

THE IRON PORT.

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, JANUARY 18 1908

NUMBER 2

SLOT MACHINES BURNED

Two Machines Taken By Ministers
In Raid Last Week Are
Confiscated

BY ORDER OF COURT

Ministers Armed With Sledges As-
sist In The Work of Destroying
Machines

On Tuesday afternoon Judge Emil Glaser issued an order for the public destruction of the two slot machines which were seized last week at the saloon of Snyder Bros. in a raid conducted by the ministers. The confiscation of the machines was carried out by Under Sheriff Adam Henry assisted by several ministers. The machines were taken from Judge Glaser's office and dumped in the street in front of the Henry Wagon Works. Here the ministers, arrived with sledges and hammers, broke the machines into pieces and the debris was then heaped into a pile and a fire started which completely consumed the machines. Before the machines were destroyed, Under Sheriff Henry removed all of the money that could be found in them. It was noticeable that nearly all of the money has been taken out before the machines were brought down to be destroyed, only a few quarters and nickels remaining in the top part of the machines.

The ministers who assisted in the demolition process were: Rev. F. C. O'Meara, Rev. J. W. Sherwood, Rev. C. A. Lund, Rev. Abel Anderson, Rev. C. H. Sundstrom, Rev. Edward Berntsen and the Rev. C. A. Anderson a traveling missionary who joined the ministerial force for the work of Tuesday morning.

Before an order was issued by Judge Glaser, the argument of Attorney John Cumiskey who appeared for the owner of the machines was listened to. Attorney Cumiskey stated that the owners of the machines had no defence to make but appealed to the Court to allow the machines to be returned, under promise that they would be removed from Delta County at once. Attorney Cumiskey further stated that the machines were not fully paid for, and if destroyed, would cause heavy loss to innocent parties who had purchased notes when the machines were sold. Judge Glaser held that the law was very clear and his duty was quite obvious in the matter and no other way remained for him but to order the destruction of both machines as gambling devices.

Game Law Violators Fight

News which comes from Luce county indicates that that district constitutes a promising field for an enterprising game warden. Deer are being killed out of season, it appears. Recently a party of McMillan men were in the woods with a dog. They were after venison. The dog ran a deer upon another man who was still hunting. He first shot the deer and then turned his artillery upon the hound, killing it. The owner of the dog took revenge by beating the man who did the shooting, and now the latter threatens to have the assailant arrested for assault; but in this event, it is declared the owner of the dog will retaliate by causing the arrest of the marksman for killing deer out of season. It is an interesting situation. In the mean time it is reported there are a considerable number of illegal hunters in the woods. The suspension of operations at the Newberry charcoal iron furnace and its kiln-wood camps has thrown many men out of work, and it is said there is no hesitancy about replenishing larders with venison.

Lack of Snow No Detriment

Contrary to claims that the lack of snow is a detriment to operations in the woods, loggers report that conditions this winter could not well be better. The Rockland Reporter is informed. There is no snow to hamper the work of cutting and trimming timber, and the logs can be picked up for hauling without the aid of a snow gang to uncover them. As a show for hauling, they say they do not want it. Cold weather is all right, but the usual heavy snowfall is a hindrance. The hauling is done over ice roads, which are made as they are needed. Roads of snow are seldom used at camps of any magnitude, as the bottom soon gives way under the weight of the heavy loads and sprinklers have to be used anyway. However, hauling has not begun generally, and by the time it does there will probably be a snow those who want it may wish

TO DEFEAT BRYAN

Figures Show 595 Convention Votes
Can Be Kept From Com-
moner

Detroit, Jan. 14.—Detroit Democrats believe that Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland and Judson Harmon of Cincinnati have effected a combination seeking to control the Democratic national convention, with a view of nominating whichever of the two develops the greatest strength in the convention. Although Mayor Johnson has disavowed any intention of entering the race, Detroit men who are close to him wink their eyes at this. It is pointed out that he carefully avoided being present at the Bryan banquet at Chicago, last week, although he was invited as a special guest. And Mr. Harmon has acknowledged himself a tentative candidate.

The Johnson-Harmon plan, the Detroit Democrats say, is for both men to muster as much strength as possible and in the case of doubtful delegations tie them up with pledges for one or the other. Then when the convention comes, they will get together, and the one showing the greater strength will be accorded the united support of the two factions.

It is also believed that if W. J. Bryan finds that this combination has a following in the convention that would cause a split in his nomination he will withdraw from the race and make the nomination unanimous.

In sizing up the situation the Detroit politicians concede Bryan to the west, but declare that the south will split, a fair share of it going to Harmon. He will also get a part of New England and Pennsylvania.

Leaders in New York have already declared for Tom L. Johnson despite the efforts to trot out Governor Johnson. Roger Sullivan, if he again controls in Illinois, will be against Bryan, ready to throw his strength to his own best advantage. This is also true of Indiana, where Tom Taggart still holds the reins, despite the efforts to dislodge him.

Runaway Couple Caught

Albert Beaupre, 40 years of age, who has a wife and family of four children at Ottawa, Ont., was arrested in this city on Monday with an 18 year old girl with whom he had eloped to this city. Beaupre's arrest was caused by an uncle of the young woman with whom he had eloped, and after the girl had consented to return to her home, the prosecution was dropped. In locating Beaupre in this city, the uncle of the girl disguised himself by having his beard and mustache shaved off and his gray hair dyed a jet black. He then visited all of the French boarding houses in the city and at the Fayette House he at once recognized his niece and her companion. So complete was his disguise that he sat at the same table with the couple and was not recognized. He then notified Chief of Police Beitzler who arrived at the hotel and took the couple before Judge Emil Glaser. The young woman then signified her willingness to leave Beaupre and return with her uncle. After being held for a short time Beaupre was released when the uncle of the girl refused to remain in Escanaba to prosecute a charge against him.

Trapper Making Money

That trapping is still a paying business in northern Michigan is evidenced by the work of Fred Thorbehn of Cornell, Delta county, who arrived at the Menominee county clerk's office the other day with the scalps of five full grown wolves and the scalp of one wild cat. The trapper had just come from Escanaba, where he had been allowed a bounty of seventy-five dollars on three wolves there. All of the animals were killed during the month of December and netted in bounties a total of \$203. In addition to this money, the trapper will receive about \$5 apiece for the pelts. He has also done a profitable business in trapping other fur-bearing animals. He estimates that his income for the month will amount to between \$300 and \$400. Thorbehn is a young man but is almost a giant physically. He states that he thoroughly enjoys the trapping business.

HAD DRY SUNDAY

Escanaba Saloons Were Closed En-
tire Day Last Sunday

By general agreement, the saloon-keepers kept their places of business closed all day last Sunday and for the first time in many months Escanaba was dry. The screens in many places were thrown back, to show that the interiors were vacated.

Miner Scalded to Death

Descending the Pickands-Mather company's Brotherton mine at Wakefield, Gogebic iron range, Stephen Laine, was scalded to death by steam escaping from a bursted pipe. Other miners in the skip with him were badly burned.

STACK IS PRESIDENT

Will Succeed A. R. Moore as Pres.
and Gen. Manager of Street
Railway Co.

At the election of officers at the annual meeting of the Escanaba Electric Street Railway Company Tuesday afternoon a considerable change in the management of that property was made. John K. Stack was elected as president and general manager to succeed A. R. Moore. Other officers chosen are: O. B. Fuller vice president, Atty. L. C. Jennings secretary and general counsel and John J. Cleary treasurer. The members of the board of directors is made up as follows: J. C. Kirkpatrick, J. K. Stack, J. J. Cleary, J. B. Moran and A. R. Moore.

Year's Reforms at Menominee

In Chief English's annual report to the Menominee council, he has some interesting items regarding the work of the police during the past year. The report shows that not only has the department kept up in every way the reforms started in years past but it has also introduced a number of innovations which have done much for the city. The anti-spitting ordinance has worked wonders and has shown that the disgusting habit of expectorating on sidewalks, street cars and in public buildings is largely a custom that people are willing to eliminate if they are reminded of the fact. Conducting disreputable saloons was a practice given a staggering blow last spring when a number of arrests were made by the police and heavy fines were imposed by the circuit court. The police are closely watching the bar-rooms at the present time. Since the accidental killing of the Bender boy last spring, the police have launched a crusade against the use of rifles and as a result the sparrow bounty law has proved a failure in Menominee, at least as guns cannot be used in killing the birds. The crusade against the merchandise slot machines started in November has resulted in dealers all over the city prohibiting children from dropping money in them. The police believe that in this way they have stopped some of the petty stealing that has troubled Menominee people. The last campaign is against the improperly conducted pool and billiard rooms. The police now keep all school boys out of the places.

DOING THEIR DUTY

Score of Escanaba Readers are Learn-
ing the Duty of the kidneys

To filter the blood is the kidneys' duty. When they fail to do this the kidneys are sick. Backache and many kidney ills follow: Urinary trouble, diabetes. Doan's Kidney Pills cure them all. Joseph Labissoniere, of 500 South Seventh St., Marquette Mich., says: "I suffered severely with my kidneys and back for years and had to lay off work a number of times on account of the intense pain all through my back. There was a constant dull aching misery accompanied by acute knife-like thrusts when I least expected them and the pains would be so intense as to bring tears to my eyes. The secretions from my kidneys were very much disordered being irregular and unnatural in appearance. I doctored and tried many remedies without success until finally I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and highly spoken of so I obtained a box and began using them. I noticed a change for the better in twenty-four hours. I continued taking them using three boxes, when the trouble all disappeared and has never returned. My wife was also cured of kidney trouble by Doan's Kidney pills. We are both more than glad to give our names as endorsers of this valuable remedy." Plenty more proof like this from Escanaba people. Call at Mead Drug Co.'s store and ask what their customers report. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

Monkey-Faced Japs

"The battleship fleet now on its way to the Pacific can outfight and outshoot any fleet in the world. So long as nations stand we will have war. Grave questions confront us, but if we are to have war I hope it will be with the yellow heathen race rather than the Christian nation, and I don't care whether it is with the monkey-faced Japanese or some other yellow race." In caustic terms Chase S. Osborn went after the Japanese in a speech recently at the Soo. Osborn has traveled extensively in Japan and has made a close study of the characteristics of the people. After his return from the orient a few years ago he said that it was only a question of time when America and the yellow race would meet in armed conflict. In view of his knowledge of the situation his statements made a strong impression.

HAD VENISON SUPPER

Games Warden Hayward Eats Ven-
ison, Then Arrests Hotelkeeper

For slaughtering deer, which were fed to the patrons of his boarding house, William Givens, section foreman of the Marquette & Southeastern road at Big Bay, was on Wednesday fined \$50 and costs, amounting in all to \$62.40. The case was heard in the court of Justice of the Peace Byrne at Marquette. The arrest was made by State Game Warden C. E. Hayward of Lathrop, who found not only a quantity of venison and the hides of deer which had been killed illegally at the Givens establishment, but also two deer hounds. That Givens has been violating the law for a long period was proven by the fact that one of the deer hides brought into court yesterday had been taken from the animal some time in September, when its cost was thin. Givens paid the fine.

That deer are being killed by wholesale near Big Bay and in the Huron Mountain country, and that residents of the districts are disposed to shield the lawbreakers, is now generally accepted by those at all familiar with the situation. With his hounds Givens was able easily to keep his table supplied with fresh meat, and the men employed by the road under him did not lack for venison at the boarding house. Had not Hayward resorted to strategy, the arrest in all likelihood would not have been made. Instead of going to Big Bay from Marquette, Hayward walked across country, following the lake shore from L'Anse. When asked why he did this, Hayward stated that if he had gone the other way, not only Givens, but all of the others who are shooting and trapping deer out of season, would have been warned by telephone a dozen times before he could have reached Big Bay.

Hayward had arrested Harry Holly in the Huron Mountain country, and with his prisoner he descended on the Givens establishment. With the others in the boarding houses, Hayward and his prisoner had supper Tuesday evening and all of them were served with venison. Givens was then informed that he was under arrest. Hayward brought the two prisoners to the city yesterday for trial.

Holly, who was the first prisoner taken, is a homesteader in the Huron Mountain club country. The pelt of a beaver which he had shot was found in his possession. He entered a plea of guilty and was fined \$10 and costs, amounting in all to \$107. Though he lives in the heart of a deer country, no deer hides were found at his cabin. He stated that he had killed the beaver for its meat.

Old Officers Re-elected

The stockholders of the State Saving Bank held their annual meeting Tuesday night and re-elected the entire old board of directors.

The directors are: O. B. Fuller, Ole Erickson, E. M. St. Jacques, J. A. McGuire, W. W. Caven, Dr. H. B. Reynolds, Dr. F. A. Banks, O. N. Hughtitt and E. P. Sutherland. At the meeting of the directors the same evening the old officers were re-elected, the following being the officers: President, O. B. Fuller; vice president, Ole Erickson; cashier, E. P. Sutherland; assistant cashier, E. A. Perron.

MANY NOT ENROLLED

Records Show 300 Children of School
Age Not Enrolled

A checking up of the school census with the enrollment at the public, parochial and other schools of the city shows that there are still three hundred boys and girls in Escanaba between the ages of thirteen and sixteen years who are not enrolled in any school.

Considerable work has been done since the completion of the new high school towards bringing into school all of the pupils not enrolled, and in order to get the exact knowledge of conditions, the Board of Education ordered that this data be secured. The list of children of school age not enrolled in any school has been turned over to Truant Officer George McCarthy who will serve legal notice on the parents or guardians of each child.

Will Cut Upper Peninsula Timber

The Walloon Lake Lumber company, which has been operating a mill near Boyne City, lower Michigan, for the past five years, has exhausted its supply of timber in that vicinity and will transfer its activities to the upper peninsula. It has a tract of 10,000 acres of virgin timber lands north of the Straits. The Walloon Lake Lumber company is composed of John Grund, of Boyne City, and Joseph Crosier and Ralph Case, of Kingsley started the present mill at Walloon lake in October, 1902, and since that time has cut an aggregate of 23,000,000 feet of lumber. The company cut 6,500,000 feet the past season.

INVESTIGATE CHARGES

Members of Police Committee Hear
Evidence in McCarthy Case

"Much Ado about Nothing" is the common verdict of those who attended the hearing during the investigation of the charges against officer Geo. McCarthy which were brought by the Escanaba Manufacturing Company.

It was alleged by the manufacturing company that officer McCarthy has failed to do very much towards keeping the peace at the time of the strike and was a strike sympathizer. These charges were investigated by the police committee and city attorney and public hearing to receive evidence were held on Saturday and Tuesday evenings.

Eight witnesses were brought by the Escanaba Manufacturing Co. who testified as to the events that took place at the factory on Dec. 2, and 3, during the time when officer McCarthy was with the crowd in front of the factory.

While all of the witnesses stated that officer McCarthy did not appear to do very much towards keeping the crowd off the walk on the days in question, nearly all of them admitted on cross examination that they had not seen any of the property of the manufacturing company injured and that the crowd was quite orderly.

The examination of witnesses for the prosecution was completed on Saturday evening and on Tuesday evening, the witnesses for the defense were heard.

Officer McCarthy took the stand himself and told of the events that transpired on the December 2nd and 3rd in front of the woodenware factory. Officer McCarthy admitted that he knew it was a violation of the city ordinance for crowds to congregate on the sidewalks, but said he did not consider it a sufficient cause to make arrests on those days.

After the hearing of all of the testimony the hearing was closed and the report of the committee will be presented to the council at its next meeting. Attorney John Cumiskey represented officer McCarthy during the examination while Atty. A. H. Ryal appeared for the Manufacturing Co.

NO COMPROMISE

Ministers Reject Proposition from
Saloonists

A proposition made by the saloon-keepers of the city to voluntarily close their places of business at midnight, each week day and to keep open only from 11 a.m. until 6 o'clock p. m. on Sundays was presented to the Ministerial Association this week.

This agreement was secured from the saloonists by Mayor M. Perron who was present at a meeting of the saloon-keepers at Lemmer's hall on Wednesday evening.

Although the proposition made by the saloonkeepers comes nearer a strict compliance with the liquor law than the way the saloons have been running, yet the ministers have decided to reject the proposition and will continue the fight for a complete compliance with the law.

Following is the statement issued by the ministers:

Escanaba, January 16, 1908.
To the People of Escanaba:

Mayor Perron has presented to the Ministerial Association of Escanaba a proposition by the terms of which the saloonists of this city agree to partial observance of the laws of the state and the ordinances of this city, and they wish this association to become a party to an agreement under the terms of which saloonists are to be permitted to flagrantly violate the laws of this state and city, and more than this, the higher law which declares that the Sabbath day shall be kept holy.

The members of this association and the good citizens of Escanaba have too long remained silent and inactive in the face of most degrading conditions. We wish to hereby publicly declare that we will not become a party to any future violation of the law. We also wish it distinctly understood that we shall not in the future perform police duty with the officers of the city and county who are paid for doing. We shall expect that the officers will do their full duty, and if they fail in so doing we shall go to a higher authority.

There shall be no more procrastination. We are determined to fight the battle out on this line if it takes ten years, and we believe that it will be but a short time before righteousness shall be supreme in our city. We call upon every good citizen to aid us in this fight for the homes and for the boys and girls of this city. In order that this statement may reach every home in the city we are presenting a copy to every newspaper in the city with the request for its publication.

Escanaba Ministerial Association,
FRED C. O'MEARA, Pres.,
C. H. SUNDSTROM, Sec.

The Limit.
Dr. Johnson once, speaking of a quarrelsome fellow, said: "If he had two ideas in his head they would fall out with each other."

LOCAL NEWS

Miss Mae Musson of Wilson has graduated from Gordon's Business College and accepted a position as book-keeper and stenographer with the Bay De Nocque Lumber Co. at Nahma.

F. S. Becker of Knosha, Wis., was in the city this week.

F. W. Good, was a Nahma visitor in the city Monday.

W. P. Cook of Oconto, spent Sunday in the city.

J. D. Moran of Sault St. Marie, visited friends in the city the first of the week.

J. R. McDonald was a Hubbell visitor here this week.

Fred Louis and Miss Rose Anderson of Gladstone were married in this city on Tuesday morning.

