THE IRON HERALD.

PUBLISHED AT

NEGAUNEE, L. S., MICH.

C. C. GRIFFEY, Editor.

TERMS:

One Year	$1.00
Six Months	50
Three Months	25

Entered in Advance.

A restaurateur here in Montreal has removed 770 lobsters abandoned by their parents during the past year. The deaths during the same period were 631, leaving only eighty-seven lobsters.

An exchange tells the readers that the Arab horse is not broken until he is 4 years old. There is no particular time for breaking the American brother, but the idea is that some time he is generally broke the year after his prize goes to the fair.

The Methodist Bishops tell the General Conference that the 16,000 Methodist Churches under their supervision owe debts aggregating $7,000,000. They severely censure the conduct of those Churches who mortgage their church property in order to defray the current church expenses.

The Russian official organs say that they approve the English Liberal victory because it means peace between England and Russia, and because it means a release of Russia from her obligations under the treaty of Berlin. These obligations she claims will be loyally and faithfully fulfilled.

Statistics say that there are about 1,700 lawyers suffering in France. Two thirds of them are natives of the province, and six-third of them. Of those born in the provinces a majority come from the south. About 1,800 writers out of the 1,700 write novels or stories for the young, and 300 write poetry, and 150 devote themselves to educational works.

The log cabin of Wisconsin and of the Mississippi district is estimated as follows:

Illinois	10,000,000
Iowa	10,000,000
Minnesota	10,000,000
Wisconsin	10,000,000
Michigan	10,000,000
Nebraska	10,000,000
Kansas	10,000,000
Dakota	10,000,000
Total	100,000,000

Secretary Evarts recently sent a dispatch to President Angell, of Michigan University, just appointed Minister to China. On receipt of the dispatch Professor Cheadle, of the Science Department, on Foreign Affairs. On the Secretary's presenting Mr. Cheadle to the Minister of the evening, Mr. Cox exclaimed: "Way, Ah Angell!" "Why, Ah Cox" the Chinaman, President Angell, in response. It transpired that the two had been classmates at Brown University over a third of a century ago, and had not met since.

The Queen of England is said to be constant enough from violent breakdown. The more amusement of this kind she gets with the Queen's head will smoke and reveal upon her face, and she is to be unduled with consistency before commencing another breakdown. Perhaps the United States is prolific in resources for so simple a means of amusement, and, as her Majesty is necessarily cut off from personal communication with those who might give her the pastime, perhaps the information had better be sent by post, if sent at all.

Thomas Jefferson and their band disposed from Cape Horn, and made a long six years cruise. A wreck said that she was bound for Sydney, and that she left in the night, and there sink out of sight. Her crew were relieved by the superior Indian Indians, who carried her off the ships ran, being extraordinarily robust, and being provided with plenty of Good Spirit. Lately two white traders were garrisoned and made accessed the other of monitoring the missing Indians. The fact seems to be that Jefferson and the committed the crime, fastened the body to the barn, loaded it with stones, scuttled it, and set it adrift to sink.

Dennis Bepatrick ole Pennsylvania Dutch, and was in a state of mind that was conducive to meditation. The question of the savings banks there occasionally surfaced, and the trustees and heads of the property have been greatly exercised. There is no thing so poorly to be found in the beneficial country, and near the little gorge seems that cells of tin-collectors have been generously and promptly responded to that the amounts already received the colonists, and that the Pennsylvania Government is in a quandary as to what and to whom they should apply. Verily, Pinnsy deeply practiced in subscription from Bismarck rule by the payment of the minimity to their money.

OUR ECONOMY AND TRADE-OUTS RIDES of the Canada Pacific railroad have lots in British Columbia from New Westminster and. The estimated cost of the road left for this finance is $9,000,000. The contractors have advertised for 5,000 Chinese laborers. This demand for this set of labor, with that of the Oregon Navigation and Railway Company, are walking on a new road, the two hundred 220 miles down and around the entire coast of Alaska, has put up the wages of Chinese workmen 15 cents a day. The Northern Pacific, on the Pend d'Oreille division, has had to advertise for pay for its Colombian grubber from 50 cents to $1 per day.

An interesting exploition is expected by Italy. It is intended that the vessel leave Genoa on the 1st of May next year, manned with men selected from the royal navy and from Italian whaling vessels. When on the voyage out, Huntsville, Tierra del Fuego, Falkland island and South Shetland islands will be visited. Two visters will be spent in the Antarctic region, during which excursions will be made on the ice, in order to gather as much information more as will as seen as possible. On the voyage home the ship will call at Robert Town or Cape Town. The cost of the expedition will not, it is thought, exceed 600,000 lire.

Tuesday is an odd superstition that the ugly is an unlucky stone, and in the minds of those who believe in fatality the adventure of the Pequots Indian Gulliver, of Paris, confirm this. Soon after her marriage her husband proposed to her that she should take a walk in the woods. The woman suspected no ill, and the two went off together. The husband walked on ahead, and when he came to a lonely place, he turned suddenly and confronted his wife. The woman saw the look in his eyes and knew what was coming. She ran, but he caught her and strangled her to death. He then dragged the body into a thicket, and left it there. The woman was murdered, and the body was found, and the husband was arrested, and he confessed the crime. He said he had no motive, with such slight provocation, he had murdered his wife. He said he had no motive, with such slight provocation, he had murdered his wife. He said he had no motive, with such slight provocation, he had murdered his wife

IRON HERALD

Thursday, May 27th, 1880

NEGAUNEE, L. S., MICH.

John Bigelow speaks of Mr. Tilden as a man who distinguished his classmates in engineering lessons.

Tilden's attempt to drag Senator Conkling into the fray in his wake, is causing discomfort among the partisans of both.

Congress is pegging away on such bills and throwing in a political chip-in and there. The democrats are afraid to do anything new for fear it will prove unwise, and the Republicans having no responsibility to not care whether anything is done or not.

George D. Roseberry, a Pittsville, spike and nail manufacturer, has failed, with liabilities of $50,000, on account of the recent collapse of the iron trade. So far as we have noticed, he is the first man to fail for that reason, great as have been the complaints of losses.

Red Cloud, Spotted Tail and the other chiefs are on their way to Washington to discuss the question of allowing railways to pass through the Sioux reservation. It is a queer mixing of civilized and savage life, this consultation with painted warriors about railway enterprises. Next thing, we shall hear of Spotted Tail as a director.

One of the funny personal comments of this political campaign is the portrait of General Garfield. He is a very warm friend of Senator Blaine, and it is said that long ago in congaging together he promised the Maine Senator to support, but being an Ohio man, or course Sherman claimed his support, had his pot on the Chicago delegation, and now asks him to stand a much mortifying Ohio "favorite son" at the Convention. Ohio is what the boys call "hard lines."

Mining and Furnace Items.

Grading for the track of the C. & N. W. Co. connecting the yards in this place with the Mineral Branch track south of the Chicago mine, is being pushed, and the small bridge will be ready for the iron within a few days. This will accommodate a considerable number of the mines and greatly facilitate their shipments.

A new boiler is being set up at what is designated the Black Pit of the Rolling Mill mine.

Mason, Morley & Sweeney are taking a fine quality of ore from the new opening just east of the old Cross Central, and which seems to exist in a large body, though comparatively little of it has been stripped. Good **results** may be expected.

The Manganese Company have commenced working with the **force of 8 days at the Mo.**, pit opened during the latter part of last season. Mr. **Mason** of average samples of the ore shows 3 to 4 **in** richness—as in iron it is manganese. The vein is large and well defined. Other portions of the mine are strike looking well, though only four of the openings are being worked at present, but will be started up—some of them at least —within a short time.

The Chicago mine is being thoroughly cleaned up and some extensive explorations being made. **A shaft is being sunk on the north side of the main pit to a depth of 40 feet** from the bottom of which a drift will be driven to the north across the pit. Some new prospect trenches of similar nature have been taken out since February, which will be tipped in **soon as the track is completed, when** active mining will be continued until the close of navigation.

The Orion Company have lately made a new discovery of ore just south of the Rolling Mill mine which they are mining and shipping. It looks well and the indications are that it exists in a large deposit at that point.

The present unsettled condition of the iron market will at least result in a more careful looking of the mines. Had the losses continued there is little doubt but very many of the lessee mine owners would have been left in bad condition at the close of navigation, and there future value, in some instances, been left uncertain. Now, however, the demand seems to be drawing **in advance, as far as possible, a course** usually pursued by the more prudent and successful mining men.

Messrs. Blake & Allen are pushing mining operations at the Lookout (Gem Bay) with energy, and expect to have a cargo ready for shipment within a few days, having some five or six hundred tons already stacked. The principal mining is being done in the No. 4, and original pit. In the new openings only one is being worked at present, from which an sufficient quality of hard hematite is being taken. One or more openings will be started up as soon as the ore **hot assumes a more settled condition.**

Mining operations have been **resumed at the Foxhill under the new management.** The force is small at present but will be gradually increased until the mine is worked to its full capacity.

The Republican majority in Indiana at the late election was from one to 30,000 and the Senate. Four years the Republicans were chosen **one in eight towns out of ten.** It must be very satisfactory to the Democrats who can read to get their news from Democratic papers.

The somewhat extensive improvements in the No. 1 Indiana pit, which have been going on for the past few weeks, are now completed, and the work of loading ore will be commenced within a day or two.

Mining operations have been suspended in the Sagola pit, since 1 June, for the season a time. A small party of men have been employed in a drift on a slash, upon the completion of which the force we understand will be entirely with drawn.

A fall of rock in the No 1, pit at the Cleveland mine on Friday last carried away the pump rod, and displayed down a fair wall of rock on one side of the pit revealing one of the best deposits of ore yet discovered on the property.

