

THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XXII.

CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

Gladstone, Mich., August 17, 1907.

\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Number 20

DIRECTORY.

DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN
DENTIST.
Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., from 1 to 5 p. m.
and from 7 to 8 p. m.
Delta avenue and Ninth street, over Minne-
waska Furniture Co's store. 18xvi

DR. A. H. KINMOND
DENTIST.
Office over Nelson's Grocery.

DR. GEORGE BJÖRKMAN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over The Hub, Delta and Seventh Sts.
Residence, Michigan Ave., Cor. Seventh St.
Physician of the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co.
44 GLADSTONE, MICH.

HAS. H. SCOTT,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
Real Estate and Insurance Agent.
Notary Public.
Office in Minnewasca Building, Gladstone.

R. EMPSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Minnewasca Block, Delta Avenue and
Ninth Street.

ADSTONE, MICHIGAN.
DIRECTORY
SWENSON BROS.,
Furniture, Undertaking, Uphol-
stered goods and Steamship Tickets.
Delta Avenue near Central.

THE GLADSTONE DELTA
Printing Department is Equipped
to do every class of Printing,
Incorporation & Law Printing a Specialty

You can get it at
Number Sixteen.

725 DELTA
DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER.

A change of Menu every
day. French Chef in
charge of the buffet.

Light beverages carefully
compounded. Heavy
ones mixed to
order.

Long drinks, cool and
pleasant, delightful to
the eye and like a dream
to the palate.

COURS IS READY.
SOREN JOHNSON.

FOR A KING
Or even fit for an

AMERICAN CITIZEN

a Sunday Dinner with a
nice Roast or Fowl from
pig's. We choose none
prime stock, and handle
with skill born of exper-

THE LAST?
that pad of
ationery the
t in the draw?
der before
u run out of
per entirely.

THE DELTA.
OD PRINTING.

M. WEINIG.

Do You Contemplate in-
stalling any Modern Conven-
iences? Let Me Figure with
You the Cost of Water Con-
nections, Sanitary Plumbing
Heating, Gaslighting. Can
You Afford to be Without
Them?

Good Work. Material the Best.
PHONE 260
712 DELTA AVENUE
H. J. KRUEGER,
CITY PLUMBER.

Price 25 Cents
TRAVELERS
RAILWAY GUIDE
315 Dearborn St., Chicago.

ROUMAN BROTHERS'
CANDY KITCHEN AND



PARLOR
THE BEST IN THE CITY
We Deliver Ice Cream, two
quarts, or more for any party.

ONE PINT.....15c
ONE QUART.....25c
TWO QUARTS.....50c
ONE GALLON.....\$1.00
PER GALLON, IN QUANTITIES
5 GALLONS UP.....90 CENTS
TELEPHONE 68 AND WE WILL BRING IT.

HOME BAKING

The goods you get from us
are made by an experienced
baker, daily. They have not
been shipped hundreds of
miles. † † † † † If you
wish anything special, tell us
so and you shall have it next
day. † † † † † † † † † †

CARL SEDERBERG.
We make deliveries, Phone 62

FINE GROCERIES

AND
CHOICE TEAS AND COFFEES

ELOF HANSON
Will serve you well and offers
you the best goods at
the lowest prices.

UP-TO-DATE
In everything and only
asks you to give him a
Trial Order.

When you need a change try
ELOF HANSON

Comfort and
Cleanliness.

Do You Contemplate in-
stalling any Modern Conven-
iences? Let Me Figure with
You the Cost of Water Con-
nections, Sanitary Plumbing
Heating, Gaslighting. Can
You Afford to be Without
Them?

Good Work. Material the Best.
PHONE 260
712 DELTA AVENUE
H. J. KRUEGER,
CITY PLUMBER.

Price 25 Cents
TRAVELERS
RAILWAY GUIDE
315 Dearborn St., Chicago.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican county convention met Saturday morning last in the court-
house at Escanaba. That city was fully
represented and W. A. Narracong, Sor-
en Johnson, Joseph Eaton, Chas. D.
Mason, C. A. Clark and Robert Beattie
appeared for Gladstone. The first ward
had chosen Andrew Stevenson, but he
did not attend. The convention was
called to order at eleven o'clock by
Chairman Perron and the convention
chose Soren Johnson of Gladstone as
president and T. J. Burke, of Escanaba,
as secretary. The usual committees
were appointed and reported, and a
committee consisting of M. Perron,
O. B. Fuller and Chas. D. Mason con-
sulted with Frank D. Mead, the repub-
lican candidate for member of the
constitutional convention from Delta
County and reported, as delegates to
the district convention at Menominee,
the names of O. B. Fuller, T. B. White
M. Perron, C. W. Malloch, Chas. D.
Mason, Soren Johnson, T. J. Burke and
S. M. Mathews. These eight were
unanimously named and the convention
adjourned.

The district convention met in Men-
ominee on Tuesday and unanimously
elected Frank D. Mead, A. E. Sharpe,
of the Soo, and W. J. Oberdorfer of
Stephenson, as the republican candi-
dates for the office of delegates to the
Thirtieth senatorial district. They are
not likely to have much opposition and
will be almost unanimously elected.

CLIPPED AND PENCILLED

"What a fool is a frog," mused the
naturalist, "to jump at a bit of flannel
on a fish hook." Still musing he went
home and invested all his money in a
gold mine which guaranteed to pay 100
per cent dividends.—New York Sun.

The Soo's semi-centennial obelisk
recently arrived in the city, and the
contractors have already begun prepara-
tions to unload it and transport it to
Brady Field at the foot of Bingham
Avenue, where it is to be set up. The
monolith and the paraphernalia required
three flat cars in shipment. It will be
removed from the cars and loaded upon
a great truck with 20 inch wheel sur-
face. An engine will probably be used
to draw the truck with its heavy load,
and even with the engine it will doubt-
less be necessary to use tackle, as it will
require some 60 or 70 horsepower. The
truck to be used came as part of the
paraphernalia. The shaft alone weighs
about 51 tons, is 4 feet 6 inches square
on the base and about 45 feet long. Be-
sides the shaft are two large base rocks
upon which the shaft will stand when
in place. The shaft and base rocks are
of hammered red granite. It will re-
quire about a month to put it in place,
as handling it is slow work.

Regarding the Gleason Exploration
Company, the Iron River Reporter says
the company includes several promi-
nent mining men from Duluth and the
Mesaba range. The company has not
yet elected officers or determined on the
amount at which it will be capitalized.
It is the intention of the company to
explore in Iron county and elsewhere if
necessary. Mr. Gleason has done con-
siderable work on the LeClair property
near Chicagoan lake in Bates township,
and it is probable that the company will
soon put in a diamond drill there.

The board foundation of the Peters
Block, at the corner of East Superior
and Maple streets, has rotted away and
in consequence a patch of cement side-
walk, of considerable extent, has
dropped into the basement. Practi-
cally the same thing happened through the
undermining of the cement walk by the
caving in of the earth under it at the
corner of Bissell & Stebbins' store on
Elm Ave. When a cement sidewalk is
laid in front of a building local ex-
perience seems to indicate that a cement
retaining wall should first be put in.
—Munising News.

The steamer Winnebago cleared re-
cently from Sault Ste. Marie to San
Francisco, with 1050 tons of calcium
carbide in cans, from the big works at
the Soo.

A new style of jail is reported from
Trout Lake. Says the Soo Times:
"City Marshal William Butts has a
new way to sober up the drunks. He
takes them out in the woods and shack-
les them with the handcuffs to a tree.
One party thus confined on Sunday had
to climb his tree to see the ball game."
This beats the traditional box car, as it
is less liable to leave town over night.

MERCHANTS, ATTENTION.
Wanted, by the Marble Safety Axe
company, several hundred shipping
cases. We can use Dry Goods, Boot and
Shoe, or Hardware Boxes, steadily. If
you have a surplus, call us up and tell
us what you have. It will pay better
than burning them. tf.

ARITHMETIC 1700 B. C.

**Sums Over Which Egyptian Children
Puzzled Their Brains.**

Probably the oldest copy book for
home lessons in arithmetic was un-
earthed in Egypt. The papyrus, which
was found in excellent condition, dates
from the period about 1700 B. C.—that
is, about 100 years before the time of
Moses, or almost 3,600 years ago. It
proves that the Egyptians had a thor-
ough knowledge of elementary mathe-
matics almost to the extent of our
own. The papyrus has a long heading.
"Direction how to attain the knowl-
edge of all dark things," etc. Numer-
ous examples show that their principal
operations with entire units and frac-
tions were made by means of addition
and multiplication. Subtractions and
divisions were not known in their
present form, but correct results were
obtained nevertheless.

Equations are also found in the
papyrus. Among the examples given
is this one: Ten measures of barley are
to be divided among ten persons in
such a manner that each subsequent
person receives one-eighth of a meas-
ure less than the one before him. An-
other example given is: There are seven
men; each one has seven cats, each
cat has eaten seven mice, each mouse
has eaten seven grains of barley. Each
grain of barley would, if cultivated,
have yielded seven measures of barley.
How much barley has been lost in that
way? The papyrus also contains cal-
culations of area, the calculation of the
area of a circle and its transformation
into a square and finally calculations
of the cubic measurements of pyra-
mids.

SHORT INTERVIEW.

**A Woman Reporter's Visit to Robert
Louis Stevenson.**

A number of years ago a somewhat
sensational journalist was making a
flying trip around the world for her
newspaper. She stopped in San Fran-
cisco. Among other assignments for
her brief stay there was a visit to
Robert Louis Stevenson, who was then
living in that city.

Calling at his home, she was told
that he was too ill to see any one that
day. She wrote him an appealing little
note on the back of her card, explain-
ing that her schedule would not permit
her to remain over to see him later
and that as an interview with him
was one of the chief objects of break-
ing her journey in California she be-
gged for at least two minutes' conversa-
tion.

Permission was granted for her to
ascend to his room, and when she saw
him propped up in bed with pillows,
looking pitifully white and frail, she
was much shocked and regretted her
persistence. For once her usual as-
surance deserted her, and she stood
silent and shy before the writer.

Stevenson, too, seemed at a loss, and
after a moment or two of embarrassed
silence, during which his hands were
fumbling beneath the counterpane, he
drew forth an unfinished woolen stock-
ing, and, beginning feverishly to push
the steel needles in and out, he asked:
"Do you knit?"

"No," answered the reporter, and,
glancing at the mantel clock, she re-
alized with chagrin that the interview
was ended.—Youth's Companion.

Dog Jealousy.
There is a strong trait of jealousy in
a dog's nature. A story is told of a
Birmingham dog that had been a great
pet in the family until the baby came.
There was suspicion that he was jeal-
ous, but he could not be detected in
any disrespect to the newcomer. It
always happened, however, that when
the dog was left with the baby the
baby began to cry. No signs of trouble
were ever to be seen upon entering the
room, and the dog was always found
sleeping peacefully before the fire.
Finally one day a peep through the
keyhole disclosed the canine rubbing
his cold wet nose up and down the
baby's back.—Ralph Neville in Outing
Magazine.

All Had Meanings.

"So the proprietor of this hotel has
a big phonograph that plays while you
dine?"
"Yes, and some of the selections are
very appropriate. For instance, if he
thinks his guests are getting impatient
he puts on such pieces as 'Life Is Too
Short to Worry' and 'All Things Come
to Him Who Waits.'"
"I'm! Pretty good idea."
"Yes; but the last selection beats
them all. If he thinks you might over-
look tipping the waiter, he puts on
Kipling's recessional, 'Lest We Forget!
Lest We Forget!'—Brooklyn Citizen.

One Way.
"HARRY, here are three apples. Now,
suppose I wanted you to divide them
equally between James, John and
yourself. How would you do it?"
"I'd give them one and keep the
others."
"Why, how do you make that out?"
"Well, you see, it would be one for
those two and one for me too."

His Status.
"Uncle Mose, you're very unsociable."
"Yes, sah, I likes to keep tuh myse'f,
sah."
"Dear me, Uncle Mose, I hope you're
not a misanthrope?"
"No, sah. I'se a Baptis', sah."—Bal-
timore American.

NEW SHORT STORIES

Kept His Promise.

Lord Chancellor Eldon, when thor-
oughly moved, was capable of gener-
ous actions. As lord chancellor his ec-
clesiastical patronage was large. He
showed liberality and humanity in be-
stowing good "livings" upon meritori-
ous clergymen.

One morning Lord Eldon was sitting
in his study and working hard to les-
sen the huge pile of papers which in-
cumbered his desk. A young and
beautiful girl was shown in. Her rus-
tic attire and slight embarrassment
prompted the old man to rise and, with
a courteous bow, to ask:

"Who are you, my dear?"
"Lord Eldon," replied the blushing
maiden, "I am Bessie Bridge, the
daughter of the vicar of Weobley, and
papa has sent me to remind you of a
promise which you made him when I
was a little baby and you were a guest
in his house. It was when you were
first elected as a member of parlia-
ment for Weobley."

"A promise, my dear?" exclaimed
the perplexed chancellor.

"Yes, my lord, a promise. You were
standing over my cradle, and papa



"PAPA HAS SENT ME TO REMIND YOU OF
A PROMISE."

said to you, 'Mr. Scott, promise me
that if ever you are lord chancellor
and my little girl is a poor clergyman's
wife you will give her husband a liv-
ing.' You answered, 'Mr. Bridge, my
promise is not worth half a crown, but
I give it to you, wishing it were worth
more.'"

"You are right, my dear. I remem-
ber the promise and admit the obliga-
tion," exclaimed the chancellor enthu-
siastically. Then, looking at the dam-
sel, he added, with a smile: "But surely
the time for keeping my promise has
not yet arrived? You cannot be any
one's wife at present?"

"No, my lord," answered Bessie hesi-
tatingly, "but I do so wish to be some-
body's wife."

Then she blushed and continued:
"There's a living in Herefordshire,
near my old home, that has recently
fallen vacant, and if you will give it to
Alfred, why, then, my lord, we shall
be married before the end of the year."

The chancellor rang his bell and di-
rected his secretary to make out the
presentation of the living to "Bessie
Alfred."

Then the old man kissed the young
lady and sent her on her way in love
with Lord Eldon and at peace with all
the world.—Tit-Bits.

The Human Shield.
Admiral Dewey at a recent dinner
praised the bravery of the American
troops during the civil war.

"Both sides alike were brave," he
said; "north and south, soldiers and
sailors. And the bravery of the raw
recruits was a thing to be seen to be
believed."

"There used to be circulated, though,
a good story about a Connecticut re-
cruit. This young man, after he had
got initiated, fought heroically, but in
his first engagement he was very
nervous."
"A chum of his was in the line ahead
of him, and when the bullets began to
fly the chum began to dodge."
"Thereupon the recruit shouted ex-
citably:

"Hey, Jim, don't duck; I'm behind
ye!"

The Mohammedan Oath.
Of all the many forms of taking the
oath used in the courts perhaps the
most picturesque is that which the Mo-
hammedan is required to take. It is a
silent ceremony. The son of Islam
places his right hand flat upon the
Koran and puts the other on his fore-
head; then he brings his forehead down
to and in contact with the book. He
then raises himself and looks up stead-
fastly for some seconds. The officer of
the court should then—though he some-
times forgets this—ask the Mohammed-
an, "Are you bound by the ceremony
you have performed to speak the
truth?" and the answer is, "I am." In
India the ceremony has been abol-
ished in favor of an affirmation.

We are best of all led to men's prin-
ciples by what they do.—Butler.

THE QUACK AGAIN.

Last week a traveling fakir, calling
himself an Indian doctor, pitched his
tent in Gladstone and set his nets. Dr.
Björkman on behalf of his profession
and the public, made a complaint for
violation of the law and Justice Huber
issued a warrant. On the hearing, by
advice of Mr. Norblad who appeared
for the people, the prisoner was dis-
charged on condition that he leave
the county at once. Dr. Björkman is
entitled to the thanks of the commu-
nity for his efforts on their behalf, but it
is not a commendable thing to turn
loose so mean a rascal as the "Injan"
to prey on other communities. The plea
is that it would cost the county some-
thing to board him in jail. This is not
a valid argument, for one of the excuses
for the existence of a county organization
is the protection it is supposed to afford
the people of the bailiwick against crim-
inals of all kinds. The quack doctor is
much more detrimental to the county
than a common burglar or clothes-line
thief, who usually gets small booty in
this neighborhood; while the quack
carries off a roll as big a stove-pipe,
plundered from the most ignorant, help-
less and unfortunate class. These
wandering and irresponsible arabs,
themselves ignorant and unprincipled,
but usually cunning and able, are often
allowed to elude the law because what
is everybody's business is usually ne-
glected. The intelligent citizen will
not interfere because he is busy, and
the "doctor" does not trouble him;
so the fakir lifts his nets, pockets his
plunder and goes on to fresh fields and
victims new. The story is as old as the
Father of History and as new as the
morning newspaper.

The times are prosperous and money
is plenty; the fakir and the grafter are
also likewise. But when these gentry
are once brought to book, the Delta
would like to see them get what is due
them.

Reassured.
"G-g-good evening," said the young
man, who had come to speak to the
girl's father.
"Good evening," replied the old gen-
tleman. "You look a little nervous.
How do you feel?"
"Flattered," replied the young man.
"I was afraid I looked scared to
—Catholic Standard and Times

The Harbor

SAMPLE ROOM
BOARDING HOUSE.

359 DELTA AVENUE,
OPPOSITE THE DOCKS.

The Best Private Boarding
House in Gladstone.

The bar is furnished with
the best of everything. Im-
ported wines and liquors from
every land. Clean, prompt ser-
vice. Moderate charges.

ANDREW STEVENSON,
PROPRIETOR.

The PEOPLE

Of Gladstone always want the
best and that is the reason why
they use our FERNDOLL
Goods, Teas and Coffees.

One trial will convince you
that the goods are what you
want and that you will have
no other.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE
REMEMBER OUR AIM Prompt
delivery, courteous treat-
ment and satisfaction guar-
anteed.

OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE
As we only expect a
living profit.

Fresh Green Vegetables received Daily.
GLADSTONE GROCERY CO.
P. J. LINDBLAD PROP. PHONE 51

"HOLY JUMPERS" INVADE GOTHAM.

SECT PROMISES CRUSADE RIGHT ON BROADWAY IN A SHORT TIME.

WAUKESHA READY FOR FIGHT.

City Officials to Protect Fountain House Colony from Rowdies During Camp Meeting.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—[Special.]—New York is awaiting an invasion by the "Holy Jumpers." A number of them are now in the city, but it is reported that more will come from the west in a short time, possibly from the home colony in Waukesha, Wis. According to one of the leaders of the set the Jumpers intend to hold meetings right on Broadway and will march into the middle of the white light district. Where they will attempt to raise religious zeal by dancing, skipping and fantastic step. A number of the Jumpers are now in Jersey City.

"We will invade New York just as we did Denver," says one of the leaders. "We have already sent an advance guard as far as Jersey City. They will cross over to New York presently, and when we get a sufficient number of our members in the east to make an impression on the great city we will enter it and begin active work. Yes, we dance and make a big demonstration in the streets and I am aware that we are classed as fanatics and derisively called Holy Jumpers, but we do not care what people say or think about us and keep straight on our way."

Protection During Camp Meeting.

WAUKESHA, Wis., Aug. 14.—[Special.]—The city officials are preparing to protect the "Holy Jumpers" from mob violence at the summer camp meeting of the set which opens in a big tent on the Fountain house grounds tomorrow, to continue ten days and will, if possible, prevent a repetition of the mobbing of last summer, when the tent was set down by hoodlums and those present showered with rotten eggs and bricks.

