PHIRTY-FIFTH YEAR

HE IRON PORT.

### NO CRIME COMMITTED

William Lund Who Killed Alexander Gravel Will Not Be Held

#### EXAMINED WEDNESDAY

Preliminary Examination Before Judge Glaser Results in Freedom for Acoused Man.

William Lund, who shot and killed Alexander Gravel and seriously wound ed Richard Gravel in a saloon fight at Ford River two weeks ago, is a free man. In the preliminary examination before Judge Glaser, the charge brought against Lund was assault with intent to murder, committed against the per on of Richard Gravel, and after hearing the testimony Judge Glaser ruled that no crime had been committed. For the killing of Alexander Gravel Lund was exonerated by the coroner's jury shortly after the fight, but was held to answer the charge of assault upon

Richard Gravel. Seven witnesses appeared for the prosecution and none for the defense. All witnesses were unanimous however, in stating that the Gravel Bros. started the trouble and would undoubtedly have inflicted serous, if not fatal injuries upon the person of Fred Fredrickson, to whose assistance Lund came. The witnesses were also agreed that Lund twice ordered Richard Gravel to cease his attack upon Fredrickson and that Lund had threatened to shoot unless he

Attorney John Power appeared as council for the prisoner and made a strong appeal in his behalf. In view of all the circumstances Judge Glaser decided that Lund was not at fault in firing in order to save his fellow bar tender from serious injury and perhaps

#### MAYWOOD IN DRY DOCK

### ceive Finishing Touches.

The new steel steamer Maywood has been taken off the run to Garden Bay and has been sent to Manitowoc and ip dry dock. The boat was finished in a hurry last spring and a few are necessary to make the touches

The steamer Lotus will make trips to Farmer's and Robertson's dock on Thursdays and Saturdays as long as weather will permit.

#### DENIES ENGAGEMENT

#### Miss Elsie Flath Protests Against Announcement of Her Engagement.

Miss Elsie Flath in a communication to the Mirror has filed a vigorous protest against the announcement of her marriage to Private Frank E. Kannair of Ishpeming, who was recently in this city. Miss Flath states very emphatically that Mr. Kannair acted prematurely and without any authority when he announced his engagement to her and is indignant that such announcement should be made without her knowlege or consent.

Following is the announcement is sued by Miss Flath.

"I have noticed in your last issue an announcement of my engagement to Private F. E. Kannair. I desire to state that such announcement is entirely premature and unauthorized and wish to have it unperstood that if the time ever arrives when such an announcement is appropriate 1 will personally authorize it.

Elsie Flath."

#### NAHMA.

Mrs. F. W. Good is again confined to

The Maywood has made its last trip Father Deschamp was also here

Mr. Earl Good returned to Escanaba

Tu saday to resume his school duties.

Mr. Chas Doty with Carson Price Stot & Co., called at Nahma Monday. Two of Ed Wine boats left this port Wednesday a two more left Friday. The debt of the Catholic church is now clear much to the satisfaction of

Mr. F. W. Good is better and able to be down stairs. His many friends hope to see him soon on the streets.

Pather Barth delivered a fine lecture are on Tuesday evening. We hope it ill not be long ere he comes to us pain. He is a very entertaining

#### ELECTION CONTEST DECIDED

Menominee County Election Contest Decided in Favor of Sheriff Stephen Packer.

In the Erdlitz-Packer election contest from Menominee county, Judge Stone this week handed down a decision in favor of Stephen C. Packer in the office

According to the court's ruling, a sufficient number of contested election ballots are declared valid to make Packer's majority 181 over Erdlitz, and 134 ballots known as the "Dixon ballots," upon which appeared distinguishing marks, are declared void.

In some precincts and townships the election commissioners placed their initials upon the upper left hand corner when the ballots were redelivered and tore off the corners to them. In other precincts and one township the inspectors marked the ballots with pencil instead of ink. The court held these balots legal inasmuch as the mistakes were hose of the inspectors and not of the

Erditz, in contesting Packer's election, contended that the board of county canvassers should have counted as legal 134 ballots marked and described as follows: "A cross in the circle in the each of the Democratic candidates in the Democratic column in the counny ticket, including the square before the blank space reserved for the name of the person who would have been the candidate for the office of circuit court commissioner, but which space was left blank on the ticket. ' These ballots were cast in eighteen of the voting precincts of the county, and the county canvassers rejected them as possessing distinguishing marks, and therefore void, which action the court upheld.

The fact that the voters placed a cross in the square before the blank space was held by Judge Stone to be evidence of the fact that the voters desired to leave some identifying mark upon the ballots.

### Reception and Banquet

Nearly 250 members of the Delta Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons attended the annual past masters reception and banquet held Tuesday night in the Masonic lodge rooms.

H. A. Barr, John J. Sourwine and J. S. Rodgers, past masters of Delta lodge, were presented with past masters jewels and F. E. Harris who served as secretary of the lodge for many terms was presented with a Masonic apron as a special mark of distinction. A fine banquet was served during the evening and many toasts were respond-

#### DEATH OF YOUNG MAN

#### Geo. Bonefeld, Jr. Passed Away at **Delta County Hospital**

George Bonefeldt, Jr. age 26, passed away at the Delta county hospital Thursday morning, after an illness of several weeks from typhoid fever. The young man was well-known in this city and was for three years delivery man for the Escanaba steam Laundry Co. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bonefeld, of Stonington. He was a member of Impellant lodge 1. O. O. charge of the U.S. recruting station in F. and also a member of the Modern Woodmen.

The funeral will be held from the First Baptist church tomorrow after-

#### New Snow Fighting Plan

New plans will be adopted the coming winter by the C. & N. W. railway in the way of cleaning snow from its tracks. The company will attach its plows to Rodger ballast cars loaded with stone and will push them ahead of the engines. This is to prevent snow from the plow falling on the engines. On many occasions an engine has been put out of use for a whole day, owing to the drift of snow that fell from the snowplow. Last winter was a hard one for railway companies and the C. & N. W. experienced much trouble and heavy expense on its peninsula division. The new plan will be put into operation whenever necessary.

#### **OLIVER TERRIO WEDS**

#### Former Escanaba Editor Marries at Oshkosh

Friends and acquaintances of Oliver Terrio, formerly of this city, will be interested to know that he was married on Thanksgiving day to Miss Bertha A. Guhl, of Oshkosh. Mr Terrio lived in E canaba for a number of years and was employed as city edito of the Daily Mirror and later as Editor of the Iron Port. He is now a member of the editorial staff of the Daily Northwestern of Oahkosn. Mr. Terrio's friends in this city extend their best wishes to

The ladies Missionary society of the Presbyterian church will meet at the Presbyterian parsonage next Tuesday

Mrs. T. B. White and Mrs. E. C. Nor ton Injured in Runawny Wednesday

#### BROKEN BOLT THE CAUSE

Mrs. W. A. Cotton Together wit Three Children Escape Without

Mrs. T. B. White and Mrs. E. C. Norton were injured in a runaway which occurred Wednesday afternoon on Georgia street and Mrs. W. A. Cotton and son and the two little daughters of Mrs. White and Mrs. Norton escaped with out injury.

A broken bolt which allowed a cross bar to strike against one of the horse's heels was the cause of the trouble and head of the Republican column, and a the team soon became unmanageable cross in the square before the name of and ran wildly, the sleigh swaying from side to side. The three ladies realizing the danger of remaining in the sleigh each jumped with their children in their arms. Mrs. T. B. White was the most seriously hurt and is confined to her home with a fractured collar bone. Mrs. Norton sustained severe bruises about the face, arms and back. The escape of Mrs. Cotton and the three children is considered almost miracu-

#### City Treasurer's Notice

Notice is hereby given that the tax rolls for the city of Escanaba, for the year 1905, are now in my hands for can be paid at my office at any time be- passed. fore the 10th day of January 1906, without any charge for collection, four per 10th day of January.

Office hours at C. Maloney & Co's court. Flour and Feed store, 1203 Ludidington St., from 8 a. m. to 8. p. m.

Dated at Escanaba this 4th day of December 1905.

CHAS. MALONEY.

#### City Treasurer. CAUSES NEEDLESS WORK

### Rice Throwing in Depots May be

#### Stopped by Officials. The fact that the throwing of rice in

railway stations along the line of the Northwestern roads is the cause of considerable needless work may prompt officials to take some action to prohibit the practice. It is seldom that the merry crowds that shower their newly \$359 during the month of Debember. married friends with rice, ever stop to clear the station floors after all is over, skating this week. and when the rice throwing comes to be almost a daily occurrence, there seems to be good reason for a protest on the Thanksgiving with his parents here. part of the agents. Rice throwing on the station platform is not objected to and as long as the practice is carried on outside the waiting rooms no objections will be filed.

#### Notice.

Take notice,-My wife Huldy Frank has left my bed ard board without any just cause, and I will not be responsible for any debts that she may contract. Dated the 16th day of November, 1906. AUGUST FRANK.

#### FELL ON THE ICE

#### Boy Sustains Injuries From Heavy Fall While Skating.

Clarence Lambert of Wells, age fif in a fall which he received while skating on the Escanaba river last Saturday. E. R. Morrow. He was standing on his skates when his feet slipped and he fell. The back of head struck the ice with great force and as the boy attempted to rise he fell again, this time the side of his head striking a sharp piece of ice and rendering him unconscious. Dr. A. S. Kitchen was called and the patient was removed to the Delta County hospital. The fracture upon examination was not found to be as serious as was first supposed and unless unexpected complications arise the boy will recover.

### **Hunting Good There**

According to Deputy State Game Warden Avery of Detroit, who is operating in that district, nearly 200 deer have ing in that district, nearly 200 deer have ployed for some time as stenographer in been shipped this season from Ralph on the Escanaba & Lake Superior railroad. Northwestern Land Department, left the Escanaba & Lake Superior railroad, kalph is in Breen township, Dickenson county.

#### Probably is Insane

Kazo Kazimer, cemetary wrecker, will not be tried for breaking tombstones in Ishpeming cemetary, but will be examined by fiedical experts. Kazi-mer was arraigned Monday and made himself objectionable by loud talking. He denouced the court in abusive lang-

# DEATH OF MRS. MATTHEWS FIRE AT

#### Was Resident of Escanaba for Thirty eight Years.

Mrs. Sarah Matthews, wife of Peter Matthews foreman at the Northwestern carpenter repair shops, passed away at six o'clock Sunday evening after an ill. Linn Manufacturing Company's Plant ness of eight weeks. Mrs. Matthews was sixty-seven years of age and for several months had not enjoyed good health. General debility and a complication of diseases caused her death.

Mrs. Matthews was born near Brampton, Canada and came to this city at the time of her marriage thirtyeight years ago. She was the mother of five children, two of whom survive

her, Irving Matthews and Attorney Stanley Matthews. Funeral services were held from the

home on Wednesday afternoon, the Rev. P. B. Ferris officiating. The following men acted as pall bearers; C. R. Willams, C. A. Cram, Solomon Greenhoot, Frank Slater, John M. Miller and Loftus McMartin.

Mrs. Matthews was a member of the Eastern Star society.

Jews Held Meeting In accordance with the action of Jewish people throughout the United States, orthodox Jews in Escanaba gathered at the home of Rabbi J. Polakoff, on North Charlotte street, Monday afternoon for a service in mourning for their martyred countrymen in Russia.

#### LAW IS INVALID

#### Juvenile Court Law Declared Un Constitutional by Supreme Court

The law made by the Michigan Levislature at the last session, establishing juvenile courts with circuit court commissioners as judges has been declared invalid by the supreme court. Juvenile offenders will now be tried by Justices collection. The taxes therein levied of the Peace as before the law was

That feature of the law which vested dated the law in the epinion of the The test case was brought from

Wayne county, where the five circuit judges had unanimously held the law to

Juvenile offenders sentenced under the new law must now be brought bac and tried by Justice of the Peace.

#### LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. Arthur Dault of Flat Rock is seriously ill. Miss Ruth Robertson has returned

from a visit at Oshkosh. John Trudell of Waucedah transacted business in Escanaba this week.

The city poor bills reached the sum of Percy Miller is suffering from a think of the work that is necessary to broken arm which he received waile out

> Fred Cram returned to Commonwealth on Monday after spending

> Mr. and Mrs. Bert Sensiba have returned to Escanaba after spending a few weeks in Mississippi and Florida. A large party of Escanaba shriners

> left Wednesday afternoon to attend the midwinter conclave of Ahmed Temple of Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. News were received at Escanaba this

> week of the death of Charles Grimes, at Turin, Marquette county. Mr Grimes was a resident of this city for many

Mrs. Frank Greene entertained a number of friends at her home at 525 South Fannie street on Saturday evening in honor of her guest, Mrs. B. G. LeBeur.

Samuel Spargo and mother left Monday night for a visit with friends in teen sustained a fracture of the skull Illinois and Tennessee. At Memphis Tenn., where they will visit with Mrs.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Nolan of Superior, Wis., are in the city visiting at the home of W: E. McDennell, Mrs. Nolan's father. They will remain until after Christmas.

FOR SALE-Ice boat, square four hole Born steel range, Star Gem heater, and other household goods, all in splendid condition. Call within five days at 722 Hale St., Escanaba.

If you have trouble with your eyes or with your glarses see G. H. Cook A specialty made of difficult cases calls and examinations free. Office and residence 322 S. Campbell street. Miss Rachel Naylor who has been em-

Monday night for Chicago to accept a position in the general offices of the Chicago Burlington & Quincy railroad.

Miss Lillian Fish succeeds Miss Naylor. The engagement of Miss Helen D. Finch of Marquette and W. W. Whitney of Duluth, Minn., has been announced. Both Miss Finch and Mr. Whitnes have friends here. Mr. Whitney superintended the building of a breakwater pler for the Northwestern road in this

# **SLEIGH FACTORY**

Domaged

### LOSS WAS ABOUT \$1600. SNOW COVERS STREETS

#### Blaze Believed to Have Been Start. ed by Spontaneous Combustion

Spontaneous combustion is believed to have been the cause of a fire which broke out in the paint room of the Linn Manufacturing company's plant at the west end of Ludington street at about one o'clock Wednesd y morning. The roof of the building and the sides at the north end were burned away and the interior of the building in the room where the fire originated was badly charred. The damage from fire and water to the company is estimated at \$1000, while the damage to the building which is owned by Chief James Tolan will amount to about \$600.

The fire proved a difficult one to put out on account of the paint and oil in the room where the blaze started.

The damage to the plant will be repaired at once and the operation of the company will not be interrupted.

#### WILL SOON BE READY

#### Ski Slide Now Under Construction at North Escanaba.

A force of five men have been at work this week building the ski slide at North Escanaba. The structure will be 118 feet in length and the summit will expense to the contractor in the spring. be 63 feet above the surface of the hill circuit court commissioners with judi- upon which it is raised. The slide is cent collection fee shall be charged up. cial powers in cases against juvenile strongly built. Interest in the sport is on all taxes remaining unpaid on said offenders was the section which invali- fast increasing and skiing promises to be one of the most popular pastimes in the city this winter.

#### Must Register Births.

in regard to filing certificates of births to express our sincere thanks and with township, village and city clerks. The act takes effect on January 1, 1906, Under the old law births were counterated by assessors and supervisors once a year which proved to be a very imperfect and inaccurate way. When filed promptly within ten days after bir h the returns should be complete and reliable. Blanks and instructions have been mailed to all physicians in the state by the Secretary of State, Lansing, who has charge of this matter.

#### GIGANTIC FRAUD

#### People in Many States Swindled by Operators in Oregon Lands.

Only when all persons holding certificates for school lands in this state send their certificates to Salam to have them examined will it be possible to make an estimate of the extent of gigantic swindels perpetrated on Easterners by unscrupulous land operators.

Very few of the persons who posess the forged certificates are known so far but from the fact that persons in Minneasota, Wisconsin, Illinouis, New Jersey, Ohio and Florida are in posession of them, the officials fear that when the whole number develop it will include people in every state east of the Mississipbi rivet.

The heaviest losers known to the efficials so far are: H. Goddard, La Crosse, Wis., George L. Baldwin of Appleton, Wis., and H. M. Delaitte of Minneapolis. Governor Chamberlain says that at the present time he is unable to say who the fraudulent opera-

#### Dr. Humphrey's Specifics La Grippe and Colds.

We want those who have used "77" to know that Dr. Humphreys System of Specifics covers all diseases from infancy to old age-it is a question which derives the greatest comfort from their use, the baby with colic or the old and feeble with the almost invariable weakness of the bladder or kidneys. The Specifics are fully described in a little book to be had at all drug stores or mailed free. They are for sale by all druggists, 25 cents each with a few ex- store and began using them. Inside of ceptions.

#### Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockolders of the First National Bank of Escanaba, Michigan, for the election of directors will be held at its banking house at Escanaba on Tuesday, January 9, 1906, between the hours of nine a. m.

LESLIE FRENCH,

### HOLDS BACK MONE

City Council Does Not Allow Bills of Street Contractors in Full.

#### City Officials Unable to Pass Judgement Upon Wells Avenue and Hartnett Avenue.

Because of the fact that the winter veather makes it impossible to judge whether two streets, Wells avenue and Hartnett avenue, are built according to plans and specifications, the city counil at its last meeting decided not to allow the bills of the contractors in full but to hold back a portion as a guarantee to the city in case the streets should te found to be imperfect when spring comes. From Flemming and Zane, the Wells street contractors, the sum of \$100 was held back and from John Mc-Laughlin, the Hartnett avenue contractor, 10 per cent of his last bill was kept back by the city amounting to about \$500

The action of the council was vigorously opposed by the contractors who claime! it a great injustice as they would be required to pay for their bonds as long as the streets were not accepted

Coleman Nee, who represented Mr. McLaugnlin stated to the council that unless the city would accept the street now, the contractor would be obliged to tie up the s,reet until spring as traffic over it would mean a lot more

It is quite likely that some agreement will be reached so that the streets may be accepted and the bonds released with the city protected in case flaws apear in the streets next spring.

#### Card of Thanks

To all those who so kindly assisted Physicians are charged with a new us during the recent illness and death duty under an act of the last legislature of my wife, I and my family desire preciation of the many acts and tokens of sympathy.

PETER MATTHEWS and family.

#### WILL ARRIVE TODAY

#### Santa Clas Will Arrive at Escanaba Over Northwestern Road at 1:55 Santa Claus will arrive in Escanaba

this afternoon to make his home at the Fair Savings Bank store basement. He will arrive to the city over the Northwestern road at 1:55 o'clock this afternoon and it is expected that a great host of youngsters will be at the

station to give him a rousing greeting. Santa Claus will walk from the station to the Fair store followed by a throng of admirers and on reaching the store gifts will be distributed amony the children.

