Volume XXII.

CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

Gladstone, Mich., August 31, 1907.

\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Number 22

DIRECTORY.

DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN DENTIST.

Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., from 1 to 5 p. m and from 7 to 8 p. m. Delta avenue and Ninth street, over Minne wasca Furniture Co's store.

DR. A. H. KINMOND

DENTIST.

Office over Nelson's Grocery.

DR. GEORGE BJÖRKMAN PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office over The Hub. Delta and Seventh Sts.

Residence, Michigan Ave., Cor. Seventh St. Physician of the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co. GLADSTONE, MICH.

CHAS. H. SCOTT.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE Real Estate and Insurance Agent. Notary Public. Office in Minnewasca Building, Gladstone.

G. R. EMPSON.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in Minnewasca Block, Delta Avenue and

Ninth Street. GLADSTONE, - - MICHIGAN.

DIRECTORY

SWENSON BROS., Fine Furniture, Undertaking, Upholstered goods and Steamship Tickets. Delta Avenue near Central.

THE GLADSTONE DELTA Job Printing Department is Equipped to do every class of Printing. Corporation & Law Printing a Specialty

You can get it at Number Sixteen.

725 DELTA

DON'T FORCET THE NUMBER

A change of Menu every day. French Chef in charge of the buffet.

Light beverages carefully compounded. Heavy ones mixed to order.

Long drinks, cool and pleasant, delightful to the eye and like a dream to the palate.

YOURS IS READY SOREN JOHNSON.

Undecided?

Don't know what to get for dinner? Stop at rel of New Holland Herring, it Weinig's and you will always find something tempting, a choice cut Comfort and or tid-bit that will make dinner attractive.

50000

M. WEINIG.

THE LAST? Is that pad of Stationery the last in the draw? Order before you run out of paper entirely. THE DELTA.

ROUMAN BROTHERS' CANDY KITCHEN AND



PARLOR

THE BEST IN THE CITY

We Deliver Ice Cream, two quarts, or more for any party.

ONE QUART TWO QUARTS .50c \$1.00 ONE GALLON PER GALLON, IN QUANTITIES
5 GALLONS UP, 90 CENTS TELEPHONE 68 AND WE WILL BRING IT.

are made by an experienced been shipped hundreds of with his personal knowledge of the ried. miles. † ‡ † ‡ † If you wish anything special, tell us of his ground. so and you shall have it next day.

AND

CHOICE TEAS AND COFFEES

Now is the Canning Season, and we have a large supply of Fruit Jars and fruit jar Rub-

1 quart Fruit Jars, per Ripe tomatoes, very nice

is very nice. Per pound, 10c.

ELOF HANSON

Cleanliness.

Do You Contemplate installing any Modern Conveniences? Let Me Figure with You the Cost of Water Connections, Sanitary Plumbing Heating, Gaslighting. Can You Afford to be Without

Them? Good Work. Material the Best. PHONE 260 712 DELTA AVENUE H. J. KRUEGER, CITY PLUMBER.



A GREAT SUCCESS.

The Clevelnd-Cliffs company has for several years enjoyed the distinction of being the largest manufacturer of charcoal pig iron in the United States. Time was when this brand was considered indispensable to the making of high grade products.

Marquette county, during the charcoal iron producing period, had many thriving little hamlets supported by the labor employed about the "furnaces" and the ruins of these assist to memorize the days when these little stacks were hot with their loads of molten iron and when the smoke of many kilns charring the wood could be frequently

The old furnaces were too small to make iron at a profit when the competition from the modern coke makers was met. It was the competition between the coke men that shut out the charcoal element the latter having facilities to supply only a small percentage of the

After nearly every upper peninsula harcoal stack was cold and the business looked upon as one that had been retired due to the law of the survival of the fittest, Mr. Wm. G. Mather, president of the Cleveland Cliffs company. announced that he was going into charcoal iron making in earnest, and immediately preparrd plans and begun the erection of a fine furnace at Gladstone, Michigan. There were not a few who looked upon the venture as hazardous and who freely predicted failure for it. But Mr. Mather had not inauguated his The goods you get from us He had visited foreign countries to heretofore adopted. study their methods, had consulted with the most skilled men in the business ores, the fuel, the labor markets, and

Before announcing his plans he wisely valuble tracts of land in the vicinity of by Ald. Clark: Gladstone from which an ample supply CARL SEDERBERG. of fuel could be obtained. With the furnace wae associated a chemical plant We make deliveries, Phone 62 for the securing of the alcohol and grey acetate of lime from the smoke producbut Mr. Mather knew the value of the by-products in modern practice and prepared to save these valuable elements.

The success of the Gladstone furnace was so pronounced that a second charcoal iron producing plant was decided upon, the location being the city of Marquette. This addition to the company's iron manufacturing branch was completed four and one-half years ago, and is to-day the chief labor-employing enterprise of that place. Mr. Mather bought an enormous tract of land and 2 quart Fruit Jars, doz 70 | Southeastern; this land not only furnish-Pint Fruit Jars, per doz. .45 es the fuel for the furnaces, but with development will become over a million Cucumbers, per doz...... .20 coal furnaces are for the present the time it has produced more than 220,000 We have just received a bar- tons of metal, a wonderful performance truly; half this product would be looked upon as highly creditable. The Marquette furnace has continuously in blast for and one-half years.

To the management of Mr. Austin Farrell, who has charge of this branch of the company's business, the successful operation is largely due. He is a practical and technical man of many years experience and he has given his best attention to these plants and has surrounded himself with a magnificient organization, each department being guided by competent. loyal men.

So that while the little stacks of bygone years are no longer playing any part in our industrial progress, we have a modern concern of vastly greater importance to our present and of invaluable benefit to our future.—Iron Ore.

BOYS WANTED.

A few boys between the ages of 16 and 20 can find steady employment in the factory of the Marble Safety Axe

WHAT D'YE LACK?

The Delta office is always ready to handle that little job of Printing, NEATLY AND PROMPTLY.

Do not wait until you must have it immediately. Order Now. THE DELTA.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Gladstone, Mich., Aug. 26th, 1907. City Council met pursuant to adjourn-

Present, at roll-call, Mayor Miller, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Theriault and Young. Absent, Ald. Noblet.

Mayor Miller stated that the object of the meeting was for the hearing of suggestions and objections to the proposed sewer and street improvements as advertised and for the transaction of such other business in connectiou therewith that might legally be brought be-

fore the meeting No suggestions or objections being by Ald. Eaton:

public improvement to construct a sewer posite, to-wit: and Eleventh street and

Whereas, The necessary notices have been given of such improvement and the hearing of suggestions and objections to such improvements has been had, and, whereas, no suggestions nor objections have been made to same,

Therefore be it Resolved, That the said sewer be constructed in accordance with the plans and specifications as preindustry without mature deliberation. pared by W. A. Shaw, of Chicago, as

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green and Theriault. (6) Nays, baker, daily. They have not and the result of his research combined Ald. Young. (1) Motion declared car-

No suggestions or objections being financial prospects, was that he felt sure made in relation to the proposed street the following resolution and moved its and to pay for all labor employed or ma- Graded Literature readers will be used. bargained for and secured possession of doption, which motion was supported terial used in the construction of the A liberal exchange will be allowed for

termined necessary and desirable as a all to the satisfaction of the Mayor and public improvement to pave Delta city council In the event of the failure avenue, from Sixth street to Central av- of the undersigned to enter into conenue, and whereas, the necessary notices tract as above, within five (5) days afed by the burning of the wood in the have been given of such improvement ter notification of its award, then the kilns. Formerly, in the operation of and hearing of suggestions and objec- accompanying certified check shall be the kilns the pyroligneous acid was per- tions to such improvement has been had, forfeited to the City of Gladstone. mitted to dissipate in the atmosphere, and whereas, no suggestions or objection have been made to same

Therefore be it Resolved, That the said pavement be constructed in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton, of Escanaba, as heretofore adopted.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark. Eaton, Folsom, Green, Theriault and Young.

The city clerk informed the council Northern Construction & Engineering fice Co., for the sewer work and one from Removing blocks and lbr., \$900.00 the same company for the street work, Excavating and grading, per also one from W. J. Micks for the street

The mayor ordered the clerk to open and read the bids to the council which Cement curb and gutter, per linwas done as follows;

To the Honorable Mayor and city council of the city of Gladstone, Michigan. Gentlemen-Having carefully exam-

ned the plans and specifications and acquainted ourselves with the location in which the work is to be constructed in your city, we hereby propose to furnish all labor and material, and to construct the work as shown and described in plans and specifications, and in full accordance therewith, as given in the following estimate, the final and total amount varying as the quantity may vary from those given. The bids being based upon the following prices named: In Delta avenue from 11th street

to 8th St, approximate length 1225 feet, size pipe 12 inch, average cut 11.5 feet, bid per foot \$ 1.25

In Delta avenue from 8th street to 6th street, approximate length 800 feet, size pipe 10 inch, average cut 11.5 feet, bid per foot__ 1.17 In Sixth street from Delta avenue to Wisconsin avenue, approximate length 750 feet, size

pipe 15 inch, bid per foot____ In Sixth street from Delta avenue to Wisconsin avenue to the lake, approximate length 1665 feet, size pipe 18 inch, bid per foot _____

At outlet 50 feet of iron pipe with piling, city to furnish iron pipe on work_____ 150.00 Manholes, complete 51.00 Catch-basins, each complete ___ 35.00 All 8 inch pipe sewer, per foot... All 6 inch pipe house connections,

per foot_____ The city to furnish all castings for catch-basins and manholes and all dust pans on the work.

council within ten (10) days after re-

stone. Signed, Northern Construction & Engineering Co., By JOHN G. ZANE, Gen. Mgr. Residence, Escanaba, Mich.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Gladstone Michigan.

Gentlemen: - We hereby propose to made in relation to the proposed sewer furnish all labor and materials necesimprovement, Ald. Champion offered sary to complete the paving, draining the following resolution and moved its and curbing as advertised to be let on adoption, which motion was supported Delta Avenue according to plans and specifications now on file in the city Whereas, It has heretofore been de- clerk's office on the 10th day of July, A. termined necessary and desirable as a D. 1907. for the following prices set op-

on Delta avenue, between Sixth street For all grading, per cubic yard ____ \$.30 For all broken stone, per cubic yard on street,____ 2.03

For all concrete curb, per lineal foot, _____ For all excavation ordered by the

Engineer, For removing old cedar blocks, per cubic yard, including back-filling

The whole work to be in accordance with the plans and specifications for the same, now on file in the office of the City Clerk. The quantities are understood to be closely approximate only and may be increased or diminished not exceeding twenty (20%) per cent, without change in prices. We further agree to enter into bonds in the sum as required by law with good and sufficient sure-Whereas, It has heretofore been de- which may be brought against the work;

> Northern Construction & Engineering Co. JOHN G. ZANE. Gen. Mgr. Escanaba, Mich. Gladstone Mich., Aug. 26th, 1907.

Gentlemen of the Council:-

I herewith hand you my check for (7) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared Five hundred (\$500.00) dollars, as re- determine them to be quested to accompany my bid, for the full length of Delta avenue to be exca- Highest Grade. that he had received three bids for the vated and macadamed, according to proposed improvements, one from the plans now on file in the city clerk's of-

> vard. Crushed rock delivered on Delta finished, per yard, ____ eal foot, Catch basins, each, 42.00 Guarantees. Cement manholes, each, 45.00 Cutting and replanking sidewalk for curb, per lot, _____

City to stand the extra charge for removing cement walks for catchbasins. City to furnish free water and hose. Roller to be paid for by the hour. City scrapers to be used if needed. If the City needs sand for filling purposes. should pay for it at set price. Yours respectfully,

W. J. MICKS.

City Clerk.

Mayor declared a recess for thirty minutes, after which time meeting was again called to order. On motion of Ald. Eaton, supported by Ald. Clark, council adjourned to Tuesday evening, Aug. 27th, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m. W. A. NARRACONG,

Gladstone Mich., August 27th 1907. City council met pursuant to adjourn-

ment. Present, Mayor Miller, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green and Theriault. Absent, Ald. Noblet and

Committee on Streets and Bridges The Best Private Boarding made the following report:

Gladstone Mich., Aug. 27, 1907. To the City council, city of Gladstone. Gentlemen:-

Your committee on Streets and Bridges, to whom was referred the bids for the improving of Delta Avenue and construction of proposed sewer in Delta Avenue and in Sixth St., respectfully report they have given same careful conideration and find that the Northern Construction & Engineering Company's The enclosed certified check for Three | bid for said work is the lowest. Your hundred (\$300.00) dollars, being ten Committee would therefore recommend

faith of the undersigned to enter into that contracts be entered into with the contract with said city with a sufficient Northern Construction & Engineering ever toprovide for the completion of all ceiving contract for execution from the work on or before December 15th, 1907, City Attorney, and in case of failure to and in case of the non-completion of the enter into contract within the specified work by said time, for a penalty of ten (\$10.00) dollars for each and every day time, then this accompanying check will be forfeited to the city of Glad- after the 15th of December, 1907, until such completion. The contractors to agree to use the City steam road roller and the city sprinkler at a price to be agreed upon with the committee on streets and bridges and embodied in the contract. Your committee recommend that contractors be required to give a bond to the people of the State of Michigan as required by law in the sum of five thousand (\$5000.00) dollars and a bond to the city of Gladstone in the sum of seven thousand five hundred (\$7500.00) dollars with such sureties as shall be approved by the city council.

JOSEPH EATON. Com. CHAS. GREEN.

Ald. Eaton offered the following resolution and moved its adoption, which motion was supported by Ald. Clark;

Resolved, That the report of the committee on streets and bridges be accepted and adopted and the Mayor and clerk be instructed to enter into contracts with the Northern Construction & Engineering Co., in accordance with said report. Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green and Theriault (6). Nays, none (0). Motion declared carried.

Moved by Ald. Green, supported by Ald. Clark, that Council adjourn. Motion carried unanimously.

W. A. NARRACONG, City Clerk.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

School will begin Tuesday, excepting the kindergarten, which will commence improvement, Ald. Champion offered ties to complete the work as called for their old rooms. The first four of the Wednesday. All pupils will meet in work and to adjust all claims or liens, old Harpers. The fifth grade will complete the use of their Harper's Fourth readers. The school board will furnish supplementary reading for the first and

> E. J. WILLMAN. Superintendent.

THE EXPERT

Can pass upon our To the City Council, your Honor and Goods with balance and microscope and

THE COMMON MAN

May know It by the brands .25 with a national reputation, 1.99 such as FERNDELL, and backed by the strongest of

OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE

As we only expect a living profit.

Fresh Green Vegetables received Daily.

GLADSTONE GROCERY CO. P. J. LINDBLAD PROP

The Harbor

SAMPLE ROOM NO BOARDING HOUSE. +++++++++++

359 DELTA AVENUE, OPPOSITE THE DOCKS.

++++++

House in Gladstone. The bar is furnished with the best of everything. Imported wines and liquors from every land. Clean, prompt ser-

ANDREW STEVENSON, PROPRIETOR.

vice. Moderate charges.

NELSON MORRIS, PACKEH, EXPIRES.

LEADING CHICAGO CITIZEN DIES AFTER SEVERAL WEEKS OF ILLNESS.

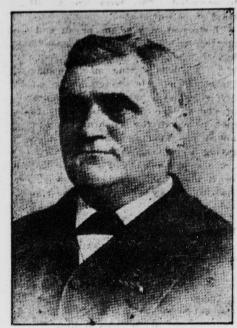
CAME TO AMERICA PENNILESS.

Born in Germany He Rose from Obscurity and in His Will He Will Leave Many Millions.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 27.-Nelson Morris, the well known packer of this city, died today after an illness of several weeks. Mr. Morris was a victim of heart disease complicated with kidney troubles.

Rose from Obscurity. Nelson Morris was an example of a man who started with nothing and by hard work and thrifty habits achieved the pinacle of business success.

Born in the Black Forest in Germany in 1839. Mr. Morris was the son of wealthy parents whose property was con-



THE LATE NELSON MORRIS.

fiscated in the revolution of 1848. Reduced to poverty he came to America alone at the age of 12. Following the custom of those days, he was sold out to peddle, and he began his career by trudging through Connecticut disposing of wares. But his spirit rebelled, so he ran away to another part of the state, where he became a charcoal burner.

His Early Days in Chicago. In 1854 Mr. Morris came to Chicago, starting to work in the old Sherman stock yards for \$5 a month and board. At the beginning of the second year Mr. Sherman offered him \$100 a month, but the young man preferred to take chances in business for himself. His first venture was to buy smothered pigs for rendering purposes, and later as his capital increased he began to slaughter cattle. Within eight years after reaching Chicago Mr. Morris had carned around

Chicago Mr. Morris had earned enough money to redeem the German homestead In 1863 he married Miss Sarah Vogel. There were five children, four of whom survive. The living are Mrs. A. M. Rothschild of New York, Edward, Ira, and Maud Morris.

Becomes Banker Later.

After Mr. Morris had firmly established his packing business he became in-terested in other lines. He was the or-ganizer of the stockyard banking sys-tem, and at the time of his death was a director in a number of the banks. He was also an owner of great tracts of land in Nebraska and Texas, upon which

he raised cattle.
Mr. Morris' vast business interests. amounting to many millions, will be looked after by his two sons, Ira and Edward.

OSLER DISCIPLE CUTS HIS THROAT.

Rev. Edward Hunt Jewett, Aged Minister, Commits Suicide in West-Too Old for Any Good.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 27.—Rev. Edward Hunt Jewett, an aged minister who took his life at Manhattan beach last evening by cutting his throat with a razor, was a believer of the Osler theory.

He was 77 years old and frequently reverted to the uselessness of his life at such an advanced age, and desired to die. He wished society might help him to end his existence.

He was a prominent Episcopalian rector and known throughout England and the United States. He held degrees from Hobart college and the General Theological services are the control of the ical seminary of New York and had occupied important pastorates at Dayton and Norwich, Conn., and in 1880 as called to the chair of pastoral theologist at the General Theological seminary. The latter position he held until four ears ago. He achieved eminence in the years ago. He achieved eminence in the mastery of Hebrew and was an author of two theological volumes.

CANNOT SETTLE STRIKE.

Telegraph Operators Intend to Continue Struggle Until December and Then Appeal to Congress.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Prospects of a mutually satisfactory settlement of the telegraphers' strike appear to be no more promising today than they were a week

ago.

"We are going to keep up the struggle until the business interests of the country force Congress to act," said President Small of the telegraphers' union today. "We will be able to hold on until the next session of Congress. I do not believe that the telegraph companies can hold out much longer.

MUST MARRY IN CHURCH

New Catholic Law Will Not Recognize Weddings Otherwise-New Rule of Pope Pius.

ROME, Aug. 27.—Under a new law to be announced soon all marriages of American Catholics that have been contracted by going before a justice of the peace or even a Protestant minister will be regarded as null and void among Catholics. The new law has been drafted at the request of Pope Pius.

LION'S VICTIM IS DEAD FINDS U. S. SUPREME

MRS. HUCKE, TORN BY ESCAPED BEAST, SUCCUMBS.

Animal Riddled with Bullets Before It Drops-Leaps Into Crowd from Cage:

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 28.-Mrs Anna A. Hucke, who was attacked at Luna park, an amusement resort, yesterday by a large lion, which escaped from one of the side shows, succumbed today from her injuries. Mrs. Hucke's lung was penetrated by a tooth of the lion, and several of her ribs were broken.

Four policemen fired fifty shots at the

animal before it was killed. The animal show is next to the music pavilion, and almost every one in the park was listening to a band concert. It was 3:30 o'clock, and the lecturer was telling of the untamed lion when the animal threw his weight against the iron

bars and they gave way.

As soon as he found himself free the lion sprang toward the crowd. Mrs. Hucke was at the front and the beast alighted beside her, brushing against her with sufficient force to throw her to the ground. Then with one blow of its paw he crushed her ribs in the left side. Before any one could interfere the beast sank its teeth. Policemen then fired at the animal, which ran through the park, creating a panic. He was

finally driven into a corner. It was not until nearly fifty shots had been fired, more than half of which took effect, that the animal toppled over

dead.
While the fight was in progress people the park sought every imaginable place of refuge. It was only by a miracle that many of them were not trampled to death, but all of them escaped serious

The skin of the animal will be stuffed. He was a large specimen and the owners value him at \$1000.

ADMIRAL DAVIS QUITS SERVICE.

Retires from Navy Reaching Age Limit of 62 Years-Diplomat and a Warrior.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 28 .-[Special.]-Today, after a career of more than forty years of faithful and efficient service as an officer of the United States navy, Rear Admiral Charles Henry Davis was placed on the retired list on account of having reached the age limit of 62 years.

His retirement causes a number of changes and promotions all along the line of the service. Admiral Davis' place as commander of the second squadron of the Atlantic fleet is taken by Rear Admiral Charles M. Thomas, commander of the second division of the first squadron of the same fleet, who will be suc ceeded by Rear Admiral Charles S. Sperry, at present naval delegate at The Hague.

Has Diplomatic Triumphs. The record that Admiral Davis leaves behind him in the American navy is a

continuous succession of diplomatic triumphs. In addition he saw much ac-tive service in the Civil and Spanish wars. He entered the naval academy in 1861, and was made an ensign in 1866. show conclusively that those who were In 1864 and 1865 he had his first experience in actual duty on board ship, vessel being attached to the New York harbor station. His promotions were— to master in 1866, lieutenant in 1868. lieutenant commander in 1869. mander in 1885, captain in 1898, and rear

admiral in 1904.
Admiral Davis is a man of force, learning and executive ability, and has frequently been assigned to important duties, not only in war, but in scientific investigations. Among the latter he was in charge of or connected with expeditions for the determination of latitude and longtitude in the Atlantic ocean, and in the far east; three years was chief naval intelligence officer, and later superintendent of the naval observatory.

Work During Recent War.

During the war with Spain he was in command of the auxiliary cruiser Dixie, and did a large amount of effective work along the southern coast of Cuba, sinking gunboats, crippling forts and smash ing blockhouses, and on one occasion routed a body of Spanish cavalry a day or two before the American troops were ready to make their landing.

Rear Admiral Davis was selected as the American member of the international commission which met in Paris two years ago to inquire into the firing Russia's battle fleet in the British fishing trawlers in the North Sea. the time of the Kingston earthquake dis aster it was Admiral Davis, whose offer

of assistance for the sufferers was re-fused by Gov. Swettenham. Admiral Davis' title as "Grand Commander of the Order of Isabella" conferred by Spain in recognition of his services as personal conductor as a representative of the United States gov ernment of the Infanta Eulalie when she visited America in 1893 as Spain's representative to the Columbian exposi-

tion at Chicago.

The vacancy in the list of rear admirals caused by the retirement of Admiral Davis is filled by the promotion of Capt. Edwin Conway Pendleton. Capt. Pendleton comes from Virginia and graduated from the naval academy in 1867. During the forty years he has been in the navy he has seen service in duties and on various stations. From 1900 to 1902 he was in command of the cruiser Atlanta, and later served as superintendent of the naval gun fac-

QUAKE AT MARTINIQUE

Strong Disturbance Is Felt on the Island, but No Damage Is Done.

FORT DE FRANCE. Island of Martinique, Aug. 28.—A strong earth shock was felt here at 10:50 o'clock p. m. yesterday. No damage has been re-

\$140,000,000 FOR YEAR.