A conference between Mayor Snyder, City Attorney Lockney and Chief of Police Enders was held Tuesday evening, when the chief was instructed to give the set ample police protection. "The Jumpers" will be protected from disturbance and arrests and prosecutions will follow the slightest disorder," said City Attorney Lockney this morning. "The Jumpers" have been forced to obey the laws and ordinances and local people must do the same. Arrests and prosecutions will result from the slightest disorder and the prosecutions will not be for disorderly conduct, but for those present will be appointed and they will be instructed to use their clubs if necessary, as we do not propose to allow a few brazen heads to stand between the city and law and order."

Duke M. Ferguson of Chicago, the official head of the set, denies the report that there are any negotiations of the set to Zion City, and the advent of the "Holy Jumpers" at the set. "There is nothing on which to base a report of that kind," he said. "We intend to remain right here in Waukesha, as the Lord wills us should."

Chicago Counsel Engaged.

Former Senator William E. Mason of Illinois and Luther Luffin Mills, the Chicago attorney, have been engaged by the set to assist Joseph E. Vidish of Milwaukee in the trial of A. N. Scott, J. W. Hubbard, William Pettigill and Leonard Wetherill before Judge Agnew at Oconomowoc, August 23, on a disorderly conduct charge, a charge of venue having been taken. The four were arrested some weeks ago with F. M. Messenger, associate editor of "The Burning Bush," and R. L. Erickson, as the result of a street meeting which nearly caused a riot. Erickson was charged with "aiding and abetting" a disorderly meeting. Messenger was acquitted, but Erickson was convicted and paid a fine of \$25 and costs.

RICH GIRL A "DRUNK."

Jane Clark of St. Paul Arrested in Gotham Street Partially Drisobed and in Dazed State.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Daughter of a wealthy Minnesota lumberman, sister of Mrs. Frank Towle, whose husband is president of the Log Cabin Maple Syrup company and who lives at the Waldorf-Astoria, Jane Clark, youthful, handsome and fashionably attired, was arraigned before Magistrate Breen in the Yorkville court yesterday on a charge of intoxication that was attended with remarkable circumstances.

Policeman Maher arrested the young woman at Madison avenue early Tuesday morning. She had shed many of her fashionable garments and was carrying them under her arm. She seemed dazed and quietly submitted to arrest. When she appeared in court, she was still somewhat dazed. But when she was placed in charge of Alice Smith, the probationary officer, she managed to say that her home was in St. Paul, where her father and grandfather are wealthy lumbermen.

She came to this city to visit her sister. She said she was well supplied with cash and had several checks to draw on, but that a week ago a longing for liquor that from early girlhood she had been powerless to resist, came upon her. For a week, she said, she had been wandering from hotel to hotel, hardly knowing where she had been, and neglecting utterly to communicate with her sister or her relatives in the west. Magistrate Breen finally committed the young woman to the Magdalen home.

ARE FRENCHMEN FIRST?

Socialists in Convention Declare They Would Protect Their Country in Time of War.

SAVOY, France, Aug. 14.—The Socialist congress at its session today reaffirmed the declaration made at Limoges last year regarding it being the duty of French Socialists to defend the country if attacked.

M. Herve and other extremists made a hard fight against the resolution, declaring that militarism is the natural effect of a capitalist regime and is based on the antagonism of class interests and declared himself in favor of a military strike in case of war.

M. Guesde and M. Jaures said it was absurd for French Socialists to go to Stuttgart and advocate treason after Herr Bebel's announcement that the German Socialists would defend their country in the event of war. Mr. Herve's resolution against defending the country in case of war was defeated by 251 to 41 votes.

MURDER BAND HEAD TELLS JEROME ALL.

Kassak Jela Lian Confesses he Directed Crimes of Huchakist Society—Poisoned Daggers Found.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—According to an announcement by District Attorney Jerome and Deputy Police Commissioner Woods early today the detective bureau has arrested the ringleaders of the Huchakist secret society and has obtained confessions from them, which will end the existence of the organization. Kassak Jela Lian, arrested Sunday night, confessed to Mr. Jerome last night, the police say, after a grueling examination which lasted for more than 24 hours. It was he and other who had directed the murders of Father Kasher Vartain, whose body was cut to pieces, and the wealthy rug merchant, Avshanian, killed as he was entering his office near Union square.

He further declared, it is said, that he had stood by while Bedros Hamptsoonian waited for the coming of the victim and pointed out the doomed man.

Priest Not Yet Connected.

It is given out by Detective Petrosino, who has had the actual investigation in charge, that Father Martingon, who has been under arrest in connection with the murders, is not directly connected with the society, though he is still believed to have known a great deal of its inner workings. Lieut. Petrosino of the New York detective department recently encountered, in Boston, an Armenian named Manoojian, who offered his services. Manoojian furnished information enabling Petrosino to send a wire to this city that resulted in the arrest of Borhas Alieppourjian.

Poisoned Daggers Found.

The police searched the building where he lived and in the cellar under a coal heap, protected by boards they found a number of poisoned daggers, several small bombs, a quantity of poisoned bullets, revolvers and a number of large bottles of hydrocyanic acid and sulphate of ammonia as well as chemists' scales, bullet molds and electric apparatus of various kinds. Taken to police headquarters the man broke down and confessed. He confirmed, the police say, that Kassak Jela Lian was the head and front of the society. Several other arrests were made.

KING TO SEE EMPERORS.

Rulers of Three Great Powers Will Hold Meeting of Great Diplomatic Importance.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—King Edward left England this afternoon on his annual visit to Marienbad to take the cure. The King will meet Emperor William at Wilhelmshohe tomorrow and on the following day will have a lengthy conference with Emperor Francis Joseph at Ischt.

The diplomatic importance of these meetings is emphasized by the fact that Sir Charles Harding, permanent under secretary of the British foreign office, will be present.

Chancellor Von Buelow will be in attendance on the German Emperor. His meeting with the King and his conference with the British representatives is expected to do much to dissipate many of the misunderstandings which have so long clouded Anglo-German relations.

DOG AND MISTRESS DIE.

Fox Terrier Is Victim of Poison—Sprayed Lips of Mrs. Lena Mason, a Suicide.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 13.—Mrs. Lena Mason, 35 years old, a widow, committed suicide, Monday, by swallowing poison in her bath at 2242 Wabash avenue. Her pet dog licked the poison-sprayed lips of its mistress and died at her side. The woman left behind a patient mother and a mother, in which she mentioned a lover.

The police of the Cottage Grove avenue station are hunting for the man named Delpeck, who, it is said, often visited Mrs. Mason.

M'DONALD LEFT \$500,000.

Part of Chicago Gambler's Estate Goes to Widow Who Is Charged with Guerin Murder.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 13.—The will of Michael C. McDonald, former well known Democratic politician and gambler, was filed in the probate court here today. The petition accompanying the will estimated the value of the estate net to exceed \$500,000. The widow, Dora McDonald, who is charged with the murder of Webster Guerin, was given her dower rights. With the exception of two minor legacies, the balance of the estate is to be held by trustees for fifteen years and then to be divided among the three sons.

SETTLE BOILERMAKERS' STRIKE.

Removal of Foreman Carter Expected To Satisfy Men.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 13.—A settlement of the boilermakers' strike on the Pacific division of the Harriman railway which threatened to extend all systems in which Harriman is interested is believed to be only a matter of a few hours. A telegram received last night from the general superintendent of motive power, who is in San Francisco, informs a committee of boilermakers that Foreman Carter of the Los Angeles shops has resigned his position.

As the removal of Carter was the sole demand made upon the company it is anticipated a reconciliation will be effected at once.

Consulting Authorities.

Some time since a new baby arrived at a home in this city, and when Johnny, the little 5-year-old brother, was sent down to one of the neighbors a few days afterward the good lady, of course, had to make the usual remarks about the glad event. "I understand, Johnny," said she, "that you have a little baby at your house." "Yes, ma'am," he replied. "He has been there nearly four days now." "Well, when he gets older you must bring him over to see me," returned the neighbor lady. "By the way, has he been named yet?" "No, ma'am," answered the youngster, "but I guess there will be something doing pretty soon, for when I left father was looking over the list of Presidents, mother was going through the Bible and the nurse was hunting around in a history of the United States."—Scranton Republican.

—Opium imports into China increased from 6,922,637 pounds in 1905 to 7,215,000 pounds in 1906, and it is stated that the use of native opium also showed a general increase, while morphine importations, in spite of 200 per cent. duty, have grown larger, although the total volume reported is insignificant.

IMMUNITY FOR ALTON

RAILROAD TO ESCAPE PROSECUTION IN OIL CASES.

Gave Information to Convict Trust, It Is Said, to Special Counsel Morrison.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 13.—Immunity has been granted to the Chicago & Alton railroad for its part in connection with the illegal rebates for which the Standard Oil company of Indiana recently was fined \$20,240,000 by Judge Landis at Chicago.

This fact became known today coincident with the return to Washington of Attorney General Bonaparte, who is about to start proceedings in the direction of criminal prosecution of anti-trust law offenders if a victim worthy of conviction can be found.

It appears that former Attorney General Moody, under whose direction the Standard Oil cases recently reaching a climax at Chicago were instituted, used the Chicago & Alton to gain the information upon which the indictments originally were returned. Special Counsel Morrison, formerly United States district attorney for the district of Chicago, it is understood, promised the Alton immunity from prosecution in return for the information furnished.

OIL DETECTIVES TRAIL LANDIS.

Jurist's Every Movement Is Shadowed by Three Men.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Aug. 13.—Judge K. M. Landis of Chicago, who is spending his vacation at his old home here, is said to be shadowed by detectives, who are reporting his every move and utterance to the Standard Oil company. When he arrived here he was followed by two strangers, who were identified by the Standard Oil company as detectives, who were reported to have followed him to his home in Logansport. When the judge went to Indianapolis the mysterious strangers disappeared, but when the judge returned here the strangers were seen on his trail again.

In the last day or two he has been joined by a third man, and one of the three sees every movement that the judge makes.

The fact that he is being watched amuses Judge Landis, who said today: "I guess I can stand inspection."

FIRE OF WARSHIPS MOWS DOWN MOORS.

Natives Again Attack Casa Blanca, but Are Repulsed with Big Losses.

TANGIER, Aug. 13.—Four thousand Moors attacked Casa Blanca yesterday, but were repulsed.

The tribesmen displayed dauntless courage charging repeatedly almost to the French guns, but a hail of shrapnel finally drove them back with heavy losses. The fire of the warships in the roadstead was terribly effective on the masses of native horsemen. The French losses were considerable.

No War for Conquest.

PARIS, Aug. 13.—Minister of Foreign Affairs Pichon has given an interview to The Matin, in which he says: "The government will send no more troops into Morocco. On no account do we intend to embark upon a work of conquest."

The Matin publishes a dispatch from its correspondent at Casa Blanca saying the fighting between the natives and the men of Gen. Druce's command lasted all day Saturday, but quieted down Saturday night and Sunday morning. A renewal of the attack, however, is feared as another Caïd with numerous reinforcements has arrived. The warships continue to shell the Arab positions.

Situation Most Serious.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 13.—The state department has received the following cablegram relative to the disturbances in Morocco, from American Minister Gummere, dated at Tangier, yesterday:

I have been informed by the consular agent at Casa Blanca, under date of the 10th instant, that the town has been virtually destroyed and that naturalized American citizens have lost everything. He also says that "the foreigners have been taken to the interior and held as hostages. The situation is considered very threatening. There is a French cruiser at Tangier, but in case of attack the Moorish soldiers at that point would join the tribesmen. Many people are leaving for Spain."

SIR HARRY MAC LEAN RELEASED.

Raisuli Gives Up Man to Elkmes, Who Give Him Liberty.

TANGIER, Aug. 13.—Caid Sir Harry MacLean has been handed over by his captor, the bandit Raisuli, to the Elkmes tribe, who in their turn set him at liberty.

GERMAN BOAT WINNER.

Lily X., Steered by Prince Henry of Prussia, Crosses Line First in Great Yachting Event.

KIEL, Germany, Aug. 13.—Prince Henry of Prussia today steered the Lily X. across the finish line and over the German and the American Sonder class boats competing for Emperor William's cup. Spokane I. was second; Willebach, third; Wanusse, fourth; Chewink VIII., fifth, and the Marble-head last.

FAMOUS TOLL ROAD ABOLISHED.

Turnpike Which Dickens Immortalized Becomes Free Highway.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 13.—The St. Clair county turnpike road, over which Charles Dickens traveled in his trip to Belleville and which he immortalized in his "American Notes," became a free highway yesterday by the incorporation of the village of Edgemont, which took over the thoroughfare. Within the limits of the village is the famous "yew house" at which Dickens stopped.

POPE FIRM FAILS AND STOCKS FALL.

Receivership for Big Automobile Works Causes Wall Street Flurry.

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 14.—[Special.]—The Pope Manufacturing company, makers of bicycles, automobiles, etc., went into the hands of a receiver today. Albert L. Pope was appointed receiver.

The receiver was appointed upon application of the McManus-Kelly company of Toledo, O. Bonds were fixed at \$200,000. The receiver is a son of Coy. A. A. Pope. In the order it is specified that the receiver may conduct the business and contract for the sale and delivery of automobiles, bicycles and their accessories to such an extent as in judgment may be advisable and until the further order of the court.

Due to Money Market, It Is Said.

The appointment was due to the present condition of the money market according to a statement given out today by Joline, Larkin & Rathbone, counsel for the receiver.

The McManus-Kelly company, in the action instituted here today, sued on its behalf and on behalf of such other creditors and such stockholders of the company as may elect to join in the prosecution. Its cited claim is said to be \$4346 and it is asserted in the complaint that in the hands of competent receivers the affairs of the company can be so administered that the claims against it can be paid in full. The McManus-Kelly company claims damages of \$85,000.

Big Slump in Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Following a dull and narrow morning session the stock market broke violently this afternoon with losses in the active issues reaching from 3 to 7 points and even greater losses in the special group. The weakness in the afternoon followed the announcement of receivership proceedings in the Pope Manufacturing company and rumors of financial embarrassment in high commercial quarters.

The break was accelerated by a series of attacks against prices and the absence of substantial support.

The general list was unsettled and feverish with the decline still in progress at 2:30 o'clock.

Low Records Made.

The sharp break brought a flood of selling orders. Amalgamated Copper was a target and ran off heavy selling to 46 1/2, a new low record for the year. Pennsylvania ran off to 115, the lowest point reached in several years. Long lines of St. Paul stock came out, driving the price down to 117 1/2. New York Central suffered in the decline reaching 100 1/2, its lowest record for the year.

The close was active and excited but with a final rally still in progress. In the last hour stock prices declined at a panic rate and the lowest prices of the day were generally made. The biggest declines were: Third Avenue 12, New York Airbrake 9 1/2, Amalgamated Copper 8, Union Pacific preferred 7, Smeltling and Union Pacific 6 1/2, Reading 6 1/2, Great Northern preferred 6 1/2, Delaware & Hudson 5 1/2, Brooklyn Transit 5 and New York Central 4 1/2. In the last few minutes heavy buying orders poured into the market and there was a rally of 12 to 2 points.

John D. Makes a Denial.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 14.—John D. Rockefeller, referring to a widely circulated interview purporting to have been given out by him and printed yesterday, said today: "There is certainly some mistake about the matter. I neither gave out nor authorized the statements attributed to me."

AUTOSMASH; TWO DEAD

Chauffeur Loses Control of Machine Which Dashes into Telegraph Pole at High Speed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Two persons were killed and four injured, one of them seriously, in an automobile accident near Bernardsville, N. J., this afternoon.

The dead are Miss Kuhlweind, 15 years of age, of Bernardsville, and the chauffeur, named Clark of Fair Hills, N. J.

The injured are Miss Adelaide Pepper of Brooklyn, arm broken; Miss Bertha Englake of New York, arm broken, and Ralph Hazleton, Fair Hills, injured and badly bruised, and Miss Anna Kuhlweind of Bernardsville. The injuries of the latter are not serious.

The chauffeur lost control of the machine while it was running at high speed, and it dashed into a telegraph pole.

BUGS STOP U. S. MAIL.

Delaware Mosquitoes in Swarms Attack Rural Carriers Who Jump in Frenzy Into River.

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 14.—Mosquitoes are playing havoc with the delivery of the mails along the shores of the Delaware Bay in central Delaware. It is feared that the rural carriers who start from Dover have been seriously attacked by the pests. The insects for a week have daily attacked these carriers and their horses in great swarms. In order to alleviate the suffering of the carriers it is necessary to plunge into the Delaware for salt water treatment. There seems to be no remedy and meanwhile the delivery of the mails is hampered.

CANNON BOOTS MAD DOG.

Speaker Kicks in Nick of Time and Then Shows How One Candidate Can Run.

DANVILLE, Ill., Aug. 14.—Speaker Joseph Cannon narrowly escaped being a victim yesterday of the mad dog epidemic that has caused two deaths from hydrophobia. It was a well directed kick administered at the vital moment that saved "Uncle Joe." "Uncle Joe" did not wait to see the result of his kick. The moment he had delivered it he turned and ran at a speed no one in Danville ever remembers him to have attained before. The dog has disappeared.

DISORDER IN TANGIER.

Prisoners Have Been Turned Loose, the Caid Has Fled and Europeans Are Leaving.

TANGIER, Aug. 14.—Wireless advices from Casa Blanca say that the situation at Mazagan continues alarming. Both there and in the neighboring town of Azenmour the prisoners in the jails have been turned loose. The Caid of Azenmour has fled. Europeans and Jews leaving Mazagan are obliged to pay for their privilege.

WILEY FOR WORLD PURE FOOD LAWS.

American Expert Goes Abroad with Highly Important Purpose—Fix Harmful Ingredients.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 14.—It is believed at the state department that the outcome of the present visit to Europe of Dr. Wiley of the department of agriculture will be the calling of an international gathering in this country to endeavor to secure uniformity of practice in the treatment of food adulterations.

Necessity of Regulation Seen.

It appears there is little difference of opinion among the health authorities of the various nations as to the propriety of establishing rules for the manufacture of food and drug products in the interest of the public health, but disagreements have arisen at each stage of the attempt to frame regulations for the government of the export trade in such commodities owing to honest differences of opinion as to the proper definition of adulteration.

To Smooth Away Differences.

Although taking an advanced position in the matter as revealed in the stringent legislation contained in the pure food law, this government has been obliged at times to take sharp issue with some of the European officials as to the harmfulness of certain ingredients of American food exports. Against purely technical objections the agricultural department has been contending with difficulty for a long time.

General Understanding Assured.

But the passage of the pure food act, with the authority contained therein to apply its provisions to imported food and drugs and wines, the department finds its hand much strengthened in dealing with European governments which are now beginning to show a practical interest in the inquiry which Dr. Wiley is making into the nature of the ingredients of the great quantities of foreign delicatessen and liquors that are flowing into the United States. It therefore is felt that it will not be difficult to induce other nations to second the efforts of the United States to reach an understanding upon a general set of rules relative to the use of preservatives in food products.

GOLD CONFESSES TO TRUNK CRIME.

Scion of Nobility Admits He Killed Woman and Cut Up Her Body—Denies Any Intent to Rob.

MARSEILLES, Aug. 14.—Vere St. Ledger Gould confessed here yesterday that he was the murderer of Emma Levin, a wealthy Swedish woman, whose dismembered body was found in the trunks of Mr. Gould and his wife upon their arrival here August 6 from Monte Carlo. This "trunk mystery" created much excitement, especially as it was soon learned that the Goulds, who are English, were of good family. Their explanations of how the corpse came to be in their baggage were in no sense convincing, and the confession does not come as a surprise.