In order to secure a large quantity of ore stacked in the east wall of the mine pit at the Rolling Mill mine the ship road was some time ago taken up and a car run down the wall of the pit to enable a flat to be built ship is replaced forming a large shelf on top or nearly on top of the body of ore. At this point a series of holes have been drilled, and it is proposed to throw the whole thing to the bottom. The mass expected to be moved at once is estimated at from 20 to 30 tons of ore. The holes will be fired to-day at noon, Capt. Geninger has arranged the matter much skill and care in planning this piece of engineering and is desirous to be successful in every way.

The Neighbors.

SHIPPING.

[From the Marquette Mining Journal.]

A very destructive fire occurred on John Ashland's block, on Washington street, between Mr. Harwood and Downer. Drs. Sim and Ingalls, and Mr. Ashland, are the sufferers. Two buildings were destroyed to the ground, and the adjoining buildings were much damaged, some of the goods being moved into the corner of Washington and Center streets. The other one is a small building occupied by Mr. A. Ashland, and Mr. J. Thomas, situated on the corner of Washington and Center streets, which also was destroyed, the loss on one of which extend the rear, under the floor, of the building occupied by Mr. Ashland, and the other, Mr. Ashland and Dr. Sim, insured small footfall, is now just despair.

The Shelter company of the Marquette Pilot and Andrew Kestle—the latter of Marquette, the former of Ishpeming—have formed a company and New Orleans, for the purpose of the little business lower, when our Paul Schoolcraft, who has been in charge of the business for the last and Rufus K. is substituted in his place. Mr. Schoolcraft will be missed by the boys in the cities. Father Kestle, who for some time has been in charge of the business,

LOCAL NEWS.

Thursday, May 27th, 1880.

TIME TABLE.

G. R. & I. R. R. (NORTH BOUND).

Passenger leaves at ..... 12 m.
Accommodation leaves at ..... 3 p. m.

(SOUTH BOUND).

Passenger arrives at ..... 12 m.
Accommodation arrives at ..... 3 p. m.

M. & N. R. R. (NORTH BOUND).

Mail leaves at ..... 12 m.
Express leaves at ..... 3 p. m.

(SOUTH BOUND).

Mail arrives at ..... 12 m.
Express arrives at ..... 3 p. m.

☞ The sunfarm of the Minnehaha Wine and Brandy Depot.

☞ Mr. Ward says that the entire inland trade in the back settling townships will be in a temporary halt, keeping it upon nettles and thistles in the meantime.

REMINTON.—Thomas Robinson has finally decided in favor of Quinnesec, having purchased the property of Mr. Remington, and will take possession on Friday.

☞ Ben Kennedy, chronicler Menominee, is computer in the Lafrenier shop, into the mysteries of which figures from his hand on Thursday last made remaining class not sensitive. Plenty of them were nearly annoyed from each.

☞ Saw Cary, who takes the Menominee Herald, and Cary says he will be down to town of Menominee in the last of the month. Sam is an efficient knight of the quill, and if he comes here will be a valuable general beauty, will sufficiently compensate for the absence of Ward.

☞ Nepenaunee was never better supplied with fine clothes than at present, and means then at present. The various dressgoods, clothing and hat houses are stocked with well to attract larger city trade. All seem to be enjoying a large trade. Commerce have no occasion to complain of the trade.

MR. EDITOR.—In the last issue of the Iron County Reporter appears a letter from Menominee Milwaukee Beer. In justice to the Milwaukee Lager Beer, and Milwaukee Brewers, I beg to state that the statements therein contained are false, and not of the M. J. be understood, that in the Milwaukee Lager Beer, there is no drug whatever used, and that it is made up with malt, hops and water.

☞ Mr. Gerhardt, of the firm of Gerhardt & Ingersoll, of Menominee, has been in Chicago for the past week, purchasing a large stock of goods, which they will open up in the new store, formerly occupied by Mr. Dalton, the popular, and deserving firm have seen fit to open up.

☞ Mr. Ward, of the pioneer business men of this county, and a year was commercially interested in the development and of the latter's enterprise, and business, left for Chicago on Friday last, and expected to be back in a week. The Iron County Reporter, which has been successfully conducted by his wife during his absence, will be resumed by him on his return.

☞ Mr. Taylor, formerly of Menominee, has decided to say his fortune in the west, leaves for Lincoln next week. Mr. Taylor has a dozen circle of friends here who will join in wishing success to him.

☞ J. Calcutt, who has been visiting his friends in Menominee for some time, three weeks has gone to Commonwealth, on the Menominee River, where he expects purchase and operate in remain for some time.

☞ C. Wendel, Esq., returned to Menominee on Friday last, and is now after having spent two or three days among his friends here. The Quinnesec has a warm partner Nepenaunee and we, with everybody else here, would be glad to have Mr. Wendel's up for residence among us.

Charles Bogenschneider, proprietor of the Red Front, returned from a several days visit to Milwaukee, where he has contracted for a considerable stock of clothing, and is now looking for a store to rent. Mr. Bogenschneider is a young man, and a good business man, and we hope to see him succeed.

☞ Mr. Ryan, one of the earliest citizens of Menominee, who has been absent from here three or four years, is among us on a visit, looking over, prospects, and, of course, his prospects to remain several months.

☞ R. Donovan, editor of the Menominee Journal, passed through here on Thursday last on Quinnesec with the prospects to spend a few days.

John Schwartz and Jos. A. Kuss, were in town Friday and Saturday. Both are interested in the Quinnesec prospect on the Range.

John G. Adams, Esq., returned from Sandstone, Wis., by Saturday's train where he has been for the past two months, with his wife, J. F. Potter, and family, who have had a very prolonged visit.

Hayes Dunning returned from Chicago Monday and will remain in town a few days, when he will return to the Lake, which is called to meet to the 8th proximo, when the Supreme Court will be in session. David Gallagher, of the Republican and Democ Magazine, of the Northwest, was among us called in town from the end Saturday afternoon.

T. J. Hanna, Esq., who spent a few days here, left Tuesday for Chicago, Ill., where he is engaged in his business in the vicinity of a couple of Saturdays.

☞ Mr. Ward, of the Iron County Reporter, was in town Saturday last. Mr. Ward is an enterprising man.

D. H. Harrison, Esq., of Menominee, now lived, arrived in town Monday from Green Bay, and would be glad to engage with parties contemplating the erection of buildings. We understand he is willing to make the plans for a new school building and is cool of any failure to build, will make no charge for them.

☞ Mr. Ward, of the Iron County Reporter, was in town Thursday in the interest of his paper.

Geo. C. Hopkins, of Hancock, came down yesterday, and intends to day with an exploring outfit for the Menominee Range.

Wm. Capt. H. Merry, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Wm. F. Healy and little sister of Marquette, by the steamer Winslow Monday night.

J. P. Pendell of Marquette was a passenger to Menominee.

☞ The employees of the Minnehaha were paid Monday night.

☞ A number of our boys have taken the inland tours in the back settling townships and will find it a temporary halt, keeping it upon nettles and thistles in the meantime.

REMINTON.—Thomas Robinson has finally decided in favor of Quinnesec, having purchased the property of Mr. Remington, and will take possession on Friday last.

☞ Mr. Ward, of the Iron County Reporter, was in town Saturday last. Mr. Ward is an enterprising man.

☞ Mr. Ward, of the Iron County Reporter, was in town Thursday in the interest of his paper

THE NEWS.

Foreign.

—Bulgarian soldiers recently entered one of the Turkish districts and perpetrated gross atrocities, pillaging nine villages, killing several men, and outraging many women.

—Little hope is now entertained by the English Admiralty of the safety of the training-ship Atalânta. An investigation is to be made as to the vessel's condition when she left port.

—Napoleon's celebrated palace of the Tuileries, which was badly damaged by the Communists in 1871, is to be restored and converted into a museum.

—Lorillard's colt Iroquois won the 2-year-old plate at the Newmarket (England) race meeting.

—Baumholder, a Rhenish town, has been almost destroyed by fire, and 1,000 persons rendered homeless and destitute.

—A fire broke out in a bonded warehouse at Bordeaux, France, which destroyed property valued at 2,000,000 francs.

—The Emperor of Russia will visit the Emperor of Germany next summer.

—Martial law has been declared in Albania, and the Porte is endeavoring to stop the fight between that country and Montenegro.

—The Afghan war has cost England and India the handsome sum of $65,000,000.

—Bradlaugh, it is decided by the committee of Parliament to which his case was referred, will have to take the customary oath or his seat in the House of Commons will be declared vacant.

—The Russian Government is improving the military roads beyond the Ural mountains, in anticipation of war with China.

—Prince Leopold has sailed from England for Montreal. He will visit his Canadian relatives.

—Russia proposes to place five ironclads in the Pacific to be in readiness should a war with China become necessary.

—The Bavarian Government has commenced sending its paupers to this country to get rid of them. Eighty of these miserable wretches arrived in New York by one vessel last week.

—It is thought in Berlin that when the German army is fully recruited under the recently passed Army act its effective strength will be 2,000,000.

—Count Taafe, the Austrian Premier, having failed to effect a reconciliation between the rival factions of the Austrian Parliament, will recommend the calling of new elections in the autumn.

—Spain pays a pretty high rate of interest for money. To meet Cuban claims she has projected a loan, offering 9 per cent. interest.

—An explosion in an English iron foundry, at London, resulted in the death of twenty-five persons. About sixty others were seriously injured, some it is believed fatally.

—The Home-Rule members of Parliament have selected Mr. Parnell as their leader instead of Mr. Shaw.

—The Pope is seriously unwell, and his physicians say it will be at serious risk if he remains in Rome during the summer.

—There is a prospect that the war in Afghanistan will be soon brought to a close. The native tribes evince a desire to make submission on anything like fair terms.

—Gen. Martinez Campos has been chosen as leader of the Liberal party in Spain, who are now in a majority.

—The city of Paris is alarmed by the startling exhibit of its mortality reports. There are many deaths from typhus fever, small-pox, measles and croup.

