

THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XIX.

CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

Gladstone, Mich., Dec. 10, 1904.

\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Number 36

FIRE.

Fire broke out in the warehouse of the Gladstone Grocery Co., directly behind their store, about twenty-five minutes to three Tuesday morning, and destroyed above two thousand dollars worth of property. Only the most vigorous exertions on the part of the firemen, assisted by citizens, saved the town from a repetition of the scene of May, 1901. The fire was evidently started from the north-west corner of the building, and, it is strongly suspected, was set. The fire was discovered by J. T. Whybrew, who owns the buildings and lives over the store. The smoke was then rolling out in enormous quantities. He hurried his family out, while Mrs. Whybrew telephoned an alarm to which the department promptly responded. A strong north wind was blowing, and when the firemen arrived they found the flames streaming from the sides of the building, the smoke rolling out in dense masses. A stream of water was directed on the blaze from the north side, and the side door of the warehouse was forced to send in a second stream. The flame had just burned the panels of the door between warehouse and store, when it was stopped. Some one had broken in the glass of the front door, when Chief Gauffin arrived. Finding that there was no fire or great heat in the store, he ordered the door guarded and confined his attention to the rear part. The fire was soon got under control but the firemen remained until half past seven.

Mr. Whybrew estimates his loss at six or seven hundred dollars, fully covered by insurance.

Mr. Lindblad thinks that his loss was about fifteen or sixteen hundred dollars, one thousand or six hundred dollars, the more delicate and exposed goods in the store were smoked up, as the air was very dense.

There was a strong, cold gale blowing at the time, and it is remarkable that the fire was checked so soon.

The interior of the building, roof and sides, were charred throughout; but the contents, baled hay and grain and flour in sacks, though completely ruined, were not consumed and remained a chaos of rubbish to be removed before the warehouse can be rebuilt. It is evident that the fire started at the northwest corner of the building, on the alley, where the sills had burned through before the fire reached the interior. At that place there was a pile of wood, and among the splinters and bark accumulated beside the warehouse it were easy for a passer to drop a match or cigar that might smoulder for hours to burst into a blaze in the middle of the night. It would be just as easy for anyone to do the thing deliberately.

The fire department has again done good work and it is recognized by all. Nowhere, in any city, large or small, could there be more promptness or efficiency.

FOR SALE.

A two and one-half H. P. gasoline engine, suitable for a small boat. Cheap for cash. Delta office.

JAS. T. ROUMAN'S

CANDY KITCHEN

Will have all kinds of

HOME MADE CANDIES FOR THE HOLIDAYS

All 20c Candies 3 POUNDS FOR 50c

All 15c Candies, sold At the same time. 2 POUNDS FOR 25c

Taffy Candies 3 POUNDS FOR 25c

Between December 15 and 31.

Best Mixed Nuts 3 pounds for 50 cents.

Special Prices Made to all Churches and Societies.

DELTA AVENUE, GLADSTONE, MICHIGAN. Telephone No. 68.

W. L. MARBLE, President.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

Work has ceased, for this year, on the Bay-shore road and it is yet uncompleted; but it is in a condition to use as soon as a little more winter shall have closed up the gap in the water section. A bridge across a gully, near the brick yard, has been finished and the center of the right of way has been stamped and grubbed so that with a little snow the road will be fit for use. The water section will be bridged with ice after a few cold nights and will be perfectly safe because the water is only a foot or two in depth. The road will be finished early next spring; it can be used all winter until the ice goes out in April. After that, there will be a month or two during which travel will be shut off. The Road Commission met in Escanaba Monday and passed the bills for the work that has been done.

The Marble office is being moved to its roomier quarters in the former storage building. The heating pipes were installed earlier in the week, and the place has been cleaned and remodeled. The Marble company is making arrangements for 300 feet of space at the Lewis & Clark exposition at Portland, Oregon, next summer and will present an exhibit even larger than at St. Louis. W. L. Marble, Jr., has a large group photograph of the persons in charge of the exhibits in the Fish and Game building. His own face stands out clearly in the throng.

The Young Ladies of the City have organized a Basket Ball Team. Their first meeting was held Tuesday evening at Miss Nylander's rooms, and officers were elected: Miss Nylander, Chairman; Miss Margaret McDonnell, Treasurer and Miss Agnes Gleason, Secretary. It is hoped that their endeavors will be successful and from circumstance it is not at all doubtful as some of the most popular and ambitious girls in town are manifesting great interest.

The Marquette Mining Journal is printing "limericks" with the Queen City for a background. The Delta is reminded of an effort of its d—apprentice:

A youth and a maid in Marquette
Fell in love the first time they met.
He succumbed to her charms;
She fell into his arms.
And he called her his sweet little puerre.
They moved in the fashionable snette
And they had a grand wedding, you buette;
While, from what we can learn
By reading the Journ—
Al, they're billing and cooing there yuette!

A customer returned to the clerk of a prominent Gladstone merchant Monday. "Give me a bigger one," he said, and got it. "Fifteen cents difference." He flung down a quarter on the counter and it clattered, instead of ringing. "That's counterfeit!" said the lady behind the counter. "Is it so?" returned the customer, "that's the one you passed on me fifteen minutes ago." Moral—Cast your bad money on the waters: it shall return again to you.

Business was very swift at the elevator last month. 500,000 more bushels of grain were shipped than in any other month the port has known. Mr. Peterson is pleased that he now has time to have the place swept out thoroughly. It is thought that some extension will be made on the elevator this winter, but nothing is yet definite.

C. E. Nebel leaves on Sunday for Malvern, Ark., where he will spend the cold months putting up some cement buildings for a lumber company, to be used for dry kilns. He will be back when the ice leaves us.

John Judell was in town Tuesday collecting information and subscribers for a book on the Finnish societies in America. He was also introducing the Finnish American, a paper in Swedish.

Now is the time to get your winter's supply of wood. C. W. Davis has birch and maple 16-inch wood at the following prices delivered: 1 cord, \$1.75; 2 cords, \$3; 3 cords, \$4.50.

The Escanaba city lighting plant was closed from Saturday to Tuesday night for repairs and connections, and the people burned kerosene and candles in the mean time.

Anderson & Hansen in another column call attention to some specialties which it will certainly pay you to consider.

A few still suffering with corns who have not used Powell's Corn Cure. All who have used it are happy. 15c.

W. A. FOSS, Cashier

W. A. Meredith, traveling for an underwear firm, was in town Thursday. He states that he finds business conditions extremely good in the upper peninsula. In the mining country the stockpiles are cleared up, and the companies are looking for miners. Navigation is closing very late. The merchants are all laying in good stocks, and expect next spring to be the best in six years for business.

The last load of flour, 3,000 tons, was taken out Wednesday by the Manch Chunk. The coal men do not know yet when their season will close, as the Stephenson is in, and the Wisconsin, Van Hise and Weideler are expected. Each has nearly 7,000 tons on board.

Messrs. Harris and Anderson opened their rink Thursday, as per schedule, and two hundred people gathered for a skate and stayed for a few hours. The proprietors will flood the rink a few inches deeper as soon as possible, and make it smoother.

Emil Ericks and wife came up from Escanaba Sunday for a two days' visit with friends here before they left for their future home in Seattle, Wash. Mr. Ericks delivered for Bergman & Erickson two years ago.

J. A. Stewart reports that the market for chessboards and men is really good. He has sold one since he laid in the stock years ago. Now that Roosevelt is elected, people are too busy to play chess.

W. L. Marble leaves next week for Utica, N. Y., on business. He will be gone about ten days, and visit several of the larger cities on his way back. He expects to secure quite a bit of trade.

The Commercial house has been busy lately, and Mrs. Eaton has found her help scarcely sufficient to keep up with the work, but she is getting over the difficulty now.

There has been an indoor baseball team organized at Rapid River, and the promoters expect to find one here to meet them when they are ready; but where is it? And echo answers.

The engine house has been fitted with a fine new sofa, the property of H. McMullins. What with this and the new pine upholstery of the east floor, the room is quite handsome.

Chief Gauffin desires to issue a warning to all citizens against dumping hot ashes near any wooden building, as it is liable to cause a fire. He has seen many cases of this kind.

The clerk's union elected as officers Tuesday night: President, E. G. Ingalls; vice-president, Frank Miller; secretary, T. L. Doran, treasurer, Andrew Marshall.

The school board has granted a two weeks' holiday vacation this year, from December 16 to January 2, and the pupils will have plenty of time to go skating.

Dr. R. S. Forsyth left Saturday evening for New York by way of Chicago. He will spend the winter in the east perfecting his knowledge of his profession.

A fire alarm was sent in about five o'clock Wednesday afternoon and the department turned out and extinguished a chimney fire at the home of Milton Call.

The high school is exactly filled now, sixty pupils attending, and Miss Bradshaw is pleased to find them very prompt and regular in attendance.

Miss Ida Radtke returned last week from Cecil, Wis. Miss Mary Radtke is still there, taking care of her mother who is gaining in health.

This is the season when many Scandinavians are returning to the old country for a visit. A large number went out on No. 8 yesterday.

Ingalls' Colic Cure cures the most severe cases of colic in horses. 50c a bottle. Manufactured by A. H. Powell.

C. A. Clark is now established in his winter quarters, and we shall see him more frequently downtown.

Barney Goldman left for Milwaukee Tuesday night. He was delayed for a couple of days by a cold.

Miss Myrtle Yokum visited her relatives in Ishpeming this week, returning Thursday.

Sixteen inch summer wood, full cord, delivered to any part of the city, \$2.50. Call up C. W. Davis, phone 7.

The Rapid River oil well was down 835 feet last Saturday and the drill was in sandstone.

Miss Catherine Sheridan has been ill this week, and her scholars have missed her greatly.

Frankness consists in always telling the truth, but not always all the truth.—Balzac.

Alfred Smith, of Crandon, Wis., visited Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Wingett Sunday.

Hon. David Hammel was in town for a few hours Tuesday, on his way to the Soo.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gagnon Monday, December 5, a son.

Charles M. Schwab says: "Prospects for the steel trade were ever better than at present. Indications, as I read them, point to high tide in the steel business for the coming year. I cannot see further ahead than that at this time but I am sure that works in which I am interested are receiving today approximately two and a half times as many orders as they can attend to at this time. Mr. Schwab believes that by 1910, 25,000,000 tons of steel will be used in United States annually and that steel cars will replace wooden cars and that use of steel in buildings will be on a larger scale.

The steamer Lotus made her last trip to Gladstone on Monday and next day went into winter quarters behind the number two ore dock at Escanaba. She has made a good record this season and has done a profitable business. When the Lotus is laid up it is really winter in Gladstone, for she is usually about the last boat to quit. Her trips between the points on the bay are of interest to all Gladstone and are greatly missed during the cold months.

The ice in the upper bay looks particularly tempting. Miles on miles of glassy expanse can be seen. On the southern sides there is not so clear a field, and withal the ice is not so thick. One prominent merchant explored the curleau waters last Sunday with scientific thoroughness. His official report is not yet promulgated, but he admits in confidence that the water was somewhat damp, and not too hot for use as a beverage.

Since Sir Edward pronounced that Americans ought to call themselves Usanians, suppose Sir H. Edward sets us an example by taking the first letters of England, Wales, Ireland, Scotland, Canada, Australia, India and South Africa, the components of the British empire, forming the word 'Ewiscasia,' and trying it on the house of commons. 'Ewiscasian' sounds better than Canuck, anyway.

Wanted, a good girl to do general housework. Elizabeth Pulley is supposed to hold the world's record for continuous employment in the same place as a servant. She is in the family of Gen. Cornell, in a suburb of London. In 1834 she went to work for the general's mother and has remained in the service of the family without interruption, for 70 years. Gladstone has none like this.

No one really favors reciprocity with Canada who does not favor entirely taking down the bars on both sides of the border line. Reciprocity with Canada can only be had if there is established between the Dominion and ourselves the same freedom of trade which exists between the several States. This can only be when representatives from Ontario sit in the congress at Washington.

Gladstone Lodge, 396 F. & A. M., elected officers last Friday night for the coming year, as follows: T. D. Springer, W. M.; W. J. Huber, S. W.; W. B. Prentiss, J. W.; W. A. Foss, Treasurer; C. A. Clark, Secretary. The officers will be installed sometime before December twenty-eighth.

The Delta omitted last week to chronicle a very pleasant party held Thursday evening by Mrs. H. C. Henke. It was a carpet rag social and there was much merriment among the guests, the winner of the prize for speed being Mrs. Chris Smith. A supper was served late in the evening.

C. W. Davis has an attractive window display at his down town office, with his name in bright blue letters. He did not have a bright display of colors to work with, but produced a good effect notwithstanding.

Rooms to Rent, formerly occupied by Dr. Forsyth. Inquire of Andrew Swanson, corner of 12th and Michigan Avenue.

Rev. A. T. Rutledge, of Lansing, Mich., visited Rev. D. H. Yokum Thursday, while on his way to Marquette.

A big line of Christmas Presents, larger than ever before, in Jewelry and Silverware. ERICKSON & PETERSON. 38

The Soo Line cut down its yard crews Thursday to winter basis, two day engines and one night engine.

Coal is higher, so the dealers inform us; but Alderman Henke says that his coal is getting lower.

W. H. Reynolds of Masonville, was in town Tuesday with his brilliantly colored road wagon.

Miss Ida Collins left Thursday for Fond du Lac, having visited friends here for several weeks.

Alderman LeBlanc is improving in health, and was able to attend council Monday evening.

Powell's Headache Powders for sick and nervous headache. 15c a package.

John McDonnell, who has been very sick lately, is somewhat better.

W. L. Marble transacted business in Escanaba Tuesday.

Stop that cough with Powell's Cough Syrup, 50c a bottle.

Frankly let it be said that any vast extension of our foreign markets for American manufactures is a dream, a fantasy, a chimera—unless it be done by reducing production cost, by cutting down the wages of American labor. It is not the function, not the manifest destiny of the United States to do the manufacturing for the rest of the world. The American wage scale and the American standard of living make it impossible. Only two classes of people clamor for foreign trade and urge Tariff reduction as the means to that end: Either free-traders, who seek to do away with protection altogether; or else protectionists who have not yet figured out the difference between an assured market with a consuming capacity of twenty billions a year and a foreign trade which could not be increased to one-twentieth of that amount without greatly impairing the value of the twenty-billion-dollar market. There is and can be no motive back of the desire for swift and sweeping reductions in the dates of the Dingley tariff other than to bring in an era of lower prices, to cheapen things. Does the country want an era of cheaper things, of cheaper labor, of cheaper manhood and womanhood? That is the question, the answer to which must, or should, determine whether the tariff is to be smashed.

Upper Peninsula Pythians are already beginning to show interest in the annual reunion to be held at Sault Ste. Marie. The president and secretary of the upper peninsula organization met in Ishpeming with the past chancellors of Zenith lodge Tuesday and discussed plans. James Bryden of Ishpeming is president and Mr. Hecox of Sault Ste. Marie is secretary. Rules and regulations for the team contest were outlined, but no definite action was taken, as the officers desire to have the approval of other members of the committee. The date for the next meeting was discussed. The officers, and in fact all others present at the meeting, agreed that no better date could be chosen than June 4, the day on which the last reunion was held in Ishpeming. This date will be recommended for the principal reason that it is a holiday and a larger attendance can be expected than at any other time.

Try Powell's Beef, Iron and Wine for that tired feeling. 50c and \$1 bottles. * 39

FATAL ACCIDENT.

William J. Robertson, brakeman on the branch train, was killed at Hoop Spur Thursday afternoon, by a log which fell on his head while he was making a coupling. At about twenty minutes past twelve the train was picking up a car load of peeled logs. Robertson stood ready to make the coupling. The cars struck hard, and one of the binders slipped off and fell on him. It struck him first on the back of the head, fracturing his skull, and then at the base of the spine. He struggled from under it and died almost instantly. His remains were brought to Gladstone on the train. Robertson was a member of the Knights of Pythias as well as the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. He leaves a wife and an infant child. Mrs. Robertson's relatives are expected from Bailey's Harbor to-morrow.

K. P. ELECTION.

The annual election of Gladstone Lodge, 163, Knights of Pythias, was held Tuesday evening and resulted in the choice of the following officers:

Chas. D. Mason, C. C.
Roy J. Hammel, V. C.
H. J. Krueger, Prelate.
A. J. Bellaire, M. of E.
H. L. Bushnell, K. of R. & S. and M. F.
Geo. W. Ackerman, M. at A.
D. C. McIntyre, I. G.
Chas. E. Bandfield, O. G.
F. W. Aslitt, M. of W.
Chas. D. Mason, trustee 3 years; H. W. Blackwell, trustee 2 years; H. J. Krueger, trustee 1 year.

