

GERMANS SINK ELEVEN WARSHIPS?

FORCES OF THE KAISER ON SEA STRIKE TERROR TO GREAT NAVAL POWERS OF WORLD

BRITISH ADMIRALTY CONFIRMS SINKING OF THEIR SUBMARINES

Populace of Holland Cringes As Mighty Roar of Cannons Reach Their Ears From the Belgium Battlefield. Thousands of Lives Lost in Conflict.

GERMANY SENDS MILLION TO WAR

Estimated that Germany has Hurlled over a Million Men, the Cream of her Country, to the Front in an Effort to Spot the Battling Allies.

BULLETIN

London, Oct. 22.—One German cruiser has sunk eleven British and French steamers and one Italian steamer, according to a story told by the Captain of a Norwegian steamer which arrived at Los Palmas in the Canary Islands. A dispatch received today says the Captain of the Norwegian ship has been visited by the commander of a German warship. Efforts to confirm or establish the identity of the cruisers have failed here.

BULLETIN

Petrograd, Oct. 22.—It is semi-officially announced that the number of German troops sent into the eastern theater of war since the middle of September is a million men.

BULLETIN

London, Oct. 22.—A dispatch received late this afternoon from Flushing states "General Von Trip and his staff were killed by the fire of British naval guns at Leflinghe."

BULLETIN

Washington, Oct. 22.—The British embassy today admitted that the interference of England with oil shipments from United States to neutral countries was due to her determination to cut off supplies of petroleum for Germany. The embassy intimated that petroleum is being resold to Germany by individuals in other neutral European countries.

BULLETIN

London, Oct. 22.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegram Co. from Peking tonight says:

"It is reported that Japanese shells set a fire and sunk three merchantmen in the Tsing-Tau harbor. Six members of the German garrison were captured while engaged in erecting a wireless tower at Shantung."

BULLETIN

London, Oct. 22.—The British torpedo boat "Dryad" is reported ashore off the north coast of Scotland. All of the crew is saved.

BULLETIN

London, Oct. 22.—The British admiral now confirms the sinking of the British submarine "E-3" by the Germans in the North sea.

BULLETIN

London, Oct. 22.—The official Press Bureau tonight says:

BULLETIN

Paris, Oct. 22.—The Germans launched a furious attack on both wings of the allies but their efforts were futile. The general character of the believed renewed activity of the invaders is a screen to shield an early retiring movement.

BULLETIN

London, Oct. 22.—The Russian financial minister has authorized the issue of \$60,000,000 in short term treasury bonds in London, which operation will provide credit here for the payment by Russia for her war supplies. Foreign exchange business is becoming

more active.

(Special to the Press.)
Berlin, Oct. 22.—via Wireless to London.—An official statement tonight says:

"Northwest of Nieuport a British torpedo boat was put out of action by our artillery. The fighting continues west of Lille. Our troops have assumed the offensive and repulsed the enemy at several points. The English lost several machine guns. No decision is reached in the western theater of war."

(Special to the Press.)

Rotterdam, Oct. 22.—The intensity of the fighting in Belgium is so great that the people in Holland hear distinctly the noise of it. Tonight Flushing continually heard the thunder of guns and windows rattled. At Aardenburg the booming of cannon was heard all last night. The sound seemed to come from Brukes and Ostend. The Germans are said to be sending all men available to the firing line in France and Belgium. The garrison at Antwerp is greatly depleted.

(Special to the Press.)

Paris, Oct. 22.—An official statement tonight says:

"The activity of the enemy shown yesterday has not slackened today. The battle continued with unabated violence without the Germans being able to force back either the Belgian or France-British army. The Arras and Oise enemy failed to make progress. At Arbonne we advanced between St. Pubert and Le Four De Haris. Woevre is destroyed but we repulsed the attack on Champron."

(Special to the Press.)

London, Oct. 22.—On the western Belgian coast a great battle is being fought. It is admitted that the strongest army in the world is being held inoperative by one of the weakest, numerically. The Germans are heavily reinforced by fresh land troops and naval brigade and are extended from Ostend and Nieuport to Middelkerke and from here the latter is shelling the Belgian line. The Dykes of Yser river are cut and the banks flooded to prevent the Germans from advancing. There are reported losses terrific on both sides. The Germans have reported to have lost 10,000 dead, and wounded on the field. The British fire is accurate.

(Special to the Press.)

Manchester, Mass., Oct. 22.—Ambassador Dumba of Austria-Hungary tonight received the following statement from the Austrian minister of foreign affairs:

"The Austrian troops gained ground with stubborn attacks on the fortified positions of the enemy from Plotzyn to the High road east of Medyka, while the Russian counter attack could no where penetrate.

"In several victorious engagements we have reached the line at San Heights east of the Przemysl Heights and west of Sambor. Przemysl which had withstood and repulsed the heavy siege by the Russians is relieved. Hungary is free of Russians.

"In Russian Poland strong German forces together with Austro-Hungarian forces advanced up the Vistula line. At the mouth of the San river, south of Warsaw, they repulsed eight Russian army corps."
(Continued on Page two.)

STATE TAXES A QUESTION

(Special to the Press.)
Detroit, Oct. 22.—Readers of county papers throughout Michigan are being greeted in the past few days to considerable political buncombe, in the shape of political argument regarding state taxes in the various counties. It is an unfair statement, as it totally ignores what is everywhere conceded that the state taxes in the past two years embodied the deficits that were created by the Osborne administration. The articles are very careful to ignore the fact that many state institutions were in a critical condition due to the record made by Gov. Osborne in crippling them in a performance of their charitable work.

If it were not for the very sensible postal law that insists that political advertising must be marked "advertising" when run in reading columns of newspapers. This buncombe might possibly deceive ordinary readers, but everyone will notice that at the bottom of each of these articles, there appears the designation "adv." Such half truth and misrepresentation as are contained in these articles on the state taxes in the various county papers will have little weight with thinking people when it is known that they are prepared in Osborne's campaign headquarters and paid for at so much per line.

ATTRACTION IS BOOKED

One of the first attractions to be offered at the new Delft theater will be the scintillating musical comedy "September Morn" now playing at one of the leading Chicago theaters. The production is booked for appearance here late in next month.

M. W. Jopling, lessee of the Delft theater, returned yesterday morning from Chicago after an ineffectual effort to boom an attraction of high quality for the opening of the new theater here about the middle of next month.

PREPARE FOR HIGH SCHOOL SUPPER

(Communicated.)
The event which will go down in the history of the High school, is fast coming towards its main feature. The dolls, begun last Saturday, are being turned into wonderful creations, ready for their trip abroad. Every day the girls in the gymnasium are accomplishing practical work on the sewing. Meanwhile the gym itself is being decorated for the great event. Suspended from the running track are pennants of every city and college. The west end contains a booth trimmed in orange and black in which candy will be sold and at the opposite end is the fish pond. But the supper itself will be the great attraction.

The style is to be cafeteria and arm chairs will be placed around the gym, for the partakers. On different tables will be placed the pie, cake, coffee, salads and other things, together with their prices and the people will help themselves. While the supper is in progress, a program will be carried out, which has been given careful preparation. Nona Robertson will give a vocal solo and Ethel Dewey a violin number. Several selections will also be rendered by the "Male Quartette" bade up of Sam Stephenson, Ben Chaffield, Fred Baldwin and Lester Brotherton. Beginning at 5:30 and ending about 7:00, the event is expected to be one which will remain long in the minds of the partakers.

Frank Sgan, foreman of I. Stephenson Camp A., was in the city last night enroute to his home at Marinette.

VAUDEVILLE BRILLIANT

FINAL PERFORMANCE GIVEN LAST NIGHT FOR BEST HOME TALENT ATTRACTION EVER STAGED IN ESCANABA

The last performance of "Society Vaudeville" last night at the Peterson opera house was even a greater success than the first appearance of the home talent production on Wednesday evening. The entire cast last night carried out their parts almost to a point of perfection and their appreciation with which the audience received them was full attested by the uproarious applause, that, on several occasions, lasted for fully two minutes.

Each number was last night given, perhaps, slightly better than the first appearance which is accounted for by the fact that all talent had become accustomed to the dazzling footlights. Some members of the company seemed especially fitted to their respective parts.

The name of Miss Maude Aucutt of Antigo, who rendered "Isle De Armour" on Wednesday night, was unintentionally omitted in the review of the entertainment in the Press yesterday morning. In reality the renditions of Miss Aucutt proved to be one of the features of the evening. Of charming personality and possessed of a highly cultured voice, Miss Aucutt was forced to respond to several encores. Miss Aucutt visited with Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Flanigan here.

The "Imperial Dancers" again last night scored a big hit. This number was probably the most difficult of the entire entertainment to carry out, yet the participants performed their particular parts with ease and grace.

Those who are included in the dance are: The Misses Kathleen Turner, Leta and Hazel Shaw, Cleo Dewey, Naomi Syverson and Doris Hines.

The grand ensemble of the entertainment at the conclusion of the attraction was the big feature of last night's entertainment.

To Mrs. Randolph Madden, Jr., the director belongs the greatest share of the glory for the success of the production. Arranged within ten days time the home talent attraction of last night easily outclasses anything of similar nature ever arranged in Escanaba. Those who took a part in last night's entertainment may well feel proud of the enviable record established by them.

LOCAL HIVE TO GLADSTONE

Delta hive No. 29, L. O. T. M. O. T. W. joined with Nokomis hive No. 101 in having a union meeting at Wash hall, Gladstone last night. The Escanaba ladies went over in autos, taking with them a large number of candidates. The main feature of the evening was the class initiation presented by the Gladstone degree team. The ladies gave the work in a very creditable manner. Mrs. Fern Besner acting as captain. Mrs. Alberta Droeike of Detroit, Mich. state commander, gave an interesting talk on the amendment and also on the splendid condition of the order. The lady M. O. T. W. have 175,000 members, a reserve fund of nearly \$8,000,000 and have recently purchased \$15,000 worth of improvement bonds in Gladstone.

MRS. CARMAN DENIES EVERYTHING

(Special to the Press.)
Mineola, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Mrs. Florence Carman, on trial for the murder of Mrs. Bailey in the office of her physician husband, today took the witness stand in her own defense. In doing so she denied emphatically the charge that she had killed Mrs. Bailey and in fact denied anything and everything connected with the case.

Mrs. Carman appeared on the stand with her face covered with heavy veiling.

CASE YET BEFORE COURT

JNO. COLBURN VS. CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY IS YET BEFORE JURORS.

The case of John Colburn of Cornell, against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway again yesterday occupied the attention of the circuit court now in session here. The morning session was opened with the continuation of hearing of witnesses for both the plaintiff and the defense. With the exception of a half hour's time which was taken in the hearing of a nolle prosequere entered in a statutory case, no interruption occurred in the Colburn case throughout the day. Last night all evidence had been submitted to the jury and Atty. A. H. Ryall, attorney for the plaintiff started with the final plea to the jurors.

An effort on the part of the plaintiff to secure the testimony of weather observer V. E. Jakl shortly before the non intermission proved ineffectual. The plaintiff was attempting to secure official information in regard to the direction of the wind on the night of May 14, 1913, when the Colburn mill burned at Cornell but on account of the distance between Cornell and Escanaba the testimony of Mr. Jakl was not allowed.

Mr. Colburn was returned to the witness stand early in the afternoon when he was asked to show the aggregate cost of the mill when first constructed and to show its depreciation in value with several seasons of service. The defendant objected to the testimony of Mr. Colburn but the objection was overruled by the court.

Miss Maude Colburn, a daughter of the plaintiff was on the stand briefly but the defense conducted no cross-examination.

James Kessler of Stephenson was placed on the stand by the defense as an expert in placing the valuation of mill machinery.

While the testimony of Mr. Kessler was being submitted a wordy tilt was staged between Atty. Watson for the defense and Atty. Ryall for the plaintiff. The entire testimony of the witness was finally allowed to stand.

A Lausher, a resident of Cornell testified for the plaintiff that the wind was blowing from the east on the night of the fire and of sufficient force to blow sparks from the mill on to adjoining buildings a distance of several hundred feet west of the burning property.

Charles Harrison also of Cornell was again called yesterday to show that the fire which had started in the mill the day previous had been entirely extinguished.

At this juncture Atty. Watson for the defense, sprung a complete surprise when he arose and asked the jury be excused for a few minutes. In grave silence the court awaited the disclosures of the attorney. When the jury had retired the attorney requested the court direct a verdict for the defense on the grounds that the plaintiff was not the actual owner of the property.
(Continued on Page Six.)

