

ALLIES DEMAND THAT GREECE JOIN THEM OR DEMOBILIZE

ENTENTE PROCLAIMS COMMERCIAL BLOCKADE TO SHOW EARNESTNESS

While Reports Are Not Confirmed, It Is Certain Lord Kitchener, Who Called on King Constantine Saturday, Told Him What Allies Could and Would Do Unless Hellenic Kingdom Fulfilled Her Treaty Obligations with Serbia--Won't Permit Any Delay.

London, Nov. 22, 2:41 a. m.—An Athens dispatch to the Times says it is confirmed that the entente powers have imposed restrictions on Greek trade. The allied fleets, it is added, have already begun searching steamers flying the Greek flag in the Aegean and Mediterranean seas.

London, Nov. 21, 10:20 p. m.—The entente allies have demanded that Greece either join with them and fulfill her treaty obligations to Serbia, or demobilize, and to impress King Constantine that they mean what they say, the allies have declared a commercial blockade of the Hellenic empire, according to dispatches from Athens. There is no confirmation of the statements available here, but it is very certain that Lord Kitchener, the British war secretary, who had an hour's audience with the king of Greece yesterday, and afterward saw Premier Skouloudis, took a firm stand and told them what the allies could and would do unless their demands were conceded.

The Greek cabinet met to consider the situation and a few hours should show what Greece's future attitude will be. The Greek government has again affirmed its friendliness to the allies, but has not yet taken the step required to prevent Greece from being counted among the friends of the central powers.

ALLIES WON'T PERMIT DELAY. The entente allies will not permit any delay; the position of the Serbian army makes any prolongation of the present uncertainty impossible. Already the Serbians are making what may be their last stand before Monastir and also on the plains of Kosovo.

The Bulgarians, it is true, are being held up by unfavorable weather conditions, but they must be almost at the gates of the Macedonian capital by this time; while the Austro-Germans and the Bulgarians are slowly but surely pressing back the northern army.

The Germans announce today the capture of Novipazar, and are therefore on the direct road to Mitrovitz, which has been the Serbian capital since Nish fell into the hands of the Bulgarians. The other armies are pressing in from the north, the northwest, the northeast and the east, and even the Monengros, who held their positions for so long, are being forced back.

Of the French and British troops in the south no news has been received. Apparently they are only holding their positions and can no longer hope to be of assistance to Serbia, except by keeping a large number of Bulgarians engaged. According to German reports an effort will be made by the French and British to save the Serbians by sending troops to Montenegro and Albania, but with poor roads it will take a long time for them to reach the battlefield.

RUSSIANS REGAINING GROUND. There is no change on the other battle fronts. The Italians still are fighting for Gorizia and the Russians are regaining ground which they lost along the Sty river last week. Czartorysk, a little village unknown before the war, and which became famous for the bitter fighting that has occurred around it, is again in the possession of the Russians, who evidently permitted the Germans to enter in order that they might shell them out the next day.

The German attack which met with initial success was doomed to final failure as the country around was a great marsh, and, in the opinion of Petrograd, the offensive was taken for political, not military purposes, with the object of impressing Roumania.

In Courland the weather has enforced illness upon both armies.

NO COMMERCE WITH GREECE. Paris, Nov. 21, 3:20 p. m.—The Athens correspondent of the Havas News agency, in a dispatch filed yesterday, confirms the report that the entente powers have declared a commercial blockade on Greece. The announcement to this effect, made in the form of a note issued by the British legation at Athens, is as follows:

"Because of the attitude taken by the Hellenic government in regard to certain questions touching closely the security and liberty of action of the allied troops, under the condition of their disembarkment on Greek territory, the ally powers have deemed it necessary to take certain measures which will have the effect of suspending the economic and commercial facilities which Greece has received from them heretofore.

ASKS STATES' AID IN PUTTING STOP TO BOMB PLOTS

United States Government's Intention of Running Down and Prosecuting Those Responsible for Factory Explosions and Intimidation of Labor Announced.

Washington, Nov. 21.—Official notice of the United States government's intention to employ all its resources in running down and punishing those responsible for factory explosions, intimidation of labor and other acts of violence against American industry, is coupled, in a statement issued tonight by Attorney General Gregory, with an appeal to state authorities, to be equally vigorous in dealing with lawlessness beyond the reach of the federal statutes.