The lodge is prospering and contemplates much improvement to its castle hall during the year to come.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

KIPLING, MICH., Dec. 1, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the tax roll of Brampton Township for the year of 1904 is now in my hands for collection, and I will be at my office at Kipling between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. Taxes paid before January 10th will be subject to a collection fee of one per cent. After that date, and until the first of March, at which time the tax roll is turned over to the County Treasurer, a collection fee of four per cent. will be charged.

A. N. SINCLAIR,
Township Treasurer.

ESCANABA CANDY KITCHEN

704 LUDINGTON STREET, ESCANABA, MICH.

50,000 Pounds of Candy for the Christmas Trade.

French makes	15c	Two pounds	25c
At.....		For.....	
20 Different Kinds	20c	Three pounds	50c
Chocolates at.....		For.....	
American makes	10c	Three pounds	25c
Per pound.....		For.....	
Assorted Nuts	20c	Three pounds	50c
Per pound.....		For.....	

All Kinds of Candy Cans.

All kinds of Fancy Boxes..... 15c to 75c

Any person buying \$1.00 worth receives a box of Bon Bons Free.

Special prices in large quantities to churches, lodges, parties, etc.

LAGGIS & GLADOS,

Proprietors.

Largest Candy Kitchen in Town.

M'GILLIVRAY FOR SENATOR.

May Be Second Choice of the Stalwart Element in the Coming Struggle.

IF QUARLES IS BEATEN.

It Is Thought That He Will Gain Votes from the Ranks of the La Folletteites.

BOOM GOVERNOR FOR THE SENATE.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 8.—[Special.]—Among things that are talked of in stalwart senatorial circles is a plan to make James J. McGillivray second choice of that faction of the Republican party in Wisconsin for United States senator, if it should develop that it is impossible to re-elect Senator Joseph V. Quarles.

Prominent in Legislature. Senator McGillivray has a longer legislative record than any man now holding a seat, having served continuously in either Assembly or Senate since 1890. From the time he took his seat as an assemblyman he has been prominent in



J. J. M'GILLIVRAY.

legislation, and as president pro tem of the Senate has been noted for his impartial rulings. While there may be nothing to the boom that has been started for him for still higher honors than he now enjoys, it is certain that he has a large number of friends in the Legislature, especially among the older senators, with whom he has been intimately associated.

Supported Babcock. Six years ago he was for Babcock for senator, and the friends he made then are of the kind that do not forget political favors, while at the same time his connection with the administration since Gov. La Follette was first nominated has been of that pronounced kind that places him in a position to call for support if he develops strength among that portion of the party that has not been identified with the administration.

The McGillivray boom is still very much in its infancy, but may grow to stalwart proportions between now and the time when the legislators begin to vote, if the senator keeps his head and lets things grow. May Indorse La Follette. At a conference of La Follette senators, to be held here Saturday, it is not improbable that Gov. La Follette may be endorsed for United States senator.

A powerful sentiment is springing up among his supporters to send him to the Senate, and only the emphatic refusal from the governor will be able to allay it. Should a deadlock over candidates develop, as now seems probable, it would not be surprising if a stampede would be made toward La Follette, which the executive would be practically unable to resist.

The supporters of Judge Webb have written the governor asking his opinions regarding the senatorship. Should he promise to be a candidate all others would withdraw.

HITCHCOCK ISSUES REPORT

Secretary of Interior Recommends Forest Reserve Transfer and Tells of Land Frauds.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 8.—The report of the secretary of the interior, E. A. Hitchcock, was issued today. It is a bulky document, containing the reports of all the chiefs of the many departments under him, and reviews the work of the year in detail as it has been published from time to time as events have warranted. Much space is given to the forest reservations, with the recommendation that the management be transferred to the department of agriculture.

He calls attention to the conspiracy in Oregon to defraud the government of a large acreage of public lands. Since his report was prepared the indictments he specifies have been followed by trials, and yesterday all except one of the men involved were convicted.

The Indian reservations, as usual, are discussed at length, with full details of the work of the year.

To Correspond with Belgians. Madison, Wis., Dec. 8.—[Special.]—The authorities of the University of Wisconsin have proposed to Prof. W. A. Scott of the commerce course, that the students of that institution correspond with the commercial students of the University of Wisconsin in order to familiarize the Belgians with English commercial correspondence and the Wisconsin students with the French business letter writing.

Deer Taken in the Town. Calumet, Mich., Dec. 8.—[Special.]—Embodied by the closing of the hunting season, a fine, large deer strayed into the residence portion of Lake Linden the day after the season was up. The animal walked leisurely down the main street with apparently little fear of danger.

A student of the population of the anthracite region of Pennsylvania reports that there are 430,000 people inhabiting that section, of whom 430,000 are foreigners. Of this latter number more than 50,000 cannot read or write.

GREAT REBELLION THREATENS CHINA.

WELL ARMED BANDS OF REVOLUTIONISTS ARRANGING UPRISING AGAINST GOVERNMENT.

Wealthy Men Are Engaged in Plot Against the Emperor—Not a Boxer Outbreak.

New York, Dec. 7.—A state of evident anti-dynastic unrest, which is likely to culminate in an uprising, is reported to exist in the northern part of Honan and Shantung, and the southern section of Chili provinces, by a Herald correspondent at Tientsin, who has just finished a 100-mile journey through that part of China. The threatened uprising is not likely to be confined, but might spread to a majority of eighteen provinces.

This movement, the correspondent continues, is not Boxer fanaticism. It is widespread, well organized and well armed. Prominent and wealthy men are members of all the northern societies, controlled by a strong central authority with headquarters in south China.

They are in close touch with the Kolu-chai head of the present rebellion in Kwangsi. The Kolu-chai was organized by soldiers after the Taping rebellion as a patriotic society. It now leads the anti-dynastic movement and includes among its members many soldiers from south of Yangtze.

Among the alleged grievances are the indemnity tax, forced contributions to the imperial army and court and the sequestration of temple property for public schools.

Premature overt acts are more probable, the dispatch concludes, in Honan province. Strong government influence is evident in Chili and Shantung.

PANIC IN A THEATER.

Flash of Flame from Electric Machine Sets Nebraska Audience in Wild Flight.

Norfolk, Neb., Dec. 7.—A shout of fire from a young man in the gallery started a panic in the Auditorium theater here during a matinee. There was a rush for the exits, which were found locked, and in the stampede women and children were knocked down and trampled on. Few, however, were hurt.

The alarm was started by the blowing out of a fuse of an electric light wire. A moving picture machine in the gallery was being prepared for the next scene, and there was a flash and an explosion, and from the wire shot a tongue of flame into the draperies. Enveloping the blaze came a thick puff of smoke, which spread over the theater and rose to the level of the galleries.

At the first cry of alarm, women and children rose in a mass from their seats and in an instant the pit of the auditorium was alive with the struggling crowd, shouting in terror and rushing for the doors. Meantime the galleries were the scene of an equally strenuous rush. Men and boys, the belief that the fire was below them, clambered over seats on their way to the exits. In their eagerness some of the men ran to the windows, hoisted them, and made an effort to jump out. Ushers seized and held them.

The manager and members of the company assured the audience there was no danger. At first no attention was paid to their words, but later their efforts were more successful, and they slowly the crowd seemed to realize there was no cause for alarm. The panic ended almost as suddenly as it had begun, and the play was resumed.

JEALOUS MAN KILLS.

Husband Slays His Wife, His Child, the Suspected Man and Himself.

Rochester, Ind., Dec. 7.—In a fit of jealousy, Gilbert Burns killed three persons and himself. His victims include his wife, baby and Joseph Gripe. Another woman was seriously wounded. The tragedy was enacted at the home of his victim, Gripe, two miles from here. Burns' wife, who separated from him three months ago, was employed as a nurse for Gripe's mother and was sitting at the supper table when her husband shot up with revolver in hand.

Burns fired at her through the window. The bullet struck her head just back of the left ear. In her arms she held their baby, and before the woman fell another bullet ended the child's life, too.

Burns then shot at Gripe, whom he accused of paying attentions to his wife. The bullet struck Gripe on the right temple, instantly killing him. The first shot struck another member of the household, Miss Martha Braman, over the right eye. She may die. None of the members of the household remained unharmed save the aged mother of Gripe. Screaming in terror she ran from the house to give the alarm. Burns made no attempt to stop her. He calmly retraced his steps to the house of his sister, Mrs. Sarah Werner.

When he reached it he went into the sitting room, and without a word drew out the revolver, and, putting it to his temple, pulled the trigger. The woman fainted at the sight, and remained unconscious until members of a posse that had quickly gathered reached the house in their search. Finding Burns dead, the posse disbanded. Burns was 50 years old and his wife only 28.

FIERCE DROP IN COPPER.

Amalgamated Goes Down to 70%, Which Is a Fall of 6% Since Yesterday—One Broker Blamed.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 7.—More than \$20,000 shares of Amalgamated copper were sold on the Boston stock exchange before 1 o'clock today. It opened 75 and rapidly sold down to 73. After a brief rally, it reached 70% a drop of 6% since yesterday. Copper range declined to 67, but recovered to 67%. United States Mining lost nearly three points at one time. Isle Royal, 1/2, and other copper shares were weak. The decline was attributed partly to a campaign against it by a Boston broker.

STOPS \$1,000,000 FUNERAL.

Japan Opposes Appropriation of Vast Amount for Burial of Korean Princess—Treasury Is Empty.

Seoul, Dec. 6.—Notwithstanding the Korean treasury is empty and official salaries are unpaid, the government has appropriated \$1,000,000 for the expense of the funeral of the crown princess. This has brought forth a protest from the Japanese adviser of the finance department, M. Mizuta, whose endeavor for the betterment of Korean finances would be frustrated by such ill-advised expenditure.

FIFTEEN DIE IN EXPLOSION.

Coal Miners at Burnett, Wash., Brought to Pieces Without a Moment's Warning.

DISASTER IN A MINE.

Country Shaken Like an Earthquake by Awful Blast—Rescuers Unable to Enter Mine.

TWO BROUGHT UP FROM SHAFT.

Burnett, Wash., Dec. 8.—By an explosion in the Burnett coal mine, without a moment's warning, at least eleven lives were snuffed out and it is believed that the death list will total fifteen. Eleven recovered, and mangled corpses have been recovered. Of these unfortunate victims eight are men of family, while three were unmarried.

There is thought to be at least four other miners in the shaft, but it was deemed unsafe to continue the rescue work and the effort to rescue them was abandoned before midnight. While there is slight hopes that they may still be living, they have practically been given up for lost.

It is believed that fire damp was responsible for the disaster, but this will not be known until an investigation has been held.

The Burnett mine is owned by the South Prairie Coal company, and is located about a quarter of a mile east of the depot at Burnett. At the time of the accident there were about forty men at work. Just prior to the explosion some of the miners had ascended to the surface and others, more numerous, were in the shaft. It is believed that the explosion was caused by the terrible blast which shook the neighboring territory like an earthquake.

Two workmen were rescued badly injured, but it is believed they will recover.

PARAGUAY MAY GIVE IN TO REVOLUTIONISTS.

Government Forces Have Again Been Defeated and Mediation May Be Accepted.

Buenos Ayres, Argentine, Dec. 8.—The Argentine minister at Asuncion, Paraguay, reports that the Paraguayan government forces have again been defeated by the revolutionists. He adds that arrangements are proposed with the object of negotiating a truce, and that the government is said to be disposed to accept mediation.

HOUNDED TO DEATH BY HUSBAND'S EX-WIFE.

Bride Could Not Endure the Constant Presence of Wife No. 2: in Her Home.

Ottumwa, Ia., Dec. 8.—Driven to desperation by the infidelities of her married life and goaded by the constant presence in her home of her husband's recently divorced first wife, Mrs. Harriet Hendricks Castle, a bride of less than three months, drank poison. In less than half an hour she was dead.

C. B. Castle, a painting contractor who recently failed in business, was divorced on September 6 after a sensational trial from his wife, Mrs. Maggie Robertson Castle. The husband was given the custody of two small children and the wife was granted permission to visit them.

On September 19, thirteen days later, Castle was married to Miss Harriet Hendricks of Chillicothe. The divorced wife from the first spent a large part of her time at the Castle home on the pretense of visiting her children and agent in the protests of the bride. Wife No. 1 constantly taunted wife No. 2 with breaking up her home. To add to the difficulties of the young wife, the husband, it is declared, has been an almost constant state of intoxication since his failure in business.

Tuesday night No. 1 spent most of the day at the Castle home, and it is claimed that matters became so intolerable for the bride that she determined to end her torture longer she purchased a bottle of carbolic acid at a nearby drug store. Returning to her home she swallowed most of the contents.

MRS. ROGERS MUST HANG.

Vermont Legislators Stop Passage of Bill Commuting Death Sentence to Life Imprisonment.

Montpelier, Vt., Dec. 8.—The Vermont House of Representatives refused to pass a bill to commute to life imprisonment the sentence of hanging imposed upon Mrs. Mary M. Rogers, convicted of murdering her husband.

"FAIR-HAIRED KENOSHA GIRL."

Wealthy Man So Describes the One He Wants for Bride.

Kenosha, Wis., Dec. 8.—[Special.]—Kenosha girls as wives are in demand. This morning the postmaster here received a letter from a man in Michigan, stating that he was anxious to secure a Kenosha girl for a wife. The letter was addressed "To a Fair Haired Girl in Kenosha." In the letter the man stated that he had an independent fortune and that as he had heard of the beauties of Kenosha girls he had decided to make an effort to secure one of them as a life companion. The postmaster has consented to forward any letters to him.

TO MAKE TOBACCO INQUIRY.

President Will Appoint Special Attorney for Purpose.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 8.—The administration is about to begin a searching investigation of the tobacco trade, with special reference to the operations of the so-called tobacco trust. To this end the President decided to appoint A. E. Garner of Springfield, Tenn., special assistant attorney general, with instructions to make an extended inquiry into everything pertaining to the relations between growers, manufacturers, and consumers of tobacco.

So far as known, the first campaign emblem was a finger ring of copper. It was worn by the adherents of John Quincy Adams in 1825, when he ran for President, and was inscribed "John Quincy Adams, 1825." Tintypes and medallions were among the insignia of the 1860 campaign.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS IN HOUSE.

Speaker Cannon, attired in a black frock coat, adorned with the usual red sash, mounted the rostrum promptly at noon on the 5th of December and rapped the House to order. Mr. Cannon, in his usual manner, Rev. H. N. Conden, the new members were escorted to the speaker's desk and introduced to the House by the speaker. The speaker named the following to represent the House: Messrs. Burton (Ind.), Hawley (Iowa), Minton (Ind.) and Williams (Dem., Mich.). Mr. Cannon then extended until January 5 the time when the merchant marine commission shall submit its report. The House adopted resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Senator George W. F. Edmunds, as a further mark of respect, at 12:33 p. m. adjourned. The formal display in the House was beautiful in the extreme, and there was hardly a desk that was not banked with floral pieces, while a number were completely buried, chair and all, with massive designs of a costly nature.

Bills were introduced by Mr. Hull, chairman of the committee on military affairs, for the appropriation of \$1,000,000 annually to promote fire practice; by Mr. Hill of Connecticut, providing for the redemption of silver certificates in gold coin and direct deposit of the Treasury to the extent of \$100,000,000 in gold and bullion for the purpose; by Mr. Latham of Pennsylvania, allowing rural mail carriers ten days' leave of absence each year with pay; by Mr. Littlefield of Maine, requiring copies of all laws to be printed in English and French; by Mr. Rogers of Massachusetts, providing a pension of \$100 a month for the widows of Union soldiers, sailors and marines; by Mr. Shuckroff of Missouri, introducing a resolution providing for an inquiry into the affairs of the Panama Railway company; and Mr. Deemer of Pennsylvania one providing for the printing of 10,000 additional copies of the Constitution. The President's message was read, referred to the committee of the whole House on the state of the Union, and ordered printed. Adjourned at 2:25 p. m.

In the House on December 7 Mr. Bingham of Pennsylvania reported the legislation for the relief of the Union, Southern and Central Pacific systems; Marvin Huggitt, president of the Chicago & North-Western; Samuel Spencer, president of the Southern railway; Roswell Miller, chairman of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; Charles S. Melton, president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford; President Earling of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; B. L. Winchell, president of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific; Robert Mather, president of the Rock Island company, and F. D. Underwood, president of the Erie.

PROCEEDINGS IN SENATE.

The Senate convened promptly at noon December 8. The first senator in his seat was Mr. Platt of New York. The noon decorations were equal to those of any session of the Senate. The Senate chamber was overflowing with the offerings, and the Senate force was occupied from 11 o'clock until 1:30 p. m. The largest stogie tribute was placed on the desk at 11 o'clock. It consisted of a large basket of American Beauty roses and chrysanthemums. The largest collection of flowers was that sent to Senator Edmunds by New Jersey. His desk, chair and the floor all about were covered with roses and chrysanthemums and baskets of flowers of all kinds. When Senator Fairbank, the vice president-elect, entered the chamber he was greeted with cheers and hand-clapping. The session was opened, and Senator Allison made the usual formal motion that a committee be named to inform the Senate of the progress of the bill.

