

THE IRON PORT.

THIRTY-SECOND YEAR

ESCANABA MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, OCT. 10, 1901.

NUMBER 42

IN CIRCUIT COURT

Regular October Term Will Convene Next Monday Forenoon.

CRIMINAL CASES NOTICED.

The Calendar is an Unusually Large One, and the Session Promises to Hold Longer Than Usual—Calendar.

The regular October term of the Circuit court for Delta county will convene in this city at 9 o'clock next Monday morning with the Hon. John W. Stone on the bench. The calendar is an unusually large one, there being eight criminal cases, sixteen jury civil cases, six non-jury civil cases and seven chancery cases. Mrs. Helen J. Pool, who asked damages from the city of Escanaba in the sum of \$5,000 for an alleged fall and injury upon a defective sidewalk, which claim was refused by the council with instructions to its city attorney to fight the case in the courts, has been noticed for trial. Other cases on the calendar are as follows:

CRIMINAL CASES.

The People vs. Thomas Moore; false pretences.

The People vs. Joseph La Due; false pretences.

The People vs. George E. Merrill; embezzlement.

The People vs. Clayton Voorhis; violation of the liquor law.

The People vs. Alfred W. Scott; burglary.

The People vs. Andrew Peterson; violation of the liquor law.

The People vs. Henry Kaufman; assault with intent to do great bodily harm less than the crime of murder.

The People vs. Edward Gigue and Peter Gigue; assault with intent to kill and murder.

JURY CIVIL CASES.

Dan H. Ball vs. Lewis Van Winkle; ejectment.

Dan H. Ball vs. Lewis Van Winkle; trespass on case.

Andrew John Johnson vs. The Pittsburg and Lake Superior Iron Co.; assumpsit.

Edward Sherbinow and William Sherbinow vs. Outagamie Paper Co.; assumpsit.

Harry Hannon vs. The City of Gladstone; trespass on the case.

Edward Hines Lumber Co. vs. Township of Wells; assumpsit.

Charles Cota vs. John Rowe, principal defendant, Ole Erickson and Murray K. Bissell, garnishee defendants; garnishment.

Joseph E. Reinger and Oscar V. Linden vs. Pulpwood Company of Appleton, Wis.; assumpsit.

Benjamin LeDuc vs. Richard E. McLean; trespass on the case.

Harriet H. W. Lewis vs. Edward A. Stewart; assumpsit.

Quinnesec Log and Lumber Company vs. Andrew Nicholas; replevin.

The Pioneer Fuel Company vs. John Malloy as Marshal of the City of Gladstone; replevin.

John K. Stack et als., co-partners, doing business as the Escanaba Lumber Co., vs. John D. Colburn, principal defendant, and the First National Bank of Escanaba, garnishee defendant; garnishment.

The I. Stephenson Co. vs. Two Rivers Manufacturing Co.; attachment.

Menazipe Perron vs. Escanada Woodenware Co.; assumpsit.

Helen J. Pool vs. The City of Escanaba; trespass on the case.

NON JURY CIVIL CASES.

Ole Gunderson vs. John L. Johnson; assumpsit.

Ole Erickson and Murray Bissell vs. Joseph Leduc; replevin.

Wilfred Leduc vs. Joseph Leduc, principal defendant, and Ole Erickson and Murray K. Bissell, intervening defendants; attachment to enforce log lien.

Henry Kuss, plaintiff and appellee, vs. John Corcoran defendant and appellant; assumpsit. Appeal from justice court.

Ira Jennings, as trustee and appellant vs. James Tolan, defendant and appellant; assumpsit. Appeal from justice court.

Fred Sherbinow vs. Edward Sherbinow, defendant, and the Jerry Maden Shingles Co. intervening owners; attachment to enforce log lien.

CHANCERY CASES.

Otis E. Youngquist vs. Harold W. Banks; bill for injunction and accounting.

Otilon DeChamplin vs. John Flynn;

bill for specific performance. Charles Seymour vs. William H. II. Wellsted; bill set aside deed of conveyance.

The Burns Transportation Co. vs. Peter McRae, and Duncan P. McRae and Alma H. Stoner; bill for partition.

Patrick Cleary vs. James Cleary and Mary Cleary; bill to redeem.

Joseph Lusardi vs. Robert Campbell; bill to quiet title; pro confesso.

Charles Smith vs. Mary Smith; divorce pro confesso.

OVER EIGHTY THOUSAND.

Population of Upper Peninsula Shows Increase in Ten Years.

The official figures of the last census of Michigan show that the growth of the upper peninsula during the past ten years has been phenomenal. In 1890 the government enumerators counted 180,523 people and in 1900, 261,362 were found, an increase in population of over 44 per cent. in the past decade. A comparative table of the population shows the following, the first column being the figures of 1900:

Alger	1,238	5,868
Baraga	3,036	4,320
Chippewa	12,019	21,338
Delta	15,330	23,881
Dickinson		17,890
Gogebic	13,166	16,738
Houghton	35,389	66,063
Iron	4,432	8,990
Keeweenaw	2,894	3,217
Luce	2,455	2,983
Mackinac	7,830	7,703
Marquette	39,521	41,239
Menominee	33,639	27,046
Ontonagon	2,756	6,197
Schoolcraft	5,818	7,989

The table shows that the population of Alger county has more than doubled and that of Chippewa, Delta, Houghton and Iron has nearly so, while Menominee and Mackinac show a loss and the other counties score fair gain. Delta's gain is 3,551.

GETS THIRTY DAYS.

Jerry Driscoll Apprehends Man Who Stole Deer Head.

Last Saturday's issue of The Iron Port contained an account of Charles Scott's attempt to dispose of a mounted deer head to several business men on Ludington, and of its final disposition at a saloon at the corner of Ludington and Sarah streets for \$1. The specimen was a fine one, and the insignificant price received for it led the police to believe that it had been stolen. Jerry Driscoll read the article and immediately informed the police that the specimen had been taken from his saloon at the corner of Ludington and Campbell. Scott was arrested and upon being arraigned in Justice Glaser's court Monday morning he pleaded guilty and was sent up for thirty days.

FENCES IN HIGHWAY.

Baldwin Township Farmer Encloses State Road.

Wm. Sherbinow of Baldwin township has fenced in a portion of what is alleged to be the state road leading across section 21, town 41, range 22, claiming that the highway runs through his property. The township authorities endeavored to compel Mr. Sherbinow to re-open the road, and the case was heard before Justice Huber at Gladstone, who held for the defendant, but upon what ground is not known. The road was constructed in 1870, and is a matter of record in the register of deed's office in this city. The case has been appealed.

CONTRACT AWARDED.

Work at Rapid River Oil Field Will Begin Forthwith.

Perry G. Hibbard, local manager of the Michigan Oil company, whose explorations are near Rapid River, was in the city on Monday, and to a representative of The Iron Port said the contract for drilling had been let, and that the work would be commenced within a few days. Machinery is now arriving at the property.

SELL TWO MILLIONS.

Stephenson Company Dispose of Lumber to the Hines Company.

The I. Stephenson Co. of Wells closed a deal with the Edw. Hines Co. of Chicago by which it disposed of 2,000,000 feet of lumber to the latter company, most of which is white pine.

Will Borrow Money.

That amount of money being necessary to liquidate present obligations the county will negotiate a loan for \$15,000, to be paid when taxes come in this winter.

JAIL STATISTICS.

Only Fifty-Four Prisoners Confined in County Jail Past Year.

EXPENSE REACHES \$1,445

Total Number of Days Served by Prisoners Was 1,796—Escanaba Pays \$65.50 for Board of Birds Sent to Coop.

The annual report of Alexander Roberts, sheriff for Delta county, made in compliance with the provisions of an Act of 1897, and submitted to the county board of supervisors at its annual meeting this week, shows the total number of prisoners received in the jail during the year to have been 54, and the total number of days prisoners were confined in the jail to have been 1,796. Of the 54 prisoners 49 were males and 5 females, and of the former 6 were under eighteen years of age, and of the latter 2 were under eighteen. Fourteen males were charged with high crimes, 30 with minor offenses, and 5 were idiotic. Two females were charged with high crimes and 3 were minor offenses. Four prisoners confined in jail during the year were convicted and sent to state prisons, 4 were committed to the Industrial school for boys, 1 to the Industrial school for girls, and 1 made his escape. Two prisoners received in the jail could neither read nor write. Of the total number 38 were born in the United States, British America 5, Germany 1, Sweden 6, and Finland 3.

The financial portion of the report is probably equally interesting. The sheriff received for board and keeping of prisoners, including attendance upon court and "locks and unlocks," during the year the sum of \$934.75, and \$3.25 was paid for medical attendance; \$38.90 for clothing; \$44.85 for jail repairs; \$424.15 for necessary supplies, making the total cost of maintenance \$1,445.90. The amount of traveling and other expenses incurred in arresting and taking prisoners to jail is given at \$196.50, and the amount expended in taking prisoners to state prisons was \$59.80. From the city \$65.50 was received by the sheriff for board of prisoners, the number being committed under city ordinances.

CUPID IS KEPT BUSY.

There Were 23,000 Marriages in the State Last Year.

Sly cupid had a busy time of it in Michigan last year. According to a compilation of marriages and divorces returned by county clerks, just completed by the secretary of state, there were 23,295 marriages in the state last year, as compared with 21,877 in 1899, and 20,138 in 1898. The return for the year 1900 thus show a considerable increase over the preceding years, although the large number of marriages of non-residents returned from St. Joseph somewhat interfere with exact comparisons. Berrien county reported 1,448 marriages for 1900, 1,077 for 1899, and only 444 for 1898.

The number of divorces returned also shows a considerable increase for 1900, there being 2,418 as compared with 2,218 for 1899 and 1,808 for 1898.

Out of the 2,218 divorces granted 648 were granted on the application of the husband and 1,740 on the application of the wife. Of the divorced couples 1,935 were married in Michigan. In 1,091 cases there were no children in the families broken up by divorce, while in the families having children the number of children ranged from 1 to 16 in number. The total number of children affected by divorces granted was 2,739, or rather more than one child to each divorced couple on the average.

The average duration of the marriage before divorce in Michigan is about ten years. According to the returns, 16 couples were divorced after more than 40 years of wedded life, and two couples after 50 and 55 years respectively.

CRANBERRY CROP FAILS.

Delta County's Cranberry Farmer Harvests Small Crop.

Arthur Leighton came over from Bay de Noc township on Tuesday, and from force of habit insinuated his presence about the court house for a time, renewing acquaintances

among the members of the county board. When questioned by The Iron Port about the cranberry crop, he said it was practically a failure on account of the vines having been flooded early last spring when in blossom. Mr. Leighton had expected to harvest at least 200 bushels of cranberries this fall, but instead got less than twenty-five bushels. He reports the vines in excellent condition, however, and under favorable conditions will have an unusually large crop next year.

EARLINGS ARE INTERESTED.

Said to Have Connection With New Coal Handling Company.

The Peninsular Coal Company, organized under the state laws with a capital stock of \$150,000 to transact a wholesale and retail coal business in Escanaba, mention of which was made in The Iron Port last week, will carry on its business at North Escanaba, where a large dock has been built near the breakwater of the St. Paul ore dock. It is intimated that the Earlings of Milwaukee are associated with B. F. Berry of Detroit in the new company. The purpose of the company is not only to supply those upper peninsula towns reached by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, but to ship largely to St. Paul, Minneapolis and the west.

Comparatively little business will be done this season, inasmuch as the necessary machinery for handling coal is not yet in place, but with the opening of navigation next year business will be commenced in earnest.

GLADSTONE GLEANINGS.

Twenty-three Thousand for Sewers—Want a Ferry Line.

The Gladstone common council has had prepared plans and specifications for a system of sewers, the estimated cost of which will be \$23,209.30. Property abutting on the sewers will be called upon to pay twenty-five cents per running foot.

At a recent meeting of the common council of Gladstone a resolution appropriating \$150 per year to some one to operate a ferry between that city and Hunter's Point, provided Bay de Noc township would appropriate a like amount, was carried.

Rev. Arthur Brook will leave Gladstone next month for Crystal City, Mo., where he will become pastor of Grace Episcopal church. Crystal City is thirty miles south of St. Louis.

Capt. Jack O'Connell is operating his shooting gallery in the Kratze building.

WILL CUT NO HEMLOCK.

The Bay de Nocquet Company to Operate More Largely in Cedar.

The Bay de Nocquet company of Nahma will put in a large amount of cedar the coming winter, dividing its operations between that product and white pine. No hemlock will be cut. The price of hemlock is low at present, with little prospect of immediate improvement, and besides the company has about ten millions in stock on its docks at Nahma, representing the entire cut of last season.

ADJUDGED INSANE.

Woodman Al. Parker Is Sent to Northern Asylum.

On Saturday afternoon last Al. Parker, the woodsman who was picked up half nude on the merchant's dock the previous week, was arraigned before Judge of Probate Thos. B. White for examination into his mental condition. Drs. Reynolds and Cotton examined Parker and pronounced him insane, whereupon an order committing him to the Northern Asylum at Newberry was issued. Sheriff Olmsted took Parker to that institution Tuesday morning.

NOT BADLY DAMAGED.

Garden's Apple Crop Receives Little Injury From Frost.

While the farmers of this vicinity report the apple crop almost a complete failure on account of the late frosts last spring killing the blossoms, orchards in Garden township suffered but little. Supervisor L. Van Winkle, who has 1,600 apple trees, has harvested an average crop, and others across the big bay report a fairly good yield.

Case of Blood-poisoning.

Frank Provo, who lives in Escanaba township has been suffering from blood-poisoning during the past fortnight, and at one time his condition was considered somewhat critical, but he is now recovering from its effects.

TAX LEVY \$36,000

This Amount Necessary to Carry the County Through Another Year.

DOUBLE THAT OF LAST YEAR

Purposes to Which the Money Is to Be Put by the County of Delta—Amount of Taxes Levied Since 1896.

The finance committee of the county board reported the following amounts needed for county purposes for the ensuing year, and recommended that \$36,000 be levied upon the taxable property of the county, which report and recommendation was adopted: Bonded indebtedness falling due \$4,000; interest on bonded indebtedness \$800; salary of county officers \$10,250; due the jail fund, being amount overdrawn of said fund \$7,118.14; due cities and townships \$2,538.06; amount due bank for borrowed money \$5,000; supervisors' mileage and per diem \$1,000; janitors' salaries \$1,000; court expenses \$1,000; poor fund fund \$2,000; bills allowed at present meeting (estimated) \$3,292.90. These amounts aggregate \$38,000, but the committee anticipated \$2,000 from the sale of the old jail property, which makes the amount necessary \$36,000.

The tax levy from 1896 to 1900 inclusive is given as follows: 1896, \$34,677; 1897, \$33,841; 1898, \$24,800; 1899, \$23,000; 1900, \$18,000.

Three thousand dollars were paid out of the county treasury the past year for contagious diseases, \$2,000 for cement sidewalks; repairs to court house and furnishings cost \$1,500; and \$1,500 in excess of the \$20,000 raised for the purpose was expended on the new county jail.

ROAD IMPROVEMENTS.

County Board Realize Necessity of Raising More Money.

Notwithstanding the fact that the state and county tax will be double that of last year the county board of supervisors acted wisely in increasing the road tax from one to two mills. This levy will give the county road commission about \$16,500 for the improvement and construction of highways next season, and when it is understood that there are people in Delta county who have resided here continuously during the past twenty-five years without a highway of any sort connecting their homes with the outside world the necessity of a larger fund for the purpose indicated will be apparent. During the past year the commission has accomplished no inconsiderable good work in this direction, and taxpayers of the county are exhibiting a keen interest in favor of road building and the improvement of roads.

DOCTORS DISAGREE.

Alleged Small-Pox Cases Claimed to Have Been Itch.

There seems to be a disagreement among physicians on the small-pox cases at Garden and Sac Bay. Dr. W. A. Lemier of that place contends that small-pox existed there, while Dr. Foote of Nahma expresses a contrary opinion, claiming that the patients alleged to have had the dread disease were suffering from a kind of itch. Whether it was small-pox or not, the ten patients have all recovered, and the disease is practically wiped out, and the local authorities hope occasion to further discuss the disagreeable question will not present itself.

WILL BANQUET THEM.

Escanaba Will Entertain the Pig Skin Chasers.

The young ladies of the senior and junior classes will banquet and entertain the Marquette-Escanaba football clubs at G. A. R. this evening. The high school teachers have been tendered a special invitation.

MARINETTE DEFEATED.

Escanaba Highs Win Victory From the Sawdust City Chaps.

The local football team won from the Marinettes last Saturday by score of 6 to 5. The weather was decidedly unfavorable, and the gridiron was in detestable condition, caused the recent rain, but nevertheless the

game was fought hard by both eleven, and interest ran high. Escanaba scored five of its six points in the first half, and Marinettes scored its points in the last half. The line up of the locals was as follows: Slaughter r. e.; F. Olmsted l. b. b.; Strom q. b.; Lehr c.; Semer l. t.; McKillican l. g.; Embs r. g.; Semer l. t.; Robertson r. h.; Riley r. t.; Hessel e.; Tyrrell f. b.

The Escanaba and Marinettes will meet here on the South Park grounds this afternoon, and a most interesting game is expected.

FELLOWS WILL LECTURE.

Noted Professor of Chicago University to Entertain Escanabans.

The high school will be open next Monday evening to the public, the occasion being a lecture by Prof. George E. Fellows, of the University of Chicago. Prof. Fellows will visit Escanaba for the purpose of establishing a "centre" for the University extension work. Under this department of the university, members of the faculty go out on lecturing trips, appearing in those cities where "centres" have been established. They do this at the least possible expense, charging only a small price for course tickets in order to cover actual expenses.

Prof. Fellows' lecture Monday evening will be free. He will present the first of a course of lectures on "Nation-Making in the 19th Century," a course covering European history for the 19th century and considering present political conditions.

All who are at all interested in hearing this lecture are invited to attend, and there will be no charge of any kind made for it. Prof. Fellows will take advantage of his visit to explain how the extension work is carried on, and how Escanaba can secure the entire course of lectures.

Unless sufficient interest is aroused, he will not, of course, return for the second lecture.

Inasmuch as the university is sending Prof. Fellows at no expense to the people of Escanaba, they can do no less than show their appreciation of his coming by turning out in good numbers.

RECOMMEND FOSTER.

County Board Request His Appointment as Game Warden.

Frank Foster of the 6th ward will undoubtedly receive the appointment of deputy game warden this fall. The county board recommended to State Game Warden Morse the appointment of Mr. Foster, and as \$600 has been appropriated by that body for salary there is little doubt but that the state officer will act in accordance with the board's request.

When Fred Olmsted resigns the office of under sheriff on January 1st to accept the superintendency of the county hospital, he will be succeeded by Richard Perron who conducts a saloon and boarding house on Ludington street. It was the intention of Mr. Olmsted to occupy the new jail, but the somewhat unexpected turn of affairs will now make it necessary for Mr. Roberts to move his family into the sheriff residence.

A SUGGESTION.

Experience Tells Us to Take Good Care of the Feet.

This is the season when people are in search of comfortable wearing apparel, and a suggestion will certainly not be amiss. It is an imperative duty one owes himself to preserve his health, and we know of no better way than by keeping the feet dry during the cold, damp weather. In the language of Rathfon & Young wear Ralston Health shoes. They are four dollars the world over, and are worth more than twice the cost as a protection against sickness.

With every pair of ladies' shoes Rathfon & Young are giving free a combination pocketbook and card case made of Russia leather. And speaking of ladies' shoes reminds us that this firm has a new one that you should see.

STEAMER GLIDDEN SINKS.

Failure of Engineer to Obey Signals Results Seriously.

The wooden steamer John N. Glidden of Cleveland, with 1,745 tons of ore aboard, stove a hole in her bow by colliding with No. 3 dock Tuesday afternoon. The vessel took on the cargo at No. 5 dock, and had come down to No. 2 dock for some purpose when by some misunderstanding of the signals on the part of the engineer the Glidden ran into No. 3 dock, crushing holes in her bow and damaging the dock to the extent of several hundred dollars. The boat sunk at once.

NATURAL HISTORY.

SOME NEW TALES AND FACTS ABOUT THE SHARK.

He Is Never Flinched, Always Attends Strictly to Business, Has the Appetite of a Farmer's Hired Man and Has His OR Days.

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Of all the inhabitants of the sea known to man the shark is the only one who won't hold still for his back to be scratched with a corncob. He refuses to have anything to do with man except to eat him, and therefore no one ever hears of a shark going around and telling how he has been floundered by sailors and gundammed by fishermen. He is a fish which attends strictly to business, and that business is getting enough to eat. Nature set out to give him the appetite of a farmer's hired man, but through some mistake she overdid the business and left him constantly hungry.

The porpoise is very particular about his food being fresh and served up on a sandy bottom, and the dolphin wants everything just off the ice, but the shark takes what is set before him and makes no kick. If the cook of a sailing ship throws him empty beer bottles or cobblestones wrapped up in tissue paper, he takes them in with thanks, and if a sailor falls overboard he is eaten without reference to his politics or religion. Almost every bird, animal or fish has a favorite dish, but if the shark prefers one thing to another no one has yet found it out. He may be a little longer chewing up a keg of horseshoe nails than in gulping down a first class passenger, but he counts it as all in the day's work.

The Chinese once believed that everybody eaten by a shark was sure to go to paradise, and thousands of wall-eyed heathens who had got tired of this world and wanted a change used to jump off the docks and be taken in. After this had been going on for half a century the Chinaman began to have his doubts, and the result was that the shark had to get up a taste for dogs. In the waters of India it is still considered the proper thing for a son to throw his father and mother to the sharks to insure them a happy home in their old age, and among the Spice Islands a child who cries with the colic is thrown into the surf to be gobbled up and cured.

If the shark of today attains the size and length of a saw log, he goes along the coast and shows himself off to summer visitors as a big thing, but he would have been small potatoes during the prehistoric age. At that time nature was turning out sharks by the carload, and the smallest of the lot averaged forty feet long and could eat half a dozen sailors without loosening his



A SHARK PURSUING A SAILOR.

belt. As for something extra in the shark line, fish seventy and eighty feet long, with two or three barrels of teeth as an outfit, were gambling along the coasts in schools. Half a dozen such fish would have eaten up everything in Noah's ark and then rubbed their hungry bellies against its keel. The shark of today has got teeth scarcely larger than a cat's, and the leg bones of an old Jack Tar give him no end of bother, and this seems to prove that in time he will degenerate into a clam and be feared by none.

Way back in the dim past, when a shark was full of business from sunrise to sunset, he had teeth three times as large as any horse, and what he couldn't bite was put aside for the children to use when teething.