The arrival of Santa Claus will markthe formal opening of the holiday trader at the F ir Savings Bank Department. store basement where the toys arerapidly being arranged for inspection by the Christmas shoppers.

Many Jetters addressed to Santa-Claus, written by children of the city... are already received at the Fair store. where the old gentleman has directed. that all of his mail should be forwarded and the wants of the little people are many and various.

#### A LASTING EFFECT

#### This Evidence Should Prove Every Claim Made for Doan's Kidney Pills in Escanaba.

Relief from pains and aches of a bad back is always welcome to every backache sffuerer; but to cure a lame, weak It is well known that Dr. Humphrey's or aching back is what is wanted. "Seventy-seven" is the only specific for Cure it so it will stay cured. It can be done. Here's the strongest evidence to prove it:

William Christianson, of 1431 Escanaba St., Escanaba, Mich., says: "My back was so weak I could not go to work and could scarcely get my clothing on. My back has been so weak that I could not get up from a chair without catching hold of something for support. After using a number of remedies with little or no relief I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at the Mead Drug Co's of forty-eight hours I felt so much better that I was astonished. I used three boxes in all and my back has been strong ever since, I have not had any return of the old trouble, and you are welcome to publish my statement so that others may know of this valuable kidney and backache remedy."

For sale by alldealers. Price 50 cents Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and 12-1-4t take no other.

### SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS AT HOME TOLD IN CON-DENSED FORM.

#### LATE FOREIGN DISPATCHES

Interesting Items of News Gathered from All Parts of the Globe and Outlined in the Briefest Manner Possible.

#### THE TURMOIL IN RUSSIA.

The battle between Russian mutineers and loyal troops at Sebastopol is said to have resulted in the loss of sued orders forbidding even a game of 5.000 lives and the sinking of four warships. A strike of telegraphers has cut off St. Petersburg from the interior. will introduce a bill for a \$31,000.000 The life of the czar is endangered by deep water channel from Chicago to disloyalty of the soldiers that form his the gulf via the drainage canal. bodyguard.

Russian rebels at Sevastopol were defeated in a three-hour battle. Ten of last fiscal year. That state leads in their warships were sunk, riddled or the manufacture of whisky and olcosurrendered. The forts were carried margarine. by bayonets. Half the city was destroyed by fire and shell.

There has been serious street fighting cratic attack in congress. in Kieff. Russia, between mutinous sappers and Cossacks, and between Valdosta, Ga., upon J. G. Rawlings, his workmen and bands of the "Black Hur. | sons Milton and Jesse, and Alf Moore, dred." Fifty mutiners were killed and all convicted of the murder of the Carabout 100 wounded.

on strike. Cities are completely iso- the execution. lated and government must now fight its enemics in the dark.

try when cable companies announced 1901. that messages for Russia in Europe Practically the entire business por-complications is slow to act. will be accepted only subject to de- tion of the town of Arcadia, Fla., inlav.

Belated dispatches sent from points was destroyed by fire. strike of the telegraphers.

The ezar has signed a decree abolish- ringing of church bells and the display \$175,000. ing martial law in Russian Poland. A dispatch from St. Petersburg says the government intends to mobilize all

the Cossacks numbering 450,000. cago have started a movement to induce President Roosevelt to intercede slan persecution.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

A total of 143 lives have been sacrificed, over 70 ships wrecked and a loss in the three big storms on the Great most disastrous season in the history of shipping on the lakes is beyond doubt.

The Chicago steamer Ira H. Owen entire crew of 19 men was lost.

Republican and democratic congressional caucuses nominated Joseph (; spectively, for the speakership of the

Eighteen men were killed in a Wycming coal mine by an explosion 4,000 feet from the entrance to the shaft.

Members of prominent brick-making companies and labor leaders were 12dicted in Chicago for conspiracy as a

result of the "brick trust investigation." Dr. McLeod, accused of complicity in the Boston sult case murder, was cleared

by a jury. Midshipman Meriwether was acquitted by naval court martial of the mansslaughter charge. He was found guilty of conduct unbecoming an officer and

will be dismissed from the service. A heavy piece of iron was thrown through the window of a car of the train in which President Roosevelt was returning to Washington. Webb Hayes

had a narrow escape from being hit. Harry Williams and Jack Shur were instantly killed near Carbon, Ind., by a west-bound Big Four passenger train. Minister Takahira, speaking in New

York, said the United States will have 600.000,000 people by the end of this century. President Roosevelt has declared imself against "bossism" in New York city politics. This declaration

be has made emphatic in letters to personal and political friends regarding the selection of a president of the The plant of the Illinois Match comrepublican committee of New York pany was totally destroyed by fire at

Secretary Root has addressed a let-

Charles E. Hughes proposes to hold extra sessions of the legislatuve insurince investigating committee at New York and will suggest that the inquiry be continued by the next legislature. Stock deals by which former officials f the Equitable made thousands by

buying from and selling to the society were disclosed in the New York investigation. The St. Louis police department is de clared by a grand jury to be in league

with crime and election frauds. Receipts of the internal revenue bu reau for the year ended June 30, 1905. were \$234,178.976, an excess of \$1.284,195 over the collections for the fiscal years

Thirty of the leading seed dealers of the country have sent President Roosevelt a petition protesting against the free distribution of seeds by members of congress.

Senator Depew declares that he will give no more interviews to the newspapers, and refused to discuss a report that he has resigned his seat.

A proposal of the French senate to tax laboring men to provide pensions for aged toilers met with violent opposition throughout the country. Canada officials, aroused by the in-

surance expose in the United States, will make a special investigation of life companies in the dominion. Appointment of a negro as commer-

cial agent at Guanajuato, Mex., is expected to draw a vigorous protest from big commercial interests of Chicago and the west, the ground being that the appointee is not qualified for the

A guard believed to be from the cruiser Minneapolis is on the way to protect the United States embassy in St. Petersburg. Washington believes the situation in the car's capital seri-

Hundreds of people in different states have been duped by purchasing bogus

land titles in Oregon. The New York Central railroad Issolitaire on Sunday trains.

Congressman Lorimer, of Illinois

Illinois paid 22 per cent. of the government's internal revenues during the

Gifts to the republican campaign fund will be the target of the demo-

The death sentence was imposed at Telegraphers throughout Russia are January next was fixed as the day for

Business failures for the week ending November 30 number 185, against shall county. The effect of the strike of telegra- 224 last week, 184 in the like week of phers in Russia was felt in this coun- 1904, 209 in 1903, 185 in 1962 and 237 in

volving a loss estimated at

in Rússia by courier to telegraph offices | The sixty-first anniversary of Queen across the border, report that the sit- Alexandra was celebrated with the uation is more serious than before the usual heartiness throughout Great Brit-

of flags, etc. Charles F. Douglass, a farmer, his Philippine islands are a market, a bank The Polish-American citizens of Chi- running past their home, three miles in his report to the war secretary. from Weston, W. Va.

The country place of J. Clint Smith, on behalf of Polish sufferers from Rus- at East Meadowbrook, L. I., was de- left Washington for Plain Dealing, china, paintings and furniture were destroyed. The loss is about \$100,000.

Harry Eldridge, a leader of the Folsom, Cal., prison convicts who broke of nearly \$7,000,000 has been sustained from the prison on July 27, 1903; and sent up for life July 6, 1893, for murwho was convicted of the murder of der. Lakes this sesson. That this is the Guard William Cotter, died on the gal-

lows at the prison. A. R. Meyer, a widely known capitalist, one of Kansas City's most prominent business men and founder of foundered in Lake Superior and her Leadville, Col., d'ed in the former city

of rhaumatism of the heart. Chicago university's football team is champion of the west. Stagg's eleven The score was two to nothing and it was a safety that decided the western

gridiron supremacy. his dual capacity as superintendent of streams. Peoria, Ill., public schools and president of a national bank, embezzled public funds aggregating possibly \$1.- people in the United States are Illiter-000,000, began the serving of an inde- ate. terminate sentence of from one to 14 years in the penitentiary at Joliet, Ill. tion of Herbert G. Squiers as minister

Newton C. Dougherty, convicted Pcorla financier, has been given the task by Edwin J. Morgan.
of sorting broom corn in the prison Robbers smashed a broom factory at Joliet, Ill.

debt shows that at the close of busi- \$9,000. ness Nevember 20, 1905, the debt, less 758,831, which is a decrease as compared with last month of \$12,893,284. Nine persons occupying a house boat pan. on Middle river, which runs between

terrible fate, all being burned to death congress to pass railroad freight and in a fire which destroyed the boat. Edwin Hurlbut, editor of the Wisconsin Free Press, and one of the oldest writers in the state, died at Ocono-

mowoe, aged 88 years. Death was due

to old age. Joliet, Ill. Loss, \$30 000. The body of William Schraff burned to a crisp was

ter to Charles Raynard, president of the American Society of the Isle of Pines stating positively that in his Gantadine, in the heart of the manufacturing district of San Francisco. found in the ruins. judgment the Isle of Pines belongs to facturing district of San Francisco, Cuba, and strongly advising the Amer. burned flercely for six hours, despite feans there to submit themselves to a heavy rain, and caused a loss of

W. R. Janvier, of New York, bought for a price reported to be \$12,500 the indiana stallion Director General. Director General is the sire of the noted grand circuit trotter Mainsheet, 2:0814.

Miss Florence Carpenter, of Chicago while riding horseback at Excelsion Springs, Mo., fell from her horse and received injuries from which she died a few hours later.

W. S. McWilliams confessed at Independence, Ia., to killing his wife and five children with a hammer and afterward hacking their bodies with a butcher knife.

The election in Cuba developed into a landslide for the moderate party, every nominee, from President Palma to the provincial councillors, being elected.

A coroner's jury in Chicago returned a verdict that Marshall Field, Jr., died as the result of a revolver wound, which he accidentally inflicted on himself.

E. G. Lewis, president of the People's bank of St. Louis, has been indicted on the charge of using the mails to defraud, and with swindling the government by mailing sample copies of his publications at the regular periodical rate.

A hard fight on President Roosevelt's plan for making two states out of four territories is assured at the coming session of congress, New Mexico and Arizona especially resenting being made into one.

A recount of ballots in four New York election districts gives Hearst a gain of 17 votes, and if continued in like proportion insures his election.

President Loubet, of France, told an interviewer that when he retires from the presidency on February 18 he will quit public life forever.

Omaha Catholics were excommunicated by the bishop for attending the wedding of a divorced person.

Jews of New York held a notable meeting to celebrate the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the landing of Jews in America, and enthusiasm was unbounded as President Rocsevelt's letter was read and speeches made.

The city health officers of Les Angeles, Cal., confiscated shipments of Thanksgiving cold storage poultry from the eastern markets valued at \$5,000. The bad condition of many of the shipments was due, it is stated, to the poor refrigerating cars.

Public Printer Stillings proposes to stamp out the system of money lending that has existed for years among

employes in his bureau. Henry Anson, the founder of the city of Marshailtown, Ia., and one of ter children last June. The 6th of is dead. He was the father of Adri-January next was fixed as the day for the execution. the earliest settlers of central lowa. was the first white child born in Mar-

> The powers hesitate in their move against Turkey, awaiting a move by Great Britain, which because of home

> giving banquet at which Ambassador Reid was the principal speaker. Dr. Nevin conducted service at Rome.

The warehouse of the Standard Oil company at Armourdale, Kan., was ain, including artillery salutes, the destroyed by fire, causing a loss of The most important needs of the

wife and two children, were instantly and better transportation, says the killed by an explosion of a gas main chief of the bureau of insular affairs The President and Mrs. Roosevelt, accompanied by two of their children.

stroyed by fire. All the bric-a-brac, their country home in Virginia, where they spent Thanksgiving quietly. Gov. Herrick, of Ohio, Issued a Thanksgiving pardon to Jefferson

Shanks, of Mlami county, who was

Robbers wrecked the safe of the Citizens' national bank, at Owl, I. T., and escaped with over \$3,000.

Drugs worth from \$25,000 to \$50,-000 have been stolen from wholesale chemists in New York during the last few months, according to detectives

who arrested two men. Mine owners of the interstate dis-Cannon and John Sharp Williams, re- and Michigan clashed on Marshall field trict offer miners an increase of five in Chicago and the former was victor, per cent. in wages to prevent a strike next month.

The Chicago drainage canal, Illinois and Michigan canal and the Illinois Newton C. Dougherty, the widely river will hereafter be regarded by the known educator and financier, who, in national government as navigable

> According to figures given out by the census bureau nearly one-tenth of the

Secretary Root accepted the resignato Cuba, the vacant post being taken

Robbers smashed a window at No. 76 Madison street, Chicago, at six o'clock The monthly statement of the public at night and stole diamonds valued at

Korea will make a strong appeal to cash in the treasury, amounted to \$999,- President Roosevelt to continue diplomatic relations, urging this as the only means of preventing absorption by Ja-

Senator W. B. Allison, of Iowa, in ar the Texas and Alabama rivers, met a interview in Chicago, said he expected insurance laws.

The senate commerce committee has received a copy of the rate bill prepared by the interstate commerce commission, in which it asks for rate-making powers,

New York university council. in speclal meeting, decided to follow Columbia's lead and abolish football. The sultan of Turkey will be careful

not to carry his obstinacy to such engths as to cause the allied powers to send a fleet to Constantino William T. Reid, Jr., Harvard's head football coach, has been summoned to the white house by President Roose ed to

CONGRESS BEGINS WORK.

Opening Sessions of Senate and House -Cannon Is Reelected Speaker of Latter Body.

Washington, Dec. 5.-The first seasion of the Fifty-ninth congress convened Monday at 12 o'clock. Vice President Fairbanks called the senate to order while the bouse was called to order by Clerk McDowell. The senate was in session only 20 minutes. Senators Allison and Morgan were appointed as a committee to notify the president that congress was ready to receive any communication he desired to make. Senators Aldrich (R. I.). Knox (Pa.), Warner (Mo.) and Frazier (Tenn.) took the oath of office, and adjournment was taken as a mark of respect for the late Senator Platt, of Conencticut. .

In the house Joseph G. Cannon (Ill.) was reelected speaker; the members of the house took the oath of office; the officers and floor employes of the body were reelected; the rules of the last congress were adopted; and members went through the formality of drawing for seats. A committee was appointed to act with the senate committee in notifying President Roosevelt that congress was ready to transact husiness, the rules committee and the committee on mileage were appointed, the house adjourned after a session which lasted three and a half hours, in compliance with resolutions announcing the death of Senator Platt, of Connecticut, and Mr. Marsh, of Illi-

A large number of bills and joint resolutions were introduced in the house. Mr. Williams (Miss.) introduced a bill regarding campaign contributions which forbids federal corporations chartered by the federal government engaged in interstate commerce from asking for such contributions. The bill subjects. the violator on conviction to a fine of not less than \$500 and not more than \$10 000, en 1 an additional fine of double the value of the money or other thing of value found to have been contributed or promised.

#### CHANGES IN THE NAVY.

Secretary Bonaparte Favors Drapping Nearly 300 Officers-Synopsis of His Report

Washington, Dec. 5.-Secretary of he Navy Bonaparte in his annual report to President Roosevelt makes a startling suggestion which would drop nearly 200 officers from the navy. Secretary Bonaparte makes the suggestion for the purpose of relieving the congestion in the higher grades of the navy in order that younger men may attain command rank. Secretary Bonaparte wants congress

to add 13 warships to the navy, at a total cost of \$23,300,600. He asks for an addition of 3 000 enlisted men to the naval Americans in London gave a Thanks- force and 1 500 to the marine corps. His total estimate of the amount needed for the charge of parjury. the department for the coming fiscal yearais \$15,600 000 more than last year. Secretary Bonaparte discusses fist fighting in the navy and the naval academy at some length, regretting the recent incidents as deplorable. He says boxing and other athletic sports are not only permitted on board ships of the fleet, but that the officers under the regulations are expected to promote such sports; but he says pugilism is too rough a sport and should be frowned upon. Regarding the Meriwether-Branch affair at Annapolis he says the law against fighting will be strictly enforced.

#### IN HANDS OF RECEIVER.

C., H. & D. and Pere Marquette Roads Admit Insolvency and Court Takes Action.

Cincinnati, Dec. 5 .- The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton and the Pere Marquette railroads were ordered placed in the hands of a receiver by United States Circuit Judge Henry Lurton Monday night, and Judson Harmon, formerly United States attorney general, was appointed receiver, giving bond for a total of \$200,000. The application was made by Attorney Lawrence Maxwell, Jr., on behalf of Walter B. Horn, of New York, a creditor of both roads, and was agreed to by the defendants, in answers admitting the principal charges of insolvency.

#### THE ATTORNEY CENERAL.

Some of the Leading Topics Touched . Upon in His Annual Report to Congress.

Washington, Dec. 5 .- Attorney General William H. Moody, in his annual report, deals with four general subjects of vital interest to the country at large -viz.: the pressing need of rate reform. illustrated by the Chicago beef trust cases, misconduct in public office, illustrated by the cotton leak scandal; the rigid prosecution of the anti-trust law, involving the Standard Oil and United States Steel corporation; and the crying need for a revision of the government esiminal laws, illustrated by the impotency of the department of justice.

Taken Suddenly Ill.

Washington, Dec. b .- Senator Clay. of Georgia, was attacked with a case acute indigestion Sunday night, while walking along Fifteenth street, uorthwest, near McPherson square. He staggered into the hallway of a house, moaning, "I am dying. Get a octor at once," and fell in agony on the foor. A physician was promptly summoned and it required two ho work before he pronounced the senator out of danger and had him removed to his apartments at the Hotel Normandie. The senator is improving. velt to "talk over the football season."

#### MICHIGAN STATE NEWS GOOD BLOOD FOR BAD

Julius T. Hannah Dead,

Traverse City.-Julius T. Hannah,

the millionaire president of Traverse

City's leading mercantile and indus-

trial interests, is dead. Mr. Hannah

was born in Traverse City in 1858 and

lived here all his life. After leaving

college he worked in the various

branches of his father's busines until

he was familiar with each. He was a

thirty-third degree Mason, a Knight

Templar and a Shriner; a member of

the Knights of Pythias, the Elks and

the Maccabees. Cn June 30, 1896, he

was married to Miss Elsie K. Raff,

with his passing the name of Hannah,

. 4

Rescued from Steamer.

the imperiled passengers and crew.

Crime of Jealous Spoure.

himself, Carl Kokosinski, a timer, shot

his wife and Dubrowski, shot and killed

his five-year-old son Max, shot a neigh-

a builet through his own brain, killing

himself instantly. Dubrowski is dying

with wounds in his lungs and side.

