

ENGINEERS GO TO FRANCE FIRST

TRAIN BEARING FRENCH ENVOYS WRECKED AT TERRE HAUTE

9 REGIMENTS OF RAILWAY MEN TO HELP ALLIES

War Department Announces This Contingent Will Be Sent Overseas as Quickly as It Can Be Mobilized.

CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS

Washington, May 7.—Nine new regiments of army engineers to be composed exclusively of highly trained railway men, will be the first American troops to be sent to France.

TOTAL STRENGTH OF 12,000.

The expedition will have a total strength of 11,000 or 12,000 men, each regiment being composed of two battalions of three companies each.

Recruiting for the regiments and organization of each force will be directly under the colonel of each regiment. Recruiting machinery of the regular service or the national guard will be placed at their service and it is hoped the enrollment of the troops will take little time.

WANT PICKED MEN ONLY.

America is pre-eminent in the field of railway engineering and the best talent and experience the nation can provide in that line will go in the new regiments, each of which will be able to undertake all or any part of building or operating a whole railway system.

The American engineers will give military organization only for the sake of greater mobility and efficiency. They will carry the usual arms and equipment of engineer troops, rifles and bayonets, but their real fighting will be done with the complicated appliances and engines of railway operation and construction.

Officials believe the great railroad brotherhoods will co-operate, throwing the strength of the unions behind the recruiting efforts. The railway companies already are so organized under the Council of National Defense that their co-operation is assured.

Engineering feats of spectacular nature have been accomplished in perfecting the communication lines. A whole British railroad was picked up bodily, rolling stock, rails, roadbed and all, and taken to France.

M'CARRON, (MICH.) MAN AMONG CANADIAN DEAD

Ottawa, Ont., May 7.—Casualties among Americans with the Canadian forces, reported here tonight, include: Died of wounds: C. J. Parling, McCarron, Mich.

WILSON TARGET OF SENATE OVER ESPIONAGE BILL

Members of Both Parties Criticize Him For Trying to Play "Lone Hand"

Washington, May 7.—President Wilson was attacked in the senate today for failure to take congress into his confidence on matters of legislation and particularly those questions that have come up in relation to the international situation in the last few months.

Both Democrats and Republicans joined in the discussion. It was held behind closed doors. Indignation arose over the announcement by Majority Leader Martin that the president was extremely anxious that the senate reconsider its action of last week in modifying a provision of the administration espionage bill, relating to embargoes on exports.

OTHER CRITICISMS ALSO.

Criticism was directed also to the fact that no members of the senate or house were invited to participate in White House functions in honor of the British and French missions, and the attitude of some of the members of the president's cabinet toward the legislators came in for some vigorous condemnation.

PLEADS WITH RUSSIA NOT TO MAKE PEACE

Samuel Gompers Urges Workmen and Soldiers to Turn Deaf Ear to German Proposals.

Washington, May 7.—A plea against a premature peace for Russia, and renewed assurances that American wage earners and American people are in hearty sympathy with the Russian democratic movement, are included in a long cablegram sent by President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, to the executive committee of the council of workmen and soldiers deputies at Petrograd.

Speaking for organized labor in this country, Mr. Gompers also expressed complete confidence in purposes and opinions of the American war mission soon to go to Russia. Although he does not mention specifically the recent attack on Eijhu Root, who will head the mission, the labor leader denounces as criminal and pro-German any suggestion that the members will seek to interfere in Russia's internal affairs, or will give any advice except with the purpose of combating the common enemy.

HITS AT AUTOCRACY

Forceful annexations are condemned, but Mr. Gompers pleaded that every people affected by the war, should, in the end, be free to choose their allegiance. Punitive indemnities are also denounced, and hope is expressed that leaders of the working classes of the central empire will cease plotting for an abortive peace and will bring a real peace by overthrowing the autocracy of the Hohenzollern and Hapsburg families.

The message, timed to aid in combating the pro-German agitation, apparent during the last few days in Russia, was cabled yesterday.

SEVENTY AMERICANS LEAVE TURKEY FOR THE UNITED STATES

Stockholm, via London, May 8, 12:15 a. m.—The American minister here, Ira Nelson Morris, has been advised, through the Swedish foreign office, that a party of Americans, seventy in all, left Constantinople on Thursday, for Berne, and that arrangements have been completed for the departure from Turkey of twenty American consular officers.

The members of the American embassy at Constantinople are not yet ready to leave, but it is said that they are not being detained. Some of them will remain until the ambassador, Abraham L. Elkus, who is convalescing from typhus, is able to travel.

BRITISH POUND AT BULLECOURT WITH SUCCESS

Have Partially Surrounded Village and Unofficial Reports Indicate Haig's Men Have Fought Way In.

GERMANS FIGHT FIERCELY

(Associated Press War Summary.) The British and Germans, throughout Monday, were still engaged in violent fighting for possession of the town of Bullecourt, midway between Arras and Cambrai, and also in this immediate region at Rouex and between Fontaine and Reincourt.

The British forces now are on the northern, western and eastern outskirts of Bullecourt, leaving only the southern part of it available for a retreat of the Germans still inside. Unofficial reports have asserted that the British entered well into the town and that hand fighting was going on.

BRITISH REPULSE GERMANS.

North of this sector the Germans report that heavy British attacks at Rouex and between Fontaine and Reincourt were repulsed during the day with sanguinary losses, while still farther north, in the region of Lens, the British official communication records the repulse of a third German counter attack on the newly acquired British possessions south of the Souchez river. The British rifle and machine gun fire entirely wiped out the German forces which attacked in waves.

Monday saw no continuation of the heavy infantry fighting of Sunday night northeast of Soissons, in the region of Moulin-de-Laffaux and along the Chemin-des-Dames, although the artillery continued roaring a mighty duel. The French here and elsewhere are consolidating their gains.

Berlin claims that in Sunday night's fighting the Germans obtained local successes at numerous points, notably on the Winterburg. Greek troops, followers of former Premier Venizelos, in conjunction with the French forces, have occupied Bulgarian positions on a front of more than three miles in the Siberian theater, and repulsed Bulgarian counter-attacks delivered in an endeavor to annul the advantage.

BERLIN IGNORES CAMBRAI'S FALL.

Copenhagen, via London, May 7, 8:55 p. m.—The German newspapers, apparently under instructions, entirely ignore the capture of Craonne. The French report of the taking of the village is printed, but it is buried in a column of the entente official bulletins and in smaller type.

No mention is made of the loss of Craonne by the war correspondents, who otherwise are industrious in writing long commentaries on the western situation, or by the military critics. Captain Von Salzmann, military critic of Vossische Zeitung, attempts to warn off his readers from reading the French reports, assuring them that the enemy reports are all lies.

Captain Von Salzmann, discussing the difficulties of the supply of ammunition under bombardment by gas bombs, makes notable discovery that the sinking of the steamer Lusitania long postponed the use of gas bombs by the entente allies, and saved the lives of perhaps a hundred thousand German soldiers.

The writer says that under the new Hindenburg method of flying defense the best soldiers have been concentrated in a corps of elite storming troops, which is used in counter strokes regardless of the cost.

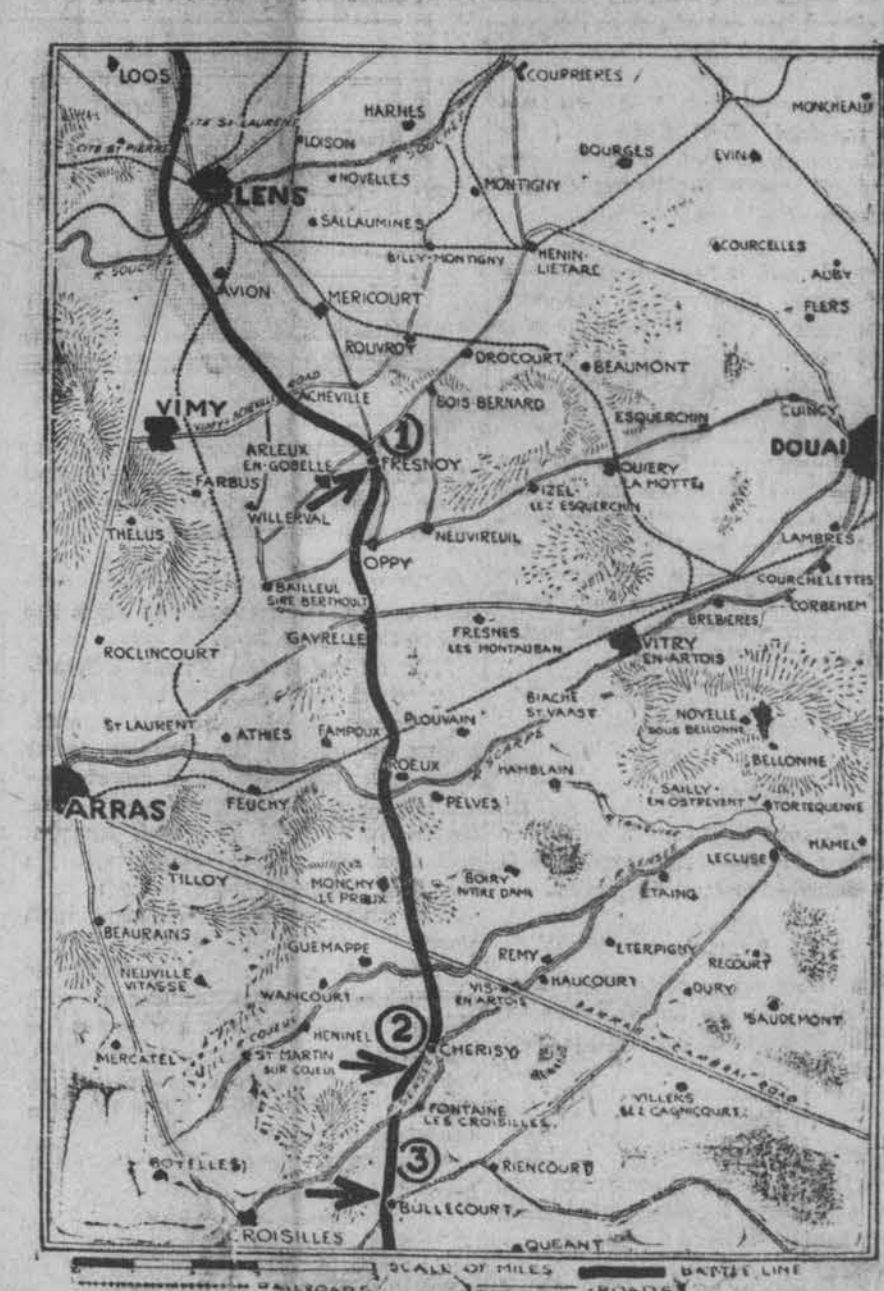
FOUR SPANISH AND FRENCH TRAWLERS SUNK IN FIGHT WITH U-BOAT

Paris, May 7, 4:36 p. m.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency, from San Sebastian, Spain, tells of a fight between a submarine and Spanish and French trawlers, in which two French trawlers, with small caliber guns, battled for some time with the submarine, but finally were sunk. Two of the Spanish trawlers also were sent to the bottom.

GEORGE STALLINGS WEDS BALL PLAYER'S WIDOW

Philadelphia, Pa., May 7.—George Stallings, manager of the Boston Nationals, and Mrs. Baynard Sharpe, widow of "Bud" Sharpe, former first baseman of the Braves, were married today in Westchester.

BRITISH ASTRIDE HINDENBURG LINE.



Reports from France indicate that Field Marshal Haig has made important gains along a twelve-mile front between Fresnoy (1) and Bullecourt (3). Progress was made in the vicinity of Chery (2). German positions two miles north and south of Fresnoy have been taken and the trenches north of Oppy penetrated.

LANSING PUTS 'GAG' ON ALL OFFICIALS

Secretary of State Closes All Sources of Information to Newspapermen.

Washington, May 7.—The usual channels of information, through which news of America's relationship to foreign powers have, up to now, reached the public, were closed today by Secretary Lansing.

CANNOT DISCUSS QUESTIONS.

Henceforth, under the order, the press will not be able to discuss the background of complicated international questions with the experts at the head of each bureau.

THE WEATHER

TUESDAY, MAY 8. Marquette and vicinity: Fair and continued cool.

Upper Peninsula: Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday.

Table with 3 columns: Time (7 a.m., Noon, 7 p.m.), Marquette temperatures (45, 59, 39), Highest/Lowest (50, 38).

TEMPERATURES ELSEWHERE.

Table with 3 columns: Location, 7 a.m., Noon, 7 p.m., Mon., Sun. Boston: 46, 48, 40; Buffalo: 48, 54, 38; New York: 44, 50, 40; New Orleans: 68, 72, 56; Chicago: 53, 54, 40; Detroit: 48, 52, 38; Omaha: 56, 62, 38; St. Paul: 60, 64, 40; Helena: 58, 60, 36; San Francisco: 62, 64, 50; Winnipeg: 58, 70, 42.

T. R. MAY BE FIRST IN THE TRENCHES YET

Reports Are That Conference May Compromise and Send Him to Europe.

Washington, May 7.—Conferees on the war army bill, in a four hour discussion today, failed to reconcile the differences between the bill, as it passed the two houses, and adjourned until tomorrow. A decided difference of opinion arose over the senate amendment, which would permit Colonel Roosevelt to take an expeditionary force to France and unless it is smoothed out the bill may have to go back to the two houses for further action.

MAY REACH COMPROMISE.

Other points of difference included the prohibition amendment inserted by the senate, and the age limit of men subject to the selective draft. The senate bill fixed the limit between 21 and 27 and the house between 21 and 40.

WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE STILL \$200,000,000 SHORT

Washington, May 7.—In an extended session today the house ways and means committee wrote new and drastic liquor and inheritance taxes into the war revenue bill, but adjourned tonight still in disagreement over many sections and about \$200,000,000 short of the \$1,900,000,000 it has voted to raise. The leaders hope to complete the measure today.

CHICAGO HERALD TO BOOST ITS PRICE

Chicago, May 7.—Beginning Monday, May 14, the Chicago Herald will retail for two cents in territory where it has been selling for one cent.

London, May 7.—5:55 p. m.—Premier Lloyd George and his colleagues, who have been attending a war conference of the entente allies in France, have returned safely to London.

WILL USE U. S. MAIL TO FLOAT 'LIBERTY LOAN'

Letters, Carriers and Boxes Will All Spread The Appeal For Aid

Washington, May 7.—The unfathomed possibilities of the United States mails, as a medium of governmental publicity, are to be developed at once to bring home to every person in the country the need of subscribing to the Liberty Loan. Every letter box of the hundreds of thousands in the country is to be placarded with posters announcing the loan and the need for contributions. Every postoffice is to display posters prominently, giving full information.

Every one of the 60,000 vehicles operated by the post office department is to proclaim, in large type, on posters or its side, that the Liberty Loan is open to subscriptions and that it is the duty of every citizen who can to subscribe. Every letter carrier in every city is to have a card to stick in his cap, so that where-ever his whistle is heard the call to subscribe will be carried.

More than that, every letter carrier and every free delivery carrier is to be an active bureau of information as to the terms and details of the issue. The carriers will be coached in the elementary details and will be supplied abundantly with advertising literature, which they are to distribute upon request to all persons desiring it. This part of the nation-wide advertising campaign was decided upon today. Meantime other features are under consideration.

TO USE ELECTRIC SIGNS.

Among these are the uses to which electrical advertising signs can be placed. The largest electrical sign ever built will be placed at Broadway and Forty-second street, New York, reported to be the busiest spot in America, to flash in red, white and blue, every night, an appeal for subscriptions to the loan. This sign will be built and maintained free of cost to the government by J. J. Gude, of New York. Other signs may be similarly operated in other large cities.

In addition, Secretary McAdoo has under consideration a speech making tour in the interests of the big issue. Mr. McAdoo has received numerous invitations recently to speak in the middle-west.

Response to the offer of the big issue have been made extremely gratifying thus far, Mr. McAdoo said tonight. Today's tabulation of replies received from banks and bankers showed no diminution in the rate at which subscriptions are pouring in. Thirty-five of the chief cities of the country offered today to take \$104,846,000 worth of the bonds in addition to previous offers, bringing their total up to \$326,976,000 for the three days which subscriptions have been received.

BELGIANS CANNOT GO BACK TO THEIR HOMES KAISER'S ULTIMATUM

Copenhagen, via London, May 7.—8:30 p. m.—It is officially pointed out by German newspapers received here that the recent order of Emperor Wilhelm, concerning the deportation of Belgians, did not contemplate the revocation of the measure, or the return of all the persons deported, but only of those who were able to prove absolutely that they had been justly classified as unemployed.

All other persons, say the newspapers, who are capable of working, will be detained in Germany.

A wireless dispatch from Berlin, March 18, said that prominent Belgians, belonging to different parties, had appealed to Emperor Wilhelm to check compulsory transportation of Belgian workmen to Germany, and to send home Belgians who had thus been deported.

REPORTS PERSIST THAT GERMANY WILL MAKE PEACE OFFER

Copenhagen, May 7, via London, May 8, 5:40 a. m.—There is still talk in Berlin, according to advices received here that Germany will make new peace proposals this week. There is no definite basis apparent for the rumors though the convocation of a Bundesrat committee on foreign affairs perhaps may be confirmatory of them.

VIVIANI AND JOFFRE HAVE 'CLOSE CALL'

Four Cars Leave Tracks and Diner in Which Members of Mission Were Eating Dinner Is Partially Derailed.

ALL BADLY SHAKEN-UP

Terre Haute, Ind., May 7.—The special train bearing the French commission was derailed near Arcola, Ill., early this evening. Four of the six coaches left the rails, but did not upset. No one was hurt so far as is known. A wrecking car left here at 8:30 o'clock for the scene. The train will be four to five hours behind the schedule time.

OCCUPANTS BADLY SHAKEN-UP.

Members of the mission were severely shaken up, but otherwise uninjured. William Nye, in charge of the United States secret service detail, attached to the party, made a thorough investigation and announced his opinion that it was entirely accidental.

Rene Viviani, French minister of justice, and head of the mission; Marshal Joffre and other attaches of the party were dining at the time of the accident. Only the forward truck of the diner, however, left the rails, and the jar was comparatively slight.

The train, composed of five solid steel cars, drawn by two engines, was running eastward at a fair rate of speed, when suddenly the front trucks of the second engine, apparently jumped the track and tore up the rails for a distance of about 200 feet. The day coach following, which was used as a buffer car, was thrown from the tracks and turned on its side in a ditch. Three trainmen riding in the coach were injured.

The second car, in which the newspapermen attached to the party and the staff of the mission were traveling, also jumped the track, but remained upright and none of its occupants were injured. The dining car was next and the two other cars of the train were undisturbed.

Efforts to determine the cause of the wreck tonight were in vain. Railroad men asserted that John Redmond, engineer in charge, probably saved the train from more serious damage by quick action in throwing on the emergency brake.

M. Viviani and the Vice Admiral P. L. A. Cheoprat went forward and made an examination of the track, evincing great interest in efforts of the trainmen to clear away the wreckage. Marshal Joffre and others of the commission remained aboard.

The train was held here for several hours, during which the members of the commission retired for the night. It was expected that with wrecking trains from Terre Haute, Ind., and from the wreckage would be cleared away shortly.

HONOR LINCOLN'S MEMORY.

Springfield, Ill., May 7.—Marshal Joffre, hero of the Marne, paid tribute to the memory of Lincoln at the tomb here today, and, with the others of the French commission, received an enthusiastic welcome to the capital of Illinois.

Marshal Joffre silently placed a wreath upon the Lincoln sarcophagus with bowed head and doffed hat, the French hero, Rene Viviani, vice premier of the French council of ministers, and the military and civil officials who accompanied him, filed into the tomb, paid honor to the war president and left without a spoken word.

At the state capital, however, where an official reception had been arranged for them by Governor Lowden and the legislature, both Joffre and Viviani spoke.

The reception in Springfield was enthusiastic. Soldiers who lined the streets stood at attention. Hundreds of school children waved flags.

The hall of the house of representatives at the capital was thronged. General Joffre spoke, but briefly in French. "I come here to represent France and the French army," he said. "I thank you. I left the French army to come to Springfield to salute the citizens of the state of Illinois and the city."

Premier Viviani paid a tribute to Lincoln and to President Wilson and told of the rejoicing that spread through France when the speech of President Wilson, announcing the intention of the United States to enter the war, was received. He predicted that with the aid of the United States, it would be brought to a final and glorious conclusion.

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL
A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY
The Mining Journal Company, Limited.

Issued daily except on Sundays. Contains Associated Press dispatches, and is especially devoted to the Upper Peninsula interests.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Per year by mail.....\$6.00 Per month, by carrier......60c

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

TUESDAY, MAY 8, 1917.

DO IT NOW.

As was to have been expected, the Patriotic league is meeting with a good measure of success in stirring up interest in army service, with the result that numbers of young men, many of whom in any event would be reached by the selective draft, are taking the bill by the horns and going into the army without waiting to be called. Their service now will be more important than their service later, for it is of the utmost importance that the regular army and the state troops shall be filled out to war strength at the earliest moment, irrespective of the new army to be raised by the draft.

So it is meet and proper that those young men of ability who enter the regular army and the state commands now will enjoy a material advantage over those who will later be drafted. When the new forces are constituted there will be a demand for trained men to take the commissions and the posts of non-commissioned officers. That is why the officers training camps are now being constituted. In the course of the organization work, room will be made for the advancement from the ranks of many of the young men now enlisting. In the next few weeks officers in all commands will be studying attentively the personnel of their companies, singling out the young men who show more than ordinary ability and who give promise of developing rapidly if they are entrusted with increased responsibility. Thousands, and perhaps, finally, tens of thousands, of these will ultimately be called from the ranks. Those most experienced and best trained will be taken.

It is obvious that the young men of ability who enlist now will have a considerable advantage over those of their fellows who are called later. Many young men must be turning these considerations over in their minds. Recruiting from now on should show a marked improvement.

STANDPAT FARMERS.

A new kind of standpatter is coming into unpleasant prominence. He is the farmer who plods along in the same old way, regardless of the fact that the world is at war and increased food production is an imperative necessity.

Students of Western Reserve University have been making a survey of northern Ohio to learn what the farmers are doing to increase their output. Their report shows an astonishing indifference to the situation.

