

# THE IRON PORT.

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25 1908

NUMBER 3

## ASK COUNCIL TO BUY SITE

Business Men's Association Recommend Purchase of Property South of City

### ON WATER FRONT

Matter was Presented to Council by J. V. Moran of National Grocer Company

Escanaba's Business Men's Association, at the meeting of the Common Council on Tuesday evening, recommended to the members of that body that the strip of land south of the city should be purchased and held to offer as sites for manufacturing concerns, docks and other institutions that will improve the city's prosperity. Communications from the Business Men's Association was presented by Mr. Moran of the National Grocer Co. Mr. Moran gave the members of the Council some interesting facts regarding what might be done in this city in the way of securing new industries.

He showed that Escanaba was the natural connecting point for water and rail shipments between the East and West; that this city is the distributing point of the Upper Peninsula and that it is an ideal spot for the location of industries using both wood and iron. Mr. Moran asked for the purchase of the strip of land south of the city in order that the city might have water frontage property to offer industries that might be induced to locate here. The strip in question comprises 27 acres and has 700 feet of water frontage. It is owned by Dr. A. S. Winn, who has given the Business Men's Association a 30-day option on it for \$2,000. With the city owning this strip of land for the purposes named, Mr. Moran pointed out that it would not be a difficult matter to secure some assistance from the Government in improving the harbor at that point. The communication from the Business Men was referred to a committee composed of Aldermen MacCauley, Wilke and St. Jacques.

In commenting upon the proposition offered by the Business Men through Mr. Moran, Alderman Powers declared in strong terms that the proposition was one of the best that he had ever known presented to the Council.

### THREE WERE FINED

Violators of Liquor Laws Given Warning by Judge Stone

Three saloonkeepers pleaded guilty before Judge J. W. Stone in Circuit court Monday morning to the charge of violating the liquor law. The three men were Michael Shea and William Sullivan of Escanaba and Jack Rowan of Groes. The specific charges against the saloonkeepers were keeping their places open Sundays. A fine of \$25 and costs amounting to 15 was assessed in connection with the fine. A severe warning was given by Judge Stone to any saloon keeper who should be brought before him twice for the same offense. Judge Stone made the statement that in all other counties of his circuit he will in the future impose jail sentences to all violators of the liquor laws who are brought before him a second time.

### IN A RECEPTIVE MOOD

John E. Bird Will Run for Governor if People Want Him

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 20.—While Attorney-General Bird was in Detroit on Saturday he said that he would make a definite announcement of his position in the gubernatorial situation within a very short time.

"Of course, I am gratified at the promises of support made me. Any man must feel the honor of being suggested as a fitting candidate for governor of a commonwealth like this."

"If I become governor of Michigan I will not be nominated by any faction or clique. Nor will I become the candidate of any clique or crowd. I stated before that I would only become a candidate if I believed there was a sufficient element in the party that desired my nomination. I have not changed a particle."

For the Children.

It is said that London produces over 200 new designs in "penny toys" every week.

### One Concern's Big Postal Bill

The receipts of the Gladstone post-office in 1907 were about \$11,000 of which \$4,844 was the postage bill of the Marble Safety Axe company.

## MARRIED AT ROCKFORD

Escanaba Couple Have Quiet Wedding at Illinois City Last Week

A quiet wedding took place at Rockford, Ill., on Wednesday of last week when L. K. Edwards and Miss Jessie Warren, two well known young people of this city were united in marriage. None but the intimate friends and close relatives of the bride and groom were aware of the matrimonial plans which the young couple had made and consequently the announcement of the wedding came as a surprise to many friends in this city. Until a short time ago the bride was employed as a clerk in the jewelry store of the H. M. Stevenson Co. Two weeks ago she left Escanaba and visited at the home of her parents at Ladysmith, Wis. On Tuesday of last week she was joined by Mr. Edwards who left the city on a supposed business trip to Chicago. To escape the provision of the rigid license laws of Wisconsin, which require that the marriage license must be issued five days before the marriage of the couple, Mr. Edwards and his bride went to Rockford where the ceremony was performed at once. The bride is the daughter of Frank Warren, a former resident of this city and has a large circle of friends here. The groom is proprietor of the automobile garage and is a promising young business man of the city.

### A Mystery Explained

Says The Mining Journal: "Why the main line of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie railroad was not run through the city of Escanaba instead of passing some two miles to the north of it, skipping the big ore-shiping port altogether, is a mystery that has long aroused conjecture." The mystery does not exist to anyone who remembers the first running to the Soo Line, comments the Gladstone Delta. At that time it was intended that the Soo Line should transact its business at Gladstone, the booming city which would soon overshadow and engulf Escanaba. The files of The Mining Journal will show the awe and esteem in which this metropolis was held twenty years ago.

## CATHOLICS IN COUNTY

Census Shows Number in Each of Parishes in Delta County

The Catholic census for the Upper Peninsula has been completed and from it the following figures are taken showing the number of Catholics in all the Delta county parishes:

Bark River	389
Escanaba St. Anne's Church	2,253
St. Joseph's	1,650
St. Patrick's	1,918
Fayette	200
Flat Rock	592
Garden	804
Gladstone	850
Perkins	387
Trombly, Perkins Mission	112
Rapid River	525
Nahma	150
Isabella	62
St. Jacques	75
Auger	51
Schaffer	1,165

Catholics in Upper Peninsula Number 93,022

According to the most recent state census the population of the upper peninsula is 275,525 and according to the Catholic census of the upper peninsula, which has just been completed more than one third of the total population of the upper peninsula is of the Catholic faith. The Catholic census, as was done throughout the entire country, was taken by priests in upper Michigan. About a year ago, the government made a request that such a census be taken and Archbishop Glennon took the task. The returns from upper Michigan have now all been received by Bishop Eis and are to be forwarded to Archbishop Glennon at St. Louis. The total number of Catholics counted is 93,022, and as a number of remote localities were not included it is estimated that the number is very close to 100,000.

Throughout the peninsula each priest went carefully through his parish learning the exact number included under his charge. The results have been placed in the hands of Bishop Eis who will send them to St. Louis. The final report will be made to the government by Archbishop Glennon. The census is the first attempt to obtain a comprehensive and accurate enumeration of any religious sect of any importance that has ever been made.

### New Manager

A. W. Payne of Kansas City, an electrical street railway operator has been secured as general manager for the Escanaba street railway company, to succeed A. R. Moore who retired at the annual meeting of that company last week. Mr. Payne arrived in Escanaba on Monday and at once assumed the duties of his new position.

## TWO KILLED IN EXPLOSION

Terrible Accident Occurred Last Saturday at Flat Rock

### FROM DYNAMITE

Men were Engaged in Blasting Rock when Charge Exploded Suddenly

As the result of the explosion of a charge of dynamite at the site of the Escanaba Electric Power & Pulp Co's plant at Flat Rock last Saturday forenoon, two men received injuries which caused death within a few hours. The victims were Edward Quackenbush and Felix Cleame. The two men were engaged in loading sticks of dynamite in holes bored in the rock and the accident was caused by the pounding of the dynamite into the holes with too great force. Only a few moments before the accident, the foreman of the crew passed the place where the men were working and noticing that they were handling the dynamite carelessly, cautioned them to be more careful.

When the explosion occurred, the two men were blown into the air and the flesh about their faces and heads was terribly torn and bruised. The eyes of both men were blown out in the explosion and both sustained fractures of the skull.

Cleame died within six hours after the explosion while Quackenbush lingered till Sunday morning. Both men were only slightly known in Escanaba. Quackenbush has a brother at Bay City who has ordered the remains shipped to that city for interment.

Cleame came to Escanaba on Wednesday of last week from Chicago.

## FIRST TRIP TO GARDEN

E. O. Perron Drives First Automobile to Points on Big Bay

The first automobile to make the trip by land from Escanaba to Garden Bay was driven to that town last Saturday by E. O. Perron, assistant cashier of the State Savings Bank. Mr. Perron, accompanied by his wife whose relatives live in Garden, left the city about four o'clock Saturday afternoon and arrived safely in Garden at about nine o'clock in the evening. The trip was made over roads which would be impassable in summer time because of their sandy condition and through a part of the country which is scarcely passable with a horse and rig. Especially is this true of the road between Ensign and St. Jacques where Mr. Perron experienced considerable difficulty. The return trip from Garden was made on Sunday and the distance was covered in about three and one-half hours.

### Chapter Organized Here

The Louis Cass Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution has been organized in Escanaba with twelve charter members. The officers selected are as follows: Regent, Mrs. Sarah L. Selden; Vice-Regent, Mrs. A. H. Ryall; Registrar, Mrs. Albert Ellsworth; Sec. Mrs. Arthur H. Ryall; Treasurer, Miss Lovia Bryant. The name of the chapter has been selected as an honor to one of Michigan's first governors and to the man who hoisted the first American flag in the peninsula.

## GOT SMALL VERDICT

Jury in Circuit Court Awards \$250 To Helen Firkus

The suit brought by Mrs. Helen Firkus against the City of Escanaba to recover damages alleged to have been received by her because of the defective sidewalk, was tried before a jury in Circuit Court Tuesday morning and resulted in a verdict, amounting to \$250, being given to the complainant. The case was given to the jury about 11 o'clock and after being out for three hours, a verdict was returned.

### Given 60 Days

A jury in Judge Emil Glaser's court on Friday afternoon of last week found that James Colquhoun, a blacksmith of Lathrop was guilty of the charge of beating his wife. A sentence of 60 days at the County Jail was imposed by the Court. Many of the unpleasant details of the matrimonial troubles of the Colquhoun family were brought out in Court. The defendant claimed that he was made the target of flat irons thrown by his wife before he had attempted to strike her. Considerable evidence however, was introduced showing that the defendant repeatedly abused his wife and for sometime had not provided for her support.

