

THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XIX.

CHAS. E. MASON, PUBLISHER.

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\$1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Number 6

THE HUB

Is now settled in its new and commodious quarters next to Hoyt's Grocery on Delta and offers a full line of

SEASONABLE GOODS

For gentlemen of all ages. We are still making low prices, and our offerings cannot be surpassed for style and wear. Let us show you the goods and we will offer you inducements worth considering.

THE HUB.

GARDEN TOOLS

-AND-

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Now is the time to get them and the place to get the best prices is at the store of the

NICHOLAS HARDWARE Co.

NEXT TO THE MINNEWASCA BLOCK.



If the Heavens Should Fall

And destroy your house and property are you prepared to stand the loss?

If insured in a weak company why not get into some of the big ones I represent—companies that are paying millions on Baltimore policies with scarcely an effort. Insurance in such companies brings peace of mind. If interested call.

G. R. Empson

A Big Stick

Or a bill of extra long stuff is as easy for us to supply as anything else. We are lumber dealers, not dabblers in lumber. Consider that fact when you want anything made in a saw, shingle or planing mill.

Order Your Sidewalk Plank and Fencing Now Steve (that's our yard foreman) tells us we have an extra good lot of plank and fencing material, and he knows a good piece of pine and hemlock when he sees it.

We can talk to you now about that hardwood finish.

Phone 7. C. W. DAVIS.

REAL ESTATE Business and Residence Lots for sale on easy terms. C. A. CLARK, Agt.

Weinig Sausage

The only sausage maker who guarantees his product to be the best of its kind. All kinds constantly fresh made. Why not get the best when they cost no more?

If you are in doubt try Weinig's Sausage.

It is conceded that his goods are without a Rival.

WEINIG'S MARKET

UNCLE SAM'S WONDERS

All Executive Departments Send Treasures to the World's Fair.

Display Installed in the Largest Governmental Exposition Building Ever Constructed—Precious Documents—Relics of Famous Statesmen and Soldiers. Working Postal Exhibit.

The United States Government building at the World's Fair occupies an elevated site just south of the main picture of the Exposition. The great central dome of the Government building is visible from the very center of the Fair, looking across the picturesque sunken garden that lies between the Palaces of Mines and Metallurgy and Liberal Arts.

The hill slope in front of the Government building is terraced with broad stairways almost completely covering the slope. The building is 800 feet long by 250 feet wide and is the largest structure ever provided at an exposition by the federal government. It is distinguished from all the other large buildings at the Exposition by the steel truss construction, the entire roof being supported by steel arches, forming a splendid domed ceiling.

In this building are installed the exhibits of all the executive departments of the government. The building is a vast storehouse of an endless variety of treasures dear to the heart of every true American. Precious documents are to be seen here, and the autographs of our great men of the past are on display. Relics of famous statesmen and soldiers, carefully preserved through generations, are exhibited. Each governmental department has installed an exhibit showing its official character and mode of operation.

Entering the Government building from the eastern end, the visitor sees at his left a railroad postoffice car. This is not a mere coach standing idle,

chines used in compiling the census reports. The Lighthouse Board, also operating under this department, shows the great revolving lenses in light-houses, with other interesting appliances.

The space in the projecting northwest corner of the building is devoted to the Library of Congress. The edifice which houses this library at Washington is held by many architects to be the most beautiful building in the world. Its interior decorations, by Elmer Ellsworth Garnsey, furnish one of the chief delights of a visit to the national capital. A large model of this splendid building is a feature of the exhibit. The decorative features of the interior are reproduced in their original colors.

The next exhibit on the right hand side of the central aisle is that of the Interior Department, occupying 11,792 square feet. In this large space the visitor finds so many things of compelling interest that he is loath to leave. The Patent Office exhibit belongs to this section. There are models of many machines that have borne an important part in the development of the nation's industries. The earliest form of every device of human invention, so far as possible, is shown here. For instance, you may see the actual sewing machine that was the first contrivance of its kind ever constructed; it was patented in 1846 by Elias Howe. The first typewriter, patented by C. Thurber in 1842; the model of the first cast iron plow, patented by Charles Newbold in 1797; the first screw propeller, invented by Robert Hook in 1680; and many other "first" things are to be seen. The model of Abraham Lincoln's celebrated device for lifting steamboats off shoals is shown here.

The first harvesting machine, made in the year 1800 B. C., is one of the most ancient exhibits at the Exposition. There is also a model of the first steam engine, made in Egypt in the same year. Every foot of the 200,000 feet of floor space in Uncle Sam's World's Fair building is occupied by exhibits of surpassing interest, and every phase of the people's welfare is shown.

CURIOUS THINGS FROM CHINA

The Most Magnificent Beds Ever Seen Are Part of the Celestial Empire's World's Fair Exhibit.

The Chinese exhibit at the World's Fair is filled with pleasing surprises. Some of the most magnificent articles of furniture are a part of this wonderful display. The carving and inlaying of ivory, bone and wood illustrate the marvelous skill of the Chinese.

Models included in this interesting exhibit show the homes and home life of the Chinese, their weddings and funerals, Chinese tea house, restaurant and shop, Chinese weaving and some of the beautiful silks and wearing apparel of the Chinese and their methods of manufacturing them.

One feature of the exhibit is two magnificent Chinese beds, each of which has the appearance of being a small house of great beauty. One is a summer bed, the other for winter. The summer bed is hand carved and inlaid with ivory and bone figures and landscapes exquisitely carved and so skillfully joined as to appear a part of the wood. The bed and furniture are of carved bamboo. The bed consists of an anteroom, with tables, chairs and tea stands, and in an inner room, which is the sleeping apartment, there is a couch with coverings of gauzy silks.

The winter bed is still more elaborate. It consists of three compartments. The first contains four chairs, a tea tray and a chest of drawers. This is the sitting apartment, the second is the dressing room, and the third is the sleeping apartment, or the couch itself. The furniture is of rosewood inlaid with ivory carving of birds, flowers and trees. The couch is covered with silks of the finest texture and in gaudy colors. The sleeping compartments are lighted with Chinese lanterns of silk hung at the outer entrance, while the light enters through gauze panels, hand painted and in forms of rosewood inlaid with ivory figures.

A table and dish made of highly polished ash, with exquisitely carved bamboo figures inlaid, are shown. The work is so artistically done that each article seems to have been made of one piece of wood.

There is also a large display of Chinese lanterns made of silk, gauze and other light material and some made of beads artistically arranged with glass centers. The silk and gauze are beautifully hand painted.

There are models of some of the great Chinese temples, theaters and arches, showing elaborate carving in wood and ivory and two large elephant tusks exquisitely carved.

No International Cable Chess.

In reply to an inquiry received from the City of London Chess club the Brooklyn club recently wired back stating that this year's cable match between America and Great Britain must be considered off unless the British team chooses to come across and play the match over the board in Brooklyn. This of course is considered impracticable, and hope of bringing off the contest this year, while the cables are being monopolized by the war news, has been abandoned.

WATER BOARD.

Regular meeting of the board of fire and water commissioners held May 7, 1904. Present Commissioners Carr, Holm, Powell, Slining and Young.

Commissioner Slining was elected president for the ensuing year. The report of superintendent and secretary for the month of April was read as follows.

Receipts:
Lights.....\$998.95
Supplies.....51.20
Water.....475.00

Expenditures:
Fuel 185 cords slabs.....231.25
28 tons coal.....119.00 350.25
Oil 18 1/2 gals. cylinder.....6.29
2 1/4 eng.....5.10 11.39
Salaries and labor.....387.50
Minor supplies.....34.36
Repairs and extensions.....50.64
Electrical material.....86.55
Credit for month.....174.46

1025.15
Chief Gaufin recommended some repairs to fire apparatus, which were ordered made. President Slining appointed the following committees:

Claims and accounts, Holm and Young; Main and Extensions, Powell and Holm; Purchasing, Carr and Powell; Power and Light, Carr and Young. Bills were allowed, light and water department, \$972.90; fire department \$162.93.

H. J. Krueger was appointed city plumber. Commissioner Powell offered a resolution appointing M. M. Connors city electrician and superintendent of the electric light and water plant for the ensuing year at \$75 per month and providing for an assistant electrician at \$50 per month to be hired by the superintendent and hiring Chris Smith and Fred Filkins as engineers at the pump house at a salary of \$65 per month, each, and John Calder as assistant at \$50 per month; appointing W. E. Gaufin as chief of the fire department at \$75 per year, for one year from May 1 and Hugh McMillan as chief pipeman for one year from same date at \$50 per month and Ed Mackin, as driver, at \$50, for the same term. Which resolution was unanimously carried.

On motion of Com. Carr the superintendent was instructed to install six 16 c. p. lights in the central school.

Com. Powell gave notice that at the next meeting he would offer an amendment to rule 8 of the water board.

On motion of Com. Powell it was ordered that a map be made of the water and light system of the city. The board adjourned.

THE LITTLE HOMESTEAD.

The closer to actual life, to the realistic atmosphere of the heart and home a story is told, the more surely does it find a responsive chord within the heart. This is one of the chief charms of "The Little Homestead," a drama of New England life which will be seen at the Gladstone theatre on Wednesday evening, May 18.

Here is a story from way down East which carries a message for good with it. It unfolds a tale of love and happiness turned to bitterness and pain through the evil designs of a man whose only aim in life is revenge. It traces step by step his evil schemes until the inevitable hand of justice rights the wrongs and pinches the perpetrator. It follows the wife who, in a weak moment leaves the happy fireside to return again remorseful, repentant and dying. It portrays the loving devotion of a husband who through the weight of his own pain, rises above his weaker self and forgives. It points to virtue as its own reward, to wickedness, with its harvest of sorrow and pain. There is action in every moment of "The Little Homestead" and there is a bond of sympathy between the auditors and the characters made possible through the fact that a picture of every day life and of heart interest is being unfolded in the atmosphere of home. This happy conception is by W. B. Patton, author of "The Minister's Son" and is headed by William Macanley, supported by an unusually talented company of players.

Only a Beginning.
Job showed the little round sore spot on his arm to his physician. "What is that, doctor?" he asked. "That is a boil," pronounced the medical man after a brief examination. "A boil!" echoed Job. "Well, that's a new one on me!" Later, however, there were others on him.—Chicago Tribune.

What He Meant.
New Boarder—What did that fellow mean in the dining room when he told me he knelt before ten women this afternoon? Did he propose to them? Cravat Clerk—No; he's a shoe clerk.—Cleveland Leader.

In the Same Spirit.
Larry—I sent Maude a garter snake in alcohol for a joke. Harry—What did she do? Larry—Oh, she returned it in the same spirit in which it was sent.—Princeton Tiger.

Some one has said four boxes rule the world—cartridge box, ballot box, jury box and bandbox.

GLADSTONE THEATER

H. B. LAING, Manager.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY

THE RODNEY STOCK COMPANY

—HAS—

REDUCED PRICES

TO 10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

To-Night, Friday, "Position and Honor."

Saturday Matinee, 2:30, "Utah."

The Great Drama.

Saturday Evening The Famous Play, "Michael Strogoff," The Courier of the Czar.

COUNTY CONVENTION

The Republicans of Delta County met in convention at the court house in Escanaba on Tuesday, May 10. Every precinct in the county was represented except Bay de Noc.

On the opening of the convention at 11 o'clock, F. D. Mead was chosen chairman and C. W. Malloch, secretary, which organization was afterward made permanent. The chair appointed a committee on credentials, J. B. Frechette, P. R. Legg and E. M. St. Jacques and on organization, O. B. Fuller, Chas. D. Mason and T. B. Davis, after which the convention adjourned until 1:30.

On an informal ballot for chairman of the county committee, of which four were taken, A. J. Valentine received 22 votes, G. R. Empson 15 and Emil Glaser 8. On the formal ballot Mr. Empson had 18 votes, Mr. Glaser 1 and Mr. Valentine 26, which elected him chairman for the ensuing two years.

On motion of G. R. Empson the chair was authorized to appoint a committee of five to select delegates to the various conventions. The chair appointed as committee G. R. Empson, O. B. Fuller, R. E. McLean, M. J. Ryan and H. A. Barr.

The following delegates were chosen: To the state convention of May 18.—A. H. Rolph, Fred Hodges, C. A. Clark, I. G. English, F. E. Darling, P. H. Bronsseau, O. B. Fuller, John Kahlow, Emil Glaser.

Congressional convention—H. B. Laing, F. D. Mead, O. E. Youngquist, M. J. Ryan, H. A. Barr, R. E. McLean, E. M. St. Jacques, John P. Holm, Louis Johnson.

Nominating state convention—Dan Wells, A. H. Rolph, O. B. Fuller, Wallace Barr, J. C. Kirkpatrick, John Crooks, E. F. Van Valkenburg, C. D. Mason, J. B. Frechette.

Senatorial convention—Ole Erickson, J. B. Frechette, I. C. Jennings, G. R. Empson, C. W. Malloch, E. M. St. Jacques, Wm. Bonifas, T. B. White, Chas. E. Nebel.

Judicial state convention—F. D. Mead, John Cumiskey, T. B. White, J. F. Carey, I. C. Jennings, A. R. Northrup, G. R. Empson, Judd Yelland, M. K. Bissell.

The delegates from Gladstone were Charles E. Nebel and John P. Holm from the first ward; G. R. Empson, P. R. Legg and H. B. Laing from the second ward; Chas. D. Mason from the third ward and Robert B. Beattie from the fourth ward.

The new county committee is as follows:

Chairman, A. J. Valentine. Bark River, J. B. Frechette. Baldwin, A. E. Besson. Brampton, John Latimer. Escanaba township, Frank Pease. Fairbanks, John Devet. Ford River, O. B. Fuller. Garden, W. J. Sullivan. Masonville, C. E. Hamilton. Maple Ridge, E. D. Bridges. Nahma, T. B. Davis. Sac Bay, H. J. Olmstead. Wells, R. E. McLean.

City of Escanaba. First ward, Jacob Kratze. Second ward, F. D. Mead. Third ward, Charles Semler. Fourth ward, John Kahlow. Fifth ward, John Holmgren. Sixth ward, Edward Smith. Seventh ward, A. Graham.

City of Gladstone. First ward, Chas. E. Nebel. Second ward, G. R. Empson. Third ward, C. D. Mason. Fourth ward, Robert B. Beattie.

A secretary of the committee has not yet been selected. This will be done at the first meeting of the committee.

PREPARE FOR WAR

Another Battle Over the Acre Dispute Result in Brazilians Defeat.

MANY SOLDIERS KILLED.

In the Meanwhile Diplomats Are Doing All They Can to Avoid a War.

PEACE IS STILL POSSIBLE.

Rio Janeiro, Brazil, May 12.—Reports have been received that another battle over the Acre dispute has been fought in the upper Purus valley, says a Herald dispatch from Rio Janeiro, Brazil. Col. Arujo, who started from Chaudless with 220 men, attacked the Peruvians at Santa Rosa. The fight lasted twenty-four hours. Finally Col. Arujo had to withdraw after losing many killed and wounded. Col. Arujo says the battle was fought under favorable conditions. It is announced that the negotiations are continuing with favorable indications. Meanwhile, the military and naval preparations continue. It is understood that the war vessels Deodoro, Fonseca, Tiradentes, Tambara and Tamayo will go to Manaus.

PASSENGER TRAIN HAS A CLOSE CALL.

North-Western South Bound Saved from Disastrous Wreck by Presence of Mind of Interurban Motorman.

Racine, Wis., May 12.—[Special.]—Only the presence of mind of the motorman on an interurban car prevented a wreck on the North-Western railroad and the loss of many lives. As the car was running almost parallel with the North-Western tracks towards the subway four miles north of Racine, the motorman saw a man placing ties on the track. Stopping his car and calling to the conductor and passengers, he ran to the steam railway tracks and found ties, stone gravel and rock piled nearly three feet high. Upon questioning the man at work on the track, the motorman could only learn that the man "was trying to get even." Passengers and crew of the interurban car, knowing that the south-bound passenger train was nearby due, worked to tear down the obstacle. The last tie was thrown from the track just as the passenger train rounded the curve and passed by, neither train crew nor passengers realizing their narrow escape.

