THE GLADSTONE DELTA.

Volume XVIII.

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DIRECTORY.

DR. F. W. STELLWAGEN

DENTIST. Office hours from 9 to 12a. m., from 1 to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 8 p. m. Delta avenue and Ninth street, over Minne-wasca Furniture Co's store. Minne-

DR. F. H. WILKINSON,

DENTIST. (Graduate of Michigan University). Office and residence over Nelson's grocery. Office Hours—8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m. Evening, 7 to 8. Phone 112.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON To the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co., Northwestern Cooperage & Lumber Co., Pioneer Fuel Co. and surgeon Soo Line R'y. Office on Delta, opposite Hammel's Bank,

DR. D. N. KEE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Office in the Langley building, Delta avenue Office hours: Until 10 am., 1 to 3 pm., after 7 Phone 44, Gladstone.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office over The Hub, Delta and Seventh Sts. Residence, Minnesota Ave., three doors east of Ninth Street. GLADSTONE, MICH.

BUSINESS CARDS

CLAYTON VOORHIS Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Coal and Wood. Office on Delta near Central.

HENRY C. HENKE, Safe Storage Warehouse, Second hand Furniture Scales, etc., for sale cheap.

Delta Avenue, opposite Hoyt's store.

SWENSON BROS., Fine Furniture, Undertaking, Uphol stered goods and Steamship Tickets. Delta Avenue near Central.

MORE

For inferior Suits when you can buy the best at wholesale price? I get an agent's commission-you save the retailer's profit.

My Spring line of samples for Ladies' and

TAILOR MADE SUITS

Will be ready for inspection Saturday, March 12. Biggest Line, Latest Novelties and Lowest Prices, a triplet of reasons why you should call and look them over.

Two Doors West of Weinig's Remember the date, March 12, 1904.

A. J. LACOMBE,

THE BEST SEWING MACHINE

ON EARTH

I AM OFFERING ON EASY TERMS THE CELEBRATED •••••••••••

· · · Singer · · ·

You can make your own bargain as to terms. Old machines taken, at a fair valuation, in exchange. Repairing done in the best manner See the machines at Whybrew & Eggy's store. OSCAR JACOBSEN.

FROZE UP?

vour pipes. We have that is the beet sugar factory which a Thawing Steamer farmers in the vicinity of this factory greater than the straw of oats, and that will do the work try the growing of sugar beets last Quickly without digg- realize how important this factory is fifty years of experience in Germany ing up underground pipes.

H. W. BLACKWELL Hardware and Plumbing.



AND STEAMSHIP LINES Winter Schedule of Ann Arbor Car Fer-

ries, between Manistique and Frankfort. BOATS WILL LEAVE MANISTIQUE DAILY

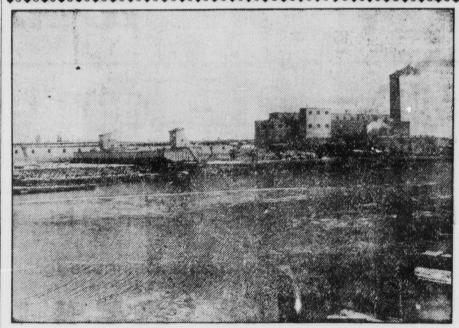
Weather permitting, making connections with trains at Frankfort for all points East and South.

FARE HAS BEEN REDUCED TO ONLY \$2.00 For further information apply to

Manistique, Mich.

WIDE-AWAKE FARMER.

Some Interesting Things Relative to the New Industry Which Has Made Wealthy So Many Farmers in Southern Michigan Since 1900.



THE NEW MILLION DOLLAR BEET FACTORY AT MENOMINEE, MICHIGAN.

The following interesting address to farmers has been issued by the man- Wisconsin use yearly over \$6,500,000 ager of the new beet sugar refinery at Mencminee, Michigan, where in 1903, a factory with a 1,000 tons of beets capacity daily was erected at a cost of over a million dollars:

The farmer of the present day has learned that he has to keep constantly looking forward as well as looking backward. He has found by experience that he has to keep abreast of the times the same as the manufacturer or merchant, and that he is either going auch thing in the present day as stand- enrich their state this him to raise. He has got to consider are not interested. carefully the kind of market there is experience that there are only a few crops which he grows for which there is always an open market.

It is too often the case that when the farmer has an abundant crop of potatoes, oats or hay, everybody else has a large crop of the same material. there is no profit left for him; and the opposite to this is also true, that when he has a very short crop of certain products everybody else's crop is short, and then the prices are high, but he has nothing to sell.

Lessons Were Coutly.

This naturally has taught him a lesson, and the up-to-date farmer of today is anxiously looking about to see what crop he can raise that may always have an open market, and whether he and everybody else has a large or a small crop of this same produce he will still be able to sell readily all he raises at a good price. This last condition which the farmer has been so anxiously waiting for has now been brought about by the establishment of one of the largest manufacturing in-If so let us thaw out dustries in this part of the country, and one that uses the largest amount of farm product in its operation, and who were sufficiently enterprising to year found what a splendid success they could make, and have learned to enough to be situated withing shipping distance of it.

Every wide-awake farmer who is looking out for his own interest sees at a glance that it is not only profitable to him to grow beets, but that it is of the utmost importance to him that he should strongly support to the limit

of his ability this new industry. Fore-warned Is Fore armed He no doubt knows that the last few years have been very favorable to the farmers inasmuch as they had good crops and good prices for nearly everything they raised, but he certainly has not forgetten that it is only a very few years ago when it was almost impossible to make anything off his farm with the then prevailing prices, and he certainly must know that good times do not continue always, and that very likely within a short period the same low prices will prevail again, and that is the time that he will most seriously

factory affords him. There is still another point which few seem to realize, and that is the amount of money that is sent out of the states of Wisconsin and Michigan each year (and in fact outside of the

need such a market as the beet sugar

the sugar that is consumed by the people of these two states. Michigan and worth of sugar each, and it is only a few years ago when every dollar of this money went to foreign countries for sugar. Now Michigan is able to produce almost enough for her own need, but Wisconsin is still sending out this vast sum of money every year, which ought to be kept within her boundaries and go entirely to her farmers, her laborers and her capital-

Keep the Money at Home.

The bulk of this naturally would go ahead or going backward. There is no to th farmers and laborers, and thus enormous ing still. He has got to consider care- amount each year instead of filling the fully what crop is most profitable for pockets of foreign people in whom we

for each crop, and he has learned by it is really difficult to believe that any sound thinking, enterprising farmer should not do everything in his power to encourage such an industry as a beet sugar factory. We hope that every farmer who has an opportunity to show that he takes an interest in himself and his country and its manuand then the prices are so low that facturing institutions and its financial welfare will voluntarily do his part and at least grow a few acres of beets the coming season.

If he will stop to consider that any good farmer who will take the trouble to properly prepare his ground and cultivate sugar beets will have no difficulty in making from \$50. to \$115 an acre from sugar beets, while the very best results he can hope for from oats, hop, barley or other grain crops, will be from \$10 to \$35 per acre, and in the one case he never knows what his bay or grain will bring him when the crop is harvested, while in the other he has his sugar beets sold at a good price before the seed is even put into

the ground. Pulp Is Valuable.

There are other profits to be found in the value of the tops for dairy food, estimated to be at least \$10.00 per acre, as they are great for production of milk and butter. Then, too, the has so recently been constructed at | pulp can be returned from the factory some think it equal to a good hay crop, acre for acre.

Moreover, after beets are sown on a piece of land it has been proven by to the farmers who are fortunate that on account of the close cultivation and the cleaning of his land of weeds. it is in a position to produce 25 per cent. larger crops.

Many farmers make the serious mistake of scratching over from 100 to 200 acres of land and think they are farming, when in reality if they put their time and energy in properly cultivating 40 acres they would be very

much better off. We sincerely hope every farmer who has his eyes upon his own welfare will consider these matters carefully and without further unnecessary urging take hold of beet growing here in th northwest as farmers have in the Lower Peninsula, where they have made themselves rich in a few years

cultivating sugar beets. Why He Did Not Tarry. The importunate lover had just pro-

"Let your answer be a vowel with a consonant on either side of it," he gently begged her.

The charming girl smiled. "Very well," she said. "Git."-Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Do you ache all over, feel as if you were going to have LaGrippe, if so get United States to foreign countries) for a box of Powen's magic cold of 25 cents positively guaranteed. a box of Powell's magic cold cure only

great deal about the reckless extrava- shore, now approachable only from Esgance and wise economy of the city canara by the cars. These points are government before five o'clock or April Wells, the Mashek Chemical Co. plant, 4; but it will be, for the most part, the brick-yards, and others that supwasted wind. When the electors rise ply labor for men. As it is now it is an their will is executed "as lightning impossibility for a laboring man from does the will of God" as the poet sings; Gladstone to work at either of the above and no man can predict where it will mentioned places and live in Gladstone strike. It looks as though it might be a at the same time. He must board near long, cold spring and some tender plants his work and so greatly increase his livmay be nipped in the bud.

indulge themselves in an evening of stone. merriment. Welby & Pearl appear in a long, varied and artistic program of bound to become popular is the continuof novel musical instruments and announce themselves the greatest musical cellent street parade. March 14; seats

The Edward Hines Lumber company levied by Masonville township upon the not known. The concern at present has no lumber at Garth which could be levied upon. The matter is in the hands of Prosecuting Attorney Cummiskey.

Mrs. David Noel, who was arrested some weeks ago on the charge of arson was brought from the county jail Monday and examined before Justice Huber. Prosecuting Attorney Cummiskey appeared for the People and C. D. McEwen for the prisoner. Sufficient evidence to sustain the charge was not produced, and the prisoner was discharged.

Mrs. M. Bradbury arrived here last her son W. O. Bradbury. Little Eugene, whose attack of pneumonia caused so much anxiety, escaped with a mild ill-

ness, and is now doing well. I. N. Bushong has leased the Ely residence at Michigan and Eighth street and will, with the assistance of a house- last week with an affection of the stone as well as in New Mexico.

evening. He remains a day or two in has been taught by Mrs. Chandler. Chicago and then goes on to Detroit for a fortnight's visit with relatives.

The two chief reasons offered for not advertising are: "business is good and I don't need to advertise;" "business is summer in St. Louis in charge of the dull and I can't afford it."

George Leggis, of the Escanaba Candy Kitchen, has been in town during the past week, assisting Mr. Rouman in fitting his new store.

Miss Murney was engaged for some some time in the office of the city treasurer assisting in the preparation of the annual report. Gortons Minstrel's at the Gladstone

theatre Monday March 14. The greatest show of the season. Seats at Bel-James Buchan, who has so long been

Mrs. W. I. Ely and family will remove to St. Paul about April 1. Mrs. Hicks will remain with her until that

Sixteen inch summer wood, full cord, delivered to any part of the city, \$2.50. Call up C. W. Davis, phone 7.

I. C. Jennings, the secretary of the company that as yet nothing definite The charter election of the city of has been done toward the extending of Gladstone will be held three weeks from the lines this year. That is, nothing de-Monday. There are to be elected a may- cided had been done by the company or, a treasurer and a justice of the outside of the inquiries which have peace. In each ward a supervisor and been made by President Moore in Gladconstable will be chosen and the first stone. He stated that this idea of runward will select an alderman in place of ning street cars to Gladstone has been John Young whose term expires; the before the minds of the company for a second ward will elect two alderman, long time, and that it was merely a in place of E. S. Eaton whose term ex- matter of time when it would be carried pires and C. D. Mason, removed; the out. He could not say for a certainty third ward will elect a successor to whether a move would be made in the Alderman Conkey and the fourth ward coming season or not, although the will choose a successor to Alderman Gladstone people are certain that there Skelton. It is understood that Mayor will be, and that it will be up to their McDonough will not refuse a renomin- city council for settlement in a short ation if it come to him in the proper time. Mr. Jennings spoke highly of manner, and Charles D. Mason is urged the prospects connected with the runto become the candidate of the Republi- ning of the cars to Gladstone. It would cans. Everything, so far, is only in the connect the two cities, making traffic air; but this will grow heated as time easy, and would also connect both cities rolls on. We shall undoubtedly hear a with the many points along the bay ACROBATIC FEATS MINGLED WITH RE-

the Escanaba Mirror is informed by

ing expenses if he is a married man with Gorton's Minstrels will be at the a family in Gladstone. The opening of desired reform, one that is never con-Gladstone theatre next Monday, March a street car line would make it possible sidered until too late for action. Every 14. Those who like the real, old fash- for Gladstone men to be employed in Fourth of July the deadly cannon crackioned entertainment of this character Escanaba or at any point along the in- er works havoc equal to that of a small will be rejoiced at this opportunity to termediate line and still live in Glad- battle. None are exempts. It tears the

An innovation in minstrelsy which is songs, dances music and jests. Gorton ous performance as presented by Gorand Lee offer solos and duets on a variety ton's Famous Minstrels. No long, tiresome waits, but something doing every minute, the performance going with a artists in the minstrel business. The dash and vim from start to finish. The marvelous Mardo Brothers, the famous company is composed of clever artists, acrobats, will exhibit a large number of the best in their respective lines, and the original feats. The Brothers Faron, acentire performance is free from any to agitate for the campaign of 1905. A robatic comedians, are a whole show thing that could give offence to the people as renowned for wisdom as the themselves. The company give an ex- most fastidious. Gladstone theater, March 14.

Dr. George Bjorkman celebrated his The Delta had about decided to sup-birthday last Saturday by entertaining port Supervisor Johnson for re-election a party of friends at his residence. The next month; but when he stated in casual gentlemen enjoyed the doctor's hospitalconversation that a teakettle of boiling ity until a late hour and voted it the water which he placed on the doorstep genuine thing. The Delta, though unduring one of the cold evenings just able to be present corporeally, wished When these things are all considered passed, froze so quickly that the ice still him multa glucklich retours, as they remained too hot to touch—when a pub- say in Calmar. The doctor's time is lic official makes such statements it now laid off in homocopathic doses by a causes men to think the matter over modern clepsydra that the boys left as a souvenir.

The regular meeting of the Delta of Chicago has refused to pay the tax County Medical Association was called on Monday, but no quorum was present. lumber owned last year by that concern and no official business was done. Those at Garth. The tax amounts to about present were Drs. Kee, McCallum, and \$500. How the matter will be settled is Mitchell, Dr. G. E. French of Wells, and Dr. A. L. Laing of Rapid River.

> David Kratze has embarked in business in Milwaukee. He is manager of the National Tanning & Fur Company, and has just returned from a week's trip to New York. The business is of large proportions and will occupy all of his attention.

Rouman moved his candy kitchen into the Wright store Monday evening and has a fine place. He will shortly serve ice cream as well as other things.

P. J. Baker would make an excellent Saturday from Topeka, Kan., to visit alderman and efforts are making to include colic in homes when given in time; every induce him to represent the second ward during the ensuing year.

Carl Lehrkindt of Milwaukee, Wis., who travels for a cutlery firm, visited his uncle Richard Mertz on Wednesday. Mrs. R. Mertz has been sick since

keeper, have a home of his own in Glad- bronchials, but is better at last reports. Miss Eunice Derry has been ill for the C. A. Clark went south Thursday past week or two and her room at school Powell's Headache Powders are the

best, 15 cents a package, two packages for 25 cents guaranteed. W. L. Marble, jr., will spend the

Axe Company's exhibit. There are lots of first class attractions

dated for the Gladstone theater during the coming months. Mr. John Buck of Enderlin N. D.

visited two days last week with his sis-Mrs. George Ward. Fred Raymond will present the

'Missouri Girl' at the Gladstone theater March 28. Miss Jessie McCauley of Escanaba is

spending the week with Mrs. H. C. Mrs. Carl H. Schmidt of Houghton is

in charge of the fire department, has visiting her daughter, Mrs. Arthur sent in his resignation to the commis- Fisher. Don't miss Gorton's Minstrel next Monday at the Gladstone theatre.

> Mrs. W. P. Derry entertained the Coterie Tuesday afternoon. I. E. Shelley is ill and has been unable to be at work his week.

Jewett St. Bernard has had a siege of rhenmatism.

Regarding the street railway project,

MONDAY, MARCH 14

GORTON'S

THE MOST COMPLETE MINSTREL SHOW ON THE ROAD.

> MUSIC COMEDY

FINED HUMOR.

AN EVENING OF MIRTH AND MARVELS

DON'T MISS THIS, THE BIG SHOW.

SEATS AT BELLAIRE'S

Right now is the time to make a long fingers impartially from the governor of Michigan and the nameless tramp who blew in here the day before. The old fashioned crackers might burn, but the dynamite-loaded giant mangles its victim. Every Fourth this is remembered, but no one wants to injure the merchant who has laid in his stock. Some may have goods left over from last year, but it is certainly not too late Americans ought to be able to look ahead a year and a half. Another instrument of destruction is the blank cartridge. The principal charge alleged against this is that it causes blood poisoning and lockjaw. As a suggestion to those who think it may be too useful to lose, why not put a few grains of antiseptic substance in with the powder? It would be easier, perhaps, to enforce this. One consideration, however, remains. Judging by the success of most ordinances, it might be more effective to enact that everyone should use cannon crackers. Possibly, then, no one would use them.

Henry Rosenblum returned from Chicago last Monday; to judge by the way the packing cases have been coming in the store in the Oddfellows' block, he must have been very busy among the merchants of the metropolis.

Rumor has it that Otto L. Peterson will be the next supervisor from the first ward. If he will accept the office the ward will be well served and there is no use looking further.

M. J. Shirley, the well known Soo contractor, visited his relatives here Thursday and left for Marquette where he is figuring on the orphans' home

Ingalls 10 minute colic cure, never fails to cure the most severe cases of bottle guaranteed at Powell's Drug The ladies of the Presbyterian church

will give a fifteen cent social at Oddfellows' Hall on Friday evening, March 18. All are coadially invited. A special musical service will be given

in the M. E. church next Sunday evening. The choir will be assisted by Dr. and Mrs. Wilkinson. S. Goldstein left Thursday evening for Chicago where he will remain for a

mer stock Rev. D. H. Yokom left for Detroit Monday to spend a few days with Mrs. Yokom whose health does not improve

week or two buying his spring and sum-

Why be bothered with corns when you can cure them for 15 cents. Powell's corn cure will cure either hard or soft

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Smith spent Tuesday evening in the city and visited David Harum at the Gladstone theater.

F. H. Lantz, formerly of Gladstone, now of Calumet, was presented with another son February 29. Mrs. A. O. Mason on Tuesday return-

ed to her home in Escanaba, after spending some months here. Geo. G. Hicks and his family arrived

Friday from Bay Mills to visit with their relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cox visited in

Minneapolis this week. Sweet Cream, fresh every day, at the Candy Kitchen

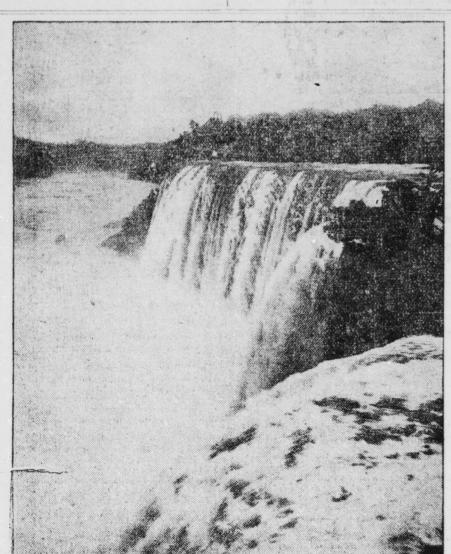
Del. Nix is in Green Bay visiting his

HARNESSING NIAGARA FALLS.

How the Tons of Falling Water Are Being Converted Into Energy Available for Driving the Machinery of a Great City.

000,000 cubic feet of water a distance sights can. On the other hand, the

******************* VIVILIZATION is constantly de- | Ningara's power is already over conmanding new forms of energy tracted for by industrial enterprises. with which to work the number- and more and more water is being less complex machines which sat- drawn from the Niagara River in order isfy the wants of civilized mankind. to drive turbine wheels, which in their At present nearly the whole of the turn drive electric generators. The maworld's energy is obtained from coal chinery is operated by Niagara water which is used in heat engines. Atten- flowing through tunnels and not by the tion, however, is being turned more immediate fall of the water at the and more to other ways of obtaining famous falls. No machinery is visible energy and one of the chief of these is there. The flow over the falls has not falling water. Thousands of dollars yet lessened to a degree which is perhave been spent at Niagara in costly ceptible to the eye. Any decided lesplant to render available for man the sening of volume of water flowing over immense source of power which has in the falls would be a great loss, for the the past only been employed to a slight sight impresses the power of natural extent. At Niagara nature drops 15,- forces upon the spectator as few other



GREAT POWER WAVES FLOWING INTO NIAGARA GORGE.

has seen could be built round Niagara

ants. It could be a clean, white city

Methods of Using the Water.

of these is below the American fall

has been there since the memory of

man and was formerly operated by the

water power and belt lines. Here the

visible penstocks or water tubes have a

fall of 215 feet, and together with the

turbines and dynamos are located in

the gorge at the edge of the river in-

stead of in wheelpits as above the

falls. This district, together with huge

advertising signs, form an evesore to

sightseers by disfiguration of the land-

scape. The power at present employed

is 35,000 horse power, although it may

be indefinitely increased if the authori-

ties will permit. It is merely a ques-

tion of dropping more penstocks over

the side of the canyon and increasing

the size of the canal or flume which

The other two groups comprise the

Niagara Falls Power Company and the

Canadian Niagara Power Company,

operating above the Horseshoe Fall on

opposite sides of the river. On the

Canadian side the power house is iden-

tical in size and appearance with No.

