

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

## LEGAL.

E. P. ROYCE,  
Attorney and Counselor at Law  
And Solicitor in Chancery.

F. LOTT,  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.  
EGARIA,  
MICHIGAN.

F. O. CLARK,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
And Solicitor in Chancery.  
OFFICES F. D. CLARK & CO., corner Tilden Avenue and Ludington Street,  
EGARIA,  
MICHIGAN.

E. H. GLASER,  
Judge of Probate, Justice of the Peace,

AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,  
Tobacco Manufacturer, Designe die ein  
causing von Goldern.)  
Collections Promptly Made and Remitted

25 April for Green Bay Marble Works.

JAMES F. ATKINSON,  
Justice of the Peace and Township Clerk,

one of the largest and commodious offices  
John Beatty's store-front rooms.

All business entrusted to him will be attended to  
with care and promptness.

When you call at his office, he will always be  
ready to attend to your business.

## PHYSICIANS.

E. A. BREWSTER, M. D.,  
Physician and Surgeon.

Office and Residence on Harrison street, near  
the corner of Harrison and Madison, Provo,  
Utah. Medical Society.

J. H. THOMAS, M. D.,  
Physician and Surgeon.

Corner Wells and Tilden Avenues.

Residence opposite Presbyterian Church.

J. E. G. GRONDIN,  
Physician and Surgeon,

Member of the Faculty of Victoria, Montreal,  
for six and eight 1/2 months.

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A DINE HALL.

BREAST CAPACITY 300.  
This Hall is a new built, well ventilated, comfortable interior throughout in the most central position of the city, above Rock Block.  
Address, S. ADLER, Escanaba, Mich.

UNION

LIVERY, SALE and EX-  
CHANGE STABLE

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Proprietors.

New Carriages

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First Class Horses

Run fast to and from trains to any part  
of the country.

Barrow and Ludington Street, Escanaba, Mich.

A. P. DODGE,

Proprietor of the Escanaba

BAKERY AND RESTAURANT!

BREAD, CAKES, PIES, COOKIES,  
Crackers, Rolls, etc.

If the Restaurant you can always find

OYSTERS,

BY THE DISH OR CAN.

He keeps in stock a superior quality of

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

And sell at small profits.

GIVE HIM A CALL.

THE PEOPLE'S BAKERY

Confectionery

-AND-

Restaurant,

Is where you can always find the best

BREAD &amp; RUSKS,

PIES &amp; BUNS,

Baked every day.

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS!

Worm Meals at All Hours!

Dye Boarders can be accommodated

Do not forget the place No. 39 Ludington St.

C. SUMMERS,

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

FRANK BAKER

LUDINGTON STREET.

(at door west of N. Ledyard's)

In the place where you can always find a full assortment of estates usually found in a

FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT!

F. Fish, Anchovies, Rolled Her-  
ring, Sardines, Sour Herrings, All  
kinds of Cheese, Canned Lobsters,  
Salmon, etc., etc.

Ocean Trout

The only place in town where this delectable fish  
can be found. In solution to this

FRESH OYSTERS!

Served in every style Game & Poultry in  
the best manner. A large quantity of oysters  
may always be found with which the hungry  
man may wash their viands down, and a good article  
of Tobacco either to smoke or to eat after

After meals will be furnished Cheap for each at

F. BAKER'S.

ATTEND -

GREEN BAY BUSINESS COLLEGE

The most complete Business College in the West. Imparts to young  
Ladies and Gentlemen all the  
Business Education in the least  
possible time. No vacations. At-  
tendance now open. Every branch  
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done to make it pleasant and  
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WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER

Has the LARGEST and most COMPLETE AS-  
sortment of

JEWELRY

Gold, Silver and Plate Ware, over brought here

Ladies and Gentleman's Gold, Silver, Chain,

Tea Sets, Gold and Silver Chains, Ta-  
ble Cutters and Cake Baskets, Nap-  
kin Rings, Egg Cups, Forks, Finger  
and Ear Rings, Caps and  
Gloves, Vases and

Finest and varied Assortment of Ladies' Sets,

Office and Parlor Clocks

of every description.