## MANY CONTINUED

List of Cases Disposed of in Circuit Court

Following was the disposition made Monday of civil actions entered on the calendar for the January term of circuit court and which will not be tried at this time: Walter S. Lord against Daniel Carroll countermanded, Deloria & Gibbs against Frank H. Atkins continued, John Lagerstrom against the Chicago & North-Western Railway Company continued, Bertha Hunt against the city of Escanaba continued, Goodman Shedine against Garth Lumber & Shingle Company continued, Goodman Shedine against the Jerry Madden Shingle Company continued, Edward Smith against Michigan State Telephone Company motion for continuance on part of plaintiff to be argued, McNeil & Higgins Company against John Falk and George H. Lueck countermanded, O. L. Raymond against O. B. Olson stricken from calendar, George Mennie against A. F. Alely & Company settled stricken from calendar, Swan M. Johnson against Nels Johnson motion for continuance to be argued, August Nelson against Mose & Max Kurz motion for continuance to be argued, Narcisse Thibault against Escanaba Manufacturing Company judgment for plaintiff for \$41.25 entered, Deloria & Gibbs against Louis Van Winkle continued, Frank Goluecke against J. W. Lawson judgment for \$503 entered by consent, Andrew Backer against John Magnuson continued, Sarah Daley against city of Escanaba continued, Herbert E. Foote against village of Garden motion for continuance to be argued, Van's Harbor Land & Lumber Company against Donald McKinnon and Charles Stone settled, National Grocer Company against the Hill Drug Company settled, Sarah L. Selden against Escanaba Woodware Company passed temporarily, James E. Patton against J. W. Lawson judgment by default, Peter D. Harris against Frank Paquin countermanded, Garth Lumber & Shingle Company, Jerry Madden Shingle Company and North-Western Coopersage & Lumber Company against Ole Johnson, Gust Roberts, Arvid Bergman, Goodman Shedine, Edward Anderson and John Wickstrom continued, Pierre Viaw's Maple Company against Arthur C. Bird to be submitted on briefs, Escanaba Manufacturing Company against John J. Meyers stricken because matter not at issue.

### Submitted to Non-Suit

In order to prevent a verdict being awarded to the defendant in the case of Swan G. Nelson, as administrator for the estate of Louis O. Larson, against the Pittsburg Coal Cook Co., Attorneys Yelland & Norblad allowed a non-suit to be entered in the action.

When it became apparent after the arguments had been presented, that the court intended to take the case from the jury and award a verdict to the defendant, the attorneys for the plaintiff asked that a non-suit be entered, which request was granted.

In this way they will be permitted to begin suit over again under a new law that went into effect in 1905.

## DROVE TOO FAST

Two Gladstone Men Arrested For Abusing Horse on Ludington St.

Henry Mueller, a cigar maker and a companion who live at Gladstone, were arrested shortly before noon on Tuesday after terribly abusing a horse which they had driven from the upper bay city at a break neck pace. The two men were locked up at the police station and the horse was turned over to a liverman to be cared for. The men left Gladstone Tuesday morning after securing the rig at the stable of Rogers & McCarthy and when reached this city were considerably intoxicated. The horse was driven up and down Ludington St. several times, with the driver at times beating the animal unmercifully. The spectacle attracted considerable attention and as soon as possible the two men were taken into custody by Chief of Police Beitzer. The chief got the horse by the reins and succeeded in leaping into the rig in spite of the attempt of the two men to escape. Both men were then driven to the police station in their own rig.

### Daring Engineering

California has the world-wide reputation of fathering the most daring engineering projects in the world in the way of electrical generation and transmission.

### Claims Roads Gave Rebates

After being out twenty-four hours, the jury in the case of E. W. Angell was unable to agree and was dismissed. Angell was charged with embezzling nearly \$9,000 belonging to an Ann Arbor railroad company. In his testimony in his own behalf, Angell charged the road with granting rebates to various local concerns.

## ON PRIMARY LAW

Governor Warner Issues Statement to People

### EXPLAINS PROVISIONS

List of Senatorial Districts in Which Direct Nominations Are Not Yet Secured—Fifty Counties Now Use System

Governor Warner has issued a statement to the voters, calling attention to the new primary law and the steps necessary to adopt it in the various counties.

The statement is as follows: The new primary law goes into effect on the twenty-fifth of this month and as many inquiries have been received regarding its operation, I have deemed it advisable to call the attention of the people to some of its provisions. Any further information desired will be promptly furnished.

Those who desire to take part in primary elections under the law will be required to enroll if they have not already done so. Under the provisions of the new law the first Tuesday in September will hereafter be the day upon which all primary elections for county, legislative and congressional nominations will be made, as well as for governor and lieutenant governor. Two enrollment days are provided for by the new law; one on the registration day previous to the spring election and one on the Saturday previous to the first Tuesday of the month occurring this year on September 1. There is no new enrollment required under the new law except for those who have changed their residence or party affiliations.

All congressional districts, counties and representative districts which adopted the direct nominating system under the law of 1905 remain so under the new law. This is also true of those senatorial districts, the boundaries of which were not changed under the senatorial apportionment of the last regular session. In all senatorial districts where changes were made a re-submission of the question is necessary. Unless this is done nominations will be made under the old convention system. The senatorial districts in which it is necessary to submit the question of direct nominations are as follows:

Sixth—Kalamazoo, St. Joseph; seventh—Berrien, Cass; eighth—Allegan, Van Buren; ninth—Calhoun, Branch; tenth—Jackson, Hillsdale; eleventh—St. Clair, Macomb; twelfth—Oakland, Washtenaw; thirteenth—Barry, Eaton, Clinton; twenty-first—Tuscola, Lapeer; twenty-second—Saginaw; twenty-third—Muskegon, Ottawa; twenty-fourth—Midland, Bay; twenty-fifth—Mecosta, Isabella, Gratiot; twenty-sixth—Manistee, Mason, Lake Oceana, Newago; twenty-seventh—Antrim, Kalkaska, Missaukee, Wexford, Grand-Traverse, Leelanau, Benzie; twenty-eighth—Alcona, Crawford, Iosco, Ogemaw, Roscommon, Arenac, Gladwin, Clare, Osceola; twenty-ninth—Cheboygan, Presque Isle, Alpena, Emmet, Charlevoix, Oosteen, Montmorency; thirtieth—Menominee, Delta, Schoolcraft, Luce, Mackinac, Chippewa; thirty-first—Gogebic, Iron, Marquette, Dickinson, Alger, thirty-second—Ontonagon, Houghton, Keweenaw, Baraga.

The districts named above are those whose boundaries were changed by the reapportionment or which did not adopt the system under the 1905 law. In either event it will be necessary for them to have the question submitted before nominations can be made by direct vote.

There is no doubt that there is a very general desire to extend this system to other districts and counties, and before this can be done it will be necessary to file with the county clerk or secretary of state, as the law provides, petitions signed by 20 per cent of the enrolled voters of the party under the old enrollment. These petitions must be circulated signed and filed as above stated between the date the law goes into effect, January 25, 1908, and the fifth of March, 1908, which is the last day upon which petitions can be filed under the law stating that that must be done 30 days previous to the election. This will bring the matter before the voters at the regular spring election. Monday April 6, 1908, and allow them to decide what they want in this matter.

At present we have nearly 50 counties in which at least one of the political parties nominates county candidates by direct vote a large majority of the members of the legislature, and nine out of twelve congressional districts also make nominations by direct vote. In every instance where it has been submitted, the people have decided in favor of it and it is equally certain that the system has come to stay

## STATE TAX LANDS

Commission of Inquiry has Been Looking Over Present Methods—Wasteful in The Extreme

One of the important acts of the last legislature was the creation of a "commission of inquiry as to tax lands and forestry, to investigate the past and present methods of dealing with the state tax lands and to recommend changes in the state policy." The commission appointed by Governor Warner is made up of R. D. Graham, Grand Rapids, president; A. B. Cook, Owosso, secretary; Charles B. Blair, Grand Rapids, executive agent; C. V. R. Townsend, Negaunee; George B. Horton, Fruit Ridge; A. L. Palmer, Kalkaska; Francis King, Alma; D. B. Waldo, Kalamazoo; W. E. Osmun, Montague, and Carl E. Schmidt, Detroit.

The commission has already made extensive inquiry into present methods of dealing with the state tax lands and has discovered some surprising conditions. The state holds 545,000 acres of tax lands in the auditor general's office, title to which has been forfeited by the former owners, but which have not yet been decided to the state, and 567,000 acres of tax homestead land in the land department, title to which rests in the state. Both classes of land are subject to sale and the latter to homestead entry. The investigations thus far made show that with annual sales of 200,000 to 250,000 acres the state has been receiving on an average of but \$1.08 an acre and if the homestead entries are included the average is but 81 cents an acre. The land in many instances is taken for the timber to be found on it and it is usually abandoned as soon as stripped. A few repetitions of this process leaves the land absolutely worthless. In other states the policy is to hold the tax lands as forest reserves and to protect them from fires. In this manner their value is conserved and in time they become an important asset, each year of greater value. If this policy were adopted in Michigan the greatest average of state land in any one county would be 27 per cent of the total average; in but two counties would the state lands equal 20 per cent of the total average, while in twenty lower peninsula and ten upper peninsula counties it would not exceed 2 per cent. The 54,000 acres forest reserve held by the state in Roscommon county represents but 16 per cent of the total average of that county.

The commission of inquiry is making a thorough study of the question and it is expected will make recommendations to the next legislature as to future policy, backing them with facts and figures that will be of the greatest interest.

The commission met at Lansing last week and instructed Charles B. Blair, the executive agent, "to give public notice that any person interested will be heard by the commission at a time and place convenient to such person, at when hearing he will be given an opportunity to present or make such statements or fact or arguments as he may desire touching the question, what is the best use to which the state can put the state tax lands. It is the desire of the commission to make this as public as possible and to give everybody interested full opportunity to be heard." The hearings will be at any time and place desired.

### Dancing Party

One of the most enjoyable dancing parties of the season was that given at the Elks' hall Tuesday night by several young men of the city. The party was arranged as a return for a leap year party given a short time before by some of the young ladies.

### A Remedy.

Young Wife (whose husband is a scientist, to a friend)—Yes, I am happy. If my husband gets vexed about anything he sits down and calculates when the world will come to an end, and then he is all right again.—File-gende Blatter.

### Everybody Laughs.

A philosopher says: "The man who laughs is the sympathetic man." It is wishing how many sympathizers you has when he slips down and is himself.

and that it will be extended in time into every portion of the state. It will necessarily require some effort and work during the next six weeks to get the required number of signatures to have the matter voted upon in April.

The new law is not a perfect one by any means, but its use and operation will make apparent its defects and future legislature can and will correct its faults.

If blank petitions required under the new law cannot be found at the office of the county clerk, they will be promptly furnished upon application to this office.

FRED M. WARNER, Governor.



# From the State Capital

Information and Gossip Furnished by Special Correspondent at Lansing.

