

THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XIX.

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Number 26

Personals

Sol Goldstein leaves Saturday for Chicago where he will live in future. He has been here for five years and a half and has made a great number of friends who will be sorry to lose him. He has not yet determined what position he will take. Charles Carlson, of Escanaba, takes his place in Goldstein's store.

Miss Edna Packard will leave for Ne-ganee next Monday to take a position in the land office of the Cleveland Cliff's Iron Company under C. V. R. Townsend. She has many friends here who are sorry to lose her.

Emil and Lena Bjork, Oscar Larson, Mary Sunjus and Tilly Sundelius left on the through train Monday night for Astoria, Oregon, where they will visit relatives for some time. Some of them may remain there.

Miss Clara M. White is now instructor in English at the University of Minnesota, having begun her duties in that position at the opening of the school year.

Miss May Spooner, who has been living with her sister, Mrs. E. H. Rennie, during the past ten months, left Sunday night for her home at Villard, Minnesota.

Mrs. W. P. Derry returned Saturday morning from Minneapolis where she has been spending the past three weeks. She greatly enjoyed her trip.

Glenn Jackson has passed his examinations and is now taking the course at the U. of M. He will take a literary course and then study law.

Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Banks and daughter Grace, of Escanaba, came up from Escanaba Sunday in their auto to visit W. L. Marble and family.

Mrs. T. D. Springer, who has been at Wells, Minn., for some weeks with her mother, returned Sunday, bringing the latter with her.

Miss Hettie Goldstein left Tuesday for Marquette to attend the wedding of Miss Bertha Grabower, which takes place next week.

Mrs. Sawhelle with her daughter Helen, of Manistique, visited her brother M. Weinig this week and returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. O. L. Peterson returned Monday from Ishpeming, where she has been visiting relatives for the past three weeks.

Miss Ione Bogart left Monday for Chicago to visit for a time, and from there will return to her home in Lima, Ohio.

Mrs. Fred Anderson and her party sailed from Liverpool September 21, and will probably arrive here Sunday next.

C. E. Brown returned to Chicago last Friday being here to attend the reception given by Mrs. Huber for Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Gaspard LaComb returned Tuesday from Tromby, where she has been visiting for a week or so.

John Thul is going on a little hunting excursion next week with friends from Rapid River.

Miss Edith Irwin of Escanaba spent Sunday here with the family of Rev. G. C. Empson.

Mrs. M. Burke, of Marquette visited friends in Gladstone Monday, returning next day.

Mrs. L. L. Bryson, of Escanaba, visited relatives and friends here two days this week.

James Laidlaw left Monday morning for Plainfield, Mich.; where he will visit relatives.

C. A. Clark transacted business in the shire town Monday, and in Rapid River next day.

Miss Hattie Beneshek left for Marquette Monday to attend the normal school.

Miss Lotie McIntyre visited friends in Escanaba a couple of days last week.

Mrs. D. N. Kee returned Monday night from her trip through Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. Soren Johnson returned from the west Thursday morning.

Dr. and Mrs. Bjorkman spent a short time in Escanaba Wednesday.

William Cardinal of Rapid River called on friends here Monday.

Miss Mary Kellier and Mrs. Freeman

* LANSING MARBLE *

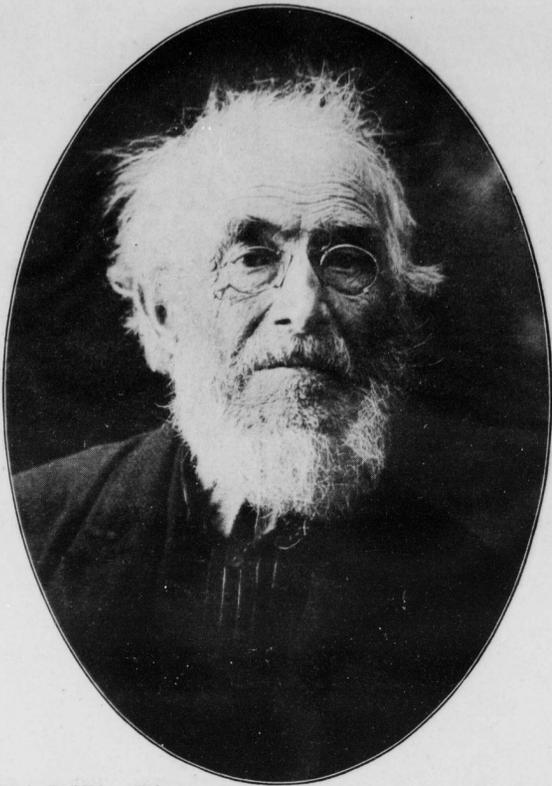


Photo by Emil Nelson, Gladstone.

Lansing Marble, the subject of this sketch, is well known to the people of this vicinity and, until a few years ago was a familiar figure on the streets of this city. In this article it is attempted to give a brief sketch of his life.

He was born in Madison, in the county of that name, in Central New York, October 6, 1819, and is therefore within a few days of his eighty fifth birthday. His father, John Marble, was a farmer in the vicinity. He was of English descent, and his people had come thither from Massachusetts at the time of the Revolutionary war. There were in the family three sons, John the oldest, eight years older than Lansing, David, who was two years younger than the subject of our sketch, and one daughter Belinda, two years older than he. Mr. Marble remembers more clearly many of the incidents of his boyhood and early youth than those of his later years. In 1840, when he was twenty-one, Lansing Marble moved to Wisconsin with his brother Dan. They settled on Rock River near Jefferson, in the county of the same name, and lived there twelve years. They had a farm, and trapped and hunted. Lansing had a rifle which he bought in Rochester, N. Y., for \$70. It was a novelty, a repeater, with a cylinder like that of a revolver, bored for 7 shots, and would fire very rapidly. Dan had killed a deer one day, and he and Lansing went out the next morning to bring it in. Dan was always afraid of Lansing's rifle, as he walked in front, so his brother held the gun over his shoulder, with one hand across the muzzle. The lock caught an ironwood twig and the hammer snapped and discharged the gun, blowing off the fourth finger of Mr. Marble's left hand, and wounded the one on each side of it. Mr. Marble ran through the woods to reach the village of Jefferson. There was a German doctor there, who spoke no English. When Mr. Marble applied to him, the doctor was compelled to break open a trunk, belonging to another doctor to find instruments. There was no surgeon nearer than Milwaukee. The doctor applied no anaesthetic, and Mr.

of Minneapolis are visiting J. V. Clark. Mrs. D. McCarthy spent Thursday in Escanaba visiting friends.

Town Clerk Olson, of Bark River, was in the city Tuesday.

William McMinn is recovering from his attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. H. O. Conkey visited friends here last Sunday night.

Fred Stegath, of Escanaba, visited friends here Sunday.

Peter Snyder returned Monday from Mt. Clemens.

Calvin Howard came over from Escanaba township on urgent business with Commissioner Legg the first of the week, and he brought the Delta a fine sample of Duchess apples, the product of his own orchard. The fruit is large, well-shaped, with tender and juicy flesh the equal of any apples of the name. There are many apple orchards in his township.

In Sunday's dispatches it is noted that Admiral Sigbee, with the flagship Newark, has gone to Cartagena to protect the consulate. The gunboat Newport joined him September 16. The Newport is the ship of Commander Albert Mertz, who is a nephew of Richard Mertz of Gladstone.

Marion Fox returned Saturday from the woods where he had gone a day or two previous. He has been engaged a portion of the time since in erecting an ornamental and useful chicken coop on the rear of his lot.

Ingalls' Colic Cure cures the most severe cases of colic in horses. 50c a bottle. Manufactured by A. H. Powell. *

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

The democratic conventions held in Escanaba Thursday nominated Hon. A. H. Powell, of Gladstone to be state senator from the thirtieth district and M. Gleason, of Gladstone to be representative from the Delta district. The county ticket nominated bears the names of the following Escanaba men; Sheriff, John C. Tolan; judge of probate, John P. McColl; county clerk, Frank Stoik; register of deeds, J. S. Doherty; treasurer, Nels Nelson. C. Sibole, of Brampton was named for the office of coroner, and those of prosecuting attorney and circuit court commissioners remain vacant, to be filled by the county committee next week. Mr. Powell will receive a large vote in Gladstone and so will Mr. Gleason; but as to the county ticket it is necessary to speak of it tenderly, having respect for the old maxim "De mortuis nil, nisi bonum".

Autumn Leaf camp, R. N. A. was organized Thursday afternoon in Swenson's hall with a membership of 24. Mrs. O. L. Molloy, whose efforts have built up the lodge, took charge of things till the necessity for her presence was over. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year; Oracle, Mrs. Emma C. Bjorkman; Vice Oracle, Mrs. Anna Smith; Recorder, Miss Mabel Bushnell, Receiver; Mrs. Olive C. Brown; Chancellor, Mrs. Geneva Stewart; Marshal Mrs. Julia Boley; Assistant Marshal, Mrs. Mary Murdock; Inner Sentinel, Mrs. Nellie Bushnell; Outer Sentinel, Mrs. Iona Whybrew; Physician, Dr. George Bjorkman; Managers, Mesdames May Powell, Minnie Brown, and Jas. A. Stewart; Past Oracle, Mrs. Rosenblum.

Business is booming at the axe factory. A 13 hp. Sturdevant engine is being placed. It will run the dynamo for the plant, furnishing current for the lights and for the plates. A couple of radiators in the rear end will be attached to the exhaust of the engine, saving live steam. Many sportsmen are sending in their rifles to have Marble sights put on. Mr. Marble has on exhibit some targets made with rifles so sighted. There is hardly a day but the end of some particular style article is reached, and a new batch must be made.

If your head aches, feel sore all over from a bad cold, Powell's Magic Cold Cure will cure you. 25c a box.

A new connection has been put in the Postal Telegraph office. It is a wire running from the Soo depot, and connecting the two systems. Any message transferring from the Soo wires will be sent into the office downtown and repeated by hand over the other wire. The messages crossing from one system to the other will all sent via Minneapolis before. Mr. McGraw expects to be busier from now on.

The schooner Lily E. loaded with 175,000 feet of birch lumber at the Back-eye slip this week. A short time ago the J. D. Marshall took out 550,000 feet of hemlock lumber, which is a very large cargo. Two new sheds have been built over the stock in the yards. Despite the fact that business is light, the plant is employing the regular number of men.

A few still suffering with corns who have not used Powell's Corn Cure. All who have used it are happy. 15c.

Rev. J. J. Youngren left Wednesday for Rock Island, Ill. where he will continue his theological studies. His congregation gave him a farewell reception in the church Friday last, presenting him with a purse as evidence of their best wishes. It is expected that he will receive ordination and return here in the spring.

V. L. Tissera, a native Cinghalese, was in town Wednesday to visit the Marble works. He exports goods from Chicago to his houses in Bombay, Calcutta and Madras, India. He purchased some axes and knives, as he was interested in them most particularly.

R. G. Davis has purchased the house formerly occupied by Joseph LaFlam and will move in immediately. C. L. Gordon will move into the house left vacant by Davis, which is opposite the latter's new home.

The matters of the Delta county teachers' institute is not yet settled, but due notice will be given of the time and place it will be held.

Commissioner Legg visited the Bay de Noc schools this week and noted that the potato crop across the bay is excellent.

The track between the yard and docks is being repaired and new ties put in by the Coopersage plant and on the line to the ore dock.

A marriage license was issued this week to Oscar Erickson and Mary Johnson, both of Gladstone.

The K. O. T. M. M. lodge of Rapid River will visit the Gladstone lodge this evening.

Born, Tuesday, September 27, to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Moore, a son.

TO THE BUSINESS MAN:

The majority of our patrons tell an unvarying story of satisfaction regarding our banking accommodations, and this impels us to suggest that you also would be pleased with our service. We put forth our best efforts, to the end that every worthy patron may be properly cared for. We solicit the business of all concerns, assuring them that every reasonable accommodation is theirs to command.

We make it an earnest effort to accommodate all classes. Our aim is to make this in every respect the People's Bank; a bank where all may feel at home; a place where those of moderate means may expect the same treatment as those more favorably situated.

PROMPT SERVICE,

FAIR TREATMENT,

ABSOLUTE SAFETY

Is what every depositor gets from this bank. You are invited to open a savings or a checking account with us for we are positive that we can please you, and we want your business.