2 on the American side. The Canadian

house on the edge of the Horseshoe

Fall has eleven turbines in the wheel

pit operating as many electrical gen-

erators of 10,000 horse power each, or

turbines in the wheel pit of 5,000 horse

taps the river above the falls.

The power at Niagara Falls is di-

without factory chimneys or fogs.

of 170 feet every minute, the upper riv- utilization of the water gives a beauer leading the water to the falls and tifully clean, smokeless source of powthe lower river conveying it away. enormous increase of electric



THOUSANDS OF HORSE POWER HERE.

horse power from turbine wheels in the United States has naturally influenced a corresponding development in Canada. It is directly due to such development in the States that Canada will soon possess electric generators of 10,000 horse power, or twice as large as the biggest dynamos in the world. The past decade will be notable for the remarkable changes in methods of current generation and the concentration of industries around, motor power permitting the transmission of electric power over distances formerly deemed impossible.

Those who visited the Buffalo exposition in 1900 and saw the brilliant electrical displays would be surprised at the changes wrought in that vicinity since that time, owing to the power generated at Niagara Falls. Buffalo has seemingly extended in a night twenty-six miles northward to Suspension Bridge and is continuing miles further, to be ultimately stopped only by Lake Ontario. Herein is the raison d'etre of the beginning of a great power plant on the Canadian side at Niagara Falls or Clifton, namely, the growth of industries, buildings and populations along the American shore of Niagara River. The development of power each, or 55,000 horse power in of Niagara River. The development of power each, or 55,000 horse power in drakes. Drakes described the new house on the American side. hatch, but just loaf, go swimming and Gaynor, a former chorus girl, won \$10,-mately be the largest in the world and the Canadian tunnel, together with eat. If I was a duck I'd rather be a exhibitions of "nerve" ever shown durpossibly the longest transmission.

Power Conveyed Across the River. While the Canadian charter permits the province of Ontario the pressing market for it for some time will be on this side of the river, whence it will

American side.

as against a 7,000 foot tunnel on the



CANADIAN POWER-TUNNEL OUTLET.

be largely conveyed by cable until the American power houses catch up with he demand, if ever. Power, plant, and construction in dangerous localities is a slow proposition. The electric generators or great dynamos are located at the surface at the top end of shafts. 150 feet long, set vertically in turbine wheels, which revolve them. As the water rushes out of the wheels it is nade to turn upward and uphold the I mo entire weight of turbine, shaft, and dynamo, of 180,000 pounds, which would otherwise test the strength (4 any bearings ever devised. The water passes from the turbine wheels falls. The current of 2,200 volts passes from the electrical generators to the huge transformers in a special station. where it is raised to 33,000 volts, of. which 22,200 volts operate the industries of 350 square miles area of Buffalo and Lockport, including as many miles of surface car lines and street lighting. The remaining 11,000 voltage is required in the immediate vicinity no serious damage to the port. The forties did not return the enemy's fire.

Today at midday the enemy again entered Ussuri bay and approached the point from which they bombarded the harbor on March 6. They left again, making for the of the power stations.

Cost of Water-Made Power. In transmitting the power twentysix miles to Buffalo the current is carried in aerial cable circuits and destations for distribution. Another company aims at taking its power seventy miles to Toronto. The cost of elec- Possiet bay. trical power of \$20 per horse power er. A city greater than any the world power for every ten hours of 300 days it and never an atom of smoke need hide the light of the sun from its inhabitvicinity. Indeed, there has been a nat- port. ural migration to Niagara Falls and vicinity of industrial plants from all over America which have been cursed vided into three groups. The smallest with fuel famines, fuel strikes, highpriced fuel and other adverse condiand suspension bridge, furnishing power for the flour-milling district, which tions.

JADE USED AS MEDICINE.

Physicians of China Employ Odd Compound to Cure the Ailing. Everything in China of any rarity whatever is quite certain to be dragged into the pharmacopoeia of the Chinese physician. Jade is no exception to the rule. It may be swallowed as a powder or in little pieces the size Japanese Did Not Attack Vladivostok on of hemp seed for various stomachie complaints. Even pockmarks and scars may be obliterated by being truth in the reports that the Japanese fleet bombarded Vladivostok all day long daily rubbed with a piece of pure jade. It is also considered to be of a very moist nature, and we read of an im- and sailed away without firing a gun. perial favorite of the eighth century who was cured of excessive thirst by holding a fish-shaped jade in her mouth. And so, when the tomb of the great commander, Ts'ao Ts'ao, third century A. D., was opened, 200 years after his death, among the usual objects found in such circumstances was a large silver bowl full of water. That the water had not dried up was accounted for by the presence in the bowl of a jade boy three feet in height.

Jade is chiefly brought from the K'un-lun or Koulkun range, between the desert of Gobi and Thibet; from 110,000 Lorse power, as against eleven Khoten or Ilchi, in Yarkland, and from Lan-t'ien, on the Belurtagh mountains, still further to the west. This Lan-t'ien has been confused by Chinese writers with another Lan-'ieu in the province of Shen-Se, near the city of Hsian, whither the Chinese court fled the city in August, 1900, century, A. D., the latter was actually known as the Jade Hills district, jade has even been found there .-Nineteenth Century.

School Essay on Ducks. A schoolboy in Jewel City, Kan., was assigned to prepare an essay on the subject of "Ducks," and this is what he wrote: "The duck is a low, Caleb B. Wick, Ironmaster, Drops Forheavy-set girl, composed mostly of meat and feathers. He is a mighty poor singer, having a hoarse voice keep him from sinking. The duck has only two legs and they are set so far with have curls on their tails and are called at drakes. Drakes don't have to set or

VLADIVOSTOK BLOCKADED

the transmission of power throughout Japanese Fleet Seeking to Give Battle to Russian Squadron.

CZAR'S BOATS IN TRAP.

Mikado's Navy Gets Between Them and Vladivostok-No Second Bombardment Took Place.

Vladivostok, March 8 .- Despite the ap-

pearance of the Japanese fleet off the harbor yesterday and the bombardment of Sunday, the inhabitants of Vladivostok are in good spirits. Crowds promenade the streets as usual, including many women. A performance at the theater is announced for tonight. Many suspected Japanese have been

arrested, but when examined they were proved to be Chinamen or Koreans. Commanders of merchant vessels and pilots who have a thorough knowledge of the coast and of navigation have been enrolled as ensigns in the navy Snow has been falling for the last two

Vladivostok, via St. Petersburg, March 7.—The Japanese fleet apparently has established a blockade of Vladivostok harbor and is industriously seeking to give battle to the Russian squadron.

It is believed here that the Japanese fieet has seized Askold island and other islets opposite Vladivostok.

Another bombardment from the enemy's fleet is expected.

No information in the contraction of the prices.

No information in regard to the where-abouts of the Russian squadron can be telégraphed.

Alexieff's Second Report. St. Petersburg, March 8.—Viceroy Alexieff has telegraphed the Czar from Mukden under yesterday's date as foi-

Supplementing my telegram of March 6, I most humbly report that at 1:25 p. m. five out of seven of the enemy's ships opened fire on Forts Suvaroff and Linevitch, on the dre on Forts Suvaroff and Linevitch, on the town, on the roadstead, and along the val-ley of the river Obyassnemiye. The firing lasted until 2:15 p. m., at which hour the Japanese squadron began to steam to the southward, disappearing out

passes from the turbine wheels of sight at 5:30 p. m. There were no losses through the tunnel at the rate of twenty miles per hour, emptying below the woman was wounded and one woman was killed.

Enemy Makes Second Call. According to information just received the enemy's squadron again appeared in sight of the fortress at 8 o'clock this morning.

A later message from the viceroy says: The commandant at Vladivostok reports that yesterday's bombardment resulted in no serious damage to the port. The fortress did not return the enemy's time.

Russian Fleet in a Trap. London, March 8.-Up to a late hour last evening the Japanese legation here had received no official information regarding the bombardment of Vladivostok. It is believed at the legation, however, livered to low pressure transformer that the Japanese are now between the Russian cruiser squadron and Vladivostok, and there is reason to believe that the Russian squadron is in the vicinity of

Russian official dispatches do not menfor every twenty-four hours of the year as against \$36 per steam horse pointed out at the legation that if this (a year less Sundays and holldays) has is true the Russian vessels are in a critinaturally "knocked out" steam, oil and natural and artificial gas plants in the Port Arthur before reaching a Russian

Japs Watch Port Arthur.

Chefoo, March 7, 5:30 p. m., eastern time.—It is learned that yesterday noon six Japanese torpedo boats were sighted off the entrance to Port Arthur. The forts were signaled to prepare for at tack, but after waiting till dusk the Japanese warships retired and Askold on Saturday cruised out

The battleships Pobieda, Novik, Bayan a short distance in the vicinity of Port Arthur, but no sight of the enemy could be obtained. All poor noncombatants among the Russians are being sent to Irkutsk at the expense of the govern

NO SECOND BOMBARDMENT.

March 7.

St. Petersburg, March 8.-There is no yesterday. According to the latest in-formation the fleet simply showed itself

One reason for the appearance of the Japanese in northern waters advanced here is their probable desire to regain po session of the island of Sakhalien, which was ceded to Russia by Japan. pointed out that the whole of northern Japan will be threatened with famine if the food supply derived from the island of Sakhalian fisheries is cut off. Ninetenths of the exports go to Japan, in addition to which Japanese boats have been earrying on piratical fishing along the coast, which has exhausted the fish supply of the Amur estuary. The native tribes there are suffering from hunger and typhus. The Russian government will prepare a gunboat flotilla on the Amur to provide for the protection of the fisheries as soon as the river is free from

BANKER KILLS HIMSELF.

Partner in Berlin Institution Recently Bankrupt-Throws Himself from Window-Cashier Detained.

Berlin, March S .- Hugo Brendel, a upon the relief of Pekin. In the tenth partner in the banking firm of Brendel & Co., whose failure, attributed to the embezzlement and speculation of the thought it does not appear that any mitted suicide today by throwing himself from a window of the bank. believed to have induced him to kill him-

Johannes Reinhard, the cashier rendered to the police yesterday and is detained in custody.

LOSES \$62,000 AT HAZARD.

tune at Palm Beach.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 8 .- Word was received here of the wonderful nerve dis caused by getting too many frogs in his neck. He likes the water and carries a toy balloon in his stomach to ing the slightest trace of emotion. The colonel started with roulette and finished with hazard. Col. Wick is about 65 back on his running gears by nature years old and displayed remarkable calmthat she came purty near missing his body. Some ducks when they get big John W. Gates held the record for losses t the club, when last year he lost \$20,-

000 in one night. Hot Springs, Ark., March S .- Ethel ing an evening of high play.

COUNTRY FLOODED.

Rivers in Pennsylvania Are on Rampage and People Are Driven from

Harrisburg, Pa., March 8 .- Harrisburg today faces the worst flood in its history. Weather Observer Demain predicts that the stage of water in the Susquehanna will exceed that of last Friday. The situation all along the river is critical and residents of lowlands are moving to higher ground. The river is gradually rising and will probably continue to rise for twenty-four hours.

Growing More Alarming.

River conditions above this city are hourly becoming more alarming. In the west branch of the Susquehanna the ice is running thick on a nine-foot flood. Re-ports from Wilkesbarre say the river at that point has risen nearly eleven feet in the last twenty-four hours.

At Williamsport the river is rising one

inch an hour and at Lock Haven, it went up five feet in 24 hours. There has been a rise of nearly five feet in the river at Selins Grove with very little ice running. The gorge at Tunkhannonhock started to move last night and the river rose six feet in twenty minutes. At Towarda the river has reached a stage of 12.5 feet above low water mark and is slowly

Immense Ice Gorge.

Conditions are slightly improved below Harrisburg except at High Spire and Middletown, at which points the water is higher than at any time. There is a channel of 600 feet in the middle of the river at Wrightsville, near Columbia, with the ice on each side intact. There is an immense gorge on the breast of the old Columbia dam and the river is gradually rising.

People Driven from Homes.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 8.—At 9 o'clock this morning the water in the north branch of the Susquehanna river was 28 feet 4 inches above low water mark and still rising. All of the low-lands are under water and the towns on the west bank of the river are cut off. The Pennsylvania and Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroads are completely cut off from communication with the city. Some of the anthracite mines in the vicinity are flooded.

At Burwood and Westmoor, the resients were compelled to leave their comes in boats. The railroad track at Catawissa, below here, has been washed away. Nescopeck creek, a tributary of the Susquehanna, is very high and three county bridges were washed against the large bridge on the Hazleton division of the Pennsylvania railroad, moving it sev-

The business sections of Plymouth and Edwardsville are under water and almost all of West Nanticoke is submerged.

BALFOUR ANSWERS IMPORTANT QUESTIONS.

Food Tax Not Included in Policy-Use of Neutral Ports by Belligerents.

London, March 8 .- Two most interesting questions were answered by Premier Balfour in today's parliamentary papers

giving replies to questions. The first referred to fiscal matters, and Mr. Balfour categorically said:

"The declared policy of his majesty's government does not include the taxation of food, and it is not proposed to deal with the fiscal question during the cur-

rency of the present Parliament."

The second raised the wide question of the use of neutral ports by belligerents.

John L. Walton (Liberal), who asked the question, referred to the use which Russian warships recently made and are still making of the ports of Candia. Suez and Port Said, and suggested the desirability of communicating to the neutral powers possessing seaboard or trade routes beween Great Britain and the east, partic ularly the Mediterranean and the Red seas, the views of the British government as to the duties of neutrals in re-gard to the treatment of the warships of belligerents seeking to use neutral in connection with operations interrupting

trading ships of neutral powers. Mr. Balfour, while not explaining the government's attitude, admitted that the points raised were of the greatest international importance, and said they were receiving the attention of the government.

THE FEAST OF DEATH.

Bankrupt Gives Dinner in Honor of Daughter and Poisons the Entire Family.

Berlin, March S .- Lieut. Carl Bescke Tammany Hall Beaten in Attempt to (retired), after a long and steady decay of fortune, yesterday took his last money and gave a splendid dinner in honor of 19-year-old daughter's birthday. Beseke then poisoned his wife, daughter, two sons, respectively 12 and 16 years old, cadets at a military academy, and himself, with cyanide of potassium, which he inserted in the mouth of each in the form of a pill after they had gone into Charles F. Murphy's first defeat.

a drunken sleep. After a brilliant career and a marriage with a heiress, Beseke had reached the end of his fortune. He won the iron cross for bravery. His marriage to the daughter of a rich hotel keeper forced him to leave the army, as he married out of his caste. He started a newspaper but it was not successful. He lived beyond s means for thirty years.

Last night the Beseke family had a box at the circus. At 10 o'clock dinner was ordered in from a caterer. vas especially gay and tender and pressed his wife and his three children to drink lots of champagne. He died holding his wife's hand tightly.

STRIKE CASES ARE NOLLED.

Actions Against Union Miners at Cripple Creek Are Dropped.

Cripple Creek, Colo., March S .- All cases against the union miners charged with different train derailings, the Vindicator mine disaster and other offenses have been nolled on the request of Dis trict Attorney Trowbridge before Judge Lewis. The case against Charles H. McKinney, who confessed to complicity n an attempted train wrecking, has not been dismissed, and will come up on March 18. He testified that he was with Special Agent Beckman and attempted to derail a Florence & Cripple Creek passenger train which was loaded with mion and nonunion men.

FIND NO PANAMA OBSTACLES.

Representatives of French Shareholders Will Prepare Bill of Transfer.

Paris, March 8 .- According to the officials of the Panama Canal company, no obstacle has arisen to the transfer of the concession to the United States. Messrs, Russell and Cromwell will arrange a final bill of transfer, which will be submitted to a meeting of shareholders for approval. Although it is expected that a small minority may protest it is reiterated that the pending legislation has created no difficulties in the way of a con clusion of the transfer. It was learned at the United States embassy that former President Waldeck-Rousseau has rendered an opinion showing that there are no legal obstacles to the transfer or flaw

INCENDIARY SETS FIRE TO THEATERS

CONFLAGRATION AT ELMIRA, N. Y., CAUSES TWO HUNDRED THOU-SAND DOLLARS LOSS.

Both the Lyceum and Auditorium Are Gutted by Flames-Fire Rages

for Hours.

Elmira, N. Y., March 7.-The fire which was discovered in a cigar factory under the Lyceum theater shortly after 11 o'clock last night did damage to the amount of \$200,000 before the flames were extinguished.

At half-past 12 the Lyceum theater had been entirely gutted and the blaze had spread to the adjoining buildings. Flying sparks spread the flames to the Realty building, in which is located the Auditorium theater, and this, too, proved a total loss.

The fire is said to have been started by an explosion of natural gas in the Ly-ceum theater building, but according to another report a burning rag was found

another report a burning rag was found on the Auditorium stage and this has given rise to the suspicion that both theaters were set on fire by an incendiary.

In response to a request from the local fire department aid was sent from the Elmira state reformatory, Elmira Heights and Horascheads, and at 4:30 this morning the fire was under control. D. C. Robinson, owner of the Lyceum theater, is the heaviest loser and estimates place the damage to his property at \$70,000. The property was insured for \$45,000.

Among the other losers are John M. Connelly, wholesale liquor dealer; Highes & Sullivan, undertakers; Isador Bernstein, cigar manufacturer; J. J. O'Connor, wholesale liquor dealer, and Zera Compton, awnings and tents. Connelly's loss is placed at \$25,000 and that of Highes & Sullivan at \$5000.

INVENTOR'S WIFE DIES.

Mrs. E. J. Pennington Passes Away at Cleveland-Formerly Society Belle of Cream City.

Cleveland, O., March 7.-Mrs. E. J. Pennington, wife of the general manager of the Cleveland Motor company, died Friday of consumption. Her remains were taken to Lakeview cemetery, where they will remain for a month, when they will be removed to Milwaukee for

Mrs. Pennington was formerly Miss Alice Butterfield, a society woman of Mil-waukee, and was well known in New York, Chicago, Paris and London. Her husband was an inventor, and just before his 1 \$500,000. his marriage sold his patents for

Before this sale he was a poor man, and visited New York, Chicago and other cities in an effort to dispose of his patents. Failing, he went to London as a last desperate resort, and there sold them. Shortly after he wedded Miss Butterfield. Mrs. Pennington was a handsome woman and attracted much attention from the beauty and value of the jewels she

Mr. Pennington is said to have been the first to conceive the idea of the diri-gible balloon. The Prince of Wales was a friend of Mr. Pennington, and is said to have taken his first automobile ride with him in the '90s.

FIRST TRAIN ARRIVES.

Although Flood Is Receding, Industries at South Harrisburg Cannot Resume -Heavy Rain at Wilkesbarre.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 7.—The first train into Middletown since last Thurs-day arrived today. The Central Iron and Steel works at South Harrisburg are still closed down. The Pennsylvania Steel plant is also closed. The river at this

point is now falling.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 7.—A heavy rainstorm and high wind caused the Susquehanna river to rise again today at the rate of two inches an hour. The ice near this city broke, but gorged again.

Fremont, Neb., March 7.—The overflow of the Platte river bottoms has slightly receded. Sixteen hundred sheep were discovered alive on an ice gorge, but cannot be rescued.

JUDGE PARKER CONTROLS.

Run New York Democratic Committee.

New York, March 7.—Judge Alton B. Parker's boom for the Democratic presidential nomination, under the manage-ment of David B. Hill, rolled over Tanmany hall in the meeting of the Demo-cratic state committee at Albany. It is state convention was called to meet in Albany April 18. Much more significance results from the meeting than appears, it being demonstrated that Hill in possession of the party machinery and controls the committee that will up the temporary roll of delegates. It launched the Parker boom successfully, and made him the choice of the state committee so far as that represents the party in the state.

RURAL ROUTES ORDERED. Additional Service in Fond du Lac County on May 2.

Washington, D. C., March 7.—[Special.]—The following rural routes will be established in Fond du Lac county May 2: Brandon, additional service, with two 2: Brandon, additional service, with two carriers, area covered 34 square miles, population 968. Calvary, with three car-riers, area covered 53 square miles, popu-lation 1436. Fond du Lac, additional lation 1436. Fond du Lac, additional service, with four carriers, area covered 65 square miles, population 2007. Malone, with one carrier, area covered 15 square miles, population 455. Peebles, with one carrier, area covered 14 square miles, population 459. Byron, additional service, with three carriers, area covered 42 square miles, population 1386.

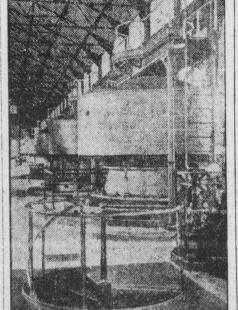
NEW JERSEY TOWN'S BAD FIRE. Hydrants Frozen at Perth Amboy-Loss Was \$200,000.

Perth Amboy, N. J., March 7 .- A fire which began here Saturday afternoon was not extinguished until Sunday morning. The total damage is estimated at \$200,000. Reynolds & Hampton, dry goods; Flododien & Brothers, shoes, and Hillsdorf & Brothers, groceries, were the heavy losers. All of the hydrants in the city were frozen. Help was asked from

OLD BANKING HOUSE FAILS.

Brendel & Co., Established in Berlin in 1778, Goes to Wall.

Berlin, March 7 .- The failure of Brendel & Co., banking house of minor importance, was announced today. The firm was established in 1778. The difficulties of the concern are attributed to the embezzlement and speculation of a clerk who has absconded.



NEW CANADIAN POWER-HOUSE.

the wheel pit, is about 2,210 feet long drake every time."

AND I SHALL NEVER KNOW.