AGENTS ARE APPOINTED

County Clerk John A. Semer has appointed his special agents over the county who will be equipped with authority to issue deer licenses. The county clerk has named an agent in each township of the county and several in the city that hunters may experience little difficulty in securing them. The drug stores of the city will probably be made headquarters for licenses. Those who have been named are: Baldwin township, John Fuhrman and W. B. Moreau; Bark River, Anna Labre; Bay de Noc, Jacob Lausen; Cornell, A. Lungaard; Escanaba, August Caron; Fairbanks, William Laux; Ford River, William Peterson; Garden, H. G. Squires and Wm. McNally; Maple Ridge, Napoleon Trombley; Lathrop; George Ayers; Rapid River, Gertrude Darrow; Nahma, B. D. Brophy; Wells, Charles McCauley and Gladstone, Otto Haberman.

Henry Kasbohn of Bark River was in the city yesterday on business.

EXPERT IS ENTHUSIASTIC

8000 LINE AGRICULTURIST TELLS OF VALUE TO DISTRICT OF POTATO CONGRESS

T. A. Hoverstad, agricultural commissioner for the Soo Line, with headquarters at Minneapolis, arrived in Escanaba last night, after attending the Cloverland Potato Congress at Menominee.

"It is the greatest exhibit of its kind it has ever been my pleasure to see," was the indorsement given the big peninsula potato show by Mr. Hoverstad.

"Cloverland potatoes are rightly called 'potatoes of quality' by your energetic development bureau for truly I have never seen such a magnificent collection of potatoes as is now gathered for the exhibit at Menominee.

"This potato show is of inestimable value to Cloverland as it has shown to your local people that Cloverland is the natural home of the potato and to the big body of outsiders, now at the congress and arriving daily, it is a real revelation. Only we, who have been watching the development of this district, have realized the high quality of potatoes produced here and this congress has made for Cloverland a nationwide market for its product.

"When you figure that the potato crop of your peninsula this year has a market value of \$4,000,000 and you have enough untitled land awaiting the plow to make the annual crop worth many times the figures of this year, the significance may be seen.

"Cloverland has made wonderful strides in advancement in the past few years but your district today is just on the threshold of progress for the attention of the outside world has finally drawn this way and the next ten years are bound to bring wonderful things for this territory."

A number of Escanaba men attended the potato congress at Menominee yesterday and returned to the city last night enthusiastic over the success of the undertaking.

Iron County carried off the major honors in the awarding of prizes for the best potatoes of different grades, bringing to that county unusual prominence as a potato producing center.

ST. JOSEPH'S SECOND TEAM WINS FROM FRANKLIN SCHOOL

St. Joseph's high school second football team yesterday afternoon defeated the Franklin school eighth grade squad at the St. Joseph's school grounds, by a score of 24 to 18. The teams were evenly balanced and the game was hard fought through each quarter.

Miss H. Laviolette has arrived in the city from Ottawa, Can., to visit with her brothers, A. D. Laviolette and O. H. Laviolette.

For Governor

Partisan politics is rapidly losing its hold on the voter of the United States.

The raising of the standard of the voter; his inclination today to acquaint himself with facts and be guided by his own best judgment rather than be controlled by party leaders, have combined to cause the average elector to disregard party lines in casting his ballot.

While adherence to fundamental party principles is laudable the fact that a man is either a Republican, a Democrat or a Bull Mooseer, does not make of him the best man for the office for which he stands as a candidate.

Gov. Woodbridge N. Ferris is primarily the Democratic candidate for governor of Michigan in the present campaign, but in reality he is the candidate of the whole people of the state.

That he adhered to the principles of his party through lean years of party stress makes him more admired today by the voters of all parties, when his record is compared to the vacillating, handspring turning past political program of Chase S. Osborn.

Gov. Ferris demands respect and confidence because he is what he says he is. He has given to the state of Michigan a common sense, efficient administration. He deserves re-election on his record.

In Delta county and the whole peninsula Mr. Ferris on Nov. 3, will receive the greatest vote ever accorded a Democratic candidate in the district north of the straits. Republicans, Democrats, Bull Mooseers will combine to reward a worthy record. He has been tried out and proven fully up to the job. He deserves the vote of every thinking elector.

ATROCITIES ARE DENIED

MAX KLAR, FORMERLY OF GLADSTONE AND WELLS, WRITES FROM HANNOVER TO DENY CHARGES AGAINST GERMANS

Max Klar, who resided at Gladstone for some time and who also installed the charcoal kilns at the plant of the Mashek Chemical & Iron Works, has written from his home at Hannover, Germany, to deny the reports of atrocities accorded to German troops in the present European war.

Mr. Klar is well known in this city and his letter directed to the Mining Journal of Marquette will be read with interest by many of his acquaintances in this locality. The letter follows:

"Hannover, Kieffeld, Sept. 24, 1914. To the Daily Mining Journal, Marquette, Mich., U. S. A.

"On account of the state of war I am obliged to write to you in German, since only letters written in German are forwarded.

"The purpose of my writing is to call your attention to the untruthfulness of a report which was printed on the first page of your paper of the 18th of August, 1914. A London report was there reprinted according to which the husband of a French lady, Madame Jollion, as well as two of his friends and a child, were said to have been killed in Hannover.

"As you know, I lived in Marquette during the years of 1910-1912, and since I can truthfully claim to have left behind me numerous friends I am anxious to convince them that in Germany and particularly in Hannover, barbarians of the type that could commit such a crime do not exist.

"Since I lived in Hannover during the entire period of mobilization, I can give you my honorable assurance that the case reported above has not taken place and that the case presented is nothing but a calumnious invention of some adventurers who made up such a lie only to arouse sympathy and in this way to obtain money.

"To be positively certain, I have consulted the police department of this city and am sending you herewith the original letter of this absolutely trustworthy authority, signed by the president of the police department of Hannover, Von Beckerath.

"You would greatly oblige me as an old subscriber of your paper, who still reads your paper with a great deal of interest here in Germany, if you would publish this letter together with a photographer's reproduction of the original letter from our police department."

"It is too lamentable that Germany, on account of the cutting of its cable, is prevented from forwarding to the United States really true reports of the war. There would then not be at hand so many reports of French, English, Belgian and Russian victories, but the eyes of the American citizens would be opened and they would learn
(Continued on Page Six.)

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Local Office Weather Bureau

Escanaba, Mich., Oct. 23, 1914. For Escanaba and vicinity: Friday unsettled with probably rain; moderate east to southeast winds.

Highest temperature yesterday 62 degrees. Lowest temperature yesterday 45 degrees. Precipitation yesterday 0 inches.

Temperatures at even hours yesterday: 2 a. m. 53, 12 noon 62, 4 a. m. 50, 2 p. m. 60, 6 a. m. 50, 4 p. m. 58, 8 a. m. 49, 6 p. m. 56, 10 a. m. 59, 8 p. m. 54.

Temperatures at even hours one year ago yesterday: 2 a. m. 30, 12 noon 36, 4 a. m. 28, 2 p. m. 38, 6 a. m. 26, 4 p. m. 38, 8 a. m. 26, 6 p. m. 37, 10 a. m. 32, 8 p. m. 35.

Precipitation one year ago yesterday 0 inches. V. E. JAKYL, Observer.

AN ARMY WITHOUT A FLANK.

The Anglo-French endeavor to turn the right flank of the German army of invasion seems to have ended in definite failure. There is no longer any flank to turn. He extreme right of Von Kluck's force has joined the army freed for field operations by the fall of Antwerp, and this army extends in unbroken line to the English channel.

The Germans have won a distinct advantage by this drawing out of their line. They have checked the declared and manifest intentions of their enemies.

The allies' strategy must now assume a new aspect. Instead of outflanking the Germans they must now attempt, by Herculean efforts, to penetrate the German line and separate into at least two parts the hitherto invincible force of the Kaiser. In this way, and only in this way, can they hope to free a general retreat of the great army.

There remains, of course, the left wing of the Germans. But this wing rests on German territory and is in a strong position. It is opposed by but a small part of the French army and reinforcements cannot be sent without dangerously weakening the allied lines further west. For the moment, at least, the allies are clearly on the defensive.

Last week's developments are, therefore, favorable to the German cause. And the steady retrogression of the Russians till they are now fighting at the gates of Warsaw, serves to increase the German optimism.

NO BLACK LIST.

There was once a president of the United States who established an official black list. It contained the names of eminent citizens who had chanced to disagree with the executive. They were all eminent, of course, because a citizen of no eminence would scarcely come under the august displeasure.

The present resident at the White

House has no black list. He has disagreed with a number of prominent and well-meaning Americans, but no decree of eternal ostracism has been issued. The taboo is an implement unknown to his theories of statecraft. He is the president of the people of the United States of America, not the president of that part of the people of the United States which is fortunate and enlightened enough to agree with him.

The recent amicable interviews of President Wilson with Col. Harvey and Col. Watterson have been pleasing manifestations of the spirit of broadmindedness which is characteristic of the present administration. Each of the colonels, because of Mr. Wilson's refusal to accept Col. Harvey's assistance during the presidential campaign, had been looked upon as a personal enemy of the president. Col. Harvey surely, and perhaps Col. Watterson, would have been placed in the "undesirable citizen" class had President Wilson been addicted to the classification habit.

To be able to live amicably with men who do not agree with him is most desirable in the president of a republic. It tends to strengthen an administration, to make a government truly of the people.

Today is the thirty-fifth anniversary of Edison's invention of the incandescent electric lamp. And according to the present outlook the New Jersey wizard will still be inventing things thirty-five years hence.

A correspondent in the Philadelphia Record says that war is a punishment divinely ordered. The next thing is discover just what crime Belgium had committed to merit chastisement from on high.

It is to be regretted that American actors feel impelled to call the attention of the English professionals who are flocking over here to the fact that there is a call from the front for them.

It is getting so any horse headed east, regardless of the character of its ancestry, is suspected of being on its way to the war abroad, so great is the demand becoming.

An earthquake has visited Greece and several villages have been destroyed. But an earthquake is such a minor catastrophe that Greece should congratulate herself.

Vote for women is not going to produce the millennium, confessing a suffrage orator. Votes for men have produced it, either, but every little vote helps.

In putting a war tax on circuses and letting Chautauqua lectures go free, it might be inferred that congress didn't really need the money.

The rebellion in South Africa seems to have dwindled to about forty men. Sounds a good deal like Cuba.

There are few cathedrals in western Europe that have been pictured "before" and "after."

The Austrians don't seem able to break off the habit of bombarding Belgrade.

WAR

(Continued from page one)

Amsterdam, via London, Oct. 22.—The Telegraph learns from Stuts that the allies were successful at Roulers, in west Flanders, after a bombardment that lasted throughout Tuesday night. It is reported that the allies now occupy that town.

London, Oct. 22.—The Exchange Telegraph company has given out an Amsterdam dispatch which says that an arrival in that city from Brussels is authority for the statement that the German military commander in the Belgian capital has placarded the city with posters advising all German civilians to leave within forty-eight hours.

This news has not been confirmed. Milan, via London, Oct. 22.—The Secola's Venice correspondent says Austrian troops are being removed from the Austro-Italian frontier and sent into Belgium to strengthen the German right wing in the neighborhood of the North sea.

London, Oct. 22.—A newspaper correspondent at Dover has sent to London some details of the recent operations of British warships off the coast of Belgium. He says that last Saturday night the ships watched a force of Germans digging trenches along the coast under a flare of lights. This enabled the English boats to get the exact range and at daylight they shelled the enemy's positions heavily.

London, Oct. 22.—Fierce attacks and counter attacks delivered almost continuously for a week or more by the allies and the Germans have resulted in no definite decisions in the stupendous battle now raging in west Flanders and northern France.

This is clearly evident from the reports issued officially today at the various headquarters, which content themselves with recounting the fact that violent attacks have been made. The French, however, claim that the allies have repulsed German offensive movements of several points in the west.

According to the French communication, the Germans made attacks on the allies' line at Neuwport, Dixmude and LaBasse. The German general staff declares the fighting continues on the Yser canal and that the Germans, taking the offensive west of Lille, have repulsed the French at several points. The German reports seem to contradict optimistic accounts appearing in English newspapers from correspondents who claim they were in west Flanders and who stated that the Germans had been driven back.

The Germans, however, are believed in London to be fighting under a great disadvantage, especially along the coast, as the British ships which have been assisting the allies' land forces have long range guns capable of seriously mauling men in the trenches, as well as the ammunition trains and supply convoys which must remain in the immediate rear of the troops.