"Information indicating attacks upon lawful American industries and commerce through incendiary fires and explosions in factories, threats to intimidate employees, and other acts of violence," says the statement, "have so often developed during the last few months as to demand searching investigations and prosecutions. The department of justice will continue unflinchingly to investigate all such acts and prosecute all developed violations of federal statutes, seeking indictments under the federal law prohibiting the interstate transportation of explosives, the Sherman law, the law relating to conspiracy to commit an offense against or to defraud the United States and the laws relating to crime on ships on the high seas.

WANTS STATES TO ACT, TOO. "These conditions, so destructive to commerce and labor of the United States, require vigorous action on the part of all agencies of the state and federal governments. It is therefore to be earnestly hoped that state officials will be equally active.

"I have instructed the agents of the department of justice, whenever they discover evidence of violation of state criminal laws, to place the evidence at the disposal of the local state officials, and I assume that such officials will cooperate in acquainting the federal officials with all information tending to show the commission of federal crime."

WASHINGTON REQUESTS RELEASE OF AMERICANS HELD AT EDINBURGH

London, Nov. 21, 12:22 p. m.—The American embassy has requested the British government to release Emil Mielhke and Herman Krauss, of Chicago, naturalized American citizens, of German birth, who were taken from the Norwegian-American liner Kristianiafjord when it was detained recently at Kirkwall. The two men now are confined in Edinburgh. Their passports are correct, but the British authorities are making a practice of detaining naturalized citizens who are unable to produce their naturalization papers. When word was received from Washington that Mr. Mielhke and Mr. Krauss were entitled unquestionably to their passports, immediate representations were made for their release.

Mielhke a Contractor. Chicago, Nov. 21.—Emil Mielhke is a general contractor and has lived in Chicago for twenty-three years. At his residence on the West Side tonight it was said that Mrs. Mielhke was seriously ill and knowledge of her husband's predicament had been kept from her. The family of the contractor consists of his wife and eight children. It was said he had gone to Germany to settle an estate and had expected to remain but a short time. Nothing could be learned about Herman Krauss.

PORTER CHARLTON FREE AFTER 29-DAY SENTENCE FOR MURDERING HIS WIFE

Como, Italy, via Paris, Nov. 21, 9:40 p. m.—Porter Charlton, the American who was tried recently on a charge of murdering his wife, and who was found guilty and sentenced to six years and eight months' imprisonment, was released today. He is in good health and spirit.

By reason of the time that Charlton had been under restraint and an additional one year taken from his sentence under an amnesty decree, Charlton was compelled to serve only twenty-nine days in prison after his conviction and sentence. Charlton killed his wife in 1910 and placed the body in a trunk and threw it into Lake Como.

FRESH AIR CARS TRIED IN CHICAGO FOR FIRST TIME

Chicago, Nov. 21.—Sixty street cars with windows removed were put into service today by the Chicago Surface line company. Signs in front of the cars proclaimed them "fresh air cars." The first car started at 6 o'clock in the morning and it was after 10 o'clock tonight when the last car checked into the barn. The cars operated on the principal lines penetrating the loop district.

Street car officials reported that although the patronage was large in the aggregate, it could not be determined from the first day's experiment whether the plan would prove successful. About thirty-five passengers to a trip was said to be the average number carried, but many of these rode only a few blocks. The temperature throughout the day remained about the freezing point with a sharp wind.

TEXAS CHIEF WILL MEET WITH GEN. CARRANZA

Austin, Tex., Nov. 21.—Governor James E. Ferguson of Texas next Tuesday will confer with Venustiano Carranza, head of the de facto Mexican government, on the international bridge at Laredo. The governor said tonight he was going to Laredo upon invitation of General Carranza. This will be the first meeting of the Texas executive and the Mexican first chief and it is believed border questions, especially problems of co-operation between Mexican and Texas authorities to prevent renewal of bandit disturbances in the lower Rio Grande valley, will occupy their attention.

TRY TO BAR VILLA RETREAT.

Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 21.—To prevent the main Villa army reported retreating from Hermosillo, from reaching Nogales, General Alvaro Obregon, Carranza commander in northern Mexico, has bridge burning squads operating along the Hermosillo-Nogales railway line. A skirmish today at Labota, near Santa Cruz, is reported in advance reaching here tonight to have resulted in a check for Obregon's westward movement. Obregon reports, however, indicate that the Villa forces withdrew after an hour's fighting. General Obregon reported to General Carranza today that Cananea had been garrisoned following the flight yesterday of the Villa forces under General Jose Rodriguez.

General Carranza telegraphed today that reinforcements will leave Piedras Negras, tomorrow, in bond for Naco, traveling through United States territory. Advice to Mexican Consul Leveiler stated that 1,800 men and 400 cavalry horses will constitute the first detachment.

CARRANZA URGES PATIENCE.

Laredo, Tex., Nov. 21.—Venustiano Carranza, head of the de facto Mexican government, publicly thanking the throng which welcomed him in Nuevo Laredo last night said:

"You must all have patience and faith and strive with the Carranza party in this arduous task of reconstruction and overcoming the mistakes of former regimes."

DYNAMITE IS FOUND AT OIL HEAD'S HOME

Tarrytown, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Four sticks of dynamite with wires and caps attached, wrapped in paper, were found yesterday on the estate of John D. Archbold, president of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey; it became known tonight when the financier issued instructions to increase the number of guards. The explosives were discovered near a tree by the superintendent of the estate.

MOTOR BOAT UPSETS; FIVE ARE DROWNED

New York, Nov. 21.—Five men, two of whom were brothers, were drowned off Rockaway Point today after the capsizing of their twenty-foot motor boat in a squall. The others of the party, with the aid of life preservers, kept afloat until rescued.

WILSON STARTS THIRD MESSAGE FOR CONGRESS

President Has Put Aside All Other Business and Will Devote His Time to Suggestions for Legislation—Will Read It at Joint Session of House and Senate.

While No Attempt Is Being Made to Deal With All Pressing Questions, Most of the Major Ones Will Be Given Attention—Plans Special Messages Later.

Washington, Nov. 21.—President Wilson will put aside practically all other public business this week to devote his entire time to completing his third annual message to congress, which he plans to read personally at a joint meeting of the senate and house on Dec. 7. He has given instructions that none but very important engagements be made for him. Even Tuesday's cabinet meeting may be cancelled, although it is possible that the president may decide to read a preliminary draft of the message to his official advisers at that time.

The president is working hard to have the message in the hands of the printers before Thanksgiving day. He has decided on the chief features after careful consultation with close advisers and now is writing the message out on his typewriter. No attempt is being made to deal in the document with all the public questions pressing for solution, for the president plans to read special messages to congress as occasions arise.

SUGGESTIONS TO RAISE FUNDS.

Representative Fitzgerald, chairman of the house appropriations committee, held a long conference with the president tonight and urged him to include in the message an outline of methods considered best for raising revenues to meet the appropriation deemed certain to be greatly increased because of the administration's national defense plan.

Mr. Fitzgerald directed attention to an amendment in the sundry civil bill of 1908, which provides that in case the estimated appropriation exceeds the estimate of any years the president may advise the congress how, in his judgment, the estimated appropriation could, with least injury to the public service, be reduced, so as to bring the appropriation within the estimated revenue. Or if such reduction be not in his judgment practicable, without undue injury to the public service, he may recommend to congress such loans or new taxes as may be necessary to cover the deficiency.

The view was taken by Mr. Fitzgerald that the president should at least indicate generally how he thought the needed money might be raised, and it was considered probable tonight that this will be done. Other advisers of the president, however, have told him that since revenue measures must originate in the house, he ought not to try to usurp that power.

OPPOSE A BOND ISSUE.

Mr. Fitzgerald, Senator Underwood and a number of other leaders of congress on the Democratic side are known to be opposed to a bond issue to pay for the army and navy increases, for the reason that the expenditure for the purpose will have to be continued from year to year. Although the president may not refer to all of the subjects in his message at the opening of congress, the program which the administration hopes to see disposed of during the coming session includes:

Strengthening of the army in accordance with the plans outlined by Secretaries Garrison and Daniels. A merchant bill. Rural credits legislation. Ratification of the Haitian, Colombian and Nicaraguan treaties. A bill to give a greater measure of self government to the Philippines and promising ultimate independence. Conservation measure which failed to pass at the last session. Amendment of the anti-trust laws so as to allow the use of common selling agencies abroad by American exporters. Legislation to protect the American market against the "dumping" of cheap foreign products following the European war.

