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The Escanaba Tribune.

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VOLUME VI. ESCANABA, DELTA COUNTY, MICH., SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1875. NUMBER 22.

CURRENT EVENTS

MRS. OSWALD OTTENDORF, wife of the proprietor of the Staatszeitung newspaper of New York, has given $200,000 for the establishment of a home for aged and infirm persons of the Evangelical Lutheran denomination.

THE final ceremonies are yet to take place before Cardinal McCloskey will have a voice in the sacred college—he is now a cardinal only in title. He will repair to Rome in about six months, and receive from the Pope the scarlet hat, and sapphire ring, which can only be bestowed by his Holiness himself.

MEMORIAL DAY was observed with imposing ceremonies at Augusta, Ga., on the 26th ult. The interest of the occasion was increased by the laying of the corner stone of a confederate monument, General Evans delivering an address, in the course of which he uttered the following:

"Let us do nothing to keep alive the passions of war. To study its lessons is prudence, to profit by its teachings is wisdom, but to stir up old animosities is madness. The voice of this monument will not be for war, but for peace. It will say to us the confederacy has expired; its great life went out on the purple tide of blood that flowed from the hearts of its sons. We have buried it; we do not intend to exhume its remains. We are utterly defeated, and we dismiss our resentments. Sadly we parted with our dear old cross of stars which we followed through many storms of shot and shell, but we take with the true hard of southern honor the staff that holds the flag of stars and stripes. I remount with the truest feeling today to the fraternal words of Gen. Bartlett, spoken at the centennial of the first battle of the old revolution."

A VERY important movement among oil dealers is announced from New York. It is stated that from 1872, when the old South Improvement Company was abolished, the refiners who were instrumental in forming the combination have been endeavoring to effect an arrangement which would enable them to control the production and price of petroleum. Their efforts have been strenuous, and they have succeeded in forming a combination which embraces ninety per cent. of the refiners in this country. They expect to control the remaining 10 per cent. before the end of next month. It is then expected that the new combination will go into effect. A stock company has been organized, the Standing Oil Company of Cleveland and New York City, the principal promoters of the South Improvement Company, being the head and front of the new combination.

THE compulsory educational measure is working satisfactorily in New York. From the report of the superintendent of truancy of New York city, just submitted, we learn that from March 17 to April 6, there were 119 occasional truants, 27 habitual truants, and 46 non-attendants, many of whom had never been at school. Of these 202 children 121 have already been reclaimed. As soon as the night schools are opened, the new-boys and bootblacks will be swept into them. "Many interesting cases," says the New York Tribune, "might be cited, all tending to show that the Compulsory Education act is working satisfactorily throughout New York; that its practical benefits are already being made manifest in the increased attendance at the schools, and that it meets with the indorsement and co-operation of parents generally, who recognize the importance of an education for their children and a removal from the demoralizing influences of street association in a crowded city."

BOSTON is throwing out her signal light again, not as warning to interior towns against the approach of the angry Briton,—oh, no; that Paul Revere and old South Church business played out a hundred years ago. The Hub informs the country now that she is in a bad way. Stagnation in legitimate business, with unemployed capital rushing into speculation, is the burden of her cry. The great advantages of the New England metropolis as a commercial port are at a discount for a lack of railway competition with the three great lines who pour business into the lap of New York. A strong pressure is being made upon the legislature of Massachusetts to guarantee necessary stock for the building of a direct line to Chicago; which shall have no entangling alliances with colossal organizations; and which, through its earnings, shall gradually redeem its stock until all is extinguished, when the State becomes the owner of the property. The appeal of Boston is seconded by other seaport and inland cities.

THE Chicago Tribune is reminded of an historical incident by a story in a St. Paul paper, in relation to the execution of 28 Indians at Mankato, Minn., some years ago, by Gen. Sibley. Over three hundred had been condemned to death by a military commission, but it was finally decided to execute only those who had been recognized as active leaders in the butchery, and a member of the delegation sent to Washington to obtain the President's signature, to the death-warrant tells this story, which proves that the execution was entirely without authority:

After the transaction of some minor matters, Senator Ramsey drew from his pocket a telegram from Gen. H. H. Sibley, asking for the Executive order to execute the thirty-eight convicted savages. After a hurried reading of the dispatch, Mr. Lincoln, turning nervously in his seat, and shoving his long, lank fingers up through his hair, said: "Oh! dear me, to give, in cold blood, my official or formal sanction or edict to the execution of thirty-eight human beings! It seems to me there can be nothing on record, no precedent from any civilized ruler, nothing in the history of the world like it, and I tremble at its contemplation. Mr. Ramsey, why—why didn't Gen. Sibley first do the hanging, and then, if necessary, ask me to approve his action?" Acting upon this suggestion (if such a construction could be placed upon it), Senator Ramsey said, "All right, Mr. Lincoln," and then telegraphed to Gen. Sibley to go ahead with the hanging, which he did.

If the above is true, says the Tribune, it is a perfectly parallel case to the assassination of Thomas A'Becket, at the implied command of Henry II.

FLASHES OF NEWS.

Washington.

THE Commissioners of the Freedmen's Bank have about $500,000 now on hand, which is 10 per cent. on the claims.

GEN. ADAM BADEAU, U. S. Consul to London, was on the 27th married to Miss Marie E. Niles. The ceremony took place in New York, and Cardinal McCloskey officiated.

THE president has appointed Edwards Pierrepont, of New York, Attorney-General of the United States.

THERE are still remaining in the General Land office undelivered nearly 200,000 patents for agricultural lands. Of this number about 75,000 are from Illinois, and quite as many from Indiana and Missouri. Among them are patents signed by every President, from Monroe to Lincoln. The reasons assigned for the retention of these patents in the Land-Office is that many land-owners consider their title valid if they have the receivers' duplicate receipt. This is not the case, and the Land-Office frequently cancels their duplicate receipts, and issues the patents to new parties.

THE Comptroller of the Currency has declared a dividend of 10 per cent. in favor of the creditors of the First National Bank of Mansfield, O., making in all a dividend of 55 per cent.

THE President has assigned Dr. Linderman, the director of the mint, to make the examinations ordered by Congress as to what point in the Western States and Mississippi Valley possesses the best advantages for a mint. The investigation will be made during the coming summer.

A NUMBER of treasury department clerks left Washington for London a few days ago, in charge of $11,000,000 of 5 per cent. bonds, being the last subscription of the Syndicate.

EX-SENATOR CHANDLER says that he has spent $10,000 in his attempt to secure the conviction of Buell, the newspaper correspondent. The incorrect impression prevails that the proceedings against Buell were under the Poland gag-law. The truth is Buell was indicted under the old law before the Poland law was in full operation.

The East.

DAVID SINTON, of Cincinnati, has decided to erect on Fifth street, in the market space, a granite tower 150 feet high, surmounted by a colossal statue of Cincinnatus in toga. The tower will be composed of three sections—the first two square, the last and highest octagonal in shape. A platform forty feet square, built of granite, will be at the base, for public speaking. The whole, it is estimated, will cost $50,000.

THE eldest daughter of Horace Greeley, Miss Ida Lillian, will shortly be married in New York to Col. Nicholas Smith, of Kansas.

THE suit of the Emma Silver Mining Company against Trenor W. Park and others, has been transferred to the United States Court on the petition of the defendants, who stated that their co-defendant, Stewart, has not been served; that the plaintiff is an English corporation, and that the claim in the suit is for $5,000,000.

CARL SCHURZ sailed from New York for Europe on April 29th.

THE ship Niagara, which arrived in New York recently, brought a cargo of salt and arsenic. During the voyage several packages of arsenic were broken open and the poison mixed with the salt. It is believed that the fact was discovered in season to prevent serious consequences.

COAL is scarce in Philadelphia, and retails at $8.50 per ton. The quantity sent from all the coal region, so far, this year, is 3,741,963 tons, against 4,839,400 tons for the same period last year. The decrease in the supply of anthracite is 1,217,415 tons.

THE Chicago pedestrian, O'Leary, walked 116 miles in twenty-three hours and 8 minutes at Philadelphia, a few days ago. This is the greatest walking feat on record.

THE memory of Cervantes, the great Spanish author, who died April 23, 1616, was honored in New York, on the 23d, by a solemn mass of requiem in the morning, and a grand festival in the evening, at both of which were present a large number of representatives of the Spanish race in both hemispheres.

CHARLES BOYD has been arrested in Cincinnati. It is said that he stole $2,000 or $3,000 worth of jewelry from Liberty, Mo., six months ago, then went to Terre Haute, where he started a jewelry store under the name of Henry Miller; remained there until he collected a quantity of watches to repair and then absconded.

THE celebrated armory of the Remingtons, at Ilion, have an additional contract for furnishing the Spanish government with 18,000 muskets. The works are now run 12½ hours a day.

The West.

A NEGRO barber of Detroit named John Thomas, is under arrest charged with having literally chopped to pieces his wife and stepdaughter. Their remains were hardly recognizable. The murderer is 62 years old.

THE Jenny exploring party, sent to the Black Hills by the government left Omaha, for Laramie on the 29th. Custer is at St. Paul, and will not start on his expedition till June 1.

STEAMBOAT navigation on the Missouri above Bismarck is active. Boats are leaving Bismarck frequently for the upper waters on the Red River of the North. An immense freightage is going forward. Two lines of steamboats are in operation, instead of one, last year, and freight rates are greatly reduced notwithstanding the large increase of traffic.

ON the 28th and 29th ult., 700 returned California emigrants arrived at Omaha, on their return east. Many others are said to be on the return.

A FIRE originating in the factory of the Weber furniture company, in Detroit, on the 29th, destroyed $300,000 worth of property.

TWO saloon-keepers of Chicago, named William and James Appleton, have fallen heir to a $2,000,000 fortune in England, and will soon leave to take possession.

THE interstate billiard contest terminated at Chicago on the 26th ult. Miller won the championship, having won nine games, and lost two.

A FIGHT occurred at Gopher Creek, Kansas, on the 25th, between 60 Cheyennes, and a detachment of cavalry. Seventy-seven Indians were killed, and 125 ponies captured. The troops lost two men killed. The Indian camp consisting of twelve lodges, was burned.

A WAR of competition has been inaugurated between the Michigan Central and Detroit and Milwaukee railroads. They have made a reduction of 50 per cent. in their freight charges. The Detroit and Milwaukee opened the fight.

A YOUNG English jeweler named W. P. Wilcox, who formerly worked in St. Paul, committed suicide at Fort Garry a few days ago. Reports say on account of financial troubles.

SNOW fell to the depth of five inches along the line of the Union Pacific railroad, from Evanseville to the North Platte, on Friday, the 23d ult.

The South.

R. B. GROOM, of Winchester, Ky., has just returned from England, bringing thirty head of valuable English cattle, and a pair of blooded fox hounds. The latter are a present from the Duke of Beaufort.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S ex-Congressman, Bowen, was arrested on the 29th ult., for the murder of Col. White, eleven years ago.

GOV. KELLOGG, of Louisiana, has instructed the attorney general to institute proceedings against State Auditor Clinton.

ADVICES from Memphis, Tenn., say complaints are pouring in from all surrounding counties of the fearful destruction of horses and mules by buffalo gnats. Many small planters, especially colored ones, are ruined by having their only horses and mules killed, and being unable to replace them at a time when they are so badly needed.

THE recently elected mayor of St. Louis, Hon. Arthur B. Barrett, died on the 24th of inflammation of the bowels, brought on by overwork during the election.

THE nail makers in the manufactories at Wheeling, Va., are on a strike, and at a meeting on the 25th resolved to hold out until their demands were complied with.

THE Louisiana legislature adjourned on the 24th, after passing a bill appropriating $117,601 for expenses of an extra session, and another reducing the expenses of the Metropolitan police from $600,000 to $400,000.

THE state convention of the Y. M. C. A. of Alabama was in session at Montgomery on the 23d.

E. M. TERRER, who killed Col. Crane, at Jackson, Miss., some years ago, died in Baltimore on the 23d ult.

Foreign.

IT is affirmed in clerical circles that Archbishop Taschereau, of Quebec, is to be made a cardinal. Mgr. Bonetti, the Pope's legate, now in New York, will visit Quebec before returning to Rome.

THE captain general of Cuba has offered pardon to all rebels who surrender before May 20. The pardon is unconditional to all excepting deserters from the Spanish army, who are required to serve in the vanguard of the army till the close of the war.

IT is reported from Corea that the embassy which visited Pekin last November to inquire about the result of the Japanese negotiations are advised by the Chinese Government that treaties between Corea and the Western nations would now be expedient, but that Japan should be excluded.

THE Prince of Wales has been installed grand master of the united grand lodge of Masons.

THE German government has commenced proceedings for the removal of the prince bishop of Ermeland, for violation of the ecclesiastical laws.

THE Canadian government has issued a proclamation granting a pardon to all persons engaged in the northwest rebellion, except Riel, Lepine and O'Donghue. The two former are banished for five years.

LONDON papers announce the death of the Rev. Wm. Selwyn, chaplain to the Queen, aged 63, and H. W. Pickersgill, the portrait painter, in his 94th year.

THE Archbishops of Mexico, Guadalajara and Michoacan, have issued an address in regard to the recent laws affecting the church in Mexico. They enjoin on the clergy and people moderation and respect for the authorities, and advise Catholics to be patient, and act as Christians under their trials.

A RECENT report that the Marquis de Caux, Patti's husband, had been killed in a duel, proves to have been without foundation.

AGAIN the rumor is current that the Pope is coming to the United States.

THE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The April statement of the public debt makes the following exhibit:

Six per ct. bonds	$1,712,177,050
Five per ct. bonds	580,852,750
Total coin bonds	$1,712,820,800
Lawf'l money d'bt $	14,678,000
Matured debt	19,559,145
Legal tenders	378,123,492
Certificates of deposit	47,865,000
Fractional currency	43,809,565
Coin certificates	22,460,300
Total without interest	422,301,358
Total debt	$2,299,268,598
Total interest	35,628,178
Cash in treasury—	
Coin	$94,625,669
Currency	1,626,375
Special deposits held for redemption of certificates of deposit	47,865,000
Total in the Treasury	$143,587,044
Debt less cash in the Treasury	$2,131,309,431
Decrease of debt in April	2,22,346
Decrease since June 30, 1874	11,778,099
Bonds issued to the Pacific Railway Companies, interest payable in lawful money: Principal outstanding	64,623,512
Interest accrued and not yet paid	1,259,870
Interest paid by the United States	36,264,102
Interest repaid by transportation of mails, etc	4,946,190
Balance of interest paid by the United States	$29,318,158

A MISSIONARY MISER.

A New York dispatch dated Monday, April 26th, says: A reporter returned from Hudson, to-night, and confirmed the story that an old preacher, who lived like a beggar, has died possessed of $104,000, and made a will in favor of numerous religious institutions, and of unknown relatives. He was a man without any family, and came from Nova Scotia. One thing went to indicate that he was miserably poor. The Board of Home Missions paid a salary of $250 a year, and he hired a room in the village of Ancland, Greene county, in a house occupied by a drunken and poverty-stricken shoemaker. He lived there alone, except when he accepted invitations to spend a few days at the residences of his parishioners, who became much attached to him, and sympathized with his lonely condition. After his death his trunk was searched, and found to contain a pile of government bonds and securities, i. e. the amount of several thousand dollars. The discoverers of this wealth continued their investigations, found a bank-book, and the dead missionary's will. Without making an examination, of the articles, Rev. M. Weeks took them to Catskill, and deposited them in the Tanners' National bank. In the presence of the bank officers, the package, bank-book, and will were examined. The package was found to contain $94,000 in bonds and securities. The bank-book showed a deposit in a New York city bank of $10,000. This made the large sum of $104,000 left by a man who had been supposed but little better off than a begger.

A Dream Before the Tragedy.

Speaking of the tragic death of the late Mrs. Margret Bingham, murdered in East Boston, the Zion's Herald says: "A clergyman relates to us a singular incident which came directly to his knowledge. The night before her death she told one of her friends she had suffered from a terrible dream which she could not throw off. She dreamed that she was murdered. She remarked she was not afraid to die, but was terribly shocked at the idea of such a form of death. How singular, at times, these mysterious mental pictures of coming events cast their shadow upon us! Or was a Divine whisper preparing the soul for the hour of extreme discipline?"

