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ITALY SENDING TROOPS TO THE AID OF THE SERBIANS

WILSON TO URGE BETTER DEFENSE IN HIS MESSAGE

Reasons for Strengthening Army and Navy Will Be Emphasized by President in His Third Annual Address to Congress—To Support Citizen-Soldier Plan.

Declaring United States Must Be Capable to Uphold Its Rights to Independent and Unmolested Action, Document Will Be, Primarily, One on Preparedness.

Washington, Nov. 23.—President Wilson's next annual address to congress, it was learned definitely tonight, will be devoted primarily to a discussion of national defense and the subject of revenues, though it will refer to other legislative questions which the president expects congress to act on during the coming session.

The president has not completed the message, to which he has devoted practically all of his time for the last week. He discussed subjects to be dealt with at today's cabinet meeting and unanimity of opinion was reached by the official family as to what should be the general character of the document.

Reasons for strengthening the army and navy at this time will be emphasized at length by the president. "For defense" will be the keynote of his argument, and declaring that the United States has a humanitarian mission of peace in the world, he will insist that under present conditions, when all Europe is at war, the United States must be ready to defend its rights to independent and unmolested action.

URGES CONTINENTAL ARMY.

The continental army plan proposed by Secretary Garrison for the training of 400,000 citizen soldiers in the next three years in annual contingents of 133,000 is to be strongly supported. In his last annual message to congress, in which he opposed large additional expenditures on the army and navy, the president declared that it was proper that young men should be given an opportunity to learn to be soldiers "in such times as they can command a little freedom." He will repeat this idea this year and express the opinion that the plans submitted by the army general staff call for a standing force larger than the country wants.

The administration plans to urge a merchant marine bill in connection with the need for more auxiliaries for the navy and the president is expected to make some mention of this subject in his message.

OBREGON FAILS TO SWAMP VILLA AS HE INTENDED

Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 23.—The plans of General Alvaro Obregon, Carranza commander-in-chief, to capture in Cananea the Villa forces of General Jose Rodriguez have failed. The capture of Cananea, which Obregon now holds, was an empty victory, it was intimated in Carranza circles today, for Rodriguez, eluding Obregon, escaped.

The Villa commander, with a large force, has been definitely located enroute to Nogales, to reinforce Villa troops already there. In making his escape Rodriguez is reported to have killed an American engineer who aided in the escape of his army. While no official expression could be obtained in Agua Prieta today, it was intimated in official circles that some of Obregon's commanders, to whom was assigned the task of closing all roads from Cananea, "failed miserably" and that because of the failure, Obregon's plans of campaign require a complete readjustment.

VILLA HARD NUT TO CRACK.

The arrival of Rodriguez at Nogales, it was said, would mean that instead of attacking a few hundred Villa troops there, Obregon, taking the offensive, would have to fight a force variously estimated at from 3,000 to 7,000 equipped with Villa's heaviest artillery.

In an effort to cut off Rodriguez, General Calles was ordered by Obregon today to hurry the advance guard of the main Carranza army now fighting its way along the Del Rio to Nogales branch of the Southern Pacific railroad in an

CALLS FOR BIDS ON STEEL FOR TWO WARSHIPS

Secretary of the Navy Daniels Asks for Prices on 62,000,000 Pounds and the Earliest Day It Can Be Delivered—Estimates Must Be at Department Today.

May Abandon Present Type of Coast Defense Submarine, the Activities of Huge Craft in European War Illustrating Advantage—Plans a 1,500 Ton Boat.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Secretary Daniels announced today he had taken the first step with a view to building in government navy yards battleships Nos. 43 and 44, private bids for which exceeded the limitation of cost fixed by congress. The department asked steel makers throughout the country to submit before Wednesday of next week bids on 62,000,000 pounds of structural steel for these two ships, with statements of the earliest possible date at which they could make delivery to the government.

All private bids for the ships opened last week exceeded \$8,000,000 while the limit fixed by congress was \$7,800,000 for the cost of hulls and machinery. Navy yard estimates from the Philadelphia, New York and Mare Island yards, were below the \$7,800,000 mark, with the exception of the Mare Island figures, which included the estimated cost of equipping the yard for the work. Secretary Daniels has indicated that the Norfolk yard and possibly the Puget sound yard at Bremerton, Wash., will be considered when contracts for the battleships are awarded. Neither yard now is equipped for battleship building.

FOR BIGGER SUBMARINES.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Abandonment of the present coast defense type submarine in favor of larger sea-going submarines may be recommended by the navy department as a result of lessons learned during the recent maneuvers of the Atlantic fleet, and unofficial information concerning the size of underwater craft now in service in Europe. There are indications, it was said today, that the United States is lagging behind in submarine development, even with one 1,000 ton submarine nearing completion and two of 1,300 tons soon to be ordered. Navy officials have been particularly impressed by the apparent probability that a submarine of approximately 1,500 tons and measuring 250 feet in length has been engaged in the warfare against allied merchantmen.

Reports on the fleet maneuvers, it has just become known, tell graphic stories of the difficulties encountered by the twelve little submarines attached to the "Blue" force commanded by Admiral Fletcher and defending the coast against a theoretical enemy. The boats were at sea several days and encountered continuous rough weather.

effort to anticipate the arrival of Rodriguez at Nogales.

KILL LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEER.

Naco, Ariz., Nov. 23.—The body of Engineer Bean of the Cananea Consolidated Copper company's railroad, who was forced to drive the train from Cananea on which the forces of General Rodriguez escaped, was found today eight miles from Puerto Blanco. It was riddled with bullets. Bean is said to be an American.

The details of Bean's death have not been received here. Reports of looting at Cananea on Saturday were received today. American Consul Montague was forced, it was reported, to yield to Rodriguez the contents of a small bank intrusted to him by the Cananea Consolidated Copper company. Verification of the report is being sought.

ATTACK AMERICAN SOLDIERS.

Nogales, Ariz., Nov. 23.—Twenty-five Mexicans crossed the border near here today and fired into a border patrol of six colored soldiers of the United States cavalry. A private named Pool was shot through the leg. The troopers returned the fire and killed one Mexican. Another Mexican, who was wounded, was dragged across the line by his companions. The American soldiers were surprised while at breakfast.

A new Ohio law automatically puts thousands of employes in state, city, county and township work under the provisions of the eight-hour day.

CAPT. K. BOY-ED CALLED LEADER OF CONSPIRACY

Witness in Trial of Hamburg-American Line Officials, Charged With "Defrauding and Deceiving" Government, Says Naval Attache Was the Chief Offender

German Officer Spent \$750,000 in Supplying His Nation's Warships With Goods Sent Out from United States, It Is Charged—Home Offices of Concern Blamed

New York, Nov. 23.—In the alleged conspiracy of several Hamburg-American steamship line officials to deceive and defraud the United States by sending neutral relief ships with coal and other supplies to German men-of-war in the Atlantic and Pacific oceans at the beginning of the European war, Captain K. Boy-Ed, German naval attache with headquarters at the German embassy in Washington, played a leading role, according to witnesses who testified in the federal court here today. One of these witnesses swore that Captain Boy-Ed personally directed the expenditure of approximately \$750,000, which, unsolicited, and unexpected, had been deposited to the witness's credit in a New York banking house early in September, 1914. Of this money, the witness testified, \$350,000 was telegraphed to the Nevada National bank at San Francisco in one lump sum; \$215,000 was paid, in several amounts, to the North German-Lloyd Steamship line here; about \$75,000 to the Hamburg-American line here and by cable money order in Hamburg and some of the remainder is still on hand.

CAPTAIN BOY-ED IS ACCUSED.

All of these disbursements, this witness asserted, were made by order of Captain Boy-Ed. The witness, Gustave B. Kulenkampff, a German importer and exporter, with offices here, and others, testified in the trial of Dr. Karl Buecz, Adolph Hachmeister, George Kotter and Joseph Poppinghaus, all officials of the Hamburg-American line, who are charged with conspiracy in having directed the loading and dispatching of sixteen vessels to the relief of a half dozen or more German warships, isolated from supplies in the Atlantic and Pacific oceans.

The testimony, which virtually opened the government's case, followed a short address to the jury by Roger B. Wood, assistant United States district attorney, in which Mr. Wood said that the government would show that "the defendants rode rough shod over the laws and treaties of the United States as contemptuously as if those laws and treaties had been mere scraps of paper."

BLAMES HAMBURG OFFICES.

William Rand, counsel for the defendants, offered to concede certain charges of the government involving twelve steamers, and in his concession admitted that Dr. Buecz and his associates had sent out the vessels as charged to meet German warships in the Atlantic and deliver their supplies. Mr. Rand said that in sending these vessels his clients were acting upon legitimate orders which came to them by cable from the home office of the company in Hamburg. But the government lawyers rejected the concession and sought to prove the case out of the mouths of witnesses.

"The defense is not willing to admit the facts, it is trying to smother them," was Mr. Wood's retort to Mr. Rand's offer.

"Quite the contrary," replied Mr. Rand smilingly. "We are willing to admit that \$750,000 has been spent as the government is trying so hard to prove. Why, we are willing to go much further than that—we will admit that \$2,000,000 of German money was spent in chartering and supplying vessels for relief of German warships."

"And how much more?" asked Mr. Wood.

"That is all I know of," was the reply. "But, admitting the facts we do not admit the intent to deceive or defraud, as charged in the indictment."

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Cloudy Wednesday; Thursday probably rain or snow.

RUSSIANS SANK GERMAN CRUISER; ONLY 20 SAVED

London, Nov. 24, 2:22 a. m.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Petrograd says: "The German guardship sunk by Russian destroyers near Libau is semi-officially stated to have been a cruiser armed with 3½ and 4-inch guns and having a crew of two hundred, only twenty or whom were saved. The fight was a very short one."

The Petrograd official communication of Monday announced that in the Baltic sea on Nov. 20 Russian torpedo boats near Windau (which is to the north of Libau) sank a German patrol boat. The communication added that one officer and nineteen soldiers were made prisoners and that the Russians suffered no losses.

NIGHT-RIDERS SHOT IN FIGHT WITH OFFICERS

New Madrid, Mo., Nov. 23.—Five so-called night-riders and two private detectives were wounded in a pitched battle fought in the center of a marsh a mile southwest of Clarkton, Mo., near here, last night. Nine of the night-riders were captured in an all-day chase by bloodhounds and a large posse of farmers.

Tonight virtually every citizen of Clarkton and every land owner in the vicinity is armed in expectation of another attack by the night-riders. The latter are a secret band of tenants and farm laborers, who have been waging feud-like war for higher wages and lower food prices.

FIRE FROM BEHIND STUMPS.

Six detectives, several of them in the employ of the federal secret service, have been camping secretly for two weeks in a swamp which is part of the farm of T. S. Heisserer, wealthy land owner and banker, against whom the night-riders have centered their attacks. The detectives have been gathering evidence as to the identity of the night-riders, preparatory to a contemplated raid on their meeting place. Shortly after midnight about thirty men with one aceved arose from behind as many stumps, fired a volley at the detectives' shack and then dodged behind stumps again. These volleys continued longer than an hour and three hundred rounds were fired on each side. The detectives returned the fire and counted five fallen night-riders.

ALLIES VICTORS ON WEST FRONT REDMOND SAYS

London, Nov. 23, 10:20 p. m.—"So far as the western front is concerned Germany is beaten," said John Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalist party, just returned from a visit to the army in France, addressing a recruiting meeting today. "Every day, every hour, she is getting weaker. For every shell she throws at us, we throw five."

"There are no pessimists among our men fighting there. From the commander-in-chief down through all the ranks of the army there is a feeling of absolute confidence as to the results of the war."

Mr. Redmond visited the Belgian lines and saw King Albert.

IRELAND STANDS BY BELGIUM.

"I told him," said the Irish leader, "that Ireland was determined to stand by the independence of Belgium at any cost. Come weal or woe Ireland would have no peace that does not bring about the rehabilitation of Belgium."

Mr. Redmond concluded with a message from the Irish troops at the front to their fellow countrymen.

"They ask me to say they feel that every man of them in this war is fighting not merely for liberty and right but for the prosperity of their beloved Irish as well. They ask Ireland to stand by them. I say to the Irish people that they will be disgraced forever in history if they fail to send out reserves to replenish the gaps that may arise in the Irish ranks."

LAND MEN IN ALBANIA WHERE BULGARS' DRIVE IS SOMEWHAT CHECKED

While Germans Claim Progress in Balkans Towns Mentioned Show Advance of Central Powers' Armies Is Very Slow, but This May Be Because Greece Would Object to Any but German Occupation of Monastir--Allies Merely Threaten to Withdraw Privileges Afforded Greek Commerce; Demands Likely Will be Granted.

London, Nov. 23, 5:46 p. m.—Italian troops have begun landing on Albanian territory, according to a Chiasso dispatch to the Journal La Suisse, forwarded by the Central News correspondent at Zurich.

London, Nov. 23, 6:20 p. m.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Bern says: "There is declared to be undoubted foundation for the report that Emperor William will make an open offer of peace through President Wilson after the emperor's coming state entry into Constantinople."

London, Nov. 23, 10 p. m.—Instead of declaring a general blockade of the Greek ports the allies have, according to a statement issued by the British foreign office today, withdrawn, or threatened to withdraw the special privileges which Greek commerce has enjoyed since the outbreak of the war. While this less vigorous attitude on the part of the allied governments has caused some dissatisfaction in quarters where strong measures are advocated, it has eased the situation, and the belief now prevails that Greece, having been impressed by Lord Kitchener's visit and the threat to her commerce will concede the demands.

Of the fighting in the Balkans the reports are more confusing than ever. The German accounts still claim progress for the Austro-German and Bulgarian troops and recount the capture of thousands of prisoners and many guns from the Serbians. But from the towns mentioned their advance appears very slow. It may be, as reported from Italian sources, that the campaign is waiting on a change in the disposition of the armies, so that the Germans may be the first to enter Monastir. This would avoid the trouble likely to arise through Greek objection to Bulgarian occupation of the city, which is so near their border.

SERBS SAY THEY STOPPED FOE.

Dispatches from Athens, however, state that the delay is due to the fact that the Serbians have defeated the Bulgarians, who were advancing on the town and that the Serbians have recaptured their front on the Vales-Prilep line. Perhaps the real reason for the slowness of the invaders' progress arises from difficulties of transport.

Nothing of importance has occurred on the other fronts. The Austro-Germans, according to Russian reports, attempted an offensive in Galicia and actually moved some advance guards across the Stripa, but since then no news has been received, the Germans apparently not considering the operation worthy of mention in their official report.

In the west the artillery is still active and the arrival of clear cold weather may make possible an offensive movement by one side or the other. The Germans are reported to have brought large reinforcements to Flanders, but whether for offensive or defensive purposes time alone will tell.

FRENCH MINISTER TO ATHENS.

Saloniki, Nov. 22, 5 p. m., via Paris, Nov. 23, 1:45 p. m.—In view of the complications in the relations of Greece and the entente powers, Denys Cochin, minister without portfolio in the French cabinet, abandoned his proposed trip to the front and left yesterday for Athens.

From a person who is in a position to be fully informed on the situation, the Associated Press correspondent learns that King Constantine assured Earl Kitchener, the British secretary of war, that he had never considered disarming or internment entente allied troops

who might take refuge on Greek soil, though a number of Austrians, including several officers, are now interned in Greece.

Concerning the friction that has arisen between Greece and Great Britain and the "coercive measures" which the British insist in no sense constitute a blockade, it was stated the king regards this situation, the result of a misunderstanding and easily remediable.

Greece is ready to assure the entente allies that her only purpose of maintaining troops in Macedonia is the legitimate necessity of self-preservation, especially in the event that the allies decide to abandon their Balkan expedition, leaving Greek Macedonia at the mercy of the victorious Bulgarians with their army already in the field.

GREECE AWAITING ALLY MOVE.

As the statements of the French and the British respecting a serious continuation of the Balkan campaign leave Greece in doubt on this point, it is said, there is no present possibility of the demobilization or withdrawal of the Greek troops from Saloniki. But the moment the allied forces operating in this field assume proportions sufficient to guarantee a serious prosecution of the Balkan campaign, rendering Greece's own defense in Macedonia superfluous, the king will not refuse to consider demobilization or at least the withdrawal of the Greek troops from Saloniki if their presence is regarded as embarrassing to the movements of the allies. It is likely that a solution of the Greek-British differences will be reached along these lines, it was said.

MONASTIR FOR THE GERMANS?

London, Nov. 24, 1:44 a. m.—Telegraphing from Athens the Morning Post's correspondent says: "The Bulgarians claim to have captured Mitrovitza but this would not affect the Serbian retreat. The real obstacle to the retreat is the Bulgarian wedge in the Uskup sector, where desperate fighting continues and the Bulgarians evidently are hard-pressed, as they have withdrawn their forces from the Babuna pass and the French front in order to reinforce this sector."

"On the Babuna front the Bulgarian offensive is still suspended, which is attributed in competent circles to exhaustion from the strenuous fortnight conflict, and lack of ammunition owing to difficult communications.

"The Neon Asty, the organ of Minister of the Interior Gounaris, reaffirms the existence of an agreement between Germany and Bulgaria, providing that Monastir shall be occupied by the Germans and not the Bulgarians."

FROM THE AUSTRIAN SIDE.

Austrian Headquarters, via London, Nov. 23, 10:40 p. m.—General von Gallwitz' army yesterday pushed back the Serbians fighting northward of Pristina to within about thirteen miles of the city and took twelve thousand prisoners Sunday and Monday.

Eastward and southeastward the Serbians are still tenaciously resisting the Bulgarians.

Austro-Hungarian forces in the Ibar valley advancing on Mitrovitza yesterday stormed powerful positions on the north side of the valley and one to the south and gained full possession of the valley.

REFUGEES IN TERRIBLE PLIGHT.

London, Nov. 24, 2:41 a. m.—The conditions among the Serbian refugees gathered around the plain of Kossovo are described by a Serbian staff officer, who left Kossovo Nov. 15, in a dis-

patch to the Daily Telegraph from Saloniki.

"Probably half the population of old Serbia has sought refuge around Kossovo," the officer is quoted as having said. "Famine has set in among them and the greater part remain without cover, exposed to the severe winter weather. Owing to lack of fodder cattle are dying by the hundreds."

"A way out by way of Albania is closed to these unfortunates on account of the lack of transport. There is a complete exhaustion of food supplies. Retreat through Montenegro also is closed."

BULGAR RELIES ON GREEKS.

Athens, via Berlin to London, Nov. 23, 8:55 p. m.—M. Passarow, the Bulgarian minister, in an interview today, announced that he had good reason to believe that the Greeks, under no circumstances, would allow their troops to march against either the Bulgarians or the forces of the central powers. The Greek commander at Saloniki yesterday demanded that troops of the entente powers vacate a camp at Lambeti. The commander of the troops at first refused to comply with the demand and then offered to change the position of the troops to a Greek camp some distance away. Finally, however, he gave in and began building barracks near Zeiflik.

ITALY'S LOSSES HALF MILLION.

Vienna, Nov. 23, via London, Nov. 23, 3:15 a. m.—It was officially announced today that in a resumption of the Italian bombardment of Gorizia, twenty civilians were killed and many houses damaged. It also was declared that since it began war on Austria Italy has lost 500,000 men. The statement says:

"Great fighting at the Gorizia bridgehead and on the border of the Roberto plateau continues. Several attacks of strong hostile forces on Podgora were repulsed with heavy losses. We have held Pevna and Oslavia against all attacks. At many points the fighting continued during the night.

"The bombardment of Gorizia from the 18th to the 21st again caused considerable loss of life and material damage. Twenty civilians were killed and thirty wounded, while forty-six buildings were completely destroyed and 258 were severely and 600 slightly damaged.

"Yesterday the Italians again threw several hundred heavy bombs into the town. Recently the Italian communications have said much about successes. Today, half a year after declaration of war by our former ally, we assert that everywhere on the Isonzo, where we already are in the fourth battle, we victoriously maintain the defensive front chosen at the beginning of the war. Since the beginning of the fighting in the southwest the enemy never once has succeeded in approaching the objectives which he hoped to obtain in his first rush, but the war has cost him a half million men dead or wounded."

SERBS THRASH BULGARIANS.

