

THE IRON PORT

HOME FIRST, THE WORLD AFTERWARD

VOL. XXX.

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1899.

NUMBER 24

THE COUNTY BOARD.

Official Proceedings of the Board of Supervisors' Meeting Last Week.

George T. Burns is Again Elected Chairman by a Large Majority.—The Several Committees Appointed for the Ensuing Year.—Proceedings.

At a special meeting of the board of supervisors of Delta county, held at the court house, in the city of Escanaba, on Thursday, June 8th, 1899. The meeting was called to order by the clerk.

The following members were present: Besson, Burns, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Devet, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hazen, Hirn, Kauthen, Leighton, Mason, Monson, Narracong, Nelson, Stephenson, Swanson and Ward.

Absent: Brotherton and Foster. The members present all acknowledged having received legal notice for the meeting.

Moved by Mr. Kauthen, supported by Mr. Burns, that Supervisor Ward be elected temporary chairman. Ayes unanimous.

Thereupon Mr. Ward took the chair and in a brief speech thanked the members for the honor conferred.

Moved by Mr. Kauthen, supported by Mr. Stephenson, that the board proceed to the election of a permanent chairman. Ayes unanimous.

Moved by Mr. Embs, supported by Mr. Besson, that the chairman appoint two tellers. The motion prevailed.

The chairman appointed as tellers Supervisors Embs and Davis.

For chairman Mr. Kauthen placed in nomination Mr. George T. Burns, and Mr. Hartnett nominated David Narracong.

An informal ballot was taken. Burns received 16 votes, Narracong 6 votes and 1 was blank.

Thereupon a formal ballot was taken and Burns received 17 and Narracong 6 votes, and Mr. Burns was declared duly elected chairman of the board for the ensuing year, whereupon Mr. Burns took the chair.

The minutes of previous meeting were read.

The chairman appointed the following standing committees for the year: Auditing: Stephenson, Curran, Devet, Nelson, Hammarberg.

Finance: Foster, Hartnett, Davis.

County Buildings: Dupont, Derry, Leighton.

County Poor: Kauthen, Besson, Swanson.

County Officers' Accounts, Hazen, Hirn, Mason.

Printing: Stephenson, Darling, Narracong.

Supplies: Ward, Embs, Brotherton.

Mileage and Per Diem: Leighton, Hirn, Dausey.

Justice Dockets: Narracong, Hirn, Monson.

On motion the appointments were confirmed.

Thereupon a recess was taken until nine o'clock tomorrow morning. O. V. LINDEN, G. T. BURNS, Clerk. Ch'n.

June 9th, 1899, 9 o'clock a. m.—The board was called to order by the chairman. All the members were present except Brotherton, Foster and Swanson.

Moved by Mr. Hartnett, supported by Mr. Hirn, that the minutes of previous meeting be approved as read. The motion prevailed.

Moved by Mr. Ward, supported by Mr. Embs, that the rules of order for the guidance of this board adopted last year be readopted for the ensuing year. Ayes unanimous.

Moved by Mr. Derry, supported by Mr. Ward, that the chairman and clerk of this board be instructed and authorized to issue county orders for county officers' salaries for the ensuing year. Ayes unanimous.

Moved by Mr. Ward, supported by Mr. Dupont, that the price of tickets sold for the J. H. Tracy Hospital be increased from \$5. to \$7.

The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes: Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Devet, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hazen, Hirn, Kauthen, Leighton, Mason, Monson, Narracong, Nelson, Stephenson, Ward and Burns. Nays, none.

Mr. Kauthen, supported by Mr.

Hazen offered the following protest: To the Board of Supervisors of the County of Delta: The undersigned, the Supervisor of the township of Garden, in said county, hereby respectfully protests against the meeting of said Board held on the 13th day of March A. D., 1899, and all the proceedings of said meeting; and I further protest against the payment of any bills or indebtedness incurred at said meeting; for the following reasons:

1st. That at least one-third of the supervisors of said county did not request in writing the calling of such meeting, specifying the time and place thereof.

2nd. That the Clerk of said County did not cause notice in writing of said meeting to be delivered personally on the supervisors of said County or by leaving the same at the place of residence of such supervisors.

3rd. That notice of said meeting was not delivered to the supervisors of said county or at their places of residence, at least six days before the said meeting.

Wm. KAUTHEN, Supervisor of Garden Township. Moved by Mr. Hartnett, supported by Mr. Derry, that the protest be received and spread upon the minutes without objection.

The motion prevailed, all members present voting yes except Mr. Embs, who voted no.

Moved by Mr. Stephenson, supported by Mr. Dupont, that the board take a recess until 2 o'clock p. m. Ayes unanimous.

O. V. LINDEN, Clerk. G. T. BURNS, Chairman.

June 9th, 2 o'clock p. m.—The board was called to order by the chairman. All the members were present except Brotherton, Foster, Mason, Stephenson and Swanson.

The auditing committee submitted the following report:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Delta County:

Gentlemen:—We, your committee on claims and accounts, herewith respectfully submit the following report: We have examined, audited and allowed bills from Nos. 1 to 94 inclusive, (see list of claims) with the following exceptions: Bills No. 9, 26, 27 and 30 have been rejected; Bills No. 25, 73 and 76 we have referred to the board for consideration;

The following bills have been reduced in amounts; 32 to \$20.20; 35 to \$46.95; 70 to \$13.92; 87 to \$80. All bills with the above exceptions we have audited in full.

Signed: NEIL CURRAN, JOHN DEVET, ALEX HAMMARBERG, PETER NELSON, Com.

Moved by Mr. Davis, supported by Mr. Derry, that the report be accepted and adopted, and that the bills audited by the committee be allowed as reported, and that the chairman and clerk be instructed to issue county orders in payment of the several amounts.

The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Devet, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hazen, Hirn, Kauthen, Leighton, Monson, Narracong, Nelson, Ward and Burns. Nays, none.

Moved by Mr. Hartnett, supported by Mr. Besson, that Bill No. 25 be allowed.

The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Devet, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hazen, Hirn, Monson, Narracong, Nelson, Ward and Burns. Nays, Kauthen.

Moved by Mr. Dupont, supported by Mr. Besson, that bill No. 73 be allowed.

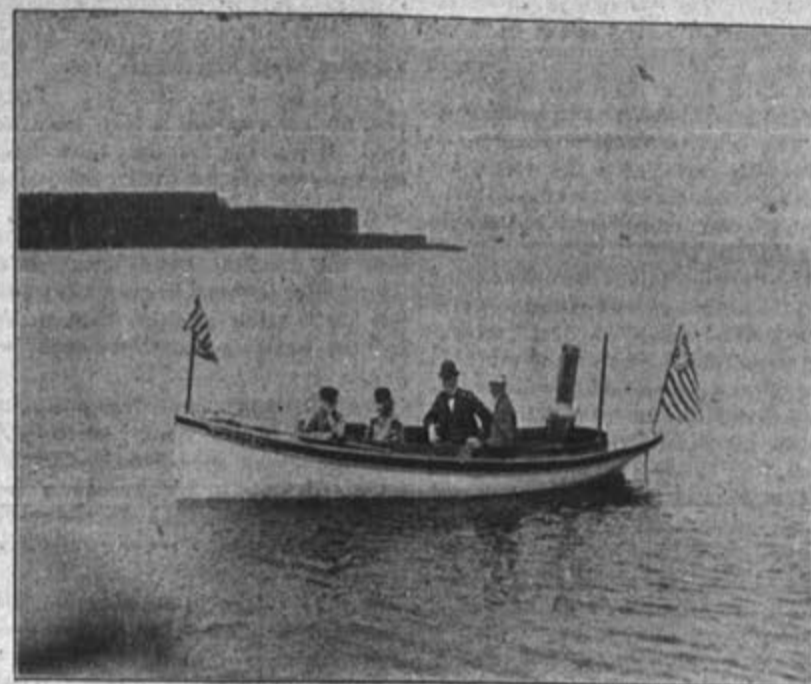
The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Devet, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hazen, Hirn, Monson, Narracong, Nelson, Ward and Burns. Nays, Kauthen.

Moved by Mr. Narracong, supported by Mr. Hartnett that bill No. 76 be allowed.

The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hirn, Leighton, Narracong, Nelson, Burns. Nays, Devet, Hazen, Kauthen, Monson and Ward.

The Building committee submitted the following report:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors: We wish to make a report



Beautiful and picturesque are the waters and surrounding shores of Little Bay de Noc. The above, showing the launch Eva Rathfon plying its placid waters, with the ore and lumber docks in the distance, is one of the prettiest views. To the left as the launch proceeds is Mr. S. B. Rathfon, and opposite is his brother John. Dale and Carl, sons of S. B., are the other occupants and from appearances they are thoroughly enjoying an afternoon on the bay. The photo is by Mrs. Rathfon.

ORE GOES TO CANADA.

Shipments to Be Made from Escanaba to Deseronto on Ontario.

The Round Trip is in the Neighborhood of Two Thousand Miles—Furnace Encouraged by Canadian Government, which Pays the Bounty.

Iron ore will be shipped from this port to Deseronto, a comparatively small and unimportant port on the Bay of Quinte, Lake Ontario, this season, the round trip by boat being something over two thousand miles. This will be, if The Iron Port is correctly informed, the first iron ore ever shipped from Escanaba to any foreign port. A Deseronto, which is about fifty miles west of Kingston, a blast furnace was built two years ago under the encouragement of the Canadian government. On every ton of pig iron manufactured the owners of the plant received a bonus of seventy-five cents a ton the first year, and they will receive a bonus of fifty cents a ton this year and twenty cents a ton next year. A small fleet of vessels is engaged in carrying ore from the Lake Superior mines to the furnace. Part of it will go from Marquette and part from Escanaba and Ashland.

OFFERED THE SUPERINTENDENCY.

The Marquette Mining Journal Says R. D. Ewing Will Accept a Position Here.

The many friends of Prof. R. D. Ewing in this and neighboring cities will be pleased to hear that he has been offered the superintendency of the Escanaba schools, which position he has decided to accept. During the year past Mr. Ewing has had the superintendency of the Champion school system. His work at that place won the commendation of the school authorities and gave him an experience which renders him thoroughly competent for the position offered him in the Escanaba schools. As Escanaba is a much larger place than Champion, Ewing will have charge of many more teachers and pupils than he has had the past year. Mr. Ewing's advancement in educational work has been very rapid.

He first came to this city to accept a professorship, and his many friends only hope that he will meet with continued success.—Marquette Journal.

MR. CHRISTIE WINS.

The Case of H. A. Stranbel and B. Fontaine Against John Christie Decided.

Judge Stone rendered a decision in the case of Henry A. Stranbel and Benjamin Fontaine against John Christie, et al., the first of the week, virtually giving a verdict for the defendant. The case was tried at the April term of the circuit court, the action being brought to recover \$6,000 on a foreclosure of mortgage bearing date of January 3, 1898, and given by the defendant on his hotel property in this city to cover a deferred payment of \$3,000 on the old Cook's hotel property at Green Bay, bought by Mr. Christie. Judge Stone gave the plaintiff's judgment for \$3,000, which was the amount actually due, and so claimed by the defendant.

THE W. O. T. U. Will Meet.

The next meeting of the W. O. T. U. Bible Course of Study will be held at the home of Mrs. Moore, Ludington street, next Friday afternoon.

to be held at Calumet, July 6. The committee of arrangements is working diligently to secure papers from physicians in this district as well as from others in adjoining districts. The Upper Peninsula society is affiliated with the Michigan State Medical society and also with the American Medical association. It is one of the best in the state. The officers are: President, B. D. Harrison, Soo; vice-president, C. H. Long, Escanaba; secretary-treasurer, S. Edwin Cruse, Iron Mountain.

RACES POSTPONED.

The June Meeting Will Be Held July Fourth. Events at Ishpeming on the 24th.

At a meeting of the directors of the Delta County Agricultural society on Monday evening it was decided to postpone the races set for June 22d to July Fourth, the horses being unconditioned for the meeting on account of the continued unfavorable weather. Then, too, the meeting had not been properly advertised, only a few posters having been hung up about Escanaba, while none had gone outside to neighboring towns. The July meeting will be hustled. It is expected that several good horses from abroad will be in attendance, among them being the somewhat noted pacer, Two Strike, who won out against A. W. here last fall. A. W. is now in fine condition, and will make the white pacer go fast if he gets the money.

Joe Pope and Jim Byers have agreed on the prizes for the various events of the turf meet and wrestling contests at Ishpeming June 24. The prizes in the wrestling tournament will be as follows: First, \$100; second, \$60; third, \$40; fourth, \$20; the purses in the horse races will be \$250 in the free for all; \$200 in the 2:30 class race, and \$150 in the three-minute class. The American association rules will govern the horse races. Everything is pointing to the complete success of the meet.

H. W. Cole came down from Rapid River a few days ago and tested the speed of Sylvester on the track. He is going faster than ever before.

A WELL KNOWN ENGINEER DIES.

George Reilly Passes Away Monday Evening After a Long Suffering.

George Reilly, who had been a resident of Escanaba since 1873, coming here that year from Racine, Wisconsin, died of Bright's disease at his home on First street Monday evening, after being confined to his home for several months. During his residence here he was in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern company, first as fireman and afterwards as locomotive engineer, in which capacity he was most capable and trustworthy. He was promoted from fireman in 1876.

The deceased was a respected and esteemed member of Superior Division, No. 116, B. of L. E., and was prominently connected with the advancement of that order. A widow and one child survive him.

The funeral was conducted from St. Joseph's church Wednesday morning, and was largely attended by sympathizing friends and neighbors.

WOULD NOT ACCEP.T.

Admiral Dewey Not Favorably Disposed Towards Receiving a Gift Home.

Admiral Dewey will not accept the home which the American people are preparing to present him. This comes from the admiral himself, he having cabled a friend in Washington that he must decline to accept it, but that if a fund was raised for that purpose he would take the money and invest it in a home for sick and disabled sailors. No member of the committee in charge of the subscriptions has received any message from Admiral Dewey. The fund in the hand of Treasurer Roberts is \$7033, and a New York paper is supposed to have collected \$5000.

Right of Way Troubles.

The Michigan Telephone Co. is experiencing considerable trouble in securing the right of way for the new long distance telephone to the copper country. Farmers owning property upon which the poles must be set have refused them a right of way and the corporation has taken legal steps and prays the condemnation of certain lands. About thirty farmers residing along the C. & N. W. right of way from Menominee to Daggett have refused to allow poles set on their lands.

A Saw Mill Burned.

The Hamilton & Merryman company's saw mill at Menominee was completely destroyed by fire on Tuesday.

COMING TO ESCANABA.

The Northwestern Lumber & Coopersage Company to Build Here.

The Old Furnace Location North of the City Has Been Secured for that Purpose—It Practically Means Another Railroad for Escanaba.

It is now definitely settled that the Northwestern Lumber & Coopersage company, which has manufacturing concerns at Gladstone, Munising and Iron River, will build a plant at Escanaba immediately. The company needs additional facilities to work up the large amount of timber it owns in this vicinity. At first it contemplated building the proposed plant at Gladstone, but owing to a combination of circumstances that place was abandoned, so far as the new plant was concerned, for Escanaba. Mr. Sutherland, a member of the Northwestern Lumber & Coopersage company, was at Chicago last week for the purpose of securing, if possible, the old furnace location north of the city, and while the Chicago & Northwestern Co. was loth to give up that particular site it finally determined to do so, and an agreement to that effect has been entered into between the parties interested.

Work upon this new manufacturing concern will be commenced forthwith, and the buildings will be rushed to completion as rapidly as possible. The company will, for the present, make staves the principal product of its factory here, and later headings and all kinds of coopersage stock will be manufactured.

The timber lands of the company are up the Whitefish Valley, for the getting out of which the Gladstone & Northern railroad was planned. This road will now either come to Escanaba direct or connect with the Northwestern road at some point north of the city in order to market the logs necessary to operate the factory here. Mr. Merriam has already inaugurated work on the proposed line of road, and within a few days a large force of men will be engaged in cutting the right of way and grading.

The new factory will probably employ seventy-five hands from the outset, and this number will be gradually increased. In this connection it may be mentioned that the present is a most favorable time for the people of Escanaba to put forth an effort to secure a furnace. There will be a large amount of wood from the lands of the Northwestern Lumber & Coopersage company available for the manufacture of charcoal, and a furnace could be operated here cheaply. Let us make a move in this direction.

WAGES ARE GOING UP.

According to the Report of Labor Commissioner and Factory Inspector Cox.

Labor Commissioner Cox, who is chief factory inspector for the state, says that in the inspection of the first 2,900 Michigan factories from Jan. 1, 1899 to June 1, 1899, there were found 77 new factories which had been built since last inspection.

Of these 58 gave the amount of capital invested as \$614,291, or an average of \$10,591.23 for each factory. At the same ratio the other 19 would have invested \$201,233, making an aggregate for the 77 factories of \$815,524. The 77 factories were employing 752 males and 319 females, a total of 1,071 employes, or an average of 14 employes for each factory. The aggregate wages paid the employes was \$1,424.43 each day, or a monthly wage of \$37,035.18. The average daily wages of these employes was \$1.33, which, taking into consideration that nearly 30 per cent were females brings the average wages about 8 per cent above that paid in 1898.

Mortgage for \$5,000,000. A mortgage of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Ste. Marie railroad company to the Central Trust company of New York for \$5,000,000 has been filed in this county with the register of deeds. The indenture bears \$2,500 of revenue stamps.

Races at Ishpeming. The excursion to Negaunee on the 24th, under the auspices of Institut Jacques Carties, promises to be largely attended. There will be, besides the usual picnic, horse races, which will induce a number of local sports to accompany the society.

Remember the Sons of Hermann excursion tomorrow.

APLAN FOR RESERVE

Discussed at Length by the Modern Woodmen.

SCHEME PRESENTED BY COMMITTEE.

After Debate a Resolution is Adopted to Submit the Proposition to the Membership at Large for a Vote.

Kansas City, Mo., June 8.—Renewed interest showed at the second day's session of the eleventh biennial convention of the Modern Woodmen of America.

An attempt was made to secure a reconsideration of the action of the convention in excluding distillery and brewery employes from the order.

The committee on reserve fund reported at the afternoon session. The plan that it recommends is that 12 regular assessments be made each year.

Head Consul Northcott was the first to speak on the report. He estimated that the surplus from the assessments by the plan recommended by the committee would make a fund of \$1,200,000 in a year.

Against the proposal to order assessments for the creation of a reserve fund, it was argued that the head camp would not be justified in taking such radical action without first having given the 400,000 members of the order an opportunity to discuss the proposition.

A. R. Talbot, of Nebraska, offered as a substitute for the committee recommendation a resolution providing for the submission of the question to the membership of the society.

A COSTLY FIRE.

Several Buildings and Their Contents Burned at Augusta, Ga.

Augusta, Ga., June 8.—The largest fire in Augusta's history in many years burned seven years ago, when the Augusta Chronicle was destroyed.

Louisville, Ky., June 8.—A deed of assignment was filed Wednesday by Scanlan & Co., manufacturers of stoves, ranges and tinware.

Kansas Indorse Him. Topeka, Kan., June 8.—The Kansas republican congressional delegation, after a conference held in this city Wednesday night, sent a telegram to Gen. Henderson tendering their united support.

TO TOUR ISLANDS.

Sherman Will Visit Southern Group. Then Return Home—Fear at Manila.

Manila, June 8.—Prof. Schurman, of the United States Philippine commission, sails from here on Friday, on board the United States gunboat Bennington, for a three-weeks trip among the southern islands.

Gen. Hall's brigade left Morong Tuesday, marching along the lake to Taytay. The troops encountered practically no opposition on entering several small towns.

Morong, which is an important port, will be garrisoned temporarily by the North Dakota regiment and the Fourth cavalry.

New York, June 8.—A dispatch to the Herald from Manila says: A thousand refugees who are attempting to come to Manila are being turned back by the authorities, who are fearful of the city becoming overpopulated, causing a pestilence and famine.

There are frequent sights on the country roads of men, women and children staggering along under loads of household effects.

Many of the refugees tell of being forced to give up their supplies to the insurgent army.

The insurgent government is to issue an order for all the military forces to discard their uniforms and wear ordinary white in order to deceive our army.

Communist societies have been formed in northern Luzon for the equal division of property.

AUGUSTIN DALY DEAD.

The Noted Dramatic Author and Manager Passes Away Suddenly in Paris.

Paris, June 8.—Augustin Daly died suddenly Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Daly's death was due to heart failure.

The late Augustin Daly was born in Plymouth, N. C., July 20, 1833. His education was received partly in Norfolk, Va., and in the public schools of New York city.

Head Consul Northcott was the first to speak on the report. He estimated that the surplus from the assessments by the plan recommended by the committee would make a fund of \$1,200,000 in a year.

Michigan Supports Henderson. Detroit, June 8.—The Michigan congressional delegation, which is solidly republican, will cast its 12 votes for Representative Henderson, of Iowa.

Havana, June 8.—Col. George M. Randall paid 193 Cuban soldiers Wednesday at Jaruco and rejected 44 others. This makes 1,437 Cubans paid by Col. Randall so far.

Will Ship More Gold. New York, June 8.—President Stillman, of the National city bank, said Wednesday afternoon that from present inquiries it is quite likely that the bank will make further gold shipments on Saturday.

Given Life Terms. Columbia, S. C., June 8.—Two negro boys, convicted at Conway of attempting to rape two white girls several months ago, were sentenced to life imprisonment.

Honored. New York, June 8.—Columbia university conferred the degree of LL. D. on Gov. Roosevelt.

Escanaba & Gladstone Transportation Co.

Steamer Lotus

Makes close connections at Escanaba with C. & N. W. lines and transfers passengers at Gladstone for all points on the Soo line.

Table with columns: GOING NORTH, GOING SOUTH, SUNDAY BOAT. Lists destinations like Escanaba, Gladstone, Furnace, Hunter's Pt., Garth, Ar. Masonville, etc.

This card is subject to change without notice.

FRESH BUTTERMILK

I wish to announce that I will deliver Fresh Buttermilk to any part of the city, morning and evening, in half-gallon cans.

Leave orders at The Iron Port Office or 321 Sarah Street.

H. C. LARSON.

STEAMBOAT LINE.

GOODRICH LINE

Menouinee Sturgeon Bay Milwaukee Chicago and all points South at 7 p. m. Sunday.

ALSO FAST FREIGHT LINE.

DRE. K. & K.

WAGES OF SIN

A Book for Young and Old.

OUR RECORD ESTD 1878 250,000 DISEASED MEN CURED

WE CURE NERVOUS BLOOD SKIN & PRIVATE DISEASES

250,000 CURED YOUNG MAN

CURES GUARANTEED

KENNEDY & KERGAN

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St. DETROIT, MICH.

THE IRON PORT.

THIS IS NO LIE.

The Iron Port contains more local news and has a larger circulation than any paper published in Delta county. It pays to advertise. Try it.

WE DO JOB PRINTING.

Professional Cards.

DR. C. H. LONG, Physician and Surgeon.

Special attention given diseases of the eye, including fitting spectacles. Office and residence No. 602 Wells Avenue. ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

O. E. YOUNGQUIST, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office 110 South Georgia Street. OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4, 7 to 8 p. m.

JOHN POWER, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Office in Masonic block, Ludington St. Will practice in all courts, state or federal. Collections payment of taxes, etc., promptly attended to.

DR. J. C. BROOKS, Physician, Surgeon, Pharmacist.

RAPID RIVER, DELTA CO., MICH.