This Amount Will Keep City of New York Going for the Next Twelve Months.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—It will cost \$140,000,000 to keep New York city going during the year 1908, according to estimates submitted to the board of estimate and aportionment by all department officials. This is an increase of \$10,000. officials. This is an increase of \$10,000, 000 over the estimates made for the cur

IN RAIL RATE WAR.

FEDERAL JUDGE DEALS BLOW TO STATES RIGHTS IDEA IN NORTH CAROLINA.

UPHOLDS HIS INJUNCTIONS.

Pritchard Says in Opinion He Is Acting Under Constitution Which Safeguards American Citizens.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 27.-Judge Pritchard in the United States circuit court, in a long expected opinion announced today in the rate case of the Southern railway against the commission and the attorney general of North Carolina, upholds the jurisdiction of his court in the issuance of the recent injunctions against officials during the railroad rate controversy and declares that the suit is not one against the state within the meaning of the Eleventh amendment to the federal constitution. That amendment holds the judicial power of the United States shall not extend to any suit against a state by citizens of another

Upholds the Constitution.

The decision says that a state Legislature cannot so frame an act as to de-prive a citizen of a right vouchsafed him by the federal constitution. It does not possess the power, "to deprive this court of its jurisdiction and the sooner those questions are definitely determined the better it will be for all parties con-

The decision holds that the corporation commission is still charged with making rates, the only limitation upon their pow-er being "that they shall not make a maximum rate in North Carolina in ex-

cess of 21/4 cents per mile, The corporation commission and the attorney general are "specially charged with the duty of securing the enforce-ment of Section 4 of the passenger rate act, which provides heavy penalties and fines for a failure of railroads and their officials to comply with that act."
All laws in existence on the passage of

All laws in existence on the passage of that act bearing on supervision and control of railroads, etc., are to be construed in connection with the rate act.

"It is inconceivable," the decision says, "that a circuit court of the United States in the exercise of its jurisdiction whould be powerless to effort a record

should be powerless to afford a remedy to one who seeks to assert a right which is guaranteed by the constitution of the United States. This is in no sense a suit against the state, nor can it be suc-cessfully contended that the state is in any wise a party in interest, in so far as the merits of the controversy are con-cerned. It cannot be reasonably insisted that this is a suit to prevent the state from enforcing any right which it pos-sesses, nor can it be said to be a suit to compel the performance of an obliga-tion of the state, nor does it in any wise involve a matter in which the state has a pecuniary interest, the parties in in-terest being complainant on the one side and the traveling public on the other.

Court Has Jurisdiction. "Therefore, the questions presented are not such as to warrant the assumption that this court is withuot jurisdiction and a careful study of the circumstances attending the adoption of the Eleventh amendment, as well as the end to be obresponsible for its adoption never dreamed that it could be used as a means of depriving an American citizen of a substantial right conferred upon

him by the constitution of the United The Eleventh amendment being a part of the constitution must be construed so as to give full force and effect to every provision of the instrument of which it forms a part. Any other construction of this amendment would practically nullify that clause of the constitution which provides that no state shall pass any laws impairing the obligations of contracts as

as the Fourteenth amendment.' The opinion shows that the laws of North Carolina especially provide upon what terms an injunction shall be granted to suspend rates, pending litigation, or involving the confiscatory nature of such rates; that the statutes of North Carolina expressly authorize the course are involved, but do not even require a bond for such injunction when passen-ger fares are in litigation.

WORK OUT BIG CRUISE

Cruise of Atlantic Warships.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 27.-Details of the movement of the great battleship fleet around the continent of South America are being systematically developed both on board Admiral Evans' flagship Connecticut, and at the navy department, where, by the President's orders, the various naval bureaus are at last formally authorized to put into execution the plans for the fleet move-

No decision has yet been reached as to the route by which the ships shall return to the Atlantic and decision in that matter will not be necessary for many months. It is settled at last that the battleships, or at least a number of them will go into Puget Sound. The exact number will be determined by the capacity of that body of water to ac-

commodate the big vessels. The battleships carry only 120 fathoms of anchor chains and most of the water is more than sixty fathoms deep, so that as safe practice requires the anchor chains to be not less than three times the depth of water, only a few vessels can be accommodated near Bremerton at one time.

BLIND WORKERS MEET.

Helen Keller Welcomes Delegates at Ninth Convention in Session at Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 27.—The ninth convention of the American Association of Workers for the Blind, which was opened in this city today, brought to gether many persons prominent through their work in the interests of the blind, some of them sightless themselves.

Among those who took part in the discussion was Miss Christine Lebarraque, the first blind woman lawyer in the United States, and Dr. F. J. Campbell, the sightless founder and superintendent of the Royal Normal College and Academy of Music for the blind at Lon-

don. England.

Miss Helen Keller and Gen. F. H.
Appleton, superintendent of the Perkins Institution for the Blind, welcomed the delegates at the opening of the conven-

GAIN \$234,445,216 IN RAIL EARNINGS

Fremendous Increase Despite the Fact That Rates Are Lower Than a Year Ago.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—The gross earnings of the railroads of the United States during 1906, according to the fortieth annual number of Poor's Manual, issued today, made the enormous increase over 1905 of \$234,442,516. The

net earnings increased \$104,723,224. This was done in spite of a heavy in crease in the operating expenses, due to higher wages and increased cost of material. Over 71,000,000 more people traveled by rail in 1906 than in the preeeding year, while the railroads moved 1,610,099,829 tons, as compared with 1,435,321,748 tons in the preceding year.

Assets Seventeen Billions.

The enormous growth in the wealth of the railroads given in tables shows what a stupendous undertaking the govern ment purchase of the roads would be The total assets are reported at \$17,534,381,633, or more than six times the total money in circulation in the coun-Among the interesting statistics are the following: 1906. 1905. Miles rail road

Miles rail r o a d operated ... 220,613.33 215,506.92 Train mileage: 488,553,200 467,270,447 Freight 608,325,539 559,434,683 Mixed 27,711,651 23,715,494 Passeng's carried 815,774,118 745,446,641 Pas'nger mileage.25,842,482,629 23,906,420,663 Tons freight m'ed 1,610,099,829 1,435,321,748

Rates Are Cut Down. The average receipts per passenger per mile in 1906 was 2.011 cents, as against 2.028 in 1905.

The average revenue per ton per mile in 1906 was 0.766 cents, as against 0.784 The average interest rate on railroad bonds during 1906 was 3.99, as against 3.97 in 1905, and the average dividend rate on all railroad stock was 3.62, as

against 3.27 in 1905.

Bonded Debt Grows. The increase in bonded debt during 1906 was \$425,845,877, the total funded debt of the steam railroads of the United States being \$7.851,107,778 at the close states being \$7.331,101,778 at the close of 1906 as against \$7.425,261,901 at the close of 1905. The increase in capital stock was \$364,452,151, total stock at the close of 1906 being \$7,106,408,976, as against \$6,741,356,825 at the close of 1905. The total increase in liabilities of

all kinds, including stock, mortgage bonds, real estate and equipment bonds and floating debt, was \$1,199,615,367.

The total assets of the steam railroads of the United States in 1906 increased \$1,241,500,810. The appropriate and estate in the state of the steam railroads of the United States in 1906 increased. \$1,241,509,810. The surplus and assets over liabilities was \$76,014,237, an in-crease of \$41,885,443 during 1906.

CENTRAL AMERICA IN PEACE COMPACT.

Roosevelt and Diaz Victorious in Efforts to Secure Lasting Tranquillity.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 28.-Acting Secretary of State Adee said today that he is authorized to announce that President Roosevelt and President Diaz are now in entire accord concerning the future of Central America and the settlement of disputes between the

five republics. In the light of dispatches from the City of Mexico and discussions between Secretary Adee and Minister Godoy, charge d'affaires of the Mexican em-bassy, this anonuncement is taken to mean that the United States and Mexico | cer, except Taft, ever undertook-that to have formulated a joint note to the Central American republics inviting them to hold a conference with a view to agreeand arduous journey have not yet been

to the republics or not is not known, but as the south American trip, but one the impression is that all of the republics pregnant with interest and importance have expressed a readiness to enter such

twenty-four hours outlining the policy under consideraion.

decided to telegraph to the President of the understanding as to the situation Guatemala, Salvador and Nicaragua, of throughout central America. It certain-Juatemala, Salvador and Nicaragua, offering the good offices of the Mexican ly will be fruitful of good results respectgovernment in the settlement of the dif- ing the United States and the country ferences between the three Central over which President Diaz presides American republics.

HE BLAMES WOMAN.

Navy Chief Hard at Task of Planning Mrs. Carter Tempted Him to Steal \$100,000 from Bank, He Says in Court.

> NEW YORK, Aug. 28.-Chester B. ideas and information impossible to ob-Runyan, the former paying teller who stole nearly \$100,00 in cash from the Windsor Trust company last June told in Windsor Trust company last June told in two months forestry and grazing prob-the court of general sessions today the lems in the west and northwest, travelstory of his downfall. He charged that ing hundreds of miles over almost im-Laura A. Carter, now on trial charged passable roads in wagons. with receiving some of the money which she knew to be stolen, was the tempter Mr. Garfield, who has also traversed all who led him astray. Runyan testified that he met Mrs. Carter on the street by chance and visited her at her home several times.

> During these visits he told her he had tolen several thousand dollars from "While he has been secretary of the stolen several thousand dollars from the bank where he was employed. One evening when they were talking about his case Mrs. Carter said: "You're in bad now, why don't you take some more and have enough for yourself?" A few days later he crammed nearly \$100,000 into a suit case and fled. He was delivered over to the police a week later

When Runyan went on the witness stand he appeared to be little troubled by his predicament.

FOR LABELS ON TOBACCO.

American Society of Equity Pushing Campaign in Southern States, So Lexington Hears.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 28.—The American Society of Equity has started a movement to have laws passed by the Legislatures of Kentucky, Ohio, Tennessee, and West Virginia. compelling all tobacco companies to label their wares, the wing by raising and training native song birds near the popular winter resort of Aiken, S. C. Beagle raising is the profitable occupation of another young lady, a Miss Asch. also near Aiken. showing the percentage of licorice and other ingredients.

HORSE DEAD; ENDS LIFE,

Iowa Farmer Obliged to Kill Equine Comrade-Sorrow Causes Man to Commit Suicide.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 28.—Unable to bear the thought of separation from his favorite horse, G. A. Long, a pros-perous Swedish farmer at Atlantic, killed the animal and then ended his own life

TO CRUSH BLACK HAND

PENNSYLVANIA HAS FOUND MOST CONVICTING EVIDENCE

New York Is Society's Headquarters and Americans Are Implicated by Police Search.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 27.-E1fective war, it is announced, is being waged against the "Black hand" throughout Pennsylvania by the state constabulary, and the indications are that the troops will soon rid the commonwealth

of its murderous organizations.

The state police authorities are in possession of information that "Black hand" operations are directed from cen-tral headquarters in New York and that the agents actually engaged in the work of intimidation are not all foreigners, some Americans being implicated.

ROOSEVELT AIDS GREAT TRAVELERS.

Secretary of War Taft Going Around World and Mr. Root to Mexico.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 27 .-[Special.]-"Official traveling is as contagious as yellow fever. It goes through an administrative household like a prairie fire and oddly enough the more of it that is done the more of it seems neces-

This comment was made by one of the oldest and most experienced of governofficials in connection with world tour on which Secretary Taft has started. He noted that from the President down through all grades of govern-ment officials the extent of the traveling done during the last six or eight years exceeded that of the last quarter of a

century.
"President Roosevelt's cabinet," he continued, "might well be known as the continued, "but the members have traveling cabinet. Its members have been away from Washington more frequently, have traveled further and on more extensive journeys than the members of any other cabinet in the history of the country. In a way this is only the natural result of the development of the country. No cabinet officer can familiarize himself thoroughly with the work of his department without coming into intimate touch with it in all of its details. These details are widely scattered and as they cannot be brought to him, it is necessary that he should go

Taft's Trip Is Necessary.

"Take Secretary Taft's case as an instance: He is now about to make his second trip to the Philippines since he was appointed secretary of war. Practically he made a trip around the world before This time he actually will encircle the globe. From the time he left Washing-This time he actually will energe the globe. From the time he left Washington until his return next December he will have covered approximately 30,000 miles. That trip will mean much, not to him, personally, only, but to the people of this country. Taft notwithstanding his bulk and his weight is a prodictions worker and every hour he is a way. gious worker and every hour he is away he will be working for America and for its diversified interests. A few years ago such a journey would have been wholly unnecessary; now it is an absolute necessity made so by the conditions which America created.

Great Work of Root. "Taft, however, is not the only long traveler in the cabinet. Secretary Root has already taken one long trip-longer than any other cabinet offithe countries of south and central ing upon a treaty insuring permanent peace.

Whether that note has been dispatched go on another long trip, not so extensive to the people of the United States. He will visit Mexico in the near future and Mr. Adee said today that he hoped to be able to make a statement within has not been disclosed it is expected that it will result in closer reslations po-litically and commercially between the Diaz Makes Offer.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 28.—It became known today that President Diaz had levided by that out of Secretary's Root's visit to Mexico will grow a more stable and defi-

> Others On Go, Too. "Secretary Straus of the department of commerce and labor is just about completing a tour which included the northern and western borders of the United States and the Hawaiian islands. He has been in touch with parts of the government's service that no cabinet officer ever before came into personal contact with and the journey will give him

> hand information as to the great ques-tions with which the interior department

navy, Mr. Metcalf has inspected most of the naval stations of the country on

both coasts covering thousands of miles by rail and water.

"Commissioner Leupp of the Indian office, Chief Forester Pinchot and Direc-tor Newell, of the reclamation service, have been on the go almost constantly since the adjournment of Congress an the knowledge which they have acquired will be of incalculable service to their departments when the legislation for the future is put into lasting form.'

10,061 Words on Postal Card. Without the aid of a glass an Australian is said to have written 10,061 words on a posta! card.

-Miss Louise Cheatam makes her liv-

-"Craps," or throwing dice, is said to have been originally a religious act. In the turn of the dice was supposed by the primitive peoples to be the answer of the gods to their prayers. There was no element of chance involved.

-One of the largest typewriting con-cerns in the world is in New York city and conducted by two sisters. writ servers are a success in many of our large cities.

-The French unit of horsepower is one-seventh less than the English.

THE TOURISTS' TRIBUTE.

Enormous Sum Spent Annually by Amer-

icans in Europe-Victims of Extortion. Germany has been doing some figuring on the annual profit of Europe from the American tourist invasion. It is assumed that 300,000 persons make a flying trip across the Atlantic each year, and their expenditures, exclusive of steamship tickets, are averaged at \$760 a head or a total of \$228,000,000.

This sum is mostly divided among the railroads, hotels and boarding houses, tailors and dressmakers and art dealers. It is estimated that 30,000 American

tailors and dressmakers and art dealers. It is estimated that 30,000 American women buy more or less clothing in Paris every year, and that they leave \$8,000,000 as a minimum with the dressmakers and \$1,500,000 with the milliners. For curios and articles to be kept or made presents as mementoes of the trip, Americans spend about \$2,000,000 in Paris every year. The amount of "tribute" thus paid to the Old World by the New has increased at a fixed rate every year until the present. There is some alarm now lest American liberality be checked by the greed of those who profit by it. The outrageous prices asked, often three and four times the current local value of articles, have been delocal value of articles, have been de-tected by many visitors and many promising deals, it is said, have been sum-marily cut short.—New York Sun.

NO DOCTORS FOR HIM.

Geneva Man Dead at 102 Makes Startling Statement.

Jean Brun, dead at 102 years, at Geneva said recently: "I have never consulted a doctor and have never taken medicine. I have drunk and smoked all my life, and, with the exception of my mother, have never kissed a woman.

Mysteries of the Gypsies. Commenting on the edict of the Hungarian government ordering the gypsies to give up their nomadic life, the Chicago

News says:
Gypsies first appeared in Europe about 600 years ago. They were supposed to have come from Egypt, and were called. Egyptians, from which fact comes their name. Now it has been proven conclusion. name. Now it has been proven conclusively from their peculiar language that they actually came from northern India. They first appeared in Turkey and Greece, later finding their way into the Balkan states and Hungary. From these latter countries they spread throughout Europe. Small and dark, nomadic in their habits, and many of them "pettily theftuous," to quote Robert Louis Stevenson, they have never amalgamated

theftuous," to quote Robert Louis Stevenson, they have never amalgamated with the people among whom they dwelt. However, they are credited with many good qualities by persons who havestudied them sympathetically.

Though there are many gypsies in England, the United States and other nations, it is in Roumania, Hungary and Russia that they are chiefly found, their nations, it is in Roumania, Hungary and Russia that they are chiefly found, their numbers in that part of Europe being placed at 500,000. Many of them are capable musicians. The gypsy players of Hungary are famous. In that country gypsies are called "ciganes." The French call them "Bohemians," from which fact comes the use of that word to describe the care-free life of idlers.

An Ancient Cottonwood. Probably the oldest and biggest cottonwood tree in Kansas stands on the farm of J. J. Russell, two miles southwest of Oneida. The old patriarch towers high above all the other trees there abouts and measures twenty feet and ten inches in circumference and about seven feet in diameter. J. J. Russell-wanted to cut it down and saw it up into boards because of the enormous amount of lumber in it some time ago, but could not get a saw long enough to-saw it in two. The tree stands in a creek bottom. Some time ago a man versed in tree lore who visited Oneida estimated that the cottonwood tree was estimated that the cottonwood tree was a thousand years old. We supposed cot-tonwoods were short lived trees, but it seems not. This enormous tree must have stood hundreds of years to attain its great growth. The cottonwood stands where any one can examine it. It is apparently sound and good for hundreds of years more.—Sabetha Herald.

Emperor Who Led Cavalry Charge. Francis Joseph, the aged Emperor of Austria-Hungary, is the only living sovereign who can boast of having led an

army in actual combat with an enemy. It was a few months before the ascension of Francis Joseph, in 1848, that he turned the fortunes of the day at the bloody battle of Santa Lucia by a magnificent cavalry charge led in person by the then 19-year-old archduke. His dragoons crashed through the squares of the Sardinians and captured the gunswhich all day long had poured a mur-derous fire into the Austrian ranks. Heescaped without a scratch, though men fell like flies around him.—Providence.

Chinese Read Kipling Rudyard Kipling's novel, "Kim," has been translated into Chinese.

Words of Praise For the several ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed, as given by leaders in all the several schools of medicine, should have far more weight than any amount of non-professional testimonials. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has the BADGE OF HONESTY on every bottle-wrapper, in a full list of all its in-

gredients printed in plain English. If you are an invalid woman and suffer from frequent headache, backache, gnawing distress in stomach, periodical pains, disagregable, catarrhal, pelvic drain, dragging down distress in lower abdomen or pelvis, perhaps dark spots or specks dancing before the eyes, faint spells and kindled symptoms caused by female weakness, of the derangement of the feminine

organs, but can not do better than take.
Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

The hispital, surgeon's knife and operating table may be avoided by the timely use of Favorite Prescription" in such cases. Thereby the obnoxious examin-

ations and local treatments of the family physician can be avoided and a thorough course of successful treatment carried out in the privacy of the home, "Favorite Prescription" is composed of the very best native medicinal roots known to medical

native medicinal roots known to medical science for the cure of woman's peculiar ailments, contains no alcohol and no harmful or habit-forming drugs.

Do not expect too much from "Favorite Prescription;" it will not perform miracles; it will not disolve or cure tumors. No medicine will. It will do as much to establish vigorous health in most weaknesses and ailments peculiarly incident to women as any medicine can. It must be given a fair chance by perseverance in its use for a reasonable length of time.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this remedy of known composition.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence is guarded as sacredly secret and womanly confidences are protected by professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best laxative and regulator of the bowels. They invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. One a laxative; two or three a cathartic. Easy to take as candy.



man in the white waistcoat, with a dis- about the flavor. Nobody could deappointed air.

"I did-at first," said the man in the negligee shirt. "If I hadn't, I wouldn't have asked him out."

"He always seemed to me to be a good fellow," urged the man in the white waistcoat.

"I'm surprised to hear you say so," said the man in the negligee shirt. "I thought you were a judge of a good fellow. Oh, he may be all right in his way, but he strikes me as off-color. Just my opinion, you know."

"I've known him for close on twenty years," said the man in the white waistcoat. "I've known him for that long, anyway, and I never heard of his doing a mean trick."

"That may be. Mind you, I den't say that he would."

"And I've known of his doing some mighty fine things."

"I can quite believe that. But he needs watching." "There's nothing stingy or mean

about him."

"Probably not." "On the contrary, he's liberal and and he's public-spirited and he's good company-tells a good story. I'm sure

he's as straight as a string." "You needn't get worked up about it," said the man in the negligee shirt. "I don't deny it."

"Then what in thunder-"I'll tell you, Jim. Do you know,

that fellow doesn't like strawberrieswon't eat 'em, in fact?" The man in the white waistcoat

stared. Then he laughed. "That's right," said the man in the negligee shirt. "I'm telling you the honest truth. I'm not joking, Jim. The evening he was out I had on the ice four quarts of the dandlest berries you ever set your eyes on or curled your thrice-blessed tongue around.

"I thought you'd like him," said the | vor! No. I can't tell you anything scribe that. I've been eating strawberries all my life, and I generally get about the best there are in the market, but I never had the luck to strike any like these. I knew exactly what they were, because there were six quarts of them originally, and I used up two boxes sampling them before my wife dragged me away by main

> force." The man in the white waistcoat picked up the bill of fare and looked at it. "They wern't extra good here yesterday," he observed, "but I guess I'll have to try 'em again."

"I liked this chap, mind you," pursued the man in the negligee shirt. "I told you I liked him. My heart was warm to him. I wanted to confer ecstasies upon him. I yearned to see him smack his lips and roll his eyes heavenward in a fine frenzy of rapture.

I thought the time had come as we sat out on the porch, and I nodded to my of the week the telegraph systems of the country will be out of commissions.

"She signaled the maid, and the strawberries came on in a lordly dish, accompanied by thick yellow cream and said sugar white as snow and fine as flour. big-hearted. He's fond of his family I smiled on him benignantly as my wife piled a liberal whack for him, and-"

"'Thank you, but I don't eat strawberries.' he says.

"'What?' I shouted. "'They really look very nice," he said, with a smile-a smile!- but I

never eat them.' "'You're joking,' I said.

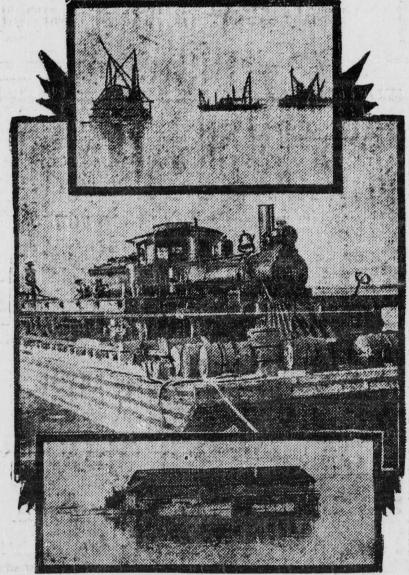
"'No,' he replied, 'I'm not joking. I never learned to like 'em.'

"Now, that's as true as I sit here. And he doesn't even like strawberry where, eh?"

man in the white waistcoat.

"If it was anything else I wouldn't They were scarlet as sin and too big care," said the man in the negligee for a well-bred man to take into his shirt. "But strawberries!"-Chicago mouth all at once, and as to the fla- Daily News.