Lansing.—According to one prophesying politician developments of the greatest interest and importance are believed to be impending in the political situation within the state. For more than a year a most formidable sentiment in the Republican party has been convinced of the availability as a candidate for governor of John E. Bird of Adrian, present attorney-general of the state. This sentiment is said to have been held in restraint by two barriers erected by Mr. Bird himself. One barrier was found in his personal friendship for and implicit confidence in Dr. J. B. Bradley, whose candidacy for governor has already drawn to it a large following; another barrier was Mr. Bird's reluctance to believe that the demand for him was imperative and would not be satisfied as well or even better in the merits of some other candidate. This point has been most strongly emphasized. Even if Dr. Bradley had declined to be a candidate Mr. Bird would require the most convincing evidence of the reality and positiveness of the call. It has been known to all his friends that his ambitions were wholly professional and would find gratification if the partiality of his friends should in due process of years think him worthy of a seat on the supreme bench. The sentiment that favors him as a harmony candidate for governor, capable of uniting many diverse and opposing elements in the party, is, however, reaching a point where it threatens to overwhelm the barriers he has imposed. Anything set forth at this time must be more in the nature of prophecy than positive declaration, but the possibilities of this feature of the state political situation have assumed prominence.

### New Development in Race.

Truman H. Newberry's withdrawal from the race for delegate-at-large to the Republican national convention was a new development of the political situation in Michigan. The announcement that the assistant secretary of the navy would withdraw in favor of E. D. Stair came through Congressman Edwin Denby, who returned from Washington and consulted with Mr. Newberry's friends here as to the advisability of recalling his candidacy. He brought with him Mr. Newberry's consent for such action, if it were deemed advisable by his local associates in the interests of party harmony, and after discussing the situation carefully the congressman gave out the announcement to the newspapers. "We are all working for the party's success in the coming elections," Mr. Denby said when announcing Mr. Newberry's retirement. Whatever makes for that success



Truman H. Newberry.

without the sacrifice of local interests is, in my opinion, desirable." A statement was issued during the day by the Michigan managers of Mr. Newberry's campaign, in which they confirmed the announcement made by Congressman Denby. Mr. Newberry's retirement was in the interests of party harmony, they said, and his friends in Detroit acquiesced in the decision, feeling that they could do no less to bring about a united front and that it would be idle, in view of the situation, to continue a contest and involve the party in a factional contest which might endanger Republican success locally in the coming election. As assistant secretary of the navy, Mr. Newberry's time is well occupied at present, in view of the trip of the battleships to the Pacific, and his friends here believe that he is well satisfied to be able to give his entire time to those pressing matters.

### Wheat is Not Injured.

According to a large majority of the crop correspondents writing to the secretary of state, wheat suffered no damage during December.

### Withdraws in Bird's Favor.

"If Attorney General J. E. Bird is a candidate for governor, I will not be in the race," said Auditor General Bradley of Eaton Rapids. I think that Bird is a good man and he and I are the best of friends. If he decides to lay aside his other plans and ambitions I will not run. However, in a few days the political atmosphere of Michigan will be greatly cleared up, and then we may know just who will be candidates. If Mr. Bird will not run, you can bank on it that I will be a candidate."

### Work of the Convention.

"We, the people of the state of Michigan, grateful to Almighty God for the blessings of freedom and earnestly desiring to secure these blessings undiminished to ourselves and our posterity, to that end do ordain and establish this constitution." This preamble to the new constitution of the state recognizing the existence of a supreme being has been adopted by the constitutional convention in committee of the whole by a vote of 30 to 9, was given the concurrence of the convention on second reading. In the present constitution there is no recognition of God and practically no preamble. The present constitution begins with a description of the boundaries of the state and continues without an expression of sentiment to the end. Many persons objected to the incorporation of the name of the Deity into the new constitution and sent in petitions and protests against any such action being taken. Delegate Taylor, who opposed the adoption of the preamble as given, did so not because he had any scruples about recognizing the existence of God, but because he thought there should be nothing but law, clear-cut, concise and understandable law in the new constitution.

Following ten hours of debate the constitutional convention, on the first reading, passed the Hemans proposal for constitutional initiative. It is a compromise. Its most important feature and the one to which the radical supporters of the initiative objected most provides that the petitions for amendments to the constitution must be signed on fixed days at the polling booths.

The Gore substitute on the constitutional initiative proposition providing for 20 per cent. petitions, to be indorsed by a majority of the legislature in joint session and ratified by a majority vote on the proposition providing that one-third of the total vote cast at the said election must be in the affirmative, was carried in committee of the whole, 45 to 36.

### State Lost Big Money.

Attorney-General Bird has dismissed the cases brought by him against the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies, the Quaker Oats company, the Crucible Steel company and other corporations to recover the penalty of \$1,000 a month for their failure to file articles of incorporation in the state while transacting business here. The action was taken because of the decision of the supreme court to the effect that the amendment of the law by the legislature rendered it impossible to collect the penalty. Penalties of over \$125,000 were to be collected and some of the companies proceeded against had made offers to settle for many thousand dollars of which the state will be deprived.

### Live Stock Breeders Meet.

From all over Michigan live stock breeders attended the seventeenth annual meeting of the Michigan Improved Live Stock Breeders and Feeders' association, most of the sessions of which were held at the Agricultural college. Many famous experts on live stock from all over the country attended. Five hundred men were present. Various sessions of the sub-committees connected with the association were also held. They are: The Holstein-Friesian association, the Michigan Merino Sheep Breeders' association, the Short-Horn Breeders' association, the Berkshire Breeders' association, the Guernsey Cattle club.

### Quit to Avoid Penalties.

Many companies which have filed articles of incorporation during the last year, but which have failed to dispose of their stock and carry out the purposes of their organization, are now filing notices of dissolution with the secretary of state in order to avoid the penalty for failing to make annual reports. Perhaps 50 of these dead corporations have been formally dissolved.

### Stair to Be Delegate.

It was announced in Detroit through Congressman Edwin Denby that Truman H. Newberry, assistant secretary of the navy, has withdrawn his candidacy for delegate-at-large from Michigan to the Republican national convention in favor of E. D. Stair, the wealthy theatrical man. Mr. Stair is an avowed Taft man, as is Mr. Newberry.

### Denies Yearbook Story.

Samuel T. Penna, secretary of the Michigan Federation of Labor, and Thomas W. Day, manager of the Federation Yearbook, repudiate the statements of Edward E. Taylor and E. Shanley regarding Day's publication methods. Mr. Penna and Mr. Day invite the investigation of the board of commerce into the methods of getting out the book and securing subscriptions toward it. They both state very decisively that \$500 was not the price paid by Mr. Day to the federation for the sanction of that body.

# NEWS OF THE STATE

RECORD OF A WEEK'S HAPPENINGS IN MICHIGAN.

## ROAD LAYS OFF MANY MEN

Owing to Decrease in Earnings the Michigan Central Decides to Get Rid of Superfluous Help.

Detroit.—Owing to a decrease in business and corresponding falling off in earnings, all division superintendents of the Michigan Central railway have been ordered to lay off as many employes as business will permit. In a statement issued at the general offices of the road it is said: "Each division superintendent has been ordered to get rid of all unnecessary men. This order is general; no department of the business is exempted. How long this order is to stay in force depends entirely upon business."

## STATE IN BLIZZARD'S GRIP.

Worst Storm Recorded in Twenty Years Visits Michigan.

Lansing.—The state has been in the grasp of the worst blizzard of 20 years. Beginning early the other morning with a 45-mile wind, the storm continued unabated all day and in many cities and towns the streets were impassable. Scores of families did not get their food supplies, teams being unable to pull through the drifts which piled six feet high, the average fall being about 18 inches. Many of the churches were closed, while there was no attendance at several. Street cars started out in some instances, but were unable to get back to the barns, plows and sweepers suffering the same fate. On most of the cars the trolleys were tied down and the cars abandoned.

## Receiver Must Know How.

Plant.—Lawson E. Becker of Fenton, receiver for the Aetna Portland Cement company, in which a considerable amount of Detroit capital is invested, has filed a report in the circuit court. When the receiver took charge of the plant last April its assets amounted to \$90,000, whereas on the first day of the present month they inventoried at \$115,943.60.

## Gen. Avery is Missing.

Jackson.—Gen. S. H. Avery, former assistant adjutant general of Michigan, cashed an order for \$1,117 due the Avery-Thoman Plumbing company for a heating plant in the federal building and left the city. His business affairs are considerably complicated, it is said.

## Near Panic in Vaudette.

Muskegon.—Fire in a Greek candy store next to the Royal vaudette nearly caused a panic when the smoke drifted into the crowded nickel theater. The blaze was extinguished without serious loss. Assurance that there was no danger quieted the audience.

## Marl and Oil is Found.

Marshall.—A rich bed of marl, 18 inches below the surface, was found on the Bossers farm, four miles east of here. The deposit is said to be extensive. The Marshall Business Men's association has had the marl tested and has found it to be high grade.

## Student Rescues Skaters.

Bay City.—Germal Mathews, 17 years old, a high school student, saved Miss Emma E. Stillman and John Rosney from death after the couple, who were skating, had broken through the ice and had been nearly overcome by the cold.

## Aged Blacksmith Dead.

Battle Creek.—Elijah Clapp, who until his recent illness, was the oldest man actively engaged in manual labor in Michigan, died from paralysis. Up to his eighty-second year, Clapp worked daily at blacksmithing.

## Michigan Orator Second.

Ann Arbor.—In the Hamilton club oratorical contest at Chicago the University of Michigan, represented by Stephen Downey, got second place. Mr. Hill of Wisconsin won first.

## No Alpena Man for Job.

Alpena.—Alpena Republicans, so local leaders say, will make no effort to elect an Alpena man as one of the district delegates to the Republican national convention.

## Cars Running in a Month.

Lansing.—The Michigan United Railways company now promises that electric cars will be running from Lansing to Mason within a month.

## Old Furniture Maker Dies.

Zeeland.—Marinus Schram, 77 years old, died in Zeeland. Mr. Schram has been president of the Zeeland Furniture company for 15 years.

## Supposed Suicide Returns.

Lansing.—George W. Green, who disappeared from his home here one year ago after making vague threats of suicide, and who has since been supposed to be dead, has returned. Green is a molder and has been working in Ohio and Indiana.

## Perjured Groom Sent Up.

Adrian.—Harley J. Snyder pleaded guilty to perjury in swearing that Amanda Terry, whom he married Christmas, was 17 when she was but 16. He was given one year at Ionia.