Mrs. Kosokinski is shot in the fare

and one arm, but will probably recover,

Joseph Smith sustained only a flesh

Falling Pole Kills Two.

Au bann - A.rs. William Gardner

and her five-year-old son were killed

here in an extraordinary accident.

With another woman and the latter's

child they were driving when a wheal

a wire attached to a flagpole. Before

other two occupants of the carriage

News B lefty Stated.

Mount Clemens,-"You will find my

boly in the cistern," was the note left

by Mrs. Charles A. Anderson, of Ster-

ling township, before she drowned

herself. Before her husband found the

note, however, he had discovered her

body. It was in the cistern, as she had

Kalamazoo,-The board of polici

crusade against all kinds of gambling

Coldwater. - In Bethel township

southwest of here, a cyclone reduced

the North Bethel Free Will Baptist

church to kindling and carried away

the Butcher schoolnouse, nothing but

Belleville,-Gilbert Riggs, a ploneer

of this section, while driving across

the Wabash tracks at the depot was

Sault Ste. Marie.-Because he was

tired of an unsuccessful life, Lorne

struck by a westbound train and in-

escaped injury.

near the village.

said.

in Kalamazoo.

the floor being left.

stantly killed.

cessity.

wound across the abdomen.

dies cut.

Rheumatism and Other Blood Dis-eases are Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"In the lead mines I was at work on my knees with my elbows pressed against rock walls, in dampuess and extremes of cold," said Mr. J. G. Meukel, of 297t Jackson avenue, Dubuque, Iowa, in describing his experience to a reporter, "and it is not surprising that I contracted rheumatism. For three years I had attacks, affecting the join's of my ankles, knees and elbows. Mr ankles and knees became so swollen I could scarcely walk on neeven ground and a little pressure from a stone under my knees with my clows pressed against little pressure from a stone under my feet would cause me so much pain that I would nearly sink down. I was often obliged to lie in bed for several days at a daughter of Postmaster George Raff. No children were born to them, and time. My friends who were similarly troabled were getting no relief from doctors and I did not feel encouraged to throw money away for nothing. By chance I read the story of Robert Yates, so long identified with the founding and the development of Traverse City, of the Klauer Manufacturing Co., of Dubuque, who had a very bad case of rheumatism. I decided to try Dr. Wil-liams' Pink Pills for Pale People, the remedy he had used. In three or four weeks after beginning to use the pills, I Holland .- From the big steel steamer Argo that lay pounding out its life off the beach of this city, 20 Chicago passengers and the crew of 25 were was much better and in three months ! saved from imminent death by a perilwas well. The swelling of the joints ous ride over the raging breakers in and the tenderness disappeared, I could work steadily and for eight years I have had no return of the trouble. My whole the breeches buoy of the life-savers. A southwest gale of intensity seldom equaled on Lake Michigan had hurled family believe in Dr. Williams' Pink the big steamer on the shore 600 feet Pills. Both my sons use them. north of the Holland pier. The toat consider them a household remedy that was helpless in a furious and everwe are sure about." rising wind that raised huge waves.

What Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did for Mr. Meakel they are doing for hundreds which broke over the Argo's deck and of others. Every dose sends galloping prevented the launching of lifeboots through the veins, pure, strong, rich, red or the attempts of life-savers to reach blood that strikes straight at the cause of all ill health. The new blood restores regularity, and braces all the organs for their special tasks. Get the genuine Dr. Grand Haven .- Enraged by gossip to Grand Haven.—Enraged by gossip to Williams' Pink Pills at your druggists' the effect that his wife cared more for direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

#### W. L. DOUGLAS his little son Eddie, mortally wounded \*3.50 & \*3.50 SHOES ™ bor, Joseph Smith, who tried to stop the wholesale shooting, and then sent W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Cilt Edge Line



\$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any \$3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you \$5.00 to \$7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton. Mass., the largest lar Flint.-John Klemish was brought here from Saginaw and lodged in jall to await trial in the circuit court on Monticel'o. - Corrat Ethil will lose an eve as the result of an accidental discharge of his gun while hunting

chierence is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's line shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you wen'd realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If i could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, it better, wear longer, and are of greater intriesic value than any other \$3.50 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Mer. \$2.50, \$2.00. Boys School & Dress Shoes, \$2.50, \$2.51.75, \$4.50. CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request.

Fast Color Egelets used; they will not user breasy.

commissioners have ordered a general Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brass. Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton,

Thomas, arrested here for alleged theft of jewelry in Stratford, Ont., tried to commit suicide by hanging. Battle Creek .- The Postal Telegraph company has substituted girls for boys

in its messenger service in this city. Agenta : It is not only an innovation but a ne-Mt. Pleasant .- Fred, 12-year-old son rankse, Wis. I S. Oha wrond, 12 West 2th St., Kansas City, Mo. M. V. McIXNES, SAve, Theater B'k, Detroit, Mich. of George R. Page, was leading a colt to water and tied the rope about his Mention this paper waist. The colt whirled suddenly and

boy'c neck and fracturing his skull He was dead when picked up. Grand Rapids.-The prevalence of diphtheria and other contagious dis eases is such in Grand Rapids as to engage the attention of Secretary Shumway of the state board of health, who went there to confer with Health Offi-

ran twice about the yard, breaking the

cer Coon. Detroit.-Suspicion that there is an organized gang of thugs at work in the west end of the city has been aroused anew by the death of Frank W. Noetzel, the Michigan avenue plumter, whose lifeless body wa s found by the Michigan Central tracks.

Owosso.-Shiawassee county's new courthouse will cost in round numbers \$110,000 without furnishings. With furnishings, decorations, etc., the cost will be something over \$129,000.

Niles.-Albert Hinkley, aged 51 years, shot and killed his son-in-law. William Tuttle, aged 42 years, at the home of the former, six miles north of here. Hinkley claims Tuttle was

trying to separate him and his wife. Saginaw.-Alex Mercy, aged 45, and Cnaries Toole, Jr., aged 21, miners at Standard mine No. 2, were killed by ing buried beneath a mass of several tons of falling slate.

### Twenty-Five Bushels of Wheat to the Acre

means a productive capacity in dollars of over \$16 per acre. This on land, which

The Canadian Government gives absolutely free to every settler 160 acres of such land. Lands adjoining can be purchased at from \$6 o \$10 per acre from railroad and other corpora-

Aircady 175,830 farmers from the United States have made their homes in Canada.
For pamphiet "Twentieth Century Canada" and all information apply to Supraintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the following authorized Canadian Government Agents: C. J. BROUGHTON, CO Quincy Bidg., Chicago, Ill. W. H. ROGERS, 3rd Floor Traction-Terminal Bidg., Indianapolis, Ind. T. O. CURRIER, Boom 12 B, Callahan Block, Mil-

WEBSTER'S DICTIONARY THE BEST inst.



READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN 178 COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ARE FOR REFUS

IT IS NOW-A-DAYS NOT THE GRIND OF OLD.

The Girl of Yesterday Played Like an Automaton-Now-a-days, a Girl Is Intelligently Introduced to the Plano-She Is Taught to Enjoy the Best Music-Formerly Young Ladies Were Boady to Play When Asked-Reading Music Requires Close Attention and Swift Obedi-

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

(Copyright, 1966, by Jeseph B. Bowles.) The plain truth is that to study music is not the grind it used to be. Priscilla, daughter of Phyllis, approaches the piano by the scientific modern method, and by easy gradations. Phyllis used to be driven to her practicing, and it was the bugbear of her life. With a watch by her side, or an eye on the clock, she sat on the backless music stool, and pounded away, putting her little foot on the loud pedal, that the noise might be deeper, counting one, two, three, four, five, over and over, till she went on like an automaton, fingers strumming, voice marking time, and loathing it all field. the while. Very severe teachers thumped little hands if they made mistakes. Very rigid mothers exacted the full tale of half hours and whole hours, and scolded the luckless girl who lingered on the way from school and was tardy in her duty to her piano.

As for the neighbors, they hated it, too. Nothing was more torturing to sensitive cars than the dreary repetition of five finger exercises, to the right, to the left, for every house had ing at one and the same time.

"I would rather study astronomy," said Phyllis, pouting, when her mother about. told her that her music lessons were to begin "next Monday."

"Astronomy," replied the mother, "is a mere amusement. Music is a

necessity in education."

Phyllis had no taste for it, but that made no difference.

We have learned a better way, as well as adopted a better method, and Priscilla of the rollen braid is the gainer. Here there, Phyllis, looks on in pleased appreciation when she finds that before ever she touches the keyboard she is taught the value of different notes, is trained to read at sight, and is introduced intelligently to the first principles of an exact science, which was formerly to every beginner a chaos or a labyrinth without meaning or clue.

Twenty lessons or 30 may be given before the keys that answer to the score are sounded by anyone except it with a critical eye. the teacher. Eye, ear and brain are itself, and about the masters of music. were interpreters of the soul that slumbers in the silent instrument and awaits a musician to awaken it.

Priscilla's mother was expected to play a piece by the end of the first quarter. Any jingling tune would do, but if the tune were not forthcoming papa shook his head. His money was being wasted. A girl who could not play "Home, Sweet Home," or "Monastery Bells," with variations, by the end of the second quarter was pointed out as a dunce.

Many girls had only a twelvemonth's lessons allowed them. After that they were expected to go and play pieces

Priscilla will probably go on with her lessons for eight or ten years, and, If fortunate, may study at some great musical center abroad, Stuttgart, Munich, Berlin or Vienna. She will not three years. This progression is a only play, but will know good playing dangerous business, though, for one when she hears it, and will enjoy the best music. A source of unfailing and exquisite pleasure will be opened in her life.

She need never let her sense of enjoyment wane. She may lose facility in making music for other people, but she need never lose the delight that comes from thorough understanding as he shrugs himself into his overcoa': when one listens to an orchestra or a single performer. Organ, violin, plano, bugle, cornet, mandolin, harp, each and all will bestow on her a rare felicity.

The second second second second But Priscilla, my dear, there was one advantage the girl of other days had that you have let slip away. She was ready to play when she was asked. The minister called, and mamma sent of 'cm." for her daughter to help entertain him. Guests happened in and Phyllis played. Papa was tired. He threw himself back in his big armchair and put his feet on the fender, and the lines smoothed out of his forehead, the pucker faded from between his eyes, for Phyllis played her last piece, and over the heart of the weary man crept a realization of divine comfort; he was at home, the spirit of household peace was there, and Phyllis was the pride of his eyes, and the fulfillment of his dreams. She played "Annie Laurie." and "Maggie's by My Side," and "Nellie Was a Lady," and "Call Me Pet Names," and father and mother sang; and the hour was a waft from para-

May I advise you girls who with Priscilla are studying in a class, which is a splendld way to study, that every girl of you should learn to play accomniments? For this you need preciion and accuracy, and sympathy and

brasing, for the successful and anist sustains the singer, but does not vershadow her. Learn to accompany our brother on the violin. Have conerts at home. Keep in practice, so that you need not always offer the excuse that you are out of it, when an old-fashioned friend asks you for a little music. Cultivate memory. It is a great pity to be in bondage to your

Have your fingers so trained that the four-and-twenty white slaves, the fourand-twenty black, on the plano shall obey the slightest call those magical fingers make on them.

Music does something for us in mental discipline that nothing else, except mathematics, can do so thoroughly. It demands and obtains close attention and swift obedience. We must be accurate. We must be all there, not half on the playground, or half in Japan, when we are studying. Theory or practice, whatever we attack in music, we must, unless we have exceptional genius, give our whole selves to it. Of course there are players from time to time who, like the negro Blind Tom, seem able to play without instruction and cannot tell how they do it. But, apart from his music, Blind Tom was almost an idlot, and you, Priscilla. would not wish to be that. The thorny path, though shorn of much of its terror now, still leads to glory in this

must work, and you cannot quite avoid drudgery, but the drudgery will not be a hardship as it used to be to Phyllis. There is a familiar proverb to the effect that the game is not always worth the candle. You never need be nfraid, if the game for you means studying something that obliges you to do a daily task and that suffers if you stop for a day, that it will not be worth a half dozen candles. A wise its plano, and every family with man once said: "Nothing can stand daughters had several of them drill- before a day's work." This is true everywhere. It is particularly true in this realm that we have been talking

To be an accomplished musician you

#### DIFFICULTIES OF CHOICE.

Men, According to Womanly Reasoning, Make Problem of Giving Presents a Vexatious One.

It is the consensus of feminine opinion that if it weren't for men the giving of Christmas presents would not be the unnerving, terrifying process that it now is. Of all the women who are prowling about the shops at this time 90 per cent, are not worried about their sisters to whom they must givethey are clutching their pompadours wildly and wailing: "What shall I buy for George and Henry and John?"

You see, George and Henry and John, if they are relatives, are apt to be appallingly frank. They are apt to take gingerly the match safe done in ribbons which is diffidently profer d them on Christmas morning and s an

"Very pretty, my dear," they'll say; trained before the training of wrist "but I'm sorry you spefft your mozey and fingers is attempted. A good deal on me. I have a match safe, but I'il of instruction is given about music put this away-it may come in some time or other. Now, why d'dn't you the great creators and artists, who give me a soap dish? I really need a soap dish."

If these masculines are not of one's own kin their thanks for Christm's remembrances are fervid.

"Awfully good of you," they declare. "I certainly do appreciate that beautis and paper with the announcement that ful er-ah-handkerchief case. Did you make it all yourself?"

Now, this is all very well so far as it goes, says a writer in the Baltimore News. The only difficulty is that the 'handkerchief case" is just as often as not a protector to wear with a dres suit or a holder for cravats. Whatever it is, it is never used. The sister of its possessor usually seizes it after awhile when she finds it knocking about and sends it to one of her ad-

mirers. A single article has thus been known to pay off a score of holiday debts in the same social set within two or pipe rack came after many tribulations back to the brother of the very girl who had started it forth on its journeyings, and she was furious.

Ask a lord of creation to give one vague idea of what he would like as a gift and he stampedes immediately.

"Don't give me anything," he says "pretties are for women-they are not for men."

Ask a friendly married woman what would be suitable, and instead of helping she begins on a list of the things tabooed.

"Don't give him cigars or neckiles, of course," she advises hurriedly, "nor smoking sets, nor silver match cares, nor cigar holders; they never use any

Altogether, the masculine animal is hard to please, and if he already has stude and coff buttons and an um'rella, the best thing for him to do is to shout his preferences up the chimpey in imitation of the children and trust to luck that Senta Claus briegs h'm something that won't litter up his 'nreau and will be of use to him. He'll never get an article having these virtues in any other way.

Cat Pensioner.

Moumoute, the "official" cat which has been attached for the last 15 years to the office of the Paris prefecture, has been granted a retiring pension and has been boarded out, to feed henceforth on succulent stews the animal being no longer able to masticate hard food.

Only One. "I've received ten proposals this

"The persistent fellow! What's his name?"-Cleveland Leader.

NOVEL ENTERTAINMENTS FOR AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Party for Autumn Bride-Auction of Baskets-To Amuse Little Ones-Attractive Quakers - Other Forms of Recreation.

A Bride-Elect's Party.

An autumn bride-elect was the guest of honor at this pretty afternoon affair. The hostess asked eight of her special friends for the hours between three and six o'clock. At the top of the invitation she wrote these clever lines with the request for the recipe of a favorite

Two choice cuts of energy, And eggs of hard cold caste; Add freely off "diplomacy," With sait of tact a dash. Bedeck with leaves of cheerfulness, And pepper well with nerve; Behold your saind of success is ready

After all the guests had arrived, each one was ushered separately into the library, where pens of various styles had been provided, with good black ink and a little book which was illustrated with pen and ink drawings of the new housewife performing various duties in the kitchen. When each recipe had been written and signed, the book was given to the honored guest and a delicious salad of the hostess' own concoction was served; also cheese wafers and coffee, which was made in a Russian samovar in the drawing-room. Here is the recipe for the salad: Take stringless beans, small French peas, dice carrots, a suspicion of onion, a little celery; mariniate with a French dressing or mayonalse, according to taste. Serve on a lettuce leaf or in a small sweet pepper.

#### For Sweet Charity.

A literary club of 30 members wished to make some money for a special charity, so they devised and carried out this very clever ocheme. Thirty baskets were purchased at wholesale, and each lady took one and filled it with the most delicious supper that she could prepare. Her card was placed inside and the top covered with tissue paper, then tied down with ribbon. Invitations were sent to 30 men, asking them to come to an "auction supper," on such an evening, giving the address and hour.

On arriving each man was required to bid for a basket; on opening it, he was to find the lady whose card was concealed in the basket. Tea, coffee, chocolate and napkins (paper ones) were provided, also small tables and folding chairs. There were ices and creams which could be purchased at so much a

The men entered into the spirit of the affair, and declared it was the jolliest charity party they ever attended. There is a way of doing things that appeals to a man. He loves things that he has a part in, and he likes a little mystery, and not a man knew a word of what this "auction supper" was to be, which speaks well for the girls who managed the affair.

Between \$50 and \$60 rolled into the auctioneer's hands, and the men all said "it was cheap for half the money."

#### A Guessing Game.

This is a clever little guessing game just long enough to fill in a few moments that might hang heavy. Pass pencils the questions are to be answered by the abbreviations of the names of states.

Questions and answers: 1. What is the most religious state?

- -Mass. 2. The state of exclamation?-O(hio) 3. Best state in haying time?-Mo.
- 4. Best state to cure the sick?-Md. 6. Best state in a flood?-Ark. 6. The most maidenly state?-Miss.
- 7. Name a nuemical state.-Tenn.
- 8. The father of states?-Pa. 9. The best cereal state?-R. I. (rye)
- 10. Best state for mines?-Ore. 11. State represented by a girl's

name?-Minp? 12. Good state for the untidy?-Wash.

13. State indicated by a note in the vocal scale?-La. 14. The most egotistical state?-

15. The impersonal state?-I. T. 16. The state a tramp carries with him?-Kan.

17. The highest state?-Mont.

A Quaker Tea Party.

A jolly set of girls were deploring the dilapidated condition of their wardrobes, after the summer at various resorts, and were wondering how they could get ready for an "afternoon" for a strange girl whom they wished to do special honor. They solved the problem by issuing invitations for a "Quaker tea party." The guests were asked to come attired as "Quaker esses." All persons were to be addressed by their first names and there would be a penalty imposed if the pronouns "thee" and "thou" were not used exclusively. It is needless to say that it as a most enjoyable afternoon, and the girls looked so bewitching in their plain skirts, snowy kerchiefs and simply dressed hair, that some of the men who "just dropped in," said they wished that style might become the fashion. These wholesome refreshments were served, gold banded white china and-perfectly plain sliver spoons being used: Chicken salad, tiny hot biscult, custard in old-fashioned glasses, with brown crusty sponge

#### A Paper Doll Party.

cake, tea and coffee.