OCEAN RAILROAD A WORLD WONDER.



The top picture shows where foundations are being laid in the ocean for viaduct; middle picture shows rolling stock on seow following viaduct construction. At bottom is hotel on a small key out in the ocean where engineers and workmen live close to their work.

SEA RAILWAY A MIRACLE.

Crosses 160 Miles of Ocean, and Will Cost \$32,000,000

The railroad which Henry M. Flagler and his millionaire associates in the Standard Oil Company are building over the Atlantic ocean from the mainland to Key West, Fla., has made such progress that it is announced that the line will be completed by the sum-

mer of 1909. This railway is the world's most extraordinary engineering project to-day, and engineers at least say that when completed it will be a wonder of the world. The railway will be 160 miles long. All the way from mainland to Key West are small islands or keys, as they are called, some an acre or less in extent. The builders of the road are connecting these keys with immense wild have a long period of thought, they have about the more as the embodiment of truth and wister and the anarchist congress at its opening that the anarchists congress at its opening that the anarchists congress at its opening that the anarchists in the United States, from San Francisco to New York. She declared that the liberty of the masses with the world as it really is. His parents are called, some an acre or less in extent. The builders of the road are connecting these keys with immense are connecting these keys with immense are connected by large about 10 miles. gineers did not hesitate. They found at all." the ocean only forty feet deep, and they proceeded at once to construct a great the clergyman. connecting bridge. Cofferdams were sunk and the bed of the ocean was to-day is the man of to-morrow.' That's dredged out in places to solid rock. too soon."

Then the soil concrete foundations were laid. The engineers are confident that the worst ocean storms will not disturb their bridges.

The railroad will be the most expensive in the world. It is costing \$200,-000 a mile to build, which means a total expenditure, exclusive of terminals, of \$32,000,000.

Too Rapid Growth.

The minister's 6-year-old son is of a very critical, literal turn of mind, and his father's sermons sometimes traordinary engineering project to-day, puzzle him sorely. He regards his fathviaducts, supported by huge abutments | were not surprised when he said, graveof solid concrete. At one point, two ly, "Papa, you said one thing in your keys are three miles apart, but the en- sermon to-day that I don't think is so

"Why, papa, you said 'the boy of

OPERATORS' CHIEF SCOUTS AT PARIFY

SMALL SAYS HE WON'T ARBITRATE AND THAT STRIKERS WILL

WESTERN UNION IS AS FIRM.

Supt. Brooks Declares His Company Will Not Have Anything to Do With Small and His Union.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.-Arbitration of the telegraphers' strike as it stands at present is out of the question, according to President S. J. Small of the Commercial Telegraphers' union, who is in this city today. Mr. Small said the strikers are prepared to remain out for two months and that the union will support them for that time.

Small Sees Bright Future. The executive board of the American Federation of Labor, he added, will consider the relation of the federation to the strike in a day or two. Mr. Small said also that the week opened with the brightest prospects for the strikers, that conditions are worse for the companies than on the day the strike was called and that one-half the Western Union's force in this city failed to report after Friday

Western Union Firm. Supt. Brooks of the Western Union in speaking of the strike situation today

"Our company will have nothing to do with Mr. Small or his union. While we are willing to consider individual cases of the men who went out where we be-lieve they did so under pressure, the agitators who have engineered this situation will not be re-employed under any cir-

TRAIN JAM IN GOTHAM.

Change in Operation of New York Central Interurban Causes Congestion and Delay.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.-A change in shortcake! Don't you think, now, that the operation of trains on the New York there must be something wrong with . Central railway so as to run trains on man like that? Screw loose some the right hand track instead of the left hand track today caused extraordinary "Perhaps you're right," admitted the congestion and delay of trains within the electric zone.

The change was put into effect yesterday when traffic was light and its operated well enough until the rush of commuters into New York from their homes along the Harlem division began today. Engineers and conductors were instructed to use great care to avoid accidents and were given fifteen minutes leeway from their schedules, but that

was far from being enough. The greatest congestion was between the Harlem river and the Grand Central the Harlem river and the Grand Central IRISH "M. P." HELD: run either over a viaduct or through the tunnel beneath Park avenue. Trains were stalled all the way from the station to the river, and passengers after waiting in vain for the road's officials to break the block, left the trains wherever offices by elevated, subway or trolley. Unfamiliarity with the operation

the new plan was the cause of the delay the representatives of the company say. They expect little trouble after

RAISE INTEREST RATES.

New York Comptroller Will Sell \$40,-000,000 in Bonds at 41/2 Per Cent.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The city comptroller announced today that he will offer \$40,000,000 of New York city bonds at public sale on September 10. The bonds will bear 4½ per cent. interest. The city was recently forced to raise its interest rate to 4½ per cent. because of the inability to sell securities on a 4 per cent. basis, and the coming sale of city bonds will be the first made under the increased

MISS WRIGHT IS BRIDE.

Daughter of Retiring Ambassador to Japan Becomes Wife of Manila Banker.

TOKIO, Aug. 26.—The marriage of Miss Katrina Wright, daughter of Luke Wright, the retiring ambassador to Japan, to Charles Palmer, vice president of the International Bank of Manila, took place today at the picturesque American embassy here. Tomorrow the young couple will sail for the United States in company with Gen. and Mrs. Wright.

ITALIAN STABS SAILOR.

Rushes Into Cleveland Saloon and Plunges Stiletto Into His Victim's Stomach.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 26. - As George Harvey, a sailor of Buffalo, was sitting in a saloon on Commercial road ate last night, an Italian rushed out the door and without warning plunged a stiletto into Harvey's abdomen, inflicting a fatal wound. The Italian escaped. No explanation of the mysterious attack could be given.

ANARCHISTS PLAN BIG UNION.

Emma Goldman Addresses Gathering of 300 in Amsterdam.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 26. — Emma Goldman, the American anarchist, told

conference at The Hague and the inter-national Socialist congress at Stuttgart, describing the first as merely an assembly for the organization of war, and de claring that the latter had passed reso lutions containing thousands of words "Well, what's that, my boy?" asked without arriving at a definite conclusion on any subject. About 300 delegates were present, representing the United States, Great Britain, Spain, Italy, France, Russia, Germany, Belgium, Bo-hemia, Switzerland and Servia.

FINED \$15,000,000 FOR CASTRO WAR.

New York and Bermudez Asphalt Company Must Pay Matos Revolt Cost.

CARACAS, Aug. 27 .- Venezuela has assessed a fine of \$5,000,000 against the New York and Bermudez company for aiding the Matos revolution. A commission of experts is to fix other sums to be paid by the asphalt company, which probably will amount to \$19,000,000 and then forward it with the signatures more, or \$15,000,000 in all. The \$5. more, or \$15,000,000 in all. The \$5,-000,000 represents the cost to Venezuela of subduing the revolution.

The decision which was handed down last Monday comes three years after the beginning of the trial by the asphalt com-pany which was announced by Judges Juan Liscano of the civil court of first instance. The judgment is appealable to the supreme court, and from there to the court of cassation.

Court Decision Fixes Damage.

The court in its decision says: "Administering justice in the name of the republic and by authority of the law, this complaint is declared to be well founded, and in consequence the New York and Bermudez company is condemned to pay the sum of bolivars 24,-178,638 (\$5,000,000), which is the amount of the errogations made by the national treasury for the purpose of suppressing the revolution, as has been proved in the records, and also to reimburse the nation, according to a just assessment by experts for the following damages and

1. The discredit which, because of war, the Venezuelan nation may have suffered in the conception of other nations with whom relations of an international or mercantile

order existed.

2. The loss of Venezuelan citizens with

2. The loss of Venezuelan citizens withdrawn from commercial pursuits, agricultural industries, and from the activity of the republican life because of the war.

3. The necessity for the creation of a war tax which produced \$350,000 in 1904 and \$2,500,000 in 1905.

4. The decrease in the customs revenues was from \$6,000,000 in 1901, and \$4,000,000 in 1902, to \$3,000,000 in 1903, ten years during which the revolution led by Gen. Manuel Antonio Mates developed its greatest strength.

strength.

5. The decrease in the revenues of the states was from \$2,000,000 in 1901, to \$1,-250,000 in 1902, and \$800,000 in 1903. "All of which is established by proofs

appearing in the records.

"Inasmuch as, in the judgment of this court, there does not seem to have been any imprudence on the part of the de-fense, it is declared that there is no special condemnation in costs."

Principal Proof American. It was from American witnesses and from evidence taken before American judges in the United States courts that Venezuelan government obtained its most important proof of the part alleged to have been played by the asphalt company in the Matos revolution and the furnishing of the money with which to

start the fight.

The Venezuelan asphalt case represents some of the most strenuous efforts of Venezuela's strenuous ruler. President Castro. The asphalt company in reply to Castro's charges claimed the Caracas officials tried to extort \$400,000 from it. The matter was the subject of much negotiation and bitter recrimination. The government in its suit against the New York and Bermudez company asked \$11,-000,000 damages.

TROUBLE FEARED.

James P. Farrell and Forty Others Arrested for "Unlawful Assemblage

LONGFORD, Ireland, Aug. 27 .--James P. Farrell, Irish Nationalist member of Parliament for North Longford. and forty others were arrested early today and are now being tried by a special court convened for the purpose, on the charge of taking part in "an unlawful as-

sembly likely to cause a riot."

Mr. Farrell had been holding meetings throughout his constituency, at which exciting scenes occurred between Nationalists and members of the Sij Fein society. In addition, many cattle have been driven from the grazing lands district, which the prosecution alleges, was encouraged by Mr. Farrell and other speakers. Large forces of police are being dispatched here, trouble being antici-

Mr. Farrell is the editor and proprietor of the Longford Leader, a Nationalist newspaper circulating in the counties of Longford, Westmeath, Roscommon and Leitrim, and is the author of a "history of the county of Longford.

At the general election of 1900 Mr. Farrell was returned unopposed North Longford, succeeding Justin Mc-Carthy, who resigned.
Mr. Farrell and the other persons taken into custody with him were com-mitted for trail at the Assize court,

NEW PLAN AT HAGUE.

bail being allowed.

American Delegates Modify Arbitration Proposition-Brazil Wins Support for Opposition.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 27.-Joseph P. Choate and James Brown Scott, for the American delegation to the peace conference have brought up a new proposition with respect to the allotment of judges for the international high court of justice. In this proposition the United States announces the willingness of all the countries of the American continent, including the United States to have four judges, appointed for the twenty-one countries of the continent, on the understanding that this will reduce the number of judges to fifteen. The proposal does not go any further, but it is understood that the Americans hope the other continents will take similar action, but will be allowed two judges and Europe,

RIO JANEIRO, Aug. 27.—It is officially announced here that Belgium, Switzerland, Roumania, Greece, Denmark, Servia, China, Persia, Argentina, Bolivia, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Mexico, Paraguay and Uruguay will support the Brazilian proposition regarding the organization of the international high court of justice at The Hague.

NEAR MUTINY ON SHIP.

HONOLULU, Aug. 27.—The officers and men of the United States cruiser Raleigh complain of having no shore leave for the last two months. As a result there has almost been a mutiny on board and the coaling of the cruiser has

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 27.-No advices have been received at the navy department concerning the report of threatened mutiny on board the cruiser Raleigh now stationed at Honolulu. It is said here that any difficulty concerning shore leave or any interference with the coaling of the vessel would be settled by the commander.

WIRE MEN TO APPEAL.

Union Will Ask President Roosevelt to Interfere and Settle Strike with Telegraph Companies.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28 .- An appeal is o be made to President Roosevelt by the leaders of the telegraphers' union to take some action looking to a termination of the present telegraph strike. It is the

ARKANSAS CITY, Ark., Aug. 28. The office of the Western Union Telegraph company here together with all instruments, office records and furniture was destroyed by fire early today. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

STANDING OF BASEBALL CLUBS.

American Ass'n. Wisconsin League. American Ass'n.

W. L. Pct.

Toledo... 78 50 .609
Columbus 74 54 .578
La Crosse 57 36 .613
Louisville 67 62 .519
Wausau... 60 39 .606
Minne'plis 66 62 .516
E. Claire. 50 46 .521
Kan. City 62 68 .477
Oshkosh... 50 49 .505
Indi'n'plis 61 68 .473
Madison... 38 51 .427
Milwa'kee 57 69 .452
G. Bay... 38 58 .396
St. Paul... 49 81 .377
F. du Lac 28 66 .298 National League.

American League.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

MILWAUKEE, AUGUST 28. MILWAUKEE, AUGUST 27. EGG AND DAIRY MARKETS.

MILWAUKEE—EGGS—Market is steady. The produce board's official market for strictly fresh laid, cases returned, 16½c; high grade, candled, strictly fresh, 18½c; seconds, 12@13c; checks, 10@11c.

BUTTER—Firm; Elgin price of extra creamery is 25½c; local price, extra creamery, 25½c; prints, 26½c; firsts, 23@24c; seconds, 22c; process, 21@21½c; dairy, fancy, 22@23c; flnes, 19@20c; roll, 10@20c; packing stock, 17@17½c.

CHEESE—Steady; American full cream, new make, twins, 13@13½c; Young Americans, 13½@14c; dalsies, 13½@14c; longhorns, 13½@14c; flmburger, 12½@13c; fancy brick, 13c; low grades, 9@11c; imported Swiss, 27c; new, block, 16c; round Swiss, new, 17c; Sapsago, 20c.

SEYMOUR, Wis., Aug. 27.—Sales cheese 90 twins, 12½c; 108 do, 13¾c; 707 double dalsies, 13½c; 108 do, 13%c.

PLYMOUTH, Wis., Aug. 27.—Twenty-six factories offered 3113 boxes of cheese. All sold as follows: 117 dalsies, 13½c; 1681 do, 13¾c; 158 boxes twins, 13c; 936 cases horns, 13%c; 158 cases Americas, 13½c; CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 28.—Butter—Strong; creameries, 20@26c; dairles, 18@24c. Eggs—Steady; at mark, cases included, 12½@15½c. CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 28.—Butter—Stready; daisles, 13½c; twins, 12c; Young Americas, 13½c.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—Butter—Steady; MEW YORK, Aug. 28.—Butter—Steady;

NEW YORK, Aug. 28. - Butter-Steady: NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—Butter—Steady; receipts, 4000; creamery, specials, 26½; extras, 26; thirds to firsts. 20@25½; state dairy common to finest, 19@25; western factory, common to extra, 18@21½; process, common to extra, 18@23. Cheese—Firm; receipts, 3957; state, full cream, small, colored, fine, 13¼; same, white, 13@13½; same good, 12¼@12¾; same common to fair, 10½@12; same large colored, fine, 12¾; same, white, 12½; same, towmon to good, 10½@12¼; skims, 10@11. Eggs—Steady; unchanged; receipts, 10,024.

MILWAUKEE STOCKYARDS REPORT. HOGS—Market 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers, 6.00@6.35; good heavy, 5.90@6.10; rough heavy, 5.25@5.65; light, 6.10@6.60; bulk, 5.95@6.25. butchers, 6.00@6.35

CATTLE-Market very slow; butchers' CATTLE—Market very slow; butchers steers, good to choice, 4.25@5.25; medlum to good, 3.50@4.15; heifers, medlum to good, 3.00@4.00; commou to fair, 2.25@2.75; cows, good to choice, 2.75@3.50; fair to good, 2.25@2.75; canners, 1.00@1.75; cutters, 2.25@2.75; canners, 1.00@1.75; cutters, 1.75@2.25; bulls, good to choice, 3.00@3.75; bologna bulls, common to fair, 2.25@2.75; feeders, 3.00@3.75; stockers, 2.50@3.00; milkers and springers, common unsalable except for canners, good to choice at 35.00@45.00. CALVES—Market steady; heavy grassers, 3.00@4.00; fair to good, 5.50@6.75; choice to prime, 6.75@7.50. prime, 6.75@7.50.

SHEEP-Market is steady; common to fair, 2.50@3.50; good to choice, 3.75@4.50; spring lambs, common to fair, 4.50@5.50; choice to prime, 6.00@6.50.

MILWAUKEE HAY MARKET.

MILWAUKEE HAY MARKET.

Choice timothy hay, 18.00@18.25; No. 1 timothy hay, 17.50@18.00; No. 2 timothy hay, 16.00@17.00; new timothy hay, 1.00@2.00 less; clover and mixed, 12.50@14.50; choice Kansas and Nebraska prairie, 12.50@13.00; No. 1 prairie, 11.50@12.00; No. 2 prairie, 11.00; Wisconsin march feeding, 9.50@10.00; packing hay, 8.50@9.00; rye straw, 10.50@11.00; oats straw, 7.50@8.00.

MARKETS BY TELGRAPH.

MARKEIS BY IELGRAPH.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 28.—Close—Wheat—
Lower; No. 1 northern, on track, 1.05; No.
2 northern, on track, 1.03. Corn—Steady;
No. 3 on track, 61c. Oats—Easier; standard, 56c; No. 3 white, on track, 52@55c.
Barley—Higher; standard, 85c; sample on
track, 66@84c. Rye—Firm; No. 1 on track,
82c. Provisions—Pork, September, 15.77;
October, 15.82; lard, September, 9.00; October, 9.15; r.bs, September, 8.65; October,
8.75.

tober, 9.15; r.bs, September, 8.65; October, 8.75.

Flour quotations in carlots are: Hard spring wheat patents, in wood, 5.20@5.40; straights, in wood, 5.00@5.20; export patents, in sacks, 4.45@4.55; first clears, in sacks, 3.70@3.90; rye, in wood, 3.90@4.00; country, 3.40@3.55; sacks, Kansas, in wood, 4.60@4.75.

Millstuffs are quoted in carlots at 21.00 for bran, 22.75 for standard middlings, and 24.50 for Milwaukee flour middlings in 100-lb sacks; red dog, 26.75; rye feed, 22.75; delivered at country points, 25c extra.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 28.—Close—Wheat—September, 90%c; December, 95%gc; December, 58%gc. Oats—September, 50°; December, 47@47%gc. Pork—September, 50°; December, 47.77%; October, 15.87%. Lard—September, 50°; December, 4.78%sc. Pork—September, 50°; October, 15.87%sc. Lard—September, 5.50@8.55; October, 8.65. Rye—Cash, 82°. Barley—Cash, 75@83c. Flax, clover and timothy, nothing doing.

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 28.—Close—Wheat—September, 1.02%; December, 1.02%; May, 1.07. Flax—September, 1.20% October, 1.16%; November, 1.16%; December, 1.13%; Recipts—Wheat, 28,986; oats, 11,350; barley, 14,085; flax, 4008. Shipments—Wheat, 117,000; barley, 1559.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 28.—Close—

14,085; flax, 4008. Shipments—Wheat, 117,000; barley, 1559.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 28.—Close — Wheat—Unchanged; September, 83%c; December, 88%c; May, 94%c. Cash—No. 2 hard, 85@90c; No. 3, 88c; No. 2 red, 88%c; No. 3, 85c. Corn—%c lower; September, 51%c; December, 49%c; May, 52c. Cash—No. 2 mixed, 52½@53%c; No. 3, 52@53c; No. 2 white, 53%; No. 3, 53@53%c. Oats—Unchanged; No. 2 white, 49@50c; No. 2 mixed, 45@47c.

2 white, 53%; No. 3, 53@35%c. Oats—Unchanged; No. 2 white, 49@50c; No. 2 mixed, 45@47c.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 28.—Close—Wheat—Lower; track No. 2 cash, 88%@91c; No. 2 hard, 89@93c; September, 87%c; December, 93%c. Corn—Lower; track No. 3 cash, 57c; September, 55%; December, 55%; December, 55%c. No. 3 white, 57%@57%c. Oats—Lower; track 2 cash, 46c; September, 44%c; December, 45%c; No. 2 white, 49%c.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 28.—Cattle—Receipts about 22,000; market steady to a shade lower; beeves, 4.20@7.30; cows, 1.30@5.40; Texas steers, 3.75@5.25; calves, 5.50@7.50; western, 4.25@6.25; stockers and feeders, 2.60@5.00; hogs, receipts about 25,000; steady; light, 6.15@6.65; mixed, 5.00@6.60; heavy, 5.60@6.35; rough, 5.60@6.35. Sheep—Receipts about 20,000; weak to 10c lower; natives, 3.25@5.70; western, 3.25@5.65; yearlings, 5.60@6.40; lambs, 2.25@7.50; western, 5.25@7.50.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 28.—Cattle—Receipts, 12,000; market steady; native steers, 5.25@7.15; southern steers, 3.65@4.65; southern cows, 2.00@3.35; native cows and heifers, 2.35@6.00; stockers and feeders, 3.25@5.75; bulls, 2.25@3.90; calves, 4.00 @7.00; western steers, 4.00@5.80; western cows, 2.50@4.00. Hogs—Receipts, 8000; market 5c lower; bulk of sales, 5.90@6.20; pigs and light, 6.10@6.25. Sheep—Receipts, 6000; market steady; muttons, 5.00@5.75; lambs, 6.50@7.00; range weathers, 5.00@5.60; fed ewes; 4.25@5.50.

HAT PASSED FOR A BISHOP.

Incident of a Collection Taken Up

Among Cowboys. Bishop Talbot, the "cowboy bishop," who has recently told in his book of reminiscences, "My People of the Plains," of his strange life as bishop among the cowboys and miners of early Wyoming and Idaho, had many an amusing experience and made hosts of devoted friends.

An incident at the close of one of his meetings in the dance hall of a mining town is thus described:

"Another hymn was given out and I was about to dismiss the congregation with my blessing when Colonel Burns, my landlord, stepped forward and in a low but distinct voice said: "'Bishop, haven't you forgot something?

"'What do you mean?' said I. "'Why, the hat,' replied the colonel, 'It won't do to forget the hat, for yesterday was pay day and these boys have a lot of money and if you don't get it the saloons will, and it is much better for you to have it.'

"'Very good,' I said. 'Have you any suggestions, colonel?"

"'Only this, bishop: I wish you would give us about five hymns. I want plenty of time. I do not want to be crowded. The boys are a little slow on collections.'

"I stepped over to the organ and we started in. The colonel presented the hat to the man immediately on my left. He was sitting on the edge of the platform. He brought out a silver dollar, called a 'wheel' in the language of the camp. The second and third men to whom the hat was passed followed the example of the first, each giving a dollar, but the fourth man seemed nervous and hesitated while he fumbled in his pocket. After considerable delay he brought out a quar-

"'Oh, put that back. Come, now, Bill, the bishop is not after small game to-day. White chips don't go here. He wants a wheel out of you. Hurry up.'

"The hymns were being rapidly used up and at last the colonel returned to the platform with the bat. His face beamed with satisfaction. After the service I asked him why it took him so

"'Oh,' he replied, 'bishop, you see, I charge up every feller accordin' to his pile. I know these boys. Most on 'em grub with me. I made one feller cough up a \$10 gold piece and you will find a good many fives in the hat.' "I need not say that the collection

was a generous one."-Harper's Maga-

HIPPO'S BATHING PLACES. South African Lake for Which Big

Beasts Have a Liking. A few miles from Muhokya we came to Kikarongo, a circular lake, once a crater, about half a mile wide, writes a correspondent of the Westminster Gazette from Uganda. The water !s slightly salt, and is greatly appreby the hippos, who come here in large parties from Lake Ruisamba to bathe. The lake is shallow for a few yards only and then deepens rapidly, so the hippos, who do not like deep water,

never go very far from the shore. On a still day it is an amusing pastime to sit by the lake and watch the great brutes enjoying themselves. For a moment nothing is to be seen, then suddenly a score or more of huge heads burst through the water with loud snorts and squirting jets of water through their nostrils; they stare around with their ugly little piglike eyes, yawn prodigiously, showing a fearful array of tusks and a cavernous throat, then sink with a satisfied gurgle below the surface, to repeat the performance a minute or two after-

ward. Sometimes one stands almost upright in the water; then he rolls over with a sounding splash, showing a broad expanse of back like a huge porpoise. Or a too venturesome young bachelor approaches a select circle of veterans, who resent his intrusion and drive him away with roars and grunts. There is something irresistibly suggestive of humanity about their ungainly gambol. Only bathing machines are wanted to complete the picture.