No one exactly knows what the whale's mission is, but there is no doubt that nature intended the shark to be the scavenger of the sea. If she didn't, he walked into the job just the same and is holding it down in good shape. Now and then an empty beer bottle or an old rubber boot dodges the shark and comes ashore at Coney Island, but this is an accident. It is his firm intention to devour everything finding its way into the sea, whether it be a man-of-war or a poodle dog, and he wastes no time in loafing about. It is asserted by some writers on natural history that the shark prefers corned beef to the juiciest of sailers. This may be so, but the trouble is to get the beef to him before he takes in the sailor. The captain of a ship always wants to see the meat weighed out and paid for before any experiments are tried. While instances have been known where men have fallen into the sea among these voracious fish and come to no harm, other cases can be cited where the victim had scarcely struck the water before he was through paying gas bills forever. Sharks may have their "off days," the same as human beings. We all know that there are days when we turn away from watermelons and long for something sour.

The artist to whom I applied to make me a picture for this article said that he would do it in a minute if he hadn't lost his ax, and when I asked him about "action" in the picture he suggested that I have a shark pursuing a sailor. The reader must judge of the illustration for himself, but I will kindly inform him in due time that the sailor was overtaken and proved succulent to a high degree.

M. QUAD.

JUDGE WILSON'S CAREER.

Brilliant Jurist Was Counsel in Many Important Cases.

Ex-Judge Jeremiah M. Wilson, Rear Admiral Schley's senior counsel, who died the other day in Washington, was born in Warren county, O., Nov. 23, 1828. He received an academic education and moved to Connersville, Ind., where he practiced law. His talents early commanded recognition, says the New York Times. He was judge of the court of common pleas from 1850 to 1855. At the time of his election to congress in 1855 he was judge of the circuit court.

In the Forty-second and Forty-third congresses he represented the Fourth Indiana district. During his terms in congress he had formed a firm friendship for Congressman Samuel Shellabarger of Ohio, and the two decided to make Washington their home. They formed a partnership and opened an office in the capital, where they won fame and fortune. They became known as among the foremost attorneys in Washington and continued in the front rank up to the time of their deaths. Mr. Shellabarger dying several years ago. In their early practice the chief business was in contested election cases in congress, Mr. Shellabarger having a national reputation as an expert in such affairs.

Ex-Judge Wilson was best known as a cross examiner, and criminal lawyer and was employed in all the celebrated cases of a generation that were tried in the District of Columbia. He was especially prominent as counsel for the plaintiff in the trial of the suit against ex-Congressman W. C. P. Breckinridge brought by Madeline Pollard. Among the other well known cases in which Mr. Wilson was counsel were the star route trials, the Holt will case, the trial of Captain Howgate for embezzlement, the Oberlin Carter case and the Venezuela, Alabama, French spoliation and La Abra Mexican claims cases.

At the time of his death he was president of the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone company, a director in the National Fidelity and Deposit company and was largely interested in other corporations. He had also been attorney for the Union Pacific railroad and the Mormon church.

NEW RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP.

The Retvizan, a Powerful Fighting Machine Built by the Cramps.

The latest addition to a foreign navy from an American shipyard is the Russian battleship Retvizan, which was built by the Cramps of Philadelphia. She made her builders' trial trip off the Delaware capes a few days ago and developed a speed of eighteen knots under adverse conditions. This was highly satisfactory to her builders, who think that she will be capable of making still better time when superior coal is used and her hull is in better condition.

The Retvizan is one of the most powerful ships ever built by the Cramps, says the New York Tribune. She carries a battery of four 12 inch, twelve 6 inch and twenty 2 inch guns, all of Russian make from the Obruchoff works, and has also a secondary battery of twenty 47 millimeter Hotchkiss rapid fire guns. The armor plate which protects the great fighting machine is nine inches thick at the vulnerable part of the vessel and tapers off to five inches. The nine inch armor plate covers the vessel amidships, and the water line is further re-enforced by the protective deck, which is brought down to the edge of the belt plating. The constructors say that, except at close range, the ship's armor cannot be pierced.

The vessel is named after Retvizan, a valiant knight who fought with Rurik, the founder of the Russian empire.

TO DRIVE OUT ANARCHISTS

"American Patriots" Will Form a National Organization.

A national organization to clear the country of anarchists has been organized in a small way in Milwaukee, says the Philadelphia Press. It is to be called the American Patriotic Educational League.

The constitution sets forth that the enactment of laws to prevent the spread of anarchistic doctrines is practically ineffectual, but that these doctrines can be extirpated by appealing through educational means to public sentiment and by making these doctrines unpopular and contemptuous.

It is the purpose of the promoters to begin active organization throughout the city and state and later throughout the Union. A button will be adopted, and every person opposed to anarchy will be asked to wear it.

Dreams and Bets on Shamrock.

Shamrock's the only name known in my botany; Shamrock I sing of and long for and pray. Shamrock, my earnings, if ever I get any, All should be staked on you day after day.

Who is there speaks, if it isn't to speak of her? Is there a poet who writes her no ode? Even my wife is, while owning it's weak of her, Anxious to know "when the race will be rowed."

Staid and respectable fathers of families Mad and unkempt with excitement are seen; seldom since Agricola, never since Ramillies Has such a chance of a victory seen.

Will not our tears, should the Shamrock succumb, be a Flood makes Deucalion's a thing to deplore? Will not disaster overwhelm the Columbia, Wrecked in the hurricane raised by our slight?

Dreams of the Shamrock in midst of calamities, Dreams of her triumph each night on me flock; Nightly I fall asleep murmuring, "Shamrock"—it is Certain I wake but to add to it "rock."

All the day long mice are doubt and disquietude; Food seems but poison, and drink, too, that's flat. If you would only examine my dream, you'd find it but Shamrock; I live upon that.

Oh, but my spirits aloft like a derrick (an image that chance met) shall rise towering up! Let her but prove that no more an American Hobble and shall hold the America's cup.

—London Mail.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Ordinance No. 99.

THE CITY OF ESCANABA ORDAINS.

Sec. 1. Whereas, this Council in the month of September, 1901, determined upon the amount required to be raised in the next general tax levy, and on the 17th day of September, 1901, passed an ordinance termed "The Annual Appropriation Bill," making therein provision for said appropriation; the several amounts specified therein, required to defray the expenditures and liabilities of the corporation for the next fiscal year, and ordering the same to be levied upon all the taxable property of the City of Escanaba at the next general tax levy, being Ordinance No. 98, and which said ordinance by an over-vote was inadvertently declared to be passed upon a majority only of all the aldermen elect voting thereon, instead of a concurring ye and nay vote of two-thirds of all the aldermen elect as required by the statute governing the passage of such ordinances, which said ordinance so passed as aforesaid, is as follows:

ORDINANCE NO. 99.

THE CITY OF ESCANABA ORDAINS.

Sec. 1. For the purpose of making provision for defraying the expenses and liabilities of the City of Escanaba for the fiscal year beginning on the first Monday in March, A. D. 1902, the annual money received by the city in taxation shall be divided into the several funds and amounts as follows:

Contingent fund	\$ 6000 00
Fire	3000 00
Street	11000 00
Police	3500 00
Water	6000 00
Interest and sinking fund	6000 00
Salaries	4000 00
Sewer fund	3100 00
Park fund	1000 00
Total	\$66000 00

General fund, all moneys received by the city not herein otherwise provided for.

Sec. 11. The sum of three (3) mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation shall be levied upon all the taxable property of the City of Escanaba for the purpose of paying the funded debt of the city and the interest thereon.

Sec. 111. The sum of one per cent. on the dollar on the assessed valuation of the property of the City of Escanaba for the year 1902, shall be levied upon all the taxable property of the City of Escanaba for the purpose of maintaining the public schools of the city.

Approved September 17th, 1901.

M. K. BISSALL, Mayor. H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

Sec. 12. Now, therefore, for the purpose of re-affirming, ratifying and making valid the action of this Council in passing said Ordinance No. 98, the City of Escanaba ordains that this ordinance be passed in words and figures similar to said Ordinance No. 98, to be known as Ordinance No. 99.

Sec. 13. For the purpose of making provision for defraying the expenses and liabilities of the City of Escanaba for the fiscal year beginning on the first Monday in March, A. D. 1902, the annual money received by the city in taxation shall be divided into the several funds and amounts as follows:

Contingent fund	\$ 6000 00
Fire	3000 00
Street	11000 00
Police	3500 00
Water	6000 00
Interest and sinking fund	6000 00
Salaries	4000 00
Sewer fund	3100 00
Park	1000 00
Total	\$66000 00

General fund, all moneys received by the city not herein otherwise provided for.

Sec. 14. The sum of three (3) mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation shall be levied upon all the taxable property of the City of Escanaba for the purpose of paying the funded debt of the city and interest thereon.

Sec. 15. The sum of one per cent. on the dollar of the assessed valuation of the property of the City of Escanaba for the year 1902, shall be levied upon all the taxable property of the City of Escanaba for the purpose of maintaining the public schools of the city.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the 17th day of October, 1901.

Approved October 15th, 1901.

M. K. BISSALL, Mayor. H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

The foregoing ordinance was passed and adopted by the City Council at its regular meeting held in the council chambers Tuesday, October 15th, 1901, by a concurring ye and nay vote of two-thirds of all the aldermen elect, as follows to wit: Yeas, Beck, Deford, Edelin, Fitzpatrick, Lehr, Lucas, Magher, McMarrin, Priest, Valentine, White and Wright—12. Nays none.

The foregoing ordinance was published in The Iron Port, a newspaper printed and circulated in the City of Escanaba, Saturday, October 19, 1901.

H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

We desire to invite public attention to the fact we are now handling at our depots at Escanaba, Powers, and Iron Mountain large and complete stocks of high-grade cutters, sleighs, lumber wagons, harness and horse furnishing goods. Our stock of cutters is probably the largest in the upper peninsula and embraces the portland, surry, delivering bobs, and other styles. The line is strictly first-class, from the best manufacturers.

In sleighs, we are certain that we can interest you, if you are desirous of receiving a first-class article at a moderate price. We have everything needed by the lumberman as well as the farmer and business man. The materials used in our sleighs are of the very best and the workmanship is first-class. Please give us an opportunity to show our goods and quote prices.

In harness and horse furnishing goods, we are undoubtedly the largest dealers north of Chicago. We can furnish anything from a heavy logging harness to a gold mounted carriage harness—collars, robes, blankets, whips, etc. Our goods are the best that money can secure.

The materials used in their manufacture is high-grade stock and the workmanship is the best that money can provide. We are confident that we can save you money in this line and we shall be pleased to have you call and see our display, always keeping in mind the prominent fact that we have a business reputation to sustain and cannot afford to handle shoddy goods. We are still in the horse business and keep constantly a large stock of draught and driving horses at our several stables.

HUTT, WICKERT & CO.

HUTT, WICKERT & CO.

Bittner, Wickert & Co.

are sole agents in Escanaba for



Washburn's Best

a flour that is really the best, and so acknowledged in all parts of the world.

—WE ALSO DEAL IN—

Hay, Flour,

Feed, Grain, Etc.

Ludington & Wolcott Sts.

PLUMBING, ETC.

GEO. HOGAN,

1211 Ludington St.

PLUMBING, HEATING,

Pumps and

Pump Repairing.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Estimates Cheerfully Furnished.

1211 Ludington St.

FINCH PHONE.

VALUABLE RECEIPTS.

TWO VALUABLE RECEIPTS

I have two valuable formulas, one for preventing the hair from falling out and promoting a new growth.

The other for preserving the color of the hair and preventing the hair from turning grey. I will send both receipts to any address for 50 cents.

JEFFERSON HOWARD,

GROES, MICH.

TRANSIT HOUSE

BARK RIVER, MICH.

M. J. HUTT, Proprietor.

Best of Accommodations at Reasonable Rates

The house is new and comfortably furnished throughout, and every effort will be made to make all guests at home. Stop at the Transit house.

HARDWARE.

NEFF'S HARDWARE

Store is the Place to Buy

Stoves, Ranges,

Lumbermen's Supplies,

Windows, Doors,

Paints, Oils, Wall Paper

and General Hardware.

Plumbing and Plumbing Goods. Specialty

Central Ave., Gladstone, Mich.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

Having removed from 510 Ludington street to more spacious quarters in the Olson Block at 1109 Ludington street I invite all old customers (and many new ones) to call and inspect my new and more complete line of

CLOTHING

AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS,

Assuring all comers that they will not only be rewarded by getting the highest grade goods made, but will save money as well. We sell the justly celebrated Stein Bloch Co. clothing, than which no better is to be found anywhere in the land.

SHOES

We carry an elegant line of strictly up-to-date Shoes, and want you to be sure and see them before you buy your Fall footwear. Here, too, we promise to save you money.

L. A. ERICKSON,

1109 LUDINGTON.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY

OPENING.

Mrs. L. A. Kaufmann

Having removed her millinery store from 310 to 1408 Ludington street, wishes to announce that she will hold her

Fall and Winter Opening

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

And invites all her old customers and many new ones to call and inspect her stock, which consists of the very

Latest Designs and Shapes.

MRS. L. A. KAUFMANN.

What a Mogul Can Do.

That was a remarkable demonstration of what a Mogul can do, that occurred on the New York Central the other day, when engine No. 948, one of the new Moguls, hauled out train No. 11, the Southwestern Limited, made up of two mail cars, five passenger coaches and nine Wagner cars, sixteen cars in all. The total weight of the train was 1,832,000 pounds, or 916 tons, and the length of the train, including the engine, was 1,212 feet, or nearly a quarter of a mile. This engine made the running time of the train between New York and Albany, 143 miles, in three hours and fifteen minutes.

There is no railroad in the world which has a better roadbed, more skillful engineers, or better equipment, backed by loyal men always alert for the safety of their passengers, than the New York Central and Hudson River railroad. What road can match its corps of men, from President Calhoun down the long line of employees, to the humble and faithful trackmen who watch their sections of rail through the long hours of the night and day, in order to safeguard the lives of the travelers on trains whirling by their humble shanties, many of which nestle closely to the rails under their guardianship.—Editorial from the Albany Times-Union.

Goodheart—I think you libeled that friend of yours from Chicago. I took him out to lunch to-day, and he didn't eat with his knife at all. Sneerwell—That's strange. What did you have to eat? "Oyster stew."—Philadelphia Press.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N. W. Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

"When he discovered he was in love with her he ran away." "Sensible man." "Not very. He took her with him."—Town Topics.

The Mexicans allay their thirst by chewing Chicla, which is the main ingredient of White's "Yucatan" Gum.

The wise man, under the impulse of remorse, kicketh himself; but the fool soaketh himself.—Puck.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price, 75c.



Many a woman, sick and weary of life, dragged down by weakening drains, painful irregularities, depression, and the hundred and one ailments which affect women only, has found in Pe-ru-na a bright star of hope, which has changed her misery to joy, her suffering to health.

No woman need suffer from the derangements peculiar to her sex, if she will give Pe-ru-na a fair trial.

The majority of weaknesses which make woman's life a burden, spring from a simple cause. The mucous membrane which lines the pelvic organs becomes weakened and inflamed owing to strain, cold, overwork, etc. This causes catarrhal congestion, inflammation, painful irregularities, depression of spirits, irritability, weakness and suffering. It shows in the haggard lines of the face, the dull eyes, the sallow complexion and angular form.

For the prompt cure of such ailments try Pe-ru-na. It drives away blues, clears the complexion, opens the eyes, changes thinness to plumpness, and cures pains, chills and drains, because it immediately strikes at the root of such troubles and removes the cause.



For a free copy of "Health and Beauty" Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills. Must Bear Signature of Scott's Emulsion.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar. CARTER'S LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION. CURE SICK HEADACHE.

TRIP TO CHINATOWN.

An Oriental City in the Heart of Down-Town New York.

After Ten at Night Opium Fiends and Gamblers Own the Pell and Mott Street District and Adjoining Lanes.

[Special New York Letter.]

SAM MOY stuck the ends of a dozen joss sticks in the jars at each side of the ugly-looking god which quailed on the handsomely-carved table. He applied a match and the sweet-scented smoke curled in thin gray wreaths toward the ceiling of the joss house. Then he seated himself and muttered in a guttural tone a monotonous sing-song chant. The high priest struck a brass gong which emitted a deep sonorous clang. More joss sticks were lighted and the temple became odoriferous with the insinuating incense. The lights in the little square metallic lamps suspended from the ceiling burned low in green and red and yellow and from the dim flames was reflected a mellow glow from the big gold bas relief representing the glory of the ancestors for a hundred years. There was something of the spellbinder in this incantation-mumbling priest of Buddha,



CROWD OF CHINAMEN LEAVING ONE OF THEIR THEATERS.

and as I entered this idol-bedecked temple of the pagans in Chinatown that night a vision of the magic east arose before me. I smelled the aromatic spices of the orient. I heard the rustle of the silken robes of the waiters in the inner circle. The lights of Peking seemed dancing before me, and just beyond were the wonders of the Purple city.

The crown-shaven priest bowed low. "You buy joss stick?" said he.

And this was the burden of the cry from the time I entered at Pell street New York's colony of Chinamen till I left it some hours later. The Chinamen who come to America may be heathen. It may be that they are slow to adopt the customs of a civilized country and that their hatred of the "foreign devils" is never overcome, but this is certain: They are quick in turning a situation to their own account, eager as salesmen and shifty in the wondrous art of chasing the nimble nickel.

You may leave the Bowery with its types of the Yiddish merchant and numerous samples of its genus tough, and in a twinkling—like the transformation scene of a Christmas extravaganza—find yourself in a veritable city of slant-eyed, pig-tailed Celestials. There are the odd, box-like lamps spluttering and blinking, swung on strings across



HITTING THE PIPE.

the narrow streets. There are the long, perpendicular signs covered with hieroglyphic characters reading from the top down, in front of the miniature shops so low as to ceilings that a tall man must need stoop to enter. And within you may see the arrangement of tiny cups in saucers in dimly-lit China and red-checked dolls with heads as bald as the heads of the grinning Mongolians who are trying to sell them. There are little paper bags filled with rice and Lychee nuts and queer-looking packages filled with things good to eat from a Chinaman's standpoint. There are stools of ebony inlaid with silver, and, stowed away on shelves, are rare silks fashioned into shawls, and gaudy feathers fashioned into fans. Then there are quaintly carved ivory idols of Fo, and ingenious puzzles and toys, and pens, and spices, and joss sticks, too—much cheaper than the joss sticks which my friend Sam Moy will offer to sell to you in the temple.

If you are not careful as to your bearings you will soon become turned around for the streets are crooked and the way is narrow. Dogers street bends like a horse shoe, and Mott and Pell streets run in an intricate manner. Now, don't go into Chinatown before

ten o'clock at night. If you do you will find Chinatown asleep. First of all, you must know that the residents of this little city within the greater city represent the sporting Chinamen of New York. They are the merchants, many of whom, although living in dingy basements, are the great importers of opium and silks, and are wealthy enough to occupy mansions on Fifth avenue; the gamblers who win and lose fortunes with a nonchalance that excites the envy of their white brother gamblers further uptown; the bunco men and the members of the murderous secret societies.

These are the people who will brush against you as you wend your way through the alley-like thoroughfares. You will find them crowding in groups of four or five in the middle of the roadway—few use the stone sidewalks, which are only three feet wide, and are reserved as passageways to the shops. You will hear them talking in a jargon that grates upon the ears for the reason of its unharmonious discords of guttural sounds. Uncommunicative as they are to the foreigners, among themselves they are a babbling flock of magpies. Ten o'clock at night is the hour when most of them arise. Midnight is their time of greatest activity. It was just 12 o'clock when the Chinese theater closed, and, as I passed the doors, I was surrounded by a crowd of Chinamen, who had been witnessing a performance which had doubtless been the continuance of a play requiring several weeks to complete.

From that time on Chinatown was as full of life as a wasp nest. The two and three-story houses, constructed mostly of dull red brick, were filled with Celestials from basement to attic. In the upper rooms are located the gambling dens. The Chinamen will play anything that offers an element of chance. Fan-fan and bungalow are their favorite native games, but poker and other games with American cards are entered into with equal felicity. Other methods being absent, a sporting Chinaman will wager his month's income on the possible direction to be taken by a perambulating straddle bug. The first floors are occupied by the shop keepers, and the basements are utilized for the opium hells, although some of these places are conducted with little attempt at concealment in the rear of the stores—only a scant curtain hiding the smokers from full view of the pedestrians in the street. In one of the little shops I entered—the merchant was a wholesale dealer and an importer of opium—I saw, just back of the narrow counter, a Chinaman in a skull cap and loose jacket reclining on a couch industriously "hitting" an opium pipe. His eyes were fixed and glassy, and from the imbecille expression on his face I judged that he was about entering that state of estatical bliss which the victims of the habit say resembles a ramble in the fields of Elysium. This smoker could be seen plainly from the open door. The dealer paid no attention to him, and in reply to a question as to whether he had any opium on hand exhibited without hesitancy a box of the drug, and set a price upon it.

The police pay no attention to this violation of the law. And yet within these reeking hells white women and white men, farther down in the scale of degradation than even the Chinamen, congregate nightly and enter into this most loathsome species of debauchery—so low and so vile that even the filthiest of beasts could not be induced to enter into it. In the basements row after row of bunks are filled with men and women of all ages, of all nationalities. Gentle, Jew, Turk, negro, Chinamen are cheek by jowl. The people of all nations lie peacefully side by side. Their manhood, their womanhood has gone forever. Through the stifling atmosphere of smoke and noisome odors may be seen the attendants—yellow-skinned fiends—twirling the gummy drug with their long-nailed fingers into little balls which they cook in the flames of alcohol lamps and drop dexterously into the bowls of the flute-shaped pipes constantly being thrust out to them by the skeleton hands of the victims. One by one the dwellers in the bunks drop listlessly back upon the hard mattresses. Their eyes are sunken in their heads. Their brains are clogged with the fumes of the death-dealing drug.

There are 30,000 Chinamen in New York city. Of this number 3,000 live in Chinatown and the others go there for amusement. It is estimated that seven out of ten Mongolians are addicted to the use of opium, and that 30,000 whites in this city are "dope fiends." All the opium "johns" are not confined to the Chinese quarter, but the majority are located there.

FREDERICK ROYD STEVENSON.

A Hon places its head near the ground when roaring.

MANY NEW LAKES FORMED.

A Recent Discovery Regarding Lob Nor in Asia by a Swedish Explorer.

A curious discovery made by Dr. Sven Hedin, the intrepid Swedish explorer, is recorded in a telegram from St. Petersburg, says the New York Times. During his adventurous journeys in eastern Turkestan, Tibet and Mongolia, ended some two years ago, he visited the great sheet of water called Lob Nor. This he found to differ materially from the maps and the descriptions of previous observers, and he has now examined it a second time. Situated rather more than 2,000 feet above sea level, its waters are fed by the River Tarim, but emptied only by evaporation, for no stream issues from it. Thus they should be salt, but Dr. Sven Hedin found them to be fresh. From this he concluded that the lake could not have been long in existence.

The impossibility of reconciling the observations of his predecessors with what he had himself seen also suggested that Lob Nor was not a permanent sheet of water, like the Dead Sea or Lake Balkhash, but was constantly shifting its position, the lake bed of one time being filled up by desert sand and forming again in new places. The correctness of his original inference has now been placed beyond doubt. The lake known to earlier observers has now disappeared and its dry-bed is strewn with shells and other organisms which had lived in its waters.