# Gleanings of Gotham

Life in the Great Metropolis Mirrored for Our Readers

## Huge Growth of Crime in Gotham



NEW YORK.—Many interesting details regarding the work done by the New York police department during the last year are contained in the annual report of Police Commissioner Bingham. The commissioner says that there has been marked improvement in the efficiency of the department during the year. According to the statistics tabulated by the commissioner, this was an exceedingly careless and lawless town during the 12 months of 1907.

The arrests for felonies were twice the number of those in 1906. The arrests made by the detective bureau were several thousand greater than those of the preceding year, and almost three times those of 1905. The fines imposed by the courts were correspondingly greater. The pictures added to the rogues' gallery were twice those of 1906, and treble the number of 1905. Twice as many persons were reported missing in 1907 as in the preceding year, and a relatively large number of unknown dead were found.

As the result of an investigation into the advisability of using police

dogs, the commissioner announces that trained muzzled dogs are being experimented with in the suburbs. The commissioner says that no further disciplinary legislation for the police department is needed at present.

The commissioner makes the following recommendations: "Pawnbrokers, of whom there are 150 in Manhattan alone, should be required to furnish the police daily with a written report showing articles pawned with them and by whom.

"At present all the machinery of primaries and elections is placed in the hands of the police. How is it possible then for our citizens to expect members of the force to be free from political influence? While it is probably hopeless to mention the subject, it is none the less true and should none the less be realized by the citizens of this city that if the police are to be removed from political influence the whole election law will have to be radically changed."

The commissioner in his report makes the grim statement that he "has the honor" to announce that in 1907 there were all told 204,096 arrests, 192,680 had been made by the uniformed force and the remainder by the detective bureau.

At the opening of the year the number of policemen of all classes in the department was 8,873, while at the close of the year there were 9,410 on the force with four vacancies and 51 men on probation.

## New Law May Stop Women Smokers



WOMEN who are fond of an afternoon cigarette have secured freedom to indulge in it at certain Broadway restaurants, only to lose it again, according to the fathers of an ordinance which will soon be introduced at a meeting of the board of aldermen. On New Year's eve one of the big Broadway restaurants took down the bars to women smokers, and two or three of the others immediately followed suit.

But the indulgence in a habit which has long been recognized in Europe does not meet the approval of certain of the city fathers and as a result an attempt will be made to put an end to it before it has hardly begun. The ordinance will provide for a fine or imprisonment for the proprietor of any hotel, restaurant or other place of public gathering who allows a woman to smoke, even a little gold-tipped cigarette, in his establishment.

The privilege of smoking was a New Year's gift to the women of New York by Proprietor Martin of Martin's

cafe. If it worked well the rule was to be made permanent. "Smoking by ladies is never objectionable," he said. "The smartest women in New York smoke, so why should Puritanical proprietors rule against this mode of procedure any more than against the drinking of cocktails or highballs? Why not be honest? One thing I want to emphasize. I mean by this announcement that ladies may smoke. Some women who smoke are quite as offensive to the eye as when they drink. A lady smoking a cigarette is not so objectionable as another kind of woman drinking a cup of tea."

The lifting of the ban on women in public places is bound to be one of the subjects of hot discussion in pulpits and other places in the early part of 1908. It is only a few weeks since the hotel and restaurant keepers of the town, in reference to the case of a well-known visitor, showed themselves to be of agreed opinion that a precedent was necessary before the prohibitory rule could be suspended. Patrons of well-known restaurants, it has been told, have danced on the tables in the cold gray dawn of the first day of the new year. Perhaps this philosophical boniface will contend that a "lady" performing a skirt dance on such a stage is not so objectionable as "another kind of woman" drinking a glass of champagne.

## Citizens Are Traveling Killing Pace



NEW YORKERS are traveling the pace that kills. The health department finds that they are living too fast, worry too much and don't exercise enough. All this, they say, is causing an epidemic of heart disease. The statistics for 11 months of 1907, published the other day, show 1,246 more deaths from heart disease than last year. With what figures they have at hand for this month in the bureau of vital statistics it is known that the number of deaths from heart disease for the entire year of 1907 was almost 1,500 more than in 1906.

"This record is most surprising," said Dr. Darling, the health commis-

sioner, "but I don't see what is to be done about it. The only way to bring about any change in conditions is to let the public realize the extent of this enormous increase, and people may possibly mend their ways. Of course the gripe epidemic is alarming this year, and undoubtedly has had much to do with the increase. I am afraid the citizens of New York city are traveling a little too swift and would do well to put on the brakes and slow down. Lack of exercise, over-eating, intemperance, and generally speaking, high living, are responsible for the remarkable increase. Folks don't walk enough nowadays. We have become so accustomed to the pell-mell rush of the age that our bodies are being neglected. Rapid transit facilities have probably caused us to jump into subways or on elevated trains and surface cars in our hurry to reach a point, and we have entirely forgotten the habit of walking. We worry too much in the present day. That is responsible for heart weakening."

## Subway Cars Not Lodging Houses



THE subway is no longer to be a nickel lodging house for persons, who, by paying a single fare, have been able to sleep all night in the cars while the trains ran up and down the line. Early in the history of the subway it was discovered by the underworld that, instead of shivering on park benches, a far more attractive and comfortable manner of passing the winter nights was to pay a nickel to get into the subway and then ride in lighted and heated cars as long as desired, an arrangement made pos-

sible by the changing from local to express trains.

One could literally ride forever for five cents, with plenty of newspapers dropped by other passengers to read and the enticing chance of picking up a valuable bundle forgotten by some other traveler. As a result an army of "subway sleepers" sprang up, many of whom waited for certain guards with whom they were familiar, to insure a peaceful rest, giving them in return a cigar or a dime.

At the height of this practice it was estimated that subway trains were accommodating more sleepers than even the biggest hotel in the city. But, as usual, a good thing was worked to death, and hereafter no one can ride farther than the end of the line without the payment of another fare. Would-be sleepers will hereafter be rudely thrust forth into the night.



This woman says that sick women should not fail to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she did.

Mrs. A. Gregory, of 2355 Lawrence St., Denver, Col., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I was practically an invalid for six years, on account of female troubles. I underwent an operation by the doctor's advice, but in a few months I was worse than before. A friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it restored me to perfect health, such as I have not enjoyed in many years. Any woman suffering as I did with backache, bearing-down pains, and periodic pains, should not fail to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

## FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

## SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

160 ACRES IN WESTERN CANADA FREE. Typical Farm Scene, Showing Stock Raising in WESTERN CANADA.

Some of the choicest lands for grain growing, stock raising and mixed farming in the new districts of Saskatchewan and Alberta have recently been opened for settlement under the

Revised Homestead Regulations. Entry may now be made by proxy (on certain conditions), by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader. Thousands of homesteads of 160 acres each are thus now easily available in these great grain-growing, stock-raising and mixed farming sections.

There you will find beautiful climate, good neighbors, churches for family worship, schools for your children, good laws, splendid crops, and railroads convenient to market.

Entry fee in each case is \$10.00. For pamphlet, "Last Best West," particulars as to rates, routes, best time to go and where to locate, apply to

C. J. BROUGHTON, Room 410 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. ROGERS, Third Floor, Traction Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.; or T. G. CURRIE, Room 12 B, Calahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

## NORTH BUTTE EXTENSION

Will be one of the important dividend paying copper mines of the country. We have investigated and we know. Buy it at present prices, it's a bargain. Detailed information and quotations free on request. Send for it.

E. M. BUCHANAN & CO. STOCK BROKERS 42 Broadway New York City

## READERS

desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM. Promotes and beautifies the hair. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to Its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

## PILES

ANAKESIS gives instant relief. POSITIVELY CURED. \$1 at druggists or by mail. Sample Free. ANAKESIS, Tribune Bldg., New York.

Pacific Investment Syndicate 2900 Crocker Bldg., Financial Agents. Loans on first mortgages. Millions needed. Only place except Gary where building is done by wholesale. Buy and sell stocks and bonds. First local securities when satisfied of their merit. Write today if you want better returns for your capital.

BEST FARM LANDS in Texas Panhandle. 300 acres, 1 to 12 miles from Rock Island Rly., near Oklahoma line; Best corn land in Texas. Broom corn, alfalfa, melons and fruit grow in an abundance, delightful climate. \$15 per acre. Write us. TUNNEY & HENRY Co., Oklahoma City, Okla.

DEFIANCE STARCH. It causes no other starches only 15 cents—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

## When the Hair Falls

Stop it! Add why not? Falling hair is a disease, a regular disease, and Ayer's Hair Vigor, as made from our new improved formula, quickly and completely destroys that disease. The hair stops falling out, grows more rapidly, and all dandruff disappears.



The little book in each package gives the formula of our new Hair Vigor, tells why each ingredient is used, and explains many other interesting things. After reading you will know why this new hair preparation does its work so well.

## THE IRON PORT.

BY THE IRON PORT CO.  
G. F. Mc Ewen, Mgr.

Entered at the postoffice at Escanaba, Mich. as second class matter. Subscription price, \$2.00 per year in advance.

SATURDAY, JAN. 25th, 1908

Because of increased valuation and a higher tax rate, the 96 railroads of Michigan will pay considerable more taxes this year than in 1907. The valuation fixed by the tax commission is \$110,005,500, an increase of nearly \$2,500,000. The tax rate will be \$17.62 per \$1,000 or \$1.16 more than last year. On this basis the receipts from railroad taxes will create a primary school fund of about \$5.00 per capita. Heavier taxes also will be paid by the express and car loading companies, the valuation of the former having been increased \$134,500 to \$1,181,900 and of the latter \$429,450, or to \$916,200.

### FAVORS PRESENT SYSTEM

By the narrowest of margins, but one vote, the constitutional convention went on record Tuesday as favoring the continuance of the present system of employing convicts confined in the state institutions.

The proposal defeated pronounced definitely against the present system of selling the convicts' labor to contractors, and provided that the state legislature should determine how they should be employed, with the qualification that the plan decided on should admit of the minimum competition with free labor.

This proposal was substituted for one that the New York penitentiaries convicts are employed in the production of articles used in maintaining the state institutions and their inmates, and work but part time. The result is a heavy tax for prison maintenance. The joint Michigan prison boards protested vigorously against the introduction of this plan in this state, and as it was evident that it would be defeated the substitute proposed Tuesday was put forward in its stead.

