

WEATHER
Increasing cloudiness, followed by showers tonight.

VOLUME XXVII, NO. 166

ESCANABA, MICH., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1921

TEMPERATURE
Temperature 8 a. m. 66
Lowest last night 60

SINGLE COPIES, 5 CENTS

ESCANABA DAILY MIRROR

WOMAN FINDS MAN HANGING FROM TREE

SIMS ON WAY HOME IS GIVEN A BIG OVATION

Special Car Filled With Flowers by Admiring Friends Today.

Rear Admiral Says He Is Not Worrying About Reports; Also Sticks for Statements He Made.

(By ASSOCIATED PRESS)
LONDON, June 15—Rear Admiral William Sims left London from the Waterloo station this morning for Southampton where he will take passage on board the steamer Olympic and proceed to New York.

He traveled in a special car that was so burdened with floral testimony that there was scarcely room for members of his party to move about.

Leaning out of a window of the car, Admiral Sims waved his cap to a large crowd which had gathered to give him a rousing send-off. All joined in three cheers which were given so lustily that a cab horse at the station platform curbed ran away.

Answering reporters' request for a farewell message, Admiral Sims called attention to the dispatches in the morning newspapers telling of the reaction which has said to have arisen in the United States against his critics. He declared he had nothing further to say nothing to retract. He said he had received thousands of messages, and letters approving his reference to American hyphenated citizens. As to whether he had received any threatening messages, the admiral smiled and said "Yes, but they don't worry me."

GOOD WORK DONE BY GIRL SCOUTS IS TOLD BY COUNCIL

Many Advantages Are Derived from Membership in Girl Scout Troops; Girls Learn Many Things.

The Girl Scout movement which is rapidly making headway in our community should have the support and encouragement of every good citizen because of what it means to the girls in our community and because of the resulting benefits to the community at large.

The Girl Scout program of course embraces fun and pleasure for the girls but there is a far deeper and more important side to this work.

The course embraces patriotism as one of its important features and teaches love of flag and country and teaches the girl to be a better citizen and a better American.

The girls are also taught home-making and housekeeping in all its forms including lighting, ventilation, dishwashing, cooking, sanitation and cleaning.

Another interesting feature of the course will be a complete course in first aid, designed to give the girls full and complete information in the rendering of first aid treatment in case of all injuries and accidents.

There are also courses in home canning of fruits and vegetables and child nursing. The girl is also brought nearer to nature and taught the ways of the woods and the use of the compass.

In fact the course embraces every thing that is needed to make the girl more useful and helpful in her own home and in the community.

It is the plan of those in charge to make the expense to the girls as light as possible.

To begin with the only expense will be one year's dues at twenty-five cents and a girl scout uniform which costs seventy-five cents. Later it is desired that each girl have a girl scout uniform. These however will be purchased thru headquarters, cut ready to make and the plan is to have each girl make her own uniform. The work of organizing the girls is progressing rapidly and all are urged to enter this splendid work.

LADIES AND MEETING

The Ladies Aid society of the Swedish Mission church will meet tomorrow afternoon in the church parlor. Every member is urged to be present at the meeting.

Buckley-Roberts Case Scheduled for Today

The preliminary hearing of John Buckley and Joseph Roberts charged with operating an automobile while intoxicated was scheduled for hearing in Judge McKenna's court this afternoon. Both boys were arrested following a joy ride in the Buckley automobile several weeks ago in which a number of boys narrowly escaped death or serious injury when the auto in which they were riding skidded and turned over on the highway near the St. Paul docks.

D. E. GLAVIN HAS RETIRED AFTER 54 YEARS WORK

Today Ends Career With the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad.

During His Term of Purchasing Agent He Has Bought Millions of Dollars Worth for Company.

D. E. Glavin walked out of the office of the purchasing agent of the Chicago & Northwestern today and after 54 years of active service in supplying the road with ties, posts, lumber, fuel and a multitude of other things, has retired to private life and will enjoy the balance of his years in comparative idleness, that is, if he can train his disposition to reach the point where he will be satisfied to take life easy.

Mr. Glavin went to work for the Northwestern 54 years ago and the greater part of that time has been spent as its purchasing agent in this territory. He has bought all the ties and posts and all the timber that has been used in building the ore docks and in putting for company for about 45 years has spent more money in buying improvement and maintenance supplies than the company is worth to day.

While he has reached the age limit set for retirement by the company, no one would suspect it to see him, for he has passed him by as far as activity and appearance are concerned.

There is no doubt in the minds of the officials of the company, but that he could give many years more efficient service, but rules are rules, and cannot be broken, even when the excuse is as evident as in the case of Mr. Glavin.

He will be succeeded in his duties by G. A. Holmes, of Chicago.

While taking an active part in the development of the Chicago & Northwestern railway, Mr. Glavin did not overlook his home town and has always been interested in Escanaba and done more than his bit to help in making it a better town to live in. He invested considerable money in real estate, among other property being the Sherman house.

Mr. Glavin has not decided how he will put in his time from now on, but it will not be in idleness for his many years of business activity have formed habits that cannot be easily shaken off.

Edward Lucas Taken to Hospital After an Accident Yesterday

Edward Lucas, 124 Stephenson avenue, was taken to St. Francis hospital yesterday suffering from injuries which he received when his right hand was caught in a veneer cutting machine at the veneer plant yesterday. The first two fingers on the right hand were cut off just above the second joint. Mr. Lucas will be confined to the hospital for several days, it is said.

It is equally true, said he, that we cannot escape our relations relating to economic problems of the world.

He said, "Prosperity largely depends upon economic settlement in Europe and the key to the future is with those who make and control the settlement."

"America is the exemplar of free institutions aiding humanity in their preservation," he said, "called for the supreme endeavor in the world's war."

"The springs of faith and mutual good fellowship has not yet dried up."

"Our men did not go forth to fight for this nation as one of imperialistic designs, or for any camping purpose or to protect a land where average might bring its surest reward."

They offered their lives and all their energy for their country and were earnest in the supreme effort for the cause, because they loved the institutions of liberty."

"It was America's exemplary of free institutions aiding humanity in their preservation that called for the supreme endeavor. And after all despite the needs of correct analysis and cool judgment in working out the economic problem, it is the aspiration of our people and their attachment to the construction of a well ordered liberty which we had in mind as they proved to be the inexhaustible source of national power in war."

ABOUT THIS TIME O' YEAR



U.S. MUST NOT FRITTER AWAY ITS INFLUENCE

Man Says Potato Cured Him of All Rheumatic Pains

Secretary Hughes So States in Talk to the Alumni of Brown.

Our People Fought for the Love of Our Institutions of Liberty and Not for Avarice.

(By ASSOCIATED PRESS)

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 15—Secretary of State Hughes told a gathering of his fellow alumni of Brown University today that it was not desirable that America's helpful influence be frittered away by relating ourselves unnecessarily to political questions which involved rivalries of interest abroad with which we have no proper concern.

This man said that he had been laid up for eight months with rheumatism and during that time he was unable to work. One day an old Indian woman came into the house selling beans and the man's wife stated that she could not buy any as her husband had been ill for so long with rheumatism that he was unable to work. The Indian woman said "Easy to cure rheumatism, put potato in pocket." She then put the potato in his pocket and said that two weeks after he was well and working again and that the potato had become as hard as a rock in his pocket. Try it.

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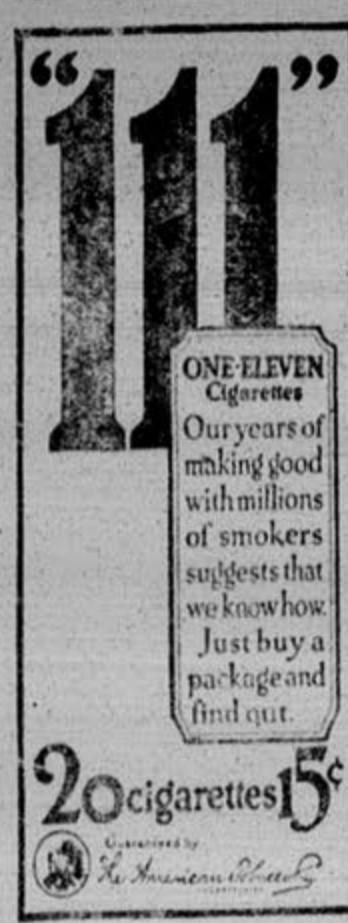
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TEACH THE WORLD TO PLAY WILL BE AIM OF MEETING

By ASSOCIATED PRESS

CLEVELAND, O., June 15.—Young men and women from all parts of the nation came to Cleveland this summer, aiming to teach the world to play.