President Pro Tem. Frye appointed Messrs. Allison and Calkins for this duty. The deaths of the late Senators Quay and Hoar were announced, and the Senate adjourned out of respect to their memory.

Senator Gallinger read the oath of office on the 6th. Senator Gallinger read a preliminary report of the merchant marine commission, and on his motion the report for the final report was extended until January 5. After the reading of the President's message, about a dozen resolutions were introduced, which will indicate to the President were referred to committees. Adjourned at 2:20 p. m.

On December 7 I decided to vote December 16 on the bill providing for the construction of railroads in the Philippines. The discussion developed the fact that there is a general understanding that the Philippines holidays will begin December 19. Mr. Scott asked consideration of a bill providing for the relief of the Union, Southern and Central Pacific systems. Mr. McMillan spoke in favor of the bill, while Messrs. Gallinger and Calkins opposed it and no action was taken. Bills were introduced by Mr. Platt of New York to reduce congressional representation from states where negroes are a majority, and by Mr. Calkins of Ohio to amend the charter of the Red Cross society and provide for a reorganization. Mr. Latham proposed a bill for the purpose of appropriating \$25,000,000 for national aid in building roads in the states. Mr. Calkins proposed protesting against reciprocity with Canada. Mr. Carmack introduced a joint resolution to commission officers to investigate national campaign expenditures. A short executive session was held for the confirmation of nominations. Adjourned at 2:15 p. m.

Wondrous Ways of Ants.

Lieut.-Col. Sykes says at Poomani ants carrying out grain to dry in the sun. In Ancon in Texas found ants who planted a certain seed-bearing grass, reaped it, and carried the grain into their cells, where they stripped it of chaff and packed it away. The paper relating this was read by Dr. H. H. Henshaw of the Lincoln society. Another observer has told us of ants which grow mushrooms. The foraging ants of Brazil and Western Equatorial Africa are terrible creatures. Elephants and gorillas fly before them. The ant's favorite food is to indulge in a meal fit he has satisfied himself that there are none of them about. They have a "leisured class," much larger creatures, who accompany their march. The ants are not fighters, however. One curious conjecture as to their function has been made. They are indigestible, and birds spare the whole army if they should not hold on to their tough morsels. This, it must be allowed, looks a little too strange.

Slaves the ants certainly have, but they do not make slaves; rather, the larvae of the inferior race are carried off and hatched out. The crowing marvel, however, is that the British slave-owning ant, and he alone, makes his slaves fight for him.—London Spectator.

Never Sits. Charles Nagle is an Iowa farmer who has not sat down for six years. Mr. Nagle is sane in other respects, but has a besetting fear that the devil will catch him if he ever sits down. Therefore for a half dozen summers and as many winters he has lived a physically upright life, ever ready to sprint for the tall timber if Satan appears. He sleeps from an iron-cast, built-up bed, and is carried off high shelf, and never rides in street cars or steam cars. He does not attend the theater, and when he goes to church stands up for Satan may be even there.—Minneapolis (Minn.) Times.

A new invention for insuring dry seats on electric cars in wet weather has been displayed in Edinburgh. As explained by the inventor, the new arrangement is a simple one, and can be fitted to any style of car, tramway or ship's deck seat. It is practically a wooden covering for the seat, can be lifted in wet weather, the ordinary movement of the back rest of the seat locking it in position. When raised it forms a shelter for the back of the passenger. In dry weather the cover forms the ordinary seat.

Brooklyn police use automobiles to patrol the boulevards and apprehend "searchers."

TO INFLUENCE AMEER AGAINST THE BRITISH.

MOVEMENT OF RUSSIAN TROOPS ON AFGHAN BORDERS IS CREDITED.

English Government Seems to Disbelieve Reports, Yet People on Inside Say Concentration Is Occurring.

London, Dec. 7.—Although the British government departments concerned in Central Asia affect to disbelieve the reports of large movements of Russian troops on the Afghan borders, those in close touch with the Ameer's kingdom are inclined to credit the news. They believe that Russia is likely to have chosen this moment to make some demonstration of strength, with the object of influencing the Ameer against the British mission which is now approaching Kabul and counterbalancing any loss of prestige Russia may have suffered through the recent British expedition to Tibet. From the latest advices it appears that there has been a steady concentration of Afghan troops.

RAILROAD PRESIDENTS HOLD A CONFERENCE.

Secret Meeting of the Heads of All the Great Systems in the Country Held in New York.

New York, Dec. 7.—A conference of railroad presidents has just been held at the Metropolitan club, where heads of nearly all the great railroad systems of the United States dined as the guests of Edward P. Ripley, president of the Atchafalaya, Topeka & Santa Fe. Nothing was made public as to the result of the deliberations which ensued.

There were present George J. Gould, representing the Missouri Pacific and Wabash systems; Edward H. Harriman, head of the Union, Southern and Central Pacific systems; Marvin Huggitt, president of the Chicago & North-Western; Samuel Spencer, president of the Southern railway; Roswell Miller, chairman of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; Charles S. Melton, president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford; President Earling of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; B. L. Winchell, president of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific; Robert Mather, president of the Rock Island company, and F. D. Underwood, president of the Erie.

PRAYING FOR RAIN IN TWO STATES.

Serious Water Famines in Illinois and Pennsylvania—Many Wells Are Dry.

Bloomington, Ill., Dec. 7.—The drought in central Illinois is growing more acute daily. Numerous water wagons are in service in this city, working day and night to fill cisterns which have gone dry. All over McLean county there is a water famine and stockmen are finding difficulty in supplying their stock with water.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 7.—Special prayers are being offered for rain in churches in certain localities of Dauphin, Perry, Cumberland and surrounding counties. Many wells are dry and farmers are hauling water from the river and smaller streams.

GREAT DANGER OF A BIG PAPER FAMINE.

Drought from Maine to Wisconsin Prevents Paper and Pulp Mills from Keeping Up with Orders.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Dec. 7.—The drought is becoming serious to farmers and manufacturers in northern New York. Pulp and paper manufacturers are obliged to shut down every few days on account of low water. A prominent pulp and paper manufacturer of this city said today that his advisers indicate that the drought prevails from Maine to Wisconsin and in Canada and that there was grave danger of a pulp and paper famine.

FIVE TEAMS QUIT THE SIX-DAY RACE.

Claim That the New York Endurance Bicycle Meet Is Being Unfairly Conducted.

New York, Dec. 7.—Angry because they believed the race was being unfairly conducted and because methods which they allege to be wrong, allowed other riders to gain a lap upon them, five teams in the six-day bicycle race at Madison Square garden quit the race early today. The five teams which quit were Walhour and Monroe, Bedell brothers, Mayo and Newkirk, McLean and Bowler and Butler and Moran.

ENGLAND SEES NO PERIL OF WAR WITH US.

Decides That It Is Unnecessary to Keep Warships in American Waters.

London, Dec. 7.—The admiralty will issue in a few days a statement of its new scheme for the distribution of the vessels of the British navy. A compliment is to be paid to the American government by practically ignoring that country in the distribution of ships. An admiralty official is quoted as saying: "While the relations between America and Great Britain remain as they are we do not need any warships over there."

MILLIONAIRE SLAIN AND ROBBED.

Charles Goldstein Is Shot Down for Revenge at Dallas, Tex.

Dallas, Tex., Dec. 7.—Charles Goldstein, a millionaire, with large business and mining interests in Dallas and in Dawson City, Alaska, was murdered in Dallas and the body was robbed of \$200,000 in money and diamonds valued at \$500,000, a costly watch and other valuables. Goldstein, who had spent the last thirty days in Dallas, had made all arrangements to start on his return to Dawson City. Detectives are working on the theory that Goldstein was murdered for revenge. He is known to have been interested in several private "clubrooms" in Dallas and Dawson City. One of these resorts, on the fourth floor of a Dallas hotel and occupying four rooms, was dynamited Sunday last.

A REMARKABLE TEST APPLIED BY A TEACHER IN A LEADING UNIVERSITY.

Demonstrates the Power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to Restore Vigor to Shattered Nerves.

Mrs. Leander Lane, wife of the minister of the Christian Church, of No. 2014 I street, South Omaha, Neb., tells how her daughter has been enabled to resume her professional work as a teacher after suffering for nearly three years from severe nervous prostration:

"When she was passing from girlhood to womanhood," says Mrs. Lane, "she suffered greatly from difficulties peculiar to her sex. The physician did not help her, but a few boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills brought about the perfect regulation of her system.

"While she had escaped from one grave trouble, she unfortunately began to overwork, first as a student and then as a teacher in a large Iowa institution for orphan boys. She enjoyed her work and was very enthusiastic, but the strain finally told on her. She became pale, weak, nervous, unable to sleep; she had no appetite and she suffered from severe headaches. Then came a complete breakdown and her work had to be given up.

"In this emergency we again tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Improvement came at first slowly and we sometimes doubted whether she was gaining, but we noticed that whenever she stopped taking the pills she fell back, and whenever she resumed the use of them she revived and so we kept up the treatment until she recovered her usual health and was able to take a position in one of our universities where she is happily at work. My mother, my daughter and myself have a well-founded confidence in the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and are always ready to recommend them."

This is simply one more proof that these pills seek disease at its source and effect fundamental cures. They cure various diseases because these have a common origin in impaired blood or nerves. They put the entire system in a healthy condition, because they introduce vigor that is distributed to every part. They arrest physical decay when it seems inevitable and find a road to restoration when the doctor misses it. They are sold by all druggists throughout the world.

Too Great a Resemblance.

Bishop Olmsted of Denver is interested in a number of charities and obtains many generous contributions on their behalf from rich Epicureans.

There is in Denver, however, a millionaire who will rarely consent to help Bishop Olmsted's pet projects. He is a generous man, and in his own way he assists the poor, but to organized charity, for some reason, he heartily objects. The bishop often asks him for subscriptions, but these requests are almost invariably refused.

Recently the millionaire had his portrait painted. Bishop Olmsted met him the other day and said: "I saw this morning your admirable portrait."

"And did you ask it for a subscription?" said the millionaire smiling.

"No," said Bishop Olmsted. "I saw there was no use—it was so like you."—New York Tribune.

Those Vassar Girls.

Not long ago, apropos of the humors of the lecture room, Dr. Woodrow Wilson told of an instructor in astronomy at Vassar college, who in elucidation of a certain point made the following observation: "In astronomy, to determine the motions of three bodies that attract one another is admittedly difficult."

At this juncture the lecturer was annoyed by half-suppressed laughter in the rear of the class-room. "May I inquire," remarked the instructor, sarcastically, "what unconscious humor lay in my last statement?"

Every Walk in Life.

A. A. Boyce, a farmer, living three and a half miles from Trenton, Mo., says: "A severe cold settled in my kidneys and developed so quickly that I was obliged to lay off work on account of the aching in my back and sides. For a time I was unable to walk at all, and every makeshift I tried and all the medicine I took had not the slightest effect. My back continued to grow weaker until I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, and I must say I was more than surprised and gratified to notice the backache disappearing gradually until it finally stopped."

Doan's Kidney Pills sold by all dealers or mailed on receipt of price, 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For serving rabbit as hare a restaurateur keeper of Louvain, France, has been fined \$25.

—Ireland has two annual Celtic gatherings, the Oireachtas and the Feis Ceoil.

—A student of the population of the anthracite region of Pennsylvania reports that there are 430,000 people inhabiting that section, of whom 430,000 are foreigners. Of this latter number more than 50,000 cannot read or write.

—A student of the population of the anthracite region of Pennsylvania reports that there are 430,000 people inhabiting that section, of whom 430,000 are foreigners. Of this latter number more than 50,000 cannot read or write.

—A student of the population of the anthracite region of Pennsylvania reports that there are 430,000 people inhabiting that section, of whom 430,000 are foreigners. Of this latter number more than 50,000 cannot read or write.

—A student of the population of the anthracite region of Pennsylvania reports that there are 430,000 people inhabiting that section, of whom 430,000 are foreigners. Of this latter number more than 50,000 cannot read or write.

—A student of the population of the anthracite region of Pennsylvania reports that there are 430,000 people inhabiting that section, of whom 430,000 are foreigners. Of this latter number more than 50,000 cannot read or write.

—A student of the population of the anthracite region of Pennsylvania reports that there are 430,000 people inhabiting that section, of whom 430,000 are foreigners. Of this latter number more than 50,000 cannot read or write.

—A student of the population of the anthracite region of Pennsylvania reports that there are 430,000 people inhabiting that section, of whom 430,000 are foreigners. Of this latter number more than 50,000 cannot read or write.

The Gladstone Delta

CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance.

The Delta's price for publishing notices of entertainments given by religious or other societies, to which an admission is charged, or from which a profit is expected, is FIVE CENTS PER LINE. Resolutions of any society or organization will be published at the same rate. CHARGES OF TRAVEL WILL BE CHARGED FOR AT TEN CENTS PER LINE.

After Saturday, December 31, 1904, The Delta's free list will be suspended and the rule of payment in advance for subscriptions will be strictly adhered to. At the expiration of the time for which the subscription is paid it will be dropped from the mailing list, unless the publisher is otherwise advised.

The City Council.

The city council met Monday evening with all present. The report of City Treasurer Hammel was received and accepted as follows:

STATEMENT AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS DECEMBER 5, 1904.	
Balances Nov. 15	Overdrawn
Contingent fund \$79.44	\$135.81
Fire department 12.87	176.36
L. & W. Water, overdraft 442.11	14.88
General Highway 53.69	1.31
Thoroughfare 100.02	57.91
Police 160.02	885.57
Poor 81.83	801.59
Salary 25.41	
Demerity 89.73	
Bay Shore Road 171.12	
Cash in my hands	
	\$885.57
	801.59

I have collected up to date the sum of \$161.59 for delinquent personal taxes for the year 1903.

Dr. R. S. Forsyth resigned the office of health officer and Dr. D. N. Kee was appointed to succeed him. The bond of W. F. Hammel as city treasurer, with the American Bonding Co. as surety, in the sum of \$10,000 was approved and accepted. The offer of A. H. Andrews Co., of Chicago, to furnish the council room for \$239 was accepted, provided the goods be delivered in Gladstone. Ayes, Burrows, Helander, Madden, Theriant, Nays, Gormsen, LeBlanc, Young. Council adjourned.

WATER BOARD

The board of fire and water commissioners met December 3. There were present President Slining and Commissioners Carr, Holm and Young.

Some routine business was done and the following bills were allowed:

LIGHT AND WATER DEPARTMENT.	
Salaries, November	\$328.32
Mason Lumber Co., slabs	350.94
C. W. Davis, labor piling slabs	16.14
Marble Axe Co.	1.75
James Muir	2.00
Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co., oil	23.99
A. E. Neff, sundries	11.02
Chas. Strand, labor	22.00
John Fontana	12.37
John Chelander	11.00
W. A. Narracong, postage	1.00
I. G. Champion, printing	1.85
C. E. Mason, meter	11.00
Swenson Bros., frames	4.00
W. F. Hammel, interest on bonds	236.84
J. W. Bartlett & Sons, supplies	1.75
Wadhams Oil Co., waste	13.20
J. B. Clow & Sons, wrench	36
C. Polachek & Co., supplies	11.83
Central Electric Co., supplies	108.89
Wm. Martin, draying	1.00
A. H. Powell, express	.90
H. J. Krueger, hydrant repairs	48.10
E. D. Ingalls, labor	1.50

FIRE DEPARTMENT.	
Salaries, November	100.00
P. LaBelle, relieving McMillan	1.66
E. D. Ingalls, relieving McMillan	1.66
Geo. Rowan, relieving Mackin	1.66
H. Haberman, relieving Mackin	1.66
N. Y. Belting Co., pump	7.50
C. W. Davis, lumber	14.85
Thos. O'Connell, oats, etc.	7.08
Michigan Telephone Co.	5.70
J. T. Whybrew, wood	7.50
A. H. Powell, chemicals	11.10
N. J. Gormsen, laying floor	13.50

It was resolved to insure the city plant for \$10,000, the premium being \$137.50.

Larger purses will be given on the great western circuit next year, the success of the big purses this season having encouraged the management to still greater ventures. Galesburg can now be set down as a successful racing town, thanks to the efforts of President Murphy, Secretary Smolinger and Treasurer Holland. Many improvements will be made at Galesburg before the harness horses will be seen there again. The grand stand will be fixed up, the bleachers will be moved back and enlarged, and the grounds will be beautified.