Yours very truly,

W. F. HAMMEL, Cashier.

The Gladstone Owners' Herding Association has gone out of business. There was so much friction between the owners and poundmaster that all the oil in the world would not suffice to prevent hot boxes. To handle the cow question requires rare ability. The man who undertakes to mediate between a hungry cow and a flourishing garden must be foxy and diplomatic. A cow in a metropolis is like unto a wild ass of the desert in a Parisian salon, or a bull in a china shop. Wherefore, he who assumes the responsibility of keeping the cow happy and the metropolis unpastured has undertaken a contest of remarkable magnitude. It is noticed, too, that the contractors gave no bonds for the successful completion of their task. No one is surprised, therefore, that their Utopian dream has ended as such projects have done before. No man can perform the impossible, and the law does not require it. The cows will continue to remain in the air and President Slining will still be chief engineer while Mr. Baker will continue to do business at the Tonsoriarlor and parlor francais en pen.

The fire department was called out at a quarter past nine Wednesday evening by a telephone alarm. A blaze had started in Laing's lumber warehouse at the foot of Delta, opposite Tav-diff's saloon. Though on the point of retiring, Messrs. Mackin and McMillan turned out so quickly that none of the volunteers caught the wagon, though some of them were on Delta at the time. The fire was quickly extinguished, and the damage done is estimated at not over ten dollars. The cause of the fire was some boy's smoking cigarettes on the premises. All persons are warned by the warden against smoking in places filled with combustibles, under penalty of the law.

After undergoing an operation at the Delta county hospital on Thursday of last week, Mrs. A. P. Smith appeared to be doing well; but next day she became worse and on Sunday her condition was desperate. On Monday her end was hourly expected and relatives were telegraphed for. Tuesday evening she was slightly better and from that time she improved marvelously. News from her bedside was anxiously watched for by numbers of sympathetic friends in both cities and great relief is felt that she is now on the road to health.

The Gladstone ball team redeemed itself Sunday by defeating the Rapid River club at Rapid, by a score of 12 to 10, in a hotly contested game which lasted ten innings. The features of the game were two-bag hits by Sullivan and Herman Haberman. The Gladstone boys are pleased at the reception and treatment accorded them. Ed Utz was umpire.

Now is the time to get your winter's supply of wood. C. W. Davis has birch and maple 16-inch wood at the following prices delivered: 1 cord, \$1.75; 2 cords, \$3; 3 cords, \$4.50.

N. B. Brown this week had a steam heating apparatus put in his residence on Dakota avenue. Chas. France is doing the work.

Mrs. E. V. White held a musicale Saturday, at which her pupils furnished the music for the benefit of their friends. A large number were present on the occasion. Mrs. C. E. Brown rendered a selection or two in her best style. Miss Jessie Laing, who took the principal part, played with ease and spirit, and showed careful study in her well selected numbers. The rooms were decorated for the occasion with autumn foliage.

Habermann Brothers have installed a new set of neat counters and bins on one side of their store, the full length of the room, and decorated them with a neat array of canned and bottled goods and packages. As soon as the joiner, Louis Kahlo, finds time, they will put in another row on the other sides. This will add materially to the good looks of their store.

Business at the docks is improving this week. More grain and flour is going out steadily, although a million bushels of grain less have been handled this year than up to the same time last year. This deficiency may possibly be made up. The steamer Colonial loaded with oats Wednesday.

Andrew Foss, the jeweler, has again moved, this time to one of the Kratze buildings west of Ninth street. Now that he is once more in a convenient location there is reason to believe he will get a share of the repair work in town, as he is an expert workman.

The Adventists have folded their tents and departed. They are well pleased with the results of their meetings. Services will be held here during the fall and winter if they can obtain a suitable hall.

Gust Johnson has sold the lot and rear house on Delta near Fourth street, and will move the front building to a lot opposite Oak's store, where he has already opened a cellar.

The concert in the Lutheran church Tuesday night was a success in every way. People came from Escanaba and Whitefish, and even from Manistique and Ishpeming.

P. J. Lindblad finds business good at his end of town. He has erected a fence in front of his place for the benefit of the nightly audience which gathers at his store.

The schooner Cora A. took on 500,000 feet of lumber at the Mason dock, clearing Wednesday. She is a large vessel, one of the largest sailing vessels on the lakes.

The ice cream season is never over at Roumain's Candy Kitchen. Ice cream fresh every day, as well as delicious hot drinks, Candy and Roasted Peanuts. *

The direction of the Soo line and the C. P. R. held a meeting in Minneapolis this week. Their special came through here east bound Thursday afternoon.

Butler has finished his house at 14th and Delta, which he has been building during the last two months. It is a snug little place.

Joseph LaLiberte is building himself a house on Delta, near 14th street. He has it enclosed now.

Try Powell's Beef, Iron and Wine for that tired feeling. 50c and \$1 bottles. *

W. L. MARBLE, President.

W. A. FOSS, Cashier

Exchange Bank

INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITY \$25,000.00.

Does a General Banking Business.

3 per cent. allowed on Savings Deposits.

Gladstone, - - - Michigan.

CANNON WILL ROAR SOON.

Japanese Army Ready to Close in Upon the Russians.

OYAMA'S NET SPREAD.

Situation at Port Arthur Grows More Desperate as the Days Go By.

Dispatches from St. Petersburg express the belief that if Kuropatkin intends to try and hold Mukden fighting may be expected almost immediately. Oyama's armies now cover a front of sixty miles, his wings extending to the northward, east and west of Mukden. A rapid advance of both wings is expected when he is prepared to close the net. So far there has been no heavy fighting. Tokyo remains silent on the military situation and no word comes from the Japanese side.

Kuroki's Flank Move.

London, Sept. 27.—3 a. m.—The Japanese are slowly fighting their way to the eastward of Mukden, but their plans are so great and so much territory is to be covered that the advance will not be perceptible, perhaps, for a couple of weeks. The outpost fighting is severe, and Kuropatkin's rear guard is contesting every foot of the advance.

Kuroki's army is attempting the amazing feat of a flank movement 100 miles to the eastward of Mukden. The Japanese have placed another army in the field since the battle of Liao Yang. Its strength is not known, but is believed to consist of nearly 100,000 men. Reinforcements are constantly arriving from New Chung and from Feng Wang Cheng.

A fifth army of 100,000 men is said to be forming in Japan.

Skirmishing Is Increasing.

While the main bodies of the two great armies are not yet in actual contact, fighting of varying importance is incessant over the entire field of operations. Gen. Sakharoff, in a dispatch dated Sunday, informs the war office that an attempt made by the Japanese advance guard to capture Kaoutou pass, which commands the road to Fushun, failed. The Japanese attack was repulsed by a strong detachment of Russians guarding the pass. Fushun is the key to the situation. The best informed authorities on the war declare that its capture leaves the road open to Mukden. News of another attack determined attempt to capture this position is momentarily expected.

Fighting All on Fronts.

On the immediate front of the Russian army no fighting of serious import has occurred, although Gen. Sakharoff reports that the advance posts of each army are constantly skirmishing. Fighting of heavy casualties has, however, been in progress at Inpu between Bentshanpuz and the railroad. In this fighting outposts of both Oku's and Nodzu's armies have been engaged with Cossack outposts.

Oyama's Left Moves.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 27.—7 p. m.—The latest developments in the situation at the front is the definite establishment of the fact that Field Marshal Oyama has now begun to move up his left. Gen. Kuropatkin's report today shows that the Japanese have reached the Davao and west bank of the Liao river. A considerable concentration of Japanese is observed at Sien Chan, on the Hun river, thirty-five miles southwest of Mukden, and Japanese cavalry is massing in the valley of the Pu river. The latter is a tributary of the Hun river, which crosses the line of railway midway between the pass and Mukden, and may furnish a natural line of advance from the west. Oyama's armies now apparently cover a front of sixty miles for enveloping movements. His wings are extended to the north, east and west of Mukden. Thus far the Russians have found little strength or pressure from the Japanese center. Oyama seems to be moving with great deliberation, probably gathering strength for a rapid advance of both wings when an attempt is made to close the net. Although the imaginary line connecting the extreme Japanese advance east and west of Mukden still passes ten miles below that city, it is evident that the fate of Mukden cannot be far delayed. Gen. Kuropatkin intends to try to hold the city fighting on his flanks will begin almost immediately.

Winter Campaigning.

Discussing the probabilities of a winter campaign, the correspondent says it is doubtful whether it will be possible for the Japanese to move far beyond Mukden, owing to the country north of the city being an exposed plain. Winter operations against Vladivostok, on the other hand, would be advantageous, because the wide frozen rivers would facilitate transport. It is taken for granted that a spring campaign can be begun at the end of February.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 27.—The commissariat department is already prepared to furnish winter outfits for half a million men. About 478,000 sets of fur caps, cloaks and boots are proceeding to the far east.

An Imperial Leader.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 27.—1:15 p. m.—Although an official announcement to the effect is not expected immediately since it will require some little time to get Russia's second army in the field, the designation of Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolaievitch, the inspector general of cavalry, as commander-in-chief, is regarded as practically settled. Some of Gen. Kuropatkin's friends still cling to the hope that he may yet be appointed, especially if he now achieves a notable success against Field Marshal Oyama, but the idea is not shared in the best informed circles. The situation at the front with two and perhaps ultimately three big armies is considered to demand above all else that the supreme commander be of such personal authority as to be beyond jealousies and the possibility of intrigue on the part of subordinates, and such a man the Emperor now realizes can only be supplied by a member of the imperial family.

Grand Duke Nicholas is regarded as being extremely well fitted for this great responsibility. He has youth and vigor, iron constitution, but above all resolution and untiring energy. With these qualifications, whatever he lacks in military experience and ability as strategist can be supplied by placing at his disposal the most able military advisers of the Russian army.

The suggestion that Kuropatkin might become chief of staff and thus in fact be not in name, the real commander of the armies, as field Marshal Von Moltke was the actual commander of the German armies, although nominally only Emperor William's chief of staff, is generally rejected. Grand Duke Nicholas will not rely upon a single adviser, but on a staff comprising the ablest strategists of the general staff, who, in reality, will constitute a board of direction of military operations. Moreover, the officers who are best acquainted with Grand Duke Nicholas believe he may develop military genius of a high order.

THREE CHILDREN DIE IN BURNING HOME.

Mother Saved in Nick of Time by Hired Man, Who Discovers the Flames.

Iowa Falls, Ia., Sept. 27.—A telephone message says that the three children of Charles N. Bird, Ruth, Edith and Ernest, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed their home near Robertson, this county. The origin of the fire is not known. Mrs. Bird was rescued by a hired man after she had been badly burned. The fire was discovered by the man who rescued Mrs. Bird.

BRITISH TORPEDO BOAT DESTROYER LOST.

Chamois' Screw Blade Breaks Off and Pierces Her Bottom—All Saved, Though Vessel Sinks.

London, Sept. 27.—The British torpedo boat destroyer Chamois has been lost off the island of Cephalonia, in the Mediterranean. All on board were saved. While going at full speed on a trial voyage a screw blade came off, pierced the bottom of the destroyer, and she sank. Two of the stokers were scalded. The Chamois was 215 feet long, was of 360 tons displacement and 5000 indicated horse power, and carried a crew of sixty-two officers and men. She was built in 1896 and carried one 12-pounder quick-firing gun, five 6-pounder quick-firing guns and two training tubes for 18-inch torpedoes.

TRAIN DERAILED; 20 PEOPLE HURT.

No One Seriously Injured in Accident Near Vulcan, Mo.—Aid Sent from St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 27.—Southbound passenger train No. 17 on the St. Louis & Iron Mountain railroad, which left here last night for Hot Springs, Ark., was partially derailed today near Vulcan, Mo., 125 miles from here. Twenty persons were injured, none of whom is thought to be seriously hurt. The baggage car, chair car, coach and sleeper were derailed. The wrecking train, with the general superintendent of the road and physicians, has left St. Louis.

A list of the injured, telephoned from Piedmont, Mont., contains the names of thirty-one persons, a number of whom are so badly hurt that it is thought they will die.

GET REWARD FOR CAPTURE OF BANDITS.

Chicago Courts Also Settle Benefits on Relatives of Victims of Car-ban Robbers.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 27.—By a decree entered in the circuit court today a dispute between the Chicago City Railway company and twenty claimants for the reward for the capture of the car-ban bandits was settled without a contest.

Detective William V. Blain, whose companion, Detective John Quinn was killed during the capture of Gustave Marx, is the largest single beneficiary. Fifty hundred dollars is distributed among the farmers who followed Harvey Vandine and Peter Neidermeyer through the swamps of northern Indiana.