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Work of all kinds promptly executed. Plans and specifications for buildings of all kinds. Office at residence on Ogden Avenue. ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

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We'll Do It For you. We'll change your walls into a wilderness of beauty.

Wall Paper from 6c to \$2.

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815 WELLS AVE.

WOOD FOR SALE.

WOOD!

Now is the Time

To put in your winter's supply, and this is the place to buy.

16-IN. WOOD

Hard and Soft Mixed,

Furnished by us in wagon or car

...load lots...

Escanaba River Co.

Phone 200-5 rings. WELLS, MICH.

NEW LIVERY.

STRICTLY UP TO DATE

M. PEPIN'S

LIVERY

CHARLOTTE STREET.

Is comprised entirely of new rigs and new trunks of the latest and most fashionable designs from the best makers.

Charge Reasonable.

We have on hand at all times a fine lot of

DRIVING, DRAFT AND FARM HORSES,

And invite your inspection.

HEAVY TEAM WORK SOLIBITED.

GROCERIES.

A Special Hobby

OF OUR GROCERY STOCK IS

GOODNESS

In all branches we aim to supply the household with the articles that make the family board a place at which all desire to meet.

SPRING VEGETABLES,

Canned Goods and all the choicest dainties can always be found at

F. H. ATKINS & CO.

401-404 Ludington St. Escanaba.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

YOU CAN USE IT 20 DAYS FREE



Ask us to ship you one of our High Arm Sewing Machines with Ball Bearings and all Modern Improvements. This we will do by express to any station within 50 miles of Chicago.

Originators of The Catalogue Business. MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., Michigan Ave. & Madison St., Chicago.

GROCERIES.

CROCKERY AND CANNED GOODS. Lowest market prices for first-class goods is my motto.

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CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

KEMP & WILLIAMS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, STORE FRONTS, BAR FIXTURES,

Turning and Band Sawing. Plans furnished and contracts taken.

PAINTS.



Is the best. It is an honest, practical point, entirely free from water or other material used as adulterants.

The paint is composed of oxide of zinc, lead or other unchangeable pigment, thinned for use with pure linseed oil and turpentine dryers—nothing else, and all in the Patton proportions.

Why Patton's Sun-Proof Pure Liquid or Ready-for-use Paints are summed up in these because:

FIRST Because the base is zinc oxide (or other unchangeable pigment) with lead in the Patton proportions.

SECOND Because the colors are clear, bright and glossy.

THIRD Because every drop is always the same, thoroughly ground by machinery in exact proportions. Hand-mixed paints are altogether guesswork.

FOURTH Because the Pattons use pure linseed oil. This leaves no chance for adulteration.

FIFTH Because the Patton Sun-Proof Paints sell at about the price of "cheap" paint and cover much more surface.

AND LAST Because Patton's Sun-Proof or Ready-for-use Paint is guaranteed fully twice as durable as any pure lead paint or any of the ordinary paints on the market.

SCHEMMEL & JOHNSON

Agents for Escanaba.

BLACKSMITHING.

DAN. McKEEBY,

GENERAL

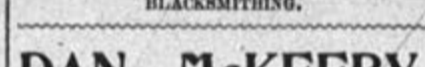
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Finnegan Shop, N. Campbell st.

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MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., CHICAGO.

Pennyroyal Pills

Chickney's English Dismal Pills

Original, Genuine, and Best

Bring your PRINTING To this office.

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The minutes of previous meeting were read.

The chairman appointed the following standing committees for the year: Auditing: Stephenson, Curran, Devet, Nelson, Hammarberg.

Finance: Foster, Hartnett, Davis. County Buildings: Dupont, Derry, Leighton.

County Poor: Kauthen, Besson, Swanson. County Officers' Accounts, Hazen, Hirn, Mason.

Printing: Stephenson, Darling, Narracong. Supplies: Ward, Embs, Brotherton.

Mileage and Per Diem: Leighton, Hirn, Dausey. Justice Dockets: Narracong, Hirn, Monson.

On motion the appointments were confirmed.

Thereupon a recess was taken until nine o'clock tomorrow morning. O. V. LINDEN, G. T. BURNS, Clerk. Ch'n.

June 9th, 1899, 9 o'clock a. m.—The board was called to order by the chairman. All the members were present except Brotherton, Foster and Swanson.

Moved by Mr. Hartnett, supported by Mr. Hirn, that the minutes of previous meeting be approved as read. The motion prevailed.

Moved by Mr. Ward, supported by Mr. Embs, that the rules of order for the guidance of this board adopted last year be redopted for the ensuing year. Ayes unanimous.

Moved by Mr. Derry, supported by Mr. Ward, that the chairman and clerk of this board be instructed and authorized to issue county orders for county officers' salaries for the ensuing year. Ayes unanimous.

Moved by Mr. Ward, supported by Mr. Dupont, that the price of tickets sold for the J. H. Tracy Hospital be increased from \$5. to \$7.

The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes: Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Devet, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hazen, Hirn, Kauthen, Leighton, Mason, Monson, Narracong, Nelson, Stephenson, Ward and Burns. Nays, none.

Mr. Kauthen, supported by Mr.

Hazen offered the following protest: To the Board of Supervisors of the County of Delta: The undersigned, the Supervisor of the township of Garden, in said county, hereby respectfully protests against the meeting of said Board held on the 13th day of March A. D., 1899, and all the proceedings of said meeting; and I further protest against the payment of any bills or indebtedness incurred at said meeting; for the following reasons:

1st. That at least one-third of the supervisors of said county did not request in writing, the calling of such meeting, specifying the time and place thereof.

2nd. That the Clerk of said County did not cause notice in writing of said meeting to be delivered personally on the supervisors of said County or by leaving the same at the place of residence of such supervisors.

3rd. That notice of said meeting was not delivered to the supervisors of said county or at their places of residence, at least six days before the said meeting.

Wm. KAUTHEN, Supervisor of Garden Township. Moved by Mr. Hartnett, supported by Mr. Derry, that the protest be received and spread upon the minutes without objection.

The motion prevailed, all members present voting yes except Mr. Embs, who voted no.

Moved by Mr. Stephenson, supported by Mr. Dupont, that the board take a recess until 2 o'clock p. m. Ayes unanimous.

O. V. LINDEN, Clerk. G. T. BURNS, Chairman.

June 9th, 2 o'clock p. m.—The board was called to order by the chairman. All the members were present except Brotherton, Foster, Mason, Stephenson and Swanson.

The Auditing committee submitted the following report:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Delta County:

Gentlemen:—We, your committee on claims and accounts, herewith respectfully submit the following report: We have examined, audited and allowed bills from Nos. 1 to 94 inclusive, (see list of claims) with the following exceptions: Bills No. 9, 26, 27 and 30 have been rejected; Bills No. 25, 73 and 76 we have referred to the board for consideration. The following bills have been reduced in amounts: 32 to \$20.20; 35 to \$46.95; 70 to \$13.92; 87 to \$80. All bills with the above exceptions we have audited in full.

Signed NEIL CURRAN, JOHN DEVET, ALEX HAMMARBERG, PETER NELSON, Com.

Moved by Mr. Davis, supported by Mr. Derry, that the report be accepted and adopted, and that the bills audited by the committee be allowed as reported, and that the chairman and clerk be instructed to issue county orders in payment of the several amounts.

The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Devet, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hazen, Hirn, Kauthen, Leighton, Monson, Narracong, Nelson, Ward and Burns. Nays, none.

Moved by Mr. Hartnett, supported by Mr. Besson, that Bill No. 25 be allowed.

The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Devet, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hazen, Hirn, Leighton, Monson, Narracong, Nelson, Ward and Burns. Nays, Kauthen.

Moved by Mr. Dupont, supported by Mr. Besson, that bill No. 73 be allowed.

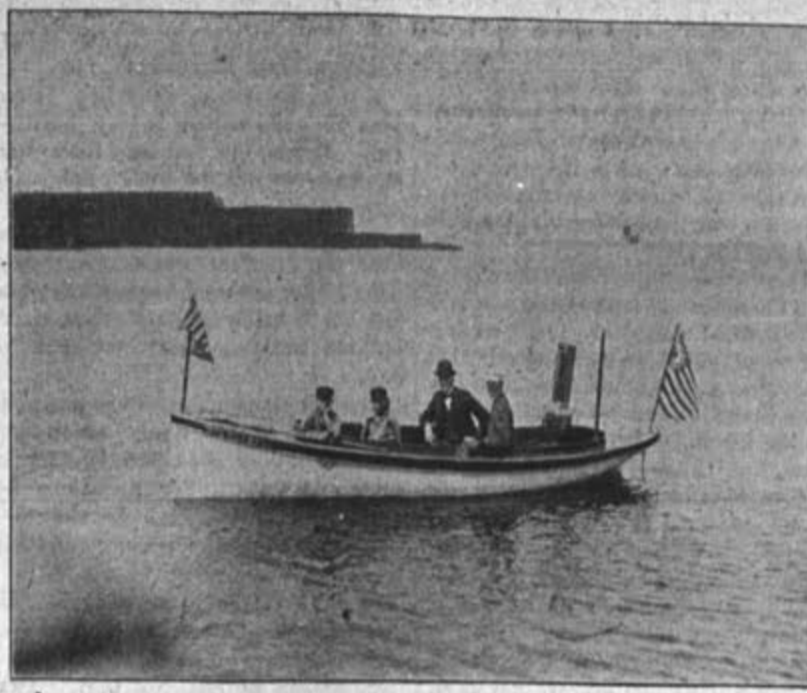
The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Devet, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hirn, Leighton, Narracong, Nelson, Burns, Nays, Devet, Hazen, Kauthen, Monson and Ward.

Moved by Mr. Narracong, supported by Mr. Hartnett that bill No. 76 be allowed.

The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hirn, Leighton, Narracong, Nelson, Burns, Nays, Devet, Hazen, Kauthen, Monson and Ward.

The Building committee submitted the following report:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors: We wish to make a report



Beautiful and picturesque are the waters and surrounding shores of Little Bay de Noc. The above, showing the launch Eva Rathfon plying its placid waters, with the ore and lumber docks in the distance, is one of the prettiest views. To the left as the launch proceeds is Mr. S. B. Rathfon, and opposite is his brother John. Dale and Carl, sons of S. B., are the other occupants and from appearances they are thoroughly enjoying an afternoon on the bay. The photo is by Mrs. Rathfon.

ORE GOES TO CANADA.

Shipments to Be Made From Escanaba to Deseronto on Ontario.

The Round Trip is in the Neighborhood of Two Thousand Miles—Furnace Encouraged by Canadian Government, which Pay the Bounty.

Iron ore will be shipped from this port to Deseronto, a comparatively small and unimportant port on the Bay of Quinte, Lake Ontario, this season, the round trip by boat being something over two thousand miles. This will be, if The Iron Port is correctly informed, the first iron ore ever shipped from Escanaba to any foreign port. At Deseronto, which is about fifty miles west of Kingston, a blast furnace was built two years ago under the encouragement of the Canadian government. On every ton of pig iron manufactured the owners of the plant received a bonus of seventy-five cents a ton the first year, and they will receive a bonus of fifty cents a ton this year and twenty cents a ton next year. A small fleet of vessels is engaged in carrying ore from the Lake Superior mines to the furnace. Part of it will go from Marquette and part from Escanaba and Ashland.

OFFERED THE SUPERINTENDENCY.

The Marquette Mining Journal Says R. D. Ewing Will Accept a Position Here.

The many friends of Prof. R. D. Ewing in this, and neighboring cities will be pleased to hear that he has been offered the superintendency of the Escanaba schools, which position he has decided to accept. During the year past Mr. Ewing has had the superintendency of the Champion school system. His work at that place won the commendation of the school authorities and gave him an experience which renders him thoroughly competent for the position offered him in the Escanaba schools. As Escanaba is a much larger place than Champion, Ewing will have charge of many more teachers and pupils there than he has had the past year. Mr. Ewing's advancement in educational work has been very rapid. He first came to this city to accept a professorship, and his many friends only hope that he will meet with continued success.—Marquette Journal.

MR. CHRISTIE WINS.

The Case of H. A. Stranbel and B. Fontaine Against John Christie Decided.

Judge Stone rendered a decision in the case of Henry A. Stranbel and Benjamin Fontaine against John Christie, et al., the first of the week, virtually giving a verdict for the defendant. The case was tried at the April term of the circuit court, the action being brought to recover \$6,000 on a foreclosure of mortgage bearing date of January 3, 1898, and given by the defendant on his hotel property in this city to cover a deferred payment of \$3,000 on the old Cook's hotel property at Green Bay, bought by Mr. Christie. Judge Stone gave the plaintiff's judgment for \$3,000, which was the amount actually due, and so claimed by the defendant.

The W. O. T. U. Will Meet.

The next meeting of the W. O. T. U. Bible Course of Study will be held at the home of Mrs. Moore, Ludington street, next Friday afternoon.

to be held at Calumet, July 6. The committee of arrangements is working diligently to secure papers from physicians in this district as well as from others in adjoining districts. The Upper Peninsula society is affiliated with the Michigan State Medical society and also with the American Medical association. It is one of the best in the state. The officers are: President, B. D. Harrison, Soo; vice-president, C. H. Long, Escanaba; secretary-treasurer, S. Edwin Cruse, Iron Mountain.

RACES POSTPONED.

The June Meeting Will Be Held July Fourth. Events at Ishpeming on the 24th.

At a meeting of the directors of the Delta County Agricultural society on Monday evening it was decided to postpone the races set for June 22d to July Fourth, the horses being unconditioned for the meeting on account of the continued unfavorable weather. Then, too, the meeting had not been properly advertised, only a few posters having been hung up about Escanaba, while none had gone outside to neighboring towns. The July meeting will be hustled. It is expected that several good horses from abroad will be in attendance, among them being the somewhat noted pacer, Two Strike, who won out against A. W. here last fall. A. W. is now in fine condition, and will make the white pacer go fast if he gets the money.

Joe Pope and Jim Byers have agreed on the prizes for the various events of the turf meet and wrestling contests at Ishpeming June 24. The prizes in the wrestling tournament will be as follows: First, \$100; second, \$60; third, \$40; fourth, \$20; the purses in the horse races will be \$250 in the free for all; \$200 in the 2:30 class race, and \$150 in the three-minute class. The American association rules will govern the horse races. Everything is pointing to the complete success of the meet.

H. W. Cole came down from Rapid River a few days ago and tested the speed of Sylvester on the track. He is going faster than ever before.

A WELL KNOWN ENGINEER DIES.

George Reilly Passes Away Monday Evening After a Long Suffering.

George Reilly, who had been a resident of Escanaba since 1873, coming here that year from Racine, Wisconsin, died of Bright's disease at his home on First street Monday evening, after being confined to his home for several months. During his residence here he was in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern company, first as fireman and afterwards as locomotive engineer, in which capacity he was most capable and trustworthy. He was promoted from fireman in 1876.

The deceased was a respected and esteemed member of Superior Division, No. 116, B. of L. E., and was prominently connected with the advancement of that order. A widow and one child survive him.

The funeral was conducted from St. Joseph's church Wednesday morning, and was largely attended by sympathizing friends and neighbors.

WOULD NOT ACCEP.

Admiral Dewey Not Favorably Disposed Towards Receiving a Gift Home.

Admiral Dewey will not accept the home which the American people are preparing to present him. This comes from the admiral himself, he having cabled a friend in Washington that he must decline to accept it, but that if a fund was raised for that purpose he would take the money and invest it in a home for sick and disabled sailors. No member of the committee in charge of the subscriptions has received any message from Admiral Dewey. The fund in the hand of Treasurer Roberts is \$7033, and a New York paper is supposed to have collected \$5000.

Right of Way Troubles.

The Michigan Telephone Co. is experiencing considerable trouble in securing the right of way for the new long distance telephone to the copper country. Farmers owning property upon which the poles must be set have refused them a right of way and the corporation has taken legal steps and prays the condemnation of certain lands. About thirty farmers residing along the C. & N. W. right of way from Menominee to Daggett have refused to allow poles set on their lands.

A Saw Mill Burned.

The Hamilton & Merryman company's saw mill at Menominee was completely destroyed by fire on Tuesday.

COMING TO ESCANABA.

The Northwestern Lumber & Cooperage Company to Build Here.

The Old Furnace Location North of the City Has Been Secured for that Purpose—It Practically Means Another Railroad for Escanaba.

It is now definitely settled that the Northwestern Lumber & Cooperage company, which has manufacturing concerns at Gladstone, Munising and Iron River, will build a plant at Escanaba immediately. The company needs additional facilities to work up the large amount of timber it owns in this vicinity. At first it contemplated building the proposed plant at Gladstone, but owing to a combination of circumstances that place was abandoned, so far as the new plant was concerned, for Escanaba. Mr. Sutherland, a member of the Northwestern Lumber & Cooperage company, was at Chicago last week for the purpose of securing, if possible, the old furnace location north of the city, and while the Chicago & Northwestern Co. was loth to give up that particular site it finally determined to do so, and an agreement to that effect has been entered into between the parties interested.

Work upon this new manufacturing concern will be commenced forthwith, and the buildings will be rushed to completion as rapidly as possible. The company will, for the present, make staves the principal product of its factory here, and later headings and all kinds of cooperage stock will be manufactured.

The timber lands of the company are up the Whitefish Valley, for the getting out of which the Gladstone & Northern railroad was planned. This road will now either come to Escanaba direct or connect with the Northwestern road at some point north of the city in order to market the logs necessary to operate the factory here. Mr. Merriam has already inaugurated work on the proposed line of road, and within a few days a large force of men will be engaged in cutting the right of way and grading.

The new factory will probably employ seventy-five hands from the outset, and this number will be gradually increased. In this connection it may be mentioned that the present is a most favorable time for the people of Escanaba to put forth an effort to secure a furnace. There will be a large amount of wood from the lands of the Northwestern Lumber & Cooperage company available for the manufacture of charcoal, and a furnace could be operated here cheaply. Let us make a move in this direction.

WAGES ARE GOING UP.

According to the Report of Labor Commissioner and Factory Inspector Cox.

Labor Commissioner Cox, who is chief factory inspector for the state, says that in the inspection of the first 2,200 Michigan factories from Jan. 1, 1899 to June 1, 1899, there were found 77 new factories which had been built since last inspection. Of these 58 gave the amount of capital invested as \$614,291, or an average of \$10,591.23 for each factory. At the same ratio the other 19 would have invested \$201,233, making an aggregate for the 77 factories of \$815,524. The 77 factories were employing 752 males and 319 females, a total of 1,071 employes, or an average of 14 employes for each factory. The aggregate wages paid the employes was \$1,424.43 each day, or a monthly wage of \$37,035.18. The average daily wages of these employes was \$1.33, which, taking into consideration that nearly 30 per cent were females brings the average wages about 8 per cent above that paid in 1898.

Mortgage for \$5,000,000.

A mortgage of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Ste. Marie railroad company to the Central Trust company of New York for \$5,000,000 has been filed in this county with the register of deeds. The indenture bears \$2,500 of revenue stamps.

Races at Ishpeming.

The excursion to Negawane on the 24th, under the auspices of Institut Jacques Cartier, promises to be largely attended. There will be, besides the usual picnic, horse races, which will induce a number of local sportsmen to accompany the society.

Remember the Sons of Hermann excursion tomorrow.

The Iron Part.

ESCANABA. MICH.

THE OLD WOMAN'S WARNING.

By Sidford F. Hamp.

WHEN the hair blows loose from the Old Woman's head—take care! So say the Mexicans of San Pedro valley—not without reason. The "Old Woman" is the most northerly, the highest and the roughest point of the long serrated range which shuts off the valley from the eastern world. On rare occasions, usually in the late fall, one may see a streamer of mist drifting away like a thin cloud of smoke from the summit of the mountain.

The cause of this phenomenon is, I believe, that a warm breeze, striking the slope of the mountain and being thus deflected upward, comes in contact with a cold stratum of air above, when the moisture in the former is converted into vapor. Then, as I suppose, the mist, settling down again into the lower stratum, is restored by the warmth to its original state and is no longer visible.

Whatever may be the cause, however, it is certain that the "hair" does sometimes blow loose from the Old Woman's head, and that when it does so it behooves one to "take care."

Francis Allen, my uncle, had purchased a ranch near the head of the San Pedro valley, and there I had been spending the autumn months, when, early in November, my cousin, Francis, the younger, after much brooding, hatched out an alluring plan for our joint entertainment, namely, that we should go off together and try for some mountain sheep, which were known to haunt the fastnesses of the great peak. Accordingly, with full permission from the household authorities, away we drove one brilliant morning, expecting to be gone four days—one day going, two days hunting and one day coming back.

As we traversed the valley we observed that a stream of mist was blowing away from the summit of the peak, but, knowing nothing of the local adage, we paid no attention to it until, having arrived near the foot of the range, we met an old Mexican sheep herder tending one of Uncle Francis' flocks, who, when he saw the rifles and guessed our object, began to talk Mexican to us with great eagerness, pointing to the summit of the peak, shaking his head and motioning with his hands as though he would prevent us from going on.

For myself, I could not understand a word he said, and Frank, though he did know a few Spanish words, was not much more enlightened; so, as we could not make out what the old man was talking about, we passed laughingly on, leaving the herder still waving his hands and calling after us some seemingly senseless remark about the hair blowing loose from the Old Woman's head.

Having driven that day as high as we could possibly attain with a wheeled vehicle, we went into camp near a creek of ice-cold water, whose source was one of the great permanent snow-beds farther up the mountain, and very early next morning, even before the "sentinel stars" had gone off duty, we set out over the ridges of rock and the fields of old snow which still intervened between us and the distant peak.

We had been sitting for some time upon one of these ridges, spying about the country through the field glass, and, incidentally, getting our breath again, when Frank laid his hand upon my arm and whispered:

"Ted; sheep!"

"Where?" I asked, lowering the glass and gazing about in all directions.

"That's more than I can tell you," he replied; "but I can smell 'em."

I had been vaguely conscious myself that there was a familiar odor in the air, but as soon as Frank made that remark I recognized that it was the smell of sheep, strong and unmistakable.

We quickly arose, and, turning our faces to the wind, walked cautiously along the ridge, picking our way with great care over the loose stones and peering round the projecting corners of the rocks as we advanced, until we arrived at a point where a little precipice barred our way. From this point of vantage we descended, about 200 yards away, a band of ten "big-horns" walking one behind the other across the snow, making for the pine woods.

"Ted," whispered Frank, excitedly, "let us try a shot from here. It's no use following them over the snow; they can't help seeing us. Let us both shoot at the first one. As soon as you are ready I'll count three and we'll fire together."

The two rifles went off like one; the wind blew the smoke aside, and we had the satisfaction of seeing the sheep we had aimed at fall forward upon its head. It was up again directly, however, and the whole band, whirling about, fled for the almost unscalable heights of the Old Woman mountain. As they passed below us we saw that the wounded one, which was rapidly being left behind by the others, was going upon three legs; Frank and I, therefore, scrambling down hastily from the ridge, set off as fast as we could run over the hard,

slippery snow to try to intercept it ere it should reach the rocks.

The main flock was by this time far ahead, running up the mountain. But the wounded animal, instead of attempting to follow the others, kept on its course up the hollow for some distance, and then, turning to the right, it ran up a little gully, climbed over a ledge of rocks and was soon lost to view for the moment. Frank and I were a hundred yards or so behind at the time, but as soon as we had surmounted the ledge we again caught sight of our sheep making its way across the bottom of a great snow basin some 400 feet deep and a mile wide.