It is a word to all who are in Jewelry  
Establishments can be found at store.

Especial attention given to repairing.

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CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN  
RAILWAY.Passengers for CHICAGO, Detroit, Toledo,  
Cleveland, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Pittsburg,  
Lancaster, Rochester, Albany, Toronto, Mon-  
treal, Quebec, Montreal, Boston, New Haven,  
Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Louis-  
ville, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Kansas City, Tex-  
as, San Antonio, New Mexico, El Paso, Tucson,  
Phoenix, Maricopa, Phoenix, Glendale, Cleve-  
land, Akron, Youngstown, Toledo, Sandusky,  
Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points North, West  
and South. Express Freight by day and night.

Chicago and the North-Western Railway.

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All connections are made with the Union Pacific and the St. Louis, Kansas City and  
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in successful operation will accomplish this result.

The Board of Directors in their report state that the sum of \$10,000 was appropriated for each of the years 1873 and 1876 for current expenses and \$200 for each year for library, periodicals and papers; also \$10,000 for the erection of a third family house. Since the report of the Board of Directors, the Legislature has given out, and a new one has been received. An appropriation of \$10,000 will be required for this purpose. Although it is again certain that this report is correct, the labor will be lessened if we were in 1874, 1875 and 1876, that \$25,000 per annum will be sufficient for current expenses, and I may believe the board now think that this sum may prove sufficient. The appropriation for the erection of a third family house, each of the members who have been married has had a lifting up upon the school. It is to be regretted that this plan had not been adopted in the beginning, before it had become too late. It would so far constrict the prison as to make it untenable for two hundred convicts, and recommended no appropriation.

MANUFACTURE.

The annual recurring reports of our charitable institutions, with their statements of expenses and wants, of the constantly increasing demands upon them, while they are in close and constant touch with the unfortunate and diseased side of humanity, are apt at the same time to excite our regards for the system, especially so as regards the extremely large public expenditure necessary to carry on the aggregate of current expenses for the aggregate of all the inmates. We are told at each succeeding session of the Legislature that this or that institution is to be relieved, and that instead of a wasteful expenditure, and above all, that it may be made, or that there are new ones now to begin, and that are located near to the head of the State. These are the reflections that challenge my attention, as every person presented, and when the yearly budgets are presented, and when the reports of the various departments are made, we see that the aggregate of all the inmates, seeking for bounties, the distinction that the legislature makes in the laws of the State in favor of the public, instead of a waste of public money, and above all, that they are to be relieved.

The number of inmates in the State, "dumb," "dumb, deaf, dumb, and diotic," is nearly, if not quite three thousand. Yet with such a large aggregate of inmates, the net earnings of the prison for 1873 were \$1,200,000, Sept. 20, 1873, \$2,000,000, Sept. 20, 1874, \$2,500,000, Sept. 20, 1875, \$2,700,000, Sept. 20, 1876, \$2,800,000, Sept. 20, 1877, \$2,900,000, Sept. 20, 1878, \$3,000,000, Sept. 20, 1879, \$3,100,000, Sept. 20, 1880, \$3,200,000, Sept. 20, 1881, \$3,300,000, Sept. 20, 1882, \$3,400,000, Sept. 20, 1883, \$3,500,000, Sept. 20, 1884, \$3,600,000, Sept. 20, 1885, \$3,700,000, Sept. 20, 1886, \$3,800,000, Sept. 20, 1887, \$3,900,000, Sept. 20, 1888, \$4,000,000, Sept. 20, 1889, \$4,100,000, Sept. 20, 1890, \$4,200,000, Sept. 20, 1891, \$4,300,000, Sept. 20, 1892, \$4,400,000, Sept. 20, 1893, \$4,500,000, Sept. 20, 1894, \$4,600,000, Sept. 20, 1895, \$4,700,000, Sept. 20, 1896, \$4,800,000, Sept. 20, 1897, \$4,900,000, Sept. 20, 1898, \$5,000,000, Sept. 20, 1899, \$5,100,000, Sept. 20, 1890, \$5,200,000, Sept. 20, 1891, \$5,300,000, Sept. 20, 1892, \$5,400,000, Sept. 20, 1893, \$5,500,000, 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SEATING CAPACITY 300.  
This Hall is new built, well ventilated, convenient, and comfortable, situated in the most central portion of the city in Aspinwall, Pa.  
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**LIVERY, SALE and EX-**  
**CHANGE STABLE**