Mrs. T. J. White is ill at her home at 1017 Ludington street.

Mrs. Peter Jordan of Gladstone was in the city Thursday.

W. L. Marble of Gladstone transacted business here Thursday.

Miss Stone, collector for the Michigan Bell Telephone Co. for several years left Thursday evening for Chicago to complete a course in hair dressing Manicuring and Electric Massage. She will succeed to the business of Miss Christine Fax about Feb. 1.

Don't fail to attend the supper given by the ladies of St. Anne's church Wednesday Jan. 22. From 5:00 to 8:00 you are cordially invited to partake of a good meal for the reasonable sum of 25 cents at their new hall in the basement of St. Anne's school.

All the township treasurers of Delta county, with the exception of the Ford River township, have filed their first reports of the year with County treasurer Joseph Mallman.

Miss Lillian Grenier has returned from Green Bay where she has completed a course at a business college.

S. G. Carolton, Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias for the State of Michigan, was in the city Thursday on business.

Members of the K. K. Fraternity gave an enjoyable dancing party at the Elk's Hall last evening.

Funeral services over the body of Mrs. John Gilbeau, who died Wednesday morning at the home of the family on S. Sarah St., were held from St. Anne's church yesterday morning.

Because of the growth of the automobile business in Escanaba, the two proprietors of garages in this city, Axel Peterson and L. K. Edwards, have disposed of their bicycle sales and repair departments. Mr. Peterson sold his bicycle business to Ed. Bolger and Mr. Edwards sold his business to George Limpert.

The Arma M. Chandler Art Circle held an interesting and enjoyable meeting at the home of Mrs. T. D. Mead, 600 Michigan Ave. on Saturday afternoon. The program consisted of several Musical Numbers and an Address on Savanarola by the Rev. Frederick Spence.

Trees Will Last a Century

America's forests will last another century at least, in the opinion of a well known upper peninsula lumberman. "All this talk about the timber of the country being cut off in fifteen or twenty years is absurd," said he. "Beyond question it will last more than a hundred years, and I think a great deal longer. We are entering an age of cement and iron construction which will reduce the consumption per capita in this country very much indeed. Our reforestation is going to be enlarged upon and adapted not only by the government, but by private interests and all this bugaboo of a treeless country will soon fade away.

"The great reason of all for the high price of lumber in the last five years was the inability of the railways to transport it from the Pacific coast and the south to the east. If there had been facilities, lumber would have been \$2 per thousand cheaper, as there is plenty of timber and plenty of mills to manufacture it, but it was impossible to move it for want of railroad capacity. No living man could conceive how fast this country would grow and they didn't comprehend what tonnage these great bulky commodities made, requiring no end of cars and locomotives to handle them."

Against Sparrow Bounty

On the ground that it demoralizes the young, teaching them to kill for gain and for other reasons the Lansing Humane society has started a crusade against the sparrow bounty law and will make an effort to secure its repeal. It is stated that thousands of useful birds are being slain by young hunters, and that many officials charged with the payment of the bounty are not able to distinguish between the English sparrows and other small birds.

THE IRON PORT

THE IRON PORT CO., Publishers.
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF
THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN
CONDENSED FORM.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Complete Review of Happenings of
Greatest Interest from All Parts of
the Globe—Latest Home and Foreign
Items.

Four firemen were killed and many injured in a fire that destroyed the Parker building on Fourth avenue, New York. The loss, chiefly to publishing houses, was about \$5,000,000.

Edwin Collier, Sr., took his eighty-year-old blind son Edwin to his wife's grave in Ravenna (O.) cemetery, shot him dead and then put a bullet through his own body, near the heart.

Residents of the Ghetto in New York turned out in such numbers to attend the funeral of their poet and playwright, Abraham Goldfaden, that traffic on the Bowery was blocked.

The grand jury in Kansas City returned 160 indictments for working on Sunday, mostly against actors and other theatrical folk.

Mrs. Henry O. Boehme of Orange, N. J., committed suicide by kneeling in front of an express train in the Lackawanna railroad.

Fred Otto of Miles, Ia., traveling dispatcher of the Chicago Great Western railroad, was killed at Egan, Ill., while assisting in clearing a wreck.

William H. Taft addressed a large audience in the People's Institute, New York, on capital and labor, and submitted to a rapid fire quiz from his hearers.

The safe of the Bank of Adair at Adair, Ill., was blown open with nitroglycerin and \$7,700, all the currency in bank, was taken.

Five persons were killed in a collision on the Alabama & Mississippi railroad at Vinegar Bend, Ala.

The appellate division of the supreme court of New York set aside a verdict for \$160,000 obtained against George J. Gould and others by John S. Jones, an Ohio coal operator.

The American Society of Equity in session at Henderson, Ky., denounced the night riders as common criminals.

James A. Kemp, embezzling employee of the Washington police department, was arrested in New Orleans.

Fire destroyed a business block in Sidney, Neb., the loss being \$100,000.

William H. Patterson, son of former Senator John Patterson of North Carolina and brother-in-law of Admiral Evans, commanding the Pacific fleet, died at Battle Creek, Mich., from pneumonia.

It was officially announced in Tokyo that Baron Takahira had been chosen ambassador to the United States to succeed Viscount Aoki.

The socialists organized a suffrage demonstration before the building of the Prussian landtag in Berlin in which a radical resolution demanding universal suffrage in Prussian elections came up for discussion. They were dispersed by the police, and Chancellor von Buelow said the government was against manhood suffrage.

Paul Bowers, aged 14 years, shot and killed a negro burglar in his home at Alverton, Pa.

George F. Evans, vice president and general manager of the Maine Central railroad, died at Vaneboro, Me.

Terrorists of Warsaw threw a bomb at a post car station, killing two men and injuring ten, and escaping with a large sum of money.

Five Detroit firemen were injured, one of them seriously, at a fire which caused about \$100,000 damage in the Forrester & Cheney knitting mills.

Fire in the business section of Alton, Ill., destroyed the Edwards County Bank building, the new National Bank building, the telephone exchange and four stores.

It is reported in New Britain, Conn., that William F. Walker, the absconding bank treasurer recently arrested in Mexico, is being aided in his defense by New York parties who received part of the stolen securities.

New Jersey railway commissioners report that from July 29 to December 1, 1907, 108 persons were killed and 198 injured by railroads in the state.

Ex-Empress Eugenie and her suite sailed from Marseilles, France, for Colombo.

Dr. Horace Newell Marvin of Dover, Del., father of the boy who wandered away from a farmhouse near Dover last spring and died from exposure, was married to Mrs. Flora Melinda Swift, his mother-in-law.

The American battleship fleet, under command of Rear Admiral Evans, was sighted passing Pernambuco, Brazil, on its way to Rio Janeiro.

A new Roman Catholic diocese was carved out of the archdiocese of Chicago, and will be known as the bishopric of Rockford.

Congressman William Sulzer of New York married Miss Roselheim of Philadelphia, who was his nurse during a serious illness.

Mail advices from South China tell of a terrible fire at Canton where 300 lives were lost in the burning of a restaurant.

Testimony was begun in the suit instituted by Richard Snell, son of Col. Thomas Snell, the late millionaire railroad builder, in Clinton, Ill., to break the will which cuts young Snell off with an annuity of but \$50. Sensational statements were made by counsel for the plaintiff to the effect that Col. Snell had expended no less than \$300,000 upon women during the last ten years of his life, of which \$75,000 had gone to his alleged grandniece, Maybelle Snell, of Kansas City, Mo., now Mrs. McNamara.

The district court of appeals at San Francisco handed down a decision settling aside the judgment in the case of former Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz, convicted of extortion in the French restaurant case. Abe Ruef also benefits by the ruling.

The old historic building at Newbern, N. C., which was part of Gov. Tryon's place before the revolutionary war was destroyed by fire.

Two negro farm hands who made a murderous assault on Mr. and Mrs. Martin Livingston at Goldsboro, Ga., were captured by a posse and shot to death.

Cyrus J. Lawrence, aged 76, of the New York banking firm of Cyrus J. Lawrence & Son and vice president of the Bush Terminal company, died.

Mack St. Clair and Solomon Lawrence, shot fire, were instantly killed in an explosion in a mine at Princeton, Ind.

Friends of Jack London, the author, are beginning to feel anxiety over his failure to arrive at the Marquesas Islands, which he was expected to reach early in December.

Frank J. McBrien, a wealthy retired business man, was killed in New York in saving the life of Mrs. Mary Scheele of Brooklyn, who had fallen in the path of a train.

Martin Maloney of Philadelphia began court proceedings to have annulled the marriage of his daughter Helen to Arthur Herbert Osborn of New York in 1905.

The candidacy of Gov. Charles E. Hughes for the Republican presidential nomination was launched at a "Hughes dollar dinner" in New York city.

W. J. Bryan, speaking at Danville, Ill., said he believed the Republicans would nominate Speaker Cannon for the presidency.

Austin O. Sexton, once active in Chicago in state and local politics, died at the home of his daughter at Hammond, Ind.

L. C. Storrs of Lansing, Mich., aged 70, secretary of the Michigan state board of charities and correction, died suddenly of heart failure on a Queen & Crescent train near Somerset, Ky.

Urban Agney, captain of last year's football team at Kansas university, committed suicide at Lawrence, Kan., by jumping from the dome of Frazer hall.

Edward Burch, at Hampton, Va., and Miss Eva Downing, at Winchester, Ky., were married by long-distance telephone.

William Shamburger perished in a fire that partly destroyed the roundhouse and shops of the Lake Shore road at Elkhart, Ind.

Christopher H. Connor, former city comptroller of La Crosse, Wis., and one of the best-known Democratic politicians in western Wisconsin, died at Spokane.

Five men were injured, one probably fatally, and the lives of 50 passengers endangered by a terrific head-on collision on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway in Chicago.

Chinese students educated in America have taken precedence over those educated in Europe and in Japan, according to advices received at the state department from American Consul General Bergholtz at Canton, China.

Vernon L. Nettleton of Coldwater, Mich., lashed his sister's throat with a carving knife and then killed himself.

W. B. Thomas was elected president of the American Sugar Refining company to succeed the late H. O. Havemeyer.

The courthouse at Calhoun, Ky., was destroyed by fire. All court records for McLean county were burned.

Lansing, Mich., was seized by a strange malady, thousands of persons being stricken with nausea and acute intestinal trouble.

Being unable to meet payments due on his stock in the institution Augustus Heinze lost control of the Mercantile National bank of New York. The stock was taken back by Edwin Gould.

Father Charles F. Fearful of St. Joseph, Mo., has been notified by the state department at Washington that he is heir to a fortune of \$500,000, left by his uncle, a prominent wool merchant, who died recently in Sydney, Australia.

Judge Munger of the federal court at Omaha ordered the jury to acquit Henry Sutton, who had been on trial on charge of conspiracy to defraud the government out of large tracts of land.

Judge Walter H. Sanborn, of the United States circuit court at St. Paul, Minn., appointed A. B. Stickey and Charles H. E. Smith, both residents of St. Paul, receivers for the Chicago Great Western railroad.

Postmaster General Meyer ordered that it shall be a condition of any contract hereafter entered into for carrying the mails upon star, screen wagon, messenger or special service route, that the contractor shall not transport intoxicating liquor from one point to another upon such route while in the performance of mail service.

Gagged with his own handkerchief, tied by the feet to the iron upright of the elevated railway and robbed of \$700 in cash and \$500 in checks, was the fate that befell J. Ward Flook, a collector for Libby, McNeill & Libby, of Chicago.

Liquor valued at \$7,000, seized in raids, was poured into the sewer at Topeka, Kan., under orders of the court.

J. F. Selby, mayor of Hillsboro, N. D., dropped dead in Moorhead, N. D., Bishop George Worthington of Nebraska, who was recently appointed to take charge of the Episcopal churches on the continent in succession to Bishop Henry C. Potter of New York, died suddenly at Mentone, France.

Dean James B. Eddie of Salt Lake City, who was convicted by an ecclesiastical court of immorality a year ago, was formally deposed from the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal church, many of the congregation weeping and hissing the sentence.

Prominent coal operators from the principal coal producing states of the east gathered in Washington to discuss the recent mining disasters and the best methods possible for the preservation of the lives of the miners in the future.

Albert Jackson and Minnie Burton discovered just before the day set for their marriage at Englewood, S. D., that they were brother and sister, and they have gone to northern Missouri to make a search for their mother.

Fred C. Bonfish of the Denver Post was fined \$50 for assaulting former Senator Thomas M. Patterson.

Charles W. Whitney, a New York stock exchange man, committed suicide.

A radical bank bill was presented in the Illinois house at Springfield by Representative Templeman. It provides that losses by depositors owing to failures shall be shared pro rata among banks.

Isaac Kushemoff, a 17-year-old New York boy, who was a bank messenger and disappeared, was arrested on his return from Europe, charged with taking \$390 collected for the Bank of North America.

Rev. D. I. McDermott, rector of a Catholic church in Philadelphia, refused to permit a lodge of Hibernians to attend a funeral in the church, and made serious charges connecting the order with the Molly Maguires.

Indicted by the federal grand jury for the over-certification of 15 checks, representing in the aggregate over \$400,000 and drawn by the firm of Otto Heinze & Co. on the Mercantile National bank, F. Augustus Heinze, the copper magnate and former president of the Mercantile National bank, surrendered himself to United States Commissioner Shields in New York and later was released on \$50,000 bail.

The long overdue Mount Royal of the Canadian Pacific railway's Atlantic service steamed slowly into Queenstown. Heavy weather and trouble with her boilers compelled her to put back.

The students of Washington university at St. Louis held a meeting and formulated demands upon the faculty to reinstate Student J. Allen Stevens, recently expelled, on threat of a general student strike.

Despondent because of ill health and financial difficulties, M. A. Horn, merchant, councilman, bank director and stockholder in manufacturing concerns, drowned himself at Danville, O.

Seven hundred and forty thousand dollars is missing from the Bank of Yucatan. Fernando O. Rodriguez, sub-director, and Mateo Ponce, ex-cashier of the bank, and ten other persons have been arrested.

Claus A. Spreckle, son of the big sugar refiner, charges that the American Sugar Refining company has no surplus and that it has included in its assets a dozen or two dismantled plants.

Four men, who attempted to hold up passengers on the "Katy" flyer in the union station in Kansas City, Mo., were foiled. The conductor struck one of the gang over the head with a lantern and all fled.

A stretch of beach 300 feet long at Oregon Inlet, N. C., was washed away during a storm, carrying with it the land end of the government cable to Hatteras Station.

The employers' liability law was held unconstitutional by the supreme court of the United States.

Former Supervisor Lonergan of San Francisco, who confessed to accepting bribes, dropped dead.

Charles M. MacDonald, formerly a prominent lumberman, died at La Crosse, Wis.

Foster E. Percy of Mendota, Ill., committed suicide in Chicago.

H. Grey Duberly, a relative of Earl Grey, governor general of Canada, committed suicide in New York.

A vessel believed to be the missing steamer Mount Royal was reported 250 miles west of Fastnet Light.

As a result of the overturning of a skiff containing nine men near Kickapoo, Kan., seven men were drowned; the other two were rescued by Ernest Schweitzer at the risk of his life.

Judge A. S. Berry, a well-known Kentucky Democratic politician and a former member of congress, died at his home at Newport, Ky., of pneumonia.

Unless the spinners modify their demands, the cotton mills throughout the country, owned by 500 members of the Federation of Master Spinners, will be closed January 25 and 150,000 employes locked out.

A schooner was wrecked on the Diamond shoals, near Cape Hatteras, and only two of the crew of seven were saved.

A. Ross Hill, dean of the college of arts and sciences and a director of the school of education at Cornell university, was chosen president of the University of Missouri to succeed Richard H. Jesse, resigned.

Capt. William Thomas, superintendent of the Aurora mine of the United States Steel corporation at Ironwood, Mich., was shot and killed Monday by John Bendette, a miner who had been discharged.

TO CALL OFF TROOPS

PRESIDENT WILL ORDER THEM
AWAY FROM GOLDFIELD.

WARNING TO GOVERNOR

Committee Says There Was No War-rant for Asking Federal Aid and Nevada Should Preserve Order.

Washington.—President has determined to withdraw the federal troops from Goldfield, Nev., shortly after the legislature begins its special session Tuesday. This intention was made known at the White House Sunday when the report of the special investigation committee was made public, together with a letter from the president to Gov. Sparks, dated January 4.

The president says he shall be governed by the recommendations in the report unless the governor can show that the statements of the report are not in accordance with the facts. The report says:

"The conditions did not support the general allegations in the governor's request for troops, nor were his specific statements established by any such extent as to justify his use of these statements for the purpose of getting federal troops."

It concludes with this recommendation:

"But we must also firmly believe that upon the assembling of the legislature, or within a few days thereafter, the troops should be removed, regardless of any request for their retention that may be made by either the legislature or the governor of Nevada, it being essential that the state of Nevada shall understand this situation completely, shall recognize the fact that there will, at that date, be thrown upon it, and it alone, the primary responsibility of keeping order and that, recognizing this responsibility, it may take such action as is the duty of the state and as will be sufficient in the premises."

BATTLESHIPS ARE AT RIO.

Admiral Evans Is Welcomed by the Brazilian Officials.

Rio Janeiro.—The American fleet of 16 battleships, entered the port of Rio Janeiro at three o'clock Sunday afternoon, after a passage from Port of Spain, Trinidad, more than 3,000 miles, unmarred by serious accident, replete with interesting incidents and ending with a royal welcome from the thousands that had gathered to greet the visitors.

As soon as the anchorage was made the Brazilian minister of marine, Admiral Alencar, the captain of the port, the American consul, C. E. Anderson, the commandants of naval divisions and the civic authorities went on board the Connecticut and extended a hearty welcome to Rear Admiral Evans, his officers and men.

VISSCHER SHOTS OFFICER.