This basin was surrounded by perpendicular walls of rock, against which the snow rested, extending almost to the top of the walls and lying at an exceedingly steep angle. Without considering how he was to get back again, Frank, the instant he reached the rim of the basin, sat down, and in the snapping of a finger and thumb, almost found himself at the bottom—at least it seemed to me to consume about that space of time, when I followed his example and slid down after him. In the bottom of the basin the snow lay in great billows, like a frozen ocean, and over these we ran as best we could, toiling up one side of the hummocks and sliding down the other, until we arrived at the foot of the opposite slope, when we saw our sheep—or, rather, the sheep that we wished were ours—walking along the rim of the basin close against the rocky wall directly above us.

Our elevation was probably 12,000 feet above sea level, and no one knows, unless he has tried it, how exhausting it is to run for any considerable distance at such an altitude. Frank and I were so perfectly breathless by the time we had arrived at the foot of the slope that we were compelled to go down on our hands and knees for a minute or two to recover; seeing which, the sheep, either from curiosity or because he was somewhat exhausted himself, stood still and looked down at us.

Frank was the first to revive. Rising to his knees, he took aim at the sheep and fired. Down it came, rolling over and over, straight for us. It was in vain we tried to get out of the way—everybody knows how difficult it is to start in a hurry on the ice—and before we had moved an inch, bang! came the sheep against us, knocking our feet from under us and carrying us, all three, jumbled up together, far out into the bottom of the basin. Fortunately, there were no rocks in our path, and the snow itself being perfectly smooth, no harm resulted from our involuntary slide.

"Hurrah!" cried my gasping leader, as he sat on the snow, pulling down his trouser legs and disentangling his head from the skirts of his coat. "Hurrah for us! We've got him, sure enough. Queer looking sheep, though, isn't it? It has the body and hair of a deer and the head and legs of a sheep. Come on; let us take its hide off, Ted."

The process was slow, as we were not very skillful, but by keeping it at its length skinned our sheep, and, having cut off as much as we thought we could carry, we were ready to return to camp. It was then about an hour after midday.

We had been so busily employed that we had not observed the great fall in the temperature that had taken place, but, having leisure now to look about us, we saw that the sun was obscured and that over the shoulders of the "Old Woman" a heavy cloud was creeping down. The sight alarmed me.

"Frank," I said, "do you notice how cold it has grown? And look at that great cloud up there, how fast it is rolling down. I'm afraid it is going to snow. Hurry up! We must get out of this place as fast as we can."

"You are right," replied Frank. "It won't do to be caught in a snowstorm in this barren region, where there isn't a bit of firewood as big as your finger. Come on. You carry my rifle and I'll take the meat."

So saying, he shouldered the mutton and away we hurried across the bottom of the basin. After an exhausting scramble we reached again the gap in the cliff through which we had come in, and there we turned to look back. The cloud had already reached the farther side of the basin and was pouring softly into it, filling up all the cracks and crevices and burying everything in its heavy folds as it came.

"That cloud is going to catch us, Frank!" I cried. "We must drop the meat and run."

"It does look bad," said my companion, as he let his load fall to the ground. "One moment, Ted; we'll take a little of it."

With that he whipped out his knife, cut off about two pounds of the mutton and crammed the piece into his pocket.

"Now," said he, "give me my rifle and let us hook it."

Our course led us across a wide stretch of snow, which lay against the foot of a long, bare, "hog-backed" mountain, on the other side of which we knew must be the pine woods. On the level we found that we could travel as fast as the cloud, but as soon as we began to ascend the slope, where, for want of breath, we were obliged to come down to a walk, the pursuing vapor overhauled us hand over hand.

"Look, Ted!" Frank exclaimed; "it will be upon us in a minute! We must get our bearings while we can. Our camp is some way off to the left, I think, but we had better turn our backs square to the cloud and go straight uphill with it, turning to the left after we get into the woods. Don't you think so?"

"Yes," I assented, "that will be the best way. It doesn't so much matter about being lost in the woods, because we can make a fire there; but here—"

Before I had finished speaking the mist enveloped us. All the features of the landscape were blotted out in a moment; we could not see two steps in any direction.

Our expectation that the motion of

the cloud would help to direct our course proved to be baseless; the billowy mass seemed to have no motion at all. Our only resource, therefore, was to keep on going uphill as nearly in a straight line as possible. Uphill we went accordingly, and soon we had the satisfaction of finding that we had left the snow bed and were walking on the bare rocks. Over these we blindly stumbled for a long distance, sometimes inclining uphill and sometimes down, until, presently, we made a discovery which took the heart out of us entirely. We came upon an extensive field of old snow; a thing we had not expected to find on the camp side of the mountain. The momentous question at once arose: Was this one of the fields we had already traversed, or were we still going in the right direction? Up to this time we had felt some confidence that the course we were pursuing would eventually bring us to the woods, but now all confidence seemed to slip away from us, and the feeling that we were lost took its place.

There are few things more distressing to the novice, at least—that than that sense of being lost. It is a terrifying sensation. Like so many others in similar case, I was seized with an insane desire to run from the spot, no matter in which direction, and had I been alone I should perhaps have given way to it—and that, I expect, would have been the end of my story. My stout-hearted companion, however, brought me to my senses again by laying his hand upon my arm and saying, in his ordinary sober tones:

"Brace up, old man. We mustn't lose our heads if we can help it. Let us sit down and think."

To sit on a cold stone in that chill atmosphere and try to think connectedly between the shivers was not a cheerful proceeding, but it had the desired effect of steadying our nerves, even though our discussion of the situation did bring us to the deliberate conclusion that neither of us had the least idea as to which was our proper direction.

If, as the presence of the snow bed before us led us to fear, we had turned round in our wanderings and were facing the wrong way, we were lost. Should we be compelled to pass the night up there without a fire, we should stand a very fair chance of freezing to death; for, even down at the camp, 2,000 feet lower, there had been a rim of ice along the edge of the creek that morning. Besides this, it might snow, and, moreover, it might keep on snowing for two or three days, for all we could tell, in which case the prospect of our ever getting home again would be poor, indeed.

We had hardly reached this conclusion when the last straw was added to our burden; that which we had especially feared came about; it began to snow, steadily and thickly.

This new misfortune seemed to deprive us of any little hope that remained, and for some time we sat still, saying nothing and hardly daring to look at each other. Presently, however, I glanced at my companion, when, instantly, hope sprang up afresh.

"We are right, Frank; we are right, after all!" I almost shouted. "Your back is covered with snow, and there is none on the front of your coat. Unless the wind has changed since we started our proper course is straight forward."

"Ted, you're a genius!" cried Frank, springing to his feet. "Come on. We'll try it, anyhow."

It was no easy matter to steer by the wind, for its motion was so very slight that our own forward movement made it appear to be blowing in our faces, and in consequence we had to stop every now and then to make sure we had not turned round. Then, too, as soon as we had crossed the snow bed and had come among the loose rocks again it was necessary to move with great caution, for, the rocks being now covered with a coating of fresh snow, there was danger of twisting one's ankle by setting his foot in some concealed crevice.

We kept steadily, if slowly, on, however, first one leading and then the other, until presently we came upon an object, the sight of which filled us with joy—a little, old, twisted tree trunk. We had reached timber land at last.

In the course of another hour or so we were in the long-desired pine woods, where, as it was now quite dark, we resolved to camp at once. Building a great fire, we sat down under the shelter of a ledge of rock, and, cutting Frank's piece of mutton into strips, we managed to make a very fair supper. Then, thoroughly tired out by our long and anxious day, we leaned back against the rock and fell asleep.

The snow was still falling, and it was still quite dark when I awoke to find that the fire had died down and that we were covered with a white blanket which, though it was an inch thick, imparted but little warmth to one's body; in fact, it seemed to me to have rather a contrary effect, and I therefore arose, shook off the snow, and, heaping more logs on the fire, soon had a grand blaze going. This stirred up Frank, who also broke through his snow blanket and joined me by the fire, where we stood, heating ourselves through and through, until daybreak, when we set off at once to look for our camp. In the course of time we found it, and, harnessing up without delay, we started for home without waiting to feed ourselves or our horses, being only too thankful to have come thus safely out of our predicament.

Though we carried back with us no trophies of the chase, our expedition had not been altogether profitless. We had demonstrated by practical experience that it is well to attend to the warning "when the hair blows loose from the Old Woman's head."—Golden Days.

Worse Than Disgrace. Maize—is poverty a disgrace? Ardup (sadly)—It's worse. It's a crime punishable by hard labor.—Town Topics.

Worse Than Disgrace. Maize—is poverty a disgrace? Ardup (sadly)—It's worse. It's a crime punishable by hard labor.—Town Topics.

PITH AND POINT.

"After business hours" are those during which we are not after business.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Repartee.—The Lawyer—"Take your case to somebody else. You are too thin-skinned!" The Client—"Hardly pay you to skin me, eh?"—Detroit Journal.

Neverwear Nicodemus—"Did you ever hear about a princess wot slept for a hundred years?" Tattered Tolliver—"Yes. Wot an ideal life she led!"—Kansas City Independent.

Bicycle Admonition.—"Bredren," said the bicycle parson, "guide youah spiritual bikes in dis yere wold so dat you all won't scorch in de nex'."—Philadelphia North American.

A man was heard admitting to-day that his handwriting is very hard to read. It was the first time those present had ever heard a similar admission by anybody.—Atchison Globe.

One Blow After Another.—"Did you hear the dreadful news about Mrs. King? Her husband has run away and left her." "How awful." "But that's not the worst—he has come back!"—Judy.

Feminine Amenities.—"She said your taste in dress was really execrable." "The cat! Why, she borrowed my winter hat to wear to her husband's funeral!" "Oh, well, you know, she never really cared for him!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Brawley (given to boasting) — "Do you know, I suppose I've the best eyesight of any person going?" Litesum—"Oh, there's no doubt of that. That book you praised so highly you were able to read without stopping to cut the leaves. Don't believe another person in town could do it."—Boston Transcript.

A GREAT JOKER.

Many Amusing Situations Have Been Concocted in Baron Natill's Brain.

The prince of practical jesters is Baron Randolph Natill. He is a connoisseur of things artistic, loves a joke almost as well as a dinner, has remarkable powers of mimicry and a memory for everything he hears that is a delight and an astonishment to all who know him. He has on a number of occasions been the traveling companion of C. P. Huntington, A. C. Hutchison, of New Orleans, and other well-known wealthy men.

Natill is a Frenchman by birth. Before moving to New York he lived for a number of years in New Orleans, and it is still told in club circles of the latter city how he wagged that he would walk along Canal street in broad daylight, attired simply in his pajamas. And one afternoon he won his bet by walking half a mile through the crowd in his unconventional costume and reaching his club with a hooting and jeering mob at his heels, but without being molested by a policeman.

But another of his practical jokes in that city is still more famous. A great operative performance was to be given, at one of the principal theaters, and, almost at the last minute, Natill secured a box. The papers made much of the announcement that he would be accompanied by a diplomatic representative of the Chinese emperor, who was on his way to Havana to make a study of and report upon the condition of Chinese merchants and laborers in Cuba.

All of New Orleans' upper tenor was at the opera that night. Natill and the Chinese dignitary, the latter attired in the most gorgeous robes of state, were given a small ovation between the acts in the foyer and in the reception rooms.

Between the third and fourth acts there was an unusually long wait, and the manager of the company told Natill that the singers would like to be introduced to his excellency from China if he cared to visit behind the scenes, and so back they all went with a procession of gilded youths trailing behind them.

Quite a reception was held on the stage while the curtain was down. One by one the singers were led to the chair occupied by the distinguished celestial and were presented with fitting ceremony, and after a few unintelligible words each would join the circle of swell young men lounging near.

Quick as a flash Natill saw his opportunity. Without a word to anyone he pressed the button which sent the curtain up and gave the audience an unexpected tableau. Grouped about the stage were chorus girls and society pets, the celestials was gallantly kissing the soprano's hand and Natill—was out of sight behind the scenes.

For two or three years the identity of the Chinese diplomat remained a mystery, but finally, at a banquet, Natill confessed that he was only the well-to-do cousin of the proprietor of a number of washhouses in New Orleans.

A couple of years ago he heard a Mexican gentleman deliver a short address on the growth and prosperity of Mexico. It proved to be an eloquent speech by a prominent attorney of the City of Mexico. Natill kept repeating it over and over until he fully mastered it in every respect, except to understand the meaning of the words. He overcame that obstacle by the use of a lexicon.

Not long afterward he was present at a banquet in Durango with Messrs. Huntington and Hutchison. It was a formal celebration of the completion of the Mexican International railroad to that city. Natill asked Huntington to see that he was called upon for a speech. Huntington did so. Natill made the hit of the evening with his memorized address. He was cheered to the echo and was congratulated by the personal representative whom President Diaz had sent to the banquet.—Philadelphia Press.

AN EVEN EXCHANGE.

The Fortunate Outcome of a Bank Messenger's Heart-Breaking Blunder.

"I was carrying \$100,000 worth of government coupon bonds from Washington to Cleveland," said the bank messenger, "and the wiser thief couldn't have told whether I had bonds or old clothes in the satchel. How the change was effected I could never figure out; but in leaving the car I picked up the wrong satchel and had carried it half a mile before the mistake was discovered. You may guess what my feelings were when I realized what an awful blunder had been made, and for ten minutes I lost the power of speech entirely. I was a trusted man, but there was \$100,000 gone and the doors of state prison yawned for me. When I shook myself together I made tracks for the Wendell house, and I'll be hanged if the first man I ran across wasn't a German who was taking on at a great rate because somebody had changed satchels with him. I was the one, of course, and the way he went for me was a caution. He had a dress suit in the satchel, and was to attend a wedding that evening. I had to treat him to four beers before he would calm down, and as we made the exchange he waved his arms about and shouted:

"Mein Gott, my friend, but if I don't get mein satchel back I yvas damaged more ash feifteen dollars in my feelings." "He did not know the contents of mine," laughed the messenger, "or it might not have been so easy to effect an exchange."—Chicago Evening News.

The Blind Goddess. Intensely modern is the new murder story by Randall Irving Tyler, entitled "The Blind Goddess." There is, it seems, evolution in murder stories as well as in everything else. Those who read Tyler's "Four Months After Date," and said the book was clever though perhaps weighted down with business transactions, will find in "The Blind Goddess," just issued, a novel drawn in a new vein, but full of dramatic climaxes. To bring home the thoughts it contains to many who never read murder stories, incidents are used familiar to all who have followed the recent poison cases.

The prosecuting officer's theory of the crime, the appalling accusation of the innocent daughter of one of the murdered men, the web of circumstantial evidence around and against a man of unblemished character, who is also accused, the defenseless position both of these people occupy before the coroner, the subsequent indictment and hearing before a magistrate—all these things make the reader think. The underlying motive for the crime introduces a diversion in the person of an adventuress, for whose presence no apology is offered, as it turns out that she is the real culprit.

The occasional glimpses of an exclusive social circle, the charming heroine Helen Brownell, the strong willed but intensely human Sanford Crane, offer opportunities for Mr. Tyler's ability in character sketching which he has not neglected; even the adventures challenge admiration at times by the boldness and coldness of her method.

The title, as will be readily understood, applies to the more serious side of the novel, which has to do with prosecution for capital crime; but the well-handled romance running through it all and the satisfactory denouement make "The Blind Goddess" a marvelously entertaining book, running over with surprises in its movement and its literary style. It is more than absorbing; it is compelling. Stuyvesant Publishing Company, New York; cloth, \$1.00; paper, 50 cents.

When a Vase is a Vase. Fifty cents for this beautiful little vase," called the auctioneer; "going, going for 50. Did I hear 55 for this beautiful little vase? And no one thought anything about the vase which went for 50 cents until another one was put up, an immense affair of cloisonne. "Now we will show you an exquisite piece, not to be duplicated in this country," he went on. "An exquisite cloisonne vase—"

Wellesley girl said excitedly to her companion: "Now, that is what I call true Boston culture. Would you expect a man like that to make such a delicate distinction? He must have been educated at a woman's college. When he is selling a 50-cent article he says vase in the ordinary way, with the long sound of 'a,' but when he comes to a big piece of cloisonne, it is vase, with the broad 'a' every time. That is according to rule. Over ten dollars in price you find a vase, but under that nothing but an ordinary, everyday vase."—N. Y. Times.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure, 25c.

The discovery by the neighbors that a girl had a promising voice, costs her father a thousand dollars before she settles down and forgets her ambition in marrying.—Atchison Globe.

We think Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs.—Jennie Pinckard, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1894.

HOME duties to many women seem more important than health.

No matter how ill they feel, they drag themselves through the daily tasks and pile up trouble. This is heroic but a penalty has to be paid.

A woman in New Matamoros, Ohio, Mrs. ISABELL BRADFIELD, tells in the following letter how she fought with disease of the feminine organs until finally forced to take to her bed. She says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to write to you to tell you that I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and think there is no medicine in the world like it. I suffered for nine years, and sometimes for twelve weeks at a time I could not stand on my feet. I had female troubles of all kinds; backache, and headache all the time. Seven different doctors treated me. Some said I would have to go to the hospital and have an operation performed. But oh! how thankful I am that I did not, that I tried your Vegetable Compound instead. I cannot say too much in its praise, nor thank you enough for what it has done for me. I want you to publish this in all the papers for the good of other sufferers."

The wives and mothers of America are given to overwork. Let them be wise in time and at the first indication of female trouble write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for her advice. This advice is promptly given without charge.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled; for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, advising and helping by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.

"Think of Ease But Work On."

If your blood is impure you may "work on" but you cannot even "think of ease." The blood is the greatest sustainer of the body and when you make it pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla you have the perfect health in which even hard work becomes ease.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

BOYS

Spalding's Athletic Library should be read by every boy who wants to become an athlete.

PRICE, 10 CENTS PER COPY.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS., NEW YORK, CHICAGO, DENVER

Signs of the Times. "Cheer your food with the celebrated Dewey's teeth." "Eat at Hashem's and try the surpassing Dewey's sinkers." "Play your patriotic pieces on the unexcelled Dewey mouth organ." "Buy Dewey pies for dinner." "Cool your throat with Dewey ice cream soda." "Wear Dewey waistcoats." "Take Dewey bitters for that tired feeling." "Attend the Dewey picnic given by the Patriotic Sons of Manilla." "Spank your children with the Dewey chastiser."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Catarh Cannot Be Cured with Local Applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Each Thought the Other Had Them. Two farmers had been enjoying a festive evening with another farmer, and both of them "had done themselves remarkably well," to use an expressive phrase. They had a drive of five miles before them, and it was a very dark night, but the horse knew his way. Side by side they sat in the cart, and went along at a spanking pace. At length they swung round the sharp turn which led to the house in a most alarming manner, only just missing the gate-post by an inch or two. "Gently, George, gently round the corner, old man," murmured Bill. George grinned. "What! haven't you got the reins either?" he said.—Answers.

Ideal Summer Tours. The ideal route for Summer Tourist Travel is the Grand Trunk Railway System—reaching directly at the most popular Lake, River, Mountain and Seashore resorts of the East. Including those located on the Lehigh Valley R. R. and direct connections. Vestibule Train Service. Full particulars and copies of Summer Tourist Literature on application to J. H. Burgess, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 240 Clark St., Corner Jackson Boulevard, Chicago.

Lane's Family Medicine. Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Praise from some people is condemnation.—Atchison Globe.



Advertisement for Dr. J. C. Pinkham's medicine, featuring an illustration of a woman sitting in a chair, looking unwell, with another woman standing beside her, possibly a doctor or caregiver.

FAMOUS KINGS WE HAVE MET

By Wardon Allen Curtis.

"IT MUST be a nice thing to be a king," said the storekeeper. "I suppose it's wrong for a free-born American to say he would like it, but I acknowledge that I would. However, as that's impossible, I should at least like to see a king and converse with him."

"I can't say that I ever saw a real king," said the Rhode Islander who had been in the French navy; "but I once saw a man who claimed to be a king. One night, when the Arethuse was lying in a French port, and it was my watch on deck, I was startled by feeling a hand upon my shoulder and hearing a strange voice whisper: 'I am the king of France; don't tell anybody that I'm here.'"

"I turned and saw a rather imposing-looking man with a wild, roving eye."

"I would like to grant your request," said I, "but it is my duty to report your presence here, sir. I shall have to tell the admiral."

"Please don't tell anybody. They will execute me," said he. "If you'll not tell, I'll make you a baron when I get my throne."

"But there's the admiral. I'll have to tell him that you are here."

"Well, offer him a marquisate from me as the price of his silence, and, if he'll espouse my cause and deliver up the fleet, I'll make him a duke and commander of the royal navy. I have an army ready on shore, and now I want a naval force."

"I went to the admiral at once and told him about the stranger."

"Undoubtedly the republic is in danger," said the admiral, "and I'm glad of it. There isn't enough pomp and glory about it. Here may be a chance for us to win renown, Baxter. I have foreseen a royalist uprising for some time. The Paris correspondents for those American papers you lent me have been finding out things about the threatened royalist uprising which people over here have not seemed to know anything about, and here the uprising is. What salary does he intend to give to the commander of the navy? What did he look like? Is it the Duc de Chartres or the Comte de Paris?"

"I have never met those gentlemen," said I. "They never have been in Rhode Island that I know of."

"I brought the royal personage into the cabin. The admiral whispered to me that he didn't recognize him as any of the pretenders. Nevertheless, he addressed him respectfully and asked him about his chances of securing the throne."

"I have an army of 200,000 men collected two miles from here, and my agents tell me that the country is ready to rise to-night and proclaim me Charles the Eleventh to-morrow."

"My king, I salute you," said the admiral, kneeling.

"Just then four men rushed into the cabin and handcuffed the monarch."

"Ha!" cried the admiral, drawing his sword. "Vive le roi la republique! What does this mean? Unhand his majesty. Arrest all traitors present. Is the plot crushed? Is there to be a glorious monarchy, or is the beloved republic safe?"

"Plot, monarchy?" asked one of the strangers. "What are you talking about? This is an escaped lunatic—a man afflicted with a mania that he is the deposed king of France. We have traced him here, and now we will take him back to the asylum he came from."

"Perhaps so; but not so fast. There may be a plot against the republic here. Call the guard, Baxter, and in a moment the lunatic and four keepers were surrounded."

"Allow us to go," said the head keeper. "He is only a madman."

"This is a serious thing," said the admiral. "Even a pretended pretender may deceive some one. The French are a mercenary people, alas! and this madman might have started a revolution had he not been seized at the start by one so firm in his allegiance to the republic as I. He may escape from the asylum again, and by deceiving the people become a source of great danger. Let the officers of the fleet be summoned to a court-martial."

"The officers assembled, and, as sure as shooting, the court-martial adjudged the poor old lunatic guilty of treason. So he was hanged at the yard-arm."

"Was anything done about the hanging?" asked the storekeeper.

"Nothing, except that the admiral received a sword of honor and the thanks of the government," said the Rhode Islander who had been in the French navy.

"I never knew no kings," said the ex-sergeant of the Devonshire Blues, "but I met a sultan once."

"It was arter the Chinese war, and our troop-ship put in at some island inhabited by a Chinese sort of people, governed by a man what called 'issel' a sultan. The sultan sent word that any of us could call on 'im if they wanted to, but it turned out that I was the only man what went."

"When I got to the palace I was taken to the 'all where the sultan was, and they told me to crawl on my hands and knees. I objected, and said I would go back first, but a couple of guards knocked me down, and told me to crawl ahead, as the sultan wasn't to be disappointed in receivin' visitors."