"No great impression has been made upon their minds by the fact that we are in a state of war," the investigators say. "They seem satisfied to let matters stand as they are and get along as best they can. In most cases they are making no effort to increase the acreage or output. Little help is called for because the farmers seem undecided as to whether conditions and prospects, and so are afraid to risk paying help, and would prefer to be left alone."

The farmers' "surveyed" are not those of remote rural sections, but are mostly within a short distance of Cleveland, where they have a good market for their crops. They might be supposed to have been affected by the agitation for larger crops which has been carried on as extensively in Cleveland as anywhere else in the country. But it has influenced them little. City folk, with limited acres and poor facilities, are doing all they can to help feed the nation, but the farmers whose particular business it is are doing no more than usual.

Fortunately this is not the attitude of all American farmers. In the west, especially, there is enthusiastic and concerted effort to stimulate production. But we can't help wondering, with considerable misgiving, how many farming communities are like the one reported by the Western Reserve investigators, where the professional food-producers are shirking one of the most serious duties that ever devolved upon any class of citizens.

THE NEW PROVISION.

Far the most important of the amendments of the game laws which are now published is the one conferring on the game commissioner power to alter the seasons for taking game or for liberating animals from those provided by statute, if it becomes necessary to do so to meet extraordinary conditions. The amendment was suggested as a result of the conditions with regard to partridge, which, the past two years, have had successive unfavorable breeding seasons, with the result that the number of the birds has been perceptibly reduced.

The power conferred on the game commissioner is so amply surrounded by safeguards that it is difficult to understand why there should have been any opposition to the proposal that it should be given. He can act only on petition of two-thirds of the members of the board of supervisors of a county, and can act only county by county, and not by a blanket order affecting wide expanse of territory. Prior to the issuance of an

order for the closing of a season in any county, hearings must be held, at which all interested persons will be given an opportunity to express their views. If the hearings impress the game commissioner with the wisdom of the action urged by the supervisors, he must secure the publication of the order in a newspaper of the county, before it shall become effective. It shall also be generally posted.

It will be seen that the game commissioner is given no arbitrary power. The initiation of a movement for a special closed season must come from the supervisors. Failing action by them, the statutory season for hunting, fishing and trapping will prevail, no matter what local conditions may be. Furthermore, the public is to be fully consulted in hearings, and the widest publicity is to be given to any order changing the statute law. Every legitimate public interest, it is seen, is fully protected. The amendment can be welcomed as considerably strengthening the forces that are working for game conservation.

A CRISIS WEATHERED.

The Russian government has apparently weathered safely an ugly crisis that was largely the work of German agents active with little concealment. In any other country at war they would have been rigorously repressed, but because of the insecurity of its own standing the Russian government, perforce, thought it necessary to allow them to play their hand out, less because it felt confidence that they could do no mischief than because it feared it could not withstand a policy of severe repression.

The immediate cause of the recent disturbances was the declaration a few days ago of the government's foreign policy. The radical elements regarded it as a declaration for annexation and aggression, and believed that it evidenced a pact with the allies that had been made by the new ministers such as the ministers of the old regime were accustomed to formulate foreign policy without any reference to the masses of the people. The demonstrations were in support of a demand for a delimitation of the country's relations with its allies in the spirit of the views of the radical elements, and the populace was skillfully wrought upon by agitators whose inspiration is generally acknowledged to have come from Germany.

The success of the Russian government in withstanding the storm is due, it is apparent, largely to the great ability of its ministers. Foreign Minister Milukoff, for instance, at one critical moment, took a hostile audience, surrounding the house of government, in hand and, by a powerful and magnetic address, shortly changed it into a patriotic gathering that was shouting its loyalty to the government and Russia at the top of its lungs. The situation was one that, less resolutely and adroitly handled, might have thrown Russia into chaos.

The status of Russian affairs is regarded as materially improved, if for no better reason than that each disturbance sustained has a tendency greatly to strengthen the hands of the government, and because there is evidence that the present ministers and the radical elements are finding the basis for a working agreement that will insure the orderly conduct of government affairs. It is not at all to be wondered at that there have been disturbances in Russia. It will be a wonderful thing if the discordant elements can find a basis of common action and avoid falling at one another's throats.

For the moment the extreme Russian socialists are, it appears, too trustful of the representations of their fellows in Germany. While the former demand a policy of no annexation, no indemnities and no aggression, there is, in Germany a powerful class which is demanding that the chancellor renounce similar magnanimity by Germany, and the trend of the whole German policy has been to seek compensations for the war at the expense of enemy people's. There is much evidence that the German socialists are playing with their Russian brethren to serve Germany's ends. If they can do this successfully the future will look dark for the new Russia.

"In legalizing conscription during the war by an overwhelming majority in both houses congress has exhibited the common sense and the power of quick adjustment which in an emergency Americans can usually be depended on to exhibit," the New Republic comments. "War is a rude, harsh business, and people who decide to wage war must follow up the decision with rule and harsh measures. The authorization of recruiting by compulsion is interpreted by one group as a triumph for democracy and by another as its irretrievable defeat. It is neither. Congress has not only county by county, and not by a blanket order affecting wide expanse of territory. Prior to the issuance of an

war. As soon as the war is over the question as to how American armies are to be recruited will be re-opened; and a new decision will have to be reached based upon international political conditions at that time and the enduring international responsibilities of the United States."

State Press

Questioning the patriotism of your neighbors does not emphasize your own loyalty.—Grand Rapids Herald.

The politicians who are trying to make political capital out of the war are fast creating a political deficit.—Flint Journal.

The Chicago butchers have started a movement for cheaper meat. The trouble with such starts is that they don't finish.—Pontiac Press Gazette.

Well, the Turks have driven the Russians out of Mush again, but we cannot think of anything we should so little mind being driven out of unless it's peanut butter.—Grand Rapids Press.

Somebody suggests that we use sharks for food. Well, there are a lot of sharks among us that we could spare, but we don't exactly hanker for the cannibal stunt.—Muskegon Chronicle.

Hollweg is said to be preparing a new offer of peace. Hollweg is evidently proceeding on the theory that peace is going to wear the label "Made in Germany," which it isn't.—Detroit Free Press.

It would profit every home in the land and the nation at large, say the food experts, if the women, particularly those who feel that they need it least, would possess themselves of a modern cook book of recognized authority and devote an hour or two a day for a week to the study of it.—Hillsdale News.

Timely Quips

Neighborly.

Your German neighbor has been a good fellow in times past, and this is not his doing.—Portland Oregonian.

Hopeful.

With another cut or so in the rations German scientists are hopefully anticipating the isolation of the original atom.—Washington Post.

Humorous.

In Berlin they think the American army a joke, but every American who was in the Boxer rebellion gives when he hears that.—Portland Oregonian.

Complimentary.

The highest compliment yet paid to Americans of German descent is the statement from over the seas that Berlin is deeply disappointed in them.—Kansas City Journal.

A Laugh Or Two

The Only Way.

President H. H. Wright, of Fisk University, was complaining in Nashville about the worship of wealth.

"A young man," he said, "asked me the other day which was the more estimable, riches or brains."

"Brains," said I, "of course, but in these times the only way a man convinces people he has brains is to get richer."

Ha, Ha, Ha!

Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst continues his battle against cosmetics.

"It must be admitted," said Dr. Parkhurst at a Brooklyn luncheon, "that women have much finer complexions than men."

Bluff.

"The submarine blockade," said Naval Secretary Daniels at a dinner in Washington, "is a bluff. It does harm, of course—it does untold harm—but as a blockade it is a bluff."

"The German submariners remind me of the hen."

"A hen, you know, set out to see the world, and met a crow in a remote part of the world."

"But, madam," said the crew, "are you not afraid, without wings, of losing your way in all this dense tangle?"

"Afraid? Oh, no!" said the hen. "Every little while I lay an egg to guide myself back by."

All Bad.

John Grier Hibben, president of Princeton University, said at a reception the other day:

"Germany's unanimous approval of the submarine murder of women and children naturally leads us to believe that all Germans are tarred with the same brush. In short, we have to look on Germany much as Red-face Leary looked on Tin Can."

"A man said to Red-face Leary in a Grave Yard saloon:

"I hear you went over to Tin Can last night and lynched the wrong man."

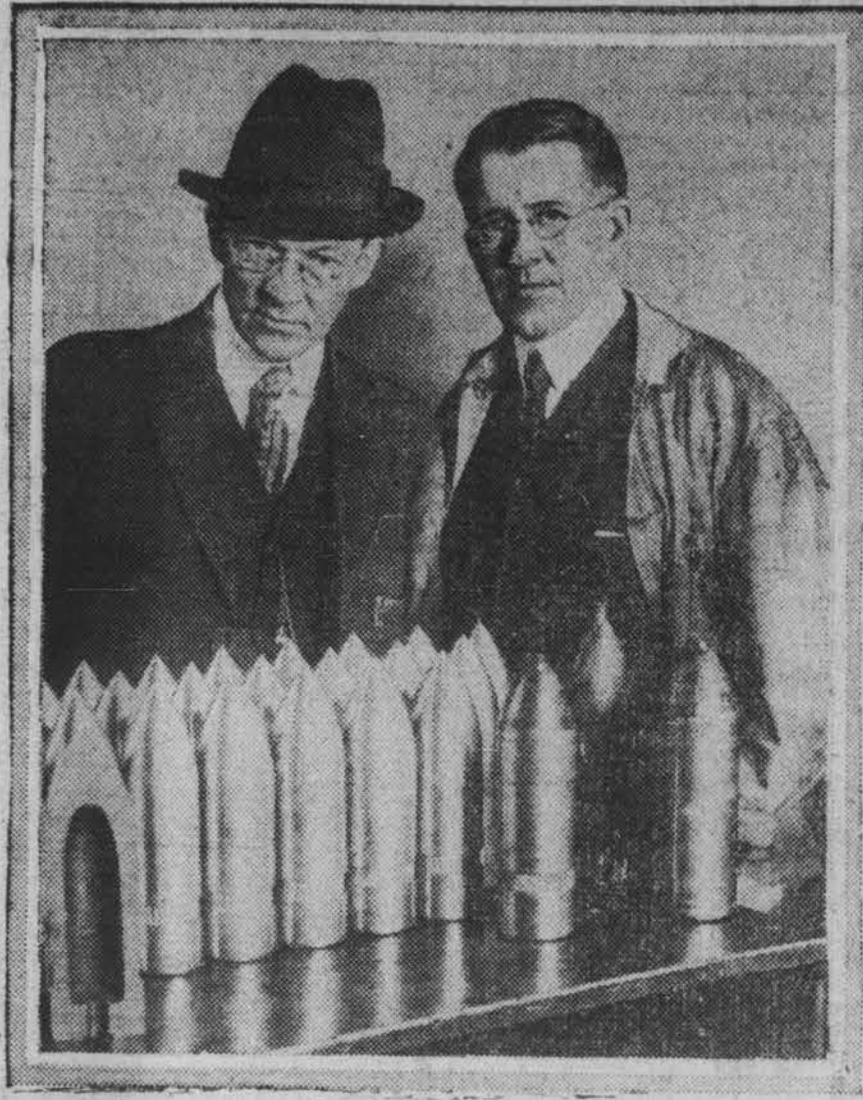
"Red-face Leary shook his head.

"No," he said. "You can't lynch the wrong man in Tin Can. We just got Three-finger Pete a little ahead of his turn."

Five Friends.

"When Germany," said Representative Gardner at a Washington reception, "began the use of asphyxiating gas—a thing forbidden by the Hague conventions—she put the responsibility on Eng-

SHELLS FOR OUR NAVY.



United States naval experts inspecting shells for Uncle Sam's navy made at the Charlestown, Mass., navy yard. The exhibit shows the rough shell with its nose on, the shell before the copper receptacle is cut, sectional view and finished shell. (Passed by the Censor.)

land, saying that England had begun the use of these gases first.

"For all her crimes Germany invariably lays the responsibility on others."

"Germany is like Smith's friends. Smith, motoring in the country, broke down miles and miles from anywhere—no telephone, no telegraph—and Mrs. Smith waited until 10 o'clock for him, and then sent off five telegrams to his five best friends in town, asking:

"Is John spending the night with you?"

"The next morning Smith arrived home at breakfast time in a farm wagon with the broken automobile in tow, and a few moments later a messenger brought Mrs. Smith five telegrams, the answers of Smith's best friends. Each telegram contained the words:

"Yes, John is spending the night here."

Editorial Opinion

When the War Will End.

The United States already wants peace. Individual Americans want peace. They are sick of war. They are going to be constantly more sick of war. It does not appeal to them. The individual American "does not like the bayonet" any more than any one else in the world likes it. The desire for peace is so great that almost every one is talking about when the war is going to end.

Most people think of it in terms of dates. Peace is not going to come in terms of dates. It is going to come in terms of accomplishment. Peace is going to come when the people who are talking about no annexation and no indemnities gain the upper hand over the pan-Germans in Germany. Our accomplishment will be to show the German people that pan-Germanism has no meat in it. We have got to show the German people that pan-Germanism is a funeral—not our funeral, but theirs. When we have done that we have accomplished all.

Our Peaceful Terms

President Wilson in his famous war message to congress said: "The Right is more precious than Peace."

The President is right, and this message immediately takes rank with the state papers of Washington and Lincoln.

In our store our customers have the right of good service and, first of all, of Quality and Workmanship.

Our success as Ladies' Tailors has exceeded our expectations.

There Is a Reason.

C. H. Ducoin Co.

Expert Ladies' Tailors and Fashion Designers

118 NORTH FRONT STREET - TELEPHONE 739

If Your Credit Is Good Elsewhere It Is Good Here

nobody much cause for worry.—Lansing State Journal.

A Belated Censorship.

At last the administration has produced censorship in a very practical form, by putting censors in the cable offices to prevent the leak of news from the country in a form favorable to the enemy. The war was on, in form at least, for three weeks before this simple and obvious and sensible step was taken. McKinley was not so slow in 1898. No sooner was a state of war declared than he directed the signal service of the army, then commanded by General Crocy, the Arctic explorer, to take over all the cable offices in the country. Immediately censors were placed at the cable terminals and the lid was clamped down tight. The newspapers were not disturbed in their work of publishing the news for the people at home. This administration, however, has first turned its attention to the newspapers—while the opportunity for leaks at the cable offices was overlooked.

There are times when censorship is necessary and no newspaper objects to legitimate censorship. There was no criticism when General Funston began to censor news passing from the Mexican border. But the federal officials should bear in mind that the purpose of censorship should be not to keep information from reaching the American people but to keep it from reaching the enemy. The trouble with British censorship in the early days of the war was that it was frequently used to keep the British people ignorant, rather than to keep information from reaching the enemy. We should make no such mistake.—Saginaw Courier-Herald.

Lower State Notes

LANSING—Michigan will start planting potatoes in July, according to the decision of the public domain commission. It is not known exactly how many acres will be planted. Runners were started for seed and fertilizer and it is believed that by the end of the week both should be on the various forest reserves. The gangs of men who are held loose to plant trees are to be turned loose on potato planting. Just how many acres they can plant in the next two or three weeks, the regular planting time, remains to be seen. Secretary Carleton and Forester Schaaf believe that at least 100 acres and possibly 200 acres at least can be put in. Inspired by the meeting of the food preparedness committee the sixty county agents already in the field have gone back to their work determined before the week is out to enlist farmers in increasing their acreage. It is thought here that unofficial announcement from Washington that the federal government has drafted a bill to give the department of agriculture power to fix a minimum and maximum rice will change the views of conservative farmers who have so far held back. This information, coupled with the promise to handle all financing problems locally, it is figured may yet show a great increase in the potato acreage. Reports on the bean acreage are satisfactory, and even while the reports showed that there would hardly be any increase in the potato acreage experts point out that if a normal crop of potatoes is raised, Michigan will have a good surplus.

Upper Peninsula

Munising Giant Enlists.

Seventy-four inches of a man stalked into the recruiting station at Escanaba and was accepted for enlistment, the biggest man to be enlisted for the army in the upper peninsula. He was Alfred D. Hoyt, twenty-five years old. Hoyt weighs 171 pounds and is six feet and two inches in height. The giant applicant comes from Munising.

May Close Down Bristol.

The Bristol mine in Crystal Falls may close down. It will be definitely known in a few days, just what will happen at the Bristol, but in the mean time the fact that Iron county mines are up against a real proposition to get rid of their ore ought not to be overlooked by the workmen of the district. Supt. W. J. Richards of the Corrigat McKinney interests says: "It appears that there is not a very strong market for the high phosphorus ores of this county, which are used for foundry iron only. The old Bessemer range grades and the Bessemer of the Mesaba are getting the preference in the market for munition purposes. For these reasons, I do not expect to see a very large tonnage shipment from Iron county this year. In fact, it seems to me that there is almost enough ore in the stockpiles of Iron county to meet this season's requirements, unless some change takes place that would warrant shipping more of these ores later in the season. My advice to the workmen, and to all classes of citizens of Iron county, at this time, is to use every available spot for planting and encourage agricultural work as much as possible this summer."

The Escanaba Controversy.

The litigation has been commenced by the North Michigan Water company believing that it will tire out the people of this city and make them surrender to its demands, but the representatives of the water company will find that they do not understand the temperament of the people of this city, says the Escanaba Press. The people expect and believe that there will be no compromise with the water company, but the mayor and council shall stand upon their rights as established by the courts of this state. The representatives of the water company are afraid of a decision by the courts. The water company has offered their properties for \$375,000 and refused to accept any less. The people have offered the company about \$230,000 and there will be no compromise on the part of the city. All this city has ever asked is the right to submit to the people of this city the question of constructing a new plant. All that has been asked by the mayor and council is the right to have the people decide this question by a vote. All the mayor and council now ask is the right to submit this question to the people for decision. This has been prevented by an injunction secured by the water company. Is there any wrong in such a course? Is the mayor or the council subject to any criticism for trying to have this question submitted to the people? Can there be any objection to having the mayor and council submit this important question to the people? Is it not perfectly right that they should submit this question to the voters of this city? But this water company, with their few friends in this city, take the position that this question shall not be submitted to the people and they secured an injunction stopping the mayor from doing so. They take the position that the people do not know enough to decide this question. They are afraid of a decision by the people of the city because they know how the same people have been led and imposed upon for thirty years. They propose to keep the people in submission and that the water company shall dictate the terms as to how this question shall be settled. Although this is a free country, the friends of the water company take the position that the people shall not have the right to construct a new plant, but instead of that they must purchase something they do not want and which is not suitable for their use. Well may they be afraid, and they are afraid, not only of a decision by the courts, but they are more afraid of a decision by the people of this city. The people of this city are not worrying over this question. They are going to let this question take its course in the regular way, even if it takes one, two or more years. We have started to settle this question and it will be settled to the satisfaction of the people of Escanaba regardless of any other interests.

Want Directory

WANTED

WANTED—To rent, small barn or garage, centrally located, for automobile. Address Box Z, care of Mining Journal, 5-8-17.

WANTED—An experienced stenographer. F. B. Spear & Sons, 5-8-17.

WANTED—Old false teeth; don't matter if broken. I pay \$1 to \$10 per set. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. E. Teri, 402 North Wolfe St., Battle Creek, Mich. 5-7-17.

WANTED—In exchange for 80 acres of land at Bretonville, Delta County, city property in Marquette. Mrs. Alice Berry, Birch, Mich. 5-4-17.

HELP WANTED—MALE

AN OPPORTUNITY.—We have the state agency for a period of two years on a patented burglar alarm, attaches to door knob, no nails, screws or batteries to replace, rings automatically on the slightest turn of the knob. Absolutely the greatest seller that has ever been attempted to handle. We want to dispose of our rights for the entire Upper Peninsula for two years. This is the best of the state in making us big money. Write for our proposition. A. J. Hamdan & Co., 322 Washington St., Grand Rapids, Mich. 5-7-17.

WANTED—Two stable men at once. Flanagan Bros., 5-3-17.

WANTED—An experienced bookkeeper, one who is competent to manage the financial accounts of a business. None other will be considered. Apply by letter H. Mining Journal, 5-3-17.

MINERS WANTED—DRILLERS \$4.00 ONLY GOOD MACHINE MEN NEEDED APPLY TO BOARD ROOM PER DAY. APPLY TO JAMES B. GRUMMETT, MINING CAMP, NORTHERN FRITES COMPANY, NORTH STAR, ONTARIO, ON CAN. GOV. RYS., NEAR GRAHAM, ONTARIO, 4-16-17

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—A dishwasher. Wages, \$18 per month. Apply Brunswick Hotel, 5-7-17.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. W. F. Morgan, 517 Spruce St. 5-7-17.

WANTED—One dining room girl and one chambermaid. Hotel Summit, 4-17-17.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Steam-heated flat, five rooms and bath, hot and cold water. Inquire at 216 Front street.

FOR RENT—One large room, with bath. Mrs. Adams, 219 Barker St. 4-17-17.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR RENT—Six-room cottage at 300 W. Park St. Apply 115 W. Second St.

FOR SALE—Five-passenger Paige Six automobile, electric lights and starter; everything in good condition. Price \$375. C. Young, 719 Pine street. 4-24-17.

FOR SALE—Henry McLaughlin's 200-acre farm at West Branch Twp. Must be sold at a very low price in order to close out the estate. Inquire at 230 Rock St. or phone 352-7. 4-12-17

FOR SALE—Twenty head of second-hand logging horses; from \$75 to \$225 per head. Wm. Duran, South Marquette, 3-27-17.

FOR SALE—Two new houses on Spenley street; modern in every particular. Good location, half block from street railway; finished down stairs in Kentucky tile; hot water heat. Will sell on the installment plan by paying a substantial payment at time of purchase. Apply to John Robertson, Room 8, Harlow Block, Marquette; phone office 280-J, residence 434-W. 3-26-17.

