

ARISTOCRATIC PRIDE.

What it is to be a Lord in Great Britain—Byron's Title.

It is difficult for an American citizen to realize what it is in England to be a lord. Common people in Great Britain can hardly stand upright or command their organs of speech in the presence of a man who has the legal right to place that little word "lord" before his name. Perhaps one reason is that there are only four or five hundred lords in the whole British empire, so that many people never have a chance to see that a lord is, after all, only a man. Another reason is that English lords are almost always exceedingly rich, live in enormous castles or splendid mansions and ride about in elegant carriages. Then, too, most of them have names and titles which are met with in history and in Shakespeare, and ignorant people suppose that when they see the Duke of Buckingham they are looking upon a descendant of "my lord of Buckingham" whose head was cut off by Richard III. at Salisbury. In addition to this, a lord sits in the house of lords and holds a rank in the commonwealth similar to that of senator in the United States.

Of course, the adulation which lords receive, even from their childhood, has an effect upon themselves—since they are but men, no better and no worse than others. It is apt to make them think that they are composed of a superior clay to that out of which common people are formed. All the foolish part of them fully believe that they differ from ordinary mortals as fine porcelain differs from the red material of flower-pots.

Byron, with all his genius, was infatuated with this ridiculous notion, and the more because the title came to him suddenly, when he was just old enough to be spoiled by it. He was a school-boy, ten years old at the time, living in Scotland with his mother, who had an income of one hundred and thirty-five pounds a year, equal to about twenty-five dollars a week in our present currency. All at once the news that Lord Byron, the granduncle of the boy, was dead, leaving no heirs to his title and estates except this poor widow's son. Imagine the effect upon a forward, sensitive, bashful, imaginative boy—painfully ashamed because he had a lame foot. It seems that he was puzzled at first with his new lordship. The day after the news arrived he ran up to his mother and said:

"Mother, do you see any difference in me since I became a lord? I see none."

The next morning, when the roll was called at school, the teacher, instead of calling out his name, George Gordon Byron, as he had always done before, gave it with the title in Latin, thus:

"George Gordon, Dominus de Byron."

The boy could not utter the usual response, "Adsum" (I am present), so paralyzed was he by his emotions. Pale and speechless he stood, with the eyes of the whole school upon him, until he found relief in a gush of tears. The time never came when he could take a rational view of this imaginary honor. His friend and biographer, Thomas Moore, tells us that, in the height of his celebrity, he was more proud of his descent from the Byrons who came over from Normandy with William the Conqueror than of being the most admired poet of his time. Yet his ancestors were not people to be proud of.

All this is inconceivable to a true-hearted American; although some of our citizens seem to be strongly infected with the degrading spirit of flunkeyism.—N. Y. Ledger.

COREAN WONDERS.

Seven Remarkable Things to Be Seen in That Country.

Corea, like the world of the ancients, has its "seven wonders." Briefly stated they are as follows: First, a hot mineral spring near Kin-Shantao, the healing properties of which are believed to be miraculous. No matter what disease may afflict the patient a dip in the water proves efficacious. The second wonder is two springs situated at a considerable distance from each other; in fact, they have the breadth of the entire peninsula between them.

They have two peculiarities. When one is full the other is always empty, and notwithstanding the obvious fact that they are connected by a subterranean passage one is of the bitterest and the other pure and sweet.

The third wonder is a cold wave cave, a cavern from which a wintry wind perpetually blows. The force of the wind from the cave is such that a strong man can not stand before it. A forest that cannot be eradicated is the fourth wonder. No matter what injury is done to the roots of the trees, which are large pines, they will sprout up again directly—like the phoenix from her ashes. The fifth is the most wonderful of all.

It is the famous "floating stone." It stands, or seems to stand, in front of the palace erected in its honor. It is an irregular cube of great bulk. It appears to be resting on the ground, free from supports on all sides, but, strange to say, two men at opposite ends of a rope may pass it under the stone without encountering any obstacle whatever.

The sixth wonder is the "hot stone," which from remote ages has lain glowing with heat on the top of a high hill. The seventh and last Korean wonder is a drop of the sweat of Buddha. For thirty paces around the large temple in which it is enshrined not a blade of grass will grow. There are no trees or flowers inside the sacred square. Even the animals decline to profane a spot so holy.—St. Louis Republic.

Satisfactorily Explained.

Guest of Highpriced House.—What's this item on my bill—one dollar for use of bath on the 10th? I don't remember anything about it.

Hotel Clerk.—Why, sir, don't you remember that you went up to the roof that day, and fell into the cistern?—Saturday Evening Herald.

The Need of the Hour.—It is reported that a Yankee has invented "a safety seamless trousers pocket." His glory will be eclipsed only by that man who will invent a trousers pocket which will elude the search of the wife after small change.—Chicago Times.

ARTEMUS WARD IN PERIL.

His Speech to Loyal Canadians Would Have Resulted Seriously But For His Fat Friend.

A few days before his death A. Miner Griswold, "The Fat Contributor," described to a party of friends in Indianapolis his experience with Artemus Ward, when the two were sent by the Cleveland Plain Dealer to report the visit of the Prince of Wales to a certain town in Canada. "We alighted," he said, "at a station where we waited an hour or two for the royal train. The Canucks were out in force with banners, bands and songs to show their loyalty. When one band got through playing 'God Save the Queen' another would take it up, and when they got tired some wild chorus would burden the air with it. Then the bands would take it up, and so it continued until Artemus got a place where he could overlook the crowd and demanded silence. The music ceased, the singing was at an end, and everybody turned with astonishment at the intrusion. I got as near Ward as possible, for I had been pushed by the crowd that hastily gathered about him. I almost had a fit, for I knew what was coming, and it came with awful force. 'Ladies and gentlemen,' said Ward, hesitating for a moment as he took in the upturned faces of the people below him. 'Ladies and gentlemen, no one more than I can appreciate the grandeur of measure and nobleness of sentiment expressed in the music with which the air for hours has been filled. But I think—I think—that his royal highness, since his coming to American shores has heard 'God Save the Queen' so often that he would be ready to say quits.' Ward then fell off his barrel, box or whatever it was, on which he stood as the mob rushed against it. Oaths and denunciations of the 'cursed Yankees' were terrific as the maddened Canucks sought to reach and pummel the life out of him. Two burly fellows at last caught him as he was dashing through the door of a store near the station and were about to make short work of him. This was my opportunity in getting a place where I could command the mob. I felt several inches taller than I do now when I saw the spirit of frenzy stifled by my shouting: 'Friends, let him alone. He does not know what he says. He is irresponsible at any time, but more so when a period of lunacy comes upon him as it has done now. I am taking him to an insane asylum up the country, and this unfortunate circumstance would not have occurred had I been more watchful. But he escaped me ten minutes ago and I was in search of him when the crowd about him prevented me reaching him in time to quiet him. Loyal Canadians, on his behalf and for myself I extend to you our apologies.' We did not wait for the royal train."—Chicago Post.

Brightness of the Full Moon.

How bright is the full moon, do you think? Suppose you look up at the moon on the next clear night. The sky is a pure, pale blue, and the moon is almost dazzling bright against it. If the whole canopy of the sky were made up of full moons and if one were in the center of such a shell one might think the glare would be intolerable. But let us see. This very same moon you have often seen in the day time as a pale, white disk, just barely visible against the background of the sky. That means that the daylight sky is not so very different in brilliancy from the full moon, or it means that you could very well live under a sky whose every part was just as bright as the moon itself. We say, then, that the brightness of the moon is not so very much greater than the brightness of the same area of sky. The total light of the full moon can be compared with the total light of the sun, though it is very difficult problem, and the result will be that the sun is as bright as 680,000 full moons.—Chicago News.

The Motto of Girls Nowadays.

A poem entitled "Working and Waiting" has been submitted to us for our opinion. The author is in love, and is working and waiting for his bride, with hints at eloping. We do not think much of the poetry, and we think still less of the doctrine of the poem. We never could sympathize very much with the idea of waiting in such matters. The story of Jacob's waiting so long for Laban's daughter was always painful to us, though that was wiser than eloping. Even though he got her at last, just think of the precious years that were wasted! Young men, if you have got to work first, work hard, and you will not have to wait so long. Besides, "Now or never" is the motto of girls nowadays.—N. Y. Ledger.

A Blow.

"Honor's but an empty bubble, after all." "But I notice we all lay our pipes and are ready to waste the soap for it."—Puck.

Prince Hatzfeldt, the interesting sprig of German nobility who married the daughter of C. P. Huntington, was at an early period in his Parisian career desperately in love with Emilie Loisset, the charming circus-rider, who returned his affection. A time was set for the marriage, but before the happy day arrived poor Emilie was crushed to death by the fall of her horse in the ring. Hatzfeldt was prostrated with grief, but as an act of vicarious sacrifice he bought the horse, led it to her grave, and shot him.

The Superiority of Man.—Jack—"I don't see why you girls shouldn't hustle around like the rest of us and do things for yourselves! You could save lots of money by making your own hats and gowns." Laura—"I'd just like to know what you do for yourself?" Jack—"I? Why, I've been making my own cigarettes ever since the first of January."

Economy is Wealth.—Caller—"I heard you were sick, so I thought I would come and see you." Mrs. Pennywise—"You're very kind, but it's only a trifle. I got overheated in the crush around the bargain counter and caught cold, but I've figured out that Dr. Pille's bill will be only \$6.46 more than I saved by going there!"—Mansey's Weekly.

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HARNESS! Saddlery, Buggies and Carriages. Corner Ludington and Douglas Streets, ESCANABA, MICH.

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Crown Plasters and Pills. They are the only safe remedies to use for those afflicted with Bright's Disease, Liver Complaint and Urinary Affections. Only those prepared in the dry form are the Original and the only Kidney and Liver Cure that will restore you to perfect health.