"When I got to the throne and was bendin' over 'is shoes to kiss 'em, I see they was covered with precious stones. I 'ad noticed that the old sultan 'ad 'is nose up in the air lookin' at the roof, 'aughty as could be, and that the nobles standin' around 'im was doin' the same. Wasn't nobody watchin' me, so when I kissed the chap's shoes—and I done it twice—I bit off

two sapphires as big as filberts. Them was the days when hofferers bought commissions, so with the sapphires I bought the position of captain in the artillery."

"But why is it that you are only a sergeant now?" asked the storekeeper.

"Arter I 'ad been captain about two years, the government officials discovered that the two sapphires I had paid for the commission wasn't real, so I was reduced to sergeant."

"You wished to see a king," said the book agent to the storekeeper, "and I can gratify your desire, for I am a king myself."

"I am Spanish by descent. Some of my ancestors went from Spain to Ireland at an unknown period, and from Ireland my family came to America. As a boy, I naturally took an interest in the nation of my ancestors, and I learned the Castilian tongue. It was in this way that I happened to read in an old Spanish book an account of the mysterious silver city of Yucatan. I determined to discover the place, and, a few years ago, I set out for Yucatan, taking with me on my quest little save a small silver-plating battery which I was agent for at the time."

"I will not fatigue you with an account of my search for the city. Suffice it to say that, after long wanderings and incredible hardships in the forests of Yucatan, I at last came in sight of an immense city, surrounded with high walls which were covered with plates of silver. While staring in admiration I was seized from behind and blindfolded. When I next opened my eyes I found myself in a gloomy dungeon, where I was to await the time when I should be given to the sacred alligators. I marveled at the brightness of the silver walls, and the chief of police told me that the police had to polish them with rags. Thereupon I gave him a recipe for a silver polish I had sold in New Jersey."

"When the next sun rose I heard a vast tumult outside the prison walls, and I trembled, for I thought the hour of my death was nigh. But no! a grateful people, who had hitherto polished their abundant silver by the tedious process of rubbing it with rags, received me, and I was tendered a rousing ovation that lasted until night. I was given entire charge of the treasury."

"I introduced many of the arts of civilization, thereby incurring the enmity of the high priest, Batpillafferty, the custodian of the temple of the moon and the hereditary feeder of the sacred alligators. I showed that a pretended miracle of his, where the sacred alligators lay as dead, stiff and immovable, was nothing but a state of temporary catalepsy, easy to produce. After that he set about accomplishing my ruin. A series of spiritual manifestations took place at the temple of the moon, and the great goddess, Brorandiget, announced that, unless 500 colossal silver statues and 25,000 silver statuettes of herself were placed upon the walls of the city within a month, the inhabitants were doomed."

"As custodian of the treasury, I was ordered to prepare the statues and statuettes. Terrible was the fear that seized me when I found that there was only silver enough to make the statues. I knew my life would be sacrificed. There was no way to win the hand of the queen Arymann and become king of the silver city, which the pretended decree of the goddess had tantalizingly declared to be my reward in case the statues and statuettes were made."

"A week passed. The statues were done, but how was I to make the statuettes? It was while I was walking by the temple of the moon that the chance discovery of a lead half dollar in my pocket gave me an idea. I would make the statuettes of lead and plate them with silver; for these people knew nothing of the art of plating. I did so, and became king of the silver city and husband of the princess."

"But I foresaw that the enmity of Batpillafferty would accomplish my ruin. So making casts of all the smaller articles of palace furniture, I replaced them with duplicates made of lead, plated with silver, and hid the original articles in the vaults, ready for the time when I should attempt to make my escape by floating down the river to the coast on a large raft. I constructed the raft in my leisure moments, of immense logs fastened together by ropes. The queen was easily persuaded to go with me."

"The night for our departure came and I sought the riverside, but no raft was there, and I saw Batpillafferty just sneaking away. The scoundrel was scared. He said he had taken the raft to pieces, and that the logs were in the temple of the moon near by. I bade him reconstruct the raft, and followed him as he penetrated the temple and dragged forth great logs and rolled them to the riverside. The raft was rebuilt."

"Leaving Batpillafferty tied, we set off, the raft heavily laden with silver. All night we floated through the forest; and at dawn we heard the boom of surf and knew that the sea was near. My heart leaped; I was just embracing my beloved wife for very joy, when the raft trembled beneath my feet, and, in a moment, the logs began tossing."

"We were precipitated into the water, and then saw that the logs of the raft were the sacred alligators of the temple of the moon, which had been cast into a state of catalepsy and substituted for the real logs by the crafty Batpillafferty. The silver was lost and I had to begin life anew."

"What became of your wife?" asked the storekeeper. "I never heard of her."

"An Indian princess is all well enough in her own country," said the book agent; "but I found mine needed civilizing, and, I will also own, a support which I could not give her. Taking advantage of the bounty of our national government, I have placed her in the Indian school at Carlisle, where she is being supported and educated."

Saturday Evening Post.



TO DISCUSS TRUSTS

A Conference Will Be Held in Chicago for That Purpose — Able Speakers Will Be Present.

IN June (26-29) the Civic Federation of Chicago will place the Trust on the dissecting table and convene the greatest clinic that has ever been assembled to dissect this modern form of commercial organization. The treatment will be impartial, non-political and thoroughly scientific, and the "doctors" who will officiate will be the most distinguished experts of all schools of thought.

So rapid has been the colonization, growth and spread of the new trust "germ" during the past year, and so great has the mortality among individual businesses become that this subject is claiming the attention of the thoughtful in every department of in-

structors of political economy, representatives of labor organizations and other acknowledged leaders in every department of endeavor. The prompt responses which have come in from all parts of the country have been a source of gratification to the originators of this enterprise and, if the spirit of the communications from the men who are officially in touch with these and the kindred live questions of the day is in any way a forecast of the coming event, the latter promises to be an occasion of unusual interest and significance. In an acknowledgement of invitation received, Gov. James A. Mount of Indiana said in part: "I think it wise for the public to



Josiah L. Lombard, President Civic Federation of Chicago.

dustly, and economics and from every standpoint of experience. The effect has been so far reaching as to leave, practically speaking, no business which has not, to a greater or less degree, become involved in a combination. Each issue of fresh news has informed the public of new "victims" in the business world; from the ice cream to the great steel industries of the country, few have been exempt.

Thus far the general public have watched with "open-mouthed" wonder the late phenomenal growth of trusts and combinations, and many a varied have been the interjections of opinion as to the exact nature and origin of the subtle originator of the epidemic. It is now apparent, however, that a reaction is about taking place and public sentiment is shaping itself into a well defined demand for a thorough investigation with a view to obtaining the whole and exact truth as to the absolute merits or demerits of trusts.

In anticipation of this demand the Civic Federation of Chicago has issued a call for a national conference to be held in Chicago for the purpose of studying the problems presented by these important phases of the subject. The intention is that the sessions shall extend over a period of four days, one day to be devoted to railroad combinations, one to labor organizations, one to industrial combinations and one to remedies and to methods of procedure. Whatever else shall be the immediate effect of this gathering, it is believed that it will be of incalculable value in an educational way. In reference to this phase of the question Ralph M. Easley, secretary of the Chicago Civic Federation, stated:

"The conference on combinations and trusts, which the Civic Federation has just called, is intended to deal with this great subject from an economic rather than a political standpoint and, to that end, all sides of the question will be heard. While the public mind has been greatly excited over the recent industrial combinations, it is clear that no discussion of the situation could be complete that did not include railroad and labor combinations as well. The railroad combination, which controls freight rates, is one of the most important phases of the whole subject."

"The object of the conference is largely educational—to find out the truth: What is a trust? How much of a trust is bad, and how much is good? Can the bad be eliminated and the good preserved? If so, how? Are all combinations of capital evil? If not, what kind are good? Can capitalistic combinations be abolished without abolishing labor combinations? Should they be abolished, or should they be controlled? If legislation is to cure the evil, shall it be federal or state, or both, and, if so, what? These are some of the questions which will be discussed at this conference."

The list of those who have been invited to attend upon the sessions of the conference include the governors and attorney generals of the various states, as well as many leading corporation counsels, heads of industries, pro-

take a lively interest in all economic issues, in their various relations to production, transportation, consumption, supply and demand. The rapid consolidation into trusts of many of the industries of the country is just cause for serious apprehension.

"Many of these combinations are speculative, over-capitalized, representing watered stock, and will speedily collapse, leaving many investors wiser but poorer. Some of these aggregations of capital may be organized upon correct business principles, with a view of reducing the cost of production and distribution, but I take it that the real purpose of this centralization of capital is to secure better profits to the concerns thus organized. Such conditions are not formed for public weal, but rather for the benefit of corporate greed."

The words of Attorney-General Edgar P. Rucker, of West Virginia, possibly indicate a somewhat more conservative position.

"I am very much in sympathy with the move, and think the subject is one



Ralph M. Easley, Secretary Civic Federation of Chicago.

which should be carefully considered and thoroughly discussed by our people generally, and that no radical view should be adopted by our people until the matter is thoroughly understood and appreciated. My individual view can best be expressed by quoting the old maxim, 'Competition is the life of trade.' In applying it, however, I would not want to be considered as an extremist either way. I recognize the fact that without combination of capital a great many of our greatest enterprises could never have succeeded, and that the development of our country in a large measure has been due to these combinations. If it were possible to do so I think the proper rule would be to apply the old common law doctrine, and that is to make all trusts illegal which tend to increase the price of the necessities of life or decrease the wages paid to laborers. If this rule were applied in a spirit of judicial fairness, not actuated on the one side by the desire to purchase the favor of the rich, nor on the other to yield to the clamor of the poor, without fear or favor, partiality or prejudice, I believe the question could be solved.

MILTON B. MARSH

SERMONETTE ON BEAUTY.

The Society Smile Leaves Lines in the Face That Are Hard to Efface.

Our faces get just as tired as our backs or our feet, and then, if we know enough, we long for the soothing touch of fingers trained to knead and pat and stroke our muscles.

The sensation is delightful. Ten velvety balls traveling around our chin, under our eyes, across our foreheads, and each ball carrying along a cool little dab of something creamy and soft and fragrant.

Many's the spell of cross-graininess I have had chased off in this way. Social indulgences must be paid for.

We are obliged to grimace. Some people call it "smiling." We expect our smirks to bring lines.

We look to the artful rubber to keep facial muscles so strengthened that they will resist the strain to which they are subjected.

We are also wise enough to learn a few massage tricks as well.

And how careful we are to get together delicate lotions that will help our ten fingers to do the work demanded of them.

Imagine how the face of a woman pledged to six euches a week and a whisk or two thrown in must need massage. There is nothing on earth more cruelly unkind to good looks than those persistent efforts of ours to be agreeable. We cannot go into society with sealed lips and expressions that are funereal. We begin the great grimacing act from the moment we give our hostess our first handshake to the time for the final adieu.

We can actually feel, if we have grown sensitive upon the subject of wrinkles, the lines coming about our eyes, and around our mouth every time we contract the muscles.

We may be ignorant of consequences. If so we let threadlike weaves appear, and that cunning scamp—Time—delighted to be allowed his will, sees to it that they become day by day deeper and deeper.

And there arrives a time when even a Venus mirror refuses to shelter defects. Our eyes are still bright, our color fine, our complexion free from blemishes, but, alas! a few crow's feet or a network of wrinkles spoils everything.

It is all faldorol to tell a woman of 30 that she may look as young as a girl of 18. If true to the trust nature has reposed in her she has no need to envy the bud. If she has cared for each gift with which she has been endowed, she can afford to laugh at the pretensions of youth with all its guacheries, all its insipidities. If, however, she has been negligent of the arts that beautify, an unbeliever in science as a cure-all for our afflictions, she must simply bear her punishment. She will be punished. Retribution may loiter. It arrives, if not promptly on time, early enough to torment, to harass, to reproach.

Life may not be such a picnic to any one of us that we desire to cling to youth. We may even long to end it. We should without delay be coached regarding the ironclad rule which progress insists shall be learned, namely, that we are expected to be beautiful, wholesome, physically a delight and to please others and not ourselves.

How are our faces seamed? We should not hold the years we have lived responsible, but the lives we have led. Malice and snarling work havoc with the fairest faces. Defy the laws of common sense and hygiene and see where we will bring up. Go on from time to time, planning reforms without carrying out a single plan, and see how we will come out. There is no dissipation, it matters not how small, that does not leave its impress. I have no patience with a wheezy old age, with a fallow-tinted, bloomless maturity. I have no patience with a shriveled, parchment-like decay, with a lean or a fat old womanhood. Grow old beautifully. If we do not know how it can be done we should lose no time in finding out.—Dorothy Maddox, in Philadelphia Inquirer.

But Rings.

Sift one pint flour with one teaspoonful of baking powder; stir one-half cupful butter with one cupful sugar to a light white cream, add the yolks of two eggs and one white, the grated rind of half a lemon, three tablespoonfuls of milk and the flour; work all into a smooth dough; break off pieces of dough the size of a walnut, roll into finger lengths, joining the ends; brush them over with beaten white egg; roll lump sugar coarsely and mix it with chopped almonds and a little cinnamon; dip the rings into this so they are entirely covered, lay them on buttered tins and bake in a slow oven.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Shredded Eggs.

Boil four eggs 20 minutes, then put them into cold water; when cold remove the shell, cut the eggs into very thin slices, put in a frying pan four tablespoonfuls of butter; when hot add one medium-sized onion, sliced very thinly; let simmer on back of range five minutes (do not brown); add four tablespoonfuls of flour, stir; add one cup of warm milk, one-half tablespoonful of salt, a little pepper and the shredded eggs; pour out to a hot platter; sprinkle over the top chopped parsley.—Philadelphia Press.

Culture.

There is a mistaken idea of culture prevalent. Culture does not mean merely committing to memory a great number of facts cut out of text-books, but it does mean a careful and thoughtful assimilation of every bit of knowledge that comes our way for the purpose of making ourselves more intelligent, more noble, more helpful human beings, and where can be found a better school for the development of these attributes than in a wisely and properly-conducted home?—Frances Evans, in Ladies' Home Journal.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Cincinnati has the largest tannery. A 110-acre burial ground for animals and birds has been established at Coxsackie, N. Y.

A new rifle, just introduced in the German army, fires from 25 to 30 shots in a minute.

Three robins got in the pipes of a Bournemouth church organ and caused discordant music.

A large hallstone cracked as it struck the sidewalk in Louisville, Ky., during a hailstorm, and out stepped a two-inch lizard.

A new system of advertising is in vogue in San Francisco. A poultry dealer has an intelligent rooster which parades up and down the street, before the market, with his owner's business card displayed in his bill, and commands attention by frequent crowing.

Near Grobognau, Java, there is a lake of boiling mud about two miles in circumference. Immense columns of steaming mud are constantly ascending and descending, and on the western edge gigantic bubbles are continually forming and exploding at the rate of three a minute.

"We Tell the Truth" was the motto displayed by a western paper. The editor one day published unpleasant truths regarding two gentlemen, who soon afterward called upon him and wiped the floor with him. The next day the motto disappeared from the paper, and the following notice was conspicuously displayed: "Until we recover from the injuries recently received this paper will lie just like the rest of them."

A novel idea in insurance is about to be put to a practical test in San Francisco. It is against unavoidable loss of employment, the policy holder to be paid three-quarters of the amount of his salary for a month, should that time be required in which to find a new position. In case he should be offered one on trial at a less amount than his former salary, the difference will be made up by the company. The company has the authorization of the state insurance commissioner to do business in California.

MOVE AND SAVE RENT.

A New York Custom That Is of Equal Benefit to Tenants and Truckmen.

Before the era of apartment houses the ordinary tenancy in New York was a yearly one, dating from May 1. Now in many cases owners of apartment houses have adopted the practice of renting by the month. An objectionable tenant who had a year's lease and continued to pay his rent promptly could not easily be dispossessed, and for this, and other reasons nearly as good, the plan of renting by the month became general. One effect of it has been to work considerable benefit to two important classes of persons in New York—tenants and truckmen. It is this wise: A tenant vacates an apartment on or soon after the first of the month. It is vacant for some days—perhaps a week. Inquiries are made of the owner, agent or janitor. Prospective tenants are, all of them, undecided. Then the suggestion is made that the balance of the month will be free to a desirable tenant. The desirable tenant pays a month's rent, which includes not only the ensuing month but also the remaining portion of the month preceding, and is, thereby, one, two or three weeks' rent free, a consideration which is of considerable importance to those who move two or three times a year and are, perhaps, believers in the philosophy of the well-known adage: "It is cheaper to move than pay rent." This practice has led to a very material reduction in the revenues of landlords and to a corresponding benefit to tenants collectively.

Tenants, however, are not the only gainers by this new system. Formerly the truckman enjoyed his chief harvest on or about May 1, and to a minor degree he had a harvest on or about the first of each month. At other times there might be little demand for his services. He found business slack. With the establishment of the present method, however, all this is changed. Removals take place at any time in the month. The services of the truckmen are in pretty uniform demand.—N. Y. Sun.

GOETHE'S LAST LOVE.

Baroness Won His Heart in 1823 and Still Cherishes His Memory.

As 67 years have elapsed since Goethe's death, very few persons now living can have seen him in the flesh. Baroness Ulrike von Lettlow, however, who has just kept her ninety-fifth birthday at Tribitz, in Bohemia, not merely knew the poet, but was even privileged to stir the last embers of the tender passion in his susceptible though aged breast.

In 1823, then a lovely girl of 19, she accompanied her mother to Marienbad, where the author of "Faust" was making his annual cure.

Dazzled by her beauty, he succeeded without difficulty in getting an introduction, and there ensued on his part a serious attachment, cordially reciprocated, it is said, by the lady herself.

Fear of ridicule prevented Goethe contracting a marriage of the May and December type. He tore himself away, writing the well-known "Marienbad Elegy" in the post chaise that took him back to Weimar.

Ulrike, having thus won the title of "Goethe's last love," remained satisfied with this distinction for the rest of her life, and is still "Freifraulein" von Lettlow, although her wealth and beauty attracted many suitors. She enjoys perfect health, and devotes herself to the welfare of the poor on her large estates.—London Chronicle.

The Iron Port

THE IRON PORT CO. Publishers
LEW. A. CATER, Editor and Manager

NOT TOO GREEDY OF POWER.

In his address at the Twin City gathering last week in celebration of the semi-centennial of the freedom of Denmark, Mayor Thos. Higgins of Neenah, a gentleman well known in Escanaba, having at one time been largely interested in its lighting plant, paid an eloquent tribute to the memory of the Danish king who gave his people a constitutional government. He graphically sketched the popular uprising in favor of liberty which swept over Europe in 1848, "the year of revolutions," and portrayed the historic part which was played by Denmark's patriotic king as follows, which we get from the Wisconsin:

"On January 21, 1848, there was crowned at Copenhagen the young king, Frederick VII., and the old familiar shout of "Long live the King" went up from a few weak throats, but was soon drowned out by the shouts of the multitude "Long live Liberty! long live the Constitution!"

The young king of Denmark, seeing the handwriting on the wall, and being himself a man of kind heart and patriotic impulse, called his advisers about him and said: "Do you hear the shouts of the multitude? Denmark must not witness the bloody scenes of her neighboring states. The demands of the people are just; we must grant their request; we must give them greater liberty." A liberal constitution was at once drawn up, which received the signature of the king on June 5, 1849, fifty years ago, and thus Denmark gained, without a drop of bloodshed, that for which one-half of Europe was fighting to the death.

"Peace has her victories no less renowned than war." I would say all true victories are those of peace, and to me the most hopeful sign of the times is the general demand for universal peace as evidenced in the peace congress now being held in Holland which springs from the heart of the heretofore hated Czar of Russia. The Danish people can well shout today, "All hail to the memory of King Frederick VII.," that ruler who saved his country from civil war and its accompanying horrors, and who at all times showed the most kindly and tender feeling for his people. We can all shout "All hail" to all true lovers of liberty, whether they tread the icy slopes of Scandinavia or breathe the free pure air of America. Not liberty for you; not liberty for me; not liberty for our friends; but liberty for mankind and universally. Liberty in its broadest and best sense—liberty to think as we will, to speak as we think, and to act as we wish so long as we do not trample on the rights of others. And may the word Liberty and its twin brother Justice resound throughout the wide, wide world, and go ringing down the ages till time shall be no more!"

In taking the wise and popular course which he pursued, King Frederick was only giving the people their own. The Danes were, like the other natives of Scandinavia, descended from a hardy ancestry imbued with the spirit of individualism in an exalted degree. Their undiluted is the blood of the old vikings which forms a strain in the veins of all the people of Northern Europe, particularly the English, and Scotch, the Irish and the Norman French. The succession to the Crown of Denmark was elective until 1660, and the singular change by which in that year the Danes surrendered every constitutional check upon the will of their monarch and submitted to the principal of hereditary succession was due not to indifference to free institutions, but to resentment of the overbearing conduct of the nobility. The clergy and commons united against the aristocracy, and used the king to checkmate the caste. An evolution similar to this occurred in England, in France, and in Germany. But the subsequent restoration to the people of the liberty which they had placed in pawn with the sovereign—a restoration such as in England and in France cost the life of a stubborn king—was gained in Denmark without bloodshed because Frederick VII. was wise enough to read and heed the signs of the times. He granted his people a constitution by which the power of the throne is shared with a diet of two houses, both of which are elective. One has the privilege of discussing the budget and other public questions. The other deals with the local affairs of the provinces, liberty of religion and of the press, and the inviolability of person and property are amply guaranteed. De-



The Delta County Hospital showing the improvements made last season. T. J. Tracy is superintendent; Drs. Booth, Long and Youngquist are the attending physicians and surgeons, and the Sisters of St. Joseph are in charge.

spite the misfortunes which have befallen Denmark since the time of Frederick VII., its two millions of people are today prosperous and happy, and they as well as their kinsmen immediate and remote in the United States and elsewhere, and all the friends of liberal institutions may well recall with satisfaction the name and the fame of the prudent Frederick VII. Had he been too greedy of power, he would have been overwhelmed in a revolution which might not only have driven him into exile or cost him his life, but might in its ultimate results have obliterated his country from an independent place among the nations.

Attention is being called to the additions to the pension list which are to be made as the result of the Spanish war. A prominent statesman gives the opinion that the expense of new pensions that are to accrue from this as amounting to \$20,000,000 per annum. Reports from the pension office tend to show that what we are to expect from this source has not been over estimated. It is stated that from our own Thirty-fourth Michigan regiment, which went to Cuba and was under fire, no less than 380 applications for pensions have been received, or over one fourth of the enlisted strength of the regiment. The District of Columbia regiment, which saw no actual fighting has 350 applications on file. The Thirty-third Michigan, also never under fire, and the Eighth Ohio, in the same class come next. The Second Massachusetts which was under fire and suffered more than any other volunteer regiment in the whole war, excepting the rough riders, has 317 applications on file. The destructive character of war operations in the impairment of health they occasion is strikingly illustrated in the most of these instances, and it is to be remembered that those who are thus stricken are the young men of the country in the full fruition of physical vigor when they entered the military service.

During the past month the condition of wheat has continued to decline until, at the present time, we have one of the poorest crops of wheat known in the history of Michigan. While the crops had a fairly good start last fall, everything has been against it since. The extreme cold of mid-winter reduced it materially in vitality; the exceedingly warm and dry days in April were not beneficial; and lastly, the Hessian fly has infested many fields in such great numbers that the crop is practically ruined. Had wheat been vigorous, instead of weak, it might have withstood the ravages of this insect, but with the crop having less vitality than usual and the fly more numerous than usual the result has been that, in many sections of the state, the crop is practically ruined.

Escanaba should revive its former business men's association to watch its general interests as well as to promote them. Such a body of business men could act influentially and correctively as to the general polity of the city in the encouragement of factories to locate here; to talk up matters advantageous to Escanaba; to meet and interest strangers in search of new homes. At present, let it be said, the mayor is "the whole thing."