Sometime, somewhere, I shall be sleeping That sleep of strange serenity, With grasses growing over me, While stars their world-watch will be keeping. Or day will show fair pagentry— And I shall never see.

l'erchance a bird will pause in flying. And in a song, soft-cadenced, clear, Will voice its ecstasy anear; Sweet breezes o'er me will be sighing A luilaby to charm the ear— And I shall never hear.

And then, ah me' dear ones that love me,
Sometime, as years shall come and go,
From haunts of life's unceasing flow,
Will sadly come and bend above me,
To speak love's language sweet and lowAnd I shall never know.

My in Beston Transcript -M. M. in Boston Transcript.

TO SLEEP CORRECTLY.

Mind and Body Should Be at Ease-Goddess Must Be Wooed in Proper Way.

There is a good deal more in the art of sleeping correctly than one might sup-

A comfortable night's rest depends upon a soft bed for one thing. The bed should be soft enough to yield to every muscle of the body. If there is an aching spot, the bed should not be hard enough to hurt it.

A feather bed was not without its advantages. Indeed, in these days, feather beds would do a great deal toward banishing insomnia.

There are many people whose nerves

are so delicate that the body cannot rest comfortably at night in the ordinary bed. Each nerve seems strained, and the slightest movement wakens the sleeper. Once awake it is not easy to go to sleep

Feather beds for invalids are good things; also for brain workers, and for all who get very tired every day.

The trouble with the feather bed, the great objection to it, is that it is difficult to renovate it. The second objection is its heating qualities. In a house that is kept too hot in winter the body would be heated beyond endurance by a feather

But if the restless sleeper will get a thin bed of feathers or of down and will keep it well shaken up and will sleep in a moderately coel room, then the first step toward the banishing of insemnia will be taken.

The second step comes in the finding of

the correct pillows.

There is no one general rule to be laid

down on the pillow question. Brain workers and all full-blooded people should sleep with the head high.

no greater thing than sleeping with the

Those who have been sleeping with the head flat should try the plan of lifting it gradually. At first the neck will be uncomfortable, but soon it will be a habit to sleep with the head raised. If you are a light sleeper, and most people at some time or other have tron-

ble getting to sleep, you may try the pillow cure. This calls for soft pillows, or two sizes. One is to rest under the head and the other is to make the neck comfortable.

The rule is to make your neck com-

After your head is comfortable, begin and prop up your neck.

"Place a small pillow under it, twist and turn the corners of your pillow, and keep on until your head is perfectly supported. Then fall askeep and you will sleep until morning. A great many women and men, too

sleep better sitting up in a chair than in a bed. "The reason," said a physician, "is that the neck is supported better when they are sleeping in that way."
But before she goes to sleep the woman who wants to be pretty will compose her features. She will try to think of

pleasant things. The woman who goes to sleep worrying will wake up during the night. Pleasant thoughts will make a sound sleeper. Here is another rule for the woman who wants to sleep soundly and wake up

pretty: Don't go to bed until you are sleepy. The rule of going to bed at 10 o'clock, whether you are sleepy or not, makes many an insomnia patient out of an otherwise healthy person.

A woman afflicted with insomnia went

to a physician for a cure. "I go to bed every night at 10 o'clock," said she, "and I waken at 3. From that time until 6 I lie awake. Then I sleep an hour very From that time until 6 I heavily."
"Try going to bed at 12 o'clock for a

said the physician. A week later the woman came to his

office with beaming face and bright eyes.
"I have tried your remedy," said she,
"and it worked. I go to sleep at 12 and sleep like a top until 7. I find that I did not need more than seven hours' sleep." 'That," said the physician, "has cured half the insomnia patients in this country. There are people who need more hours' sleep a night, and others that do not need over seven. It is all a matter of personal idiosyncrasy.'

Prepare yourself slowly and comforta-bly for bed. Do not go to bed until you are sleepy. And then make yourself perfectly easy. These are the rules for geta good night's rest.

The woman who counts sheep jumping over a wall in the hope of getting sleep will find relief in this way. The man who says the alphabet, the nervous woman who cannot keep her mind off the house, and the head of the family whose affairs disturb him to the point of distraction—all of these will find that sleep is not so far away if only they know how to woo it hither .- New York Sun.

His Father Wouldn't Like It.

"Meser," said the little boy to the farmer leaning over the fence, "the mule has run away and spilt my load o'hay.

has run away and spilt my load o'hay.
Won't you come and help me put it on
the wagon again?"

"I will," said the farmer, "if you will
come over here fuss an' he'p me git my
cows out o' the pastur'."

"Oh," said the little boy, "I'm afraid
father wouldn't like that?"

"Why wouldn't he?" growled the
farmer.

Because," said the little boy, "he alwavs taught me to look out for him first."
"Where is your father?" asked the

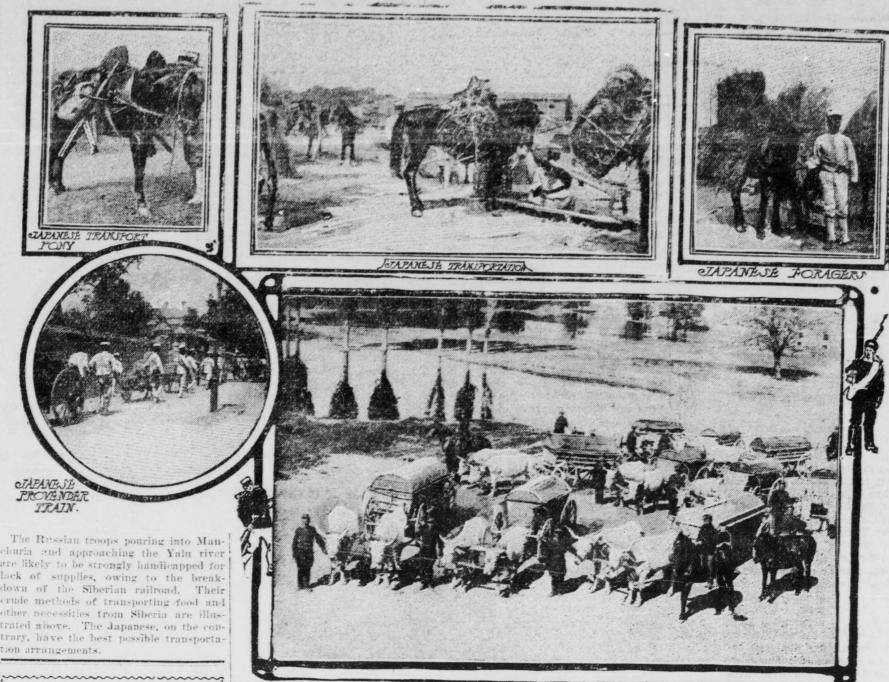
"Please, sir," said the little boy, "he's under the hay."—Silas Xavier Floyd in

The Origin of a Family Name.

C. P. Reddrop of Chicago knows where his family got its name. Just under his left eye is a red mark, looking much like a strawberry.

Every member of my family, as far back as can be traced, had such a mark somewhere on the left side of his or her body," said Mr. Reddrop. "We are convinced that the family name came from the fact that our ancestors had a red drop mark on their bodies."—Louisville Heraid.

RUSHING SUPPLIES TO THE FRONT.



New York Every Day.

It is positively injurious to sleep with the blood rushing into the brain. Rush of blood to the head will cause headache, and many persons are made ill by Wastili Safonoff, conductor of the Imported for the New York Philharmonic concents this season.

Gen. Edward L. Molineux, in an address at the installation of the new members of the Brooklyn Masonic veterans at Aurora Grata hall, declared he had been offered a bribe of \$200,000 in gold by a prominent merchant of Augusta, Ga., while he was in command of that place, to give him one bour's time in which to operate for his own benefit before announcing the receipt of a telegram from Gen. Grant, which read: The rule is to make your neck comfortable when you go to sleep. "Make your head as easy as you can. Then make your neck comfortable." was the advice given by a London physician to an insoninia patient.

"If you go to sleep with the neck unsupported you will not clear lear"."

"If you go to sleep with the neck unsupported you will not clear lear"."

"So we every facility and encouragement to getting to market cotton goods and southern productions. Let there be no seizure of private property or searching after confederate cotton. The fluances of the country demand all articles of export should be got into the market as rapidly as "If you go to sleep with the neck unsupported you will not sleep long," said a physician to a New York banker. U.S. GRANT, Lieutenant-General. May 27, 1865.

"Human nature is weak. O how weak," said Gen. Molineux. "None of us know until the moment of trial comes-and it would be idle to deny that for a minute I hesitated. The next moment I had ordered the merchant under arrest

recently a member of the Bostonians has been married to Col. Joseph B. Hughes, a retired capitalist. The ding, which took place in the Holland house, came as a surprise to the friends of the bride and bridegroom, as no previous announcement had been made. Col. Hughes is said to have made a division of his estate, settling one-half, amounting to \$500,000, on his son and the other half upon his bride.

Although set forth in the constitution of the Daughters of Faith that "the and sweetness of their patron saint, Francis de Sales, should soften he rigidity of the moral requirements of the league," such dissonance has pre-vailed that the warring factions have and to appeal to higher powers in the is in jeopardy. Many of the most promi-nent wonren in New York are enrolled as members. The manual prescribing rules of conduct for members was the rock upon which the organization split. The members opposed to the manual as serted it was narrow minded, dogmatic and an unbearable voke. One clause provided for upholding the sanctity of narriage by refusing to associate with livorcees and discountenancing them. Two prominent women withdrew on account of this rule. Decollete gowns were forbidden to members, so was drinking in public places. Only such books could be read and such plays seen by the daughters as were approved by committees appointed to censor litera ture, drama and art.

United States Attorney Burnett has instituted proceedings in the United States district court to recover \$30,000 on the forfeited bond of Abraham S. Rosenthal of the silk firm of Rosenthal & Cohen. Rosenthal was jointly indicted with his partner, Martin L. Cohen, and Customs Examiner Charles C. Browne, who have recently been convicted, for conspiracy in connection with the importations of Japanese silks by which the United States was defrauded, it is said, out of about \$1,500,000 of the tariff duties.

With prices of foodstuffs shooting skyward, making it almost impossible peor man to make his income meet the demands upon it, another expenditure is now made necessary by the raising of rents in all styles of houses, from the smallest tenement to a Fifth avenue residence. When it was announced by the Rhinelander estate that they intended after May 1 to raise all their rents there was consternation in the ranks of the flat dwellers. The Rhinelander corporation declared that for flats there would be an increase of from \$2 to \$4 a month, for small private houses an increase of \$7 to \$20 a month, and in stores an addition of \$200 to \$300 to the annual rent roll. As the Rhinelander Real Estate company, in which the heirs of William C. Rhinelander are the sole stockholders, is one of the largest companies holding property in this city, the latest move in increasing their rents may well be looked upon with consternation, and if the other landed estates follow suit, and the Astors. Gerrys, Schermerhorns, and Goelets also increase prices, the spring of 1904 will be remembered by the poor.

Richard Mansfield began a four weeks' engagement at the New Amster-dam with "Ivan the Terrible," a tragedy in five acts by Count Tolstoi. This play has had a great success in Russia, where

it has been performed publicly and privately for the last twenty years. Its chief figure is the Czar of Russia, Ivan Wasilivitch, surnamed "The Terrible," who reigned during the last half of the Fifteenth century. The play deals with the last year of his life and shows his death. Mr. Mansfield, of course, assumes the name part. Others in the cast are Ida Conquest, Mona Harrison, Adelaide Nowak, William Sorrelle, Olive Oliver, Ernest Warde, Henry Wenman, Francis McGinn, Francis Kingdon, Leslie Kenyon, Edward Fitzgerald, W. T. Patron, Henri Laurent, Arthur Forrest and Hamilton Coleman.

Tucker, head of the Salvation Army in New York city, had been recalled to England to occupy a prominent solution of afternoon in South church land to occupy a prominent position there in the army. What the reasons of this action were could not be learned. An Miss Bell Hervey Harper, who was officer in the army said that there was no truth in the report. Commander Booth Tucker was going to London in June. but so were hundreds of other Salvationists, he said. The annual congress is to be held there at that time, the officer explained, and there would be delegates from all over the world.

An explosion of magnesium and alcohol used in taking a flashlight photograph at the clubhouse of the Strollers during the progress of an entertainment was followed by fire and a panic among the 500 members and guests, during which the club's private theater on the floor, one of the most complete of its kind in the country, was completely wrecked. A number of guests, including Heinrich ouried, director of the Metropolitan Opera bouse, were injured. Mr. Conried was knocked senseless and his scalp was laid open by the falling of decorations.

Burnell Gunther, son of the Chicago intectioner and a captain of commissary in Florida. Dearest Marie."

Richard A. Canfield, gambler, art col-Europe at this time under an assumed name, unless it be that the bill of District Attorney Jerome, which is pending in the Senate codes committee at A!bany, to broaden and widen the munity clause protecting witnesses who give testimony which might tend to in-criminate them, will be pushed either to passage or defeat this week.

Mrs. Ada Crutchfield, wife of David Crutchfield, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., now senior member of the Broad street banking firm of Crutchfield & Cc., was instantly killed by falling from a window of her home in the eighth story of the apartment building at Seventy-first street and Central Park, west. The fall is believed to have been ac-cidental. Mrs. Crutchfield was the daughter of Capt. W. J. Thompson, a banker of Little Rock, Ark.

Among the passengers who sailed on the Campania was Charles Frohman, the theatrical manager, who will be abroad about four months. He will negotiate, he said, for several new plays, as well

James W. Morrissey, business manager of the Adelina Patti company, has brought suit against Robert Grau, incorporated, and the Adelina Patti company for breach of contract for the sum of

RUSSIAN SUPPLY TRAIN

Capt. William H. Thompson, who was commodore of the White Star line a quarter of a century ago, is dead at New York from heart failure following an operation. He retired from the sea several years ago. He commanded the Britannic in 1877, when the vessel crossed the Atlantic in the phenomenal time for that period of 7 days 16½ hours. In 1872 he saved the lives of nineteen ship-wrecked persons and received a congressional medal.

Dr. Rodrick Terry, for nearly twenty-five years pastor of the South Reformed this resignation. His only reason is that edurch in New York city, has tendered his resignation. His only reason is that expressed belief that there is such a thing and they fixed the date for their wedding by letter recently.

The edict has been promulgated that patent leather shoes will henceforth occupy a place only in the vulgarian's ward-token the second of the wealth lest in New York. He is widely known for his advocacy of what he called "worshipful music." He possesses a large personal fortune, on which he has drawn does not researches in higher mathematics at Goettingen university, and they fixed the date for their wedding by letter recently.

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The edict has been promulgated that patent leather shoes will henceforth occupy a place only in the vulgarian's ward-token the second of the mathematics at Goettingen university, and they fixed the date for their wedding by letter recently.

After a public hearing at which men were present representing billions of dol-lars invested in real estate, mercantile stocks and manufacturing plants, Mayor McClellan has given orders for the mediate preparation of plans, with a de-tailed estimate of the cost, for establishing a system of salt water mains to fight fires. The water will be taken from the North and East rivers. It is proposed thus to save greatly the drain upon the fresh water supplies of Manhattan and Brooklyn. It is proposed at first to in-stall the system in the lower sections of the city, but if it comes up to expectation the mains will be extended further

Just what Miss Fay Templeton is to do in the future and with whom she is to play was definitely settled when she signed a contract with Klaw & Erlanger appear in a musical burlesque. Since liss Templeton left "The Runaways" cast and stopped playing, some two months ago, she has been resting down A few days ago she returned of the First regiment, I. N. G., has been to New York in response to a request sued by J. H. Wolf Williams, an actor from Klaw & Erlanger, and accepted the actor from Klaw & Erlanger, and accepted the of New York city, who demands \$25,000 offer which they made her to appear at from Gurther for alleged alienation of the head of the company they are now the affections of complainant's wife, an organizing for a summer season at the the affections of complainant's wife, an actress known on the stage as Marie Barringer. Attached to the papers is the correspondence between the defendant and Lida Williams, otherwise known as Miss Batringer. One of the letters fell into the hands of Williams, and he objected to the hands of Williams, and he objected to the photograph of his little son, "Jack," being used for advertising purposes. He also wrote a protesting letter to Gunther.

John J. McNally, who is writing it especially as wrote a protesting letter to Gunther.

Mme. Johanna Gadski, who for the lector and connoisseur, sailed for Europe on the Cunard line steamship Campania under an assumed name. There is no legal reason why Canfield should go to house, is not to sing with Manager Conried's forces next year. She is under contract for three years, but after the present season it is within the power of either party to cancel it before March 1. Gadski, on the day her contract was canceled, had an offer from Henry W.

Preliminary steps have been taken for the formation of a cental body to be composed of the secretaries of all the Employers' associations in New York. The purpose is to bring them into closer association in dealing with the labor unions so that the Landling of all transactions between the employers and the wage-earners may be greatly simplified. It was rumored among union men that the meeting was the first step in the direction of the amalgamation of all the 1, when his nerves gave way employers' associations in New York, but work. He had been with this was emphatically denied by leading employers. The secretaries in the new organization will represent invested capital of half a billion of dollars.

for breach of contract for the sum of \$1700, and has instituted separate action against Mr. Grau as an individual for \$25,000 for defamation.

Members of the unions affiliated with the Central Federated union have been culosis. Several months ago be went to Saranac in the hope of recovering his health, but became worse rapidly. On Sunday last his fiancee, Miss Ruth Emmons, daughter of the late banker and president of the Staten Island Rapid Transit company, was summoned from the Central Federated union have been this city. The young couple had a long to the state at \$10,000,000.

One can cross the ocean in a liner for the small sum of \$18, provided one rides in the steerage and the plan attributed to lines competing with the Cunard line goes through. The plan, it is said, is the re-establishment of the Scandia to the masculine persuasion are without on the state at \$10,000,000.

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t has been performed publicly and pri- instructed in resolutions adopted by that talk and decided to wed. A minister was called and the ceremony was performed in the sick room, where the bride remains, caring for her dying husband.

> Professor Wilhelm David Westfall of Yale, who is spending a year in Europe, has sent for Miss Fredericka Kees of Newark to come to him and be married. With her mother she is to meet him in Naples, he married and spend the honeymoon, returning to Yale next fall. When Prof. Westfall left New York for Germany last summer he met Miss Kees on shiphograf and before they reached Eng. shipboard, and before they reached England they had become engaged. Prof.

shipful music." He possesses a large process calfskin is so treated that the personal fortune, on which he has drawn enameled vamp does not present a garish effect, but, on the contrary, affords a pleasing appearance. The varnished shoe in retail stocks ranges as high as \$10 per pair, either laced or buttoned. shoes, which have been sidetracked for several seasons, are again considered in good form. Heavy advance orders on an Oxfords have been booked for spring |

> A mother of triplets a second time in less than three years is the proud lot of Mrs. Alfred Budd of Brooklyn. The latest little Budds, all fine, healthy boy babies, arrived recently. Their father, Alfred Budd, is employed in a Manhattan bank. He is not prepared to say whether he is overjoyed at the presenta tion of so many babies at one time. But he is considerate and glories in his family. The total avoidupois of the youngest triplets is seventeen pounds, distributed somewhat unevenly between The smallest weighs only four the biggest brother tips the them. pounds. eam at seven pounds, while the third weighs six. It was in May, 1901, that first set of triplets was born to Mr. and Mrs Budd. They were two girls and a boy. The boy died soon after birth. One of the girls lived a year, but Dorothy, her sister, is a healthy, vigorous child. So far as Mr. and Mrs. Budd know triplets have played no part in the families of their ancestors.

T. S. Lloyd, superintendent of motive power and equipment on the Lackawanna vailway system, has tendered his resignation, having accepted an appointment To the papers is attached a letter alleged to have been written by Gunther to "My Dearest Marie."

John J. McNahy, who is writing it espectations to the papers is attached a letter alleged to fix Miss Templeton. He has not na Mr. Lloyd was with the Chesapeake to daily to fix Miss Templeton. He has not na Mr. Lloyd was with the Chesapeake to daily to fix mapped it out, much less thought of a name for it.

Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago. In accordance with the civil service rules on the Lackawanna, R. F. Kilpatrick, master mechanic at Scranton, will be promoted to succeed Mr. Lloyd, and Harvey Shoemaker, general foreman at the same place, will take the place vacated by Mr. Kilpatrick.

> At the main door of one of the largest On the day before he went to Chicago Mr. Conreid notified Mme. Gadski he did not care to renew the contract. Mme. Gadski, on the day her contract was customers who call to transact business. The rack is a forcible hint not to carry Savage to sing Kundry in an English production of "Parsifal."
>
> Preliminary steps have been taken for savage to sing Kundry in an English cup is distinguished by a number that its owner may get his own when he is about to leave. Over the rack is a sign about to leave. Over the which reads as follows: "Cigarette smokers will please either into the stove and open the back draught or crawl out of the window and roost on the sill."

> > William A. Wright, secretary of the Phenix of Brooklyn, committed suicide by hanging. He had been in ill health and away from the office since February He had been with the Phenix

Harry Payne Whitney, executor of the will of William C. Whitney, has filed She needs women friends, and it is genwith the surrogate of Nassau county a erally her own fault if she has none. Hobart Moore, son of William H. provisional estimate of the value of Moore, a well-known capitalist residing father's estate liable to taxation in this the formerly in Chicago, is reported to be dying at Saranac Lake, N. Y., from tuber-culosis. Several months ago he went to

line. The Scandinavian service was abolished by the Hamburg-American line in the agreement of 1895, in recognition of the agreement of the Cunard line to keep out of the Mediterranean field. The Cunard line Scandinavian steerage service was the most lucrative field of its business. The continental lines allowed the Cunard the exclusive traffic there. A decision to retaliate, however, was formed when the Cunard line withdrew from all agreements with other lines. The lowest Cunard rate to ports for which the Scandia line quotes \$18 is \$34.25. Besides this competition the four combined lines have decided to establish the second of the second of the competition of the four combined lines have decided to establish the second of th tablish a fleet of steamers to ply between Liverpool and Italian ports with cut pas-senger rates, which will fight the Cunard service on the Mediterranean sea.

