

# IRON PORT.

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## Marine.

An Erie Pa., special to the Buffalo Courier yesterday says; The United States government is making some experiments here with dredging machinery which are being watched with more than ordinary interest. The officer in charge at this port is furnished with a sand pump for dredging purposes, which is stationed upon the deck of a leased steamer, the Transfer. This has always been a hobby of Capt. F. A. Mahan, the engineer of this district. He had advocated for some time the theory that it was more expeditious and more economical to pump sand than to dredge it by the old process. Before securing all the machinery necessary for such work, the officials in charge have fitted up the leased boat for a test of the captain's plans.

The test thus far has been pronounced quite satisfactory. The pump has raised seventy-five cubic yards of sand an hour, an amount which is just about half the capacity of the machinery. The experiment of directing a jet of water upon the sand directly in front of the station pump demonstrated the fact that the quantity of sand elevated was greatly increased by that means. The engineer has ordered a Worthington pump which will throw a much more powerful stream, effecting the loosening of the sand in a corresponding degree. This will increase the capacity of the pump to about 100 yards per hour. The suction pump can be operated in weather when it would not be possible to operate a dredge of the old pattern.

With a capacity of 100 yards per hour the best performances of the old style machines is equaled, and its work can be maintained for a much longer period than the old machines, the amount of work done in the season will be correspondingly greater.

The Mary Groh found the wreck of the Wabash after three days' searching, and will pull it to pieces and recover the boilers, engine and cargo.

The Welland canal was made passable again August 1.

Dock laborers on the docks of the Anchor and Lehigh lines, at Chicago, are on strike again.

The owners of the Sheffield sue the owners of the North Star for \$179,791.45. The case is brought at Detroit and will be watched with great interest. The amount claimed is the largest for which suit has ever been brought upon the lakes.

The strike of the Chicago dock laborers was averted. The companies promise the advance in wages after Sept. 1 to the close of navigation.

The Caledonia and Northwest are both in bad shape.

The St. Lawrence, which was on the rocks at Grindstone Island, has been released and taken to Portsmouth for repairs.

A bell buoy, painted red, has been moored in forty-eight feet of water 300 feet from Lone Rock, in the Waubuno channel, Georgian bay, Ontario. The buoy is of the "Brown patent" pattern, and the bell is rung automatically by the action of the waves. In very smooth weather the bell may not sound. The buoy must be kept on the starboard hand in going up the bay to the northward, as there is good water on the west side of the rock, but on the east side it is shoal. This buoy replaces the red barrel buoy, the establishment of which was described in Notice to Mariners No. 13 of 1887.

## News of Interest.

—Mead's White Liniment! Try it!

—Wedding Cake, Ice Cream and all Bakers' and Confectioner's Goods at Young's.

—"Nothing like it when one is shaky" said one of Samaritan Nervine. Weston has it.

Lovely Pictures; those that Wilson is making on ground floor gallery 707 Ludington st.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. The Swift Specific Co., Drawer 3 Atlanta, Ga.

—Don't go for a cocktail, take a dose of Samaritan Nervine, that will brace you up, Preston has it.

—Mead's "Dr. Bissell's Magnetic Balm" is the Boss Pain Killer—a big bottle for only 25 cents at Mead's.

—Young's Ice Cream Parlors now open for the season. The best of Cream or Ices for Parties, on short notice.

—Mead's Compound Cough Syrup cures all diseases of the Throat and Lungs if taken in season. Price 50 cents.

—Try our Basswood Ceilings and Maple Flooring, Kiln dried and Sand-papered. W. L. & L. Co., Hermansville.

—Beef, Iron and Wine, Nutritive Tonic, especially valuable in cases of debility, in nutrition and cases of sudden exhaustion—pleasant to take and prompt in effect. Get it at Mead's.

The sample books of linen papers for typewriters and lawyers from the Stenographers' Headquarters, 26 Congress St., Detroit, are giving entire satisfaction—send for one.

—George Young, Baker and Confectioner, 603 Ludington street, offers everything in his line, of the best quality. Ice Cream and Fruits served in his Parlors or delivered anywhere in the city. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

## SAND.

BILLY HANN is putting a second story on his building.

LET US HAVE, certainly; but don't let's "go off at half-coast."

DR. TRACY is remodeling and enlarging his residence but is not living in the Presbyterian parsonage.

THE ELECTRIC lights were turned on last Sunday evening—the first time that Sunday evening has been lighted.

THE building next east of the postoffice, occupied by Semer & Lins, has been lifted "to grade," a matter of eighteen or twenty inches.

WE MUST, for the present, care for our own insane as best we can—the asylum at Traverse City is unable to receive them and we are so notified.

POSTMASTER Stephenson it will be after Thursday next, August 15. He buys the outfit now in use of the outgoing postmaster, Mr. Killian.

THE BODY of Miss Farrell was found in the deep water below the fall, on Saturday last and those of Misses McGillan and McCabe in the same place on the following day, Sunday.

COMRADE W. L. HILL, of the special staff of the department commander, works as hard to induce attendance at the Milwaukee encampment of the G. A. R. as his chief does to discourage it.

MAYOR STACK'S ironical suggestion that the city might stop short all work in hand and contracted for and put every dollar into paving Ludington street, was taken seriously by some persons present.

GROCERIES are low, at one end of Shipman's as a glance at his new sign will convince you. The sign is on the port side, just about the bends, and makes the old craft look as though she was by the head, badly.

THE SENECA, the new steamer of the Lehigh Valley line, commanded by Capt. McFarland, formerly in the Wilbur, went out Tuesday afternoon from Gladstone with 2,300 barrels of flour. She is a beauty, as well as carrier.

FROST last Monday morning, as we learn from friends in Escanaba, Baldwin and Masonville townships, cut down garden crops and potatoes in low lying spots but did not touch higher and dryer ground. "It did a good deal of damage," said Mr. Bissonette.

AN EXAMINATION of applicants for teacher's certificates was held by Secretary Power, of the board, and Principal Spoor on the 1st and 2d instant. About twenty applicants were present and four second grade and twelve third grade certificates were granted.

NO. 1 ore dock will be rebuilt during the coming winter, allee the same, notwithstanding assertions to the contrary—that is if the local managers are authority.—Calumet.

Our "authority" is Wm. R. Jinsley, superintendent of the Peninsula division: Who is yours, Mr. Calumet?

DIAMONDS have "ris". A "gem" of five karats, shown us by Mr. J. Bernstein last Saturday, was valued at \$2,000 and was therefore a trifle over our mark. Another, of seven karats, but straw colored, we could have for \$900 but did not take it; don't want anything that is "off color."

A TEACHERS' INSTITUTE will be held at the high school building in this city commencing on the morning of the 19th and continuing one week. It will be conducted by Prof. W. G. Ferris, of the Big Rapids Industrial school, and will be more than usually interesting and beneficial.

REV. MR. FRENCH, rector of St. Stephen's, expects to be called to another field of labor, soon. The decision rests, however, with the bishop and will not be made until his visit here, some two weeks hence. The congregation will regret the loss of Mr. French's ministrations should he be relieved.

DON'T QUITE catch on to the mental processes of the men who think he thinks that "Gladstone would be better off without the Soo road." But for that road there would have been no Gladstone, only Saunders' Point, with Richard Mason's summer camp on the north side and "old man Young's place" on the south.

CHARLES P. SMITH has purchased the sawmill, heretofore located at Fayette, of the Jackson Iron Co. and will remove it to a position on the shore of the little bay nearly opposite our city and put it in commission as soon as practicable. He and his neighbors have some work for it and others will, no doubt find, the mill a convenience. Charlie is a "rustler," as this enterprise shows, and we wish him all the work he can do.

A JOLLY camping party has spent the week, or a good portion of it, at Hunter's Point camp. Mrs. J. G. Walters and her son, Mrs. Ed. Erickson, Mrs. J. A. Anthony, Mrs. Ole Erickson and daughter, Mrs. Geo. Shipman, Mr. H. McFall, Miss Lizze Corbett and Master Bert Hatton are of the party, but we do not know that these are all—our census is two days old and the population may have doubled or tripled in that time. All are welcome—there's fun enough lying round ready for development for any number.

KNOTS OF MEN with their heads together and their hands engaged in more or less vigorous gesticulation, at this and that sunny front or shaded corner of Ludington street east, during the early days of this week and the later ones of the week preceding, gave notice to the observer that there was "a hen on," and the egg was presented to the city council Tuesday evening. It took the form of a petition for the paving of Ludington street with "Nicholson." The council talked the matter over informally and listened to representatives of the petitioners and referred the petition to a special committee consisting of aldermen Rathfon, Moe, Sullivan, Embs and Stonehouse for investigation and report. We hardly think the committee will recommend the expenditure of any money in that direction at present for the very good reason that the city has none available nor any means of procuring it without an appeal to the people, for authority either to tax or borrow and the time is too short for that.

There is no difference of opinion as to the need of a better roadway on our principal business streets (Charlotte as well as Ludington, and others) but the matter is one of too much importance to be rushed, hap-hazard, and without due consideration, and we hope (and believe) that the council will refuse to be driven by the sudden demand into any ill-considered measures. Let the questions be fully examined—what kind of pavement we want, how much the cost will be, how the cost shall be divided between the city and the property abutting on streets to be paved, the interferences likely to take place between paving and sewerage (so as to decide on precedence in time), and every other point that may come up with reference to the work. Then embody the conclusions arrived at in a paving ordinance under which regular proceedings may be initiated for the paving of any street or portion of a street upon an understood plan in a manner agreed upon. Meanwhile measures can be taken to raise the necessary funds by authorized methods.

We do not propose the work as a means to boom the real estate market; we want the pavement for our own convenience and benefit and having got along without it to this time, can well afford to undertake it with deliberation, not haste.

SUPERVISORS Gunton, Perry and Wilson, constituting the committee appointed for the purpose at the last session of the county board, have been in town this week engaged in investigating the management of the County hospital and devising ways and means for reducing the burden of the tax-payers of the county without impairing the efficiency (of the county hospital) and a method of distributing the inevitable burden equitably. The committee is an able one, has been very thorough in the discharge of its duty and will submit to the board at its next session a report and recommendations. This report is, of course, inaccessible to us until it shall have been presented to the board but from conversations with members of the committee we venture to predict that it will endorse as judicious the management of the hospital, but will recommend measures of economy in its administration, measures for extending its usefulness and increasing its income from sources outside taxation, and a distribution of the charge for the treatment of indigent persons to the townships and municipalities to which they belong, leaving the county subject to the charges for such only as have no domicile in township or municipality. What the measures of economy may be we have no hint; the measure for increase of income can hardly be other than the sale of tickets on as favorable terms as those offered by private hospitals in the vicinity and an active canvass for such sales; and the proposal to distribute the burden of pauperism strikes us as just, though it will shift quite a burden from the county to the city treasury.

FIRE on the mountain and a dry, hot wind from the north did immense damage to property at and near Santa Barbara, Cal., Saturday July 27. Our friend Hiller was touched. We find the following in the issue of the Independent of Monday, July 29.

Adjoining the Kimberly and Mesick ranches is one of 500 acres called the Loma Ranch. It is owned by Mr. J. N. Hiller a wellknown capitalist of this city. A heavy growth of oaks and other trees was on this ranch, also a fifteen acre vineyard and an orange orchard. There were fully 60 cords of wood cut and piled, a quantity of hay, 13 horses, 5 buildings, tools, farm implements, wagons, etc. To-day the oaks are gone, with the houses and vineyards and not over two acres escaped being run over by the fire. Messrs. Keppen and Silva had leased the ranch and they escaped with only the clothes on their back. They are both young men and have lost their all. It is very hard. Mr. Hiller says: "\$10,000 in gold would not replace my loss."

Touch his orange trees and they feel as if just from the oven, the leaves crumble and fall and their trunks are withered and scorched. On the Hiller ranch enormous numbers of squirrels, snakes, rabbits and foxes are found rosted.

CHARITY and black-mail do not work well together and the person who has this week tried to make the latter supplement the former has by so doing shown herself in her true colors and destroyed or largely abated the sympathy of the public. It was a foolish—a very foolish break.

THE Calumet came out Tuesday enlarged.

THE COCHRANE works received an invoice of bar iron and steel by the Annie Young Thursday.

A MAN with a jack screw is outfitted for business, just now, and sure of a job. Wallace must hoist his establishment a couple of feet and is waiting his chance at the jacks.

MR. STEPHENSON'S commission as postmaster was received last Saturday and he has arranged with Mr. Semer for the location before mentioned, on Harrison street one door north of Ludington, which Mr. S. will make all haste to prepare. It ought to be ready by the first of October.

DIED, at her home at Metropolitan, on Friday, August 2, after a long and painful illness, Doris, wife of Wm. Michael, at the age of forty-one years. Funeral services were held here on Saturday, Rev. H. W. Thompson officiating, and her body was laid in Lakeview cemetery.

In behalf of myself and family I desire to return sincerest thanks to my neighbors, one and all, for the aid rendered us during the last illness of my wife.

WM. MICHAEL.

METROPOLITAN, August 5, 1889.

ONE OF THE ore docks at Escanaba is to be torn down this winter. A gentleman who has been watching the ore business of the Northwestern railroad for many years, says that it is undoubtedly the intention of the company to rebuild at Gladstone. It is very possible that one by one the ore docks will be brought hither as this is so much more eligible a point for the iron business. If this gentleman be not mistaken a revolution is to be worked in the ore shipping business of Bay de Noc.—Delta, Gladstone.

When we suggested, two or three weeks ago that Gladstone take an ore dock or two, as well as the courthouse, we hardly expected the Delta to take it, seriously but it appears that it did.

THE "Escanaba Marble and Granite Co." (composed of John P. Symons and Tom Carder, Jr.) will be ready to fill orders for work in their line, either monumental or structural, at their place on Wells avenue, second door east of Charlotte St., as soon as the material, now en route from the quarries in Vermont, arrives, say in ten days from this date. We rejoice in the establishment of the industry in our city and urge upon our friends the support thereof. We buy a good deal of monumental stone every year and have heretofore gone abroad for it; now that our own boys offer to supply us give them a chance to do so, and don't be niggardly about prices, either.

THAT "pious streak" faded out of the Marquette ball management and a game was played last Sunday. Our boys got home again, not having been (as we feared they might be) compelled to give bail to answer for violation of the Sunday law, but they left their scalps to dry in the smoke of the Marquette lodge—the score was "agin'em" by 13 to 7. We might go into any amount of explanation but it would not alter the result, the Escanaba nine was beaten because it did not play as good ball as its opponents or as it usually plays—as good a game as it played against the Chicago club would have had the same result as that did. Perhaps it can only play that kind of ball on its own ground—we shall see how the game comes out to-morrow, when the Marquette club plays here, and form an opinion on that point. This is Marquette's week, at all events, and how the M. J. will crow.

Since writing the foregoing the M. J. is received. It does not forgo its opportunity—wants contrasting pictures of the editor of the IRON PORT, "before" and "after," which we do not furnish only because we can suggest a substitute. It may get the result it wants by adding to the mental picture it has, a black eye (not otherwise altering it) and it will answer, at least until to-morrow.

AN HOUR at Gladstone last Saturday was spent (in the man we went to see being out of town) in looking over the new hotel and the work done (and in hand) by Mr. Collum. The hotel will be when completed a very pleasant house; is large enough for the present needs of the place, having seventy rooms, all told, besides the basement, and should be a good investment—i. e., at any rate, a much needed addition to the place. We only wonder that the company did not use brick rather than wood for the superstructure—the foundation walls would have supported it handsomely. As to the improvements made by Mr. Collum; the wharf, the street thence to Delta avenue, the made land and the railway approach to the wharf; one can but wonder how the investor expects to recoup himself. The work is of the best—we do not know of a better bit of wood paving anywhere than Central avenue from his wharf to Delta avenue, yet there is not a building on it except one at the intersection of Minnesota avenue, and but two points at which excavation for buildings was going on. It is fair to believe, however, that Mr. C. has a pretty clear idea of what he is about—he looks like that kind of a man—though he says nothing. He proposes a park and a big hotel on his property in addition to the work now under way. The hotel will hardly be opened to travel (we're speaking of the "Wilbur" now) before next season. Two months' work will be necessary to get it ready and then the season is over.

THE WRECK of the E. Corning, a month ago, was said at the time to have been caused by touching the Gravelly Gull island but the owners of the Roumania, in tow of which steamer the Corning was, did not think so and, at their instance, the passage north of that island was searched by Capt. Bartley, of the Towing & Wrecking Co. which search, resulted in the discovery of two hitherto unknown (or unmarked and unacknowledged) shoals, upon the southernmost of which it is altogether probable that the Corning struck, instead of Gravelly Gull. This shoal, a ragged, rocky one, lies north of the center of that island and distant, say three fourths of a mile and has barely fourteen feet of water upon it now. The second is, approximately, two and a half miles north, is of the same character and of larger extent, and there is upon it now fourteen and one-half feet of water. Each was marked by a stake, placed by the T. & W. Co., last Thursday. There is a deep water channel between the southernmost shoal and the island, but the passage is narrow and safety lies to the northward of the shoal. We subjoin Capt. Bartley's memorandum of bearings and distances.

From the southerly shoal Poverty light is east by south half south; the center of Gravelly Gull south half east, and the west end of St. Martin's southwest half west. Distance from Gravelly Gull three fourths of a mile.

From the northerly of the shoals Poverty light bears south east, the east end of St. Martin's south by west three quarters west, and the west end of St. Martin's south west. Distance north of the other shoal one and three-fourth miles. Red and black stake buoy on the north shoal in 18 feet of water; least water on the shoal 14 1/2 feet.

Black stake buoy on the south shoal in 18 feet of water; least water on shoal 14 feet. Give buoy fair berth. Not safe to go inside it. Distance from Gravelly Gull three-fourths of a mile. Bearings are by the compass of the tug Monarch, which is believed to vary not more than one-fourth point.

"THE CITY TREASURY is in danger and every honest taxpayer of Gladstone is entreated to meet in the lower floor of the Delta Building this, Thursday, evening at seven sharp, or a minute before, to choose a citizens committee to look after the city interests."

The above was the wording of "a dodger" distributed at Gladstone on Thursday, and the answer to our question, addressed to a citizen, as to wherein lay the danger was this: The treasurer is a non-resident his bondsman (for \$25,000) is J. F. Collom; the committee which made the last so-called settlement with the treasurer did not count the money; nobody except the treasurer knows whether or no the city funds are intact or have been squandered; we have now no security at any rate; we impeach no one, but we want to know that our money has not been lost and to take care that it shall not be, and intend both to know and to do, p. d. q.

The meeting held in pursuance of the call was largely attended and was practically unanimous in a demand that the council declare the office of treasurer vacant and take steps to obtain possession of the city funds, and proceedings to fill the vacant office at once; which demands the meeting conveyed to the council by going in a body to present them. The council being advised that the treasurer would be at Gladstone on the next day, Friday, laid the matter on the table for twenty-four hours. Our informant, who was present at the meeting, says that Gladstone tax-payers are practically solid in support of the demands made by the meeting.

THE FLEET trading to this bay through the Door and Poverty Island passage will (in time and at the cost of many a good ship) find and mark all the shoals and dangers hidden beneath the waters but the U. S. should not permit it to do so. Drisko's reef was only put upon the charts and buoyed after the schooner Our Son had been fast upon it and its bearings had been given by the captain of the tug Welcome, and the wreck of the Corning serves to bring out the fact that two dangerous shoals exist in Poverty passage which the lighthouse board will now proceed to chart and, by and by, to mark. It should be ordered to re-survey, carefully, the north end of Lake Michigan and its adjacent waters, and to light and buoy it effectually. See to it please, Messrs. Congressmen and Senators of Michigan, Wisconsin and the northwest.

SHAREHOLDERS of the Cochrane R. M. Co. are invited to visit the works on Monday next, at any time between 7 a. m. and 6 p. m., and see the first train of grinding rolls made at the works in operation. It can be seen for that day only as it is to be sent at once to Minneapolis to be exhibited there, during the exposition. This invitation is extended to shareholders only. Mr. Fuller has made good his promise as to the first mill and others will follow rapidly—the demand will be stimulated by the exhibition at Minneapolis and we hope the orders will come fast enough to fill the big house with men and keep them all "a-hustling."