They will attend the summer course in playground and recreation teaching offered by the Cleveland School of Education. The school opens with registration at Western Reserve University, June 26; invitations to enroll have been sent to boys' college men and women throughout the country.

Rowland Hayes, director of the summer course, says a large amount of the work will be devoted to the hand-to-hand of children and adults at play. Hayes is director of the Cleveland Recreation Council.

Associated with him on the faculty of the summer course are a number of well-known authorities on playground, community center and other recreation work. Among these are Jessie La Salle, department of education; psychology; Graduate School; Teachers' College, Columbia University; Anna Stewart, department of applied arts, Cleveland School of Education; Bertram Tucker, assistant director, physical education, Minneapolis public schools; Marie W. Wilson, assistant supervisor of physical education, Cleveland public schools.

Students of the summer school will get practical experience on the playground in Cleveland and suburbs.

Read Mirror Want Ads

CONVENTION TO PROMOTE HEALTH OPENS IN EAST

New York City Entertains Tu-
berculosis Association
Beginning Today.

Great Exhibits and Plays Will
Be Staged to Show Proper
Ways of Living; Chil-
dren Interested.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Up-to-the-minute methods of teaching health principles to children will be shown in the 17th annual meeting of the National Tuberculosis Association which opened here today. Every state in the Union, and many parts of Canada, will be represented at the convention by man and woman prominent in the campaign to stamp out tuberculosis.

Mariette shows, a cardboard theatre, motion pictures and parades are some of the novel schemes to be ad-

vanced for instilling in the minds of children the value of strict adherence to health principles.

As a means of teaching the proper use of foods "Tiny Tim's Theatre" will be introduced for the first time to tuberculosis and health workers. The characters who play the principal parts in the little theatre are Mistress Bread, Mickey Potato, Crybaby Onion and Fluffy Spunk.

The Modern Health Crusade, a system of health teaching in the public schools, through which children are taught to perform certain health exercises daily, will be demonstrated at several of the sessions.

The history of the National Tuberculosis Association will be presented before the convention Thursday night through the medium of a pageant entitled "The Crusade of the Double Red Cross."

"Humpty Dumpty," the clown em-

ployed by the association, will, by clever clowning, show how to teach children the proper rules of health and hygiene.

Poster exhibits, newspaper publicity, moving picture schemes and various other ways of teaching health principles will be subjects for discussions throughout the meeting.

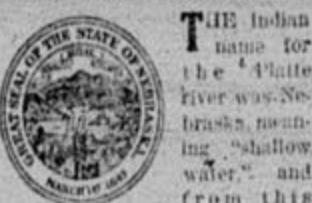
Dr. Gerald B. Welsh, of Colorado Springs, president of the association will open the meeting this afternoon with his annual address to the 1,500 representatives who will attend the sessions.

Dr. Charles J. Hatfield, managing director of the association, will report upon the work of the organization in various parts of the country during the past year.

Tonight's meeting of the advisory council will include a symposium of federal provision for tuberculosis for our soldiers and sailors. The speakers will be: Dr. Haven Emerson, of New York, medical advisor to the bureau of war risk insurance; Dr. F. C. Smith of the United States public

The Story of Our States

By JONATHAN BRACE
XXXVII.—NEBRASKA



THE Indian name for the Platte river was Nebraska, meaning "shallow water," and from this came the name of the state. A nickname for the state is the Blackwater State.

Of the early Spanish explorations little is known, except that Coronado probably reached the great plain of this region in 1541. More than one hundred and twenty-five years later Father Marquette noted the Platte river on his trip up the Missouri. In the beginning of the Nineteenth century the Lewis and Clark expedition skirted the boundaries of the present state and in 1805, Manuel Lisa established the first known settlement which was a fur trading post at Bellevue. This was just after the Louisiana Purchase had brought Nebraska into United States territory.

Omaha was established as a post of the American Fur company in 1825 and Nebraska City the following year.

With the California gold rush in 1849 many pioneers passed through Nebraska and some stopped and settled there although there was a law forbidding settlements among the Indians. The real colonization boom, however, started with the passing of the Kansas-Nebraska act in 1854, which arranged that these two sections should become free or slave states at the dictate of their inhabitants. The Nebraska territory was then organized and reached from the forty-second to the forty-ninth parallel. In 1861, this region north of 43° was made into Dakota territory. The Idaho territory was also created, which reduced Nebraska to its present size of 77,520 square miles, except for a slight addition in the Northwest which was made in 1882.

In 1867 Nebraska was admitted as the 37th state over the president's veto. It has eight presidential electors.

(By McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

health service; U. S. W. Lanigan, director of the federal board for vocational education; Dr. David Lyman, former president of the National Tuberculosis Association.

Miss Gertrude Carlson, who is attending Stanford College at Rock Island, Ill., arrived in the city yesterday morning to spend the summer months at her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Felix Bone of North 11th street, are the parents of a baby born yesterday.

LET'S SENATORS HAVE THEIR WAY

PRESIDENT DOES NOT OPPOSE
PEACE RESOLUTION, THOUGH
IT DOESN'T MAKE PEACE.

HOLDS TREATY NECESSARY

Administration Makes It Plain That
It Desires to Develop Its Policy
Concerning Foreign Relations One
Step at a Time.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington.—No doubt, if President Harding and Secretary of State Hughes followed their own inclinations they would say there is no necessity for passing a joint congressional resolution declaring that the United States and the central powers of Europe are no longer at war, but the Senate for more than a year has been determined to send such a resolution through congress and so the attitude of the administration is to let the Senate have its way.

It is well understood that the administration views as that peace cannot be established by a joint congressional resolution; and if the wishes of the Senate did not have to be taken into consideration the administration probably would propose that the whole situation be taken care of in the way provided by the Constitution, that is, by means of a treaty of peace.

President Harding made all this clear in his address to congress a few weeks ago when he told the legislative body that nothing more than a technical peace could be established by means of a joint congressional resolution; that peace would have to be made by treaty, preferably through the ratification of the treaty of Versailles in modified form.

The administration has had opportunity to let the allies know just how it feels about the joint resolution purporting to establish technical peace and now that there seems to be no danger of the outside world misinterpreting the passage of a joint congressional resolution, the administration is willing that the legislators shall go ahead and do the thing up in a way that will be most agreeable to them.

Don't Want to Dictate to Congress.

Both President Harding and Secretary Hughes have made it plain recently that they do not want to appear as dictators before the legislative body, and they are expressing the hope that the house will compose whatever differences exist among the members as to the form the joint congressional resolution shall take, and that the Senate and house shall settle whatever differences they may have as to the precise form of the resolution.

The point is that the administration does not feel that the passage of a joint resolution declaring a technical peace settles anything of consequence.

The real problem of the administration is to bring about peace through the treaty process as provided in the Constitution, and if the passage of a so-called technical peace resolution will help open the way for the success of the program that is to be submitted later, well and good.

Even on the question as to whether the resolution shall repeal the declaration of war of April 6, 1917, it is possible that the administration will not feel called on to exert any influence.

It can be stated authoritatively that if the administration felt that it would be wise for it to interfere it would advise that the declaration of war be not repealed.

One Step at a Time Enough.

Many indications of the desire of the administration to go along with congress and with the Senate in dealing with foreign relations are noted. For instance, the administration is discouraging discussion at this time of the possibility of the United States entering any sort of a league of nations. Such discussion, the administration feels, only tends to create friction. Obviously the thought of the President and the secretary of state is that each step shall be discussed as it is proposed. In other words, the administration would like to see the discussion limited to the step immediately under consideration.

That there is to be a gradual unfolding of the administration's policy is well understood. The next important step will be to determine whether the Versailles treaty shall be used as a basis for establishing peace with Germany, or whether it will be necessary to negotiate an entirely new treaty. To link this discussion up with the probable action of the government with respect to some sort of an association or league of nations the administration undoubtedly feels would simply make more difficult the solution of the problem that must be disposed of first.

Up to this time there has been no intimation from the White House or the State department as to how soon the administration will be ready to submit the program for bringing about peace. The indications are that it will be some time before the President communicates with the Senate on the subject. As has been pointed out in these dispatches from time to time, Secretary Hughes feels that before the question of a peace treaty is taken up the various international controversies in which the United States is directly interested ought to be settled.