ESCANABA TOWNSHIP

Miss Fannie Robinson's basket social last Saturday evening was a decided success. The attendance was large and the money realized from the sale of baskets was \$44.30. The object of this social was to get funds for a Christmas entertainment to be given Friday evening, December 23. Miss Robinson is practical and very much in earnest about everything she undertakes, and it is safe to say that the entertainment will be a most successful affair. A Christmas tree and Santa Claus will be the principal features. Among the young people who attended the social from Gladstone were the Messrs. J. D. Muir, Herbert McWilliams, Rufus Siple, Clinton Leach, Norman Kee, Arthur Miller, Tod Ewald, Roy Brown, Eddie McDonough and Hugh McMullen, and the Misses Edith McWilliams, Belle Siple, Rose and Lulu Gordon, Jessie McDonnell, Irene Kee, Nettie Loftus, Hattie Ewald and Liva E. Sears. The ladies brought baskets and the gentlemen money, and Miss Robinson was the gainer thereby. The teacher thanks them for so kindly remembering her.

PEOPLE OF THE DAY

Lieutenant General Linevitch, who commands the Russian army at Vladivostok, until the advent of General Kuropatkin was in command of the land forces of the czar in Manchuria



LIEUTENANT GENERAL LINEVITCH.

under Viceroy Alexieff. He is an old campaigner and has distinguished himself in nearly all of Russia's operations in the far east during recent years. General Linevitch well knows the fighting qualities of the Japanese soldiers, having fought with them during the Boxer uprising of 1900. As senior officer he commanded the allied troops when they left Tientsin for Peking. Under him, besides the Americans, British, French and Russians, were 12,000 Japs, commanded by General Yamaguchi and Major General Fukusima. When the present war broke out General Linevitch was directing the movements of the three Russian army corps which at that time occupied Manchuria and was also governor general of Amur.

What the Senator Thought.

"We southern men," said Joe Blackburn, "often look at a pretty woman much as we would at a picture—admiringly, courteously, but never impertinently. It was in this way that I not long ago rested my eyes upon a handsome young woman who was walking up and down the platform at the station at Washington waiting for her train.

"Soon she turned and saw me. "Rubber!" she exclaimed and shrugged her shoulders, with a frown. "I took off my hat. "Madam," said I, "I beg a thousand pardons. I took the liberty of admiring you because I thought you were the real thing."—New York Times.

Took Nothing.

Mrs. Green (who thinks of engaging a servant)—But is the girl honest? Can she be trusted? Mrs. Brown (the girl's former mistress)—You need not be in the least alarmed. She is perfectly honest. All the time she was with me I never knew her to take a thing—not even my advice as to how things should be done.

A Team.

"Between the two, Jones and his wife cover a good deal of lingual ground." "How so?" "Well, he makes a good after dinner speech and she makes a good before breakfast one."—Detroit Free Press.

Rare.

"Harduppy tells me he never destroys a receipted bill." "No, he's more likely to have them framed and hung up in his parlor as curiosities."—London Judo.

If you want to retain your faith in a critic you ought never to see the things he criticises.—Pall Mall Magazine.

"E-so-pus."

It is E-so-pus, with the accent on the "so," the village in a New York suburb where the news of Judge Parker's defeat at the polls will be received by private wire.—Keokuk Gate City.

Not Yet.

The country is not yet ready to forget the four years of Cleveland disaster between 1893 and 1897.—Camden (N. J.) Post-Telegram.

Church Services.

(Contributed)

Interest in the services at the Presbyterian church continues to grow. Mr. Flett's success in holding his audience where so many have failed must be attributed to one thing and that is that he is true to his calling. He enlightens people in the way of his training, in the way that he is capable of doing it. From the beginning of his sermon to the end he preaches the gospel and nothing else. Preachers who think they must be entertaining and funny in the pulpit and preach everything but the gospel do not deserve to succeed because they are false to their charge. The gospel is a very serious thing; there is nothing funny about it, nothing for anyone to sit and laugh at. When preachers stray away from the gospel they get into spheres where their training has not led them, they talk about things they don't know as much about as their congregation, and their sermons are nothing but word-spinning. People who go to church are, as a rule, serious-minded people and do not come to church to laugh or to be entertained.

The attendance at the Sunday School was the largest reached and the collection was good. A very peculiar thing about the church collection was that in the two collections for the day there was not a single penny.

In the Bible class a discussion arose as to the value of music in the church. The conclusion reached was that good music was greatly to be desired and that as an auxiliary to the sermon its value would hardly be overestimated. In the service however the sermon must take first place and music be considered as secondary. Great care should be taken that the church service does not run into the emotional or sentimental.

The Junior Endeavor Society, under the management of Miss McClellan, is in a prosperous condition. The exercises last Sunday were led by Miss Grace Farrell, Miss Esther Baker presiding at the organ.

In the evening sermon the text being taken from Paul's second epistle to Timothy, a comparison was drawn between a soldier in the Roman army and a soldier of the Cross. As the soldiers in the Roman army was engaged in physical combat, using carnal weapons, so the soldier of the Cross must constantly be engaged in spiritual warfare, a warfare against the flesh, the world and the devil. This warfare must be constant, if there is not actual combat there must be vigil against insidious attack, there must be constant praying and watching. The speaker then turned his attention to an article in the last week's Reporter written by one Rev. Bruce Brown of Chicago, headed "Churches Losing Ground." Mr. Flett proved the falseness of this accusation by reading statistics showing that churches were constantly gaining heavily in membership, and for fear that this would not be considered proof he showed how each year a great deal more money was spent for missionary purposes than the year before and the number of missionaries sent to foreign lands was constantly on the increase. And still this Bruce Brown can say the church is losing ground. Mr. Brown says that the church supplies only one want, and that is the spiritual. All right. We take Mr. Brown at his word. That is exactly what the church is for and when Mr. Brown admits that he gives the lie to all the other statements he makes. It should also be remembered that if man's spiritual condition is right, he is right in every other sphere as a necessary consequence.

Mr. Brown has written letters to men in all walks of life asking them why they are not church members and has received the following answers: 1st. I find my needs better "met elsewhere." Yes, some people find their needs met in the brothel and gambling house. They find their mistake later on, very often when it is too late. 2nd. My time is fully occupied in other things. All right; the business of the church is not to bring the righteous but sinners to repentance. The whole has no need of a physician. 3rd. The churches are out of touch with the times and the needs of men. They lay too much emphasis on trifling differences.

But Mr. Brown has admitted that the church supplies the spiritual want and the answer is true then, only on the supposition that man has no spiritual want.

It is not clear what is meant by trifling differences. In the minds of unbelievers that may mean conversion, baptism, sacrament, in short anything that may be vital to the existence of the church. Mr. Brown winds up by saying that the church is doing the same thing endlessly; again, that is exactly what the church is for. There can be nothing new in the Gospel. It was revealed once for all, perfect and complete.

As a matter of fact, whenever the church does fail it is because it tries to improve on what is already perfect. Preachers instead of reciting the old, old story will open up something of their own.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

The tax roll for the year 1904 is now in my hands for collection. After January 10th, 1905, the usual per cent. will be added for uncollected taxes.

For the benefit of those who are unable to call during banking hours, I will keep my office open from 7 to 9 p. m. on Tuesday and Friday evenings of each week up to January 10, 1905.

W. F. HAMMEL, City Treasurer.

DECEMBER SALE

AT

Shelley's Store.

Shoes.	
One lot Misses' Box Calf Polish Low heel	\$1.00
One lot Child's Box Calf Polish Low heel Shoes	90c
One lot Misses' Fine Kid, Patent tip	1.25
One lot Child's Fine Kid, Patent tip	1.00
One lot Misses' Fine Dongola, Heavy soles	1.15
One lot Child's Dongola, Heavy soles	1.00
One lot Misses' Fine Box Calf	1.25
One lot Child's Fine Box Calf	1.00
All \$3.50 LaFrance Shoes, Widths A, B and C	1.50
All \$3.50 LaFrance Shoes, Widths E and EE	2.25
All \$3.50 LaFrance Oxfords	1.50
Ladies' Fine Black Beaver Felt Low Shoes	1.00
Ladies' Black Felt Slippers	50c
Ladies' Black Felt Shoes	75c
Men's Velvet Embroidered Slippers	50c

Underwear, Continued.

Children's Camel's Hair at a big bargain.	
Men's \$1.00 all wool Underwear	75c
Men's Heavy Fleece Underwear	35c

Cloaks.

One lot \$30.00 ¾ Jackets	\$10.00
All Short Jackets at half price.	
One lot \$35.00 Astrakan Jackets	21.00
Size 34	
One lot Imitation Astrakan Capes	12.50
One lot Imitation Astrakan Capes	7.50
Plush Capes	1.00
Cloth Capes	1.00
Fur trimmed	1.00
All Skirts and Suits at a bargain.	

Furs.

All Muffs at half price.	
\$3.50 Astrakan Boas	\$1.00
Child's Sets very cheap.	

Underwear.

Ladies' \$1.00 all wool Ribbed Underwear at	75c
Ladies' \$1.00 all wool Flat Underwear at	75c
Ladies' 50c Camel's Hair Underwear at	40c
Ladies' 50c Heavy Fleece Underwear at	35c
Children's 50c all wool Vests	35c
Children's 50c all wool Pants	25c
Children's Fleece Lined, All large sizes	25c

Miscellaneous.

One lot of Street Hats, formerly priced as high as \$3.00	25c
Ostrich Tips at half price.	
Eiderdown in colors at half price.	
Boys' Overcoats	1.00
Boys' Winter Caps	15c
Infants' Mittens	5c
Men's Colored Handkerchiefs	3c
Ladies' Fleece Union Suits	25c

IF YOU WANT The Best Coffee Buy DWINELL-WRIGHT CO'S BOSTON ROASTED COFFEES ALWAYS UNIFORM RELIABLE ESTABLISHED 1848 FOR SALE BY ANDERSON & HANSON

We have just now a very handsome line of NEW FANCY LAMPS AND CHINAWARE

In many varieties especially for holiday buyers. Do not overlook our offerings.

TO-DAY WE HAVE FRESH LETTUCE, CELERY AND FRUITS. 541 Delta Avenue.

First publication Dec. 8, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH., November 28, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the county clerk of Delta county, Michigan, at Escanaba, Mich., on January 9, 1905, viz: Homestead application No. 11195, of Henry H. Lancour, for the sw ¼ of nw ¼ section 2, township 42 north, range 22 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Zornow, Fred Brouse, David Lancour, Eli LeBeault, all of Perkins, Mich. THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication Nov. 5, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH., October 26, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, viz: homestead application No. 9414 of Louisa Demarsh, one of the heirs of Joseph Bergan, deceased, for the e ½ of nw ¼, sw ¼ of nw ¼, and nw ¼ of ne ¼, section 2, township 42 north, range 22 west, and that the testimony of Louisa Demarsh, one of the heirs of Joseph Bergan, deceased, will be submitted before the clerk of the Circuit Court for Menominee County, at Menominee, Mich., on December 12, 1904, and the testimony of her witnesses to said final proof will be submitted before the Register and Receiver at Marquette, Mich., on the same day and date, viz: December 12, 1904.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Alex. Lefevre, Frederick Jordan, Louis G. Lefevre, Isaac Pepin, Jr., all of Northland, Mich. THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication Nov. 26, 1904.

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in the land hereinafter described, and to the mortgagee or mortgagees named in all un-discharged recorded mortgages against said land, or any assigns thereof of record:

Take notice, that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof, at any time within six months after service upon you of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned, or to the Register in Chancery of the county in which the lands lie, of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent. additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description, without other additional costs or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Descriptions	Sec.	Town	Range	Am't	Taxes
ne ¼ of nw ¼	6	43	22	\$5.13	year 1900
ne ¼ of nw ¼	6	43	22	6.23	year 1901
ne ¼ of nw ¼	6	43	22	4.97	year 1902
ne ¼ of nw ¼	6	43	22	9.35	year 1903
sw ¼ of ne ¼	6	43	22	5.13	year 1900
sw ¼ of ne ¼	6	43	22	6.23	year 1901
sw ¼ of ne ¼	6	43	22	4.97	year 1902
sw ¼ of ne ¼	6	43	22	10.51	year 1903
nw ¼ of ne ¼	6	43	22	5.13	year 1900
nw ¼ of ne ¼	6	43	22	6.23	year 1901
nw ¼ of ne ¼	6	43	22	4.97	year 1902
nw ¼ of ne ¼	6	43	22	10.51	year 1903

All in Delta County, State of Michigan.

Signed: HUGHITT CEDAR COMPANY, A Corporation. Place of Business: Escanaba, Mich. Dated Nov. 10, 1904.

First publication Dec. 10, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH., December 2, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the Circuit Court for Delta county at Escanaba, Mich., on January 16, 1905, viz: Homestead application No. 9076, of Michele Laineour, for the sw ¼ of nw ¼, e ½ of nw ¼, and nw ¼ of ne ¼, section 6, township 42 north, range 25 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Armande Vouix, Tadule Torangeau, Arthur Torangeau, Armegile Lincour, all of Groos, Mich. THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication Nov. 19, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH., November 10, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Marquette, Mich., on December 27, 1904, viz: Homestead application No. 11107, of August Meisner, for the sw ¼ of nw ¼ section 8, township 43 north, range 24 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Baleri, Anton Loritz, Richard Roth, of Escanaba, Mich., Herman Meisner, of Cornland, Michigan. THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication Nov. 5, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH., October 29, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court for Delta county, Michigan, at Escanaba, Michigan, on December 12, 1904, viz: Homestead application No. 9519, of Louis G. Lefevre, for the ½ of nw ¼ section 3, township 42 n, range 26 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Alex. Lefevre, Fred Jordan, Fred Robinson, Clem Schmitt, all of Northland, Michigan. THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication October 15, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH., October 29, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, John Wiedman, of Escanaba, county of Delta, state of Michigan, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1227, for the purchase of the nw ¼ of ne ¼ of section No. 8, in township No. 41 n, range No. 25 w., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the clerk of the circuit court for Delta county at Escanaba, Mich., on Monday the 19th day of December, 1904.

He names as witnesses: Ruel S. Reed, of Cornhill, Mich., George Crozier, of Escanaba, Mich., Henry Arnold and Mike Reding, of Cornhill, Mich.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 19th day of December, 1904.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

TRAVELERS RAILWAY GUIDE 25 CENTS 158 ADAMS ST. CHICAGO

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description will quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken

SUPPLEMENT TO
THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

GLADSTONE, MICH., DEC. 10, 1904.

Liquor Tax Report.

County Treasurer's Office, Delta County, December 5th, 1904.—The following is a full and complete report of taxes collected or received from the business of selling or keeping for sale, or manufacturing distilled or brewed or malt liquors, during the year ending Dec. 5th, 1904.