Here is an idea for a paper doll party worth passing on to the mothers who have little girls to entertain. The invitations read two o'clock, and the request to bring scissors. At the appointed hour a gay throng of ten-year-olds had ar-rived and were seated at sewing tables. Each child was permitted to select from a colored fashion plate the dress she liked the best. Heads had been cut out of advertisements. Cutting out the dresses took some time. Then tissue paper, lace paper, and all sorts of odds and ends of paper were put on the table, and dresses made for the paper dolls that stand in little blocks and may be purchased for a trifle. Library paste was provided, and a busy hour was spent. A pair of round-pointed selssors in a leather case delighted the little girl whose dress was voted the prettlest. The refreshment table was decorated with gayly-dressed paper dolls, which the girls took home with them, as well as the dolls which they dressed. Cocoa. chicken sandwiches and crullers in shape of dolls were served. This mother said she had never got through a party before with so little fatigue or friction. Perhaps it was because the boys were not invited. But I think boys could be entertained in the same way, for the secret of keeping children, as well as grown people, happy, is to keep them

#### FOR BEAUTIFUL EYES.

Proper Attention to Hygiene Will Brighten Dull Eyes-About Lotions and Eyebrow Grower.

Dull eyes may be made lustrous by proper attention to hygiene, writes Mme. Qui Vive, in the Chicago Record-Herald. A beautiful eye is always bril liant, clear and full. Every woman should take the utmost care of her eyes, bathing them several times a cay in clear water and avoiding all sorts of things that are likely to overtax them. Dotted vells, reading in a poor light fine embroidery, small type-all these will drain the forces of the eyes and interfere with perfect sight.

A lotion that should be on every dressing table is made after this formula:

One teaspoonful of pure borte acid, 15 drops of spirits of camphor, two-thirds of a cup of boiling water. Cool, strain through muslin and apply with eye cup several times a day. This will cure almost every case of inflammation, tiredness and general weakness of the eys. It is harmless.

The eyebrows and eyelashes will respond quickly to good treatment. It is amazing that women who rencil and



QUITE ATTRACTIVE.

paint their eyebrows do not set to work systematically to improve the health and beauty of the growth

If the eyebrows are thin they should be brushed night and morning with a tiny tooth brush which has been dipped in pure olive oil. Or this pomatum can be applied:

Red vaseline, three ounces. Tincture of cantharides, one ounce. Jamaica rum, one ounce.

Oil of rosemary, five drops Mix thoroughly and apply twice a day

with an evebrow brush. For continuous use to make the eyebrows lustrous and brilliant try a lotion mae of equal parts of glycerine and

rosewater. Eeyebrows that meet aver the nose give one a sinister; brigandish look. To do away with such a trouble go to an electrolysis operator and have the growth removed by means of the electric needle. The hairs will not come back and no scars will result. The success of the operation of course depends upon the skill and conscience of the operator. Only the best should be consulted for work of this kind. For darkening the brows there is nothing better than the sialas made in Germany. These can be betight for 50 cents. When applying ther one must exercise the greatest kind of 'aution so that the skin under the growth be not discolored. Otherwise one will

look most utidy and really unclean.

Skins Used in This Country. This country is the greatest consumer of hides and skins in the world. It uses in a year 48,000,000 goat skins, 24,000,000 sheep skins, 16,000,000 hides of all kinds, 9,000,000 calf skins and 2,000,000 other skins. It imports all its goat skins, a total amount of about \$25,-000,000 worth, and over \$10,000,000 worth of hides and over \$17,000,000 worth of other skins, a total of over \$50,000,000 worth of hides and skins. Germany imports one-third less hides and skins than does this country, and England and France each import onehalf as much.—Shoe Dealer.

#### The Selfish Girl.

Of all the undesirable types and unbearable is the selfish girl-she who hides something good she may be eating rather than share with her friend. The girl who is unhappy if her best chum has a prettier gown on than her own. She who withholds an introduction for fear the one introduced may become a greater favorite than her-

Good Breeding. Good breeding is the basis of consid-

eration for others, and this trait or quality is as near the "unknown condition" on which "popularity" depends as any that may be named. Good breeding has its origin in the heart rather than in manuals of manner.

So Frenchy.

The French have not hesitated this year to bring blue into contrast with pink-a combination we have not seen before in years, and very refreshing and beautiful and girlish it is.

Much Done. Killing time is wasting life.

COMMISSIONER MOORE ISSUES HIS REPORT.

During Past Three Months This Feature of Statement Grows by \$6,-600,000 - Industrial Health Echoed by the Conditions.

(Wm. Ellery, Staff Correspondent.) Lansing, Mich., Dec. 4.-George W. Moore, commissioner of the state banking department, has issued his abstract reports on the condition of the banks of Michigan when the last call was taken, less than a month ago. Included in the statement of the state's 277 banks under state supervision, five trust companies and one society for savings accounts, the report shows the increase in deposits for the past three months to be nearly \$6,600,000 and throughout the report the healthy condition of the state's banks is echoed. As President Roosevelt recently stated, the bank deposits of a community are the index to its prosperity and if the chief executive is to be believed residents of Michigan should all be fat and happy. The state bears the mark of prosperity, nevertheless, as given in the following tabular statement issued by Commissioner Moore: Bird to Hurry the Tax Cases.

RESOURCES.	ı
Louns and discounts \$ 86,181,935 90	h
Bonds, mortgages and securi-	li
ties 77,180,027 20	
Fremlums paid on bonds 227 081 56	1
Overdrafts	
Banking house furniture and	Ľ
fixtures 3,577,879 76	1
Other real estate	ŀ
Due from other banks and	1
bankers 106,077 04	
Items in transit	и
inited States bonds 944,730 00	b
Due from banks in reserve	١.
cities 25,542,284 93	þ
Exchanges for clearing house. \$27,349 43	ŀ
. S. and national bank cur-	ŀ
rency 5,937,153 75	п.
Gold Coln 4,224,849 84	þ
1. ver coln 687,826 10	и
Nicke's and cents 64,972 93	١,
Checks and cash items 294,181 89	1
Total	1
	h
LIABILITIES,	П
Capital stock paid in 17,402,144 04	ľ
Description from 4	Iн

LIABILITIES,		
Capital stock paid in	17,402,144	04
Surplus fund	7,239,505	21
Undivided profits, net	3,836,000	67
Dividends unpaid	2,533	29
Commercial deposits subject to	han Jili	
check	45,041,231	96
Commercial certificates of de-		
posit	18,364,826	62
Due to banks and bankers	5,969,298	11
Certified checks	90,768	06
Cashlers' checks outstanding	105,934	17
Savings deposits	19,902,383	40
Savings certificates of deposit.	21,231,745	46
Notes and bills rediscounted	90,121	16
Bilis payable	158,000	00
The following increases in	the iter	-

The following increases in the iten given are shown since September 6, 1904: Loans, discounts, bands, mort-gages and recurities......\$17,153,115 15 Commercial depos-its \$ \$,107,513.75 Savings deposits .... 11,431,195.90

Total increase in deposits ..... \$19,758,769 65 The following increases are shown over report of August 25, 1805; Loans, discounts, bonds, mortgages and securities. ..... \$ 6,241,727 6

Total increase in deposits ....\$ 6,107,724 62

Railroad Suits Cost \$126,000. It has cost the state \$126 009.87 13 having the suits against the railroads looked after, the money having been paid out to lawyers, expert accountants and engineers, who have been preparing data and statistics for more than two years. There are three suits, the tax case, which was heard in the United States court at Grand Rapids and which has been carried to the United States supreme court; the Mich- Lake Shore and Grand Trunk railigan Central charter repeal case and the delinquent tax suit. There are so many legal processes involved and so many intervening motions are being carried from one court to another that it may be years before these cases are heard upon their merits. Gov. Warner's attention has been called to the matter and he is being urged to secure. if it is possible, a speedy settlement of these matters.

#### Warner Still Pursues Railways. Gov. Warner is not satisfied with

the restoration of the Northern mile-

age book on a portion of the railroads of the state, and he has not given up the fight for a more convenient system of transportation. The conference called in Chicago for December 9 has not been called off and the governor will keep up the agitation. "One of two things certainly ought to be done,' he said. "Either the Central Passenger association book should be so mudified that mileage may be pulled on the trains or the passenger agents on all the roads should reinstate the old industry. Northern mileage book. I should have latter is in demand on certain roads, but some book should be sold, good on all roads, that would enable the travelvenience of the Central Passenger association book." The governor does roads, is desirable.

May Levy on Hackley Estate.

Officers from the auditor general's office may levy a tax of between \$50,000 and \$60,000 on the estate of the late Charles Hackley, Muskegon's lumber millionaire. Before the exact amount can be ascertained the question as to whether or not there were two estates created by the will of deceased must given a Lad interest in one-half of the of Paul Hamilton.

How About Tuberculosis Home? The last legislature appropriated 30,000 for the establishment of a state uberculosis hospital, but as yet noth-ng has been done with the cash, looking toward the completion of the scheme sanctioned by the solons. Upon looking into the matter it seems that the members of the commission cannot agree on a location for the institu-tion. This is echoed in a statement DEPOSIT INCREASE IS RAPID by Secretary Shumway, of the board of health: "I am opposed to locating the sanitarium near any large city, for that will only prove an incentive for patients to stray away from the sanitarium and expose large numbers of people. To my mind isolation and disinfection should be the governing factors and the sanitarium should be located where the soil is dry, with good drainage and in a fairly high altitude."

Law Aids School Attendance.

Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction French says the new compulsory education law has resulted in causing a marked increase in attendance upon schools throughout the state. In Van Buren county it is reported there are 350 more pupils in the school than at this time last year. It is estimated that under the new law there has been an increase in attendance of ten per cent. In a few little effort has been made to enforce the law, in Ogemaw, the sheriu refusing to appoint a deputy to look after its enforcement as the law provides.

Attorney General Bird left this week for Washington to present to the United States supreme court a motion for the advancement of the railroad tax cases on the calendar so that they may be heard if possible during the winter. Twenty-seven of the railroad companies of the state refused to pay taxes under the law providing for ad valorem taxation of their properties, passed by the legislature in accordance with an amendment to the state constitution. In connection with the refusal of the companies to comply with the new law, an injunction was secured restraining the state from proceeding to collect the taxes, and the long legal battle was commenced. In the meantime the state has been deprived of the revenues which the new law would yield.

Current State Topics in Brief.

Gossip over a candidate for Gen. Alger's senatorship has begun to wane at the capitol, and Warner's announcement of his choice is tooked for.

The balance in the state treasury at the close of business recently was \$1 -310,848.13. The treasury is now somewhat bare on account of the payment of over \$2,000 000 last month to the primary schools, the disbursement for the month being \$2,460,391.08 and the receipts \$217,616.28.

Mr. Edward Large Hamilton is to become a factor-in the Alger senatorial

Gen. William Shakespeare, of Kalamazoo, a member of the G. A. R. committee on pensions, is compiling figres to be used by his comm urging legislation before the coming

session of congress. Benjamin F. Chardsey, arrested at Niles under the name of Paul Hamilton, is now on his way back to Brooklyn to stand trial for embezzlement, Gov. Warner having honored the requisition of Gov. Higgins.

Railroad Commissioner Atwood has ordered alarm bells placed at Farnsworth and Frederick avenues in the city of Detroit at the crossing of the

roads. No Thanksgiving pardons or paroles were issued by Gov. Warner this year, according to the usual custom of Mich-

igan executives. The South Grand Rapids state bank, capital \$25,000, has filed articles of incorporation with the state banking department. The bank is to be located just outside the city and is therefore permitted to organize with less capital than it would if located within the

city limits. The Lansing dog warden having resigned, Mayor Lyons refuses to appoint his successor, saying that the dog warden business is a farce.

J. F. Pray, chief physician of the Jackson penitentlary, identified a body at Lima, O., as that of Harry Slater. who was sent to the Jackson prison in 1898 for the robbery of the Richland bank, and who escaped August 9, 1904. Gov. Warner called attention in a public address not long ago to the way Michigan is left in the rear by her sister state of Wisconsin in the cheese

Muskegon.-Carl Funkle, believed to no objections to the railroads having have a big sum of money hidden someboth the Northern and the C. P. A. where in Muskegon county, died at books on sale, if it is the case that the Mercy hospital after being a county charge for three years.

District Attorney John F. Clark and his assistant, Frank X. Caffrey, of ing public to ride without the incon- Brooklyn, N. Y., are here awaiting the arrival of requisition papers from New York for Paul Hamilton, under arrest not think the present arrangement of at Niles, whom they have identified as having two or three different kinds of Benjamin F. Chadsey, against whom books, none of which is good on all an indictment for grand larceny has been pending since 1902.

The Northwestern Leather company, of Sault Ste. Marie, has increased its capital stock from \$400,000 to \$600,000. One of the most notable requisition cases that has ever come to the attention of the Michigan state officials is that of Benjamin F. Chadsey, former Brooklyn attorney, whom officers from that city claim to have identified in a book agent whose arrest they caused be determined. Mrs. Hackley was at Niles, and who was using the name

residue, amounting to \$1,157,833.54, and Since the collapse of the bleachers as the will permitted her to dispose of on the Michigan university football half of this sum as she saw fit, the field, the management has planned a

#### THE IRON PORT. HUMPHREYS' BY THE IRON PORT CO.

G. F. Mc Ewen, Mgr,

#### SATURDAY, DEC. 9, 1905.

The state supreme court has declared invalid the juvenile court law enacted by the last state legislature.

Attention was called to the fact that by the constitution the judicial power is vested in the supreme court, circuit courts and

The legislature is also empowered to provide for circuit court commissioners, who may be vested with powers not exceeding those of a circuit court judge in chambers.

As to the proposition that circuit court commissioners may not be vested with the powers conferred in the act, there was little or no contention.

The provisions of the act, the court says, are indicative of a purpose to provide not only for judicial but for court proceed-

The effect of the decision is to render the entire statute void, and to place juvenile offenders in the costody of the justice courts once more.

#### County Correspondence

Big Bunch of Personal nd News Notes Gibered Throughout the County by She Iron Port Correspondents. 5- 5- 5-

#### SCHAFFER

Miss Bessie Dupuis was an Escanaba v sitor Wednesday.

Mrs. A. Anderson and daughter spent Tuesday in Escanaba. Paul Terrian has gone to work in

camp at Hardwood. Mr. Vena Roberts and wife called o

Mr Robert's father Sunday. Mr. LaMieux, the Delta Hardware man, was in town Wednesday on bus-

There was a raffle and dance at Mr.

good time. Mr. Peter Gauthier has been on the sick list for the last week but is now

able to be out again Mrs. Ringnette came down from Whitney Wednesday with her little girl to consult Dr. Labarile.

Mr. Frauk Roberts, of Negaunce and Miss Alice Rock, of Schaffer, were married Dec. 2, in the Catholic church at Schaffer, by Rev. Dissylvia, and left for Negaunee in the afternoon where they will reside.

#### DANFORTH

Mr. and Mrs. Richie visited at Germain's Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. J. L. Moser and son of North Escanaba visited here Sunday.

Miss Minnie Winter who is teaching one of the schools here made a trip to Gladstone on Saturday.

Master Clarence Reed of Marinette, apent his Thanksgiving vacation with his grand parents Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reed.

Mr. Belstrom is in the settlement superintending the cutting of 4,000 Christmas trees which he is going to ship from Escanaba.

Mrs. Gideon Lamarche was pleasantly surprised by a large party of her friends who came to remind her of her birthday last Saturday evening. Every one had a good time and Mrs. Lamarche was made the recipient of many beautiful and valuable presents.

#### RAPID RIVER

Mrs. Archie Connors visited at Esca

Mrs. F. Darling spent Thanksgiving at Gladstone.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Jackson of Gladstone visited here last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Barbeau are the parents of a new baby boy.

Ruba Boyer was operated upon for appendicits at the Green Bay hospital

No. 2 " Worms.

Dinrrhea. " Coughs.

No. 10 " Dyspepsia. " Suppressed Periods." Whites. No. 11

No. 13 " Croup. No. 11 " The Skin. No. 15 " Rhenmatism

No. 16 " Malaria, No. 19 " Catarrh. No. 20 " Whooping Cough. No. 27 " The Kidneys.

No. 30 " The Bladder.

No. 77 " La Grippe. In small bottles of pellets that fit the vest justices of the peace and in muni-cipal courts in cities.

pocket. At Druggists or mailed, 25c. each.

\*\*\*Medical Guide mailed free.

\*\*Humphrey\* Ned. Co., Cor. William & John Street ,

\*\*WY York.

Adam Shaibel made a trip to Escana-

Miss Josie King spent Thanksgiving at her home at Gladstone.

August Goodman made a trip to Chicago last week.

Mrs. Rabideau and Mrs. Hamilton

drove to Gladstone Tuesday. Mrs. Margaret Murchie visited Swith Escanaba friends this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Goodchild are parents of a new baby daughter.

Skating is good on the river and the young people are taking advantage of it. Miss Elsie Wilford and Elsie Peno were visitors at Gladstone on Thanks-

The W. C. T. U. hold a Demerest medal contest in the Masonville church next Tuesday evening.

Richard Kniffin of Garth was received into the membership of the I. O. O. F. lodge on Monday night.

The taxes are now due at the office of the township treasurer. They will be slightly higher than last year.

Alice Amburst left for Chicago this week. A farewell party was given in her honor Wednesday evening.

Mose Buchman and Andrew Erickson witnessed the Michigan-Chicago foot ball game at Chicago on Thanksgiving

The Royal Neighbors gave a card party at Masonville last week, The event did not prove a financial success as the expences were greater than the

August Olson, who was seriously hurt at his post mill a short time ago. is on the way to recovery at the Laing hospital. Mrs. Olson returned to her home at Escanaba last week.

There is a case of small pox in the family of Louis Milks. The house has been quarantiped and all the necessary Willetts Tuesday night. All report a precautions have been taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

Dillabough & Adams have ordered a two and one-half power gasoline engine to be used to run their grinding mill next spring. They will also have the agency for the gasoline engine in this vicinity.

C. E. Hamilton, Andrew Barbeau, and F. E. Darling returned last week from their hunting trip. Tney brought back a few patridges but are not distributing any venison. The deer must have been particularily wary this year to escaph these mighty Nimrods.

#### GLADSTONE

Mrs. O. L. Mertz visited at Escanaba Thursday.

Mrs. Eli Eaton made a trip to Escanaba Thursday.

Prof J. H. McDonald made a trip to Ohio this week.

Miss Vine Gleason visited at Marquette and Negaunee this week.