One thing that may have helped secure a bare majority for the present system is the fact that a large majority of the people voted in the last state election against a constitutional amendment that would have invalidated it, and thus showed that they regard it with favor. Again it is obvious that the element of competition with free labor cannot be obviated by any system. There is an indirect competition under the New York plan that labor must feel. If the convicts were not busy supplying the wants of the state institutions, these institutions would have to buy goods made by free labor.

If the opponents of the system now in vogue in Michigan had a definite plan to submit to the constitutional convention by which it would be replaced to advantage they might meet with success, but the delegates are not unnaturally reluctant to throw the task of completely revising the present system on the legislature. They fear that the consequences of such action might be bad in the way of bringing out a grist of freak schemes and the piling up of a huge bill for the taxpayers of the state.—Marquette Mining Journal.

Citizens of Escanaba who have been deploring the fact that January has been made up of Summer weather, must now be satisfied, as old Winter seems now to have come in earnest.

Those who last week were howling because of the fine weather, are now probably crying because they are shivering with the cold. Funny, how we are never satisfied, isn't it?

### WET OR DRY FEEDING.

One Farmer Who Believes in the Later Method and Why.

There are still some farmers that feed bran, middlings or any other ground feed wet. Some give as reason for this that cows eat it sooner. That's true, and just what should be avoided. The animals bolt it down without chewing and mixing it with saliva properly. Eaten in this way the full value is not got out of ground feed.

A farmer who cooked the grain for his cows once told me that a certain quantity of it would increase about one-third in bulk by the addition of water and the cooking. It required no arguing to convince me of this. He did, however, not convince me that the feeding value was also increased. Made more palatable? Perhaps so. But I am not sure of this, for we have a striking example in human kind. Some persons want everything edible seasoned with half a dozen different kinds of spices, while others prefer to eat grain, nuts, etc., raw. May it not be, asks the writer in Farmers' Review, that when cows have not become used to wet feed yet, they prefer it dry? This is, perhaps, not easy to ascertain, for though man may be a hog at times, he can not become a hog temporarily.

Another thing, if the ground feed is fed as a slop in the mangers, it is very difficult to keep them perfectly sweet and clean. Some feed in pails, but that is a lot of work.

Some think that less is wasted when feeding wet, for ground feed is blown away easier. There isn't much in this for some cows will spatter wet feed, too. It may be all right to feed wet to old animals that have poor molars. Ordinarily it does not pay to keep cows until they can not chew any more.

## \$6,000,000 IN PENSIONS

That Amount Paid By Uncle Sam in Michigan

Roll of Veterans of Civil War is Rapidly Diminishing—Business of War of 1812 Still On Rolls

Detroit, Jan. 18.—Over \$6,000,000 was paid out in pensions during the past year in Michigan alone to old soldiers, and the widows and children of old soldiers, as is shown by the records in the pension office in the old postoffice building, where Colonel O. A. James is in charge.

The pension list for the state now has an enrollment of 40,501 names, but 10 years ago, when Colonel James first went to Detroit to take charge of this work for benevolent old Uncle Sam, the rolls gave out 45,000 names. This decrease has taken place in spite of the addition of 1,121 survivors of the Spanish war, 222 widows and children of soldiers of that war, and 197 names added by the act of congress last February, permitting pensions to be granted for service.

In the entire country this passing away of the Grand Army of the Republic is very rapid, and from June 30, 1906, to June 30, 1907, the decrease in the names of survivors of the Civil war on the United States pension records was 31,201. These records also show that during that year 1,993 more died among Civil war veterans than during the preceding year, and each year the number of deaths of the old soldiers will increase in greater and greater ratio, until the roll call on some future Decoration day will bring no reply and the entire Grand Army will be at rest.

There are at present on the pension rolls of Michigan 28,028 survivors of the Civil war and 10,618 widows and children of soldiers of this war are now drawing pensions. There are also 12 women and one man on the state pension rolls that acted as army nurses during the Civil war and their names were placed there by special act of congress, along with a number of their associates that live in the various states in the union.

In Michigan pensions are being paid for work done for the government as far back as the war of 1812, and there are on the Michigan rolls the names of six widows whose husbands saw service during that war. The government is also paying for work done against the Indians in the early Indian uprisings in the western part of the country, and two survivors of these Indian wars and the widows of eight soldiers are being taken care of.

Forty-two survivors and 88 widows remain on the roll of the state to recall that unpleasant discussion with Mexico during 1848.

### Quick Case is Continued

The defense alleging the existence of a state of public feeling that possibly would prejudice the case of the young man at this time, the trial of Herman Quick on a charge of manslaughter has been continued in the Schoolcraft county circuit court until the April term. The defendant is accused of causing the death of a man named Nelson, whom he shot and killed while the latter is said to have been prowling about the Quick home at Manistique at a late hour at night. Because of the prominence of the Quick family and the unusual circumstances of the tragedy, the case has attracted much attention throughout the peninsula. The young man who did the shooting had only just returned from the theater, where he had witnessed a performance of "Billy the Kid," a blood and thunder melodrama depicting so called wild west life. The killing of Nelson greatly aroused the Swedish people of the city at the time.

### Doctor's Reason Shattered

Dr. J. A. Brien, of Marinette, who has just returned from a trip to Montreal, where he saw Dr. R. A. Girardin, formerly of Menominee, states that no hopes are entertained for the recovery of the man, who was seriously ill when he left Menominee. In addition to his physical condition, Dr. Girardin's mind has been shattered by the terrible suffering that he has endured during the last year. He is confined at a hospital in Montreal and the doctors hold out no hopes for his recovery. When Dr. Girardin left Menominee he was unable to walk, so weak had he become as a result of stomach trouble. He thought that in his old home in Canada he would soon recover. Soon after reaching there he began to improve physically but his mind gave way completely. He is now gaining physically and is able to walk.

### Bids Wanted

Sealed Bids for the construction of a school-house in School District No. 3, Bark River township, county of Delta, will be received by C. D. Hakes, school director, up to February 29, 1908.

Plans and specifications are at John Vederbrand's, 1 1/2 miles south of the Bark River station.

The board reserves the right to reject all bids.

3-6t

# MONEY TO LOAN

ON

## REAL ESTATE

### NO COMMISSIONS

## STATE SAVINGS BANK

### Escanaba, Michigan

## Capital 50,000.00

O. B. FULLER, PRESIDENT      OLE ERICKSON, VICE PRESIDENT  
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Slot Machines in Iron County  
Editor Conlin of the Crystal Falls Diamond Drill comments as follows in the editorial columns of his publication "Every honest man will applaud the ministers of Escanaba who took the initiative in ridding the city of slot machines. The slot machine is not a gambling contrivance; it is a thief. It is one of the most nefarious species of the gambler's cunning. It is akin to the policy gambling that we have read so much of. Yet it flourishes, and is flourishing in Iron county today, right under the nose of our sheriff to whom Judge Stone has given orders to rid the county of slot machines. Turning the face of a slot machine to the wall is not putting it out nor is placing them in a back room ridding the saloon of them."

A Good Customer.  
The United States government is the largest individual purchaser of electric lamps in this country. It buys \$50,000 annually.

## Henry

### WAGON WORKS

WAGONS, SLEIGHS and GENERAL BLACKSMITHING.  
Horseshoeing a Specialty.  
All Kinds of Rubber Tires  
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Gives a Service unequalled in the history of the Telephone

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Flat Work 35c per dozen

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You can't do better than bring your work here at these prices : : : :

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## Escanaba Steam

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E. A Grabowski Manager  
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for staple and fancy

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E. M. ST. JACQUES

## A Cozy House

—FOR—  
\$700.00

## W. T. SEEGER

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## CHICHESTER'S PILL

DIAMOND BRAND  
Beware of Counterfeits      Refuse all Substitutes.

LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in RED and GOLD metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy of your Druggist and ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS for twenty-five years regarded as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS  
TIME TRIED EVERYWHERE WORTH TRYING

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Physician and Surgeon  
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O. E. YOUNGQUIST, M. D.  
Physician and Surgeon,  
Office 114 South Georgia street.  
Office hours: 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4, 7 to 8 p m

C. J. B. KITCHEN,  
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OFFICE, over Gross Bros. Drug Store  
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COLEMAN NEE  
Brick, Lime, Cement, Hair and Plaster  
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Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the sick parts without loss of time.

- A. A. FEVERS, Constipations, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
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- I. I. SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
- J. K. BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Stagnation.

30c each; Stable Cass. Ten Specifics, Book, 50c. \$7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

17 BOOK MAILED FREE.

DO YOU KNOW THE WET WEATHER COMFORT AND PROTECTION afforded by a

SLICKER? Clean - Light - Durable

Quaranteed Waterproof \$3.99 Everywhere

### Schooner Iris for Sale

I, the undersigned, offer for sale my schooner Iris, now in winter quarters at City of Green Bay, Wis.

She is 20 feet beam, 80 feet long overall; 6 1/2 feet hull, drawing 6 1/2 feet water loaded, and of 82 tons burden. Rebuilt last spring and in first class condition. Canvas and running gear in good shape.

CAPT. A. J. ANDERSON, Owner.  
Eggs Harbor, Door County, Wis.

### Farm For Sale

40 acre farm for sale at Isabella, one mile from school and railroad station, about 20 acres clear, with some timber.  
Address JONAS TURNQUIST, Isabella, Mich.

For Sale  
Small safe for sale. Inquire at Iron Port office.

Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.

Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in easily digested form, is the greatest strength-builder known to medical science.

It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.

Use Scott's Emulsion after Influenza.

Available for Coughs and Colds.  
ALL DRUGGISTS, 50c AND \$1.00.





# DRINK HABIT AMONG WOMEN ON INCREASE

## GROWTH OF DANGEROUS EVIL IS SEEN

**Prof. Quackenbos and Dr. Parkhurst Join in Deploring Present Conditions—"Common Among All Classes," Declares the Former Columbia Professor—Testimony of the Present Superintendent of Bellevue Hospital.**

**N**EW YORK.—According to Prof. John Duncan Quackenbos, specialist in nervous and mental diseases, member of many American and foreign medical societies, and formerly of the Columbia university faculty, the drink habit is spreading at an alarming rate among the women of New York. To a representative of the Sunday World he said:



JOHN D. QUACKENBOS

have been in a position to watch that growth closely and I can say with full knowledge that ten women drink to-day where one drank a dozen years ago.

"The growth of the habit has been among women of all classes, the rich

and the poor, young and old. Girls in their teens evidently see no impropriety whatever in drinking publicly with men companions. Very often indeed I have had young girls brought to me for treatment, hysterically drunk.