The man who is charged with having attempted to wreck the train was arrested. He gives his name as Peter Nelson and is about 50 years of age and claims to be a ship carpenter, having been employed at Green Bay, Manitowoc, Sheboygan and other lake ports.

ADAMS RENOMINATED.

W. C. Leitch, W. D. Hoard and F. W. Hall Are Delegates to National Convention.

Portage, Wis., May 12.—[Special.]—The congressional convention for the district composed of Adams, Columbia, Dane, Green Lake, Jefferson and Marquette counties, met in this city yesterday afternoon and unanimously nominated H. C. Adams to succeed himself in Congress. The convention was composed of seventy delegates, of which the fractional complexion was as follows: Half-breeds, Dane and Adams counties and the Second Assembly district of Columbia county, 43 votes; stalwarts, Jefferson, Green Lake and Marquette counties and the First Assembly district of Columbia county, 27 votes. Mr. Adams' name was presented to the convention by Gen. George W. Burchard of Fort Atkinson. The nomination was seconded by W. C. Leitch of Columbus, W. D. Hoard of Jefferson county, and Frank W. Hall of Dane county were elected as delegates to the national Republican convention. J. M. Bushnell of Columbia county was selected as presidential elector. Grant Thomas of Dane county was re-elected as chairman of the district committee.

NEW CAPITOL PLANNED.

Programme Prepared by Building Commission Contemplates Entire New Structure—Bids to Be Asked.

Madison, Wis., May 12.—The programme prepared for plans of the new state capitol building commission are ready to be mailed to the competing architects. It is understood that it is the plan of the commission to secure complete architectural plans for the ultimately new capitol, but that the first part of the work of construction will be done in the parts of the building most damaged by the fire.

ARMY OFFICERS DISMISSED.

Lieut. Mills and Lieut. Roberts Are Dropped for Good of the Service.

Leavenworth, Kan., May 12.—Col. Duncan, commanding officer at Fort Leavenworth, is in receipt of a telegram from the war department stating that President Roosevelt has approved the sentence dismissing First Lieut. Frederick W. Mills of the Seventh infantry from the army.

SECRETARY TAFT MUST TAKE A REST.

Will Leave Washington and Spend Two Weeks in the Adirondack Mountains.

Washington, D. C., May 11.—Secretary Taft will leave Washington tomorrow. For several days he has been suffering from the effects of a severe cold, which developed into something akin to tonsillitis. His physician advised him to take a rest in another climate and he has decided to go to the Adirondack mountains for ten days or two weeks.

RIOT AT CHIN KIANG.

Mob Burns the Quarters of New Police Force and Several Are Killed.

Shanghai, May 11.—[Evening.]—There was a riot at Chin Kiang today. The mob burned the quarters of the new police force. Several persons were killed or wounded.

JAPANESE ARE CREEPING SLOWLY TO PORT ARTHUR.

Russians Linger in Vicinity of New Chwang—Japs Still Near Feng Wang Cheng.

JAP TRANSPORTS SUNK BY THE RUSSIAN FLEET.

Paris Newspaper Says Port Arthur Squadron Was Able to Leave Harbor and Attack the Enemy.

Paris, May 11.—According to the St. Petersburg correspondent of The Matin, a high officer of the naval general staff declares that the entrance to Port Arthur is still free and that the squadron went out on May 9 as far as Pitsewon, where the torpedo boats sunk a number of Japanese transports.

BOMBARDMENT OF PORT ARTHUR NOW PROCEEDING.

Vice Admiral Togo's Fleet Is Again Shelling the Russian Stronghold.

London, May 11.—The Tokio correspondent of The Morning Post, cabling under date of May 10, says that a high angle bombardment of Port Arthur is proceeding.

RUSSIA DESTROYS "BOTTLED" FLEET.

Togo Reports Hearing Many Explosions at Port Arthur—Believes Ships Are Being Sunk.

Tokio, May 11.—Noon.—Admiral Togo reports that since the 6th of May many explosions have been heard coming from the vicinity of Port Arthur, but their cause has not been ascertained.

The impression here is that the Russians, despairing of their ability to defend Port Arthur, are destroying their ships before evacuating the place.

Chefoo, May 11.—5 p. m.—An unofficial Japanese dispatch has been received here to the effect that the Russians have destroyed their fleet in Port Arthur.

Paris, May 11.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Echo de Paris says: Vice Admiral Skrydloff and Vice Admiral Rozhkov have been notified of the resumption of communication with Port Arthur so that they may attempt to reach that place.

Military circles affirm that the relations between Viceroy Alexieff and Gen. Kuropatkin are strained, the former wishing to share in the planning of future operations.

"Gen. Kuropatkin's telegrams to the ministry of war indicate irritation on his part."

It is impossible to give an accurate list of effective Russian warships at Port Arthur, but some idea of the state of the fleet can be formed from the official report of Viceroy Alexieff to Emperor Nicholas concerning the engagement of April 13, in which the Petropavlovsk was sunk and the Pohoda was seriously damaged. In this report the viceroy said: "The whole effective squadron at Port Arthur sailed out." He then enumerated as the units of the fleet the first class battleships Peresviet, Pohoda, Poltava, Petropavlovsk and Savatopoli; the armored cruiser Bavan, the first class protected cruisers Askold and Diana, the second class protected cruiser Novik, two torpedo cruisers and five torpedo boat destroyers.

It will therefore be seen that on April 14, the day after the destruction of the Petropavlovsk, the Russians at Port Arthur had available three battleships, one armored cruiser and three protected cruisers, whereas, on February 1, they had available at Port Arthur seven battleships, one armored cruiser, five protected cruisers and one torpedo transport. The number of torpedo boats or torpedo boat destroyers effective or disabled is not known.

REPULSED BY JAPANESE.

Cossacks Attack An Ju, Korea, but Are Driven Off.

A FIERCE BATTLE.

Reinforcements Arrive Just in Time to Prevent the Russians from Taking Town.

Tokio, May 11.—7 p. m.—Details of the attack by Russian Cossacks at An Ju, Korea, yesterday morning were received here today.

The Russian cavalry numbered 200 men and their attack was spirited. The Japanese garrison resisted stoutly and succeeded in driving off the enemy. Later Japanese reinforcements arrived from Ping Yang.

Indications point to the presence of a Russian force at Yong Byong, between An Ju and Uusan, but it probably is small.

It is evident that these Russian cavalrymen were sent south for the purpose of harassing the Japanese flanks and lines of communication.

The Japanese report of the fighting at An Ju does not give any losses.

London, May 11.—A dispatch to The Central News from Liao Yang, dated today, says: "A train reached Port Arthur yesterday. The railroad officials say that no Japanese troops were observed on the railroad, but that some Japanese cavalry were seen behind Feng Wang Cheng."

St. Petersburg, May 11.—6:30 p. m.—No news has been received from the seat of war confirming of the many rumors of heavy fighting which are drifting in from abroad, mainly through Japanese sources. These were violent thunders, engage the enemy and inflict as much damage as possible before going to the bottom. But you can say that it is a little early yet to talk of such desperation.

No Fight at Mao Tien Ling.

The general staff is positive that there has been no fight at Mao Tien Ling pass, for the simple reason that the Russians do not occupy it. Only a few scouts were left there. According to their reports the Japanese forces at Feng Wang Cheng were divided in two in advancing, one part moving forward toward Yang Pai and the other marching toward Kai Cheng. Both Liao Yang and Feng Wang Cheng, therefore, they argue, a total of importance is impossible for at least two days.

Don't Believe Zassalitch Is Dead.

The general staff is without information regarding the reported death of Lieut. Gen. Zassalitch, declaring that it is not credible. The possibility of a small engagement at Wei Fung Tien is admitted, although no information has been received. But if an engagement has occurred there they insist it could not have been of importance, as the garrison is small.

Still Hold New Chwang.

The Russian force at New Chwang is withdrawing, but the place was still held, according to the last advices. When the evacuation is completed, in order to protect the foreign inhabitants against brigandage, the Russian government will send regular troops to New Chwang. It is explained that the situation at New Chwang is anomalous.

China Gives Assurances.

The information which has been received at the foreign office from M. Plancon, secretary of Viceroy Alexieff, who has been in diplomatic agent at New Chwang, is not of an alarming character and the statement that 3000 Chinese bandits are across the river waiting to march on New Chwang is not credited. In this connection it can be positively stated that the advices at the foreign offices from China are reassuring.

Hope to Hold Stations.

There is reason to believe that the Russians intend to hold the stations and railroads between Port Arthur and Liao Yang and probably Kai Ping, and that the latter place will be put in a state to stand a siege, the idea being that if it can hold out for three months it will make the relief of Port Arthur much easier when Gen. Kuropatkin is ready to assume the offensive. Possibly the New Chwang garrison will be sent to Kai Ping.

The Russian Loan.

Paris, May 11.—Following the return of M. Boettlinger from St. Petersburg, a semi-official statement was made today of the final conditions of the Russian loan. The total issue will be \$100,000,000 in 5 per cent. bonds, with interest payable in May and November annually and the first interest to be paid next November. The only question not determined is whether the entire amount will be issued now or \$120,000,000 now and the balance later.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF CASUALTIES.

It Is Known That 1553 Men Were Killed in Battle.

Antung, May 6, via Seoul, May 11.—An official report of the casualties at the battle of the Yalu river shows a list of 31 Japanese officers killed and 29 wounded, 1300 men killed and 660 wounded. On the Russian side, 362 men were found dead on the field, 475 wounded are taken prisoners.

Most of the Russians who surrendered at Hamatan, west of Chin Lien Cheng, where the Japanese charged the Russian rear guard, were wounded.

The Russian soldiers who have since died in hospitals are buried on a hill top near Antung and were followed to the grave by a Japanese guard of honor and the staff officers. A Danish Lutheran missionary, the only foreigner living at Antung, read the funeral services over the remains.

The captured Russian munitions of war being brought to Antung include twenty field pieces, ten machine guns, much small arm ammunition, twenty transport wagons, two ambulances and band instruments. The latter perforated with bullets. Most of these things were abandoned in the precipitate flight of the Russian troops.

TAFT UNDER KNIFE.

The Secretary of War Is Forced to Undergo a Painful Operation.

TEMPERATURE IS HIGH.

Growth Resulting from Tonsillitis Is Removed from His Nose—Suffering Is Acute.

PROSPECT OF SPEEDY RECOVERY.

Washington, D. C., May 12.—An operation has been performed on Secretary of War Taft for the removal of a growth resulting from tonsillitis.

The knife was used on the secretary's nose, and the pain was acute, resulting in violent inflammation.

His temperature last night was 104, but he is resting comfortably and has every prospect of a speedy recovery.

Washington, D. C., May 11.—Secretary Taft will leave Washington tomorrow. For several days he has been suffering from the effects of a severe cold, which developed into something akin to tonsillitis. His physician advised him to take a rest in another climate and he has decided to go to the Adirondack mountains for ten days or two weeks.

Secretary Taft's strength has been drawn upon heavily during the past year and his condition now is such that he must take a rest.

A SIEGE OF VLADIVOSTOK IS PLANNED.

The Russians Are Ready to Resist Japanese Landing at Possiet, Siberia.

Possiet, Siberia, May 12.—A Japanese torpedo boat made its appearance in the roadstead two days ago and suspicious lights have been seen. Everything is quiet here, but all is in readiness to meet any landing of the enemy whose probable purpose is the cutting off of Vladivostok.

WENTZ FAMILY DO NOT ACCEPT VERDICT.

Coroner's Jury Says Young Man Shot Himself—Detectives Are Working on the Case.

Bristol, Tenn., May 12.—"He came to his death by the accidental discharge of his own pistol," is the verdict of the coroner's jury, which for nearly two days has been investigating the circumstances and conditions surrounding the death of Edward L. Wentz, the young millionaire, whose body was discovered and buried on a spur of Black Mountain last Sunday afternoon. The verdict came as a surprise, as the great majority of the people who heard the evidence and examined conditions surrounding the body as it lay on the mountain believe the cause to have been suicide, while there are many others who say there is crime, deep and cunning, as to make the affair more mysterious than ever.

The first step to be taken was a search in a nearby groundhog's hole for the missing ring of the dead man, believed to have been carried away by some animal. It could not be found, nor the ring it had worn.

Regardless of the jury's verdict of accident, it is certain that the detectives representing the Pinkerton agency will remain in this section in connection with the case.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 12.—Dr. John S. Wentz, father of E. L. Wentz, said today:

"My son did not commit suicide. He had no reason whatever for doing such a thing. Some people would like to show that he did in order to clear themselves of his murder, but their plan will not work. Edward did not have a revolver with him when he disappeared. All the weapons he owned have been found in his home at Big Stone Gap."

"As for the statement that he had differences with me over business matters and had given up his position it is equally absurd. There was positively no motive whatsoever for him to take his life. He was happy and perfectly contented with his position, as far as I know."

BOARD CANNOT AGREE.

Racine School Commissioners in Quandary Caused by Superintendent's Demand for Higher Pay.

Racine, Wis., May 12.—[Special.]—Members of Racine's school board, while realizing that the superintendent of public schools should receive a salary far in advance of the \$1650 now paid, cannot agree on the amount which should be paid, and after debating for two hours last night decided to adjourn for one week. The entire difficulty is over the question of the refusal of George F. Bell, the present superintendent, to again be a candidate unless the salary is fixed at \$2500.

Application for the position of school superintendent have been received from nearly fifty well known educators. Carl Mathie of Wausau, Wis., is the choice of many of the school commissioners.

AMERICAN GIRL IN FRENCH JAIL.

Miss Bell Crane of Decatur, Ga., Rescued from Trying Situation.

Paris, May 12.—An American girl, believed to be Miss Bell Crane of Decatur, Ga., was recently arrested as a wanderer and placed in one of the provincial jails of France. She wrote to Consul General Goddy, who at once secured her release. Miss Crane says she was abducted by an American who is seeking to marry her. He took her away in an automobile and locked her up in a country hotel. She escaped, and while walking across the country, without money, was arrested and placed in jail. She has made a sworn affidavit of the facts. Her father is a business man in Atlanta.

A new explosive, which is called ammonal, has been made from powdered aluminum.

MONROE IS FOR GOV. LA FOLLETTE.

Complete Returns from Trempealeau Show That Administration Has Captured That County.

Monroe county held its Republican caucus yesterday and gave Gov. La Follette its fifteen delegates.

Complete returns from Trempealeau show that the governor carried that county, getting eleven votes. There are still 126 delegates to be elected. The La Follette men claim they now have 510 delegates; Baensch, 325, and Cook, 104.

The stalwarts say La Follette has only 449; Baensch, 386, and Cook, 104. These claims are based on contested delegates, both sides claiming counties that have elected two sets of delegates.

Platteville, Wis., May 12.—In the Second district convention of Grant county the stalwart Republicans brought in an affidavit from the town of Potosi, which La Follette carried by one vote, showing a minor had voted, and asked that the town vote be thrown out. The La Follette men refused to do so and the stalwarts bowed. Two sets of delegates were elected.

THIBETANS ATTACK THE BRITISH MISSION.

Mounted Infantry Drive Them Off, Inflicting Small Loss—Irregular Rifle Fire All Day.

Gyang Tse, Thibet, May 12.—An irregular rifle fire on the British mission to Thibet was kept up from Jong all through Sunday. One mission follower was wounded in the hip and died a few hours later. Finally, mounted infantry went out and drove the Thibetan horsemen, inflicting a small loss. The Thibetans were visible in large numbers in all parts of Jong, but made for cover when the British opened a long-range fire.

PRIZES FOR FIREMEN.

Valuable Offerings Made for Winners in Tournament at Portage—Numerous Events Already Scheduled.

Portage, Wis., May 12.—[Special.]—Numerous entries and many interesting contests are expected in the firemen's races, to take place at the Wisconsin state firemen's annual tournament, to be held in this city June 15, 16 and 17. Following are some of the cash prizes which the local committee are offering:

For the championship hose contest, first prize is \$100, second \$90, third \$80 and five other cash prizes, besides championship medals and trophies. Championship hook and ladder contest, first \$100, second \$90, third \$80, fourth \$40, fifth \$25, sixth \$15, seventh \$10, eighth \$5. The state championship will be held at Portage.

