

# THE IRON PORT.

New York  
Blockbuster, Wis

THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, NOV. 4, 1905.

NUMBER 45

## COLLISION FATALITY.

### Daniel Chaison Instantly Killed in Railway Accident Tuesday Night

### PETER GENIESSEE HURT.

#### Hand Car Was Run Down By Engine in Northwestern Yards. Mr. Genies- see's Condition Critical.

Daniel Chaison, one of the oldest employes of the Northwestern road, was killed in an accident in the railroad yards Tuesday afternoon shortly before six o'clock when a hand car with six men upon it collided with an engine. Peter Geniessee, one of the oldest men on the car, was seriously if not fatally injured and yet lies in a very critical condition. The four other men on the car were able to save themselves by jumping just before the collision took place.

Mr. Chaison who has been section foreman for the Northwestern road through a period of 37 years, was returning with the crew from construction work on the road. When near the Oliver Mining company's ore crushing plant an engine of which Chris Buckley was engineer, bore down upon the car so quickly that a collision could not be averted. Mr. Chaison and Mr. Geniessee, both well along in years, were unable to jump in time. Just where the responsibility rests for the accident is not yet determined. It is said that there was a red light upon the car but it could scarcely be seen on account of a fall of snow which occurred at that time. Engineer Buckley saw the light on the car too late to stop the engine. Mr. Chaison was 74 years of age and is survived by a wife and one son, Charles Chaison.

Mr. Geniessee was severely injured about the head and did not regain consciousness for many hours after the accident.

## PRISONERS SENTENCED

### Five go to Marquette and Three to County Jail.

On Wednesday eight prisoners who were found guilty of criminal offenses received sentences before Judge Stone in the circuit court. Five of the prisoners go to Marquette prison and three who have been convicted of minor offenses remain at the county jail.

Clarence Londo, found guilty of rape was sentenced to the Marquette prison for a term of not more than fifteen and not less than seven years with the recommendation that the maximum term be ten years.

Charles Bruno, who pleaded guilty to a criminal charge preferred by his eighteen year old daughter, to a term not more than fifteen years and not less than five years at the state prison at Marquette, with the recommendation that the maximum term be seven years.

Harvey Bellis and Alfred Lewis, found guilty of burglary of a store at Gladstone, to not more than fifteen years at the state prison at Marquette with the recommendation that the maximum term be three years for each of the prisoners.

Joseph Powers, charged with being disorderly, to not more than two years and not less than one year at the Marquette state prison and with a maximum term placed at fifteen months.

John Horrigan charged with criminal offense and found guilty by a jury of a simple assault and battery, ninety days in the county jail.

George Boddy and Joseph Laucusa, charged with robbery and found guilty of simple assault and battery by jury, thirty days each in the county jail.

## Marriage Licenses

Marriage licenses were issued by the county clerk to the following couples this week: Joseph Gagnon and Ella Valind; Charles Swanson and Annie Carlson; Claes E. Hoberg and Anna Francson; Fred Lindberg and Hilma Wickstrom, all of whom live in Escanaba; and Jerome Greer and Alice Boda of Newhall.

## Embs Makes Good

William Embs, of this city, who is now studying law at the University of Michigan, is doing creditable work on the University foot ball team and has already played as a regular in several of the games this season, the most important game being that between Michigan and Nebraska. In the game with Albion, a short time ago, Embs turned one of his ankles and has since been on the hospital list. He is improving fast however, and will probably be in shape when the big games take place, the latter part of the month.

A full set of teeth for \$10.00 at Dr. W. A. W.

## OLD RESIDENT DEAD

### Mrs. Bridget Mulcahey Passed Away at the Home of Her Daughter.

After an illness extending over a period of two years Mrs. Bridget Mulcahey died Tuesday night at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Michael Flemming at 1311 Ayer street.

Mrs. Mulcahey was seventy-three years of age and is survived by two children both of whom live in Escanaba. She had lived in Escanaba for many years and was well known to all of the old residents of the city.

Funeral services were held at St. Patrick's church Thursday morning at nine o'clock.

## CHURCH ORGANIZED

### Union Church at Wells Becomes Union Congregational Church.

The organization of the Union Congregational church at Wells was effected last Sunday when the steps taken by the friends of the church at Wells were reviewed by the ecclesiastical council which met for that purpose on Sunday afternoon. The church was declared duly organized and fifty-one members were received into the church. Twenty-six were by letter and twenty-five by confession of faith. Baptism was administered to these men. Rev. Allison, of the Rapid River congregational church, preached to a large audience Sunday morning. Rev. Dr. W. H. Warren, state superintendent of Home Mission, and Rev. G. C. Empson, of Gladstone, made short addresses at the afternoon session. Rev. Tolbert who has been pastor of the Union church will continue to act as pastor for the newly organized Union Congregational church.

## Will Receive Reward

Adolph Gouley, who found the body of Duncan MacGregor in the Menominee river, has been assured that he will receive the reward of \$1,000 offered for the discovery of MacGregor, dead or alive. Gouley is said to deserve the reward, for when he caught the body with his pike pole and called out that he had a "drowned man," his companions insisted that he was mistaken, saying that it was a stump or big root. A little further examination showed that Gouley was right. The body was recovered just above a log jam and had it not been picked up at that time would have been washed under the jam and torn to pieces. Then the mystery of MacGregor's disappearance would never have been solved.

## TROUBLE FOR THE HUNTERS

### Railroads Give Lower Michigan Crowd the Ioy Mitt-Shrewd Scheme of Jackson Nimrods.

Lower Michigan hunters who visit the upper peninsula this year in quest of deer will be compelled to pay full fare both going and coming, if the railroads hold fast to the policy recently agreed upon at a meeting of the passenger agents of Michigan railways. Hereafter no hunters' tickets will be issued on which a reduced rate given below the straits of Mackinac, the railways insisting that full fare must be paid. Excursion rates will be given after the hunters reach the straits, however, but the fare at this end of the line amounts to a very small percentage of the gross fare. Hereafter the railways have been liberal in granting rates to hunters going north, but they figure that the practice was ill advised, and they will carry just as many hunters at the regular fare as they did at reduced rates.

A party of 150 Jackson deer hunters who make annual visits to the upper peninsula, camping near the station of Eckerman on the South Shore, envolved a plan to take advantage of an apparent inconsistency in the railway tariff from Jackson to the station named. This year they will cut expenses about \$600 in the matter of transportation. County Clerk Cunningham of Jackson investigated and found that the fare from Jackson to Eckerman via the Michigan Central and Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic is \$21.60, while from Ray, a water tank place in Indiana, it is only \$17.70. The train leaving Ray passes through Jackson, so the tickets purchased at Ray could be used. The agent at Ray is now busy selling tickets to Jackson hunters each purchaser being saved nearly \$4.

## Mail Pouch was Rifled

A mail pouch was lost or stolen from the wagon while enroute to the Soo depot at Rhineland Wednesday morning. The postal authorities knew nothing of the loss until Monday morning, when they were notified by wire from St. Paul. The thief only took the cash from the pouch and left checks and postal matters.

## Christian Science

Christian Science services are held every Sunday morning at 10:30, and Wednesday evening at 7:30 over Novack's jewelry store, 806 Ludington street, in the rooms at the rear end of hall. Subject for Sunday: "Mortals and Immortals." All are cordially invited.

## MANY TEACHERS IN ATTENDANCE

### Teachers' Institute Was Held in This City Four Days This Week.

## MANY TOPICS DISCUSSED

### Prof. J. H. Kaye of Marquette Norma And Prof. C. T. Graun of Mt. Pleasant Normal School Were in Attendance

One of the most successful institutes from the viewpoint of work accomplished, took place in this city, the last four days of this week.

Besides the inspiration which such a meeting would be to teachers, the lectures and talks upon educational topics given by those in charge will undoubtedly prove very helpful.

Prof. J. H. Kaye, principal of the Marquette Normal conducted the institute. Prof. C. T. Graun of the Mt. Pleasant Normal acted as instructor, with P. R. Legg, county commissioner of schools, as local committee and assistant instructor.

Yesterday Supt. F. D. Davis of the Escanaba schools and Miss Watson took part in the program.

Fully ninety per cent of all the county teachers were enrolled at the institute. Sixty-one in the county outside of Gladstone and Escanaba were enrolled by Thursday and it was expected that many teachers from these cities would enroll yesterday and make the attendance about one hundred twenty-five.

The institute work consisted mainly of short talks by Prof. Kaye, and Prof. Graun. On Thursday P. R. Legg gave a talk on Truancy Law, Teacher's Examinations, Township and County Officers and Reports.

Following are some of the topics that received attention at the Institute.

The Teacher and the Community.  
The Coming Teacher.  
Practical Psychology.  
How to Study.  
Composition Teaching.  
Language Teaching.  
The Physical Nature of the Child.  
Relative Value of Common School Studies.  
Some Conditions of Success in Teaching.  
The School and the Child.  
Some Evidences of a Good School.

## PRIMARY SCHOOL MONEY

### Nearly \$2,000,000 Will Be Distributed by State This Month.

The state will distribute about \$1,800,000 in primary school money November 10. The apportionment will be made at the rate of \$2.70 per capita, making \$3.20 apportioned during the year. The sum is 15 cents per capita more than was apportioned last year.

## FREE-FOR-ALL FIGHT

### Woodsmen Come to Blows Near Maple Ridge. Three in the Hospital

A number of woodsmen indulged in a free-for-all fight near Maple Ridge Sunday night with the result that three of the number became candidates for the hospital. The three men arrived at the hospital Monday. James Nelson had his lower limbs badly torn with fine bird shot. Alfred Peterson had his ear nearly bitten off and Peter Swanson sustained a bitten cheek and bruises about the face.

Knives, clubs, a shot gun are said to have been used in the fight. The men were intoxicated and this fact is probably responsible for the fight as the three injured men were apparently friendly enough after they arrived in this city.

## Truants Back—No Foot Ball.

The members of the Marquette high school foot ball team, suspended for truancy have been allowed to resume their studies, but are recorded as having failed in their work for a month. This will cancel all their scheduled games and puts the team out of the running for the peninsula championship.

## Raise Wages

Beginning Nov. 1, the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company will pay \$1 per cord for wood cutting in its camps on the Munsing railway, the increase being ten cents per cord in advance of the old price which has been in effect several years. The increase was voluntary, the men having no knowledge of the proposed advance until so informed by the men in charge of the woods operations for the company.

FOR SALE—Four horse power steam engine and boiler and fixtures in good condition. Inquire at Iron Port office.

## HUNTING ACCIDENT

### Frank Groos Receives Charge of Shot in His Left Arm

Frank Groos, a well-known farmer of Groos, sustained a severe accident while out hunting last Sunday that may result in the loss of part of his arm. A charge of bird shot from his gun entered his left arm above the wrist and crushed the bones so badly that it is not known whether the arm can be saved. The discharge of the gun was accidental and occurred when Mr. Groos allowed the gun to slip to the ground while he was putting on his clothes. The hammer struck against a log and caused the discharge. Mr. Groos escaped from more serious injury and possibly death was narrow as the charge tore away his clothing to the skin on the right side of the abdomen just missing the intestines. Mr. Groos was hunting for partridges with his brother Peter Groos, and the two had separated a short time before the accident occurred.

## FELL FROM WAGON

### William Lyaugh of Maywood Sustained Severe Injury From a Fall.

William Lyaugh, a well known farmer who lives a few miles east of Maywood lies at the Delta County hospital in a critical condition as the result of a fall which he received last Saturday. He was riding on a load of grain when he slipped and fell to the ground. His body struck the ground in such a way that the vertebrae in the back of the neck became dislocated. An operation was necessary to treat the injured parts and the recovery of the patient is not certain. Mr. Lyaugh was unable to get up after the accident and lay on the ground in the snow for two hours until help arrived.

## SECURING DEEDS

### Menominee—Escanaba Line has Many Deeds for its Right-of-Way

Three hundred and sixty-nine deeds issued for the right-of-way of the Menominee-Escanaba Interurban line. The land for which these deeds have been issued has all been purchased and paid for by the officials of the road.

The engineers state that at Talbot there is an aged man by the name of Birch who has the remains of his wife and one of his children buried on his land. The line of the road would pass directly over the graves and the man absolutely refuses to sell so the course of the road will have to be changed to avoid the private cemetery, as this is one section of land the railroad men are restricted by law from crossing.

## Full Schedule Announced

The complete schedule of games for the Escanaba high school foot ball team was received from the officials of the Upper Peninsula Interscholastic Athletic association this week. The schedule is as follows:

Nov. 4, Escanaba against Menominee in Escanaba.  
Nov. 11, Winner of Menominee-Escanaba game against Bessemer.  
Nov. 18, Winner of Bessemer game against winner of Ishpeming-Ironwood game, which will be played on Saturday.

## LAWSON DENIES REPORT

### He Has Not Sued Horace Stevens for Libel, as Was Alleged

In response to inquiries concerning the Associated Press report to the effect that Thomas W. Lawson had sued Horace Stevens for libel, Mr. Lawson said: "In regard to the Associated Press story that I have sued one Horace Stevens for libel, I wish to say that I never heard of Stevens. I have never heard of anything he has said of me and I have brought no suit against him. He must be some fellow who is looking for free advertising."

## MISTAKEN FOR A BEAR

### John McAllister Killed Wednesday Night Near Maple Ridge.

John McAllister was shot and killed Wednesday night at Campbell's Switch near Maple Ridge. William Bridges, a brother-in-law of Mr. McAllister, fired the fatal shot, mistaking his brother-in-law for a bear.

The shooting occurred in the evening. Bridges and two companions were walking along a road when they noticed a dark object moving along ahead of them. Bridges feeling sure that it was a bear raised his rifle and fired and was horrified to find that he had made a mistake and killed his brother-in-law. Mr. McAllister was thirty-six years of age and leaves a wife and six children in lower Michigan.

## A Heavyweight Girl.

The heaviest girl in the world is Mada Milmoite of Kentucky, fifteen years old and weighing 270 pounds. She has gained eighty-four pounds in the last three years. She is exceedingly active physically and mentally as bright as any girl of her age. Her father and mother are of normal weight and her sister and brother of less than ordinary size.

## WAS A GREAT SUCCESS

### St. Patrick's Annual Fair Came to a Close Tuesday Night.

## LONG LIST OF PRIZES.

### Exact Amount of Receipts Not Yet Known But Sum Will Be Larger Than Last Year.

St. Patrick's annual fair which came to a close Tuesday night was one of the most successful events ever undertaken by the congregation. The exact proceeds of the fair cannot be given yet but the sum is larger than last year.

"Every part of the fair proved to be a success and I wish to thank all who in any way aided in making the undertaking what it was said Father Langan. I wish to thank particularly the officers of the First National bank for the use of the Rathbon building, the Michigan State Telephone company for courtesies extended, the Escanaba Water company, the officials in charge of the municipal lighting plant, Grinnell Brothers, the Sterling Electrical company, J. A. Burns, The Ed. Erickson company and J. A. Allo who assisted in decorating, John M. Hartnett for strenuous work and the young women, men and babies who took part in the contests. All bills incurred by the fair should be presented to me at once itemized, and the final financial result will then be known."

Miss Nona Gallery was the winner of the ring contest which was held to determine the most popular young lady in Delta county. Miss Anna Schmidt was also a strong claimant for the honor.

In the doll contest, in which Baby Esther Hessel and baby Madeline Burke were the contestants, Esther Hessel was the winner receiving a total of 1168 votes, while baby Burke received 1123.

In the cane contest for the most popular man in Delta county John Cumminskey won by a large majority over D. A. Oliver.

Following are the prize winners announced today:

House and carriage etc. ticket 327, Jos. Wickert.

\$5.00 China Dinner Set ticket 1768, Wm. P. Carroll.

Ton coal, ticket 3711 John Tevens, Wells.

Cord wood, ticket 2412 Mrs. J. H. McCarthy.

\$30.00 overcoat, ticket 4332, Mrs. Kate Snyder.

Ton coal, ticket 4010, H. J. Robertson.

Barrel flour, ticket 1294 Mrs. James Gray.

Lace curtains, ticket 3392 M. Shea Marquette.

Rocking chair, ticket 431 Catherine Sharp.

Ton coal, ticket 6201 Herman Peltier, Wells.

\$5.00 shoes, ticket 45, Jas. P. Brady.

\$25.00 ring, ticket 1470 Mrs. Wm. Daniels.

Parlor Lamp, ticket 3266, W. M. Kelly Chicago.

Ton coal, ticket 2231, James Champ.

\$30.00 suit, ticket 4251 E. J. Norous.

\$5.00 shoes, ticket 2854 A. J. Mauley.

Cord wood, ticket 1462 Clara Carrody, Chicago.

Bath tub, ticket 4391, Frank Skopp.

Pair slippers, ticket 4004, H. J. Robertson.

Rug, ticket 5647, Mrs. J. O'Reilly, Marquette.

Sack flour, ticket 6148, A. Wink, Green Bay.

Suit Pattern, ticket 3081, J. P. Miller.

Ton coal, ticket 1064 John McGurn.

Pair shoes, ticket 4482, E. L. Vandewiele.

Violin, ticket 2710, Louis M. Labay.

Sack flour, ticket 6141, A. Wink, Green Bay.

Ton coal, ticket 590, J. J. Corcoran.

Bath tub, ticket 241, Mrs. F. J. Bryne.

Piano spread, ticket 2257, Jos. Lando.

Pair bicycle tires, ticket 2857, A. J. Mauley.

