

# THE IRON PORT.

THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, SEPT 2, 1905.

NUMBER 36

## ESCANABA SCHOOLS

Public Schools of the City Will be Opened on Tuesday Next

### TEACHERS ENGAGED.

Many Improvements Have Been Made at the Different Buildings

The schools of the city will be formally opened at nine o'clock on Tuesday morning and according to announcement, all pupils of the public schools are requested to report in the departments which they attended last year taking with them their text books, but new books are not to be purchased until instructions have been received from the teachers.

At two o'clock this afternoon a principal's meeting will be held at the office of the superintendent when the outline of the work for the year will be discussed. By following the plan that has been outlined, all the work of the different departments of the public schools will be fully organized to enable actual work being undertaken in every room on the first day of the school and with no time lost, such as that which has been occasioned on former years.

The principals of the different public school buildings of the city will be: Miss Alice J. Houle, principal of the High school; Miss Lovia Bryant, principal of the Jefferson school; Miss Edith M. Fenton, principal of the Barr school; Miss Nora M. Murphy, principal of the Washington school and Harry N. Ferris principal of the Webster school.

Following are the instructors engaged for the high school department: Alice J. Houle, instructor in French and English, Effie M. Griffith, instructor in English, Henrietta Calhoun, instructor in science, Frances J. Brown, instructor in German and Latin, Gem Sherman, instructor in Latin and English, Clara Fitzpatrick, instructor in mathematics, Charles R. Cobb, instructor in history and civics, James R. Ferguson, instructor in the commercial department and Edith M. Watson, instructor in music and art.

The assignment of the grade teachers for the different buildings is as follows: Franklin building, Nellie McDermott grade 7, Tibbie Baum grade 6, Erma M. Kyle grade 5, Margaret Robertson grade 4. In the first, second and third grades at the Franklin building the Batavian plan of instructions will be adopted with Florence Eastwood and Anna L. Carroll in charge of the third and second grades and Edith Benjamin and Fannie J. Cress in charge of the first grade.

Jefferson school, Lovia Bryant, Mary Nelson, Cora M. Ellsworth and Luella T. Hendryx eight grade instructors, Clara Krause grade 3, Elizabeth Crawford grade 3, B. Mattie Bryne grade 2 and Caroline Linn grade 1.

Barr school, Edith Fenton, principal grade 7, Loretta McDonald grade 6, Helen B. McCue grade 6, Margaret McMartin grade 6, Luella P. Gross grade 4, Florence Bishop grade 3, Nina Handerson grade 3, Mildred Sourwine grade 2, Edith Erwin grade 1, Emma M. Black kindergarten.

The Washington school, Nora M. Murphy principal grade 7, Minnie Loh grade 7, Ethel Buck grade 6, Catherine Hodson grade 5, Mazie E. Harrison grade 3, Josephine Patton grade 2, Mary Kessler grade 2, Gladys Benjamin grade 1.

Annex school, Mae Lyon grade 4, Mary L. Dickie grade 4, Sadie Silverman grade 3, Florence Brotherton kindergarten.

Webster school, Harry N. Ferris principal grade 5, 4, 3, E. Bridges grade 2, Julia M. Cameron grade 1, Mary Atkins substitute.

Many improvements have been made this year at the different buildings. The most prominent one at the Franklin building, Supt. F. D. Davis has made a change which has long been wanted, and that of the moving of his office to the first floor. Formerly the office was on the second floor and an intercourse that was being carried on in the office could be heard all over the upper floor so as to cause much uneasiness among the teachers and students. Another important change is the enlargement of the space for high school purposes. Formerly the seventh grade was on the second floor, but now the grade has been moved to the lower floor and the space given to the high school. This year the class will be seated in a room by itself and in charge of one or more of the instructors. Work is about completed on the new Webster building and it will be ready for the opening of school.

### Will Deliver Address

John J. Sourwine, of this city, has accepted an invitation to deliver the Labor Day address at Gladstone.

Robert and Harold Mead returned Thursday from an outing at McDermott.

## IN LAND BUSINESS

Neal J. Blaney Now Interested in Land and Insurance Work.

Neal J. Blaney, who at one time was connected with the firm of Wm. Mueller & company, but who later gave up that position to take charge of the Northwestern Life Insurance company's business in this city, is now interested in the timber business. Mr. Blaney has formed the Neal J. Blaney company and will deal exclusively in timber land and insurance. At present the new firm is doing a considerable business and is inducing many foreigners to locate along the lands of the Escanaba & Lake Superior Railroad company.

At present Mr. Blaney is the only active member of the firm, but within a short time he will have an assistant so that he can give the business the attention that it really needs.

The Iron Port trusts that the good work will go on and that Mr. Blaney will make as great a success of the land and insurance business as he did when he was only interested in insurance.

The company has its head office in this city and a branch office at Ishpeming.

## WILL OPEN COLLEGE

Prof. Gordon of Ashland Will Start Class Here.

Prof. Gordon, of Ashland, who has made such a success of the Ashland Business college, was in the city the fore part of the week looking up a location with the idea of starting a business class here. Escanaba has long felt the want of such an institution, and no doubt Prof. Gordon will meet with the same success that has crowned his enterprise at Ashland.

### Visitors Were Pleased

That the members of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association of Milwaukee appreciated greatly the entertainment that was given them by the business men of Escanaba on the occasion of their visit here, on Aug. 12, is shown by a letter that has been received by Mayor A. J. Valentine from Secretary L. C. Whitney of the association.

By the unanimous vote of the members of the association Mr. Whitney was directed to express the thanks of the association to the business men and others of Escanaba who aided in the reception arranged here, and which is characterized as "a fitting ending of a very successful and enjoyable week."

Following is the letter received by Mayor Valentine from Mr. Whitney: Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 19, 1905.

Hon. A. J. Valentine, Mayor, Escanaba, Mich.

Dear Sir:

By a formal vote of the members of our recent excursion party taken on board our train, I am directed to extend to you, and through you, to your newspapers and all others who so generously and lavishly and with such genuine heartiness, friendship and hospitality entertained those gentlemen while in your city. No more genuine welcome could have been given anywhere, and I take great pleasure in confirming Mr. Sourwine's sentiment that you would "Make you so glad that you had wished you had started from here and never got away." It was a fitting ending of a very successful and enjoyable week, and I beg to warn you that on our next visit to the Upper Peninsula, Escanaba may be called upon to acknowledge that we have made them "twice glad."

Very sincerely yours,

L. C. Whitney, Secretary.

## WILL REMAIN HERE

Rev. James Pascoe Accepts Request of His Congregation to Remain

The congregation of the First Methodist church were unanimous in their call to the Rev. James Pascoe to remain as their pastor, and while the appointment is yet subject to the approval of the bishop of the church there is little doubt but that Mr. Pascoe will fill the pulpit here during the coming year.

The church has prospered under his direction and the members of the congregation are anxious to have him remain.

### Birth Registration

The new state birth registration law provides for the registration of births with the city recorder or county clerk within ten days after birth. The passing of the act has at once placed Michigan among the states most advanced in this important respect. The requirement of registration of births is universal, but it is endorsed by the United States census bureau. It is a great help in securing affidavits of citizenship in the United States and in foreign countries. The law does not go into effect until January 1st, 1906.

### Dividend of \$2 on C. & A.

A dividend of \$2 per share was declared by the directors of the Calumet & Arizona Mining company Wednesday. It is payable September 20.

## FOOT BALL TALKS.

Menominee and Hancock Expect to Get Championship Without Any Trouble

## MANY NEW PLAYERS

John W. Woodham Will Again be Head Coach of Championship Team.

Now that the beginning of school is such a short distance away, the foot ball enthusiasts are beginning to talk of the outlook for 1905. By the present rumors Menominee and Hancock think that they will be the only teams in the championship race, and are ranking Ishpeming, Calumet and Escanaba as back numbers. However, time will tell what teams will be in that race when the hard work begins.

At all of the schools included in the upper peninsula association the idea has become fixed that Escanaba is not this year to be seriously considered as a contestant for upper peninsula or state honors in foot ball, despite the fact that Escanaba last year had the one particular team which other cities of the peninsula and state failed to defeat.

While it is admitted by those interested in the game here, that the team of this year will not be as strong at the opening of the season as that of last year, several surprises may be in store for the other teams of the association before either Menominee or Hancock are permitted to go to the lower peninsula to meet the championship team of that district.

The Menominee Herald Leader in speaking of the prospects of the high school football team of that city says: "Preparations are well along for the organization of the crack football team that is this year to make Menominee famous all over the state of Michigan and Wisconsin."

The lineup of the team is already nearly completed, as most of the old players will return to school and there remains only three places to be filled. The Menominee team is fully equipped with all the necessary paraphernalia of the field and will commence practice as soon as school opens. The team will average in weight about 150 pounds.

The hardest nut which Menominee will have to crack this season, however, will probably be the Hancock High school team, which is said to be the strongest in the U. P. Most of the old Hancock players will return this year. The Escanaba and Ishpeming teams are said to be very weak, owing to most of the old players having left school and both teams will be almost entirely new. The chief contest for the U. P. High school championship will therefore likely be against Hancock and the Menominee team cherishes high hopes of winning this coveted honor.

Hancock's assurance of winning all of the honors in football this fall is not as great as that of Menominee but the Mining Journal has the following concerning the prospects of that team:

"With the approach of fall copper country athletes are turning their attention to football. Already some of the Hancock high school players, for the past two years champions of the copper country, have commenced pre-

liminary practice. Several players of last year's team are available this season. Among them are 'Sappy' Walsanen, Tamblin and Brown, the two fast ends, Nicholl, the clever little center George Linder, quarterback, and possibly one or two others. 'Joe' Linder, for four years the backbone and mainstay of the team, is out of the game this season.

Ishpeming, Escanaba and Menominee will undoubtedly have strong teams and the prospects for a good season are bright. A meeting of the interscholastic officials, to arrange a schedule, will be held some time during the coming month."

Hubert Beesex and John Walsh will be the only members of the championship team who will be in the lineup this year, all the positions being held by new men. John W. Woodhams who coached last year's team will again be at school and in all probabilities he will act as head coach. With the assistance of Dr. R. E. Hodson and Henry Olmstead who did such good work in bringing about the championship team, coach Woodhams may again be able to win the championship.

## LABOR DAY CELEBRATION

Monday, Sept. 4th. Will be the Scene of Great Demonstrations.

## EXCITING BALL GAME

Grand Parade in the Morning Ending With Celebration at South Park.

Labor Day, Sept. 4, 1905, promises to be a great occasion in Escanaba. There are a large number of unions in this city and the demonstrations made in previous years have been notable. All of the business places will be closed as well as the shops and factories where union labor is employed.

The program of the day will commence with a grand parade a 9 a. m. in which the mayor, council and all local unions will take part. The parade will go to South park where there will be speeches and addresses by the best speakers in the city. The afternoon will be given up to dancing, games and contests and in the evening there will be a ball at Peterson's hall. Everybody is expected to lay aside their work on that day and participate in the monstrosity celebration.

The most exciting feature of the day will be the ball game which will be held in the afternoon when the Fats and the Leans will cross bats. Considerable discussion has arisen lately concerning the eligibility of certain players in the line-up of the Fats, so that at the present writing we are unable to give our readers the line-up of the teams. No one can afford to miss this game. A red hot contest from start to finish is promised.

### Erects Fine Monuments.

Timothy Killian of this city has just erected for E. M. St. Jacques and also for the Beauchamp Brothers, two of the finest monuments in St. Anne's cemetery. They are both situated to the left of the main entrance.

An eight room house to rent at 211 Stephenson Ave. Inquire of J. J. Meyers.

## FOUND NOT GUILTY

Jury Decided Mrs. Harris Not Guilty of Stealing the Locket

## FINE ARGUMENTS MADE

Writ of Replevin Issued to Determine Mrs. Harris' Right to Retain Locket

Some misapprehension of the issue involved in the case of Mrs. Harris who was on last Monday tried and acquitted on the criminal charge of stealing a locket, she called up the owner of the locket (Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Barr) and told Mrs. Barr that she had found the locket, and when Mr. Barr called at Mrs. Harris house she produced the locket for Mr. Barr's inspection and asked for the payment of a reward, and it was then there agreed (according to the testimony of three witnesses) that Mr. Barr was to pay her half the value of the locket as a reward. Subsequently it developed that the jewelers to whom the question of the value of the locket was severally referred placed different values on the locket and therefore a disagreement arose between the parties in regard to the amount to be paid. Mrs. Harris claiming she should receive one-half of the amount fixed by the highest estimate, and Mr. Barr insisting that he would pay \$3.00 only. Each party refused to yield, Mr. Barr insisting that the \$3.00 he had offered was ample compensation and reward for the services rendered and Mrs. Harris insisting that she should at least have \$3.50, which she claimed was something less than one-half of the value of the locket. At this stage of the diplomatic negotiations, neither party being willing to make further concessions, Mr. Barr had Mrs. Harris arrested on a charge of the larceny of the locket, alleging in the sworn affidavit or complaint that the value of the locket is \$10.00. The case then assumed a serious aspect. Mrs. Harris was called upon to answer to the crime of stealing. In all law suits it is necessary to just criticism that a legal conception of the real issue involved in the case, should be had before one is qualified to express an opinion. In general, we might say, in passing, that the jury or tribunal before whom the trial is had, have had better opportunities of knowing the issue than outsiders who have heard of the case only in a general way. The true issue in nearly every criminal case is the guilty intention. In this case in order to convict the defendant of the crime of larceny it was necessary to establish the fact that Mrs. Harris at the time she took possession of the locket, knew or had reason to know who the owner was and took possession of it with intent to steal it, "for if the original possession of it was an innocent one, no subsequent change of her mind or resolution to appropriate it to her own use would amount to larceny." In the present case there was absolutely wanting any and all proof of an intention to appropriate the locket to the use of the finder. On the contrary, it was fully established that Mrs. Harris embraced the first opportunity she had, (and on the very day of the finding,) to notify the owner. She has simply retained the possession of the locket for the purpose of collecting what had been promised her as a reward, viz.: one-half of the value of the locket. A jury might well entertain different views as to the generosity of such an act. Nay, they might even have thought that the \$3.00 offered by Mr. Barr was an ample and liberal compensation to her for finding the locket. But that was not the issue. Mrs. Harris was before the court on a charge of larceny. She was entitled to the presumption of innocence until her guilt had been fully established, and the evidence clearly indicated that she had not acted the part of a thief but had proclaimed her finding and notified the owner on the same day.

Under these circumstances we suggest that the jury could hardly be expected to pronounce this woman a thief, to make a convict of her, and forever destroy her good name. If there are those who think the jury should have done so we confess that we cannot agree with them. The jury did not pass upon the question of the title to this locket, or the right of the finder to keep lost property as has been suggested, nor did Mr. McEwan, her attorney base her defense upon the claim of any such right. The jury understood the issue we imagine quite as well as their critics, and must be given credit for an intelligent and discriminating verdict.

In the meantime, a civil action by writ of replevin has been issued to determine the right of Mrs. Harris to retain possession of this property and when this action is tried the rights of ownership and possession will be fully passed upon.

The March teacher's examination is done away with and the June examination made a regular.

The old compulsory school attendance law is repealed and a new law enacted. Under the new law all children between the ages of seven and fifteen years, inclusive, must attend school the entire year.

School districts may be bonded for an amount not exceeding five per cent, of the valuation of the district and in districts having one hundred or more children in the school census the bonded indebtedness shall not exceed \$75 per capita of such census. The bill also extends the present bonded indebtedness period of fifteen years.

No minor child under 17 years of age, or any minor who is a student in any public, private or parochial school in the State of Michigan shall be permitted to loiter or remain in any saloon or other questionable place or places of amusement of questionable character.

Mayor Valentine is the Winner of First Prize in Drawing Contest

Mayor A. J. Valentine was the lucky winner of the first prize at the drawing held by the Fair Savings Bank Department store Wednesday in which a piano, music box and game set were given away to customers who held the lucky purchase check tickets. The first prize won by Mayor Valentine, consisted of a fine upright piano. The number that drew the prize was 23933 Series A.

The music box, which was given as a second prize was won by Mrs. A. Colger of North Escanaba, whose number was 15,211 Series A.

The winner of the third prize, which is a game set, had not been found up to late this afternoon as the duplicate of the lucky number, 20,447 Series A. was not held by any in the crowd that was attracted to the store, Wednesday night.

The number which will entitle the holder to receive the third prize offered by the Fair store, bears no name and evidently represents a purchase made by some patron hurriedly, and who failed to give the name to the clerk when the purchase was made.

## NEW SCHOOL LAWS

Some Provisions That are of Interest to the General Public.

Under the new school law second or third grade certificates may be transferred to another county when the papers on which they are granted are sent to that county. A first grade certificate may be renewed in the county where granted or in the county where the holder may be teaching at the time of the expiration of the certificate.

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## WRECK AT CAMPBELL

Twelve Ore Cars Derailed in Wreck on Northwestern

Twelve ore cars jumped the track on the Northwestern road at Campbell last Saturday night and blocked the main line for nearly seven hours. The wreck was caused by the breaking of the coupling between two ore cars. A bar dropping where the break occurred threw a car off the track, eleven others following. In order to allow passenger train No. 2 to pass a track had to be built completely around the wreck. No. 2 which is due here at 9:02 p. m. did not arrive until about 3:00 a. m.