ARE AFTER BOMB PLOTTERS.

Amendment of the Sherman law so as to give the federal government more power to prosecute plots to interfere with American commerce by blowing up factories and ships. The administration also is interested

FOUR MEN MAKE ESCAPE FROM JACKSON PRISON

Guard Saw Last Convict Scaling Wall but Aim Was Hinderred—One Is Recaptured.

Jackson, Mich., Nov. 21.—Four inmates of Jackson prison escaped Friday night over the north wall of the penitentiary. A wall guard saw the last man escape and fired upon him, but all got away.

Ross Abbas was captured shortly before midnight at River Junction, about ten miles north of the prison, by Deputy Sheriff Leeks. Leeks will be given a \$100 reward.

The missing men are: Fred Brown, alias Lewis Locke, forty-five years old, a nee, sentenced from Calhoun county in 1908 to serve from five to fifteen years for burglary; Lee Taylor, a negro, forty-seven years old, sentenced from Berrien county in 1906 to serve from seven and one-half to fifteen years for robbery; and Frank Wilhelm, twenty-two, received from Berrien county in 1911 to serve five to fifteen years for burglary.

The men were employed in the brick plant and the power house. The ladder used in the escape was constructed of rope and an iron pipe.

Because of the distance and the darkness, the guards aiming was poor. Other guards were attracted by the shot and within a few moments a search was in progress.

Neighboring towns and cities have been notified and the usual reward of \$100 for each man is offered. It was believed, the escape was carefully planned, the rainy evening being favorable. The men scaled the wall while the other inmates were preparing to march from the yard to their cells.

KEPT DAUGHTER ALONE IN ROOM ELEVEN YEARS

Easton, Md., Nov. 21.—After what is said by the authorities to have been solitary confinement in a room eight feet wide by ten feet long for a period of eleven years, emancipated a d unable to speak, Grace Marshall, twenty-eight years old, tonight was turned over to Dr. Charles Davidson, of this city for treatment. Tomorrow the county grand jury is expected to consider charges that Frank Marshall, the young woman's father, and his second wife, kept the girl so entirely isolated from human society that even her closest relatives believed she was dead, in his farmhouse near St. Michaels, near here. Miss Marshall was taken from the house through the instrumentality of the children's Aid society of Easton.

INSANE, HER FATHER SAYS.

The father said the girl was insane and he locked her up because he could not afford to put her in an institution as he declares he was advised to do by physicians. He is said to have admitted that the girl's stepmother was the only person who had seen her during the last three years. Dr. Davidson said today that the girl had been poorly fed and inadequately clothed. She is five feet tall and weighs only 57½ pounds.

TOKIO IS STIRRED BY NEWS THAT ALLIES WANT JAPAN TO JOIN

Tokio, Nov. 21.—The keenest interest has been aroused in Japan by Washington advices that representations have been made to China to induce her to join the entente allies. The foreign office declined to discuss the matter at this time, but in the absence of precise information various explanations are being advanced as to the motive of the interested nations. Persons who are in close touch with foreign affairs assert that thus far no formal agreement has been entered into by China.

The explanation generally offered in Tokio is that the allies are endeavoring to devise a plan to put an end to German activity in the Orient. It is learned that strong representations have been made at Peking in regard to various matters touching the interest of the allies.

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HUGHES.

While it is apparent that Justice Hughes will throw every obstacle in the way of the men who would like to make him a candidate in the primaries for the Republican nomination for president, there is a plenty of evidence that the "Hughes for president" movement will not be finally killed unless he takes still more drastic measures to lay it low.

About the only thing that is clear about the Republican convention, now only a few months away, is the fact that no candidate who will be able to boast any delegates will have more than a handful, compared with the number required to bring about a nomination. And there will be little enthusiasm among the body of delegates. For any one of those who will have the handful.