Gould made his confession to the examining magistrate. He related coolly all the details of the crime. He alone had slain the woman, he declared, and it was he who cut up her body, although his wife had helped him pack it away in their baggage. After this had been done they both agreed to journey to Marseilles where they planned to cast the body into the sea.

Wife Admits Her Part.

Mrs. Gould also confessed her part in the crime. She said her husband had promised to give Emma Levin \$100 for a certain reason, but she demanded \$100 more, which he was loath to give to a man friend. To this Mr. Gould objected, and said he would not pay the extra hundred. Thereupon the woman abused him. Referring to what happened next, Gould says in his confession: "I began drinking and becoming angry. I seized a hunting knife and buried it in Emma's back. She fell dead. The next day I dismembered the body with a saw and knife and placed the torso in a trunk and the head and legs in a valise. I only stabbed the woman once. The other wounds on her body must have been caused by shaking around in the trunk."

Denies Intent to Rob.

Gould said they carried off the woman's jewels, not for their value, but in order to prevent their discovery in his apartment.

Referring to his family, Gould said his grandfather was a baronet and his father an Irish magistrate. He said he had at one time served secretly on the Irish land commission in Dublin. In 1893 he moved to Montreal, where he says he made a fortune. He then went to Holland, and later moved to Monte Carlo. Mrs. Gould corroborated everything her husband said.

There is no truth in the report circulated in London that Gould had hanged himself in prison.

LOSES GREAT NORTHERN

Reported That J. J. Hill No Longer Controls Railroad—Shrinkage in Market the Cause.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 14.—The control which J. J. Hill and Great Northern stockholders held over the Northern Pacific railroad for some years has been forfeited, according to the latest current gossip.

It is reported that Mr. Hill and his friends first began to lose control when the last great shrinkage of market value commenced, about a year ago. Great Northern was selling at over the 300 mark and Northern Pacific near it. In a few weeks they sagged, however, and now both stocks are quoted around 120. It is said Mr. Hill borrowed much money on his stocks and in that way kept his controlling interests. When the market values sagged so heavily, however, it was necessary to cover, and a great amount of money was used in paying collateral on loans.

Finally the strain upon resources, it is said, came to the breaking point, and a large amount of stock was sacrificed.

DROUGHT STOPS MILLS.

Nine Factories in Eastern Connecticut Close Down and Farmers Draw Water for Miles.

JOWETT CITY, Conn., Aug. 14.—The present dry spell is probably the most disastrous of any during the last half century. Many factories in the eastern part of the state have been compelled to close down on account of the drying up of streams and the cotton mill owners have suffered heavily. Farmers are compelled to draw water from rivers and lakes, many miles away in order to save any of their crops. No rain of any consequence has fallen in this vicinity for several weeks.

STRIKERS SET FIRE TO COLORADO CITY.

Brakeman and Companion Confess to Responsibility for Dynamite Disaster.

BOULDER, Colo., Aug. 14.—John W. Reeves, a brakeman employed on the Colorado & Southern railway who has been held as a suspect in connection with the destruction Saturday of the Colorado & Southern station by fire and dynamite, confessed today that he was responsible for the crime. Frank Kiser, another suspect, also confessed.

The result of their act was the wiping out of five lives and the injury of a half hundred others, besides the destruction of property valued at \$500,000. When it became known that Reeves had confessed, a mob gathered at the county jail for the purpose of lynching him, but he was spirited by officers and taken to Denver in a carriage. The public has not been informed of Kiser's confession.

Frank Kiser says that during a discussion of the Colorado & Southern strike the suggestion was made that the crowd set fire to some of the company property. Acting upon this suggestion, they went down to the yards and set fire to a caboose belonging to the company and from this blaze the depot caught. The explosion of several hundred pounds of dynamite loaded on one of the cars nearby caused the loss of life and great destruction of property.

KING OF ENGLAND IS KAISER'S GUEST.

Edward Cordially Greeted by William When He Arrives in Prussia—Railway Lined with Troop.

CASSEL, Hesse-Nassau, Prussia, Aug. 14.—King Edward reached Wilhelmshohe railway station today, over two hours late, owing to the delay of the royal yacht in reaching Flushing. He was met by Emperor William, who wore the uniform of a British field marshal. The greetings exchanged between the monarchs were very cordial.

By order of the Emperor, elaborate preparations had been made for the King's reception. The road between the railway stations to the castle were occupied through its entire length by the troops. Delegations from the veteran societies and pupils from the schools of Cassel assembled in the vicinity.

Large crowds gathered to witness the meeting and the stands erected at the most favorable spots were crowded with sightseers. The Emperor and his guest were escorted to the castle by a squadron of Hussars.

Chancellor Von Buelow arrived at Wilhelmshohe last evening.

TRACE BLACK HAND MAN

Finger Prints Cause Arrest of Italian Barber, Charged with Threatening Priest's Life.

ELIZABETH, N. Y., Aug. 14.—Traced by finger prints discernible in ink impression of a Black Hand signed to a letter received by Father Foretti of St. Anthony's Roman Catholic church, in which the priest is threatened with death unless he turns over \$800 by September 1, Michael Venzio, an Italian barber, was arrested at the castle here. He corresponded with the impression of Venzio's fingers taken by the police, and on this evidence a conviction is hoped for.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—A police guard is placed outside the church of Our Lady of Loreto, Italian in Brooklyn today to protect Rev. Father Vincent Sorrentino, pastor of the church who informed the police that he had received two demands for money from the Black Hand syndicate. These letters a threat was made to dynamite the church and rectory and kill the pastor unless \$4000 was deposited under a stone in Pacific street.

ZIONISTS IN SESSION.

Eighth International Congress Opens as Sort of Rival to Peace Conference Attraction.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 14.—The eighth international Zionist congress opened here today. Dr. David Wolfson of Cologne, made an opening address. The congress has acquired special interest owing to its being inaugurated while the peace conference is in session and also because of significant passages in the speeches of the Zionist orators, especially the statements made by Dr. Max Nordau, president of the congress regarding the peace conference.

Dr. Nordau said it was impossible to reach real, lasting peace without first securing justice for the subject or persecuted races, among which the Jews occupied the first place.

One of the Zionist delegates called attention to the flaming enthusiasm of the Zionists, compared with the "indifferent" atmosphere of the peace conference, claiming that it showed how strong the race and national feelings still are and how far the world is from universal peace.

LANDIS HALTS JURY.

Federal Judge Will Look Up Bonaparte's Claim of Immunity for the Alton.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 14.—Judge Landis, in the United States district court today, postponed until September 3 the grand jury investigation of the charges of rebating against the Chicago & Alton railroad growing out of the recent trial which resulted in the conviction of the Standard Oil company.

It was the original intention to begin the investigation August 27, but Judge Landis said he had received notification from Attorney General Bonaparte that the Chicago & Alton should have been promised immunity, and the judge ordered the adjournment in order that the records of the case might be looked into.

E. H. MORGAN APPOINTED

Will Succeed Mr. Wilcox as Postmaster of New York—Wilcox on Public Utilities Commission.

OSTYER BAY, L. I., Aug. 14.—Edward M. Morgan was today appointed postmaster of New York city to succeed Mr. Wilcox, who resigned to become a member of the New York City Public Utilities commission. Mr. Morgan was assistant postmaster until Mr. Wilcox's resignation, when he became acting postmaster.

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

NEXT PANIC DUE IN 1913.

By Prof. Joseph F. Johnson.

If an industrial crisis is on the slate it will, in all probability, not come before 1913. That would seem an appropriate year. In England there is a panic about every ten years, in the United States every twenty years. During the last ten years prices have risen 42 per cent, while the amount of money has increased 70 per cent. During that same time the national banks have increased their loans and discounts two billion to four billion three hundred million dollars, an increase of 115 per cent. Meantime the reserves have been reduced from 19 per cent to 13 per cent.

Wages have not gone up as rapidly as prices have risen, and therefore an increase in wages should be made. If people are to purchase goods at rising prices they must have higher wages. I do not say this from any humanitarian motive, but from the knowledge of the cold fact that if prosperity is to increase we must give some of the money earned to the common people.

I believe that the old United States bank could be established to advantage if a new charter like that of the Bank of France were conferred upon it. If we cannot find twelve honest financiers for the president to appoint to manage its affairs, then I think we had better have a panic. If an industrial crisis is on the slate it will, in all probability, be like that of 1857, from the effects of which the country recovered almost completely within a year. The most serious factor in the present situation is the loss of confidence occasioned by the break in Wall street. There is a popular impression that Wall street discounts future events, and that the March panic means that railroads will be forced to cut dividends within a year or two.

FAIR DEALING IN RAILROAD MATTERS.

By Gov. Charles E. Hughes of New York.



I am fully conscious, as is every one who professes to have a modicum of intelligence, of the tremendous advantages which the country and every community in it have derived from the extension of our railroad facilities.

They are the arteries of commerce; our communities would be lifeless, our trade would collapse, we would all be worse than dead were it not for these opportunities of communication and these facilities of transportation.

We honor all that has been done in a just effort to make these possible. We want more; we want extension; we want greater facilities. We want every opportunity afforded to enable the people to remove their produce, and we want fair treatment to those who are engaged in this very necessary activity.

Yet it is said that, despite the prosperity of the country and the great benefits that have been derived from the extension of our transportation facilities, there is a state of unrest; that there is a general condition of discontent throughout the country. Why? Is it because of extension of means of communication? Will any one suggest to an intelligent audience that American citizens are in revolt against their own prosperity?

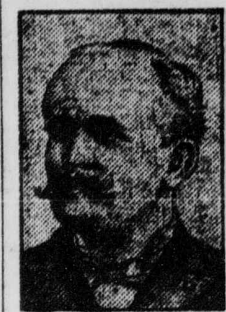
What they revolt against is dishonest finance. What

they are in rebellion against is favoritism which gives a chance to one man to move his goods and not to another; which gives one man one set of terms and another set to his rival; which makes one man rich by giving him access to the seaboard and drives another man into bankruptcy, or into combination with his more successful competitor.

It is a revolt against all the influences which have grown out of an unlicensed freedom and of a failure to recognize that these great privileges, so necessary for the public welfare, have been created by the public for the public benefit and not primarily for private advantage.

FINAL TRIUMPH OF MEDICINE.

By Dr. E. C. Sweet.



DR. E. C. SWEET.

Victory has followed victory, and many of the most dreaded diseases have become powerless in the conquest with preventive medicine. The clientele of the physicians is growing smaller and smaller, but their glory as humanitarians and scientists is rising and will reach the zenith after coming generations of more erudite physicians have conquered and laid at their feet the two worst enemies of mankind—tuberculosis and cancer. Preventive medicine is the medicine of the future, and the final triumph of scientific medicine will be the suppression of disease. In this struggle with the causes of disease we need not only the earnest and united support of the medical profession in the front ranks of this movement but the encouragement and financial aid of the governments, general, state, county, city and village. A new and much needed specialty in medicine should be created—scientific sanitation. But to accomplish our final object in public sanitation means must be provided for popular instruction in hygiene and sanitation in our schools and by popular lectures, in order to reach the mass of the people, and by doing so enlist their interest and secure their co-operation.

MENACE OF MACHINE MUSIC.

By Carl G. Schmidt.

The one thing Americans have been repeatedly accused of is a lack of thoroughness. We are told that we seek to accomplish in months that to which other nationalities devote years. We are in a hurry with our arts and business. These criticisms are in many respects true. As a people we seem no longer content to enrich our lives by years of careful study; we prefer rather to obtain our music with ease and rapidly, hence the mechanical piano players, phonographs, etc.

That these machines tend to disseminate knowledge is unquestionable, but that they bring one into a close touch with the refining influence of music which comes with actual association and study is not quite so clear. To have music at hand is certainly to enjoy it, but to come into close relationship with each thought and mood of the composer is to love it.

There may be many reasons for machine music, but that does not for a moment alter the fact that this country needs men who are willing to devote years of life to the furtherance of music and art. To do this we must now and for all time banish the spirit of haste.—Ettude.

sixes first flop, an' he come back at me with five aces. Can you beat that?"

"No," said the householder. "You beat it, and lively, or you'll have more bad luck."—Chicago Daily News.

STRANGER THAN FICTION.

The Tragedy in the Life of a Russian Military Officer.

Lieutenant von Lemberg of the Russian guards endured thirty-one years of penal exile and penal servitude in Siberia. He was in his day a fine-looking and highly accomplished officer. Like many of his fellows, he borrowed money from City Councillor Wlassow, an old, good-natured bachelor. Young von Lemberg's notes continued to grow, and the old money lender threatened to sue unless some of them were redeemed. Then the young lieutenant became engaged to the daughter of Count Todeleben and called on Wlassow to tell him the news and to ask for time. "You wait," said he, in a sneering way. "I'll give you a wedding present to be remembered." Believing this to have been a threat, the lieutenant called at the house the next day and deliberately cut his throat. He opened the old man's desk to find his promissory notes and discovered them neatly tied up, marked "Paid" and a document by which he would have become the heir of the man he had murdered. Overcome by remorse, he surrendered to the authorities and was sentenced to life servitude in Siberia. Because of good conduct his terms were taken off after seven years, he married a woman who went into voluntary exile to be near a relative, started a vegetable shop in the penal settlement, which grew until it became a great mercantile establishment, and when the war with Japan broke out he volunteered, became an officer, was decorated for bravery and received a full pardon.

The Bride Wins.

At Yarmouth, in St. Nicholas' Church, one of the most curious objects is known as the Devil's Chair. It is formed out of the huge jawbone of a whale and stands at the west end of the church. When fisher lasses get married, they think it good for the newly wedded couple to race from the chancel, and they believe that whoever reaches the Devil's Chair first will rule the roost in the little household they are about to set up.—London Graphic.

Even the man who makes nothing but mistakes is in the manufacturing business.

Charitable people never look upon an undeserved epithet as a grave mistake.

TORNADO SWEEPS LA CROSSE.

HIGH WIND ACCOMPANIED BY BLINDING RAIN AGAIN VISITS RIVER CITY.

LOSS ESTIMATED AT \$250,000.

Many Excursionists and Picnic Parties Are Caught in River, But No Loss of Life Is Reported.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Coming out of a blue sky that promised nothing but clear weather, the most severe tornado that ever struck La Crosse swept through the city at 8 o'clock Sunday morning. The damage is estimated at \$250,000. For fifteen minutes the storm raged, working havoc to factories, residences, churches, business houses, and bringing to earth hundreds of beautiful shade trees. The wind was accompanied by a blinding rain.

Great Loss of Property.

The places that suffered damage were: Michel Brewing company, chimney blown down, loss \$10,000. Listman flour mill, almost completely destroyed, loss \$20,000. German Lutheran church, a steeple blown off, loss \$6,000. St. Joseph's Catholic cathedral, steeple blown off, loss \$6,000. William Gram's store crushed by falling tree, loss \$400. John Miller's store crushed by falling tree, loss \$500. Residence of Frank J. Holmes crushed by falling tree, loss \$1,000. Segelke & Kohlhaus Manufacturing company, smokestack blown down and the roof blown off, loss \$25,000. Norwegian Lutheran church, walls cracked and cupola turned, loss \$12,000. Other losses of a minor nature have been reported, bringing the total damage up to a quarter of a million.

Lawns Are Ruined.

Every tree in the yard of John P. Bird, superintendent of schools, was felled or damaged. The house stands in a scene of ruin impossible to describe. In other places in this district the same desolation is presented. The list including some of La Crosse's wealthiest residents: The homes of N. H. Withers, G. E. Mariner, John C. Burns, Mary E. Davis, Joseph Gutman, Dr. E. A. Gatterdam, George H. Ray, G. R. Montague, Isador Schilling, Mrs. J. W. Losey, Mrs. C. L. Coleman, John Paul, W. W. Cargill, W. S. Cargill, James Vincent, B. E. Edwards, L. F. Easton, and many others are among those damaged. The houses in none of these cases are damaged to any extent, but the beautiful lawns, gardens, and groves, the result of years of care and expense, are destroyed.

Other Towns Suffer.

Reports from neighboring towns since communication has been reopened show that considerable damage was done, though not so much as at La Crosse. At Simon's Landing, Wis., West Salem, Mindora, and the country round about, roofs were taken off and trees torn down. No reports of loss of life have been received from any of these points.

Swim to Shore.

The storm struck the city just at the time when most of the Sunday excursionists were setting out for the day. The river was lined with rowboats and other small craft, and a great number of these were swamped when the tornado came suddenly upon the city. A few minutes' warning was given by the almost total darkness that prevailed for a short time before the storm. Many of the excursionists took advantage of this and rowed to the shore. The others were caught with the full force of the tornado and only escaped by abandoning their boats and swimming to the river banks.

Miraculous Escapes.

The escape of the people in St. Joseph's Catholic church and the German Lutheran church was almost miraculous. In the Catholic church the steeple crashed through the roof to the altar, where the priest was celebrating mass. The falling slate completely demolished the altar and spread the debris all over the church. The falling of the steeple in the Lutheran church occasioned a similar miraculous escape. Here the debris landed in the center aisle. No one was injured in either house of worship.

Begin Repair Work.

The work of repair was started this morning. The city employed an additional force of 100 men to clear away the debris. In some places the streets are so strewn with fallen trees and other matter that it will take a week to clear them.

Electric Storm at Neenah.

NEENAH, Wis., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—For the third time within a month Neenah has been visited by a destructive storm and it is estimated the combined losses will reach several thousand dollars. Sunday morning's storm of wind, rain and lightning was unusually severe. Three structures were hit by lightning and a number of trees, and the wind and rain caused great damage. Mrs. Max Neabing was rendered unconscious by lightning which struck a tree near her, and the entire family of Thomas Cox was badly shocked by a stroke which tore away a part of the residence.

KILLS FIFTY SNAKES.

DARLINGTON, Wis., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—A farmer named Charles Weaver, residing about three miles east of here, was mowing hay in the field yesterday when he saw a snake about three feet long. He dismounted from the mower and killed the snake. By the time he had dispatched it he saw several more snakes in the hay. He kept on killing them, and they kept on coming out of the hay until he had fifty dead snakes, all of the garter variety.

BUTCHER MAKES NEW RECORD.

William Mohs Kills and Dresses Steer in 5 Minutes 10 Seconds.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Aug. 12.—At the butchers' picnic yesterday, William Mohs, killed and dressed a steer in 5 minutes and 10 seconds, thus winning the championship of the country. It is said, Jack Magnus of Milwaukee, the record to be the fastest man in the trade, killed and dressed his steer in 5 minutes and 40 seconds.

MISS BABCOCK SATISFIED.

Millionaire Missionary Working Along Independent Lines with Success.

NEENAH, Wis., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Miss Callista Babcock, the Neenah, Wis., heiress who is doing missionary work at Seoul, Japan, has written a letter in which she expresses satisfaction with her work and believes the climate will benefit her health. Miss Babcock is not attached to any missionary board and is defraying all her own expenses.

LABOR DAY PROCLAIMED BY THE PRESIDENT.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Aug. 12.—President Roosevelt issued an executive order today making Labor day, September 2, a holiday for government employes and laborers who are employed by the day. The order is as follows:

It is hereby ordered that all per diem employes and other day laborers in federal public service wherever employed whose employ extends through and by the first Monday in September, commonly known as Labor Day, and set apart as a national holiday for certain branches of the public service by the act of June 26, 1894, be excused from work on said day, and the said day is declared to be a holiday for all purposes for said per diem employes and laborers.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

NEW INDIAN ON PENNY

FEMALE HEAD WILL BE REPLACED BY GENUINE REDSKIN.

Buds on Eagle and Double Eagle Will Be Changed According to St. Gaudens' Designs.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 12.—Philadelphia numismatists have received with interest the announcement that new designs for United States coins by the late Augustus Saint Gaudens, have been accepted by the government. Three denominations will be affected, the double eagle, the eagle and the bronze cent.