—Thirteen persons concerned in wrecking a train in one of the Spanish provinces have been sentenced to death, and thirteen others to imprisonment for twenty years each.

—The Cardinal Bishop of Poitiers is dead.

—Instead of calling for new elections, the Emperor of Austria will accept the resignation of all the members of the present Ministry except Count Taafe, whom he intrusts with the formation of a new Cabinet the members of which shall be drawn from all the political parties.

Personal.

—Proceedings for divorce have been begun in Washington by ex-Senator Christiancy against his wife.

—Charles Knapp, member of the Forty-first Congress, and President of the Deposit National Bank, died at his home in Deposit, N. Y., a few days ago, aged 83 years.

—Rev. Dr. Edwards has been re-elected editor of the *Northwestern Christian Advocate* by the Cincinnati Methodist Conference.

—William H. Delehanty, the well-known song-and-dance man, died of hasty consumption the other night in New York, aged 33 years.

—Sanford E. Church, Chief Justice of the New York Court of Appeals, died suddenly at his residence in Albion last Friday. Judge Church was exceedingly popular with all parties in New York State. He has been frequently mentioned in connection with the Democratic Presidential nomination.

—The Whittaker investigation at West Point has been going on before a military court for some time, and evidence exceedingly damaging to the colored cadet was forthcoming last Saturday. The experts all agreed that the note of warning was in the handwriting of Whittaker. It was further proved that it was written on part of a sheet of paper of which the other part had been used by Whittaker to commence a letter to his mother.

—President Hayes stated at a recent Cabinet meeting that he had concluded to appoint Horace Maynard, of Tennessee, now our Minister to Turkey, Postmaster General in succession to Judge Key.

Political.

—On Wednesday, May 12, political conventions were held in Michigan, Florida and West Virginia by the Republicans, and in Wisconsin by the Democrats. In Michigan the Blaine party had everything their own way and a solid and instructed delegation was secured for the Senator from Maine. The Florida Republicans instructed their delegation to the Chicago Convention to vote as a unit for Grant for President, and Settle, of North Carolina, for Vice President. The West Virginia Convention was somewhat stormy, the contest being between Blaine and Sherman. The outcome of the fight was the appointment of delegates who are pledged to use their best efforts to secure the nomination of James G. Blaine for President of the United States. In Wisconsin the Democratic Convention was held, and delegates to Cincinnati appointed. The delegates are not instructed, but are said to be anti-Tilden. There was considerable feeling manifested as to the selection of Col. Vilas as delegate-at-large, some going so far as to say that he would vote for Grant if nominated. Thus Col. Vilas denied, and harmony was restored.

—The Vermont Greenbackers held their convention last week and elected delegates to the National Convention.

—The Florida Republicans, in their convention last week, nominated on the fifth ballot the Hon. S. B. Conover for Governor, and by acclamation Gen. W. M. Ledwith for Lieutenant Governor.

—The Maine Republican State Convention to nominate candidates for Governor and Presidential electors will be held in Augusta, Wednesday, June 23.

—The Republican and Democratic National Committees have been petitioned to afford accommodations at the conventions for delegates from State and National Woman Suffrage Associations.

—The Wyoming Territory Republicans met in convention May 15, and elected two delegates to the Chicago Convention. They acted very impartially, one of the delegates being for Blaine, the other for Grant.

—The Workingmen of California have declared their preference for Senator Thurman for President.

General.

—The Methodist Conference at Cincinnati has elected four new Bishops. The newly-elected dignitaries are: Rev. E. O. Haven, at present Chancellor of the Syracuse University and at one time President of the Northwestern University at Evanston; Rev. H. W. Warren, of Middletown, Ct.; Rev. Cyrus D. Foss, now President of the Wesleyan University at Middletown, Ct., and Rev. John H. Hurst. The conference also adopted resolutions approving of the proposal to call an Ecumenical Council of the Church at London in August, 1881.

—Some ninety-three persons have been indicted by the Louisville Grand Jury for violation of the Sunday law. The indicted persons are of nearly every calling, from saloonkeeper to church chorister and journalist.

—The steamship companies are unable to accommodate all the persons who wish to leave Great Britain and Ireland for this country. Twenty-two emigrant vessels left Queenstown last week for New York.

—The first colored man has just been admitted to practice in the New York Supreme Court.

—There is evidently trouble ahead in Colorado. A large body of miners and prospectors has been organized in Denver for the purpose of invading the Ute reservation in that State. The invading force is to be well armed, and will be able to defend itself against the attacks of Indians. Prominent capitalists of Denver are reported to be backing the movement.

—An express train, drawn by a new locomotive with but one six-and-a-half-foot driving wheel at each side, was run between Philadelphia and Jersey City, a distance of ninety miles, in ninety-seven minutes. The return trip was made in ninety and a half minutes!

—The American Bible Society held its sixty-fourth annual meeting in New York last week.

—The body of Denis Coppers was some time ago refused burial in Calvary Cemetery, New York, on the ground that he was a Free Mason and a Protestant. The lower court gave a decision on this case adverse to the Catholic trustees of the cemetery, but the General Term of the Supreme Court has just unanimously decided that those who control the cemetery may make conditions as to the persons to be buried there, and that the burial of Denis Coppers in Calvary Cemetery cannot be compelled.

—The Tennessee Supreme Court has decided that the taxing district of Memphis is liable for the contracts of its predecessor, the city of Memphis.

—A party of filibustering patriots has landed in Cuba. They are said to be provided with large quantities of dynamite and blasting powder, and a goodly number of excellent rifles. There is a pretty fair percentage of Americans reported among the party.

—The recently-fitted-out filibustering expedition to Cuba has effected a successful landing on the island. A provisional Government was immediately organized, with Senor Garcia as President.

—A party of twenty-five from Deadwood came upon a band of seventeen Indians who had recently murdered a herder near that city and then stole his cattle. Four of the Indians were killed and seventy-seven horses were taken from them.

—Grave charges of corruption in the obtaining of the charter and land-grant for the Texas and Pacific railroad, in 1871, are made by one J. M. George, a contractor, against several Senators and Congressmen. He says $500,000 in money and $200,000 worth of land-grant bonds were used to induce Senators to vote for the land-grant, and about $1,000,000 was distributed among the members of the House to influence their votes.

—A lady living at Ambia, Ind., who was bitten by a cat two years ago, is suffering from hydrophobia, and is believed to be incurable.

—The Committee on Episcopacy of the Methodist Conference, now in session at Cincinnati, reported in favor of the election of a Bishop of African descent by the conference during its present sitting.

Financial and Industrial.

—At a meeting of the Western Nail Association, held at Pittsburgh, it was resolved to suspend work in all the mills represented two weeks out of the next three. A further reduction in the card-rates was made to $3.25.

—Nearly $60,000,000 worth of silk was imported into this country during the past year. This is 30 per cent. in excess of the amount imported the previous year. The United States revenue was enriched to the extent of $15,000,000.

—The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports the exports of domestic breadstuffs for April at $21,679,115, against $14,168,630 for April, 1879, and for ten months ending the 30th ult. $207,306,615, against $149,088,266 for the ten corresponding months of the previous year.

Crimes and Criminals.

—Three convicts employed in the bakery of the Columbus (Ohio) penitentiary made their escape a few days ago. They managed to lock up their guard in the bakery kitchen, and then scaled the walls. There were friends outside waiting to aid their flight.

—Last Thursday three men were hanged at Lebanon, Pa., for being accessories to the murder of one Raber, whose life they had heavily insured. Two other persons who were concerned in the conspiracy had been previously hanged, so that five men have paid the penalty of their lives for compassing the death of one man. On the same day a murderer was executed at Bridgeport, Ct.

—Thomas White, a white man, was hanged at Spartansburg, Va., for the murder of a colored youth.

—Horace Burr, a Texan desperado, had a disagreement with his wife. The latter proceeded to her mother's house, whither Burr followed her, fired at her twice, assaulted her sister with the butt end of his revolver, and fatally shot his mother-in-law. The ruffian then used the muzzle of the revolver on himself with deadly effect.

—Miss Charlotte Joiner, of Huron, Ohio, is a plucky girl. An intoxicated German attempted to force an entrance into her house while she was alone at night. She called on him to desist, but he refused, whereupon she took down her shot-gun and lodged the contents of it in his body. The intruder died of the effects soon after.

—The pointing of an empty revolver by a quarrelsome customer at the head of a saloon-keeper at Davenport, Iowa, resulted in the pointing of a loaded weapon in return by the saloon-keeper, and the instant killing of the former.

—A Jewish physician of Louisville went to the grave of his wife, who was buried six weeks ago, and shot himself through the heart.

—Andrew Smith, who embezzled $29,000 during the ten years he held the office of Town Treasurer of North Andover, Mass., has been convicted and sentenced to six years in the State prison at hard labor.

Fires and Casualties.

—A fleet of twenty fishing boats at the mouth of the Columbia river, in Oregon, were recently blown ashore and some of them swamped by a sudden gale. At least twelve of the fishermen were drowned.

—There was a gas explosion at the Mountain colliery, in Pennsylvania, which caused the death of three men, and seriously, perhaps fatally, injured two others.

—One of the severest fires ever experienced in the Pennsylvania oil regions prevailed in the vicinity of Bradford, on the 6th inst. A long period of drought had made the woods as dry as tinder, and, fire being communicated to the grass and bushes, the flames spread in every direction with appalling rapidity. The village of Rew City, a place containing 150 buildings, was entirely destroyed. Estimating the losses was found to be a difficult task, but one correspondent places them at $1,500,000. This includes 300 wells and 50,000 barrels of oil.

—Destructive fires are reported in Cleveland, Ohio, and Boston, Mass. In the first-mentioned city a four-story block, occupied by several publishing and lithographing firms, was burned, and in the latter the stocks of Whitten, Burdett & Young, and Simons, Hatch & Whitten, clothiers, were damaged to the extent of $375,000.