There will be five other events, with cash prizes amounting to about \$125.

LOLITA ARMOUR NOW WELL.

Father, Returning from Europe, Tells of Gratitude to Dr. Lorenz.

New York, May 12.—Ogden Armour of Chicago, who returned yesterday from Europe, said he had the best of news to take home concerning the health of his little daughter Lolita, who is under the personal care of Dr. Lorenz.

"Lolita," said Mr. Armour, "is improving rapidly. In fact, I might as well say she is well, though it will be wiser to leave her with Prof. Lorenz until she has learned to walk with more ease and grace than at present. We feel deeply grateful to Dr. Lorenz."

K. OF P. SHUT OUT BARTENDERS.

Nebraska Grand Lodge Will Refuse Membership to Employes of Saloons.

Lincoln, Neb., May 12.—The Nebraska grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, yesterday adopted a resolution barring from membership gamblers and bartenders. The resolution provides that all such members received since the ruling was made shall be ejected.

TOMAH TAKES A HOLIDAY.

Commemorates Muster of Co. K, Third Wisconsin Volunteers.

Tomah, Wis., May 12.—[Special.]—Wednesday was celebrated as a legal holiday in Tomah, the occasion being the sixth anniversary of the muster of Co. K, Third Wisconsin volunteers into the United States service.

Ready Wit.

It may seem rather trite to go back to old times for a story, but all the tales of that memorable time have not been told, and as this one was a personal experience of a relative of mine I can vouch for it. I have never seen it, but I have heard anyone else tell it.

My uncle, Maj. Thomas Ridgely, was a surgeon attached to Gen. Grant's staff. It was after the surrender of Vicksburg. The Union forces had entered the city and were making arrangements for the evacuation of the city. One night a dinner was in progress at which many northern officers and a large number of southern ladies were present. Many toasts had been proposed and drunk, all of them practically in honor of the successes of the Union army and the men responsible for them.

One of the southern ladies, a great beauty and noted for her intense partisan feeling for the south, arose and said: "Gentlemen, may I propose a toast?"

"With natural gallantry and a little trepidation the ranking officer said, 'Certainly.'"

"Well, then, gentlemen, I give you The Southern Confederacy. It is a sad and hardly a moment's hesitation one of the northern officers relieved the tension."

"Down with it, gentlemen," he cried, and the glasses were drained without embarrassment and without disloyalty.—Francis H. Lee in Lippincott's.

New Jersey Penny of 1787.

J. P. Leib, 710 North Fulton avenue, claims to have the oldest coin in the city. It is a penny made in 1787 by the state of New Jersey. This was 117 years ago and was one year before Washington was made President of the country, and five years before the United States penny was made. One side of the coin contains a shield and the motto "E Pluribus Unum," and on the other is a horse's head and a plow and the words "Nova Caesarea." Mr. Leib found the penny on the property of his grandfather, the late Christian Leib, who was a soldier in the Revolutionary war. The farm was in York county, Penn., and the coin was found near a still together with a penny of 1800, which Mr. Leib also has in his possession. Both coins were found twenty-five years ago. Mr. Leib said it had been explained to him that the penny was made after the Revolutionary war, and that, as they were a necessity in order to make change, several of the states coined them.—Baltimore Sun.

CUT HIS WIFE'S THROAT.

Neenah Man Kills Her and Then Wounds Himself.

LEFT HIM FOR CAUSE.

Mrs. Ziemann Went from Neenah Because Her Husband Drank and Failed to Support Her.

Menominee, Mich., May 11.—[Special.]—One of the most terrible crimes in the history of Menominee was committed here this morning at 7:30 o'clock. Fred Ziemann of Neenah, Wis., murdered his wife by cutting her throat with a razor, then he half severed his own head with the same weapon.

Follows Her from Neenah.

The crime was done in the house of James Smith, brother-in-law of the dead woman, on Pine street. Mrs. Ziemann came from Neenah a week ago with her three small children, having lived there all winter with her mother, Mrs. Christina Struss. She came to live with her sister, Mrs. James Smith. She left her husband last fall because he drank all his wages up and did not support her. The husband went to his wife's mother's house at Neenah this week and tried to find out where his wife went, but they would not tell him. He found out somewhere else and came here last night or early this morning.

Story of Crime.

About 7 o'clock, while the Smith family were eating breakfast, Ziemann wrapped at the door and inquired for his wife. She went into the parlor with him, but left all the doors open, as she feared he might have a revolver.

Staggered Into Dining Room.

Mrs. Ziemann appeared at the door covered with blood, staggered into the room and dropped to the floor. As soon as Mr. Smith heard the noise he rushed through another door into the parlor. Ziemann was standing in the middle of the room. Smith jumped on him, threw him to the floor and ran for a doctor. Then, it is thought, Ziemann cut his own throat. He crawled on his hands and knees, leaving tracks of blood, into the dining room, where his wife lay. Mrs. Smith, with her children and Ziemann's children, were there.

Ziemann made a grab for one of his little daughters, but Mrs. Smith jerked her away. The man then fell on the floor by the side of his wife where she lay weltering in blood.

Taken to Hospital.

At 8:30 he still lived and was unconscious. He was taken to the hospital, but is not expected to live long. While lying on the floor, Ziemann motioned for pencil and paper. He raised himself on his elbow and wrote with a shaky hand: "Wishy done it."

Later when the doctor came he also wrote: "Tell my brother Gus at Neenah to forgive me." Mr. and Mrs. Smith say Ziemann seemed perfectly sober when he came to the house.

FRANCE REWARDS PANAMA MINISTER.

Bunau-Varilla Is Honored for His Work in Closing the Isthmus Canal Deal.

Paris, May 11.—The government has made M. Philippe Bunau-Varilla, first minister of Panama to the United States, an officer of the Legion of Honor. President Loubet acted in this matter on the request of Foreign Minister Delcasse and it is understood that this is expressive of the government's approval of the winding up of the Panama transfer and of M. Bunau-Varilla's services in that connection.

W. A. Day and Charles W. Russell, the assistant United States attorney general, who came here from Washington to assist in the transfer of the canal property, sailed today from Cherbourg on the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, taking with them the deed for the Panama canal and all the papers connected with the transfer. They expressed themselves entirely satisfied with the success of their mission and gratified at the government's recognition of M. Bunau-Varilla, who materially aided them in their work.

SLASHED TO DEATH BY NEGRO ROBBERS.

Kansas City Printer Killed in His Own Home While Wife Is Held by Thugs.

Kansas City, Mo., May 11.—Clarence Meyer, aged 22, a printer, was slashed and killed in his home in the southern part of the city, sometime during the night. According to Mrs. Meyer, who reported the matter to the police today, two negroes entered the house and while one held the woman the other struggled with Meyer, slashing him with a razor. Mrs. Meyer became unconscious and did not recover until many hours later when she found her husband dead. The police have found no trace of the negroes.

QUEEN LIL IS ILL.

Will Cut Short Her Stay at St. Louis Fair and Hurry to Honolulu.

St. Louis, Mo., May 11.—Queen Liliokalani, former sovereign of the Hawaiian islands, is ill at her apartments at the world's fair. Her illness is such that it was announced today that her stay in St. Louis would be cut short, and that she and her party would leave Saturday for Honolulu, instead of remaining for two or three weeks longer.

BERLIN BAKERS OUT ON STRIKE.

Want More Pay and Freedom to Board Away from Employers.

Berlin, May 11.—A strike of 2500 journeymen bakers began in Berlin today. They demand higher wages and a discontinuance of the system of boarding with their employers. The employers have prepared to resist the strike, summoning by telegraph members of the Association of Master Bakers' Sons, many of whom have arrived. Several arrests occurred today.

MARSHAL BARNES IS REMOVED.

President Ousts Georgia Official for Quarreling with Judge Spear.

Macon, Ga., May 11.—United States Marshal J. M. Barnes was removed from office on telegraphic instructions from President Roosevelt. The cause of the removal is thought to be a difficulty which took place a short time ago between Judge Ebery Spear and the marshal.

The Gladstone Delta.

CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance.

The Delta's price for publishing notices of entertainments given by religious or other societies, to which an admission is charged, or from which a profit is expected, is FIVE CENTS PER LINE. Resolutions of any society or organization will be published at the same rate. CARDS OF THANKS WILL BE CHARGED FOR AT TEN CENTS PER LINE.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

The editor of the Waukesha Dispatch thinks "the public has ever put too cheap an estimate upon newspaper service and persistently refuses to consider that type, ink, paper, composition, presses and the necessary mechanical equipment and everything else that enters into the expense of newspaper publication cost money or that the means thereby afforded of giving publicity and commendation should redound to the pecuniary advantage of the publisher, whose means and energy created the opportunity. Instead, however, the impression too largely prevails that a newspaper is common property, like the town pump, to be worked at will and by everybody, and in which the interests are mutual and the advantages general." There must be queer people in Waukesha.

The plant, real estate and other property of the Federal Leather company at Manistique, have been sold to W. E. Wheeler, of Portville, N. Y., president of the Chicago Lumbering company, of Manistique, Mr. Wheeler acting for the company, for \$63,800. The plant had been in operation about two years, but got into financial straits last fall and went into bankruptcy, and no leather has been turned out since Nov. 1. Since the concern was declared bankrupt, affairs have been in the hands of I. N. Bushong, as trustee in bankruptcy. The plant is expected to resume operations in a short time.

The city council held a special meeting last Saturday evening to consider the fire question; but no action was taken, though there was a long discussion. Opinion outside of the council is much divided, though the great majority feel that the fire limits should be maintained. Good buildings have been erected on the faith of the city ordinance and to repeal it now would seem bad policy, after it has stood three years. Still, it is better to repeal it than to allow it to be constantly violated.

Roy Hammel's new horse, which he has been driving for a few weeks, is a handsome animal and a lady can drive him as well as a man; this is a great convenience at times. There is no keener enjoyment than to ride on a balmy day behind a spirited, yet gentle, horse whose graceful movements add poetic beauty to the thrill that every true horseman feels in speeding a well trained roadster.

Powell's Favorite Toilet Cream for chapped hands, face and lips. Elegant to use after shaving.

David Narracong and Rev. G. C. Empson have been recommended by Senator Fuller for census enumerators for Gladstone. The census will be taken next month, as of June 1. Mr. Empson has had much experience in census work and will do the state good service. Mr. Narracong's long service as supervisor will be of use to him, also, in getting his statistics.

Counselor Empson had business in the Menominee circuit court last Monday and returned to Escanaba to be present at the county convention Tuesday. Gladstone will regret that he had not the other six votes needed to make him county chairman; but his work in the convention is satisfactory to the whole party, and there are more conventions to be held.

Few northern people care to make a pleasure trip south during the middle of the summer. From now until October, one whose affairs permit him to dwell in the Upper Peninsula is fortunate. When the cold winds again return then it may not be unwise to visit Missouri; but for a summer outing Bay de Noc is equal to any and better'n most of them.

M. E. Main drove up from Escanaba Wednesday. His team is a pair of white horses and they draw a white wagon, lettered on each side "M. E. Main, candidate for sheriff." He is likely to get a strong support in Gladstone, but it is still some time before the nominations are made and there will be other candidates as soon as the weather grows warmer.

A man has finally been found to take charge of the construction of the Panama canal. He sacrifices a good position to undertake this work and will receive but twenty five thousand dollars a year; and he must live on the isthmus at that. It is surprising what men will do for money.

R. P. Mason and Capt. Eurt came in from Manistique Tuesday afternoon with the tug Fortia after a "wet" passage. The water was lumpy and wind blew but the little craft is home again as good as new after her winter in the marine sanitarium.

Powell's Myrrh and Orris Tooth Powder makes teeth clean, breath sweet, gums ruby, 25 cents a bottle.

An agreement for the season was signed by the Lumber Carriers and Marine Engineers' association Saturday. Some changes were made in the wage schedule and working conditions. Chief engineers on steel steamers will get \$125 per month and assistants \$90. Wooden steamers are divided into six classes and the wages of chief engineers run from \$85 per month on the sixth class to \$120 on first-class boats. On first-class steamers assistant engineers get \$90 and on the lowest class \$60. The engineers will have charge of hoisting engines on boats and the owners agree to employ only union men. Lumber vessels can now do business, and some cargoes are already moving.

"The contesting delegations set up Friday night and a few of the incidents leading up to the cancess were another object lesson in the advantages to be gained from a reasonable application of primary election says the Marquette Mining Journal. It would be a great card to have delegates chosen by direct vote, if nothing further was done along that line. Then each voter would have a secret ballot, and "lining 'em up" would become a lost art. Ward politics would be purified in a notable degree and there would be obtained a more fair and representative expression of opinion."

The Ford River Lumber Company, which has become a new organization through the purchase of stock in the old concern by stockholders of the Stephenson Company, of Wells, has elected the following officers: president, Hon. Isaac Stephenson; vice president, J. W. Wells; treasurer, H. A. J. Upham; superintendent, J. A. McGuire. The company has several years stock of timber, pine, and hemlock and will cut some fifteen million feet this year. The company has a large acreage of agricultural lands and is endeavoring to settle them with good farmers.

"Boss is just another name for political leader. Primary election will never rid the country of the political leader. He is just as much of a necessity as leaders are in anything else. The main agitation is regarding the personality of the leader or boss. Keep the leaders solid, substantial, level-headed men and they are not half bad."—Houghton Mining Gazette. Right you are; but please let us common dubs have a chance to pick the leader. We may guess wrong—man usually does—but we will be estopped from laying the blame on Bliss.

The appointive officers selected by the Escanaba city council last week are: City attorney, James H. Clancy; poor commissioner and garbage master, Geo. Young; city physician, Dr. A. F. Snyder; street commissioner, Erick Anderson; chief of police, A. Gabourie; board of public works, John Moe and Solomon Greenhoot; park commissioners, John Semer and Solomon Greenhoot; city engineer, John G. Zane.

There are no changes in the water and light department. All the employees were re-engaged at the meeting of the board of fire and water commissioners Saturday last. Everything seems to be satisfactory in that part of the municipal vineyard. The new board works very harmoniously and does its business expeditiously. Its proceedings at its first meeting are printed in another column.

Free traders assert that the protective system is a chinese wall to shut out foreign trade. Every additional year under Protection, however, has given additional concrete facts to show that there is absolutely nothing in this theory of the Free-Traders. The exports have increased at an incredible rate, notwithstanding the protests of the theorists.

Mayor Mason of Gladstone has announced his intention to enforce the cow ordinance. This will necessitate the expense of purchasing a mower to keep down the grass on Delta avenue during the coming season.—Manistique Pioneer. Knew somebody would say something mean if Delta wasn't depastured.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hancock left Manistique last Saturday for Detroit where they will remain about two weeks. Mr. Hancock will attend the annual session of the K. of P. grand lodge while away as delegate from Gladstone Lodge, No. 163.

There is little prospect for a baseball team in Gladstone this year; Capt. Fisher found the public so indifferent that he has dropped the matter. Unless some eager sport takes it up we shall be compelled to go abroad for our ball games.

The contract for drilling the new well on the property of the Cream City Development Company was not let last week; but Mr. Wilson expressed himself favorably of the outlook and the deal will likely be made.

Commissioner Young has been taking the top dressing off the paved streets this week and they are cleaner, of course; but are not so smooth to drive over. All luxuries cost something in money and discomfort.

Mrs. T. C. Loftus came up from Escanaba Tuesday to spend the day with Mrs. D. Bailey. Mrs. Loftus will spend a month or so with friends in Iowa before returning to Enderlin.

Dr. Bjorkman returned from Chicago Wednesday morning after a week's absence. He is much improved by his change of air and scene.

If you want a good Seidlitz powder, one that will act, send to Powell's for it.