THE TRIMMERS' WAR takes on another phase. Warrants were issued yesterday and George Albright and the wounded man, McGuire, arrested on charge of assault with weapons.

BORN, in this city on Friday, August 9, to M. K. Bissell and wife, a son, and if Murray is not the happiest man and Mrs. B. the proudest woman in town they don't deserve their blessing.

PATRICK CLEARY has bought the horse, dray and good will of "Bobby" Burns and is good for any amount of service in that line. Burns goes, we are told, to Gladstone to "kick barrels" in the flour house.

WARRANTS were issued, on the complaint of the superintendents of the poor, against Dick Dodge and Chet Perry for vagrancy and neglect to provide for their families and each will no doubt get ninety days—all the statute allows.

AN ELECTRIC light plant is talked of. English & Ten Eyck get the contract for the stone and brick work and plastering of the new schoolhouse and Hancock does the carpenter work. Soo brick will be used. The five ton load—the water works pump—hauling over the Delta avenue pavement did not injure it in the least.—Express, Gladstone.

"BUT, if the Northern should go to Escanaba, we can't see how that could work any injury to Gladstone," says the Express, "this city is bound to grow if the M. & N. never was." That is the proper frame of mind. We commend the serenity of the Express to the gentlemen who are offering to bet. They'd feel a great deal more comfortable.

HENRY CADIEUX, employed on the gravel dock, on Wednesday afternoon missed his little son, four years old, who had just previously been playing about the dock, and left his work to look for him, finding his body in the water under the old dock between Winegar's warehouse and the basin. It was at once recovered and taken home (the house just across the street) and adsummed but all efforts to resuscitate it failed. The little chap, tiring of his play, had evidently started for home and fallen through the rotten old dock.

THURSDAY was hardly picnic weather, rain falling steadily all the morning, but our German friends managed to enjoy themselves fairly well in spite of Jupiter Pluvius and at one p. m., the downtown having ceased, formed column and marched, to music by Prof. Bice's band, to Eden Park and finished the day out of doors. There were but few present from the neighboring cities but we noted Messrs. John Thoney and George Grieneger, of Marquette; Casper Schulte and Wm. Braun (and another whose name we did not get), from Houghton, and C. A. Forzman, L. L. Miller and Richard Kappes, of Negaunee. Of course our own Germania was out in full force.

MR. COLLOM, whose works of improvement and development at Gladstone have been frequently commented on in our columns is, we are sorry to hear, "at the end of his (financial) rope" and his property out of his hands. He has transferred by deed to Wm. B. Anderson, of Hennepin county, Minnesota, the "South Shore" and "Central avenue" additions to Gladstone, lots 1 and 2 of sec. 16, 40-22, and the east 1/2 of southeast 1/4 of sec. 20, 40 22, and it is said to be "in the hole" to the extent of half a million, which latter, we have no doubt, is a gross exaggeration. As usual, when a venturesome man comes to grief in his ventures, there is a world of ill-natured gossip concerning him which we do not care to repeat and in which we take no stock. Mr. Collom has, in vulgar parlance, "bitten off more than he could chew," no more. As to the effect of his failure upon the city, it will be but temporary; his work is there and what he has done is good work. His plans may not (probably will not at once) be carried out, as to park, hotel and cottages, but the wharf and the paved street are ready for use and will be used, and his successor in the ownership must, for his own sake, carry out Mr. C's plans with regard thereto or substitute his own looking to the same end, the realization of money therefrom. Mr. Anderson was in our city and placed the deed referred to on file for record on Thursday.

After the foregoing was in type it became known that Mr. Collom was not merely one whose zeal had out run his discretion, but was also a criminal; that he had raised large sums, amounting to \$300,000 or more, upon forged paper, the forgeries being chiefly of the name of John S. Blaisdell. His transfer of the Gladstone property and the backing of his friends have, it is said, secured him immunity from prosecution.

There is something of a scramble by local creditors to secure their claims, attachments having been placed upon whatever there is a hope of holding. We hear estimates of claims amounting to about \$10,000 held by Hanson, for piling, Starke, for dredging, L. M. Davis and others for labor, and the Soo Railway Co., Mason & Davis and others for materials furnished. Gladstone folks, not disposed to deny that theiasco is a blow, are not a whit discouraged; "might have expected something of the sort," say they, "Collom was crazy"—and we believe it; a sane man would have known that detection and exposure was inevitable.

## Lost.

A silk umbrella with a gold head and an old English "W" on head. Leave it with W. F. Walker, Jeweler, and receive reward.

## Take Notice.

The furniture, trade and good will of a first-class two-chair barber shop is for sale—\$300 cash takes it right away—a post, box 109, Escanaba, Michigan.

SHOES OF HUMAN SKIN.

A Chicago Shoe-Maker Makes Them to Order.

An Interesting Reporter Is Measured for a Pair and Has an Interesting Conversation with the Dealer in Human Leather.

It has been whirled around that Mr. William Gee could not make shoes that were more reliable than any to be had in Chicago, and Mr. Gee when approached admitted that it was so.

"They'll never crack on the sides, and they'll never wear out. They are most elastic and shape themselves to the feet so that there can be no possible trouble from soles."

"I believe I'll get a pair," said the reporter. "That's right," said Mr. Gee. "You'll never regret it. They'll wear you forever and will fit like moccasins. One doctor I know has a pair of slippers that he has worn seven years, and they're good for another seven. I haven't much left, but I have the skin of one white woman here. I suppose you'd rather have that than a negro's skin."

It was somewhat startling, and if the reporter had not had a warning as to what to expect he would probably have been flurried. Mr. William Gee sells shoes made from the skin of human beings.

He has done it quietly for some time, and is now making a pair of low shoes from the skin taken, according to his own story, from the leg of a woman. Of course Mr. Gee does not advertise the fact that he makes shoes from human skin, but some of his patrons have been told that they could have some of these "extremely durable shoes" if desired.

These facts were in possession of a Chicago Tribune man, so he promptly replied that he preferred the skin of a white woman. Mr. Gee took a parcel of yellow leather from a case and said:

"Here it is. It is the last white woman's I have. It is pretty hard to get it now."

"Why?" asked the reporter as he felt of the leather. "Well, it's hard to get it tanned," replied Mr. Gee. "We used to send it out as pig-skin, but before tanning it is too easily distinguished, and tanners are superstitious. I can get the skins easier than I can get them tanned."

"How do you get the skins?" "I know a man who used to be a medical student and he supplies them to me. He's a practicing physician now."

A question as to who the medical man was seemed to make Mr. Gee suspicious and the matter was dropped for a moment while the reporter's foot was being measured.

"What are the peculiar advantages of human skin?" ventured the reporter after awhile. "It never wears out," replied Mr. Gee, "and it never cracks. It is the most durable of any leather. You can wear it for years. It stretches well, too, and is a most comfortable shoe."

"Do you make many?" "No. I haven't had much to do lately. You see it isn't generally known, and then I find it hard to get the skins tanned now."

"Where are they tanned?" "Mr. Gee evaded the question. Several hours later the Tribune man called again and suggested that the skin was not human skin at all, but that deceit had been attempted. On this call a young woman was working at a machine near the front of the store. Her material was apparently from the same piece of leather that the reporter had seen earlier in the day.

"If any one wants to bet that this is not human skin," said Mr. Gee, "tell me what the amount is and I will put it up and furnish the proof. I can prove it by the doctor who got it for me and by the tanners."

He declined, however, to give the names of either "unless there is something to be gained by it, you know."

"I would like to know, though," said the reporter, "if that is surely from a human body?"

The girl at the machine made some sort of an exclamation, and Mr. Gee remarked: "She hates to 'wor' on it."

Then he brought out the skin that he had shown in the morning, unrolled it, and laid it along his body. There had been two pieces cut out.

"You see," he said, as he smoothed it out, "it is a portion of a woman's skin. It runs from the neck nearly to the ankle. One of your shoes"—and he showed the piece—"was cut from the breast, and the other"—another illustration—"from the leg."

In both places leather had been cut out to all appearances for a shoe, and the piece he exhibited had every indication of having been originally fitted to that portion of the anatomy he described. To make the matter doubly sure he brought out another piece of skin.

"This is a negro's," he said. "It's taken from his side just under the arm. You can see how thin it is under the arm, and how it gets thicker further down." The matter was demonstrated as he went along.

Going out the reporter asked the girl at the machine how she liked working on leather made from human skin.

"I don't like it," she said, "but then there is no reason to complain now. It doesn't smell."

"Did it at first?" "Did it?" Her nose went up. "When the sachel first came here—"

"The skin came in a sachel, then?" "Yes."

"It wasn't tanned?" "No."

"I have it all tanned myself," said Mr. Gee. "The skin is brought to me and then I have it tanned. That's my greatest trouble."

Recognized by His Legs. When the Bishop of Edinburgh was in this country he visited Bishop Williams, of Connecticut, at Middletown. Habituated in the English Episcopal costume of knee breeches and black silk stockings, he alighted from the train and was at once accosted by Bishop Williams, although the two men had never met each other before.

"Tell me," asked Bishop Williams after the first greetings, "how did you know me?" "O, by your face," replied his Lordship of Edinburgh. "I have one of your photographs, you know. But tell me in return how you know me?" "O, by your legs," replied Dr. Williams, glancing with an amused smile at the well-turned calves of his guest.

JILTED BY STEWART.

A Pretty Irish Girl Who Was the Millionaire's First Sweetheart.

Near Lakeview cemetery is an old burying ground formerly used by the people residing in Euclid and surrounding villages, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. Among other lots is one containing three green mounds, carefully kept and planted, over each of which is a modest slab of white marble. On one is set the name of William Morrow, on another that of David Morrow, and on the third that of Abbie Morrow. An old resident of the locality said of the family: "I knew the Morrrows well. William and David were brothers, and Abbie, their sister, kept house for them. They were nice quiet people, although somewhat peculiar. The sister was never known to smile, and no wonder, for she died of a broken heart."

The Morrrows lived near Belfast, Ireland, on a farm they called "The Knock." They were in comfortable circumstances, had been well educated, and were Presbyterians in faith. Near by them in Ireland lived the father of the late A. T. Stewart. The two families were intimate and the children grew up together. Young A. T. Stewart and Abbie Morrow were childlike lovers, although Stewart was several years her senior.

When a lad Stewart, as is well known, left Ireland and made his way to New York to better his fortune. He corresponded regularly with his little sweetheart across the waters, and it was understood that when he had prospered he was to go back to Ireland and marry the lass he had left behind. Years rolled by and death came. First it took away Abbie's father, and a few months later the mother, unable to bear her grief, followed her husband. The children retained the farm and prospered fairly. Stewart's father was dead and his old mother lived on her little place and strained her eyes hopefully toward America. Finally she died and Stewart went to Ireland to settle the estate.

While there he renewed his engagement with Abbie Morrow and spoke so well of the United States that William and David Morrow were induced to sell their farm, and with Abbie, came with their former friend to New York. Stewart realized about \$200 from his mother's estate, which he invested in Irish linens and lace. These he had shipped to New York, and they formed the foundation of the great establishment that afterward bore his name.

The Morrrows had friends in Northern Ohio and so they came to Cleveland. They purchased a farm in East Cleveland township, built a comfortable house, and were soon known as substantial citizens. This was nearly thirty years ago. They seldom visited the village of Cleveland unless it was to purchase supplies or dispose of produce.

A few months after they came to Ohio A. T. Stewart paid them a visit. He was cordially welcomed as the fiancée of the sister, remained a few days and returned to New York. That was the last Abbie Morrow ever saw of him. He was doing well in New York and was rapidly making a fortune. His letters became brief and less frequent, and finally ceased altogether. Finally the news of his marriage reached the brothers. They kept it from their sister as long as they could, but were at last compelled to tell her of her lover's inconstancy. She was too high-spirited to peddle her grief among her acquaintances and kept about her household duties in a quiet manner for thirty years. Then they laid her away on a hillside in the center of the farm. Afterward her remains were taken up and interred here. Every year during her life Stewart sent her a silk dress, but she never wore any of them. As fast as she received them they were laid away untouched, and when she died the brothers returned them all to the donor. She received many offers of marriage, but never again put her trust in man.

A WOMAN'S COURAGE.

How She Disposed of a Mad Dog Under Trying Circumstances.

There are very few men who can rise superior to the terrible fear excited by the appearance of a mad dog, says the Pittsburgh Dispatch. A doctor whose name is one of the best known in Pittsburgh told me the other day of an experience that he had a good many years ago.

"There had been many reports of mad dogs in the village in which I then lived, and there was a certainty that at least one of the reports was true. It was blazing hot weather. Late one night, or rather early one morning, I was called by a barefooted boy to hurry as fast as possible to the bedside of his brother, who lay sick with typhoid fever in a sort of shanty cottage on the river bank a couple of miles away.

"I got on my horse and rode rapidly over the quiet road. There was a little moonlight. The sky was cloudy and the moon would be covered and disclosed again every minute. The silence was a little trying, and I was glad when the low roof of the shanty for which I was bound came in sight. But as it did so my horse swerved so violently that I was almost thrown from the saddle. Every hair on my head immediately stood on end. My horse had shied at a large dog which crossed the road running at full speed and dragging after it a long iron chain. I knew at once that the dog was mad. It had broken loose evidently from some house, and I thought that it looked like a dog I had seen at the shanty to which I was going.

"I spurred my horse to a gallop and a minute later sprang down at the door of the shanty, where the sick boy's mother stood ready to receive me. I was nearly out of breath, but I managed to say, as I hurried her inside the house: 'There's a mad dog about; you'd better shut the door.'

"As she tried to swing the door to there was a clanking sound and the dog my horse had shied at rushed through the doorway and into the room. It's a tough story to tell on one's self, but the truth is that when I heard the clink-clank of the mad dog's chain I jumped on the table in the middle of the room. The sick boy lay upon a mattress spread upon the floor just by the threshold. The dog stood within a yard of me for a minute glaring about him. There was froth on his muzzle and dust all over him. To my surprise he lay quietly down on the mattress beside the sick boy. The woman had remained standing with her hand on the door-latch. She was dazed for a moment, but only for a moment. Suddenly she took two strides to the bed on the floor, caught up the iron dog-chain, and then, with a force that seemed superhuman, whirled the beast in the air and slung it as if it were a pebble through the open window. Her strength was sufficient and her aim was good, for there was a rattling of the chain for a second or two and then a prodigious splash told that the dog was in the Ohio, which flowed rapid and deep at this point but a few yards from the house.

"I shall never forget how ashamed I was as I got down from the table and looked that plucky woman in the face. Nor does my memory fail on other points about that night's adventure—the gallop home and the haunting clank of the mad dog's chain. I never saw that dog again, but he was not drowned. Some one shot it next day on the road."

WORKS AND WORKERS.

COLONIAL PORTERS IN SAN FRANCISCO REPORT.

I saw in Venice the most skilled laborers in Europe, and the highest wages they were receiving was 50 cents a day, without board. I saw in Austria and in other parts of Europe girls from eighteen to twenty years of age carrying heavier loads of mortar than our American hod-carriers do, and these girls carried these loads to the top of four-story buildings. All that they got for their hard work was 25 cents a day, without board or lodging. I saw women cleaning streets, chopping wood and carrying coal around, working as hard as the common laborer.

ENGLAND has a coal canal sixteen miles long, between Worsley and St. Helens, which is underground from end to end. The men lie on the coal and propel with their feet against the roof.

BLANTYRE, of all the nations, has the greatest density of population, the largest diversity of occupation, the most uniform distribution of wealth, and the minimum of pauperism.

LONDON Iron says that most of us not yet fifty years of age have probably lived in the most important and intellectually progressive period of human history.

TWO BILLION dollars are invested in dairying, more than the value of the country's banking and commercial interests combined.

NEW YORK claims the biggest girders. They measure sixty-two feet in length and weigh 40,000 pounds each.

BERLIN has a street with three rows of electric lights, one in the middle. Traces also form a line in the street.

WORLD'S coal production in 1888: 430,000,000 tons; United States, 130,000,000; Pennsylvania, 71,000,000.

NEW HAVEN (Conn.) plumbers now work eight hours three months and nine hours nine months.

HARTFORD, Conn., has the biggest fire-engine, being twice the ordinary size, and self-propelling.

SACCHARINE, three hundred times sweeter than sugar, is taking the latter's place in Germany.

NEW YORK paint manufacturers talk of running a white lead plant to oppose the trust.

MASSACHUSETTS now claims to make soft steel equal to the famous German article.

THE 15,000 K. of L. plumbers and gas-fitters talk of forming a separate union.

NEW HAMPSHIRE country shoe-workers report less hours and better wages.

THEY say the world's 1,400,000,000 people could stand in ten miles square.

LONDON parks, alleys and streets are crowded nightly with the homeless.

THE California law fixing the limit of land ownership is constitutional.

WOMEN and children are not allowed to work over ten hours in California.

A FUEL called petrole is made from asphalt compressed with coal-dust.

KENTUCKY raises 300,000,000 pounds of tobacco, half of our production.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., is now a union shoe town, and 1,300 people rejoice.

A SAN FRANCISCO cable company has raised wages to \$2.50 a day.

TWENTY-TWO States cast a smaller vote each than New York City.

TACOMA (W. T.) hod-carriers are out for \$3.50; mortar men for \$3.

COUNTRY buyers help to keep back the half holiday in Toronto.

NEW YORK Italians will build a monument to Columbus.

WE have 250,000 Indians, 21,500 of whom live in houses.

BALTIMORE has an order for brick from California.

BUFFALO has fifty-one miles of asphalt pavement.

THE Chicago brick-makers work eight hours.

FROM DISTANT DOMAINS.

LONDON consumes 10,000 tons of ice daily during its very brief hot season.

THERE are over 300,000 more widows than widowers in England. In France for every 100 widowers there are 124 widows.

THE Russian Government proposes to take steps for rendering the rivers of Siberia navigable and connecting them by canals.

BUFFALO BILL, Amelle Rives-Chandler, Belya Ann Lockwood and Whitelaw Reid formed an interesting group at a recent reception in Paris.

THE Maharajah of Jadhpora has ordered two of his Ministers to discuss with an assembly of notables the advisability of abolishing polygamy.

AN English journal tells of a couple of small hand screens painted by Corot, which sold in Paris the other day for £140. Corot disposed of them for £4.

WHEN the Shah of Persia was quartered at Buckingham Palace sixteen years ago it took \$10,000 to clean and redecorate the apartments that had been occupied by him and his entourage.

SOME of the brick houses erected in England 200 years ago are so cemented together that the walls have to be blown down with gunpowder when the site is wanted for something modern.

THE duck is to China what the codfish is to the rest of the world. They eat duck raw, cooked, boiled, fried, baked and every other way, and they worry over the duck crop the same as we do over wheat.

A NEW restaurant in London is to be run so as to furnish travelers of every nation with their accustomed food. Yankées will be served with canvas-back duck, terrapin, clams, American oysters, green corn and other products of the country in season.

THE novelty of a horse-car line from Cairo to the Pyramids is likely to become a completed fact before long. The money to be paid for the Government concession has been actually handed over to the official concerned, and preliminary operations have already commenced.

IN a village in New England the following superstitious belief is prevalent: During service in the church, if the church clock strikes while a hymn is being sung, the belief is that some parishioner will die within the week. So strong is this belief that the striking mechanism of the clock is always stopped during services in which hymns are sung.

THE site of the Palace of the Tuilleries was thrown open recently as a public garden. There is no longer a vestige of the old building visible. All the inclosures, both on the sides of the Palace du Carrousel and towards the Champs Elysees, have been taken down, so that, standing where the Tuilleries once fronted, one can look through to the interior facade of the Louvre.

A LARGE emigration from Scotland is now going to Chili, and the newly arrived write home most enthusiastic accounts of the country and of the chances for securing an easy livelihood there. At first it was only mechanics, skilled and common, who went, but now it is the farming class also. There is a regular Chilean emigrants' correspondence department in some of the Scotch weekly papers.

FACTS FOR FRUIT GROWERS.

IT will pay to shake off a large proportion of the fruit from trees that are overloaded.

THE codling moth does not lay its eggs till the blossoms fall, and the spraying should not be done till the fruit is the size of small peas.