CARDINAL M'CLOSKEY.

Imposing Ceremony in New York.

An audience of several thousand witnessed the imposing ceremonies, in St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York, on the 27th, of the bestowal upon an American prelate of the scarlet hat of the cardinalate. Following is a discription of the interesting event:

At twenty minutes to 11, the head of the procession emerged from the vestry, acolytes leading, bearing the processional cross and tall tapers. Then followed a line of clergymen, who after making genuflections before the high altar, passed down the centre of the aisle, which was soon packed. When the surplliced priests had all taken their places, the representatives of various religious orders in the diocese began to emerge from the vestry in their picturesque habits. When the procession had all been arranged in proper places there was an interval of twenty minutes, during which the church was filled with joyous music from the choir. The procession of prelates at length emerged from the vestry with a slow and measured tread. The audience rose as the magnificent spectacle began to unfold itself. The scene was one which New York will probably never again witness. Boys with picturesque robes and swinging censers, and dignitaries in dark purple, preceded the Arch-Bishops and Bishops. The procession was closed by the celebrants of the mass: Bishop Loughlin, of Brooklyn; Rev. Dr. McGlynn, Assistant; Rev. Father McGean, Deacon; and Father Reon, sub-Deacon. Then came Cardinal McCloskey, the papal Envoys, Dr. Ubaldi, Monsgr. Bonoetti, and lastly, the tall figure of Count Morifoschi, of the Pope's noble guard, in his dazzling uniform.

Cardinal McCloskey, wearing his rochet, purple cassock and mantelletta, knelt at the epistle side of the altar. The Archbishop of Baltimore sat on his throne on the same side. The officiating Bishops and Clergymen stood at the altar steps, and mass was commenced. At the Confiteor the Cardinal stood up and proceeded to his throne at the gospel side, he alone of all prelates present having a pastoral staff, which was carried by an assistant.

The officiating Bishop, after incensing the altar three times, sat down with a deacon and sub-deacon.

Bishop Loughlin read the *Introit* recited the *Kyrie*, and intoned the "*Gloria in Excelsis*" which was afterwards sung by the choir. Collects were read by celebrants, an epistle by a sub-deacon, and while Bishop Loughlin read the gospel the entire congregation rose to their feet. He then chanted the words "*Credo in Unum Deum*" and in a low voice recited the remainder of the Nicene Creed.

When it was concluded, the celebrant, together with an assistant deacon and sub deacon, sat down until the choir had finished. Bishop Loughlin then returned to the altar, where, after the customary *Dominus Vobiscum* and *Oremus*, he proceeded to read prayers at the Offertory.

The deacon and sub-deacon then prepared sacred vessels, and bread and wine. Mercedante's "*Quam Dilecta*" was sung during this period, the acolytes again advanced with censers, and the alter was incensed by the celebrant, the Archbishops and Bishops rising and removing their mitres, the priests and the entire congregation also arising.

At this time the church was a level sea of heads from right to left, from the sanctuary to the doors. The right and left centre aisles of the church were as full as they could hold with people who were glad to get standing room.

When the bell tinkled to announce the opening of the Canon, or solemn part of the ceremony, the people standing made an attempt to kneel, but were unable to do so, they were massed so tightly together, and the very unusual spectacle was witnessed of hundreds standing up during the consecration. Towards the end of the mass was introduced the curious ceremony of giving the pax or "Kiss of Peace." It is not exactly a kiss, but an inclination of heads together, while the hands rest on the other's arms. The Pax was given from one to the other until it passed along to right and left all through the crowded sanctuary.

When mass was finished, the interesting part of the ceremony commenced. Cardinal McCloskey rose and knelt at the left hand side of the altar. The Archbishop of Baltimore stepped down from his throne, and knelt at the epistle side. The audience rose with perceptible excitement, and some had the bad taste to crowd up amongst the clergymen in the sanctuary. The Legate, Monsgnr. Roncetti, stood beside Archbishop Bayley, and in a loud clear voice read the passage in Latin from Pope Pius to his *venerabilis frater*, the Archbishop of Baltimore, setting forth the reasons which induced him to confer the Cardinalate on Archbishop McCloskey, and at the close handed him a brief authorizing him to confer the beretta on this newly appointed prince of the church. The Archbishop having replied in Latin, passed the brief over to Father McLean, deacon of the mass, who then read it. Count Morifoschi then surrendered the beretta to Monsigner Roncetti, who handed it to Archbishop Bayley, who then walked over to the Cardinal and placed the cap on his head, at the same time addressing him in Latin as Emeneintiatus. The Cardinal made a suitable reply, also in Latin, and after intoning the Te Deum retired to the vestry and put on the crimson robes of his office and returned to the altar, while the choir sang the Te Deum.

At the close of the hymn the Cardinal gave the pontifical benediction, the ceremonies ended, and the vast congregation passed out of the Cathedral.

Just before chanting the TeDeum, Cardinal McCloskey unexpectedly delivered an address in English, saying he had two duties to perform; first, to return thanks to the papal delegates, and to the people who had attended in such numbers. He continued:

It is our duty to make acknowledgments to you, venerable brethern and prelates; to you reverend clergy, to you distinguished officials, for the State and city; to all for the honor that has been conferred upon us by your presence here this day. It would be proper for me to make this acknowledgment and proper to say something of the solemn and interesting occasion which has been the cause of attracting within the walls of this venerable cathedral such an august assemblage, but I regret to say that feeble strength forbids it, and that I would be unequal to the task and besides, the ceremony has been protracted and is not yet brought to a close, and I would not dare to venture, even if I could, to trespass on your patience. I will content myself with asking from you on my own behalf, your sympathy and your prayers, and asking you to join with me, first, in giving heartfelt thanks to Almighty God, and after him, to our most holy father, the chief pastor of the Church Vicegerent of Christ on earth, for their great and magnanimous favor which has been bestowed upon us, and for which we have endeavored to show, for the hour, gratitude in the solemnity of this day. We will return thanks to God and thanks to our holy father for he honor conferred upon us. All are conferred upon the venerable hierachy of the church, on all grades and orders and upon the Catholic people, not simply of this city or diocese, but throughout the whole length and breadth of this land, and whose hearts on this day are made to throb with joy because of the good tidings that have come to them, and the exaltation and dignity to which the Church of America has been raised. It gives honor also not only to the hierarchy and the Catholic people, but it was the intent and purpose of the holy father to give honor to our whole country; to give honor and show how deep is his respect and esteem for our great and glorious republic, of which the Catholic population form so essential a part, and who are so loyally devoted to her institutions, and who, with God's blessing, will use their utmost efforts to strengthen, to save and to make her glorious and prosperous forever. On this day of thanksgiving we will join in heart while we ask God to bless the country, and also to make this the dawn of a happier day for the holy father, so long deferred but sure to come at last, and that he may live to see the glory and salvation of his people.

CONSECRATION OF BISHOP JAGGERS.

The Church of the Holy Trinity was crowded on Wednesday, the 28th ult., on the occasion of the consecration of Rev. Thos. A. Jaggers, D.D., Bishop of the Diocese of Southern Ohio. In the chancel there was a grand array of church dignitaries, including eight bishops, besides a large number of clergy from this and other Dioceses. The music was furnished by a large chorus under the direction of the organist of the church.

At 11 a long procession of priests entered the church, followed by the Bishop elect with his attending chaplains, Rev. Dr. J. H. Eggleston and Rev. Thos. I. Yocum. After these came the Bishops of Delaware, New York, Pennsylvania, Long Island, New Hampshire, Nebraska, Antiqua, and the venerable Bishop of Kentucky. The presiding Bishop having entered the church the ranks opened, and the Bishops marched to their places within the chancel, the clergy following to their assigned places. After the usual morning services and Bishop Lattlejohn's sermon and address to the Bishop elect, Dr. Jaggar, vested in cassock and rachel, was presented by Bishop Potter, of New York, and Bishop Stevens, of Pennsylvania, to the consecrator, Right Rev. Bishop Smith, of Kentucky. The testimonials of Dr. Jaggars' election, and other papers were presented. Rev. Richard Gray, President of the Standing Committee of the Diocese of Southern Ohio. The testimonials being satisfactory, the Episcopal oath was administered, and taken by Dr. Jaggars. His public examination as to his call, doctrine and duties followed, and he was then vested in the rest of the Episcopal habit with the usual services. After the communion the congregation was dismissed. The offerings, which were large, will be revealed to the Woman's Auxiliary Board of Missons in Pennsylvania.

A HEAVY ROBBERY.

At New Orleans, April 22d, the office of Messrs. Semmes & Mott, attorneys-at-law, was entered and despoiled of eighteen bonds of the city of New Orleans, for $1,000 each, issued to the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company.

The bonds are all payable in twenty years from date, and are now overdue. They are the property of Mr. W. S. Peterkin, a client of Messrs. Semmes & Mott, and are sued on in the case of W. S. Peterkin vs. the city of New Orleans, No. 7,297, United States Circuit Court.

The case was to have been tried on the 22d, and the bonds were taken to court to be used as evidence, but as the case was not called, they were returned to the office of these attorneys, and carelessly thrown upon the table. It is supposed that some one entering the office during the afternoon caught sight of the bonds, and thinking them to be of great value, either slyly purloined them at the time, or returned after the office was closed for the night and stole them.

The office presented no indications of having been forcibly entered, and no confusion was noticeable about the papers or books lying upon the desk. The loss has been advertised, and a small reward offered for their return. It is expected that when the thief discovers the fact that they are to him valueless, he will return them and claim the reward. In the meantime all persons are cautioned against purchasing them.

Hair Whitened in a Night.

The Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle of a recent date says: "Father Leckner visited Ike Hooper, the condemned murderer, early yesterday morning, and informed him of the refusal of Governor Smith to grant executive clemency. Hooper was at first much agitated, and trembled like a leaf shaken by the wind, but soon became more composed, and during the day seemed to have become more reconciled to his fate. A remarkable fact in connection with this case is an exemplification of the oft-told story that men's hair sometimes turns gray in a single night. When Hooper was sentenced by Judge Pottle last month his hair was perfectly black. The morning after the sentence was imposed, Mr. Bridges, keeper of the jail, noticed on entering the condemned man's cell that a portion of his head was perfectly white. He immediately asked him where he had obtained flour to put on his head. Hooper was surprised, and said he knew nothing about it. Mr. Bridges then went up to him and discovered that a large part of his hair immediately on the crown of his head had actually changed from a deep black to a snowy white during the night. The agony of a few hours had done what years generally accomplish."

A COUPLE of Egyptian mummies have been living together peaceably for 3,000 years.

OSHKOSH BURNED.

The Doomed City Again in Ruins.

Oshkosh was again visited by fire on the afternoon of the 28th ult., which proved more disastrous than the first scourge. The flames first broke out in the saw mill of Morgan & Brothers, and spread rapidly in every direction, burning over one third of the city. That mill and a dozen other large shingle and saw mills on Sawdust avenue, were destroyed together with millions of feet of lumber, sheds and store houses.

A terrific northwest wind prevailed, and the flames and fire brands were borne rapidly toward the business and residence portion of the city, licking up everything in their path. The fire department labored valiantly but to no purpose. One steamer was burned while at work, and the others were soon either disabled or destroyed. The city then being at the mercy of the flames, all hope of subduing the tempest of fire was abandoned, and men, women and children in the wildest confusion and most bewildering excitement sought to effect their escape. The falling walls, the crash of buildings, the roar of the flames, the shrieks of the wind, which blew a hurricane, which mingled with the cries of the excited people, served to make a scene which once seen can never be forgotten. The rent to distance between High street and the river, and between the lake and Sawdust avenue, was swept over, not a house of any consequence remaining standing. This district is one and one-half miles long by a half a mile wide, and includes the business portion of the city, the saw mill and lumber yard district, and a portion of the best residence quarters.

The number of buildings destroyed is at least 600. All the printing offices, telegraph offices, churches, Harding's Opera House, Milwaukee and St. Paul depot and freight houses, and the banks, together with all the business houses on Main streets and intersecting streets were burned. There is not a dry goods house standing on the Northside, Main street is a mass of ruins from Algoma to Cape street. Buildings were blown up during the conflagration, but all to no purpose. At the very height of the excitement, and when the air seemed full of flame, the powder house exploded with a deafening report which echoed and re-echoed far and wide. Three men were killed either by this disaster or by falling walls.

The flames were stopped about six o'clock in the evening having nothing further to feed upon. As night set in the city became infested with thieves and robbers, who inaugurated a reign of terror on'y to end with the dawn of morning.

Great suffering must result from this second affliction, coming as it has just as the proud city was rising brightly from the ashes of its former destruction.

The loss by the first fire, nine months ago, was $1,000,000, and 200 people were rendered homeless. The loss by this second visitation, cannot yet be estimated. The lowest estimate, however, places it at $750,000.

OSHKOSH, May 1.—The average estimate, heretofore, of the number of dwellings destroyed has been about 200; but, under instructions, the police have made a careful count, and find that large and small, the sum total rises to 500. These, valued on an average at $2,500, give an aggregate of $1,250,000, which is probably near the correct figure. The loss on business houses is about $1,000,000; the loss on lumber interests between $2,000,000 and $250,000, and the total figures foot up about $2,500,000.

On this there is an insurance of fully $1,000,000, or equal to 40 per cent. of the loss.

It was an unfortunate circumstance that the agency that did the larger part of the business lost all its books; but by diligently interviewing the numberless agents and adjusters now on the ground, your reporter is prepared to say that the figures he presents below are substantially the losses sustained by the companies mentioned. In nine cases out of ten, they are the figures that will be forwarded to the main offices by their agents and adjusters now here, and in the three or four cases where the exact figures could not be ascertained, owing to the aforementioned loss of books, the estimates are based on the computation of parties entirely competent to give an intelligent and trustworthy opinion:

Home, of New York	$100,000
Ætna, of Hartford	80,000
North America, of Philadelphia	70,000
London, Liverpool and Globe	68,000
Phœnix, of Hartford	45,000
Springfield, Mass., Fire and Marine	43,000
Continental, of New York	40,000
Northwestern National, of Milwaukee	41,000
North British Mercantile	30,000
Hartford, of Hartford	30,000
New Orleans	30,000
Allemania, of Pittsburg	25,000
Madison Mutual	28,500
Phœnix, of Brooklyn	21,500
Niagara, of New York	17,000
Orient, of Hartford	16,500
German American, of New York city	15,000
Lancashire, of England	20,000
Mechanics', of Milwaukee	15,000
Pennsylvania, of Philadelphia	10,000
Pennsylvania	15,000
Fire Association, of Philadelphia	17,000
People's, of Memphis	10,000
St. Paul Fire and Marine	10,000
Connecticut, of Hartford	10,000
Atlas, of Hartford	10,000
Detroit Fire and Marine	5,000
Brewers', of Milwaukee	5,000
Citizens', of Newark	5,000
New Orleans Association	5,000
Franklin, of Wheeling	6,000
Millville, of New Jersey	6,000
Home, of Columbus	6,800
Planters', of Memphis	5,000
Black River, of Watertown, N. Y	5,000
America, of Pittsburg	5,000
National, of Hartford	5,000
Faneuil Hall, of Boston	5,000
Fireman's Fund, of San Francisco	5,000
Franklin, of Philadelphia	5,000
St. Joseph, of Missouri	5,000
Traders, of Chicago	5,000
Globe, of Chicago	3,000
Merchants', of Newark	2,000
Total	$944,400

When the fact is taken into consideration that the lumber interest destroyed is estimated at $250,000, and carries less than $30,000 insurance, the amount of insurance on the rest of the losers reaches nearly 50 per cent. When this fact becomes generally known, it will aid materially in raising the spirits of the entire population. Before your reporter entered upon his search for the actual figures, the most hopeful did not place the percentage of insurance loss above 30 per cent.

Among the heavy losers are: James & Stillé, $90,000, insurance $71,000; R. L. Begger, $70,000, insurance $40,000; McKey & Folds, $35,000; Clark & Forbes, $35,000, insurance $21,000; M. Hay & Bro., $45,000; P. Z. Wilson, $40,000; insurance $10,000; Bell & Rogers, $25,000.