Barrel flour, ticket 3140, Wm. Staenke, Wells.

Toilet case, ticket 3585, Charlotte O'Meara.

Suit pattern, ticket 6128, Rev. Jos. Neumair, Menominee.

Rocker, ticket 4942, Arthur Fagan.

Silver set, ticket 3369, Mrs. K. McCauley.

Bicycle, ticket 4905, Chas. Nelson, Iron Mountain.

Pig, ticket 8066, John Paoevez, N. Escanaba.

\$10.00 cash, ticket 48, A. J. Bodly.

Library set, A. Gamache.

Steel range F. J. Genesee.  
Gold watch Catherine Dumas.  
Bed room set, Charles Olson.  
A. O. H. Rocker, Joseph Hess.  
Davenport, Elsie Stenhouse.  
Dining Room set, Hoster Yockey.  
Burns' Rug, Dan Hodson.  
Cash of wine, John Corbett.  
Buffet, T. H. Shaw.  
Erickson rug, Mrs. Frank Winegar.  
Kratze suit, D. O'Donnell.  
\$10.00, P. J. Lyons.  
Gordon Bus. College scholarship.  
Geo. Beath.

Jackson suit pattern, F. J. Bryne.  
Miss Leary Fur Collar, Mrs. B. D. Winegar.

China tea set, Father Rezek Houghton.

Belmore Bay Gold W. Vassaw.  
Wicket's horse, Jas. Finn Wells.

Point lace handkerchief, Mrs. Robinson.

Ephraim & Morrell suit pattern, Mick Early.

Silk umbrella, G. H. Gray.  
Lemonade pitcher, Mary Dineen.

Cox doll, Isabel Winegar.  
Watson doll, P. H. Connell.

Lockey doll, Isabel Winegar.  
Killian Pillow, Mattie McCarthy.

Corcoran pillow, Donald Cleary.  
Cleary pillow, Anna Schmidt.

Moran Pillow, Mrs. F. Gallagher.  
K. of C. Pillow, F. L. Winegar.

Kraves and f.n.k.s, Joseph Lando.  
Two sacred pictures, Daisy Pryal.

Carving set, John Gorman.  
Cleary cut glass, J. K. Stack, Jr.

Rose Picture, E. J. Vandewiele.  
Lunch cloth, T. H. Shaw.

Kennedy pillow, Mrs. J. O'Meara.  
Charles Drawnwork, Mrs. J. McGuire, Ford River.

Sacred Heart painting, J. Vassaw.  
Cuff Box, Jerry Gallagher.

Baby caps, J. Curran.  
Dress, Mrs. Hodson.

Leather bag, J. H. Fisher.  
Point lace collar, C. Latave.

Painted plate, J. W. Lawson.  
Painted celery dish, Henry Dart.

Cut glass, B. Charest.  
Rug, John Cumminskey.

Oil painting, Catherine Rutber.  
Lace pillow slips, Mrs. Hodson.

Painted plate, Mrs. Shipman.  
Painted tea set, Mrs. John Gorman.

Painted plate, Miss Killian.  
Painted plate Mrs. M. E. Main.

Painted plate, George Wink.  
Sailor doll, Kathleen Connors.

O'Connell spoons Mrs. D. McCauley.  
Silver set, Pat Gallagher, Norris.

Fogarty China, Kate McCauley, Norris.

Twin dolls, Miss M. Coffey.

Ring John Cumminskey.  
Dinner Set, Mrs. D. McCauley.

Silver Set, Mrs. D. McCauley.  
Pillow, Geo. Wink.

Marquette Gold stock, Father Langan.  
There were also five or six others but as the drawings were made after the close of the fair the names were unobtainable at this date.

## NO CAUSE FOR ACTION

### Jury Allows no Damage in Gladstone Libel Suit.

A verdict of "No Cause for Action" was brought in by a jury in the circuit court this week in the suit for damages brought by Charles D. Mason, champion of Gladstone, against I. G. Champron formerly editor of the Gladstone Reporter. Mr. Mason as head of the administration at Gladstone complained of articles which were published in the Reporter previous to the election last spring in which charges of grafting and stealing were made against the administration leaders.

The case attracted considerable attention and many visitors from Gladstone were present at the trial. Mr. Champron on the stand testified that he had not meant to use the word graft in the sense of stealing and also said that he believed Mayor Mason to be an honest and honorable man.

Attorneys I. C. Jennings and G. R. Empson conducted the case for Mr. Mason while Attorneys A. W. Wolfe and John Cumminskey represented Mr. Champron.

## Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between H. Bourque and C. W. Bowman under the firm name of Bourque & Bowman is dissolved by mutual consent and all debts of said firm have been assumed by C. W. Bowman who has purchased the entire interest of George H. Bourque and will continue the business in his individual name.

GEORGE H. BOURQUE  
C. W. BOWMAN.

Raffle Viau, formerly of Schaffer, has purchased the Washington hotel and saloon. Mr. Viau offers a free lunch to his patrons every Saturday night. Tonight the chief item on the bill of fare will be roast pig.

William Sommers, of Green Bay, formerly of this city, visited John Tolan this week.

The Gladstone foot ball team defeated Manistique last Saturday by a score of 12 to 0.

# THE IRON PORT.

THE IRON PORT CO., Publishers.  
ESCANADA, MICHIGAN.

NOVEMBER...1905						
Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
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12	13	14	15	16	17	18
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26	27	28	29	30		

3 P.M. 12th St. 1905. N.M. 26th.

## SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

### MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS AT HOME TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

### LATE FOREIGN DISPATCHES

Interesting Items of News Gathered from All Parts of the Globe and Outlined in the Briefest Manner Possible.

#### UPRISING IN RUSSIA.

The Russian strike developed into a revolution in Moscow, where the leaders of all political parties decided to establish a government independent of the authorities. Revolutionaries and troops fought at Odessa. Twenty-seven were killed and 90 wounded. Nineteen were wounded at Moscow. Bombs were thrown and troop trains overturned at Tiflis. A panic exists at Warsaw.

Russian officials give up all hope of avoiding an armed revolution. The strike grows and the whole empire is aflame. Government employees vote to cease work. Students covered Treppoff, who allowed them to hold a monster meeting, attended by 20,000.

The railroad system of Russia is almost completely tied up and socialists say, since troops cannot be transported, the government is at their mercy. Fifteen were killed in conflict at Ekaterinburg and massacres took place in many cities in Russia.

The czar, under pressure of threatened revolution and plain talk from De Witte, consented to grant Russia a constitution. St. Petersburg is panic-stricken. The strike is spreading rapidly in all parts of the empire.

#### PRESIDENT'S SOUTHERN TOUR.

President Roosevelt had a narrow escape from death in a collision on the Mississippi river, the boat conveying him to the West Virginia running down a fruit steamer.

President Roosevelt was enthusiastically received at Montgomery, Tuskegee institute, and Birmingham, Ala. He pleaded for clean citizenship, and pointed out the evils of lynching, declaring it the duty of whites to guard the rights of the negro.

President Roosevelt, speaking at Little Rock, Ark., urged that a stop be put to the practice of lynching and that the statutes be amended so as to prevent influential criminals from escaping.

President Roosevelt ended his southern tour with a day of remarkably enthusiastic demonstrations in New Orleans and left for Washington on the cruiser West Virginia.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Six mine officials were killed by an explosion at Hazel Kirk, Pa., in undertaking a dangerous task which they refused to saddle on foreign helpers.

Three persons died and property loss of more than \$150,000 was caused as a result of flood from a broken water main in Chicago.

The trunk of the body found in a suit case in Boston has been identified as Susan Geary, a chorus girl. Morris Nathan, her fiance, has been arrested in Pittsburgh on suspicion of having murdered her.

A Philadelphia ring is said by an investigating committee to have robbed the city of \$6,330,000 in the expenditure of about \$18,000,000 for the construction of a filtration plant and boulevards.

Thomas Moran, 70 years old, died suddenly in Chicago, and his wife, 55 years old, collapsed and died a few hours later.

A mob at Bainbridge, Ga., fired by the play, "The Clansman," lynched a negro, who shot a sheriff while resisting arrest for killing a woman.

The Swedish cabinet has resigned, making room for other men to settle the new conditions arising since the country's divorce from Norway.

An American collector of customs was wounded and his native assistant killed in the Santo Domingo riots. It is feared that the bloodshed will fan the latent revolution.

New York city inaugurated a new scheme in municipal ownership by opening the Staten Island ferry.

Papers have been served on a woman Spiritualist to recover \$1,000,000 which she is alleged to have obtained from Pierre Lorillard Ronalds, the dead New York clubman.

Ten firemen and several spectators were injured by an explosion of turpentine in a New York fire.

Direct charge of fraud is made by the receiver of the Enterprise national bank of Allegheny against W. H. Andrews, republican machine leader, in a suit to recover \$51,000.

The life insurance inquirers in New York find it necessary to extend the investigation to take in some of the fire companies and those issuing industrial insurance and policies on the lives of children.

Gen. Dragomiroff, the Russian hero in the war with Turkey, is dead.

After murdering his wife and their two children, and sleeping beside their bodies all night at Richmond, Va., William C. Coker went at sunrise to the home of his neighbor, R. S. Gressett, and killed him. He then committed suicide.

Charles Nickel, mayor of Cheona, Ill., and bank president, was shot and killed by his brother-in-law, William La Duc, who then killed H. D. Jones who sought to disarm him, barricaded himself in the bank vault and wounded two others. He successfully defied capture for six hours, but finally surrendered. Family troubles caused his action.

Former President Cleveland eulogized J. Sterling Morton at the unveiling of a statue at Nebraska City, Neb.

Proceedings to oust the Mutual and New York Life companies from Ohio were begun at Akron.

Two men were killed and others are buried under the wreckage caused by a head-on collision on the Shenandoah division of the Norfolk & Western railroad near Nace, Va.

Three persons were seriously injured, one of whom has since died, and a dozen others had a narrow escape from the flames in a fire that destroyed the priests' house at Nazareth orphanage, a Catholic boys' institution near Raleigh, N. C.

King Victor Emanuel laid the corner stone of the new harbor works at Genoa, Italy. As his majesty, by aid of an electrical device, lowered the stone, which weighed 11 tons, into the sea there was a scene of great enthusiasm.

The evacuation of Manchuria by the Japanese is being actively carried on, and troops are arriving daily at various parts.

The Chicago post office has moved into the new federal building.

Secretary Hitchcock is hot on the trail of land grabbers throughout the country.

Booker T. Washington declares President Roosevelt's southern trip has relieved the race issue.

Mrs. Margaret Todd, 80 years old, a wealthy New York woman, disappeared and was found mangled by a train in Philadelphia.

Rival interstate commerce law conventions in Chicago adopted resolutions on the question of railway rate regulation and provided for lobbies to attend before congress in behalf of their views.

Minister Barrett says Europeans are capturing South American markets.

New York city plans to increase its water supply by tapping the Catskill mountains with an aqueduct 150 miles long at an expense of \$161,000,000.

Seventeen inmates of an orphan's home at Burlington, Vt., were poisoned mysteriously, three dying. The state board of health physicians are unable to find any explanation for the tragedy.

Burglars, thought to have been 12 in number, dynamited the vault in the new national bank at Hagerstown, Ind., and obtained several hundred dollars before an operator in the telephone exchange gave the alarm, summoning citizens, who drove the robbers away after an exchange of shots.

The court of appeals at Albany, N. Y., denied the motion for a reargument of the appeal of Albert T. Patrick from conviction of murder in the first degree and sentence of death for the killing in 1900 of W. M. Rice, an aged millionaire of New York city.

Five women were badly burned, two of them probably fatally, in a fire which destroyed the hardware factory of M. Gould Sons & Co. at Newark, N. J. Loss, \$60,000.

As the result of a shotgun duel at Oliver's station, Ind., Ephraim Ramsey, a farmer, was shot and instantly killed by Thomas Ridley, his nephew. The shooting is the culmination of years of domestic strife.

Six armed men entered the branch of the Moscow International Trade bank at Libau, Russia, and robbed it of \$17,000. Five of the men were shortly afterward captured and \$10,000 recovered. The sixth man and \$7,500, escaped.

Adolph Perbchner, president of the Equitable Real Estate and Loan society, Chicago, to escape arrest, wrested himself from the grasp of a detective, plunged from a window of his office on the fifth floor and was dashed to death.

Mrs. Frances Klaczynski was burned to death after an explosion of kerosene oil used in starting a fire in her home in Chicago.

Edward Lamb (white), who shot and killed Christopher D. Kennedy, also white, two years ago, was hanged at the county jail at Braidentown, Fla.

In the house in which President Roosevelt was born, at No. 28 East Twentieth street, New York, the forty-seventh anniversary of the president's birth was celebrated at a banquet attended by a hundred members of the Roosevelt Home club.

Charles A. Flammer announced his resignation as republican candidate for district attorney of New York, and appealed to the members of the party to support the candidacy of William Travers Jerome.

A. J. Whiteman was sentenced at Buffalo, N. Y., to serve eight years and five months in Auburn prison. He was convicted of defrauding the Fidelity Trust company, of Buffalo, by means of raised and forged checks.

Secretary of State Root will negotiate with Venezuela for a settlement of the French dispute. Differences with America are practically obviated.

King Oscar has definitely and formally declined the offer of the Norwegian throne to a prince of the house of Bernadotte.

Definite arrangements have been made whereby Prince Charles of Denmark will accept the throne of Norway, following a plebiscite on November 12.

William Travers Jerome has been unanimously nominated for district attorney of New York by the republican county convention.

Minister Squires is accused by Cuban newspapers of being a party to a conspiracy to annex the island to the United States.

Elliott Fitch Shepard of New York, a scion of the Vanderbilt family, has been sentenced to three months in jail by a French court for running down and killing a peasant girl with his automobile.

Freedom of the city was bestowed by London upon Gen. Booth of the Salvation Army in recognition of that organization's achievements.

Secretary Root in a letter says the Newfoundland fisheries dispute is not yet completely settled, and asks fishermen to be good-natured.

The practice of mothers riding in automobiles causes premature births, thereby aiding race suicide, St. Louis health officers contend.

The St. Paul road is to build its own line through to the Pacific coast.

Fear of tuberculosis led Mrs. James S. Handy, of Chicago, to kill herself.

National insurance of life and property is favored by some congressmen, who will introduce bills for that purpose at the coming session. A postal savings bank scheme will be included.

The eight-hour day is the issue in the Pennsylvania coal fields, and John Mitchell is pledged to it, but the settlement in the union is divided.

The secretary of the interior has ordered the withdrawal from entry of 300,000 acres of land in the Cheyenne, Wyo., land district, with a view to creating a forest reserve.

The state bank at Rockham, S. D., was robbed. The safe was shattered by nitroglycerin and \$3,000 in currency, besides valuable securities stolen.

The interstate commerce law convention in Chicago split into two gatherings on the question of indorsing President Roosevelt's rate revision policy.

The Russian transport Lena, which has been interned at Mare Island since last spring, has sailed from that navy yard for San Francisco. She has been released and will return to a Russian port.

The estimates for appropriations for the department of commerce and labor for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907, aggregate \$11,263,938, being \$222,350 less than the amount appropriated for the department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906.

Edward G. Cunliffe, the Adams express robber, went into court in Pittsburgh and pleaded guilty to two charges of larceny, representing a theft of \$101,000. Sentence was suspended.

Two fast passenger trains on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway collided head-on, at a point one mile south of Fairfield, Ia. Four persons were killed and between 15 and 20 injured.

The Sydney line steamer Drogher Moana was lost off New Zealand on September 20 and her crew of seven were drowned.

At Cannellon, Ind., Lottie Fishback, aged 11 years, shot her 13-year-old sister Maggie with a shotgun, blowing off the entire top of the head. The children had been playing with the gun thinking it was not loaded.

Judge Stimmens, in the county court at Peoria, Ill., sustained the motion to quash the indictment against O. J. Bailey, chairman of the finance committee of the school board, for malfeasance in office. In permitting N. C. Dougherty to carry on his alleged defalcations undisturbed, Bailey was discharged.

The bodies of Isabelle Spivey (colored), aged 24 years, and her three children, Marie Louise, aged ten; Gladys, aged seven, and a boy of three years, were found in the burned ruins of their shanty at Asbury Park, N. J.

The census bureau is to report placing the number of bales of cotton ginned this year at a figure in excess of 4,000,000.

A St. Louis woman gave out plans for a new \$1,000,000 university for study of the occult.

Secretary Taft announces his cabinet position suits him and that he will not be a candidate for president.

The South Dakota supreme court has decided that the county seat of Walworth county shall be at Bangor. The citizens of Shelby one night went to Bangor, tore down the old county building and carted the records off to Selby. Bangor took the matter to court.

Secretary Shaw told Nebraska bankers that there will be no financial legislation until the nonelasticity of our currency causes a panic, which may be soon.

A Pittsburgh lawyer says that of the \$2,500,000 resources of the failed Enterprise national bank of Allegheny only \$40,000 was on hand when the institution was closed, and that collateral deposited to secure loans were rehypothecated.

The Railroadmen's hotel, located a block below the Iron Mountain railroad depot in Hot Springs, Ark., was destroyed by fire. Six lives were lost.

King Edward has decided to immediately raise the British legation at Tokio to an embassy.

The private bank of Harvey Hoag, of Barker, Niagara county, N. Y., was robbed by three men, who cut all the telephone wires entering the village and blew open the safe of the bank. They got away with about \$3,000 in gold.