A. Brooks and A. E. Neff visited the oil well above Rapid River this

Mrs. George Kline, submitted to an oferation for appendicitis at rhe Delta county hospital this week.

Will Marble returned this week from trip as far sonth as Texas in the interest of the Marble Safety Axe Co.

The Fort Wayne closed are light system will be installed in lighting the streets here. The new system has a capacity for fifty lights and will give better service at less expence.

Finest pictures and lowest prices at Wixon's ground floor studio.

WANTED-By a prominent monthly magazine, with large, high-cl as circulation, local representative to look after renewals and increase subscription list in Escanaba and vicinity, on a salary basis, with a continuing interest from year to year in the business created. Experience desirable, but not essential. Good opportunity for the right person. Address Publisher, box 59, Station O. New York. .

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. 6. 7. Grove box. 250

### THIS BANK is under the supervision of the Banking Department of the state of Michigan.

Some day you will need some ready money. Sickness, loss of work, a slight turn in the wheel of fortune—what will you do? Another reason may be found in content and peace of mind. He who has some savings leels more secure than does the spendthrift. Discontent and worries dog the footsteps of the man who lives up all his income. But the big reason is this: The saving habit is reflex in its action—It is an index of character. Our Certificates of Deposit bear 3 per cent interest if left Six Months. Three per cent Interest paid on Savings Deposits.



# STATE SAVINGS BANK

Escanaba, Mich.

O. B. FULLER, President OLE ERICKSON, Vice-president Capital \$50,000

E. P. SUTHERLAND, Cashier E. O. PERRON, Assistant Cashier

ery Low Excursion Rates told ternational Live Stock Exposi-

tion, Chicago. Via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets will be sold Dec. 16 to 20, inclusive, limited to return until Dec. 24, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

FOR SALE-Two lots corner of Fifth and Fanny streets. Price \$700. Must go at once. Address, J. E. Topp, 613 Ludington street.

### For Thin **Babies**

Fat is of great account to a baby; that is why babies are fat. If your baby is scrawny, Scott's Emulsion is what he wants. The healthy baby stores as fat what it does not need immediately for one and muscle. Fat abies are happy; they do ot cry; they are rich; fr fat is laid up for me of need. They are appy because they are omfortable. The fat surounds their little nerves timber lands, teams, etc. Farm land and cushions them. When at a bargain, Pond net fishing rig comthey are scrawny those mouth of river. For further informanerves are hurt at every ungentle touch. They delight in Scott's Emulsion. It is as sweet as wholesome to them.

Send for free sample.

Fare \$7.00

To Milwaukee

Fare \$6.00

Meals and berths included

Lowest rates to Sturgeon Bay

Algoma, Kewaunee, Manito-

wocand Sheboygan

Leave Escanaba at 7:00 a. m.

Saturdays only.

Cures Original Two Days.

UD GAGLA



Be spetter this picture in the forme I hel is on the Rock, Mich. wranner o gyery bottle of Empleton or cur

Scott & Bowne Chemists 409-415 Frant Street

X to York 50c an 131.00 -All Druggists

# on each box. 25. A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.



The old cold goes; a new one quickly comes. It's the story of a weak throat, weak lungs, a tendency to consumption. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral breaks up the taking-cold habit. It strengthens, soothes, heals. Ask your doctorabout it.

#### Your Life Current. The power that gives you

life and motion is the nerve force, or nerve fluid, located in the nerve cells of the brain, and sent out through the nerves to the various organs.

If you are tired, nervous, irritable, cannot sleep; have headache, feel stuffy, dull and melancholy, or have neuralgia, rheumatism, backache, peri-odical pains, indigestion, dyspepsia, stomach trouble, or the kidneys and liver are inactive, your life-current is weak.

Power-producing fuel is needed; something to increase nerve energy-strengthen the nerves. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is the fuel you need. It

feeds the nerves, produces nerve force, and restores vitality. force, and restores vitality.

"When I began taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Anti-Pain Pills I was confined to my bed. I had severe nervous spells, the result of two years illness with malaria. I gradually grew so weak that I was unable to sit up. The spells would commence with cold chilis, and I would become weak and almost helpless. My circulation was poor. I had doctored right along but grew weaker and weaker. The Nervine seemed to strengthen me right kway and my circulation was better. I have taken in all seven bottles of the Nervine, and I am entirely well."

ROSA E. WEAVER, Stuarts, Is.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it falls, he will refund your money. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

For Sale Cheap Logging outfit complete including plete in running order, good location at tion call or write to A. C. SCHULTZ,

A full set of teeth for \$10.00 at Dr. Winn's. Gold crowns and bridge teeth \$5.00

cheap at Dr. Winn's. Get your pictures at Wixon's. Finest work and lowest prices.

TEAM FOR SALE-Good heavy team, weight about 2900, good harness included. Enquire of Alex Marenger, Flat

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. All druggist refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature

Zitching, Blind, Bleeding Piles. Druggists refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standin, in 6 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest. 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c in stamps and it will be forwarded postpaid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis,

# The Taking

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DRS. C. H. & H. W. LONG. Physicians and Surgeons. Special attention given diseases of the eye, it, adding fitting spectacles. Real-dence New Ludington botel. Office 110 South Georgia street, Escauaba, Mich.

O. E. YOUNGQUIST, M. D. Physician and Surgeon, Office 114 South Georgia street. Office bours: 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4,7 to 8 p no

C. J. B. KITCHEN. Dentist.

OFFICE, over Groos Bros. Drug Store 1007 Ludington St.

#### BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

COLEMAN NEE.

Brick, Lime, Coment, Plaster Hard and Soft Coal and Fire Wood. ESCANABA, MICH.

MARTIN T. LYONS. Embalmer. Funeral Director. 609 LUDINGTON ST., ESCANABA

F. H ATKINS & CO., Groceries and Provisions.

Bell 'Phone No. 6, Finch 'Phone No. 45. 402-4 LUDINGTON ST., ESCANABA.

Mandolin, Guitar and Banjo

taught by a most competent instructor St. Auno's Sabool, 317 Elmore St. Terms reasonable

### WHOLESALE

Escanaba, Mich

INCREASE

In Real Estate values makes

investments of this character

probably the safest and most

HOUSES.

and all kinds of Real Estate now

in the marker, that invite your

inspection. If you are looking

for a house or an investment,

communicate with us.

Lots, Farms, Timber Lands

satisfactory known today.

AND RETAIL

**Groceries & Provisions** 

609 LUDINGTON ST.,

ESCANABA. - - MICHIGAN ESCANABA.

ERIGKSON & BISSELL F. H. BROTHERTON & SON

General Surveying Mines and Mineral Lands Examined.

Timber Estimated.

### The I.STEPHENSON CO

HAS CONSTANTLY IN STOCK

## ROUGH BOARDS, PIECE STUFF, TIMBERS

HAVING RECENTLY COMPLETED OUR PLANING MILL AND DRY KILMS WE ARE PREPARED TO PURNISH

### ✓ ALL KINDS OF FINISHED LUMBER

Comprising Shiplap, Ceiling, Flooring, Siding, Mouldings, Casings, either in Pine, Bass Hemlock or Hardwoods.

ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING

Made in a Planing Mill always on hand at our Escauaba Yards or our mills in Wells.

R. E. McLEAN, Superintendent

G. A. GOLDER, PRESIDENT.

M. A. ALBIN, SECRETARY

### STATE BUSINESS COLLEGE

MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA.

Dayton Block, corner Nicolette Avenue and Seventh St. S.

"HOW TO DO THINGS." This is what we teach. Ablest Instructors in Twin Cities. Coarses complete and taught thoroughly. We esqecially request all young men and women to write for our terms, methods, etc., before selecting a school to attend. Special attention given to preparatory work and all instruction made easy. Send for catalog.

Very Special MILLINERY-One Table full of \$2.00 to \$5.00 Hats Saturday



Very special--New arrivals, 10 inch fancy china, hand decorated salads worth \$2.00 95c

# SANTA CLAUS at HOME Children's Day at Our Store Saturday

He has written us to make arrangements for his annual reception of all good boys and girls, every one of whom is cordially invited to meet him at the Chicago Northwestern depot Saturday afternoon, 1:55 o'clock, and escort him to our store where he, as usual, will distribute presents to his friends. His headquarters have, as usual, been established at this store, for here is where he gets all his toys, the entire basement and our large warehouses being filled with them.

During Saturday's reception Santa Claus will receive in person all mail addressed to him. He requests that we call your special attention to the fact that he will be crowded with orders for Christmas delivery, and that you make it a point to have your orders in as soon as possible. Write your letters and bring them to the jolly old fellow. His secretaries will attend to the filling of all orders.

### Do not fail to meet Santa Claus at C. & N. W. Depot at 1:55 p. m. Saturday

255 dozen Women's Cambric Handkerchiefs with printed colored borders, hemstitched, actual 5c value. Saturday from 9 2c to 11 o'clock a. m. & dozen to a customer each .......

soo Waist Patterns in Light and dark Colors, come in three yds to pattern neatly tied with ribbon bow all good styles, 25c very special Saturday from 3 until 5 o'clock at per pattern

Saturday morning from 9 to 12 o'clock only. For these three hours only, we will put on sale Children's "Bearskin Coats, excellently made of fine quality material, sizes from 1 to 6 years in white, red, gray, brown and blue colors. These coats sell \$2.69 regular at \$3.95 during these hours at .....

Saturday afternoon from 2.30 to 5:30 o'clock only. Our entire assortments of waists made of silk, mohair flannel, and lace waists will be on sale at 1-3 off from regular prices. These Are opportunities you can not afford to go by without availing yourself.

Men's Pure Silk Mufflers in Black, White, fancy and 39c quilted, choice.....

Very Special--Nut Pick Sets--6 picks and cracker in set, embossed twist design, bright finish, nickle plated set in compartment box at 19c

Very Special-Odd pieces Haveland China-Just received 100 pieces of finest Haveland China in beautiful floral decorations on sale Saturday at special prices

Saturday all Day Boys Reefers, in plain gray and chinchilla, storm collars, well made, extra good lining, sizes 9 to 16 Childrens sizes 3 to 9 years \$2.00 and \$2.50 coats, each Boy's, Lumbermen's, Rubbers good quality gum,

5 inch leather top all sizes a bargain ....... 416 Saturday afternoon and Evening Children's shoes, dongola, vamps, tip, medium sole, spring heel, all solid and every 49c pair guaranteed to give satisfaction, sizes 5 to 9

For Saturday afternoon and evening only. 24 and 26 inch solid leather suit cases, leather handels, straps and folder inside, best trimming finished in Alligator style \$5.00 and \$6.00 \$3.95

cases for..... Men's all Wool Flannel Overshirts to wear with white 88c collar in Grey, Blue and fancy new goods, all sizes choice....

Fancy Winter Apples per peck ...... 38c 

#### BARK RIVER

One of Daniel Jean's horses died last

naba Monday.

E. Nault lost a horse through sickness last Sunday. A. J. Bolton made a business trip to

Escanaba on Tuesday.

John French, transacted business a Escanaba on Tuesday.

Miss Ella Gallagher spent Saturday

and Sunday at Escanaba. John Gasman transacted business at

Escanaba on Wednesday. Geo. and Phil Labre and Geo. Welch

drove to Escanaba last Saturday.

John Blaney of Labaanch, attended the Thanksgiving party here last week. Oscar Carlson and Andrew Swanson made a record pressing hay with John Gasman's hay press this fall. They pressed nearly 700 tons in 63 days or ar average of over ten tons per day.

Miss Mayme O'Connors who is teaching at Hardwood spent Thanksgiving at Wilson.

Carl Huss and John Frechette spent E. J. Bergman make a trip to Esca- several days at the Bay Shore cottage this week.

> Father Stahl returned Friday from Houghton, Miss Stahl returned last Monday.

Miss Hilda Rood and Miss Mame Anderson were Escanaba visitors last

The Mission, Lutheran and Methodist churches are making preparations for

Cnristmas exercises. Ole Anderson, Andrew Wickstrom, and Henry Norman made a trip to Es-

canaba last Saturday. Mr. Leason of Menominee was here Tuesday on business for the Internation-

d Correspondence Schools. Sam Machevich has purchased 'two stent steel Isleighs imade by Linn Manufacturing Company of Escanaba. facob Gertz will use one of them.

John McCarthy of Marquette, and sister Miss Laura of Harris were among those who attended the Thanksgiving dance at Bark River.

Fred Kaufman of Escanaba, held the | REAL ESTATE AGENT lucky number that won the phonograph at A. J. Bolton's. Mr. Kaufman also won the clock with his ticket.

J. B. Frechette and Carl Huss went to Escanaba Tuesday night to attend the Past Masters reception and banquet given by Delta Lodge No. 195, F. & A.

It is rumored that a Marinette concern will soon go in to lumber at Heath's Mill. A deal is said to be under way between Mr. Heath and the new concern. There is however nothing defininate to be learned about it at this time.

There are three cases of small pox at Section 16, in the camp of Mr. Benwell. Mrs. Benwell and Mr. and Mrs. Roland, her son-in-law and daughter, are sick with the disease. The cases are not serious with the exception of Mrs. Benwell, who is quite ill.

The Thanksgiving party given by the Glee club was a success in every way and those who attended express themselves as having a most enjoyable time. Excellant music furnished by The Olmstead Orchestra of Escanaba and a fine unch was served by the ladies of the Maccabees. There was a large number from outside in attendance, there being twenty-six present from Escanaba.

FOR RENT-Five desirable rooms at 605 S. Charlotte St. Inquire at premises.

FOR SALE-The fine trotting horse, Victor Sprague, record 2:151. Good gentle driver and sound in every respect, not afraid of street cars or automobiles. Anybody can drive him. Will be sold cheap if taken at once. Address Carl Hendricks, Algoma, Wis.

FARM FOR SALE-Forty acres with house and barn, one-quarter mile from Schaffer, all cleared except two acres. Four cows, four calves, team of horses, all farm machinery in good condition. For further particulars and price write to LEON RENO, Schaffer, Mich 48-2t.

Half Rates to Chicago.

Via the Northwestern line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fair for the round trip, Nov. 28 and 29, limited to return until Dec. 3, inclusive, on account of Michigan-Chicago Foot Ball Game. Apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y

Clarks Hall and adjoining store building for sale, also desirable residence properties must be sold. Inquire of W. H. Clark, 1108 Third street.

# JNO. E. TODD

Elmore St. 7 Room house, good lawn, splendid Location. Price, \$1800. Maple street, 10 Room house with all

modern conveniences and good lawn, located 3 blocks from car line. Price \$2500, terms to suit.

th. and Fanny, 2 Lots 50x150, street improvements made. Take them both for \$700. Best of terms given. Wolcott St. 6 Lots each with a six

room cottage. This includes two corner lots. Any one of them for \$1500, Terms to suit purchaser. ruit and Confectionary business. Best

stand in town, steady customers. Owner must sell on account of iil health. Price \$600 cash. 40 acres Hardwood and Hemlock, 2

miles from R. R. and 12 miles from Escanaba. Price \$550. O Acres, contains best of Hardwood,

some cleared, 11 miles from R. R., 15 miles from Escanaba. Price, \$400,

For other bargains call on or address JOHN E. TODD. Real Estate and Insurance. 612 Lud. St. Escanaba, Mich.

FOR SALE-Four horse power steam engine and boiler and fixtures in good condition. Inquire at Iron Port office.

Go to S. E. Wilson for massage, manicuring, chiropody, champoo, etc. 607 Ludington street.

#### Chicago & Northwestern TIME TABLE

PASSENGER TRAINS

From	Arrives	Depart	To
Chleago	5 10 a m *	5 15 a m	North
	NUSSEE !	6 40 a m	Ashland
	+	8 15 a m	Metropolltan
Chicago	8 50 a m *		
	1	9 00 a m	. Soo
North	10 55 s m +	11 00 a m	Chleago
Chleago	150 pm t		North
Metropolitan	6 10 pm +		
		7.85 pm	Marinette
800	8 30 p m f		
North	8 55 p m *	9 00 p m	Chleago
Ashland	10 00 p m t		
Freight Tra	las carry p	assengers	as follows:
Ishpeming	9 00 a m	September 1	
Varanti		7 00 B III	Ishpeming

645 pm t

"I have used your FISH BRAND fully say that I never have had anything give me so much com fort and satisfaction. Enclosed find my order for another one.

You can defy the hardest storm with Tower's Waterproof Oiled Clothing and Hats

OUR GUARANTEE IS BACK OF THIS TOWER'S A. J. TOWER CO. TOWER CANADIAN CO.

TORONTO, CANADA

73H BRAND

### CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH



told metallic boxes, scaled Take ne other. Refuse da totion: 1.34 imitations, B or sens 4c. in Sampa for Particular moninis and "Relief for Ladies, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonial all Druggista.

OHIOHESTER CHEMICAL CO.

### THERE IS MONEY IN GROWING GINENG

Prof. W. L. Howard of Missouri State Agricultural College says: "I advise American farmers to cultivate Ginseng. Big profits may be realized. It is a hardy plant and is easily grown."-A recent bulletin issued by the Pennsylvania State Agricultural College in part says: "The supply of native Ginseng root is continually diminishing and the price per pound is correspondingly increasing, while the constant demand in China stands as a guarantee of a steady market for Ginseng in the future. The market for our cultivated root will exist as long as the Chinamen exist." -- Counsel General W. A. Rublee of Hong Kong says in the U.S. Consular reports: sale of the Ginseng root grown in America is very large here and the demand is so great that much more could be disposed of advantageously. The root is as indispensable to the 400,000,000 Chinese as is their rice."

Ginseng is a staple on the market the same as corn. wheat, and cotton. The present market price varies from \$5.00 to \$8.00 per pound according to quality, while the cost of production does not exceed \$1.50. There is room in an ordinary garden to grow several hundre dollars worth each year. The plant is hardy and thrives in all parts of the United States and Canada. except in the arid regions. We are successful growers and can show you how to make money growing Ginseng. You can get a good start in the business for a comfortable income. We have several thousand choice roots for sale for fall delivery. The planting season begins in August and continues till the ground is frozen.

BUCKINHAMS' GINSENG GARDEN Growers and Exporters

ZANESVILLE,

# ROYAL The Absolutely Pure

Baking Powder Made of Cream of Tartar, and

Free From Alum or Phosphatic Acid Royal Baking Powder renders bread, biscuit, cake

and all flour foods finer and more healthful.

Baking powders made from alum, phosphates and other harsh, caustic acids are lower in price, but they are injurious to the stomach.

> The injurious effect of alum on the mucous coat of the stomach is positive and beyond dispute; it is both an irritant and an astringent. The use of alum in any article of food or article used in the preparation of food should be prohibited." IOHN C. WISE, M.D., Medical Inspector, U. S. Navy.