—Two young men named Crocker and McMillan were drowned recently, while attending the Good Templars' picnic, near Raleigh, N. C. Annie Miller, who was with them in the boat which capsized, was saved by a boy.

—A great storm is reported from Minnesota last week, which reached the dimensions of a hurricane in Watonwah county. Near Madelia it developed into a small cyclone, first striking the residence of Wilber Pond, which it lifted into the air like a feather and crushed it like a shell, leaving no two boards in one place, and scattering it for miles across the prairie, driving the timber and boards into the ground as they fell. Mrs. Pond was almost instantly killed and Mr. Pond severely injured. Other damage was done in the same neighborhood.

—Severe storms occurred in Northern Illinois and Iowa last week. In Marion, Iowa, it took on the form of a tornado, and in half a minute's time did a great deal of damage to buildings, sidewalks, fences, trees, etc.

—Another of those destructive storms which have been so frequent of late struck the village of Alsey, Ill., the other day, and, although it did not last over three minutes, it caused the almost total wreck of about twenty houses, valued at some $20,000.

—By the bursting of a boiler in the Merchant Iron Mill of Syracuse, N. Y., four men were killed and one man seriously, perhaps fatally, injured.

—A destructive cyclone swept over the eastern part of McLean county, Ill., the other night, playing havoc with farm-houses, orchards and fences. Several persons were very badly injured, and a child was killed. The loss of property is estimated at $100,000. The path of the cyclone was three-quarters of a mile wide. The cyclone also passed over the little town of Guthrie, and, the lightning striking the railroad depot, set fire to it, and the five houses, of which the place consisted, were burned to the ground.

—The village of Fayette, Ohio, was visited by a destructive fire Sunday morning. About forty buildings, including the principal hotel, the newspaper office, and the Methodist church, were burned. The entire loss is placed at $75,000, and the insurance at $38,000. The fire is supposed to have been caused by incendiaries.

—A junk-dealer residing in Baltimore lately bought a lot of condemned shells at Fort McHenry, and proceeded with some others to break them on an anvil with a sledgehammer. One of the shells exploded during the operation, and six persons who were in the vicinity were instantly killed.

—An explosion of five barrels of giant gunpowder near Deadwood, D. T., caused the death of three persons. The powder was stored in a blacksmith's shop, and fragments of the building were strewn on the ground for miles around.

—Forest fires have again broken out in districts of New Jersey and Pennsylvania. One in the neighborhood of Hendricks, in the former State, is reported of alarming magnitude, while one in Monroe county, Pa., threatened the destruction of an entire village.

—A powder-mill situated in the Mahoning valley, near Pottsville, Pa., exploded recently, causing the death of one man and severely injuring five others.

—A sash factory, a warehouse, and five railroad cars laden with merchandise have been destroyed by fire at Fond du Lac, Wis. The loss is estimated at $200,000, the insurance $70,000. About 170 men were thrown out of employment by the fire.

—The village of Stuyvesant, Columbia county, N. Y., was visited by a very serious conflagration one morning last week, over a mile square of the best portion of the village being burned. The loss is over $200,000.

—What proved a very destructive fire broke out in a railroad car factory at Milton, Pa., about noon on the 14th inst. Owing to the prevalence of a strong northwest wind, it was not got under control until the entire business portion of the town was destroyed. Among the buildings burned are the principal hotels, the theater, the banks, the newspaper offices, the railroad depot, the gas works, and the Reformed, Baptist, Presbyterian, Lutheran, Evangelical and Catholic Church buildings. It is estimated that 400 buildings in all were destroyed and 250 families rendered homeless, many of them destitute. A number of persons are reported to have perished in the flames, several bodies having been recovered from the debris. The loss is estimated at $1,800,000, with insurance of $800,000.

—Twenty-one business houses and several dwellings were destroyed by fire the other day at West Liberty, Ohio. Loss about $300,000.

—The warehouses at Rosebud, Dakota, in which the Indian supplies were stored have been demolished by a cyclone.

—Mrs. Smith, of Angola, near Fort Wayne, Ind., went to a ball the other night, leaving her three children two girls and a boy, at home. Late in the night David Fry entered the house in a drunken condition, upset a lamp, thereby setting fire to the house, which was soon burned to the ground. Fry and the three children perished in the flames.

—Exeter, a small village in Nebraska, was set on fire by a prairie-fire one day last week and entirely consumed.

—A fire, originated by friction, broke out in the malt house of a Philadelphia brewery and damaged the concern to the extent of $200,000.

—Another Pennsylvania town was laid in ashes last week. A fire broke out in an oil store at Condersport, Potter county, in that State, which resulted in the destruction of some forty houses and about $200,000 worth of property. Only five buildings remain standing.

—A fire which for a time threatened the destruction of a considerable section of the manufacturing district of Pittsburgh, broke out in a planing mill in that town the other day. By the efforts of the firemen it was confined to the planing mill and an adjacent lumber yard. The loss was $100,000. The insurance is placed at half that amount.

CONGRESSIONAL SUMMARY.

In the Senate, on the 12th inst., Mr. Hill finished his speech upon the Kellogg case, his remarks occupying the whole day. The President nominated James L. Dryden, of Illinois, to be United States Attorney for Montana, and John S. Bigley, of Newnan, Ga., to be United States Attorney for Georgia. The nomination of Robert M. Wallace to be United States Marshal for South Carolina was rejected by the Senate. ...In the House, Mr. Hooker introduced a bill abolishing the Indian Commission. A large number of committee reports were made, and the bills were disposed of as recommended, after which the House went into committee upon the Legislative Appropriation bill. An evening session was held for consideration of the District Code bill.

The President pro tem. of the Senate laid before that body, on Thursday, May 13, a communication asking for $57,900 for deficiency in the service of the land offices. Mr. Voorhees submitted a resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to report to the Senate the names of all railroad corporations in the United States to whom grants of land have been made by compliance with the terms of the grants within the time specified therein; also the number of acres of unearned lands claimed by each of such railroad corporations, and the period of time when their right to them expired under the limitation contained in said grants. Adopted. A bill abolishing tolls on the Louisville and Portland canal, and authorizing the Government to operate the waterway was passed. Messrs. Hampton and Carpenter debated the Kellogg case, both in favor of Mr. Kellogg retaining his seat. Ralph P. Buckland, of Ohio; Charles C. Housel, of Nebraska; George B. Smyth, of Iowa, and Daniel Chadwick, of Connecticut, were appointed Government Directors of the Union Pacific Railway Company. ...At 10:30 Wednesday session of the House was continued. The Speaker announced the appointment of Mr. Culberson in place of Reagan as member of the committee to investigate the alleged corruption in the election case of Donnelly vs. Washburn. The House went into committee of the whole on the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation bill. At noon the session became the regular Thursday meeting, and the committee consideration of the Legislative bill was continued. Mr. Springer replied to Mr. Orth's explanation of the Venezuela matter. Mr. Cobb introduced a bill appropriating $3,000,000 to supply the deficiencies in the appropriations for the payment of pensions for the present fiscal year, and asked for its present consideration. It went back to the committee.

In the Senate, on Friday, May 14, Mr. Thurman called up a joint resolution authorizing a court of inquiry in the case of Thomas Worthington, late Colonel of the Forty-sixth Ohio Volunteers, and it was passed, with amendment. The bill providing for additional accommodations for the Congressional Library was passed as amended. Messrs. Pendleton and Cameron, of Wisconsin, spoke upon the case of Kellogg, both against unseating the sitting member. Adjourned to Monday. The President appointed N. G. Ordway, of New Hampshire, formerly Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, Governor of Dakota Territory. ...In the House, the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill was considered in committee and afterward passed. Mr. Gibson reported a resolution for adjournment May 31, which met with much opposition, and threatened filibustering by members who favored legislation upon the tariff at the present session. The matter was undecided. The House met at 7:30 and immediately went into committee of the whole on the bill regulating the municipal code of the District of Columbia.

The Senate was not in session on Saturday, May 15. ...By a vote of 121 to 90 the House of Representatives adopted a resolution to adjourn May 31. The resolution was vigorously opposed by some of the low-tariff members and by the friends of some pending bills which do not relate to the tariff. Almost all the Republicans voted for the resolution, and a majority of the Democrats voted against it.

Copies of reports upon Alaskan affairs were received by the Senate on the morning of Monday, May 17, from the Secretary of the Treasury, in response to a request. A communication from the Secretary of War was received, transmitting the petition of officers of the army for the enactment of such legislation as will entitle all Lieutenants of the army who have served fourteen years in the grade of Lieutenant to the rank of Captain. A bill passed for the construction of a public building at Peoria, Ill. Mr. Bayard, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported the bill lately introduced by him, regulating the pay and appointment of Deputy Marshals. Mr. Vance submitted a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the Senate what method is observed in the revenue service in subtracting tare on foreign sugars imported in boxes. Adopted. On motion of Mr. Pendleton, the Senate passed the joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to furnish artillery, tents, etc., for use at the soldiers' and sailors' reunion at Columbus, Ohio, in August, 1880. The Postoffice Appropriation bill was taken up and passed, as amended. A message from the President was received, inclosing a synopsis by Secretary Evarts of the correspondence between this Government and that of Great Britain in relation to the Fortune bay outrages. Mr. Hayes and the Secretary agree that it is the imperative duty of the United States to consider what measures should be taken to maintain the rights of Americans under the treaty of Washington, and to obtain redress for the denial of those rights. Mr. Evarts advises the President to recommend that Congress reinforce the duties on fish and fish oil, the product of provincial fisheries, as they existed before the treaty of Washington came into operation, to so continue until the two Governments shall arrive at an agreement regarding the interpretation of the treaty.... In the House bills were introduced: By Mr. Cox, requesting the President to communicate to the House all correspondence in regard to the persecution of the Jews by the Russian Government; by Mr. Young (Ohio), to tax and regulate the manufacture and sale of glucose or grape sugar; by Mr. Young (Tenn.), calling on the Secretary of the Interior for copies of the written testimony taken by the commission to investigate the charges against the Indian Bureau; by Mr. Turner, proposing a constitutional amendment prohibiting Congress passing a bill appropriating more than $10,000, except by vote of a majority of the members elected; by Mr. Whitthorne, for the adoption of a suitable meter to accurately measure the quantity and test the gravity and temperature of distilled and malt liquor. After a short debate, the motion to suspend the rules and pass the River and Harbor Appropriation bill was agreed to—yeas, 179; nays, 47. The bill authorizing national banks to loan money on mortgages was defeated. A bill was passed providing times and places for holding United States Circuit Courts for the District of Iowa.