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**New Carriages**

and

**First Class Horses**

Hire rents to and from trains to any part of the town.

Barn on Ludington Street, Escanaba, Mich.

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Proprietor of the Escanaba

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**BREAD, CAKES, PIES, COOKIES,  
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In the Restaurant you can always find

**OYSTERS,**

BY THE DISH OR CAN.

He keeps in stock a superior quality of  
**CIGARS AND TOBACCO**

And sell at small profits.

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**Confectionery**  
**—AND—**  
**Restaurant,**

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**BREAD & RUSKS,**

**ROLLS & RUNS,**

**PIES & CAKES**

Baked fresh every day.

**ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS!**

**Worm Meals at All Hours!**

**Day Boarders can be Accommodated**

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LUDINGTON STREET,

(Just west of S. Lovelyst's)

Is the place where you can always find a full

assortment of delicious ready made

**FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT!**

F. F. Fish, Anchovies, Rolled Her-

Sardines, Soufflés, All kinds of

Kind of Cheese, Canned Lobsters,

Salmon, &c., &c.

**Ocean Trout**

The only place in town where this delectable fish can be found. In addition to this

**FRESH OYSTERS!**

Second in every style Game & Poultry in their season. A good glass of Milwaukee beer must always be had with the hungry guest. We have a large stock of pipes of Tobacco either to smoke or chew, or a cigar after meals will be furnished cheap for cash at

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**GREEN BAY BUSINESS COLLEGE**

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Has the LARGEST and most COMPLETE AS-

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**JEWELRY**

Gold, Silver and Plate Ware, over brought here

Ladies' and Gentleman's Watch, Wrist Watch, Tea Sets, Gold and Silver Chains, Ta-

ble Clocks and Gilt Boxes, Buttons, Silver Spoons and Forks, Finger and Hair Rings, Cops and

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**Fine and Varied Assortment of Ladies' Silks**

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of every description.

Is a word everything usually found in Jewelry.

Establishments can be found at my store.

Special attention given to repairing.

L. STEGMILLER.

**CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.**

Passengers to Chicago, Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Pittsburg, Central, Quebec, Montreal, Albany, Toronto, Montréal, Quebec, Trois-Rivières, Ottawa, St. Louis, Lake City, Denver, Colorado, Ogallala, Salt Lake City, Cheyenne, Wyoming, Denver, Cheyenne, Sioux City, Kansas, Wichita, Madison, Cheyenne, Omaha, Lincoln, Sioux City, Iowa, South and East, should buy their tickets via

Chicago and the North-Western Railway.

Connections are made at Chicago with all the railroads in the West, and with the Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago, Kanakas Line and Panhandle, Baltimore, Washington, St. Louis, Lake City, Denver, Colorado, Ogallala, Salt Lake City, Cheyenne, Wyoming, Denver, Cheyenne, Sioux City, Kansas, Wichita, Madison, Cheyenne, Omaha, Lincoln, Sioux City, Iowa, South and East, should buy their tickets via

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Connections are made at Chicago



The Ascension.  
From the Spanish of Luis Ponce de Leon.  
By WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.  
Good Shepherd, will thou have  
in this low vale the flock that was thy care?  
Alas to pine and grieve,  
While through the purer air  
They meet up to fields forever fair!  
They who, supremely blest,  
Until the dawn of this unhappy day,  
Leaned on thy loving breast,  
To whom on earth canst thou say,  
Heaven when thou art far away?