### PRESIDENTS ANNUAL MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

Makes Recommendations for What He Considers Important Legislation.

RAILROAD RATES FIRST TOPIC

Would Materially Increase the Powers of Interstate Commerce Commission.

LIFE INSURANCE QUESTION

Sees Good and Evil in Labor Unions --- Asks for Immediate Appropriations for Panama Canal, and Promises Report of Board of Engineers and Recommendations Later---Other Matters.

Washington, Dec. 5.-The annual mescage of President Roosevelt was read in both houses of congress to-day. It is a document of some 24,000 words, and contains recommendations for much important

The subject of federal supervision of corporations, and especially railroad corporations, is the first subject treated of by the president, and to it he gives the greatest amount of attention. After speaking of the general prosperity of the country, and the power of the corporations for good or evil in connection with the nation's prosperity,

be says: Eo long as the finances of the nation are kept upon an honest basis, no other question of internal economy with which the congress has the power to deal begins to approach in importance the matter of endeavoring to secure proper industrial conditions under which the individuals and especially the great corporations-doing an interstate business are to act. The makers of our national constitution provided especially that the regulation of interstate commerce should come with-The arguments in favor of their taking this stand were even then overwhelming. But they are far stronger to-day, in view of the enormous development of great business agencies, usually corporate in form. Experience has shown concidsive-ly that it is useless to try to get any dequate regulation and supervision of these great corporations by state action. Such regulation and supervision can only be effectively exercised by a sovereign se jurisdiction is coextensive with the field of work of the corporations-that is, by the national government. I believe that this regulation and supervision can be obtained by the enactment of law by the congress. If this proves impossible, It will certainly be necessary ultimately to confer in fullest form such power upon the national government by a proper amendment of the constitution. It would obviously be unwise to endeavor to secure an amendment until it is certain that the result cannot be obtained under the constitution as it now is. The laws of the congress and of the several states hitherto, as passed upon by the courts, have resulted more often in showing that the states have no power in the matter than that the national government has power; so that there at present exists a very unfortunate condition of things, under which these great corporations do ing an interstate business occupy the pozition of subjects without a sovereign, neither any state government nor the national government having effective control over them. Our steady aim should be by legislation, cautiously and carefully undertaken, but resolutely per-

severed in, to assert the sovereignty of the national government by affirmative Present Laws Inadequate.

It has been a misfortune that the national laws on this subject have hitherto been of a negative or prohibitive rather than an affirmative kind, and still more that they have in part sought to prohibit what could not be effectively prohibited. and have in part in their prohibitions confounded what should be allowed and what should not be allowed. It is gen-erally useless to try to prohibit all reetraint on competition, whether this reand where it is not useless it is generally hurtful. Events have shown that it is not possible adequately to secure the enforcement of any law of this kind by incessar! appeal to the courts. The department of justice has for the last four years devoted more attention to the enthan to anything else. Much has been accomplished; particularly marked has been the moral effect of the prosecutions: but it is increasingly evident that there will be a very insufficient beneficial recult in the way of economic change. The successful prosecution of one device to evade the law immediately develops another device to accomplish the same What is needed is not sweeping prohibition of every arrangement, good or bad, which may tend to restrict comtition, but such adequate supervision and regulation as will prevent any restriction of competition from being to the detriment of the public-as well as such supervision and regulation as will prevent other abuses in no way connected with restriction of competition. Of there abuses, perhaps the chief, although by no means the only one, is overcapitaliza-tion-generally itself the result of dishonbecause of the myriad evils it brings in its train; for such overcapitalization often means an inflation that invites business panic; it always conceals the true relation of the profit earned to the capital actually invested, and it creates a burden of interest payments which is a fertile cause of improper re-duction in or limitation of wages; it damages the small investor, discourages thrift, and encourages gambling and epeculation; while perhaps worst of all is the trickiness and dishonesty which it

ing. and of the need of temperate and cautious action in securing it. I should emphatically protest against improperly radical or hasty action. The first thing to do is to deal with the great corporations engaged in the business of interstate transportation. As I said in my message of December 6 last, the immediate and most pressing need, so far as legislation is concerned, is the enactment into law of some scheme to secure to the agents of the government such supervision and regulation of the rates charged by the railroads of the country engaged in interstate traffic as shall summarily and effectively prevent the imposition of unjust or unreasonable rates. It must include or unreasonable rates. It must include putting a complete stop to rebates in every shape and form. This power to regulate rates, like all similar powers over the business world, should be exercised with moderation, caution and self-restraint; but it should exist, so that it can be effectively exercised when the need arises.

The first consideration to be kept

ongress. If given to the present interstate commerce commission or to a reorganised interstate commerce commission, such commission should commission, such commission should be made unequivocally administrative. I do not believe in the government in-terfering with private business more than is necessary. I do not believe in the government undertaking any work which can with propriety be left in private hands. But neither do I be-lieve in the government flinching from overseeing any work when it be evident that abuses are sure to obtain therein unless there is governmental supervision. It is not my prov-ince to indicate the exact terms of the law which should be enacted; but I call the attention of the congress to certain existing conditions with which it is desirable to deal. In my judgment the most important provision which such law should contain is that conferring upon some competent ad-ministrative body the power to decide, upon the case being brought before it, whether a given rate prescribed by a railroad is reasonable and just, and if it is found to be unreasonable and unjust, then, after full investigation of the complaint, to prescribe the limit of rate beyond which it shall not be lawful to go-the maximum reasonable rate, as it is commonly called—this decision to go into effect within a reasonable time and to obtain from thence onward, subject to review the courts. It sometimes happens at present, not that a rate is too high but that a favored shipper is given too low a rate. In such case the commis-sion would have the right to fix this already established minimum rate as he maximum; and it would need only one or two such decisions by the commission to cure railroad companies of the practice of giving improper minimum rates. I call your attention to the fact that my proposal is not to give the commission power to initiate or originate rates generally, but to regulate a rate already fixed or originated by the roads, upon complaint and after investigation. A heavy penalty should be exacted from any corporation which fails to respect an order of the commission. I regard this power to establish a maximum rate

touching the subject at all. Rebates Really Blackmail.

as being essential to any scheme of

real reform in the matter of railway

regulation. The first necessity is to secure it; and unless it is granted to

commission there is little use in

Illegal transactions often occur un der the forms of law. It has often octraffic officer to buy a large quantity of some commodity and then after it has been bought an open re-duction is made in the rate to take effect immediately, the arrangement resulting to the profit of the one shipper and the one railroad and to the damage of all their competitors; for it must not be forgotten that the big shippers are at least as much blame as any railroad in the matter of rebates. The law should make it clear so that nobody can fall to understand that any kind of commission paid on freight shipments, whether in this form or in the form of fictitious damages, or of a concession, a free pass, reduced passenger rate, or payment of brokerage, is illegal. worth while considering whether it would not be wise to confer on the government the right of civil action against the beneficiary of a rebate for at least twice the value of the rebate; this would help stop what is really blackmail. Elevator allowances should be stopped, for they have now grown to such an extent that they are demoralizing and are used as rebates. The best possible regulation of rates

would, of course, be that regulation secured by an honest agreement among the railroads themselves to carry out the law. Such a general agreement would, for instance, at once put a stop to the efforts of any one big shipper or big railroad to discriminate against or secure advantages over some rival; and such agreement would make the railroads themselves agents for enforcing the law. The power vested in the government put a stop to agreements to the detriment of the public should, in my judgment, be accompanied by power to permit, under specified conditions and careful supervision, agreements clear-ly in the interest of the public. But, in my judgment, the necessity for giving this further power is by no means as great as the necessity for giving the commission or administrative body the other powers I have enumerated above; and it may well be inadvisable to attempt to vest this particular power in the commission or other administrative body until it al-ready possesses and is exercising what regard as by far the most important of all the powers I recommend-as indeed the vitally important power— that to fix a given maximum rate, which rate, after the lanse of a reason-

able time, goes into full effect, subject to review by the courts. All private car lines, industrial roads. refrigerator charges, and the like should be expressly put under the supervision of the interstate commerce commission or some similar body so far as rates and agreements practically affecting rates are concerned. The private car owners and the owners of industrial railroads are entitled to a fair and reasonable compensation on their investment, but neither private cars nor industrial railroads nor spur tracks should be utilized as devices for securing preferential rates. A rebate in leing charges, or in mileage, or in a division of the rate for refrigerating charges is just as pernicious as a rebate in any other way. No lower rate should apply on goods imported than actually obtains on domestic goods from the American seationed to destination except in cases speculation; while perhaps worst of all is the trickiness and dishonesty which it implies—for harm to morals is worse than any possible harm to material interests, and the debauchery of politics and business by great dishonest corporations is far worse than any actual material evil they do the public. Until the national government obtains, in some manner which the wisdom of the congress may suggest, proper control over the big corporations engaged in interstate commerce—that is, over the great majority of the big corporations—it will be impossible to deal adequately with these cylis.

Railroad Rate Regulation,

1 am well aware of the dimculties of the legislation that I am suggest—countants, if they had proper direction and proper authority to inspect books and papers, could accomplish much in pre-

law. The commission should have power to enforce fair treatment by the great trunk lines of lateral and branch lines.

Immediate Action Urged. I urge upon the congress the need of providing for expeditious action by the interstate commerce commission in all these matters, whether in regulating rates for transportation or for storing The first consideration to be kept or for handling property or commodities in mind is that the power should be in transit. The history of the cases liti-affirmative and should be given to gated under the present commerce act some administrative body created by shows that its efficacy has been to a great degree destroyed by the weapon of delay, almost the most formidable weapon in the hands of those whose purpose it is

to violate the law. The president asks for legislation comelling raffroads to install block systems on their lines, and also calls the attention of congress to the excessive hours of labor of train service employes of the railroad companies are often subjected to. He recommends that a commission be appointed to study of employers' liability with the object of the enactment of a law covering the subject and applicable to all industries within the scope of the federal power.

The Labor Question.

The labor question is treated of at con-siderable length, and in this connection the

resident says: There has been demand for depriving ourts of the power to issue injunctions in labor disputes. Such special limitawould be most unwise. It is true that some judges have misused this power; but this does not justify a denial of the power any more than an improper exercise of the power to call a strike by a labor leader would justify the denial of the right to strike. The remedy is to regulate the procedure by requiring the judge to give due notice to the adverse parties before granting the writ, the hearing to be ex parte if the adverse party does not appear at the time and place ordered. What is due notice must depend upon the facts of the case; it should not used as a pretext to permit violation of law, or the jeopardizing of life Of course this would not authorize the issuing of a restraining order or injunction in any case in which it is not already authorized by existing law.

I renew the recommendation I made in my last annual message for an investigation by the department of com-merce and labor of general labor conditions, especial attention to be paid to the conditions of child labor and child labor legislation in the several states. Such an investigation should take into account the various problems with which the question of child labor is connected. It true that these problems can be actually met in most cases only by the states hemselves, but it would be well for th nation to endeavor to secure and publish emprehensive information as to the conlitions of the labor of children in the diferent states, so as to spur up those that are behindhand, and to secure approx-imately uniform legislation of a high haracter among the several states. such a republic as ours the one thing that we cannot afford to neglect is the problem of turning out decent citizens. The future of the nation depends upon the citizenship of the generations to come; the children of to-day are those who to-morrow will shape the destiny of our land, and we cannot afford to negct them. The legislature of Colorado has recommended that the national govgrament provide some general measure or the protection from abuse of children and dumb animals throughout the United States 1 lay the matter before

what I trust will be your favorable consideration. The department of commerce and labor thould also make a thorough investigation of the conditions of women in inlustry. Over 5,000,000 American women are now engaged in gainful occupations; vet there is an almost complete déarth of data upon which to base any trust-worthy conclusions as regards a subject as important as it is vast and compli-There is need of full knowledge cated. on which to base action looking toward state and municipal legislation for the The inprotection of working women. troduction of women into industry working change and disturbance in the domestic and social life of the nation. The decrease in marriage, and especially in the birth rate, has been coincident with We must face accomplished facts, and the adjustment to factory conditions must be made; but surely it can be made with less friction and less harmful effects on family life than is now the case This whole matter in reality forms one of the greatest sociological phenomena of our time; it is a social question of the first importance, of far greater importance than any merely political cr economic question can be; and to solve it we need ample data, gathered in a sane and scientific spirit in the course of an exhaustive investigation.

In concluding with the subject of labor the president says:

In any great labor disturbance not only are employer and employe interested, but also a third party-the general public Every considerable labor difficulty in which interstate commerce is involved hould be investigated by the government and the facts officially reported to he public.

Equal Rights for All. The question of securing a healthy, self-respecting and mutually sympathetic attitude as between employer and em-ploye, capitalist and wage worker, is a lifficult one. All phases of the labo roblem prove difficult when approached. But the underlyng principles, the root principles, in accordance with which the problem must be solved are entirely sim-We can get justice and right dealing only if we put as of paramount impor-ance the principle of treating a man on als worth as a man rather than with reference to his social position, his occu-pation, or the class to which he belongs. There are selfish and brutal men in all ranks of life. If they are capitalists helr relfishness and brutality may take he form of hard indifference to suffering, greedy disregard of every moral re-straint which interferes with the accum-lation of wealth, and cold-blooded excoltation of the weak; or, if they are laborers, the form of laziness, of sullen envy of the more fortunate, and of willngness to perform deeds of murderous violence. Such conduct is just as repre-nensible in one case as in the other, and all honest and farseeing men should join in warring against it wherever it beomes manifest. Individual capitalist and individual wage worker, corporation and union, are alike entitled to the protec-tion of the law, and must alike obey the

The Insurance Scandal,

On the subject of life insurance the presion the subject of the insurance the president says recent events have emphasized the importance of early action looking to a solution of the subject of some sort of control that will furnish better safeguards than the several states have been able to furnish against corruption of the flagrant kind which has been exposed, and in this connection the states of the same of the sa

ed of a stricter and uni-

form regulation of the wast insurance-interests of this country. The United States should in this respect follow the policy of other nations by providing adequate national supervision of com-mercial interests which are clearly mamercial interests which are clearly national in character. My predecessors have repeatedly recognized that the foreign business of these companies is an important part of our foreign commercial relations. During the administrations of Presidents Cleveland, Harrison and McKinley the state department exercised its influence, through diplomatic channels, to prevent unjust discrimination by foreign countries against American insurance countries against American insurance companies. These negotiations illus-trated the propriety of the congress recognizing the national character of insurance, for in the absence of federal legislation the state department could only give expression to the wishes of the authorities of the several states, whose policy was ineffective

I repeat my previous recommenda-tion that the congress should also con-sider whether the federal government has any power or owes any duty with respect to domestic transactions in insurance of an interstate character. That state supervision has proved in-adequate is generally conceded. The burden upon insurance companies, and therefore their policy holders, of conflicting regulations of many states, is unquestioned, while but little effective check is imposed upon any able and unscrupulous man who desires to exploit the company in his own interest at the expense of the policy holders and of the public. The imability of a state to regulate effectively insurance corporations created under the laws of other states and transacting the larger of their business elsewhere also clear. As a remedy for this evil of conflicting, ineffective, and yet burdensome regulations there has been many years a widespread demand for federal supervision. The congress has already recognized that interstate insurance may be a proper subject for federal legislation, for in creating the bureau of corporations it authorized it to publish and supply useful information concerning interstate corporations, "including corporations engaged in insurance." It is obvious that if the compilation of statistics be the limit of the federal power, it is wholly ineffective to regulate this form of commercial intercourse between the states, and as the insurance business has outgrown in magnitude the possibility of adequate state supervision, the congress should carefully consider whether further legislacan be had. What is said above applies with equal force to fraternal and benevolent organizations which contract for life insurance. Under the subject of national revenues

the president makes a plea for the enact-ment of reciprocal arrangements between this and other countries, but does not ask for any tariff legislation at the present time. In the same connection he asks for economy in appropriations,

Business Methods in Departments. On the subject of "graft" in the several government departments that have been

under investigation he says: At various times I have instituted investigations into the organization and conduct of the business of the executive departments. While none of these inquiries have yet progressed far enough to warrant final conclusions, they have already confirmed and emphasized the general impres-sion that the organization of the departments is often faulty in principle and wasteful in results, while many of their business methods are antiquated and inefficient. There is every reason why our executive govern-mental macifinery should be at least as well plainted, economical and efficient as the best machinery of the great business organizations, which at present is not the case. To make it so is a task of complex detail and essentially executive in its nature; probably no legislative body, no matter how wise and able, could undertake it I recommend that the congress confider this subject with a view to provide by legislation for the transfer. distribution, consolidation and assignment of duties and executive organizations or parts of organizations, and for the changes in business methods, within or between the several departments, that will best promote the economy, efficiency and high character of the government work.

Federal Elections.

On the subject of federal elections he recommends flat it be made unlawful for political parties to receive campaign contributions from the corporations, and also that it be made unlawful for corporations to give such contributions, and in this con-

nection he says: Contributions by corporations to any purpose should be forbidden by law; directors should not be permitted to use stockholders' money for such pur poses; and, moreover, a prohibition of this kind would be, as far as it went, an effective method of stopping the evils aimed at in corrupt Not only should both the naacts. tional and the several state legislatures forbid any officer of a corporation from using the money of the cor-poration in or about any election, but they should also forbid such use of money in connection with any legislation save by the employment of counsel in public manner for distinctly legal services.

The Hague Conference.

The Hague conference and the subject of arbitration generally is treated of at considerable length, and in this connection an explanation is given of this government's connection with the coming conference in the following rords

The first conference of nations held at The Hague in 189, being unable to dis-pose of all the business before it, recommended the consideration and settlement of a number of important questions by another conference to be called subsequently and at an early date. questions were the following: (1) The rights and duties of neutrals; (2) the limitation of the armed forces on land and sea, and of military budgets; (3) the use of new types and calibers of military and naval guns; (4) the inviolability of private property at sea in times of war: (5) the bombardment of ports, cities and villages by naval forces. In October, 1994, at the lustance of the Interparliamentary union, which, at a conference by the lawmakers of 15 different nations, had relterated the demand for a second conference of nations, I issued invitations to all the powers signatory to The Hague convention to send delegates to such a conference and suggested that it be again held at The Hague. In its note of De-cember 18, 1904, the United States govern-ment communicated to the representa-tives of foreign governments its belief that the conference could be best ar-

ent Hague treaty.