The new rates for steerage passage between New York and Mediterranean ports, under the agreement recently reached by steamship lines to end the rate war, show a decided increase. The new rates are as follows: North German Lloyd, \$34; Hamburg-American, \$32; Anchor, \$31; Fabre, \$32; Prinee, \$28; La Veloce, \$32; La Navigazione, \$33, and White Star, \$32. During the rate war the prices ranged from \$20 to \$27.50.

Mrs. Helen Melville, widow of Wash-Mrs. Helen Melville, widow of Washington Melville, actor, and herself an actress of talent, whose long stage career has been connected with many of the successes of the old stock companies and with the productions of the more recent stars, is dead. Mrs. Melville was appearing in a leading role in "In the Palace of the King" when illness compelled her to give up her work in Langary. her to give up her work in January.

Santos-Dumont, the Brazilian aeronaut who has been here two months ne-gotiating for certain modifications in the rules for the \$100,000 airship contest to rules for the \$100,000 airship contest to be held at the St. Louis exposition, announces that he has been successful. He will leave shortly for St. Louis to look over the ground, literally, because he wishes to figure on the proper place to come down should he make an ascension. Preparations also will be made for housing his machine, to be known as Santos-Dumont No. 7. Dumont No. 7.

Charles King Bishop, for many years engaged in editorial work on many years papers in New York and the south, is dead at his home in Red Bank, N. J. He was a native of Charleston, S. C., and at the age of 19 became part owner and editor of the Charleston Evening News. He was 80 years old.

Fire Chief Croker made an appeal for more brawn and less brain as the requirement of the men passed by the civil service board for firemen. In a letter to Fire Commissioner Hayes he suggested that the civil service commissioners alter their examinations for firemen so that longshoremen, motormen, truckmen and others who are now shut out of competitive examinations by use-iess literary examinations be given a chance. "These men make far better firemen than dry goods clerks or book-keepers," he said, "but they cannot get positions because the examination, which is easy for the clerk or bookkeeper, is an effectual block to them. These strong, hard-working men are just the ones we need to stand the hardships of fire fighting." Commissioner Hayes approved the recommendation. recommendation.

land they had become engaged. Prot. Westfall began his researches in higher mathematics at Goettingen university, and they fixed the date for their wedding by letter recently.

Alonzo weods to the New Amsterdam hotel, died of pneumonia. Mr. Foster was born in Illinois in 1843, was educated in New York and started in the railroad business in 1860, first with the Chicago & North-Western and later serving with the Great Northern and later serving with the Great Northern and Michigan Central railroads. It was while in the employ of the latter com-pany that he conceived the idea of selling: through tickets from any point in Europe to any city or town in the United States As the originator of this idea he went to Europe as the representative of the railroads and steamship companies and he was continued as their representative abroad until 1879. Returning then tothis country, he went into the hotel business. Mr. Foster was secretary of the ness. Mr. Foster was Hotelmen's association.

Inspector McClusky is looking for Ja-cob H. Frankel, for many years employed as confidential clerk and manager of the pawnshop of Harris Baruch. Mr. Baruch reported that diamonds valued at be-tween \$25,000 and \$30,000, on which \$10,000 had been advanced, are missing, and accused Frankel of taking them. Frankel had access to all the valuables left as pledges, his employer said, and was trusted thoroughly.

As a rule the frock coat is not a favorite garment with men who are pelled on occasion to wear it, and the newest styles in the coat will not heip to make friends for it. The latest London models copied by the modish city tailors show a coat so long that it barely savens to except the heale of the ly seems to escape the heels of the wear-For oldish men, who are not against looking their ages, this new coat is all But for young men, it is solemn and aging. The fashion of wearing braid on coats has apparently returned to stay, for all coats made for dress are finished in that way. But the fro coat with the sweeping tails is likely to

NEED FEMININE FRIENDS. Girls Should Cultivate the Companion-

ship of Their Own Sex. There is a certain type of girl whose

energies are put forth solely and only to charm the opposite sex.

She "has no use for girls," "seldom makes girl friends," never "bothers to cultivate women."

cultivate women."

In the company of her own sex she is listless and indifferent, sometimes even to rudeness. But just let a man loom up on the horizon, and instantly she is all alive to the necessity of displaying every advantage. Her eyes sparkle, her lips smile and her voice is heard in animostical conversation.

mated conversation.

Lots of girls go through this little performance unconsciously. Even since babyhood they have been bidding for masculine admiration, till it has become second nature. They have been passing right over the value of a sister woman's admiration, as if it were not, as it really is, one of the finest things a girl can

For one thing, the average woman's admiration is given for different reasons than the man's. He will admire the "lively girl," the "pretty girl," and the "swell dresser." But a woman's admiration for a woman is generally built on more enduring grounds and lives longer. The world may joke as it pleases about the fickleness of women's friendship, but women who have shared them know they are not false and fickle. Once a woman gives a real, hearty friendship to another woman, it's likely to last awhile. Anyhow it is not withdrawn when physical charms cease to attract.

There are a thousand ways in which the friendship of women can help a girl.

But one hears girls actually boast of the scarcity of their feminine friendship. with the emphasis on the "feminine." meaning to indicate that their friends of

CHAS. E. MASON, Publisher.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance.

The Delta's price for publishing notices of entertainments given by religious or other societies, to which an admission is charged, or from which a profit is expected, is five CENTS PER LINE. Resolutions of any society or organization will be published at the same rate. CARDS OF THANKS WILL BE CHARGED FOR AT TEN CENTS PER LINE.

HOW TO FOLD A LETTER.

Only a Small Percentage of Applicants Know the Right Way.

"I see you have lots of applications," said the advertising manager to the business house manager who had advertised for a typewriter and book-

"From all over New England," said the business man, jamming his pockets ever bless my darling, the sweetest, full. "But what some of the girls who answer are thinking of I can't imagine. Here is one girl who will come fifty miles to take a place at \$5 a week."

fications by their letters?"

"Can I? Well, rather. For instance. I can say?" there is the wirting; there is the spelling of the words; there is the way the letter is put together; there is even the after his long patience had won for way the letter is folded. Ever think that letters are folded so as to save time nowadays?"

"No," said the advertising man. "It's all I can do to get the stamps to put on sary to me, and now I am only myself 'em. My stenographer folds 'em all right, I guess. How should it be done?"

"Easy enough, simple enough, but folded wrong often enough," said the business man sententiously. "If your that this physical items business of the typewriter knows her business she takes the sheet and folds it up from the bottom toward the top, leaving the proper width for the envelope, then inspiration" with which his delicate over from right to left and from left wife always surrounded him. to right-so. Then when your letter is opened it is right side up. See?"

their letters that way?"

perhaps. Quite a commentary on busi- rarer beauty of soul which made her ness as she is taught, eh?" remarked life "a center of sweetness" to all the business man as he strolled away.— around her. "All that she has been to Springfield Republican.

FRENCH POLITENESS.

It Is Widespread, Oppressive and

hotel at Saint-Germain I estimated that hand in hand together in the garden, I lost quite twenty-four hours out of with all the blissful absorption and each week saying good morning and tender confidence of youthful lovers. good evening to the men, women, litlittle children toddle up to you, shake ceremony. Then every well regulated dren." French family has a dog that more that it is considered churlish if you do wooing and wedding," he declared hunot also stop and tell the dog "bon jour" and "au revoir" a dozen times a is prettily taught to extend to you.

When the washerwoman brings home your linen, there are at least five minutes spent in ceremoniously greeting and parting from her. In the operation built, largely with his own hands, at of receiving and paying for linen you Mabotsa. From that "supremely hapexchange "mercis" and "pardons" not fewer than ten times. Any other serving person or tradesman who comes to do business with you throughout the had a more self sacrificing, brave, deday you similarly receive with "bon voted wife than the missionary's jour, monsieur," and "au revoir, mondaughter. In fact, they were more like pardon as often as you can possibly get the words into the length of time he has to stay.—Harper's Bazar.

No Place For Icemen.

"I had letters to a prominent official all their terrors. in Porto Rico," said a New York manufacturer of artificial ice plants, "and I had a sure grip on a big thing. I made an appointment by letter and on a ceroffice, and we had no sooner shaken

glass of lemonade and see that it is

out. I might have sold red peppers which a noble woman has her shrine." or horseradish, but as for ice-they didn't want any in theirs."

part of their amusement, for their races | she did not incumber the carriage with | first place for their object and are quite horrence. During the first day's joursome animals and, being soon taught the window and out went the bandexciting pastimes.—London Tit-Bits.

The Man In the Moon.

Probably even in prehistoric times men have noticed the face of the "man in the moon." Plutarch noticed it and even wrote a whole book about the face ditch side. Having reached the counin the moon. But, besides this, many other objects are supposed to be visible. The dark markings on the surface are likened by the Chinese to a monkey pounding rice. In India they are said to resemble a rabbit. To the Persians lord," replied the attendant, "it was continents reflected in a mirror.

The Gladstone Delta. TRIBUTES TO WIVES

WORDS OF TENDERNESS UTTERED BY GREAT MEN.

The Homage That Tom Hood Paid to the Partner of His Sorrows and Joys-Jean Paul Richter's Unstinted Praise of Caroline Mayer.

Few great men have paid more enthusiastic tributes to their wives than Tom Hood, and probably few wives have better deserved such homage, says the Chicago Chronicle. "You will think," he wrote to her in one of his letters, "that I am more foolish than any boy lover, and I plead guilty, for never was a wooer so young of heart and so steeped in love as I, but it is a love sanctified and strengthened by long years of experience. May God most helpful, angel who ever stooped to bless a man!" Has there ever, we wonder, lived a wife to whom a more delicate and beautiful tribute was paid "Can you tell much as to their quali- than those verses of which the burden is, "I love thee, I love thee; 'tis all that

> "I want thee much," Nathaniel Hawthorne wrote to his wife many years him the flower "that was lent from heaven to show the possibilities of the human soul." "Thou art the only person in the world that ever was neceswhen thou art within my reach. Thou art an unspeakably beloved woman." Sophia Hawthorne was little better than a chronic invalid, and it may be that this physical weakness woke all man. And he reaped a rich reward for an almost unrivaled devotion in the "atmosphere of love and happiness and

The wedded life of Wordsworth with his cousin, "the phantom of delight," "I see," murmured the advertising was a poem more exquisitely beautiful man. "And how many applicants fold than any his pen ever wrote. Mrs. Wordsworth was never fair to look "Oh, three or four out of a dozen, upon, but she had that priceless and me," the poet once said in his latter days, "none but God and myself can ever know," and it would be difficult to find a more touching and beautiful picture in the gallery of great men's lives than that of Wordsworth and his During one summer which I spent wife, both Lowed under the burden of among exclusively French people in a many years and almost blind, "walking

It never needed "the welding touch tle children and dogs about me. If you of a great sorrow" to make the lives encounter the same person twenty-five of Archbishop Tait and his devoted times in the same day, you must smile wife "a perfect whole." Speaking of rapturously, pause, at least shake her many years after she had been hands if you do not kiss, ceremoniously inquire how he or she is "going" and her, if only for a day, was a pain only her, if only for a day, was a pain only ceremoniously bid him or her "au re- less intense than the pleasures with voir" at parting. Not only every man which I returned to her, and when I and woman expects this, but all the took her with me it was one of the purest joys given to a man to watch hands and exact the same amount of the meeting between her and our chil-

When David Livingstone had passed than likely occupies a chair and eats his thirtieth birthday, with barely a off a plate beside you at the table, so thought for such "an indulgence as morously that when he was a little day, pausing to take the paw which he vertisement for a wife, "preferably a less busy he would send home an addecent sort of widow," and yet so unconsciously near was his fate that only a year later he was introducing his py hour" to the day when, eighteen years later, he received her "last faint two happy, light hearted children than sedate married folk, and under the magic of their merriment the hardships and dangers of life in the heart of the dark continent were stripped of

Jean Paul Richter confessed that he never even suspected the potentialities went down to that island, thinking I of human happiness until he met Caroline Mayer, "that sweetest and most gifted of women," when he was fast tain day and hour was ushered into his approaching his fortieth year, and that he had no monopoly of the resultant hands than he turned to the attendant happiness is proved by his wife's declaration that "Richter is the purest, the "'Jose, bring the gentleman a fresh holiest, the most godlike man that lives; * * * to be the wife of such a man is the greatest glory that can fall to a "It was hot enough to melt a dog, woman," while of his wife Richter and I felt rivers of perspiration run- once wrote, "I thought when I married ning down my back, and when that her that I had sounded the depths of boiling hot lemonade was brought in I human love, but I have since realized knew that I was dished. So it turned how unfathomable is the heart in

Out Went the Bandbox.

Lord Ellenborough, the great English Animals Enjoy Racing.

Little pigs are great at combined when Lady Ellenborough said that she play, which generally takes the form should like to accompany him. He reof races. Emulation seems to form plied that he had no objection, provided seem always to have the winning of bandboxes, which were his utter abdifferent from those combined rushes new Lord Ellenborough, happening to for food or causeless stampedes in stretch his legs, put his foot through which little pigs are wont to indulge. something below the seat. He discov-Racing is an amusement natural to ered that it was a bandbox. Up went by others, becomes one of their most box. The coachman stopped, and the footman, thinking that the bandbox had tumbled out of the window by some extraordinary chance, was going to pick it up when Lord Ellenborough furiously called out, "Drive on!" The bandbox accordingly was left by the try town where he was to officiate as judge, Lord Ellenborough proceeded to array himself for his appearance in the courthouse. "Now," said he, "where's my wig-where is my wig?" "My they seem like the earth's oceans and thrown out of the carriage window."

Discontent With Wark. That there is much discontent with

work among the so called middle classes in America is due in large part to the pampering of children, to the supplying of their natural and artificial wants and to the sentimental idea that "their day of toil will come soon enough." In general, work is not a curse, but a blessing-a positive means of grace. One can hardly begin too early to impress upon children lessons of self help by tasks appropriate to their age and forces and to beget in them scorn of idleness and of dependence on others. To do this is to make them happy through the self respect that comes with the realization of power and thus to approximate Tennyson's goal of man, "Self reverence, self knowledge, self control."-Century.

Poor Alcott. says of A. Bronson Alcott: "I am ashamed to say that we thought Mr. Alcott rather stupid. Emerson once told him: 'I got together some people a little while ago to meet Alcott and to

hear him converse. I wanted them to wouldn't be justified in marrying a know what a rare fellow he was. But man she did know.-Boston Transcript. we did not get along very well. Poor Alcott had a hard time. Theodore Parker came all stuck full of knives. He wound himself around Alcott like an anaconda. You could hear poor Alcott's bones crunch."

She Had to Forgive.

Mrs. Winks-Mrs. Ayres and her husband have had a dreadful quarrel just because she gave him a letter to mail and he carried it around in his pockets for a week. Isn't it too silly of her? Mr. Winks-Maybe that would make you mad too. Mrs. Winks-Oh, John, I wouldn't lose my temper over a little thing like that. Mr. Winks-I'm glad to hear you say it, my dear. I just recall that I've still got that letter you gave me last Wednesday.-Philadelphia Press.

Escaped Her Notice. "How did you like the way the minister animadverted upon our colloquialisms last Sunday?" asked Mrs. Old-

"I didn't notice it," replied her hostess. "Me and Josiah were crowded out of our own pew and had to set where we couldn't see him when he wasn't Senator Hoar in his autobiography standin' up."-Chicago Record-Herald.

> The Spinster Aunt's Opinion. Carrie-Do you think a woman is justified in marrying a man she doesn't

Aunt Jane-She certainly

Nothing In It. "I understand, professor, that Miss Squawker is coming to you to cultivate

her voice. Is there anything in it?"

"Not for her."-Houston Post.



If the Heavens Should Fall

And destroy your house and property are you prepared to stand the loss?

If insured in a weak company why not get into some of the big ones I represent—companies that are paying millions on Baltimore policies with scarcely an effort. Insurance in such companies brings peace of mind. If interested call.

G. R. Empson

NEW PIANO STORE FOR GLADSTONE

ANOTHER DEEP CUT IN PRICES

Is Doing an Enormoms Business for

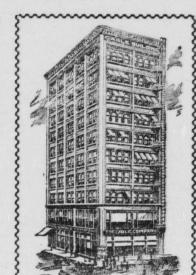
THE CABLE PIANO

We are selling a large number of Pianos in Gladstone.

Not in twenty-five years will another opportunity such as this be presented to the people.

Being manufacturers, and selling direct to the people, we save all middle profits for you.

We save you from \$100 to \$200 on every instrument, not on paper,



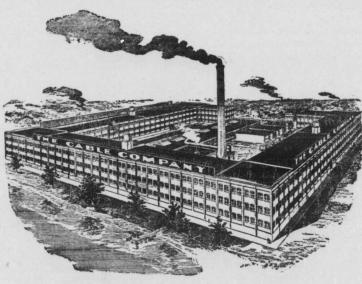
but an actual bona fide saving. You must be quick in making your selection. These Pianos are going fast. Every day we are making sales.

Our Pianos are sold by hundreds of leading music dealers throughout the United States. It is only in localities where we are not represented by dealers that we can sell direct to the people at factory prices.

Cable, Kingsbury, Conover and Wellington Pianos

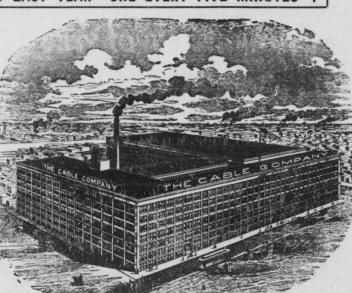
Are standard makes the world over. We cannot publish our extremely low prices, but will quote them confidentially to bona fide buyers.

* WE MANUFACTURED OVER THIRTY-TWO THOUSAND INSTRUMENTS LAST YEAR---ONE EVERY FIVE MINUTES *



Our St. Charles, Ill., Factory.

If these instruments were placed end to end they would make one continuous string of unbroken melody nearly forty miles long. Nothing but the satisfaction our pianos are giving has made this enormous demand.



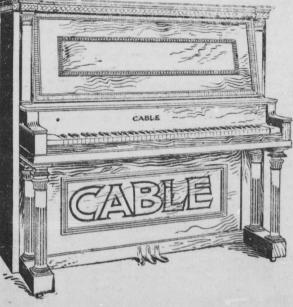
Our Chicago Factory.

WE HAVE FORTY-TWO FOREIGN AGENCIES, DISTRIBUTED IN EVERY PART OF THE CIVILIZED WORLD.

Our Pianos are strictly high grade, and cost as much to build as any piano in existence.

WE EXCEPT NO MAKE

Our binding ten-year guarantee goes with each instrument.



We sell our celebrated Pianos for a very small down payment and \$6.00 monthly or \$18 quarterly.

If you have an old organ or piano you wish to exchange, we will make a liberal allowance and accept it as first payment.

HESTABLISHED 1879 - CAPITAL \$2,000,000.00€

THE CABLE PIANO COMPANY, SCOTT BUILDING. GLADSTONE.



The grand tribunal of Oregon has deright to appropriate funds for the purpose of organizing a temple of Rathbone Sisters. The question came through the grand chancellor of Oregon from Irvine lodge of Richland, Ore., in answer to the question, "Can a subordinate lodge appropriate money of organizing a temple of Rathbone word of warning and advice to those

The reports from subordinate lodges should not be amiss. in Indiana show approximately 50,000 members in the state, with a net gain distribution so adequate, there is for the during the past year of over 2,500.

The Knights of Pythias lodges of Pennsylvania paid out \$200,000 in various methods of relief during the past

Maple lodge of Maplewood, a suburb of St. Louis, will erect a \$10,000 clubhouse. This lodge was only recently instituted and has 100 members.

September reports show that the uniform rank is prosperous and growing temporary crudities in manner of living, at a satisfactory rate.

the endowment rank for the protection fore the trolley lines, the free rural deof his family. The insurance branch livery route, the daily newspaper and of the order is in splendid condition and has paid over \$19,000,000 to beneficiaries of deceased members.

ODD FELLOWS.

New Commander of Patriarchs Mills tant-Fraternal Links.

The new commander of the national Patriarchs Militant, General M. A. these improvements and luxuries, as Raney, ranks high in the Odd Fellows' fraternity and has a personal acquaintance among the order extending throughout the country. General Raney is a well known Iowan and at



present grand senior warden of the grand encampment of Iowa. He was born in Galena, Ill., in 1858, was formerly editor of the Fontanelle (Ia.) Observer and is now editor of the Marengo (Ia.) Republican. For a number of years he has been an active member of the Patriarchs Militant and has held several other high offices in the order.

The Odd Fellows of Rhode Island have taken steps toward the establishing of a home in that jurisdiction.

September reports from many jurisdictions show there is great activity among the Rebekahs. They are rapidly increasing in membership.

There are fifty-four live encampments in Ontario, with a total membership of nearly 4,000 patriarchs in good stand-

The District of Columbia Odd Fellows' home project is in good hands and is already in excellent condition and gives promise of complete success. It is in charge of a competent and energetic board of managers.

authority to let the rituals be taken from the lodge room.

to join the order was defeated at the recent session of the sovereign grand

Odd Fellows' homes are maintained by levying a per capita tax on each Odd Fellow in the state or jurisdiction having control of the particular home. More than \$300,000 is expended each which is the very latest craze. The year in the maintenance of these homes.

