air and water. We look for cheer and brightness as part of woman's being, and when these attributes are absent, she seems to be an anomaly in nature.

The woman who worries is never self-centered, never balanced, never can be at her best, for mental anxiety exhausts strength, and deprives her of the strength necessary to fulfill her place as wife and mother and discharge the duties of her station in life.

How different it is with the self-poised, balanced woman, who has confidence in herself to brave and do; who never vacillates with her self-made misery, but maintains a straight course, lit with the star of hope.

The woman who believes in herself, who is conscious of her own force of character and of her strength of brain and body, can accomplish what would be impossible to the worrier.

Enough vital energy is wasted in this affair of the world if exerted in the right direction.

that I am a great-grandmother. When the word came it flashed across my mind that when I left home in Jersey I had a great-grandmother too. Then I got to thinking if it were possible that Granny Van Winkle was still alive. I had never heard of her death, although it must be ten or twelve years since I have written or heard a word.

Mrs. Romer said she is mother of seven children, grandmother of twelve and great-grandmother of one, and added: "The baby is a Van Winkle and they're just as good as yours. I asked them to do so in remembrance of old Granny. I wonder if Ernest, my granddaughter's husband, is a descendant of Granny's? He says his grandfather went west from New Jersey and he might be. Who can tell?"

A World reporter visited "Granny" Van Winkle on Sunday. A very bad wood-ruff ends at the door of the unpainted cottage, which stands in a ten-acre clearing. She was born January 12, 1809, at Charlestown, and has never been out of the Morris county mountains. At 15 years she married Abram Van Winkle, a charcoal burner. Their seven sons left home as soon as they became of age; two were killed in the Civil war; she has not heard of the others for forty years.

Neither Granny Van Winkle nor her daughter has ever seen a trolley car, telephone or automobile. The family lives by selling the produce of the clearing and eggs and honey, which Cudworth carries to a neighbor, three miles away, who markets them.—New York World.

Making Extra Money.

Ambitious.—The fact that you have been a successful teacher makes it hard to advise you as to ways and means of enlarging your income.

The ethics of your profession would bar you from being prominently engaged in almost any other money making enterprise.

Writing special articles for the press is perhaps one of the few occupations that you might engage in without interfering with your school duties. In selecting the subject you should be governed by your own taste and inclinations.

Bear in mind, however, that this is an age of specialties in all things. If you have a large fund of information at your command on any special subject you should get a good price for your work.

Teaching, while a nerve racking occupation, is an easy stepping-stone to a new profession, but you could not afford to discontinue the one occupation to devote time to the other until you have the promise of success to justify your doing so.

If you wish to look over other possible fields of work, I can suggest books covering many subjects in which you may find something suited to your special talent and present environment.

The Speaking Voice.

There is a theory that it is dangerous to try and do the mere feeling of the instrument, or either vocal or physical training. In accordance with this theory I was advised by a well known actress to confine my study for the stage, so far as the vocal and pantomimic preparation was concerned, to singing, dancing and fencing. "Get your voice and body under control," she said, "make them free, but don't connect shades of thought and emotion with definite tone of the voice or movement of the body; don't meddle with Delsarte or elocution." This advice seemed good at the time. It still seems to me that it ought to be the right method. But I have grown to distrust it.

One of the chief sources of my distrust has been the effect of the theory upon the art of the actress who gave the advice. She is perhaps the most graceful woman on the stage today, and her voice is pure music. But her gestures and tones fall in height; they fail to illumine the text of the part she essays to interpret. One grows suddenly impatient of the meaningless grace of her movements, and the meaningless music of her voice.—Catherine Jewell Everts in Harper's Bazar.

A Diphtheritic Remedy.

Very considerable interest has been excited in foreign medical circles by M. Brouder's successful treatment of diphtheria by the use of benzoate of sodium. He asserts that of 200 consecutive cases he has not lost a single one, and though admitting the possibility of a mistaken diagnosis in some instances, yet, even excluding 50 per cent. on this account, there remain 100 cases without a death. His method is as follows: Give every four or five hours, a tablespoonful of a solution of benzoate of sodium, fifteen grains to the ounce, and at the same time one-sixth of a grain of sulphate of calcium in pure water, or granule, in addition to this the throat is thoroughly sprayed every half hour with the benzoate—this being done uninfrequently at the regular intervals, day and night, with no other local treatment whatever. But her gestures and tones fail to illumine the text of the part she essays to interpret. One grows suddenly impatient of the meaningless grace of her movements, and the meaningless music of her voice.—Catherine Jewell Everts in Harper's Bazar.

This Is Success.

To live well.
To live much.
To gain the respect of intelligent men.
To win the love of little children.
To fill one's niche and accomplish one's task.
To leave the world better than one finds it, whether by an improved flower, a perfect poem or another life ennobled.
To never lack appreciation of earth's beauty or to give for the best in others.
To always look for the best in others.
To give the best one has.
To make one's life an inspiration and one's memory a benediction.

In a Word.

Sparrows hate blue.
Hot water drinking cures insomnia.
The incubator is an Egyptian invention.
The unvaccinated may not vote in Norway.
The word "hosh" is Turkish and means "nothing."
A white elephant can see an enemy at a distance of a thousand yards.
Pianos are provided for the inmates of the London almshouse of Lambeth.

To educate a boy at an English public school, such as Eton or Harrow, costs at least \$1500 a year.
Over 15,000 people, practically all the inhabitants of Markneukirchen, in Saxony, are engaged in violin making.

A grain of pure musk will scent a room for twenty years, and at the end of that time will apparently not have lessened in the least in weight or odor.