While no official information is available as to the ships which are being used for this purpose, it is probable that they are the three monitors which were being completed in England for the Brazilian government when the war broke out and which were bought by the admiralty.

These monitors draw less than nine feet of water and could take up not far from shore positions from which their 6-inch guns and 4.7-inch howitzers, of which each vessel carries two, would be able to throw shells nearly four miles across the country, the range being given them by airmen.

The vessels assisting the allies have not been allowed to carry out their operations in peace, for German submarines have followed them down the coast and attacked them while they were shelling German positions. These attacks, were made futile by the presence of British destroyers. One account says the submarines suffered losses, but this statement has not been confirmed.

It has been remarked that the submarines and aeroplanes, which in times of peace have proved themselves the most dangerous arms of the army and navy service, have offered little loss since the war commenced and have been doing splendid work, traveling thousands of miles.

The battles on land dare being contested with fury and a tenacity, which would indicate that strategic importance is attached to the positions held by the opposing armies.

When a town is reached street fighting generally develops, such as that which took place at Ypres last week. One side gains an advantage only to lose it when the other brings up reinforcements. Thus far the allies have been able to hold Ypres, which is considered an important position, as it supports the allied force thrown out toward Roulers and seemingly endangers the rear of the German army advancing toward Dixmude and the coast.

The Germans are striking hard at the French line in the vicinity of La-Brassee and have made counter attacks against the force which for many days has been endeavoring to relieve Lille. Along the rest of the line from west to east the French communication says there is no notable change. The German statement also ignores that part of the battle front.

These reports doubtless mean that neither side has made any considerable advance. It is not believed here that there has been a cessation in the fighting either on the Meuse, where the French are trying to drive the Germans away from St. Mihiel and Camp des Romaines, or at Belfort, which the Germans are attacking.

London, Oct. 22.—A dispatch to the Daily Chronicle from the Belgian frontier says: "The theatrical excursion of the German army to the North sea has reached an inglorious conclusion. The attempted coast raid to Calais has completely failed. Ostend has been evacuated by the Germans; they will make attempts to hold Bruges. Their retreat is being closely followed up by the allies."

A Folkestone dispatch to the Daily Chronicle says that wounded Belgian soldiers who arrived at Folkestone late Wednesday night declared the Germans have been driven out of Ostend.

London, Oct. 22.—The Daily Mail's correspondent in a dispatch dated "Behind the Allies' Left Wing" says he hears the Germans are on the point of evacuating Bruges. He is unable to say whether the allies have yet recaptured Ostend, but declares the possession of that city makes no real difference in the situation, which is daily improving for the allies.

"The German channel army," the Daily Mail's correspondent adds, "zig-zags indefinitely between Dunkirk and Lille and it cannot be long before the enemy is crumpled and his force hurled back into Germany."

From the Battle Front, via Paris, Oct. 22.—The Belgian army today delivered a counter attack that forced the invading Germans back five miles. Today, like yesterday, the German artillery poured a terrific bombardment into the allies' line. In spite of this, the allies successfully repelled the repeated German assaults.



P. O. EXHIBITS PLEASED MANY

Washington, Oct. 22.—Postmaster General Burleson has received enthusiastic reports of the parcel posts exhibits at state and county fairs in Michigan. Over the whole country 94 of such displays have been held to date and nearly as many more are still to be held. It is believed the exhibits will be particularly encourage shipment of eggs, butter and other perishable goods.

The secretary of the Greater Michigan fair at Grand Rapids writes: "Cooperation of mercantile, manufacturing and jobbing interests, and fair officials, brought about a display which was recognized as one of great educational value." Officials of other fairs wrote as follows: Cadillac fair—"Much interest manifested and increase of parcels business already noted."

State fair at Bad Ave—"Farmers greatly interested and good results greatly interested and good results are sure to come." Manistee fair—"Enthusiastic cooperation of all interests promises large parcels post business."

IRON TRADE REVIEW Cleveland, O., Oct. 22.—The Iron Trade Review today says: "The sagging tendency of prices of leading iron and steel products has become more pronounced. The orders placed at very low quotations are however for small tonnages and for prompt delivery and mills are carefully avoiding putting themselves in such condition that they will not be able to reap the benefit of higher prices after Jan. 1, if conditions improve."

The stagnation of the machine tool business which has prevailed throughout the year has been suddenly relieved as to lathes by the receipt of important orders for export. One order is for 800 lathes for shipment to Russia and orders have also been received for a shipment of lathes to England. At Chicago an inquiry for 400 lathes has been received from Sweden. Some shipments of machinery have been made to France, Germany, Italy and South America. Germany is inquiring for large machines never before purchased in this country.

The Carnegie Steel Co. has been awarded 10,700 tons of plates and 3,000 tons of shapes for the building of the dreadnought recently awarded by the navy department to the Newport News Building & Dry Dock Co. It is expected that the Carnegie Steel Co. will also receive a similar tonnage for the battleship to be built by the New York Ship Building Co. The plate market is dull and some very low prices are being named.

Basic pig iron in Pittsburgh has declined to \$12.75, which is 25 cents below the quotation which had prevailed for the past six months. The Chicago pig iron market is weaker and at Buffalo very low quotations continue to be made. There has been some additional buying by New England manufacturers of textile machinery and machine tools. Important centers the melt is declining to as low as 25 to 35 per cent of capacity of foundries. Shipments of pig iron are being delayed by request of melters.

In spite of the fact that some very low prices recently have been made on tin plate prospects are excellent. The weather has been unusually favorable for canning. Wire mills continue operating at about 80 per cent but foreign orders are not so numerous. The rail requirements of loading systems for next year are being informally considered.

The action of the Indian government in placing an embargo on manganese ore is the latest complication in the ferro manganese situation, but it is not likely to prove embarrassing to American steel makers, as ampupe supplies of ferro manganese are on hand.

Atty. William A. Miller of Rapid River was in the city on professional business last night.

MICH. HAS 80,000 LICENSED AUTOS Lansing, Mich., Oct. 22.—Secretary of State Martindale's prediction, made several months ago, that this year's sale of automobile licenses would be a record breaker has been realized and it is mostly likely that before January there will be 80,000 licensed motor cars in Michigan.

So far the state department has issued 75,126 automobile licenses, 6,951 motorcycle licenses and 4,633 chauffeurs' badges. Last year the total number of licensed motor cars was 54,366, and the department issued 5,699 licenses to chauffeurs in 1913. The state department has collected through its automobile division, the sum of \$345,393.81, all of which has been turned into the general fund of the state treasury.

The last session of the legislature passed a law providing for a tax of 50 cents per horse power on automobiles, and under the provisions of that law motor cars were exempt from local taxation and the money was to have been turned into a fund for the construction of good roads. A majority of the automobile owners favored the bill, as they were willing to pay the extra money if they were assured of better highways, but Wayne county made a vigorous protest and contested its constitutionality in the supreme court.

It was found that the title of the bill was defective and on technical grounds it was declared unconstitutional by the supreme court. The Wayne county supervisors who made the fight against the measure set forth that Wayne county was already heavily bonded for highways within its boundaries, and that it was an injustice to take machines off the tax rolls of that county and use license money to pay for road construction in other sections of the state.

LAWERS TAKE STAND AGAINST RECALL ISSUE

Washington, Oct. 22.—Emphatic opposition to the judicial recall, a plea that Congress should apply the same rule to injunction, and references to Panama tolls and Japanese immigration, are among the questions treated in reports of committees presented today to the American Bar Association now in annual session here.

Concerning the status of judicial recall agitation, the committee to oppose judicial recall reports in part as follows:

"A perceptible change in sentiment toward the judicial recall is slowly but surely showing itself among the people of the different states. In many localities its true nature is not yet understood. In most states the average voter has, as yet, insufficient appreciation of its baneful character."

Education Must Proceed. "The work of education must be continued. The signs, however, of increasing enlightenment, due to persistent efforts of its opponents, are everywhere apparent. Former leading advocates of judicial recall are saying less about it. Some of them are now saying nothing about it. Some have apparently given up the idea of the recall of judges and have turned to the judicial decision recall of judges and the recall of judicial decisions and have retreated to positions less antagonistic to constitutional democracy."

Injunction Legislation. Injunction legislation before the present congress receives extended treatment by the committee in charge of this subject. The provision limiting injunctions in labor disputes, originally incorporated in the anti-trust legislation of the House of Representatives and later amended by the Senate, is criticised by the committee, which says:

"The provision distinctly requires the court to apply to controversies in labor cases a different rule from that which is applied in other cases. To give special privileges to any class of men is opposed not only to the Declaration of Independence, but to the whole theory of our government. On this point all parties agree. "Can it have occurred to the gentlemen who propose this legislation peaceably, they will be decided by force? The shocking results of the latter method we see plainly in Colorado. Would it not have been better to have the questions which have given rise to bloodshed there, decided in an orderly manner by the Colorado courts? "Your committee is not opposed to organized labor. We freely concede to laboring men the same right to organize that their employers possess. We are persuaded that in opposing the proposed legislation we are the true friends of both."

Panama and Immigration. The Panama tolls questions and Japanese immigration are referred to in the report of the committee on international laws, as follows:

"The discussion arising between the United States and Great Britain and other countries as to free tolls for coasting vessels of the United States has been amicably terminated by the repeal of the free tolls by Congress by a statute carefully worded to prevent the loss of any rights of the United States. "Our relations with Japan continue to be disturbed by the denial by some states of this union of certain rights claimed by her nationals. It is respectfully submitted that like all matters of foreign relations this matter must, by the rules of the constitution and of expediency alike, be controlled and adjusted by the federal authorities as the interest of the whole country may seem to require."

The international law committee also approved the proposed international conference for the unification of laws relating to bills of exchange; and the proposed international agreement in respect to deck cargoes exported from the United States in the winter time.

DR. W. B. BOYCE

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist. Glasses Fitted. Office hours 10 a. m. to 1 p. m., to 6 p. m. Evening and Sundays by appointments.

DR. R. E. HODSON DENTIST. Over Old Postoffice. Bell Phone Office 63 Residence, 471-J. HOURS:—9 to 12 a. m.; 1:30 to 4:30 p. m.

D.A. L. Laing, M.D.C.M. Practice confined to Surgery and diseases of women. Office Over Groer's Drug Store, 107 1/2 East St. Hours:—1 to 3 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. daily except Sunday.

JOSEPH F. CUDDY Escanaba, Mich. Attorney at Law Office Corcoran Building

LAND SURVEYOR TIMBER ESTIMATOR LAND EXAMINER MARCUS. McNABB Escanaba, Mich.

Free! Free! A Thirty Dollar Hamilton Gold Watch, Ladies or Gents, To be given away free to patrons a Wilson's Lunch room on Nov. 1. Watches will be displayed in window at Bloomstrom & Petersen's store. Save your receipts. Ask the waiter.

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PIANO TUNING M. E. T. JORDAN located here permanently. All work guaranteed. Leave orders at Vandenberg Music Store, Phone 548-W.

FUR PURE ARTESIAN WATER CALL A. L. Gabourie Phone 316-L. Water delivered to any part of the city.

LEWIS & PIERSON LAWYERS General Law Practice Ground Floor, First National Bank Building, Side Entrance.

VIOLIN LESSONS Geo. D. Barnard, director of the Escanaba Military Band will take a limited number of pupils on the violin. Studio will open Aug. 25th. Phone 800-W.

Oliver Hotel PAUL STRUCKER, Prop. RATES \$1.50 AND \$2 A DAY



Lighten the Housework. A plain iron sink returns very little for the effort spent upon it. A few minutes spent in cleaning a "Standard" white enameled sink and you have a veritable beauty spot of radiance.

Our catalogue of sinks is very interesting with its wall hanging, corner and recess patterns. It is free to all interested in good plumbing and good fixtures.

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BIJOU THEATRE

TODAY

The World Film Corporation, presents

The Chimes

SHUBERT FEATURE IN FIVE REELS

FEATURING

Tom Terris, famous English actor and impersonator

MATINEE 3 P. M. NIGHTS 8, 7:15, 9:30

ADMISSION TEN CENTS

Our first show is out promptly at 8:15, giving you plenty of time to attend the Peterson Opera House.

HANDY IN EMERGENCY

SUPPLY OF CRACKERS SHOULD BE ALWAYS ON HAND.

Have Manifold Uses for Any Meal Which It May Be Necessary to Serve in a Hurry—Good Idea for Boston Crackers.