R. E. MORRELL, County Treasurer.

Name of Person, Corporation, Association, Company, or Partnership Paying a Tax.	Residence.	Kind of Business.	Place of Doing Business	Amount of Tax paid	Date of Payment
Bourque & Menard.....	Escanaba, Mich.....	Selling or offering for sale spirituous or intoxicating liquors or mixed liquors by retail or any mixture or compound excepting proprietary patent medicines which in whole, or in part consist of spirituous or intoxicating liquors and any malt brewed or fermented liquors.	Escanaba City	250 00.....	Dec. 18
John Johnson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	250 00.....	Jan. 13
Wm. Gibson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	May 2
Chas. Asp and Andrew Olson	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Charles Olson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Emil Dahlstrom.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Nic. Roeser.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Patrick Levy.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Pichette & Horan.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Joseph Perron.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
John F. Johnson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Jacob P. Miller.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
John Theel.....	Gladstone	" ".....	Gladstone	500 00.....	" "
Soren Johnson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Nels Isaacson and Alf Nelson	Lathrop	" ".....	Maple Ridge Twp.....	500 00.....	" "
Andrew Barbeau.....	Rapid River	" ".....	Masonville	500 00.....	" "
Joe Savoie.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Andrew Erickson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Hans Olson.....	Escanaba	" ".....	Escanaba City	500 00.....	May 3
Oscar J. Johnson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Henry Thomy.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
George Bergeon.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Joseph Perrow.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Magnus Anderson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Bink Wholesale Liquor and Supply Co.....	" ".....	Selling spirituous or intoxicating liquors at wholesale.	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Edward McMann.....	Gladstone	Selling or offering for sale spirituous or intoxicating liquors or mixed liquors by retail or any mixture or compound excepting proprietary patent medicines which in whole or in part consist of spirituous or intoxicating liquor and any malt brewed or fermented liquors.	Gladstone	500 00.....	" "
John and Henry Norman.....	Bark River	" ".....	Bark River Twp.....	500 00.....	" "
Wesley Miller.....	Lathrop	" ".....	Maple Ridge	500 00.....	" "
Robert L. Bridges.....	Rock	" ".....	Maple Ridge	500 00.....	" "
Ed. P. Johnson.....	Escanaba	" ".....	Escanaba City	500 00.....	4
Eugene Sullivan.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Chas. W. Bauman.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Ferdinand Lalonde.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
John Magnuson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Nels Ahlquist.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Peters & Godin.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
William Mitchell.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Harris & Paquin.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Bourque & Menard.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Thomas Curry.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
McIntyre & Hodge.....	Gladstone	" ".....	Gladstone	500 00.....	" "
Louis P. Coolan and Henry Coogan.....	St. Jacques	" ".....	Nahma Township.....	500 00.....	" "
B. D. Brophy.....	Nahma	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Adelard Neveu.....	Rapid River	" ".....	Masonville	500 00.....	" "
Maurice Coll.....	Escanaba	" ".....	Escanaba	500 00.....	5
James F. Burns.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Carl H. Berg and Arvid Molem.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Hannah M. Lyons.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Peter Cigrang.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Ernest W. Wickert.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Gust Nelson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
William Cardinal.....	Rapid River	" ".....	Masonville Twp.....	500 00.....	" "
Joseph Eaton.....	Gladstone	" ".....	Gladstone City	500 00.....	" "
Joseph Podesta.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Axel Johnson.....	Escanaba	" ".....	Escanaba	500 00.....	6
James Patton.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Erick Osterberg.....	Gladstone	" ".....	Gladstone	500 00.....	" "
August Lillquist.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Peter Savoie.....	Perkins	" ".....	Baldwin Twp.....	500 00.....	" "
Joseph Ouillette.....	Kipling	" ".....	Brampton	500 00.....	" "
J. J. Ackley.....	Rapid River	" ".....	Masonville	500 00.....	" "
Homer Papineau.....	Escanaba	" ".....	Escanaba City	500 00.....	7
Nic. Neice.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
C. Devost.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
James Pilot.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Chas. G. Beck.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Fred Johnson and Axel Carlson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Louis Anderson and Zotique Lalonde.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	9
Sylvester Dentler.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Alfred Hellman.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Gust Nelson.....	Gladstone	" ".....	Gladstone	500 00.....	" "
Joseph Brusseau.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Louis Tardiff.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Fred Anderson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Matt Haga and Chas. Mattson.....	Kipling	" ".....	Brampton Twp.....	500 00.....	" "
J. A. Bourdelais.....	Escanaba Township Mich.....	" ".....	Escanaba Twp.....	500 00.....	" "
John Poseuke.....	Ford River Switch	" ".....	Wells	500 00.....	" "
Ben Clermont.....	Escanaba Mich	" ".....	Escanaba City	500 00.....	10
John Nelson and William Johnson.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
James Fleming.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	" "
Chas. Irving.....	" ".....	" ".....	" ".....	500 00.....	11

GOSSIP FOR THE LADIES.

"Inverted."

Youth has its griefs, its disappointments, its heartaches, its sorrows, its longings and its memories. Its anguish is a joy that once had been its innocent setting in a staid career.

And age has pleasures, joys, fresh and warm. And glad contentments and expectancies. Its hour of boldness for a threatened storm. Its eager launching upon sunny seas.

Youth has its losses, and sad desolates. The wreck of passions and freight where all was sent. Its light of trust, its helpless heart of fate. Its sunny knowledge of illusion spent.

For life is but a day; and dawn or eve. The shadows must be long when stars are low.

Old age may be surprised and loath to leave. And youth may weary wait and long to go.

—Mary Hayes Dodge, Book of Verses.

Do Not Settle Into Ruts.

One reason why the average woman wears out and grows old before her husband is that through a mistaken sense of duty she lays out for herself at the beginning of her married life a scheme or plan of duty and employment for her time, every hour filled with work, with care and short intervals of relaxation. This plan she follows religiously for years, feeling that she has done her duty because every household event occurs regularly and on time, while she soon becomes a mere machine, a thing with no soul or will. She settles into her rut and goes on round and round on the same track everlastingly. Can any woman keep brightness, originality of thought or speech, or the most precious of all, her own individuality, in a thing with no soul or will? And without these things how can she keep her husband and growing children full of love and admiration, which is the strongest chain next to duty by which she can bind them to her. Her husband's wife and how bright and joyful she seems when she calls, in line cases out of ten it is because the surroundings and talk of this home are variety to her, and rouses her in originality with his dull as anyone. By this little talk it is not meant that the wife and mother should spend her time gossiping with her neighbors, for the wife's duty to her home, husband and children the written law of God. But that duty will teach her to keep on with good literature, the best current topics and to continue to cultivate the domestic graces which won her husband's heart when he came courting that she may never seem to grow old in his eyes, but, on the contrary, to grow mentally with his growth, to be a thought, and in a word, a companion, a helpmate and counselor, and the unfailing source to which her children may go for every useful information. She may accomplish this by setting aside a part of every day for reading, or by time presses by utilizing "odd moments" in reading. There is a wonderful science in "odd minutes," and the woman who puts these to account intellectually is best fulfilling her duty to her husband, her children and herself.—Selected.

Women and Brides.

"How did Mrs. A.'s bride party go off last night?" repeated her brother in answer to her inquiry at the breakfast table. "Oh, it was that funny, conversational, feminine, and altogether so good as to enjoy so much, and that modest. I can stand sheer stupidity better than that. Why," he exclaimed, "I would rather play 'bachelors' bridge with you than sit at a table with Mrs. A. or Mrs. B., although they are both good players, for they will talk about all sorts of things during the interval of play, distraction of the rest, although they themselves are not in the least affected by it. They keep it up straight through the game, and it gets on my nerves, although the women who play with me are not so bad. My sister is Milly B.'s Mrs. A. will call out, 'Milly, dear, there is something I must tell you, and she will jump up, saying, 'Call me when the cards are dealt.' Then, coming back, she will continue to talk about something 'Milly' has told her, while arranging her cards. For a minute after she will be silent and play very good bridge, but as soon as the hand is finished she will begin to talk about that Pobby White's engagement to Miss R. is on again? I heard that she has taken the Keeley cure and that she has forgiven all his sins, and so on, the other women joining in keeping her up until their partners insist upon their paying attention to the game. I went home resolved, as I have resolved before, never again to attend to a mixed card party."

At a house party recently where the tables had been arranged for bridge after dinner, and the men were anxious to begin, the women began to argue whether a certain piece of gossip was true or not. The discussion ran high, and the card players waited impatiently. Finally the host appeared on the scene, "Knowing that there would be no intelligent bridge played until this important matter was settled," he announced sarcastically, "I went to the telephone and called up Mrs. N. (the heroine of the story) and explained to her the situation, asking her if she would settle the question, and allow our game to proceed, which she very kindly did. The facts are thus and so. 'Jim, you never could have done a thing like that!' exclaimed his wife. 'I did, though,' he answered, 'and as the matter is now settled, I hope you can allow our bridge in peace.'—New York Tribune.

Woman as a Voter.

When I asked Mrs. F. Ernst of Denver if she was a political club member, she looked at me a trifle indignantly and said: "No, I'm not; I'm a home maker. Why, I've raised nine children, and how could I find any time for politics when I was doing that?" When one considers the amount of detail that is incident to the proper handling of even a single baby, the truth of Mrs. Ernst's rather indignant remark is very apparent. But Mrs. Ernst is the president of a political club and I knew it, so I observed with a very apologetic air: "You're the president of a political organization, though, aren't you, Mrs. Ernst?"

"Yes," she said, hesitating a little. "If women are entitled to suffrage in Colorado, they should be interested enough to vote. Why, do you know—Mrs. Ernst was beginning to get interested herself—that 50 per cent. of the total vote was cast by women? Our organization differs in no way from any other political club. We have city committees, ward organizations and precinct committees, and we have accomplished a great deal of good for women and children in the ten years that we have had the right to have a voice in state affairs. The club of which I am president has 3000 members in Denver alone, and the members vote and see that others vote when any vital question is involved."

"Why don't you elect a woman governor, then?" I asked Mrs. Ernst, out of pure curiosity.

"Why," she said, with apparent surprise, "we haven't ever thought of that, really we haven't. We're all too busy

with our home affairs to give up the time. Now, I really believe that a woman's first duty is to be a homemaker, and I believe that she can do more good by raising a small family like I have than in any other way. But the women of Colorado have accomplished real good since the right of suffrage was given them, and don't care for office except in a few instances, where abuses needed correction. I have never let politics interfere with either my home or my social duties, and home always comes first; but when I do interest myself in politics, I do so in a matter of fact, business way, and I'm always based upon the fact that we are women instead of men."—National Magazine.

German vs. Boston Child Culture.

She was a dear little Boston girl of 4½ years, and naturally—in Boston—she had been brought up on the most exalted plane of human intelligence as applied to motherhood. However, such is the original corruption of humanity that, one day the beautifully brought-up little girl got angry at her 2-year-old brother, and she kicked him and scratched him and—horror of horrors that should have to say it—she spat upon him. Then did her mother, after her approved Boston methods, take the little girl to one side and speak eloquently and sadly to her of the odiousness of her conduct.

"Surely," said the mother, in conclusion, "surely it was not my own dear, sweet little girl who treated her brother so! It was an ugly black devil who had got into her dear little heart."

"Yes," admitted the child, quite readily, "it was an ugly black devil who made me do the scratching and the kicking; but the spitting—that was my own idea."

The innocent claim to some slight degree of personal accountability in wrongdoing was, if the Boston mother could have seen it, the most promising outlook possible for enduring reform. The Germans have a method of child-culture, which is in marked contrast to our own, which is its simplicity. It is recommended itself strongly to a modern American father traveling recently by a German steamer from Hong Kong to Hamburg. He relates that when two boys quarreled, the mother, saying nothing, picked up first one and then the other, and spanked both hard. Was a child discovered eating something not good for its stomach, with no preliminary lecture on the value of dietetics, the child was simply picked up and given a thorough spanking. Did an older child make a grammatical error, he, without other instruction, was treated to a severe spanking; the general result being, in the opinion of the down-trodden, exhausted American father, that an immense amount of intellectual effort was saved the parent while intellectual effort on the part of the child was constantly stimulated in a necessary endeavor to understand each time for what in the world it was being spanked, and what change it could make in its habits to avoid being again spanked for the same thing.

Convincing a child that the evil he does is altogether his own idea, and by swift retaliatory action causing him to feel the weight of the absolute responsibility of this idea with his mother's ideas, might perhaps in the United States do something to promote the idea of being good. But what American father would dare make the experiment in her own family?—Harper's Bazar.

Gifts for Christmas.

The Christmas season is drawing near and as one of the chief features of our celebration of this season is the exchange of gifts, it is time for prospective givers to make up their minds as to what to give their friends. Some people call their ingenuity to their aid. Sometimes Christmas gifts are a drain on sinu pocketbooks, and the question of meeting the demands of the season in whose hearts are large, but whose means are small.

The object of a gift is, or should be, to give pleasure to the recipient, and when this is our object, pure and simple, we are no longer in the realm of what we give, no matter how simple the gift may be.

One young woman distributed among her friends bouillon-bombs of her own making. Some round boxes about six inches in diameter, were deftly covered with crepe paper, which, on the lids, was made to represent different flowers, the scarlet paper imitated large poppies, the yellow, chrysanthemums, etc. They were filled with bouillon of home manufacture. Various nuts were incased in caustic-sugar, flavored with coffee, peaches, chocolate, and many fruit jellies, and colored appropriately to the flavor with the harmless extracts, the heat the taste into fuller appreciation for one sense helps another. The wrapping paper and ribbons tying the parcels together and colored appropriately to the flavor with the harmless extracts, the heat the taste into fuller appreciation for one sense helps another.

Another young woman bought of an upholsterer a small remnant of broadcloth and some gilt braid, out of which she made a number of bouillon-bombs, covering the pastboard smoothly with the broadcloth and binding the edges with the gilt braid—dipped in vinegar and ink to give an antique effect.

Articles of our own handiwork, that are taken up at odd times, in leisure moments, get themselves made almost insensibly if begun in good season, although no present is, perhaps, less welcome than the abomination called "fancy work," that women take up in idleness, because they are easy or convenient for piazza occupation, and are a pressure that they will "come in play for somebody"—a gift adapted to the special taste or need of some friend, which has kept that person lovingly or pensively in mind during the patient, painstaking labor of its fashioning, is usually prized and treasured above things bought at a shop.

Buying things that will do for something else is also a waste of time and money. Such almost always miss the mark, and please no one. The personality of the intended recipient should be kept vividly in mind. There are those who are content that they have "champagne tastes and beer pockets." Such people should bring their artistic faculty to the fore and create simple things that are perfect of their kind. These are desk furnishings, penholders, stamp boxes, paper cutters, pen extractors, calendars, mullage bottles, penholders, etc.—that, if they properly fulfill the purpose for which they were intended, will have the effect of added grace of appearance, will recall the giver pleasantly to mind nearly every time they are used—and that is the

end and aim of a gift. "Presents endeavor absent."—Los Angeles Herald.

She Had No Brothers.

It's a good thing for a girl to have a brother or two, if only to teach her that she's not so many, after all, and that all men were not made for the express purpose of waiting upon her.

There's nothing to keep a girl within bounds in this respect, like a big, selfish, tyrannical brother, who, "Each time my slippers slip," and "confound your beastly little dog," and declares with brutal frankness that it always did give him the mecumus to see a woman sovel.

It may be that her father, who has noticed that her hair is frizzled, and her complexion indicative of a shameless waste of flour, and that he won't go out with her in such a silly "body," and neither will he wait two minutes past the appointed time. All these things and more will be the heartless brother tell the trusting female who was brought up to share his toys and defer to his opinions.

It can't be denied that such gentle criticism can't be applied to her. This course of training, cruel though it seems, instructs a girl in the ways of men, teaches her the trim appearance they most admire, and school her in habits of punctuality and consideration for which some men, one of these days, will rise up to call her blessed.

It is easy for the discerning eye to tell the difference between the unfortunate creature who has had to grow up without these natural restraints on feminine vanity and inconsideration.

In the orchestra circle at one of the theaters the other night there was a girl who never had brothers, or if she had, they must have died in infancy. She was a pretty girl, with many airs and graces, and the young man who came in with her looked surprised when she offered to help remove her coat, but she declined laughingly, and kept it on. When the first act had progressed to an interesting stage, she arose, and intimated that her companion, saying, "I'll lend his aid in removing her wrap. Slowly and thoughtfully, looking at the stage all the time, she pulled out one arm, then the other, and then she pulled out her hair and "felt of her belt," while the man folded her wrap and arranged it on the chair, and the people in back dodged wildly to see the stage and "forget their own thoughts."

Just as the play got back in the spirit of the play she dropped her opera glass bag, and he spent two minutes scrambling around with his head in close proximity to the floor, while she patted her hair, and the mother, sitting next her, the man folded her wrap and arranged it on the chair, and the people in back dodged wildly to see the stage and "forget their own thoughts."

In the second act she dropped her handkerchief twice, her opera glass once, and his bag twice, so her escort spent most of his time with his head under the seats.

In the third act she whispered that she was cold, and she stood up and he stood up and put on her coat, while the man behind her, who had been sitting in the middle of interesting speeches on the stage, whether her hair was in the third row front, seven seats to the left.

As for that unfortunate young man who spent the remainder of the evening staring blankly at the ceiling, he was not in the third row front, seven seats to the left.

As for that unfortunate young man who spent the remainder of the evening staring blankly at the ceiling, he was not in the third row front, seven seats to the left.

As for that unfortunate young man who spent the remainder of the evening staring blankly at the ceiling, he was not in the third row front, seven seats to the left.

As for that unfortunate young man who spent the remainder of the evening staring blankly at the ceiling, he was not in the third row front, seven seats to the left.

As for that unfortunate young man who spent the remainder of the evening staring blankly at the ceiling, he was not in the third row front, seven seats to the left.

As for that unfortunate young man who spent the remainder of the evening staring blankly at the ceiling, he was not in the third row front, seven seats to the left.

As for that unfortunate young man who spent the remainder of the evening staring blankly at the ceiling, he was not in the third row front, seven seats to the left.

Women's Work at the County Fair.

Christmas Gifts and Various Suggestions.

Women upon the farm require something outside of routine of home duties to brighten and quicken their lives. There is an emptiness in their hearts which can be filled by something else than hard work and the plodding of the day for their families. They need to get outside of their little world and rub up against other interests and another environment. They have the rural tree-land, but they are not in the city, and they are in touch, day by day, with the world's great romance and tragedy, but we need something more.