"The mines are closed" he stated

"and a number of men are out of work and in need of money. The prosecution of highway construction would enable some of them to find occupation."

A resolution offered by Rep. O'Brien requesting the Governor to take steps to grant permission to sell the bonds,

was unanimously adopted in the house.

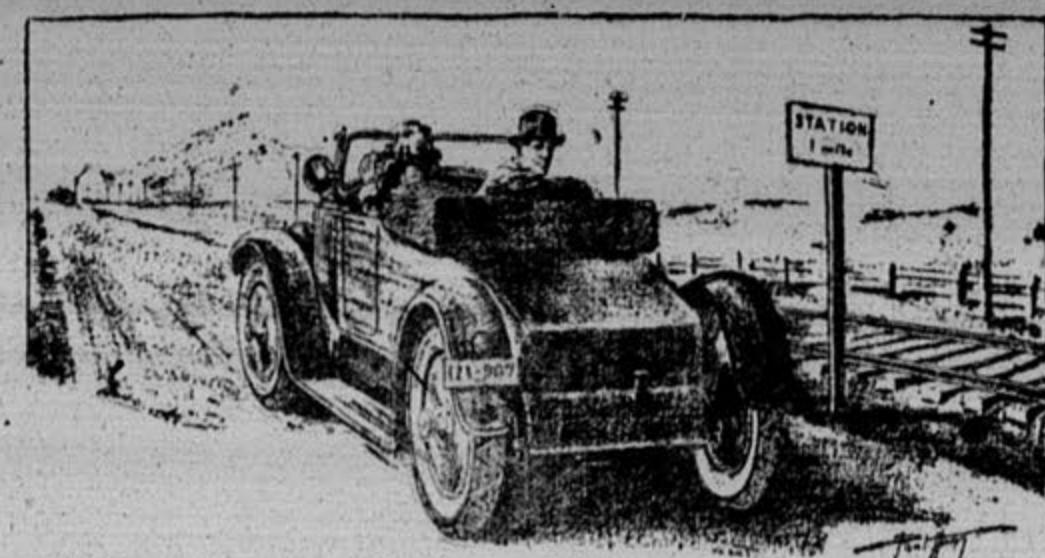
Look for a new stenographer in "the

want ad way"—engaging her upon

your own judgment, not upon some

friend's recommendation.

Read Mirror Want Ads



"Don't worry, Jim—
We'll make it—I've got Lee Puncture-proofs"

THAT'S the big idea. You put Lee Puncture-proof tires on your car and stop worrying—stop worrying about punctures and blow-outs—about delays, frequent tire changes and too-frequent tire purchases.

Lee Puncture-proof tires give greater tire mileage—safer and more satisfactory service than any other pneumatic tires you can buy.

Because Lee Puncture-proof tires are equal in material and manufacture to other standard pneumatics they excel all others in this: that they are puncture-proof. They carry our cash refund guarantee against puncture.

We will equip your car with Lee Puncture-proof tires on this basis.



Sold by L. F. PEPIN

FOREIGN TRADE DEPENDS UPON LONG CREDITS

Great Efforts Must Be Made by
the United States to Stim-
ulate Sales Abroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—The position of American foreign trade depends upon extension of long term credits and increased buying abroad.

W. F. H. Keech, president of the National Association of Credit Men declared today in his annual report to the convention of the organization.

"It is high time," he said, "that we as people begin to realize that we cannot prosper alone. While it is true that the United States needs foreign trade more than at any time in its history, this trade will not be secured and without great efforts on our part. At home these efforts will have to be directed against measures devised by men who believe that America can prosper even if the rest of the world faces industrial stagnation."

The restoration of our international commerce depends largely upon long credits, in my sincere judgment. These credits we are better able to extend than any other people.

The reversal of our position from a debtor to creditor nation brings obligations which we have not yet recognized but must if we are to be saved fromounding our opportunities and seriously affecting our return to prosperity.

"We must learn to invest in foreign lands. Trade will follow our investments. We must also learn to buy as well as sell. We must not expect to sell alone as a creditor nation for there is no rule of business which would long permit that. We would simply continue to devalorize our opportunities and retard our production for foreign markets."

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The restoration of our international

TOBACCO'S FOES LOSING GROUND

Canvass of 7,847 Editors Shows 7,393 Communities Against Abolishing Weed.

ANTIS LOSE THREE STATES.

Utah, Under Mormon Influence, Only Commonwealth to Adopt Prohibition Measure During Year.

The tobacco going to have its scalp added to the belt of the prohibitionists beside that of the lamented but as yet not altogether late alcohol? Is the question asked by Garret Smith in an article in the current issue of Leslie's Magazine?

The writer reaches the conclusion that while there has been increased agitation and legislative activity on the subject of tobacco following the success of the drive for prohibition of liquor the efforts of reformers seeking to abolish tobacco have no general support. This opinion is based on the results of the questionnaires on the subject sent out to newspaper editors of the country by the Press Service Company of New York City.

The questions asked were:

(1) Do you favor the enactment of laws prohibiting the personal use of tobacco by adults?

(2) In your judgment does the general sentiment of your community favor such legislation?

(3) Is the use of tobacco personally objectionable to you?

No arguments accompanied the questions and from their form it was impossible for any editor to determine the attitude of the questioners.

Out of 12,518 editors questioned, 7,547 replied according to the summary given. These editors, it is estimated, represent a combined circulation of 21,870,048. Of the 7,547 editors replying, 7,393, or 95 per cent, represent public sentiment in their communities as opposed to antitobacco legislation. Only 200 editors, or 3 per cent of those replying believed there was any considerable sentiment favorable to tobacco prohibition. There were 174, or 2 per cent, in doubt, while 20 failed to record their judgment.

Editor's Judgment Unbiased

"It is of special interest to note that 500 editors in answering the first question, personally favored such legislation, although only 200 of them reported that public opinion also favored the prohibition of tobacco—an indication of the consciousness effort made by the editors to distinguish public opinion from their own personal opinions," the article continues.

The highest percentage of replies reporting public opinion favorable to prohibition of tobacco came from Utah, where 92 per cent of the editors thought the public were for such a movement. Utah is the only state which has since adopted an ant-cigarette law. The result was forecast by several of the editors who stated that the influence of the Mormon Church was against tobacco. The Mormon Church is also strong in Idaho, which is the other state where the use of tobacco was recently prohibited, but the governor has signed the bill just passed, in which the prohibitory legislation is repealed. In this state 80 per cent of the editors estimate sentiment in their communities as against tobacco prohibition, which, nevertheless, is 8 per cent below the average reported opposition.

The legislature of Tennessee some weeks ago passed and the governor has signed a bill repealing the ant-cigarette law of that state. The questionnaire showed 98 per cent of its editors believed the public against anti-tobacco legislation. The legislature of Arkansas has also passed a bill repealing its ant-cigarette law. In this state 94 per cent of the editors reported against tobacco prohibition.

Arizona's Practical Joke

"A bill, introduced in the current session of the legislature of Arizona to prohibit smoking in public dining rooms and other public places, was first amended to prohibit the consumption in public of peanuts, chewing gum, tea and coffee and then defeated by the senate. The questionnaire returns from that state were 92 per cent 'no'."

In Iowa where the 'no's' were 95 per cent a bill to repeal the ant-cigarette law has been passed and signed by the governor.

A bill to repeal the ant-cigarette law in Kansas, with 89 per cent 'no's,' is receiving the attention of its legislature. Last year a petition for a referendum in Oregon to prohibit the use of tobacco failed of sufficient signatures to bring the question to a vote, and 85 per cent of the editors declare their public against legislation. In Oklahoma an anti-tobacco bill has been reported unfavorably in the houses. The editors of that state reported 94 per cent against its public support.

"Outside of Utah, where Mormon influence predominates," the article concludes, "the anti-tobacco movement appears, as in the case of Tennessee, Arkansas and Iowa, to be losing ground and is not to any considerable extent supported by the people."

The friends of tobacco feel particularly elated over this showing, inasmuch as 1920-21 was a maximum year in legislative circles with 42 state legislatures in session and the tobacco subject received an unusual amount of consideration.

Look at all of the real estate ads and at much of the real estate advertising.

THREE TROOPS OF GIRL SCOUTS NOW ORGANIZED HERE

Members of the Girl Scout Council Announced by Miss Jean Guthrie Monday.

Under the direction of Miss Jean Guthrie the organization of several girl Scout troops in the city is progressing rapidly and already three troops have been organized, committee appointed and a Girl Scout council organized.