Mrs. Joseph Driscoll, whose husband was killed at the duzout, will divide with six detectives the sum of \$550.

BOXERS TO RISE AGAIN.

Reports from Distant Chinese Provinces Fix Date for Slaughter October 17.

Shanghai, Sept. 27.—Reports received from the northwestern part of the province of Shan Tung say that the Shoniam Boxers are openly distributing prospectuses, couched in the same language as those circulated before the uprising of 1900. October 17 is fixed as the date for the extermination of all foreigners. According to a dispatch from Shanghai, September 1, the North China Herald, commenting on recent occurrences at Tamsu, province of Pe Chi Li, said: "It ought to be mentioned that news of such threatened risings travels swiftly. Its effect many miles distant from the scene of action has been immediately felt. As said in 1900, so again we repeat with added emphasis, there is danger of a general conflagration, unless the utmost vigilance is exercised."

LE SUEUR'S FORT FOUND.

Minnesota Historians Discover Location on Blue Earth River.

Mankato, Minn., Sept. 27.—Representatives of the Minnesota State Historical society have made a successful search for the location of the fort that was built three miles from the mouth of the Blue Earth river in 1700, by LeSueur and his party of thirty men, who came up the Mississippi and Minnesota rivers in search of a copper mine. The writings of LeSueur and others of the party aided in tracing the location.

The fort was on a large mound where the LeSueur river flows into the Blue Earth river three miles from Mankato. This land is now under cultivation.

HALTS WOULD-BE LYNCHERS.

One Policeman Saves Alleged Negro Assailant from Wrathful Crowd.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 27.—Policeman Stephen McGrath held at bay a crowd of 500 persons intent on lynching Frank Moore, at Twenty-ninth street and Wentworth avenue late yesterday. The negro had attacked 5-year-old Annie Desmond. The mob followed the patrol wagon and attempted to enter the police station, but was dispersed.

Policeman McGrath was recently suspended for drinking.

CRUSADER RETENTION DOUBTED.

Owners of British Vessel Hear Nothing of Reported Capture.

London, Sept. 27.—The owners of the British steamer Crusader, from Portland, Ore., August 31, which according to a dispatch had been stopped by the Japanese in Tsugaru straits and taken to Hakodate, received a cable message saying that the vessel had left Moji for Shanghai after coaling. No mention was made of any detention.

ALMOST DROWNED IN DITCH.

Janesville Couple Drive Into a Hole and Nearly Perish.

Janesville, Wis., Sept. 27.—[Special.]—E. J. Danette and a woman companion were nearly engulfed in a ditch left by workmen, laying the new sewer, during the storm Sunday night. The horse and buggy were almost under water when the couple and animal were rescued by two men who heard their cries.

SITUATION IS DESPERATE.

Garrison at Port Arthur Making a Last Stand.

BIG SHIPS MUST ESCAPE.

The Task of the Russian Admiral Seems a Hopeless One, However.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 27.—Gravest anxiety prevails at the courts regarding the situation at Port Arthur. Rumors are afloat that the fortress has fallen and that the garrison is making a last stand, against overwhelming odds, in the strongest of the positions which have not fallen into the hands of the Japanese.

The naval organ Kotlin publishes an article, evidently inspired, declaring that Rear Admiral Wires has been explicitly instructed to break out of Port Arthur and attempt to save at least some of the ships. The paper admits the task of escaping appears hopeless.

London, Sept. 27.—A telegram to a local news agency from St. Petersburg says a dispatch has been received by the official news agency there from Harbin, saying that the Japanese lost 1300 men killed during the night attack on Port Arthur, September 18. The Russian warships, it is added, rendered valuable assistance in repulsing the Japanese.

Cronstadt, Sept. 27.—The local Red Cross society has received a telegram from Port Arthur, by way of Chefoo, announcing that all the Sisters of Mercy there are well.

Bean Cakes as Weapons. Chefoo, Sept. 27.—10 p. m.—Two Japanese torpedo boat destroyers were observed outside the harbor of Chefoo last night. The destroyers were in port last night and which arrived here tonight, reports having seen one torpedo boat near Chefoo. Another junk, carrying a Russian, his wife and two children, was seen in the harbor. The junk was a vessel, but, owing to the great distance, the treatment which the Russian received could not be observed.

Chinese say the battle which began September 18, continued intermittently until September 24. In defending one fort the Russians rolled bean cakes down on the massed Japanese. These bean cakes are very heavy and are pressed into the shape of circular grindstones.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 27.—The general staff has received the following dispatch from Gen. Sakharoff, dated yesterday: "The enemy's vanguard, consisting of one battalion and two squadrons of cavalry, has assumed the offensive, probably for a reconnoitering, in the triangle between the Mandarin road and the heights of the village of Tounytsa. His advance was stopped by our troops. The enemy retreated along the whole line, pursued by our cavalry. The enemy has not yet advanced north of Dahn, on the left bank of the Liao river, but an increased force has been observed in the neighborhood of Sianchin. Japanese cavalry have appeared in the valley of the Liao river."

Empire to Review. St. Petersburg, Sept. 27.—The Emperor left St. Petersburg for Odessa today to review the Eighth Army corps.

Holy Day in Russia. St. Petersburg, Sept. 27.—Russia today celebrated the holy festival of the Ascension of the Cross, one of the most important religious holidays of the year. Services were held in all the churches and other places of amusement were closed.

Russian Volunteer Fleet. Constantinople, Sept. 27.—The Russian volunteer fleet steamer Nijni Novgorod passed through the Bosphorus yesterday bound for Candia island of Crete, and thence to Port Said, whither she will arrive tomorrow. The Nijni Novgorod has the Russian volunteer fleet and carried no arms or ammunition.

BRITISH LEAVE TIBET'S CAPITAL. Gen. McDonald Is Heaped with Devout Thanks by Regent of Lhasa.

Lang, Tibet, Sept. 27.—The British expedition to Tibet left Lhasa September 23, and is now marching in the direction of the Chumbi valley. In bidding farewell to Brig.-Gen. MacDonald, commander of the expedition, the venerable regent invoked the blessing of heaven for sparing monasteries.

Pekin, Sept. 27.—Tang Shaok, taitou of Tien Tsin, has been commanded to proceed to Tibet and investigate and manage affairs there. He has been created a metropolitan official of the third rank and also promoted to the military rank lieutenant-general.

HELENA OFFICIALS INDICTED. Charge Assault on Man Alleged to Have Made Gift Allocations.

Helena, Mont., Sept. 27.—The United States grand jury has returned indictments against former Mayor Edwards, former Chief of Police Travis and Sam Goodman, alleging assault upon the person of George Freeman, a receiver in the land office. They were released this morning on \$300 bail. The trouble grew out of charges of "graft" alleged to have emanated from Freeman, initiated by a Republican factional quarrel.

GET \$490,000 MORE OF JAPS. American Tobacco Company Secures Better Price Than Offered.

Tokio, Sept. 27.—The terms of the sale of the interests of the American Tobacco company to the Japanese government under the recently established monopoly, have been concluded. The company objected to the price the government first offered and appealed to the American legation. As a result there was an increase of \$490,000 American money. The total consideration has not been made public.

LYNCHING SHAMES WHITES. Booker T. Washington Says Each Act Lowers Entire Race.

New York, Sept. 27.—Booker T. Washington, in addressing the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences at Association hall, Brooklyn, on his work among fellow negroes, says: "A white man cannot shoot down a negro without cause and not lower himself. A mob of white men cannot lynch a negro and not bring shame on themselves and their race."

INDIANS MADE MONEY ON FAIR. Oneida Reservation Exhibition One of Most Successful in Years.

Appleton, Wis., Sept. 27.—[Special.]—It is reported that the Indians of the Oneida reservation made more on their fair which was held last week than any previous year in the history of the organization. Secretary of State Houser made an address on Friday.

Chicago Items.

Thirty-two years in the penitentiary was the sentence imposed against Stephen Wacławski for the murder of Anna Wacławski in her home on June 30.

Prostrated by the death of his wife three weeks ago, Michael Sullivan, 80 years old, father of Police Lieut. John M. Sullivan, is dead. The bodies will be sent to Ireland.

When almost overpowered by the fumes of escaping gas, Heldt Henriksen was aroused by the cries of his 4-year-old son Thorwald and was able to save his wife and five children from death.

Cupid played havoc with the teaching force in the Chicago public schools during the idle summer months, and as a result Supt. Cooley had to report that sixty-five teachers had resigned since school closed last.

Charged with making counterfeit pennies and nickels, Frank Pischel, a machinist, 34 years old, has been arrested and was held to the federal grand jury in bonds of \$2000 on the strength of testimony given by Miss Pearl Doe.

A. J. McDonald, a real estate and mining broker, who was worth nearly \$500,000 a few years ago, but now professes to be poor, was sentenced to the county jail for contempt of court in failing to pay his wife temporary alimony of \$300.

In the belief that a man is taller just after waking up in the morning than later in the day A. D. Jackson, a negro, slept in the fire engine house a night. Jackson carried one policeman in the fire department, but when measured a few days ago his height was only 5 feet 6 3/4 inches. He got another chance.

Despite 328 arrests made Monday by the eight flying squadrons of the police department, fifteen burglaries, theses, robberies and hold-ups were made public the same day by the police. The number of arrests by the squads is far in excess of their previous records since their establishment, but the results of the arrests do not indicate any decrease in crime.

Turning the revolver which a hold-up man thrust into her face and his threats to kill her, Miss Sadie Johnson stuck to her post at the cashier's desk in J. E. Peterson's restaurant at 3 o'clock in the morning. The hold-up man was equally scornful, and, picking her up in his arms, carried her into the kitchen. There she was forced to remain while the men took \$16 from the cash register and escaped.

LET OUT ALLEGED RECREANT. Ray A. North, State Oil Inspector, Deposed by His Stand-bys.

Beloit, Wis., Sept. 27.—Ray A. North, state oil inspector, has been deposed and his place given to a Janesville man. North has been the soul of La Folletteism in Beloit, it is stated. Allegations are made here that his removal resulted from his refusal to meet all the demands for administration election purposes.

GROVES A VOLUNTARY BANKRUPT. Former Madison Mayor Files Petition, but Says Trouble Is Temporary.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 29.—Ex-Mayor John W. Groves' music store was placed in the hands of a receiver on voluntary assignment. Mr. Groves says the situation is one of temporary embarrassment.

Weapons of Early Gold Hunters. While plowing in his field near Enfielda recently Charles Gibson uncovered a large number of weapons, some of which were relics of an old style, some blunderbusses, a few old-time pistols and a couple of swords. All these weapons are in a fair state of preservation, and are apparently of Spanish make.

According to Creek tradition, a party of adventurous Spaniards, numbering fifty-four, in the year 1694 left New Orleans on horses and went to the territory in search of gold. They secured all the precious metal they could carry, and on their way back they were beset by a band of Shawnee near Standing Rock, eight miles east of Enfielda, and a great battle ensued. The Spaniards, with the exception of two, who escaped on a raft, were annihilated.

It is supposed that the weapons plowed up on Mr. Gibson's place are the ones that were used by the Spaniards mentioned above.—Kansas City Journal.

His Voice Would Hold It. Ex-Lieut. Gov. Timothy Woodruff had all sorts of experiences in Cripple Creek. He told a miner that they were the jobiest lot of hard-fellers in that region he had ever struck.

"A husky fellow asked me for a quarter. 'What do you want it for?' I asked. 'To get a social glass,' was the answer. 'I saw he was as full as he could hold, and observed: 'Say, you're overflowing already. You won't hold any more.' 'You've got no perception, boss,' he replied. 'Can't you observe the hollowness of my voice?'—New York Times.

Matriculation Day at Lawrence. Appleton, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Lawrence university has followed some of the large universities and will in the future set aside a day to be known as Matriculation day. This year it will fall on October 4, at which time William E. Anderson of New York will address the students.

New Church at Fancher, Wis. Green Bay, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Architect H. A. Poeller of this city has completed plans for a \$20,000 Catholic church at Fancher, Wis. The bids on the building will be opened the first of the month.

Settles Claims; Takes So Home. Appleton, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—The father of S. M. Frei, the man who was arrested in Oshkosh, charged with passing worthless checks and jumping board bills, arrived here yesterday from St. Louis and settled the accounts of his son and took the latter home with him.

Assigned Church at Morrison. Askeaton, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Rev. Frank Peters of St. Francis seminary has been appointed pastor of St. John's church at Morrison, in place of Rev. Hunck, resigned.