Mr. Davis, of Illinois, from the Judiciary Committee, reported favorably to the Senate, May 18, on the bill to establish a District and Circuit Court at Chattanooga, and to add the county of Grundy to the Eastern district of Tennessee. The bill passed. The bill for a public building at Pittsburgh was passed, as were the bills for an additional land district in Kansas, and to construe and define the act to cede to the State of Ohio unsold lands in Virginia, the military district of that State. A resolution was agreed to asking what action had been taken in regard to the claim of Kansas for 5 per cent. of her sales of public land. Messrs. Withers, Beck and Booth were appointed members of the conference committee on the Postoffice Appropriation bill. Messrs. Saulsbury and Morgan spoke in favor of Spofford in the contested-election case from Louisiana. It was resolved that on and after Thursday next the Senate meet at 11 a. m. The Committee on Appropriations was given leave to sit during the daily sessions of the Senate for the remainder of the session. The President nominated Nathan Goff, Jr., of Clarksburg, to be United States Attorney for West Virginia, and Andrew J. Evans, of Waco, to be United States Attorney for the Western district of Texas. ...In the House, Mr. Loring introduced a bill to give effect to the message of the President relative to the outrages upon our fishermen under the Washington treaty. An act to place colored persons who enlisted in the army on the same footing as other soldiers as to bounty and pension was passed. The Pension Deficiency bill was passed. The Agricultural Appropriation bill was referred to the committee of the whole, where it was discussed at length and amended. An evening session was held, when the Court of Pensions bill was debated.

Some Curious Figures in Book-Making.

From an interview with Mr. William H. Appleton, of the firm of D. Appleton & Co., printed in the New York *Herald*, we extract the following:

"How was Mr. Bryant as a maker of manuscript?"

"Mr. Bryant did all his laboring over the first draft of his poems, and the manuscript as we received it was like copper-plate."

"How did his works sell?"

"They have sold better since his death than before, for some reason or other."

"What is the best-selling book you publish, if not too impertinent a question?"

"The best-selling book we publish is 'Webster's Speller,' and it has the largest sale of any book in the world, except the Bible. We sell 1,000,000 copies a year."

"A million copies a year!"

"Yes, and have for forty years, making 40,000,000 of 'Webster's Spellers' that have issued from our presses. The year following the emancipation of the slaves we sold 1,500,000, because every negro in the South thought it only necessary to have a 'Webster's Speller' to read. After that year it fell back to the original million, and has never varied. We sell them in cases of seventy-two dozen, and they are bought by all the large dry-goods houses and supply stores, and furnished by them to every cross-roads store in the country."

"Can you always tell whether a book will be successful?"

"No more than a manager can predict the success of a play. For example, when 'Lothair' was written we determined to publish it. The firm held a consultation, and some of the members were for printing an edition of 2,000, while others thought that was too many, and doubted whether 1,000 would sell. Finally we agreed to venture with 2,000. You may imagine our surprise when I tell you that we sold 80,000 copies of that novel."

Another successful novel was Miss Muhlbach's "Joseph II. and His Court." Mr. W. W. Appleton, while traveling down South, came across a copy of this book printed at Atlanta, Ga., during the war. He bought it as a curiosity, for it was wretchedly printed on wrapping paper. Having an idle hour or so one day, he read the work and was at once struck by the elements of popularity in it, and it was published by the firm. Every one will remember the success of this story, and how it was followed by a long series by the same author. Before the accident that led to the publication of "Joseph II." Muhlbach's novels had been offered to nearly every publisher in New York, the Appletons among the number, and refused.

Two very successful American books are "Seward's Travels Around the World," and "Gen. Sherman's Memoirs." Gen. Sherman, Mr. Appleton says, is as fast a writer as he is a talker, and he seldom has to correct his manuscript.

"I should like," said Mr. Appleton, taking up a pencil and sheet of paper, "to show you the cost of book-making. I don't believe that people, when they buy a book for 50 cents, have any idea of the capital invested to bring it down at that price. For example, it cost us $138,000 to publish 'Picturesque America,' and that without adding the cost of printing. To be sure we made a good profit on it. Forty thousand copies were sold and $2,400,000 turned in by our agents. An even more profitable venture was the 'American Cyclopedia,' for which the public has paid $5,760,000. Of course, all of this is not profit. It costs an immense amount of money to carry on our factory in Williamsburg. We employ 600 hands, and pay out $293,470 in wages annually."

Milk and Lime Water.

Milk and lime water are now frequently prescribed by physicians in cases of dyspepsia and weakness of the stomach, and in some cases are said to prove very beneficial. Many persons who think good bread and milk a great luxury, frequently hesitate to eat it for the reason that the milk will not digest readily—sourness of stomach will often follow. But experience proves, says the *Journal of Materia Medica*, that lime water and milk are not only food and medicine at an early period of life, but also at a later, when, as in the case of infants, the functions of digestion and assimilation are feeble and easily perverted. A stomach taxed by gluttony, irritated by improper food, inflamed by alcohol, enfeebled by disease, or otherwise unfitted for its duties—as is shown by the various symptoms attendant upon indigestion, dyspepsia, diarrhea, dysentery, and fever—will resume its work, and do it energetically, on an exclusive diet of bread and milk and lime water. A goblet of cow's milk may have four tablespoonfuls of lime water added to it with good effect. The way to make lime water is simply to procure a few lumps of unslaked lime, put the lime in a stone jar, and add water until the lime is slaked and of about the consistence of thin cream; the lime settles, leaving the pure and clean lime water on the top.

How a Town Got a Queer Name.

What's in a name? A good deal, we are told, and how came Tombstone, Arizona, to have such a name? It was not borrowed or stolen from any other place on the globe, nor ever suggested by novel or gazetteer. The story goes, and it is true, that two young men, brothers, when about to start from Tuscon on a prospecting tour in the Dragoon mountains, Sonora, or somewhere else, were advised to give up the undertaking, for if they persisted they would find neither mine nor fortunes, but "tombstones" instead. The boys bravely bade good-by to their friends, though emphatically warned that they would never come back alive. The prospectors went off, and, following "that blind trail," already referred to, came to this plain and made their camp. On looking about they saw a ledge of ore cropping out several feet, all marked and rich with the precious metals. "We have found our tombstones!" they exclaimed, and no other name would do to designate the camp. The town has adopted the name, which, if not poetical or classical, is certainly original. A valuable tombstone, too, it must be confessed, for the two brothers sold their half-interest in the mine and mill for $1,000,000.

Muslin dresses are still made with box-plaited sacque shapes in front, and back finished with a Spanish flounce; but others are also merely gathered and shirred at the neck and just above the deep flounce, giving an easy, loose appearance that is graceful for slender children. Another pretty feature is that of putting on a false yoke just above the Spanish flounce; this is trimmed on the lower edge, just up each side of the front, with lace or edging, and allowed to fall over the flounce like a little basque.

"Your babies" will always be good if you give them Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup while teething. It is a reliable and sure remedy and costs only 25 cents.

A PRIZE FIGHTER'S DIET.

John Morrissey's Food and Drink when Training for the Fight with Heenan.

In May, 1877, when the late John Morrissey was serving his last year in the State Senate, I met him in the Delavan House in Albany. Even then he showed symptoms of the disease which resulted in his death the following year. I myself was not in good health, and naturally we began to talk of our ailments. We had known each other well for years, and he talked with me freely.

"I wish," he said, "that I had the time to go through a regular course of training, such as I used to take before a fight. I would soon clear out my system."

"Did you train yourself, Senator," I asked.

"Yes," said he. "Right over yonder," pointing in the direction of Troy, "was my tramping ground when training for my fight with Heenan. I have started out over those hills and fields, between West Troy and Waterford, many a hot morning, with two heavy suits of clothes, and tramped under the broiling sun for hours, in order to reduce my weight. Often, when taking those tramps, I have come across a cool spring of water or a running brook, and it seemed as though I must duck my head into the water and drink my fill. If it was a question of money, I would not have looked at a thousand dollars a second time, if it had to be paid before I could get a drink. But I was training myself to win that fight, and I was determined to win it. I knew it would not do for me to drink the water then, and so I resolutely shut my eyes, turned my back on the water, and walked on, while my lips and throat seemed parched and ready to crack open.

"For weeks I only saw my wife as she stood at the gate of our house when I passed on these walks, to greet me with a kind word and cheer me up. My friend," he continued, "you can't imagine the torment a man has to go through when he is fitting himself for a prize fight. But then, after that is all over, neither can you have any idea of the glorious feeling that a man experiences when he gets himself in perfect condition. It is worth all the trouble and suffering that one has to go to. Everything in the world looks different to him from what it does when his system is clogged up with bile, and he is carrying around a quantity of flesh that is only a burden to him. It is almost impossible to get a man when in such a condition into a bad humor. He feels like a young colt, and wants to kick up his heels and have a good time with everybody and everything he meets. Oh, yes, indeed, I do wish I had the time to once more go through a regular training. I know it would fix me out all right. But I can't; so there's no use talking," he said, regretfully.

"But I can, Senator," I replied, "and if you will only tell me what to do I will try it. You know I am not well, and I believe it will do me good."