What comeliness or grace  
Can the bright eyes of beauty see  
In other form or face?  
What mirth will not be  
Hast to the ears hearkened to these?  
Who now upon the deep  
Shall look and curb its fury? Who shall lay  
The stormy winds asleep?  
What tide-star's friendly ray,  
When this is hid, shall guide the vessel's way?  
Why changes our happy state?  
Ourselves cloud, to helplessness and fear?  
How proud of thy rich freight?  
Thy shining folds close?  
How blind and wretched does thy leave us  
here! —Independent.

#### FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

**Luxury and Health.**  
The Herald of Health has the following:  
"Our experience is that a large number of girls sallowness due to idleness, and the consequent emaciation, and that the nerves are less self-destructive as an unrestrained locomotive engine would be, which, if not properly directed, would injure everything with which it came in contact, or soon cripple itself. We have seen lameable instances of those bodily and moral health had been ruined by ignorant parents. The strong right-minded girls are those who have been well educated at school or college, and who are constantly engaged in work for themselves or others who are employed in teaching, multiplying languages, or even science, while the sickly, complaining creatures, who are ever on the doctor's hands, are those who are doing nothing. One of the worst chronic cases of hysteria we have ever known was cured immediately upon the young lady being required to take charge of her father's house."

#### Eggs as Food.

From the Postivity Review.  
Would it not be wise to substitute more eggs for meat in our daily diet? About one-third of the weight of an egg is solid nutrient. This is more than can be said of meat. There are no bones or tough pieces that have to be cut aside. An egg laid by a hen of 10 years shall weigh 52 grams, while the parts York. The white of an egg contains 85 per cent. water, the yolk 52 per cent. The average weight of an egg is 52 grams. Practically an egg is animal food, and yet there is none of the disagreeable work of the butcher necessary to obtain it. Eggs are best when "cooked four minutes." This takes away the animal taste that is so offensive to some, but does not so harden the white or yolk as to make them hard to digest. An egg if cooked very hard is difficult of digestion, except by those with stout stomachs; and eggs should be broken with a broom and sandwich can be made with eggs and brown bread. An egg spread on toast is food fit for a king if kings deserve any better food than anybody else, which is doubtful. Fried eggs are less wholesome than boiled ones. An egg dropped into boiling water is not only a clean and handsome but a delicious morsel. Most people spoil the taste of their eggs by adding pepper and salt. Eggs contain much phosphorus which is supposed to be useful to those who use their brains much.

#### Cutting and Nursing Grafts.

There is no better time to eat grafts, says the London Garden, at the commencement of winter. In cutting and packing them away there are some precautions to be observed. In the first place, let them be smooth and distinctly labeled, as it is very annoying to find the names gone at the moment of using them. For this purpose they should be tied up in bundles, not over two or three inches in diameter, with three bands around each bunch—at the ends and middle. The name should be written on a strip of pine board or lath half-inch wide, 2 inches of which thick, and nearly as long as the scions. This, if tied up with the bunch, will keep the same secure. For convenience in quickly determining the name there should be another strip of lath, sharp at one end, and with the name distinctly written on the other, thrust into the bundle with the name projecting from the top. If these bunches are now placed end in end in a box with a lid, the bunches will be secured and over the top, they will keep back after this. The leaves get yellow, the fruit poor and knotty, and much falls off in a dry time.

Just here comes in another idea. Everybody wants or ought to want good roads. One of the best ways to keep good roads is to keep ditches open and clean. The soil off the water easily; it is water that spoils roads that spoils them. Then the dirt is capital food for trees. If it will pay to keep the road dry, it will doubtless pay to do so, and to spread the sand stiffly over the road to prevent the sand from the fruits.