## HAD NARROW ESCAPE

Mrs. A. Roehl of Green Bay Had Close Call When Alighting from Train

Reports from Green Bay state that Mrs. A. Roehl, of that city, who has many friends here, narrowly escaped serious injury while alighting from a Northwestern passenger train. Mrs. Roehl had accompanied a number of friends to the train and went into the coach with them. The train started suddenly and Mrs. Roehl made haste to get out and in attempting to step from the train to the platform she was thrown backward. She retained her hold on the handle however, and was dragged for some distance close to the wheels of the car. She finally regained her feet and was able to release her hold. Except for a few bruises Mrs. Roehl was unharmed.

More Honors for the U. P.

Again it has been demonstrated that the upper peninsula can raise vegetables. The jury of awards at the Portland exposition has awarded a bronze medal to the Upper Peninsula Agricultural society for having the best display of fruits and vegetables from the state of Michigan.

Joe. Sayen, of Maple Ridge, was in the city Thursday.



UNDER SOUTHERN SKIES—ACT 4

# THE IRON PORT.

THE IRON PORT CO., Publishers.  
ESCANABA, MICHIGAN

# THE NEWS OF A WEEK CONDENSED

SUMMARY OF MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

## THE WAR IN THE FAR EAST

Progress of Peace Negotiations Between Russia and Japan—Foreign and Domestic Items of Interest Told in Brief.

### THE PEACE CONFERENCE

The czar, in an ultimatum forwarded to President Roosevelt, met the Japanese concessions in that he agrees to divide Sakhalin and pay Japan for the maintenance of prisoners, but he stands out firmly against any indemnity.  
President Roosevelt is said to have advised the czar that Japan's demands are reasonable and that Russia, having been defeated in war, should accept them.  
Japanese envoys submitted a plan for Russia to pay cash for the return of a part of Sakhalin, in lieu of an indemnity, but M. Witte spurned the offer.  
The Paris Mail has cabled an appeal to John D. Rockefeller to give Russia money to pay the indemnity demanded by Japan, and thus end the war.

### YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

The New Orleans yellow fever record to date is: Deaths, 226; total cases, 1,600.  
Health officers are charged with suppressing the fact that yellow fever had been present in the city of New Orleans for two months before the fact was made public.  
Prevalence of the fever epidemic will delay the opening of New Orleans schools.  
If all houses are properly disinfected and screened, there are reasonable hopes of a complete cessation of yellow fever in New Orleans on or before October 1, is the message of hope given by Surgeon White.  
A case of yellow fever has been discovered in Crocker township, Ottawa county, ten miles from Grand Rapids, Mich. The patient is Godfrey Limburg, a telephone lineman who left New Orleans recently.  
The Arkansas state board of health has instituted a strict quarantine against the entire state of Louisiana.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

President Roosevelt made a descent in Long Island sound, on board the submarine torpedo boat, Plunger. At one time the little boat was submerged for 50 minutes, and in that time was put through all of the submarine feats of which she is capable. The president expressed his delight at the novel experience.  
A jury has decided that Chicago must pay \$100,000 for cars burned by rioters during the Pullman strike in 1894.  
Three people were killed and five injured by a hotel fire in Maine.  
John E. Madden, the Kentucky turfman, was convicted of contempt of court in New York and sentenced to pay \$250 fine and 30 days in jail.  
The Chinese boycott of American goods has completely paralyzed the flour trade between Pacific coast ports and China. No sales have been made since July 15.  
J. A. Spekenhler, receiver of the defunct Commercial bank at Hagerstown, Ind., announces that creditors of the bank will realize 33 1-3 per cent.  
John Moore, a negro, 20 years old, accused of attacking a white woman, was taken from Craven county jail, in Newburn, N. C., and lynched by a mob of 100 masked men armed with rifles and revolvers.  
A big printing strike, which is expected to involve the whole of the United States and Canada, followed the posting of open shop notices in Chicago. Printers struck in five large plants.  
Assistant Secretary Loomis will soon resign his state department position.  
Official tests of the new submarine boat Plunger proved satisfactory to the president.  
Women and children die by the hundred in Spain as a result of the famine which is sweeping over the land.  
Sweden and Norway appointed commissioners who shall evolve a plan for the peaceable dismemberment of the union.  
The discovery of nine genuine cases of yellow fever in Natchez, Miss., caused a panic in the city and state, and preparations are made for a wholesale exodus to noninfected points.  
Hope Young was convicted at Digby, Ill., of the murder of her ward, Mistle Alice Ward Young, and sentenced to death.  
Zelda B. Stewart and John Charboneau, of Chicago, were picked up on Lake Michigan after drifting 41 hours in a skiff.  
Anthony Fiala, leader of the Ziegler polar expedition, arrived at Hull, England, and tells of years of hardship.  
Action was begun to test the validity of a trust amounting to \$1,000,000, in which the Catholic university at Washington, D. C., is beneficiary.

According to a bulletin issued by the census bureau there is one teacher for every 71 of population in the United States.

An excursion train went into the ditch at Logansport, Ind., and two are known to be dead and many hurt.  
The aged turnkey of the La Crosse (Wis.) jail has been arrested on the charge of aiding two notorious post office safe blowers to escape.  
Medical scientists are interested in the case of a boy at Yonkers, N. Y., who has been in a cataleptic sleep for four months.

Chinese authorities seek to avert a financial panic by aiding merchants in disposing of American goods ordered before the boycott was declared.  
Members of lawmaking bodies of the principal nations of the world are holding an interparliamentary conference in Brussels.

The bituminous coal operators of the country are to meet in Chicago and discuss the wage scale for next year and form a national association.  
Eight alleged husbands of a Pennsylvania woman will form a syndicate to prosecute her for bigamy.

William Ely, who robbed a jewelry store in Chicago, told the police he spent a fortune of \$100,000 and then took up a life of crime.  
Recognition of the union and an eight-hour day will be the ultimatum of the United Mine Workers at the next wage conference, says President Mitchell.

George A. Witzhoff, accused of marrying 50 women, is said to be at the head of a syndicate of 27 men who have married, deserted and robbed 500 girls in the last few years.  
Millionaire Allis, of Milwaukee, has asked the police to recover \$41,000 lost in gambling in one night.  
There is good reason for stating that a new Anglo-Japanese treaty of alliance has been signed.

Escaping from her niece, who was taking her back to her home in Texas, after an illness, Mrs. Laura Oxford, aged 32, jumped from a train that had stopped on the Eads bridge at St. Louis and was drowned in the river.  
A petition by Mrs. Clara S. Hay, widow of the late Secretary John Hay, for the probate of Mr. Hay's will was filed in Washington in the probate court. Mr. Hay left property real and personal to the value of more than \$250,000.

The Equitable Life Assurance society has joined with the state of New York in asking for a full investigation in court of its directors and officers and their alleged wrongdoings in managing the monies of the society.  
A fire destroyed the entire business section of Lotts, a small town in Iowa. The loss is estimated at \$30,000.  
Judge John R. Carey died in Duluth, Minn., after a long illness, aged 75 years. He was one of the most widely known and highly honored politicians of that region.  
At Grayling, Mich., Mrs. Naomi Aldrich, of Frederic, Mich., was bound over for trial before the circuit court charged with having poisoned her two little sons, aged six and eight years, with arsenic.

The American Bar association adopted a resolution advocating national control of the insurance business.  
Former Assistant Statistician Holmes of the department of agriculture was fined by a grand jury for the cotton leak scandals.  
Freight officials of the western trunk railroads have agreed on a uniform rate on corn and wheat, to take effect October 1.

Poultry shippers ask the interstate commerce commission to stop alleged discrimination on the part of railroads.  
Mall advices in London give details of a massacre of Jews by Cossacks in Bialistok. Thirty-eight innocent persons were killed.  
The report of Chief Wikke shows that secret service men have nearly eradicated counterfeiting.  
Russian export grain trade is paralyzed because the government uses so many trains for military purposes.  
According to a report issued by the census bureau, the birth rate in the United States is steadily growing smaller.

A trusted bank clerk in Paris, France, stole \$200,000 by manipulating the institution's books, then chartered steam yacht and fled with an actress.  
Sir Thomas Lipton announces he wants to contest again for the America's cup, but declares such a course would be useless under the present New York Yacht club rules.  
The three traction companies of Chicago will pay taxes on \$36,025,770, an increase in valuation of about \$104,000.  
Lieut. Gov. Sherman, of Illinois, apparently will be a candidate to succeed Shelby M. Cullom in the United States senate.

George R. Peck, of Chicago, was elected president of the American Bar association.  
L. P. Morton, Bishop Potter, W. K. Vanderbilt and others are forming a new insurance company. Cheaper policies are promised.  
Ellen Glenn, a girl who became notorious by masquerading in male attire, was arrested in Lapeer, Mich., for a \$2,500 forgery.  
A South African expert has started for Kentucky, confident of finding diamond mines there.

An electric storm of remarkable severity, accompanied by a high wind, visited Atlanta, Ga. One young man named James McDaniel, was killed by lightning.  
Ben F. Elbert, a prominent Iowa capitalist, met death in a small river south of Des Moines, Ia., while driving. His team ran away and jumped off the bridge into the stream. Elbert was drowned before assistance reached him.  
Fire in a livery stable at Oroville, Cal., caused a loss of \$50,000, the death of one man, John Preston, and minor injuries to several others.

A contract for \$18,000,000, awarded to a Pittsburgh concern, is the largest ever given to one firm in the United States for railroad construction.

Edwin S. Holmes Jr., Moses Haas and Frederick A. Peckham have been indicted by a federal grand jury in connection with the investigation into the cotton crop report leak scandal, and the latter was arrested and placed in jail in Saratoga county, New York, in default of bail.  
Johann Hoch, the condemned Chicago wife murderer, has again escaped hanging through a superedeas issued by Justice Magruder. The Illinois supreme court will review the case at the October term.

The plant of the Canada Machinery company, at Point Edward, Ontario, was destroyed by fire. Estimated loss, \$125,000.  
France announces that a military demonstration will be made against Morocco unless the sultan promptly yields to the demands for the release of the French-Algerian citizen, a merchant named Beuzian, who was unjustly arrested.  
An international bank, with a capital of \$1,000,000, is being formed in New York for the purpose of carrying on banking operations between the United States and Hungary, and to handle accounts of emigrants to this country.

The business section of Stevensville, Mont., was swept by fire. With the exception of two buildings, one entire block was burned. Loss, \$100,000.  
The first national bank of Collinsville at Collinsville, a small town 30 miles south of Bartlesville, I. T., was robbed and the thief escaped with \$1,200.

An important deal has just been closed in San Francisco, contracts having been signed for the shipment of 1,500,000 feet of redwood to New York city. It is the largest single shipment of redwood ever made direct to New York.  
By a terrific explosion of giant powder at Paris, 51 miles from Bakersfield, Cal., Mrs. A. W. McRae, wife of a prominent mining man, her son George and Oscar Ducloux, another mine owner, were instantly killed.

Gov. Pardee, of California, was elected president of the National Irrigation Congress.  
At Philadelphia the Chicago National league team defeated the Philadelphia club after 20 innings of sensational playing by a score of two to one.  
James McKinney, of Toledo, was nominated to succeed B. F. Marsh, deceased, by republicans for the Fourth Illinois district.

A loss of more than \$500,000 was caused by a fire in the stores of the extensive plant of the Bush Terminal Warehouse company, at the foot of Forty-fourth street, Brooklyn, started by lightning during a terrific storm.  
Dr. John F. Russell of the post graduate hospital, New York, has found a cure for consumption in the juice of common table vegetables.  
Nine lives are reported lost in a cloudburst which wiped out two mining towns near Trinidad, Col.

Diamonds are becoming more difficult to find and prices are steadily advancing in all the markets of the world.  
Germans are appealing for free entry of cattle into the country in order to secure lower meat prices.  
King Oscar no longer opposes the acceptance of the Norwegian throne by Prince Charles, according to authoritative reports in Stockholm.  
Mayor Dunne's traction expert, A. B. Du Pont, reports that 264 miles of municipal railway can be built and put in operation by 1908, costing \$25,000,000, and netting the city of Chicago \$4,000,000 a year.

The widow of Caleb Rhodes, of Salt Lake City, Utah, discoverer of the famous "Rhodes Lost Mine," said to contain enough gold to pay the national debt, is heading a search for the treasure, declaring she knows its location.  
William Traverse Jerome, district attorney of New York, has been picked by the nominating committee of the Citizens' Union as candidate for mayor.  
The irrigation congress in session at Portland, Ore., adopted resolutions urging the federal government to increase its support in reclamation of arid lands.

Catholicism in national conference commended state aid for parochial schools and government aid for Indian missions.  
The receiver for the defunct Continental Finance company, in Chicago, an alleged get-rich-quick concern, reports that there is \$1,216 for distribution among the creditors.  
President Harper of the University of Chicago told the graduating class that plans are made for buildings and improvements to cost \$6,000,000.

The United States government building at the Louisiana purchase exposition, erected at a cost of \$500,000, has been sold to a wrecking company for \$10,500. The steel trusses in the structure alone cost \$100,000.  
The estate of D. P. Morgan was robbed of \$4,000 through forgeries committed by clerk of the estate, at Morristown, N. J., who confesses he lost the money in playing the races.  
General Corbin in his report recommends more centralization in the government of the Philippines.

A report has been received at Buenos Ayres of the foundering of the British bark Bldston Hill. The report states that 18 of the crew were drowned.  
Vice Admiral Rojstevskiy, in a letter to his family, says he expects to have fully recovered from the wounds received in the battle of the Sea of Japan by the middle of September.

On the Stringtown pike, two miles below Constance, Ky., Louis Wrightman probably fatally shot his brother, Jacob Wrightman, and Jacob's wife, as the result of an old family quarrel.

## NOT A CENT FOR INDEMNITY

### CEAR REITERATES HIS POSITION ON THIS POINT.

#### Issues Ultimatum in Which He Agrees to Divide Sakhalin—Mikado's Latest Proposition.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 23.—Ambassador Meyer Saturday communicated to President Roosevelt Emperor Nicholas' last word and his ultimatum that Russia will not pay one penny of indemnity to Japan in any guise whatsoever.  
Russia is ready to agree to a division of Sakhalin, Japan retaining that portion previously belonging to her and Russia retaining the northern portion.  
Russia will pay for the maintenance of her prisoners, but will make no other concession in addition to those already made.  
If Japan does not accede to these terms, peace is impossible and the war will continue.

### Russians Not Displeased.

The Russians generally seem not displeased with the situation. They believe Japan has been diplomatically maneuvered into a corner from which, if she now persists in her attempt to exact tribute with the alternative of a continuance of the war, she cannot extricate herself before the public opinion of the world. Japan here and in Europe, they say, appealed for sympathy on the ground that Russia had compelled her to take up arms to protect her life. The fortune of war had gone in her favor and Russia, recognizing that she had been beaten, and preferring peace to the continuation of the war, had agreed to cede upon every point involved in the quarrel. She was willing to allow Japan full swing in Korea, she was willing to get out of Manchuria bag and baggage and commit herself to the recognition of China's integrity and the policy of the "open door." But Japan insisted upon tribute and because Russia refused, prolongs the carnage. In that act they contend Japan would change the public purpose and character of the war, which would cease to be any longer one of principle, but degenerate into a war for the exaction of money.

### A New Proposal.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 23.—This morning Baron Komura, acting upon instructions received from Tokio as a result of Monday's meeting of the cabinet and "elder statesmen" under the direct presidency of the emperor of Japan, will submit to M. Witte a new basis of compromise, and that compromise, it is firmly believed, will insure peace. The revelation contained in the announcement Monday that Japan had already informed Emperor Nicholas through Ambassador Meyer, that Japan was ready to waive the question of indemnity and submit the price to be paid for the northern half of Sakhalin to the judgment of a mixed commission, but prepared the way for Japan's backdown upon the main issue. The announcement had been the sensation of the day. It had met with denials high and low. It was decided to be impossible, incredible. The Japanese declined to admit it and the Russians said they had no confirmation. M. Witte indignantly strongly that St. Petersburg had not apprised him of any such action by the president. There was even a disposition to ridicule the idea of arbitrating the price of half of the island.

### Japan Turns the Tables.

Nevertheless, on all hands it was admitted if Japan took this position, the ground was cut out from under Emperor Nicholas. M. Witte, by consummate skill in conceding all the demands of Japan involving the real issues of the war, had maneuvered his adversary into a position where, unless they abandoned the claim for indemnity, they could be held responsible for continuing the war for money. The Japanese by now foregoing the demand for indemnity, practically turn the tables upon Russia and shift the burden back to her shoulders if she does not consent to submit a minor issue to the impartial judgment of a tribunal. M. Witte publicly dissents vigorously from the proposition, and there will still be a struggle with Peterhof, but if Japan agrees to formally renounce all claims for direct or indirect compensation for the expenses of the war, the big stumbling block to peace is out of the way. Everything will depend upon the form in which the proposal is submitted. Should the renunciation be so coupled with the other proposition that Russia could claim it was still only a disguised demand for tribute, the gulf might only be narrowed, not bridged.

### Fear Outburst in Japan.

Some of the Japanese are greatly excited over the reports that the Tokio government had surrendered on the subject of indemnity. They refused to believe it, declaring that, if true, it would cause a tremendous outburst of popular feeling in Japan.  
While apparently the real negotiations leading up to Monday's denouement were conducted by the president at Oyster Bay, acting through Baron Kaneko on the one hand and Ambassador Meyer on the other, it is now believed that much has been going on beneath the surface here.

### Death of a Veteran.

Custer S. D., Aug. 23.—Rufus H. Pitzer, supposed to be one of the last surviving veterans of the Black Hawk war, is dead at the home of his son here. Had he lived until the 15th of next month he would have been 101 years old. His hundredth birthday anniversary was celebrated last year at the St. Louis exposition grounds.