The burly, good-natured Senator looked at me in a quizzical way for a minute, and then gave that low, peculiar whistle which all who knew him intimately will remember so well when he was astonished or amused at anything.

"You'll try it!" said he. "Why, my friend, you don't know what you're talking about. You wouldn't go half through with it before you'd weaken. Oh! no. A man has got to have something more for an incentive than you have before he'd ever go through with such a course. But," continued the Senator, "there is one thing you can do, and it will do you good if you stick to it, and that is to live on a prize-fighter's diet for three months. Do you believe you could do that?"

"I will try it," I said, "if you are willing to tell me what it is."

"Well, then, take a pen and some paper, and I can tell you, and you can write it down. But I don't believe you will do even this."

Having secured the paper and ink, Morrissey dictated to me as follows:

"1. Take a black draught. Any druggist will put it up. All prize-fighters take this when they begin to train for a fight. You'll find it the liveliest dose of medicine you ever took.

"2. Be sure and get at least seven or eight hours of good, sound sleep every day.

"3. In the morning when you first get up drink a glass of hard cider with a raw egg in it. If the cider is not to be had, then use sherry wine, but I prefer the cider. Then start out and walk briskly for a couple of miles. When you come back take a sponge bath and rub yourself dry with a coarse towel. Rub until your skin is all aglow.

"4. For breakfast eat a lean steak, cooked rare, and stale bread. Use no milk, no sugar, no butter, and no potatoes, with the exception of about once a week. If you wish you can eat a roast or baked potato in the morning. Drink sparingly of tea and coffee. Tea is best.

"5. For dinner eat rare roast beef and stale bread. Use no potatoes or vegetables of any kind with this meal. For change you can have occasionally a mutton chop, but without fat.

"6. For supper, a lean steak or a mutton chop without fat. Do not eat any warm biscuit or warm bread at any time. Stick to good, wholesome stale wheat bread. Eat no pies, cakes, or pastry of any kind, and use pepper, salt, and all other seasonings very sparingly.

"7. Use no stimulants of any kind. Do not smoke. Drink sparingly of water. Do not eat berries or vegetables of any kind, excepting occasionally a raw onion.

"8. If you feel weak in the morning before breakfast, it comes from the bathing, and it should be discontinued for a few days.

"There, my friend," continued the Senator, "you have the diet of a prize fighter when in training, without the exercise that goes with it. If you will follow it for three months I'll guarantee you will feel much better than you do now, and you won't be troubled with dyspepsia. But I know you won't do it."

Mr. Morrissey was right. I did not live upon the prescribed diet for three months, but I did for about half that time, and it did me much good.

Armies of the World.

The following table, which has been carefully compiled, shows the regular army, the annual cost of the same, and the cost per head of all the principal nations of the world:

COUNTRIES.	Regular Army.	Annual Cost of Army.	Cost Per Head.
Austria-Hungary	296,218	$50,680,000	$1.35
Argentine Republic	8,283	*4,114,0[illegible]	2.49
Belgium	46,277	8,787,909	1.64
Bolivia	4,022	1,126,9[illegible]	.66
Brazil	16,500	10,862,496	.97
Canada	3,090	1,013,944	.27
Chili	3,310	......	......
China	700,000	......	......
Colombia	2,696	288,000	.16
Denmark	35,703	2,406,10[illegible]	1.26
Egypt	62,928	*4,455,53[illegible]	.20
France	470,600	100,007,62[illegible]	2.75
Germany	419,536	92,373,40[illegible]	2.16
Great Britain	113,720	65,161,01[illegible]	1.90
Greece	12,397	1,494,89[illegible]	1.02
India, British	68,170	76,875,98[illegible]	.40
Italy	199,577	37,983,75[illegible]	1.36
Japan	35,880	7,306,00[illegible]	.21
Luxembourg	513	100,48[illegible]	.48
Mexico	22,357	*10,554,74[illegible]	1.13
Netherlands	61,893	10,265,99[illegible]	2.65
Norway	12,750	1,480,76[illegible]	.81
Persia	28,400	3,409,000	.56
Peru	12,200		
Portugal	35,743	4,342,928	1.07
Roumania	130,159	3,310,198	.65
Russia	787,900	141,215,615	1.90
Servia	14,150	889,138	.63
Spain	330,000	49,146,491	2.97
Sweden	36,495	3,579,940	.80
Switzerland	106,102	2,419,213	.87
Turkey	157,667	24,763,095	2.58
United States	26,914	37,082,735	.95
Uruguay	4,060	*2,384,100	5.31
Venezuela	5,494		

*Army and navy.

An Amusing Reminiscence of the Late War.

The fight at Blackburn's ford, just to the left of Bull run, was opened by the Second Massachusetts infantry. Supported by a New York and two Michigan regiments, they advanced into the woods until they heard something drop. The regiment bumped up against intrenchments and were subjected to a tremendous fire. Before going into the woods the regiment was "dressed" as on a parade, and the Colonel rode out and exclaimed:

"Men of Massachusetts! the eyes of your country are upon you!"

There was a grand yell, and they went in to conquer or to die! After fifteen minutes' desperate fighting they retired from the woods to re-form behind the supports. Among the last was an old man. He had thrown away coat, hat, gun and all accoutrements, and he was badly demoralized. As he passed the left flank of a Michigan regiment in line of battle, a wag called out:

"Only 800 miles to Boston!"

The old man halted for a moment, and another joker observed:

"The eyes of your country are upon you."

"You blamed Wolverines, go to grass!" growled the old warrior. "I've got a choice about this thing, and I druther stand the eyes of my country all day long than the fire of them cussed rebels for five minutes."

HOUSEHOLD HELPS.

To Clean Ivory.—Salts of lemon will remove stains from the ivory handles of knives.

To Polish Floors.—To polish stained floors rub them thoroughly once a week with beeswax and turpentine.

Marlborough Pudding.—Stew a few apples and strain them, add a teacup of butter, a teacup of sugar, a teacup of cream; the juice of two lemons, with the best part of the grated rind, a little mace, and four eggs, beaten lightly, and to be baked in a rich paste.

Hickory-nut Cake.—One and one-half cupfuls of butter, three cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of milk, seven cupfuls of sifted flour, five eggs, one teaspoonful of soda, two spoonfuls of cream tartar, one quart of hickory-nuts, one nutmeg, teaspoonful of cinnamon.

To Clean Decanters.—When making cake or omelette take your discarded egg-shells, crush them into small bits, put them into your decanter three parts filled with cold water, and thoroughly shake them. The glass will look like new, and all kinds of glass washed in the same water will look equally well.

Indian-meal Pudding.—One pint of Indian meal cooked, one quart of milk, half a cup of butter, one pint of molasses, four eggs with a little cinnamon or nutmeg; boil the milk, stir in gradually the meal, mix all together and let it stand two hours; add the eggs when the pudding is ready to put in the oven; let it bake two hours.

Citron Cake.—(How to keep the citron from falling to the bottom of the cake.) One cup of butter, two of sugar, three of flour, four eggs, and one cup of milk; add one teaspoonful of soda and two of cream of tartar and one pinch of salt. Make the cake as above, put in the pan, cut the citron thin, put it in the cake endwise, push down until the batter covers citron.

Mushroom Sautes.—Pick and thoroughly clean them, cutting them in four pieces if large, throw them into cold water, with the juice of a lemon or a little vinegar, as they are being done; then take them out and dry them in a cloth. Melt a piece of butter in a saucepan, add pepper, salt, and a little grated nutmeg. Put in the mushrooms, and toss over the fire till thoroughly cooked.

New England Election Cake.—A very old and excellent recipe: Three pounds of flour, one and three-fourths pounds of sugar, three-fourths of a pound of butter, one-half pound of lard, one and a half pounds of raisins, four nutmegs, a teaspoonful of cinnamon, three eggs, six teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, three teaspoonfuls of soda, two quarts of milk, one pound of currants; beat sugar, flour and butter together; add the fruit with the milk and spices; beat the soda and cream of tartar together in the milk until it foams.

Traveling on His Looks.

They were in a railroad car journeying to Chicago. On the opposite seat sat a man of commanding figure and brow, and thoughtful expression.

"What a fine countenance, James; I wish I knew his occupation."

"Maybe he is a lawyer."

"There's too much benevolence in his face for a lawyer."

"He may be a banker."

"Not a bit of it; a man with such a heavenly expression couldn't content himself with money getting. His aim in life is higher than that."

"I guess you are right, Amelia; I'll take your word and his for it."

At the next station an inquisitive farmer took a seat beside the stranger with the noble brow, and asked him about his vocation. Amelia held her breath and listened to the reply. It was this:

"I keep a saloon and a meat shop. My wife sells beer and I do my own butchering."

The State the State Was In.

A few years ago the State's Attorney in a northern county in Vermont, although a man of great legal ability, was very fond of the bottle. On one occasion an important criminal case was called on by the clerk, but the attorney, with owl-like gravity, kept his chair. "Mr. Attorney, is the State ready to proceed?" said the Judge. "Yes—hic—no—your Honor," stammered the lawyer; "the State is not—in a state to try this case to-day; the State, your Honor, is—drunk!"

Night sweats, cough, emaciation and decline prevented by Malt Bitters.

"Why do you keep all the caramels yourself, Johnny?" asked a West Philadelphia mother of her son. "Why not give Lucy half them?" "Oh, because," said Johnny. "Because what?" "Just because I'm a monopolist. Didn't you say the other day that if papa hadn't been a monopolist he couldn't 'a' succeeded so well?"

Emaciation, dropsy, mental and physical weakness arrested by Malt Bitters.

El Dorado is of Spanish extraction, and was a fabulous region located in the interior of South America, supposed to surpass all others in the richness of its productions, especially gold, gems, and the like. It is now come to be applied to any country, especially an imaginary one, abounding in gold or other precious metals.

In Powder Form.