GRASS growing around peach trees will do the trees more injury than any other source of damage. The peach orchard requires thorough cultivation.

THE strawberry patch should be given a thorough cleaning of grass and weeds so as to allow the old plants to throw out runners and to give the runners a chance to root.

DO NOT allow the young tree to bear fruit the first and second years. The production of fruit will be at the expense of growth. The peach will often bear the second year after planting. If kept back in that respect it will be in better condition for fruiting the next season.

THE largest branch starts from a bud, which a slight movement of the fingers would have broken off. By going over young trees and rubbing off buds that appear where branches are not needed there will be very little pruning to be done when the trees come into bearing.

APPLES should not be left in orchards after picking. Dealers do this, and then after heavy frosts the fruit is rushed into market. It will not keep. Pick seasonably, and at once store in cool cellars in shallow bins. The trouble of handling is not great when we consider the advantage of late keeping.

ALL surplus fruit should be dried or evaporated. It is a waste of land and fertility to allow fruit to drop and rot. It is expensive feeding for hogs, considering the value of the land occupied by trees, and unless all fruit grown can be sold or applied to family use it will pay to cut down the trees and devote the land to some other crop.

CREAMERY CULLINGS.

THE cream the milk is set the less airing the cream gets while rising.

CHAM makes better butter to rise in cold air than to rise in cold water, but it will rise sooner in cold water and the milk keep sweet longer.

POTATOES at fifteen or twenty cents a bushel are cheap food for milk cows; better than turnips at any price, if fed in suitable proportion with grain and good hay.

TO MAKE the finest-flavored and longest-keeping butter the cream must undergo a ripening process by exposure to the oxygen of the air while it is rising. The ripening is very tardy when the temperature is low.

WHILE milk is standing for cream to rise the purity of the cream, and consequently the fine flavor and keeping of the butter, will be injured if the surface of the cream is exposed freely to air much warmer than the cream.

AFTER cream becomes sour the more ripening the more it depreciates. The sooner it is then skimmed and churned the better, but it should not be churned when too new. The best time for skimming and churning is just before acidity becomes apparent.

THE depth of setting should vary with the temperature; the lower it is the deeper milk may be set; the higher, the shallower it should be. Milk should never be set shallow in a low temperature nor deep in a high one. Setting deep in cold water economizes time, labor and space.

WHEAT cream is colder than the surrounding air it takes up moisture and impurities from the air. When the air is colder than the cream it takes up moisture and whatever escapes from the cream. In the former case the cream purifies the surrounding air, in the latter case the air helps to purify the cream. The selection of a creamer should hinge on what is most desired, highest quality or greatest convenience and economy in time, space and labor.

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IRON PORT.

THIS PAPER MAY BE FOUND ON FILE...

CANADIANS busy bluster but that's all it will amount to.

A "LEG TRUST" is the latest thing in that line.

GRIFFEY, ex-senator, in the Iron Herald, makes a showing of the grounds of his opposition to the bill for extending the limits of the city of Marquette.

THE REPORTS, constantly reiterated, that the Colby mine has been closed, that it is unsafe, etc., are answered by the following dispatch from its superintendent.

Geo. C. Youngs: The Colby is working one hundred and fifty-eight men, and is as safe as any mine in the iron district.

THE battle of Gettysburg will go down in history as among the great battles of the century.

The writer must have been thinking of some other battle—that work has already been done for Gettysburg field.

NEW YORK, which couldn't celebrate a 100-year-old event without getting into an everlasting row and convulsing the whole continent with her dissensions.

BECAUSE Judge Cooley declines to leave the railway supervisory position he holds and work for the railroads instead of the people.

NOT OFTEN does the Free Press run so squarely against a stump as it did when it accused Gov. Luce of bolting the nomination of Zack Chandler in '75.

"This is a revival of an old story long since exploded. First, I was not a member of the senate in 1875 and had not been for eight years; second, I long since made a standing offer of \$1,000 reward for the discovery of each and every member of the legislature of 1875 that I induced, or tried to induce, to go into the bolt of that year; third, I have heretofore offered, and will now renew the offer of \$1,000 for any letter written by me to any member of that legislature suggesting or commending such bolt."

KAISER WILHELM is visiting his grandmother, uncles, aunts and cousins in England. The old lady is Kaiserin, too, but only in India, she is but Koenigin in England and Billy, her grandson, "ranks" her, but blood is thicker than water and the blood of the Guelphs and Hohenzollerns is of the thickest.

"THE LAWS of the country will be enforced when Grant is in his grave," says the Memominee Democrat, which does not like the judge and likes still less to be regarded as the organ of the saloon keepers.

THE IRON TRADE has "revolutionized" so many times that it may be well to take in gradually the wild statements which have recently come out of the Wild West.

THE WATERWAYS CONVENTION at Superior expressed the wishes of its members (and of the whole population of the northwest and the lake region) in the following resolutions:

RESOLVED, That we explicitly declare as the sense of this convention that ship channels twenty feet in depth should be undertaken and completed by the general government as early as practicable through the shallows and rivers connecting the great lakes.

RESOLVED, That upon the speedy completion of the new lock and the improvement of Hay Lake channel in St. Mary's river depend cheaper rates for transportation of products of the east and northwest through the use of larger freight carriers, and the insurance of the continuous and safe passage of such carriers against accident which the operation of a single lock can not assure.

RESOLVED, That the interests of commerce imperatively demand that the appropriation of the sum named by the engineers in charge, as stated by the secretary of war in his annual report to congress, as the amount that can be profitably expended for the construction of the new lock and improvements of Hay Lake channel in St. Mary's river, should not be reduced, as is usually done, but appropriated in full by congress as recommended in said report.

RESOLVED, That this convention recommends that the harbors of the great lakes be deepened and improved as rapidly as practicable, so as to accommodate vessels drawing twenty feet.

RESOLVED, That in this, as in every other convention in the interest of cheap water transportation and consequent improvement by the general government, of the great system of inland navigation, the Mississippi river and its tributaries, can not be overlooked; and this convention strongly indorses the continued improvement of that system by adequate appropriations by congress.

WHEREAS, The great lakes and navigable waters connecting and emptying into the same had not been officially surveyed between the years 1849 and 1871; whereas, since that time numerous reefs, rocks, bars and other obstructions to navigation have been discovered in these waters; and whereas, different improvements and changes as to channels and navigable water have been made by excavation and otherwise, particularly in rivers and connecting waters which do not appear upon charts and published surveys, and whereas, various and additional lights, lighthouses, beacons, fog whistles and sirens have been located and established and some changed since the last surveys, and whereas, all commerce and tonnage floated by these waters, have since said surveys were made, greatly increased and are still increasing, and whereas certain portions of these waterways are still without sufficient and necessary lights and buoys, and many places where navigation is hazardous to vessels of the larger classes, and whereas private parties are now maintaining, at their own expense, certain light-ships, buoys and other guides to navigation upon these waters; be it resolved, that it is the sense of the convention that the great and growing commerce on these waters demand that the United States government take such steps as are necessary at an early date to make a careful survey of all these waters, and particularly of rivers and connecting waters;

And be it resolved, That it is the duty of the United States government to bear the expense of providing additional safeguards against accidents, by the maintenance of light-ships, buoys and other guides to navigation, which are now maintained at private expense.

RESOLVED, That the chairman of this convention appoint a committee of five to prepare a memorial embodying the subject matter covered by these resolutions for presentation to congress.

THE PRIZE of the coming election in Ohio is the succession to the senatorship now held by Henry B. Payne, and Murat Halstead is in the field as a candidate. His partner, "Deacon" Richard Smith, in their paper, the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, enters him for the race in the following paragraph:

"Mr. Halstead reached New York yesterday, and will be home in a few days. It now remains for us to say, in his absence, that the republicans of Ohio should elect him to take the place of Payne in the United States senate. He would fill the chair well. He could not, would not, represent corporations, but he would, with great fairness and manifest ability represent the people. It is fair to infer that this is what the republicans of Ohio, and even what the people of Ohio, irrespective of party desire, and in the absence of Mr. Halstead we embrace this opportunity to make the statement. For obvious reasons this paper can not, at a later date, take part in the contest. We state it now, and the people can make the issue. We nominate M. Halstead for the United States senate, to take the seat misrepresented by Henry B. Payne. It is a square contest. There is nothing personal about it, but there is a great deal more than personal interest involved."

WE HAVE not got the captured poacher, the Black Diamond, after all, and the Canadians can cool off. The captain of the Rush accepted the parole of the Canadian captain and, instead of taking his ship out of his hands and putting a prize crew aboard to take her into Sitka, put only one man on and trusted the Canadian to do as he agreed. But as soon as he was out of reach of the guns of the Rush the Canuck forfeited his parole and took his vessel into a British port. He saved the Black Diamond for her owners at the cost of his own honor. All's one, though, to the U. S. Other poachers will be captured and the question put in shape for final settlement, by agreement between the governments, by arbitration or, in the last resort, by fighting it out. To the latter we do not believe it can ever come, but the possibility must be kept in view.

THE IRON TRADE has "revolutionized" so many times that it may be well to take in gradually the wild statements which have recently come out of the Wild West, in the latitude of Chicago, about rolling molten metal. That some really wonderful results have been reached by this new process, had been duly chronicled by the technical press long before the daily papers got hold of it, but we are not yet prepared to believe that steel rails can be manufactured by it, and that at reduction in cost of \$10 per ton. We would advise steel-rails manufacturers not to throw away their present plants until the Chicago reporter looks into the matter a little more closely.—Iron Trade Review.

THE KAISER has made his grandmother colonel of the 1st Dragoon Guards of the imperial German army, and Victoria has made her grandson admiral of the British navy, and one appointment is as appropriate as the other.

THE annual fair and exposition of the Brown county, Wis., Fair and Park association comes off on Sept. 10th and 11th, inclusive, and the premium list, just received, shows the usual line of rewards for stock, agricultural products, etc., and \$2,650 in speed premiums, ranging from \$25 to \$500.

THE "Schwaben Verein" of Chicago will hold their annual "Cannstatter Volksfest" on the 25th instant, upon which occasion the Schwabener present will drink the health of the King of Wurtemberg, their former sovereign, in good Schwaben wine sent them by the King himself, from his own cellar, for the purpose—a thousand quarts of it. Good fellow, that king, for a king

OUR FRIEND of the St. Ignace Republican stumbles when he gets among the facts with regard to iron ore. He says of the ore handled at the Point that "ranges in quality from about 35 to 90 per cent of pure iron," going twenty per cent below any ore shipped from u. p. mines and eighteen per cent above possibility. Nor does he get the facts with regard to the dock it is handled through, nor get much nearer to them; he states the capacity of the "pockets" at twenty short tons instead of 100 long tons.

IF THE "intelligence and virtue" of a majority of the legislature "killed the Iron Cliffs bill," and if Mr. Healy could not have secured such action "had he not justice and right on his side," how does it happen that the Marquette extension bill did not go through? Was "the intelligence and virtue" with Griffey, too, and had he "justice and right on his side?" Elucidate, oh sapient M. J.; the conundrum is too hard for us; elucidate, or dry up and let us believe that Griffey was right—that Marquette wanted to "hog" a little and failed.

THEY FIGHT "for keeps" in the Sudan. A dispatch from Cairo, dated August 3, gives a brief account of the fight near Toski in which the British and Egyptian forces under Gen. Grenfell defeated the insurgents under Wad-el-Jumi and we note that the killed of the insurgent force number 1,500—the prisoners captured none. Grenfell, the British commander, makes a better showing than the pet of the British war office, who shines as a military critic, made against the Mahdi when he started to the relief of Gordon at Khartoum. Wolsley is strong in the reviews and clubs but Grenfell is the chap for the fighting.

IT IS ONLY a matter of common justice to give publicity to Theodore Roosevelt's letter in response to Captain E. W. Scheibner's inquiries regarding the reinstatement in office of veteran soldiers who were removed during the last administration. It is as follows:

Captain Eugene W. Scheibner. Dear Sir: The commission has done better than merely restoring your names to the eligible list. We have made all veterans of the late war eligible for immediate appointment, no matter how long they have been out of the service. You can be reappointed at once. Of course, however, we can not for the appointing power to reappoint you. Yours truly, THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Washington, July 16. Now let the appointing officers do their duty by the old soldiers who were so unjustly deprived of their means of livelihood. The Civil Service Commission has opened the way and the secretaries ought not to neglect the nation's debt of honor to its defenders.—Press, N. Y.

BURKE will probably never forget his trip through Manitoba and Dakota. At every station where the train stopped there was a crowd waiting to catch a glimpse of him. At Crawford there were at least 300 men, the most of them apparently Irishmen, who boarded the sleeper and demanded admittance. Many were persistent in a demand to get into the car, telling Lieut. Ross that if they could only catch a glimpse of the prisoner they would kill him with as little hesitancy as they would a rat.

"Dr. Cronin" said one, "was a cousin of mine and I would avenge his death if I could only get a chance." He drew a revolver from his pocket and peered into the car where Burke was with two officers but before he had time to distinguish the faces in the compartment, Lieut. Ross hustled him off the platform and his place was taken by a curious Dakotan. Burke heard the stranger's denunciation and threats, but he was as cool as if he had been safe behind the bars of Sheriff Matson's jail. "I might as well be shot in Dakota as hanged in Chicago," he said when he heard the threats. Notwithstanding, he was badly frightened.—Dispatch from Fargo, Dakota—probably "a fake."

CONTINUED heavy shipments, far in excess of the corresponding period of last season, are the principal characteristics of what may well be called a prosperous time for ore producers and sales agents, as well as for the vessel interests. The condition of the ore trade from the day of its opening, ninety days ago, has been told so fully and in detail, that what remains is of but proportionally little weight, compared with the gigantic volume to which the ore business has attained this season. As a general thing the mines are sold up, the odds and ends distributed over the entire mining region being of such a heterogeneous character as to make further sales impracticable; but along with thirty or forty two and three-thousand ton lots of non-Bessemer ores, there are still some larger quantities of standard Bessemer to be had, which will find a market without any trouble. There is, for instance, considerable Ashland ore unsold, and its owners do not seem to be in any hurry to part with it. Some time ago, when other ores of the same grade were sold at \$5, Ashland was held up to \$5.25, and it is there still—what is left of it. There is also ten to fifteen thousand tons of Republic left at \$5.75. Among other ores yet in the market is some Aurora and a little Brotherton, last quoted at \$5.25, but for which the owners decline to make a price at this time. Vessel freights are holding up steadily, and for the present no advance in charters is anticipated.

PERHAPS the last business in which you would expect to find a woman is blacksmithing, and yet Alide Wilder, a tall and not unattractive brunette, makes very creditable horseshoes in a little shop under an elm tree in the suburbs of Brooklyn. Miss Wilder is 26 years old, probably, and has dark oriental looking eyes and short curly hair. Her form is slender but well knit, and she has been accustomed to help her father in the smithy in preference to doing household duties ever since she was a child. One secret of the attraction which the occupation has for her is her love for horses, the most restive brutes submitting quietly to her control. Miss Wilder wears a short gown of dark serge about her work with a rather coquettishly shaped leather apron and two or three knots of scarlet ribbon. It is surprising what a number of horses at once seem to need shoeing when her figure is noticed against the light of the forge fires. She has become her father's partner rather than his assistant, and says she means to continue in the business.—New York Mail and Express.

PROHIBITIONISTS are queer. When in any state in which their idea has not yet been accepted, it is proposed to submit it to the people they accuse of crime all who oppose such submission; charge them with conspiring to defeat the will of the people—in short with treason; but in a state in which, no matter by what means, the idea has been embodied in the law, they shift their ground; to propose in such a state again to test the will of the people, to re-submit in order to know if the people are satisfied with the result of the experiment and desirous of its continuance, or dissatisfied and disposed to try another method of dealing with the question; that, again is treason. What they want is a government on the paternal plan, a "commander of the faithful" like Mohammed (St. John would answer their need) to enforce their idea by the power of the sword and the terrors of jehannum. Only a despotism like that can serve their purpose.

"A MOTHER" suggests that some of the virtuous energy expended on the dens in the woods might be diverted to the dens in the city with good results. The city of New York made a full round trip between here and Chicago, discharging one cargo and taking on another, between noon of Monday and 4 p. m. of Thursday—76 hours. J. B. LaBelle dropped dead last Monday evening, having been in his usual good health until that time. B. F. Harper is locked up, in default of bail (bonds \$1,000) to await trial on charge of arson. A new national bank is to be organized and put into operation at once, capital \$100,000.—North Star, Marinette.

Those Rags! If you want them made into a Nice Carpet call on or address JAMES R. CHAMP ESCANABA, Mich.

THE wheat louse did not do so much harm after all; a little fly, only a tenth of an inch long, the "lady birds," the larva of syrphus and chrysopa flies ate him up and saved the wheat. So says the "Experiment Station" of the Ag. Coll. and it ought to know.

THE staving of a big hole in the bottom of the new cruiser Boston at Newport is the cause of much regret and mortification at the navy department, where the ridicule in the newspapers consequent upon such frequent occurrences to the United States war ships cuts deeply. In the instructions to the commanders of the great ocean merchant and passenger vessels, and even to coal steamers, particular attention is called to the danger of encountering men-of-war, and this point has always given rise to much merriment among merchantmen at the expense of their gold-laced brethren. The reason ascribed among thorough-going seamen in the United States navy for the frequent disasters to our war vessels is the favoritism shown to certain officers in the matter of details for shore duty, which keeps them so long away from sea that they forget how to handle a ship. The commander of the Boston, for instance, had not been to sea for eight years before this last disastrous trip, and a commodore who is in command of another of the new ships has seen but five years sea service in twenty years. There are many such cases. Naval officers have never been satisfied with the regulations of the department, issued ostensibly on the ground of economy that the naval vessels shall employ no pilots. They hold that this regulation is fine in the ordinary but very costly in its practical application. In time of war, when pilots might be hard to get, some ship's captain who knew the current, channels, and rocks of all our harbors might put his knowledge to good use. But to bring our naval officers up to this severe standard of attainment will cost us in times of peace a hundred times more than the lack of knowledge would ever be likely to cost us in times of war. By knocking about and sending an occasional "ironclad" to the bottom, the officers will in time find most of the rocks, but to make a hole ten feet long in the bottom of the cruiser Boston is to pay a big price for the discovery of a rock in Newport harbor, and every ship's captain must discover the rocks for himself, which makes it quite too costly a course of instruction for a small though growing navy. And the change of the currents and channels must be studied almost daily. Moreover, our naval officers have not exhibited such advanced seamanship that the United States can afford to take chances which owners of merchant vessels will not.

The officer in command should be sent back to shop or farm. There was no rock discovered. Newport harbor is a naval rendezvous and its bottom is as well known as its surface.

MANY of the great inventions of late years seem to place mankind ever nearer the desired success in navigation of the air. The electric motor supplies a power in many respects better adapted to the purpose than any other; in fact, as long as the problem was how to support passengers and a steam engine of sufficient power to give speed, with the necessary fuel, it seemed well nigh insoluble. The discovery of aluminum, and of economical processes for its production from common clay, is another step toward success, the combined lightness and strength of that metal rendering it peculiarly adapted to the purpose. When it can be produced cheaply, and fashioned into forms, the air-ship of the future will not be far away. But it may prove that the world need not wait for further developments. Inventions and ingenious constructions already in existence seem to approach so near the desired result that no one will be much surprised if, almost any day, the "pilots of the purple twilight" should begin to traverse the air.—New York Tribune.

THE Emperor of China, who is a young and progressive man, is very anxious to make a trip to this country. He is in constant communication with the Chinese Minister at Washington on the subject, and shows a good deal of impatience at the latter's advice.—Exchange.

If he is well advised he will stop at home or visit some other country.

Those Rags! If you want them made into a Nice Carpet call on or address JAMES R. CHAMP ESCANABA, Mich.



Believing it to be the BEST THREAD manufactured. I have made a large contract with the mills. For sale, wholesale and retail, at Ed. Erickson's, Escanaba, Mich.

PROFESSOR ASAPH HALL, astronomer at Yale College, has accepted the appointment of assistant astronomer at the Naval Observatory, Washington, and has entered upon the discharge of his duties. Professor Hall is a graduate of Harvard and has been a member of the Yale faculty for several years.