If it will reduce the cost of heating the county hospital let us have hot water heat by all means. Fuel for that institution costs between \$600 and \$700 per year. It is believed that a new and improved apparatus would almost pay for itself in five years.

When he was in Congress Mr. Bryan was a great advocate of free trade, but had no fault to find with the money system.

It is reported that Governor Pingree will desert the political arena. One of his personal friends makes the statement.

What are the democrats to do for an issue now that the money question is settled? The people decided that question, as they decided the

tariff question, against the democracy. And now, if he shall be the democratic candidate next year, Mr. Bryan must perforce abandon his pet theories of 1896 and whoop it up on a "bust the trusts" cry.

VALUABLE HINTS.

Which Suggested Themselves to the Writer While Conversing with the Sexton of the Wausau Cemetery.

It is astonishing that men live when we read the history of their disorders. It is more than astonishing that they die when we read of "curalls." Yet death neither spares a Napoleon, who supported subjects by the wholesale; not physicians who helped the work along by retail; nor even the grave digger who has spent a life time in covering up the good as well as the bad deeds of his neighbors. He at last is consigned to his bed of clay and is covered by his own shovel to be succeeded by a younger member who waits the same doom. As Mr. Geo. Steltz of 625 Washington St., sexton of the Wausau Cemetery, the above thoughts suggested themselves from the opening sentences of that interview.

"I believe, said Mr. Steltz, "that quite a percentage of the people would not be here if they had known of Doan's Kidney Pills. They won't cure every complaint, but they effectually stop headache and prevent inactive or over excited kidneys laying the foundation for other serious complications. In the month of June 1897, I caught a cold and it settled in my back. I never got rid of it for a year. The stinging pain was there all day if I made any awkward movement or stooped, and every morning, frequently after a restless night, my back was as stiff as a poker. Ever on the look out for something to radically check the trouble, something that hitherto I was totally unable to find, I procured Doan's Kidney Pills from a drug store and took them strictly according to directions. The treatment cured me. I emphatically recommend them to anyone troubled with the annoyances which result from disordered kidneys." Just such emphatic endorsement can be had here in Escanaba. Drop in to Mead's drug store and ask what his customers report.

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers, or mailed on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

BY RAIL AND WATER.

Popular Routes to Resorts and Low Excursion Rates to Conventions.

A popular wedding trip is to take a D. & C. steamer to Mackinac Island, Michigan. If you want a delightful wedding trip where you are not likely to meet acquaintances, take one of the D. & C. new steel passenger steamers to the Island of Cool Breezes. Staterooms and parlors reserved thirty days in advance. Send two cent stamp for illustrated pamphlet. Address, A. A. Schantz, G. P. A., D. & C., Detroit, Mich.

First-class steamboat service between Detroit and Cleveland and Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac, D. & C. Floating Steel Palace Steamers are now running daily between Detroit and Cleveland. Two trips per week between Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac Island. Regular service will commence June 17th. Spend your vacation on the Great Lakes. Send 2 cents for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., D. & C. Line, Detroit, Mich.

Exceptionally low rates to St. Louis, Mo., via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at greatly reduced rates from all stations, June 19 and 20, limited to June 24, inclusive, on account of Annual Reunion B. P. Order of Elks. Apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

Notice.

Those who are indebted to the undersigned for coal are requested to call and settle their account at once, or I shall be compelled to place the same in the hands of an attorney for collection. ED DONOVAN.

ED. ERICKSON'S BIG BUSY CASH STORE.

ED. ERICKSON'S

SECOND ANNUAL

JUNE SALE

AND SUMMER OPENING.

The Backward Season has retarded to some extent the sales on many lines of goods that would otherwise have been cleaned up by this time, but our loss is your gain. Seasons are short—each one takes care of itself with us, no old goods is our motto—for reason we will sell all spring and summer goods at prices, that (value considered) are lower than merchandise can be placed for today.

| LADIES' SUITS. | LADIES' SKIRTS. | LADIES' CAPES. |
|---|--|---|
| Elegantly tailored garments from the best makers at less than the cost of inferior grades | We have a specialty, something really good, only a few worth \$2.50, June sale \$1.29 | To close our line we will make the following reductions: |
| High grade goods have a distinction that can never be imparted to inferior qualities. | Also some very late choice styles a little higher priced which we invite the ladies to call and inspect. | \$12.00 line.....\$6.50 \$10.00 line.....\$4.50 \$8.00 line.....\$2.50 These capes are all well-made and high grade goods. |

An Endless Line of Ducks, Piques and Welts, all colors, a very handsome line, they were 12c, now they go at 9c. We also have other grades at 50 and 75c.

| TOWEL SNAPS. | TABLE LINENS. |
|---|--|
| Barber's Towels, 16x30 inches, per dozen 39c. | Silver Bleached Damask, a few pieces, 72-in. wide the regular \$1.50 kind, per yard 89c. Napkins to match. |
| Barber's Huck Towels, 15x35 inches, each 49c | One lot Bleached Damask, assorted colors, 68-in. wide, per yard 22c. |
| Heavy Damask Crash, 18 inches wide, yard 5c | |
| Linen Twill Toweling, colored bordered, yard 5c | |

| Clothing . . . | Tinware . . . | Shoes . . . |
|---|---|---|
| To be neatly dressed at a small outlay, you should wear our clothing. | and graniteware can be had in abundance in our mammoth basement department. | a 20 per cent discount on Pingree & Smith's and other high grade shoes. |

ERICKSON'S BIG BUSY CASH STORE.

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2lb can Sunnyside condensed Tomato Soup.... 10c
Eagle Jams, per can..... 10c
Anderson's Jams, per glass..... 20c
Cloverdale preserves, per glass..... 15c
Ammonia, large bottles..... 10c
Slates, 5x7, each.... 2c Slates, 7x9, each.... 3c

Sterling and Andrea Bicycles. **E. F. BOLGER,**
202 S. CHASLOTTE ST.

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PERSONAL MENTION.

Paragraphs Pertaining to Movements of Our People.—Social Events.

The Constantly Moving Throng Kept Close Tab Upon by The Iron Port's Staff of Society Reporters.—Events of Interest to Us All.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week as follows: Chas. E. Sanders and Christina Stern, both of Escanaba; Walter Lloyd and Nellie Gonhuae, both of Escanaba; Fred V. Rhodes, of Chicago, and Mamie Bartley of Escanaba; Napoleon Lachapelle and Tomelen Galerian both of Bark River; William F. Laux and Jennie Devet, both of Fayette; William A. La Belle and Holimpe Gabourie, both of Escanaba; Arcole Arbore of Sac Bay and Rose Bellmore of Garden.

Misses Margaret Kennely, Mamie Boddy, Nellie Connahan, Tessie O'Brien and Fred Embs, of Escanaba, and Misses Lydia Barstar and Sara Carlson, of Gladstone, presented themselves for examination at a meeting of the board of county examiners held at the court house this week.

Rev. H. W. Thompson of Fond du Lac is in the city, the guest of friends and relatives. Mr. Thompson delivered an eloquent discourse at the soldiers' reunion, held at Menominee this week.

Rev. Andrew Anderson went to Ishpeming on Tuesday to attend the funeral of the wife of Rev. F. Gustafson, presiding elder of the Swedish Methodist church in this district.

Rev. Father Bode, of St. Joseph's church, went to Cincinnati, O., Sunday evening, where he will attend the wedding of a niece and also visit his father and mother.

Peter Snyder and Jas. Inman, two Soo line engineers, came down from Gladstone last Monday and spent a portion of the day at the fair grounds.

Messes. J. A. Burns, L. A. Erickson and John J. Sourwine went to Minneapolis Monday night, taking in the merchants' excursion.

Mr. and Mrs. Levalley came up from Chicago the first of the week, and are visiting friends.

Miss Winnie Longley has returned from Ypsilanti, where she has been attending school.

Miss Emma Kaufmann is at home from an extended visit to Wisconsin friends.

Miss Allie Braithwaite went to Kenosha, Wisconsin, Sunday evening.

Matt Ryan has gone east to attend a convention of the C. O. F.

Harry Benton of Milwaukee is visiting relatives in the city.

Mary Morgan, of Carney, is visiting Mrs. Henry Adams.

Mrs. J. G. Walters was at Menominee this week.

Mrs. C. J. Johnson is visiting at Chicago.

F. V. Rhodes of Chicago and Miss Mamie Bartley, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Bartley, were married at the home of the bride's parents on Wednesday, Rev. Mr. Bettes officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Rhodes will make their home at Chicago.

Dr. Biglow, the optician at H. M. Stevenson's, was called to New Richmond, Wisconsin, Tuesday night by the death of his son, a young man twenty years of age, who was killed by the cyclone at that place.

W. A. Labelle of Wisconsin, and Miss H. Gabourie of Escanaba were married at St. Ann's church Monday morning, and entertained their friends at Dupont's hall in the evening.

Jesse McCourt formerly of this city, and Miss Celia Crowley of Ludington were recently married in that city. They went to Chicago to spend their honeymoon.

A. P. Smith and Peter R. Legg of Gladstone and Miss Flemming of Rapid River have been in Escanaba this week conducting teachers' examination.

Mrs. Wm. Bacon was pleasantly surprised last Monday afternoon, by a party of lady friends, the occasion being her birthday.

Capt. A. H. Rolph, N. Eddy and Samuel Atkins, of this city, and John

Laraby of Rapid River, attended the re-union at Menominee this week.

Mrs. Harry Allyn and Miss Mattie Cox went to Oberlin, Ohio, last Sunday, going by boat from Gladstone.

Clinton B. Oliver spent a portion of the week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Oliver.

S. N. Harrison has taken a position in the Northwestern dispatcher's office in this city.

Prof. Otto Schulz of Calumet, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Emil Noe, this week.

Mrs. John M. Hartnett and Miss Maggie Killian were Chicago visitors this week.

Mrs. J. S. Armstrong of Masonville was an Escanaba visitor on Tuesday.

Mrs. T. Maher is the guest of friends at Washburn, Wisconsin.

Little Hazel Winn gave a party to her playmates last Saturday.

Mrs. J. T. Wixson went to Petoskey last Sunday.

Speaking of the reunion, the Menominee Herald has this to say of one whom we all know: "Rev. H. W. Thompson, of Fond du Lac, a veteran of the 10th Michigan infantry and a christian gentleman of culture and ability, eloquently talked upon "Patriotism, the Conservator of Power in the Life and Destiny of the Nation," and his address was attentively listened to and highly appreciated by the vast audience present. Mr. Thompson is a fine platform orator, is a patriot of the first water, and many of his sentences were eloquent and soul-stirring. He is a "fighting Methodist" when it comes to war, but like other good, loyal citizens, prefers peace."

Pat Breen, representing the New York Life Insurance company, was in town on Wednesday, and from here went to Gladstone and Garth. Pat is writing a good many risks for a beginner, and a few days ago received a congratulatory telegram from the vice-president of the company.

Misses Edith and Sara McNaughtan, of Fond du Lac, Wis., daughter and sister; W. McNaughtan and Mrs. Bettes, of Chicago, brother and sister-in-law of the late John McNaughtan, were called here to attend his obsequies.

John Alger came up from Whitney yesterday and cast the effulgence of his 18-karat smile upon The Iron Port for a few brief periods.

Notwithstanding the unfavorable weather of Thursday evening the excursion given by the Lady Maccabees was quite largely attended.

Will J. Miller of Masonville will teach the Kipling school next term. Miss Sophie Harkins will teach at Garth.

A. G. Rose was struck on the head by a flying stick in the shingle mill at Lathrop on Tuesday, causing a quite serious injury.

O. B. Olson and wife of Marinette were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Ehnerd a portion of the week.

Walter Lloyd and Nellie Gonhuae were united in marriage by Rev. Mr. Bettes on Wednesday evening.

Frank Blair is here from St. Paul. He will stay with us a few days and then go across the lake.

Dr. C. W. Oviatt of Oshkosh was called here on professional business yesterday.

Mrs. E. C. Mealy of Burlington, Wis., is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. W. Caven.

Mrs. Harry Broad has returned from an extended visit at Chicago.

Fred Kaufmann was at Menominee on Thursday.

Mrs. H. A. Barr continues very ill.

COMING BACK TO ESCANABA.

Rev. F. F. W. Greene Will Return to the Pastorate of St. Stephen's July 1st.

It is gratifying to learn that Rev. Mr. Greene, who left Escanaba something over a year ago to take charge of the Seamen's Mission at Philadelphia will return and take the pastorate of St. Stephen's Episcopal church on July 1st. For some months the congregation has endeavored to prevail upon the reverend gentleman to come back to us, but not until a few days ago did Mr. Greene decide to accept the call.

GLADSTONE RANKS SECOND.

That Place Had an Export Trade for May Amounting to \$296,949.

During the month of May the Superior district enjoyed the largest business in its history. For that month its exports aggregated \$1,905,838 and its imports \$63,690. West Superior had the largest amount of the export business. Gladstone ranked second, shipping merchandise to the value of \$296,949.



Present Presbyterian church, to be vacated and disposed of upon the completion of the handsome new edifice, about Oct. 15th.

CONTRACT AWARDED

Mr. Lawton Gets the Building of the New Presbyterian Church.

The Contract Price, Exclusive of Windows, Heating and Lighting, is \$10,297. The Structure Must Be Completed in Four Months.

The contract for the erection of a new Presbyterian church was awarded yesterday afternoon, the figure being \$10,297. J. W. Lawton was the successful bidder, being \$550 below Mr. Lindsay the only other bidder. The price is exclusive of heating apparatus, windows and lighting, which together with the interior furnishings will cost in the neighborhood of \$3,000, making the edifice cost in the aggregate over \$13,000.

The new church will be built at the corner of Georgia street and Wells avenue, on the property recently purchased from the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. In architectural design it will be a combination of styles, yet more after the colonial, and will be, in brief, up to date in every particular. The Presbyterians have, already subscribed, about \$6,000, but those in charge of this work are not through with the canvass, and it is expected to raise the necessary balance by the time the church is completed.

Work will be inaugurated on Monday next, and the contract calls for the completion of the building four months from that day.

THE C. E. CONVENTION.

There Will be a Large Attendance From the Upper Peninsula—Special Rates.

F. C. Comstock, president of the Lake Superior Presbyterian Christian Endeavor union, has issued a circular to the various societies in his district, giving routes and rates to the national convention of the Christian Endeavor to be held at Detroit July 5-10. The official route will be via the D., S. S. & A., "Soo Line" and D. & C. boats. The rate from Escanaba by this route is \$8.90, and from Gladstone \$8.70. By way of Mackinac Island the rate is \$11.15 from Escanaba and \$10.95 from Gladstone.

Children's Day.

Children's Day services will be held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday. At the morning service the exercise shall consist of choruses, solos and recitations by the scholars and an address by the pastor. The sacrament of baptism will be administered. A collection will be taken for S. S. work. The evening service will be devoted to temperance under the auspices of the Christian Endeavor society. There will be special music and brief addresses will be delivered by Dr. Todd and others.

The Vets' Reunion.

The Veterans re-union at Menominee this week was largely attended and President Fifield received plenty of praise for the manner in which his "old boys" received and entertained the visitors. Officers of the association were elected as follows: President, Albert Weed, of Negaunee; adjutant, Frances Saue, of Negaunee. The next meeting will be held in Negaunee.

Run Down by a Team.

Shortly after 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, while riding on her bicycle, a team ran into the ten-year-old daughter of Mrs. P. Tormey, knocking her to the ground. The injuries sustained were slight.

Weather Forecast.

Lake Superior and Michigan: Fresh to brisk southerly winds. Fair weather. Lake Huron: Winds shifting to

OF LOCAL INTEREST.

General Municipal Gossip Gathered Here, There and Elsewhere.

The Iron Port Reporters' Weekly Grist of Interesting Information, Gathered in Their Daily Rounds of the City. In Condensed Form.

As a member of the board of examiners to succeed Peter Legg, who will become county commissioner of schools on July 1st, must be appointed prior to that time, and in all probability Elmer Gray of Masonville township will be the man.

The pupils of St. Ann's Academy will hold their annual closing exercises at Peterson's opera house, June 21st. A fine program has been prepared and all are cordially invited. Tickets on sale at Mead's drug store after the 14th.

Comrade W. H. Babcock, one of the noted campaign singers of the day, kindly came here as the guest of Geo. T. Burns, of Escanaba, and sang several soul-stirring, patriotic songs, which were received with great enthusiasm.—Menominee Herald.

Capt. W. E. Dickinson, a well-known mining man, who was formerly superintendent of the Commonwealth and also the Colby mine, and at one time engaged in mining in Cuba, died at Florence on Thursday.

When you are down town just step into Ellsworth's drug store and look over that new line of fancy stationery.

H. H. Winde is building a store at Perkins.

The Normal school will be built at North Marquette according to The Journal. So Marquette didn't get the school after all?

There has never been anything like O'Meara's Ginger Ale in Escanaba before. Try it.

The Barkville C. O. F. will celebrate the Fourth.

Rood Brothers have closed their saw mill at Barkville.

One of the cars of ore train No. 721 was derailed at Barkville on Wednesday.

Schafer and Barkville baseballists will cross willows today.

Will Bucholtz is running a locomotive one the E. & L. S. railroad.

Extra fancy dairy butter 16 cents per pound, or 15 cents by the tub at J. S. Doberty's, Fannie street.

A. Besson has opened a store at Perkins, and is enjoying a good trade.

The Escanaba & Lake Superior company wants carpenters at Flatrock.

"Silver Dick" Bland is dead.

In everybody's mouth! What? O'Meara's Ginger Ale, of course.

The July term of the circuit court will be a non-jury term.

Mr. and Mrs. Price of Foster City are visiting Mrs. David Reese.

Ellsworth has just received a fine lot of initial stationery. It is the proper thing and costs you less than you can get it stamped for.

O'Meara's Ginger Ale is new.

RAPID RIVER NEWS.

General Personal and Social Matters as Gleaned by Our Correspondent.

The Gladstone baseball team was defeated by the Rapid River team here Sunday. Score: Gladstone, 11; Rapid River, 12. There were only two men out in the last inning for the Rapids.

Mrs. Alfred Lindsay of Minneapolis came here on a visit to her aunt Mrs. Louise Dillabough, last Wednesday, and will start home this Thursday evening.

The pupils of J. W. Kinsel's room are preparing a school picnic for Friday, in front of the Whitefish school.

The rainfall of this locality since the snow left, probably already exceeds that of the annual average, thirty-four inches.

Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Hill went to Escanaba on business Saturday.

S. and E. Buchman bought a stock of shoes from Geo. Merrill, Tuesday.

Postmaster Chas. Thatcher of Escanaba was here on insurance business Tuesday.

Emma Angulum went to Escanaba Thursday.

Albert Pepin, son of H. Pepin, a soldier who was discharged at Santiago, came back Tuesday, and is now at the Central House with his father.

Max Glazer, the retired business man of Rapid River, is now making fixtures for his new structure in Escanaba.

Mrs. Marian Rabideau and daughter Agnes returned Monday after visiting two weeks at West Deper, Wis.

Miss Margaret Fleming went to Escanaba Thursday as one of the board of examiners. Her place in the second and third grade room is filled by Harriet Hibbard.

Hans Peterson's trader is docked at Michand's dock with a load of potatoes, butter, and pigs from Wisconsin.

Geo. Gallup and John Cumisky were here on legal business Tuesday and Wednesday.

Jos. Vilind, who lives at Ensign, but whose postoffice address is Rapid River, guarantees to cure cancer of any kind, if not of too long standing, by the use of a plaster which he prepares. Afflicted persons should address him. J17

George Birch came down from Carry's camp Tuesday.

M. J. Sullivan of Garden visited the high school department Thursday, and was very much pleased with the exercises and singing.

Hazel Baker is on the sick list this week.

Miss Mayme O'Donnell of Chicago, who is visiting Jennie Lapine at Gladstone, made a call on Mrs. J. A. Johnston, Sunday.

Charles Coon of Manistique is among the farmers this week selling fruit trees.

Mrs. James McPherson went to Escanaba Friday to see her sick brother.

Andrew Barboo went to Escanaba Tuesday on business and returned Wednesday.

Alex Labumbard went to Escanaba Wednesday on business.

Exceptionally low rates to St. Louis, Mo., via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at greatly reduced rates from all stations, June 19 and 20, limited to June 24, inclusive, on account of Annual Reunion B. P. Order of Elks. Apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

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BY RAIL AND WATER.

Popular Routes to Resorts and Low Extension Rates to Conventions.

Exceptionally low rates to Los Angeles, Cal., via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at greatly reduced rates from all stations, June 25 to July 8, inclusive, limited to September 4, 1899, inclusive, on account of Annual meeting National Educational Association. Variable routes, delightful scenery. Side trips at low rates to points of interest. Apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

Very low rates to Milwaukee, via the Northwestern line. Excursion tickets will be sold from stations in Wisconsin, Illinois and Michigan at very low rates for the round trip, account of Milwaukee Carnival, to be held June 27-30. For dates of sale, limits of tickets, etc., apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

First-class steamboat service between Detroit and Cleveland and Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac, D. & C. Floating Steel Palace Steamers are now running daily between Detroit and Cleveland. Two trips per week between Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac Island. Regular service will commence June 17th. Spend your vacation on the Great Lakes. Send 2 cents for illustrated pamphlet, Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., D. & C. Line, Detroit, Mich.

A popular wedding trip is to take a D. & C. steamer to Mackinac Island, Michigan. If you want a delightful

wedding trip where you are not likely to meet acquaintances, take one of the D. & C. new steel passenger steamers to the Island of Cool Breezes. Staterooms and parlors reserved thirty days in advance. Send two cent stamp for illustrated pamphlet. Address, A. A. Schantz, G. P. A., D. & C., Detroit, Mich.

LAWTON'S ROUT WAS COMPLETE.

Out of Over 4,000 Troops the Philippine Rebels Lose Over One-Third.

On Thursday last General Otis cabled the authorities at Washington as follows:

"Manila, June 15.—Adjutant General, Washington: Success Lawton's troops Cavite province greater than reported yesterday. Enemy numbering over 4,000, lost in killed, wounded and captured more than one-third; remainder much scattered, have retreated south to Imus, their arsenal; of five pieces of artillery, three captured. Navy aided greatly on shore bay, landing forces occasionally. Inhabitants in that country rejoice at deliverance and welcome with enthusiastic demonstrations arrival of our troops." (Signed)

Prominent Filipino Assassinated.

Washington, June 15.—The war department bulletins the following: "Manila, June 15.—Adjutant General, Washington: Prominent Filipino, friendly to Americans, assassinated at Cebu. Inhabitants that locality urgently requested American protection in stronger force. Have sent battalion Tennessee and two guns from Iloilo, which insures peace. Hughes now in charge of affairs in that section." (Signed)

Lawton Gets Reinforcements.

Manila, June 15.—The Fourth regular infantry and the Wyoming regiment have been added to Gen. Lawton's command, and Thursday they were towed across the bay in cascos to Las Pinas, preparatory to removing to Imus, five miles inland, where the rebels are reported to have an arsenal and a large quantity of supplies.

Reconnoiter Towards Imus.

Manila, June 16.—Capt. Cable, of Gen. Wheaton's staff, with three companies of the Twenty-first regiment, reconnoitered in the direction of Imus. The rebels, who were apparently expecting an attack, retired, leaving behind them 20 Spanish prisoners, who joined the Americans.