Spider that Makes Fine Cobwebs.

The queen of spiders—the largest, handsomest and most capable workman of her tribe-is the orange-yellow and black creature known as orange Argiope. Hers are the most beautiful cobwebs made, hung low to catch the innumerable insects required for a rather large appetite, and you find them among the bushes and vines and in the fields. Dr. Henry C. McCook, president of the American Entomological Society. describes her habits and haunts. Argiope, as the author relates, captures and ties up her victims as ably as a cowboy might do with a lasso, and she excels the cowboy by manufacturing her own rope as she goes.

Cities with Wood Pavements.

The five cities in which the largest amounts of wood pavement are found are, in order, Indianapolis, New York, Minneapolis, Toledo and Boston. Together these cities have more creosoted wood pavement than all other cities in the United States combined. The total amount of this pavement in use in this country at the end of the year 1905 was about 1,400,000 square yards, equivalent to nearly eighty miles of pavement on a street thirty feet wide.

Memento. Though generations pass, the marks

Of their Indian origin appear. For instance, there's the coppery hue-A sort of Sioux veneer. -Puck.

Doings of the Week in and About Gladstone 3

News Items That Are of General Interest to Our Local Readers.

A report now floating that Gladstone

O. L. Mertz returned from Milwaukee

assistant general manager of the North-

trict. Otto says he obtained this ap-

pointment by "keeping still," certainly

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart returned last

Charles Stone of Gladstone and D. L.

McKinnon of Wells were bound to the

Friday after a trip to Chicago.

Co. Each furnished \$250 bonds.

tronage was enormous.

this week.

Chicago to spend a couple of weeks.

Chicago on business. Qn his return

Saturday morning he will be accom-

panied by Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Marble,

Born, Thursday, August 29, to Supt-

The residence of D. Bailey is quaran-

MARRIED.

The announcements have arrived of

to Miss Ethel Mary Jackson, at the lat-

"This took place at 4 o'clock in the

afternoon at the home of the bride's

parents, 124 Douglas avenue, about one

hundred relatives and friends being

present. The Rev. W. L. Whipple,

pastor of Grace Methodist church, of-

ficiated and the ring ceremony was used

decorative scheme, the beautiful golden

of the house, lending a brightness to

Escanaba, Mich.

were in yellow and white.

The bride's gown was Irish point over

white liberty satin and she carried a

bouquet of white rosebuds. The brides-

maids were in white organdie over yel-

low silk and the maid of honor in pale

blue satin. Pink silk made a dainty

A number out-of-town guests witness-

ed the ceremony, among them being a

The bride is well known in this city,

which is her birthplace, although sever-

al years of her life were passed in Wis-

consin. She has been a teacher in the

Brown business college and more recent-

ished house, next to the residence of W.

ly in the firm of Jackson & Hunter.

gown for the little ring bearer.

and Mrs. Peter Peterson, a son.

contracted in Escanaba.

Tuesday from her vacation.

Says the Rockford Star:

The amount of concrete work done in Gladstone this year is probably in excess will be the terminal of an extention of of any former year. The quarter mile the South Shore fails to show any adeof schoolhouse work will be the princi- quate authority as a basis. Such an impal feature, and cement walks before provement, however, would be a great residences, have grown too numerous thing for Gladstone and should increase to mention. With the amount of work the size of the town materially. which will be necessary when the old walks on Delta are cut down for the curb, a respectable amount will be totalled. The day of the wooden walk has gone forever, and the town cannot lose its shattered and decaying planks too soon. In Escanaba, where cement business for the company in this disconstruction is compulsory, about five miles of walk a year are being installed.

an original idea for a life insurance The little hoists on the rail steamer Dalton are pieces of fast running mach- agent. But he has taken a step upinery that are attractive to watch. ward, anyhow. They are almost miniatures of the big clamshells, except that they have grap- Iron Mountain, where he spent some ples instead of buckets. They turn time. round and round on the deck to which they are bolted, picking up rails out of the hatches, swinging them to the skids, and letting go with a bang. A small force of men will unload over 100 tons of the big eighty-pound steel in an hour. The Dalton's load of 2600 tons is a part of a big consignment purchased by the Soo, much of which is being stacked near the depot.

It is to be regretted that an alderman should violate the first ordinance of the city indelibly. Into the walk surround. display counter in his store. ing the schoolhouse is graved the name "Tenth Street."

Mr. and Mrs. John Hancock, after a short visit here, left Saturday for their new home in Detroit. Gladstone wishes them success.

Prof. Madray closed his writing school this week, with ninety enrolled. Mrs. H. C. Henke won the \$2.50 in gold, Messrs. Watson and Kelsey received a Wednesday in Escanaba. package of cards each for best writing, and Walter Erickson and Mrs. McClelland for most improvement. A second term opens next week.

A party will be held tonight at Mag- Jr. nus Olson's, in honor of Charles Peterson, Carl Olson, Julia Johnson, and Edith Forsberg, who leave shortly for Rock Island.

Mrs. D. McCarthy left Tuesday for Republic to visit her parents a couple of tined, Helen Bailey having come down weeks. She will return with Mr. and with diphtheria, which it is thought she Mrs. Lynch of Butte City.

Mrs. S. N. Woodruff and son came Sunday from Enderlin to visit friends here, returning Friday.

Miss Mary Filkins returned Wednesday after a visit in Wisconsin and

A new building has been added to ter's home in Rockford, Ill., Thursday, the group at the depot, for the benefit August 22.

of the pump department. The Misses Grace and Nellie Farrell

visited in the Soo this week.

Mrs. Oscar Thorson of Chicago is visiting C. w. Elquist. Mrs. W. L. Marble and Floyd returned

Sunday from Rockford. Irvin Harris returned Wednesday from Minneapolis.

Mrs. Dan O'Connell returned Wed. glow so plentiful at this season being nesday to Engadine, after a visit with employed in profusion in every portion her brother, J. D. McDonald.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Madden and children, of Sioux City, formerly residents of Gladstone, visited friends here this

Miss Lona Pierce of Monticello, Wis., is visiting her sister, Mrs. M. J. Magoon August Swanson and family of Ishpeming will be the guests of Carper El-

quist tomorrow. Mrs. A. P. Burrows left Thursday to the altar, a cousin of the bride, Miss evening for Stillwater and Minneapolis Ora Jackson, playing the march.

where she will spend a week or two with friends and relatives. Will Black and John Nass spent Sun- after the ceremony. The refreshments

day in the Soo. The axe factory shipping department has taken advantage of the increased women friends of the bride. space and installed a large amount of

extra shelves and drawers for storage. Mr. and Mrs. William Ostergren re turn tomorrow to Chicago.

Halvorson & Tang have repainted the

first ward schoolhouse Mr. and Mrs. Steve Carrier returned

Tuesday from St. Anne's. A party will be held to-night at Wasa club of bachelor girls from Kenosha, Hall as a farewell entertainment for Wis., of which the bride was formerly a member.

the Misses Mae and Vina Blair. Mr. and Mrs. Peter Snyder, Mr. and Mrs. James Laidlaw, and A. P. Burrows go to the Minnesota fair Sunday.

Mrs. Goldstein on Thursday entertoined the Mesd. Schram, of Chicago, and Hessel of Escanaba

Mrs. Rose Hawkins, of Clayton, is staying at the home of E. A. Wisner and visiting her son Claude.

go with her to her new home." Burt is fixing up John Erickson's residence on Dakota street with an outfit after the fifteenth in their newly-furn-

of plumbing. A large number of local Masons will L. Marble, Sr. Mrs. Marble will revisit the Escanaba lodge to-night, and ceive a most cordial welcome into Gladwill do work in the Apprentice, degree. The lodge will be addressed by Grand

Master Sweet of Dowagiac.

FACTS IN FEW LINES

In Austria timber is measured by the "klafter" of two tons. China, with her population of 400,-

000,000, has only 46,000 foreigners in The Chinese minister of finance is

planning reforms in the silver and copper currency of the empire. Italy obtains a revenue of \$12,500, 000 annually by taxing salt. Austria

makes nearly \$15,000,000 by a similar

Jacob Sifer of Grundy Center, Ia., has erected a monument worth \$1,500 to a shepherd dog that saved the life of one of his children.

Both in the United Kingdom and the United States alcoholic beverages contribute more than a fourth, about 28 per cent, of the total receipts into the

Sunday morning, having been appointed One of the Bowdoin professors recently received a letter from Germany western Life in this peninsula. This addressed to the "Herr Professor Docpromotion was made on his record, he tor-Bodowin and the Medicinal School having secured the largest percentage of of Maine."

In China all the land belongs to the state. The average rent is 60 cents an acre. The soil of the Yangtse valley is so rich that a square mile is capable of supporting 3,840 persons.

John Merrill of Holderness, N. H., has an ox well broken to harness. The ox plows, harrows, hauls wood and Carl Olson returned last week from does all kinds of team work, driven entirely by the use of reins.

A new Italian conservatory of music, the only institution of the kind in Connecticut, will be opened in New Haven in September, with Maetre Gi orgio M. Sulli as director.

In France the average yield of wine circuit court on the charge of appropriais 112 gallons to every acre of vine ting posts belonging to the Van's Harbor yard; in Spain it rises to 130 gallons per acre, but Algeria holds the record. Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Francis returned with 300 gallons to the acre. Sunday from Rogers City, after a pleas-

The English channel tunnel was first proposed by De Gramond in 1867. It was to be in the form of a metal tele-Hanson has just installed a cookie scope, 80 by 24 feet, to cost £7,000,000 and be completed in seven years. The telegrapher's ball at Escanaba

Evelyn Chandler of Norway, Me., Wednesday had a scanty attendance eight years old, is said to have a pefrom here, although the Escanaba paculiar power over reptiles. She is a natural snake charmer and handles the most venomous serpents with impu-The Lady Foresters surprised Mrs. Joseph Blair at her home this afternoon.

Burdett-Coutts intends to publish Mart Hollister returned Tuesday from such account of his late wife's life as shall be worthy of her character and conduct and will probably seek the as-Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Burrows spent sistance of at least one person of reputation as a writer of biography. W. L. Marble left Wednesday for

The old frigate Saratoga, on which Perry sailed for west Africa in 1843 and of which Farragut was captain five years later, is now out of commission. She has been used as a training ship for the Pennsylvania nautical M. Lewin made a trip to Marinette school.

> The population of Maskat is composed of Arabs, Hindoos, Baluchis, Persians, Turks, Africans, etc. There are a few rich Arab merchants, but the trade for the most part is in the hands of the Hindoos, some of whom nave considerable capital.

Miss Margaret McDonnell returned Several houses in the financial district of New York city have their confidential orders attended to by women. They are in charge of the private telephones, and they only, with the exception of the members of the firm, are the wedding of William Lansing Marble familiar with the names of certain

> B. P. Cheney of Boston, J. P. Morgan and other New Yorkers are members of the Wootten Land company, which has bought an immense tract of land on the Colorado-New Mexico line for a game preserve and hunting park. The tract will be inclosed with a barbed wire fence, which will hold deer, bear and other wild game, numbers of which are already roaming

through it. More game will be added. Yellow and white were used in the Among the successful inventors of this age is Luther C. Crowell, the man who first made it possible to print papers and fold them at the same time. In the patent office in Washington there are more than 300 models of his inventions. He is one of the partners Miss Inez Jackson, a sister of the in the Hoe company, one of the largest bride, was maid of honor, and the manufacturers of printing presses in groomsman was Mr. George McEwen of nical education, learning his lessons When the guests had assembled, the

from practical experience. bridal party proceeded to the canopy Lake Superior's greatest depth is under which the ceremony was to take 1.003 feet, Michigan's 864, Huron's 570, hundred. place, the strains of the Lohengrin wed-Erie's 204, Ontario's 738. The bottom ding march serving to time their steps of Superior is 401 feet below'sea level, of Michigan 283, of Ontario 491 feet. The bottom of Huron is 11 feet above sea level, that of Erie 869 feet. Onta-Asters and smilax decked the dining rio, the smallest of the great lakes, is people in a blaze of torches and fireroom where refreshments were served relatively the deepest. If these bodies Serving was done by a bevy of young tours as compared with the basins of the much larger lakes.

The greatest industry of Australia is sheep raising, mainly for the sake of the wool, but also in part, of course, for the meat. Australia now ranks second among the great sheep raising countries, Argentina being first, with 92,-000,000 sheep; Australia second, with 72,000,000, and Russia third, with 70,-000,000. Only a few years ago Australia was first, possessing no less than 106,260,000 head of sheep. That was in 1891. Prolonged droughts were the cause of the destruction of many millions of Australian sheep, but since 1902 there has been an annual gain.

James Rudolph Garfield, secretary of the interior, was standing by the side of his father in the Pennsylvania railroad station on that fateful day in July, 1881, when the assassin for the She is a charming young woman second time dealt death to a president of the United States. The secretary whose friends are as many as her acwas then only seventeen years oldquaintances and good wishes from all just the age when the average mind is most susceptible to impressions. Close Mr. and Mrs. Marble will be at home friends say that the horror of that hideous tragedy has never fully left Mr. Garfield's mind, and some of them believe that its effects account for the half sad expression that always lingers stone society, to which she is no in his face, even when he smiles or

The SPORTING WORLD

Hanlon's Younsters.

The veteran manager, Ned Hanlon, of the Cincinnati Nationals has several likely recruits on his playing staff this year. He has almost an entirely new

Hanlon has seemingly outgrown his one time fondness for veteran players. Among these new men are four of gen-



PITCHER DEL MASON.

uine major league caliber, judging from their past and present performances. They are Pitcher Del Mason, Outfielder Thomas, Mike Mitchell and Johnny Kane.

Mason was the best twirler of the Baltimore club last year. Outfielder Billy Thomas helped Youngstown win the championship of the Ohio-Pennsylvania league, which he led in batting. He is a brother of Roy Thomas of the Phillies. Mike Mitchell comes from the Portland team of the Pacific Coast league. He was the heaviest hitter on the coast last year.

Maintenon Breaks Down.

W. K. Vanderbilt has decided to send Maintenon to the stud as the result of a strained tendon.

This closes the racing career of the famous horse which, bought as a yearling for 23,100 francs, won for his owner nearly a million francs in stakes alone, or, exactly, 908,525 francs.

The breakdown of Maintenon practically destroys the plans of Mr. Vanderbilt for what was to have been his most extensive turf enterprise in England, Mr. Vanderbilt having named Maintenon for the Ascot Gold cup, a coveted trophy, with the hope to bring about another meeting between his great horse and the English Derby winner Spearmint, which horse beat Maintenon in the Grand Prix de Paris of last season.

Maintenon and Prestige, both in Mr. Vanderbilt's stable, were the great horses of their age. He has been a winner already this season on two occasions, his last victory having been earned with 137 pounds up in easy style for the Eugene Aram prize, over a course of one mile and a quarter.

Summers Challenges Nelson. Charlie Harvey, the veteran announcer, is now managing Johnny Summers, the English featherweight champion, who arrived in this country recently. Harvey is anxious to arrange a match between Summers and Battling Nelson. He has posted \$1,000 to bind the match and will let this money go as a side bet that Summers can beat Nelson. Harvey says that while Nelson and Nolan were in England Summers posted \$5,000 to bind a match with Nelson, and after promising to take him on Nelson and Nolan left England hurriedly.

Summers has defeated Tommy Murphy, the clever New York lad. Summers can easily make the featherweight limit, and he says he will weigh the world. He never received a tech- in at the ringside with his overcoat, hat and all the rest of his wardrobe on if Nolan demands it. Summers is ready to fight from one round to a

Public Fund to Educate Longboat. Tom Longboat, the Boston Marathon winner, was given a great welcome at his home in Toronto recently by 25,000 works. At city hall he was presented of water could be drained the basin of with a handsome gold medal, while Ontario would present striking con- similar gifts were bestowed on him by the Y. M. C. A. Athletic club and other organizations. The city council voted \$500, the nucleus of a public fund to be devoted to the education of Longboat.

> World's Swimming Record Broken. Charles M. Daniels of the New York Athletic club recently in the tank of the East Liberty baths in Pittsburg. Pa., clipped three-fifths of a second from the world's eighty yard swimming record, covering the distance in 48 2-5 seconds. The record was made in competition, Guy M. Dailey of Pittsburg and two New York swimmers participating.

> > Frank Schulte.

The reason that Frank Schulte has not been playing with the Chicago Cubs is that he strained a muscle in his groin in one of the Philadelphia games. He was under the care of a physician, and it was feared a surgical operation would have to be performed.

Demand For Baseballs. More than 80,000 baseballs are used a season by the teams in the national agreement leagues. The New York

and Chicago teams of the National league each use in the neighborhood of sixty dozen balls a season for the home games.

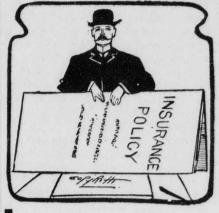
Enterprise

Much of the progress of the world is due to Enterprise. The spirit of enterprise is a valuable asset to a man, a business or a city. The enterprising boy makes the successful man. Enterprise coupled with thrift produces capital with which the boy can grasp the opportunities which present themselves when he reaches manhood. Therefore, to teach a boy enterprise and thrift begin with the bank account. Teach him to spend a little less than he earns—this is the

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GOSSIP FOR THE LADIES.

Be careful of your words, my dear,
For words are perilous things;
They can cut and wound, or soothe and
cheer,
And each one is furnished with wings.

They never stay just where they fall, But fly like a bird of the air. And try as you may, you cannot recall; They are gone, you know not where.

If you have nothing good to say, Silence is golden, you know; So just be quiet, 'tis surely best, And will save much heartache and wee

Kind words will live forever, b let them e'er be spoken; they bring to souls that are sad, and soothe the hearts that are broken. -Mrs. N. D. Lipscomb in Advocate.

The "Good Fellow" Ought Never Marry.

If I had a daughter at the marriageable age I'd shut her up in a convent or take her down to Tahiti and teach her to live in a grass but before I'd let her fall in love with a "good fellow," who knows a lot of other good fellows and wants to talk about them all the

The good fellow is a fine friend, the best companion in the world, and more fun than one of George Ade's fables. But I'd just as son think of marrying one of them as I would think of marrying the Jack who jumps out of the box

when you snap the lid.

On the whole, I'd prefer the Jack in the box, because I could keep the lid down over him, and I'd know where he was when the lid was down.

One of the greatest mysteries out of all the mysteries of human life is this: What does a "good fellow" marry for? Why does he ever persuade himself that he can be happy or make any woman happy in the sort of a place he calls home? A "good fellow" is as much out of place married as a fish would be out of place in a poultry yard. Poor fish! you couldn't help feel sorry for it if you saw it trying to swim and float and dive in a burdock patch, could you? I never see a "good fellow" married but I shed two conscientious tears.

One of the tears is for the "good fellow" and the other tear is for the "good fellow's" wife. I don't know which tear is the biggest.

I know a "good fellow" who was desperately in love some five years ago. He used to come and read me parts of his sweetheart's letters, and he spent most of his time when he wasn't reading those letters answering them.

He went to bed at 10 o'clock every

night, so as to be up and waiting when the postman arrived.

He stopped drinking too much, and he that he didn't understand how he could have lived such a hollow life so

Poor "good fellow!" The queen of the poultry yard had caught him in her net. and he didn't know enough to struggle. I tried my best to make him understand what marriage would mean to him and to the sweet girl he was determined to

marry. I only made him angry.

I sent the bride a wedding present when they were married, and one evening I went to see her. It was lovely. The "good fellow" was fairly radiant with happiness; he was having a lovely time having a cold and being coddled and petted and spoiled to his heart's con-

tent.

The little wife was so delighted with her husband and with herself and with work that the world requires you to do the brand new pictures on the brand new walls and the brand new chafing dish on the brand new table, she couldn't pos-sibly keep her brand new happiness to herself at all, and had to make a confi-dant of the milkman when there was no

one else handy.

I went home stifling with remorse.

"Imagine," I thought "what a fool I was. What if the 'good fellow' had listened to my advice?"

A year after the marriage I spent another evening at the "good fellow's" home. He had not been home to dinner, his wife said, and I was afraid she looked as if she had been crying. He came in about half-past 10, all apologies and explanations and explanations.

The next time I saw the "good fellow" ne was in a cafe with a crowd of his friends. Just as he was telling a very good story the telephone called him away from the table. When he came back he looked rather a bad fellow. "Boys I'll have to go," he said, "that wife of mine thinks she's scared, or lonesome, or sick, something.

About a year later I heard that Mrs. "Good Fellow" had gone home to her mother and that Mr. "Good Fellow" was having the time of his life, trying to forget that he had ever been married. Now, this particular "good fellow"

was really what a great many so-called 'good fellows" are not. He was a good man, clean, decent, honest, truthful, kindly, clever and good-hearted, but he couldn't live without the things that make a "good fellow" comfortable.

Friends, good stories, good dinners, good wine, good clothes, late hours, little was no harm in any of these things as long as he lived them alone, but he had to be happy at home alone while he was out having a good time with the boys. There were no girls for her to have a good time with, and she couldn't have had a good time with them if there had been, so she mored and cried and record. absolutely no right to expect any woman she moped and cried and nagged and killed his love for her.

Poor "Good Fellow!" Poor Mrs.

"Good Fellow!"

Neither of you is the least to blame for the wreck of all your hopes. Mr. "Good Fellow" was a fish, and he made the mistake of marrying a pullet. What could either of them expect?

There are a great many compensations the life of a "good fellow."
Why don't the "good fellows" make up their minds to go without marriage, if not for their own sake, for the sake of the poor women, who really ought to have some consideration in the matter?
—Winifred Black in Philadelphia Even-

Sachet Bags of Sweet Clover.

Making sachet bags with which to scent one's personal belongings is a pretty and not necessarily expensive bit of work that helps to while away time on summer piazzas and accomplishes a most delightful result. To have one's frills, blouses, and indeed everything one wears out a sweet and fresh odor is charming, and better done through the agency of sachet than of toilet waters or extracts that are likely to be too strong for this purpose.