"I have treated within a year women whose weekly bill for champagne alone was \$100 and who filled up the intervals between their draughts of wine with highballs and cocktails. One woman drank a quart of champagne every morning, and when ready to go out her custom was to order her maid to bring her another quart. Then before leaving the house to enter her carriage she would empty the bottle to steady her nerves."

**Girls Indulge in Liqueur.**  
"School misses and college girls in great numbers are among the throng of women drinkers. A case was pointed out recently of a luncheon given here in New York at which 24 debutantes drank 36 bottles of champagne, and 15 of them smoked seven dozen cigarettes."

Dr. Quackenbos said that the habit of drinking real whisky is spreading at an alarming rate among the women of New York. He said that the habit is spreading at an alarming rate among the women of New York. He said that the habit is spreading at an alarming rate among the women of New York.

### New Yorkers Becoming Hysterical

**BY DR. S. T. ARMSTRONG.**  
(Superintendent of Bellevue and the Allied Hospitals.)

**T**HE New Yorkers are becoming a hysterical people. They show an increasing excitability, a diminishment of self control. This demonstrates itself in all forms of excesses. Less and less restraint is exercised. The extreme tension of life here is showing on the people. One sees plenty of examples of this in individual life. A vast demonstration of it among a mass of the people is observed in the increasing hysteria of such celebrations as those of the night before the New Year. What is true of the city men is true of the city women. The increase of drunkenness is a distressing fact. It is a natural outcome of the restlessness, the overstriving, the unrestrained of present day life in New York.

This subject is of tremendous importance. We should know just what we are confronting, what the future has in store for us, just where and how we are threatened. One may form an opinion as to an increasing inebriety among women from such exhibitions as those of New Year's eve, but beyond that it is not easy to go. There are no official statistics bearing on the question. The subject has had no investigation of scientific value. One cannot speak exactly as to conditions, or to make comparisons between the present and the past. The records of the alcoholic and psychopathic wards of Bellevue hospital do not show the facts of inebriety even among the classes of men and women who would seek aid from this hospital. In 1904 there were 8,941 admissions to Bellevue for various forms of alcoholism. The number now is greatly less than that. In 1906 it had fallen to 6,653. But even with this reduction the number of alcoholic patients is more than 25 per cent. of all the patients admitted to Bellevue. But these records prove nothing in the line we would follow. The number of inebriates who seek treatment at Bellevue has fallen off simply because an old offender who comes here is now liable to be turned over to a city magistrate, who will sentence him to an asylum as a chronic drunkard. This had the effect especially of keeping many women from taking repeated advantage of treatment at Bellevue.

What is the cure of the evil of increasing inebriety in New York? Whatever will bring easement to the restless life in the city will lessen all forms of dissipation. The whole subject needs careful and thorough investigation to know what palliative measures can be taken. Drinking is only one symptom of what is wrong with us.

she went with a man companion to one of our large restaurants, made no objection whatever when wine was ordered, and even tried her best to overcome the suggestion I had given her and drink the wine. But she found that she could not lift the glass from the table. You see, she did not really and honestly want to be cured, and wasted but little time in rushing into temptation.

**Counterfeit Whisky.**  
"But so cleverly is whisky counterfeited to-day that club connoisseurs cannot detect it, as was shown in an experiment made recently by Dr. Darlington of the board of health. Dr. Darlington went around and collected a number of samples of whisky from saloons of all classes, took the samples to his club, where he had several of the members test them, and much to his surprise the cheap imitations of whisky were judged to be the real thing."

tations of whisky were judged to be the real thing. "It stands to reason, of course, that the great proportion of the liquor sold is counterfeit, when it is known that the consumption is far in excess of the ability of distillers and brewers to produce the genuine product. Adulterations and criminal counterfeits must be resorted to in order to meet the demand. I will wager that there have been inmates of Bellevue's alcoholic ward who have never tasted a drop of real whisky in their lives. They just think they have been drinking whisky, and if they had been drinking real whisky the chances are they would never have been in Bellevue. I don't say that real whisky, if taken excessively, is not harmful, but I do say that a man could drink the pure article in moderation all his life and not be hurt by it. Why, 15 drinks of pure whisky would not do a man the harm that one drink of this vile stuff they sell for whisky in New York would do him."

**Poisoned by Vile Liqueur.**  
"I know a man who left his office one evening all tired out, dropped into



"A case was pointed out recently of a luncheon given here in New York at which 24 debutantes drank 36 bottles of champagne, and 15 of them smoked seven dozen cigarettes."—Dr. Quackenbos.

a saloon of the best class and took only two drinks of their bar whisky and was lost for four days. I was called in to help find him, as he was a friend of mine, and when we found him he was in a pitiable condition, his mind was clouded, he could not remember where he had been or what he had done after leaving that saloon. He only remembered that he had taken two drinks of whisky.

"The beer drinker, if he gets real beer, is handed a glass of the beverage which, to meet the demands of trade, is put out too new and improperly fermented. Beer should be kept in the keg for six months before being sold to the drinker.

"It is rather surprising how many of our school children have become beer drinkers, especially those of foreign birth, and the habit is making them mentally sluggish to a degree that is attracting the attention of educators and philanthropists.

"Another habit which is getting control of our shop girls particularly is the cocaine habit. This habit has grown in the last few years with such rapidity that to-day thousands of young girls as well as mature women and men are held in its clutches. The effect of the habit is noted in the

to what they could see and eat and drink. "I suppose the growth of the drink habit has been principally among the women of the richer classes. It is at least reasonable to believe so, as they have the money and time to indulge in such laxity. Idleness is usually dangerous.



Rev. Dr. Charles Parkhurst.

times, so to speak, but before the panic for a number of years the country was most prosperous, everybody had money, and life became too easy. When life is made too easy we are in a danger zone and more prone to give way to temptation. That long period of prosperity made us too material, also turned the desires of many only

dull, sunken eyes and pinched faces, and the continuance of the use of the drug leads to nervous wreckage, delirium and insanity."

**LETTER POSTED 32 YEARS AGO.**  
Crossed Ocean Many Times Before Delivery to Sea Captain.

A letter posted at Garmstad, Norway, 32 years ago to Capt. Thomas Nielsen of the bark Harmonia, and which has traveled across the Atlantic to and fro many times in pursuit of him, was delivered to Thomas Nielsen, a carpenter of the revenue cutter Manhattan of the local service, says a New York dispatch to the St. Louis Globe Democrat. It was the right envelope, and the joint letter it contained brought the mist to his eyes with the "news" it told of old friends and relatives in Norway, many of whom are now dead.

Capt. Nielsen is now 68 years old, and has been retired from the sea for many years. The letter was from his wife, Alviner, and his brother John, who wrote to tell of an accident to an

**RODENT WAS NOT WELCOME.**  
Its Presence Evidently Embarrassed Fashionable Woman.

"Oh, look. She is throwing her fur coat away." In response to an urchin's cry the fashionable parade on F street in Washington stopped in its respective tracks the other day and gazed in amazement while a handsome woman calmly walked round a Persian lamb cloak which lay on the pavement. Not a few of the watchers thought it a case of insanity suddenly developed, and were for calling the police. Others thought it a joke of some sort. But when one, bolder than the rest, asked what was the matter, the owner of the garment said:

"Nothing in particular, except that I am waiting for a rat to run out of the lining." Undoubtedly this apparently preposterous statement would have been taken for still further evidence of mental aberration if it had not been followed almost immediately by the appearance of a large rodent from one of the sleeves. The scene in staid old F street just at that moment bore a close resemblance to a pony ballet in most vigorous action. And the rat got away.

It seems that the owner of the coat had taken it out of cold storage about an hour before. Then she went into an F street luncheon room, and when seated the coat hung to the floor at her feet. A chorus of feminine shrieks interrupted the meal, and at cries of "A rat!" the assembled diners manifested a sudden fondness for the tops of their chairs and the tables. But the rat disappeared, and the lady with the fur coat soon started on her way. She had walked fully half a dozen blocks before she became conscious that the coat was unduly heavy, and a moment's investigation was sufficient to disclose the fact that the frightened rodent in the restaurant had found refuge in the recesses of her garment. Then, according to the street urchin, "She threw her coat away."

**WAS JUST WHAT HE WANTED.**  
Lawyer's Unusual Brevity Appealed to Secretary Taft.

One of the ablest legal officers of the government is Paul Charlton, law officer of the insular bureau of the war department. Mr. Charlton was practicing law in Omaha and came east on a trip. Secretary Taft invited him to Washington and offered him the position he now holds. Immediately after he assumed the office an important question was presented to Mr. Charlton with a request from the bureau submitting it for instructions how to proceed. Mr. Charlton answered the question briefly and in a few sentences more gave the necessary instructions.

The bureau sent back Mr. Charlton's communication with a suggestion that his predecessor wrote lengthy opinions and they thought he should do likewise. Mr. Charlton went to the chief of the bureau.

"Isn't your question answered?" he asked.

"O, yes, perfectly."  
"Aren't the instructions explicit?"  
"Yes, indeed," was the response.  
"They are plain, indeed."

"Then what need is there for a lengthy opinion?"  
"O, well, we have been accustomed to long opinions and we can't break the habit."

Mr. Charlton looked disgusted. The incident was repeated to Secretary Taft.

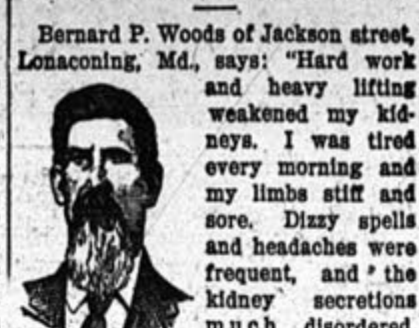
"Blessed is the lawyer," he observed, "who can answer a difficult legal question and give instructions all on one page."

**Pressed Witness Too Far.**  
The famous "Beau" Hickman of Washington was once a witness in a pending case, and, having testified in the course of his examination in chief that the client of the attorney on the other side was without funds, was being sharply cross-examined by that barrister. Hickman averred that the client had himself told him of his penniless state. The lawyer insisted that the exact language be repeated. Hickman hesitated, but when pressed under threat of contempt proceedings, he finally said: "Well, sir, if I must answer, he told me this morning that he had no money."