From all the powers acceptance was received, coupled in some cases with the condition that we should wait until the end of the war then waging between Russia and Japan. The emperor of Russia, immediately after the treaty of peace which so happily terminated this war, in a note presented to the president on September 13, through Ambassador Rosen, took the initiative in recommending that the conference be now called. The United States government in response expressed its cordial acquisscence and stated that it would, as a matter of course, take part in the new conference and endeavor to

will do everything in its power to secure the success of the conference to the end that substantial progress may be made in the cause of international peace, jus-

tice and good will.
In the conclusion of this subject he

I have dwelt much on the dangers to be avoided by steering clear of any mere foolish sentimentality because my wish for peace is so genuine and carnest; because I have a real and great desire that this second Hague conference may mark a long stride forward in the direction of securing the peace of justice throughout the world. No object is better worthy the attention of enlightened statesmanship than the establishment of a surer method than now exists of securing justice as between nations, both for the protection of the little nations and for the prevention of war between the the prevention of war between the big nations. To this air we should endeavor not only to aver bloodshed, but, above all, effectively to strengthen the forces of right. The Golden Rule should be, and as the world grows in morality it will be, the guiding rule of conduct among parts. of conduct among nations as among individuals; though the Golden Rule must not be construed, in fantastic manner, as forbidding the exercise of the police power. This mighty and free republic should ever deal with all other states, great or small, on a basis of high honor, respecting their rights as jealously as it safeguards its

Doctrine The Monroe lengthy consideration, as does also the appeal of Santo Domingo for assist-ance which the president believes it

is our duty to give.
In treating of the subject of the army and navy the president favors a change in the method of promotion He would premote officers on merit instead of by seniority, believing that this method would be conducive to better efficiency than the one now in vogue. He also recommends an increase in the coast artillery; the gar-risoning of considerable bodies of risoning of considerable bodies of troops at one place, and for an in-crease and reorganization of the medical service in both the army and navy.

Naturalization Laws.

Legislation in line with the recommendations of the naturalization commission appointed by the president last March is asked for. Thes given as follows: These recommendations are

First, A federal bureau of naturalizaof commerce and labor, to supervise the administration of the naturalization laws and to receive returns of naturalizations pending and accomplished.

Uniformity of naturalization certificates, fees to be charged, and pro-

Third. More exacting qualifications for citizenship.
Fourth. The preliminary declaration of ntention to be abolished and no alien to e naturalized until at least 90 days after

the filing of his petition. Fifth. Jurisdiction to naturalize allens to be confined to United States district courts and to such state courts as have jurisdiction in civil actions in which the amount in controversy is unlimited; in cities of over 100,000 inhabitants the United States district courts to have exdusive jurisdiction in the naturalization of the alien residents of such cities.

Public Land Laws.

Recommendations for changes in the public land laws are made, and in this connec

tion the president says: The creation of small irrigated farms under the reclamation act is a powerful offset to the tendency of certain other laws to foster or permit monopoly of the land. Under that act the construction of great jirrigation works has been proceeding rapidly and successfully, the lands reclaimed are eagerly taken up, and the prospect that the policy of national irrigation will accomplish all that was expected of it is bright. The act should be extended to include the state of Texas.

The reclamation act derives of its value from the fact that it tends to secure the greatest possible number of homes on the land, and to create communities of freeholders, in part by settlement on public land, in part by forcing the subdivision of private holdings before they can get water from government irrigation works. The law regulres that no right to the use of water for land in private ownership shall be sold for a tract exceeding 160 acres to any one land owner. This provision has excited active and powerful hostility, but the success of the law itself depends on the wise and firm enforcement of it. We cannot afford to substitute tenants for freeholders on the public domain.

The greater part of the remaining public lands cannot be irrigated. They are at present and will probably always be of greater value for grazing than for any other purpose. This fact has led to the grazing homestead of 640 acres in Nebraska and to the proposed extension of it to other states it is argued that a family cannot be supported on 160 acres of arid grazing This is obviously true: neither can a family be supported on 640 acres of much of the land to which it is proposed to apply the grazing homestead. To establish universally any such arbitrary limit would be un wise at the present time. It would probably result on the one hand in enlarging the holdings of some of the great land owners, and on the other in needless suffering and failure on the part of a very considerable pro-portion of the bona fide settlers who give faith to the implied assurance of the government that such an area is sufficient. The best use of the public grazing lands requires the careful examination and classification of these ands in order to give each settler land enough to support his family and no more. While this work is being e, and until the lands are settled. government should take control of the open range, under reasonable reg-untions suited to local needs, followopen range, under reasonable reging the general policy already in successful operation on the forest erves. It is probable that the present grazing value of the open public range is scarcely more than half what it once was or what it might easily be again under careful regulation.

The Immigration Question.

Several recommendations looking to hanges in the present immigration laws are made, and he suggests that United States government agents pass upon immigrants before they leave their native shores for this country. He also recommends such changes in the laws as would not work a hardship on the educated Chinese coming into or visiting this country, but without etting down the bars to the Chinese cooling abor, and in this connection he says:

But in the effort to carry out the policy of excluding Chinese laborers, Chinese coolles, grave injustice and wrong have been done by this nation to the people of China, and therefore ultimately to this na-tion liself. Chinese students, business and professional men of all kinds-not only merchants, but bankers, doctors, manufacturers, professors, travelers and the like-should be encouraged to come here and treated on precisely the same footing that we treat students, business men, travelers and the like of other nations. Our laws and treaties should be framed, not so as to put these people in the excepted classes, but to state that we will admit all Chinese, except Chinese of the coolle class, Chinese skilled or unskilled laborers. There would

not be the least danger that any such provision would result in any relaxation of the vision would result in any relaxation of the law about laborers. These will, under all conditions, be kept out absolutely. But it will be more easy to see that both justice and courtesy are shown, as they ought to be shown, to other Chinese, if the law or treaty is framed as above suggested. Examinations should be completed at the port of departure from China. For this purpose there should be provided a more adequate consular service in China than we now have. The appropriations, both for the have. The appropriations, both for the offices of the consuls and for the office forces in the consulates, should be increased.

Insular Possessions.

He treats at considerable length of conditions in the Philippines, and recommends that the coastwise laws of the United States as applied to the archipelago be sus-pended until July 1, 1809. He recommends the immediate fortification of Hawaii in order to conserve the interests of this country in the Pacific. He also advocates the adoption of legislation that will explicitly confer American citisenship on the people of Porto Rico, and on the general subject of insular affairs says:

I wish also to call the attention of the congress to one question which affects our insular possessions generally; namely, the need of an increased liberality in the treat-ment of the whole franchise question in these islands. In the proper desire to prevent the islands being exploited by specula-tors and to have them develop in the interest of their own people an error has been made in refusing to grant sufficiently lib-eral terms to induce the investment of American capital in the Philippines and in Porto Rico. Elsewhere in this message 1 have spoken strongly against the jealousy of mere wealth, and especially of corporate wealth as such. But it is particularly regrettable to allow any such jeafousy to be developed when we are dealing either with our insular or with foreign affairs. The big corporation has achieved its present position in the business world simply pecause it is the most effective instrument in business competition. In foreign affairs we cannot afford to put our people at a disadvantage with their competitors by in any way discriminating against the efficiency of our business organizations. In the same way we cannot afford to allow our insular possessions to lag behind in industrial development from any twisted jealousy of business success. It is, of course, a mere truism to say that the business interests of the islands will only be developed if it become the financial interest of somebody to develop them. Yet this development is one of the things most earnestly to be wished for in the interest of the islands themselves. We have been paying all possible heed to the political and educational interests of the islands, but, important though these objects are, it is not less important that we should favor their industrial development. The government can in certain ways help this directly, as by building good roads; but the fundamental and vital help must be given through the development of the industries of the islands, and a most officlent means to this end is to encourage big American corporations to start industries in them and this means to make it advantageous for them to do so. To I'mit the ownership of mining claims as has been done in the Philippines is absurd.

In treating of Alaska he asks that that territory be granted an elective delegate to congress, and of the territories of Okla-homa, Indian territory, New Mexico Arizona he says:

Admission to Statehood.

I recommend that Indian territory and Oklahoma be admitted as one state and that New Mexico and Arizona be admitted as one state. There is no obligation upon us to treat territorial subdivisions, which are matters of convenience only, as binding us on the question of admission to statehood. Nothing has taken up more time in the congress during the past few years than the question as to the statehood to be granted to the four territories above mentioned, and after careful consideration of all that has been developed in the discussions of the question I recommend that they be immediately admitted as two states. There is no justification for further delay; and the advisability of making the four territories into two states has been clearly established.

In some of the territories the legislative assemblies issue licenses for gambling. The congress should by law forbid this practice, the harmful results of which are obvious at a glance.

The Panama Canal.

He refers to the Panama canal, but aside from asking for an immediate appropria-tion does not give any recommendations as to other terislation at this time, but promises a later communication which shall contain the report of the board of engineers and his own conclusions as to the type of canal. On this subject he says: .

The American people is pledged to the speedlest possible construction of a canal adequate to meet the demands which the commerce of the world will make upon it, and I appeal most earnestly to the congress to aid in the fulfilment of the pledge. Gratifying progress has been made during the past year and especially during the past four months. The greater part of the necessary preliminary work has been done. Actual work of excavation could be only on a limited scale till the Canal Zone was made a healthful place to live in and to work in. The isthmus had to be sanitated first. This task has been so thoroughly accomplished that yellow fever has been virtually extirpated from the isthmus and general health conditions vastly improved. The same methods which converted the Island of Cuba from a pest hole, which menaced the health of the world, into a healthfu! place of abode, have been applied on the isthmus with satisfactory results. There is no reason to doubt that when the plans for water supply, paving and sewer-age of Panama and Colon and the large labor camps have been fully carried out, the isthmus will be, for the tropics, an unusually healthy place of abode. The work is so far advanced now that the health of all those employed in canal work is as well guarded as it is on similar work in this country and elsewhere.

In addition to sanitating the fathmus, satisfactory quarters are being provided for employes and an adequate system of supplying them with wholesome food at reasonable prices has been created. Hos-pitals have been established and equipped that are without superiors of their anywhere. The country has thus been made fit to work in, and provision has been made for the we fare and comfort of those who are to do the work. During the past year a large portion of the plant with which the work is to be done has been ordered. It is confidently believed that by cient proportion of this plant will have been installed to enable us to resume the work of excavation on a large scale.

What is needed now and without delay is an appropriation by the congress to meet the current and accruing expenses of the commission. The first appropriation of \$10,000,000, out of the \$185,000,000 authorized by the Spooner act, was made three years ago. It is nearly exhausted. There is barely enough of it remaining to carry the commission to the end of the year. Unless the congress shall appropriate before that time sil work must cease. To arrest progress for any length of time now, when mat-ters are advancing so satisfactorily, would be deplorable. There will be no money with which to meet pay-roll obligations and none with which to meet bills coming due for materials and supplies; and there will be demoralization of the forces, here and on the isthmus, now working so harm

and effectively, if there is delay in grant-ing an emergency appropriation.

The message closes with a recommenda-tion for more adequate provision for the work of the state department, and a readjustment of the salary list of our diplomatic

# TUMORS: EANQUERED

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Tumor.

The growth of a tumor is so aly that frequently its presence is not suspected until it is far advanced.



So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by profuse menstruation, accompanied by unusual pain, from the ovaries down the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation or dis-placement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation; secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound right away and begin its use.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., will give you her advice free of all charge if you will write her about yourself. Your letter will be seen by women only.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—
"I take the liberty to congratulate you on
the success I have had with your wonderful
medicine. Eighteen months ago my monthlies stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly that lies stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly that I submitted to a thorough examination by a physician and was told that I had a tumor on the uterus and would have to undergo an

on the uterus and would have to undergo an operation.

"Soon after I read one of your advertisements and decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. After trying five bottles as directed the tumor is entirely gone. I have been examined by a physician and he says I have no signs of a tumor now. It has also brought my monthlies around once more, and I am entirely weil."—Fannie D. Fox, 7 Chestnut Street. Beedford, Pa. Bredford. Pa.

#### AMUSING ADVERTISEMENTS.

An advertiser in a British magazine says: "Old artificial teeth bought. Call, or if forwarded by post, utmost value per return. Messrs, Smith, manufacturing dentists, Oxford street, London. Established 100 years."

From the London Morning Post: "Irish lady, much reduced income, would be most grateful to lady (young, medium size), who would give her left-off clothes to help her maintain social posttion; references. Address ---."

A notification appears in a Surrey (Eng.) newspaper from a Guildford to the increase in his business as sweep, he is "unable to accept musical engagements for public concerts, etc."

A tallor in Boston, Lincolnshire, England, has hit upon a novel advertise ment. He has painted a letter of his name on the back of each of ten tortoises and has placed the ten in the window of his shop. He offers a prize of ten dollars to the first person who sees the tortoises in a line, so arranged that the letters are in the order in which they appear in his name.

Of eccentric advertisements the London Chronicle remarks: "Probably to the end of time respectable women will want washing,' though it is bard to reconcile their respectability with their tack of personal cleanliness. Butchers, too, who are prepared to 'kill anything' when in search of employment, are well matched by the dealer who, wanting a salesman, predicates that he must be "alive when wanted."

THE "COFFEE HEART." It Is as Dangerous as the Tebacco o

"Coffee heart" is common to many coffee users and is tiable to send the owner to his or her long home if the drug is persisted in. You can run 30 or 40 yards and find out if your heart is troubled. A tady who was once a victim of the "coffee heart" writes

Whisky Heart.

from Oregon:
"I have been a habitual user of coffee all my life, and have suffered very much in recent years from allments which I became satisfied were directly due to the poison in the beverage, such as torpid liver and indigestion which in turn made my complexion

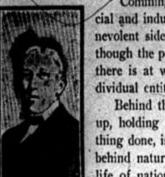
blotchy and muddy. "Then my heart became affected. It would beat most rapidly just after I drank my coffee, and go below normal as the coffee effect were off. Sometimes my pulse would go as high as 137 beats to the minute. My family were greatly alarmed at my condition and at last mother persueded me to begin

the use of Postum Food Coffee. "I gave up the old coffee entirely and absolutely, and made Postum my sole table beverage. This was 6 months ago, and all my ills, the indigestion, inactive liver and rickety heart action, have passed away, and my complexion has become clear and satural. The improvement set in very soon after I made the change, just as soon as the coffee rotson had time to

work out of my system.
"My husband has also been greatly nefited by the use of Postum, and we find that a simple breakfast with Pos-tum is as satisfying and more strengthming than the old heavier meal we used to have with the other kind of coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

### A United Church and the National Life

By JUDGE PETER S. GROSSCUP. United States Cheult Court, Chicago.



Commingled with the nation's political, commercial and industrial life, is what may be called the benevolent side of the nation's life. 'But here, too, although the possessing thought is the individual home, there is at work the modern process that draws individual entities into common action.

Behind the nation's life, moving it, lighting it up, holding it together, the primal source of everything done, is an unseen power. Like the great force behind nature, this primal unseen power behind the life of nations has shown itself in events. Up and down the coast of history, like headlands, these provi-

dential events stand out. The giving to this world of Lincoln was such an event. It was not accident that opened up to Lincoln the presidency. It was nothing less than providence transferred to the affairs of men. Ah! the unseen life! Bursting in upon us on every hand, silently but triumphantly, as the bud bursts out of the bark. But the church! A united church! What is its relation to this boundless national life, seen

More than any other institution of civilization, the church is the agency that injects equilibrium into the national life. Reaching back to the primal sources of that life, the church, more than any other institution known to mankind, balances and steadies them.

Why not take steps here, then, for the process going on everywhere else? Why not a uniting church? By a church uniting, I do not mean that there shall be massed into one common form, either the polity or the beliefs of the individual churches. I would leave the churches as they are, each with the chosen channel through which men seek communion with their Creator. But I would so adjust and balance and mass their influence upon the life of that nation, that here, as in the civil side of that life, while nothing was taken from the strength of the individual church, behind each individual church would be put the strength of all the churches.

Wherever the cross is seen, however absorbing may seem the affairs of mankind, it signalizes that God is still walking among men. And this banner is wide enough to include us all. The church needs to begin a new life, a life that in its width, its depth, its single heartedness approached, more nearly than was ever approached before, the boundless l love of man, the Divine concern brooding over the affairs of manighed; when man has learned how to live he is that gave to us the cross of Christ.

### A Departure in Public Tygiene

By MR. E. B. DeGROOT, Director Physical Training, South Park Commiss oners, Chicago.

nent homes in the large cities, the rapid development of these great business centers, and the specialization in all fields of labor give rise to many questions coacerning the preservation of the life and health of these people. Modern -St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The influx of people

who make their perma-

sanitation has done much to make the great city safe, or free from the spread of contagion and life destroying agencies. Caring for our people en masse with proper sanitation to caring for them individually with the hygienic agencies of exercise and bathing is but a short and logical

Our public schools are making provision for and are doing some excellent work in the conscious physical training of ch'ldren. This training, however, no matter how excellent, is inadequate. There must be extensive facilities for unconscious physical training and for bathing, if the problems of physical and social deterioration are to be met. Further, the vast majority of children leave school before the work in school physical training has produced results of more than tempor ary nature.

There is no more pitiable sight in our great cities than the boys and girls whose playtime has been cut short by the necessity for work in office, factory or shop,

The South Park commissioners of Chicago have endeavored to meet the problem, and have demonstrated in their systems of parks the possibility of park boards leading the way in matters of constructive public

The South Park commissioners are constructing, with special reference to density of population, location of schools and other important factors, 14 new parks ranging in size from 10 to 300 acres. In each of 12 of these parks a field house is erected, costing on an average, exclusive of equipment, \$90,000. Each field house contains separate gymnasiums for men and women, locker rooms and steel lockers, shower and plunge baths, an assembly hall, a refectory, offices, lavatories and toilet

The park contains a large open-air swimming pool, a ball field, tennis courts, running track with complete athletic and gynnestic equipment for boys and men; sand courts, wading pool and gymnastic and play apparatus for little children; also a special space set apart for the exclusive use of older girls and women, amply equipped with gymnastic and play apparatus.

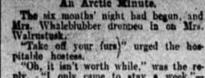
### College Hazing Comardly and Brutal

By DR. NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER. President of Columbia University.

Hazing is cowardly and brutal, and it does no good. As a general thing the freshman is nearly scared to death when he starts his college career. I know that I was. The suppression of college

rowdyism lies with the city authorities and with the faculty, but most of all with the students themselves. If students promote disorder in public streets and annoy citizens I believe that they should be handed over to the police. The university cannot be expected to protect them and to save them from the consequences of their acts. The problem of manners is one which will work itself out where there is a campus life. The university is a democracy. The standing of a student does not depend upon money or upon social position. He creates his own position in the campus democracy by what he is and what

The freshman is unser normal conditions soon introduced into a little world which is the counterpart of the one which he must eventually enter, and he soon finds out where he stands. If freshmen are too fresh, The Hoad to Wellville," in page the upper classmen will not submit to it.



worth while," was the re-

Nothing Doin'.