The troops are headed by the following officers: Miss Bernice Perkins, captain; Miss Charlotte O'Meara, lieutenant; first troop; Miss Harriett Shepard, captain; Miss Katherine Wiling, lieutenant, second troop; Miss Dymna Stok, captain; Miss Ethel Gilmore, lieutenant, third troop.

Council Members.

A Girl Scout council of the following members has been appointed:

Mrs. George Mashak, F. F. Davis, C. W. Kates, H. W. Reinde, C. R. Henderson, Ted Hansen, C. E. Andrews, Chas. Chaison, Richard Mason, Chester Buckbee, Charles Semer, A. H. Grossbeck, O. E. Anderson, P. F. Genesee, L. A. Erickson, Alfred Hammond, S. W. Brennan, Coleman Noe, G. W. Moll, Matt Filion, W. A. Cotter, Phil Labre, P. J. Jensen, George Beath, O. C. Curtis, E. G. Royce, Attorney C. W. Lewis, Dr. G. W. Moll, Henry Peterson, E. C. Vogt, Harry Bourke.

Appoint Committees.

The following are committees to direct Girl Scout activities:

Leaders—Misses C. R. Henderson, D. E. Anderson, Charles Semer, Alfred Hammond, Richard Mason, J. P.

Jensen, E. G. Royce, O. C. Curtis, Charles Chaison.

Education—Mmes. L. A. Erickson, S. W. Brennan, W. A. Cotter and Dr. G. W. Moll.

Entertainment—Mmes. Geo. Mashak, Phil Labre, Cheever Buckbee, A. H. Grossbeck, Peter Genesee.

Publicity—Attorney C. E. Lewis, Mrs. C. E. Andrews.

Finance Harry Bourke, Henry Peterson, Mmes. Coleman Nee, F. F. Davis, C. W. Kates.

Camp—H. C. Vogt, Mmes. George Beath, G. W. Moll.

Uniform—Mrs. H. T. Hansen.

History of Girl Scouts

The Girl Scouts, a national association, is non-sectarian and non-partisan. The object of the organization is to give girls, through natural, wholesome pleasures, those habits of mind and body which will make them useful, responsible women, ready and willing to take a definite part in the home, civic and national affairs of their country.

Scope.

Scouting has a universal appeal. There are Scouts in the United States, Hawaii, Russia and Norway, Central America, Alaska, Philippines and West Indies, who are asking help in organizing. The Girl Guides, who are the British Sisters of the Girl Scouts, are flourishing in England, Palestine, Canada, Austria, Denmark, Portugal, New Zealand and China, and the French sisters, "Les Petites Religieuses," are rapidly attracting the young girls of France. Scouting meets a fundamental need for recreation and education in every young girl's life.

Organization

The governing body of the Girl Scouts is the National Council composed of representatives from local councils and of other members elected by the National Council. National headquarters is maintained to carry out the policies of the National Council. A local council may be organized in any community. This is a body of men and women, representing the schools, churches, social and civic organizations, playgrounds, newspapers

and such bodies as the Chamber of Commerce and Rotary Clubs. This council is organized for the purpose of promoting and supervising the welfare of scouting in the district.

Troop

The unit of organization is the patrol of eight members each. One or more patrols form a troop and they are grouped whenever possible according to age and congenital. Each patrol has a leader and a corporal and each troop a captain. The captain may choose lieutenants to assist her. It is advisable that a troop of two patrols have a lieutenant.

Each troop selects for its name a flower, tree, scrub or bird. The members wear the emblem over the left pocket of their uniforms.

Troops may be formed in connection with any church, school, or other institution or organization. Unattached troops are also successful.

Troop meetings are held weekly with the program fairly divided between recreation and education.

Membership

Any girl from ten to eighteen years of age, who is willing to subscribe to the Promise and Laws may qualify to become a scout by passing the Tenderfoot test. She should either join a troop which is already formed or should get together a group of girls to form a new troop.

Grades

Tenderfoot, Second Class, First Class.

Admission to each grade is determined by a test in the required lines of work.

Park Fence Broken; Reward Is Offered

During the two baseball games with Racine Saturday and Sunday a number of boards were taken from the fence at the ball park. A reward is being offered by the management of the club to any person who will give information that will lead to the arrest of the person who destroyed the fence.

Auto Lamps Is Heavy Problem in Legislature

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS
LANSING, Mich., June 15.—In a highway bill passed in the regular session provision was made that every motor vehicle display "one pair of lamps on the right and left side thereof." When Rep. Charles Evans, in the special session offered some amendments to the bill regarding the carrying of mirrors on motor trucks, some

Laundry Work

DIG up the clothes, the shirts and hose, the collars low and HIGH UP big machine, will always clean it right, from stain to DY NO acids used, no clothes abused; neat, nifty work for FAIR ESTABLISHED right, we treat you E white, in service skill and CAR E

Escanaba Steam Laundry and Dye Works

E. A. GRABOWSKI, Prop.

Phone 134

703-707 Ludington St.



Tuesday

Morning--

and Mrs. Brown had forgotten all about the laundry.

She hadn't expected to wear her favorite "georgette" to the reception that evening—but the laundry arrived and surprised her. Mrs. Brown sent her first washing to our laundry last week—and she says she intends to continue sending it indefinitely.

Why not profit today by her experience?

Escanaba Steam Laundry and Dye Works

Look at all of the real estate ads and at much of the real estate advertising.

one called attention to the phraseology of the lamp section, with the result that for a half hour the entire house membership busied itself with the preparation of amendments.

The bill as passed would, it was pointed out require four lamps on the front of an automobile. The original measure also stipulated that the lamps on each side of the vehicle be of approximately equal candle power. The first corrective amendment offered simply proposed striking out the word "pair" and substituting the word "one."

This was objected to on the ground that it would then read "One lamp on the right and left side thereof, of approximately equal candle power." The grammarians objected to the grammar. After a long struggle, in which every one participated, Rep. Andrew Glassie solved the problem by substituting "there shall be one lamp on each side of the vehicle, said lamps to be approximately equal candle power." His amendment was greeted with cheers and applause.

FOR SALE

I offer to sale my property on Harrison Avenue, consisting of two lots (100 foot front) and a nine room house. steamer heated. The property contains all modern improvements and is in good condition. There is also a barn at the rear of the lot, suitable for a garage. Will be sold cheap. For further particulars call on J. F. Carey, 791 Ludington St., or J. G. Burns, Ludington Hotel.

Is Your House WIRED?

IF NOT

Let us give you an estimate just what it will cost you to have a first-class job done with high-grade material.

To give the job to an inexperienced man, who claims to "know how" endangers the lives of the occupants and people in the immediate vicinity.

You cannot afford to take such a chance of life and fire, just for the saving of a few paltry dollars.

Insist upon a competent, experienced electrical contractor to do your wiring.

IS YOUR HOUSE WIRED?

ECONOMY LIGHT COMPANY

Phone 277-W

1105 Ludington St.

Henry Ford Again Reduces Car Prices

Following Prices Become Effective

June 7th

Touring . . .	\$510
Runabout . . .	\$465
Coupe . . .	\$695
Sedan . . .	\$760
Truck Chassis . . .	\$495

All Models complete with starter and demountable rims except Truck chassis without starter but with demountable rims

All Prices F. O. B. Detroit

Place your order now so we can make good delivery. Orders will come fast so don't delay. Get the benefit of your car this summer.

L. K. EDWARDS

THE ESCANABA DAILY MIRROR

COLLING & ENGLISH, Publishers

GEORGE D. MCINTOSH, Circulation Manager
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN

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By Carrier, per Week 12 Cents

By Carrier, per Month 56 Cents

Phone 31 and ask for department wanted. Office at 713 Ludington Street

Entered in the Postoffice of Escanaba as mail matter of the second class.

Orders for delivery of The Daily Mirror by mail or carrier, can be made by postal card, letter, telephone, or in person.

Change of Address—In ordering change of address, both old and new address should be given.

Any irregularity in delivery of The Daily Mirror should be immediately reported to the business office.

Matter intended for news or editorial publications should be telephoned or addressed to the editor.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1921

EARNED AND UNEARNED INCOMES

Among the bills introduced by Representative Keller for the purpose of reforming the whole system of federal taxation is one which distinguishes between earned and unearned income and lays a relatively heavy tax on unearned income. The bill defines unearned income as income from rents of land or other property, interest on mortgages, notes or bonds; dividends on shares of stock and from any source other than labor skill or business or industry, personally conducted, of the person receiving the income.