It is officially announced that King Edward has commanded that a special mission, headed by Prince Arthur of Connaught, be dispatched to Tokio early in 1906 to confer the Order of the Garter on the emperor of Japan.

# FALL OF RUSSIAN AUTOCRACY

CEAR YIELDS TO THE INEVITABLE AND GRANTS REFORMS.

Issues Manifesto Giving Country a Constitution and the People Civic Liberties.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—The Russian autocracy is at an end. Emperor Nicholas II., under the unanimous advice of his ministers, under the pressure of passive revolt in his whole empire, has surrendered his autocratic power and granted to Russia a constitutional government. Thus disappears the last absolute monarchy among civilized peoples. Thus popular liberty wins its culminating victory in the history of mankind.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—"I am sure the American people, who understand what freedom is, and the American press, which voices the wishes of the people, will rejoice with the friendly Russian nation at this moment, when the Russian people have received from his imperial majesty the promises and the guarantees of freedom, and will join in the hope that the Russian people will wisely aid in the realization of those liberties by cooperating with the government for their peaceful introduction. Only thus will it be possible to secure the full benefits of the freedom conferred upon the people."

Count Witte, Russia's first premier, on Monday night sent the above message to the American people. He had just arrived at his residence on Kammenlovrov prospect from Peterhof, where, in the Alexander palace, the emperor two hours before had given his final approval to a manifesto and to a program which will forever end the rule of absolutism exercised by him and his Romanoff ancestors for 300 years.

The official announcement issued Monday evening says: "An imperial manifesto was issued, appointing Count Witte prime minister with special authority to coordinate and unify the powers of the different branches of the army. Civic liberties are granted to the Russian people and to the national assembly is given legislative power, while the suffrage is enlarged."

The following is the text of the imperial manifesto:

"We, Nicholas the Second, by the grace of God emperor and autocrat of all the Russias, grand duke of Finland etc., declare to all our faithful subjects that the troubles and agitation in our capitals and in numerous other places fill our heart with excessive pain and sorrow. The happiness of the Russian sovereign is indissolubly bound up with the happiness of our people, and the sorrow of our people is the sorrow of the sovereign. From the present disorders may arise great national disruption. They menace the integrity and unity of our empire.

"The supreme duty imposed upon us by our sovereign office requires us to effect ourselves and to use all the force and reason at our command to hasten in securing the unity and coordination of the power of the central government and to assure the success of measures for pacification in all circles of public life, which are essential to the well-being of our people.

"We, therefore, direct our government to carry out our inflexible will in the following manner: "First—To extend to the population the immutable foundations of civic liberty, based on the real inviolability of person, freedom of conscience, speech, union and association.

"Second—Without suspending the already ordered elections to the state duma, to invite the participation in the duma, so far as the limited time before the convocation of the duma will permit, those classes of the population now completely deprived of electoral rights, leaving the ultimate development of the principle of the electoral right in general to the newly established legislative order of things.

"Third—To establish as an unchangeable rule that no law shall be enforceable without the approval of the state duma and that it shall be possible for the elected of the people to exercise real participation in the supervision of the legality of the acts of the authorities appointed by us.

"We appeal to all faithful sons of Russia to remember their duty towards the fatherland, to aid in terminating these unprecedented troubles and to apply their forces, in cooperation with us, to the restoration of calm and peace upon our natal soil.

"Given at Peterhof, October 30, in the eleventh year of our reign.

"NICHOLAS."

Reval, Russia, Oct. 31.—The troops fired two volleys on a crowd in the market place Monday, killing or wounding over 100 persons. Crowds of people are parading the streets, slinging the "Marcellaise." A mob Sunday night destroyed the Hotel de France.

Census of New York State. Albany, N. Y., Oct. 31.—There are now 8,068,672 people in New York state. These figures were announced by the state enumeration bureau. In 1900 the population was 7,268,894 and in 1890 6,003,174, including Indians and other persons on Indian reservations.

Given Habeas Corpus. Peoria, Ill., Oct. 31.—Judge Worthington, sitting in chambers, granted a writ of habeas corpus for Newton C. Dougherty confined in the county jail for alleged defalcation of school funds, but refused to fix the date for the hearing.

Cashier a Suicide. Augusta, Ga., Oct. 31.—Edward J. Bearden, money order clerk in the post office here, committed suicide Monday, after being asked by an inspector to turn over his cash drawer and books for examination.

# THE DISCOVERER

Of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.



Yours for Health  
Lydia E. Pinkham

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles or such hosts of grateful friends as has

## Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life.

It has cured more cases of Backache and Lencorrhoea than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development.

Irregular, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility quickly yield to it. Womb troubles, causing pain, weight and backache, instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it invigorates the female system, and is as harmless as water.

It quickly removes that bearing-down feeling, extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, Dizziness, Faintness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues" and headache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, or some derangement of the Uterus, which this medicine always cures. Kidney Complaints and Backache, of either sex, the Vegetable Compound always cures.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutes.

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

It won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't guarantee it. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DOESN'T CURE YOU.

F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

Head.

The man being out of his head, the surgeon proceeded forthwith to saw a hole in his skull.

"To enable him to get back," whispered the unlearned onlookers, one to another, in awe.—Puck.

Made an Awkward Transposition. Knicker—So Jones got mixed in his excuses and is cured.

Bocker—Yes. He told his wife that he had been up all night with the baby, and his employer that he was detained in the office on business.—Harper's Bazar.

The Columbia Pattern.

"Oh, say, did you see that man steal up behind the quarter-back and hit him in the neck with a brick?"

"Yes, I saw him. He's our coach. Ain't he splendid!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Teacher's Testimony.

Hinton, Ky., Oct. 30th (Special).—It has long been claimed that Diabetes is incurable, but Mr. E. J. Thompson, teacher in the Hinton school, has pleasing evidence to the contrary. Mr. Thompson had Diabetes. He took Dodd's Kidney Pills and is cured. In a statement he makes regarding his cure Mr. Thompson says:

"I was troubled with my kidneys for more than two years, and was treated by two of the best doctors in this part of the state. They claimed I had Diabetes and there was little to be done for me. Then I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills, and what they did for me was wonderful. It is entirely owing to Dodd's Kidney Pills that I am now enjoying good health."

Many doctors still maintain that Diabetes is incurable. But Diabetes is a kidney disease, and the kidney disease that Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure has yet to be discovered.

One way to improve the memory is to assume for a moment that you have everything you want.

Do not believe Pio's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—J. F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Overserious is ruining homes; underexercise is ruining digestions.—Brooklyn Eagle.

## SUFFERINGS UNTOLD.

A Kansas City Woman's Terrible Experience With Kidney Sickness.

Mrs. Mary Cugin, 20th St. and Cleveland Ave., Kansas City, Mo., says: "For years I was run down, weak, lame and sore. The kidney secretions were too frequent. Then dropsy puffed up my ankles until they were a sight to behold. Doctors gave me up, but I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, and the remedy cured me so that I have been well ever since, and have had a fine baby, the first in five that was not prematurely born."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR WOMEN

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

For all ailments of the urinary tract, such as cystitis, urethritis, gonorrhea, etc. It is a powerful diuretic, and is for more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES. For sale at drug stores, 50 cents a box. Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free. THE S. PAXTON COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—CYLINDER-PRESSMAN

One experienced in run by hand on letterpress. Good wages. Address LAMM, Box 20, Springfield, Ohio.

# IN THE METROPOLIS

## CONCERNING THE JEFFERSONS AND THEIR NEIGHBORS.

### NAMES OF OPERA SINGERS

Hunters' Bright Clothes Accord Well with Autumn Setting—Long Island Farmers—Jealously-Guarded Man-Made Wilderness.



NEW YORK.—"Joe" Jefferson could never be known as Joseph. "Tom" Jefferson, his son, will hardly succeed in being called Thomas if he turns out as good a Rip Van Winkle as he promises.

Young Jefferson in the older Jefferson's part made a hit in Boston and was coldly received in New York. Of the two towns, Boston has the better taste. "Tom" has been on the stage, baby, boy and man, for 33 years, but never until now under his own name. He is the fifth generation of actors bearing the Jefferson name, and his elder brother "Charlie" is his business manager. Why should he not do as well as Sothorn, Mayo, Miss Barrymore, John Drew and other theatrical children and grandchildren? He has the roly-poly look of his father, less than his father's inches, and—less than his father's talent? That is hard to say, and the time too early. The public grows more exacting, but never toward an old favorite.

It is a pretty story of modern neighborliness that accounts for Grover Cleveland's public letter of good wishes to young Jefferson at the outset of his stage career under his father's name. Mr. Cleveland early in his presidency became a close friend of Clarke Davis, the able editor of the Philadelphia Ledger, who by fate's strange freak is better known as the husband of Rebecca Harding Davis and the father of Richard Harding Davis than as his own learned self. Cleveland was also a friend of Richard Watson Gilder, editor of the Century. The Gilders and Davises had modest little summer cottages at Marlon, Mass., in the township of Bourne, where Mr. Jefferson was a neighbor. Mr. Cleveland fell in love with the place and bought the modest house there, which he called "Gray Gables." Jefferson was as fond of fishing as Mr. Cleveland himself, and to the last of the fishing days of the elder man, the former president and the veteran actor, who is identified in the public mind with "Rip," were the closest cronies. Mr. Cleveland did not share Jefferson's winter trips in Florida; the actor was the feebler in health and these winters in a milder climate were necessary to him. These Jefferson painted good pictures, told good stories and gave a good example of courage in disease and pain. On his return there was always the reunion and the swapping of fish stories.

### A Tale of a Tenor.

CARUSKE sounds a little too much like Caruso. It is the name chosen by Isaac Routman, a Polish huckster who has just been discovered and is to become a tenor on the stage. He was discovered while singing the merits of his fruits and "garden sass." Just as Wachtel was spotted while singing on the box of one of his cabs in Hamburg, and Campanini at his anvil in Italy.

Raphael Caruske was discovered by a throat specialist to whom he came for treatment of his voice, injured by much shouting of his wares. Scatchi at one time sold fish, which is an unconventional occupation as huckstering. The adoption of a stage name seems to be almost the rule for opera singers, not for artists of the concert stage. Plain John Clark was famous in a Brooklyn choir. They turned "Brooklyn" into "Broccolini" for him when he became "Signor." Madame "Albani" came from Albany, of course, as Mme. "Melba" came from Melbourne; Lillian "Nordica" was from Maine and made up a stage name from a pun upon the shivery word "North." People whose names are Italian do not need to change them. Patti never did; Campanini, Ravelli, Tamagno, sang as they were christened.

Routman seems to have had, from the beginning, unlike Wachtel and the others, an idea of the value of his voice. To save it he twice gave up the only jobs he could get; once in a tailor shop, where the air was close; once in a chemical factory where the fumes were stifling.

### The Hunting Season.

THE horse show and the visit of Prince Battenberg and his fleet full of British tars will start the social winter with eclat. Meanwhile the long hunting season is beginning. Nassau county, the home of the president, will be completely overrun by the hunting set as for a fortnight it was by the auto racers. But there's a difference. The auto people are intensely unpopular with everybody except the hotel

keepers whom they enrich and the politicians in office whom they bribe to let them misuse the roads. The hunters are popular. They destroy crops but they pay for them; tear down fences but settle; and their bright red coats and handsome hounds and nervous horses are pretty to look at in a setting of autumnal browns. They also show pluck of a sort made respectable by tradition.

There are two "hunts" on Long Island, not to speak of one in Jersey and one up in Genesee county. The latter, founded years ago by the great-grandfather of Congressman "Jimmy" Wadsworth, who is a close friend of the Roosevelts, is the parent and pattern of all northern hunts. Up there it is common for the farmers of the neighborhood to ride up on their own horses and take part in the hunt. Genesee county figures in David Gray's "Gallop" (thinly disguised. It is the breeding place of some of the best hunters this side of Kentucky. By a forgivable pun Gray speaks of the rector of the horse community as of "St. Thomas Equinus."

On Long Island the farmers go Genesee one better and have formed a hunt of their own, which meets a few miles farther from the city than the famous Meadowbrooks.

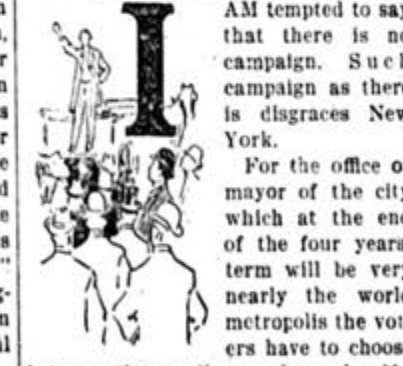
### Rockefeller's Iron Fence.



THESE same newspapers, by the way, are making a great deal to do about John D. Rockefeller's putting up a six-foot iron fence, topped with spikes, all around his 6,000-acre estate at Pocantico. Six thousand acres are pretty nearly ten sections; lying in irregular shape they "subtend," as the mathematicians say, a considerable distance in each main direction. What is important, they lie exactly between Tarrytown on the Hudson and Mount Vernon on the Sound, and effectually block not only the growth of these villages toward each other, as the city grows toward them both, but even interfered with the obtaining of a water supply and other public necessities. A few main roads traverse this man-made wilderness, but all the smaller ways by which men have been accustomed to drive or walk for years are closed up. I am no lawyer, but it seems to me that, contending against a purse less limitless and a will less impetuous, the townspeople could prove on many of these roads public right of way by usage, in common law.

They say Rockefeller uses 20 miles of iron fence. Very likely. "Willie K." Vanderbilt, the donor of the recent auto race cup, uses four miles of high fence and two miles of a lower pattern upon an estate of only 1,000 acres, lying compactly just on the eastern edge of the city. A troublesome public highway runs through Vanderbilt's place, and this is the masterly way he handles the problem: At each point where this road enters his property he brings his high fence to a stop roughly, as if it were merely opened for a gap during building operations. Natives know that a highway enters there. Others do not. The "no trespassing" signs are cleverly disposed to favor the error.

### The Amazing Campaign.



I AM tempted to say that there is no campaign. Such a campaign as there is disgraces New York. For the office of mayor of the city which at the end of the four years' term will be very nearly the world metropolis the voters have to choose between the excellent and popular Mr. McClellan, with the untamed Tammany crew behind him blocking all his efforts to be a decent mayor; and Mr. Ivins, a man of ability, who has been out of politics and in business so long that he is almost forgotten, and who has moreover no chance of election; and Mr. Heart. Do not be surprised if the latter gets a considerable vote. Thousands of men in both political parties who detested his attempt to buy out a nomination for president and who have no use for him personally will vote for him as a protest against the practical partnership of the democratic and republican bosses.

Jerome is the most popular man in the city. Both bosses turned him down. It sounds like a Gilbert and Sullivan burlesque, but is the actual fact; he was defeated for a nomination in both parties by a combination of criminals, beginning with the gigantic insurance robbers, at whose depredations the state stands appalled, and going down to the meanest of small-fry thieves. When Armitage Matthews, a bright young lawyer and secretary of the republican committee, committed suicide rather than stand trial upon a criminal charge, the very men, older and more cynical than he, whom the community suspects of having profited by his crime, were able that very night to join in the movement to defeat Jerome's endorsement. Yet Jerome's name was cheered to the echo in both conventions.

If Jerome should win against that huge power, if he even gets a considerable vote, it will be a victory for respectable and independent public opinion. Circumstances have combined to give Hearst's candidacy the same aspect of opposition to bossism. If Hearst and Jerome could have combined—that is to say, if oil and water could have mixed—it almost looks now as if they could have swept the city against both bosses.

OWEN LANGDON.

# STATE BILL TREBLED

## ENORMOUS INCREASE IN EXPENSES OF MICHIGAN.

### OUTPUT OVER \$9,000,000

Increase of 270 Per Cent Is Noted in Budget, While Population Is Only Twenty-Five Per Cent Greater Than in 1889.

(Wm. Elery, Staff Correspondent.) Lansing, Mich., Oct. 35.—Expenses of the state of Michigan and its institutions during the past 16 years have nearly trebled, despite the fact that the population has increased but 25 per cent, since 1889. A comparison of state expenses in the year 1889 with those of the year 1905 is a surprise to many of the people of the state. In 1889 the population of Michigan, as nearly as can be estimated from the census of 1884 and 1890, was 2,000,000, while in 1905 the population was 2,500,000, an increase of 25 per cent. The total expenses of the state government in 1889 were \$3,124,929, while in 1905 the expenses had grown to \$8,287,991, an increase of 270 per cent. At the present time, of course, there are a great many new boards and commissions which did not exist 16 years ago, and the state is undertaking a number of new lines of work not contemplated by the legislature in the old days. The items, however, are sufficient to indicate that changes have taken place. The greatest increase is shown in the item for the care of the insane, which has increased more than threefold within the period under consideration. Some of this increase is no doubt attributable to the increased salaries paid at the asylums and to the better care given to the inmates of the asylums, but a large part is declared to be occasioned by an abnormal increase in the number of insane patients.

### Bird Is Asked to Aid Park.

The hostility which is said to exist between the Mackinac state park commission and the people of the little town on Mackinac Island has been recently brought to the attention of Attorney General Bird, who has been asked to take legal steps on behalf of the commission for the improvement of the island park. The attorney general is asked to assist the state authorities in opening the way for the boulevard around the island and proceedings may be taken to remove a number of buildings which citizens have erected on the ground reserved by the general government for the purpose along the water front. The conditions existing at Mackinac are said to be very distressing to the park commission and damaging to the popularity of the famous resort.