Paris, Nov. 23.—A defeat of Bulgarians by Serbians in a battle in central Serbia, is announced in an official communication given out at the Serbian legation here today. Five Bulgarian cannon were captured.

The communication, which gives partial confirmation of recent reports that the Serbians had assumed the offensive and defeated the Bulgarians, follows: "Battles occurred recently on the old Serbo-Turkish frontier. The most important encounters were fought to the west of Velika Plana and Mount Zefovatz. We inflicted a defeat on the enemy at the latter point, capturing five mountain cannon."

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THE PHILIPPINES.

Nat Hynes, whom The Mining Journal quoted yesterday on conditions in the Philippines, does not set up to be an statesman, and it is possible that his discussion of affairs in the islands, as he observed them through his two years residence there, reflects somewhat the views of men who have taken a somewhat one-sided and partisan view of the developments. But when all allowances are made it appears as a substantial endorsement of the estimate that the Democrats have been raising hob in the Philippines.

That there is much justice in this view a disinterested man is likely to conclude from exercise of his common sense and powers of observation. From the battle of Manila Bay to the present day is a matter of only about seventeen years. It is a mere moment in the life of a people, and it may readily be believed that no matter what enterprise has been shown in educational work and no matter what high ideals have permeated administration, but a short stride for an aboriginal people on the long road to self-government can have been accomplished, and that, after such a short period of preparation, to talk to such a people about self-government and independence is merely, by causing unrest and dissension, to set back the day when those boons can be fully enjoyed.

The influence that will solidify the Filipinos, or at least make them capable of some unity of action, is, in Mr. Hynes' opinion, the English language. In Marquette recently another commentator on Philippine affairs, Representative Miller, of Duluth, dwelt at length on the utility of effort with the adult Filipino. He has proved impervious to suggestion and to teaching. The hope lies in the youth of the land, in the children who have been educated in the American schools, and their children and children's children, who will come under the same beneficent influence. After two or three generations one generally used language will serve as a means of interchange of thought and opinion for a people who now use thirty tongues, so diverse in structure that many groups are said to be unable to communicate with one another, and the religious antipathies with which the islands seeth may perhaps be mitigated.

The greatest handicap that can be placed on the Filipinos just now is to get their heads full of thoughts of independence when there are so many more pressing matters that should receive their attention, and this is the thing, from all accounts, that the Democratic administrators of the island have been principally engaged in doing.

OUR CONGRESSMEN.

The Detroit Free Press says of Representative Scott, of the Eleventh district: Last winter the then congressman went to Washington to see how things were done and met Minority Leader James R. Mann, when he suggested that he would like to get a place on the committee on rivers and harbors—Mr. Scott's district being one of the longest insofar as coast line goes. Congressman Mann—who loves to banter and whose statements on such occasions must never be taken too seriously—staggered the congressman a bit by replying that the reason given was quite enough to insure assignment to any other committee than rivers and harbors.

What Mr. Mann had in mind was this—when a member is assigned to a committee the work of which is especially applicable in his own district, he is rather likely to try to exploit the committee assignment for his own political advantage. This method holds true especially on the naval committee; it being the custom to consider a member having a navy yard in his district ineligible to navy committee assignment. There is sound sense in the expressed views of Representative Mann. The principle they embody is applied in the formation of the committees of the Michigan legislature. It is the practice not to appoint a member to a committee having to do with an institution located in his district, on the theory that while his acquaintance with the institution may be exceptionally intimate, at the same time the element of local interest, and either friendship or hostility for the administration, might give him a bias that would prevent his rendering disinterested judgment when matters affecting it were being considered.

that, when all is said and done, what the new M. C. gets is what the old member does not happen to want, and there is no particular method in the distribution of the crumbs, either. Mr. James is one of the members of the lower house who sees the office of congressman in its proper perspective. He may have carried considerable luggage to Washington, but illusions about his job had no place in it.

THE LID ON.

There will be no pitiless publicity for the negotiations between the department of state and the German foreign office regarding the reparations to be made by Germany for the American lives lost on the Lusitania. It will have to be agreed that this is a wise decision, and one that will hasten a satisfactory disposal of the matters in dispute.

America is, in a measure, devoted to shirt sleeve diplomacy. It would not tolerate such secret conduct of international relations as is the accepted practice in other countries, but at the same time it must, and should, make concessions to the views of other governments as to how such relations should be maintained.

No possible good could come, and much harm might result, from making the conversations between our government and the German foreign office the subject of day to day news stories and newspaper comment. Some newspapers might be trusted to handle the matter wisely. Others would seek to give a sensational twist to the various developments, and would comment on them in a manner that might threaten the success of the entire negotiations.

TWO OF THE REASONS.

One of the reasons for Michigan's poor showing in football this season is said to have been a lack of material that can be attributed to failure on the part of the student body and alumni to interest promising high school men, even in the state itself, in the plan of pursuing their college work at Ann Arbor. A number of promising men from Detroit have, it is said, been permitted to go to other universities when a little attention would have turned them to Michigan. The young man about to enter college is at one of his most impressionable ages. If those principally interested in having good athletic teams at the university have not turned that fact to useful ends they are failing to do a thing that is done, within their fields, by most other institutions. More attention to this form of endeavor will doubtless beget satisfactory results.

But another influence that may be turning prospective football men from Michigan that will be more difficult of adequate treatment is the unsatisfactory nature of Michigan's athletic schedules and its unnatural relations in the football world, due to its inability to come to terms with its natural opponents, the universities of the middle west. Since Michigan severed relations with Chicago, Wisconsin and Minnesota—arise versa, whichever the case actually was—its position has not been a fortunate one, no matter how much protestation there may be to the contrary. There was more keen interest in a game between Michigan and one of the three leading universities of the east than there is at present in all of Michigan's games put together. There has been a distinct loss for sport at Michigan since its relations with the western teams came to an end, and that there is also a loss to the other institutions is small consolation for Michigan, as the others appear to be self-sufficient and to be getting on very well together.

Intercollegiate sport in the middle west will not be restored to its old prestige and take on its former interest until Michigan and the conference institutions find some basis of agreement. And when this occurs there will be less fault found at Michigan about the difficulty of securing good material for the various teams.

Nothing else in the life of Jerome Wilson—for that's the name he must be known by in the region where his crimes made him notorious—was perhaps more fitting than the manner of his exit. He did what the state could not have done, took a life for a life. He gave his self-inflicted punishment for the murder of Sam MacGregor, and spared the state the trouble and expense of his care and

the prison officials what would doubtless have been the very difficult task of making him amenable to discipline. His last message and his expressions in jail showed him to be a murderous wretch, full of blood lust, and he can only be charitably regarded if it is granted that he may have been insane. Nothing is known of his early connections and the manner of his upbringing. It cannot be said whether he was a victim of heredity or environment, or what combination of circumstances turned him to crime. Not even his real name is known. In many respects his series of crimes and the manner in which he took himself off make up one of the strangest incidents in the criminal history of the upper peninsula.

STATE PRESS

President Wilson has announced the sort of engagement that all the world likes to hear—Detroit Free Press.

Skirts should be nine inches short, says Dame Fashion. Some don't look as if they were nine inches long—Saginaw News.

The girl who doesn't use slang may be more attractive than the one who does, but she is less numerous—Jackson Citizen Press.

Things can always be worse. The men in the trenches over there might have to cross the streets of Detroit going to and from their meals—Detroit Times.

Inertia is at last hoping for peace in Mexico. Otherwise there does not seem any chance of his ever getting out of jail—Grand Rapids Press.

The French soldier is not fighting for money of course, but his valor is to be rewarded, nevertheless. His pay is to be increased to five cents a day—Kalamazoo Gazette.

The observance of Columbus Day would become more general if Columbus had not been so thoughtless as to discover America at a date at the tail end of the baseball season—Jackson Citizen Press.

Some are of the opinion that the report that the British caught fifty German submarines in steel nets within the last two months was started by an English Isaac Walton—Pontiac Press Gazette.

TIMELY QUIPS

A congressman's idea of preparedness is an army post in his district—Boston Transcript.

The network of trenches on Mars proves that we named that planet better than we knew—Brooklyn Eagle.

The Ohio State Journal says that the population of Switzerland could be housed in London, but our understanding is that the population of Switzerland has not the slightest desire to be housed in London at this juncture—Columbia State.

Should Madame Bernhardt decide that acting upon one leg is impracticable, she may find another fortune in the Chautauque circuit, where she can certainly eclipse Bryan, who has not a leg left to stand upon—Town Topics (New York).

EDITORIAL OPINION

Empty Threats.

"Joe Hillstrom, the I. W. W. poet who was convicted of murder while robbing a store in Utah and condemned to death like any other thieving assassin, has paid the penalty of his crime and there has been no 'revolution' in Sac Lake City or anywhere else. No public building in Utah has been blown up, no public official has been killed by mobs or by sneaking murderers. All the threats showered upon Governor Spry and other Utah officials have proved empty bluster, at least so far.

That is almost always the way things go when avowed enemies of society, as if it were organized and controlled, declare that they will do terrible things if their demands are not heeded. They seldom make their threats amount to anything but loud words. When the time comes for action they realize too clearly the hopeless odds against them and the imminent peril of the course into direct collision with the forces which represent the vast majority of their fellow countrymen.

It is easy enough for revolutionists to make themselves half drunk on the bluster of their own kind when they have nothing more to do than look by themselves and rave over conditions which they do not like. They can utter the another that there are hundreds of thousands or even millions who feel with them and are ready to act with them. It is a simple thing to forget the tens of millions who are utterly antagonistic to their ideas, their plans and their methods. It takes something like an inevitable lining up of the forces on both sides to make plain even to half-mad revolutionists their own weakness and the futility of talk of violence.

European Women and War.

Hardly a book or magazine article in those privileged to view war at short range fails to mention the conduct of the women of the nations engaged as the writer has observed them. Comments are freely made upon their fortitude, their calm, their acceptance of the inevitable with a show of cheerfulness. The pavements in Paris are crowded with women in the heavy mourning drap to the soul of the Latin. Grief is everywhere, but it is calm and quiet. The grande dame is as graciously courteous as ever; the Englishwoman bears her bereavements with the seeming imperturbability we ascribe to the Englishman; the women of Belgium who have not fled that desolated country are still dazed by the magnitude of the misfortunes that came upon them so unexpectedly. But they are all alike in hiding their grief. The women who were wont to shudder at a spider or shriek at a mouse are hiding up ghostly wounds and closing the eyes of the



"Back Home"

You may not be able to make the trip in person this year, but you can telephone.

Think of the pleasure and happiness you can give to those from whom you are separated by letting them hear your voice.

Wherever you may be, you can make your Thanksgiving day a home-day—by telephone.

Michigan State Telephone Company K. S. Baker, Manager Telephone 5

dead. Those at home concern themselves with the petty details of living; they talk little of the war, less of their losses, but chatter of high prices and the cutting off of certain supplies. This restraint is the mask of a grief beyond speech.

They are making the best of things. The women of the ravaged villages insist on remaining among the ruins of their homes even within the zone of fire. Peasant women work in the fields regardless of shells whizzing overhead. Cellars of shattered mansions have been transformed into parlors and bedrooms; stovepipes sprout from the pavements. In spite of their deprivations the volatile French temperament though subdued is not vanquished; the English tranquility covers determination. It is doubtless through the centering of the mind on trivialities and the habit of not neglecting habits that they retain this forced composure—even sanity.

These women want peace, but they do not demand peace at any price. All the writing about them reflects their attitude in this particular. Decisive victory, a victory that satisfies the national honor, is the only compensation that can reconcile them to their sacrifices and their losses. They do not complain, they endure, but it is for a cause. The unanimity of feeling is remarkable, so much so that every writer acquainted with this phase of the conflict remarks it. Love of country is not man's heritage alone.

And this loyalty, this ideal of country, is characteristic of women in all ages. They do not want war, but if it comes they realize that men fight for country, but that country is not an abstraction, that it stands for wife and child and home—liberty and safety and all that men do and should hold dear.—Detroit Free Press.

"No," the duchess answered "I didn't get a pair, but I would have given me a down-at-heel appearance."

"Oh, John," she cried, "that great, horrid, heavy grandfather's clock in the hall has just fallen with a dreadful crash on the very spot where I'd been standing only a moment before."

"Humph," muttered Smith, "I always said that clock was slow."

LOWER STATE NOTES

JACKSON—Lee Taylor and Fred Brown, alias Lewis Lock, Negro convicts, who with Frank J. Wilhelm and Ross Abbs escaped over the north wall of the state penitentiary Friday night, were captured on the Cincinnati Northern railroad tracks in the southern part of the city. The Negroes had been in hiding since their escape. Only one of the four men who escaped is still at liberty. He is Frank J. Wilhelm.

LUDINGTON—The A. E. Cartier estate, in process of liquidation because of the alleged claims of the oldest son, Louis Cartier, is owner of one of the finest and most valuable tracts of hardwood timber in Michigan, according to E. F. Birdsell of the Grand Rapids Trust company, now managing the affairs of the estate. This trust comprises 31,200 acres of heavily timbered land in Lane county, principally maple. It is estimated there are more than 100,000,000 feet in the tract. It was the property of the late A. E. Cartier to construct a short logging road to Nainboway and transport the logs to Ludington by boat for manufacture here. Deezera Cartier had this plan still in mind when he built a modern steel saw mill here to take the place of the old wooden mill, burned down, but the mill sugar now and all activities are halted by this litigation.

LANSING—Michigan, with ten factories engaged in producing the 1915 output of beet sugar in this country, in the number of establishments, but of the three states which will produce over 100,000 tons this season ranks third, it being estimated that Colorado, with an acreage of 160,000 and a probable yield of 225,000 tons, will lead the country in this respect. California's acreage is 128,000 and crop 100,000 tons, while Michigan, from 115,000 acres, will produce 100,000 tons. The 1915 beet sugar campaign is well under way throughout the beet belt extending across the country from Ohio to California and a satisfactory season is expected. In fourteen states 67 beet sugar factories are in operation, compared with 60 in 1914, and 71 in 1913. Seven of the eleven factories which closed down last year, following the adoption of the Underwood tariff law are operating this year; due to the high price of sugar and favorable market conditions resulting from the war. Based on preliminary acreage and probable tonnage reports of beet harvest, the total production of beets harvested, is estimated as approximately 750,000 long tons. Compared with the production of 1914 of 646,257 tons, this will represent an increase of 16 per cent. If the final production does reach this figure, it will establish a new high record for beet sugar production in this

country, and will exceed by nearly 100,000 tons the former record figure of 655,298 tons produced in 1913. The final output, while less than was estimated during the earlier part of the season and probably slightly below the yield per acre of some recent years, promises to equal the average of the past decade. The financial returns to the farmers who grew this beet crop, conservatively estimated, will be nearly \$40,000,000. In Colorado alone the sugar beet companies will pay out some \$20,000,000 to farmers and employ 200,000 men to harvest and process in excess of \$6,000,000 for their crop. If the present level of sugar prices continues, this estimated beet sugar production of 750,000 tons for this campaign will have a value of about \$90,000,000 when marketed.

DETROIT—Elliott Truxon, one of the original directors of the Chicago & Canada Southern railroad company, and one of the founders of the First National bank in Whitehall, died at his home here. Mr. Truxon was 75 years of age. He was a descendant of two of the oldest families in Michigan, his father being Giles Truxon, owner of Slocum island, and his mother, Sophia M. B. Truxon Slocum, whose forefathers were founders of the village of Trenton, formerly called Truzo, after the Truxon family. His wife, who died 24 years ago, was Miss Charlotte Gross Wood, of Grand Rapids. Mr. Truxon owned extensive timber lands in Michigan and Wisconsin. Slocum's Grove, situated in the midst of his large tract of timber in Muskegon county, owes its creation and development to him. After securing for his railroad facilities in 1887 he then laid out and platted the village which now bears his name. Mr. Slocum was also interested in politics and represented the Third senatorial district in the Michigan legislature for the term beginning in 1869. He was one of the Taft presidential electors from Michigan in 1912.

Duchess's Wit.

The Duchess of Manchester was talking about French shoemakers.

"It is positively true," she said, "that there's a shoemaker in the Rue de la Paix in Paris who won't take a first order for less than \$1,000."

"I once visited his shop. The costliest pair of shoes he showed me was made of feathers, the iridescent feathers of the humming-bird."

"Did you get a pair?" asked a Wichita.

"No," the duchess answered "I didn't get a pair, but I would have given me a down-at-heel appearance."

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Dry's Seek Court Aid.

Another charter in the wet-dry battle in Montcalm county was recorded in circuit court this week when Judge Richard C. Flannigan issued an order requiring the county board of supervisors to show cause why it should not grant the petition of the local option forces for a vote in the spring election. In other words, if the supervisors do not show why the petitions should not be granted, a preceptory writ of mandamus will be issued, compelling the board to put the option question before the electors. Arguments for and against the issue of the writ, which mandamus are scheduled to be made before Judge Flannigan Wednesday (this morning) at 10 o'clock. The application for the writ, was made by Edwin Ravden of Lansing, attorney for the anti-saloon league, on behalf of the Rev. F. A. Kuder and the Rev. R. D. Hopkins, both ministers of the dry petition which was turned down at the last meeting of the county board.

Change of Venue Granted.

The \$5,000 civil action brought by Bertha Hardwig against Milton Kell, Powers liverman and store owner, will be tried in Dickinson county. Judge Flannigan granted the motion for a change of venue made by Attorney H. B. Rushton, appearing for Kell, who held that because of the feeling aroused against Kell as a result of the criminal action which was tried in the May term of court he would be unable to get a fair jury in Montcalm county. Michael J. Doyle, appearing on behalf of the Hardwig girl, did not oppose the motion for the venue change, although he said he did not believe the full requirements of the statute had been covered by the two affidavits, one made by Kell and the other by his attorney, which were read by Mr. Rushton in support of his motion. Judge Flannigan granted the motion when it developed that a change to Dickinson county was agreeable to both plaintiff and defendant.

Widow Allowed \$3,000.

Mrs. John McGinnis was awarded \$3,000 Saturday afternoon by an arbitration committee composed of N. W. Fox and John D. Hopkins, both judges, and Fred A. Zarley, deputy commissioner of the state accident board, in compensation for injuries which resulted in the death of her husband, while in the employ of the Consolidated Lumbering company of Marquette. The London Guaranty Co., Ltd., trustees for the Consolidated Lumber company, contested the claim on the grounds that Mr. McGinnis did not come to his death by injuries received from an accident while in the employ of the Consolidated Lumbering company, but that he met a natural death from spinal meningitis. James C. Wood argued the case for Mrs. McGinnis. It appeared that Mr. McGinnis, while in the employ of the Consolidated Lumbering company, had been carrying a heavy railroad tie, when he had his footing on it fall, receiving a severe blow at the base of the brain from the tie. The effects of this produced vomiting, spells and hemorrhages, and later developed into spinal meningitis. After several witnesses had testified, and the testimony of several Marquette physicians were received, the committee rendered a verdict in favor of Mrs. McGinnis.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION AND CHARTER AMENDMENT ELECTION.

To the Electors of the City of Marquette: Notice is hereby given that municipal election will be held in the several precincts of the City of Marquette, on Monday, December 14, 1915, and may be held on any other day as may be determined by the city commission; and also that there will be submitted to the vote of the electors thereon the proposed amendments to the city charter embraced in the following resolution adopted by the commission of said city on November 12, 1915, and approved by the Governor on November 24, 1915.

Said election will be held at the following places in the respective precincts: First Precinct—Olcott School, South Fourth Street. Second Precinct—Building at 150 W. Spring Street. Third Precinct—Froebel School, East Arch Street. Fourth Precinct—City Hall, Washington Street. Fifth Precinct—Rose House, corner of Front and Prospect Streets.