A relief committee has been organized and substantial assistance for the afflicted is arriving from Fond du Lac and other neighboring cities. Oshkosh, like Chicago, has concluded to profit by the experiences of the past, and, last evening, at the meeting of the council, the fire limits when pushed forward a quarter of a mile in the direction from which danger always threatens. The territory formerly occupied by saw mills, planing mills, and lumber yards is now covered with a bed of ashes. The effect of the ordinance will be to take the heart out of this locality, and as the site is not adapted for dwelling houses or general business purposes, brings low and uns

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THE TRIBUNE.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT

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CHAS. D. JEWELL, EDITOR.

TERMS.—$2 50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

Substitute for House Bill 74, as Amended by the Senate.

A Bill for the taxation of the business of manufacturing and selling spirituous and intoxicating, malt, brewed, or fermented liquors, and to repeal act No. 17, approved February 3, 1858, entitled "An act to prevent the manufacture and sale of spirituous and intoxicating liquors as a beverage," and all acts amendatory thereof or in addition thereto, said acts being sections 2186 to 2194 inclusive, of the compiled laws of 1871, and also act No. 13, of the session laws of 1873, entitled "An act to prevent the sale of spirituous and intoxicating drinks as a beverage, the same being a new section to chapter 69 of the compiled laws of 1871, being the act relative to "The manufacture and sale of spirituous and intoxicating drinks as a beverage," to stand as section 12.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That in all townships, cities, and villages of this State there shall be annually levied and collected the following tax upon the business of manufacturing, selling, or keeping for sale distilled or malt liquors, as follows: Upon the business of selling or offering for sale, spirituous or intoxicating liquors by retail, or any patent medicine, mixture, or compound, which in whole or in part, consists of spirituous or intoxicating liquors, the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars; upon the business of selling or offering for sale, by retail, any fermented or brewed liquors, or any other beverage, forty dollars; upon the business of selling brewed or malt liquors at wholesale, or at wholesale and retail, one hundred dollars per annum; upon the business of selling spirituous or intoxicating liquors at wholesale, or at wholesale and retail, three hundred dollars per annum; upon the business of manufacturing brewed or malt liquors for sale, if the quantity manufactured be fifteen hundred barrels or under, fifty dollars. If over fifteen hundred barrels and not exceeding five thousand, one hundred dollars. If five thousand barrels or over, the sum of two hundred dollars per annum; upon the business of manufacturing for sale of spirituous or intoxicating liquors, three hundred dollars. No person paying a tax on spirituous or intoxicating liquors, under this act, shall be liable to pay any tax on the sale of malt, brewed, and fermented liquors.

SEC. 2. Retail dealers of spirituous and intoxicating liquors and brewed, malt, and fermented liquors, shall be held and deemed to include all persons who sell by the drink, and in quantities of five gallons or less, or one dozen quart bottles or less, at any one time to any one person. Wholesale dealers shall be held and deemed to mean and include all persons who sell or offer to sell such liquors and beverages in quantities of five gallons or over one dozen quart bottles at any one time to any one person. No tax imposed under this act shall be levied or collected from any person for selling any wine or cider made from fruits grown or gathered in this State. No druggist shall be liable to pay any tax herein imposed who sells liquors for medicinal, chemical, mechanical, and sacramental purposes only.

SEC. 3. The taxes herein provided for shall be assessed, levied and collected by the same officers, and in the same time and manner as the taxes upon personal property, except as herein otherwise provided: Provided, Nothing herein contained shall be construed to exempt any species of property from taxation under the general laws. All taxes shall be deemed payable and due at the time of the delivery of the assessment roll to the treasurer.

SEC. 4. The assessors of every township, ward, city, or village, shall, on or before the third Monday of May in each year, enquire and ascertain the name of every person, corporation, association, company, or copartnership engaged in carrying on any business mentioned in the first section of this act, and he shall enter in a roll, to be made by him, the name of every such person, corporation, association, company, or copartnership, and the place of doing business, the kind of business carried on, and the amount of tax to be paid according to the provisions of this act. And he shall, before the first Wednesday after the third Monday in May, notify each person, corporation, association, company or copartnership, whose names have been entered on said roll of said entry; such notice to be verbal, printed, or written.

SEC. 5. On the first Wednesday after the third Monday in May it shall be the duty of the assessor to be present at his office from eight o'clock in the forenoon until twelve o'clock noon, and from one o'clock in the afternoon until five o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of reviewing such assessment roll, and so on the next two following days, and on the request of any person, corporation, company, or copartnership, his, its, or their agent or attorney considering themselves aggrieved, on sufficient cause being shown to the satisfaction of such assessor, he shall alter such assessment in such manner as may be necessary in order to conform to the provisions of this act, and he shall also upon sufficient cause being shown by any credible person, add to said roll the name of any other person, corporation, association, company, or copartnership engaged in any business liable to be taxed under the provisions of this act, the kind of business and the amount of tax to be paid according to the provisions of this act; and the said assessor shall receive two dollars per day for each days' services performed under this act, to be audited and allowed by the township board, the village trustees, or the common council, and paid out of the contingent funds of said township, village or city.

SEC. 6. When said assessor has reviewed and completed his roll, it shall be his duty to attach thereto, signed by him, a certificate, which may be in the following form: "I do hereby certify that I have set down in the above assessment roll all the places where the business of manufacturing, selling, or offering for sale spirituous, intoxicating, brewed, or malt liquors is being carried on, together with the name of the corporation, person, association, company, or copartnership engaged in such business, and the particular kind of business in which each is so engaged, according to my best information and belief." And on or before the first Monday of June he shall attach to such assessment roll a warrant under his hand, commanding the county treasurer to collect such taxes in the manner prescribed by law for the collection of township, ward, city, or village taxes, assessed upon personal property, except as herein otherwise provided; he shall deliver the said roll and warrant so completed to the treasurer of his county: Provided, however, That in case the above roll is not completed within the time above fixed, or is defective in any respect, the same may, by such assessor be completed at any time thereafter and delivered to such treasurer: Provided further, That should any person, corporation, company, or copartnership be added to said roll after the time fixed for reviewing the same, as above provided, or should such roll not be completed, or such assessor not be present at his office at the time above fixed, then public notice shall be published in some newspaper printed and published in said county, setting forth the name of such person, corporation, association, company, or copartnership added to or appearing upon said roll, and fixing a time and place not less than ten days from the date of publication, at which all persons interested will appear and show cause why such assessment should not be charged as above provided, or such notice may be served personally upon such person, corporation, association, company, or copartnership at least three days before the time fixed for such hearing.

SEC. 7. The county treasurer, upon receiving such roll, shall proceed to collect such taxes, and for that purpose shall remain in his office on the second, third, and fourth Fridays of June, and upon all taxes paid to him at any time prior to or on the fourth Friday of June, he shall add two per cent for collection fees.

SEC. 8. If any person, corporation, association, company, or copartnership, shall refuse or neglect to pay the tax as assessed, within the time specified in the preceding section, such treasurer shall thereupon forthwith issue his warrant to the sheriff of said county, reciting therein the name of such person, corporation, association, company or copartnership, the business carried on, the assessment of such tax, and date of the same, and commanding him to levy and make the amount of said assessment, with ten per cent interest from the date of such assessment, and four per cent collection fees, by distress and sale of any goods and chattels of such person or persons, corporation, association, company, or copartnership, or of any goods and chattels found in the custody or possession of such person, corporation, association, company, or copartnership, and in default thereof, then of his, her, or their lands and tenements, not to pay over the same, reserving his fees, to the county treasurer, within ten days after the same is collected.

SEC. 9. Upon the receipt of such warrant, the sheriff shall proceed immediately to collect the same. He shall call once at the place of business of such person, corporation, association, company, or copartnership named in said warrant, and in case any person, corporation, association, company, or copartnership refuses to pay such tax, he shall levy on the goods and chattels of such persons, corporation, association, company, or copartnership, wherever found in said county, or on the bar fixtures or furniture, liquors, beverages, and other goods and chattels used in carrying on such business, which levy shall take precedence of any and all liens, mortgages, conveyances, or encumbrances on such goods and chattels so used in carrying on such business; nor shall any claim of property by any third person to such goods and chattels so used in carrying on such business avail against such levy so made by the sheriff, and no property of any person, corporation, association, company, or copartnership, liable to pay a tax under the provisions of this act, shall be exempt from such levy.

SEC. 10. The sheriff shall give public notice of the time and place of sale, and of the property to be sold, at least six days previous to the sale, by advertisement, to be posted up in three public places in the township, city, or village where such sale is made: Provided, however, That in cases where a levy has been made upon real estate, such sheriff shall give like notice of the time and place of such sale, as in sales of real estate on execution; and all provisions of law applicable to sales of real estate upon execution shall be applicable to sales under this act, except as herein otherwise provided.

SEC. 11. In case the property so distrained or levied upon cannot be sold for want of bidders, said sheriff may adjourn such sale so often as may be necessary,—not exceeding one week, however, at any one time,—and in case the property distrained or levied upon and sold is insufficient to satisfy such writ, the sheriff shall make return thereof and pay over the amount received, less his said fees, to said treasurer, and said treasurer shall renew said warrant, and again deliver the same to the sheriff, commanding him as before, so often as may be necessary until the whole amount of such tax has been collected.

SEC. 12. The assessor shall have power, and it shall be his duty, to add to said roll at any time during the year, the name of any person, corporation, association company or co-partnership engaging in any kind of business specified in the first section of this act, whose name does not appear upon such roll, and to assess against such business thereon a PRO RATA tax for the unexpired portion of such year, and said assessor shall before making such assessment, notify the person, corporation, association, company or co-partnership, of a time and place at which the assessment will be made, and requiring such person to appear at the time and place mentioned and show cause, if any, why such assessment should not be made, which notice shall be personally served in the same manner as summons is issued by justices of the peace, and shall be served least three days before the time specified therein for a hearing, and upon such assessment being made, the same proceedings shall be had in all respects as though such assessment had been made by the assessor as above prescribed: "Provided, however, That in case of neglect or refusal of said assessor to comply with the provisions of this section, then, and in that case, the said county treasurer shall have power, and it shall be his duty to make the assessment and give the notice required by this section, and the same shall be valid as though made by the assessor."

SEC. 13. All moneys collected by any treasurer under the provisions of this act, except the fees and percentage herein allowed to him as compensation, which may be retained by such treasurer as his fees, shall be by him placed to the contingent fund of the township, village, or city, applied as other contingent funds.

SEC. 14. It shall be the duty of each and every county treasurer, at least once in each and every month to make a sworn statement, containing the names of each and every person, corporation, company, or co-partnership, in his county, paying a tax under the provisions of this act, stating therein the residence of such person, corporation, association, company or co-partnership, the business in which such person is engaged, the place of doing business, the amount of tax paid, and date of payment of the same, and file such statement with the clerk of his county; and such county treasurer shall, on or before the 20th day of December in each year, make a full and complete report of all the facts, as shown by the reports on file at his office, and return the same to the auditor general and publish the same in at least two newspapers in his county, or if so many there be. All blanks required to carry into effect the provisions of this act shall be prepared and furnished by the auditor general to the county treasurers, and by them to the township, village, or city officers.

SEC. 15. Any officer willfully neglecting or refusing to perform his duty under the provisions of this act, shall be a penalty of one hundred dollars for each and every offense. And any person liable to pay a tax under the provisions of this act, who shall neglect or refuse to pay the same, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and costs of prosecution, for each and every offense, and on failure to pay such fine and costs, shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten nor more than ninety days, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 16. The word assessor, as used in this act, shall be held to include supervisors, or other officers whose duty it is to make assessments in townships, wards, villages, or cities.

SEC. 17. In case any assessor, county treasurer or sheriff willfully neglects or refuses to perform his duty under the provisions of this act, he shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each and every offense, and the Governor may, in case of any such neglect or refusal appoint some other person or persons to perform the duties prescribed by this act, who shall, upon being so appointed, have like powers and duties under this act, as such assessor, treasurer or sheriff, as the case may be.

SEC. 18. The act entitled "An act to prevent the manufacture and sale of spirituous and intoxicating liquors as a beverage," approved February 24, 1855, and the several acts amendatory thereof, and in addition thereto, being sections 2186 to section 2194, inclusive, of the compiled laws of 1871; also act number 156 of the session laws of 1873 entitled "An act to prevent the sale of spirituous and intoxicating drinks as a beverage," the same being a new section to chapter 69 of the compiled laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-one, being an act relative to "The manufacture and sale of spirituous and intoxicating drinks as a beverage," to stand as section twenty-two, shall be and the same are hereby repealed, saving all actions pending and all causes of action which have accrued at the time this act takes effect.

THE POLICE OR BRUTALIZING BILL.

The following bill, which was known after various transformations as "substitute for house bill No. 121," and as it has finally passed both branches, reads as follows:

SEC. 1. It shall not be lawful for any person to sell any spirituous or intoxicating liquor, or any wine or beer, to any minor, or any intoxicated person, or to any person in the habit of getting intoxicated. It shall not be lawful for any person to sell malt, spirituous or intoxicating liquors without first having executed and delivered to the treasurer of the county in which such business is prosecuted and carried on, the bond required to be given by section 4 of this act. All saloons, restaurants, bars, bar-rooms, in taverns, or otherwise, and all places of public resort where intoxicating liquors are sold, either at wholesale or retail, shall (unless otherwise determined and directed by the board of trustees or common council of the city or village where such saloons, restaurants, bars, bar-rooms, are kept) be closed on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, and on each week-day night, from and after the hour of 11 o'clock until 6 o'clock of the morning of the succeeding day. But this provision shall not be construed to prohibit druggists from selling such liquors at such times, at the written request or order of some practicing physician of the village, town or city. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than $25 nor more than $100, and costs of prosecution, and on failure to pay such fine and costs, shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than 10 days nor more than 90 days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 2. Any person who by false pretense shall obtain any spirituous or intoxicating liquors, or who shall be drunk or intoxicated in any hotel, tavern, inn, or place of public lodging, or any assemblage of people collected together in any place for any purpose, or in any street, lane, alley, highway, railway or street car, by drinking intoxicating liquors, shall upon conviction there of, be punished by a fine of $5 and costs of prosecution, or be punished by imprisonment in the common jail of the county not exceeding 30 days, or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 3. Every wife, child, parent, guardian, husband or other person who shall be injured in person or property, means of support, by any intoxicated person, or by reason of the intoxication of any person, shall have a right of action, in his or her own name against any person or persons, who shall by selling or giving any intoxicating liquor, have caused or contributed to the intoxication of such person or persons; and shall have a right of action against the principal surcties of the bond hereinafter mentioned; and in any such action the plaintiff shall have a right to recover actual and exemplary damages. And in every action by any wife, husband, parent, or child, general reputation of the relation of husband and wife, parent and child, shall be PRIMA FACIE evidence of such relation; and the amount recovered by every wife or child shall be his or her sole and seperate property. Any sale or gift of intoxicating liquors by the lessee of any premises, resulting in damage, shall at the option of the lessor, work a forfeiture of his lease; and the circuit court in chancery may enjoin the sale or giving away of any intoxicating liquors by any lessee of premises which may result in loss or damage or liability to the lessor, or any person claiming under such lessor.

SEC. 4. If any person under the age of 21 years shall misrepresent his age and state himself to be over 21 years of age in order to purchase malt spirituous or intoxicating liquors, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not less than $5 nor more than $25, and on failure to pay such fine shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than 10 nor more than 60 days, or both such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 5. Every such dealer or person shall, in each and every year, make, execute, and deliver to the county treasurer of the county in which he is carrying on such business, a bond to be determined by the township board of the township or the board of trustees, or the common council of the village or city in which the business is carried on, to the people of the State of Michigan, in the sum of not less than $1,000 nor more than $3,000, with two or more sufficient sureties, who shall be freeholders, which bond shall be substantially in the following form:

Know all men by these presents, that we —— —— as principal and —— and —— as sureties, are held and firmly bound unto the people of the state of Michigan in the sum of —— dollars, to the payment whereof, well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors and administrators firmly by these presents. Sealed with our seals and dated this —— day of —— A. D. 18—.