Many think fruit trees require good rich manure, and when one talks of manuring fruit trees he has an idea that valuable material at so many dollars a ton must be procured. Nothing of the kind. A ride around our old German town will show many an old pear, apple or cherry tree so situated that simply earth every year washes down around the stem over the roots, and it is wonderful how they grow and bear. Some of these old pear trees are miles, and the fruit is of a size generally equal to a man's fist, and perfectly ripe. In the course of their germination they come to the celebrated tapetum for which the castle is so famed.

"These," said the guide, in true showman style, "flavored with a dash of pepper to suit the taste, and pointing to several groups of figures upon the tapetum, 'these represent scenes in the life of Jacob.' "

"Oh, yes—how pretty!" said a young lad with a laugh, pointing to two figures in somewhat close proximity. "I suppose that is Jacob kissing Rachel?"

"No, friend, responding the indignant guide, with a look of displeasure, that the true question which should be considered was, what sheep are the most profitable—will give us, one year with another, the largest returns? That the American Merino or Improved Spanish Merino is the most profitable for wool growing is believed to be beyond dispute. He would not dare to assert the weight of fleece recently claimed for the French Merino in California, but he believed if such weights were ever made there, they could not be rivaled in Wisconsin."

The French had been tried here—by Mr. Hubbard, the President, among others, years ago, and were not satisfactory. Our climate is not suitable to a sheep, or the growing of such a fleece. It is too cold, even if suitable in other respects.

This question of the most profitable weight of sheep and weight of fleece was to be decided by a trial of a hundred and fifty sheep and their fleeces for you. In Vermont the offer had been made to secure sheep which would produce the most in proportion to the weight of carcass. That had been the principal consideration of breeders in the State, to which pretty much everything else had been made subordinate. In New York the breeders took a somewhat different course, and breeders there demanded a good, strong sheep, with a good constitution, even if the increase in wool was not in proportion to the carcass. He regretted the practice of the New York breeders so much, and as embodying the main cause of his trouble.

A good, strong sheep with a large fleece is the best, all things considered. He did not believe in pushing size to an extreme, still when he tried to impress upon the minds of breeders that it was a matter which should not be lost sight of, it was the practice of many an erroneous practice by which the size of

the sheep in their flocks was kept down—so to give the performance to a small amount. It had a good coat of wool on its belly, over a lean sheep not covered on that part so well. He had been assured by the best breeders in New York, those who had made the matter one of careful study, that they simply considered the length of the fleece upon the belly, but paid little attention to its density. If it was shorter than upon other portions, they rejected the animal as an undesirable breeder.

Our Western breeders, who sometimes reject an animal because the wool upon the belly happens to be thinner, commit a great error. He believed, as a general rule, if breeders took too much effort to thicken up the fleece, the belly will shorten the staple in the more valuable portions. And this was not desirable, because delicate wool was quoted the highest about a pair with combing wools, and a long staple he would consider better even if it brought no more in the market.

Constitution and size are all important, and without them he regarded the sheep as of little account. Men are yearly coming more and more in demand, and a little lamb could not make mutations satisfactorily at any rate. His mother was a good size sheep, if he could find it; but a big or little, broad breast, legs wide apart, indicating plenty of room for the respiratory and other vital organs. He always avoided little, narrow-breasted animals, with both forelegs coming from the same place.

#### Shepherds' Pleas.

Whenever plants begin to drop their leaves, says a contributor to the American Agriculturalist, it is a common error to suppose that they are destroyed either by over-watering, over-heating, by too much cold, or by applying such stimulants as guano, or some other means having destroyed the fine rootlets by which the plant feeds, and induced disease which may lead to death.

The case is not usually important enough to call in a "plant doctor," so the amateur begins to treat the patient, and the practice is in all probability not unlike that of many of our household physicians who apply a remedy that increases the disease. Hasty destruction of the fine rootlets by which the plant feeds, and induced disease which may lead to death.