The polls of such election will open on said day at 7 o'clock in the forenoon, and will remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, standing thus: That the city charter amendment proposed by such charter amendment is as follows:

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Classified Want Directory

WANTED

WANTED—Two waiters for tonight only. Grill Cafe. 11-24-15

POSITION WANTED—By an experienced clothing clerk. Best references given. Address A. Z. Mining Journal. 11-15-15

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Five-room dwelling house, modern conveniences. Inquire 249 Arch Street. 11-23-15

FOR RENT—House 313 E. Prospect St. All modern conveniences. Inquire 249 Arch Street. Phone 323. 11-23-15

FOR RENT—Modern new six-room house. Inquire at Tatch's Greenhouse. 11-23-15

FOR RENT—Furnished house, Modern, complete, good location. Cheap. P. T. Amstutz. 11-20-15

FOR RENT—Five-room house at 375 W. Crescent St. Inquire 368 Alger street. 11-16-15

FOR RENT—A furnished house, 421 N. Front street. Apply A. Carter. Phone 867-J. 10-12-15

FOR RENT—The north store of Fraternity block. J. A. Williams, Sec'y. 8-2-15

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One eight-year-old draft horse, weight about 1000. Also two driving or delivery horses, both about 1000. E. Cox, Cox farm. Phone 618-W. 11-24-15

FOR SALE—Four pool tables and a billiard table, in excellent condition. Two cigar cases; one small cash register and No. 5 Underwood typewriter, practically new. Inquire at Tatch's Greenhouse. 1056-J. 11-23-15

FOR SALE—Horse, good for saddle and driving. Tatch's Greenhouse. 11-16-15

FOR SALE—Medium-sized safe. Call 827-J. 11-9-15

COPPER RANGE COMPANY.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Copper Range Company, held this day, a dividend of \$3.00 per share was declared out of the earnings of the current year, payable to the stockholders on or before the second day of December, 1915. Stockholders of the Copper Range Consolidated Company who have not exchanged their shares prior to November 23rd will receive the dividend on their shares in that company which have been surrendered. FREDERIC STAFFORD, Treasurer. Boston, November 19th, 1915. 11-17-15

Justices of the Peace.

Section 1. At the annual city election in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, the annual city election in each fourth year thereafter, there shall be nominated and elected by the qualified electors of the city in some manner as other elective officers and upon the same primary and election ballots, one justice of the peace for each ward upon the duties of his office on the fourth day of July next succeeding his election and whose term of office shall be four years and until his successor is elected and qualified.

Upon the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of justice of the peace the clerk shall in writing notify the city commission of the vacancy and such vacancy shall be filled by election at the next election held in the city, if one is to be held more than fifteen days after such notification. No primary election shall be held in the city less than fifteen days nor more than twenty days after such notification. No primary election shall be held in

Copper Country

WIDOW WINS CASE TO GET INSURANCE

Judge O'Brien Directs a Verdict for Plaintiff Against the Croatian Society.

Judge O'Brien yesterday directed a verdict in favor of the plaintiff in the case of Mrs. Katherine Lukanic of Dollar Bay vs. the Slovenian Croatian union.

The husband of the plaintiff died at Dollar Bay. He was a member of St. Joseph's society of Calumet, which is a branch of the Slovenian Croatian union.

The case involved a conflict of witnesses as to translations of the constitution and by-laws of the union, which are printed in the Croatian or Slovenian language.

The court went to trial yesterday morning with an appeal from the probate court brought by John R. Ryan and others from the estate of Robert Hall, deceased.

THE LATEST SOCIETY CHARITY.

To Be Correct One Must Put Christmas Seal on Visiting Card.

Coming from unimpeachable sources, one who is in direct communication with Mrs. Galt, Mrs. Vernon Castle, Mary Pickford, Mrs. Astor and the Society of Colonial Dames, it is learned that the very latest fad in society this winter will be the Red Cross Christmas seal on the calling card.

There is no indication that a Red Cross seal has been placed on a letter by the writer. It may have been stuck on by an office boy or by friend husband or by the cook, the latter being ashamed to see it go out of the house without the little mark of true brotherly love.

Mildred on an afternoon might distribute a large number of seals in this way. She does the calling for friend husband any way and she has to leave a number of his cards at every house she visits, in order that future visitors might see from the card receiver in the reception room that this house has been very popular.

The Christmas seals will be placed on seals tomorrow in most of the stores of the copper country. They will be sold for the benefit of the Houghton County Anti-Tuberculosis society, the Michigan Society for the Prevention and Cure of Tuberculosis and the American Red Cross.

AHMEEK WATER CELEBRATION.

Municipal Fete in Keweenaw Village Over New Water Plant.

The village of Ahmeek celebrated last night the opening of the new village water system. The celebration was conducted by the fire department with S. Russell Smith, superintendent of the Ahmeek mine, as chairman of the day.

The banquet was followed by a grand municipal ball.

Cleveland's population is one in three alien born.

DAMAGED WHEAT IS BIG GAMBLE

Men at Houghton to Buy Cargo of Burned Steamer Wright Take Many Big Chances.

There are in Houghton today the following men who are interested in one of the most romantic gambling ventures in the business world.

Claudius E. Metzler, president of the Hamilton Storage company and president and general manager of the American Cattle and Poultry Food company, Chicago; Charles R. Lull, Milwaukee; W. B. Gallagher, Buffalo; Gerald Martin, Minneapolis; Charles Grant, Minneapolis.

The wreck of the Wright brings in contact with the Houghton public to some extent representatives of a business hitherto little known in this region, the business of buying cargoes of damaged grain. It is a business that is speculative to a great extent as the buyers often know nothing of the condition of the cargo till they have made the purchase and have attempted the recovery.

This Milwaukee buyer a few seasons ago bid ten cents per bushel on the cargo of the steamer W. P. Richardson, which sank in Lake Erie with a cargo of flax seed. The cargo totalled considerably in excess of 100,000 bushels of seed and Mr. Lull stood to recover that amount on the grain, paying ten cents a bushel for stuff worth \$1.65 a bushel.

A Sort of a Joke. The grain buyers here are men with a sense of humor and they indulge in little pleasantries, while awaiting their chance to guess at the value of the stowed wheat. The Wright burned, it will be remembered, and the fire was communicated to the cargo or 100,000 bushels of wheat. The grain smoldered for several days.

Various Marine Notes. Now that congress is about to open, George H. Banks, superintendent of the Portage lake waterway, is revising the question of an appropriation for the Princess point cut.

ACCEPTS IRONWOOD PASTORATE. Rev. F. E. Kastman of Hancock-Dollar Bay Church Will Leave Tomorrow.

Rev. F. E. Kastman, pastor of the Hancock and Dollar Bay Swedish Lutheran churches for the past two years, has resigned and leaves Thursday evening for Ironwood, having accepted an invitation to become pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church in that city.

TRIMOUNTAIN M. E. CHURCH. Special Thanksgiving Service—Bazaar Saturday Afternoon.

Rev. W. G. Prout, pastor of the Trimountain M. E. church, announces that there will be a special Thanksgiving service at this church tomorrow evening at 7:30. Special music will be a feature of the service.

THE JUNIOR EPWORTH LEAGUE OF THE TRIMOUNTAIN M. E. CHURCH will hold a bazaar in the church parlors Saturday, beginning at 3:30 o'clock and continuing through the evening.

Greater New York has 35,000 workers in the waist and dressmaking industry.

of congressmen in the hope that favorable action will be taken. Another improvement that Mr. Banks considers should not long be delayed is a new breakwater at the upper Portage lake canal entrance.

Believed That Anna Shaw Will Claim Shooting Was an Accident. The authorities have come to the conclusion that it will not be possible to proceed against Anna Shaw, colored, proprietress of the Shaw hotel, Houghton, who is charged with being a disorderly person, till the case against Henry Walkup, her colored porter, is disposed of.

CARNIVAL COMPANY WRECKED.

Con T. Kennedy Shows Once Appeared in Hancock—Kennedy Known Here. The Con T. Kennedy Carnival company, which was wrecked in Georgia Monday, as told in the Associated Press dispatches yesterday, filled a week's engagement in Hancock four years ago for the Sons of St. George lodge of Quincy.

THANKSGIVING ATHLETIC GAMES. Calumet Y. M. C. A. to Put on Elaborate Program Tomorrow.

The indoor athletic events in Y. M. C. A. gymnasiums and athletic clubs all over the country, under the auspices of the Athletic League of North America, and known as the "hexathlon," will be put on in the Calumet Y. M. C. A. gymnasium on Thanksgiving Day, it was announced yesterday.

NEW RAILROAD BRIDGE IN USE. Mineral Range Trains Now Running Over Steel Approach.

Following a test run made on Monday over the new Mineral Range approach to the Portage lake bridge, the road resumed traffic over the approach yesterday. The bridge was completed and ready for use Monday but the test run, made by the morning Northwestern train, showed that the switches at the county bridge end required adjustment.

NEW IDEAS IN SCIENCE. A very interesting piece of oxy-acetylene welding took place recently in Atlanta, Ga., where the worn shaft of an electric generator was built up so that it is as good as a new one, and much time was saved which would ordinarily have been spent in making the new shaft.

WHY ONLY RAILROADS? Had an investor last February bought 100 shares each of the twenty-five leading industrial stocks in this country, his profits today would be almost exactly 100 per cent.

HOW TO DESTROY HORNETS. Find the nest by watching the homing hornets. Fill a gallon jug a quarter full of water and place it next the nest. A hornet will enter the jug, fall into the water, make a disturbing humming, perhaps send out distress signals and in the course of the day all the hornets in the colony will drown themselves in the jug.—Farm and Fireside.

EUGENIC MARRIAGES. Will insure to this country a healthier and more intelligent "family of the future" and many a woman, obviously unfit for marriage, has had her health restored by the timely use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the most successful remedy for female ills the world has ever known.

BACK FROM THE DEAD. When Mrs. Edward Skinner decided to join her husband, Captain Skinner of the British army, stationed at Bermuda, she asked some New York friends who had business connections at Bermuda to cable to him that she had sailed.

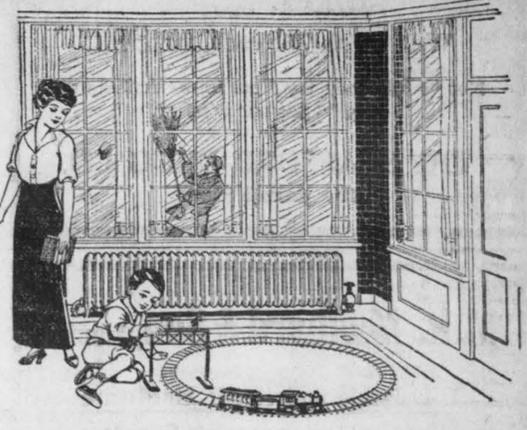
PIMPLES DISAPPEAR. There is one remedy that seldom fails to clear away all pimples, black heads and skin eruptions and that makes the skin soft, clear and healthy.

Since the United States acquired Alaska the waters of the territory have yielded fishery products having a first value of more than a quarter of a billion dollars.

Electric-lighted bait for night fishing has been invented in the shape of a celluloid minnow with a tiny electric light inside.

This heat adds a new room!

The glassed-in porch provided with a genial AMERICAN Radiator makes a pleasant, well-warmed room that you never realized could be so attractive and comfortable. You are seeing the advent of many such glass-screened porches now-a-days. They make the most cheery and charming of bright rooms and it is significant that you never find anyone attempting to warm them by stove or hot-air furnace.



Many are the comforts with AMERICAN Radiators, which occupy so little space themselves and are so easily installed they will heat and open up many a desirable space or room which otherwise would be chill and unoccupied. They are made in all sizes and shapes, and in many plain or pleasing designs for use in any oddly shaped out-of-the-way spaces, under windows, in corners, in curved bays—wide, narrow, tall, low—and are put in as easily in old buildings as in new ones.

AMERICAN & IDEAL RADIATORS & BOILERS

Their annual fuel saving feature is a big item, too. Your coal bill is materially reduced by the great efficiency of IDEAL-AMERICAN heating. All local fuels can be used and the cheapest coals are made to deliver all the heat to you in clean, uniform, healthful warmth and comfort throughout your home.



Our large manufacturing volume and facilities enable us to produce IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators at lowest costs and still maintain in them the highest standards of material, workmanship and features.

They do away with the need of inner-doors, mantels and extra chimneys—a saving that more than offsets first cost of the outfit. Cottages, residences, stores, churches, schools, hotels, etc., whether in the city or country, with or without water main connections, are economically and evenly heated by IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators.

Write Department M-11 816-822 S. Michigan Ave. Chicago

An unfailing, stationary Vacuum Cleaner—in sizes now at \$150 up! You should know about our ARCO WAND Vacuum Cleaner, for dustless, complete cleaning of rooms, furnishings, etc. Sits in basement or side room and cleans through iron suction pipe running to each floor. Easily put in OLD buildings. Fully GUARANTEED. Lasts as long as the building—like radiator heating. Send for catalog.

AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY logo and address information.

Advertisement for Sweet Caporal Cigarettes, featuring a large illustration of the cigarette pack and the text 'The critical smoker is swinging back to Turkish and Virginia cigarettes, as proven by the constantly increasing sales of the old standard, Sweet Caporal—Why?'.

144 Glass Puff and Hair Boxes With Celluloid Covers
Well worth 75c each, for **39c**

Not "while they last," but for a "limited time only." See our window.

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.
The Rexall Store

M. R. Manhard & Son, Limited

Wholesale and Retail Hardware
Mining and Lumbermen's Supplies

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

COAL

Prompt Deliveries

F. B. SPEAR & SONS

YOU CAN CUT COAL EXPENSE

with a little judgment. You know in your own business that buying the best is getting the cheapest. Same way with coal. The best goes farthest and lasts longest, besides giving the most heat. That's the kind of coal we sell and you ought to use.



Wholesale

Retail

PHONES 90 & 293
JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD. THE BEST COAL

Everything FOR THE TABLE



Grape Fruit Oranges California Grapes
Malaga Grapes Pears Layer Figs
Washed Figs Package Dates Stuffed Dates
Plum Pudding Mince Meat Celery Radishes
Green Onions Spanish Onions
Hubbard Squash Head and Leaf Lettuce
Cucumbers Sweet Potatoes Cranberries
Sweet Apple Cider

PLACE YOUR ORDER EARLY

F. LABONTE

Cor. 3rd and Prospect Phone 573

Marquette, a city of 25,000 in 1920

If everyone will boost and forget to knock their own bread and butter. We can do it. How? By smoking A. Lebershal's Marquette Club and Encore, instead of the Black & Blue, Pride of the Grave Train, Hod Carriers Delight. We would have fifty more cigar makers at a good salary. At Jones' Drug store you will find these cigars. A full line of fine cigars, cigarettes and tobaccos. Marquette first, last and all the time.

JONES' DRUG STORE

Baraga Ave. and Third St. Phone 764-J

Thanksgiving Offerings

- Jumbo Cranberries
- Squash
- Hot House Tomatoes
- Spinach
- Brussel Sprouts
- Radishes
- Wax Beans
- Green Beans
- Cucumbers
- Michigan Celery
- Cauliflower
- Green Onions
- Parsnips
- Water Cress
- Oyster Plant
- Leaf Lettuce
- Head Lettuce
- Sweet Potatoes
- Green Peppers
- Celery Cabbage
- Kumquats
- Grape Fruit
- Pears
- Red Bananas
- Yellow Bananas
- Oranges
- Malaga Grapes
- Tokay Grapes
- Fancy Apples
- Tangerines
- Mince Meat
- Sweet Cider
- Cocoanuts
- Chestnuts
- Dates, Figs, Nuts

MURRAY'S
Tel. 109
28 Grocery Front St.
Furnishes Your Table Complete

Card Party Tonight—A card party will be given tonight in the Baraga Auditorium, by the Knights of Columbus, for the benefit of the Holy Family orphanage. Lunch will be served and the public is cordially invited.

Firemen's Ball Tonight—The Firemen's ball, which will be held tonight at the Fraternity hall, is arousing unusual interest. This is the twenty-seventh annual ball for the firemen and each succeeding affair appears to be more successful than the previous one. Dancing will commence at 9 o'clock tonight and continue until 2 a. m. A special menu has been arranged for those who care to avail themselves of this feature to be served at 11:30 tonight at the grill cafe. The decorations tonight, as usual, will be the feature of the occasion.

There will be a Students' Recital at the Normal auditorium, Thursday evening, Dec. 2, at 8:15. Admission, fifteen cents. 11-24-15.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Probably snow, with slowly rising temperature. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 26 degrees; noon, 29; 7 p. m., 32; highest, 32; lowest, 20.

J. B. Doetsch left last night for Green Bay.

L. Levasseur was a passenger for Chicago last night.

Andrew Tokelson left this morning for Burgen, Norway.

F. D. Davis, of Escanaba, was in the city yesterday, on business.

Mrs. J. E. Raby will leave for Newberry this afternoon to visit relatives.

Miss Margaret M. Reichel will spend the Thanksgiving holiday in Negaunee.

Milton Spencer, left for Calumet yesterday afternoon after a visit in the city.

Miss Esther Gustafson, of St. Ignace, is visiting in the city, the guest of Miss Nellie Nelson.

Miss Ethel Terrill will leave for Ishpeming tonight, to spend Thanksgiving with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Hogan returned yesterday from Point Abby, after a week's hunting trip.

Henry Schneider left yesterday afternoon for Grand Rapids on a few days visit with relatives.

A. W. Deadman returned last night, after spending a few days at Chatham, on professional duties.

Mrs. A. G. LaFortune has been called to Superior by the serious illness of her brother, Louis T. Nys.

Miss Martha Pantti left yesterday afternoon for Ishpeming, to visit relatives for a few days.

There will be a High mass, followed by Benediction, at St. Peter's cathedral, at 8 o'clock, Thursday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Breitung and daughter, Miss Juliet, and Miss Sarah Kaufman, left last night for Chicago.

Mrs. Madge Bradley, left last night for her home in Escanaba after a visit in the city, the guest of Mrs. C. R. Nelson.

William Lindblad, who spent the past four days hunting near Little Lake, returned home last night with a large deer.

A novel entertainment will be given at St. John's school for children, and the one penny admission is expected to crowd the hall. The girls' show will be given on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and the boys' show will be given on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Mrs. E. A. Williams, 410 North Third street, will leave this afternoon for Manistique, to spend Thanksgiving with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Stringer, who have been hunting near Big Bay, will leave here this morning for their home in Detroit.

Mrs. T. R. Catlin received word last night that her cousin, William Parkinson, of Salden, England, was killed in the war.

The Young Men's Bible class of the Presbyterian church has postponed the social which was to have been given on Thursday.

Murray's grocery store has a Thanksgiving display of fruits and vegetables in each of its windows that is unusually attractive.

Miss Julia Shaw returned Monday from Rudyard, after a week's hunting trip. Miss Shaw was successful in bagging a deer.

Mrs. Joseph Davis will leave this morning for Republic, to spend Thanksgiving with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Peche.

John Cooney, who went out after a deer yesterday morning, returned at 3 o'clock in the afternoon with a buck weighing 145 pounds.

C. A. Christian's five piece orchestra will leave tonight for Michigan, where they will furnish the music for the Thanksgiving ball.

There will be no drill of the Arab Patrol tonight, as some of the members will be kept too busy because of the Thanksgiving shopping.

Miss Augusta Primeau will leave this morning for Calumet, where she will visit with her sister, Miss Blanche Primeau, for a week or ten days.

William L. Viau, of Calumet, was awarded a certificate as able-seaman, after an examination at the office of the local inspectors here.

Charles M. Smith, who was called here by the illness of his father, Captain Geo. W. Smith, left last night for his home at Coshocton, Ohio.

Mrs. John Dunnewind and children, left yesterday afternoon for Grand Rapids, where she will visit before going to Detroit to join Mr. Dunnewind.

The Misses Amelia Morell and Estelle Lavigne will entertain at a kitchen shower tonight at the home of Miss Morrell, in honor of Miss Eva Jandron.

Miss Bertha Deichheller, of Even, and Clarence Bacon, of Kenton, were married at St. Peter's parsonage yesterday morning. Rev. Father Buehholz officiating.

Captain Geo. W. Smith, 224 Genesee street, who has been at St. Luke's hospital for the past two weeks, was taken to his home yesterday. His condition is greatly improved.

Mrs. R. C. DeMary and son, Allen, of Hancock, who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Nelson for the last ten days, left yesterday afternoon for their home.

The carriers' windows at the post office will be open from 11:30 to 12:30 o'clock on Thanksgiving day, Thursday, Nov. 25th. The usual mail collections will be taken up, but no deliveries will be made. The stamp window will be open.