A radical change is made in the design of the cent, and though the Indian head will be retained, it will bear little resemblance to the old one, and is expected to be more characteristic of the head of the American Indian with real head-dress instead of the present design. The Indian head is really a Caucasian type, the face having been posed for by a little daughter of James M. Longacre, engraver of the Philadelphia mint, who designed the present penny in 1839.

On the reverse of the eagle and double eagle the head of liberty is retained in idealized form. On the reverse of the \$20 gold piece, which was also designed by Mr. Longacre in 1849, is an erect eagle, but of new design.

Some radical changes are noted in the design for the \$10 gold coin. While the obverse still shows the head of liberty, on the reverse is a flying eagle, closely modeled after the pattern of the dollars and half-dollars of 1836 and 1838. Christian Gobrech who designed these coins, used as his model "Peter," the live eagle, known as the "mint bird." Having its home at the mint in this city, it flew all the time, returning each night to roost at the mint, and was afterward killed by being caught in the machinery of the plant.

JAIL FOR AUTOMOBILIST

New Yorker Is Sentenced to Three Months for Killing Woman in Germany.

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—Emile Jerome Simon of New York, 19 year old sophomore of Columbia university, was tried at Potsdam for killing Frau Schulz, wife of a farmer, near Luckenwalde, July 9, in an automobile accident, and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment, with costs. Various witnesses testified that the automobile was going very fast, but Simon and a metal worker named Lohmann, temporarily occupying a seat in the automobile, testified that the speed was not above twelve to fifteen miles an hour at the moment of the accident. Simon's explanation was that he met a wagon which refused to go to the right, compelling him to go to the left suddenly. He was at the same moment overtaking two women. These separated as the machine approached, one going to the right side and one to the left. The latter lost her head when she saw the automobile veering toward her side and tried to cross in front of it, but the machine struck her. Simon added that he did not know he had caused the woman's death, and moved on because he feared hostilities from the peasants. The mother of Simon, at the time of his arrest, offered bail in \$250,000 for his release, but it was refused.

ROOSEVELT IS HISSED.

"Undesirable Citizens" Cheer Western Federation of Miners and Jeer the Nation's President.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 12.—The name of President Roosevelt was greeted with jeers and hisses and the aims of the Western Federation of Miners cheered to the echo at the reception tendered William D. Haywood by the Moyer-Haywood defense committee at Luna park yesterday.

Self-styled "undesirable citizens" cried for Haywood, Pettibone and Moyer and hissed the names of Roosevelt, Gov. Henry A. Buchtel and the Colorado state officials and mine owners.

MANSFIELD NO BETTER.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Dr. L. J. Lemieux of Montreal, a specialist in nervous diseases, has again been attending Richard Mansfield, the actor. While the family declares that there is no change in the condition of the patient, the indications are that Mr. Mansfield is not as well as when he first came to the Adirondacks two weeks ago. He no longer goes on his daily drives. At first unfavorable weather conditions were advanced as the reason but the weather is now perfect.

SEVEN DROWN AT DULUTH.

Workmen Run Down by Tug While Returning Home.

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 12.—Seven men in the employ of the Northern Pacific road as freight handlers were run down by a tug in the local harbor Saturday evening, while returning to their home in a rowboat, and drowned. The dead are: HANSON, CHARLES, SOLBERG, JOHN, STEINER, OLE, STEEBER, NELS, LINDBEN, WALTER. Two men unknown.

Shortly before 6 o'clock the men mentioned together with Hans Thorsen, Iner Skamfer, Andrew Husen and Adolph Johnson, who had been working at Northern Pacific No. 2 at the foot of Twelfth avenue west, quit work and boarded a small boat as was their custom to take the short cut to their homes.

TELEGRAPH STRIKE IS NOW NATIONAL.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, CLEVELAND AND OTHER CENTERS ONLY WAIT ORDERS.

Postal Company Becomes Involved and Whole Country Will Be in Union's Grip in a Few Hours.

DEMANDS OF STRIKERS.

Fifteen per cent. increase in wages. Eight hours for day operators and seven and one-half hours for night operators.

Time and one-half for overtime. Abolition of "split trick" and other obnoxious features.

Right of promotion to be governed by merit, fitness, and ability.

Additional telegraphers shall be compensated at the rate for established positions of the same class.

Lunch and short relief shall be given in the order of application, and whenever possible no telegrapher shall be compelled to work more than four and one-half consecutive hours without a lunch relief.

Telegraphers temporarily filling positions of higher rating than their own shall be paid the salary of the position temporarily filled.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 10.—[Special.]—The telegraphers' strike continues to spread. The Postal company is now involved and with Chicago as a center the operators' union has succeeded in crippling wire traffic from the following cities:

Chicago, Kansas City, Cleveland, Cincinnati, New Orleans, Helena, Salt Lake City, Los Angeles, Dallas, Tex.; Colorado Springs, Spokane, Birmingham, Memphis, St. Paul, Denver, Minneapolis, Houston, Nashville, Jackson, Miss.; Columbus, O.; Pueblo, Colo.; Topeka, Kan.; Memphis, Tenn.; Sedalia, Mo.; Meridian, Miss.

Chicago Is Battleground.

The contest between the telegraph companies and their operators is to be fought out in Chicago.

It has been practically determined by the operators and the companies that this will be the battle ground and the result here will largely settle the result of the strike in other parts of the country.

Both Companies Crippled.

The Western Union claimed today to have 100 men at work and they certainly had that many men in their operating room. They asserted that they will be able to master the situation within a few days. The Postal has less men at work than the Western Union and were not in as good shape as the other company. Neither of them were handling business, however, with even an approach to ordinary speed. The ticker service of the Western Union was today in a crippled condition and its service was of little value to brokers. The market quotations were carried as yesterday over the leased wires of the communication houses.

No Disorders Reported.

The strikers claimed that both of the companies were tied up completely and that with the spread of the strike the difficulties will increase until the victory of the operators is certain. They claimed that it is impossible for the companies to secure men skilled enough to handle the work properly, and that although some men may be imported to fill the places of the strikers they will not be able to do the work in a satisfactory manner. All was quiet around the buildings of the two companies today. Crowds of operators gathered in the neighborhood, but they behaved in the most orderly manner. Large details of police were scattered around in the vicinity of both offices, but they had nothing to do but to see that crowds did not gather.

Walkout at Topeka.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 10.—Both the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies here were partially tied up this morning. The operators of the two companies today are handling the work themselves.

Out at Sedalia.

SEDALIA, Mo., Aug. 10.—The day Western Union operators here struck today.

Omaha Holds Key.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 10.—With telegraphers out in Chicago, Kansas City, Denver and other important western points, Omaha has become an important center for the diverting of the western business by the two companies. Men have been called on to work twenty-four hours at a stretch already, with the result of much complaint. A meeting of the local union has been called for Sunday, at which steps may be taken to present demands to the telegraph companies. Union officials have come to believe that they should support the Chicago strike, and that encouragement should not be given by doing work which was laid aside by the Chicago men. To this end it is not improbable that a strike will be called for Monday.

All Go Out at Houston.

HOUSTON, Tex., Aug. 10.—The union and non-union telegraphers of the Western Union struck here at 10 o'clock this morning in sympathy with the strikers at Dallas. Fifteen operators are out, leaving three, including one woman, at this key.

Wire Strike Hits Milwaukee.

Nearly All the Operators Walked Out at Four O'clock.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 10.—The great telegraph strike hit Milwaukee at 4 o'clock. Twenty men at the Postal Telegraph company's office walked out because they were asked to handle relay business that should have gone through Chicago.

It is claimed they were perfectly willing to handle the regular business but objected to handling the relay work.

Similar conditions prevailed at the Western Union, where fifty men walked out.

It was feared all day that the crisis would come and the operators were ready to go out at a moment's notice.

At the Western Union office, a few men, members of the union, remained at work, but 90 per cent. walked out.

Immediately after the order was given the sidewalks in front of the telegraph offices was thronged, but there were no signs of violence.

Those who walked out at the Western Union are said to have been all the best operators. No reason is assigned to the fact that some of the men declined to go out.



"It's durned easy for you to talk," said the man who had asked for a little temporary assistance. "You're just like the rest of 'em. You've had luck yourself an' I ain't. Things has come your way in carriages an' I've jest got it in the neck right along. You've never done no work; you don't haffer. You've got money enough so's you don't haffer work."

"That's the way you've got it sized up, is it?" replied the householder.

"Sure," replied the tattered man, confidently. "I don't know as I blame you, either. I don't know as I'd work myself if I wasn't poor."

"When did you do a day's work last?" asked the householder.

"That ain't the point," said the tattered man. "That ain't neither here or there. I might have done a day's work yest'd'y an' got beat out o' my pay an' I might not. Mebbe I couldn't get no work to do. I ain't to blame for that, am I? If I'm willin' to work an' try to get a job an' nobody won't give me a job, is that any fault o' mine?"

"But are you willing to work, and do you try to get a job?" asked the householder.

"That ain't nothin' to do with the question. You say it's my own fault if I ain't got no money nor clothes nor shelter. I claim it's my misfortune. I claim that when a man's met with a misfortune it's the duty of his feller man to help him out. I claim I ain't to blame. I ain't John D. Rockefeller's son. Why ain't I?"

"There are reasons, doubtless," said the householder.

"Reason nothin'," said the tattered man. "I didn't have the luck, that's all. I wasn't given no choice in the matter. I had to take the parents wot I got. I couldn't take 'em back an' get 'em exchanged, could I?"

"I presume not," admitted the householder.

"There you are, then," said the tattered man with a wave of his hand. "If I didn't have no choice I wasn't to blame. If I'd been born rich I'd have had plenty o' money an' if I'd been born lucky I'd have kep' it an' then I wouldn't have had to work no more'n you do."

"Let me put you right," said the householder. "I work for my living and I work hard for it."

"You probably sit in a easy chair up in some office an' press a button an' tell your clerk what you want him to do," said the tattered man scornfully. "That ain't work. You get out with a shovel an' pick an' dig till the sweat runs down in your eyes an' blinds you for ten hours a day an' you'll know what work means. I tell you it's fierce."

"How do you know?"

"That ain't nothin' to do with the case," said the tattered man. "The point is I ain't never had no luck. I found a pocketbook once wot had about \$1,000 in it in \$100 bills an' I hadn't got a block away when the feller who'd owned it ketcht up with me an' took it away from me. Talked about callin' a cop because I picked it up off the sidewalk. If it had been anybody else he'd have got a reward. Wot I got was a swift kick."

"That certainly was hard luck," admitted the householder. "Too bad you weren't a better runner."

"Ten year ago I was out in Idaho an' I stayed all night in a tent with a feller wot was prospectin', an' while I was asleep the next mornin' he don't do a thing but go out an' locate a \$5,000,000 gold mine, not a quarter of a mile away. I must have walked right over it the way I come. Now, why wasn't it me found that there mine? Jest because I didn't have no luck an' this feller did. That's all there is to it. Think I'll be poundin' back doors for a hand-out to-day if I'd have got that mine an' sold it?"

"No," replied the householder. "I judge you'd have drunk yourself to death inside of a year."

"It wouldn't surprise me," said the tattered man. "I'm jest that unlucky. I never did have no constitution; but I don't know as you could say that was my fault. That feller wanted me to stay with him an' help work his mine for a third interest in it, but he didn't know how good it was, an' I didn't. Besides, I'd got \$20 in my pocket workin' in a tie camp. Talk about me not workin'! I worked in that camp nearly two weeks. An', say, talk about luck! I got a dime this mornin' an' I shook a feller with dice an' dropped five

Doings of the Week in and About Gladstone

News Items That Are of General Interest to Our Local Readers.

John Thul, since he moved into the city, feels the loss of the country sports he enjoyed in the first ward. The other day he was overheard trying to induce Dr. Bjorkman to join him in a sparrow hunt. Sparrows are said to make good eating; but few in these prosperous days would hunt them for what food their little bodies would furnish. But John is a keen sportsman.

Judging from the tales of the blueberry pickers, they should have clamshells in order to handle the crop.

Olmstead has rented the little building opposite his gallery, as an enlargement of the studio.

The Democrats of the district also held a convention Tuesday, in the Soo, and nominated John Power, F. T. McDonald, and W. P. Preston. Only three counties were represented.

Prosper Duchane has purchased the lot behind his house, a property fronting on Minnesota.

Frank Hoyt has been in the city for the past few days, settling up his affairs in preparation for his final departure. He will be at Olson's store tomorrow, and leaves for the west early next week.

M. Lewin did not leave for Trenary Sunday. The morning was too wet, and in the afternoon the cow got on the track through a break in the fence, and was killed by a train.

The new clamshells were run at four o'clock Wednesday, August 14, and worked successfully. The delay over contract time was more than three months.

Gladstone's census should have been taken Thursday afternoon, if a really striking result were desired. People came pouring into town steadily on every road, and the streets were bustling. The afternoon was like a holiday, for factory and mill were closed. In the evening, an excursion was run from Escanaba.

John Thul has the first shingle cut at the Buckeye. It is a plump, fat and prosperous looking one.

Mrs. and Miss Weinig and John Olson started Sunday morning for Esnig. They saw the rain cloud first, however, and returned in haste before going half a mile.

George Laroche has opened a store on Central Avenue and keeps a line of groceries, fruit and soft drinks. Ice cream will be on hand from Rouman's, three times a week, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. On hand all day Sunday.

16 inch Hemlock wood, full cord \$2.75, 16 inch Maple and Birch mill wood \$1.75 per single cord, \$5.00 per full cord delivered to any part of the City. Call up C. W. Davis, phone 7.

The Buckeye shingle mill was tested Thursday, and is now in operation, after many vexatious delays have been surmounted.

The ladies of the M. F. church will serve supper at the residence of I. N. Bushong Friday evening, August 23, from 5:30 to 8:00. Everybody invited.

E. Nelson, having returned, demanded a trial by a jury of his peers, and the hearing was set for to day.

The fire department this year, in spite of all its preparations, will not go to Ontonagon, or send delegates. While in all probability Gladstone would have figured strongly in the races, and the tournament would by another year's effort be secured for 1909, the firemen's interest flagged at the crucial moment; and it is to be feared the citizens would not support their efforts properly if they landed the prized event.

The trout season closed Thursday, according to the new law, and it is now in order for the Ananias club to sum up. Tabulated reports of the season's catch, with affidavits, must be submitted before Tuesday noon.

Most of the circuses that come to Gladstone seem to have a hoodoo. Norris & Rowe's train had difficulties on the branch, some of the cars being derailed and when they arrived some hours late, the employes were around the streets vainly looking for something to eat, nobody being prepared to accommodate them.

E. V. White, Miss White, Mme. and Mdlle. Clopath made the circuit of the upper bay Wednesday.

Fred Watson, of Frankfort visited here Sunday.

Mrs. M. McIntosh, of Manistee, visited Sunday with old friends, Mr. and Mrs. Marble, Mr. and Mrs. Derry and Mrs. Hetrick.

Miss Pearl Olmsted of Embarrass, Wis., is visiting her brother, C. E. Olmsted.

H. E. Schellenger moved Monday with his family to Rhineland.

Messrs. B. E. Barlow of Menominee, and W. E. Barlow of Nahma, and Miss Laura Kauter of Marinette, were the guests of Mrs. O. L. Mertz this week.

Messrs. C. R. Martin and P. J. Lindblad made a trip Thursday to Marinette.

Mrs. W. L. Marble left Wednesday morning for Milwaukee whence she will go to Rockford, Ill.

C. W. Jones, having purchased the Hawarden Inn, arrived last Saturday from Chicago to take the management.

Mrs. Samuel Schram and Miss Charlotte Schram are the guests of Mrs. W. F. Hammel.

TO MAYWOOD.

The ferry line runs all day from Mason's dock. Certain and most expeditious, for berry-pickers or merry-makers.

BOYS WANTED.

A few boys between the ages of 16 and 20 can find steady employment in the factory of the Marble Safety Axe Co.

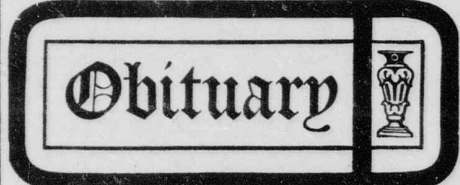
A MYSTERIOUS CRIME.

The engineer of the St. Paul is seen at odd times tying and retrying a noose in a long rope. His brow is clouded, and his speech is sad.

Engineer Stone not long ago purchased a pig; a demure, diminutive porker of tender days. He tied a ribbon on him and christened him the St. Paul's mascot.

The St. Paul lay in Gladstone harbor Saturday and all was serene. Suddenly a shriek rent the air. The engineer shot out on deck, with horror written in his visage. The dock office detective was summoned, but even with the incentive of a huge reward, he could not find the pig. When the St. Paul cleared no trace of the pignabber or his victim could be found.

The engineer, however, says the crime is piracy, and when he is found, the dastardly perpetrator will expiate his fiendish act at the yard-arm.



Joseph E. Dickey died at Chicago August 10, from peritonitis, in his thirty-second year.

He was born in Cedar Rapids, Mich., December 10, 1875. His father was a Baptist minister, and the family residence intermitted between New York and Michigan. His studies were pursued at Kalamazoo college, and later at Ann Arbor. In 1897 he wedded Miss Anna May McIntyre, and they would have observed the tenth anniversary had he lived to September 8. An attack of appendicitis, which perplexed the doctors, took him two weeks ago, and he died on Saturday, the day following the operation.

Services were held at the Chicago home, under the auspices of the Kalamazoo alumni. The employes of the traffic department of Sears, Roebuck, & Co., of which he was assistant manager, attended to the number of 175. The floral tributes were remarkable for their size.

Supplementary services were held at the McIntyre home here Wednesday, by Rev. J. C. Rooney, of Escanaba, assisted by Rev. Geo. C. Flett, and his remains were laid to rest in Fernwood. Besides his widow, there survive him brothers and sisters in the east; none of the latter were present, owing to the disturbed state of the telegraph.

He was widely known here, and many mourn the taking away of a young man of sterling character, of engaging personality, and of rare promise in business ability. His tastes were quiet and musical, and he was rich indeed in moral worth.



Our Business Is Large Because People Know

That we do Thoroughly and Promptly all business they entrust to us.

That we Can and Do put through Real Estate Deals most successfully.

That we represent the most Solid and Prompt Paying Insurance Companies.

Because You Can Depend on What BEACH Says.

ELMER BEACH

753 DELTA AVE. PHONE 175.

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICE.

All property holders in the city of Gladstone are hereby notified to keep their yards and alleys clean and in a sanitary condition or the street commissioner will be instructed to do said work and the cost thereof will be charged against the property.

Dated, July 11, 1907.
JOSEPH EATON,
Chairman Com. on Streets & Bridges.

NOTICE.

All the latest songs, the best new band selections, just as real as the real things on an Edison Phonograph. Sold on easy payment plan, \$5.00 down and \$3.00 per month. Bring in any catalogue or price made by any Chicago House or elsewhere and I will meet their price and give you the privilege of seeing what you get without paying any express charges.

J. A. STEWART,
Druggist

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Gladstone, Mich., Aug. 8, 1907. Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of the clerk of the city of Gladstone, Michigan, up to and including the hour of eight o'clock p. m., August 26th, 1907, for the furnishing of the material and laying a sewer complete on Sixth street and one on Delta Avenue in said city.

Separate proposals are required for the sewer on each street and all to be in accordance with plans and specifications drawn and prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago and which are now on file in the office of the clerk of said city. A certified check of three hundred (\$300.00) dollars must accompany the bids.

The city council of said city reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By Order of the City Council of the City of Gladstone, Mich.