Vegetine put up in this form comes within the reach of all. By making the medicine yourself you can, from a 50c. package containing the barks, roots and herbs, make two bottles of the liquid Vegetine. Thousands will gladly avail themselves of this opportunity, who have the conveniences to make the medicine. Full directions in every package.

Vegetine in powder form is sold by all druggists and general stores. If you cannot buy it of them, enclose fifty cents in postage stamps for one package, or one dollar for two packages, and I will send it by return mail. H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

A Household Need.

A book on the Liver, its diseases and their treatment, sent free. Including treatises upon Liver Complaints, Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Malaria, etc. Address Dr. Sanford, 162 Broadway, New York city, N. Y.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., Will send their Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon thirty days' trial. See their advertisement in this paper, headed, "On Thirty Days' Trial."

The Elkhart Buggy and Harness Manufacturing Co., Elkhart, Ind., ship buggies and harness anywhere, with privilege of examining before paying for, and pay all charges if not satisfactory. Best hand-made buggy harness, oak stock, $9 to $18; best team harness, $28; platform-spring, two-seated wagons, $85; three-spring wagons, $75. Catalogue, with prices, sent free. Address C. B. Pratt, Sec'y.

Light-colored or yellow axle grease soon wears off. Get the genuine Frazer.

Lyon's Heel Stiffeners keep boots and shoes straight. Sold by shoe and hardware dealers.

Read "Oregon and California" advertisement.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French, or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Dr. C. W. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills are prepared expressly to cure Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Paralysis and Indigestion, and will cure any case. Price, 50 cts. a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50. Post free. Parsons, Bangs & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Portland, Maine. Order at once. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a Recipe that will cure you, *FREE OF CHARGE*. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, *Station D, New York City*.

The annual report of the Bank Commissioners of New Hampshire will show 67 savings banks in the State, having 89,934 depositors, an increase of 1,655; amount of deposits, $28,204,792, an increase of $1,922,655; surplus, $1,089,262; $14,950,800 is invested in secured loans by note, $12,578,080 in stocks and bonds, and $1,586,601 in real estate and fixtures; 688 depositors have $2,000 and upward.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.		
Beeves	$8 50	@10 00
Hogs	4 65	@ 5 50
Cotton	11¾	@ 12
Flour—Superfine	4 00	@ 4 80
Wheat—No. 2	1 23	@ 1 33
Corn—Western Mixed	50	@ 54
Oats—Mixed	41	@ 46
Rye—Western	90	@ 92
Pork—Mess	11 00	@11 30
Lard	7⅛	@ 7¼
CHICAGO.		
Beeves—Choice Graded Steers	4 45	@ 4 85
Cows and Heifers	2 60	@ 4 05
Medium to Fair	4 00	@ 4 15
Hogs	3 50	@ 4 55
Flour—Fancy White Winter Ex.	5 50	@ 5 25
Good to Choice Spring Ex.	5 00	@ 5 50
Wheat—No. 2 Spring	1 15	@ 1 17
No. 3 Spring	93	@ 95
Corn—No. 2	37	@ 38
Oats—No. 2	31	@ 33
Rye—No. 2	81	@ 82
Barley—No. 2	78	@ 79
Butter—Choice Creamery	20	@ 21
Eggs—Fresh	9	@ 9½
Pork—Mess	10 40	@10 50
Lard	6¾	@ 7
MILWAUKEE.		
Wheat—No. 1	1 16	@ 1 18
No. 2	1 11	@ 1 12
Corn—No. 2	37	@ 38
Oats—No. 2	31	@ 32
Rye—No. 1	84	@ 85
Barley—No. 2	69	@ 70
ST. LOUIS.		
Wheat—No. 2 Red Fall	1 07	@ 1 08
Corn—Mixed	34	@ 36
Oats—No. 2	31	@ 32
Rye	87	@ 88
Pork—Mess	10 50	@10 60
Lard	6¾	@ 7
CINCINNATI.		
Wheat	1 15	@ 1 16
Corn	40	@ 41
Oats	36	@ 37
Rye	93	@ 94
Pork—Mess	10 50	@10 75
Lard	6¾	@ 7
TOLEDO.		
Wheat—Amber Michigan	1 17	@ 1 18
No. 2 Red	1 18	@ 1 19
Corn—No. 2	41	@ 42
Oats—No. 2	34	@ 35
DETROIT.		
Flour—Choice	5 50	@ 6 75
Wheat—No. 1 White	1 15	@ 1 16
No. 1 Amber	1 14	@ 1 15
Corn—No. 1	43	@ 44
Oats—Mixed	37	@ 38
Barley (per cental)	1 25	@ 1 65
Pork—Mess	11 50	@12 00
INDIANAPOLIS.		
Wheat—No. 2 Red	1 08	@ 1 10
Corn	36	@ 38
Oats	33	@ 36
Pork—Clear	12 00	@12 50
EAST LIBERTY, PA.		
Cattle—Best	5 00	@ 5 25
Fair	4 00	@ 4 90
Common	3 50	@ 3 75
Hogs	4 20	@ 4 55
Sheep	4 25	@ 5 25

Be Wise and Happy.

If you will stop all your extravagant and wrong notions in doctoring yourself and families with expensive doctors or humbug cure-alls, that do harm always, and use only nature's simple remedies for all your ailments, you will be wise, well and happy, and save great expense. The greatest remedy for this, the great, wise and good will tell you, is Hop Bitters—rely on it. See another column. —*Press*.

When exhausted by mental labor take Kidney-Wort to maintain healthy action of all organs.

DR. BULL'S BABY SYRUP

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly Outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Me.

Use Sterling Chemical Wick in Lamps and Oil Stoves. Cheap, brilliant; avoids dirt and trimming.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Me.

WANTED Agents for the Wonder of the Age, the Rosene Fire Proof Lamp Chimney. Big profits. J. Worth & Co., Box 5000, St. Louis, Mo.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 Outfit free. Address H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Me.

YOUNG MEN Learn Telegraphy and earn $40 to $100 a month. Every graduate guaranteed a paying situation. Address R. Valentine, Manager, Janesville, Wis.

FREE Handsome Lithographed Oil Chromo "Sunbeam," size 16x21 inches, sent free for 3c stamp for postage. Donnelley, Gassette & Loyd, Publishers, Chicago.

A GREAT OFFER New ORGANS, $45, upward; PIANOS, $150, upward. Warranted 6 years. Second Hand Instruments at Bargains. AGENTS Wanted. Illustrated CATALOGUE Free. HORACE WATERS & CO., 826 B'dway, N.Y.

FUN SMITH'S VALVE ORGAN

AGENTS WANTED. OUTFIT FREE PAYING EMPLOYMENT. For Young Men, Ladies, Teachers and others in every county. $30 to $75 per month. Send for circular and outfit. P. W. Ziegler & Co., 1000 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON. All who will leave Chicago June 16, 1880, by the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, may buy round trip tickets to California and Oregon at very low rates. Chicago to San Francisco and return, $139. Chicago to Salem, Oregon, and return, $167. Tickets good for return 60 days, or 90 if desired. For particulars address REV. ISAAC DILLON, Methodist Book Concern, Chicago.

PETROLEUM VASELINE JELLY. Grand Medal at Philadelphia Exposition. Silver Medal at Paris Exposition. This wonderful substance is acknowledged by physicians throughout the world to be the best remedy discovered for the cure of Wounds, Burns, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Piles, Catarrh, Chilblains, &c. In order that every one may try it, it is put up in 15 and 25 cent bottles for household use. Obtain it from your druggist, and you will find it superior to anything you have ever used.

5,000 CURIOSITIES OF THE BIBLE. Pertaining to Persons, Places and Things, with Blackboard Designs, Bible Studies, Concert Exercises and Prayer Meeting Outlines. Introduction by J. H. Vincent, D. D. Can be sold to every family. AGENTS WANTED. FORSHEE & McMACKIN, 188 & 190 W. Fifth st., Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOSEPH C. TODD, Engineer and Machinist, Paterson, N. J., and 10 Barclay St., N. Y. Flax, Hemp, Jute, Rope, and Bagging Machinery; Steam-Engines and Boilers of every description. Hoisting-Machinery for mines, &c. Owner and exclusive manufacturer of the new Patent Baxter Portable-Engine; these Engines are a great improvement over the old style, and are admirably adapted for all agricultural and mechanical purposes.—Send for descriptive circular. Address as above.

ESTEY ORGAN. THE HOME & CHAPEL. J. ESTEY & Co. BRATTLEBORO VT.

PENSIONS! New Law. Thousands of Soldiers and heirs entitled. Pensions date back to discharge or death. Time limited. Address, with stamp, GEORGE E. LEMON, P. O. Drawer 325. Washington, D. C.

C. GILBERT'S STARCH

SAPONIFIER Is the "Original" Concentrated Lye and Reliable Family Soap Maker. Directions accompany each Can for making Hard, Soft and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for SAPONIFIER, and take no other. Penn'a Salt Manufact'ng Co., Phila.

CARLETON'S HOUSEHOLD ENCYCLOPÆDIA. The most valuable single Book ever printed. A treasury of knowledge. There has never before been published in one volume so much useful information on every subject. Beautifully illustrated, price $2.50. A WHOLE LIBRARY IN ONE VOLUME. TO AGENTS Sold only by subscription. The easiest book to sell ever known. Terms, etc., address G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, N. Y. City.

PORTABLE Soda Fountains! $35, $45, $60 and $80. CHEAP AND DURABLE! Will yield 200 per cent. Shipped ready for use. Address the only manufacturers, CHAPMAN & CO., Madison, Ind.

Vegetine. IN POWDER FORM 50 CTS. A PACKAGE.

Dr. W. ROSS WRITES: Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Weakness.