For emergency use there is nothing more helpful than a supply of crackers of various kinds. With a knowledge of how to make the most of these the resourceful housewife is able to use them as a substitute for dinner rolls to serve with soup, or with the salad course instead of breadsticks or cheese straws. They are also capable of being transformed into dainty morsels to serve with the sweet course at luncheon and offer infinite variety for the afternoon tea table.

One of the easiest and yet most unusual tricks to play with the ordinary cracker is to serve it in a crisp, puffy form, which does not suggest its humble origin. For this purpose take Boston crackers, which split readily in halves.

Fill a shallow basin with ice water and let the cracker halves lie in the cold bath for four or five minutes. They will then be so water soaked that they must be handled carefully to avoid breaking. They are best removed with a cake turner.

Invert a laking tin, arrange on it the rounds of wet crackers and put a bit of butter on each. When placed in an extremely hot oven they will expand and become crisp and delicious. If they are to be served with soup or salad sprinkle them with paprika, but if intended for the afternoon tea table use a mixture of granulated sugar and cinnamon or brush with white egg and add finely chopped nuts. Caraway seeds or old-fashioned fennel seeds are also among good additions to these prepared crackers and should be sprinkled on after removal from the oven.

Especially appropriate to serve with salads are crackers combined with cheese and any tart fruit jam or jelly. By using a piping tube, such as is employed in the fanciful arrangements of whipped cream, some pretty effects can be easily gained.

A rosette of moistened cream cheese can be piped in the center of any small plain cracker and a dot of stiff jelly can be placed thereon. A square cracker can have a border of the softened cheese piped around, leaving the inner surface of the cracker uncovered. This can be sprinkled with chopped nuts, with a dot of jelly in the center, or the entire surface spread with stiff jelly, held in place by the border of cheese.

It is also a favorite plan to mix the cheese with bar le due or other fruit preserves and pipe this colored and flavored cheese in any preferred way on the plain crackers. Guava jelly is especially liked in combination with crackers and cheese.

Graham crackers and plain ginger wafers are appropriate for this same form of treatment and make appetizing accompaniments for afternoon tea or coffee.

Creamed Lamb With Peas.
Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter in a spider. Cook two tablespoonfuls of flour and one-fourth of a teaspoonful each of salt and pepper in butter, then stir in slowly one-half cupful of cream and one-half cupful of water. Stir till the sauce thickens, then add one and one-half cupfuls of cooked lamb cut in small pieces and one cupful of green peas. Serve on rounds of toast, seasoned with butter, pepper and salt on top of each portion.

Whipped Cream Substitute.
When it is impossible to have whipped cream a delicious substitute can be made in the following way: Beat the whites of two eggs very stiff. Slice evenly one banana, add to the eggs and beat until thoroughly dissolved. Sweeten to taste with powdered sugar. The richness of taste and creamy color, makes this the equal of whipped cream and with some left over slices of cake it makes a good "emergency dessert."

Mustard Chow-Chow.
One peak green tomatoes, three large onions, four green peppers. Chop fine, put in brine overnight. In morning drain and pack in jar.
Dressing—Two quarts vinegar, one-half pound mustard, one cupful flour, one-half ounce turmeric. Cook in double boiler till thick.

Cleaning Currants.
A quick way to clean currants when making cake is to put the fruit into a colander with a sprinkling of flour, and rub round a few times with your hand. It is surprising how quickly the stalks are separated and come through the small holes.

To Mend Sprinkler.
When the sprinkler bursts a seam, dip the offending part in hot paraffin. This has often been sufficient to repair the break so that it stays good in definitely.

Sugar Economy.
In cooking fruit it takes nearly twice as much sugar to sweeten it if added before cooking. Cook first, then sweeten to taste.

Smooth Pan.
To keep your bread and cake pans smooth, set the pans on the stove and when very hot put a handful of coarse salt in each pan, then rub briskly with a cloth.

WOUNDED MAKE GOOD RECOVERY

Paris, Oct. 22.—The Journal des Debats says that during the first month after the first arrival of wounded at the Vichy hospital, where the most important operations were twenty a day out of eight thousand cases treated. Of these six hundred operations, no more than ten were amputations and among the ten were some of single fingers and parts of fingers only. Two legs, one arm and one wrist were all the serious amputations that proved necessary at this great hospital.

This very small proportion of amputations in comparison with wounded of preceding wars is accounted for first by the difference in the effects of modern projectiles which have not so much tendency to produce shivers of bone. The wound is more localized and cleaner cut than formerly. In the second place surgical science has progressed and wounds that would have seemingly required the amputation of member of forty years ago now treated with a view to saving it.

In connection with the treatment of bullet and shrapnel wounds the Temps states that experiments made in a Lyons hospital have demonstrated that the German bullets are magnetic and are in many cases easily extracted by the application of a powerful magnet.

In one case at the Desmettes hospital at Lyons a bullet was extracted from a depth of three and a half inches by an electro magnet powerful enough to lift a ton while its extraction would have been extremely difficult by any other process. The magnet is also being used together with radiography to locate bullets splinters of shells, etc., under the flesh, rendering immense services to the surgeons.

Army in Excellent Health.
There is less sickness in the French army after two months on the battlefield than in time of peace, due to the efficiency and preparedness of the military health service, according to Professor Edmond Delorme, medical inspector general of the army and a member of the Academy of Medicine.

Since the beginning of the war he has been on an official mission of inspection of field and other hospitals where the French wounded have been treated. "He established in the first place" says the Figaro "that sanitary conditions in our army are perfect. The wounded Frenchman is a healthy man. Sickness is exceptional. During this war the number of cases of sickness is less than in time of peace."

Complications from wounds cause most serious trouble. They occur with surprising frequency and gravity, says Professor Delorme. They chiefly result in gaseous gangrene and tetanus. Injections of oxygenated water are efficacious in both cases, but for tetanus. Injections of oxygenated water are efficacious in both cases, but for tetanus. Injections of anti-tetanic serum are being used as a preventative. More than six hundred thousand doses of this serum have been turned over to the army health service by the Pasteur Institute since the beginning of the war. By this means it is expected that the lives of thousands of wounded will be saved.

J. DOYLE, CHICAGO, UNLUCKY ALL LIFE, IS UNABLE TO DIE.
Chicago, Oct. 22.—John Doyle has just celebrated his fiftieth birthday, without ever having any luck. Today he decided to end his life—he was so tired of being unlucky. He tied one end of a clothesline around his neck, the other end around the rails of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific road at the Seventy-Third street viaduct. Then he squirmed between the ties, prepared to drop to his death, when a switch engine came along and cut the rope. He dropped safely a short distance to the ground below.

BRAMPTON NEWS
Born to Mr. and Mrs. Mike Eagle, a baby boy, Oct. 16th, hence the broad smile on Mike's face. Dr. Mitchell of Gladstone was in attendance. Mother and child are doing well.
Cheever Buckbee was in Brampton rounding up the voters Tuesday and giving them much food for thought.
Mrs. Anna Mowey of Escanaba spent Tuesday with her parents in Brampton.

A series of card parties will be held in his vicinity for the benefit of St. Joseph's church the Catholics will each in turn give a party. Much pleasure will be derived as well as "benefit financially."
J. P. Richards returned from Iron Mountain Monday.
Irwin Du Brien spent Monday in Maple Ridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Sayen of Maple Ridge autoed over Wednesday.
Miss Tessie Brouse shopped in Escanaba Monday.
Sam Neuman of Negaunee transacted business in Brampton Monday.
W. D. Summerfield spent Thursday in Escanaba.

Carl Gustafson of Escanaba autoed over Monday.
H. H. Wellsted is building a new addition to his house on his farm west of Brampton, which will add greatly to the appearance of the place. Mr. Wellsted has made several new improvements on his farms in this vicinity this summer.

Press Want Ads bring results.

Social Happenings of the Day

Party Held at a Harris Home
A party of Escanaba women left yesterday morning on the early train for Harris, where they were entertained for the day by Mrs. Frank Krutch of that village. The day was delightfully spent. Mrs. Krutch proving herself a clever hostess. Among the guests were: Mrs. Antoine Lovitz, Mrs. Adolph Beschornor, Mrs. Antoinette Wiltman, Mrs. John O'Hanley, Miss Mary Specht, Mrs. Louis Bron and Mrs. Geo. Specht.

Cronin-Geelan
Of the marriage at Ishpeming on Wednesday of Miss Margaret Cronin to Erwin "Pop" Geelan, well known in this city, the Ishpeming correspondent for the Mining Journal says: Erwin Geelan and Miss Margaret Cronin were married yesterday morning at 8 o'clock in St. John's church by Rev. J. A. Keul, the pastor. A large number of friends witnessed the ceremony. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Esther Cronin and Edward Cotter was best man.

The bride entered the church upon the arm of her father, Alderman Patrick Cronin, and was preceded to the altar by the bridesmaid. The groomsmen and best man met them at the altar. The bride was attired in a traveling suit of brown, with hat to match, and wore a corsage bouquet of lilies of the valley and pink roses. The bridesmaid wore a blue suit, with hat to match, and also wore a corsage bouquet.

Following the ceremony, the members of the bridal party and their immediate relatives partook of breakfast at the home of the bride's parents on West Division street. A wedding dinner was also served. Mr. Geelan and his bride departed last evening for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Enderlin, S. D., his former home.

Mr. and Mrs. Geelan were recipients of a most beautiful collection of wedding gifts.

The bride was born and brought up in Ishpeming. She is a graduate of St. John's school, also the Marquette Normal, and for some years past has been a teacher in the High street school. Mr. Geelan is the proprietor of the Empire pool and billiard rooms and bowling alleys. On their return they will begin housekeeping in Dr. R. A. Burke's dwelling, on West Barnum street.

Belgium Becomes a Nation in Exile

London, Oct. 22.—The population of Belgium steadily is becoming what a French writer terms "a nation in exile." The burden of this tragedy is falling upon Great Britain, Holland and France.

Between 300,000 and 400,000 Belgians have crossed into Holland and equal number have flocked southward into France, while more than 100,000 have arrived on English shores and are continuing to pour across the English channel by thousands daily.

While their eventual repatriation or absorption into other populations of other countries looms on the horizon as one of the great problems in modern European history, the question of today is the care of the exiles and the feeding of the millions remaining in Belgium, whose industries are paralyzed. A member of the British relief committee, speaking today of the situation, said:

"This business alone would be sufficient to tax the energies of the government and the country even if we did not have a war on our hands."

Eight Hundred Sleep in London.
Eight hundred Belgians slept on floors of public buildings in London last night. Many were people of refinement accustomed to luxuries.

The hospitality of the people of Folkestone and Dover is being taxed while the sea coast town of Deal is swamped under the wave of refugees who are coming in on schooners, trawlers and sailing vessels, half starved and with their nerves wrecked from terror and the privations they have undergone.

An English merchant piloted a sloop across the strait of Dover from Ostend with forty persons on board. They spent two days and nights on the craft without food and in a heavy sea. London streets and parks are full of Belgian officers and soldiers, some of whom have been wounded. Others among them became separated from their commanders and joined the exodus of refugees. The Belgian legation have issued instructions to all able-bodied men to rejoin the army.

The principal Brussels newspaper, the Independence Belge, begins publication in London Wednesday. Its editor says the Belgians fleeing from their country never will return if it remains under German rule.

A large proportion of the exiles are looking forward to making their homes in the United States when they can obtain funds to go there.

Mrs. J. P. Ness has returned from Daggott where she visited with relatives.



"The Sublime Achievement of the Moving Picture Art"

ANNETTE KELLERMANN

"The Perfect Woman"

In the Spectacular Pictorial Triumph

NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER

Produced by Herbert Brenon
Universal Film Company
Book by Capt. Leslie Pearce

Direct from the **GLOBE THEATRE**
New York

8 BIG PARTS!

GRAND THEATRE

MATINEE and NIGHT
Fri. Oct. 23

Evening Prices: Balcony 25c
Lower Floor, Reserved 50c
On Sale at Gross' Drug Store
Matinee 3 p. m. all seats 25c

AMONG THE THEATRES

THE PETERSON.
"Bringing Up Father." McManis' cartoon play gives us back the real old Irish Tad, the sort of "Daddies" laughed at year ago, and no one laughs heartier at "Father" than the Irish people themselves, because the character does not demean the race in any way. It is simply a character study from life, founded on the real whole-hearted old father of the old sod, who has more of the milk of human kindness in his make-up, than education or refinement. His family got the "Society bug" much to the personal discomfort of poor old Father. The Gus Hill production is an elaborate one, with splendid scenic environment and a great cast of ideal performers. It came to the Peterson for an engagement of one performance on Sunday evening, Oct. 25.