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Cures in 1 to 3 Days. Big 6 is the acknowledged leading remedy for all the venereal discharges and private diseases of men. A certain cure for the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STONE, M. D., Detroit, Mich. Sold by Druggists. PRICE \$1.00. Justin N. Mead, Agent.

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Grocery Store At 309 Fannie St. Where you will find a New and Complete Stock of

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All goods the Best that can be bought in the market and at the Lowest Living Prices. WM. DUNCAN.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE. BUTTER, EGGS AND

Farm Produce. OF ALL KINDS AT

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FRESH: GOODS RECEIVED DAILY. Your Patronage is Solicited.

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FURNITURE! Screen Doors and Windows, Odd-Sized Sash and Doors, and Window Frames, Etc. Special Furniture to Order.

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MEATS FRESH, SALTED AND SMOKED, by the carcass, quarter or pound at THE LOWEST OF PRICES and promptly delivered, and solicits public patronage.

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J. F. OLIVER, ALL KINDS OF

Anthracite, Bituminous & Blossburg COAL

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Office on Merchant's Dock. ESCANABA, MICH.

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LUMBER OFFICE AND YARD, Near C. & N. W. Passenger Depot.

A full assortment constantly on hand, consisting of Lumber, Lath, Shingles,

Sash, Doors and Blinds at Lowest Prices. Estimates furnished contractors and others on short notice.

GIVE ME A CALL.

HE SMOKED IN A STREET CAR.

But the Little Conductor and the Driver Got Him Out. The man inside the horse car was very large and red. The conductor of the car was small and pale.

The large red man took no notice of the observation, but puffed huge volumes of smoke. "You'll have to put that cigar out, I say."

Still the large man puffed solemnly on. "I say you'll have to put that cigar out."

The large man turned his small pig eyes laterally and said: "Save yer voice, young feller, save yer voice."

The conductor looked the large man over. He observed that he was about the size of Mr. Sullivan, the puglist, and he wondered whether his salary as conductor was large enough to induce him to risk his life in a physical encounter with the burly ruffian.

"You'll have to put that cigar out," he repeated. His admonition was painfully unchangeable in diction and tone, and that conductor forgot the corporation he was serving and its rules, and determined that he, as an individual, would not be crushed.

"Do you know that a silver dollar twirled on a smooth surface will always come tails up?" asked the same gentleman naively.

The clerk looked as though he would like to have bet millions it wouldn't. A dozen times the gentleman twirled the dollar on the marble counter. A dozen times more the suspicious clerk twirled it himself.

"That cigar ain't going ter be put out. See!" The car was now at a standstill and the driver was looking back at the two men on the rear platform.

"What was that conductor's number?" The small boy did not know; so the comedy will never have a tragic sequel.

FOR HORSEBACK-RIDERS. Advice Which Will Interest Frequenters of the Bridle Path. Avoid the drives whenever possible.

Never spur your horse to make him "show off." Those who think are admiring your horsemanship are undoubtedly jeering at you as a simpleton.

Do not rush by a lady. Her horse grows excited at the rapid approach of another and is liable to bolt. If you cannot ride well without the aid of stirrups don't put on spurs.

For morning rides wear a derby; in the afternoon a silk hat. Leggings, sack or top coat, and derby are harmonious.

A Safe Place. Frank Jones, a gentleman from Indiana, was seated alongside the driver on the stage going to Brownsville.

TRICKS WITH COINS.

An Old One Applied in a New Way—Twirling the Dollar. A clever hotel counter trick was played at the Continental recently by a friend of Mr. Kingsley.

"Now the figures tell me," said the performer, "that the quarter you selected is the last one in the right arm of the cross."

"Yes, that's it," said the clerk, in amazement. He was tried many times and found infallible every time. The secret was that the quarters lying on the cold marble were all especially cold as compared with the one held for a moment in the hand while the clerk found its distinguished marks.

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A Safe Place. Frank Jones, a gentleman from Indiana, was seated alongside the driver on the stage going to Brownsville.

"Is this country safe?" asked Frank of the driver. "Safe! Why, of course, it is."

"Robbers! Why, this part of the country has got such a bad name that the highway robbers are afraid to risk their lives in these parts."

LEGAL. First publication, June 5, 1891. NOTICE FOR PROBATE. LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH.

LEGAL. First publication, May 27, 1891. NOTICE FOR PROBATE. LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH.

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LEGAL. First publication, June 19, 1891. NOTICE FOR PROBATE. LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH.

LEGAL. First publication, June 19, 1891. NOTICE FOR PROBATE. LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH.

LEGAL. First publication, May 8, 1891. ORDER OF HEARING. State of Michigan, County of Delta.

LEGAL. First publication, June 19, 1891. NOTICE FOR PROBATE. LAND OFFICE AT MARQUETTE, MICH.

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Money to Loan on Short Notice, On Approved City Property. Authorized Capital, \$10,000,000. Subscribed Capital, \$7,000,000. Paid Up Capital, \$500,000.

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FINE WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRS. THAN AT THE PRESENT. All work entrusted to his care will be done in a workmanlike manner and on time and fully warranted.

Bring it in and see for yourselves. We want your work and will do all that any live man can to please. YOURS TRULY, J. N. MEAD, Escanaba, Mich.

SUMMER FOOTWEAR! Ladies and Gentlemen. ARE INVITED TO CALL UPON G. F. PETERSON. And Inspect his Complete Line of SHOES, SLIPPERS, ETC. A handsome line of Walking Shoes at the lowest prices.

Imported Havanas! KEY WEST PERFECTOS And the Finest Domestic Cigars. Are Kept in Perfect Flavor and Strength at BITTNER & SCHEMMELE. FRESH FRUITS A SPECIALTY.

THE IRON PORT.

The Iron Port Company.

J. C. VAN OUZER, EDITOR.
LEW. A. CATES, MANAGER.

The Detroit Commercial Advertiser has for years largely depended on a lottery attachment to circulate the sheet. People became subscribers on the same theory that they bought tickets in the Louisiana lottery. The paper advertised to distribute \$40,000 among the subscribers, and the latter "blew in" a couple of dollars on the theory that if they got a piece of the prize they were so much ahead, and if not they were out but little. The last drawing occurred last Thursday, and among the subscribers were a couple of postoffice inspectors. They made complaint, and last week the postoffice authorities confiscated several tons of the paper, being the whole of last week's edition. The papers went to feed the fire in the basement of the postoffice building and gave the colored fireman a hot job pitching the papers into the furnace. Yesterday C. J. Hough, who runs an advertising agency in this city, James A. McAllister and Edward C. Sharpe were brought before United States Commissioner Graves by a deputy marshal, charged with violating the postal laws by sending lottery advertisements through the mails. They waived examination and were taken before the United States district court, where they filed a *nolo contendere*, pleaded guilty, and were fined \$500 and \$300 costs by Judge Swan. —Tribune, Detroit.

Good job, too. Now get after the fellows who give away bicycles and cheap watches—treat 'em all to the same that Hough and his pals got.

Iron Mountain sits down, hard, on the company which undertook to furnish the city with water. Mayor Trudell tells the story in the following which we clip from the report in the Journal:

"Your company, Supt. Ordway, has not lived up to the terms of its franchise," he said, "and their action shows that they have no intention of trying to do so. They intend to pour Antoine water down our throats—fish, filth and all—and I for one am in favor of cutting short all dealings with you. You have forfeited your franchise and the council to-night should close the deal by prohibiting your further use of the streets of the city."

In accordance with his recommendation the council did pass a resolution declaring the franchise granted to the company forfeited and forbidding it to use the streets and alleys. The Journal says editorially: "The council did a commendable act, for although the Board of Health served notice on the company to stop the circulation of the filthy water on Monday they have ignored the mandate and continue to pump typhoid fever, diphtheria, and other diseases into the houses of hundreds, of citizens whose wives, children and friends are daily threatened with sickness and death. The company's course is worse than criminal, and no protestation of ignorance will satisfy the public that the members are blameless."

Gen. Alger, interviewed at Omaha as he returned from a tour west of that point yielded up the following: Blaine can have—but that was old and understood; Mr. Cleveland is all right with the western democrats, his ideas on silver don't hurt him; the Alliance will not put up a National ticket. If the general is right as to Mr. Cleveland what shall we believe of the western democrats who shout for free coinage of silver? Do they mean by their shouting merely to catch votes enough from silver loving republicans to elect their presidential candidate trusting to him to interpose his veto in case congress passes a free coinage act? Is that their little game? If they were honest in their shouting; if they really desired free coinage, could they consistently support Mr. C.? It may be that Gen. Alger is not in touch with democratic sentiment to the extent that qualifies him to speak of probabilities in that camp as he can of those in the republican, we should hardly expect him to be, but we hope he is; G. C. is the one man we desire to see opposed to our candidate, be he Blaine or another.

The trouble complained of by the socialists and semi-socialists, "unequal distribution," prevails in meteorology as well as finance. Here there has been no rainfall worth mention this year—in Dakota, Nebraska, Iowa and Kansas there has fallen too much rain. Theinequality exists in point of time as well as locality; where "too much" has fallen it has been not too much in quantity if it had been distributed evenly through the season, but a great deal too much in one day, making destructive floods instead of fruitifying showers. The Kansas legislature should remedy this condition of things by some act or acts. It should try, at any rate, as it has already tried to regulate matters equally beyond its control.

There can be little doubt that the "reformer" secretly laments this returned agricultural prosperity. There was a chance of his persuading farmers that the low prices for farm produce, brought about by entirely natural causes, were due to protection. Now that time has corrected these conditions and the farmer receives high prices for all he has to sell, while buying his manufactured supplies cheaper than ever before, it will be somewhat difficult to persuade him that our protective system is robbing him for anybody's benefit. Hence the grief of the "reformer." —An Economist.

We are about to begin the publication in Marquette of the Sunday Morning

Times, a Sunday publication with complete press reports, special features, and with agents and correspondents throughout the northern peninsula.