The National Union.

The National Union senate, the governing body of the National union, has amended the laws of the organization in several important particulars. The principal changes are:

Making the third Monday of July the date of the opening of the senate; providing that councils may provide that absence from three consecutive regular meetings by any elected officer shall cause removal for inattention to duty; making the giving of a bond by the secretary of the council obligatory; making the speaker of the council a member of the relief committee of the

council instead of the ex-president. Taking from the prohibited classes brakemen and flagmen operating on passenger trains exclusively; providing that in cases of initiations occurring between the first and ninth days of each month the sum paid by the initiate of all such persons as shall be possessed be payment of the first assessment to be called after such initiation; taking from the senate secretary the power to omit the calling of an assessment.

Issuing of a transfer card by the secretary of the council made mandatory within ten days after card has been granted by the council; making what are known as social members ineligible

FOR HOMESEEKERS.

Thus early in the spring there are unmistakable indication of a great increase this year of the movement to the vacant lands in northern Michigam which was so conspicuous last season. Land cided that a subordinate lodge has no agents and railroads are preparing to care for a large and significant migration toward the country of unclaimed home sites, and it is the opinion of the best informed that the acreage taken up in this state this year by home-makers will exceed the aggregate of several years from the general fund for the purpose past. Under these circumstances, a who contemplate joining the movement

> With land so cheap and facilities for man who is willing to undego the privations and hardships of pioneer life for a few years the nearest approach to guarantee of a prosperous future that is to be found anywhere.

But the man who is willing to depend for the ensuing year. upon himself, to use his own brain and muscle and energy and resource, who is not afraid of hard work or of some will find northern Michigan a land of Every knight should be insured in promise. It may be some years yet below them into their retreat; but the development of these facilities and conveniences will depend primarily upon the rapidity with which the country is settled and the thrift, industry and energy of the people who settle it. There will be no waiting for a generation for of the state, and, if succeeding years carry forward the promise of this, the bers. new communities will shortly arrive at an importance that will quickly supply the necessary incentive to public and private enterprise in the indicated directions. And, with them will come that large enhancement of land values which is the real inducement to the conquering of the world's wildernesses.

PRIMARY ELECTION.

The Republican State League suggests the following as a suitable resolution expressing the desire of the people for a law embodying the principle of direct nominations and recommends its adopby the various conventions to be held throughout the state.

Primary Election Reform in Michigan means the nomination of candidates for members. public office by direct vote of the people. The great reformation effected in our general elections through the Australian ballot inspires us with confidence to apply the same method in making nomnations, so that every voter may exe cise his sovereign right of choice by direct vote without the intervention or inpeople of Michigan demand the enactment of such a law. We therefor demand that caucuses and conventions for the nomination of candidates for office be abolished by legislative enactment, and that all candidates for state, legislative, congressional and county offices be nominated at a primary election, upon the same day, by direct vote, under the Australian Ballot.

EXHIBITION

is the same company that made such a prior to 1460 are on record. sensation at Green Bay last season, in the vicinity, where it was impossible to accomodate the vast crowds that applied for admission. It is unlike most such affairs and is of sterling worth, being passage to England or Scotland. most instructive, educational, and of a scientific nature, studying the intellectual welfare of its patrons. You should early as 1531 an act was passed re-The noble grand of a lodge has no not miss this chance, but take your chil. quiring the Egyptians to quit the dren to see them, spinning, weaving, blowing, shaping, and turning all kinds A resolution to permit liquor dealers of glass into artistic, useful ornaments, which are given away at every performance. We give more beautiful presents away than all the other similar shows put together. Our engraving departis superior, as we not only engrave on glass, but on wood as well as leather, Royal Palmist company is also with us, who can be consulted on all matters. Don't miss seeing the \$10,000 lady's glass dress and hat, made out of spun The Misplaced Enthusiasm of an Exglass and just as supple as a silk handkerchief. We have the glass steam engine also in perfect running order. Exhibition hours are 2 to 5 and evenings 7 to 10, and each one receives a present free. Admission 15 cents.

> NOTICE OF REGISTRATION. To the electors of the township of

Brampton: Notice is hereby given that the Board of Registration of the Township of was driven at a gallop along the stony Brampton, County of Delta, will be in session on Saturday, April 2, 1904 from the prisoner to. One such recovery 7 o'clock a. m. to 8 o'clock p. m., at the Kipling School House, in said Township for the purpose of registering the names of the necessary qualifications of electors in said Township and who may apply

for that purpose. Dated March 10, 1904.

JOHN LATIMER, RICHARD BARRY, GEORGE BUSHMAN, Board of Registration of said Township of Brampton.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES

Notice is hereby given that there will be a convention of the Republican electors of the City of Gladstone at the City Hall in said city

Tuesday, March 29, 1904,

at 8 p. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following city offices: Mayor, Treasurer, Justice of the Peace; and to elect a Chairman of the Republican City Committee

The primaries of the Republican Electors of the various wards for the purpose of nominating candidates for the ward offices will be held on Friday, March 25, 1904, at the places the rural telephone exchange will fol- and for the purposes as follows:

First Ward.—At the polling booth in said ward, to nominate candidates for Alderman, Supervisor, Constable, and to elect three delegates to the city convention, and also to elect there was in the case of older portions a ward committee consisting of three mem-

> Second Ward.-At the City Hall, to nominate two candidates for Aldermen, Supervisor and Constable, and to elect seven delegates REAL ESTATE Business and Residence Lots for sale on easy terms.
>
> C. A. CLAR to the city convention, and also to elect a ward committee consisting of three members.

Third Ward.—At the polling booth in said ward, to nominate candidates for Alderman, Supervisor and Constable, and to elect three delegates to the city convention, and also to elect a ward committee consisting of three

Fourth Ward.—At the polling place in said ward, to nominate candidates for Alderman, Supervisor, Constable, and to elect one delegate to the city convention, and also to elect terference of any political agency. The a ward committee consisting of three mem-

CHAS. D. MASON,

Chairman of the Republican City Committee.

THE GYPSIES.

Their Tribes Existed In Europe

From Immemorial Times. Gypsies were found in England about 1514, according to "A Dyalogue of Sir THE ANDREWS GLASS PALACE Thomas More" (1529), but the exact year of their arrival is unknown. They were present in Scotland in 1505, and Will be at the Opera House, all next possibly they were the "Saracens" week with the exception of Monday. This whose depredations in that country

Bataillard and other authors believe that gypsies existed in Europe from immemorial times, for they find no account of their crossing the Bosporus, and no record is known to exist of their

They were better received in these countries than in any other, but so realm under pain of death, a similar edict being issued in Scotland in 1541 and at varying periods in most of the European states.

Transportation across the seas was among the milder means adopted and probably was the cause of much further dispersion of the tribes. Under Henry VIII. gypsies were shipped from England to Norway or France, and from France, so recently as 1802, they were deported to Africa.

UNTIMELY CHEERS.

Corpse In Ireland.

It was the rule in Ireland at one time that after an execution the body should hang an hour, but the sheriff, from mistaken lenity, would on some occasions look away after the prisoner had been turned off, while the friends of the culprit would hold up their companion by the waistband of the trousers so that the rope would not press upon his throat.

When the hour was expired the deceased was put into a cart, which The jolting generally brought was so complete that the resuscitated man sat up in the coffin and gave three

this indecent conduct that he hit the ex-corpse on the head with his shillalah and finished him. The question then arose whether the assailant could be tried for murder, but it was ruled that | May, 1904. no man could be successfully charged with the murder of a man who was already dead in law.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Delta is prepared to print township ballots in any quantity.

First publication March 12, 1904. STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Circuit Court for the County of Delta.

CHARLES E. MASON, Complainant, LEW A. CATES, LIVA E. CATES and GEORGE MCEWEN. Defendants.

County of Delta, in Chancery, at the City of Escanaba, in said county, on the second day of favor him than if he be dirty and slovenly.

March, A. D. 1904. In this cause it appearing from affidavit or file, that the defendant, Lew A. Cates is absent thereof, and that his present whereabouts and residence are unknown, and that the subpæna and injunction issued in said cause cannot be served upon said defendant, Lew A. Cates. On motion of G. R. Empson, complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that the said defendant, Lew A. Cates, cause his appearance to be entered herein, within five months from the date of this order and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor within 20 days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said absent or non-resident defendant.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in The Gladstone Delta, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said absent or non-resident defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

J. W. STONE,

J. W. STONE, G. R. EMPRON. Circuit Judge. Solicitor for Complainant. Business address, Gladstone, Mich

(A true copy). A. P. SMITH, Register in Chancery.

First publication March 12, 1904. THE TOR PUBLICATION. 3, 1878.—NO. United States Land Office,

Marquette, Mich., March 4, 1904. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Or gon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, William Elsiger, of Nahma county of Delta state of Michigan, has this day filed in this office his sworn statemen for the purchase of the sw 1/4 of the nw 1/4 of section No. 12 in township No. 42 n, range No. One of his friends was so shocked at 20 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the clerk of the Circuit Court for the County of Delta, a Escanaba, Mich., on Monday the 16th day of

He names as witnesses: Archie Johnston, William Diamond, Sam Jennings and David Forbes, all of Nahma, Mich.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 16th day of May, 1904.

THOMAS SCADDEN. Register.

AXE

If you're going into the woods we can furall the tools you need. A good saw or a good axe will do more work than the inferior kinds sold by many dealers. Get the kind that will hold an edge all day.

NICHOLAS HARDWARE CO.

Dry 16-Inch Mill Wood

Now is the time to get it while it is as dry as a bone, put it under cover and have quick fire wood for winter. We deliver a load of 128 feet, full measure, for only \$2.50.

Storm Sash On your house will prove a good investment. You can save their cost on your coal bill in one season. It is not too late to get them if you will send us a list of sizes you need.

'Phone 7. C. W. DAVIS.

WE MEET THE DEMAND

For choice selected Hams, Bacon and Smoked Meats, also choice Meats, Bulk Mince Meat, Dill Pickles and Sauerkraut.

=WEINIG'S.

First Appearances

Make the first impression. After you have long known a man and learned his sterling worth, you do not note the details of his apparel; but when for the first time a man asks you for your confidence you instinctively eye him closely and try to form, from his external appearance, some conjecture as to his honesty and reliability. If he is Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the cleanly and his apparel neat, you will be more disposed to

So, if a letter or circular comes to you from a stranger; from the State of Michigan, or is a non-resident if it be dirty and ill printed you doubt the ability of the residence are unknown, and that the subpena sender. If, however, it be well printed on good paper, and treats of matters of interest to you, you are at once impressed more or less distinctly with the idea that you have

Found a Good Man to Deal With.

Experience may prove this idea right or wrong; but first impressions are important. Many a good offer has been rejected, to the loss of both parties, because it was made in an improper manner. You cannot afford to wear illfitting and soiled clothing if you are soliciting the patronage of particular people. So you cannot afford to use "blacksmith printing" if you are trying to engage the attention of intelligent men who know good printing when they see it.

Good Printing, Like Good Clothes,

Gives you standing at once with a new customer or with the man whose favorable opinion you are trying to gain. Of course, not all who use good printing are reliable and capable; but the reliable and capable man will always have his printing properly done—if he can. You can, because no other kind is

Done by the Gladstone Delta.

Try a new suit of printing. Order now in advance of your needs and get the best fitting results.

Get the Best.

JAPS BEAT CZAR'S FLEET.

Rumored from Tokio That Naval Battle Has Taken Place.

MAY HAVE TAKEN SHIPS

It Is Believed That Powerful Cruisers of Russian Squadron Were Either Sunk or Captured.

Port Arthur, Tuesday, March 8.-It is rumored here today that a Japanese squadron has reappeared off Vladivostok.

St. Petersburg, March 9.-5:50 p. m. The Associated Press is informed on the highest authority that up to 5 o'clock this afternoon no word of a naval battle between the Renzenstein and Crui squaurons and been received. It is evident, nowever, that news of a sea fight on viadivostok would not surprise the authorities here. They naturally decline to say whether Capt. Reitzenstein's armly beneved here that it was outside.

Tokio (Tuesday), March 8 .- (Delayed in transmission.)—it is believed here that there has already been a decisive naval engagement in the vicinity of viadivos-

The Japanese fleet did not, it is said, go to Vianivostok for the purpose of bom-oarding the town, but to locate and attack the armored cruisers Gromoboi, Rossia, Rurik and the cruiser Bogatyr, the Russian fleet stationed there.

It is understood here that when the Japanese fleet arrived there on Sunday last it found the Russian squadron absent. If this is true, it gave the Japanese squadron advantages in the way of avoiding battle close to the inshore batteries, at the same time putting it in a position to prevent the Russian ships reentering the harbor. It is doubted that the Japanese withdrew their entire squadion unless the location of the enemy had been discovered, as it meant surrendering the advantage of being in a position between the enemy and the enemy's base. There is a strong possibility that the Japanese found the Russian snips in the vicanity of Possiet bay and gave them battle there.

Japanese squadron have been kept secret, but it was probably sufficiently strong to divide into two divisions, the one to guard Vladivostos and the other to cruise in

search of the Russian ships.
It is said that the newly purchased cruisers Nisshin and Kasuga are taking part in the present movement off Vladi-

The navy department expects to receive dispatches from Gensan, where it was planned that the fleet would call after the operation involving an attack upon the Russian squadron had been concluded.

The Japanese are quite confident in the ability of their squadron to signally de-feat the Russian ships, and laughingly say that the big Russian cruisers, stand unusually high out of the water,

London, March 9.-The Daily Telegraph this morning published a dispatch from Tokio dated March 7 and saying: "It is reported that the Japanese fleet engaged the Russian Vladivostok squad-

The Vladivostok squadron consisted of four of the most formidable warships in the Czar's navy. It was made up of three armored cruisers, each equal to a battleship in armor and guns, and a steel protected cruiser, all of modern construc-

RUSSIANS TRAPPED.

Japanese Have Landed Near to Port Arthur.

Tokio March 9 .- Japanese warships bombarded the forts at Talien Wan (Port Dalny) on the night of March 8 and then attacked Port Arthur.

Washington, D. C., March 9.-The washington, D. C., March 3.—The government here has received advices by cable from Chefoo, opposite Port Arthur, to the effect that Japanese land forces have appeared at Fung Wang Chang and at Tashan. No details are furnished. at Tashan. No details are numbered. The first named place is about forty-five miles north of Antung, in Manchuria, and the latter is a few miles inland from the mouth of the Yalu river, according to the calculations of the naval officers here They believe that this movement placed the Japanese on the Russian flank and perhaps in the rear and on their of communication. It is believed that yesterday's attack upon Port Arthur and Talien Wan was a diversion perhaps to cover this expeditions land movement the Japanese forces, who were probably landed from transports some point west of the Yalu river.

Seoul, March 9.—A party of nine Russian's seized the Korean telegraph station at Yung Won today. It is said that a fight has occurred between Koreans and Russians on the Korean side of the Tumen river.

Chefoo, March 9.- News has been received here that fifteen Japanese men-of-war and four torpedo boats have been seen proceeding in the direction of New

Shan Hai Kwan, March 9 (from Russian correspondent of the Associated Press).—All the ships of the Port Arthur squadron are again in fighting trim, except the Retvizan, which is lying at the neck of the entrance to the harbor and serves the purpose of a strong battery. The garrison at Port Arthur is 40,000 strong and they have provisions enough to last two years. Trains on the Man churian line are running regularly in triple sections at twenty-minute intervals. There is a notable revulsion of

Tokio, March 9.-It is reliably asserted that when the Japanese attempted to block Port Arthur February 24, a Russian torpedo boat destroyer, while trying to re-enter the harbor, struck a mine and

Of the thirteen Russian warships inside the harbor of Port Arthur, it is added. all are disabled except five.

Finally, it is asserted that Whoang Kishan fort at Port Arthur was half destroyed by the Japanese shells and that only three batteries are available.

About 800 Chinese and Russian work-men have been rushing the repairs on the

Paris, March 9.—Dispatches received here from Port Arthur confirm the re-ports that the Russian battleship Retvisan has been refloated and entered the interior harbor. She is now said to be alongside the Czarevitch, and the damage to her keel having been largely repaired, it is expected that she will be ready to resume active service in a few hours.

BIG SEA FIGHT OFF VLADIVOSTOK EXPECTED SOON.

Japaneze Fleet Is Waiting for Return of Russian Squadron-Battle in the Open Sea.

St. Petersburg, March 8 .- The whereabouts of Capt. Reitzenstein's Vladivostok squadron is carefully guarded by the military authorities, but there is a strong impression here that when the seven Japanese warships appeared off the harbor Sunday and yesterday the Russian squadron was outside, perhaps down the coast, co-operating with the Russian land force near the mouth of the Tumen riv-If the Russians were outside and the Japanese definitely ascertained that fact a big sea fight is probably imminent as it is considered certain that the Japanese in that case will lie on and off Vladivostok to prevent the return of the Russians, giving battle if they are caught in the open sea.

All the harbors along the coast in which the Russians might seek refuge squadron was outside viadivostok when are frozen and the squadron must eventu-the Japanese appeared; but it is now ally be forced to return to Vladivostok

> Although the Japanese squadron is superior in numbers and guns, consisting of a battleship and four armored cruisers, two of which are believed to be the Idsumo and the Yakumo, and two unarmored cruisers, the four armored cruisers under Capt. Reitzenstein, the Rossia, Gromboi, Rurik and Bogatyr, are among he finest vessels in the Russian navy, constituting as sister ships a homogeneous fighting unit, and experts here are not certain that they could not take the measure of Rear Admiral Urius' ships.

> A naval service organ here, argues lengthily that the present Japanese navar disposition presages a movement on a large scale in the sea of Japan and the paper accounts for all the Japanese ships except the battleship Yashima and the armored cruiser Tokiwa, one of the first-class protected cruisers and five second class, reckoning the battleships Fuji and Shikishima, the armored cruisers Iwate and Asama and the protected cruiser Takashiho as being injured.

FIVE MEN KILLED IN A RAILWAY WRECK.

The names and number of ships in the Trains Collide on the Alabama & Great Southern Near Kewanee, Miss .-Passengers Escape Uninjured.

> Birmingham, Ala., March 8.-The southbound limited express on the Alabama & Great Southern railroad, running sixty miles an hour, collided headon with a northbound Southern railway freight near Kewanee, Miss., early today. Five railway employes lost their lives and several were injured.

Engineer P. H. Larkin: Fireman Henry Banks, colored: Robinson Riggs, mail clerk; D. D. Nicholson, mail clerk; Express Mes-senger J. H. Hinds.

Missing: Mail weigher, name unknown.

Engineer Case of the freight train; Fireman —, colored, of the freight train. Both roads use the same track near Kewanee. The express train was three hours late. No passengers are reported to have been killed. The mail and bagron at sea yesterday (March 6).

"The result of the engagement is not train were burned, while six freight cars were destroyed by fire which broke out immediately after the crash. Surgeons and wrecking crews were sent to the Russian ships were destroyed or cap- immediately after the crash. Surgeons scene from Meridian.

DRIVEN FROM HOMES BY A CLOUDBURST.

The Ranchers in the Blue Mountains of Washington Are in Great Peril.

Walla Walla, Wash., March S .- A cloudburst occurred above Dixie in the foothills of the Blue mountains last night and the ranchers along Mud creek bot tom have been compelled to fly from their homes to the hills. Fears are entertained. for Dixie, which lies only four feet above the creek. Details of the damage cannot be obtained as yet.

MUST STAND TRIAL FOR KILLING SISTER.

Plea in Abatement in the Gillespie Case Is Overruled-Trial Next Term of Court.

Rising Sun, Ind., March 8.-Judge Downey today overruled the plea in abatement in the case of James Gillespie and postponed the trial until the next

Gillespie's attorney alleged that the prisoner has been made the victim of false prosecution. It was alleged that uninfluence was used on the grand jury that indicted Gillespie.

NEGRO LYNCHED IN OHIO. Murderer Taken from Jail at Springfield and Shot to Death.

Springfield, O., March 8.—The negro Richard Dixon, who killed Bailiff Charles Collins, was taken from the jail and shot to death in the jail yard by a

moh last night. The body was then taken from there to the corner of Main street and Foun-tain avenue and hung to a telegraph pole, where the mob spent the next half hour riddling the body with bullets from

hundreds of revolvers.
The murder occurred when a policeman attempted to arrest the negro on a disorderly charge.

Australian Mine 3900 Feet Deep.

What is believed to be the deepest gold mine in the world is being worked at Benfeeling here among foreigners against digo. Australia. The mine in question, Japan, based on the fear that she is which is called the New Chum Railway digo, Australia. The mine in question, trying to drag the Chinese into the war. mine, has sunk its main shaft to a depth of 3900 feet, or only 60 feet short of three-quarters of a mile. The chief problem is how to keep the tunnels and general workings cool enough for the miners to work in at such a depth. It is usually about 108 degrees, and, to enable the men to work at all, a spray of cold water let down from above has to be kept continually playing on the bodies—naked from the waist upward—of the miners. Even then they cannot work hard, or they would faint from exhaustion.— Leisure Hour.

New Industrial Economy. A locomotive engineer on an eastern railroad said one day to his two firemen: "Suppose you fellows work as if you, and not the company, were paying the coal bills." During six months, merely by careful firing, the men caused a saving in coal, over the average consumption of the engine, equal to almost four times the amount of wages paid the men for that period. The engine was the same; the men worked differently.—Warld's Work.

JAPAN ISSUES A NOTE.