Well Known Chicagoan in Serious Trouble in Omaha.

Omaha, Neb.—Col. William J. Visscher, widely known as journalist and humorist, Saturday night shot and seriously injured Patrol Conductor Peter Dillon while Visscher was being taken to the police station in a patrol wagon, charged with disturbing the peace.

Col. Visscher was arrested first for being intoxicated. He was released, and, being anxious to return to Chicago, where he lives, attempted to board every train at the depot and was arrested again for his own protection. It was then that he shot the officer.

FATAL EXPLOSION OF GAS.

Man Killed and Others Badly Injured in Joplin Hotel.

Joplin, Mo.—An explosion of natural gas in the basement of the big Olivia apartment hotel here Sunday killed Marvin Reynolds, aged 20, night clerk, seriously injured several other persons and caused \$8,000 damage to property.

A suite of five rooms occupied by John E. Stevens, a wealthy mine owner, and his wife was completely wrecked and both occupants were severely injured.

Ice Yacht Kills Chicago Boy.

Madison, Wis.—Frank Purdy of Chicago, a freshman in the College of Agriculture of the Wisconsin university, was run down by an ice yacht while skating on Lake Mendota and so badly injured that he died.

Attempts Suicide But Is Hanged.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Peter Turner, a negro, was hanged here Saturday for the murder of Minnie Scott last March. Saturday morning Turner made an unsuccessful attempt to commit suicide.

Japanese Growing Uneasy.

Tokyo.—Incoming cablegrams indicating an overwhelming sentiment in America in favor of an exclusion act are causing much uneasiness of leaders of all shades of politics, who have repeatedly expressed the conviction that the Americans did not desire to discriminate against the Japanese and would accept the attitude of the Japanese government as evidence of its sincere desire not to embarrass the American government and at the same time to save the amour propre of the Japanese.

NEWS OF THE STATE

RECORD OF A WEEK'S HAPPENINGS IN MICHIGAN.

OPPOSE CIGARETTE LAW

Firms in Tobacco Business Organize to Prevent Antagonistic Measure Passing the Constitutional Convention.

Detroit.—Anticipating the final adoption of the anti-cigarette measure, at present under the consideration of the delegates to the constitutional convention, attorneys representing the interests of various firms engaged in the sale of cigarettes made preparations for an active campaign.

Realizing that the abolition of the cigarette in Michigan would mean the loss of much money, dealers started to combine their interests. The campaign in favor of the cigarette started in Detroit. The plan is to appeal to the people of the various districts to prevail upon the delegates to the constitutional convention to defeat the proposed measure. It is hoped by the attorneys interested that enough people will protest to make the delegates decide that the law would be a futile one.

JEALOUS HUSBAND KILLS WIFE.

Also Shoots Alleged Rival and Himself, But Both Will Recover.

Ludington.—Crazed by jealousy, Leonard Brown of Grand Rapids came here from his home, drove six miles to the farm of Robert Johnson, where his wife was staying, and shot the woman. She died in a few hours. Brown then fired two bullets into Johnson's body and tried to commit suicide, firing three shots into his own head.

None of them will prove fatal, however, and Johnson will also recover from his wounds. Brown, who has not lived with his wife for two years, accused Johnson of breaking up his home.

MENTAL HEALER'S PATIENT DIES.

Child Succumbs to Pleuro-Pneumonia and Was Not Treated by Physician.

Plainwell.—Mrs. David Neeley, mother of Walter Neeley, 2½ years old, who died in Plainwell from pleuro-pneumonia, after having been treated by members of a sect of mental healers instead of physicians, was placed under arrest. The coroner's jury, which is investigating the child's death, requested that Mrs. Neeley be held in \$5,000 bonds.

The coroner's jury which inquired into the death of Walter Neeley brought in a verdict finding that the child died of pleuro-pneumonia and declaring the mother guilty of gross negligence for failing to secure the services of a physician or to call in medical attendance. The child was treated by two members of a sect of mental healers.

Chinaman Threatens Murder.

Battle Creek.—Arrival of policemen prevented a knife from being wedged between the ribs of Lem Jim, who, three months ago, was robbed of \$100 and some clothing by Louis Tung. When Tung returned from the Detroit house of correction he threatened to assassinate Jim. Passersby called the police, who put Tung aboard a train for Chicago, where he says he can hire an assassin to kill Lem for \$100.

Killed by Crazy Italian.

Ironwood.—John Bendette, an Italian, who had been refused work at the Aurora mine, shot and killed Capt. William Thomas, superintendent of the mine, which belongs to the United States Steel corporation. Bendette was caught and roughly handled before officers arrived. Capt. Thomas was a pioneer of the Gogebic iron range.

To Build Sanitarium.

Battle Creek.—A sanitarium, built in strict accordance with the "Battle Creek idea," though in no way a branch of the Battle Creek sanitarium, is to be built at Little Bayou, four miles from St. Petersburg, Fla. R. M. Parmelee of Nashville, Tenn., representing the Adventists behind the movement, has purchased 110 acres of land.

School Row in Court.

Hastings.—Judge Smith is hearing quo warranto proceedings in the school consolidation case. A movement was started last spring to consolidate the townships of Johnstown, Baltimore and Barry. It carried, but later allegations of misrepresentations were made and the matter was taken into court.

Rededicate Deerfield Church.

Deerfield.—The Deerfield M. E. church, after undergoing repair, has been rededicated.

Car Ferry on the Bottom.

Manistique.—While attempting to enter this port with a load of cars the car ferry Manistique, one of the largest car ferries in the world, struck on a rock just outside the breakwater and stove in two steel plates below the main boiler room.

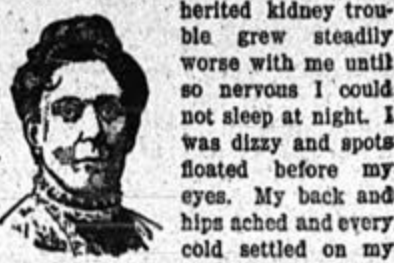
Certificates Abandoned.

Detroit.—The last of the clearing house certificates issued here during the recent financial crisis were retired and Detroit banks are now doing business on a cash basis.

REASON FOR WOMEN'S "NERVES"

In Very Many Cases It Is Weakened Kidneys.

Mrs. Frank Roseboom, 512 S. Wash-



ington St., Moscow, Idaho, says: "Inherited kidney trouble grew steadily worse with me until so nervous I could not sleep at night. I was dizzy and spots floated before my eyes. My back and hips ached and every cold settled on my kidneys and made me worse. I have used many different medicines and was discouraged when I began with Doan's Kidney Pills, but now the symptoms that alarmed me are gone."

Sold by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Shielded.

"I suppose you think you could run the government better than we do?"

said the statesman.

"I do," answered the energetic citizen.

"And I do not doubt you are happy and hopeful in that belief?"

"I am."

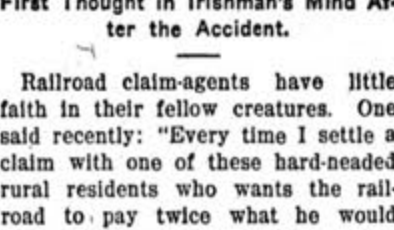
"It is a beautiful state of mind. It would be a pity to destroy it by allowing you to be elected to office."

BLAMED ON THE RAILROAD.

First Thought in Irishman's Mind After the Accident.

Railroad claim-agents have little faith in their fellow creatures. One said recently: "Every time I settle a claim with one of these hard-headed rural residents who wants the railroad to pay twice what he would charge the butcher if he gets a sheep killed, I think of this story, illustrative of the way some people want to hold the railroad responsible for every accident, of whatever kind, that happens. Two Irishmen were driving home from town one night when their buggy ran into a ditch, overturned, and they were both stunned. When a rescuer came along and revived them, the first thing one of them said was: 'Where's the train?' 'Why, there's no train around,' he was told. 'Then where's the railroad?' 'The nearest railroad is three miles away,' he learned. 'Well, well,' he commented. 'I knew it hit us pretty hard, but I didn't suppose it knocked us three miles from the track.'"

THE SOFT ANSWER.



Stern Parent—I hadn't any of the advantages you have had. How do you suppose I have got on as I have?

Young Hopeless (Intending to make a soothing reply)—Er—I expect the grass wouldn't grow under your feet, sir!

RAILROAD MAN

Didn't Like Being Starved.

A man running on a railroad has to be in good condition all the time or he is liable to do harm to himself and others.

A clear head is necessary to run a locomotive or conduct a train. Even a railroad man's appetite and digestion are matters of importance, as the clear brain and steady hand result from the healthy appetite followed by the proper digestion of food.

"For the past five years," writes a railroad man, "I have been constantly troubled with indigestion. Every doctor I consulted seemed to want to starve me to death. First I was dieted on warm water and toast until I was almost starved; then, when they would let me eat, the indigestion would be right back again."

"Only temporary relief came from remedies, and I tried about all of them I saw advertised. About three months ago a friend advised me to try Grape-Nuts food. The very first day I noticed that my appetite was satisfied, which had not been the case before, that I can remember."

"In a week, I believe, I had more energy than ever before in my life. I have gained seven pounds and have not had a touch of indigestion since I have been eating Grape-Nuts. When my wife saw how much good this food was doing me she thought she would try it awhile. We believe the discoverer of Grape-Nuts found the 'Perfect Food.'"

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pks. "There's a Reason."

From the State Capital

Information and Gossip Furnished by Special Correspondent at Lansing.

Lansing.—Gov. Warner has taken a formal step towards the removal from office of State Treasurer Frank P. Glazier. Maj. Loomis attempted to serve a copy of charges preferred by the governor against the treasurer. He was refused admission to the Glazier home at Chelsea, but later was granted permission to serve the papers on Mr. Gorman, attorney for Glazier, and did so. It was reported that State Treasurer Glazier, whose financial troubles have caused much embarrassment to the state administration, will resign and that in doing so he will attack Gov. Warner's integrity and sincerity. The charges set forth in the manner in which funds were deposited in the bank at Chelsea. A summary is as follows:

"By virtue of power vested in me, it becomes necessary to inquire into the condition of the office of state treasurer, and determine whether there has been gross neglect of duty or not."

The following specific charges are made:

"Depositing of large sums under the treasurer's control in a bank at Chelsea of which he was an officer and stockholder."

"Depositing of funds at times when he had no right to do so, thus being guilty of misfeasance."

"Neglect of duty in not attempting to collect money due the state from the Chelsea bank."

"Gross neglect of duty in depositing funds in the Chelsea bank without ample security."

"The state is now unable to secure moneys deposited and may lose the same because of this action of the treasurer."

Oppose Municipal Ownership.

An active organized opposition seems to exist to municipal ownership and the introduction into the new constitution of articles authorizing or extending the ideas current on the subject of municipal ownership. This organization has supplied committees of the convention with publications on the subject of municipal ownership. Some are expensive pamphlets reprinted from foreign sources. One gives a table of existing public indebtedness of cities, villages, counties and school districts in Michigan computed to December, 1907. It shows totals as follows:

53 Michigan cities.....	\$2,206,731.00
25 Michigan villages.....	2,288,877.50
23 Michigan school districts...	3,222,567.51
9 Michigan counties.....	3,257,500.00
Total	\$11,375,676.51

The village of River Rouge is listed as having a debt exceeding all others in the state—the amount being \$229,850, which, with a school debt of \$62,000 gives River Rouge preeminence for burdens of debt—the total being \$291,850

To Enlarge Courthouse.

The board of supervisors at Saginaw have decided to build an addition to the courthouse, which is badly overcrowded. The enlargement, plans and specifications for which were adopted, consists of a two-story wing on the south extension to cost \$20,000. The question of issuing bonds was ordered submitted to the voters. Thirty residents of Taymouth township have presented to the board a petition alleging that many fraudulent drain orders have been issued; that some of them have been paid and others are outstanding. About \$1,000, it is said, is involved.

Meeting of Stock Breeders.

The seventeenth annual meeting of the Michigan Live Stock Breeders' and Feeders' association was scheduled at the agricultural college January 14 and 15. Men from all over Michigan who are interested in live stock breeds and their improvement usually attend this meeting in large numbers. Prof. O. C. Anderson of the college is secretary of the association and has charge of the program and entertainment. Prof. C. D. Smith, also of the college, is vice president.

Jail Quarantine Breakers.

"If smallpox patients continue to break quarantine and expose others to the disease," said Secretary Shumway, of the state board of health, "there will be some prosecutions. The disease is widely scattered throughout Michigan, and it is frequently being diagnosed as itch." A man at Bronson, a few nights ago, his face broken out with smallpox, attended a performance at the opera house, and the inhabitants of the village are alarmed.

Prosperous Lumber Year.

The lumber trade in the Saginaw valley, while closing with considerable dullness and lower prices, has been prosperous on the whole during the last year. The bulk of the valley's business has been transacted with the Georgian bay district, while the greater portion of all lumber receipts by water is now being from Canada. During the year just closed Saginaw dealers received 19,106,290 feet of Canadian lumber, 25,964,923 feet of coastwise, more than 1,000,000 pickets and 731,000 lath.

Decide on Two-Year Term.

There was a long discussion in the constitutional convention over the proposition to change the election of superintendent of public instruction from fall to spring, make the term four years and place that official on all state boards dealing with educational matters. The four-year term was attacked on the ground that it would afford the best of opportunities to build up a political machine. Finally a compromise was reached by cutting the term down to two years. At present, county treasurers and sheriffs are limited to two terms each, and a proposal was passed in committee of the whole wiping out the restriction except as to sheriffs.

Delegate Bromfield precipitated a lively discussion on the proposition prohibiting the issuing of passes to public officers, which came up on second reading. On passage the proposal was killed 52 to 25.

Delegate Harbour submitted a proposal which provides that the revised constitution shall contain clauses making it mandatory that provisional amendments shall be submitted to the voters at the fall election on the questions of municipal ownership, initiative and referendum, woman suffrage and prohibition of cigarettes.

The committee on taxation reported the several propositions that were agreed, including the uniform rule and the new plan for taxing mortgages. The latter provides for a tax of one-half of one per cent. when the instrument is recorded.

Women clamoring for the constitutional right to vote appeared before the convention in large numbers. The demonstration was the most notable that has taken place during the meetings of the convention.

Hon. Peter White of Marquette joined in a petition sent to the convention in favor of woman suffrage. Among other petitions along the same line was a lengthy one from the Ladies of the Modern Maccabees.

Beet Sugar Interests Talk.

Watts S. Humphrey, attorney for the beet sugar interests of Michigan, has addressed a communication to the voters of Michigan "who believe in the principle of protection to our home industries," pointing out why the sugar men are opposed to the candidacy of Secretary of War Taft and urging the Republicans of Michigan to send an unqualified delegation to the national convention in Chicago. With reference to the activity in progress to have Michigan instructed for Taft he says: "Some of the professional politicians who have modestly tendered their services as delegates have declared themselves as in favor of Taft's candidacy. The evident purpose of these declarations would appear to be a seat in the administration band wagon. It is a well-known fact that Secretary Taft has been selected by the president as his successor to the throne, and if the people only take kindly to dictation of this sort the formality of calling a convention to ratify presidential succession may soon be dispensed with."

Many New Physicians Licensed.

During the year ending October 30, 1907, the state board of examiners in medicine has granted licenses to 258 practitioners, according to a report filed with Gov. Warner. During the year the board has entered into reciprocal relations with 23 states and has indorsed 79 licenses issued by other state boards. The expenses of the board have been \$5,813.93 and the receipts \$5,642.70. The board has a balance on hand of \$3,134.43.

Michigan Roads Must Pay More.

State Tax Commissioner Robert Shields says sufficient figures have been received to warrant the statement that the average taxation levied against Michigan railroads this year will be the highest since the tax commission was organized. The commission holds its session in Lansing January 10 to 15, when the final figures are given out for publication, according to the usual custom.

Meet on February 12.

Chairman Diekema, from Washington, D. C., has issued a call for a meeting of the Michigan Republican state central committee for February 12. It is to be held at the Morton house, Grand Rapids, at two o'clock in the afternoon. At this time will be set the date for the state convention to elect delegates to the national convention.

Secured Recruits and Bride.

The navy department has closed its recruiting office for the marine corps service in Pontiac, and Sergt. T. C. Viola, who has been in charge, has been transferred to an office at Muskegon. While here Viola enlisted 23 recruits for the marine corps and a bride for himself. The bride was Miss Carrie M. Hicks and the wedding was consummated some time ago at Windsor. In place of the marine corps station the army has opened an office here, in charge of Private William Lawler.

INDIANS' CRITICISM OF ART.

Catlin's Paintings Were Declared to Be the Real Thing.

Four Indians from a Nebraska reservation who came to Washington to dun Uncle Sam for some lands they claim were never paid for took a stroll through the national museum, says the Washington Star.

They were anxious to see themselves as others see them, so they inspected the collection of Indian paintings by Catlin and looked long and critically at the life-size figures incased in glass, intended to represent Indian life in its various phases.

"Ugh," remarked Blue Feather, appearing immensely pleased as he gazed on a cooking camp fire scene. "It is very good," said Hiram Chase, who was guiding the party. He has been district attorney for Thurston county, and has been admitted to practice in the federal supreme court, the first Indian ever enjoying this distinction.

"These exhibits are true and natural," he told the museum officials. "And Catlin's paintings of the early chiefs are exact reproductions of our men of that day. I am no art critic. I could not tell a Rembrandt from a Remington, but I know that Catlin's pictures are the real thing, just as my father and grandfather used to look before Uncle Sam tried to make us different and wear his kind of clothes and eat his kind of food and let the West Pointers and Tommy Burns and the others do all the country's fighting."

"The only criticism the Indians have to make of American art, as applied to themselves, is the new artists, who have never traveled beyond the limits of Pennsylvania avenue. Any one who knows anything knows that the facial expression of the Indian of to-day is meek and subdued. Sometimes his face lights up like the setting sun at some pleasure or reminiscence, but he is never ferocious looking. The new artist ought to study evolution."

LESS DRINKING IN THE NAVY.