But a system of new lakes has been formed around the old basin, which Dr. Sven Hedin has explored and mapped. The Tarim basin is a barren and dry land—a region of traveling waves of desert sand. All this tract has been drying up, probably continuously, even in historic times. The same thing is true of western as well as of eastern Turkestan. Lake Balkhash is disappearing with comparative rapidity. According to the Russian geographers, its area has been greatly reduced during the present century and those who dwell by its shores assert that its level is lowered at the rate of a foot in every five years. But the same thing is true of the Syr Daria and the Amu Daria and the Aral sea, into which their waters are emptied. In fact, the whole drainage basin of this sea and of the Caspian is undergoing desiccation, slow but sure.

These two seas, with many minor salt lakes, are but pools left in the deeper hollows of a great ocean by which the Mediterranean was extended into the heart of Asia. There are banks of dead seashells where once the waves were breaking; there are dry steppes where once the herbage was green and forests flourished. The fact is certain, but the cause not easy to discover. The climate must be changing, not in this or that locality, but over a broad and extensive zone, which runs with little interruption from northern Africa to the eastern end of the desert of Gobi. A similar change has occurred in the new world. The Great Salt lake of Utah is but a remnant of a vastly greater sheet of fresh water which once sent a river to the Pacific.

BRINGS ON HEART DISEASE.

Rheumatism is One of the Most Profitable Causes of Aerial Afflictions.

It has been known for many years that the most fertile cause of heart disease is rheumatism. Only recently has it been realized, however, that many cases of rheumatism which give rise to heart complications really run so mild a course that they are not suspected of being serious and are neglected. This is especially true in cases which attack the very young. In children rheumatism often masquerades under the name of "growing pains."

In infants it often fails completely of recognition, says the New York Post. It has become the custom to a lamentable degree to give for it the coal-tar derivatives, the various anti-pyretic drugs—antipyrine, phenacetin and the like—besides various derivatives of salicylic acid. These drugs alleviate the rheumatic pain by numbing the nerves; they also lessen fever. The result of their use is that patients are enabled to move about much sooner than they otherwise would and this throws extra work on the heart, and leads to post-rheumatic heart complications which may cripple the organ for life. The recent increase in the number of refusals of risks by life insurance companies is thought to be due to this cause. Doctors here from many parts of the world deprecate the present excessive use of these drugs. Pain is nature's demand for rest. To allay it without reaching its cause is to drug the sentinel who watches over the citadel of health because his footsteps disturb our sleep.

First Known to the Chinese.

One of the greatest Chinese discoveries was a kind of iron ore which attracts iron—the magnet. Then they found that a bar of magnetic iron set free always points to the north. That is the mariner's compass, without which travel at sea would be almost impossible. They were the first people to dig canals and so find a cheaper way of carrying goods than even our railways. It, building, they discovered the greatest of all inventions—the arch.

—N. Y. Sun.

There's Always Hope. Despairing One—My last hope is gone.

Cynical One—Oh, well, it's always easy enough to get another.—Sourville Journal.

A Poor Substitute. Physic is a poor substitute for exercise.—Chicago Daily News.

Advertisement for 100 Drops Castoria. Includes text: 'Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.'

Advertisement for Castoria. Includes text: 'CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA'

Advertisement for Waltham Watches. Includes text: 'WALTHAM WATCHES The Waltham Watch Company was the first company in America to make watches; the first to be organized (half a century ago), and is the first at the present time in the quality and volume of its product.'

Advertisement for Home Seekers' Excursions. Includes text: 'HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS Burlington Route SEP. 4 SEP. 18 OCT. 2 OCT. 16 NOV. 6 NOV. 20'

Advertisement for W.L. Douglas Shoes. Includes text: '\$3.00 W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50 UNION MADE. The real worth of our \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes compared with other makes is \$4.00 to \$5.00. We are the largest makers and retailers of men's \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes in the world.'

Advertisement for Chicago to Omaha. Includes text: 'CHICAGO TO OMAHA Double Daily Service New line via Rockford, Dubuque, Waterloo, Fort Dodge and Council Bluffs. Buffet-lit smoking cars, sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars, dining cars. Send to the undersigned for a free copy of Pictures and Notes En-Route illustrating this new line as seen from the car window.'

Advertisement for Roofing. Includes text: 'ROOFING The Best Red Rope Roofing for 10¢ per sq. ft. Leaps and nails included. Substitutes for galvanized iron. THE PAT MANILA ROOFING CO., GAITHERS, N. J.'

Advertisement for Dropsy. Includes text: 'DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY! gives quick relief to all cases of dropsy. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment. Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SON'S, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.'

Advertisement for Pison's Cure. Includes text: 'PISON'S CURE FOR GOUT WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Gout Remedy. Thousands Used. No time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION'

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the advertisement in this paper.

The Iron Port

BY THE IRON PORT COMPANY.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ESCANABA AND DELTA COUNTY.

Subscription Price, per Year, \$2.00

SATURDAY, Oct. 19, 1901.

MCKINLEY MEMORIAL PROPOSALS.

Last week the organization of two associations was perfected each having for its object the erection of a national memorial to the late President McKinley. The McKinley National Monument Association has undertaken to place a suitable and lasting tribute from the people over the grave in Canton; the William McKinley National Memorial Arch Association as its name implies, intends to build an impressive memorial structure in a prominent place at the national capital.

While two distinct projects are thus undertaken by these associations, it has been determined that they shall work in harmony. If more funds than are needed for the monument at Canton should be collected the surplus will be devoted to the project of the Arch association. It is estimated that \$2,000,000 will be required for the carrying out of the Washington plans, and that the proposed monument at Canton will require \$1,500,000, or, a total for the project of \$3,500,000.

It is to be hoped that these figures and the arch plan have not been fixed definitely. Here are two projects for which the people of the United States, and perhaps those in other lands, are likely to give liberally; each planned memorial will be most heartily approved. Escanaba, we hope and believe, will do her full share without urging. She should contribute as much as any other American city of her size, and we have no doubt she will do her duty to herself and to the late president. But it would be in the nature of money wasted to put \$1,500,000 into a monument. A much smaller sum would serve the purpose fully as well and leave more for a striking and permanent tribute at Washington.

Neither does it seem proper to commemorate the life of a man who was distinctly practical and democratic in his tastes by the erection of an arch or any other purely ornate structure. How much more appropriate it would be to let it be understood that, say, \$200,000 be contributed for the monument at Canton and the rest of the fund be devoted to a science, art, good government, or some other hall in connection with the American University at Washington, of which President McKinley was a trustee.

An arch would be to look at and nothing more; a memorial building for educational purposes would be something to see, to admire, and to use. It would be more appropriate as a memorial, more characteristic of a practical people, more sensible and infinitely more significant than a mere arch or shaft. Would it not be wise for the Arch association to consider this suggestion?

KEEP THE STREETS OPEN.

The municipal authorities should peruse Sec. 3 of Ordinance No. 7, and then act in accordance with its provisions. The ordinance provides that, "no wagon, sleigh, sled, carriage, cart or vehicle of any kind, or any part of the same except when being used with a team, shall be left or permitted to remain or stand in any street, lane, alley, or public place, for more than one hour under the penalty of not less than one or more than twenty dollars." Yet in the face of this ordinance Elmore, Mary and other city thoroughfares, are constantly obstructed, many times fully one-half of the street being occupied by broken-down vehicles of various kinds for a distance of nearly a block. And this violation of city law is no new thing. It has been practiced for a number of years, not only making traffic upon that highway hazardous but proving detrimental to other business of the neighborhood.

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

From a national point of view a republican victory in Ohio this fall is of the utmost consequence. Even were a few state offices alone at stake, the moral effect of a republican reverse would be extremely disastrous. Denying its real beliefs, and cloaking its genuine purposes behind a programme of "expediency," the democratic party in Ohio is seeking power on a platform of false pretences, which owes its only vitality to its partial surrender to the theories of

state socialism pressed upon the Columbus convention by Tom L. Johnson. The success of the democratic state ticket this year would mean, therefore, not too much the rehabilitation of the conservative and anti-Bryan elements which nominated Colonel Kilbourne and buried the free silver issue as it would the creation of a new party accepting the socialistic doctrines and devoted to the political fortunes of the present restless and ambitious mayor of Cleveland. Colonel Kilbourne's triumph is almost equal measure for "conservative" false pretence and for socialistic radicalism; and it is scarcely conceivable that on state issues, pure and simple, the voters of Ohio should wish to exchange for an experiment with democratic nostrums the efficient and sagacious administration which the state has enjoyed for two years under Governor Nash.

Two months yet intervene before congress assembles, but already President Roosevelt has begun to shut himself in with his thinking cap on to prepare his message to the national legislature. The message which President McKinley would have written has been discounted by his public utterances since his reelection, so far as the most salient features were predicable. President Roosevelt's message will be another type of document. The whole nation expects to be redolent of Rooseveltism and will be on the qui vive for its appearance. After handling reciprocity, a merchant marine and the Philippine policy, the president will have unrestricted right of way for new suggestions regarding the labor question, trusts, civil service reform. Southern disfranchisement, the Isthmian canal and statehood demands.

Hope springs eternal in the breasts of many visionaries who imagine that they may get possession some day of enormous estates in England. The latest delusion of that sort is inspired by a ridiculous fable to the effect that in the British Court of Chancery property amounting in value to more than \$200,000,000 is awaiting proofs of descent to be submitted by American heirs, who base their claims on a lineage going back to an English ancestor dead some two hundred years. How wild and and fantastic are the dreams of such Americans.

The funny men will have to revise their mother-in-law jokes. A Chicago man was so fond of his legal relative that he employed detectives to help him find her after she had moved out of his house. Of course, the fact that she took a sofa with her in which the man had hidden \$500 may have influenced him, but this should not mar the incident for the professional jester.

According to the London Lancet too much washing produces a tendency "to maceration of the superficial part of the epidermis, which is too frequently removed and occasions probably too rapid a proliferation of the cells of the malpighian layer." Here is a neat and authoritative argument for the use of the great unwashed.

If the postoffice department should decide to take off all postal deliveries from districts where there are no sidewalks and street lights it would prove a serious blow to Escanaba. Even the Ludington street merchant would be compelled to follow the practice of his country cousin and "go to the postoffice" for his mail.

Wells avenue, once the pride of Escanaba, has been horribly mutilated during the past fortnight by movers of buildings, and sewer constructors. It is one of our principal thoroughfares and should have repairs before cold weather sets in.

If Escanaba's lighting plant is netting us \$7,000 per annum, as is claimed, the necessary improvements thereto should be made forthwith at the city's expense. But is it?

The appointment by President Roosevelt of Dr. Clayton, a gold democrat, to the collectorship of South Carolina occasions some surprise.

"Alcoholism among soldiers is decreasing," says a surgeon's report to the secretary of war. There should be more soldiers.

Let the price of meat soar as high as it will; there is still brain, muscle and color stored in wholesome and cheap oatmeal.

The likeness of the late President McKinley will appear upon the new series of postage stamps, soon to be issued.

According to The Pilot, Munising is the home of the wild canary.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ORDINANCE No. 100.

To provide for the issue of bonds of the City of Escanaba, Michigan, to the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00) for the purpose of providing funds for the erection of a city hall.

Whereas, at a special city election duly called in the City of Escanaba, Michigan, on August 12th, 1901, more than two-thirds of the electors of said city voting on the question, voted in favor of the proposition to bond the city in the sum \$25,000.00 for the purpose of erecting a public building to be used for a city hall, city offices and fire department purposes such building to be designated as a "City Hall." Now therefore

The City of Escanaba ordains: Sec. 1. That there shall be and there is hereby ordered and directed to be issued the negotiable coupon bonds of the City of Escanaba, to the amount of \$25,000.00 for the purpose of providing funds for erecting therein a public building to be used for a city hall, city offices and fire department purposes. Such building to be designated a "City Hall." Said bonds shall be designated "City hall bonds", shall fifty (50) in number, numbered from 1 to 50 inclusive, and of the denomination of \$500.00 each, they shall bear date of October 1st, 1901, and shall become due and payable thirty years after date.

They shall bear interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on April 1st and October 1st in each year, which interest payments shall be evidenced by proper coupons attached to each bond, and both principal and interest shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America at the banking house of the First National Bank in the city of Chicago, Illinois.

Sec. 2. That each of said bonds and each of the coupons thereto attached shall be in substantially the following form, to wit:

United States of America
County of Delta,
State of Michigan
City of Escanaba

No. City Hall Bond \$500.00
Know all men by these presents: That the City of Escanaba, in the County of Delta, State of Michigan, acknowledges itself to owe; and for value received hereby promises to pay to bearer the sum, five hundred dollars on October 1st, A. D. 1931, together with interest on said sum from the date hereof until paid, at the rate four and one half per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of April and October in each year upon presentation and surrender of the interest coupons hereto attached, as they severally become due. Both principal and interest payable in lawful money of the United States of America, at the banking house of the First National Bank in the city of Chicago, Ill., and for the prompt payment of this bond, with interest as aforesaid at maturity. The full faith, credit and resources of said city are hereby irrevocably pledged.

This bond is issued by said city for the purpose of providing funds for the erection of a public building in and for said city, to be used for a city hall, city offices and fire department purposes, in accordance with more than a two-thirds majority vote of the electors of said city voting at a special election duly called and held therein on August 12th, 1901, and pursuant to and in full compliance with the provisions of an Act of Legislature of the State of Michigan, entitled "an Act to provide for the incorporation of cities of the Fourth class" approved May 27th, 1895 and all acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto. This bond, together with the interest thereon, is payable out of the general public building fund and the interest and sinking fund of said city.

And it is hereby certified and recited, that all acts, conditions, and things, required by the laws and Constitution of the State of Michigan, to be done precedent to and in the issue of this bond, have been properly done and have been performed in the regular and due form and time as required by law; and that the total indebtedness of said city, including this bond, does not exceed any constitutional or statutory limitations.

In Testimony Whereof, The said City of Escanaba has caused its corporate seal to be hereto affixed, and this bond to be signed by its mayor, and countersigned and registered by its city clerk, this first day of October, A. D., 1901.

M. K. BISSELL, Mayor.
Countersigned and registered.
H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.
(Form of Coupon.)
No. On \$11.25
The city of Escanaba, in the coun-

ty of Delta, and state of Michigan, will pay to bearer the sum of Eleven and 25-100 dollars lawful money of the United States of America at the Banking house of the First National Bank in the city of Chicago, Ill., for semi-annual interest due that day on its city hall bond, dated October 1st, 1901. No.

H. J. ROBERTSON,
City Clerk.

Sec. III. That said bonds shall be signed by the Mayor of the City and countersigned and registered by the city clerk, with the corporate seal of the city affixed and the coupons shall be signed by the original or fac simile signature of the city clerk, and when executed said bonds shall be delivered by the city treasurer to Derritt, Tremble & Co., the purchasers of the same from the city council and the proceeds derived from such sale shall be used solely for the purpose for which said bonds recite they are being issued.

Sec. IV. That all ordinances or resolutions or parts thereof, in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. V. That this ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage and legal publication.
M. K. BISSELL, H. J. ROBERTSON,
Mayor. City Clerk.

ORDINANCE No. 101.

To authorize the issue of \$15,000.00 of refunding bonds of the City of Escanaba, Michigan.

Whereas, it is deemed necessary by the council of the city of Escanaba, Michigan, to extend the time of payment of \$15,000.00 in amount of the bonds of such city which fell due in the year 1900, \$5000.00 in amount of said bonds being street improvement bonds which matured on July 1st, 1900, and \$1000.00 in amount being sewer bonds, which matured on September 1st, 1900, and to issue new bonds of the city in place of said former bonds in such manner as merely to change but not to increase the indebtedness of said city. Now therefore

The City of Escanaba ordains:

Sec. 1. That there shall be and there is hereby ordered and directed to be issued the negotiable coupon bonds of the City of Escanaba, Mich., to the amount of \$15,000.00 for the purpose of extending the time of payment of a like amount of the former bonds of said city falling due in such manner as merely to change but not to increase the indebtedness of said city. Said new bonds shall be designated "Refunding Bonds;" shall be thirty (30) in number, numbered from one to thirty inclusive, and of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) each; shall bear date of October 1st, 1901, and shall become due and payable twenty (20) years after date. They shall bear interest at the rate of four (4) per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on April 1st and October 1st in each year, which interest payments shall be evidenced by proper coupons attached to each bond and both principal and interest shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America at the banking house of the First National Bank in the city of Chicago, Ill.

Section II. That each of said refunding bonds and each of the coupons thereto attached shall be in substantially the following form to wit:

United States of America,
State of Michigan, County of Delta,
City of Escanaba.

Refunding Bond. \$500.00
No. Know All Men By These Presents: That the City of Escanaba, in the county of Delta and state of Michigan, acknowledges itself to owe, and for value received hereby promises to pay to bearer the sum of Five Hundred Dollars, lawful money of the United States of America, on October 1st, A. D., 1921, together with interest on said sum from the date hereof until paid at the rate of Four (4) per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of April and October in each year upon presentation and surrender of the interest coupons hereto attached, as they severally become due; both principal and interest payable at the banking house of the First National Bank in the city of Chicago, Ill., and for the prompt payment of this bond with interest as aforesaid at maturity, the full faith, credit and resources of said city are hereby irrevocably pledged.

This bond is issued by said city for the purpose of extending the time of payment of a like amount of former bonds falling due in such manner as merely to change, but not increase the indebtedness of said city, pursuant to and in full compliance with the provisions of Section 25 of Chapter 30 of Act of the Legislature of

the state of Michigan, entitled, "An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities of the fourth class," approved May 27th, 1895, and all acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto. This bond and the interest thereon is payable out of the interest and sinking fund of said city, and it is hereby certified and recited that all acts, conditions and things required by the laws and constitution of the state of Michigan to be done precedent to and in the issue of this bond have been properly done, happened and been performed in regular and due form and time as required by law. That the former bonds falling due for the extension of the time of payment of which this bond is issued were valid and binding obligations of said city; that the indebtedness of said city was not and is not increased by the issue hereof and that the total indebtedness of said city including this bond does not exceed any constitutional or statutory limitation.

In testimony whereof the said city of Escanaba has caused its corporate seal to be hereto affixed and this bond to be signed by its mayor and countersigned and registered by its city clerk this first day of October, A. D. 1901. M. K. BISSELL,
Mayor.

Countersigned and registered
H. J. ROBERTSON,
City Clerk.

(Form of Coupon.)
No. \$10.00
On 19..

The City of Escanaba, in the county of Delta and state of Michigan will pay to the bearer the sum of ten dollars (\$10.00) lawful money of the United States of America at the banking house of the First National Bank of the city of Chicago, Ill., for semi-annual interest due that day on its refunding bond of October 1st, A. D. 1901. No.
H. J. ROBERTSON,
City Clerk.

Sec. 3. That said bonds shall be signed by the mayor of said city and countersigned and registered by the city clerk with the corporate seal of the city affixed and the coupons shall be signed by the original or fac simile signature of the city clerk and when so executed, said bonds shall be delivered to the city treasurer to Devitt Tremble & Co., Chicago, Ill., the purchasers of the same from the city council, upon his receiving therefor; provided, however, that such bonds shall be delivered only as the former bonds of the city for the extension of the time of payment of which the refunding bonds hereby authorized are being issued are paid and cancelled so that by the delivery of the bonds hereby authorized or any of them the indebtedness of said city shall not at any time be increased.

Sec. IV. That this ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage and legal publication.
M. K. BISSELL, H. J. ROBERTSON,
Mayor. City Clerk.

LAUNDRY.



LOOKS LIKE NEW.

Every article entrusted to us will be laundered and returned in good condition. There will be no mutilated.

Shirts, Collars and Cuffs,

or discolored and stained under garments to be displeased over. Make a change to the

White Star Laundry

It the quality of work done by others is not pleasing.

FRED. KEUNE, Prop.
516 Ludington St.

Soft Harness

You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as tough as wire by using EUREKA Harness Oil. You can lengthen its life—make it last twice as long as it ordinarily would.

EUREKA Harness Oil

Makes a poor looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bodied oil, especially prepared to withstand the weather.

Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

E. OLSON'S

Big Hardware Store

CONTAINS JUST WHAT YOU WANT IN THE WAY OF

Stoves, Hardware,
Guns, Ammunition,
Paints, Oils, Windows,
Doors and Glass,
Farming Implements,
Cutlery or Shelf Hardware
Plumbing a Specialty.

E. OLSON,
1108 LUDINGTON ST., - ESCANABA, MICH.

GROCERIES

A large and complete line always in stock

Cor. Hale and Georgia St.

COLEMAN NEE,

Successor to Sorby Bros.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Brick, Lime, Cement,

PLASTER AND HAIR.

Office 108 N. Charlotte St.

COLEMAN NEE,

108 N. Charlotte St.

FINCH

Is the man who made the telephone famous

FINCH

By bringing prices down to a figure where all may enjoy its privileges in business places or homes. In view of his exertions in their behalf patrons of the telephone should have a

FINCH

Phone. This exchange now has in actual use 378 instruments, reaching a greater number of people than any other system. This in another reason why you should have a

FINCH

Who, a few years ago, would have thought that so great an enterprise would result from so small a beginning, but the old truism that "oaks from acorns grow" has been exemplified. Then professing wisecracks predicted that

FINCH

Could not attain such remarkable success and provide 'phones a such "ridiculously low price," but that his theory was not at fault has been fully demonstrated, and to-day

FINCH

has one of the largest and best equipped exchanges in the peninsula, and wiring more than a thousand call every day in the year. And the end is not yet. New orders come in every day. Get in line and order a

FINCH

Phone by applying at the Exchange or calling up No. 118, which will be promptly answered by "the old man

Social and Personal

The Order of Railway Conductors of Escanaba is making extensive arrangements for a grand ball at Peterson's hall on Thanksgiving Eve. A large number of invitations will be sent out in a few days, the list covering the entire peninsula, and special trains will be run into the city from the north and south. The admission price of \$1.00 will include railway transportation to and from Escanaba. Excellent music has been secured for the occasion.

Miss Mamie Roddy, who left on Monday for Milwaukee, there to take up a permanent residence, was tendered a farewell party on Sunday evening.

Marriage licenses have been issued to these couples: Mastie Forgette of Nadeau and Albina Derouin of Schaffer; James Chandanals and Claudia Desjardins, both of Garden.

Mrs. A. J. Lemieux and son William, who has been visiting Mrs. Nicholas Brandenburg, returned Monday morning to their home at Menominee. They were accompanied by Mrs. Brandenburg.

Mrs. C. A. Crum returned the first of the week from a visit at Chicago and Racine.

Miss Mabel Briggs visited Gladstone friends this week.

Justice Emil Glaser officiated at the marriage of Mr. Ole Anderson and Miss Annis Okerdahl, both of Garth, which took place at his office on Monday.

Onesime Desjardins, Jr., of Flat Rock, and Miss Lena Sauve of Escanaba were united in marriage Monday morning, the ceremony being performed in St. Anne's church by Rev. Fr. Mesnard. The young couple gave a wedding reception and a dance at Flat Rock.