A fire alarm was sent in from box 37 about 10:30 Tuesday evening and the fire company was promptly on the spot. The alarm had been sent in by some lads "for fun." A little investigation by Chief Ganfin revealed the culprits and some arrests were made. Mayor Mason and President Slining, of the water board, being of opinion the boys would heed a warning and refrain from like criminal mischief in the future, no further penalty was imposed upon the boys. But the officers wish it to be well understood by all that such an offense is a serious one and cannot a second time be perpetrated with the same result. Another time the full penalty of the law will be given the offenders. A little reflection must teach the dullest boy that such an act must produce great injury to all in the city, to property owners, to firemen and inconvenience to everybody. It must be prevented at all hazards by the officers who have the city in their care.

The mill of the Mason Lumber Company started Wednesday on its summer cut and will begin Monday next to run night and day. The mill is working well and there is stock ahead sufficient to keep two crews until fall, providing employment for over one hundred men. Unless circumstances should prevent a large quantity of shingles will be made; this branch of the work furnishing abundant fuel for the boilers in the refuse that accumulates. The sawmill is one of the main industries of the city in the summer and its steady employment will add a large sum to the payroll of Gladstone labor.

W. L. Marble returned from St. Louis Wednesday morning, glad to be back in a place where he can shake a humble neighbor's hand free of expense. He left the exhibit of the Safety Axe Company in good shape and will be in position to take care of all who are interested in its excellent display of sportsmen's goods. The great show, Mr. Marble says, will be truly wonderful and far superior to its predecessors, when it has been made ready; but that time will be some weeks later.

The promenade concert at the Gladstone Theater Wednesday evening by the Escanaba City Band was a pleasant and successful event. More than a hundred persons came from Escanaba on the Lotus and the theater was well filled with dancers and spectators. The band will repeat the dance next week. Its first visit was made last winter and it then secured its reputation among Gladstone folk.

Mrs. Frederick Huber left Sunday for Fort Wayne, Indiana, to attend the funeral of her mother, Mrs. William Pahl, who did at the age of seventy nine years. Mrs. Huber will visit in Chicago with her daughter Mrs. C. E. Brown, who was married on March 15 last. She will return home next week.

Last week, owing to its small membership, Escanaba Typographical Union, No. 278 voted to give up its charter. The members will be included in the Menominee union, but none of the printing offices in Delta county will be entitled to use the union label.

The board of county road commissioners met Wednesday, and considered the matter of the bay shore road. Until the deeds for the right of way have been secured the work will not begin. It is expected that these will soon be obtained.

The Polish National alliance of Milwaukee has bought 120,000 acres of land in Delta county of the I. Stephenson company. They will colonize the lands by locating 500 Polish families and Pennsylvania coal miners thereon.

J. A. Stewart was Gladstone's successful contestant in the Minneapolis Journal's subscription contest, and for his efforts on behalf of that publication he gets a trip to the St. Louis exposition with all expenses paid.

The Epworth League celebrates its fifteenth anniversary Sunday evening at the M. E. church with a program "Weighed in the balance." This takes the place of the regular preaching service.

Negaunee Herald: Miss Gertrude Gormsen, of Gladstone, concluded a three days' visit with her school friend, Miss Myrtle Long, and returned to the Normal at Marquette Monday morning.

The state made its semi-annual apportionment of primary school money Wednesday. About \$446,000 was distributed at the rate of sixty cents for each child of school age.

Mrs. Fred Anderson and her daughter Sadie leave today on a visit to Sweden. They will be absent some months and will spend most of the time at the old home.

About 200,000 books are annually issued in various parts of the world; the man who "reads all the new books" is a very industrious person.

On Monday the Northwestern railroad reduced the time its Escanaba shops to eight hours, owing to the general business depression.

Sixteen inch summer wood, full cord, delivered to any part of the city, \$2.50. Call up C. W. Davis, phone 7.

The dirtiest people in the world are those who have just moved out of the house you have just moved into.

Erickson and Anderson's meat market is getting a general renovation and the interior looks much improved.

E. F. Mertz now gets his Delta at Schleisingerville, forty miles from Milwaukee.

Powell's Headache Powders are the best.

A GOOD SHOW.

"In Convict Stripes" at the Gladstone Theater Thursday evening drew a large audience in spite of the unpleasant weather. The company is a good one and all speak well of the entertainment. To-night the play is "Position and Honor" and to-morrow afternoon "Utah." Saturday evening will be given the famous "Michael Strogoff" which has earned undying interest for the "courier of the czar." All of these are excellent dramas and are presented conscientiously by capable people. You can get seats at Bellaire's and should not fail to do so. There are many pleasing specialties introduced by the Rodney company which are worth anyone's while to see and hear. Prices have been reduced to 10, 20 and 30 cents for to-night and Saturday night. Saturday matinee at 2:30.

LUMBER.

The lumber business is not, generally, so much depressed as other lines; though pine is "off" this year. The Northwestern Cooperage and Lumber Company, of this city, will run its mills all summer, on "time and a quarter" as the phrase is. For this year, at least, its contracts warrant continuous work; but the outlook generally for business is not encouraging, and, another year the cooerage business may feel the effects of a depression that has already affected other lines. It is a matter for congratulation that the local mills will be well occupied this summer. From Mr. Francis, in charge of the Gladstone office of the company, The Delta learns that, for this season, there will be work sufficient to keep the mills running as stated above.

THE LITTLE HOMESTEAD

"The Little Homestead" comes to the Gladstone theatre on Wednesday, May 18, is one the most delightfully refreshing plays centered about New England life. It tells a story with a moral, is replete with pathos and forceful in its dramatic situations. In due proportion, a comedy vein is interwoven with the pathetic romance which heightens in interest as the tale is unfolded. There is not a dull moment from the rise of the curtain to its final drop. "The Little Homestead" as its title implies, is distinctly a home play, a sweet, simple and interesting chapter from every day life, a wholesome story, beautifully told, which carries with it its lesson. It is from the pen of W. B. Patton author of "The Minister's Son," and is beautifully interpreted by a strong company, headed by William Macanley.

WHARFAGE FREE AT ST. LOUIS

Twenty Miles of River Front For Water Craft at World's Fair City. Free wharfage will be given to all boats landing at St. Louis during the World's Fair. Traffic Manager Hilary of the Exposition and Joseph P. Whyte, harbor and wharf commissioner of St. Louis, have decided on the locations assigned to the various kinds of boats.

Yachts, steam launches and all boats propelled by their own power have been assigned wharf space between Choteau avenue and Biddle street. These streets, running east and west, form the boundary lines for the central business district of the city. House boats have been assigned wharf space north of Biddle street and south of Choteau avenue.

St. Louis has a river front of twenty miles. The Broadway line of the Transit company parallels the river from the city limits on the north to Jefferson Barracks on the south. At no point are the cars more than five blocks from the Mississippi river. The World's Fair may be reached for one fare by transferring to any of the eight lines that cross Broadway and reach the Exposition grounds.

No charge will be made for wharfage. Application for space should be made to the harbor and wharf commissioner at the City Hall, on Twelfth street, between Market street and Clark avenue.

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I would be pleased to give you prices on any work in my line.

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H. J. KRUEGER
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OF THE

GLADSTONE THEATER

Announces the Engagement for

WEDNESDAY, MAY 18,

—OF—

THE LITTLE HOMESTEAD

BY W. B. PATTON.

A heart story of unusual interest told in original way by a clever company. All special scenery will be used in this production.

SEE THE GREAT SNOW STORM SCENE

DIRECTORY.

DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN

DENTIST.
Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., from 1 to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 8 p. m.
Delta avenue and Ninth street, over Minnesota Furniture Co's store.

DR. F. H. WILKINSON,

DENTIST.
(Graduate of Michigan University).
Office and residence over Nelson's grocery.
Office hours—8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m. Evenings, 7 to 8. Phone 112.

DR. R. S. FORSYTH,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
To the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co., Northwestern Cooperage & Lumber Co., Pioneer Fuel Co. and surgeon 800 Line B'y.
Office on Delta, opposite Hammel's Bank.

DR. D. N. KEE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Graduate of McGill University, Montreal.
Office in the Langley building, Delta avenue.
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 8 p. m., after 7. Phone 44, Gladstone.

DR. GEORGE BJORKMAN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over The Hub, Delta and Seventh Sts.
Residence, Minnesota Ave., three doors east of Ninth Street.

BUSINESS CARDS

CLAYTON VOORHIS
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
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Office on Delta near Central.

SWENSON BROS.,
Fine Furniture, Undertaking, Upholstered goods and Steamship Tickets.
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Six Different Grades IN STOCK

Examine the "Electric" 1/2 In. Hose, a hose that can't kink, is fully guaranteed and sold in any length to suit.

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DEALER IN

CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS

FINE CIGARS Of Many Brands, both Imported and Domestic.

The very best goods in the city in all lines. No pains spared to satisfy the most exacting demands.

Choice Imported Goods a specialty. You have only to make your wants known and we do the rest.

725 Delta Avenue,
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25 CENTS
158 ADAMS ST. CHICAGO

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MARQUETTE, MICH.
March 26, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 8, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, J. Pett Nelson, of Rock, county of Delta, state of Michigan, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1196, for the purchase of the sw 1/4 of sec 34 of section No. 6 in township No. 42 n. range No. 22 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the County of Delta, at Escanaba, Mich., on Monday, the 6th day of June, 1904. He names as witnesses: James Nelson, of Rock, Mich., Godfred Swanson, of Escanaba, Mich., John M. Nelson, of Rock, Mich., Edward Nelson, of Rock, Mich.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 6th day of June 1904.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication March 12, 1904.
LUMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 8, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
MARQUETTE, MICH., March 4, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 8, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, William Eisiger, of Nahma, county of Delta state of Michigan, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1131, for the purchase of the sw 1/4 of the sw 1/4 of section No. 12 in township No. 42 n. range No. 23 w., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the clerk of the Circuit Court for the County of Delta, at Escanaba, Mich., on Monday the 19th day of May, 1904.

He names as witnesses: Archie Johnston, William Diamond, Sam Jennings and David Forbes, all of Nahma, Mich.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 19th day of May, 1904.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication April 2, 1904.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Marquette, Mich.,
March 24, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court for Delta County at Escanaba, Mich., on May 9, 1904, viz: Homestead application No. 10677 of William I. Ely, for the north west quarter (1/4) section 26, township 41 north, range 22 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Clarence A. Stearns, George W. Green, Andrew Brooks, William A. Miller, all of Gladstone, Mich.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

First publication April 9, 1904.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior,
LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH.,
April 4, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court for Delta county at Escanaba, Mich., on May 17, 1904, viz: Homestead application No. 8762, of John Johnson, for the se 1/4 of sw 1/4 and sw 1/4 of sec 23, township 40 north, range 21 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Ole Stromquist, of Rapid River, Michigan Michael West, Gabriel Lindgren, Gust Anderson, of Gladstone, Michigan.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.



Our Groceries are always the best. Try Them.

P. & H. B. LAING.

ANN ARBOR RAILROAD AND STEAMSHIP LINES

Winter Schedule of Ann Arbor Car Ferries, between Manistique and Frankfort.

BOATS WILL LEAVE MANISTIQUE DAILY

Weather permitting, making connections with trains at Frankfort for all points East and South.

FARE HAS BEEN REDUCED TO ONLY \$2.00

For further information apply to JOHN HANCOCK, Agent, Manistique, Mich.

GOSSIP FOR THE LADIES.

A Debutante.

A puff, a thrill, a bit of lace,
A patch of powder on the face,
A rounded arm, a slender neck,
Waist shoulders without flaw or flick,
And—nothing more.

A row of teeth, an infant smile,
A glance quite innocent of guile,
A little head well packed with love
Of flowers, faith and proper gaud,
And—nothing more.

A knowledge that the world is round,
Some dim idea of "time" and "sound,"
A phrase or two of French, you know,
Enough "rag time" to make a show,
And—nothing more.

A sweet contempt for old-time ways,
For classic bustle or modera lays,
A constancy much like the wind,
But scant regard for men who grind,
And—nothing more.

A masquerade not too bold,
A sleep industry of gold,
A high resolve to pay no part
Where one surrenders to the heart,
And—nothing more.

A puff, a thrill, a bit of lace,
A patch of powder on the face,
A row of teeth, an infant smile,
A glance quite innocent of guile,
A little head well packed with love
Of flowers, faith and proper gaud,
And—nothing more.

The Friendship Scrap Book.

Have friends a review in the papers and other periodicals a bit of news with or without illustrations, concerning some friend or acquaintance.

Your young neighbor, who has been studying art for the past three years, has had a picture accepted for the art exhibition.

Or old Mr. X has attained his ninetieth birthday, and his photograph with biographical sketch is published.

Or the pretty daughter of a cousin is married, or the great novelist you met two years ago at a reception has written a new book, a review of which is printed.

These items of personal interest can be used as the basis of a most delightful scrap book—a book that will increase in interest with every year that passes.

No time is required to clip and paste the little news items which one discovers from day to day.

If leisure is limited an ordinary stiff-backed scrap book can be used for the purpose.—Selected.

Cheerful Mothers.

There are many conscientious fathers and mothers who make their children miserable by taking youthful foibles too seriously. It is an innate propensity of a child possessed of average good health and spirits to make older people laugh with him; not at him, but at the things that seem amusing to his own sense. And the mother who has the blithe and ready humor to enter into his fun becomes the most fascinating companion.

He needs her rebukes and bends to her correction without ill feeling, while sternness would arouse his pride and ire, for he is assured that she is ready to share all his innocent pranks, and that her disapproval has no foundation in impatience or injustice.

And when the day arrives that "childish things are put away and the grown-up men and women look backward to their early home, with what a throb of pleasure they say, when things happen: "Mother would appreciate this; she had the quickest sense of humor of any woman you ever saw." And underneath these light words is the thought, "How happy that dear mother made me, and how I love her!"—Minneapolis Tribune.

St. Louis Bag for Travelers.

The nearness of the traveling season, coupled with the fact that we have a world's fair to go to this spring, makes the subject of handbags one of especial interest just now.

For the average woman there are two points of especial importance in the matter of a handbag. It must be light-weight, and, if possible, inexpensive. The pleasure of traveling is entirely gone for a woman if she must carry about with her a heavy bag, no matter how stylish and convenient it may be.

Well, all this difficulty can be avoided if you will take the trouble to make for yourself one of the new "St. Louis handbags." They are very inexpensive, not at all hard to make. They weigh but a few ounces and are distinctly smart and individual in effect.

Get striped linen, an inch wide brown or black stripes, cut a strip two feet wide by four long, line with stout crash and bind the edges with brown or black cotton braid. Before binding, machine stitch dark brown velvet or satin ribbon or braid over the stripes of linen, so as to make a trimming of two clusters of three bands each.

Where the binding is put on, feather stitch the outside with yellow wash silk. The handle is stout rope, covered with linen or braid, and fastened on after the bag is lined, for extra security.

Of course, where anything very heavy is carried, it is a good idea to use a

EMPRESS OF JAPAN.



The Empress of Japan is now 54 years old, a year older than her husband. She is a daughter of the noble house of Ichigo, one of the fine families of Kyoto, or court personages from which a Mikado may choose his consort.

ing handsome and complacent. Two days after he had been chosen the groom. There was no message, of which I was glad, it made my plan of action easier. It was some days before she came to the store. I went forward as soon as I saw her. "When do you want an appointment?" I asked.

"Appointment? I haven't asked for an appointment."

"Why, wasn't your Paris gown sent here to be altered?" Miss Sewall and I were at the ball, and saw you in it. We agreed that it was a great success. I never saw you look better, still it may be a little too long in front, we noticed that when I told it up."

She turned so pale that I feared she was going to faint, and gave a little gasp, but recovered herself immediately, and said, "I will have it altered."

"Why, of course, how absent-minded I am. I don't suppose you can give me tomorrow, and I have too much on hand for the next day. May I have it at 11 o'clock the day after?"

I never saw Mr. Ceay laugh as he did when I told him the story.

"You were right, H.," he said, "that ball ticket was certainly well worth the money. And I think myself that I managed the affair very neatly."—The Pittsburg.

The Needy Schoolma'am.