Whereas, The above named principal professes to carry on the business of —— —— at —— in the county of —— and, whereas, the said principal hath covenanted and agreed and doth hereby covenant and agree as follows, to wit: That he will not directly or indirectly by himself, his clerk, agent, or servant at any time, sell or deliver any spirituous or intoxicating liquors, or any mixed liquor, a part of which is spirituous or intoxicating, to a minor, nor to any adult person, whatever, known to him to be an habitual drunkard, except as a medicine upon a prescription of a physician, nor to a person in the habit of getting intoxicated, nor to any person whose husband, wife, parent, child, guardian, or employer may give him notice in writing that such person has acquired or is acquiring the habit of drinking to excess, and is being injured thereby, except as a medicine on a prescription of a physician, that he will pay all damages, actual and exemplary, that may be adjudged to any person for injuries inflicted upon them, either in person or property, by reason of his selling intoxicating liquors.

Now the condition of this obligation is such that if said principal shall well and truly keep and perform all and singular, the foregoing covenants and agreements, and shall pay any judgment for actual & exemplary damages which may be recovered against him in any court of competent jurisdiction, then this obligation shall be void and of no effect; otherwise the same shall be in full force and effect.

Signed and sealed in the presence of

—— —— L. S.
—— —— L. S.
—— —— L. S.

Such bond shall not be received unless the approval thereof by the township board or the board of trustees or common council of the village or city, shall be duly certified thereon in writing, and the principal shall not be allowed to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in any other place than that specified in said bond without giving notice and executing another bond in the manner above prescribed. Whenever any condition of said bond shall be broken, a new bond may be required by the county treasurer in case of the death, insolvency, or removal of either of the sureties, and in any other contingency requiring it.

KINGSFORD'S
OSWEGO
PURE AND
SILVER GLOSS STARCH
FOR THE LAUNDRY.
Manufactured by
T. KINGSFORD & SON,
THE BEST STARCH IN THE WORLD.

GIVES A BEAUTIFUL FINISH TO THE LINEN, and the difference in cost between it and common starch is scarcely half a cent for an ordinary washing. Ask your Grocer for it.

KINGSFORD'S
OSWEGO CORN STARCH
For Puddings, Blanc Mange, Ice Cream, &c.

Is the original—Established in 1848. And preserves its reputation as PURER, STRONGER AND MORE DELICATE than any article of the kind offered either of the same name or with other titles.

STEVENSON MACADAM, Ph. D., &c., the highest chemical authority of Europe, carefully analyzed this Corn Starch, and says it is a most excellent article of diet, and in chemical and feeding properties is fully equal to the best arrow root. Directions for making Puddings, Custards, &c., accompany each one pound package.

For Sale by all First class Grocers.

CHOICE SEED POTATOES!

Warranted True to Name.

It pays the Potato Grower to change his Seed often and get the best.

I have a limited quantity of the following varieties of Seed Potatoes which I offer for sale.

Extra Early Vermont, ... $2 00 per Bush.
Late Rose, ... 2 00 " "
Compton's Surprise, ... 2 00 " "
Brownell's Beauty, $1 50 per Peck; $5 50 1-2 Bush.; $4 00 per Bush.

I intend to make the growing of choice seed Potatoes a specialty, and shall recommend no variety above what I think their merits warrant.

Parties buying Seed Potatoes from me can depend on getting seed true to name.

I intend to give many new kinds of Potatoes a trial, and shall offer for sale for seed only such as I find meritorious.

For further particulars send for my circular sent free to all applicants.

All orders accompanied with the Cash will receive prompt attention.

Orders may be left with J. N. Hiller, Escanaba

Address A. LATHROP,
16w3 Lathrop,
Delta County, Michigan.

LEGAL.

The Eleventh Judicial Circuit Terms of Circuit for 1874 and 1875.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, }ss.

Notice is hereby given; that in pursuance of the laws of the State, I have fixed and appointed the times of holding the several terms for the years 1874 and 1875 of the Circuit Court in and for the Counties constituting the Eleventh Judicial Circuit, of said State as follows, to-wit:

In the County of Menominee, for the year 1874 the first Monday of May, and the second Tuesday of September, for the year 1875, the first Monday of May and first Tuesday of September.

In the County of Delta, for the year 1874, the second Monday of May, and the first Tuesday of September, for the year 1875, the second Monday of May and fifth Tuesday of August.

In the County of Chippewa, the fourth Monday of May and the fourth Monday of August in each year.

In the County of Cheboygan, the first Tuesday of June and the second Tuesday of August in each year.

In the County of Mackinac, the second Tuesday of June, and the first Tuesday of August in each year.

In the County of Manitou, for the year 1874, the third Monday of June and fourth Monday of July, for the year 1875 the second Monday of June and fourth Monday of July.

Dated, October 20, 1873.

DANIEL GOODWIN,
Circuit Judge 11th Circuit.

JOB DODGE.

Buy Your Boots & Shoes of ... If you want the best of Fits

PRICE LIST:

Best French Calf, Tongue Seved Boots,	$13 00
" " " Grain Boots,	11 00
" " " Pegged, Tap Sole,	8 00
Tapping Boots,	8 00
Ladies fine shoes a specialty.	85

THE

Best place to buy your

Iron, Steel, Nails,

STOVES

Cutlery, Glass, Pumps,

&c., &c., is at the store of

W. J. WALLACE

DEALER IN

HARDWARE!

Also dealer in

Sash, Doors, Blinds,

And all kinds of

BUILDING MATERIAL

Of the best quality.

Job Work Done Neatly!

ESCANABA, MICH.

A NEW STOCK OF
THE FINEST LEATHER
IN THE WORLD!
AT
M. J. McMAHON'S, Agent,
TO BE MADE INTO
GENT'S FINE BOOTS
SPRING STYLES:
"ALEXIS," "BROADWAY"
"LONG SCOTCH," &c.
ALSO THE
Velvet Top Congress Gaiter
All the rage in the East.
NEXT DOOR TO RAMSDEN'S

MORTGAGE SALE.—Default having been made in the conditions of a Mortgage made by Antime Beauchamp, Sr., and Antoine Beauchamp, Jr., to John N. Hiller, dated the first day of October, A. D. 1873, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds within and for the County of Delta and State of Michigan, on the fifth day of October, A. D. 1873, at nine o'clock A. M. in Liber "B" of Mortgages on pages 70-1, and no proceeding or suit having been instituted at law or in chancery for the foreclosure of said mortgage, upon which Mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Two Hundred and Fifty-One Dollars and Eleven Cents, besides an attorney's fee of Thirty Dollars, provided for in said Mortgage. Notice is hereby given, that, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, I shall on the seventeenth day of July, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of Elliott's Hall in Escanaba in said county, (that being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said County of Delta) foreclose the said Mortgage, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, by a sale at public auction of the premises described in said mortgage to wit:—The south-east quarter of the south-west quarter of Section sixteen (16) in township Forty-one (41) north of Range Twenty-two (22) west, to satisfy the amount due upon said Mortgage, with said attorney's fees, interest and costs of foreclosure.

Dated, Escanaba Mich. April 20th, 1875.

JOHN N. HILLER, Mortgagee.
DAVID OLIVER, Sheriff of Delta County.
E. P. LOTT, Attorney for Mortgagee. 20w13

PROBATE COURT—DELTA COUNTY.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, }
COUNTY OF DELTA, } ss.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred Hall, deceased.

To all whom it may concern—Greeting:

Notice is hereby given to the creditors that I will receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands against the estate of Alfred Hall, deceased, late a resident of Delta County. The creditors to give their claims for adjustment on the first Monday in June, July, August and September next, at the office of the Judge of Probate in the Village of Escanaba. And I do hereby appoint the first Monday in September next as the final day for creditors to appear before me and for the adjustment of all the claims.

Delta County, Michigan, April 5, 1875.
19 EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

Lost,

A pocket book containing a contract for two lots and a house situated in this village, also a few minutes of Van Ilandt, and other papers of no value, excepting to the owner. A reward of $5 will be given to anyone returning the same to the TRIBUNE OFFICE.

SCHILLER,
WINEGAR
& COMPANY

List of Prices:

CROCERIES

Granulated Sugar,	12cts ℔ lb
Cut Loaf Sugar,	14cts ℔ lb
Best Coffee A Sugar,	12cts ℔ lb
Best Yellow A Sugar,	11cts ℔ lb
Best Rio Coffee,	28cts ℔ lb
Best Java Coffee,	40cts ℔ lb
Best Gunpowder Tea,	$1.00 @ $1.25 ℔ lb
Best Japan Tea,	85cts ℔ lb
Good Japan Tea,	70cts ℔ lb
Good Mixed Tea,	60cts ℔ lb
Best "German" Soap,	7cts ℔ bar
Star Candles,	20cts ℔ lb
Best Kerosene Oil,	25cts ℔ gal.
White Wine Vinegar,	35cts ℔ gal.
Crackers—Boston, Soda, Sugar, Picnic, Desert,	10 to 20c

PROVISIONS

Mess Pork,	13cts ℔ lb
Mess Beef,	9cts ℔ lb
Best Sugar Cured Hams,	18cts ℔ lb
Dried Beef,	16cts ℔ lb
Best Dairy Butter,	32cts ℔ lb
Fresh Eggs,	40cts ℔ doz.
Best Spring Wheat Flour,	$6.00 ℔ bbl.
Best Winter Wheat Flour,	$7.50 ℔ bbl.
Family Mackerel,	$1.40 ℔ kitt
No. 1 Mackerel,	$2.00 ℔ kitt
Prime Leaf Lard,	18cts ℔ lb
Fresh Cod Fish,	10cts ℔ lb
Potatoes,	$1.00 ℔ bushel
Cheese,	20cts ℔ lb

GRAIN

No. 1 White Oats,	75cts ℔ bushel
Corn,	$1.20 ℔ bushel
Feed,	$2.25 ℔ cwt.
Bran,	$1.25 ℔ cwt.
Corn Meal,	$3.00 ℔ cwt.
Timothy Hay,	℔ ton

All other goods Proportionately Low

"IS OUR MOTTO. "ENDEAVOR TO PLEASE."

CALL AND EXAMINE

EPHRAIM'S

INMENSE STOCK OF

SPRING GOODS

WHICH HE IS SELLING

VERY CHEAP

FOR THE CASH.

—1875— LOOK, EVERYBODY! —1875—

GREAT CHANCE FOR BARGAINS! EVERYBODY GOING TO

E. P. BARRAS

—FOR THEIR—

GROCERIES—DRY—GOODS—NOTIONS

—CONSISTING OF—

SUGARS, TEAS, VEGETABLES, BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS,

Beef, Pork, Flour, Meal, Canned Fruits, Pickles, and everything that belongs in

A FIRST CLASS CITY GROCERY

—ALSO—

A GOOD TOCK OF DRY-GOODS, NOT OFTEN SURPASSED

EITHER IN AMOUNT, QUALITY OR PRICE.

BOOTS AND SHOES | RUBBERS | LADIES' SLIPPRES | &C.

AN IMMENSE STOCK JUST RECEIVED!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

CORNER OF LUDINGTON STREET AND TILDEN AVENUE,

ESCANABA - - - MICHIGAN.

J. F. OLIVER & Co.

GENERAL

COMMISSION

MERCHANTS

—WHOLESALE DEALERS IN—

GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED,

HAY,

SALT,

WOOD,

& COAL.

Dock and Warehouse:

Foot of Ludington Street,

Escanaba, Michigan

J. F. OLIVER. F. O. CLARK.

Clothing! Clothing Clothing!

Clothing Clothing Clothing

S. GREENHOOT,

DEALER IN

CLOTHING

HATS AND CAPS,

GENT'S

Furnishing Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

THE LATEST STYLES.

STORE ON LUDINGTON ST.

Escanaba.

Furnishing Goods,
Furnishing Goods,
Furnishing Goods.

Hamilton & Merryman Co.

Manufacturers of

GANG-SAWED

LUMBER!

Shingles,
Lath & Pickets,
Flooring,
Siding,
Dressed Lumber.

Of all descriptions.

Doors, Windows, Moulding, &c. Furnished to Order.

Having plenty of side track facilities we are able to

Ship Promptly

Write for quotations free on board cars. Address HAMILTON & MERRYMAN Co. Marinette, Wisconsin.

HARDWARE

W. E. ROYCE,

At his store on Tilden Avenue, near the dock has on hand a fine stock of Hardware, consisting in part of

Pocket and Table Cutlery,
Shelf and Builders' Hardware,
Nails, Glass and Rope,
Carpenters, Blacksmiths and Machinists' Tools,
Building Material,
Revolvers, Fishing Tackle of all Descriptions.

He employs the best of workmen in his mechanical department, and guarantees satisfaction to all who may buy of him.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

HORTON H. BRUBY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
And Solicitor in Chancery.
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

WM. FARRELL,
Architect and Builder.
Plans, Specifications & Estimates carefully made
Office and Shop in Clark's Block,
Tilden Avenue, ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

CHRISTIAN OLSON,
FASHIONABLE MERCHANT TAILOR.
The Best Material Always Used!
West end Ludington Street,
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

S. H. SELDEN,
CIVIL ENGINEER
—AND—
LAND AGENT
Escanaba, 1-tf Mich

W. W. MULLIKEN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Ludington Street, over John Semer's Grocery Store.
OFFICE HOURS—8 to 10 A. M., 1 to 3 P. M., and after 7 o'clock in the evening.
ALL CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED.

B. F. & H. L. SWEET,
Manufacturers of
Lumber Wagons, Buggies Cutters, &c,
Fond de Lac, Wisconsin.

PAT FOGARTY,
DEALER IN
FLOUR & FEED!
Corn, Oats, &c.,
Tilden Ave., ESCANABA, MICH.

HART & WILLIAMS,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
QUICK WORK AND PAY DOWN
WAGON SHOP!
Wagons, Carriages, Cutters and Sleighs made to order. Best material used.
REPAIRING
Done in "boss" style on the shortest notice.
CARPENTER & JOINER WORK
A Specialty.
Also, Turning Saw Filing and Furniture Repairing.

HARNESS SHOP.
G. E. BAERISCH,
(Successor to F. D. Clark)
HARNESS MAKER & SADDLER,
DEALER IN

WHIPS
BUFALO
ROBES,
BLANKETS, SLEIGH-BELLS,
And a large stock of
SADDLERY HARDWARE.

INSURANCE AGENCY,
H. H. DRURY.
FIRE
NEW YORK NATIONAL INSURANCE AGENCY, NEW YORK,
Cash Assets, $2,700,000.
NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE CO., NEW YORK,
Cash Assets, $1,400,000.
LIFE
NORTH WESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
Cash Assets over $16,000,000.
ACCIDENT
TRAVELERS LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO., HARTFORD, CONN.,
Cash Assets, $3,000,000.

Heller & Schram
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Trunks, Valises, &c.
Make a Specialty of Ladies' & Children's FINE SHOES.

Yes, it's at
FRANK BAKER'S
You can get a Fresh glass of
MILWAUKEE LAGER!
Two kegs tapped daily.
ALSO THE CELEBRATED
PEDRO CIGARS!
A favorite brand in this market.
Don't fail to Call on Frank
When you need anything in his line.

THE CHEAPEST & BEST
JOHN SEMER
Still continues to do business at the same old stand where he deals in
All kinds of
Groceries
Provisions
And in fact, a COMPLETE stock of
EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE!
Can always be found at his store.
Those who have to provide for
FAMILIES,
BOARDING HOUSES,
OR LUMBER CAMPS
Will save money by calling at his store.
THE HIGHEST PRICES PAID for FURS
No. 48
LUDINGTON STREET, ESCANABA, MICH.

The Escanaba Tribune.

Escanaba, Saturday, May 8th, 1875.

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN R. R.

TRAINS AT ESCANABA.

	Arrive	Depart
Going south—		
Passenger	12:05 p. m.	12:05 p. m.
Accommodation		8:00 p. m.
Going north—		
Passenger	3:40 p. m.	4:00 p. m.
Accommodation		5:45 a. m.

W. H. STENNETT,
General Passenger Agent.

JOTTINGS

"True Friend."

Who lost on that navigation bet?

The True Friend is the best cigar.

Have you looked at Adler's new goods?

Send this issue of the TRIBUNE to a friend.

Beautiful snow again last Wednesday even'g.