FOR SALE—Well established business, 16 years in operation and making good money. Building, stock, fixtures, horses for sale. Will sell at a substantial profit. Health reason for selling. Frank Hauser, Munising, Mich. 3-19-17.

and there will be no compromise on the part of the city. All this city has ever asked is the right to submit to the people of this city the question of constructing a new plant. All that has been asked by the mayor and council is the right to have the people decide this question by a vote. All the mayor and council now ask is the right to submit this question to the people for decision. This has been prevented by an injunction secured by the water company. Is there any wrong in such a course? Is the mayor or the council subject to any criticism for trying to have this question submitted to the people? Can there be any objection to having the mayor and council submit this important question to the people? Is it not perfectly right that they should submit this question to the voters of this city? But this water company, with their few friends in this city, take the position that this question shall not be submitted to the people and they secured an injunction stopping the mayor from doing so. They take the position that the people do not know enough to decide this question. They are afraid of a decision by the people of the city because they know how the same people have been led and imposed upon for thirty years. They propose to keep the people in submission and that the water company shall dictate the terms as to how this question shall be settled. Although this is a free country, the friends of the water company take the position that the people shall not have the right to construct a new plant, but instead of that they must purchase something they do not want and which is not suitable for their use. Well may they be afraid, and they are afraid, not only of a decision by the courts, but they are more afraid of a decision by the people of this city. The people of this city are not worrying over this question. They are going to let this question take its course in the regular way, even if it takes one, two or more years. We have started to settle this question and it will be settled to the satisfaction of the people of Escanaba regardless of any other interests.

and there will be no compromise on the part of the city. All this city has ever asked is the right to submit to the people of this city the question of constructing a new plant. All that has been asked by the mayor and council is the right to have the people decide this question by a vote. All the mayor and council now ask is the right to submit this question to the people for decision. This has been prevented by an injunction secured by the water company. Is there any wrong in such a course? Is the mayor or the council subject to any criticism for trying to have this question submitted to the people? Can there be any objection to having the mayor and council submit this important question to the people? Is it not perfectly right that they should submit this question to the voters of this city? But this water company, with their few friends in this city, take the position that this question shall not be submitted to the people and they secured an injunction stopping the mayor from doing so. They take the position that the people do not know enough to decide this question. They are afraid of a decision by the people of the city because they know how the same people have been led and imposed upon for thirty years. They propose to keep the people in submission and that the water company shall dictate the terms as to how this question shall be settled. Although this is a free country, the friends of the water company take the position that the people shall not have the right to construct a new plant, but instead of that they must purchase something they do not want and which is not suitable for their use. Well may they be afraid, and they are afraid, not only of a decision by the courts, but they are more afraid of a decision by the people of this city. The people of this city are not worrying over this question. They are going to let this question take its course in the regular way, even if it takes one, two or more years. We have started to settle this question and it will be settled to the satisfaction of the people of Escanaba regardless of any other interests.

and there will be no compromise on the part of the city. All this city has ever asked is the right to submit to the people of this city the question of constructing a new plant. All that has been asked by the mayor and council is the right to have the people decide this question by a vote. All the mayor and council now ask is the right to submit this question to the people for decision. This has been prevented by an injunction secured by the water company. Is there any wrong in such a course? Is the mayor or the council subject to any criticism for trying to have this question submitted to the people? Can there be any objection to having the mayor and council submit this important question to the people? Is it not perfectly right that they should submit this question to the voters of this city? But this water company, with their few friends in this city, take the position that this question shall not be submitted to the people and they secured an injunction stopping the mayor from doing so. They take the position that the people do not know enough to decide this question. They are afraid of a decision by the people of the city because they know how the same people have been led and imposed upon for thirty years. They propose to keep the people in submission and that the water company shall dictate the terms as to how this question shall be settled. Although this is a free country, the friends of the water company take the position that the people shall not have the right to construct a new plant, but instead of that they must purchase something they do not want and which is not suitable for their use. Well may they be afraid, and they are afraid, not only of a decision by the courts, but they are more afraid of a decision by the people of this city. The people of this city are not worrying over this question. They are going to let this question take its course in the regular way, even if it takes one, two or more years. We have started to settle this question and it will be settled to the satisfaction of the people of Escanaba regardless of any other interests.

and there will be no compromise on the part of the city. All this city has ever asked is the right to submit to the people of this city the question of constructing a new plant. All that has been asked by the mayor and council is the right to have the people decide this question by a vote. All the mayor and council now ask is the right to submit this question to the people for decision. This has been prevented by an injunction secured by the water company. Is there any wrong in such a course? Is the mayor or the council subject to any criticism for trying to have this question submitted to the people? Can there be any objection to having the mayor and council submit this important question to the people? Is it not perfectly right that they should submit this question to the voters of this city? But this water company, with their few friends in this city, take the position that this question shall not be submitted to the people and they secured an injunction stopping the mayor from doing so. They take the position that the people do not know enough to decide this question. They are afraid of a decision by the people of the city because they know how the same people have been led and imposed upon for thirty years. They propose to keep the people in submission and that the water company shall dictate the terms as to how this question shall be settled. Although this is a free country, the friends of the water company take the position that the people shall not have the right to construct a new plant, but instead of that they must purchase something they do not want and which is not suitable for their use. Well may they be afraid, and they are afraid, not only of a decision by the courts, but they are more afraid of a decision by the people of this city. The people of this city are not worrying over this question. They are going to let this question take its course in the regular way, even if it takes one, two or more years. We have started to settle this question and it will be settled to the satisfaction of the people of Escanaba regardless of any other interests.

and there will be no compromise on the part of the city. All this city has ever asked is the right to submit to the people of this city the question of constructing a new plant. All that has been asked by the mayor and council is the right to have the people decide this question by a vote. All the mayor and council now ask is the right to submit this question to the people for decision. This has been prevented by an injunction secured by the water company. Is there any wrong in such a course? Is the mayor or the council subject to any criticism for trying to have this question submitted to the people? Can there be any objection to having the mayor and council submit this important question to the people? Is it not perfectly right that they should submit this question to the voters of this city? But this water company, with their few friends in this city, take the position that this question shall not be submitted to the people and they secured an injunction stopping the mayor from doing so. They take the position that the people do not know enough to decide this question. They are afraid of a decision by the people of the city because they know how the same people have been led and imposed

Directory

NTED

small barn or garage, for automobile. Ad. Mining Journal.

NTED—MALE

We have the state of two years on a farm, attached to door...

ED—FEMALE

Wages, \$18 per week. Hotel. 2-7-17

RENT

heated flat, five rooms, coal water. Inquire...

SALE

NT. Six-room cottage. Apply 115 W. Cross...

NTED

McLaughlin's 200-acre tract. Must be...

NTED

Established business. on and making and...

NTED

compromise on the all this city has ever...

Copper Country

JUDGE WIEST OPENS SPECIAL COURT TERM

Presiding Circuit Court Jurist Takes Judge O'Brien's Place on Bench.

Judge Howard Wiest, of Lansing, judge of the Ingham county circuit court, presiding circuit judge of Michigan, arrived in Houghton Sunday to take the place of Judge O'Brien in a number of cases and yesterday morning convened the court. The first case brought for trial is one of the oldest on the calendar of this court.

It is the case of Mrs. Seraphina Just, of Calumet, vs. John Karvako, William Yatch, and John Perenchio, Calumet saloon keepers. Mrs. Tursti alleges that her husband was killed August 22, 1909, in Calumet by a man named Karvako and that these saloonkeepers are responsible for the killing because they sold liquor to Karvako, while he was intoxicated, his resulting condition being the primary cause of the killing of her husband.

Mrs. Tursti is represented by C. Albert Marsch, of Duluth, in association with B. H. T. Burritt, of Hancock.

The defendants, through their attorneys, Archie Bunting, of Detroit, and W. J. Galbraith and E. A. McNally, of Calumet, enter a general denial to the charge.

History of the Case.

The story of the case in brief is: Karvako was tried for the killing of Tursti and was sentenced to Marquette for manslaughter. Mrs. Tursti later started a suit against the saloonkeepers and they won in the Houghton county circuit court in June 1910. She appealed and a new trial was granted by the supreme court.

On January 13, 1916, Judge O'Brien dismissed the case under the judicature act, but in September of last year reinstated it.

Mr. Bunting yesterday morning, before the jury was called, moved that the court find for the defendants on the ground that the statute of limitations operated and it could not be reinstated after dismissal.

An Important Incident.

Probably not more than one of the old court habitués noticed that Mr. Bunting's argument was almost apocryphal. It was probably the first instance in this court in which a decision was not cited in support of an argument. An argument without citations is something to rare as to be almost a precious jewel in any lawyer's tiara of triumphs.

Mr. Bunting would have been glad to cite a court decision on the point, but he was baffled. The judicature act is so new that the point had never been ruled on by a court. He had to argue without a decision to sustain him, a task before which even the stoutest lawyer would quail.

The inevitable, in the circumstances, happened. Judge Wiest overruled the motion and the case went to trial. It is expected it will be concluded today.

M. C. M. ALUMNI IN RECRUITING 'DRIVE'

Open Number of Stations to Secure Enlistment of Men for Engineers.

The committee from the alumni association of the Michigan College of Mines, in charge of organizing the Michigan College of Mines battalion of engineers for the United States army, has been busy. It yesterday announced the opening of the following recruiting stations in the district:

Michigan College of Mines—Major B. W. Vallat.

Ahmeek village hall—Capt. Carl Smith in charge.

Quincy—Ward Royce.

Lake Linden—John Clark.

Calumet armory—Lieut. Ira Penverthy.

Houghton—Lieut. Eynon White.

Painesdale store—Lieut. "Pat" Lewis.

These offices may not be opened today but they will be opened as soon as the necessary blanks can be procured.

Major Vallat Comes Tomorrow.

Major R. W. Vallat, who is to head the battalion, will arrive in Houghton tomorrow, according to advices received at the college yesterday by President McNair. Major Vallat is coming to assume active work in connection with the battalion. He is leaving his business to serve his country.

The new major's experience latterly forms another of the stories so frequently heard for the successes of Michigan College of Mines men. He formerly was superintendent of the Newport mine at Ironwood. Just before the European war opened he went to Detroit and purchased a small foundry in Walkerville, Ont. The foundry took a few orders for small military requirements early in the war and this business began to grow till now the Dominion Forge and Stamping company is an important concern. President Vallat leaves it at the call of his college. F. W. Lewis, who has been named supply officer of the battalion with the rank of lieutenant, arrived yesterday. He has been at Ewen for some months because of the illness of his father, Mr. Lewis, known as "Pat" to the older college men, has had much practical experience in the west as a mining engineer. He was at Columbus, N. M., during the Villa raid and afterward and he saw much of the work that is to be expected of him in the battalion. His duties will be that of quartermaster, which means he will be responsible for keeping the battalion supplied with all materials other than food, the direction of its transport service and the maintenance of its equipment.

Officers Have Meeting.

The officers already in the copper country had a meeting Sunday at Calumet with Col. Petermann. Following this Capt. Loyeland of the Calumet Engineers, Company A of the battalion, gave them some drill instruction.

As soon as Major Vallat arrives there will be a meeting called in Houghton of all the officers and the men so far enlisted. This will be the organization meeting and it is expected the skeleton companies will be formed, to be filled up later by recruiting.

Ontonagon Recruiting.

Lieut. Merritt Lamb, recruiting officer for Company G, is spending the day in Ontonagon county, where he expects to secure a number of recruits. He made the trip on advice from Greenland, which told him ten men were awaiting his examination.

He held a meeting in Greenland last night and today will visit Ontonagon where he also was advised there was considerable interest. Ontonagon county has sent a considerable number of men to regular organizations, there having been no previous effort made there to secure men for the national guard.

Lieut. Ray Lewis of the regular army, who is home on furlough, but is desirous of being of service, went to Painesdale yesterday to act as recruiting officer in the South Range district and after a conference with leading enthusiasts in the district opened an office in the South Range village post office.

During Lieut. Lamb's absence Edward J. Ruelle, former first sergeant of Company V, will have charge of the Houghton office. Lieut. Lamb expects to terminate this enlistment effort in the copper country next Saturday. If he has not secured his 50 men he will visit Marquette and Ishpeming en route to Lake Wayne, hoping to secure the required men there.

For Naval Reserve Armory.

C. D. Hanchette of Hancock has taken the initiative in an effort to secure an armory for the Hancock naval reserve. Realizing that matters of this kind have to pass through various channels and in order to get the machinery in action as quickly as possible and early start has been made.

The step taken by Mr. Hanchette is the outgrowth of a "get together" banquet of citizens and the naval reserve held several weeks ago. The affair was arranged to get an expression from citizens at a time that the future of the division was somewhat uncertain. Proponent citizens, Mr. Hanchette being one of these present, offered their services at the time to do all in their power toward supporting the reserve that it would not be lost to the city.

During the course of Mr. Hanchette's remarks he asserted steps should be

Vacation Appelles Summer Visitors



That's what Summer means to you, doesn't it? Doesn't sound like much of a vacation for you. That is if you have to spend the time in an overheated kitchen bending over a hot range; in other words if you haven't

A New Perfection Oil Cook Stove

Get one!

You will have instant heat. Just touch a match to the wick and have something ready in a twinkling. Quick heat and dependable. No waiting.

You will have clean pots and pans. (The flame cannot touch them, the long blue chimney prevents that.) You will have a cool kitchen.

You will have no ashes; no dirt; no odor; no smoke. You will have a hot or slow fire. Even burning. No need of watching. You will save one-third your fuel bill.

Get a new Perfection Oil Cook Stove. Look for the triangle trade-mark. Easy to light, easy to fill, easy to rewick.

Write for booklet giving full description and prices of the various types of stoves.

Standard Oil Company (Indiana) 72 W. Adams St., Chicago, U.S.A. For best results use Perfection Oil

will be acting with the authority of the state and should any need for its services arise all of the members could be organized by the sheriff. The principal object of the regiment would be to keep up patriotic interest, to secure recruits for existing active organizations and generally to act in the promotion of military interest.

Uniformed Home Guard companies, organized under the proposed state guard, are to be formed shortly, independent of this regiment.

James T. Fisher, president of the Calumet Red Cross, announces the anonymous donation of \$500 and the addition of several life members at \$100 each. A meeting of the Calumet chapter last night arranged for a month-long campaign. The chapter hopes to get 2,500 annual members in its territory.

Postmaster Ryan of Calumet has been notified that Fred J. Middle, Leo A. Payne and W. A. Perry, recruited by him for the regular navy, have passed the examination at Escanaba. Postmaster Ryan gets \$5 for each recruit. He turns the money over to the recruits.

Chester Hootson and Ed C. McLogan of Calumet have gone to Marquette to take the examination for the officers' reserve.

Leslie McLaughlin of Calumet has applied for admission to the officers' training camp at Fort Sheridan. Perry Wilber of Calumet has been advised of his acceptance for the Fort Sheridan camp and he will leave for Chicago this week.

Recent enlistments give the Calumet Engineers a total of 1117 members.

LAKE GIVES UP VICTIM.

Body of Daniel Neher, Drowned at Senter, Found Near Chassell.

The body of Daniel Neher, who was drowned in Portage lake near Senter last fall, was found Saturday night floating in Pike Bay near Chassell. He was 17 years of age, the son of Martin Neher of Point Mills. He was drowned by falling from a boat in which he was fishing with two companions. The place where the body was found was several miles distant.

The funeral took place Sunday afternoon from St. Patrick's church, Hancock, to Lakeside cemetery in that city.

STORMING UPPER PENINSULA.

Chicago Attacks Dry Goods Merchants With Force of Twenty.

Carson Pirie Scott & Co's Chicago attacking force reached Houghton yesterday. It consists of a squad of dry goods salesmen who will display goods before at least 100 upper peninsula merchants at the Douglas House today, tomorrow and Thursday.

This convention is the first of the kind in the upper peninsula. The merchants began drifting last night. The Chicago force consists of C. Doty, E. F. Ginter, J. W. Whaples, Frank Jergin, W. O. Colby, W. C. Hansman, C. Kaiser, E. J. Boyce, George Wright, Alex Williamson, D. Avery, C. R. Marsh, Thomas Bruce, C. B. Salisbury, R. Martinson, A. M. Kerr, Tom Wettpell and Robert McConnell.

HOME GARDEN SUPERVISOR.

A. Ketonen of Ishpeming Engaged by Houghton County Farm Bureau.

A Ketonen of Ishpeming, a senior at the Michigan Agricultural College, arrived in Houghton yesterday to report to Prof. Leo M. Geismar, agriculturist of the Houghton County Farm bureau, for the position of supervisor of home gardens.

The bureau has arranged for the formation of supervised home garden clubs in the schools of Houghton, Hancock and Lake Linden. Mr. Ketonen will have charge of these clubs. He has had previous experience in the copper country as a teacher and salesman and is well qualified for the work.

Mr. Ketonen accompanied Prof. Geismar yesterday to Lake Linden, where the first club is to be organized.

THROUGH FROM IRON COUNTRY.

"Flick" Guibord and R. C. Durham Drive Car from Michigamme.

"Flick" Guibord and R. C. Durham drove a Premier car from the Beauport mine, near Michigamme, Marquette county, to Houghton Sunday evening.

The car was left there early in the spring by Ralph Haas and by him sold to Guibord and Durham, who went down to Michigamme Saturday night to take possession. Driving to Houghton they found the roads in good condition, with the exception of a few depressions that are still filled with snow.

FIRST BOATS ARRIVE.

Steamers Mullin and LaBelle Come in Through the Upper Canal.

Navigation from outside the copper country opened in Portage Lake Sunday afternoon, when the steamer Mullin Mullin came in to the Copper Range and the LaBelle came from the Lake Erie, but did not attempt the Portage Entry passage, coming around Keeweenaw point and through the upper canal instead.

The steamer LaBelle from Duluth for Hubbard came in yesterday morning through the upper canal.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.—Adv.

Try This If You Have Dandruff

There is one sure way that never fails to remove dandruff completely and that is to dissolve it. This destroys its energy. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most, if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop instantly, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive, and 'our ounces is all you will need. This simple remedy has never been known to fail.—Adv.



HELMAR TURKISH CIGARETTES. 10 Cents. 100% Pure Turkish Tobacco Put Together Right.

You're lucky if you smoke Helmar. If you don't smoke Helmar, your luck's just ahead of you—don't delay. You're going to enjoy the world's best—pure Turkish tobaccos, Put together right. The Mildest tobacco for cigarettes is Turkish. The Best tobacco for cigarettes is Turkish. Friend, if you will once, you will many times. Quality Superb.

GOITER

Goiter is not only unsightly, but disagreeable—it has a tendency to make one nervous, irritable, short of breath, etc.

Desjardins' Goiter Remedy

UNGOITROID

Is a harmless, successful remedy that cures permanently all kinds of goiter, no matter how large they are or of how long standing, in the most simple manner, externally, by absorption. It checks the growth at once, reduces the enlargement gradually and improves your run-down system in a short time. Price \$2.00 postpaid.

Manufactured by the Desjardins' Pharmacy 411 NORTH THIRD STREET Marquette, Mich. CALL AT YOUR DRUGGIST.

HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

(COMPOUND) For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Two sizes, 25c. and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed.

Send Free Sample of Oil to

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Company, 26 William Street, New York.

WILLIAMSON'S SICK ANIMALS

A BIG BOOK on diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs and Poultry, mailed free. Humphreys' Veterinary Medicines, 150 William Street, New York.

ANS

Removes One package All druggists.

THE SENIOR SERVICE CORPS.

The summons to men past the recognized military age, who still are abundantly able and keenly willing to serve the country in a military capacity, could not be more appealingly presented than in the organization of the Senior Service Corps.

It is a definite call to service for men whose age puts them in a definite class. It is not a clash or competition with the Home Guard, which has a wide range of age, and appeals generally to men and boys who are unable, for other reasons than age limitations, to enter the active service. Forty-five years may limit a man's ability for the arduous service of war at the front, but it by no means incapacitates him for such service as may be required of a home

defense force. Among the men past this age there is some of the best blood and most effective vigor of New Haven. The men who have already entered are men who are carrying a good part of the affairs of New Haven. They constitute, however, only a small portion of such men.

Hence the call of this organization is for men. It is a great opportunity for truly patriotic, loyal service which is offered. There ought to be an instant response of at least enough men to form a good robust corps, right here in the city of New Haven. It is an organization for genuine defense, offering a field in which every man whose blood is warm, within any commend his Americanism and demonstrate his devotion. New Haven can make this one of the most distinguished units of the state's defense and the nation's service, if it will without delay respond to this call. It might be added, though of minor importance, that the regime which will be

required will result in substantial physical benefit to every man who engages in it.—New Haven Register.

TROUBLE ENTIRELY DISAPPEARED

Knudt Lee, Waunaska, Minn., writes: "For several years my daughter had a bad chronic cough. Not until we tried Foley's Honey and Tar did anything produce any great relief. In a few days the trouble entirely disappeared and has never returned." Contains no opiates; a safe, reliable, remedy; children like it. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

HE ALMOST FELL DOWN

A. M. Hunsucker, Bogus Chitto, Miss., writes: "I suffered from rheumatism, kidney and bladder trouble, also dizziness; would almost fall down at times. Foley's Kidney Pills gave me entire relief." Disordered kidneys give warning by pains in side and back, sore muscles, swollen joints, tired and haggard looking. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

A BARGAIN YOU WILL APPRECIATE
 15 to 20 per cent saving for you in
"MAXIMUM"
AUTOMOBILE INNER TUBES.
 Red Rubber Extra Tough
 ALL SIZES.
 THE QUALITY IS THE STRONGEST ATTRACTION.
 SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY.

The Stafford Drug Co.
 The Rexall Store.

PAINT YOUR FLOORS
 With Adamantine Floor Paint, the most reliable goods for the purpose yet introduced.
VARNISH YOUR FLOORS
 With Berry Bros. Liquid Granite Alabastine and Muresco for the side walls.

For sale by
M. R. Manhard & Son, Ltd.

Pocahontas Coal
 PILE RUN AND SCREENED.
 We are now receiving all rail coal and have a good supply of Pocahontas.
 PROMPT DELIVERY.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS Marquette, Mich.

COAL
 SCRANTON ANTHRACITE
 YOUGHIOGHENY SOFT
 ISLAND CREEK SPLINT
 LILLY SMITHING

Wholesale and Retail.

PHONES 90 & 293
JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD. THE BEST COAL



MARQUETTE GRANITE & MARBLE WORKS,
 Telephone 172, 723 West Washington Street, Marquette, Mich.
 CATALOG SENT ON REQUEST FREE OF CHARGE.

Be Prepared—Do It Now
 Everything is high. Don't overlook your spring and summer hats. We're still in business. Bigger than ever, and at your service at all times to clean and dye your old hats. Will make them look as good as new, and save you the price of a new hat. All work guaranteed, and our prices are right.