Judge Clementson Sits at Dodgeville. Dodgeville, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—The circuit court for Iowa county, Judge George Clementson presiding, is in session here this week. The calendar is very short and is expected to close Friday.

Prof. Dufour Now at Vermont. Burlington, Vt., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Prof. Dufour of the University of Wisconsin has joined the faculty of the University of Vermont at the opening of its 101st year.

Holland to Build Parochial School. Askeaton, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—The congregation of St. Francis at Holland, near here, have decided to erect a new parochial school building to cost \$3000.

THE BATTLE-FIELDS.

OLD SOLDIERS TALK OVER ARMY EXPERIENCES.

The Blue and the Gray Review Incidents of the Late War, and in a Graphic and Interesting Manner Tell of Camp, March and Battle.

"A good many of the boys," said the Doctor, "made mistakes in the last year of the war. The hundred days' men and the one-year men who enlisted in 1864 or early in 1865, were hard to hold after the surrender of Lee. Even some of the veterans who had re-enlisted were restive when they saw the Confederate armies breaking up. They had enlisted for the war, and now that the war was over they wanted to go home. Those who for any reason were retained beyond their time became almost mutinous, and were only restrained from outbreaks by pride and sense of duty. The more reckless men, however, indifferent as to consequences, immediate or remote, took the bits in their teeth and went their way.

"These were the exceptions, however. Ninety-nine men in every hundred stood firm and true to the last, as proud of their last service as of their first, exultant over the privilege of participating in the grand review at Washington, prizing beyond all other documents their honorable discharges, and returning home the better citizens because they had been good soldiers. We know much of these fellows because they have little to conceal and much to be increasingly proud of. Their records are as an open book, but there are others who in the last year of the war had adventures and experiences that were known only to their company officers or to their most intimate comrades or to men of my profession.

"One of the strangest cases was that of one of the best soldiers in our regiment. He was in every engagement that came our way, and had been wounded six times when we camped in front of Atlanta; but from every wound he recovered rapidly, and, as he exultantly said, never missed a march or a fight. But in the battle in front of Atlanta he was lying on the ground, ready to fire, when a rebel bullet struck him in the shoulder and went through his body longitudinally. The wound was so serious and of so peculiar a character that he was sent North for treatment, and landed finally in the Marine Hospital, Chicago.

"Here he recovered rapidly, and in October, 1864, declared that he was able and ready for duty. He was held, however, for the November election, and was given large liberty in the last weeks of his stay. After he had voted, in November, he returned to his regiment, served to the end of the war, and received an honorable discharge, which was of service to him in securing a homestead in the West. His record, as known to all of his regiment, except one man, was without a flaw; but as a matter of fact, he was a deserter several times over.

"While waiting in Chicago he dressed in citizen's clothes, went to one of the recruiting camps, and enlisted, receiving the large bounty then paid. He made himself useful about the camp, drilled the raw recruits, gained the confidence of the officers in charge, and easily secured leave to come to the city. Instead of returning, he dressed again in citizen's clothes, went to another camp, enlisted, received his bounty, secured leave, and, after reporting at the hospital, went to Indianapolis and played the same game, and then to another point. In the end this one man was responsible for ten reported desertions, was an expert bounty jumper, and yet in actual service had a record to be proud of."

"I remember," said the Major, "a bright young fellow who came to us from the Third Ohio, in June, 1861. He enlisted in our company, explained simply that his company in the Third had gone to pieces on the three years' question, and finding himself out in the cold, he had come over to us. Later it appeared that he had told the truth, except as to the manner of his leaving. When his company seemed on the point of breaking up he left camp disgusted; but the next week most of the men decided to enlist for three years, and the missing man was reported as a deserter.

"He served a year in our regiment, when he received a visit from an officer of the Third. Possibly the officer threatened him, for the next day he disappeared, and we never heard of him again, except in a vague way. One of our boys was sure that he saw him in another division in the mix-up at Chickamauga, bareheaded and fighting among the best of the desperate fighters of that day; but there was no way to trace him, and, in truth, no one cared to do it. He probably served creditably through the war; and yet he was, on the rolls, twice a deserter.

"In another case, an impulsive Irish boy, who was among the first to enlist in 1861, took French leave after three weeks' service. One day his captain sentenced him to carry a knapsack loaded with brick, as punishment for some infraction of the rules. Pat resented this, left the company that night, enlisted in another regiment, served three full years, received an honorable discharge, and on his way home was arrested as a deserter from the company in which he first enlisted. The old regiment was recruiting with re-enlisted veterans as a nucleus, and Pat compromised by taking service; and he was not discharged until 1866."

Business for the Doctor. "There are a good many incidents of

army life," said the Major, "which, if not told pretty soon, will not be told at all. They are not regarded as important enough to be classed as history, and yet history never will be history without them. The story of how Dr. A. C. Rankin brought 400 wounded men from Shiloh to Mound City has been told, but one little incident of the remarkable journey has been lost sight of.

"When Dr. Rankin of the Eighty-Eighth Illinois was ordered without an hour's notice to report on one of the boats at Shiloh, crowded with wounded, he caught up his case of instruments and went on board, expecting a temporary assignment. He found himself in charge of 400 wounded with no nurses, no bandages, and scant accommodations. But the boat started northward, and he was told to do the best he could until he got to the poor fellows on shore in their home State at Mound City. He detailed the guards and slightly wounded for duty, but could dress few wounds, because he had no bandages.

"At last he went to the captain of the boat and asked that the bed and table linen be turned over to him for bandages. The captain laughed at the suggestion, but Rankin told him the case was desperate, and he must have the bandages. If the linen was not forthcoming he would authorize the guards to seize it. The captain surrendered, the bandages were made ready in short order, and when the wounded were carried off at Mound City all had been properly cared for. In the meantime Dr. Rankin had scarcely had an hour's sleep."

Made No Shoes for Rebs. A white-haired, elderly man stood in Doric hall at the state house the other day intently gazing at the battle flags of the Massachusetts regiments that fought to preserve the Union from 1861 to 1865. He lingered long, and seemed to be greatly interested in the torn and tattered standards, says the Boston Globe. A visitor noticed the man and, stepping up to him, said: "You appear to be interested in those flags?"

"I think I have a right to be, sir," replied the old gentleman. "That flag," said he, pointing to the shot-riddled colors of the 19th regiment, "was captured from me in front of Petersburg by the rebels, June 22, 1864. Thirty years afterward, by an act of Congress, it was returned to the State and I had the honor of delivering it to the governor of the commonwealth."

"That's remarkable," said the visitor, and the two fell to talking about the stirring days of the war, and the different engagements that the old 19th regiment participated in. The color bearer was Sergeant Michael Scannell of Lynn, who, although 78 years old, is hale and hearty, and is known by every Grand Army man in Essex county. Little by little Scannell was induced to tell the story of the capture of the colors at Petersburg.

"We were brigaded with the 42d New York and the 15th Massachusetts," said Sergeant Scannell, "and we were ordered to advance. There was evidently some mistake, as when we moved out it left a gap that General Mahone was quick to see and take advantage of. Without any idea of the perilous position we occupied we moved forward in the best of spirits. 'Quicker than it takes to say 'Jack Robinson,' the rebs swooped down upon us and we were powerless to resist capture. It was all up with us and there was nothing to do but surrender. A rebel officer rode up to me, and, with a long oath, demanded the colors. 'Give me those colors, you Yankee, blankety, blankety blank,' said he, with his gun pointed at my head.

"I looked at him coolly and, straightening myself up, said: 'Sir, I have been in this country nearly twenty years, and you are the first man to call me a Yankee. Take the colors. You're welcome to them.'"

Scannell, with the rest of the regiment, was hustled off to Andersonville and spent nearly twelve months in rebel prisons, suffering untold misery. One day while at Andersonville a rebel officer came through shouting the name of Sergeant Scannell. "That's me," replied Scannell. He was ordered to make shoes for the rebs, as he had been a shoemaker at Haverhill before the war.

"Never!" said Scannell. "Never!" The rebel officer argued with him and told him that he would get better food and treatment if he went into the shoe shop and that he would have a chance to recover from the scurvy that had attacked him. But Scannell was firm. "Never!" was the reply. "Do you think that I am going to go back on the flag of my adopted country and make shoes for rebs? Not while I have my senses about me."

Don't Marry This Man. To reform him. Who is a pessimist. Who is fickle in his affections. Who is shiftless in everything. Whose word you cannot rely upon. Who is an inveterate cigarette smoker. Who associates with women of low character. Who is a bully at home and a coward abroad. Who thinks woman was created for his convenience. Who thinks it cowardly to refuse to drink and gamble. Who believes that all courting should be done before marriage. Who sneers at religion, woman's virtue, and everything sacred.

The Gladstone Delta

CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance.

The Delta's price for publishing notices of entertainments given by religious or other societies, to which an admission is charged, or from which a profit is expected, is FIVE CENTS PER LINE. Resolutions of any society or organization will be published at the same rate. CARDS OF THANKS WILL BE CHARGED FOR AT TEN CENTS PER LINE.

After Saturday, December 31, 1904, The Delta's free list will be suspended and the rule of payment in advance for subscriptions will be strictly adhered to. At the expiration of the time for which the subscription is paid it will be dropped from the mailing list, unless the publisher is otherwise advised.

AT OUR FAIR.

Michigan's upper peninsula counties have fairly outdone themselves in the exhibits at the state fair this year. The opinion has always been broadcast that the only crops to be raised in that section were copper and iron. This is a delusion. Northern Michigan has more arable land than the area of the states of Massachusetts and New Jersey combined, and can support as great a population, entirely aside from mines and lumber.

It is asserted by Leo M. Geismar, in charge of the state experiment station at Chatham, Alger county, and also of that state fair exhibit, that the upper peninsula is the best grazing and dairying land in the entire United States, if not in the world. Forage crops reach a luxuriant growth there, and sickness among stock is almost unknown. Hard grains also prosper if the proper hardy varieties are used, and great yields are secured.

All early ripening crops do well, as also do the fall planted crops, the snow protecting them through winter. Samples of forage crops shown are: Clover from Ontonagon, 5 1/2 feet in height; alfalfa (cut three times a year), over 5 feet; red top, 5 1/2 feet; timothy, 5 feet 8 inches; broom grass over 8 feet. These growths have made sheep raising a prosperous industry in the last few years. Great samples of wheat, rye and barley are shown, as well as oats that are simply marvelous in growth, reminding one of the freak California growths. The greatest crop of all, however, is potatoes and the samples shown this year are wonders both as to size and quality. Immense turnips, radishes and sugar beets are also exhibited. The sugar beet of the upper peninsula is a very sweet plant, averaging 2 per cent more sugar than in other parts of the state.

"THE WORLD".

The World is said by scientists to be several years old, and it will probably be here as long as the other places that float through space. "The World", as immortalized by J. Z. Little is not so old as this, but it will live as long as there are people who appreciate high class dramatic productions. Manager Doty has selected this ever popular play for this present season, and is giving a production of it that has not been surpassed. It has a plot that is of thrilling interest, and at the same time developed in an entirely new and original manner, and is brim full of wholesome effervescent comedy. Mr. Doty has engaged the very best talent procurable in order to give a presentation in every way worthy of this great play, and nothing is lacking in the way of scenic effects. The shipwreck scene is said by competent judges to be one of the best scenes of the kind ever attempted. At the Gladstone theater next Tuesday evening.

FOOTBALL.

Superintendent E. H. Comstock, of the Houghton schools, secretary of the Upper Peninsula Interscholastic association has announced the schedule of games for the season. He has sent a copy to each school affiliated with the organization. According to a resolution passed at the last annual meeting of the association the names of all players likely to make each team must be filled in the blank sent for the purpose, and if additions are made at any time the names of the new players will have to be sent to the secretary one week before they participate in their first game. The schedule is as follows:

1. Marquette versus Negaunee.
 2. Escanaba versus Gladstone.
 3. Ironwood versus Bessemer.
 4. Hancock versus Calumet.
 5. Soo versus Manistique.
- Oct. 29—
6. Winner of 1 versus winner of 5.
 7. Winner of 2 versus Menominee.
 8. Winner of 3 versus Ishpeming.
 9. Winner of 4 versus Houghton.
- Nov. 5—
10. Winner of 6 versus winner of 7.
 11. Winner of 8 versus winner of 9.
- Nov. 12—
12. Winner of 10 versus winner of 11.
 13. Winner of 12 versus winner of lower peninsula.
- The final game will be for the cham-

ampionship of the state and likely will be played at Ann Arbor as usual.