Postal cards printed in the best style at this office.

There are four seasons in the year—what's this?

Read the Burns' advertisement in another column.

May day parties would go begging in this country.

Atkinson furnished the people with "greens" this week.

H. Vandyke has been improving his premises by a new fence.

Memorial Day, May 30, has been made a legal holiday in Michigan.

Good time to put in fall wheat just now before we have another snow.

There are but few cases of the Black Hill fever raging in Escanaba.

Last Saturday was a beautiful spring day—if one isn't particular what he says.

The spring term of the Circuit Court for Delta County will open on Monday next.

Ducks are said to be quite plenty in the vicinity of Portage Creek—as are also the hunters.

The Escanaba Furnace Company—yes, it appears as if we had heard of them, but where are they now?

Hart & Williams have a new sign which reads "Saws Filed—Wagon Shop." That's right, advertise your business.

Another batch of Village Board Proceedings again this week. Read them and see what the village fathers are doing.

Free lunches are getting quite popular and are well patronized. It's house cleaning time just now, you know.

The boys with the cripled fingers will soon get out that stone called a base ball and the work of pulverization will begin.

The Pen. Div. C. & N. W. R. R., are soon to put in sixteen miles of new rails to replace those worn out by long use.

F. C. Grugan, Inspector of the signal service, has been at the Tilden this week while giving the signal office an overhauling.

Sunday last, although not the most pleasant day of the season, was improved by many in taking strolls around the village.

Just for an experiment, give the True Friend cigar a trial you can find them at Brewster & Hiller's—three for a quarter, too.

The plastering of the new Signal Office and Odd Fellows hall in Adler's Block is finished and will soon be in order to move into.

J. B. Mulliken has entered upon his new field of duties as Superintendent of the Detroit, Lansing & Lake Michigan Rail Road.

If you are in want of a new summer suit for your horses, Geo. Bachrich can show you any kind of harness—or make one to order.

Look out for sickness—if anything is the matter with you consult a physician at once, we have several skilled ones at our service.

The roads through the county though not the best, might be much worse and by a little attention could be put in very fair condition.

"That boat generates motion" was fully demonstrated the other day by a Campbell Street father who undertook to move a hot stove.

An inch or two of snow fell on Saturday last, and on Tuesday night of this week just enough more to keep up the supply in the fence corners.

Shooting and spearing fish is a favorite amusement hereabouts just now, but we prefer not to be interviewed about our experience in this line.

H. Morley, editor of the Ishpeming Iron Home, lost his residence in Oshkosh by the late fire. Loss estimated at $1,000. Insured for $600.

According to figures made by Superintendent Linsley, there is not liable to be shipped from this port over 250,000 tons of ore the present season.

Escanaba has only been blessed with three snow storms the present month. Talk about the earth being nearer the sun this, than for the previous years.

Blanks for use under the liquor tax bill are being prepared by direction of the auditor general, and will be sent to all county treasurers very soon.

It appears that the measels have made their appearance. The little daughter of Mr. & Mrs. Flynn was confined to her bed only one day before she died.

Lovers of the beautiful can enjoy themselves by taking a stroll on Wells Avenue, down past Mr. Post's Floral Garden. Every day adds to the beauty of his place.

For that paper weight of elegant design, which graces the editorial table, we are indebted to Superintendent Linsley. He evidently appreciated our taste in such matters.

The Eagle Livery Stable manager is putting all the rigs of that establishment in thorough repair. He has also put in one or two new teams which look to be first-class.

Owing to the crowded state of our news columns, we have been obliged to omit the Meteorological report and notices of society meetings besides several advertisements.

The length of that cigar presented to I. K. Haring by one of the engineers for the handsome work done on his engine, is only exceeded by that of him who handled the brush.

There are places in Canada where the sleighs go on a level with the house roofs, so deep is the snow still. Perhaps it wouldn't be out of place to state that muckrat houses are referred to.

There were three fires in Depere last week, two of which the News intimates were set purposely for the sake of beating the insurance companies. The total loss is estimated at $9,000.

George Lanagins has commenced to repair the building on the corner of Ludington and Harrison streets, and when finished proposes to open a restaurant, serving up warm meals at all hours.

Billy King has now made his second trip between here and Fayette, with his sailboat. Billy is in the passenger and freight business and will carry either with safety, wind and weather permitting.

Schiller, Wineger & Co. wish to call attention to the fact that hereafter they will keep constantly in stock a large quantity of lime, hair, oil, nails, cement, &c., which they will sell at the lowest prices.

J. J. McKenna has just received a large lot of Davis' choice sugar cured hams and dried meats which he is selling at a low margin. Mac endeavors to keep up with the times and has all the choicest articles.

Job Dodge has received this week from New York City a new set of taste of the latest styles, and having purchased a sewing machine allows he is pretty well fixed and can turn out work which he defies to beat.

The Menominee Furnace Co. have blown out for the purpose of putting in a new hearth and making some repairs on their stack which will require a suspension of their manufacturing operations for a few weeks.

Dr. Dewpter has in his possession a stand, which for beauty of design and superior workmanship displayed in its construction is not to be excelled. It is the handiwork of Adolf Adel, who, (if he only lived in a community where such work would command a price in comparison to its worth,) would be more fully appreciated, particularly if he only would overcome his appetite for strong drink.

Do you want invites?
Do you want Handbills?
Do you want Business Cards?
Do you want nice Letter Heads?
Do you want printed Envelopes?
Do you want Bill Heads or Statements?
Do you want any kind of job printing, plain or in colors, have your orders at the TRIBUNE office.

R. H. Dodge has opened a bakery and restaurant in the building recently occupied by Flood & Hodge. [16-tf.]

If that young man who daily visits our office and purloins our wooden pipe would politely inform Schiller, Wineger & Co. that he is out of funds and would like a clay pipe, we presume the boys would donate one.

The railroad company commenced dumping ore in the new dock this week, and as soon as the mining companies are ready to load at the mines, a sufficient number of trains will be put on for their accommodation.

The editor's table was furnished with garden stuff by J. T. Atkinson, the corner grocer, on Thursday last, and what is most important to announce is that he still has more—direct from Chicago. Go and get a lunch or two.

Schiller, Wineger & Co. have very choice imported prunes on sale at their establishment, at 10 cents per lb. We can swear to this as Mr. Lyon presented a sample of each to the editor and each was pronounced a very fine article.

The authorities of the Detroit, Lansing & Lake Michigan and Grand Rapids & Indiana railroads, have concluded to discontinue the Escanaba route, and will not place a steamer between Traverse Bay and Escanaba this season.

A. M. Kent has concluded to take a walk out of our fair village in a short time and is desirous of collecting as many of the little bills due him as possible. Those indebted to that institution will please call at the captain's office and plank down the tin.

We were obliged to leave out a few of our advertisements this week, among the rest the grocery ad. of J. N. Hiller. Mr. H., however, has an immense stock and is continually adding to it, and in our next issue will speak to you in regard to his new stock.

The death of the little child of Mr. Jas. Flynn occurred just eleven months from the time of the loss of his son Elmer, when it will be remembered was lost in the woods last spring. Mr. Flynn has the sympathies of the community in this his late bereavement.

Rev. Father Langner has several men engaged in beautifying the grounds around the Catholic Church and parsonage. He has caused shade trees to be planted on Wells Avenue, Campbell and Elmore Streets, and has plowed and intends to plant all the available portion of the grounds.

The Eagle Livery Stable proprietors call attention to the hall in the second story of their barn. This is now the only hall in town for public purposes, and has ample accommodations for a town of this size. Theatrical and concert managers should address E. H. Churchill, Manager of barn.

Attention is invited to day to the new advertisement of Mrs. M. A. Burns, who has opened a millinery and fancy goods establishment in the east half of Dodge's building on Ludington St. Mrs. Burns has a complete stock of everything in that line and will add from time to time all the latest styles in the market.

The Commissioner of Highways has, the past week, been making several much needed improvements in the condition of the road between Escanaba and Ford River. A new bridge has been put in near the slaughter house, the Portage Creek bridge has been straightened up, and sundry repairs made in the road bed.

The services at St. Joseph's Catholic Church last Sunday were conducted by three priests, Rev. Father Dale of Wisconsin, Rev. Father Langner, resident pastor and Rev. Father P. Minor, who was recently ordained at Marquette. The sermon preached by Father Dale was very impressive and delivered by him in his usual kindly way.

Village Marshal McFall has been engaged part of the past week collecting the dog tax. Some dog owners seem quite reluctant to come down with a dollar or two, but when they are informed that the village officers have decided to fine each dog owner who refuses to pay his tax $10 and costs, they usually pay it without any further trouble.

Because the editor smokes cigars, it's no sign that he is extravagant, as you can't most always tell where he gets them. Charlie Williams furnished the last ones, which he now puts with such gusto. Charlie's headquarters is at Rauspeck's and we should judge they sell quite a respectable quantity of cigars from the immense stock exhibited on their shelves.

In another portion of the paper, A. M. Kent announces that the Escanaba Quadrille Band will give a social party in Elliott's Hall, next Friday evening. As Mr. Kent will probably take leave of his friends shortly after the party it will be the last occasion at which our people will have a chance to enjoy the fine calling of Mr. K. who fills this position in the most acceptable manner possible.

On Wednesday last the ice in the head of the bay, impelled by a strong north wind, came bowling along down upon the merchant and pig iron docks, causing these structures to creak somewhat, but not doing any serious damage. On Friday night of last week, quite a large body came floating down upon the docks, carrying away about 150 feet of the breakwater outside the old ore dock, and cutting off a few piles underneath the pig iron dock.

Pipes are dangerous and sometimes fatal, but there is no danger that the beautiful meerschaum presented by Mr. A. M. Kent to our foreman, Simons, will be, as he takes too much care of it. It is a pity that such a piece of mechanism should be used for such vile purposes, but then we can't see what other use it can be put to unless it be to make soap bubbles, and that Tom is a "little" too big to enjoy. Hence we must let him quietly enjoy his pipe as he inwardly returns thanks that Providence has raised him up such a liberal friend. Verily, Thomas, thou hast come to be thankful. May his shadow never grow less.

A change has taken place in the proprietorship of the Marquette Mining Journal. Col. Osborn, the former business manager, retiring—he having sold his interest to A. B. Taylor, Esq., who will hereafter take charge of the financial interests of the institution. The Journal is the best weekly paper, without exception, published in this or any other country,—that is it is the best one we have ever come across, and we see legions of good papers weekly. Under the new management the Journal will be run strictly on the cash in advance plan,—which is the only true way, and we trust the proprietors will meet with the financial success which their efforts merit.

The "True Friend."

The True Friend is the name of a new brand of cigars offered for sale at Brewster & Hiller's drug store. The Dr. pronounces it the best cigar he has found since starting in business and they are selling them at the low figure of 5 for a quarter. Don't fail to sample them.

A Card.

In consideration of the fact there is in circulation stories to the effect that the managers of the late Calico Ball used a part of the funds for their own private purposes, I feel it my duty to say to all who have been circulating these reports, that such is not the case—every dollar received, above the actual expenses, was turned over to the Society, and this I can prove to anyone who feels inclined to investigate the matter. It seems very discouraging after working as we did that anybody could wrong us by circulating such malicious falsehoods.

MRS. M. F. WALL.

Big Invention.

Lloyd, the famous map man, who made all the maps for General Grant and the Union Army, certificates of which he published, has just invented a way of getting a relief plate from steel so as to print Lloyd's Map of American Continent—showing from ocean to ocean—on one entire sheet of bank note paper, 42x30 inches large on a lightning press, and colored, shed and varnished so as to stand washing, and selling for 50 cents, and plain for tourists 25 cents, or mounted with rollers ready for the wall, and delivered post paid anywhere in the world, on receipt of 50 cents. This map shows the whole United States and Territories in a group, from surveys to 1875, with 4 million places on it, such as towns, cities, villages, mountains, lakes, rivers, streams, coal mines, railway stations, &c. This map should be in every house. Send price to the Lloyd Map Company, Philadelphia, and you will get a copy by return mail.

The Menominee River Railroad.

We have reliable information that it is the intention of the projectors of the Menominee River Railroad Company to build twenty miles of road this coming summer, starting from Spalding and running northwesterly through the Menominee Iron Range. It will be run in connection with the C. & N. W. R'y, and all ore shipped by water will undoubtedly be shipped by way of Escanaba, but it is doubtful if any is shipped this way this season if the road is built, as we understand it is intended to sell the most of the ores to furnaces on the line of C. & N. W. R'y at Menominee, Depere, Appleton, &c.

New Apportionment.

A committee consisting of six Senators and twelve Representatives, for the purpose of redistricting the State, have completed their work. Under the new apportionment the Upper Peninsula will be entitled to two Senators instead of one as heretofore. The Senatorial Districts will be known as the 31st and 32d; the 31st to consist of the counties of Mackinac, Chippewa, Delta, Schoolcraft, Menominee, Marquette and Baraga, with a population of 35,125. The 32d will be made up of the counties of Houghton, Ontonagon, Keweenaw and Isle Royal, with a population of 32,651. The Representative Districts have also been changed; Marquette County will hereafter be entitled to send 2, Houghton 1, Delta and Menominee 1, Isle Royal, Ontonagon, Baraga and Keweenaw 1, Cheboygan, Mackinac, Schoolcraft and Chippewa 1, making a total of six in all.

Judicial Vote.

The following is a statement of votes given for the office of Circuit Judge in the Eleventh Judicial Circuit, at the recent election as furnished from the office of the Secretary of State.

County	GOODWIN.	BROWN.	INGALLS.
Delta	608	1	28
Cheboygan	153	319	3
Chippewa	156	268	
Mackinac	77	45	
Menominee	804	6	290
Total	1798	639	319

Goodwin's majority over Brown 659; over Ingalls 1099; over both united 340.

From Manitou no returns have been received. It has a small population and at the Governor's election last fall cast but 29 votes.

The Oshkosh Fire.

On the outside of this number of the TRIBUNE may be found a graphic account of the Oshkosh fire, to which it is needless for us to add anything, save that the people of that ill-fated city are manifesting a pluck equal to that of Chicago. The Northwestern and Times printing offices have both resumed operations again, and the people generally are evincing a disposition to try it again. They are receiving aid from nearly every city and village throughout the country, which will be applied to the relief of those who are homeless. The business men of the east are everywhere extending the credit of her merchants, and they hope to be able to weather through their financial difficulties.

That Liquor Bill.

In another column, we publish the law passed at the last session of the Legislature relative to the taxation of the sale of spirituous and malt liquors. This occupies a considerable space but we trust our readers will bear with us, as the most of them feel an interest in the matter. As will be seen the tax imposed is to be paid to the county treasurer, and by him paid into the township, city, or village treasury as a contingent fund. This will lighten the burden of taxation, and at the same time is of benefit to the dealer, as he then can collect his accounts the same as any other dealer.

As to the time when these bills shall take effect, there is a difference of opinion, the Lansing Republican claiming that they take immediate effect, while our Representative, Hon. F. O. Clark, is of the opinion that ninety days from their passage must elapse before they are in full force.

Weather Report for April.

Through the kindness of the Signal Service boys at this station, we are enabled to give our readers the following report for April:

The monthly mean has been for Barometer 29.975 inches; Thermometer 39 degrees; humidity 71.6.

Highest Barometer on the 21st, 30.46; lowest on the 15th 29.506; monthly range of Barometer 1.548 inches.

Highest temperature 61 degs. on the 30th; lowest temperature 5 degs. on the 10th; monthly range of temperature 56 degs.; greatest daily range of temperature 34 degs. on the 28th; mean of maximum temperatures 47 degs.; mean of minimum temperatures 31 degs.; mean daily range of temperature 17 degs.

Total rainfall or melted snow 2.05 inches.

Prevailing wind north; total number of miles traveled 7,651; maximum velocity of the wind 48 miles per hour on the 12th inst.

Number of cloudy days other than those on which rain fell 5; number of days on which rain or snow fell 14.

No. of Auroras 1 on the 29th.

General Items.

A deposit of lead ore has been found underneath Toledo, and property owners are a considerably excited over the discovery.