"SPECIMENS of quartz and sulphate shows no gold in the eye, but many fine colors in the pan contain copper pyrites."

So says a lower Michigan paper, speaking of an upper peninsula gold property. Elucidate, please. Put your idea, if you have one, into the vernacular. We don't understand Sanskrit.

THE "Jackson Industrial News," semi-monthly, for 50 cents a year, seems to have in view the promotion of the culture of flax in Michigan and the upbuilding of an American linen industry. To that end each subscriber will be furnished with a small quantity of seed of Irish flax with instructions for its cultivation. Address Fred J. Price, Jackson, Michigan.

CAPT ELISHA MORCOM reached Tower, returning from Cuba, last Tuesday evening. The man who will build a good hotel in Tower will have "a snap." Officer James Beatty was shot by an unknown person Sunday morning and severely but not fatally wounded. Charles Westerbacher was cut (almost disembowled) by Matt Ilomaki, in the house of the latter, at 2 a. m. of Sunday. Ilomaki is in custody and Westerbacher is dead.—Iron Journal, Tower.

MAYOR CLARK, of Marquette, at the instigation of the "black coats" whose one day's work of the week is done on Sunday, made known by proclamation what the law is to the observation of "the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday" is, but he did not go about spying to make cases against his neighbors under those obsolete statutes, he is not built that way, nor so hard up for business as to be compelled to procure it by such methods. It does not appear possible to purge our statutes of such laws but they can not be enforced and (beyond being a proof of our hypocrisy) they do little or no harm.

MR. WAY, consul general at St. Petersburg, speaking of endeavors to manipulate the American wheat market, says: "The merchants of Chicago and New York, who imagine by cornering wheat that they will control the markets of the world, can always take into their calculations the products of this country as an effective check to their operations. Every corner engineered in the United States makes an opportunity for Russia. Not one dollar is added to the import of wheat in America; but exports from our country being stopped, Russia steps in and gets rid of her surplus at remunerative prices, but still far below the prohibitive values established in Chicago and New York. As long as Russia exists any attempt to force the western nations of Europe to pay artificial prices for American grain can but result in absolute failure. Perhaps if this fact were known corners would become rare and infrequent."

He evidently misunderstands the aim of "corners." Those who run "corners" do not expect to materially advance the price of cornered commodities to the users but to keep them out of market until speculative buyers have paid the "differences." Then the commodity goes at whatever the consumer will pay. It is never wheat that is cornered but "June wheat," or wheat for delivery at some stated date. The men who do the trick should be indicted for gambling—gambling with marked cards and loaded dice, at that—but their operations affect the prices of commodities for consumption to a very small degree.

—Mead's Family Medicines should be in every household.

COTTON.

Ladies of Escanaba and Vicinity!

I RECOMMEND THE Clark's Mile-End SPOOL COTTON,

Believing it to be the BEST THREAD manufactured. I have made a large contract with the mills. For sale, wholesale and retail, at Ed. Erickson's, Escanaba, Mich.

GROCERIES AND CHINA.

FRANK H. ATKINS,

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Has the Largest and most Carefully Selected Stock of—

GROCERIES and CHINA

IN THE UPPER PENINSULA.

FANCY GROCERIES

CANNED GOODS, FLOUR, SUGARS, TEAS COFFEES

TOBACCOS AND CIGARS

A GREAT STOCK OF

FANCY TEA AND DINNER SETS!

DECORATED WARE, LAMPS, ETC. ETC.

### The Cheapest Market and Home Production.

George Basil Dixwell enunciates a fundamental truth concerning international trade when he says: "To buy in the cheapest market is only applicable when the whole population can be fully occupied in those industries in which it has an advantage, and also their whole surplus can find steady, sure, uninterrupted markets," and also enunciates another truth when he says: "An exchange with the foreigner provokes only one (domestic) production, where a domestic exchange provokes two, and this alone is of supreme importance, inasmuch as the whole price of everything produced constitutes net individual income to somebody, as proven by I. B. Say." On these two propositions, the policy of protection to domestic industry may be said to rest.

Let us therefore elucidate these two points. Mr. George, in his "Protection or Free-Trade," says: "The aim of protection, in short, is to prevent the bringing into a country of things in themselves useful and valuable in order to compel the making of such things. But what all mankind, in the individual affairs of every-day life, regard as to be desired is not the making of things, but the possession of things."

Very true; but how can we get them unless we either make them or something else which the world will buy of us in exchange for them? Can we do the latter? We can not sell England woolen or cotton goods; she manufactures her own. Our wheat comes into competition with that of Russia and even of Asia.

No matter how cheap we would sell, and under these circumstances, we would have to sell very cheap, foreigners would not take from us more than they wanted, and only to this extent would they send us goods in return. We would then be obliged to make what we could of these things to the extent that we should not get them from abroad. Who under these circumstances would go into business to supply a market which does not exist? We would want the things but would have no means of purchase, our means of purchase having been sent abroad to pay for the foreign goods we already have. We would therefore have to go without this balance. It has been well said: "If one thing is certain in trade it is this. No successful merchant means to go in for the margins and scraps and pickings, after someone else has the cream of the business. The tailor who sews on buttons for you and presses out an old coat for you is, and knows he is debased unless you give to him the standing order for all your clothes. And if he is worth a straw, he goes where he can get that order."

An exchange with the foreigner provokes only one domestic production, where a domestic exchange provokes two. Thus, where New York manufactures gloves and exchanges for Philadelphia stockings, a domestic production of both gloves and stockings is provoked, but when Philadelphia, instead of exchanging its stockings for New York gloves, exchanges them for Liverpool gloves, there are also two productions provoked, and no more, but one of them is a foreign production and gives employment to foreign laborers and foreign capital, the New York laborers are thrown out of employment, and cease being consumers, but only help swell the labor market.

Under these circumstances further immigration would be a curse instead of a blessing. If immigration is to be beneficial to the nation, the laborer must be able to get employment when he comes here.

George says: "The incoming of the products of cheap labor is a very different thing from the incoming of cheap labor. The effect of one is upon the production of wealth, increasing the aggregate amount to be distributed; the effect of the other is upon the distribution of wealth, decreasing the proportion which goes to the working classes." Now, this is not so. The aggregate amount of wealth can not be increased, if we have to part with an equal amount of wealth to pay for them, and if they displace, as they undoubtedly do, a certain amount of home products. Moreover, when laborers come here and get employment, they become consumers and customers, and constitute a market for thousands of articles, which foreign laborers will not buy of us, but buy at their own home.—American Economist.

#### Shah and Phonograph.

During the Shah's visit to Earl Brownlow he was shown the mysteries of Edison's phonograph by Colonel Gouraud. The colonel made a little speech to the Shah, saying that if his imperial majesty would prolong his travels to America he would be afforded as splendid and hearty a welcome there as had been extended to him in this, the great mother country. All this was translated to the Shah by Prince Malcom Khan, and indented upon the phonograph. Then the speech was wound off as pronounced in Persian by the prince, whereat the Shah smote his palms together and cried: "Oh, oh" and "Wonderful!" Anxious for more, his imperial majesty bade the poet of the suite recite some verses from the great Persian poet Hafiz into the receiver. Out came in due course from the phonograph the verses of Hafiz, with the exact intonation of the speaker, which caused the Shah anew to clap his hands and express the utmost surprise. One thing led to another. He spoke into the instrument himself, Prince Albert Victor did the same, and lady Browning followed. Then the duke of Abercorn said something, and there was laughing, crying, and whistling, and, finally, the band played a tune at it, all of which in due succession were afterward recited off to the astonishment of the Shah and his suite. A pause ensued, and his imperial majesty laid his hand upon the machine, and Prince Malcom Khan, speaking for his sovereign, said: "The Shah would like to have that instrument, or one like it." "It is his," said Colonel Gouraud. "But"

said the prince, "he knows it is a new one, and the only one you have of its kind in Europe." "All the same, it is his imperial majesty's, as though there were many more," said the astute and courtly American. "Then the Shah will take it at once to Tehran, and he would like to get some one to go with him to work it," further interpreted the prince.

THE waterways convention now in session at Superior is presided over by Leroy Andrus, a Buffalo lawyer, with Dunham of Illinois, Haugen, of Wisconsin, our Henry W. Seymour, Nathan Frank, of Missouri, Wm. Thurston, of New York, Hahn, of Iowa, Emery, of North Dakota, Flynn, of Minnesota and Cushing, of South Dakota, as vice presidents. It will resolve that the federal government ought to make and maintain a depth of twenty feet in all channels of the great lakes unless it breaks up in a row over the attack by Jim Hill and others on the improvement of the Mississippi. Hill's attack was savage. He said:

"You give me twenty or even eighteen feet of water, and I will put a fleet of 5,000-ton cargo vessels on the lakes, which will make a reduction of one-half in present carrying rates, and which can be run at an expense of \$175 per day." He said the Mississippi river was like the old clock-played-out-and-to show the useless extravagance of the government appropriations for the improvement of rivers, said he (Hill) owned every steamer on the Red River of the North, but he would gladly sell them all to Uncle Sam for one-half of the annual appropriation for the river.

WIDE AWAKE for August is an open air number, full of things to be done out-of-doors; geology (by Prof. Fredrick Starr), boating (by Miss Guiney) and the making of wild-flower books (by Miss Harris)—it is pity that the bread-making, which Mrs. White describes as the Boston Public schoolgirls do it, could not be carried on out-of-doors also. The number is largely written by travelers and sight-seers. Mrs. General Fremont describes "Camping near the Giant Trees" in the early California days. Miss Risley Seward, "In the Meadows at Trianon," writes of a somewhat peculiar visit she made to the famous playground of Marie Antoinette and her court, with a glimpse of those great Frenchmen, Thiers and Laboulaye. Mrs. Humphrey in "Queen Mary's Child-Garden" gives an account of a day she spent last year on the islet of Inchmahome where Mary, Queen of Scots, abode for a time when she was a little girl. "Fishing in Tweed and Yarrow," with its beautiful engravings of the historic river scenery, is a most readable fishing paper by Andrew Lang and will set all anglers wild, young or old. Then there is a touching melodious ballad by Mrs. Harriet Prescott Spofford of that saddest journeyer, John Howard Payne, the author of "Home, Sweet Home."

The story-element is of fine quality. In the Peppers serial by Margaret Sidney a mysterious pleasure is hinted at for bonnie Polly Pepper; and in "Sybil Fair's Fairness" young Mr. Harvard turns out pretty well, after all. "Gul Baba, 'Father of Roses'" one of the best of the folk-tales of Hungary, is given by John C. Carpenter. "How Long Pond Ran Away," by John Marshall, describes a disaster in Vermont many years ago singularly like the Conemaugh flood. "Bin" is a charming story, sweet and piquant and pathetic, by Grace Denio Litchfield. "Tim Faraday and the Two Auroras" is an amusing political story by Eugene M. Camp. The poems of the number are by Edith M. Thomas, Joel Benton, Mrs. Whiton-Stone and Mrs. Harriet Prescott Spofford. "Men and Things" is full of bright anecdote and talk. "The Court Calendar," by L. J. Bridgman, is very amusing this month. \$2.40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, publishers, Boston, or with IRON PORT at \$4 for both.

#### The Latest.

Mrs. Maybrick has been convicted of the murder of her husband.

Andrew Johnson is held for trial at Ishpeming for a criminal assault upon Mary Berzton.

Albany, Wis., is wild over pearls found in the clams of Sugar river. Everybody has gone "pearl fishing" and some fine pearls have been found.

An "electric auto-motor" for the transportation of mail matter and light parcels, tried at Baltimore Wednesday, attained a speed of two miles a minute on a circular track having a radius of less than half a mile—equal to a speed of three miles a minute on a straight track.

The president has decided on a successor to Justice Stanley Matthews and Secretary Noble is the man. His successor will be Clarkson, now 1st Asst. postmaster-general.

It is said, positively, that Burke has "squealed."

John Quinn says the Smith Moore is not worth raising—Dennis Sullivan says she is, and the underwriters accept Sullivan's opinion and will "have a go" at her.

Mining has been resumed in the Calumet mine, where the fire was.

The missing boy, Moriarity, was drowned. His body has been found in Portage Lake, at Hancock.

The purchase of the Florence, Youngstown and Iron River mines by the syndicate represented by Ferd. Schlesinger is announced. The price is said to have been \$80,000.

#### Boarding!

Mrs. Beggs having taken the large house No. 512 Wells avenue, between Douglas and Harrison streets is now prepared to rent rooms, with or without board, or furnish table-board at reasonable rates, and to make every arrangement for the comfort of her guests. Call or address through the postoffice.

#### Foand

And taken up July 21, a Dark Bay Horse, legs badly cut. Owner can have it by paying charges.

W. READER.

NAHMA, Mich., July 25, 1889. 43

J. N. MEAD.

**J. N. MEAD,**

—THE—

**DRUGGIST AND JEWELER.**

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, WALL PAPER, ETC., ETC.	WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY SILVERWARE, ETC., ETC.
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POST NO BILLS

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**J. F. OLIVER,**

(Successor to D. M. Philbin.)

**COAL! COAL!**

ALL KINDS OF

**Anthracite, Bituminous, Blossburg & Charcoal**

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

**By the TON, CARLOAD or CARGO.**

Good Quality and Full Weights Guaranteed.

Coal delivered to any part of the city free of cartage

ORDERS LEFT AT MY OFFICE ON THE MERCHANTS' DOCK, OR AT THE HARDWARE STORE OF W. W. OLIVER WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

CONTRACTORS.

**Keating & Sheehan,**

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41

COAN'S GROCERY.

**Little Money and Much Goods**

—AT—

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508 LUDINGTON ST.

Family Groceries, every sort!	Provisions, from Potatoes to Pickles!	Produce, from Pork to Peanuts!	Butter and Cheese!	Coffees and Teas!	Sugars and Spices!	Fresh Fruits!	Canned Goods!	Dried Fruits!	Tobacco!	Cigars!
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In short, everything wanted on the table, at

**Poor : Men's : Prices,**

For Cash, at Coan's.

Not a Pound of STALE GOODS in the store.

**DON'T PASS WITHOUT LOOKING!**

THE STATE.

Fenoville, Allegan county, lost \$25,000 by a fire August 1. Insured for half that sum.

There were but 723 prisoners in the Jackson penitentiary August 1; the smallest number for many years.

The first of the new wheat crop was sold in Jackson August 1 and brought 75 cents a bushel.

A tramp named Burns was taken in the act of outraging a child at Port Huron.

George Ellis and Chris Burley are in arrest at Port Huron for outraging a young girl having first chloroformed her.

Pat Crosby could not be held for the murder of the Murrays.

Geo. Welsh is held, without bail, for the killing of Crawford, but Considine seems likely to slip through the fingers of justice.

Perry J. Davis succeeds Stagg as deputy state treasurer.

Two eastern men are catching turtles in Van Buren county and shipping them to New York. It's a snap with them.

Ypsilanti voted \$75,000 for water works. The money has been used and it will take nearly as much more before paying water will be struck.

John Murdaugh, of the Crowell cheese factory, shipped 46,000 pounds of cheese to London this week. A mighty big shipment, that.

Commencement at the agricultural college opens Sunday, August 18, with the baccalaureate sermon by President, Edwin Willets. Monday the president's address and fraternity banquet will take place. Tuesday commencement exercises proper. The class is a large one.

A paper in the central part of the state notices the death of a Mrs. Crane, and explains: "She was long a sufferer from heart disease. She fell a victim to diphtheria, but recovered. Then she was seized with scarlet fever which caused her death."

Clara Canfield, a notorious woman, the paramour of Al. Demerest, shot a man at Gaylord, inflicting a fatal wound. She and Demerest formerly ran a ranch at Newberry.

Deputy sheriff Thomas, of Calhoun county, and a party of his friends had battle royal with the police of Charlotte and got the worst of it.

Gen. Daboll resigns and Col. Devlin of Jackson is appointed Q. M. G. of the forces of Michigan. Gen. Daboll is appointed judge of the new, 29th judicial circuit.

John O. Becket, proprietor of the Lake house, Bay City, is in arrest on charge of violating the person of a girl of fifteen who lodged in his house, last Saturday night.

The proprietors of the Hibbard house, Jackson, have bought a site at Vandercreek lake and will build a summer hotel thereon.

Maj. John Tyler, who was sent to the Dearborn insane asylum last month, died there Saturday at the age of 48. He was a private of Co. A, 1st Michigan Infantry, and fought his way to his rank of major.

The Oddfellows of Michigan will hold their annual meeting in Detroit, October 9 and 10, and they have asked the Patriarchs Militant of Toledo, Cleveland, Columbus, Chicago, Hamilton and other places to join them. A competitive drill will be held for \$600 in prizes.

A huge picnic and procession of the Patrons of Industry was held at Flashing, and a string of 'em four miles long marched through the village to scare the merchants and encourage the hearts of the dealers who hold contracts to have their trade.

A woman, supposed to be the one who recently disposed of a several months' old babe by throwing it in Kalamazoo River, at Marshall, was located at Kalamazoo by Calhoun county officers.

Two Ohio boys fought about a Hillsdale county girl and one is dying and the other in jail and the girl yet in the market.

The Governor has pardoned Geo. W. Barnhart who has served fifteen years of a life sentence for rape. The governor became convinced that he was not guilty of the capital crime and had been punished enough for what he did do.

#### Queer Military Discipline.

"The name of Harry Oakes," says the London World, "is not yet forgotten in the army—a bluff, straight-spoken soldier, who some twenty years ago commanded the Twelfth Lancos. This is how he dealt with the point now so much at issue. A young officer complained that while in plain clothes a certain soldier had not saluted him. The soldier's excuse was that he had not recognized the officer. 'I'll take care you can't make that excuse in future,' quoth Colonel Oakes. 'Mr. —, you will walk up and down the barrack-square in plain clothes until Private — is satisfied that he will know you again.' The private gave the officer a benefit of about half an hour, and all he conceded then was his ability to recognize the former in the suit he then wore. 'If you are not satisfied,' said the Colonel, 'you will appear in the square for ten minutes in each civilian suit you own, and whenever you get a new suit you will do the same, and let Private — know.' The young officer never complained again of not getting what he considered his proper due in the matter of salutes."

BOSTON LANDLORD (to porter)—"See if the gentlemen in parlor F have finished discussing their dinner." Porter (returned)—"Dey is tru eatin' boss, but they ain't near done cussin' yet!"

When a confused reporter at a swell party stumbled against the piano legs, making a loud noise, he explained that his business was taking notes.

Made of Orleans—Molasses candy.

INTERESTING INFORMATION.

Chess—so named from its principal piece (king)—was one of the earliest inventions of the Hindus, being devised by a Brahmin.

The "game of four crowns," with playing cards, was early known to the Hindus. The pagans in this country sometimes call it the "History of four kings."

The first use that sugar was put to was the flavoring of nauseating medicines, and its use as food and in cooking was delayed for several centuries after its discovery.

The air brakes are held against the wheels of the railroad cars by springs, and the air is turned into the cylinders to push the brakes away from the wheels as long as the train is in motion. When it is desired to stop the train the air is let out, and thus the springs apply the brakes and stop the train.

The old form of "the," as in "Ye Merrie Englande," is often pronounced "se" incorrectly by those who never heard that this form arose from the resemblance of the contracted form of "th" to Y. It was a form similar to the letter theta of the Greeks, embodying the consonant and the aspirate.

"FLINT" glass is that variety of glass which is made of white sand, carbonate of potash, oxide of lead and alumina in known proportions, with the addition of metallic matter for coloring purposes. It derives its name from being anciently made of powdered flints. It is used for lenses and for cutting.

MARBLE is dipped into a composition consisting of phosphorus and niter, of phosphorus, sulphur and chloride of potash, mixed with melted gum or glue and colored with vermilion, red lead, amber, soot or other coloring material. The proportions of these various constituents are almost as varied as the manufacturers are numerous.

ALLSPICE is not all spices at all, but one spice, the product of the powdered berries of the pimento, or Jamaica ginger. Pimento trees are small evergreens, and the flowers grow in clusters, and are followed by small green aromatic berries, which are gathered before ripening and spread upon platforms to dry in the sun. The trees are never planted, but grow wild from seeds scattered by birds, and are thinned out and looked after by the farmers. A strong liquor is made from the berries by the Jamaica farmers.