Costing nothing at all for many persons, and exquisitely sweet when dried, is white clover. This grows in profusion in fields and along the country roads, and huge bunches of it can be cut in short time. When sun dried it smells like the sweet grass of which Indians make baskets, and its inexpensiveness renders it possible to use as much as one

To dry, it should be laid on a sheet firmly fastened down to a board on the floor to prevent blowing away. A week or more is none too much for the process, and the grass should be turned from time to time that all may be cured. If later, it smells rank when close to the nostrils,

do not be alarmed. The odor it will im part to materials will be of the sweet

> The best way of using it is in pads that are cut to fit bureau drawers. The materials for these may be fashioned from satin or silkoline, always remembering that the fabric must be thin. If one wishes one may put embroi-dered designs over the top, and the edges

> may be run or feather stitched. Only enough clover should be put in cover the pad eveniy, and it is well to tuft it at intervals to prevent the grass from working to one end or the other. When completed it is laid on the bottom of the drawer, and there may be two or three pads for each drawer, laying the scented strips between articles of cloth-

> Trunks may be entirely lined in this way, by tacking the pads in each corner. Bed linen scented in the same way is lelicious, and for this the pads should e cat the size of the cupboard selves. There is a superstition among old housewives that a bunch of dried sweet lover hung in a room will keep away flies, but I have never seen the method tested. The clover, by the way, is not to be confounded with the white kind that grows short, having a round blossom. Sweet clover becomes very tall, and the blossom is long, that is to say.

> the blossom stalk is long, and is covered with many tiny white flowers. Any country person will point it out.
>
> Dried lavender is another inexpensive but delicious way of scenting clothes, and should be done as is sweet clover. A cheap potpourri that will sweeten garments, or may be used for a room is

made of eight ounces each of dried lav-ender flowers and rose leaves, four ounces of orris root powdered, one ounce each of ground cloves, cinnamon and all spice, and half a pound of table salt. Mix all thoroughly and let stand a month a tight glass jar before using.

The Home-Making Instinct.

"Oh no, I am not boarding any more; I am housekeeping," said the young woman stonographer, smiling happily. 'Come with me to my home.'

The home was only one room-jarge and light, however. In the windows and light, however. were blooming pot plants; on the walls were pictures, bright cards and groups of photographs, and in hanging shelves and on a little table were books and fancy articles taken from the trunk in which they had reposed during the years of boarding house life. The little green enameled bed in a corner covered by an old-fashioned green and white "Irish chain" quilt—the work of the grandmother in the country-looked restful and bower-like. All culinary paraphernalia was hidden by a pretty screen, but a peep behind the screen showed a little stove and a shelf of snowy dishes daintily clean. The girl laughingly disclosed other domestic secrets. She was as happy as a bird in a new nest.

Isn't it true that despite the place woman has won beside man as world's worker and wage-earner, yet the old sweet instinct of home-making asserts it-

self—the primitive woman peeps out? That work outside the home is dom satisfying to women is occasionally betrayed by the half-cynical utterance of business women. Recently a success ful young newspaper woman in Nev York wrote—as though it were a third person speaking:

"I am quite sick of all this talk about the dignity of labor. Work in moderabe dignified-it may be a joy but the daily grind-the hard, continuous as a condition to existence is neither joyous nor dignified. It is ruinous to mind, health and morals—and, most of all, of beauty." Truly a feminine cli-

A newspaper man who recognizes this disgust with the "daily grind" as an up-heaval of the primitive woman, says that as long as women feel this way towards their work there is none of the danger, predicted by pessimists, that women in general will cease to be home keepers and become competitors with men in business and professional field. And he adds, "The reason so few business women achieve success is that they regard their work as only temporary, while men, from the start, know that it is a life sentence they have. A woman marries and gives up her career; a man mar-ries and doubles his exertions that he

may maintain his establishment."
But there are many women working who do not look forward to marriage at all; there are others who, after marriage continue their career—from choice or necessity—sharing with their husbands the burden of support, and there are still other women who are in love with their work and who go about it with cheerfulness and zest.-M. E. B., Select-

Disfavor of Haughty Girls.

Some really pretty girls are so foolish because they will persist in "hiding their light under a bushel," or, in other words, stowing away their charms under cover of a ridiculously haughty manner. When good wine, good clothes, late hours, little spins into the country by moonlight, and little arrivals at home by dawn. There shrugs ner shoulders and replies, lan-"Oh, do you think so? I don't agree at

> one by one, her acquaintances drop away from her. That girl doesn't seem to un-derstand that it is her manner which is causing her the loss of her best friends After all, it is the unaffected, simple girl who conquers in this world of ours, who is always ready with a bright, cheering smile, and to whom you can confide your most treasured secrets, being sure of receiving a whole-hearted sympathy. In sorrow or joy, in sickness or trouble, she is ready with a helping hand and a cheerful word to lessen the pain and bring home and happiness back to the aching

Perhaps it is that the "haughty girl" believes her manner is "taking." Let me correct that error before it goes any further. A man prefers a girl with whom he can talk naturally and easily, feeling that she is listening and enjoying what that she is listening and enjoying what he has to say, and not staring into the far distance with arched eyebrows and an expression which plainly says to him "I wish you would go away; you are boring me to death," even if she is far from thinking it. It isn't complimentary to the man, to say the least.

Men do not in the least appreciate a girl who is merely trying to look interested. Appearances in this case do not deceive. No girl, however clever, can deceive a listener into believing that she is deeply absorbed in hearing his troubles when actually she is totally disregarding all he says.

How to Choose a Husband.

Choosing a husband is really a more important question than deciding on an invitation to a dance, or settling one mind about one's new summer hat. Don't choose him because he is the handsomest man you know, and all the other girls are wild about him. Good looks are not, by any means, always the sign of a good heart. Some of the worst scoundrels the world has ever seen have been remarkably handsome. Don't choose him because he dresses

That is his tailor's work, not his. At that rate you had better marry the tailor, for then you would always be gratified by the sight of well-made clothes, whereas your husband and his tailor once parted, that special claim to your favor may no longer exist. your favor may no longer exist.

Don't choose him because he dances well. You won't spend the rest of your life in the ball room, and there is a prejudice in society against husbands and wives dancing much together, so you won't get much benefit out of the fact that his step and yours suit each

other exactly.

Choose him because he has a good temper and a kind heart. These outlast all the good looks in the world, and are worth a thousand times more. When troubles come and sorrows threaten there will be more comfort to you in a man with a tender and kind heart, and a temper that bears a strain than in the handsomest face on earth and the bestdressed figure.

Choose him because he is good. That will help to make life with him happier than anything else. The man without principles cannot make any woman happy; avoid him if you don't want to be a miserable wife. You have nothing to lay hold of in a man who has no principles. Choose him because you love him. Money may go, but if love stays, all is him. not gone.

When She Needs Her Mother.

I was impressed with a story I read this week of a motherless girl who was about to marry a man who had been kind to her, yet one whom she did not love. Personally I care nothing for love stories, though the heart yearning of the girl for her mother in this instance is as beautiful as it is pitiful. It shows the true instinct of every girl to fly to the sheltering love of a good mother when a mother is most needed. The girl who has no mother is the loneliest girl in the world, and she misses a joy which some girls hold lightly until too late. Every day we read of some tragedy in life in which some girl has done something to bring shame on her mother-something which lowers her in the estimation of her friends. Sometimes it is an elopement, sometimes trickery and deceit. One of the saddest things in life is when a girl begins to deceive her mother.

O. what a tangled web we weave, When first we practice to deceive."

I recall a girl friend I had when I was in school, yet while we were still young she did something which I have never forgotten. I was passing her home when she slipped into my hand a bag of chocolates, asking me to carry them as it have your warm as the start of th they were my own so that she would not to give any of them to her own mother as we passed her sitting in her door. That was many years ago, but I always think of her as one who would practice deception on anyone, for it was fully evidenced in the deceit toward her mother. A girl may and will make many mistakes in life, for who lives that does not make them? But she will make fewer, and live a better, truer lie if she make her mother a confidant. In the story the girl had only the mother's picture to look at, but she seemed to find in the eyes which looked down upon her a silent warning to wait until the right man came along. It was only a story, but it was a good one, for it breathed of mother love and girlish confidence.

The Story of a Proposal.

Some one was urging a newly married woman to tell how in the world she ever managed to get a proposal out of the man she married, as he was known to be about the shyest man in ten states where women were concerned. Finally she made what she said was a confession. "He didn't propose to me," she said. "I proposed to him. It was this way. You know he was a very close friend of my first husband. One day, after I had been a widow about a year, he called on me. I was greatly surprised, because I knew he was more afraid of women than of the wrath to come. He stammered a bit, and finally told me he had been trying to call ever since the death of my husband, because he wanted to ask me a favor. 'I used to think a great deal of John,' he said. 'I want you to give me some little memento of him—something he left—that I may cherish as a keepsake.' It was my chance. 'How will I do?' I asked scarcely above a whisper, but he heard it. Of course he couldn't help himself; he had to take me." This provoked another story of a proposal.

Ideal Womanhood. We hear and we read of the charming woman, yet we know that above all woman or girl who would charming must possess a true and noble heart, full of love and sympathy for her fellow beings, and an intelligent mind to grasp the right idea at the right time. There is a beautiful girl who has many admirers, men and women. This girl is a splendid conversationalist and possesses a voice of sweet musical power. attracts people, yet she never holds friends, and is ever on the lookout for new conquests. When you look her in the face you see beauty, but not soulful beauty, for her eyes are cold and not sympathetic. When she sings, beautiful as is her well modulated voice, the same coldness is noticeable. She is a endowed with everything but that which makes her lovable or loved. possessed with beauty of character, rue sympathetic nature, from these characteristics spring the many little virtues which make a woman loved, admired and needed by those around her. It was Milton. I think who wrote the lines: "Grace was in all her steps, Heaven in her eye, in every gesture dignity and

Turpentine Cleans Leather.

Difficulty sometimes is found in cleaning successfully raised leather blotters and frames. Brown shoe polish, which sometimes is employed, is apt to darken the leather, much as it does in the matter of footgear. Turpentine, however, can be used safely as a polisher, and can be applied over and over again without any ill effects being noticeable, while it effectually removes any stains which may disfigure the leather. After rubbing on the turpentine a little crude oil should be applied vigorously with a piece of flannel, the object being to render the leather soft and pliable; turpentine, un-less counteracted by oil, has the effect of hardening it to a certain extent. After this has been done a soft, clean cloth should be used as a polisher, and the surface rubbed gently backward and forward till the requisite shine has been

To Cure Depression.

The best cure for depression and that weary, tired-out feeling in all its enervating phases is exercise. The more weary one feels the greater they need exercise. Eat lots of green things, let-tuce, water cress, dandelions and remaine with a simple dressing of salt, pepper, lemon juice and oil—plenty of the oil and of the best quality. Cheap so-called olive oil is of absolutely no use for any purpose except cleaning metal. Sleep in a room with the windows wide

Take a cold shower on rising if your physician recommends it. It wakes one up and steadies their nerves. tissue responds more quickly to the mervating and depressing state than the nervous tissue, which is directly bene-fited by contact with pure air and an improved circulation.

Clean Silver Without Powder.

Silver spoons as well as other small and thirty-seven minutes.

trinkets may be brightened easily without the addition of silver powder by plac-ing them in an aluminium receptacle and pouring boiling water over them. Polishing should be effected by means of a piece of clean chamois leather, but in adopting this treatment it must be remembered that the silver never should

Rugs from Bedspreads.

Two old bedspreads were colored blue; cut in strips and woven, as for rag carpet, into rugs, one 4x6 feet and two others of less dimensions. A white fringe finished the ends and the velvety surface of the rugs when woven gave hem an oriental appearance

be allowed to become tarnished.

CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS.

Lotteries originated in Rome.

Railroad fares are cheapest in India. Madrid's slums are the worst in the

Small nostrils indicate weak lungs.

Men tailors sew much better than

In Iceland it is considered wicked to

Red spectacles are said to cure sea-In Algeria the horses outnumber the numan beings.

The Tasmanians brew tea from 100 different plants.

The English pronounce "ocen" hyme with "seen.

In India pens are made of bamboo. They write pretty well. The buildings most frequently struck

ov lightning are churches Mediaeval physicians prescribed dancing as a cure for many ills.

"Hamlet" has made more money than any other play in the world.

A Japanese cook never touches any article of food with his fingers. The average Englishwoman is 2 inches aller than her American cousin.

The Viennese cop must understand elegraphy, swimming and rowing.

There are Philippine bats as big as eats, with a wing-spread of a yard. The Sunda Islanders blacken all but

he two front upper teeth, which they The birch bark used in its tanning is what gives Russian leather its delightful

Taking a Flyer.

The secretary of an eastern company that some time ago was anxious to pur-chase a silver-lead mine in the northwest tells of an amusing incident in the ne-

gotiations for its purchase.

As the ore assayed well and everything looked propitious, a mining expert was sent to examine the mine. His re-port was favorable, too favorable, in and aroused the suspicions of the yould-be purchasers; so it was deter-

mined to investigate more closely. At this point a well known mining man Butte recommended that a certain rough-and-ready genius should be sent to nook at the mine. "You can depend upon his judgment," the mining man said. "You can trust to his report, which, in all probability, will be brief and very much to the point. The advice was followed. As predicted.

e report was short and pitl substantially as follows:

"The most solitary person in the world during working hours." says Rene Bache in the July Technical World Magazine, is the maker of roman candles. occupies an isolated cell, somewhat like that of an oldtime hermit, save that its precincts are more contracted, and noody comes near him while he is engaged in his patient toil. The wages he gets are high, but not by reason of the ione-liness to which he is condemned; he is paid for the risks he is obliged to take. "The quarters occupied by this eremite artisan are a tiny house, which might almost be called a hut, with a floor space not more than six feet square. Standing by itself, at least sixty yards from the structure, the little building is of wood, the simplest imaginable architecture. If it were to be blown up the financial oss would be almost nil-a point of some importance, inasmuch as its diurnal tenant is obliged to use considerable quantities of explosives in the business which engages his attention. For a roman candle is a sort of magazine, or repeating gun, with a paper tube for a barrel and balls of fire for projectiles.'

Rather Billiards Than Bible If They 1884 that he was appointed to the rank

Save Souls. "I would just as soon hear the click of of the Bible, provided it won a man to the cause of Christianity," declared Rev. Dr. Maurice P. Fikes, pastor of the First Baptist church of Franklin, Pa. in sermon. His church is the wealthiest

the oil region. Dr. Fikes, who has just returned from a trip around the world, was telling of his visit to a church that has club fea-

tures for men and women.
"The church which would win men these days must be up and doing," con-tinued Dr. Fikes, "and while I do not old that it must offer them all the bleasures the world does, it must give hem those which do not run counter to Christianity. This is particularly true of ities like London, New York, Chicago

and Pittsburg.
"I know the idea of a billiard room on church property will shock trustees and deacons, but they must come to it or their church will lose its influence."

Some New York Figures. Since the first day of the year 7300 new families have taken up their abode

in New York city. In the New York city tenements thirty-seven children under one years old re dying each day. Each man, woman and child in New York city consumes an average of four unces of sugar each day.

Records of false weights and measures used in New York city show that the people are cheated out of \$13,000,000 a year by their use. There is no bridge on Bridge street to give it its name, but there was 100 years ago, when what is Broad street was

an inlet from the bay and was crossed

by a rough wooden structure where the former street is. New York city gives a larger con-tinuous street car ride for 5 cents than any other city in the world. For that fare you can ride from the postoffie to Fort George, 12.37 miles, in one hour

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

SIR FREDERICK HAINES, Great Britain's senior and oldest field marshal, was born August, 10, 1819. In 1839, when twenty years of age, he entered the British army as an ensign in the 4th King's Own. He saw his first active service with Sir Hugh Gough in the Sutlej campaign of 1845. Under Gough he displayed gallantry in service, which carned him several promotions. In the Crimean war he was present at Alma. Crimean war he was present at Alma. Balaclava, Inkerman and Sebastopol. For a year—1879-1880—he acted as commander-in-chief in Afghanistan, where his services won the thanks of both houses of Parliament. He was fifty-eight years old when he was honored with knighthood and seventy-six when he got his baton. He has now completed

JUSTICE JOS. M'KENNA was 64 years old Aug. 10. He is one of the three youngest members of the supreme tribunal and will not be eligible to retire until six years hence.

Justice McKenna, though acknowledged to be one of the ablest men who ever sat on the supreme bench, is comparatively when the supreme bench, is comparatively unknown to the general public. As attorney general in President McKinley's cabinet and also during his service in Congress he took a more prominent part in the social life of the national capital than has been the case since he was elevated to the supreme bench. Mr. McKenna and Justice Brew er are said to be the two most regular patrons of the street cars in Washing-

GOV. ROBERT B. GLENN of North Carolina, whose successful efforts to enforce the railroad rate law in his state have recently brought him prominently before the public, was born in Bucking-ham county, N. C., August 11, 1854. He was educated first in the high school at Leaksville, and then went to Davidson college for three years. For two years he was at the University of Virginia. He studied law under Chief Justice Pearson during 1875 and 1876, and was admitted to the bar in 1877. In 1881 he was sent to the legislature, and four years later was made district solicitor in the ninth judicial district. He was a Cleveland elector in 1884 and 1892, and substituted as a Cleveland elector in 1888. In 1885 he was appointed United States district attempts by President States district attorney by President Cleveland and served for five years. In 1889 he was a state senator, and was member of the Senate committee that framed the North Carolina constitutional amendment. In 1904 he was elected governor and has three years more in of-

JAMES W. WADSWORTH. JR., speaker of the lower branch of the New York Legislature, was born August 12, His father was a member of Congress for more than twenty years and prominent in New York politics. The younger Wadsworth was graduated from Yale in 1898. When the Spanish-American war broke out a few weeks after he had received his degree, he enlisted as a private. For a short time listed as a private. For a short time he served in Porto Rico, and later saw active service in the Philippines. In 1899 he returned home and engaged in farming in Livingston county, N. Y. He was first elected an assemblyman in 1904, when 27 years old. Shortly after his graduation from college Mr. Wads-worth was married to Miss Alice Hay, daughter of the late secretary of state.

Dr. Goldwin Smith, the celebrated historian and publicist, was born August 13, 1823. He is an Englishman by birth, but has lived in Canada for ears. His education substantially as follows:

"Gents: I have made an examination of the X— mine, and report that the ore is there as represented; that it assays high that it is those in plants, but to get your supplies in and your ore out. you will need a "pack-train of bald eagles."—Harper's Weekly.

How Fireworks Are Made.

When the fireworks are Made. America, and with the American Civil war. In 1868, having resigned his chair at Oxford, he settled in the United States as a professor at Cornell uni-versity. This post he occupied till 1871, when he removed to Canada, where he was for a time a member of the senate of the University of Toronto. For near ly forty years he has lived at "The Grango," near the city of Toronto. Dur-ing that period his life has been devoted to literature, journalism, philanthropy and all the higher duties of citizenship. He has been and is still a prolific writer and his writings have covered a wide variety of subjects.

> Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of Emperor William, was born on August 14, 1862, in Potsdam. He was at destined for the naval career, to follow in the footsteps of his uncle, German admiral, Prince Adalbert, to whom the organization and spirit of the German navy are in large measure due Prince Henry's love of the sea and his adventurous spirit were thoroughly gratified, when a youth, by several long cruises around the world. It was in of lieutenant captain, and in 1892 he attained to the rank of captain at sea, and on September 15, 1895, that of rear age pace of twenty-five miles a admiral. He was married, on June 24, fairly good time in England. 1888, to Princess Irene of Hesse, a granddaughter of the late Queen Victoria and a sister of the present Czarina of Russia. In 1902 Prince Henry made an are enforced with severity in England, but if you will try the mettle of your extended tour of the United States and was everywhere accorded a most thusiastic reception. At that time he visited Milwaukee.

Senator Albert J. Hopkins of Illinois. whose term will expire in 1909, and who is now fighting for re-election, was born in De Kalb county, Illinois, August 15, 1846. His education was received at Hillsdale college, in Michigan, and after graduating from that institution he studied law and was admitted to the bar. He began the practice of law at Aurora, which city he has ever since made his His first public office was that of state's attorney of Kane county, to which he was elected in 1872, and served four years. From 1878 to 1880 he was a member of the Republican state central committee of Illinois, and in 1884 was a presidential elector on the Blaine and Logan ticket. In 1885 he was sent to Congress by his district and served continuously until 1903, when he was honored with the United States senatorship.

W. A. GARRETT, president of the Seaboard Air Line Railway company, was born in Canton, Miss., August 16, 1861. Employed first as a messenger in the ticket office he became eventually the assistant superintendent of the the Wabash railroad, which position he resigned in 1899 to become a division superintendent of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad. In 1903 he became general superintendent of the Philadel-phia & Reading, and in the same year was elected general manager of the Cincinnati, New Orleans, Texas & Pacific

ago to accept the presidency of the Seaboard Air Line in succession to the late Alfred Walter. Mr. Garrett is an enthusiastic advocate of temperance and one of his first acts upon assuming his duties as president of the railroad was to issue an order prohibiting drinking among the employes.

MENELIK II., Emperor of Shoa and Abyssinia, was born August 17, 1844. in his father's kingdom of Shoa. His mother was a beggar whom the king took mother was a beggar whom the king took a fancy to and married. He ruled in Shoa after having spent his youth in all sorts of wild adventures, and when King John of Abyssinia died in 1889 Menetik marched to Abyssinia, had himself crowned Emperor of Abyssinia and Shoa and proclaimed himself King of Kings. He was arabled to do this with Italian. He was enabled to do this with Italian interference, but he later flung aside this alliance because, as he said, Italy desired to absorb his kingdom. The counsixty eight years of active service in the army without a break. He is in good health for a man of his great age and is a familiar figure in London society and club circles.

sired to absorb his kingdom. The country he rules is very rich in gold, huxurfant in vegetation and in every way a desirable place. Its population is over 3,000,-000. The health to the throne is a boy 11 years old, called Jjsu, a son of Menelik's daughter. The situation in Abyssinia. daughter. The situation in Abyssinia, however, is uncertain, and in the event of King Menelik's death a struggle for

> EMPEROR FRANCIS JOSEPH of Austria-Hungary was born August 18. 1830. He is the longest reigning monarch in the world, having succeeded to the throne in 1848, at the age of 18. He came to the throne through the abdication of his uncle, Ferdinand I., in the midst of a revolution that threatened the foundation of the monarchy. On coming into power Francis Joseph promulgated a new constitution, but the course of events caused him later to return to a reactionary policy and for more formal reactionary policy and for many years he ruled as a despotic monarch. His has been a troublous reign. In addition to a serious rebellion in Hungary he has in his long career been obliged to engage in war with France, Italy and Prussia, in which his country has a referred the in which his country has suffered the loss of much territory. It has been said that the venerable Emperor is the most tragic figure among living sovereigns. The three greatest personal disasters that have darkened his life were the execution of his brother, Maximilian, in 1867, whom Napoleon III. sought to establish as Emperor of Mexico; the suicide, in 1889, his only son and heir, Prince Rudoli and, lastly, the assassination, in 1898, his wife, the Empress Elizabeth.

John D. Afraid of Burglars.

Probably the most complete burglar nlarm system in the world is installed n John D. Rockefeller's house at Cleveland. Both the burglar alarm and an intricate signalling system are tested nightly when the master is in the house, and if a defect is found an expert is immediately summoned to repair it.

It is reported, but not confirmed, that
Mr. Rockefeller sleeps in a room on the top floor, the only entrance to which is through several other rooms in which trusted lieutenants are stationed. At

night brilliant are lamps illuminate the grounds around the Rockefeller house and at least three men are always on duty patrolling the premises,

Mr. Rockefeller's fear of assassination is such that even in his own house he will not sit with his back to a window. When forced to travel he will never, if t can be avoided, enter the public waiting room of a railroad station, preferring to sit in the baggage room or some other secluded place. It was not vanity, it is said, which prompted him to buy his now famous wig, but the fact that his baldness made him too easily recognized. The oil magnate has two trusted bodyguards, one an Irishman and the other a

bodyguards were the favorites of royalty. -Cleveland Leader.