Some of the schools enumerated will not be represented by teams and changes in the schedule may be necessary from time to time. Houghton is one of the schools that will not have a team.

The football boys cleared \$31.85 on their dance Friday. They are practicing diligently each afternoon. The average weight, stripped, is 125 pounds.

They have arranged to play Escanaba on the twenty second of October, as per the inter-scholastic schedule. They are arranging to go to Negaunee the previous Saturday. Manistique also has written for a game next Saturday, and may come here. The lineup is as follows and will probably be so arranged in the game.

Center, H. Eagy; rg, McWilliams; lg, Miller; rh, O'Connell; lh, Siple; rt, Hood; lt, Leach; re, Goldman; le, Nebel; qb, unknown; fb, Donahue. Substitutes, Laing, Slining and Inman. Rufus Siple is the captain, Will Donahue manager, and Barney Goldman secretary and treasury.

LOCAL ITEMS

Collector Beattie's automatic scales are interesting pieces of mechanism to watch, especially for the first time. They have been doing good service since they were installed a few years ago. They do not interfere with the regular beam, and a car can be weighed in the old way if desired. A metal cylinder with the figures from 0 to several hundred set on it, as on the type wheel of a typewriter, is turned by the levers, indicating the weight of the car, and a trip strikes a rubber platen, impressing the figures uppermost on a tape. The car number is written by hand alongside the weight, and the tape is dated each day and preserved. This is an unfailing certificate of the correct weight and answers all complaints. The car to be weighed is uncoupled and pushed on the rails. A trip registers the four wheels of the preceding car, and when the last leaves the scale rail, the plunger prints the weight. They are tested frequently by comparison with known weights. The wheel is held steady by a piston, with double valves, moving in a cylinder of kerosene. This prevents the figure wheel from swinging loose. When coal is weighed there now the weight is guaranteed correct. A string of cars can be weighed very quickly, without touching the machine otherwise than to write the car numbers on the tape. There was one of these machines on the ore dock a short time ago. They are not for sale, but the owners lease them for \$25 a month.

Sixteen inch summer wood, full cord, delivered to any part of the city, \$2.50. Call up C. W. Davis, phone 7.

We are told by an interesting English historian that George I would not eat the celebrated Colchester oysters, but insisted on having his shell fish brought from Ostend. No one could understand why the monarch should prefer the copery bivalves of Belgium until it was discovered that the king had acquired his taste in Hanover, and that oysters carried so far from their native beds had a flavor which our British cousins distinguish by the appropriate word "high." Such notions are the result of habit, and neither reason nor hygiene has anything to do with the matter. So it is not surprising that the same eccentricities are to be found in Gladstone. P. & H. B. Laing this week had received some fine potatoes, such as mother used to dig in the new forty before the war—large, well-shaped, mealy and altogether alluring. But one lady returned those sent on her order because "they all fell to pieces in cooking." She evidently likes to have her murphies with the consistency of bar soap. The Delta, however, will eat the other kind for old times' sake.

Powell's Headache Powders for sick and nervous headache. 15c a package.* Without doubt most of the readers of this paper have planned at one time or another that when time and money should be available they would take advantage of the opportunity to see "The World". The majority of us, however, postponed it from time to time, and finally leave the old world without having seen more than a very small spot upon its surface. All who postpone seeing "The World" at the Gladstone theater next Tuesday evening will also have something to regret. This play has made several fortunes, and one of the America's greatest actors owes his reputation to it. The secret of its success lies in many features; it is one of the few plays that appeals to all tastes.

Houghton county, according to the records, must be civilizing itself with accelerated speed. The slot machines are all out of business, the saloons are regularly bumped and the sheriff the other day came down on a live pigeon shoot like a wolf on the fold. When it is considered that Houghton county has a large mining population and many alien denizens, these facts are remarkable. The copper country is a burning and a shining light to the darkest corners of the peninsula. The Mining Gazette is assiduous in promoting social reform and the power of a good newspaper is prodigious.

Stop that cough with Powell's Cough Syrup, 50c a bottle.*

Says the Iron Mountain Tribune: "Who ever plays unfairly in a foot ball game is branded as a "dirty" player. Who ever enters a political contest, and knives the victor, is better known as a "dirty" politician. He who asks favors politically should be willing in turn to grant favors. If he is not, he is unworthy of the favor he asks. 'I'll support the people's choice, victor or vanquished,' is the utterance with the right ring, and proves the man in him who gives it utterance."

At the M. E. Conference at Adrian last week the upper peninsula was divided into two districts, the Marquette and the Sault Ste. Marie district. The latter includes Chippewa, Schoolcraft, Delta, Menominee, Dickinson and Iron counties. The remainder of the peninsula is in the Marquette district.

Rev. Geo. C. Platt, of Somers, Wis., will preach in the Presbyterian church next Sunday, morning and evening. Sunday School and Young Peoples' meeting at the regular hour. Prayer meeting on Thursday night.

Gov. Bliss has proclaimed Wednesday, October 12, as Michigan Day at the St. Louis exposition and enjoins all loyal citizens to attend in order that the celebration may be signalized by merited dignity and enthusiasm.

E. Nelson spent Monday across the bay on the Leighton place near the Wagner oil well. He thinned out the unprotected game a little.

Levi Peterson's baby is recovering from its sickness. It has been in a dangerous state all summer.

Five good farms for sale. C. W. LIGHTFOOT.

TARIFF NO BARRIER

IT DOES NOT HINDER FOREIGN TRADE DEVELOPMENT.

We Are Not Only the Greatest Producers in the World, but We Surpass All Other People in Sales of Goods to Our Neighbors.

It has been steadfastly maintained by those favoring unrestricted international commerce that a protective tariff is a direct hindrance to a country in the development of foreign trade relations. The reason for this lies, we are told, in the supposed inclination of every nation to resent interference with its commercial activity among other nations, a resentment which, it is claimed, finds expression sooner or later in the placing of retaliatory duties upon the goods of the offending country.

Probably no better proof could be offered of the fallacy of this theory than is found in the report issued recently by the department of commerce and labor at Washington, through its bureau of statistics, which shows conclusively the rapid strides made in its foreign trade by the United States during the last eleven years. In reviewing the figures given in these tables it is to be remembered that the period from 1893-1903, inclusive, embraced the four years of Mr. Cleveland's second term (1892-96); so that but seven years (1897-1903) can properly be said to have been influenced by protective tariff measures. Even during that comparatively short time, however, the percentage of gain in the total exports of this country is shown to be 47 per cent, while during Mr. Cleveland's term the increase was only 14 per cent.

There is discovered a rapid increase, even during the entire period from 1893-1903, inclusive, in favor of export over import trade. This gain amounts to 63 per cent of the total increase in our commercial relations with Europe, to 92 per cent of trade with North America, to 79 per cent of trade with South America, to 77 per cent of trade with Asia and Oceania and 71 per cent of trade with Africa and other countries, while in the total commercial relations of this country with the rest of the world the export trade is a factor in the increase to the extent of 60 per cent. The exports to Europe alone grew in value from \$679,616,353 in 1893 to \$1,087,049,843 in 1903, or 60 per cent, while we were purchasers in the same market to the extent of only \$527,878,256 in 1903 as against \$392,181,248 in 1893, 35 per cent increase.

As already stated, during the first four years of the period scheduled for the foreign trade of this country was conducted under lower tariff rates, and yet, as if to remove the matter beyond possibility of doubt, it is found that without a single exception growth and development have come to our foreign commerce only after the establishment of an adequately protective tariff. In the years 1897-1903 inclusive the value of goods exported from this country to Europe increased 28 per cent as against a gain of 15 per cent for the period 1893-97 inclusive. Goods exported to North America from 1893-97 inclusive showed a loss of 3 per cent in value and a gain during the years 1897-1903 inclusive of 87 per cent. Exports to South America from 1897-1903 increased 35 per cent in value, while showing a distinct loss during Mr. Cleveland's term, and in the total exports to all countries there is an increase of 47 per cent for the period from 1897-1903 inclusive against a percentage of 14 for the years 1893-97 inclusive.

To sum up a few of the large trade facts which are set forth with great clearness in this report of the department of commerce and labor it appears that we are today not only the greatest producers and manufacturers in the world, but we sell more goods to our neighbors than any other people. We buy of the outside world \$1,000,000,000 worth annually, and we sell every year to the outside world our products to the amount of \$1,500,000,000. And yet free traders continue to prate about the "barriers of protection!"

BUSINESS

Methods require that business men should use neat Stationery. The difference between slovenly letters and bills and neat ones is but a trifle so far as money is concerned, but

ALL THE DIFFERENCE IN THE WORLD

in the impression upon customers. Be neat and order your printing from THE DELTA.

Improved Train Service. SGENIC ROUTE TO PACIFIC COAST. DIRECT ROUTE TO ATLANTIC COAST. NEW PASSENGER EQUIPMENT. RATES ALWAYS THE LOWEST. PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOURS VIA RAIL AND LAKE.

Ann Arbor Railroad and Steamship Lines.

The Ann Arbor Car Ferry Steamship Line schedule, taking effect June 1, 1904.

BETWEEN FRANKFORT AND MANISTIQUE

Boat leaves Frankfort Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9:30 a. m., arriving at Manistique at 6:30 p. m.

Leaving Manistique Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9:30 p. m., arriving at Frankfort the following morning at 6:30 a. m.

This is the most direct route to all points south and east.

For further information apply to JOHN HANCOCK, Agent, Manistique, Mich.

Travelers Railway Guide. 25 CENTS.

First publication Oct. 1, 1904. STATE OF MICHIGAN.

The Circuit Court for the County of Delta. In Chancery.

ALBERT SMITH, Complainant, vs. BERTHA SMITH, Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Delta, in Chancery, at Escanaba, on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1904. In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant, Bertha Smith is not a resident of this state, but is a resident of the state of Wisconsin. On motion of G. R. Empson, complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that the appearance of said non-resident defendant be entered herein, within four months from the date of this order; and in case of her appearance that she cause her answer to the bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor within 20 days after service on her of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and in default thereof, said bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident defendant.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in The Gladstone Delta, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued once in each week for six successive weeks, or that because a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for her appearance.

J. W. STONE, Circuit Judge. G. R. EMPSON, Solicitor for Complainant. Business address, Gladstone, Mich. 32

First publication Oct. 1, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Marquette, Mich., September 26, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court for Delta County, Mich., at Escanaba, Mich., on November 7, 1904, viz: Homestead application No. 10285, of Thomas N. Hollywood, for the nw 1/4 of ne 1/4, section 18, township 42 north, range 24 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Edward W. Hollywood, Leo Kohlberger, Edward Vieu, Willis Hollywood, all of Cornell, Michigan. THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

LUMBER Hemlock and White Pine. Let us figure on your house bills. Grades right and prices right. We have a nice stock of Yellow Pine Finishing, Flooring and Ceiling. We can furnish you any kind of Interior Finish in Oak, Birch, Cypress, Sycamore, White Pine or Yellow Pine. Get our prices on Windows, Doors and Porch Work. We handle the Stephenson Cedar Shingles—best on the market. PHONE 7. WOOD AND COAL. C. W. DAVIS.

REAL ESTATE Business and Residence Lots for sale on easy terms. C. A. CLARK, Agt.

A GREAT BARGAIN The Detroit Free Press FARM & LIVE STOCK JOURNAL Michigan's Greatest Farm Weekly, EDITED BY MR. ROBERT GIBBONS. From Date Until Jan. 1, 1905, FOR ONLY 10 CENTS. Every Member of the Family will Find Something to Interest them in this Great Home Paper. GIVE IT A TRIAL. Address: THE DETROIT FREE PRESS, Detroit, Mich.

First publication Aug. 27, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Marquette, Mich., August 23, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court for Delta County, Mich., at Escanaba, Mich., on October 4, 1904, viz: Homestead application No. 11029 of Marion Fox, for the sw 1/4 of sw 1/4, section 8, township 43 north, range 23, west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles W. Lightfoot, Elton W. Stephenson, Barton Bennett, Harry Hutton, all of Rock, Michigan. THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication Sept. 24, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Marquette, Mich., Sept. 14, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, Albert E. Neff, of Gladstone, county of Delta state of Michigan, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1218, for the purchase of the se 1/4 of se 1/4 (Lot 8), of section No. 32 in township No. 41 n, range No. 22 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the clerk of the Circuit Court for the County of Delta, at Escanaba, Mich., on Monday the 28th day of November, 1904.