So says the editor, Mr. D. Z. Curtis, and if the Times shall deserve we hope it may achieve success. It has come to be expected that a "Sunday paper" will be a collector and disseminator of matters too rank for the ordinary, week-day newspaper, and if the Times turn out such it will not deserve success nor the good wish of any one; if it shall prove an exception (as we hope it may) that fact alone will help it to live. Neither the city of Marquette nor the upper peninsula has need or welcome for a paper patterned after the Albany Telegram or the Detroit Sunday Sun.

Between nations but two systems have ever existed; the free-trade tariff system and the protective tariff system.

The fruit of the free-trade tariff system is, in the words of the British Royal Commission, intermittent, and consequently dear production, and absence of reliable profits; in the words of General Booth, over 3,000,000 of helpless and starving British workmen, begging for work to earn the bare bread of daily existence; in the words of Cardinal Manning, "the capital that stagnates," and "the starvation wages of the (British) labor market."

The fruit of the protective tariff system is—by reserving the sure home market to the competition of American producers—continuity and consequently economical and profitable production, giving cheap prices to the ultimate consumer, fair returns on invested capital and the highest wages in the world to labor. Under it neither capital stagnates nor labor starves, but both do their work together.

That is why I am a protectionist.—David Hall Rice, in Am. Economist.

The Washington correspondent of the Boston Transcript blundered upon the fact that the payments to pensioners during the first fourteen days of June exceeded in amount the revenues of the government for the same days, and is scared. Our timid contemporary at Marquette sees the Transcript and it gets rattled too. It does not seem to have occurred to either of the writers that during those fourteen days one-fourth of the year's expenditures went out, while less than one-twentieth of the year's income came in, or they might have kept their poise and not have so slopped over. The merchant who meets his 90-day paper keeps his credit, though the sum may have been more than his receipts for a fortnight, over the counter. There's seldom a fortnight in which Hornstein collects enough to pay three months labor bills, but he pays 'em, all the same, and has a balance left. The editorial room should borrow pluck of the counting room.

The Year Book of Albion College for 1890-91 has just been issued. It is a neat volume of 184 pages. It consists of two parts. One hundred and twenty-eight pages are devoted to the work and record of the college. The last fifty-six pages are given to discussions on several very important educational questions. These discussions will be found to be of great value to teachers and an aid to all who are interested in the educational problems of the day. We are sure that they will be read by the many thousands to whom the book will, on application, be sent. The college prints 8,000 copies to supply the demand. Their issue last year amounted to 7,000, which was exhausted some time before this new volume made its appearance.

Mrs. Alonzo Kimball died Saturday last at 80 years. Mrs. Ann Plunkett died Thursday last at 76 years. "Uncle George" Langton passed his 88th birthday last Friday. Thrall's new boat, the Preston, was launched last Saturday. Mrs. E. Gott celebrated her 84th birthday last Thursday. The rink was on fire Monday night but the firemen saved it, not much harmed.—Advocate, Green Bay.

Open Pianos.
Pianos that are used in private houses should be tuned at least twice a year—once in summer and once in winter. No piano can be kept at concert pitch unless it is tuned oftener than once a year. When the pitch is raised only a half-tone, a couple of tons at least is added to the pressure on the frame. A piano should not be left open after it is used, unless one is willing to send often for the tuner. The accumulations of dust that are found on the sounding-board collect easily from the furnace or coal-stove in winter, and from the street in summer. An open piano, however, is a beautiful sight in the sitting-room of the family, while a closed instrument has no beauty whatever except that of a shining casket of polished wood. But if one indulges in the luxury of an open piano, let him frequently send for a tuner to keep it in order.—N. Y. Ledger.

Raising the Wind.
Prince Albert Victor, son of the prince of Wales, once, while at school, had made ducks and drakes of his pocket money, and wrote to his prudent grandmother begging a loan of five shillings. Instead of encouraging his extravagance with a compliance with his request the queen wrote him a letter on the text: "Waste not, want not." "Ha! ha!" chuckled the quick-witted young financier, and he straightway sold for thirty shillings the autograph of the empress-queen.—Boston Transcript.

—Walter—"I expect you to pay in advance." Guest—"What do you mean, sir?" Walter—"No offense, sir, whatever; but the last gentleman who ate had here got a bone in his throat and died without paying, and the boss took it out of my wages."

Why She Turned Around.
"Don't you know, Mily, that it is ill-mannered to turn around to look at a gentleman?"
"Mother, I only turned around to see if he turned around to see if I looked at him!"—Light.

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

—Since 1871 the Congregational churches in England have increased from 3,099 to 4,730.

—Mrs. J. B. Lippincott has given ten thousand dollars to endow the J. B. Lippincott Alcove of American and English literature in the library of the university of Pennsylvania.

—A paper has been signed by four hundred and seven German university professors declaring that the education now given in high-schools affords a poor foundation for scientific and medical studies.

—In India and Ceylon the results of missionary work are most satisfactory, the native Christians in the schools alone numbering 74,876, though the number of the missionaries is less than three hundred.

—The principal relic belonging to the church of Sainte Gudule, in Brussels, consists of a thorn which is said to have formed part of the Saviour's crown. "Florent III., count of Holland, brought it to the Netherlands in the times of the Crusades."

—An English North Country church has published a scale for contributions expected for the collection plate. The church will be content if it receive twopence for every five shillings income, or three per cent. A man in receipt of thirty pounds a week is expected to give a sovereign.

—In Spain eighty-four cloisters were erected between 1874 and 1890, at a cost of 42,000,000 pesetas (about \$8,000,000), for building and maintenance. The Spanish monks have in recent years established 492 places of business. As they use their religious position and piety in advertising their wares, they are the ruin of all their competitors. It is stated on good authority that 1,892 firms have been compelled to give up their business on account of the monks.

—President Warren of Boston university combats the prevalent impression that the age of students on entering college is gradually becoming more advanced. On the contrary, comparisons afforded by his own university show that the present average of age is lower than fifteen years ago, and President Copen makes a similar statement as regards Tufts college. At the university of Michigan in the decade 1870-1880 the average age on entrance was from nineteen to nineteen and a half years. Last year it was eighteen years.

—A striking table of the college population of the country is presented by the Congregationalist, the list including fifty of the leading institutions of the country, and embracing 90,188 students. It is noticeable, says the Congregationalist, that the drift toward great educational centers is as marked as is the tendency of population toward the cities. Eight institutions have each an enrollment of over one thousand students, and seven report between five hundred and a thousand. Nor is it the old colleges in the east alone which draw their pupils by the hundreds, but Harvard's 2,271 students and Yale's 1,645 are paralleled by Ann Arbor's 2,183 and Oberlin's 1,709.

—The claim advanced by some college professors that the study of music while developing the emotional faculties of the student does so at the expense of the mind is warmly contested by Carl Wittig in the Philadelphia Times. My only advice to these gentlemen, he says, is to take up the study of musical composition in its various branches, such as harmony, counterpoint, fugue and instrumentation, and pursue them to their finish, and I will vouch, if in the eager pursuit of these studies their hair does not turn gray at least ten years before its natural time, it surely will not be for want of sufficient brain work, but may rather be regarded as proof of the soundness of their bodily constitution.

FOR WHOM WOMEN DRESS.

Not for the Opposite Sex, But for Their Own.

The idea that ladies who lavish enormous sums annually in personal decorations dress to fascinate their husbands, lovers, or man in the aggregate, is a vulgar error. A fashionable woman is not half as anxious to win the admiration of the men as to provoke the envy of her own sex. The truth is that gentlemen, as a rule, know very little about the commercial value of female attire, and (except when they are called upon to pay the bills) care less.

An elegant and becoming toilet, however inexpensive, generally satisfies them.

Not so our first family belles and dashing dowagers. Cost is their standard of excellence in costume. And what consummate sumptuary critics they are! No tradesman is a better judge of the articles in which he deals than the lady of fashion is of all the articles her sisters wear. With a single sidelong glance, rapid, keen and searching, she can "reckon up" the habiliments of a rival almost to a shilling.

No pawnbroker, however accustomed to gauge the price of costly trumpery, could come nearer the mark. Imitation cashmeres, simulated lace and false jewelry do not deceive her for an instant. She sees through the cheat as easily as a banker detects a forged note, and sneers inwardly at the vain attempt to cope with her genuine extravagance. She triumphs in the reflection that all her splendors are sterling, and that her "set," sharp-eyed as herself, can distinguish between cheap "fine-ladyism" and the ruinous grandeur it is intended to cope with as well as she can.

But mole-eyed man sees not the difference unless it is pointed out to him. Is it not perfectly obvious then that the richly-bedigged goddesses of fashion dress to provoke envy in each other rather than to command manly worship? Of course they like to be admired by men, but to be envied by women is a supreme luxury.—Jury.

Why She Turned Around.
"Don't you know, Mily, that it is ill-mannered to turn around to look at a gentleman?"
"Mother, I only turned around to see if he turned around to see if I looked at him!"—Light.

TALE OF A JOKE MAKER.

In Which the Public's Love for Moldy Chestnuts Is Illustrated.

A professional humorist said the other day: "There is a great truth about jokes which both readers and writers recognize in practice but do not often formulate. It is this:

"A good joke improves no less with age than the wine of Bordeaux. Once upon a time there was a famous speaker whose tolerably bad lecture started off and ended with two of the most exquisite jokes ever invented. People traveled miles and sat patiently through the same lecture year after year to split their sides laughing at the same old jokes. After the effect of the introductory joke had worn off there was always perfect silence until the lecture was three-quarters done, when the anticipations of an audience which had never been swindled would begin to break out in gurgling laughter, nods, winks and whispers of 'It's coming!' And when at last this well-seasoned old chunk of wit brought the performance to a close the very roof was raised.

"But one fatal night there was a bad case of dyspeptic pessimism in a front seat. It is true that when he roared 'chestnut' at the first joke the audience nearly mobbed him, but the lecturer's tender spot was touched. He prepared a new lecture which began and ended with two absolutely fresh jokes. When the lecturer walked upon the platform with his new manuscript in his hand he received an ovation.