She Sends a Message to the World Justifying Her Action-It Is an Official Statement.

Washington, D. C., March 9.-Japan has officially replied to Russia's com plaint to the powers that Japan landed troops in Korea after Korea had declared its neutrality, and that Japanese warships attacked Russian ships at Chemulpo three days before the declaration of war after maliciously stopping the de-livery of Alexieff's messages to the Rus-

ian commander.

Japan replies that troops were landed in Korea because the issue of the war is the independence of Korea. emphatically denied that Japan intercepted messages to the commander

of the Russian fleet at Chemulpo. Russia's Charges Are Denied. Japan's reply, which was cabled to the Japanese minister here on March 4, was

made public today.

The government of Japan makes the following statement respecting the five acts which in the note referred to are

First-It is charged under this heading First—It is charged under this heading that "before the opening of hostilities against Russia Japan landed troops in the independent empire of Korea, which had declared its neutrality."

The imperial government admits that Japanese troops landed in Korea before the deciaration of war was issued, but not before a state of war actually existed between Japan and Russia. The maintenance of the independence and territorial integrity of Korea is one of the objects of the war, and the dispatch of troops to the menaced terri-

the dispatch of troops to the menaced terri-tory was a matter of right and necessity, which had the distinct consent of the Korean government.

The imperial government draws a share

distinction between the landing of Japanese troops in Korea under the actual circumstances of the case and the sending of a large body of Russian troops to Manchuriz without the consent of China, as was done by Russian while peaceful negotiations were

Russian Messages Not Intercepted. Second-Under this heading it is alleged that Japan "with a division of the Japanese fleet made a sudden attack on the 8th instant—that is, three days before the declaration of war, on two Russian warships, which were in the neutral port of Chemulpo, and whose commanders had not been perified of the runtime of relations as the notified of the rupture of relations, as the Japanese maliciously stopped the delivery of Russian telegrams by the Danish cubic and destroyed the Korean government's

telegraphic communication."
The imperial government declares that the allegations under this heading are untrue. The imperial government did not stop the delivery of Russian telegrams by the Dauish cable, neither did they destroy the Korean government's telegraphic communication.

munication.

Regarding the alleged sudden attack on the 8th of February on two Russian men of war in the port of Chemuipo, it is only necessary to say that a state of war existed, and that Korea, having given her consent to the landing of Japanese troops at Chemuipo, the harbor of Chemuipo thereby ceased to be nuetral, at least as between the heligrerents. the belligerents. As to Prizes of War.

ance Japanese troops would occupy the

Russian Envoy Not Ordered Out. Russian buvoy not Fifth-Under this heading it is charge that the Japanese government "forwarded a summons, through the French minister, to a summons representative at the court of the Russian representative at the court of the Emperor of Korea, to leave the country with the staff of the Russian legation and

The imperial government denles the accu racy of this statement. No demand, either direct or indirect, was addressed by the Japanese government asking the Russian min-

the Russian mulister to retire from Korea.

The French charge d'affaires called on the Japanese minister at Scoul and informed him verbally, as he did afterwards in writing, that it was the desire of the Russian contract to leave Korea. ing, that it was the desire of the Russion minister to leave Korea, and asked the opinion of the Japanese minister with reference to the matter. The Japanese minister replied that if the Russian minister would withdraw in a peaceful manner, taking with him his staff and legation guard, he would be fully protected by Japanese troops. He did so withdraw of his own free will on the 12th of February, and an escort of Japanese soldiers was furnished him as far as Chemulpo.

Russia Forgets One Consul.

In this connection it may be remarked that the Russian consul at Fusan remained at his post as late as February 28. It is reported that he was compelled to stay that long in the absence of instructions, which the Russian minister apparently did not care to give him before his own departure. When it was made known that necessary instructions had at last reached the Russian consul and that he desired to leave Fusan as soon as possible, the Japanese Fusan as soon as possible, the Japanese consul at the same port offered him every facility for his departure and his passage o Shanghai through Japan was arranged b

NEED SHIPS IN BLACK SEA. Russia Appears to Fear Some Trouble in Europe.

Sebastopol, March 9. - The Russian Steam Navigator company is said to have received government instructions which compel it to curtail ordinary operations, particularly outside the Black

It is understood the instructions provide for a contingency call on their ton-nage by the government. The company's convention with the government provides for the government's acquisi-

CZAR GETS HORACE G. BURT. Former President of Union Pacific Becomes Russian Expert.

San Francisco, Cal., March 9.—It is reported in local railroad circles on authentic advices from the far east that Horace G. Burt, late president of the Union Pacific, has been given a year's employment as an expert by the Russian authorities on communications and railways. They want him to make a on needed improvements for the trans-Siberian road and the new Oren burg and Tashkend railway. It is said his remuneration for making these two expert reports will be \$100,000.

COUNT VON WALDERSDE AT REST. Royalty Attends the Funeral of Great Field Marshal.

Berlin, March 9 .- The funeral of Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee at Hanover today was an imposing military pageant. The crown prince, Frederick William, followed by Princes Henry and Albrecht, Duke Ernest Gunther of Schleswig-Holstein, five commanding generals, the chief of the general staff and a great company of officers, representing the sovereign of the General senting the sovereigns of the German states, and deputations from sixty regiments, marched in the procession.

HUNDRED

PEOPLE DIE IN WRECK.

London, March 9 .- A special dispatch from Paris announces that the French steamer Cambodge, of 2355 tons, which left Rangoon February 17 for Cochin. China and European ports, has been wrecked in a storm off the coast of Cochin, China. The dispatch adds that it is believed a hundred persons perished

HOLDING TURKS BACK.

Russia and Austria Are in Accord Regarding the Balkan Situation.

St. Petersburg, March 9.—Careful inquiry concerning the outlook in the Balkans develops that the prevailing opinion in government as well as in diplomatic circles is against an outbreak of war in the spring, although the danger is not considered passed. A perfect understanding exists between Russia and Austria and besides the Russian authorities appear to be completely satisfied regard-

ing the attitude of Bulgaria.
What assurances the authorities have concerning Bulgaria are not known, but they do not tally with direct information from other sources representing Bulgaria as mobilizing, with having her plans perfected for an invasion of Turkey and as being confident that she can defeat the Turks single-handed

Porte Is Alarmed.

Evidently the Porte also is alarmed at the outlook, as an American, (a representative of an ordnance firm, who came here to act as broker in the sale of South American warships to Russia,) has been requested to go to Constantinople immediately, the Sultan desiring to pur-

chase a large supply of guns.

It is a mistake to imagine that Russia is so engrossed with affairs in the far east as to be unable to give attention to the Balkans. She has carefully refrained from removing troops from the vicinity of the Roumanian frontier and will prepared if necessary to assume her share in the event of war.

Sultan's Boat Not Held.

New York, March 9.—Reports from Newport News, Va., that the Turkish cruiser Medjidia is being held up there by the builders because of doubt regarding the final payment by the Sultan's government upon the cruiser are denied in the dispatch from Philadelphia quot-

As to Prizes of War.

Third—It is charged under this heading that "in spite of existing international laws, shortly before the opening of hossilities Japan captured as prizes of war the Russian merchantmen which were in the neutral ports of Korea."

The imperial government has established a prize court with full authority to pronounce finally on the question of the legality of the seizures of merchant vessels. Accordingly, it would be manifestly out of place for the imperial government to make any statement regarding the assertion under this heading.

Fourth—It is asserted under this number that Japan "declared to the Emperor of Korea, through the Japanese minister at Seoul, that Korea would be henceforth under Japanese administration, and warned his imajesty that in the case of noncompliance Japanese troops would occupy the work of the following remarkable statement to the Associated Press:

"Were it not for a single unknown

quantity, the European situation at present would be as perfect as possible. For ent would be as perfect as possible. the avoidance of one thing every chan-cellory has been straining every nerve. namely, to prevent the entanglement of an outside power in this war. That unknown quantity is your state depart-

The situation following the outbreak of hostilities was exceedingly delicate and surcharged with dangerous possibilities to the peace of the world, and the levelheaded statesmen of Europe instantly cooperated to make a general catastrophe impossible, when almost at the inception Secretary Hay's circular note for the neutralization of China almost ditched them. But, happily, he did not press it to a point where differences were sure to arisen, and as it turned out, owing to the length to which the powers gave adbesion to its principle, it really contributed to the trend which all desired. The note might have proved disas-

trous, did not the present moment find all of Europe practically in accord as to what should be done.

"The only place where uncertainly exists is Washington. We are at sea as to what to expect from Mr. Hay. American diplomacy in these later days is so ag-gressive, so startling sudden in the way it proposes propositions to the remain-der of the world, that we have not time to prepare for the shock. It is a verita-ble nightmare to Europe. The present situation is like an algebraic problem-every quantity of the equation is known except one, and that one is Mr. Hay. He represents 'x,' if we knew what he stood for or what he intended to do the solution

ADELINA PATTITIRES OF HER FAREWELL TOUR.

Cancels All Her Engagements and Starts for Home-Will Sail Immediately.

Hot Springs, Ark., March 9 .- Adelina Patti announces that she will leave immediately for New York to take a steamer for England. She says she has cancelled all her engagements.

NEW MINISTER TO PANAMA tion of the wnole fleet for troop and other military work within the Black sea John Barrett, Now in Argentine Republic, Is Transferred-Beaupre

Takes His Place.

Washington, D. C., March 9.—The President has directed the transfer of John Barrett, present minister to the Argentine Republic, to be minister to Panama. W. W. Russell, at present charge at Panama, has been made minister to Colombia and Aruthr W. Beaupre, now minister to Colombia, has been made minister to Argentine to succeed Mr.

DOMINICAN WARSHIPS WHIPPED. 135 Men Are Killed or Wounded in Bombardment of San Pedro.

San Juan, Porto Rico, March 9.-A communication from San Pedro de Marcoris, Santo Domingo, gives details of the bombardment of that place on February 27 by the Dominican warships Presidente and Estella.

The captain of the Presidente, a Spaniard, and sixty men on board of her were killed, only six of the crew escaping without injuries. In all seventy-four men were killed and twenty-five wounded on the two ships.

The insurgents lost the company of the Chicago City Poils of the

WORK OF CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE SENATE.

For almost four hours the Squate, on the 3d, while technically engaged on the naval appropriation bill, discussed a wide range subjects, including the policy of the United States in the Philippines and the Russo-Japanese war. The principal participants were Messrs. Hale, Bacon, Lodge, Depew, Patterson, Perkins and Money, Mr. Hale, in charge of the naval bill, criticised the plans of the naval board as tending to an establishment beyond the needs of the an establishment beyond the needs of the country. Mr. Lodge, Mr. Depew and Mr. Perkins defended the naval officers. Mr. Lodge declared a large navy essential to the maintenance of peace. Mr. Money said he did not consider the total appropriation, \$97.000,000, carried by the bill as excessive under our present policy in the Orient. He, however, criticised that policy, as did other Democratic speakers. The Senate at 5:09 p. m. went into executive session, and at 5:16 p. m. adjourned. Practically the entire time of the Senate on

Practically the entire time of the Senate on the 4th was given to consideration of the question of the selection of a site for a naval training station on the Great Lakes. Most of the senators from states bordering on the lakes participated in a controversy over an effort to secure as an amendment to the committee amendment of a new commission to select a site. This amendment was due to the fact that a former commission had given preference to Lake Bluff, Ill. Mr. Foraker contended for the advantages of Put-in-Bay, O. The committee amendment was modified so as to make it apply to all of the Great Lakes and not alone to Lake Michigan. Mr. Quaries' amendment was not acted on and will be considered tomorrow. A bill was passed amending the law governing leaves of absence of persons employed in the executive departments. It specifically excludes Sundays and legal holidays from the thirty days' annual leave of such employes, and extends the law so as to make it cover the clerks and employes of the government printing office. Mr. Foster (Wash.) introduced a bill confirming the grant of right of way to the Northern Pacific railroad and its successors. The Senate at 5 p. m. weninto executive session and at 5:95 p. m. adjourned.

The House on the 4th had under consideration bill. At 5 p. m. the Indian appropriation bill. At 5 p. m. the Indian appropriation bill. At the Gust a discussion of the first Lake which is the Gust and and Indian appropriation bill. At 10 p. and the House adjourned. The House adjourned. The House adjourned the reading of which for the purpose of amending of which for the purpose of anending of which for the purpose of amending of which for the purpose of an emponding of which for the purpose of the secure to take the rail of the Great Lakes and not the Indian appropriation bill. At 2th had under Consideration bill.

The Senate on the 5th agreed to the report of the conference committee on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. A bill was passed authorizing the President to extend an invitation to the international congress of hygiene to meet in Washington in 1909. The naval appropriation bill was taken up, and the discussion assumed a political aspect. Mr. Clay held that the Monroe doctrine was not in danger, and that nothing is so likely to make trouble with other powers as an immense navy manned by many ambitious men. Mr. Depew replied to Mr. Clay and declared that the country will have a large myrchant marine some time and should have a navy big enough to praight it. Mr. Hale asserted that should Japan its successful in the present war the United States would find more danger to commercial interests from that ambitious power than any other. The amendment proposed by

session. At 5:28 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

The Senate on the Sth spent most of its time discussing committee amendments to the army bill concerning provisional troops in the Philippines and the consolidation of the adjutant general's office with the record and pension office. Both were accepted: The bill was amended so as to provide for an increase in the engineer corps. The discussion of the bill was not completed. The bill of Mr. Newlands to preserve the vista from the dome of the national capitol to Washington monument by restricting the erection of public buildings to a line 400 feet on either side of a central line between the points named was referred to the committee on tipistrict of Columbia. The fortifications bill was reported from the committee on appropriations, with a net increase of \$506,000 over the bill passed by the House, making the total \$7,637,192. After a brief executive session the Senate at 5:54 p. m. adjourned.

The Senate on the 9th adopted a resolution by Mr. Hoar directing the committee.

On the Senate on the 9th adopted a resolution directing the Klowa, Chickasaw & Fort Smith Radlway company to sell its property introduced a resolution directing the secretary of commerce and labor to investigate the cause of the present high price of Smith Radlway company to sell its property introduced a resolution directing the Elowa, Chickasaw & Fort Smith Radlway company to sell its property introduced a resolution directing the Elowa, Chickasaw & Fort Smith Radlway company to sell its property introduced a resolution directing the Elowa, Chickasaw & Fort Smith Radlway company to sell its property introduced a resolution directing the Elowa, Chickasaw & Fort Smith Radlway company to sell its property introduced a resolution directing the Elowa, Chickasaw & Fort Smith Radlway company to sell its property introduced a resolution directing the Elowa, Chickasaw & Fort Smith Radlway company to sell its property introduced a resolution directing the Elowa in Indian territory. Representative of comme

at 5:54 p. m. adjourned.

The Senate on the 9th adopted a resolution by Mr. Hoar directing the committee on postoffices to investigate and report whether further legislation is needed to secure the rights of persons who complain that their correspondence is interfered with unjustly. Consideration of the army appropriation bill was resumed, and Mr. Bacon protested against the acceptance of the statue of Erederick the Great tendered the statue of Frederick the Great, tendered by Emperor William, on the ground that Frederick the Great was not in sympathy with American institutions. Mr. Stewart replied that Mr. Bacon grossly misrepresentreplied that Mr. Bacon grossiy misrepresented the character of Frederick. The discussion was dropped and the army appropriation hill was passed, as was the Philippine shipping bill. Senator Quay introduced a bill appropriating \$50,000 to be divided among several technical schools, including Purdue university, for the purpose of determining engineering problems in connection with the counterbalance in locomotive diviving wheels. Senator Morgan introduced tion with the counterbalance in locomotive driving wheels. Senator Morgan introduced a joint resolution directing the isthmian canal commission to examine the practicability of railroad transportation of vessels and their cargoes across the Isthmus of Panama. At 4:03 o'clock the Senate went into executive session and Senator Cullom reported favorably the commercial treaty with King Meneiik. At 5:40 the Senate adjourned. journed

PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE.

In the House on the 3d was read a letter from Grover Cleveland to Representative Webb of North Carolina, denying that C. H. J. Taylor, a negro, had dined with him at the white house while he was President, as charged by Representative Scott of Kansas charged by Representative Scott of Kansas a few days ago. Mr. Scott offered his apology to the former President, saying henever before had heard the statement denied. A discussion of the race diestion followed, during which Mr. Williams, the minority leader withing President Roose. lowed, during which Mr. Williams, the minority leader, criticised President Roosevelt for having invited Booker T. Washington to a seat at his table. Representative Webb said Mr. Cleveland had been a frieud of the negro, but never had held out to him the hope of social equality. Mr. Williams said objection to the appointment of a negro to position was met with the statement that there could be no discrimination, but asserted that a Chinaman would not be appointed a postmaster on the Pacific be appointed a postmaster on the Pacific coast. The House passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill and took up the Indian appropriation bill. At 5 p. m. the House adjourned.

The House on the 4th had under consideration that the state of the

in the dispatch from Philadelphia quoting Edwin S. Cramp as saying:

The last payment is now on deposit in a bank subject to our orders as soon as we present the papers showing that the cruiser has been turned over to the Turkish government. This ceremony will probably occur Thursday.

RUSSIA UNEASY

REGARDING AMERICA.

In Statement Czar's Government Says

That European Situation Would Be Perfect but for Mr. Hay.

St. Petersburg, March 9.—The undefined misgivings existing in very high quarters here regarding the ultimate aims and purposes of the foreign policy of the United States were voiced today in the following remarkable statement to the Associated Press:

"Wore it not for a single unknown"

The Senate on the Sth spent most of its would say that should Japan in such that should Japan in such the safety in the present war the United States were voiced to account that should Japan in such that the last should Japan in such that the last should Japan in such that the least of the United States were voiced to account that the papers showing that the cruiser has been turned over to the first that the cruiser has been turned over to the committee amendment proposed by Mr. Mann (III.) and Mr. Sherman that the United States were should find more danger to commercial in behalf of Omaba. The postoffice appropriation bill in the perific Rail-way company in New Mcxico was passed. The Foraker gave the original amendment as annended agreed to. Mr. Foraker gave the foraker gave the original amendment as annended agreed to. Mr. Foraker gave that the conmittee on postoffices and postroads on the Hay resolution, which were laid to the Atlantic & Pacific Rail-way company in New Mcxico was passed. The Foraker gave the original amendment as annended agreed to. Mr. Foraker gave and to the Atlantic & Pacific Rail-way company in New Mcxico was passed. The Foraker gave the foraker gave and the original amendment as annended agreed to. Mr. Foraker gave the foraker gave and so the foraker gave and so the foraker gave and so the fora

was sent back to conference. At 5:05 p. m. the House adjourned.

When the House met on the 9th Bourke Cockran was sworn in. Mr. Overstreet suggested postponement of consideration of the Hay resolution bearing upon the Bristow in report. Mr. Hay objected. Mr. Hepburn of lowa said an investigation would bring out no facts not brought to light by the committee report. to which William Alden Smith retorted that facts had been suppressed and could be discovered. Mr. Hepburn said no member of the House of Representatives desired to screen anyone. Mr. Williams, the minority leader, said he wanted the corruption in the postoffice department investigated, not by the friends of the men whose guilt was suspected, but by a committee appointed by the speaker. Mr. Overstreet spoke for an hour on the Hay resolution. He said there was in no instance any violation of the law whatever by any member of Congress in making recommendation either for clerk hire or increase of rental of postoffice buildings. Another committee would reach the same conclusions that the previous committee had reported. Mr. Overstreet moved that the morrow which was agreed to unanimously reported. Mr. Overstreet moved that the delate be continued until 4 o'clock tomorrow, which was agreed to unanimously. Various members mentioned in the Bristow report condemned it. The naval appropriation bill was sent to conference, and at 5 o'clock the House adjourned.

& Chicago Matters =

-As the result of an injury to his right hand, John Plugger, 45 years old, died at his home.

dena. Cal. -Frank F. Sherlock, switchman for the Chicago, Lake Shore and Eastern

Railroad company, was run over and instantly killed in the company's yards. -Malachy Hogan, former saloonkeeper, well known in sporting circles, seek:

relief from debts of \$7162 under the bankruptcy laws. He lists liabilities of \$7162 and assets of \$177. -The bursting of a fire plug on the fireboat Illinois in fighting flames which destroyed the malt drying kiln of the George Bullen company, threw Pilot John Hubbard of the fireboat against the apstan, causing injuries from which he died while on the way to a hospital. The

blaze resulted in a loss of \$100,000. -Arthur Tripp, a sailor, was found unconscious under a sidewalk. He was taken to St. Elizabeth's hospital, where it was learned his skull had been frac tured at the base and it was said his injury probably would prove futal. The

the two ships.

The insurgents lost thirty-six men killed or wounded. The Presidente was driven away at daybreak February 28.

Several defeats of the troops of President Morales, with heavy losses, have been reported lately.

Several defeats of the troops of President Morales, with heavy losses, have been reported lately.

Company, is saited to leave Chicago soon "What is to become general manager or supering the supering the supering and the s

that he will become one of the most important officials of the corporation.

—James Kerby, for many years a member of the board of trade, died at his residence. Mr. Kerby was a native of Brantford, Ont., where he was born in the year 1826. During the period of his association with the board of trade he persisted in wearing clothes of an -Charles Counselman of Chicago, one antiquated pattern, oblivious to the of the large operators on the board of changes of fashion that had occurred trade, is reported critically ill at Pasa-since the days of his youth.

An Interesting Operation. Here is another "Queer Sign," which

actually to be seen today on Chestnut Wanted: Girls to Sew Buttons On The Fourth Floor.

* —Philadelphia Press. Straw Hats for the Navy.