Under the circumstances that will exist after the chaplain has said the prayer, Justice Hughes will be at the same time the strongest and the most available man the party could nominate. He will be infinitely stronger than Root, if for no other reason than at the time Root was the respectable front of the dubious proceedings of 1912, he was enjoying the seclusion and aloofness from the bitterness of the day that are the part of the justices of the supreme court. And of all the men who are likely to be seriously considered by the convention, Root is the only one that can, in any degree, be compared with Hughes in personal strength and value of his services.

These considerations will certainly carry much weight with the delegates, if a deadlock should be fastened on the convention, unless Justice Hughes shall make it clear beyond question that he would not accept a nomination, even if one was offered him.

FRANCE TO SPEND VAST SUM.

The arrival in this country of a French commission charged with the responsibility of spending a sum running into the hundreds of millions of dollars has aroused unusual interest, for it signifies that France is looking ahead to the ending of the war, although it may still be far in the future. The significant thing about the coming of this commission is that its expenditures have nothing to do with the war, being concerned only with the restoration of the country after the struggle is over.

The commission seeks to purchase machinery to be used in rehabilitating French industries that have been destroyed by the Germans, and this means the rebuilding and equipment of all her factories, mines and transportation systems with new machinery of the best type. The machine will be at premium in Europe after the war, for manual labor will be scarce and France will want the best machinery in the world—and that she can buy only in America. She will want cars and locomotives and rails and commercial conveniences without end, and material for bridges and buildings and ships. Other countries affected by the war will have the same wants, although in lesser degree, and there will come similar demands from England, Germany, Russia, Italy, Belgium and the other belligerents.

The warring nations will keep their men at home for the work of reconstruction. It will take many years to restore their industries to their old productiveness, and meanwhile they will be burdened by war debts, heavy taxation and high prices. The United States will have its hands full manufacturing and selling the belligerents what they need and can't buy anywhere else.

LESS WHEAT NEXT YEAR.

It is certain already that there will be a smaller wheat crop next year in the United States and in the world. The decrease in the yield of that great bread grain is likely to be very large and of the utmost importance, especially to countries involved in the war. The acreage sown to winter wheat in this country is less by probably 15 per cent than it was last fall. It is entirely unreasonable to hope that a smaller percentage of the area devoted to wheat will be killed by the coming winter than was so affected a year ago. It is equally improbable that the average yield to the acre will be larger than it was this year. The conditions which made the record harvests of 1915 possible are too hard to surpass.

The situation is the same in respect to several other wheat exporting countries. Canada cannot hope to do better than the Dominion has done this year. The latest wheat crop in Australia was carried far beyond the usual limit by exceedingly fortunate conditions. The harvests have been extremely good in many parts of Europe, in proportion to the acreage sown. War conditions will prevent the tilling of more land in time for the wheat crop of 1916.

If the great bread grains should have a poor year, or even an average year, the miseries resulting from the war would be enormously increased by star-

vation in Europe. The hunger of great nations might be a fearful climax of war suffering. It is one peril, luckily escaped so far, which scores of millions may face within the coming year.

The resignation of V. S. Hillyer as road superintendent will remove from the county's employ the man who has had charge of its highways ever since the county road system was introduced. His tenure of office has been a long one, as road superintendents go, and no small part of the good results secured in the county has been due to the harmony that has obtained between him and the members of the commission. They have been able to devote all their energies to the practical problems of their department. None of it has been dissipated in controversy as to what ought to be done, as is not infrequently the case in other counties. The layman is little qualified to pronounce judgment on road superintendents, but Mr. Hillyer's work has earned the endorsement of specialists in his line and has had the approval and commendation of the board to which he has been responsible. During his period of service, Marquette has extended good roads to the boundaries of all the neighboring counties, Alger, Delta, Dickinson and Baraga. No other county in the upper peninsula has done more to provide the district with a network of first class highways.

The conviction of Charles B. Munday, who was associated with former Senator Lorimer in the LaSalle Street Trust & Savings bank at Chicago, and the sentence of five years in prison which was pronounced against him show the great hazard for the men who seek to profit through it of crooked banking. Munday's offenses included violation of nearly every section of the banking laws, and not even the most resourceful of attorneys were able to dull the array of evidence that the prosecution placed before the jury. The Lorimer institutions were ill-fated from the beginning. Primarily they were conceived with the idea that the former senator's political prestige could be capitalized into the means for large earnings. But they were hardly afloat before the senator's prestige had been hopelessly wrecked by his expulsion from the senate. Banking and politics don't mix very well, as a rule. No attempt to mix them was ever made with more disastrous results than in the case of the LaSalle institutions.