### Townsend Works for System.

Congressman Townsend, of Jackson, believes that the primary election system should obtain in nominating candidates for congress, and will ask his constituents to declare in favor of that system at the spring election. He recently completed an abstract of the primary law passed by the last legislature and intends sending out 26,000 copies through his district. At the next spring election all voters must classify themselves under the head of some party. In order to adopt the primary system 200 per cent. of the number of electors who voted for governor must declare in favor of it. If carried the secretary of state calls a primary election, but before any person can become a candidate he must secure a petition containing the names of two per cent. of the voters in his party in the district.

### New State Tax Commission.

James H. Thompson, of Ewart; William H. Hoyt, of Plymouth, and Robert H. Shields, of Houghton, are the three members selected by Gov. Warner to compose the new state tax commission the powers of which are dated from November 1. He intended to make the formal announcement on the 19th, after a conference with these gentlemen, but Mr. Thompson was unable to reach here on account of some pressing business matters. Messrs. Shields and Hoyt are members of the present board of education. The governor had an extended conference with Messrs. Shields and Hoyt relative to the work of the commission and he met them again when Mr. Thompson was able to be present.

### Governor Hopes for Reform.

Gov. Warner, in speaking of his efforts to secure the return of the Northern mileage book system, recently cut out by Michigan railroads, said: "I do not think that legislation will be required. I have no doubt the right kind of influence can bring the railroads to a realization that it is for their interests to reinstate the old book. I am surprised and gratified at the number of people who approach me every day in regard to the matter."

### Glasier Says Cash Is Safe.

Despite the trouble which the state has had with funds deposited in a Detroit bank, Treasurer Glasier believes that the cash is perfectly safe. "More than half the counties of Michigan get more from the state in primary school money than they return to the commonwealth in the shape of taxes. And this, in spite of the fact that several millions of dollars are held up in litigation between the state and railroads—millions that would go into this same school fund, if the cases are decided in favor of the people."

# Michigan Farmer Is Happy.

Reports from every section of Michigan, which are being made to agricultural authorities, attest to the fact that the year 1905 was a record-breaker for farm produce. And with the increase in products comes the news that bank deposits tell of the prosperity of the farmer. Said an agricultural authority recently: "Michigan never had more farm stuff to ship than this year. We have often had more wheat, but take the total surplus of farm stuff and the state never had anything like what it has now. Several commission houses have been closed for days at a time because they were full to the roof and cars could not be secured to take the grain away. One farmer a short time ago had to take a load back home nine miles because a house could not find a place to put it in. The bean crop is bigger than most people think and there is an abundance of everything. The roads simply can't furnish the cars to move it. Grain men take every chance to send away a load, catching empty cars that are bound for somewhere else and giving them a load as far as they can take it. Every road in the state is blocked with business prosperity! The farmers were never so well off as they are now."

### First Fruits of Road Law.

Elkland township, in Tuscola county, is the first place in Michigan to receive the bonus of \$500 under the new state reward law for building a mile of gravel road, and when the check is returned State Highway Commissioner Earle will have it framed as showing the first fruits of his labors which began ten years ago. The last legislature appropriated \$30,000 for good roads this year, of which \$20,000 is to be paid out in rewards, \$1,000 a mile being allowed for stone roads and \$500 a mile for gravel roads. Although the work was only started in July it has been pursued with great vigor, and there will be finished this year something over 12 miles of stone roads and 11 miles of gravel roads, earning rewards from the state amounting to nearly \$18,000. The miles of stone roads completed this year are as follows: St. Clair county, 2; Saginaw, 2; Oceana, 1 1/2; Bay, 1 1/2; Kalamazoo, 1; Dickinson, 1; Charlevoix, 1 1/2; Macomb, 2. Gravel roads are as follows: Oakland county, 3 miles; Eaton, 1; Tuscola, 1; Kent, 2; Osceola, 2; Gratiot, 2.

### Automobilists Fail to Comply.

A large number of automobile owners have failed to comply with the state law requiring the licensing of automobiles. Only 2,700 licenses have been taken out at the office of the secretary of state. It was estimated during the session of the legislature that at least 5,000 machines were owned in Michigan. The license fee of two dollars on each machine goes to the support of the department of good roads. The enforcement of the law requiring the payment of the license fee rests with no state authority, and if police departments do not require the payment of the fee it remains unpaid.

### Kelley Gets a Severe Blow.

The primary career of Mr. Sam Kelley, of the First district of Berrien county, who entertained hopes of honor by the next legislature as speaker, was jolted by the supervisors redistricting the county, placing the city of Benton Harbor and the territory east of the St. Joseph river in the Second district. Kelley is a resident of Benton Harbor and therefore can no longer represent the First district. The Second district is controlled by Lovell.

### Current State Topics in Brief.

Sturgeon Falls, on the Menominee river, one of the most beautiful waterfalls in upper Michigan, is to be harnessed and the 3,500-horsepower developed used to run the big mines in that vicinity. Gov. Fred M. Warner will investigate the case of Robert Brown, the colored boy whose detention at Ionia prison is termed an outrage by Judge Alfred J. Murphy. Through a bill of complaint, filed in the United States circuit court, it was disclosed that two groups of St. Louis financiers are fighting for the possession of the Detroit Cooperative Telephone company. The vacancy on the state board of education has been tendered to Edward C. Hinman, of Battle Creek. Attorney General Bird holds that the law of 1905 relative to transient merchants repeals the law of 1902. Under the present law transient merchants are not required to make a deposit with the secretary of state or to pay a state license fee as formerly. A ten days' state fair for 1906 will be considered, as it has been in the past, but with more reason since the fair has been located at Detroit. Acting upon the report of Insurance Commissioner Barry, Attorney General Bird has asked the Ingham county circuit court to appoint a receiver for the Michigan Live Stock Insurance company, of Detroit. Banks in which Michigan state monies are deposited are now required to give the state a surety company bond. Van Buren county is to be again torn apart by a campaign for high license. Roy Parker, who recently broke quarantine and ran away from the detention hospital here, carrying the germs of smallpox with him, was arrested on complaint of the health officer. The state board of pardons received 15 applications for parole from prisoners in the state reformatory at Ionia. In the redistricting of Bay county for representation in the state legislature, Bay City, with 46,000 population, gets one representative, while the remainder of the county, with about 24,000 population, also has one.

# MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Dives Into Boiling Water. Kalamazoo.—Mrs. E. Champlin, 63, resident of Three Rivers, committed suicide late the other afternoon at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. B. Pentland, by placing her head in a kettle filled with boiling water. Life was extinct when the body was found and the head was still in the iron kettle. The woman's features were fearfully burned. Mrs. Champlin's aged husband died about four months ago after a lingering illness. A few years ago the couple, together with a number of other old people of Three Rivers, joined a religious sect known as the "Mind Healers." A representative of the cult visited the village and interested many of the wealthy residents.

### Twenty-Six Injured.

New Baltimore.—Twenty-six persons were hurt in a collision between a rapid transit railway street car, southbound from Port Huron for Detroit, and a construction train of four cars, at the powerhouse switch in the eastern part of this village. The construction train left the powerhouse five minutes before the passenger car was due, to run to a switch about 40 yards from the house. The rails were wet and the wheels slipped, delaying the train. Before the construction train could run into the switch the heavy passenger car, running 40 miles an hour, crashed into it.

### Two Found Dead.

Ypsilanti.—But a few feet apart, each lying upon a shock of corn, the bodies of William C. Cox and Mrs. May Camp, of Detroit, were found in a field in the south part of the city. Near them was an empty bottle which had contained carbolic acid, and the marks on the woman's face indicated that her death had been caused by the poison. The man had died from morphine poisoning. Letters found in the man's pocket tell the story of a double suicide, planned in advance, the result of an illicit love affair.

### College President Inaugurated.

Olivet.—Ellsworth Gage Lancaster was inaugurated the other day as president of Olivet college before a distinguished body of educators from all parts of the country and a gathering of students and alumni of the college that filled the Congregational church to its utmost capacity. President James B. Angell, of the University of Michigan, presided at the inauguration exercises.

### News Briefly Stated.

Menominee.—The dead body of Duncan McGregor, a Peshtigo lumberman, who has been missing since July 4, was found in the Menominee river. There are evidences of foul play. Lansing.—Maj. A. P. Loomis, secretary to Gov. Warner, is back at his desk after a four months' illness with intermittent fever. Luddington.—M. B. Lovett, of Chicago, is under arrest here charged with compelling Mrs. Lovett's hired man at the point of a revolver to burn property at Walhalla, east of this city. Mrs. Lovett says she is divorced, but Lovett denies this. Munising.—Ed Riley, a woodsman, shot and fatally wounded his wife, and then ran to the bay and, firing a bullet into his own mouth, threw himself into the water. Riley is dead and physicians say his wife cannot recover. Detroit.—Wreckage from the missing steamer Kallyuga sighted by the steamer Lillie Smith on Lake Huron established beyond a doubt that the ship foundered in the great gale. Owosso.—Real believers in President Roosevelt's race ideas are Mr. and Mrs. Fred Heise, whose twentieth child has been born. All the score of youngsters, from Fred Jr., who is 21 and the oldest, down to the last little girl, are healthy and happy. Battle Creek.—Harry E. Mann, traveling salesman for a Chicago coffee company, is missing, and the firm suspects foul play. Charlotte.—Deputy Sheriff Ed Cole of Sunfield, was acquitted of the charge of murder in killing Charles Edwins, a farmer. Detroit.—A jury in the recorder's court brought in a verdict finding Zach Harper not guilty of complicity in the murder of Policeman Daley. Marshall.—Judge Hopkins has ordered that the terms of court of Calhoun county for the years 1906 and 1907 shall be held in Marshall, and leaves Battle Creek out in the cold entirely. Muskegon.—In probate court Judge Prescott issued an order admitting former Senator W. D. Kelly to the asylum at Traverse City. Traverse City.—The Michigan State Sunday School association will hold its forty-fifth annual convention here November 14, 15 and 16. Alpena.—The barge Ogarta, coal laden, in tow of the steamer Cilla, burned off Thunder Bay Island the other night. The Thunder Bay life savers transferred the crew to the Cilla. Spontaneous combustion in the coal cargo is thought to have caused the fire. Escanaba.—Charged with murdering George Elle, an Indian, by throwing him from a row boat after a terrific struggle, Alfred Salter was brought to Escanaba. Webberville.—Fireman George Ames of Grand Ledge, was killed in a head-on freight collision on the Pere Marquette here. Grand Rapids.—To see his only son fall between the cars and know that the engine he was driving was to crush the life out of him, without the possibility of his doing anything, was the awful experience that came to Piere Ballou.

# INDIAN TERRITORY CROPS.

## Statistics of Corn and Cotton Raised in the 'New State of Sequoyah.'

The department of agriculture did not think it worth while to estimate the corn crop of Sequoyah, or Indian Territory, prior to 1901. In the economy of the country at large that fruitful, but undeveloped region, was considered a sort of no man's land, and its products other than cotton not worth tabulating. In 1901, the corn crop of Sequoyah was 17,832 bushels. In three years the yield has increased more than threefold; the crop of 1904 being 54,625,007 bushels. It will be much larger this year, because more was planted and the season has been better.

The corn crop of Sequoyah, as well as that of Oklahoma, is already sufficiently matured to be entirely safe from injury by frost, while that of Iowa, Nebraska and portions of Illinois will not be all safe from frost before the end of September. And the frost comes earlier in those more northern latitudes, which makes corn growing less subject to risks in the region immediately south of Kansas. The nip of the frost, it is true, does not make the northern corn unfit for use in fattening hogs and cattle, though it does render it unmarketable on city exchanges and destroys its germinating quality. One great advantage of corn growing in the more southern latitudes is that the seed corn is never rendered barren by frost, while in the more northern the farmer will often find many bare spots in his fields unless he has subjected his seed corn to careful tests in order to select the fertile from the infertile grains.

Statistics of the Sequoyah cotton crop run back further than those of corn. In 1858 the yield was 207,838 bales. Six years later it had nearly doubled, the crop of 1864 running up to only a little less than 400,000 bales. If we had no other news from Sequoyah but this exhibit of increase in agricultural production it would be easy to form an idea of the great influx of farmers in the last half decade, and to understand why there are to-day in Sequoyah so many openings in industries and enterprises other than agricultural. Of the lists published by the Business Men's league the other day that for Sequoyah was by far the longest.

Among the new industries needed to supply the people or which can be profitably conducted there for export of product are half a dozen canning and pickle factories; wagon factories and a number of shops for working wood into hubs, spokes, ax handles and so forth; chair factories, sash and door factories, cotton mills, cotton gins and oil mills, sawmills and flour mills, foundries, ice plants, brick kilns and glass plant; harnessmakers, apothecaries and hotel keepers, mattress factories, laundries and a score of industries besides.

The first Oklahoma list is not so long, but quite as comprehensive. A notable feature of the indicated needs of the two coming states, as well as of Arkansas, is the frequency with which fruit canning factories and refrigerating plants for the preservation of perishable products are mentioned as enterprises promising good profits. The fruit and vegetable growing industries of the southwest are thriving famously and the time seems not far distant when the canned and preserved products of this region will not only be sold all over the United States, but will compete in the markets of the world with those of France and Italy.

# WAS A CONSIDERATE MAN.

## He Shot Around "Promiscuous Like" to Show That He Was Shooting.

On the second day of my stay with Uncle Ben Storms on the Cumberland mountains, we went up the side of the mountain for a mile to inspect a big cave, relates a writer in the Baltimore American. When we had looked about for a time we came out and sat down on a rock and he began telling me a story about the moonshiners. I had just become interested when a bullet struck a near-by tree with a "spat," and we heard the report of a rifle not far away. "Wasn't that a bullet?" I asked. "I reckon it was," he replied, "but there is no cause to be skeered." Ten minutes later a bullet hit the rock between us, and as I leaped to my feet I exclaimed: "Uncle Ben, some one is surely shooting at us!" "Yes, of co'se, but he ain't gwine to hit nobody inside of a week. It's that critter Jim Hope, and he couldn't hit a barn door a hundred feet away." "But what's he shooting for?" "Kase he wants to kill me. Jest sot down and hear the rest of the story." I sat down, and as there was no more firing for a quarter of an hour I began to enjoy the yarn. I was laughing over a situation when a third bullet came, and this time it passed through the old man's coonskin cap. This time I not only jumped up, but jumped behind a tree for cover. "What's the matter, stranger?" asked Uncle Ben, as he removed his cap to look at the hole. "That fellow is shooting again!" "Yes, the critter is shootin' promiscuous like. As I said, he can't hit a barn door a hundred feet away, but as you ain't takin' any comfort, and as he may possibly do you some damage by accident, I reckon we'll move along to the cabin and finish the story there. Then I'll take my gun and go out and pop Jim Hope till he'll never need to be popped no mo'."

**THE IRON PORT.**  
BY THE IRON PORT CO.  
**G. F. Mc Ewen, Mgr.**

Entered at the postoffice at Escanaba, Mich., as second class matter. Subscription price, \$2.00 per year, in advance.

SATURDAY, NOV. 4, 1905.

President Roosevelt's tour through the southern states was a continuous ovation from first to last. The people greeted him with unadorned courtesy. The President has fully earned this tribute from the south and has obtained it in doing his whole duty. He has never truckled to the whims of race prejudice, but on the contrary has stood for justice and right. When he wanted a colored man as the collector of the port at Charleston, he stood firm for him. And in all ways he has been a just and upright president, a faithful executive of the laws, a conservator of the people's interests. There was no fawning sycophancy in addressing the old soldiers of the confederacy as comrades. He found the blue and gray side by side, and in the sense that all had been soldiers, all were comrades. The president has now visited every state in the union since he became president, and comparatively has exceeded all other executives in the interest he has in his people.

**County Correspondence**  
Big Bunch of Personal and News Notes Gathered Throughout the County by Our Iron Port Correspondents.

**RAPID RIVER**

Andrew Erickson transacted business at Escanaba on Monday.  
Supervisor Fred Darling is on the sick list.  
Levi Barabeau sold a team to Morris Shane on Monday.  
Miss Healey, teacher at the Cleveland Cliff school, was in town Saturday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Dougherty, of Escanaba, were here Saturday.  
Ed. Labumbard has moved into the village.  
The Ladies Aid Society met at the home of Mrs. Alex Monk Thursday afternoon.  
Drilling operations at the oil well have been delayed by the loss of the drill at the bottom of the hole.  
William Ackley returned Tuesday from a cruising trip up the Flat Rock river.  
Miss Lulu Dillabough and Charles Wicklander will be married to-day at Escanaba.  
A Junior Demerest medal contest will be held in the Congregational church next Tuesday evening.  
Mrs. James McPherson and daughter Laura left Monday night for Milwaukee to consult Dr. Scheider the oculist.  
The school at Garth started last week. Miss Elliott, of Garden, has been engaged as teacher.  
Charles Eubrick attended the meeting to organize the Congregational church at Wells last Sunday as a delegate from the Rapid River congregational church.  
There is a shortage of teachers in this township. There has been a vacancy at the Foreman school for two weeks and a teacher is now needed for the new Birch school in section 16.  
An epidemic of measles has broken out at Whitefish and there are a number of cases among the children. Nearly half of the pupils have been out of school because of the sickness.  
John Purdy, of Masonville, who had his leg broken a short time ago made a trip to Escanaba Monday, and had an X-ray photograph taken of his injured limb to see if the bones were knitting properly.  
Rube Young and Mr. Busch who were engaged in carpenter work on Dillabough & Adams new ware house had a narrow escape from injury this week. The scaffolding upon which they were at work gave way and they fell a distance of fourteen feet to the ground. Fortunately they were unhurt except for a few bruises.