I will endeavor to tell the farmers' wives of some things which, as far as we can ascertain, entirely original, and the only thing of the kind in the United States. It is a woman's congress, which we have held in connection with our county fairs for the last eight years. We have, on the average, two sessions a day for three days out of the five of the fair, and the audiences are always large. The officers represent each township in the county, and the programme committee is composed of two women from each township and one from the city. The management furnishes us with a large tent, well seated, with platform for rostrum and piano, and the programme committee endeavours to secure the speakers, men and women foremost in the work of the world. We have had some of the most noted divines, physicians, superintendents of public institutions, presidents of colleges, presidents of reform societies, teachers of manual training, directors of experiment stations, trained nurses, demonstrators in cooking from the agricultural colleges, music and education, and many other interesting and interesting sessions from farm women of our own county, who have surprised college presidents with their ability.

Now, what is the outcome of all this work? It has brought together the best elements of our county, and congenial tastes together upon one common ground. The congress has furnished a resting place, where all at any time during its sessions can find a pleasant and profitable home with great thinkers and hear things which give them an inspiration toward higher living. It has gradually eliminated from the fair grounds nearly all that which objectionable, leading the management to seek attraction of a higher standard, and making the fair a safe place for our boys and girls. The congress is conceded by all to be one of the great events of our county, and it is esteemed so highly by the fair association that it intends to build a large auditorium for its sessions.

Is not this an idea that might be carried out by other women at their county fairs? Our husbands and sons are waiting at the fairs to raise the standard in stock and farm products. Why should not we work side by side with them to elevate the standard of public amusements and rural living?—Mrs. George F. Nokes in New York Tribune Farmer.

The Charming Woman.

What is charm? One might as well try to analyze and account for the savory of herbs, or scent of lavender. If you could define its elements and elaborate a recipe for obtaining them, you would achieve a reputation far in excess of the successful pillmaker or he who manufactures beautifying complexion creams. "Charm" is more than "skin deep," and its absence is more deplorable in human intercourse than dyspepsia.

Does charm reside in physical beauty? A beautiful woman, imperially confident of perfection of power, radiant with exquisite color, and having some other quality, she may not have enough intellect to cover the surface of a dime, but the royal heritage of her face insures the ad-

miration that we give to a flower, not demanding of it more or less than its nature.

Men will forgive everything in a woman—silly conversation, apathy, narrow-mindedness, frivolousness, lack of sympathy—if she but possess beauty, lovely with that loveliness that is beyond question; that claims its subjects by divine right. But this sets forth another problem: Does such loveliness exist? To some, Dido will always be a dowdy, Cleopatra a gypsy, Laura a kitchen maid. Beauty may be the greatest of all gifts, but it is not a charm.

One might, with the process of elimination forever, it is not a native wit; it is not culture; nothing that our skill can detect, or our eloquence produce by it. You feel it "all at once, or not at all," and if not at all, the definer, though he spoke with the tongues of angels, could avail nothing.

If we reflect upon the people we know who are charming, it is ten to one that we shall find they are cultured, although our minds will at once turn to a dozen or more who are cultured and not in the least charming.

Think of this, you women who are young—whether you are pretty or plain; cultivate your minds in just one direction whether you are rich or poor; whether beautiful or plain—cultivate the habits of punctuality and consideration for which some men, one of these days, will rise up to call her blessed.

It is easy for the discerning eye to tell the difference between the unfortunate creature who has had to grow up without these natural restraints on feminine vanity and inconsideration.

In the orchestra circle at one of the theaters the other night there was a girl who never had brothers, or if she had, they must have died in infancy. She was a pretty girl, with many airs and graces, and the young man who came in with her looked surprised when she offered to help remove her coat, but she declined laughingly, and kept it on. When the first act had progressed to an interesting stage, she arose, and intimated that her companion, saying, "I'll lend his aid in removing her wrap. Slowly and thoughtfully, looking at the stage all the time, she pulled out one arm, then the other, and then she pulled out her hair and "felt of her belt," while the man folded her wrap and arranged it on the chair, and the people in back dodged wildly to see the stage and "forget their own thoughts."

THE SHRINE.

Dear, I have built in a wood
A shrine to thee, my love,
And there would I dream if I could,
But there's duty to do.

Deep in the forest it stands,
Fragrant with balsam and pine,
Built not by arduous hands,
But by fancy divine.

Out of its twilight your eyes
Shine like stars in a gaze
Eloquent, wistfully wise,
Of impossible days.

Yet, though my joy and my weep
Fade with the dimness of years,
Still to your shrine will I go
To kneel and adore.

—Louise Morgan Hill in Harper's Weekly.

THE ALTERED WILL.

All the inhabitants of V— knew the irresistible Vicomte de Serrigny, lieutenant in the Thirty-sixth Dragons. Everyone had an opportunity of appreciating the elegance of his manners, the distinction of his appearance, and many a feminine heart beat high with hope or tightness with jealousy as he strode along the avenue or held in his prancing aristocratic mansion in Drouot-square.

Our lieutenant was owner of so much that was captivating—youth, beauty, birth and fortune! Oh, fortune especially! The mothers of marriageable daughters grew thin with uneasiness lest any wind should blow this treasure away from them; and the daughters themselves (who are no longer wanting in brains) were kept busy calculating what numbers of bracelets, hats and dresses they should be able to buy from the millions of this adorable little husband of theirs.

Poor innocents! Albert de Serrigny never felt his heart throbbing one beat the faster for one of you; not, indeed, that he was an enemy to marriage, but, like you, he also wanted to make a good bargain when he entered the serious contract. And there was quite a natural reason for this desire on his part: The brilliant lieutenant had for his self-fortune—his inheritance.

He had lately, as a last expedient, almost sold his beautiful young sister, who had a passionate attachment for him, to an old, infirm husband of 60. M. de Lagarde, however, was colloquially rich, and all Albert's fine show was kept up at his expense.

After having thrown sufficient dust in the eyes of the world of V—, at the end of about two years the Lieut. de Serrigny thought it was time to change from his cool indifference toward the feminine element. The daughter of the general was his selection.

The general was a widower, an old African campaigner, frank and brusque. Serrigny raised the siege in military fashion.

"General, I love Mlle. Jeanne. Will you give your consent to my marriage with her?"

"You love her very sincerely, truly?"

"With all my heart, general, I swear to you."

"Then give me your hand, lieutenant. You can be my son-in-law as soon as you like."

"As to fortune, general," continued de Serrigny, "I know how much money adds to happiness, and I would never have thought of Mlle. Jeanne if I had not thought to keep her in a state of bankruptcy."

"Enough, lieutenant. You are a gentleman—I understood all that."

Thanks to the complaisance of an unscrupulous notary, and the connivance of his sister, Mlle. de Lagarde, Albert was able to arrange a contract showing an income of sixteen thousand pounds, four of which he made as a settlement on his young wife. Two months after himself and his young wife were spending their honeymoon under the blue sky of Provence.

Albert, apparently, was wildly gay and happy. Nevertheless, he was not without subjects of preoccupation. The future was shadowed by clouds; debts pressing everywhere around, and for the present no possible means of paying them. For Mlle. de Lagarde, to satisfy the exigencies of the marriage of her young wife, had exhausted all her resources, even every possible pretense of obtaining money from her husband.

The lieutenant's last demand for money had been without the least result, and on receipt of his sister's excuses he had replied by a letter full of vindictiveness and bitterness, containing, among other things, the following charming suggestion:

"You would not even put an end to the old monkey-faced miser; then we might do as we liked with his money."

Then one night at Nice, on his return from the theater, Serrigny found a telegram which had been forwarded from Cannes:

"Husband died suddenly at 2 o'clock. Come at once. HENRIETTE."

It was an unexpected piece of news, but not too hard to be borne.

Albert, without a change of expression, passed the telegram to his wife; and she seemed very much surprised and sad-

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

When Mother Reads Aloud.

When mother reads aloud, the past seems real as every day. I hear the tramp of armies vast. I see the spears and lances cast. I join the laughing, shouting band. I meet, when mother reads aloud.

When mother reads aloud, far lands seem very near and true; I cross the desert's gleaming sands, or hand the jungles' prowling bands. Or sail the ocean blue; Far heights, whose peaks the cold winds shroud, when mother reads aloud.

When mother reads aloud, I long for noble deeds to do— To fight the right, to redress the wrong; So simple to be strong. Oh, thick and fast the visions crowd My eyes when mother reads aloud!

—Hannah G. Fernald in St. Nicholas.

Homer and His Turkeys.

On Thanksgiving afternoon the Colonial theater, the best vaudeville house in the city, held a throng that had dined well and was happy enough to appreciate any sort of fun. The children—hundreds of them—shrieked with delight over every act. The women laughed, the men applauded with great vigor, and a little buzz of excitement went round the house when, at the end of the fourth turn, two boys, instead of setting up the regulation big red number, displayed a brand new card. It read: "Extra Number—Homer Tidd and His Performing Turkeys." A shout of delighted anticipation went up from the audience. Every paper in town had made a special story of the ruin at Birch & Richards'. Nothing could have been so surprising a surprise. Everybody broke into applause—everybody except one little woman who sat in the front row of the balcony. Her features were pale, her hands clasped and undipped each other tremulously. "Homer, boy," she whispered to herself.

The curtain rolled up. The stage was set for a realistic farm-yard scene. The floor was scattered with straw, an old pump leaned over in one corner, hay tumbled untidily from a barn loft, a coop with a hen and chickens stood by the fence. From her stall stared a white-faced old cow; her eyes blinked at the glare of the footlights. The orchestra struck up a merry tune; the cow uttered an astonished moo; then in walked a sturdy lad with fine broad shoulders, red hair and freckles. His boots clumped, his blue overalls were faded, his sweater had once been red. At his heels stepped six splendid turkeys straight in line, every one with its eyes on the master. Homer never knew how he did it. To minutes earlier he had said to the manager, desperately, "I'll cut an' run right off as soon as I set eyes on folks." Perhaps he drew courage from the anxious gaze of his mother's eyes. Hers was the only face he saw in the great audience. Perhaps it was the magnificent array of the turkeys that inspired him. They stepped serenely, as if walking out on a gorgeously lighted stage was an everyday event in their lives. Anyhow, Homer threw up his head and roared past the footlights, till the shout of applause divided into silence. The boy threw back his head and snapped his fingers. The turkeys retreated to form in line at the back of the stage.

"Gettysburg," cried Homer, pointing to a stately plump hen. Gettysburg stepped to the center of the stage. "How many kernels of corn have I thrown you, Getty?" he asked.

The turkey turned to count them, with her head cocked reflectively on one side. Then she scratched her foot on the floor. "One, two, three, four, five."

"Right! Now you may eat them, Getty."

Gettysburg wore her new-worn laurels with an excellent grace. She jumped through a row of hoops, slid gracefully about the stage on a pair of miniature wheels, she stopped from stool to stool, from chair to table, in perfect time with Homer's whistle and a low strain of melody from the orchestra. She danced a stately jig on the table, then, dived a satisfied chuck, descended on the other side of the floor. Amanda, rich, Melitaba, Nancy and Farragut achieved their triumphs in a slow dance made up of dignified hops and mazy turns. They stood in a decorous line awaiting the return of their master, for Homer had dashed suddenly from the stage. He reappeared, holding his head up proudly. Now he wore his blue uniform and jaunty cap of a soldier boy; a gun leaned in his shoulder.

The orchestra put all its vigor, patriotism and wind into "Marching Through Georgia." Straight to Homer's side, denied, said, with a sigh, as full of relief as of regret:

"What can we do, my darling? It is very hard on Henriette, to be sure. But when a couple are so very badly assorted such premature separations must be expected."

The next day, while traveling, husband and wife thought vaguely now and again that they were going to see someone interested; but that was all. Albert was irreproachable in the manner with which he performed the last distressing functions over, he went back to V— with his sister, presumably to distract her from the contemplation of her sorrow, in reality to wait feverishly, nervously for the opening of the will.

For there was a will. M. Osmose Gaudancy, notary, had announced it on the day of the funeral, adding that after the usual conventional delay he would make known its contents to those interested.

The important day came at last. Serrigny, becoming more and more anxious, got permission to remain away from the parade in order to have the news at the earliest possible moment.

At 3 o'clock Mlle. de Lagarde was with her brother, telling in a few words the terrible details of the will.

M. de Lagarde left to his widow an income of 8000 francs, which could neither be transferred nor negotiated. The remainder of his immense fortune was left to distant relatives and public charities.

And detail most overwhelming of all: Attached to the will was a certain letter of Albert de Serrigny's, which ended in these words:

"You would not even put an end to the old monkey-faced miser; then we might do as we liked with his money."

Across the letter in red ink was written:

"This is the only reason for my present will. Were it not for this letter, my wife would have had all I possessed."

It was the husband who had received the letter, and he took good care never to show it to Mlle. de Lagarde.

The Vicomte de Serrigny was obliged to quit the army; and whilst his wife is seeking a divorce from him, it is still

Some Giant Fishes.

At the mention of giant fishes many young folk will at once think of sharks, among which, indeed, are found the largest existing fishes. Of the numerous kinds of sharks noteworthy on account of their size there are four in the front rank; these are the sleeper-shark, the hammer-head shark, the basking shark and the whale shark.

The sleeper-shark, whose scientific name (*Somniosus microcephalus*), its size (ordinarily, appears to have developed its body at the expense of its head, it is a sluggish, stupid glutton, about six times as long as the average man. Its home is in the Arctic regions, but it sometimes makes visits as far south as Massachusetts, Oregon and the British Isles. It is usually seen lying quietly at the surface, apparently dozing, and is easily approached by vessels; but sometimes, when hungry, it rouses itself and goes in search of its prey, ferociously attacking and injuring whales, apparently on account of the great difference in their respective sizes.

One of the largest, and perhaps the most formidable, of sharks is the "man-eater" or great blue shark (*Carcharodon carcharias*). It ranges through all temperate and tropical seas, and is everywhere dreaded. Its maximum length is forty feet and its teeth are three inches long. While there are few authentic records of sharks attacking human beings, there have undoubtedly been many cases of sharks simply swallowing people who have fallen overboard, just as they would swallow any other food. How easy it would be for a man-eater shark to devour a person, may be judged from the finding of a whole hundred-pound seal in the stomach of a thirty-foot shark on the California coast. A certain man-eater, thirty-six and a half feet long, had jaws twenty inches wide and teeth two and a half inches long.

The basking-shark, known also as the elephant-shark and bone-shark (*Cetorhinus maximus*), is an inhabitant of the polar seas, but shores of Massachusetts as far south as Virginia and California, and some years ago was not rare on the English and New England coasts. It reaches its maximum length of fifty feet, and is exceeded in size by only three or four animals now alive. Provided with small teeth, it feeds on fishes and floating crustaceans, and is not of a ferocious disposition. It is dangerous only because of its great bulk, and it attacked its powerful tail easily demolishes small boats. The basking-shark was formerly hunted on the coasts of Norway and Ireland for its oil. It was also one of the largest of the whales which were in the early part of the last century, and many of these sharks from twenty-five to thirty-eight feet long were recorded. The liver of a large specimen some years ago was found to contain a length of seven feet, and was known to exceed fifty feet.—St. Nicholas.

Vinegar for Smallpox.

The vinegar treatment as a preventive against contagion of smallpox, introduced some little time since, has, it is said, been efficient in several hundred cases of exposure. Many of these exposures have been the nurses, as well as many others, and it was impossible to isolate from the original case of smallpox for the want of room. It is claimed that anyone who, after the person has run almost the entire incubation period, the use of vinegar will either abort the disease entirely, or will, with the extent of having all the prodromal symptoms without the distinguishing eruptions.

To get the immediate control of a small-pox epidemic in a community everyone, according to trans-Atlantic contemporary should take a course of vinegar for a week, whether exposed or not. Diluted vinegar applied locally, according to the same authority, control the itching of smallpox. A quantity of vinegar applied to the face while in the vesicular stage will not only abort the pustular stage, but prevent the pitting; but the practice must not be used until the vesicles have formed.—Health.

A German Parrot.

A stranger in a strange land—that was the predicament in which a parrot unable to speak anything but the German language found himself when he left his home in Ploeg to seek adventure. He had been missing about two weeks when the warning which had been sounded throughout the neighborhood by his owners, a well-known jeweler, brought tidings of his whereabouts. He was being given the best of care in the home of a family who couldn't talk or understand anything but English, and there hangs the sad tale of his life.

Unable to talk to one another, they lived together until the jeweler heard the lost one home. Instantly Mr. Parrot saw that his mistress here was a flatter and he mournfully wailed:

"Oh, nehme mich nach hause (O, take me home)."

When Mother Reads Aloud.

When mother reads aloud, the past seems real as every day. I hear the tramp of armies vast. I see the spears and lances cast. I join the laughing, shouting band. I meet, when mother reads aloud.

When mother reads aloud, far lands seem very near and true; I cross the desert's gleaming sands, or hand the jungles' prowling bands. Or sail the ocean blue; Far heights, whose peaks the cold winds shroud, when mother reads aloud.