The rebels have probably gone to the mountains along the lake. According to native stories, the rebels carried 100 dead and 300 wounded through Bacoor after the recent battle. The natives are now flooding into Bacoor, and it is probable there are many soldiers in plain clothes among them.

To Feed the Natives.

The whole section is practically without food, and Maj. Gen. Otis has ordered the distribution of rice and beef to the inhabitants. Many people still refuse to credit the stories of the assassination of Gen. Luna by the guard at Aguilardo's headquarters. Though the reports, to that effect are most circumstantial and from good sources, rumors of assassinations and disasters from the rebel camp are so frequently printed in the local papers, that they have come to be regarded with indifference. The latest is that the governor of Cebu has been killed by natives because of his friendship to Americans.

Says Luna is Alive.

A prominent commercial man, with exceptional means of learning of the Filipinos' movements, claims to know Gen. Luna is still alive, adding that if he is dead, and if his death occurred a month ago, people would have expected a collapse of the revolution to follow. The failure of the Filipinos to follow up the peace negotiations strengthens the impression that their overtures were merely to gain time, and in order to lure the Americans to show their hands.

Want Volunteers to Reconist.

Washington, June 16.—Pursuing a policy determined upon some months ago, Gen. Otis is organizing three regiments in the Philippines, composed of officers and men of the state volunteers who desire to remain in the service. The army bill authorized this kind of enlistment in the Philippines. If the full complement cannot be made up from these discharged volunteers in the Philippines, the regiments will be organized and officered in skeleton form until recruits can be sent from the United States to fill them. Gen. Otis and the volunteer officers in the Philippines have been consulting to see how many men will enlist.

The number has not been very large, as there seems to be a desire on the part of the volunteers to return to the United States with their organizations. These three proposed regiments with three regiments of regulars to sail from San Francisco on the 22d and 24th, and those under orders for Manila, will give Gen. Otis 33,000 fighting men.

It is stated positively at the war department that the report that it was intended to reduce the cavalry troops and artillery batteries in this country to 95 men each in order to increase the companies in the Philippines to 150 men each is absolutely without foundation.

Notice.

Those who are indebted to the undersigned for coal are requested to call and settle their account at once, or I shall be compelled to place the same in the hands of an attorney for collection.

ED DOROVAN.

Chicago and Baseball.

Chicago is a baseball town, and every club in the big league likes to fill Chicago dates. There is more than one reason for this partiality for Chicago on the part of the league clubs.

In the first place, the players like to feel assured of a pay day when pay day is due, and a date at Chicago is sure to fill the treasury, for Chicago pays its good money to go to the ball games. Who ever heard of any other city in the league turning out an audience of almost 25,000 people to witness a ball game? Even in the palmiest ball days in Gotham such an audience was never known. And it is an audience that paid for its admission. President Hart does not believe in complimentary tickets to his little entertainments, and the sport who is attracted by the national game must pay for his amusement if he lives in Chicago.

Where the League Treasurers Are Always Piled.

That is not the only reason why President Hart is not the most popular man in the world with the professionals among the ball attendants, but he suits the "fans," who always did and always will expect to pay for their seat on the bleachers.

Every team that plays in Chicago is pretty sure of taking away with them a fair-sized bag of gold after their expenses are paid, and the bag of gold is one of the things the ball players are after.

Another reason why Chicago is liked by the players of the national league is because of the impartiality of the audience. It matters not who makes a good play it is sure to attract applause, and the visitors get as much of it as the home team. Chicago is noted for this hearty hospitality, and the players like it.

The only baseball man who ever gets a chilly reception in Chicago is the unfortunate individual who umpires the game. He has no friends, but then who ever heard of an umpire having friends any place.

Vocabulary of the Ball Games.

The Chicago street urchin never misses an opportunity of attending a ball game—outside the fence. But occasionally one more fortunate than his fellows gets inside the big inclosure, and he is then used as a source of information by the ones outside.



"Sasy, Chimmie, Wot Are dey rootin' about?"

The Chicago and Louisville ball teams were fiercely struggling for the lead in an exciting game. Hans Wagner, the burly third baseman of the Colonels, had just landed fairly on one of Jack Taylor's straight balls, and sent it far toward the clubhouse in deep center field. It looked like a sure home run, but Lange by a phenomenal burst of speed caught the sphere on the dead run when it had almost touched the ground, and the crowd was wildly cheering the big Californian for his pretty work. Up on the top row of the first base bleachers sat three grimy, barefooted urchins, who had got into the grounds no one knows how, and who were howling and whooping to their hearts' content. Outside the fence below was another sooty youngster watching his more favored companions, and keeping up a running fire of comment with them.

"Sasy, Chimmie," he yelled, when the crowd had quieted somewhat, "wot are dey rootin' about?"

"Aw," replied "Chimmie," "de big Dutchman just bent one wid a round trip ticket, an' Little Eva took to de woods an' speared it in de trees."

And the boy outside the fence understood the situation perfectly.

Beat the Ball Teams.

There is one place in Chicago where the landlords never have trouble in renting their property, or in collecting their rent. That is in the district surrounding the ball park. Every tall building there is sure to attract a tenant, and every tenant profits by his lease.

The only man who objects to the tall buildings in the vicinity of the ball park are the league magnates, and their objections are based on a matter of dollars and cents to themselves.

The scheme is this: A man owning property surrounding the ball park puts up a four or five-story building, and divides it into flats. The top of the building is flat, and from it an excellent view of the ball park enclosure is obtained. It costs 25 cents to sit on the bleachers and see a ball game, but one can secure a seat on the top of a neighboring building for from ten to fifteen cents. The prices being regulated by the location of the building, and the view of the grounds it affords.

I asked a lease holder in one of these buildings if the location of his building

made any difference in the price of his rent.

"To be sure it does," he replied. "We have to pay at least a third more for the same accommodations here than is paid in the next block. But we don't mind a little thing like that, for during the summer season we make more than our rent amounts to out of the roof."

And they probably do, for every roof in the neighborhood from which a view of the ball grounds may be obtained is crowded when the game is on. The city, however, makes them pay an amusement license for the privilege of renting their roofs.

The "Plunk" Club.

"It is more blessed to give than to receive" is the motto of the "Plunk club," recently formed in Chicago but now deceased.

Its mission, as indicated by its legend, was to make an offering. This it did and as the treasury became empty, the membership dwindled until it was dissipated. No other club had a similar name. No other club had the same method of procedure for distributing a gratuity. The membership was composed entirely of newspaper men, and the strange thing about it is that each member actually went to church and really contributed a dollar to the cause of the "Plunk club."

The pastor of a little South Side church formerly worked on a big daily as a reporter. He sought the vineyard of the Lord and, with his wife, worked hard for the church. Thinking that an offering from his former colleagues might be pleasing, one of the newspaper men organized the club, and the first obligation taught the members was that it would be necessary to visit the church on a certain Sunday morning, provided with a "plunk"—otherwise a silver dollar.

The decorous deacon passed the plate. The usual offerings were made by the pew holders. But every time a stranger was met he dropped a silver dollar into the collection box. The deacon's face assumed an expression of surprise. Before he had visited every pew the silver dollars had fairly rained into the box.

There was a suspicious unanimity about the offerings of the strangers. A hurried consultation with the other good deacons ensued. It was agreed that there was a premeditated plan to stuff the collection box. The young pastor was appealed to. He quickly detected the good-natured plot and endeavored to interview the members of the "Plunk club." But the moment the Doxology was sung the club disbanded. It has never held another session.

Was Not a Cigar Box.
"Moving day" in the big steel "skyscrapers" of Chicago brought discomfort to tenants that the good paperfamilies who struggled with a mirror and a parlor lamp while sitting on the load of furniture has little knowledge of. In most of the buildings it is necessary to get "clearance paper" to carry out any bulky object. The claim is made that this is a safeguard against indiscriminate pilfering. Janitors, on the watch for sneak thieves, readily spot men coming out of the elevators or down the stairways, carrying typewriters, large bundles, articles of furniture, etc. If the suspected man cannot show a "clearance" signed by the agent of the building, he is subject to a rigid examination, and perhaps arrest.

But there are times when even a "clearance" does not fill the bill. In a Dearborn street building there is an impressionable young attorney who felt that he was greatly humiliated. He swore that he would bring suit against the owner of the office structure, but his friends induced him to swallow his pride and let the matter drop. Calling at the office of the agent of the building he asked for a "clearance" to move a large box. The clerk moved to perpetrate a practical joke made out the necessary paper for "one cigar box." Engaging two men to carry the box for him, the attorney directed them to take it down and load it into an express wagon. But the wary janitor stopped the men. The "clearance" was produced, but it clearly specified a cigar box.

"You are burglars," said the janitor. "We are expressmen," said the pair of perspiring men in chorus. "A lawyer hired us to carry this chest down."

"You come with me to the station," retorted the employe of the building. It required all the persuasive powers of the excited tenant to dissuade the janitor from turning the innocent men over to the police. When the tangle was straightened out the poor clerk paid dearly for his "joke." He was discharged from his position.

WRIGHT A. PATTERSON.
Didn't Concern Her.
"Your dressmaker's bills are too high," he said.

"Well," she replied, "why don't you speak to her about it?"—Chicago Post.

GLASS PAVING STONES.

Success of a New Road Covering in a Street in Lyons, France.

Wonderful results have been achieved in France during the last few months with glass. It has been used experimentally for some months as pavement in one of the busiest streets in Lyons with such success that contracts are being made by many cities all over Europe for it to replace Belgian block. In Paris an entire palace of it is being built for the great exposition.

The material, which is so strong that it can withstand usage under which Belgian block crumbles away, was invented by a French scientist in Chagny, Burgundy, where he conducted his first experiments. It took a long time for him to get anyone to consider his invention seriously, and when he asked the municipal authorities of Lyons for permission to pave the principal streets of that city at his own expense he found it hard to get them to assent. However, after persistent effort, he won, and a few months ago he was authorized to go ahead with his novel experiment.

Perhaps such a permission, at least without more convincing practical results to back it up, would never have been granted in an American city. But the French are a nation of experimenters and always ready and willing to try something new. Louis Garchey, the inventor, took a conservative advantage of his privilege. He paved only a portion of one street, selecting for the purpose a crowded section of the Place de la Republique, which is crowded day and night with heavy traffic.

Under his direction the pavement of "ceramic stone" was laid and finished in November last, and it is now as sound as when it was first put down. The experiment has been pronounced by the experts, who were skeptical in the beginning, as entirely successful, and so thoroughly satisfied have they become with the practical usefulness of its invention that they are preparing now large contracts for similar pavements in other European cities.

The glass pavement is laid in the form of blocks, eight inches square, each block containing 16 parts in the form of checkers. The blocks are fitted together so closely that no water can soak between them.

The advantages of the glass pavement as developed so far are its resistance, which is greater than that of stone; its property as a poor conductor of cold, owing to which ice will not form on it readily; its resistance to dirt, which does not accumulate on it as easily as on stone, and its quality not to retain microbes.

The Central Architectural society of France made a report on the material recently, in which it said: "From the various forms in which this material is presented, its use can be readily determined for both practical and decorative purposes. On careful examination we find that the Garchey ceramic stone is glass brought to a special molecular condition. In a certain sense it constitutes a new substance which resembles flagstone, granite or marble."

"This new product is obtained from broken glass heated to a temperature of 1,250 degrees and compressed in matrices by hydraulic force. The physical transformation of the glass is due to devitrification under the process. The phenomenon of devitrification produces a sort of dissolution more apparent than real, for upon a chemical analysis the devitrified glass is found to possess all the intrinsic qualities (physical and chemical) of glass, except the transparency, while taking on an entirely different aspect. Furthermore, glass treated under this new method is made to resist crushing, frost and heavy shocks, and to stand hard usage."

Apart from paving material, there now is being produced from old glass an excellent building material, which is being used for buildings and interior decorations, such as cut stone. It possesses all the intrinsic qualities of glass except transparency, and at the same time is made to resist crushing, frost, heavy shocks and stand usage.

A proposition to erect a glass house—a luminous palace—for the Paris exposition next year has been accepted, and the building will present completely the possibilities of glass as a structural material. Mr. Garchey says that he feels confident that within three years' time glass houses will be so common that they will not attract the slightest attention.

The glass palace which he will build for the exposition was described thus by him: "In the middle of a garden where green sward is only broken by flower-borders, gravely walks, le palais lumineux will stand. It will throw out into the garden an ingeniously adorned silhouette resembling a jewel set with the phosphorescent tones imbedded in green foliage and sward.

The principal facade, in the form of an immense portico roof, surmounted with spires, and a winged statue representing light, will be supported by heavy columns. The ground floor, reached by a double flight of stairs, will be a large exposition room. Right and to the left will be large glass basins in glass grottoes. In the interior of the hall will be five large openings, in which will be represented the five divisions of the globe, a quintuple polychrome vision; Europe bathed in the dawn of the morning; Asia basking in the golden light of midsummer; Africa, with a sun burning in waves of crimson; America, lost in a mist of pale hyacinth and the tints of sunset; Oceania, in an atmosphere of lapis lazuli."—Washington Post.

Then the Father Stared.
The Bride's Father—I can't give you a positive answer to-day. I must first make inquiries about you in the mercantile agency.
The Suitor—Well, we might go there together, for I want to make some inquiries about you!—The Rival.

EXTREMELY POLITE.

A Feat of Courtesy Such as is Very Rarely Exhibited in This Country.

Many of us have heard of that polite Parisian cocher-driver—who, during a long afternoon in which he drove an American lady about the gay capital to see the sights, responded quite unruffled and without as much as a muscle twitching, to her constantly repeated orders to coochoon-pig—to drive her here or there. Indeed, foreigners receive our mistakes in their language much more courteously than we receive theirs in ours. Two ladies in Italy, we are told by a correspondent of the *Companion*, had this fact recently "borne in upon them." As the Friends say, with especial directness.

In the morning their Italian teacher made a slip in her English, and in reply to an inquiry concerning the oddly-twinkling fire embers in her little brass stove, informed them that the fuel she employed was "small wigs."

They laughed heartily at the mistake, and presently the lady herself corrected it to twigs, and was amiable enough to laugh also. But that same day they went to see the homeless cats of the city fed in the cloister of San Gallo, and were not sure that they had come at the right time. One of them turned to the custode and inquired in Italian, as she supposed: "When will the cats eat?" but what was really asked was:

"When shall we eat the cats?"
"There is no systematic hour, signorina," he replied to this surprising query, in a manner as politely matter-of-course as if it were quite the custom there to serve kittens on toast to foreign ladies! Not a flicker of expression showed that he perceived the mistake.

Such a steady countenance under such circumstances, they agreed when they discovered it themselves, was a feat of courtesy very rarely exhibited by an American.—Youth's Companion.

A CAT'S TREACHERY.

Thomas Made Friends with His Natural Enemy and Then Devoiced Him.

A family leaving town for the summer left behind one Thomas, a big cat, who had a reputation throughout the street in which he lived as a fighter and a ratter.

Provision was made for Thomas' subsistence during the summer with the milkman, who each morning poured into a dish inside the area some milk.

Thomas, while vicious enough to other than intimate acquaintances, was while at home of a sociable disposition. Personally he missed a great deal the family and the pet pug, with whom he was on the best of terms.

At any rate on the family's return the members were surprised when the servant hurried upstairs and told them Tom was playing in almost friendly manner in the area with an immense rat.

Everybody tiptoed down to look. Sure enough Tom had made a new friend. His love of society had overcome his natural instinct, and he was drinking his breakfast while the rat was jumping around the saucer in the most unconcerned manner.

But alas for the rat's confidence in feline nature! For a few days all went well between the strange friends. They were often seen together and were always apparently on the best of terms. One morning, however, Bridget coming downstairs found the rat's headless body. Thomas' whiskers were stained with blood.

Either the whilom friends had quarreled, or, relieved by the return of the family from the necessity of taking up with any acquaintance he could make, Thomas had decided to give up his friendship. And with that decision probably his normal instincts had resumed their sway.—Golden Days.

HE MUST LIVE.

A Patient Who Was Bound to Last Long Enough to Draw His Pension.

It would be in vain to attempt to describe the sympathy for the poor and suffering which William Stokes could throw into his voice, says his biographer. One of the stories he used to tell is of peculiar interest, not only for its revelation of human kindness, but as a proof of the power of the will in prolonging life.

An old pensioner was a patient of Stokes in the Meath hospital. His life was despaired of, and in fact his death was hourly expected. One morning, having the patients to care for, and believing that the pensioner was unconscious and past help, Dr. Stokes passed his bed without stopping. The patient was greatly distressed and cried out:

"Don't pass me by, doether; you must keep me alive for four days."

"We will keep you as long as we can, my poor fellow," answered Stokes; "but why for four days particularly?"
"Because," was the reply, "my pension will be due then, and I want the money for my wife and children. Don't give me anything to make me sleep, for if I sleep I shall die."

On the third day after this, to the amazement of Stokes and the others, the patient was still breathing. On the morning of the fourth day he was alive and conscious, and on entering the ward, Stokes saw him holding in his hand the certificate which required signature. As the doctor drew near the dying man gasped:

"Sign, sign!"
The doctor quickly complied, and the man sank back exhausted, and within a few minutes crossed his hands over his breast and said: "The Lord have mercy on my soul," and quietly breathed his last.—Youth's Companion.

HATS, PETTICOATS AND SHIRT WAISTS IN GOTHAM

Flowers Will Decorate the Summer Millinery.

THE popularity of flowers as a millinery adornment that has been such a prominent feature of the spring and early summer seasons, gives promise of continuing throughout the summer and well into the fall. The jobbing houses of New York are sending out constantly loads of flowers and foliage, and we are destined to wear flowers on our hats for several months yet.

With the flowers will be the beautiful colored straws which we have but gotten a taste of as yet. They are in all of the latest shapes, and it is not a hard matter to find something to please every woman in a summer hat.

One of the oddities of the millinery trade, that seems almost unexplain-

while at the back they have a decided train effect. This increased length is made the more necessary because of the tendency to abolish all stiff skirt linings with the delicate summer materials.

At the hips they are cut without fullness of any kind, fitting as closely as it is possible to make them, while they have the customary flare of the summer dresses at the knees. Some of those seen are made without lining, while others are lined with a fine light muslin or a thin glace silk.

One that I saw was of a beautiful peach blossom satin merveilleux, made with three deep founces around the bottom, and beautifully brodered.

Another was of pale pink glace silk, made with three founces, the first being very deep and finely plaited, and of a rather darker shade of pink on



Trimmed with White and Black Tulle, Ostrich Feathers and White Roses.

able, is the craze for the Spanish turban. It has been but such a short time since anything that savored of a Spanish name was so obnoxious as to prevent its being offered, much less sold, and now comes this craze for the Spanish turban. Truly the ways of the women are past finding out.

The Spanish turban has a full torador brim, neither too flat nor too broad, but quite high and rather wide with a turnover edge on top. The brim is of rough straw, flitter or hair braid, and the crown is of smooth tussan, hair or chip, sometimes matching the brim, and sometimes in contrast with it.



Four Imported Petticoats.

They are tilted up on one side with an underbrim trimming of velvet or clustering flowers, and are surmounted on the left side with pompons of malines usually in contrast.

The one shown is trimmed with white and black tulle, ostrich feathers and white roses underneath the brim.

Four Pretty Petticoats Imported from Paris.

Among the many handsome Paris importations with which the New York stores are filled the petticoats take rank among the first. Many of these are quite as beautiful in their way as the outer gowns which come from across the water. Silk is the predominating material in all these garments, but with the silk comes frillings of lace or incrustations, founces or ruchings of mouseline de soie, embroidery of all descriptions, and masses of shirred baby ribbon.

In keeping with the season's skirts, the petticoats are worn very long, many of them touching the ground all around,

which is worked fine embroidery in white chenille and silver twist. The founce is headed, and on its hem is a narrow ruching of white gauze ribbon. The second founce is narrower, and of the same shade of silk as the petticoat. It is covered with point d'Elencon lace. The third founce, which is the deepest shade of the three, is edged with ruched ribbon, and foots the petticoat in a fine plaiting.

A third was of maize surah, made with a very deep founce slightly vandyked, of maize mouseline de soie, on which are three narrow ruchings of maize ribbon edged with a very fine black chenille. The adornment of the founce consists of applied medallions of black chantilly lace edged with chenille.

Still another was of cream colored surah, with two-scallop founces of the same material. Surrounding the scallops are tiny ruchings of mauve and purple mouseline de soie. The founces themselves have floral applications embroidered in shade of mauve and purple. On the hem of the petticoat is a rather deep founce of gaufered mauve mouseline de soie over a plaited founce of cream colored glace tafetas.

White the Prevailing Color in Shirt Waists.

White seems to be the favorite color for the season's shirt waists for afternoon and evening wear. For the afternoon, it is white India linen that is the popular shirt waist fabric, while for evening it is taffeta silk or satin that is most used.

When one sees the dainty, cool looking garments of this class that have been prepared for summer, one wishes summer was actually here. But it is rapidly coming, and it will be but a short time until the shirt waist is very much in evidence.

For those who prefer something with more color for evening wear there are many light shades that will not be amiss. Among these are lavender and the lighter pinks and blues. Then there are many shaded silks which are pretty, such as a delicate green running into white. These make up very prettily.

For morning wear, whether at home or at the resorts, nothing is better than gingham for waists. This is especially attractive for the girl who wheels, or indulges in other athletic exercise in the morning hours.

SARAH M. DAVIDSON.

Fashionable Summer Dress Trimming.
Braiding is one of the specialties of dress trimmings this season, and there are all sorts and kinds of braids in various colors and widths with plain and wavy edges. Finishing braid is used extensively upon wash dresses of heavy texture; while bands of narrow velvet and satin-faced ribbon decorate the softer materials. Military braids are also used, and silk cords form the all-over pattern on thin, gauzy materials used for trimming.

WILL SEEK FORTUNE.

Seattle Girl to Go to Skaguay in a Tiny Catboat.

Daring Voyage Proposed by Miss Carrie Hope, a Pretty Young Woman—Will Wear Fur Bloomers on Her Journey.

It would be a daring man indeed who would essay to sail from Seattle to Skaguay, Alaska, in an open catboat. In fact, it would be an extremely difficult matter to find one, no matter how experienced a sailor, to undertake so hazardous a journey. But, lacking a man, Seattle has a young girl who declares she will do just this thing.

Miss Hope has her vessel all ready, and says she will cruise up the inhospitable western coast of Skaguay in search of fame and fortune. She is aware of the dangers of her undertaking, but this does not influence her to abandon it.

If the girl were a spinster of an uncertain age, scrawny and unagreeable to gaze upon, her project would attract but a limited amount of notice. It would be set down to a vagary of intellect. But she is fair to see and a favorite among her friends.

Bill belongs to Howard Evans, the ship's cook. He was originally the mascot of the cruiser Newport and served on board that vessel all last spring and summer during the tedious blockade of Cuba.

After the war he was presented to the Buffalo's cook, who spent a month's wages in having a finely ornamental coat made for the goat.

He didn't suffer from the intense heat of the tropics during the six weeks' stay at Manila. His owner believes his peculiar diet stood him in good stead.

Bill has a fancy for the ashes removed from the boiler fires. He also likes to nibble at soft coal. Fresh paint is his chief delight, and when anything on the ship is being painted he follows the men about and licks off the paint, almost as fast as it is put on.

The cook supplies him lavishly with the best the galleys affords, but Bill only consumes ordinary food when ashes, coal or paint are scarce. He doesn't like newspapers, unless they are smeared with glue.

Bill is a fighter. When Capt. Hemp-dill, of the Buffalo, teased him one day during the ship's stop at Manila, Bill butted him in the waistcoat and knocked the captain flat.