A century or more ago Irish and Swiss

Automobile Routs a Bear. O. S. Johnson and B. A. Hill of Scranon, had a curious experience last week. They were automobiling in the wildest fastnesses of Bear creek, when a big black bear stepped out of the woods into the middle of the road, in front of them and about a hundred yards away. Old bruin stood up on his haunches and gazed in apparent astonishment at the devil wagon. The chauffeur put on steam and rapidly approached. When within 50 feet the bear, evidently thinking that discretion was the better part of valor, dropped on his four hind feet and ambled at a swift pace off into the woods.—Philadelphia Record.

Walking a Vanishing Art.

As a walker the civilized man is rapidly degenerating. The remaining sturdy types are the patrolman, the postman, the lamplighter and others who are obliged to walk much. People who always traveling on wheels will find but languid interest in the fact that the word's long distance walking record was recently beaten in England; but those who have good red blood in their veins will be pleased to know that a member of the London stock exchange walked from London to Brighton and return, a distance of 104½ miles, in 18 hours 13 minutes and 27 seconds.—Philadelphia

English and French Roads.

Ledger.

In England it is almost impossible to attain speed with safety in motoring. The roads twist and turn and the walls and hedges prevent the driver's seeing what there is beyond a curve. An average pace of twenty-five miles an hour is Of course the country is settled much

motor, cross the Channel. In Fra the road is yours.—Travel Magazine.

more thickly than France, which adds to the danger of speeding. Speed laws

Frieslander's Useful Shoes. It would be difficult to realize what the Frieslander would do without his klom-pen, or wooden shoes, for they have a hundred uses. With them he bails out his boat, corrects his children and scoops drink of water wherever he may He places in them his worms for fishing, uses them as missiles in a free fight, digs with them, measures dry goods with them, and a hundred other things. The klompen are cheap; they cost about fifteen pence a pair, man's size, and Dutchmen's feet are not Cin-derellalike by any means.—Wide World Magazine.

Growth of Canada.

Canada, like the widow's cruse of oil. eems to grow with the using. One supposes there is an ultimate frontier some where between wheat fields and eternal ice, but where shall we find it? The old geographers fixed it at the international boundary. Then it was supposed to be at Winnipeg. For years Edmonton was the "Last House," and yet 400 miles north of Edmonton good wheat is grown and milled. The fact is that no attempt Louis Union Depot company. In 1896 has yet been made to fix the northern he became a division superintendent of limit of the soil which invites agriculture limit of the soil which invites agriculture and offers rich reward to the willing farmer.-National Magazine.

Day's Record in British Colliery.

What is claimed to be a record day's winding for any colliery in the United was elected general manager of the Cincinnati, New Orleans, Texas & Pacific railway and the Alabama Great Southern. This position he resigned a year during the day was 3245 tons.

OMAHA RAILWAY IS FINED \$20,000.

FORMER GENERAL FREIGHT AGENT PEARCE IS ALSO SENTENCED tO PAY \$2000.

GRANTING REBATES IS CHARGE

Southern Railway Officer Testifies to High Expenses in North Carolina Rate Suit.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 23.-A fine of \$20,000 was imposed upon the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway company, and its former general freight agent, Hiram M. Pearce, was ordered to pay a \$2000 fine by Judge Page Morris, in the United States district court in Minneapolis today.

The Omaha road, conjointly with its former general treight agent, was convicted in the same court April 11 of granting rebates to the Spencer Grain company on an indictment containing fifty counts.

Transfer Rate Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 23.—
The North Carolina rate case hearing transferred from New York was resumed here today before Walter A. Montgomery, appointed by United States Circuit Judge J. C. Pritchard to take evidence.

H. B. Spencer, vice president of the Southern railway, testified that the cost of running a passenger train in North of running a passenger train in North Carolina is from 98 cents to \$1.14 a mile, and that the average earnings a mile on local passenger trains in the state

were from 70 cents to 75 cents a mile. Gross Earnings Good. Most of the intrastate travel, he said, is on local trains. Mr. Spencer said that it cost from three to three and onehalf times as much a ton to handle intrastate freight in North Carolina as the average for the entire system. For the fiscal year ended July 30, 1900, he gave the gross earnings on North Carolina business from a statement of the comptroller as \$12,043,727, the gross opera ting expenses for the same period as \$7,778,193.

BOILER BLOWS UP AND KILLS SIX.

Terrible Accident on Coal Barge During Overhauling of Boat-Men Torn to Pieces.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.-Six men who were testing a boiler of a donkey engine in the hold of the coal barge Paterson were instantly killed today by the explosion of the boiler. A seventh man was seriously injured.

The barge, which belonged to the Eric Railroad company, was burned out on a railway at Teitjen & Lang's dock in Hoboken to be repaired after having been in service between Boston and New York. A general overhauling was under way when Capt. Hopkins, his engineer and deckhand and the four machinists employed by Tietjen & Lang went into engine room to test the boiler.

This room was only twelve feet square. The engineer started a fire in the and it had been burning only a time when the boiler exploded. It is supposed that the water in the boiler was low. The bodies of the men, who were crowded into the little engine room without a possibility of escape, were terribly torn and one man's head was

The decks of the barge were blown up and the vessel was otherwise damaged. Mrs. Hopkins, the captain's wife was at the forward end of the barge and escaped injury. Her 14-year-old son was nearly blown overboard, but escaped with severe bruises.

FIRE IN CINCINNATI.

Blaze Controlled After Long Fight Causes \$750,000 Loss-Started in White Lead Works.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 23.-A shift of the wind aided the firemen to over come the fire that started in the Eagl White Lead company's plant last night and five hours after the flames were dis covered the fire was under control, after wiping out property valued at \$750,000. driving hundreds of tenement dwellers from their homes and leaving waste sev eral acres of ground. Only one man wa-

The principal losers were: Eagle White Lead company, \$50,000.

Morrison & Snodgrass, window sash manufacturers, \$100,000.

D. T. Williams Valve company, \$100,000.

B. H. Kroger, wholesale and retail grocery warehouses, \$550,000.

Roberts & Co., wholesale lumber, \$20,000.

Isaac Joseph & Co., waste and scrap iron, \$115,000.

Minor losses bring the total to \$750, PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 23.—Two fires yesterday caused by the explosion of gasoline in clothes pressing establishments caused damage estimated at \$250, 000, and for a time threatened the entire

east end section of this city. Sever buildings burned including a number of automobile garages.

CALUMET, Mich., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The Delaware mine location in Keweenaw county was a scene of a disastrous fire when the general merchandise store of Johnson Bros., and ware house and a building owned by the Bosel Brewing company were totally destroyed

Johnson Bros. carried an insurance of \$3000 on their stock. The total loss from the fire is estimated at \$10,000.

BELOIT, Wis., Aug. 23.—[Special.]— Fire destroyed two boarding houses at the corner of Broad and Mill streets last night. Several inmates narrowly escaped suffocation. The loss was \$2000

MINERS STILL BURIED

Four Men Still in Tunnel Near Wilkes-Barre, Pa., and All Are Believed to Be Dead.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 23 .-Four of the miners who were yesterday caught in the cave-in in No. 14 tunner of the Pennsylvania Coal company, near here, are still entombed, and it is be-

lieved they are dead.

The voice of James Boyle, one of the entombed men, was heard at 2 o'clock this morning, but since then silence has reigned in the vicinity of the cave-in-Boyle's companions are Peter Flynn, John Koening and J. O. Koening.

The cave-in was caused by a heavy fall of rock. Six men were caught, but

two of them crawled from under some of the debris after several hours' effort.

& WESTERN IS REPORT.

Acquisition Subject to Certain Conditions to Be Determined in Short Time.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.-The Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad company has acquired control of the Chicago & Alton, according to an announcement

made here today. The acquisition of the road is subject to certain conditions which will not be finally determined for ten days or two weeks from the present time.

RAISULI BEATS SULTAN'S ARMY.

Caid Sir Harry MacLean-Alcazar in Danger. WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 23 .-

Information has reached the state department by cable to the effect that the bandit Raisuli has completely defeated the large force sent against him by the Sultan of Morocco in the effort to secure the release of Caid MacLean.

According to the report the important Moorish city of Alcazar, which is distant only two days by the caravan route from the city of Tangier, is in great danger.

French Won't March to Fez. PARIS, Aug. 23.—Adolphe Maujan, undersecretary of the interior, has announced officially that Gen. Drude has been ordered to disperse only those tribes-

men found within six to ten miles of Casa Blanca. "Gen. Drude will not go farther afield," M. Maujan declared, "and there never has been any question of marching on Fez or any other point in the interior. Our warships will merely pa trol the ports where it is necessary to organize the international police in fulfillment of the understanding reached at Algeciras. France and Spain are in complete accord." Several captive balloons are being forwarded to Casa Blanca, Moroeco, from the army's aerostatic parks, for use in locating the

Germany Watching Developments. BERLIN, Aug. 23.-The attention of the entire German government is fixed upon the events at Casa Blanca more than upon any other subject in Germany's external relations. The pre sumption, of course, is that the French government will observe its declarations at the beginning of the operations and remain in Morocco only long enough to restore order. Yet the indications are that France's definition of that period will depend on developments in the situa-

BADGERSHOOTERSHIGH

tion and may be a long one.

Third Regiment Riflemen Take Fifth Place at Camp Perry in a Field of Fifty.

irmish match Thursday by two teams The first was from the First regiment and was composed of Schlick, Allen, Alnert, Anlesbrook, Osmuth and Oleson. The second team was from the Third regiment, and composed of Comer, Behnke, Bailey, Crippen, Fowler and Hunt-sicker. During the day, Comer, Schiick and Ahnert won 90 per cent, medals at 609 yards. At the meeting of the national rifle association last night. Adju-Gen. C. R. Boardman of Wisconsin was nade a life member and elected as frector of the association for three The regimental skirmish match years. won by the Second infantry Washington which scored 419, with th Sixth regiment Massachusetts volunteer militia, second; United States marine corps team No. 5, third: United States marine corps team No. 5, third: United States marine team No. 6, fourth, and the Third regiment of Wisconsin, fifth, with a score of 548. The First Wisconsin was eighteenth with 558. Fitty-one teams com-peted. The Wisconsin scores follow:

THIRD WISCONSIN REGIMENT.

Feut. F. M. Fowler. 2 8 48
Figt. P. J. Conner. 2 11 63
Fivate C. R. Behnke. 8 40 72
Figt. L. L. Bailey. 2 6 38
ol. G. A. Hunsicker. 8 10 82
Figt. G. A. Crippen. 5 11 55 FIRST WISCONSIN REGIMENT

Color Sergt. R. S. Schlick. 3
Sergt. Paul Ahnert. 6
Sergt. C. F. Osmuth. 3
Pr.vate J. H. Allen. 2
Private Oleson. 4
Corp. J. Anlesbrook. 4 The records indicate that Wisconsin ill be well to the front during the con-

MARION STORY SUICIDE.

Well Known Miniature Painter Shoots Himself-Domestic Troubles Supposed Cause.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.-Marion Story, the miniature painter, a brother of Julian Story, the artist, and also well snown as an enthusiastic yachtsman and exhibiter in the horse shows, shot himelf in the head with a revolver in the farm, near Portchester. He died before medical aid could reach him. Mr. Story had not been long back from Europe. He spent the early months of the sum-mer in Germany and Spain, seeking health and rest. His wife, it is said, has been estranged from him for some time and is now believed to be in Spain. Since his return from Europe Mr. Story had lived alone on his estate near Port-chester entertaining little and seeming

MULES AND NOT AUTOS.

Gen. Altshire Cannot See How Machines Are Better Than Animals for Army Purposes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 23 .-Based upon study and experience in the purchase of horses and mules for the army, Brig.-Gen. J. B. Aleshire, the army, Brig-Gen. J. B. Alesanre, the quartermaster general of the army, devotes considerable space in his annual report to the remount service. Discussing the subject of automobiles for military purposes, Gen. Aleshire says that tests of these machines and reports received as to their utility and cost of the property and cost of the considerance maintenance do not argue in favor of their substitution for any of the standard means of army transportation.

ACQUIRED BY TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS TAKES LORIS HIGGINS FROM NE-BRASKA SHERIFF.

> but They Get His Prisoner Away from Him.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 26.-Louis Higgins, who murdered W. L. Copple and wife, farmers, near Rosalle, Neb., May 12, was lynched at Bancroft today.

Sheriff Young of Thurston county, came to Omaha Sunday night to get his prisoner who had been in the Douglass county jail here since his capture and took him to Boncroft on a train which arrived there about 8 o'clock in the morning. Twenty men took Higgins from the sheriff hauled him off in a dray and hanged him to a tree. When the sheriff left for Omaha Sunday he was accosted by citizens at Bancroft who asked him what he would do of they should attempt to lynch Higgins Completely Routs Troops and Retains

to lynch Higgins.
"Shoot the first man who tried it," he "Well, we just wanted to know, chances are you will have some shooting

Higgins' crime was a wanton one.
He had worked on the Copple farm and had had some trivial dispute with Mr.
Copple. Anger over this is the only suggestion of a reason for the murder.
He killed both in the barnyard with a gun. He was a young man and after his arrest became radically religious par-

WIFE'S SISTER BILL IS LAW IN ENGLAND.

Important Marriage Measure Goes Through House of Lords by Big Majority.

LONDON, Aug. 26.-Marriage with a deceased wife's sister has finally become legalized in Great Britain, the House of Lords this evening having by 98 to 54 votes passed the bills sanctioning such

Opponents of the measure fought strenuously to the last, but the time worn arguments failed to have the effect they had in previous years. The idea that marriages of the kind were immoral came into Britain with the reformation, that zealous maintainer of the sanctity of Christian matrimony, Henry VIII., having sought to crystallize in an act of Parliament his rejection of papal supremacy, and in striking at the Pope's claim to grant dispensations he imposed upon English ecclesiastical law the Levitical code of marriage.

Origin of the Law.

What is known as Lord Lyndhurst's act, passed in 1835, making marriage with a deceased wife's sister null and with a deceased wire's sister in and void, also owed its inspection to purely personal reasons. Lyndhurst's act, in fact, belonged to the "chronique scandaleuse" or English political life. A famous duke had contracted an alliance of the kind and approached the chancellor of the day, Lord Lyndhurst, with the object of getting an act of Parliament passed making the legitimacy of his matrimonial venture beyond dispute. Lynd-hurst put through Parliament an act making all existing marriages with de-CAMP PERRY, O., Aug. 23.—Wisconsin was represented in the regimental them illegal in the future, thereby obliging his ducal friend and at the same

Conflict, Too, Is Odd.

As the origin of the law is curious, so also has been the conflict, for it has shown a phenomenon rare in English history, the participation of princes of the blood royal, who seldom, in whatever part they played behind the scenes, mingled in the actual fray. Time after time the present King, when Prince of Wales, voted in favor of the passage of the bill legalizing marriages of this sort. Royal support on one occasion, in 1896, carried the bill through the House of Lords, but the Commons refused to take it into consideration. It was then a private measure, and the bill now before Parliament is the first in the history of the conflict that has been spon-

sored by the government. Will Legitimatize Thousands.

The Archbishop of Canterbury in an impassioned appeal to the lords to throw out the bill contended that in its effect upon the life and morality of the people of the country the change would cause more distress and inconvenience than i would alleviate, and that the general tendency would be for ill rather than good. It was pointed out in reply that most people knew cases within their own personal circle where the prohibition caused great hardship and where either the parties had broken the letter of the law and gone elsewhere to be married or that the marriage, which would have been desirable for the parties themselves and beneficial for their children, had not taken place.

It is estimated that 1800 such unions are contracted every year and that about 9000 children are born "illegitimate." The bill will be speedily entered upon the statute book. It has a retroactive effect and will legalize all marriages with deceosed wives' sisters that have taken place since 1835, though it will not like the property which may have disturb property which may have changed hands under the old law.

FOREIGNER LANDS IN A BARREL. Russian Immigrant Who Fears Deportation Uses Strategy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Hyilan Masowvitch, a Russian, who fled from outrages in his country, has had the unusual experience of being landed on American soil in a tightly headed barrel. When on his way to America Masowvitch met with an accident m which he lost an eye. Informed that he would be deported because of this defect he called on friends, and they made u a purse and offered it to one of the petty officers of the ship to land him. The officer, knowing the circumstances, prepared a barrel, and as the steamship was going up New York bay a boat was lowered containing the barrel which contained Masowvitch. The boat's crew pulled ashore at Hoboken, rolled the barrel on land and returned to their ves sel. A few days afterward the Russian appeared in Waterbury, where friends were wondering about his safety.

GUESTS DROWNED; STARTS SUIT. Iowan Asks \$20,000 Damages from Estate of Wife's Host.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Aug. 26.—The responsibility of hotels for the safety of their guests will be brought up in a suit which J. Fred Stevens has started against the estate of the late W. H. Powell. Stevens' wife and daughter An-nie and Mr. and Mrs. Powell and their son Hallie were drowned August 1. Pow ell's launch, in which Mrs. and Miss Stevens were riding, being carried over the dam. Stevens alleges that Mr. Pow ell was negligent in failing to provide an anchor and life-preservers for his launch.

ALTON RAILWAY IS SOLD MOB HANGS MURDERER SCORE HURT IN WRECK BOATS CRASH AND 5 DIE BLASTSCARES CARD MEN

SOUTHERN RAILWAY TRAIN TURNS BRITISH STEAMER SINKS TUG BOMB WRECKS BASEMENT NEAR OVER ON SIDE.

Citizens of Bancroft "Tip" Officer Off, Low Speed Prevents Serious Casualties Confusion of Signals Believed to Have Dynamiter's Guess Is Poor and He Damand Injured Are Able to Continue Journey.

> CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Aug. 26. Twenty-one persons were injured, none of them seriously, by the derailment of a a collision with the British steamer here today.

> The entire train except the engine and tender turned over. The accident was caused by a broken rail. The train fortunately was running at moderate speed.
>
> Six of the survivors clambered up the side of the steamer by means of the anchor chain. The remainder were picked nately was running at moderate speed.
>
> A special train which was made up here, carried all of the injured to Wash-

ington.
CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Aug. 26.
—The private car of Bird M. Robinson,
the president of the Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City railway, was wrecked, but the party aboard the car escaped unin-jured. The same crew was in the Thanksgiving day wreck when President Spencer of the Southern railway was

PERSIAN CHIEFS KILLED BY TURKS.

Officials Are Butchered After Being Captured by Soldiers of the Sultan.

TEHERAN, Persia, Aug. 26.-Gen. Samsam Dowleh and other officials, according to reports received, have been killed by the invading Turks, after having been taken prisoners. Many inoffensive Persian villagers, including women and children have been slaughtered, women have been carried off, a church has been defiled and much grain and other property has been taken or de-

Turkish regular troops, with artillery, were within four miles of Urumiah August 15. There are no signs of withdrawal of Turks from Persian territory. Another report says that the Turks have occupied Merivan in Persian Kuz-

destan, east of Suleimania.

In a telegram asking for help the clergy and inhabitants of Merivan add that if the Persian government is powthe people must beg Russia to

SHOOTS WIFE AND SELF.

South Bend (Ind.) Man Commits Double Tragedy at Saratoga Hotel-Leaves Suspicious Letter. CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 26.-Charles H.

Andrews of South Bend, Ind., shot and killed his wife in the Saratoga hotel today and then committed suicide by shooting himself through the head.

given above.

On a table in the room was found a letter evidently written by Andrews, and addressed to C. W. Andrews, Jr., Elkhart, Ind. The letter contained the fol-

lowing sentences, which leads the police to believe that the murdered woman may

PRINCE AT PROVIDENCE.

Swede Visits Silver Manufacturing Plant at Worcester and Will Be Given Reception Tonight.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 26 .-Prince Wilhelm of Sweden, left this city at about noon today, taking a train for Worcester. The morning was spent in looking over a silver manufacturing plant as the guest of the proprietors. There he his name engraved on it. prince will return here Tuesday evening to take part in a reception to be

PLATINUM SECRET OUT.

New York Engineer in Moment of Impatience Finds How to Plate Steel with Metal.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—While experimenting with chemical solutions in his effort to produce a special color for gold rings, Herbert Cooper, head of the Cooper Diamond company, by accident made combination of metals and chemicals which he believes has led to the discovery of how to plate steel with platinum and also how to separate platinum from other minerals in the crude state. Scientists have been working for years to accomplish these results.

BISHOP IS MADE EDITOR.

Isthmian Secretary Will Run Paper and Also Be Chief of Panama Trouble Department.

PANAMA, Aug. 26.—The Canal Record, a weekly newspaper, will make its appearance next week as the official or-gan of the canal authorities. Joseph Bucklin Bishop, secretary of the isthmian canal commission, will have charge of

Another job has been added to Mr. Bishop's duties. He has been made chief of the trouble bureau, and will have to listen to all complaints.

LEAVES CHARITY MUCH.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 26.—By the will of Henry I. Barney, a pioneer real estate dealer of this city, \$110,000 is left to various charitable institutions of the city. The largest bequests are Visiting Nurses' association, \$22,000; Daily News Fresh Air Fund, Chicago Lying-In hospital, Chicago Tuberculosis institute and the American Sunday School Union of Philadelphia. \$10,000 eact. The total the American Sunday School Union of Philadelphia, \$10,000 eact. The total value of the estate is estimated at \$230,

MATCH BRINGS DEATH TO GIRL. Miss Sheehy of Pittsburg Fatally Burned Through Smoker's Carelessness.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Aug. 26 .-A lighted match tossed away by a care-less smoker will cause the death of Miss Laura K. Sheehy of Pittsburg. She was eating luncheon in the summer gar-

GERRY NEAR BALTIMORE.

Caused Accident-Twenty Narrowly Escape.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 26.-The tug Gerry of Wilmington, Del., sank in north-bound train on the Southern rail- Barnstable last night in the Palapscoe way at Red Hill, nine miles south of river, off Sparrow's point. Five mea are believed to have lost their lives out of twenty-five who were on the tug boat. up by the steamer's boat or swam to a dredge moored near by. The names of the missing men follow:

BOYD, W. A., of Baltimore, pilot. ALBERT, I. J., of Brooklyn, N. Y., cook. JOHNSON, J. B., Wilmington, Del., cap-

tain.
WHITE, CHARLES, address unknown, deckhand of the dredge. Confusion of signals seems to have caused the accident, each side claiming that the other was at fault. Capt. Davidson of the Barnstable said that when vidson of the Barnstable said that when the vessels were within about a hundred feet of each other the tug suddenly changed its course and attempted to cross the steamer's bow. Before the latter craft could be stopped it struck the tug, sending it to the bottom in a few minutes. The Barnstable was not damaged. On the part of the tug boat, it was claimed that her course was changed in compliance with a second signal from in compliance with a second signal from the Barnstable.

BLONDIN NOT DEAD; IS LIVING A HERMIT

Famous Tight Wire Walker Who Made Trip Over Niagara Falls in England.

WATERBURY, Conn., Aug. 26 .-Charles Blondin, the once famous tightwire walker, who made the perilous trip across Niagara Falls, is said to be living the life of a hermit in West Chester, although rumor had it that he died ten years ago in London.

Working as a Carpenter.

Blondin, who is working as a carpenter on odd jobs, and going under the name of Michael Todd, is said to have been recognized by an old circus per-former named Abe Totten.

Better Be Dead, He Says.