Women rode astride till Anne of Bohemia's time. She, being deformed, had to use a side-saddle, and the women of her court, to flatter her, adopted a saddle of the same awkward make.

THE WINDS OF THE WORLD.

Fight Between the Monsoons—Local Breezes and Some of Their Effects.

Being credibly informed the other day by a user old man of the seafaring persuasion that the southeast monsoon was still fighting the northeast monsoon to which which would conquer and the information being followed by a dissertation on the failure of the last sea sports owing to the same perversity of a veteran lagging superfluous on the stage when he ought to have left the boards empty for the keen nort'wester, it occurred to me that there was a considerable amount of information to be obtained about winds without discursing our windows.

Until one actually experiences it there is a lot of romance hanging around the outskirts of the word monsoon. We speak of the monsoon being late or early, but what we mean by that is the wind which blows from the east, and in the great continents of India and Australia, however, the breaking of the rains is a matter of real moment, of general interest to everyone, and of keenest anxiety to many, and in such cases the word is fraught with a meaning which is greater than ever book conveyed to the mind of man.

Apart from the winds of regular habit there are the many local winds which occur in different parts of the world and are generally unkind in character. Of such may be mentioned the Simoon, Siropo, Harmattan, the Puna of Peru, the bitter nort'wester of Britain, the Mistral of Marseilles and that coast, the Pampero of the Andes. With all these local breezes, though in fact they are oftentimes gales of some velocity, many general interests are evoked, and the most noticeable of these is that the blowing of the genuine nort'wester at home is always coincident with the greatest number of deaths from consumption and other diseases.

There is here opened up a wide field of most interesting research for the curious in weather study and humanity lore, for the effect of wind on sentient beings has never been deeply considered as it might be. Thus the lower planes of life are animals are distinctly affected by winds, and in particular cats, as any one will remember if they consider the peculiarities of cats when blowing, and how susceptible they are to the pronouncement of wind, while the blowing of a nort'wester will exhilarate some temperaments in a manner not the same as anything else will. Singapore Free Press.

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WHERE TWINE PIECES COUNT.

How One Ball Serves a Busy Postal Employee Seven Years.

Though it handles some thousand million dollars a year the United States government is not unappreciative of the value of small things, such, for example, as a piece of second hand twine. Perhaps the ordinary rigger would regard it as a good business principle to stoop for a discarded 12-inch string when he is hurrying through the city at dawn in keen competition with all classes of riggers for what there is of commercial value in the ash barrels and scrap heaps, but that may be due wholly to his inability to foresee some of the future possibilities in the practice of noticing such trivial things. Similarly it may be that a certain government employee who attached himself to the New England division of the United States railway mail service six or seven years ago did not pin much faith in little dinky string, but he was wrong, for the grades above the trained rigger in the social scale, yet he stooped to pick up such string pieces as came under his observation in the ordinary routine of his business, and it resulted in the following official paragraph clipped from the most prominent position in this week's "general order" of the New England division of the United States railway mail service, over the signature of his superior:

"A clerk in this division, appointed in 1901, with the exception of having been furnished with one ball of twine, has never had a regular supply, having reused the twine which he saved from packages received by him."

When this man reaches the next step up and his salary is increased accordingly he will have some difficulty in dissociating his luck from the little string pieces he has picked up in his years of service, and his mind may be cooled by a little justified pride in observing the following official paragraph clipped from the most prominent position in this week's "general order" of the New England division of the United States

Pecans for Walnuts.

The United States imported from France during the year 1906 walnuts the value of \$12,884,058; from Germany \$2,101 worth; from France, in fruits and nuts, a total of \$2,479,799, and from Germany \$56,691. There is no good reason why this country should not export just as many pecans as it imports walnuts. In shipping pecans abroad the American fruit grower can feel thoroughly satisfied that he is giving the foreign consumer something better than that he is receiving.—National Nurseryman.

This Will Interest Mothers.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Teething Disorders, Stomach Troubles and Destroy Worms; 30,000 testimonials of cures. All druggists, 25c. Sample Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Pitch pine, which has been considered almost worthless, is now in demand for cranberry barrels.



More proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saves woman from surgical operations.

Mrs. S. A. Williams, of Gardiner, Maine, writes:

"I was a great sufferer from female troubles, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to health in three months, after my physician declared that an operation was absolutely necessary."

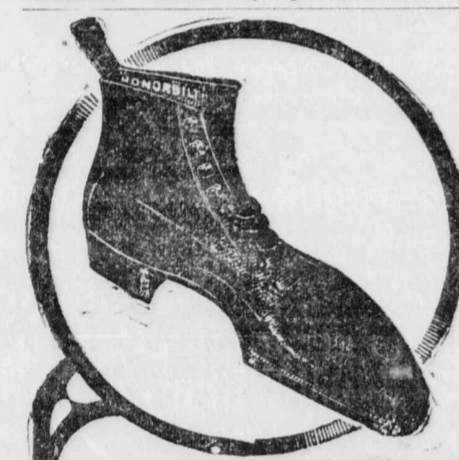
Mrs. Alvina Sperling, of 154 Cleybourne Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I suffered from female troubles, a tumor and much inflammation. Two of the best doctors in Chicago decided that an operation was necessary to save my life. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound entirely cured me without an operation."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.



"BUILT ON HONOR"

You must wear MAYER HONORBILT SHOES, to appreciate their superiority over other makes. They have the style and wearing qualities, and feel right from the first; wear long and well, and look good to the last.



Mayer HONORBILT SHOES FOR MEN

are made with great care, of the highest grade material, by skilled workmen. They are honest through and through. You get style, quality and comfort in buying MAYER HONORBILT SHOES.

Your dealer will supply you; if not, write to us. Look for the Mayer Trade Mark on the sole.