Sailors in the tropics may be equipped with straw hats. A naval surgeon, Dr. H. C. Delancy of the Petrel, has recommended this substitution for the familiar white duck hat of the service. He says the latter article is not comfortable in hot climates, and that the enlisted force should be furnished with something which will be more suitable in the tropical sta-The idea meets with general antions.

Precedent.

Little Wackie, one of the twins, stood at the bed taking the first view of his little baby brother. He began peering on the other side of the bed.

"What is it, Wackie?" asked the nurse.
"I was just lookin' for the other one,"—Cleveland Leader.

-- Sugar beets thrive in different kinds of soil, in diverse climates and over a

BALFOUR TO FALL.

The Eritish Ministry Has a Very THE SOLDIERS TAKE PACKAGES OF Close Call from Meeting Defeat.

CHAMBERLAIN IN CONTROL.

Former Colonial Secretary Musters One Hundred Votes in the House

of Commons.

BALFOUR'S MAJORITY IS SMALL.

London, March 10. - The Balfour ministry was so near defeat by Chamberlain's followers in the House of Commons last night that, after its majority had been reduced to forty-six votes, it was compelled to withdraw a question it

had put before the House.

The strength of the Chamberlain party astounded his opponents. One hundred members of the House arrayed themselves against the premier.

It is now admitted that the Balfour cabinet remains in office only by the consent of Joseph Chamberlain and the pronounced protectionists.

Pirie recipitates Issue.

tention to the public utterances of Chan-cellor of the Exchequer Austen Chamber-lain and other members of the govern-ment on the fiscal question, moved "that this house, noting the continued agita-tion in favor of continued protective or preferential tariffs, which is encouraged by the language used by certain of his majesty's ministers, deem it necessary to express its condemnation of such policy."
Mr. Pirie's motion was debated for three hours. Herbert H. Asquith, the principal opposition speaker, drew from Premier Balfour the admission that he had withdrawn the memorandum present ed to the cabinet, advocating preferential

tariffs and a tax on food.

Premier Balfour spoke after Mr. Asquith and repeated his statement that a general election must precede any fundamental change in the fiscal policy. He said he did not believe the country would accept any fiscal arrangement with the colonies involving the taxation of food. Mr. Pirie's motion was finally rejected by 289 votes to 243, and loud opposition cheers greeted the reduction in the government's majority to 46. A number of free food unionists supported Mr. Piric, and some protectionists abstained from

Amendment Is Withdrawn.

As an offset to the Pirie motion, Premier Balfour put up a Conservative member of the House, John Lloyd Wharton, to move an amendment "approving the ministerial declarations of the fiscal policy, as including neither a general system of protection nor preference based on the taxation of food."

Chamberlainites to the number of 100 held a hurried and informal meeting last evening, and as a result they intimated to the government that unless the Wharamendment be withdrawn would abstain from voting on the Pirie

As this would certainly have led to the defeat of the government, Mr. Whar-ton's amendment was withdrawn. The incident proves that Premier Bal-our can hold office only by consent of the pronounced protectionists.

MAIL POUCHES DISAPPEAR. Several Containing Valuable Papers Are Unaccountably Missing.

Marinette, Wis., March 10 .- The pos-Mariuette, Wis., Starta to locate sever-tal authorities are trying to locate sever-al pouches of valuable mail which were either lost or stolen Wednesday night on the North-Western road.

The regular train was blocked by snow near Ishpeming and a special was sent on to take its place. The special had no on to take its place. The special bad no mail car, but picked up the pouches at the various stations and put them in the laggage car.

One sent from here, containing several thousand dollars, in valuable paper, is gone, it is said, and several other pouches are missing. The pouches sent from Menominee and Escanaba are also said to

The Marinette and Menominee banks and business houses in both cities had much important mail on the train and all the registered mail of the government is

THERE IS NO "EMILY BROWN."

Not Empress of Korea.

Minister Allen at Seoul has been obliged to print identical replies to a number of women correspondents denying the truth of the story, and declares that there is no room in Korea for foreign female nurses, governesses, companions and the

HORSES IN COLLEGE HALLS. Students of Wesleyan University Carry Out All Sorts of Pranks.

New Haven, Conn., March 10.-The students at Wesleyan university pinned an ash sifter to the flagstaff, put two horses and three wagons in the recitation rooms, and committed a lot of other The ringleaders probably will expelled.

PRIEST WILL HEAL NO MORE.

Peshtigo Clergyman Said to Have Wonderful Power of Curing.

Marinette, Wis., March 10.-[Special.] Rev. Father Dagnault, a Catholic priest at Peshtigo, has published an announcement in which he says he will receive no more patients. For several months past he has been treating many afflighted people who gave to him. afflicted people who came to him from all parts of the state and upper peninsula. has made many cures, so his friends claimed, but on account of the notoriety he received from the newspapers he has decided to cease the healing work. He claims that he heals by the power of theodic force of the body and ridicules. the idea that it is Dowieism or Christian

Two New State Banks.

Madison, Wis., March 10 .- Commissioner of Banking Bergh has approved after examination the articles of incorporation of two new state banks: poration of two new state banks:

State bank, village of Hilbert, Calumet county; capital, \$15,000; incorporators, T. E. Connell, John J. Madler, J. W. Grupe, John Weber, Theodore W. Runte, William Schmidler, John Nilles, Martin G. Vallesky and H. E. Luehrs. Messrs. Connell and Madler are the principal stockholders, each having sixty-seven shares of \$100 each.

Potosi State bank, Potosi, Grant county; capital, \$10,000; incorporators, Adam Schumacher, George H. Lewis, T. H. Runkel, J. H. Coons, W. C. Hymer and E. A. Berge.

DYNAMITE FOUND ON WHITE MOBS.

EXPLOSIVES FROM MEN AT SPRINGFIELD, O.

No More Violence in the Race War--Additional Companies of Militia Are Expected.

Springfield, O., March 10 .- Springfield's race war appears more threatening today than it did last night. Ten companies of Ohio militia are on guard. Seven more companies of soldiers have known been called for. White mobs are marching up and down the city in defiance of the mayor's proclamation for mobs to keep off the streets. The woods about the city are supposed to be filled with the male population of the negro settlements, and the white citizens fear they will mobilize and make an attack on the city blockhold and make an attack on the city blockhold and incomplication be he city, bloodshed and incendiarism being the result. All day crowds stalked bout clamoring for certain hom they called "bad men." any clash of the warring races. One owd of men gave the soldiers much difficulty. It seemed determined to enter the unburned negro district. The militiaacted vigorously in dispersing the mob, however, and were rewarded by Pirie recipitates Issue.

The debate which so nearly wrecked to ministry was precipitated by Duncan Pirie (Liberal), who, after calling at-

FLOOD DANGER OVER FOR THE PRESENT.

People at Wilkesbarre and in Valley of the Susquehanna Return to Their Homes.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 10.-The Susquehanna river is receding rapidly. At 9 o'clock today it was 26.7 feet above low water mark, a fall of nearly four feet during the last twenty-four hours. Many of the streets are clear of water and people are returning to their homes.

There is no indication, however, that any of the gorges have broken.

The ice gorge at Clark's Island, below the town of Catawissa, has forced the water into Front and Water streets, and scores of families have been compelled to take value, with their neighbors who live take refuge with their neighbors who live on higher ground.

The water at Bloomsburg now extends up Leonard street as far as Third street. Many of the industries of the town are located in that section and today it was found that the boiler rooms were flooded, putting out the fires and rendering it impossible to start the machinery. The ellars and first floors of hundreds of dwelling houses are under water. damage to property will be heavy.

There is almost a complete suspension of mining throughout the valley. The water is flowing into the collieries faster than it can be pumped out. As a result fully 8000 miners are idle today.

There is a total suspension of traffic on the Pennsylvania and Delaware, Lacka-wanna & Western roads. The officials of the latter road say that it will take a week after the flood subsides before they

Port Jervis, N. J., March 9.-The ice rge which formed yesterday in the Delaware river three miles below here gave way in part today and the immense body of water in the streets began slowbody of water in the submerged portions by to subside and the submerged portions of the town, extending five blocks back from the river, commenced to emerge from the flood. Hundreds of persons ere homeless during the night. Lancaster, Pa., March 9.—The Susque-

Lancaster, Fa., March 9.—The Susque-hanna river is well within its banks to-day, and all of the towns flooded yester-day are again clear of water. Reports from the lower section of the river state that the tracks of the railway are buried beneath great masses of ice.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 9.-The Susehanna river in this region has fallen below the danger line and residents of the lowlands are moving back into their

NEWS OF SHEBOYGAN.

Colored Children at Atlanta (Ga.) School Send Flowers to George W. Spratt.

Sheboygan, Wis., March 10.-[Special.] -- Ex-Assemblyman George W. U. S. Minister Says American Woman Is Spratt is in receipt of a beautiful bouquet of roses and carnations from the Washington, D. C., March 10,-S, colored people at the head of the Inmuch publicity has been given in the press to a story that the Emperor of Children located at Atlanta, Ga. The Korea had married an American woman named Emily Brown that United States token of approximation of the states token of approximation of the states. token of appreciation of the many liberal contributions he has made to the school. The marriage of Miss Alma Ewer-hardt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. Ewerhardt and one of the best known young ladies of the city., and Edward Dix was solemnized last evening by Rev. Wollbrecht. After the ceremony a reception took place at the home of the bride's parents.

T. C. Tasche of Howard's Grove will leave for Manitowoc, where he will engage in the practice of medicine. He has turned over his practice in this county to Dr. Franzel.

Street Commissioner Amann is at

Several hundred feet of ice have been dynamited in the vicinity of the New Jersey avenue bridge. A space of 60 by 100 feet has been cleared. This, it is thought, will place the bridge in safety when the ice begins going down stream.

At a meeting of the directors of the
White Front Mission and Annex.
Charles Blom was appointed as manager of these two institutions to fill the vacancey caused by the resignation of Ernest Jones. Mr. Jones will assist Rev. J. T. Chynoweth in the work of organizing Sunday school conventions.

PASTOR'S VOICE RESTORED.

Rev. D. E. Standard Had Been Dumb for Five Months.

St. Louis, Mo., March 10. After being speechless for five months as the result of a fall from a street car, Rev. D. E. Standard, pastor of St. Luke's Methodist church, suddenly recovered his voice. He had learned the sign language and while conversing in this way with his wife, he suddenly felt impelled to speak and shouted, "I can talk." The return of his voice is apparently permanent.

South Carolina Congressman Dead. Washington, D. C., March 10.—Representative George W. Croft of Aiken, S. C., died at his home in this city today

DIVIDE JAP FORCES INTO FOUR ARMIES.

The Mobilization of the Mikado's Troops Proceeds Slower Than Was Expected.

Shanghai, March 8 .- The mobilization of Japanese troops proceeds regularly but much slower than expected. Once landed Korea and Manchuria the Japanese forces will be divided into four armies. The points of concentration selected by the Japanese general staff are not yet

London, March S.—According to the Chefoo correspondent of The Morning Post, it is expected that the Japanese, will reach the left bank of the lower Yalu about March 10.

Fugitive bits of information from the

enst indicate the rapid advance of Japanese army north from its base A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Ping Yang says 2000 Russian cavalry with seven guns retreated on March 2 through Kusong and Soncho towards

after destroying telegraph wires Kusong is scarcely fifty miles from the Yalu river, and military experts here point out that the Russians would not retreat unless the advance guard of the

with superior force.

Japan, it is believed, has nearly 100,600 men at Ping Yang, while large
scouting parties are working fully 100 miles north of that base.
It is rumored here that Gen. Kouropatkin dislikes the prospect of long, in-decisive fighting among the Korean mountains north of Ping Yang, and that therefore he will order the Russian

forces to retire on the Yalu. MARQUIS ITO SENT TO SEE

Mikado Writes to the Emperor of Hermit Kingdom-Important Project Under Way.

KOREAN RULER.

Tokio, March 8 .- The Marquis Ito is going to Korea on a special mission for the Emperor, the purpose of the trip not Mikado to the Emperor of Korea. He will depart on the 15th inst and will be absent about three weeks. Count Tsuzu-ko, secretary of the privy council; Gen. Usugawa, Admiral Sakamoto and Viscount Higashizo will accompany the marquis on his trip.

SULTAN HOLDING BACK THE FLEET.

Russia Cannot Get Her Black Sea Squadron Through the Dardanelles.

far met the requests of the Russian am-

acceptable by Russia.

One of these conditions naturally is that Russia shall break off or evade the fulfillment of her agreements with Austria respecting the Balkans, give the Sultan leave to settle the controversy by his own methods and assist Turkey should Austria or other powers dispute the Sul-

Russia Rejects Proposals.

Russia rejected these proposals as preposterous, but she renewed her request, which there seems little likelihood of the Sultan yielding, as British diplomacy tive at Constantinople in urging on the Porte a strict observance of the Ber-

France, so far as can be perceived here, has not seconded Russia in this matter. Such a step as permitting the Black sea fleet to pass the Dardanelles would be regarded diplomatically as a breach of neutrality on the part of Turthough Great Britain's opposition to it, being aimed at the maintenance of the status quo, is not so considered. Russia's diplomatic weight at Constan-

tinople has been somewhat reduced by the occurrences in the far east. The Porte will give nothing without a heavy

subject. The most that Germany will do in the presence of a bargain between Russia and Turkey for the release of the Black sea fleet would be to maintain sience, neither advising nor assisting ther party. The government here is look ing ahead. It can conceive of a time when it will be to Germany's advantage to have a portion of the Russian navy Austria and Italy are not moving at Constantinople, where all the powers therefore except Russia and Great Britain are quiescent.

May Lose Her Ships.

now if she could, in the opinion of experts here because her Black sea fleet is not ready for a far eastern campaign and if it were ready Russia would wait work in thawing open the catch basins to allow the thawing ice and snow to equipped. It is believed that Russia could not hope for a decisive naval suc-cess without the Baltic, Black sea and At the regular meeting of the Woman's club, Mrs. Maude Newing read an interesting sketch on Denmark. Miss Edna Bisho presented a paper on Hans Christian Anderson and his works.

TAKE DOWN RUSSIAN BUILDING AT FAIR.

Czar Decided That His Country Will Not Be Represented at the St. Louis Exposition.

St. Louis, Mo., March 8.-The framework for the Russian national pavilion at he world's fair was torn down today on receipt of a cablegram from St. Petersburg by Contractor Le Coeur, who has been in charge of the work. Work on the framework of the pavilion was well

The cablegram was from the department of the interior, briefly ordering such work as had been completed torn down. HE WAS ONLY CARELESS.

Didn't Misappropriate Funds. Manila, March S .- Lieut, John Wise Morse, paymaster of the battleship Wisconsin, who recently was accused of ir-regularities in his commissary fund accounts, has been tried by a courtmartial and exonerated from the charge of misappropriating funds. The courtmartial, however, found him guilty of neglect of duty and sentenced him to be reduced ten

RECITALS OF CAMP AND BAT-TLE INCIDENTS.

Survivors of the Rebellion Relate Many Amusing and Startling Incidents of Marches, Camp Life, Foraging Experiences and Battle Scenes.

"It was my good fortune," said Major N. G. Franklin, "to see General George H. Thomas in action at the battle of Nashville. General Kimball had ordered me to carry a message to one of our brigades, and after delivering below. Scouts sent down to investithe message I was unable to find the General to make my report. A staff officer informed me I would find Kimball with General Thomas, and I sought the latter. He sat on his horse, cool and alert, and I remember how quietly he said to Kimbail: 'General, you will order your second brigade

"As I was the only staff officer not otherwise engaged. I volunteered to carry the order. I was just starting. in command swore they must get those two wagons and contents up hill and the part of Mr. Martin, backed by sevinto line or he would have them shot. when a sharp shooter got range of General Thomas' headquarters and a before night they, with the assistance bullet killed General Kimball's horse under him. After extricating the General and ordering another horse for him I started with my order. There was no excitement at headquarters. General Thomas acted as though the incident were an every-day occurrence and not worth mentioning.

"Lieutenant Colonel Hallowell, then only 22 years of age, commanding the Thirty-First Indiana, led one division skirmish line, and when his troops tling the estate of the late Col. Frank took a strongly fortified position of the Confederates on Montgomery hill, General Kimball and staff followed them through the embrasure. As the General's horse made the leap he was hipped and was useless forevermore as a war horse. As I saw one of Kimball's horses killed and the other hurt, my affidavit made it possible for the General to get pay for both horses.

"As the division skirmish line was filing into this improvised fort, I saw Captain Kaldenbaugh of the Ffty-First Ohio dusting the uniform of a Confederate soldier with a riding whip, being understood here by those outside of It appeared that the Captain had or high official circles. The Marquis Ito dered the Confederate to surrender, will carry an autograph letter from the and, the latter replying offensively, the Captain gave him a good licking. was so much interested in this encounter that I did not hear the zip of rifle balls or the bursting of shells in my vicinity. The captain brought in his man.."

"That reminds me," said the Ser geant, "that soldiers rarely or never settled personal quarrels by resort to arms. The boys in the old Sibley tents, with their muskets or rifles in easy reach, would fight with fists to a finish, but no man, even if hard pressed, Berlin, March 8 .- The Porte has thus would think of using his musket. bassador to Turkey, M. Zinovieff, to per- their wagons, would fight out their mit the Black sea fleet to pass the Dar- feuds with whips or clubs, but in our danelles by naming conditions wholly un- division not a single teamster ever

threatened to shoot another. "This was a matter of instinct, of former environment, and of training. Men from country and city regarded the guns they carried in the army as governmental rather than personal equipment, to be used against the enemies of the nation. When it came to personal differences they were settled in the old neighborhood way, without reference to military discipline or equipment. One man of a company might throw a stone at another, might strike a comrade with a club, or beat him with his fists, and retain his standing, but if he used a gun or bayonet against another soldier he was lost,

"This was an unwritten regulation rarely violated. On one occasion a quarrel of long standing was in process of settlement in ous Sibley, when the little funnelshaped stove of that day was overturned and the tent thrown down. Up to this time there had been no active interference on the part of the inconvenienced members of the mess. But when one of the fighters rolled from under the fallen tent and in his blind rage caught up a rifle to use as a club, there was interference at once, and both men were

bundled off to the guardhouse. "This did not settle the quarrel. Two weeks after that it broke out again, while the regiment was resting in line after repelling an assault by Russia would not use the Dardanelles the enemy. In the lull the two feudists went at each other hammer and tongs, and were rolling and tumbling when the rebels advanced in force. They were so intent in punishing each other that they seemed oblivious of the enemy's fire, and made no move when the company began to retire. Winded at last, they discovered they were alone in the immediate front of the charging rebels. They grabbed their guns and scooted for our lines. One was wounded and the other dropped by his side until he could bring the wounded man in. That settled the

quarrel. "Just before Chickamauga, when teamsters were working overtime and covering a good deal of new and rough country, and consequently were very irritable, there was a quarrel, with a serious outcome, among teamsters of a train following up the uncertain movements of our division. We of the train guard were expecting trouble, but we didn't expect it to come just as the train was moving along a trail or shelf in the mountain barely wide Paymaster of Battleship Wisconsin enough for wagons in single column. One side was a precipitous cliff, extending upward, and on the other a steep declivity, extending downward to the bottom of the ravine.

"However, as the center of the train "However, as the center of the train feached this point one of the teamsters struck, from his high seat, at another teamster who had left his seat for a moment and was on the ground. The weight of the average sized man is 140 pounds; of a woman 125 pounds and placed in the Congo by a Belgian and placed in the Congo market steady to stronger; beef steers, 3:2503.00; cows and helfers, 2:6503.75; canners, 1.7502.60; stockers and feeders, 2:7504.15; calves, 3:1003.50.0; cows and helfers, 2:6503.75; canners, 1.7502.60; market steady to stronger; beef steers, 3:2503.00; cows and helfers, 2:6503.75; canners, 1.7502.60; market steady to stronger; beef steers, 3:2503.00; cows and helfers, 2:6503.75; canners, 1.7502.60; cows and helfers, 2:6503.75; canners, 1.7502.60; market steady to stronger; beef steers, 3:2503.00; cows and helfers, 2:6503.75; canners, 1.7502.60; cows and helfers, 2:6503.75; canners, 1.7502.60; cows and helfers,

THE BOOMING CANNON Quick as a flash the teamster on the ground struck the mules of the other, and while the latter was striving to control his tangled-up team climbed up to pull him off his seat. The two clinched as they fell forward on the frightened mules, and were clawing at each other as they went rolling down the declivity. The two driverless teams bolted, and, wheeling in a

panic, went with the two wagons down

the incline after the scrapping drivers.

"The teams in front and behind had a wild scramble, but were kept to the narrow road. When the commander of the guard arrived at the scene of hostilities two wagons and two drivers were missing, and no sounds came from gate found two bruised teamsters working together to get their wagons right side up and to shake their bewildered mules into a realization of their duties. mules into a realization of their duties. thurch from Richland Center, Wis., a With the teamsters who had rolled year ago. Two deacons may also re-With the teamsters who had toned down fighting like wild cats it was down fighting like wild cats it was the cause of the trouble is a wealthy wine merchant. With his family, he has a wealthy wine merchant. they were working together sympathetically and enthusiastically. The Major in command swore they must get those Jake and Tom both said, 'Sure,' and of the other teamsters and by the use of long ropes and the cutting of a new road, had the wagons and their crippled mules in their old place in line. However, it was an expensive quarrel for them, and they never forgot it."--Chicago Inter Ocean.

Fought Against Himself.