### Big Price for Painting.

Berlin, Aug. 23.—The national gallery has bought Menzel's "Court Ball Supper," of Emil Meisner, of Dresden, for \$40,000.

## THINK WORST IS OVER.

### Health officials in New Orleans believe Yellow Fever Crisis Has Passed.

New Orleans, Aug. 23.—The fifth week of the fight against yellow fever began Monday with a continuance of favorable conditions and with reason for hope that the crisis has passed.  
The official record of the progress of yellow fever up to six p. m. Monday is as follows: New cases, 45; total cases to date, 1,783; deaths on Monday, 5; total deaths, 260; cases under treatment, 181.

Though New Orleans is now in the midst of a period usually critical in yellow fever epidemics, there is no present indication that the federal authorities are to lose their grip on the situation.  
In Mississippi various towns and counties were clapping quarantines of the shotgun variety against every possible infected point. The announcement that yellow fever had broken out at Natchez and the further spread of the disease at Gulfport precipitated a panic, while the soothing statement of Gov. Vardaman that Memphis was all right has been counteracted by the drastic steps of Chattanooga in instituting as rigid an embargo against Memphis as against New Orleans. Along the Mississippi river towns and cities instituted vigilance committees to patrol the river day and night. Vicksburg trains were stopped at the leading points of infection. Greenville has called out volunteer guards, who are watching the districts below, where several colonies of Italians live in constant communication with the infected isthmus of northeast Louisiana.

### BIG WAVE SINKS SHIP.

#### Disaster During Heavy Storm Off Coast of Florida—Twenty Sailors Drowned.

Fernandina, Fla., Aug. 23.—Twenty men constituting all but two of the officers and crew of the American steamship Peconic, bound from Philadelphia to New Orleans, with coal, were drowned by the sinking of that vessel off the coast of Florida Monday. The disaster was the result of a fierce gale which raged along the coast during the night and early morning. Lashed by the storm, an immense wave struck the vessel with terrific force about 12:30 o'clock a. m. Monday. The impact, coming just as the vessel was making a turn caused a shift of the cargo and the vessel leaned over and sank immediately. The accident occurred so quickly that only two of those aboard her—an Italian and a Spaniard—were able to save themselves. They succeeded in getting into a lifeboat, reached Amelia beach about noon, and on landing told the story of the disaster. These men could speak no word of English. They said they were the only survivors of the crew of the Peconic, commanded by Capt. Jones.

### FALLS FROM A BALLOON.

#### Determined to Make Ascension, Victim Seizes Parachute Trapzeze—Plunges to His Death.

Cahokia, Ill., Aug. 23.—Releasing his grasp on a trapeze attached to a parachute as the latter opened to the wind 1,800 feet above the ground, John Williams, 38 years old, has been dashed to his death at Red House park, near here. Every bone in his body was broken as Williams struck the ground with fearful force.  
The tragedy is said to have been the result of the victim's determination to make a balloon ascension. As the aeronaut prepared to make the ascension, Williams is said to have rushed forward and seized the trapeze bar, calling to his friends "Good-by." As he clasped the bar the balloon rose into space, carrying both the aeronaut and Williams. As the parachute commenced to fill in the wind and the rapid descent of the canvas was suddenly checked, Williams, whose strength was exhausted, was jerked loose from the bar and his body shot downwards. The aeronaut was uninjured and alighted a few yards away from the scene where Williams met his death.

### Railway Wreck Kills Four.

Willetts, Cal., Aug. 23.—Four men were killed and several others injured in a railroad wreck on the California Northwestern near Sherwood Junction Monday. The engineer with his crew was bringing his engine down a steep grade when suddenly the engine began to slide. In reversing the engineer lost control of the engine, and the engine jumped the track and fell on its side. Engineer Lucas was caught under the engine and killed. W. Higgins, H. L. Stolnecker and C. Lenotte were scalded to death by steam from the broken pipes of the engine.

### Aged Woman Kills Herself.

Devil's Lake, N. D., Aug. 23.—Christine Tennesse, 95 years of age, killed herself by jumping from a second-story window Monday. She was probably the oldest woman in the state. She had been blind for 25 years.

### Mills Shut Down.

Vandergriff, Pa., Aug. 23.—Twenty-one of the 29 mills of the American Sheet and Tin Plate company were closed here Monday morning, throwing 800 men out of employment. Shortage of orders is the cause assigned.

### Says Kuropatkin Has Resigned.

London, Aug. 23.—The Japanese correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Moji, Japan, sends a report that Gen. Kuropatkin resigned his command and that his health has given way.

**KIDNEY PILLS**  
It cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throats, Croup, Inflammation, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in its early stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and 25 cents. Sample free. Address: KIDNEY PILLS, L. N. BOY, N. Y.

**SICK HEADACHE**  
Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.  
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE!  
**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**  
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature  
*Dr. J. C. Carter*  
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

### Considerable.

Tommy—Pop, what is the difference between charity and philanthropy?  
Tommy's Pop—Merely, my son, that philanthropy can afford to hire a press agent.—Philadelphia Record.

### Don't Get Footsore! Get Foot-Ease.

A wonderful powder that cures tired, hot, aching feet and makes new or tight shoes easy. Ask today for Allen's Foot-Ease. Do not substitute. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, La Roy, N. Y.

### Ward Seminary, Nashville, Tenn., has been pleasing its patrons for forty years in the education of their girls, and it asks only one opportunity to please you.

Write at once for Book of Information.

### TO THE BISHOP'S TASTE.

Nutmeg That Wasn't Nutmeg Pleased His Prelate Just as Well Nutmeg.

The late Bishop Green on one of his diocesan visitations stopped with an old friend at Sewanee, Tenn., relates Lippincott's Magazine.

"At the early supper of the south, always a most informal meal, the bishop said he would have nothing but a dish of bonny-clabber, a little nutmeg sprinkled over.

"There ain't a bit of nutmeg in the house," exclaimed the maid when the request was repeated to her.

"Dear me," said the hostess, sotto voce; "go to Mrs. Darlington next door and ask her to lend me a nutmeg."

Mrs. Darlington also was "out" of nutmeg.

"Then go to Mrs. Harding, on the other side, we can't all be out at once; then bring the bishop the dish quickly."

The hostess kept up a rapid fire of bright talk to cover the hiatus in the service until the maid appeared with the desired dish.

"What an addition is the little sprinkle of nutmeg," said the bishop; "what a fine relish it gives."

When the good guest had retired the mistress said to the maid:

"Go to the supply store the first thing in the morning and get nutmegs, and return the nutmeg to Mrs. Harding and—"

"But Mrs. Harding was out of nutmegs, too."

"Then where did you get any?"

"In mine, I was dat worried out dat I des tuck a wooden handle to a ole shoe buttoneer an' grated it on."

And the bishop had relished it. So much for the power of suggestion.

### TO THE BISHOP'S TASTE.

The manifest destiny of most of us is not to get along very fast unless we hustle. —Puck.

### OUST THE DEMON.

#### A Truce with Coffee.

There is something fairly demoniacal in the way coffee sometimes wrecks its diabolical malice on those who use it.  
A lady writing from Calif., says:—  
"My husband and I, both lovers of coffee, suffered for some time from a very annoying form of nervousness, accompanied by most frightful headaches. In my own case there was eventually developed some sort of affection of the nerves leading from the spine to the head.  
"I was unable to hold my head up straight, the tension of the nerves drew it to one side, causing me the most intense pain. We got no relief from medicine, and were puzzled as to what caused the trouble, till a friend suggested that possibly the coffee we drank had something to do with it, and advised that we quit it and try Postum Coffee.  
"We followed his advice, and from the day that we began to use Postum we both began to improve, and in a very short time both of us were entirely relieved. The nerves became steady once more, the headache ceased, the muscles in the back of my neck relaxed, my head straightened up, and the dreadful pain that had so punished me while I used the old kind of coffee vanished.  
"We have never resumed the use of the old coffee, but relish our Postum every day as well as we did the former beverage. And we are delighted to find that we can give it freely to our children, also, something we never dared to do with the old kind of coffee."  
Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.  
Postum Coffee contains absolutely no drugs of any kind, but relieves the coffee drinker from the old drug poison.  
"There's a reason"

# OUR NEW YORK LETTER

## MIDSUMMER GOSSIP FROM THE EASTERN METROPOLIS

### COMING INSURANCE INQUIRY

Investigation Committee Cannot Do a Job of Whitewashing in Face of Public Sentiment—Jerome and Tammany.



NEW YORK. — A humdrum legislative inquiry—eight sleepy statesmen behind a high bench, a lawyer droning long questions at a forgetful witness—that is not a picture of the legislative inquiry into insurance corruption which the state of New York has reluctantly undertaken. A senator of the United States, Chauncey M. Depew, is to have a chance to explain why he took a large retainer from the Equitable for years; and why he allowed it, while he was a director, to loan money and lose to the boom town of Depew, in which he was interested; and why, having guaranteed the loan, he welcomed upon the agreement. David B. Hill reckons a chance to explain why, for no discoverable reason, he drew a salary from the Equitable for years. Jacob H. Schiff, who was treated with as a high ambassador of finance by Witte, of Russia, and other financiers almost as powerful, are to explain, perhaps, why they, as directors, apparently sold to the Equitable bonds in whose sale they were personally interested. Benjamin B. Odell, Jr.—

### The People Are Aroused.

UT there are reasons why the committee cannot whitewash the dishonesty which has smirched the Equitable company and others. Policyholders in every part of the nation are interested. The state of New York has chartered the company to do what it has done. Failure to be thorough will hurt the state in a business way by arousing resentment against it in the west—and there is enough already. Finally, the voters will not have it. They are thoroughly aroused and determined not to pardon any slighting. The six republican members of the committee are of good average ability and repute; they know the public feeling in the matter; and while they may try for the name of the party to shield Odell, they will really do their best to recommend a good code of laws to prevent stealing in the future. Insurance men themselves are now convinced—though it took a four months' campaign of brilliant fighting on the part first of the World and afterwards of other papers to bring them to the point—that the work must be thoroughly done. The counsel selected typify the natural hesitation, the irresolution of the committee, confronted by tremendous scandals and half-retreating before the storm. Charles E. Hughes, the senior counsel, is a legal bloodhound, relentless, alert, resourceful, unconnected with politics, unpledged to anyone. He will, from instinct and from sense of duty and from professional pride, do his utmost to lay the festering wound open. The other counsel, Mr. McKeen, was a year ago a better known lawyer; he is of a more showy oratorical type and has had rather more to do with politics. So, for once, a legislative investigation is going to be a rather dramatic affair.

### Jerome and Tammany.

HILE the pushing of District Attorney Jerome as a candidate for mayor is now seen to have been premature, it has plainly shown that no one cares 30 cents about politics in hot weather except the professionals. It is a queer situation. Most people like Mayor McClellan personally. He is honest, presentable, intelligent, makes a good speech, has a good clean-cut face and meets the

city's guests like a gentleman, not like a boor, as did Van Wyck. It was the proudest hour of the life of the latter when he confronted the polite captain of a Spanish man-of-war who visited New York in the ticklish days just before the war.

McClellan is happy in his name, his ancestry, his wealthy wife, his friends, his literary ability, his statesmanlike ability, which is not small. But the gang that follows him! The leaders he has to placate! The following he has to satisfy! Jerome's challenge to him to deny that he had made appointments of unfit men for political reasons remained unaccepted. Half the great city departments are headed by utterly unfit men—men known to be unfit by the meanest intelligence. The city suffers from this; yet McClellan is personally popular and is hailed as a good mayor. If to be good is to be personally satisfactory and yet to surrender the city to the boss, the present head of the city government fills the bill. Nor would a partisan republican be much improvement at present. The bare fact is that the best men of the city are outside the machines of both parties. If Jerome only could smash both machines, the whole country would be merry at its downfall, including many very excellent machine men.

### The Children Defectives.

HE rest of the country may think of New York what it will, it does one great service. It acts as a catch-basin and settling pool for the huge stream of immigration, much of which gathers in New York and costs it uncounted millions. An instance of this is the report of the board of health that an alarming proportion of the children of school age in a poor section of the city are physically defective. These are foreign born, very largely. The revelations follow the much misquoted saying of Robert Hunter that thousands of New York's children are underfed. One child in 20 in the region examined is mentally not normal and should have separate teaching not in the common schools. New York must tackle the problem—practically as a trustee for the country. Superintendent Maxwell of the public school system long ago advocated free breakfasts for poor children, many of whom are too hungry to do their work in school. It sounds un-American—but what are you going to do? On the first of last January there were over 800,000 all-the-time paupers in England and Wales; besides hundreds of thousands receiving part-time assistance, a still vaster army getting private aid, and millions of the self-supporting but underfed. The latter class rises to one-third of the total population in a town like old York, whose picturesque so many American tourists admire. And yet the British are about the best fed of the immigrants we get. The Irish, especially, who 50 years ago used to come to us gaunt with famine, are now so much more prosperous at home that the still flowing tide of immigration brings sturdy, well-nourished specimens. But "assisted emigration" from the British cities means immigrants who have to be assisted when they get here.

### The Real East Side.

HERE is no place in the world like the East side of New York. Compare it with London. The people are better fed, more hopeful, less carefree of appearance than those one sees in an English city; but also they are more crowded together upon the groaning acres than humanity anywhere else in the world except, I have heard, Bombay. And not even in Bombay, plague-stricken as it is, do the tall houses shut out the sun as in New York. The nine-story tenement has become a common feature upon New York streets; many of its middle-aged tenements were built under a law that permitted 90 per cent. of the lot to be covered by the building; and upon a single floor in a 25-foot plot ingenuity has cheated even the beneficent new law by crowding an unbelievable number of people. At times the population bursts out of the East side, like water out of a full barrel when a hole is bored in it. When the great new Williamsburg bridge was completed, 135 feet wide and a mile and a quarter long, piercing the very heart of the East side, it soon caught the name of the Jewish Passover. A hundred thousand people have literally swarmed over it into Brooklyn. Their coming changed, wherever they went, the very conditions they sought. Cheap rents? A corner plot on a wide street in Brownsville, a suburb six miles from the city-hall, inhabited almost exclusively by Jewish tailors, rose in value from \$3,000 to \$22,000 in less than three years. What chance had cheap rents in a place like that? If the city presently undertakes the Titian task of partly feeding the children of the very poor before they set out for school no one need be surprised. Private charity is already doing this upon a liberal scale, and leaving the ethics of the case for theorists to argue about.

OWEN LANGDON.

# LESSONS DISLIKED

## CONQUER INERTIA AND STUDY WITH REAL.

How School-Girls May Become Interesting Women—Dorothy Enjoys English, But Hates Mathematics—The Girl Who Never Can Remember—The Girl Who Can't Reason—How One Miss Acquired a Foreign Vocabulary—School Prizes—If You've Too Many Studies, Drop the Ones You Like.

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER. (Copyright, 1904, by Joseph B. Dowles.)

Some girls dislike all lessons. They would shed no tears if they never again had to memorize or recite; if lessons were left wholly out of their calendar from this time onward. I hope you do not belong to their company, or that if you do, you will make haste to leave it.

There was Molly Sue, a girl I knew when she was 16, pretty, soft-voiced, sweet-voiced, but, oh! so lazy! She drifted through successive schools without learning anything, always playing the role of a good natured, irresponsible shirk. Her kitchenaids and dainty sweetmeats won her far too many excuses from her teachers, and among her friends the feeling was well expressed by an artist, who said: "Molly Sue does not need to know anything. It is quite enough to look at her, as one looks at a perfect flower."

But Molly Sue did not stay 16! She grew out of girldom as you will, too, and after awhile people forgot to notice her when she was in the room with those who had brains and ideas. The perfect beauty faded. She became a withered rose. The vacant mind was like a dusty lumber-room full of rubbish. It was all the greater pity, for if somebody had taken Molly Sue by the shoulders and shaken her out of her indolence when she was a school-girl, she might have grown up an interesting woman.

It is your positive duty, dear girl, to so train mind, heart, will and disposition that you shall be neither stupid, silly, insipid nor tedious when you are older. An interesting woman, clever, enthusiastic, keen and responsive, is more to be desired than a beautiful woman; and is more attractive in her home. She will more deeply impress society.

Of course this girl was an exception. Most girls conquer their inertia and study after a fashion; fortunately most girls have a share of common sense. Even reluctantly acquired knowledge is better than none at all.

What I want to urge upon you is to put the emphasis of your efforts on the studies you don't like. We all have studies we love, and it is easy to pursue them. For instance, Dorothy, who enyoys her English work, finds no difficulty in keeping at the head of her class, but when the question is of mathematics she gropes about in the dark. If you will glance over your classmates, you will have no trouble in picking out a half dozen Dorothys. Some of them come out splendidly in history and are dull in physics; some shine in Latin, and cannot tackle the simplest algebraic problem. The point for every such girl, don't you think, is to spend strength and time and really hard work on the book, the subject, the situation, that she has no particular aptitude for? The things one likes one acquires without painstaking, and it is painstaking that rewards one in the end.

I don't think there is a pleasure in the world that can be compared with an honest joy in conquering a difficult task. It is by hard work over what one does not enjoy that one gains that mastery of the will and faculty of the mind that make the true distinction between the educated and the uneducated person. Natural cleverness is a good quality. But a better one is downright, sturdy, dogged perseverance, that never lets go, once it has started on any line of work.