He names as witnesses: Albert Thorbahn, Roy Thorbahn, of Brampton, Michigan, Harry Neff, Edgar G. Ingalls, of Gladstone, Michigan. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 28th day of November, 1904.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication Oct. 3, 1904. SHERIFF'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Circuit Court for the County of Delta, in favor of Smith, Thordike & Brown Company, a corporation, against the goods and chattels and real estate of Russell G. Baker, in said County, do directed and delivered, I did, on the 8th day of September, instant, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said Russell G. Baker in and to the following real estate, to-wit: The southeast quarter (1/4) of the northeast quarter (1/4) of section 31, town 41 north of range 19 west, Delta County, Michigan. All of which I shall expose for sale at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court House in the City of Escanaba, Mich., on Tuesday the 4th day of October, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this 23d day of September, 1904. ALEX. ROBERTS, Sheriff.

ARTHUR H. RYALL, Attorney.

First publication Oct. 3, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Marquette, Mich., July 26, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court for Delta County, Michigan, at Escanaba, Mich., on October 3, 1904, viz: Homestead application No. 11017, of Elton W. Stephenson, for the se 1/4 of ne 1/4 section 7, township 42 n, range 24 w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles W. Lightfoot and Wallace G. Bridges, of Rock, Mich., Timothy Curran and James Curran, of Lathrop, Mich. THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication July 30, 1904. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Marquette, Mich., July 26, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, Mary Heyman, of Escanaba, county of Delta, state of Michigan, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 1188, for the purchase of the nw 1/4 of se 1/4 of section No. 34 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the clerk of the circuit court for the county of Delta, at Escanaba, Mich., on Tuesday the 4th day of October, 1904.

She names as witnesses: Leo Kohlberger, of Cornell, Mich., Charles Grunert, Louis O. Kirstine and Adielar Gabourier, of Escanaba, Mich.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 4th day of October, 1904.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication Sept. 24, 1904. NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO VACATE A PART OF THE FURNACE ADDITION TO THE CITY OF GLADSTONE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed with the clerk of the Circuit Court for the County of Delta praying for a vacation of a part of the plat of the Furnace Addition to the City of Gladstone in said County, described as follows, to-wit: Blocks twenty-eight (28), twenty-nine (29), thirty (30), thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33), and lots thirteen (13) to fifty-eight (58), both inclusive, of block thirty-one (31), and that part of lots eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12) of block thirty-one (31) lying in the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter (ne 1/4 of ne 1/4) of section sixteen (16), township forty (40) north, range twenty-two (22) west; and that an application founded upon the said petition will be made to the said court on the 24th day of October next at the Court House in said county for an order vacating that portion of the said plat hereinbefore described, at which time and place any person owning any part of the said plat immediately adjoining that part thereof which it is proposed to vacate, may appear and oppose the same.

Dated September 22, 1904. F. D. MEAD, COVELL C. ROYCE, Attorney. Owner.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

RUSSIANS WILL TAKE OFFENSIVE

Kuropatkin Will Attempt to Isolate the Large Body of Jap Plankers.

MAY BALK OYAMA'S PLANS.

The Immense Area Covered by the Jap Lines Leaves Them Open to Successful Attack.

COSSACKS HARASS THE ENEMY.

London, Sept. 29.—A dispatch to a news bureau here, dated Mukden, yesterday, says: "Gen. Kuropatkin has decided to take the offensive and attempt the isolation of the large body of Japanese engaged in the flanking movement east and north of Mukden. An enormous force of cavalry will be thrown at the Japanese lines. The immense area covered by Oyama's forces at the present time gives Kuropatkin an opportunity for the tactics which he attempted at Liao Yang, of defeating the Japanese armies in detail."

Time for Russians to Strike.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 29.—Members of the general staff committed themselves to the statement last night that the time now appeared ripe for decisive action at Mukden. It is believed here that the vast extent of territory covered by the Japanese army leaves it peculiarly liable to attack, and that there is every probability of Gen. Kuropatkin balking Oyama's plans by assuming the offensive. Both armies are reported to be in close touch, and heavy outpost fighting is general along the entire line.

From Gen. Kuropatkin's reports of yesterday it is learned that the Russian cavalry has succeeded in seriously hampering the movements of Oyama's forces.

Stoessel Refuses to Give Up.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 29.—Gen. Stoessel has finally refused to yield Port Arthur, as all expected he would. A friend of his said today that even if instructions were sent him to capitulate he would follow the example of Nelson at the battle of Copenhagen, who put a telescope to his blind eye and turned it on the signal telling him to cease fighting.

Russians are following the development with bated breath. It is fully recognized that the situation at Port Arthur is rapidly becoming desperate. When the moment arrives for the ships to leave the harbor the water question will become doubly serious, as their condensers no longer will be available, and supplies of nutritious food, in spite of details, are running short.

The anxiety here is great, but no illusions are held as to the widely serious effect the fall of Port Arthur will have.

Japs Make Little Progress.

London, Sept. 29.—According to the Chinese the Japanese have made little progress at Port Arthur. They are said to have taken forts 4, 5 and 6, but were unable to hold them, and withdrew on the afternoon of September 28. Their loss in these assaults were enormous, while the Russian casualties also were severe.

The Japanese have done much tunneling towards the forts. The Russians have counter-tunneled and laid mines which have inflicted terrible losses.

The Chinese say the Japanese fleet has gone to its base in the Elliott islands. Two or three battleships occasionally go outside the harbor.

Impatient at Tokio.

An undated dispatch to The Express from Tokio, sent by way of Shanghai on September 28, says:

For the first time since the war began impatience is manifested in Japan regarding the delay in the capture of Port Arthur. The newspapers editorially complain about Gen. Nogai's failure to capture the fortress. The papers say that they would like to see the august general a sharp sword which hangs in his office. This remark is a covert invitation to Gen. Nogai to commit hara-kiri, which in Japan is the logical result of failing in such a task.

In view of the failure of the last terrific assault the column is now expected that the fortress may hold out three months longer.

Reinforcements, variously estimated to number from 10,000 to 12,000 infantry and some steel guns have been sent Gen. Nogai this week.

Invited besiegers who have arrived here say the Russians are defending Port Arthur almost frantically. Every conceivable device is adopted to repulse assaults, even throwing red pepper during fighting in close quarters.

The stories of terrible havoc wrought by the land mines they are not exaggerated. The Russian plant fresh mines at night. The approaches to the fortress practically are strewn with dynamite. Both sides are physically exhausted.

STEEL PREFERRED RUNS UP.

Large Purchase, Rumored to Be for Schwab, Boosts Price \$1.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 29.—Charles M. Schwab and party have departed for the north and east in a special train. A flutter of excitement was caused on the stock market by buying nearly \$1,500,000 of preferred stock of the United States Steel corporation. It is the gossip of local financial circles that the stock was bought for Mr. Schwab's account. Twenty thousand shares were purchased and it advanced the market from \$71.30 to \$72.50.

ELECTRIC LINE ASSURED.

Two Rivers to Be Connected with Green Bay by Interurban.

Two Rivers, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—It is now practically an assured fact that the electric line connecting this city with Green Bay will be built early next year. The Knox Construction company of Green Bay will build a line from Green Bay to Mishicot, where connection will be made with the Higgins line, which will be built north from here. A franchise will not be asked for, it is announced, but the right-of-way will be purchased.

GOVERNOR GOES FOR SENATE.

La Follette Scolds Mr. Whitehead, Whom He Discovers in Audience at Bangor.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Gov. La Follette's sensational tour of La Crosse county, in his effort to defeat the renomination of Senator Claveney, took him to Bangor yesterday. When the governor, speaking to 500 people, discovered Senator Whitehead in the audience, he launched into a bitter tirade against the state senate, and particularly Senator Whitehead.

British coal is now shipped to Jerusalem.

TEAMSTERS VOTE TO RENEW STRIKE.

Other Unions Affected by Stockyards Trouble, However, Ask Them to Be Careful.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 29.—Because half a dozen members of their union who participated in the big stockyards strike have been unable to get back to work, the packing house teamsters are in an agitated frame of mind and officials of the organization announce that a vote in favor of another strike has been taken. While the drivers themselves are said to have voted the strike the Teamsters' Joint council refused to permit another walk-out.

Labor leaders who have deplored the terrible reverses to the cause already apparent from the stockyards strike, insist that another strike of the kind would mean this time would mean suicide for the union.

PRESIDENT IS PLEASED.

Likes Outcome of Fictitious Letter Incident—Question of Malice Not Settled as Yet.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 29.—Whether or not malice was responsible for the mistake in republishing the Evening Post's "labor letter" as genuine is a question which cannot be decided offhand, but the president is willing to give the proprietors of the papers involved the benefit of the doubt, and the legal officers of the government have been instructed to stop further investigation. There will be no prosecutions. The president is well pleased about the outcome of the incident. The Post is criticized for its bad judgment in publishing the original.

NO TOBACCO FOR KIDS.

Willis Brown Will Ask for Stringent Ordinance in Green Bay at Next Meeting of Council.

Green Bay, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—The passage of an ordinance making it a misdemeanor for any boy under the age of 16 years to use tobacco in any form on the streets of Green Bay will be asked of the city council by Willis Brown of the American Anti-Cigarette league, who is in the city this week, organizing a branch of the league here.

BELL HAS BAD LUCK.

Trusted Employee of President of Defunct Appleton Watch Company Disappears—Diamonds Missed.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Charles E. Pitcher of the Walker-Edmonds company, diamond dealers, has disappeared. Several diamonds are missed. The head of the Walker-Edmonds company is O. Edmunds Bell, president of the Remington Watch company of Appleton, which failed in the Wisconsin city after a large plant was erected and had started to run, and which is now to be removed to Indianapolis, for a fresh start. Bell had utmost confidence in Pitcher, who has been employed in various capacities by Bell's different companies.

STATE APOLOGIZES, DEMANDS REDRESS.

Massachusetts' Governor, in Making Amends on Attache's Arrest, Hints at Counter Claim.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 29.—Massachusetts having apologized for the arrest of Hugh Gurney, the third secretary of the British embassy, would now like Great Britain to apologize on its own account for the act of its official in overruling Massachusetts law and insulting a Massachusetts court.

Gov. Bates has made it understood to the state department in apologizing for the commonwealth, that Massachusetts likewise expects an amend from Mr. Gurney, not only for his violation of the law, but also for his behavior in court.

It is understood that while not asking directly for Gurney's recall, the governor directs attention to the latter's behavior, and intimates diplomatically that his recall to England would be desirable as an amend to the dignity of Massachusetts law.

DODGEVILLE FAIR SUCCESSFUL.

Officers of Iowa County Association Elected—Cleared \$1000.

Dodgeville, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—The new officers of the Iowa County Agricultural society are: Thomas Hogan, president; F. W. Stratman, vice president; John I. Hahn, secretary, and H. D. James, treasurer.

It was voted to hold another carnival and street fair next year. The 1904 meeting was a complete success, clearing about \$1000.

Wautoma, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—The prospects for the Wautoma county fair were never better. More entries have been made than at any previous fair.

Richland Center, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—A heavy rain last night put the track in bad condition for the races at the county fair. The attendance is estimated at 10,000.

TORPEDO LOST IN BAY.

Missile Filled with 200 Pounds of Gun Cotton Now a Menace.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 29.—Two torpedoes were lost Friday from the United States submarine boat Pike in San Pablo bay. One has been recovered by Italian fishermen. The other is still at large and may be exploded by a passing vessel. It is charged with 200 pounds of gun cotton. A reward of \$250 is offered for its recovery.

MARRIED BETWEEN TRAINS.

La Crosse Girl Stops Over at Janesville—Then Joins Parents.

Janesville, Wis., Sept. 29.—On the plea that she wished to visit friends here Miss Rose Threin of La Crosse, who was moving with her parents to Chicago, stopped off between trains in Janesville and was married to Fred W. Stearns of Chicago. She then went out to Chicago, and joined her parents.

Cupid's Crop in Iowa County.

Dodgeville, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—The following marriages took place in Iowa county yesterday:

Harvey Ferrell and Mabel Jackson at Waldwick.

E. Charles Halverson and Clara J. Shoffer, Linden.

Samuel Wilcox and Mrs. George Jenkens, Dodgeville.

Philip Powers, Jr., and Maggie A. Hines, Highland.

John Coffer and Nora Keyes, Cobb.

TESTS INDIAN WILL.

Validity of Testament Conveying Land of Red Skin Made Subject of Suit.