Our present laws against the marriage of school teachers—namely, that a teacher cannot marry until she has been in the profession for a certain number of years—has been particularly becoming, or specially suited to you, think out what were the points about those creations that made them so successful, and when you have found them you have some of the essential elements adapted to your personality.

Vary the effect in as many ways as possible, but always insist on the basic principles that make the habit suit you as an individual. That is the secret of distinction in dress, which is what is meant when we use the word "style." The woman who selects a model in the prevailing mode and adapts it, with certain differences, to her own special requirements, has arrived at the secret of success in dress, and whether her allowance is great or small, will be, to its limit, well gowned.

Variety of effect with economy is secured by a carefully chosen, definite color scheme, limited in range, and this is particularly adapted to the present vogue for monotonous and shadings of one tint. A clever woman who manages to look 35, though nearly 50, confines her coloring to black, white and gray for the body color, with delicate contrasts in trimmings and accessories. She is not in half mourning. She has silk undersuits, waist and drop skirt, in black, white and gray tulle, buying always one of the better brands of pure silk guaranteed by the maker for service, and she has all the gowns constructed so that they will hang properly over any of these lining materials. They are, of course, renewed from time to time, so that she has always best and second best linings, and can adapt them to the wear that is suitable.

The changes that are possible and the variety of effect she attains obtain for this woman the reputation of great elegance in dress. Only a few of her friends know the secret and how limited is the figure that covers her dress account.—Toilettes.

Social Thieves.

Fashionable stores are heavy sufferers from this lack of honesty among society women, and many merchants "could, and they would," tell a tale of woe. Women scrupulously honest in all else do not hesitate to have goods sent home on approval from the stores at which they keep a bill, to make more or less use of such articles, and then to return them to be credited. What possible harm can it do? I have heard such women say, "The goods are not injured, if they were I would keep them, of course; besides we spend so much money at Meadwells that they ought to be willing to accommodate me." Nor is this a conscious sophism; they actually take that view of the case.

The head of the suit department in one of the most fashionable of American dry goods stores once told me the story of how he got the best of such a customer. "Over and over again, just before some swell entertainment to which she was going, she would order something, an imported hat, a handsome wrap, or some smaller article not easily injured, a fan, a belt buckle, a hair ornament, or the like, sent home on approval, and return it a day or two afterward, saying, merely, that she had decided not to keep it. I knew she wore the things, but I had no proof. It is a serious matter to make charges, even when the evidence is absolute, when it is not, the act is foolish. At last, we had an imported gown which she fancied mightily, and no wonder, the color was becoming to her, and the style and trimmings suited her face and figure as well as if designed for her. The day before the charity ball she asked us to send the gown home, so that her husband might see it before she decided to buy it. I had my misgivings, but the gown was sent, and I took my precautions. Our Mr. Ceay was one of the ball managers, and I got a ticket from him for myself and our forewoman, you know what a perfect lady Miss Sewall is, telling him that I thought it would pay the house to have us see the dresses. We didn't go on the floor, but we had good seats upstairs, and I have an excellent opera glass. Sure enough there was my lady, in the grand march, wearing the Paris gown, and look-

ing handsome and complacent. Two days after he had been chosen the groom. There was no message, of which I was glad, it made my plan of action easier. It was some days before she came to the store. I went forward as soon as I saw her. "When do you want an appointment?" I asked.

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HOSPITAL CAMP AT SAN JUAN.



ONE OF THE QUARANTINE CAMPS OF THE MONONGAHELA CREW, SAN JUAN NAVY YARD.

The outbreak of an epidemic of diphtheria on the training ship Monongahela has compelled the establishment of a quarantine camp at the San Juan navy yard, where every effort is being made to isolate cases and stamp out the disease.

HOW THEY SPEND THEIR DAYS.

When first Charles Frohman rises,
He sees about a play,
Then has a bite of breakfast
And sees about a play;
Then has a little luncheon
And sees about a play;
Then has a scrap of supper
And sees about a play;
Then has a quick sense of fatigue,
New York Tribune.

The Duties of a Wife.

There was a clever magazine story told, some years ago, of a prospective bride who devoted the year before marriage to qualifying herself for the duties of a wife and the mistress of a house. Her friends supposed her to be absent upon a foreign tour, but in reality she spent the twelve months in domestic service, as a cook, housemaid and nurse, thus attaining practical knowledge how to serve her husband and herself satisfactorily in all respects to be a good cook. The "it is his turn" that many American girls marry in ignorance, more or less total, of the things which every mistress of a family ought to understand. Even those who take a course in cooking, as a rule, imbibed but little practical knowledge for future application.

NEW LIFESAVING APPARATUS.

Built of Steel Plates in the Shape of a Globe.

A new style of life-saving apparatus will, it is expected, make its appearance on ocean-going steamships in the near future. This new apparatus was invented by Capt. Donvig. It is constructed of steel plates, and has the form of a globe from which a segment is cut off, thus forming the bottom, which is double and which is used for the storage of 148 gallons of fresh water. The globe will accommodate sixteen persons. A series of lockers are ranged round the interior, serving as seats for the crew, and also as a storage place for 14 cubic feet of provisions. Ventilation is obtained while at sea by a pipe, 12 inches in diameter, that can be raised from the inside of the globe to a height of 5 feet, and which when lowered is flush with the top of the globe. This pipe is fitted with cover and packing in the top for quick opening and closing while at sea. The globe is also fitted with small glass lights, through which the surroundings can be observed. The man-holes that can be opened and shut from the inside. In addition to its other fittings the globe carries a steel rudder, sail and oars, and an anchor and a fender of 16-inch coil rope. The interior is furnished with straps and loose reed hair, a bilge pump and a closet bucket.

An interesting experiment with this globe was recently conducted by Capt. Donvig in Copenhagen harbor. In the presence of prominent naval authorities and others, the experiment consisted in casting the globe from a wharf 12 feet high into the sound. It sank, but immediately recovered itself, whereupon the advantages of the globe explained to them the occupants adjusted the sail and successfully guided the globe by means of the rudder.

Experiments of a more practical and more thrilling nature were later conducted on the treacherous shore of North Jutland. The invention was brought to perfection after years of work and experiment by Capt. Donvig, who received his idea from seeing an iron water tank float in a terrible wreck on a rocky coast, in which he lost his entire family.

A commission of experts, appointed by the Norwegian ministry of foreign affairs, commerce and navigation, declared in an official report to their government that, "with the exception of sailing and managing, the life-saving globe is superior to any modern ship's lifeboat, and when seamen and passengers have the advantages of the globe explained to them they will, without doubt, choose to go in the globe in preference to a ship's lifeboat."

A Frightful Accident.

A laborer was on his way to his work the other morning as a "through" train was about to pass a little station, where a crowd had assembled for the "way" train, due in a few moments. A child who had strayed to the edge of the platform seemed about to lose her balance in her effort to get a good view of the oncoming engine.

Quick as a flash the workman jumped forward, tossed the child back to a place of safety, and was himself grazed by the cylinder, which rolled him over on the platform pretty roughly.

Several people hastened to his assistance, but he rose uninjured, although with a face expressive of grave concern.

"Confound it! Just my luck!" he exclaimed, drawing a colored handkerchief, evidently containing luncheon, from his pocket and examining it ruefully.

"What is it?" inquired the onlookers.

"Why, the salt and pepper's all over the rhubarb pie, and the eggs—well, I kept telling her something would happen if she didn't 'boil 'em harder!'"—Youth's Companion.

Ignorant of Its Use.

Old Dr. Miskell of the Red Bank neighborhood was very fond of chewing tobacco, and he was, moreover, a bit careless as to where he expectorated.

On one occasion he had called at the residence of Mrs. Simmons, an old lady who believed that cleanliness comes next to Godliness. This lady, knowing the spitting proclivities of the doctor, had provided for his use a fancy china cuspidor. The doctor, however, ignored its presence, and continued spitting upon the floor of the veranda where they were seated. At the same time Mrs. Simmons kept moving the cuspidor gently into a more and more favorable position for the old gentleman's use.

Finally, becoming exasperated at the

queer doings of his hostess, the doctor with some warmth exclaimed:

"Mrs. Simmons, if you don't move that thing I'm going to spit in it!"—Hugh A. C. Walker in Lippincott's.

IVORY PORTRAITS.

King Set Example, and Bond Street Photographers Are Busy.

Financial depression may reign, but the introduction of a novelty, no matter how expensive, is sure to find where money is. Society people, chiefly women, seem to have hailed with something like enthusiasm the idea of having their portraits carved on ivory medallions, the King having set the example by having one executed in uniform.

Bond street photographers who have been experimenting on this new style of miniature in ivory bas-relief say they borrowed the idea from the Japanese; but the difficulty is to get artists who can perform such delicate work, for the finest details of hair, eyes, expression and features can be produced perfectly on ivory.

In the jewelry world what may be termed the "barbaric" seems gaining hold of the feminine fancy. What is called the "Croquet cuff bracelet" is the latest novelty. It is a deep gold band with a gorgeous arrangement of translucent enamel, separated by chased and pierced bits of gold. Some of them resemble delicate rare meshes of lace, finished at the top with Van Dyke points, richly studded with jewels.—New York Herald.

Avail.

"I had a horrible dream last night."

"What was it?"

"I dreamed I saw my favorite matinee actor doing a monologue stunt in vaudeville."

Differentiation in Ethics.

"Down in my country," said William Zevlevy of Muskegon, Indian Territory, "there was a lawyer named McGann who was retained to defend an old chap charged with killing a man. McGann got his client out on bail, and the client, not satisfied with the slow working of the law, thought it better to settle for himself and in his own favor."

"He went out one day and killed the chief witness for his own prosecution. The Sheriff went after him, but he lived near the Arkansas line, and hopped over into that state every time a posse approached. Finally a reward of \$300 was offered for the murderer. McGann was short of money and went to the sheriff. 'Bill,' he said, 'will you give me that \$300 reward if I get that man for you?"

"Sure," said the sheriff. McGann drove out to the old fellow's place and found him in one of his fields, but carrying a rifle. When the man saw his lawyer he put down his rifle. McGann drew head on him with his own rifle and ordered him to put up his own hands. The old man began to prepare, and McGann shot him through the head and killed him.

"He toted the body in and claimed his reward. The sheriff gave him an order on the county treasury for the \$300. As he was going to collect the money McGann met another lawyer. 'Say, McGann,' said the other lawyer, 'was it right for you to kill that man? Was it in accordance with the ethics of the profession for you to get him when he was your client?"

"Ethics, thunder!" shouted McGann. "I killed him in another case."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A Little Girl's Loves.

Bessie (aged 5) was accustomed to come to her mother's room before the family was up. One Sunday morning, while making the customary visit, the colors of breakfast in preparation managed to reach the sleeping quarters. Bessie, with her arms round her mother's neck gave one or two vigorous sniffs, then with an air of anticipation announced, "Mamma, there's two things I des love mos' of eating in der world."

"What are they, Bessie?" asked her mamma.

"Food and baked beans," Bessie replied, smacking her lips.—Lippincott's Magazine.

The Unhappiness of Riches.

Speaking of the misfortune of riches, there is the woman who is a good cook, but who is rich enough to engage a hired girl who is a poor one.—Ateinson (Kan.) Globe.

Sewing would cease to be exhausting if women would sit erect, or if in leaning forward they would bend wholly at the waist, never at the shoulders. The muscles about the waist and hips are flexible, and uninjured by strain, but bending at the shoulders means letting the chest sink, which cramps the lungs, and the result is bad breathing, strained nerves, and a quick sense of fatigue.

Oh, Ella Wheeler Wilcox starts
The day off with a verse,
Then writes a little more,
She's rarely time to eat or drink—
Instead she writes a verse—
Why should she waste her precious time?
No wonder that the lady has
A very well-filled purse.

When Willie Hearst begins the day
He tries to boom himself;
The day advances, and we find
He's been to boom himself;
The people think it lots of fun,
He tries to boom himself;
Yes, gods how he is spending mon!
He tries to boom himself;
And that is William Randolph's way
Of blowing in his puff.

NEW LIFESAVING APPARATUS.

Built of Steel Plates in the Shape of a Globe.

A new style of life-saving apparatus will, it is expected, make its appearance on ocean-going steamships in the near future. This new apparatus was invented by Capt. Donvig. It is constructed of steel plates, and has the form of a globe from which a segment is cut off, thus forming the bottom, which is double and which is used for the storage of 148 gallons of fresh water. The globe will accommodate sixteen persons. A series of lockers are ranged round the interior, serving as seats for the crew, and also as a storage place for 14 cubic feet of provisions. Ventilation is obtained while at sea by a pipe, 12 inches in diameter, that can be raised from the inside of the globe to a height of 5 feet, and which when lowered is flush with the top of the globe. This pipe is fitted with cover and packing in the top for quick opening and closing while at sea. The globe is also fitted with small glass lights, through which the surroundings can be observed. The man-holes that can be opened and shut from the inside. In addition to its other fittings the globe carries a steel rudder, sail and oars, and an anchor and a fender of 16-inch coil rope. The interior is furnished with straps and loose reed hair, a bilge pump and a closet bucket.

An interesting experiment with this globe was recently conducted by Capt. Donvig in Copenhagen harbor. In the presence of prominent naval authorities and others, the experiment consisted in casting the globe from a wharf 12 feet high into the sound. It sank, but immediately recovered itself, whereupon the advantages of the globe explained to them the occupants adjusted the sail and successfully guided the globe by means of the rudder.

Experiments of a more practical and more thrilling nature were later conducted on the treacherous shore of North Jutland. The invention was brought to perfection after years of work and experiment by Capt. Donvig, who received his idea from seeing an iron water tank float in a terrible wreck on a rocky coast, in which he lost his entire family.

A commission of experts, appointed by the Norwegian ministry of foreign affairs, commerce and navigation, declared in an official report to their government that, "with the exception of sailing and managing, the life-saving globe is superior to any modern ship's lifeboat, and when seamen and passengers have the advantages of the globe explained to them they will, without doubt, choose to go in the globe in preference to a ship's lifeboat."

A Frightful Accident.

A laborer was on his way to his work the other morning as a "through" train was about to pass a little station, where a crowd had assembled for the "way" train, due in a few moments. A child who had strayed to the edge of the platform seemed about to lose her balance in her effort to get a good view of the oncoming engine.

Quick as a flash the workman jumped forward, tossed the child back to a place of safety, and was himself grazed by the cylinder, which rolled him over on the platform pretty roughly.

Several people hastened to his assistance, but he rose uninjured, although with a face expressive of grave concern.

"Confound it! Just my luck!" he exclaimed, drawing a colored handkerchief, evidently containing luncheon, from his pocket and examining it ruefully.

"What is it?" inquired the onlookers.

"Why, the salt and pepper's all over the rhubarb pie, and the eggs—well, I kept telling her something would happen if she didn't 'boil 'em harder!'"—Youth's Companion.

Ignorant of Its Use.

Old Dr. Miskell of the Red Bank neighborhood was very fond of chewing tobacco, and he was, moreover, a bit careless as to where he expectorated.

On one occasion he had called at the residence of Mrs. Simmons, an old lady who believed that cleanliness comes next to Godliness. This lady, knowing the spitting proclivities of the doctor, had provided for his use a fancy china cuspidor. The doctor, however, ignored its presence, and continued spitting upon the floor of the veranda where they were seated. At the same time Mrs. Simmons kept moving the cuspidor gently into a more and more favorable position for the old gentleman's use.

Finally, becoming exasperated at the

queer doings of his hostess, the doctor with some warmth exclaimed:

"Mrs. Simmons, if you don't move that thing I'm going to spit in it!"—Hugh A. C. Walker in Lippincott's.

IVORY PORTRAITS.

King Set Example, and Bond Street Photographers Are Busy.

Financial depression may reign, but the introduction of a novelty, no matter how expensive, is sure to find where money is. Society people, chiefly women, seem to have hailed with something like enthusiasm the idea of having their portraits carved on ivory medallions, the King having set the example by having one executed in uniform.