H. R. Stevens, Boston: I have been practicing medicine for twenty-five years, and as a remedy for Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Weakness, and all diseases of the blood, I have never found its equal. I have sold Vegetine for seven years and have never had one bottle returned. I would heartily recommend it to those in need of a blood purifier. Dr. W. ROSS, Druggist, Wilton, Iowa. Sept. 18, 1878.

Vegetine. One Package in Powder Form Cured Scrofula. HOW TO REDUCE YOUR DOCTORS' BILLS.

36 Bremen St., East Boston, Mass., Sept. 30, 1878. Mr. H. R. Stevens—Dear Sir: My little daughter Stella has been afflicted a long time with Scrofula, suffering everything. I employed different physicians in East Boston, but they helped her none. I bought one of your Powder Form Vegetine, and my wife steeped it and gave it to the child according to the directions, and we were surprised in a fortnight's time to see how the child had gained in flesh and strength. She is now gaining every day, and I can cheerfully recommend your remedy to be the best we have ever tried. Respectfully yours, J. T. WEBB.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

YOUNG MAN OR OLD.

SORE EARS, CATARRH. Many people are afflicted with these loathsome diseases, but very few ever get well from them; this is owing to improper treatment. ... DR. C. E. SHOEMAKER, Aural Surgeon, Reading, Pa.

The Koran. A curiosity to every one, and a necessity to all students of History or Religion. The KORAN OF MOHAMMED; translated from the Arabic by George Sale. ... AMERICAN BOOK EXCHANGE, Tribune Building, N. Y.

NATRONA BI-CARB. SODA Is the best in the World. It is absolutely pure. It is the best for Medicinal Purposes. It is the best for Baking and all Family Uses. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers. Penn'a Salt Manufact'ng Co., Phila.

BEATTY ORGAN BEATTY PIANO. New Organs 13 stops, Sub-Bass and Oct. Coupler, Stool, Cover & Book, $98. New Pianos, $143 to $255. Before you buy be sure to write me. Illustrated Newspaper sent Free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.

These Boots and Shoes Are made with double soles, rubber lined between. The outer sole is made with Goodrich's Patent Bessemer Steel Rivet Protected Sole, and are guaranteed to outwear any sole ever made. All first-class dealers sell them. If not, send paper pattern with 75 cents in stamps for men's size, or 50 cents for boys' size, to H. C. GOODRICH, 19 Church Street, Worcester, Mass., or 49 Hoyne Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and a pair will be sent by mail.

PENSIONS. Are paid to all soldiers who are disabled ... P. H. FITZGERALD & CO., Either Box C, Washington City, D. C., or Indianapolis, Ind.

Emission Truss. The most reliable mechanical appliance to prevent and absolutely cure involuntary emissions. Inclose stamp. Address DR. RUSCH, Box 143, Chicago, Ill.

KIDNEY-WORT. The Only Remedy THAT ACTS AT THE SAME TIME ON THE LIVER, THE BOWELS, and the KIDNEYS. This combined action gives it wonderful power to cure all diseases. Why Are We Sick? Because we allow these great organs to become clogged or torpid, and poisonous humors are therefore forced into the blood that should be expelled naturally. KIDNEY-WORT WILL CURE BILIOUSNESS, PILES, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, URINARY DISEASES, FEMALE WEAKNESSES, AND NERVOUS DISORDERS, by causing free action of these organs and restoring their power to throw off disease. Why Suffer Bilious pains and aches? Why tormented with Piles, Constipation? Why frightened over disordered Kidneys? Why endure nervous or sick headaches? Why have sleepless nights? Use KIDNEY WORT and rejoice in health. It is a dry, vegetable compound and One package will make six qts of Medicine. Get it of your Druggist, he will order it for you. Price, $1.00. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, (Will send post paid.) Burlington, Vt.

DR. MARCHISI'S UTERINE CATHOLICON will positively cure Female Weakness, such as Falling of the Uterus, Leucorrhea, Chronic Inflammation or Ulceration of the Uterus, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, &c. An old and reliable remedy. Send postal card for a pamphlet, with treatment, cures and certificates from physicians and patients, to HOWARTH & BALLARD, Utica, N. Y. Sold by all Druggists—$1.50 per bottle.

Important to the Fair Sex! MRS. WILSON'S PERIODICAL REGULATOR MYSTIC PILLS.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY, cures Leucorrhoea, (or whites,) Painful Menstruation, Ulceration, Ovarian Diseases, Absent Menstruation, all diseases known as female weakness. They have been used in England for years as a periodical and regulating pill. Sold by all Druggists everywhere. Price $1.00 per box or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail free of postage, securely sealed. THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich. Wholesale Agents for U. S. Pamphlets sent free. VAN SCHAACK, STEVENSON & CO., Agts., Chicago.

$25 GRAIN SPECULATION in large or small amounts. $25 or $25,000. Write W. T. SOULE & CO., Commission Merchants, 130 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill., for Circulars.

What Everybody Wants Who Has Not Heard and Read of It. NOTE THE FOLLOWING: ... NEWTON MURPHY. For Sale by All Medicine Dealers.

MALT UNFERMENTED MALT BITTERS TRADE MARK Malt Bitters Company MALT AND HOPS BITTERS

THERE is no greater BLOOD PURIFYING AND LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE in the world of medicine than MALT BITTERS. ... MALT BITTERS COMPANY, BOSTON. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

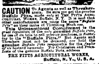
SKIN Diseases, ... Cuticura Remedies, ... WEEKS & POTTER, Chemists, Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists.

On 30 Days' Trial. We will send our Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances upon trial for 30 days to those afflicted with Nervous Debility and diseases of a personal nature. Also of the Liver, Kidneys, Rheumatism, Paralysis, &c. A sure cure guaranteed or no pay. Address Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

RED RIVER VALLEY 2,000,000 Acres Wheat Lands best in the World, for sale by the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R.R. CO. Three dollars per acre allowed the settler for breaking and cultivation. For particulars apply to D. A. McKINLAY, Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

THE VICTOR Double Huller Clover Machine. Is the only kind that has ever hulled 100 bushels of seed in one day from damp and wet straw. Send for Descriptive Circular and Price List, which contains many letters confirming this. Hagerstown Agricultural Implement Mfg. Co. Hagerstown, Md.

The Pitts Agricultural Works, Buffalo, N. Y., U. S. A. ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE BUFFALO PITTS. THE STANDARD of Threshing-Machine excellence throughout the Grain-Growing World. SELDOM EQUALLED, Never excelled. NOTORIOUS as a fast yet thorough thresher, perfect cleaner, and entire saver of all kinds and conditions of grains and flax and timothy seeds. NOTORIOUS as the only machine that is a success in all kinds of threshing and a failure in none. NOTORIOUS as the best built, most durable, and handsomest of the Threshing-Machine Tribe. STEAM THRESHERS a specialty. Their superiority, it can be said with truth, is acknowledged throughout the world.



CAUTION To Agents as well as Threshermen. Be sure you get the genuine Buffalo Pitts, made only at THE PITTS AGRICULTURAL WORKS, Buffalo, N. Y. It is said that other manufacturers are using the name "Buffalo Pitts" on their make of Threshing Machines. This Unintentional Compliment to the great reputation of the only genuine Buffalo Pitts, by use of its title to sell inferior machines, is flattering to the "Buffalo Pitts." But Agents and Threshers must not be deceived, nor hold the genuine Buffalo Pitts responsible for the faults of its bastard namesake. For Catalogues and Price-Lists of the genuine Buffalo Pitts, address THE PITTS AGRICULTURAL WORKS, Buffalo, N. Y., U. S. A.

1842. J. I. CASE 1880. Threshing Machine Co., RACINE, WISCONSIN.

APRON! ECLIPSE! AGITATOR! Do you want the BEST APRON THRESHER? Buy our 1880 Eagle Machine. Do you want the Popular ECLIPSE THRESHER? It's Ours Exclusively for 1880. Do you want the BEST AGITATOR THRESHER? That's our New 1880 Machine.

Our 1880 Double Pinion 4 Wheel Woodbury, The BEST HORSE POWER in the World. PORTABLE AND SELF-PROPELLING FARM ENGINES. ALL WARRANTED A No. 1. 8, 10, 15 Horse Power

J. I. CASE & CO. annually make and sell more Threshing Machines than any firm in the world. Its use yields More Profit to Threshermen and Farmers than any Machine made. Catalogue free for asking.

C. N. U. No. 21

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO. Battle Creek, Mich. Established in 1848. ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE "VIBRATOR" Threshing Machinery and Portable and Traction Engines.

THE STANDARD of excellence throughout the Grain-Raising World. MATCHLESS for Grain Saving, Time-Saving, Perfect Cleaning, Rapid and Thorough Work. INCOMPARABLE in Quality of Material, Perfection of Parts, Thorough Workmanship, Elegant Finish, and Beauty of Model. MARVELOUS for vastly superior work in all kinds of Grain, and universally known as the only successful Thresher in Flax, Timothy, Clover, and all other Seeds. ASTONISHINGLY DURABLE and wonderfully simple, using less than one half the usual gears and belts. PORTABLE, TRACTION, and STRAW-BURNING STEAM-ENGINES, with special features of Power, Durability, Safety, Economy, and Beauty entirely unknown in other makes. Steam Power Outfits and Steam-Power Separators a specialty. Four sizes of Separators, from 6 to 12 horse-power; also 2 styles Improved Mounted Horse-Powers. 32 Years of Prosperous and Continuous Business by this house, without change of name, location, or management, furnishes a strong guarantee for superior goods and honorable dealing.

CAUTION! The wonderful success and popularity of our VIBRATOR Machinery has driven other machines to the wall; hence various makers are now attempting to build and palm off inferior and mongrel imitations of our famous goods. BE NOT DECEIVED by such experimental and worthless machinery. If you buy at all, get the "ORIGINAL" and the "GENUINE" from us. For full particulars call on our dealers, or write to us for Illustrated Circulars, which we mail free. Address NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO., Battle Creek, Mich.