We also make Leading Lady Shoes, Martha Washington Comfort Shoes, Special Merit School Shoes.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Company

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

SUNNY PEAK FARM

Jersey Bulls for Sale

To improve pure-bred stock or in grading up herds it is necessary to have a registered animal of superior quality. Such a sire may be secured at a reasonable price from the herd of MRS. ADDA F. HOWIE, Elm Grove, Wis.

STALLIONS

SEVERAL big sound pure-bred Percherons and Clydes; good ones; \$300 to \$800; none higher write. ESTATE OF GEO. KLEIN (Established 1869). Fort Atkinson, Wis.

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

FAIR PLAY FOR PUBLIC OFFICERS.

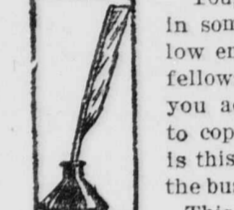
By Gov. Hughes of New York.



I believe that our citizenship was never more alert and insistent upon maintaining proper standards of efficient administration than to-day. And I believe that it would be difficult to point to a time when a larger proportion of public officers were striving honestly to do their duty. In demanding justice we must not forget to do justice. Nothing is gained by making suspicion do duty for facts. The tendency to a cynical and censorious spirit in our citizenship should be checked. Especially unworthy is such a spirit in those who pose as the prophets of reform. The first qualification of anyone who would seek to secure better administration is entire candor and the spirit of fair play. I want no more to do with the man who will spread a false accusation, or without good, just basis of fact will endeavor to give currency to aspersions upon public officers, than with those who are faithless to their trust. There is no health in either. If you have the facts which show that a public officer is derelict, you have no need for innuendo, and you may, and should, press your case relentlessly, albeit with pity in your heart. But if you have not the facts, then be fair, and let your suspicions justify your search and your rigid inquiry, but nothing more, until the facts, and all the facts, are found.

PROFIT BY PERSONALITIES ABOUT YOU.

By John A. Howland.



You, young man, who are beginning life in some business as one of a number of fellow employees, doubtless you find among your fellows some one above all the rest whom you admire and whose ways you are likely to copy unconsciously. What kind of a man is this? What is he doing for himself and for the business in which he is a salaried employee? This power of personal influence too often is overlooked by the young man who ventures into life as a novice. All that civilization means for man lies in the curbing of the instincts of the savage and in adapting one's life to the men and things within his environment. A good father and a good mother may be the first and most lasting influence in this direction. But the home life may not be the worldly life into which the career of the young man must take him. Here is the necessity for the young man's finding among his associates, if he can, some guiding personality who may influence him toward the end of his ambitions. If young men have found success in this studying of another man's personality and method, so many more young

men have found failure in choosing as an influencing personality some individual whose unworthy character and point of view have led them upon the rocks.

SHALL WE KILL HABITUAL CRIMINALS?

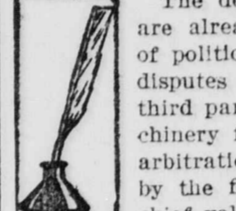
By Attorney General Bonaparte.



The habitual criminal, it must be remembered, is a product of modern civilization. Our ancestors would have hanged him for his first felony; or, if by any chance he escaped this fate, he would have almost surely died of some of the maladies then epidemic in prisons while awaiting trial for the second. I would not have men hanged to-day for a trifling theft, but I would have modern society cease to nourish and shelter its proved and inveterate enemies. Some years since I suggested that an attempt to commit a capital crime ought to be made itself capital, and that when the man has been already thrice convicted of major crimes, upon his conviction for his fourth offense of the like grade he should be liable to the death penalty. I have seen no reason to repent of these suggestions.

FEDERATED WORLD NATION A CERTAINTY.

By Prof. H. Stanley Jevons



The development of international relations are already passing through the early stage of political growth in which certain kinds of disputes are referred by common consent to a third party for settlement. A permanent machinery for immediately providing a court of arbitration when a case arises was established by the first Hague conference in 1889. The chief value of the court of The Hague lies in the existence of this permanent machinery ready at once to be called into action without the often dangerous delay involved in choosing a special arbitrator and agreeing on the course of procedure. The perfection of government among individuals is a matter of history, and we have already seen the first stages of its evolution amongst nations. Assuming that education, international trade and foreign travel continue to develop with the progress of material civilization, it would seem impossible that a world-wide governing power should not arise. My conception of the formation of a federal government of the world is not the sudden establishment of any complete scheme conceived in its entirety. Far better is it to welcome changes if they come about gradually, not with haste, but with easy deliberation. Thus the goal of universal confidence and world-wide peace will be reached ultimately.

MEXICAN CARRIES MONEY.

He Dislikes Checks and Doesn't Understand Bank Books.

Almost any Mexican in professional or business life carries on his person anywhere between \$200 and \$800. Even the poor Indian in his blanket can more than likely produce more than many foreigners.

The ordinary Mexican professional man will be found to carry sums of money on his person that would surprise the ordinary traveler and even cause him to worry were he forced to carry it with him, yet the Mexican never even thinks of it.

It was but a few days ago that an instance of this kind was brought to attention. One Mexican of the middle class asked another in a casual way if he could change a thousand-dollar bill. The other pulled out a wallet from his inside pocket and counted out nearly \$2,000. Time after time this has happened, and it seems no uncommon thing for a Mexican of the middle class to carry between 1,000 and 2,000 pesos on his person.

The check idea seems to have taken but small hold as yet upon the citizens of Mexico, especially when small amounts of less than \$1,000 are concerned. They consider it much easier to pay spot cash than to give a check for amounts of \$50 and \$100, and they claim, with some amount of reason, that a business deal can be put through with better advantage when the cash is in sight.