QUESTION NOT TRIED BEFORE.

Document Filed at Green Bay Purports to Dispose of Land of Hannah Miniham Worth \$2000.

Appleton, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—One of the first Indian wills ever submitted to court for probate was presented Tuesday to the circuit court at Green Bay. It was left by Hannah Miniham and directs the distribution of property granted by the United States and which is part of the Oneida Indian reservation. It is thought that never before has there been an attempt made to probate a will left by an Indian.

Since any contract to convey, or any conveyance of land received from the government is declared null by statute, it has been maintained that a will also conveying such land is likewise void.

John F. Watermelon will now test this, claiming that under the statutes of Wisconsin a will is not a "conveyance." The property involved is considered worth about \$2100.

WANTS STRICTER LAW.

Insurance Commissioner Host Will Ask Next Legislature for Better Anti-Incendiarist Statute.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Insurance Commissioner Host announced that he would recommend to the next legislature the enactment of more stringent anti-incendiarist laws and a law creating a state fire marshal. He says: "Statistics have been cited showing that the average rates of premium collected by fire insurance companies in five states last year were as follows: Massachusetts, \$1.02 Wisconsin, \$1.08 Iowa, \$1.18 Connecticut, \$0.98

"Something should be done to bring about a lower average premium rate in this state. The legislature should enact effective laws such as the fire marshal law for discovery and punishment of incendiarism, for fully one-third of the fires which occur are of incendiary origin. Many fires are kindled by over-insured parties as a method of stealing from the insurance companies, and in making rates the companies must take this fact into consideration."

"Massachusetts and Connecticut have had in effective operation a state fire marshal law for several years. Our state law is bad and is responsible to a large extent for the increase average rate in Wisconsin over other states. The law should be repealed or amended so as not to place a premium on incendiarism."

DIES ON FATHER'S GRAVE.

Aurora Farmer Shoots Himself and Expires in Lutheran Cemetery—No Reason Is Known.

West Bend, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Hot Peters, a farmer residing at Aurora, a village several miles west of here, shot and killed himself yesterday, in the Lutheran cemetery. His body was discovered lying on the grave of his father, and life had evidently been extinct for at least a day. He was about 60 years of age, and leaves a family. No reason for his act is known.

CLAIM DECLARED FRAUDULENT.

Estate of Dan Clune at Askeaton Relieved of \$47,700 Burden.

Askeaton, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—The claim of \$47,700 of the Arc Light company of Chicago against the estate of the late Dan Clune of this place has been dismissed by Judge Merrill on evidence secured by detectives employed by the heirs. The claim was obtained by fraud. There is another large claim by Chicago parties pending. Mr. Clune left an estate estimated at \$75,000.

SAFE ON ENGINE PILOT.

Fort Atkinson Lad Escapes Death and Is Hardly Scratched.

Fort Atkinson, Wis., Sept. 29.—A dray belonging to John Keeler was run down by a special engine and Harley Lasher, an 8-year-old boy, who was sitting on the rear of the dray, was found clinging to the cowcatcher after it was all over. As the dray was crushed the boy was unharmed. The dray was demolished.

W. J. BRYAN IS A GRANDPA.

Former Presidential Candidate's Daughter Safely Delivered of Girl Baby.

New Orleans, La., Sept. 29.—William Jennings Bryan, Democratic standard bearer in the 1896 and 1900 campaigns, is now a grandfather. A daughter was born today to his daughter, Mrs. Homer Leavitt of this city, who was formerly Miss Ruth Baird Bryan. Both the mother and child are doing well.

GAS AND ELECTRIC TO JOIN.

Two Oshkosh Companies to Be One After Saturday.

Oshkosh, Wis., Sept. 29.—Unless some unexpected hitch occurs, the Oshkosh Gaslight company will come into possession of the property of the Oshkosh Electric Light and Power company Saturday. The consideration will probably be more than \$215,000.

KNIGHTS TO COME TO MILWAUKEE.

Members of the Third Degree Team of Columbus Order Expected.

Green Bay, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Attorney John F. Martin and members of the third degree team of the Green Bay Knights of Columbus will leave for Milwaukee Saturday afternoon to confer the degree on a Milwaukee class Sunday.

CANNON AND LANDIS COMING.

Speaker of House and Indiana Senator to Speak at Dodgeville.

Dodgeville, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Speaker Cannon and Senator Landis of Indiana will speak in this city October 12. The event will be made a Republican rally day.

DEATHS IN THE STATE.

Portage, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. William Murray, one of the old residents of Portage, is dead, aged 75 years. The funeral occurred Tuesday.

Green Bay, Wis., Sept. 29.—[Special.]—The death of Gustav Mann, at the age of 70 years, one of the oldest residents of the city, occurred yesterday afternoon.

BLAMED FOR THE WRECK.

Death List of Accident on Southern Railway Now Numbers 64.

ENGINEER DIES AT POST.

Locomotive Driver Deliberately Flies Past Meeting Place and Death Results.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 26.—The death list as a result of the wreck on the Southern road near Newmarket on Saturday has grown tonight to sixty-two and it will probably exceed seventy before Tuesday, as many of the injured are in a serious condition and more deaths will occur at the hospitals.

Yesterday there were six deaths, the last one occurring at 8 o'clock last night, when M. P. Gant of Shelby, N. C., passed away. Others who died at the hospital were the two colored fireman, two little girls, and Nep Miller, fireman, of Johnson City.

To the list of dead there were also added an unknown infant, found at the scene of the wreck, and two other unidentified bodies.

The engineer of the westbound train, so investigation shows, was directly responsible for the disaster. He deliberately disobeyed orders. Why, will never be known, for he was crushed to death beneath his engine and his fireman suffered a like fate.

Flies Past Meeting Point.

Hodges, a little station, was to be the meeting point of the two trains. The westbound received orders to take the sidetrack at the depot and await the eastbound train. The engineer received the orders and placed the slip of yellow paper in a little frame hanging in the cab, where it would be constantly before him.

There are but two possible explanations of his failure to follow orders—he may have gone to sleep or the still remote chance of him being suddenly stricken blind. But there is little chance of either theory being airtight else but a surmise. There can be no excuse of misleading signals, for the accident occurred in broad daylight.

Rushes On to Destruction.

The train, driven by the man whose criminal carelessness cost him his life, rushed through Hodges at 10:15, going forty miles an hour. The telegraph operator knew that it should have stopped. He rushed from the depot when he saw no evidence of slackening speed and frantically signalled. No one saw or paid any attention to him. He realized the absolute certainty of the impending calamity, and calling the train dispatcher at Knoxville notified him of the wreck which he knew must happen, as the east-bound train, ordered to pass the west-bound at Hodges, was due in two minutes.

The news reached Knoxville almost simultaneously with the crash of the trains, and the frantic railroad officials began ordering out wrecking apparatus and special trains bearing doctors, nurses, cots and medical supplies.

Meet on a Sharp Curve.

The crash came on a sharp curve, between high bars. The westbound train was a heavy one, it carrying the sleepers from the east for Knoxville, Chattanooga, and other southern cities. The eastbound train was lighter, consisting of day coaches and chair cars. It was going thirty miles an hour, the other forty.

The heavy train crashed into the lighter one with the force of a giant missile hurled from a catapult. And, by the irony of fate, the engineer and the fireman of the train at fault were the only ones on that train to lose their lives, while fifty-two travelers were killed on the train that had the right of way.

Smashup Is Complete.

Expert railroad men who have seen scores of wrecks unite in saying that never have they seen such an inexpressible carnage as this. The two engines and their tenders were simply a mass of scrap iron, from which vomited fire, smoke and steam. The big machines were driven into one another, the cowcatcher of the engine at fault was the final judgment in the cab of the other. This engine was turned almost on its back, the drive wheels pointing almost directly to the sky.

The light coaches of the local train were literally knocked into splinters. Roofs were crushed like a crumpled envelope, two cars had both sides torn out. Floors were driven up and forced through the ceilings, catching and crushing men, women and children as if in a vise.

When the first impact came the passengers on the eastbound train were hurled from their seats and thrown toward the front end of the cars. Then, in an instant, before they could regain their feet, the cars commenced literally to telescope and close up as a hat rack is compressed. As the jaws of wood and iron came down, men, women and children remained the helpless, huddled masses of humanity.

Bodies Crushed to Pulp.

Dozens of bodies were simply crushed out of all semblance to human form. Limbs were torn off, and bones broken by the hundreds. When the doctors got to work it seemed as if hardly a victim had escaped without at least one fracture, and scores had half a dozen.

Then the mingled mass of splintered timber, twisted iron and tramped humanity was hurled almost on top of the scrap heap which a moment before had been two giant locomotives.

The baggage car of the west bound train was crushed, but the Pullman and other coaches behind it kept the track. From them poured trainmen and passengers to render what aid was possible. The tool came, and the cars were broken open, and men, moved to mighty deeds by the shrieks and groans that came from the pile of wreckage began the work of rescue.

It was a long, gruesome task. In one car they found a woman pinioned by a piece of split timber which had gone completely through her body. A little child, quivering in death's agony, lay beneath the woman. The child died ten minutes later. Within a few feet of the little one lay a woman's head, while the decapitated body was several feet away.

Child Calls for Dead Parents.

Another little girl, Lucille Connor of Knoxville, whose body was fearfully mangled, was pitifully calling for her mother, but her mother and father lay dead ten feet away.

One woman, terribly mangled, was praying earnestly to be spared for her children, but death relieved her sufferings in a few minutes.

The injured and those only slightly hurt joined in the work of relief. Many of them were searching for friends and relatives, and their weeping and wailing added to the horror of the scene.

In one car but two persons escaped alive. Congressman Henry R. Gibson from the Second congressional district of Tennessee and one other man, whose name is not known, were the fortunate. The congressman was en route to Russellville, Tenn., to deliver a political address and was reading his address when the collision occurred.

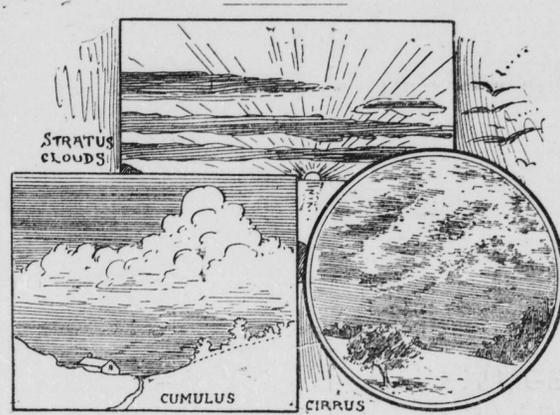


To remove yellow stains from pyro developed negatives, bathe them in sulphurous acid water or in a 10 per cent solution of sulphide of soda, to which a few drops of sulphuric acid have been added.—News Monger.

Cracked but not broken glass negatives, whose film is still uninjured, can be repaired in the following way: Put a dry plate of the size of the negative—not yet developed, but fixed—for a short time in water; that is, sufficiently long to cause a swelling of the gelatine film. The broken negative is placed upon this plate, so that its reversed side comes to lay upon the gelatine side of the latter. Now press lightly but carefully. By the swelling of the gelatine the entrance of air is completely excluded, and both plates will adhere solidly and form a whole, so that prints may be made as from any negative.—Photographic Times.

Dispensers of their own chemicals will probably have noticed that strong alkaline solutions—such as the accelerating, or No. 2, solution—of a developer often turn a brown color after they are bottled. This is often due to imperfect cleansing of the bottles, for vessels intended for strong alkalis are not sufficiently clean if merely washed in water. For this reason it is best first to make up a small amount of the alkaline solution, and pouring it into the bottle, swirl it well round, and then hold against a white sheet of paper to test for brown coloration. Should this have occurred, throw out the contents and give another wash in a similar manner, so effectually ridding the bottle of any ingredient acted upon by the alkali. If a brown sediment afterwards precipitates, as it frequently does, the clear solution should be decanted off, leaving the sediment behind, as filter papers would be destroyed by a strong solution.—Amateur Photographer.

WHAT GOES ON ABOVE US.



Considering the important part clouds play in art and poetry, their beauty and their value as weather indicators, it is strange that so few people understand the method of their formation or can distinguish between them. Such a knowledge is essential to a full appreciation of landscape and sunset.