There is no immediate prospect that Congress will be called upon to consider the Keller bill, but if it takes them up later there is likely to be an interesting debate on this subject of earned and unearned income. The terms seem simple enough but there is considerable difficulty when one undertakes to make a reasonable and useful distinction between them.

If a working man toils and saves for the best part of a lifetime he may acquire enough in real estate and securities to keep himself and his wife out of the poorhouse. The interest and rent he receives will be unearned income but will represent, perhaps, fifty years of self denial. And it is true in general that the aged and infirm live on unearned income or on charity.

On the other hand, if Jack Dempsey carries out his present intention he will land a good stiff punch on some vulnerable portion of Georges Carpenter's person within the next few weeks and will receive for that important service, \$100,000 more or less, which will be earned income within the definition given above.

It is not necessary to argue that if there is to be discrimination between incomes the earned income of a professional boxer ought to carry a heavier tax burden than the unearned income of a thrifty worker, and the illustration supplied by Dempsey and Carpenter is only one of many that might be adduced to show that all so-called earned incomes are not earned in any useful sense.

MEXICO'S LOSS

It is given out at the office of President Obregon that the treaty of amity and commerce proposed by Washington and containing conditions under which the United States will recognize the Mexican government will not be signed by the party of likely Obregon, known as it as well as anybody, but is stopped from accepting the American conditions or from even appearing to favor them by some practical political considerations he dare not ignore. For it has grown increasingly evident in the last few months that however well disposed the present chief executive in Mexico City may be and however efficient in an ordinary way, he is not a great man who can compel public sentiment to travel his way. When he leads, he does so while carefully watching the pressure gauge.

America, however, need not worry even if the decision as announced at the time is final. The United States can get along without Mexico very much easier than Mexico can get along with the United States, and treaty or no treaty, recognition or no recognition, Washington will make sure that the rights of citizens of this country living across the border or in business across the border, are properly looked after. The conditions or recognition laid down in the treaty also constitute a notice to Mexico regarding what it must do to keep out of trouble.

THE MT. VERNON CASE

Some months ago the attention of the country was attracted to Mt. Vernon, New York, where a Socialist street meeting was broken up by order of the mayor. It was charged that his action was an arbitrary interference with the right of free speech. The mayor replied that he was enforcing a city ordinance and that the people who held the meeting knew they were breaking the law. The case growing out of those facts finally reached the highest court in the state and the mayor has been sustained. The court holds that the town was acting within its authority in regulating the use of the streets and that if there was any discrimination against the Socialists their remedy was not in defying constituted authority but in court, where they could have asked for a injunction to compel the authorities to give them a permit.

There have been arbitrary interferences with the right of free speech in this country, but a very large proportion of the cases in which it is charged are like the Mt. Vernon case. A great majority of those who complain that they are not permitted to express their opinions are people who have never distinguished between free speech and unlimited license.

The legislature has decided to submit the port district amendment. It is too early to discuss the matter at length, but will those who vote "no" on everything they do not understand, kindly suspend judgment for a while?

Publication of the "slacker list" in the Congressional Record will give members of the national legislature a chance to find out how much duplication there is of names on the distinguished service list.

A lot of young men who are now rising to deliver commencement essays telling the world how to run itself, will shortly be wondering why the world forgets that it owes them a living.

Congress, in ordering one of the slacker lists printed in the Congressional Record, has no reference to any list of honorable gentlemen who were absent at roll-call.

A fine of \$100 and one day in jail ought to convince Babe Ruth that speed on the bases leads more effectively to popularity than speed on the boulevards.

Boy Awaits Second Trial



Disagreement of the jury means a second trial for 11-year-old Cecil Barkett of Knox, Ind., on the charge of murdering his playmate. But Cecil is just as composed and confident of his acquittal as he was before the first trial. Photo shows him in court while the prosecutor argued for his conviction.

JEFFRIES-MONROE

Daily Fight Story for Ringed Arena Fans

Splashed his left into Monroe's wear ribs, and the challenger draped himself over the champion's arm. Then the referee called a halt.

The Right Way to Read.
The only way to read with any pleasure is to read so hourly that dinner time comes two hours before you expected it. To sit with your back before you and hear the news cracking that save the capital, and to see with your own eyes the Carthaginian soldiers gathering up the rings of the Roman knights after the battle of Carthage, and helping them into battle again is not dreary, almost the worst boys the best, 'cause they need it the most, the worst boys.

"It's the winnen that pays," Bill Dale, when they're fightin'. The winnen of this valley is right now—on needles; they're afraid the men fight their needles. You can guess what the guns went to now, can't ye? The winnen had lost last night after the men had gone to sleep. It's good luck, they had almost a whole night to it. You must be shore to keep it to yourself—but I know ye will. Addie Moreland, she started the book. She got Gramps Moreland to spread the word among the workers of my people. When they're fightin' fever sort o' dies down the guns'll all be brought back and put what they belong.

She arose and stood there smiling down upon him. He was staring at the swirling water without seeing it at all.

Her voice brought him to himself. "What're you a thinkin' about, Bill Dale?" Dale went to his feet. He saw that she was smiling, and he smiled, too.

"I was thinking," he said, "of the difference between you and some other women I know."

Her clear brown eyes widened. "And I reckon I seem purty no count don't I?"

"No, not at all. It's—or, quite the opposite, Babe. You make them appear unreal, artificial."

Babe Littleford's countenance brightened. She did not doubt that he meant it. He was not of the sort that flattered. She began to like Bill Dale at that moment.

And Bill Dale told himself as he went homeward that he was beginning to like Babe Littleford. He did not fight the feeling, because it somehow made the world seem a better place.

Early the following morning Dale made ready for his journey to Cincinnati. Having learned the evening before that he was going, Bill had come to accompany him to the half-way switch.

The two set out. They had three hours in which to cross David Moreland's mountain before the arrival of Dale's train, and they walked deliberately.

They had not gone a dozen rods when there came from somewhere down near the river the sound of a rifle shot. Both stopped and faced about quickly.

"I'll be daggummed if the Littlefords ain't found their weapons!" exclaimed Bill Dale. "They have, god, as shore as dangit!"

"How do you know?" Dale's voice was troubled.

"I shore know," and Heck narrowed his gaze. "At was Ben Littleford's old .45 Winch. I know that gun of him heer'd it at the mawth pole! The bar'l it's been cut off, and it don't sound like other Winchesters."

"Caleb Moreland was down near the river, cleaning on the springhouse ditch," Dale muttered, facing his companion. "I think we'd better go back."

Together they went back to the cabin. John Moreland and his wife and their son Luke were standing at the weatherbeaten front gate, with their eyes turned anxiously toward the river. Caleb was coming up through the meadow, and he carried his hat in his hand.

"Who fired that shot?" asked Dale. "Ben Littleford," John Moreland answered readily.

Two minutes later Caleb leaped the old rail fence on the other side of the road and approached them hastily. He was breathing rapidly and his strong young face was drawn and pale—with the old hate.

"Well," said his iron father, "what is it?"

Caleb held up his broad-brimmed black hat and ran a finger through a hole in the upper part of the crown's peak.

"We didn't miss!" snapped John Moreland.

"No," quickly replied Caleb.

Wanted for Murder of Husband



Cleveland police are conducting a nationwide search for Mrs. Daniel Kaber, widow of a Cleveland publisher, who was cruelly murdered two years ago while bedridden with paralysis in her beautiful home on exclusive Lake Avenue. Mrs. Kaber, in whose recent inquest, was accused of the crime, but stoutly protested her innocence. Since then private detectives have worked intensively on the case, with the result that Mrs. Kaber has just been indicted for murder.

A fine of \$100 and one day in jail ought to convince Babe Ruth that speed on the bases leads more effectively to popularity than speed on the boulevards.

He don't miss. He don't never miss. You know that, pop, as well as ye know God made ye. He done it jest to show me he meant what he said. He told me to go and tell ye to gather up yore set o' rabbit-hearted heathers and come down to the river fo' a lead-and-powder plumb, unless ye was a-screered to come! He said to tell ye the winnenfolks had hid our guns, and we'd find 'em under the house floors."

John Moreland took it with utter calmness, though his face was a little pale behind his thick brown beard. He turned to his wife, who looked at him squarely.

"Addie, honey," said he, "I'm mighty sorry."

"Me—er, you was much sorry, John," Mrs. Moreland half sobbed. "ye would go down than to the river."