Stores Closed Tomorrow—For the convenience of shoppers, most of the stores will keep open late tonight, but will be closed all day tomorrow. To avoid the usual last minute rush, the shopper will do well to start out early, and on no account to put off any Thanksgiving purchases for tomorrow.

Flag Day Tomorrow—Tomorrow will be Flag Day. To those so interested in the Thanksgiving holiday as to overlook this fact, it might be well to remind that Flag Day this year happens to fall on the same day as Thanksgiving. This holiday, which is observed to commemorate the evacuation of New York by the British in 1783, is of particular appeal because of the struggle abroad, and in a spirit of patriotism the flag should be displayed for this occasion.

Fresh Brussel Sprouts Mushrooms Cauliflower Cucumbers Head Lettuce Green Peppers Fresh Spinach Hot House Tomatoes Artichokes Egg Plant Sweet Potato Squash Radishes Green Onions Parsley Sweet Potatoes Hubbard Squash Celery

Jones Dairy Farm Sausages at **DELFT'S GROCERY** 133 WASHINGTON ST. WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

SAVE UP Rather than Slave on

The wasters of the world have never been its wonders. It is men who have earned and saved who have made the records which stand through time. Start right and save right—teach your family to save; show them the advantages of frugality and you will be glad in the end. Start an account at our Bank—a National Bank.

3% ON SAVINGS.

Marquette National Bank

DELFT THEATRE TODAY

"And By These Deeds"

Two-reel Biograph drama
A Roy Norton children's story with an abundance of heart interest.

"When Conscience Sleeps"

Edison drama
Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew in "Their Night Out"

A comedy filled with richly humorous situations.
Matinees 2:30 and 3:30; Prices 5c and 10c. Evening 7:15, 8:15, 9:15

Thanksgiving Day, Charles Chaplin in "Shanghaied"

For Your Thanksgiving Dinner We Offer

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| TOKAY GRAPES | PUMPKINS |
| MALAGA GRAPES | HUBBARD SQUASH |
| RED EMPEROR GRAPES | NEWBERRY CELERY |
| PEARS | HEAD LETTUCE |
| EATING APPLES | CAULIFLOWER |
| ORANGES | SWEET POTATOES |
| BANANAS | CRANBERRIES |
| GRAPE FRUIT | RIPE TOMATOES |
| COCOANUTS | SPANISH ONIONS |

- | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| FANCY LAYER RAISINS | DATES | FANCY WASHED FIGS |
| PLUM PUDDING | FRUIT CAKE | |
| OYSTERS | GLOBE BREAKFAST SAUSAGE | SWEET CIDER |

McLean's Grocery

Phones 64 and 65 601 North Third Street

Opera House--FEATURES SUPREME!

Today---Matinee and Night

DOROTHY BERNARD

Most Winsome and Daintiest of Dramatic Stars, in

"The Little Gypsy"

A Romance in 315 Gorgeous Scenes

Vaudeville --- FOUR VALDARES

Cycling Girls and Comedian

Prices: - 5c, 10c, 15c

Tomorrow, Thanksgiving Day Matinee & Night

Mr. & Mrs. **Vernon Castle** in "The Whirl of Life"

This great picture abounds in surprise, villainy, pathos, humor, excitement, such as would arouse the envy of a Jules Verne Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle have torn the veil from their private life and have given us what newspaper and magazine publishers have been begging them to tell without success for years.

The charming Mrs. Castle is seen in a myriad of costumes made for her by the most celebrated modistes of Paris and New York. Mrs. Castle has been known as the fashion leader for the last several years and in this production she brings forth many fashion surprises.

In Six Parts. The Sensation of the Year. Now being shown at the Globe Theatre, New York, at \$2.00 prices.

Shown for the first time in Michigan this week.

PRICES: 10 AND 25 CENTS

NOTE: "THE WHIRL OF LIFE" was booked at great expense at the special request of the Masonic Dance Committee. A large portion of the lower floor has been reserved for the first show for the Masonic Theatre Dance Party. Balance of house first show available for first comers. Entire house second show.

Those who can are urged to attend the afternoon matinees, 2:30 to 5 o'clock.

PHONE YOUR THANKSGIVING ORDER TO

TIERNEY BROS.

Phone 228



- Oranges Bananas Apples Grapes
Lemons Cranberries Sweet Potatoes
Figs Dates Mixed Nuts Raisins
Citron Lemon and Orange Peel
Spanish Onions Hubbard Squash
Mince Meat Comb and Strained Honey
Lettuce Celery Radish
Sweet Cider, 30 cents per gallon
Queen Olives Dill, Sour, Mixed and Sweet Pickles
Sweet Relish Imported Olive Oil
Fresh Oysters, extra large, 50 cents per quart
Fancy Clover Leaf Butter,
1 lb. prints, 35c; 5 lb. drums, 35c per lb.
McLaren, Pimento, Brick and Cream Cheese
Try some of our Teas, Coffees, Spices and Extracts.

Deliveries to any part of city.

We Strive to Please Our Customers

HOLIDAY CHEER SPREAD BY VISITING NURSES

Will Distribute Over 60 Thanksgiving Baskets Today—Services at the Churches.

The Visiting Nurse association has already arranged for its annual Thanksgiving baskets, over sixty of which will be distributed today among needy families.

In the public schools the holiday exercises this afternoon will be short. The teachers have been instructed by Superintendent A. R. Watson to devote a little time to a brief program, merely to bring out the spirit of the holiday as the pretentious program to be arranged for the Christmas holidays would make elaborate exercises today impracticable.

The special Thanksgiving services to be held at the churches tomorrow include the following:

Union Thanksgiving Service.

The Baptist, Presbyterian, and Methodist churches of Marquette will unite in a union Thanksgiving service Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Voluntary

"Holy, Holy, Holy," Dykes

Choir

Hymn No. 28, "For the Beauty of the Earth," Koehler

The Apostles' Creed

Prayer The Rev. E. M. Martinson

Anthem, selected

Choir

Responsive Reading, Sixth for Special Days The Rev. P. T. Amstutz

Gloria Patri The Rev. P. T. Amstutz

New Testament Reading

Offering The Rev. P. T. Amstutz

Hymn No. 39, "Now Thank We All Our God," Cruzer

Sermon, "The Modern Puritan," The Rev. Charles J. Johnson

Hymn No. 702, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," Carey

Benediction The Rev. E. M. Martinson

St. Paul's.

Holy Communion 7:30 a. m. Thursday. Morning prayer and sermon by the pastor on the theme, "How Shall We Show True Thankfulness this Year?"

The musical program at this service will be as follows:

Processional, "Come, Ye Thankful People," Sir Geo. Elvey

Laudate Dominum, Caleb Simper

To Deum Laudamus, Dudley Buec

Jubilate, "O Be Joyful in the Lord," W. B. Gilbert

Hymn, "Our Fathers' God, to Thee,"

Time America

Anthem, "Blessing, Glory, Wisdom and Thanks," B. Tours

Recessional, "Praise to God, Immortal Praise," Conrad Kocher

The offering at this service will be given to St. Luke's hospital.

Swedish Lutheran

The Swedish Lutheran church will hold a thank and praise service tomorrow at 10 o'clock. The subject of the sermon will be "Let Us Thank and Praise."

German Lutheran

The German Lutheran church will hold its usual Thanksgiving services tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SQUARE DEALS WIN.

Take Two Out of Three Games Last Night Against Merry Widows.

The Square Deals trounced the Merry Widows in a league match last night, taking two out of three games.

Tonight the Pathfinders will line up against the Vikings at 7:30, and at 9:30 the Penslars will play the Veribets.

Last night's scores were as follows:

Merry Widows—Tot.

Hogstrom 172 193 185 550

Short sub. 195 165 165 525

Perrin 159 167 326

Gooding 186 169 128 474

Haywood 180 169 197 537

Withey 223 163 389

Short sub. 165 165

Square Deals—Tot.

Rose 164 147 150 461

Kepler 142 189 194 525

Tallbacka 192 164 194 550

Finlay 214 174 190 578

Barber 166 169 192 528

779 843 929 2641

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.

You Will Enjoy Our Special

Thanksgiving Dinner

50c

12:30 to 2:00 p. m.

CLIFTON HOTEL

YOU ARE ON THE TRAIL OF A BIG THANKSGIVING

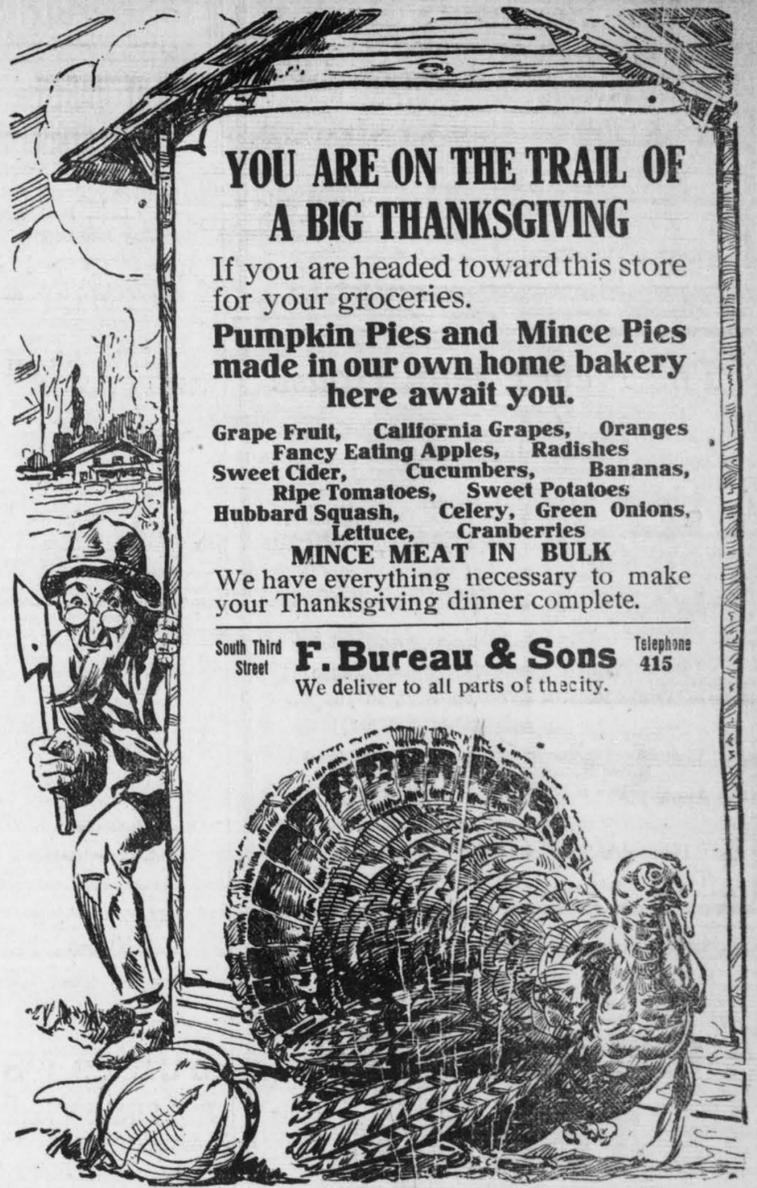
If you are headed toward this store for your groceries.

Pumpkin Pies and Mince Pies made in our own home bakery here await you.

- Grape Fruit, California Grapes, Oranges
Fancy Eating Apples, Radishes
Sweet Cider, Cucumbers, Bananas,
Ripe Tomatoes, Sweet Potatoes
Hubbard Squash, Celery, Green Onions,
Lettuce, Cranberries
MINCE MEAT IN BULK

We have everything necessary to make your Thanksgiving dinner complete.

South Third Street F. Bureau & Sons Telephone 415
We deliver to all parts of thacity.



Beyer's Cash Market

BULLETIN

Fresh dressed Spring Turkeys.....27c

A lot of Hen Turkeys, 10 lbs. up. 26c

Large Spring Roasting Chickens...20c

Milk-fed Fowls..18c

Spring Ducks...22c

Geese.....20c

Jumbo Cranberries 2 quart for...25c

Choice Round Steak.....15c

Standard Brand Coffee.....22c

A 35c value of Coffee, at.....25c

Sweet Pickled Hams, 10 lbs. average..18c

If you intend to call, please call early.

CHARLTON & KUENZLI ARCHITECTS. Marquette - Michigan.

DR. C. L. GIRARD. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office Over the First National Bank. Tel. Number 736. Residence, 305 E. Arch St., Tel. 834

AN OLDTIME PLAYBILL.

John Van Evera Was Musical Director of Minstrel Show in 1875.

W. A. Ross, while looking over some old papers this week, came across a bill of a minstrel show that was given in Mather's hall May 1, 1875. Most of the men who took part in the performance

FOR SALE

We offer for removal or wrecking frame house on A. Mathew's lot, corner of Front & Bluff Sts. Apply at office of J. M. Longyear.

Castle Brew

IT'S GREAT! Positively No Better BEER made

Nothing But the Best brewing material, together with the purest spring water, is used in its manufacture.

U.P. Brewing Co

FOR THANKSGIVING

FRESH DRY-PICKED TUTKEYS, SPRING CHICKENS, DUCKS and GEESE

Special Today Suckling Pigs \$3 each

Fancy Jonathan Eating Apples 50c a peck

Catawba Grabes, 25c a basket

PURE HOME-MADE MINCE MEAT FRESH HOME-MADE SAUSAGE

CHAS. DORAIS Telephone 710

are long since dead. The program reads as follows:

"The Peninsula Iron Clads will give a Minstrel show at Mather's hall, Saturday evening, May 1, 1875, including some of the best musical talent in the city."

J. M. Spencer, director; David Campau, stage manager; E. P. Spencer, treasurer; Professor Evans, orchestra leader; John Van Evera, musical director. Nothing done to displace the most fastidious.

Orchestra, overture.....Professor Evans.

Chorus, "Sparkling Water".....Iron Clads.

Marquette Chasseurs, comic.....Mr. D. Campau.

"Silver Threads Among the Gold".....J. Van Evera.

"Pady Whack".....Mr. Harrigan.

"When the Corn Is Waving, Annie".....Mr. Howard.

Plantation jig.....Mr. D. Campau.

Dutch selections.....Mr. Van Evera.

"That Old Tin Horn".....Harrigan and Truckey.

Irish song.....Steve Jobe.

Harp solo.....Professor Dominick Derago.

"Silver Heels".....Master Fred.

"Germany, Sweden and Africa".....Spencer, Campau, Jobe and Master Fred.

The evening's entertainment will conclude with a "Plantation Walk Around," in which all the company will appear.

300 CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Upbound vessels passing the locks the last twenty-four hours were:

Edmonton, Harvey Brown, 5; Danair, Fitch, 8 last night; steel Wolf, Yuma, 9; Drummond, Zimmerman, 10; Crescent City, Cornell, John Reiss, 11; Sellwood, Conestoga, 11:30; Dinham, 12:30 a. m.; Superior City, 1; Assiniboia, Osler, Verona, Philip Minch, 2; Crowe, Griffin, 4; Haygood, Willard, 5; Corey, 6; small Miller, Martini, 7; Malieton, Jenkins, Emperor, 8; Hagard, Ashley, Meaford, 10; Omega, Kirby, Hartnell, Sheadle, 11; J. J. Brown, Hart, Graham, Athabasca, noon; Fletcher, 12:30 p. m.; Venus, 2; Uhrig, 5:30; Barth, Tilden, 6:30.

FOR THANKSGIVING

Everything Good To Eat

Order Early.

J. Q. Lewis & Co.

North Third St.

NAVIGATION CLOSING.

Season Ended Yesterday for South Shore and Spear & Sons.

Navigation on the Great Lakes is now drawing to a close. Yesterday navigation closed for the season for both the South Shore and Spear and Sons. The steamer J. S. Dunham, which arrived at the South Shore dock light yesterday afternoon, loaded with ore and cleared for Toledo last night, completing the year's schedule for the South Shore. The Connaught, of the Anchor line, which arrived at Spears' dock yesterday with a cargo of package freight for Marquette, Ishpeming and Negaunee, unloaded and cleared before night, which concluded the season for Spears. The large Warriner is in the harbor already loaded, and awaiting a steamer from the copper country. Two boats are expected at Pickands' before the close of the season. They are the R. S. Warner and the Andaste, which will probably arrive the latter part of this week, so the season for Pickands' will close shortly after December 1.

CONCERT TONIGHT.

Holmquist-Larson Recital Will Be Held at Swedish Lutheran Church.

In the Holmquist-Larson concert, to be held at the Swedish Lutheran church this evening beginning at 8:15 o'clock, music lovers of this city will be afforded a rare treat. Mr. Holmquist, who possesses a voice of singular sympathetic quality, although of great range and power, has won an enviable position among the country's greatest

baritone singers. Emil Larson, who will accompany Mr. Holmquist on the piano, as well as render organ and piano selections, is acknowledged to be one of the foremost organists of the day.

The program for tonight's concert is as follows:

Organ: Festive March.....Smart

Voice: Gude's 1st naturen.....Beethoven

Rolling in the Foaming Billows (from "Creation").....Haydn

Organ: Prayer.....Lemaigre

Mennet.....Bocherini

Voice: Aftonsang.....Berg

En sangens bon.....Reisiger

Den store Hvide Flok.....Grieg

Min sang.....Hallstrom

Organ: Vesper Hymn. Variations.....Whitney

Voice: If God so clothed the Grass.....Bischoff

Organ: Capriccio.....Lemaigre

Ase's Death.....Grieg

Overture, "Maid of Orleans," Soderman

Voice: Charity.....McDermid

The Four-leaf Clover.....Brownell

When the Land is White with Moonlight.....Nevin

In an Old Fashioned Town.....Squire

THANKSGIVING DINNER.

Special Menu to be Served Tomorrow at Clifton Hotel.

A special Thanksgiving dinner will be served at the Clifton hotel, prepared under the direction of George E. Thewey, who has recently taken over the management of the hotel, and who formerly conducted the Urban House at Ishpeming.

The menu for the Thanksgiving dinner is as follows:

Fruit Cocktail

Corn Chowder Consomme Royal

Olives Radishes Celery

Oysters Sliced Lemon

Apple Charlotte

Roast Young Turkey With Dressing

Cranberry Sauce

Prime Roast Beef—au Jus

Banana Salad

French Peas Baked Sweet Potatoes

Steamed Potatoes Mashed Potatoes

Apple Pie Mince Pie

American Cream Cheese

Ice Cream Cakes

Tea Coffee Milk

EXCURSION RATES.

The South Shore will have very low round trip excursion fares in effect between all stations on its line account Thanksgiving day. Tickets will be on sale Nov. 23, 24 and 25, and will be good for return passage until Nov. 29, 1915. For full particulars apply to ticket agents.

11-20-4b

IN R-LESS BOSTON.

If you are going to telephone by wireless to Hawaii, what would you say—"How are ye?"—Boston Globe.

CAUTIONS. What the shade of Napoleon remarked when he heard of the capture of Warsaw: "Mind the steppe."—Punch.

OUR THANKSGIVING SPECIAL!

STANDARD Pumpkin

3 cans for 25c

Fill your basket with our groceries and your feast will be complete.

WE GIVE "S. & H." STAMPS

Russell Morin

344 West Washington Street. PHONE 706

GOITER

Goiter is not only unsightly, but disagreeable. It has a tendency to make one nervous, irritable, short of breath, etc.

Desjardins' Goiter Remedy

UNGOITROID

Is a success. Cures in the most simple manner, externally, by absorption.

After UNGOITROID has reduced a goiter it stays down. Price \$2.00 postpaid.

Prompt attention given to mail orders.