BALDNESS generally commences on the crown of the head, where the supply of blood furnished the scalp is naturally less abundant. Women have a greater quantity of soft tissue under the skin, therefore the vessels are less likely to be interferred with, on which account they are not so frequently bald as men. Then, again, the styles of head-gear worn by women do not have a tendency to prevent evaporation from the scalp, and thus occasion an unhealthy condition of the skin, as is the case with the masculine gender, whose caps and hats are often worn for many consecutive hours both in and out of doors.

TARTAR, a mixture of bi-tartrate of potash and potash and tartrate of lime, is a deposit formed from wine, and known in its crude form as argol; when purified it is called cream of tartar. It forms a crust in the interior of wine-rats and wine bottles, originally existing in the juice of the grape. Argol is generally of a reddish tinge, obtained from the color of the grapes; but sometimes it is of a grayish-white color, when it has been deposited during the fermentation of colorless grapes. The red or white argol is known in commerce as crude tartar, and its practical uses are in the preparation of cream of tartar and tartaric acid.

#### MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

Quorrs are coming into favor as an outdoor game for women in the country; likewise bowls, which is in highest favor in Scotland and England.

It is said that the Governor Ames, the five-masted schooner recently built on the New Eng'nd coast, will hold as much lumber as a rail of cars a mile long.

TARKS with an automatic slot attachment have been placed in the public squares of Philadelphia, labeled "Drop a penny in the slot and get a cup of pure water."

A LATE New Hampshire paper advises young men not to go West to make their fortunes, but to stay at home and earn money to loan the people out West on their mortgages.

The steamship Oswego recently made the run from Mackinaw to Chicago—384 miles—in nineteen hours and forty-five minutes, pronounced the best time ever made on the great lakes.

A CITIZEN of Hagarstown, Md., claims that the inside of a box in his possession was made of a part of the Penn treaty tree, and the outside of a part of the original coffin of Washington.

On the birthday of a Western editor who was fond of writing extremely long articles he received an anonymous gift of a can of condensed milk, with the words "Verb. sap." scratched on it.

A NEW fashion is said to be holding sway this summer among the fair bathers at the sea shore. Light chamamois skin masks are worn, entirely concealing the features. This is not done for modesty's sake, but to preserve the complexion.

In a lawsuit in Kentucky the other day it was proved that a horse which had kicked three men to death and had run away five times was warranted "perfectly gentle and safe for any lady to drive." Now and then there is a horse-trader who is absent-minded in his statements.

A COLORADO man named Howe wrote to the Johnston bureau of information recently inquiring about his brother. He said he had a brother in the East somewhere named Hulbert, and he thought he had noticed the name of Hulbert House in the list of the dead. He was informed that "Hulbert House" was the big hotel destroyed by the flood.

This is the way a Detroit paper publishes the finding of a dead body in the river: "Somebody tied some chunks of boiler iron about somebody else's neck and threw him into the Saginaw river. Just when it happened or who it was nobody knows, but Sub-marine Diver Reynolds has fished up the skeleton. To make sure of the victim, it seems that a pile-driver was planted through him."

NEW YORK CITY is a curious place. At the upper end of Central Park, between Sixth and Eighth avenues, and one of the most magnificent building sites in the whole metropolis, is a vast area used for vegetable gardens and forests. Above it stretch away for miles streets of brick and stone buildings, but there is no sign of any endeavor to improve this tract. Around it is a fringe of shanties and second-class hotels.

The farmers around Elderton, Ga., know the worth of persimmons, and for years have made it a point never to cut down a persimmon tree. In places so many trees have been left standing that the fields look like orchards; and indeed they are, persimmon orchards, the trees of which bear fine crops of fruit almost as valuable as corn for fattening hogs. The farmers say that the persimmon tree draws but little strength or moisture from the soil, and that excellent crops are grown even beneath their shade.

# ISABEL;

From Shop to Mansion.

The Romantic Story of a Dress Maker's Rise in Life.

By Mrs. F. M. HOWARD.

"Yes, he is living," he replied, slowly and faintly.

"And I shall see him!" She clasped her hands in grateful emotion. "Oh, I am so happy!"

"Yes, you will see him; but, my dear child, why do you not inquire why you have been left all these years, unclaimed and apparently unrequited?"

"I have been foolishly prone to the knowledge of who my family were," she replied, simply, "and I have laid our separation to the fortunes of war."

"Yes, too true; the sad, and fortunes of war," with a tone of regretful sorrow.

"When my brother came South and joined the army I only saw him once for a few



She stood by a wonderful specimen of the Lilly tribe.

moments; he told me then that he had left his young wife in a Northern burial ground and his little babe in the care of a Northern woman named Nurse Chioa.

"A fierce battle occurred soon after, and your father was terribly wounded, was taken off the field among the dead, in fact, but afterward revived and was sent to the hospital, and after a wonderfully critical operation in trepanning, he recovered slowly, but his memory of past events was utterly gone, and he has no memory save of the immediate present."

"Then he will not know me," she cried, in a pained voice. "Oh, this is sad, so sad! I had hoped and dreamed that I might yet know a father's love," and she covered her face with her hands.

"Let us hope for the best, my dear niece," he said, kindly and encouragingly; "who knows but yours may be the hand which will lift the veil from the past, and bring back his memory?"

"God grant that it may," she said, fervently. "I will be to him all that a loving daughter can be."

"I am sure of it, and now tell me of yourself, of course, Nurse Chioa is not dying. She was old when she went North, and the climate is not favorable to the Southern born."

"She died soon after my mother," replied Isabel. "Mrs. Harmon, with whom my father left me and whom I always supposed to be my aunt until lately, told me that she died and mourned for my mother and the family until her death."

"Ah! poor soul! she was a faithful creature; but why did this Mrs. Harmon conceal the facts of your birth from you?" asked Major Carrington, a little jealously.

"Because she loved me," replied Isabel, quickly, "and as she became very poor she feared that I would be unhappy and discontented if I knew the truth in the low sphere which I was obliged to occupy," and she gave him a brief summary of her past life.

"And you have been obliged to work as a common shop-girl; you—a Carrington!" he exclaimed, in a shocked tone.

"I assure you, dear sir, it has not harmed me in the least," she answered, merrily; "but of course it was hard and galling in the time of it, and would have been doubly so had I known my own history; but the happiness of the present fully compensates for all the past."

"And your husband?" said Major Carrington, inquiringly.

"Is the best and most unselfish of men," she replied, enthusiastically. "He took me from my low position and raised me to his own station, and I honor him above all men," and she briefly narrated the facts connected with her marriage. She looked up and saw her husband standing among a group of gentlemen across the room, and his eyes caught hers in interested inquiry.

"She signalled to him to come to her, and he was soon at her side."

"We were just speaking of you," she said, looking up at him with shining eyes full of happiness. "Mr. Falconer, I am delighted to present to you my uncle, Major Carrington."

"It was not an entire surprise to him, as he had heard the gentleman's name from a friend, and had guessed a little of the truth, noting Isabel's radiant face, and as he took the offered hand he said: "Since my wife's romantic story has come to my knowledge, I have been making inquiries, and using every means in my power to find her family, but I did not hope for so speedy an accomplishment of our desires."

"My uncle tells me my father is living," she said.

"Better still than we hoped for," and Mr. Falconer looked into her flushed face with a sympathetic smile; he entered into her feelings heartily.

"But I fear the knowledge is only to be a disappointment to my niece," said Major Carrington, gravely, explaining his meaning. "My brother is prematurely aged, and I fear his injury is insurmountable."

"The incident soon became known through the rooms, as Major Carrington left his new-found friends and mingled with the crowd again, and Isabel was met by the sincere congratulations of such of her friends as knew her story, and if there had been any lingering doubts as to her position in society, they were removed now, as Major Carrington's name was a passport into any society, and being publicly announced as his niece removed the last straw in the way of her social success."

"You will spend the remainder of your time in the city at our home, will you not?" said Isabel, as she bade her uncle good night. "I have so many inquiries to make."

"I leave to-morrow night," he replied, gently, "and I will gladly spend a part of the day with you. I, too, wish to know more of you and yours."

"Oh, Lottie!" cried Isabel, eagerly, as

she went into her friend's room in the morning. "I have found them!"

"Found whom?" said Lottie, whose ideas did not at once climb up to the stupendous reality.

"Why, I met my uncle last evening at Mrs. Belmont's, dearie. Isn't that grand!" and she went on to give a detailed account of her meeting with Major Carrington.

"It is indeed delightful," replied Lottie, gladly, embracing Isabel in her joyful sympathy, "and to find that your father is alive, too."

"His condition is the one drop of sadness in my cup of joy," said Isabel, sighing; "but at any rate, it will be a delight to minister to his declining years, for of course I shall hope to have him spend a portion, at least, of his time with me."

"And you will go there, of course?"

"Yes, I am very impatient to see my family, and I can hardly wait in patience for the time to come when we can go. Do you think you will be able to travel with us next month, for I should not like to leave you here alone?"

Lottie blushed guiltily. "N—no," she stammered; "to tell you the truth, dear, I



My uncle, Major Carrington.

am going in another direction as soon as Mal—I mean Dr. Conroy, is willing for me to take the journey," and her blue eyes dropped before Isabel's searching look.

"Lottie Ford, I believe you have got a secret tucked away under those tell-tale bluish," and Isabel took the flushed face in her hands and with a scrutinizing look: "Confess now; where and when is Dr. Conroy going to spirit you away?"

"He is going to New York and he wishes me to go with him," she admitted.

"Ah! I see through the whole conspiracy," said Isabel, drawing a long breath of delighted relief. "We are going to New York to ask papa and mamma's consent, and after that, orange blossoms and a clergyman; oh! you stay, to invent such an improved and economical method of paying doctor's bills. I have guessed it, haven't I?"

"Yes," replied Lottie, laughing; "but upon the plan of no cure, no pay," she continued, "for I have positively refused to burden him with my poor helpless self, under any circumstances, unless I recover entirely. I love him too well to burden him with a helpless wife."

"As if he wasn't big and strong enough to carry your burdens with one finger," laughed Isabel. "If you did nothing but sit in a chair and smile at him, you could help him more than the most of women with their full strength."

"Still I shall insist on my proviso," resumed Lottie, with gentle obstinacy; "but if I am well, in six months I have promised to be his wife."

"And I think you have made a wise choice, for I believe Dr. Conroy to be worthy of even my Lottie," and she kissed the sweet, patient face lovingly; "but what will Grace do for her little governess?"

"You will find some other poor little girl who needs your kindly assistance, dear," replied Lottie, gratefully. "What a blessing it is to have the power of creating so much happiness, Isabel."

"I assure you I feel grateful for it every day," replied Isabel, thoughtfully. "How little we dreamed of the future in store for us six months ago, writhing under the stings of Mme. Arnot's prickly temper."

"You have never visited the South?" said Major Carrington, as they sat around the table in the spacious dining-room. Desert had been brought in, and they were chatting over it leisurely.

"Never, except on the briefest of business trips," replied Mr. Falconer.

"In some respects our glory has departed," said the Major, thoughtfully, "though in others there is a change for the better."

"The war must have wrought great changes," said Mr. Falconer, "especially in the relations of the higher classes with the laboring class."

"Yes, it is so, and though it was like the very bitterness of death to give up our old ideas, I am not sure that many of us would be willing to take them back again. There is a new future and a new race springing up in the South—a future of mechanism and development, and a race of earnest, active thinkers."

"The old phase of haughty indolence is being merged into a share of your Yankee ambition and thrift; but I am anxious that you should see all this for yourself. When shall we look for an extended visit from you?" and he looked inquiringly at Mr. Falconer.

"We had thought of spending Christmas in New York," replied Mr. Falconer, "but, perhaps, that visit can be deferred in favor of this."

"I should like to have you see our Christmas festivities, though, of course, the plantation life is not what it once was, yet we keep up the old customs as far as possible."

"My wife and daughters will be so anxious to meet you," he continued, turning to Isabel. "We have so often speculated in regard to the little babe of our dear sister Alicia. Her mother is still living, and will welcome you with open arms. I made one trip to the North in the hope of finding you, but it was too near to happy tears to reply. It was so sweet to her to hear of these family ties, so new and unexpected. But it seemed as hopeless a quest as if the earth had opened and swallowed you up. I even hunted rural cemeteries in the hope of finding some humble stone to mark our sister's grave, or some trace of old Chloe."

"Your search might be more successful now," observed Mr. Falconer, "as Isabel caused a small monument to be erected over her mother's grave, in the hope that some of her family might find it, as well as a tribute of affection from herself."

"I am glad; it has been a source of sorrow to us all that one so dear should be lying in a neglected grave so far away, and poor old Chloe!" he spoke interregatively.

"Was buried near her," replied Isabel, "she begged to be buried near her dear young mistress; I placed a small stone in her grave also."

"The Major smiled at her kindly. "I see you are a true scion of the old stock; the Falconers are a family of rare sympathy and generous tendencies, and I am happy to see that you have these qualities which made our Abels so dear to us."

"The Major took his leave in the evening,

and Isabel began to look forward to her Southern trip with happy anticipations. Mr. Falconer had written to Mrs. Stanford explaining their reasons for the change in their plans, and had received from her hearty congratulations and commendation of the proposed visit. The time was now near at hand, and the preparations nearly completed for the trip, when Mr. Falconer came home with a deeply flushed face, and with a wild, restless look in his eyes, very unusual with him; for some days past Isabel had noticed that he did not seem in his usual spirits, but had attributed the fact to some slight indisposition.

"Are you sick, Mr. Falconer," she said, in alarm, as he sat looking moodily into the fire; it was now November.

"I do not know," he replied, passing his hand over his forehead wearily. "I have had a headache for several days, and it feels so strange to-day; as if there were a tumble-bee in it."

"Let me bathe it for you," she said, bringing a bottle of cologne.

She stood by his side and bathed his head in the refreshing liquid until he fell into a restless slumber; and she noted that his breathing was hurried and uneven.

"It is a severe cold, he has taken," she whispered to herself, endeavoring to quiet her own uneasiness; his entrance into his home was always so genial and kindly that she was the more alarmed by this strange, moody arrival.

He awoke with a start. "Where am I?" he cried, wildly.

"Here, my husband, at home," she replied, gently.

"Oh! yes, at home; home is where love is, Isabel," he cried, more wildly than he had yet spoken, "do you love me? I have loved you with all the strength of my strong manhood, and waited patiently for your love."

In her terror and excitement Isabel's inherent truthfulness was still predominant, and she answered him gently: "You wish me to tell you the truth, do you not?"

"Yes, yes, the truth," he said, fretfully. "Then I will say that I do not know," she answered, still smoothing his hair and brow with her white hand; "my feelings are so mingled with gratitude and respect that I actually can not tell whether love has entered into my heart or not. I honor and respect you above all men, my husband."

"Yes, always honor and respect," he muttered, irritably, in a tone so foreign to any that he had ever used toward her that her alarm increased every moment; "respect and gratitude, but no love," and even as he spoke he settled back into a doze.

Isabel flew to the hall, and calling Mrs. Montford, begged her to send Tom for Dr. Conroy at once.

"My dear," she said, soothingly, placing her hand on his arm as he again awoke with a nervous start, "you had better go to bed and rest, and you will feel better in the morning."

He brushed her hand from his arm with a gesture of repulsion. "Don't call me dear; I want no hypocrisy," he said, harshly.

"But you are dear; the dearest friend I have in the world," and the tears almost choked her as she spoke.

"Oh, a friend, oh!" He spoke sneeringly, with a bitter laugh, the terrible laugh of a man who is not himself.

"Won't you go to bed?" she asked him, pleadingly.

"To bed!" He looked at her with his heavy eyes, from which the light of reason was fast departing. "What should I go to bed for? A business man has no time for day snoozing. Where's my hat?" and he struggled to get away from her detaining grasp.

Happily, Dr. Conroy was near at hand, and with Mrs. Montford now appeared in the door, to Isabel's intense relief.

The doctor's experience taught him how to deal with the sick man, and he soon succeeded in getting him into bed and under the influence of powerful remedies.

"What do you think of him?" said Isabel, as she followed Dr. Conroy into the hall, her eyes moist with tears, and a heart sinking with apprehension.

"He is a very sick man, Mrs. Falconer," he replied, gravely; "it would be a useless kindness to pretend any thing else. He shows every indication of having entered a fierce struggle for life, and all we can do is to hope and pray for the best," and pressing her hand in his with unspoken sympathy, he turned and left her, the hot tears streaming from her eyes and her heart lifted in prayer as it never had before for help in this her hour of urgent need.

### CHAPTER X.

In the following weeks Isabel had need of all her firmness and presence of mind, for, as Dr. Conroy had said, there was a prolonged struggle for life in the sick room; the first week had been one of delirious raving, and her heart sank within her as she repeatedly heard him muttering: "She does not love me; she does not love me," in such sad tones that it pierced her very heart.

She knew her own heart now fully; in those terrible nights of watching, when she had sat beside him, breathless with fear and suspense, the thought had come to her in all its chilling force—of what life would be to her without him, and she knew that she loved him with a deep devotion which would last through eternity.

She told him so again and again, as she knelt by his bedside, but he only looked at

her with a blank stare, not comprehending or caring for the intelligence which would have made him so happy in health.

She kissed his fevered face and bathed it in tears of contrition as he bemoaned the answer she had given him in that last moment of partial sanity, when he had asked her if she loved him. And yet, how could she have answered him differently, without being sure of her own feelings.

Mrs. Montford had brought her skill and experience into the sick-room at once, according to Dr. Conroy's proposition to install a hired nurse there, and had shared the young wife's vigil with unwearied devotion.

Grace wandered through the house desolately, and even Lottie's unvarying sweetness and care could not console her for the loss of her parents' society. A telegram had been sent to Mrs. Stanford at the first, and as Isabel was sitting one day in the deserted chambers, her hands clasped over her face in deepest dejection, the door opened and a light step entered the room.

A pair of soft arms stole around her neck,

and a sweet voice whispered in her ear: "Dear auntie, as mamma was not well, I have come to help you nurse Uncle Harvey."

It was Lillian, and Isabel leaned her head wearily on the young bride's shoulder, and commenced the acquaintance with a burst of tears.

Lillian had a rare faculty in a sick-room; her steps were so noiseless, and she was so far removed from fussiness, and with an excellent memory, she could always be depended on to carry out every direction of the physician.

[To be continued]

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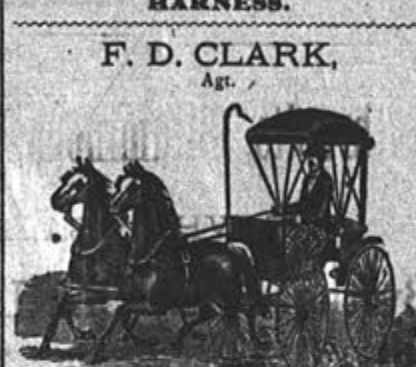
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Advertisement for Smith's Blue Beans, featuring an illustration of a woman and child, and text describing the benefits for various ailments like indigestion and nervous disorders.

Advertisement for Clark's Eye Salve, featuring a circular logo and text describing its effectiveness for eye conditions.

# "Dockash" Stoves!

BEST IN THE WORLD.

FARM IMPLEMENTS, PLOWS, HARROWS, SEEDERS AND REAPERS, WAGONS, WATER OUTFITS, HARDWARE, SHIP CHANDLERY, PAINTS AND OILS, ARMS AND AMMUNITION, AND POWDER

## At Wallace's.

301 LUDINGTON ST.

MEAT MARKET.

# We Kill Our Own

## BEEF CATTLE

Veals, Sheep and Lambs.

## No Imported Meats

Offered at our markets!

# Hessel & Hentschel.

FLOUR & FEED.

## BITTNER, WICKERT & CO.

DEALERS IN

## Flour, Feed, Hay, Grain and Seeds

Southeast Corner of Ludington and Walcott Streets.

## CHICAGO PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF FURS.

DRUGGIST.

## GEORGE PRESTON,

—Dealer in—

# Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Pure Old Liquors

For Medicinal Purposes Only,

# Paints, Varnishes, Kalsomines,

—AND—

## CIGARS AND TOBACCOS,

302 LUDINGTON ST.

East End

He has on hand, new this season, a full stock of

# Wall Paper and Borders,

Panels, Centre Pieces, Etc.