Retired Admiral Says Conditions Have Changed for the Better.

"The navy is not what it was in the old days," said a retired admiral while on his way home from his club one evening. "The amount of liquor consumed is in the proportion of a thimble to a barrel. It was not an uncommon thing, during my early career, for officers to return drunk from shore leave and they were permitted to go to their quarters and sleep off the intoxication. If an officer were to return aboard a modern ship under the influence of liquor charges would be preferred against him immediately."

"Why, I remember two of my shipmates who had been painting the town with convivial colors coming down to the cutter awaiting them in a condition which necessitated their use of both sides of the street. They got safely into the boat. It began to rain, and they hoisted their umbrellas. Upon arrival at the ship one of them slipped in mounting the ladder and fell overboard. The other gallantly jumped after him. No difficulty was experienced in getting the first unfortunate, but the hero could not be pulled out of the water. Finally a rope was tied around his ankles, several men hauled away, and he was hoisted on deck. As he was dragged from the water it was seen that the obstacle to his easy rescue was his umbrella which had remained open.

"Why did you not let go of your umbrella?" he was asked. "Well, you see (hic) it was wet there and I needed the darned thing to protect me from the damp."

Squirrels Keep Policeman Busy.

Policeman Curtis, who guards the east end of the White House portico, has had to stop a fight every day this week, says a correspondent. It has relieved the monotony of his work—the monotony consisting in telling visitors that "Yes, this is the White House." Still, it has been a strenuous week.

For a long time there were but three squirrels on the White House grounds, and of these one was the ruler. He got the first hand-out of nuts from the tail pocket of Policeman Curtis' uniform, and until he had eaten his fill and had buried what he thought he might need if he waked up in the night the two others did not dare to approach.

A newcomer appeared recently. He was waved aside by the boss of the squirrel bunch but he came right back and there was a fight. "This has recurred daily. No one knows yet who is the champion, as Policeman Curtis, being an enforcer of the law, has never let the scrap go to a finish. He has to lean down daily from that six-foot height and grasp the combatants by the scruff of the neck and pull them apart. He usually puts one of them in his pocket or under his arm while he feeds the other and sends him on his way.

Long an Employee of Uncle Sam.

The honor of being the federal employe longest in service belongs to William R. Smith, who has been superintendent of the botanic garden at Washington for 55 years. Mr. Smith is 80 years of age, a Scotchman by birth, but very much of an American in sentiment. He lives in a little house in the middle of the congressional flower garden, and there famous men have been accustomed to gather from year to year to talk with him about the rare plants in the great glass houses on his little domain. He has many anecdotes to relate of the celebrated people whom he has met. Mr. Smith is over six feet tall and of stalwart proportions and bids fair to continue an efficient servant of Uncle Sam for many years longer.

Gleanings of Gotham

Life in the Great Metropolis Mirrored for Our Readers

East Side Fights for Lower Rents



NEW YORK.—Victory is dawning for the thousands of tenants of the lower east side who are fighting for lower rents. Many landlords have announced that they were ready to make reductions. Some of the landlords are offering compromise propositions, but in the main the tenants are holding out for a material reduction.

Rents in the tenement houses, it is said, have almost doubled within the last three years, and have advanced 20 per cent within a year. To make the matter worse, the heads of thousands of families are out of work.

The opening gun in the remarkable industrial struggle was fired by the 48 families in the double-decker tenement, 68 and 70 Stanton street, who asked for a reduction of \$1 a month, and by the 82 families in 216 and 218 Cherry street, who demanded \$3 a month lopped off the monthly rental of \$21 to \$25 for the front flats of four and five rooms, and \$2 from the \$18 rate for the rear rooms.

The action was followed immediately by the immense tenement popula-

tion on Allen street north of Grand, Rutgers, Essex, Ludlow, Hester, Monroe and Jefferson streets—the most densely populated section of any city in the world. Seventeen languages or dialects are spoken within this area, and the proselyters were selected with especial reference to their ability to impress upon tenants in their native tongues the necessity of standing by their pledges.

Where a landlord succeeded in evicting one family the other families were pledged to take the dispossessed household into their own flats and care for them as boarders until the landlord saw the futility of such a losing game and surrendered. All the east side was being flooded with placards preaching war on the demands of the landlords.

The real leader in the struggle which has a following of 30,000 is a frail factory girl. Her name is Pauline Newman. This child of the Ghetto is not a frenzied, excitable girl, who wildly preaches revolt, but is a quiet, determined, highly intelligent leader of a well-organized, enthusiastic band. She works daily in a shirtwaist factory. Well educated for one in her station of life, deeply thoughtful, and fully cognizant of the horrors of poverty, she is eminently fitted to direct the east side tenement dwellers in their fight for reduced rents.

Ex-Hermit's Alluring Financial Club



As a hermit he was discovered a year and a half ago by the newspapers out at Winamac, Ind., where he was described as living in a log cabin with a box containing the story of his life and facts about Washington society that would tear up the capital. In these dispatches it was stated that he had been private secretary to Blaine for eight years. Later in a note to the Washington newspapers Mr. Roach denied the whole thing, even to the fact that he had been Mr. Blaine's secretary, but now he says he was. Just how the transformation from a hermit in Indiana to a financial agent on Fifth avenue was brought about Mr. Roach may later inform the club which is just forming.

In some of the recent numbers of Mr. Roach's weekly paper, Roach's Financial Facts, Mr. Roach makes it clear that all one has to do to join the club is to sign an agreement to hand over to Mr. Blaine's former secretary \$10 a month for ten months.

The Ten Dollar club, Mr. Roach announces, is to be limited to 1,000 memberships, but a man who would like to get rich quicker can take out any number of memberships. Mr. Roach is one of the many friends of the small investor that have sprung up recently and is going to give the club all the benefit of his financial acumen and experience in trying to make them get rich quick. Just how he is going to do this Mr. Roach explains in Financial Facts.

Gotham Now a Wilderness of Signs



The Civic and Art association is banding together to check at least any further encroachments of the sign and billboard nuisance. It has begun its work by obtaining an injunction against the Fifth avenue benzine 'busses to remove the yellow signs from the tops of the stage coaches. The association believes the only way to check the sign evil is through taxation. With this end in view it proposes to have a bill passed when the legislature meets next year.

To get away from the glare of the billboards is no easy task in New York to-day. They line every railroad track entering the city, the harbor

front and the rivers. Take a ride on the elevated and signs from the housetops stare one in the face. Drop into the subway, and incandescent lamps make a limelight for them. The visitor when taken for a ride along Riverside drive is confronted by colossal signs on the Jersey shore, and when he leaves Manhattan his last view of the city is a wonderful skyline marred by billboards flaunted from the tops of the highest towers.

To the occupant of the flat, hotel or apartment house there is no rest from the constant stare of these hideous signs. They are often the last things seen when the curtains are drawn at night and the first to appear when the morning dawns, many of them burning a steady glare to the last hour of darkness. In the innermost fastnesses of the parks is about the only place one may escape them, and it is due solely to the vigilance of individuals that signboards have not invaded even these bowers of nature.

New Hudson Terminal Is a Wonder



When the mammoth Hudson terminal is ready for use next spring, New York will possess what is at once the most gigantic structure of its kind and by far the largest office building in the world. The grand center or terminal of all the city's sub-surface transportation lines and tunnels, connecting by them with every railroad entering the city, it will cover two blocks, with four stories below the street level and 21 above. Besides its terminal facilities it will have in its 27 acres of floor space more than 4,000 offices and will accommodate more than 10,000 workers. The 18,000,000 cubic feet of this enormous structure makes it two and

a half times as large as the largest existing office building, the Broad Exchange, which has only 7,000,000 cubic feet. Into the construction of the terminal will enter 113 miles of electrical wiring, 16 miles of plumbing pipe, 20 miles of steam pipe, 95 miles of conduits, 1,300,000 feet of tile partitions, 5,200 doors, 5,000 windows, 120,000 square feet of glass, 56 miles of wood base, 65 miles of picture molding and 30,000 electric lights.

For the construction of the building above the street level alone 16,300,000 bricks are necessary, which, if laid end to end, would stretch across the continent 2,000 miles, or from New York to Denver. More than 75,000,000 pounds of concrete will be used in the completed building, or enough to pave Broadway one foot thick from curb to curb from the Battery to Forty-second street. Of structural steel 24,000 tons will be used and the whole mass when completed will have an estimated dead and live load of 200,000 tons.

OF SUCH STUFF ARE DREAMS.

Little Virginia Imagined She Had "Eated Herself."

Little Virginia, three years old, brought her mother to her nursery a few nights ago with heartbroken walls.

"What is the matter, dearie? Why are you screaming so?"

"Mamma, am I all here?"

"Certainly you are all here, right in your bed."

"But, mamma, feel of me, see if I'm all here. Are my feet here and the top of my head, both?"

"Certainly, Virginia, every bit of you is here, tucked in your little trundle bed. Why do you think you are not?"

"I dreamed—this with another great sob—"I dreamed I was a chocolate stick and I had eated myself."

THE LIMITATIONS OF THE CLOTH



His Reverence (whose caddie has sneezed at the moment of putting)—You—you—you naughty caddie!

TWO CURES OF ECZEMA

Baby Had Severe Attack—Grandfather Suffered Torments with It—Owe Recovery to Cuticura.

"In 1884 my grandson, a babe, had an attack of eczema, and after trying the doctors to the extent of heavy bills and an increase of the disease and suffering, I recommended Cuticura and in a few weeks the child was well. He is to-day a strong man and absolutely free from the disease. A few years ago I contracted eczema, and became an intense sufferer. A whole winter passed without once having on shoes, nearly from the knees to the toes being covered with virulent sores. I tried many doctors to no purpose. Then I procured the Cuticura Remedies and found immediate improvement and final cure. M. W. LaRue, 845 Seventh St., Louisville, Ky., Apr. 23 and May 14, '07."

His Opinion of the Dinner.

The guests at a large dinner party did ample justice to the tempting viands as course after course was served. They were loud in their praises of the Chinese cook, of whom the hostess was justly proud. They declared they never ate more delicious or appetizing delicacies. "Finally the Chinaman brought in the last course, a huge cake heavy with frosting. He was a converted Chinaman, and desiring to honor his religion he had put a motto on the cake that satisfied his conscience. It read, "Prepare to Meet Thy God."

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Defiance Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

Ups and Downs.

"I think it is really going to un-fair extremes when Mabel gets me on the telephone just to give me a scolding."

"Why so?"

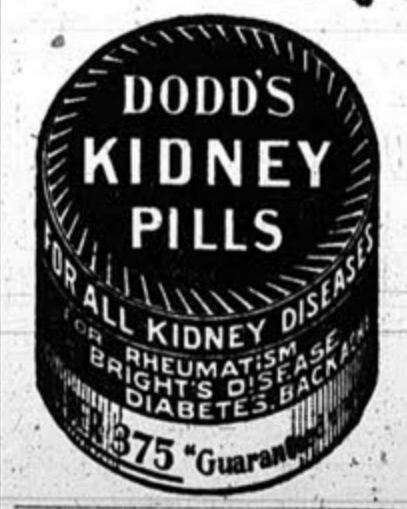
"Because she calls me up only to call me down."

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of W. W. LITTLE. Used the World Over to Cure a Cold in One Day. Sec.

Better die 10,000 deaths than wound my honor.—Addison.

Smokers appreciate the quality value of Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Calamity is man's true touchstone.—Beaumont.



YOUR HIDE TANNED—HORSE or CATTLE? HILTONS make fine, warm robes. We are the oldest house doing this kind of work. Are responsible, and know how. Write for prices. THE WORKING & ALGER CO., Hillsdale, Mich.

PATENTS and TRADE MARKS obtained, defended and prosecuted by ALEXANDER & BOWEN, Patent Attorneys, (Established 1871) 607 7th St., N.W., WASHINGTON, D.C. Book A of Information sent FREE.

The Cough of Consumption

Your doctor will tell you that fresh air and good food are the real cures for consumption. But often the cough is very hard. Hence, we suggest that you ask your doctor about your taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It controls the tickling, quiets the cough.



One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime will cause an increased flow of bile, and produce a gentle laxative effect the day following. Formula on each box. Show it to your doctor. He will understand at a glance. Dose, one pill at bedtime.

THE IRON PORT.

BY THE IRON PORT CO.
G. F. Mc Ewen, Mgr.

Entered at the postoffice at Escanaba, Mich., as second class matter. Subscription price, \$2.00 per year in advance.

SATURDAY, JAN. 18th, 1908

Woman the weaker sex? Never! Miss Gladys Moore Vanderbilt is soon to assume the name of Countess Lazzlo Jeno Maria Henrik Simon, Szechenyi. How could "weak" woman bear such a burden as that!

The passing of the slot machine in Escanaba is believe to have taken place for good. As far as can be determined there are few regrets. Even the saloonkeepers who had machines in their saloons have accepted the situation without much complaint.

We believe the Ministerial Association has made a mistake in not accepting the proposition made by the Saloonkeepers association, whereby a partial compliance with the closing laws was promised. The proposition made by the saloonkeepers means a long step in the right direction and is very nearly a full compliance with the law. Is seeking to force obedience to the full and exact letter of the law, the ministers will probably not gain as much as though they had the saloonists working with them for a partial and nearly complete observance of the law.

The investigation of the charges against Officer George McCarthy, which were brought by the Escanaba Manufacturing Co., has been made by the police committee and city attorney. Many who attended the public hearings of the investigation are surprised that the Manufacturing Co., should bring charges up on so slight a pretext. Many are inclined to believe that the motive which inspired this concern to bring charges against Officer McCarthy was not that he failed to do his duty, but that he attempted to do his full duty. Officer McCarthy, sometime previous to the strike, had informed

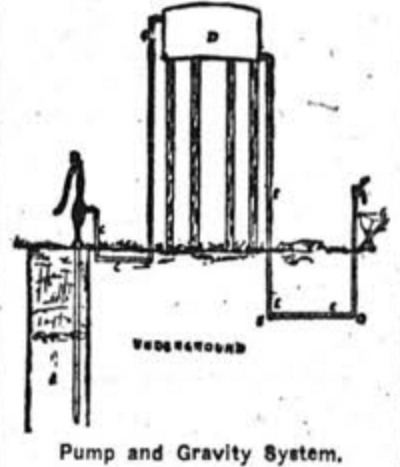
the Manufacturing Co. that he intended, as truant officer, to see that all children of school age were taken out of the factory and sent to school. This seems to be about the only plausible reason for the company's animosity against officer McCarthy, as no one could see after hearing the testimony at the investigation, that he failed to do his duty in suppressing disturbances during the strike. Officer McCarthy has been in the service of the city and county for nearly fifteen years and during that time has gained the reputation of being an able and efficient officer and who has always been willing to do his duty without fear or favor.



FARM WATERWORKS.

How a Good System Can Be Put In by the Farmer Himself.

Get a good force pump, B, and put it over a large well, setting it near the edge. From the pump run an iron pipe, C, down to the ground, then three feet away from the well. Then run pipe up 30 feet to tank D, which should be about three feet high and eight feet in diameter. From bottom of tank run another pipe, E, down below frost line; then turn at a right angle, X, and let it run to O, a



point almost under the watering trough. At O bend it up until it is about a foot above top of trough, G, and place faucet at F. At X or O other pipes may be attached to run to the house, says Missouri Valley Farmer. Pump the tank full. The water will run into the pipes, and any time the faucet is turned at trough or house the water will flow instantly.

FARM SCALES.

The Satisfaction Which One Farmer Gets Out of Their Possession.

A pair of wagon scales on the farm are like the necessities of life in the home and family. I would not know how to do without them, declares a writer in Farm and Home. I never owned a farm without scales and it seems to me the farmer that can could go to sleep if his barn was on fire. There is no end to the reasons for scales on the farm. The satisfaction they afford is alone worth ten times their cost.

At this time I am delivering 20,000 bushels of onions to a large storage buyer. I weigh the loads as they go out and the wagon as they return. I compare my weights with the buyers'. Although they may weigh me short 50 to 100 pounds some loads, it is a great satisfaction to know what is going on and that it is not a great deal worse. The farmer is a 'back number' that will deliver grain to an elevator and cattle and hogs to a shipper, not knowing his weights.

I might enter into a long, practical use for scales on the farm, for scientific uses in the feed lot, etc., but I do not believe that the farmer who has made money enough to buy a pair of scales needs details. He only needs to wake up, install a pair of scales on his farm, read good farm journals and do business on business principles.

CIRCUIT COURT CASES

List of Cases That Will Come up for Trial at the January Term

Fifty two cases are on the calendar for trial at the coming term of circuit court which opens at the court house on Monday morning at nine o'clock.

Following is the list of cases arranged for trial:

Lloyd E. Pearson charged with assault with intent to rob; Frank J. Lindsley charged with resisting an officer; Mike Shea charged with violating the liquor law; Jack Rowan charged with violating the liquor law; Donald McKinnon and others charged with larceny; Robert Padden charged with obtaining money under false pretense.

The jury civil cases are:

Walter S. Lord against Daniel Carroll. Assumpsit.

Fred Deloria and Joseph Gibbs, copartners against Frank H. Atkins. Assumpsit.

John Lagerstrom against The Chicago & North-Western Railway Company. Trespass on the case.

Swan J. Nelson, as administrator etc. against Pittsburg Coal Lock Company. Trespass on the case.

Helen Firkus against the City of Escanaba. Trespass on the case.

Bertha Hunt against The City of Escanaba. Trespass on the case.

Ole Harstad and Phil Labre, copartners, against Lindsley Bauman Co. Assumpsit.

Goodman Shedine against Garth Lumber and Shingle Co. Trespass on the case.

Goodman Shedine against Jerry Madden Shingle Co. Trespass on the case.

Stephen Charlebois against Mac Gillis & Gibbs Co. Assumpsit.

Edward Smith against Michigan State Telephone Co. Trespass on the case.

Matthew McFarland against Joseph E. Sayen. Trespass on the case.

McNeil & Higgins Co. against John Falk and George H. Luecke, copartners. Assumpsit.