Even the Indian in the street carries amounts of cash that would never be supposed to be in his possession. They carry their money in a leather belt, fastened around their bodies inside their trousers. These belts are hollow and are open at one end. Into the open end the Indian slips his pesos or bills until he has the whole full. The belt then is either taken off and hidden away or the bills are changed for larger denominations and carried around the body. But the Indian is a stickler for "pesos duros," and prefers them to any other class of money except gold.

To the Indian money is money, and a bank book stands for nothing in his way of reckoning. A check he will not accept under any circumstances, because he does not understand it. A coin or paper currency is what he is after, and that is what he keeps his hands on when he gets it.—Mexican Herald.

Only One Glass.
"Funny thing, about a fellow who wears a monocle."
"What's that?"
"When he wears it he makes a complete spectacle of himself, though it is only half a spectacle."—Philadelphia Press.

His Tenner.
Austere Person—I can't tip you, young man, unless you have change (or a tenner. Waiter (slizing him up)—Keep your dime, sir. I haven't a nickel about me.—Chicago Tribune.

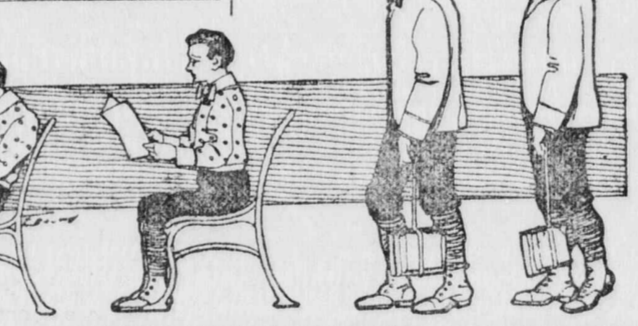
There is more or less dead wood in every family tree.

How a Child Should Sit at school.

One of the most common causes of weakness and disease, especially of consumption and other lung disorders, is a bent and collapsed body—a body with a flat chest, a rounded back, and with collar bones and shoulder blades sticking out. This fault is very common among school children—so common that within my own observation I have been able to find only about one child in ten whose chest and back were normal.

What is the reason for this? Well, there are several reasons, but the principal one is the way the child sits at school. A few days ago I looked around a class room containing fifty boys. Two were sitting correctly. Among the others some were lounging, their feet sprawling about the floor; others, the larger number, were sitting rigidly back in their seats, every muscle set and tensed.

Both these positions are wrong. The first one (Fig. 1) causes a bending for-



ward of the body so that the child soon stands and walks incorrectly (Fig. 3). This means all the dangers to which I have just referred connected with a bent and collapsed body.

The habit of sitting rigidly back in the seat is injurious because it causes wearisome tension in all the muscles as well as in the mind, overtaxes still further the already hard-worked child.

How shall the child sit at school? It is very simple indeed. Here's the secret: Draw yourself back on the seat until the lower part of your back is pressing against the back of the seat. The weight of the body is then thrown forward, and the feet naturally rest easily upon the floor (Fig. 2). In this position the trunk is uplifted and expanded, each of the vital organs is held in its proper place, and the body is in such balance that there is no sense of strain or effort anywhere. That is the rule: Place the lower part of your back against the back of the seat.—Dr. W. R. C. Latson.

The Woman's Hope.
"Now, we must admit," began Wood by Wise, "that woman is naturally more hopeful than man—"
"Yes," interrupted Marryat, "there's my wife, for instance; every time that she's bought fish since we've been married she has asked the dealer if they were fresh, hoping, I suppose, that some day he'll say 'No.'"—Philadelphia Press.

A man isn't satisfied to be made of dust; he wants more.

SAILORS FIGHT AGAINST FLAMES

CREW OF ST. CUTHBERT WORK HEROICALLY TO STOP FIRE WHICH DESTROYS THE VESSEL.

STOWAWAYS BURN TO DEATH.

Men Are Rescued in Boats from the Steamers Cymric and Cambrian Near by During a Gale.

MOST TERRIBLE STORY IS RELATED

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—A wireless dispatch from the steamer Cymric gives details of the burning of the Steamship St. Cuthbert. Soon after the Cymric sighted the burning vessel the steamer Cambrian also came up and the two ships lay by for several hours awaiting a chance to safely lower a boat, the terrific wind which was blowing at the time making it impossible for a boat to live.

Finally at 2 o'clock the Cymric got a boat away with six men. After a hard fight the boat, aided by the quantities of oil which had been spread on the water, reached the side of the ship. For ten minutes they lay by before a heavy figure was lowered into the boat followed by a second. Then ten men made their way down the ladder and into the boat.

Crew's Heroic Work.

All the men were frightfully burned. The boat returned safely to the Cymric and the rescued men were hoisted aboard. The same crew then made a second and a third trip back to the burning steamer, rescuing thirty-seven men in all. On the last trip, the boat was stove in by a wave and barely reached the Cymric in safety.

Tell Terrible Story.

The officers and crew of the St. Cuthbert had a terrible story to tell. At midnight Saturday the fire was first discovered, smoke being seen emerging from a ventilator. Then a terrible explosion occurred, blowing off all the hatches in the forward part of the ship and destroying half the bridge. The captain was thrown to the deck, badly injured and blinded by the flames. The wheelman was driven away from his post. A boat was immediately lowered, but was smashed and its crew of fifteen, including the third officer, were drowned.

Stowaways Roasted to Death.