Give the undersigned a call. No trouble to show goods.

## GEORGE PRESTON.

Please find number above.

## BETTER NEWS TO LADIES

and All Lovers of Fine Teas.

THE CHOICEST EVER IMPORTED. NOTHING LIKE IT EVER KNOWN IN QUALITY, PRICES, PREMIUMS AND DISCOUNTS. A CHANGE OF A LIFE-TIME.

Latest and Best Inducements offered in Premiums and Discounts to introduce and get orders for our New Tea. First Gardens of China and Japan, none but the Highest Grade Leaf being used. All guaranteed absolutely Pure. Handsome New Premiums of Imported China, Lamps, etc., given away with orders of \$3.00 and upwards, or discounts made if preferred. Good Tea 30, 35, 40 cts. Excellent Family Tea 20 & 25 cts. Very Best 60 & 70 cts. per lb. Special—We will send by mail a Trial Order of 1/2 lb. of our very best Tea on receipt of \$1.00. When ordering be particular. English Breakfast or Sun-Sun Tea. No Humbug. Remember we deal only in Pure Goods! Send at once for a Trial Order to the Old Reliable and enjoy a cup of Good Tea. For further particulars address The Great American Tea Company, 31 and 33 Vesey St., New York, N. Y. P. O. Box 366.

UPPER PENINSULA.

The managers of the game between Bachelors and Benedictus found the net proceeds \$345.10 and at once disposed of the greater part of it by donating \$40 to each of eight deserving indigent families.

A horse which had been bitten by a rabid dog two weeks previous, went mad in Chicago August 1 and bit two men and a dozen horses before it was killed.

The Pacific Mail S. S. Co. succeeded in recovering the treasure, \$200,000, from the wreck of the Granada, near Manzanilla, but the ship can not be raised.

The Plymouth monument—the "Mayflower" immigrants, was dedicated August 1. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, was orator of the day.

Mr. Tichenor, assistant secretary of the treasury, was taken ill Aug. 2 and was carried to his home. The immediate cause of his illness was an attack of sciatica, an old army complaint, but there are other complications.

George H. Jamison, a journalist well known in Chicago, has laid down his pen forever. Three weeks ago he was nearly overcome, and when inside the white house nearly experienced a sunstroke.

The "Sally Walters" mine, recently discovered at New Digging, Wis., near Galems, Ill., is credited with the enormous yield, up to the present time, of 400 tons of lead and zinc ore, which has been sold at an average price of \$22.50 per ton.

Spreckels big sugar refinery, at Philadelphia, with which he proposes to fight the sugar trust, is to be doubled in area and capacity and made capable of handling 2,000 tons of raw sugar a day.

Brooks' comet is seen at the Lick observatory as a group or family of comets—three in number, certainly, and probably six or seven.

The French government will ask for Boulanger's extradition. A Cairo dispatch of August 3 announces the death in battle of Wad el Jumi, the successor of the Mahdi, and the defeat of his forces, with a loss of 1,500 men killed and wounded.

The Tsar is sulky and will not come to Bismarck's little party, but Franz Joseph and Wilhelm will do Berlin while Bismarck and Kalnoky talk business.

A flood in the creek swept away all the walks, bridges and other improvements in Watkins Glen, N. Y., and put the village under water.

The great pacer, Johnston, made a mile, at Cleveland August 2, in 2.67 1/2. A bold thief grabbed a handful of diamonds from a Kansas City jeweler in broad day light, and got clear away with them.

An explosion in the express car of a Grand Trunk train which had just cleared the Victoria bridge at Montreal killed the messenger and destroyed the car and its contents. It is believed that the intent was to wreck the bridge.

K. H. Johnson has just been sent back from Chicago to Norway to be tried for forgeries committed there. The new cruiser Boston ran upon the rocks of Rose Island, Newport harbor, and cut a big hole in her bottom last Saturday.

Cincinnati saloons gave up the fight and did not try to keep open last Sunday. Two masked men went through the sleeping car of a Wabash train just after it left Kansas city last Saturday evening, robbing every person in it, and escaped by jumping from the train. The amount of their booty was small—only about \$200.

A reception was given Mr. Halstead by the republican clubs of Hamilton county last Saturday evening and his candidacy for the senate announced. Robert Marvel, 86 years old has been unable to swallow and has taken no food for 52 days yet he is so strong that the doctors think he will live for 50 days more.

A world's fair association, capital \$5,000,000, has been incorporated at Chicago. The fair is to be held in '92 and to celebrate the 40th anniversary of the discovery by Columbus. The President left Washington to visit Mr. Blaine, at Bar Harbor, Thursday morning. He was accompanied by Secretaries Windom, Proctor and Tracy and his private secretary, Mr. Halford. He will be in Washington again on the 17th.

THE WEEK.

A new oil field has been discovered and partially developed at Terre Haute. The oil was struck August 1.

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Six masked men went through a train on the Ft. Worth & Denver road near Tascosa and robbed express and mail cars but did not disturb passengers. The robbers got only \$2,000, most of the mail and express treasure having been hidden by messenger and mail clerk.

To THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. STOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St, New York.

The Cronin cases have been taken on charge of venue from Judge Horton's court to Judge McConnell's.

Idleness is a Dangerous Fault In the kidneys. When inactive they speedily fall into disrepair. Those obstinate and fatal maladies, Bright's disease and diabetes, ensue with terrible certainty upon the inaction of the organs affected. Catarrh of the bladder, neuritis, gravel and stranguary are also to be apprehended from a partial paralysis of the bladder, of which weakness and sluggishness are the causes. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a fine tonic and promoter of activity for the renal organs, and one which can be relied upon to afford them the requisite stimulus without exciting them—an effect to be feared from the unmedicated alcoholic excitant of commerce. A further beneficial effect of the Bitters, by renewing activity of the kidneys, is to enable them to drain from the blood in its passage through them, impurities productive of rheumatism and dropsy. Nervousness, fever and ague, constipation and dyspepsia are conquered by the Bitters. 41

An incomplete distillery at La Salle, Illinois, started to "bust the trust" has been bought up by the trust and the work stopped.

A Safe Investment. Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from your druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of throat, lungs or chest, such as consumption, inflammation of the lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to the taste, perfectly safe and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at Mead's drug store. 41

Forced to Leave Home. Over 6 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, if you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist to-day for a free trial sample of this grand remedy. The ladies praise it. Every one likes it. Large size package 50 cents. 41

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blisters from horses. Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-bone, Stiles Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, Etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by Justin N. Mead, Escanaba. 41

Directly after the Johnstown flood the Germania Band of Battle Creek gave a concert at the Tabernacla for the benefit of the flood sufferers. Nearly \$400 were netted. The funds were placed in the hands of a committee, who have just turned them over to the Union Home at Battle Creek. "Charity begins at home." 41

A Dressing Case and Happy Cure. For over a year I have had a breaking out on my leg, which troubled me so bad I could not walk, leg badly swelled, of a purple color, with eruptions so bad that blood would ooze out if I bore my weight on it. I was recommended to try Clark's Extract of Flax (Papillon) Skin Cure, which I have done. My leg is now well and I can walk two miles on it without any trouble." Signed, "A. D. Hayward." Clark's Flax Soap makes the skin soft and prevents chapping. Skin Cure \$1.00. Soap 25 cents. For Sale by J. N. Mead. 41

Merit Wins. We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Mead, druggist. 41

A rape (and subsequent murder) of a girl of fifteen, at Berkeville, Texas, goes unpanalished as yet, the perpetrator not being identified.

Bullen's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or may be required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. N. Mead. 41

The Homeliest Man in Escanaba. As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat, and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to relieve and cure all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Bronchitis and Consumption. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1. 41

100 Ladies Wanted. And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy, discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up of the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Every one praiseth it. Large size packages 50 cents. At all druggists. 41

An Eminent Doctor's Prescription. Dr. C. P. Henry, Chicago, Ill., who has practiced medicine many years says: Last spring he used and prescribed Clark's Extract of Flax (Papillon) Skin Cure in 40 or 50 cases, and never knew a case where it failed to cure. "I know of no remedy I can rely on so implicitly." Positive cure for all diseases of the skin. Applied externally. Clark's Flax Soap is best for Babies. Skin Cure \$1.00. Soap 25 cents. At Mead's Drug Store. 41

I have used S. S. S. for debility resulting from chill and fever, and have found it to be the best tonic and appetizer that I ever took. It also prevented the return of the chills. A. J. ANVLIN, Eureka Springs, Ark.

Dick Hornbaker is a respected and well-to-do colored citizen of Springfield, Mo. He says that one bottle of Swift's Specific cured both himself and wife of a troublesome eruption of the skin.

Mr. W. C. White is engineer on a boat on the Arkansas river, and his address is Little Rock. He says that S. S. S. has relieved him of blood poison, which was the result of malaria, and that it prevents chills and fever by toning up the system. He takes it in the spring and summer months to prevent sickness from the malaria of the swamps on the river.

The Handsomest Lady in Escanaba. Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when other cough remedies had no effect whatever. So to prove that and convince you of its merit, any druggist will give you a Sample Bottle free. Large size 50c and a \$1. 41

For the National Encampment G. A. H. The Chicago & North-Western Railway Company will sell excursion tickets to Milwaukee and return from August 21st to 28th, inclusive, at one fare for the round trip, good to return at any time between August 27th and September 5th, and by special arrangement tickets may be extended to September 30th, on application prior to September 3d, to the Joint Agent at Milwaukee.

For full information, apply to Agents of the Chicago & North-Western Railway Company, or address E. P. WILSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Chicago. j 27 a 10 17

"No matter how it came about; if your nerves are on the strike go to Preston's for Samarian Nerve; it's the thing you need." 41

BLACKSMITH. JOHN RACINE, Dealer in Wagons, Sleighs ETC.

Blacksmith : Shop : in Connection. I am prepared to do all work in my line promptly and satisfactorily.

SHOP OPPOSITE NEW LUDINGTON HOTEL. LUMBER. Lumber For Sale OR Sawed to Order.

My mill is now running and I am prepared to furnish Hardwood, Pine and Hemlock Lumber and Shingles, at the Lowest Prices.

Orders Given Prompt Attention. 241f M. HARRIS. DeLoughary Mich., May 1, 1886.

REWARD. \$25 Reward. The undersigned will give any person or persons the above named amount for the discovery and return of the bodies of John Peterson and Willie Mcersch, supposed to have been drowned in Little Bay de Noquette January 14, 1889. P. M. PETERSON, WM. MCERSCH. Escanaba, Mich, April 20, '89. 25

CURE FITS! A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INDELEBIL REMEDY. Free Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., NEW YORK.

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS. A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INDELEBIL REMEDY. Free Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., NEW YORK.

LADIES try Dr. Le Duc's "Periodical" Pills. Established in Europe in 1849, Canada in 1858. For Suppressions, Irregularities and Monthly Derangements. A reliable monthly medicine. They always relieve. But should not be used during pregnancy. Any druggist. J. C. American Pill Co. Royalty Proprietors, Spencer, Iowa. Robert Stephenson & Co., wholesale agents, Chicago. Best KILLSWORTH sole agent, Escanaba, Mich.

PUMPS, ETC. SAM. STONHOUSE, Practical. PLUMBER Steam and Gas Fitter. Keeps in stock a full line of Pipes, Pumps & Fittings Drive Wells and Pump Repairs. A specialty. Orders in the city or country promptly attended to. ESCANABA, MICH.

CASH PAID For Partly Developed MINING PROPERTIES, Pine and Mineral Lands.

JULIAN M. CASE, Marquette, Mich. MACHINERY. Frank Kraus, Dealer in Farm Machinery Portable Mills, Horse and Steam Powers.

I am now prepared to furnish to order, promptly, Reapers, Mowers, Horse Rakes, (any sort or size), Threshers, with steam or horse powers, Plows of all kinds, Bells for farm, school or church, Buggies, Buckboards and Wagons and Pumps.

Come and see me or write to me; I will give you satisfactory deals every time. FRANK KRAUS, Hamacher House, Escanaba, - Michigan.

THE ESCANABA Water Works Co. Office, cor. Tilden and Wells Aves. Is still doing Plumbing in its various branches in the most satisfactory manner. All kinds of Hose Goods, Marble Works, Sprinklers and Water Fixtures CONSTANTLY ON HAND. Estimates cheerfully given on Plumbing and Sewerage. Steam and Water Heating upon any plan and with any fixtures desired.

W. H. LaFleur, Supt. Tilden Ave. opp. Oliver House. John Dean, BARBER. A Clean Shave in a Clean Place. 617 LUDINGTON ST (Lewis House Block)

Is Marriage a Failure? Prescription B 4712. Ask J. N. Mead.

Drunkennes Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured BY ADMINISTERING DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC. It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the person taking it; it is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. We GUARANTEE a complete cure in every instance. 48 page book FREE. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

LEGAL. STATE OF MICHIGAN—THE 35TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. Sarah Cook, Complainant, Charles Cook, Defendant. Suit pending in the circuit court for the county of Delta in case of his appearance that he causes his answer to the complaint a bill of complaint to be filed and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitors within twenty days after service on him of a copy of this bill and notice of this order, and that he do not thereafter, said bill to be taken as confessed by said nonresident defendant.

First publication Aug. 10, 1889. ORDER OF HEARING. STATE OF MICHIGAN, 35. COUNTY OF DELTA. At a session of the probate court for said county, held at the probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on the 5th day of August in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

Present, Honorable Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Edward Foucher, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of George Foucher Jr., praying for the appointment of an administrator on the estate of said deceased.

First publication August 10, 1889. ORDER OF HEARING. STATE OF MICHIGAN, 35. COUNTY OF DELTA. At a session of the probate court for the county of Delta, held at the probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on Monday the 5th day of August in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

Present, Hon. Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Anathalie Grenier, deceased. On reading and filing the final report and account of Louis Grenier the administrator of said estate.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 26th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said report and account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate office in the city of Escanaba, Michigan, and show cause, if any there be, why the said report and account should not be confirmed.

And it is further ordered, that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said report and account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the LION PORT a newspaper printed and circulated in said county for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate. First publication August 10, 1889. ORDER OF HEARING. STATE OF MICHIGAN, 35. COUNTY OF DELTA. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on Monday the 5th day of August in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

Present Honorable Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of Ole Nelson deceased. On reading and filing the final report and account of Peter M. Peterson, the administrator of said estate.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 26th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said report and account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate office in the city of Escanaba and show cause, if any there be, why the said report and account should not be confirmed.

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Present Honorable Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of Adelia Bohlen, Joseph Greiner, and Marie A. Greiner if they be found in said county. (A true copy.)

EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate. First publication August 10, 1889. ORDER OF HEARING. STATE OF MICHIGAN, 35. COUNTY OF DELTA. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on Monday the 5th day of August in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

Present Honorable Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of John Lind late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said probate court, in the city of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the 6th day of February next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Monday the 8th day of November next, on Monday, the 30th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated Escanaba, Mich., August 5th, 1889. EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate. First publication August 10, 1889. ORDER OF HEARING. STATE OF MICHIGAN, 35. COUNTY OF DELTA. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, held at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on Monday the 5th day of August in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

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# ISABEL;

From Shop to Mansion.

The Romantic Story of a Dress Maker's Rise in Life.

By Mrs. F. W. Howard.

"Yes, he is living," he replied, slowly and thoughtfully.

"And I shall see him?" She clasped her hands in grateful emotion. "Oh, I am so happy."

"Yes, you will see him; but, my dear child, why do you not inquire why you have been left all these years, unclaimed and apparently ignored?"

"I have but recently come to the knowledge of who my family were," she replied, simply, "and I have laid our separation to the fortunes of war."

"Yes, too true; the sad, sad fortunes of war," with a tone of regretful sorrow. "When my brother came South, and joined the army I only saw him once for a few



She stood by a wonderful specimen of the Lily tribe.

moments; he told me then that he had left his young wife in a Northern burial ground and his little babe in the care of a Northern woman with Nurse Chloe. He mentioned the name of the village, but, in the excitement of meeting him, it slipped my mind entirely, and I could never recall it or the name of the woman with whom you were left.

"A fierce battle occurred soon after, and your father was terribly wounded, was taken off the field among the dead, in fact, but afterward revived and was sent to the hospital, and after a wonderfully critical operation in trepanning, he recovered slowly, but his memory of past events was utterly gone, and he has no memory save of the immediate present."

"Then he will not know me," she cried, in a pained voice. "Oh, this is sad, so sad! I had hoped and dreamed that I might yet know a father's love," and she covered her face with her hands.

"Let us hope for the best, my dear niece," he said, kindly and encouragingly; "who knows but yours may be the hand which will lift the veil from the past, and bring back his memory?"

"God grant that it may," she said, fervently. "I will be to him all that a loving daughter can be."

"I am sure of it; and now tell me of yourself; of course, Nurse Chloe is not living. She was old when she went North, and the climate is not favorable to the Southern born."

"She died soon after my mother," replied Isabel. "Mrs. Harmon, with whom my father left me and whom I always supposed to be my aunt until lately, told me that she pined and mourned for my mother and the family until her death."

"Ah! poor soul; she was a faithful creature; but why did this Mrs. Harmon conceal the facts of your birth from you?" asked Major Carrington, a little jealously.

"Because she loved me," replied Isabel, quickly, "and as she became very poor she feared that I would be unhappy and discontented if I knew the truth in the low sphere which I was obliged to occupy," and she gave him a brief summary of her past life.

"And you have been obliged to work as a common shop-girl; how—Carrington?" he exclaimed, in a shocked tone.

"I assure you, dear sir, it has not harmed me in the least," she answered, merrily; "but of course it was hard and galling in the time of it, and would have been doubly so had I known my own history; but the happiness of the present fully compensates for all the past."

"And your husband?" said Major Carrington, inquiringly.

"Is the best and most unselfish of men," she replied, enthusiastically. "He took me from my low position and raised me to his own station, and I honor him above all men," and she briefly narrated the facts connected with her marriage. She looked up and saw her husband standing among a group of gentlemen across the room, and his eyes caught hers in interested inquiry. She signalled to him to come to her, and he was soon at her side.

"We were just speaking of you," she said, looking up at him with shining eyes full of happiness. "Mr. Falconer, I am delighted to present to you my uncle, Major Carrington."

It was not an entire surprise to him, as he had heard the gentleman's name from a friend, and had guessed a little of the truth, noting Isabel's radiant face, and as he took the offered hand he said: "Since my wife's romantic story has come to my knowledge, I have been making inquiries, and using every means in my power to find her family, but I did not hope for so speedy an accomplishment of our desires."

"My uncle tells me my father is living," she said.

"Better still than we hoped for," and Mr. Falconer looked into her flushed face with a sympathetic smile; he entered into her feelings heartily.

"But I fear the knowledge is only to be a disappointment to my niece," said Major Carrington, gravely, explaining his meaning. "My brother is prematurely aged, and I fear his injury is insurmountable."

The incident soon became known through the rooms, as Major Carrington left his new-found friends and mingled with the crowd again, and Isabel was met by the sincere congratulations of such of her friends as knew her story, and if there had been any lingering doubts as to her position in society, they were removed now, as Major Carrington's name was a passport into any society, and being publicly announced as his niece removed the last straw in the way of her social success.

"You will spend the remainder of your time in the city at our home, will you not?" said Isabel, as she bade her uncle good night. "I have so many inquiries to make."

"I leave to-morrow night," he replied, quickly, "and I will gladly spend a part of the day with you. I, too, wish to know more of you and yours."

"Oh, Lottie!" cried Isabel, eagerly, as

she went into her friend's room in the morning. "I have found them."

"Found whom?" said Lottie, whose ideas did not at once climb up to the stupendous reality.

"Why, I met my uncle last evening at Mrs. Belmont's. Isn't that grand?" and she went on to give a detailed account of her meeting with Major Carrington.

"It is indeed delightful," replied Lottie, gladly, embracing Isabel in her joyful sympathy, "and to find that your father is alive, too."

"His condition is the one drop of sadness in my cup of joy," said Isabel, sighing; "but at any rate, it will be a delight to minister to his declining years, for of course I shall hope to have him spend a portion, at least, of his time with me."

"And you will go there, of course?"