Manufactured only at

DESJARDINS' PHARMACY

417 N. Third St., MARQUETTE, MICH.

The Peninsula Bank

Ishpeming, Michigan

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business Nov. 10, 1915.
Condensed from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans, Discounts and Bonds	\$729,102.09	Capital Stock	\$50,000.00
Banking House	45,000.00	Surplus Fund	75,000.00
Overdrafts	None	Undivided Profits, Less Expenses and Taxes	20,109.57
Cash Resources	123,857.34	Dividends Unpaid	20.00
		DEPOSITS	708,829.86
		Reserved for Interest	13,900.00
	\$867,459.43		\$867,459.43

The New Urban House

PETER BARNABY, Proprietor

THANKSGIVING DINNER

- Oysters
- Oyster Cocktail
- Celery, en Branch
- Mulligatawny, a la Bijou
- Baked Salmon Trout
- Potatoes, Hollandaise
- Fillet Mignon, Thanksgiving
- Ham Braise, Londonderry
- Roast Young Turkey, Cranberry Sauce
- Prime Ribs of Western Beef, au Jus
- Norfolk Salad
- Candied Sweet Potatoes
- Baked Hubbard Squash
- Mashed Potatoes
- Steamed Potatoes
- Apple Pie
- Pumpkin Pie
- Mince Meat Pie
- American Cheese
- Pineapple Sherbet
- Assorted Cake
- Tea
- Coffee
- Milk

Fresh-killed

CHICKENS

16c per pound

J. J. LEFFLER

"Y" BOWLING LEAGUE STANDINGS.

Some close contests have been bowled in the Y. M. C. A. bowling league and some high scores made. Team No. 2, composed of Olds and Gummerson, are in the lead, having won eight games out of nine. The standings are:

Team	W.	L.	P.C.
Olds and Gummerson	8	1	.888
Elison and Collins	5	1	.833
Xyquist and Geraghty	5	1	.833
Warberg and Gray	2	1	.667
Sackrider and Beaglehole	3	3	.500
Plummer and Twining	2	4	.333
McDougal and Moody	1	2	.333
Homes and Dunstan	2	7	.222
Holmgren and Sunblad	1	5	.166
Gant and Baker	1	8	.111

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Arthur Scully, of Marquette, was an Ishpeming visitor yesterday.

Jake Levine, of Champion, was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

Mrs. J. Mouse, of Escanaba, is visiting with Ishpeming friends for a few days.

The funeral of the late Richard Proffit, who was killed by a fall of ground Friday morning at the Rolling Mill mine, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 1

Ishpeming Department

(Additional Ishpeming news on page 7)

KENNEDY URGES LAW ENFORCEMENT

Says too Many Drunk and Disorderly Cases Find Their Way Into Courts.

M. J. Kennedy, the prosecuting attorney, has sent a letter to the chiefs of police in Ishpeming, Negaunee and Marquette, directing their attention to the fact that the county is paying too many bills for drunk and disorderly cases, and giving them to understand that the sale of liquor to persons already under its influence, or to posted men will not be tolerated any longer. The law specifically states, he says, that no saloon keeper or druggist shall sell intoxicants of any kind to persons under the influence of liquor.

The records of the courts do not, he asserts, show that saloon keepers have ever been arrested in Marquette county for selling to persons under the influence of liquor, although this is as much a violation of the law as keeping open after hours, or on Sunday.

Mr. Kennedy has been giving particular attention to the semi-annual reports on drunk and disorderly cases, issued by the county clerk, and he has noted that the expense to the county because of such cases is greatly in excess of what it should be. He estimates that the average drunk and disorderly case brought into the courts costs \$15. During the first half of 1915, 398 cases of various kinds were disposed of in the county. Of this number, 281 were drunk and disorderly cases. In that period there were only eleven arrests for violation of the liquor law, and none of these were for selling to intoxicated persons.

Speaking of the matter yesterday, Mr. Kennedy said that the records for some years past, especially since Ishpeming had a municipal court, show that Negaunee has had from three to four arrests on drunk and disorderly charges to one for Ishpeming, and Marquette from six to eight to one for Ishpeming. The difference in the number of arrests he attributes to the justice of the peace system. The proportionate number of arrests in the townships where liquor is sold is much less than in the cities. In Republic, while there is but one saloon, which closes at 9 o'clock every night, it is seldom that a criminal case comes into the courts. In the last half of 1914, Marquette was credited with 221 drunk and disorderly cases; Negaunee had eighty-two and Ishpeming had but thirty-four.

The drunk and disorderly cases in Ishpeming in the past few years have not averaged more than one-third the number under the justice of the peace system. For several years past there has been an average of from 100 to 110 of these cases disposed of in the Ishpeming court. Under the justice of the peace system the total number never went below 300.

Mr. Kennedy's letter.

Mr. Kennedy's letter, sent to the three chiefs of police, is as follows: "Dear Sir: The county receives a great many bills in drunk and disorderly cases and these bills constitute the largest part of the expenses in criminal matters. We have no record of any police officer making a complaint against liquor dealers and their employees for selling liquor to these intoxicated men. The law forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquor to habitual drunkards and intoxicated persons applies to druggists as well as to saloon keepers. It must be well known to all the police officers in the county that men become intoxicated in saloons and are furnished liquor while in that condition.

"The law specifically provides that marshals and police officers must visit places within their jurisdiction where liquors are sold to ascertain whether the provisions of the law are being violated and whenever any officer learns of any violation, it is his duty to at once make complaint. I believe that in many of these cases police officers can obtain sufficient evidence to convict the guilty persons of selling to intoxicated persons and if they will make complaints after proper investigation, it will be possible to successfully prosecute these cases. I do not believe that it is proper that the records of this county should show many hundreds of prosecutions for selling liquor to intoxicated men. I shall therefore expect

hereafter the chiefs of police of all cities when reports are filed with me of prosecutions for drunkenness and disorderly conduct to show that police officers in their jurisdictions have fully and completely performed the duties imposed upon them by law to visit places where liquors are sold and to make complaints against saloon keepers, bartenders and druggists who sell liquor to intoxicated men and habitual drunkards."

Dealers Warned By Marshal.

Marshal Trevarrow yesterday sent the following letter to the liquor dealers and druggists:

"You are hereby notified that under instructions received from M. J. Kennedy, prosecuting attorney, all violations of selling liquors to habitual drunkards, posted men and persons in an intoxicated condition, will be rigidly enforced. The law strictly forbids the selling of liquors to the above named parties and all saloon keepers, bartenders and druggists who violate this law will be immediately prosecuted.

"The law provides that the marshal and police officers must visit places within their jurisdiction where liquors are sold and kept for sale to ascertain whether the provisions of the law are being violated or not, and hereafter all officers will visit such places, and see to it that this law is enforced."

FIREMEN'S BALL TONIGHT.

Ishpeming Department Will Hold Twenty-Fifth Annual Function.

The twenty-fifth annual ball of the Ishpeming fire department will be held tonight in the Braustad amusement hall. A much larger number of tickets have been sold than were disposed of last year or the year before, and it is expected there will be a record attendance. The hall will be attractively decorated and Jaedecke's orchestra of eight pieces will furnish the music. Dancing will start at 9 o'clock.

Supper will be served at the Nelson House, commencing shortly after 11 o'clock. The following will be the menu: Oyster Stew, Clam Broth, Celery, Radishes, Queen Olives, Pickled Beets, Cold Roast Young Turkey, Cranberry Sauce, Ham, Potato and Pimento Salad, Roast Beef, Vanilla Ice Cream, Assorted Cake, American Cheese, Saratoga Wafers, Coffee.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church tomorrow, Thanksgiving day, at 10:30 o'clock. An offering for the poor will be taken. In the evening, commencing at 5 o'clock, oysters, coffee and other refreshments will be served in the young people's hall. The members of the church and their friends are invited. At 8 o'clock there will be a musical and literary program. After the program will be a sale of useful and fancy articles, followed by an auction.

POISONED COWS IS CHARGE.

Jury Disagreed in Case in Municipal Court—To Be Tried Again.

Louis Simoneau, of Greenwood, is charged by some of his neighbors with poisoning their cows. They have started action in Judge St. John's court to recover damages.

Mrs. Fred LaFave is the complainant. Others who claim their cows were poisoned by potatoes covered by paris green are Napoleon Liqnea, J. LaRush and Napoleon Pepin. Mrs. LaFave, LaRush and Liqnea each lost one cow. Three of Pepin's cows have died.

The case occupied the greater part of the day. The jury disagreed, after an hour and a half. A. W. Jurma defended Simoneau and Prosecuting Attorney M. J. Kennedy conducted the case for the people.

It is charged that Simoneau scattered small potatoes, covered with paris green,

A Savings Account

is the best start towards SUCCESS.

Ready money permits SEIZING OPPORTUNITY.

START AN ACCOUNT NOW.

The Miners' National Bank

ISHPEMING, MICH.

YOU WANT THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY

It was not by accident or through blind luck that we attained the prominence we have today in the line of

LUMBER

Our motto has been "Quality and Service." No matter what your requirements may be, you may rest assured that we stand back of all of our material, and whatever your wants may be in this line, we will furnish same at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES

We can deliver promptly hemlock lumber, rough or dressed; also all kinds and grades of white and Norway pine. We carry large stocks of flooring, ceiling, siding, hardwood flooring, finishing lumber, shingles, lath, doors, windows, storm sash, storm doors, storm sheds, cements, brick, sewer pipe, flue linings, plasters, all kinds of rubber and prepared roofings, tarred felts, and building papers, etc., etc.

ALSO BEAR IN MIND THAT OUR STOCKS OF

Anthracite COAL Bituminous

Such as all sizes of anthracite (hard) coal, and the celebrated West Virginia split lump coal. Pocahontas coal and Pennsylvania soft coal, in the different sizes. Cannel coal for grates.

MAKE KNOWN YOUR WANTS TO US—WE'LL SUPPLY THEM PROMPTLY.

CONSOLIDATED FUEL & LUMBER CO.

ISHPEMING, NEGAUNEE, MARQUETTE AND GWINN, MICH.

DEATH OF FORMER RESIDENT.

George Lindvall, son of the late Professor Lindvall, who, for several years, conducted a private Swedish school in Ishpeming, died Monday in Duluth. The remains will be received in Ishpeming tonight. The funeral will be held Thursday at 2 o'clock from Lindbon & Bjork's undertaking rooms. Mr. Lindvall was about thirty-five years old and left here about twenty-five years ago. He had been in the city a number of times since then.

The jury was composed of S. H. Collick, F. J. Heindel, Charles Sunblad, Harry Kahn, John Skoglund and Fred Nichols. The case will be tried again next Tuesday with another jury.

aba, where Mr. Venner was employed during the summer at the Oliver Iron Mining company's ore crusher.

FOR RENT—Five upstairs rooms, Electric light, gas and other conveniences. Inquire at 602 N. Main St. 11-24-15

FOR SALE—Good family driving horse, perfectly quiet, also one set of harness, and one two-seat wagon. Apply at 612 N. First St. 11-24-15

FOR RENT—Eight-room house, water heat, bath, electric-light, gas and other modern conveniences. Mrs. B. Kennau, 715 N. Main St. Telephone 165-J. 11-23-15

FOR SALE—One pair of new bob sleds. Antoine Dobbs, E. Pearl St., Ishpeming. 11-23-15

To the People of Ishpeming and Negaunee:

During the National Electrical Prosperity Week all electrical and gas appliances will be sold at a discount of 10 per cent.



Mazda Electric Lamps at a discount of 20 per cent.

- 10, 15, 25 and 40 watt, highest grade General Electric or Westinghouse lamps, selling price 25c, This sale 20c
- 60 watt, highest grade General Electric or Westinghouse lamps, selling price 32c, This sale 25c
- 100 watt highest grade General Electric or Westinghouse lamps, selling price 60c, This sale 48c

These are the most efficient and highest grade lamps made.

Marquette County Gas & Electric Co.

ISHPEMING THEATRE

EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION TODAY

THE VITAGRAPH-LIEBLER FEATURE FILM COMPANY'S
WONDERFUL PRODUCTION OF HALL CAINE'S GREAT DRAMA

"The Christian"

IN EIGHT REELS WITH THE FOLLOWING STAR CAST:

- Glory Quayle ... Miss Edith Storey
- Polly Love ... Miss Carlotta De Felice
- Lord Robert Ure ... Harry Northrup
- Francis Horatio Drake ... Donald Hall
- Mrs. MacCrae ... Miss Alberta Gallatin
- A Wealthy American Widow
- Vera MacCrae ... Miss Jane Fearnley
- Her Daughter
- Archdeacon Wealthy, James Lackaye
- Father Lamplugh ... Charles Kent
- Brother John Stern ... Earle Williams
- Brother Paul ... James W. Morrison

Bargain Prices—Matinee at Four, 10 and 5 cents
Evening, 7 and 8:45—15c, 10c, 5c.

ALLEN'S CHEYENNE MINSTRELS
EXCELLENT NOVELTY ACT. HARMONY SINGING;
BEAUTIFUL SCENERY.

Tomorrow, Thanksgiving Day—Special Matinee at 2:30

HONOLULU DUO, NOVELTY MUSICAL ACT.

"THE STRANGE UNKNOWN" "THE FAMILY PICNIC"
Lubin feature drama in three reels. Vitagraph Comedy.

Ishpeming Department

A RECORD SCORE.

Team No. 7 of Business Men's League Established Record Monday Night.

In the Ishpeming Business Men's Bowling league contest Monday evening at the Empire alleys, between Teams No. 7 and 9, Team 7 made a record for a three-men team bowling here, when they totalled 1671. As Teams 7 and 9 are the leaders in the league, the outcome of the match was awaited with interest and the final result was in doubt until the last game was well along, as the score was close in the first two games.

E. Hendrickson, who has rolled a number of sensational games at the Empire alleys this season, led in the scoring, his total in the three games being 665. His score in the last game was 254. In the last twelve games that Hendrickson has rolled he has averaged 211. John Burke also rolled in good form Monday night, while Heindel, the third member of No. 7 team, was off color and did not roll his usual game. Nault was high man for No. 9, with a total of 562. Team No. 7 won the first game by forty pins and lost the second by seventeen, and in the third No. 7 walked away from their opponents, when they totalled 561, against 480.

The match was witnessed by the largest crowd that has assembled at the alleys this season, and the members of No. 9 team still believe they can defeat No. 7, and at the conclusion of the contest, issued a challenge, which was accepted.

The scores were as follows:

No. 7—					
Heindel	106	169	114	449	
Burke	183	181	193	557	
E. Hendrickson	216	185	254	655	
	505	545	561	1671	

No. 9—

Wm. Hendrickson	193	169	126	488	
Nault	178	213	171	562	
Salme	154	180	183	517	
	525	562	480	1567	

Tonight Teams No. 10 and No. 12 are scheduled to roll.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Mrs. Patrick McCarthy is here from the copper country to visit Mrs. John Redmond.

Ole Nordtomme, keeper of the Silver Lake dam, is spending a couple of days in the city.

Gordon Jaaeckle and Roy Younghuber are spending a few days hunting deer near Rumber.

The barber shops will remain open to-night until 11 o'clock. They will be closed tomorrow.

J. H. McLean and other officials of the Oliver Iron Mining company were in Ishpeming yesterday.

The annual election of officers of the Treadway Lodge, Sons of St. George will be held this evening.

Thomas Proffit arrived home yesterday from Kearsarge to attend the funeral of his brother, Richard Proffit.

A dancing party will be given Friday evening at the Ishpeming Ski clubhouse. The admission will be twenty-five cents.

Mrs. John Dixon and children, of Green Bay, arrived in Ishpeming last evening to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Leffer.

There will be a union Thanksgiving service in the Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. There will be special music. Rev. N. C. Karr, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church, will deliver an address.

The following births were recorded in the city yesterday: Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Pascoe, 537 Angeline street, a daughter; John Lakari and wife, 188 Summit street, a daughter; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ayotte, 461 Washington street, a son; Albert J. Archambault and wife, 502 Second street, a son; Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bergman, 518 Jasper street, a son; Oscar

man Coleman and wife, 206 Excelsior street, a son and Mr. and Mrs. Carl J. Anderson, 613 Pine street, a son.

Richard Tremine, the fifteen-year-old Humboldt boy, whose leg was amputated last week at Dr. Henry Holm's hospital, died yesterday morning at the hospital. The amputation was made necessary because of a severe gun shot wound.

The employees of the Oliver Iron Mining company will receive their wages for the first half of November as follows: Stegumiller, Swanzey range, Friday, the 23rd; Lake Superior mines, Saturday, the 27th, and Queen mine, Neegaunee, Monday, the 29th.

A special matinee will be given tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at Ishpeming theater. The Honolulu Duo will furnish the vaudeville the last half of the week, opening their engagement at the matinee. The picture program tomorrow there will be a three-act Lubin drama, entitled "The Strange Unknown," also a Vitagraph comedy, "The Family Picnic."

Arthur Hendra, who spent the last several weeks in the city visiting relatives and friends, will depart tomorrow for New York, where he will resume his work as first class cook on the Battleship Utah. Mr. Hendra has served six years in the navy and at the expiration of his enlistment a few weeks ago, he reenlisted for two years more.

Jerome Wilson, the negro who murdered Sam MacGregor, the aged justice of the peace at Nestora and who committed suicide Monday in the Baraga county jail, tried to force an entrance into the section foreman's house at Greenwood the day after the murder, when he walked from Ishpeming to Humboldt. The section foreman's housekeeper saw the negro approach the place and locked the doors. The negro pounded on the doors, and getting no response, tried to force his way in. He also tried some of the windows. He left and went up the track a short distance and returned, trying the windows and doors the second time. The woman was alone in the house.

We have the latest assortment of Albums for Kodak prints at reasonable prices. We are also prepared to finish enlargements from portrait or Kodak negatives in a most attractive manner at prices within the reach of everyone. CHILDS ART GALLERY, 11-24-St. Ishpeming, Mich.

FOOD SOURING IN STOMACH CAUSES INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" Ends All Stomach Distress in Five Minutes.

Wonder what upset your stomach—what portion of the food did the damage—do you? Well, don't bother. If your stomach is in a revolt; if sour, gassy and upset, and what you just ate has fermented into stubborn lumps; head dizzy and aches; belch gases and acids and eructate undigested food; breath foul, tongue coated—just take a little Pape's Diapepsin and in five minutes you wonder what became of the indigestion and distress.

Millions of men and women today know that it is needless to have a bad stomach. A little Diapepsin occasionally keeps this delicate organ regulated and they eat their favorite foods without fear.

If your stomach doesn't take care of your liberal limit without rebellion; if your food is a damage instead of a help, remember the quickest, surest, most harmless relief is Pape's Diapepsin which costs only fifty cents for a large case at drug stores. It's truly wonderful—it digests food and sets things straight, so gently and easily that it is really astonishing. Please, for your sake, don't go on and on with a weak, disordered stomach; it's so unnecessary.

Dr. Thurston R. Hurd, Osteopathic Physician, Room 7, Jenks' Block, Hours—8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 5:30 p. m., Phone No. 319. 11-17-tf-cod.

"THE CHRISTIAN" TODAY.

Hal Caine's Play Screened to Advantage by Strong Cast.

"The Christian," Hal Caine's greatest drama, will be shown this afternoon and evening at Ishpeming theater. The production is in eight reels. The story of the play is interesting, and there are many exciting scenes. In one, in which Earl Williams, the Vitagraph star, who takes the part of Rev. John Storm, is supposed to have been the cause of inciting panic and riots in the slums of London, a mob of three thousand panic stricken men, women and children were thrown against him. When Mr. Williams was a youngster at college he was a football enthusiast, but never in the roughest scrimmage, did he receive such treatment as when those 3,000 people surged around him. He was unable to appear at the studio for more than a week.

This is one of the features of motion pictures that is not seen on the stage, as the actor has to appear in the performance in the same night while the moving picture actor can throw his soul and body into the part. The scene must be done true to life, and if a fight is required it must be a real fight. In taking his terrific pounding, Mr. Williams administered many hard knocks in return.

Miss Edith Store another of the Vitagraph company's favorite stars, plays the part of Glory Quayle in "The Christian."

"The Christian will be shown at bargain prices, ten and five cents for the matinee at 4 o'clock, and fifteen, ten and five for the evening performances. Allen's Cheyenne Minstrels will appear at the matinee and both performances tonight.

The custom of sending a photo of the sender with a Christmas gift has become in later years quite general. It frequently happens that the enclosed photograph is accorded a welcome that rivals the gift, particularly if the photograph is good, both as to likeness and quality of work. By having your photos made at Childs' Art Gallery, Ishpeming, you will be sure to secure both of these desirable qualities. Please attend to the business of sittings at once, as there is not much time to lose. 11-24-12t.

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EVEN CROSS, SICK CHILDREN LOVE SYRUP OF FIGS

If Feverish, Bilious, Constipated, Give Fruit Laxative at Once.