Paul Perrizo, et. als. against Henry H. Lancour. Assumpsit.

O. L. Raymond against O. B. Olson. Assumpsit. Appeal.

George Mennie against Abner F. Aley et als. Assumpsit.

Swan M. Johnson against Nels Johnson. Replevin.

August Nelson against Mose Kurz and Max Kurz copartners. Assumpsit.

Narcisse Thibault against Escanaba Mfg. Co. Assumpsit.

The Fair Savings Bank department Store against David N. Harvey. Assumpsit.

Fred Deloria et. al. against Louis Van Winkle. Assumpsit.

Frank Goluecke against John W. Lawson. Assumpsit.

Andrew Backer against John Magnuson. Assumpsit.

Sarah Daley against City of Escanaba. Trespass on the same.

Herbert E. Foots against village of Garden Assumpsit.

The non-jury civil cases are:

Clayton Voorhis against Charles W. Lightfoot. Replevin.

Clayton Voorhis against Charles W. Lightfoot. Replevin. Appeal from Justice Court.

Will T. Seeger, appellee against Moses Garner appellant. Assumpsit. Appeal.

John Riley, admn. ec. against Victor Frederickson. Forcible entry, etc. Appeal from Commissioner's Court.

The Van's Harbor Land & Lumber Co., against Donald McKinnon et al. Replevin.

National Grocer Co., against Hill Drug Co. Assumpsit.

Sarah L. Selden against Escanaba Woodenware Co. Trespass.

Andrew B. Chambers against Clyde S. France. Assumpsit.

James E. Patton Co., against John W. Lawson. Attachment.

The Chancery cases are:

Peter David Harris against Frank Paquin Bill for accounting and dissolution of partnership. Pleadings and proofs in open court.

John J. Morris against Emma Morris. Divorce. Pleadings and proofs in open court.

Martin Thorsen against Jennie Thorsen. Divorce. Pleadings and proofs in open court.

Garth Lumber & Shingle Co., et als. against Ole Johnson et als. Bill for injunction. Pleadings and proofs in open court.

Pierre Viau Maple Co., against Arthur C. Bird et als. Bill for injunction.

Hearing on argument on plea of defendants Arthur C. Bird and Joseph Schmitzer.

Escanaba Mfg. Co. against John J. Meyers. Bill for injunction.

Rose Sloan against Curtis Sloan. Divorce. Pro confesso.

Mina Cardinal against Joseph Cardinal. Divorce. Pro confesso.

Theodore T. Bovine against Leah V. Bovine. Divorce. Pro confesso.

County Board Proceedings

(Continued from last week)

Escanaba, Michigan, January 8, 1908.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment and was called to order by the Chairman with a quorum present.

Supervisor Cummiskey offered the following resolution and moved its adoption which was supported by Supervisor Davis.

Whereas, The Board of Supervisors of the County of Delta, at a session held on the 15th day of October, 1907, adopted a resolution that the proposition of bonding the County in the sum of Twenty-five Thousand (\$25,000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of building and improving roads in the County of Delta, in accordance with plans made and filed with the County Clerk, by the County Board of Road Commissioners in and for the County of Delta, be submitted to the electors of the County of Delta at the annual election to be held on the first Monday of April, 1908.

Now, Therefore, Be it Resolved, That the notice of submission of said proposition and election be published for at least three (3) successive weeks previous to the time of such submission and voting, in the Iron Port and the Gladstone Delta, two newspapers printed and circulated in the County of Delta, and that the Sheriff be and is hereby instructed to attend to the posting of said notices in the different townships, wards and voting precincts of said County of Delta, and

Be It Further Resolved, That the Board of Election Commissioners be and are hereby authorized and instructed to prepare ballots containing the following words after the square: "For the loan of \$25,000 for the purpose of building and improving roads in the County of Delta." "Against the loan of \$25,000 for the purpose of building and improving roads in the County of Delta," and

Be It Further Resolved, That said sum be raised by the sale of ten (10) bonds for \$2,500, each, with interest not to exceed the sum of five per cent, payable semi-annually; the first of said bonds become due and payable January 1st, 1910, and one of said bonds to become due and payable the first day of January, each and every year thereafter until the full sum of Twenty-five Thousand (\$25,000.00) Dollars, with interest thereon, shall be paid.

The question being on the adoption of the resolution the same was adopted.

Yeas Supervisors Call, Colburn, Cummiskey, Curran, Darling, Davis, Dotsch, Dupont, Fitzpatrick, Follo, Gray, Jones, Labre, Magnuson, Mason, Morrell, Olson, Perron, Sinclair, Thatcher, Thompson and the Chairman. Nays None.

The auditing committee submitted the following report.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,
For the County of Delta,
State of Michigan.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on Sheriff's, Justice's, Constable's and Coroner's Claims and Accounts respectfully submit the following as their Report, recommending the allowance of the several amounts as given below, and that the Clerk be authorized to draw orders for the same.

(Continued on next page)

A Singular Clock.

A very singular clock has been made by an ingenious Swiss workman. It consists of a dozen leaves tinged like an ordinary fan. The number of the hour is marked from me to 12 at the end of each of these leaves. The fan time-piece starts at six o'clock and expands regularly for 12 hours, when it suddenly closes up and starts all over again. The half-hour is indicated by the leaf of the fan being only half extended.—Montreal Standard.

No Cause for Jealousy.

"Mama," asked the beautiful young wife, "do you ever attach any significance to what papa says in his sleep?"

"No, dear. Don't let that worry you."

Keep Cheese Moist.

A good way to keep cheese moist and to prevent it from moulding is to wrap it in a cloth wet in vinegar and cover this with a dry cloth.

INCREASE YOUR INCOME

by laying aside a part of your earnings each month and depositing it in this bank.

You may not be able to get a raise in your salary at this time but you can save a portion of it in a number of ways.

Just take notice of how much of your earnings go for foolish things and consider how the amount so spent would amount up if deposited in the bank.

Any one with a Dollar and the inclination can have a bank account at this bank.

When you have once started the rest will come easy. The start is the hardest thing about saving.

BEGIN TODAY

STATE SAVINGS BANK Escanaba, Michigan

MICHIGAN STATE DEPOSITORY

F. H. Brotherton & Son General Surveying

Mines and Mineral
Lands Examined
Timber Estimated

ESCANABA MICHIGAN

FAMILY WASHINGS

Flat Work 35c per dozen
Rough Dry 30c per dozen

You can't do better than bring your work here at these prices : : : :

Call up
**Escanaba Steam
Laundry**
E. A. Grabowski Manager
705-707 Ludington Street
Phone 134

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS

H. W. LONG,
Physician and Surgeon
Office rear of Hill Drug Store
Corner Ludington and Georgia

O. E. YOUNGQUIST, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
Office 114 South Georgia street.
Office hours: 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4, 7 to 8 p. m.

C. J. B. KITCHEN,
Dentist.
OFFICE, over Groos Bros. Drug Store
1007 Ludington St.

COLEMAN NEE
Brick, Lime, Cement, Hair
and Plaster
Hard and Soft Coal and Fire Wood.
ESCANABA, MICH.

F. H. ATKINS & CO.,
Groceries and Provisions
Bell Phone No. 6, Finch Phone No. 45.
402-4 LUDINGTON ST., ESCANABA.

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.

- Directions with each Vial in Five Languages.
English, German, Spanish, Portuguese and French.
- | No. | FOR | Price |
|-----|--|-------|
| 1. | Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations | 25 |
| 2. | Worms, Worm Fever, or Worm Disease | 25 |
| 3. | Colic, Cramping and Wakefulness of Infants | 25 |
| 4. | Diarrhea, of Children and Adults | 25 |
| 5. | Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic | 25 |
| 7. | Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis | 25 |
| 8. | Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia | 25 |
| 9. | Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo | 25 |
| 10. | Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach | 25 |
| 13. | Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis | 25 |
| 14. | Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Erysipelas | 25 |
| 15. | Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains | 25 |
| 16. | Fever and Ague, Malaria | 25 |
| 17. | Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal | 25 |
| 18. | Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes | 25 |
| 19. | Catarh, Influenza, Cold in Head | 25 |
| 20. | Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough | 25 |
| 21. | Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing | 25 |
| 27. | Kidney Disease, Gravel, Calculi | 25 |
| 28. | Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness | 1.00 |
| 29. | Sore Mouth, Fever Sore, or Canker | 25 |
| 30. | Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed | 25 |
| 34. | Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diphtheria | 25 |
| 35. | Chronic Congestions, Headaches | 25 |
| 77. | Grippe, Hay Fever and Summer Colds | 25 |
- A small bottle of Pleasant Pellets, fits the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.
Medical Book sent free.
HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE CO., Corner William and John Streets, New York.

Call Here for staple and fancy Groceries

E. M. ST. JACQUES

A Cozy House

FOR
\$700.00

W. T. SEEGER
Real Estate and Insurance
104 South Georgia street

DIAMOND BRAND PILLS

Beware of Counterfeits.

LADIES!
Ask your Druggist for CHLORIDE-TONE DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in RED and GOLD metallic boxes, sealed with Esg's Ribbon. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy of your Druggist and ask for CHLORIDE-TONE DIAMOND BRAND PILLS for twenty-five years regarded as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.

**SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
EVERYWHERE WORTH
TRYING**

INSURE YOUR HEALTH AND COMFORT

on stormy days
by wearing a

SLICKER

Clean - Light
Durable

Guaranteed
Waterproof

\$3.99 Everywhere

Schooner Iris For Sale

I, the undersigned, offer for sale my schooner Iris, now in winter quarters at City of Green Bay, Wis.

She is 20 feet beam, 80 feet long overall; 6 1/2 feet hull, drawing 6 1/2 feet water loaded, and of 82 tons burden.

Rebuilt last spring and in first class condition. Canvas and running gear in good shape.

CAPT. A. J. ANDERSON, Owner.
Egg Harbor, Door County, Wis.

Farm For Sale

40 acre farm for sale at Isabella, one mile from school and railroad station, about 20 acres clear, with some timber.

Address JONAS TURNQUIST, Isabella, Mich.

For Sale

Small safe for sale. Inquire at Iron Port office.

Girlhood and Scott's Emulsion are linked together.

The girl who takes **Scott's Emulsion** has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, **Scott's Emulsion** provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS, 50c. AND \$1.00.

New York Restaurants.
New York city possesses a very small proportion of restaurants between the many first-class ones that have no superiors in the world and the more numerous extremely poor ones that are hardly paralleled in the great cities.

For a Biography.
Mrs. Michael Davitt is soliciting from friends of her husband in this country such documents and other material as may be useful in preparing an authentic life of the well-known Irishman.

Self-Made Man.
Edward Yates, who recently died in Walworth, England, leaving a fortune of \$5,000,000 in real estate in and about London, began business life as a poor bricklayer.

Costs to Keep Clean.
New York city's street cleaning department is spending about \$20,000 for each working day.

Modern Version.
"Get thee behind me, satan," said Jessie, as she kicked the rain of her dress out of the way.—Cornell Widow.

FINCH PHONE

Henry WAGON WORKS
WAGONS, SLEIGHS and GENERAL BLACKSMITHING.
Horseshoeing a Speciality.
All Kinds of Rubber Tires
Farm Machinery, Saw Mills and Steam-Engines
A. J. HENRY, PROP.

Gives a Service unequalled in the history of the Telephone
Have one put in your home

FOUND

The Best Cleaning
The Best Dyeing
The Best Work
The Best Service
AT
Escanaba Steam Dye Works
E. A. GRABOWSKI, Proprietor
PHONE 134 705-707 LUDINGTON STREET
BRANCHES: Iron Mountain and Norway

When you are in Gladstone
Call at **J. N. YOUNG'S** Restaurant
here you can get a first class meal at all hours, day and night

Statutory Tax Notice
To the owner or owners of any and all interests in the land herein described, and to the mortgagee or mortgagees named in all undischarged recorded mortgages against said land or any assignee thereof of record.
TAKE NOTICE, That sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof, at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the register in chancery of the county in which the lands lie of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent. additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.
DESCRIPTIONS Section Town Range Amount Paid TAXES FOR
N. E. 1/4 of N. E. 1/4 22 43 23 25.00 The year 1903
All in Delta County, State of Michigan.
(Signed) OLE O. ROLLINS
Place of Business—Escanaba, Michigan.

Statutory Tax Notice
To the owner or owners of any and all interest in the land herein described, and to the mortgagee or mortgagees named in all undischarged recorded mortgages against said land or any assignee thereof of record.
TAKE NOTICE, That sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof, at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the register in chancery of the county in which the lands lie of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent. additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.
DESCRIPTIONS Section Town Range Amount Paid TAXES FOR
N. E. 1/4 of N. W. 1/4 2 43 23 1883, 1884, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890
S. E. 1/4 of N. W. 1/4 2 43 23 194.02 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894
E. 1/2 of N. W. 1/4 2 43 23 10.76 1885
All in Delta County, State of Michigan.
(Signed) ORRIN HUGHETT
Place of Business Escanaba, Michigan.

A RICH MAN'S ADVICE TO A FRIEND

Look after the odd change—it is the little ten and fifteen cents that get away from the average man.
A checking account at this bank will help you conserve your income—nothing else so good for conserving and keeping these small sums which one usually spends thoughtlessly.
Try it

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN
Capital and Surplus \$150,000
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

County Board Proceedings
(Continued from Page Five)

CLAIMANT Name and Address	CHARACTER OF CLAIM	CLAIMED ALLOWED	
		Dollars Cts.	Dollars Cts.
1 Joseph Wright, Wolf bounty		25.00	25.00
2 John Pearson, "		25.00	25.00
3 John P. Decker, "		25.00	25.00
4 John Kelly, Wolf and wildcat bounties		28.00	28.00
5 George Thorbahn, Wolf bounties		50.00	50.00
6 John Kelly, Lynx and wildcat bounties		8.00	8.00
7 F. A. Burleson, " bounty		5.00	5.00
8 Frank Murray, " "		5.00	5.00
9 C. E. Osborne, Wildcat bounty		3.00	3.00
PRINTING			
10 Escanaba Mirror, Printing		15.30	15.30
11 J. W. Call, Committee work		12.60	12.60
12 The Escanaba Journal, Printing		47.25	47.25
13 The Iron Port Co., "		2.50	2.50
14 Delta Co. Reporter, "		7.10	7.10
15 Chas E. Mason, "		88.99	88.99
LIVERY			
16 Main & Kelly, Livery		5.00	5.00
17 Marc Pepin, "		9.00	9.00
18 McGuire & Wilson, "		1.50	1.50
19 Same, "		3.00	Rejected
COUNTY OFFICERS' ACCOUNTS			
20 County Treasurer, Postage, freight, express, etc.		84.49	84.49
21 A. P. Smith, Postage, exchange, telegrams, etc.		10.42	10.42
MERCHANDISE AND SUPPLIES			
22 Doubleday Bros., Supplies		79.30	79.30
23 Richmond, Backus & Co., "		18.80	18.80
24 Ihling Bros. & Everard, "		134.35	134.35
25 Albert Ellsworth, Jr., Merchandise		9.15	9.15
26 Erickson & Von Tell, "		6.10	6.10
27 L. A. Potter, "		2.05	2.05
28 Jos. G. Brummel, "		4.30	4.30
CORONERS' FEES			
29 Geo. & Fred S. Carr, Finding body of Capt. Peter Jordan		5.00	5.00
30 Frederick Huber, Coroner's inquest		11.81	11.81
31 L. O. Kirstine, "		4.30	4.30

32 Same, "		3.55	3.55
33 Same, "		13.42	13.42
34 Same, "		8.01	8.01
35 Same, "		5.71	5.71
36 Same, "		4.65	4.65
37 Dan Norton, Witness Coroner's inquest		75	75
38 Geo. Carr, "		1.35	1.35
39 Fred S. Carr, "		1.35	1.35
40 Frank W. Ritcher, "		2.15	2.15
41 Tim M. Crain, Juror		1.50	1.50
42 Jsa. E. Patton, "		1.50	1.50
43 J. A. Kennedy, "		1.50	1.50
44 Geo. Williams, "		2.25	2.25
45 A. B. Chambers, "		2.25	2.25
46 Henry McFall, "		2.25	2.25
47 Ole O. Rollins, "		1.50	1.50
48 H. Plucker, "		2.25	2.25
49 Alfred Larson, "		2.25	2.25
50 Wm. P. Lang, "		2.25	2.25
JUSTICE BILLS			
51 O. V. Linden, Justice fees		141.40	141.40
52 Emil Glaser, "		77.20	77.20
52 1/2 Wm. Watson, "		8.75	8.75
CONSTABLE BILLS			
53 F. W. Aronson, Board of Prisoners		457.00	448.50
54 Same, Sheriff's fees		149.80	149.80
55 Judd Yelland, Fees & expenses of Pres. Att'y.		29.00	29.00
56 Wm. Thielicke, Dep. Sheriff's fees		12.00	12.00
57 Marc Pepin, Fees as Triant Officer		13.00	13.00
58 Same, Dep. Sheriff's fees		25.25	25.25
59 Same, "		1.85	1.85
60 E. M. Hill, "		26.75	Returned to be property itemized
61 Ed. Van Borokey, Constable fees		12.15	12.15
62 Alex Pariseau, Dep. Sheriff's fees		30.00	30.00
63 Alex Murker, "		7.87	7.87
64 Same, "		6.75	6.75
65 A. J. Henry, "		28.90	28.90
66 Same, "		5.50	5.50
67 Same, "		5.50	5.50
68 Same, "		20.50	20.50
69 Chas. Olmsted, "		22.25	22.25

(Continued on last page)

THE GREATEST OVERCOAT SALE

ever held in Escanaba, will take place at **Young & Fillion Co.** commencing **FRIDAY, JANUARY 17** and ending **SATURDAY, JAN'Y 25**

The continued mild weather for the past three months has been very detrimental to the overcoat business and we have been forced to adopt extraordinary measures to close them out. We have therefore placed our entire Overcoat Stock into 3 separate lots and have priced them as follows:

...Lot 1...