W. A. NARRACONG,
City Clerk.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS

Gladstone, Mich., Aug. 8, 1907.

To John Sanford, John Bergman, J. N. Young, W. J. Micks, C. Voorhis, Magnus Anderson, Swenson Bros., Louis Tardiff, D. Kratze, John Ohman, F. W. Hale, C. H. Scott, P. & H. B. Laing, Wm. Wright, James McWilliams, T. C. Lawler, A. W. Wolfe, S. G. Nelson, J. W. Pennock, Frederick Huber, J. A. Stewart, Chas. Waltz, Fred Anderson, P. J. Baker, David N. Kee, Morris Anderson, Samuel Goldstein, Charles Anderson, J. T. Whybrew, M. Weinig, Nels Olson, D. & W. F. Hammel, H. C. Henke, Soren Johnson, Thomas O'Connell, John Malloy, Mrs. Clara Huber, Mrs. C. P. Dolan, Erick Osterberg, F. D. Mead, E. V. White, August Johnson, Joseph Eaton and all others interested in the proposed improvement: TAKE NOTICE: THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GLADSTONE, having by appropriate resolution deemed it necessary and desirable as a public improvement, to pave Delta avenue from Sixth Street to Central avenue with crushed rock macadam, in accordance with plans and specifications drawn and prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, now on file in the office of the clerk of the city of Gladstone. The said city council having further determined that the cost of paving the intersections of the cross-streets and alleys and the center of the street a width of twenty-seven (27) feet, be paid from the general highway fund of the city. That the cost of said improvement other than the paving of the intersections of the cross streets and alleys and center of the street, a width of twenty-seven (27) feet, be paid by special assessment according to benefits. The lots or parcels of land hereinafter described are hereby declared to be specially benefited by such improvement and that for the purpose of assessment for defraying and paying the cost of said improvement as hereinbefore set forth and determined to be borne by special assessment, the said lots or parcels of land hereinafter described shall be and the same are hereby constituted a special assessment district to be made according to the benefit each of said lots or parcels of land shall derive from such improvement. That the said lots or parcels of land hereinafter referred to as being specially benefited by such improvement and as constituting a special assessment district therefore are described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 13 to 24 both inclusive of Block 28
" 1 " 12 " " " " 27
" 1 " 12 " " " " 32
" 13 " 24 " " " " 31
" 1 " 12 " " " " 43
" 13 " 24 " " " " 44
" 13 " 24 " " " " 47
" 1 " 12 " " " " 48
" 1 " 12 " " " " 59
" 13 " 24 " " " " 60

all of the original plat of the village (now city) of Gladstone, in the City of Gladstone, County of Delta and State of Michigan.

Therefore, you are hereby notified that the city council will meet at the council rooms on Monday, August 26, 1907, at eight o'clock in the afternoon to consider any suggestions and objections to the proposed improvement that may be made by the parties interested.

By Order of the city council.
W. A. NARRACONG,
City Clerk.

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior,
LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH.,
August 1, 1907.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Archie Johnston, contestant, against homestead entry No. 10687, made July 24, 1902, for sw $\frac{1}{4}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ and se $\frac{1}{4}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 9, township 43 N., range 18 W., by Charles E. Chapman, Contestee, in which it is alleged that entryman has wholly abandoned the land and changed his residence therefrom for more than six months last past and next prior to the date herein; that said tract is not settled upon, improved or cultivated by said party, as required by law; that entryman has not resided upon, improved or cultivated said land for a period of five years, as required by law, and that said alleged absence from the land was not due to his employment in the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman, or marine during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged;

Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m., on Sept. 12, 1907 before Thomas B. Davis, a notary public at Nahma, Mich.

And that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 19, 1907, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Marquette, Mich.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed August 1, 1907, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

JAMES J. DONOVAN, Register.

JOHN JONES, Receiver.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Gladstone, Mich., Aug. 8, 1907. Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of the clerk of the city of Gladstone, Michigan, up to and including the hour of eight o'clock p. m., Aug. 26th, 1907, for the paving of Delta Avenue its full

length in said city with crushed rock macadam. Separate proposals are required for the paving of said street between Sixth street and Central Avenue and also for paving of the remainder of the street. Contractors to furnish all materials and do the work in accordance with plans and specifications drawn and prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Michigan and which are now on file in the office of the clerk of the city of Gladstone.

A certified check of five hundred (\$500.00) dollars must accompany the bids.

The city council of said city reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the city council of the city of Gladstone, Mich.

W. A. NARRACONG,
City Clerk.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS.

Gladstone, Mich., Aug. 8, 1907.

To John Sanford, John Bergman, J. N. Young, W. J. Micks, C. Voorhis, Magnus Anderson, Swenson Bros., Louis Tardiff, D. Kratze, John Ohman, F. W. Hale, C. H. Scott, P. & H. B. Laing, Wm. Wright, James McWilliams, T. C. Lawler, A. W. Wolfe, S. G. Nelson, J. W. Pennock, Frederick Huber, J. A. Stewart, Chas. Waltz, Fred Anderson, P. J. Baker, David N. Kee, Morris Anderson, Samuel Goldstein, Chas. Anderson, J. T. Whybrew, M. Weinig, Nels Olson, D. & W. F. Hammel, H. C. Henke, Soren Johnson, Thos. O'Connell, John Malloy, Mrs. Clara Huber, Mrs. C. P. Dolan, Erick Osterberg, F. D. Mead, E. V. White, August Johnson, Joseph Eaton and all others interested in the proposed improvement: TAKE NOTICE: THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GLADSTONE, having by appropriate resolution, deemed it necessary and desirable as a public improvement, that a public sewer be constructed on Delta Avenue, from Sixth Street to Eleventh Street, in accordance with plans and specifications drawn and prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago and now on file in the clerk's office in the city of Gladstone, and the said city council having further determined that the cost of the sewer in all street and alley crossings and all man-holes and catch basins shall be paid out of the general sewer fund of the city; That the cost of said improvement other than the sewer in the street and alley crossings and all man-holes and catch-basins be borne and paid by special assessment upon the property benefited by such improvement according to benefits. The lots or parcels of land hereinafter described are hereby declared to be specially benefited by such improvement and that for the purpose of assessment for defraying and paying the cost of said improvement as hereinbefore set forth and determined to be borne by special assessment the said lots or parcels of land hereinafter described shall be and the same are hereby constituted a special assessment district and that the special assessment be made according to the benefit each of said lots or parcels of land shall derive from such improvement; That the said lots or parcels of land hereinafter referred to as being specially benefited by such improvement and as constituting a special assessment district therefore are described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 13 to 24 both inclusive of Block 28
" 1 " 12 " " " " 27
" 1 " 12 " " " " 32
" 13 " 24 " " " " 31
" 1 " 12 " " " " 43
" 13 " 24 " " " " 44
" 13 " 24 " " " " 47
" 1 " 12 " " " " 48
" 1 " 12 " " " " 59
" 13 " 24 " " " " 60

all of the original plat of the village (now city) of Gladstone, in the City of Gladstone, County of Delta, and State of Michigan, therefore, you are hereby notified that the city council will meet at the council rooms on Monday, Aug. 26, 1907, at eight o'clock in the evening to consider any suggestions and objections to the proposed improvement that may be made by the parties interested.

By Order of the city council.

W. A. NARRACONG,
City Clerk.

First publication August 10, 1907.

CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior,
LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH.,
August 1, 1907.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Archie Johnston, contestant, against homestead entry No. 10687, made July 24, 1902, for sw $\frac{1}{4}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ and se $\frac{1}{4}$ of nw $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 9, township 43 N., range 18 W., by Charles E. Chapman, Contestee, in which it is alleged that entryman has wholly abandoned the land and changed his residence therefrom for more than six months last past and next prior to the date herein; that said tract is not settled upon, improved or cultivated by said party, as required by law; that entryman has not resided upon, improved or cultivated said land for a period of five years, as required by law, and that said alleged absence from the land was not due to his employment in the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman, or marine during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged;

Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m., on Sept. 12, 1907 before Thomas B. Davis, a notary public at Nahma, Mich.

And that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 19, 1907, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Marquette, Mich.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed August 1, 1907, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

JAMES J. DONOVAN, Register.

JOHN JONES, Receiver.

FOR THE LADIES

The modern housewife keeps her money in the bank and pays her bills by check. It insures respect for your business ability. The check itself is a receipt. You have always an account of where the money goes. You run no risk of fire, loss, theft, short change or the like. It promotes economy and independence.

RESPONSIBILITY \$100,000.

Bank of D. Hammel & Son,
GLADSTONE, MICHIGAN.



Doesn't
Sound
Well.

TO THE MAN WHO
CARRIES HIS OWN INSURANCE

If You pay yourself the premium; will you keep the contract and pay Yourself the face of the policy? You would not dare to carry your neighbor's risk for the money. Why your own?

INSURE TODAY WITH C. R. EMPSON

THE GLADSTONE DELTA

May be had for

ONE YEAR FOR \$1.50

in Advance. No Premiums,
Just a Newspaper.

THAT IS ALL.

P. & H. B. LAING
THE PIONEER GROCERS

Invite Your Patronage.

BUY THE LITTLE THINGS YOU NEED

There are many little tools which would be handy in the house or in the shop—that would save a few minutes now and then, or do a little job neatly.

GET IT TO-DAY.

When you go by Nicholas' Store stop in and get it. We carry a large line of first class Tools, those you can depend on.

THE NICHOLAS
HARDWARE CO.

GOSSIP FOR THE LADIES.

The Quiet Time of the Soul.

"There is a quiet time, like evening, in my soul."—Jean Ingelow.

A shadowy gleam in the golden west,
A cooling breeze in the trees;
The low farewell of a parting guest,
The ring-dove's plaint in the eaves.

The whir-will's call from the woodland
Near the star's soft gleam in the sky;
The dusk of night that creeps without fear
On the night-wind's fragrant sigh.

Across the heavens a silvery band,
That trails far o'er the blue;
And the moon looms up from shadow-land,
To lighten the diamond dew.

The sable robe falls away from Care,
And grief has ceased her toll;
Joy is absent, but Peace is there,
In the quiet time of the soul.

—A. G.

The Gift of Making Friends.

Blessed is the man who has the gift of making friends, for it is one of God's best gifts. It involves many things, but above all is the power of going out of one's self and seeing and appreciating whatever is noble and lovable in another man.—Thomas Hughes.

Meditations of a Spinster.

The bald-headed man's wife likes to remember it.

About now when you see a man looking mad, it is a sign he is wearing some sort of new fangled underwear his wife bought for him at a bargain.

They tell me that after you are married you feel the same regret many a suicide does after the fatal dose is down.

When you tell a lie to some man, saying he is good looking, leave it to him to recognize the truth of it.

Many a woman after she has tried being a wife and mother, is not sorry to remember that the only thing left on the programme is death.

The Duty of Happiness.

I cannot but think that the world would be better and brighter if our teachers would dwell on the duty of happiness as well as on the duty of duty, for it is only because to be happy ourselves is a most effectual contribution to the happiness of others. Every one must have felt that a friend is like a sunny day, which sheds its brightness all around and most of us, as we choose, make of this world either a prison or a paradise. There is no doubt some selfish satisfaction in yielding to melancholy; in brooding over grievances, especially if more or less imaginary; in mourning over the victims of fate. To be bright and cheerful often requires an effort; there is a certain art in keeping ourselves happy; in this respect, as in others, we require to watch over and manage ourselves almost as if we were somebody else.—Lord Avebury.

Give Girls a Chance.

Comparatively few girls do not wish to try housework, and many girls never get an opportunity for learning how to work or how to cook, simply because they are not given the opportunity, since it is thought they may not properly do the work, or else waste good material in making dishes which no one could possibly eat. It was not until the late war that one has made many experiments. Finally it dawns upon the girl that such a thing was not right, that something would improve the work, so gradually she learns the art of perfecting. One woman said she certainly intended her daughters to know how to cook, sew and keep house, for when she started out in married life, all she could cook was cream puffs and macaroni, and she did not see a button on a garment and had absolutely no idea how to properly sweep a room.

Give the girl a chance. True, eggs are expensive, the price of meat goes up, and flour is listed among the expensive groceries and butter increases in price; but give the girl a chance. She may save you many dollars some time when her services in the home—when no one else was there to do the work—would be of greatest help.

Cleaning Sewing Machine.

It is impossible to do beautiful machine work when a machine is clogged with dirt and grease. A great deal of dirt can be removed from the parts of the machinery with the use of a bicycle pump which forces out fine particles of dust and lint. Coal oil is the best for cleaning grease from the metal, after which the pieces should be wiped with a dry cloth and given a thorough cleaning with gasoline. It is seldom necessary to add the regular machine oil for some time after this treatment. Take out the needle, examine to see if it is rough or has a broken point. Often a blunt needle can be sharpened by holding it against the rapidly-moving upper wheel which smooths the rough point. The lower part of the machine needs attention, as it retains a great deal of dust, which makes the machine difficult to operate.

One frequently reads of using paper beneath this material to properly sew it on the machine, but those who have tried this means have almost ruined the sewing machine as a result. So much dust from the paper accumulates in the delicate machinery that it is certain to cause no little difficulty. If one must sew in this manner the machine should be thoroughly cleaned immediately after.

Speaking of the bicycle pump for cleaning the machine, you will also find it equally good for cleaning the different parts of an oil or small gasoline stove. But oil is not so essential in doing the rest of the work as strong soda water.

Breakfast Fish.

Rollmups—These little spicy rolls of fish are a German conceit and most tempting, particularly when served for breakfast with French fried potatoes and crisp radishes. To prepare, select plump salt Holland herring; remove the backbone and divide lengthwise into fillets and soak for six hours in cold water; drain and on each piece lay three paper-corns, a tiny piece of bay leaf, a bit of lemon peel, two or three cloves and half a teaspoonful of chopped onion; roll up the fish with thread or fasson with tiny skewers and place in a crock; heat sufficient vinegar to cover the fish and pour on it; repeat this process for three mornings, when the rollmups will be ready to serve. If the vinegar is sharp, dilute with water to the amount of one-third.

Fish Savory—Cream a teaspoonful of butter with the same quantity of flour, thin with a cupful of milk to which a pea-sized lump of baking soda has been added; cook until smooth and then add half a cupful of strained tomato juice, three drops of onion juice and a seasoning of salt and pepper. Stir in three-quarters of a pint of cold flaked fish, heat thoroughly and serve on swietch slightly thickened with hot milk.

Fish Roe Custard—Parboil half a

cup of fish roe for ten minutes, drain and drop into ice water for a few moments, drain again, dry lightly in a cloth, arrange in a baking dish, mix with a cupful of butter, sprinkle with salt and pepper and cover with a cupful of boiling water to which a teaspoonful of beef extract has been added; cook for twenty minutes in a moderate oven; remove the water to a hot platter and break with a fork. Add a cupful of cream to the stock left in the baking dish, stir in three well-beaten egg yolks and cook until slightly thickened, pour over the roe and serve with cereal crisp.

Health in Outdoor Life.

Camping in the woods, by the stream or on the seashore—what a wealth of joy, what a series of unalloyed pleasures, await every one who is so fortunate as to be able to steal away for a few days, leaving street cars, electric lights, city noises, brick walls, dust and confusion behind. "The love of Nature" may, by years of contact with that which is artificial and unnatural, be partly stifled, but it cannot be entirely destroyed. The street urchin, brought up in the slums, where, from one day's end to another, he may not see so much as a spear of grass or a green leaf, has a love for the beautiful forms of nature. Brought up, though one may be, amid conventional surroundings, a camping trip will demonstrate that the things of nature have a strong hold on the affections.

At home one enjoys, to a certain extent, his meals, his work, his social relations, and his studies, but on the camping trip the mind seems to be more alert, more alert, more in harmony with the surroundings. Pictures will there be photographed on memory's camera to remain long after later impressions have been effaced.

Nothing so stores the mind with pleasant recollections as a bit of wild time, a period of freedom from all that is conventional, when one can be himself and nestle close to nature's bosom. Every breath is a pleasure. Keen hunger adds a zest to the meal that nothing in the culinary art can imitate. Sleep is sweeter, sounder and more refreshing.

Is it because of the novelty of camp life that it has so many pleasant associations and is followed by such beneficial results? Possibly to a limited extent; but will a country boy spending a few days in the city experience a similar improvement in appetite, digestion and sleep? Does the mountaineer or the frontiersman lose his appetite after the novelty wears off? Is it not rather true that nature rewards most lavishly those who live nearest to her, breathing her pure air, feasting on her varied beauties, and partaking of her products in response to natural hunger.—Health Culture.

Table Linen.

The most expensive linen and the hand-somest embroidered doilies and center pieces often are ruined by careless washing. Buy a laundry bag hung in a convenient place, and make a bag of linen, accumulating place the pieces in it, for it is not pleasant to think of their being put in with the soiled clothing. Prepare a suds of soft, warm water and a few drops of soda, rub the pieces lightly between the hands. If the linen is plain, without any embroidery of any kind, it may be put in a clean suds and scalded a few minutes. If it is embroidered, wash through two waters, rinse in a clear, lukewarm water, then dip in blue water to which a little boiled starch has been added, and dry in the shade. Nothing cleanses the linen so nicely with- out staining the delicate colors as washing this way.

To remove fruit stains dampen the spots, rub soap on both sides, then apply starch made into a paste with cold water. Rub the starch into the stains and hang the cloth in the sunshine several hours. After the cloth is washed in the usual manner the stains will disappear. In this age of pretty things for the home there is a great deal of lace and lace doilies, which takes more pride than her table linen. Be sure to get a good quality of damask for tablecloths, for it will last a long time and be more economical in the end than a coarse, cheap piece. When any breaks occur draw out the threads from a piece of new linen, thread a needle with one of these threads, and darn the place carefully. It is better to do this than to mend with cheap pieces. When washing is likely to fray the edges and make the place larger. A ragged tear should be mended by placing a piece of linen under it and darning it down.

Washed napkins and doilies are used the fringe often becomes ragged and uneven, while the linen centers are still good. Cut the fringe off and hem the napkin by hand. The best parts of a piece of linen are the corners, which may be cut in squares and neatly hemmed and used for carrying cloths for everyday use or napkins for the children's lunches or for table napkins for little folks.

Why It's Wise for Opposites to Marry.

One of the old-fashioned sayings oft repeated is that "opposite should marry." For happiness it is argued grave should mate with gay, dark with fair, those who are short, for it is universally acknowledged, that coloring and appearance generally may be taken as an index to character and temperament. This being so, persons who mate with contrasts have perhaps more chance of living happily with them than with others who more closely resemble themselves in nature.

If variety is truly the food of love, there must be something monotonous about black eyes gazing into black, and blue eyes sending passionate glances into azure orbs. And when it comes to carresses, what charm is there for a dark-haired, sentimental Juliet in ruffling the locks of an equally raven locked and sentimental Romeo? No, in nine cases out of ten she will prefer the fiery temper and the fiery locks of a son of Mars; while Romeo, for his part, would be all for a laughing or a shaking up from a more matter-of-fact damsel.

It seems as if it is in the very order of things to admire most what is lacking in oneself, and this is really what a true marriage should consist in, the finding of one's other half, the complement to oneself. Thus, some of the happiest marriages are made between two people very dissimilar, each supplying what the other needs and cementing the bond of mutual attraction into love.

Probably the pet aversion of the manly man is the masculine woman, while the womanly woman has a corresponding horror of the effeminate man. In proportion as they are opposite, the greater the charm of each sex for the other, and this principle is really the same when it comes to individuals.

It affords an explanation, too, of seemingly incredible marriages, marriages which puzzle friends and acquaintances, and even the onlooker, who is supposed to see most of the game.