"Well, sir, what language did he use?"  
"Why, I asked him to loan me half a dollar and he said he couldn't, for you had robbed him of every cent of his money, and if he didn't get out of your clutches very soon his children would starve." By the time the laughter had subsided and the lawyer had time to collect his thoughts the case was decided against him.

**Mistake Enriched Artist.**  
There is a young artist in Washington who classes himself as of the impressionistic school, and who, being somewhat out in drawing, generally makes up for his lack of technique by spreading color recklessly and counting on distance for his effect. At an amateur exhibition he once hung one of his most extraordinary performances. "Well," said a friend, whom the artist had taken to see the work, "I don't want to flatter you, old chap, but that is far and away the best stuff you have ever done. I congratulate you." Much pleased, the artist was receiving the compliment with becoming modesty, when he chanced again to glance at the picture—and turned very red. The committee had hung it upside down! Hurrying to the head of the committee, he was about to launch into a loud complaint when he was informed of the good news that an hour before the picture had been sold for \$1. The original price mark had been \$10.

**WORK WEAKENS KIDNEY.**  
The Experience of Mr. Woods is the Experience of Thousands of Others.



Bernard P. Woods of Jackson street, Lonaconing, Md., says: "Hard work and heavy lifting weakened my kidneys. I was tired every morning and my limbs stiff and sore. Dizzy spells and headaches were frequent, and the kidney secretions much disordered. This continued for fifteen years and until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Then I improved steadily until cured, and naturally, I recommend them strongly."

"Sold by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y."

**BEYOND LIMIT OF PATIENCE.**  
Explanation Satisfied Policeman That Punishment Was Due.

Policeman Kniefrem, of the Tenderloin precinct, saw an old man beating a small boy on Seventh avenue recently in a fashion that reminded the officer of the happy days when he used to beat it from the parental beating. So with a cheerful smile, having children of his own, the policeman approached the old man.

"Listen," replied the man; "half an hour ago I sent Isaac to the delicatessen. I gave him two quarters, one with which to buy bread, the other to buy fish. And now he comes back and says he wants to know which quarter is for the fish and which for the bread. Is it enough?"  
"It is," replied Kniefrem.—New York World.

**ITCHING HUMOR ON BOY.**  
His Hands Were a Solid Mass, and Disease Spread All Over Body—Cured in 4 Days By Cuticura.

"One day we noticed that our little boy was all broken out with itching sores. We first noticed it on his little hands. His hands were not as bad then, and we didn't think anything serious would result. But the next day we heard of the Cuticura Remedies being so good for itching sores. By this time the disease had spread all over his body, and his hands were nothing but a solid mass of this itching disease. I purchased a box of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment, and that night I took the Cuticura Soap and lukewarm water and washed him well. Then I dried him and took the Cuticura Ointment and anointed him with it. I did this every evening and in four nights he was entirely cured. Mrs. Frank Donahue, 208 Fremont St., Kokomo, Ind., Sept. 16, 1907."

**It Makes Trade.**  
Homer Folks, New York's noted authority on charity, said the other day of an applicant for help:

"His recommendation was not very satisfactory. It reminded me of a woman I heard about recently.

"Somebody said to this woman's husband: 'So you've insured in the Blank company, eh? Who on earth induced you to choose that of all concerns?'"

"My wife," was the reply. "She says they issue the prettiest calendars."

**The Per-una Almanac in 8,000,000 Homes.**  
The Peruna Lucky Day Almanac has become a fixture in over eight million homes. It can be obtained from all druggists free. Be sure to inquire early. The 1908 Almanac is already published, and the supply will soon be exhausted. Do not put it off. Speak for one to-day.

**A very stout person named Gray**  
Was asked why he stood in this way.  
"It is," he replied, "a matter of pride; for it makes me look taller, they say!"

**Important to Mothers.**  
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *W. D. Hoag* in Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Money and time are the heaviest burdens of life, and the unhappiest of all mortals are those who have more of either than they know how to use.—Johnson.

**If You Suffer from Asthma or Bronchitis get immediate relief by using—Brown's Bronchial Troches.** Contain no harmful drugs.

All growth and achievement depend very largely upon knowing ourselves and how to apply that knowledge.—French.

FITS, St. Vitus Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, M.D., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Every addition to true knowledge is an addition to human power.—Mann.

**ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE"**  
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day.—See.

Will it be the same old resolutions with a new coat of varnish?

It's the judgment of many smokers that Lewis' Single Binder 5c cigar equals in quality the best 10c cigar.

Remember it's a poor resolution that will not hold water.



Economizes the use of flour, butter and eggs; makes the biscuit, cake and pastry more appetizing, nutritious and wholesome.

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

This is the only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

It Has No Substitute

There are Alum and Phosphate of Lime mixtures sold at a lower price, but no housekeeper regarding the health of her family can afford to use them.

## County Correspondence

### HYDE

Chas. Dittich Jr., left Monday to work at Whitney with his brother's team.

The young ladies are enjoying the skating on the river on Sunday night.

Steven Posenke's chin was injured on fire Sunday night.

Jobbers in this vicinity are preparing for snow to start hauling.

Mrs. Malloch was visiting her home last week.

### METROPOLITAN

Miss Emma Brukarit went to naba Wednesday.

Mr. Chas. Farrell and family left Iron Mountain Thursday where he is engaged for three or four months.

Another snow storm last Thursday Thermometer was 2 below in the morning.

A. Newman left for Purmo, Bennis Finland last Monday.

On account of an accident to the engine at Felch, train arrived at seven o'clock Monday eve.

Mrs. H. Brukarit is on the sick list this week.

The Roosevelt Lodge 5824 of the C. M. A. have two new members joining the ranks at the next meeting. They are busy now-a-days practicing for the initiation into the C. M. A., and may be seen any afternoon riding a fence rail to get in trim for the goat with which they have a special appointment next week at the hall.

### ENSIGN

Mrs. Robert Boyd of Ensign, received news of the death of her son Christopher Ousley of Granite City, Ill., Saturday. Mr. Ousley was killed in a Railroad accident, having both lower limbs cut off. His remains will be brought to this place for burial.

Mr. Paul Burczikowski of Alton and Miss Elsie Gorham of Ensign drove to Ogontz Wednesday.

Mrs. Herman Themel is seriously ill at her home near here.

Miss Elizabeth Berningham is spending a few days with friends in Gladstone.

Miss Vetta Kohler, aged eight years, underwent a successful operation on one of her eyes in Milwaukee Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George McPherson are the proud parents of a baby girl.

Mr. Geo Tennent, who has been in Mt. Clemens taking treatments for inflammatory rheumatism, is now in Gladstone, Mich., visiting his daughter. He is somewhat improved.

R. E. Gorham, spent a couple of days in Escanaba and was an eye witness to the slot machine smashing.

Most all we hear in Ensign is "My kingdom for snow." The other fellow wanted a horse.

The remains of Christopher Ousley arrived from Granite City Ill., and will be buried at Rapid River, cemetery. Mrs. Boyd is having more than her share of trouble, having buried her husband ten months ago. He was found dead in the woods here. Christopher was 23 years of age, was a switchman. Ope leg was amputated below the knee, the other above the knee. He died shortly after reaching the hospital.

## LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. Frank Matthews of Loretto spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. E. Mitchell.

Miss Lillian Kendall and Miss Mae Gratton of Foster City, were in the city last Sunday.

Beesmer has a new newspaper; it is called the New Free Press.

John Hemelberger was a Lansing visitor in the city a few days the first of the week.

Daniel Freeman of Couster, Mich., was in the city Saturday.

M. C. Sully was down from Calumet last Saturday.

Miss Stella Gabourie, who recently underwent an operation for appendicitis at the Delta county hospital, is improving.

Funeral services over the body of Gustave Anderson of Foster City, were held from the Swedish Lutheran church last Sunday afternoon.

Thomas Preston is on the sick list.

William Bonifas was over from Garden Monday.

Miss Esther Murphy is ill with typhoid fever at the Delta county hospital.

D. L. Robbins of Port Huron, visited Escanaba friends this week.

J. A. Van Cleve was up from Marquette on business Monday.

Mrs. "Bob" Weikel of Munising, is the guest of relatives in the city.

Geo. Belmore of Simons, was in the city on business this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Fillion entertained Fred Smith of Denver, Colo., this week.

Joseph Heldman was down from Treenay Wednesday.

Edward Hollywood was a Cornell visitor in the city Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Cox visited Chicago friends this week.

Mrs. Eugene Connaahan of Milwaukee is visiting with relatives here this week.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Valentine, the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sheedlo of Nahma are visiting in the city.

Joseph Walsh was a Flint visitor in the city this week.

Died, Tuesday night at the family home on Ludington street, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter LeDuc.

D. L. Abrahamson of Green Bay, visited in the city Wednesday.

The masquerade party at the roller rink Wednesday night attracted the largest crowd of skaters that has filled that amusement place this season. Only masked skaters were allowed on floor until 10 o'clock when they unmasked and everybody was allowed to skate. The event was very successful.

Mrs. J. Armstrong of Foster City, visited relatives in the city the first of the week.

Otto Stegath made a business trip to Masonville Tuesday.

Mr. Chas. Ehnerd visited Menominee friends this week.

Percy Patterson, piano tuner, from Sault Ste. Marie, was in the city on business this week.

Will Marble, Jr. of Gladstone, visited friends in town yesterday.

C. A. Walz was over from Gladstone on business Thursday.

Pros. Atty. M. J. Doyle of Menominee was in the city on business Tuesday.

### The Motor Horn.

In Holland the horn as a warning signal is reserved exclusively for the use of motorists.

### Dreaded Malaria.

Malaria renders nearly a fifth of the land of the globe dangerous to white men.

### A Vast Sum.

The amount of money which the government is called upon to redeem in the course of the year reaches an almost fabulous amount. In 1904, for instance, it totaled \$912,000,000. This redemption is either for the purpose of securing clean, fresh notes or to get change of some other denomination.

### His Job.

Bishop Potter was staying with a friend in a country house. On Sunday morning as he passed through the library he found a small boy curled up in a big chair deeply interested in a book. "Are you going to church, Tom?" he asked. "No," he replied. "Why, I am," the bishop said. "Huh!" the boy returned, "That's your job."

### Honesty.

There is no man, but for his own interest, hath an obligation to be honest; there may be sometimes temptations to be otherwise, but all cards laid up, he shall find it the greatest ease, the highest profit, the best pleasure, the most safety, and the noblest fame, to lay hold of the horns of this altar, which, in all assays, can in himself protect him.