A schoolgirl should take stock of her own capacity. There is an old story of a preceptress who wrote to the rich parent of a very dull pupil, that his daughter lacked capacity. "Buy her one immediately," telegraphed the man of affairs. Alas! gold cannot buy capacity. No outsider can give it you. But you can buy it for yourself.

You, Edith, who complain that you cannot remember, that what you learn to-day is forgotten to-morrow, may change all that, if you will give your attention to one thing at a time, and let nobody disturb you. Some girls are scatter-brained. Don't be like them. Fix your mind on a single word, a single sentence, a single paragraph, and compel it to understand that, and to remember it. Memory is a slave to those who know how to command it and make it obey.

You, Rosamond, who have no trouble about memorizing, but whose hardship is that you cannot reason, that you do not see into things clearly, must take the same prescription. Be contented if you do not make very rapid progress, but concentrate your thoughts on the thing in hand. "Nothing can stand before the day's work," said a great teacher. Each day's work, carefully done, tells wonderfully on the work of a month or a term. This is what happens to you, my dear girl, whoever you are. It has happened to me many a time, so I know whereof I speak. Never mind the locality; a girl in the district

school in the woods, a girl in a town, a girl with every appliance, or a girl with few helps may have the same experience. You tug along doubtlessly. It is uphill work. You slip back sometimes, but you plant your feet again firmly, and take a new start. You gain a little ground to-day; a little more to-morrow. Suddenly, you can't explain how or why, the difficulties vanish, the husk of trouble falls away, and out comes the perfect flower, white, fragrant, satisfying. You could not see yesterday, but you see to-day. You had no vocabulary last week, but words crowd on you now.

A girl I know was studying a new language. She kept walling over and over: "I have no words. I have no words. I have to find out every word I want in the lexicon. It is an endless task. I shall never understand, never catch up."

All at once, words began meeting her with friendly faces. They were no longer strangers. She knew their inflections, their cadences; the vocabulary of another language was her own. Hard work had brought its reward. "Never" is a word to be turned away from one's door. There need be no such word.

School honors and prizes are worth striving for. The girl who can win her teacher's approval is always enviable. But on the whole, the dull girl who wins it with effort is more enviable than the bright one who did not try hard. And I believe that it is much more pleasant to have the full approval of one's personal conscience, to know that let happen what may, one has done one's very best, than to carry off medals and medals and certificates.

Some of you are handicapped by having too many studies at one and the same time. It is unwise to attempt too much. If the class work includes more lessons than you can assimilate, ask to have some of them dropped. Teachers are willing to aid an earnest pupil who is doing what she can to overcome her own deficiencies. But if you drop something, let it be the thing you are fond of, not the thing you dislike. The study you care for may be taken up at any time in the future. The other must be faced and conquered now, or it will never give you the joy of victory.

Yes, I love the youthful winner, With the medal and the mark; He has gained the prize he sought for, He is joyous as a lark. Every one will haste to praise him; He is on the honor list. I've a tender thought, my darlings, For the one who tried, and missed. One? Ah, me! they count by thousands, Those who have not gained the race, Though they did their best and fairest.

Striving for the winner's place, Only few can reach the laurel; Many see their chance flit by. I've a tender thought, my darlings, For the earnest band who try. 'Tis the trying that is noble. If you're made of sterner stuff Than the laggards who are daunted When the bit of road is rough. All will praise the happy winners; But when they have hurried by, I've a song to cheer, my darlings, The great company who try.

### POINT AND HONITON LACE.

The Vogue of Hand-Work Brings to the Fore Products Turned Out by Skillful Needlewoman.

Fine muslin braid and a small patterned Honiton are used in making this lace, which is an easily worked and effective design. Materials required for one yard of



TWO BRAIDS USED.

lace; Nine yards muslin braid, two yards Honiton, two yards puril edge, three skeins thread. No more charming present could be bestowed at Christmas than a bit of this exquisite hand-work.

### Children's Hair.

The reason that children's hair darkens as the children grow older is because the hair pigment changes, the sulphur of iron increasing and becoming more powerful than the magnesia. The condition may be kept away to a certain extent by shampooing the little one's glory halo every week with eggs and hot water, a suggestion of salts of tartar being added to the first water. Dandruff cannot exist when the scalp is kept perfectly clean. Twenty-four hours before the shampoo apply pure olive oil to the child's head, rubbing it in well. This will act as a tonic, and when your little girl is a big one, wearing trailed gowns and enduring other afflictions of the mature life, she will have a fine, healthy, thick head of hair.

### Formal Dining.

The guest of honor should be seated at the right of the host. The servant should present the dishes at the left hand of every guest in turn, beginning the first course with the guest of honor and passing in regular order around the table.

# REMARKABLE EXPERIMENTS.

Exhaustive Study of Plant Ferments Being Pursued by Agricultural Department.

Perhaps the most remarkable series of experiments ever conducted by the agricultural department has recently begun. These experiments are connected with the fermentation of such plants as tobacco, tea, hops, etc., and have for their object the utilization of enzymes in the production of the valued aromas in such products. As is pretty generally known, enzymes are unorganized ferments, but the exact part they play in determining the aromas or flavors of such commodities as those mentioned is only just now being arrived at. The results achieved through certain tests by experts of the bureau of plant industry of the agricultural department point to the conclusion that the prized qualities of the finer varieties of tea, tobacco, hops and similar fermented plants are the direct production of certain enzymes. The latter, it is found, are contained in the plant during growth, and are due to the factors of soil and climate, long known to be the principal elements in the production of the superior varieties of certain plants. But the later phase of the subject, and one which has been developed by the experiments of the bureau of plant industry, is the utilization of the enzymes during the process of fermentation, a matter which has heretofore never been investigated.

"The fermentation of tea in China and of tobacco in Cuba," said Prof. B. T. Galloway, chief of the bureau of plant industry, "is a matter of habit and tradition among the natives, who probably never heard in all their lives of enzymes, but who, it must be confessed, produce excellent results. Nevertheless, these results are largely the effect of chance, and, of course, of the excellent nature of the plants themselves. But the problem, or rather one of the problems, which the department has set itself to work out in this connection is, whether, by a knowledge of the part played by enzymes in the process of fermentation, the quality of these products cannot be still further improved."

"A most interesting phase of experimentation along this line is the possibility of transferring enzymes from one plant to another. The conclusion has been reached satisfactorily that the matter of flavor and aroma depends upon the enzymes. Furthermore, it has been found possible to remove the enzymes from the plant. From these results, it is furthermore conjectured that it would be perfectly feasible to graft the removed enzymes upon another plant.

"Would it be possible to thus render an inferior grade of plant equal to a superior by transferring the enzymes of the latter to the former? Apparently so. But, then, at the present stage of the experiments, the superior plant would have to be robbed in order to improve the inferior, so that, from an industrial standpoint, the results in this direction are still nil. Moreover, there has thus far been discovered no method of propagating enzymes in the laboratory. Should such a method be discovered, its commercial and industrial importance would be manifest."

### TROUBLED THE OLD MAN.

Warning on Official Envelope Gave Recipient of Garden Seeds Worry.

One of Congressman William Alden Smith's constituents is responsible for this:

"Representative Smith is not a man to neglect his political fences. He sent garden seeds to pretty much every one in the district. They came from the department of agriculture and were enclosed in the regular franked government envelope. On the corner of each of these envelopes is printed: 'Penalty for private use \$300.' A neighbor of mine received his bunch of seeds but was sorely troubled over the legend on the envelope. He sat up one night and worried over it until long after his usual bedtime and it was almost the break of dawn when he had completed a labored letter to the congressman.

"The old farmer didn't know just what to do about them garden seeds. I want them, but I don't want them for no public use. I want them for private use, but I can't afford to pay no \$300 for plantin' them in my garden. I ain't no man to commit a crime, so I'll just tuck the ternal seeds away till you see if you can't get me a permit from the government to use them for myself."

### Described Conference.

Speaker Cannon, on calling at the white house once, was closeted for nearly an hour with the president, while a number of senators, congressmen and other visitors were kept chafing with impatience in the waiting rooms immediately adjoining the executive office. Occasional echoes of laughter from within were having anything but a soothing effect on the waiting assemblage, when Uncle Joe emerged, his face wreathed in smiles.

"Pretty long conference you have been having with the president," ventured one of the company in a sarcastic tone. "Yes," retorted Uncle Joe, with a twinkle in his eye, "and it was as broad as it was long."

### On to Him.

Smoothtong—Your daughter made a great hit with me! Wise Father—I never knew a woman yet that could keep a secret! I told her not to let you know that I had any money!—Detroit Free Press.

# GIRL IS LIBRARY GENIUS.

Great Book Collection at Washington Managed by Bay State Young Woman.

The library of the department of agriculture at Washington holds a unique place among the country's great storehouses of literature.

Its librarian in chief, Miss Josephine Adelaide Clark, is a woman of marked ability and literary culture, who has done much to bring the library to its present state of completeness, states the Star. Unlike many of the so-called department libraries in the capital, the collection of the agricultural department is devoted almost entirely to scientific and technical publications.

In one corner are a few old and worn books that indicate the early existence of a miscellaneous assortment of fiction, poetry and history, similar to that which makes up the average library of the departments. But these are simply the recollection of what once was and in no way reflect the wonderful character of that magnificent collection of works that stands to-day without a peer in the world, dealing exclusively with agricultural and kindred industrial subjects.

There are on the shelves to-day 82,375 volumes, the largest collection of agricultural works ever gathered together in any country. There are larger collections of some specific branch of scientific inquiry, such as the entomological library in Philadelphia, but nowhere such a generous array covering the whole field of industrial and agricultural literature. The current periodicals alone kept on file aggregate 1,450.

The institution is free to the public, and its shelves are constantly visited by students and persons making research on scientific and technical topics.

Miss Clark, whose genius as a librarian has developed this library to the present limits of its usefulness, has had a long and thorough training for her task. She is a native of Massachusetts, having been born in Weston 39 years ago. Graduating from Smith college in 1880, Miss Clark took up the occupation of teaching, accepting a position in Prospect Hill school, Greenfield, where she remained from 1880 to 1883, when she became associate principal of a private school at Rutland, Vt., from 1884 to 1888.

Library work, however, seems to have attracted her more than teaching, for in the last-named year she abandoned teaching and took a course as a student in the New York library school, from which she graduated to accept a position as assistant in the Gray herbarium at Harvard, where she remained during 1890-91.

Miss Clark's next advancement was to the library of the agricultural department, where she was assistant librarian until 1901, when she was appointed librarian-in-chief.

Miss Clark is an authority on botanical bibliography. Several years ago she published an elaborate index to all new species of plants. Her duties at the head of the government library are so onerous, however, and exact so much of her time, that Miss Clark was compelled to forego the work of continuing this index, and it is now added to from year to year at the Gray herbarium. The work was so thorough in its character that the scientists in that field would not permit it to be abandoned.

While Miss Clark is not a linguist in the usual meaning of the word, she is able to read German and French fluently. Many of the most valuable contributions to scientific literature come from France and Germany, and Miss Clark has done much in the way of translating such works as are essential to the purposes of the experts of the department.

Although her time is occupied to the utmost, Miss Clark has prepared and keeps current a card system index to all the department publications circulated among the libraries of the country. These cards are printed at the library of congress for the department and sent to the various libraries, with the result that their indices are up to date. Instead of having to wait the leisure of librarians, many of whom are frequently unable to compile a comprehensive index. The amount of labor involved in this task may be judged when it is known that the general card catalogue of the library, including author, subject and title card, now numbers 120,000 cards.

### Spaniards Fled from Him.

Lee Philpot, of East St. Louis, was in Washington recently and called on the president. Mr. Philpot was a member of the rough riders and Mr. Roosevelt knew him instantly, greeting him warmly. Turning to a number of congressional callers, the president said: "Are you surprised that the Spaniards ran from men of this kind in Cuba?" Philpot is over six feet tall, a giant in proportions, and has a face of the most determined kind. He is a member of the celebrated Philpot feud family of Kentucky and enlisted in the rough riders from his mountain home in that state. Philpot has been a detective in East St. Louis and wants to get on the secret service force.

### Wrong Washington.

Senator Lodge frequently visited a certain lunchroom in Washington which members of both houses of congress were wont to patronize. On one occasion, finding his usual seat occupied, he chose one at another table, where, as it happened, a new man had been installed as waiter. "Bring me a piece of Washington pie and a glass of milk," said the senator. In a few minutes the darky returned bearing a piece of chocolate pie, whereupon the senator told: "I want George Washington, not Booker."

BANKS are becoming more and more the custodians of the funds of the people, of both large and small means.

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BY THE IRON PORT CO.

G. F. Mc Ewen, Mgr.

Entered at the postoffice at Escanaba, Mich., as second class matter. Subscription price, \$2.00 per year, in advance.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 2, 1905

### Booming Iron Trade

This is a bumper crop year, but the plenty on the farm is not the only evidence of the country's prosperity. There is tremendous activity in the iron and copper market. A dispatch from Reading, Pa., says that so great is the demand in the iron trade that pig iron is loaded hot from the furnaces instead of waiting until it cools. Nearly all of the furnaces in the eastern part of Pennsylvania are in active operation, and the output is being disposed of as rapidly as it is produced. The trade has never been better and there is very little stock anywhere.

The conditions in the copper markets are exactly similar, and a big increase in the price of the metal in the near future is freely predicted.

The iron trade has long been regarded as a true index to the business conditions in general, and with justice, because it reflects the conditions of so many other trades. When the demand for it is strong it means activity in the mines and furnaces for its production. It means also activity in railroad building, in structural work and in other lines. The iron market is certainly a great index. And the iron market was never stronger or better than it is now.

Bumper crops and a booming iron and copper trade ought to make the American people very well satisfied that they are on earth.

### The Lake Fisheries

Few people, even among those who live along the Great Lakes, have any conception of the importance of the lake fisheries.

The department of commerce and labor has been gathering some statistics, which, of course, do not include any of the thousands of pounds of fish taken by Canadian fishermen or any of the large quantities taken for private consumption, and not offered upon the markets.

The total catch last year, by the American fishermen who fish for the market, had a market value of \$2,745,501, which is considerably higher than the average of the past twenty years. This shows that the industry has not declined materially, but it also shows that it has not increased greatly, as last year's total was only \$50,000 more than that of 1885.

The investment in the fish business amounts to more than \$7,400,000, one-third of which is in shore and accessory property, and about \$2,000,000 in vessels, boats, nets, seines, etc. Nearly 10,000 persons are directly employed in the lake fisheries.

When lake fisheries are referred to most people think only of lake trout and whitefish. The humble herring, however, easily holds the lead, the production of herring last year being over \$7,000,000. Lake trout were second with a value of \$722,500, and whitefish were third with a value of \$350,000. Whitefish are dwindling, and the Isle Royale fishermen state that the catch is growing less every year, in spite of the government efforts to pro-

pagate this highly valuable fish. Lake Erie heads the list in herring production, and Lakes Superior and Michigan are far in the lead in the production of whitefish, though all the lakes contribute. Pike, pickerel, perch and carp account for the bulk of the remainder, and even the despised sucker amounted to \$100,000. Sturgeon and caviar amounted to over \$50,000.

The fish of the Great Lakes form an important item in the food of the country, therefore, and this is not to be despised as one of the industries of the lake country. Just at present, though last year's catch was high, it seems to be about to start on the downward grade, and it is to be hoped that the government's efforts at stocking the lakes will be successful in keeping the industry up to its past importance.

The question of the location of the state hospital for consumptives, soon to be established, is yet an open one. It will doubtless be settled as soon as the board of control of the institution is appointed by Governor Warner next month, when the law becomes operative. There has been much discussion as to the proper place for such an institution, many persons seeming to be impressed with the idea that it should be located in some out-of-the-way place, far removed from a community of any size. Because of this belief a number of inaccessible places have been suggested. Those professional men who have made a careful study of the matter, however, are unanimously of the opinion that this idea is erroneous. They believe that the hospital should be where it will be of easy access, so that invalids will not wear themselves out reaching it. Open air treatment will be the feature of the institution.

The statement made by Governor Warner at a farmers' gathering last week, that his active interest in the advancement of dairy matters in this state was in great part due to the fact that Michigan is far behind some neighboring states in that direction, was strikingly illustrated in a comparison given. Wisconsin has three thousand factories devoted to dairy products whose annual output is \$27,000,000, while Michigan at the beginning of this year had only five hundred such factories with a total annual product of but \$6,000,000.

All the interests of our state, merchants and laboring men as well as farmers and dairymen, will be favorably affected by the successful outcome of Governor Warner's efforts to add millions of dollars to the value of a Michigan product which has evidently this far suffered through comparative inattention and neglect.

The pretence that some hurried action was necessary in the way of changing our country's tariff schedules in order to avoid antagonizing foreign nations and to preserve our country's foreign trade, was one of the most absurd assumptions connected with the anti-protective tariff Chicago conference. Our sale of goods to foreign countries last year was \$570,000,000 more than during the previous year, and this year's sales will again be greater than before. The only means through which the United States can be said to be antagonizing foreign nations is through being their workshop and market master. It is quite cer-

tain that the voters of this country will insist upon the policy now being pursued rather than to risk the change the foes of protection are clamoring for.

## County Correspondence

### BARK RIVER

H. Bell called on trade here Wednesday.

Mrs. Walter Preston and daughter, left Wednesday for their home in Roseland, B. C. after spending the summer with her sister Mrs. J. H. Boyle.

John Loeffler and Eli Douglas spent Sunday here.

Mrs. M. J. Hutt and son Allan spent Saturday in Escanaba.

George B. Welch of Muskegon, Wis., has been engaged as principal for our school for the coming year.