"WHEN DREAMS COME TRUE."
The very latest musical comedy offering "When Dreams Come True," with book and lyrics by Philip Bartholomae, and music by Silvio Hain, is announced for Friday, Oct. 23, at the Peterson.

"When Dreams Come True, produced originally in Cleveland, Ohio, and then taken to Chicago where it was played for more than six months at the Garrick Theatre. At the conclusion of the Chicago engagement, the company went to New York and opened at the Lyric Theatre, where they stayed three months, they then transferred to the 44th Street Theatre, and after ten weeks at that house, engagements in Philadelphia and Boston followed.

This is the first season that a comprehensive tour of the country has been essayed, and the play comes to us fresh from its triumphant engagements to the four cities mentioned.

The singing and dancing features call for the service of a large chorus, which has been selected with the idea that they had to sing, to dance and to look attractive.

The costuming of the play shows the very latest models of the late European fashions.

BIJOU TONIGHT.
"The Chimes," by Charles Dickens in motion pictures. It is a mighty fine thing to see these old classic stories in pictures. It gives one a different idea of them. It is something like plucking the heart cut; we are not bothered by words, and we see the different parts of the story more clearly in their relations to the whole. Take this picture, "The Chimes"; it makes the object of Dickens clearer to us than the printed pages did. What a thoroughly human and heart satisfying story it is that Trotty Veck dreams

on Christmas Eve when the Chimes that he loved so well call him out and show him what life really is. The very fact that the philosophy of the tyrannous, selfish and hypocritical squire has fooled him for a while is in his favor, child-like, lovable old man that he is.

"YELLOW" PRESS IS BLAMED

Berlin, Oct. 22.—With reference to the recent anti-German demonstrations in London, there has been given in Berlin an extract from the London Daily News, in which these outbreaks are compared with the Russian pogroms against the Jews. This paper lays the responsibility on the "yellow" press. The Daily Chronicle, another London paper, says it is evident that these assaults on Germans were carefully planned beforehand.

Sven Hedin, the Swedish geographer and explorer, has published an article in the Stockholm Aftenbladet, in which he declared French prisoner in Germany are grateful for the humane treatment being extended them. He relates that as a result of conversation with German officers, he found them all fair-minded concerning France in the present war, and express the conviction that Germany never would have attacked France if she had not been forced against her own will.

Public Opinion.
People say how strong public opinion is; and, indeed, it is strong while it is in its prime. In its childhood and old age it is as weak as any other organism. I try to make my own work belong to the youth of public opinion. The history of the world is the record of the weakness, frailty and death of public opinion, as geology is the record of the decay of those bodily organisms in which public opinions have found material expression.—Samuel Butler.

LIVE ITEMS of INTEREST

Clarence Remmetz of Channing has returned to his home after a business trip to this city.

William Reston has returned to Green Bay after a visit in the city. Mrs. Henry Valentine of Powers was visiting in the city yesterday, to attend the meeting of the Auxiliary of the B. of L. E.

Mrs. John Sphon and Miss Dorothy user of Van's Harbor, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hewa in South Charlotte street.

Mrs. C. E. Kraemer returned yesterday from a visit at Marinette. Miss Pauline Wahl of Engadine arrived in the city last evening to visit with her sister, Miss Lavina Wahl, who is the nurse at the Delta County Farm.

A. O. Anderson is now prepared to make deliveries of 1915 Buick automobiles. 1182-296-tf.

A. Summerfield and two daughters Brampton were in the city yesterday.

Mrs. John Dahl of Bark River visited in the city Thursday with friends. Mrs. Joseph Fortier and two children of Nabua will leave today for Escanaba after a short visit in the city.

Mrs. Daniel Groleau of Isabella is visiting in the city for several days.

Mrs. H. B. Southerland of Ingalls visited in the city yesterday.

Mrs. G. W. Ambrust of Marinette is visiting in the city with relatives.

Mrs. George Young and children of Hills returned last evening from a visit at Marinette.

The Misses Hazel and Flossie Southerland of Ingalls visited with friends in the city yesterday.

Miss Margaret Ambrust of Marinette visited in the city last evening for a visit with her sister, Miss Helen Brust.

Get your pears, the last of the season. One dollar per bushel. Madalla & Company, Phone 369. 1176-395-2t.

Mrs. A. Bonamer and son, and Mrs. Len Bonamer of Chicago arrived in the city last evening to visit with former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mahanna of 302 North Norris St. Miss Blossom Smith has returned to home at Green Bay after a visit the city.

Mrs. Alice Roland left last evening for Fond du Lac, Wis., where she will attend a school of instructions of the Auxiliary of the O. R. C., which will be held in that city today and tomorrow.

Mrs. William McKeever has returned from a visit with relatives at Ishpeming.

Mrs. Harry Essington of Wells, left yesterday evening for a visit with her son, Harry Essington, at Cincinnati.

Miss Margaret of Ford River was in the city yesterday.

John Kesslek of Bark River trans-

acted business here yesterday.

W. Harris of Ford River spent yesterday in the city attending to business.

A. O. Anderson is now prepared to make deliveries of 1915 Buick automobiles. 1182-296-tf.

Joseph LaChappell of Harris was in the city yesterday.

M. H. MacDonald of Wausau, Wis., was in the city yesterday and left last evening for Menominee, to visit with friends.

John Walsh of Chicago left for his home last evening, having visited here with relatives and friends.

Mrs. C. C. Royce left last night for a 10 days visit at Chicago.

Carlton Mertz of Gladstone was the guest of Escanaba friends on Thursday.

S. M. Huller of Milwaukee left for his home last evening, having transacted business in the city.

M. Derouin of Hyde was in the city yesterday.

The prices charged for Annette Kellerman at the Grand today are the same as were charged at the Marquette Opera House an dall other cities where this feature was shown.

J. Helm of Bark River was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

Mrs. James McCady of Harris was in the city yesterday on a shopping trip.

Get your pears, the last of the season. One dollar per bushel. Madalla & Company, Phone 369. 1176-395-2t.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Treptol of Chicago left for their home yesterday, following a visit in the city.

J. R. Rheum of Bark River was in the city yesterday on business.

James Dean of Swanson was in the city yesterday enroute to a visit at Chicago.

F. E. Hodgeh of the Soo was in the city yesterday enroute to Louisville, Ky.

T. H. Burleigh has returned from a business trip to Iron Mountain.

Mrs. W. H. Corbett and daughter Margaret left last evening for a visit at Milwaukee.

Miss Bessie Richey of Detroit arrived in the city last evening to visit with her sister, Mrs. O. E. Wood.

Joseph Healy returned on Thursday from a visit with his family at Duluth, Minn.

W. J. Adolph and daughter, Miss Florence Adolph are visiting with friends and relatives at Green Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Schonenberg will leave today for a visit with relatives at Green Bay.

William LaCross of Lathrop was in the city yesterday on business.

Martin Winkler of Milwaukee is visiting with friends here.

Mrs. Nepper of Isabella was in the city yesterday on business.

Ed. Hakes of Bark River was in the city yesterday on business.

The first show of Annette Kellerman in Neptune's Daughter, at the Grand tonight will start at 6:30 sharp and be out at 8:10 in order to give all patrons a chance to witness the performance at Peterson's which commences at 8:30.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York
HAS A STORY THAT COMPELS ATTENTION

The successful solicitor talks about his own company—not about other companies. He talks the benefits and achievements of life insurance, and what his own company has done, is doing, and can do in disseminating these benefits.

Our company has paid One Billion, One hundred and thirty-million dollars to our policy holders.

More than two hundred millions in dividends to policy holders.

More than fifty-eight millions in dividends in four years to policy holders.

More than Eighteen Millions set aside for payment of dividends to policy holders for this current year, 1914.

Nearly sixty-four millions in death benefits. Endowments, and dividends paid to policyholders in 1913. Five millions more than was received from them in premiums.

Our policies all participate in yearly dividends.

Call on our manager and secure a proposition.

MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO. OF NEW YORK
J. E. BYRNS, District Mgr.

Black Block Phone 54.

FAVORS CANAL TRIP FOR NAVAL RESERVE

Favorable consideration was given this week by Secretary of the Navy...

Members of the naval militia board, which was appointed under the naval militia act of last February...

Secretary Daniels told the members of the board he would be pleased to receive from them any recommendations...

He requested them to figure out the cost per man and the effect the cruise would have on the efficiency of the naval militia...

The great lakes are represented on the board by Capt. E. A. Evers, commanding the naval militia of Chicago...

Another matter which probably will receive consideration at the hands of the naval militia board will be the question of vessels for practice work of the naval militia...

It has been the idea of the navy department that if congress would provide funds for the construction of a number of small gunboats...

SHIPPERS COMBAT RAILROADS PLEA

Washington, Oct. 22.—Counsel for shippers' association took the position before the interstate commerce commission today that no condition confronts American railroads as a result of the European war...

The attack of Special Counsel Brandeis on the policy of the railroads of maintaining their dividends without respect to the financial strain in which they now profess to find themselves...

Expert Financier Quizzed Sharply. The only other witness was Charles A. Conant of New York, who appeared on an expert in finance in behalf of the carriers to describe conditions in the money market arising from the European war...

"Would it help the cotton industry to raise the price of cotton?" asked Clifford Thorne, representing numerous shippers' organizations.

"Not at this moment," Mr. Thorne demanded if the witness knew of any public utility company that had requested permission to advance its rates because of the general situation.

"I could not say as to that," answered Mr. Conant.

Do You Dread Your Meals? Your food does you little good when you have no desire for it...

BIG WILD BUCK SEEN NEAR LAPEER

Lapeer, Mich., Oct. 22.—Somewhere in the southern part of the county a wild buck deer is at present at liberty.

The deer came wandering up the lane of the Finck farm with the cows and was unnoticed until within a rod of Mr. Finck.

Although only a few persons actually saw the big buck, his tracks are yet plainly to be seen in the mud in the Finck lane and the trail of the deer can be followed for some distance.

One strange thing about the appearance of the deer was the sight also of a big shepherd dog along with him.

TRY THE PANATORIUM For cleaning, pressing and repairing. The only place in the city to have your work done satisfactorily DAY or NIGHT.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS List of letters remaining unclaimed at the Escanaba, Mich. Postoffice for the week ending October 17, 1914.

OTTO ZAJCZEK, salesman for the American Tobacco Company is in the city on business.

CARNEGIE'S LETTER CAUSES A SMILE

Philadelphia, Oct. 22.—Argument in the suit of the federal government against the United States Steel corporation—an attempt to break up that big company by dissolving into units all the subsidiaries...

The opening day's argument produced no sensation and there was little brought out that was new.

Richard Lindabury will open the argument for the corporation.

Trade in Foreign Countries. In foreign countries you come into competition with the best goods from every land.

When he reached home he smuggled the letter into a drawer of his big dresser and locked the drawer.

"It's an offense against the government and a sin," he muttered. "The Lord help me!"

"None tonight," said David. "Humph," grunted Judd. "There's that auto-mo-beel, there ain't no better in town, if only I had some good, strong iron spokes ter put in the wheels."

"I guess there ain't anything, is there, David?" she despaired, squinting along the line of boxes.

"Yes," emitted David, with dry lips, "there is. I've been waiting a week for you. It's an offense against the government. He could put me in prison, if you let him see the date of this letter."

"I never will," vowed Lucy Judd softly. Her eager eyes were intent upon David as he drew from his pocket the letter.

"I knew that the letter was from John, and I knew that there was money in it. John ought to send his money to you, Lucy." David looked out tenderly upon the little woman.

"I wasn't going to give it to Carlos to waste and you suffering for things. I thought you'd never come down and I was afraid to take it to you. So I've lied—lied every day about it to Carlos. I never was wicked like this before, but I couldn't do any other way, Lucy, and you must write to John and tell him."

Lucy Judd reached up a thin, worn hand and laid it upon David's fingers gripping the shelf.

"You're only good and noble to me, David. It won't be a real sin. It was just the goodness of your heart outdoing the thoughts of your head, David. If it hadn't been for you, I'd never seen a cent of that money, and I—I want things so, David—so many things that I need just to live."

THE FIRST OFFENSE

By EDNA MAY BOOTH.

Old David Strang moved slowly back and forth behind the letter box now and again appearing at the little window he had just opened.

"Nothing but the paper," he said, holding it out.

"That is all," said David, and there was no smile lighting his face.