### The Marriage Record.

Three thousand marriages a day is the record for the entire world.

Hog fattening entails good hogs, clean feed and plenty of it.

A thrifty sheep ought to be ready for market with six weeks of good feeding.

Dairying will restore the run-down farm quicker than by any other method.

It is the specialty breeder who makes the best profits, whether in poultry or livestock.

One test of the profitable dairy farm is the number of cows kept per acre without buying high-priced feeds.

A good skirt hanger can be made by rolling one or two heavy papers together and tying in the middle with a stout cord.

Feeding has much to do with the weight of the fleece. A poorly fed sheep will not give as good weight wool as one that is well fed.

The good road is the road that is kept in good condition. The road drag will put the road in good condition where faithfully used. Try it.

Pretty well put: "The great problem of the farmer is this—getting the crop out of the farm, getting the dollar out of the crop, and happiness out of the dollar."

The late molder will be the late layer. In picking your breeding stock, select those which get through early and begin to lay. This will raise the standard of your flock.

When transplanting trees be sure and cut back the tops and see that the roots are trimmed of all bruised and broken parts. Many a tree is lost through carelessness in this direction.

Perhaps the horse cannot understand your oaths and know you are sinning against Heaven, but certain it is he understands your brutal spirit, and knows you are going to get only such service as you force him to give.

Try the new system of cloth ventilation for the stable. All you have to do is to take out part of the glass and put cloth screens in place. Also remember that no one who has tried the screens reports failure. Try them in your stable.

How much a little carelessness costs us sometimes. The chore boy left the box off the salt box the other day and some of my finest pure bred pullets of an investigative turn of mind got busy. Now they are dead and buried and I am poorer and it is to be hoped the boy is wiser and won't be so careless again.

It was Dr. Henry VanDyke who said: Do not rob or mar a tree unless you really need what it has to give you. Let it stand and grow in virgin majesty, ungridded and unscarred, while the trunk becomes a firm pillar of the forest temple and the branches spread abroad a refuge of bright green leaves for the birds of the air.

Charcoal, ashes or soft coal are relished by the pigs, these supplying the mineral matter the animals need to make them thrifty. Lacking these elements hogs frequently show a lack of thrift that cannot otherwise be accounted for. Theodore Lewis often used to say that there was nothing like roasted corn, or even corn cobs, to supply this craving for something of the kind.

Cheap seeds are in most cases not only unproductive, but contain quantities of parasitic dodder, fungi and other noxious weed seeds. Not a bad idea for the farmers of a section to cooperate and buy their seeds on a large scale, thus enabling them not only to purchase at the lowest possible price consistent with good seed, but enabling them by testing to know the quality and purity of the seed supplied.

In buying sheep, whether ewes or rams, select the animals having large, well-proportioned heads, width between the ears and eyes, a thick neck, a widely-distended nostril, thick, heavy loins, crops and twists; broad, full chest and brisket; level, strong back and full level flanks. Such are invariably "good cutters" and carry mutton of the best quality. A ram weak in neck, loin or twist, is entirely unfit to head a flock.

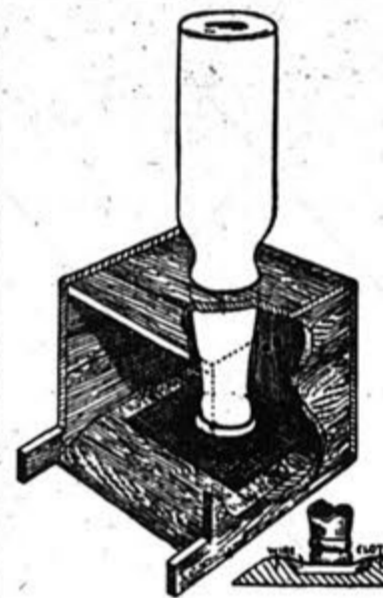
One reason advanced by Prof. Fraser in his address at the National Dairy show why many dairymen in Illinois and adjoining states did not attend the show was that they were too busy milking poor cows. He gave the results of one herd of cows he had tested the past year. This herd—there are hundreds like them—averaged only 133 pounds of butter per cow. Said Prof. Fraser: "What does that mean? The average price of butter at Elgin the past five years was 23 cents. This would give these cows \$30.59 apiece for their winter's work. The cost of the feed was at least \$30, leaving 59 cents for profit. That meant that there are dairymen in Illinois, and the same in Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, who milk a cow 9 1/2 times to get a little over a cent profit. That is the reason we do not have more farmers from northern Illinois and southern Wisconsin here at the dairy show. They are so busy milking these poor cows that they have no time to come. A man would have to milk such a cow 45 times to get a nickel to ride on the street car."



## CARE OF BEES IN WINTER.

A Home-Made Entrance Feeder in Which a Bottle is Used.

I have been using Boardman entrance feeders so constructed as to permit the use of a bottle instead of a fruit-jar, writes a correspondent of Bee Culture. I find them excellent for attuningly early brood-rearing. I usually give each colony one on taking them from their winter quarters. As I am engaged in other business, and have to do the feeding in the evening, with prospects of snow, rain



Way Milk Bottles Are Used.

or sunshine the next day, or possibly in a week, you can see the advantage of this feeder to me and to others so situated.

When the weather is warm enough for the bees to fly, the feed is warm enough for them to take. I have used milk-bottles, both quart and pint, with good results. It is very important that the wire screen be used for the bottle to rest on to prevent the bees from being drawn in when the bottle is taking in air and letting down the feed.

To the bee-hunter who has not yet found his tree, and wants to hold his line over Sunday, or for other reasons, he will find it very convenient, by arranging it so only two or three bees can get food at once.

## WARM COOPS.

Many Breeders Do Not Favor the Idea of Artificial Heat.

The use of artificial heat in poultry houses is not recommended by many breeders of experience and only then when the weather is so intensely cold as to make it readily apparent that the birds will suffer, or at least fail to do well, from lack of heat furnished their bodies naturally.

Most breeders try to construct houses that cold will not penetrate, by building double walls, some with packing between; by double windows and by closing of every crevice. Some, too, assert that houses built on three sides tightly of one thickness of lumber, lined with building paper, and with fronts in which an area of muslin takes the place of much of the glass usually provided, are more comfortable for the fowls, and therefore the most satisfactory.

A poultry house constructed of tongued and grooved lumber, which is in turn covered with a good roofing fabric, will be comfortable and healthful in almost any climate, if the area of glass in the front is not too great, and if in addition a portion of the frontage is composed of heavy cotton cloth, says the Northwestern Agriculturist. The glass will admit the sun's rays, and the cloth will admit plenty of fresh air, but will cut off the drafts.

## A GRAIN DIET FOR HENS.

Opinion That It Will Not Produce the Best Results.

Can I get a maximum yield of eggs by feeding whole grain alone, if I supply a large variety? Is it dangerous to feed whole oats to fowls? are questions asked in a recent issue of the Wisconsin Agriculturist. The following is an answer made by a correspondent:

An exclusive grain diet is not conducive to the health of fowls. They must have meat and vegetable food in order to get good results. There are no grains excepting oats and peas that have sufficient protein for egg production, and the ration must be made farrower by the use of the by-products of grain, which contain a larger percent of protein than the grains themselves. Oats contain about one part of protein to six of carbohydrates and fat, peas, one to three; buckwheat one to seven, while the ideal ration for a laying hen is one to five or six in winter and about one to four or five in summer. We have never had any bad results from feeding whole oats to fowls. Some recommended that they be soaked or boiled, but we have never found this necessary. If given good, sharp fowls will master whole oats without danger.

## Try This Next Year.

When you try to raise sunflowers do the birds get ahead of you in gathering the seed? You can beat them by putting bags over the best sunflowers before the heads ripen.

**PISO'S CURE**

Coughs, Croup, the  
Constitution

25 CENTS

A racking cough is sometimes the forerunner of consumption. Stop the cough with PISO'S CURE before your life is in danger. It goes to the source of the trouble and restores healthy conditions. Promptly relieves the worst cough or cold, and has permanently cured countless cases of coughs, colds and diseases of the throat and lungs.

**COUGHS AND COLDS**

## CITIZENS ATTENTION!

**Boil the Water**  
Read the instructions below and save valuable lives as well as time and money.

The records of the last four years show that every person who drinks the city water as it comes from the faucet from now till May 25th, risks his life.

We therefore ask you, for the safety of yourself and those dear to you, to see that not a drop of city water is used in your family without its first being boiled. It can then be cooled and safely used.

Strict compliance with this request will save 25 or 30 lives in the next four months, besides the terrible suffering and financial loss caused by Typhoid Fever.

Herewith is a copy of Dr. Breitenbich's report which we ask you to read and then Boil the Water.

ESCANABA BUSINESS MEN'S ASSOCIATION

## Republican Club For U. P.

In various portions of Michigan just now preparations are being made for celebrations by political clubs. The most notable example of this is the Lincoln club of Grand Rapids, whose chief speaker this year will be Secretary Taft. The Gridley club of Ionia is another example, as is the Lincoln club of Kalamazoo. Why should not the upper peninsula have a big Republican club? It is asked. Marquette as a central point, would be the natural home for such an institution. Such a club could hold annual banquets with prominent speakers of national repute and thus bring together Republicans from all over the upper part of the state, a plan which would result in more effective and harmonious action in all political affairs. The nucleus of such an organization would of course be the Republicans of the county. After an effective local organization was secured, steps could be taken to secure members throughout the peninsula. Perhaps an improvement on the idea suggested would be to hold the annual banquet in turn at each of the principal cities. This would perhaps do much to give the organization a peninsula-wide character.

## Logging Trains Started

Conditions in the lumber woods have shown a distinct improvement since the first of the year. Operations are expanding with the growing ease of money and the approach of the sawing season, and employment agencies are finding it much more difficult to meet the demands for labor. Wages, however, are maintained at the reduced scale established in the fall. Special logging trains have been put in service on various of the railway lines, and the movement of timber to the milling centers is starting up briskly. It is estimated that 100 car-loads of logs are being delivered daily at the mouth of the Menominee river alone. Two mills are in commission there at the present time, these the plants of the N. Ludington and Sawyer-Goodman companies, and others will begin sawing in February and March.

## Said Roosevelt Was King

Insistent in the declaration that President Roosevelt was king of the United States, an applicant for full citizenship papers in the Dickinson county circuit court has been denied the boon. The man is an Italian miner at Iron Mountain. It is suspected that he is a student of Wall street literature.

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