Chas. W. Lightfoot of Gladstone was in the city on Monday.

Capt. Burt of Gladstone was in Escanaba for a short time on Monday.

John S. Craig of Gladstone circulated among the supervisors a portion of the week.

Kaukauna, Wis. Times: The marriage of Mr. John Ludwig of Escanaba, Mich., and Miss Mary Henk of the town of Buchanan, occurred Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Mary church. Rev. Fr. Steinbrecher officiating. The bridal pair were attended by Miss Katie Henk sister of the bride and Mr. John Julig of Appleton, a cousin of the groom. After the ceremony the usual wedding dinner and festivities were celebrated at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Henk, Mr. Mrs. Ludwig departed on the afternoon train for a two weeks' wedding trip, most of which will be spent at the Buffalo exposition and Niagara Falls. They will take up their residence at Escanaba, where the groom is employed by the Chicago and Northwestern railroad company, and be at home to their friends at 498 Rose street.

Andrew Peterson, of the Sheldon House at Fayette, was in the city several days this week.

Miss Ida Greene has gone to Iowa to visit friends.

P. J. Gallery was in Chicago the first of the week on railroad business.

Mrs. Dan Dewey has returned from a visit to Cadillac. She was accompanied by her father, Wm. Foster.

The nuptials of Mr. Hugh Earl and Miss Mary Galligher is announced for Wednesday afternoon, October 23rd.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gallup spent the first of the week at Ann Arbor.

Thos. J. Tracy is still confined to his room at the Baerbrich house. Mrs. Tracy arrived here from Garden on Tuesday and is with her husband.

On the 26th inst. Andrew Peterson will give a ball and supper at the Sheldon house, Fayette, and has arranged for an excursion by boat from Garden and Nahma.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Thompson mourn the loss of an infant son, born last Friday.

Mrs. Frank H. Atkins entertained the ladies of the Whist Club last Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Maynard returned

on Tuesday from Milwaukee where they spent several days.

The Misses Gertrude Farrell, Mattie Marston and Alice Robertson spent Saturday with Marinette friends.

Mrs. Nick DeBeck spent Sunday at Ishpeming.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John McRae, on Friday last, a son.

Roscoe Young and family have taken up their residence at Iowa Falls, Iowa.

The Stage.

Ladies of the Presbyterian church of this city have arranged with the Mutual Lyceum Bureau for a course of three fine entertainments to be given here during next five months. First on the list is a lecture by Lou J. Beauchamp, who has a national reputation as a platform speaker. He will be here on the evening of the 29th inst. at the church.

The Oelschlagel Concert company will fill the 2d engagement. Its members are Mr. Oelschlagel, Mrs. Gates and Miss Santolstall, all clever artists. They will be here January 20.

The course will close with Ralph Bingham, a humorist, violinist, vocalist and raconteur, of considerable note. Mr. Bingham has entertained audiences in all the larger cities and wherever he appears he is always in demand again. His date is Feb. 18.

The ladies propose to sell course tickets for \$1 each. This is certainly cheap enough and the church should be packed at each entertainment.

Prince Bismarck's Organ has the following to say regarding the Fisk Jubilee Singers, booked for The Peterson tonight. A concert given by color took place yesterday in the Grand Hall of the Hamburger Hof.

The programme consisted chiefly of character negro melodies, two of

which deserve specially to be mentioned, viz.: "Keep Me from Sinking Down," which embraces "Our Lord's Prayer," and "The Chariot is Coming;" these numbers rendered faultlessly, were listened to with the greatest interest. The rest of the programme, consisting of Quartets and Solos, were rendered in a likewise faultlessly and praiseworthy manner. These Jubilee Singers' Concert, which are out of the general run, deserve the highest praise and encouragement. The large and select audience which listened to yesterday's concert and received each number with unstinted applause, is sufficient proof of their excellence.

MAKE AN OBJECTION.

Some upper peninsula counties, whose value were materially increased by the state board of equalization last month, evidently do not take very kindly to the situation, for they are taking exceptions to the state tax levy. One of them has raised a question as a legality of the levy as made by the Spanish war loan sinking fund, claiming that it should have been based on the equalization of 1896 instead of on the equalized valuation recently fixed. It is claimed that the alleged error invalidates the tax for the purpose named.

Auditor General Powers is not likely to concede, says State Republican. The war loan act provides that "for the purpose of providing for the payment of the bond issued under this act, and the interest thereon, there shall be assessed on the taxable property of the state as fixed by the state board of equalization in the year 1896, and in each year thereafter," etc., a tax of one eighth mill on each dollar until the debt is extinguished.

The upper peninsula people claim that this means that the levy shall continue to be based on the equalization of 1896, but the authorities here insist that the law means that the levy shall be on the current equalization. This has been the interpretation of the university and other mill tax laws; which are worded like this one, no one ever having before suggested that an ancient equalization should rule.

Azel Lathrop III.

A. Lathrop, a resident of Delta county for thirty-five years, is dan-

Dr Price's Baking Powder

Used in Millions of Homes.
40 Years the Standard. A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Superior to every other known. Makes finest cake and pastry, light, flaky biscuit, delicious griddle cakes—palatable and wholesome.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Avoid baking powders made from alum. They look like pure powders, and may raise the cake, but alum is a poison and no one can eat food mixed with it without injury to health.

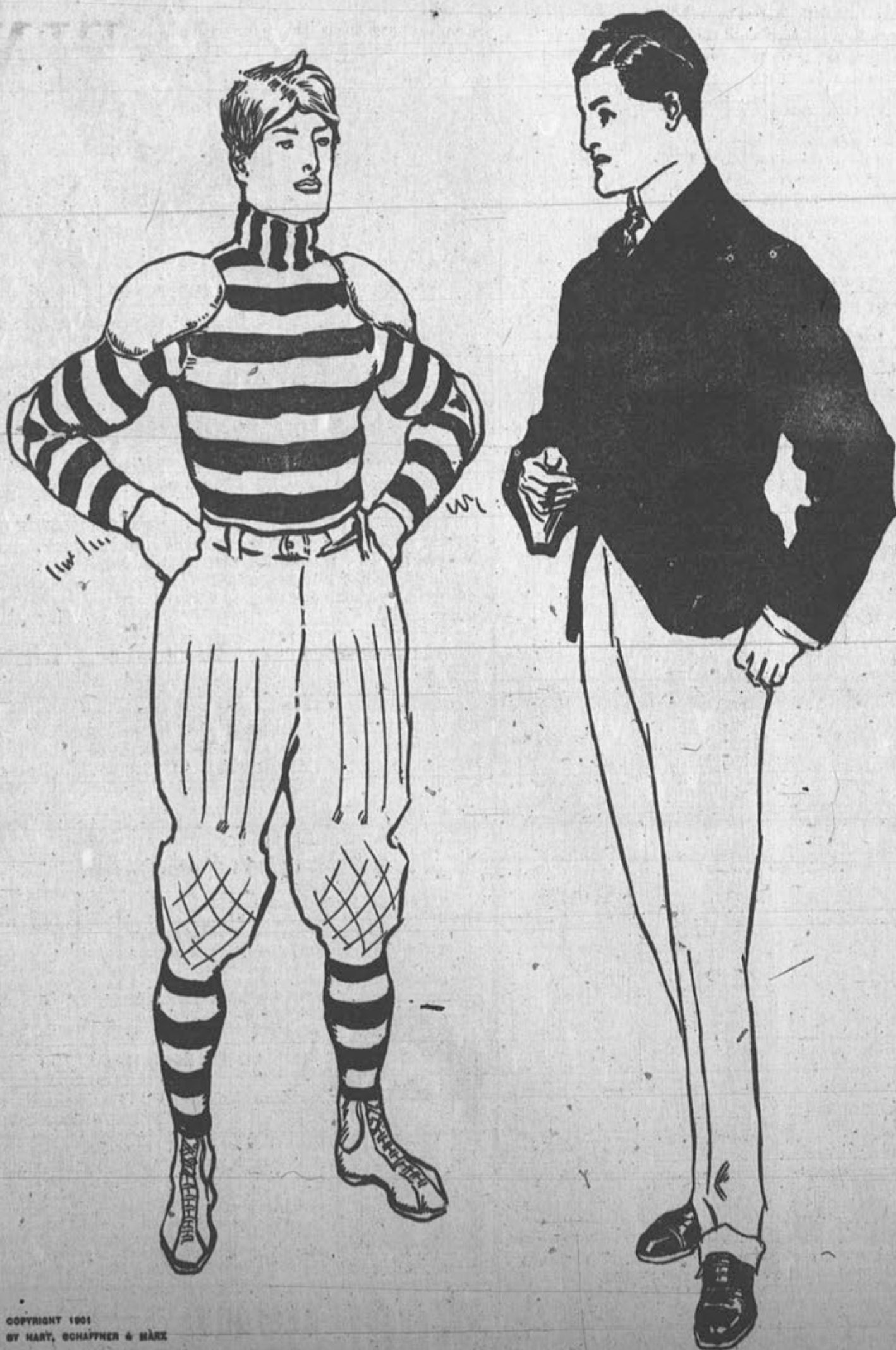
gerously ill at the home of his daughter in Ishpeming. Mr. Lathrop went to Lathrop, a station on the Northwestern road, more than a quarter century ago, and has been a continuous resident of the place during that period. He is seventy-five years of age.

Herr Most is sent to jail for a year for counseling murder. Let it be noted this has been done without any extraordinary legislation. Present laws have been found to be strong enough to fit this anarchist's case.

There is a rumor down in Ken-

tucky that Henry Watterson has his eye on the Democratic nomination for President in 1904. We cannot believe that so shrewd an editor would be content with a mere nomination, for the stars do not forecast Democratic success three years from next month.

Wayne county, where Senator O. B. Fuller's boom for lieutenant governor originated, is active in its efforts to secure his nomination. The people of Wayne appreciate the fact that this place properly belongs to the upper peninsula and they know of no better timber than our Senator.



Good Clothes Exhibit

Every man who reads this should come and see the array of good wearables we have ready for men of all ages and sizes. The special feature just now is our opening display of fine fall clothing—suits and overcoats,—from the famous shops of

Hart Schaffner & Marx

You know this celebrated clothing, at least by reputation; thousands know it by actual use as the best clothing in the world, ready to wear. You will find the

STYLE, FIT AND QUALITY

of the clothing we can show you equal to the best custom tailoring; as good clothes as any man, however particular, can ask for, or get, anywhere.

The low prices are an inducement; but the real reason for buying here is what you get, rather than what you pay. Better try on one of these suits or overcoats; you will say there's nothing better made.

The store is full of other good things; might as well see 'em all.

RATHFON BROS

Sellers of Good Clothing,

Masonic Block, Escanaba, Michigan.

THE IRON PORT

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

"LIKE AS A FATHER."

My little son sits with his gaudy playthings on the floor. And laughs and coos with infantile delight. As one by one, And o'er and o'er, He tosses them to left and right. His fair golden hair in the winter sun. 'Tis all so sweet and beautiful a sight. I watch him through the slightly open door. Idle, my work but just begun.

An hour ago, When last he saw me as I left him there, His little heart seemed broken with a woe. Beyond all hope of healing and repair; But now he does not seem to care That I am gone. "He does not even know. No swift despair. My jealous heart cries: 'Can it be He loves his silly playthings more than me?'"

But presently he hears my voice, Yet sees me not, No more, no more His trifling treasures are his choice, But, with insistent clamor, o'er and o'er He calls for me, and I rejoice That I was wrong in thinking he forgot.

And is it not like this, O Father mine, O Heavenly Father, whom I truly love, That sometimes dazed by earth's playthings for awhile, I seem to forget Thee for a time? And yet, when most absorbed and most beguiled, With old delight I hear above Life's wildest tumult, still and small, The voice I love the best of all, As with unsatiable desire Divine I leave my baubles for Thy heart of love. —George Edward Day, in S. S. Times.

The Greater Magic

Mlle. Doraminthe Brunette, the reins of her palfrey in her left hand, knelt on the greensward for a moment to admire an overturned beetle of the most gorgeous mail, which she had almost crushed in riding. The sun glints, that made of the beetle a glitter of crimson and blue, and of her hair, as she stooped down, a brown and gold wonder, struck down through a roof of rustling leaves. For all around the beech woods stretched, quiet and magical.

"But if the charming Doraminthe should discover—"

She started up at hearing herself so suddenly discussed. The voice she recognized as that of a certain M. Martin—one of the many men supposed to be languishing for her sake—a fool, nevertheless, and detestable. She judged from the sound that he must be hidden by a triple row of beeches. It was an impertinence to use her fore name—even with the epithet. If she should discover—what? Mlle. de Brunette had no wish to listen, but she stooped again to admire the beetle.

"She will not discover—"

Worse and worse. This was another reputed suitor speaking, de Beauflet by name, whom she disliked for a knave.



"I FEAR THAT, BY AN ACCIDENT, I INTRUDE."

He had an oily tongue, and drawled. It was to be kept a secret, then?

"But if we are compelled to shoot him?" questioned Martin.

"Why?" drawled de Beauflet, "the woods hold many things."

"You mean?" said the other.

"I mean that if he is shot, he will have shot himself. Why should he not? He moons about with a gun—unloaded—it is true—as I have taken care to ascertain; he thinks of her fascinating eyes, of her figure that entrances him. Very well—he comes to a bramble, still imagining his foot catches—the stumbles—puff! his gun goes off—he is shot. It will be very sad—"

De Beauflet ended with a jeering laugh.

"But then ours are pistols," objected the other.

"A gun may be discharged into a dead man," said de Beauflet, brutally. "And in any event there is no need to shoot him. Two pistols at a man's head—seeing, my friend—he may be excused if, under the circumstances, he gives a solemn promise to look no more upon the adorable Doraminthe."

"Suppose he broke the promise?" suggested Martin.

"He is a man of honor," said de Beauflet.

Perhaps it said more for the individual man than for the majority of her acquaintances, but Mlle. de Brunette, hearing this tribute, was so convinced of who was meant that she hardly heeded de Beauflet's concluding words: "A pig he is; be a mule he is, full of airs and graces after this tropical excitement he has tried, but once he has given his promise, de Vallon will keep it."

De Vallon? It seemed to her most true that Comte de Vallon was above all things a man of honor. Perhaps she did not quite like the strange power of his eyes, and it might be that he was brusque, though she remembered also how, a half—only a few days since—when there, with the fatality that was in vogue, had been comparing her hair

to sun-rays and her eyes to the stars, he also had burst into a most sudden compliment that sent the blush to her cheeks by reason of its vehement sincerity. He had forgotten—he said, looking into her eyes—that the stars were ever bright. And how—

Martin was questioning again uneasily—

"When De Vallon has left the country for—"

"Who is to possess the charming Doraminthe?"

"That," said de Beauflet, reassuringly, "we have agreed to decide between ourselves."

"Well, I am with you against de Vallon."

"Come, then—he will be somewhat at the end of this glade."

The two conspirators moved away down the beechen avenue.

Now many things may be fair in love, but for two rivals to agree together to discover a third by violent threats, if not by actual murder, seemed to Mlle. de Brunette in some way removed from equity. That they should dare, moreover, to establish themselves arbiters of her fate was intolerable.

A strife of voices broke the silence of the woods. It was clear that they had already encountered, and yet there was no pistol shot. Supposing the man of honor had already given his word? Her heart beat rapidly at the thought, and, without waiting, she mounted the palfrey and rode over the intervening space till only a thin line of bushes separated her from the three.

Truly, the woods were magical. She had expected to find De Vallon at least unarmed and a prisoner. Instead, as she looked through, she saw facing each other De Beauflet and Martin, vacancy in their faces, and pistols aimed directly at one another, while Comte de Vallon stood at one side. Just for a moment she fancied that she must have dreamed the whole conspiracy, for De Vallon was manifestly at his ease.

"You perceive, M. de Beauflet," he was saying, composedly, "that the pistol of M. Martin is directed at you?"

"Certainly," said de Beauflet, like one in a dream.

"And you, m'sieur," said the comte, turning his eyes on the other, "doubtless you observe that M. de Beauflet threatens you with his pistol?"

"I observe," said M. Martin, sleepily.

"Then, gentlemen—the comte's words flowed on in even monotony—"since you are agreed that the affair which you came out to settle must be carried to the end, and are good enough to treat me as your mutual second—which is the case, is it not?"

They both wagged their heads foolishly, without ceasing their waxy glare. They might have been statues, but that they held pistols. De Vallon went on:

"I shall count one—two—three—and at the word three—not before—you will fire!"

Again they wagged their heads. But De Vallon did not count. On the contrary, while Mlle. de Brunette was turning her palfrey's head, determined at last that there was no need of her presence, he having cast a long, stern look at each of the combatants in turn, which had, as it seemed, the effect of making them more rigid than before, stepped aside into the trees casually, and almost stumbled upon her. His face lit with surprise and pleasure, and he doffed to her with all the grace in the world.

"You, mademoiselle!" he said, simply, as if no more could be desired. She was vexed with herself at being discovered, and sat her palfrey with a charming haughtiness.

"I fear that, by an accident, I intrude," she said, coldly.

"Not in the least," he replied.

"But these gentlemen," she said, waving her hand in their direction—"I fear I interrupt them."

His eyes followed her hand, and, seeing the two standing there like storks, began to laugh.

"They do not appear to be interrupted," he said, suavely.

"But," she said, curiously, "you were about to give the word to fire?"

"Pardon me," he said, "no—"

"Then," she said, impatiently, "why this mummery? What is the meaning of it? I—I wish to know."

It was his turn to feel confused.

"Mademoiselle," he began, apologetically, "it is difficult to explain. These gentlemen came into the woods to shoot."

"Shoot—whom?"

"One whom they did the honor to suspect for a rival in the eyes of—the loveliest lady in the world."

"The rival?" she said.

"He has not the presumption to hope to be a rival."

"It is curious," she said, laughing constrainedly. "They come out to murder—this rival. I find them about to shoot each other. How is that explained?"

"It is because of a science," he said, "of controlling men's minds for a space, that I learned abroad."

"Black magic, rather," she said, sarcastically. "You have but to lift your eyes. No doubt it explains why these gentlemen deemed you a rival. You have but to lift your eyes—to this—very lovely lady—"

"To that lady," he said, "I dare not lift my eyes."

"In that case," she said, mischievously, "you are not likely to succeed in your wooing."

"I fear the awakening of these two most ferocious gentlemen," she said.

"And I must return. Perhaps, m'sieur, you will escort me and protect me?"

He went to her side, drawn by the greater magic.—Chicago Herald.

Lilacs Not Poplar.

"She who wears the lilac will never wear the wedding ring," runs the old English proverb, and although the scent of the flower is sweet and its tints are fresh and universally becoming, it is contraband among the village maidens of England.—Albany Argus.

COURT MOURNING.

Period of Grief in Various Countries Depends Entirely on Rank of Deceased.

Now that so many countries are plunged into grief over the loss of King Humbert of Italy and the duke of Saxe-Coburg, mourning such as prescribed by the court is being worn.

In England it is customary to mourn for our king or queen three months; for a son or daughter of our sovereign, such as is the case now for the duke of Saxe-Coburg, it is to be six weeks; for a brother or sister of a sovereign, only three weeks; for an uncle, aunt, nephew or niece, the court goes into mourning for two weeks; while from three to ten days is usual for a cousin, according to the relationship. The royal regulation for the first period is

MONUMENT ON A MOUNTAIN.

The Difficulty of Getting Heavy Stones for the Work to Lookout Mount's Crest.

A serious problem confronts the engineers in charge of the erection of the great New York peace memorial on the summit of Lookout mountain. The question is how to get the material for the monument to the top of the mountain, 2,000 feet above the surrounding country. The railroad which has been running to the top of the mountain as a freight line has been discontinued, and the rails will be sold for old iron.

It is unsafe even if it were in operation, the trestles and cross-ties being worn and rotten, says the Philadelphia Record. The track in its present condition will only safely

HON. JOHN BARRY STANCHFIELD.



After a rather hot fight between the Hill and Croker factions this gentleman was nominated for governor by the democrats of New York. He was born in March, 1855; received an academic and collegiate education, and entered upon the practice of law immediately after leaving college, beginning his legal career in the office of David B. Hill. In 1880 he was elected district attorney of Chemung county, and in 1886 became mayor of Elmira. In 1886 he was elected assemblyman and made his first appearance among the politicians at Albany. Although a strong personal friend of ex-Senator Hill, he was Tammany's choice at the recent convention.

a black dress, white gloves, black or white shoes, feather and fans, white pearls, diamonds or plain gold and silver ornaments may be worn, says the London Times. For the men, black court dress with black swords and buckles.

At the end of that period, which is generally a third of the whole, according to the rank of royalty being mourned for, the costume is changed, the ladies then wearing black dresses with colored ribbons, flowers, feathers, and ornaments, while the men remain as before until the court goes out of mourning. For the military and other royal servants a black crape band is fixed to the left arm for the time specified, while at night the handle of the sword is also to be enveloped in crape.

In different countries different mourning colors are used, but all over Europe black is universal.

Too Ignorant for Kansas.

A Kansas man en route to the Paris exposition declares that the only time

WHERE AMERICANS MAY WIN.

Portugal a Great Field for American Enterprise, Says Our Minister There.

There is a great field in Portugal for American enterprise, writes John N. Irwin, United States minister to that kingdom, in Success. Our manufacturers really ought to "prospect" in that little-known country. In the first place they are made most welcome.

STIRRING UP BOXERS WITH PUNCH AND JUDY.



In Chinese politics the value of caricature has been recognized for many years. The Punch and Judy show has the unique privilege of treating internal and foreign politics with the utmost freedom, and the secret societies of China have always availed themselves of those means to make proselytes, and the Boxers more so than all the rest. The pig always represents the missionary. The board stuck up is one of the semireligious and political drawings which the Boxers scatter broadcast over the country. The picture is from the London Illustrated News.

he ever really lost his nerve was when the sailors on the ship commenced to load up the lifeboats with water and biscuits. He says that he didn't know that this was done once a week in order to have the boats always in readiness, and felt sure a great storm was coming that would swamp them all.

"I was scared and asked the captain about it," he says, "and the captain laughed at me. That made me mad. These captains put on too much dog, anyway. There isn't one of them that could tell the difference between a self-binder and a strawstacker."

New York Indians Still Pagan.

Christianity has not made much progress among the Indians in New York state. There are now on the reservation there 4,850 Indians, and a missionary says at least five-eighths of them adhere to the old pagan religion, rites and superstitions.

Two Canals Binding Atlantic.

It is asserted that the future will see two canals binding the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean. The value of such connection cannot be too highly estimated. It will bring added prosperity to the nation, as surely as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters brings health to the dyspeptic. If you cannot get rid of your indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia or biliousness try the Bitters, and never accept anything in place of it if you wish to get well.

The trouble with the collar button is that it is such an upstart—it won't keep in its place.—Puck.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Everything of value in this world goes to the highest bidder.—Athenian Globe.

Marriage is an agreement full of disagreements.—Town Topics.

To admit your mistakes, is a sign that you have a little sense. A wise man can be convinced of an error; a fool, never.—Athenian Globe.