"Me a coward?" Moreland appeared to grow an inch in stature. "We let a Littleford send me news like this here which Cain brings, and not do nothing at all about it! I thought you knew better than that, Addie."

He faced his two stalwart sons. Always he was the general, the leader of his clan. He sent Caleb in one direction and Luke in another, to grieve them.

He was beckoned to Dale, who had been trying hard but vainly to think of something to do or say that would be of aid to the cause of the women.

"I don't want you in this here mix-up," he said decisively. "You must stay clean out of it. You ain't used to this way o' fightin'. Asides, you're our hope. More'n that, maybe, you've got life to Babe Littleford; you can't get around that, Bill Dale."

He went on, after a moment, "If I'm going to, after all, do the best I can with the coat, I want ye to do your best with the coat. But o' course ye will. I want ye to do me two favors, Bill Dale, if I have my light put out today. Will ye do 'em for me, my friend?"

"Certainly," Dale promised.

"Much obliged to ye, shore. The fact is this: I want ye to take good pay out o' what the coat brings, to go to work. The second in this: I want ye to go to Ben Littleford after I'm done—perh'aps he is yet alive—and tell him about the o'le o' my neediness prayer; I want him to know I went to him better, at least a bigger man instoe an him. Remember, Bill, you've done promised me. Now go ahead to Cincinnati, and do just what ye didn't know the least thing about this trouble we're in again, to have. So long to ye, an' good luck."

"I don't like the look—dale began when the big hiltman interrupted sharply:

"Go on! You can't do no good here!"

Dale started. Dale turned and followed the hasty mountaineer; there seemed to be nothing else to do.

When they had reached a point a little way above the foot of David Moreland's mountain, the tall hiltman and Dale had had back. They saw the Littlefords and the Morelands, every one of them armed, going toward the river. It had a strange and subtle fascination for Bill Dale, a fascination that he did not try to understand.

As the fighters reached dangerous ground they dropped to their hands and knees and began to crawl through the tall grasses, the ironweed and the meadow clover. They were intent upon reaching the shelter of the trees that met the banks of the river with a noise. The stream here was low. Cut loose! The two lines of men were on either side; this was low. Cut loose!

When he halted again it was on his knees behind the big white sycamore that sheltered John Moreland.

"Back, are ye?" frowned the mountaineer. And with the grimdest manner, "I reckon ye had a large time in Cincinnati. Your friend Harris was well, I hope. Git that money from him!"

"Cut that out," said Bill Dale. "It doesn't get us anywhere."

A bullet threw particles of sycamore bark to his face, interrupting John Moreland pointed to a green furrow in the side of the tree.

"Ben Littleford himself," said Moreland. "He's salid o' that water oak across that. Don't stick your head out!"

The mountaineer turned his gaze over Dale's shoulder, and his countenance seemed to freeze. Dale looked around quickly and saw Babe Littleford, less than ten feet behind him! She had crept up through the tall grasses and weeds. In one hand she carried a white flag made of a man's handkerchief and a willow switch. She halted and sat up.

"Babe!" Dale cried out. "What are you doing here?"

Babe gave him a pale smile. "Ef peep shoot me, a-thinks I was a Moreland, mebbe it'd stop the everlastin' fightin'," she said.

John Moreland stared, and Bill Dale stared. They were in a presence, and they knew it. Babe went out.

"I've come to save all o' yore lives; but if I do it, ye'll hat to make yore men quit a-fightin' right now—jest order 'em to stop a-shootin', and hold up this here—and I promise ye on a Littleford's word at call ye a better man 'an him 'cause ye done it."

She tossed the white flag to him. "The ain't no time to lose, John Moreland; hold up the flag. Ef ye don't, ye'll every one be killed, 'cause ye're every one in a trap!"

"I don't believe ye, babe!" snapped the Moreland chief. "Yore people can hold up a white rag jest as well as we can!"

Babe went pater. There was a sudden burst of fire from the Moreland rifles, and she crept a little nearer to John Moreland in order that he might hear plainly that which she had to tell him next.

"I'm comin' to you," she said.

"Do you know o' any way to stop the risin' and settin' o' the sun?" he grinned.

"They went back to John Moreland's cabin.

"They dropped to their hands and knees and crawled through the tall grasses, the ironweed and the meadow clover.

Trees stood back a rod or so from the water, making the final shooting distance some seventy yards.

Draived Heck: "Le's set down here and watch it, boy?"

Dale was silent. The very air was filled with the spirit of tragedy. The far-off throb of a cowbell seemed tragic; tragic, too, sounded the song of a bird somewhere in the tree branches overhead.

"Did ye hear me, Bury?"

"I think," Dale muttered, "that I'd better not go away until tomorrow. I can't leave matters like this. Do you know of any way to stop that down there?"

He Heck shrugged his shoulders.

"Do you know o' any way to stop the risin' and settin' o' the sun?" he grinned.

"They went back to John Moreland's cabin.

"They didn't miss. He don't miss. He don't never miss. You know that, pop, as well as ye know God made ye. He done it jest to show me he meant what he said. He told me to go and tell ye to gather up yore set o' rabbit-hearted heathers and come down to the river fo' a lead-and-powder plumb, unless ye was a-screered to come! He said to tell ye the winnenfolks had hid our guns, and we'd find 'em under the house floors."

It was altogether by accident that the Littleford chief found his weapons. He had dropped a small coin through a crack in the floor. Babe was quick to

**DAILY MIRROR
CLASSIFIED ADS**

WANTED—Salesmen we are offering 70 percent commission for the sale of Roofing Cement and Paint. Territory NEAR THE AMERICAN OIL & PAINT CO., 5311 EUCLID AVENUE CLEVELAND, OHIO.

WANTED AGENTS With Ford cars to demonstrate and sell "Coal Ford" to Ford owners. New device guaranteed to keep motors from overheating. Coal A Ford Co., Norway, Mich. 165

WANTED To do washing and cleaning by a competent woman. Phone 855 W. 167

WANTED First-class accountant must be able to open and close books, make financial statements, income tax, reports, etc. Address "Accountant," care Daily Mirror 168

WANTED—Salesman with car. Call at Ludington Hotel from 7:30 to 9:30. Ask for Albert Smith 166

WANTED Washing and ironing will call and deliver. Inquire to 317 No. Birch St., or phone 382-W. 313

FOR SALE—Ford Touring car in good condition, with good tires, address A. C. care of Mirror.

FOR SALE A two cylinder Harley Davidson motorcycle with accessories. Cheap if taken at once! Inquire 144 Second Avenue north.

FOR SALE Modern 2 room house in good location. Phone 965 W. 521 7th Street.

FOR SALE Two houses and large lot. Will sell at very reasonable price. Inquire at 902 First Avenue North or phone 977-W. 1204

FOR SALE On-Axes Vacuum Cleaner, good as new, also a new electric flat-iron. Inquire 107 S. 9th St. 165

FOR SALE One dining room table, one 3x12 rug, one baby carriage, one baby bed. All in first class condition. Inquire Main Hotel, upstairs office, 168

FOR SALE Summer Cottage on 2 lot plat, on Ford River Bay Shore road. Garage and drilled well on property. One mile from city limits. \$750 cash, balance easy terms. Also 25 choice lots ranging from \$100 to \$500. \$50.00 cash balance to suit buyer. Inquire E. J. MacMartin, telephone 531-W, or L. M. Beggs, telephone 442. 1464

FOR SALE One Ludwig 5 x 11 share drum. Like new. \$20.00. Call 365-W. 166

FOR SALE One team of bay working horses, one fast driving horse. Inquire of Nicholas Bratz, Turin, Mich. 173

FOR SALE One baby buggy, bed, push cart, high chair, and nursery chair. All in very good condition. Inquire of 311 No. 11th street. 169

FOR SALE A red baby carriage sells for \$15.00 just like new. Phone 164 or inquire of 215 So. 8th street. 167

FOR SALE Human Hair, Switches, puffs, wigs, leave your orders with Mrs. Tournak. Thursday and Friday, 705 So. 16th Street.

FOR SALE An 8 room house in excellent condition. Inquire of 1007 Hartnett Avenue.