"Yes, I am very impatient to see my family, and I can hardly wait in patience for the time to come when we can go. Do you think you will be able to travel with us next month, for I should not like to leave you here alone?"

Lottie blushed guiltily. "N—no," she stammered; "to tell you the truth, dear, I



"MY UNCLE, MAJOR CARRINGTON."

am going in another direction as soon as May— I mean Dr. Conroy, is willing for me to take the journey," and her blue eyes dropped before Isabel's searching look.

"Lottie Ford, I believe you have got a secret tucked away under those tall-tale bushes," and Isabel took the flushed face in her hands and with a scrutinizing look: "Confess now; where and when is Dr. Conroy going to spirit you away?"

"He is going to New York and he wishes me to go with him," she admitted.

"Ah! I see through the whole conspiracy," said Isabel, drawing a long breath of delighted relief. "We are going to New York to ask papa and mamma's consent, and after that, orange blossoms and a clergyman; oh! you sly puss, to invent such an improved and economical method of paying doctor's bills. I have guessed it, haven't I?"

"Yes," replied Lottie, laughing; "but upon the plan of no cure, no pay," she continued, "for I have positively refused to burden him with my poor helpless self, under any circumstances, unless I recover entirely. I love him too well to burden him with a helpless wife."

"As if he wasn't big and strong enough to carry your burdens with one finger," laughed Isabel. "If you did nothing but sit in a chair and smile at him, you could help him more than the most of women with their full strength."

"Still I shall insist on my proviso," resumed Lottie, with gentle obstinacy; "but if I am well, in six months I have promised to be his wife."

"And I think you have made a wise choice, for I believe Dr. Conroy to be worthy of even my Lottie," and she kissed the sweet, patient face lovingly; "but what will Grace do for her little governess?"

"You will find some other poor little girl who needs your kindly assistance, dear," replied Lottie, gratefully. "What a blessing it is to have the power of creating so much happiness, Isabel."

"I assure you I feel grateful for it every day," replied Isabel, thoughtfully. "How little we dreamed of the future in store for us six months ago, writing under the stings of Mme. Arnot's wicking temper."

"You have never visited the South?" said Major Carrington, as they sat around the table in the spacious dining-room. Desert had been brought in, and they were chatting over it leisurely.

"Never, except on the briefest of business trips," replied Mr. Falconer.

"In some respects our glory has departed," said the Major, thoughtfully, "though in others there is a change for the better."

"The war must have wrought great changes," said Mr. Falconer, "especially in the relations of the higher classes with the laboring class."

"Yes, it is so, and though it was like the very bitterness of death to give up our old ideas, I am not sure that many of us would be willing to take them back again. There is a new future and a new race springing up in the South—a future of mechanism and development, and a race of earnest, active thinkers."

"The old phase of haughty indolence is being merged into a share of your Yankee ambition and thrift; but I am anxious that you should see all this for yourself. When shall we look for an extended visit from you?" and he looked inquiringly at Mr. Falconer.

"We had thought of spending Christmas in New York," replied Mr. Falconer, "but, perhaps, that visit can be deferred in favor of this."

"I should like to have you see our Christmas festivities, though, of course, the plantation life is not what it once was, yet we keep up the old customs as far as possible."

"My wife and daughters will be so anxious to meet you," he continued, turning to Isabel. "We have so often speculated in regard to the little babe of our dear sister Alicia. Her mother is still living, and will welcome you with open arms. I made one trip to the North in the hope of finding you," resumed the Major, seeing that she was too near to happy tears to reply. It was so sweet to her to hear of these family ties, so new and unexpected. "But it seemed as hopeless a quest as if the earth had opened and swallowed you up. I even hunted rural cemeteries in the hope of finding some humble stone to mark our sister's grave, or some trace of old Chloe."

"Your search might be more successful now," observed Mr. Falconer, "as Isabel caused a small monument to be erected over her mother's grave, in the hope that some of her family might find it, as well as a tribute of affection from herself."

"I am glad; it has been a source of sorrow to us all that one so dear should be lying in a neglected grave so far away, and poor old Chloe!" he spoke interrogatively.

"Was buried near her," replied Isabel, "she begged to be buried near her dear young mistress; I placed a small stone at her grave also."

The Major smiled at her kindly. "I see you are a true son of the old stock; the Falconers are a family of rare sympathies and generous tendencies, and I am happy to see that you have these qualities which made our Alicia so dear to us."

"The Major took his leave in the evening,

and Isabel began to look forward to her Southern trip with happy anticipations.

Mr. Falconer had written to Mrs. Stanford explaining their reasons for the change in their plans, and had received from her hearty congratulations and commendation of the proposed visit. The time was now near at hand, and the preparations nearly completed for the trip, when Mr. Falconer came home with a deeply flushed face, and with a wild, restless look in his eyes, very unusual with him; for some days past Isabel had noticed that he did not seem in his usual spirits, but had attributed the fact to some slight indisposition.

"Are you sick, Mr. Falconer," she said, in alarm, as he sat looking moodily into the fire; it was now November.

"I do not know," he replied, passing his hand over his forehead wearily. "I have had a headache for several days, and it feels so strange to-day; as if there were a bumble-bee in it."

"Let me bathe it for you," she said, bringing a bottle of cologne.

She stood by his side and bathed his head in the refreshing liquid until he fell into a restless slumber, and she noted that his breathing was hurried and uneven.

"It is a severe cold he has taken," she whispered to herself, endeavoring to quiet her own uneasiness; his entrance into his home was always so genial and kindly that she was the more alarmed by this strange, moody arrival.

He awoke with a start. "Where am I?" he cried, wildly.

"Here, my husband, at home," she replied, gently.

"Oh! yes, at home; home is where love is, Isabel," he cried, more wildly than he had yet spoken. "Do you love me? I have loved you with all the strength of my strong manhood, and waited patiently for your love."

In her terror and excitement Isabel's inherent truthfulness was still predominant, and she answered him gently: "You wish me to tell you the truth, do you not?"

"Yes, yes, the truth," he said, fretfully.

"Then I will say that I do not know," she answered, still smoothing his hair and brow with her white hand; "my feelings are so mingled with gratitude and respect that I actually can not tell whether love has entered into my heart or not. I honor and respect you above all men, my husband."

"Yes, always honor and respect," he muttered, irritably, in a tone so foreign to any that he had ever used toward her that her alarm increased every moment; "respect and gratitude, but no love," and even as he spoke he settled back into a doze.

Isabel flew to the hall, and calling Mrs. Montford, begged her to send Tom for Dr. Conroy at once.

"My dear," she said, soothingly, placing her hand on his arm as he again awoke with a nervous start, "you had better go to bed and rest, and you will feel better in the morning."

He brushed her hand from his arm with a gesture of repulsion. "Don't call me dear; I want no hypocrisy," he said, harshly.

"But you are dear; the dearest friend I have in the world," and the tears almost choked her as she spoke.

"Oh, a friend, oh!" He spoke sneeringly, with a bitter laugh, the terrible laugh of a man who is not himself.

"Won't you go to bed?" she asked him, pleadingly.

"To bed!" He looked at her with his heavy eyes, from which the light of reason was fast departing. "What should I go to bed for? A business man has no time for day snoozing. Where's my hat?" and he struggled to get away from her detaining grasp.

Happy, Dr. Conroy was near at hand, and with Mrs. Montford now appeared in the door, to Isabel's intense relief.

The doctor's experience taught him how to deal with the sick man, and he soon succeeded in getting him into bed and under the influence of powerful remedies.

"What do you think of him?" said Isabel, as she followed Dr. Conroy into the hall, her eyes moist with tears, and a heart sinking with apprehension.

"He is a very sick man, Mrs. Falconer," he replied, gravely; "it would be a useless kindness to pretend any thing else. He shows every indication of having entered a fierce struggle for life, and all we can do is to hope and pray for the best," and pressing her hand in his with unspoken sympathy, he turned and left her, the hot tears streaming from her eyes and her heart lifted in prayer as it never had been before for help in this her hour of urgent need.

CHAPTER X.

In the following weeks Isabel had need of all her firmness and presence of mind, for, as Dr. Conroy had said, there was a prolonged struggle for life in the sick room; the first week had been one of delirious raving, and her heart sank within her as she repeatedly heard him muttering: "She does not love me; she does not love me," in such sad tones that it pierced her very heart.

She knew her own heart now fully; in those terrible nights of watching, when she had sat beside him, breathless with fear and suspense, the thought had come to her in all its chilling force—of what life would be to her without him, and she knew that she loved him with a deep devotion which would last through eternity.

She told him so again and again, as she knelt by his bedside, but he only looked at

her with a blank stare, not comprehending or caring for the intelligence which would have made him so happy in health.

She kissed his fevered face, and bathed it in tears of contrition as she bemoaned the answer she had given him in that last moment of partial sanity, when he had asked her if she loved him. And yet, how could she have answered him differently, without being sure of her own feelings?

Mrs. Montford had brought her skill and experience into the sick-room at once, scolding Dr. Conroy's proposition to install a hired nurse there, and had shared the young wife's vigil with unwearied devotion.

Grace wandered through the house disconsolately, and even Lottie's unvarying sweetness and care could not console her for the loss of her parents' society. A telegram had been sent to Mrs. Stanford at the first, and as Isabel was sitting one day in the darkened chamber, her hands clasped over her face in deepest dejection, the door opened and a light step entered the room.

A pair of soft arms stole around her neck,

and she looked up into the face of her dear

friend, who had been so long absent, and

she felt a thrill of joy as she recognized

the face of her dear friend, who had been

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UPPER PENINSULA.

The managers of the game between tachelors and Benedicts found the net proceeds \$345.10 and at once disposed of the greater part of it by donating \$40 to each of eight deserving, indigent families. If the state authorities will (as they should) select Houghton as the place of the next encampment of the militia Mr. Hubbard will furnish good grounds at no cost to the state. Row on Sheldon street Saturday night—one Gregor badly cut. Don't often happen in Houghton. Hebard & Thurber will soon have the Morse afloat again. Supervisors gave \$200 towards the establishment of telephone service between the canal and entry.—Gazette, Houghton.

Cascade Junction is huckleberry headquarters. The firemen will go to Iron Mountain August 9 [we suppose—the Herald says "9th prox." but come to look we find it dated August 25. Horse on you, Tom]. No. 1 stack of the Pioneer furnace is now in the last half year of a continuous run of three years and has made already 58,087 tons of pig.—Herald, Negaunee.

Alice Sandall was criminally assaulted near Stephenson last Saturday. A boy of 16 named Shontine is in arrest but asserts his innocence stoutly and another warrant for another person, is out. Saturday's wind storm did a good deal of damage to property but caused no loss of life.—Democrat, Menominee.

Chase Osborn has gone back to his work at the Soo. As to the postoffice, he would not have it if it were offered him. The corner stone of the new courthouse will be laid Monday. C. R. Tederman was killed by a fall of ore in the Florence mine Wednesday. Mr. Fisher's case against Loughrey and others for trespass, the park case, resulted in a disagreement of the jury.—Mining News, Florence.

The "McCormick ranch" was torn down by the sheriff's orders and the inmates one and all, driven from the county, and the officer, promises the same deal to any one who may attempt to run a house of ill-fame in his bailiwick.—Independent, Newberry.

The roof was burned off of the water works building yesterday morning and the boilers and machinery saved only by the most strenuous efforts of the firemen, the water works employes and the crew of the steamer Michigan. Extensive repairs to the building will be necessary. The "huckleberry" train to be put on next Monday. Louis Johnson was fatally injured by a fall of 35 feet down the shaft of the Queen mine yesterday. Negaunee will hold special election August 12 to decide the question of borrowing \$5,000 to pay for a new jail. Max Droux rode up in the skip of the Queen mine, was likely to be dumped with the ore into the pocket, jumped to avoid it and was killed by falling down the shaft, 240 feet. The water in the Calumet mine is now 53 feet below the 34th level, having been lowered 44 feet four inches in the last 24 hours. Newberry celery in market. Ishpeming proposes a base ball tournament, with prizes worth working for.—M. J., 3d.

The supervisors have taken the first step towards providing a jail which shall not be a disgrace to the county.—Herald, Ontonagon.

Mat Wallace broke into Nesbitt & McGowan's store, at Baraga, and stole five revolvers, was spotted, detected and jailed. The Graphite Co. propose to put in better machinery and increase the output. Our Benedicts and Bachelors will play ball August 7.—Sentinel, L'Anse.

Parties are here looking for a site for a furniture factory. Six logging camps are already in operation—an early start.—Pioneer, Manistique.

An unknown man, apparently a Skandinavian and about 23 years old, shot himself with suicidal intent Wednesday evening. He is alive yet but the wound is almost certainly fatal.—Pick & Axe, Bessemer.

By the explosion of a case of dynamite at Republic last Friday, the two men who had it in charge to take into the mine—Herman Linderen and Wm. Lawney—and three children, Charles Peterson, Andrew Hilsen and Alice Leon—were blown to atoms. How the stuff was exploded must be a matter of conjecture, but it is believed that it was set off when the men lighted their lamps at the pit mouth. Lainey could not get ball and must tarry in the Marquette jail until his trial.—M. J., 5th.

Mackinac Island is to have a race course and the peculiar thing about it is that it is to be lighted by electric lights and the speeding over it done in the evening. Indians say there is a big cave under the Rabbits Back and it is to be found and explored or the story disproved.—News, St. Ignace.

The Rifles are off to-day, forty strong, for the state encampment at Battle Creek. The Calumet company goes by the same train. The extension of the Ishpeming water system to the new source of supply, lake Sally, will be completed before the freeze up.—M. J., 6th.

Gen. Howard will arrive to-day to inspect Ft. Brady. Jail is too small and supervisors are considering ways and means of getting more cell room. The half mile track at the driving park will be ready for use in a week.—News, Sablet Ste Marie.

Louis Charrier pleaded guilty and Judge Williams suspended sentence. Thomas Moriarity, 15 years old, is missing from Hancock and his father and mother ask for information of his whereabouts. The new city building at Negaunee is to be two stories and a basement—heating apparatus and moque; first floor, cells and rooms for the marshal; second floor, library and rooms for marshal's family. Tourists (and denizens of the city, too) steal flowers, even from cemeteries, to their shame be it said. McCabe & Cook, formerly of Marquette, were the only hardware men in Spokane City whose place escaped the fire there.—M. J., 7th.

THE WEEK.

A new oil field has been discovered and partially developed at Terre Haute. The oil was struck August 1.

A horse which had been bitten by a rabid dog two weeks previous, went mad in Chicago August 1 and bit two men and a dozen horses before it was killed.

The Pacific Mail S. S. Co. succeeded in recovering the treasure, \$200,000, from the wreck of the Granada, near Manzanilla, but the ship can not be raised.

The Plymouth monument—to the "Mayflower" immigrants, was dedicated August 1. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, was orator of the day.

Mr. Tichenor, assistant secretary of the treasury, was taken ill Aug. 2 and was carried to his home. The immediate cause of his illness was an attack of sciatica, an old army complaint, but there are other complications. Colonel Tichenor has not been an entirely well man since the war.

George H. Jamison, a journalist well known in Chicago, has laid down his pen forever. Three weeks ago he was nearly overcome, and when inside the white house nearly experienced a sunstroke. He was taken home, and he never rose again. Malarial fever developed, and last night he died.

The "Sally Walters" mine, recently discovered at New Diggings, Wis., near Galena, Ill., is credited with the enormous yield, up to the present time, of 400 tons of lead and zinc ore, which has been sold at an average price of \$22.50 per ton. This mine is pronounced by experts one of the most prolific in southern Wisconsin.

Spreckels big sugar refinery, at Philadelphia, with which he proposes to fight the sugar trust, is to be doubled in area and capacity and made capable of handling 2,000 tons of raw sugar a day.

Brooks comet is seen at the Lick observatory as a group or family of comets—three in number, certainly, and probably six or seven.

The French government will ask for Boulanger's extradition.

A Cairo dispatch of August 3 announces the death in battle of Wad el Jumi, the successor of the Mahdi, and the defeat of his forces, with a loss of 1,500 in killed and wounded.

The Tsar is sulky and will not come to Bismarck's little party, but Franz Joseph and Wilhelm will do Berlin while Bismarck and Kalnoy talk business.

A flood in the creek swept away all the walks, bridges and other improvements in Watkins Glen, N. Y., and put the village under water.

The great pacer, Johnston, made a mile, at Cleveland August 2, in 2.6 1/2.

A bold thief grabbed a handful of diamonds from a Kansas City jeweler in broad day light, and got clear away with them.

An explosion in the express car of a Grand Trunk train which had just cleared the Victoria bridge at Montreal killed the messenger and destroyed the car and its contents. It is believed that the intent was to wreck the bridge.

K. H. Johnson has just been sent back from Chicago to Norway to be tried for forgeries committed there.

The new cruiser Boston ran upon the rocks of Rose Island, Newport harbor, and cut a big hole in her bottom last Saturday.

Cincinnati saloons gave up the fight and did not try to keep open last Sunday.

Two masked men went through the sleeping car of a Wabash train just after it left Kansas city last Saturday evening, robbing every person in it, and escaped by jumping from the train. The amount of their booty was small—only about \$200.

A reception was given Mr. Halstead by the republican clubs of Hamilton county last Saturday evening and his candidacy for the senate announced.

Robert Marvel, 86 years old has been unable to swallow and has taken no food for 52 days yet he is so strong that the doctors think he will live for 50 days more.

A world's fair association, capital \$5,000,000, has been incorporated at Chicago. The fair is to be held in '92 and to celebrate the 400th anniversary of the discovery by Columbus.

The President left Washington to visit Mr. Blaine, at Bar Harbor, Thursday morning. He was accompanied by Secretaries Windom, Proctor and Tracy and his private secretary, Mr. Halford. He will be in Washington again on the 17th.

Postmaster Paul, of Milwaukee, was allowed to resign.

Spokane Falls had its heart burned out Sunday night. Only one business block is left. The loss is estimated at \$14,000,000 but that is an exaggeration, no doubt. The city had Holly water works but the pressure was low when the fire started and the superintendent, not to be found, and the blaze soon got beyond control.

Burke reached Chicago at 10, Monday night last and now the "Cronin case" can go on.

Hippolyte and Jumeau attacked Fort au Prince July 23 and were badly beaten. Legitimate seems to have a show yet.

The Sioux chief Gall decided at last to accept the offer of the government and the great Sioux reservation will be opened to white occupation. It means double their present population within a year for South Dakota.

An epidemic of dysentery prevails at Keokuk and Warsaw.

"Honest Dick" Tate, the defaulting state treasurer of Kentucky, has been caught and brought home.

The Chickasaw Guards, the crack militia company of Memphis, is in camp at Oconomowoc, Wis., for a three weeks' tour of duty and fun.

Six masked men went through a train on the Ft. Worth & Denver road near Tascosa and robbed express and mail cars but did not disturb passengers. The robbers got only \$2,000, most of the mail and express treasure having been hidden by messenger and mail clerk.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address.

Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St, New York.

The Cronin cases have been taken on charge of venue from Judge Horton's court to Judge McConnell's.

Idleness is a Dangerous Fault

In the kidneys. When inactive they speedily fall into disrepair. Those obstinate and fatal maladies, Bright's disease and diabetes, ensue with terrible certainty upon the inaction of the organs affected. Catarrh of the bladder, enuresis, gravel and strangury are also to be apprehended from a partial paralysis of the bladder, of which weakness and sluggishness are the causes. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a fine tonic and promoter of activity for the renal organs, and one which can be relied upon to afford them the requisite stimulus without exciting them—an effect to be feared from the unmedicated alcoholic excitant of commerce. A further beneficial effect of the Bitters, by renewing activity of the kidneys, is to enable them to drain from the blood in its passage through them, impurities productive of rheumatism and dropsy. Nervousness, fever and ague, constipation and dyspepsia are conquered by the Bitters.

An incomplete distillery at La Salle, Illinois, started to "bust the trust" has been bought up by the trust and the work stopped.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from your druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of throat, lungs or chest, such as consumption, inflammation of the lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to the taste, perfectly safe and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at Mead's drug store.

Forced to Leave Home.

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, if you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist to-day for a free trial sample of this quick remedy. The ladies praise it. Every one likes it. Large size package 50 cents. If

English Spainin Liniment removes all hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses. Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-bone, Stiffes Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, Etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by Justin N. Mead, Escanaba.