All \$12.00 \$13.50 and \$15.00 Overcoats
NOW
\$9.75

...Lot 2...

All \$18.00, \$20.00, \$22.00 and \$25.00 Overcoats
NOW
\$16.00

...Lot 3...

All \$27.50, \$30.00, \$32.50 and \$35.00 Overcoats
NOW
\$22.50

REMEMBER, most of these Overcoats are the famous Hart, Schaffner & Marx make; you know what that means---as good as money and brains can build them---and the prices here quoted are from \$2.00 to \$5.00 less than actual wholesale cost, but it is simply a case of closing them out regardless of cost or any other consideration.

If you are planning on buying an Overcoat during the next year or two, it will pay you to "Do it Now." Remember the time and place---

January 17th to the 25th.

Young & Fillion Co.
918-920 Ludington Street Escanaba, Mich.



Copyright 1907 by Hart Schaffner & Marx



Copyright 1907 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

CUPID'S FAVORITE AUTOMOBILE



Chicago—Are you going to elope? If you are, just hire the Gasoline Elop-er, and you will live happily ever afterward. The Gasoline Elop-er—it is called the "Love Boat" by some—is the name given by the people of Motorville to the 45-horsepower touring car that plies between Single Blessedness and the land of Better or Worse. Motorville is out Michigan avenue way, where the homes of early Chicago have been transformed into garages and shops and where the streets and alleys have been polished with oil and rubbed down by a million wheels. Out there the honk-honk is the reveille and the taps.

The Gasoline Elop-er has carried more happy twains into the land of Better or Worse than any other automobile in Motorville, where all the automobiles come from. It has traveled with the wind over boulevards and country roads, across the state line to the knot-tying place in Indiana in the dead of night like a specter set on wheels; it has worn a path to justice shops at rural crossroads, to little white churches that speak the countryside; it has borne bachelors to church and brought them back benighted, and it has fled away with girls in brown and men in gray and brought them back to the parental roof in time for the ice cream and cake and congratulations. It has put a five dollars an hour price on romance, and it has shattered every record set down on the books of Cupid for making two hearts beat as one.

Telegram Tells of Safety.

Every day in the week the Gasoline Elop-er makes the round trip between Motorville and one of the stations on the route to bliss. Every once in a while it goes to the end of the line down in Indiana or over in Michigan, and its safe arrival is always chronicled by a telegram to mother. Not a day passes that it does not figure in some sort of a romance, budding or in full bloom, but it's the record-breaking trips it has made to the end of the line that has made the Gasoline Elop-er famous.

The Gasoline Elop-er used to be red—until it set down the new record in Cupid's book. Now it's white, as white as the ribbons that are stretched along the aisles when the organ begins to play, as white as the candles on the altar, as white as the icing on the cake. If there is anything else out in Motorville its appropriateness, and that's why the Gasoline Elop-er was painted white not long ago.

Dangling behind the two rear wheels of this 45-horsepower car of Cupid is a sign bearing the number 4665. No. 4665 is the license number of the Gasoline Elop-er, and the numerals are painted in white letters on the front of the car and they are painted on the glass of the lamps, too, so that whenever you see No. 4665 swinging along the boulevards just look inside and you will see more cooling and billing than you ever read about in a dime novel—unless the shades are drawn or a 40-mile-an-hour gait makes the numbers look like a streak of paint.

Suspect Happy-Looking Man.

Every man who wears the kind of a smile that won't come off, new shoes, and a gray suit, who wants to rent an automobile in Motorville is at once regarded with suspicion and sent over to the garage of the Gasoline Elop-er. If the man with the everlasting smile, the new shoes, and the gray suit is accompanied by a feminine figure done in soft browns, the Gasoline Elop-er

doesn't wait to be rubbed down. It just wings out from its stall, and it doesn't come back again until it is able to wear a broad smile. The Gasoline Elop-er obeys the same code that guided the Spartan warrior who was instructed to come back either with his shield or upon it, and so when No. 4665 is on the job it doesn't ring up the time clock until the world's supply of hearts has been reduced by the merger of two into one.

Some say that Dan Cupid himself is the carefully reckless driver of No. 4665. The driver wears Dan for a front name, anyhow, and perhaps his last name is the Swedish for Cupid. At any rate Dan knows how to drive, and drive fast. He is not allowed to answer any questions, either, and that helps along the business of 4665. Dan is always in a hurry. He goes over the boulevards and the Gluecoe bumps like a summer breeze, blowing up the dust, making puddles look like rain and telegraph poles like the bars on the county jail, and fanning the cheeks of sparrow cops.

Coppers Know When Dan Is Out.

Dan never gets pinched. Every copper from Motorville north to Waukegan, south to the Indiana state line, and west to the nearest crossroads justice shop knows that when No. 4665 rips off the miles like a wireless message it's "on the job," and not a hand is raised. Dan doesn't mind speeding—he's married himself and he says it's all for the cause. He says he keeps his engine in pace with the heart beats inside the limousine, and that means broken speed laws every mile from post to wire.

Most of the eloping couples carried to their goal in No. 4665 live happily ever afterwards, but of course there are some exceptions to the rule. Even before 4665 left the factory down in Buffalo where it was built it fastened its first two scalps to its belt. It was a bright spring day with all the set-tings found in the love songs of the poets when Genevieve Taylor of Buffalo, together with her father, visited the factory where the Gasoline Elop-er was being put together. Papa Taylor wanted to buy a car in which he was to make a tour of the west with Genevieve and her mother.

The finishing touches were being put on No. 4665 when Mr. Taylor and his daughter reached the festing room of the great factory—the room to which cars are taken to be tested. While they were still in the room No. 4665 was brought in. It was ready for the test before being painted and shipped to Chicago.

Love Came on During High Speed.

Charles Gibbons, the daredevil tester of the factory, was assigned to make the first run on the chassis. Miss Taylor watched the preparations with great interest. Finally she asked why she couldn't make the ride with Gibbons. Her father, after some hesitation and many assurances both from the manager of the factory and the daring Gibbons, gave his consent.

The pair were soon speeding along the boulevards. The silent Gibbons sat rigidly grasping the steering wheel; his eyes were riveted straight ahead, and he seemed to notice nothing to right or left of him. He steadily increased the speed, until his responsive machine seemed fairly to fly over the paved roads. Miss Taylor knew that she had never before ridden at such a furious rate of speed. Her strained eyes instinctively turned from the road ahead to the stolid fig-

ure beside her and, somehow, she felt absolute confidence in the steady nerve of this "strong master of the wheel."

They had traveled about ten miles, and their speed was approaching 50 miles an hour when, suddenly, on a nearby cross street, another car was seen to be wildly approaching at a furious rate of speed. A fatal crash seemed inevitable. She clutched at Gibbons' shoulders and hid her face behind him. The suspense was terrible; but young Gibbons, with rare presence of mind, judged the distance and speed accurately, opened the throttle to its widest point, and his car shot ahead, allowing the other car to narrowly miss his rear fender.

Ended in Car's First Marriage.

Then Gibbons gradually brought his machine to a stop, and for the first time during the ride glanced at Miss Taylor. Her face was pallid, but it was filled with silent gratitude. Before they had gone half the distance back to the factory Miss Taylor had learned that Gibbons was her brother's chum at college. After the next ride, which was taken a few days later, Gibbons was compelled to undergo the ordeal of presenting himself to Taylor as his son-in-law.

That was the beginning of the remarkable record of No. 4665. It was the fate of chassis No. 980 to be shipped to Chicago and there sold by the agent to D. O. Scott, a young mining engineer and owner, who had come up from his Mexican mines to spend the summer and incidentally some of his gold in the states. Not many years before Mr. Scott had been a world's champion bicycle rider, and he now found great pleasure in this high-speed automobile.

After he had used his car about a month, he received a message from his mines stating that he was badly needed there on account of recent troubles with the Indians. Scott knew that he must leave immediately. But during his short month in Chicago he had met his affinity. Car No. 4665 took the twain out Hammond way one night, and they came back bride and groom.

Love Boat Begins Knot-Tying Career.

After Scott sold 4665 it became known as the Gasoline Elop-er and was held in reserve in Motorville for men in gray and girls in soft browns.

Although it was one of the elopements which failed to end happily, No. 4665 carried George Van Sands and Grace Cochraue on their wild ride to the knot-tying place.

Only a few days after the dash of 4665 to Milwaukee with Van Sands

home of his favorite preacher. The owner of 4665 was cast in the role of best man. A run was made to the clergyman's house, but to the chagrin of the couple the minister was not at home and would not be back for half an hour. A spin over the boulevards was taken, and when the wedding party rumbled up to the curb in front of the clergyman's house it was found they would not have time to go in. So the clergyman was called out to the machine and the knot was tied from the curb.

Makes Even Prize Fighter Woozy.

During the summers of 1906 and 1907 the "love boat" figured in dozens of elopements: Joseph Howard, the composer of tenuous musical comedies which have made several musical comedies successful, was the principal in one of these. Immediately after Mr. Howard was granted a divorce from his former wife, Ida Emerson Howard, he rushed from the courtroom to an automobile which stood waiting for him, in which was Miss Mabel Harrison of "Capt. Careless" fame. A breathless trip to Hammond, Ind., was made in No. 4665.

After this elopement there successively followed a score of weddings and elopements in which No. 4665 figured, including the elopement of a prominent North side manufacturer to Hammond; a well known young woman of Woodlawn avenue, and also a goodly number of weddings without the sensation of an elopement. Among these more quiet weddings in which the "love boat" was used is that of Herman Landfield, better known as Kid Herman in pugilistic circles. On this occasion No. 4665 took Mr. and Mrs. Landfield on their honeymoon to New Orleans.

PROPER PLACE FOR HUBBY.

One Woman Had Right Idea of Dealing with Inebriated Spouse.

"There is as much difference in women," said an old city hall hack-man, "as there is in horses—which is saying a great deal.

"The other night I loaded into my cab two men who were altogether the worse for the hot stimulants which they had been pouring down their throats. I had orders from their friends to see them safely delivered at home, and not to leave them until they had been received for by somebody who might be supposed to be in legal possession.

"I delivered the first one safely in the parlor of his home, and as I shut the door and walked away I heard the unhappy lamentations and up-



and his promised bride a large party of Evanstonians went on a camping expedition to Mommence, Ill. Among these were Miss Vera Grace Moore and Mr. Robert P. Sheppard. This engaged couple were missed from camp one whole evening and a search was made for them. They had slipped away from camp and had walked to the railroad station, where, while waiting for a train to Chicago, Mr. Sheppard telephoned a Chicago garage to meet the train at the La Salle street station. The "love boat" was sent, and again carefully served to convey an eloping couple to the parsonage. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Sheppard returned to the station, and the "love boat" had cut another notch in its rapidly growing record.

Married in Gasoline Elop-er.

Various Chicago couples have been married on railroad trains, on boats, on house-tops, on roller skates and on ice skates, in the water, and as many more unusual places; but not long ago Dr. G. R. Churchill, a Chicago dentist, was married to Miss Lottie Andrews while riding in an automobile, and has attached the distinction of having been the originator of this latest unique place of marriage.

It happened a year or so ago on a crisp day in October. Dr. Churchill had planned a quiet marriage at the

bradings of his wife, commingled with the incoherent and somewhat vague explanations of the husband, to the effect that he had been only around the corner to see a man.

"In the other case when the door was opened and I escorted the gentleman into the library, by holding him tightly by the shoulder, his wife, who sat reading by the center table, simply looked up and calmly said, "Please deposit him in the bathtub where he can drip."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Height of Ludicrousness.

"Yes," said Mrs. Oatcake, "John was such a queer boy. He had a mania for putting silly names together."

"Indeed!" replied the visitor. "And is he still working on the farm?"

"Well, I should say not! John was called to New York at a big salary to select the names of them that big shows that come out of that town."—Chicago Daily News.

Alumnae Widely Scattered. According to recent statistics, there are now in Wellesley college just 100 teachers, 15 professors, 28 associate professors, 60 instructors and seven assistants. There are a number of Wellesley graduates in Manila, who delight to meet one another, one of them being Miss Phoebe Ellison, who teaches domestic science in the American school.

ALL HAD DRIVEWAYS

ONE THING THAT IMPRESSED WASHINGTON VISITOR.

Arrangements That Allowed Carriages of Visitors to Drive Up to Door—Roller Skaters and Women Chauffeurs Plentiful.

"I'll give you 20 guesses and will wager that even then you won't hit on the thing that impressed me most in Washington," said the woman who had just been on a visit to that town.

"The capitol?"

"No."

"The library?"

"No."

"The monument?"

"Oh, you'll never guess. It was the number of houses with carriageways up to the door.

"I never saw so many in any city in this country. Some of the houses hadn't more than ten feet of lawn between them and the sidewalk. That made no difference. The drive took a shallow dip into the yard, grazed the front steps and went out on the other side.

"I developed a sort of mania for counting the houses with drive-ways. I found them in the most unexpected places.

"Some 25-foot front houses in a solid block would have almost the entire scrap of front yard bitten off by the curve of the driveway. Where the houses were on lots which occupied narrow spaces between two streets the driveway would run straight through the house; go in on one street and come out on the other.

"Somehow nothing ever gave me a more vivid impression of the importance of Washington functions than these driveways did. What if they did slash right through the sidewalks? The carriages to be accommodated would carry officialdom, and it had the right of way there.

"No getting out at the curbstone and walking to the door for it, even if the way is carpeted beneath and canopied above. Official carriages want to drive smack up to the house. And if they can drive into the house, so much the better.

"Next to the driveways, so far as my attention was concerned, came the roller skaters. I suppose there are about 50,000 children of skating age in Washington. I should estimate that at least 30,000 of them are whizzing around the streets mounted upon two skates, while the balance of them, more or less content with an equipment of one skate a child, are doing a sort of hop whizz, undismayed by the frequent complications which ensue.

"The asphalt streets are really a temptation not easily resisted, and after dark the roller skaters seem to have grown suddenly and mysteriously taller. It was a safe bet that big sister was renewing her youth by a surreptitious spin on little brother's rollers.

"Next to the roller skaters came the women who were running autos. Not so much the big motor cars, though some of them had women at the steering gear. But there seemed to be hundreds of electric runabouts clipping noiselessly along the smooth streets, and certainly most of them were run by women.

"Women? Why, half the time they were mere girls, who looked about old enough to be learning how to spell brake. Whether they could spell it or not they could use it to perfection. I was told that although Washington streets are, as I say, fairly alive with these machines, wherein women not only sit supreme but sit alone, there are no accidents to their discredit."

Could Leave It to Buyer.

During the recent session of the American Warehousemen's association in Washington the matter of cold storage occupied considerable of the time of the delegates. One representative of an eastern house favored using display advertisements in newspapers, advising the people to ask their grocers for cold storage eggs. He explained that many of the unscrupulous dealers sell the cold storage article after labeling it "fresh-laid country eggs," and charge the full "fresh laid" rate for the cold storage article. He argued that the people might just as well get the storage goods in the first place and pay the reduced price for them, instead of being deceived.

Dr. Wiley of the department of agriculture advocated labeling the provisions put in cold storage. He said, for instance: "Place on a cold-storage chicken the time it was first placed in the warehouse, and make that plain. The buyer will do the rest."

Hypnotized by Cortelouo.

"Secretary Cortelouo hypnotized me," said a western banker at the Willard hotel, Washington, "not by his hypnotic eye. If he has that I didn't notice it. It was the shake of the head. That isn't good descriptive work, either. He doesn't shake it, he moves it ever so slightly. And it seems to fit almost every situation, from Mr. Cortelouo's point of view. You tell him a long story—or, to be exact, I did. It was a business story, and it seemed important to me—nationally important. Incautiously, I put a question at the end of it and waited. I waited quite a while. Then there was a perceptible movement from side to side of the secretary's head. This interested me and I asked some more questions—quite a number. Not that I cared, you see, but to carry out an experiment. When I arose to go, almost immediately after Mr. Cortelouo had got up, he said he was glad to have seen me. I wonder if he meant anything by that?"

NATURE AND A WOMAN'S WORK



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Nature and a woman's work combined have produced the grandest remedy for woman's ills that the world has ever known.

In the good old-fashioned days of our grandmothers they relied upon the roots and herbs of the field to cure disease and mitigate suffering.

The Ladians on our Western Plains to-day can produce roots and herbs for every ailment, and cure diseases that baffle the most skilled physicians who have spent years in the study of drugs.

From the roots and herbs of the field Lydia E. Pinkham more than thirty years ago gave to the women of the world a remedy for their peculiar ills, more potent and efficacious than any combination of drugs.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is now recognized as the standard remedy for woman's ills.

Mrs. Bertha Muff, of 515 N.C. St., Louisiana, Mo., writes:

"Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my troubles public. "For twelve years I had been suffering with the worst forms of female ills. During that time I had eleven different physicians without help. No tongue can tell what I suffered, and at times I could hardly walk. About two years ago I wrote Mrs. Pinkham for advice. I followed it, and can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Mrs. Pinkham's advice restored health and strength. It is worth mountains of gold to suffering women."

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Muff, it will do for other suffering women.

Your Own Farm

Is lying out in the sunshine in the great Southwest awaiting you. Secure it now and avoid the bitter northern winter. The fertile sections of Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas on the line of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain Railway afford once-in-a-lifetime opportunities. They are so near to you, you need not take anyone's word for conditions, but

See for Yourself Very Low Rates

for the round trip clear to the Gulf of Mexico and return.

Don't neglect to cut out this ad and mail it to me at your first opportunity. Fill out coupon below and receive without charge full information—complete and in detail—all you wish to know about this great country and how to investigate its possibilities at small expense.

Missouri Pacific Iron Mountain System

C. L. STONE, P. T. M., Missouri Pacific Iron Mountain Ry., St. Louis, Mo.

Please send me list of lands for sale in the Southwest, with detailed description, prices, etc., and cost of trip. I am most interested.

Name _____
City _____
R. F. D. _____ State _____

If not sufficient to state your wants, write letter stating same and address plainly. W.K.U.

