

## IS IT SLEEPING OR DEAD

IF ASLEEP, WAKEN IT; IF DEAD IN-STALL ITS SUCCESSOR.

We're Talking of the Business Men's Association of Which Nothing Has Been Heard in Nearly Two Months.

There is great need of an awakening among our citizens in the matter of municipal advancement. A few weeks since the business men seemed thoroughly aroused and no inconsiderable interest was manifested in securing manufacturing industries and additional railway facilities, and the weekly meetings of the then newly-organized Business Men's association was largely attended by representative citizens who fully appreciated the importance of the situation. At those assemblages numerous were the impromptu addresses, in the course of which the speakers almost invariably alluded to our "grand geographical position," not forgetting to ring in something about the abundance of raw materials at our very doors, and each individual present eagerly drank in these words of encouragement and apparently became more and more enthusiastic until the indications were that our unpretentious infant city would speedily cast aside its swaddling garments and blossom in a thriving manufacturing metropolis. Officers were chosen and committees composed of energetic and influential men were appointed for various purposes deemed necessary to the success of the association, but notwithstanding these formalities no work has been accomplished other than of a comparatively unimportant character. To be sure, since the Business Men's association was formed there has located here a furniture factory that will undoubtedly prove a remunerative investment for Escanaba, but it cannot truthfully be said that it's coming here was due to the association, but rather to the endeavors of a few public-spirited citizens and the common council, the people having previously voted to bond the city to raise a bonus with which to induce some industry to locate in the magnificent buildings at one time occupied by a corporation not yet wholly obliterated from memory's tablet, known as the Cochrane Roller Mills company.

Just why the Business Men's association so suddenly and unceremoniously dropped into oblivion is beyond our comprehension, for it certainly had a bright future before it. The proposed plan of work seemed thoroughly practicable and there is no good and sufficient reason why factory after factory could not have been brought hither through this agency at a comparatively small expense, thus furnishing lucrative employment to thousands of workmen and placing Escanaba upon a sounder and broader basis. This would not only redound to our municipal advancement, but would prove decidedly beneficial to almost every individual as well. Take for instance the proposition made by Fred F. Bischoff, et al., of Chicago. The Business Men's association should be negotiating for this extensive concern, which agrees to employ 300 men within two years for a site of ten acres and a \$35,000 bonus, but instead the matter is being handled by a few individuals and the probabilities are that the works will go elsewhere. The association should have been actively engaged on this deal from the very first intimation it had concerning it, and a committee should have waited on the directors of the I. Stephenson company at their annual meeting, and secured the property, by purchase or otherwise, had it platted and forthwith commenced the sale of lots to raise the bonus. It could have been done; it has been done elsewhere. Our people stand ready and willing to buy lots for the purpose of creating a bonus fund for any legitimate industry of the character mentioned, and it is safe to assert that the necessary \$35,000 could be raised within forty-eight hours. But instead of energetically and persistently laboring for the cause in which it so eagerly enlisted only a few short weeks since, the association is doing absolutely nothing, and unless steps are immediately taken to reconstitute it, it will soon have joined the innumerable other undertakings of a similar nature which were born under equally auspicious circumstances, but died for want of proper nourishment.

That Escanaba occupies "a grand geographical position," is an undisputable fact, but more than position is necessary to the success of any locality. Nature has "pushed the button," we must do the rest. And unless our people are active in their endeavors to advance the general welfare of the city the Escanaba of today will be the Escanaba of the future. Cast aside all selfish motives, put a shoulder to the wheel and the result will be surprising.

"Chip O' the Old Block." The Courier describes "Chip O' The Old Block" as a factious fermentation of

frivolous fancies and funny facts fermented into an original musical melodramatic farce comedy, with an over flow of music, mirth and pathos. One thing is certain, the piece enjoys the distinction of being a clean, pure and enjoyable comedy that can reach the heights of uproarious fun without grovelling in the realms of "gag" suggestive speeches and offensive lines. "Bob" Scott, the original "Old Sailor" is still at the head of the organization, and his droll humor alone will cause a man to forget his troubles and incidentally his board bill. It will be here, July 12, at Peterson's opera house.

**Our "Sand Lands."**  
The "sand lands" of our county usually considered and spoken of as valueless (or nearly so) may come, in time to be the most valuable lands we have. They are just the thing for "fruit farms" as the success of our neighbor Danforth with strawberries, elsewhere referred to, abundantly testifies. Nor is that berry the only one worthy attention; our woods are full of the wild raspberry, and where it flourishes without cultivation the finer varieties of the same fruit will certainly repay the care and labor of the cultivator, and so with all the so-called "small fruits."

The time is upon us when we must look to the soil for our sustenance in greater measure than heretofore. The timber is growing scarce; the minerals, while they will still remain a great industry will not hereafter offer the same reward to labor as heretofore, and the original occupation of man (after the age of the hunter), the tillage of the earth, comes to the front as the leading one.

As for our city, nothing could so strengthen it, so build up its commercial prosperity, as the occupation of the breadths of unoccupied lands in its vicinity for the purpose referred to, or any other for which they may be found suitable, and every Escanaban should do all in his power to bring about such a result.

**Our Wolverine Wiggins.**  
We don't have to go to Canada for our wild weather predictions now, we've a Wiggins of our very own. He lives in Detroit and his honorable name is Getsinger, and has an outfit of "gas belts" and "polar lenses" and other articles unknown to the agricultural bureau or any other astronomic or meteorological weather sharp, by which he is able to tell that when the wind is nor'west the weather will be cool, and when the mercury ranges above 80° Fahrenheit in the shade of the Belle Isle trees it will be warm. We shall watch Getsinger closely after this, and when he gets both his "polar lenses" into operation at once run for the nearest box and pull it, for Tolan and his boys, before the blaze breaks through the roof.

**"Hard Times" in the Cedar Trade.**  
The stringency in the money market and the "distrust and apprehension" which moved the president to call congress together, pinch the operators in cedar as well as the miners of iron. The season promised well, the demand was good and the prices not bad, but now that it is time to deliver the purchasers are slow to receive and their paper, given for the stuff when delivered, is not negotiable at the banks. The president was none too soon with his call to congress; let us hope that the action taken, or to be taken, by that body may alleviate matters. It strains our credulity to do so, but it is the only thing to do.

**Kept House Themselves.**  
Half-a-dozen of the persons who were guests of the Oliver house when Allison "gave up the ship," have since that time, by permission of the officer in charge of the outfit, been "keeping house" therein, pooling the expenses and getting along nicely—making a sort of a picnic of it.

Mr. Baehrich told an Iron Port man, yesterday, that the coroner had turned the property over to the sheriff (so simplifying the problem of settlement), and that he hoped to be in possession today. It is to be regretted that the fight over the furniture took place; it has been a setback to the house which it will feel for months.

**"Docked for Repairs."**  
On Saturday evening last Captain Caspar Bartley, of the Delta, while backing his boat out of the slip at No. 5 dock, lost his foothold and was thrown over the wheel into the narrow space between its periphery and the wall of the pilot house, "all in a heap." So lying and for the moment unable to help himself he was struck by the ends of the spokes of the rapidly revolving wheel (which were broken off by the contact) and his ankle dislocated and the leg above it fractured. Luckily, the wheel was old and the spokes tender; had the oak been new and strong they might have torn his foot off. As it is he is "docked for repairs" under Dr. Phillips' care.

**Licensed to Marry.**  
Marriage licenses, under the seal and by the authority of the state of Michigan, have been issued to Napoleon Beauchamp and Maggie Dausey, to Martin Ward and Gertie May Plant, of Garden, and to Charles Jacques and Annie Smith, and Wm. N. Mayer and A. J. Gibbs, all of Gladstone.

## BISCHOFF IRON WORKS

A SITE SECURED AND A PLAN OF OPERATION AGREED ON.

Four "Forties" Purchased, Conditionally, and a Mass Meeting of the People to be Called to Hear Its Proposals.

The opportunity to secure the location here of a second industry is not to be lost. The parties who have so far conducted the negotiations concerning it, not dismayed by their failure to enlist the I. Stephenson company, have arranged for the purchase of 160 acres west of the hospital and will call a mass meeting of the people of the city at the Opera house some evening next week.

At that meeting the proposed plan of operation will be submitted and the people be asked to express approval thereof and pledge their support thereto; and it is suggested that every business house in the city be closed at 8:00 o'clock on that evening in order that all may be present, a suggestion in which we heartily concur.

As the matter will be exhaustively considered at that time it is not necessary that we enter upon explanations. It is enough for us to say that the opportunity is now offered to secure a valuable addition to the business of our city and to do so in a manner that will not cost anything; the investments will be profitable to the investors and the general result a benefit to every inhabitant of the city. Of so much we have no doubt, nor have we any that our people will take hold, with a will, to carry out the plan of the promoters and secure the location of the works.

Notice will be given of the meeting in the usual manner and we urge the attendance of every person who has the welfare of our city at heart.

**Police Court Notes.**  
Marshal Ehner got after the "soiled doves" this week and on the 6th haled nine of them before the police court on charges under the city ordinances, proof sufficient to convict under the statute of the state being hard, if not impossible to obtain. The nine were found guilty under the city ordinances, however, and Anna J. Wright, Della Stewart and Paulina Davis were assessed \$28.70 each and Emma Curtis, Lottie Williams, Dorothy Dandy, Nellie Winters, Ida Dean and Frankie Edler \$13.70 each, which sums were paid and the prisoners discharged. On the same day Dan. Kenealy was arraigned for a brutal assault upon a man sixty-two years of age and assessed \$50 and costs and not having so much legal tender in his pouch was consigned to the county jail for a term of ninety days. On the 7th Barney Harvey, found drunk and disorderly, was assessed \$7.70 and found the wherewith to square the account.

**"The Fourth."**  
It was well that no celebration of Independence day was arranged for. The day was unpropitious, the sky covered with clouds by ten o'clock and wet, with a steady drizzle, from noon until dark. The members of U. P. Tent, K. O. T. M., paraded on Ludington street at nine, led by the City's band, and marched to the park where they made the most of the time until the rain drove them to shelter; the dances in the evening were well attended and were all the more enjoyable because of the coolness brought about by the rain; the youngsters fired their explosives and a few citizens made display with rockets, etc., in the evening, and so the natal day of the republic passed and Uncle Sam entered upon his 118th year.

**To Repair the Buildings.**  
At the regular meeting of the board of education Wednesday evening Inspector Young, chairman of the committee on grounds and buildings, reported that the high school building was very badly in need of extensive repairs. The brick in different portions of the structure is crumbling away, and must be replaced, while the cornice needs repairing, as does also the interior of every room in the building. The fifth and sixth ward school grounds require considerable filling, and the building should have some repairs of a minor character. The committee was instructed to make the necessary repairs forthwith.

**Uncle Sam Has His Money.**  
The amount of the deficit in the funds of the postoffice having been ascertained, the bondsmen and friends of the postmaster put up the amount (he securing them by a trust deed of his property), and the incident is closed—the United States has its money, every cent, and the place is open for a democrat. "Cap." was careless, no more, and he suffers the penalty alone.

**The Postmaster'ship.**  
At once upon the result of the last general election being known it was suggested that ex-mayor Campbell should (and would) be given the postoffice when the time came to make a change. Later it

became known that John Harbrett was a candidate for that position and it came to be understood that he had the appointment "corralled." How the case may be we have no means of knowing, but the friends of Mr. Campbell are just now making some effort in his behalf which is evidence that they consider the place still open. A few days will serve to settle the matter, without doubt, and either of the gentlemen is competent; each has strong backing, and to a republican it is little matter which wins. From the gossip of the street corners the fight would appear to be such as a late city election, described by our friend Geo. De Longhary as "the field against the Irish."

**On the Eleven-foot Shoal.**  
The steamer Manchester, of the I. O. T. fleet which left here on the night of July 3, with ore for a lake Erie port, ran upon the Eleven-foot shoal and went out three feet or more forward and a foot aft, and as we write, on Wednesday afternoon, is still there with four feet of water in her hold. A gang of men is on board jettisoning ore and it is expected that the Monarch, and a couple of the other ships of the fleet which will be here Thursday, can pull her off.

She is a "composite" ship—wooden bottom and steel top-sides—and has probably suffered small damage. A steel ship, in the same fix, would have little bottom left we fancy.

Later: The Manchester was pulled off, after jettisoning about 1,000 tons of ore, last Thursday morning. Her bottom, forward, was pretty badly splintered but as she was making no water aft and the collision bulkhead she filled up, again and departed to finish her voyage, taking a steam pump as a precautionary measure.

**The Summons Came Suddenly.**  
At about 5:00 a. m. on Thursday, as the gang of trimmers under M. H. O'Brien's management was on its way to No. 5 dock to commence the labors of the day, one of its members, Patrick Gallagher, a man of some fifty years, stopped to rest, saying that he did not feel well and would join them later. He was so left, but when others, following, came where he sat he was found to ill to proceed and a carriage was procured, he placed in it and the rig started for his home. He did not reach home alive, however, but expired just as Ludington street was reached. The doctor who had been summoned, but had not reached him before his death, ascribes his death to heart failure. Mr. Gallagher was a member of the A. O. U. W. and his widow (who is soon to become a mother) will receive from that order \$2,000. His remains were taken to St. James, Manistowick county, for burial.

**List of Jurors for July Term.**  
Samuel Sturgeon, Escanaba township; Charles Diedrick, Ford River; C. Christianson, Bay de Noc; Edwin F. Hicks, Baldwin; John Harris, Bark River; Louis Jerome, Masonville; John B. Kleiber, Maple Ridge; Ben. Young, 1st ward, Escanaba; Charles M. Thatcher, 2d ward; John Moe, 3d ward; Wm. Flath, 4th ward; Harry Belanger, 5th ward; Albert Young, 6th ward; John Finden, 7th ward; Victor Gustafson, Nahma; Peter Follo, Sack Bay; J. M. Conkling, 1st ward, Gladstone; R. H. Seiple, 2d ward; Louis Colby, 3d ward; Napoleon Miller, 4th ward; D. D. Fontaine, Garden; Frank Collingwood, Fairbanks; Calvin Harris, township of Escanaba; Peter Nelson, Wells; Wm. Lee, Ford River; N. Espeling, Bay de Noc; John Carlson, Baldwin; August Anderson, Bark River; Geo. E. Merrill, Masonville; J. R. Steele, Maple Ridge.