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A PATRIOTIC GOAT.

Buffalo Bill, the Mascot of the Buffalo, Delights in Putting the Spanish Flag.

When Buffalo Bill, alias Newport Jack, was born in Harlem seven years ago his mamma did not guess that he would one day be a famous warship goat.

His favorite amusement, says the New York World, is to butt the Spanish flag. You can't fool him with the red and yellow bars.

He is a brindle billy, with a wicked eye, villainous whiskers and an agonizing appetite.

He is the mascot of the regular crew of the cruiser Buffalo, and on the recent run home from Manila was the rival of Aguinaldo, the pet of Dewey's men, who were brought back.

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SHOWING HIS PATRIOTISM.

CAP'N SI'S WISE BIRD.

Barnegat Bay Hunter Has a Goose Worth Having.

An Exception in the Species That Is Usually Called the Silliest of Fowls—Ben Identifies His Owner in Court.

"Folks call a man a goose when he's sort o' foolish, but I tell you, gen'lemen, that's a great mistake. The goose is one o' the wisest animals as flies, an' I knows what I'm talking about."

Capt. Si Bunnell was getting under way, one of the most expert gunners round all the shore of Barnegat bay, and his hearers, says the New York Sun, were two New York sportsmen who had run down for two or three days with the geese and ducks during the season just closed.

"I'll tell you what's Gospel truth: I once had an old gander named Ben, an' he knowed almost as much as a man. I got him this way: One day I was out gunning a flock of geese come to the stools. I let 'em have both barrels. I downed three. Two on 'em was pretty badly hurted, an' I got 'em easy, but t'other one give me a long chase, an' 'cept that a goose can't dive I'd never have got him at all. Hows'ever, I got him, an' when I come to 'samine him he wasn't hurted a bit, 'cept that the tip end of the bone on one wing was shot off. That kept him from flying then an' he was a fine gander, I made up my mind to keep him for a honker."

"He soon got right tame, an' would eat out o' my hand an' follow me all 'bout the farm. I learned that fellow to do most everything I told him to do. I'd say: 'Honk, Ben,' an' he'd honk till you'd think he'd split his throat. The geese I've killed with that bird would 'prise you. I'd take him out to a seaweed bed an' he'd set there quiet as could be till I'd see a flock o' geese coming, an' I'd say: 'Honk, Ben,' an' he'd honk like he was calling 'em to supper. An', bless your hearts, they always come."

"Well, on course, he got talked 'bout an' lots o' gunners tried to buy him from me, but I wouldn't ha' teked a hundred dollars for him. At last, one day when I was 'way from home he went off. I knowed he hadn't gone fur o' his own accord, but when he didn't come back I 'lowed he'd strayed down to the medders an' been killed or stolen."

"Arter a couple o' months or so, I hear tell o' a fellow on t'other side of the bay, a ornery thieving sort o' a cuss, as had a goose, an' I 'lowed at once that was my Ben. So cross the bay I goes, an', sure 'nough, as soon as I see the goose I recognized him an' he recognized me. But I didn't let on as I come for the goose, for I was feared the ornery cuss would get 'way with it. 'Spriggs' says I, 'that's a mighty fine gander you got there; kin he honk?'

"I guess so," says he; 'but I ain't had a chance to try him yet; I bought him from a man down the bay arter the season was over.'"

"I come back, an' up to Tom's River I goes an' gets a writ o' plevin for that goose, an' when we gets into court that there Spriggs he went an' swore he'd had that goose two year. 'Jedge,' says I, 'with your leave, I'd like to ask that there 'fendant one or two questions.' 'Fire away,' says the jedge. 'Now, look here, Mr. Spriggs,' says I, 'you say you had that there goose two year; I'd like you to tell me if he knows what you say to him.' 'How can a goose know what you says to him?' says he. 'Is that so?' says I. 'Jedge, you'll allow if I tells that goose to do certain things, an' he does 'em, that he's my goose, sure 'nough?' 'That 'ud be pretty good evidence,' says the jedge."

"All that time they had old Ben tied by the legs an' perched tip on a table. 'Jedge,' says I, 'just make 'em turn the goose loose an' I'll soon show you.' The jedge made 'em take off the strings, an' 'Spriggs he says nuthin' 'cause he didn't know the bird. 'Ben,' says I, 'come here.' The way that old gander fluttered off the table an' come trotting up to me made the jedge look sharp at Spriggs an' Spriggs turn pale. 'Ben,' says I, 'set down,' an' down he sot. 'Ben,' says I, 'git up,' an' he got. 'Ben,' says I, 'honk an' honk good.' Ben honked till you'd a thought the roof was going off. 'Capen Si,' says the jedge, 'there can't be no manner o' doubt that goose is yourn.' An' so, gentlemen, I says the man as says the goose is the foolishest animal as flies don't know what he's tallin' 'bout."

How the Bull Expired. A Santa Fe section foreman working near that town recently made the following report to the roadmaster: "MacWhorter's bull struck at the long siding and was killed. We found him alongside the track and, as he was not quite dead then, I borrowed a gun and shot him three times, killing him again. A Dennis Sullivan then struck him another blow on the head with a pick and finished him. The bull is now dead."

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WILY INTERPRETER.

How He Managed to Help His Cuban Comrades to Stay as Dirty as They Liked.

"I've been on sanitary detail in Havana lately," said an army officer who passed through the city the other day to a New Orleans Times-Democrat man, "and had as an assistant a very energetic, capable young volunteer from Virginia. His business was to give house-to-house orders as to sewage, drain cleaning and so on, and, not speaking Spanish, he was provided with a Cuban interpreter. I knew the man's worth, so I was greatly surprised to note that he got very poor results. Somehow or other he seemed unable to enforce his order, and his district was the dirtiest in town. At last I smelled a rat and privately instructed a Spanish-speaking American soldier to loiter along behind the inspector and see what really happened on the rounds."

"At the first house visited the stench was enough to kill a polecat, and the drain evidently hadn't been cleaned since the year 1. The Virginian was furious, and sent for the owner. 'Tell this infernal ginger-colored beast,' he roared to the interpreter, 'that I say he's a disgrace to hyenas! I've told him three times to clean out those pipes, and if he don't do it to-day I'm going to ram him into the calaboose and lose the key!'

"Yes, sare, senor, captain," replied the interpreter, bowing gravely. 'Juan,' he continued, addressing the native in Spanish, 'this young man, as I communicate to you before, is a little touched in the head. He is crazy, like all American pigs, on the sanitation, and he pretends to offend and in your mansion so beautiful. Well, we must humor him. So bow merely, say yes, you will do as he demands, and to me leave the balance.'"

"The housekeeper listened to the ingenious suggestion and burst immediately into voluble protests that he would obey the law. 'I tell 'em what you say, senor,' retorted the interpreter, 'and it scare 'im pretty moom. I guess he be all ri' now.' At this state of the game my emissary clipped in with a few remarks in Spanish, and the Cuban turned pale green. He also turned several somersaults on the toe of the inspector's brogan as soon as the latter grasped the facts. After that district B was a sanitary model for the city."

Jersey Fishermen Have a Little Innocent Fun with the Paderewski of Their Party.

Passengers in the smoking-car of a train that was returning from one of the South Jersey fishing resorts a few days ago were highly entertained by a trio of disciples of Izaak Walton, who were feeling only as those men who have had a good day's piscatorial sport and are bringing home a heavy string can feel, says the Philadelphia Record. One of the three was tired out, and, in

spite of the taunts of his companions, he deliberately leaned back in his seat and went to sleep. Then the two practical jokers got together and determined upon a plan for fun. The sleeper was generously endowed by nature with a good shock of hair, one tuft of which, on the back of his head, was particularly prominent. His companions cut off a piece of fishing line and silently but firmly tied one end of it to the prominent tuft and the other end to the arm of the seat back of the sleeper. The latter dozed peacefully until the train reached Camden. Then his companions, who had their tackle and fish in hand, shook him and yelled: "Camden! Hurry up, or we'll miss the boat."

He started up in his seat, but fell back with something between a howl and a curse when the cord had gone its limit. A young calf at the end of a rope would have been a tame exhibition as compared with the tangled fisherman. While his companions hurriedly made their way to the boat one of the laughing onlookers cut him loose with a knife. It has taken the jokers two days to convince their victim that they only tied him up for a little innocent fun.

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STRANGE RAT STORY.

London Marketmen Resort to a Bit of Clever Strategy.

How They Trained a Little Army of Rodent Invaders to Leave Their Choice Meat Alone—Patience Rewarded.

A series of interesting experiments in taming the common or domestic rat has met with gratifying success at the shop of Messrs. Titmuss & Bagley, of No. 40 Avenue B, Central Meat Markets, E. C., London.

In common with the majority of the other firms in the market, Messrs. Titmuss & Bagley have suffered from the depredatory incursions of a party of rats, which had taken up residence in some inaccessible fastness beneath the counting-house. Ample evidence of nocturnal visits in search of midnight supper was usually furnished by the spectacle of the sides of prime beef and joints from which the choice portions had been gnawed away. A continued repetition of this kind of damage and a full sense of the impossibility of extermination led several of the employes of the firm to adopt a novel means of remedy.

They determined to try the experiment of feeding the rodents regularly, and by periodical little acts of kindness and sympathy giving them the premises. To that end the reformers began by locating the hole in the woodwork of the counting-house by which the rats gained entry into the store, and here they placed at regular intervals a meal composed of bread, choice pieces of sweet biscuit, potatoes, sugar and other delicacies, thoughtfully varying the menu from day to day.

At first the rats, chief of which is a white-haired patriarch, were disturbed by these unwonted manifestations of friendship, and severely left the food alone; but in less than a month there were hopeful signs that the rat-heart was softening. The food was gradually whipped out of sight by the mes-

sengers of the guests and carried down below to be eaten, and one day, to the delight of the caterers, the elderly rat cautiously popped his hoary head out

LIST OF CLAIMS

Presented to the Board of Supervisors for Auditing at the June Session, 1897.

Table with columns: No., Date, Name and for what, Claim, Rejected, Allowed. Lists various claims from Jan 21 to June 9, 1897.

LEGAL NOTICES

THE RIOTING RESUMED

The Striking Street Car Employees Create More Lively Scenes at Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., June 13.—The attempt of the Big Consolidated Railroad company to move its cars Monday was attended by scenes of wild disorder in various parts of the city...

The important development of the day was the refusal of the company to let the state board arbitrate the only question involved—the recognition of the union.

PROBATE ORDER FOR HEARING FINAL ACCOUNT—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. Probate Court for said County.

In the matter of the estate of Josiah Symons, deceased. On reading and filing the report and account of Mary A. Symons, administratrix of said estate...

PROBATE ORDER FOR HEARING FINAL ACCOUNT—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. Probate Court for said County.

In the matter of the estate of Frederick W. Sudaby, deceased. On reading and filing report and account of Alfred P. Smith, administrator of said estate...

PROBATE NOTICE FOR HEARING CLAIMS BEFORE COURT—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss.

LEGAL NOTICES. PROBATE ORDER FOR HEARING FINAL ACCOUNT—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. Probate Court for said County.

FRESH BUTTERMILK. I wish to announce that I will deliver Fresh Buttermilk to any part of the city...

M. C. LARSON. Leave orders at The Iron Port Office or 321 Sarah Street.

STEAMBOAT LINE.



Menoninee Sturgeon Bay Milwaukee Chicago and all points South at 7 p. m. Sunday.

ALSO FAST FREIGHT LINE.

DHS. K. & K.

WAGES OF SIN. A Book for Young and Old.

OUR RECORD ESTD 1878 250,000. WE CURE NERVOUS BLOOD SKIN & DISEASED MEN. CURED PRIVATE DISEASES.

250,000 CURED YOUNG MAN. Have you sinned against nature when ignorant of the terrible crime you were committing?

CURES GUARANTEED. "The Wages of Sin" sent free by enclosing 2 stamps. CONSULTATION FREE. If unable to call, write for QUESTION BLANK for HOME TREATMENT.

Drs. KENNEDY & KERGAN. Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St. DETROIT, MICH.

THE IRON PORT.

THIS IS NO LIE. The Iron Port contains more local news and has a larger circulation than any paper published in Delta county.

WE DO JOB PRINTING. We have on hand at all times a fine lot of DRIVING, DRAFT AND FARM HORSES.

Professional Cards. DR. C. H. LONG. Physician and Surgeon. Special attention given diseases of the eye, including fitting spectacles.

O. E. YOUNGQUIST, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office 110 South Georgia Street.

JOHN POWER. Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office in Masonic block, Ludington St.

DR. J. C. BROOKS. Physician, Surgeon, Pharmacist. RAPID RIVER, DELTA CO., MICH.

FRED. E. HARRIS, CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER. Work of all kinds promptly executed.

JOHN CUMMISKEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Practices in all the courts.

WALL PAPER. We'll Do It For you. We'll change your walls into a wilderness of beauty.



WOOD! Now is the Time. To put in your winter's supply, and this is the place to buy.

16-IN. WOOD. Hard and Soft Mixed.

Escanaba River Co. Phone 200-5 rings. WELLS, MICH.

NEW LIVERY. STRICTLY UP TO DATE.

M. PEPIN'S LIVERY. CHARLOTTE STREET.

Is comprised entirely of new rigs and new turn-outs of the latest and most fashionable designs from the best makers.

Charge Reasonable.

AND LAST. Because the Pattons use pure linseed oil. This leaves no chance for adulteration.

FIFTH. Because the Patton Sun-Proof Paints sell at about the price of "cheap" paint and cover much more surface.

AND LAST. Because the Pattons use pure linseed oil. This leaves no chance for adulteration.

Bring your PRINTING To this office.

A Special Hobby OF OUR GROCERY STOCK IS

GOODNESS. In all branches we aim to supply the household with the articles that make the family board a place at which all desire to meet.

SPRING VEGETABLES. Canned Goods and all the choicest dainties can always be found at

F. H. ATKINS & CO. 401-404 Ludington St. Escanaba.

YOU CAN USE IT 20 DAYS FREE. Ask us to ship you one of our High Arm Sewing Machines with Ball Bearings and all Modern Improvements.



Montgomery Ward & Co. CROCKERY AND CANNED GOODS. Lowest market prices for first-class goods is my motto.

James S. Doherty. CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

KEMP & WILLIAMS, DOORS, WINDOWS, STORE FRONTS, BAR FIXTURES.

Turning and Band Sawing. Plans furnished and contracts taken.

PAINTS. PATTON'S SUN-PROOF PAINTS. REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

BLACKSMITHING. DAN. McKEEBY, GENERAL BLACKSMITHING.

Finnegan Shop, N. Campbell st.

GIVE US A CALL. MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

HIGH-GRADE HAWTHORNE \$22.50 NET.



15000 Sold in 1898. It's as good as any wheel made. All modern improvements. Guaranteed for one year.

Pennyroyal Pills. Chisholm's English Pennyroyal Pills. SAVED many ladies, LADIES AND DRUGGISTS by Chisholm's English Pennyroyal Pills.



Bring your PRINTING To this office.

SCHMELMEL & JOHNSON. Agents for Escanaba.

SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN AT STEVENSON'S JEWELRY STORE.

Call on Dr. F. F. Bigelow, optical specialist and ophthalmologist, at Stevenson's Jewelry Store, and have your eyes examined free of charge. Dr. Bigelow is an optician of many years' experience and can help you when others have failed. Should you be unable to call at the store send him word and he will call at your residence.

Bargains in Fishing Tackle and Sporting Supplies.

HAMMOCKS FROM \$5 TO \$6.75.

COMMENCEMENT.

THE JUNIORS BANQUET THE SENIORS.

The first function in connection with the graduating took place Tuesday evening, when the Juniors tendered the Seniors and a few invited guests a banquet at the New Oliver. It was a delightful little gathering, and the class of '00 acquitted itself most creditably as entertainers. Those present: Margaret J. MacMartin, Esther H. Lucia, Kattie E. Beekler, Robert S. Oliver, Wm. J. Mitchell, Jessie W. MacMartin, Tibbie Baum, Samuel E. Atkins, of the seniors, and Anna Fisher, Lizzie Hewlett, Maud Sutherland, Ina Cates and Fred Leighton of the Juniors, besides whom were Supt. and Mrs. Geo. P. Flaisher, Miss Parker and H. G. Paul and E. Boone, teachers. Robert S. Oliver was toastmaster and a thorough good one, too. The following toasts were responded to: "The Joys and Sorrows of School Life," Ina G. Cates; "The Juniors," Esther Lucia; "University of Michigan," H. G. Paul; "Escanaba the Star of the West," Fred Leighton; "Results of the Labors of the Class of '99," Margaret MacMartin; "Our High School," Miss Parker; "The Orange and Black," E. Boone; Athletics, Charles Slater; "The Class of '99," Mr. Flaisher; "Our Teachers," Samuel E. Atkins.

COMMENCEMENT AT ST. ANN'S.

Commencement exercises of St. Ann's Academy will be held at Peterson's opera house Wednesday evening, June 22d. A splendid program has been arranged for the occasion, and the friends of the pupils and of the school are invited to be present. The admission, including reserved seat, will be 50 cents. General admission 25 cents. Tickets are now on sale at Mead's drug store.

Overture to Rossini's "Tancredi" (Trio)..... E. M. Lott
Misses L. Blanchet, R. Hessel, A. Auger.
Address..... Angeline Rault
Tirzah's Serenade (from Ben Hur)..... A. Lyon
Miss Malina Blanchet.
Boys' Recitation and Chorus..... "Our Nation's Flag"
Recitation..... "How He Saved St. Michael's"
Miss Jennie Ethier.
Seniors' Chorus..... "Le Drape au de Carillon"
Drama..... "Kathleen, or the Cost of a Promise"
Trio "The Bride Elect"..... E. P. Susa
Misses V. Primo, D. Beauchamp, J. Pepin.
Juniors' Chorus..... "Down Among the Lillies"
"Won't You Play House with Me"..... Vernier
Bernice Carey and Master J. Blanchet.
L'Enfant Et L'Echo..... Pournoy
Misses F. Burke and B. Carey.
Miserere "Trovaatore"..... J. Bellak
Piano, A. Auger. Organ, L. Blanchet.
Tableau..... Seniors
Delsart..... Misses E. Blanchet and J. Ethier
Good Night.

DRAMA—CAST OF CHARACTERS.

Kathleen..... Eva Blanchet
Mrs. Connors..... Adrian Tousignet
Granny Gilligan..... Alvina Houll
Loda..... Della Beauchamp
Zola..... Mary Fortier
Mrs. Royaltan..... Jennie Ethier
Lucille Royaltan..... Agnes La Combe
Ethel Royaltan..... Rosie Martin
Topsy..... Malina Blanchet
Madame Felice..... Ida Beauchamp
Magistrate..... Leo Maynard
Politicians..... H. Lish and B. Lepine

THE SENIOR'S CLASS DAY.

Invitations are out for the Class day exercises of the High School, which will be held at the assembly room Tuesday evening June 20th. The class of '99 is: Margaret Julia MacMartin, Esther Hannah Lucia, Katherine Evelyn Beekler, Robert Sheldon Oliver, William James Mitchell, Jessie Wilhelmina MacMartin, Tibbie Baum, Samuel Ellsworth Atkins. The program is as follows:

Piano Solo..... Mrs. Randall
President's Address..... Robert Sheldon Oliver
Class History..... Samuel Ellsworth Atkins
Class Oration..... Esther Hannah Lucia
Piano Solo..... Miss Braithwaite
Class Prophecy..... Margaret Julia MacMartin
Gifortarian..... William James Mitchell
Last Will and Testament..... Jessie Wilhelmina MacMartin
Vocal Solo..... Mrs. Geo. P. Flaisher
Address..... Mr. I. C. Jennings
Class Poem..... Tibbie Baum

COMMENCEMENT AT THE HIGH SCHOOL.

Commencement exercises of the High School will be held at the opera house on Friday evening of next week, to which the public is cordially invited. As has been the custom an admission fee of ten cents will be charged to defray expenses. Seats will be on sale at Mead's drug store on Thursday morning. Following are the graduates and their subjects:

The Commoners..... Esther H. Lucia
America..... Maggie J. MacMartin
Our Navy..... Katie E. Beekler
Francis Willard..... Tibbie Baum
Gladstone..... Jessie W. MacMartin
Gettysburg..... William J. Mitchell
Theodore Roosevelt..... Robert S. Oliver
The Anglo-Saxon..... Samuel E. Atkins

St. Joseph's High School Commencement exercises will take place Wednesday evening, June 28. They will be held at Peterson's opera house, at 8 o'clock, when the usual excellent program will be carried out. All friends of the school are cordially invited to attend. The program will appear in this paper next week.

Sealed Proposals Wanted.
I will receive at my office in the village of Barkville, until 2 p. m. on Monday, June 19th, 1899, sealed bids for the erection of a town hall in Bark River township, all materials

to be furnished by the town. Plans and specifications may be seen at my office.
OLE HARSTAD,
June 17
Township Clerk.
Mahara's menstrels, at the Peterson Wednesday night, played to a

fair-sized audience. The performance was up to the average traveling aggregation.

JOHN McNAUGHTAN DEAD.

An Old Resident of Escanaba Succumbs to Consumption.

John McNaughtan is no more. He was called to his long rest at an early hour Thursday morning, after having unsuccessfully battled against that dread disease, consumption, for several months. At times indications pointed towards his ultimate recovery, and only a few weeks ago he was strong enough to be about town, but the disease was too deeply seated and it was only a matter of time when he must succumb.

John McNaughtan came to Escanaba from Fond du Lac in 1877. The year previous he held a responsible position with the Ford River Lumber company at Ford River. He engaged in the mercantile trade here with F. H. Atkins, and afterwards was associated with Louis Schemmel in the same business. He had also been in business alone. In 1886 Mr. McNaughtan was elected county treasurer on the republican ticket, and held that position two consecutive terms. He was popular and well known throughout the county, and number his friends by the hundreds all of whom will learn the intelligence of his untimely death with a pang of regret.

He is survived by a widow and five children, who have the profound sympathy of the community. The funeral will occur from the family residence on Charlotte street this afternoon.

ADJOURNMENT FIXED.

Michigan Lawmakers Have Decided to End Their Lengthy Session June 24.

The legislature officially decided to suspend all business except the preparation of bills passed for the governor's signature, yesterday noon. Final adjournment will take place on June 24. This insures the defeat of the income tax, copper and iron tax and all bills increasing the taxes of railroad companies, it being conceded at this writing that there is no hope of getting these measures through the senate. The house concurred in the senate action fixing the tax on the gross Michigan earnings of express, telephone and telegraph companies at 3 per cent., receding from its former action maintaining the present express rate at 5 per cent. and fixing the rate on the other companies at 2 1/2 per cent. The senate has reduced the beet sugar bounty to 1 cent a pound, but leaves the annual and factory appropriation unlimited.

A Colonizer Here.

Rev. John Storrer, the colonization agitator, has been in Escanaba the past few days, stopping off while on his way to Houghton county, where he proposes to establish a manufacturing metropolis of no mean proportions, and open to settlement a practical new country. In his own eloquent language his mission is, to transform wildernesses into Edens. By the aid of J. M. Longyear and Timothy Nester the colonizer has in that county at present 360 acres of land and it is his purpose to induce manufacturing industries, and those who desire to engage in farming to locate there. The property will be cut up into lots and small farms, and so managed that future sales will pay the expense of starting the colony. The expenses and profits are to be justly divided.

To Make Improvements.