For thirty-six hours the crew fought the flames, but with small success. The foremost hatch and fell, throwing a stowaway, who was hidden in the crew's net, into the flames, which had by this time burned through the forward deck. Nine stowaways on the ship were caught in the forward holds and burned to death without chance of rescue. After the fall of the mast the fire was partially checked, but the poisonous fumes of oil made fighting the fire almost impossible. The ship was loaded with fuel oil, rags and other inflammable material.

All the rescued members of the crew were cared for on the Cymric, and, although many of them are badly burned, it is thought they will recover.

Stowaways Roasted to Death.

The St. Cuthbert was bound from Queenstown to Boston and burned in midsea.

CYMRIC NEARING BOSTON.

Steamer Has Forty-one Seamen Rescued from St. Cuthbert.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 4.—A private wireless dispatch was received here this afternoon from the Cymric, approaching this harbor, stating that she had on board forty-one seamen of the burned steamer St. Cuthbert and that Capt. Lewis and a sailor named Joubert, were severely burned, but were progressing favorably. The dispatch said also that fourteen men, including Third Officer White, were drowned Sunday night while abandoning the steamer. At 1 o'clock the Cymric was about 140 miles off Boston light and could not be expected to reach the mouth of the harbor much before midnight.

SCHOONER IS ABANDONED.

Crew of Steamer Shows Courage in Rescue Work Near Bermuda.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Feb. 4.—Details of the abandonment at sea of the four-masted schooner Mary L. Newhall of Bath, Me., were brought here today by the steamship Bermudian, from New York.

The schooner left Tampa for Norfolk on January 24, and met with a succession of gales. On the fifth day out she lost her rudder, and all her sails having been blown away, the vessel became unmanageable. When 240 miles northwest of Bermuda on Sunday afternoon, the schooner sighted the Bermudian, and the steamer stood by the distressed schooner until the next morning.

The men were then directed to plunge into the sea and they were rescued from the water with life lines thrown out by the crew of the Bermudian. The exhibition of dauntless courage by the boat's crew was watched with breathless interest by the 200 passengers on board the Bermudian who testified their appreciation of the gallantry of the men by subscribing \$650 for them. The Mary L. Newhall was of 1042 tons and carried a crew of ten men.

GIVE SHIP UP FOR LOST.

Steamer Bluefields, Bound from Florida, Long Overdue.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 4.—All hope for the steamship Bluefields, which sailed from Jacksonville on January 21 for Philadelphia has practically been abandoned, and the best that is hoped for now is that Capt. Higgins and his crew may have been picked up by some foreign bound vessel. It is feared the vessel foundered on the night of January 23, when one of the worst storms for years swept the Atlantic coast. The Bluefields was laden with lumber and carried a crew of eighteen men.

City Rebuilds Theater.

Thirty-six thousand dollars has been expended by the national and city governments to reconstruct the Sauto theater in Matanzas, which is owned by the municipality.

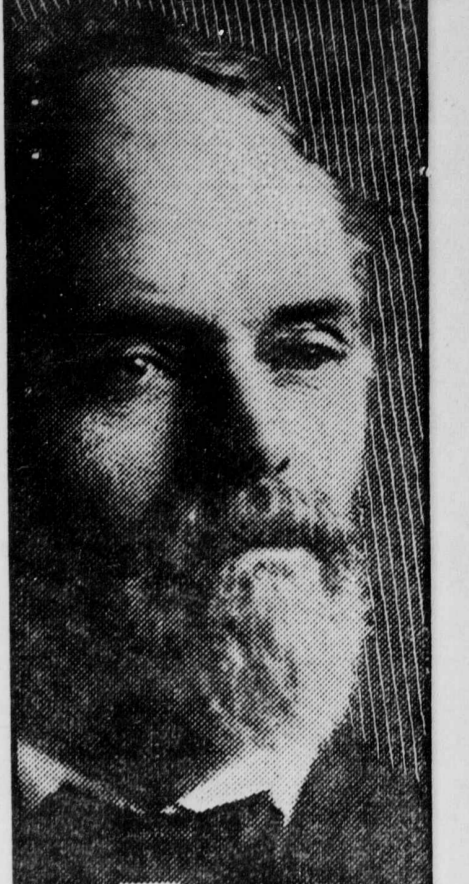
No Wonder.

"Talk is cheap," said Uncle Rooster. "But no wonder," he appended; "ain't most of it done by female labor?"

It Pays to Advertise.

THOS. CALE, OF ALASKA, MEMBER OF U. S. CONGRESS.

Well Known on the Pacific Slope. His Washington Address is 1312 9th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.



CONGRESSMAN THOS. CALE.

Hon. Thos. Cale, who was elected to Congress from Alaska, is well known on the Pacific slope, where he has resided. His Washington address is 1312 9th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Washington, D. C.

Peruna Drug Co., Columbus Ohio.
Gentlemen: I can cheerfully recommend Peruna as a very efficient remedy for coughs and colds.

Thomas Cale.

Hon. C. Slemp, Congressman from Virginia, writes: "I have used your valuable remedy, Peruna, with beneficial results, and can unhesitatingly recommend your remedy as an invigorating tonic and an effective and permanent cure for catarrh."

Man-a-lia the Ideal Laxative.



Illustration Showing Mixed Farming Scene in WESTERN CANADA

WESTERN CANADA

Some of the choicest lands for grain growing, stock raising and mixed farming in the new districts of Saskatchewan and Alberta have recently been opened for settlement under the

Revised Homestead Regulations

Entry may now be made by proxy (on certain conditions), by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader. Thousands of homesteads of 160 acres each are thus now easily obtainable in these great grain-growing, stock-raising and mixed farming sections.