**Pumps Will Not Be Drawn.**  
Mr. Kidder, its manager, contradicts the report that the pumps at the Champion mine are to be drawn, and says: "Ever since the Champion ceased production some months ago on account of the depressed state of the iron ore market a large number of men have been kept at work on surface and in sinking and opening stops ahead. Hence the mine is in excellent shape for many months' large production as soon as the market takes a turn for the better."

**The Bottom Dropped Out.**  
Lake freights were never so low as now; the "bottom has dropped out" of the business altogether. Grain from Duluth to Buffalo at one and one-half cents and ore from Ashland to Ashtabula at seventy cents don't pay the cost of running boats, and those were the rates at those parts this week. From here to Lake Erie ports the rate is 50 cents, yet.

**Another Industry.**  
Mr. Perkins, the patentee and manufacturer of a self-acting fire-shutter, will soon occupy a portion of Wallace's old stand at the corner of Ludington street and Tilden avenue and manufacture therein the shutter. How large the force to be employed we are not told, but large or small, we are glad to know that the work is to be done here.

**This is a Puzzle.**  
A city election on the issuing of additional water works bonds to the amount of \$20,000 is to be held July 10, at Owosso, and the attorneys are puzzling their heads over the question of whether the women shall be allowed to

## LATE MUNICIPAL GOSSIP

MANY MINOR MATTERS PERTAINING TO CITY AND SURROUNDINGS.

New Wanted of a Missing Man—A Merchant's Experience With Printers Ink—Picnics and Showers—A Scared Banker.

We're afraid that the ladies of the W. C. T. U. have "bit off more than they can chew" in their building endeavor, and we doubt the wisdom of the course they propose, as outlined in their contribution to our columns this week. What good can result from making the members of the churches "angry" (and that is what is likely to occur) we are at a loss to perceive.

A report comes to The Iron Port that many farmers across the bay send their grists "below" by boat, on account of the exorbitant toll levied by the flouring mills at Garden. They claim that the freight to Green Bay and return is less than the toll exacted by the Garden concern.

The fire outfit galloped up Ludington street on Thursday morning and we all followed it, expecting to see somebody's home burned or saved, but it was a scrap instead of a blaze. The person who "pulled the box" had sent in the wrong call.

A party of about forty young people went to Hunter's Point on the Shipman, on the Fourth. The rain spoiled their picnic but they danced in the large boarding house, and had a grand time, returning to Escanaba at 5:30.

U. P. Tent No. 4, K. O. T. M. received 150 uniform caps last Saturday. It will want another hundred in a week if the whole membership is to be supplied; the tent is taking the boys in "no allowance."

"A Father" should have signed his communication if he wished it to appear in this paper. We have seen nothing which merits the epithets, "dirty" and "vile," which he uses.

The Mirror came out last Saturday in a new dress of type the self-spacing kind. Get a new "head," too, P. J.; the old one does not show well over the new type in the pages.

Mrs. Fred Lewis, of Big Rapids, Mich., is sick and wants to hear from her brothers, Michael and Peter Garrety, who are somewhere in this peninsula. Pass the word.

The municipal boss—mayor or other—who bans fire-crackers on the 4th of July might as well save his wind, young America laughs at him and lights another pack.

It is gratifying to know that while banking institutions are going to pieces throughout the country our banking houses are sound to the core.

An "item" (for us and a lot of broken bottles for Jac. Jenson) was spoiled last Saturday by a man who caught the lines and prevented a runaway.

A school will be conducted in the basement of the Swedish Lutheran church during this and the ensuing month, Gus Nelson being its teacher.

Frank Sheedo is over at Nahma repairing 120 sets of harness for the Bay de Nocquet company.

Ed. Voght moved into his new location, the Welch building, yesterday.

**Board of Education.**  
The regular meeting of the board of education was held on Wednesday evening. Only routine business was transacted. A large number of applications for positions as teachers were received which were referred for classification and recommendation to a committee consisting of Inspectors Barr, Embs, Wixson, Young and Wiltzie, with instruction to report at the next meeting of the board, and the board then adjourned until Friday evening, July 7.

On Friday evening the board was called to order by the president, with every inspector in his place, and proceeded to the choice of teachers for the ensuing school year. For the position of principal there were fifteen applicants and it was moved that Prof. S. S. Beggs, lately of Manistique, be engaged, which motion prevailed by eight to six, whereupon it was moved and carried that the choice be made unanimous. Then it was moved and carried that all the teachers employed during the current year (except the principal, whose place had been filled by the previous action, and Miss McLean, who had resigned) be re-engaged for the ensuing year, which motion prevailed. It was then moved and carried that Miss Fillion be engaged to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Miss McLean, completing the force of teachers. The janitors now in service were then re-engaged except the janitor of the 7th ward school and Frank McGilligan chosen for that school, vice Pr. Salaries were then fixed, at the rates as during the current year board adjourned. A laugh occurred in the choice of janitor of the 7th ward school.

**A Fire Whistle.**  
The Cheapest Fire Whistle company has plighted upon the whistle upon the repaired. All orders given prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed. 87 Ludington St., Escanaba, Mich.

that Parisian be engaged, an amendment was moved substituting the name of McGilligan, which motion prevailed. Then the vote recurring on the question as amended and the inspectors who had voted no on the amendment voting yes, those who had supported the amendment reversed their action, voting no. Nevertheless, when the effect of their vote was explained McGilligan was chosen. As to the choice of principal, we believe it to be a good one. Mr. Beggs brings fine endorsements and a record of ten years successful work as an instructor.

**Late News.**  
The little gun used for celebrations at Menominee burst on the fourth but no one was killed or badly hurt.

A ten year old lad named Coventry fell from a ladder at Menominee on the fourth and was so injured that he can not recover.

The Range-Tribune wants to know "what has become of the Menominee & Iron Mountain railroad?" The company was to have commenced operations July first or lose all concessions granted. It is where it always was—in the mind of the projectors—and there it will remain.

The fever still rages at Ironwood and there is much suffering from destitution as well.

A. P. Swineford has been given a good place in the general land office.

John Gray, twenty-three years old and single, was drowned in the Menominee, near Iron Mountain, on the 6th.

The South Shore road is reducing its working force.

The president is laid up, at Gray Gables, with rheumatism.

J. E. Soules, of the Menominee Democrat, was married on Wednesday. Accept our benison, Joe.

John Nelson was found dead in his bed at Carney, Menominee county, on the 5th. His skull was broken and John Blomquist is suspected of having done the breaking and is in arrest.

Marquette will vote on the question of borrowing money and building a city hall next Tuesday.

Emanuel Perry, nineteen years old, is missing from Red Jacket and supposed to be dead. He had an artificial leg, and rumors reach his friends of the finding of such an article in the woods and they want the facts.

Gold quartz assaying \$900 to the ton has just been found at Fulford, Colorado. Spanish anarchists are using dynamite but seem to wish to terrify rather than kill.

The new "liberty bell" was rung for the first time on the 4th. It is perfect.

The caravels and the viking ship reach Chicago to-day.

The Kansas reform school boys are in a state of mutiny because of the appointment of an unpopular superintendent. The subordinate officers all quit for the same reason.

Two girls were murdered and the elder outraged in a berry patch at Bardwell, Kentucky, Wednesday morning.

Chicago carpenters' union agrees to a reduction of wages, and does it without a strike.

**News From Green Bay.**

From the Advocate: For several days past the leaves of the elm and some other trees have been covered with a sticky substance known as "honey dew." It gathered in such quantities as to drip to the ground and make the sidewalks discolored and sticky. The substance forms on the inner side of the leaf and usually the back of the leaf will be found to be covered with a species of small insects or plant louse. Scientists say these cause the "honey dew," which was formerly popularly supposed to be a deposit from the atmosphere. It never occurs except during a drought. Andrew Reid, who has been during the past three years in the employ of the Weiss-Holman Co., the first year as traveling salesman and the latter two as bookkeeper, has gone to Hermansville, Mich., to take charge of the Wisconsin Lumber Co.'s store there. [Mr. Reid will be remembered by Escanabans as formerly in charge of the Jackson Iron Co.'s store at Fayette.]

**Gladstone Cleanings.**

A man in Minneapolis wants to open a hardware store. The Delta says "don't come to Gladstone." Adolph Hammel will start a bakery. Adam Kreutzberger has opened a cigar factory. Gladstone "Rebekahs" had a good time at Escanaba on Tuesday evening. There's a spurt in the shipments of ore. The Jennie B. is to go on the route between Gladstone and Rapid River. The Scotia went out from Gladstone—a million feet. Davis & Mason were the shippers and the stuff went to Tonawanda. A. P. Smith has filed his bond and entered on his second term as county commissioner of schools. —The Delta.

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AMONG THE ATHLETES.

Chicago Athletic Association's Palatial New Clubhouse.

THOUSANDS OF TURNERS TO MEET

Their Gymnastic Festival at Milwaukee. Benno Klein and Carl Bayer, Two Great German Athletes Who Will Compete. Champion Sprinter Jewett's Fast Work.

Two of the important athletic events scheduled for July are the opening of the Chicago Athletic Association's palatial new clubhouse and the grand quadrennial gymnastic competition of the North American Turner Bund at Milwaukee.

Grand, great and gorgeous are the only adjectives that appropriately describe this temple of sports. An idea of its vastness is gained by the statement that the gymnasium alone will hold 4,000 people.



The Turners will meet in Milwaukee on July 21, 22, 23 and 24, and as there are 50,000 male members of the bund, a large percentage of whom are athletes, it is believed that the festival will be one of the most notable gymnastic events ever held in America.

When the festival opens, Dr. Henry Braun, president of the Turner Bund, will deliver an oration, after which Mayor Somers will welcome the visiting Turners to Milwaukee.

The events will follow each other with great rapidity. Besides the class contests, in which competition in callisthenics and with apparatus is compulsory, there are contests in high jumping, broad jumping, rope climbing, shot putting, pole vaulting, high-bar jump, hop, skip and jump, raising dumbbells, and exercises on horizontal bar, parallel bars and vaulting horses.

The great spectacle of the tournament is scheduled for the second day. The 8,000 Turners will occupy the arena simultaneously and go through a drill in gymnastics. Marching and the wand drill will follow.

One of the strongest teams entered will be from the New York Turn Verein. There are 40 picked men on the team, which will be commanded by Captain Richter. The two stars of the team are Carl Bayer and Benno Klein.

Klein, who is king of the parallel bars, won the A. A. U. championship in this specialty in 1888 and 1891, but Bayer captured the event last year. In 1891, at the national turnfest at Cincinnati, Klein won first prize in the all round and field events.

L. A. Carpenter is one of the athletes New England may send to Chicago to compete in the World's fair championships. He belongs to the Suffolk Athletic Club, and although only 21 years of age he has captured 50 prizes and established a reputation as one of the best all round athletes in New England.

Irving Brokaw of Princeton is another promising young athlete. In 1891 he ran his first quarter of a mile in the fastest time for a novice of 33 seconds. On May 30, 1892, he won a quarter mile race from the 15-yards mark in 45.5 seconds, defeating Sanford of Yale by several yards.



Harry S. Jewett of the Detroit Athletic Club is still champion sprinter of the United States and Canada and will defend his title this year at the annual championships. He is 6 feet 1 inch tall and weighs 164 pounds, but despite his unusual height and weight is an extraordinary runner.

What Troubled Him. When a now famous politician who had just married a young wife was appointed to an important under secretaryship, his bride spent a week in house hunting, and finally found what seemed to be a suitable residence for an official of the state.



She—Whatever possessed you to get one of those wide brim hats?



He—So that folks can't see what goes on the other side of it.—Truth.

Trying It on Jennie. A son of the soil who was as crafty as he was free with his relatives approached the ticket office of the elevator leading to the roof of the Manufactures building the other day and said to the lady ticket seller:

"Be you sure these elevators air safe?" "Oh, perfectly," the lady ticket seller said without missing a chew of her tutti frutti.

"Well, I dunno 'bout it," he said, stepping back and looking up the web of light ironwork through which the elevators were noiselessly gliding.

"How many's been killed on these machines so far?" "Oh, they are perfectly safe, not a single accident yet."

"Well, I dunno," he doubtfully mused, with another look upward. "Do you want to try it, Jennie?" She said she did.

"What's it cost, miss?" "Round trip 25 cents."

"Looks to me like a perpendicular trip," he chuckled. But the ticket seller only frowned and impatiently tapped the desk with a package of tickets.

"Other people waiting behind you, sir," she said, as the man hesitated. "Is it 25 cents for one?" "Yes."

"Well, Jennie, perhaps you'd better go, and if you like it you come back and tell me, and I'll go."

Jennie went, while her weak, undecided husband stood with open mouth and staring eyes and watched the elevator wait for the dizzy heights above.—Chicago Tribune.

He Weakened. Topnoddy made up his mind that he was not going to be trampled on any longer by his wife, so when he went home at noon he called out imperiously: "Mrs. Topnoddy! Mrs. Topnoddy!"

Mrs. Topnoddy came out of the kitchen with a drop of perspiration on her nose, her sleeves turned up, a dishrag in one hand and a rolling pin in the other.

"Well, sir," she said, "what'll ye 'ave?" Topnoddy staggered, but braced up.

"Mrs. Topnoddy, I want you to understand, madam," and he tapped his breast dramatically, "I am the engineer of this establishment!"

"Oh, you are, are yer? Well, Mr. Topnoddy, I want you to understand that I," and she looked dangerous, "I am the biler that'll blow up and fling the engineer over into the next garden. Do yer 'ear the steam escaping, Topnoddy?"

"Yes," said Topnoddy meekly. And then he inquired if there was any assistance he could render in the housework.—New York Mercury.

A Growing Habit. She (on the train)—When we were on our wedding tour three months ago, you sat by my side during the whole journey, but now the moment we are seated you want to rush off to the smoking car.

He—Well—er—the smoking habit grows as one grows older.—New York Weekly.

Infant Terrible. Little Annie—Please tell me, mamma, why you have bought a rubber ring for the baby?

Other—So that he may get teeth. Little Annie—Oh, if that's the case I think you ought to give our old Aunt Mary a ring also.—Schalk.

How He Knew. Blind Beggar (to old lady)—You aren't the kind to pass a poor blind fellow on the street and not give him nothin'.

Old Lady—How do you know? Blind Beggar—I can tell by lookin' in your sweet, pretty face, ma'am.—Harper's Bazar.

A Doubting Thomas. Mrs. Meadow—The paper says it'll rain tomorrow. Farmer Meadow—It does, eh? Well, I hain't much faith in these newspaper predictions. What does the almanac say?—Life.