Miss Hilda has returned home after a few weeks visit in Gladstone.

Miss Anna Labre, of Spaulding, visited here Monday.

Jno. Hickey, of Escanaba, visited at the home of J. H. Boyle Wednesday.

R. P. Legg, of Gladstone, was here Wednesday.

E. J. Bergman has returned from his trip to Oregon.

Lillian the ten year old daughter of Pat McCauly of Harris, was buried there the Catholic church Monday.

Walter Hues, of Green Bay, called on trade Friday.

A. H. Ryall, of Escanaba, was a visitor here Tuesday.

A number from here are going to Menominee Sunday night to attend the Knights of Columbus' reception to be held there Monday.

Miss Bruce who has been visiting here for some time returned to her home in Menominee Thursday evening.

Carl Burgstrom is reported to be very sick.

Miss Lillian Frechette returns to Green Bay Tuesday where she attends school.

### GLADSTONE

The five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Anderson died Thursday of catarrhal pneumonia.

H. J. Fitzpatrick left Thursday night for Minneapolis to spend a few days.

Miss Blanche Merwin, of Marquette, is visiting Mrs. John McCarthy.

Sidney Goldstein is out again after a week's illness.

Miss Susana McIntyre is spending a few days in Escanaba.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Stewart visited in Escanaba on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Slining and family are visiting at Marinette.

Alderman Edgar Ingalls who has been employed at Neff's hardware store for some time has accepted a position as district agent for the International Correspondence school and will be stationed at Iron Mountain.

Gladstone base ball fans are overjoyed by Gladstone's victory over Rapid River last Sunday in the first of a series of three games for a purse of \$50.

### Our New Minister

"Our New Minister," directed from its seven months New York run, the coming of which has been anxiously looked forward to by local theatre goers, will be seen at the Peterson opera house one night only Sunday evening Sept. 3.

It is by Denman Thompson and Geo. W. Ayer, authors of "Old Homestead" and it is conceded by critics everywhere to be the crowning triumph of all character plays. "It is certainly the most talked about play of the age and has set the theatrical world by the ears.

"Our New Minister" is a play that is destined to live because it deals with things that are new, its theme is new; the character drawings are original and are in no wise like those seen in any other character play; there is no wronged girl, no snow storm, no slick city chap, 'tis a wholesome natural story of country life. The star cast includes John Terriss, Joseph Conyers, John Barker, Fred Clarke, Calvin Dix, John F. Webber, W. C. Tanner, M. B. Hariman, J. H. Lawrence, Gertrude Perry Alice Washburn and Phila May.

## CANAL IS IMPOSSIBLE

Trans-Peninsula Project Declared So by R. C. Young

The project to connect Lake Superior with Lake Michigan by a canal from Au Train bay to Rapid River, using the Whitefish river a part of the route, has recently been the subject of considerable comment by the upper peninsula press owing to the fact that it is reported that a syndicate has been formed to dig such a canal. The Munising Republican prints a statement from R. C. Young, chief engineer of the Cleveland Cliffs Railway system in which the project is declared impossible. Mr. Young said: I have a profile showing the elevations of a large part of the country through which such a canal would have to pass. Let us consider the Au Train-bay de Noquet route. The elevation at the Au Train falls is about 165 feet above Lake Superior. In two miles above the falls the rise is about twenty-five feet and the banks are ten feet high, making a total elevation of two hundred feet. There is not water enough to supply locks and therefore the canal would have to be dug at least twenty feet below the level of Lake Superior, making a total cut of 220 feet. The cut for several miles in the vicinity of the falls would have to be made through solid rock. This is the lowest point between the two lakes. This with a cut at the summit of 220 feet and 20 feet at each end the average depth of the cut would be 120 feet.

The Munising-Manistique route which has also been proposed, is more impractical than the Au Train route. At Wetmore the elevation is two hundred feet. Four miles south of Wetmore, at Clark & Acker's old mill location, the elevation is still higher. This would be the sand route and the cut would have to be made through quicksand and gravel. In excavating in sand a bank would have to be a two-to-one slope. With a cut 340 feet deep, two-to-one slope, and the canal 100 feet wide at the bottom it would be 1400 feet wide at the top. Anyone can readily see that the building of a canal in this way would be an utter impossibility. Thus the only thing left to do would be to have locks. Vesselsmen claim that the expense of locking boats over would more than exceed the cost of the longer route via the St. Mary's river. But even if it were practical to lock boats over there is not enough water to supply the locks. Without a doubt the average cost per mile for building a trans-peninsula canal would exceed the promoter's estimated cost of the whole canal.

### Boys Exonerated

In the case of the People vs. Rintoul Whitney and another who were charged with larceny of money from the home of Peter Nyberg, the offense having been alleged to have been committed on circus day, the defendants, Rintoul Whitney and Arthur Flath have been fully exonerated from the charge, the case was formerly dismissed yesterday morning in the court of Judge Emil Glaser.

The prosecuting attorney stating in open court that there was absolutely no evidence to connect them with the crime.

The arrest of these boys was a serious injustice to them as the event proves and their exoneration from all complicity in the crime is highly gratifying to their friends.

## The Better Way

The tissues of the throat are inflamed and irritated; you cough, and there is more irritation—more coughing. You take a cough mixture and it eases the irritation—for a while. You take

## SCOTT'S EMULSION

and it cures the cold. That's what is necessary. It soothes the throat because it reduces the irritation; cures the cold because it drives out the inflammation; builds up the weakened tissues because it nourishes them back to their natural strength. That's how Scott's Emulsion deals with a sore throat, a cough, a cold, or bronchitis.

WE'LL SEND YOU A SAMPLE FREE. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

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O. E. YOUNGQUIST, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office 114 South Georgia street. Office hours: 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.

C. J. B. KITCHEN, Dentist. OFFICE, over Hross Bros. Drug Store, 1007 Ludington St.

G. A. GOLDBER, PRESIDENT. M. A. ALBUN, SECRETARY

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## MAPS.

Of the City of Escanaba, with all the new Additions, Ward lines, water works hydrants, fire and police alarms, etc., accurately and neatly outlined. Zanes Maps of DELTA COUNTY revised and corrected; this is a very handsome map as well as a correct one. MAPS of IRON COUNTY compiled from U. S. Government and Geological surveys. An accurate map giving all roads, explorations, mines, etc. TOWNSHIP DIAGRAMS. Maps of all kinds made to order. Our aim in drafting of maps and plates is correctness and neatness.

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Cures Grip in Two Days.

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WE'LL SEND YOU A SAMPLE FREE.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

# LIVE CITY NEWS ITEMS.

**Many Minor Municipal Matters Gathered From Various Sources.**

## ESCANABA AND VICINITY

**The Iron Port Reporters' Weekly Grist of Information, Gathered in Their Daily Rounds of the City—**

### General Notes.

Miss Mary Hinn is visiting in Chicago. Mrs. E. A. Tiffany is visiting at Manitowoc.

A full set of teeth for \$10.00 at Dr. Winn's.

Miss Kathryn Fitzsimmons camped at Maywood last week.

B. G. Cahill was a Detroit visitor last week.

Mr. George Cooper, of Ann Arbor, is the guest of Fred Erickson.

Mrs. Pascal Perron has returned from a visit with relatives in Canada.

Mrs. Chas. M. Frost was a Brampton visitor last week.

House to rent. Inquire, 516 Murry Avenue.

T. A. Ellsworth went to Iron Mountain on business this week.

Neil Curran returned to his home at Lathrop Tuesday morning.

James Scott of Menominee is visiting his parents at Wells.

Gold crowns and bridge teeth \$5.00 cheap at Dr. Winn's.

Miss Alice Robertson is visiting friends at Sault St. Marie.

Miss Adelle Hessel has returned from a visit at Manitowoc and Appelon.

Yvond Elwood of Marquette visited friends here last week.

Miss Edith Hugbitt returned Saturday night from a visit at Marquette.

Dr. John Groos returned Sunday from a visit at Chicago.

Harold Mead made a trip to Chicago last Saturday.

Miss Isabel Wiseman has returned to her home in Munising.

Archie Villemure was at Green Bay this week on business.

W. C. Foard of Marquette, was in town Wednesday.

Miss Florence Bittner left Wednesday morning for Bark River to visit.

Mrs. L. A. Kaufman left Wednesday morning for Chicago.

Neal J. Blaney went to Ishpeming Wednesday on business.

Miss Anna Sherbinow left Monday for her home at Ishpeming.

Miss Viola Hutt, of Bark River, was in the city Wednesday.

Miss Marion Vaughn, of Norway, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Shea.

Mrs. H. E. Robinson and daughter left Tuesday morning for Chicago to visit relatives and friends.

Miss Kathryn Fitzsimmons left Wednesday morning for Milwaukee and Chicago to visit with friends.

William Sullivan left Tuesday evening for Chicago where he will visit relatives for some time.

Miss Clara Thompson who has been visiting in this city returned to her home at Minneapolis, Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitney and Mr. and Mrs. Stewart of Gladstone were in the city Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Prof. Gordon, of Ashland, visited here the fore part of the week.

FOR SALE—Four horse power steam engine and boiler and fixtures in good condition. Inquire at Iron Port office.

Miss Pearl Gillroy, of Chicago, has returned to her home after an extended visit in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Gerich of Milwaukee visited with friends in Escanaba this week.

Mrs. Tribler left Monday night for her home in lower Michigan after a visit with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Norton have returned from a three week's visit at Chicago.

Mrs. F. Slater and daughter Alma are back from a trip to Chicago, Peoria, and St. Paul.

Mrs. George Smith with her daughter Lucy, and Rosella Thatcher left Wednesday for a trip to Minneapolis.

A large number of excursionists went to Manitowic, Beaver Island and Petoskey on the Maywood last Saturday.

Miss Grace Washburn, of Florence, Wis., is the guest of Mrs. Albert Ellsworth.

Mrs. John F. Ryan and children returned Thursday night from a visit in lower Michigan.

Miss Della Ascher, of Menominee and Attorney P. H. Berg, of Ishpeming, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charley Berg.

Mrs. William Anderson, of Clinton, Iowa, returned to her home last Friday after an extended visit with friends in this city.

Mrs. Joseph Hall, of Oconto and Miss Alice Belanger returned home Monday after visiting at the home of Wilfred Belanger.

Miss Anne Dennison and Miss Sadie McHale, of Ishpeming, have returned to their home after visiting at the home of Mr. John Deneen.

Miss Mary Barron returned home last Wednesday from a two months visit with relatives in Montreal and other points in Canada.

Miss Sarah Thatcher is visiting her brother Oliver at the Soo. Mr. Thatcher now holds a responsible position with the Hammond Packing Co.

The Rev. Father Williams of Louisville, Ky., formerly pastor of St. Joseph's church is the guest of the Rev. Father Langan of St. Patrick's church.

Mrs. Samuel Reando of Wells, has been chosen by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Wells to attend the Upper Peninsula W. C. T. U. convention at Manistique Sept. 12, 13, 14.

Richard T. Roberts, of Chicago, a baritone soloist, will appear in a concert with several Escanaba people on the evening of Sept. 7th. at the First Methodist church.

If you have trouble with your eyes or with your glasses see G. H. Cook A specialty made of difficult cases calls and examinations free. Office and residence 322 S. Campbell street.

Mr. J. B. Eberhart who has been employed for several months in the office of the Pittsburg & Lake Superior Iron Co. leaves today to take a position at Chicago.

Mr. I. Meloche, a resident of this place, recently secured through Hapgood, of Chicago, a very good position in the offices of the Peacock Jewelry Co., of that city. His many friends will be glad to hear of his success.

Is a Fast Tug.

The tug Alfred W. of Ford River, owned by the Ford River Lumber Company is one of if not the fastest tugs in Green Bay region. It is claimed by the crew that she can run close to fourteen miles an hour. The tug is a new one being built recently by Johnson Bros. of Green Bay. It has the machinery of the tug Bruce which was burned at this port last fall.

She is 77 feet long 17 1/2 feet beam, and 9 feet depth of hold; the engine is 20x22 and she is allowed 100 pounds of steam.

Ann Arbor Railroad Steamers.

The Ann Arbor Railroad Steamers are now operating on regular schedule across Lake Michigan leaving Menominee 11:30 p. m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday and Manistique at 9 p. m. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving at Frankford the following morning connecting with Ann Arbor Railroad train for all points in Lower Peninsula.

First pub. July 8, 1905. Last pub. Aug. 19, 1905.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Circuit Court for the County of Delta in Chancery.

Annie Tolman Plaintiff vs. Joseph Coleman Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Delta in Chancery, at the City of Escanaba in said County, on the 30th day of June A. D. 1905.

In this cause it appearing from affidavits on file, that the Defendant Joseph Coleman is not a resident of this State, but resides at Duluth, in the State of Minnesota.

On motion of C. D. McEwen Solicitor for the complainant, it is ordered that the said non-resident Defendant Joseph Coleman cause his appearance to be entered in this cause within four months from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance, cause his answer to the Complainant's Bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said Defendant by said non-resident Defendant at a certain day of June A. D. 1905.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days after the service of said Bill and notice of this order, said Defendant, said Bill be taken as confessed by said non-resident Defendant.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days after the service of said Bill and notice of this order to be published in the Iron Port, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident Defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

C. D. McEwen, J. W. SROUSE, Solicitor for Complainant. Circuit Judge Escanaba, Michigan.

First pub. Aug. 5th, last pub. Sept. 16

Mortgage Sale.

In pursuance of and by virtue of an order and decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Delta, in Chancery, in the State of Michigan, made and dated the eighteenth day of July A. D. 1905, in a certain cause therein pending, wherein the Jerry Madden Shingle Company is Complainant and Thomas Farrell and Eva May Farrell are Defendants;

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Escanaba, County of Delta and State of Michigan, said Court House being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said county, on Monday the eighteenth day of September A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, All, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount due to the said Complainant, for principal, interest and costs in this cause, of the following described parcel of land, to wit:

Lot Number One (1) of Block Number One Hundred and Fourteen (114) of Proprietors' Addition to the City of Escanaba, Michigan.

Dated, Escanaba Michigan, August 2nd, 1905.

A. H. RYALL, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Delta County, Michigan

J. F. CARRY, Solicitor for Complainant.

At Drugstore, 2 cents, or mailed, Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John streets, New York.

**HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL**

**FOR PILES,**

ONE APPLICATION BRINGS RELIEF. SAMPLE MAILED FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Vital Weakness and Prostration from overwork and other causes. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 23, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy. \$1 per vial, or special package for serious cases, \$3.

Sold by Drugstore, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., William & John Sts., N. Y.

# For the Children

To succeed these days you must have plenty of grit, courage, strength. How is it with the children? Are they thin, pale, delicate? Do not forget Ayer's Sarsaparilla. You know it makes the blood pure and rich, and builds up the general health in every way.

The children cannot possibly have good health unless the bowels are in proper condition. A sluggish liver gives a coated tongue, bad breath, constipated bowels. Destroy all these by giving small laxative doses of Ayer's Pills. All vegetable, sugar-coated.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of  
**Ayer's**  
HAIR VIGOR,  
AGUE CURE,  
CHERRY PECTORAL.



# CERESOTA FLOUR

Enjoys the reputation of being the best Flour on the market. Sold only by

## C. MALONEY & CO.

Everything in the line of Flour, and Feed at lowest prices.

# Opportunities in California

The trade in the Orient is opening up. Our exports to Japan and China multiplied during the last year. There will soon be a tremendous increase in the trade of the Pacific Coast cities with the Far East. Big opportunities for the man who lives there. Why not look the field over? Only \$62.50, Chicago to San Francisco or Los Angeles and return, May 1, 2, 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 29, 30, 31, June 1, August 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, 1905. Tickets good for return for 90 days. Rate for a double berth in a comfortable tourist sleeper from Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Santa Barbara, and many other points in California, only \$7. Through train service from Union Passenger Station, Chicago, via the

## Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Line

This is the route of The Overland Limited, leaving Union Passenger Station, Chicago, 6.05 p. m., and The California Express at 10.25 p. m. The California Express carries tourist sleeping cars to California every day. Both trains carry through standard sleepers.

Complete information sent free on receipt of coupon with blank lines filled.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Street address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

Probable destination \_\_\_\_\_ CALIFORNIA

W. S. HOWELL, Gen'l Eastern Agent, 38 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.

or

F. A. MILLER, General Passenger Agent, CHICAGO.

# Periodic Pains.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are a most remarkable remedy for the relief of periodic pains, backache, nervosis or sick headache, or any of the distressing aches and pains that cause women so much suffering. As pain is weakening, and leaves the system in an exhausted condition, it is wrong to suffer a moment longer than necessary, and you should take the Anti-Pain Pills on first indication of an attack. If taken as directed you may have entire confidence in their effectiveness, as well as in the fact that they will leave no disagreeable after-effects. They contain no morphine, opium, chloral, cocaine or other dangerous drugs. "For a long time I have suffered greatly with spells of backache, that seem almost more than I can endure. These attacks come on every month, and last two or three days. I have never been able to get anything that would give me much relief until I began the use of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, and they always relieve me in a short time. My sister, who suffers the same way, has used them with the same results." MRS. PARK, 721 S. Michigan St., South Bend, Ind. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

# THERE IS MONEY IN GROWING GINSENG

Prof. W. L. Howard of Missouri State Agricultural College says: "I advise American farmers to cultivate Ginseng. Big profits may be realized. It is a hardy plant and is easily grown."—A recent bulletin issued by the Pennsylvania State Agricultural College in part says: "The supply of native Ginseng root is continually diminishing and the price per pound is correspondingly increasing, while the constant demand in China stands as a guarantee of a steady market for Ginseng in the future. The market for our cultivated root will exist as long as the Chinamen exist."—Counsel General W. A. Rublee of Hong Kong says in the U. S. Consular reports: sale of the Ginseng root grown in America is very large here and the demand is so great that much more could be disposed of advantageously. The root is as indispensable to the 400,000,000 Chinese as is their rice." Ginseng is a staple on the market the same as corn, wheat, and cotton. The present market price varies from \$5.00 to \$8.00 per pound according to quality, while the cost of production does not exceed \$1.50. There is room in an ordinary garden to grow several hundred dollars worth each year. The plant is hardy and thrives in all parts of the United States and Canada, except in the arid regions. We are successful growers and can show you how to make money growing Ginseng. You can get a good start in the business for a comfortable income. We have several thousand choice roots for sale for fall delivery. The planting season begins in August and continues till the ground is frozen.