The Ohio physician who chased away a lot of small boys who were appropriating green apples from his orchard made a mistake in the choice of a profession.—Chicago Daily News.

Johnny—"Pa, what is the difference between a walker and a pedestrian?" Pa—"One has corns and wears tight shoes, but I forget which one it is."—Boston Transcript.

She—"I think your friend Rickey is so very entertaining; he is always making such dry remarks." Rickey's Rival—"Yes; one can't come anywhere near him but it's 'Let's go take something.'"—Richmond Dispatch.

Faithful Likeness.—Artist.—"Here is the portrait of your wife which—"

Mr. Richman—"Ah! It's very like her!"

Artist—"She—h'm—she didn't pay for it. She said you'd do that." Mr. Richman—"Ah! Still more like her!"—Philadelphia Press.

"None So Blind."—Miss Cutting—"I saw you in the car on your way home to dinner last evening." Mr. Comfort—"Strange, I didn't see you." Miss Cutting—"Not at all. I was standing just in front of where you were sitting."—Philadelphia Press.

Ferguson—"They now claim that kleptomania is a disease. That woman who was arrested for shoplifting yesterday is said to be suffering from it." Henderson—"So? I thought it was the shopkeepers who were the sufferers. But does she take anything for it?" Ferguson—"Take anything for it? Why, in one day she took three dress patterns, a silk umbrella, a silver bouquet-holder, eight spoons of cotton, three pairs of gloves, and a frying-pan."—Boston Transcript.

For Homekeepers.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y will sell regular Homekeepers' Excursion tickets to all points in South Dakota, at one fare plus \$2 for the round trip, on October 2, 1900. This will enable parties to visit the Corn Belt Exposition to be held in Mitchell, S. D., September 26 to October 4, 1900, inclusive. This exposition is held to demonstrate the great agricultural resources, wealth and possibilities of this thriving state. The exposition is held in a gorgeously decorated corn palace which for beauty can hardly be excelled anywhere by a building of a temporary nature. There are thousands of acres of cheap lands left in South Dakota that will, under the present conditions in that state, rapidly increase in price, and the holding of this corn palace with its many attractions, that both amuse and instruct, should be an opportunity that all land and investment seekers should embrace.

For further information apply to any ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y, or address Gen. H. Haafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

A Map of the United States for 15 Cents.

Our map, which is 48x34 inches, mounted to hang on the wall, is particularly interesting and valuable, as it shows in colors the different divisions of territory in America acquired since the Revolution. The original thirteen states, Louisiana, Purchase, the Texas Annexation, the Gadsden purchase, the cession by Mexico and the Northwest acquisitions by discovery and settlement. It will be sent postage prepaid on receipt of price, 15 cents. P. S. Eustis, General Passenger agent C. & O. R. R., Chicago, Ill.

Facts in the Case.

"Ah," he mused; "so Gen. Shottum is dead. Sic transit gloria mundi."

"But he died on Tuesday," responded the person, who was densely materialistic and did not know a classical quotation from a sardine label.—Baltimore American.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Ida—"Isn't she a bare-faced scoundrel?" May—"No, dear; her face is covered with paint."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. C. You can convict nearly anyone of being a fool.—Athenian Globe.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES contains either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly. Sold by all druggists.

How Mothers may Help their Daughters into Womanhood



Every mother possesses information of vital value to her young daughter. That daughter is a precious legacy, and the responsibility for her future is largely in the hands of the mother. The mysterious change that develops the thoughtless girl into the thoughtful woman should find the mother on the watch day and night. As she cares for the physical well-being of her daughter, so will the woman be, and her children also.

When the young girl's thoughts become sluggish, when she experiences headaches, dizziness, faintness, and exhibits an abnormal disposition to sleep, pains in the back and lower limbs, eyes dim, desire for solitude, and a dislike for the society of other girls, when she is a mystery to herself and friends, then the mother should go to her aid promptly. At such a time the greatest aid to nature is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It prepares the young system for the coming change, and is the surest reliance in this hour of trial.

The following letters from Miss Good are practical proof of Mrs. Pinkham's efficient advice to young women.

Miss Good asks Mrs. Pinkham for Help.

June 12th, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been very much bothered for some time with my monthly periods being irregular. I will tell you all about it, and put myself in your care, for I have heard so much of you. Each month menstruation would become less and less, until it entirely stopped for six months, and now it has stopped again. I have become very nervous and of a very bad color. I am a young girl and have always had to work very hard. I would be very much pleased if you would tell me what to do."—MISS PEARL GOOD, Cor. 29th Avenue and Yealar Way, Seattle, Wash.

The Happy Result.

February 10th, 1900.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough. It is just simply wonderful the change your medicine has made in me. I feel like another person. My work is now a pleasure to me, while before using your medicine it was a burden. To-day I am a healthy and happy girl. I think if more women would use your Vegetable Compound there would be less suffering in the world. I cannot express the relief I have experienced by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—MISS PEARL GOOD, Cor. 29th Avenue and Yealar Way, Seattle, Wash.

\$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonials letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., \$5,000, which will be paid to any person who can show the above testimonials to not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

OFFICIAL MINUTES

Board of Supervisors.

Escanaba, Mich., Oct. 14, 1901.—At the annual session of the Board of Supervisors of Delta County, Michigan, commenced and held at the Court house in the City of Escanaba on the second Monday of October, 1901, being the above date. The meeting was called to order by the chairman.

Present, Supervisors Bissell, Call, Cotton, Fuller, Harvey, Hutt, Lancaster, Olson, Oesterling and Peterson—10.

Absent, Supervisors Anderson, Besson, Darling, Davis, Devet, Dupont, Elliott, Embs, Foster, Kleiber, McLean, Narracong and Van Winkle—13.

No quorum being present, on motion of Supervisor Fuller the board adjourned until this afternoon at two o'clock.

A. P. SMITH, Clerk.

W. A. COTTON, Chairman.

Escanaba, Mich., Oct. 14th, 1901.—At a session of the Board of Supervisors of Delta County continued and held present to adjournment at the court house in the City of Escanaba, October 14, 1901. Meeting was called to order by the chairman.

Present, Supervisors Anderson, Berekman, Besson, Bissell, Call, Cotton, Darling, Davis, Devet, Dupont, Elliott, Embs, Foster, Fuller, Harvey, Hutt, Kleiber, Lancaster, McDonough, McLean, Narracong, Olson, Oesterling, Peterson and Van Winkle. Minutes of session held June 26th last and subsequent thereto read and approved. The clerk laid before the board a communication from the Auditor General, showing the amount of State tax apportioned to Delta County, being the sum of \$22,848.33. Accepted, ordered placed on file and referred to the finance committee. Also a communication from the Board of State Tax Commissioners relating to the ascertainment by the board of all taxes collected in the county for state, county, township and municipal purposes. Accepted and ordered placed on file.

The following communication from the Auditor General was received and read and the same was referred to the finance committee. State of Michigan, Department of Auditor General, Lansing, Michigan, October 10, 1901.—To the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors: I desire at this time to call attention to Section 24 of the General Tax Law, which requires that "all contiguous subdivisions of any section that are of equal value and are owned and occupied by one person, firm or corporation and all unimproved lots in any block that are of equal value and are contiguous and owned and occupied by one person, firm or corporation shall be assessed as one parcel unless demand in writing is made by an owner or occupant to have each subdivision of the section, or each lot assessed separately."

In many instances the several subdivisions of sections have been returned delinquent year after year and the clerical work and expense to the townships, counties and state increased four, eight or sixteen-fold by reason of the assessment in small tracts where this section indicates a grouping into one parcel. So far as possible in compliance with the manifest intention of the legislature in the above section the lands should be grouped in making up the assessment rolls.

In response to numerous inquiries that have been made with regard to disposition of lands rejected and charged back by this department it has been deemed advisable to make the following general statement thereon: The county treasurer is directed by the provisions of Section 96 of the General Tax Law to lay before your board a statement of rejected taxes prepared and forwarded to him by this department and it becomes the duty of your board under this provision of the statute to cause the taxes to be reassessed upon the same lands in this year's roll unless rejected or charged back for the reason that the land was not subject to taxation at the time of assessment or the taxes had been paid or there had been a double assessment thereof. If such taxes cannot be properly reassessed upon the same lands it is provided that the Board of Supervisors shall cause the same to be reassessed upon the taxable property of the proper township.

In acting upon this rejected list your board must take into consideration the requirement that such taxes can be reassessed only upon the lands that bore the original assessment as shown by the list sent your county treasurer or upon the property at large in the township or city where the lands are located. When the taxes in this list can be

reassessed on the same lands that were covered by the original assessment, such assessment must show the year's taxes and each item of tax under the same heading as originally assessed, and no additional tax, interest or expense can be included in the reassessment.

All taxes in this list that cannot be reassessed on the same land should be assessed against and on the property of the township or city or assessing district where the lands are located under the heading of "Rejected taxes."

The items of interest and charges shown on the list cannot be included in the reassessment against any description but must be included in the amount to be raised by the several townships and cities for their general fund and assessed on the property of the assessing district where the lands lie.

The above suggestion with regard to grouping descriptions is made in the belief that your assessing officers can very materially lower the town, county and state expenses in the collection of taxes upon these descriptions and should do so under the statute.

The suggestions regarding "rejected taxes" will, I am sure, assist your board in disposing of the matters so that the taxes and expenses may not again be charged back to your county by reason of irregularity or error in the re-assessment.

Very respectfully,

PERRY F. POWERS,

Auditor General.

The clerk presented the following communication from the board of county road commissioners:

To the Board of Supervisors of Delta County, Gentlemen: I herewith respectfully submit to your honorable body a certified copy of a report and resolution adopted by the County Road Commissioners at their meeting held October 8th, 1901.

Moved by Commissioner Gasman and duly supported that the following report and resolutions be adopted by this board and the clerk is hereby instructed to make a certified copy thereof and present the same to the board of supervisors at the annual meeting held on the second Monday of October, 1901.

Escanaba, Mich., Oct. 12th, 1901.—To the Board of Supervisors of the County of Delta, Gentlemen:

We, the County Board of Road Commissioners of Delta county, herewith respectfully submit our report for the past year.

The expenditures of this board from October 1st, 1900, to Oct. 1st, 1901, are as follows:

Right of way for changing route of Bark River road, \$144 00
Ditching Bark River road, 975 44
Labor, etc., Bark River road, 1901 95
Gravel and culvert timbers, 140 00
Maple Ridge road, 710 52
Road roller, 150 00
Miscellaneous, 553 29
Total amount expended, \$4575 20

Acting under the recommendation of your body, this board has returned to the townships of Garden, Nahma, Fairbanks and Sac Bay the following amounts of the road tax of 1900 collected in said towns:

Nahma, \$251 45
Garden, 251 34
Fairbanks, 61 28
Sac Bay, 27 20
Total, \$591 27

In Maple Ridge township we have built and practically completed one and one-fourth miles of road running parallel with the right of way of the Chicago and North-Western Railway.

In Bark River township we have practically completed two miles of road and one and one-fourth miles in addition thereto is passable and can be used for travel, but some work remains to be done on the same to put it in good condition. Work is progressing on the same. What work we have done on the Bark River road this season has shortened the route between Escanaba and Menominee county line at least two miles. Among the improvements we contemplate the coming season are the painting of the Ford River bridge and the repair of the Bark River road from said bridge to the Escanaba city limits.

We respectfully request the personal inspection by your board of supervisors, by committee or otherwise, of the work done on the roads by the direction of this board during the past year.

Your board of road commissioners respectfully recommend that there be levied a tax of two mills on the dollar on the taxable property of Delta county for the year 1901.

Therefore be it resolved, That the foregoing be adopted and a certified copy thereof be laid before the board of Supervisors at the annual

meeting in October, 1901.

The foregoing was unanimously adopted. Ayes, Commissioners Gasman, Lenzi and Jepsen. Nays, none. State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss:

I, A. P. Smith, County Clerk and ex-officio clerk of the Board of County Road Commissioners of Delta County, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing transcript from the proceedings of the Board of County Road Commissioners with the original record thereof now in my office, and that the same is a correct transcript therefrom.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of Delta County this 12th day of October, 1901.

A. P. SMITH, Clerk.

The same was received, ordered filed and referred to the finance committee.

Moved by Supervisor Dupont and duly seconded, that a special committee of five be appointed by the chairman to make an inspection of the work done during the past year by the Board of County Road Commissioners, to which motion Supervisor Berekman offered an amendment that the inspection be confined at the present time to the Bark River road, which amendment was duly carried. Ayes, unanimous.

The original motion as amended was then adopted, Ayes, unanimous. The chairman appointed as such committee Supervisors Dupont, Berekman, Besson, McDonough and Oesterling.

The annual report of Emil Glaser and Frederick Huber as Justices of the Peace was received and filed and referred to the proper committee.

The following communication was received and read and ordered filed.

Escanaba, Mich., October 14th, 1901.—To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Delta County, Mich. Gentlemen: We beg leave to submit to your honorable board the following report:

County of Delta, State of Mich., ss: D. A. Oliver and William Firkus of the City of Escanaba, in said county, being duly sworn, depose and say that they are the president and secretary, respectively, of the Delta County Agricultural Society, a society organized and incorporated by some of the inhabitants of said county, and existing under the laws of the state of Michigan since the 27th day of November, 1894; for the advancement of agriculture, manufacture and the mechanic's arts; deponents each for himself further says that, said Delta County Agricultural Society has raised for the year 1901, the sum of two hundred dollars and over to wit: The sum or three hundred dollars for the promotion of the above objects in said Delta county, Michigan.

D. A. OLIVER, WM. FIRKUS.

State of Michigan, County of Delta, Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of Oct., A. D., 1901.

T. B. WHITE, Notary Public, Delta Co., Mich.

The sheriff's annual report of matters in connection with the county jail, showing the number of prisoners confined in the jail during the year ending June 30th, 1901, with a general summary of the same showing the crimes and offenses for which they are committed and other matters relating thereto, was received and ordered filed.

Moved by Supervisor Darling and seconded by Supervisor McDonough that the chairman appoint a committee of three to negotiate sale of the old county jail, receive bids for the same separately for the building, steel work and real estate, negotiate for the sale thereof and report at the next meeting. The chairman appointed Supervisors Darling, Van

Winkle and Bissell and the prosecuting attorney to act in conjunction with the said committee.

Report of T. B. White, Judge of Probate, of the indigent persons committed to the insane asylums from this county during the past year was received, read and ordered filed.

The County Treasurer submitted his report from Jan. 1st, 1901, to Oct. 1st, 1901, and the same was received and referred to the finance committee.

On motion the board adjourned until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

A. P. SMITH, Clerk.

W. A. COTTON, Chairman.

At a session of the Board of Supervisors of the county of Delta continued and held pursuant to adjournment at the court house on the 15th day of October, 1901.

Meeting called to order by the Chairman. All the Supervisors present except Supervisor McLean. Minutes of yesterday's sessions read and approved.

Communication from the soldier's relief commission read and ordered filed.

Moved by Supervisor Van Winkle and duly supported that a special committee of three be appointed by the chairman to take into consideration what fixtures and appendages are necessary for furnishing the new sheriff's residence and county jail. Ayes, unanimous.

The Chairman appointed as such committee Supervisors Fuller, Van Winkle and Lancaster.

Moved by Supervisor Bissell and seconded by Supervisor Van Winkle that the following resolution be adopted:

Resolved, That the Board recommend to the County Road Commissioners that the county tax raised in the townships of Nahma, Garden, Fairbanks and Sac Bay for the year 1901 be refunded to said townships. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Continued next week.

Small-pox is reported to exist in twenty places in the upper peninsula. An epidemic is feared this winter.

SHOPPERS' GUIDE.

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Handsome Furniture

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DEPARTMENT STORE.

Escanaba, Michigan.

The growth of the business of The Fair Savings Bank in the last three years would very likely be a surprise to you were you to see it in figures. Three years ago this fall this store opened for business and then employed about seventeen salespeople and help. To day we employ upward of sixty people and all are kept busy taking care of our big trade.

PRICES ALWAYS THE LOWEST.

Now why this rapid growth in business? Our customers must certainly find the right goods at the right price and must get proper treatment. If we find a bargain ourselves we give our customers the same bargain. If you become a customer here our aim is by proper treatment to keep you a customer. Visit our special sales and we are satisfied you will quickly be convinced that this store is the people's friend.

Follow the Crowds and you will Always Land at the Fair Savings Bank. Here you Always find Something New

Clothing Department



6 Days Bargains.

Men's fleece lined Underwear, heavy weight	.27
Men's medium weight, natural tan underwear	.75
Men's heavy wool Sox, grey or white sale price	.17
Single or double breasted blue flannel shirts	.79
Men's Jersey Overshirts, all colors sale price	.39
Men's all wool worsted sweaters, all combination colors, lace front, 2.50 value for 6 days	1.00
Men's canvas Gloves with muleskin facings	.15
Men's blue or red Handkerchiefs sale price	.03

Men's flanellette Nightrobes, for 6 days at	.50
Men's Kitchener Overcoat, the new Oxford grey, special value for 6 days	10.00
Boy's Kitchener Overcoat, special value for 6 days at	8.50
Boy's brown Ubinchilla Reefer with velvet collar, sizes 3 to 8 years	2.00
Boy's Chinchilla Reefer with large storm collars, 10 to 16 years at	2.50

Special marked down prices for this 6 days sale on the very goods you need at this time of the year, the most seasonable fall and winter goods right now in the very heart of the season when the soon coming cold weather compels you to dress warmer.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs for	1.00
Regardless of the advance in soaps, Salinsky's Best for this sale only, 8 bars for	25c
Our Fair Savings Bank select bulk Coffee, worth 20c lb, sale	16c
Pure Leaf Lard, bulk, per lb	11 1-2c
Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz	19c
Fancy full cream Cheese, for this sale	12 1-2

Second Floor Snaps

No. 9 Heavy Tin Wash Boiler with extra heavy copper-bottom and patent coils, at	1.19
F. S. B. Gas Mantles	10c
25 feet Fishing Lines	3c
15 " " "	1c
120-page 6x9 Pencil Tablets	2 1-2c
2-oz bottle Carter's Black Ink	3c
3 Pencils, good lead, cedar finish	1c
Patent Stove Pipe	12c
16-inch Floor Scrub Rubbers	25c
Glycerine Soap, 6 cakes for	25c
True Blue Tar Soap, 6 for	25c
Best American Mop Wringer	69c
Cork Inner Soles, 10c kind	5c
Jap-O-Jet makes old stovepipe look new	14c
Fire Test Gas Chimneys	8c
Coal Scuttles	25c
6-foot high Clothes Racks	69c
Glass Butter Dishes	10c
Whips at	8c
Fire Shovels	5c
Artic Stove Lid Lifters	8c

Shoe Department

New Hand Crocheted Lamb's Wool Sole Slippers, all colors: Men's 1.19, Women's 97c, Misses' 79c, Children's 69c boys' and girls' School Shoes, the kind that will stand the hardest kind of wear for 1.25

Cloak, Fur, Tailor-Made Suits



25 new styles of Reglans, Automobiles, Newmarkets and Norfoks, just received this week. Call and see them.

Another shipment of those 42-inch Autos, like cut, each

\$10.00



We are showing the only complete line of Fancy Colored Kersey Capes in the city. Over 25 styles now in stock to choose from. Also about 50 styles of fine black Kersey Capes.

New lot of 27-in. Box Coats just received.

Jackets the same as this cut in fine all wool Kersey in blue, brown, castor, tan, red or black, for just

\$5.00

Children's Automobile Coats, same shape as cut, in navy blue or castor color, lined throughout and well made of fine melton cloth, any size,

\$3.95

Special Display

SATURDAY, OCT. 19.

Mr. J. H. Litchig, the traveling salesman for the Stern Cloak Co., of Cleveland, will be at the Fair Savings Bank all day Saturday, Oct. 19, with a full line of the latest styles in Jackets and Capes. Special orders will be taken for any style garment.

FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.

Couches upholstered in velour, spring seat and fringed	6.48
Largest size Couches, fancy and quarter sawed and polished oak frames, upholstered in heavy velour	14.75
Divans, with frames of genuine mahogany, upholstered in silk tapestry for	12.00, 14.00 and 16.00
We also have a large assortment of fancy odd chairs, the latest patterns out, which we offer for this week at a big reduction.	
Parlor tables, solid oak and polished, 24x24-inch top	2.35
Parlor Tables of select quarter sawed oak, highly polished shaped top	3.75
White Enamel Easies	1.00
Big bargains in wall paper. Must have room for new stock.	

Our drug department is most complete and prices correspond with those in our other departments. Big reductions here.

Dry Goods Department

Ladies' and Children's New Golf Gloves.



Fine all wool fancy knit Golf Gloves for children in red, grey, navy, castor, white and mixed colors, best quality, pr	.25
Fine all wool Golf Gloves for Ladies in all plain and mixed colors, good quality	.25
Imported Scotch Golf Gloves for ladies, the best qualities made in all plain colors and mixed fancies	.45
Boys and girls heavy wool school mittens, all sizes, per pair	.10
Ladies' and Misses' red ribbed double mittens, a new fad, all sizes	.25
Ladies' double ribbed wool Mittens, extra quality, 50 dozen for this sale don't fail to see them, a regular 25c quality, pr	.10

LADIES' DRESSING SACQUES

Made of Eiderdown, crocheted edge all round satin ribbon ties in pink, blue, red, grey, tan and navy, all sizes

69c



COMFORTERS

Extra large comforters made of best silkline and filled with fine pure white batting, tied by hand with Germantown yarn	1.45
One table of dress goods to close out this week. About 60 pieces of all kinds in both plain and fancy, colored and black goods. We want some room, that's why prices were from 45c to 65c a yard take your choice per yd	.39



Extra double Thread Turkish Towels, large size, 25 dozen for this sale each	.05
Heavy double Thread Turkish Towels, size 22x45 inches, this sale	.09
Very large fancy White Marseilles 23x45 inches, this sale	.09

NEW FLANNEL WAISTS.

Hundreds of new styles.

Fancy Vicuna flannel Waists, latest styles, all colors	.69
Extra fine black Mercerized Satin Waists, tucked, looks like silk, sizes 32 to 44	1.19
Fine Fancy French Flannel Waists, fancy fronts, made in latest style, all col.	2.45



SPECIAL.

We have about 50 silk waists for ladies, in fancy colors and also black. These range in price from \$3.00 to 6.45 each. Now here is a bargain.



These Waists are Left Over From Last Season But They are Bargains.

Lot I...Colored or black, silk Waists that sold from \$3.00 up to 4.00, all go at this sale at, each	.95
Lot II...Colored or black silk Waists that sold from \$5.00 to \$5.95 go at this sale at	1.95
Lot III...Colored or black fancy silk Waists that sold from \$5.95 to 6.95 go at this sale at	2.95

THE IRON PORT.

THIRTY-SECOND YEAR

ESCANABA MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, OCT. 19, 1901.

NUMBER 42

COMMON COUNCIL

Escanaba, Oct. 15th, 1901.—The semi-monthly meeting of the common council of the city of Escanaba was held in the council chamber Tuesday evening, October 15th, 1901.