TWO PLUCKY YANKEE GIRLS.

They Are Making a Wheeling Tour of the British Isles.

The American girl is usually as plucky as she is pretty, and although she will occasionally shun the society of a cow or a mouse her nerve never fails her when undertakings that require genuine pluck are before her.



MISS CARRIE L. HODGSON. Both girls are newspaper women, and they will visit such pen inspiring places as Stratford-upon-Avon, Windsor, Eton, Oxford and Cambridge.

Every woman will be interested to know about a certain bundle the young women carry strapped to their bicycles. The bundle contains two cambric wrappers that are to do the double duty of serving as nightgowns and day wrappers, as occasion demands, one silk union undergarment, one silk waist and one small box containing toilet articles.

The costumes, which are models of neatness and convenience, are made after the following styles: A full round waist buttons on the skirt, which is cut walking length and arranged with hooks and eyes to be caught up to a convenient length for riding.

Three large pockets are hidden in the fullness of the skirt, and a fancy one for the notebook and pencil adorns the front of the skirt. A wide belt and jaunty Eton jacket fancifully trimmed with braid complete the costume.

In place of the usual petticoats Turkish trousers are worn. They are extremely full, are gathered to a ruffle below the knee, and, as the young women declare with a good deal of pride, contain "just as many pockets as a man's." The trousers button to a black silk underwaist.

The New Sport, Lassoing. The great American public is always thirsting after new games that have about them the elements that lead to popularity.

One of the latest inventions is called lassoing, and, as its name implies, it is a product of the land of the cowboy. The principal feature of the game is the skill shown by the contestants in throwing the lassos they are supplied with.

A court resembling that used by tennis players is marked out on the lawn, and at different points within the court are set up targets that resemble chess pieces and bear the same names. These targets are mounted on springs and vibrate in an elusive manner.

Four persons usually play the game, but more may enter if they so desire. Each player attacks the target, or knight, opposite himself, and having lassoed that proceeds to attack the central target, or queen, the side lassoing the most knights at the fall of the queen winning.

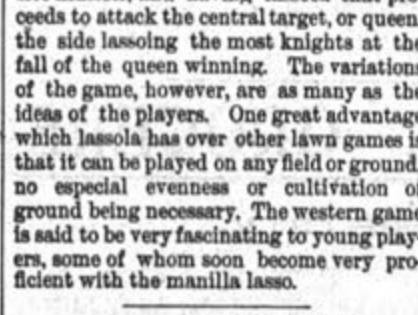
The variations of the game, however, are as many as the ideas of the players. One great advantage which lassoing has over other lawn games is that it can be played on any field or ground, no special evenness or cultivation of ground being necessary.

The western game is said to be very fascinating to young players, some of whom soon become very proficient with the manilla lasso.

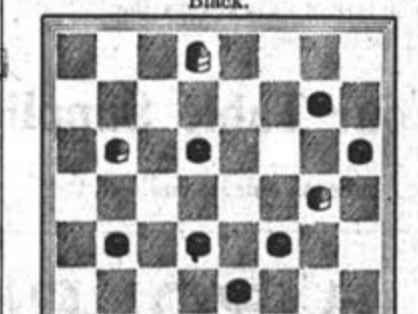


PLAYING LASSOLA.

Checker Problem No. 224.—By G. W. Hanson. Black.



White to move and win. Chess Problem No. 224.—By G. H. Thornton. Black, 8 pieces.



White, 7 pieces. White to play and mate in three moves. SOLUTIONS.

Checker Problem No. 223. White. 1. Kt to K5. 2. Kt to Kt5. 3. Kt to B7 ch. 4. P to R7 ch. 5. P to R8(Q) ch. 6. Q to Q8 ch. 7. Q to Q6 mate.

Black. 1. B to B7. 2. P to B8. 3. K to Kt1. 4. K to B1. 5. K to K2. 6. K to K3.

Checker Problem No. 222. White. 1. Kt to K4. 2. P to B7. 3. Kt to B7 ch. 4. K to B1. 5. K to K2. 6. K to K3.

Black. 1. P to B8. 2. P to B7. 3. K to Kt1. 4. K to B1. 5. K to K2. 6. K to K3.

We carry a larger stock of fine dress goods and dry goods than any other two dry goods houses of Escanaba. Here you find the largest and best selected stock, purchased by competent buyers, who have been long in business here and know the wants of the public.

Soap.

An Indian Outbreak

is a dreadful thing—undoubtedly caused by the irritating effects of dirt.

Outbreaks, and crime generally, are never possible among people who are addicted to the use of

KIRK'S AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP

The great soother of angry passions—the promoter of health and good-feeling. Cleans everything—injures nothing—don't be afraid to use KIRK'S Soap on the most delicate fabrics.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

Dusky Diamond Tar Soap A Superb Complexion Soap.

Professional Cards.

F. A. BANKS, D. D. S. DENTAL OFFICE, 501 Wells Avenue, Escanaba, Mich. Office hours 9 to 4. Established 1877.

DR. D. H. ROWELLS, DENTIST. Graduate of Chicago College of Dental Surgery. Office over Finnegan's Drug Store. Attention given to Crown and Bridge work.

REYNOLDS & COTTON, PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, Homeopaths. Diseases of women and children a specialty. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m., Masonic block, Escanaba.

THE EMERGENCY HOSPITAL. For the treatment of all kinds of SURGICAL DISEASES. Corner Wells and Campbell Street. Escanaba, Michigan.

W. W. WALKER, M. D., Proprietor and Surgeon in charge. O. E. YOUNGQUIST, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office and Residence, corner Ludington and Mary Streets, second floor.

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4, 7 to 8 p. m. F. I. PHILLIPS, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

C. L. SCHMIDT, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. 1012 Ludington Street.

JOHN POWER, Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office in Masonic block, Ludington St. Will practice in all courts, state or federal. Collections payment of taxes, etc., promptly attended to.

CHAS. E. MASON, COUNSELLOR AT LAW. GLADSTONE, MICHIGAN. EMIL GLASER, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Prepares documents in either the English or German language, takes risks for responsible Life, Fire or Accident Insurance companies. Sells tickets from any part of Western Europe to any part of the U. S. Buys and sells real estate and loans money on real estate security. Office Tilden avenue, Escanaba.

DR. C. J. BROOKS, Physician, Surgeon, Pharmacist. RAPID RIVER, DELTA CO., MICH.

FRED. F. HARRIS, CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER. Work of all kinds promptly executed. Plans and specifications for buildings of all kinds. Office at residence on Ogden avenue. ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

JOHN G. ZANE, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Dealer in City Property, Farming and Timber Lands. Township Diagrams, City Plate and General Map Work promptly executed. Office second story House's building, 97 Ludington St. ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

Medicinal.

Advertisement for Ripans Tablets, a medicinal product for stomach, liver and bowels.

Advertisement for Pate and Garfio Cures, medicinal products.

Cigars. Cards and Spades

We can give all competitors the best in the pack and beat them with our

Ben-Hur

RECORD - BREAKERS - The Great 5c Cigar. Millions Sold Annually. MADE ON HONOR. SOLD ON MERIT. Moebis & Co., Man'frs, Detroit.

To Our Patrons:

On May 1st, 1893, we will inaugurate the cash system, selling goods for CASH ONLY, and propose to give our customers lower prices, the new system meaning ready sales and small profits. Our line of Groceries and Provisions, Crockery and Glassware will never more complete than at present, it includes everything usually kept in a first-class grocery store, all new, fresh, crisp and sparkling.

THANKING YOU FOR PAST FAVORS, and hoping for a continuance of the same, we beg to remain. YOUR OBEDIENT SERVANTS, P. M. PETERSON & CO.

Carriages

Carriage Repository

Has just completed and largely stocked a carriage repository at No. 711 Ludington street, where may be found everything desirable in the line of

Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sulkies, Road Wagons, Carts, etc.,

At the lowest prices. The stock is from the leading manufacturers of this country and includes vehicles of all grades. If you contemplate buying do not fail to see this stock, which eclipses anything ever before shown in Escanaba.

GEO. W. KAUFMANN.

Which Would You Rather Do or Go Fishing?

Why, fishing of course! Very well. But be sure you are supplied with fishing tackle of the very best kind, such as may be had at

Mead's Drug Store

A large line of these goods just received and all who enjoy piscatorial amusements are in the luck. Have feet. Clothes Steam Cleaned, Repaired. All orders given prompt attention and are guaranteed. Escanaba, Mich. 807 Ludington St., Escanaba, Mich.

# Great 1-4 Off Cash Sale!

OF ALL

## Spring and Summer Dress Goods!

ALL OUR NOVELTIES.

Fancy Hopsacks, All-Wool Serges, Henriettas, Swivels, Whipcords, Pointelle and Changeant Go at 1-4 Off.

## A POINTER TO ALL.

We carry a stocks of goods surpassed by no dry goods concern north of Milwaukee, and equaled by none in this city, and we always do as we advertise; we do not write flowery ads. to get you into our store, but give you the plain unembellished facts. See the point?

**ED. ERICKSON.**

### NEWS OF THE WEEK

#### GLEANINGS FROM ALL QUARTERS OF THIS GLOBULAR WAD.

The Most readable News of the Week Briefly Chronicled.—The Countries Across the Big Pond Contribute Their Share.

Over could not join Tammany in celebrating the 4th, but wrote that "This is a day which all true Americans ought to celebrate as often as it occurs." Is he, then, no "true American," or did he shirk a duty?

The King of Greece abdicated his throne on the fourth and the republic of Greece was born on that day. George was not much of a King, anyhow, though said to be a very estimable gentleman.

The great pacer Saladin did a mile over a kite track at Kirkwood, Delaware, on the 5th, in 2.05%, and Ayers P., with a running mate, trotted a mile over the same track on the same day in 2.03%.

Yale beat Harvard in the annual eight-oar race on the Thames on Friday of last week. It was a great race though not a fast one. Yale did the four miles in 25:01% and Harvard's time was 25:15.

At Kokomo, Indiana, a mob proposed to tar and feather a newspaper man named Garrigus, but he got in his work, with a six-shooter, first and the mob quit. One man wounded.

A convention of the American Bimetallic league is called. The repeal of the "Sherman law" is to be resisted, strenuously, unless a substitute satisfactory to the league goes with it.

The Chicago postoffice building is condemned by the city authorities as unsafe and the United States is warned that another catastrophe like that of Ford's theater is impending.

The state military board backs down; the trip of the militia to Chicago is abandoned and the boys will play soldier at Island Lake for a week—commencing August 10—as usual.

Charles Ford was caught robbing the mail bags at Port Huron last Saturday. He had been out for the last several, and 289 money bags, four for Franciscan, rested.

Free to Home Seekers. The Northwestern Home Seeker is the name of a newspaper just issued, giving valuable information regarding the agricultural, mineral and other resources of North Dakota.

The new state is entering a wonderful era, and any man looking for a

Corbett and Mitchell have agreed to fight at Roby, near Chicago, in December next. The club hangs up a purse of \$45,000 for them.

Cicero Harrison, a cousin of the president, is missing. He had \$100,000 in money and convertible securities upon his person.

The State armorer, showing the Gatling gun to some visitors, fired a shot. Nobody hurt. He did not know it was loaded.

The public debt was reduced \$1,216,258 during the month of June and the cash in the treasury increased nearly a million.

Two men were killed and three wounded by an explosion of gun cotton in the naval torpedo station at Newport on the 3d.

Harvard evened things up a little by beating Yale at base ball on the 1st. The score was 4 to 3 in favor of Harvard. Indianapolis is on the verge of bankruptcy; her city bonds are due and she can neither pay nor renew them.

The Santa Fe railway cuts down the hours of labor and discharges men to reduce expenses twenty per cent.

Three big iron concerns at Muncie, Ind., closed down on the 30th, throwing 1,200 men out of employment.

The collector at Portland, Oregon, has been summarily bounced for winking at the importation of Chinese.

Michigan will receive \$12,202 from the government for the expenses of her militia during the next fiscal year.

The Madison Car Co., a St. Louis concern, has gone up. Two thousand men are idle in consequence.

The World's fair is infested with pickpockets and the police do not seem to be "on to them."

Two firemen were killed and two others wounded by the bursting of a cannon at Ann Arbor.

Gen. Alex McCook has been assigned to the command of the new department of Colorado.

Everybody at Honolulu is getting ready for a fight and one may occur at any time.

Hail destroyed crops and broke windows at and near Reading, Pa., on the 5th.

Rose Coghlan has married that big brute, Sullivan, and can repent at leisure. Mrs. Stafford hosted "the Paul Jones flag" at the White City on the 4th.

The Reading railroad company is again in default—can't pay interest.

An English-coal mine blew up on the 5th and 150 lives were lost.

The superintendent of the census has resigned.

Vanderbilts have got control of the court.

The court of appeals has decided in favor of the House.

### WE CONGRATULATE OURSELVES

and our patrons at the same time, upon our complete stock of groceries, both Fancy and Staple. With such goods as these we have a walk-over in the race for public favor, and are certain of election as the

### GENERAL GROCERS

OF THIS CITY.

It is as sure as day-light, that we have the call, and also the groceries which you require. The quality as high as prices in war times. The variety is as endless as a tread mill. Our prices as cheap as a politician's promises. We take the palm in every point of view, and whatever you buy of us is always the best, as well as the cheapest.

### If We Provide Your Table Supplies

Your fare will be enough to make an epicure smile all the year around.

**A. H. ROLPH**

509 Ludington St.

### Fresh Staple and Fancy Groceries

Which I wish to see, in the move and my prices will do it.

Cor. Hale and Georgia Sts.

**E. M. ST. JACQUES.**

### JAS. DRUSH & CO.,

Wholesalers and Retailers in

Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Brick, Tile, Etc.

Duquesne St., Near the Engine House.

ESCANABA, MICH.

### KEELEY INSTITUTE

of Menominee, Michigan, for the cure of the Lignin, Opium, Morphine, Cocaine and Tobacco habits, and Neurasthenia, by the use of Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Double Chloride of Gold Remedies, will be opened April 11, 1893. The only institute using Dr. Keeley's remedies in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan, and operating under special contract with the Leslie E. Keeley Co., of Dwight, Ill. For further information address **THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, MENOMINEE, MICH.** All correspondence confidential.

### Esplanade Oyster House and Family Resort Restaurant

to fit tractor, claimer, and other machinery. Rooms, with or without board, at reasonable rates. Sample Room connected.