A mass of air on the earth's surface, being warmed by heat radiated from the earth, rises, bearing with it the moisture given off by the soil, plants and water with which it has been in contact. As this warm, moist air moves up into the thin, rare atmosphere, it expands and its temperature is considerably lowered. The amount of vapor which cool air will sustain in an invisible state is decidedly less than the amount which is sustained by warm air. Therefore, when the moist air cools a part of the vapor condenses into minute globules of water, which catch the light and are then visible. In this form the moisture is called a cloud.

The difference in the form of the cloud depends upon the altitude it reaches before its water vapor condenses. There are four principal kinds.

The cumulus, or heap-cloud, is large (sometimes five miles from base to summit), rolling and lumpy. It floats about a mile from the earth. This is the commonest summer day cloud. They are largest a little after noon, but if they continue to grow until sunset, look out for rain.

The stratus, or sheet-cloud, forms in the region above that of the cumuli. This is the kind so often seen when the sun sets. It shows in horizontal bars across the western sky. It sometimes spreads over the whole sky, hiding all the blue. The ordinary stratus is from two to four miles over us.

The highest form is the cirrus, or curl-cloud. It is light, fluffy, cotton-like and extremely light. It is formed only above the frost line, and is made up of floating ice dust. It is at its best in winter. The cirrus is sometimes eight miles from the earth.

The nimbus, the low, dark rain cloud, is the fourth and last primary cloud form.

Besides these four there are an almost unlimited number of varieties and combinations bearing such names as cirro-cumulus and cumulo-stratus.

Clouds are always changing and in motion, the heavy cumulus sometimes traveling as fast as twenty-five miles an hour, and the cirrus even ninety miles. This may explain why the clouds float, though they are much heavier than air. The wind probably supports them, just as it does the thistle down near the earth. Yet clouds are constantly evaporating and being renewed by newly-rising moist air.

There is much to learn by looking up.

QUEER WAYS OF THE TURK.

He Reads Your Mail and Tabooes Telephone and Electricity.

The Turk suspects everybody and everything and no private act, no seclusion, is safe from his intrusion. Every telegram sent from the public offices is at once reported to the authorities. No one can safely send a letter by the Turkish post unless he is willing to have it opened and read and take the chances of having it confiscated if the censor finds anything that can be twisted into an insult to Mohammedanism.

As a result of this condition and the inability of foreigners residing in Turkey to communicate with any certainty with their friends, some of the great European nations have established postoffices of their own in Turkish cities, in which they employ only Europeans, use their own stamps and watch their mailbags until they pass beyond the prying eyes of the Turks.

In Salonica there are no fewer than five postoffices—British, Austrian, French, Servian and Turkish; in Constantinople six. If one wishes to be sure of his mail he must inquire at four of them at least, and if he really wants to have his letters reach their destination he must send them through some postoffice other than Turkish.

For the reason that the authorities cannot be sure of a complete knowledge of all the conversation that might pass the telephone has been excluded

Self-Evident.

"The trouble with our people," exclaimed the popular orator, "is that they too often confuse license with liberty."

"I don't know about other kinds of license," interrupted a thoughtful-looking man from the audience, "but I can state emphatically that there is no confusion possible between a marriage license and liberty."

There were approving murmurs clear back to the rear of the hall.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Not So Very Much.

"May I kiss you?" "Not much." "All right; I wanted only one or two."—Town Topics.

A man hears his wife complain because he never makes her a present; he goes down and buys her a picture, and then finds out that she has been hinting for years for a lamp.

Rapid River Locals.

After Saturday, December 31, 1904, The Delta's free list will be suspended and the rule of payment in advance for subscriptions will be strictly adhered to. At the expiration of the time for which the subscription is paid it will be dropped from the mailing list, unless the publisher is otherwise advised.

The ball team will probably play Perkins on the ninth. The game is not certain. They were defeated last Sunday on the home grounds by Gladstone, score 10 to 12. The game was even until the fifth inning, but Rapid drew ahead. Gladstone developed a streak and tied the score, 10 to 10, at the close of the ninth, scoring twice more in the tenth. Walsh, of Escanaba, played second base on the Rapid team. The team has come out well financially, and will be able to buy new equipment next year.

The K. O. T. M. M. were surprised Wednesday night by the ladies. They initiated eight candidates, Oscar Johnson, Nels Westling, Elmer Martin, Dave Labumbard, Gus Roberts, Chris Pfeifer, Alex Lafromboise and William Dennitt. They have determined on the cast for their play. Mrs. Doane arrived Thursday to give the ladies a few pointers on lodge work. They initiated a candidate.

The Woodmen did as well last Saturday as could have been expected in the face of the weather conditions. They cleared about \$12 on the dance. The prizes were as follows: First prizes, William Micheau, as a chief forester, suit case; Miss Lulu Dillabough, as the Goddess of Liberty, chocolate set. Comic, Orton Jenne, as a tramp, wine set; Mrs. Levi Rabideau, Topsy, shawl.

The Rapid River mill shuts down to day or Monday. The tie mill finished cutting Wednesday afternoon. It is surmised that the mill may be opened to cut lumber next year. The mill has been cutting shingles for seventeen years. It would need considerable repairs to be operated.

Darrow has finished his addition. There is a vista between the front door and the back 137 feet in length. This gives him a little more chance to store his hay and feed down town. He will use the warehouse by the railroad track as a reserve.

Rev. Adolph Dasler moved last week to St. James, Minn., after six years of faithful work here. It is not yet known whether another minister will take his place this year. Rev. Caspar of Escanaba, will preach here occasionally.

August Schramm last week purchased from George Kell, of Wilson, a 198 pound ewe, which he calls Queen. He considers that she is the finest ever seen in the county.

Louis Buchman went Monday to Houghton to enter the Michigan school of Mines where he will take a full course of mining engineering.

The Ladies' Aid of the Congregational church will give a harvest home social in the Maccabee hall to-night. Supper begins at six.

Fred Brackett is painting Andrew Erickson's saloon a bright red and blue. The weather has dampened his spirits somewhat.

The high school is filled with scholars and chairs have to be brought in. There will probably be more when the mills close.

Henry and Peter Jonas, John Flynn, John Thul of Gladstone and George Christly will go on a hunting trip next week.

The potato crop is good this year. The cats are poor, a very light crop. The threshers are still working on them.

Charles Peep towed the last logs into the Madden slip Monday. They have been calling him "the tug" since.

Fred Ackley painted F. Cardinal's house green this week. It looks entirely different with the improvement.

Captain Peter Jonas ran into a sandbar last Sunday with his boat and found difficulty in extricating himself.

Born Thursday, Sept. 23, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Tropple, a 13½ pound boy. Mrs. Tropple is doing well.

Roswell Carmody returned Monday from Egg Harbor where he spent the last three months.

Mrs. Waldo left Tuesday to attend the W. C. T. U. meeting at the Soo. She returned Friday.

William Bassford and Napoleon Boudah returned from a week's cruising Wednesday.

Fred Germain, well known here, died in Washington last week, from appendicitis.

Miss Violet Rabideau, of Perkins, visited friends here Sunday to Wednesday.

The baseball boys give a dance to-night. They hope for a large crowd.

Miss Mary Micheau came in Saturday from Rhinelander to see her family.

Born Friday, Sept. 23, to Mr. and Mrs. Russell G. Baker, a daughter.

Mrs. Shippy leaves Friday for a six

weeks visit in Lower Michigan. She will go to Bellaire, Ypsilanti, Detroit and other places.

John Kniskern has been putting up hay this week, mostly clover.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Purdy, of Masonville, Monday, a son.

Dr. J. O. Groos and wife visited Leonard Pfeifer Monday.

Walter Busch has been taken with scarlet fever this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Utz drove to Gladstone Thursday.

Mrs. Charles Christianson is visiting friends in Escanaba.

Adam Schaible went to Escanaba Wednesday.

Ed. Golden visited friends in Gladstone Sunday.

Michael Delgoff came here Tuesday from Nahma.

William Larabee had his house sided this week.

C. A. Clark of Gladstone was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. Waldo went to Escanaba last Friday.

ESCANABA TOWNSHIP

Sunday, September 25, being the tenth anniversary of the birth of Master Fred Collins, his young friends decided to celebrate the event with a party which was held at his home; a large crowd of young folks attended and the afternoon was pleasantly spent in various forms of amusements and to the young folks the party was a success in every particular. At the close of the entertainment, Freddie, in a neat little speech that would have done credit to a much older person, thanked his young friends for the party they had given in his honor and for the presents they had given him, and hoped that their birthdays would be as pleasantly remembered. Among the grown folks that attended were Mr. and Mrs. Barr, Mrs. E. Sarasin and Mrs. LaRichelieu, of this place; Miss Josie A. King and Mrs. W. J. Micks of Gladstone.

Mr. Irons, who this summer has cultivated the Wallace farm is more than pleased with the results of the summer's work; potatoes and other vegetables have made a wonderful growth which proves conclusively that under good management the sandy soils of this part of the county can be made to produce good crops; he has four potatoes on exhibition at Bourdelaise's hotel that it is claimed discounts anything grown on the clay soils around here.

Z. Martell has purchased a machine to cut corn which it appears is a great labor saving device; it cuts the corn and binds it in bundles ready to be stacked up. Corn makes valuable fodder for stock and with each succeeding year a larger area is devoted to that product.

Sugar beets are a failure here this year and the chances are that little will be done in the future in that line of farming.

Augustus Bourdelaise of Daggett visited this week with his brother Arthur and his family.

The trees are now clothed in the various tints of autumn and remind us that winter is near.

John Barron visited friends at Green Bay last week.

A Kitchen Convenience.

Of course everybody likes to keep the cook in a good humor and is willing to do anything to maintain her in that desirable state of mind. Nothing does more to help this cause along than improved methods and means of preparing the daily meals.

The picture illustrates a newly patented vegetable cooker, the working of

which will be clearly seen. Cabbages, potatoes or any other article of food to be boiled or broiled are placed in the wire cage, and this is suspended in the pot of water or above a steaming pan. When the food is cooked to the proper extent the cage is withdrawn, the water runs off the vegetables, and you have well prepared food and a smiling cook.

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It is announced that the Pacific Jurisdiction of the Woodmen of the World will probably adopt the scale certificate plan.

By becoming a member of a fraternal society one has taken his first step in the divine lesson of humanity.

There are ninety odd friendly societies reporting to the chief registrar of the English parliament, each more than a hundred years old and comprising a membership of 8,000,000.

WANTED—Quickly, a few persons to represent long established wholesale house among retail merchants and agents. Local territory a few counties. \$18 salary and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Commission extra. Permanent engagement. Business successful. Previous experience not essential. Enclose self addressed envelope. Address, SUPERINTENDENT TRAVELERS, 325 Dearborn St., Chicago. 85

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Hardwood } 2 cords, 2.75
Slabs, } 3 cords, 4.00
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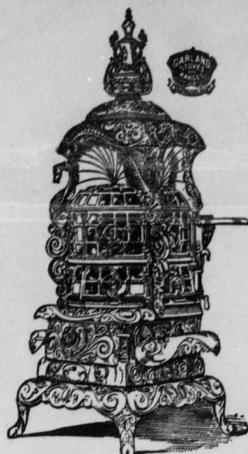
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You will soon need a stove; let us figure with you.

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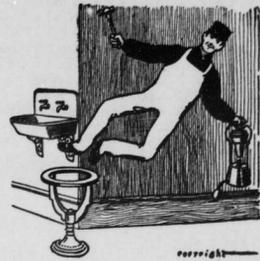
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Is the plumber who sticks to the old fashioned, exorbitant charging way of doing business. We are in thorough accord with modern methods and apply them to our business.

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We examine and study every new improvement in our line, so that when called upon to furnish or repair it, we know how to do it and do it right, and our way of doing work is to commence early, work faithfully and get out of your house as quickly as possible.

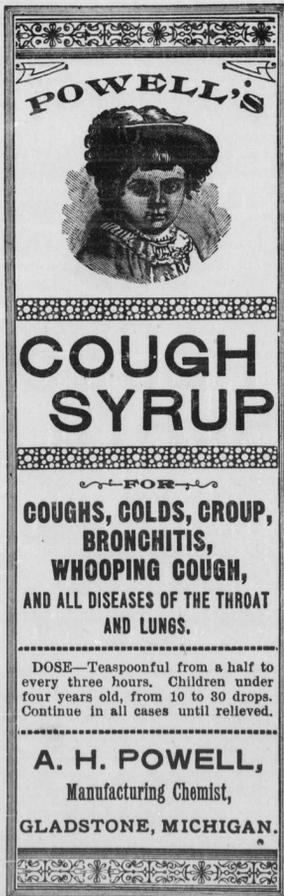
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