There you will find beautiful climate, good neighbors, churches for family worship, schools for your children, good laws, splendid crops, and railroads convenient to market. Entry fee in each case is \$10.00. For pamphlet, "Last Best West," particulars as to rates, routes, best time to go and where to locate, apply to W. D. Scott, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or T. O. Currie, Room 12, B. Calahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis., Authorized Government Agents. Please say where you saw this advertisement.

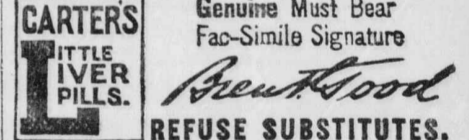
SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

GENUINE MUST BEAR FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE



REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

FREE

To convince any woman that Paxtine will improve her health and do all we claim for it. We will send her absolutely free a large trial box of Paxtine with book of instructions and genuine testimonials. Send your name and address on a postal card.

PAXTINE

cleanses and heals mucous membrane affections, such as nasal catarrh, pelvic catarrh and inflammation caused by feminine ills; sore eyes, sore throat and mouth, by direct local treatment. Its curative power over these troubles is extraordinary and gives immediate relief. Thousands of women are using and recommending it every day. 50 cents at druggists or by mail. Remember, however, IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO TRY IT. THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

It afflicted with Thompson's Eye Water

sore Eyes, use

Acting the Part.

The curtain had just gone down on the second act, leaving the heroine in the villain's clutches. Up in the balcony a sentimental woman burst into tears. "Don't cry, dear," said her husband. "Remember, it's only a play. Act like a man!"

"Very well, John," said the lady, smiling through her tears; "You'll excuse me for a moment, won't you? I must run out and send a telegram."—Bohemian.

Advertise in Your Home Paper.

MAIL ORDER VS. HOME TRADE.
 Shall it be with your home merchant, or shall you send to some distant city for your supply? The country is now being flooded with catalogues and advertisements of business concerns who apparently offer great inducements for cash from the consumers to buy their supplies of all kinds from them. All they ask is for you to send them the cash and they will sell you the goods, out of sight and unseen, at apparently very low prices. Suppose you stop and consider a moment whether you gain anything by buying of these distant firms, if you are inclined at all to do so.

IF YOU BUY FROM CATALOGUE HOUSES.
 You pay in advance.
 You buy the goods without seeing them.
 Your money is sent far from home.
 You cart the goods from the depot.
 You find that redress is not practical for unsatisfactory goods.
 You have difficulty with the railroad company if the goods are damaged in transportation.
 You pay freight or express charges extra.
 You pay a price that is only apparently low.

IF YOU BUY OF YOUR LOCAL DEALER.
 You may receive credit.
 You make actual comparisons and select from a variety of styles and sizes.
 Your money stays at home to help build up your own community.
 You can have the goods delivered to your home.
 The articles are easily exchanged if not satisfactory.
 You will receive them in good condition.
 You have no freight or express charges to pay.
 You get the best quality of goods at the right prices.

GREATEST LUMBER CUT.
 More lumber was cut in the United States last year than in any other year in its history. The enormous amount of 37,550,736 board feet was produced and the mill value of this was \$621,151,388. In addition, there were produced 11,888,260,000 shingles, valued at \$24,135,555, and 3,812,807,000 lath, valued at \$11,490,570. On the whole, it is safe to say that the present annual lumber cut of the United States approximates 40 billion feet and that the total mill value of the lumber, lath, and shingles each year produced is not less than \$700,000,000.

SHORT-HANDED.
 The lumbering interests of the upper peninsula are suffering from a scarcity of efficient lumber woods labor, and, according to some advisers, this is likely to amount to little short of a panic within a few weeks, when the lumbermen begin to realize that the winter season is well along with the season's work away behind and no possibility of getting men to accomplish it.

The conditions are attributed to the fact that the rather discouraging outlook last fall caused many lumbermen to hold up their work, while others cut down both the number of men and the wages. For the different classes of men wages were cut on an average from \$8 to \$15 per month. The result of all this was that nearly all the good woodsmen left the country. Many went to the Canadian woods; others to the lumbering in the eastern states. Still others went to Arkansas, Mississippi and Alabama, and not a few to California.
 The question is asked as to why some of those thousands of men in the cities who are making "marches to the city halls" and performing other sensational stunts in their demands for labor are not brought up here to relieve the situation. In answer it is pointed out that nearly all of those men are of a class known as the "pick and shovel" laborers, fitted only for public and government works and absolutely useless in the woods.

TAX NOTICE
 The tax roll for 1907 has been delivered to me, and the taxes are now payable at the office of Mrs. J. W. Pennock, who is authorized to issue receipts. All taxes not paid before Jan. 10, '08, will incur a penalty of 4 per cent.
 40 ANDREW MARSHALL
 City Treasurer.

First publication Jan. 4, 1907.
TIMBER LAND ACT JUNE 8, 1878—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
 United States Land Office, Marquette, Mich., December 18, 1907.
 Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 8, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, August Froberg, of Rapid River county of Delta, state of Michigan, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1879 for the purchase of the n¹/₂ of n¹/₄ of section No. 34, in township No. 40 north, range No. 21, west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Clerk of Circuit Court at Escanaba, Mich., on Tuesday the 10th day of March, 1908.
 He names as witnesses:
 Ole Stromquist, Andrew Sundberg, Waldmer Anderson and Andrew Johnson, all of Rapid River, Mich.
 Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 10th day of March, 1908.
 JAMES J. DONOVAN, Register

Personals

Andrew Peterson came down from Calumet Monday evening to spend a week with his relatives and friends here. He finds business good in the copper country, though the painting trade is not rushing in winter. Andrew has a host of friends in Gladstone who are glad to see him once more.