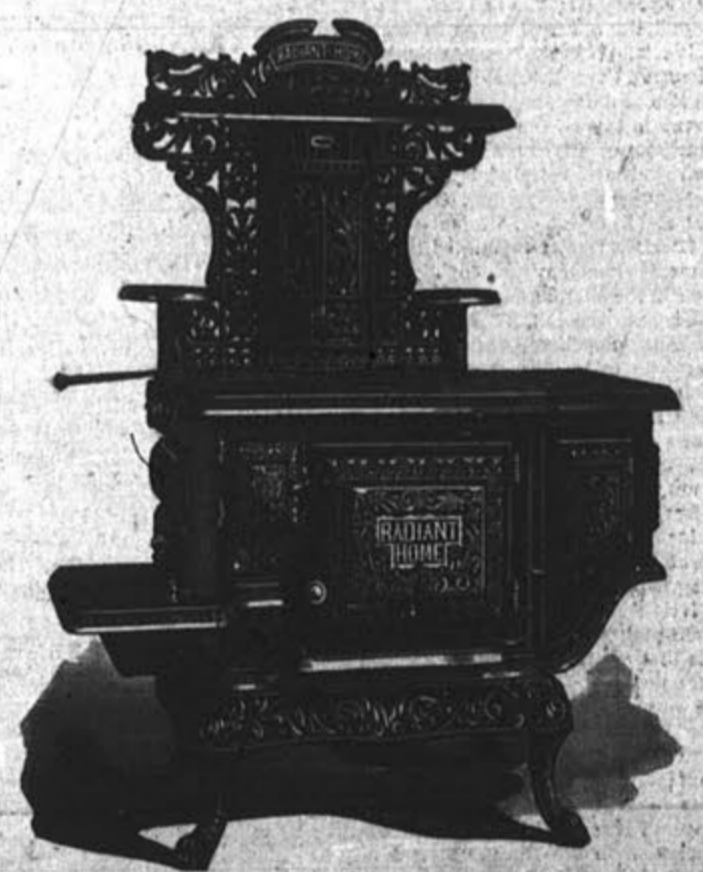
J. B. DUFORT,

Proprietor.

### E. OLSON & CO.,

Have the exclusive sale of RADIANT HOME stoves and ranges, and invite you to call and see them and get prices.

OLD AND TIME-TESTED.



THEY ARE THE VERY BEST.

We also have a Complete line of REFRIGERATORS Ice Cream Freezers, Screen Doors, Etc.

Yours for business,

**E. OLSON & CO.**

Cor. Ludington and Mary Streets.

### An Order for Jepson's Soft Drinks

Whether it is large enough to deliver in a wheelbarrow or not prompt attention, and the goods are guaranteed the best.

Mountain Beer, Ginger Ale, Birch Beer, Cream Beer, Orange Cider,



Sarsaparilla and Iron, Lemon Soda, Cherry Juice, Strawberry.

I am now making a delicious drink, Sweet Apple Cider, from pure Ohio apple juice. Best drink of the kind on the market to-day.

# RATHFON BROTHERS

## 1-4 OFF SALE FOR 30 DAYS.

### Per Cent. Discount Sale Still On.

1-4 off from Good Marked in Plain Figures, and Sold Strictly at One-Price! which is far better than 1-3 off from a handful of stuff bought on six months time at 20 per cent. above goods bought in quantities for cash.

## ◎ A ◎ \$15,000 ◎ STOCK! ◎

In eleven years' business this is our first cut sale. Bear in mind this fact: Rathfon Brothers never advertise anything but what they fulfill. You will find us doing business on the inside of the store, not on the walk.

### ... One-Quarter Off Means One-Quarter Off. ...

Bargain Seekers Should Investigate.

# RATHFON BROTHERS.



### UNTOLD SUFFERING AND MISERY RELIEVED AND CURED. THE MESSENGER OF HEALTH HEARTILY ENDORSED.

#### A STATEMENT UNDER OATH.

MONROE PLAMBERT, Mich., August 15, 1892. THE OWEN ELECTRIC BELT AND APPLIANCE CO. Dear Sirs:—I now am able to say, after having purchased one of your No. 4 Electric Belts with Spinal Appliance about one year ago, that I thank God I have found relief from my terrible suffering through the wonderful healing influence of your wonderful Body Belt. August 29, 1891, at which time I was a great sufferer, and had been for more than four years, from extreme nervous prostration, so much so that, on the least excitement, my whole nervous system would be all of a tremble from head to foot, and unable to control myself in the least, and would affect me to tears like a little child. I am a farmer by profession; in the fields, or at work on the farm, or at any excitement, it had the same effect. I could not lift the weight of five pounds. It so continued with increased suffering, until I was unable to help myself, and for eight long months my suffering was intense. My stomach was so weak that I could not take any food but crackers and warm water for the above time. My kidneys were so weak that I could not retain my urine, it would pass from me continually, and I was under the necessity of leaving my couch from six to eight times of a night to void my urine, which was very painful. I was also troubled with severe constipation and piles, so that I was obliged to use injections to produce evacuations of the bowels. It was very distressing, so much so that I had to be lifted in and out of my bed for several months. The doctors could do me no good whatever, and I had made up my mind that there was no help for me this side of the grave. My limbs would become numb and cold, seemingly as ice, and I would try with hot bricks, rubbing and all other methods to restore the circulation and natural feeling, but all to no effect, and then it would pass off. Then again another attack would occur which would leave me helpless, and so continued periodically, and I could get no relief. The doctors told me that I must not do any work, and that it would be three years at least before I would be able to work. I agreed with them, for I could not, nor did I ever expect to again. The whole world seemed to me a blank, and my vital forces all had left me, and my life was fast sliding away from me through the loss of my life fluids, which doctors were unable even to check. I had given up all hope of ever getting help, and death in all its horrid forms was near in the face, from which there seemed to be no avenue of escape from this living horror, of which no living person is able to know or feel, except his sufferings be as mine has been. In this state of suffering and agony I continued until about one year ago now I met a friend who, on seeing my helpless condition, advised me to try one of the Owen Electric Belts. For several



#### SELECTIONS

#### NEW YORK AND ENVIRONMENTS.

The Population Within a Radius of Twenty-five Miles From the City Hall. Mr. John Murtagh of Chicago refers to The Sun an inquiry as to the population of the metropolitan district—that is to say, the territory within a radius of 25 miles from the Battery. He asks if there are not 4,000,000 people in this region.

Probably, almost certainly. The central point of the metropolitan district is by convention and common usage the City Hall, not the Battery. Within a sweep of 25 miles from the City Hall there were in 1890, according to the defective enumeration of Mr. Porter's census, the following populations within the limits of New York state:

New York city	1,515,901
Brooklyn	808,343
Rest of Kings county	22,304
Long Island City	30,300
Newtown town	17,549
Jamaica town	14,441
Freshing town	13,523
Hempstead town	22,736
North Hempstead town	6,134
Yonkers	22,023
New Rochelle town	9,057
Eastchester town	15,442
Pelham town	8,941
Westchester town	10,029
Mamaroneck town	2,385
Richmond county (Staten Island)	51,000
Total	2,922,617

And within the same radius on the New Jersey side of the Hudson river:

Jersey City	108,028
Hoboken city	42,046
Bayonne city	19,223
Rest of Hudson county	49,442
Newark city	151,830
Orange city	18,844
Rest of Essex county	52,424
Elizabeth city	37,764
Plainfield city	11,207
Rahway city	7,106
Rest of Union county	18,321
Bergen county within radius	44,223
Palisades city	23,947
Passaic city	23,023
Rest of Passaic county within radius	9,762
Morristown city	11,421
Rest of Morris county within radius	11,421
Somerset county within radius	4,300
New Brunswick city	18,000
Rest of Middlesex within radius	10,980
New Jersey within radius	279,790
Total	3,202,407

The New Jersey side of the Hudson river: Jersey City 108,028; Hoboken city 42,046; Bayonne city 19,223; Rest of Hudson county 49,442; Newark city 151,830; Orange city 18,844; Rest of Essex county 52,424; Elizabeth city 37,764; Plainfield city 11,207; Rahway city 7,106; Rest of Union county 18,321; Bergen county within radius 44,223; Palisades city 23,947; Passaic city 23,023; Rest of Passaic county within radius 9,762; Morristown city 11,421; Rest of Morris county within radius 11,421; Somerset county within radius 4,300; New Brunswick city 18,000; Rest of Middlesex within radius 10,980; New Jersey within radius 279,790; Total 3,202,407. The New Jersey side of the Hudson river: Jersey City 108,028; Hoboken city 42,046; Bayonne city 19,223; Rest of Hudson county 49,442; Newark city 151,830; Orange city 18,844; Rest of Essex county 52,424; Elizabeth city 37,764; Plainfield city 11,207; Rahway city 7,106; Rest of Union county 18,321; Bergen county within radius 44,223; Palisades city 23,947; Passaic city 23,023; Rest of Passaic county within radius 9,762; Morristown city 11,421; Rest of Morris county within radius 11,421; Somerset county within radius 4,300; New Brunswick city 18,000; Rest of Middlesex within radius 10,980; New Jersey within radius 279,790; Total 3,202,407.

ent upon this metropolis population increase at a phenomenal rate. Between 1880 and 1890 the growth in Essex county was about 35 per cent. In Hudson about 36 per cent, in Passaic more than 54 per cent. It is a moderate assumption to estimate the growth in the New Jersey section of the metropolitan district at 10 per cent during the three years. If we suppose that the growth in the New York section since the state census of 1893 has been only 14 per cent, the grand total is: Figures as above 3,923,678; Gain in New Jersey since 1890 81,000; Gain in New York since 1892 45,831; Grand total 3,992,607. Mr. Murtagh is perfectly safe in assuring his Chicago friends that 4,000,000 people now live in the metropolitan district within a radius of 25 miles of the New York city hall.—New York Sun.

War and the World's Fair. As the first great world's fair held in London in 1851 was shortly afterward followed by the Crimean war, so some of its successors have had more or less great wars closely on their heels. If the world's fairs did not bring on those wars, they certainly did not prevent them. But our Columbian celebration presented one spectacle which is probably without precedent and should be of good augury. Many of those who witnessed the great parade of sailors and marines on the streets of New York on April 27 may not have been mindful of the fact that they saw something that perhaps has never happened within the memory of the present generation and would not be possible anywhere else in the world—soldiers and sailors of 10 different nations with arms in their hands united in one festive array—Englishmen, Russians, Germans and Frenchmen belonging to the armed forces of rival powers that may, as is thought, at any moment come to blows among themselves—peaceably marching with muskets on their shoulders and swords at their sides behind one another in one column. It was a spectacle emblematic of the position of this great American republic among the nations of the earth—the great peace power of the world embracing in its hospitality the great war powers of the world for a celebration of human progress and mutual good will.—Harper's Weekly.

Zola's New Religion. The Paris students ought to consider themselves singularly honored in having received direct from M. Zola his revelation of the new religion—the "religion" of work. Nothing brings happiness, not even science and the progressive familiarity with the truths of nature. The philosophy of life consists in work, continual work, which makes men good because it does not give them time to do mischief or to allow their minds to dwell upon the illusions and chimeras of the poets. M. Zola points to himself as an example of a man who has followed the religion of work steadfastly and has found his consolation in it.—St. Louis Gazette.

Merchant Tailors. Ephraim & Morrell, MERCHANT TAILORS.

Latest Styles Largest Variety IN THE CITY.

DO NOT KNOW THAT D. A. Brotherton is selling goods at Rock Bottom prices for CASH? His stock consists of Groceries, Provisions, Choice Butter, Fresh Eggs, NOTIONS, ETC.

YOUR ATTENTION! DO NOT KNOW THAT D. A. Brotherton is selling goods at Rock Bottom prices for CASH? His stock consists of Groceries, Provisions, Choice Butter, Fresh Eggs, NOTIONS, ETC.

Flour and Feed. C. MALONEY & CO. DEALERS IN FLOUR.

Feed, Hay & Grain. The best of each in any desired quantity, delivered at any point in the city at PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Ticket Office. Railway and Steamship CITY TICKET OFFICE. 614 Ludington St. S. H. TALBOT, GENERAL AGENT.

"SOO" LINE. Low Rates, Quick Time and Good Service via "Soo" R'y and connections. Thirty-six hours to Boston or New York. Buy your Tickets at 614 Ludington St.

L. ROSENTHAL, TAILOR. The Cheapest Place in Town to Have Your Clothes Steam Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired. All orders given prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed. 807 Ludington St., Escanaba, Mich.

Persons making inquiries from the writers of testimonials will please inclose self-addressed, stamped envelope, to insure a prompt reply. OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Contains fullest information, list of diseases, cut of Belts and Appliances, prices, sworn testimonials and portraits of people who have been cured, etc. Published in English, German, French and Norwegian languages. This valuable catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of six cents postage. The Owen Electric Belt and Appliance Co. Escanaba of the Soo. A dispatch from Lansing says that Escanaba and Sault Ste. Marie are the only localities which have filed a proposition with the board, and Secretary Storvick announced that all propositions must be filed with him by Aug. 1st. It refers to

THE IRON PORT

THE IRON PORT CO., PUBLISHERS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: One Year, by Carrier or Mail, \$2 00 Six Months, " " " 1 00 PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Subscribers to The Iron Port will confer a favor on the publishers if they will notify them of any irregularity in delivery by mail or otherwise.

PLACES OF SALE: The Iron Port may be found on sale at the following places after 1 o'clock, each Saturday afternoon: Sourwine & Hartwell's, Wm. Godley & Co. and on the street Sunday morning. Price, 5 cents.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS: All advertisements or notices for publication must be in this office not later than Friday noon to insure insertion the same week. Advertising rates made known on application.

OFFICE, NO. 803 LUDINGTON STREET.

Editor Marine Review: Why can we not keep our lake channels open for navigation throughout the winter, as well as the railways keep open their thousands of miles of track? This is a question that does not seem to receive the attention that it demands. Expenses attending the laying up and fitting out of vessels would go a great way towards the cost of keeping channels open. Wooden boats could not engage in this winter service, but the big iron boats would probably be at little disadvantage on account of ice forming about them, as this could be prevented by heating their water ballast with steam. Channels through 300 miles of connecting waters could be kept open by ice breaking boats fitted to carry and care for a large force of men, and located at such points as the St. Clair river, Straits of Mackinac and St. Mary's river. This cost would be light as compared with the cost of keeping open 1,000 miles of railway, for which fully 1,000 men are required. Even five boats of 100,000 bushels capacity each, would be equal to seventy-five trains of ten cars each. Then, too, there would be the advantage of increased rates of freight during the winter months. I am a Canadian, but I admire your system of steam-boasting on the lakes. Is not this subject worthy of attention from some of your ship owners?