"Might 'a knowed it," growled Judd. "I need a little money. I want Jenson ter make me some iron spokes I can make some wheels as good as new, if I have some new spokes ter put in."

"Well, I—guess—not! I'd have the neatest machine around here if John'd send me some money. He promised to send me some and he could do it as well as not—yer know he could. But that's all you get outen children nowadays."

Half an hour later David put out the lights and closed the post office. He shook the door to try the lock.

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Morning Press Want Ads

Advertisements of Lost, for Sale, Wanted, to Rent, etc., not exceeding 25 words, inserted in this column three consecutive days for 25 cents, or one week for 50 cents, if paid in advance.

WANTED—Our cottage at 112 Third St. is built to suit you. We will sell it to you agreeable with your own terms.

WANTED—Position by young lady with dressmaker to do sewing. Leave address at the Morning Press office.

WANTED—Position by young lady as bookkeeper and stenographer. Inquire at this office.

WANTED—At once, competent girl for general housework in small family. Inquire at 322 South Campbell street.

WANTED—Dressmaking by the day. Inquire at 915 So. Charlotte St. Phone 829-J.

FOR RENT—Farm, 60 acres cleared. A No 1 land. Renter must be self sustaining, no others need apply.

FURNISHED ROOMS, for light housekeeping, 1406 Ludington street.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, Steam heat and bath. Rates reasonable at the Addison Rooming House, 308 So. Charlotte St.

FOR RENT—or Sale, five room house on Hattie street, North Escanaba. Inquire at 526 South Charlotte street.

FOR RENT—Modern house at 211 So. Sarah St. Inquire at 108 No. Charlotte St.

FOR RENT—500 acre farm known as "McHale Farm", situated one block from railway station at Lathrop, Mich.

FOR RENT—Four room furnished flat, centrally located, young couple preferred.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms will all modern conveniences. Inquire at 1221 Escanaba avenue.

FOR RENT—Three room flat. All modern. Rent \$7.50 per month. Inquire at 1502 Ludington St.

FOR SALE—100 acre farm, 60 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation. Good new 7 room frame dwelling.

FOR SALE—4 milk cows, 3 holstein heifers, 3 horses, 2 heavy wagons, one express wagon, one cutter, one cream separator and several tons of fodder corn.

FOR SALE—Good coal stove. In first class condition. Inquire at 611 South Sarah street.

FOR SALE—Good horse, weight 1125 lbs. Fine horse for family use. Guaranteed. Also harness, single and two-seated buggy.

FOR SALE—Two passenger roadster. E. D. Gordon, Jr., Telephone 760-J or 625-J.

FOR SALE—40 acre farm in high state of cultivation, three quarters of a mile from railroad station and village.

FOR SALE—Farm, 160 acres, 1/4 of a mile from railroad station and village. 100 acres cleared and in high state of cultivation.

FOR SALE—80 acre farm, located 1 1/2 miles from Schaffer, 65 acres cleared, balance good timber land.

FOR SALE—Forty acres of land located about two miles from the city. Price \$8.00 per acre.

FOR SALE—Fireside Garland Wood heater, used but one season, half price. Inquire 400 So. Sarah.

FOR SALE—Fireside Garland wood heater at one half price. Inquire at 400 South Sarah.

LOST—Gold cross set with diamond. Finder kindly return to St. Anne's Parsonage and receive reward.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, living city: 1 coal heater, 1 range, 1 hall rack, 1 large oak buffet, 1 large refrigerator, etc.

FOR SALE—A few single combed white lechorn cockerels at \$1.00 each. Jos. Villeneuve, Wells, Mich.

FOR SALE—120 acre farm, 5 acres cleared, good house, good barn, 7 miles from Bark River.

LOST AND FOUND LOST Red check mackinaw between white school and bridge on Gladstone road.

FOUND—A pearl Rosary. Owner can have same by paying costs of advertising.

MAKES GOOD, HEALTHY FLESH West End Drug Store Offers to Pay for Same if it Falls.

Most people eat enough to get fat; the trouble is not lack of food, but lack of assimilative power.

Samose mingles with the food that is eaten, so that it is assimilated to the blood, and builds up pleasing plumpness and good, healthy flesh.

Samose is in tablet form, pleasant to take, and is sold by one of the most reputable drug stores in Escanaba.

Collars Like Cuffs ON GLASSES OF BEER Washington, Oct. 22.—Beer drinkers will find a bigger "collar" and more foam to blow off their glasses when the new war tax goes into effect.

Senator Townsend wanted to know just how it was that the consumer was to pay the tax on beer.

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The Rapidly Growing Army of Patrons registered in the Press Job Department has demonstrated that The Press Way IS The Right Way The Standing of a Firm's Business is Guaged by the Appearance of Its Printed Matter The Morning Press Job Department Force is made up of artists at the business. They are Union men and all have gained a high standard of efficiency through years of actual experience.

SPORTING DEPARTMENT

W.I. LEAGUE HAD A VERY BAD YEAR

Oshkosh, Wis., Oct. 22.—The circuit of the Wisconsin Illinois league for the season of 1915 will be the same as this year, according to a decision made yesterday at the annual meeting. While the attendance was poor, it was decided able optimism was felt for next season.

It was voted to continue the league providing the meeting of the league at Omaha in November indicated that the minor leagues would receive proper treatment. President Weeks and Vice President Moll will attend the Omaha meeting.

The formality of presenting the pennant to Oshkosh for the third consecutive season was gone through with Oshkosh, Green Bay and the Twin Cities were the only three teams that came up to the 25,000 attendance limit it required. The guarantee given at the beginning of the season was refunded in proportion to the attendance, computed on that basis.

BASEBALL WAR IS ALMOST OVER

Chicago, Oct. 22.—The dove of peace will hover over the baseball situation on and after Sunday according to Mr. Charley Weegham, owner of the Chicago Federals.

Just what course will be pursued by the powers in organized baseball and in the Federal league ranks toward burying the hatchet was not made known last night when the north. Until last night Weegham had denied all stories from the east to the effect that he might enroll with organized ball. He is inclined to show a different attitude, however, last night, after reading a dispatch from Cincinnati, in which Garry Herrmann, chairman of the national commission, was quoted as saying:

"Weegham and I had a talk in New York recently. The sale of the Cubs was discussed. I know that such negotiations are on.

"I think every difference will be amicably adjusted before we return from New York," asserted President Weegham. "Organized ball is eager for peace, and our owners, though determined to fight to a finish, would prefer some arrangement whereby all hands might operate in harmony.

"President Ward of the Brooklyn club must have satisfaction, however, before any understanding is reached. It is possible the owner of the Brooklyn Feds will take over the New York Yankees. I cannot say at this time what provisions will be made for the other magnates of the Federal league if peace is declared."

MICHIGAN OWNS 606,038 ACRES

The seventy-second annual report of the commissioner of the state land office shows that there are 606,037.50 acres of state land, of which 276,080.98 acres are in a permanent forest reserve. The balance is scattering, which is being traded for the purpose of consolidating these forest reserves.

The great bulw of the land is tax homestead land that has reverted to the state on account of non-payment of taxes.

"While only a small acreage was disposed of during the last year the average price per acre for the 121.72 acres was \$7.55 per acre. This was mostly for railroad rights of way across state lands, and for other small parcels necessary to work out local propositions.

The public domain commission has authority to direct the commissioner of the state land office to issue deeds of state lands in exchange for lands inside the boundaries of the several forest reserves. While 50,000 acres of state lands are under consideration for exchange, only 492.39 acres had been disposed of on July 1.

The state land office has three more months, and it will then cease to be a department, all work being turned over to the public domain commission.

"Michigan," said Mr. Carton, "has ceased to be a land selling state. There is no other good reason for the abolition of the office, other than the fact that the work of the department is practically done."

Mr. and Mrs. Jules Edoin returned to their home in this city after a visit with relatives in Fond du Lac, Marinette and Green Bay.

LANGFORD KNOCKS OUT GUNBOAT SMITH

Boston, Oct. 22.—Sam Langford, the negro heavyweight, of Boston, knocked out Gunboat Smith here tonight, in three rounds.

It was the first time the "leading white hope of the country," who gained a decision over Langford here a year ago, has been knocked out.

The negro showed his superiority throughout. His 200 pounds were behind punches before the first round was half over, and a sweeping right felled Smith for a count of seven. Smith was weak when the first round ended.

In the second, Langford again took the aggressive. Leading a left, he hammered a right home to Smith's jaw, crushing him to the mat. Smith sprawled there for nine seconds, staggering to his feet, barely in time to save himself from being counted out. Feinting and landing with left and right, Langford dropped Smith with his blows and floored him again. Referee Jack McGuigan of Philadelphia had counted four when the bell gave Smith a reprieve.

Protecting himself as best as he could, Smith lasted through nearly two minutes of the third round. Then Langford again pointed his left menacingly and drew Smith's guard over. The negro quickly drove his right with terrific force to the white man's jaw. Smith sank to the mat, where he was counted out.

WAR TO BRING BOOM FOR UNITED STATES

Chicago, Oct. 22.—The war is bringing to the United States the greatest prosperity ever experienced. Business activity will exceed even the "wildcatting" days that followed the war."

This was the prediction of Attorney Clarence S. Darrow before the Women's Association of Commerce.

"The period upon which we are entering means a more general distribution of wealth, employment for every body and higher prices. It will be greater than the days that followed the civil war.

"The first effect of the war was to throw thousands out of employment, swamp the stock market with foreign owned securities, and depress business generally. But we can get used to war like other calamities."

"And the era of prosperity is fast approaching. The crops are the largest we have ever had, the banks have plenty of money to loan. As the war goes on, Europe will demand ever increasing quantities of food supplies and manufactured goods from the United States."

McFARLAND SEEKS A RETURN MATCH

Denver, Colo., Oct. 22.—Offers of \$20,000 for a twenty-round fight between Packey McFarland of Chicago and Freddie Welsh, the "lightweight champion," or \$10,000 for McFarland and Gibbons, were made to Packey today by Denver sporting men. McFarland arrived yesterday with his wife and leaves today for Chicago.

Three local men formed a syndicate and agree to put up a purse of \$20,000 for a lightweight fight here during Stock Show week in January. The Chicagoan and the Britisher are wanted. Packey immediately accepted the proposition provided Welsh would be willing to divide the purse on any basis.

If Welsh turns down the offer the promoters will offer \$10,000 for the Gibbons-McFarland meeting at 145 pounds ringside.

The promoters guarantee to put up \$5,000 the day articles are signed, \$5,000 fifteen days before the fight, and the remaining \$10,000 the day before the fight.

McFarland has agreed to put up a \$5,000 forfeit for the Welsh fight.

GERMANS DENY CHARGE THEY STARVE BELGIANS

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—German officials here charge that the state department is seeking to create an impression in the minds of the American public that Germany is purposely starving the Belgians.

That the German government and the commanders of the army in Belgium are trying to do everything in their power to alleviate suffering among the Belgian people, and that the army is even sharing its rations with destitute Belgians is declared by the Germans to be an incontrovertible fact.

Statements in London dispatches that the lack of food in Belgium is due to the commandeering of all food supplies by the German embassy. The action of the state department in giving out statements and dispatches of a seemingly corroborative nature is resented by the German officials.

The facts are, according to embassy officials, that Great Britain is entirely to blame for whatever distress there may be among the Belgians on account of shortage in food supplies.

It is pointed out that it has been officially announced in Great Britain that several shipments of provisions destined for Belgium and consigned to Antwerp and coast cities of that country before the German army had even entered Brussels, had been captured by British warships and had been transferred to England and either cached there or confiscated.

THE KITCHEN GUPBOARD

CRISP YOUNG DANDELIONS.
The housewife who lives in the country or has a lawn may draw on these for her supply of spring greens. In the cities blanched cultivated dandelions are sold in the markets.

The young leaves are suitable for salads, while for cooking the older plants may be used.
Gather in the morning while fresh from the dew. Wash thoroughly; then let stand in cold water for an hour or two to crisp and freshen.
With Milk Sauce.

Dandelions With Vegetables.—Put in a saucepan a pint of well washed dandelions, half a dozen medium sized potatoes (sliced), three onions, two tablespoonsful of chopped parsley, a carrot chopped into dice and a little celery. Cover with a quart of boiling water and boil rapidly for half an hour; then season with salt, pepper, a tablespoonful of butter and a cupful of good milk. Stewed Dandelions.—Wash and drain cover with boiling salted water, cook until tender, drain, chop fine, add a tablespoonful of melted butter, a tablespoonful of rich cream and salt and pepper to taste. Beat until quite smooth and return to the fire until hot; then serve at once.