Bond street photographers who have been experimenting on this new style of miniature in ivory bas-relief say they borrowed the idea from the Japanese; but the difficulty is to get artists who can perform such delicate work, for the finest details of hair, eyes, expression and features can be produced perfectly on ivory.

In the jewelry world what may be termed the "barbaric" seems gaining hold of the feminine fancy. What is called the "Croquet cuff bracelet" is the latest novelty. It is a deep gold band with a gorgeous arrangement of translucent enamel, separated by chased and pierced bits of gold. Some of them resemble delicate rare meshes of lace, finished at the top with Van Dyke points, richly studded with jewels.—New York Herald.

Avail.

"I had a horrible dream last night."

"What was it?"

"I dreamed I saw my favorite matinee actor doing a monologue stunt in vaudeville."

Differentiation in Ethics.

"Down in my country," said William Zevlevy of Muskegon, Indian Territory, "there was a lawyer named McGann who was retained to defend an old chap charged with killing a man. McGann got his client out on bail, and the client, not satisfied with the slow working of the law, thought it better to settle for himself and in his own favor."

"He went out one day and killed the chief witness for his own prosecution. The Sheriff went after him, but he lived near the Arkansas line, and hopped over into that state every time a posse approached. Finally a reward of \$300 was offered for the murderer. McGann was short of money and went to the sheriff. 'Bill,' he said, 'will you give me that \$300 reward if I get that man for you?"

"Sure," said the sheriff. McGann drove out to the old fellow's place and found him in one of his fields, but carrying a rifle. When the man saw his lawyer he put down his rifle. McGann drew head on him with his own rifle and ordered him to put up his own hands. The old man began to prepare, and McGann shot him through the head and killed him.

"He toted the body in and claimed his reward. The sheriff gave him an order on the county treasury for the \$300. As he was going to collect the money McGann met another lawyer. 'Say, McGann,' said the other lawyer, 'was it right for you to kill that man? Was it in accordance with the ethics of the profession for you to get him when he was your client?"

"Ethics, thunder!" shouted McGann. "I killed him in another case."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A Little Girl's Loves.

Bessie (aged 5) was accustomed to come to her mother's room before the family was up. One Sunday morning, while making the customary visit, the colors of breakfast in preparation managed to reach the sleeping quarters. Bessie, with her arms round her mother's neck gave one or two vigorous sniffs, then with an air of anticipation announced, "Mamma, there's two things I des love mos' of eating in der world."

"What are they, Bessie?" asked her mamma.

"Food and baked beans," Bessie replied, smacking her lips.—Lippincott's Magazine.

The Unhappiness of Riches.

Speaking of the misfortune of riches, there is the woman who is a good cook, but who is rich enough to engage a hired girl who is a poor one.—Ateinson (Kan.) Globe.

PORT ARTHUR SIEGE ENDS.

Railroad Communication Between Mukden and Besieged City Resumed.

RUSSIANS FLEE FROM JAPS.

After Severe Engagement Twenty Miles South of Liao Yang, the Vanquished Russians Retreat.

St. Petersburg, May 10.—Victory Alexieff has telegraphed to the Emperor as follows: "During the night of May 9-10 railroad communication with Port Arthur was restored. The telegraph line is being repaired."

St. Petersburg, May 10.—10:10 p. m.—An official investigation shows there is no truth in the report that the Vladivostok and Port Arthur squadrons have effected a junction after a naval battle, in which both squadrons suffered losses.

London, May 10.—3:20 a. m.—The Daily Telegraph's Seoul correspondent says: "It is believed here that a portion of the Russian Vladivostok fleet has been successfully shut out and is in the neighborhood of Japan trying to evade the Japanese."

Shan Hai Kwan, May 10.—9 p. m.—It is reported that the first Japanese corps, having followed the Russians retreating from the Yalu river, overtook them twenty miles south of Liao Yang yesterday and a severe engagement ensued. The Japanese dragged their guns up hills believed to be insurmountable. The Russians thereupon continued to retreat north.

A division of the first corps is approaching New Chwang, which is now garrisoned by a handful of Russians. Japanese scouts have been seen six miles from New Chwang. Nineteen women were the last civilians to leave New Chwang for Shan Hai Kwan. They arrived here tonight and confirmed the reports of the evacuation of New Chwang.

Railway Is Repaired.

St. Petersburg, May 10.—6:40 p. m.—The correspondent of the Associated Press has obtained absolute confirmation of the report that railroad communication with Port Arthur is again open. The first locomotive came through last night and the second at 9 o'clock this evening.

Repair Wrecked Railway.

According to information received by the general staff the bridge blown up by the Japanese near Port Adams, Liao Tung peninsula, has been repaired and the permanent way is unimpaired. Telegraphic communication with Port Arthur is not yet open.

Battle Reported.

It is reported that Lieut. Gen. Stoessel, commander of the military forces at Port Arthur, has successfully engaged and driven off the enemy. The general staff has no confirmation of this report and explains the withdrawal of Japanese from the railroad as being either due to pressure from Gen. Stoessel or to the forces left by Gen. Kuroki at Kai Ping and other points on the railroad.

Overestimate Strength of Japs.

While without definite information, the impression here is that the strength of the Japanese force landed at Pitsvoo was overestimated, and that either it was not strong enough to take charge of the railroad or it moved eastward along the littoral to effect a junction with the Yalu army. The Emperor received the news of the reopening of communication with Port Arthur last night and seemed greatly pleased. He had a message from Port Arthur an hour before by pigeon post, via Liao Yang, reporting that all was well at the fortress.

Port Dalny Safe.

As Gen. Stoessel has not reported the investment of Port Dalny the reports from abroad of its capture by the Japanese are now disbelieved by the general staff.

The admiralty heard today from Vladivostok. Rear-Admiral Jessen's squadron is there and reports all well.

Still at New Chwang.

Hai Cheng, north of New Chwang, is already reported to have been evacuated, but there is nothing official on this point. The Russian garrison still remains at New Chwang, but the abandonment of that place is only considered to be a question of days.

The army organ assumes that the Russians are retreating on Liao Yang, leaving "temporarily" the defense of Port Arthur to the naval squadron and garrison. The organ also assumes that the Japanese have already landed at Taku Shan, west of the Yalu river, "concentrating the mobilization of which the Japanese have so sedulously spread misleading reports." It commends the retirement from Peng Wang Cheng, reporting that all was well at the fortress.

Kuroki's Plans Secret.

There is a complete absence of official information. The authorities are as silent as the grave concerning Gen. Kuroki's plans, only declaring that his tactics will be vindicated.

Accepts Post As Panama Engineer.

John F. Wallace Resigns General Management of Illinois Central Railroad for Position Under Government.

Revolution Breaks Out in Hayti Again.

Uprising Is Reported and German Cruiser Changes Course and Leaves for Port Au Prince.

St. Thomas, Danish West Indies, May 10.—The German cruisers Vineta, Gazelle, Falke and Panther, which were to be sent today for Newport News, will leave instead for Port Au Prince, Hayti. It is reported that a revolution has broken out there.

BANDITS WAIT EVACUATION OF THE RUSSIANS.

Three Thousand Camped Outside of New Chwang Waiting to Loot the City.

Chefoo, May 10.—Passengers arriving today from New Chwang say that the Russian force probably evacuated that place during the night.

Many had already departed yesterday, and those remaining made no secret of their intention to leave. There is no activity whatever at the forts, where there are still guns in operation.

Three thousand bandits are camped outside of the walls of New Chwang ready to begin looting at the moment the last of the Russian soldiers have left the city.

There are many foreign camp followers with the bandits who are giving the Russians much trouble along the railway between New Chwang and Mukden. Last week they destroyed a culvert and delayed traffic for four days.

The Japanese fleet was in force off Port Arthur at midday Monday, but did not make any hostile demonstrations.

EXPRESS IS WRECKED.

Engine and Tender Plunge Down Embankment, Killing Two of Crew.

New York, May 10.—Two men were killed early today, when the Adams Express section on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad left the tracks while crossing the Byram river bridge at Port Chester. After leaving the bridge and running about forty feet, the locomotive and tender plunged down a 77-foot embankment. None of the cars went over, the breaking of a coupling between the tender and first car saving the train. Lawrence Keegan of Dedham, Mass., engineer, and John Howard of Boston, Mass., fireman, were killed.

May Have Died at Post.

There was a messenger on each of the six cars and the crew consisted of the conductor, engineer, fireman and two brakemen. The train was running at a high rate of speed and one suggested possible cause of the accident is that the engineer may have died at his post.

Armed Guards Around Wreck.

The wrecked train is that on which special armed guards were carried several weeks ago because of fears that an organized band of train wreckers had planned a wreck for the purpose of robbery. On this train the cash from the government depositories in New England is usually carried to Washington. Because of the valuable contents of the train, detectives and armed railroad employees surrounded the wreck to prevent possible attempts to loot the cars, but there was nothing discovered to connect train wreckers with the accident.

THE RUSSIANS DENY REPORTED EPIDEMICS.

Some Cases of Dysentery, Smallpox and Typhus in Hospitals, but Conditions Are Not Grave.

St. Petersburg, May 10.—3:40 p. m.—The following statement was made to the Associated Press today regarding the reported epidemics at Mukden:

"There are some cases of dysentery and smallpox and several cases of typhus in the Mukden hospitals, but there has been no application for more surgeons, nor for special remedies or serum, and it is entirely misleading to say that epidemics exist. Smallpox and typhus are endemic in Manchuria and dysentery is inevitable where large bodies of men are crowded together. There is nothing alarming in the situation."

AMERICAN CONSUL'S MESSAGE IS HELD.

Mr. Miller Prevented from Telegraphing to Minister Coger Statement of Situation at New Chwang.

New Chwang, Monday, May 9.—(Delayed in transmission)—The United States consul, Mr. Miller, was prevented for a time from telegraphing to Minister Coger a statement of the situation here. Mr. Miller's message was released after he had made a strong protest on the subject.

Many Japanese spies are in this vicinity, disguised as beggars. They have cut the wires to the mines at the mouth of the Liao river.

BOOKBINDERS STRIKE.

Effort to Tie Up the Shops of the Chicago Typothetae—Force Union Recognition.

Chicago, Ill., May 10.—Eight hundred bookbinders struck today in shops of the Chicago Typothetae. Sympathetic strikes of the women binders, blank book binders and rulers are threatened if an effort is made to run the shops with non-union binders.

The R. R. Donnelly & Sons company and Raad, McNally & Co., who employ a large number of non-union bookbinders, are expected to operate today practically free from trouble. The union order the tie-up of the bindery industry in other shops to compel the typothetae to force these two members to employ only union bindery men.

ACCEPTS POST AS PANAMA ENGINEER.

John F. Wallace Resigns General Management of Illinois Central Railroad for Position Under Government.

Chicago, Ill., May 10.—John F. Wallace, general manager of the Illinois Central railroad, this afternoon accepted appointment as chief engineer of the Panama canal. He will leave early in June for the isthmus. His successor will be either W. W. Sullivan, I. G. Rawn or W. J. Harahan.

E. L. WENTZ MURDERED.

The Body of Missing Millionaire Found in Mountains.

WAS KILLED BY OUTLAWS.

Search of Months and Large Rewards Awaited Nothing Toward Clearing Up the Mystery.

Big Stone Gap, Va., May 9.—The body of E. L. Wentz, the young Philadelphia millionaire, although partly decomposed, has been fully identified. His clothing was intact. The front teeth are missing. His revolver, with three shots missing, and his eyeglasses were found about twenty feet away.

The body lies near the Blackwood road about a mile north of Kelly cave. The space adjacent to the bodies has been roped off and a guard placed around it. The relatives have left Philadelphia on a special train and are expected here today when the inquest will be held.

The body was discovered by a party hunting missing cattle. Wentz was found lying on his back, his head resting on a log.

Disappeared Six Months Ago.

Young Wentz disappeared over six months ago. The search has gone on steadily since that time. The man, a millionaire, had been seen in the neighborhood of Kelly cave, Va., where he was seeking him being never less than 100 and sometimes more than 1000. Many thousands of dollars have been expended, apparently for naught. Instead of being held for ransom the young man was killed soon after he was captured by unknown men near Stony Gap, Tenn.

Outlaws' Cabin Gives Clue.

That the searchers were nearing the end of their work generally was believed last Friday, when in examining the cabin of two outlaws who are under arrest on a charge of robbery the sheriff's deputies came upon a riding breeches finely made and of fashionable cut.

As no one but Mr. Wentz ever had been known to wear such things in the mountains of three adjoining states, it was at once inferred that the end of the mystery was in sight, and the search was redoubled.

Representative Edward Leisenring of Pennsylvania, a millionaire, had bought 150,000 acres of land in this vicinity. The residents were squatters, who resisted with their rifles all attempts at eviction and who were revengeful and unrelenting.

Ten miles north of Big Stone Gap is the struggling settlement of Kellyville. Near there is Roaring creek, which runs into Powell river. All this property, rich in coal, iron and timber, was bought by Mr. Leisenring. He died without developing the property, and it went to his sister, Mrs. John Wentz of Philadelphia.

Organizes Big Coal Company.

The sons of Dr. and Mrs. Wentz were D. B. and Edward, and when the latter had reached his 21st year he organized the Virginia Coal and Iron company. The young man went to the mountains to live. D. B. Wentz married and his brother lived with him. Several hundred coke ovens were built, a blast furnace was erected, lumbering operations were begun, and several small camps sprang up under the eyes of the mountaineers.

Wentz's murder is laid to the disrupting of the squatter farms. Out of that had grown an enmity which was always feared by the brothers and their head men.

Edward L. Wentz, although he kept extensive kennels and a stable of horses, seldom rode out without taking precautions beforehand and was careful never to put himself in range of a bullet by night. But on October 14 he could not resist the temptation to take a ride along Roaring creek. He started out alone, and was never seen alive by his friends afterwards. Late that night his horse was found cropping the grass along the creek, but there was no sign of the young man.

Parents Come on Special Train.

Dr. and Mrs. Wentz arrived from Philadelphia on a special train a day later, and the search began. Starting with \$10,000, the rewards gradually were increased to \$50,000 and even \$100,000 was offered, but to no avail. All mining operations were shut down, and 1000 workmen and the superintendent went over the mountains step by step, missing never a rod. Public and private detectives by hundreds were put on the case. County and state authorities in the southern part of the state were absolutely nothing to reward them.

UNITED STATES MAY SEND A GUNBOAT.

Hint from England That Foreigners at New Chwang Ought to Be Protected.

Washington, D. C., May 9.—The attention of the state department has been drawn to the possibility of rioting and looting at New Chwang in the indefinite interval of time between the expected Russian withdrawal and the Japanese occupation of the port. Secretary Hay today had a consultation with the President respecting the advisability of again sending a warship to New Chwang to safeguard American interests and as far as possible, to prevent outrages upon other foreigners by brigands. It is believed that an intimation has been conveyed from the British government to our own government that the dispatch of a United States ship to New Chwang might prevent the appearance of undue activity on the part of a single power.

The United States gunboat Helena and a British gunboat lay at New Chwang all last winter and were withdrawn only on a hint from Russia that their presence obstructed military operations.

The navy department has several vessels within two or three days' sail of New Chwang, the nearest being the Raleigh, now at Chemulpo, while the Helena and the Wilmington are at Wenchau, just below Shanghai, and the Cincinnati is on her way from Chefoo to Chemulpo.

MINISTER STRICKEN OFFERING PRAYER.

Plunges Headlong from Pulpit While Congregation's Heads Are Bowed—He Cannot Recover.

Marshalltown, Ia., May 9.—Suddenly and without a moment's warning to the large congregation, the minister was bowed while the minister prayed for their welfare, Rev. O. R. Newell, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church here, fell stricken with paralysis in his pulpit. For a moment the parishioners were terror-stricken, and the form of the stricken pastor was allowed to pitch headlong to the floor. He was removed to his home, but cannot live.

JAPAN WON'T GET "SWELED HEAD."

Statesman of Mikado's Country Tells of Effect Jap Victory Will Have in Far East.