"The first new joke seemed to stupefy the people. But a few sentences of the new lecture woke them up, and they rose as one man and demanded their money at the box office. At the next town the lecturer affixed the old jokes to the new lecture, and all went so well that he is still cracking them with constantly increasing success." —Chicago Herald.

THE BARBER'S CLOCK.

A Barber Dispenses With His Timepiece to Help His Business.

A New York jeweler says he knows a barber down town whose long acquaintance with Americans has taught him not to keep a clock. There's method in his madness, too. These are his own words:

"You are about the hundredth man that has asked me about the clock. Well, I'll tell you a trade secret. You know my customers are all business men, and stop in two or three times a week to be shaved. Whether in a hurry or not, they want to get through with all possible speed. That's one of the peculiarities of Americans. An American may have all the time he wants, but he'll rush his lunch and his barber.

"So long as I had a clock in the shop men would rush in here, take a glance at it, jump into the chair and tell me to rush them through in ten minutes, as they desired to catch a train or keep an appointment. If I didn't get through in that time there would be a row, and I'd run the risk of losing a good customer. After a time I took my reliable old timepiece from its accustomed corner and placed it beyond reach.

"How does it work? Splendidly. The first few days I could hardly restrain myself from laughing. You know the first thing an American looks for when he enters into a barber's shop is the clock. You should have seen the disappointed faces the next few days. Everybody rushed in with his accustomed haste, glanced in the corner for the clock, and, my! Well, you can imagine the rest. Now, I can give everyone a first-class shave, and no one knows just how long I take to do it, because there's no clock here to make the occasion for a scolding."—Jewelers' Weekly.

HE PAID FIRST.

The Waiter Was Prepared to Enforce His Demand.

The proprietor of a French cafe in Paris, on the Rue de Pontoise, was very much annoyed by poor customers who took advantage of the temporary absence of the waiters to step out without paying their bills.

Finally he put up all around the cafe, inside, large notices—"Pay Before You Eat." The principal dish was a very thin but palatable soup served in large, deep bowls.

One day a man came in, and sitting down before a large bowl of soup which had just been poured out, he began to help himself.

A waiter came up and said, "Pay Before You Eat."

"I guess not. I always eat first."

"Not here. Our rule is, as you see, pay first."

"I don't pay first," said the man, and he continued to help himself to the soup, when, to his intense astonishment, the waiter pulled out of his pocket an immense wooden syringe, and dipping the nozzle of it into the soup-bowl drew the soup all out of the bowl into the syringe.

"Will you pay now?" said the waiter, holding the syringe suspended over the edge of the empty bowl.

The man concluded he would obey the rules, as the waiter had him at his mercy, and back the soup went.

The proprietor of that cafe must have had a little Yankee blood in his veins. He would make his fortune in America.—Youth's Companion.

She Plunged Them Down.

It was a Bible, a family Bible, a well-worn family Bible—the Bible of an old lady who read it, and walked by it, and fed on it, and prayed-over it for a long life-time. As she grew older and older, her sight began to fail, and she found it hard to find her favorite verses. But she could not live without them, so what did she do? She stuck a pin in them, one by one, and after her death they counted one hundred and sixty-eight. When people went to see her she would open her Bible, and, feeling over the page after her pin, would say, "Read there," or "read here," and she knew pretty well what verse was struck by that pin. She could indeed say of her precious Bible: "I love thy commandments above gold, yea, above fine gold; they are sweeter to me than honey and the honeycomb."—Detroit Free Press.

Furniture. Furniture.

Of every description and at prices to suit you at

P. M. PETERSON'S

ALL THE LATEST DESIGNS

—IN—

Parlor and Chamber Suites

BABY CARRIAGES

A big Stock of Various Makes and Styles, going at the Lowest Bed Rock Prices in order to close. See them.

—Remember if you want a—

PIANO, ORGAN

SEWING MACHINE

IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE US.

P. M. PETERSON.

ESCANABA

STEAM LAUNDRY!

516 Ludington St., Escanaba, Mich.

CAPACITY --- 10,000 .. PIECES .. PER .. DAY.

The Latest and Most Improved Machinery for Washing, Drying, Starching, Ironing and Polishing.

HOTELS AND FAMILIES
having a large quantity of work can secure special rates. Satisfaction both as to Price and Quality of work, or no charges.

Work Called for and Delivered to any Part of the City Free of Charge.

Agents Wanted in all towns within a radius of 100 miles from Escanaba.

LUMBER

THE I. STEPHENSON COMPANY

GEORGE T. BURNS, Manager.

LUMBER

Lath and Shingles,

Dressed Flooring, Wainscoting, Etc., Etc.

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

BOODLING IN CANADA.

Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works, Involved.

OTTAWA, Ont., June 28.—Sir Hector Langevin, minister of public works, has decided to retire from public life. The evidence adduced before the parliamentary committee of inquiry into the management of the department of public works has implicated the minister and his department in one of the gravest scandals ever unearthed in Canada.

The developments in the inquiry into the working of the contract boodling scheme created a most profound sensation throughout the country. It was generally conceded that Thomas McGreevy, M. P. for Quebec, was implicated, and that he manipulated some trusted official of the public works department. Owen E. Murphy testified on oath that he personally paid to Sir Hector Langevin, in his own residence at Ottawa, \$15,000 as his share of the booty captured by unscrupulous contractors on the public treasury.

Escanaba Township Matters. (These were written for our issue of Tuesday, but came to hand just a little late.—Ed.)

David McGirr and wife are visiting in Canada.

Miss Kate McLean, of Escanaba, was a visitor here this week.

Frank Pease was appointed school director of district No. 2, in place of Regis Beachamp, who removed with his family to Escanaba.

Crops look very poor throughout this section. The weather is too dry and cold to favor vegetable growth and farmers will have little to sell this season.

The French Canadians will celebrate the fourth by having a picnic in the woods and finish with a dance in Duranceau's hall in the evening.

Of course our people will want to see the elephant, and for that purpose will visit Gladstone on the 6th of July.

Supervisor Dansey attended the county board of supervisors at the county seat last week.

Ed. Hollywood returned from Reed City, Michigan, last week and will remain here permanently.

Jefferson Howard has returned from Colorado. He found no place like Michigan for the working man.

Rev. Father Reed of Montreal, Canada, visited his relatives, John and Clifford Barron, last week.

Mrs. Patrick Murphy has been quite sick for some time past, but is able to be around again.

Peter Budinger has a new family carriage.

The Misses Anna Lawrence and Florence Budinger were Escanaba visitors last Sunday.

Mrs. Richard Jones is finishing her new residence.

John Barron is improving the appearance of his farm property. CALVIN.

TIN PLATE IN AMERICA.

The London Times Expects Manufacturing Plants to be Moved Here.

LONDON, June 29.—The Times to-day referring to the fact that sixty delegates from the tin plate working districts of Wales are going to the United States in order to inquire into the prospects of profitable employment and to the statement that American agents in London are buying the latest improvements in tin plate machines as well as offering double wages to tin plate workers, says: "Should the delegates report favorably upon the prospects for tin plate workers in the United States it is not unlikely that there will be so large an exodus to America as to lead to a great portion of the trade hitherto monopolized by Wales, being transferred to America. Hitherto the idea has been that it was impossible to manufacture tin plates in America owing to atmospheric conditions, but tin plate makers who accompanied the iron and steel institute delegates to America reported that there was nothing except the want of skilled labor to prevent the successful manufacture of tin plate in America."

Sailed.

With ore: Lyon, Wright, Flower, Sauber, Schlesinger, Sainoa, Vance, Owen, Kaliyuga, Fontana, Eddy, Shaw, Gladstone—Buffalo. Bloom, Kent, German, Frontenac, Louisiana, Wawatam, Arizona, Plymouth—Cleveland. C. C. Barnes, Wells, Red White and Blue, Chippewa, Briton, Cambria—Ashtabula. Manhattan, Beals, Barbarian, Josephine, Minnesota, T. L. Parker, Howland, Merrimac, Manchester, Maryland, Massachusetts, Metacombet—Chicago. Street—Fairport, White Star—Elk Rapids.

With lumber: Barnes, Powers, Foster—Chicago. [Crowded out June 30.]

NEW WEATHER PROPHECY

Prof. Mark W. Harrington, of the University of Michigan is the Man.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Mark W. Harrington, editor of the Meteorological Journal and professor of astronomy at the University of Michigan, was to-day appointed chief of the weather bureau.

Acting-Secretary Grant to-day signed an order discharging the 162 employees of the signal service now engaged in the weather bureau. The list is headed by

Prof. Abbe and ends with the first class sergeants. Under the law the secretary of agriculture is bound to give preference to these men in making appointments on the force of the new weather bureau and with the exception of a few men who have elected to remain in what will hereafter be the purely military branch of the signal service, all of the employees who were engaged in the weather bureau are likely to be reappointed.

Now, let's go for Prof. Harrington with a petition a mile long for the re-establishment of a station at this place.

News Nuggets.

Persons who contemplate building should call on A. H. Butts for figures on lumber, brick, lime, building paper, cement, or in fact anything in the line of building material.

Strawberries for canning; now is the time to get them, they will not last much longer. Only \$1.50 per case at Erickson & Bissell's.

Choice fruits of every description, always fresh, at Gagnon's.

Rich, the New York tailor, is offering some great inducements in clothing made to order. Be sure to call and see him.

For brick, lime, plaster, cement, building paper, etc., see Butts; office near C. & N. W. passenger depot.

Meeting of National Education Association, at Toronto, July 14 to 17, 1891. For the above occasion the Chicago & North-Western Railway Co. will, from July 8 to 13, inclusive, sell excursion tickets to Toronto and return at the very low rate of one fare for the round trip, with \$2.00 added for membership in the association. For tickets and further information apply to agents C. & N. W. R'y.