It does not require a large acquaintance with the conditions to give the correspondent of the Review his answer. It is because, in addition to the ice-breakers for "the St. Clair river, the Straits of Mackinac and the St. Mary's river," there would be required others at every shipping and receiving port; at this port, for instance, one to keep open a channel from the ore docks to Poverty passage, at Ashland another with an equal task, at Two Harbors another, at Duluth another, and in Lake Erie we don't stop to count how many. Besides all that is the difficulty of handling frozen ore, in itself a bar to the successful handling of such freight during the winter. As to the grain trade that difficulty would not exist but the grain trade alone would hardly pay for the work called for by the Canadian, not to take into consideration that which he seems to have overlooked. We shall continue to do our work between April and December, as heretofore, and in the seven months intervening there is plenty of time to do it all. Another point on which the Canadian is "off," is his assumption that "wooden boats could not" do the work of winter transportation—nothing else is fit; iron or steel vessels are not fit to "fight ice."

In the July number of the Review the dominant questions of the hour are discussed, as usual, in the most authoritative manner. The opening article is by Professor Briggs and is entitled "The Future of Presbyterianism in the United States." The question "Should the Chinese Be Excluded?" is considered from two different points of view, first by Col. R. G. Ingersoll, who replies in the negative, and, secondly, by Congressman Geary, the author of the Chinese Exclusion Law, who answers in the affirmative. In "How Distrust Stops Trade" Edward Atkinson points out the baleful effects of the free coinage of silver. The ex-Director of the Mint, Hon. Edward O. Leach, contributes a valuable paper on "Silver Legislation and its Results." Judge Tourgee discusses "The Anti-Trust Campaign," the Countess of Aberdeen writes on "Ireland at the World's Fair," and Prof. H. H. Boyesen sets forth the causes of "Norway's Political Crisis." The recent launch of the "Pilgrim" furnishes occasion for an interesting article on "International Yachting in 1893" by her designer, George A. Stewart; while the paper entitled "The Fastest Train in the World" by Col. H. G. Prout, the editor of the Railroad Gazette, is especially timely in view of the establishment of a new twenty-hour service between New York and Chicago. A paper possessing a unique interest on "The Family of Columbus" is contributed by the Duke of Veragua. The article entitled "Divorce Made Easy," by Professor Brun, of Palo Alto University, is in the nature of a reply to M. Naquet's article on "Divorce, from a French Point of View," which appeared in the December number of The Review. Under the caption of "Natural History of the Hiss" Dr. Louis Robinson writes instructively and entertainingly on serpent lore. The Marquis de San Carlos discusses "French Girlhood," and the Hon. Stuart Macklin furnishes an interesting selection from "The American Correspondence" of his illustrious ancestor Lord Erskine. The Notes and Comments include an "Unpublished Speech of Abraham Lincoln," with an introduction by Representative Hitt. Other topics discussed are "Australian Women," by Julia F. Nicholson, and "The Weakness of Mr. Davis's Strength," by T. C. De Leon.

Not to reward as munificently as it can the men who saved the union, but to do as little for them as it can, "and hold its job," is the policy of the democratic party. It regards the sums paid to pensioners as expended not in paying just debts but in charity. As the American Manufacturer goes to press the situation in regard to the wage scales in the iron and steel mills for the coming year remains about as it was last week. Since our last issue almost every day has seen a conference of some kind between the manufacturers and the workmen. The only change in the general situation was the settlement made this week between the wire-drawers and their employers. This settlement was made on the basis of 6 per cent. reduction in present rates which was a compromise measure. Even at this reduction, the comparatively few wire establishments which recognize the Amalgamated Association will be paying rates largely in excess of those mills outside of union control. The numerous conferences between the manufacturers and the Amalgamated Association committee on the general iron scale were continued during the past week, but at this time no conclusion has yet been reached. It is admitted, however, that both sides are making every effort to prevent trouble, and while nothing official is given out from the conferences there seems to be fairly good grounds for the hope that a struggle will be evaded. A strike at this time is desired by no one, and certainly the iron and steel workers should be loth to begin a contest. The present status of their organization shows plainly enough the effect of unsuccessful strikes, and while a shut down just now would be more or less of an injury to some firms, it would in all probability be disastrous to the Amalgamated Association. Colonel Watterson, "retired from politics" in disgust, gives his opinion of Cleveland: A man as incapable of receiving impression as of returning warmth, and sensible of criticism only to the point of resenting it, the president sits in the white house like a wooden image made to be worshipped, not to be loved. To the weaker members of his cabinet he has imparted his dull self-sufficiency and cold stolidity. The most servile as well as the sincerest form of flattery is limitation, and the beggars on horseback whom Mr. Cleveland, seeking to discover a new political planet and to peoplet with creatures of his own, brought into being and mounted, have caught the trick of their chief, and are equally industrious and successful in neglecting great for little things and in seeing nothing clearly except the regulations of the civil service. They, too, take more joy in one republican who has repented and turned mugwump than in ninety and nine democrats who have never gone astray. A near and old friend of his said to me not long ago: "Of all the arid natures I ever encountered he is the most arid. He sympathizes with nobody, makes common cause with nobody, and in the most serious affairs trusts wholly and solely to fortune or caprice."

Mr. Bland will make the best fight he can in the house and Jones and his allies in the senate will stand to their colors when the question of repealing the "Sherman law" comes up, but the press, all over the country, gives up hope of "free silver." The Detroit News, heretofore in full accord with them, now says: "It is almost safe to say that the battle for the silver standard and the bi-metallic standard is definitively lost. The debtor class is whipped all over the world, and may as well give up the contest and make the best of the new situation. Those who cannot pay what they owe on a full gold basis will have to go through bankruptcy by the regular processes, instead of having their obligations scaled down by the free coinage of silver." Stand from under. A Colorado smelter thus announces the result of the proposed repeal of the so-called "Sherman law." "Inside of sixty days 150,000 men will be out of employment. Five hundred thousand people will be entering the verge of starvation. We will repudiate all our bonds and obligations due in the east, as we have no money to pay even the interest. It will bring about a new declaration of independence and the establishment of a western empire." Now Grover knows what is before him. All the same, the white dollar must be made of the same intrinsic value as the yellow one if it is to circulate with it—there is but that and withdrawal to choose between.

The law students of the University of Michigan hardly knew which to do, laugh and cheer, or throw things at Charles Dudley Warner when he addressed the graduates there last week. He was speaking of Washington Irving and said: "When Irving took up law, it was against the wishes of his father, who doubted the honesty of the profession, but he need have had no fear, because he did not learn enough of it to change the bent of his mind or practice it enough to be contaminated." On the whole, the laugh went, but it was a trifle hollow. Mr. Cleveland has no "sure thing" as to the action of congress. Prompt action can not be expected for the reason that the senate has some work to do to determine who are and who are not senators before it can attack the question of finance, and when the question is reached its position is not certain. The free-silver men are getting their second wind, after the "body blow" from India, and will make a stubborn, if not a successful fight. It is pretty clear that Admiral Tryon "tried to be too smart" (to use a Yankeeism) and lost himself and his life by doing so.

Here's a name to be "writ large" Mobley of Alabama. He was offered a two-thousand-dollar place at Washington and refused. To his congressman he explained: He had lived to be more than forty years old without having ever been bossed by anyone and he did not care to become subject to orders at his time of life. He was making more than \$2,000 a year at home and enjoyed living there among his old friends and neighbors. Aside from all this he had been elected president of the Greene County Fishing Club and the season was at hand when the duties of the position demanded his attention. That man is no democrat, or the breed in Alabama differs widely from the Michigan sort. "I think we have reached a crisis, and that the party in power will be judged by the wisdom they show in giving the nation a sound currency." So says secretary Herbert. Apply the test to the republican party first. The country never had a safe currency until that party gave it one.

It would appear too plain to need argument that the silver dollar, if it is to continue to circulate, should be of equal, intrinsic value with the gold dollar, and that if made of such intrinsic value it would be as safe a basis as the dollar of gold for a paper currency. Why not, then, make them so? and why not coin the two metals on the same terms? The "jag cure" of Keeley is a good thing for men who want to be cured and having taken it want to stay cured, but it is of no sort of use in the cases of those who take it under compulsion. The law passed by the last legislature is therefore of no use. Republican papers speed say nothing about Gov. Altgeld's pardon of the anarchists; it is sufficient if they say amen to the papers of his own party. There was a reason for the 17,000 words of Gov. Altgeld's pardon of the anarchists; he had been lying about the matter. The Kaiser's appeal to the people was a success; the new reichstag will pass his army bill.

Notice. The semi-annual interest on the bonds of the Escanaba Lighting company, maturing July 1st, 1893, will be presentation of coupons, at the National Bank. J. O. A. ASPENWALL, Treasurer.

Desert the Cent a Word. Mrs. Wallace offers for sale pure boot. Inquire at her residence. DUFORT, Proprietor.

SIR GEORGE TRYON.

Sir George Tryon, Commander in Chief of the British Naval forces in the Mediterranean Sea, who was drowned in the collision between his flagship Victoria and H. M. S. Camperdown, has long been in the service, having entered the navy when but



sixteen years of age and before steam had been applied to ships. He was born in 1832 and was a commander by 1860. In 1871 he was made private secretary to the First Lord of the Admiralty and became Permanent Secretary in 1883. He was promoted to the position of Commander in Chief of the Mediterranean forces in 1891.

On political and economic questions Col. Robert G. Ingersoll is a keen observer. He was recently asked whether he thought the new congress and the president would redeem the pledges made in the Chicago platform, and replied: "The democratic congress will find that it will be called upon to raise several hundred millions of dollars in some way, and in order to do this it cannot unduly interfere with the tariff without reducing the revenue or destroying manufactures. Consequently there will be a great deal of talk and nothing done. The duty on articles is the result of a combination covering the entire country. If Louisiana wants the protection of a sugar bounty she must help Pennsylvania about her iron, and so it goes through nearly all the states of the union.—American Economist.

And "that's about the size of it." The democrats can not "run the machine" for any less money than the republicans, nor have they any better plan for raising the cash. "Much cry and little wool" is the bourbon lay-out.

The latest proposal for the use of silver as money is this: Let Congress authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to buy all the gold and silver bullion, "the product of American mines," which shall be offered for sale on the basis of 16 to 1, and pay therefor in bimetal coin composed of one-half ounce of silver and one-thirty-second of an ounce of gold, coined into standard dollars, or in bimetal certificates redeemable in bimetal coin on presentation at the Treasury of the United States, or any of its branches, at the option of the seller. It is not new, nor do we think it feasible, the proportion of silver is too large, and the composite dollar would still have an intrinsic value less than that of gold coin.

Here's a name to be "writ large" Mobley of Alabama. He was offered a two-thousand-dollar place at Washington and refused. To his congressman he explained: He had lived to be more than forty years old without having ever been bossed by anyone and he did not care to become subject to orders at his time of life. He was making more than \$2,000 a year at home and enjoyed living there among his old friends and neighbors. Aside from all this he had been elected president of the Greene County Fishing Club and the season was at hand when the duties of the position demanded his attention. That man is no democrat, or the breed in Alabama differs widely from the Michigan sort.

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Notice to Water Consumers.

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN, June 26, 1893.—The following ordinance is now in force in this city and as it is essential that its terms should be observed for the better protection of the public against loss of property by fire it is hereby republished for the information of all concerned, with the assurance that violations of its provisions, hereafter committed will be promptly followed by prosecution of the violators under the penal provisions of the ordinance.

The city of Escanaba, Ordains:

Sec. 1. The use of water from the water mains of the Escanaba Water Works Company for lawn sprinkling or through garden or hand hose for any purpose during a fire in the city of Escanaba is strictly prohibited, and immediately upon the sounding of a fire alarm it shall be the duty of all persons to shut off all lawn sprinklers and all hose connections and keep the same closed during the existence of such fire.

Sec. 2. No person or persons or corporations shall place upon water service pipes, hot water heaters, or any fitting connected with pipes receiving supply from city water mains, any safety-valve or fixture the object and construction of which is to permit of the escape of water under fire pressure.

Sec. 3. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance, or who shall fail or neglect to comply with any of such provisions, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars, nor more than fifty dollars for each offense, or shall be imprisoned for not to exceed thirty days in the city prison of said city.

The foregoing is a true copy of ordinance number forty-one of the ordinances of the city of Escanaba.

Attest: HENRY WILKE, City Clerk. CHARLES EGMERT, City Marshal, City of Escanaba.

World's Fair Rates Via "Soo" Line.

Route 1. Going and returning all rail, \$15.45.

Route 2. Going via "Soo" Line to St. Ignace and from St. Ignace via Lake Michigan and Lake Superior transportation line of steamers, returning same route, \$15.45.

This company have just put on the route the new steel steamship "Monitor." This boat is pronounced a beauty and the most magnificent, best appointed and largest passenger steel steamship on the lakes. She has stateroom accommodations for 400 passengers. Its "Manitou" leaves St. Ignace every Thursday and Sunday.

For further particulars, and transportation, enquire of S. H. Talbot, Agent, 614 Ludington St.

Legal Notices.

First Publication July 8th, 1893. NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. In the matter of the estate of Joseph Mallman and Herman Mallman, minors.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, guardian of the estate of said Joseph Mallman and Herman Mallman, minors, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the county of Delta, on the third day of July A. D. 1893, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the county of Delta, in said state, on Monday, the twenty-eighth day of August A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of this sale) the following described real estate, situated in the county of Delta, state of Michigan; to wit: An undivided one third (1/3) interest in and to the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter (one 1/4 of 1/4) and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter (one 1/4 of 1/4) of section 29 in township forty (40) north of range nineteen (19) west.

CHARLES M. THATCHER, Guardian of said Minors.

First Publication July 8th, 1893. ORDER OF HEARING—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office in the city of Escanaba on the 31 day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety three.