Cooked With Meat.
Dandelions With Bacon.—Clean thoroughly half a peck of dandelions and put over the fire with boiling water to cover. Cook ten minutes, drain, return to the vessel and cover with fresh boiling water. Add a pound of bacon, two onions chopped, some salt and a bit of red pepper. Cover and boil until tender. Take up the dandelions and arrange in a mound on a hot dish surrounded with bacon sliced thin.

Dandelions With Eggs.—Cut off the roots of the plants, wash the leaves putting them in a saucepan full of boiling water, and let boil for an hour. Then drain the leaves out of the water, put them in a frying pan with butter, salt and pepper and stir the mixture till thoroughly heated. Serve with sliced hard boiled eggs.

A Savory Concoction.
Dandelions and Pork.—Gather the dandelion leaves when they are young and tender. Wash them thoroughly in two or three waters; then put them into a granite kettle and cover with boiling water. Add a piece of soda the size of a pea, let them come to a boil and then drain off the water. Cover them again with boiling water, add a small piece of fat salt pork and cook from one to two hours. When the leaves are tender remove the pork and drain in a colander, chop them into thin pieces, add salt and pepper to taste and a little melted butter. Garnish with hard boiled eggs.

Anna Thompson

THE KITCHEN GUPBOARD

STRAWBERRY SHORTCAKES.
SUPPER.
Welsh Rabbit, Toasted Wafers, Sandwiches, Olives, Preserves, Strawberry Shortcake, Coffee.

At this season when strawberries are available and the strawberry shortcake is the dessert most in demand, these recipes for making them in various ways may be useful.

Tempting Desserts.
Shortcake With Pie Crust.—Make paste as for pie crusts, but do not roll as thin as for pies. Bake a light brown, sweeten one quart of berries, spread them on the crusts and put these to gether. Make a meringue of the whites of two eggs and two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Set in the stove and brown slightly.

Graham Shortcake.—Take a pint of outtermilk, add one even teaspoonful of baking soda and beat well. Stir in half a teaspoonful of salt and graham flour to make a batter stiffer than cake batter. Shape into two thin cakes and bake. Have ready strawberries sweetened and mashed. Pull the cakes apart, butter and spread the fruit between and on top. Serve with rich sweetened cream.

With Whipped Cream.
Buttermilk Shortcake.—Sift one pint of flour with one-half teaspoonful of soda and rub into this two tablespoonfuls of lard. Add one teaspoonful of buttermilk and bake in a round pan. Split and butter while hot. Arrange the layers with fresh berries uncrushed, covered with powdered sugar, and serve with stiff whipped cream.

Sour Milk Shortcake.—Mix four to five tablespoonfuls of white sugar with three tablespoonfuls of butter, a large cupful of sour milk and a pinch of salt. Add the yolk of an egg and a teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a little hot water; then pour in a quart of water and the beaten white of the egg. Roll the paste thin and sprinkle with flour. Lay one sheet of the paste on another and bake. When done take from the oven, separate the sheets of pastry and lay small whole berries between the two layers and on top, generously sprinkling with sugar. Whipped cream or strawberry syrup may be served.

Anna Thompson

LAW SHOULD HEED POPULAR OPINION

Washington, Oct. 22.—Improvement of the law from within to stem the tide of popular criticism prevalent in recent years was the keynote of the first days session of the American Bar association here.

President Wilson in his address of welcome pleaded for the humanizing of the law by the incorporation of more justice into the cases and less situations.

Former President Taft emphasized in an address to the country the necessity for removing delays in litigation.

Associate Justice McReynolds, of the supreme court, at the same meeting urged the judges to give more attention to public opinion.

At tonight's sessions of the Bar association proper Senator Elmhurst in speaking of "The Layman's Criticism of the Lawyer," suggested lawyers should apply the rules of evidence with more regard to common sense and might well avail themselves of expert assistance.

Before the judicial section, former President Taft, in his second speech of today, said he felt at home, although there had been "intervening purgatory" since he, himself, was a judge. **Sees Lesson in European War.**

The United States should draw from the European war a lesson regarding its own conduct, Mr. Taft said in his first address. In discussing the charges of violation of treaties by European nations, Mr. Taft said that this country should put itself in such a position that it could fulfill to the letter the obligations imposed by its treaties, and he recommended legislation to that end.

In this address, delivered as president of the Bar association, Mr. Taft also said that the Progressive party was departing from "the pro-progressive nostrum" of the recall of judicial decisions, because it apparently had become a burden to the party.

In speaking of the European war, Mr. Taft said that President Wilson should have the warmest approval and sincerest co-operation in his efforts to maintain the strict neutrality of this country. "We are the principal nation," he continued, "and I might say almost the only nation of the Christian world not so related to the struggle that both sides may really regard us as disinterested friends. It is our highest duty, and the president makes plain his appreciation of this duty not to sacrifice and destroy this great leverage for the sake of mediation when the opportunity arises by ill advised and premature judgments upon the merits. We must hold our tongues to be useful to mankind."

Our Obligations Under Treaties.
Concerning this country's obligations under its treaties Mr. Taft said: "And now that we are discussing compliance with treaties and the effect of treaties of arbitration and of peace upon the chances of war is it not a good time for us to clean our own house and to put ourselves in a position where we can fulfill to the letter every treaty we have entered into? We have made many treaties of friendship and peace indeed, treaties with all the world in which we have assured to aliens, subjects or citizens of the other party to the treaty, resident within our borders, due process of law in protection of life, liberty and property. But we now withhold, however, from the same authority that makes the treaty the power to fulfill its obligations."

"A statute of a dozen lines would put it into the power of the president to institute judicial proceedings, civil and criminal, in courts of the United States to punish a violation of the treaty rights of aliens and enable him to use the civil and military executive arm of the governed invasion. In our past experience we realize that mob violence committed through racial prejudice against aliens will never be punished by state authority, and there is nothing that highstrung people and it is peoples now who largely control the matter of war and peace—recent so much as the mistreatment of their fellow countrymen living under the flag of a foreign government that has stipulated and pledged its honor to give them protection."

The speaker denied that the granting to the president of such powers as he outlined would be unconstitutional. **Progressives on New Jack.**

Mr. Taft said there were indications that there had been a distinct falling off in support of the proposals for recall of judges and of judicial decisions. These proposals, he said, were incorporated in the platform of the Progressive party, whose leader "felt called upon to declare that they were the rock upon which it was founded."

"It would appear," Mr. Taft continued, "that the party which fathered these proposals now finds that, instead of being the rock on which it is founded, it is, to change the metaphor, the rock on which it founders. Certainly it seems wise to its leaders to ignore this part of their original propaganda, an indication that it has ceased to be vote-getting and, in deed, has become a burden to any party that assumes to press it."

Indorses Anti-Trust Legislation.
Turning to the anti-trust legislation of the Wilson administration, Mr. Taft analyzed the trade commission act and that Clayton act, "insofar as the field of general interstate trade is within the practical range of supervision and

GOURLEY NEWS.

The Dance and program given here Saturday evening was well attended. M. Christenson made a business trip to Carney this week.

Clifford LeClair, who was at Perkins on business, returned Friday. Miss Jasper who is teaching at Carney school, spent Saturday and Sunday at her home here.

Roller skating in the hall here Saturday evening.

The Misses LeClair were here on Thursday, from LeClair's camp.

Harvey Pilon and Jerry LeClair drove to Carney Saturday evening. Joe Mottio has purchased a new motor car.

Felix Pauor of Spaulding, who is working at LeClair's camp, spent Sunday at his home.

Mr. Lego and son spent Sunday at their home at Nadeau.

August Quist of Bark River was in Carney Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Gladys Cary visited in town here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. J. Junior of Carney made a business trip here this week.

Chas. Beachamp spent Saturday and Sunday with his family at Escanaba.

Jimmi Lanoor of Escanaba was seen here Sunday.

Antoine Albe made a business trip to Carney Tuesday.

The new Catholic church, which is being built here is rapidly going up.

Roy Bros. of Nadeau, who are working here, spent Sunday at their home.

Grand dance given at Carney Hall Friday evening, Oct. 22. Good music. Everybody invited.

CHANCERY SALE

In pursuance and by virtue of an order and decree of the circuit court for the County of Delta, in Chancery, in the State of Michigan, made and dated on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1914, in a certain cause therein pending, wherein James McKenzie, and Flora McKenzie are complainants, and Wilhelmina Primrose Estora is defendant.

Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house in the City of Escanaba, County of Delta, and State of Michigan, said court house being the place for holding the circuit court for said County, on Monday, the 16th day of November, A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount due to the said complainants, for principal, interest and costs in this cause, of the following described parcels of land, to wit: The North one hundred and eight feet (108 ft.) of Lots number one and two (1 & 2), all of Lot number three (3), all of the Original Plat of the Village of Gladstone, Delta County, Michigan, according to the recorded plat, thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in said Delta County, and in making said sale, the North one hundred and eight feet (108 ft.) of Lot number one and two (1 & 2), in Block number Twenty seven (27) of said above described land will be first sold, and if that is not sufficient to pay the said principal, interest and costs, then so much of Lot number three (3) as may be necessary to pay the balance due, with interest and costs, will be first sold in accordance with the terms of said decree.

Dated, Escanaba, Michigan, September 29th, 1914.

JOHN L. DODD,
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Delta Co., Michigan.
H. R. DODD, II,
Soldier for Complainants.
DEPT. 275-787-889-206-204-210

regulation," he said, the machinery adopted, it seems to me, is as effective as any could be." With one minor exception he added, the field of all civil and criminal effort in respect to restraints of interstate commerce is not enlarged under the new act, which is characterized as in many respects merely obligatory of existing law.

Press Want Advertising results.

SOUTH FORD RIVER NEWS.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Stitic on Monday morning. Mr. and Mrs. W. William called on Mrs. H. Wellman Sunday.

The Sunday school is doing fine. Mrs. Drisco and Julia Brickley of Escanaba were callers at Mrs. Eddie's Thursday.

Mrs. Theodore William is spending a few days at her home in Ford River. Mr. Frochet is carrying our mail for a few days, and we are getting it almost as soon as we are up.

Ed Peterson had a runaway and his shoulder was hurt and his rig broken up.

NOTICE.

The members of the J. C. are called upon to meet at their hall Saturday morning at 8 o'clock to attend the funeral of our late brother, George Brickley.

JOSEPH DELORIER,
President.

We Are Selling

14 in. Dry Softwood Slabs,
Per Double Load

\$2.75

16 in. Dry Hardwood Slabs,
Per Double Load

\$4.00

PROMPT DELIVERIES

PHONE YOUR ORDER TODAY

Stegath Mfg. Co.

TELEPHONE 384

The PETERSON

Sunday, Oct. 25

George McManus' Latest Success

"Bringing Up Father"

Easily the Greatest Musical Hit in Years

McManus' Famous Masterpiece
A Cast of Famous Entertainers
An Over-Night Success

First Floor The next \$1.00
Second Floor 50c, 50c and 75c

Second Hand Store!

We handle all kinds of second hand furniture including stoves. We Clean, Repair and Set Up Stoves. We Renovate and Repair Furniture.

At WEYCKER'S 404 SO. CHARLOTTE ST.

For Sale at a Sacrifice

one of the most desirable residences in Escanaba. Located at 900 Wells avenue. Interior beautifully finished. Equipped with all modern conveniences. MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE. Enquire at

900 Wells Avenue



"Bringing up Father" at the Peterson, Opera House, Sunday night, Oct. 25.

Winter Apples

Our car of Winter Apples will be here Saturday or Monday sure, if you have not placed your order we would like to have it now so we can deliver direct from car.

Suggestions For Friday

- BULK OYSTERS Solid meat, no water, per quart 50c
- SELECT OYSTERS In cans now per can at 55c
- NORWAY MACKEREL Fancy each 35c
- FRESH MACKEREL per can 25c
- BONELESS COD FISH Special per pound 20c

HANRAHAN BROS.

QUALITY GROCERS

Phones 148 and 149

609 Ludington Street

CASE YET BEFORE COURT

(Continued from page one) when the fire occurred. For several moments there was an awkward pause in the proceedings and after several hasty consultations with his client, Atty. Ryall arose and stated that the papers showing the deed of the property to Mr. Colburn were in the Register of Deeds' office and asked permission to secure such evidence to submit. As Atty. Ryall started to leave the court room Judge Plannigan said "perhaps the defense will not ask for such evidence now that they know that it is possessed" Atty. Ryall looked inquiringly at Atty. Watson who stolidly replied "We will look at the deed."