New and elegant patterns in decorated chinaware just in at P. M. Peterson's hill grocery.

Strawberries for canning; now is the time to get them, they will not last much longer. Only \$1.50 per case at Erickson & Bissell's.

Wait for Peterson's opening of fireworks. The most complete line in Escanaba.

Rich, the New York tailor, is making suits to order for \$22.00; worth \$33.00.

Rich, the New York tailor, is making pants to order for \$5.00; worth \$8.00.

Gagnon has a large display of fireworks for the Fourth. Call and inspect.

Those who want building paper will do well to see Butts.

Complete new line of crockery at Peterson's hill grocery.

Fireworks at Peterson's.

THE POPE'S GOOD SENSE.

Leo XIII Refuses Cahensly's Petition and the Plan is Condemned.

ROME, July 1.—The pope has written to Cardinal Gibbons, declaring that he will never concede the demands made by Herr Cahensly on behalf of the St. Raphael societies for the protection of Catholic emigrants, in so far as the appointment of national bishops is concerned. The pope has also refused the petition of the Poles in the United States for the appointment of a Polish bishop.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 1.—When Cardinal Gibbons was shown the Associated Press dispatch of to-day from Rome, stating that the pope has written him that he will never concede the demands made by Herr Cahensly on behalf of the St. Raphael societies for the protection of Catholic emigrants, in so far as the appointment of national bishops is concerned, and that the pope has also refused the petition of the Poles in the United States for the appointment of a Polish bishop; Cardinal Gibbons remarked that he was very glad to receive the information. His eminence added: "I was not prepared for a communication of this kind from the Holy Father."

Card of Thanks.

For myself, and in the name also of the father and brethren of my lately deceased wife, I take this means of expressing our gratitude to our neighbors and friends for the kindness shown to her during her illness and the sympathy shown us in our time of grief.

A. CUNNING.

ESCANABA, July 1, 1891.

Excursion Rates for July 4 '91. C. & N. W. R'y. Paul and M. N. Ry's.

The C. & N. W. R'y. and M. N. Ry's will sell round trip excursion tickets to all stations July 3rd and 4th, good on day of sale. Return coupon good until July 6th, at reduced rates.

For further information apply at local ticket agent. 15-4

Low Rates via C. & N. W. R'y.

On July 3 and 4 the Chicago & North-Western Railway Co. will sell round trip tickets between all stations on its lines at very low rates; tickets good for return passage until and including July 6. For tickets and further information apply to agents C. & N. W. R'y.

The Firemen's Ball.

The Firemen will dance, on the evening of the 4th (of course, the celebration would be incomplete if they did not) at Opera Grand. Buy a ticket, everybody, and give the lads a benefit; they will excuse you if you are too tired to dance, but not a default as to the dollar.

The visitor to Ravenswood castle is shown a solitary chamber in a tower which is approached by a winding staircase. The floor of the chamber is concrete, and has no carpet or mat. The only furniture is a table and a chair, and it is said that the late countess of Ravenswood, a rigid Catholic, invariably, whatever her social duties, passed an hour in the morning and an hour at night in prayer within these cold and forbidding walls.

Husband (during a spat)—"You had better shut your mouth; the fool-killer is around." Wife—"I don't care; you've got your life insured."—Men's Outfitters.

WHAT AN ALDERMAN DOES.

He Must Help the Needy, Cheer Up the Sick, and Get Unlucky Friends Out of Jail.

The salary of an alderman is two thousand dollars a year. For this he is expected to attend a meeting of the board every Tuesday afternoon, to attend on various committees, and above all things he is expected to be popular with every resident of the district which he represents in the common council. His party wants him to be on good terms with the voters, and if he fails in this respect and falls into unpopularity he is very soon set aside. What it costs an alderman to be popular is something that nobody but an alderman, or perhaps his family, can understand. Of course he must be a hearty, bluff fellow in public, ever ready to shake hands with all comers, and to assure them that he never saw them looking better.

But the alderman has a great many other things to do which the general public doesn't know anything about.

One of the prominent members of the board told a reporter a few days ago what these things were.

"Nearly every night," he said, "my door bell is kept ringing for two hours by persons who want me to do something for them. If I had the ability to do everything that was asked of me I would have no time to give to my own business. The first caller last night was a baggage player who wanted a permit to wander about the streets. Before he left an old woman in widow's weeds was ushered in. She was taking up subscriptions to buy a headstone for her husband's grave. She said her husband had been a warm friend of mine and always voted for me, and so she thought I ought to put my name down for something handsome. She told me her name, but so far as I could remember I had never heard it before. I gave a small sum, which it was clear didn't half meet her expectations. I bowed her and the baggage player out together.

"I had hardly got back to my parlor before the bell jingled again. This time the callers were a poor laboring man and his wife whom I had known a number of years. They told me a dreary story about their son having been arrested and sent to an asylum, and implored me most earnestly to get him out. Then the woman burst into tears and the man's hands trembled. I felt extremely sorry for them, but what could I do? The boy was a bad fellow, and was being justly punished, but the parents couldn't see this, and so I finally promised to look into the matter for them, and if anything could be done to do it gladly.

"Then a man came in who wanted a permit to build a stand on the sidewalk. This was not a very difficult matter, and so I was able to give him a little cheer by promising to arrange it for him if I could. In the next half hour I had three calls from men who wanted me to get work for them, two calls from men who were threatened with ejection from their homes because illness had made it impossible for them to pay their rent, who wanted me to pay it, and five calls from men who wanted me to go around to the station house and secure the release of friends who had been locked up. Then a woman came in whose husband had been sick for several weeks. She said her children were hungry, and implored me to help her. Of course I couldn't refuse such a plea as this.

The alderman was asked if he had any system for seeing or helping them. "Oh, yes," he replied: "I remain at home for two hours on certain nights every week. I take the names of all the callers who want help. On certain nights the captains of the election districts meet me at the club, and each captain from whose district a request comes investigates it. If the persons are worthy every thing possible is done to relieve them. If their needs are pressing they are relieved at once, otherwise their names and addresses are sent to the commissioners of charities and corrections."

The alderman laughed and said: "If there is any man with the liver complaint let him be an alderman for three months, and I'll guarantee that it will cure him."—N. Y. Sun.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

One Cent a Word

Notices inserted under this head will be published at ONE CENT per word. No notice less than 15 cents. Parties wanting to sell; parties wanting to buy; families wanting domestic help; domestic waiting situations; merchants wanting clerks; clerks wanting situations; men wanting employment; employers wanting men, etc., etc., should patronize this column. Iron Port reaches a large number of people twice each week.

FOR SALE—A good paying livery business in Escanaba.

Good horses, buggies, carriages and cutters. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—One pair of ponies with Concord Road wagon.

Apply to office of the Cochrane Roller Mills Co. or J. S. Itinclinan, Oliver House.

FOR SALE—40 acres of land, situated in Escanaba township, in the Grandfort settlement.

15 acres cleared, good log house, root house, good hay land. One half cash, balance on easy terms. Apply to the Iron Port office, or address Louis Letellier, Schaeffer P. O., Mich.

NOTICE—is hereby given that all bills overdue to the undersigned firm must be settled or satisfactorily arranged by the first day of July next or they will be placed in the hands of a lawyer for collection; and no footing, either.

BRYAN, WIEGNER & CO. Escanaba, June 13, 1891.

FARM FOR SALE—The undersigned will sell for exchange for city property, upon favorable terms, a farm of eighty acres situated on the shore of Green Bay, five miles south of Ford River.

Thirteen acres cleared and in grass, good dwelling and two barns on the place. Good location for a fishery, summer or winter. Inquire of or address J. J. Jansen, Escanaba, May 13th, 1891.

A BUSINESS CHANCE—A good mill—with a fine receiving and shipping facilities and situated where it can be worn out before the available timber can be used up, is for sale low, the proprietors being about to change location. For further particulars call on or address this office.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

COMING! Wednesday & Thursday JULY 8 and 9.

Clarence : Holt COMPANY.

One of the Best if not the Very Best companies on the road.

Further particulars in our next issue.

NEW LIVERY FIRM Bergeon & Kraus, (Successors to Jo Bergeon)

THE WEST END LIVERY.

Having just added largely to our stock of horses and buggies, we are prepared to serve the public as well as any concern in Escanaba.

Everything -- First-Class!

Spilk, Sachs & Co. SECOND-HAND GOODS OF ALL KINDS. Clothing, Furniture, Etc.

REGS, OLD IRON, COPPER: And in Short Anything that can be made Useful.

ESCANABA OYSTER HOUSE AND Family Resort Restaurant.

J. B. Dufort, Prop'r. Furnished Rooms, with or without board, at reasonable rates. Sample Room in connection.

LIME, PLASTER, ETC. Jas. Drush & Co.

BRICK, TILE, ETC. DONOHUE ST., near the Engine house, Escanaba.

TRANSPORTATION. S. H. TALBOT. Railroad and Steamboat TICKET AGENT.

Cor. Ludington St. & Tilden Ave.

Tickets on sale for all parts of the United States and Canada European Steamship Tickets a specialty

CHURCH FAIR.

Swedish Lutheran CHURCH FAIR!

People's Opera House AUG. 30 and SEPT. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

For the Benefit of the Building Fund.

MANY - NEW - FEATURES!

Grand Raffle for a \$70 Parlor Suit

On Exhibition at Peterson's. TICKETS ONLY 50c.

Watch this Space from Time to Time!

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE: Northup & Northup, REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE

LOAN BROKERS. Office: One Door North of the Postoffice, Escanaba, Michigan.

Great Bargains in City Realty.

We are offering real estate 20 per cent. cheaper than in the past, and have desirable property in all parts of town on easy terms. We also offer some desirable residence property on the

Installment Plan--Easy Monthly Payments, If taken soon. Buy a home and stop paying rent; Escanaba dirt is continually enhancing in value. See us now.