It very often happens that a man or a girl will possess some hidden quality or trait which no one but themselves is aware of, and possibly they themselves are only half conscious of it. Nevertheless, obeying some instinct, prompted by this secret feeling, they will choose a partner, the choice of whom may astonish the outside world, but who will prove

Deep Sea Tragedy.

Why is it that the ocean means? That's what I'd like to know; It may be that the lobster And has pinched its tail.

—Chicago Journal.

And maybe it is just the pain That thrills its bosom wide, What time it shudders at the bar And thinks of last night's tide.

—Cleveland Leader.

Perhaps you'd moan a bit yourself If now and then a whale, Escaping from swordfish's bite, Should lash you with his tail.

—Philadelphia Ledger.

The fickle ocean wooed the moon, To be a parson here, The son you hear is only this: The meaning of the tide.

—Lippincott's.

Of course she means, why wouldn't she, 'Twould give you all a pain To be beneath the sea's cold crown, Who dine and sup in vain.

—Evening Wisconsin.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

MAX NORDEAU, the famous author, whose caustic criticisms in his recent book, "Art and Artists," attracted wide attention, was born July 29, 1849, in Budapest of Jewish parentage. He studied medicine in his native city, where he took the doctor's degree in 1872. The same year he started out on an extended series of travels, which were continued through the succeeding seven years. After his return to Budapest in 1878 he practiced medicine in that city until 1880, in which year he removed to Paris. His literary career began as far back as 1868, when he was still a student in Budapest. From that year until 1872 he was connected in an editorial capacity with a leading Vienna journal, and collected contributions to these journals formed the material of his first books. A number of his works have been published in English translations, probably the most notable and best-known among them being "Degeneration."

THOMAS J. O'BRIEN, the new ambassador from the United States to Japan, was born in Jackson, Mich., July 30, 1844. His parents were of Irish stock and emigrated to Michigan in 1837. Until his college days Mr. O'Brien's education was only such as he could get from the district schools of the vicinity. He began the study of law in 1862. He conducted an extensive course of law leading in an office and then attended the law school of the University of Michigan. At 21 years of age he was admitted to the bar and entered partnership with John C. Fitzgerald at Marshall, Mich. A few years later he received his Grand Rapids, where he received much assistance from D. Darwin Hughes, one of the most celebrated members of the Michigan bar of those days. At 28 years of age Mr. O'Brien became assistant counsel of the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad and later became the general counsel. He was active in Republican politics and in 1905 was appointed minister to Denmark, from which post he was recently transferred to Tokio.

JOSEPH M. DIXON, who succeeds William A. Clark as United States senator from Montana, was born at Snow Camp, N. C., July 31, 1867. He is consequently but 40 years old and one of the youngest members of the Senate. Dixon was educated at Earlham college, Richmond, Ind., and admitted to the bar in 1892, since which time he has been a resident of Montana. For the past several years he has been the only representative in Congress. Previous to his election to this office he was successively assistant prosecuting attorney of Missoula county, prosecuting attorney and member of the Legislature. He was a delegate to the Republican national convention in Chicago in 1904. He is in sympathy with the present federal administration and is a warm personal friend of President Roosevelt.

LEVI ANKENY, United States senator from the state of Washington, was born August 1, 1844, near St. Joseph, Mo. With his parents he removed to the Pacific northwest in 1850. After leaving school he engaged with his father in the transportation business, and from the mines. Some few years after this he engaged in mercantile business in Lewiston, Idaho, and was the first mayor of that city. Later he removed to Walla Walla, Wash., to engage in the banking business, and in a few years he was the head of a chain of banks throughout Oregon and Washington. In 1885 and again in 1889 he was an unsuccessful candidate for senator from Washington. In 1903 he was again a candidate and was elected.

MAJOR-GENERAL F. W. BENSON, C. B., director of transports and accounts in the British army, is a Canadian by birth, having been born at St. Catharines, Ont., August 2, 1842. While still a boy at Upper Canada college, he had his baptism of fire, when he assisted in repelling the Fenian raid. As a military career he entered the Royal Military college at Sandhurst. After completing his training at Sandhurst he served for eight years in India, receiving various promotions, filling the next three years until 1880 in the Staff corps. From 1881 to 1890 he was again in India, doing useful work, which was followed by two years in Egypt. In the South African war in 1899 he became chief staff officer to the division commanded by Gen. Sir F. Kelly-Kenny. This gave him hard work and great responsibilities, but he was always found equal to the occasion. After the capture of Bloemfontein Col. Benson assisted Gen. Kelly-Kenny in clearing and subjugating the Orange River colony. In 1904 he was rewarded with the high appointment as director of transports and remounts for the imperial army.

KUANG HSU, emperor of China, is 35 years old today. Born August 2, 1872, the present Emperor is probably the least known of the great rulers of the world, and this despite the fact that his domain in extent and population has few equals and his country is a center of great attraction and interest for the rest of the world. Kuang Hsu is said to be popular with the intelligent element among his subjects, and it is believed that were he able to shake off the domination of the Dowager Empress he would aid in bringing about general peace in China. Foreign diplomats who have resided at Peking speak well of the young Emperor. But so long as the old Dowager retains her power there is little hope of bringing about better conditions in the Flowery Kingdom.

The "Easy Marks" of the Scottish Stage. Miss Rose Stahl tells this amusing story in her "My Yesterdays" in The Bohemian about her first visit to Glasgow. Her little Scotch dresser gave her an insight into certain conditions. Miss Stahl writes:

"My dear, the folk in the gallery were well-behaved this night. An' there was a chorus o' 'I asked in wonder, 'What was it the first week they hanna had the chorus, three or four on each side of the stage, so that the lads in

the gallery dinna like the act they can throw bottles an' things at the chorus and not hurt the actors and actresses." Well, they did not throw things at me and they seemed quiet as mice, so I suppose I must have had a tremendous success. Still I cannot quite get out of my head that poor chorus that must sit on the stage and be thrown at, so that the high-priced 'artists' may not be misled by the gallery. I dare say the girls grow to be expert dodgers in time, but it is not a particularly inviting vocation.

FOR THE LADIES.

FASHION HINTS AND IDEAS.

There are various ways of using scraps of chiffon or liberty. They are twice passed around the waist and tied in a great soft bow in the back. Others are knotted between the shoulder blades, they are again a hand lower down, and left to float below the knees.

In tailored costumes, striped and zebra effects are most noticeable. Coats that are bound with braid have become a little common, and now several rows of machine stitching has become the proper finish for the edges.

All hats so far this season have been worn sliding off the back of the head, and now the fashion has changed to just the opposite. Everything must come over the face. An astonishing hat trimmed with a huge bird, is placed so far from that the beak of the bird almost touches the wearer's nose.

A striking costume of champagne color with a dark brown pin stripe, had a plain skirt, except for two panels, the stripes running horizontally, which were at the side front seams. The coat was of the one-button cutaway model, with short circular sleeves reaching only to the elbows.

Softly tinted cloaks of French flannel of ladies' cloth are much worn over thin gowns in the evening, especially at the summer resorts. These pretty cloaks have hoods gathered into a bag shape, without any trimmings. The woman who has many rose colored cloaks are seen among the prettiest.

A very attractive parasol is of black taffeta flowered over with Japanese cherry blossoms. The innered details of pale pink or straw yellow or delicate mauve are softly blurred upon the black background. About 3 inches of the plain black silk is allowed between the flowered portion and the lower edge of the sunshade.

Hints for the Fruit-Canner.

Before putting fruit in glass jars, wash them in soap suds containing a little soda. Then rinse well with scalding water, and set in the sun to dry.

If you want the flavor of the fruit to come out well, do not use an excess of sugar.

Never use poor fruit for canning. The best is none too good. Let it be as fresh as possible, and not over-ripe.

Handle it as little as possible. Have everything in readiness before you begin operations. The woman who has to run to pantry or kitchen every time a thing is wanted makes herself double the work that's necessary.

Use the best grade of sugar. It may cost a little more than the ordinary, but it will make your fruit even better to pay the difference in cost.

Do not stir your fruit when it is cooking. If you want to know how it is coming along, take out a piece of it with a clean fork.

Give it a brisk boiling. If allowed to stand and simmer it will not retain its shape well.

When the cans are ready for sealing, see that the covers fit perfectly. Never use that does not hug down tightly to the shoulder of the jar.—From Eben E. Rexford in The Outing Magazine.

Transparent Skirts.

There are skirts to a gown of transparent material, where the lining is trimmed instead of the outer edge. The latest fashion was made over white silk lining which was trimmed with three bands of oriental silk.

These bands were from 2 1/2 to 4 inches wide, and the broadest one was put on beneath the others.

The slip-on jacket which was worn with this gown had touches of the oriental silk on the collar and cuffs.

Ridiculously High Collars.

Some of the most modish Paris gowns are seen with ridiculously high collars. They fit snugly to the throat and up behind the ears even to the roots of the hair.

The very high stocks are made in two parts, the lower and narrower section being fastened to the neckband of the gown and completed with a carefully finished section which carries the ornamental detail.

These high stocks require skillful boning to make them fit perfectly.

Lavender Is Smartest Shade.

The smartest shade just at present is lavender. One must have a lavender outfit whether or not the color is becoming. Where it is becoming, it certainly makes a charming picture.

Violet is a favorite color in millinery. A violet colored straw wreathed with violets and draped with a violet veil was a beautiful hat worn the other day.

Another hat of purple straw in the latest century style was trimmed with fuchsia feathers.

Craze for Nets.

There is a decided craze for nets, of both fine and coarse meshes. Sometimes the net is heavily embroidered with metallic threads, and worn over a solid color. Again it is worn over flowered or striped silks or satins.

At a recent fashionable wedding a gown of yellow net was worn, shot with gold threads and elaborately embroidered in gold in a wheat design. This was worn over a lustrous yellow satin.

Novel Little Bolero.

A novel little Algerian bolero, which may be worn over lace dresses is made of four silk handkerchiefs. These are connected in the back and on the shoulders with passementerie, and a large macaroon of the same trimming fastens the fronts back, and shoulders. At each of the corners is a long tassel.

Novelties in Chamois.

Among the novelties in chamois skin are little butterfly bows to be worn with the embroidered linen collars. Also little string ties one-half inch wide which tie in a small bow.

A Kansas Result of the Cold Spell.

The green bug and the cold weather have caused the authorities at the Kansas penitentiary to shut down their winter shop a month earlier than usual. They now have about 3,000,000 pounds on hand, and the prospective failure of the wheat crop has caused so many farmers to cancel their orders for string ties that the people wearing such articles are overstocked.—Boston Transcript.

Recent Legal Decisions.

Corporate Liability For Conspiring to Compel Employment of Union Laborers. In the recent case of *Abertlaw Construction Company v. Cameron*, 80 *Northeastern Reporter*, 478, the supreme judicial court of Massachusetts holds that a corporation is not, on the ground of it being a corporation, immune from the consequences of an unlawful combination with others to compel a contractor to employ only union workmen in the construction of a building, under penalty of a strike. As supporting authorities are cited *White vs. Apsley Rubber Company*, 80 *Northeastern Reporter* (Mass.) 500, and *Buffalo Oil Company vs. Standard Oil Company*, 106 *New York*, 663, 122 *Northeastern Reporter*, 826.

Repossession of Goods Sold on Installment Plan.—The mere fact that a purchaser of a bed of a certain plan is sick will not prevent the seller from repossessing the bed on default, according to the decision of the Iowa supreme court in *Flaherty vs. Ginsberg*, 110 *Northeastern Reporter*, 1057. The rules governing the court lay down that, in repossessing a bed conditionally sold, the mere fact that the purchaser has suffered some degree of ill health and needs the bed does not make its reposing under the contract an installment sale. The effect, the purchaser's needs must be such as to deprive him of the bed would be to expose him to increased sickness and suffering, and such facts must be known to the person demanding and removing the bed.

Damages For Being Blacklisted.—An employe of a union depot company was injured by an engine belonging to a railroad company using the depot. On his recovery the railroad company, by the depot company, but when he reported for work he was informed that he could not receive employment unless he released the railroad from all claim for damages on account of his injury. The depot company imposed this condition as a request of the railroad company's claim agent. The employe thereupon brought suit for damages against the railroad company. That he had a right of action was the opinion of the Minnesota supreme court rendering the decision, *Jones vs. Great Northern Railway Company*, 110 *Northeastern Reporter*, 975. The decision is based on a statute, but the court suggests that, irrespective of the statute there should be a recovery.

Liability of Householder for Refusing Lodging to Sick Guest.—A householder who refuses lodging to a person who has come to his house on business, and who is suddenly taken ill, does not work his bed, according to the decision of the Minnesota supreme court in *Depe vs. Plateau*, 111 *Northeastern Reporter*, 1. In this case the guest who was refused lodging was discovered the next morning nearly frozen to death, some distance from his home, and he brought action for damages. Applicable to the facts of the case was held to be the rule that whenever a person is placed in such a position in regard to another that it is obvious that if he does not use due care in his conduct he will cause injury to that person, the duty to act arises to exercise care commensurate with the situation by which he is confronted to avoid danger, and a negligent performance of his duty makes him liable for the consequences.

Garage "Offensive to the Neighborhood."—A proposed garage designed to accommodate about 125 automobiles of large type, to be used in part for a repair shop and supplied with a large portable forge, and in which demonstration cars are to be kept, with demonstrators to run them, is held to be "offensive to the neighborhood for dwelling houses" within such a restriction contained in a deed. Such is the decision of the supreme judicial court of Massachusetts in *Evans vs. Foss*, 80 *Northeastern Reporter*, 587.

Validity of Foreign Divorce Decree.—Divorce decrees rendered in other states by a constructive domicile are dealt a body blow by the supreme court of South Carolina in *State vs. Westmoreland*, 56 *Southeastern Reporter*, 673. In this case the court holds an avowment of the record in a divorce suit in a divorce suit a citizen of the state wherein the decree was rendered is not conclusive, but that such question may be inquired into in a collateral proceeding. If plaintiff in the divorce proceeding was not actually a citizen of the foreign state when he obtained the divorce, the decree does not constitute a defense to a subsequent prosecution for adultery in South Carolina.

PASSING OF THE CHIHUAHUA DOG. Little Mexican Hairless Pets Rapidly Becoming Extinct.

The Chihuahua dog, which as late as twenty years ago was commonly to be found in Mexico, is rapidly becoming extinct. It is a curious little creature, popularly supposed to be a cross between the prairie dog and the jack rabbit. The animal resembles a small dog. Its weight is sometimes not more than a pound and a half, and it has a disproportionately large head, bulging eyes and long ears. The hair is usually scanty, showing the pink skin underneath, and from this characteristic it has been known as the Mexican hairless dog. One of its characteristic marks is said to be an unobscured cranial fissure, through which the brain can be felt throbbing beneath the skin.

The little animals are peculiarly destructive, and are constantly scratching at things with their long claws. They are easily tamed if taken young, and in numerous instances the breed has been domesticated, although they seldom show the usual dog traits of sagacious and intelligent attachment. In the last twenty-five years unfortunately, the breed has become so largely mixed with small dogs of various mongrel types that it is now difficult to find in Mexico a purely bred Chihuahua dog, and those that are found are often sold at prices ranging from \$100 upward. Even in Chihuahua these dogs are rare. A few specimens sold in Mexico City recently are said to have been specimens of the true breed.

"Pumpkin Knisley" and Why. The "boys" who have read about the Tar Baby, Sis Cow, Brer Rabbit, etc., understand the lingo of Uncle Remus and love to read the anecdotes about his author, Joel Chandler Harris, and his "Snap Bean" farm, see in Lem Knisley, the Pope-Toledo driver, something which associates the two.

Lem has his farm, perhaps not so big in acres as Harris', but he is just as proud of it. Lem has the "Harris welcome," and like Harris, he prefers the quiet and beauty of his own "Pumpkin Farm" to a king's garden, and a good pumpkin dinner tastes better to him than any banquet ever set. As soon as he hits Toledo and reports to the factory, he immediately starts for the farm, and with his customary cigar stump, sits on the front porch and admires his pumpkin patch. Lem's love for this vegetable has grown in fame and now the boys on the track know him as "Pumpkin Knisley."

Advertise in Your Home Paper.

HUNDREDS INJURED IN POWDER BLAST

AWFUL HAVOC AT BOULDER, COLO., WHEN QUANTITY OF DYNAMITE LETS GO.

TWENTY-FIVE CANNOT LIVE.

Explosion Followed Fire and Spectators and Volunteer Firemen Are Hurling in All Directions.

BOULDER, Colo., Aug. 10.—Fire that started in the Colorado & Southern freight depot here early today enveloped the powder house, containing 1000 pounds of dynamite, which exploded with tremendous shock, injuring perhaps 100 persons. The force of the blast broke hundreds of windows throughout the city. The property loss is estimated at \$250,000. The fire originated from some unknown cause and is believed to be incendiary. It was placed under control at 3:30 o'clock after the depot and a large quantity of freight had been destroyed.

Twenty-Five May Die.

Twenty-five of the injured, two of whom will probably die, were taken to local hospitals.

The fatally injured:

Roy Lafave, volunteer fireman, Boulder. Ike O. Wilson, volunteer fireman; Boulder. Family named Ramsey, living in a small house near the wrecked depot, had their heads; four members of the family badly injured.

The explosion came without warning when the sheet iron shack containing the dynamite was attacked by the flames and the men manning the fire hose and every person within a radius of 100 yards were hurled to the ground. La Fave and Wilson, who were nearest the storehouse, were frightfully mangled. A cripple with an artificial leg, had his right leg torn off. Fragments of the artificial member were driven into his body.

Every Window Broken.

Across the street from the freight depot a big two-story brick warehouse has great cracks rent in its walls and its roof blown off. Several shacks along the tracks, occupied by squatters, were reduced to splinters.

In the business section not a whole pane of glass remains. Guards of armed men were thrown about the banks and mercantile houses to prevent looting.

Volunteers Prompt and Brave.

Scarcely had the smoke from the explosion drifted away when a band of volunteers rushed into the powder house, and lighting their way through the flames, located a keg of giant powder which had failed to explode and carried them to a safe place.

On a side track at the platform of the burning depot stood a car containing eight tons of dynamite. Despite the fact that chinders were falling on its roof, a switching crew backed an engine down and pulled the car two miles into the country.

Rigid Inquiry to Follow.

The Boulder club's weekly reception had just ended and many men and women were standing on the sidewalk a few blocks away waiting for their carriages. A half hundred of them were blown off their feet by the force of the explosion. Thirty freight cars were completely destroyed with contents consisting of valuable merchandise.

The fact that dangerous explosives were stored so near the depot, and that few persons were aware of it will be made the subject of a rigid inquiry by the city officials. Railway officials complain that the storage was only temporary pending shipment to the mines.

NITRO-GLYCERINE BLOWS UP.

Two Killed, Many Hurt and Essex, Ont., Is Badly Shaken.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 10.—Two men were killed, three more probably fatally injured and scores of people were slightly hurt by the explosion of half a car of nitro-glycerine at the Michigan Central railroad station at Essex, Ontario, seven miles inland from the Detroit river today. Practically every building in the little town of 1500 people was injured, many of them being blown to pieces. The shock of the explosion was plainly felt twenty miles around. The dead: MARY BRAKEMAN JOSEPH, of Amherstburg, Ont.

CONLON BRAKEMAN LEO, of Amherstburg, Ont.

The other members of the train crew were among those most severely injured. Mrs. Mary Morton of Ypsilanti, Mich., a passenger on the train, was severely but not fatally hurt. It is reported that one man is buried in the ruins of Green's elevator. Everything for a radius of 300 yards from the depot is in ruins.