FOR SALE Reed Baby push cart, sold very cheap if taken at once. Inquire of 110 So. 5th street. 167

FOR RENT A large modern furnished room suitable for two, 1291 1st Avenue So. 165

FOR REST Four room upstairs unkeeping. Inquire of 1229 19th St. N. furnished suitable for light house. 165

FOR RENT Three partly furnished rooms for light house keeping. Inquire of 513 Ludington street, Burnell Hotel. 166

FOR RENT Furnished room, all modern, of 212 First Ave. S. Gentleman preferred. 166

LOST Between Mrs. Breitenbach's and the Fair a small package marked Fille Champion. Reward will be paid for return to 274 North Fatoum street. 163

LOST—A black leather pocket book in the Ready-to-Wear Department at the Fair Savings bank, owner is very anxious to receive contents, especially a note book, fountain pen and keyring. Finder please return to this office and receive liberal reward. 168

LOST—A diamond ring yesterday in the Washington school yard. Finder please return to 319 No. 15th street and receive a reward, or phone 456-J. 167

LOST—A pair of brown colonial pumps, a reward is offered. Call 272-J.

EVERETT TRUE
By CONDO

PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. John Roddy motored to Florence on Tuesday.

Frank Brown of Gladstone is spending the week with friends here.

Miss Edna Daniels is visiting with relatives at Marquette.

Miss Vivian Crebo is reported ill at her home, South Seventh street.

John Erickson left yesterday morning on a business trip to Milwaukee.

Miss Charlotte McArthur is visiting relatives at Oconto, Wis.

Henning Bergman of Daggett, is visiting friends here.

Miss Dorothy Sullivan is the guest of relatives and friends at Kaukauna.

Mrs. M. Sharpe left Tuesday morning for a few day's visit at Green Bay.

Miss Edna Robertson of Fairport, is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Cich.

Miss Garnet Roddy left last night for Milwaukee, where she will visit relatives and friends.

Adrian William Francis was born to Mr. and Mrs. William O'Connell, 321 south Twelfth street.

Miss Bernice McCauley has left on vacation visit at Green Bay, Milwaukee and Chicago.

Miss Ingrid Bjorstrom is visiting back at Norway at her home.

Mrs. R. Johnson and daughter, Elsie, have returned from a visit with relatives at Iron Mountain.

Adolph Dupuis, 47 South 19th street, is seriously ill at a local hospital.

Alfred Moreau and Ned Beauchemin motored to Iron Mountain yesterday morning on business.

Miss Olive LaFave, So. 15th street, has taken a position as a cookkeeper at the Escanaba Manufacturing company.

Adolph Dupuis has left for Denver, Colo., where he will be a delegate at the convention of the American Yarmouth being held there.

Mr. and Mrs. William Baker left yesterday morning for Marquette, called by the serious illness of a relative.

Grant Hamm, who is a student at Marquette University, Milwaukee, is spending the summer vacation at his home here.

Miss Helen Olson of Gladstone will arrive this week from Marquette, Mich., where she has been attending the Northern State Normal.

Mr. and Mrs. Archibald LaMarche, 319 Sixteenth street, are the parents of a daughter, born on Saturday at the St. Francis hospital.

Miss Freida Carlson arrived Tuesday morning from Viborg, Wis., where she has been teaching for the past year, to visit at her home during the summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Brandt have returned from a wedding trip to Chicago, Milwaukee and Detroit. They will make their home in this city.

Miss Margaret Lynagh, who recently submitted to an operation for relief of gouty trouble, has recovered, and has resumed her position at the Fair store.

Miss Madelyn Bourke left Monday for a vacation visit at Oconto, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. William LeDuc, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Gengenbach and son have left on a motor trip to Marquette.

Miss Isa Wedel, who has been attending the Northern State Normal at Marquette, will arrive here soon to visit relatives and friends.

Miss Edith McNaughton, who has been attending the Northern State Normal at Marquette, will arrive home Friday to visit at her home.

Miss Blanche Trudeau has returned to Detroit after a visit with relatives and friends here. She was accompanied by her sister, Alice, who will make her home here.

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Everybody uses "Wyeth's" Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied.

You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair has disappeared, and after another application it becomes beautifully dark and appears glossy and lustrous.

This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire dark hair and a youthful appearance.

It is not intended for the cure, mitigation, or prevention of disease.

The condition of Mrs. J. E. McCarthy, of Manistique, formerly Miss Hazel Shipman of this city, who has been critically ill for several days at St. Francis hospital, was yesterday reported to be unchanged.

Miss Lenna McGuire, who has been attending the Chicago Normal of Physical Education, is visiting for the summer at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George McGuire, 301 South Thirteenth street.

John Erickson left yesterday morning on a business trip to Milwaukee.

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GEE, THAT NICE COOL WATER FEELS GOOD!

I WISH I COULD GO DOWN TO THE LAKE AND TAKE A LITTLE DIP! SWELL CHANCE I'VE GOT!

OH, WELL, TOM, MAKE THE BEST OF WHAT YOU HAVE!

GRADUATION DAY EXERCISES AT ST. ANNE'S THURSDAY

Diplomas Will Be Presented to the Graduates by Rev. Fr. Raymond Jacques.

A splendid program has been arranged by the sisters at St. Ann's school for the graduation exercises to be held Thursday night. Rev. Father Erasmus DeJoyer will deliver the principal address.

"The Land Where Every Man's a King," L. M. French Boys Song Acc. Oscar Clermont What Is In the Basket Minnie "Il Pancredi de Rosin" G. Truant Violins Edward Henriksen, Victor Lemmer.

Trio Verneige Paquin, Beulah Gauthier, Dorothy Murphy.

Nancy Drama in two Acts. Eighth grade Girls.

Rain Boy Ribbon Drill, Intermediate Girls. Acc. Leonie Dume.

Boys Scout Drill and Song. Troup 9 Acc. Oscar Clermont.

"Salomé les Vacances" 2nd G. Truant French Song Girls. Acc. Helen Moreau.

Presentation of Diplomas, Rev. R. G. Jacques, pastor.

Address Rev. Douley, O. F. M.

Look for the ad that calls for you among the Help Wanted Ads.

Escanaba Lodge No. 98 Knights of Pythias

Meets First and Third Monday at Castle Hall, 122 Ludington Street. Something doing at every meeting. Visitors Welcome.

Chas. E. Lewis, C. C.

O. O. Rollins, K. of R. & S.

E. J. VINETTE

Phone 1090 517 Ludington St.

STORAGE

Stoves, \$2.50 per Season

FURNITURE

SAM DUNN

1113 Ludington Street

NOTICE

The annual meeting of the Lake View Cemetery Association will be held at the office of Judge Emil Glaser on Friday, June 24th, at 8:00 P. M.

HARVEST SEASON IN OKLAHOMA IS IN FULL SWING

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., June 15.—Harvest season has turned Oklahoma into a hive of industry and along the highways and byways the hum and throb of harvest life holds forth.

Spots of gold that only a forenoon ago blazed with the lighter, even yellowish shades of green in scattered wheat fields of southwest Oklahoma, have since faded to the north and west until now the wheat belt of the state, located in the central northern and northwestern sections, is a huge mantle of golden festers covering the rolling prairie with its billowy folds. The blue denim of the harvested fields contrast here and there over the fields, while the rhythmic whirr of the binder and header fills the air from dawn until dusk.

Wheat and oats that were cut nearly a fortnight ago in the extreme southwest portion have been threshed and now the threshing outfits are creeping northward and westward in the wake of the fallen grain. Another

ten days to two weeks and the harvest wave will have crossed the state line into Kansas, from whence it will push, always northward, into Nebraska and the Dakotas.

With a plentiful supply of labor, enhanced by such speed machinery combines, which cut and thresh the grain simultaneously, Oklahoma was expected to complete its harvest quickly. Approximately 3,050,000 acres of wheat and 1,600,000 acres of oats will fall before the sickle, according to John A. Whitehurst, president of the state board of agriculture.

The condition of both grains had improved materially during the two weeks preceding harvest, he said, owing to plentiful moisture, and only unfavorable climatic conditions at harvest would reduce an estimated yield of about 35,000,000 bushels of wheat and 10,000,000 bushels of oats.

Last year, the 2,900,000 acres of wheat harvested in Oklahoma produced 42,000,000 bushels of grain, while the 1,500,000 acres of oats yielded 4,000,000 bushels.

WANTED—Best paid work for young women. Become a nurse. Write for prospectus to St. Joseph's Training School for Nurses, Menominee, Michigan.

FOR SALE—Small gas range. Inquire 1915 Ludington street, upstairs. 168.

WANTED—Lady clerk. Hallway Co. Op Store. 168.

STATE SECRETARY OF COLORADO NOT TWENTY-SEVEN YET

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS

DENVER, June 13.—Secretary of state at the age of 26 is the record of Carl S. Millikin who today holds the position in the state of Colorado.