Present, the Mayor and Aldermen Beck, Edoin, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Lucas, Magher, McMartin, Priester, Valentine, White and Wright—11.

The minutes of the meetings of October 1st, 1901, and October 3rd, 1901, were read, and upon motion of Alderman McMartin they were approved as read. Ayes, unanimous.

Alderman Defnet entered and took his seat.

The following ordinance offered by Alderman Lucas was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Beck, Defnet, Edoin, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Lucas, Magher, McMartin, Priester, Valentine, White and Wright—12.

ORDINANCE No. 99.

Sec. 1. Whereas, this Council in the month of September, 1901, determined upon the amount to be levied in the next general tax levy, and on the 17th day of September, 1901, passed an ordinance termed "The Annual Appropriation Bill," making therein provision for and appropriating the several amounts specified therein, required to defray the expenditures and liabilities of the corporation for the next fiscal year, and ordering the same to be levied upon all the taxable property of the City of Escanaba at the next general tax levy, being Ordinance No. 98, and which said ordinance by an oversight was inadvertently declared to be passed upon a majority vote of all the aldermen elect voting therefor, instead of a majority vote of two-thirds of all the aldermen elect as required by the statute governing the passage of such ordinances, which said ordinance so passed as aforesaid, is as follows:

ORDINANCE No. 98.
THE CITY OF ESCANABA ORDAINS.

Sec. 1. For the purpose of making provision for defraying the expenses and liabilities of the City of Escanaba for the fiscal year beginning on the first Monday in March, A. D. 1902, the total money received by the city in taxation shall be divided into the several funds and amounts as follows:

Contingent fund.....	\$ 6000 00
Fire ".....	5000 00
Street ".....	11000 00
Police ".....	3500 00
Water ".....	6000 00
Interest and sinking fund.....	6000 00
Salaries.....	4900 00
Sewer fund.....	3100 00
Park.....	1000 00
Total.....	\$46000 00

General fund, all monies received by the city not herein otherwise provided for.

Sec. 2. The sum of three (3) mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation shall be levied upon all the taxable property of the City of Escanaba for the purpose of paying the funded debt of the city and the interest thereon.

Sec. 3. The sum of one per cent. on the dollar of the assessed valuation of the property of the City of Escanaba for the year 1902, shall be levied upon all the taxable property of the City of Escanaba at the next general tax levy for the purpose of maintaining the Public Schools of the City.

Approved September 17th, 1901.
M. K. BISSELL, Mayor. H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

Sec. 4. Now, therefore, for the purpose of reaffirming, ratifying and making valid the action of this council in passing said Ordinance No. 98, the City of Escanaba ordains that this ordinance be passed in words and figures similar to said Ordinance No. 98, to be known as Ordinance No. 99.

Sec. 5. For the purpose of making provision for defraying the expenses and liabilities of the City of Escanaba for the fiscal year beginning on the first Monday in March, A. D. 1902, the total monies received by the city in taxation shall be divided into the several funds and amounts as follows:

Contingent fund.....	\$ 6000 00
Fire ".....	5000 00
Street ".....	11000 00
Police ".....	3500 00
Water ".....	6000 00
Interest and sinking fund.....	6000 00
Salaries.....	4900 00
Sewer fund.....	3100 00
Park.....	1000 00
Total.....	\$46000 00

Sec. 6. The sum of three (3) mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation shall be levied upon all the taxable property of the City of Escanaba for the purpose of paying the funded debt of the city and the interest thereon.

Sec. 7. The sum of one per cent. on the dollar of the assessed valuation of the property of the City of Escanaba for the year 1902 shall be levied upon all the taxable property of the City of Escanaba at the next general tax levy for the purpose of maintaining the public schools of the city.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the 17th day of October, 1901.

Approved October 15th, 1901.
M. K. BISSELL, Mayor. H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

The foregoing ordinance was passed and adopted by the City Council at its regular meeting held in the council chamber Tuesday, October 15th, 1901, by a concurring yeas and nays vote of two-thirds of all the aldermen elect, as follows: to wit: Yeas, Beck, Defnet, Edoin, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Lucas, Magher, McMartin, Priester, Valentine, White and Wright—12. Nays, none.

Resolved, That the mayor and clerk of the city of Escanaba be, and are hereby authorized to execute and deliver on behalf of the city of Escanaba to John W. Lawson, a contract for the building of the city hall for the sum of \$28,590.00, the council at its last meeting having accepted the bid of the said John W. Lawson, upon the execution and delivery to the said mayor and clerk of two bonds with sufficient sureties to be approved by them, one running to the city of Escanaba in the penal sum of \$5,000.00, conditioned for the faithful performance of said contract, and another running to the people of the state of Michigan in the penal sum of \$1,000.00, conditioned for payment of all labor performed, and material furnished in the construction of said building, in accordance with the terms of the statute.

Further, That the said mayor and clerk be authorized to execute on behalf of the city of Escanaba a contract to Timothy Killian for the construction of sewers in the alleys between Harrison avenue and Wolcott street, and Wolcott street and Campbell street, from Ogden avenue to Hale street, for the sum of 67c per lineal foot for the sewers, \$57.00 for each manhole, and \$7.50 for each lamp post, the said council having heretofore accepted the bid of the said Timothy Killian delivering to the said mayor and clerk a bond with sufficient sureties to be approved by them in the penal sum of \$500.00 running to the city of Escanaba and conditioned for the faithful performance of said work.

Upon motion of Alderman Lehr the liquor dealer bond of Louis Wurth was accepted. Ayes, unanimous.

Moved by Alderman Valentine \$5000.00 be transferred from the general fund to the credit of the street fund. The motion prevailed by the following vote: Ayes, Beck, Defnet, Edoin, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Lucas, Magher, McMartin, Priester, Valentine, White and Wright—12.

The following ordinance offered by Alderman Lucas was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Beck, Defnet, Edoin, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Lucas, Magher, McMartin, Priester, Valentine, White and Wright—12.

ORDINANCE No. 100.

To provide for the issue of bonds of the City of Escanaba, Michigan, to the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00) for the purpose of providing funds for the erection of a city hall.

Whereas, at a special city election duly called in the City of Escanaba, Michigan, on August the 12th, 1901, more than two-thirds of the electors of said city voting on the question, voted in favor of the proposition to bond the city in the sum \$25,000.00 for the purpose of erecting a public building to be used for a city hall, city offices and fire department it purposes such building to be designated as a "City Hall." Now therefore

The City of Escanaba ordains:

Sec. 1. That there shall be and there is hereby ordered and directed to be issued the negotiable coupon bonds of the City of Escanaba, to the amount of \$25,000.00 for the purpose of providing funds for erecting therein a public building to be used for a city hall, city offices and fire department purposes. Such building to be designated a "City Hall." Said bonds shall be designated "City hall bonds", shall fifty (50) in number, numbered from 1 to 50 inclusive, and of the denomination of \$500.00 each, they shall bear date of October 1st, 1901, and shall become due and payable thirty years after date.

They shall bear interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on April 1st and October 1st in each year, which interest payments shall be evidenced by proper coupons attached to each bond, and both principal and interest shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America at the banking house of the First National Bank in the city of Chicago, Illinois.

Sec. 2. That each of said bonds and each of the coupons thereto attached shall be in substantially the following form, to wit:

United States of America
County of Delta.
State of Michigan
City of Escanaba

No. City Hall Bond \$500.00

Know all men by these presents: That the City of Escanaba, in the County of Delta, State of Michigan, acknowledges itself to owe; and for value received hereby promises to pay to bearer the sum, five hundred dollars on October 1st, A. D. 1931, together with interest on said sum from the date hereof until paid, at the rate four and one half per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of April and October in each year upon presentation and surrender of the interest coupons hereto attached, as they severally become due. Both principal and interest payable in lawful money of the United States of America, at the banking house of the First National Bank in the city of Chicago, Ill., and for the prompt payment of this bond, with interest as aforesaid at maturity, the full faith, credit and resources of said city are hereby irrevocably pledged.

This bond is issued by said city for the purpose of providing funds for the erection of a public building in and for said city, to be used for a city hall, city offices and fire department purposes, in accordance with more than a two-thirds majority vote of the electors of said city

voting at a special election duly called and held therein on August 12th, 1901, and pursuant to and in full compliance with the provisions of an Act of Legislature of the State of Michigan, entitled "an Act to provide for the incorporation of cities of the Fourth class" approved May 27th, 1895 and all acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto. This bond, together with the interest thereon, is payable out of the general public building fund and the interest and sinking fund of said city.

And it is hereby certified and recited, that all acts, conditions, and things, required by the laws and Constitution of the State of Michigan, to be done precedent to and in the issue of this bond, have been properly done and performed in the regular and due form and time as required by law; and that the total indebtedness of said city, including this bond, does not exceed any constitutional or statutory limitations.

In Testimony Whereof, The said city of Escanaba has caused its corporate seal to be hereto affixed, and this bond to be signed by its mayor, and countersigned and registered by its city clerk, this first day of October, A. D. 1901.

M. K. BISSELL, Mayor.
Countersigned and registered.
H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.
(Form of Coupon.)

No. \$11.25

The city of Escanaba, in the county of Delta, and state of Michigan, will pay to bearer the sum of Eleven and 25-100 dollars lawful money of the United States of America at the Banking house of the First National Bank in the city of Chicago, Ill., for semi-annual interest due that day on its city hall bond, dated October 1st, 1901. No.

H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

Sec. III. That said bonds shall be signed by the Mayor of the City and countersigned and registered by the city clerk, with the corporate seal of the city affixed and the coupons shall be signed by the original or fac simile signature of the city clerk, and when executed said bonds shall be delivered by the city treasurer to Derritt, Tremble & Co., the purchasers of the same from the city council and the proceeds derived from such sale shall be used solely for the purpose for which said bonds recite they are being issued.

Sec. IV. That all ordinances or resolutions or parts thereof, in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. V. That this ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage and legal publication.

M. K. BISSELL, Mayor. H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

The following ordinance offered by Alderman Lucas, supported by Alderman Defnet, was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Beck, Defnet, Edoin, Kirkpatrick, Lehr, Lucas, Magher, McMartin, Priester, Valentine White and Wright—12. Nays, none.

ORDINANCE No. 101.

To authorize the issue of \$15,000.00 of refunding bonds of the City of Escanaba, Michigan.

Whereas, it is deemed necessary by the council of the city of Escanaba, Michigan, to extend the time of payment of \$15,000.00 in amount of the bonds of such city which fell due in the year 1900, \$5000.00 in amount of said bonds being street improvement bonds which matured on July 1st, 1900, and \$1000.00 in amount being sewer bonds, which matured on September 1st, 1900, and to issue new bonds of the city in place of said former bonds in such manner as merely to change but not to increase the indebtedness of said city. Now therefore.

The City of Escanaba ordains:

Sec. 1. That there shall be and there is hereby ordered and directed to be issued the negotiable coupon bonds of the City of Escanaba, Mich., to the amount of \$15,000.00 for the purpose of extending the time of payment of a like amount of the former bonds of said city falling due in such manner as merely to change but not to increase the indebtedness of said city: Said new bonds shall be designated "Refunding Bonds;" shall be thirty (30) in number, numbered from one to thirty inclusive, and of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) each; shall bear date of October 1st, 1901, and shall become due and payable twenty (20)

years after date. They shall bear interest at the rate of four (4) per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on April 1st and October 1st in each year, which interest payments shall be evidenced by proper coupons attached to each bond and both principal and interest shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America at the banking house of the First National Bank in the city of Chicago, Ill.

Section II. That each of said refunding bonds and each of the coupons thereto attached shall be in substantially the following form to-wit:

United States of America.
State of Michigan, County of Delta.
City of Escanaba.

Refunding Bond.

No. \$500.00

Know All Men By These Presents: That the City of Escanaba, in the county of Delta and state of Michigan, acknowledges itself to owe, and for value received hereby promises to pay to bearer the sum of Five Hundred Dollars, lawful money of the United States of America, on October 1st, A. D. 1921, together with interest on said sum from the date hereof until paid at the rate of Four (4) per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of April and October in each year upon presentation and surrender of the interest coupons hereto attached; as they severally become due; both principal and interest payable at the banking house of the First National Bank in the city of Chicago, Ill., and for the prompt payment of this bond with interest as aforesaid at maturity, the full faith, credit and resources of said city are hereby irrevocably pledged.

This bond is issued by said city for the purpose of extending the time of payment of a like amount of former bonds falling due in such manner as merely to change, but not increase the indebtedness of said city, pursuant to and in full compliance with the provisions of Section 25 of Chapter 30 of Act of the Legislature of the state of Michigan, entitled, "An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities of the fourth class," approved May 27th, 1895, and all acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto. This bond and the interest thereon is payable out of the interest and sinking fund of said city, and it is hereby certified and recited that all acts, conditions and things required by the laws and constitution of the state of Michigan to be done precedent to and in the issue of this bond have been properly done, happened and been performed in regular and due form and time as required by law. That the former bonds falling due for the extension of the time of payment of which this bond is issued were valid and binding obligations of said city; that the indebtedness of said city was not and is not increased by the issue hereof and that the total indebtedness of said city including this bond does not exceed any constitutional or statutory limitation.

In testimony whereof the said city of Escanaba has caused its corporate seal to be hereto affixed and this bond to be signed by its mayor and countersigned and registered by its city clerk this first day of October, A. D. 1901.

M. K. BISSELL, Mayor. H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

Countersigned and registered
H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.
(Form of Coupon.)

No. \$10.00

The City of Escanaba, in the county of Delta and state of Michigan will pay to the bearer the sum of ten dollars (\$10.00) lawful money of the United States of America at the banking house of the First National Bank of the city of Chicago, Ill., for semi-annual interest due that day on its refunding bond of October 1st, A. D. 1901.

H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

Sec. 3. That said bonds shall be signed by the mayor of said city and countersigned and registered by the city clerk with the corporate seal of the city affixed and the coupons shall be signed by the original or fac simile signature of the city clerk and when so executed, said bonds shall be delivered to the city treasurer to Devitt Tremble & Co., Chicago, Ill., the purchasers of the same from the city council, upon his receiving therefor; provided, however, that such bonds shall be delivered only as the former bonds of the city for the extension of the time of payment of

which the refunding bonds hereby authorized are being issued are paid and cancelled so that by the delivery of the bonds hereby authorized or any of them the indebtedness of said city shall not at any time be increased.

Sec. IV. That this ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage and legal publication.

M. K. BISSELL, Mayor. H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

Upon motion of Alderman Lucas, the meeting adjourned until Oct. 22nd, 1901. Ayes, unanimous.

H. J. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

OBITUARY MENTION.

After a lingering illness extending over a period of nine months, Mrs. Jane L. Bushnell died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Stanley Tyrrell of Charlotte street, Tuesday morning, the cause of her demise being heart trouble and dropsy.

The deceased was a native of Vermont, and came west in 1868, locating temporarily at Marquette where her brother, A. Lathrop of this county, was then connected with the iron industry. One year later Mrs. Bushnell came to Escanaba, where she resided almost continually up to the time of her death. She was the mother of H. L. Bushnell of Gladstone.

Andrew Holmberg of Jennie street died on Tuesday of cancer of the stomach, aged 56 years, leaving a family consisting of a wife and several children. The deceased had been confined to his home for nearly a year, and was a great sufferer.

CONTRACT AWARDED.

Work at Rapid River Oil Field Will Begin Forthwith.

Perry G. Hibbard, local manager of the Michigan Oil company, whose explorations are near Rapid River, was in the city on Monday, and to a representative of The Iron Port said the contract for drilling had been let, and that the work would be commenced within a few days. Machinery is now arriving at the property.

At the Wagner location, in Little Bay de Noc township, operations were resumed on Tuesday after a delay of several days on account of an accident. At a depth of 700 feet the drill was lost, and after recovering it repairs were necessary. The work is now progressing very satisfactorily. The drill is now working in sandstone.

RECTIFY OVERSIGHT.

Annual Appropriation Bill Again Passed by the Council.

In September last the common council determined upon the amount necessary to be raised in the next general tax levy passing an ordinance termed "The Annual Appropriation Bill," but by an oversight the ordinance was declared passed, a two-thirds vote of all the aldermen elect is required by the statute governing the passage of such ordinance, and at the meeting in September only seven, or a majority of the aldermen present, voted on the ordinance. This matter was presented to the council and rectified at Tuesday night's session, at which twelve of the fourteen aldermen were present and noted for the adoption of the ordinance.

FAIR GETS NO HELP.

No Tax Levy is Made by County Board for Agricultural Purposes.

The Delta County Agricultural society will receive no financial assistance from the county next year. The president and secretary of the association filed the necessary notice with the board, making affidavit that \$300 had been raised during the year of 1901 for the promotion and "advancement of agriculture, manufacture and the mechanic's arts," but the supervisors failed to act upon it, and as a consequence there will be about \$800 less money in the treasury of that organization the coming year.

VIOLATE LIQUOR LAW.

Masonville Parties Arrested for Selling Without License.

David and Archie Lancoeur of Osier, Masonville township, were arraigned in Justice Emil Glaser court on Wednesday, charged with selling liquor without first obtaining a license. They waived examination and were held to appear before the circuit court the ball being fixed at \$200 each.

Harry Adams who several years ago was manager for the Michigan Telephone company in this city, spent a portion of the week in the city

THE CITY IN BRIEF

Many Minor Matters More or Less Interesting to Local Readers.

THE WEEK'S ROUND UP.

Interesting Paragraphs Concerning the Happenings of the Past Week in Escanaba and Adjacent Territory.

Very enjoyable indeed was the play of Rip Van Winkle as given at The Peterson Tuesday evening by Thos. Jefferson and those who had seen the renowned veteran, Joseph Jefferson, in the same play freely acknowledged that theson has inherited considerable of his father's talent. It is said he resembles his father physically, mentally and other ways. Mr. Jefferson had good support. Margaret Hayward gave a splendid interpretation of "Gretchen" both as the ill-tempered, shrewish wife of Rip, and later as the broken spirited, meek mannered consort of Derrick Von Beckman, a change so remarkable that was aptly characterized by Rip, "I would not haf believed it if I hadn't seen it with my own eyes." What added enjoyment to the performance was the acting of the little folks who took the parts of "Little Meenie" and "Little Heindricks."

Postmaster Chas. M. Thatcher has undertaken to secure the services of an additional letter carrier, the largely increasing mail matter having rendered the present force inadequate to the demand made upon it. With the opening of the fall business, and the approaching holiday season, there will be a still further increase and another postal deliveryman seems to be a necessity. Postoffice Inspector Martin, who was here recently on official business, stated that he would not recommend carriers for any district where there are no sidewalks or street lights, and if this is adhered to the probability is that the present force, although overtaxed, will be obliged to continue handling the mails of the city.

To the average tax-payer the action of the county board in refunding to Garden, Fairbank, Nahma and Sac Bay township monies raised under the county road system may appear unfair, but when it is taken into consideration that those towns are far removed from localities in which the county road commissioner propose making improvements and consequently receive no benefit, either directly or indirectly, therefrom the justice of the board's action is apparent. These townships have fairly good roads, and are constantly improving them and constructing others at their own expense.

Individual deposits subject to check in the First National Bank at the close of business on Sept. 30, were \$424,242.71; while the demand certificates of deposit amounted to \$659,552.56, or a total in bank deposits of \$1,083,795.27. This is a remarkably good showing.

There was a proposition before the alderman at Tuesday's meeting of the common council to declare vacant the office held by Gus Bachrisch, who was recently adjudged insane, and appoint L. August Erickson to fill the vacancy, but the matter was deferred until a future meeting.

According to the Drill the business houses of Crystal Falls are closing their doors as rapidly as possible on account of extreme business quietness which prevails.

No services were held at the Presbyterian church last Sabbath, on account of the illness of the pastor, Rev. Alexander Urquhart.

Hotel Jerome, conducted by Sol. Jerome, formerly of Rapid River, is doing a good business at Van's Harbor.

Carl Born of Limestone died at that place Sunday aged 65 years. He is survived by a widow and three sons.

The Standard Oil company sold 42,000 gallons of kerosene from its depot in this city last month.

Lou J. Burch, publisher of Truth, an organ of Michigan liquor dealers, was in the city on Tuesday.

The nuptials of "Wallie," F. Ham of Gladstone and Miss Esther Schram of Chicago is announced.

Mrs. Austin Farrel of Gladstone, was the guest of Escanaba friends on Wednesday.

The Journal appeared yesterday in a handsome new dress.

THE IRON PORT

ESCANABA, MICHIGAN.

TRUNKS FOR RACE HORSES

Elaborate Outfits and Some Jewelry That Have to Be Carried Around.

When a race horse distinguishes himself by winning some important contest one of the first provisions made for him is an individual trunk containing an outfit of clothing and toilet appliances of all sorts. Besides this, special attendants are selected to look after his comfort and cleanliness. The grooming of the horse is one of the interesting morning happenings and gives one a clearer idea of the value of these animals than their performances on the track can present, however brilliant they may be. When one observes the care they receive and the nicety with which they are washed, dried, brushed and combed, and the watchful care that is bestowed upon them as they feed, one realizes that they represent thousands of dollars in themselves and in their possible winnings of the future, says the Chicago Inter Ocean.

Every great race horse has his trunk. The pacing horse Star Pointer has almost as many trunks as a summer girl, but the average horse has only one trunk, very strongly built, marked with his name and provided with a special lock. Each animal has his own basins, pans and pails for the toilet, his feeding utensils, brushes and combs. The pans are usually of agate ware, plainly marked with the horse's name, and are never used by any other horse. A race horse has many sets of towels of various grades and has blankets of various weights for all weathers. These are marked and numbered and are kept beautifully clean and well aired. The belongings of the horse are carried about in his trunk during periods of travel and while he is visiting in a strange stable.

Besides all this luxury, every great horse nowadays must have a jewel case, and with age and success the collection frequently becomes very valuable. In the casket, which is a compartment of the trunk, are kept the various trinkets presented by admirers. These consist largely of articles of wear, such as bridges finished in silver and gold, silver chained and mounted halters, blinkers with valuable settings and combs and brushes mounted in handsome style. These things, although rarely used and often of great value, are never kept on view at the home of the owners and trainers, but are invariably carried about in the horse's trunk, accompanying him on all his travels. When at home there are cases and special receptacles for them in the stables.

The horses travel in parlor cars specially constructed with a view to horse comfort, are tended as carefully as babies and are almost always loved by their trainers and stable boys, especially when their disposition are good, and the ugly-tempered race horse is the exception to the general rule. When they win a great race they are petted and flattered to such an extent that were it not for their proverbial horse sense their heads would be completely turned.

It has become quite a fashion for women to go into the paddock after a race to see the victorious horse. The race horse never shows his good breeding more than on these occasions. He relaxes from his usual dignity and shows in every way that he is conscious of the compliments that are showered upon him from pretty eyes and lips. The presence of women in the paddock before a great race is not encouraged by owners or trainers, but when the race is run and won there is a special welcome for female visitors.

ONE ON THE MILLIONAIRE.