Don't scold your fretful, peevish child. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with sour waste.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, heart sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach-ache, indigestion, diarrhoea, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul waste, the sour bile and fermenting food passes out of the bowels and you have a well and playful child again.

Children love this harmless "fruit laxative," and mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to make their little "insides" clean and sweet.

Keep it handy, Mother! A little Fig today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups, plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeits sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.

TOOK A NEIGHBOR'S ADVICE.

"Last winter my son Claude had a severe attack of croup. I took a neighbor's advice and procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It relieved him promptly," writes Mrs. T. H. Bell, Vandergraft, Pa. Obtainable

VLADIVOSTOK NOW ON WATER WAGON

Vodka Can Only Be Secured at Prohibitive Prices—Women for Prohibition.

Vladivostok, Oct. 30.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Vodkaless Vladivostok has been realized in spite of the predictions that a seaport which is the gateway to a rough frontier country could not be rendered non-alcoholic.

The imperial edict against alcohol has been so thoroughly enforced that but little liquor is sold. Punishment of bootleggers is so harsh that few men care to engage in the forbidden traffic, regardless of the immense profits it offers.

Vodka is the one drink which persons of all classes of society cherish in Siberia just as in European Russia. Before the czar's order against liquor vodka sold in Vladivostok at about fifty kopecks or twenty-five cents gold a pint. Harbin, which is located in Manchuria and consequently is under Chinese control, is the nearest place to Vladivostok where liquor is now sold and the liquor smuggled in from that point for secret sale. Vladivostok brings as much as five rubles, or about \$2.50 gold, a pint. This price is prohibitive for most men of the humble classes. Yet a few of them manage to get liquor and an occasional drunken peasant is encountered staggering through the streets.

Law Obeyed in Restaurants.

There seems to be little disposition on the part of persons higher in the social scale to evade the prohibition for alcoholic drinks in the restaurants and music halls. If the tip is heavy enough wine may be had in private dining rooms at some of the cafes. But the waiters must be sure of their customers and subject them to the third degree before producing the forbidden beverage.

The difficulty and expense of getting liquor are so great that pleasure-loving Vladivostok has apparently decided to get along without it and the cafes chantants and music halls are making merry on ginger ale, coffee and Russian tea served with lemon. The charges for these drinks are quite as high as those for alcohol in ordinary times, so the spender who enjoys liquor chiefly because it is costly can still feel that his money is being kept in circulation.

"I haven't taken any liquor for three months," the manager of one of the important banks in Vladivostok remarked to the correspondent of The Associated Press. "I don't miss it now and would feel rather guilty if I rank in violation of the imperial order. Most of my friends feel the same way. The folks in the banking business have all seen the economic value of prohibition. It has jumped savings accounts up at a rapid rate."

Women Want Prohibition.

When asked if the war order against alcohol would be made permanent the bank manager said he thought such action quite probable. "The women of Siberia are quite as keen to have permanent prohibition as the women of European Russia," he replied. "They are urging it in every way possible. It means more food and comforts for them and their children. Women talk to me nearly every day about it. They have money now in spite of the higher cost of living brought about by the war."

Before the war Vladivostok was one of the gayest places in Asia. Its cafes ran at full blast until 6 or even 7 o'clock in the morning and dinner seldom got under way before midnight. The miners, railway men, cattlemen and frontiersmen from western Siberia all centered at Vladivostok, and the sailors joined them in large numbers. But the war has brought many changes. Siberia has been drained of men of military age. Now the shipping has grown amazingly and there are seldom less than ten freight steamers in the harbor discharging war supplies. Cargo and the floating population is large and the all-night revels would probably go on as usual were it not that liquor has vanished, the police require all places of amusement to close at 1 o'clock, and take wanderers in custody who are not properly accounted for at their lodgings by that time.

Earlier Dinner Hour.

So the dinner hour in the Siberian Paris has been moved up to 10 o'clock and the orchestra and performers in the

FULL LINE OF FANCY FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

465 --- Phone Us Your Dinner Order --- 465

- Cranberries
- Squash
- Celery
- Tomatoes
- Lettuce
- Cauliflower
- Radish
- Brussel Sprouts
- Egg Plant
- Cucumbers
- Mushrooms
- Endive
- Spinach
- Artichokes

FOR YOUR THANKSGIVING DINNER



The turkey will taste better—the plum pudding will have a finer flavor—the finishing touch will be put upon the meal if you serve

CHASE & SANBORN'S "SEAL BRAND" COFFEE
Used By THREE Generations

Fancy Groceries of All Kinds

JOSEPH SELLWOOD & CO.

- Fresh Oysters
- Shell Oysters
- Shell Clams
- Chestnuts
- Hickory Nuts
- Assorted Nuts
- Cheese of all kinds
- Raisins
- Plum Pudding
- Fruit Cake
- Mince Meat
- Casaba Melons
- Pineapples
- Grapefruit

FERDINAND POPULAR FIGURE IN HUNGARY

Ruler of Bulgarians Is in General Charge of Military Operations.

Budapest, Hungary, Nov. 2.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—King Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, has been by all odds the most talked of figure in the public eye of Hungary since he took the step which arrayed his country on the side of the Germanic Allies. Many columns of newspaper space have been devoted to descriptions and anecdotes of the popular monarch, who appeals especially to the Hungarian heart because of his long and close connection with Hungarian affairs.

It is remarked particularly that Ferdinand, once the embodiment of the autocratic ruler, has of late years shown more and more of democratic tendencies until now, "without in any way derogating his royal dignity and the majesty of his appearance," he moves about among all classes and ranks in the attitude of a brother rather than that of a king.

There is said to be a great enthusiasm for him among his soldiers, and he is constantly seen with the troops, even as far as the extreme firing line, encouraging them and appealing to them frequently with words of recognition.

Since Ferdinand entered on the war he has received innumerable messages congratulating him on his action and on the bravery displayed by his troops. Telegrams and letters have reached him from all parts of Germany, Austria-Hungary and Turkey. He reads all these messages personally; it is said, and takes great pleasure in them. "When he receives a bundle of letters of this kind," remarks one correspondent, "his countenance, usually so gloomy, lights up."

The whole Bulgarian campaign centers at the king's headquarters, which is connected by wire with every section of the field in which Bulgarian armies are

operating. The strict court etiquette which has been always a matter of great pride in Sofia has been relaxed, and the king has requested his generals to interrupt him at any time, even at dinner, if there is urgent business to be discussed. At headquarters the king and his generals are said to constitute "one big family." When matters of war are not pressing, he talks with them of past times and of his travels in all parts of Europe. He is especially proud of his popularity in Turkey. He was a great friend of the old sultan, Abdul Hamid, who, on one occasion, spoke of Ferdinand as "the greatest man in the Turkish empire save only the sultan."

The religious side of the Bulgarian monarch receives due attention in the newspaper tributes. Ferdinand never misses attending the orthodox mass on Sunday, but he is tolerant in his religious views, and the orthodox and Catholic clergy receive like treatment in his armies.

SOMETHING TO SAY.

Robert W. Chambers gave this advice to the beginner some years ago, says the Strand, and it holds good today:

"Have something to say and learn by experience how to say it. The important thing, to be sure, is something to say. The trouble with most people who try to write stories is that they have nothing to write about. Next, don't talk about it, do it. A writer can make his own market."

It is the only way to do. Write what appeals to you and find a publisher who will take it. Don't go to a publisher and ask him what he wants. Make him want what you have to offer. If it is the real thing you won't have much difficulty. You will "break into print" with your first effort."

MELTING STATUES.

The German ministry has announced that, owing to a scarcity of copper, all chandeliers and lighting apparatus, as well as works of art, such as statues, will be taken over by the government, says an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company. Fighting appliances not in daily use will be taken first, but it is stated that the government soon will have to seize all the copper in Germany.

NEW FLY THEORY.

It is customarily believed that flies survive through the winter by taking refuge in warmed houses, and that the great broods of each summer are thus the offspring of adult survivors of the last year's brood.

Dr. Henry Skinner, of Philadelphia, who has made a study of the subject, asserts in the Entomological News that there is not a particle of evidence to support this view. According to Dr. Skinner, the fly lives throughout the winter in the pupal, or grub, stage, not as a developed insect. Sanitarious, Dr. Skinner notes, have accepted the hibernation theory, and recommended killing all the flies seen in the early spring, which, they say, are all hibernating females about to lay their eggs. In this way they hope to cut off the egg-supply in its incipency.

Obviously, if Dr. Skinner is right, says the Literary Digest, this will not suffice to exterminate the fly. It will be necessary to find the grubs and destroy them if we are to prevent the multiplication of the spring brood. Mere "swatting" will not do the business.—Topeka State Journal.

BRONCHITIS.

When a severe cold settles on the lungs it is called bronchitis. There is danger of its leading to broncho pneumonia, and for this reason it is always best to go to bed and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as directed until well along towards recovery. Mrs. Charles E. Woodard, Sandy Creek, N. Y., writes: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a 50-cent bottle of 'California Syrup of Figs,' which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups, plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeits sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the 'California Fig Syrup Company.' Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup."

ENLISTMENT HOLDS UP IN AUSTRALIA

Each Month 9,000 Men Will Be Sworn in, to Keep Up Expeditionary Force.

Melbourne, Australia, Nov. 1.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—"We want over 9,000 a month—that is the irreducible minimum," said Senator George F. Pearce, minister for defense, a few days ago in reference to recruiting in Australia.

"The Army council has asked us to increase our percentage of reinforcements for the expeditionary forces. We have been sending them forward in a proportion of from 10 to 15 per cent—a total of about 6,500 per month. It has now been asked that we shall increase this to 20 per cent which will mean over 9,000 a month. This intimation should stimulate recruiting throughout the commonwealth as it shows that the need for men is increasing rather than decreasing. I feel sure that the manpower of the commonwealth will be capable of keeping up the requisite supply for the front." Thus far about 150,000 men have enlisted in Australia.

Gilgandra, a town of 2,500 inhabitants in the wheat region of New South Wales, has since blossomed into war fame by reason of the fact that a squad of thirty volunteers from that place have started on a 320-mile march to Sydney, to go into training there. The residents of the town contributed a thousand dollars toward the initial cost of the march, and all along the route donations of cash, and articles for general use are being made by interested men and women, and at almost every stopping place fresh men are joining volunteers. The movement was originated by the captain of the Gilgandra Rifle club, William T. Hitehen, a store keeper, and has the approval of the defense department.

The march is attended by many picturesque features. Most of the men have lived all their lives on the western plains of the state, among the wheat fields, and a number of them, including a former Methodist minister named Lee, have, like Cincinnati in the old days in Rome, left their ripening crops to be reaped by neighbors while they go to war. Lee is a good speaker, so he is doing most of the speech-making for the recruits at the rallies in the country towns. The men have been dubbed "the snowball army," and each man is called a "flake."

A group of forty-five South Sea Island natives, their friends and relatives bade them farewell in native fashion by kissing their feet. When Wellington was reached the recruits marched to parliament house singing "Tipperary" and "Are We Downhearted?" in the language of the Cook archipelago. The Maori members of parliament addressed them with patriotic speeches, after which there was a haka or Maori war dance by the Maori legislators.

OUR JITNEY OFFER—THIS AND 5c.

Don't Miss This. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

THINGS TO THINK ABOUT.

Paterson (N. J.) silk weavers demand increased pay.

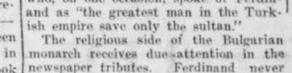
Why those Pains?

Here is a testimonial unsolicited

"If I had my will it would be advertised on every street corner. The man or woman that has rheumatism and fails to keep and use Sloan's Liniment is like a drowning man refusing a rope."—A. J. Van Dyke, Lakeswood, N. J.

Sloan's Liniment

for RHEUMATISM, SPRAINS, SORE MUSCLES



When a severe cold settles on the lungs it is called bronchitis. There is danger of its leading to broncho pneumonia, and for this reason it is always best to go to bed and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as directed until well along towards recovery. Mrs. Charles E. Woodard, Sandy Creek, N. Y., writes: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a 50-cent bottle of 'California Syrup of Figs,' which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups, plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeits sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the 'California Fig Syrup Company.' Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup."

ADV.

HUGHES HAS CENTER OF POLITICAL STAGE

His Course Has Served to Increase Interest in the Question of His Nomination.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Quite the most interesting development of the past week, in Republican politics, is the way Associate Justice Hughes has attempted to have his name taken from the primary ballot in Nebraska.

The course of many in the capital is that there are other ways of getting to the White House than by running after the presidential nomination.

As far back as 1898 Governor Hughes, of New York, was very much talked of for the Republican nomination. But the influence in favor of the nomination for Mr. Taft were easily to be measured and the New Yorker cared himself from being put up and beaten. Later came his appointment by Mr. Taft to the United States supreme court bench. Many efforts were made late in 1911 and early in 1912 to gain his consent to become a candidate for the nomination. But again it was shown by later developments that his distinguished justice had exercised political judgment.

Interested in Hughes.

And at the present time when there is much discussion about the desirability of a Republican candidate, free alike from Taftism and Rooseveltism, Justice Hughes is looked upon here in Washington with great interest.

Clifford Berryman, cartoonist of the Washington Star, illustrated the situation very well, the day after the justice requested that his name be removed from the Nebraska primary ballot, by drawing Justice Hughes leaning out of a window, aiming a bootjack at a large cat labeled "Hughes Sentiment." Behind that cat were many other cats, all labeled the same way. There were so many cats that they stretched away back to the horizon where the moon was rising—and the hint was carried of there being many more cats still unrevealed.

One thing to be observed in the Nebraska endeavor is that the placing of Justice Hughes' name on the primary ballot was the work of avowed converts from Bull Mooseism. Roosevelt as well as Taft might take the stump for such a man.

Playing Wise Part.

A lot of talk is current whether it is possible for a man to keep his name from consideration for the presidency. It is a wise man who knows when to keep away from a nomination that isn't worth having; also the winner of a contest is always to be found among those who are first to commence "warming up." But if the Republican convention next summer gives indication of a real genuine reunion of the two wings of the party and if both wings show any genuine determination to fight the next campaign under the banner of any particular individual, it's a moral certainty that there will be sincere acceptance of the trust—the individual Charles P. Hughes or somebody else.

"Isn't it pretty early for sentiment to be forming?"

This question was asked following a suggestion that the Nebraska action might be the signal for similar action in other states.

"No," was the reply of a veteran Ohioan. "William McKinley was as good as nominated at this time in 1895. And in the late winter of 1896 he had the nomination in his pocket."

Seek to Oust Caleb Powers.

There is a plot afoot to oust Caleb Powers from congress. Congressman Powers is the one whom the Democrats of Kentucky tried to "get" following the murder of State Senator Goebel. Democratic candidate for governor in the campaign of 1899, when an election contest over a number of offices culminated in the shooting of Goebel, Caleb Powers was the Republican candidate for secretary of state at the election and was claimed by many to have been elected. He was tried for Goebel's murder and sentenced to die; and had this same process repeated again and once again. At length after serving eight years and three months in jail he obtained his freedom and was nominated to congress, being elected in the fall of 1910 and re-elected each time since.

The present talk is that the Republican candidate for governor at the recent election, Morrow, who ran within 300 of the successful Democrat, Congressman A. O. Stanley, will come out against Powers for the eleventh district, Kentucky congressional nomination. Morrow being a resident of that district, Powers has his district very much in his pocket, however, having obtained majorities at the Republican primaries of 9,861 in 1910, unanimous nomination in 1912, and 9,642 in 1914.

In the midst of all the talk about granting independence to the Philippines along comes H. L. Anderson, of Manila, with the pertinent statement that "While Manila bay is strongly fortified, the back door to the islands is wide open. One battleship almost could take the islands."

SUFFRAGIST ELECTED
CONSTABLE AS 'JOKE,'
WHICH IS ON MEN

Alliance, Ohio, November 23.—Official returns from Smith township show Mrs. John Graber, an ardent suffragist, has been elected constable, the office which she was not a candidate. She did not even know she was being voted for.

Mrs. Graber had expressed the view that "if a majority of the people want a woman to hold a certain office they should be allowed to elect her, and there always were women of character and ability who could give the necessary time."

Men of the township as a joke wrote her name on their ballots. So many were let in on the prank that to the astonishment of all, Mrs. Graber won.

HERE IS BRITISHER'S CONCEPTION OF SLANG AS SPOKEN IN U. S.

London, Nov. 23.—To capture American sympathy, it is suggested that Sir John's reports be "Americanized" after this style: "From Field Marshal Sir French: 'The little lad at the head of the home team lands out as follows: "During the afternoon the Strafer came across with a good one, the Fourteenth Blankshires, however, went to bat and scored a home-run hit. Lance-Corp. Billy the Kid failed to make his getaway in time; and would have been a sure stiff but for the wallop of one of the boys with three stripes and a crown, who liked him from where it was hot, and handed the flesh-merchants something that gave 'em a worry. I tab this boy to go up one, and wear Victoria's 'I'll hit of jolly. "This morning we jollied the old thing with a few thousand goings, while our navies got busy in the central blue. What our boys did to 'em is a shame. Yep. We're moving along all right now."

PERSIAN DIPLOMAT TALKS OF RELATIONS

Berlin, via London, Nov. 23.—The Vossische Zeitung today prints an interview with M. Kulkis, in the new Persian minister to Germany, in the course of which the minister said:

"While Persia is neutral, the Islamic sentiments and natural opposition to foreign oppression incline the people's sympathies to Germany. The Russians may be before Teheran before the British, but it is doubtful whether they will enter, as the British would not want to see them in the Persian capital.

"The present course of the Russians in north Persia is due to the fact that they are seeking territory to compensate them for their losses in Europe. Persia's relations with Turkey are friendly. A strong feeling against the Russians exists in north Persia and against the British in south Persia, since these nations assume the right to exercise guardianship over the Persian government and people.

"But the Russians and British are Persia's neighbors and are very strong, while Germany, unfortunately, is far away. Therefore it is necessary to find a modus vivendi with them."

WENT TO THE HOSPITAL.

C. E. Blanchard, postmaster, Blanchard, Cal., writes: "I had kidney trouble so bad I had to go to the hospital. Foley Kidney Pills completely cured me." Men and women testify they banish lame back, stiff joints, sore muscles and sleep disturbing bladder ailments. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

WHITLOCK WORN DOWN BY HARD WORK

Minister Daily Held Lives of Men and Women in Hands, Says Relief Worker.

Toledo, O., Nov. 22.—That Minister Brand Whitlock's health has been shattered by the war, was the statement made by Captain J. F. Lucey, one of the organizers of the Belgian relief fund under Ambassador Page.

"I am almost afraid to think of his condition," Lucey said. "When I left Brussels in March he was showing the strain. His burden has been almost inconceivable. Every minute of every day the lives of men and women have been in his hands. Not once did he fail until the case of Edith Cavell.

"In the four months I was there I lost fifteen pounds and my hair went grey. Whitlock has had sixteen months of it.

Saved Many Germans.

"At the beginning of the war, Whitlock, by his influence with the Belgian people, saved many German lives. To home-endangered Germans, he gave shelter in the American legation. His influence with the Belgians prevented many conflicts that would have been bloody. He has been, I thank you, by King Albert for saving Brussels, by his advice against useless defense.

"If Whitlock should not return to Brussels," Lucey said, "it would be a calamity. No man could take his place now. The Germans as much as the Belgians could not afford to lose him. He is more valuable to the German authorities than any German official in Belgium.

Medium for Prisoners.

"Not only is he invaluable in controlling the Belgian populace, but he is the German medium in caring for German prisoners and interned citizens in England.

"Every American in Belgium, or who has been there, is proud of the executive ability, courage, strength and tact of the American minister.

"Whitlock told me a story of the German entrance into Brussels. He thought it would occupy three hours and hurried Mrs. Whitlock to a good location to see the troops pass. There was a continuous marching line for three days and nights.

"One of Whitlock's great worries has been the American tourists who find it very easy to get into Brussels and hurried Mrs. Whitlock to a good location to see the troops pass. There was a continuous marching line for three days and nights.

"The organization purposes to urge all citizens to co-operate in urging that congress pay heed to those advisers and make necessary provision for the defense of this country. Branches have been formed in all the states with a view toward making national defense an issue in each congressional district.