Two pounds of butter, 2 pounds of white sugar, 16 eggs, 1 cup of brandy, 1 cup of molasses, a general mold of starch, 4 pounds of flour, 4 pounds of dried camomile, 2 pounds of citron, 2 tablespoonsful of sugar, 2 tablesponfuls of salsify, 2 nutmegs. Heat the whites and yolks of the eggs separately. Dissolve the soda in the molasses. Cut the citron in thin slices. Roll the currants in a little of the flour before adding them to the cake. Grate the nutmegs. Run the sugar and butter to a smooth cream. Stir in the yolks of the eggs, then the whites, the molasses with soda, brandy, spices, and currants. Pour a pint of milk into the cake, into the buttered baking-pans, place a layer of bacon on top, put a layer of bacon, another layer of salsify, and so on, until the pan is full.

**EGG BLAND MANGE.**—Soak 1 box of gelatine, 1 quart and 1 pint of milk, 1 cup of sugar, 5 eggs, 1 salt, vanilla. Put the gelatine into a quart of milk. Set it on the back of the stove, to dissolve the gelatine; then add the sugar. While the milk is heating, beat the tails of the eggs until they are very light; then add the gill of milk to them, and when the milk is scalding hot, put them in. Stir constantly, one way, until it is done, which will be in five moments. Turn the heat on one side, and when it will curdle, add two minutes will be sufficient to scald it. Take from the fire; continue to stir it gently until it is quite cool; then rinse it a mould, and strain the mixture into two or three o'clock. The evening he will five o'clock in the afternoon. For about fifty yards on each side of the road girds and chancels were piled up against straw-ricks, beans ricks and fuses. At one o'clock the Shakers assembled for dinner, which consisted of boiled carrots, potatoes, turnips, onions and pumpkins, and after the meal was over they continued singing and dancing till the election was concluded at 5 o'clock. The women danced for two hours without stopping for a moment.

Sous wealth gentleman of Syracuse has contributed \$20,000 to the Syracuse University. He will also endow a professorship in the near future, which will bring his subscription up to \$70,000. He is as yet *inchoate*. This will make for Chancellor Havens the magnificent record, since June last, of \$175,000 secured in cash and subscriptions to the University. This already brings the endowment of the University up to about \$100,000. Chancellor Haven has ordered a 37,000 private library from Berlin, the purchasing funds having been furnished by a resident of New York city. The library is for the College of Missions, which is yet to be established.

**SCOTT CO. COMMERCIAL BANK.**

From the Detroit Free Press.  
The Lake Superior Ship Canal case has recently been before the Supreme Court. Judge Swain, sitting in the United States Circuit Court in this city, of upwards of a million dollars upon one of the mortgages made by the Canal Company to secure its bonds. From this decree the assignees in bankruptcy of the company determined to appeal for the benefit of bondholders under subsequent mortgages, and all parties in interest. The bondholders who had obtained the decree, in order to prevent an appeal, and to secure a speedy sale of the valuable property of the company, consisting of the entire plant and plant rights, and land, to a holding before Judge Swain, that an appeal should be given in a very large amount, sufficient to cover interest on the decree while the case was pending.

**CHANCELLOR HAVENS.**

From the New York Tribune.  
About fifty children from one year to fifteen or sixteen years of age, about one-half men, and the rest young women and old women were ejected. They all looked half-starved, having been living on one daily meal of vegetables for many months past. When ejected they all clustered round "dead mother" Girding, and when offered shelter the women and children all refused to part with "dead mother." The snow was falling fast until nine o'clock, when the rain fell in torrents. The children were sheltered in laborers' cottages; but the men and women passed the whole night in the road singing songs, but had nothing to eat. They are still huddled together, covered with some mattresses, and declare they will not move till the Lord moves them. All are wonderfully cheerful and laughing, and are glad to suffer, as they say, for Christ's sake.

The police, acting under the instructions of a magistrate, have ordered them to move by eight o'clock to-night, or they will be forcibly ejected and taken in charge. Their goods also, if not removed by 8 o'clock to-morrow morning, will be sold at auction.