Present, Hon. Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Edna C. Bonander, and Mally Larson, minors.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Peter Larson praying among other things, and for reasons therefor set forth that John Mee, the guardian of said minors, may be authorized and required to convey certain real estate in said petition described to Peter Larson, in pursuance of a certain land contract alleged to have been made by Martin Larson, deceased, in his life time, a portion of the land described in said contract having been duly assigned by the Probate Court of Delta county, Michigan, to the above named heirs, they being the heirs at law of said Martin Larson, deceased, and of Christina Larson, deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 7th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said minors, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden in the probate office, in the city of Escanaba, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in The Iron Port, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, four successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. EMIL GLASER, (A true copy.) Judge of Probate.

Headache Wafers.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, City of Milwaukee, Milwaukee, Co. 1st. MAX GESSLER proprietor and manufacturer of Cessler's Magic Headache Wafers doing business at the above place makes oath that he will pay

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$500.) for each and every case of headache of any kind that cannot be cured with

Cessler's Magic Headache Wafers: (Signed,) MAX GESSLER.

Sworn to before me this 10th day of November, 1892. JUDGE DAVID S. ROSE, Notary Public.

Beware of Imitations. Remember Cessler's Magic Headache Wafers will cure any case of Headache in 20 minutes.

Guaranteed by all Druggists to cure or money refunded. Manufactured by MAX GESSLER, Ph. C. Milwaukee.

J. N. Mead or Charlotte Street Pharmacy

Desert the Cent a Word. Mrs. Wallace offers for sale pure boot. Inquire at her residence. DUFORT, Proprietor.

The Old GRO FRANK ATKINS & CO. 402-404 Ludington Street, Escanaba.

We wish to announce to many patrons that we are prepared to give you better prices and better values than any other firm in Escanaba. All we ask of you call and see what we can do for you.

TEAS: We handle all grades, and offer special prices in five and ten pound lots. A trial will convince you that our teas are exactly as represented.

COFFEES: The market has ruled strong and shows a marked advance over last weeks. But we purchased large lots when prices ruled much lower than at present and consequently can make prices that will suit. We propose to give our patrons the benefit of our foresightedness, and will do it.

SUGARS: We do not sell below cost and make good the loss by overcharging you for some other article, but we get only a living profit, and you get 16 oz. to the pound.

SPICES: In this line we handle the best goods that money will buy and sell them at prices you generally pay for inferior grades. Every housekeeper should try them.

CANNED GOODS are to be found in great variety. Our stock is unquestionably the best in the city, taking quality into account. Having purchased a large stock of Standard canned corn and tomatoes we have special drives to offer, and invite you to get prices.

BARGAINS In every department. We have just received a large invoice of shore mess mackerel at 12 1/2 cents each. Other dealers ask 20 cents for similar quality. We offer many other goods too numerous to mention at equally low prices. . . .

People who are in the habit of sending outside for goods would prefer to leave their money at home, we know, could they do as well. Come and see us with the cash, and buy in the same quantity and we will match price and quality.

Frank H. Atkins & Co.

FRANK H. ATKINS & CO.

Crockery and China Department.

Never was our China and Crockery Department so complete as now. It will pay you to see what we have to offer before you buy an article elsewhere. We extend a cordial invitation to all to call and look over our stock. We are only too willing to show good and quote prices.

...We Make Better Prices...

Taking quality into consideration, than can be had in Chicago or Milwaukee. These are facts susceptible of the fullest demonstration. We buy direct and make our own importations, and positively sell at less profit

Frank H. Atkins & Co.

Musical Goods. Painting. Frank Parant, FREDERICK ENGDahl, PIANOS, ORGANS, and Musical Instruments. DECOON a wheelbarrow HANGER guaranteed the best. Sarsaparilla and Iron, Lemon Soda, Cherry Juice, Strawberry.

I am now making a delicious drink, Sweet Apple Cider, from pure Ohio apple juice. Best drink of the kind on the market to-day.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

CONCERNING THE MOVEMENTS OF OUR OWN AND OTHER PEOPLE.

The Iron Port Reporters Gather in a Goodly Grist of Items Concerning Well Known People and Their Movements.

Miss Mildred Sourwine, Miss Bessie Cade, Miss Blainie Fridrick, Miss Mattie Cox, Miss Mabel Morgan, Miss Nettie Hastie, J. J. Sourwine, Harry Broad and J. McRae spent Thursday at Chandler's Falls.

Mr. Benj. Frankson, of York, Minn., has accepted a position at the Hill Drug Store. He is a competent pharmacist, and speaks the Swedish language.

J. Johnson and Mary Wickinson were married on Wednesday by the Rev. Mr. Eckstrom, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church.

Mr. Beggs, of Manistique, who is a candidate for the principalship of our schools, was here a couple of days this week.

Prof. Parmelee, of the schools of Iron River, an applicant for the principalship of our schools, visited here on Wednesday.

Miss Jessie Rogers departed on Saturday last to visit a month or more at Mt. Carroll, Ill., and see the Columbian show.

Miss Belle Blake, having finished her course of study at Ypsilanti, has accepted a position as stenographer at Jackson.

Mrs. F. D. Mead, Mrs. Tracy and Miss Adele Palmer departed, to see the Columbian exposition, on Thursday last.

Supt. Ricketson of the I. O. T. fleet, was called hither Wednesday by the accident to the Manchester.

Mrs. Hessel, Miss Rosa (her daughter), and Mrs. J. Groos, departed to visit in Wisconsin, on the 6th.

Misses Florence and Marguerite Beckler, of Oshkosh, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Hillyer.

E. Fydel, of the Pioneer office, Manistique, was in town on the 5th and 6th, and paid us a visit.

The appointment of P. J. McKenna as deputy collector of internal revenue is as good as made.

Hans Juhl, of Manistique, was in town Tuesday, on his way home from Menominee.

We hear with regret that the health of Major Clarke, of the Pioneer, is very precarious.

Mrs. H. L. Bushnell, of Gladstone, spent several days with Escanaba friends this week.

Mrs. George Steiner returned Monday from a month's visit at the World's Fair.

Q. R. Hessel and his son visited at Manitowoc lately, returning last Wednesday.

Jesse McCourt returned last Sunday from a week at the great exposition.

Dennis Heffron is here again, to try to get the Oliver house matter settled.

Dr. F. A. Banks had the pleasure, this week, of entertaining his father.

Mr. Lillie has been with us this week, looking after his interests here.

Miss Effie Northup is at home again, having "done" the exposition.

John McColl spent a portion of the present week at St. Jacques.

Mr. E. Gaynor is again with us after a month at the World's Fair.

C. H. Scott and wife, of Gladstone, visited here on Wednesday last.

Miss Mary McHugh departed yesterday to visit the World's Fair.

Mrs. Geo. Webster and children are visiting at Caystler Falls.

Miss Temple, of Watersmeet, is the guest of Lizzie McCall.

Henry Blackwell, of Gladstone, was in town on Wednesday.

C. D. Hakes, of Bark River, was in town on Thursday.

Miss Edith Bishop is visiting Miss Mary Atkins.

Mrs. J. P. McColl is ill.

gets another chance. Justice McGrath, of the supreme court, has granted a writ of error in his case and the case goes to the supreme court for review. He is in the Marquette prison under a life sentence.

Wood, superintendent of the industrial school for boys, has resigned.

Petrolia, Pa., was badly scorched on the 4th.

GENERAL LOCAL NEWS.

This is not exactly local but it is good "allee samee." In a Chinese Sunday school in Oregon the contribution plate was passed to a young convert, who looked at the plate and inquired, "What fo'?" "For the Lord" said his teacher. On the following Sunday the plate again stopped in front of him. "What fo'?" he asked again, and once more he was told that the money was for the Lord. Thereupon a look of perplexity came over his face, which found expressive inquiry: "Lord all time bloke?"

A New York banker sends us a screed—a howl of terror—which we decline to reproduce. He sees the "Sherman law" "cutting away the vitals of American honesty and American credit" and we don't. We expect, and favor, the repeal of that law but we do not fear the wreck of honor or credit. The screed goes to the waste basket.

Repairs to the courthouse progress. The work of replacing the slate roof with one of shingles was begun yesterday and when completed will put the roof in each condition that the water will not soak the top of the walls and rot the bricks as it has heretofore. It was a miserable job, that courthouse, though the county paid a big price for it.

As fine a thing, in its line, as we have ever seen is a transparency made by J. N. Mead from a negative of a rural scene taken by him on an Ohio farm. Ask J. N. to show it to you and you will agree with us. Mr. Mead is one of our most skillful amateur photographers, of whom there are quite a number.

The Iron Port is indebted to Conkey & Co., of Chicago, for a copy of the "Official Directory of the World's Columbian Exposition," published by them and authorized by the management of the show. It is at the service of our friends and an hour's study of it is a good preparation for a visit.

"We have been in business here for years, but we never fully realized the benefit of printer's ink until this season," said a member of a prominent mercantile firm to an Iron Port reporter on Saturday last. The successful merchant must keep his patrons posted.

Frank Kraus was a recent visitor to the farming community across the bay, and reports crops in good condition. Frank deals quite extensively in farming implements, and the work of the tillers of the soil was made easier by his visit.

Do not let anything prevent your attendance at the meeting next week to concert measures for securing the location here of the Bischoff iron works. This is no "steel plant" fake, but "straight business."

The A. O. U. W. and the Trimmers' Union turned out, 100 hundred strong at the lowest estimate, to escort the body of their deceased brother, Patrick Gallagher, to the boat, which conveyed it to St. James for burial.

The Fannie Hart leaves here this evening on her second trip to the Columbian exposition. We understand that her party is full, wherever there's an honest dollar to be earned. Hank is on hand.

Somebody has scratched upon Wickert's office window the initials "A P A" and Emil would like to know who that "somebody" is—just to be able to return thanks, you know.

John Roemer succeeds John McNaughtan as bookkeeper of the Escanaba Lightening company. He entered upon the discharge of his duties on Thursday.

The law firm of Carey & White has been dissolved. Mr. White will retain his old rooms and Mr. Carey will establish himself over the postoffice.

The Charlotte street cars will not run upon the Ludington street line, for the present at any rate, but transfers will be given instead.

A. P. Lind will occupy the blacksmith shop of Adam Henry's new building, and will move from Georgia street on Monday.

The second car for the Charlotte street line is here and the south part of the city will now have service equal to any other.

The Eugene Hart took out quite a numerous party on the evening of the 4th, in spite of foul weather.

The Shipman went upon her old route and time last Monday, lying over night at the head of the bay.

There was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Stephenson, on Saturday last, a son, weight twelve pounds.

The John L. Sullivan company is being booked in the upper peninsula, and may visit Escanaba.

Both the picnic and the fire and police ball were financial successes in spite of the foul weather.

Parties indebted to The Iron Port on subscription account are requested to liquidate.

Escanaba will not have a circus this year, for which we should be thankful.

M. Glazer went to show city goods business men should not issue restraining orders from interfering with the legitimate traffic of the Minneapolis, St. Paul, and Sault Ste. Marie Railroad Company.

The company insists that it is complying strictly with the National regulations, and that the board, in insisting upon state regulations, is discriminating to its prejudice.

LOCAL RELIGIOUS NEWS

GLEANED FROM AMONG THE CHURCHES AND THE W. C. T. U.

Mrs. Atkins Presented With a Beautiful Silver Tea Set—The W. C. T. U. Ladies in Earnest—General Local Religious News.

We wish to say as a finish to our remarks last week on the recognition by the churches of our W. C. T. U. work, that it is our firm intention to secure the interest and attention of christian people if possible, to get them converted or get them angry; a hearty co-operation being of course the most desirable, though the latter alternative would be preferable to the complete indifference shown by more than two thirds of the church members at present. Is it not time for our christian people and especially our so-called temperance women to call a halt just for a minute and calmly and conscientiously ask themselves, in the comprehensive phrase of the day "Where am I at?" Am I doing any positive work for Christ and humanity or am I simply depending on my connection with my church and a negative christianity that consists merely in doing no harm?

We quote the following from the Michigan Union: "The W. C. T. U. no longer kneels a feeble group of women on the sloopy floor of an Ohio grog-shop. It has become a host. Its membership is 12,000 in Michigan alone. It has swept onward from the point of the crusade until it has tied its white ribbon around the globe, and if ever a work was christian, measured by its sublime philanthropy and faith, its courage under heavens that are black, and its serene contemplation of worlds to be won for righteousness, that work is carried on by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of America and the world."

A special meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at the home of Mrs. Lindsay on Fannie street, Saturday afternoon July 8th.

Rev. Mr. Green, rector of St. Stephen's Episcopal church, is preparing a class of twelve for confirmation. Bishop Hendricks, of Arizona, and New Mexico, will be here early in August and confirm the class.

Rev. Mr. Greene's theme to-morrow morning will be "Confirmation," and in the evening he will take for his subject, "Lessons from the Early Life of Daniel."

The Episcopal Sunday school is arranging for a picnic, to be held at South Park in the near future. The school now has sixty-five pupils and eight teachers.

The Woman's Auxiliary of St. Stephen's church has suspended operations during the months of July and August, as has also the junior organization.

The membership of St. Stephen's church has doubled since Rev. Mr. Greene took charge of the parish.

The lawn social at the residence of F. H. Brotherton last evening was well attended, in spite of the threatening weather, and passed off in good style. The feature of the occasion was the presentation to Mrs. Atkins, in consideration of her services in the choir of the church, of a service of silver.

The usual services will be held at the Presbyterian church to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject: "The antidote for discouraged hearts." Evening subject: "Panic; their cause and cure."

The Ladies' Aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet at the home of Mrs. F. H. Atkins on Wednesday afternoon next. A full attendance is desired.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church gave a lawn social at F. H. Brotherton's last evening. It was a pleasant affair.

Prof. John Allison lectured on temperance—or rather on total abstinence—at the Presbyterian church on Thursday evening. The professor is an entertaining speaker on any subject, and made a good impression, though the subject is worn very thin.

The Swedish Lutheran Sunday school did not picnic on the Fourth as announced. About sixty went to Maywood on the steamer Liberty, but owing to the inclemency of the weather did not land but returned home.

The Rev. G. H. Whitney, pastor of the M. E. church, will to-morrow conduct the dedicatory services of a church at Turin, Marquette county, of which the Rev. Mr. Passmore is pastor.

Baptist services, Sunday evening at the usual hour. The regular Friday evening prayer meeting will be held at Mrs. Eva B. Pillsbury's.

The Rev. Mr. Steinway, of Neganue, will occupy the pulpit of the M. E. church to-morrow, Sunday, both morning and evening.

The Baptist Sunday school will give a picnic, Friday July 14th, at South Park.

The Viking Ship.