St. Ann's congregation has decided to improve its property at the corner of Elmore and Ayer streets, and the work has already commenced. The dwelling on the lot adjoining the priest's residence will be torn down and an addition to Father Mesnard's residence will occupy that portion of the lot, thus affording him a more commodious study. The house on the lot north of St. Ann's academy will be raffled next week, and the space will be given to school grounds, the winner being obliged to remove the building at once. More room will also be given the academy grounds on the south.

Three Buried Alive.

A landslide occurred in the mine at Florence on Thursday, killing two men, named Cook and Brietzman, and another named Arthur Ebar, is missing and is supposed to be under the debris. All were young men living at Florence.

Smelters are Closed.

Thirty thousand men in Colorado will be out of work within the next three days unless steps are taken to end the strike of the smelter men.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

General Municipal Gossip Gathered Here, There and Elsewhere.

The Iron Port Reporters' Weekly Grist of Interesting Information. Gathered in Their Daily Rounds of the City. In Condensed Form.

The workmen at North Escanaba are not taking advantage of the offer of the street car company to provide books of twenty-six tickets for one dollar, and the company proposes to withdraw its proposition.

Some one told The Mirror that the Granite City took over 8,000 gross tons of ore from this port, breaking all previous records. It was a josh, and that paper took it all back the following issue.

Work on the bridge over the Northwestern track at North Escanaba is well under way. As soon as completed street cars will run to the Soo depot.

The regular meeting of the Board of Education was not held Tuesday evening, no quorum being present.

The city park commission is doing some excellent work. May its shadow never grow less. We need parks.

The proceedings of the board of supervisors occupy considerable space in The Iron Port today.

The largest variety of stationery in the city will be found at Ellsworth's drug store.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. D. Harwood, on Tuesday, a son.

The Pennsylvania democrats turned down free silver.

Exceptionally low rates to Los Angeles, Cal., via the Northwestern line. Excursion tickets will be sold at greatly reduced rates from all stations, June 25 to July 8, inclusive, limited to September 4, 1899, inclusive, limited to September 4, 1899, inclusive, on account of Annual meeting National Educational Association. Variable routes, delightful scenery. Side trips at low rates to points of interest. Apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

Very low rates to Milwaukee, via the Northwestern line. Excursion tickets will be sold from stations in Wisconsin, Illinois and Michigan at very low rates for the round trip, account of Milwaukee Carnival, to be held June 27-30. For dates of sale, limits of tickets, etc., apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

WANT COLUMN.

FOR SALE—The trustees of the Swedish B. Church hereby offer for sale the church property located corner of Ayer and Sarah street. The property will be sold cheap as the congregation contemplate the erection of a new church, corner Wells and Fannie street. For particulars inquire of J. A. Stromberg, 904 Ludington street or Rev. Andrew Anderson, corner of Ayer and Sarah street.

FOR RENT—The three story building opposite the C. & N. W. passenger hotel. Two floors finished. Suitable for hotel or boarding house and saloon. Has water, sewer, bath rooms, etc., all of the best. For rent cheap to right party. Apply to J. E. Doin, 702 Wells avenue.

FOR SALE—A second-hand elevator for sale cheap. Suitable to place in store building for hoisting. Apply to Hansen & Jensen, at the foot of Tilden avenue.

FOR SALE—Horse and lot on Delta avenue; 5 room two story. Good condition. Inquire of Hansen & Jensen, at foot of Tilden avenue.

WANTED—Thirty girls for night work for two months. Apply Escanaba Woodware Co.

LEGAL NOTICES.

First publication June 17, 1899.

PROBATE NOTICE FOR HEARING CLAIMS BEFORE COURT.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Probate Court for the county of Delta, made on the fifteenth day of May, A. D. 1899, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of August Nelson, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the probate office, in the city of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the 2nd day of Dec., A. D. 1899, and that such claims will be heard before said court on Monday, the 4th day of Sept., A. D. 1899, and on Monday, the 4th day of Dec., A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated May 15th, A. D. 1899.
J. B. WHITE,
Judge of Probate.

First Publication June 17, 1899.

ORDER FOR PROBATE OF WILL.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on the fourteenth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, present, Honorable Thomas B. White, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of George Jackson Kelly, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Casper Bartley, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that administration of said estate may be granted to said Casper Bartley, the executor named in said will, or to some other suitable person.
Thereupon it is Ordered, that Monday, the tenth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the legatee, heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.
And it is further Ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereon, by causing a copy of this order to be published in The Iron Port, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

Dated June 15th, A. D. 1899.
T. B. WHITE,
Judge of Probate.

REAL ESTATE.

Stop Paying

Rent by getting a home of your own.

LOTS IN THE SMITH and DUNLAP ADDITION

WILL BE IN THE MARKET JUNE 15.

This property is situated on Stevenson avenue, Oak and Birch streets, and is the most desirable residence property in the city. No saloons permitted. Purchasers must

MAKE IMPROVEMENTS,

In which case they have their own time to pay.

Merriam, Moore & Comp'y,

Office over First National Bank.

BEER AGENCY.

BITTNER BROS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

BEER and ICE

We have the agency for the justly celebrated beer brewed from the choicest and best stock obtainable by a brewery of national reputation, and one that helped to "make Milwaukee famous," that of

The JUNG BREWING CO.

Manufacturers of "STANDARD," "SALVATOR" and other well known brands. Bottled Beer—the best—a Specialty.

Mail orders given prompt and careful attention.

BITTNER BROS., 409 Ludington Street.

VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.

...OUR...

SATURDAY AND SUNDAY

MENU.

Cabbage
New Potatoes
Cucumbers
Fresh Peas
Tomatoes
Wax Beans
Strawberries
Cal. Cherries
Cal. Apricots
Cal. Peaches
Cal. Plums
Florida Pineapple
Blood Oranges
Bananas
Gooseberries
Radishes
String Beans

BICYCLE REPAIRING.

BICYCLES

Vulcanized, Enameled
Repaired.

I am prepared to make that old "bike" of yours look just as good as new. No matter how bad it is disabled. My shop has all the latest machinery and the most skilled mechanics.

OUR SPECIALTY

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Wheels Called for and Delivered.

Emil Noe,

M. K. EDWARDS,

Goods Delivered 805 Ludington St.

800 Ludington St.

GOOD FORM IN EGYPT.

End of the Century Customs in Cairo Are Funny Enough to Make a Mummy Laugh.

Leaving cards is one of the most serious pursuits in Cairo. When Thomas Skelton Harrison, our diplomatic agent and consul general at the Egyptian capital, left recently, on his four months' leave of absence...

The list was headed by the name of Lord Cromer, and it concluded with that of the humble subaltern in the barracks. For five days the agent and consul general went about the city in his carriage, leaving cards at palaces, clubs, private residences and hotels.

Every event that occurs means the leaving of a card on somebody. For instance, when the French president died Mr. Harrison made up a little jacket of his card, the card of the vice and deputy consul general, the card of the deputy consul general and the card of his private secretary.

On the birthday of the emperor of Germany the same proceedings have to be gone through with, although of course there is no "p. c." on the cards. When the cards are left the upper right hand corner has always to be bent.

Some people are so important that Mr. Harrison has to go out with the cards himself, while the ordinary run of mortals must be content with the secretary. The procedure is quite complicated.

This makes quite a thick pack of cards of all sizes and shapes. The janissary hands the pack of cards to the American secretary to hand the cards to the Dutch kavass.

When Mr. Harrison has left his cards in this manner they must be acknowledged by the recipients. The Dutch minister duly leaves next day his own batch of cards.

One Way to Lose Friends. Meet well, do ill, and you'll get yourself disliked.—Chicago Daily News.

THE POTTER OF KUNG.

It Cost Him Very Dear to Hoodwink the Shah of Persia, But He Did It.

When Capt. Stiffe, of England, was visiting towns along the Persian gulf a while ago he came to the large fishing village of Kung, where a couple of centuries ago had stood a city of much commercial importance.

The one industry besides fishing is the production of a very ordinary sort of pottery. There is plenty of pottery clay in the neighborhood and at one time superior wares of this sort were made at Kung.

His highness sent an order down to the coast instructing the local governor at Kung to immediately dispatch the man to Teheran, where he was to receive the appointment of special maker of chinaware to the shah.

The mandate of the shah was imperative, but there are occasions when his highness may be hoodwinked and his commands circumvented, and this was one of them.

The plan worked like a charm. The deception was practiced upon the shah, and more important matters, doubtless, diverted his further attention from the potter of Kung.

CANNOT POISON BY GERMS.

May Figure as an Incident in Novels, But Charcot Says It's Impossible in Life.

Relative to an article in the Science Francaise, in which poisoning by microbes is suggested as a possible new crime, I have interviewed Dr. Charcot, who was a prominent witness in the Bianchini poisoning case.

Communication of diseases was at times easy. For instance, anthrax was communicated by applying a little anthrax matter to a scratch on the finger.

Playing the Races. The race isn't always to the swiftest. Sometimes it is to the bookmakers.—Chicago Daily News.

A TRIP TO THE PACIFIC.

With the eyes of the world turned to the new Eldorado away back in the middle of the present century, legions began the tall-sole march across the plains and over the mighty mountain barriers to the land of promise and gold.

The Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line comprises the Chicago & North-Western, Union Pacific, and Southern Pacific railways—the direct through car route every day in the year between Chicago and the Pacific Coast.

The Chicago & North-Western Railway was the pioneer line west of Chicago, and the first engine run over its rails was named the "Pioneer."

That part of the country traversed by the trans-continental trains of the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line immediately after leaving Chicago, is the Mississippi Valley, an ideal agricultural region, with evidences of prosperity on every hand.

It is 475 miles from Omaha to the state line of Wyoming, the route being through Nebraska all the way except for the diversion of a few miles to Colorado to reach Julesburg.

The first important town west of Cheyenne is Laramie, with 6,500 people, and the next is Rawlins, thirty miles west of which the train crosses the Continental Divide.

From Ogden to San Francisco the journey is one of notable contrasts. Immediately after leaving Ogden the route lies through a valley—wide, fertile, irrigated.

Excursionists desiring to return via Portland and the northern route, can have choice of the Shasta route of the Southern Pacific, which is renowned for its marvelous scenery through the Sierrita Mountains, or an ocean voyage between San Francisco and Portland.

A cynic is a man who is worse than he feels but tries to feel worse than he is.—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

Love of money is the root of all evil and of much good.—Chicago Daily News.

UPROARIOUS APPAREL.

That Worn by the Young Man of the Period Would Make Solomon Look Like A Thrift Solon.

Some hopeful people had an idea last summer that the limit had about been reached in the loud colors of men's attire, in shirts, ties, hosiery and soft hats, and that this summer might see a return to more placid and subdued hues and patterns as a sort of reaction.

The red hat affected by the college boy last year and its side partner, the blue crush hat, have a rival this year in a pale white hat, with the under side of the brim and also the band of deep blue, making a striking contrast of color, which seems to be what is most particularly desired.

Lady—I wish to get a birthday present for my husband. Shopwalker—How long have you been married, madam?

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn? Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet.

Mrs. Finnigan—Bedad, yer hoobind dresses as iv he wor a flure-walker er a banker! Phwerr is he wur-kin'?

The Coldest. Yabley—What was the coldest weather you ever saw? Mudge—I don't know.

Horrible Death—"Poor Siddons! His dead body was found on the banks of the Schuylkill yesterday!

A sparkling device seems to be a necessary part of the motor carriage. The old-fashioned horse that could be driven with one hand, and a covered buggy, were considered a good sparkling device "in those days."

The menu of love consists chiefly of improbable possibilities.—Chicago Daily News. No Credit.—Bramble—"You complain of being poor, but look at me. I am \$50,000 in debt."

"Oh, Harry, listen to this: In Siberia they chain convicts to their wheelbarrows."

She—"A doctor in Berlin, after a great deal of study, has discovered that married men live longer than bachelors!"

Know My Own Mind?—"Well, I ought to know my own mind!" "Certainly! You try hard to have it different from anybody's else!"—Detroit Journal.



An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only.

The Power of Storm.

The Cayman Islands in the West Indies were nearly overthrown by the recent storm. Even apparently secure things are not safe.

Once upon a time a beggar importuned a lawyer for aims. "Let me give you some advice," said the lawyer.

"I'd rather you sold the advice and gave me the proceeds," ventured the beggar, trying not to seem forward.

Give the Children a Drink. called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee.

Never make a confidant of everybody's friend.—Chicago Daily News.

His Usual Place.

"Witness, did you ever see the prisoner at the bar?" "O, yes, that's where I got acquainted with him."—Stray Stories.

The man who talks most about the difficulties of faith, takes the absurdities of so-called science at a swallow.—Ram's Horn.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee.

Absolute Proof

Your name and address on a postal card will bring you absolute proof that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will cure you if you are afflicted with any disease of the blood or nerves.

These pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves.

Look for the full name on the package. At druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. 50c per box. 6 boxes \$2.50.

"GOOD WIVES GROW FAIR IN THE LIGHT OF THEIR WORKS," ESPECIALLY IF THEY USE

SAPOLIO

Look for the full name on the package. At druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. 50c per box. 6 boxes \$2.50.



The Stella Music Box,

TUNED LIKE A PIANO. CHEAPEST AND BEST!

Indestructible records of all Popular Music, Old and New.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE

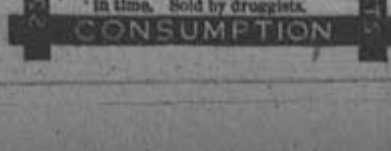
SPAULDING & CO.

JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS,

Jackson Blvd., Cor. State St., Chicago.

INSOMNIA

Have been using CASCARETS for months, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried.



REGULATE THE LIVER

Epworth League NATIONAL CONVENTION, Indianapolis, Ind., JULY 20-23, 1899. ONLY One Fare Round Trip

Except that from points within 50 miles the rate will be One and One-third Fare for Round Trip not to exceed one dollar.

BIG FOUR

Tickets will be on sale from all points July 19, 20, 21. From points within 75 miles of Indianapolis on July 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23, 1899.

For full information regarding tickets, rates and routes and time of trains, call on agents "Big Four Route," or address the undersigned,

WARREN J. LYNCH,

Gen. Pass & Ticket Agent, CINCINNATI, O.

FREE HOMES

Is the Great Grain and Grazing Belt of WESTERN CANADA and information as to how to secure them can be had on application to the DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Ottawa, Canada.

"THE DEWEY" is the world's greatest remedy for LIVER DISEASE, AGENTS WANTED.

A. N. K.—A 1762

READER OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON LEAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

THE COUNTY BOARD.

Continued From First Page.

on the heating of the J. H. Tracy Hospital. We respectfully recommend the change in the heating apparatus for reason of economy in fuel and a more uniform temperature and recommend that the building committee be authorized to make a contract with some firm to do the work and furnish the material. All work to be done in a workman like manner. All work done by the 15th day of Sept., 1899.

PHIL DUPONT, ARTHUR LEIGHTON, WM. DERRY, Com.

Mr. Ward was called to the chair. Moved by Mr. Burns, supported by Mr. Narracong, that the building committee be instructed to advertise for bids on the placing in the J. H. Tracy hospital of a hot water plant, to replace the present unsuitable heating plant in said hospital, and that the bids received be considered by this board at an adjourned special meeting to be held on July 13th, 1899, at 11 o'clock a. m.

The motion was adopted by unanimous vote. The Finance committee reported cash in the treasury at the present time as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes General Fund, County Road Fund, Soldier Relief, State Institute, Liquors, Library, Game, Agricultural Soc'y Fund, Total, Less by Poor F'd over'n.

Bal. on hand June 8, '99 \$16,998.01 Moved by Mr. Burns, supported by Mr. Dupont, that the report be received and spread upon the minutes. Ayes unanimous.

The committee on mileage and per diem reported the following members entitled to mileage and per diem as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Name, MILS., DAY, AMT. Lists names like Besson, Burns, Brotherton, Curran, Davis, Dausey, Darling, Devet, Dupont, Derry, Embs, Foster, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hazen, Hirn, Kautben, Leighton, Mason, Manson, Narracong, Nelson, Stephenson, Swanson, Ward.

Signed ARTHUR LEIGHTON, PETER HIRN, WM. DARSEY, Com.

Moved by Mr. Derry, supported by Mr. Darling that the report be adopted, and that the chairman and clerk be instructed to issue county orders in payment of the several amounts.

The motion was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Besson, Curran, Dausey, Darling, Davis, Devet, Derry, Dupont, Embs, Hammarberg, Hartnett, Hazen, Hirn, Kautben, Leighton, Monson, Narracong, Nelson, Burns, Nays: Ward.

Mr. Ward, supported by Mr. Hartnett, offered the following resolution: Resolved, that the Auditing and Finance committees meet at the court house on the 6th and 7th of October next, in order that the work of said committees may be ready for this board; and that all bills to be acted upon by the Auditing committee at said meeting be filed with the clerk not later than October 7th.

On motion the resolution was referred to the prosecuting attorney to be reported upon by him at the next meeting of the board.

Moved by Mr. Embs, supported by Mr. Narracong, that the board adjourn until July 11th, 1899.

The motion was carried, whereupon the board adjourned. O. V. LINDEN, G. T. BURNS, Clerk. Ch'n.

Notice.

It is proposed to replace the present steam heating apparatus in the Delta County Hospital with a hot water plant meeting the requirements for heating that building. Sealed proposals for furnishing the material and necessary labor to put in a first class hot water heating apparatus will be received at the office of T. J. Tracy, superintendent, at the court house, Escanaba, Michigan, up to and including July 10th, 1899. The proposals should be based upon an exchange for the present steam heating plant.

The building committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids. PHIL DUPONT, Chair. Bid'g Com. July 10.

Card of Thanks. Mr. and Mrs. J. Specht wish to express their thanks to the many kind friends and especially to the shopmen of the Northwestern company and the C. O. F., for their efforts in their behalf at the time of the accident and after the death of their son.

LEGAL NOTICES.

First publication June 1, 1899. PROBATE ORDER FOR HEARING ANNUAL ACCOUNT—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. Probate Court for said County.

At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Delta, held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on the 15th day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, Hon. Thomas B. White, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Inez Greenhoot and Lulu Greenhoot, minors.

On reading and filing the report and account of Bertha Greenhoot, guardian of said minors, thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 19th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said report and account, and that all persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, Michigan, and show cause, if any there be, why the said report and account should not be confirmed.

And it is further ordered, that said guardian give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said report and account and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in The Iron Port, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Delta, for two successive weeks, previous to said day of hearing.

T. B. WHITE, Judge of Probate. Jun 17.

First Publication May 27, 1899. PROBATE NOTICE FOR HEARING CLAIMS BEFORE COURT.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss.

Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, made on the eighth day of May, A. D. 1899, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Charles A. Alstrom, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the 9th day of November, A. D. 1899, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Monday the 7th day of August, A. D. 1899, and on Monday the 13th day of November, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated, May 8th, A. D. 1899. T. B. WHITE, Judge of Probate. Jun 17.

First publication May 27, 1899. ORDER OF HEARING FOR GENERAL PURPOSES AND FOR APPOINTMENT OF AN ADMINISTRATOR.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County held at the Probate office in the city of Escanaba, on the twenty-sixth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, Hon. Thomas B. White, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Susan Stonhouse, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Samuel Stonhouse, the executor, praying that he may be authorized to borrow the sum of eight hundred dollars by way of mortgage upon the real estate of said deceased, to be used in paying the balance due upon a land contract from Nelson Ludington et al for the purchase of lots seven (7) and eight (8) of block forty-eight (48) of the original plat of the village now city of Escanaba, Delta county, Michigan.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the nineteenth day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held in the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in The Iron Port, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) T. B. WHITE, Judge of Probate. Jun 17.

First Publication May 20, 1899. ORDER OF HEARING FOR GENERAL PURPOSES AND FOR APPOINTMENT OF AN ADMINISTRATOR.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on the fifteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, Hon. Thomas B. White, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Charles F. Dolan, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Anna A. Lind, the widow, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to her or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the twelfth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held in the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in The Iron Port, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

Our Reputation - - - For selling a high grade class of clothing and furnishing goods at medium prices is so thoroughly established that unusual offerings are expected of us each season. What think you of being able to buy a magnificent line of Suits at the following very low prices... \$5.50 \$8.00 \$10.00 \$12.00 \$15.00. Cones Boss Overalls at 75 cents. Larned, Carter & Co. Overalls at 50 cents. Inspect our large and beautiful line of Crash Hats and Caps at 25 and 50c. REMEMBER, THAT RATHFON BROTHERS, are the only ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS in the city and the only firm that guarantee every article sold. Masonic block, Escanaba, Mich.

CYCLE WORKS. Brandquist's Cycle Works, Agents for the well known National and Orient WHEELS. We carry a full line of Bicycle Sundries.—Cheapest place in town. BICYCLES FROM \$14 UP. Repairing and cleaning cheaply, well and promptly done. First-class Enameling and Brazing's speciality. Bicycle Built to Order. 915 Ludington. ESCANABA.

WE HAVE WHEELS or rather, wheels that cost more, and ask you to come and see them and get our prices before you buy. We can save you money and we know it. THE MEAD DRUG CO. YOUNG'S BAKERY. YOUNG'S BAKERY. ICE CREAM. Vanilla Strawberry Chocolate Lemon Coffee Peach Banana Harlequin Bricks Chicago Bricks Neapolitan Bricks Nut Cream Vanilla, with French Cherries Vanilla, with German Strawberries Pistachio Peach Carmel Tutti-Frutti Orange Pineapple Paspberry Raspberry Apricot New York These creams contain the Natural Fruit—no artificial coloring or flavoring. WATER ICES, Orange Lemon Pineapple Strawberry Peach Raspberry Marshmallow All our loaves are made from pure fruit juices. Nesselrode Plum Staley Apricot Marzipan Victoria Petit Duke Monte Carlo Cardinal Chateaubriand PUNCH, Punch Roman Creole Sultan Champagne Lallah Rookh Apricot Punch Cardinal Strawberry Punch Frappe Orange Punch Frappe Claret Punch Frappe Young's Creams are absolutely pure and wholesome—never vary in quality. Orders by telephone or telegraph will receive prompt attention. We respectfully solicited a trial of our goods.

MRS. SOL. JEROME FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING. I CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF Latest Dress Patterns LININGS, BRAIDS, ETC. All of the very best quality, which I am enabled to sell at exceedingly low prices. ALL WORK GUARANTEED. PRICES REASONABLE. MRS. SOL JEROME Rapid River's Fashionable Dressmaker. BUSINESS DIRECTORY. DR. J. C. BROOKS. PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES and Druggists' Sundries. A Full and Complete Line of Confectionery. FRED E. DARLING JEWELER. Fine Watch Repairing a specialty and all work guaranteed. Don't send your work out of town when it can be done as well at home—and cheaper, too. FLOUR AND FEED. C. Maloney & Co. DEALERS IN FLOUR, FEED HAY, GRAIN, SEEDS, ETC.

SOME PEOPLE Want one thing, others something else, but everybody wants good food as cheaply as it can be had. NOW IN YOUR OWN CASE, you want the best Fancy Groceries, Produce, Fruits, Sauces, Condiments, etc., to be had. We have them. OUR MEAT MARKET IS COMPLETE AS USUAL "Everything to Eat and Wear" at PFEIFER'S RAPID RIVER.

WAIT FOR THE Big Special Sale AT WALDO'S. RAPID RIVER. MICHIGAN. It will interest everybody. It will save you money, Therefore WAIT.

THE I. STEPHENSON CO. GEO. T. BURNS, Manager. LUMBER Lath and Shingles. DRESSED FLOORING, WAINSCOTING, ETC Eagle Photo Company Cor. Tilden and Ludington. ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.