**THE TRUSTEES.**

From the New York Tribune.  
It is called last week to visit a district in the western part of the country to appoint Trustees, and, if possible, harmonize the refractory elements that existed therein. When I go there I found, to my surprise, not a single man qualified to fill the important office of Trustee. Not one. Well, I called the heads of the families together, and they recognized their condition and seemed to lament it. I found, however, two men that could barely write their names, or count one thousand. They are illiterate, and their furniture, which they won't touch. They look miserable and wretched. All the women are still dressed in bloomer costumes, with no covering for their heads but small shawls, and with no jackets on, their clothes being very thin. A later telegram states that at half-past eleven o'clock last night the bandits had been removed by the police into a neighboring barn for the night. At eight o'clock the snow was falling fast, and the ground was covered with it.

**THE SCHOOL COMMISSIONER.**

From the New York Tribune.  
The School Commissioner of Greenup County, Ky., in a recent official report, makes this remarkable statement:

"I was called last week to visit a district in the western part of the country to appoint Trustees, and, if possible, harmonize the refractory elements that existed therein. When I go there I found, to my surprise, not a single man qualified to fill the important office of Trustee. Not one. Well, I called the heads of the families together, and they recognized their condition and seemed to lament it. I found, however, two men that could barely write their names, or count one thousand. They are illiterate, and their furniture, which they won't touch. They look miserable and wretched. All the women are still dressed in bloomer costumes, with no covering for their heads but small shawls, and with no jackets on, their clothes being very thin. A later telegram states that at half-past eleven o'clock last night the bandits had been removed by the police into a neighboring barn for the night. At eight o'clock the snow was falling fast, and the ground was covered with it.

**Mr. Froude's African Mission.**

The Manchester Examiner says: "It will soon be known whether Mr. Froude will be successful in his efforts to have the Lord Garrison to accept him as a partner and delegate mission to South Africa. His first object is to make inquiries into the circumstances connected with the late Caffre insurrection; and his second to ascertain the dispositions of the two republics towards federation with the South African colonies. It would seem he is to hear what Natal had to say to annexation to the Cape, though a Natal paper in some way arrives at the conclusion that it will be the best that can be done.

**THE NEW YORK TIMES.**

From the New York Tribune.  
The Fall Mall Gazette has seen it stated in Australian papers that a purebred merino ram, owned by Mr. Gibson, of Tasmania, and reared by him there, was sold in Melbourne a short time ago for \$100,000. This is as yet *inchoate*.

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#### SHAKERS IN TROUBLE.

From the London Daily News.

The London Daily News, of Decem-

ber 17, says:

"The Shakers community at New Forest Lodge, near Lyngton, were ejected from their residence by the sheriff, setting for the mortgagees. Twenty men and one hundred and seven women and children were turned out. Shelter was offered them, but they refused it, and stayed in the road all night singing and praying. Snow and heavy rain fell throughout the night, with a strong east wind. The scene next morning was watched beyond description, while families stretching like with such courage as they could obtain under the circumstances. They were given a meal, and a bed to sleep in, and a roof over their heads.

**RED WEDDING CAKE.**—Two pounds of butter, 2 pounds of white sugar, 16 eggs, 1 cup of brandy, 1 cup of molasses, a general mold of starch, 4 pounds of flour, 4 pounds of dried camomile, 2 pounds of citron, 2 tablespoonsfuls of sugar, 2 tablesponfuls of salsify, 2 nutmegs. Heat the whites and yolks of the eggs separately. Dissolve the soda in the molasses. Cut the citron in thin slices. Roll the currants in a little of the flour before adding them to the cake. Grate the nutmegs. Run the sugar and butter to a smooth cream. Stir in the yolks of the eggs, then the whites, the molasses with soda, brandy, spices, and currants. Pour a pint of milk into the cake, into the buttered baking-pans, place a layer of bacon on top, put a layer of bacon, another layer of salsify, and so on, until the pan is full.

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