MARQUETTE HAT CLEANING SHOP
 111 So. Front St.

AT Murray's

ASPARAGUS
 TOMATOES
 WAX BEANS
 GREEN PEAS
 CAULIFLOWER
 HEAD LETTUCE
 PIE PLANT
 RADISHES
 PINEAPPLES
 RED BANANAS
 DELICIOUS APPLES
 STRAWBERRIES

FRESH GREEN and WAX BEANS
15c
 A POUND
 AT

DEL'S GROCERY
 133 WASHINGTON ST.
 WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

BROOMS
 Are Going Up
 Just a few
48c
BROOMS
 left. You'll have to hurry

JOHN SIEGEL
 CASH GROCER.
 Telephone 400.

WANTED:
 Steel moulders, moulders' helpers, machinists' helpers, structural iron helpers and yard laborers.
 Steady Work Good Pay No Strike
 Inquire of
H. FOURNASS,
 1516 Ludington Ave.,
 ESCANABA, MICH.

Charlton & Kuenzli,
 ARCHITECTS.
 Marquette Michigan

Strom-Wester Co.,
 General Contractors and Builders,
 Marquette, Mich.
 ESTIMATES GIVEN.
 Telephone 1041-J and 1917-W

HOSPITAL
 For Horses, Cattle, Dogs,
 TUBERCULIN TESTING.
DR. S. H. BUCK
 Graduate Veterinary Surgeon
 and Dentist.
 Marquette. Phone 499

City Brevities

Arlington Ham, of Ishpeming, spent the weekend visiting friends in the city.

F. Phillips Case has returned from the Soo, where he spent the weekend visiting his parents.

V. G. Halby returned yesterday from a two weeks' business trip in New York and vicinity.

The Odd Fellows will meet tonight in the Pythian temple. The second degree will be conferred.

There will be a meeting of the Knights of Columbus at their club rooms at 8 o'clock this evening.

The Superior hive, No. 217, L. O. T. M., will meet Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in Keough's hall.

The junior confirmation class of the St. Paul's church will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the chapel.

The chorus which is to sing "The Holy City" will meet tonight in the chapel of St. Paul's church at 7:30 o'clock.

There will be a special meeting of the Northern Queen Rebecca lodge in the K. P. hall this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

There will be a meeting this afternoon at 3 o'clock at Keough's hall of the Ladies' Auxiliary to the B. of L. F. and R.

Fred Marlowe has taken over the buffet, in connection with the Summit House, formerly operated by C. H. Lockhart.

Troop No. 1, Boy Scouts, will meet Wednesday night in the armory at 7:30 o'clock. Members are requested to wear full uniforms at this meeting.

Bud Ledstrand was here from Manistique over the weekend, visiting his parents. He left yesterday morning for Escanaba, to enlist in the army.

About seventy-five children of the Normal Training School met this morning for a rehearsal of the cantata, "In India," which is to be given soon. Miss Ethel Hamby is directing this and reports satisfactory progress.

On account of the patriotic meeting to be held Wednesday evening, the card party which is to be given by the young ladies of St. Peter's cathedral parish at the Baraga auditorium will be postponed until Thursday evening of this week.

To Give Cantata—The girls of the Normal Training School will present the cantata, "In India," in the Normal School auditorium within the next ten days. Daily rehearsals are being held and much interest has developed. The sale of tickets will be announced a little later. The net proceeds will go to the relief of Belgium children.

Dorais to Re-Open—Charles Dorais, who several weeks ago closed his meat and grocery establishments on account of the condition of the produce market, will re-open today in his former location, 416 South Third street. Mr. Dorais announces that he has completely equipped both departments of his business, but that hereafter he will operate on a strictly cash basis.

Buys Motor Boat—J. M. Longyear yesterday forwarded to his son Robert D. Longyear, at Boston, Mass., a check for \$16,000 with which to purchase a regulation motor patrol boat, as an acquisition to the fleet which a number of the Harvard students have formed. In instructing his son to purchase the boat Mr. Longyear practically donates the equipment to the government, for the young men at Harvard are drilling daily in preparation for a possible call to service.

New Truck Received—The new G. M. C. motor truck, recently ordered by the city for the use of the department of public works in its street improvement program, was received yesterday. To prove its power the driver, who arrived yesterday to demonstrate the truck, had it filled with gravel and drove it up a steep grade on Fourth street, from Washington. The truck accomplished the feat with comparative ease. It will be placed in service at once by City Engineer Wright.

Delegates to Convention—It is expected that a delegation of Pythian Sisters will leave today for Houghton to participate in the annual upper peninsula convention. The meeting will be in charge of Mrs. Charles Strobel, district deputy, and opens at 2 o'clock this afternoon. It will be attended by about sixty-five delegates, fifty from the copper country and the rest from the various temples outside that district, located in the following places: Sault Ste. Marie, Escanaba, Houghton, Hancock, Laurium, Munising, Ishpeming, Crystal Falls, Marquette, Menominee, Republic, Iron River and Ruydard.

Atlanta Would Help.
 The trustees of Atlanta University have, through Edward T. Ware, offered to place the University buildings and grounds, in case of need, at the disposal of the United States government, hoping that they can in some way be used to prevent or to relieve the hardships attendant upon warfare, especially as they may affect the negro people.

The grounds are already under skillful cultivation, making a valuable demonstration of the possibilities of intensive gardening. The buildings, high in location and removed from the dust and noise of the city, are well adapted to hospital purposes, and will be for four months (June-September) otherwise unoccupied.

President Ware, announcing the offer, says: "For fifty years Atlanta University has been the unequivocal champion of justice and freedom for the negroes. The trustees are constrained thus to express their loyalty by word and by deed at this time of stress when the nation has undertaken to do her part in making the principles of justice and freedom prevail throughout the world."

Delft Theater, Friday, May 11
 MATINEE AND NIGHT
 THE INTER-OCEAN FILM CO. Presents
Sweden As It Is Today
 IN EIGHT REELS OF MOTION PICTURES

Spend an evening in the "Land of the Midnight Sun." Swedish preparedness, the neutrality pact of Scandinavia, meeting of the kings at Malmo, winter and summer sports, exchange of wounded prisoners of Germany, Austria and Russia, striking features of education, transportation, sports and scenery.

PRICES 10c and 25c

CAPT. HOBSON COMING.
 Hero of Santiago Harbor Will Talk On National Prohibition.

Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson, the hero of Santiago harbor during the Spanish-American war, will deliver an anti-liquor address in this city May 31, according to an announcement made last night by Dr. E. V. Claypool, of this city, head of the anti-saloon movement for the upper peninsula.

Captain Hobson's name has been immortalized through his courageous action during the war between this country and Spain when, with the greater part of the Spanish fleet inside of Santiago harbor, he sailed out into the bay with his ship, the Collier, and sank her directly in the mouth of the harbor, bottling up the Spanish fleet and bringing about the enemy's subsequent surrender.

Shortly after close of the war Captain Hobson was a candidate for congressman from Alabama and was elected. For the past year he has been one of the most conspicuous figures in the figures in the fight for national prohibition, and has talked in various sections of the country. He devotes his entire time to this work and his messages have proven effective in various communities in which he has worked.

Efforts are being made to find a place suitable for Mr. Hobson's address, and a definite announcement with regard to this will be made within a few days.

THEATERS

DELFT Today And Tomorrow
 Jesse L. Lasky Presents
Fannie Ward
 in
"Betty to the Rescue"
 A Gripping Story of the California Mines
 Matinees, 2:30 and 3:45.
 Evening, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45.
 PRICES—5c, 10c and 15c

Opera House TONIGHT
Constance Talmadge
 in
"Betsy's Burglar"
 Triangle-Fine Arts Production
 Vaudeville
O'Laughlin & Williams
 NOVELTY GUN SPINNING AND BAG PUNCHING ACT

Theatrical

Opera House.
 The Triangle comedy drama, "Betsy's Burglar," will be shown at the opera house tonight starring Constance Talmadge and Kenneth Harland.

In "Betsy's Burglar" Miss Talmadge takes the part of a boarding house slaver with great aspirations. Oscar Schlitz, the grocer's boy, is in love with her, but she awaits her Prince Charming. A handsome young lodger arrives at the house, and Betsy promptly falls in love with him. He happens to be the heir to a large estate, but is unable to gain possession owing to some crooked work that an attorney is trying to put over. Meanwhile Oscar graduates from a correspondence school for detectives and in looking for opportunities to try his metal becomes implicated in events affecting Betsy and her prince. Betsy is kidnapped by some desperadoes and Oscar mixes in, but is soundly thrashed. In the end Betsy's star boarder comes to the rescue, and all ends happily.

O'Laughlin and Williams will furnish the vaudeville with an interesting gun spinning and bag punching act.

Delft Theater.
 Fannie Ward, in "Betty to the Rescue," will be seen at the Delft today.

Fannie Ward, as Betty Sherwin, takes the part of a typical tomboy which is especially suited to her boyish nature. Betty's father dies and leaves her a mine that is generally supposed to be worthless and she lives with some friends of her father, who allow her to believe she has a private income. Fleming, a mine expert, discovers a large vein in the mine, but keeps it a secret. The Kenwoods meet with reverses and Betty realizes that she has no income, so together with John Kenwood goes to the mine and they find the vein that Fleming had hoped to keep secret for his own benefit. Then there is the inevitable result, the supreme happiness of John and Betty.

Upper Peninsula

U. P. Recruiting Day Planned.
 An "Upper Peninsula recruiting day" is a move planned by the Escanaba recruiting station. It is proposed to designate some date a couple of weeks in the future in which an effort for recruits will be concentrated. Lieutenant McNeal has written to Captain Kinney of the Chicago recruiting district, to learn how many men the upper peninsula is supposed to furnish as its quota and the number already received in all branches of service. He expects to hear from Captain Kinney in a few days and he will immediately get busy to formulate plans for the special recruiting day. Lieutenant McNeal believes that the campaign would do a great deal towards furnishing the army the required quota of men from Cleveland and that each community would enter into the campaign in a patriotic spirit.

Stole \$724—Detected.
 Sheriff Wilson and Deputy Jackson recovered \$724 that had been stolen from the trunk of one of her boarders by a Polish woman at the Carpenter mine, Iron county. The young fellow had drawn the money from the bank the day previous, intending to leave town. He had it in a coin sack and

Seat Sale Opens Today
 For the spectacular production of Jules Verne's
"20,000 Leagues Under The Sea"
 AT THE
Opera House Thursday and Friday
 Matinees Daily at 2:15—Evenings 8:15
Prices 25c, 35c and 50c

placed it in the bottom of his trunk. When he missed the money he at once appealed to the sheriff and suspicion attached to the woman. The officers spent most of a day searching the place, and, late in the afternoon, Jackson and the woman were searching the chicken coop, where two setting hens were on their nests. Jackson noticed the woman start towards the horse, holding one hand about her waist and swinging the other at her side. He grabbed her and found that she was carrying the bag containing the money, every dollar of it in its original package.

Rescued from Leaking Boat.
 After being tossed about in a high sea for ten hours in a boat heavily loaded with fish and with a stream of water spurting through a hole that had opened up in the bottom, Geo. Jensen and William Foster, of South Ford River, were rescued by members of the crew of the tug Elide. The men left South Ford River in the launch, loaded with a big shipment of fish. The boat was leaking when the men started for Escanaba, but it was believed that the trip could be made without difficulty. The heavy seas severely racked the boat and the water poured into the vessel as fast as the men could bail it out. When they failed to reach Escanaba late in the evening, the tug Elide was sent out from the Hansen & Jensen dock to look for the men. The disabled launch was discovered south of Portage island, and the two men, badly exhausted from their strenuous work, were taken aboard. The cargo was shifted to the Elide and the leaking craft was towed into Escanaba.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO. PERSUADED.
 The flower seller and Mr. Karker engaged in conversation.
 "Buy a flower, sir?"
 "No, thanks."
 "Buy one for your wife."
 "Haven't got one."
 "For your sweetheart, then."
 "Haven't got one."
 "Well, buy one to celebrate your good luck."
 He bought.
 Norway has many women sailors.

The ONLY PLACE IN TOWN
 where you can get entire satisfaction in
SHOES
 Satisfaction In Wear
 Satisfaction In Price
\$2.75
 a pair
M. F. GOLDBERG
 Third Street, Opposite Postoffice

Castle Brew
 IT'S GREAT!
 Positively No Better BEER made
 Nothing But the Best
 brewing material, together with the purest spring water, is used in its manufacture.
 Try a case. In quarts or pints
U.P. Brewing Co.

U. S. CAN USE
 Washington, already authorizing the ice vessels of ports was not without a real debate.
 New York, fullest co-operation of the U. S. "Liberty Loan" pledged to see the trust company Bankers' spring meeting of the association.
 PASSAGE OF
 Suez, April 1 Associated Press "holy carpet" from Cairo to a spectacular event of war in able procession panning it in a median's tomb.
 The procession the freight, stat previously arrived pilgrims, representatives, Lord ban ant music upon
 Behind the front of Egyptian ex mounted upon followed by a five artillery band came next din, and after a body of Egyptian nets glistering They were folk making weird produce some of Then came the in a richly emb the back of a e followed, on one priest. Then a fary mounted rear of the prod As the carpet of Egyptian in crowds of natives luted, while the at the windows houses, made a town it was tal station and on the docks, whered on a British whence it was gannet.
 British paint obtained from C her trees as a linseed oil.
 Material for said, can be pr



FANNIE WARD "BETTY TO THE RESCUE" LASKY-PARAMOUNT AT THE DELFT THEATER TODAY.

U. S. CAN NOW MAKE USE OF GERMAN SHIPS

Washington, May 7.—A joint resolution, already adopted by the senate, authorizing the president to put into service vessels of the enemy in American ports was adopted by the house today without a record vote, after an all day debate.

New York, May 7.—Assurance of the fullest co-operation of the trust companies of the United States, to make the "Liberty Loan" a complete success, was pledged to Secretary McAdoo today by the trust company section of the American Bankers' association, at the annual spring meeting of the executive council of the association, at Briarcliffe, N. Y.

PASSAGE OF "HOLY CARPET" A UNIQUE CEREMONY.

Suez, April 14.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The passage of the "holy carpet" through Suez on its way from Cairo to Mecca was one of the few spectacular events to break the monotony of war time in Suez, a considerable procession of Mohammedans accompanying it in its pilgrimage to Mohammed's tomb.

The procession in Suez started from the freight station, where the carpet had previously arrived by special train. The pilgrims, representing various tribes and races, bore banners and played discordant music upon tom-toms. Behind the foot-pilgrims came a body of Egyptian cavalry with drawn swords, mounted upon beautiful Arab ponies and followed by a mountain battery of native artillery. An Egyptian military band came next, making a prodigious din, and after them marched a splendid body of Egyptian infantry, their bayonets glistening in the brilliant sunshine. They were followed by a civilian band, making weird noises in an effort to reproduce some of the popular native airs. Then came the "holy carpet," carried in a richly embroidered canopy borne on the back of a camel. Two more camels followed, one of which rode a native priest. Then came some English military mounted police, bringing up the rear of the procession.

As the carpet, surrounded by a guard of Egyptian infantry, passed, immense crowds of natives lining the streets saluted, while their women folk, who were at the windows and on the roofs of the houses, made a curious wailing. After the carpet had finished its tour of the town it was taken back to the railway station and conveyed by special train to the docks, where it was reverently loaded on a British ship en route to Jeddah, whence it was conveyed to Mecca by camel.

British paint makers are using an oil obtained from the seeds of Brazilian rubber trees as an acceptable substitute for linseed oil.

Material for making good paper, it is said, can be produced from refuse lions.

FIGHTING PACIFIST WOULD BE A SOLDIER

Boston, May 7.—Alexander Baumgart, who engaged in a little encounter with Senator Lodge, while acting as a member of a peace delegation to Washington several weeks ago, enrolled today for the officers' reserve training camp at Plattsburg, N. Y.

PERFECT WOMAN IS DEFINED AT LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, April 29.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—"The Perfect Woman" has just been defined by a conference here of teachers from girls' schools throughout England. Here is the result of their united efforts: "The perfect woman is forty, is married, and is the mother of five children. She is in happy circumstances, living in a beautiful part of the country a few miles from a big town. She is the center of a good home, in which there is a high standard of cleanliness and comfort, and where good taste is everywhere visible, in furniture, carpets, curtains, wall paper, ornaments, clothes. The ideal woman is sensible and business like, and her home is a place of peace. She is patriotic and interested in politics and does all she can to remove the causes of suffering among the poor. She is a delightful companion, and has a gift for friendship. She is a religious woman, and tries to fulfill her duty toward God and toward other people. She takes walks, rides, bicycles, swims, dances, skates, rows, and plays games. She can ride a horse and drive a motor car. She is proficient in many branches of practical learning. She can do anything and everything about the house. She has some knowledge of the law, knows how to invest money, can use a typewriter. She is a great reader; every day she reads some serious book as well as a newspaper and a novel. She speaks three languages besides her own and reads foreign books. She is fond of gardening and has learned several crafts—wood carving, metal work, bookbinding, embroidery."

It is becoming more and more evident with the recapitulation of each year's work that corporation dollars invested in welfare, health and safety work for employees are yielding larger dividends than the balance sheets shows, and are piling up a surplus of good feeling between employees and employers which is of inestimable benefit to both. Witness the statement of Daniel Guggenheim, president of the American Smelting and Refining company, one of the large corporations which spent \$504,000 for work among its employees last year, of which \$130,000 was for building and improving company houses; \$210,000 for welfare, recreation and health; \$85,000 for safety; \$48,000 for pensions and \$31,000 for life insurance, in addition to adding \$275,000 to the pension fund.—New York Sun.

WELFARE PAYS DIVIDENDS.

It is becoming more and more evident with the recapitulation of each year's work that corporation dollars invested in welfare, health and safety work for employees are yielding larger dividends than the balance sheets shows, and are piling up a surplus of good feeling between employees and employers which is of inestimable benefit to both. Witness the statement of Daniel Guggenheim, president of the American Smelting and Refining company, one of the large corporations which spent \$504,000 for work among its employees last year, of which \$130,000 was for building and improving company houses; \$210,000 for welfare, recreation and health; \$85,000 for safety; \$48,000 for pensions and \$31,000 for life insurance, in addition to adding \$275,000 to the pension fund.—New York Sun.

DUTCH ELECTION WILL BE AVOIDED

Truce Between Parties Is Aimed to Minimize Political Agitation During the War.

The Hague, Netherlands, April 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Two general elections are due this year but, because of her dangerous position in the vicinity of the arena of war, Holland wants to avoid holding either. Statesmen and politicians believe they have solved the problem how to avoid exposing the nation to the perils of a political battle at this critical time. The four years' life of the present parliament automatically comes to an end next June. That would bring the first election. The second election would result from the revision of the constitution that long has been occupying the Dutch parliament, and which has now only to pass the first chamber to complete the first stage of its legislative voyage. The constitution of the country demands that, after such a revision has passed its first reading, the two chambers shall be dissolved and a fresh election held, thus giving electors an opportunity of expressing their opinion on the proposed changes. Should the parliament then elected again pass the revision and it be proclaimed law, a third general election must take place in 1918 under the new constitution and the new system of proportional representation and universal manhood suffrage.

The politicians propose to eliminate the first of this year's elections by having parliament dissolved on the first reading of the constitutional revision and just before its four years' existence would lapse, thus making the two elections coincide. There still remains one election to be held in 1917. To make this a formal affair and insure the return of the present parliament, the political leaders have agreed that each party shall retain its present seats unopposed. This decision is based on the ground that the pending revision of the constitution is approved by virtually the whole states general. This plan has been endorsed by the party caucuses, for the understanding that no legislation involving political principles shall be introduced in the twelve months' existence of the parliament thus constituted.

Assuming that this plan duly materializes in June next and that the elected chambers then pass the revised constitution in second reading and it becomes law, the first real appeal to the country will take place in 1918 and that for the first time on the basis of universal manhood suffrage and proportional representation. What extraordinary changes in the political groupings such a election may bring about no one attempts to forecast, but presumably it will in any case strengthen the radical parties. In the meantime Premier P. W. A. Cort van der Linden's extra-parliamentary but liberal ministry is expected to remain in power, for the main current of public opinion still seems to favor the maintenance of the cabinet that has firmly maintained the country's neutrality and kept it out of the war.

But there is another side of the picture. Groups have been formed which propose to put a spoke in the wheel of government and party politicians by nominating candidates of their own and contesting some of the principal seats next June. Such critics sweepingly condemn the constitutional revision.

Boston Mother—Do you know Willie Bump? Little Son—Sure. I soaked that bone-headed shrimp on the beezee the last time I see him. Boston Mother—What awful language! You should say "soaked that bone-headed shrimp on the beezee the last time I saw him."—New York Times.

A Frenchman has invented an electric hair-curling device for women that is said to keep the hair in curl for months.

CORRECTED.

Boston Mother—Do you know Willie Bump? Little Son—Sure. I soaked that bone-headed shrimp on the beezee the last time I see him.

Boston Mother—What awful language! You should say "soaked that bone-headed shrimp on the beezee the last time I saw him."—New York Times.

A Frenchman has invented an electric hair-curling device for women that is said to keep the hair in curl for months.



Which?

"Everything baked with Calumet is so tempting—wholesome—delicious—I want 'em all. For things hard to bake right it can't be equalled. Calumet is the world's best Baking Powder—it's moderate in price—pure in the can and pure in the baking—wonderful in leavening and raising power—the most economical to buy and to use."



Upper Peninsula

Soo Takes Precautions.

Freighters now anchored above the city intake pipe at the Soo will be ordered to shift their position, as far as possible, to the north shore, between Big Point and Brush Point, as a precautionary measure against contamination of the Soo's water supply, providing recommendations to the secretary of war are carried out. This matter was discussed at a meeting held in the federal building, at which the following were present: L. C. Sabin, superintendent of St. Mary's falls canal; Captain Addison, in charge of the United States revenue cutter Mackinac and coast guard at the Soo; Captain Root, of the Great Lakes Towing & Wrecking company; City Health Officer Griffin, Dr. O. H. Cox and C. G. Lammann, of the Pittsburgh Steamship company. "Boil your drinking water," the warning which was sent out to Soo residents, is being heeded. City Health Officer Griffin will send a sample of the water to Lansing to be analyzed. A number of cases of slight intestinal trouble in the city have been reported. It may be that the first symptoms of typhoid have been discovered in some cases.