**SCHAFFER**  
Mrs. Oliver Seymour is very sick. A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Burnett, of Perronville, last Saturday. Victor Levine, of Perronville, is quite sick with throat trouble.

**HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL**

**FOR PILES,**  
ONE APPLICATION BRINGS RELIEF.  
SAMPLE MAILED FREE.

All Druggists, or sent, or mailed, Humphreys' Medical Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

**NERVOUS DEBILITY,**

Vital Weakness and Prostration from overwork and other causes. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 20, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy. \$1 per vial, or special package for serious cases, \$3.00. Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of order. Humphreys' Med. Co., William & John Sts., N. Y.

John Gascon's young son is very sick with peritonitis.  
Mr. Albert Ritchie and Calix Pigeon of Escanaba, were in town Wednesday.  
O. R. Johnson, the contractor of Escanaba, was in town Wednesday.  
Henry Boda has accepted a position as timekeeper for M. Willette.  
Mrs. Henry, of Section 16, called on friends Tuesday.  
Richard Roberts has traded his team to Mose Kurs for a lighter pair.  
Mrs. Thomas Provost and Mrs. Victor Laflamme spent Tuesday at Escanaba.  
Theophile Barie lost part of his thumb Monday by having it drawn into a pulley block.  
Mr. and Mrs. Napoleon Frechette, of Escanaba, visited with relatives here Sunday.  
Mrs. Jos. Clairmo who has been away for the past week returned home Thursday.

The force of men at the Francis Beidler & Company's yards is being reduced for the winter.  
Mr. Willette had the misfortune to lose a fine mare last week. Cramps caused the animal's death.

Mike Gauthier has moved his family up to the woods for the winter. He wishes eight or ten men to work for him at his camps.

The marriage of Miss Saindon and Stan Lamoureux of Perronville, has been called from Sacred Heart church. The wedding will take place within a short time.

Jerry Meloche was a busy man the morning after Hallow'en. He found his rigs pretty well scattered and it took him some time to hunt up the missing vehicles. He can't see where the joke comes in.

A birthday party was given Monday evening in honor of Miss Virginia Gauthier's nineteenth birthday anniversary. A large number of friends were present and enjoyed a good time. Miss Gauthier received many presents from her friends.

The windows in front of the post office were broken on the night of Halloween. It is surprising that such a thing should occur, and there is no excuse for such vandalism even on Halloween. The guilty parties, if caught should stand trial for malicious destruction of property.

Eli Conseneau suffered a heavy loss a few days ago by having nearly his entire herd of cattle poisoned by paris green. He turned the herd into a field which had been used during the summer for raising potatoes. There happened to be a barrel in the field which had been used to mix paris green early in the summer. The cattle ate the poison that remained on the inside of the barrel with fatal results. Mr. Conseneau loses five cows, two heifers, and one steer, which was practically his entire herd.

**BARK RIVER**

Ed. Bond is on the sick list this week. Albin Olson is clerking at Boyle's.  
Dan Levy, of Milwaukee, visited with A. J. Bolton this week.  
Sam Mackevich made a trip to Ne-gaunee Wednesday.  
A. J. Bolton was an Escanaba visitor Wednesday.  
Tolan's orchestra will give a dance at Powers tonight.  
Peter Geniessee was in town Wednesday.  
Michael Harris, of Harris, leaves to-day for Denver to spend the winter.  
Mr. Writzel, representing the S. & S. Co., called on the trade Wednesday.  
Peter Olson, of Green Bay, called on the merchants Tuesday.  
Adolph Schultz, of the bay shore, transacted business here Tuesday.  
Joseph Getzloff, of Harris, is building an addition to his home.  
Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Dougherty, of Escanaba, were in town Wednesday.  
Henry Biel, of Escanaba, was here Tuesday.

**SAVE A LITTLE MONEY EVERY WEEK**

DO IT NOW! Defer not to a future day to act wisely! Do so now! The ever present is the one time given you for action. Open a savings account with us to-day, and draw into its safe coffers the pennies, nickels and dollars you would otherwise waste. Interest allowed on savings accounts at the rate of three per cent per annum compounded semi-annually. Certificates of Deposits with us draw interest at three per cent per annum if left SIX MONTHS. This bank is under the supervision of the BANKING DEPARTMENT OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN.

**STATE SAVINGS BANK**

Escanaba, Mich. Capital \$50,000

O. B. FULLER, President  
OLE ERICKSON, Vice-president  
E. P. SUTHERLAND, Cashier  
E. O. PERRON, Assistant Cashier

**COMPUTATIONS SHOWING ACCUMULATIONS OF MONTHLY SAVINGS DEPOSITS**

OF ONE TO TWENTY DOLLARS IN ONE TO FIVE YEARS, WHEN INTEREST IS COMPOUNDED SEMI-ANNUALLY AT 3 PER ANNUM

Monthly Deposit	1 Year	2 Years	3 Years	4 Years	5 Years
\$1	12.19	24.75	37.67	51.00	64.72
\$2	24.39	49.50	75.37	102.00	129.45
\$3	36.58	74.25	113.05	153.00	194.18
\$4	48.78	99.00	150.79	204.00	259.04
\$5	60.97	123.75	188.47	255.00	323.81
\$6	73.17	148.50	226.20	306.00	388.59
\$7	85.36	173.25	263.90	357.00	453.37
\$8	97.56	198.00	301.60	408.00	518.15
\$9	109.75	222.75	339.28	459.00	582.91
\$10	121.95	247.50	376.99	510.00	647.70
\$11	134.14	272.25	414.70	561.00	712.47
\$12	146.34	297.00	452.43	612.00	777.25
\$13	158.53	321.75	490.11	663.00	842.02
\$14	170.73	346.50	527.82	714.00	906.81
\$15	182.92	371.25	565.51	765.00	971.57
\$16	195.12	396.00	603.22	816.00	1036.38
\$17	207.31	420.75	640.93	867.00	1101.14
\$18	219.51	445.50	678.62	918.00	1165.91
\$19	231.70	470.25	716.33	969.00	1230.70
\$20	243.91	495.00	754.05	1020.00	1295.52

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M. A. ALBIN, SECRETARY

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Mines and Mineral Lands Examined,  
Timber Estimated.  
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

**MAPS.**

Of the City of Escanaba, with all the new Additions, Ward lines, water works hydrants, fire and police alarms, etc., accurately and neatly outlined.

Zanes Maps of DELTA COUNTY revised and corrected; this is a very handsome map as well as a correct one. MAPS OF IRON COUNTY compiled from U. S. Government and Geological surveys. An accurate map giving all roads, explorations, mines, etc.

**TOWNSHIP DIAGRAMS.** Maps of all kinds made to order. Our aim in drafting of maps and plates is correctness and neatness.

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HAS CONSTANTLY IN STOCK

**ROUGH BOARDS, PIECE STUFF, TIMBERS**  
EITHER IN PINE OR HEMLOCK.

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There is no specific for consumption. Fresh air, exercise, nourishing food and Scott's Emulsion will come pretty near curing it, if there is anything to build on. Millions of people throughout the world are living and in good health on one lung.

From time immemorial the doctors prescribed cod liver oil for consumption. Of course the patient could not take it in its old form, hence it did very little good. They can take

**SCOTT'S EMULSION**

and tolerate it for a long time. There is no oil, not excepting butter, so easily digested and absorbed by the system as cod liver oil in the form of Scott's Emulsion, and that is the reason it is so helpful in consumption where its use must be continuous.

We will send you a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

Scott & Bowne Chemists  
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New York



**To Cure a Cold in One Day** Cures Grip in Two Days.  
Take **Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets**. on every box. 25c.  
Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, E. W. Grove

# LIVE CITY NEWS ITEMS.

Many Minor Municipal Matters Gathered From Various Sources.

## ESCANABA AND VICINITY

The Iron Port Reporters' Weekly Grist of Information, Gathered in Their Daily Rounds of the City—General Notes.

Mrs. James Brown and son Earl have returned from a visit at Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Black, of Manistique, are visiting with friends in the city.

R. B. Powers, of New London, is visiting with friends here.

Dr. A. L. Laing, of Rapid River, was in the city Saturday.

A full set of teeth for \$10.00 at Dr. Winn's.

F. M. Wall, of Waupun, was in the city Saturday.

R. L. Rose, of Marquette, is in the city on business.

A. J. Jeffries, of Pentwater, Mich., is visiting with friends in Escanaba.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Remkle of Fond du Lac, are visiting with friends in the city.

Finest pictures and lowest prices at Wixon's ground floor studio.

W. H. Harris, of Harris, was in the city Monday calling on friends.

Mrs. A. L. Lidfeldt, of Stonington, is visiting with friends in the city.

Get your pictures at Wixon's. Finest work and lowest prices.

J. C. Maynard returned Monday morning from a business trip to Chicago.

P. R. Legg made a business trip to Northland on Monday.

Mrs. A. E. Shepard has returned to Northland after a visit in Wisconsin.

Miss Lou Nicholas, of Gladstone, visited in the city Thursday.

Allan Kirkpatrick, of Oshkosh, was in the city Thursday.

J. H. Rydrop, of Sturgeon Bay, is in the city visiting friends.

Gold crowns and bridge teeth \$5.00 cheap at Dr. Winn's.

C. A. Luhty, of Fond du Lac, is visiting in the city.

E. A. Manger, of Green Bay, is in the city on business.

An eight room house to rent at 211 Stephenson Ave. Inquire of J. J. Meyers.

Sheriff Mannus Klagstad, of Manistique, is in the city on business.

C. E. Eberth, of Blaney, was in the city Tuesday.

W. C. Hennings, of Juneau, Wis., is in the city to visit with friends for a few days.

James C. Wood and C. A. Wheeler of Marquette, are in the city visiting friends.

Wilson Newton and F. F. Freeman, of Gould City, were in the city on business to-day.

J. S. Bousnert, of Kaukauna, and Alex Bousnert, of Montreal, are in the city visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Hanson were called to Racine by the serious illness of Mrs. Hanson's mother.

Mrs. F. C. Stoik left Wednesday for Ashland, Wis., where she will visit for a couple of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murdock, of Gladstone, attended the funeral of John Gallagher on Wednesday.

Miss Josephine Walch has accepted a position as teacher at the Sac Bay school in Fairbanks township.

Archie Lucia and Miss Esther Lucia, of Nahma, and Chauncey Lucia, of Ogontz, spent Monday in the city.

Go to S. E. Wilson for massage, manicuring, chiropody, shampoo, etc. 607 Ludington street.

Operations have been suspended for the season on the construction of the Bay Shore road.

A. A. Freeman, of the Freeman mills, Gladstone, transacted business in Escanaba on Thursday.

Mrs. James Pascoe left Thursday night for Indiana, Pa., to visit her daughter Mrs. Samuel Culp.

FOR SALE—A full blooded Durham stock bull, two and a half years old. Enquire of Mrs. Baker, Hyde, Mich. Nov. 4-4t.

Members of the A. O. H. and Ore Trimmers attended the funeral of Patrick Gallagher, at St. Patrick's church Wednesday morning.

WANTED—Ten good camp cooks, all winters work, in Southern Illinois. Address T. S. Bertrand, 105 North Water St., Chicago, Ill.

Frank Ewald, of Ludington, will teach at the school at Stonington, which up to the present time has been vacant because no teacher could be secured.

Miss Montford, bookkeeper and stenographer for Hammond Standish & Co., has returned to resume her position in the main office of the firm at the Soo.

HORSE FOR SALE, good worker and driver, color gray, weight about 1,250. Price \$95 including harness. Inquire of Geo. Rowe.

A young man named Lanlante had the misfortune to lose a thumb and finger while at work in the shingle mill at Northland. His home is in Powers.

T. J. Riley left Wednesday for Madison and will accompany the Wisconsin University rosters to Minneapolis and witness the Wisconsin-Minnesota football game.

Miss Alice Lindstrom, of Galesburg, Ill., who has been visiting with friends at Iron Mountain for five weeks, returned to Escanaba Wednesday morning to visit here for two weeks before returning to her home.

FARM FOR SALE CHEAP at Flat Rock in Escanaba township sixty acres good land forty acres with hardwood timber on it. Good frame house on farm. Twelve acres cleared. Inquire of Alex Marenger, Groos, Mich. 2t.

A. E. Ellsworth, secretary of the board of education of this city was chosen as chairman of the school officers section of the Upper Peninsula educational association at the annual meeting of that body at Houghton.

The Schooner Iris which has been reported missing since the last storm is safe at Gladstone. The schooner changed its course about the time of the storm and as it did not arrive at the port for which it sailed, fears arose for its safety.

N. A. George, for several months manager of the Western Union Telegraph company's office here has resigned his position with the company and will leave the city tonight accompanied by his wife to accept a position with the Soo road and will be stationed at some point in North Dakota.

Micheal O'Donnell, a switchman employed by the Northwestern road is at the Delta County hospital in a serious condition as the result of being struck on the head by a heavy cedar pole which rolled from a car in the company's yards on Friday afternoon. O'Donnell is suffering from concussion of the brain and it is feared his skull has been fractured.

Menominee Will Play Here

The Menominee high school foot ball team will play here Saturday, the first of the annual championship games of the U. P. foot ball League. It had been planned that the Menominee team should go to Sturgeon Bay next Saturday. The managers of the League have the sole charge of the arranging of the various games, putting all the teams in the League against each other in pairs and then pairing off the victors in the contests and so on until the final contest between the two best teams decides who is the champion of the U. P.

# The Jar of Coughing

Hammer blows, steadily applied, break the hardest rock. Coughing, day after day, jars and tears the throat and lungs until the healthy tissues give way. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral stops the coughing, and heals the torn membranes.

"I always keep Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the house. It gives perfect relief whenever any of us have coughs or hard colds. I have used it for a great many years and so know all about it."—Mrs. MARY GIBBES, VARYBURG, N. Y.



Billousness, constipation retard recovery. Cure these with Ayer's Pills.

## DEEDS, NOT WORDS

That's What the People of Escanaba Should Demand

It's not words, but deeds, that count. The deeds of Doan's Kidney Pills. For Escanaba kidney sufferers Have made their local reputation Proof of this are statements Made by Escanaba people They tell of permanent cures. Read this case.

Mrs. Sarah Vassaw, of 340 Fannie street, Escanaba, Mich., says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as a backache cure. I have not had a backache since I used them, while before that my back and kidneys bothered me for years. I suffered from a dull heavy pain across my joints and a weakness through my back, so severe at times as to cause me days and weeks of misery. Many a time I went about scarcely able to get one foot before the other, and not able to do any ordinary household work. I doctored and doctored, took remedy after remedy and rubbed on liniments, but nothing did me any good and I was growing worse instead of better. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended to me and I got a box at the Mead Drug Co.'s store. Their use cured me. I have not had any return of the trouble since, and you are at liberty to refer anyone to me who wishes to enquire about my cure."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

## FOR NEW CHURCH

Funds Being Raised to Build New Catholic Church in Escanaba Township

An effort is being made by the residents of Escanaba and Wells townships to raise sufficient funds for the building of a French Catholic church in Escanaba township. A meeting was held recently at the home of John Barron which was largely attended and at which considerable enthusiasm over the project was manifested. The sum of \$800, it is said was pledged at this meeting for the church.

A committee composed of Camille Charbonniar, Andrew J. Berckman and John Barron was appointed to solicit funds in Escanaba township, and Moses Gardener and Gideon Lamarch in Wells township.



## For Sale.

- 80 Acres 2 1/2 miles from City Limits.....\$ 500
- 160 Acres one mile from City Limits..... 800
- 40 Acres in Menominee Co. Heavily timbered..... 650
- 40 Acres in Menominee Co. Good timber..... 350
- Timber on 160 Acres in Marquette Co..... 1000
- House and Lot in Cochrane Addition..... 1350

The above are a few of the bargains we have on our lists. For further information call on or address

THE BROTHERTON CO. Stack Block. Escanaba, Mich.

# Opportunities in California

The trade in the Orient is opening up. Our exports to Japan and China multiplied during the last year.

There will soon be a tremendous increase in the trade of the Pacific Coast cities with the Far East.

Big opportunities for the man who lives there. Why not look the field over?

Only \$62.50, Chicago to San Francisco or Los Angeles and return, May 1, 2, 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 29, 30, 31, June 1, August 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, 1905. Tickets good for return for 90 days.

Rate for a double berth in a comfortable tourist sleeper from Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Santa Barbara, and many other points in California, only \$7. Through train service from Union Passenger Station, Chicago, via the

## Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Line

This is the route of The Overland Limited, leaving Union Passenger Station, Chicago, 6.05 p. m. and The California Express at 10.25 p. m. The California Express carries tourist sleeping cars to California every day. Both trains carry through standard sleepers.

Complete information sent free on receipt of coupon with blank lines filled.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Street address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

Probable destination \_\_\_\_\_ CALIFORNIA

W. S. HOWELL, Gen'l Eastern Agent, 38 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.

or F. A. MILLER, General Passenger Agent, CHICAGO

## A Living Monument.

If we were to assemble all those who have been cured of heart disease by Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and who would to-day be in their graves had not Dr. Miles' been successful in perfecting this wonderful heart specific, they would populate a large city.

What a remarkable record—a breathing, thinking, moving monument, composed of human lives,—that for which every other earthly possession is sacrificed.