G. R. Empson left for Salt Lake City Monday to look after his numerous interests in Utah. He will return in a fortnight.

Miss Ruby Wagar, of Kalkaska, has taken the position of kindergarten teacher vacated by Miss Austin.

Christ Larson, who has been working on the masonwork of the boilers at the Buckeye, has been much delayed by the inclement weather this week.

Mrs. Mina Cardinal has received a decree of divorce from Joseph Cardinal with restoration of her former name, Mrs. Mina Nicholson.

Charles Slining, who left Tuesday morning to attend the Ferris Institute at Big Rapids, has found difficulty in making the journey. When he reached St. Ignace, he found the ferries unable to cross the straits, and after waiting vainly for them to make it, he could not return, for the South Shore is blockaded. He had a view of the big fire there Wednesday which destroyed the opera house and other buildings.

Joseph Blair will leave San Pedro soon with his family for Albuquerque, N. M., where he will work until next winter. Ed. Peterson, formerly of this city, is now conducting a photo gallery and jewelry store in Los Angeles.

Byron Slining left Monday evening for the South.

Miss Delia Garvey was in the city Wednesday to attend the Forester's banquet. She remained until Friday to visit here.

M. Gleason arrived last Thursday in Salt Lake City. Dr. Gleason has passed the crisis and is recovering.

A daughter was born Monday to Mr. and Mrs. Jesse de Nyo.

Thomas Doran of Gladstone was examined as to his sanity before Judge T. B. White of the Probate court Wednesday and was ordered committed to the hospital for the insane at Newberry for treatment.

A son was born Sunday morning to Mr. and Mrs. Swan Blomquist.

Miss Pearl Laidlaw, who intended to start Friday for Tawas to visit her relatives, will wait until communication by way of the straits is released. In that part of the mitten the snowfall is excessive this winter.

Sylvester Burrows, of Stillwater, Minn., arrived Monday to visit his son, Hon. Andrew P. Burrows, for a short time.

Mrs. Thos. O'Connell has been a victim of lagrippe this week.

D. Bailey has been laid up this week with one of the most painful of afflictions, an ulcerated tooth.

A daughter was born Monday to Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Hoglund.

A son was born Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Thompson.

John Kelly, while working at a punch press Friday, touched the trip, and the punch crushed the thumb and first finger of his left hand, which were amputated at the first joint. Mr. Kelly, unfortunately, is left-handed.

John Louis is down with typhoid fever. All the members of his family have previously had it.

John Marshall has a touch of the grippe.

Mrs. Bacon is ill this week.

The family of Charles Jacobson have been released from quarantine for scarlet fever today.

Hon. Manizep Perron of Escanaba is in the city on business today.

W. L. Marble leaves tomorrow night for Chicago on a short business tour.

Fred Weade is here from West Superior, in charge of the Pittsburg Coal Company's office, while J. W. Beattie is away on his vacation. Mr. Weade is an experienced man and fits the place very smoothly.

Mrs. Will Marble returned Friday from Rockford, Mrs. Jackson's state of health being much improved.

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GENUINE Pocahontas
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STATE PAWNSHOPS.

French Rate is 7 Per Cent—Sometimes No Interest is Charged.

With none of the timidity or hesitation or the shamed aspect of our user of pawnshops does the Parisian perform his journey to the money lender. Far from feeling, after the door has closed behind him, that he is in the country of the enemy, the Frenchman can have his patriotic ardor at its highest, for over the pawnshop flies the tricolor of France instead of the gilded balls, and the guard at the door is a helmeted, white gloved republican guard. The customary whispering as the borrower exchanges goods for cash is unknown. Borrowing is a business transaction with the government.

It is not out of appreciation of these conditions, of course, that 7,000 people daily visit the municipal pawnshops, but their business trip includes a knowledge of the fact that whatever profits will accrue to the establishments will finally go back to the people.

There is no hagglng, says a writer in the Philadelphia Record. On jewelry four-fifths of the value of the object can be secured; on the other articles two-thirds. The interest is 7 per cent per annum. Should a borrower be in the unfortunate position of having paid interest for many years without being able to release the article the authorities will return it. When interest has not been paid the object in question goes to the auction, and then the righteousness of Paris pawnbroking is decidedly in evidence, for after the sale has been consummated and the original loan and interest are deducted the surplus goes to the borrower. Should the money remain unclaimed it is turned over to the Paris hospitals, and, curiously enough, these hospitals profit to the extent of 100,000 francs a year.

When one has made a study of French pawnbroking laws it is easily seen that the first object served by these laws is to protect people who want immediate money advantages. France (and we may say France, for municipal pawnbroking is to be found in every corner of the country) cares little that many transactions are carried on at a loss. In one year of some 2,000,000 pawned articles in Paris 1,000,000 were effected at a loss, since no auction will bring a complete return on small objects. Of course this is offset by the return from loans on the other million articles, but should there be a deficiency the municipality has no hesitation in going down in its pockets and thus has an indirect mode of taxing the well to do to support the needy. Since no country has raised a cry against charity, this, as one form of it, can be passed without criticism. The fact is, money is lost on all loans under 20 francs.

The capital of the pawnshops consists of legacies, gifts and subventions of the state, department or the commune. Occasionally, as at Grenoble and Montpellier, the establishments are so well endowed that no interest is charged. Paris, for no unfathomable reasons, does the largest pawnbroking business on the continent, 34,000,000 francs being the average yearly pledges and 30,000,000 francs redeemed. The total revenue is 4,000,000 francs, the expense of management 1,500,000 francs, the interest on capital about 1,500,000 francs and the net profits 150,000 francs.

A Resourceful Legislator.
 "It will be impossible for us to transact any public business tonight," said the president of the city council, "because of the lack of a quorum."