The Ann Arbor branch has 76 members, many of whom are men on the faculty of the university. The plan of the local chapter is to bring men of national importance here to speak at a mass meeting to be held in the near future, when it is hoped to enlarge the membership.

Preparedness of Role.

In the schools of this nation the foundation stone of the instruction given is preparedness.

Every boy is urged to equip himself in such fashion that he will be prepared to face every contingency that may arise.

Every girl is drilled in human usefulness and told to be fitted for whatever task may fall to her lot to do.

Preparedness is taught on every hand.

Training for Women.

Nothing that was said in connection with the semi-centennial of Vassar college has attracted more attention than the address of Mrs. George Haven Putnam, associate professor of history at Vassar college, on "Women and Democracy." She said:

"I would have girls reared to be manly. I would have them trained in dangerous sports, where their safety of life and limb depends upon their physical powers.

"I could have them taught to look out for themselves. I would have them discard their hampering clothing. I would have them learn the ordinary arts of self-defense. I would have them openly carry guns.

"No man would want to change places with his wife because of woman's inferior position, her economic inferiority or her emotional instability.

"Correct the former by having girls engage in many sports and not cry when they are hurt. The second the college woman and the industrially occupied woman are answering, and the third can be overcome by stopping sentimental leaks.

"Individual efforts and character are the only ways open for woman to become a free-footed human being, and each woman must achieve these finally for herself. I would have them discard their hampering clothing. I would have them learn the ordinary arts of self-defense. I would have them openly carry guns.

Oil for Warships.

The nation which controls the oil supply possesses one of the great factors upon which ocean-borne commerce will depend, and about which naval politics will turn.

The public has not realized the steps already taken by the great naval powers to prepare for the shift to oil as a fuel for their battleships. All the battleships of the American navy built in the last eight years use oil for fuel, eight use it as auxiliary to coal, four use it exclusively. The dreadnoughts Oklahoma and Nevada use oil exclusively; and forty-one of our destroyers built since the war use oil exclusively. The facilities being proportionately increased. Oiling stations are replacing coal stations. In 1912 steps were taken for the construction of fuel oil tanks at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii; Melbourne, Rhode Island; Norfolk, Virginia; Charleston, South Carolina; and Key West, Florida. Five tanks are under construction at Guantanamo, Cuba. The combined capacity of all these is 3,800,000 gallons. During the year 1912 the navy used 14,140,714 gallons, as compared with 7,778,657 gallons in the previous year. Our present oil-burning fleet would require 23,000 tons of fuel oil to keep it in active service for a single month.

Autumn Notes.

Red turreted the trees stand in the wood; Fair goldenrod and asters fringe the hill; Black swallows are buzzing 'bout the corn; Of barns, and nesting in the rafter all; The apples lie low drooping to the ground; The grapes cling clustering to the garden wall; And ripened nuts are falling all around; September sounds the note of fall! —Nautlius.

Real Worth vs. Low Cost

If you asked your butcher for a porterhouse steak and he handed you a cut of the flank and said, 'This doesn't cost as much and is just as good,' you wouldn't believe him, would you?

Yet the butcher's statement is just as truthful as the assertion that inferior baking powders made of alum or phosphate of lime are as good as Royal, which is made from cream of tartar.

Alum is a mineral acid salt, declared by many medical authorities unsafe to use in food.

Royal Baking Powder is as pure and wholesome as the vineyard grapes from which its cream of tartar is derived.

The only reason for using such substitutes as alum and lime phosphate is because their cost is less to the manufacturer.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York

NEW CENSOR METHOD EVOLVED BY GERMANY

Correspondents Must Guarantee Papers Won't Print Misleading Headlines.

Berlin, Oct. 28.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—For the purpose of facilitating the transmission of news from Germany to the neutral outer world, the German general staff has established a "Central War Press Headquarters," through which thirty-one recognized and accredited correspondents in future will operate.

The new news bureau came into existence during the last days of October. Such members of the general staff who have in the past been handling the majority of foreign correspondents—editors, officers, etc.—now form its personnel, and are quartered in a building at Luisenstrasse 31A, a few blocks away from the general staff building.

Three times a week it meets, that is to say, Major G—, confers with the correspondents, explains the reports of the general staff, and gives out such items of news as are available. In addition there is issued, daily, a compendium of the foreign news which concerns Germany and the war.

Care has been taken to include in the conferences only newspapermen who represent established and recognized papers, and, in the main, men who are permanently assigned to Berlin. The representatives of American news associations, the special correspondents of various American papers, as well as a number of Swedish, Dutch, Romanian, Spanish, Greek and Argentinean newspapermen are included in the list.

The censor in the neutral press headquarters assume jurisdiction over all dispatches of a military nature, and all trips to the front are to be arranged through the new department. Unlike the censorship arrangements in many other countries, in this case the correspondents are kept exactly informed of the "rate" of the "stories." Two extra copies of everything written must be submitted to the neutral press headquarters censor. One of these he retains for reference. The other eventually is returned to the writer, with annotations showing just what changes, if any, have been made in his copy.

To the end that an exact control may be exercised over the various newspapermen, they have been asked to sign an agreement which is equipped with a photograph of the writer. A duplicate of this picture is kept on file so as to make it impossible for any unauthorized person to represent himself falsely as the correspondent of any paper. A countersigned agreement, also equipped with a photograph, serves identification purposes.

The agreement includes the stipulation that the reporter will transmit information secured by him through the press headquarters only to the newspaper or newspapers which he represents; that he will submit to the censor the copy of his articles by means of false or misleading headlines, additions or omissions; and that he will furnish headquarters with two copies of the paper or papers which print what he has written.

It also stipulates that the newspaperman shall publish no pictures without the permission of the censor, and that he shall in addition turn in two extra copies for the files. On trips to the front the direction of officers in charge is to be followed unquestioningly. The correspondents promise that they will not let their German hosts know of the war except with the express permission of the press headquarters. This last stipulation, it is pointed out, is not intended to restrict any man from going home, if occasion requires, or from making a journey to a neutral country, but merely to prevent him from doing what a few correspondents have done during the war—traveling on the strength of a passport from a neutral country from one battlefield to another, on opposite sides of the struggle.

Supremacy of American Autos.

An American car is now firmly entrenched as the greatest speed creation in the world; two American cars, in fact—the machines which attained first and second places in the 350-mile race at Shepperton, England, on Oct. 9 were of the same make, and each bettered the previous world's record for 100 miles or more. But let it not be inferred that foreign competition was lacking. During the past few years the foreign cars have proved themselves consistent winners of American speed events, and Billy Cole is generally ascribed the word "Bilyleek," but Sir James Murray thinks otherwise.

The New English Dictionary traces its origin to "Bilyleek," used 1721, probably meaning "cocked after the fashion of the billes."—London Chronicle.

Old Greeks Set Hat Style.

Although, according to Sir James Linton, the bowler hat was worn by the ancient Greeks, its beauties were not discovered by Englishmen until about a century ago.

Mrs. A. M. W. Stirling, the biographer of Coke of Norfolk, says that it was first made fashionable by Coke's nephew, William Coke, who decided that a hat originally designed by William Bowler, a hatter in the Borough, would suit his requirements. To the popularity of Billy Cole is generally ascribed the word "Bilyleek," but Sir James Murray thinks otherwise.

The New English Dictionary traces its origin to "Bilyleek," used 1721, probably meaning "cocked after the fashion of the billes."—London Chronicle.

World's Harvest Calendar.

Some-where every month in the year harvesters are clicking. According to Farm and Fireside the world's schedule for cutting grain is as follows:

"January—New Zealand, Argentina, "February—East India, upper Egypt, "March—Egypt, Chili, "April—Asia Minor and Mexico, "May—Asia, China, Japan, Texas, "June—Turkey, Spain, southern United States, "July—United States, Austria, southern Russia, England, Germany, Switzerland, Denmark, Poland, "September—Scotland, Sweden, Norway, Siberia, "October—Northern Russia, Siberia, "November—South Africa and Peru, "December—Uruguay, Australia, "Then it all starts over again, beginning with New Zealand and Argentina. The United States exports harvesting machinery to all the countries named, and also many others."

The Value of Truth.

Truth in business is just as important as truth in every-day life; truth creates confidence, establishes good-will and builds a reliability that will not be wrecked by the storms of competition.

Through three generations people have learned to place reliance on the advertised words of Scott's Emulsion, because they are unattainable, unexaggerated truths about a household remedy of real and actual worth.

The popularity of Scott's Emulsion is increasing as intelligence advances, because in these days of adulterations it continues to guarantee pure cod liver oil medicinally perfected with glycerine and hypophosphites to build strength, improve the blood and strengthen the lungs. It is free from alcohol or opiates—a wholesome food- tonic, truthfully advertised.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

GERMANS TO WAR ON RACE SUICIDE

Is Realized That the Empire Is in Danger of Following France's Example.

Berlin, Nov. 23.—With the formal foundation of the "Deutsche Gesellschaft für Bevölkerungspolitik," roughly translated, the German society for Population Increase," the efforts of a relatively small body of men to check the decrease that has been noticeable in the German birthrate for more than 40 years have at last won wide-spread recognition.

It has taken the war, with its terrible inroads on the pick of German manhood, to bring thousands to a realization of the soundness of the claim of the few—that the birthrate of the empire is going backward, and that after the war, Germany faces the retrogression that has been going on in France if something is not done.

The new society plans include a certain amount of legislation which apparently is approved by nearly all parties, and an educational program by medical and pedagogical circles.

The legislation includes a revision of taxation schedules which shall place an equal burden upon the family man and the bachelor so that the latter will be "financially driven into matrimony." It includes "matrimonial premiums" intended to counteract the economic difficulty of bringing children into the world, and the burden of supporting them.

Of great importance in the eyes of the founders of the new society, the plans contemplate a regulation of disease so that the present tendency to sterility, admitted to be greatly lessened, especially when taken in conjunction with the inclination toward earlier marriage, which, it is hoped, can be brought about. The society counts on a campaign to decrease the training period of trades and professions so that young men will become money earners at an earlier time, and upon educational work by family physicians and teachers.

Inventors are Prolific.

London, Nov. 1.—Between 5,000 and 6,000 ideas and suggestions have been placed before the British Munitions Inventions committee since its organization less than three months ago, says an official memorandum from Mr. Lloyd George, minister of munitions.

"As is the case with most of the small utility and have already been rejected. It would not be advisable to state the number that have been accepted.

"Inventors putting forward ideas are invited to attend a meeting of the committee if the committee desires. It would clearly not be possible for this to be done in every case. But wherever it appears desirable, persons putting forward ideas are interviewed by members of the technical staff attached to the department, who are men of experience and used to this class of work."

The Growing English Language.

Of the 20,000 new words in a recently issued American dictionary of the English language a recent analyst finds only 162 that are distinctly American. Those Semitic in origin number ninety-nine, the Slavonic thirty-one, the Spanish 108 and the Celtic 170. But the main sources are the old sources—Latin, Greek and Anglo-Saxon and English.

The varied human composition of a nation like the United States must find resort to Spanish, Russian and Roumanian, the Slavonic, the Celtic, the Spanish and the Greek. The varied human composition of a nation like the United States must find resort to Spanish, Russian and Roumanian, the Slavonic, the Celtic, the Spanish and the Greek. The varied human composition of a nation like the United States must find resort to Spanish, Russian and Roumanian, the Slavonic, the Celtic, the Spanish and the Greek.

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Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

ADVANCE WINTER STYLES
for street, informal afternoon affairs or church, easily reproduced at home with little expense from the



New December McCall Patterns

The new fashions for Winter beautifully illustrated. One hundred pages of authentic fashion information—advice fashion news—what is correct for all occasions—in the new Winter

McCALL Book of Fashions
(Winter Quarterly)

Now on Sale

is authority on advance styles. Profusely illustrated in color.

New Pocket Book, No. 8281. One of the new December designs.

FOR SALE AT ALL McCALL DEALERS, OR DIRECT FROM

THE McCALL COMPANY
The World's Largest Manufacturer of a Paper Pattern
McCall Building, 236 to 240 West 37th Street, New York City.

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP

Pure and Sure

Penetrates every thread of the fabric leaving it sweet and clean without the slightest injury.

Cold or warm water without boiling

KIRK

Chicago, Greck and a block of groceries in a line in

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Cold or warm water without boiling

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AN IDEALIZATION.

"You ought to know my father," Exclaimed the boy so small, "Is he a prince? Well, rather! He has no faults at all. Some people's criticizing. It seems downright surprising That anyone should dare!"

"The people who don't know him Are jealous of his pretensions. But we who do will throw him The fairest of bouquets. His enemies, so heartless, Should hear him talk to me In languages strong and artless On what a man should be."

Men follow on, untrifling, The paths of hope and fear, Nor heed the gaze admiring Of youthful eyes so clear. This world would seem with graces And generous, hopeful joys If men would hold the places Assigned them by their boys.

—Washington Star.

suicide... Empire Is... the formal... the claims of... a revision of... POLIFIC... in 5,000 and... LANGUAGE... AT STYLE... CAN... every

Why a Banking Connection?

A man with a bank account is often benefited in many ways he may know nothing about.

Parties inquiring for a man's business standing in a community by letter, or in person, usually apply first at the bank.

It is the institution that has its hands continually on the public pulse.

A bank reference can be used by the individual as well to good advantage.



FIRST NATIONAL
NEGAUNEE BANK MICH
Capital & Surplus \$200,000.00

Markets

TRADING IS SUPERFICIAL
ON NEW YORK EXCHANGE;
OVERTURN DROPS LOWER

New York, Nov. 23.—Trading in stocks today was perfunctory and superficial from start to finish. Dealings diminished to the meagre total of 338,000 shares, and except for some of the more speculative specialties which have recently figured prominently, price changes were insignificant or at least unimportant. A steady tone was maintained throughout, but this was due more to the absence of pressure than to any actual demand. Automobile shares rose two to four points, war issues of the class including Crucible Steel, Lackawanna Steel, American Can and American Locomotive and Baldwin Locomotive, gained almost as much and stocks of no particular description showed variable gains of one to three points. United States Steel fluctuated within the extremely narrow range of a half point and Bethlehem Steel was again utterly ignored, not a single sale being recorded.

Coppers were steady, but failed to make further response to the increased demand for the metal.

POSTON COPPERS.

Ishpeming, Nov. 23.—Copper metal sales for February and March delivery at 20 cents a pound, silver at 52 1/2 cents an ounce, and increased dividends were some of the bullish news items today. Notwithstanding the markets were only strong. There was no great activity except in Shattuck and Greendale. Shattuck announced a \$1.00 dividend payable Jan. 10, to stockholders of record. Quincy declared a \$3.00 dividend, last quarter the company paid \$2.00. Champion declared another \$2.00 dividend. One firm sold 5,000 Shattuck today, but the stock was well taken. We understand that application is going to be made for listing these shares in New York. Buying orders seem to be accumulating under the market and we look for a resumption of the upward movement at any time.—J. A. Minnear & Co.

Boston, Nov. 23.—The Boston stock market today, although dull, gave evidence of firmness, which was strengthened by the report of sales of copper metal for February and March at 20 cents a pound. Another factor of strength was the announcement of the increase of \$1.00 in the Quincy's quarterly dividend, and an increase of 50 cents in the quarterly rate of Shattuck, Arizona. The unusual record of the Champion mine was still maintained by the announcement of another dividend of \$2.00, making a total of \$29 declared this year.—P. B. & Co.

J. A. Minnear & Co. report as follows:

Adv.	21.00	Corn	94.00
Alb.	11.00	Flour	1.00
All.	27.00	Genl.	1.00
Am.	17.00	Grain	1.00
Arc.	10.00	Hay	1.00
B. & S.	22.00	Iron	1.00
C. & M.	22.00	Lead	1.00
C. & N.	22.00	Merch.	1.00
Chgo.	22.00	Oil	1.00
C. R.	10.00	Shoe	1.00
E. Butte	15.00	Stk.	1.00
Frank	15.00	Text.	1.00
Greene	15.00	Wool	1.00
Guy	15.00	Yarn	1.00
Han	15.00		
L. Roy	15.00		
Lo. Sal.	15.00		
May	15.00		
Mass.	15.00		
Mich.	15.00		
N. Can.	15.00		
N. Lake	15.00		
O. Col.	15.00		
O. Dom.	15.00		
Que.	15.00		
R. Can.	15.00		
Shan.	15.00		
S. Can.	15.00		
St. Paul	15.00		
Sup.	15.00		
Tam.	15.00		
U. Cons.	15.00		
U. Cop.	15.00		
Viet.	15.00		
Wash.	15.00		
Wool	15.00		
Wyan.	15.00		

PRODUCE PRICES AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Butter, eggs and poultry, unchanged. Receipts of eggs amounted to 4,600 cases.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Denials that any Greek ships were being held up or that a blockade of Greece was in force operated as an offset today for early declines in the wheat market here: The

The Negaunee State Bank

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

Every individual or business enterprise has affairs requiring the services of one or more of the above departments of business conducted by this bank. Our policy is to render the best possible service in all departments and solicit your business with this assurance.

NEW IDEAS IN SCIENCE.

The great cost of the shells used in warfare has attracted much persons who are unfamiliar with such matters, and in reply to a correspondent asking why cheaper shells made of cast iron were not made use of in preference to the more expensive steel the Engineer of London has the following: "In the first place, where shrapnel is concerned, the number of bullets is reduced because the walls of the projectile must be made thicker. There is not an objection in high-explosive shells, which call for walls thicker than is necessary for strength, but there is danger of cast iron shells developing cracks during manufacture, and there would be a risk of such shells bursting in the gun. Another objection is that a cast iron shell is liable to be inaccurate in its flight. The projectile must be in perfect balance with the walls, not only of the same thickness all around, but homogeneous. At the high speed of revolution, the slight difference in weight on one side would cause irregular shooting. The steel shell is machined inside and out, to insure uniformity; but if a shell were cast on a core and the core were not absolutely concentric, the center of gravity would not lie exactly in the longitudinal axis of the shell. Furthermore, the making of a steel shell has been so perfected that such shells can be turned out more quickly than those of cast iron of equal reliability or accuracy. An eighteen-pound shell can be completely machined from the bar in forty minutes.

PLANNED TO COME TO AMERICA.

In the hitherto unpublished manuscript of James K. Paulding, printed in Harper's Magazine, an account is given of Paulding's interview with Joseph Bonaparte. The concluding observations of Paulding in regard to Napoleon's mind was that he had been Napoleon's brother he would have passed for a very remarkable man.

AN AMERICAN MANUFACTURER OF CAMERAS.

An American manufacturer of cameras has designed and is introducing a camera made especially for the purpose of making a record of the readings of meter dials. In order to secure a reading with this photographic recorder, it is only necessary to place the camera opening against the meter dial and press a button, which automatically opens the shutter as well as switches on four small battery-operated lamps that illuminate the meter dials. The exposures are made on a film consisting of opaque paper coated with an emulsion. The side of the paper next to the emulsion is white, so that the developed film clearly shows the meter readings in reverse order. The film is then placed in a special roll stand that is provided with a mirror so that the meter dials will appear in their proper order. By means of this camera it is possible for an electric light company to possess photographic evidence of the meter readings of all its customers, and it is anticipated that this will be the means of avoiding many disputes with patrons about the consumption of current and gas.

Women have proved to be very excellent machinists in England, pressed into this service by the exigencies of warfare. About 800 girls are now em-

J. A. MINNEAR & CO.

BROKERS
Direct Private Wires to All Exchanges
Copper Metal advance to 20 cents
Silver advanced to 52 1/2
Considerable activity in all metal shares.
Your business solicited.
Write or phone us for quotations or special information.
Laurium, Mich. OFFICES Ishpeming, Mich.
Phones 820-822 Phones 512-513

Negaunee Department

MANY MEMBERS IN HIGH SCHOOL CLUBS
MINERS SAY W. F. OF M. IS EXTINGUISHED

Their Activities Will Be Important Feature of 1915-16 School Year.

Since the opening of the fall term several societies and clubs have been organized at the high school. The membership is confined wholly to students and members of the faculty, the latter being the advisors and counselors. One of the most prominent is the Parliamentary club, which was first organized last year by J. W. Walls, commercial teacher. Meetings are held every two weeks, and are devoted chiefly to the study and practice of parliamentary law.