"What do you think of the political ituation?" queried the eigar drummer "I don't care to express en opinion, sir."
replied the dignified passenger.
"Pardon me," rejoined the c. d. "I
didn't know you were a married man. —
Unleago Daily News.

Cause and Effect. Tom-I started to propose to Miss Hoamley-Rich last evening, but I lost my

courage.

Dick—And didn't she help you out?

"No, but her father did: that's when I lost my courage."—Breaklyn Eagle.

Facts and Proof.

Hulett, Wyo., Dec. 4tn (Special).—An ounce of fact is worth a ton of theory, and it is evidence founded on fact that backs up every box of Doid's Kidney Pills. The evidence of people who know what they do. Mrs. Mary Taber, highly esteemed resident of Pulett, says:

"I know Dodd's Kidney Pills are a valuable medicine because I have used them. I took seven boxes and they

them. I took seven boxes and they cured me of a severe attack of Kidney Trouble. They relieved me from the first dose, and when I had finished the last box I had no pain and my Kidneys are

now acting properly."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are now recognized all over the world as the greatest Kidney Remedy science has ever produced. They cure Rheumatism, Drepsy, Gout, Lum-bago, Diabetes, Urinary and Bladder Troul les, Bright's Disease, and all disorders arising from any form of Kidney

Subtract from favors received, favors granted, and the balance—if any—measures Triendship." Ordinarily the balance on either side is never suffered to grow very arge.-St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Go East via the Nickel Plate Road. Lowest rates via the Nickel Plate Road and its eastern connections to all points in Eas ern and New England States. Three elegant through trains daily to Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Meals served in Dining Cars on the Individual Club Plan, at prices ranging from 35 cents to \$1.00. Also service a la carte. Luxurious Sleeping Cars on all trains. No excess fare charged on any train on the Nickel Plate Road, and service as good as the best. For full information regarding rates, connections, sleeping car reserva-tions, etc., address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

Life appears to be futile because just days learning how to die.-St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

When Baby Has the Croup use Hoxsie's Croup Cure. It prevents Pneu-monia and Diphtheria. No oplum: No nau-sea. 50 cents. A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

Some men are born great and keep great all their lives, while others who are born all right, become small and mean of their own accord.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago. Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Norwich, N. Y. Feb. 17, 1900.

Rope deferred maketh the git-rich-quick.

MERCILESS ITCHING.

Another Speedy Cure of an Itching Humor with Loss of Hair by the Cuticura Remedies.

"For two years my neek was covered with sores, the lumor spreading to my hair, which fell out, leaving an unsightly bald spot, and the soreness, inflammation, and merciless itching made me wild. Friends advised Culticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, and after a few applications the torment subsided, to my great joy. The sores soon disappeared, and my hair grew again, as thick and healthy as ever. I shall always recommend the Cuticura Remedies. (Signed) Harry J. Spalding, 104 West 104th street, New York City."

When Greek Meets Greek. The life insurance magnate smiled pen-

"I caught a burglar in my room last night," he said. "You did! Goodness!" "Yes. But I only got four dollars out of he poor fellow."—Cleveland Leader.

900 DROPS

Avegetable Preparation for As-

similating the Food and Regula-ting the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHIEDREN

Promotes Digestion.Cheerful-

ness and Rest.Contains neither

Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.

Pacing of Old Dr.SANUEL PITCHER

Aperfect Remedy for Constipa-

lion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea

Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-

ness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

de 4H Flateter.

NEW YORK.

At6 months old

S Doses - 35 CENTS

NOT NARCOTIC.

Pempin Scal-Az Saunt -Redolle Selly-

You can't get much of a show unless you have the price of admission.

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

over 70, am as active as a boy."

IN CONSTANT AGONY.

A West Virginian's Awful Distress

Through Kidney Troubles

W. L. Jackson, merchant, of Parkers-burg, W. Va., says: "Driving about in bad weather brought kidney troubles on une, and I suffered

my bed, and the doctors failing to help,

began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The

urine soon came freely again, and the

pain gradually disappeared. I have

been cured eight years, and though

twenty years with therp, cramping pains in the back and urin-

disorders. I often

bad to get up a dozen

times at night to urinate. Retention set in, and I was obliged to use the

catheter. I took to

The Kind You Have **Always Bought** 

Bears the

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER

Signature Thirty Years

# St. Jacobs Oil

is the short, sure. Rheumatism and Neuralgia

It penetrates to the seat of torture, and relief promptly follows. Price, 25c, and 50c.



trees from Dyspepsia, In-digestion and Too Hearty ing. A perfect remdy for Dizzin Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They

egulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

wine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* NOT YOUR HEART

If you think you have heart disease you are only one of a countless number that are deceived by indigestion into believing the heart is

Lane's Family Medicine the tonic-laxative, will get your

stomach back into good condition, and then the chances are ten to one that you will have no more symptoms of heart disease.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 5oc. -----

CARMS

THIS COUPON IS GOOD FOR \$1.00 ON PURCHASE FREE Upon receipt of your name

Address GOOD FOR ONE DOLLAR PURCHASE

Druggist's Name His Address

And toe in stamps or silver to pay postage we will mail you a sample free, if you have never used Mull's-Grape Tonic, and will also mail you a certificate good for one dollar toward the purchase of more Tonic from your

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 147 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

CONSTIPATION AND STOMACH TROUBLE

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC

the natural, strengthening, harmless remody that builds up the lismes of your digestive organe and puts your whole system in splendid condition to overcome all attacks. It is very pleasant to take. The children like it and it does them great good.

So cont, 50 cont and 51.00 bottles at all druggiest. The 51.00 bottle contains about six times as much as the 50 cent bottle and about three times as much as the 50 cent bottle. There is a great saving in puying the 51.00 size.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 147 Third Ave., Rock Island, III.





PATENTS 45 page book recreived in heat reference in the state of the s

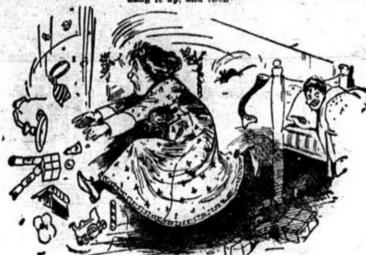
ON FILE IN CHICAGO NEW YORK A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO.

A. N. K .- A 2108

#### Don't Fool with Santa Claus.



(1) Hilarious Harry. I'll just put this live mouse into my stocking before I hang it up, and then-





### CERESOTA FLOUR

Enjoys the reputation of

being the best Flour on the market. Sold only by

### C. MALONEY & CO.



Everything in the line of

Flour, and Front it lowest

Try My Others.

Grip and Colds; why not try my other wasted much scholarship in efforts to Specifics?-Dr. HUMPHREYS.

Cures for Asthma, for Headaches, ing Cough, for Dyspepsia, for Kidney and Urinary Diseases, for Piles, for varied forms of Women's Complaints, for Infants' Diseases, for Rheumatism and Lumbago, for Skin Eruptions and for other diseases. Specifics 25c each at druggists.

had at your Druggists or mailed free.

Why Slave Longer?

I can offer you an investment for a moderate out lay that will put you on on the road to wealth. Call on or address JNO. E. TODD, 612 Ludington St. Bell phone, 630.

HENRY WAGON WORKS.

A. J. HENRY, Prop.

WAGONS, SLEIGHS and

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING.

Horseshoeing a Specialty.

All Kinds of Rubber Tires

Parm Machinery, Saw Mills and Steam Engines.

# Monaghan's Book Stores

**NEW BOOKS** 

THE LATEST NOVELS

A full line of Stationery and Office Supplies, Bibles. Testaments, Hymnals and Prayer Books. The latest in "proper form" ladies' Stationery

THE LATEST NOVELS

NEW BOOKS

ONAGHAN'S BOOK STORE OPEN POST Office

THE RED BONES.

Possilar Tines of People Who Live

"Have you ever heard of a class of ople called 'red bones?" said a outh Carolina man to a reporter the other evening." "They are the most pe culiar people in the Umted States. No one living absolutely knows the race from which they swrang or from whence the original settlers came. They live very nearly on the boundary line between South Carolina and Georgia. in the northwestern part of the first named state. They are very clannish mix very little with people not of their race and in a manner are quite thrifty. In slavery times they owned slaves. visited the several summer resorts of the southern mountains and in a way put on quite a little style. While I have nothing but supposition to guide me, I am of the opinion that they are descendants of the Basques of southern France. They do not lack courage, for a company of them served in Hampton's legion during the civil war and bore themselves bravely at the first Manassas. Their skin is of a swarthy red, resembling that of the Indian, but at that point all resemblance ceases. except it be that they are very bot of temper. I have often wondered why the ethnologists of this country have not studied these people. Surely monograph on them would be highly interesting."- Washington Star.

A Oritical Moment.

A man may be as cool as an icicle ander extraordinary circumstances of danger or excitement. He may preperve an even mind when a ghost comes into his room at midnight. He may assume command and act nobly and well when the ship is sinking. But let that man, let any man, upset his inkstand, and he springs to his feet, makes a desperate grasp for the ink stand and knocks it half way across the table, claws after his papers and swoops them through the sable puddle to save them, tears his white handker chief from his pocket and mops up the ink with it and after he has smeared the table, his bands and his trousers with ink as far as it could be made to go discovers that early in the engage ment he knocked the inkstand clear of the table and it has been draining its life ink away all that time in the center of the only light figure in the pettern of the carpet. Then he wonders why a man always makes a fool of bimself when he upsets a bottle of ink He doesn't know why. Nobody knows why. But every time it is so. If you don't believe it, try it.

Adam's Birthday.

Formerly Oct. 23 was regarded as Adam's birthday. Theologians of the You have tried "Seventy-seven" for sixteenth and seventeenth centuries settle both the manner and the date of creation. Dr. John Lightfoot, vice chanfor Neuralgia, for Croup, for Whoopof European reputation, published a statement to the effect that, after years of research, he had succeeded in discovering the precise moment when the earth "rose out of chaos" and man made his appearance upon it. This learned divine declared that "heaven and earth, center and circumference, Consult Dr. Humphreys' Books to be were created all together in the same instant and clouds full of water," and that "this work took place and man was created by the Trinity on Oct. 23, 4004 B. C., at 9 o'clock in the morning."

Alexander's Miserable End.

At a period when most men who sue ceed are just beginning to mount the arst stepping stone of success Alexander the Great was at the summit of his power. With a trained force of less than 40,000 men he had over run all of what was then considered the civilized part of Asia and also Egypt. He over threw army after army immeasurably his superior in numbers so swiftly that the world was dazzled by the rapidity, scope and magnitude of his achieve ments. He was looked upon as a sort of demigod. And yet even he was sighing because there were no more worlds to conquer, He perished miserably after a prolonged debauch. His mighty empire melted like a mist under the duence of the rising sun and his life work went apparently for nothing.

He Didn't Buy.

"Wani, some ways I'd like to an' some ways I guess I wouldn't," said conest Farmer Bentover when the suave dispenser of encyclopedias had paused in his siren song. "Ye see, if I was to sign fer that 'ere cyclopedee in forty-seven parts, includin' the index an' appendicitis, I'm sorter afraid I'd hey to work so hard to pay fer it thei I'd be too tired to enjoy readin' it, while if I read it at my lessure, as I'd ort to, in order to git the good of it, I wouldn't hev time to earn the price. So, all things considered, I guess I'll hev to deny myself the privilege, as it were. Looks sorter like rain off to the-corthwest, don't it?"—Judge.

A Stumper.
"Papa," said Tommy Treedway.
"Now, Tommy," replied Mr. Treedway, "I shall only answer one more question today. So be careful what

'ou ask." "Yes, pape."
"Well, go on." "Why don't they bury the Dead

Macouraging Conces "De you think you could be happy with a man like me?" said Willie Wish-

ington earnestly.

"Oh, you" answered Miss Cayenne after a pause, "I think so—if he wasn't too much like you."—Washington Star.

Satural Sequence, seems down on everybody these What's the matter, do you

ABOUT THE MARRYING AGE.

Great Variation Shows in Averages of Different Nations-Americans and Russians Marry Early.

There is far less variation in the age at which men enter upon matrimony than there is in the ages at which the opposite sex take the plunge. The highest age is reached in Swedan and the lowest in the United States, 26%. Among women it is also highest in Sweden, 28 years, and lowest in Russia, 22. Some countries, says an exchange, åx a minimum marriage age, below which a marriage cannot be lawfully performed. In most parts of Germany it is fixed at 21 for the bridegroom and 18 for the bride. In England it is 16 and 15 respectively. In France it is 18 and 15 respectively.

in the United States, where fixed it is usually 21 for the men, the exceptions being California, Tennessee, Utah and idaho, and for women, usually 18, except in Maryland, California and Tennessee. The European country in which there is the largest number of marriages of men under the age of 21 is Russia and the largest proportionate number of brides under the age of 21 is in Russia also. Generally speaking, the marriageable age is lowest in rural districts and in countries chiefly devoted to agriculture, and highest in those countries which have the largest number of big cities. In respect to marriages made late in life France, among European countries, stands first as to men and Belglum first as to women.

FOR RENT-Five desirable rooms at 605 S. Charlotte St. Inquire at premises.

#### NOTICE

First pub. Dec 9, last pub. Jan. 20, 1906. STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court

for the County of Delta in Chancery. Josephene Casquenette / Suit vending in the
Complainent
Vs.
Peter Casquenette
Complainent
On Peter Casquenette
Complainent
On Peter Casquenette
Complainent
On Peter Casquenette
Complainent
Of December A. D. 1905.
In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file,

that the Defendant Peter Casquine to is not a resident of the State of Michigan but resides at Perry Sound in the Province of Ontario in the Dominion of Canada.

On motion of C. D. McEdwen complainent's solicitor it is ordered that the said defendant Peter Casquenette cause his appearance to be entered herein, within four months from the date of this order and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainent's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy of said complainant's solictor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill

And it is Further Ordered, That within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Iron Port a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on sald non-restdent defendant at least twenty days from the

C. D. MCEWEN, J W. STONE, Escanaba, Mich.

Mortgage Sale.

First pub. Nov. 11, 1996, last pub. Feb. 3, 1906. Whereas default has been made in the pay-ment of the money secured by a certain mortgage dated the first day of August in the year A. D. 1901, executed by John St. John and Marcellue St. John, his wife, of the Township of Naticense of John Hardy, Michigan, to John Beauchamp of the Dominion of Canada, in the Province of Quebec, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of of the County of Delta, in Liber T of Mortgages on page 109,on the 6th day of August, X. D. 1901,

at five o'clock p. m.

And whereas, the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is the sum of two hundred and fifty-one dollars (\$251) principal and interest and the further sum of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) as an attorney fee, provid ed for in sald morgage, making a total of twohundred and sixty-six dollars (\$266,00) which is the total amount claimed to be due and unpaid on sald mortgage, and no suit or proceeding naving been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, whereby the power of sale contained in sald mortgage has become

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, in sald mortgage obtained and in pursuance of the statute in such case and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein des-eribed, at public auction, to the highest bidder at the front door of the court house, in the city of Escanaba in said County of Delta and State of Michigan (that being the place wherein the circuit court for the county of Deita is held) on the 6th day of February, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows, to wit:—The East half (%) of the North-west quarter. (%) of Section Thirty-six (36) Town duarter (3) of Section Inity-six (30) fown Thirty-nine (30) North, Range Ninteen (19) West in the Township of Fairbanks, Delta County, Michigan containing eighty acres more or less according to the United States Government survey thereof. Dated, November 10th, 1906.

I. C. JENNINGS, Atty. for Mortgagee. JOHN BRAUCHAMP, l'ashess address: Escapaba, Michigan

#### NOTICE.

First pub. Oct. 7, fast Nov. 18, 1903, STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court

rot the County of Delta in Chancery.

Suit pending is the Circuit
Court for the County of
Delta in Chancery, it the
Court for the County of
Delta in Chancery, at the
City of Escanaba in said
County on the 27 th day of
September A. D. 1905. John Rolder Defendant.

In this cause it appearing from anidavit on file, that the defendant John Rolder is not a rest-lent of this State but resides at Melleu in the State of

On motion of C. D. McEwen complainant's sol-citor it is ordered that the said defendant John letter it is ordered that the said defendant John Boi ler cause his appearance to be entered herein, within four months from the date of this order and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complimant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solictor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said non-resident defendant.

defendant.

And it is Further Ordered, That within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Iron Fort a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least cace in each week for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

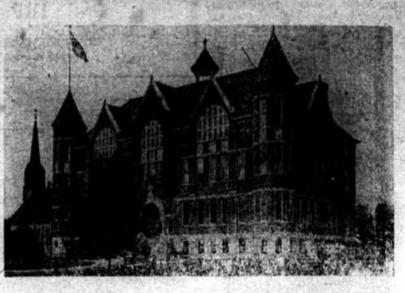
C. D. McEWER,

Bolictor for Complainant.

Circuit Judge

### ST. NORBERT'S GOLLEGE

WEST DE PERE, WIS. UP-TO-DATE BUSINESS COLLEGE.

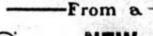


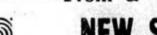
Fine healthful location, pure water from our own artesian well 800 feet deep, extensive grounds. Catholic boarding school for boys and young men. Courses: Classical, Business and Preparatory. Diplomas given for shorthand, typewriting and book-keeping. Athletics. Terms moderate. Apply for catalogue to Box 35, St. Norbert's College, West De Pere, Wis.

Cultivate the Heart and Mind and Develop the Body.

### →FRESH GROCERIES









That's What Our Customers Receive at

### West End Gro. Store

327 Stephenson Ave. Bell 'phone 455.

We are just nicely started in business and everything on our shelves is fresh and new.

We are constantly increasing our stock and have now a complete line of groceries and fruits.

We make it a point to fill your orders promptly. If too busy to call use the phone.

West End Grocery Stre, ED. BURNS, Prop.

### ALL KINDS OF CADM DDADEDTI

FOR SALE

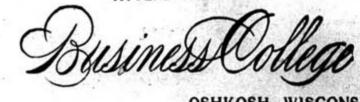
In Delta and Menominee Counties

All kinds of farm property for sale at prices all the way from a few hundred dollars to \$10,000, sold on easy terms. The very best of soil, as good soil as can be had most anywhere. These farms are improved and can be had with everything included horses, cattle, machinery and crop. City property exchanged for farms.

# Jacob Jepsen,

Jepsen Block Escanaba.

ATTEND WILLIAMS



OSHKOSH. WISCONSIN.

### GROCERIES \* PROVISIONS

COMPLETE LINE ALWAYS IN STOCK

F. M. ST. JACQUES

# K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K