The Selden S. H. Selden Addition Still have a few unsold lots. We are the exclusive agents for this property. * These are the most available cheap lots.

ARE YOU INSURED? Have you a store building, dwelling, barn, shop or household goods uninsured? If so, do not delay another moment, but hasten to our office, where 46 leading companies are represented. We pay losses.

Remember, we draw up all kinds of papers, execute deeds and mortgages, do conveyancing, and look after property for non residents. Yours for Business.

NORTHUP & NORTHUP.

TERRIBLE TARANTULAS.

A Species Whose Bite Is Said to Be Sure Death. The great spider called the tarantula, whose entire surroundings are so full of interest, is justly an object of dread to man and beast.

The Mygale sometimes spreads over six inches square, but more frequently four or five inches. The writer has at the present time a stuffed specimen that extends about six and a half inches.

There are two varieties in Arizona—the large, black, so-called Texas tarantula, a fierce and quarrelsome species, and a somewhat smaller kind, brown, heavier built and less aggressive.

It is almost impossible for one who isn't well informed to locate the tarantula's eyes. The first time the writer looked for them the result was utter failure, and ended in the conviction that the reptile was blind.

Tarantulas are considered deadly foes to each other, and are seldom found in company. When imprisoned together there is a fight, one succumbs and is eaten by the victor.

The Mygale poison is of a fearful nature—more dreadful than that of a rattlesnake—and unless only slightly scratched and heroic measures used, the result is fatal.

The Mexicans claim that in Mexico an extract is made from the tarantula and taken internally as medicine. This may be. Many blood poisons may be taken into the stomach with very little ill effect.

The small boys of this city have found a way to beat the nickel-in-the-slot machine, and in some localities have worked the game so successfully as to make quite a difference in the receipts to the owners of the devices.

—Pleased Her.—He (at 11:30)—"I hope you don't mind helping me on with my coat?" She—"No, indeed. It's the greatest pleasure in the world."

WOMAN ON HORSEBACK.

A Few Directions for the Guidance of New Beginners.

There are very few accidents in riding for which the unpardonable ignorance of the rider is not directly responsible. Seventy-five per cent. of the women-ride abominably, and poor form in their case shows much more plainly than in the man.

To the young women that have passed the age when they are susceptible to instruction we have nothing to say. When they become mothers, however, we tell them, with all the emphasis at our command, that if they allow their daughter to grow up with a little practical knowledge of the horse as they have, may the future result be upon their heads.

When your daughter begins her lessons, see for yourself, or get some one who does know, that her instructor is competent. Not one so-called riding-master in a dozen knows little else than to sit his animal, and make it pirouette for the benefit of the spectators that gaze in horrified wonder at this offshoot of the circus ring-master, in his tight and great boots.

Concerning Potatoes. Sir Hans Sloane, born in 1660, and who became a physician of eminence and a writer of note, in a letter to a friend in 1707 says, in allusion to the great variety of food given for man's sustenance.

FOR SALE. Railroad Lands in Southern Illinois. The Illinois Central Railroad Company is offering lands at so low a price that it seems absurd to tell what they are capable of producing, yet it is a fact that the crops from apple orchards are yielding from \$300 to \$500 per acre.

Most of the lands offered for sale by the Illinois Central Railroad Company can be made to produce the same results. They lie along the line of this railroad at a distance of from 3 to 15 miles, and the country is traversed by many other railroads, thus affording facility for transportation of early fruits and vegetables to any market that may be selected.

MILLINERY. SPRING MILLINERY!

HANDSOME DISPLAY

NEW

STYLES AND SHAPES

Mrs. S. A. Roberts'

New Line of Children's Hats And Trimmings.

Mrs. Lucy Peterson has just returned from Chicago where she spent some time in acquainting herself with the Styles, and can please the ladies as regards the latest.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

BICE & BICE

Offer some extra good bargains in Instruments of leading makes, including the number being the Weber.

MUSICAL - MERCHANDISE

OF ALL KINDS.

The Only Complete Line in Escanaba.

706 Ludington Street.

GROCERIES

P. M. PETERSON

STILL ON DECK

Groceries & Provisions

CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE,

NOTIONS, ETC.

His goods are Fresh and of the Finest Quality. Prices Away Down.

West Ludington St., Escanaba, Mich.

Charles O. Collins,

GENERAL

Collection - agency!

Accounts of Merchants and Others Solicited.

Prompt Attention

Given to all Business.

OFFICE

Corner Ludington and Douglas Streets—With Gilbert.

THE BEST

CHEAPEST!

BUY

ELLSWORTH'S

STICKEY

FLY-PAPER!

Remember that we are headquarters for

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumes, Druggists' Sundries, Etc.

CONTRACTORS

GIRVAN BROTHERS,

Contractors & Builders

OFFICE IN MASONIC BLOCK.

Estimates for Public and Private Buildings Cheerfully Furnished.

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.

This Great German Medicine is the cheapest and best. 25 doses of SULPHUR BITTERS for \$1.00, less than one cent a dose.

BLUE PILLS

THE INVALID'S FRIEND.

Try a Bottle To-day!

Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.

FUR

ACKER'S BLOOD ELIXIR

English

WHY? Because Your Blood is Impure!

Have you ever used mercury? If so, did you give yourself the needed attention at the time? Don't you know that as long as the mercury is in the system, you will feel the effects of it?

DOCTOR

ACKER'S BLOOD ELIXIR

English

WHY? Because Your Blood is Impure!

Have you ever used mercury? If so, did you give yourself the needed attention at the time? Don't you know that as long as the mercury is in the system, you will feel the effects of it?

DOCTOR

ACKER'S BLOOD ELIXIR

English

WHY? Because Your Blood is Impure!

DRUGGIST. GEORGE PRESTON,

—Dealer in—

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Pure : Old : Liquors

For Medicinal Purposes Only,

Paints, Varnishes, Kalsomines,

—AND—

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS,

302 LUDINGTON ST.

He has on hand, new this season, a full stock of

Wall Paper and Borders,

—AND—

EPHRAIM & MORRELL.

M. EPHRAIM.

ROBERT E. MORRELL.

Ephraim & Morrell,

Merchant Tailors & Furnishers,

—HAVE REMOVED TO—

420 Ludington Street,

Where they offer the best of goods, the most perfect fits, the best of workmanship and prompt service.

Give Them A Call,

HEATERS! HEATERS HEATERS!

of any pattern or description wanted.

TOOLS

For Woodsmen and Equipments for Camps.

Logging Sleighs!

Supply Sleighs!

Chains, Etc.

Hardware, Arms and Cutlery.

301 Ludington St. WALLACE'S 301 Ludington St.

MINING LANDS

AND MINING OPTIONS,

Escanaba, Michigan.

Operates on all the ranges, Marquette, Menominee, Gogebic and Vermilion; has choice properties now in hand to which attention is invited.

FLOUR & FEED. BITTNER, WICKERT & CO. DEALERS IN Flour and Feed, Hay, Grain and Seeds. Southeast Corner of Ludington and Wolcott Streets. CHICAGO PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF FURS.

PERSONAL AND LITERARY.

A woman of Montello has among her treasures a book which was printed in 1667, and is, therefore, two hundred and twenty-four years old.

To the fleet of beautiful steam yachts owned by wealthy New Yorkers has been added the Corsair, built for J. Pierpont Morgan, the banker, and launched in Philadelphia.

Dielen's home, Gad's Hill place, is, but for the rapid growth of his lime trees skirting the road, unaltered. It now belongs to Francis Law Latham.

Disraeli, it is related in a new book of reminiscences, was addressing a noisy meeting in the town hall of Aylesbury on one occasion.

When her majesty, the empress of Japan, drives no one is permitted to look at her from the windows or chimneys in the doors or any part of the house.

Mrs. Bonanza Mackay speaks French and Spanish to perfection, and not only converses fluently in both these languages, but writes them like a native.

Darwin used to go into the zoological gardens in London and, standing by the glass case containing the cobra di capello, put his forehead against the glass while the cobra struck out at him.

HUMOROUS.

Drug Clerk (to Stranger)—"What do you wish, sir?" Stranger—"I wish you 'good-morning,' sir. Where is your directory?"

First Bicyclist—"How does this road strike you?" Second Bicyclist (talking a header, from the wreck of the machine)—"Quite forcibly, Fred."

"Shooter must be a fool. You say he offered Banger a thousand dollars for his bird dog?" "Yes, but Banger was a bigger fool. He wouldn't take it."

Very Accommodating.—Mrs. Wed-year (with a small attack of the grip, and a large attack of blues)—"And if I should die, Ernest, would you come and sit by my grave?" Ernest—"Oh, gladly, gladly!"

"That fellow over there must feel uncomfortable." "Why?" "He tried to shut the car-window for the lady in front of him, but he couldn't do it. After he gave it up, the lady tried and succeeded."—Boston Herald.

Sam Beck, '93—"Freshleigh won't give me the pipe I matched him for last night." Jack Matthews, '92—"Why not?" Sam Beck—"I don't know. Perhaps it is because I used a Chinese coin and called the hole heads."—Harvard Lampoon.

"Is this a cool neighborhood in summer?" "Is it? Well, I should say it was! There isn't a man in the neighborhood who doesn't help himself to my chickens, flowers, and lawn-mower without so much as by your leave."—Harper's Bazar.

Theatrical Manager—"Say, can't I have an hour or so of your time?" Hotel Clerk—"What is it you wish me to do?" Manager—"I wish you would come over to the theater and wear your diamond stud. We want to photograph the audience by flash light."—America.

Not Exactly a Star.—"Played Hamlet more than a thousand times?" echoed the questioner. "You must be a regular star." "No; I'm not exactly a star," replied the man with the frazzled trousers, as he stooped down and dug a pebble out of his shoe.