The Webster Debating society, one of the strongest and oldest clubs in the school, has reorganized with a membership of thirty. It will meet on alternate Tuesday evenings and programs consisting of debates, discussions of current topics and parliamentary practice will be given. The club is in charge of Mr. Dennison, a faculty member. The officers plan to arrange debates with neighboring schools during the year. The officers are Leonard Bellstrom, president; Walter Curley, vice president; Jonas Frederickson, secretary; Earl Flannery, Arthur Heiser and Alsd. Dehambou, program committee.

The Girl's Literary society, the membership of which is confined to the junior and senior classes, has fifty members and is one of the largest organizations in the school. Meetings are held on the alternate Wednesday evenings and the work of the club is in charge of Miss Rowe. The following officers have been elected:

President—Elsie Tillberg
Vice President—Myra Bennett.
Secretary—Rena Roberts.
Treasurer—Julia Nordstrom.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.

The jury in the coroner's inquiry into the deaths of Charles Nordlund and Richard Proffit, miners who were killed last Friday morning at the Rolling Mill mine, yesterday morning brought in a verdict of accidental death, as follows: "Richard Proffit and Charles Nordlund, came to their death by being crushed under a fall of ground in a drift at the 600 foot sub level in the Rolling Mill mine, at Negaunee. Verdict, accidental death." The witnesses were William John Tamblin and Richard Anderson, opposite partners to the two unfortunate miners, Captain E. N. Cory, John T. Quinn, mine inspector, William Kent and Albert Johnson.

THANKSGIVING PROGRAM TODAY.

An appropriate program has been arranged for Thanksgiving and will be given in the auditorium of the High School this afternoon, commencing at 2:45. The public is invited to attend. At the conclusion of the exercises there will be dancing in the gymnasium. The schools will close this afternoon for the remainder of the week. The program will be as follows:

Selection—High school orchestra.
Reading—"The Governor's Proclamation—Nane Rassmusen."
Recitation—"The Origin of Thanksgiving"—Myra Bennett.
Recitation—"The First Thanksgiving Day"—Dorothy Miller.
Music—Girls Chorus.
Recitation—"When the Frost is on the Pumpkin"—Rena Roberts.
Recitation—"Thanksgiving Thoughts"—Lily Collins.
Baritone solo Selected—Morgan Quinn.

LIGHTS AT MAPLE RIDGE.

Citizens of Maple Ridge have formed an electric light company and an electric system will be installed in the village. A contract was signed Monday by W. H. Needham, of Escanaba, to install a White Way in the village. It is said that everyone being there has either taken stock in the enterprise or has offered to subscribe for shares.

LOCAL LAONICS.

The barber shops will be closed at noon tomorrow.

John Antell is spending a few days in the woods, deer hunting.

Leonard Field has returned from a two weeks hunting trip at Winters.

John Parhola has gone to Maple Ridge, to spend a few days deer hunting.

Ward P. Crosswell, of Escanaba, is in the city to spend a few days on business.

K. C. Pollow has returned from a few days' visit with relatives at Escanaba.

A. P. Church, of Watertown, Wis., is spending a few days in the city on business.

James Flemming spent the past few days visiting with relatives and friends at Escanaba.

Miss Myra Martell has returned from a week's visit with relatives and friends at Two Harbors, Minn.

Kenneth Smith, who spent the summer here, departed Monday evening for his home at Green Bay, Wis.

Umberto Pizzato left yesterday for Twin, where he will join a party of friends on a deer hunting trip.

Fred Sawbridge left yesterday for a camp in the Dead River district, to spend several days hunting deer.

George Lafkas, who spent the past two weeks here on business, returned yesterday to his home at Monising.

Miss Ethel Clarke, 411 Case street, will spend the Thanksgiving holidays at Houghton, the guest of Miss Lona Woolpert.

Invitations for the annual reception and dance of the senior class of the High School have been sent out. They will be held in the high school gymnasium.

STATEMENT OF THE NEGAUNEE NATIONAL BANK

Negaunee, Michigan
November 10th, 1915

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$354,820.68	Capital Stock paid in	\$100,000.00
U. S. and Other Bonds	161,350.00	Surplus Fund	25,000.00
Bank Building	48,248.90	Undivided Profits	9,821.74
Federal Reserve Stock	3,750.00	Reserve for Interest	4,225.28
Cash and Exchange	52,497.58	Circulation	100,000.00
		Deposits	381,720.14
Total	\$620,667.16	Total	\$620,667.16

Designated United States Depository

E. N. BREITUNG, President,
PHIL LEVINE, Vice President, HERMAN C. WAGNER, Cashier,
C. MEILLEUR, Vice President, J. H. ANDERSON, Assistant Cashier

THANKSGIVING HAT SALE

Most Wonderful Bargain Sale of the Season

Hats with latest of styles at your own price.

\$15, \$10 and \$8 HATS \$5.00

No hat in the store over \$5.00

Special offers in Hats from \$1.98 up.

Mrs. M. L. Smith

2nd floor, Savings Bank.

Previous to his appointment he was engaged as an instructor in mathematics in a military school at Howell, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Martell, who were married Saturday at Two Harbors, Minn., will arrive here today, to spend the holidays visiting with his mother, Mrs. E. Martell, and sister, Miss Myra Martell.

Fred E. Nightingale, of Duluth, a former well-known Negaunee man, arrived in the city yesterday to spend a few days visiting with his mother, Mrs. Lucy Nightingale, and brother, H. S. Nightingale.

Harry A. Smith, Al Roberts, Peter Johnson and Emory Cornish have returned from a deer hunting trip at Pole Creek, near Rapid River. The Negaunee men brought home four deer, three hinds and one doe.

Charles Kirkpatrick, Walter Hansen, Frank E. Tompkins, Everett Sterling, John J. Houserman and H. C. Hemmington have returned from an unsuccessful hunting trip at Perch Lake. The members of the party say that the deer did not commence to move until the day they broke up camp, and so they did not have very good luck.

A CHAPTER ON ROADS.

France has the best roads of any country in the world; that is, she has the highest percentage of good roads. She has about 25,000 miles of the very finest made roads, besides many times that amount of secondary roads.

The United States is making rapid progress in road improvement, but in such a big country as this it will be generations before we can cover the territory as the roads do in France.

We have in this country about 2,500,000 miles of roads of all sorts, good and bad. Of these, about 120,000 miles are now fine made roads, of macadam or concrete, and this mileage is rapidly increasing.

Road construction is bound to be a slow process because it is so costly. The figures show that the average cost of new sand-clay roads in this country is over \$700 a mile, of gravel roads \$2,000, of macadam \$5,000 and of asphalt macadam about \$10,000. The various authorities, state and local, are spending a total of \$250,000,000 a year on roads now; in fact, the people's road bill is getting almost as big as their bill for education.

France and the other old countries have the advantage of us, as they possess a heritage of roads passed down to them by their ancestors.

It would be a great boon to this country if every official who has anything to do with roads could be given a trip through France, to see how the road problems are worked out. Millions of money could thus be saved. But the trouble in our country is that we make politics of everything, and so even such a great public necessity as road-building and road maintenance, instead of being placed in the hands of trained experts, is mostly put in charge of politicians.

The road authorities stay in office just long enough to learn some of the rudiments of road science, and then they are displaced by others who want the office on account of the salary. As long as our roads are administered in this haphazard way, the people must expect that they will have to pay in taxes several times what the roads legitimately ought to cost.

Until recently the cost of maintenance of the French national roads was only \$100 a mile a year. The introduction of the automobile has now raised this maintenance figure to about \$240, but this is still much below the average in this country for similar roads. The second-class roads of France cost only \$125 a mile a year, the third-class only \$90 and the fourth only \$40, which is also far less than the cost of similar roads with us.

The European road authorities follow

strictly the old proverb that "a stitch in time saves nine." Instead of allowing the roads to get in very bad condition and then "repair" them by heaping a mass of big stones or other fresh material on them once or twice a year, they watch them constantly. No ruts or mudholes are allowed to appear, and all loose stones are kept removed. The center of this one-way road is divided into regular sections, just as railroads are. There is one man who has charge of each section and who goes constantly over the road and repairs every little defect when it first appears, and is responsible for the condition of the road. These men become experts and they know what to do and when to do it, and they do it.

AMERICAN INVENTIVENESS.

As far back as 1876 some of the foreign commissioners to the centennial showed their keen appreciation of the importance of invention and the advantages derived by America from its encouragement. One of the Swiss commissioners said: "I am satisfied from my knowledge that no people have made in so short a time so many useful inventions as the American, and if today machinery does all the work, it nevertheless by no means reduces the workman to a machine. He uses a machine, it is true, but he is always thinking about some improvement to introduce into it, and often his thoughts lead to fine inventions or useful improvements."

The reports to parliament of the British commissioner said that "as regards extent of invention and ingenuity, the United States was far ahead of other nations," and that "judged by its results in benefiting the public, both by stimulating inventors and by giving a permanently practical turn to their labors, the American patent law must be admitted to be the most successful."

FOR RENT—Nice front flat; four rooms; electric lights; gas. Second floor Sandberg Block, \$10 a month. J. F. Allison, 11-29-15.

Cut Flowers

Roses, Kaiserline, Sunburst and Mila dy Carnations, Chrysanthemums, Smi lax

Potted Plants

Byclamens and Primroses
Palms and Ferns
Begonias
Swansonias

We are especially equipped to handle out-of-town business. Mail and telephone orders given prompt attention.

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Negaunee Greenhouses
Negaunee, Mich.

HUNTERS FINED ON OLD CHARGE

Two Lower State Nimrods, Who Shot More Deer Last Year Than Allowed, Left Camp Before They Were Caught—Deputies Awaited Their Return This Year

Each Fined \$25 and Costs—Lost Seal Ends One Man's Hunt—H. L. Chase Killed Wolf As It Was Attacking a Deer—Number of Carcasses Shipped Below Straits

The long reach and equally long memory of the law were demonstrated in the arrest of two lower state hunters, as reported yesterday to Game Warden Oates.

C. H. Doorman and I. J. Buckley were the two hunters who were impressed with the fact that the lapse of a year after violating a game law is hardly sufficient for the deputies to forget the affair. Last year a party of four hunters from Battle Creek, which included Doorman and Buckley, had each sent down the two deer permitted by law, and after they left, Deputies Leisner and Rough found other deer in their camp. It was impossible to apprehend them after they had left, so the deputies awaited their return this year.

The violation occurred in Dickenson county, and several days ago Deputies Leisner and Rough reported to Game Warden Oates that Doorman and Buckley had returned here and were hunting in Delta county. A warrant was immediately issued from Dickenson county, and was served by Deputy Andrews, who brought the two hunters before Justice E. A. Woodward of Iron Mountain. Each was fined \$25 with an additional \$3 for costs.

Another conviction reported to the game warden yesterday was that of A. Desardies, of Gogebic county, who was arrested by Deputy Rowett for having in his possession a deer which was not sealed. Justice W. J. Haggerson, before whom he was tried, imposed a fine of \$10 and \$6 extra for costs.

A Hard-Luck Tale.

The trials and tribulations of the hunter are few as compared with the joys of the chase, but the case of a luckless nimrod was brought to light yesterday wherein the hunter was not only visited with plenty of hard luck, but was also deprived of any sport to compensate for it.

A deer seal was brought into the office of Game Warden Oates yesterday afternoon by Clarence Dorrance, of Fowlerville, who found it on the depot platform at Mumsing Junction. He had picked up the seal the day before the opening of the deer season, he stated, and carried it around with him since

then as he did not know how he might trace the owner.

The license and seal were issued in Genesee county, and the seal will be kept at the game warden's office until claimed. In the meantime the unfortunate hunter, who is unable by law to obtain a second license in the same year, will probably find much pleasure in speculating on the size of the buck he might have shot if he hadn't lost that pesky seal, or he might be bewailing his fate in losing the important strip just one day before the season opened.

A Lucky Hunter.

Shooting a wolf while on the trail of a deer was the unusual experience of H. L. Chase, of Casnovia, Ottawa county. Chase was hunting in Forsyth township when he discovered a deer trail. Following it up, he saw the deer as it was being attacked by a wolf. After killing the wolf, the hunter had little difficulty in overtaking the wounded deer, which he also shot.

Chase brought the wolf hide, which measured six feet to the office of the county treasurer yesterday, and was presented with the customary bounty of \$27.

Fuzzling Figures.

Although the number of hunters who crossed the straits from Lower Michigan until Nov. 19 of last year, exceeded by about sixty per cent the number up to the same date this season, yet the amount of deer carcasses shipped below thus far this year is practically the same as for the same period last year.

The report issued yesterday by Game Warden Oates shows that up to Nov. 19 of this year 2,155 hunters crossed the straits, while for the same period last year the number was 3,643. However, the carcasses shipped below up to this date total 311, as compared with only 303 for the same length of time last year.

This, however, is taken merely as an indication that the hunting this season has been excellent, and that a large share of the lower state hunters have already filled their licenses and have returned home. The influx of hunters from below has practically ceased, and it is expected that there will be a decided falling off in the number of carcasses shipped below. By the end of the season, it is believed, the number of deer killed by lower state sportsmen will be found to be considerably below that of last year, as a result of the one deer law, which is also undoubtedly responsible for the fact that by far the greater part of the deer shipped below this year are bucks.

JUNIOR PROM WILL BE EVENT OF THE SEASON

Arrangements Completed for Fair to Be Given at Fraternity Hall Friday Night.

The Junior promenade, to be held at Fraternity Hall Friday night, Nov. 26, promises to eclipse all former affairs of the kind, in attendance and decorations, and in every other feature, according to the reports of the various committees at work on the arrangements.

The Junior prom long ago outgrew the stage of a mere scholastic function, and for some years it has been recognized as one of the most important of the social events of the year for the younger set. For Friday night's event, invitations have already been sent to several clubs and other organizations besides the usual guests.

Decorations will, as usual, be a feature of the affair. The work of adorning the hall will not be started until after the fireman's ball tonight, but the committee on decorations, of which Karl Hornbogen is chairman, has already outlined plans for the work. The ceiling will be draped with streamers of purple and white, the colors of the junior class, with a background of ground pine. Colored electric lights, forming the numerals of the senior and junior classes, will adorn the wall, in addition to which other effects will be introduced as the decorations are under way.

The refreshment committee, with Miss Marie Harkins as chairman, has arranged for a dainty repast to be served from small tables. The dance program, which has already been issued, contains a number of hesitations, one-steps and fox-trots, as well as some waltzes and

Thanksgiving Suggestions from Anderson & Bennett Co.

All Goods of Highest Quality — No Other Kind Ever offered at This Store

There is something about Thanksgiving time that makes good clothes especially desirable and delightful.

Besides our many regular stocks, we have obtained, especially for Thanksgiving, interesting novelties in both suits and overcoats that will lend a touch of appropriateness to the day.



Society Brand Clothes

Anderson & Bennett Co.

two-steps. The music will be furnished by Behan's orchestra.

Mathew Clume, as president of the Junior class, is the general chairman of the various committees, and Leonard Stolpe, the class treasurer, is handling the accounts. All the work is being done under the supervision of the high school teachers.

POOL ROOM MAN IN COURT.

Fined \$25 and Costs for Allowing High School Boys in Place.

Fred E. Price, who conducts a pool room on Front street, was summoned before Justice Byrne yesterday to answer to the charge of allowing high school boys to loiter in his place.

By an act of the state legislature, passed in 1907, it is provided that "no minor under seventeen, who is a student at a public, parochial, or private school in the state" shall be permitted to frequent pool rooms, and it is further provided that the proprietor of any such place where this act is violated be fined "not less than \$25 nor more than \$50, or made to serve not less than ten days nor more than thirty days, at the discretion of the court."

In view of the drastic language of the statute, Judge Byrne had no other recourse than to impose the penalty provided, and he levied the minimum fine of \$25 and costs.

WELLS MAKES CHARGES AGAINST BUTTER AGENT

County Sealer Accuses E. A. Derleth of Selling in Packages Instead of by Pound.

E. A. Derleth, agent for the Roach & Seebor wholesale house, was notified on Monday by Justice St. John, of Ishpeming, of a warrant issued against him at the instance of T. M. Wells, county sealer of weights and measures. Two separate charges are made, one being that Derleth sold to Fred Bennett a quantity of butter represented as being sixty pounds in weight, which was only fifty-six pounds and eight ounces. The other charge states that he sold butter to William Lewinstine by the crate instead of by the pound. The case will come up for trial on Dec. 2, when the butter man will be represented by Attorney W. S. Hill.

Regarding the first mentioned charge, Attorney Hill explained last night that each crate contains twelve packages of butter of varying weight. These packages were not sold by the pound, he stated, but by the entire "drum," the net weight of which was plainly marked on each one. Inasmuch as the aggregate weight of the twelve packages was fifty-six pounds and eight ounces, and was contained in a crate of sixty pound capacity, it was claimed that the county sealer of weights assumed that the crate was represented to contain sixty pounds. As for selling butter by the package instead of by the pound, said Attorney Hill, this was merely a technical point, which was upheld in the state of Wisconsin, and would undoubtedly be sanctioned in this state.

COMPLETING BRIDGE FILL.

Filling in of Pioneer Bridge Is Finished—Now Being Graded.

Filling in of the Pioneer bridge has been completed by the M., M. & S. E. railroad, and the street department has commenced grading the top, preparatory to opening the street for traffic. It is expected that the grading will be completed today, so that the traffic can go straight through by tomorrow. If the weather is suitable, some rock dressing will be placed to carry the traffic over the sand, until the macadam can be laid in the spring. The detour will be kept open in the meantime, thus affording a choice of two roads.

BOWLING CHALLENGE.

Pool Sharks After Sculp of Katzenjammer Kids—Game Friday.

The high school bowling team, more popularly known as "The Pool Sharks," have challenged the Katzenjammer Kids to a special match game. The challenge has been accepted, and the game will be played at the Elks' Bowling alleys on Friday evening, Nov. 26, at 7:30.

The Pool Sharks' team consists of the following players: Penny Morrison, Bub St. John, Silver Hornbogen, Bill Siegel, and Gus Sonnenberg, captain.



3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Condensed from Statement to the Comptroller of the Currency, Nov. 10, 1915.

RESOURCES:	
Time Loans	\$ 762,802 56
Demand Collateral Loans	\$349,178 85
Cash, Exchange and due from U. S. Treasurer	639,210 41
U. S. Bonds and Other Bonds at par	988,389 26
Bank Building and Real Estate	634,805 39
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	43,000 00
	6,000 00
Total	\$2,434,997 71

LIABILITIES:	
Capital Stock Paid in	\$150,000 00
Surplus and Profits	57,717 85
Discount Collected, not earned	66,428 19
Reserved to Pay Interest	\$ 274,148 04
Reserved to Pay Taxes	7,734 79
National Bank Notes Outstanding	5,043 39
Dividends Unpaid	145,050 00
Deposits	6 00
	2,003,017 49
Total	\$2,434,997 71

Designated United States Depository. Capital, Surplus and Profits, \$250,000

OFFICERS:
LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, President.
EDW. S. BICE, Vice President.
C. L. BRAINERD, Cashier.
W. O. JOHNSON, Ass't Cashier.
O. E. BROWN, Ass't Cashier.

Send for Our Booklet entitled 'MODERN BANKING'

DIRECTORS:
L. G. KAUFMAN,
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S. R. KAUFMAN,
A. O. JOPLING,
EDW. S. BICE.

ONE HUNDRED YEARS A COMMERCIAL BANK



of the City of New York
192 Broadway
Corner John St.

Capital and Surplus, \$5,000,000
Resources - - \$75,000,000

CHARTER MEMBER NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE BANK
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

Condensed Statement of Condition at the Close of Business, November 10th, 1915.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	\$51,256,279.26	Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits	\$ 5,318,902.22
U. S. Bonds (Par)	1,350,000.00	Circulation	1,186,097.50
Other Stocks and Bonds	5,525,431.67	Deposits	72,716,283.43
Banking House	170,000.00		
Cash and Exchanges	20,919,572.22		
	\$79,221,283.15		\$79,221,283.15

OFFICERS

LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, President

FRANK J. BEANEY, Vice-Pres.
RICHARD H. HIGGINS, V.-Pres.
WILLIAM H. STRAWN, V.-Pres.
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