When mother reads aloud, I long for noble deeds to do— To fight the right, to redress the wrong; So simple to be strong. Oh, thick and fast the visions crowd My eyes when mother reads aloud!

—Hannah G. Fernald in St. Nicholas.

Homer and His Turkeys.

On Thanksgiving afternoon the Colonial theater, the best vaudeville house in the city, held a throng that had dined well and was happy enough to appreciate any sort of fun. The children—hundreds of them—shrieked with delight over every act. The women laughed, the men applauded with great vigor, and a little buzz of excitement went round the house when, at the end of the fourth turn, two boys, instead of setting up the regulation big red number, displayed a brand new card. It read: "Extra Number—Homer Tidd and His Performing Turkeys." A shout of delighted anticipation went up from the audience. Every paper in town had made a special story of the ruin at Birch & Richards'. Nothing could have been so surprising a surprise. Everybody broke into applause—everybody except one little woman who sat in the front row of the balcony. Her features were pale, her hands clasped and undipped each other tremulously. "Homer, boy," she whispered to herself.

The curtain rolled up. The stage was set for a realistic farm-yard scene. The floor was scattered with straw, an old pump leaned over in one corner, hay tumbled untidily from a barn loft, a coop with a hen and chickens stood by the fence. From her stall stared a white-faced old cow; her eyes blinked at the glare of the footlights. The orchestra struck up a merry tune; the cow uttered an astonished moo; then in walked a sturdy lad with fine broad shoulders, red hair and freckles. His boots clumped, his blue overalls were faded, his sweater had once been red. At his heels stepped six splendid turkeys straight in line, every one with its eyes on the master. Homer never knew how he did it. To minutes earlier he had said to the manager, desperately, "I'll cut an' run right off as soon as I set eyes on folks." Perhaps he drew courage from the anxious gaze of his mother's eyes. Hers was the only face he saw in the great audience. Perhaps it was the magnificent array of the turkeys that inspired him. They stepped serenely, as if walking out on a gorgeously lighted stage was an everyday event in their lives. Anyhow, Homer threw up his head and roared past the footlights, till the shout of applause divided into silence. The boy threw back his head and snapped his fingers. The turkeys retreated to form in line at the back of the stage.

"Gettysburg," cried Homer, pointing to a stately plump hen. Gettysburg stepped to the center of the stage. "How many kernels of corn have I thrown you, Getty?" he asked.

The turkey turned to count them, with her head cocked reflectively on one side. Then she scratched her foot on the floor. "One, two, three, four, five."

"Right! Now you may eat them, Getty."

Gettysburg wore her new-worn laurels with an excellent grace. She jumped through a row of hoops, slid gracefully about the stage on a pair of miniature wheels, she stopped from stool to stool, from chair to table, in perfect time with Homer's whistle and a low strain of melody from the orchestra. She danced a stately jig on the table, then, dived a satisfied chuck, descended on the other side of the floor. Amanda, rich, Melitaba, Nancy and Farragut achieved their triumphs in a slow dance made up of dignified hops and mazy turns. They stood in a decorous line awaiting the return of their master, for Homer had dashed suddenly from the stage. He reappeared, holding his head up proudly. Now he wore his blue uniform and jaunty cap of a soldier boy; a gun leaned in his shoulder.

WE WIN SUCCESS
BY DESERVING IT

Christmas Presents

We make these two statements—and the statements are backed up in the store:

(1) Qualities being equal, we sell at infinitely lower prices than does anybody else in our line; (2) Our big HOLIDAY STOCK was never so complete, and never so satisfactory, as it is this season. Ask us to send you our new Booklet and Price-List. It's free.

Bunde & Upmeyer Co.
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

THE MEDICATED CUSHION SOLE

RHEUMATISM
DON'T TAKE MEDICINE.

Our medicated soles, the wonderful external cure. Banishes pain. Removes stiffness and swelling, and expels the acid. They prevent relapses, or new attacks. A godsend to the sufferer of RHEUMATISM, GOUT, BRUISES, STIFF LIMBS, COLD FEET, SORE FEET, and the TIRED FEELING in the limbs.

TO ADVERTISE THIS VALUABLE REMEDY FOR THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS, ON RECEIPT OF 50 CENTS, MONEY OR POSTAL ORDER, WE WILL SEND YOU A PAIR POSTPAID. Mention size of shoe, and if for gift or lady.

THE CUSHION SOLE CO.
34 Cawker Building
Agents Wanted Milwaukee, Wis.

MIXED FARMING
Wheat Raising Ranching

Three Great Pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the

FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS
OF WESTERN CANADA

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirtsleeves in the middle of November. All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest. Extract: Coal, Wood, Water, Hay in abundance, schools, churches, markets convenient. Apply for information to Superintendents of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to J. O. Curtis, Room 11, 110 Calhoun Block, Milwaukee, Wis., Authorized Government Agents.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

Milwaukee News Union & Madison Lists.

The Recently Enlarged Edition of

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

CONTAINS 25,000 NEW WORDS, Etc.

New Gazetteer of the World
New Biographical Dictionary
2350 Quarto Pages
500 Illustrations.

Should be in Every Home, School, and Office

Rev. Lyman Abbott, D.D., Editor of The Outlook, says: Webster has always been the favorite in our household, and I have seen no reason to transfer my allegiance to any of his competitors.

FREE "A Test in Pronunciation," instructive and entertaining. Also illustrated pamphlet.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO.
Publishers, Springfield, Mass.

MEXICAN Mustang Liniment
cures Sprains and Strains.

Mayer School Shoes

Made expressly for romping, tearing school children. The sole leather used in these shoes is the toughest in the world. Uppers made of specially tanned calf—every seam sewed to hold. Ask your dealer for Mayer school shoes and look for the trade-mark stamped on the sole.

We also make "Honor Roll" shoes for men and "Western Lady" shoes for women.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co.
Milwaukee, Wis.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE

Cascara Candy Cathartic

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

An Inviting Prospect.

Will Canada in the next quarter of a century take the place of the United States as the great wheat exporting section of the western hemisphere? Everything points that way. In the opinion of experts the United States has reached high water mark as a wheat exporting country. The increasing population over there has reached the point when home consumption is becoming annually greater in proportion than the increase in wheat production. As a matter of fact, wheat production is decreasing over there as the land becomes more valuable and by reason of the demand for other forms of produce for home consumption. It is said that the wheat crop this year is not more than 70 per cent of the crop of 1901 and much below the crops of 1902 and 1903. It is estimated that this year the United States surplus for export will not be over 100,000,000, which is less than any year since 1878 with two exceptions. Not only is this the case, but a considerable quantity of the best Canadian wheat is being imported into Minnesota and also Chicago.

All this tends to keep the price of wheat near the dollar mark, and "dollar wheat" is the loadstone that will attract farmers to the Canadian Northwest, where land is cheap and can be farmed on a wholesale basis, particularly of which may be had from any agent of the Canadian government. The reduction of American exports will have the double influence of increasing Canadian production and keeping up the price. It constitutes a rosy prospect for this country, and needs no optimistic enthusiasm to foresee the near expansion of the Dominion into the actual position of the "granary of the empire."

Fruit Culture in Ireland.

Sir Horace Plunkett, presiding at a conference of fruit growers held at Ballsbridge, Dublin, said that the farmers of the north of Ireland, where the soil was not the most suitable, had built up a fruit industry which was an object lesson to the rest of the country. From the one station at Anamore, County Armagh, the strawberries dispatched by rail had risen from 100 tons to 700 tons in the course of a few years.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

England's Millions.

The British empire today numbers 400,543,713 citizens. The recent completion of the Cape census enables the total to be made up. Over 11,876,745 square miles of British citizens are dotted to the number of about 36 per square mile.—London Mail.

To the Readers of Daily Newspapers.

This year will be an eventful one in the history of our country. The presidential and state campaigns will create a specially interesting news feature. The Evening Wisconsin is the one paper of the state that can keep you posted on all national and state news. Terms, \$1.00 for three months by mail. Subscribe for it by addressing the Evening Wisconsin Company, Milwaukee, Wis.

—The Kaiser gives a prize each year to the officer who does the best work at the annual maneuvers. This year the prize was a complete field kit, uniforms, mess chest and everything.

I have used Piao's Cure for Consumption with good results. It is all right.—John W. Henry, Box 642, Fosteria, Ohio, Oct. 4, 1901.

—Over forty wireless telegraph stations are in use in the military establishments on the other side of the Atlantic.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

—The regiment of which the baby carevitch is colonel has left for the front.

A CHRISTMAS LEGEND.

A soldier, in a scarlet coat
One winter long ago,
Went out to meet a pretty maid
In woodlands white with snow;
She stood beneath an ancient oak;
Her name was Mistletoe.

Her cheeks and lips were glowing red,
Like poppies in the wheat;
Her locks were twined with milky pearls,
Her eyes were blue and sweet;
He looked and loved, and kneeling, laid
His sabre at her feet.

From icy regions of the Pole
The sorcerer blew all night,
And hung the branches of the pine
With twinkling fringes bright,
And made with the aged oak
A frozen mound of white.

But when the pines are thick with frost
And nights are bitter chill,
And silence, in a crystal coat,
Has eased the silver rill,
The pair of faithful lovers haunt
The wintry woodland still.

When with the burden of its years
The oak is bending low,
The soldier-holly, stiff and straight,
Stands bravely in the snow,
Its slender sabre still unsheathed
To guard the mistletoe.

—Minna Irving, in the Criterion.

DUSKY.

She didn't know that she was a race problem nor think of anything, just then, but that her little head, with its spikes of tightly braided hair, was so tired. Poor little Dusky! Somebody's carelessness had made her a cripple. Unless her head was fastened to her chair it would fall forward, and so Mammy tied it securely before going off to her scrubbing and cleaning. Sometimes there was a good, hot supper, but more often only bread, and a scant pattern of that. It stands truly in the snow, the Christmas tree and dear Miss Van Arsdale. Dusky loved her sweet teacher with all her heart. When the dark came early she would fall asleep and dream of angels; sometimes they had a bright nimbus about their heads, and again long, sweeping feathers like those on Miss Van Arsdale's hat. It was ever and over so long ago since she had any good times.

Now the wintry days seemed longer than ever to the little girl, though Mammy kept saying how short they were and that it was almost Christmas. Could it be that the Christ-child had forgotten Dusky? She thought all one long day in the dreary room of what Miss Van Arsdale had said, that Christmas meant Christ's love in her heart that set one doing something to make others better and happier.

Just as soon as Mammy had climbed the long, steep stairs and caught her breath, Dusky cried out: "Oh, Mammy! Lemme mek a Christmas for de poor chilluns."

"G'way, chile, mammy's got no money. De Lawd clean forget yo'."

"But I sho'ly kin," persisted the child. "Jes' yo' cut de ole broom handle, an' I'll mek some dollies, an' yo' wash de pillowcase fer der dresses."

Good old mammy cut the broom handle into a half dozen pieces, and then there was something for Dusky to do.

Not lonely the least bit now, working and humming little snatches of songs, she bare room all forgotten, she whitened the tops of the sticks into heads and marked the most wonderful eyes and noses and mouths with an old stump of a pencil. She coaxed Mammy to cut off her little stiff braids to furnish hair for the dollies, and glued it on with her own eager, trembling fingers. Then they were ready for their dresses, made out of the clean, white pillow case, and each one was tied around the waist with a bit of bright ribbon—nice, new ribbon, and Dusky went without her supper twice to save the money for it.

The toys now fairly fly, and Christmas morn has come. She hears the sweet bells chiming, and ties the dollies to a little green branch that mammy has found in the street. The door opens, and let an angel cross over swiftly to Dusky. Is she dreaming again? It is the picture-hat-angel, her own Miss Van Arsdale, and a moment later comes a tall, kind-faced man whom she calls doctor.

"Merry Christmas!" they both exclaim in a breath. "And what have we here?" says Miss Van Arsdale, taking up the green branch with its precious burden.

"Oh, I mek 'em for 'em—dey don't hab no Christmas."

"Of such is the kingdom," Miss Van Arsdale murmurs, reverently touching Dusky's bandaged head. The doctor draws his hand across his eyes, and Miss Van Arsdale turns to him, asking in her sweet voice, "What can you do for her?"

"Make her well and strong, as she used to be," he answers. "I mean to do it for your sake, but now I shall do it for her own—the brave, unselfish child."

Mammy draws near, trembling with joy, and as the truth of it all dawns upon her, falters, Bress de Lawd! He done 'membered Dusky."—Mary Willoughby in Primary Education.

What's His Name Registers.

This is the record of an actual occurrence at the Sixty-third election district of the Thirty-fifth Assembly district. An elector, being asked his name, replied: "My name is Johnson."

The fact was recorded, and then the chairman said: "Now, what is your Christian name?" "Watt," responded the elector.

"I see, your first name?" repeated the chairman.

"Watt is my first name."

"Yes, that's what we're trying to get at. Your name is Johnson, is it not?"

"Yes."

"Now, what Johnson?"

"Watt Johnson."

The point is obvious enough to the reader, but it took the inspectors some time to gather the fact that the man's name was Watson Johnson—Watt for short.—New York Times.

350,000,000 Yearly for Golf.

Would you imagine that something like \$50,000,000 could be spent yearly on the game of golf? To begin with, there are 879 golf clubs in England, 769 in the United States, 622 in canny Scotland, 134 in Ireland, 43 in Wales, and 63 in different parts of the continent. There are, all told, probably not less than 3300 organizations devoted to golf playing, 330 clubs, counting their grounds,

buildings and preliminary expenses, represent a permanent investment of \$10,000,000 or \$50,000,000; and comparatively few of them can be run at a yearly expense of less than \$5000. The average membership is about 200 and the average yearly subscriptions of these 600,000 golf players amounts to nearly \$20,000,000. Each of the players is equipped with an outfit that costs on an average about \$25; and the yearly purchase of golf clubs, all over the world, amounts, therefore, to several millions of dollars.—Springfield Union.

HUMOROUS ITEMS.

Ted—Would you marry a girl who was worth her weight in gold?
Ned—That would depend on how fat she is.—Town Topics.

Bill—A man wouldn't expect to be cheated in church; now, would he?
Jill—No, not unless he was married there.—Yonkers Statesman.

"Has he enough money to get into society?"
"He has enough to stay out of society if he wants to."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Directly Opposite.

They say that opposites should wed;
Too much alike, you'll find;
And so I'm looking for a girl
Possessed of lots of cash.
—Harold Melbourne in Lippincott's.

Church—I suppose you've read "A Tale of Two Cities?"
Graham—Oh, yes; and today I'm reading the tale of a two-story city.—Yonkers Statesman.

Lady Maude Bareacres—"But you have no ancestors, you know."
Miss Vassar—"No; I have the advantage of you there."—Woman's Home Companion.

Wilby—There goes that beautiful Mrs. Kofure, with her wealth of Auburn hair. She wasn't always so rich, was she?
Nash—Oh, no. I knew her when she was red-headed.—Boston Transcript.

A Rhyme Reversed.

'Tis the first rose of Winter
Left blooming—because
The price of quotations
Is now so high.
—Henry Cleveland Wood in Lippincott's.

Markley—See here! you've owed me \$25 for two years now. Don't you think it's time to liquidate that debt?
Boroughs—Sure! I'll buy you a drink if that's what you mean.—Philadelphia Press.

Recent Investor—Well, if we did pay too much for the property we have a lot to be thankful for.
Mrs. Recent Investor—Yes, a lot, but they ain't any house on it.—Baltimore American.

Bentrice—"Didn't it take Mr. Fargone a long time to shake your hand when he was bidding you good night?"
Rosalind—"He wasn't shaking my hand; he was ringing my finger."—Woman's Home Companion.

She Kicked.

I wanted her to toe the mark;
She would not toe it. Why?
It was because—but keep it dark—
I made the mark too high.
—Town Topics.

"I want to know," thundered the harsh father, "whether or not you intend to keep that young lawyer hanging around here all the time. Answer me, Miss."
"Father," returned the imperious beauty, "I prefer to keep my own counsel."—Princeton Tiger.

Hubby—Bah! This paper is perfectly stupid. I feel in the mood for reading something sensational; something that will make my hair stand on end.
Wife—I've just got it in the bill for my summer frocks. Shall I fetch it?
Hubby—Do you really think whisky is harmful?
Dick—Well, I don't know what to think. I've known people to die who drank it, but then I've known people to die who never touched a drop.—Boston Transcript.

It was in a Maine Sunday school that a teacher recently asked a Chinese pupil she was teaching to read if he understood the meaning of the words "an old cow."
"Been cow a long time," was the prompt answer.—Lippincott's.