It may be interesting to know that the people of this country consumed last year 1,636,252 lbs. of arsenic, 289,781 lbs. of camphor, 114,051 lbs. of jalap, 36,926 lbs. of ipecac, 397, 113 lbs. of aux vomica, and $380,289 worth of vaccine virus, all of which was imported.

A Dubuque printer received the following note from his girl: "May I sit ranked out of bed at midnite every nite by a cuss like Theydore Tilton, an' carried upp a million pare of stairs, if ever I cose to love you, Jim."

Baltimore ships 20,000 cans of oysters annually, 40,000 men are constantly employed in sharpening oyster knives and soldering up the cans.

Our total cotton production for the last three years reaches the enormous aggregate of 11,750,000 bales, worth about $725,000,000.

Hon. Ethan A. Brown, member of the House of Representatives of this State died at Lansing last Wednesday evening. Mr. B. represented Berrien Co. where he has previously held high offices of trust, and his death in his native county is looked upon as a public calamity. The members of the Legislature passed appropriate resolutions of condolence upon his death.

Hon. Joseph A. Hetlon, member of the Michigan House of Representatives, died suddenly last Sunday afternoon at the Russell House, Detroit. Mr. Hetlon represented the East Saginaw district in the recent session of the legislature and was one of the youngest members of the House, being only 29 years of age.

Judge Edwards Pierrepont, the lately appointed Attorney General of the United States, ranks deservedly high as a jurist and lawyer. He was born at North Haven, Conn., in 1817, was graduated at Yale College in 1837, and studied at the New Haven law school. In 1840-5 he practiced law in Columbus, Ohio, and afterwards removed to New York City, where he has since resided. He was in 1857-60 a Judge of the New York Supreme Court; a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1867, and in 1869-70 United States District Attorney for the Southern District of New York. He was formerly a Democrat, but became a Republican and ardent friend of President Lincoln in 1861. He voted for General Grant, and would long ago have been appointed to the position he now holds had he consented to accept it. He will honor the office.

In the Interest of a Granger.

A. Lathrop Esq., of Centreville, writes us a description of his first trip over the "Escanaba Extension" and gives his ideas of the farming land along the line. We copy and condense from his letter as follows:

"On April 27th I took the train from Escanaba to Fort Howard, for my first trip over this portion of the road. As I am something of a Granger, it was natural for me to be on the lookout as to the character of the land through which the road ran, and its claims for agricultural purposes. From Escanaba to Menominee, it hardly came up to the idea I had previously formed of it for farming purposes for two reasons:—1st the land is too broken—a patch of good land and a patch of swamp, with the swamp generally a little ahead; and 2nd it is too stony and there is too much beech timber. The beech and stone are two witnesses against it for farming purposes." Mr. L. further states the lands are objectionable on account of the difficulty experienced by settlers in making roads through the swamps. At Stephenson Mr. L. interviewed D. M. Shelden, (telegraph operator) who was turning his hands to agricultural pursuits. Mr. Lathrop speaks well of the farming prospects at Birch Creek, Menominee and Duck Creek, but was not pertinently enchanted at any of the other points along the line. He also pays Charlie Wright, the conductor of the train, a well merited compliment for his unvarying kindness and courtesy to strangers.

Attention Housekeepers.

The undersigned is about to break up housekeeping, and will have some Furniture, Household goods, &c., &c., to sell on reasonable terms.
A. M. KENT.

B. of L. E.

Members of Div. 119 B. of L. E are requested to meet at their hall to-morrow at the usual hour. Business of importance is to be transacted, and every member will be expected to be in attendance.

Notice.

I wish to pay up a few notes in town here before I leave and to do so I must collect A FEW NOTES. Don't be backward in coming forward and much oblige.
A. M. KENT.

The Steamer Union.

Byron wishes us to announce the arrival of the Steamer Union with a full cargo of groceries, provisions and GREEN VEGETABLES for Schiller, Wineger & Co. Call on the boys and get something for your Sunday dinner.

In New York City.

Messrs. Heller & Schram don't propose to be behind their neighbors in the amount or quality of their goods. Mr. Heller is now in New York City purchasing goods while Mr. S. stays at home to attend to the wants of the public. Their stock is well selected and they sell cheap.

Social Party.

The Escanaba Quadrille Band will give a Social party at Elliott's Hall next Friday evening, May 14th. This will be the last party given under the present management. Thanking our many friends for past patronage, we respectfully ask a full attendance next Friday eve.
A. M. KENT.

He Cometh with New Goods.

Mr. S. Adler returned from the east last Saturday where he spent several days selecting his stock of spring goods, part of which has already arrived, and more arriving daily. He also purchased a "new clerk" which he takes great pleasure in exhibiting to his customers. He thinks now that he will be able to sell cheaper than the cheapest.

Assessors Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Roll of the Village of Escanaba has been completed and left at E. P. Lott's office for inspection, and that the undersigned assessors of the said village of Escanaba will meet at E. P. Lott's office aforesaid, on Monday the 17th instant, for the purpose of hearing the objections of any person interested therein, to the valuations made therein by us.

Dated Escanaba, Mich., May 6th, 1875.

FRANK PROVO,
JOHN MONROE, Assessors.

Marine.

At last navigation has opened and the first boat has arrived. This Friday morning, May 7th, was the time when the Props. Ira H. Owen, and S. C. Baldwin, with their consorts the Sch'rs C. Mears and A. L. Potter put in an appearance. As far as our harbor was concerned they could have reached the docks a week ago, although there was considerable floating ice in the Bay. But still we have no fault to find, for we are now ahead of many other ports along the Bay, and yet it is rather late for marine business to begin at Escanaba. The steamer Union arrived in the afternoon, and the Prop. Truesdell is hourly expected.

From an Associated Press Dispatch we learn that the steam barge Fred. Kelley, while entering the port of Toledo on the afternoon of the 4th inst., collided with the propeller Swallow, sinking the latter in twelve feet of water. The Swallow was laden with corn and flour for Ogdensburg. Loss on cargo $9,000, covered by insurance.

This season $25,000 is to be expended upon the Menominee harbor. Last year a channel 125 ft. wide and 2000 feet long, extending up the river, from the end of the pier, was dredged to the depth of fourteen feet. This season they will cut off the point on the north side of the river that now deflects the current, and thus straighten the river, and will also widen the channel dredged last fall.

The Menominee Herald says the Prop. Favorite, with her three barges left for Chicago last Wednesday, May 5th, upon her first trip. One week later than her departure last year.

The Prop. I. H. Owen, Capt. Owen, the Prop. S. C. Baldwin, Capt. Walker, the Sch'r C. Mears, Capt. Prindiville, and the Sch'r A. L. Potter, Capt. Hayes, arrived here from Chicago Friday morning. The St'm'r Union, Capt. Hawley put in an appearance in the afternoon. Captains Walker and Owen informed us that they did not encounter scarcely any ice on their trip up, and that in their opinion there is but little, if any at all, in the vicinity of the Islands. They both came through "Death's Door," and therefore cannot speak authoritively as to the condition of the other passages. The Baldwin and Owen will load with ore for Chicago, and the barges for Milwaukee.

The Barge Jessie Linn owned by the Escanaba & Lake Michigan Transportation Co., which was sunk last fall near the "Door," is being raised, and will be ready to go into the dry dock in the course of a week. The Linn belongs to the same fleet as does the Baldwin & Owen.

Personal Mention.

R. Peacock, Esq., who hails both from Chicago, Ill. and Whitefish, Mich., dropped in on us last Thursday morning. Mr. Peacock informs us that he has got out about a million and a half of logs the past winter which will be sawed at his mill at Whitefish, the coming summer.

Hon. F. O. Clark returned from Lansing on Tuesday of this week, and since that time has probably been interviewed by one of his noble constituents. So busy has he been kept in this line that it has been impossible for any one connected with this office to get in a word edgeways.

A. M. Kent thinks it probable that he will leave his many friends in Escanaba next week. He hasn't told us where he was going yet, and it has not transpired for a certainty who his successor in the express office here will be.

E. P. Royce, Esq., found time enough last week to take a trip to Chicago, and we are glad to be able to state that he returned without being victimized by confidence men.

J. N. Hiller started for Chicago in the early part of the week for the purpose of purchasing a spring supply of goods for both his furniture and grocery departments of his establishments.

S. H. Selden returned the latter part of last week from the lower part of the State.

S. Pence, book-keeper for the Menistique Lumber Company, passed through here on Wednesday last, bound towards Menistique.

Messrs. Dixon, Ramspeck, and Gilligan have been suffering the past week with severe attacks of sickness.

J. W. Hutchinson was in town for a few days this week. If it's any trouble for him to come up, he can stay down to the Bay in the future,—and if we were George we should charge all such strangers as him when they stop at the Tilden.

And still they go. Now it is the gentlemanly agent of the Goodrich Transportation Company, Mr. G. E. Starkweather, who has left us. He has gone to Racine, Wis., where he takes a position with Messrs. Good, Son & Co., General Commission Merchants. We congratulate Messrs. G. S. & Co. upon securing the services of Mr. S. and the good people of Racine upon this acquisition to their number.

J. S. Lester Esq., Route Agent for the American Express Co., was in town on Thursday and Friday of this week making arrangements for transferring the agency at this place, Mr. Kent going south to take charge of a larger office.

Proceedings of the Village Board.

ESCANABA, April 26th, 1875.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment. Present, President Oliver, and Trustees Ephraim, Hanrahan, Stack Scmer and Young.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The committee appointed at the last meeting to examine the cistern at the corner of Elmore and Ludington Streets, reported that they had performed that duty and found the cistern in a very dilapidated condition.

On motion of Mr. Stack, the clerk was ordered to advertise for sealed proposals for the rebuilding of the said cistern to be made to this Board at their next meeting. Each proposal or bid to contain plan and specifications upon which they propose to build it and also the price for which they were willing to build it on the plan proposed by them. The party (if any) to whom the contract is let to guarantee the work to stand six months.

On motion of Mr. Stack, the Board adjourned until the 27th inst. at 7 30 o'clock P. M.
E. P. LOTT, Clerk.

ESCANABA, April 27th, 1875.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment. Present, President Oliver and Trustees Ephraim Hanrahan, Symons, Stack, Semer and Young.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Several propositions for the re-building of the cistern at the corner of Elmore and Ludington Streets were handed in, viz:

T. Killian, for the sum of	$600 00
Goodman & Co., for the sum of	500 00
Frank Provo, for the sum of	275 00

On motion of Mr. Semer, the contract was awarded to Mr. T. Killian, his bid being the lowest received—and the following committee appointed to attend to drawing up contract and to approve of the bond required, to wit: Messrs. Oliver, Ephraim, Hanrahan and Symons.

On motion the Board adjourned.
E. P. LOTT, Clerk.

ESCANABA, May 5th, 1875.

The Board met in special meeting pursuant to notice regularly given for the purpose of altering the plans and specifications adopted at the last meeting, for the building of the cistern at the crossing of Ludington and Elmore streets.

Present—President Oliver, and trustees Ephraim, Semer and Stack.

Mr. T. Killian, the contractor, being present; after a full discussion, it was resolved that the reservoir in question should be built of No way plank, four inches in thickness, beveled and fastened together with three iron hoops, 3 inches wide and one-quarter of an inch thick, with "draw-bolts" for tightening; the tub to be not less than 11 feet in diameter, and as large as will go inside of the old tub or reservoir; and braced with a solid plank floor just above the water line and one foot of stone in the bottom, and to have not less than eight feet of water when completed; to be completed by the 15th of June next. In consideration of which changes the Board agreed to pay said Killian $200 00 in addition to the original contract price being in the aggregate $800.

On motion the Board adjourned sine die.
E. P. LOTT, Clerk.

MARRIED.

CHAPMAN—LLOYD.—At Keokuk, Iowa, on Tuesday evening, April 20th, at the residence of Hon. J. B. Howell, by Rev. W. G. Craig, Edward Chapman and Miss Mattie Lloyd.

By the above notice it will be seen that at last "Old Flatfoot," (as he was known by the boys) has taken unto himself a better half. Well, old boy, we congratulate you, and truly hope you have secured a help-mate suited to work hand-in-hand with a king,—and all this just because you deserve it. Be a larger hearted and more sympathetic fellow never lived than your humble self.

DIED.

FLYNN—At Escanaba, on Tuesday the 4th inst., of measles, Lydia Ann, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Flynn. Aged 3 years and 24 days.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

If you don't know where to find the best goods for the least money call at the brick store they will tell you and convincing you at on c.
Yours &c., S. ADLER.

"TRUE FRIEND"

101 new styles of Wall Paper the nicest ever saw at ADLER'S.

If you care to see the latest patterns of Wall Paper free of charge, call at ADLER'S

Reduction on account of having bought at half prices, Corsets worth $1, for 50 cents until they are all sold. S. ADLER.

500 yards of calico remnants from 2 to 5 yards at 8 cents per yard at ADLER'S.

Latest styles of gentlemens hat received by Express to-day at ADLER'S.

"TRUE FRIEND"

Spring styles of collars at ADLER'S.

New and large variety of children's shoes all colors and sizes, direct from manufacturers at ADLER'S.

Mens driving boots rubber big boots at list prices at ADLER'S.

"TRUE FRIEND"
Cigars at Brewster & Hiller's 3 for 25 c

An entire new line of carpets from a hemp to a 3 ply and the best makes of Brussels new styles at ADLER'S.

New goods to every department at bottom prices at ADLER'S.

For the Holidays, boys clothing the best and cheapest at ADLER'S.

"TRUE FRIEND"
Cigars at Brewster & Hiller's 3 for 25 c

B
NEW STORE,
NEW GOODS,
LOW PRICES
Mrs. M. A. BURNS
Would kindly invite the ladies of Escanaba to call and examine her fine stock of
MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS
Of the very latest styles.
Next door to Adler's brick store. Give us a call before buying and see the styles of the season at
Burn's New Store.
B

AMERICAN WASH BLUE
For Laundry and Household Use,
MANUFACTURED AT THE
American Ultramarine Works, Newark N. J.
Our Wash Blue is the best in the world. It does not streak, contains nothing injurious to health or fabric, and is used by all the large laundries on account of its pleasing effect and economy. Superior for whitewashing. Put up in packages convenient for family use. Price 10 cents each. For sale by grocers everywhere. Always ask for the AMERICAN WASH BLUE, if you want the cheapest and best.
AMERICAN ULTRAMARINE WORKS,
Office, 72 William Street, New York.

EAGLE

LIVERY STABLE
No. 50 Ludington Street,
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.
All of our Carriages and Harness have recently been overhauled and put in thorough repair. We have a good assortment of
BUGGIES & CARRIAGES
Of the most Approved Pattern.
Our carriages were gotten up expressly for this country and it is our aim to always keep in our stable the best stock to be found in the market.

RIGS
Furnished at all hours of the day or night.
Funerals Receive Especial Attention.
ELLIOTT'S HALL. Above the barn is the only hall in the village for public amusements. Those wishing to make arrangements for the use of the hall should address
R. H. CHURCHILL,
Manager.

THE ONLY
FURNITURE
House in the City!

Elegant Suites, Lounges, Parlor and Bed Room Sets, Spring Beds, Wool, Hair & Excelsior Matresses, Hair, Wool, and Feather Pillows, Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Mirrors Brackets, Office Stools and Chairs, &c.
Also, Coffins and Trimmings on Extensive Stock
—ON—
HILLER'S
No. 81 & 83
LUDINGTON STREET
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

COME
Warm Meals all hours at the Star Restaurant, opposite the Post Office. Also board by the day or week at living rates for those helping themselves. Call and see me. W. H. LEWIS.

AT
S. ADLER'S
IN HIS
NEW AND SPACIOUS
BRICK STORE
IS THE PLACE TO BUY
YOUR
DRY GOODS!

CONRAD LINS,
The reliable
BOOTS AND SHOES
BOOTS AND SHOES
BOOTS AND SHOES
BOOTS AND SHOES
BOOTS AND SHOES
Rubbers, Gaiters,
Overshoes, Shoepacs, High Boots, Slippers, &c.
Is still at the same stand
No. 35 Ludington Street.
CUSTOM WORK,
Is made a specialty, and Satisfaction Guaranteed as he uses the best of stock and employs
THE BEST WORKMEN.
ORDERS from up the lines or across the bay promptly attended.