The car containing the nitro glycerine was on a side track near the freight shed. Brakeman Conlon discovered that the nitro-glycerine was leaking and started to open the car when, without warning, the explosion occurred.

The shock which tore the new stone depot to pieces, destroyed the railroad sheds and nearby cottages, leveling Green's elevator beside the tracks and smashing Laing & Ritchie's mill like kindling. The engine and tender of the train as well as cars were reduced to scrap iron and where they stood there was only a hole 20 feet deep and 50 feet across.

McNary's mangled body was found 200 feet away from the tracks in a field and Brakeman Conlon was dug from under a coal car near the ruins of Managan lay near the ruins of his engine and the other two members of the train crew and the station agent were dug from the wrecked station by a hurt. The financial loss will probably be about \$200,000.

FIVE INJURED BY EXPLOSION.

Tramp Throws Nitro-Glycerine on Track at Ridgeway, Penn.

RIDGEWAY, Pa., Aug. 10.—Five trainmen were injured here today by the explosion of what is believed to have been nitro glycerine dropped or thrown by a man who was put off a freight train. The man who had the explosive was injured and is in jail here.

BUT HE DIDN'T COME.

Eyes That Won the Heart of Young Henry Nelson Spy Father Waiting at the Station.

ELGIN, Ill., Aug. 10.—[Special.]—Because he believed his son too young to marry, John Nelson of this city endeavored to prevent the union of Henry Nelson of Beloit, Wis., and Miss Dora Newman of Elgin. The elder Nelson attempted to intercept his son at the electric terminal in Elgin, but the young woman saw him and warned her lover. They went to Janesville, Wis., and were united on Wednesday. They will live at Beloit.

KOREAN PEACEMAN SENTENCED TO DIE.

Prince Yi, However, Is in This Country and Is Going to Stay—Jail Yawns for His Fellow.

SEOUL, Aug. 12.—The Korean supreme court has passed sentence upon the members of The Hague deputation. Yi Sang Sol has been condemned to be hanged and Yi Wi Chow and Yi Chan have been sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Condemned Men Informed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The news that he had been sentenced to death and that his associates in the ill-fated mission to The Hague had been condemned to life imprisonment was conveyed to Prince Yi, nephew of the new Emperor of Korea, at the Broadway Central hotel here early today.

Says Japs Are Responsible.

"The Japanese, of course, are responsible for this," the prince commented. "I do not blame them so much, however, as I blame the traitorous Koreans who have sold themselves to the Japanese. The only effect on this action against me will be to add energy and enthusiasm to the work of patriotic Koreans for their country."

Going Home? No, Not Yet.

"This order for my execution will certainly be carried out if I ever go within Korean or Japanese jurisdiction. It would be mere suicide for me to return to Korea. If I could gain anything for my country by putting my head in the Japanese noose I should be very glad to do so, but I cannot see that I should serve any good purpose by doing so now and it is not my purpose to return to Korea."

"I shall keep up my work for Korea here and look for greater energy and determination in support of that work as a result of the sentence of death pronounced on me."

Roosevelt Turns Down Prince.

President Yi recently sent to President Roosevelt a request for a private unofficial audience. The prince has received a reply in which the President declines that he would have no time at present to grant such an audience.

Prince Yi said he accepted this as a declaration from the President to see him and would make no further effort in that direction at present.

KOREANS BATTLE WITH JAPS.

Islanders Given Hot Fight on Landing Near Chemulpo.

SEOUL, Aug. 12.—A company of thirty-eight Japanese troops with two machine guns had five men killed and five wounded last night on landing at Kang Wha island, twelve miles north of Chemulpo, for the purpose of disarming a small Korean garrison of forty men which was supported by several hundred rioters. The landing party was reinforced at 11 o'clock this morning by another company from Chemulpo.

CHIEFS SEE ROOSEVELT.

Fleischman Brothers, Woodruff, Brooker and Other Politicians are Guests of President.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Aug. 12.—President Roosevelt entertained a number of well-known political leaders from various sections of the country at luncheon today. They were Julius and Mary Fleischman of Cincinnati; Timothy L. Woodruff, chairman of New York state Republican committee; William Barnes, Jr., chairman of the New York state Republican executive committee; and Charles F. Brooker, Republican national committeeman from Connecticut. Other guests included A. W. Cooley, assistant United States attorney general; Asa V. French, United States district attorney of Boston, and Judge William H. Hunt of Montana.

AFTER HAU'S RELATIVE.

Counsel for Defendant Declare Olga Molitor Is Guilty of Perjury in Case.

KARLS RUHE, Aug. 12.—Counsel for Karl Hau, formerly of Washington, D. C., under sentence of death for the murder of his mother-in-law, Frau Molitor, has entered a motion to prosecute Olga Molitor, the deceased woman's daughter, for perjury, because her lawyer has made a statement in her behalf, saying that she saw the person who shot her mother, and is convinced that it was Hau, whereas she repeatedly answered the judge's inquiries during the trial by saying she did not recognize the murderer and had no idea of his identity.

STATES' LAWYERS MEET.

Attorneys General of Mississippi Valley Convene to Discuss Enforcement of Anti-Trust Laws.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 12.—The attorneys general of the Mississippi valley states met at the Southern hotel today to formulate plans for a national conference of attorneys general, at which concerted action to enforce various state anti-trust laws can be arranged. The meeting was at the invitation of Attorney-General Herbert S. Hadley of Missouri.

MINISTER OF WAR ATTACKED.

Gen. Picquart of France Is Assaulted at Depot by a Workman.

ROCHEFORT, France, Aug. 12.—Gen. Picquart, minister of war, was assaulted and afterward assaulted in the railroad station here last night, when returning from the dedication of a monument to Edouard Grimaux, who was prominent in securing a revision of the sentence of Capt. Dreyfus.

A workman suddenly emerged from the crowd that was applauding Gen. Picquart and spat in his face, and at the same time violently seized him by the arm. Gen. Picquart threw off his assailant before he had an opportunity to do him further harm.

The man was identified as Edouard Lecop, thought to be insane. Gen. Picquart was not hurt.

HEROINE SAVES 100 LIVES.

Woman Prevents Fast Santa Fe Train from Taking Fatal Plunge.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 12.—Through the quick wit and prompt action of a woman in flagging the Santa Fe's "California Limited" early yesterday morning at Hart, Mo., as the heavy train was about to plunge through a trestle, the lives of over 100 passengers were saved, and what might have proved one of the most disastrous railroad catastrophes of a number of years averted. The woman to whom so many owe their lives is Mrs. Minnie Hartushell of Ethel, Mo., a cook for a railroad camp near Hart.

OIL TRUST FAVORS ALL FOR FOREIGNER.

COMMISSIONER SMITH AGAIN HITS STANDARD COMPANY IN REPORT TO ROOSEVELT.

HIGHEST PRICES IN AMERICA.

Concessions Abroad Made Are Possible by Levying Tribute on All Users at Home.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—A still further exposure of the manner in which the American consumer is forced to pay an enormous tribute to the Standard Oil company in the form of unreasonable prices and of the manner in which that corporation manipulates the entire petroleum industry to its own huge profit is given by Commissioner of Corporations Herbert Knox Smith, in a report just submitted to President Roosevelt.

The present report is one of several on the petroleum industry. It deals with the topic, "Discriminations in Prices." It shows that the Standard Oil has discriminated against the American consumer to the advantage of the foreign buyer, and that it has discriminated between different localities in this country to a marked degree. It also shows that the railroads of the United States are forced to pay tribute in the form of excessive prices for lubricating oils.

Hot Shot for Standard.

In his letter of submission to the President which accompanies the report Commissioner Smith again takes the opportunity to point some of the most important Standard oil facts. He states that he is in possession of further important evidence not at present to be given to the public, this evidence both touching price discrimination and "other unfair practices."

In closing his letter Mr. Smith makes a general denunciation of the Standard as follows:

The obnoxious character of the Standard's price policy and its consequent substantial monopoly, not by superiority of service and by charging reasonable prices, but by unfair methods of destroying competition; a combination which uses the power thus unfairly gained to oppress the public through wholly extortionate prices. It has raised prices instead of lowering them. It has pocketed all the advantage of its economic position instead of sharing them with the public, and has added still further monopoly profits by charging more than fair prices for oil and other petroleum products.

Some of the unfair and illegal means by which the Standard has been able to do this have been proved in the reports already published by this bureau, namely, railroad discriminations, wide-reaching price-fixing, and by means of a common carrier in pipe-line transportation, and unjust methods of destroying competition in that business; and price discrimination of the most flagrant character. By your direction, in view of the proceedings of the attorney general against the Standard Oil company, some of the more detailed evidence secured by the bureau regarding price discrimination, and other unfair practices, and the same is true of evidence regarding other unfair practices, the most important of which are the maintenance of a monopoly in the oil business, espionage over the business of competitors, especially by bribing railway employees to disclose their shipments, and deception as to the quality of oils sold.

Higher Prices at Home.

The report goes into the entire question of price discrimination at great detail, setting out tables of prices paid in the various states, in different towns and in foreign countries for the Standard products at the same time. It is shown that prices for oil in 1903, 1904, 1905, years taken for purposes of the comparison, were higher in the United States than in Europe and the Orient. The average prices for various continental countries and for the Orient being 4.43 in the United States, with other countries showing a similar disparity as against the United States.

DISORDER IN BELFAST.

Wrecked Condition of Streets and Houses Shows Fury of Strike Riot of Last Night.

BELFAST, Ireland, Aug. 12.—The wrecked condition of the streets and houses in the Falls and Grosvenor districts of this city testify to the severity of the rioting which broke out in the window of a street lamp remains intact, while doors were smashed in by stones hurled by the strikers at the cavalry. The street paving was torn up on all the main thoroughfares, and a large quantity of stones were scattered about. There were no fatalities, but over fifty persons, about equally divided among the troops and rioters, are being treated in the hospitals for severe injuries. The strikers are still in a very aggressive mood. Only the strong forces of troops on duty prevent them from attacking the men who are at work.

FEAR VESSEL IS LOST.

British Ship Dundonald Left Sydney February 16, and Is Forty-three Days Overdue.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 12.—It is now believed that the British ship Dundonald, which for some time has been posted as overdue, has been lost at sea. The Dundonald left Sydney for San Francisco with a cargo of wheat on February 16, and has never been heard of since. The average time occupied on the passage is 132 days, and the Dundonald has now been out 175 days.

Friday night eight vessels were reported as overdue and four more names were added yesterday.

INJUNCTION IS DENIED.

Lackawanna Railroad Cannot Restrain Commerce Commission.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The application of the Lackawanna & Lackawanna railroad for an injunction restraining the United States interstate commerce commission from enforcing an order compelling the railroad to deliver oil to an independent firm in Brooklyn was denied by Judge Lacombe in the United States circuit court today.

GARDINALS ARE DYING POPE MUST FILL VACANCIES IN SACRED COLLEGE.

Complaint That Italy Has Too Many Cardinals—Other Countries May Receive Appointments.

ROME, Aug. 13.—There is a Roman tradition that cardinals die three at a time.

Cardinal Svampa, the Archbishop of Bologna, died Saturday and Cardinals Nocella and Cretoni are reported to be near death. It is believed that two other cardinals have not long to live.

Cardinal Svampa was 56 years old. Before the election of the present Pope he was spoken of as the probable successor of Leo XIII. There was much disappointment in Italy when Svampa was not proclaimed Pope, because his known liberal tendencies pointed him out as a most desirable pontiff.

Now that he is dead and that two other Italian cardinals are nearing their end, there is much speculation about their successors. The last appointments were all from among the Italians, and the Pope was informed from many parts of the world that Italians get too large a representation in the sacred college in proportion to the number of church members in Italy. Most of the Italian cardinals are old and feeble and it is expected that few of them will be alive ten years from now.

There is no possibility that any new French cardinal will be created because of the troubles of the church in that country, but it is more than probable that the English, Spanish, Austrian and German contingent in the sacred college will be considerably increased.

Argentina is likely to get a cardinal in the person of the Archbishop of Buenos Ayres, and the Pope may have to yield to the demands of several other South American countries that they be represented. Mexico is nearly sure of a nomination in the person of the Archbishop of Mexico City, and Archbishop Bruchesi of Montreal, is more than likely to be elevated.

As to the United States it is predicted that Archbishop Farley of New York, and Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul, will be added to the number of the intimate advisers of the sovereign pontiff.

SOLDIERS FIRE ON MOB.

Two Shot Dead and Many Wounded in Fierce Fight in Belfast Streets.

BELFAST, Aug. 13.—Serious and fatal disorders occurred here again last evening. The troops fired into the crowd and a woman and a man were shot dead and a number of others were attacked by a police inspector. Soldiers were at once summoned to the scene but they were met by a hail of paving stones which resulted in emptying some of the saddles.

The riot act was read, but the maddened mob refused to disperse and kept up a terrific fusillade of stones, broken bottles and bricks against the police and the military. Bayonet and baton charges failed to rout the frenzied rioters and ultimately the order to fire was given.

The number wounded from the rifle fire and the bayonet charges and otherwise injured is very great and tonight every hospital is overcrowded.

CROSS AFRICA IN AUTO.

German Army Lieutenant Will Try to Make the Journey in Six Weeks—Has a Big Car.

DAR-ES-SALAAM, German East Africa, Aug. 13.—Lieut. Graetz of the Prussian army, has started from here in an attempt to cross Africa in an automobile. He purposes to ride through German East Africa, British Central Africa, Rhodesia and German Southwest Africa, to Swakopmund, occupying about six weeks on the journey, if all goes well. He has a specially built 45-horsepower car, with immensely heavy-duty tires, and a spare set of tires. The chassis, which is extraordinarily high, has compartments holding sufficient petrol for 1000 kilometers. He carries a machinist, a cook and a native servant.

HARRY THAW TO WAIT.

Stanford White's Slayer Will Not Be Tried Until January Term of Court.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—The second trial of Harry K. Thaw charged with the murder of Stanford White, will not take place until the January term of court. This information was developed today at a conference between Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Thaw, and District Attorney Jacob A. S. White. The latter would make no public statement it was learned that he probably would be unable to move for a second trial until January.

SLETZER IS RE-ELECTED.

Cleveland Man Is Chosen Commander-in-Chief of Macabees in Session at Jamestown.

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 13.—The convention of commissioned officers of the Uniformed Rank, Knights of the Macabees of the World, in biennial session jointly to take place in the city of Jamestown, re-elected Maj.-Gen. W. H. Sletzer of Cleveland, O., as commander-in-chief and selected Lexington as the next place of meeting.

CRITICISM FOR COMMISSION.

Railway Age Says Interstate Body Is Made Up of Lawyers and Politicians.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 13.—The Railway Age criticizes the interstate commerce commission in an editorial that is said to voice the prevailing sentiment among the higher railway officials of the country. Among other things the Age says:

"Unfortunately the commission contains too many good lawyers and acute politicians and too few men who have any practical knowledge of the railway business or who possess the grasp of railway economics and the capacity for statistical work. The result is that many rulings are not practical and that many of its opinions betray only a stray superficial knowledge of the important matters with which they deal."

LIVE "TEDDY BEAR" VISITS ROOSEVELT.

SECRET SERVICE MEN FIND BRUISED SCRATCHING HOLE IN PRESIDENT'S ROOF.

SIGHT AMAZES DETECTIVES.

Beast When Interrupted by Intruders Scrambles Off Lean-to and Seeks Safety in Woods.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Aug. 12.—A live bear of which no one claims ownership has taken up his home in the woods of Sagamore Hill and in the early foggy hours this morning he paid a visit to the residence of President Roosevelt.

The tramping of the underbrush near the edge of the cleared knoll on which the President's summer home is situated roused the secret service guard to activity. While the sleuths went into the woods the bear came boldly into the clearing.

When the guard returned to his post after a vain search for a cause of the noise he was given another start by hearing scratching on the roof of a lean-to at the rear of the President's house.

Upon the roof went the guard but when he saw caused him to stop and pinch himself and rub his eyes. As he was doing this the bear made over the other side, jumped to the ground, and scrambled off towards the woods again. The secret service men hastily organized the household dogs and stabled men into a hunting party. For three hours the hunt lasted—from 3 until 6 o'clock—but the bear had got away. His tracks have been carefully guarded and present the only real evidence to substantiate the story.

For several days those who are frequent visitors to Sagamore Hill have reported hearing the crackle of twigs as they had gone up the road in the President's grounds and the belief is now fixed that the bear has been living here for some days.

PASSENGERS IN PERIL.

Neptune Liner Steamer Sinks Schooner—Four of Freight Boat's Crew Lose Lives.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The three masted schooner Myronese, bound from Rockland, Me., for New York, with a load of granite, was sunk in the middle of Long Island sound early today in a collision with the Neptune line steamer, Tennessee, bound from Fall River to New York. Four members of the Myronese crew drowned, but Capt. Belaty was rescued by passengers on the Tennessee and one of his crew was also saved by swimming to the steamer. The passengers of the Tennessee were taken off by the New Bedford line steamer Maine and brought to New York. The Tennessee anchored in the sound. She did not appear to be much damaged. There was a heavy fog over the sound at the time of the collision.

YELLOW JACK IN ARMY.

War Department Receives Report of Ten Cases in Cuban Army of Pacification.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—An official report of the existence of yellow fever among the Cuban army of pacification at Cienfuegos has reached the war department in the following telegram from Col. Taylor, chief surgeon, dated at Marianna, addressed to the surgeon general of the army:

"Ten cases of yellow fever in command at Cienfuegos. Focus of infection unknown. Agramonte there now and confirms diagnosis. Birmingham goes there tonight. Will keep you fully advised."

Dr. Agramonte is a Cuban surgeon in the employ of the American government and is an expert in yellow fever cases. Dr. Birmingham is one of the regular army surgeons.

CARRIER PIGEON'S FLIGHT.

Sixteen Carrier Pigeons Belonging to an Oakland Club were Released here yesterday morning at 5:10 by Wells-Fargo's agent, to whom they had been sent. Later in the day a telegram was received that the first bird had flown into the home cote at 9:15 or the airline flight from Kennett to Oakland had been made in four hours and five minutes. The airline distance is 190 miles. The speed was a little better than forty-six miles an hour.—Kennett Cor. Sacramento Bee.

THIS IS THE PROMISED LAND.

A statistical report recently published by the British government shows that there are 20,000 Jews in Cape Colony, 18,000 in India, 17,000 in Australia, 16,000 in Canada and 4,000 in Ireland. A Yiddish paper commenting on the report says: "These figures look large, but they become small when compared with New York, where there are in two wards more American Jews than there are British Jews all over the world."

GERMAN SAILORS AHEAD.

Yachtsmen from Fetherland Win First of Series of International Sonderklasse Races.

KIEL, Germany, Aug. 12.—The Germans won the first of the series of International Sonderklasse races for Emperor William's cup today, the Wittelsbach finishing 31 seconds ahead of the Spokane I, the other contestants trailing along in the following order: Wanssee (German), Marlehead (American), and Tilly X (German). It was a fine contest, the yachtsmen doing interesting work from start to finish.

TO OPEN 30,000 ACRES.

Wyoming Land Board Announces Rich Territory Well Irrigated, Is Ready for Entry.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 12.—The Wyoming land board has just announced the opening, under the Carey act, of 150,000 acres of the Eden valley lands in Sweetwater and Fremont counties north of Rock Springs on the Union Pacific railway. Thirty thousand acres are now available for public entry. The land is irrigated from the public domain under the Carey act. The land is a rich sandy loam, free from alkali and stones and will produce abundant crops of grain, grasses, fruits and vegetables.

TEXAS FIGHTS TUBERCULOSIS.

Bars Consumption Victims from Church and Bakeries.