The craft in which Capt. Anderson has just crossed the stormy Atlantic and which is now one of the sights of the big show at the White City is a fac simile reproduction of the ships of the Norse Vikings and is no doubt such as the original, which the Norse adventurers visited shores of this continent five years before the Spanish explore time.

now-days, spring up dogs not properly ornamented, and when he has

Columbus to the islands now called the West Indies, and it is a curious fact that the Norse ship of the year 1,000 A. D. was a morespedy and a more seaworthy craft than those in which the Spaniards drifted before the trade winds across the same ocean in the year 1,492.

The viking discoverer had no powerful monarch, no overflowing population behind him, or America might now be celebrating its 900th instead its 400th anniversary.

On the Great Lakes.

A dispatch from the Soo dated July 2 is as follows: The steamer Ira H. Owen, bound down, laden with ore, struck on a rock abreast of Cedar Point to-night. All the water compartments on the port side and one on the starboard side are broken in and the collision bulkheads have all got holes in them. When the steamer struck she was directly in the course shown by the ranges and going at her usual rate of speed in the river. The shock of the collision was heavy. The captain at once headed his steamer for the shallow water, and she now lies on the bottom near the lighthouse above the canal. The water is seventeen feet forward and fifteen and one-half feet aft. The wrecker Monitor was at once dispatched to the relief of the Owen, and will lighter 500 tons of her ore cargo, so that she can be locked through the canal. It is not thought that the plates between the water compartments and the cargo are injured. Six other steamers struck at the same place to-day, but with no such serious results as befell the Owen. The tug Dowling has been sent out to notify vessels of the new obstruction. It is certain that the dangerous point is a new one for vessels have passed there many times without striking as it is directly in the course marked by the range lights. Prompt attention is necessary by the lighthouse board in order to properly mark the obstruction."

A dispatch from Cleveland last Saturday said: "Twelve thousand bushels of wheat was dumped overboard six miles off this harbor by the steamer Sitka, this afternoon under peculiar circumstances. The Sitka loaded 60,000 bushels of Canadian wheat at Fort William, on Lake Superior, last week, bound for Buffalo, to go in bond across the United States to an ocean steamer in New York. She ran on a reef on Lake Superior and 12,000 bushels of her cargo was wet. When she arrived at Buffalo the customs authorities demanded the full duty of twenty-five cents a bushel on the wet grain, if it were sold for use in the United States. There was no way to get it back into Canada without paying the Canadian duties. The best offer the underwriters could get for the grain was twenty cents a bushel. Captain W. H. Rounds, who went to Buffalo for the Chicago underwriters who had the risk on the cargo, found that the only way to do was to throw the stuff in the lake. The Sitka reached here this afternoon, and taking a large number of laborers on board, went into the lake far enough to be beyond affecting the water supply, and the grain went into the water."

Major E. H. Ruffner, corps of engineers, U. S. A., furnished us with a tracing from which the accompanying illustration of the shoal spot recently struck by the steamer Seneca is made. He says: "We have sounded the place thoroughly and located it exactly. While there is a large area with a less depth than twenty feet, there is not an extensive ridge, or area, of as little as 16 feet. One cast of 15-4-10 feet was found, and quite a number of 16 feet, but the shoal runs in general 17, 18 and 19 feet. A barrel buoy, placed by the Lehigh Valley people, marks the spot, and I hope the light house inspector will mark it with a can buoy. No large vessel should be in this vicinity, but the shoal is quite a distance in the lake."—Marine Review. The shoal is about five miles off Ray View and about ten miles from the entrance to Buffalo harbor.

A dispatch from the Soo, on the 3d, said: "The steel steamer Thomas Maytham, bound down with iron ore, struck the same obstruction abreast of Cedar Point at 2 o'clock this morning that the steamer Ira H. Owen struck last night. Holes were crushed in each of her compartments on the starboard side and in one on the port side. The captain succeeded in running her down to the head of the canal before she filled. She now lies in seventeen feet of water aft and fifteen and one-half feet forward."

A light vessel to mark Ballard's Reef was placed in position by order of the Lighthouse Board on July 1. The vessel is a flat bottomed scow with with trunk cabin. A tripod surmounted by a square platform stands in front of the cabin; twelve feet above the water level will be shown a fixed red light. The hull is painted lead color, with "Ballard's Reef" in black letters on each side.

Two trips between Ashtabula and Escanaba in 7 days 7 hours and 55 minutes is the latest record credited to the Mutual line steamer Corona. One of the trips, not counting time of unloading, was made in three days, 13 hours and 30 minutes.

Rates of freight on "wild" cargoes of ore for a week past have been the lowest ever recorded, and still they have been only nominal, as the question with the vessel owners has not been one of rates but to secure cargoes at almost any price.

The schooner John Rice capsized in Lake Huron, off Thunder Bay island, on the 3d. Her crew was taken off by the Uncamer Jewett and the wreck left afloat, but pilot and a peril to passing craft.

Among the Merchants.

Ed. Voght, Druggist, has moved to 1001 Ludington street.

Rathion Bros. buy goods for cash, own their building, do their own work, consequently can sell goods for less money than their competitors can buy them.

LONG BEFORE COLUMBUS

A CLAIM SET UP THAT THE IRISH DISCOVERED AMERICA.

But the Norsemen Have Well Authenticated Records Showing that Norway is Entitled to that Distinction—Some Pointers.

There is little doubt in the minds of many people that the Irish were the discoverers of America. According to the lore of even the Norsemen, who contend that countrymen of theirs deserve the honor, there is somehow of proof to support the Hibernian claim. It is related in the Eyrbyggja Saga that Gudleif Gudlaugson, a Norse navigator, was driven by storms in 1029 upon a land which was unknown to him, but now supposed to have been the portion of America south of the Chesapeake bay, including North and South Carolina, Georgia and East Florida. Gudleif knew none of the people there, the Saga says, but "it appeared to him that they spoke Irish." The same part of America is called in the Saga of Thorfin Karlsefue, "Ireland edh Mykla," or "Great Ireland."

But the Norsemen have well authenticated records to show that it was Norway's sons who first set foot upon this magnificent continent. The coming of the viking ship to Detroit to-day on its way to the world's Columbian exposition is in pursuance of that claim.

According to the Norse writers—to go back to the hatching of the egg which produced the new world—a woman was responsible. Her name—blest it—was Ragna Adildadatter. Harald Haaringr wanted her for his wife, but she declared she would marry only the man who would make himself king of all Norway. Harald wasn't king of all Norway but he swore unhesitatingly that that was the kind of a king he'd be, and he vowed, in addition, that he would neither cut nor comb his hair until the task was accomplished. He fought twelve years, killed a great number of men, destroyed the thirty-one republics of which Norway was composed, made himself king, cut his hair and married Ragna. But he abolished the freehold tenure of land and usurped it to the crown. This made trouble. The people found it cheaper to move than to pay him rent and they left Norway in great numbers. The exodus began in 874. Most of the emigrants went to Iceland and soon gave it a population of 50,000. Not long afterward several of the Icelanders reported a strange land to the west.

An earl named Eric the Red was banished from Norway a hundred years later for manslaughter and he joined his countrymen in Iceland. Here he heard of the strange land in the west and set off to find it. Meeting with success, he christened the new territory "Greenland." He called it green, he acknowledged afterwards unblushingly, in order to attract settlers and create a real estate boom. It really was green when it wasn't whitened with snow, but that was seldom.

Accompanying Eric was one Herjull, who had a son named Bjarne, the owner of a merchantman and a chap very fond of roving. Bjarne sailed from Iceland in 986 to visit his father in Greenland, but he lost his bearings in a fog and was driven out of his course by a north wind. He came at last in sight of shore, but would not land because he saw not the snow covered mountains of Greenland. He turned northward again and twice more did he see strange land. It is now believed that he sighted on that voyage Nantucket, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland.

A few years later Bjarne visited Eric the Red, and told him of his adventure. Lief, son of Eric, heard the story and determined to hunt up the new land. He bought Bjarne's ship and with a crew of thirty-five men set out on his voyage of discovery. He landed in Newfoundland and Nova Scotia and found the country just as Bjarne had described it. To Newfoundland he gave the name "Helluland," and to Nova Scotia that of "Markland." Eventually, he went down to a point near what is now called Fall River, Mass., erected booths and remained for the winter.

Accompanying Lief was a German prisoner of war, Tyrker, whom the chieftain had made his favorite. The German strolled away from his companions one day and did not return until he had been given up for lost. When he came back he was almost wild with delight, for he had found vines laden with grapes—the first he had seen since leaving his native land. Owing to this circumstance, Lief christened America Vinland—the land of vines. This took place in the year 1000, nearly five centuries before Columbus' arrival in his caravels.

Subsequently the Norsemen paid many visits to "Vinland" and "Great Ireland." The last expedition was in 1347. The black plague came then, devastated Europe and cut off communication between Iceland, Greenland and the new country. Norway's population was reduced by the awful malady from 2,000,000 to 300,000, so that there were not men to be spared for such voyages.

Among the Merchants.

Ed. Voght, Druggist, has moved to 1001 Ludington street.

Call on Ed. Voght, No. 1001 Ludington street. A large and complete line of pure drugs, medicines and druggists' sundries.

You will find Rathion Brothers on the inside of their store, not on the sidewalk looking for business. No Baxter street business.

Ed. Voght has removed his drug store to No. 1001 Ludington street, where he invites you to call.

Escanaba Township Notes.

The Fourth was not a success, a fact that must be charged to the weather.

Clifford Barron has just returned from Canada having spent upwards of a year attending school at St. Mary's Institute, Montreal.

Anna and Lulu Carroll returned from Marinette where they had been attending school.

The Misses Florence and Celia O'Donnell of Stephenson are visiting with Mr. John Lawrence and family.

The rain of the first of the week was a blessing to the farmers. However it came too late for the hay crop which will be light.

Money Wanted.

Wanted to borrow, for a term of years, four thousand dollars. Security unnumbered real estate worth \$11,000 in this city and vicinity. Inquire at this office. 28th

Laundry.

Parker's Steam Laundry Escanaba, Mich.

Has been in successful operation upwards of two years. Its trade increased in 1892 over previous year 50 per cent.

Assorted flat work, one dozen and upwards, 50 cents per dozen. All claims for loss or damage must be made within 24 hours after delivery of goods, accompanied with the list. Goods unclaimed within 10 days will be subject to owners' risk. All work wanted before Saturday night must be in the laundry before Friday noon. No deduction, hereafter, on shirts that are washed.

N. G. PARKER, Prop. Telephone No. 52. Ludington St.

Groceries.

In Unity is Strength

First class groceries, fresh, at low prices, combined with an increasing trade, speaks the voice of the people. Pleased with our goods? Certainly. Why not? They come direct from the factories, vineyard, plantation and farm. Procrastination is the thief of time. Do not delay. Come at once and see what I have to offer in the way of bananas from the tropics; lemons from the shores of the Mediterranean; oranges from California's sunny climate; teas that are strictly oriental, and most delicious; and coffees, that beverage which makes the morning meal a delightful repast, I have a fine assortment. Failures are on every hand, ruining thousands. Be sure you give our bank, Merrill's grocery, a sixty day run. I will be impossible for you to fail. We have a generous supply, enough to supply all elements.

M. L. Merrill, Fish Depot.

Are prepared to furnish our people with

FRESH : FISH! DAILY.

WHICH WILL BE PROMPTLY DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

MARINE TRADE SOLICITED.

Old Fish Depot, Near Merchant Dock.

MAYOR HARRISON'S HOUSE.

In spacious and comfortable home of Chicago's Chief Executive. Carter Harrison, the mayor of Chicago, has a national reputation. His aggressiveness and unquestionably strong mentality made him a conspicuous figure years ago. As a politician he naturally has accumulated a large list of enemies as well as a host of friends. These differ on many points as to Carter Harrison, but they all agree that he is one of the most hospitable men in the world.

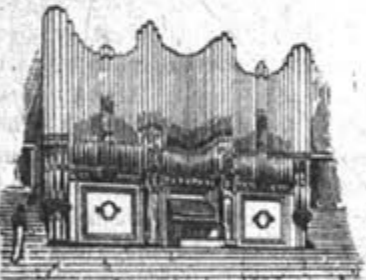


THE HOME OF CARTER HARRISON.

The grounds are spacious and natural rather than artificial and trim, and the house is old fashioned, roomy and comfortable. It is essentially a home place, and of it the most casual observer would predict an owner of refined tastes, luxurious instincts and great individuality. And the casual observer would be quite right. Carter Harrison is all this and something more. A brilliant newspaper correspondent has said of him that he had a Kentuckian's love for a horse, a Virginian's adoration for beautiful women and a Chicagoan's love for himself, and it is doubtful if so much of a man's biography was ever written in so few words. His love of horses is well known in the Windy City, and during the labor troubles of his previous term in the city's executive office, when the rage about continually from place to place on a beautiful thoroughbred, "the mayor and the mare" were household words.

The Grandest Organ.

The great organ recently erected in Festival hall at the World's fair has 3,901 pipes, 80 stops, 14 combination pistons, 13 couplers and many other mechanical accessories, including a 32-foot diapason and a grand crescendo for all the registers. The latter pedal is unique and very effective. By a slight pressure of the toe of the foot the softest stop on the organ is brought into use, then the next loudest, and so on till the full harmonious flood has been released—tubas, trumpets, clarions pealing forth, the diapason thundering out, and the whole fury of the elements seeming to be let loose in a magnificent storm. Then by a pressure of the heel upon the pedal a reverse effect is produced, and the storm gradually subsides as one after another of the stops is put on, dying away in the distance as the echo organ in the other end of the hall takes up the refrain, and it finally ceases altogether.



THE GREAT ORGAN.

The organ is very powerful, being built on a large and generous scale, but the use of pneumatic tubular chests and electricity renders it as easy to play as the best of pianos. The echo organ is operated by 800 feet of electric cable. The extreme height of the exterior is 88 feet, and the width and depth 34 feet and 25 feet respectively. There are five different pressures for the supply of wind power, each of them supplied by a different electric motor. The case is built of staff.

World's Fair Hospital Service.

For those injured or taken sick suddenly on the World's fair grounds a regular medical bureau has been established, under the supervision of Dr. John E. Owens, and a fine emergency hospital. There are also two sub-hospitals. The main hospital has 2 wards for men, each containing 10 beds, and 2 wards for women, one of 10 beds and the other of 8. The sub-hospitals have 3 and 4 beds each for men and the same number for women. While in no sense an exhibit, the methods employed are all of the best.