160 FARMS in Western Canada FREE

20 to 40 Bushels Wheat to the Acre.
40 to 60 Bushels Oats to the Acre.
35 to 50 Bushels Barley to the Acre.
Timber for Fencing and Buildings FREE.
Good Laws with Low Taxation.
Splendid Railroad Facilities and Low Rates.
Satisfactory Markets for all Productions.
Good Climate and Perfect Health.
Chances for Profitable Investments.
Some of the choicest grain-producing lands in Saskatchewan and Alberta may now be acquired in these most healthful and prosperous sections under the

Revised Homestead Regulations

by which entry may be made by proxy (on certain conditions), by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Entry fee in each case is \$10.00. For pamphlet, "Last Best West," particulars as to rates, routes, best time to go and where to locate, apply to C. J. BROUGHTON, Room 430 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill. W. H. ROGERS, Third Floor, Traction Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.; or T. O. CURRIE, Room 12 B, Callahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

Virginia Farms and Homes.

Productive soil, mild, healthy climate, splendid markets. Write for catalog. R. S. CHAS. 713 & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

DEFIANCE STARCH

Send for work with starches and dyes.

ON THE TRAIL OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS

This Distinguished American Journalist is Traveling Around the World for the Purpose of Investigating the American Foreign Missionary from a Purely Disinterested, Secular and Non-Sectarian Standpoint. Illustrated with Drawings and from Photographs.

No "Knockers" at Mission in the Philippine Islands

Manila, P. I.—There are no knockers at missionaries in the Philippines. Thus a Manila newspaper man colloquially diagnosed the missionary situation in the islands. My own investigations verified this opinion; the criticism of missions and missionaries which is so general in the port cities of the far east is conspicuous for its absence in Manila. The missionaries appear to be on the best of terms with everybody, from the governor general down.

One of the most popular dinner clubs in the city is the Quill club, to which most of the prominent men in Manila belong, and which was organized by two missionaries. Not until the recent visit of Dr. Charles Cuthbert Hall and Secretary Lloyd, of the Protestant Episcopal board when they were guests of the club, was anything like a religious topic even treated in the after dinner speeches. This suggests a notable fact about the Philippine missionaries. The man is not swallowed up in the minister. So far as I met them personally, I found the missionaries sharing the characteristics of most of the other Americans in the islands; strong, sensible, symmetrical men, seriously engaged in the business of making the best nation possible out of the Filipinos.

Catholic-Protestant Neighborhood. Inasmuch as the Roman Catholic church has been in the islands for 300

years, the superiority of the Filipino to the Asiatic—and he undoubtedly is superior to Japanese, Chinese, Malay or Indian—is due to the civilizing influence of the Roman Catholic church. That the United States has been able to do more for the islands politically in less than ten years than Great Britain has done for India in a hundred years, must largely be credited to the church that brought the Filipinos out of savagery.

With the abuses that crept into the church in the islands this article is not concerned; but it must be pointed out that it was not against the American type of Roman Catholicism that the Filipinos revolted. On all sides it is agreed that the church in the islands should be brought up to the American standard. Concerning the handful of American priests who have gone to the Philippines, I heard only praise, from Monsignor Agius down to the civilian "man of the street." There is a great need for more.

Failing this, the church authorities look with most hopefulness to the present movement for the education of young Filipinos to the priesthood in the United States. Lack of suitable priests is the chief need of the church in the islands, in order to remedy conditions which cannot exist in the light of the increasingly-circulated newspapers, of widespread popular education, and of a steadily grow-

ing American spirit. Next comes the need for the rehabilitation of church edifices, which are still in a ruinous condition, as a result of the war. Apparently none of the money paid by the American government to the friars for their lands is being used for the churches in the islands.

Looking Out for the American. A peculiar situation was created in Manila by the advent of so many American men, mostly Protestants. In behalf of these, churches have been established in Manila by the Presbyterians, Protestant Episcopalians, Methodists and Disciples. All of these are centers of vigorous religious influences. Dr. S. B. Rossiter, the Presbyterian pastor, has won for himself an enviable place in the life of Manila, and Bishop Brent, of the Episcopal church, is by all classes regarded as one of the great men of the islands. The Methodist pastor is a young man and new-comer, but the church is a popular one. Dr. Homer Stutz's return to the states because of illness removed a forceful personality from the Philippines. The Episcopalians have built St. Mary's and St. John's cathedral, the finest modern ecclesiastical structure in Manila.

An adjunct of this is the Columbia club, a handsomely equipped clubhouse, run on liberal and gentlemanly lines by the members, and having about it no taint of patronage or the eleemosynary spirit. Its members are men from all walks in life. It differs from other high-grade clubs chiefly in that gambling and drinking are tabooed. Altogether it is by far the most successful institution of the sort I have ever seen.

Bishop Brent has 15 workers associated with him, and services for Americans are maintained in several places. The distinctively missionary work of the church has been almost wholly confined to the non-Christian tribes.

For Manila's Men. Some interesting statistics concerning the American men in Manila were recently gathered by the Young Men's Christian association. Of the 3,482 American young men in Manila, 83 1/3 per cent. are unmarried. Of the total number, 351 have Filipino wives of live with Filipino women. The others are distributed as follows: Five hundred and sixty-five are living in American homes; 627 are living in messes; 813 are rooming in Filipino

families; 208 are living in hotels; 862 are soldiers; 61 are in Billbid prison.

Apparently, the average American does not find the atmosphere of the islands conducive to church-going. A count was made, upon a recent Sunday, of all the American men in attendance upon the city's 20 churches, Roman Catholic and Protestant, and the aggregate number was found to be 416. At the Columbia club were 81 and at the Luneta sacred concert were 395. Over against these 892 (among whom were doubtless many duplicates) who were under religious or "wholesome" influences, may be placed the count of 1,695 in attendance upon baseball games, races, etc. At two similar resorts where the count could not be made, the estimated number was 250 more.

This does not mean that Manila is an immoral city; in truth, I was amazed at the quietness and orderliness of it, and at the manifestly high character of the people. So far as I could ascertain, the attacks upon the morality of Americans in the Philippines have been cruel exaggerations.

While they apparently do not lean strongly to church-going, the men of Manila yet manifest an alert interest in the moral welfare of the city. The project to build a hundred thousand dollar Young Men's Christian association building, with lodgings for a hundred men, was made a civic matter, and pushed through enthusiastically. The Y. M. C. A., by the way, was the first Protestant agency at work in the islands, and its splendid service for the soldiers, now supplemented by work for civilians, has continued to this day, winning warmest praise in all quarters.

Churches Get Together.

The first outstanding fact concerning the distinctively missionary work of the islands by the Protestant churches is the plan of cooperation which was lately adopted. Profiting by the experience of other mission fields, the denominations early got together to apportion the territory, so that duplication and conflict might be avoided. In order also to present a united front for Protestantism, a common name, "Evangelical churches," was adopted, in place of the varied and confusing denominational appellations. From the first there has been substantial unity and cooperation among the missionaries; who are, as already indicated, a superior body of sensible, capable men.

In the division of the islands among the denominations, the Methodists have the greater part of Luzon, north of Manila, and the Presbyterians the southern portion of the same island as well as four other islands. The Disciples of Christ also have four stations in the most northerly part of Luzon. Since 1900 the Baptists have occupied Negros, northern and southern Panay and the island of Romblon, with 17 missionaries and 17 native congregations. Congregationalists are located on the island of Mindanao, where they work in close cooperation with the Presbyterians. The Episcopalians have a work for the pagan heathens, and also for the Chinese. Methodists likewise have a mission among the Chinese. The United Brethren are strongly established about San Fernando. Spiritualists and Christian Scientists have work in Manila.

The total Protestant membership of the islands, reported to the Evangelical Union last year, was 15,000, exclusive of 10,000 probationers recorded in the Methodist church. The last-named body is witnessing an extraordinary growth; with only nine Americans engaged in the Filipino work—it now reports, according to Rev. M. A. Rader, presiding elder, no less than 18,000 members, including probationers. A curious fact about its congregations, and those of the other missions, is that two-thirds of them are men, and of this number three-quarters are young men. There are 300 licensed native workers in the Methodist church, only a few of whom receive any financial assistance. This characteristic of independence and self-support runs through all the Protestant missions. The great bulk of their churches throughout the islands has been built by the natives themselves.

Educational and eleemosynary effort on the part of the missions includes the Presbyterian hospitals at Iloilo and Demaguete and the Silliman Industrial Institute for Boys at the latter place, the Protestant Episcopal Dispensary and Settlement House in Manila, the Methodist hospital and schools, the Jaro Industrial school of the Baptists with about 300 students, and various training schools for native workers and periodical religious publications maintained by the different denominations.

(Copyright by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Saloons for Women. "When I was in Berlin," said a clergyman, "I had enough curiosity to visit one of the peculiar saloons for women that they have there. The place interested me, and I am bound to say that it was decently conducted. Berlin is the only city in the world that has those institutions. In our country, where the women are nearly all teetotalers, we don't need them. In England they don't need them because English women of the lower classes enter the public houses and lean against the bar and sip their beer with as much nonchalance as their husbands.

"In this female saloon in Berlin about 25 females were gathered. They looked poor, but respectable. Some were smoking—cigarettes and cigars—some read the papers, and in a corner a little group argued noisily over an article in a fashion magazine, much as men argue in their own saloons over politics."

SINKS AND DRAINS A FREQUENT CAUSE OF TYPHOID

Purify These and You Will Be Safe From Contagion.

DISINFECTING THE ONLY PREVENTIVE

Borax, a Simple, Safe and Sure Method.

How to keep our homes clean, sweet and free from germ influences is a question.

While there is no occasion for alarm, it is always well to be forearmed on the theory that "An Ounce of Prevention is Better Than a Pound of Cure," and no ounce of prevention has yet been discovered that is more simple, more direct and more effective, yet harmless to the human system, than Borax.

Borax has been known and used for generations as a purifier and preventive against epidemic influences originating from uncleanly conditions resulting from unsanitary sinks and drains, and when used as a hot solution in the proportion of two table-spoonfuls to a gallon of hot water flushed through the offending locations, removes every trace of disease germs and renders the pipes clean and wholesome.

Borax in addition to its hygienic qualities, is a household necessity, and can be used for numberless domestic purposes. It softens the water, makes linen dazzling white, will cleanse every article in the kitchen or dining room and make it bright, will prevent moths, soften and whiten the skin, remove dandruff and cleanse the scalp, and for cleansing and sterilizing baby's milk bottle and nipple has no equal.

Borax, unlike every other cleanser and disinfectant, is absolutely harmless to the system, and is safe, simple, economical, and can be purchased at any druggist or grocery. A dainty book in colors, called "The Jingle Book," will be sent free to any Mother sending name and address of her baby and tops from two one-pond cartons of "20-Mule-Team" Borax, with 5c in stamps. Address Pacific Coast Borax Co., Chicago, Ill.

All Lost. David Belasco, the playwright and manager, was talking about matinee idols. "Strange," he said, "the fascination that they exert upon young girls. I overheard the other day a literary conversation that is apropos. Two men were conversing. 'Did you ever read Shakespeare's 'Love's Labor Lost'?' said the first. 'No,' growled the second bald head, 'but I've taken my best girl to the theater, and heard her rave all through the show about the leading man's heavenly hair.'

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Deftance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Why do we so often prefer to believe in the necessity of suffering and weakness, rather than in the possibility of strength and gladness?—C. Wagner.

Many Professional Men, clergymen, teachers and singers use Brown's Bronchial Troches for curing hoarseness and coughs.

From first to last a man should maintain his character and in all things be consistent.—Horace.

FILES CURED IN 8 TO 14 DAYS. PAZONMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding files in 8 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

We must ever improve our time; time goes with rapid foot.—Ovid.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood, eradicating rheumatism, gout and other chronic diseases. It is made of Herbs—not drugs!

An ounce of help is better than a ton of hot air on the subject.

Lewis' Single Binder—the famous straight 5c cigar, always best quality. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

For he that once is good is ever great.—Ben Johnson.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

To bear is to conquer our fate.—Campbell.



SYMPATHY.

He—Yaas! Several years ago I fell in love with a girl, but she rejected me—made a regular fool of me, in fact. She—How sad! And you've never got over it.

Taking His Measure. "Do you ever drink to excess?" asked the girl's father. "I never touch liquor of any kind, sir."

"How about tobacco?" "I do not smoke. I have never had a cigar or a cigarette in my mouth."

"Ever gamble?" "Never. I do not know one card from another."

"I suppose you swear sometimes?" "No, sir. An oath has never passed my lips."

"Um. All right. Come out and have a stick of candy with me."

Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Deftance Starch and you will be pleasantly surprised at the improved appearance of your work.

It Was Real. "What a beautiful piece of mistletoe you have on the chandelier, Miss Clara!"

"Yes, Mr. Simpkins, it is; but do you know, I'm afraid it's not genuine."

Just at this point she discovered that it was, and the conversation ended.

The General Demand

of the Well-Informed of the World has always been for a simple, pleasant and efficient liquid laxative remedy of known value; a laxative which physicians could sanction for family use because its component parts are known to them to be wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, acceptable to the system and gentle, yet prompt, in action.

In supplying that demand with its excellent combination of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, the California Fig Syrup Co. proceeds along ethical lines and relies on the merits of the laxative for its remarkable success.

That is one of many reasons why Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is given the preference by the Well-Informed. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

THE RIGHT MELODY TO WORDS. May bring fame and fortune. Have J. H. Muller, composer of "Eve," "Max Baibler" and other hits, personally compose and arrange melody to your words for publication. Send for Muller's four latest Broadway hits. MULLEN MUSIC CO., 536 W. 45th St., New York. A. N. K.—A (1908—3) 2213.



Charles M. Alexander in Manila. Mrs. Alexander is Standing at Caribou's Head

years, and most of the natives are, at least nominally, members of that communion, I expected to find bitterness and acrimony between the Roman Catholics and the Protestants. But this is not the case, and for two reasons. The first is that the Protestant missionaries have worked with tact and quietness and have endeavored to avoid arousing antagonisms and sectarian bitterness.

The second is that the old church organization has its hands full with the Aglipay schism, which claims not only more than 2,000,000 adherents, but also a large part of the church property in the islands. This question is now being fought out in the courts. In the meantime, the two wings of Catholicism are manifesting no little bitterness toward each other. Archbishop Agius, the Apostolic delegate, could not find terms with which to characterize Aglipay, when I broached the matter to him.

And from what I could ascertain I suspect that he is pretty nearly correct in regarding Aglipay as a selfish schemer, an opportunist, and a politician. Aglipay, who rose to power on the tide of opposition to the friars, merely represents the idea of revolt against old and evil conditions. He seems to stand for nothing—or rather for anything and everything—in a theological way; in one district he professes himself as steadfastly devoted to all the historic teachings and practices of Rome; in another, he is practically a Protestant, attacking church rites and distributing Bibles.

So bitter is the strife between the Roman Catholics and the Aglipayans that neither pays much attention to the Protestants, who go unmolested on their way, adding great numbers to the Protestant churches. Many recruits, I am told, come to the missionaries from the Aglipayan fold, having discovered the unsatisfactory condition of the latter. Not a few of the earliest adherents of the Protestant missionaries became such from political motives; anything to show rebellion against the Spanish friars. Many of these early fell away, but some have become intelligent workers in the Protestant churches.

Good Words for the Filipino. A further word should be written concerning the Roman Catholic church in the islands, before passing on to the distinctively missionary propaganda. It is to be borne in mind that

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Foley

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SPOT CASH

FOR SOLDIERS AND HEIRS. All federal soldiers and sailors who served 90 days between 1861 and 1865 and who homesteaded less than 80 acres before June 21, 1874, are entitled to additional homestead rights which I buy. If soldier is dead, his heirs can sell. Talk to old soldiers, widows and heirs. Find some soldier relative who went West or South after the war and homesteaded government land. Get busy and make some easy money. Write HENRY N. CORRY, Washington, D. C. for further particulars.

For Immediate Sale

From one to five hundred shares at \$1.00 each, of 8 per cent dividend paying stock in a \$25,000,000 copper plant. For full particulars address,

P. E. MADDUX, 463 11th Street OAKLAND, CAL.

Pacific Investment Syndicate 5900 Crocker Bldg. Financial Agents. Loans on first mortgage. Millions needed. Only place except Gary where building trade is profitable. Buy and sell stocks and bonds. Place local securities when satisfied of their merit. Write today if you want better returns for your capital.

Officers Re-elected

All officers of the Escanaba Ministerial Association were re-elected at the annual meeting of that organization which was held at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning at the home of the Rev. F. C. O'Meara.

Following is the list of the association's officers chosen for the coming year: Rev. F. C. O'Meara, president; Rev. C. A. Lund, vice-president; Rev. Abel Anderson, treasurer, and Rev. C. C. Sundstrom, secretary.

Doubtless.
"Yes, he preached on original sin to-day."
"I'm sorry now I didn't go."
"Why?"
"It was doubtless a part of the fall of the subject."
Post.

Electric Lighting Rates

The Menominee Range Power company at Iron River gives a table to show that its charge for electric current is among the lowest in the country. It runs thus: Munising, per kilowatt, seventeen cents; Ironwood fifteen; Menominee, fourteen; Green Bay twelve and one-half; Twin Cities, twelve; Milwaukee, eleven; Iron River, ten. The Gladstone rate is ten cents—nine cents where fifty kilowatts are used—with a ten per cent discount for prompt payment.

J. P.'s Clubs

J. Pierpont Morgan belongs to four times as many clubs as does the king of England. His royal highness is a member of 12, while Mr. Morgan has his name on the lists of at least 50. Some of the clubs of which he is a member he has never visited, but once a member he never resigns.