The Miles Medical Co. receive thousands of letters from these people like the following:

"I feel indebted to the Dr. Miles' Heart Cure for my life. I desire to call the attention of others suffering as I did to this remarkable remedy for the heart. For a long time I had suffered from shortness of breath after any little exertion, palpitation of the heart; and at times terrible pain in the region of the heart, so serious that I feared that I would some time drop dead upon the street. One day I read one of your circulars, and immediately went to my druggist and purchased two bottles of the Heart Cure, and took it according to directions, with the result that I am entirely cured. Since then I never miss an opportunity to recommend this remedy to my friends who have heart trouble; in fact I am a traveling advertisement, for I am widely known in this locality."

J. H. BOWMAN, Manager of Lebanon Democrat, Nashville, Tenn.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

## Ishpeming Won Again

The strength of the Ishpeming high school foot ball team was again shown on Saturday when the Calumet high school players went down to defeat to a tune that was anything but encouraging to the copper country players. Calumet proved to be nearly as weak as Escanaba was shown to be in the game against Ishpeming one week ago to-day, and the total of 30 points that was rolled up against the copper country team who were unable to score, shows well the trend of strength in the upper peninsula championship race this fall. The board is now engaged in making out the championship schedule for the different teams in the race and official announcement of the games to be played is expected soon.

## A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding Piles. Druggists refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standing, in 6 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest. 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c in stamps and it will be forwarded post-paid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

## THERE IS MONEY IN GROWING GINSENG

Prof. W. L. Howard of Missouri State Agricultural College says: "I advise American farmers to cultivate Ginseng. Big profits may be realized. It is a hardy plant and is easily grown."—A recent bulletin issued by the Pennsylvania State Agricultural College in part says: "The supply of native Ginseng root is continually diminishing and the price per pound is correspondingly increasing, while the constant demand in China stands as a guarantee of a steady market for Ginseng in the future. The market for our cultivated root will exist as long as the Chinamen exist."—Counsel General W. A. Rublee of Hong Kong says in the F. S. Consular reports: sale of the Ginseng root grown in America is very large here and the demand is so great that much more could be disposed of advantageously. The root is as indispensable to the 400,000,000 Chinese as is their rice."

Ginseng is a staple on the market the same as corn, wheat, and cotton. The present market price varies from \$5.00 to \$8.00 per pound according to quality, while the cost of production does not exceed \$1.50. There is room in an ordinary garden to grow several hundred dollars worth each year. The plant is hardy and thrives in all parts of the United States and Canada, except in the arid regions. We are successful growers and can show you how to make money growing Ginseng. You can get a good start in the business for a comfortable income. We have several thousand choice roots for sale for fall delivery. The planting season begins in August and continues till the ground is frozen.

### BUCKINHAMS' GINSENG GARDEN

Growers and Exporters

ZANESVILLE, OHIO

## A MATTER OF HEALTH



## HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

A Cream of Tartar Powder free from alum or phosphatic acid

# GIRLS SOLD INTO CHINESE BONDAGE

## Traffic in Young Women in America Is Disclosed.

### BECOME SLAVES OF MERCILESS MANDARINS

#### Lured to Dens in Chicago on Various Pretexts and Taken to Orient by Ring of Deceiving Females—Astounding Practice Bared by Secret Service Officials.

Chicago.—Recent astounding disclosures have brought to light the fact that a traffic in human lives has been going on for some time in this country and that this city has been the recruiting point. Young America's girls have been lured from home and friends under various pretexts and sold into living deaths in Chinese harems.

They are employed as "secretaries" and "traveling companions," with promises of big wages and the payment of all traveling expenses. Once within China they are delivered to those who have paid in advance for them, only to be hurried to the interior beyond the reach of civilization, to pass their lives in hopeless despair, the absolute slaves of merciless masters free from the restraint of all law and accountable to no one for their victims' lives.

Local police and federal secret service officials who uncovered the operations of those engaged in deporting the girls were surprised at the extent and ramifications of the system they unearthed. Instead of involving a few women and the deporting of a few girls, it is now admitted the investigators are on the track of half a score of traffickers, and the number of girls lured from home may exceed 100 in Chicago alone, to say nothing of the extent of this operation of the ring in other sections of the United States and Canada.

Two of the intended victims of the traffic escaped from their captors after arriving in Shanghai. They told an officer of the American navy their experiences and about the fate of their former companions. It is possible demands for the liberation of the young women by the American consul may make the affair international.

**Astounding Facts Disclosed.**

Forty-nine American girls have been sold into life slavery in Chinese harems. Most of the white slaves delivered into the hands of Chinese masters are lost to civilization and can hope for no escape from their bondage save by suicide. They are helpless prisoners in Chinese interior towns subject to the whims of mandarins and wealthy Chinamen who were enabled to purchase them through connivance with a woman

in February, 1911, from Montreal, may have met the same fate. These girls were employed in the Hotel de Villa, Montreal. Two French women stopped at the hotel as guests. They engaged the girls to come to Chicago and lured them to a resort. The young women were rescued from the dive and returned to their homes. Later it is reported they again disappeared. The circumstances of their second disappearance from home are supposed to have been a second visit from the French women, who pretended to desire to make reparation and then send the girls to China for the dual purpose of getting a price of \$500 apiece for them and sending dangerous witnesses against themselves out of the country.

**Chicago Girls Among Captives.**

The names of ten more young women that have disappeared from homes in Chicago and other American cities and were shipped to Shanghai are in the possession of the inspector of the Chinese immigration bureau. The police of this and other cities are gathering evidence against the promoters of the slavery and their prosecution will follow. On this point the government agents say they must rely on the police and state authorities, since there is no national law against exporting women for such purposes.

American Consul James L. Rodgers, at Shanghai, has enlisted the cooperation of the English and Chinese authorities in that city, and evidence of many sales of American and Canadian girls to Chinese masters has been procured.

The authorities have unquestionable proof of the incarceration in Chinese harems of at least a dozen of the girls who were shipped from Chicago. Hilda Olson, aged 23, is said to have committed suicide on arriving at Shanghai in order to escape the fate of being a slave to a Chinese master. Others were shipped to interior towns, where they were held by one master after another, until they were finally sold to Chinese, who took them so far into the interior they could not be traced.

The horror of the situation of the girls, all of whom are young and were selected because of their beauty can be imagined, when it is known that the Chinese purchasers own them as

side seems to be the headquarters of the "slave" traders. Detectives and secret service officers have investigated a number of externally unpretentious houses and have discovered conditions they never believed could exist. To step within the portals of these houses is like being transported to the orient. Rich rugs, tapestry, Chinese and Japanese bric-a-brac, virgin gold and jade were studded with diamonds, and precious stones, greet the eye of the visitor.

**Lured by Tales of Wealth.**

It is into these dens of splendor that unsuspecting girls have been lured. Wild tales of the wealth and pleasures that will be theirs in the orient are poured into the startled ears of the girls by women so schooled that the unsuspecting victims really believe the glowing promises that are made.

"You will find scores of wealthy merchants and business men in Chinese cities who are far from home," say the deceivers. "They are seeking wives from their own land."

Another story is that wealthy orientals want American companions and governesses for their children who are to be trained for college courses in the big universities of this country.

**Traffic a Surprise.**

That Chicago has been used as a recruiting station for the resorts of the treaty ports and the frequently visited spots of the orient has long been known to the underworld, whose

how they originated. I have been to China once. Then I visited a married lady friend in Hongkong. There is a delightful colony of Americans in Hongkong. I found life there charming. Most American women who go there do. There is much wealth and money is spent freely. But white women no more associate with Chinese there than they do here. I never heard of any American women being married to Chinese there.

"As for my being connected with a band of slave traders, the charge is absurd. On my only voyage I was unaccompanied. I have never seen anyone who has been influenced to go by my yarns."

"Two of my friends have been dragged into this scandal. One is the wife of a German banker and the other the wife of a merchant. Both were Chicago women. They went to China as single women and married there. Every summer they come back to Chicago and stay with me at my flat. They make this trip to escape the heated term in the orient. They are wealthy women, and left only a few days ago after a month's visit with me. I have never heard of any women returning to China with them."

"I know of a large number of Chicago women of legal age who have

women have been regaled by stories of the palaces maintained by those of their kind in the celestial kingdom. Year after year a group of women formerly identified with Chicago's dark side have visited the city and departed with a band of these women, who have never been heard of afterward.

Despite all this, the knowledge that girls are being sold into actual slavery and that the young and inexperienced are being lured from home to supply the demand for white slaves came as a startling surprise.

More than a year ago an inkling of the system and its extent reached the local police, and from time to time the atrocities practiced by the international band of slave traders caused a ripple. Nothing was done, however, to investigate the situation and suppress the traffic until the federal authorities acted in this instance, sending the police of Chicago, New York and San Francisco into action simultaneously.

It is believed that exposure will of itself bring the operations of the slave traders to an end, save in the cases of the very ignorant. Punishment befitting the enormity of the crimes that have been committed is doubtful, both because of the absence of specific laws meeting the situation and the fact that most of the offenders have placed the Pacific ocean between themselves and prosecution.

"It is true this sort of thing has been going on for some time," said Chief Collins. "I have detectives working on the case now and expect to do something before long. The information came to me from Washington first, and I then took the case up with the government officers here, but they could do nothing. I don't care to state what our next move will be."

**One Woman Suspected.**

One woman against whom positive evidence has been gathered as a central figure in this system of kidnapping, abduction and sale into slavery is the wife of a recently deceased bookmaker. Several others are women who formerly conducted resorts in Chicago and now make their homes in Chinese treaty ports.

While 40 cases are charged against the former, the latter are said to have recruited hundreds who have entered upon a living death from which there is no possibility of escape save by suicide.

The wife of the bookmaker, when questioned, indignantly denied the charges. She lives in a splendid apartment and is supposed to be wealthy. "The charges against me are preposterous," she said. "I cannot imagine

gone to China during the last few years and secured wealthy husbands," she said. "It is their own business and I don't see why the authorities should raise any objections to their going. They are surely better off than they would be here."

"Do they marry Chinese?" she was asked.

"Oh, no; they marry white men. There are thousands of single white men in the Chinese cities who want wives from their own lands."

The woman in question, it is said, takes periodical trips to China and receives and entertains women visitors from the orient in the United States, ostensibly to enjoy vacations during the heated term in the Chinese city. The visitors, it is declared, are the women who do the actual work of transporting the girls from America to China at so much apiece. They visit San Francisco, New York, Philadelphia, Montreal, and every large city where it is possible for them to pursue their nefarious vocations without too much police interference. The woman does not deny her oriental acquaintances, but she does deny that girls are obtained by her and sent to China.

**Hard to Reach Offenders.**

Washington officials first notified the local authorities of the nefarious practice which was going on, as there is no federal law under which punishment could be meted out to the offenders. They can be reached, however, under an Illinois law, and if sufficient evidence can be obtained the guilty one can be sent to the penitentiary on the charge of abduction.

The difficulty which has prevented the officials from taking action is that the victims shipped out of the country never return to tell the tale. At Hongkong or some other Chinese port they are met by agents of the band and sold into slavery in the interior far beyond the pale of European and American civilization that fringes the seacoast.

A number of persons have been sent to the penitentiary under the federal statutes for importing women into the United States, but the authorities have never been able to reach persons operating in the other direction.

**Amber in New York City.**

Large masses of amber have recently been discovered in cretaceous strata on Staten Island, now the borough of Richmond of the city of New York. The deposits are being commercially worked. It is thought that some of this amber may be the product of sequoia-trees that grew on the Atlantic coast in Cretaceous time.—Youth's Companion.

### THE FALL ELECTIONS.

Voters of Seven States and Six Big Cities to Choose Officials on November 7.

New York, Oct. 31.—Elections will be held Tuesday, November 7, in seven states and six of the larger cities. In Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Virginia, and Ohio a governor and other state officers are to be chosen, and in Pennsylvania, Maryland and Nebraska minor state officers, judges or regents of the state university. In New York, Indianapolis, Louisville, Salt Lake and San Francisco a mayor and other city officers and, in Chicago sanitary trustees and judges are to be voted for.

The democrats and populists have fused in Nebraska, the republicans and democrats against the union labor party in San Francisco, and the republicans and other parties against the democrats in Louisville.

In Pennsylvania there has been a miscellaneous indorsement of the republican and democratic candidates.

The prohibitionists have a ticket in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Ohio, Nebraska, New York, Indianapolis and Chicago; the socialists in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New York, and Chicago; the socialist labor party in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, New York and Indianapolis; the municipal ownership party in New York; and the American party in Salt Lake City.

There are six candidates for mayor in New York, and four in Indianapolis.

### ADMIRAL TRAIN IN TROUBLE.

Accidentally Shoots Woman in China—Is Assaulted by Natives—Son Held as Hostage.

London, Oct. 31.—A dispatch from Shanghai says that Rear Admiral Train, commander in chief of the American Asiatic squadron, and his son, Lieut. Train, have been victims of a savage attack by Chinese outside of Nanking. The American officers were pheasant shooting when the admiral accidentally shot a Chinese woman, slightly injuring her. Hundreds of villagers thereupon surrounded the officers, took away their guns, knocked the admiral down in the mud and held Lieut. Train as a hostage. Forty American marines landed as a rescue party were attacked by a mob of Chinamen who tried to pitchfork the officers. The marines were obliged to fire twice. The Chinese officials refused to restore the officers' guns, and support the villagers. Nanking has been active in the movement for boycotting American goods and is the center of activity on the part of Japanese students.

Shanghai, Oct. 31.—The outrage on Rear Admiral Train and his son, Lieut. Train, has been referred to the governor of Nanking. Americans are demanding the punishment of the leaders of the mob and the restoration of the guns taken from the officers.

### COLLISION IN ICWA.

Disaster on Rock Island Road at Casey Causes Loss of Six Lives.

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 31.—In a head-on collision at 6:50 Monday evening between two freight trains on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad at Casey, Ia., the following were killed: Fireman Ed Nelson, Valley Junction, Ia.; Engineer Bert Shields, Valley Junction, Ia.; Fireman William Marshall, Valley Junction, Ia.; Brakeman Frank Johns, Valley Junction, Ia.; Rev. F. W. Caldwell, Van Meter, Ia., and an unknown man. Four trainmen were injured. The collision was between freight train No. 85, west-bound, and section two of east-bound train No. 96. Train 85 had orders to wait at Menlo, east of Casey, for train No. 96, a fast meat train. The first section passed safely, displaying green flags, indicating that another section followed with all rights of first section. Conductor of train No. 85, however, gave orders to pull out and his train crashed into section two of 96 at full speed, just as the latter was coming out of Casey, Ia., yards. Both trains were badly wrecked and engines piled up into heaps of scrap iron. The trainmen killed were all on engines. Rev. F. W. Caldwell was riding in a caboose on train No. 85 on a stock special pass.

### TRAIN IS DITCHED.

Strikes Loose Rail in Outskirts of Kansas City—Thirteen Persons Killed.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 31.—Thirteen persons were killed and 20 injured in the wreck Monday of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe passenger train, No. 1, known as the California Express, which, while running at the rate of 35 miles an hour, struck a loose rail, ditching five cars, one mile east of Blue River, which is the eastern limits of this city. The train, which left Chicago at ten o'clock Sunday night and was due here at 10:30 Monday morning, is a through train running between Chicago and San Francisco. It was running at a higher speed than usual, being ten or 15 minutes behind its schedule.

### Is Sentenced.

St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 31.—W. H. Harroun, convicted last week on the charge of forging a bill of lading of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway company, was formally sentenced Monday to five years in the state penitentiary, after the court had overruled a motion for a new trial which had been made by the grain operator's attorneys. The attorneys for the defense also made a motion in arrest of judgment which the judge overruled. Harroun's attorneys took an appeal to the state supreme court.

### THE SCIENCE OF LIVING.

Dr. George F. Butler Tells How to Eat and How to Assimilate.

Dr. George F. Butler, medical superintendent of the Alma Springs Sanitarium, Alma, Mich., in the October number of "How to Live," gives some interesting as well as sensible rules for acquiring and keeping health. He says: "Without we eat and drink, we die! The provocative to do both rests with the appetite, which, in process of time, becomes a very uncertain guide; for the palate will often induce a desire and relish for that which is most mischievous and indigestible. The old saying of 'eat what you like' is now shunned by everybody of 20 years' experience. Still, without appetite, it is a very difficult affair to subsist—for the pleasure depends chiefly upon the relish. The relish may become, as has been stated, a vitiated one, but it is quite possible to make the stomach, by a little forbearance and practice, as enamored of what is wholesome and nutritious, as of that which is hurtful, and not conceivable."

Again he says: "The delicate should feed carefully, not abundantly; it is not quantity which nourishes, but only that which assimilates." "Be careful of your digestion" is the keynote of the doctor's argument. He says: "Health in men, as in other animals, depends upon the proper performance of all the functions. These functions may be shortly said to be three: (1) tissue change; (2) removal of waste; (3) supply of new material. For the activity of man, like the heat of the fire by which he cooks his food, is maintained by combustion; and just as the fire may be prevented from burning brightly by improper disposition of the fuel, or imperfect supply of air, and as it will certainly go out if fresh fuel is not supplied, and may be choked by its own ashes, so man's activity may be lessened by imperfect tissue change, and may be put an end to, by an insufficient supply of new material and imperfect removal of waste products."