## BUCKINHAMS' GINSENG GARDEN

Growers and Exporters  
ZANESVILLE, OHIO

# WHY GET SOAKED WHEN YOU GET TOWER'S FISH BRAND OILED CLOTHING

WILL KEEP YOU DRY IN THE HARDEST STORM!

ON SALE EVERYWHERE. LOOK FOR ABOVE TRADE MARK. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.  
TOWER CANADIAN CO., LTD., TORONTO, CANADA.

# A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding Piles. Druggists refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standing, in 6 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest, 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c in stamps and it will be forwarded postpaid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

# BLOOD POISON

On account of its terrible effects, blood disease is called the 'king' of all diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted; so while it may not be a crime to have the disease, it is a crime to permit it to remain in the system. It may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, itchiness of the skin, eruptions of blotches, sores in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, falling out of hair, disordered stomach, and a general depression of the system. If you have any of these symptoms don't neglect yourself. You have no time to lose. Beware of "old fogey" treatment—beware of mineral poison—beware of Quacks and Patents. OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT IS GUARANTEED TO cure this disease, never to return. Bank Bonds will protect you. Our treatment is not injurious in any way, but reaches the very root of the disease and eliminates all poisons from the system. The symptoms of disease gradually disappear. The blood becomes pure and purified, the whole system is cleansed and purified, and the patient feels prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life. **CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY, 25 Years in Detroit, 250,000 Cured.**

Counselation Free. Question Blank for Home Treatment and Books Free.

## DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.

## JOSIAH ALLEN'S WIFE

### Decoration Day at Deacon Bosses.

Marjette Holley ("Josiah Allen's Wife"), Author of "My Wayward Partner," "My Opinions and Betsy Bobbett's," "Samantha at Saratoga," "Samantha at the St. Louis Exposition," Etc., Tells About a Delayed Decoration Day Dinner.

(Copyright, 1906, by Joseph B. Bowles.) Josiah and I wuz invited to Miss Deacon Bosses, she that wuz Tamer Lum, to spend Decoration day and see the procession from her parlor windows. She lives in a neat-by city and made quite a party to meet her brother Harvey Lum, who had come east from Injun Territory with his children and wuz visitin' round (he's a widower, havin' lost his wife three years ago with tyfus).

Tamer invited the editor of the Augur and his wife, Simon Slimpey and Betsy, Deacon Gowdy and his wife, Solomon Bobbett and Drusilly, and Josiah and I, all old friends of Harvey and glad to see him agin.

She wanted Josiah and me to come and stay all day with her that day, but Josiah said we could git into a more sightly spot down nigher the



LOOKED HUNGRY AT THAT DOOR.

courthouse, where the speeches wuz to be gin often the front steps, and we could stay there till the procession of old veterans had passed, and then go to Sister Bosses to dinner (sister in the meetin' house) and stay the rest of the afternoon and go home by moonlight. So we wuz to that effect, and early in the mornin' of the 30th we got up and I got a splendid good breakfast.

I know some health books are agin it, but I never see the time that a good nourishin' breakfast seemed to hurt Josiah or me. I had some tender lamb chops, and creamed potatoes, some light flaky rolls, baked the day before but dampened and put into a hot oven so they wuz jest as crispy and good as they wuz the day before, and delicious coffee with plenty of good cream and lump sugar (if it).

Josiah's face beamed with the pure light of affection onto me as we sat down to the table. I guess that the most of that glowin' light wuz caused by his deathless love for me, but mebbby some on 't wuz brug forth by the delicious food. You can't always tell 'em apart, they look considerable alike.

Well, we got to the city with no vicissitudes to speak on, and Josiah and I got a good position to see the procession. I did not want to set down on the board seats, fearin' a fall, but preferred a good place on the sidewalk, leanin' my back up against a thick lamp post that also supported a Injun figger that I spozed advertised cigars.

But as the poet sez, "If you are born in a stable it don't make you a hosa." I didn't approve of tobacco any more because I temporarily leaned against its advertisement.

We'd jest got into a comfortable position when the band headin' the procession hove into view. Gayly the drums beat, the bugle pealed, the gayly dressed musicians keepin' step with the music. Then the veterans come marchin' along. Oh thinning ranks—oh feeble steps—oh whitenin' locks and thin faces shown' under the tattered flags, banners torn by the bullets of the enemy most half a century ago.

Thoughts and emotions knocked against my heart so fast and strong that my eyes run over with tears. I thought how these men young and stalwart had left all they loved and marched out in the mornin' to save our beloved land. How they had borne the heat and burden of the day, suffered pain, peril and imprisonment and marched down to death's door unflinchingly that we might be saved.

Sez I to myself, as I wiped my eyes with my white linen handkerchief, "They have borne our sorrows, and by their stripes we wuz healed." I wuz fearfully rousted up as they marched by, marched by. And wipin' off the blindin' tears with my snowy handkerchief anon thrilled with grief for the fast vanishin' ranks, knowin' how soon, how soon the ragged banners would be held up by other hands, the tired hands that had held 'em on the battlefield havin' dropped 'em forever; how soon the bugle would sound out its heart-thrillin' invitation in vain. In vain—the last veteran havin' laid down to sleep in that deep slumber that no bugle call, however shrill and searchin', could disturb.

And anon my emotions of pride and glory in the triumph of the union they saved thrillin' me and fairly fillin' my heart full to bustin'. Oh how many emotions I did have, probably over 40 a minute right along, and mebbby more. Well, the procession finally all swep

by; the gray heads of the veterans wuz lost in the distance; the banners, the music, the open wagon of flowers to lay on the patriot graves, the last stragglers went by and finally Josiah and I tore ourselves from the scene and havin' got our horse and conchence we wended our way onwards to Tamer Bosses.

Well, we thought mebbby we would be the first ones there, but we found the company all assembled all but Harvey and his children that the party wuz gin for. Miss Boss wuz to have dinner at jest two, and we wuz all told to be there on time sharp. She's a wonderful cook, Tamer Boss is, and I know that all the men of the party who wuz invited sat store by that dinner and kep' thinkin' on 't. To tell the truth, I myself cast quite a number of thoughts onto that roast turkey and vegetables and delicious puddin' and cakes that I knowed wuz ahead on us.

Well, as I said we got there in good time and found the company all there prompt and before time (that dinner wuz probably the cause). And the delicious aroma of what we wuz goin' to partake on stole onto our happified senses every time the door opened into the back hall leadin' to the kitchen, and I see the men of the party furtively consultin' their watches, and Josiah whispered to me:

"It fairly makes my mouth water. Samantha, to smell that dinner, but why don't she call us out? It is two by my watch."

And I whispered back to him, "Keep still, and don't act and look as if you never had had a mouthful to eat before."

"Well," sez he, "it don't seem as if I ever had; I'm jest about half starved."

Deacon Gowdy and the editor of the Augur, and Simon Slimpey and Betsy and all the rest on 'em looked hungry at that door, cast on longin' glances onto it as if it wuz the gate of Paradise, and they wuz Peris a wantin' to git in (though in looks and clothes they didn't resemble Peris any on 'em—only in expression).

Well, a quarter past two Miss Boss come a hurryin' in, lookin' sweaty and anxious and every man riz to his feet as quick as if she wuz the president, but it wuzn't so much respect as longin', they thought she'd come to invite 'em out into the dinin' room, but she sez:

"I'm sure I can't see what is the matter with brother Harvey, why he and his children don't come. I told 'em to be on hand prompt, for dinner wuz to be ready at two sharp and I didn't want it to be spilt by waitin'. It wuz all ready to the minute, but I can't bear to eat without brother Harvey's folks when the party wuz gin for them."

As she said this every man sunk back in his chair with a look of despair and agony, and Josiah gin vent to a low groan which I cut short by steppin' on his foot and he turned it off by complainin' of a corn he had.

Well, I guess I did step on it. But I did it through love for him, not bearin' in to have him disgrace himself by groanin' for vittles.

Sez Miss Boss, "Harvey wuz goin' to stay all night to Uncle Eliam's and take a street car from there. They never rid on 'em, livin' way off there in that wild place, and the children wuz lottin' on it."

From that time the passin' street cars wuz watched as close as oxles would watch for a ship to carry 'em to their own native land. I myself kep' one eye out in that direction the most of the time, for I felt a nawin' at the stomach that growed on me as time passed. And I spozed it wuz so with all the rest on 'em, men and wimmen both, though it wuz worse on the men, their appetites bein' as a general thing more strenuous and uncontrollable than wimmen's.

Well half past two went, and three, and half past three, and no Harvey and no dinner. Miss Boss a walkin' back and forth between dinin' room



STOPPED AGIN AND CALLED FOR CAROLINE.

and parlor and out onto the stoop watchin' every car to see it stop.

And I wuz jest a thinkin' that I must call for my bunnet and things and take Josiah away before he disgraced me and himself beyond all measure, for I see I couldn't hold him under any longer and I thought mebbby I could git him to a tavern or even a baker's shop where I could assuage his worst pangs of hunger, I myself not a sufferin' so much as I had, the sharper twinges of hunger havin' give way to a sort of goodness to the stomach so that I didn't realize my situation so much. I had jest opened my mouth to speak the words when lo and behold Miss Boss spoke out from the front porch: "Why, what dux this mean? Here comes brother Harvey and the children a walkin' 'froot." And sure enough, they come a stragglin' in tired to death, completely wuz out with their long tramp and kinder dazed actin'. They had been lost every

one on 'em separately, and had been all that time since 12 o'clock tryin' to git together agin.

The way on 't wuz this as Harvey explained it. They had boarded a street car at Uncle Eliam Lum's at a few minutes before 12, a layin' out to git to Miss Bosses before anybody else, and have a good long visit with her.

"But," sez he, "we hadn't rid but a little while before the man that wuz drivin' the rig stopped and called out to my oldest boy, 'William!' and of course William got out. And a little after that he stopped agin and called for 'Caroline,' and she got out. And then he stopped and called 'James!' and he left. And I rid alone for quite a spell, and finally he stopped and called out 'Harvey.'"

"And I sez, 'Here I be,' and I got out. I couldn't understand it, but spozed it wuz some of your gold-darned city ways and I'd got to stand it. But there we wuz all got out, all on us alone and every one on us lost, and we've been all this time a gittin' together agin. The last one we found wuz Caroline, and we found her in a drug store cryin' onto the counter."

"Well, well," sez Deacon Boss, "if that don't beat all." And Tamer Boss sez, "We ort to some of us gone with you, Harvey, we ort to thought on 't that you never rid on the cars and wouldn't understand 'em. And you come through a neighborhood where a man named all the streets after his children."

Well Harvey and his children had sunk down into chairs as if they didn't feel like ever gittin' up agin, though glared at by hungry-eyed men and wimmen, but Tamer Boss spoke up real decided:

"Now for the land's sake! come out to dinner, if we can call it dinner, it is most supper time. I guess Martha has kep' things hot, but the vittles wuzn't be half so good."

But they wuz real good and Josiah eat more than he ought to, though I didn't have the heart to curb him in, knowin' what he had went through.

## PHOTOGRAPHING CATCH.

The City Vacationist's Only Means of Convincing His Skeptical Friends.

This is about the season when the industrious citizen who keeps at it through the summer, taking only a day off now and then, turns up some morning at the office with a rich, ripe tomato countenance, reaching from just north of his eyebrows down to the very edge of his collarband. Well, what luck? How many? How big were they? asks the other fellow, who knows from the infallible sign of the tomato complexion that there is a fish story pending, which cannot be suppressed even if the whole office force should sign a resolution of protest. When the story comes it is a thriller—so thrilling that doubts naturally arise. Did you count, them? Did you measure it? Did you weigh him? And so, season after season, this season just the same as other seasons, the fish story is accepted with doubts, misgivings—a suspicion that is by no means carefully concealed, that the piscatorial returns have been tampered with. To brand any narrative as "a fish story" is to discredit it thoroughly and completely.

Many ingenious methods have been employed, says the Baltimore American, to circumvent the doubters and to clear the storied achievements of fishermen from disparaging queries and ungracious innuendoes. In recent years the camera has come into general use as the fisherman's friend—his eye witness—his incorruptible truth-teller, that reveals the facts just as they were. On the desk in the office the photograph shows up. To the right in the picture stands the angler with his rod and reel; everybody recognizes him; it is a good likeness. To the left, strung out so that each shows up in detail, are the 27 big ones. In the background there is a glimpse of a boat and some water. The picture ought to be convincing to anybody, to everybody, but somehow it is never accepted as unimpeachable evidence. The camera, it is well known, can be made to prevaricate in several different ways. The suspicious queries are not put to rest; on the contrary, they become more varied and more searching. Is it a trick photograph? Did you have the photographs of one fish pasted in a row 27 times and then the effect copied? Did you buy the photograph and then paste in your own picture and have the fixture rephotographed?

Ingenious as it is, photographing the catch has failed to carry conviction to a cynical and unbelieving world. The fish story has not been suppressed—it will never be suppressed—but it just stays a fish story. And it is best so; if there were no imagination in a fish story it would be flat indeed.

## Free Fiction.

Practically all free libraries have been compelled, in order to avoid utter collapse, to dower their shelves copiously with the best—or rather the most popular—modern novels. By this course, and by this alone, have the people at large been induced to make use of the means of self-culture so lavishly thrust upon them.—Academy.

## Matter of Spice.

"I wouldn't care to see you turned into a pillar of salt, as Lot's wife was, my dear," said Smith, "but—"

"But what?" queried Mrs. Smith, "sternly." "But I wish you weren't quite so peppery," continued Smith.—Chicago Daily News.

## URGES PRIMARY LAW.

SECOND DISTRICT WILL BE FIRST TO DISCUSS QUESTION.

## TOWNSEND IS BEHIND MOVE.

At Meeting of Congressional Committee in Detroit He Announces hearty support—Current Topics in Michigan.

(Wm. Ellery, Staff Correspondent.) Lansing, Mich., Aug. 28.—The second congressional district of Michigan will without a shadow of a doubt be the first of the state districts to take up the question of adopting the primary election system as passed by the last legislature. Congressman Charles E. Townsend, at a meeting of the congressional committee held in Detroit, announced that he is heartily in favor of the adoption of the system in his district. There are several other congressional aspirants, and that all may have an equal chance, the congressman requested the committee to take up the preliminary work necessary to bring about the change from the convention system to the direct vote of the people. This was agreed to by the committee and preparation will be made for circulating a petition for the necessary signatures to bring the question of adopting the system to a vote at the spring election. The second congressional includes Jackson, Washtenaw, Lenawee and Monroe counties and the down river end of Wayne. At the committee meeting were: F. S. Neal, Wayne; Horace Prettyman, Ann Arbor; J. C. Richardson, Jackson; Thomas Dalley, Adrian; George Schaffer, Monroe; George Burkhardt, Saline; George D. Jones, Trenton, and J. D. Schnell, Tecumseh. "I think it certain that the change of system will be made in the whole district," said Chairman Neal of the Wayne committee. "Congressman Townsend has always been an ardent supporter of the direct nomination system, and there is but little question that the congressional committee will be able to secure the signatures of 20 per cent of the voters, as required." The primary reform decision of the second district congressional committee opens the field for candidates and it looks as though Congressman Townsend would have several opponents. Among them are Dr. Copeland, of Ann Arbor; Mort Dixon, of Monroe, and M. R. Bacon, of Wyandotte. Mr. Townsend is naturally the pole horse, and the railroad rate fight gives him plenty of campaign backing. The understanding is that W. W. Wedemeyer, of Ann Arbor, will not be a candidate, having stepped aside when he agreed not to hold Congressman Townsend to the written agreement not to seek a third term.

Soil Survey Progresses. A line of work that has had some development under the authority of the geological department is a soil survey, the practical advantages of which may be more readily evident to farming people than a minute knowledge of the contours. The state geologist's last annual report contained a statement of Dr. Burton E. Livingston, of the University of Chicago, on the relation of soils to natural vegetation, in Crawford and Roscommon counties as determined in his surveys. It discusses varieties and conditions of soils as related to forest types and to all classes of natural vegetation, and the natural processes in production and modification of existing soils. It is but a natural step from this to that phase of soil survey now being carried on in Illinois under authority of the experimental station of that state, and one which it would be profitable for the state to undertake. The survey proposes to exhibit upon maps the variations of soil to within a ten-acre tract. It is conducted by frequent borings and analysis of samples to determine the abundance and deficiency of the various elements of plant fertility, showing adaptation for various crops, and elements needed for correction of soils. The work there is already producing beneficial results in localities, and it is expected to build up and maintain a permanent and profitable system of agriculture, under which the soil shall never become worn out.