DR. J. E. OWENS.

The ambulance service includes four wagons and a small electric launch, which patrols the lagoons. Two of the ambulances are stationed near the main hospital and one near each of the sub-stations. There are about 50 invalid chairs also available for transporting patients to boat, hospital or station and about 150 stretchers scattered about the various buildings, all plainly marked.

There are two resident physicians at the hospital, a corps of attending physicians, specially selected for their experience and fitness, a hospital steward, druggists, orderlies for stretcher work and a corps of trained nurses, with, as a matter of course, all the usual rooms, kitchens and closets for hospitals. No one is to be kept long, but as soon as possible after their cases are attended to they are conveyed to their homes or elsewhere, as they or their friends direct.

GAY GONDOLIERS.

Those at Chicago Are Dressed In Gaudy Fourteenth Century Costumes. In Venice Tasso's echoes are so more, And silent rows the songless gondolier. So said Byron, but the gondolier does sing occasionally in Venice now, and some 6, of the class are in Chicago to steer the light gondolas along the lagoon and sing when the weather admits. It was decided to dress these gondoliers of the present day as their predecessors of the fourteenth century were dressed instead of in the somber black which the present laws of Venice prescribe. Consequently their attire presents an artful and gorgeous commingling of gaudy colors.



A GAY GONDOLIER.

The trousers are striped red and white and reach only to the knees, where they are tied by bows of variegated ribbon and whence hose of royal purple descend to the black slippers. A red jacket ornamented with golden fringe and having red and white sleeves puffed at the shoulders and elbows covers the torso, bearing upon its breast a shield of white set with a golden lion. An extravagant sash is about the waist, and upon the head an exaggerated fez, with a turkey feather fastened to it with a brass pin. The gondoliers adhere for the most part to the conventional black which the gondoliers have discarded, but they are very gorgeous as to satin curtains and interior fittings, and the four big ones are magnificent enough to have belonged to the famous and wealthy families of the golden age of Venice.

A Glimpse of the Orient.

Those who go to the World's fair chiefly for amusement will probably devote their time largely to the Midway pleasure, and certainly they will find much pleasure in so doing. But the ethnologist and ethnographer may find fully as much in their own peculiar way, and certainly no better opportunity has ever been presented of making comparative studies of the different races and nationalities of mankind. Here are all races, classes and conditions of men grouped together in characteristic villages and illustrating all the phases of the lives they lead while at home. Here are Turks and Egyptians, Algerians, Arabs and Soudanese, Japanese, Javanese and Dahomeans, Maoris, Eskimos, Laplanders and Indians.



SCENE IN THE CAIRO STREET.

The reproduced street in Cairo is specialty, with booths and bazaars exactly like those of the Egyptian city, and in them may be purchased anything from a cigarette to a costly rug. Then there are the dancers in the theater, and the jugglers and snake charmers, all decked out in their gaudy finery. Here also is an exact reproduction of the temple of Luxor, which was built by Amenoph III about 1550 B. C. On the walls are sculptured battle scenes and other pictures in the ancient style, and before the entrance are two obelisks similar to the famous Cleopatra's needle. They are 75 feet high and 3 feet square at the base. One of them has an inscription in the hieroglyphic language, dedicating it to the president, who is thus addressed in the ancient idiom like a pharaoh:

Horus, the powerful bull, begotten of Justice and Truth, rich, strong and doubly vigilant, lord, the mighty governor, chief ruler of the United States of America, offspring of the god of light, Grover Cleveland, beloved of the great God who gives life everlasting.

A Rival of Columbus.

A remarkable testimonial to the breadth and liberality of the Chicago World's fair is the statue of Lief Eric-



STATUE OF LIEF ERIKSON.

son, who, the Norsemen claim, discovered America 500 years before Columbus did. The statue exhibited in Chicago is a copy of that standing in Back Bay park, Boston, which was erected in 1887.

A Delightful Way to be Entertained. Realizing the fact that light literature is an almost necessary traveling companion, to those contemplating a "Summer Outing," or those who are desirous of visiting some of the many Resorts and Fishing Grounds located along the line of the Wisconsin Central Lines, we take pleasure in advising our friends, that we will send any one, or all of the following valuable and interesting books to any address by mail "FREE" on receipt of twelve cents each, in stamps, to cover postage and packing.

These books are printed on good paper, well bound, the covers being illuminated in color. The entire list of ten books, will be sent, prepaid, for \$1.20 in stamps or otherwise. The amount asked is to cover charges and cost of packing.

2—John Halifax, Gentleman. By Miss Mulock.

5—The Last Days of Pompeii. By Bulwer Lytton.

6—Scarlet Letter. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.

10—Tom Brown's School Days. By Thomas Hughes.

15—Dora Thorne. By Bertha M. Clay.

16—Very Hard Cash. By Charles Reade.

21—Tour of the World in 80 Days. By Jules Verne.

23—A Dream of Love. By Emile Zola.

25—Beyond Pardon. By Bertha M. Clay.

27—A Mad Love. By Bertha M. Clay.

Preserve this card, mention the paper cut from, mark the books you wish, enclosing twelve cents for each book, or \$1.20 for the entire list, and send with your address to

JAS. C. POND, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agent, Wis. Cent. Line, CHICAGO, ILL.

Mark your envelope "Advertising Department."

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Every family should be provided with a bottle of this remedy during the summer months. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. In many cases, by having it at hand, life may be saved before a physician could be summoned or medicine procured. No other remedy is so reliable or successful. No other so certain to cure bloody flux, dysentery, diarrhoea and cholera morbus in their worst forms. It is equally valuable for children and adults. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Bert Ellsworth, Druggist.

Soo Line Time Card IN EFFECT JUNE 30, '93.

GOING EAST. BOSTON EXPRESS leaves North Escanaba 3:08 a. m. daily, for Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec and Boston, and all points east. Solid vestibuled train to Montreal with dining car attached, and through sleeper to Boston without change. Connection made daily except Sunday at Trout Lake with South Shore train for Mackinaw City, connecting with the Grand Rapids and Indiana R'y, 1:30 p. m. train for Grand Rapids and the South.

Local passenger trains leave North Escanaba at 5:13 a. m. daily except Sunday for Sault Ste. Marie and intermediate stations arriving at Sault Ste. Marie at 6:00 p. m. making connection at Trout Lake with South Shore express arriving at Detroit via Michigan Central at 7:40 a. m.

GOING WEST. ST. PAUL EXPRESS with through sleeper and dining car, leaves North Escanaba 9:52 p. m. daily, arriving at Minneapolis 8:30 a. m. and St. Paul 8:55 a. m. connection with day trains for the west, north-west and south-west.

Local passenger train leaves North Escanaba 5:13 p. m. daily except Sunday arriving Pembine 7:30 p. m. making connection with Milwaukee and Northern R'y, with through sleepers for Milwaukee and Chicago.

THROUGH tickets (including bus, Escanaba to North Escanaba) on sale at the Soo Line City Ticket Office, 614 Ludington street. 150 pounds of baggage checked through and carried from Escanaba to destination WITHOUT CHARGE. PASSENGERS and their baggage called for by Harris and McDonough's well known business that runs in connection with all Soo Line trains. Sleeping car Accommodations Reserved. S. H. TALBOT, Ticket Agent, Soo Line, Escanaba, Mich.

GROOS & SON, Proprietors of



A DELICIOUS DRINK.

OUR SODA WATER!

PURE FRUIT FLAVOR.

Step in and Test It.

GROOS & SON

One Cent a Word.

Notices inserted under this head will be published at ONE CENT per word. No notice less than 15 cents. Make known your wants. Copy must be in the office by Wednesday noon of each week.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework in small family. Good wages to right party. References required. Apply at Mead's drug store or address H. C. Ellis, Ford River.

STRAY DOG—Came to 517 Wells Avenue where the owner can reclaim it.

FOR SALE—Desirable job in the Selden addition, cheap. Address, T. L. Geizer, Morton Park, Ill.

FOR SALE—Gladiolus, Dahlias, and Tulip bulbs. Also several new first-class sewing machines. Address, Mrs. W. L. WALLACE, 17

FOR SALE—House and lot. The premises corner of Mary. Apply at my office in Masonic block. W. W. Walker, M. D.

Legal Notices.

First Publication May 30th, 1893.

MORTGAGE SALE.—Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Joseph Barron to Maguire Sherbenow, Junior, dated January 5th A. D. 1892 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, for the county of Deba and state of Michigan, on the 8th day of January A. D. 1892, in Liber 1 of Mortgages, on page 183 on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and sixty-five dollars of principal and interest and attorney's fee of twenty-five dollars provided for in said mortgage and no suit or proceedings aforesaid having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of August A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front steps of the court house in the city of Escanaba (that being the place where the Circuit Court for Delta county is holden), the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with 8 per cent interest, and all legal costs, together with an attorney's fee of twenty-five dollars, provided for therein, the premises being described in said mortgage, and all the certain lot, piece and parcel of land situate in the township of Escanaba in the county of Delta and state of Michigan, and known and described as follows: The southeast quarter of the southeast quarter (s e c o t s e 1/4) of section twenty-seven (27) in township forty (40) north of range twenty-three (23) west. MAGUIRE SHERBENOW, Jr., Mortgagee. A. R. NORTHUP, Attorney for Mortgagee.

ORDER OF HEARING, FOR LICENSE TO sell real estate.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the probate office in the city of Escanaba on the 5th day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, Hon. Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Joseph Mallman and Herman Mallman, minors.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Charles M. Thatcher, guardian of said minors, praying that he may be authorized, empowered and licensed to sell the real estate belonging to said minors, in said petition described for the purpose of investing the proceeds.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 3rd day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the next of kin of said minors and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at said office, in the city of Escanaba and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in The Iron Port, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

First Publication June 10, 1893.

PROBATE ORDER.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. Probate Court for said county. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, holden at the probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on Monday the 5th day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, Hon. Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Rosie Greenhoot, Lulu Greenhoot and Inez Greenhoot, Minors.

On reading and filing the annual report and account of Bertha Greenhoot, Guardian of said minors, thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 20th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said report and account, and that all persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the probate office in the city of Escanaba, Michigan, and show cause, if any there be, why the said report and account should not be confirmed.

And it is further ordered, that said Bertha Greenhoot give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said report and account and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Iron Port a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Delta, for two successive weeks, previous to said day of hearing. EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

First Publication June 27, 1893.

MORTGAGE SALE.—DEFAULT HAVING been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Robert W. McClellan to Emil Glaser, dated January 6th, 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Delta, and state of Michigan, on the 8th day of January, 1890, in Liber 'E' of mortgages on page 214 on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred and seventy-five (\$375) dollars, and an attorney's fee of twenty-five dollars, provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings aforesaid having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of August, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front steps of the court house in the city of Escanaba (that being the place where the circuit court for Delta county is holden), the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with 8 per cent interest, and all legal costs, the premises being described in said mortgage at lots two (2) and three (3), the north half (1/2) of northeast quarter (1/4) and northeast quarter (1/4) of the southwest quarter (1/4) of section three (3) in township forty (40) north of range nineteen (19) west, said premises being situated in the county of Delta and state of Michigan.

Dated, May 24th, 1893. EMIL GLASER, Mortgagee. CAREY A. WHITE, Attorney.

First Publication June 10, 1893.

PROBATE NOTICE.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, made on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1893, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Peter Brandenburg, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the probate office, in the city of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the 5th day of December next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Monday, the 4th day of September and on Wednesday, the 6th day of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated, Escanaba, Michigan, June, 5th, A. D. 1893. EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

First Publication June 17th, 1893.

ORDER OF HEARING.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, held at the probate office in the city of Escanaba, on the 13th day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, Hon. Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Beda C. Bonander, and Miss Lillian, minors.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of John Moe, guardian of said minors, praying that he may be authorized, empowered and licensed to sell certain real estate belonging to said minors, in said petition described for the purpose of expanding or investing the proceeds.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 13th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the next of kin of said minors and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden in the probate office, in the city of Escanaba, Michigan, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in The Iron Port, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

First Publication June 17th, 1893.

ORDER OF HEARING.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, held at the probate office in the city of Escanaba, on the 13th day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, Hon. Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Beda C. Bonander, and Miss Lillian, minors.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of John Moe, guardian of said minors, praying that he may be authorized, empowered and licensed to sell certain real estate belonging to said minors, in said petition described for the purpose of expanding or investing the proceeds.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 13th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the next of kin of said minors and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden in the probate office, in the city of Escanaba, Michigan, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in The Iron Port, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

Dry Goods and Clothing. I. KRATZE 608 AND 610 LUDINGTON ST.

Nothing Succeeds Like Success. Having had such success since reducing our clothing we though it advisable to continue this great sale one week longer.

Our \$13.75 suits are the talk of the town.

Words fail to do justice to these royal bargains! You must come and see them personally.

These Sacks and Cutaway Suits that other stores sell for \$18.00 and \$22.00 are all yours this week for \$13.75.

I also wish to call your attention

To an elegant line of cheap suits consisting of Worsteds, Cassimeres, Cheviots, Tweeds, Serges, Diagonals: Clays and Satinets. At prices that are astonishing.

Call and inspect them before buying.

KRATZE'S 608-610 Ludington St., ESCANABA, MICH. Building Materials.

DO YOU WANT TO BUILD OR REPAIR YOUR HOUSE?

The Escanaba Lumber Co. CAN SUPPLY YOU WITH

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DOORS, SASH, LATH AND SHINGLES, AND OTHER REQUISITES, OF THE BEST QUALITY AND AT

Reasonable Rates

We also carry a full line of Lime, Brick, Cement and other Building Materials. Estimates to Contractors and others at Bottom Prices.

OFFICE AND YARD FOOT OF STEPHENSON AVE. NEAR TERMINUS OF THE STREET CAR LINE, ESCANABA.

Household Goods. GEO. H. COOK Has received his new stock of

Furniture and House Furnishing Goods! STOVES AND TINWARE.

Before making the rounds of the other stores visit me and see what I can do when there's cash in sight. Then, too, no other dealer carries the assortment that I do and none of them sell as close.

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR EVERY DAY.

Flour and Feed. ED. DONOVAN, Dealer in all Kinds of

Mountain Beer, Ginger Ale, Birch Beer, Cream Beer, Orange Cider, Hay, etc. Sarsaparilla and Iron, Lemon Soda, Cherry Juice, Strawberry.

I am now making a delicious drink, Sweet Apple Cider, from pure Ohio apple juice. Best drink of the kind on the market to-day.