"You may talk as much as you please about the impoliteness of women on street cars," he declared, "but I've been riding on this line for ten years now twice a day, and I've never given up my seat yet that I haven't been thanked for it." "How many times have you given it up, do you suppose?" inquired his interested auditor. "Once."—Washington Star.

Charity Made Easy.—Alpine Guard—"Here at this cross is the place where the guide Peter fell and was killed. Don't you want to give me a little money for his poor wife and children?" "Oh, yes; but how is it that yesterday on the other side of the mountain they showed us a cross for the same guide?" "That is all right; that is for the travelers who go up on the other side?"—Demorest's Monthly.

STREET-CAR ETIQUETTE.

Some Pointed Suggestions by an Old Conductor.

No true lady should ever have her fare ready when the conductor enters the car. Only women do that.

No lady should thank the man who offers her a seat. Men are never crippled, rheumatic or tired, and the builder of the first street-car expected they would ride on the platforms, anyhow.

In case there are four ladies on one side of the car and ten men packed in like sardines on the other, and a woman who looks as if she was a seamstress enters, the four ladies should look totally unconscious of her presence.

A real lady who accidentally loses a cent on the floor of the car will neither yell "murder!" nor call for the police. In a haughty, dignified way, which admits of no argument, she will order the car stopped, all the other passengers to alight, and then have the car turned bottom side up.

Where a car has only one open side to the rear platform, a real lady will govern herself accordingly by getting on the wrong side of the street.

No lady should recognize an acquaintance on a car until it has stopped at her street. She should then sail down the aisle, pass the time of day, inquire about different mutual friends.

One object in having street cars in a town is that baby carriages and small children may be accommodated.

If you are only going three blocks stop a car, order the driver to hang the buggy with its dirty wheels against the backs of the men obliged to stand on the platform, and then pass in your five children.

The rule against dogs does not apply to your canine. It was meant for one which removed to Toledo several years ago.

It shows undue haste and loss of dignity to motion for the conductor to stop until the car is within twenty-seven inches of where you want to alight.

Do not raise your parasol or hand to stop a car you want to take. It is considered very vulgar, and Queen Victoria hasn't practiced it for over ten years.

STORM PHENOMENA.

Unaccountable Atmospheric Changes in Distant Lands.

Once in ten years or so, abnormal events baffle the forecasts of our weather-augurs. Hurricanes invade a supposed region of perpetual calms, or polar waves rout the guests of a winter-resort where frozen fluids were known only in the form of ice-cream.

Selling Peacocks.

A New York fakir selling peacocks on Broadway recently said: "These birds come from Ohio. What are they worth? I'll sell them to you for twenty-five dollars a pair. My pard there has the female and this is the male, a lovely specimen, as you see. Why do we bring them along Broadway? Because the swells and your fine ladies would not see them anywhere else.

Strawberries!

Strawberries!

CANNING!

Now is the time to get them, they will not last much longer.

ONLY \$1.50 PER CASE

Erickson & Bissel.

A BRILLIANT IDEA

GEO. COOK

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

This includes Chamber Sets, Parlor Suites, Tables, Chairs, Stoves, Tinware, Etc., Etc.

PAUL W. GIEBEL,

TOBACCONIST!

Fine Cigars

The Celebrated "La Flor de Soto" and "Arabella" a Specialty.

SMOKERS' ARTICLES OF ALL KINDS.

Cor. Ludington and Douman.

F. A. BANKS, Surgeon Dentist. Corner Ludington street and Tilden avenue. Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 and 6 to 7 p. m.

GAS ADMINISTERED. Sign of the Golden Tooth.

J. H. TRACY, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Residence. Office hours, 8 a. m., 1 and 7 p. m.

REYNOLDS & COTTON, Physicians and Surgeons. Homeopathic school of practice. Office over Mead's Drug Store.

F. I. PHILLIPS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon ESCANABA, MICH.

C. H. LONG, M. D., Physician and Surgeon Room 6 Smerer building, corner Ludington and Hart.

D. R. C. J. BROOKS, Physician, Surgeon and Pharmacist. Rapid River, Delta Co., Michigan.

JOHN POWER, Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office over Goodell's new store, Ludington St. Will practice in all courts, state and federal.

MEAD & JENNINGS, Attorneys at Law, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY. Office in second story Bank building.

A. R. NORTHUP, LAWYER. Practices in all Courts, Attends promptly to Collections, etc. Office on Harrison Avenue, east side, between Ludington and Thomas streets.

T. B. WHITE, Attorney at Law. Office 2d Floor No. 511 Ludington St., ESCANABA, MICH.

ROYCE & WAITE, Attorneys. ESCANABA, MICH.

EMIL GLASER, Notary Public. Prepares documents in either the English or German languages, takes risks for responsible Life, Fire or Accident Insurance companies.

JOHN A. JOHNSON, Justice of the Peace. Contracts drawn in English and Scandinavian. Agent for Steamers to and from Europe. Drafts sold and Money remitted.

A. S. WINN, Dentist. Office in the Carroll Block. ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

C. J. FINNEGAN, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence corner of Ludington and Campbell streets. ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

CHAS. E. MASON, Counselor at Law. Office in The Delta Building corner Delta avenue and Seventh street. GLADSTONE, MICHIGAN.

FRED. E. HARRIS, Contractor and Builder. Work of all kinds promptly executed. Plans and specifications for buildings of all kinds. Office at residence on Ogden avenue. ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

JOSEPH HESS, BUILDER. Will contract for the erection of buildings of any description—for stone, brick or wood work. Or will move buildings. Terms easy and work performed in time and according to agreement. Residence and shop on May St.

JOHN G. ZANE, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Dealer in City Property, Farming and Timber Lands.

Township Diagrams, City Plats and General Map Work promptly executed. Office 2d story Hessel's Building, 507 Ludington St., Escanaba, Michigan.

Hart's Line Time Table.

Table with columns for destination (Leaves Garden, Nahma, Fayette, Arrives Escanaba, Leaves, Arrives Garden) and time (6:00 a.m., 7:00 a.m., 8:00 a.m., 11:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:00 p.m., 5:00 p.m., 6:00 p.m.).

FOR GREEN BAY: At 2:00 p.m. Sunday; 7:00 a.m. Wednesday, and 5:00 p.m. Friday. JOHN A. McNAUGHTAN, Agent.

Wayne County Savings Bank, Detroit, Mich. \$500,000 to Invest in Bonds.

Issued by cities, counties, towns and school districts of Michigan. Officers of these municipalities to issue bonds will find it to their advantage to apply to this bank. Blank bonds and books for prospectus supplied without charge.

GROCERIES.

Largest, Choicest and most Complete stock of Groceries in the city, consisting of Choice Teas, Coffees, Pure Spices, Burnett's Flavoring Extracts—full line, Cocoas, Chocolates, and a complete line of Bottled and Canned Goods. Fruits, Vegetables and Provisions. Finest line of Domestic and Key West cigars. Tobaccos, wholesale and Retail. Mail orders given prompt attention.

A. H. ROLPH, 509 LUDINGTON STREET.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

One of the most complete lines to be found in Escanaba, including everything necessary for family use. In the line of



Grocery AND Glassware, We take no Back Seat. Furnishing Goods. Of every description for young men middle aged men and old men. In this line we can satisfy you.

For Anything in the Above Line Call on OSCAR V. LINDEN, 1001 LUDINGTON STREET, LUDINGTON STREET.

JEWELRY. C. J. CARLSON, DEALER IN JEWELRY



Watches, Clocks, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, Spectacles of All Kinds.

YOU ARE INVITED TO INSPECT. 704 Ludington Street Escanaba, Mich.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE. Young & Merrill, GENERAL - MERCHANDISE,

RAPID RIVER MICHIGAN. Camp Supplies a Specialty. Terms and Prices as Favorable as any House in the Region.

A HEAVY STOCK OF DRY GOODS at Prices to force the trade, GIVE THEM A CALL.

FLOUR AND FEED. Flour, Feed, Hay and Grain

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Choice Brands of Flour. Mail orders Given Attention.

ED. DONOVAN, ESCANABA.

J. JEPSON,

Aromatic Stomach, Wild Cherry and Stoughton Bitters, and Aerated Waters and all "Soft Drinks. Also agent for the celebrated Allouez Mineral Water from the Springs at Green Bay, Wis.

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

—The Methodist Epworth league has reached a membership of over three hundred and fifty thousand.

—The feminine students at Cornell university have adopted the mortar-board hat of the male students.

—Dr. Harper, one of the oldest Presbyterian missionaries in China, places the total number of Buddhists in the world at seventy-five million.

—Cornell college, Mount Vernon, Ia., reports an attendance of five hundred and fifty during the winter term just closed; the enrollment for the year will reach seven hundred.

—By decision of the New York court of appeals Vassar college will be spared the payment of the inheritance tax on the big John Guy Vassar bequest which is finally to come to it. The tax would be about twenty-eight thousand dollars.

—The resignation of Dr. James M. da Costa from the chair of theory and practice of medicine in Jefferson Medical college, Philadelphia, caused a great stir in that institution and among the doctors. A desire for relief from some of his immense professional labor is the reason assigned for this step, but there was for a time some groundless gossip about his relations with other members of the faculty having been strained.

—German papers express serious alarm at the spread of irreligion in the fatherland. The number of Germans in the large cities receiving neither baptism or confirmation amount to hundreds of thousands. In Prussia alone there are thirty thousand irreligious persons who have never been baptized. This number does not include those who have been baptized but disclaim the church and all religious institutions.

—Dr. Jordan's successor as president of Indiana university will be Dr. John M. Coulter, now connected with Wabash college and one of the best-known botanists in the country. Dr. Coulter is the son of a missionary, and was born in China. He graduated at Dartmouth, but took a further course at Harvard, where he taught botany for a time. He is the author of the best standard works on his specialty, and is also the publisher of "The Botanical Magazine."