They Fished Up His Champagne and Found That It Was Only Ginger Ale.

"When I was up in the country," said the balliff, relates the Chicago Evening News, "I witnessed the launching of a steam yacht. The owner, who is a wealthy young Chicagoan, appeared on the boat, as it rested on the skids, and he carried the usual quart bottle, all decorated with ribbons and gold foil. He was very much excited, and by accident he dropped the bottle overboard. However, he said that the bottle-breaking was only a ceremony, and he gave orders to shove her off. So she was launched without the customary deluge of wine, and we on the shore all yelled."

"What became of the bottle?" asked the police captain, as he smacked his lips.

"It was in the sand at the bottom of the lake," replied the balliff. "But that night some of the boys at the hotel said that the water was not very deep at that point and he believed he could locate the bottle. 'It must be good and cold by this time,' he said."

"Did he make it?" asked William.

"Yes," said the balliff. "He put on his bathing suit and fished up the bottle. They got glasses and opened it, and found that it contained ginger ale—domestic ginger ale at that. It was a good one on the young millionaire."

"Well, he had a nerve," said the barber.

"Yes," said the police captain, "a man with a nerve like his would dare to sing 'God Save the Queen' at the United Irish picnic."

Among the Silent Heroes.
Many a married man is a silent hero.—Chicago Daily News.

WHAT THE CENSUS TELLS.

What does the census say?
Study the figures well;
Hundreds of thousands of hurrying men,
Each with a story to tell;
Each with a heart and each with a soul,
Each with his joys or cares,
Each believing that he, somehow,
Should weigh in the world's affairs.

What does the census show?
Hundreds of thousands of men
Wearily quitting their tasks to-night
To toil to-morrow again;
Hundreds of thousands of people, each
Faithfully hoping away
For a glimpse of the chance for the lucky
strike.
That each is to make, some day.

What does the census tell?
Does it tell of the eyes that ache?
Does it tell of the wreath on the little
mound
Does it tell of the hearts that break?
Does it tell us a story of brotherhood,
Of help for the halt and blind?
Does it tell of the proud who ride in front
And the weary who trudge behind?

What does the census show?
Hundreds of thousands of hands,
Knotted and rough and white and soft,
Filling the world's demands;
Hundreds of thousands of sons of God
Tolling in hope, in doubt,
Each with his woes or each with his joys
That the world cares nothing about!

What does the census say?
What do the figures mean?
Hundreds of thousands o'er whom the
grass
Will some day be growing green!
Hundreds of thousands of bubbles cast
About on a troubled sea—
Men in myriads hurrying past
With never a thought of me!
—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Times-Herald.

A PRECIOUS TRUST

The firm of Twist & Taffeta was progressive—consequently considerate. So, it being July, Will Merrivell got off at one o'clock on Saturdays. So did Iona Wray, who was in the mail order department, and who frequently came to him, in his position as manager of the cloth department, to match samples or order goods. On one of these occasions he discovered that Iona lived in the same suburb as he did. He found out, too, that they generally went out of the city at the same hour, on the same train. On learning which his spirits rose like a toy balloon. To be sure, Iona was a pretty girl. She possessed not only beauty, but distinction. She held her slender young body so erectly, she spoke so frankly, but also with such dignified reserve, and she was so earnest and so conscientious in doing the work intrusted to her that Will Merrivell forgot while in her presence to give the firm his best duty and attention.

But, then, Merrivell was extremely susceptible. If he had not been so susceptible it is quite unlikely that he would have been confided with a precious trust. And if he had not been selected for the honor conferred upon him and Iona might never have proceeded beyond the boundaries where the courtesies of casual acquaintance cease. Indeed, she did not feel sufficiently familiar with him to mention the fact of her intention to stay an hour later in town than usual on one particular afternoon, although she had come down to Merrivell that morning for six yards of lavender broadcloth to be sent to a lady living in Arizona.

"Hot day," remarked Merrivell. "It will be fine to get away early."
"Delightful!" assented Iona.

But she did not enter the Northwestern depot at her ordinary hour, although Will paced up and down just without the railing, and watched the great gates until his train had come and gone. Surely she would be here before the next train was due to leave. The thought of sitting beside her as the train rushed out of the smoky city into the beautiful green suburbs was delightful. He might even get up courage to ask to call! And if permitted to do so, how kind he would be to Bobby—if only Bobby would keep still about their little altercation. Bobby had stretched a string across the sidewalk. Merrivell, running for the train, had fallen over it and skinned his shins. Observing the culprit, he had promptly grabbed him and given him chastisement brief-but effective. Confound it! How was he to know that the little red-headed wretch was the brother of this charming girl? He would fall over strings all the way from Melrose to State streets, if only—

"I beg your pardon, madam!"
His hat was in his hand and he was bowing profoundly to a lady with whom he had almost collided when he had turned so abruptly in his impetuous walk.

"Do not mention it!" cried the lady, who was young and pale and of almost tragic appearance. She was handsome, too, but evidently grief was responsible for the wild expression of her large black eyes and the piteous trembling of her lips. She wore deep mourning. He was apparently a foreigner. "But you will help me, sir? I am in desperation. Two hours from now I take a train to the west. I came down here to make arrangements for leaving. At my hotel I forgot some important papers. I must return at once and secure them. In the meantime may I beg of you to undertake the care of my darling Snowflower? It is a precious trust and one which I would not confide to every stranger. Is this asking too much, sir?"

Merrivell, the susceptible, Merrivell the gallant, bowed still more courteously. "I am honored," he assured her, "highly honored! Consider me at your service!"

He felt jubilant. This was an opportunity. Now, when Iona Wray arrived, she would see with what gentleness, with what tenderness he cared for this child of a stranger! She would appreciate all the lovely depths of his sympathy! She would be incredulous of the statements of that red-headed Bobby! She might even think Bobby deserved corporal reproof. And, when she passed through the gates—alone what a lingering glance would she not

send back to him where he sat caring for the child of a lonely young widow! He would smile sadly in answer, and she would realize that it was only his sense of chivalry which kept him from her side. And all the way out she—
So deep was he in the delicious dream he did not perceive the return of the black-eyed stranger until she was close beside him.

"You are so kind! I shall now feel perfectly safe about my little darling. I shall soon be back!"

Then she disappeared, and Merrivell found himself staring down upon the big, covered basket she had thrust in his hand. Hallo! What kind of a game was this? Her darling Snowflower! Her precious trust! Was the child in the basket? Was the child dead? Was he to be involved in an ugly mystery? His face blanched. A cold sweat broke out on his forehead. He could feel it trickling down his cheeks. He glared wildly around. He sank weakly down on the bench, never relaxing his grip of the heavy basket. Should he cut for it and run? Wouldn't that arouse suspicion? Or—merciful heavens! Here was Iona Wray now—coming directly towards him, and looking sweet as a rose in her thin summer gown and big leghorn hat. He was wildly anxious that she should not see him, but she did. She paused in some astonishment. "Are you ill?" she asked. "I have never seen you appear so—" she hesitated for a word—"so disturbed," she concluded.

He staggered to his feet, still holding hard the handle of the basket in his left hand and jerking off his hat with his right.

"No—no! I'm all right—at least—" Here something in the basket moved. He glanced down in a panic. Iona's bewildered gaze followed his. Did that contain the mystery of his pallor, his excitement, his distracted air?

"It's—it's alive!" he said, in a blood-curdling whisper.

He hastily set the basket down and drew back.

"What's alive?" gasped Iona.

"Her darling Snowflower—the child!" he panted.

"The child!" repeated Iona, with a shriek. "A baby in that basket!"

Her cry attracted the attention of the people hurrying for the trains. Many paused. A crowd gathered—augmented.

"Here—here!" cried a portly policeman hastening up. "What's all this about?"

"It's a child!" "It's a baby!" "It's tied in that basket!" "Here's a loophole for air!" "Who does it belong to?" "The man was abducting it!"

The cries increased in number. Exclamations of horror resounded. A couple of railway officials passed through the throng. And meantime the basket rocked away on the bench in an uncanny fashion that sent shivers down the back of the least imaginative.

"I don't know anything about it!" protested Merrivell in an agonized wail. "A lady gave it to me to hold until her return. I—"

Lowering looks met his. A threatening growl arose.

"That's all right, sir!" grunted out a man apparently panopied with authority. "We'll attend to you. Officer, keep your eye on this fellow! I am going to open this basket."

He whipped out a knife—bent down. The curious crowd pressed closer. Not one of that breathless mob moved as the knife snipped—snipped along the taut lines. Suddenly the lid was jerked upward. There was a cry from the basket—not the cry of a child. It was a yelp. A woolly white poodle poked out his head and looked inquisitively around.

The howl that went up from the observers caused the hurrying suburbanites on the iron staircase to stand aghast. The big policeman burst into a bellow. He took his hand from Merrivell's arm. Iona laughed through her frightened tears. And, just when the hubbub was at its height, a frantic woman burst through the throng. She plowed her way to the bench, to the basket, her black eyes flashing fire.

"You are a fine gentleman so trust!" she screamed. She had turned on Merrivell in a fury. "Letting those horrid railroad men see my Snowflower! Now, they will not allow me to take him in the passenger-car! And I shall not have my beautiful little love shut up in the baggage car! I gave him the tiniest whiff of choliform to keep him quiet until we should have started. I went away to get a trifle more. He would have slept the whole way! But you—you impostor! You have betrayed me! You have abused my confidence!" She stormed away at a wonderful rate. "O, my precious pet!" she wailed at last, catching the drowsy canine to her bosom, "it's astonishing that he didn't try to steal you!"

"I—I didn't know it was a dog!" protested Merrivell, weakly. She flung fiercely around. "What did you think it was?" she demanded.

Whereat the crowd roared again.

"Oak Park train—all a-board!" bawled the starter.

Merrivell and Miss Wray sat together all the way out. They laughed immoderately. He was assured he might call. He did—in fact, he is still calling. To be explicit, there is a rumor that—but this may be gossip. Anyhow, the girls in the mail order department smile when Iona's work takes her to the cloth goods aisle. And Will's fellow-workers are gazing him for taking down Navajo blue when she asked for suburban rose. At all events, these young people seem to be happy together on their free Saturday afternoons. Best of all, Bobby, by some mysterious process, has been conciliated. As a chaperon, self-satisfied, ubiquitous and decidedly superfluous, he merits commendation, and gets nickels, dimes, and sometimes even—quarters.—Chicago Tribune.

Cat That Kills Snakes.
There is a yellow tom cat in Martletta, Ga., that kills snakes for \$6 apiece.

SPoons FROM EVERY HOTEL.

A Housekeeper's Fad That Astonished a Party of Roaming Bicyclists of Chicago.

In the northwestern part of Chicago is a little farm, removed from the main road over which the trolley cars rumble, and almost hidden by wide clover fields, says the Tribune of that city. It is not a regular stopping place for anyone going by on the main road, for no one would suspect that anything like civilization lurked among the tall weeds on that prairie.

Purely by accident some bicyclists stopped near the farmhouse, a little tumble-down structure with a dilapidated shed attached to it, owing to a bicycle mishap to one of the party. Inquiry for a drink of water brought to earth some of the most

peculiar artificial well water ever drunk by mortal man, but the surprise came when some honey was brought out. The spoons offered to the party were undoubtedly silver, and of the best. They bore the inscription of all the big hotels of the city, including the Grand Pacific, Palmer house, Tremont, Revere and a number of others.

Some one suggested that they were souvenir spoons, but just how they came to be where they were discovered by the bicycling party is a mystery.

OBJECTED TO ANY DICTATION.
Gov. Taylor of Tennessee Effectually Ended the Interference of Legislators.

Gov. Bob Taylor, of Tennessee, was just exactly opposite to Gov. Allen, with as tender a heart as a woman, and the way he pardoned out convicts was something awful. He was

near Potsdam—the new palace. Since then the imperial post office has secured some heavy vans propelled on this principle; and now Kaiser Wilhelm himself is going to try this mode of travelling. In the month of August the kaiser visited the military drill ground at Alten-Grabow, in the province of Saxony, and traveled the distance from Wusterwitz to Ziesar, and thence to Nedlitz in a motor car. The carriage-maker above referred to has offered his majesty a present of three of such vehicles, which he has graciously accepted. The roads in the neighborhood were specially put in order for the convenience of the imperial party.

Coal in the Rockies.
By far the most important mining work in progress in British Columbia is the opening up of the vast areas of the Crow's Nest—undoubtedly one of the largest coal properties known. The measures occur in the heart of the Rockies and extend north and

A PHENOMENAL POTATO.

The accompanying cuts do not represent Egyptian images or Chinese gods, as would apparently seem the case, but a droll-looking potato which nature seems to have produced by mistake. The owner of this most remarkable freak of the vegetable world is Mr. Eugene Beau, a butcher doing business at 59 Craig street, Montreal, Canada. Mr. Beau accidentally discovered the potato among a quantity of vegetables which he had bought from a farmer, who was probably ignorant of the surprising produce his little farm was capable of raising. The cut is taken from the Montreal Witness.

waited upon by a committee of the legislature, who very flatly and in no uncertain way told him that this "wholesale paroxysm must stop."

"Governor Bob" looked at the committee, tapped a bell, asked for his pardon clerk, and when he came, said: "Make out pardons for every man in the penitentiary."

The clerk bowed and withdrew. Then the governor looked at the committee, who were staring as if they thought he was going mad.

"Gentlemen," he said, finally, "I am governor of Tennessee, and if this committee or any other ever again seeks to interfere with my constitutional right to pardon I'll sign every one of those pardons which the clerk is making out. Good morning."

No Turkish Crowns.
The sultan possesses no crown, coronation being unknown in Turkey.

WILHELM TO HAVE AUTOS.

The German Emperor Is Ordering a General Assortment of Horseless Vehicles.

The Germans were slow in adopting the automobile, but now the emperor has taken it under his protecting wing and it is expected to become the fad in Berlin. A number of persons connected with the Berlin court are trying to do business with it, and there is a good deal of enterprise and readiness to speculate among the courtiers on the Spree. More than a year ago the kaiser's master of the horse inquired of a well-known carriage manufacturer in the capital if he could supply him with motor cars for the conveyance of visitors from the station to his majesty's country seat, at Wildpark,

REV. JOSEPH PARKER, D. D.



This famous English pulpit orator and reformer is about to retire from the ministry. He is pastor of the City temple, the leading Congregational church of Great Britain, and has always been a prime favorite with Americans abroad. Few pulpit orators are more eloquent and fearless than he. Although he will be 71 years old next April, he has never known a day's illness, and in physique is herculean. He established the City temple in 1869 and has made it one of the great churches of the world. His degree of doctor of divinity was conferred by the University of Chicago.

peculiar artificial well water ever drunk by mortal man, but the surprise came when some honey was brought out. The spoons offered to the party were undoubtedly silver, and of the best. They bore the inscription of all the big hotels of the city, including the Grand Pacific, Palmer house, Tremont, Revere and a number of others.

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PERSONAL AND LITERARY.

The first book ever printed in Switzerland bears date of 1470.

Secretary Hay figures as a leading American man of letters in a recently published London interview with the English poet Swinburne, in which Mr. Swinburne speaks of Mr. Hay as having great originality in his verse and a distinctive American note.

The kaiser has three tailors for his civil costumes—one in Berlin and two in Vienna. He has also one in London for his uniforms, which are all made in that capital. The cost of the kaiser's military garments runs well into four figures. The foreign uniforms alone fill two large rooms.

Among the oldest members of the British parliament is Mr. Charrington, who represents the Mile End district of London. He is rarely seen to talk to anyone, and will occupy his seat daily for weeks without uttering a sound. Withal he is a most charitable man, and is never deaf to a tale of woe.

The agricultural folks of Austria and south Germany have been accustomed to place confidence in the prognostics of Prof. Falb, the German weather prophet, but their belief has been shaken by the discovery made by Capt. Reincke that out of 68 of Falb's predictions for 1899 only 14 were fulfilled, 19 partially successful, and 35 total failures.

Tennyson, the author of so many musical lines, can never have occupied himself with music as an art. One of his best known songs, moreover, known largely in connection with its popular musical setting, opens with a line that is not musical at all: "Come into the Garden, Maud!" "Come into the garden" is, as the phrase is usually spoken, by no means rhetorical.

Dr. Keith N. Macdonald, one of the greatest authorities on the music of the Gael, makes some interesting remarks on the Gaelic music of the future. Many Highlanders believe that there is a bright future before Gaelic music on account of the beauty and flexibility of the language. In this opinion Mr. Macdonald concurs and, after unsuccessful trials on the music of other countries, finds the "Song of Hiawatha" can be sung to an old St. Kilda air with considerable effect and weird beauty.

Lord Dufferin has the reputation of being one of the finest linguists in the United Kingdom. This facility for acquiring languages has been of infinite service to him as ambassador at four European courts. When he was governor general of Canada a quarter of a century ago he visited McGill college, Montreal, and was greeted by the students in four addresses—English, French, Latin and Greek. Without a moment's hesitation Lord Dufferin replied to each address in succession in the language in which it was couched.

EDUCATION OF A PRINCE.

The New King of Italy Was Brought Up by His Queen Mother, Margherita.

From a child Victor Emmanuel III. has been accustomed to submit to all the state ceremonial and all the external formalities which hedge round the public appearances of royalty. While King Humbert usually left the quirk in a private way and drove off in a small carriage accompanied by his valet, trumpets announced the state carriage of the queen and the young prince. The palace gates were thrown open, soldiers presented arms and the little prince was taught by his mother to acknowledge the huzzas of his future subjects. A king, she said, should constantly see his people and be seen by them, according to a London exchange.

Queen Margherita, according to a London exchange, had entire charge of her son's education until he was 12 years old. She gave him a love of literature and the fine arts which he has continued to cultivate through all the years of his military career. He is an accomplished linguist, speaking English, French and German with great fluency. He is an enthusiastic collector of coins and medals.

In any estimate of the new king's character the diverse influences which guided his education must be taken into account. Queen Margherita insisted that a king of Rome living within sight of the ruins of the Forum and reigning over the country of Raphael, Michael Angelo and Dante should be an archaeologist, an artist and a litterateur. King Humbert put before all else the military education of his son, and considered as first essential that a king of Rome should follow the warlike traditions of the house of Savoy.

The marriage of the prince of Naples to Helene, a princess of Montenegro, was looked upon with much sympathy and approval by the Italian people. It was known to be altogether a marriage of inclination, the prince having fallen violently in love with the beautiful Helene. The queen is some inches taller than her husband and her face is full of intelligence and power. She very quickly learned to feel at home among her husband's people, and is always looked upon as "quite an Italian." There are as yet no children of the marriage, the heir to the throne at present being the duke of Aosta.

Whether or No.

An Irishman having challenged a gentleman, who somehow forgot to keep the appointment to fight the duel, met accidentally on the same day the offending party, and thus addressed him:

"Well, sir, I met you this morning, and you did not turn up; however, I am determined to meet you to-morrow morning, whether you come or not."—London Tit-Bits.

A Matter of Time.

Clara—George says it will take me all the season to learn how to swim.
Maud—Who's teaching you?
"George."—Modern Society.

OUR FOREIGN LETTER

Dealing with Commercial and Industrial Conditions Abroad.

New Industry Being Established in Paraguay—Tea Trade of India and China—English Youths to Be Taught Chinese.

A stock company has recently been organized in Paraguay to cultivate yerba mate. It has a paid-up capital of \$100,000 paper, or about \$13,000 gold, and will start planting immediately.

In cultivating the plant, the seeds are passed through an acid bath. This is necessary, because each kernel is surrounded by a hard shell, which must be softened in order that the seed may sprout quickly.

Seeds from the male and female trees must be planted together to get good results. After eight or ten months, the plants are transplanted, and the company has to-day 2,000 ready to be moved.

England is going after the great markets offered by the opening of the British School energy she can muster. To assist in this a school for teaching the Chinese language is now being established in London.

Those who are interested in German home trade have for some time been urging an increase in the number of tulle weaving factories in this country.

Steam power is to be superseded by electricity to a very considerable extent in the government dock yard at Kiel, Germany.

In commenting upon the increase in the tea production of India recently, the London Daily Mail gives the following interesting figures:

There was a time when the word China was synonymous with tea; yet for many years the consumption of Chinese tea in England has been steadily on the decrease.

Ten years later, in 1869, China had increased her sales to us by nearly 25,000,000 pounds, but India had then sprung up as a rival and imported 10,716,000 pounds of tea into Great Britain.

In 1879, we find that the imports from China and from India had each increased by 25,000,000 pounds, but it is between that year and 1880 that the most remarkable changes took place.

Instead of selling us 126,340,000 pounds of tea, as in 1879, China in 1889 only sent us 61,100,000 pounds, while India actually added almost that quantity to her previous sales.

The manufacture of glass in Germany has become a thriving industry. The number of factories has reached 400, giving employment to about 35,000 workmen.

gium, England and Italy has not only been rapidly losing ground, but Germany now exports to those countries certain kinds of glass, such as bottles of every description, etc.

The importation of sugar into Japan is increasing. The amount imported in the first quarter of 1900 was 70,000 tons, valued at \$7,500,000, while in the corresponding quarter of 1899 the amount was only 36,000 tons, valued at \$1,700,000.

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WERE MEN OF FEW WORDS.

They Managed Pretty Well, However, to Make Themselves Understood.

There is a little settlement of New Hampshire people in Kiowa county, Col. Among other things they brought with them the New Hampshire aversion to using any words in conversation that are absolutely necessary.

"Mornin', Si." "Mornin', Josh." "What'd you give your horse for bots?" "Turpentine." "Mornin'." "Mornin'."

The Horseless Nightmare. "Oh," she said, "I had such a terrible dream last night. It seemed that I had suddenly been deprived somehow of the power to move."

LOW-RATE EXCURSIONS. Via Missouri Pacific Railway and Iron Mountain Route. To points in the West, Southwest and South-east, at half-rates (plus \$2.00) for the round trip.

Not a General's Egg. The freshness of eggs is carefully graded in this country, but our distinctions are surpassed in delicacy by those formerly in vogue among the British residents in India.

Done. Struckoyle—I suppose while you were in Paris you did as the Parisians do? Newrich (hotly)—Do you mean to call me a robber?—Puck.

Lane's Family Medicine. Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Look Before You Speak. Before a man speaks disrespectfully of turn-up noses he ought to notice whether the girl with whom he is conversing has one.—Somerville Journal.

The Manufacturers of Carter's Ink have had forty years' experience in making it and they certainly know how. Send for "Inkings," free.

No man proposes to remain single. When he proposes he expects to get married.—Philadelphia Record.

Emerson Reconstructed, making mud pies in your finest attire? "What matters that, nurse? There should be no complaint until I will make mud pies upon my finest attire."—Boston Courier.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Kinsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

We have it from a certain eastern authority that the very strongest drinkers are often not able to raise the price of a drink.—Indianapolis News.

You cannot be cheerful if you have dyspepsia. You won't have dyspepsia if you chew White's "Yucatan."

The indefatigable energy of some people has a terribly wearing effect on the people that are compelled to associate with them.—Brooklyn Life.