London, May 10.—Baron Suymatsu, son-in-law of the Marquis Ito, and former Japanese minister of the interior, who lately arrived here by way of the United States, in the course of an interview today with reference to the fears expressed on the continent as to the effect of Japanese successes on Japan's policy after the war, declared emphatically that Japan's policy is well defined and her success will make no difference.

The future status of Korea would be that of a Japanese Cuba, or a Japanese Egypt. Russia will not be allowed the least political or territorial hold there. Regarding Manchuria, Japan desires no rights there beyond what are enjoyed by the other powers.

Manchuria will be given back to China, but under conditions. A buffer state under Chinese neutrality, M. Suymatsu said the chief danger was Russia in the issue of the war, and unconsciously irritating the Chinese, thus tending to a breach of neutrality.

He did not believe that any change in China's attitude would involve France or Germany in the issue of the war, and concluded with declaring that Japan's aims were perfectly legitimate, her policy being to insure absolute freedom for all powers in the far east, and to prevent the possibility of any slight anxiety that Japan will suffer from "swelled head" as a result of the conflict.

ROOSEVELT IS INDORSED.

Republicans of Connecticut, New Jersey and Alabama Are in Favor of the President.

Trenton, N. J., May 10.—The Republican state convention to elect delegates to the national convention was held today. The platform endorses the administration of President Roosevelt.

New Haven, Conn., May 10.—Fourteen delegates to the national Republican convention are to be chosen at the convention of Connecticut Republicans, which will open tonight in this city. It is expected that some of the wounded may be shut off from the rescuers and that they may die before being reached.

Herrin is in Williamson county and is twenty miles east of Murphysboro. It has been impossible to secure the names of the wounded.

Five Firemen Have Narrow Escape.

Caught in a Firetrap and Are Rescued Just in Time—Hot Blaze in Chicago.

Chicago, Ill., May 11.—Five firemen narrowly escaped death in a burning building at 51 Institute place early today. When the firemen arrived the three upper floors of the structure, which is tenanted by cabinet and pianomakers, were blazing hotly. Three pipemen climbed ladders to the third floor and forced their way into the center of the building. Finding the heat too great they tried to retreat and then discovered the door had been caught by falling wreckage. When ten minutes passed and the three men did not appear other firemen went to the rescue and carried them from the building. They were soon revived.

A few minutes later two pipemen were on the roof, when it gave way. They saved themselves by clinging to the wall until ladders could be run up to them. The loss is \$50,000.

JAPAN TO BORROW \$50,000,000 MORE.

Tokio Cabinet Decides to Float Another Popular Loan at 95, Interest 5 Per Cent.

Tokio, May 11.—4 p. m.—At a cabinet meeting yesterday, it was decided to float another popular loan of \$50,000,000 at 95, redeemable in five years, with interest at 5 per cent, payment to be in ten installments, commencing in June next. An imperial ordinance providing for the loan will be issued about May 20. Should the loan be over-subscribed, an equal distribution will be made among the applicants, instead of giving preference to small subscribers as was done in the case of the last loan.

London, May 11.—The prospectus of the Japanese loan of \$50,000,000 was issued today. The issue price is 95.

New York, May 11.—Part of the new Russian loan issued in Paris has been taken by New York banks, the National City being among those participating. No public invitations to subscribe will be issued. The total amount taken here will probably not exceed \$4,000,000.

TRAGEDIES AT THE FAIR.

Man Killed by Fall; Case of Suicide; Physician Mobbled by Angry Laborers.

St. Louis, Mo., May 11.—Because he would not take to a hospital a laborer who had been killed by a fall from the Ferris wheel on the world's fair grounds, Dr. Edward Lewis was mobbed by the dead man's fellow workmen. The physician was knocked down, beaten and kicked until he was so injured that he had to be taken away in his own ambulance, the use of which he had denied to the victim of the accident.

The laborer had been struck on the head by a falling bar of iron, killing him instantly.

Capt. Walter Allen of St. Louis, connected with the world's fair Jefferson guards, and a brother of John H. Allen, national union's fair commissioner from Mississippi, because of ill-health contracted suicide by shooting himself through the heart in a room in the dormitory of the Washington university, now utilized by the exposition.

KOREAN CABINET QUILTS.

Ministers Resign in a Body Because Emperor Consulted Them in Neglecting Their Duties.

London, May 11.—A dispatch to The Central News from Seoul announces that the Korean cabinet resigned in a body today as a consequence of the Emperor having sharply censured his ministers for neglect of their duties.

17 AMERICANS ARE KILLED BY FILIPINOS.

Forty United States Soldiers Caught in Ambush by Several Hundred Moros.

Manila, May 11.—Lieut. Winfield Harper and thirty-nine men of Co. E of the Seventeenth United States Infantry were caught, on May 8, in an ambush by several hundred Moros. Two American officers and fifteen men were killed and five men were wounded.

The ambush occurred at Simpatem, on the east shore of Lake Liguasan, island of Mandanau.

SIX DIE IN A MINE.

Fatal Explosion of Powder in Coal Mine at Herrin, Near Murphysboro, Ill.

Murphysboro, Ill., May 11.—Six men killed and a large number burned are the known results of an explosion of powder today in shaft No. 7 of the Big Muddy Coal and Iron Mine company at Herrin, twenty miles from here. About 325 men were employed in the mine and they had just begun work. A car containing fifty kegs of powder exploded. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Six Dead; Eighty Injured.

At noon eighty injured and the following dead were removed from the mine: GREEN, THOMAS, SEIBER, FRED, MILLER, JOHN, CHAIN, WILLIAMS, two brothers.

The mine was badly wrecked, making the rescue work difficult. Thirty nine mules were killed.

Luckily the majority of the miners were working in other parts of the shaft when the explosion occurred and were uninjured, thus being able to assist with the rescue work.

Believed More Are Dead.

It is not known how many men were working in the vicinity of the explosion and it is believed that several are dead and covered with wreckage. It is also feared that some of the wounded may be shut off from the rescuers and that they may die before being reached.

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FORGOT THE LAWYER'S FEE.

There was an auction sale in a Virginia town, and one after another the widow's few possessions fell beneath the hammer. Among the people present was Henry A. Wise, a former Governor of Virginia, whose kind heart made him the friend of all who knew him. The Advocate and Guardian describes the auction:

Presently the auctioneer took up a large bowl which happened to be full of sugar, and the poor woman, anxious to have its contents, hastened into the next room to find something in which to put it.

Just as she returned the auctioneer cried, "Sold!" and the purchaser insisted that the sugar was his. The widow pleaded for the little that meant much to her, but the buyer was obdurate. The protests of the crowd were so strong that he finally turned to Mr. Wise and said:

"Mr. Wise, you are a lawyer. Am I right or not? If you say I am not, I will give back the sugar. If you say I am entitled to keep it, I'll keep it."

"My friend," replied Mr. Wise, in his lisping tone, "you put a delicate and unpleasant responsibility on me. Hadn't you better decide the matter for yourself?"

"No," replied the fellow, curtly. "I know what your opinion is going to be, and I want you to give it so that this whole crowd can hear it."

"Then," said Wise, "I advise you that the sugar is yours. The widow cannot take it from you. She has no redress."

"Aha!" cried the man, turning to the spectators. "What did I tell you?"

"Stop!" continued Wise. "I've advised you at your own request, as I can prove by these people. It remains for me to tell you that my fee for the advice is five dollars, and I shall be obliged if you will pay it at once."

The man turned scarlet, but produced a five-dollar bill and handed it to Mr. Wise. The crowd yelled its approval, but suddenly became silent as Mr. Wise walked up to the widow and said, "This money is mine; I have earned it. Take it and buy more sugar."

A GENTLE ANARCHIST.

John Turner, the English Anarchist, Now in This Country.

Most people class social reformers among the freaks in personal appearance. Long hair, red neckties, disorderly clothing, shaggy beards and irregular meals are supposed to mark anarchists in particular.

John Turner, the English trades union leader and anarchist, now in this country, is not sensational. Neither in his looks nor in his speech does he answer to common notions of an anarchist. So mildly has he spoken as to be almost suspicious. But when he is seen face to face, the mildness is found to be unassuming; it is temperamental. He has blue eyes, smiling and quizzical; a humorous mouth, close cut fair beard and hair, and a general well-groomed appearance.

Soon after his release on bail from the cage on Ellis Island in which Mr. Turner spent the early months of his visit to this country he was the guest of honor at a meeting in Boston. One of the speakers, Lloyd Garrison, remarked jocosely:

"I begin to understand why the American government considers Mr. Turner a very dangerous character. The calm and studious manner in which he presents his views might well give cause for alarm because of his moderation, and thus may well be convincing to other calm and studious minds."

Speaking of his arrest, Turner said: "It is pathetic to think that a great people like the Americans, with the sweep and breadth of their great land, and their varied peoples, cosmopolitan or native, should become petty. It is peculiar when the reformer, the dreamer, who has in mind the ideal state of society a hundred years in advance of ours, is classed among criminals and degenerates. Why, historically, America is indebted to anarchical ideas for its very independence. You had anarchy here during the whole heroic period, 1776 to 1787, the first eleven years of your existence as a free country."

Cost of Electricity.

The census office estimates that electricity has entered into the life of this country to the extent of \$7 worth per year for each man, woman and child of the population. Of this \$7 worth is supplied by the electric traction companies, \$1.50 worth by the electric light concerns and 75 cents worth by the telephone companies. The telegraph also takes about 50 cents a year from each of the 75,000,000 people, while the rest of the \$7 is charged off to electric fire alarms, signals and general supplies.

Education in Germany.

Germany seem to be more eager for collegiate education than the people of other countries. In Germany one man in 213 goes to a university, in Scotland one in 520, in the United States one in 2,000, and in England one in 5,000.

Finger Nails.

The nails of two fingers never grow with the same degree of rapidity. The nail of the middle finger grows with the greatest rapidity and that of the thumb the least.

The dispatch adds that advices from Gen. San say that 450 Coscacks are still at Song Jin, about 160 miles north of Gou San.

A LITTLE STORY IN SIX CHAPTERS.

A little glance.
A little dance.
And this is Chapter One;
A little kiss,
A little feast,
And Chapter Two is done.
A little hand,
A little vow,
How Chapter Five's forecast)
A little "write,"
And Chapter Six is last.

THE DIFFICULTIES OF A CAREER.

Going home from Congress—
Have to face the critics.
Have to hear the speeches made
And take the little jokes.
Have to answer questions
Asked every day.
Have to start explaining things
I do not understand.
It's hard to get to Congress.
But when the race is made
The hands are raised,
And the boys are on parade.
But after you've succeeded
By your energy and hard work
The hardest thing about it
Is the getting back again.

THE EMERGENCY CLOSET.

Thoughtful Housekeeper Prepares for the Unexpected—Useful Hints as to What to Put There.

The well-equipped emergency closet is never without an abundance of paper napkins. These should be purchased by the hundred, as they are often needed for picnics, lunches and informal affairs.

Another necessity is a plentiful supply of paper cups, to be used for the ices, salads or desserts. Then, too, there should be a box of crepe paper tulips and chrysanthemums in assorted colors, in which to set the cases when they are ready to use.

A long stemmed paper chrysanthemum, when twisted spirally around a tumbler, will stand prettily at the plate when the ice cup or salad cup has been inserted.

Paper doilies and lace mats are also indispensable, and are considered smart to use on plates at a reception or luncheon. They come in plain hemstitched, drawn work, Irish crochet, teneffie or with a lace edge. It is difficult to tell them from the real articles.

Nearly \$4,000,000 will be spent by the Vanderbilts to protect that part of Fifth avenue in the immediate vicinity of their residences from undesirable structures.

At the close of a talk by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., to his Sunday school, a motion was put to elect Lyman J. Gage an honorary member of the class.

Artificial holly, smilax, ivy and Japanese peach blossoms are popular for ready-to-use decorations.

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NEW YORK EVERY DAY.

A number of fortune tellers are trying to organize for the purpose of carrying up the court of appeals a test case against the law under which their practices have been suppressed.

The steamer Germanic, from Southampton, brought eight or twenty South African natives belonging to the Zulu, Matabels and other tribes. They are to go to the St. Louis exposition.

George Starr, commissioner of immigration at New York port for twenty-five years, is dead at the age of 80. He was president of the West Side Savings bank and well known in local Republican political circles for many years.

Francis McNamara of Elgin, Ill., pleaded guilty in Brooklyn to murder in the second degree, having shot and killed Capt. George H. Jennings on February 18 last after a disagreement on money matters, and was sentenced to life imprisonment.

Dr. Patrick H. Collins of Detroit appeared at Bellevue hospital and asked to be examined as to his mental condition. He said that he had reason to believe that he was afflicted with hypnotic mania and wished to be taken care of. He was placed in the psychopathic ward and friends in New York city were notified.

John W. Kisan, who went to California in 1849 and established a line of vessels between San Francisco and islands in the Pacific, is dead at his home in New York city. He became an extensive importer of asphalt and was the inventor of a process for refining and handling the crude material which is now in general use.

Badgered by boys who hoot and jeer him, John D. Rockefeller plays golf on his private course at Lakewood every morning. He has aroused the enmity of boys by discharging them and hiring little girls as caddies.

At least six theaters have failed to put in applications for a renewal of their licenses by the commissioner of police, in whose hands the matter rests. These houses will not be allowed to open, and three more will not be allowed to open unless they make such alterations as the commissioner of safety shall recommend.

The steamskip Germanic arrived with a dead body on board. The girl, who was Bertha Szyk, was one of 563 passengers. She joined in a dance among the stowage passengers one evening and while dancing suddenly fell into the water near the bow.

Twenty-one husbands, who reside in Bayonne, N. J., have met and organized the Married Men's Anti-Enchire and Home Preservation society of all sizes. Their object is to help their wives and other men's wives and propose to use all their efforts to establish such a cure.

Wall street is interested in reports concerning the value of the estate, or rather the equity of the estate, left by the late William C. Whitney. One report is that Mr. Whitney was really a poor man at the time of his death and that the sale of his home at the sacrifice price of \$2,000,000 was something of a forced sale.

John Fasel, the "human ostrich," who swallowed objects made of iron and brass, was operated on for acute indigestion caused by partaking too heartily of a fricassee of hardware.

Forty-second street has been for some time out of mind the most unfortunate thoroughfare in New York. The subway digging outrage is merely an incident in the history of this great highway.

Prices considerably above the average have been paid for George Washington papers during the sale of the late Bishop Hurst's library.

Patrick McAleer, who was well known in New York seventy-five years ago as the "handsome coachman," died in Bellevue hospital at the age of 99. He was the oldest patient in the institution and had been there continuously since 1807.

The first annual meeting of the Irish Industrial Society of America, organized to assist in the industrial development of

Irland, has just been held here. A report made by President Gillespie showed good progress during the society's first year.

By representing himself as Col. John D. Hewitt, president of the Buckeye Coke and Coal company of Bramwell, W. Va., director of the Bank of Bramwell and swindler in general, the New York for two months, having drafted on Col. Hewitt's bank cashed and passed by the institution through New York bankers.

Robert A. Johnson, one of the merchant princes of New York city twenty years ago, with a fortune estimated at \$5,000,000 and a palatial home on the Hudson river near Montauk St., died, a public charge, at the Manhattan insane asylum on Ward's island, and the body of the one-time millionaire found a place in the morgue among the city's pauper dead.

Russell Sage threatens to give up his residence in New York city if the commissioners of taxes and assessment insist upon making him pay taxes on \$2,000,000 worth of personal property.

Joseph Pulitzer is to have an annex to his newspaper building adjoining the present structure on Park row on the east end, occupying the remainder of the North Wall Street front of the building.

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prices of suburban real estate with a jump. It is surprising, though none the less true, that there are nearly two hundred square miles of swamp lands within twenty-five miles of the city hall.

Mrs. Russell Sage declares that she is going to stick to New York. Although Mr. Sage believes he has been unjustly treated by the assessors, she says, he has no thought of moving away from the city, despite the threat made by his counsel.

Blanche Ring returned to New York from London on the Minnetonka. Miss Ring said on her arrival that she had heard that May Yobe, now Mrs. Putnam Bradlee Strong, expected to return to New York to sing. Mr. McKay, Mrs. Blanche Ring's husband, said he had offered the former wife of Lord Francis Hope a chance to sing here, but she refused to give her decision yet.