At Leland Stanford University where he attended college, Mr. Millikin won local fame as an all-around athlete, while during the summers he worked as a reporter on newspapers. After graduation he went to Nicaragua to represent a mines corporation.

When the war broke out, Mr. Millikin enlisted in the first officers' training school at Fort Riley, and as second lieutenant with the 35th Infantry, 5th division, he saw action at St. Mihiel and the Argonne. Upon his return from France he joined the staff of the Rocky Mountain News, at Denver, and in 1920 he was elected secretary of state of Colorado. Mr. Millikin was born in Denver.

SOCIAL

ALUMNI BANQUET

The Alumni members of the 1920 graduating class of the Escanaba high school who are planning to attend the banquet Monday night at the Golf club are asked to send in their names to M. R. Mellican, a member of the faculty, or John Brennan, Stack Smith, Ralph Brotherton. The final arrangements for the banquet will not be made until it is found how many of the former high school students will attend.

FAREWELL PARTY

A number of girls employed at the offices of the "Eenco" plant were guests of honor at a farewell party given for Mrs. V. M. Doyle at the home of her parents on South Fifteenth street. Wednesday, Mrs. Doyle was formerly a bookkeeper at the manufacturing company.

EVENING STAR PARTY

Members of the Evening Star society will entertain a tea and dinner party at the North Star hall Thursday evening. Members of the society and their friends will attend. Following a short business session the party will start.

TO ATTEND WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Sullivan, John O'Meara and daughter, Miss Charlotte, will leave for Green Bay Monday to attend the wedding of Mrs. Edith Conner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Steve Conner, formerly of this city, and William McCusker, of Milwaukee. The ceremony will be performed Tuesday morning.

M. E. Ladies Aid Thursday

The Ladies Aid of the First Methodist church will hold its regular meeting in the church parlors Thursday afternoon at the usual hour. All members are urged to attend.

O. E. S. WILL ENTERTAIN

B. C. Hathaway Chapter No. 49, O. E. S. are entertaining all members of the "Springtime" cast at a dancing party to be given at South Park Friday evening, June 17th. All members of the order and all Masons are also invited.

OBITUARY

FUNERAL TOADY

Funeral services for Mrs. John Lindstrom, who passed away Sunday morning, were held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the family home and at 2:30 o'clock at the Swedish Lutheran church. Rev. Lund officiated at the services. Interment was made at Lakeview cemetery. The funeral was largely attended and many beautiful floral offerings were received which were indicative of the high esteem in which the deceased was held by a host of people.

NOTICE

The R. G. Hathaway Chapter No. 49, O. E. S., extends a cordial invitation to all who took part in the production of "Springtime" to be its guests at a dancing party to be held at the South Park on Friday evening, June 17th. The ladies of the chapter will act as hostesses and chaperones. Members of the order of the O. E. S. and Masons are invited.

**Interesting Program
Arranged for Father
and Son Hike June 26**

Plans have been completed for the city-wide father and son hike to be held Sunday, June 25. The fathers and sons will meet at their local scout troop headquarters at 3:30 o'clock and will leave in a body to the place where the meeting is to be held that night. All the troops and the fathers will meet in a grove near Green where they will eat their supper after which the campfire program which has been arranged will be carried out. The program consists of singing of songs and short talks by A. J. Young, T. J. Riley, John Doell and others.

The object of the hike is to acquaint the fathers with the scout program and to bring about a better cooperation between the fathers of scouts and the scout masters of the various troops. Similar hikes have been carried off in other cities with great success. It is expected that there will be between 200 and 300 scouts and fathers attending the hike.

Candles or whitewash on wood proves to be resistant to fire to a certain extent. While it does not prevent burning at high temperature, it lessens the risk of fire from cigarette sparks and matches and is cheap and practical.

In India lizards are hunted for their skins. The skins when tanned are made into women's and children's shoes, purses and handbags, and are exported.

Electrical installations in the United States have doubled every five years during the last generation.

It has been said that an osteopath in Washington, D. C., cured a prominent Australian lecturer and literary man of blindness in a series of treatments lasting three days.

The annual tobacco bill of the United States is \$7,110,000,000 of which \$800,000,000 is spent for cigarettes.

A bill making it unlawful for any person to offer for sale any dirk, Bowie knife, metallic or false knuckles, sling shot, or any other dangerous weapon has been introduced in the West Virginia house of delegates. The bill also provides that no firearms are to be sold to any person of foreign birth who has not been naturalized.

RULES GOVERNING BOY SCOUTS WHILE IN CAMP STRICT

All Games and Exercises in
Camp at Sac Bay Will Be
Supervised With Care.

Any successful camp must be run somewhat as a business proposition and with real business efficiency, as to the camp directors are under obligation to serve the boys in accordance to the best of their ability and make their stay worth while, so to conduct the camp that it will meet with the approval of parents whose boys are present, and to protect the interests of the public at large. Hence some regulations are necessary and should be applied rigidly but with judgment in all cases.

The following will be some of the general regulations for the first scout camp at Sac Bay:

1. The Scout law will be the law of the camp at all times.

2. Profanity, roughhouse, rowdiness, smoking, and card playing will have no place in the camp.

3. No firearms will be allowed in camp.

4. No boy will be allowed to leave camp without the permission of the Camp Executive.

5. No boy will be allowed to go in swimming or into the water at any time the regular duties in the dairy program when the adult instructors will be with them.

6. Eating between meals will be considered unhealthful and will not be permitted.

7. Each day's program has been carefully prepared and is filled with a wide variety of activities. Every Scout attending camp will be expected to abide by this program unless excused by the camp executive for sickness or other good reasons.

8. No boy will be allowed to go out in one of the boats except with permission of the camp executive.

9. All money brought to camp must be deposited in the camp bank.

10. Sunday in camp will be observed in accord with the spirit of the twelfth Scout law.

11. Every boy registering for camp will be required to register for one full period of two weeks, unless special arrangements are made with the camp executive for less than that time, and should the boy be called home or have to be sent home because of a breach of rules, before his period is up, no part of the money can be refunded.

12. Taps will be sounded at half past thirty every night and any boy creating a disturbance or commotion after that time will be severely dealt with.

It should be understood by boys and parents alike that these rules have been made for the good of all, that every effort will be made to enforce them rigidly, that any violation of them will be considered before the



How About a Good Vacation This Summer?

Are you planning one? If you are, BACK UP
YOUR PLANS BY SAVING FOR IT NOW.

Begin TODAY to deposit a certain sum of
money each week for this purpose. That's the
only sure way to make your dreams come true.

Open a SAVINGS ACCOUNT in this bank
RIGHT NOW. We pay 3% interest on all
savings.

**The
First National Bank**
The Oldest, Largest and Strongest
Bank in Delta County

Notice to our Stockholders

The Annual Dividend Four Dollars per
Share is now ready for distribution. Please
call in person for your checks as we desire to
see you all personally at least once a year. The
stockholders residing in Wells and North Esca-
naba can call for their checks at Branch Store.

Scandia Co-op. Association

F. O. BECK, Sec'y and Treas.

Mr. and Mrs. Felix Bone of North
11th street, are the parents of a baby
boy, born yesterday.

A Brazilian scientist has discovered
a deposit of radium-bearing minerals
in the interior of the state of Para-

THE ED. ERICKSON CO.

Be Your Own Dressmaker!

Learns to make all your clothes and to make them better. What joy, to be able
to make plenty of pretty things at a very small cost.

Mrs. H. D. Glen, representing the Butterick Publishing Company,
will explain to you

The "Deltor"

SUPPLIED ONLY WITH BUTTERICK PATTERNS

Mrs. H. D. Glen is with us Thursday and Friday of this week,
to explain to you the new "Deltor" feature—the revolution in
dressmaking.

She will show you how you can become more efficient in home dressmak-
ing; how you can easily make your own apparel and garments for the children.

THE DELTOR IS DECIDELY SIMPLE CAN BE UNDERSTOOD AT A GLANCE

The Deltor is a wonderful invention, and is supplied only with Butterick Patterns. The representative is with us Thursday and Friday only. She will be glad to explain to you the Deltor feature.

PATTERN SECTION
(Main Floor)

Buy Liberally while you can at this Price.

SCANDIA CO-OPERATIVE ASS'N., Inc.
MAIN STORE, 1210 Ludington St.
BRANCH STORE, 1327 Hartnett Ave.