"Mr. Chairman," said the new member, arising quickly, "I have been elected on a pledge to my constituency that I shall work untiringly and unceasingly for the upbuilding and uplifting of our city, and I now and here move that a committee be appointed to consider the immediate purchase of as good a quorum as the market affords and that the committee be instructed to secure the quorum and have it properly installed by the next meeting night. And furthermore," he said, with a fine patriotic touch, "let us obtain a good American quorum and not one of those ancient Roman things!"—Success Magazine.

In the Swim.
 A serious accident happened at the supper table. Somebody—it's always somebody—who is to blame—upset a pitcher of water over the cloth. There was a general scampering and a calling for somebody to remedy the mischief.

"How could you be so careless, Tom?" cried Freddie indignantly.
 "Never mind, my boy," replied Tom, in his airy way. "It's all right. We're all in the swim now."—St. Louis Republic.

Maybe It Didn't.
 Tommy—I did wash my face. Mother—How dare you tell me that? Why, it's just as dirty as ever. Tommy—Well, I washed it, but maybe it didn't take. You know my vaccination didn't take the first time.—Philadelphia Press.

Royal Neighbors.
 The Royal Neighbors of America now has 130,000 beneficial members in good standing.
 The society is now getting nicely started in Texas. In New York and West Virginia the society is also getting well established.

Knights and Ladies of Honor.
 Recent reports show the order has about \$500,000 as a reserve fund, with a beautiful temple worth over \$100,000.
 L. B. Lockhard has been re-elected supreme protector of the order.

AN ALL DAY CIGAR.

The Kind Smoked by a Tribe of South American Indians.

Cigars a foot and a half long, which are made for one day's smoking, are shown in the American Museum of Natural History. With them is a holder which looks like a tuning fork and is large enough to be used for pitching hay.

Far up the Rio Nigra, a tributary of the Amazon, two explorers made a collection of articles for the museum. The Indians there made cigars eighteen inches long and as big around as a child's arm. One of these cigars is too much for any ease loving man to clasp, so the Indians put the fragrant roll between the tines of a fork two and a half feet long, stick the sharp end of the handle into the ground at a convenient distance from their hammocks and take a puff from time to time as they sway lazily backward and forward.

There are many other picturesque articles in the collection, which was made during a three months' journey from the coast. The material is of the highest value, and nothing like it has been seen except a few articles in a German museum.—New York Herald.

STEAMSHIP NAMES.

The Way They Are Shortened in the Companies' Offices.

No matter how long or difficult of pronunciation may be the name of a steamer, the passenger agents and clerks of the various steamship lines make an effort to be correct in using it when selling tickets to customers. Occasionally they make a slip of the tongue and call the steamer by the nickname used in the office when passengers are not around. The steamers of the Atlantic Transport line, the Minneapolis, the Minnetonka and the Minnehaha, are referred to generally as the "Minnies." Individually the Minnetonka is called the "Tonk" and the Mesaba the "Mes." The Red line Vardeland is called "Father," the Finland the "Fin" and the Kroonland and the Zealand the "Kroon" and the "Zee," respectively. The prefix St. is dropped when reference is made to the St. Paul; the St. Louis is called "Looie" and the Philadelphia is called the "Phillye." The North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse in the parlance of the office force is the "Big Bill" and the Kaiser Wilhelm II. is "Billy Two."—New York Tribune.

THE MUSSULMANS.

They Are Not Easily Disturbed While Saying Their Prayers.

When saying his prayers the true Mussulman is not easily disturbed. Hans Doering, in his account of his travels in Chinese Turkestan, writes: "It is an interesting sight to see a Mussulman perform his devotions. Through the piece of glass in my paper window I saw the interpreter spread his carpet in front of his house just opposite the one in which I was living. His wife and child sat quite close to him talking loudly with some visitors, but this did not in the least disturb the old man at his devotions.

"In spite of the noise the melodious chanting of the Koran was quite audible. The worshiper kotowed several times and cried 'Allah, Allah, Allah' then for awhile stood reverentially clasping his hands crosswise upon his breast, after which he joined in the conversation.

"His wife then went through the same performance, doing exactly the same as her husband. This they do every morning and evening whether there are friends with them or not."

Blindness of Conceit.

"Ever notice the density of a conceited person?" asked a business man. "To me that's the most striking thing about such an individual. Maybe he has some qualities that justify his good opinion of himself, and maybe not. He's dense just the same, and the proof of it is that he doesn't realize how he impresses his associates unpleasantly. If the average conceited man had the least idea of the handicap under which he is laboring he'd shed it mighty quick. But he hasn't, and it's impossible to drill it into him. He's the modern human ostrich, with his head stuck into the sand, so far as any recognition of his disagreeable trait is concerned."—New York Press.

DIET AND SLEEP.

Eating Before Retiring and Digestion During Slumber.

Diet has little influence on sleep except in so far as it may produce disturbances of digestion and through these of the general balance of health. The hypnotic effects of certain foods, such as onions, lettuce, milk, etc., are chiefly imaginary. Even the time of the last meal of the day is of relatively little importance except that it is well to let this be at least two or three hours before retiring. But even this rule has many exceptions, as many healthy laboring men habitually fall asleep over their pipes directly after supper, and children after poking the spoon into their little eyes nod off over the tea table, with the bread and butter still clutched in their chubby fists.

The processes of digestion probably go on more slowly during sleep, but they are perfectly carried out, as is illustrated by the almost invariable habit among animals of going to sleep directly after a meal.
 Indeed, a moderate amount of food in the stomach or intestines seems to promote slumber. Many night workers, for instance, sleep much better for taking a light or even full supper just before retiring.—Dr. Woods Hutchinson in American Magazine.

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