Joseph Stillwell Cain, known as the father of the celebration of Mardi Gras in this country, is dead here, aged 72 years. In 1865 he turned out on the city streets of New Orleans a grand parade. The celebration went from that city to New Orleans.

Eugene Canfield, a well-known comedian and actor from Pennsylvania. His principal work in recent years has been in the Hoyt farces.

Members of the Brown university are talking of erecting a club house and a house committee has been appointed to canvass for subscriptions. On the building committee a personal friend of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was named.

After a desperate struggle with a burglar whose escape surprised a room in the house of Postmaster Edward Hewitt, Jersey City, Miss Frances Day, superintendent of the state board of children's guardians, overpowered the marauder and held him until the police arrived.

While walking through the grounds of the "Y" club, east of the city, a few days ago, John Paul Judge, Jr., a member of the senior class at Loyola college, rescued a red-tailed hawk from the onslaught of two vicious crows and carried it to the park where Supt. Boone placed it among his collection.

When Mr. Judge first noticed the hawk among the birds the hawk was fully occupied in trying to beat off the crows, which circled around and about it, taking advantage of every opportunity to swoop down upon its throat and breast.

The situation was intolerable. Gratitude! Did the curate mean that Benjamin didn't remember the days when he was very hungry and dirty, and a man or an angel, he couldn't quite tell which, came and bathed him—which wasn't angelic—and fed him—which was exceedingly angelic—and turned him into a nice little choir boy?

Benjamin shuffled his feet, and looked up at the saints in the windows, but seeing only disapproval in their faces, looked down again at his shoes. How could he ever explain the fascination of that verse?

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THE POET MOON.

How the rains tossed at Bordighera,
How the gray doves flew,
How vivid shone the Mediterranean
Twixt shaken plumes of yew!
Then those dim miles of violets,
The depth, the hue,
The scents that flew,
The shell-pink violas express-close
And walls that gushed with heavy roses.

The Gratitude of Benjamin.

They sang "God Save the Queen" every Sunday night, because of the war in South Africa; and as a special mark of patriotism they were allowed to render that delightful second verse, which sounds so much like every day strong language.

Nothing could be comparable to the thrill imparted to one's backbone by the rendering of these many sentiments amid the pious inanities of memorial tablets, unless it were playing hopscotch down the nave of the church.

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She did not seem to see him. She went straight to the curate, and laid the letter before him, saying in a soft, quivering voice: "I thought I ought to show you this."

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Rapid River Locals.

The Marquette county board of supervisors is taking an interest in better roads. Next to good schools good roads demand attention. Particularly in farming districts, where the products of the soil are conveyed in wagons to market, is the need of better trackways apparent. The gain in the loads that can be handled is considerable, as is the saving in wear and tear of vehicles, to say nothing of the pleasure and comfort of those who have to travel over the highways. The plan of constructing a certain length of road each year, and doing the work thoroughly seems to have support. The everlasting patching is valueless and wastes money without accomplishing anything of permanent character. By all means let the roads be built right and let us start upon the improvement carefully and wisely—Iron Ore.

Last week the boom men in the employ of the Escanaba Lumber Co. struck because they were required to sack the logs for the same pay, \$1.75. Most of their places were filled but on Wednesday of this week another strike took place. The manager went to Escanaba to see about hiring men.

Since the beginning of the winter John Darrow has shipped 63 carloads of spruce and balsam to be made into paper. He has still about twenty more to ship, when the yards at the mills are ready to receive them. Eighty-three carloads of paper is quite an amount.

Most of the yards in Rapid River have been or are being cleaned up, though there are a few delinquents. As a general rule good order prevails. Some yards have too much shade. A few trees are pleasant, but an over growth of them is most unwholesome.

Dr. Laing is working on his hospital yard. He intends to remove all out-buildings to a rear lot, and to fill in his yard and make a complete lawn of it. When this is done he will have an especially attractive place.

L. Tennis, of Green Bay, better known here as "Belgian Joe," was in town Tuesday and Wednesday on business. He purchased a carload of empty barrels from J. Darrow, as well as a good many hides.

A mild form of small pox developed at the home of Mr. Hruska. The two little girls, Barbara and Luella, have it very lightly. Miss Celia Hruska is staying with Mrs. Catherine Carmody.

The examinations were held this week, and the eighth grade pupils of the township all came here to be examined. The schools close on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh.

Peter and James Hill went this week to Arcadia, Indiana, to build a house for O. T. Hill, who now lives there. They will return when the work is completed.

In last month's issue of the American Boy appeared a story by Capt. Jack O'Connell with his picture preface. He has been writing for the magazines lately.

James Finlan of Trenary returned Saturday to his old position at the Laing hospital, in place of Sol Jerome, who went up on his farm Monday.

An upper peninsula fair is proposed by the U. P. Agricultural society. The state fair at Detroit is too far away for the upper peninsula farmer.

William Bassford, Jr., of Sturgeon Bay, is visiting here for a few days. He is on his way to Buffalo and will leave Saturday or Sunday.

All the shingle mills on the Menominee river were closed Saturday, a result of the manufacturers' failing to accede to the demands of the union.

J. D. Winters, of Winters, came down on the branch Tuesday, bought a horse and buggy of Leonard Pfeifer, and drove back next day.

Miss Eleanor Hibbard is visiting friends in the country. Mrs. A. Murchie is employed at the post office during her absence.

Herbert Jenne of Gladstone moved here this week with his family. He occupies the rooms upstairs in Mrs. Hocks' house.

Charles Laframboise and family will leave the last of this month for Ottawa, Canada, near which they will reside.

The Misses Georgiana Tennant and Elsie Gorm of Ensign are attending the eighth grade examination here.

Mrs. Boyer went to the So Monday morning to see her sister, Mrs. Holly, who is not expected to live.

John Bucklund left the Laing hospital Monday. He has been sick for about two weeks with cholera.

Miss Pearl Trenary came down last Friday to visit Miss Clarissa Guerno, and returned Thursday.

Joseph Germaine, of St. Jacques, attended the K. O. T. M. M. lodge here Wednesday evening.

Fred Larling contracted a bad cold this week, and has been indisposed for two or three days.

Geo. Huse left Tuesday for Washoucton, where he expects to get a position on a railroad.

Miss G. G. G. is visiting in town.

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The principal matter to be decided in Rapid River just now is the attitude of the shingle weavers. Practically all the other mills in the peninsula have shut down. In fact, some of the dailies reported this mill closed with the others. The shutdown will be bad for the town, but as it was expected in the fall, this simply brings the condition nearer. Many people here are of opinion there will be no strike, that the men will accept the prevailing rate of wages. The men held a meeting Thursday night but their intentions are not known now. At present the company has some eighteen million unsold shingles, and no market in sight. "Cedar pays in any form but shingles."

The case of The People vs. Fred Vitzke was tried in Judge Glaser's court at Escanaba Monday, and the defendant was found not guilty. The jury was composed of well known citizens of Escanaba, and their verdict attracted considerable attention in that city. Vitzke was arrested on complaint of Charles Schramm, and as a result of the acquittal the latter was compelled to pay the costs, which were large. Some twenty persons attended from Rapid River, and the trial aroused great interest here, as both parties are old and well known residents.

C. E. Hamilton, Andrew Erickson, Andrew Barbeau, and C. H. Dillabough went up to the hunting camp Sunday to effect some repairs on a barn. They found themselves in the predicament of the Arkansaw man who "couldn't mend his roof when it rained and didn't need to when it was dry." They returned home late with their ardor considerably dampened.

The cold damp weather of the past week has been disagreeable to all alike. On Tuesday the rivers rose and flooded the fields and gardens. This puts off the time of planting for some weeks. This has been in every particular a bad spring, and it needs but a bad summer to cap the climax.

J. H. Sinnitt, Fred Darling, Andrew Erickson, and Moses Buchman drove to Escanaba Tuesday to attend the county convention, as delegates. All returned that evening but Mr. Erickson, who came back on the morning train. C. E. Hamilton is now committeeman for this township.

Rev. S. A. Walton announces that on Sunday evenings he will essay an exposition of the book of Revelations. Next Sunday the subject will be "The Plan of the Book and its Place among the Prophecies." He will deliver about a dozen discourses on the subject.

It behooves all who have valuable chickens to see before retiring that the henhouse door is properly locked. Some marauder with more covetousness than honesty is abroad, and several people have missed hens in the morning.

Senator O. B. Fuller has sent in to the secretary of state his recommendations for census enumerators, and they will probably be appointed. Among them are F. E. Darling and C. H. Dillabough, for Masonville township.

The track on the Rapid River branch is in very bad shape. There was a bad washout Monday, and more are expected if it keeps on raining. The closing of the Gladstone furnace gives more time to put the road in shape.

The Adventist ministers are much pleased with the interest they have awakened here. Mr. Harris has gone to Gladstone, but Mr. Bellows will remain here and preach in private houses for some time.

Dillabough & Adams are finishing the improvements on their store, and it now is as bright as a new tin pan on a gatepost.

Miss Hannah Carmody continues dangerously sick. Pneumonia has developed in addition to typhoid.

Mr. Caswell now has the foundation of his barn completed and will erect the superstructure shortly.

The repairs on Antoine Rushford's house have progressed so that he moved in last week.

Miss Beattie, an agent for the orphans' home at Houghton, was in town Thursday.

O. C. Estenson was in town Monday, and went through to Nahma next day.

The Royal Neighbors held their dance Saturday and had a good time.

J. A. Shippy went to Escanaba Thursday on the Lotus, and returned.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Omar Loop, Monday, May 9, a daughter.

David Shampo has moved to the place next to the opera house.

Ralph Sparks went up Monday to his place on the Sturgeon.

Otto Buchman left Wednesday night for Chicago.

David Groos has moved into the Amhurst house.

Rev. Mr. Harris went to Menominee this week.

When you pick arbutus don't pull up the roots.

Mr. G. G. G. is slightly better.

Mrs. Ben Munn is better.

James Patterson, deputy great commander, K. O. T. M. M., visited the lodge here at its meeting Wednesday night and extended to them "a cheerful word and helping hand." The membership is now very large.

The Rapid River bridge was in danger Tuesday night, but the logs were cleared away rapidly. Mr. Sherwood, the watchman, declares that there is still danger in case of more rain.

Wilford Bezner is convalescing. He was dangerously sick, owing to his having been weakened by illness before contracting pneumonia.

Jesse Rushford came down Saturday from Walter Thompson's camp and returned Thursday morning.

Several young people from here attended the promenade at Gladstone Wednesday night.

Allen Tyrrell was in town Wednesday.

Miss Ida Baddinger is convalescing.

Try Powell's Glycerine and Quinine Hair Tonic, none better, every bottle guaranteed. 25 cents small size, 50 cents large size.

FAST RAILROADING.

President Ledyard of the Michigan Central railroad made a lightning trip from Niagara Falls to Chicago on April 27.

The distance between Niagara Falls, Ont., and Windsor, 225.66 miles, was made in 191½ minutes, or at the rate of 70.70 miles an hour, excluding stops. The distance from Brownsville to Springfield, 5.20 miles, was made in 3 minutes, or at the rate of 104 miles an hour, establishing a world's record. Between Bismark and Rodney 4.40 miles was negotiated in 2½ minutes, or at the rate of 105 miles an hour. The rate of 93.75 miles was maintained for a distance of 6.25 miles, from Charing Cross to Buxton.

From Detroit to Jackson the run was slow, and from Jackson to Niles, 115.91 miles, an average speed of 62.09 miles an hour was maintained, 6.58 miles from Pokagon to Niles being run at the rate of 98.70 miles an hour. From Niles to Chicago, including stops, and delays in entering the city, an average speed of 46.07 miles and hour for 92.62 miles was maintained. Outside of the 111.90 miles an hour attained on this stretch of road, the best performance for the section was 4.07 miles from Furnessville to Porter at the rate of 81.40 miles an hour.

The through time from Niagara Falls, including stops, was nine hours and thirteen minutes, and, excluding stops, eight hours and twenty-two and one-half minutes. The average speed excluding stops for the entire distance from Niagara Falls to Chicago, 471.61 miles, was 60.87 miles, and, including stops, 55.31 miles or nearly six miles an hour faster than the schedule of the Twentieth Century Limited, the twenty-hour Chicago-New York train over the Lake Shore and New York Central railroads.

Cure, Schaefer and Slosson.

Recent reports from Paris are to the effect that Cure and Schaefer will not meet. Uncertainty also exists as to Cure's acceptance of Slosson's challenge for a game in New York, although Slosson believes the Frenchman will come over and is steadily practicing for such a contest.

Amateur Billiard Talk.

While no definite plans have been made for holding a national amateur championship tourney at fourteen inch balk line billiards for a new challenge cup, the players and others interested in such an event are quietly agitating the matter, and immediate action is anticipated.

SEE THIS?

C. W. Lightfoot is offering a sure-enough bargain on Delta avenue, Powell's old stand, the best business stand in the city, on terms that will beat paying rent.

Also two nice lots on Minnesota avenue, opposite John P. Holm; these are on the bargain counter.

C. W. LIGHTFOOT.

NOTICE.

The ladies of the Methodist church will hold a food sale Saturday, May 21, in the Powell building on Delta avenue, occupied by W. E. Murney.

FOR SALE.

Eighty acres of good farming land a mile and a half from Brampton post-office, or will trade for house and lot in Gladstone. Inquire of David Narracoug, Gladstone. 6tf

Powell's Corn Cure, a positive cure for soft and hard corns. Why be bothered with Corns when you can cure them for 15 cent? Powell's Drug Store.

BAY SHORE STANDARD LIME

Made by the Elk Portland Cement & Lime Co.

SOLD BY THOS. R. SHEPPARD.

Bay Shore Standard Lime is better than any other on the market for brick work, stone work or for plastering.

It is warranted to make more mortar per barrel than any other lime.

The manufacturers authorize me to settle any "kick" and charge to them, where Bay Shore Standard Lime does not fulfill all the claims made for it by them.

I ALSO DO BRICK AND STONE WORK AND PLASTERING.

Phone No. 184, Gladstone, Mich.

Stoves Taken Down and Stored

For the summer, repaired, cleaned and set up in the fall again at reasonable rates.

See Ford

At the Second Hand Store in the

HALE BLOCK

Phone 241. Next to Ninth Street.

IMPROVED TRAIN SERVICE
NEW PASSENGER EQUIPMENT
RATES ALWAYS THE LOWEST
PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOURS VIA RAIL AND LAKE

The Store Your Neighbor Buys From

For Particular People

YOU WILL FIND

COFFEES

HERE THAT OTHER DEALERS DO NOT HANDLE, AND, IF YOU HAVE BEEN HARD TO SUIT, WE WANT YOUR TRADE ON

Chase & Sanborn's High Grade Coffees.

NO OTHER KIND COMPARES WITH THEM. WE ARE SOLE AGENTS.

HOYT GROCERY CO.

DEALERS IN GOOD THINGS TO EAT.

The Store that Leads Them All in Quality and Prices.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

I have opened my market at the corner of Delta and Central Avenues and have on hand always everything that may be looked for in

The Handsomest and Best Kept Market in Gladstone

Your patronage is solicited and every effort will be made to give you the best satisfaction.

JOHN BERGMAN.

SPRING MEDICINE

This is the time of the year most people need a good TONIC and BLOOD PURIFIER.

There is none better than

POWELL'S

Compound Extract of

SARSAPARILLA

WITH IODIDES

SKIN AND BLOOD REMEDY

BEST KNOWN PREPARATION FOR

Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Tumors, Boils, Ring Worm Ulcers, Scrofula and Syphilis.

A POWERFUL PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD Acting Through the Natural Secretory Organs, Removing those Matters which Disturb its Purity.

COMPOSED OF Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Stillingia Prickly Ash, Iodides, Potassium and Iron and other equally valuable remedies

100-FULL DOSES-100 Price \$1.00. 6 Bottles for \$5.00.

POWELL'S DRUG STORE