Special Meeting Proposed.

With Chippewa county facing the most serious food shortage in its history, so that many farmers will be unable to sow crops because two bad seasons have taken all their money, George Watson, supervisor, of Pickford, is circulating a petition calling a special session of supervisors for Tuesday, May 16, to have it organize forces for the maximum production of the soil and to supply seed for those who have none. "A special meeting of the board of supervisors to discuss greater production will give greater impetus to the preparation movement than anything else," said Mr. Watson. "The question of getting seed for the unfortunate farmers who have had their savings eaten up by two bad years and now face absolute poverty if they can't sow crops this year, will be solved by the supervisors. I don't know how we will do it, but we'll find some way of supplying the seed. Chippewa county has only half the seed that it really needs. Through the splendid assistance of banks and Soo business men 5,000 bushels have been distributed through the county. We need at least 10,000 bushels. One public-spirited citizen said he would put up the security for a loan to furnish all the oats needed."

"Bah!" exclaimed the traveler in disgust, throwing down the magazine he had been reading. "There's no such thing as good fiction nowadays."

"Oh, yes, there is," said the man across the table, "if you only know where to look for it. Just cast your eye over this oil well prospectus."

O'Flaherty—"Misther O'Sullivan, will ye stop and have a friendly discussion on the matter of Home Rule?"

O'Sullivan—"It's sorry I am, but it's not convenient just now."

O'Flaherty—"And why not, honey?"

O'Sullivan—"Why, to tell ye the truth, O'Flaherty, I haven't got me stick handy."—Tit-Bits.

AMERICAN LEGION CHEERED BY NEWS

Great Enthusiasm Greeted the Announcement That America Was in the War.

London, April 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—America's entry into the war was hailed with unbounded enthusiasm by everyone of the 700 native-born Americans encamped near London in three Canadian battalions, one of which, the 211th, has been called the new American Legion because of its large percentage of "boys from the states." The other two battalions are the 212th and 213th.

The 211th was called the American Legion when it was formed out in Calgary. While in process of formation there it attracted Americans from many parts of the United States and Canada. So it was only natural that the members should cling to their native designation when they landed in England, especially as the outfit numbered more Americans than any Canadian battalion since the 97th which was known as the original American Legion in the Canadian army but which lost its identity when it was broken up and its members scattered among other regiments, some of which were sent to the front and saw fighting on the Somme.

So when the news of America's action spread through the camp the officers were at once besieged with inquiries as to how they would be sent to the front. The men were told that no decision had been reached. This, however, did not dampen the enthusiasm of the men over the action of the country of their birth and they went through their drilling as never before. The news was like a tonic to all from the commanding officer, Lieutenant Colonel W. M. Sage, down to the most lowly private.

Nearly all of the officers of the 211th were born in the United States. Colonel Sage is a native of New York City, later going to Calgary where he belonged to several Canadian regiments. He is known through the western part of Canada as a crack rifle shot and has been an instructor in the provisional schools of infantry there.

A former New York state National Guardsman is second in command of the so-called new American Legion. He is Major L. E. Clark, also a native of New York City, where he was born thirty-three years ago.

A Pennsylvanian is a quartermaster of the battalion. He is Captain D. Trainer, who served in the Spanish-American War with Colonel Roosevelt's Rough Riders.

The medical officer is Captain W. K. Turner, formerly a surgeon in Louisville, Captain Turner was born in Flemingsburg, Ky.

The paymaster, Captain E. R. Edson, was attached to the United States Coast and Geodetic survey at Seattle, when he resigned to join the 211th.

Captain H. R. Sanborn, a native of Peabody, California, is a former member of the Washington National Guard. Lieutenant H. H. Jones served four years in the Seventy-Fourth regiment at Buffalo.

There are many more officers from all parts of the United States. In fact, the battalion is full of capable men who have left lucrative posts to join the gallant fighters on the soil of France.

KNOCKED OFF ITS HORNS.

The government pays \$25 to any boat that captures and tows in a floating mine. A Liverpool fisherman lassoed a mine and dragged it several miles. The sea was getting high, however, and, fearing he would lose his prize, the fisherman hailed a passing ship. "I've got a big mine in tow," he said. "I can't handle it. Please tow it in for me." Panic ensued about the ship. "Take the infernal thing away quick," shouted the captain. "It'll blow us all up." "No it won't; it's harmless," the fisherman hawled back. "I knocked the horns off with an oar."

The horns of a mine are the contact points. The moment they are touched the mine explodes. The fisherman had knocked them off, ignorant of his danger. The mine had a bad detonator, which happens about once in a hundred times. The fisherman got the \$25, plus some good advice.—London Dispatch in New York Sun.

SAGE TEA BEAUTIFIES AND DARKENS HAIR

Don't Stay Gray! If Darkens So Naturally that Nobody Can Tell.

You can turn gray, faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous almost overnight if you'll get a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" at any drug store. Millions of bottles of this old famous Sage Tea Recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, are sold annually, says a well-known druggist here, because it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that no one can tell it has been applied. Those whose hair is turning gray or becoming faded have a surprise awaiting them, because after one or two applications the gray hair vanishes and your locks become luxuriantly dark and beautiful.

This is the age of youth. Gray-haired, unattractive folks aren't wanted around, so get busy with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound tonight and you'll be delighted with your dark, handsome hair and your youthful appearance within a few days. This preparation is a toilet requisite and is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

Advertisement for Kellogg's Corn Flakes. Text: "The flavor of Krumbles is the key-note of its success. Everyone concedes the strength-giving properties of wheat; but never before has wheat been so deliciously prepared. Look for this signature—K.K. Kellogg's. Kellogg's Krumbles. All Wheat Ready to Eat. Children like Krumbles and it builds them up."

JEWISH RELIEF IMPERATIVE.

The welfare or even the lives of three million European Jews depends on the success of the American Jewish Relief Committee in its effort to raise \$10,000,000 during the present year for Jewish relief abroad, according to Jacob Billikopf, New York city, executive director of the committee, who adds that every penny of it will be needed to provide for only those families that are now in the worst distress.

Mr. Billikopf set forth the needs and something of existing conditions among the Jews of Eastern Europe in a paper on the subject which he prepared for the consideration of the National Emergency Conference of the American Jewish Relief Committee, delegates to which came from all parts of the country on this city early last week to plan the \$10,000,000 campaign. Though the campaign has not yet gotten fully under way, more than one-third of the total sum is said to have been pledged. Of this amount approximately \$2,500,000 was pledged at the dinner which Jacob H. Schiff gave recently for Henry Morgenthau and Julius Rosenwald. Since then pledges and contributions ranging from \$1 to \$25,000 and including many pledges of stipulated percentages of total sums collected in specified communities have been received at the committee's headquarters.

"The \$10,000,000 must be raised," Mr. Billikopf said in his paper. "The lives of 3,000,000 persons depend upon it. Thousands have perished already in frozen fields or city basements; they are dying of cold and hunger this very day, and unless America sends them this aid the death list will assume appalling proportions. Unless we succeed an entire people will be wiped from the face of an earth that was without mercy."

"It is not alone the present that is at stake. It is the future of our people that hangs in the balance. The new Russian government's promise of freedom to the people of Russia does not exclude the Jews. At last, after years of waiting, our brothers have the chance to hope, they possess the right to liberty, justice and equality that hatred and

superstition have denied them for centuries. It is the opportunity to lift the shadow that has rested so blackly upon our people throughout the ages. But what will freedom mean to them if they die of starvation?"

HIS SECRET.

Can you, sweetheart, keep a secret. If I whisper one to you? I will say it very softly. Can you, sweetheart, keep it true? Bend your head a little lower. Put aside each curling tress. For the words I'll gently whisper, And their meaning, can you guess? CHORUS: Can you, sweetheart, keep a secret, If I whisper one to you? I will say it very softly. Can you, sweetheart, keep it true? Do not turn away so slyly. For my passion you must know; Let me look into your face, love, Where the roses come and go; Let me look but once, my darling, In your eyes of deepest blue, Filled with love-light, warm and tender, And I'll guess your secret, too.

DRINK A GLASS OF REAL HOT WATER BEFORE BREAKFAST.

Says we will both look and feel clean, sweet and fresh and avoid illness.

Sanitary science has of late made rapid strides with results that are of untold blessing to humanity. The latest application of its untiring research is the recommendation that it is as necessary to attend to internal sanitation of the drainage system of the human body as it is to the drains of the house.

Those of us who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when we arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, noisy breath, acid stomach, constipation, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the phosphate hot water is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble, rheumatic stiffness, others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of internal sanitation.

FIRST ALLIED FIGHTER TO ARRIVE IN NEW YORK.



French sailors on board the French cruiser Amiral Aube, which arrived in New York from Hampton Roads. She was one of the vessels that conveyed the French war mission to this country.



Petain to Be French Chief.



General Petain, who commanded the French army during the critical stages of the battle in February and March, 1916, is to be appointed chief of staff at the ministry of war, according to dispatches from Paris. The post of chief of staff was discontinued some time ago, but is now about to be revived.

THE CANNING SITUATION.

Just when everybody is getting excited over the possibility of starving to death in 1918 or thereabouts, and we are being urged to grow all we can, eat lightly and can any surplus, the American Canners' association announces that the industry is 1,000,000,000 cans short of the usual supply for the coming season and that the factories must therefore limit their output instead of doubling it in face of imminent need. Somebody is always taking the joy out of life.

The question is, what can the individual housekeeper do with her glass cans? She may supply her own needs, but what about the vast number who rely upon the commercial products? Here come in the manufacturers of glass jars to inform an allied world that owing to the lack of soda and other necessary ingredients they may be able to produce their normal supply this year, but that there is likely to be a shortage of glass in the future. How, then, are we to obey the injunctions from the president down, to take care of all surplus food?

It is alleged that canned goods found in the excavation of Pompeii led to the rediscovery of an ancient process which within half a century has grown into an enormous business. Pioneer women dried fruit and preserved it in sugar; our grandmothers know how to can fruit, but the process of canning vegetables is the result of modern science. The Germans are reported to have desiccated much of their garden produce since the war, but to the American palate canned goods prove more acceptable. Last year apple evaporators in western New York were utilized in drying vegetables for export as army supplies; it is possible a more general use of this primitive method may become necessary in our homes. At all events, the glass can should be looked upon as a family asset; it is likely to become valuable like a diamond.

We have relied upon foreign countries for supplies we ought to have produced ourselves and are now paying the penalty. Tin exists in half a dozen states, but has never been commercially developed; it was easier to profit by the cheap labor of foreigners. The west has immense quantities of raw material for production of soda and sodium salts, but distance, the cost of labor and transportation have operated to confine production to eastern points. The shortage may possibly lead to the development of some of our home resources.—Detroit Free Press.

Sure! High Heels Cause Corns But Who Cares Now

Because style decrees that women crowd and buckle up their tender toes in high heel footwear they suffer from corns, then they cut and trim at these painful pests which merely makes the corn grow hard. This suicidal habit may cause lockjaw and women are warned to stop it.

A few drops of a drug called freez-oil applied directly upon a sore corn gives quick relief and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts out without pain. Ask the drug-store man for a quarter of an ounce of freez-oil, which costs very little but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn or callous from one's feet. This drug is an ether compound and dries in a moment and simply shrivels up the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. Clip this out and pin it on your wife's dresser.

Sports

BASEBALL

Detroit, May 7.—Cleveland defeated Detroit, 4 to 3, today in a loosely played game. Bagby and Boland pitched well, but the former received better support. Detroit lost a chance to tie the score in the ninth when Speaker raced almost to the flag and hauled down Crawford's drive.

Score: R. H. E. Cleveland...100201000—4 7 1 Detroit...100002000—3 6 2 Batteries: Bagby and O'Neil; Boland, Cunningham and Spencer.

Boston, 1; Washington, 0. Washington, May 7.—Ruth beat Walter Johnson in a pitching duel today and won from Washington, 1 to 0. Johnson held Boston safely until the eighth, when a double bunt and a long fly scored the winning run.

Score: R. H. E. Boston...100000010—1 4 2 Washington...000000000—0 2 0 Batteries: Ruth and Thomas; Johnson and Ainsmith.

New York, 9; Philadelphia, 4. Philadelphia, May 7.—Because of numerous errors Philadelphia lost to New York here today, 9 to 4. In attempting to make a diving catch of a fly to short right field in the second inning Gillooly, of New York, landed on his left shoulder and broke his collar bone.

Score: R. H. E. New York...006200001—9 7 1 Philadelphia...020200000—4 6 5 Batteries: Mogridge and Numamaker; Falkenburg and Schang.

National League. Boston, 7; Brooklyn, 0. Boston, May 7.—Rudolph held Brooklyn to five hits, Boston winning, 7 to 0. In the fifth Meyers, Brooklyn's center fielder, trying to make a catch, fell heavily and hurt his right shoulder. He will be out of the game for some weeks.

Score: R. H. E. Brooklyn...000000000—0 5 1 Boston...01031020*—7 9 0 Batteries: Schmidt, Bell and Miller; Rudolph and Gowdy.

Chicago, 4; Pittsburg, 1. Chicago, May 7.—Chicago defeated Pittsburg, 4 to 1, today. Chicago bunched hits behind Grimes' wildness and took a lead in the second inning which the visitors could not overcome.

Score: R. H. E. Pittsburg...000000001—1 3 1 Chicago...010000000*—4 5 0 Batteries: Grimes, Copper and Fisher; Slaton and Elliot.

New York, 2; Philadelphia, 1. New York, May 7.—New York won their first game in the last twelve days here today, defeating Philadelphia, 2 to 1. New York won in the fourth inning, when they scored two runs on a triple, a double and two infield outs.

NOTES OF SPORT

Fielding H. Yost, the famous builder of football elevens at the University of Michigan, is highly gratified with the action of the board of regents in voting to return to the Western conference. He believes the faculty representatives of the "Big Nine" institutions will warmly welcome the return of Michigan when they meet in Chicago June 9 to pass on the application. Yost strongly favors competition in all branches of athletics with Western teams, for, he says, "It is neither desirable nor practicable for Michigan to be half east and half west."

He declares that it has not been possible to arrange satisfactory baseball or track schedules outside of the conference. "I am strongly in favor of Michigan's return," Yost said. "I want to return absolutely and completely. My chief reasons for a resumption of athletics with the conference institutions are: That practically all of the men at Michigan always have wanted to compete with western college teams. That from all reports we can look forward to friendly and continuous athletic relations with all conference teams, including Chicago and Wisconsin, and that there will be a more general and sympathetic interest on the campus in such competition than that now existing in our present schedule. That if we are in the conference it will not matter much what rules and regulations are in force, as we will be competing with our opponents on equal footing so far as eligibility rules are concerned. That it has not been possible to secure satisfactory baseball and track schedules outside of the conference. We want to go back. We believe our competition with conference teams will be desirable and believe that we will receive as warm a welcome on each campus as we received in Minneapolis in 1909. We want to go back, realizing that questions will arise and be decided, perhaps not to our liking, but with the spirit that we are willing to abide by this result. In the last five years of conference competition we've lost only one game—the Chicago 2-0 game in 1905. Since 1905, we have competed with two or more teams each year that have played freshmen and fourth year men against us. I am opposed to asking Michigan men to play except where our competitors are under the same eligibility rules and other restrictions. I do not think the strict eligibility rules and other requirements matter so much if all of the competitors meet on the same basis. Let us approach the situation in the right spirit and with full knowledge of conditions and prepare to abide by the result willingly and gladly and to realize that everyone interested in Michigan men, and should, do something for Michigan's athletic success."

George Chip, the New Castle, Pa., coal miner, and Knockout Brown, of Chicago, have been matched for a ten round go at Racine, Wis., May 10. The contest was substituted for the Frankie Callahan-Charlie White match, which had been scheduled for May 7. Callahan injured his hand. Chip defeated Brown in a previous meeting. They will weigh in at 162 pounds.

Frank Kelly, star sprinter of the University of Minnesota and also a promising football player, has enlisted in the ambulance corps and will leave May 10 for France. Kelly signed for a six-months' period and expects to return to school next fall. Although ineligible for conference competition, Kelly has shown great speed in indoor and freshman meets.

Every member of the Minneapolis club of the American association is ready to respond to the colors, according to Manager Joe Cantillon. "I have written to headquarters," Cantillon said, "offering myself and my whole club if they need us. We are well trained and ready to go at a moment's notice."

Charles W. "Chick" Harley, all American halfback on the championship Ohio State University football eleven, is eager to join the colors. Harley hopes to win the consent of his parents for permission to become a member of the officers' reserve.

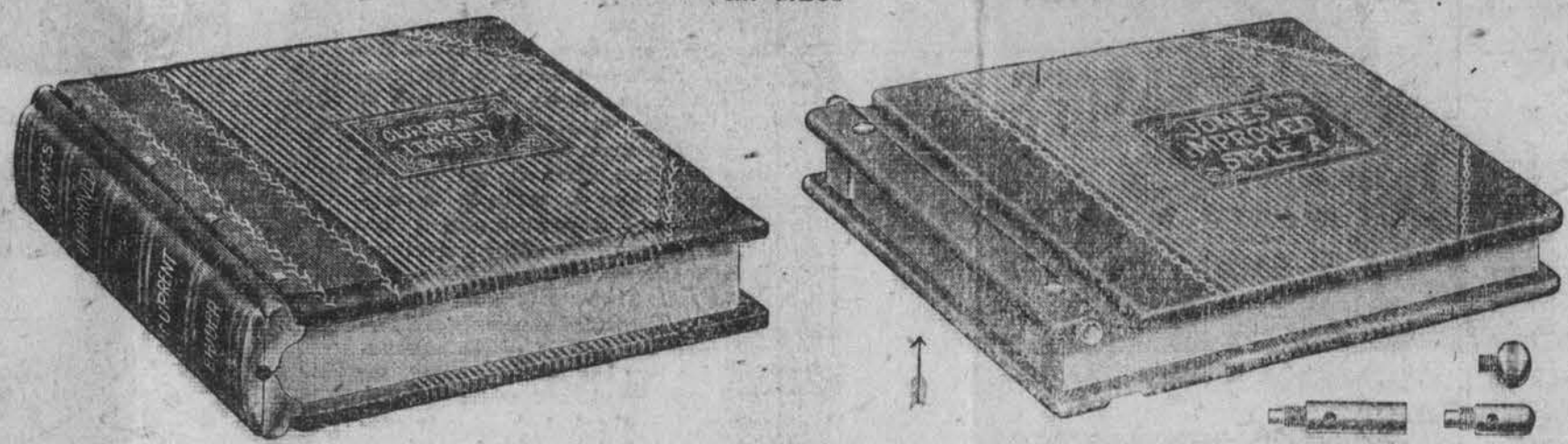
Because of a broken bone in his left hand, Billy Miske, the St. Paul light heavyweight, will do no more boxing for four months. Miske and his manager, with their families, plan to spend the summer at a nearby lake.

Jack Britton, of Chicago, claimant of the welterweight championship, and Ted Lewis, the British welter, have been matched to box twelve rounds at St. Louis on the night of May 15.

Oils Soothe Skin Disease

Oil of whitegreen, thymol, glycerine and other heating ingredients compounded in proper proportion into the D. D. D. Prescription has now become the universal favorite of skin sufferers in relieving skin disease. It is a mild wash that penetrates the pores and gives instant relief from all burning and itching. It kills and washes off the greasy disease forming and its soothing oils quickly heal the inflamed tissue.

LOOSE LEAF LEDGERS



Sectional Post and Ring Binders in Jones and Erving Pitt styles. No higher grade ledgers on the market.

LEDGER SHEETS - SPECIAL RULED BLANKS - OFFICE STATIONERY Let us give you estimates.

THE STENGLEIN BINDERY MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

Upper Peninsula

Thinks He Is Supreme Being.

Two insane men, confined in the county jail at Escanaba, kept the jail attendants busy. Charles Bonck, who is the Supreme Being, was examined as to his sanity and was ordered committed to the hospital for the insane at Newberry. Gottfried Johnson, of Iron Mountain, who came to Escanaba and insisted to Northwestern officials so strenuously that he must be given a job as brakeman that it was necessary to call an officer, will be taken back home by a brother.

City Organizes Movement.

The city of Sault Ste. Marie, through the mayor, will buy seed potatoes, and other seed, to sell to people of the city without profit at cost. The city will engage teams to plow garden plots for all vegetable gardens within the city, and the city will list all vacant lots and spaces available for gardening. The city will make every effort to increase the tilled acreage within the city, even to the extent of utilizing the land between curb and sidewalks. These are a few of the decisions arrived at as a result of the meeting of the home gardening committee in the mayor's office, city hall. "I believe this movement is the biggest thing before the country today," declared Mayor Tymon. "It should have the hearty support of every man, woman, and child. And that they may be helped and encouraged to do their share, the city government must help them. Everybody must help, in fact. Those who have land to spare should give it freely, or rent it cheaply. We must use every inch of ground that is usable." The mayor was empowered to purchase all seed potatoes possible. These will be stored in the basement of the fire hall, and sold in small lots, probably not more than two bushels at a time, to all comers, for planting purposes. It was pointed out that many people will be enabled to use the potato eyes and peels, even for seed, thus saving a big share for eating, which materially help out the family budget. Alderman McEvoy, of the finance committee, was empowered to investigate the possibilities of securing potatoes in Soo, Ont., and is already on the job. Several sources of possible supply were mentioned by the committee, and every effort will be made to secure enough potatoes.

Paul Shook is Arrested.

Charged with "blind pigging" Paul Shook, of Crystal Falls, was arrested by Marshal Broad, acting under the instructions of Prosecuting Attorney M. S. McDonough. Shook was arraigned before Justice W. K. Davidson and pleaded not guilty. He was bound over to circuit court for trial, and released on bond. The arrest took place in the supervisors' room of the court house at Crystal Falls. All of the saloon keepers in the county were present to attend a meeting called by the prosecutor, when the marshal placed Shook under arrest. At the meeting last Monday, each saloon keeper signed an agreement to keep the law, and to inform the prosecuting attorney's office about violations other than their own. Shook was not allowed to sign the agreement, but all others readily agreed to it. The saloons opened Tuesday morning at 1 o'clock, standard time, and closed at 11. From all parts of the county come reports of considerable consumption of liquor. The county jail was well filled during the afternoon and night. In his talk with the saloon keepers last Monday, the prosecutor urged them to assist him in keeping the county free of "blind piggers." He pointed out to them how they can best assist him and all pledged themselves to do what they could to keep down illegal sale of liquor. The prosecutor is determined to keep up his campaign against these illegal liquor dispensers and al-

New Power Plant Proposed.