LAWSON'S CURATIVE
the only remedy ever discovered that will
Positively Cure
NEURALGIA, SCIATICA,
AND
RHEUMATISM,
Common forms of the disease have seldom required the use of more than one bottle.
ONE BOTTLE—usually less—CURES DYSPEPSIA, PLEURISY, ERYSIPELAS.
One or two applications cures CHILBLAINS, CHAPED FEET, TIC DOLOREAUX, NERVOUS TOOTH ACHE, SICK HEADACHE.
One bottle is a sure Cure for NERVOUS HEADACHE, LAME BACK, DIPTHERIA, or SORE THROAT.
Price, One Dollar.
If you are afflicted, send to your druggist for this article

The Chair by the Sea Shore.

An old man sat in a worn arm-chair;
White as snow is his thin soft hair;
Furrowed his cheek by time and care;
And back and forth he sways;
There's a far-way look in his dim, dim eye,
Which tells of thoughts of the long gone-by,
For he sits once more 'neath a cloudless sky,
And in childhood merrily plays.

He rests his cheek on the head of his cane,
And, happily smiling, dreams over again
Of that home, the brook, the meadow, the lane,
Dreams all with a vision clear;
Then childhood yields into manhood's place,
And he looks once more into his bright, bright face,
And down the starry eyes he can trace
A love remembered and dear.

Then he wakes and sighs: "It seems but a dream,
That comes to me now like a golden gleam,
Or the shimmering glow of the sun's last beam,
But 'tis pleasant to think it o'er.
That youth was so sweet, but now is past;
Those days of love were too precious to last,
But over yonder their pleasures are cast,
And I am nearing the shore."

He is gliding on his little boat;
O'er the calm still water they peacefully float;
But echo full oft brings a well-known note
From the isle he has left behind.
But Time will row back for him no more,
And he gazes away to that other shore,
And knows, when the voyage of life shall be o'er,
That his dream beyond he will find.

The seeds of youth, which in youth we sow,
Adown through the isles of the future will grow,
And shed on age a beautiful glow,
As they come in memory's gleams.
Loved faces will come to dimming sight;
Sweet words will echo in day-dreams bright,
And circle old age with their halos of light
As they mingle in beautiful dreams.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

Horses in Stables.

A correspondent of the Indiana Farmer writes: "I have tried a variety of means to prevent horses pawing in the stable, among others, the strap and chain, but all failed. Recently I devised a plan which has succeeded to my entire satisfaction. I made a frame four feet long, and of sufficient width to reach nearly to the top of the manger, from which I suspended it, allowing it to reach to within about ten inches of the floor. I boarded up the sides or frame, in order that he could not get his feet over the lower bar, which was a round stick two inches in diameter. The act of pawing sets the swing in motion, causing it to strike against the shins, which so disgusted my animal that he very soon gave it up entirely."

Canary Parasites.

A correspondent of the London Fanciers' Gazette writes that "a drop of linseed oil put on the ends of perches in the cages of canaries, where the red mites sometimes breed by thousands, will instantly kill them, and if applied occasionally will keep others away. They can be easily kept out of the nests by drenching the box or basket with quicklime inside, and then making a nice nest with clean moss." Another correspondent, "Fringilla," writing up on the same subject, says: "I paint my cages with carbolic acid, pure or mixed with water; to dip the edge in a solution is simpler. Don't let the birds enter till the cage is dry. Six months have elapsed since I doctored my cages, and I have not seen a mite since. My birds are allowed to bathe frequently."

The Vastness of Our Domain.

We get some idea of the vastness of our country from the statistics furnished by Mr. Dodge, of the Department of Agriculture. Less than one-fifth of the entire area of the United States is mapped into farms, and only one-fourth of this farm area is tilled or mowed. Heavy as our wheat crop is, it occupies an area less than the surface of South Carolina. Our national crop, maize, covers a territory not larger than Virginia, and the potato crop could grew in less than the area of Delaware. The country is capable of producing food for the support of a population almost without number. There is no danger of our being overcrowded for centuries. Let us remember this fact when the thought is suggested to us that it is time to discourage immigration.

Dark Stables.

There can be no doubt that light is as important to the health of animals as to man. We all know the exhilarating effect of sun light upon ourselves. We know that plants cannot grow in a healthy way without light, and that in a cellar where a ray of light comes through a crevice, plants will stretch toward this light. We should endeavor to render stables pleasant for our animals, not only out of motives of kindness but from motives of interest. An animal will thrive better on the same food in a light cheerful stable than in a dark one. In building new barns, care should be taken to arrange the stables on the south or east side, so that direct sunlight may be admitted. A stable should be made as light as the living room of a house; when this is done cattle will not be anxious to get out of the stable in winter. So little attention is paid to light that we often find it painful to the eyes to go into such stables. Many horses have undoubtedly lost their eyesight by being taken from dark stables to the light. The horse shies at objects simply because of the flood of light thrown upon its eyes. These sudden changes from darkness to light soon produce blindness. We shall find it for our true interests to study all the wants of our animals.—*Buffalo Live Stock Journal.*

The Hog Crop.

The National Live Stock Journal says: The Chicago Tribune, in discussing the probable supply of hogs for the next season, gives the following figures based upon the Assessors' returns for the states named:

	1874.	1873.
Illinois	3,469,166	3,560,033
Ohio	1,915,200	2,088,300
Iowa	1,387,414	1,460,784
Indiana	2,803,878	2,909,139
Nebraska	233,652	196,695
Total	9,759,310	10,204,461
Decrease this year over last		594,651

It has been remarked that these figures do not include the animals under six months old, at the time the returns were made (last spring,) many of which will be suitable for packing this winter. But while this is true, it should be remembered that neither did the returns of 1873 include pigs under six months old, and that as the number of pigs bears a certain relation to the number of adult animals (a relation not likely to vary very much in a single year), there were probably more pigs under six months old in the country in the spring of 1873, than in the spring of 1874, and that if the returns included animals under six months, the deficiency would have been much greater than above shown.

The fact that the supply is not only short *but largely short* cannot be disputed. Perhaps the strongest indication of the fact is found in the high prices which have prevailed during the past summer. Had the supply of hogs been even reasonably large, the high prices which have prevailed would have pailed out enough hogs to have swamped the market. But the supply of hogs being limited, of course they could not come forward. It is interesting to have the season in which the gamblers in pork cannot delude the country with their clamor about short supplies.

Stopping Draughts.

There are many little things that can be had at a trifling expense which will render every home more comfortable and inviting. Little things, to be sure; but still they require some amount of patience and energy to accomplish them. But they will amply repay the labor and expense, not merely in the palpable comfort bestowed by them, but also in the occupation of the mind, filling up those odd moments which are so often dawdled listlessly away, or spent in idle gossip; and also affording that constant round of useful employment which tends to increase the health of the body. It is remarkable how expert a lady can become in the use of hammer and nails, as well as in the plying of the needle and thread, if she will only make the attempt and persevere in it. A good strong hammer, not too slight, and not too heavy for her strength, will cost but little, and will enable her to do many useful things in carpentering and upholstering about the house that would not otherwise be attended to. The thousands of small homes in the suburbs of our large cities, and also throughout the country, are usually very slightly built, and abound in crevices and draughts, and one of the first things to be attended to, as autumn changes into winter, is to remedy these inconveniences in the best possible way. To close up draughts one must fill in the spaces around the ill-fitting doors and windows. For this purpose strips of listing, such as the tailors have in great quantities, are the most desirable. Procure a basketful of them, and nail them with tin tacks all around the part of the door that closes into the doorway. If it is possible to take the door off the hinges, nail them on its under side, and they will prove a great protection against drafts and their consequences—cold feet and a bad cough. After the listing is nailed on, nail a piece of scarlet twilled binding all around the door where it opens, and over the hinges. Fasten this also on the listing around the windows, but not so as to close up all of them permanently, for fresh air is an essential ingredient to our comfort, even if the mercury does fall below the all-important cipher. The street and area doors should also be listed in the same way. If your house is so isolated that neither the listing nor scarlet braid can be procured, strips of newspaper or brown paper can be pasted down the edges of the windows and across the casements.

The Household.

BROWN BREAD.—One quart of bread, 2 cups of Indian meal, 1 cup of flour, 1 cup of molasses, 1 teaspoonful of soda, a little salt. Steam four hours.

A DANISH DISH.—One pint of currant juice; 1 pint of water; ½ pint of sago; 2 cups of sugar. Boil all together until the sago is soft. Pour into molds, and set on ice. To be eaten with cream and sugar.

CHICKEN SOUP.—Chicken or veal broth, 3 eggs, 4 teaspoonfuls of ground rice, boiled in milk. When ready to serve, beat up and put into the soup tureen the three eggs (which must be very light). Pour the broth over them, stirring as it is poured into the tureen, slowly and constantly, until thoroughly mixed.

BREAD DOUGH PUDDING.—When kneading bread for the tins, take one loaf, and mix in some dried berries or fruit, and let it get light; then steam one hour or more, and if good, spongy bread is made, a good pudding will be the result (eaten with sweet gravy) with very little trouble, but it must be steamed done, and raised light.

WHITE SPONGE CAKE.—One and one-half tumblerfuls of white sugar; 1 tumblerful of sifted flour; whites of 10 eggs; 1 teaspoonful of cream tartar; extract of lemon. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth. Rub the cream tarter in the flour. To the eggs add the sugar, stirring it in well; then put in the flour (but stir it lightly). Add lemon, and bake at once.

BUTTERMILK PANCAKES.—One teaspoonful soda, two teacups sweet skimmed milk, two tablespoonfuls thin cream; thicken with flour to a stiff paste; it will take nearly two teacups of sour buttermilk to form thin enough to bake. Always add a small handful of cornell and the same of bran; it is more wholesome for children. Give them a trial, and you will say you never ate good pancakes before.

ROAST SIRLOIN OF BEEF.—The name has remained long after the thing has disappeared. We speak of a roast sirloin of beef, but roasting jack and turnspit have fled away before the presence of cooking stove and range. Now our sirloins must be baked, even for a Christmas dinner. Choose a joint weighing from fourteen to sixteen pounds from a young fat beef. Having laid it in the dripping pan, tenderloin downward, with the long thin end curved under in such a way that the top of the beef will present a nearly flat surface, dredge it slightly with flour, and put about three tablespoonfuls of boiling water in the bottom of the pan, setting it in a very hot, but not burning oven. As soon as the surface of the beef is so browned that the juices will not readily escape, allow the oven to cool to a moderate degree of heat. Baste the beef frequently with its own dripping. From four to four-and-a-half hours in a first quick, and then moderate oven, will be required to cook the beef so that it shall be at once juicy and done. Too many cooks mistake raw beef for rare. It requires the nicest judgment in the management of the grease to secure a joint that shall be well browned—not burned; where the juice shall follow the knife, while the meat is cooked to the center. When the beef is done, sprinkle with salt and pepper. Empty the pan of all the dripping; pour in some boiling water slightly salted, stir it about and strain over the meat.

How Lithography was Discovered.

After the first triumphant performance of Mozart's opera "Don Juan," at Munich, the theatre was deserted by all except one man. Alois Senefelder had still much to do. After seeing carefully around the stage that no sparks had ignited about the theatre, he retired to his little room to stamp the theatre tickets for the following day. As he entered the room he had three things in his hand—a polished whetstone for razors, which he purchased, a ticket stamp, moistened with printer's ink, and a check on the theatre treasury for his week's salary. He placed the check on a table, when a gust of wind took it, swept it high up in his room for a moment, and then deposited it in a basin filled with water. Senefelder took the wet paper, dried it as well as he could, and then to make sure of it, weighted it down with the whetstone, on which he had carelessly before put the printing stamp. Returning to his room on the following morning he was surprised to see the letters of the stamp printed with remarkable accuracy on the damp paper. He gazed long at the check, a sudden thought flashed across his mind; he wondered if by some such means he could not save himself the weary trouble he continually had copying the songs of the chorus. That very morning he went out and purchased a larger stone, and commenced to make experiments, and, and as we all know, finally succeeded in discovering the art of printing from stone—lithography.

IT is reliably stated that the Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise will visit the United States this fall. He will not be appointed to the Governor Generalship of Canada, as rumored.

THE TOWER OF LONDON.

The Ancient Fortress Thrown Open to the Public—Its Past History.

London Morning Post, April 5.

A fresh chapter in the history of the Tower of London was begun on Saturday, when for the first time the grim fortress was thrown open to the public. In future twice a week, on Mondays and Saturdays, the Tower may be visited by all who come, without the payment of any fee, the only formality to be gone through being that of applying for a ticket at the entrance-lodge, which stands on the site of the old Lion's Tower. The privilege thus conferred by the Government upon the public cannot be too highly estimated by those who value freedom of access to our few historical show places, and the present Prime Minister may be sure that when the people come to consider his claims to their popularity his action in this particular matter will not be overlooked. "If prison walls could only speak, what tales of mystery and horror they would relate!" We often hear such a phrase quoted with reference to some dungeon or castellated fortress whose gray stones are mouldering into dust. But we do not ask that the walls of the Tower of London might speak, for, thanks to such intelligent students as Mr. Dixon, we know almost as much of the Tower's history as the ancient stone walls themselves. From the days of the Conqueror, the tyrannical Norman King who caused that famous military architect, Gundulph, Bishop of Rochester, to build the Middle Tower, down to yesterday, we have the complete story of the Tower before us. And what a marvellous narrative it is! It should be written in blood. Every inch of the ground, every foot of masonry is associated with some cruel deed, some tyrannous act. To use the words of that Countess of Somerset who, with her husband, poisoned Overbury and subsequently occupied the prison in which he had been confined, the place is "full of the ghosts of the dead." These spectres confront the visitor at every step and will not be shaken off. In the White Tower, with its watch-towers at each angle, and its walls fifteen feet thick, was imprisoned Maud, the third daughter of Earl Fitzwalter, that stout baron, who, to avenge the King's treatment of his child, compelled him to sign Magna Charta at Runnymede. Here, in a dungeon compared with which the Black Hole at Calcutta would be a palatial residence, was imprisoned Guy, or Guido Fawkes; and here was the prison home of the seven bishops, at whose knees even the soldiers of the guard fell, imploring their benediction, while the shore was crowded by prostrate spectators asking a blessing. The persecuted prelates were lodged in the Earl of Leicester's Tower, where Heriot first observed the satellites of Jupiter. The sun-dial of this famous astronomer yet remains, and the story of Heriot and "the three magi," as his companions were called, is by no means one of the least interesting episodes of the Tower. In the Bloody Tower, called the Garden Tower until the murder of the two little princes—perhaps the most tragic and pitiful incident in the annals of the fortress—Cranmer, Latimer, and Ridley held their conference, asking only for a Bible from which to get counsel and instruction in their hour of need. Here, too, Sir Walter Raleigh wrote his "History of the World," his essay entitled "The Parliament of Man," and other brilliant political treatises. They show you the wall upon which on Saturday stood a group of visitors drinking in greedily all that Mr. Dixon told them about the celebrated navigator and chemist. "Full of the ghosts of the dead!" Memories of those ill-fated great ones arise everywhere, and it does not require overmuch imagination to conjure up those dread mornings when Raleigh passed out of his little room to the block, and when the executioner waited with his glittering axe on the green for patient Lady Jane Grey, who was lodged in the house where now resides Mr. Hughes, the Yeoman jailer. Up the narrow staircases and into the little rooms of this house the curious crowd poured on Saturday and heard with astonishment the story of the chivalric Earl of Essex, whom some over cut his throat in the yeoman jailer's house, but whom we know to have been privately beheaded on the green by order of Queen Elizabeth. The force of contrast is sufficiently remarkable everywhere, but nowhere is it more strongly marked than in the little Church of St. Peter ad Vincula, whither used to resort all not privileged to enter the Royal Chapel. The Easter decorations are up, and while the yeoman jailer, in his middle-age costume, is informing a visitor that the church is open to all comers at 11 and 3 on Sundays, Mr. Hepworth Dixon outlines the past history of St. Peter's, and tells how that underpeath the flags are buried Anne Boleyn, Lady Jane Grey, the Earl of Essex, and nearly all who were executed for treason. Indeed, we walk upon stones which cover piles of royal and noble flesh, that of the unfortunate Earl of Monmouth among the rest; and then, issuing into the fresh air again, we find ourselves gazing at a little slab in the centre of a railed-off space, placed there by the Queen in memory of Anne Boleyn. It was on this green that royal and illustrious persons were executed. Now the constables of the Tower are installed there, and very shortly such a ceremony will be witnessed. Of the bloody scenes enacted within the precincts of the Tower century after century, nothing now remains but their memory. The scaffold, the masked headsman with his shining white axe poised on his shoulder, the little knot of soldiers, the priest, and doubtless cruel eyes gazing from some turret-window upon the grim scene, the sharp cry of agony from the victim's lips—of these things naught exists but their written memorial and the storied walls of the fortress. Belgrave when feudalism was rampant, when men's souls were not their own, and when civilization was an unknown, uninvented word, the Tower was for centuries a name of terror to all, for it meant cruel imprisonment of the guiltless, torture of the innocent and untimely death at the hands of the executioner. Some of the most illustrious, most noble, purest and best of England's sons and daughters have passed beneath the Traitor's Gate and left the sunshine of life and liberty behind them forever. In those days neither the person nor property were safe from arrest and confiscation. It was not until the reign of Henry II, that assizes were established for trial by jury instead of by battle; only in the reign of Charles II. did the feudel system receive its death-blow, and many years elapsed ere the bandages which had covered the eyes of Justice, ere the yoke was taken off the necks of the people, and Lord Mansfield was able to declare that "the air of England was of so high a character that no slave could breathe it."