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## MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Two Drowned. Lapeer.—Mrs. Joseph Yorker and Mrs. Edgar Cox were drowned by the capsizing of a sailboat on Lake Net- pesing, near here, and Mrs. William B. Boylton is not expected to live, having been pulled out of the water in a dying condition. Edgar Cox witnessed the accident from a dock on the shore and has since been missing. His body may be found in the lake, as it is feared he may have fainted and fallen into the water upon seeing his wife's peril, or may have become mentally unbalanced and plunged into the lake. All the victims lived here.

Child Shot. Battle Creek.—In a case somewhat similar to the recent Detroit tragedy, Beatrice Howiblow, aged seven, was shot and seriously injured. Four boys, Willis Adams, Archie Smith, Charles Whitaker and Riley Adelt are held by the police pending an investigation. The little girl sat at the organ playing when a bullet from a flobert rifle entered the window, striking her on the arm and entering her body. The injuries are not fatal. Smith, who held the rifle, says he did not do the deed intentionally.

Fatally Wounded. Mt. Clemens.—Jacob Klots shot William J. Hale three times in Cook's bakery kitchen, located across the river. It was in the afternoon when the shooting occurred, and it is thought that insane jealousy of the unfortunate man was the sole cause for the attempted murder, which was clearly premeditated. Hale had been given Klots's position a few days previous to the crime, and had threatened all kinds of revenge. Hale cannot live.

Newspapers Consolidate. Detroit.—After an existence of nearly 70 years, during part of which time it has been a morning paper, during another part an evening paper, and published for 15 years both morning and evening, the Detroit Tribune announces its consolidation with the Evening News. Through the consolidation Detroit secures a newspaper with a circulation approximating 130,000 copies.

New State Laws. Lansing.—All statutes not given immediate effect by the last legislature will go into effect September 16, and it is expected that the public acts will be printed by that date and ready for distribution.

Boy Charged with Murder. Detroit.—John Goodson, an 11-year-old schoolboy, is under arrest, charged with the murder of Hannah McQuade, aged seven, in Greenfield township, just outside the west city limits of Detroit.

News Briefly Stated. Benton Harbor.—Dams on the upper St. Joseph river have so lowered the level of the stream that the river steamers are unable to get above Somerville, a point about seven miles from this city.

Detroit.—Coroner Toopel's jury found a verdict that Ruth Henderson, aged one and a half years, was decapitated by a Myrtle street car through the carelessness of Motorman John O'Keefe.

Uranian.—Carl Miller, the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. George Miller, is missing from his home here, and whereas at first it looked as if the boy had been kidnaped, later indications are that he stole between \$40 and \$50 from his parents' home and decamped. The boy is 11 years of age.

Benton Harbor.—Ward Martin, 12-year old farmer boy, was instantly killed by lightning at Baroda, south of this city, while seeking shelter from the rain under a tree.

Muskegon.—In a destructive blaze at Muskegon Heights the entire plant of the Michigan Washing Machine company, together with all contents, was totally destroyed, entailing a loss of about \$25,000.

Decatur.—Leslie Carpenter, aged 13 years, was drowned in Christy lake, five miles north of here, while swimming.

Charlotte.—Jay W. Vaughan, the Eaton Rapids capitalist and president of the Michigan Peat company, and his beautiful wife, Mrs. Metelene Vaughan, who is suing for a separate maintenance, have made an amicable settlement. Mrs. Vaughan it is said, receiving substantially \$15,000 in cash.

Marine City.—Mrs. Alfred Green, aged 28, attempted suicide because of the desertion of her husband. Her face is badly cut and scratched in her efforts to take her life after the doctor had succeeded in restoring her to consciousness.

Jackson.—Val Moran and Don Dixon with two girls were nearly drowned at Vandercook lake. They tried to pass each other in a canoe built for two and the boat capsized. The boys clung to the canoe with one hand, the girls with the other till help arrived.

Benton Harbor.—Unheeding the command of his mother, Ernest Muldoon, a nine-year-old resorter at Keeler Center, ran into the road to catch a ride, slipped from his position on the step, was thrown beneath the wheels and crushed to death.

Niles.—Harris W. Holland, president of the Holland Palace Car company, of Indianapolis, Ind., also president of the Columbia, Gransby & Richmond Traction company, is at the head of the movement, contemplating the building of another interurban electric line from Niles to Kalamazoo, by way of Cassopolis and Diamond lake.

At Meeting of Congressional Committee in Detroit He Announces hearty support—Current Topics in Michigan.

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# A Uniformity of Our Divorce Laws Needed

By GOV. SAMUEL W. PENNYPACKER, of Pennsylvania.



The divorce evil is simply a case of an evil thing getting the start and growing unnoticed practically, and unchecked. I see a wild carrot growing here by the roadside. If I dig it up that's an end to it, but if I pass it by unnoticed soon my entire farm will be overrun with wild carrots, and it would require hard work and lots of digging to root out the evil.

So it has been with the divorce evil. A few years ago cases of men and women dissolving the marriage contract for trivial cause were unheard of. There was domestic trouble, to be sure, and there were unhappy marriages, just as there always had been and probably always will be, but marriage was regarded as a serious thing and a contract that meant what the words of the ceremony imply. Then the newspapers began to give accounts of divorces among fashionable and wealthy persons.

The idea got into the minds of dissatisfied people, and a way seemed to be provided for getting free from the husband or wife if things did not go right. It was found that by going into another state divorces were to be had with little trouble and expense, and the business has flourished. It is a very grave state of affairs. President Roosevelt recognizes the gravity of it and no doubt will support in any way possible a movement to procure uniform legislation.

The most threatening aspect of the situation, no doubt, is the fact that the general publicity of all sensational divorces suggests to others the same thing. Women especially appear to be influenced in this way. I often think of the old story about the young maidens of one of the villages in ancient Greece. One of them committed suicide one day by jumping into a pond. Then another girl had trouble with her sweetheart, thought she was not appreciated in this world, and she jumped into the pond. The matter became the talk of the locality, and soon it became quite the fashion for the young women to commit suicide by drowning.

There was danger of the village losing all its young women, so in order to check the thing the wise men promulgated a law that every young woman who jumped into the pond should have her body exposed to the public gaze in the market place for a certain number of days and become a subject of derision instead of tears. That put an end to the suicide fad among the Greek maidens. Perhaps publicity, public denunciation and more stringent laws will check the tendency toward divorce on slight provocation in this country.

It is my judgment that in this matter of securing uniformity of divorce laws sound public sentiment will govern in each state. While it is quite likely that many lawyers in these divorce mill states would like to see conditions maintained as they are to-day, it is not at all probable that these men will be named on the commission which is to have the matter in hand. We must assume that every governor will name good men to represent his state, and in the event of any others getting on the commission their influence would amount to very little.

## Man's Destinies Affected by the Weather

By ROBERT HICHINS.

I remember a bluff Briton—probably belonging to what is vaguely called "the good old stock," whatever that may mean—saying to me once, when I had expressed regret at a great persistence of rain in England: "You don't mean to say you are affected by the weather! I should be ashamed if the weather had any influence over me." No doubt he was right. No doubt we should rise superior to weather and everything else that strives to dominate us in this occasionally contrary world; but the effort is difficult, to some almost impossible.

Most people, I think, are affected by the weather. Some like bad weather, just as some like bad company. I know a man who has toad-like propensities. He loves to crawl out in a good soaking mist, to feel the damp all around him, to revel in moisture, to breathe a flabby atmosphere. It does him good. It sends up his spirits. He can crack a joke in a drizzle, but when it is dry he is—well, dry, too. But he is an exceptional person. Rain induces sadness in the average man. If it goes on long, it makes him think that "Brief life is here our portion," that man is born to sorrow as the sparks fly upward; that we are but shadows in a world of shadows; that we are here to-day and gone to-morrow, and so forth. Truisms all, which we manage to forget in fine weather, when no phantoms in goshes meet our eyes, and if we make a false step it is not certain to be into a puddle.

Britons, of course, get what we call "hardened" to horrible climatic changes. Nevertheless, I am convinced that our national sobriety—by sobriety I do not mean abstinence from alcohol, but a decent solemnity of demeanor—is generated by our gray skies, our piercing east winds, our heavy yellow fogs, and our slushy roads and pavements. We "bear up," it is true, but the continual effort gives us a stiff upper lip and a forbidding eye. Sunshine creates geniality in the average human being. Darkness, on the other hand, produces solemnity and a dull, boiled gooseberry demeanor. The waterproof face is the direct result of a firmament of lead. Many English people look like incarnate umbrellas. It is not our fault. It is the fault of the clerk of our weather, who ought to be dismissed without his month's warning or any wages. He never gives us warning. Why should we give it to him?

Strong wind in daytime makes many people bad tempered, and a howling wind in the night turns thousands toward deep melancholy, combined sometimes with suicidal tendencies. I like a high wind by the sea. It sends my spirits up. But a gale in a city irritates me tremendously. To me it is pleasant and cozy to be comfortably tucked up in bed at night and to hear the wind beating on the windows and howling in the chimney. The violence exhilarates me. On the other hand a calm night of steady, pattering rain, is, I think, a nerve destroyer. Goethe longed for more light. Light I believe to be a grand tonic—light, and plenty of it, windows wide open to the gold of the sun and to strong airs. The spears of the sun pierce many evil humors, slay many black bugs. He who hates and fears the sun I should be afraid to make a friend of.



## RAT AND ROACH CATCHING.

Men Who Make It a Business Are Always Busy and Get Good Pay.

Rat and roach catching at the steamer docks and on ocean liners is one of the queer ways men have of making a living. And a good living they make at it, too—sometimes as much as \$10,000 a year, states the New York Herald. The men who do it never advertise, because the business does not sound as well as it pays, and a man whose house is built out of dead rats and cockroaches would just as soon not have his neighbors know it.

Once a year docks and piers are turned over to the rat catcher for a night. The man who has made a fortune at the business in New York still works with his men, for the secret of the business is his and he trusts it to no one. Rats run everywhere, but roaches have a special liking for ropelockers, and here they swarm by tens of thousands unless the pier owners have a contract with the rat and roach catcher, who, after a thorough overhauling, guarantees freedom from the pests for a year.

Whenever an ocean liner reaches port, whether on this side or the other, it is turned over for a night to this same man. Cats do much toward keeping ships clear of rats, but of course have no effect on roaches. On this side of the Atlantic roach catching is the more important branch of the business, while on the other side wharves are almost as full of rat catchers as the ships are of rats.

These once worked with ferrets, but now they use chemicals. Large cage-like traps are used, in which lettuce leaves are placed after being sprinkled with a liquid—only the catcher knows what.

Whatever it is, it is as irresistible to rats as the weird piping of the Pied Piper was to the rats of Hamelin town. No matter how choice the food in the lockers and in the hold, the rats leave it instantly when they smell the mysterious liquid on the lettuce leaves. It does not kill the rats, and herein lies another secret of the profits of the business. Live rats are worth money in England, where they are used for training terriers. Dead rats are worth money, too, as their skins are used for gloves. At five or six cents apiece, 40 or 50 rats mean something, and this is quite a usual catch.

For roaches a powder is used, but what puzzles all oil sailors who used to have the job of clearing ships of roaches is that there are never any dead ones lying around next morning. The favorite way of the sailors when they had to catch roaches was to put a "cob" of bread on top of a coil of rope. Very quickly it would be covered with hungry brown bugs, and these they knocked into a well greased biscuit pan. The grease kept the roaches from crawling up the sides, and it was a poor roach catcher who would not have two or three inches of roaches when he was through, and in a few days he could begin and do it all over again.

## LION FASCINATED BY GIRL.

Fair Dancer Affectionately Caressed by Brute, But Her Face Is Scratched.

So great was the impression which a fascinating dancer made on a lion while she was playing to a dancing hall where it was performing that the animal, after contemplating her for some time, got on its legs, moved off in her direction, and putting its paws through the bars of its cage, took hold of her head and patted her face affectionately.

Unfortunately, Samson had reckoned without his claws, which tore the tender skin of the pretty dancer, inflicting scars, the traces of which will, in all probability, never disappear. This result of what would otherwise have been regarded as a good joke, not being likely to enhance the professional attractiveness of the graceful Spaniard, she has taken legal action against the proprietor of the place of entertainment, putting in a claim for damages to the amount of \$2,000.

The case has just been brought before one of the Paris courts, but, as the defendant is abroad on business, the hearing has been adjourned until November, when the judges may have a better opportunity for forming an exact opinion of the injury which the charms of the fair plaintiff have sustained at the paws of the susceptible Samson.

**National Banks Increasing.**  
During the year 1904, 535 charters for national banks were applied for and approved by the comptroller of the currency. But only 436 banks were actually organized. This difference is due to the fact that some applications that have been approved have been subsequently abandoned, and, in other cases, delay occurred in the completion of the organization and additional time has been granted. The practice of the comptroller's office is to approve the organization of a bank and to reserve the title for a period of 60 days, and to grant an extension of time, if toward the expiration of that period good and satisfactory reasons are given for delay in completing the organization.

**Thirsty Man's Run.**  
A man with a chronic thirst strode rapidly into the saloon and ordered a taste of Kentucky care remover. Pouring out a drink that would have flooded the New York subway, he prepared to toss it off. First, however, he paused and asked, if he could have a solution of alum. "What for?" asked the astonished smile concocter. "To drink first an' narrow my throat so's it'll take th' liker longer 't trickle down," replied the thirsty man.—Baltimore American.

## HOPED TO BE STIRRING.

Urin Was "Disappointed" in the Room by Much Sickness, But Was Brave.

Admiral Urin is among the officers of the Japanese navy who began acquiring honors early in the fight with the Russians. A Detroit "boy" who has advanced rapidly in our own navy, relates the Free Press, writes this home:

"Urin received his nautical education at Annapolis. No one was ever a harder student or more conscientious in the performance of the manifold duties imposed upon a cadet. One day he was ill. The surgeon examined him and made a report that Urin was not in condition to perform his daily work. But the little fellow had a sense of obligation beyond this, and wrote thus to his favorite instructor:

"You have seen that I do not to-day stand before you. I am inclosed in the room by much sickness. I do not feel like making the stir. To-morrow I hope greatly to find it easy to make the stir."

**Too Generous.**  
"And what did my little darling do in school to-day?" a Chicago mother asked of her young son—a "second-grader."  
"We had nature study, and it was my turn to bring a specimen," said Evan.  
"That was nice. What did you do?"  
"I brought a cockroach in a bottle, and I told teacher we had lots more, and if she wanted I could bring one every day."—Cleveland Leader.

**Lesson for Women.**  
Jersey Shore Pa., Aug. 28th (Special)—"Dodd's Kidney Pills have done worlds of good for me." That's what Mrs. C. B. Earnest of this place has to say of the Great American Kidney Remedy.  
"I was laid up sick," Mrs. Earnest continues, "and had not been out of bed for five weeks. Then I began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and now I am so I can work and go to town without suffering any. I would not be without Dodd's Kidney Pills. I have good reason to praise them everywhere."  
Women who suffer should learn a lesson from this, and that lesson is "cure the kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills and your suffering will cease." Woman's health depends almost entirely on her kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills have never yet failed to make healthy kidneys.

Give a man all he wants to eat and drink and he will find it easy enough to preach to others upon the duty of abstinence.—Boston Transcript.

**BABY CAME NEAR DYING.**  
From an Awful Skin Humour—Scatched Till Blood Ran—Wasted to a Skeleton—Speedily Cured by Cuticura.

"When three months old my boy broke out with an itching, watery rash all over his body, and he would scratch till the blood ran. We tried nearly everything, but he grew worse, wasting to a skeleton, and we feared he would die. He slept only when in our arms. The first application of Cuticura soothed him so that he slept in his cradle for the first time in many weeks. You don't know how glad I was. One set of the Cuticura Remedies made a complete and permanent cure. (Signed) Mrs. M. C. Matland, Jasper, Ontario."

The man who hurries along the street is likely to be overcome by the heat, and if he goes along an automobile may run over him.—Toledo Bee.

**EXCURSION FARES FROM CHICAGO.**  
Grand Trunk Railway System (Season 1905) Double Track.

Philadelphia and return, \$19.00. Going dates September 18th, 16th and 17th. Liberal limits and stopovers. Full particulars at city ticket office, corner Clark St. and Jackson Blvd., Chicago. Telephone Harrison 1757.

The finish of a great many real life romances reminds us of a man who runs like mad to catch a trolley car that is stalled in the next block.—Chicago Tribune.

**The Splendid Passenger Service of the Nickel Plate Road** has become popular because of the same and attention shown patrons of this line. Colored Porters in uniform are in attendance on both 1st and 2nd class passengers. Ladies traveling alone or accompanied by children are shown special attention. Excellent Dining and Sleeping Car Service, and no excess fares charged on any train. All trains depart from La Salle Street Station, Chicago. For full information regarding tickets, rates, routes, sleeping car space, etc., call on or address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago.

A new handshake has been invented, but the old leg pull is still doing duty at the same stand.—Chicago Chronicle.

Ward Seminary, Nashville, Tenn., is ideally located to educate girls. Pupils have every city advantage and all outdoor sports on a beautiful suburban campus. Write at once for Information Book.

Corn is growing so rapidly that it sounds like the farmer's wife's new silk dress.—Minneapolis Journal.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 222 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Love laughs at locksmiths. He has seen what women can do with a hairpin.—N. O. Picoyane.

## WORKING WOMEN

Their Hard Struggle Made Easier—Interesting Statements by a Young Lady in Boston and One in Nashville, Tenn.



All women work; some in their homes, some in church, and some in the whirl of society. And in stores, mills and shops tens of thousands are on the never-ceasing treadmill, earning their daily bread.