Blondin, when found by his old com-rade, said: "Yes, I know they think me dead, and perhaps I had better be dead. I made money fast and spent it faster in the maddening pleasures of life and I certainly have felt the need and value of money since. My eldest son knows where I am. He is with Whitney's circus in

HAS WELLMAN STARTED

The cause of the tragedy is unknown.

The couple came to the hotel late last night and registered under the names Cablegram Indicates Explorer Has Begun Voyage to North Pole by Airship.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 26.-A cable-CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 26.—A cable made by a member of the Wisconsin gram, received from Walter Wellman team in the Herrick match, was won by last night, is the latest news that has Corp. John Aulesbrook, with a score of reached the outside world from the Well. 181. Lieut. E. Gaartz was the only one not have been Mrs. Andrews.

"Ethel and myself have not been feeling very well of late. You know the man-Record-Herald expedition, which, reason why. Be a good boy and mind from its base on the island of Spitzyour mother."

of twenty shots at 1000 yards. He was up against the greatest shots of the bergen, far within the arctic circle, is country, and did not expect to win.

preparing for, or perhaps already has, Sergt. Crippen of Wisconsin won the preparing for, or perhaps already has,

started on its dash to the north pole.
Also it gives strong reason for the belief, widely prevalent for several days, that the airship America already started on its perilous journey, and that perhaps the American flag, by now, is floating at the northern axis of the earth
—a goal sought by explorers for hundreds of years. The telegram is as fol-

CAMP WELLMAN, Aug. 21, via Tromso. CAMP WELLMAN, Aug. 21, via Tromso, Aug. 25.—Airship America ready to sail toward the pole. Motors and machinery thoroughly tested and working perfectly. It is believed to be the most powerful and enduring airship ever constructed. It holds the hydrogen well. The crew, consisting of Wellman, Hersey, Vaniman and Riesenberg, is awaiting a calm for swinging the ship compass and making a correction trial over Virgo bay and starting north immediately in case the trial is satisfactory. We hope to start this week. If necessary we can start as late as September 5.

can start as late as September 5.
WELLMAN. Other telegrams also indicate that the expedition has started.

DROPS OUT OF SIGHT.

Brooklyn School Teacher Mysteriously Disappears While on Vacation-Seachers Find No Clue.

DOVER, N. J., Aug. 26.—Miss Agnes Maguire, a school teacher of Brooklyn, who was spending her vacation at No-land's Point, Lake Hopatcong, has disappeared. Saturday night she went driving with her cousin, Charles Maguire; he left her in the buggy and went to a deserted cottage, known as Camp Looy, to get some of his personal belongings. Five minutes later he returned to find that the young woman had disappeared. Hundreds of persons searched the woods and the lake but found no traces of the girl.

STREET SMASH IS FATAL

Motorman and Driver of Wagon Killed in Glencoe, Ill.-Car Passengers Bruised.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 26.-By a collision between an electric car and a wagon in the suburb of Glencoe today the motorman and the driver of the wagon, John Morrasick, were killed. The car was going forty miles an hour when it struck the wagon which it carried along the track for fifty feet. Several of the passengers on the car were slightly bruised.

CANNOT ARREST OTHERS.

Non-Commissioned Officers, Not Privates, to Be Used as Police. WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 26.-An

army circular recently issued declares that organization commanders are not authorized to send armed private soldiers to arrest other soldiers, absent in the city of Leavenworth, or elsewhere. Reliable nen-commissioned officers will be used when arms are deemed necessary and all are cautioned that no private premises should be entered except by authority of an officer of the peace and when accom-panied by a police officer. The order grew out of an incident at Fort Leaven-worth, when two soldiers were arrested den of the Thurecht hotel Saturday inight when her dress was ignited by the match. In an instant she was enveloped in flames.

worth, when two soldiers were arrested for carrying arms and trespassing on private property, the men claiming they were looking for a member of their company who was absent without leave.

O'MALLEY'S, CHICAGO.

ages Wrong Building-Notorious

Saloon Escapes.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 26.-The neighborhood of North Clark and Kinzie streets, dominated by John F. O'Malley's saloon and gambling house, was shaken by a tremendous explosion of nitro-glycerine or dynamite at 5:15 o'clock yesterday morning. Windows in three big buildings along Kinzie street were shat-

tered and two men were thrown down and injured by the concussion.

The explosion from all appearances marked the second attempt within a month to wreck O'Malley's place. It is another chapter in the story of the reign of terror in the present gamblers' war. It is the opinion of the police that the men who threw the explosive were the same gang of ex-constables and criminals who have been using this desperate method to force themselves back on the pay roll of the big gambling syndicates, from which they were seperated a few months ago.

Either through an accident, through a mistake of the buildings, or because of fright, the "soup" throwers got into the wrong basement. O'Malley's place was about the only one on the north side of Kinzie street that escaped damage. The explosive was thrown in a basement entrance identical in appearance with O'Malley's, but leading into the gasfitters' workshop of the Car-michael Stove company at 197-199 Kinzie street, three buildings east of O'Mal-

BADGER RIFLEMEN DROP

Wisconsin Teams Finish Near the Bottom-Sergt. Crippen Wins Peters' Trophy.

CAMP PERRY, O., Aug. 26.-In the great match for the Herrick trophy, completed Saturday, Wisconsin's teams finished near the bottom. There were thirty-eight teams and the Second Wisconsin team finished twenty-sixth and the First Wisconsin held thirtieth place. The marksmen did well at 800 and 900 yards, reported Friday, but fell down at 1000 yards today. The scores follow:

SECOND REGIMENT.
 Schlick
 41

 Allen
 33

 Osmuth
 39
 Gaartz Aggregate3:
FIRST REGIMENT. 1283

Aggregate313 The R. L. Schlick trophy, presented by Sergt. R. L. Schlick for the highest score of twenty shots at 1000 yards. He was Peters' trophy match with a score of 20 hits, aggregating 96. The prize is a silver loving cup presented by the Peters Cartridge company and \$50. Private Behnker also got into the prize list, get-ting ninth place (\$5) with a score of 85.

CUT SECOND CLASS RATE.

Cunard Line Makes Reduction of \$2.50 and Gives First Cabin Passage

for \$92.50. HAMBURG, Aug. 26 .- The agent of the Cunard line for Germany today for-mally announced a reduction of \$2.50 in second class and steerage rates from Hamburg to New York via Liverpool, and also that the Cunard line's bottom price for first cabin was \$92.50. The Cunard line has thus gone a step further than the German lines, by reducing its second class and steerage rates, which is regarded as being equivalent to a rate war with the Mercantile Marine com-

20,000 ARE AFFECTED.

Cotton Manufacturers and Operatives to Consider Wage Scale at Fall River, Mass.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 26.-An important meeting of cotton manufactur-ers and operatives will be held here Tuesday to endeavor to settle a differ-

ence which has arisen.

The operatives demanded a fixed standard of length of every piece of goods woven as a basis for wages. It is generally believed that an agreement be reached. Twenty thousand operatives employed in seventy-eight mills are interested.

CHAPTER HOUSE BURNS.

"Sachem" Which Cost \$40,000 and Was to Have Been Occupied This Fall Is Destroyed.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 26.—Sachem, a Yale-Sheffield senior society chapter house, which was just completed and would have been occupied for the first time this fall, was destroyed by fire

about 4 o'clock Sunday morning. The building cost \$40,000.

Last June at commencement there was a graduate reunion in the building, the first Yale event ever held there.

It is believed electric wires caused the

NEW ENGLAND ROADS ON GRILL. Acquisition of Trolley Lines by New

Haven Corporation Is Investigated. WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 26.— The government through the department of justice, is making a rigid investiga-tion into the affairs of the New York, New Haven & Hartford and the Boston & Maine railroads. Although this investigation has been going on for a month by direct order of President Roosevelt, it did not become public until today. The acquisition of electric roads in New England by the New Haven corporation is the subject with which the investigation is most immediately con-



MAN-A-LIN Is An **Excellent Remedy** for Constipation.

There are many ailments directly dependent upon constipation, such as biliousness, discolored and pimpled skin, inactive liver, dyspepsia, overworked kidneys and headache.

Remove constipation and all of these ailments disappear.

MAN-A-LIN can be relied upon to produce a gentle action of the bowels, making pills and drastic cathartics entirely unnecessary.

A dose or two of Man-a-lin is advisable in slight febrile attacks, la grippe, colds and influenza.

> THE MAN-A-LIN CO., COLUMBUS, OHIO, U.S.A.

BONAPARTE AT JAFFA.

His Orders Regarding the Plague Stricken Soldiers.

Prof. Forgue of Montpellier in a recent lecture on the respect that practitioners should have for human life told the story of Desgenettes, which, though well known, is worth telling again as it is told by Desgenettes himself.

When the French were about evacuate Jaffa the question arose what was to be done with the plague stricken soldiers in the hospital. Desgenettes "Shortly before the raising of the siege—that is to say, on the 27th—Gen. Bonaparte sent for me very early in the morning to his tent, where he was alone said to me, 'If I were you I should end at once the sufferings of those stricken with plague and should end the dangers which they threaten us by giving them

"I answered simply, 'My duty is to preserve life.' Then the general developed his idea with the greatness coolness, saying that he was dvising for others what in like circumstances he

would ask for himself. "He pointed out to me that he was. before any one else, charged with the conservation of the army, and consequently it was his duty to prevent our abandoned sick from falling alive under the scimiters of the Turks. 'I do not seek,' he went on, 'to overcome your repugnance, but I believe I shall find some who will better appreciate my intentions." Desgenettes goes on to say that opium was, as a matter of fact, given to some thirty patients.

It happened, however, that a certain number rejected it by vomiting, were re-lieved, got well and told what had happened. The story has been told in various ways, and the fact of the poisoning of the sick soldiers has been accepted by the enemies of Napoleon and denied by defenders of his memory. Desgenettes' narrative bears the stamp of truth.—British Medical Journal.

It's a Good Time now

to see what a good "staying" breakfast can be made without high-priced

Meat

TRY

A Little Fruit, A Dish of Grape-Nuts and Cream, A Soft-Boiled Egg, Some Nice, Crisp Toast Cup of Postum Food Coffee

That's all, and all very easy of digestion and full to the brim with nourishment and strength. REPEAT FOR LUNCHEON OR

SUPPER, and have a meat and vegetable dinner either at noon or evening,

as you prefer. We predict for you an increase in physical and mental power.

"There's a Reason."

Read the "little health classic," "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

THEY TELL SOME INTERESTING ANECDOTES OF THE WAR.

How the Boys of Both Armies Whiled Away Life in Camp-Foraging Experiences, Tiresome Marches-Thrilling Scenes on the Battlefield.

Dr. O. W. Carlson, of Milwaukee, was a mere lad when the Twentyeighth Wisconsin went south, and had recently come from Sweden, but he enlisted in it. In speaking of the first time he was on picket he described the large, courageous man who was his picket companion. The regiment had marched from its camp in Arkansas to a dismal spot, reaching there late at night. He and his large companion were down for picket duty, and, though nearly dead from the long, weary march, the pickets were sent out, while the rest of the troops dropped upon the ground and slept. Carlson and his partner heard strange noises that black, gloomy night, and thought they saw horrible sights, but held their peace until nearly daylight, at which time there was heard, a little distance in front of them, a crackling in the bushes, and an instant later a hoarse roar that fairly made the limbs of the trees quiver. It was then that the brave assistant of young Carlson seized his gun and started out for the reserve, yelling: "Holy Jerusalem, the whole rebel army is right on us!" The young Swede, Carlson, ran a few steps and looked back. Seeing no rebel army on his heels, he halted and resumed his station on the outpost. When daylight came he was enabled to learn the cause of the trouble. Ten rods beyond their station a drove of Confederate mules had camped. When the night was done and hunger made its demands, one of the mules arose, stretched himself and sounded his bugle as only a lonesome, hungry, homesick mule can sound a bugle.

When Carlson returned to the reserve his big friend asked him why he didn't come back with him. His response was that he didn't enlist to get scared at the braying of a mule. The big picket never heard the last of his

outpost exploit. At the battle of Helena, on the 4th of July, 1863, a volunteer was called for to take a dispatch from one portion of the line to another. The messenger must go a considerable distance in plain view of the enemy, where he was certain to be the especial mark of bundreds of good shots. Carlson promptly responded, was given the message and told to make the best possible time. He ran like a deer, delivered the important message and started back with the same degree of speed, but when within three or four rods of the point from which he had started he fell as if shot. Two or three of his with his chief of the staff. After a short comrades sprang to his side, saw he preamble as to our sanitary condition, he was not killed and took him to a place of safety.

> The brave Swede had received a severe sunstroke, from which it took him a long time to recover. When he had partially recovered General Fred Steele had him detailed as an orderly and intrusted him with important messages to Memphis and other points more or less distant. He was at the leading hotel in Memphis at the time of the Forrest raid in the summer of 1864. He heard the disturbance, got up and dressed himself, gathered up his messages for immediate destruction in case of capture, and then stood at a window and looked the Forrest raiders as they dashed about the hotel and along the streets. They came within three or four doors of his room, but something distracted their attention and they went away, and his heart crept back from his mouth to its right place, and there it stays.

While on this service young Carlson turned many an honest penny by buying Memphis papers at a low figure and selling them at the market price in the army, which was anywhere from 10 to of more money than he had ever seen before, he concluded to put on a little style, bought a handsome suit of woman!"-Youth's Companion. clothes, a darker blue than the regulation uniform, and also an officer's hat. His captain was bound to have him back in the company, and finally succeeded in getting him. The first evening after his return to the regiment Carlson appeared on dress parade clad in his officer's uniform. Suddenly the commander of the regiment, Colonel E. B. Gray, now pension clerk at Madison, dashed up and ordered him never again to appear on parade in such a uniform. It was a hard blow to the young man-having to give up his nice clothes for the old suit.

General Fred Salomon was a friend of Carlson's. One day Salomon called the boy into his tent and offered him a captaincy in a colored regiment. "Me a captain, and go away from the boys of the Twenty-eighth?" "Yes." "I thank you, General, but I'd rather stay with the boys of the Twenty-eighth," said he, and he did, coming home a

private.

Richard O. Jeardeau, a popular railway conductor, who served through the war and was terribly wounded in one of the last battles, tells me this pathetic story: A family named Rawdon lived in Wyoming Valley, Wis., in 1861. There were two sons, Miner and Plynapton. They both enlisted in Company C. Twelfth Wisconsin, Colonel, later General, George E. Bryant, commanding. They were inseparable, having always been together. Both had worked for my father in Wisconsin and we boys were fast friends. The Twelfth was in the Seventeenth corps

SOLDIERS AT HOME, in front of Atlanta. My regiment, the Thirty-first Wisconsin, was in the Twentieth corps. The Twelfth was in the battle on the left, July 22, and lost heavily. The next day the Seventeenth corps pased from left to right of Sherman's lines. As they were passing word went around that the Twelfth Wisconsin was going by, and I burried back to see the Rawdon boys and other acquaintances. They made a short halt as I came up and I saw Miner standing in his place, shook his hand eagerly, and asked for "Plymp." With a tear on his homely, weather-beaten cheek and a tremble in his voice, Miner said: "You will never see 'Plymp' again, Dick. He was killed yesterday; shot dead by my side. We buried him where he fell, and I had to leave him there this morning." Just then the column moved and poor Miner shouldered his musket and marched on keeping step with his file, filling his place just as if this awful tragedy had not occurred. It did seem hard that he could not have one day off to spend by this beloved brother's new-made grave. His knapsack was a little heavier; it held a few of "Plymp's" most precious belongings .- J. A. Watrous, in

Missed Him on Purpose.

Chicago Times-Herald.

When the statue of Stonewall Jack son was unveiled at Lexington, Va. July 21, 1891, not a few soldiers who had fought against him were found among those who had come to honor his memory. In a crowd of old "Confeds" one of these Union soldiers, a West Virginian, probably, made his contribution to the war stories that fell that day thick as the leaves in Vallombrosa. "I was down the valley here, fighting against old Early," said the boy who had worn the blue, "and when we got within striking distance of where my Sarah lived-she's now my wife-I lighted out one night and

went to see her. "I knew she was outside of our lines, and if I had known that she was in yours it wouldn't have made any difference. I was going to see that girl." "Of course," interrupted some sympathetic listener.

"Well, luck was against me. I was caught, taken to Early's headquarters, tried and condemned as a spy, and sentenced to be hanged at six o'clock the next morning. I was put in an old smoke-house over night, with a sentinel at the door. Presently my guard was relieved, and the second watch went on. I am not going to tell you all I thought about that night, but by and by the third guard went on duty. I knew then that my time was near. I--"

"Stranger!" cried a voice in the crowd of broad-rimmed felt hats, "let me finish that story. You talked to the guard through the chinks between the logs; you made him believe that you were a true man, and no spy. He proposed to you to run for your life, and let him shoot at you. You ran; the guard shot; he was a prize-shooter. that fellow, but somehow he missed you clean. Hello, stranger, I was that guard."

What can men do at such a time, seeing they cannot fall on one another's necks and weep, like Jacob and Esau? The crowd cheered and parted, and the two men grasped hands.

"I have advertised for you in the Gazette for years," said the Union vet-

"I was busy raising corn-no time for reading the Gazette," laughed the

"Well, this is what I wanted to find you for-just mention what you want.' "I've got a fine farm," said the Confederate, proudly, but with no sign of boastfulness, "a good wife and six children. I don't want anything else that man can give."

"All right," said the stranger: "I ain't a rich man, but I've got some money and I can get more, and every dollar of it is yours whenever you choose to ask for it."

"Come along," said the old Confederate, linking his arm in the stran-25 cents. Finding himself in possession | ger's; "all I want is for you to help us hurrah for old Jack to-day, and then go home with me to see the old

A Lincoln Story.

One afternoon, when Lincoln was President, word came to the War Department from the provost marshal at Portland, Me., that Henry Jameson, the Confederate secret service agent, was on his way to New York, where he had engaged passage for England. The War Department was at once all astir.

Charles A. Dana, then Assistant Secretary of War, received the message and hastened at once to consult with Secretary of War Stanton, says the Ladies' Home Journal.

"How do you advise me to act in this matter?" queried Dana.

"Arrest the man at once," was Stanton's reply, "but you had better see the President before you proceed further.' Dana went immediately to the White House. As he was a frequent visitor

he was readily admitted to Lincoln's private room. "What is it, Dana?" asked the President, as the Secretary came in.

Dana told the story about the incident and asked the President what ought to be done. "Well," was the quiet reply, "you say Jameson will soon leave the country?"

"Yes, sir; he will escape within a

few hours if nothing is done to stop him. My purpose is to arrest him." "Well," was the President's reply. "when you have a white elephant on your hands, and he's doing his level best to get away, why not leave him

alone, Dana?" And Jameson was. SERVE LONG WITHOUT WAGES.

French Mechanics Must Take Appren-

ticeship and Serve in Army. All mechanics in France are obliged to serve an apprenticeship of from two to three years, during half of which period, at least, they receive no wages and must board themselves. In addition to this board themselves. In addition to this each one must give up two years of his life for military service, for which he receives 1 cent a day and board and clothes. It will be seen that every mechanic in France must expend four or five years of his life without wages before he is prepared to earn from 97 cents to \$1.17 a day.

VERY BAD FORM OF ECZEMA.

Suffered Three Years-Physicians Did No Good-Perfectly Well After Using Cuticura Remedies.

"I take great pleasure in informing you that I was a sufferer of eczema in a very bad form for the past three years. I consulted and treated with a number of physicians in Chicago, but to no avail. I commenced using the Cuticura Remedies, consisting of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, three months ago, and to-day I am perfectly well, the disease having left me entirely. I cannot recommend the Cuticura Remedies too highly to anyone suffering with the disease that I have had. Mrs. Florence E. Atwood, 18 Crilly Place, Chicago, Ill., October 2, 1905. Witness: L. S. Berger."

GYROSCOPE AS COMPASS.

Its Use in Steering Steel Vessels and Warships.

The mariner's compass occasionally fails of its purpose in these days of iron ships and cargoes of a magnetic na-ture. This especially is the case in warships, where the huge masses of iron and steel in guns and gun turrets, liable to affect the reading of the com-

It is the usual practice to make all possible corrections, but gun turrets have to be moved around, and the corrections cannot always be trusted.

Again, the shock due to the firing of big guns is bad for the compass. Dr. H. Anschutz-Kampfe has invented a new form of steering standard, dependent for its operation upon the principle of the gyroscope.

This apparatus has been subjected to exhaustive tests on a battleship, where amid the firing of great guns, the movement of the turrets and such other dis-turbing influences as would effectually have disposed of the ordinary compass it behaved with remarkable precision and came out of the trials quite unin-jured. The apparatus consists essentially of an electrically operated gyroscope carrying an indicating needle pivoted within an arc similar to that of the ordinary compass.

The instrument does not necessarily point north and south, but it tends continually to point in any direction in which it is set, and thus to indicate any change of direction of the ship. not proposed to displace the mariner's compass by means of this instrument, for its readings would tend to become inaccurate after long periods of use without resetting by some standard. It will serve as a useful supplement to the com-

Ether a Festive Drink in Russia.

The habit of ether drinking is extremely prevalent in some parts of Russia, as of East Prussia, and all the efforts of the authorities to combat the evil have hitherto been almost fruitless. An idea of the extent to which the habit prevails may be gathered from reports given in the Russian newspapers of a recent accident which occurred at a place called Trossno. Ether is drunk by farmers on festive occasions, when it appears to be consumed in pailfuls. A farmer celebrating his son's wedding in the fulness of his hospitality got in two pails of ether. During the process of decanting the ether into bottles a vio-lent explosion took place, by which six children were killed and one adult was dangerously and fourteen others more or less severely injured.-Family Doctor.

Merchants Visit Milwaukee.

Come to the city of beautiful parks, clean streets, fine buildings, huge factories, immense jobbing houses and hospitable people. Spend your time during the Annual Fall Buying Season where you can bring your families and combine you can bring your families and combine business with pleasure. The recent laws in Wisconsin, Iowa,

Illinois, Minnesota, Nebraska, Missouri, and neighboring states, by which pas-senger fares are reduced to two cents a mile, are of great advantage to mer-chants in this territory who wish to come to Milwaukee. After August 15, 1907, merchants may buy a regular ticket to Milwaukee at a rate of two cents a mile (the lowest rate now given for any occasion) and will not be required to secure certificates or be restricted to certain dates. This offers decided advantages to Milwaukee patrons. While in Milwaukee call for information at the Milwaukee Association of Jobbers at Manufacturers, 45-49 University Bldg.

Out of the Mouths of Babes. Through an aristocrat from head to

foot, five-year-old Bernice came to kin-dergarten with her small nands chapped terribly, an evidence of lack of grooming that astonished Miss Violet.
"Bernice," she suggested, "ask your mamma to put some cold cream on your hands, so they won't hurt and be rough. But the hands grew no better. Afte several days Miss Violet asked:

"Did you tell your mamma about the cold cream, Bernice?" The child looked up, solemn-eyed.
"My hands can't be chapped. Mamma says it's only mortal mind, and I must get over it." Then Miss Violet remem-

bered that "mamma" Scientist.—Lippincott's. was a Christian Cigars \$5 Apiece.