The story told by old letters, dairies and other documents discovered in set-Coxe, who died recently at Asheville, N. C., furnishes proof that very often truth is stranger than fiction. From the records it appears that Col. Coxe served in the Union and Confederate armies at the same time, fought against himself in many battles, ran away from himself on more than one occasion, was twice shot to death, and lived to a ripe old age, haunted always by the fear that he had killed himself.

Col. Coxe was born Nov. 12, 1839, in Rutherford, N. C. When the Civil War broke out, Coxe got a commission as colonel in the Confederate army. He was a wealthy man, and after the war had been in progress for some time he received information that certain large property interests that he had in Pennsylvania were in danger of confiscation by the Federal authorities. Col. Coxe told his troubles to President Jefferson Davis, who relieved him from duty and gave him permission to go north on indefinite leave of absence. The colonel was a

short time - playing the part of a Union sympathizer-when he was drafted for the Union army. Then he hired another substitute, a Union man this time. Soon afterward, owing to troubles with the Confederate government, he left the United States and 3.75; went to Paris, where he lived for 16,000;

many years. The soldiers who served as substitutes for Col. Coxe in the Union and Confederate armies were both killed in the same battle-one of the last of the great conflict-and Mr. Coxe ever afterward considered himself in a way personally responsible for their deaths. Straw steady; rye. 8.50; oats, 7.00; wheat, 6.00; packing hay, 6.50@6.75.

In his later years he even grew fanciful enough to imagine that as the two substitutes were killed in the same battle, they might have shot one another or one might have killed the other in some way. His morbid belief on this point was strengthened when years afterward he looked up the details of the battle and found that during the conflict the regiment in which the Northern substitute was enrolled had been opposed through a long hardfought day by the regiment in which the Southern substitute was serving. Col. Coxe died with this conviction firm in his mind, as is shown by the

letters and papers recently discovered. Brothers Are Reunited.

A letter, as of from the dead, was received recently by Captain Jonathan Morris of Audubon, near Phoenix ville, Pa. The missive was from his brother, Samuel Morris, now a resident of Galveston, Texas, whom he had not seen nor heard from since the battle of Gettysburg, more than forty years ago, and had since mourned as dead.

ago, and had since mourned as dead.

The brothers were both members of a Pennsylvania regiment and fought side by side throughout the first of that terrible conflict. On the afternoon of the second day Samuel was wounded and carried from the field.

42c; track, 42½c; May, 40c; No. 2 white, 40½c; Cash No. 2 hard, 83½c; July, 77½c; cash No. 2 whose form the field.

42c; track, 42½c; May, 40c; No. 2 white, 40½c; No. 3, 30½c; Cash No. 2 whose form the field.

42c; track, 42½c; May, 40c; No. 2 white, 40½c; No. 3, 20½c; Cash No. 2 whose form the field.

LIQUOR MAN CAN'T JOIN HIS CHURCH.

FORMER WISCONSIN CLERGYMAN RESIGNS HIS CHARGE IN BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Refuses to Act as Minister to Congregation Which Admits Wine Merchant to Church Membership.

New York, March 10.-Rather than ountenance in church membership a man engaged in the liquor business, Rev. Edwin M. Martin, assistant paster of the Lewis Avenue Congregational church, Brooklyn, has handed in his resignation. He came to the Brooklyn

enrolled member. When his name was merchant was admitted and the assistant minister's resignation followed.

Lutherans Meet at Dodgeville. Dodgeville, Wis., March 10. - [Special.]—The Madison district convention

of the United Lutheran church is being held in this city this week. A large number of ministers and laymen are

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

MILWAUKEE, MARCH 9, 1904. EGG AND DAIRY MARKETS. MILWAUKEE — Eggs — Market easy strictly fresh laid, at mark, cases returned, 17c; cases included, at mark, 16c; seconds, 14c; checks, 12c.

Butter—Easy; choice grades are in fair demand; dairy is easy; creamery, extra, per lb, 24½c; prints, 25c; firsts, 21@22c; seconds, 19c; renovated, 16c; prints, 17c; dairy prints, 18c; fancy dairy, 16@17c; rolls, 13@14c; llnes, 13@14c; packing stock, 19c; whey, 8c.

rolls, 13@14c; lines, 13@14c; packing stock, 10c; whey, 8c.
Cheese—Steady; American full cream twins, 10½@11c; Young Americas, 11@11½c; Daisles, 11½@11¾c; Longhorus, 11½@11¾c; Limburger, per 1b, new, No. 1, 11½c; 08 grade, 7@8c; fancy new Brick, 12½@13c; low grades, 8@9c; imported Swiss, 25c; low grades, 8@9c; imported Swiss, 25c; Drum Swiss, domestic, 13@13½c; fancy Block, 12¾@13½c; Sapsago, 18c.
PLYMOUTH, Wis., March 8.—Nine factories offered 542 boxes cheese of which 65 daisies were passed on. The balance soft as follows; One hundred and twenty-eight longhorns, 11½c; 234 daisies, 11¾c; 50 do, 11½c; 25 twins, 9½c; 12 do, 9c; 16 Americas, 10¾c; 12 do, 10½sc. Next meeting March 22, at 3:15 p. m.
CHICAGO, Ill., March 9.—Butter—Easy; 10%c; 12 do, 10%c. Next meeting March 22, at 3:15 p. m. CHICAGO, Ill., March 9.—Butter—Easy; creamerles, 14@23%c; dairles, 13%@21c. Eggs—Steady; at mark, cases included, 16%g@17c. Cheese—Steady; daisies, 11%@11%c; twins, 10%@10%c; Young Americas, 11%d0, 11%c. Poultry—Live, firm: turkeys, 12c; chickens, 12c; springs, 12c. Potatoes—Firm; burbanks, 89@91c; rurals, 87@93c; ref stock, 85@82c. Veal—Steady; 50 to 60 pounds, 4@44%c; 65 to 75 pounds, 5@6c; 80 to 125 pounds, 6%@7%c; 85 to 110 pounds, 7%@8c.

MILWAUKEE LIVE STOCK MARKET. leave of absence. The colonel was a red hot Southerner, so rather than weaken the Confederate army by the loss of a man he hired a substitute teserve for him while he was absent.

He had only been in Pennsylvania a short time. Playing the part of a short time. dlum, 950 to 1050 lbs, 3.50@4.25; helfers, common, 2.50@3.00; goods, 3.50@4.25; cows, fair to good, 2.75@3.50; canners, 1.75@2.25; cutters, 2.25@2.60; bulls, common, 2.40@2.75; cholce, 3.00@3.75; feeders, 800 to 950 lbs, 3.00@3.50; stockers, 500 to 750 lbs, 2.50@3.00; veal calves, light, 4.90@5.00; cholce, 5.00@5.75. Milkers—Common, no demand; cholce, 35.00@42.00.

SHEEP—Receipts, none; steady, 2.75@3.75; bucks, 2.50@2.75; lambs, 5.00@5.75.
Chicago receipts: Hogs, 20,000; cattle, 16,000; sheep, 25,000.

Chicago receipts: 5,000; sheep, 25,000. MILWAUKEE HAY MARKET. Timothy firm; carlots, choice timothy, 10.75@11.00; No. 1 timothy, 10.25@10.50; No. 2 timothy, 8.50@9.50; clover and clover mixed 7.50@8. timothy, 8,50@9.50; clover and clover ixed, 7,50@8.00. Prairie hay steady; choice Kansas, 10.00 10.50; No. 1 Kansas, 9.00@9.50; No. 2, 7.50

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH. 2 northern, on track, 96c, Corn—Dull; No. 3 on track, 44c, Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, on track, 43c; No. 3 white, on track, 40c 42c. Barley—Dull; No. 2 on track, 64c, sample on track, 40c 64c, Rye—Easy; No. 1 on track, 72c. Provisions—Lower; pork, 13,82; lard, 7,27.

Flour market firm; hard spring wheat patents, in wood, 5.20@5.30; hard spring wheat straight, in wood, 5.05@5.15; export patents, in sacks, 4.55; first clear, in sacks, 5.10; low grades, in sacks, 3.55@3.65; rye flour, country pure, in sacks, 3.80@3.90; city pure, in wood, 4.00@4.10.

Millstoffs, are firm, anotted, at 18.00, for pure, in wood, 4.00@4.10.

Millstuff's are firm, quoted at 18.00 for bran, 18.00 for standard middlings and 20.00 for Milwaukee flour middlings. In 100-1b sacks; red dog, 21.00. Delivered at country points, 50c extra.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 9.—Close—Wheat—

CHICAGO, Ill., March 9.—Close—Wheat—May, 92½c; July, 88%c; old, 89¾c; September, 83½c; old, 84½c. Corn—March, 48¾c; May, 51½c; July, 49½c; September, 48%c. Oats—May, 40¾c; July, 38½c; September, 33%c. Pork—May, 13,77½; July, 14.00. Lard—May, 7.30; July, 7.45. Ribs—May, 7.15; July, 7.27½. Rye—May, 68½c; July, 67½c. Flax—Cash northwest, 1.14; southwest, 1.08; May, 1.10. Timothy—March, 3.10. Clover—March, 11.65. Barley—Cash, 37657c. ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 9.—Close—Wheat—Unsettled, closing firm; No. 2 red cash, elevator, 92½c; track, 1.02@1.03½; May, 87%c; July, 84c; No. 2 hard, 88@90c. Corn—Lower: No. 2 cash, 44c; track, 45c; May, 44%c; July, 46%c. Oats—Lower; No. 2 cash, 42c; track, 42½c; May, 40c; No. 2 white, 45½c.

of the second day Samuel was wounded and carried from the field.

Jonathan made a search for his wounded brother, but in the excitement incident to those stirring days no trace of him could be found.

After the employment of every human agency hope gave way to the certainty of the brother's death, and he was mourned as such by the hior ris family.

Recently in reading a Phocaixville paper Samuel read his brother Jonathan's address. He at once wroth North, informing the brother of his whereabouts.

After the battle, Samuel writes, he drifted to Texas, intending to fight Maximilian in Mexico, but he arrived too late. The brothers expect to meet soon and have a family reunion.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A strange animal half tiger and half panther, has been brought back from the Congo by a Belgian and placed in the zoological gardens at Antwerp.

Rapid River Locals.

town is looming up the horizon. It has a neat little mimeographed sheet, which already risen in Gladstone. "Will the does credit to its editor. It is issued turns out fresh goods daily. Fresh Escanaba street street railway be ex- twice a month and gives the latest tended through Gladstone to Rapid Ri- styles in dry goods. ver, and will it be a benefit or a detriment to Rapid River?" Gladstone is Adventist ministers, came here Mondivided as to the effect of the road upon day from Ensign, where they have been that town. Rapid River seems to be conducting services during the winter, the same way. Some hold that it will with several conversions. They intend be a positive advantage to the town; some that it will benefit the people of town, but hurt the merchants; and others that it will be a certain loss to the town. The most certain way to solve the question will be to await the building of the road and watch results. The electric lines in lower Michigan are the means of making the country prosperous and accessible. Freight is car- his house from J. Anglums, where he ried by their lines for the farmers. It has resided this winter. Mr. Anglums is possible to ride on the electric cars came down from the Madden-Schaible from Detroit to Kalamazoo or Bay City camp on the Flat Rock this week and almost as quickly as on the steam will occupy his house. roads. The farmers has but to step out to the track and get on. He can easily ary, conducted services at the church of electing Township Officers and for ship his goods. The fare is light, and here from last Friday till Monday, and the transaction of such other business the cars frequent. On the other hand, went away Tuesday morning. He was as may legally come before said meeting. we do not know what the bad effects of very successful in his endeavors, filling The polls of said election will be opened the roads are. Our merchants claim that if transportation was cheap and speedy, between here and Escanaba, the trade of Rapid River would fall off. The prices, however, on such articles as are sold in Rapid River, are as moderate as in the city, on staples. The large Escanaba stores, however, cut prices on a few side lines, and hold them up as representing the whole, thus deluding for Sebastopol, Wis., where his home is. people from the outlying districts. It He came here on Tuesday of last week is admitted, however, that the railroad to look after some horses he has here, would be a good thing if continued from and to attend to some business matters. here into the farming districts, so as to render communication more easy with to Escanaba Saturday to visit their them. Mr. H. W. Cole stated in an in- friends and relatives, and returned Monterview the other day, that in his opin- day. They went down again this week ion the much heralded Rapid River Val- to take the teachers' examination. ley branch was more detriment to the town than the trolley to Escanaba would be, as it made Trenary the metropolis bly. of the north county, instead of Rapid. It is evident that the times are changing, and we are changed with them. We must adjust ourselves to circumstances, and if the road comes, our merchants must put up with it, as others

Several articles which have appeared in this column lately have been published by our enterprising peninsular contemporaries a few days later under the head of "Telegraph News," "Special dispatch to the Bazoo," and other such scare heads. The Delta is pleased to see such enterprise on the part of its neighbors, and its columns are open to the seissors at any time, but its seems rather odd to the impartial observer to see an item announcing the death of Mr. Wolf's which has run the rounds of a dozen stepson at Custer, Mich., where his papers classed as the latest news from stepfather had gone to attend him. the Far West.

in the woods, notwithstanding the num. pects to take up a farm, having been ber that have come down. The winter there before, to visit relatives. opened early and many men have been working steadily. The weather has in the mails this week, so that this colhindered greatly, but the output may umn is not as full as it should be. Betreach to normal. Owing to the great ter luck next time. lose, the short hauls being the only sat- "David Harum." isfactory ones this winter.

she has been visiting parents and rela- miles above here. tives for the past ten weeks. She was place, who will remain here for some the next day. time, and by a nephew, Mr. Victor Mulholland, of Reed City. Mr. Mulholland expects to obtain employment here.

The railway mail service between now. Rapid River and Gladstone leaves much to be desired; a letter mailed from one station to the other may go to Milwaukee or Soo. The mail clerks are little to blame for this, because their time for sorting is limited, but it does seem that a letter should go five miles on a discharged from the Laing hospital. straight track in less than sixty hours.

Rev. S. A. Walton preached to a very large audience Sunday night. The church was filled with worshippers, and ject of his discourse was "The second per- daughter here, Mrs. Rufus Burt. sonal coming of our Lord." He dethe time is close at hand.

The pleasant weather which came early this week gave promise of better started housekeeping in the Short house. things, but the total depravity of cli- They moved in Monday. matic conditions manifested itse l Thursday morning with the usual confrom Gladstone Sunday to visit his relsequences, and stock in the International atives here. Snowshoe Trust went up 131/4 points on the curb.

The Royal Neighbors initiated three stone. new members Wednesday, and spread a banquet, as is customary, after the work. It is supposed that the long delayed installation by the Modern Woodmen will be held soon, now that work in the woods is ceasing.

on Easter Monday, April 4. Admission \$1 per couple, supper extra. Olson's to town Saturday on business. full orchestra will furnish music. As this dance is the first of the season, it will be doubtless be well attended.

The Delta has received a copy of the her recent sicknesss.

A question which is likely to vex this first number of Buchman's Store News, can wish.

The Rev. Messrs. Harris and Bellis, to conduct services here shortly.

Miss Myrtle Laraby, the unfortunate young woman who froze her feet and suffered amputation a few days ago, is much better and may recover soon, One foot was taken off at the instep and the other a little below.

Geo. Pennelson moved this week to hand.

the church every time.

The addition to Dillabough's store is practically completed, and in a few days he will have it ready for the carload of fencing material, and the buggies, wagons, and agricultural implements with which he will fill it.

Dennis Carmody left this week for

The Misses Harkins and Flynn went

Miss Lydia Thomas arrived here Saturday, from her school near Trommonths term. Her school had but four pupils all of the same family.

Several children were sent home from school Monday morning, it being thought they had whooping cough, but Dr. Laing's investigations proved this ger and no drinking without thirst." to be a mistake.

Fred Pfeifer came Saturday from system be but seldom out of order." Manistique, where he is operator, to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard

Brackett finished painting Hamilton's drug store Tuesday, and the temple of Aesculapius now presents an extremely attractive and finished appearance.

A telegram was received here Monday

Isadore Trudeau moved to Oregon A large number of men are still busy this week where he will reside. He ex-

The Delta's correspondence was lost

expense of getting out the wood, few Dr. A. L. Laing drove down to Gladloggers will make any large profit. stone Tuesday to attend the medical Those who had long hauls are likely to convention, and remained to take in

Oliver Mungerson, who has been in Mrs. D. C. Dillabough returned last the Laing hospital for three weeks, left Wednesday from Luther, Mich., where it a short time ago for his home a few

Miss Agnes Wilford, of Manistique, accompanied from there by her sister, came to town last Wednesday to visit Mrs. Blanche Fish formerly of this her mother, Mrs. Hills, and went back

> Al. Birch was in town Saturday. He reports that Mrs. Birch is much better, and is able to stay up a little at a time

Mrs. O'Connell, mother of Capt. Jack, is quite sick. It is thought that she may recover though she is very old.

Leo Minor has recovered entirely from his attack of appendicitis, and has been

Mrs Fred Darling went to the cities last Saturday, to buy her spring stock. She will return in about two weeks.

Mrs. Denny of Masonville came to all paid the closest attention. The sub- Rapid River Saturday to visit her Miss Mary Callahan came Saturday

duces, from the signs of the times, that from Winters to visit with her family, and returned there on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Rabideau have

Capt. P. L. Burt and family came up

Miss Rose Doran spent Saturday and Sunday visiting her family in Glad-

Jess Thompson moved his family down from Pete Scholtz's camp Friday. O. C. Estenson went to Escanaba Monday and returned Friday evening.

C. E. Hamilton and wife took in the A dance will be held in Hock's Hall show at Gladstone Tuesday night. W. W. Carmody, of Munising, came

> Ed. Short came down from Jos. Teinert's camp last Friday.

Mrs. Geo. Birch has recovered from

FINE CANDY KITCHEN.

James T. Rouman on Tuesday moved his Candy Kitchen into the new Brick Store, next to Powell's. His establishment is very neatly and elegantly appointed and he has as attractive a candy % ********************************** factory and ice cream parlor as anyone

> He is an expert candy maker and made candy is delicious beyond all comparison with the stale goods from the great towns.

He is fitted to open a handsome Ice Cream parlor at an early date and will serve the very best.

Fresh Sweet Cream constantly received and for sale at 30 cents per quart or \$1 per gallon. He also carries a complete line of

cigars, foreign and domestic. Hot Drinks served in the best manner, including Beef Tea, Cocoa, Lemonade,

Soft Drinks of all kinds constantly on

TOWNSHIP MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Election of the Township of Brampton will be held at the Kipling School House Rev. Fr. Gagnon, a Catholic mission- on Monday, April 4, 1904, for the purpose Lamp Goods at seven o'clock in the forenoon and remain open until five o'clock in the afternoon, at which hour they will be finally closed.

Dated March 10, 1904. JOHN LATIMER, RICHARD BARRY, GEORGE BUSHMAN, Inspectors of Election.

TAY NOTICE.

The tax-roll of the city of Gladstone s now in my hands for collection and taxes may be paid at my office. After January 10. 1904 there will be an additional fee of four per cent for collec-RICHARD MERTZ, City Treasurer.

December 1, 1903.

She had been hired for a six When Knighthood Was In Flower. Citizen-Here, stop fighting that little boy. Chimmie-W'ot, an' me goil lookin' out de window? She'd take me for a quitter.-Butte Inter-Mountain.

> "If there were no eating without hunsaid Herbert Spencer, "then would the

Try Powell's Glycerine and Quinine Hair Tonic, cures dandruff and stops Pfeifer. He returned Monday evening. the hair from falling out.

SOREN JOHNSON

DEALER IN

CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS

FINE CICARS Of Many Brands, both Imported and Domestic.

The very best goods in the city in all lines.

No pains spared to satisfy the most exacting

Choice Imported Goods a specialty. You have only to make your wants known and we do the rest.

> 725 Delta Avenue. Gladstone, Michigan.



Our Groceries are always the best. Try Them.

P. & H. B. LAING.

DILLABOUCH & ADAMS

DEALERS IN GENERAL

STOVES HEATERS

Builders' Supplies.

Harness Goods Guns and Revolvers Fishing Tackle

(A splendid assortment ordered for spring).

AGENTS FOR

McCormick's Harvesting Machinery

AND CARRY A FULL LINE OF

Agricultural Implements

Picture Frames

MADE TO ORDER.

RAPID RIVER,

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The Store Your Neighbor Buys From

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For Particular People

YOU WILL FIND

COFFEES

HERE THAT OTHER DEALERS DO NOT HANDLE, AND, IF YOU HAVE BEEN HARD TO SUIT, WE WANT YOUR TRADE ON

Chase & Sanborn's High Grade Coffees.

NO OTHER KIND COMPARES WITH THEM. WE ARE SOLE AGENTS.

HOYT GROCERY CO.

DEALERS IN GOOD THINGS TO EAT.

CHARLES FORD

New and Second-Hand Goods.

Some Bargains in second hand heating stoves.

I have bought the Rowland stock of Mouldings, and for a short time I will fill orders for

COST OF THE

MOULDINGS

during the dull spell.

Get your Pictures framed now

HALE BLOCK Next to Ninth Street.



COUGH SYRUF

COFFOR TO

COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH. AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

DOSE-Teaspoonful from a half to every three hours. Children under four years old, from 10 to 30 drops. Continue in all cases until relieved.

A. H. POWELL. Manufacturing Chemist, GLADSTONE, MICHIGAN.

It is easy to avoid. We are ready and willing to furnish the means---a safe, speedy and effectual remedy---which quickly eliminates all irritation and congestion in the respiratory or-It cures by quieting, gans. soothing and healing-the best way.

We are nicely located in our new store in the McWilliams block and invite the public to call and see our new and commodious quarters.