The Twin Falls Power company will start work soon on the developing of another power plant on the Brule river just below the junction of that river and the Paint. The rapids at that point are known as Brule Falls. The Twin Falls company has been so successful in disposing of its power that it has contracted ahead for the entire output for many years to come. Mr. Sterling, secretary of the company, says that all necessary preparations have been made for the starting of work upon the new plant and that the intention is to start work this spring. The unsettled condition of affairs may change the plans some. The location is considerable distance from Florence, Wis., which will be the supply point for the new plant. All material will have to be hauled from that place to the location of the dam, which means considerable team and labor at Florence the coming summer. The Twin Falls company is protected now by a big steam plant at Iron River and they have disposed of so much power that they find it necessary to operate this auxiliary considerable of the time whereas they designed it only for emergency purposes. The new power plant will give the company surplus power and protect them for years to come.

Story Is Branded False.

That the story of an attempt two weeks ago to wreck a Northwestern passenger train in Iron county was a trumped up affair and that the rail was never loosened, as was reported by Allen Gohart, section foreman, is the belief of police and Northwestern officials who have just completed a thorough investigation. Two Germans, residing in Caspian, who were arrested as suspects were released this week, when it was learned that they were in no way implicated. Special Agent Harry Luft and Lieutenant Moore, of the Verona police, have followed up every clue and have failed to bring about the arrest of any person or persons who might be guilty. In considering the circumstances of the rail-road attempt to wreck the train, railroad officials are inclined to think the

Companies Will Clear Land.

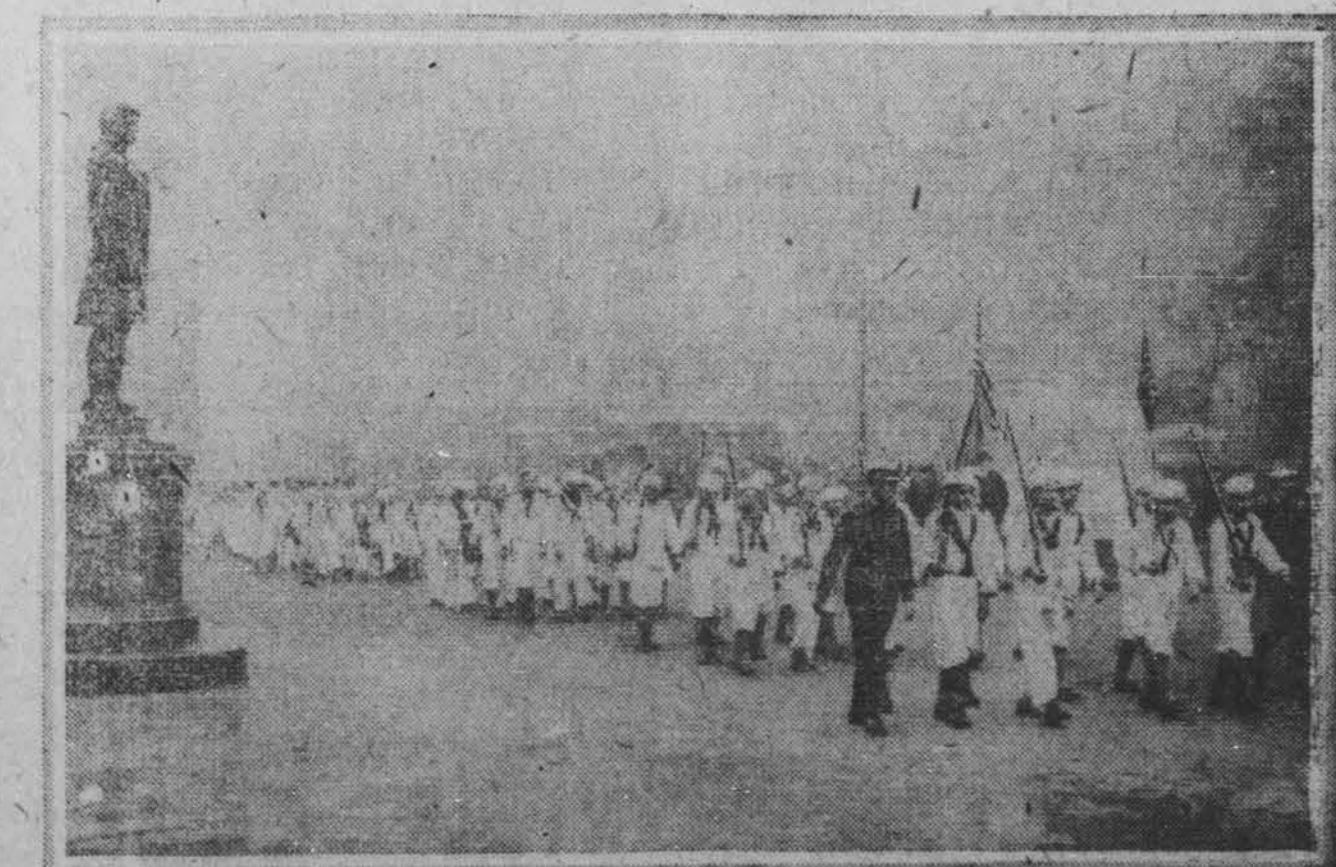
The committee on food increase for Crystal Falls and vicinity has met with fair success in its efforts to get the fee owners and mining companies to clear land and turn it over to the committee for the use of the public. The Pfister Land company, of Milwaukee, was the first to respond to the request with the statement that they will clear the forty lying between the Kinbly mine and the Alpha road. Bids were received on this work and forwarded to the company, but no definite instructions have been received as yet. The Corrigan-McKinney company, through General Superintendent Richards, immediately responded with the assertion that they will clear about twenty acres at the Olgers, a piece at the Tobin and about forty acres at the Great Western. The land that the Corrigan-McKinney company clears will be taken up mainly

Menominee County Board.

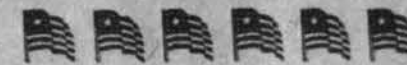
Dr. H. T. Seltner, of Menominee, has been appointed third member of the registration board, which will take up the preliminary plans for the carrying out of the provisions of the federal selective draft law. Other members of the board for Menominee county are County Clerk Carl A. Anderson and Sheriff Charles Bauer. These men, according to the general plans, which are as yet only partly worked out, will have charge of the registration and first examinations of the men who will be liable for military service under the draft law. The state administrations in all of the states will be expected to help the government in the enrolling of the men who are liable for service. Governor Sleeper in a letter to County Clerk Anderson says that full instructions to the boards in the counties will be sent later.

Bright Eyes indicate buoyant health. When the eyes are dull, liver and bowels need regulating. Quickly restore healthy conditions with a dose or two—in time—of BEECHAM'S PILLS

READY FOR SERVICE.



Boys of the American junior naval and marine scouts parading through City Hall Park, New York, and past the statue of Nathan Hale, for review by city officials. From the City Hall the boys marched to the Custom House, where they surrounded the building and did guard duty for the purpose of demonstrating to federal and city officials the value such boy organizations may become in time of war.



Boys and Girls:
Grow POTATOES
 For the Nations Sake
WIN \$100 IN PRIZES
 See John Van Evera
 for particulars

MEN

RED CROSS
 DESERVES YOUR AID
 IT WILL SAVE
 Thousands
 of American Lives
 in Great War

Must Answer the Call of Humanity

ENLIST!

Regular Army Headquarters in Tent Near South Shore Station

Marquette's List of Young Patriots Who Have Answered Call of Nation

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| LIEUT. ROBERT YOUNG | CLARENCE FENNESSY |
| MAJOR GEORGE BALL | HENRY ANDERSON |
| FRANK COURTNEY | HAROLD E. SPON |
| ROY RYDHOLM | CHARLES COURTNEY |
| SEYMOUR CHARLTON | JOHN G. FARRELL |
| FELCH PENDILL | GERALD FARRELL |
| CLAUDE PENDILL | LEO BRUCE |
| RICHARD JOPLING | GEORGE WIGHTMAN |
| ALBERT R. WATTS | CLIFFORD MUIR |
| LESLIE LE VEQUE | FREDERICK P. CASE |
| WALLACE A. ROWELL | HOWARD J. BOYD |
| TRACY KAYE | GEORGE H. WILLIAMS |
| ROBERT PETERS | FRANK J. STAFFORD |
| ROBERT LONGYEAR | GEORGE HAGER |
| J. ALLEN PETRIE | ROBERT DUNDAS |
| WALTER HADLEY | FRED DUNDAS |
| HAROLD WITTING | WILLIAM D. NASON |
| HERBERT ROSE | EDWIN RICE |
| EDWIN SHAUER | JOE COLUMBUS |
| ROY MITCHELL | MORTIMER ROBERTS |
| ARTHUR WINTERS | ALLIE BISHOP |
| PETER R. WILSON | HARRY HANDFORD |
| EDWARD ROBERTS | JOSEPH VER LINDA |
| MATHEW ROBERTS | JOSEPH BELANGER |
| ARTHUR G. GABRIELSON | JOHN LIBERTY |
| MANDEL OLSON | JOHN MULLALY |
| ERNEST PETERSON | ROBERT GILLON |

PATRIOTIC MEETING

Wednesday Night, 7:30 o'clock

Baraga Auditorium

REV. F. X. BARTH

JOSEPH PRYOR

SPEAKERS

Big Musical Program

CUT OUT AND MAIL TODAY

Morgan Jopling, Treasurer
 The Patriotic League

Here is my 'bit' in the shape of One Dollar toward The
 Patriotic League Fund.

Name

Address

Paid for by the Patriotic League.

The Peninsula Bank

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business May 1, 1917.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans, Discounts and Bonds	\$ 930,284.90	Capital Stock	\$ 50,000.00
Premiums	232.02	Surplus Fund	75,000.00
Banking House	15,000.00	Undivided Profits	
Other Real Estate	4,465.82	Less Expenses and Taxes Paid	23,701.15
Overdrafts	630.60	Dividends Unpaid	124.00
Cash Resources	165,245.54	Deposits	953,533.73
		Reserved for Interest	13,500.00
	\$1,115,858.88		\$1,115,858.88

National Gas Range Week

May 7 to May 12

SPECIAL!

A \$2.50 Aluminum Kettle with Safety Cover given with Detroit Jewell Ranges—This Week Only

Michigan Gas & Electric Co.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

There were eight deaths and twenty births in Ishpeeming in April.

E. R. Nelson returned yesterday from Chicago, Milwaukee and other points.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Young have returned from the south, where they spent the winter.

A regular monthly meeting of the city council will be held tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock, new time.

Jehupening Legion, No. 270, will hold its regular meeting this evening at 7:30 o'clock in the Anderson hall.

Mrs. J. L. Cardinal and daughter, Leigh, of Beacon, are the guests of Charles Duquette and family.

James Kenney has returned from Tennessee, where he has been engaged in diamond drill work the past several months.

Miss Leona Bussier, who teaches school at North Lake, has returned to her work, after spending a few days with her parents at Beacon.

Mrs. Andrew Sandberg has returned from Chicago, where she spent the past couple of weeks, ever since her return from California, with her son Edwin, who arrived home last week.

Alfred Cousineau, one of the bookkeepers in the Peninsula bank, expects to leave soon for Fort Sheridan, where he will enter the United States training camp for officer in the reserve corps. Mr. Cousineau took the examination in Escanaba last week and has been notified that he passed.

The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company had men at work Saturday and Sunday blasting the stockpile at the Cliffs shaft mine, where a steam shovel is in operation. The ore is frozen so solid that a shovel could not make any headway in the loading and it became necessary to use dynamite.

Miss Hermaline Pascoe is expected home this week for a couple of months visit. She has been studying for trained nursing at Mount Sinai hospital, Chicago, where there has been an epidemic of scarlet fever. Miss Pascoe and seven other contracted the disease, and were cured.

The following plan may serve in part as a guide for a garden fifteen by twenty-five feet:

Set tomato plants May 10 to 15 two feet apart in 4 row. They should be staked when large enough.

Plant beans May 10, covering them one inch deep and using one-half pint to a twenty-five-foot row.

Beets may be sown one inch deep for succession at intervals until the middle of July. Carrots may be sown the same way.

One-quarter ounce of seed may be used for Swiss chard, covering one-half inch and thinning the young plants to eight inches in the row.

One-half row may be sown in parsley and the other half in kohlrabi.

Lettuce and cabbage may be sown in the same row, the lettuce maturing and being out of the way before the cabbage needs the space.

In view of the imminent shortage of food it might be well to provide for the production of a large amount of vegetables which might be stored for the winter—beets, carrots, etc. If the garden is larger potatoes may be grown.

SELF-CONSCIOUSNESS.

I would rather have the gift of tremendous outpouring affection—love of God and love of humanity, than any other gift in all the world. I desire it more than anything else. And yet, even at those heaven-sent periods when my heart is full of love, how hard it is to express it! Of course, this is partly shyness—that curious, hampering mantle of reserve in which we are forever hastening to wrap our spirits.

How timid and anxious our little self is! The stiff conventional self is constantly trying to cover up the spirit-self—like a proper middle-aged nurse pursuing a happy care-free baby, who has adventured forth with too few clothes on—Atlantic.

HAD A VERY BAD COUGH.

This letter should interest every reader: "Last winter I had a very bad cough. I used medicines, but they did me no good. I took one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and it cured me. (Signed) V. DeKester, Amberg, Wis." No substitute is as good as Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

SELLING A VERY BAD COUGH.

FOR SALE—3 plate glass top show cases; two 6 ft. long and one 4; mahogany dining table; glass shelving; at bargain price. Also window fixture. Inquire M. P. Kirkish, 408 N. Maple St., City. 5-3-2w

FOR SALE—Five-passenger touring car at a bargain. Fred Delongchamp, Champion. 4-25-17w

Count Adam Tarnowski, Austro-Hungarian ambassador to the United States who since his arrival as the successor of former Ambassador Dunlap, has not been recognized officially by the government, photographed as he was about to depart on board the steamship Ryndam. Count Tarnowski is returning under a safe passage guarantee as a result of the severance of diplomatic relations between the United States and Austria.

Count Tarnowski.

Clears Complexion

Don't worry about blotches or other skin troubles. You can have a clear, clean complexion by using a little Zemo, obtained at any drug store for 25c, or extra large bottle at \$1.00.

Zemo easily removes all traces of pimples, black heads, blotches, eczema, and ringworm and makes the skin clear and healthy. Zemo is a clean, penetrating, antiseptic liquid, neither sticky nor greasy and stains nothing. It is easily applied and costs a mere trifle for each application. It is always dependable. The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

Ishpeeming Department

CON M. MURPHY IS TO LEAVE ISHPEMING

Oliver Company's Master Mechanic to Be Transferred to Western Mesaba Range.

Con M. Murphy, master mechanic of the Oliver Iron Mining company's properties on the Marquette range, will leave tonight for Coleraine, Minn., where he will take the position of master mechanic for the company in the Canisteo district. He has just returned from Coleraine, where he spent a week looking over the field before deciding to accept the position. It will be a promotion for him, and it will also mean greatly increased responsibilities, as the company is operating in the Western Mesaba field on a large scale. It will this season operate more than twenty-five steam shovels in the district. In addition it also has a large number of hoisting plants and other machinery, and a big washing plant, which was erected under the supervision of John C. Greenway, when the district was first opened up.

Mr. Murphy succeeds John Tresidler, who has been master mechanic for the past several years, and who has been promoted to the superintendent of the Halmann pit, which will become a producer this summer. Henry Downing, formerly of this city, was the first master mechanic in that district, having gone there to take the position under Mr. Greenway. For the past several years he has been superintendent of the Canisteo pit, which is the largest in the district.

The promotion of Mr. Murphy is evidence of the esteem in which he is held by officials of the corporation, as the position he takes is one of the most responsible of its kind in the Oliver company's field of operations in the Lak Superior district. That he is capable of handling the work satisfactorily there is no doubt. He has been at the head of the mechanical department of the company on this range for the past ten years, having succeeded James Clancey. For thirteen years prior to taking the superintendency, Mr. Murphy was foreman of the company's shops here. He started at the trade as a boy in Ontonagon county, where he was born, and he held responsible positions there before coming to Ishpeeming.

Mr. Murphy has been alderman for the Second ward for the past seven years, having been elected last month for his third successive term. During his first year of service he filled a vacancy and had been elected without opposition ever since. He holds a number of important places on committees, on the council and he has rendered the city very valuable services. He was chairman of the committee that supervised the installing of the incinerator plant.

Mr. Murphy's family will join him in Coleraine about the first of next month. He has not yet been announced who will succeed him here.

BUELL GAVE TALK.

State Secretary of Y. M. C. A. Spoke to Business Men Here Sunday.

L. E. Buell, state secretary of the Y. M. C. A., spoke to an audience of Ishpeeming and Negaunee business men in the Y. M. C. A. lobby Sunday morning on the work the association is prepared to do during the war period. He spoke of the important part the organization is taking in the European war, also referred to what its officers and members were doing on the Mexican border.

He said that the association is prepared to work on a larger scale than ever before during the present war, both in the nature of relief and conducting of educational work. In fact the association will attempt to supply the entire recreation side of the soldiers and sailors' lives.

The leaders in the Y. M. C. A. movement believe they will receive excellent assistance in all parts of the country. Many educated men, including college professors, graduates of colleges, etc., will be among the soldiers and sailors and will have an opportunity to assist the association men in the "Y" corps who will be detailed for service.

Mr. Buell said that the entertainment and recreation work is a very important feature among the soldiers as it is a well known fact that a great many men fighting in the European war were insane and because there was no recreation to relieve their minds from the horrible pictures of war, this is particularly true in detention camps. The association will take particular pains to see that its work is properly carried on in detention camps, as well as elsewhere, where soldiers and sailors are stationed.

Senator Wilcox pleaded with his colleagues to leave the matter in his hands. He admitted that Representative Francis had the best of the argument and that the laboratory should, in all fairness to the representative from Ishpeeming, as well as the people of the upper peninsula, be located in this city, as it is the more central point, just as Mr. Francis had contended since the time he introduced the original bill. Mr. Wilcox made an elaborate talk, in which he said that Dr. Abrams, who is a member of the state board of health, and who was largely responsible for securing the laboratory for the mining school, was a boyhood chum of his, that the doctor's father had worked for his father, and he gave many other reasons why he could gain Dr. Abrams' consent to having the laboratory moved to Ishpeeming. He assured the senate that the Hemetite City would get the laboratory without any further trouble, and as a result, Mr. Francis' amendment was not voted upon.

But there is no serious expectations anywhere that Houghton will lose the laboratory.

CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY.

Don't Miss This. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address plainly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

HOW FRANCIS LOST LABORATORY FIGHT

Ishpeeming's Representative in the Legislature Asserts He Was "Double-Crossed."

According to P. H. O'Brien, editor of the Iron River Stambaugh Reporter, and representative from that district in the state legislature, the fight between Representative Thomas F. Francis, of this city, and Senator James M. Wilcox, of the copper country, over the permanent location of the upper peninsula bacteriological laboratory attracted no little attention at Lansing. In his paper Saturday Mr. O'Brien refers to it as follows:

"One of the prettiest scraps that I have ever seen our pleasure to witness took place during the closing days of the session and it occurred, too, between two Cousin Jacks from the upper peninsula—Senator James M. Wilcox (better known as Captain Jim), of Calumet, and Representative Thomas F. Francis, of Ishpeeming, known in the house as Brother Francis. Two years ago Brother Francis secured the adoption of a bill establishing a branch bacteriological laboratory in some central part of the upper peninsula, expecting of course that the laboratory would be located at Ishpeeming. This Dr. Adams, of Houghton, acting for the state board of health, did not do, believing that the mining school was the proper place for it. This did not suit Brother Francis and he immediately got busy writing letters to the governor, members of the state board of health and the state legislature. He also visited various portions of the state but the laboratory continued to remain in the confines of the mining school, although every one realized that it was not, strictly speaking, the central part of the upper peninsula. Brother Francis at the present session of the legislature introduced a bill, which had for its object the locating of the laboratory at Ishpeeming. This bill passed the house, by a small majority, the latter part of the session and then was sent to the senate for passage. Here it hooked up against Captain Jim Wilcox, who immediately got busy, with the result that the senate backed Captain Jim and the bill was put to sleep—and the laboratory will undoubtedly remain in the mining school, where the writer believes it ought to stay, because the splendid apparatus that the school contains and also because Houghton has a large portion of the upper peninsula population. It was a nice shindie while it lasted, but it did not last long—enough to suit the spectators."

Francis Was "Double-Crossed."

Representative Francis succeeded in getting his measure providing for the removal of the laboratory from Houghton to Ishpeeming through the house by a fair majority, and, inasmuch as the committee to which the bill had been referred voted unanimously in recommendation of the change, he did not look for any trouble in getting it through the senate. Mr. Francis says he was "double-crossed" by members of the senate committee, as well as others who were in favor of Houghton retaining the laboratory. Some twenty days intervened between the time his measure passed the house and the date of the adjournment of the legislature. Mr. Francis appeared before the committee to urge his measure and he was promised that a change in the laboratory would be recommended and the bill did not come out. He finally went to different members of the committee, and each told him that they did not know anything about the matter. The chairman finally told him that the bill had been stolen from the committee room.

After some work, Mr. Francis discovered that the bill had been returned to the clerk's office and it was found in the files there. He did not make the discovery until just before the legislature adjourned. He had the bill rushed to the senate, but Senator Wilcox opposed it being put to a vote.