THE fountain which Lotta will give to San Francisco is now being cast in Philadelphia. It is to be of iron, eleven feet in width at the base, and sixteen feet in height, with a bronze lamp, six feet high, surmounting it. The lamp is to be lighted by means of electricity. On the base of the fountain will be placed three finely executed bronze medalions, representing "Commerce," "Agriculture," and "Mining." The fourth will bear the following inscription: "Presented to the City of San Francisco by Lotta 1875."

WHAT is the difference between Noah's ark and a Mississippi flat-boat? One was made of Gophir wood and the other to go for wood.

Miscellaneous.

DIO LEWIS says: "Let a woman teach school five years and no man can live with her as a wife."

MISS MITCOTT is in Paris collecting material for a novel descriptive of French life and manners.

WE know a man once who objected to sleeping on a straw bed, because he said it was beneath him.—*Boston Notes.*

THE county has 8,095 boys. A cat with four sound legs, or a church with a complement of window panes, can't be found in Blackhawk County, Ia.

ADMIRAL WERDEN, of the United States Navy, has arrived at Florence, where he is a guest of Mr. Graham, the American Consul.

THE British Admiralty is directing attention to the importance of affording means whereby all seamen in the service may be taught to swim.

UP to the present date 2,000 claims for pensions have been entered at the Militia Department in the New Dominion by veterans of 1812.

ON the first occasion of the free opening to the public of the Tower of London, about 4,000 persons most of them working people, visited the place.

No less than 180 enlisted officers, of whom seven are Generals, three Brigadiers, and many Colonels, have given in their submissions to Don Alfonso.

THE armor-clad twin-screw ship Alexander, recently launched at Chalons, by the Prince of Wales, is considered the most powerful sea-going ship of war ever built or building.

An English journal, recognizing Frank Moulton's "genius for administration," thinks he would make a remarkable Chief Magistrate, and therefore nominates him for the Presidency.

No mail has arrived at Salt Lake City over the Union Pacific Railway since April 13. Another inundation has occurred in Weber Cannon and the streams are still rising.

LEADING Philadelphia gentlemen propose to erect a monument to Dr. John Winterspoon, an eminent Presbyterian divine, a descendant of John Knox, and a signer of the Declaration of Independence.

LUCY HOOPER says that the best proof of the wonderful talent of French actresses is the perfection with which they portray girlish innocence and purity.

An economical Connecticut girl refused to be married by the clergyman of her lover's church because another parson owed her $2 for knitting stockings, and was too poor to pay cash.

BARLOW, one of the end-men in Haverly's minstrel troupe, is the son of a former professor of astronomy in the Lexington, Ky., University, and was at one time city editor of a Southern newspaper.

MRS. EVARTS said to Mr. Evarts yesterday morning—"Get up and open the dampers, William;" and Mr. Evarts said absently, turning over for another nap, "Your honor will please note my exception."

THE Graphic is authority for the statement that during the war "Gen. Tracy charged at the head of his column on many a bloody field, and after the battle, has often been seen sitting under a tree, cutting the bannon balls out of his hair."

SAID a colored Georgia preacher—"Dar's robbin' and stealin' all round. Dar's de Beecher business, de Woodhull business, Sumner is dead, tornadoes come whoopin' around, de Freedman's Bank has busted, and it 'pears as if de end was nigh, mighty clus at hand."

THE President of the French Geographical Society has handed to Mr. Washburne, American Minister at Paris, a gold medal presented by the society to the family of Captain Hall in commemoration of the exploits of the Artic explorer.

BY an amended clause in the Italian penal code, anyone publicly insulting a religion tolerated by the state can be imprisoned for one month to a year; if a newspaper does the insulting three months is the limit.

THE Governor-General of Canada, in acknowledging an invitation to dinner forwarded by the Mayor of Quebec, replied that he would prefer having it deferred until his return from England in the autumn, thus dispelling the rumor that he would not return to Canada.

NEW and stringent orders have been issued to give a wide berth to curious spectators hanging about the new fortifications of Paris. There are wonderful stories current of German spies taking plans of the forts with a newly-invented and almost microscopic photographic apparatus.

VALENTINE'S recumbent statue of General Lee was received at Lexington, Va., last Monday. There was a general turnout of the citizens, and addresses were delivered by general Jubal A. Early, Ex-Governor Letcher, and Colonel William Preston Johnston.

IN reply to a recent anti-Papal manifesto of Karl Blind, Garabaldi writes: "I believe there is not in all the world a country less Catholic than Italy. Government and the upper classes affect a Catholic devotion which they do not feel. As to the masses of the people, they neither do believe in Catholicism; and in the Popish churches one only sees bigoted old women."

ADVICES from the Persian Gulf state that intense cold has prevailed there. Seven persons died from exposure near Bassorah. All the roads were blocked with snow, and rendered impassable for traffic. For miles along the Persian shore of the Gulf the beach was strewn with fish, which had been driven by the unusual cold to leave the water, and had died upon the beach. Some of them are represented to have been from 100 to 150 pounds in weight.

The construction of a canal to join the Caspian and Black Seas is being discussed by the Russians. Its proposed length is 750 miles. Russia actually has a coasting fleet of 800 vessels, of 68,810 tonnage on the Caspian, and is its exclusive mistress, with the exception of a few Persian skiffs.

"THE Continental minute men," remarked the stranger, "were very respectable persons, but they were dull, blamed dull. If they had only had a Gatling gun to set up in the village green at Lexington, how soon that little difficulty would have been ended."—*Indianapolis Sentinel.*

UNMARRIED women have rights in Aberdare which should make them the envy of their companions in solitude elsewhere. Thirteen women were charged recently, at Aberdare, with rioting. All were found guilty, and the married ones were fined £1, while the single ones got off on payment of ten shillings only.

A DISCOVERY of great interest to Egyptologists and antiquarians generally is reported from Port Said. A learned archæologist in that place has just found a monumental stone to Thotmes III., under whose reign (149 B. C.) the exodus of the Israelites is supposed to have taken place. The inscriptions already deciphered contain more than 400 geographical names, all recognizable and for the most part belonging to Arabia, Armenia, Nubia, and the coasts of the Mediterranean.

A SECRET society of rather formidable nature has just been discovered and summarily dealt with at Commentory, near Montluçon, Department of Allier. Forty members, many of them carrying arms, had assembled for the purpose of enrolling a new one, and the ceremony had just terminated when the Police Inspector, followed by a strong band of gendarmes, and accompanied by the sous-perfects and other officials, entered. Thirteen arrests were made on the spot.

JUDGE FULLERTON, who has been sat down since the Beecher-Tilton trial as the greatest living cross-examiner, like Beecher, does farming on an extensive scale. He has for three or four years owned a farm of 700 acres near Centreville, Fairfax county, Va., having on it some of the finest imported stock ever brought to Virginia, and under his liberal management and intelligent improvement its grass land last year yielded 200 tons of hay. His dwelling and barns are superb.

WHOEVER buys a Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ may be sure he has got the best instrument of this class in the world, and this at the lowest price at which it can be afforded by the makers having greatest facilities for manufacture.

DR. HARMAND, one of the members of the French Exploring Expedition to Cambodia, will shortly start for Cochin China to prosecute natural history research in the almost unknown country which lies between the mountains of Cochin China and the river Mekongo. M. Harmand has received a subsidy from the Government, Museum of Natural History, the Geographical Society, and the Scientific Association. His travels will extend over two years.

WHEN any antidote or remedy for any particular class of disease obtains a wide spreading notoriety, it is but reasonable to suppose that it must merit the popularity it receives. It is within our province to mention that Dr. J. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS, so long and favorably known as the safest and most reliable remedial agent for the cure of Liver, Kidney, Bladder, and Glandular Diseases, Mental and Physical Debility, and all complaints emanating from a corrupt state of the blood, etc., are in great demand. So satisfied are we of the intrinsic worth of this medicine that we do not hesitate to notice in our columns. It is well to mention that this medicine is compounded of roots, herbs, and flowers of California, and has no fiery material or alcohol used in its preparation. We can add no better eulogium than the fact that we use it constantly in our own family, and each member thereof partakes of it, when necessary, according to directions.—*New York Paper.*

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Symptoms of Liver Complaint, and of Some of the Diseases Produced by It.

A sallow or yellow color of skin, or yellowish brown spots on face and other parts of body; dullness and drowsiness with frequent headache; dizziness; bitter or bad taste in mouth, dryness of throat and internal heat; palpitation; in many cases a dry, teasing cough, with sore throat; unsteady appetite, rising food, choking sensation in throat; dizziness, heaviness, bloated or full feeling about stomach and sides; pain in sides, back or breast, and about shoulders; colic, pain and soreness through bowels, with heat; constipation alternating with frequent attacks of diarrhœa; piles, flatulence, nervousness, coldness of extremities; rush of blood to head, with symptoms of apoplexy, numbness of limbs, sympathetic at night; cold chills alternating with hot flashes, kidney and urinary difficulties; dullness, low spirits, unsociability and gloomy forebodings. Only few of above symptoms likely to be present at one time. All who use Dr. Pierce's Alt. Ret. or Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Fugative Pellets for Liver Complaint and its complications, are loud in their praise of them. They are sold by all dealers in medicines.—Com.

STILL the cry is for the Wilson shuttle sewing machine. And why? Because it is the most perfect and desirable sewing machine for family use and manufacturing yet invented, and is the cheapest. The constant demand for this valuable machine has made it almost impossible for the manufacturers to supply the demand. Machines will be delivered at any railroad station in this county, free of transportation charges, if ordered through O. W. Robertson & Co., 412 Milwaukee street, Milwaukee, Wis. They send an elegant catalogue and chromo circular free on application. This company want a few more good agents.

THE Times says Dr. Walpole has lost his beautiful chestnut mare. She died suddenly in harness, it is supposed from bots or pin worms. If the doctor had used *Sheridan's Canadian Condition Powders*, he would, no doubt, have had his mare to-day—they are death on worms.—Com.

CHAPPED hands are very common with those who have their hands much in water. A few drops of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* rubbed over the hands two or three times a day, will keep them soft and white. Fishermen, sailors, and others will do well to remember this.—Com.

ELECTRICITY is LIFE.—All nervous disorders, chronic diseases of the chest, head, liver, stomach, kidneys and blood, aches and pains, nervous and general debility, etc., quickly cured after drugs fail by wearing Voltaic Electric Belts and Bands. Valuable book free, by Voltaic Belt Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.—Com.

GEN. SELDEN CONNOR will undoubtedly be the next Republican candidate for Governor of Maine. The Kennebec Journal, published at Augusta, and commonly understood to be the organ of ex-Speaker Blaine, nominates him for the position and sets forth his qualifications in a glowing editorial of two columns.

POMEROY & Co., make the best Elastic Truss ever invented. Address 744 Broadway, N. Y.—Com.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE is the best and cheapest hair dressing in the world.—Com.

HOW TO GET A HOME. See advt.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEEF CATTLE—Fair to prime	$ 6 00	@$ 6 50
HOGS—Live	7 50	@ 7 75
SHEEP—Fair to prime	5 00	@ 7 00
COTTON—Middling	0	@ 15½
FLOUR—Spring Extra	4 15	@ 5 25
WHEAT—No. 2 Milwaukee Spring	1 27	@ 1 28
CORN—Western New	0	@ 72
OATS—Western	0	@ 77
RYE—Western—New	0	@ 1 05
BARLEY—State	0	@ 1 10
PORK—Mess	0	@22 12½
LARD	0	@ 13½

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Choice to extra prime	5 00	@ 6 00
Medium to choice	4 75	@ 5 00
Common to fair	3 50	@ 4 00
HOGS—Live	7 00	@ 7 50
SHEEP—Live, good to choice	4 50	@ 5 00
BUTTER—Good to Choice	18	@ 20
EGGS—Fresh	12	@ 14
FLOUR—White winter extra	5 00	@ 6 00
Spring extra	4 50	@ 5 25
WHEAT—Spring, No. 1		@ 1 06
Spring, No. 2		@ 1 04½
CORN—New		@ 62½
OATS—No. 2		@ 41½
RYE—No. 2	1 07	@ 1 08
BARLEY—No. 2		@ 1 12
PORK—Mess, new		@21 75
LARD		@ 13½

CINCINNATI.

BEEF CATTLE	$ 4 00	@ 5 00
HOGS—Live	7 00	@ 8 00
SHEEP—Good to choice	5 00	@ 5 50
FLOUR—Family XX	5 75	@ 6 00
WHEAT—No. 2 Fall	1 41	@ 1 41
CORN—New	59	@ 59½
OATS	38	@ 38
RYE	1 07	@ 1 08
BARLEY—No. 2	1 12	@ 1 15
PORK—Mess		@22 50
LARD	13	@ 13½

ST. LOUIS

BEEF CATTLE—Choice	$ 5 00	@ 5 50
Good to prime	3 80	@ 4 75
HOGS—Live	7 00	@ 7 50
SHEEP—Good to choice	4 50	@ 5 00
FLOUR—Spring XX	5 25	@ 5 50
WHEAT—No. 2 Fall	1 41	@ 1 41
CORN—New	59	@ 59½
OATS	38	@ 38
RYE	1 07	@ 1 08
BARLEY—No. 2	1 12	@ 1 15
PORK—Mess		@22 50
LARD	13	@ 13½

MILWAUKEE.

CATTLE—Choice to extra prime	5 00	@ 5 50
Medium to choice	4 00	@ 4 75
Common to fair	3 25	@ 3 50
HOGS—Live	7 00	@ 7 50
SHEEP—Live, good to choice	4 50	@ 5 00
BUTTER—Choice	18	@ 20
EGGS—Fresh	12	@ 13
FLOUR—White winter extra	5 00	@ 6 00
Spring extra	4 50	@ 5 25
WHEAT—Spring, No. 1		@ 1 06
Spring, No. 2		@ 1 04
CORN—New		@ 61
OATS—No. 2		@ 31½
RYE—No. 1		@ 1 12
BARLEY—No. 2		@ 1 18
PORK—Mess		@21 75
LARD		@ 13½

Dainty Shoes.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette paints the following picture of pretty feet-coverings: Any young lady anxious to invest superfluous pin-money should purchase a pair of the latest novelty in shoes at a trifling expense. A pair described are made of pink silk, with bands of faint blue running across the uppers, whereupon sprigs of lillies of the valley are delicately painted, while over the lower portion of the beautiful marvels the brush of an artiste touched rosebuds and violets into almost fragrant reality, while tiny humming birds and gay-tinted butter-flies seemed to hover in trembling delight over the dainty sweets, hidden with the chalice cups of the flowers. Would not Inckling have written a lovelier ballad than the one on the Wedding"—

"Her feet beneath her petticoat
Like little mice stole in and out—"

had he seen those same "little feet" encased in such coverings as the hues described above?

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