Directly after the Johnstons flood the Germania Band of Battle Creek gave a concert at the Tabernacle for the benefit of the flood sufferers. Nearly \$400 were netted. The funds were placed in the hands of a committee, who have just turned them over to the Union Home at Battle Creek. "Charity begins at home."

A Distressing Case and Happy Cure.

For over a year I have had a breaking out on my leg, which troubled me so bad I could not walk, leg badly swelled, of a purple color, with eruptions so bad that blood would ooze out if I bore my weight on it. I was recommended to try Clark's Extract of Flax (Papillon) Skin Cure, which I have done. My leg is now well and I can walk two miles on it without any trouble." Signed, "A. D. Hayward."

Clark's Flax Soap makes the skin soft and prevents chapping. Skin Cure \$1.00. Soap 25 cents. For Sale by J. N. Mead.

Marit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Dr. King's Life Pills, Backlen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Mead, druggist.

A rape (and subsequent murder) of a girl of fifteen, at Berkeville, Texas, goes unpunished as yet, the perpetrator not being identified.

Bullion's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, letter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. N. Mead.

The Homeliest Man in Escanaba.

As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of *King's* Balsam for the Throat, and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to relieve and cure all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Bronchitis and Consumption. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.

100 Ladies Wanted.

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy, discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up of the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Every one praises it. Large size packages 50 cents. At all druggists. If

An Eminent Doctor's Prescription.

Dr. C. P. Henry, Chicago, Ill., who has practiced medicine many years says: Last spring he used and prescribed Clark's Extract of Flax (Papillon) Skin Cure in 40 or 50 cases, and never knew a case where it failed to cure. "I know of no remedy I can rely on so implicitly." Positive cure for all diseases of the skin. Applied externally. Clark's Flax Soap is best for Babes. Skin Cure \$1.00. Soap 25 cents. At Mead's Drug Store.

I have used S. S. S. for debility resulting from chill and fever, and have found it to be the best tonic and appetizer that I ever took. It also prevented the return of the chills.

A. J. ANYLIN, Eureka Springs, Ark.

Dick Hornbooker is a respected and well-to-do colored citizen of Springfield, Mo. He says that one bottle of Swin's Specific cured both himself and wife of a troublesome eruption of the skin.

Mr. W. C. White is engineer on a boat on the Arkansas river, and his address is Little Rock. He says that S. S. S. has relieved him of blood poison, which was the result of malaria, and that it prevents chills and fever by toning up the system. He takes it in the spring and summer months to prevent sickness from the malaria of the swamps on the river.

Mr. L. M. Gevelia, of Vicksburg, Miss., says that his system was poisoned with nicotine from the excessive use of tobacco in smoking cigarettes. He could not sleep, his appetite was gone, and he was in a bad fix generally. He took S. S. S., which drove out the poison and made a new man of him.

The Handsomest Lady in Escanaba. Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when other cough remedies had no effect whatever. So to prove that and convince you of its merit, any druggist will give you a Sample Bottle free. Large size 50c and a \$1.

For the National Encampment G. A. H.

The Chicago & North-Western Railway Company will sell excursion tickets to Milwaukee and return from August 21st to 28th, inclusive, at one fare for the round trip, good to return at any time between August 27th and September 5th, and by special arrangement tickets may be extended to September 30th, on application prior to September 3d, to the Joint Agent at Milwaukee.

For full information, apply to Agents of the Chicago & North-Western Railway Company, or address E. P. WILSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Chicago.

j 27 a 10-17

"No matter how it came about; if your nerves are on the strike go to Preston's for Samarian Nerve; it's the thing you need."

BLACKSMITH.

JOHN RAGINE, Dealer in—

Wagons, Sleighs

ETC.

Blacksmith Shop in Connection.

I am prepared to do all work in my line promptly and satisfactorily.

SHOP OPPOSITE NEW LUDINGTON HOTEL.

LUMBER.

Lumber For Sale

OR

Sawed to Order.

My mill is now running and I am prepared to furnish

Hardwood, Pine and Hemlock

Lumber and Shingles,

at the Lowest Prices.

Orders Given Prompt Attention.

24th M. HARRIS.

DeLoughary Mich., May 1, 1886.

REWARD.

\$25 Reward.

The undersigned will give any person or persons the above named amount for the discovery and return of the bodies of John Peterson and Willie Moersch, supposed to have been drowned in Little Bay de Noquette January 14, 1889.

P. M. PETERSON, WM. MOERSCH.

Escanaba, Mich, April 20, '89. 25

CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS.

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a TREATISE and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give EXPOSURE and POST OFFICE. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

M. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

PUMPS, ETC.

SAM. STONHOUSE,

—Practical—

Steam and Gas Fitter.

Keeps in stock a full line of

PLUMBER

Pipes, Pumps & Fittings

Drive Wells and

Pump Repairs

—A specialty.—

Orders in the city or country promptly attended to.

ESCANABA, MICH

I AND

CASH PAID

For Partly Developed

MINING PROPERTIES,

Pine and Mineral Lands.

JULIAN M. CASE,

Marquette, Mich.

MACHINERY.

Frank Kraus,

—Dealer in—

Farm Machinery

Portable Mills,

Horse and Steam Powers.

I am now prepared to furnish to order, promptly, Reapers, Mowers, Horse Rakes, (any sort or size), Threshers, with steam or horse powers, Plows of all kinds, Bells for farm, school or church, Buggies, Buckboards and Wagons and Pumps.

Come and see me or write to me; I will give you satisfactory deals every time.

FRANK KRAUS,

Hamacher House,

Escanaba, - Michigan.

THE ESCANABA

Water Works Co

Office, cor. Tilden and Wells Aves.

Is still doing Plumbing in its various branches in the most satisfactory manner.

—All kinds of—

Hose Goods,

Marble Works,

Sprinklers and

Water Fixtures

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Estimates Cheerfully Given on Plumbing and Sewerage.

Steam and Water Heating upon any plan and with any fixtures desired.

W. H. LaFleur, Supt.

Tilden Ave. opp. Oliver House.

Is Marriage a Failure?

Prescription

----- B 4712. -----

Ask J. N. Mead.

Drunkennes

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured

BY ADMINISTERING DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC. It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the person taking it; it is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. WE GUARANTEE a complete cure in every instance. 48 page book FREE. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

LADIES

try Dr. Le Duc's "Periodical" Pills from Paris, France. Established in Europe in 1859. Canada in 1898. For Suppressions, Irregularities and Monthly Derangements. A reliable monthly medicine. They always relieve. But should not be used during pregnancy.

Any druggist, or American Pill Co., Reputable Proprietors, Spencer, Iowa, Robert Stephenson & Co., wholesale agents, Chicago. BEST ELLENWORTH sole agent, Escanaba, Mich.

NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, THE 23RD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Sarah Cook, Complainant,

Charles Cook, Defendant,

Both pending in the circuit court for the county of Delta in Chancery at Escanaba on the 23rd day of July A. D. 1889.

It is satisfactorily appearing to this court by affidavit on file that the defendant Charles Cook is not a resident of this state but resides at Detroit, Washington Territory, on a claim of Royce & White complainants solicitors it is ordered that the said defendant Charles Cook cause his appearance to be entered herein within four months from the date of this order in case of his appearance, he is caused to answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitors within twenty days after service on him of a copy of this bill of complaint, and that in default thereof said bill be taken as confessed by said respondent defendant.

And it is further ordered that within twenty days after the date hereof the said complainant cause a notice of the order to be published in Iron Port a newspaper printed, published and circulated in said county and that such publication be continued (except at least once in each week for six weeks in succession or that the cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said respondent defendant at least twenty days before the above time prescribed for his appearance. C. B. GRANT, Circuit Judge.

First publication Aug. 10, 1889.

ORDER OF HEARING.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ) ss. COUNTY OF DELTA, ) ss.

At a session of the probate court for said county, held at the probate office, in the city of Escanaba, on the 5th day of August in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

Present, Honorable Emil Glaser, Judge of Probate, in the matter of the estate of Edward Foucher, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of George Foucher Jr., praying for the appointment of an administrator on the estate of said deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 5th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate office in the city of Escanaba, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. (A true copy.)

EMIL GLASER, Judge of Probate.

First publication August 10, 1889.

ORDER OF HEARING.

State of Michigan, ) ss. County of Delta, ) ss.

At a session of the probate court for the county



THIS is positively the Best Shoe in America for the money. The uppers are cut from Genuine Goat Kid, tanned the same as French kid, and having a harder grain surface, is less liable to crack and will wear longer. This shoe is sewed with the best silk and silk-faced top. A very Stylish Shoe in every particular, and equal to any \$3 Shoe in the market. Nothing but the best Oak-Tanned Sole Leather. Every pair warranted. You will get good style, good fit and good wear by using this shoe.

**100 Dozen Ladies' Hose**  
 Direct from the manufacturers—Fine Cotton and Lisle Thread—Good values at 50 and 75 cents— which will go at  
**Only 25c Per Pair.**  
 REMEMBER THE PLACE—ED. ERICKSON'S—REMEMBER THE PLACE

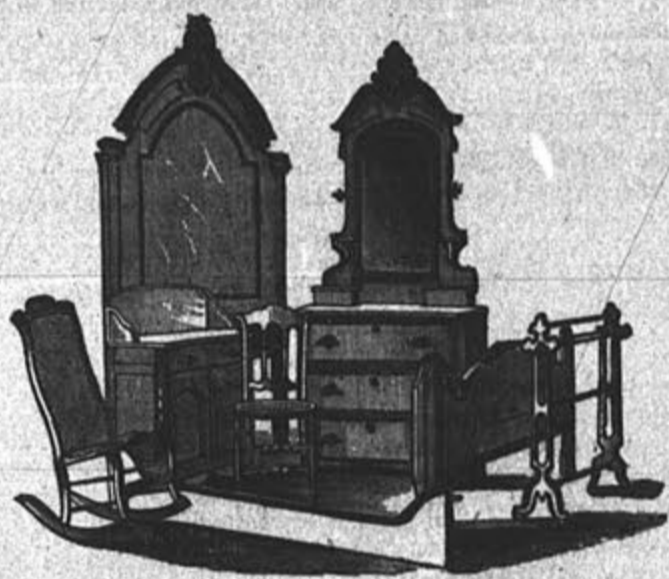
A Rare Chance to Buy  
**Ladies', Misses' and Children's SHOES**  
 At Prices BELOW ACTUAL COST!  
 We want to Reduce Our Stock of Shoes and therefore offer them at a GREAT REDUCTION!  
 WE ALSO HAVE A VERY LARGE STOCK OF  
**Men's - and - Boy's - Shoes**  
 Which we are selling at Prices Never Before Heard Of in Escanaba!! Remember, these prices are only for a short time:  
 Side Lace Shoes Sizes 12 to 2, 50c  
 Ladies' Good Button Shoes from \$1.25 upwards.  
 We have Men's Calfskin Shoes for \$2.00, former price \$3.00 to \$3.50.  
 — Also, a Complete Line of —  
**DRY GOODS and CLOTHING**  
 At the Lowest Possible Price.  
 It would pay you to come and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere.  
**I. KRATZE,**  
 608-10 Ludington Street.

ERICKSON & BISSELL.

**Erickson & Bissell,**  
 At their new place of business, corner Harrison and Ludington Streets,  
**THE : OLD : GROCERY : CORNER,**  
 Now offer the public of Escanaba and vicinity  
**Complete - Stocks - of - Goods**  
 IN EVERY LINE—  
**GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FRUITS, VEGETABLES,**  
 At prices guaranteed to suit.  
**GIVE THEM A CALL.**

FINE FURNITURE.

**P. M. PETERSON,**



**Fine Furniture - Low Prices**

708-10 Ludington Street.

GET YOUR  
**JOB PRINTING**  
 DONE AT THIS OFFICE.

H. J. DEROUIN.

**CLEARING : SALE!**

Preparatory to Removal to larger and Finer Quarters

UNTIL SOLD I OFFER  
**DRESS GOODS** which cost, not counting freight or insurance, over 15 cents a yard and are good value at 25 cents for ..... **Only 15 Cents**  
**COTTONADES**, for summer wear for men and boys, heretofore sold at 20 cents, and cheap goods at that, at ..... **Only 14 Cents**  
**LADIES' KID SHOES**, well worth \$3 and selling at that elsewhere, at from ..... **\$1.50 to \$2.50**  
**CHILDREN'S SHOES**, worth twice the money in any market at from ..... **50 Cents to \$1.50**  
**AND OTHER GOODS AT LIKE FIGURES!**

These prices are positively below prime cost and the goods are staples.

**HENRY J. DEROUIN.**

EPHRAIM & MORRELL.

**Summer Suitings**

A great variety in all the  
**LATEST : STYLES**  
 Of Color and Finish—Fashionably Made up

**Imported and Domestic Cloths**  
 Fit and Workmanship Warranted.

Gent's Furnishings, Rubber Goods,  
 HATS : AND : CAPS.  
**EPHRAIM : & : MORRELL.**

GROCERIES.

**STOP**

And examine the delicious Cakes, Crackers, Macaroons, Wafers, Wine Biscuit, etc., from the celebrated bakery of Holmes & Vanderveer, N. Y., which are acknowledged by all to excel any other in the U. S., for sale only by Rolph, at 509 Ludington St., where you will also find the best assorted and most complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries in the city, all at prices that defy competition.

FINNEGAN'S PHARMACY.



**"ACME" PAINT!**

The above picture tells its own story, but if any one wants explanation

**Finnegan,**  
 Cor. Ludington and Campbell Sts.,

Will be happy to furnish both that and the paint, as well as everything in the lines of

**Drugs, Medicines, Stationery, Cutlery and Notions**  
 Or to put up Prescriptions.

"His : Latch-string : is : Always : Out."

PERSONAL.

—Miss Adele Palmer left on Tuesday for a short visit at Oshkosh.  
 —Miss Effie Northup is visiting at Chicago and Milwaukee this week.  
 —Principal Spoor has gone to Dakota to look after his interests there.  
 —Misses Ella Hatton and Grace Taylor visited at Marquette this week.  
 —Mr. Fuller's family arrived this week and are domiciled near the works.  
 —Mr. A. Ephraim has this week been the guest of his brother our Mr. M. Ephraim.  
 —Misses Mary and Madge Ellsworth, of Milwaukee, are visiting Miss Marian Selden.  
 —President Brooks, of the Bay de Noquet Co., visited Nahma on Monday and Tuesday.  
 —W. H. Wellsted has so far recovered as to render it safe for him to leave the hospital.  
 —Mr. M. Brunette of Green Bay, has looked after his business interests here this week.

—Mr. John Conway, of Chicago, has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Burns this week.

—Mr. H. A. Burt and Hon. F. O. Clark were in town and visited at Gladstone on Thursday.

—A party of Gladstone girls, of whom we recognized only Miss Myra Mason, visited at Escanaba yesterday.

—A. R. Northup was called to Detroit on Friday of last week and returned the day before yesterday.

—Now we know that John McNaughtan has gone, we are ordered to send his IRON PORT to Fond du Lac.

Miss Rose Hurd, who formerly handled our correspondence by wire, is visiting here now. Her present location is Appleton, Wis.

—The Rev. Mr. Rossiter and wife, of Kalamazoo, Mich., have been entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Palmer for the week past.

—Messrs. Benedict and Warren, having finished their outing, bade farewell to their friends here and returned homeward this week.

—Comrade Wm. Michael (called here on a sorrowful errand, the burial of the body of his wife) called on us Saturday evening last.

—Messrs. Smith and McVay, having had their outing and seen something of the wilderness at the head of the Michigamme, have returned to their studies.

—L. L. Disbro, for Benton, Waldo & Co. visited us (and the other printers of town) last Monday. Pleasant gentleman; welcome call; though we bought nothing.

—Maj. Clarke's daughter, who had been for some days the guest of Miss Hattie Harris has returned to Manistique, Miss Harris accompanying her for a return visit.

—Daniel McGillis (we've got to quit calling him "Danny," his beard is too heavy for pet names) visited here from Saturday morning until Monday evening. As long as his mother lives and remains here we shall see him not infrequently.

—Mrs. McColl, of Chatham, Ont., is the guest of her son, our Mr. John P. McColl, for the summer. She is accompanied by her daughter Miss Mary McColl. Mrs. McColl has reached and passed her fourth score of years but is yet active and in good health.

THE COAL HEAVERS employed upon the Northwestern coal docks struck for an advance of wages yesterday, Friday, morning. The contractor (the men are not employes of the company) refused to accede to their demand and submitted a counter proposition which was rejected by the men and the docks are idle as we go to press, but the contractor expects no trouble in securing other men at the old wages. He tells us that his men were earning an average of \$60 per month and were (or would have been) content except for the machinations of a few, whose wages were uniformly furnished by some liquor dealer or other. The strikers were about 60 in number.

Wanted

Family Washing and Plain Sewing, at the old laundry building, Wells avenue. Please call or address.

Mrs. C. E. HALL

ORE SHIPMENTS.

PORT OF ESCANABA AUG. 7.

Angeline No. 1	4977
Sheffield	5504
Angeline Hematite	9753
Angeline South	4068
Barum	918
Buffalo	3030
Buffalo South	2774
Cambria	2744
Champion	2744
Cleveland	3793
Cleveland hematite	2470
Cliff Shaft	7578
Detroit	754
East New York	2002
Jackson	8007
Jackson South	10595
Jackson, Pit. 7	1396
Lillie	1396
Marquette	2495
Michigamme	5938
Milwaukee	3930
Negaunee	4999
Prosser	2508
Hartford	584
Queen	7490
Republic	2000
Salisbury	11811
Bessemer	1396
Superior	60973
Old mine Hematite	9584
Volunteer	299
Winthrop	14419
York	215
Pit. 8	1396
Total from Marquette mines	51909

Aurora	1570
Cary	478
Norris	47990
Total from Gogebic mines	15390

Armenia	25977
Chapin	28770
Cornwall	4620
Cyclops	1815
Dunn	6987
Florence	8703
Great Western	19618
Hamilton	6590
Iron River	8528
Ludington	37253
Mastodon	30110
Monitor	4913
Mills	708
Metropolitan	45713
No. way	11687
Paint River	5994
Perkins	8406
Scourgon River	8140
Valonia	6891
Walpole	506
South Mastodon	4059
Holt & Hoff	88350
Total from Menominee mines	159531

PORT OF GLADSTONE

Star Ludington	13,871
Republic Specular	8,593
West Republic	6,741
Chapin	3,974
Total	31,402

PORT OF MARQUETTE.

American	9734
Barum	9973
Buffalo	15140
Buffalo South	1344
Cambria	1750
Champion	9495
Cleveland	8029
Derry	8821
Detroit	3040
Dexter	3045
Grand Rapids	3915
C. H. Hall	5032
Humboldt	7780
Jackson	2052
Lake Superior	29496
Lillie	2999
Marquette Ore Co	1200
Milwaukee	26934
Michigamme	7551
Negaunee	29410
North Champion	6136
Pittsburgh & Lake Angeline	10520
Queen	21110
Republic	25099
Republic Red Co.	13991
South Buffalo	33880
Volunteer	18007
West Republic	12728
Wetmore	6296
East Champion	690
Total from Marquette	785,522

PORT OF ST. IGNACE.

Cambria	1385
Cleveland	10700
Lucy	8500
Lillie	4551
Webster	117
Total	25,553

PORT OF ASHLAND.

Anvil	17145
Ashland	25254
Aurora	114977
Globe	3972
Brotherton	37581
Beaver	13298
Cary	20419
Colby South	27493
Sellwood	13752
Colby Section 15	9222
Germania	25693
Iron Belt	24890
Montreal	2107
Montreal, North V.	19185
Iron King	15981
Ironton	17228
Norris	174040
E. Norris	2844
Odansah	5008
Palat	5281
Section 33 South Vein	2408
Section 33 North	7054
Windsor	7982
Peace	40026
Ruby	4974
Total from Ashland	791,890

Grand Total from all the ports	3,290,209
Two Harbors July 31	499,004
Total	3,789,213

Battle Creek folks are a bit shaky about their police force while the militia is in camp and wants a "provost guard" to supplement it.