—At the international convention of old Catholics held in September, in Cologne, it was learned that quite a colony of Jansenists still existed in France. In all they number about five thousand souls in Forez and Dauphine. They have been without church and priest, their old men having led in worship, and the works of Nicole and Hamonbour constituted their source of edification. They have now petitioned the Old Catholics to supply them with a priest.

HIS MEMORY WAS AT FAULT.

The Youth Wanted to See His Relative, but Couldn't Recall His Name.

"When it comes to men with poor memories," said a traveling man, "I know the name of their king. I have heard all the stories. I guess—about the man who went around looking for the horse he was riding, and all that—but I can

give you an actual experience that I think beats them all.

"I met a young man in an interior town in Iowa on one of my trips who seemed to be in trouble. He was pre-occupied, apparently trying to figure out some difficult problem. We got acquainted, and in a short time he unbosomed himself to me.

"He said he was from New York and had been making a tour of the west. He had been away from home then about two months.

"Before I left," he said, "my father told me to be sure and stop off here and see a distant relative—an old man whom none of the family had seen for years. I forgot all about it until I started for home. But now I'm here, and between you and me I can't recall the name of the man I want to see. I've been here two or three hours now trying to figure it out, but it's no go. Of course I could get it by telegraphing home, but I don't want to do it."

"Of course I wanted to help him out, and I asked him if he would know the name if he heard it. He thought he would, but he wasn't sure. I asked him if he knew his business."

"My recollection is," he said, "that he is a druggist."

"Now, I am about as well acquainted with druggists in Iowa as I am with that other class of men who deal in intoxicating beverages in other states, and I immediately gave him the names of several. He shook his head. One of the names sounded familiar, but he wasn't sure of it.

"Is it—?" I asked, starting to continue the list.

"He stopped me right there.

"That's the name," he said, as his face colored up; "but don't say anything about it to a soul. I'm going down to see him and I'm going to get two bottles—one for you if you keep your mouth shut. That's his name, and if you'll look on the register you'll find a man with the same name registered from New York. What do you suppose my father would have said if I had wired him for my relative's name?"—Chicago Tribune.

Couldn't Hurt Him Anyway.

When Lord Thanet was imprisoned in the tower for the O'Connor riot, three of his friends—the duke of Bedford, the duke of Laval and Capt. Smith—were admitted to play whist with him and remain till the lock-up hour of eleven. Early in the sitting Capt. Smith fell back in a fit of apoplexy, and one of the party arose to call for help. "Stop!" cried another; "we shall be turned out if you make a noise. Let our friend alone off eleven. We can play dummy, and he'll be none the worse, for I can read death in his face."—Chicago News.

Where Chemistry Falls.

Mrs. De Jones—My baby spilled about a quart of ink on a lot of old rags, and a drop or two got on my best dress. Have you anything that will take ink out?

Honest Druggist—I have many things that will remove ink from old rags, but I don't know of anything that will take ink out of a best dress.—N. Y. Weekly.

HOSE-MILLINERY.

Extraordinary Bargains! DOWN GO PRICES!

Every Article in our Millinery Department Marked Down in order to close out summer goods.

500 Pairs Ladies' Cotton Hose-colored—worth 50 to 60 cents, at 25 cents, until closed out.


First Come, First Served! EVERYTHING VERY LOW

ED. ERICKSON.

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD.

Try the Cure



Ely's Cream Balm

Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Alleviates Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste, Smell and Hearing.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50c. at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 50 Warren St., New York.

THE FAIR.

\$25,000.00 STOCK MUST BE SOLD!

—AT—

"THE FAIR."

B. SALINSKY, PROPRIETOR. ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

A Good Suit for \$5.00—First-Class Black Cork Screw Suit for \$10.00.

These have fine worsted binding and well worth \$16.00 to \$18.00. We can show you as good a suit for \$15.00 as can be found anywhere else in town for \$20.00. This is no humbug but an Actual Out Price Sale.

SHOES!—At half their usual price. Best working shoes, grain leather and double sole, beats the world, at only \$1.25. There is no better working shoe to be found in town. Fine first-class calf skin shoes, sold anywhere else in town at \$3.50. We are running them during this cut sale at only \$2.00.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY CALLING ON US

For anything you may need in our line. : : : : : Our number is 812-814 Ludington street.

PAINTING.

SIGN WRITER and PAPER HANGER

—C. G. SWAN—

Does all kinds of work in this line at reasonable prices. Fine decorations of public and private buildings a specialty, and satisfaction guaranteed.

SHOP CORNER SECOND AND CHARLOTTE STREETS. LOCK BOX 945.

B. ST. JACQUES.

ST. JACQUES, the Grocer, carries a large and complete line of goods and solicits a liberal share of your patronage. Everything is fresh and crisp. He has

CHOICE BUTTER and FRESH EGGS.

and deals them out on the corner of Hale and Georgia streets.

THE ONLY BIG RAILROAD SHOW COMING

RINGLING BROTHERS'

WORLD'S GREATEST SHOWS

Three Ring Circus

—AND—

Elevated Stages!

REAL ROMAN HIPPODROME

MUSEUM AND AQUARIUM.

Mighty Millionaire Menagerie, World's Horse Fair and Realistic Roman Gala Day, Sports and Spectacles.

—WILL EXHIBIT AT—

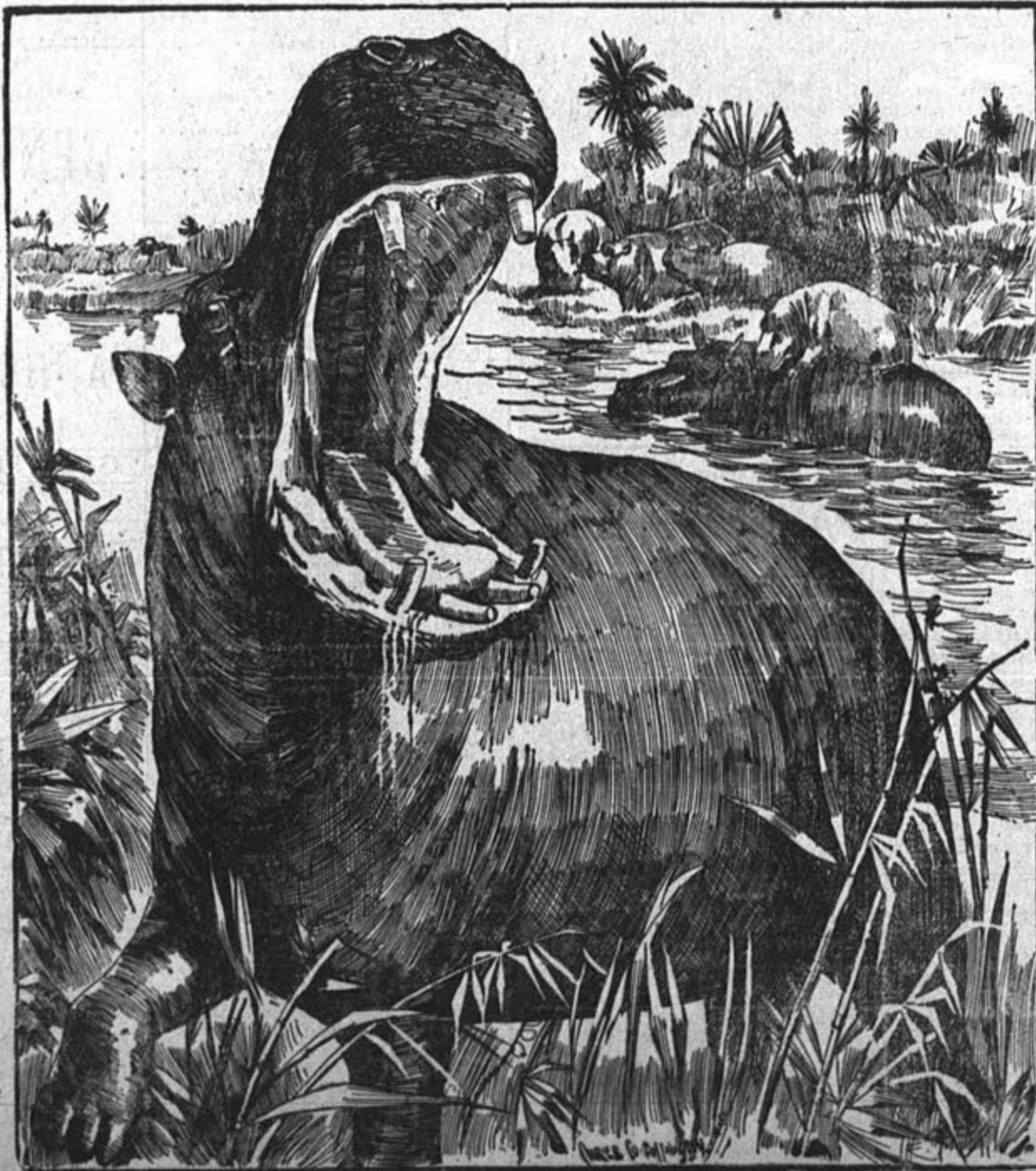
Gladstone, Monday July 6

—The Largest and Most Faultless Union of—

Mighty Shows on Earth!

Embracing all the Cardinal Features of the Amusement World, now Enlarged to fully five times its former vastness. A veritable traveling city of splendors with a marvellous population and an opulent wealth unparalleled in the history of amusements.

Every morning at 10 o'clock the most elaborate, sumptuous FREE STREET PARADE that has ever moved in Pomp and Glitter through any city in the world.



1000—PEOPLE—1000

300—HORSES—300

80—MUSICIANS—80

5—BRASS AND REED BANDS—5

10—DIFFERENT KINDS OF MUSIC—10

100—DAZZELING ACTS—100

7 OF THE DENS OF WILD ANIMALS 7

OPEN IN PARADE

3—GREAT CIRCUS RINGS—3

2—ELEVATED STAGES—2

1—Largest Hippodrome Track on Earth—1

\$1,000,000 Invested in Menagerie Alone.

1-Ticket Admits to All-1

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