At a recent tobacco exhibition in London one West End firm exhibited the very choicest brain of Havana cigars that is made, sold at the almost fabulous price of £25 a box, or 25s. apiece. There is actually a sale for these precious luxuries in a certain exclusive circle, while there is quite a brisk trade in cigars at 4c. spiece.—London Tit-Bits.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease FREE Write to-day to Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., for a FREE sample of Allen's Foot-N. Y., for a FREE sample of Area Ease, a powder to shake into your shoes. It cures tired, sweating, hot, swollen, ach-ing feet. It makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for Corns and Bunions. All A certain cure for Corns and Bunions. Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it. 25c.

-The late Thomas Bailey Aldrich was not only a member of the Players' club, but he was a member to whom the organization owes its name.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces in-flammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

-The proposed extension of the Yokohama gas works, at a cost of \$313,000 gold, is stated in a Japanese newspaper Inventor of the Boomerang.

The boomerang is rather a puzzle. One might think that the highest laws of might think that the highest laws of mathematics had been laid under contribution in the perfecting of it. The convexity on one side, the flatness on the other, and the sharp knifelike edge on the inside of the convexity have the air of having been carefully thought out. Yet the people who invented this singular weapon cannot count higher than five and are destitute of all the arts and amenities of life. Theirs is perhaps the lowest plane of human life. Some people have assumed that the boompeople have assumed that the boomerang was the creation of an older and higher civilization, but for this there is no evidence. It must be the product of one age long empirical use of throw ing weapons.—London Spectator.

Potpourri.

Potpourri.

Clyde Fitch, in a kindly letter to a young and unknown playwright, said:

"I liked your play; I thought it promising, but in the first act you imitated Ibsen, in the second you imitated Pinero, and in the third and fourth you imitated Barrie. This will never do.

"Imitation in art is always bad. It suggests the shabby man who, as he sipped a glass of beer, looked in the mirror behind the bar and muttered to himself:

"Here I am wearing a railroad president's shoes, the trousers of a Senator, the hat of a millionaire banker, the waistcoat of a Newport society leader, and an ambassador's coat; and yet in spite of all, I look like a tramp."—
Washington Star.

Transparent Glass Ruler.

The transparent glass ruler, an innovation, is of great assistance to drafts-men in their work.

Pumpkin Seed -

elle Salts-

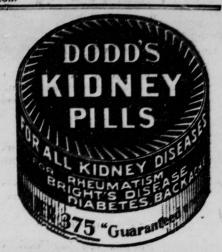
Lake Cities Healthful.

Statistics compiled by the statistician of the Chicago health department show that cities on the great lakes are more healthful than those on the sea coast or on river banks. The five chief cities located on the great lakes, four on the sea coast and six on rivers are used in the illustration. The figures in the health department's table show that the five lake cities had a death rate from all causes of 13.62 per 1000, the coast cities a rate of 17.90 and the river cities a rate of 18.39.

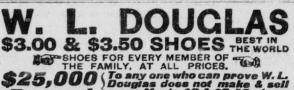
The lake cities used for the illustra-

of 18.39.

The lake cities used for the illustration were Chicago, Cleveland, Buffalo, Detroit and Milwaukee. Those on the coast were New York, Boston, Baltimore and San Francisco. The river cities were Philadelphia, St. Louis, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, New Orleans and Washing-







SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF
THE FAMILY. AT ALL PRICES.

\$25,000 \ To any one who can prove W.L.

Reward \ \text{more Men's \$3 & \$3.50 \text{shoes} \text{shoes} \text{than any other manufacturer.} \
THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

My \$4 Clif Edge and \$5 Gold Bond Shoes cannot be equalled at any price.

CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send direct .2 factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W.L.Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Average Tenement Pent.

The average rent paid for New York city tenements and apartment houses built within five years amounts to \$146 annually for each person living in them.

MUELLER'S Molasses Grains FOR YOUR



HORSES and **GATTLE** Saves One-Third of Your Feed Bill E.P. Mueller Milwaukee, Wis.

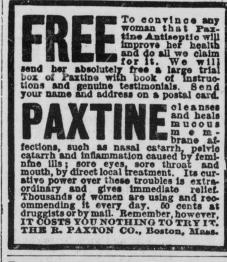
"Having taken your wonderful "Casearets" for three months and being entirely cured of stomach catarrh and dyspepsia. I think a word of praise is due to "Casearets" for their wonderful composition. I have taken numerous other so-called remedies but without avail and I find that Casearets relieve more in a day than all the others I have taken would in a year."

James McGune, 198 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. J.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, ever Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c, Never old in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C, naranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 592 ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES



Born's Park Sanitarium. Sheboyaan Mineral Water Baths Cure Chronic FATHER KNEIPP COLD WATER CURE. TERMS MODERATE, WRITE FOR THEM. BORN'S PARK CO., Sheboygan, Wis

HOMES FOR NICE BABIES

Twenty-six nice babies, boys and girls, for whom we want good homes. Apply at the STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL, Sparta, Wisconsin

INDIAN RELIOS WANTED, of copper and stone. Write and tell me what you have H. P. HAMILTON, Two Rivers, Wis

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS
please say you saw the Advertisement
ht this paper.

It pays to advertise.

Rapid River Locals.

The Gladstone Delta

CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance.

The Delta's price for publishing notices of entertainments given by religious or other societies, to which an admission is charged, or from which a profit is expected, is five CENTS PER LINE. Resolutions of any society or organization will be published at the same rate. CAMDS OF THANKS WILL BE CHARGED FOR AT TEN CENTS PER LINE.

are now on view at Hamilton's. The made. board intends to open the bids Septem-

The ball team is like Mark Twain's buffalo, that climbed a tree. They've got to win Sunday even if they can't.

Miss Maud Hocks returned from her vacation at Sturgeon Bay Saturday. She will teach at Teinart's. Miss Ella Hocks will teach at St. Jacques.

For sale, the City Hotel, with furniure and fixtures complete.

MRS. S. A. JEROME.

John Baptist, general painting and fixing up, cleans chimneys and stoves, and sets up stoves. Michigan house.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Arthur Huxford and Lottie Welter of Sturgeon Bay, September 25. The ladies' aid of the Congregational

day in the church.

ium is a phonograph.

Mrs. Fred Darling and Miss Kit Mercer returned Tuesday from Ste. Anne.

Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Sorenson and children went Wednesday to Sturgeon Bay. Mr. Sorenson will return next week but his family will stay longer.

Mrs. E. H. Yerrick and sons Paul and July, nineteen hundred seven. Claud, of Fort Wayne, are visiting their relatives at Masonville.

Dr. Laing returned on Tuesday, in good health, but not very robust.

A farewell party was given Tuesday for Miss Elizabeth Cullnan, who left next day for Sturgeon Bay.

Frank Artley of Gladstone is installing a dynamo at Madden & Schaible's. Krueger and Haberman will wire the

mill and yard for lights. The Garth mill closed for a few days, a new supply of logs from Big Bay

having failed to arrive. The Maccabees will soon put

another play. Wm. Young and H. H. Winde left last Wednesday for Montana. Mr. 21-24

Winde expects to return next week. Mr. Cruikshanks of Trout Lake, formerly a resident, called on friends here

A. G. Buchman has accepted a position with F. G. Farrell of Munising. For sale. Top Buggy. Also a Carey

safe. Apply City Hotel. Jerry Madden, Fred Darling, and J. H. McDonald were in Escanaba on

Mrs. Sinnitt and family leave next

week for Seattle The homes of George Mitchell and Russell Baker are quarantined for diph-

Mrs. D. McDougall, of Ashland, is

visiting her sister, Mrs. Hibbard. A dance was given Saturday at Alton, which had a large attendance from here

as well as several from Gladstone. John Cavill came from camp Tuesday Oscar Johnson is occupying his new residence, a large and handsome build-

Levi Barboo sold a team this week to Daniel Wicklander for \$525.

Have you heard of the New Movement bible classes? Any person, young or grown, is invited to join. See Pastor

Tom Naylor had a rib broken Tuesday by the kick of a fractious horse.

Miss Josephine Clavatte returned Tuesday to Wisconsin, after a visit here A son was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. Linquist of Whitefish.

Several Rapid Riverites came home Sunday, without any difficulty in carrying the money they won from Escan-

Lewis Carmody spent the week in Munising.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Erickson will leave next week for the Minneapolis state fair at Hamlin,

Fred Anderson of Gladstone was in the city Wednesday.

Miss Nina Carmody will teach at Flatrock this fall.

Wm. Garbett and family will return from Sturgeon River in a few days.

On September 25, 1907, at ten o'clock, a. m., I will sell to the highest bidder. Five cases of clothes Wringers to satisfy a bill against W. J. Dalzell. Sale to take place in front of my barn on Ninth B. K. LESLIE.

PUBLIC NOTICES **\$444444**

NOTICE.

bill contracted by any member of my family except Mrs. Byers or myself and children anything without an order from myself or wife the order to be The plans for the new schoolhouse presented with the bill when payment is

> Yours very truly, I. B. BYERS.

For Sale-A twenty-four foot Mackinaw sailboat, and two sails. Apply

MERCHANTS, ATTENTION.

Shoe, or Hardware Boxes, steadily. If you have a surplus, call us up and tell us what you have. It will pay better than burning them.

> ELECTION NOTICE. Michigan Department of State,

> > July 31st, 1907.

TO THE SHERIFF OF DELTA COUNTY. In accordance with the provisions of church held their annual sale this Fri- Act No. 272 of the Public Acts of 1907, you are hereby notified that a Special John Darrow is now giving trading Election is to be held in this State on stamps on cash purchases. The prem- the third Tuesday in September, 1907, at which time delegates to meet in conthe State of Michigan shall be elected.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereto attached my signature (and the Great Seal of the State, at Lansing, this 31st day of

CLARENCE J. MEARS, Deputy Secretary of State.

Escanaba, Mich., August 16, 1907. To the qualified electors of the County of Delta and the Clerks and Inspec- a real loss. tors of election of the several cities and townships of said County.

ing precincts in Delta County, on Tues. accosted. There was a time when he day, September 17th, 1907, at which would have been safe for a whole election there will be chosen three delegates to said Constitutional Convention from the Thirtieth Senatorial District of Michigan of which the County of Delta comprises a part.

FRANK W. ARONSON, Sheriff of Delta County.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

All property holders in the city of Gladstone are hereby notified to keep their yards and alleys clean and in a sanitary condition or the street commissioner will be instructed to do said work and the cost thereof will be charg- properly impress them. Let the beautied against the property.

Dated, July 11, 1907. JOSEPH EATON.

Chairman Com. on Streets & Bridges. NOTICE.

All the latest Songs, the best new band selections, just as real as the real things on an Edison Phonograph. Sold on easy payment plan, \$5.00 down and logue or price made by any Chicago House or elsewhere and I will meet their price and give you the privilege of seeing what you get without paying any express charges.

J. A. STEWART. Druggist

16 inch Hemlock wood, full cord \$2.75, 16 inch Maple and Birch mill wood \$1.75 per single cord, \$5.00 per full cord delivered to any part of the City. Call up | The Election of New Officers-Work-C. W. Davis, phone 7.

MODERN WOODMEN.

The Largest Camp In the Order-Frein the Log Pile.

the largest camp in the jurisdiction, is good person" and wants the position. retained for the year 1907 by camp Vote for the one who will do the best 2,002, Kansas City, Mo., the member- work. If you have good officers, be ship of which was 2,412 on Dec. 81,

Before a deputy elected by a local camp can be entitled to the adoption knows their peculiarities. Keep the fees of the members he must be regu- old officer if you can. If your officers larly commissioned.

The largest Modern Woodman came | year, re-elect them. If they have not, in Illinois is No. 51 of Rockford, with now is the time to put others in their

Members should bear in mind that progress go round and round and round. the law suspends every member who fails to pay his assessment by the last day of the month for which levied. Missouri led in the number of campe chartered during the year 1906.

Junior American Mechanics. Recent reports show that the order is in a very satisfactory condition and sota and Kansas have recently assemin some respects in rather better shape than at any time in its history.

The large numerical shrinkage has been almost wholly overcome, and the ment in the general condition of the reports show that there is a total of order.

185,000 members in the society. The largest gains have been made in the southern states, where the order has found great favor. In Pennsyl-

vania there are 51,500 members.



grand lodge of New Jersey, Union lodge, No. 19, of New Brunswick presented to the grand lodge an interesting relic, a banner which was carried at the head of the line of the grand lodge of New To all business men of Gladstone. I Jersey in the procession in New York will not be responsible for, or pay any city on Feb. 22, 1832, the one hundredth birthday of George Washington.

The Masonic home of Kansas is caryou are warned not to give any of my ing for sixty-four guests. Each Kansas Mason contributes 50 cents per annum to the funds necessary for the home

> The five Butterfield brothers of Middletown, O., received the Master Mason's degree on the same night recently, with their aged father, Wendel Butterfield, a witness

> There are in New York city thirteen Knights Templar commanderies, with upward of 4,500 members

The petition of Albert D. Harris for initiation in Palestine lodge of Detroit Wanted, by the Marble Safety Axe is an interesting one. He is just twencompany, several hundred shipping ty-one, and he is recommended by his cases. We can use Dry Goods, Boot and father and three uncles, all members of the lodge.

Elaborate preparations are in progress for the celebration of the hundredth anniversary of the granting of a charter to Ark lodge of Geneva, N. Y. The celebration will take place on Sept. 1, 2 and 3.

The grand lodge of North Carolina has raised \$154,000 for the erection of the new temple at Raleigh.

Oriental consistory A. A. S. R. of Chicago has a committee to look after visitors and new members and calls it the committee on "fraternal courtesy."

Just now there is considerable searching of records to ascertain when the first cornerstone was laid by a grand vention for the purpose of making a master. We can throw no new light on general revision of the Constitution of that subject, says the Tyler Keystone. but we have the authentic record that Ineffable and Sublime Lodge of Perfection of Albany, N. Y., laid a cornerstone in 1768.

Camden, N. J., is to have a new \$60,-000 Masonic temple for the exclusive use of the Masonic bodies.

By the death of Cornelius Hedges, which occurred recently at his home in Helena, Freemasonry not only in Montana, but throughout the nation, suffers

The Bill Green committee is one of the greatest successes Palestine lodge has ever known, says the Palestine In pursuance of the above and fore Bulletin. You can't leave a stranger going notice, an election will be held in standing anywhere in the anteroom the several wards, townships and vot- now for thirty seconds but he will be



There is no room or place in the conferring of any rank for buffoonery or horseplay. Each rank is intended to convey its lesson, and until these lessons are thoroughly impressed upon the neophite he cannot have a full realization of Pythianism, and horseplay or personalities certainly never can ful teachings of our order be presented with a dignity that shall inspire respect and love.-Pythian Gleaner.

Recent reports show a membership in good standing in Alabama of 10.698. There are now nearly 400 Knights in Honolulu, and every lodge is working every meeting night with the one

thought of upbuilding the order. At the convention of the grand lodge Fr. Dufort spent the week in \$3.00 per month. Bring in any cata- of Texas provision was made for the establishment of a "home lodge" to take care of the members of defunct lodges. The G. K. of R. and S. will be in charge.

The Pythians of Illinois initiated 5,116 new members during the past

UNITED WORKMEN.

shop Notes and Gossip. Elect no member to any office who

does not or will not publicly pledge earnest support in pushing the lodge to the front. The best one for the place is none too good for you. Your interests demand that efficient officers be in charge of the work. Vote for The national prize banner, held by no one merely because he is "a nice, very careful in making a change. All things considered, an old officer is the best. He knows everybody, and he have done their work well the past places who will make the wheels of

-Kansas Workman. The grand recorder of Washington reports that many of the lodges are initiating members at every meeting, and the increased interest manifested is effecting good results.

The grand lodges of Maine, Rhode Island, New York, Delaware, Minnebled in regular session, and the official reports show a substantial increase in membership and a marked improve-

Grand Recorder Spencer of California states that the order suffered a loss of 25 per cent of its membership in the jurisdiction as a result of the change in rates. This was much less than was expected.

BE INDEPENDENT

Why work for another? You can obtain at a bargain a fine

Farm 81 Acre

Good loam soil, all cultivated, with five-room house, 80 foot barn, orchard. One mile from station and school.

If you would like to be your own own master, buy this farm before another snaps it up.

ELMER BEACH 753 DELTA AVE.

First publication August 31, 1907. CONTEST NOTICE. Department of the Interior.

LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH. August 24, 1907. A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed n this office by Ivar Leonard Peldahn, contestant, against Homestead entry No. 11192, made Sept. 24, 1903, for ne 1/4 of nw 1/4, n 1/2 of ne ¼ and se ¼ of ne ¼, section 18, township 42 orth, range 23 west, by William Johnson, conestee, in which it is alleged that entryman has wholly abandoned said land and changed his residence therefrom for more than two years since making said entry and next prior to the date herein; that said tract is not settled upon, improved or cultivated by said party, as required by law, and that said entryman has not resided upon. improved or cultivated said land for a period of five years, as required by law; and that said alleged absence from the said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer seaman or marine during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching aid allegation at 10 o'clock a.m. on October , 1907 before Register and Receiver of U.S. Land Office at Marquette, Mich.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed August 19, 1907, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notic

be given by due and proper publication JAMES J. DONOVAN, JOHN JONES,

First publication Aug. 31, 1907. TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office,

Marquette, Mich., Aug. 9, 1907. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of une 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Ore-Nevada and Washington Territory extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, Oscar Goodman, of Rapid Riv er, county of Delta, state of Michigan has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1774 for the purchase of the ne 1/4 of nw 1/4 of Section No. 6 in Township No. 41 north, range No. 20 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural pur poses, and to establish his claim to said land before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Delta County, at Escanaba, Mich., on Tuesday the 5th day of November, 1907.

He names as witnesses August Goodman, Gust Nelson, John Bergnan, and Fred Goodman, all of Rapid River

Any and all persons claiming adversely the bove described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 5th day of November, 1907.

JAMES J. DONOVAN, Register.

First publication August 10, 1907. CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior, LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH.,

August 1, 1907. A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Archie Johnston, contestant, against homestead entry No. 10657, made July 24, 1902, for sw1/4 of ne1/4 and se1/4 of nw1/4 of section 9, township 43 N., range 18 W., by Charles E. Chapman, Contestee, in which it is alleged that entryman has wholly abandoned the land and changed his residence therefrom for more than six months last past and next prior to the date herein; that said tract is not settled upon, improved or cultivated by said party, as required by law; that entryman has not resided upon, improved or cultivated said land for a period of five years, as required by law, and that said alleged absence from the land was not due to his employment in the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman, or marine during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may

Said parties are hereby notified to appear respond and offer evidence touching said alle gation at 10 o'clock a. m,. on Sept. 12, 1907 be fore Thomas B. Davis, a notary public at Nahma, Mich.

And that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 19, 1907, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Marquette, Mich.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed August 1, 1907, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal servic of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice b given by due and proper publication.

JAMES J. DONOVAN, Register. JOHN JONES, Receiver.

First publication Aug. 31, 1907. TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878-NO-United States Land Office,

Marquette, Mich., Aug. 5, 1907. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, Adolf Beschorner, of Escanaba, county of Delta, state of Michigan, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1752 for the purchase of the nw 1/4 of sw 1/4 of section No. 34, in township No. 42 north, range No. 26 west, and will offer proof to show that

the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at Marquette, Mich., 10548, made April 25, 1902, for the se 1/4 of nw on Thursday, the 7th day of November, 1907.

Larson, Vickton Larson, and Frederick Mag nuson, all of Escanaba, Mich.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day

JAMES J. DONOVAN, Register.

Notice is hereby given that Timothy J. Curran, of Lathrop, Michigan, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz; Homestead entry No. 10666 made Aug. 2, 1902, for the south-west quarter of south-east quarter of section 4, township 43 north, range 23 west, and that timber lands in the states of California, said proof will be made before the clerk of gon, Nevada. and Washington Territory, the Circuit Court for Delta county at Escanaba, extended to all the public land states by ac

his continuous residence upon, and improve- this day filed in this office his sworn states ment of, the land, viz:

John Payton of Escanaba, Mich., John Britz, of section No. 28, township No. 41 north, ra

JAMES J. DONOVAN, Register.

First publication Aug. 31, 1907. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Marquette, Mich.,

Notice is hereby given that David Butson of tion to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead entry No. 10605, 20, township 42 north, range 19 west.

Also Archie Johnston has filed notice of support of his claim, viz: Homestead entry of section 20, township 42 north, range 19 w

Said proofs will be made before the cler Mich., on Oct. 10, 1907. They name the following witnesses to pre

their continuous residence upon and cult tion of said land, viz John Polesky, Edward Buckley, David

son, and Archie Johnston, all of Nahma, M JAMES J. DONOVAN,

First publication Aug. 31, 1907. UNITED STATES LAND OFFIC MARQUETTE, MICH.

Aug. 9, 190 Notice is hereby given that in complia with the provisions of the act of Congres June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale August 4, 1892, John Bergman, of Rapid Riv county of Delta, state of Michigan. No 1778, for the purchase of the ne ¼ of s the land sought is more valuable for its tim or stone than for agricultural purposes, an establish his claim to said land before Clerk of the Circuit Court of Delta count Escanaba, Michigan, on Tuesday the 5th o

of November, 1907. He names as witnesses: August Goodm Gust Nelson, Oscar Goodman, and Fred Go nan, all of Rapid River, Mich.

Any and all persons claiming adversely above described lands are requested to their claims in this office on or before said day of November 1907.

JAMES J. DONOVAN. Regist

IN ANY WALK of life money is

valuable: but the less one has of it, the more valuable it becomes and the greater reason there is for setting aside part of it for a rainy day. Permit us to care for your surplus, no matter how small it may be Our vault is fire and burglar proof: our business methods perfect.

3 per cent. interest paid on time deposits.

Exchange Bank, Gladstone. W. L. MARBLE, President. W. A. FOSS, Cashier

That Plumbing System Get figures now. Call up

P. L. BURT & CO.

Phone 265-3 Rings.

Let us Figure on a PLUMBING OUTFIT for Your Home.

For Polite Correspondence

There should be no more slighting of the tone or correctness of a lady's stationery, than of her clothing,

Styles in Papers Vary:

With the years. What was in style last year seems out of place today. Everybody likes to receive letters on new style grades.

WE HAVE "CORRECT" STATIONERU

-Correct for every use and occasion and correct in price. Boxes and Tablets, many grades.

ERICKSON & VON TELL

Our Line of Perfumes is Perfect.

DRUGGISTS

SHINGLES

LUMBER

AND LATH

MOULDINGS, WINDOWS AND DOORS, WHITE PINE AND YELLOW PINE FINISHING. BUILDING PAPER, LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT. Let me figure on your house bills. Goods and prices are right.

Hard and Soft Coal 16-inch Hemlock and Maple Mill Wood. C. W. DAVIS.

REAL ESTATE Business and Residence Lots for sale on easy terms.
C. A. CLARK, A

Wood! Wood! Wood!

We are in a position to sell Wood cheaper

* CALL UP 45 *

than anyone in the city.

And get our prices before buying.

NORTHWESTERN COOPERAGE & LUMBER COMPANY GLADSTONE, MICHIGAN.

August Meisner, of Amasa, Mich., Charles the Circuit Court of Delta county at Escar

First publication Aug. 31, 1907. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, August 26, 1907.

Michigan, on October 11 1907. He names the following witnesses to prove

August, Anderson and Edward Hayward, all No. 20 west, and will offer proof to show all of Lathrop, Michigan

August 8, 1907. Nahma, Mich., has filed notice of his intenmade June 12, 1900, for the se 1/4 of sw 1/4, section

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—