Medell McCormick, who was active in the Progressive campaign in 1912, but who lately rejoined the Republican party, is quoted at Chicago as saying that the nomination of Elihu Root for president would not do at all, that it would be certain to reignite all the fires of 1912 and to alienate the vote of a vast army of former Progressives who might support some other Republican candidate. Some importance is attached to the statement because McCormick was lately a visitor at Oyster Bay and talked at length with one Col. Roosevelt. Thus it is deduced—with what accuracy each reader must judge for himself—that his views reflect those of the colonel. But of course there are persons who maintain that it doesn't much matter what the colonel does, or does not do, in 1916. Again of late they have been busy with his political obscurities.

One measure for preparedness, at least, will doubtless recommend itself to the body of congressmen. It is the proposal to double the number of cadets at West Point, for in doubling the number of cadets the number of appointments, too, will be doubled. And appointments are patronage, on which the average member would never think of turning his back. If a double allotment of garden seed could by any legitimate means be made to appear to strengthen Uncle Sam on the land, that would have a good chance, also.

"He was strong with the people, for years their hero," says the Houghton Gazette of the late Senator Burrows. In all the later years of his career, during all the long period of his senatorial service, the former senator went before the people but once, and that before center sent to Washington in his stead Charles E. Townsend. Truly a strange manner which hero worship took to manifest itself.

At Menominee the experts are far apart as to the value of the water system. The company's expert has, naturally, a much more exalted opinion of what it is worth than the expert hired by the city. It was ever thus.

Senator Penrose sent a denial of the story that he is a candidate for the G. O. P. presidential nomination as close on his heels as he could get it. Penrose is one politician who realizes his limitations.

As a few votes for either of the candidates will be sufficient to give them a place on the ballot that will be submitted to the voters next month, it is

not to be expected that the primary court will engender much interest. Marquette is taking its commission politics much more calmly than it did the politics that developed under the old adremanic plan.

Champ Clark is for defense, but a limited defense. As that appears to be the position of the President, here are two Democratic leaders who are in substantial agreement about preparedness.

Now all the football to speak of is out of the way except Army-Navy and Pennsylvania-Cornell. The season will be remembered as the season of upsets.

There may be fewer hunters in the woods, but there is the usual quota of "thought it was a deer" and "didn't know it was loaded" accidents.

The Musing News intimates that the jailing of Patrolman Myrick was merely a hangover of the bitterness of the recent campaign.

Justice Hughes, it must be granted, is leaving nothing undone to make clear his purpose not to be a candidate.

Big Bill Thompson a candidate for president! The Illinois wets no doubt hope he means it.

STATE PRESS

Isaac Stephenson, former senator from Wisconsin, has sent a torpedo in the direction of the good ship LaFollette—Detroit News.

Ike Stephenson now claims that Senator LaFollette was the largest item of his patriotic campaign munificence—Detroit Times.

Senator Sherman sneaked into Michigan with his presidential boom without a word of warning to William Alden Smith—Bay City Times.

Peace has broken out again in various European capitals, but the latest dispatches indicate the likelihood of its being put down before sunset—Detroit Journal.

We suppose it hasn't occurred to anybody but General Villa to wonder whether King Peter of Serbia got away with his bathtub when he escaped from Nish—Grand Rapids Press.

There is a growing feeling that boys should complete their education by going at least through the high school, as it works mischief with the football team if they don't—Flint Journal.

That Frenchman who is in the country with a view of placing a billion dollar order for agricultural machinery at the conclusion of the war is a most desirable immigrant—Jackson Patriot.

Englishmen of fighting age who want to escape conscription can do so by enlisting voluntarily. A volunteer, however, is in just as much danger on the battlefield as a conscript—Kalamazoo Gazette.

We note that Henry Lane Wilson, former ambassador to Mexico, is to give an address in Detroit on that country. But Mexico has seen three or four volumes of history since Henry was there—Saginaw Courier-Herald.