"We should see to it that free elimination is maintained, for the ashes must be kept out of the system in order to have good health. The skin, kidneys and bowels must do their eliminative work properly. If the bowels occasionally become torpid, try to regulate them with exercise and proper food, such as fruits, green vegetables, salads, cereals, corn, whole wheat or graham bread, fish, poultry, light soups, etc. Plenty of water is also valuable, and a glass full of cold or hot water the first thing upon rising in the morning will aid much in overcoming constipation. Regular habit, cold baths, and massage are very efficacious. In case the constipation does not yield to these hygienic measures, some simple, harmless laxative may be required, such as California Syrup of Figs—a non-irritating preparation of senna in fig syrup—Laxative mineral waters are beneficial in some cases, but not to be employed continually."

"Above all be an optimist, keep the heart young. Cultivate kindness, cheerfulness and love, and do not forget that we shall pass through this world but once. Any good thing, therefore, that we do, or any kindness that we show to any human being, let us do it now. Let us not defer it or neglect it, for we shall not pass this way again."

### WEAT WOMEN HAVE DONE.

The marchioness of Tweedale is a good locomotive engineer. She it was who ran the first train over the Forth bridge.

Mrs. Peary, during the several arctic expeditions whereon she accompanied her husband, became an expert and fearless walrus hunter.

Miss Jessie Ackerman, a missionary, recently put on a diver's suit in Ceylon and brought up from the pears, or pearl oyster beds, seven valuable pearls.

Jenny Carey, of Muckford, Ind., saved from wreck a train containing a party of distinguished Frenchmen and received from the president of France the medal of the Legion of Honor.

Joanna Maertrich, of Berlin, was for eight years Oporto's champion bull-fighter. The young woman, furthermore, was beautiful. In 1903 she won the first prize at the Lisbon beauty show.

Women, disguised as men, have often served as soldiers. The following inscription is on a tombstone in the English town of Brighton: "In memory of Phoebe Hassel; born 1713, died 1821; aged 108 years. She served for many years as a private soldier in many parts of Europe, and at the battle of Fontenoy, fighting bravely, she received a bayonet wound in the left arm."

### ODD THINGS WE HEAR.

Rudyard Kipling believes in ghosts. Thomas Edison never wears an overcoat.

The right ear is usually better than the left.

The Chinese national anthem is six hours' long.

Butter first, bacon next, are the most nutritious foods.

Women make the best anglers' flies, often earning \$25 to \$30 a week.

A kiss on the lips is in Finland, even from a husband, a deadly insult.

Twelve ships a week, on an average, are wrecked on the oceans of the world.

Dublin's police are the finest. Every man is over six feet and physically perfect.



whose identity is well known to the government authorities.

The dealer who delivered the girls into their slavery resides in Chicago and has a woman confederate in Shanghai, China, who is also known to the government secret service agents.

These astounding facts were disclosed by the local immigration bureau, which received complaints of the sale of Louise Miller, a girl from Montreal, Canada, to the agent of a Chinese official in Shanghai.

Other evidence obtained indicated that Eva Campeau, Maggie Dredin and Victoria Stamour, three waitresses who were induced to come to Chicago



Recruiting Station in Chicago

Chicago woman who married in Hongkong

## PARALYSIS CURED

Case Seemed Hopeless but Yielded to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mr. Kenney has actually escaped from the paralytic's fate to which he seemed a short time ago hopelessly doomed. The surprising report has been fully verified and some important details secured in a personal interview with the recent sufferer.

"The doctor," said Mr. Kenney, "told me that if I wanted to live any length of time I would have to give up work altogether, and he told my friends that the paralysis which had begun would in time involve my whole body."

"Just how were you afflicted at this time?" Mr. Kenney was asked.

"Well, I had first hot, and then cold and clammy feelings, and at times my body felt as if needles were being stuck into it. These sensations were followed by terrible pains, and again I would have no feeling at all, but a numbness would come over me, and I would not be able to move. The most agonizing tortures came from headaches and a pain in the spine."

"Night after night I could not get my natural sleep and my system was wrecked by the strain of torturing pains and the effect of the opiates I was forced to take to induce sleep. As I look back on the terrible suffering I endured during this period I often wonder how I retained my reason through it all."

"But relief came quickly when I was induced to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The very first box seemed to help me, and seven boxes made me entirely well. There can be no doubt about the thoroughness of my cure, for I have worked steadily ever since and that is nearly four years."

Mr. Kenney is at present employed by the Merrimac Hat Company and resides at 101 Aubin street, Amesbury, Mass. The remedy which he used with such satisfactory results, is sold by all druggists, or direct by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.



**The Genuine TOWER'S POMMEL SLICKER**  
HAS BEEN ADVERTISED AND SOLD FOR A QUARTER OF A CENTURY LIKE ALL TOWER'S WATERPROOF CLOTHING.  
It is made of the best materials, in black or yellow, fully guaranteed, and sold by reliable dealers everywhere.  
STICK TO THE SIGN OF THE FISH.  
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited, A. J. TOWER CO. 215 WEST 14TH ST. TORONTO, CAN.

### YOU MAY NOT KNOW.

A good ostrich is worth \$300.

Diamonds have been found in meteorites.

Most deaths occur between sunset and sunrise.

The robin is the last bird to go to bed at night.

Prussic acid is the most rapid poison a human being can take.

Cremations can be watched by the public at one dollar a head in Italy.

The mountain spider of Ceylon spins a net of yellow silk ten feet in diameter.

A Chinaman cannot be partial to his sons in his will. All must share and share alike.

One million dollars a year in stones is stolen from the South African diamond mines.

Imprisonment in childhood is the chief factor in the creation of habitual criminals.

Biting the nails is called "onychophagy" in France, and is regarded as a symptom of degeneracy.

### BREEZY BITS.

A girl never marries the best man, which may be the reason so many of them marry the wrong man.

There are few things likely to provoke a woman quite so much as to be prepared for an emergency that fails to emerge.

Talk is said to be cheap, but almost any married man can tell you that the machinery with which most of it is done at home comes high.

### Non-Supporters.

In a matrimonial combination it is frequently observed that the better half never seems to tire of trying to find out how the other half lives.

### FUNNY

People Will Drink Coffee When It "Does Such Things."

"I began to use Postum because the old kind of coffee had so poisoned my whole system that I was on the point of breaking down, and the doctor warned me that I must quit it."

My chief ailment was nervousness and heart trouble.

Any unexpected noise would cause me the most painful palpitation, make me faint and weak.

I had heard of Postum and began to drink it when I left off the old coffee. It began to help me just as soon as the old effects of the other kind of coffee passed away. It did not stimulate me for awhile, and then leave me weak and nervous as coffee used to do. Instead of that it built up my strength and supplied a constant vigor to my system which I can always rely on. It enables me to do the biggest kind of a day's work without getting tired. All the heart trouble, etc., has passed away.

"I give it freely to all my children, from the youngest to the oldest, and it keeps them all healthy and hearty." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

## Improvement in Football Lies with Coaches and Players

By WILLIAM H. LEWIS,  
Harvard Team of '93.

HERE is nothing the matter with football. The trouble is, in the first place, with the men who coach it, and in the second place with the men who play it. The game itself is one of the finest sports ever devised for the pastime of youth, and the pleasure of the public. It has in it all the elements which appeal to the young men—the contest of brain and muscle; for the public, it has the outdoor feature and the spectacular element in more or less degree. It is true that the game has taken on in later years much unnecessary roughness, foul play, holding, etc., but the game ought to be saved, and preserved, both for the benefit of those who play it, and those who view it. The efforts of the president of the United States to restore the game to its early simplicity, and to eliminate the undesirable features are certainly deserving of consideration and appreciation.

The rules at present, as constituted, are sufficiently explicit to keep out all of the undesirable elements, to-wit, roughness, foul play, holding and fighting. What is really needed is not so much addition of rules, but a rigid and honest enforcement of the rules as they exist.

Unfortunately, officials are more conscientious about disturbing the progress of the game by ruling against violations of the rule than about preserving the game. During the game, officials will be constantly calling to players: "No using of arms or hands," "keep on side," etc. There is nothing in the rules which entitles a player who offends to a warning. Officials have no right to condone one violation of the rule by a warning, and thus encouraging other violations of the rules, and in the long run a total disregard of all rules, so long as the violation of them is not detected.

Of course as President Eliot pointed out some years ago, in any game where there is physical contact among the players, there is apt to be more or less friction, but this friction can be reduced to a minimum by a proper enforcement of the rules, and the element of personal contact be made one of benefit to players and public, instead of occasional disgusting exhibitions of loss of temper and proper self-control. Coaches—the men who teach the game—also can contribute a great deal to clean sport by discountenancing all forms of rough, unsportsmanlike play. A man who slugs, a man who violates the rules, as a rule is of little or no value to the side upon which he plays. The men themselves, usually college-bred men, should exercise those qualities of gentlemanliness and proper restraint which ought to characterize any well-bred man.

In saying what I do, I do not mean to indicate that I would like to see a game of ping-pong or marbles upon the football field. I am frank enough to say that I want to see a strenuous competition, a scientific game played according to the rules of the game with vigor and force, sincerity and earnestness. This cannot and never will be eliminated from the game, because the sports of the people partake of their national character. The American is a strenuous, intense, earnest individual who goes at top speed all the time. Success is at least one of the gods he worships. "To win," "to get there," "to make good," "to deliver the goods," are the current expressions which indicate our national character. Football, indeed all our sports, are permeated with our spirit and our character. Coaches have it. Players have it. Universities throw over both coaches and players, and infuse in them the spirit of "get there," "win the game." While all this is true, we should make the sport clean, decent and honorable, and be just as careful about that as any other undertaking in life.

## Natural Religion of the Twentieth Century

By HON. N. O. NELSON,  
Millionaire Philanthropist of St. Louis.

The twentieth century religion will be the natural religion, the religion which will cause all classes to mingle together in good fellowship.

The natural religion would dispense with the navy and the money used in maintaining it and the regular army would be assigned to buying homes for the poor of the country.

I want to say that the people of the century must learn to love each other, even though we be enemies. The religion of to-day is ruled by promised favors. One reason for this is that the rich of the country, who should be the leaders of the country, strive to make all that can be made, instead of doing the good deeds which should be done.

Persons who have attained wealth or other worldly goods should become the leaders of men. And as leaders they should lead wisely. If this were the case people would be more interested in each other and the result would be that the poor unfortunates who now barely survive in our downtown districts would be given the necessities of life. It would also stop this crime of having children going to work—mere drudgery—instead of securing an education, which is so important in this present day.

We are often asked why the workingman does not attend church. It is simply the distinction between classes that prevents his going to church. People who won't mingle together in the parlor cannot mingle together in the church.

If everyone should live up to his own ideals the world would be revolutionized in one day.

Another thing which causes much misery and want is that too many people live in the cities. If about one-half of the population of the large cities would move to the country they would find neighbors much more kindly and sociable. People in the country don't know of many ways of speculation to get money without doing anything for it. It is the best that they don't know and it is to be hoped that they never will learn how to speculate.

Speculation means to secure "tainted money." All money is tainted that is not earned by honest methods. The natural religion or the religion which is to become paramount before the century closes will abolish speculation.

One of the features of our habits to-day is our dress. It seems as if people nowadays live for dress rather than to help their fellow man. This is also another feature which prevents the working man and woman from attending church.

The poor woman cannot dress like the woman whose husband is wealthy. In fact, some of our women go to extremes in their ideas of dress. Charles Wagner, the French writer, while visiting here on a lecturing tour, declared that when he visited an entertainment which was largely attended by women in evening dress he was compelled to keep his eye on the ceiling for fear of shocking his modesty. Such as this certainly is not the natural religion.

## FORTUNE FAVORS SULTAN.

Present Turkish Ruler Saved from Dethronement by Repeated Lucky Turns.

The present sultan's reign has been one long succession of hidden turns of fortune. It was a piece of altogether unexpected good luck that brought him to the throne, for which no one believed him to be destined, during the lifetime of his uncle, Sultan Abdul Aziz, who cordially disliked him. The Russian army was under the very walls of Constantinople in 1877, and the occupation of the city was so imminent that it seemed a mere matter of hours, when England intervened with her fleet, and saved Abdul Hamid both his capital and his throne. More than this, other powers who had never been regarded as particularly friendly to Turkey intervened in her behalf, and at the congress of Berlin, in 1878, deprived Russia of most of the fruits of her victories.

Time and again had the sultan been threatened by the powers with deposition, with the military occupation of his capital, and of his empire, and with its partition among the great powers. But on each occasion when matters looked blackest for him, and the situation seemed critical, something occurred suddenly to alter the aspect of affairs, usually in the shape of an outbreak of jealousy between the governments united against him, preventing concerted action on their part.

To-day, with Russia weakened by the strain imposed on her by her disastrous war with Japan, the sultan is to such an extent relieved from the haunting fear of peril from that source that he has actually ventured within the last few months to arm all the forts lining the Dardanelles with the heaviest kind of Krupp guns. In the face of the protests of the Muscovite ambassadors at Stamboul.

In one word, fortune smiles more than ever on that Abdul Hamid whom Gladstone denounced as the "great assassin," and, firmly convinced that he is born under a lucky star, he has at length succeeded in impressing this belief on his coreligionists and on the world at large. Destined according to the astrologers, to live to the age of 75, and to die not by violence, like most of his predecessors, but from a contagious malady (which accounts for his progressive ideas on the subject of sanitation) he will henceforth be no longer known as Abdul the Damned, but Abdul the Blessed.

## NOTHING BUT PLAIN TRUTH

This Fisherman Didn't Let a Single "Whopper" Get Away from Him.

His eye there was a gleam of triumph that was quite as signal as unmistakable. His whole being seemed surcharged with a divine ecstasy as he strode into the presence of his wife, relates the New York Herald.

"You talk about luck," he exclaimed, "just look at those late denizens of the finny deep. Just look at them, Maria!"

After gazing on them for a few moments she said:

"I suppose they weigh about two pounds each, don't they?"

"I will be truthful with you, Maria," he said, as he patted the three sea bass as he would have patted the necks of so many horses. "I have had them weighed, and they average only one pound and a quarter."

While his wife eyed him in emmently proper astonishment he continued, as he skipped a hornpipe around the room: "You just ought to have seen the three that got off my hook; you just ought to have seen them as their tails snapped and flapped in the sea sprayed air."

"Were they great big four pounders?"

"Guess again, Maria."

"Were they six-pound whoppers, the kind that are so often hooked and never landed?"

"You're wrong again, my dear; you're wrong again. Guess once more!"

"Didn't they weigh about eight or ten pounds apiece?"

"You are anything but a good fish guesser," replied her exultant lord, as he swung the three specimens about in mad iridescent circles. "I tell you what it is, Maria, I may not be much of an adept when it comes to angling skill, but when it comes to telling the straight piscine truth I've got old Isaac Walton skinned to death, like an eel. Those fish that got off my hook were not whoppers at all. They were not any bigger than sardines."

Wearing Hats in Church.

The question of women wearing hats in church recalls the fact that men also formerly wore theirs at worship. Peppy shows that in the seventeenth century both men and women wore their hats to worship. "To church," he writes, "and heard a simple fellow open the praise of church music, and exclaiming against men wearing their hats on in the church." Later he notes that he saw a minister "preach with his hat off, which I never saw before." The hat was then an integral part of both male and female costume, and Peppy catches "a strange cold in my head by flinging off my hat at dinner."—N. Y. Tribune.

What She Desires.

"It may not be your intention," remarked Miss Gaddie, "but doesn't it occur to you that your treatment of me is rather calculated to make us bad friends?"

"No," replied Miss Kendor, coolly, "I had an idea that it would make us good enemies."—Philadelphia Press.

## YOU HAVE NO RIGHT

To Suffer from Constipation, Bowel and Stomach Trouble.

Q. What is the beginning of sickness?  
A. Constipation.

Q. What is Constipation?  
A. Failure of the bowels to carry off the waste matter which lies in the alimentary canal where it decays and poisons the entire system. Eventually the results are death under the name of some other disease. Note the deaths from typhoid fever and appendicitis, stomach and bowel trouble at the present time.

Q. What causes Constipation?  
A. Neglect to respond to the call of Nature promptly. Lack of exercise. Excessive brain work. Mental emotion and improper diet.

Q. What are the results of neglected Constipation?  
A. Constipation causes more suffering than any other disease. It causes rheumatism, colds, fevers, stomach, bowel, kidney, lung and heart troubles, etc. It is the one disease that starts all others. Indigestion, dyspepsia, diarrhea, loss of sleep and strength are its symptoms—pleurisy, appendicitis, and fistula, are caused by Constipation. Its consequences are known to all physicians, but few sufferers realize their condition until it is too late. Women become confirmed invalids as a result of Constipation.

Q. Do physicians recognize this?  
A. Yes. The first question your doctor asks you is "are you constipated?" That is the secret.

Q. Can it be cured?  
A. Yes, with proper treatment. The common error is to resort to physics, such as pills, salts, mineral water, castor oil, injections, etc., every one of which is injurious. They weaken and increase the malady. You know this by your own experience.

Q. What then should be done to cure it?  
A. Get a bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic at once. Mull's Grape Tonic will positively cure Constipation and Stomach trouble in the shortest space of time. No other remedy has been known to cure Constipation positively and permanently.

Q. What is Mull's Grape Tonic?  
A. It is a Compound containing 40 per cent of the juice of Concord grapes. It exerts a strengthening, healing influence upon the intestines, so that they can do their work unaided. The process is gradual but sure. It is not a physic. It is unlike anything else you have ever used, but it cures Constipation, dysentery, stomach and bowel trouble. Having a rich, fruity grape flavor, it is pleasant to take. As a tonic it is unequalled, insuring the system against diseases. It strengthens and builds up waste tissue.