HOUSTON, Tex., Aug. 12.—Strict rules have been put into effect by the state board of health to prevent the spread of tuberculosis. Tubercular victims are not allowed employment in any public building, in any school, church or bake shop, in a slaughter house. Burial is prohibited for a floor covering; passengers on trains are not allowed to wash their teeth over wash basins, and careless handling of ice to be used in water coolers is made offense. Floors of public buildings must be swept every day after being sprinkled with sawdust wet with formaldehyde. Boarding house, hotel, and restaurant ice boxes must be scoured with acid once a week. In jails, prisoners must have 3000 cubic feet of air per hour, walls must be whitewashed every month, and painted every six months.

PRONOUNCING INDIAN NAMES.

Easy According to This Rule—Meaning of Words.

Did you ever try to pronounce an Indian name and then wonder whether you had come anywhere near the correct pronunciation? Try this rule. Place a dash after each vowel in the word and pronounce each syllable slowly. Note the smooth flowing sound produced and then gradually pronounce the syllables faster until you get the entire word grouped. You will be surprised both at the ease with which you get the word and the effect in pronunciation. The most difficult Indian name is readily pronounced in this manner.

Nearly all Indian names of towns and rivers have some particular significance. The names of towns in Indian territory will perpetuate Indian history for centuries. Only yesterday a new town was named Nena. This is a Creek word, and means of town. It was given to a siding put in on the railroad a few miles south of Muskogee in the new oil field.

We in Creek means water. It is found in many names in the territory and the significance attaches to the remainder of the word. For instance, here the Wetumka means bounding water, and Wetumhka means bounding water. Both towns on the Frisco railroad. Wealaka, the home of the Creek chief, means falling water. Weachtra means red water.

Oklmizee, which is the Creek national capital, means in Creek head of power, and the name of the river the town of Okmulgee because it was the national capital. Tallahassee conveys to the Creek mind the same impression that deserted village does to the English. It was the name of a town in the eastern home of the Creeks and also a town of that name, or what was a town, is located in Indian territory. There is an Indian school there.

To the Creeks the Ark nasa river was Weachtra, because the water is red, and Deep Fork was Hutchey Sookfey because it is deep. The Verdigris was Weachtra Hutchey because the Onges came down that river and the Creeks called it "Osage Stream." The North Canadian was called Oklahutchey because it was full of sand. The village of Choska was so called because Choska means post oak, and around Choska post oaks grow in great profusion.—Kansas City Star.

A Surprise.

Gen. Wheeler's body was brought to Washington draped in the Confederate flag as well as the Stars and Stripes, and both of which had served him efficiently. While the body lay in state, an old Confederate soldier who had fought under Gen. Wheeler in Gen. Early's division, having heard of the Confederate flag and wishing to see his dear old leader in his last moments, made strenuous effort and at last stood beside the coffin. But on reaching Washington the Stars and Bars had been removed by the order of the President, and the veteran looked at the body clad in the blue uniform, and solemnly shaking his head, muttered:

"Wall, by gee, gen'ul, when you git on 't'other side and Jubal Early catches you in them boys, I'm bettin' you'll git the puttiest cussin' that ever cum your way!" —Lippincott's.

Will You Live Long?

In view of the diversified testimony of present day centenarians on the subject of longevity and its causes, it is interesting to look at the light on the subject from Queen Elizabeth's time:

"Bacon took a deep interest in longevity and its earmarks," says a physician, "and Bacon's signs of long life and of short life are as true today as they ever were."

Carrier Pigeon's Flight.

Sixteen carrier pigeons belonging to an Oakland club were released here yesterday morning at 5:10 by Wells-Fargo's agent, to whom they had been sent. Later in the day a telegram was received that the first bird had flown into the home cote at 9:15 or the airline flight from Kennett to Oakland had been made in four hours and five minutes. The airline distance is 190 miles. The speed was a little better than forty-six miles an hour.—Kennett Cor. Sacramento Bee.

THIS IS THE PROMISED LAND.

A statistical report recently published by the British government shows that there are 20,000 Jews in Cape Colony, 18,000 in India, 17,000 in Australia, 16,000 in Canada and 4,000 in Ireland. A Yiddish paper commenting on the report says: "These figures look large, but they become small when compared with New York, where there are in two wards more American Jews than there are British Jews all over the world."

GERMAN SAILORS AHEAD.

Yachtsmen from Fetherland Win First of Series of International Sonderklasse Races.

KIEL, Germany, Aug. 12.—The Germans won the first of the series of International Sonderklasse races for Emperor William's cup today, the Wittelsbach finishing 31 seconds ahead of the Spokane I, the other contestants trailing along in the following order: Wanssee (German), Marlehead (American), and Tilly X (German). It was a fine contest, the yachtsmen doing interesting work from start to finish.

TO OPEN 30,000 ACRES.

Wyoming Land Board Announces Rich Territory Well Irrigated, Is Ready for Entry.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 12.—The Wyoming land board has just announced the opening, under the Carey act, of 150

Rapid River Locals.

The Gladstone Delta

CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance.

The Delta's price for publishing notices of entertainments gives for religious or other societies, to which an admission is charged, or from which a profit is expected, is FIVE CENTS PER LINE. Resolutions of any society or organization will be published at the same rate. CHARGES OF THREE CENTS WILL BE CHARGED FOR 25 CENTS PER LINE.

Rapid River will meet Escanaba here Sunday, and two games to fill out the series will be played at Escanaba later.

Capt. Walker will leave shortly for New Zealand, to see his relatives. He visited at his old home on the north coast of Scotland this spring.

Architect Chubb's sketch of the new schoolhouse calls for a plain brick building, 65 x 90. The basement will be placed on top of the ground, its walls will be stone, giving a height of eleven feet. In it will be a sixty-five foot gymnasium, a kindergarten room, with south frontage, a room for the heating plant, and an unfinished space for two more rooms. The two upper floors are regularly divided for schoolrooms. The specifications are not yet complete.

Prof. McDonald is taking a three week's vacation out of the city.

Many Rapid River people took advantage of Sunday's excursion.

M. Buchman went Tuesday to Escanaba on business.

A son was born Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. John Tiernan.

The steel is here for the two new bridges.

The Misses Ella Hocks and Ella Desmond took in the excursion to Sturgeon Bay Sunday.

The blueberry exodus still continues. After hearing various stories, it is estimated that 4376.53 bushels have been brought into Rapid River this season. December futures falling rapidly on the ticker at Shippy's.

Madden & Schaible have a crew at work rafting their big supply of logs from Maywood.

Mrs. John Reisdorf visited her husband here this week.

The Misses Neva and Rosella Cole visited at Trout Lake this week.

The rain of Sunday was the fiercest seen in many years, as the campers who started out Sunday might testify.

Nels Lagerquist and Ole Westby left for Seattle last week.

With the youthful millionaires of our city, it is a favorite amusement to drop watches off Masonville pier. For those who would really be in the swim, it is the proper thing to jump in after and dive for them.

Napoleon Boudah found time Wednesday to make a trip to Creighton.

The engine of the Masonville mill went through itself Monday and to all purposes was totally destroyed, the cylinder, steam chest, cylinder head, piston rod and cross heads being shattered. The mill is closed until a new engine may be had.

There was a fire at the Garth boarding house Tuesday, but it was put out before much damage was done.

Nineteen Lady Macabees went to Gladstone last Friday to hear Commander Burns' address.

John Damour will move shortly into the place vacated by Parrett.

The school board awarded the contract to William Bennett for moving the old school house to the state road for \$675.

August Olson leaves the first of next week for a vacation in lower Michigan, Chicago and Wisconsin.

The depot force will leave for the west end next month, and Rapid River society will suffer a distinct loss.

IT WOULDN'T KEEP.

One Thing the Scotsman Did Not Dare to Buy in Bulk.

The chairwoman of the board of governors of a New York woman's club was discussing the question of the club's liquor license.

"It is rather a matter of indifference to us," she said, "whether we get a license or not. Women, you know, are not given to drinking. They are so careful of their appearance. They desire to remain slim and fresh, and wine, as you know, tends to make us coarse and stale and fat."

"So if we had a license I think we should sell little. It would not be with us as with a farmer I once met in Scotland."

"Traveling in the Scottish highlands one summer, I stopped at a farmhouse for a cup of milk, and the view from the door was so lovely that I said to the farmer:

"Ah, what a superb place to live in!"

"Oh, aye," he answered in conventional Scotch, "it's a' richt, but hoo wad ye like, ma'am, to hae to walk fourteen mlie lika time ye wanted a bit glass o' whusky?"

"Oh, well," said I, "why don't you get a demijohn of whiskey and keep it in the house?"

"He shook his head sadly. 'Whusky,' he said, 'won't keep.'"—New York Tribune.

MOSLEM ETIQUETTE.

Always Be in Good Humor and Talk Pleasant Things.

Here are some interesting Musulman injunctions of conviviality, says the London Lancet. The honor of being served first belongs to the invited guest who is in the possession of any high title or who has in any way or sphere distinguished himself. If the host himself is the oldest in the company or has any high decoration of merit, he must first begin the meal without delay in order not to let the others unduly wait. It shows bad upbringing to be in a melancholy mood at table or to speak of disagreeable things or to engage in inappropriate discussions on matters of religious piety. Foremost of all, one must always be in good humor and talk of pleasant things, as did the prophet himself.

You must always help yourself from the side of the dish nearest to you and never try to find out the best bits, which ought to be left for other guests. If one of the invited has not much appetite, you must ask him up to three times with some kind chosen words to partake of the meals. A longer insistence would cause ennui and would be most inappropriate. You must never stop eating before others, because in doing so you will embarrass them and cause them to finish quickly in imitating you.

Never eat gluttonously, but also never attempt to conceal your good appetite. Always eat little by little. Exaggerated compliments are always misplaced. The host's duty is to make his guests feel as comfortable as possible, encouraging the timid and shy. It is contrary to good taste to address and to fix the attention of a guest when he is eating. Even if the host is not accustomed to eat much he must always try not to finish before others. Should any dish be forbidden to him by his medical attendant he certainly must not partake of it, but must at the same time excuse himself before his guests. It is absolutely necessary to avoid every movement or gesture which is apt to create disgust.

A GOOD LAWN.

The Best Way to Prepare the Ground and Sow the Seed.

A good lawn may be made either by laying sod or growing seed. If turf is used, the lawn is sometimes ready for use in less time than when seed is used, but practically the difference is very slight. Fewer lawns are made from turf every year. The turf or soil is nearly always obtained from a nearby field. It abounds in coarse grasses and pernicious weeds. The former may be got rid of after considerable trouble, but the latter rarely ever. Sod laid lawns are nearly always uneven, seamy and varied in color and texture. Their cost, too, is much in excess of seeding the lawn down.

A lawn produced from a mixture of good, new, reclaimed seeds of the finer grasses and clovers is superior in quality and texture to the best sod obtainable. To obtain the best results from sowing, the ground should be carefully dug over—not too deep, six to eight inches will be enough—and nicely leveled off; then sow on broadcast a good fertilizer, 600 pounds to the acre, or about ten pounds to every 15 by 15 square feet. Rake this in and roll it or flatten it with the back of a spade; then sow seventy pounds of some good lawn seed to the acre, or one pound to every 15 by 15 feet. Sow half this quantity walking one way and half walking at right angles to it, so as to get even distribution. Do not sow in windy weather, and be sure to rake the seed in, and after sowing roll it well or beat it flat with the spade.

Those seeds that are deeply buried will not germinate, and those that are exposed will be scorched by the sun, blown or washed away or taken by the birds. Whenever necessary to sow in summer it is better to mix with rye or oats to protect the tender shoots from the hot sun.—Suburban Life.

The "Coney" of the Bible.

There is a queer little rock animal found in thousands in all parts of Cape Colony, South Africa, and called by the Dutch "daasje" (pronounced in English "dassie"). This little creature has many other names, such as the coney, daman, rock badger and rock rabbit. It is found also in Syria and is really the "coney" of the Bible, for one of the psalms contains this verse, "The high hills are a refuge for the wild goats and the rocks for the conies," while in the book of Proverbs we read, "The conies are but a feeble folk, yet make their houses in the rocks." The South African daasje is a pretty gray, furry creature, merry and sun loving, and when taken young makes a charming pet.—Amy Sutherland in St. Nicholas.

WHAT D'YE LACK?

The Delta office is always ready to handle that little job of Printing, NEATLY AND PROMPTLY.

Do not wait until you must have it immediately. Order Now.

THE DELTA.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Gladstone Mich., Aug. 8th, 1907.

Special meeting of the City Council, called for the purposes as set forth in the following notice served twenty-four hours before the meeting upon each and every Alderman:

Gladstone Mich., Aug. 7th, 1907. To the Aldermen, of the city of Gladstone.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the city council will be held in the council rooms Thursday Aug. 8th 1907, at nine o'clock p. m., for the purpose of considering the question of paving Delta Avenue and for the construction of sewers.

By order of the Mayor, W. A. NARRACONG, City Clerk.

Present at call of roll, Mayor Miller, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young.

Ald. Eaton offered the following resolution and moved its adoption, which was supported by Ald. Clark:

Resolved, That it is deemed necessary and desirable as a public improvement, that a sewer be constructed on Delta Avenue, from Sixth Street to Eleventh Street. Said sewer to be constructed, from Sixth street to Eighth street of twelve inch pipe and from Eighth Street to Eleventh Street of ten (10) inch pipe, in accordance with plans and specifications drawn and prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago, now on file in the Clerk's office in the city of Gladstone.

Resolved further, That that the estimated cost of said improvement is hereby fixed as follows:

900 feet of 12 inch pipe, from Sixth to Eighth Sts. @ \$1.65 per foot,	\$1320.00
1200 ft. 10 in. pipe, from Eighth to Eleventh Sts. @ \$1.60 per foot	1920.00
6 man-holes each \$25.00	150.00
14 catch-basins each \$30.00	420.00
Cost of making special assessment, printing etc.,	50.00
Cost of Engineer and Superintendent	400.00
Total cost of sewer on Delta Avenue	4260.00

Resolved further, That the cost of the sewer in all streets and alley-crossings and all man holes and catch basins, shall be paid out of the general sewer fund of the city; That the cost of said improvement other than the sewer in the street and alley-crossings and all catch basins and man-holes, be borne and paid by special assessment upon the property benefited by such improvement according to benefits.

Resolved further, That the lots or parcels of land hereinafter described and set forth are hereby declared to be specially benefited by such improvement and that for the purpose of assessment for defraying and paying the cost of said improvement as hereinbefore set forth and determined to be borne by special assessment, the said lots or parcels of land hereinafter described shall be and the same are hereby constituted a special assessment district and that the special assessment be made according to the benefit each of said lots or parcels of land shall derive from such improvement. That the said lots hereinafter referred to as being specially benefited by such improvement and as constituting a special assessment district therefor are described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 13 to 24 both inclusive of Block 28	28
" 1 " 12 " " " " " "	27
" 1 " 12 " " " " " "	32
" 13 " 24 " " " " " "	31
" 1 " 12 " " " " " "	43
" 13 " 24 " " " " " "	44
" 13 " 24 " " " " " "	47
" 1 " 12 " " " " " "	48
" 1 " 12 " " " " " "	59
" 13 " 24 " " " " " "	60

all of the original plat of the village (now City) of Gladstone, in the city of Gladstone, County of Delta and State of Michigan.

Resolved further, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to give notice to those interested, of the proposed improvement or work; That the plans and specifications therefor are on file in the office of the city clerk, and of the location of the improvement and the district to be assessed and that the city council will meet at the council rooms on Monday the twenty-sixth day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock in the afternoon of said day and consider any suggestions or objections to the proposed improvement that may be made by the parties interested. That said notice be given by publication for two weeks in one of the newspapers of the city and by posting up printed notices of the same in at least three of the most public places in each ward and also a notice in or near the Postoffice of the city of Gladstone, and three notices near the site of the said proposed improvement or work in some public and conspicuous place.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Alderman Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Ald. Clark offered the following resolution and moved its adoption, which was supported by Ald. Eaton:

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth

street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Ald. Clark stated that by order of the Mayor and through the advice of City Attorney Empson, that he had visited Attorney F. D. Mead of Escanaba and submitted to him the records of the actions of the council in the matter of the sewers and paving of Delta Avenue and that Mr. Mead confirmed everything that had been done so far by the council through the advice of city Attorney Empson.

Moved by Ald. Theriault, supported by Ald. Clark, that council adjourn. Motion carried unanimously.

W. A. NARRACONG, City Clerk.

Dynamite as a Tree Planter.

In planting trees upon a farm on Long Island where the land was rough and full of roots it was found that the work could be done most cheaply by using one-fourth pound dynamite exploded about two feet below the surface. The explosion tore up a hole two and one-half to three feet in diameter, with the soil well loosened, and two men could blow 250 holes a day at a cost of about \$12.—American Cultivator.

Resolved Further, That the lots or parcels of land hereinafter described and set forth are hereby declared to be specially benefited by such improvement and that for the purpose of assessment for defraying and paying the cost of said improvement as hereinbefore set forth and determined to be borne by special assessment, the said lots or parcels of land hereinafter described shall be and the same are hereby constituted a special assessment district and that the special assessment be made according to the benefit each of said lots or parcels of land shall derive from such improvement. That the said lots hereinafter referred to as being specially benefited by such improvement and so constituting a special assessment district therefore are described as follows, to-wit: lots numbered thirteen (13) to twenty-four (24) both inclusive, of Block numbered twenty-eight (28); Lots numbered one (1) to twelve (12) both inclusive, of block numbered twenty-seven (27); Lots numbered one (1) to twelve (12) both inclusive, of block numbered thirty-two (32); Lots numbered thirteen (13) to twenty-four (24) both inclusive, of block numbered thirty-one (31); Lots numbered one (1) to twelve (12) both inclusive, of block numbered thirty-three (33); Lots numbered thirteen (13) to twenty-four (24) both inclusive, of block numbered thirty-four (34); Lots numbered thirteen (13) to twenty-four (24) both inclusive, of block numbered forty-seven (47); and Lots one (1) to twelve (12) both inclusive of block numbered forty-eight (48) all of the original plat of the village (now city) of Gladstone, in the City of Gladstone, County of Delta and State of Michigan.

Resolved further, That the City Clerk be and he is hereby instructed to give notice to those interested of the proposed improvement or work; That the plans and specifications therefor are on file in the office of the City Clerk, and of the location of the improvement and the district to be assessed and that the City Council will meet at the council rooms on Monday the twenty-sixth day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock in the afternoon of said day and consider any suggestions or objections to the proposed improvement that may be made by the parties interested. That said notice be given by publication for two weeks in one of the newspapers of the city and by posting up printed notices of the same in at least three of the most public places in each ward and also a notice in or near the postoffice of the city of Gladstone, and three notices near the site of the said proposed improvement or work in some public and conspicuous place.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Alderman Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth

street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Alderman Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth

street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Alderman Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth

street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Alderman Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth

street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Alderman Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth

street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Alderman Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth

street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Alderman Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth

street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Alderman Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth

street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Alderman Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the paving of Delta Avenue its full length. Separate bids to be submitted for the paving of Delta Avenue between Sixth

street and Central Avenue and separate bids for the remainder of the street, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by D. A. Brotherton of Escanaba, Mich. Bids to be opened Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald. Champion, Clark, Eaton, Folsom, Green, Noblet, Theriault and Young. (8) Nays, none. (0) Motion declared carried.

Resolved, That the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer on Sixth street and Delta Avenue. That separate bids be submitted for the Sixth street sewer and separate bids for the sewer on Delta Avenue, all in accordance with the plans and specifications as prepared by W. A. Shaw of Chicago. Bids to be opened Monday the 26th day of August, 1907, at eight o'clock p. m.

Yeas, Ald