County Board Proceedings

(Continued from page five)

70	Same	Fees & expenses of Dep. Game Warden	40 80	40 80
MISCELLANEOUS				
71	The Oliver Hotel	Meals for Jurors	38 50	38 50
72	Stille & Puissant	Plumbing, etc.	15 30	15 30
73	Midland Chemical Co.	Mdse.	81 62	60 81
74	Mich. State Tel. Co.	Telephone rental	62 80	62 80
75	Joseph Dupuy	Labor Court House lawn	12 00	12 00
76	Alex Ledue	"	15 00	15 00
77	Henry Grenier	"	17 00	17 00
78	John D. Chubb	Services as architect etc., Delta County Poor House	459 46	459 46
79	R. E. Morrell	Services in tax matters	20 00	20 00
80	Kratze Bros.	Mdse. for jail	25 70	25 70
81	Anton Hinkofer	Supplying Court house with art sian water	6 00	6 00
82	D. A. Oliver	Mdse. Court House	12 00	12 00
84	Chas. F. Hower	Supplies	8 00	8 00
85	Mead Drug Co.	Mdse.	15 30	15 30
86	Finch Telephone Co.	Telephone rental	48 55	48 55
87	F. D. Davis	Services School Exam.	35 00	35 00
88	Same	"	24 00	24 00
89	C. U. Woolpert	"	24 00	24 00
DRAWING JURY OCT & JAN. TERMS				
90	Emil Glaser	"	4 00	4 00
91	O. V. Linden	"	4 00	4 00
92	City Lighting Plant	Lighting Oct. & Nov.	43 25	43 25
92-1	The Bobbs-Merrill Co.	Subscriptions to serial digest	12 00	12 00
93	Bark River Twp.	Contagious Diseases	172 55	Referred to be corrected
94	N. B. Harris	Provisions contagious diseases	15 12	15 12
95	Dr. O. C. Breitenbach et. als.	Services & mdse. in Contagious Diseases	188 14	162 83
NON-RESIDENTS				
96	Fred Thorblain	Bounty on Wolf	75 00	75 00
97	F. H. Williams	Bounty	6 00	6 00

T. B. DAVIS, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THATCHER
OWEN JONES
GEO. FITZPATRICK
WESLEY GRAY
Committee on Claims and Accounts.

Moved by Supervisor Davis seconded by Supervisor Cumiskey that the report be accepted and adopted and the bills be allowed at the amounts stated by the committee as payment in full which motion prevailed.

Yeas Supervisors Call, Colburn, Curran, Darling, Davis, Dotsch, Dupont, Fitzpatrick, Follo, Gray, Jones, Labre, Magnuson, Morrell, Olson, and the Chairman. Nays None.

The special committee appointed to draft rules and regulations governing the duties of the county physicians submitted the following report:

We, your committee appointed to draft rules governing the duties of the county physicians herewith beg leave to submit the following set of rules.

First:—The staff of three physicians shall at all times be under the control of the Superintendent of the Hospital and shall attend all county patients in the hospital, county poor farm and county patients in county jail.

Second:—Each ticket patient shall have the right to select any one of the three physicians that he may see fit.

Third:—The Superintendent of the Hospital shall have the right and it shall be his duty to request any one of the three county physicians to attend any county patient at the county poor farm and county jail, or anywhere in the City of Escanaba, anywhere in the county of Delta, and if said patient be outside of the City of Escanaba, said county physicians so designated shall be allowed his actual expenses in going to and returning from where said patient may be located.

Fourth:—Any one of the county physicians refusing to attend any ticket patient at the hospital or any county patient as directed by the Superintendent of the Hospital, it shall be the Superintendent's duty to suspend said physician and to appoint a competent physician to perform the duties of the physician so suspended until the next meeting of the Board of Supervisors thereafter held.

Jan. 8, 1908.
C. D. MASON,
JOHN CUMISKEY,
T. J. CURRAN,
Committee.

Moved by Supervisor Cumiskey seconded by Supervisor Davis that the report be accepted and adopted which motion unanimously prevailed.

Moved by Supervisor Dotsch and duly seconded that the resolution adopted declaring the office of County Physician held by Dr. W. A. Cotton vacant be reconsidered which motion did not prevail.

Yeas Supervisors Cumiskey, Dar-

ing, Dotsch, Fitzpatrick, Gray, Magnuson, Perron, Sinclair and Thatcher, (9).

Nays Supervisors Call, Colburn, Curran, Davis, Follo, Jones, Labre, Mason, Morrell, Olson, and the Chairman. (11) Not voting Supervisor Thompson.

Moved by Supervisor Mason seconded by Supervisor Davis that the Finance Committee be authorized to borrow not to exceed \$10,000.00 for the payment of current expenses pending the return of taxes collected by the City and Township treasurers. Which motion prevailed.

The committee on mileage and per diem submitted the following report which was adopted on motion of Supervisor Colburn.

Yeas Supervisors Call, Colburn, Curran, Darling, Dotsch, Dupont, Fitzpatrick, Follo, Gray, Jones, Labre, Magnuson, Mason, Morrell, Olson, Sinclair, Thatcher, Thompson and the Chairman. Nays None.

Escanaba, Mich., January 8, 1908. To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Delta County:

Your committee on mileage and per diem hereby recommend the payment of the several amounts herein stated to the members of the board for attendance at the present session:

Supervisors	Miles	Days	Amount
Call	10	3	\$10 20
Colburn	16	3	10 92
Cumiskey	2	2	6 00
Curran	31	4	15 72
Dotsch	2	2	6 00
Darling	18	4	14 16
Davis	35	4	16 20
Dupont	2	2	6 00
Fitzpatrick	75	4	21 00
Follo	62	4	19 44
Gray	10	3	10 20
Johnson	10	3	10 20
Jones	10	3	8 70
Labre	12	3	10 20
MacLean	3	1	4 86
Magnuson	2	2	6 00
Mason	10	3	10 20
Morrell	2	2	6 00
Olson	26	4	15 12
Perron	2	2	6 00
Sinclair	12	3	10 44
Thatcher	2	2	6 00
Thompson	10	3	10 20

J. D. COLBURN
TIM J. CURRAN
PHIL LABRE
Committee.

On motion of Supervisor Thatcher the Board adjourned until Wednesday the 25th day of March next at 9 o'clock a. m.

A. P. SMITH,
Clerk.
SOREN JOHNSON,
Chairman.

PISO'S

Consuming Consumption

even in its most insidious form is not always incurable. The first intelligent step in the treatment of the disease is to stop the violent paroxysms of coughing which tear the lungs and enfeeble the system. Piso's Cure has permanently cured many consumptive coughs, as shown by court testimony because its antiseptic, healing and soothing qualities act directly on the lungs and bronchial passages, stopping the coughing and gently healing the irritated tissues. Even the most advanced consumptive coughs have responded quickly to PISO'S Cure, which being absolutely free from opiates or habit-forming drugs is the ideal remedy for every form of coughs, colds, bronchitis in young and old. For nearly half a century PISO'S Cure has been demonstrating that the most advanced form of chest affections

Can be Cured

CURE

25 CENTS

Wishes.
Wishes are held to be ominous; according to which belief the order of the world is so arranged that if you have an impious objection to a squire, your offspring is more likely to be born with one; also that if you happen to desire a squire, you would not get it. This desponding view of probability is the fatal entirely reject, taking their wishes as good and sufficient security for all kinds of fulfillment.

Have It All Figured Out
It is figured that Bryan will not have New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island nor Delaware. These states have 411 votes out of 595 that Bryan will not get. To the list can be added Minnesota, which will undoubtedly give Governor Johnson a "favorite son" vote and stick to him if he has a chance to win. While it is expected that Harmon can get the south, still allowing Bryan half the votes would give the combination 184 votes from the south. All to this the thirty-two votes of Minnesota and there is a total of 595 that Bryan will not get. It all depends on the developments of the next few weeks. If the Governor Johnson boom goes down to a favorite son movement, the Harmon-Johnson movement will control the east, which looks at least pleasantly on Governor Johnson. Then there is Governor Folk. If he should enter, he undoubtedly would cut us the west which is now conceded to Bryan and at the same time he would make a hole in the south. He might possibly win some support in the east. The condition in Michigan is this: The rank and file shows a leaning toward Bryan, but a great many of the politicians fear to tie up with him because of his two defeats.

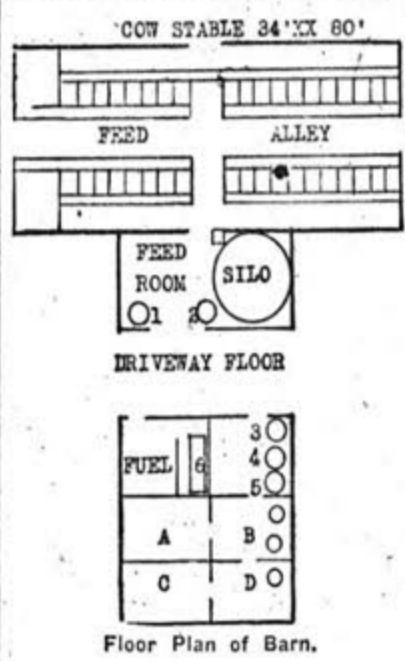
Marriage Business Profitable
Making rough estimate gathered from the different people concerned in the business, Menominee made over \$6,000 out of the marriage business during 1907. This is an estimate of eleven dollars per couple. It is estimated that the following charges are made and collected as an average for each couple married: One dollar for the license, from two to five dollars for the ceremony with an average of about four, two dollars for a carriage, two for a hotel, one for a hotel, one for rings and one for incidentals, including the marriage certificate, flowers and the money spent in shopping. Forty four of the couples married in Menominee last year hailed from Marinette city and fully as many more from Marinette county. Couples from all over the country have been married in Menominee. Five couples hailed from Illinois, one from Ohio, one from Pennsylvania, one from New York, one from Iowa, another from Minnesota and still another from South Dakota, the land of east divorces. The matrimonial business in Menominee last year reached proportions that made hot bidding on the part of some of the justices. One justice has formed a combination or trust among the cab drivers, hotel men and employees of the railroad. Whenever a couple is in need of the services of a justice they are directed to the marriage parlors of the official, who has so skillfully laid his wires. One Menominee clergyman who had many ceremonies to his credit during the year and likewise considerable wealth added to his bank account became so accustomed to the appearance of a couple having matrimonial intent that he would station himself on the depot platform and offer his services to the couples as they stepped from the train. Every day during the summer he faithfully met each and scarcely a day went by that he did not make a neat sum as a result of his labors.

THE DAIRY

COW-BARN AND MILK HOUSE.

Structure Which Will Provide Accommodations for 40 Cattle.

In this floor plan, the cow-stable, 34 by 89 feet, which forms the head of the T, and so much of the stem of the T as covers the driveway floor, would have storage space above for forage, bedding and grain. In this plan we have in mind a stove silo, erected as represented, with a concrete foundation, extending three feet below the level of the feeding floor and rising 27 feet above it, but covered by the roof of the main building and supporting a water-tank to supply the needs of the outfit. If such



A water-tank is given pretty near the diameter of the silo, its height could be small and the whole sheltered with no extra roof. A tongue-and-grooved stove silo, thus sheltered from the wind and weather, would render thoroughly good service and would be a permanent structure. The silo could, of course, be placed outside, in the angle on either side, but in such a case the stove silo is only a temporary building. With this arrangement the ensilage can be taken out into the feed-room against the ventilating shaft. The ensilage cutter could stand at 1 or 2 and it could be fed from the driveway floor, using the blower elevator, which could also be used for cutting straw and roughage for bedding, this elevated into the space above the driveway floor and feed-room, to be stored there or passed through over the cow-stable.

On the opposite side of the dairy stable from the silo, and some 30 feet distant, so as not to interfere with the lighting of the stable and wind circulation, we would place a manure shed, 22 by 30, which should have a concrete foundation and walls to a height of some three feet, in which the manure from the stable may be stored, carrying it there by means of an overhead trolley, and where it may ripen sheltered from the rain and to which rock phosphate may be judiciously added, to be rendered soluble by the fermenting processes before the manure goes to the field. With such an arrangement as this and with especial effort to make use of all waste roughage, either as bedding or directly in composting with the manure, the quantity of stable manure can thus be very materially increased and the same number of animals made to serve a much larger area of field.

Next to the driveway would be located the power-house, with the engine so placed that a single shaft could extend along the ceiling above the driveway into the feed-room, where pulleys could be placed for driving a feed grinder and the feed cutter, says Country Gentleman. We do not attempt to lay out specifically, rooms for housing the engine, pump for water supply and compressor for refrigeration, if such a plant were to be installed, but the sketch suggests, in a general way, the arrangement that would have to be adopted to allow power to be taken off directly from a single, straight shaft, where the aim is to make a stationary engine contribute all of the power needed for the various lines of work.

It should be understood that an engine that would have sufficient power to run a feed-cutter would hardly be economical to run the separator for so small a plant as 40 cows. It is possible, however, that if a small refrigerating plant were to be installed for use most of the year, a type of plant might be adopted that would permit its being run for a couple of hours night and morning, at the time milking is done and the work in the dairy attended to, so that the separator could be run, taking off its power when other needed work is being accomplished. Grinding and pumping could, of course, go on at the same time, because a bin could easily be arranged so that the mill would be fed automatically, thus requiring no attention except to see that it was feeding right.

Don't Do It.
It is a violation of law and dangerous to health and life to use any of the various milk preservatives, such as formaldehyde, salicylic or boric acid. Ice and clean methods are decidedly the best and safest preservatives.

Milk or Beef.
It costs less to produce a pound of butterfat with the right kind of a corn than it does to produce a pound of beef. Compare prices.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

County Correspondence

BARK RIVER

Mr. and Mrs. Isadore Machevich visited at Poshigo this week.

Miss Pearl Root is clerking at the Leader.

J. H. Boyle is on the sick list this week.

A. B. Chambers of Escanaba, was in town Monday.

S. G. Nelson of Gladstone, transacted business here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Hickey returned to their home at Green Bay last week after visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Boyle.

John Frchette made a trip to Powers Sunday.

Miss Lydia Wickham made a trip to Green Bay on Monday to consult with Dr. Minnehan.

Mr. Clairmont, Sr. has been engaged to take care of the North-Western station here during the evening. Allan Hunt who had been formerly attending to this work was found to be under the legal age required by the Government to handle the mail.

E. J. Bergman made a trip to Escanaba Tuesday.

Mr. Souvenir has returned to Bark River after a prolonged visit with Escanaba friends.

The photograph gallery moved to Powers last week. The Jacobson boys who operated the gallery made many friends during their short visit.

Fr. Stahl conducted services at Ford River on Friday afternoon and evening of last week.

Miss Stahl entertained the members of the choir Sunday evening at a 5 o'clock dinner after which a musical program was given. The intended trip to Escanaba could not be taken because of the lack of snow.

Many Bark River people are disappointed because the North-Western trains have been taken off on Sundays and many who have been accustomed to taking trips outside on this day will now remain at home.

Omer Billings of Schaffer had his foot badly cut by an axe last Monday.

Rev. Fr. Stahl made a trip to Foster City last week to attend Mrs. A. Criel who was seriously ill. Mrs. Criel is now improved in health.

The wave of reform which has swept over the county seat finds no reflect action here for the reason that the town has for sometime past been very orderly and the saloon keepers have been required to obey the law.

Mrs. Frank Eli of Indian Town is quite ill of pneumonia.

RAPID RIVER

There is on exhibition in the window of the Hamilton Drug Store a stuffed Mongolian pheasant which was sent to Mr. Hamilton by Charles Dillabeau from Portland, Ore. This is the first of the birds which Mr. Dillabeau secured while out hunting.

An important real estate transfer took place this week in which the entire Hibbard estate was sold by P. G. Hibbard to Henry Pfeifer and Philip Solomon. The estate comprises the family home and several vacant lots and other houses and was sold at a sacrifice. Mr. and Mrs. Hibbard intend to move to Portland, Ore., in the near future. Mr. Hibbard's health is at present somewhat poor and the trip will not be made until he gains in strength.

The slot machines in the saloons here were returned for a few days in sympathy with the movement all over the County. The Rapid River saloonists have been expecting a call from the Rev. Mr. Ruedge.

The 3rd annual old settlers' ball will be given on Friday evening, Jan. 31, at Hock's Hall. This event has become one of the most enjoyable parties of the year and is looked forward to

METROPOLITAN

Fred Sherlein left Monday to work at the Iron Mountain mine.

Mrs. H. Brukart and niece Emma, returned from Milwaukee Thursday.

The Roosevelt Lodge of the C. N. A. comprised of six members, held their first meeting Wednesday evening for the purpose of organizing and increasing the membership.

Miss Signe Jensen of Calumet, went to Iron Mountain last Monday.

The first heavy snow fall last Wednesday.

Ed. Murray of Escanaba, was braking on the Felch last week and was relieved by Reddy McDermott.

Mr. Olaf Rian returned from St. Paul on Thursday.

Big Mill for Manistique

The Chicago Lumbering company has purchased the Ashland (Wis.) mill, owned by the Edwin Hines Lumber company and will move it, frame and all, to this city, says a Manistique dispatch. It is expected to arrive in about three weeks. It is a steam mill, modern and up-to-date in every particular, being only five years old. The mill is 68x160 feet and will be completed here by May 1. It will employ nearly as many men as the old mill. A large crew is now at work clearing away the debris of the recent fire for a foundation.

Vaudeville Theater Enterprise

A new enterprise at Manistique, metropolis of Schoolcraft county, is a vaudeville theater. It will be established by P. J. McNamara, a local capitalist, and it will occupy a building to be erected especially for its accommodation. The house will open about May 1. It will have a seating capacity of 500. The theater will be affiliated with the Wisconsin and Upper Michigan circuit. The building will be 35 by 99 feet in size, one story high.

Handicapped.

Austria's fishing industry suffers from the handicap that the fishermen are nearly all in the clutches of usurers. They are compelled to borrow money when the catch is poor and they are never able to get out of debt again.

Discriminating buyers insist on having the

GABLER PIANOS

AN ART PRODUCT SINCE 1854

Sold at a legitimate profit by

Woodford & Bill, Sole Agents

Menomonee, Mich.

Whose representative will be glad to explain in detail. Field inspection invited. Please call or write.