PITMAN FADELESS DYES do not spot, streak or give your goods an unevenly dyed appearance. Sold by all druggists.

In the country they call fun wickedness; in the city they call wickedness fun.—Chicago Daily News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Some people spend so much of their time in trying to be amiable that they haven't time to earn a living.—Chicago Daily News.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a Constitutional Cure. Price, 75c.

SOME CHINESE CONUNDRUMS. [The following questions and answers from an exchange will prove great fun for a party of young people, and incidentally the means of imparting some very valuable and timely information.]

What two letters are most popular in China? Tea and cue.

What couldn't the empress dowager govern? China proper.

What sort of an army ought to reach Peking the quickest? A Russian army.

When the empress makes the emperor cry what would he like to do? Boxer.

There are Chinese politicians that don't care for East Li, but who would like what? Old Li Hung.

How is it to be expected that the Chinese will take reverses and victories? Cooly.

What sort of fruit is generally found green and always found rotten in China? Mandarin.

When the powers get hold of the empress dowager, what will they catch? A Tartar.

What sort of a Great Wall are the powers likely to build in the flowery kingdom? A partition of China.

Depreciation of Money. In 1873 a silver dollar was worth one dollar and six-tenths in gold. In 1878, eighty-nine cents; in 1883, eighty-five cents; in 1888, seventy-two cents; in 1893, sixty cents, and in 1898 forty-five cents. Money may depreciate, but there is one standard stomach remedy, which has not changed in half a century, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitter.

For Homeseekers. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y will sell regular Homeseekers' Excursion tickets to all points in South Dakota, at one fare plus \$2 for the round trip, on October 2, 1900.

The Grand Finale. Ida—Yes, the chorus ended up with 200 voices. May—All singing the last line: "And still his heart was true!" "No; 20 sung: 'And still his heart was true,' and the other 180 joined in with 'Rats.'"

EXCURSION TO CALIFORNIA. Comfortable and Inexpensive. Our parties leave every Wednesday from both Chicago and St. Louis, joining at Denver.

Not of the Ordinary Kind. Mrs. Highmore—You had your kitchen maid a long time, have you not? Mrs. Upjohn—Yes. We pay her high wages, but she is altogether a superior girl. She has the hay fever regularly every year.

Getting a Rest. The confusion in other parts of the world enable the sultan of Turkey to look out of the window now and then without quite so much fear of seeing the bill collector.—Washington Star.

Right at Home. We have become so familiar with golf in Atchison that there are several babies in town who are cutting their teeth on the balls.—Atchison Globe.

Where He Is Fooled. Our notion of a credulous man is a man who thinks all the motions of a baseball pitcher makes are necessary.—Detroit Journal.

Mixed ailments causes many serious ailments.—Chicago Daily News.

That lazy liver of yours needs a whip. Ayer's Pills will stir it without stinging. All druggists. 25 cents a box.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass. Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Hair Vigor, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Ayer's Comestone, Ayer's Eye Cure.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS. SEP. 4, SEP. 18, OCT. 2, OCT. 16, NOV. 6, NOV. 20. These are the days on which you can buy very cheap excursion tickets to NEBRASKA and other points in the West, including Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Leadville and Glenwood Springs, Colo., Deadwood and Hot Springs, So. Dak. Ask your nearest ticket agent about them or send to me for folder of particulars.

Go and look for a New Home in Nebraska, a prosperous country, where a farm can be bought for one year's rent of an eastern farm.

CURED BY Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC BEST FOR THE BOWELS ALL DRUGGISTS. To any needy mortal suffering from bowel troubles and too poor to buy CASCARETS we will send a box free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York, mentioning advertisement and paper.

WANTED TO TELL HER.

His Circuit Was Disconnected, But Love's Current Was Soon Flowing Smoothly.

"Millie!" The young lineman twirled his hat in his hands in an agitated manner and spoke in a voice that seemed to have a tendency to get away from him, says the Philadelphia Inquirer.

"Millie, the fact is, I—I—there's something I've been wanting to tell you for a long time, but I can't seem to fetch it. When you look at me like that, you know, it breaks me all up. I've been coming here so long that I oughtn't to be afraid, I reckon, but—"

"Here he came to a dead stop. "Millie!" he exclaimed, in desperation, "I'm short circuited! I've burned out a fuse!"

"Jerry, are you trying to ask me to marry you?" "Yes."

"Why, of course I will, you foolish boy!" And love's current flowed unobstructedly again, lighting up with its pure radiance the rose-embowered pathway that, etc., etc.

Not of the Ordinary Kind. Mrs. Highmore—You had your kitchen maid a long time, have you not? Mrs. Upjohn—Yes. We pay her high wages, but she is altogether a superior girl. She has the hay fever regularly every year.

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That lazy liver of yours needs a whip. Ayer's Pills will stir it without stinging. All druggists. 25 cents a box. J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

SUFFERING AND RELIEF

Three Letters from Mrs. Johnson, Showing that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures the Ills of Women

Wrote for Mrs. Pinkham's Advice November, 1897

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am a great sufferer, have much trouble through the lower part of my bowels, and I am writing to you for advice. Menstrues are irregular and scanty, am troubled with leucorrhoea, and I ache so through my back and down through my loins. I have spells of bloating very badly, sometimes will be very large and other times very much reduced."—MRS. CHAS. E. JOHNSON, Box 33, Rumford Center, Maine, Nov. 20, 1897.

Improvement Reported December, 1897

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to tell you that I am improving in health. I am ever so much better than when I wrote before. The trouble through the lower part of bowels is better and I am not bloated so badly. I was very much swollen through the abdomen before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I still have a feeling of fullness across my chest. I have used three bottles of it and am on the fourth."—MRS. CHAS. E. JOHNSON, Box 33, Rumford Center, Maine, Dec. 13, 1897.

Enjoying Good Health June, 1899

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Since a year ago I have been taking your medicine, and am now strong and enjoying good health. I have not been so well for three years, and feel very thankful to you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I would advise all who suffer with female troubles to try your medicine."—MRS. CHAS. E. JOHNSON, Box 33, Rumford Center, Maine, June 1, 1899.

CHICAGO TO OMAHA Double Daily Service. New line via Rockford, Dubuque, Waterloo, Fort Dodge and Council Bluffs. Buffet, library, smoking cars, sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars, dining cars. Send to the undersigned for a free copy of Pictures and Notes En-Route illustrating this new line as seen from the car window. Tickets of agents of I. C. & N. W. and connecting lines. A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., Chicago.

PILES. Dr. Williams' Indian File Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a powerful, gives instant relief. Prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. At druggists or by mail on receipt of price. 50 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS' PILE OINTMENT. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

MONEY FOR SOLDIERS' HEIRS. Heirs of Union Soldiers who made homesteads of less than 160 acres before June 22, 1863 (no matter if abandoned). If the additional homestead right was not sold or used, should address, with full particulars, HENRY N. COPP, Washington, D. C.

ROOFING 1 Cent a Square Ft. Including caps and nails. THE BEST FOR ROOFING. Roofing SAMPLES FREE. THE EAST MANILLA ROOFING CO., Camden, N. J.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

OLD SORES CURED. Allen's Chlorine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scalded Ulcers, Venereal Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Necrotic Ulcers, White Swelling, Ribs, Legs, Ears, Sore Throat, Fever Sores, all old sores. Frictionless. See how long it stands. By mail, 6c. J. P. ALLEN, ST. PAUL, MINN.

A. N. K.—A 1881

PISO'S CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS AND CONSUMPTION. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

A VENEZUELAN DREYFUS.

General Hernandez Said to Suffer Many Persecutions.

A Venezuelan, who arrived at New York a few days ago from Maracaibo, told a story of persecution about General Jose Manuel Hernandez, who is a political prisoner in Venezuela, says the Philadelphia Press. This story in some respects resembles the accounts of the treatment of Captain Dreyfus while imprisoned on Devil's Island.

General Hernandez, who is equally well known by the sobriquet "El Mocho" (the Maimed), because of a crippled arm, the result of bullet wounds, is the head of the Conservative party in Venezuela. He has led several revolutions against the Liberal governments of the republic. Something like two years ago he started a rebellion against President Cipriano Castro. General Hernandez was captured and incarcerated in San Carlos fort, at Maracaibo. He has been there since.

His political and military strength was recently shown in the organization of a revolutionary movement on the frontier under the leadership of General Rangel Garbira.

"Immediately following this," said the Venezuelan, "began the systematic attack on General Hernandez which his friends fear will end the veteran's career. The first move was to transfer him to the darkest dungeon in the fortress of old Maracaibo. A huge ball was fastened to his ankle. He is kept incommunicado—that is, no one is allowed to see him, nor is he permitted to communicate with the outside world. He is even denied the usual exercise about the prison yard. His keepers take a fiendish delight in throwing large live rats, spiders and other vermin into his dungeon, particularly when he sleeps."

To Nicholas Hernandez, twenty-four years old, the son of the general, who lives in New York city, was repeated this story of the treatment of his father. He said, "It has been some time since I have heard from my father, but from another source the same information has reached me."

YALE FESTIVAL EXHIBITS.

Collection of John Trumbull's Works and Yale Manuscripts.

Several collections that will be part of the Yale bicentennial are now being prepared by the university authorities at New Haven. There will be in the art school a nearly complete collection of the paintings of John Trumbull, the Revolutionary war soldier-artist, with the exception of the large canvases in the capitol at Washington and in various state capitols, says the New York Times. Yale already owns a considerable number of Trumbull's paintings, and these will be augmented by private loans. The Trumbull exhibit will open on Oct. 10 and remain open until a week after the celebration. In the music department there will be an interesting collection of old pianos and clavichords.

One of the most interesting and valuable exhibitions to be made will be that of Yale manuscripts and volumes bearing both on the history of Yale and on American education. This collection will take in all of the famous old books that were parts of the college curriculum from 1701 to 1850. In this connection there will be shown a collection of the early diplomas of Yale, commencing with the first one given to Nathaniel Chauncey of the class of 1702, which is owned in Durham, Conn.

The commemorative medal is now being struck off by Tiffany & Co. of New York in honor of the celebration. The medal is designed by the artist Bela Pratt of Boston and will be presented to a few of the distinguished visitors who visit New Haven in October. It is now anticipated that fully 6,000 Yale graduates and their friends will be in New Haven over the celebration, besides a large number of other visitors and the numerous collegiate guests of the president.

MUSIC FOE OF ANARCHY.

Teacher Says When Knowledge of It Is General Anarchism Will Cease.

A convention of choir masters and music teachers was held at Birmingham, England, the other day. The president, according to a cable dispatch from London to the New York Sun, prophesied that anarchism would die a sweet, natural death. He said: "The softening influence of music is so delightful that the time will come when the inability to sing from sol fa will be as extraordinary as the inability to read or write. When the spread of music has reached the required degree, anarchism will cease."

Signaled by Cormorants.

The Bell Rock lighthouse keepers had a singular experience the other day. Toward midnight, according to the London Globe, the Arbroath tug-boat hove alongside and wanted to know what was wrong. The captain stated that the signal "Send boat immediately" had been shown. Explanations discovered that two cormorants, tired of fishing, had perched themselves on the signal pole in so peculiar a way that at Arbroath, twelve miles away, it appeared as if the distress signal had been hoisted.

To Convene on Mount Hood's Top.

A congress of the world's mountain climbers on the top of Mount Hood is proposed for 1905, says The Morning Oregonian. The movement is in the hands of a few of the energetic spirits of the Mazama society, headed by L. L. Hawkins. Negotiations will be opened at once with clubs in all parts of the world that are organized to climb mountains, and they will be invited to send representatives to Portland. No club will be considered unless its climbing has been done on mountains 10,000 feet in height or over.

CITY IN BRIEF

At the Methodist Episcopal church: Class meeting at 9:30; morning service at 10:30; Sunday school at 12; Epworth League at 6:30; evening service at 7:30. Morning theme "The Aspiration of Moses." Evening theme, "The Lord's Dinner." Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30.

A marriage license was issued on Thursday to Mr. Fred Miller and Miss Anna Johnson, both of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Bush were Marinette visitors this week.

The Retail Clerk's Union will hold a social session at Sullivan's hall next Thursday evening.

A Bachelors' Club is the latest social organization in Escanaba. The club has a membership of twenty-five, and is officered as follows: Aaron Clifton, president; Dr. Harry Long, secretary; Ed. Norens, treasurer.

Isaac Stephenson, accompanied by his son Watson, were Wells visitors this week.

Miss Campbell of Ford River was at Cedar River this week, soliciting funds for the support of the orphans' asylum at St. Joe.

TO-RENT—Furnished rooms with modern conveniences, with board if preferred, also a large parlor, at 429 Elmore corner Jacobs.

\$15,000 To Be Given Away.

To the persons making the nearest correct guesses to the combined vote for Governor in the states of Ohio, Iowa and Massachusetts, at the election to be held on November 5th next, will be awarded the prizes. The contest closes Nov. 1st, 1901, and all guesses must be in not later than above date.

By subscribing for the Daily and Sunday Free Press, for one month, and paying in advance at the regular price of 60c per month, you can have one guess, or you can have as many guesses as you pay monthly subscriptions in advance. Why not send in your order for the best paper and make a guess in this great contest. Address The Free Press, Detroit, Mich.

STATE OF MICHIGAN—Office of the State Board of Equalization.

Lansing, September 18, 1901.

WE HEREBY CERTIFY, That the valuation of the several counties in the State of Michigan, as equalized by the State Board of Equalization, at its regular session in the year 1901, as provided in Act 106 of 1901 is as follows:

Counties.	Valuation as equalized by boards of supervisors in 1901.	Amount added by State Board of Equalization in 1901.	Aggregate of valuation as equalized by State Board of Equalization in 1901.
To-tals.....	\$1,235,807.025	\$342,262.075	\$1,578,069.100
Aleona.....	1,107,512	192,488	1,300,000
Alger.....	2,542,402	557,598	3,100,000
Allegan.....	18,000,000	3,000,000	21,000,000
Alpena.....	4,500,000	500,000	5,000,000
Antrim.....	4,325,833	1,174,167	5,500,000
Arenac.....	1,800,000	204,000	2,100,000
Baraga.....	1,793,838	906,162	2,700,000
Barry.....	10,918,477	4,081,523	15,000,000
Bay.....	23,571,508	8,428,492	32,000,000
Benzie.....	2,776,239	423,761	3,200,000
Berrien.....	25,224,823	4,775,177	30,000,000
Branch.....	16,261,730	3,238,270	19,500,000
Calhoun.....	30,433,668	6,566,332	37,000,000
Cass.....	12,415,000	3,085,000	15,500,000
Charlevoix.....	3,595,827	604,173	4,200,000
Cheboygan.....	3,400,000	1,100,000	4,500,000
Chippewa.....	10,035,627	2,464,373	12,500,000
Clare.....	1,411,333	788,667	2,200,000
Clinton.....	17,211,805	2,788,195	20,000,000
Crawford.....	974,333	225,667	1,200,000
Delta.....	6,973,088	2,422,912	9,400,000
Dickinson.....	7,000,000	4,200,000	11,200,000
Eaton.....	15,000,000	6,000,000	21,000,000
Emmet.....	5,814,939	2,185,061	8,000,000
Genesee.....	24,543,876	4,956,124	29,500,000
Gladwin.....	1,689,999	410,001	2,100,000
Gogebic.....	8,956,200	5,043,800	14,000,000
G'd Traverse.....	7,900,000	1,600,000	9,500,000
Grafton.....	10,987,700	4,512,300	15,500,000
Hillsdale.....	16,828,400	4,171,600	21,000,000
Houghton.....	98,425,000	41,575,000	140,000,000
Huron.....	11,004,396	2,395,604	13,400,000
Ingham.....	18,000,000	9,500,000	27,500,000
Ionia.....	17,306,539	4,193,461	21,500,000
Iosco.....	1,800,000	100,000	1,900,000
Iron.....	4,508,000	1,492,000	6,000,000
Isabella.....	5,000,000	2,500,000	7,500,000
Jackson.....	30,000,000	6,000,000	36,000,000
Kalamazoo.....	24,302,267	5,697,733	30,000,000
Kalkask.....	2,852,091	647,909	3,500,000
Kent.....	50,000,000	40,000,000	90,000,000
Keweenaw.....	3,062,394	937,606	4,000,000
Lake.....	1,177,287	222,713	1,400,000
Lapeer.....	13,734,000	766,000	14,500,000
Leelanau.....	2,170,030	529,970	2,700,000
Leawee.....	27,632,240	6,367,760	34,000,000
Livingston.....	12,500,000	3,500,000	16,000,000
Luce.....	1,559,000	441,000	2,000,000
Mackinac.....	2,077,553	422,447	2,500,000
Macomb.....	20,036,000	4,964,000	25,000,000
Manistee.....	11,198,810	2,301,190	13,500,000
Marquette.....	18,718,000	11,282,000	30,000,000
Mason.....	6,454,769	1,035,231	7,500,000
Mecosta.....	3,794,150	1,205,850	5,000,000
Menominee.....	10,112,386	3,387,614	13,500,000
Midland.....	3,100,000	1,400,000	4,500,000
Missaukee.....	2,147,298	852,702	3,000,000
Monroe.....	16,948,900	3,551,100	20,500,000
Montcalm.....	7,000,000	6,000,000	13,000,000
Montmorency.....	964,800	535,200	1,500,000
Muskegon.....	12,158,646	2,341,354	14,500,000
Newaygo.....	4,772,995	1,227,005	6,000,000
Oakland.....	29,505,275	4,494,725	34,000,000
Oceana.....	5,081,968	918,032	6,000,000
Ogemaw.....	1,962,000	338,000	2,300,000
Ontonagon.....	3,704,619	4,295,381	8,000,000
Oscoda.....	3,452,630	2,047,370	5,500,000
Oscoda.....	533,280	166,720	700,000
Otsego.....	2,406,410	599,590	3,000,000
Otsego.....	16,700,000	4,300,000	21,000,000
Presque Isle.....	2,708,553	291,447	3,000,000
Roscommon.....	393,424	166,576	560,000
Saginaw.....	35,163,659	6,836,341	42,000,000
St. Clair.....	21,563,000	6,437,000	28,000,000
St. Joseph.....	15,002,018	2,997,982	18,000,000
Sanilac.....	10,981,022	3,018,978	14,000,000
Schoolcraft.....	2,800,055	1,199,945	4,000,000
Shiawassee.....	13,797,750	7,702,250	21,500,000
Tuscola.....	14,351,897	3,148,103	17,500,000
Van Buren.....	13,085,000	2,915,000	16,000,000
Washtenaw.....	33,939,760	3,060,240	37,000,000
Wayne.....	258,740,500	38,259,500	297,000,000
Wexford.....	5,401,500	598,500	6,000,000

Give Your Horse a Chance!

Eureka Harness Oil

First publication October 19, last Nov. 9.

PROBATE NOTICE FOR HEARING CLAIMS BEFORE COURT.—State of Michigan, County of Delta, ss.

Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, made on the fourteenth day of October, A. D. 1901, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Frank E. Benware, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office, in the city of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the fifteenth day of April, A. D. 1902, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Monday, the third day of February, A. D. 1902, and on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated, October 17, A. D. 1901.

T. B. WHITE, Judge of Probate.

First publication Oct. 19, last Nov. 9.

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Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Delta, made on the fourteenth day of October, A. D. 1901, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Andrew Ostlund, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office in the city of Escanaba, for examination and allowance, on or before the fifteenth day of April, A. D. 1902, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Monday, the third day of February, A. D. 1902, and on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated, October 14, A. D. 1901.

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E. M. ST. JACQUES

GROCERIES

A large and complete line always in stock

Cor. Hale and Georgia St.

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Lansing, September 18, 1901.

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Delta.....	6,973,088	2,422,912	9,400,000
Dickinson.....	7,000,000	4,200,000	11,200,000
Eaton.....	15,000,000	6,000,000	21,000,000
Emmet.....	5,814,939	2,185,061	8,000,000
Genesee.....	24,543,876	4,956,124	29,500,000
Gladwin.....	1,689,999	410,001	2,100,000
Gogebic.....	8,956,200	5,043,800	14,000,000
G'd Traverse.....	7,900,000	1,600,000	9,500,000
Grafton.....	10,987,700	4,512,300	15,500,000
Hillsdale.....	16,828,400	4,171,600	21,000,000
Houghton.....	98,425,000	41,575,000	140,000,000
Huron.....	11,004,396	2,395,604	13,400,000
Ingham.....	18,000,000	9,500,000	27,500,000
Ionia.....	17,306,539	4,193,461	21,500,000
Iosco.....	1,800,000	100,000	1,900,000
Iron.....	4,508,000	1,492,000	6,000,000
Isabella.....	5,000,000	2,500,000	7,500,000
Jackson.....	30,000,000	6,000,000	36,000,000
Kalamazoo.....	24,302,267	5,697,733	30,000,000
Kalkask.....	2,852,091	647,909	3,500,000
Kent.....	50,000,000	40,000,000	90,000,000
Keweenaw.....	3,062,394	937,606	4,000,000
Lake.....	1,177,287	222,713	1,400,000
Lapeer.....	13,734,000	766,000	14,500,000
Leelanau.....	2,170,030	529,970	2,700,000
Leawee.....	27,632,240	6,367,760	34,000,000
Livingston.....	12,500,000	3,500,000	16,000,000
Luce.....	1,559,000	441,000	2,000,000
Mackinac.....	2,077,553	422,447	2,500,000
Macomb.....	20,036,000	4,964,000	25,000,000
Manistee.....	11,198,810	2,301,190	13,500,000
Marquette.....	18,718,000	11,282,000	30,000,000
Mason.....	6,454,769	1,035,231	7,500,000
Mecosta.....	3,794,150	1,205,850	5,000,000
Menominee.....	10,112,386	3,387,614	13,500,000
Midland.....	3,100,000	1,400,000	4,500,000
Missaukee.....	2,147,298	852,702	3,000,000
Monroe.....	16,948,900	3,551,100	20,500,000
Montcalm.....	7,000,000	6,000,000	13,000,000
Montmorency.....	964,800	535,200	1,500,000
Muskegon.....	12,158,646	2,341,354	14,500,000
Newaygo.....	4,772,995	1,227,005	6,000,000
Oakland.....	29,505,275	4,494,725	34,000,000
Oceana.....	5,081,968	918,032	6,000,000
Ogemaw.....	1,962,000	338,000	2,300,000
Ontonagon.....	3,704,619	4,295,381	8,000,000
Oscoda.....	3,452,630	2,047,370	5,500,000
Oscoda.....	533,280	166,720	700,000
Otsego.....	2,406,410	599,590	3,000,000
Otsego.....	16,700,000	4,300,000	21,000,000
Presque Isle.....	2,708,553	291,447	3,000,000
Roscommon.....	393,424	166,576	560,000
Saginaw.....	35,163,659	6,836,341	42,000,000
St. Clair.....	21,563,000	6,437,000	28,000,000
St. Joseph.....	15,002,018	2,997,982	18,000,000
Sanilac.....	10,981,022	3,018,978	14,000,000
Schoolcraft.....	2,800,055	1,19	