Senator Wilcox pleaded with his colleagues to leave the matter in his hands. He admitted that Representative Francis had the best of the argument and that the laboratory should, in all fairness to the representative from Ishpeeming, as well as the people of the upper peninsula, be located in this city, as it is the more central point, just as Mr. Francis had contended since the time he introduced the original bill. Mr. Wilcox made an elaborate talk, in which he said that Dr. Abrams, who is a member of the state board of health, and who was largely responsible for securing the laboratory for the mining school, was a boyhood chum of his, that the doctor's father had worked for his father, and he gave many other reasons why he could gain Dr. Abrams' consent to having the laboratory moved to Ishpeeming. He assured the senate that the Hemetite City would get the laboratory without any further trouble, and as a result, Mr. Francis' amendment was not voted upon.

Francis Was "Double-Crossed."

But there is no serious expectations anywhere that Houghton will lose the laboratory.

Francis Was "Double-Crossed."

But there is no serious expectations anywhere that Houghton will lose the laboratory.

Francis Was "Double-Crossed."

But there is no serious expectations anywhere that Houghton will lose the laboratory.

Francis Was "Double-Crossed."

But there is no serious expectations anywhere that Houghton will lose the laboratory.

Francis Was "Double-Crossed."

But there is no serious expectations anywhere that Houghton will lose the laboratory.

Francis Was "Double-Crossed."

But there is no serious expectations anywhere that Houghton will lose the laboratory.

PATRIOTIC MEETING THURSDAY EVENING

Prominent Canadian Will Speak on "Food Conservation" at Butler Theater.

A joint patriotic meeting for Ishpeeming and Negaunee will be held in the Butler theater Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, new time. M. M. Duncan, vice president and general manager of the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company, will preside, and there will be a special address on "Conservation of Our Resources and Our Duty to the Government," by W. J. Thompson of Canada, or A. C. Boyce, member of the federal parliament of Canada. There will also be special music.

Either Mr. Thompson or Mr. Boyce have been prominent in food conservation work in the interest of their government ever since the allies went to war with Germany. Mr. Thompson has been at the head of the food conservation commission in the Canadian Senate for the past several years and has learned many things by experience that the people of the United States should know. He has many practical suggestions to offer and Mr. Duncan and others interested in the meeting are anxious that the residents of Ishpeeming avail themselves to the opportunity offered by his appearance here.

BOWLING LEAGUE TO CLOSE.

Y. M. C. A. Bowlers Will Wind Up Season With Banquet Thursday Evening.

The members of the Y. M. C. A. who participated in the bowling tournament, will wind up the season Thursday evening at 8:30 o'clock with a banquet. Previous to the spread there will be a match game between the teams captained by Tom Dyer and John Manley, to decide the winners of the league.

This year's tournament has been a most gratifying success. A total of 13,267 games have been rolled during the season. At a meeting of the bowling committee, composed of Tom Dyer, chairman; Harold Beaglehole, secretary; J. Manley, W. J. Miners and E. J. Townsend, the following committee was appointed to take charge of the banquet: Arrangements—W. Miners, Henry Williams and T. Raymond. Program—Peck Bettison and E. J. Townsend.

There will be no more games this week, except the one Thursday evening to decide the championship between the tied contestants. Team No. 3 has made the highest score, 1,543, and Team No. 4 has rolled the highest game, 577. E. Simons had the highest individual score, 235.

The standing of the teams is as follows:

Teams	W.	L.	T.P.	P.C.
No. 5	24	9	15,330	727
No. 3	24	9	14,993	727
No. 12	21	12	14,678	336
No. 4	17	13	13,826	566
No. 10	14	16	13,747	466
No. 2	14	16	13,478	466
No. 7	13	17	12,803	433
No. 11	11	16	11,775	400
No. 6	12	18	12,777	400
No. 8	13	20	14,405	594
No. 1	11	22	13,347	333
No. 9	9	18	11,315	333

The first ten in the individual standings are:

	G.	H.S.	T.P.	Av.
T. Roberts	18	206	3,061	170
W. Johnson	14	234	2,374	167
W. Hendrickson	30	212	4,993	166
E. Hayden	18	223	2,972	165
R. Bettison	33	201	5,386	163
J. Mandley	33	223	5,385	163
C. Mitchell	18	191	2,911	165
J. Portulla	30	211	4,803	160
T. Dyer	33	287	5,225	159
E. Simmons	27	235	4,289	159

THEATRICAL.

The motion pictures of "Twilight Sleep," with Miss Mabel L. Briggs, a trained nurse, giving the lecture, were shown yesterday afternoon and last evening at Ishpeeming theater to women exclusively. The matinee this afternoon will also be exclusively for women and two performances tonight, beginning at 7 and 8:30, new time, will be for men only. Boys or young men under twenty-one will not be admitted. Miss Briggs gives a very interesting lecture.

This picture and lecture is being shown under the auspices of the Motherhood Educational society.

Mary Pickford in Charming Play.

Thursday and Friday the management of Ishpeeming theater will present famous Mary Pickford in her new photoplay produced by her own company and released by Aftcraft, "The Pride of the Clan." There will be matinees at 2:30, new time, both days, and two shows will be given each evening. In addition to "Pride of the Clan," there will also be a novelty vaudeville act by the Hales, who present a unique dancing and drumming turn.

Miss Rockwell at Butler.

Glady Rockwell, one of the most popular of the Fox stars, will be seen tonight in the Butler theater in the Fox drama, "One Touch of Sin." Miss Rockwell plays the part of Mary Livingstone, a woman with a problem.

"Forbidden Fruit," a photodrama that contains a startling warning to wives and mothers, with Paula Shay and Everett Butterfield and a splendid cast, will be the offering at the Ishpeeming theater tomorrow night.

A MAN OF THE HILLS.

In the American Magazine David Grayson tells of a curious character of northern Connecticut who is known as "the newbman." He makes his living by gathering and selling the old-fashioned herbs that grannies used to consider invaluable remedies.

The Miners' National Bank

ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN. STATEMENT, MAY 1ST, 1917. (Comptroller's Call.)

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$1,013,190.04	Capital	\$ 100,000.00
Overdrafts	331.16	Surplus	100,000.00
Banking House	36,783.09	Undivided Profits	25,206.42
Other Real Estate	10,250.00	Circulation	99,000.00
U. S. and Other Bonds	679,515.17	Deposits	1,709,769.06
Federal Reserve Bank	\$5,932.84	Reserved for Discount on U. S. and other Bonds	3,200.00
Cash and Exchange	241,173.18		
	\$2,037,175.48		\$2,037,175.48

WOMEN ONLY TODAY

MATINEE ONLY

ISHPEMING THEATER

All seats 25c

TWILIGHT SLEEP

MOTION PICTURES WITH

A Full Lecture by Nurse Mabel L. Briggs

MEN ONLY TONIGHT

BOYS UNDER 21 NOT ADMITTED

Butler Theatre, Tomorrow Night—MISS TREMBATH'S RECITAL. Ishpeeming Theatre, Tomorrow Night—"FORBIDDEN FRUIT," a vivid and absorbing photoplay, with PAULA SHAY and EVERETT BUTTERFIELD.

Ishpeeming Theatre, Thursday and Friday—Special engagement of MARY PICKFORD in "THE PRIDE OF THE CLAN," the second of her big new productions under Aftcraft management. Additional attraction, THE HALES, novelty dancing and drum act. Special matinees both days at 2:30, new time. Matinees—Adults, 20c; Children, 10c. Evening—Adults, first two floors, 25c; Children with parents, 10c; Gallery, 10c to all.

BUTLER THEATER TODAY

First Show at 7 o'clock, Second Show at 8:30, new time. Matinee at 2:30. Adults, 10c; Children, 5c.

The Problem of the Ages confronts the Poor Mother in

"One Touch of Sin"

WILLIAM FOX Presents

GLADYS BROCKWELL

The Woman of a Thousand Expressions

Left alone with her child, she turns to the only man who has treated her kindly; but she is confronted by her former lover.

WHICH ONE SHALL SHE CHOOSE? See this picture, and judge for yourself whether she did rightly.

Butler Theatre, Tomorrow Night—MISS TREMBATH'S RECITAL. Ishpeeming Theatre, Tomorrow Night—"FORBIDDEN FRUIT," a vivid and absorbing photoplay, with PAULA SHAY and EVERETT BUTTERFIELD.

Ishpeeming Theatre, Thursday and Friday—Special engagement of MARY PICKFORD in "THE PRIDE OF THE CLAN," the second of her big new productions under Aftcraft management. Additional attraction, THE HALES, novelty dancing and drum act. Special matinees both days at 2:30, new time. Matinees—Adults, 20c; Children, 10c. Evening—Adults, first two floors, 25c; Children with parents, 10c; Gallery, 10c to all.

well plays the part of Mary Livingstone, a woman with a problem.

"Forbidden Fruit," a photodrama that contains a startling warning to wives and mothers, with Paula Shay and Everett Butterfield and a splendid cast, will be the offering at the Ishpeeming theater tomorrow night.

A MAN OF THE HILLS.

In the American Magazine David Grayson tells of a curious character of northern Connecticut who is known as "the newbman." He makes his living by gathering and selling the old-fashioned herbs that grannies used to consider invaluable remedies.

"Spring and summer he wears always an old overcoat, and carries a basket with double covers, very much worn and brown with usage. His cane is of hickory with a crooked root for a handle, this also shabby with age. He gathers bitter bark, tansy, ginseng, calamus, smart-weed and slippery elm, and from along old fences and barnyards, catnip and bonset. I suppose he lives somewhere, a hole in a log, or the limb of

a tree, but no one knows where it is, or how he dries or cures his findings. No one knows his name.

"I met him once in the town road, and he stopped humbly without lifting his eyes, and opening his basket let into the air such a fragrance of ancient simples as I never smelled before. He said nothing at all; but took out dry bundles of catnip, sassafras, slippery elm, to show me. He had also pruned royal for healing teas, and calamus and bitter-bark for miseries. I selected a choice assortment of his wares to take home, but could get him to name no price. He took what I gave without objection and without thanks, and went his way. A true man of the hills."

HARD WORK FOR WOMEN.

It is doubtful if there is any work harder than house work. Overwork tells on the kidneys, and when the kidneys are affected one looks and feels older than the actual years. Mrs. A. G. Wells, R. R. 5, Rocky Mount, N. C., writes: "I cannot praise Foley Kidney Pills enough for the wonderful benefit I have derived." Sold Everywhere.—Adv.</

PATRIOTIC AMERICANS WILL BUY

WAR BONDS

About to be issued by the Government

The Directors of this Bank voted to assist in the distribution of these bonds without charge or profit for the bank's services.

Any of our Savings Depositors who desire to invest, even though they do not have sufficient funds just now, may instruct us to purchase bonds for them—and hold for a reasonable length of time until sufficient funds accrue. It is expected that they will be issued in denominations as low as \$20.00. Put your name in today.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK MICHIGAN

Negaunee State Bank NEGAUNEE, MICH.

YOUR BANKING BUSINESS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED

Commercial and Savings Deposits

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent

Markets

SUDDEN CESSATION OF RAIL LIQUIDATION BRINGS HIGHER PRICES.

New York, May 7.—A sudden cessation of the recent liquidation movement in rails and other investment securities stiffened the stock market today and effected a partial readjustment of prices to higher levels.

BOSTON COPPERS.

Islepeping Mich., May 7.—Prices were higher today and sentiment much improved. Stocks advanced 1 to 4 points and rails, industrials and coppers shared in the advance.

New York—Dow, Jones & Co., say in part: "The leather stocks are worth watching because of the peculiar relations which leather has to war Germany's experience is an indication of what leather companies can do in war times. A compilation of earnings of 27 leather and shoe companies in Germany

CHICAGO GRAINS.

Chicago, May 7.—Wheat closed nervous today at net gains of 1/2 cent to 4/8. May opening, 27 1/2; closing, 28 1/2; July, 22 1/2; closing, 22 1/2; September opening, 18 1/2; closing, 19 1/2. May corn closing, 14 1/2; September, 13 1/2. July oats closing, 6 1/2; September, 6 1/2.

CHAMPION HOMING PIGEON.

Five days from Norwalk, O., to its home in Los Angeles, is the record of Ben Bolt, a black carrier pigeon, who landed on the roof of its home dovecot after having traveled 2,300 miles.

The bird carried a seamless band around its foot with the mark of the committee on it.

The owner, Carl Skofield, lives in Los Angeles, and keeps about thirty fliers of various kinds.

The father of Ben Bolt was the first pigeon to fly over the Rocky mountains. Mr. Skofield discovered that only by breeding flying carriers with wild mountain pigeons could he get a flyer that would cross high mountains. Ben Bolt is three years old, and has a strain of wild mountain Bantail in him. He was stolen once, but returned as soon as he was let loose.—Farm and Fireside.

YANKEE GENIUSES BUSY.

When the war broke out people in the United States found themselves deprived of many necessary articles that were formerly imported from Europe. Ingenuity at once became active, and various articles, such as dyes, are at the present time being made to take the place of the imported products.

BOY SCOUTS COULD AID U. S.

Although England is the birthplace of the Boy Scout movement, nearly every nation now has its multitudes of youthful scouts, and more than 200,000 are enrolled in the United States. In Great Britain, France and other warring countries the youngsters of this organization have demonstrated the utility of their training by giving effective aid in assisting the police, guarding bridges, aqueducts and railways, aiding the coast guard, and helping to care for the ill and the wounded.

CHICAGO PRODUCE.

Chicago, May 7.—Butter steady; creamery 32¢/38; Eggs easier, receipts, 28,816 cases; firsts, 32¢/33 1/2; ordinary

Negaunee Department

PATRIOTIC LEAGUE IS PROPOSED HERE

Mayor Robbins Will Likely Issue a Call for Meeting for Organization Purposes.

A movement is on foot for the organization of a Patriotic league in Negaunee, and Mayor N. J. Robbins will probably, within a few days, issue a call for a meeting for that purpose.

Besides soldiers, sailors and other fighting men, the government is in need of trained men for other work. Men experienced in woodcraft, such as overseers of packers, packers, toters and those who are familiar with the work of guiding and other woods work, are necessary.

PRESIDENT GRATEFUL.

That President Wilson was grateful for the Resolution adopted by the Negaunee Nest No. 1,207 of the Order of Owls commending him in his step in declaring war against Germany, is evident from a copy of a letter received yesterday from Congressman Frank James. The copy is of a letter sent to Mr. James by J. P. Tumulty, secretary to the President and is as follows: "The President asks me to thank you for your letter of May 1 and for your courtesy in letting him see a copy of the resolution adopted by the Negaunee Nest No. 1,207, Order of Owls. He has read it with appreciative interest."

MARRIED SATURDAY.

Miss Pollie Millman, daughter of Frank Millman, and Thomas Manuel, were married Saturday evening at the home of the bride's parents on Myrtle street by Rev. R. L. Hewson, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church. Only a few relatives and intimate friends were present for the ceremony. Mrs. Millman, mother of the bride, was the ring bearer and Mrs. Morris Rutledge, a sister, was the bridesmaid, Fred Manuel, brother of the groom, was best man. The couple will make their home in Negaunee.

LOCAL LACONICS

T. F. Hessler, of Escanaba, spent yesterday in the city on business.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Trevarrow have returned from a week's visit at Kansas City, Kan.

Captain James H. Rough has gone to West Baden, Ind., where he will spend a few weeks.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Hampton, who reside on the County Road.

Mrs. Arthur Hansen has returned from Chicago, where she spent two weeks visiting.

Miss Valeria Dushane has returned from a few days visit with relatives and friends at Marquette.

The members of the Maccabees will give a card social and dancing party this evening at Lovina's hall.

W. J. Caisse has returned to his home at Duluth after spending a few days in the city on business.

The regular monthly meeting of Negaunee Chapter No. 108 R. A. M. will be held this evening at 7:30.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. W. Schultz, of Fairburn, Neb., are spending a few days in the city visiting with friends.

Mrs. C. C. Fowler, of Minot, N. D., is here on a visit with her sister, Mrs. William Sharpe, Jennings street.

All Negaunee are urged to attend the joint patriotic meeting of the two cities at the Butler theater at Islepeping Thursday night.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Vite Tassone Digenzelli and Lillian Ruesing and Joseph Ghiardi and Rose Favero, all of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Lacombe and Mrs. Charles Just, will leave today for Little Lake, where they will spend a few days at Mr. Lacombe's farm.

Franklin Willman, who came to the city to attend the funeral of his grandfather, late John Stewart Sr., will leave this evening for Racine Wis., where he is employed in a factory.

Everett and Erald Anneline, Charles Nelson, Arthur Christiansen, Roy Lee and Art Field have returned from a few days' trout fishing trip at Camp Pines, south of Palmer. The members of the party fished the Schweitzer Creek, but report a small catch on account of high water.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Ted Butler, 324 Gold St. 5-1-17

FOR SALE—Forty acre farm about two miles from Negaunee. Thirty acres are cleared. Inquire at Mining Journal office, Negaunee. 5-3-17.

JOHN BICE MARRIED.

Former Well Known Negaunee Young Man Takes Bride at Globe Ariz.

John H. Bice, born and raised in Negaunee, but who for the past few years has made his home at Miami, Ariz., was married to Miss Gertrude I. Brandt, at Globe, Ariz., a few days ago. The young man is well known in the city and holds a responsible position at Miami being in charge of the concentrator for the Miami Copper company. He spent several weeks here visiting with his uncle, A. J. Bice, and family, last fall. Of his marriage the Arizona Record had the following:

"Last evening Miss Gertrude I. Brandt and J. H. Bice were united in marriage at the home of the sister of the groom, Mrs. William Johns, of West Mesquite street. The ceremony in which the ring service was used, was performed by Rev. Fred J. Hart, pastor of the First Presbyterian church. The bridesmaid was Miss Melissa Schrest, while the groom was attended by Sidney Kinsman. Only the immediate relatives and very close friends of the contracting couple were present at the wedding. The bride is a most charming girl who is a bit of a favorite in the younger circles of the city. Mr. Bice is very popular in the district and is employed in a responsible capacity by the Miami Copper company. The couple will make their future home in this city."

PRESIDENT GRATEFUL.

That President Wilson was grateful for the Resolution adopted by the Negaunee Nest No. 1,207 of the Order of Owls commending him in his step in declaring war against Germany, is evident from a copy of a letter received yesterday from Congressman Frank James. The copy is of a letter sent to Mr. James by J. P. Tumulty, secretary to the President and is as follows: "The President asks me to thank you for your letter of May 1 and for your courtesy in letting him see a copy of the resolution adopted by the Negaunee Nest No. 1,207, Order of Owls. He has read it with appreciative interest."

MARRIED SATURDAY.

Miss Pollie Millman, daughter of Frank Millman, and Thomas Manuel, were married Saturday evening at the home of the bride's parents on Myrtle street by Rev. R. L. Hewson, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church. Only a few relatives and intimate friends were present for the ceremony. Mrs. Millman, mother of the bride, was the ring bearer and Mrs. Morris Rutledge, a sister, was the bridesmaid, Fred Manuel, brother of the groom, was best man. The couple will make their home in Negaunee.

LOCAL LACONICS

T. F. Hessler, of Escanaba, spent yesterday in the city on business.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Trevarrow have returned from a week's visit at Kansas City, Kan.

Captain James H. Rough has gone to West Baden, Ind., where he will spend a few weeks.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Hampton, who reside on the County Road.

Mrs. Arthur Hansen has returned from Chicago, where she spent two weeks visiting.

Miss Valeria Dushane has returned from a few days visit with relatives and friends at Marquette.

The members of the Maccabees will give a card social and dancing party this evening at Lovina's hall.

W. J. Caisse has returned to his home at Duluth after spending a few days in the city on business.

The regular monthly meeting of Negaunee Chapter No. 108 R. A. M. will be held this evening at 7:30.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. W. Schultz, of Fairburn, Neb., are spending a few days in the city visiting with friends.

Mrs. C. C. Fowler, of Minot, N. D., is here on a visit with her sister, Mrs. William Sharpe, Jennings street.

All Negaunee are urged to attend the joint patriotic meeting of the two cities at the Butler theater at Islepeping Thursday night.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Vite Tassone Digenzelli and Lillian Ruesing and Joseph Ghiardi and Rose Favero, all of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Lacombe and Mrs. Charles Just, will leave today for Little Lake, where they will spend a few days at Mr. Lacombe's farm.

Franklin Willman, who came to the city to attend the funeral of his grandfather, late John Stewart Sr., will leave this evening for Racine Wis., where he is employed in a factory.

Everett and Erald Anneline, Charles Nelson, Arthur Christiansen, Roy Lee and Art Field have returned from a few days' trout fishing trip at Camp Pines, south of Palmer. The members of the party fished the Schweitzer Creek, but report a small catch on account of high water.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Ted Butler, 324 Gold St. 5-1-17

FOR SALE—Forty acre farm about two miles from Negaunee. Thirty acres are cleared. Inquire at Mining Journal office, Negaunee. 5-3-17.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE NEGAUNEE NATIONAL BANK Negaunee, Mich. May 1st, 1917. RESOURCES: Loans and Discounts, \$399,057.65; U. S. and Other Bonds, 271,070.00; Bank Building, 48,699.27; Federal Reserve Stock, 3,750.00; Cash and Exchange, 106,371.05; Total, \$828,947.97. LIABILITIES: Capital Stock Paid In, \$100,000.00; Surplus Fund, 25,000.00; Undivided Profits, 17,545.73; Circulation, 100,000.00; Deposits, 586,402.24; Total, \$828,947.97. Designated United States Depository

What Is Mattcote? MATTCOTE is a full-bodied oil paint without gloss that comes ready for use. It dries to a soft, velvety finish that is agreeable to the eyes and meets all requirements of modern home decoration. It is made in shades and tints to suit your every need. It makes a beautiful, non-fading background for pictures and furniture. It can be washed and will last five or more years where other finishes must be done every year. Mattcote can be applied by anyone. It can be used on plaster, woodwork, stucco, lath, composition board, metal or even over wall paper. It is applied similarly to kalsomine and a gallon will cover from 500 to 700 sq. ft. MATTCOTE WEEK From May 7th to 12th we will have a Special Mattcote Display in our store. We invite you to stop in and examine the beautiful displays of this splendid material. We will be pleased to give you color-cards and full information. Paints S. A. FARSON Hardware

GREATEST PERIL OF THE WAR.

Tuberculosis is the greatest disease peril of modern warfare, says Dr. Herman M. Biggs, New York state commissioner of health, who has just returned from an exhaustive study of the problem in France. Dr. Biggs was sent by the Rockefeller institute at the invitation of the French government. In a speech at a dinner of the Society of Alumni of Bellevue hospital, he said: "Soldiers are not living in the open air in tents where conditions would be favorable to those with weak lungs, but are in the trenches, living in dugouts or huddled together in villages not far from the fighting line."