All are subject to the same physical laws; all suffer alike from the same physical disturbance, and the nature of their duties, in many cases, quickly drifts them into the horrors of all kinds of female complaints, ovarian troubles, ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb, leucorrhoea, or perhaps irregularity or suppression of "monthly periods," causing backache, nervousness, irritability and lassitude.

Women who stand on their feet all day are more susceptible to these troubles than others. They especially require an invigorating, sustaining medicine which will strengthen the female organism and enable them to bear easily the fatigues of the day, to sleep well at night, and to rise refreshed and cheerful.

How distressing to see a woman struggling to earn a livelihood or perform her household duties when her back and head are aching, she is so tired she can hardly drag about or stand up, and every movement causes pain, the origin of which is due to some derangement of the female organism.

Miss F. Orser of 14 Warrenton Street, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Boston, tells women how to avoid such suffering; she writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—  
"I suffered misery for several years with irregular menstruation. My back ached; I had bearing down pains, and frequent headaches; I could not sleep and could hardly drag around. I consulted two physicians without relief, and as a last resort, I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and to my surprise, every ache and pain left me. I gained ten pounds and am in perfect health."

Miss Pearl Ackers of 37 North Sumner Street, Nashville, Tenn., writes:  
Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—  
"I suffered with painful periods, severe backache, bearing-down pains, pains across the abdomen; was very nervous and irritable, and my trouble grew worse every month. My physician failed to help me and I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I soon found it was doing me good. All my pains and aches disappeared, and I no longer fear my monthly periods."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the unfailing cure for all these troubles. It strengthens the proper muscles, and displacement with all its horrors will no more crush you. Backache, dizziness, fainting, bearing down pains, disordered stomach, moodiness, dislike of friends and society—all symptoms of the one cause—will be quickly dispelled, and it will make you strong and well.

You can tell the story of your sufferings to a woman, and receive helpful advice free of cost. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

### Mull's Grape Tonic

WRITE FOR THIS FREE BOTTLE TO-DAY  
SEE COUPONS BELOW

A positive cure for  
**CONSTIPATION  
STOMACH AND BOWEL TROUBLE**

Until Mull's Grape Tonic came upon the American market there was no cure for Constipation:

We believe the best way to convince you that Mull's Grape Tonic is a positive cure is to give you a bottle and prove it. Constipation indicates that your bowels or intestines are in a state of decay and death. Beware of physic—Pills, etc., they make you worse. If you are afflicted use these free coupons at once while the offer is open for yourself and give one each to your friends or neighbors who need it.

**FREE COUPON, No. 1.**  
Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.  
Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 147 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.  
Give Full Address and Write Plainly.  
The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

**FREE COUPON, No. 2.**  
Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.  
Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 147 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.  
Give Full Address and Write Plainly.  
The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

**FREE COUPON, No. 3.**  
Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.  
Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 147 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.  
Give Full Address and Write Plainly.  
The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

**FREE COUPON, No. 4.**  
Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.  
Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 147 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.  
Give Full Address and Write Plainly.  
The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.

**LEARN TELEGRAPHY AND RAILROAD ACCOUNTING**  
\$50 to \$100 per month salary assured our graduates under bond. You don't pay us until you have a position. Largest system of telegraphs in the world. Endorsed by all railway officials. Operative always demanded. Ladies also admitted. Write for particulars.

### DAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

Freshened with this peculiarly prepared toilet soap, used as a douche is marvellously restorative. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, leads to invigoration and good nervousness, cures leucorrhoea and all nasal troubles. Daxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES. For sale at drug stores, 50 cents a box. Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free. THE D. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Bears The Signature Of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use For Over Thirty Years The Kind You Have Always Bought

### Homeseekers' Lands

In the Prosperous and Growing South offer the Finest Opportunity to General Farmers, Orchardmen, Traders and Speculators. The Southern Railway Territory Lands. Write for particulars to J. M. HARRISON, Lands and Industrial Agent, Washington, D. C. Also to G. H. GIBBS, Chicago, Ill., or to J. L. HARRIS, St. Louis, Mo., or to W. H. HARRIS, Agent, 210 Lombard Street, Chicago, Ill.

### PILES—FISTULA Cured

With no more than 2000 people and I will tell you how I cured my PILES, FISTULA, HEMORRHOIDS, COLIC, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, AND ALL THE OTHERS THAT AFFLICT THE HUMAN RACE. I HAVE BEEN 25 YEARS AS A SPECIALIST. You could get well if you knew HOW, and your willingness to learn is all that stands in your way. Will you LEARN or will you continue to SUFFER? "FREE BOOK" with testimonials. J. M. AUSTIN, M. D., Dept. 8, 80 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL.

**REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

at Escanaba, in the State of Michigan, at the close of business, Aug. 25, 1905.

REVENUES.

Loans and Discounts	\$ 251,200.00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	322.50
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000.00
Proceeds on U. S. Bonds	450.00
Dividends, securities, etc.	68,100.00
Banking houses, furniture, fixtures	1,000.00
Other real estate owned	20,811.51
Due from National Banks (not re- served agents)	327.50
Due from State Banks and Bankers	2,141.46
Due from approved reserve agents	130,220.30
Checks and other cash items	1,615.22
Notes of other National Banks	1,500.00
Fractional paper currency, tickets, and cents	253.20
<b>LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN HAND, VIZ:</b>	
Specie	\$22,400.00
Legal-tender notes	3,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	172.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$1,261,441.41</b>

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$ 100,000.00
Surplus fund	15,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	6,112.10
National Bank notes outstanding	25,000.00
Due to State Banks and Bankers	207.45
Individual deposits subject to check	418,808.26
Demand certificates of deposit	604,728.00
Certified checks	692.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$1,261,441.41</b>

The above is the picture of the only Dr. A. B. Spinney in this state. His history is as follows: Fifteen years in private practice, twelve in East Saginaw, Mich., with as large a practice as any physician then had. Two years professor in Detroit Homeopathic College and twenty-two years in Detroit. Had charge of Alma Sanitarium eighteen months; Ypsilanti one year, and for the past seven years has owned a sanitarium at Reed City. On December 12, 1902, his sanitarium was burned, loss fifteen thousand dollars; but in forty-eight hours he had bought another and is in good shape for business again. He will move to Helling, Mich., next spring, where he has a sanitarium with sixty rooms nearly completed. A firm in Detroit calling themselves Spinney & Co. Their history is this: Anson B. Spinney founded the same, but he has been dead some three years, as an extract from the Evening News of September 25th, 1905, will prove. The office has been run by his heirs, putting physicians in the same that they could hire until about a year ago when Kergan & Kennedy bought them out and have been running the business since. I am the only Dr. Spinney in the state. Have been here forty-five years, so do not make a mistake and consult or write the wrong firm if you wish to see me. I am at the Sanitarium every Sunday except one in a month. Will be at the place and date below as follows:

We are coming to your town on date and at place mentioned and are willing to give you our time and the benefit of our forty-four years' experience, free.

It matters not how long you have been sick, or what your ailment, our consultation and advice is free, and our opinions are always the result of careful examination and life long experience. The patient is always told the truth and upon just what he can rely. To all who are poor we give treatment absolutely free, only charging cost of medicines. Operations at hospital free, only charging exact cost of board while patient is recovering.

Any person suffering from PILES or any curable disease will wait for our pay until cured, if you will secure us.

Have you been sick for years and are you discouraged? Come to us and we will cure you. Our prices are the lowest of any chronic disease specialists in the state. Charges at the sanitarium only actual cost. Why not all forms of chronic disease, but special attention is given to the treatment of the following long standing diseases, viz: Nasal Catarrh, Polypus, Mucous and Tonsillar Diseases of the Throat, Foreign Growths in the Larynx, Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Bronchial Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Loss of Voice, Enlarged Tonsils, Insipient Consumption, Asthma, Disease of the Heart, General Debility, Diarrhea, and all forms of Liver, Stomach and Bowel Diseases.

**Remarkable Cures** Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but personal consultation is preferred.

**Remember Date** of visit. Come early as parlors are always crowded. A friendly call may save you future suffering; it has made life anew to thousands who have been pronounced beyond hope. Bring sample of your urine, for examination.

Address all mail to

**REED CITY SANITARIUM**  
Reed City, Michigan

**WANTED**—Four or five room cottage. Persons having same, will please call at 209 North Mary Street.

**Dr. A. B. Spinney will be in Escanaba, at the New Ludington hotel, Friday, Sept. 15, from 7 a. m. to 9 a. m. Consultation free.**

**POPULAR COUPLE WED**

Miss Angeline Cummings and Eugene Royce Were Married Last Week.

On Wednesday of last week occurred the marriage of two very popular young people of this city, Miss Angeline Lucy Cummings and Mr. Eugene Godly Royce. The wedding took place at the home of the parents, Mr. and Mrs. Homer Cummings at Preble N. Y.

Both bride and groom are well known and have a large number of friends who extend congratulations. The bride has been engaged for three years as municipal instructor in the Escanaba public schools and the groom fills the responsible position of assistant cashier of the First National Bank.

**To Cure a Cold in One Day.**

Take LAXATIVE BROMOQUININE Tablets. All druggist refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25¢ 49-53 t.

**Broke Mirror.**

James Brown, a sailor is serving a thirty day's sentence in the county jail for breaking a large mirror in C. G. Beck's saloon. Brown was intoxicated and after drinking a glass of beer hurled the glass at the mirror behind the bar. Being without funds, he was unable to pay the fine of \$25 imposed by the court.

**Had Slight Accident.**

The tug Tomlinson of Chicago arrived in port last week and will be stationed here again. The engine and boiler were thoroughly overhauled at Chicago and the tug is in a fine condition. The tug is in command of Capt. John Culnan started out Friday but was delayed by an accident. She had whistled for the bridge and was about to pass through the draw when the opening was blocked by the steamship Arcadia, the captain of which evidently did not see the tug nor hear her signals. In keeping out of the way of the steamer the bridge tender swung the structure onto the Tomlinson, knocking down the stack and doing considerable damage.

**Two More Big Openings**

The contracts for the two steamers of the largest type now on the lakes, costing upward of \$1,000,000, have been placed with the American Shipbuilding company. One is to be a duplicate of the E. H. Gary, holder of all freight carrying records, and the other will be in the 10,000-ton class.

**WANTED**—Fresh white pine, Jack pine, and balsam cones. Address, J. J. PRINCE, Sturgeon Bay, Wis. 3421.

**DR. ANDREW B. SPINNEY**  
Forsythe of Detroit  
Proprietor of  
**REED CITY SANITARIUM**  
THE OLD RELIABLE SPECIALIST

**DO YOU WANT FREE CONSULTATION AND CORRECT OPINION OF YOUR CASE.**

If you are poor your treatment is free. If you are discouraged and we can cure you, we will wait for our pay until you are well. Come and see us; this is your last chance.

We live to do good, are honest with all. Forty-five years' experience free. This trip and today only.

**MORTGAGE SALE**

WHEREAS, Default has been made in payment of the interest secured by a mortgage dated June 11, A. D. 1904, executed by John E. Lehr, and Augusta Lehr, his wife, of the city of Escanaba, Delta County, Michigan, to Margaret Reilly of the same place of residence, which said mortgage was recorded June 15, A. D. 1904, in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the said County of Delta in Liber X of Mortgages on page 282, of the records of said office.

**FINCH PHONE**

Gives a service unequalled in the history of the telephone.

**HAVE ONE PUT IN YOUR HOME.**

**CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS**

Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all substitutes.

Always reliable. English, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold wrapper, boxed, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Be sure dispenser's name, address and instructions. Buy of your Druggist, or send for in charge of particulars, Testimonials and "Bottle for Ladies," in letter by return mail. 25,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. 2500 Market Street, PHILA., PA. Send 2 Cts. for sample.

**Pacific Coast Excursions—See the Most for Your Money**

Rock Island service to California and Pacific Northwest this summer, permits you to do this. Low round trip rates to Los Angeles, San Francisco or Portland on special rates in May, June, July, August, September and October. Liberal arrangements for stop-over among the mountains of Colorado and in California—side trips to the Yellowstone, Yosemite, etc. Write for Colorado and California books and Rock Island folder. John Sebastian, Passenger Traffic Manager, Rock Island System, Chicago.

**DEATH TAKES YOUNG LADY**

Miss Bernadette Auger Passes Away After Short Illness.

After a three month's illness Miss Bernadette Auger, niece of Rev. Father Measard of St. Anne's church, died last Saturday morning at the home of Father Measard from tubercular meningitis.

Miss Auger was sixteen years of age and had made her home with Father Measard since infancy, at which time her mother died, leaving her and two sisters and a brother to the loving care of their uncle, the Rev. Father Measard to whom her untimely demise is a sad blow as death has visited his home three times in the course of two years by taking his mother, a brother and his niece.

The young girl had many friends who turned out to pay their last respect to the departed on Tuesday morning when funeral services were held at St. Anne's church. The services were the most imposing that have been held for some time. The pall bearers were six young ladies who graduated from St. Anne's school with Miss Auger last June, and four young men also of the graduating class carried the floral offerings which were beautiful and numerous. Twelve priests from this city and different cities of Illinois and Michigan were present at the solemn mass and their presence added much to the imposing ceremony.

The Rev. Father Glaser, of Spaulding celebrated mass, assisted by the Rev. Father Buchholz, of Iron Mountain, and deacon and the Rev. Father Corcoran of Manistique as subdeacon. Rev. Dasylva of Schaffer served as master of ceremonies. One of the most prominent of the visiting clergy present was the Right Reverend Monsignor LeGris D. D. of Kankakee Ill.

The Rev. William Gaustol of Louisville, Ky., Rev. Father Girard of Champion, Rev. Father LaGob of Ishpeming, Rev. Father Langan of St. Patrick's church, Rev. Father Eusebius of St. Joseph's church, Rev. Father Forest, assistant at St. Joseph's church and Rev. Tranchemontagne assistant at St. Anne's church.

The body of Miss Auger was taken to Lake Linden for interment and was accompanied by many relatives and friends.

**ATTEND WILLIAMS' Business College**

OSHKOSH, WISCONSIN.

**OPEN FOR BUSINESS!**

With a fresh clean stock of Fancy and Staple Groceries, Fruits, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Butter, Eggs, Confectionery, Cigars, Etc. We will greatly appreciate a call and will do all in our power to meet your patronage. We will sell at prices that are right. We are also agents for the celebrated Kremo (Mocha and Java) coffee, 20c a pound.

**West End Gro. Store**

ED. BURNS, Prop.

327 Stephenson Ave. Bell'phone 455.

**HENRY WAGON WORKS.**

A. J. HENRY, Prop.

WAGONS, SLEIGNS and GENERAL BLACKSMITHING.

Reshoeing a Specialty. All Kinds of Rubber Tires.

Farm Machinery, Saw Mills and Steam Engines.

BOTH PHONES 111-115 Himore St., Escanaba, Mich.

**ALL KINDS OF FARM PROPERTY FOR SALE**

In Delta and Menominee Counties

All kinds of farm property for sale at prices all the way from a few hundred dollars to \$10,000, sold on easy terms. The very best of soil, as good soil as can be had most anywhere. These farms are improved and can be had with everything included horses, cattle, machinery and crop. City property exchanged for farms.

**Jacob Jepsen,**  
Jepsen Block Escanaba.

**GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS**

COMPLETE LINE ALWAYS IN STOCK

E. M. ST. JACQUES.

**AT PETERSON'S OPERA HOUSE**

One Night Only.

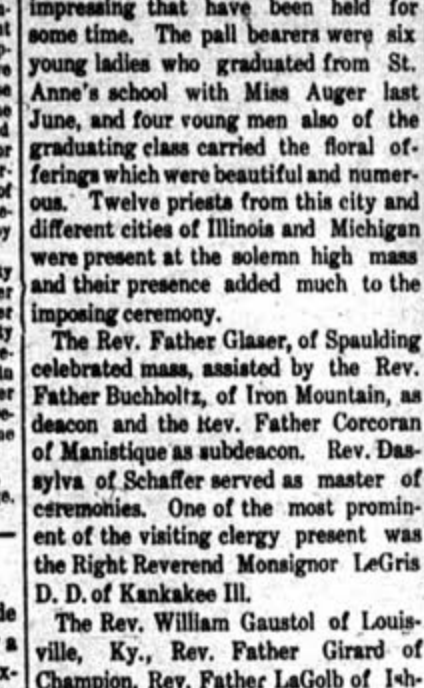
**SUNDAY, SEP. 3.**

Miller & Conyeyr's Big Production of

**OUR NEW MINISTER.**

Direct from the third successful engagement in Chicago and fifth in New York City. This is the original Company and production as seen in New York City, and the only one playing this fascinating comedy of New England life.

Prices 35, 50, 75 and \$1.00



Scene from "The New Minister" at Peterson's Opera House Sunday evening.

**SAD DEATH OF YOUNG MAN**

William Dontigney Passed Away After Illness of But One Week.

William Dontigney, the eighteen year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dontigney passed away Monday at the home of his parents at 325 South Campbell street after an illness lasting but one week.

The young man, who was an expert club swinger and acrobat, became ill one week ago while appearing with the New York Minstrel company at Frankfort, Mich., and was brought to his home here by his father immediately after the word of his illness was received.

Since arriving home the young man gradually became weaker and the end came at 12:15 o'clock Monday.

Mr. Dontigney was especially bright and ambitious young man and he was a general favorite with a large circle of friends to whom the announcement of his death came as a severe shock.

Funeral services were held Thursday morning from St. Joseph's church and many turned out to show their respect to the young man whose career had been cut so short.

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