Accordingly the deed was produced and the jurors were recalled and the case proceeded, after which the court overruled the objection of the defense.

An hour and a half each was given for attorneys on both sides to make the final pleas to the jurors. Atty. Ryall argued for half an hour before the afternoon adjournment came.

Atty. Ryall, in his preliminary arguments urged that the jury take into consideration the fact that Mr. Colburn operated the mill at Cornell for his own and his family's livelihood. He deplored some of the testimony submitted by the witnesses for the defense and urged that the jury weigh the testimony offered by the plaintiff. He made jokes out of some of the vital defensive points and was brought to an abrupt conclusion by the adjournment of the court.

This morning attorneys for the defense will be given their time for argumental talks.

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(Continued from page one) that Germany is unusually successful in all three directions, that the eastern and as well as the western boundary is declared of the enemy, and that the

J. F. OLIVER

Estate

COAL

Phone 199

C. B. OLIVER, Manager

WHERE!...

with all the bravado and braggancia is the market which of his own accord and free will will give you such rock bottom prices as these. The Central Cash Market must first set the pace and when bad comes to worse some may follow us to within from two to five cents per pound of the prices we sell at

Pork Steak and roast	16c	Mutton shoulder	15c
Pork Loin and roast	17c	Mutton chops and leg	16c
Spare ribs	15c	Fancy sausages, 11c, 12c, 14c	15c
Salt Pork	12c	Corn beef, the kind you care to eat again, 10c, 13c and 15c	
Silver Leaf Lard still good		Good cold storage eggs, the only kind on the market now in case lots 26c, and by the dozen	27c
at	12c	Choice freshly made creamery butter	33c
Pine hams at	12c	Highest grade butterine	22c
Regular hams	18c	Next best butterine	20c
Steer beef, chopped	16c	Liver, as in the past	5c
Steer beef pot roast	15c		
Steer beef rib roast	16c		
Steer beef steak	17c		
Steer beef sirloin	18c		
Steer beef porterhouse	20c		
Mutton stew	5c		

Stand by those who made possible money worth prices in Escanaba! Stand by those who already have saved you thousands of dollars in a very short while! Stand by those who are in a position to further save you thousands of dollars in the future. To stand by the Central Cash Market is like standing by your pocket book and your very own self. The Central Cash Market, your bulwark against exorbitant prices always.

CENTRAL CASH MARKET

NEW BOOKS AT LIBRARY

The following new books will be placed on the shelves of the Public Library ready for circulation on Saturday morning:

- Price of Love, by Arnold Bennett.
- The Night-riders, by Ridgwell Cullum.
- Diane of the Green Van, by Leona Dalrymple.
- The Lights are Bright, by Louise Kennedy Mable.
- Our Mr. Wrenn, by Sinclair Lewis.
- The Woman in the Atove, by Jennette Lee.
- Refractory husbands, by Cutting.
- Prince of Graustark, by McCutcheon.
- Henry of Navarre, Ohio, by Holworthy Hall.
- How It Happened, by Kate Langley Bosher.
- Bedsman 4, by Mrs. Skrine.
- The Clarion, by Samuel Hopkins Adams.
- The Poet, by Meredith Nicholson.
- You Never Know Your Luck, by Gilbert Parker.
- A Knight on Wheels, by Ian Hay.
- The Battle Cry, by Charles Neville Buck.
- Clark's Field, by Robert Herrick.
- Gay Morning, by Mrs. J. E. Buckrose.
- Miss Billy—Married, by Eleanor H. Porter.
- Little Eve Edkerton, by Eleanor Hallowell Abbott.
- Sweepable Cove, by George Van Schaick.
- The Eyes of the World, by Harold Bell Wright.
- One Year of Pierrot, by the mother Pierrot.
- Witness for the Defense, by A. E. W. Mason.
- The Twenty-fourth of June, by Grace Richmond.
- Saturday's Child, by Kathleen Norris.
- History of Music, by Pratt.
- Story of Music, by Henderson.
- How Music Developed, by Henderson.
- Chopin and other Musical Essays, by Flinck.

PASSES CHECKS; IS ARRESTED

Tony Kortenni, arrested by Sheriff T. J. Curran on Wednesday afternoon, was yesterday arraigned before Justice Emil Glaser on the charge of disorderly conduct and was sentenced to 15 days in jail. Kortenni was arrested when he was found to be passing checks belonging to a man with a different name. When questioned at the jail in regard to where he had procured the checks the man stated "I found them."

SONS SUCCEED THEIR FATHERS AS RIVALS

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 22.—The most interesting college men at Yale this year are two sons of college presidents. The boys are rivals for highest scholarship honors, just as their fathers before them were rivals for one of the biggest honors in the college world. Morris Hadley, son of President Arthur T. Hadley of Yale, and George Vincent of the University of Minnesota, are today named in the honor roll for scholarship standing of the class of 1916. Although no official announcement can be secured, it is rumored that young Hadley leads his class. Young Vincent is a close rival, it is said.

VISITING PRIESTS RETURN TO HOMES

A large number of visiting priests from surrounding points of the peninsula and northern Wisconsin, who have been in the city to assist in the special Forty Hours Devotional services at St. Patrick's church, will leave for their respective charges today. The capacity of the church was taxed last evening when the special services were brought to a solemn close. The feature of the service, in addition to the sermon by Father Corcoran of Iron Mountain and the regular ceremonies, was the appearance of St. Patrick's Boys Brigade in uniform, as a guard honor in the Eucharistic procession.

PRESIDENT WILSON SIGNS WAR TAX BILL

(Special to the Press.) Washington, Oct. 22.—President Wilson signed the war tax bill at 5:50 this afternoon in the President's room at the capital.

CONGRESSMEN HOPE FOR ADJOURNMENT

Washington, Oct. 22.—After a conference with the president, Representative Underwood and Senator Simpson took up the proposal to reduce the Senate tax of \$1.75 on beer in the war revenue bill and restore the House tax on gasoline. Both leaders are hopeful of agreement and the adjournment of Congress Saturday.

DECORATING WORK IS GOING FORTH

Conrad Schmitt, of Conrad Schmitt Company decorators, of Milwaukee, was in the city yesterday overseeing the work on the new Delft theatre of this city. Mr. Schmitt stated to the Press yesterday that the staging in the new house would be down by the middle of next week and that the work of completing the side walls would occupy but several days time afterward.

HEADLIGHTERS SHOOT A COW FOR A DEER

Evidently mistaken for a deer and shot by headlighters, the body of a two year old steer, belonging to Rick Miron, was found in the pasture at the farm of Mr. Miron, near Chandler's spur yesterday morning. The animal was shot several nights ago and the loss was not discovered until the stench from the body attracted the notice of Mr. Miron. It is reported that headlighters have been working in that district in spite of the fact that deer hunting season does not open until Nov. 10 and in spite of the fact that headlighting is prohibited at all times of the year.

ROUSING MEETING WAS HELD AT HYDE

A rousing Republican meeting was held at Hyde last night when a large party of voters of that section gathered to greet the speakers and candidates. The principal addresses of the evening were delivered by Atty. Glenn W. Jackson, of Gladstone and Atty. H. J. Rushton, Republican candidate for prosecuting attorney. The different candidates for county offices were also present and made short talks to the voters soliciting their support at the polls on Nov. 3.

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MARQUETTE TO HAVE CENTRAL DELIVERY

Copied after the system now in use in Escanaba, merchants of Marquette have taken the first formal steps for the establishment of a central delivery system. The Mining Journal says:

A meeting of grocers and butchers will be held at the city hall Friday night for the purpose of organizing the Marquette Cooperative Delivery Association. Officers will be elected and articles of association adopted. W. S. Hill will be present to give advice on the legal aspects of the project.

After several months of deliberation the Marquette merchants have decided that a central delivery system, such as is now being operated in Escanaba, would be a profitable undertaking, and are prepared to put it into immediate operation. At a special meeting Thursday evening last a committee composed of Fred Pierce, Norman McLean, Frank LaBonte and E. A. Daley was appointed to call upon the tradesmen, and ascertain which ones are willing to enter into the association.

The committee interviewed twenty-one businessmen, and of this number only two refused to come in. They said they wanted further time to look into the plan. In all, there are about thirty Marquette merchants who have an extensive delivery service, and it is expected that eventually all of them will enter the association.

The purpose for which the organization is formed is stated as follows: "To foster and maintain among its stockholders a better social spirit, to eliminate distrust and to inspire confidence among them, to correct the many evils of trade abuses and wrongs which operate harmfully to the interest of the tradesmen and the consumer; to establish and maintain an intelligence bureau for the purpose of obtaining such knowledge as will permit a more efficient handling of business, and, further, to reduce the cost of buying and handling goods, thereby reducing the cost of necessities of life."

An idea of the immense saving which can be effected through the formation of a cooperative delivery can be obtained from statement of the fact that the cost of delivery service ultimately will be reduced at least 40 per cent, and the grocers and butchers will be able to make carload lot purchases of vegetables, fruits and other commodities, and thereby obtain lower prices than they are now paying. This will mean that consumers will be benefited.

The tradesmen who have entered into the agreement will turn their delivery equipment into the association, and in return therefor will receive stock in the association. It planned to rent quarters for the central station, and if suitable quarters cannot be rented, a building will be erected by the members of the association. Twice as many merchants have now signified their willingness to go ahead with the proposition as were necessary to put the central delivery on a sound basis in Escanaba. It is the prediction of the committee that ultimately ninety-five per cent. of the tradesmen of the city will enjoy the advantage of cooperative delivery.

FEW LOSES THIS SEASON

The present season of navigation has been marked by but few severe storms and marine losses for the season up to this time have been unusually light.

A question now being asked by marine men is, "if there should be another gale, such as swept the entire lake region last fall, would as many, if any, vessels be caught in it?" The anniversary of the big storm of November, 1912, is not far distant and the lake mariners are beginning to discuss its unprecedented fury and the heavy toll it took.

Its lessons have been generally applied, it is said. Not only are vessel masters observing the storm signals as they have not before in years, but they are lying to in port whenever a storm rages, or even threatens. No master has left the Escanaba harbor the last few weeks without first paying a visit to the United States weather bureau office, and studying the weather map carefully. This is an especially noticeable fact, as formerly the captains rarely called at the office unless storm warnings were displayed.

The toll of the storm last November forced home on the vesselmen the need of the utmost caution, particularly at this time of the year.

The United States Steel corporation, which carries nearly 50 per cent. of the ore forwarded from the Lake Superior district, will be practically through by the end of October, and will load only a few cleanup cargoes next month.

The company's barges are being placed in winter quarters as fast as they reach the lower lake ports, and the work of laying up steamers of the fleet will be started next week. The Edenborn, one of the corporation's steamers which makes regular trips into this port, has been ordered to Toledo for repairs, and will be the first of the steamers to be laid up.

Other freighters, including a number operated by shippers, will be sent to the docks before the end of October, and some will not go out again this season. A number of steamers that will go down the lakes later, if fair rates are paid on grain, but the outlook for that trade is not bright, Most cleaning up by Nov. 15.

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By depositing a fixed amount every week or month in this institution, you can make certain that you yourself are getting the benefit of your work and efforts.

\$1.00 will open an account drawing 3 per cent compound interest.

SMALL AS WELL AS LARGE ACCOUNTS INVITED

ROYAL
The Perils
of Pauline
Fifteenth Episode
OTHER FINE PICTURES

Ed. Zastrow was in the city yesterday on business. Mr. Zastrow delivered five head of cattle to a local butcher for which he received \$170.00.

Stock certainly in Cleveland. E. R. Bruckhardt of Bark River has returned to his home after spending a few days in the city.

The Seed of Success

is not in the wasteful man. "I don't dare trust a man who is not economical," said the president of a big enterprise. "The one thing I insist upon in a responsible executive under me is that he shall spend my money as carefully as if it were his own."

A savings account at the State Savings Bank has been a school of thrift and the foundation of business success for many Escanaba people.

STATE SAVINGS BANK
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN
United States Depository for Postal Savings Funds.
Depository for the State of Michigan.

Enlist a Regiment of Dollars ..

This bank has been the recruiting station for many a person who desired to command a regiment of dollars.

A Savings Account here is the means by which you can mobilize money and get it ready for active service.

The 3 per cent interest we pay will be an "aid" to you.

The First National Bank
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN
United States Depository
Capital \$100,000.00 Earned Surplus \$100,000.00
Oldest, Largest and Strongest Bank in Delta County