Mrs. Skite—Mrs. Nipper had an awful accident yesterday. She was going through a grocery store and a kerosene can tipped over somehow or other and just drenched her new gown!
Mrs. Mildmay—Oh, well, it won't be so bad, after all. For the next six months she will wear that gown just to make people believe she has an automobile.—Boston Transcript.

"Biggins talked to his wife so harshly the other day," said the gossip, "that she actually wept."
"The monster! Did he relent then?"
"No. He merely said it was cheaper than sending her to an emotional drama to have a good cry."—Washington Star.

Weary Willie—I'd like to be President for a little while.
Hungry Hawkes—What! An' work like he does?
Weary Willie—Oh, I'd on'y want de job about a day—just long enough ter pass a law compelling people ter keep fer lunch at deir front gates all day.—Philadelphia Press.

Mr. Kloseman—My dear, I'm afraid that sea-sick saque I promised you—
Mrs. Kloseman—That's enough, John; you promised it, and—
Mr. Kloseman—But we've got to economize. You must make some sacrifice.
Mrs. Kloseman (determined)—Yes, but it won't be a sea-sick saque-efice.—Philadelphia Press.

Give the Bride His Umbrella.

Congressman Perkins was in the office of a friend, a justice of the peace, when a couple came in to be married. After the ceremony the justice accepted a modest fee and handed the bride an umbrella as she went out.

Mr. Perkins looked on gravely and asked:
"Do you always do that, Charles?"
"Do what? Marry them? Oh, yes."
"No, I mean bestow a present on the bride."
"A present? Why, wasn't that her umbrella?" gasped the justice.
"No; it was mine," replied the congressman sadly.—Christian Register.

Breakfast in London.

Breakfast is perhaps the only unpleasant item of a London winter. You come down every morning to the same yellow eggs on the table and the same yellow 'ggs outside, while the male thing opposite makes the same gloomy comments upon what is in the papers, until the average woman is reduced to the lowest depths of depression.—Ladies' Field.



Miss Nettie Blackmore, Minneapolis, tells how any young woman may be permanently cured of monthly pains by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Painful Periods

are quickly and permanently overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The above letter is only one of hundreds of thousands which prove this statement to be a fact. Menstruation is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. If it is painful something is wrong. Don't take narcotics to deaden the pain, but remove the cause—perhaps it is caused by irregularity or womb displacements, or the development of a tumor. Whatever it is, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is guaranteed to cure it.

If there is anything about your case about which you would like special advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. She will treat your letter as strictly confidential. She can surely help you, for no person in America can speak from a wider experience in treating female ills. She has helped hundreds of thousands of women back to health. Her address is Lynn, Mass., and her advice is free. You are very foolish if you do not accept her kind invitation.

Details of Another Case.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Ignorance and carelessness is the cause of most of the sufferings of women. I believe that if we properly understood the laws of health we would all be well, but if the sick woman only knew the truth about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, they would be saved much suffering and would soon be cured.

"I used it for five months for a local difficulty which had troubled me for years, and for which I had spent hundreds of dollars in the vain endeavor to rectify. My life forces were being sapped, and I was daily losing my vitality.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me completely, and I am now enjoying the best of health, and am most grateful, and only too pleased to endorse such a great remedy."—Miss JENNIE L. EDWARDS, 604 H St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Pinkham, whose address is Lynn, Mass., will answer cheerfully and without cost all letters addressed to her by sick women.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

The reason W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high-grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other shoe on the market. Buy, and why the sales for the year ending July 1, 1904, were \$6,263,040.00.

W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it—take no substitutes. Sold by shoe dealers every where.

SUPERIOR IN FIT, COMFORT AND WEAR.

I have worn W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes for the last twelve years with absolute satisfaction. I find them superior in fit, comfort and wear to others costing from \$2.00 to \$7.00. Dept. Col. U. S. Int. Bureau, Richmond, Va.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltakin in his \$3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather made. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Massachusetts.

WINCHESTER

"LEADER" AND "REPEATER" SHOTGUN SHELLS

The proof of the shell is its shooting. Because they shoot so well, Winchester Factory Loaded "Leader" and "Repeater" Smokeless Powder Shotgun Shells have won almost every important prize shot for in years. Good shots shoot them because they give better results, shoot stronger and more uniformly and are more reliable than any other make

ALWAYS SPECIFY WINCHESTER MAKE OF SHELLS

BECOME A TRAINED NURSE

The Milwaukee Co. Hospital Training School for Nurses (Incorporated under the laws of the State of Wisconsin) offers a Superior Course of Training to bright, ambitious women who desire to enter the profession of Nursing; instruction in hospital wards (400 beds), lectures by eminent physicians. The nurses home building separated from the hospital, is large, comfortable and affords all modern sanitary improvements. Monthly Cash Allowance. For booklet and application write Secretary Milwaukee County Hospital Training School for Nurses, Wauwatosa, Wisconsin.

SELL AUTO-GUITARS \$10.00
Special prices to Agents and Clubs
821 Cedar St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Send stamp for Catalogue.

M. N. U. No. 50, 1904.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Rapid River Locals.

After Saturday, December 31, 1904, The Delta's free list will be suspended and the rule of payment in advance for subscriptions will be strictly adhered to. At the expiration of the time for which the subscription is paid it will be dropped from the mailing list unless the published is otherwise advised.

The outlook for a reading room is good. Many people are interested. Mr. Troppel announces that he has found fifteen persons each willing to give a dollar a month. Every one knows the difficulty of doing quiet reading at home. A small sum will be charged for the privilege of using the rooms,—enough to make the patrons feel independent. A gymnasium will be put in next spring if the experiment proves a success. It is suggested that the upper rooms of the Papineau building would be a good situation.

Rapid River will have an indoor baseball team this winter. The outfit is here. J. Fernea is promoting the scheme. The game is played with a large soft ball on a diamond nine yards on an edge, and the pitcher stands twenty-two feet from the batter. There is no centerfield and there are two shortstops. The game is said to be as interesting as regular baseball. Rapid River should not lack for amusement during the winter months. Manistique and Escanaba have teams, and it is thought Gladstone will.

The Christmas tree grounds are covered with spicy greens, and it is a pleasure to walk over it. There is more pleasure storing there, probably, than in the rest of Rapid River. The trees are sorted and tied in bales of from three to six. The record, 189 bales in a day, is claimed by Messrs. W. Wolf, King and Coron, who are one crew. They challenge the rest.

J. Fernea has purchased Ed Hill's grocery store and his interest in the meat market and took possession this week. The name of the firm is now Fernea & Huxford. They are now making arrangements for a large line of Christmas poultry. Mr. Hill will go into the woods.

Claud Ackley and Captain O'Connell had their portraits taken this week as western scouts in the garb of the plains, with four stand of arms each. It is said that the publishers of the Buffalo Bill weekly wished the portrait as a design for their next starter.

There has been considerable skating on the bay lately, as the surface is smooth. Fishermen's holes, unguarded, were rather dangerous for a while. Charles Rabideau went into one Tuesday night but pulled himself out readily.

A good deal of ammunition was sold this year. Hunters would take five or six boxes of ammunition apiece into the woods, and it is a marvel that so few men were hurt.

A team belonging to Anderson and Fluoker went through the ice at the mouth of the Rapid Wednesday morning, with four men. All was saved except an axe.

The Knights of the Maccabees elected officers Wednesday night, and the ladies Thursday.

J. A. Yerrick returned from Lower Michigan Saturday. Mrs. Reynolds stayed longer.

Fred and Emma Ackley visited the camp Tuesday, and came down again the next day.

William Sampson returned Friday, having decided not to buy the shop in Manising.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Valind came from Escanaba Saturday to visit Mrs. Fred Darling.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Moore visited Mr. and Mrs. William Gagnon in Gladstone Sunday.

Mrs. Andrew Barbeau and her son, Meddy, have been very sick this week.

Mrs. Fred Adams, of Flat Rock, is visiting her relatives here this week.

Timothy Cullnan and his son John, went up to Swanzy Thursday.

Ed Utz was laid up during the first of the week with his rheumatism.

Morris Shane and Jos. Laframboise went up to camp Wednesday.

Eau Ritchie's house was quarantined Thursday for diphtheria.

Fred Pfeifer came from Manistique Monday to visit his father.

Miss Violet Rabideau, of Perkins, visited friends here Wednesday.

Nevev's saloon moved up from Masonville Wednesday.

Bert Murray was taken to the Laing hospital Wednesday.

J. Fernea transacted business in Manistique this week.

Louis Simmitt visited friends here Sunday.

Mrs. Levi Barbeau is much better.

Peter Schultz, Albert and Fred Proehl, Jess Thompson, Alex Mank, Peter Hill, Frank Wolf, and William Jerome went deer hunting three weeks ago Sunday and returned this week with twelve deer. Two more had been eaten in camp. They had also killed some partridge and two ducks. A Proehl distinguished himself by wading out to his neck in ice water to get the latter. Their story was written in a diary, and would be interesting, but space and time fail to print it—at least this week.

A disease of hogs around here has been troubling farmers greatly. H. E. Pfeifer reported it, and the state examiner will be here Friday to investigate. The hog first has a throat wheezing and failure of breath, then he becomes poorer and poorer, his feet rot, and he dies. Farmers have lost six or seven animals in a bunch.

The silver medal contest held in the Hall last Saturday was very successful. Miss Verle White took the medal as the best speaker. These contests have attracted much attention here, and developed considerable talent.

J. A. Caswell received his winter cutters and surreys Monday from Escanaba and waited anxiously the fall of more snow, so that they could be used to good advantage.

It is understood that the church ladies here are getting up a petition to some saloon-keepers here to close their saloons during church hours on Sundays.

Archie Forrest and Ed Huff came down from Barbeau's camp Monday to get warmed up. They find it cold up in the woods.

Jos. Savoie sold his team of pacers this week to Escanaba parties for \$300, Rapid River losing thereby two good horses.

Miss Capitola Kniskern was ill with diphtheria this week, but is now much better.

WOOD

I can furnish you

Birch and Maple Wood

Sixteen Inch, at the following prices:

1 cord	\$1.75
2 cords	3.00
3 cords	4.50
Pine Mill Wood, a load 2.50	

This last is nice and dry.

Phone 213 **CHAS. STRAND.**
Residence Wisconsin Ave. and Third St.



NOW IS THE TIME

FOR Skates



15—Styles in Stock—15
All grades from 50c to \$4.50

Our Special Barney & Berry Club Skate, Hardened Runner, Nickel plated. A winner at..... **\$1.50**

HANDSOME STEEL SLEDS

8 Different Patterns

85c to \$2.00.

Rogers Bros' Silver Plated Ware.

H. W. BLACKWELL
HARDWARE.

BUSINESS

Methods require that business men should use neat Stationery. The difference between slovenly letters and bills and neat ones is but a trifle so far as money is concerned, but

ALL THE DIFFERENCE IN THE WORLD

in the impression upon customers. Be neat and order your printing from

THE DELTA.

DIRECTORY.

DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN
DENTIST.

Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., from 1 to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 9 p. m.
Delta avenue and Ninth street, over Minnewasca Furniture Co's store.

DR. F. H. WILKINSON,

DENTIST.

(Graduate of Michigan University).
Office and residence over Nelson's grocery.
Office hours—8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m. Evening, 7 to 8. Phone 112.

DR. D. N. KEE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal.
Office in the Langley building, Delta avenue.
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 7. Phone 4, Gladstone.

DR. GEORGE BJORKMAN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over The Hub, Delta and Seventh Sts.
Residence, Michigan Ave., Cor. Seventh St.
Physician of the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co.
44 **GLADSTONE, MICH.**

CHAS. H. SCOTT,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Real Estate and Insurance Agent.
Notary Public.
Office in Minnewasca Building, Gladstone.

BUSINESS CARDS

CLAYTON VOORHIS

Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
Coal and Wood.
Office on Delta near Central.

SWENSON BROS.,

Fine Furniture, Undertaking, Upholstered goods and Steamship Tickets.
Delta Avenue near Central.

PRIMARY REFORM ESSAY CONTEST

PRIZES OFFERED FOR THE BEST DISCUSSION OF THE QUESTION.

A free, frank, fair, candid and popular discussion of primary reform is invited by The Detroit Tribune. That paper offers 100 yearly subscriptions to the Daily Tribune for the 100 best articles of 500 words each on primary reform received not later than Jan. 1, 1905. In addition the 10 of these adjudged the 10 best will be also given the Sunday issue of the paper. Furthermore, \$100.00 in cash will be divided among the writers of the five articles decided to be the very best, in the following proportions:

\$50 to the best; \$20 to the next best; \$15 to the next; \$10 to the next; \$5 to next.

The Tribune does not desire to invite a partisan discussion. What it wants is an honest, fair expression in the hope that the legislature may gain advantage and light from what the people say on any and all sides of this big problem for the correct solution of which all honest people are anxious. To enter the competition the articles must not be over 500 words long, must be confined to arguments for or against direct nominations and must outline the kind of law, if any, the writer advocates. All articles must bear postmark not later than January 1, 1905.

IF WEINIG'S.

Putting out the Best kind of Meats at prices Others charge For cheap meats Is an inducement To meat eaters Then trade at

WEINIG'S.

TABLE TALK

Often turns to the question of the best place to buy

GROCERIES

Did you ever notice how unanimous people are that in this line none excel the old house of

P. & H. B. LAING

We have always an eye to the interests of our customers as well as our own and they notice it.

The Best of Everything in its line.

COLD WEATHER

Has come. How about your Stop and Wastes? Better have them put in shape for the winter

When in need of **STOVE PIPE** Plinished or Common

Elbows, Dampers, Zinc Boards or Mica

Get my Prices.

I endeavor to handle the best grade of goods that money can buy and in regard to prices on work and material, will always meet any price in Delta county.

Don't Forget About the

FUEL SAVER

THE ACME

H. J. KRUEGER

Phone 200. City Plumber.

Holiday Bargains

AT **SOREN JOHNSON'S**

725 DELTA AV.

During the remainder of this month I offer my entire stock of staple and fancy goods At popular prices. Come in and

Select Your Present

To yourself and and buy something for



We shall be **PLEASED**

To do what is right by you. And if you want

SOMETHING CHOICE

From England, Ireland, Scotland, Norway, Sweden, France or Germany

WE HAVE IT.

ITALIAN COUNTS

Are plenty in some parts, but

QUALITY COUNTS

In choosing Hardware.

RELIABLE GOODS

In Woodenware, Tinware, Graniteware, Tools or Cutlery are the special fads of

THE NICHOLAS HARDWARE Co.

You will soon need a stove; let us figure with you.

NEXT TO THE MINNEWASCA BLOCK.

GAS ENGINE For sale cheap. It's just right for a small boat, 2 1-2 h. h. At Delta Office.

LUMBER

Hemlock and White Pine.

Let us figure on your house bills. Grades right and prices right. We have a nice stock of Yellow Pine Finishing, Flooring and Ceiling. We can furnish you any kind of Interior Finish in Oak, Birch, Cypress, Sycamore, White Pine or Yellow Pine.

Get our prices on Windows, Doors and Porch Work. We handle the Stephenson Cedar Shingles—best on the market.

PHONE 7. **WOOD AND COAL**
C. W. DAVIS.

REAL ESTATE Business and Residence Lots for sale on easy terms. **C. A. CLARK, Agt.**

NEATNESS

Is appreciated by all. It is the first requisite of a popular store and neat printing is as attractive as a neat window or a neat shelf.

Order your Printing from

THE DELTA and

Get the Best.

Rates \$1 per day.

Sample Room in connection.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL

Jos. EATON, Prop.

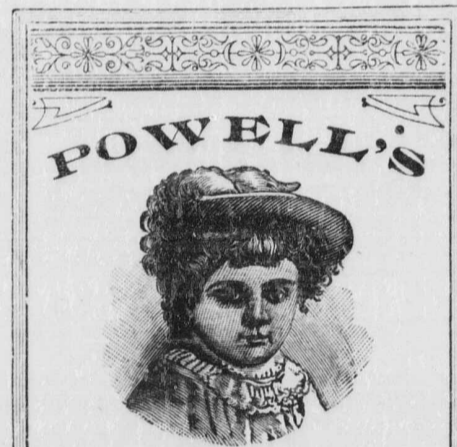
Warm rooms and excellent board.

Corner Sixth Street and Delta,

GLADSTONE, MICH.

Powell's Cough Syrup

Contains no opiates or other harmful drugs; perfectly safe for children; stops a Cough when others fail. Every bottle is guaranteed. If not satisfactory money will be cheerfully refunded.



POWELL'S
COUGH SYRUP

FOR
COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

DOSE—Teaspoonful from a half to every three hours. Children under four years old, from 10 to 30 drops. Continue in all cases until relieved.

A. H. POWELL,
Manufacturing Chemist,
GLADSTONE, MICHIGAN.

POWELL'S DRUG STORE