APPEALS FOR HELP.

Nowadays editors of American newspapers are kept hard at work digging their way to daylight from beneath an avalanche of requests for indorsements of appeals for help for sundry classes of war sufferers. There are so many excellently represented causes, and so many of them are, beyond question, worthy that the editorial columns of a daily newspaper might be devoted exclusively to indorsements of appeals without a single indorsement being made without good faith.

EFFICIENCY ON THE FARM.

At a meeting of the Illinois Farmers' Institute, J. P. Mason, of Elgin, remarked: "American farms are under-manned and are producing not more than one-half of their capacity. The evil lies with the tendency of the farmer to leave the farm for the city."

LET US BE ORIGINAL.

We should not imitate England's war blunders. To copy them slavishly would be to show a lack of originality hardly worthy of the reputation of this resourceful republic. Our genius demands that we invent a series of blunders entirely novel and obviously more striking than those which handicapped Great Britain. Already we have begun to create a string of national mistakes more amazing, more involved and more incredible than any yet devised.

Juice of Lemons! How to Make Skin White and Beautiful

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quart pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as sallowness, freckles and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It naturally should help to soften, freshen, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is wonderful to smooth rough, red hands.

NOTICE TO COAL DEALERS. The city of Negaunee will receive bids on 2,500 tons of 3/4 in. Youghiogheny soft coal F. O. B. coal treatise to Wednesday, May 9, 1917 at 5 p. m. Alfred Belstrom Superintendent. 5-3-17.

NICKLAS MINING COMPANY FINANCED, MANAGED AND OPERATED BY BREITUNG & CO. Stock listed and actively in on the New York Curb Full particulars regarding this property can be obtained from the managers or your own broker. ALVAH T. MEYER SPECIALIST 42 BROADWAY, NEW YORK Circular B-9 on Request.

J. A. MINNEAR & CO. BROKERS MEMBERS CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE. MARKETS AT A GLANCE Sentiment was very much improved yesterday. Prices advanced easily. Steel and Copper shares were leaders. The news on the Copper metal situation is distinctly bullish. OFFICES: LAURIUM, MICH. Phone 820-822. ISHEPMEING, MICH. Phone 312-313.

CO-OPERATION IN RUSSIA. In Siberia the success of co-operative butter making, which started in 1894-95, is attributed entirely to the formation of butter workers mutual guaranty societies or "artels," and the movement spread subsequently to the Volga and Archangel governments in European Russia. The grouping of the various co-operative societies into unions was for a long time opposed by the government—the first union having been sanctioned in 1901. But it was not until 1911 that these unions received powers to carry out their natural financial operations. In that year the Moscow People's Bank was formed with 1,327 co-operative societies as shareholders. This bank has since become the most important organization for financing agricultural machinery purchases, for the sale of agricultural produce and of the cottage and kустary manufactures. In other branches co-operative societies have been formed for the purchase and distribution of agricultural machinery and implements. Attempts have also been made to reorganize the collection, transportation and sale of fruit, vegetables and eggs on a co-operative basis. In south Russia there are several co-operative flour mills and a number of societies have been formed for the construction of country grain elevators, the largest elevators are being provided by the government.

Cardinal Farley Undergoes Operation.



Considerable concern for Cardinal Farley has been felt as a result of the reports that he has been compelled to undergo an operation. These reports, coupled with his age and the fact that for several weeks his health has not been of the best, has caused some anxiety. The exact nature of the operation has not been made public. It is said to have been for abscess.



ST. PAUL MAN GETS CONTRACT FOR PLANS

G. L. Nason Assigned to the Work of Designing Improvements on Presque Isle Marsh.

George L. Nason, of St. Paul, Minn., landscape architect, who a short time ago visited Marquette, inspected the swamp near the approach to Presque Isle and submitted a preliminary sketch and exhaustive outline of the proposed improvements, was awarded the contract for the complete plans and designs by the city commission last night, and was notified of his appointment in a night letter signed by Mayor Beagle.

Mr. Nason's terms follow: "Sketch plan for the approval of the commission, \$100.

"General plan showing the final approved arrangement for the development of the park, \$150.

"Grading plan, showing proposed new contours and a general development of all earth work, football and tennis courts, together with specifications for contract, \$250.

"Planting plan, showing planting arrangements, \$150. Any details of bridges or similar features within the architect's province at an office cost price is a detail not yet determined."

In addition Mr. Nason agrees to make as many visits to the city, on connection with the work, as the commission may deem necessary, at a cost of \$50 per visit, or \$120 to the cost of the plans for four trips in the next two years.

Other Bids Rejected.

The terms submitted by Warren H. Manning, of Boston, Mass., who made a survey of the swamp a short time ago and submitted a rough draft of his proposed improvements, were rejected. Mr. Manning asked a flat sum of \$1,000, to cover a period of three years, including two visits to the city each year during that time. He further asked that the first payment, \$500, be made after his preliminary plans had been accepted and work was begun.

Hutchinson & Murphy, an Illinois concern, submitted terms for the work, asking \$1,500 for the complete designs.

No "Daylight" Talk.

The town clock stands no immediate chance of being tampered with, if action taken by the commissioners last night is any indication of their sentiment. Despite alleged "agitation" the matter had aroused in the city not a single individual showed up at the meeting last night to discuss the matter, at least no one came forward when the mayor announced that the opinions of any interested person would be heard. Consequently the matter was laid on the table, and unless someone comes forward with more "agitation" it will remain on the table.

Charles Pellissier was awarded the contract for the 7th avenue and Summit street improvement, and will begin work at once.

No "Crackers" This Year.

In accordance with a request from the New York state fire commissioner the commission will, in the near future, draw up an ordinance prohibiting the sale or use of firecrackers in the city this year, and possibly for a period to cover the duration of the war between the United States and Germany. The request from the New York official pointed out that the present was no time for municipal celebrations calling for the use of explosives, when such material may be in great demand later on, and that, moreover, it should be the aim of every municipality to keep such explosives out of the hands of those who may make criminal use of them.

GEORGE M'CARTHY NOW CITY EDITOR

Former Mining Journal Reporter Is Now at "Desk" of the Duluth Herald.

George D. McCarthy, whose newspaper experience was acquired in part as a member of the Mining Journal staff, has been made city editor of the Duluth Herald, succeeding James E. Rockwell, who becomes managing editor of the Fargo Forum. Mr. McCarthy was a member of the Herald staff until his appointment as assistant secretary of the Duluth Commercial club. His many friends in this district will wish him well in his new post.

Mr. McCarthy, a Hancock boy, gained his first newspaper experience in the copper country and later came to Marquette as city editor of the Mining Journal. From here he went to Duluth as sporting editor of the Herald, being in time promoted to the position of political editor. For some years past he has been assistant secretary of the Duluth Commercial club and secretary of the Northern Minnesota Development bureau.

THREE GENERATIONS OF WOMEN

The young women of this generation, their mothers and grandmothers have proved from actual experience that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcomes the suffering caused by female ills and restores them to a healthy condition. This famous medicine contains no narcotics or habit forming drugs—but is made from medicinal roots and herbs, nature's remedy for disease. If you are suffering from any form of female ills, it will pay you to give it a trial.

Burus Family Soap is absolutely pure and sars or chapped hands by its use. It preserves the clothes—try a bar.—At your grocer. 4-23-17.

DESECRATION!

Collars With American Flags Worked or Pasted on Them Must Go Says U. S. Attorney General Gregory.

Young Man! Do you know you are desecrating the United States flag and laying yourself open to arrest for violation of the anti-desecration law by wearing collars which carry a reproduction of the Stars and Stripes.

Much unfavorable comment has been heard during the past three or four days over the appearance on the streets of young men and boys wearing collars on which either are pasted small flag stickers or on which the flag has been embroidered. This method of displaying the flag has been branded as "peanut patriotism" by several local men and efforts will probably be made to have the merchants refuse to sell collars of this kind.

The law forbids any person "to manufacture, sell, expose for sale, or to public use for any purpose, merchandise on which shall be printed, painted, attached or otherwise placed, a representation of the flag."

The collars and other wearing apparel with the flag worked on them have been placed on sale here and in other cities, and it remained for the Washington chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution to bring it to the cognizance of Attorney General Gregory, who has notified all United States District attorneys that "both the wearers and sellers of these articles lay themselves open to arrest for violation of the anti-desecration law."

This is Marquette's Honor List--Is Your Name On It?--If Not--Why Not?

- LIEUT. ROBERT YOUNG MAJOR GEORGE BALL FRANK COURTNEY ROY RYDHOLM SEYMOUR CHARLTON FLOCH PENDILL CLAUDE PENDILL RICHARD JOPLING ALBERT R. WATTS LESLIE LE VEGUE WALLACE A. ROWELL TRACY KAYE ROBERT PETERS ROBERT LONGYEAR J. ALLEN PETRIE WALTER HADLEY HAROLD WITTING HERBERT ROSE EDWIN SHAUER ROY MITCHELL ARTHUR WINTERS PETER R. WILSON EDWARD ROBERTS MATHEW ROBERTS ARTHUR G. GABRIELSON MANDEL OLSON ERNEST PETERSON CLARENCE FENNESSY HENRY ANDERSON HAROLD E. SPION CHARLES COURTNEY JOHN C. FARRELL GERALD FARRELL LEO BRUCE GEORGE WIGHTMAN CLIFFORD MUIR FREDERICK P. CASE HOWARD J. BOYD GEORGE H. WILLIAMS FRANK J. STAFFORD GEORGE HAGER ROBERT DUNDAS FRED DUNDAS WILLIAM D. NASON EDWIN RICE JOE COLUMBUS MORTIMER ROBERTS ALLIE BISHOP HARRY HANDFORD JOSEPH VER LINDA JOSEPH BELANGER JOHN LIBERTY ROBERT GILLON JOHN MULLALY

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 7.—(Special).—Upbound vessels passing the canal the last twenty-four hours were: The Fairbairn, 7 last night; Niagara, Pentecost, Mitchell, 8:30; Schiller, 10; Troy, 1 a. m.; S. H. Robbins, Peter White, (Large) Samuel Mather, 5:30, Colquhoun, 9; Cook, Mearns, Clank, North Wind, 10:30; Tuscarora, Mariposa, noon; Cherokee, Fassett, Nelson, Holland, 3:30; Robinson, 5; Harvey, 6; Otto Reiss, 7.

Princess Pine, 50c a bunch. One bunch enough for two quarts of medicine. Phone 216. 5-3-17.

Order your milk, cream, butter and buttermilk of the Marquette City Dairy. The most modern sanitary plant in Michigan. Score 100 per cent on recent tuberculosis test. 5-5-17.

SIX MARQUETTE MEN ACCEPTED FOR ARMY

Expect to Leave Today for Jefferson Barracks—Instructions for Training Camp.

Seven Marquette young men who applied yesterday to Sergeant Mahoney, in charge of recruiting for the U. S. army here, are expected to leave tonight for Jefferson Barracks, Mo., to receive training for the army. The young men will receive their final examination here today from Captain McNeal, in charge of recruiting for this district, who will be on duty in the Pythian hall, from 9 o'clock this morning until "all hours" tonight, to examine men for the officers' training camp, at Fort Sheridan, and for the regular army.

Marquette's contingent yesterday follows:

- Carol E. Barnes, Arthur N. Besander, Fred J. Gauthier, Cyril Cadieu, Charlie T. Versailles, Leo Richer, George Derdowski. The four other Marquette men who applied for enlistment yesterday, but who were rejected, are: Floyd Rose, Mose Bastien, George LaMera, Michael Conway.

Final Instructions.

In view of the short time remaining before the opening of the officers' training camps, all army examining boards have been authorized to conduct examination of applicants without reference to central department headquarters. All applicants should, therefore, be governed by the following procedure:

Applicants who have already forwarded application blanks with letters of recommendation and who have not received in return a letter of instructions from the department commander should immediately make out a duplicate application, secure duplicate letters of recommendation and apply in person to the nearest army officer constituting an official examining board. In the case of men from Marquette, they will apply today to Captain McNeal, in the new Pythian building.

All new applicants should take a preliminary medical examination, fill out application blank, secure letters of recommendation and apply to nearest army officer constituting an official examining board. Do not forward applications to central department headquarters. If in doubt as to location of an examining board in your territory, or if you wish

GAVE PROGRAM AT MARQUETTE PRISON

Eighteen Normal School Students Took Part in Entertainment Last Night.

About eighteen students of the Northern State Normal school visited the Marquette prison last night and gave a decidedly entertaining program for the men, who showed their appreciation by frequent and hearty bursts of applause. The program, arranged under the direction of Mrs. E. G. Rushmore, head of the expression department, and Miss Sophia Linton, of the music department, consisted of readings and musical selections. Professor J. E. Lautner, of the Normal faculty, chaperoned the party.

Following is the program given last night:

- Selections— (a) "Over the Waves".....J. Rosas (b) "Ass's Death".....Grieg Normal orchestra. Reading, "The Troublesome Dutchman".....Miss Hilda Newcomb. Vocal solo, "The Sunshine of Your Smile".....Miss Florence Rydholm. Reading, "The Overworked Elocutionist".....Miss Lydia Artz. Violin solo, selected.....Harry Bottrell. Reading, "Speak Up like a 'Spree Yourself'".....Miss Grace Williams. Vocal solo, "When You Come Home".....Amiel Toupin. Reading, "Mrs. Harrigan on Neighbor-Linen".....Miss Florence Kennedy. Vocal solo, "A Kiss in the Rain".....Miss Irene Cox. Reading, "Marguerite".....Miss Hazel Mall. Vocal solo, "The Day Is Ended".....Amiel Toupin. Reading, selected.....Miss Gertrude Kraft. Vocal solo, "The Little Gray Home in the West".....Miss Julia Jeffrey. Reading, "Hearse Is Hearse".....Miss Marion Hathway. Reading, "The Horse Fly".....H. Orville Bell. Vocal duet, "Somewhere a Voice Is Calling".....Miss Irene Cox and Amiel Toupin. The orchestra is composed of the following: First violins, Harry Bottrell and Walter McKie; second violin, Kenneth Kepner; cello, Miss Helen Nicholson; piano, Miss Elizabeth Henschel; organist, Edwin Hosking; drums, Clarence Saunders.

MILLINERY.

Greatly reduced prices on all hats for the remainder of the season at Mrs. A. M. Adam's, 219 Baker St. 5-5-17.

Vandenboom's home churned butter-milk is the best tonic on the market. try it. 5-5-17.

DR. BENNETT URGES CLEAN-UP CAMPAIGN

Is Prosecuting Man Who Failed to Co-Operate—Says It Is Essential to Health of City.

When Dr. A. K. Bennett, city health officer, issued an order for a spring "clean-up" he evidently meant just what he said, for he has already begun prosecution proceedings against one Marquette man who failed to pay heed, and who persisted in maintaining a nuisance and a menace to public health on his premises.

"I cannot understand why some tenants and property-owners neglect their premises as they do," said Dr. Bennett yesterday. "Generally, I am well satisfied with the way the citizens have responded to the call for a clean-up, but there is still room for improvement. In fact, there are a few other residents I am going to prosecute if improvement is not immediately forthcoming.

"Every man, woman and child in the city should do something towards keeping Marquette free from contagious disease during the hot weather. Surely public health is an important factor in these times, and is worthy of the serious consideration of every resident."

Dr. Bennett points to the following suggestions as essential: See that all rubbish is removed from your cellar, back yard and araway. Have it placed in suitable receptacles where the street cleaning department can readily get it.

Clear hallways of all obstructions. Remove and clean all carpets and hangings for the summer.

Scrub floors, hallways and all unvarnished woodwork thoroughly. Use plenty of soap and hot water.

Clean all windows and keep them open to fresh air and sunlight. Ventilate damp cellars.

Report all neighborhood nuisances, such as stagnant pools and ill-smelling refuse piles, to the health department. Ask your landlord to repair leaky roofs and plumbing, and to repair dirty, broken walls and ceilings.

If there is a vacant lot adjoining your house see that it is cleaned of all refuse material.

Remember that cheerful compliance with these suggestions, and with every other effort of the health department, will help to make the city a more healthful one in which to live. You should be glad to do it.

"Swat the Fly."

Now for the usual pre-summer warning "Swat the Fly!" wherever he goes death and disease may follow" is the slogan, and every individual in the city is urged to do his utmost towards the extermination of the pest. The health department remarks that:

"War to the death should be declared upon the little pest. His presence is a disgrace. His touch may be deadly. Either man must kill the fly or the fly will kill the man. If there is no dirt and filth there will be no flies. Keep them away from the milk and food.

"Clean up your premises inside and out, and then see that others do the same. Strike at the root of the evil! The housefly breeds in all kinds of filth and debris. Dispose of such refuse in a way that the house-fly cannot procreate. Screen up your house—there is more health in a well-screened house than in many a doctor's visit."

Information on any other point, wire the central department, Chicago, at the applicant's expense.

Applicants residing in cities in which an examining board does not meet are instructed to ascertain the nearest city in which such a board is in session and apply there in person.

"The camps will be ready for occupancy on May 8. Accepted applicants will be admitted on that date and up to and including May 14, but not thereafter.

"Secure your uniform, if practicable, before starting. "Limit your baggage to one small trunk and a handbag, or less.

"When you report at camp have on your person the duplicate copy of application to attend the camp furnished you by the board and the postal-card sent you by the camp commander authorizing you to report at camp.

"Pursuant to telegraphic instructions received from the war department since the publication of application cards and circular of information, no deposits will be required from you to cover damage to uniform or equipment.

"Your capacity to understand and obey orders will be indicated to the camp commander by the manner in which you comply with the instructions contained herein."

Plans for Meeting.

The patriotic rally, tomorrow night, will be held in the Baraga auditorium, instead of the city hall, and the plans are now practically completed. The Young Ladies sodality generally consented to postpone their card party and social which they had planned for the auditorium tomorrow night. The announcement that Father Barth, of Escanaba, will be the principal speaker has aroused unusual interest. William Pryor, the Ishpeming miner, who will also speak, is expected to bring a strong message.

Arthur W. Jones, in charge of the music, is arranging attractive numbers, including a new war song he has composed.

CHOICE ROSE STOCK.

I have just received a shipment of a choice lot of rose bushes, hybrid perpetuals and hybrid teas and climbers, which I am now ready to deliver at reasonable prices to parties desiring them. Inquire H. E. Johnson, 606 Pine St. Phone 8207. Office phone 480.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank MARQUETTE, MICH. Condensed from Statement to the Comptroller of the Currency May 1st, 1917. RESOURCES. Time Loans \$ 799,784 38 Demand Collateral Loans \$680,170 30 Cash, Exchange and due from U. S. Treasurer 591,948 26 U. S. and Other Bonds at par 878,879 36 Bank Building and Real Estate 43,000 00 Stock in Federal Reserve Bank 6,000 00 Total \$2,999,782 30 LIABILITIES. Capital Stock paid in \$150,000 00 Surplus and Profits 56,476 72 Discount collected, not earned 72,375 10 \$ 278,851 82 Reserved to Pay Interest 11,400 00 Reserved to Pay Taxes 4,130 12 National Bank Notes Outstanding 141,650 00 Dividends Unpaid 90 00 Deposits 2,563,660 36 Total \$2,999,782 30 Designated U. S. Depository. Capital, Surplus & Profits, \$250,000 OFFICERS: LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, President EDW. S. BICE, Vice President C. L. BRAINERD, Cashier W. O. JOHNSON, Ass't. Cashier. DIRECTORS: L. G. KAUFMAN, N. M. KAUFMAN, S. R. KAUFMAN, A. O. JOPLING, EDW. S. BICE.

Announcement We wish to announce that the store at 416 South Third Street owned by Chas. Dorais, is again open for business under the same management. High grade Meats and Groceries will be sold at lowest prices. Business will be done on a strictly cash basis. Under this system we can sell the best quality goods at very reasonable prices. Our Specials for Today are Prime Rib Roast of Beef, 22c a pound. Prime Pot Roast of Beef, 18c and 20c Round Steak, 26c a pound. Sirloin Steak, 28c a pound. Porterhouse Steak, 28c and 30c. Lamb, 20c to 30c a pound. WATCH FOR FUTURE SPECIALS. Chas. Dorais WE DELIVER TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

ON BOARD FRENCH CRUISER AT NEW YORK. A dock scene on board the French cruiser Amiral Aube, which put into New York after escorting to American shores the ship that brought General Joffre and the French war mission. The Amiral Aube is the first warship of the allies to put in at New York since the outbreak of the war.

NUMBER SMALL CROP IS IS LOWEST Forecast Comp ment of A Winter Y 386,000 IS LOWEST Washington, M crop estimates, show that with th shortage the Un cuts its present will produce on year to supply its The forecast, co ment of agricultu I, put this countr at 306,000,000 bu thirteen years. 386,000,000 bushels of the spring July, but with bushels, which is age, this country total of only 616 American consumy quirements, is put 600,000,000. WHEAT CRO The country's crop was 352,000, in 1915. The five y to 1914 is 234,000 production this y winter wheat fall wheat falls 11.9 year's poor crop that of 1915, a bu 000,000 bushels les the preceding five Reserve stocks t lower than at any season. The visib at 30,000,000, with visible stock. The ever reported in th 000,000 on July 1 harvesting of the July of this year the reserve will be The allies' whe the coming year a bushels as a mi States will be an than half that amo other parts of the Argentine crop fu completion will req Canada's productio to a spring crop of 000,000 bushels, m able for export. MUCH WHEA Since the war sta ported to Europ wheat, reaching a 000 bushels in 1915 fell to 243,000,000 war it ran slightl bushels. In a statem port today the ag declared that altho crop conditions is crop conditions oth JOHN C. VOGL RED JAC IN Calumet, Mich., John C. Vogle, own the Crown theater, life last evening s troved the theater ration of the t threatened, but fou sponded and their ther serious destru THE W WEDNES Marquette and warmer. Upper Peninsula had probably Thur ature. * MARQUETTE * (Last 7 a.m. No 36 Highest, 43 TEMPERATUR 7 Boston Buffalo New York New Orleans Chicago Detroit Omaha St. Paul Helena San Francisco Winnipeg