Q. Where can Mull's Grape Tonic be had?  
A. Your druggist sells it. The dollar bottle contains nearly three times the 30-cent size.

Good for ailing children and nursing mothers. A Free Bottle to all who have never used it, because we know it will cure you.

124 FREE BOTTLE 11405

Send this coupon with your name and address and druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic for Stomach and Bowels to

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 147 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly.

The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 30-cent size. At drug stores.

The genuine has a date and number stamped on the label—take no other from your druggist.

She Thought of Him.

She—Oh, Mr. Bore, how do you do? I was talking to Mrs. Naylor just now, and I couldn't help thinking of you.

He—And was she discussing me?

"Not exactly. She was commenting on the weather, and just asked me if I could imagine anything more tiresome and disagreeable."—Philadelphia Ledger.

WILD WITH ECZEMA

And Other Itching, Burning, Scaly Eruptions, with Loss of Hair—Speedily Cured by Cuticura.

Bathe the affected parts with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely, to allay itching, irritation and inflammation, and soothe and heal; and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent Pills to cool and cleanse the blood. A single set, costing but \$1.00, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

High finance is when your money goes up like a rocket and comes down in somebody else's pocket.

Go East via the Nickel Plate Road.

Lowest rates via the Nickel Plate Road and its eastern connections to all points in Eastern and New England States.

Three elegant through trains daily to Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Meals served in Dining Cars on the Individual Club Plan, at prices ranging from 35 cents to \$1.00. Also service a la carte. Luxurious Sleeping Cars on all trains. No excess fare charged on any train on the Nickel Plate Road, and service as good as the best. For full information regarding rates, connections, sleeping car reservations, etc., address J. Y. Callahan, General Agent, 112 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

It takes more than a white tie to cover a black heart.—Chicago Tribune.

When Baby Has the Croup

use Hoxsie's Croup Cure. It prevents Pneumonia and Diphtheria. No opium. No nausea. 50 cents. A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

A man's good intentions seldom add to his income.—Chicago Daily News.

## W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.00 & \$3.25 SHOES  
W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equaled at any price.



W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS SHOES NEW & \$3.00 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

\$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas \$3.00 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing quality, achieved the largest sale of any \$3.00 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you \$5.00 to \$7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof making men's fine shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.00 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makers, you would understand why Douglas \$3.00 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other \$3.00 shoe on the market to-day.

W. L. Douglas's Famous Made Shoes for Men, \$2.50, \$3.00, Boys' School & Dress Shoes, \$2.50, \$2, \$1.75, \$1.50

CAUTION—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

WANTED: A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request. Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear hoary. Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Style. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

gives absolutely FREE to every settler One Hundred and Sixty Acres of land in Western Canada.

Land adjoining this can be purchased from railway and land companies at from \$6 to \$10 per acre.

On this land this year has been produced upwards of twenty-five bushels of wheat to the acre.

It is also the best of grazing land and for mixed farming it has no superior on the continent.

Splendid climate, low taxes, railways convenient; schools and churches close at hand.

Write for "Twentieth Century Canada" and low railway rates to SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, or to authorized Canadian Agents:

C. J. BROUGHTON, 60 Quincy St., Chicago, Ill.

W. L. HOUNSBERG, 1000 First Trarion-Territorial Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.

T. O. CURRIE, Room 12 B, Callahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

J. S. CALAWORN, 12 West 9th St., Kansas City, Mo.

M. Y. MCINNES, 6 Ave. Theater B's, Detroit, Mich.

Send for this paper.

Don't try to add to your stature by standing on your dignity.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 16.—It is reported from Casper, Wyo., that sales of town lots for the new town of Shoshone, located on the edge of the Wind River Reservation on the new line of The Chicago & North-Western Railway across the state from Casper, have been unprecedented.

Bidding for town lots runs high, and a large number have been disposed of within a short time. Buyers evidently figure on the growth of the city here when the Indian reservation is thrown open to settlement next June.

Why is it that women in the highest society wear the lowest gowns?

THE BEST COUGH CURE

A well-known Rochester lady says: "I stayed in the Adirondacks, away from friends and home, two winters before I found that by taking

Kemp's Balsam

I could subdue the cough that drove me away from home and seemed likely to never allow me to live there in winter."

Kemp's Balsam will cure any cough that can be cured by any medicine.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

\$3 a Day Sure

Send your address and we will show you how to get this cure absolutely sure; we guarantee the cure or we will refund the money. Write at once. SOCIAL MANUFACTURING CO., Box 1770 Detroit, Mich.

PISO'S CURE FOR COUGHS WHEN IT USES FALLS

Best Cough Syrup. Cures Croup. Use in all cases. Sold by drug stores.

CONSUMPTION

A. N. K.—A 2008

## THE LARKIN IDEA SAVES MONEY

\$20 RETAIL VALUE FOR \$10

The double cost of buying from your retailer is convincingly demonstrated by a single Larkin Family purchase. The middleman's expenses and profits are saved and given you in a \$10.00 Premium Free with each \$10.00 order of

Laundry and Toilet Soaps, Toilet Articles, Coffee, Tea, Spices, Extracts, Baking Powder and other daily needs.

All users appreciate Larkin purity and superior quality and are enthusiastic friends—ask them.

A \$10.00 Lamp Free

—either one of these—with \$10.00 worth of Larkin Products. Unsolicited for locality in design and finish. Larkin Premiums number nearly 900—made by leading manufacturers. You can furnish your home completely, comfortably and elegantly without cost.

For thirty years the Larkin Idea has successfully aided thousands of families annually—it can help you. Thirty Days' Trial on all goods. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Send Postal for New Premium List 39 and Larkin Product Booklet. We have more of interest to tell you.

Established, 1871. Larkin Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

**Chicago & Northwestern TIME TABLE**  
PASSENGER TRAINS

From	Arrives	Depart	To
Chicago	9:10 a.m.	5:15 a.m.	North
		6:40 a.m.	Ashtland
		7:15 a.m.	Metropolitan
Chicago	9:50 a.m.	9:00 a.m.	Soo
North	10:55 a.m.	11:00 a.m.	Chicago
Chicago	1:30 p.m.	1:55 p.m.	North
Metropolitan	6:10 p.m.	7:35 p.m.	Marquette
Soo	8:30 p.m.	9:00 p.m.	Chicago
North	8:55 p.m.	9:00 p.m.	Chicago
Ashtland	10:00 p.m.		

Freight Trains carry passengers as follows:  
Ishpeming 9:00 a.m. 7:00 a.m. Ishpeming  
Narenta 8:30 a.m.  
Ishpeming 6:45 p.m.

\* Daily  
† Daily except Sundays  
‡ To and from Iron River on Sundays

**AGAINST THE STORM**  
THERE IS NO PROTECTION IN THE WORLD LIKE **TOWER'S SLICKERS**  
FOR SALE BY ALL THE BEST DEALERS  
A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836  
BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO  
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**GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS**

**TO CHICAGO**  
Fare \$7.00

**To Milwaukee**  
Fare \$6.00

Meals and berths included  
Lowest rates to Sturgeon Bay  
Algoma, Kewaunee, Manitowoc and Sheboygan  
Leave Escanaba at 7:00 a. m. Saturdays only.

**FINCH PHONE**

Gives a service unequalled in the history of the telephone.

**HAVE ONE PUT IN YOUR HOME.**

The Hicks Almanac for 1906  
The Rev. Irl R. Hicks Almanac will not be published for 1906, but his Monthly Journal, Word and Works, has been changed into a large and costly Magazine, and it will contain his storm and weather forecasts and other astronomical features complete. The November number, now ready, contains the forecasts from January to June, 1906. The January number, ready December 20th, will contain the forecasts from July to December, 1906. The price of this splendid Magazine is one dollar a year. See it and you will have it. The November and January numbers containing the Rev. Irl R. Hicks forecasts for the whole year, and more complete than ever, can be had by sending at once 25 cents to Word and Works Publishing Company, 2201 Locust Street, St. Louis, Mo.

**Benton Harbor Is Fast**  
Benton Harbor is asking for games with any high school eleven in the west which believes that it has a claim to the championship. The Benton Harbor boys have defeated successfully Kershaw Athletic club, Englewood High school and the fast Morgan park academy team, defeating the latter by a score of 11 to 6 in one of the greatest foot ball games ever played in Benton Harbor. It is eager and willing to play any eleven which claims to have a chance at the western championship.

If you have trouble with your eyes or with your glasses see G. H. Cook. A specialty made of difficult cases calls and examinations free. Office and residence 323 S. Campbell street.

**THE DIRECT PRIMARY LAW**

**Information Regarding the Law that Goes Into Effect.**

**MUST REGISTER IN APRIL**

**Must Declare the Party to Which You Belong—Method by Which Nominations May be Obtained.**

We take the following information in regarding the new direct primary law from the Mining Journal of a recent date.

The Baird law provides a system that is by no means simple, but still a majority of either Republicans or Democrats will be at no great trouble getting direct nominations, providing they are really wanted. On the state ticket only governor and lieutenant governor can be nominated directly, in any event, but provision has been made for doing away with the convention in congressional, state representative and senatorial districts and counties, if certain conditions are met. The following paragraphs contain information embodying all the salient points in what is required of the people, if there are to be any direct nominations under the Baird bill, and may well be preserved for future reference:

On the first Monday of April, 1906, a party enrollment will be had. At this enrollment every voter who desires to vote either for or against the proposition to nominate officers by direct vote, or who, if the acting voting system is adopted, desires to vote for any candidate for direct primary must enroll or register his name with the party to which he belongs. This enrollment is had in order that in subsequent primaries it may be known to which political party the voter belongs, and to prevent members of one political party from nominating candidates for another party.

On the second Tuesday of June, 1906, a primary will be held to allow the people of the state to decide whether they will nominate governor and lieutenant governor by direct vote, and at the same time to vote for candidates for governor and lieutenant governor and if a majority of the Republican votes cast in the state are in favor of direct nomination of governor and lieutenant governor then the votes cast for these officers are to be counted and the candidates voted for at such primary on the second Tuesday in June receiving the most votes are the candidates of the party providing that such candidate receive at least 40 per cent of the votes cast at the primary. The nomination of congressman, state senator, member of the legislature or county officer differs some from the above method for governor and lieutenant governor, but the same plan for nominating congressman, state legislators and county officers is followed, and so an explanation of the procedure in reference to the nomination of congressman applies to that of state senators, representatives and county officers in their respective districts. It is as follows:

The enrollment of voters takes place on the first Monday in April as it has been explained with reference to governor and lieutenant governor. Then after the enrollment and before thirty days prior to the second Tuesday in June petitions signed by Republicans enrolled and consisting of not less than 20 per cent of the Republican vote in the district for governor in 1904, asking that the question of direct primary for congressman be presented to the people in June must be presented to the secretary of state. Upon filing such petition a primary is called for the second Monday in June, 1906, being the same day that the people vote for governor and

**PETERSON'S OPERA HOUSE**

**Saturday Nov. 4.**  
**Special Performance**  
**Sunday Nov. 5.**  
**A RARE DRAMATIC TREAT**

A beautifully blended story of home is portrayed in the Presentation.

**Down by the Sea**

A worthy successor to the famous plays "Shore Acres" and "Hearts of Oak."

Pathos—Comedy—Sentiment.

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Lieutenant governor. At such primary every voter who was enrolled in April has the right, and it is his duty, to vote either for or against the proposition to nominate congressman by popular vote. If a majority of the Republicans vote in favor of direct nomination of congressmen at the June election, that method is adopted and on the first Tuesday in September, 1906, and every two years thereafter, will be held the primary for nominating congressman by direct vote, at which primary the candidate receiving the most votes is the choice of his party.

At the June and September primaries only such as were enrolled in April as Republicans can vote for the Republican candidates and only such as were enrolled as Democrats can vote for the Democratic candidates.

If the direct primary for nominating congressman is adopted in June, then any man desiring to be a candidate of his party must present to the secretary of state a petition signed by a number of the voters enrolled with his party in April equal to 2 per cent of the vote in each county cast for the nominee of his party for governor at the previous state election. To sum up the methods which apply to the Republican plan of nominating a congressman, and the same method applies to action by the Democratic party if it wishes to employ it, we have the following:

First. All Republicans must be enrolled as such at the spring election on the first Monday in April, 1906.

Second. A petition signed by those Republicans enrolled and by a number equal to 20 per cent of the vote cast for the Republican candidate for governor in the congressional district at the election in 1904, asking that the question of direct nomination for congressman be submitted to the Republicans on the second Tuesday in June, 1906, must be presented to the secretary of state.

Third. A vote is taken on the second Tuesday in June, by the Republicans in the district who were enrolled in April and if a majority of those voting are in favor of the direct primary as shown by the vote the direct primary plan for the Republican party or the district is adopted.

Fourth. On the second Tuesday in September a direct primary for nominating a candidate for congressman will be held at the various voting precincts in the districts, and the candidate who gets the most votes is the candidate of his party to be voted for at the election in November.

Fifth. No man can have his name printed on his party ticket in any county unless he has filed with the secretary of state a petition signed by at least 2 per cent of the number of votes cast in that county for governor in 1904.

**Increase in Railroad Mileage**

The railroad mileage in this country is increasing at the rate of about five thousand miles a year. At this rate in about twenty years there will be one hundred thousand more miles of railroad in the country. If the country continues to develop during the next twenty years as rapidly as it has during the last two decades, it will require fully one hundred thousand more miles of railroad to handle the increase in the volume of traffic. With this increase in railroad mileage the demand for steel and iron will be correspondingly greater. The last great building constructed in New York with iron beams and iron girders was the Waldorf Hotel, and yet this building is only eleven years old. Every large building that has gone up since has been constructed with steel.—Boston Budget.

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**Will Bore For Oil.**

The men interested in that portion of Chippewa county lying a few miles south of the Soo have belief in the oft repeated declaration that oil and gas lie beneath the surface seems to be indicated by the fact that extensive leases have already been secured and a test well is soon to be sunk to a depth of 3,000 feet. The work of sinking will be superintended by H. D. Van Campen an expert, whose experience in prospect for oil and striking of wells has extended over a period of twenty-five years or more. Mr. Van Campen has worked in the oil fields of Pennsylvania Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee and Texas and after making as thorough an observation of the field as can be accomplished without boring a hole in the ground, he expresses the belief that both oil and gas exist in the territory south of the Soo for a distance of many miles. His prediction is not made from surface indications so much as from the general contour and geological formation of the country. The spot upon which the first well is to be drilled has been selected and work will be commenced as soon as the necessary machinery arrives.

**Monster Black Bear**

A big black bear recently killed near Scott's camp in Schoolcraft county and bought by Marquette parties who shipped it to Chicago had long caused trouble in the vicinity. It appropriated full grown pigs at the camp last spring and was indirectly responsible for the accidental death of a man named DeRoche at that time. The animal was a monster, measuring seven feet six inches from tip of nose to toes of hind feet when hung up. It was ten inches between the ears, forty-seven inches in girth and weighed 350 pounds.

**NOTICE.**  
First pub. Oct. 7, last Nov. 18, 1905.  
STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court for the County of Delta in Chancery.  
Mollie Rolder vs. John Rolder.  
Sole pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Delta in Chancery, at the City of Escanaba in said County on the 27th day of September A. D. 1905.

**NOTICE.**  
First pub. Sept. 23, 1905, last Nov. 4, 1905.  
STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court for the County of Delta, in Chancery.  
Kate Conklin vs. William Conklin.  
Sole pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Delta in Chancery, at the City of Escanaba in said County, on the Sixteenth day of September A. D. 1905.

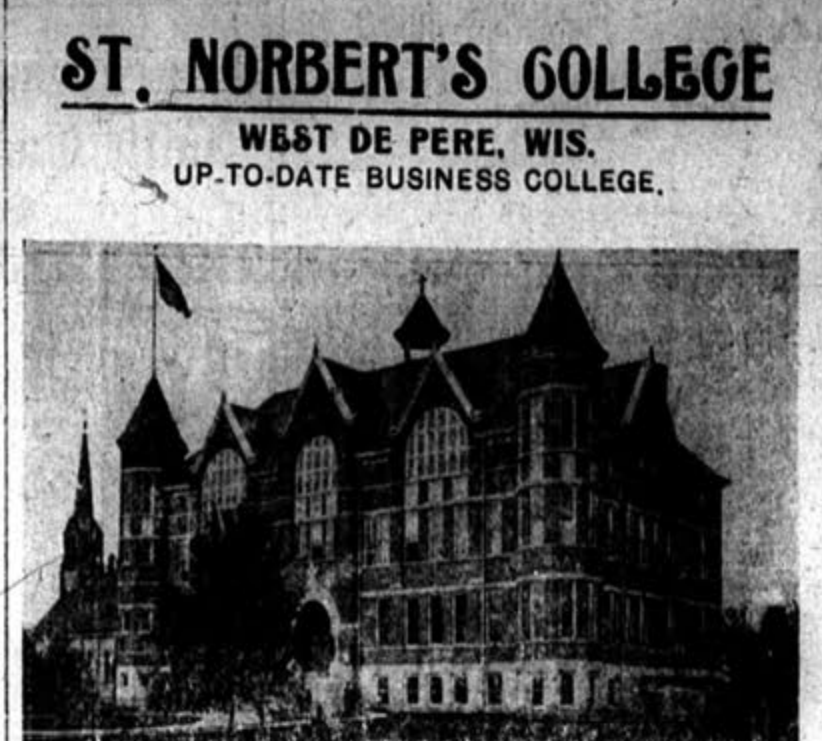
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