EDITORIAL OPINION

A Brave Peasant Nation.

For between twelve and thirteen centuries the brave Serbian people have kept the spirit, if not often unable to maintain the form, of independence. To Byzantines, Bulgarians, Hungarians, Turks, they have submitted unsubmitively and shaken off as they could. Assassination has been a too frequent incident of their agonies. The people, simple or fierce, indomitable, unbroken often conquered, have always been admirable for valor and resolution; such they showed when, in the seventh century, they came down from north of the Carpathians and drove the Avars out of that old and barbarian-wasted Thracian country that was to be Serbia. Unnumbered woes they have seen in their secular adventurous history, the captivity of hundreds of thousands, the extermination of multitudes, famine, fire and sword, the Turk; and now something like a culmination of disasters at the hands of the allies of the Turk. A country with no noble class, a country of free peasants, each tilling his little freehold farm. A country without great towns, Belgrade has, had, only some 80,000 inhabitants, Nish less than 25,000. A country where, before the free land was given to Austria by the Hohenzollern, no houses and papers were unknown.

To these plucky peasants, making their last stand, goes, without violation of neutrality, the respect and sympathy due to brave men bound to be free, men "that know how to die."—New York Times.

The Revolt Against Children.

For a good many years now the idea of women revolting against the tyranny of men has been bandied about. It is now no longer shocking. But a new kind of revolt is in the air; this time also a revolt of women, but it is against their children.

Women, it seems, are just beginning to feel the tyranny of the young people. Parents have lost their influence. A suburban mother complained to her club mates recently that girls of sixteen were making their own social standards, deciding upon what they must wear in order to be considered in the social whirl, choosing their escorts after dancing school, disregarding all the while their parents' admonitions. Girls and boys have risen to a never independence, and they seem to be enlarging it.

The private back yard has yielded to the public playground, and because this is the children's century the teacher at school is whipless. Parents, by force of circumstances, have relinquished their children to the community, but they have not given the community the right to be playground, and because this is the children's century the teacher at school is whipless. Parents, by force of circumstances, have relinquished their children to the community, but they have not given the community the right to be playground, and because this is the children's century the teacher at school is whipless. Parents, by force of circumstances, have relinquished their children to the community, but they have not given the community the right to be playground, and because this is the children's century the teacher at school is whipless.

ers are barely acquainted with their immediate neighbors. The children of a community know each other and the parents do not. Mary is able to complain that all her friends go to the moving pictures in the evening without chaperons and assert that to be recognized she must have a pair of fur topped boots.

The children are led on by public opinion among their companions, but there is no parental public opinion to check them. It will avail father nothing to get out the shingle. The one-time authority will have to be delegated to the teachers.—Chicago Tribune.

Just Fooling Themselves.

An example of the crude methods of thinking that are too common nowadays is found in the intimation that because their friends go to other schools, the children of a community know each other and the parents do not. Mary is able to complain that all her friends go to the moving pictures in the evening without chaperons and assert that to be recognized she must have a pair of fur topped boots.

Government operations are cheaper than private operations, only in appearance, and this apparent superiority in point of profitableness is merely a matter of bookkeeping. A number of items are left out of the account; that is all. Governments do not charge interest on a loan, or depreciation of plant, or for other entries that prudent firms or individuals must make or go bankrupt. The drain from these sources is the same for both public and private operations, however. It is not to be denied that they include the various items of cost in its figures for the immediate work in hand it collects them from the public later on and in other ways, while the individual industry has to lump them all in its bill for a contract.

Whether the public pays for these items, whether its services is performed by the government or by private persons, the only difference between the two methods is that private concerns must get a profit to pay their shareholders in the form of dividends, while the government does not have to add this amount to its price. But in practice this difference is always wiped out by the higher cost of governmental operations; or, as it is usually put, governmental waste inevitably equals or exceeds corporate disbursements.

To suppose that governments evade un-describable charges when they perform a given piece of work is only to delude one's self. It is a form of delusion that seems to be alluring at present, but after the public has paid high taxes long enough to incur what causes them to lose it, they are sure to lose its power. The taxman saying might accurately be made to read that people can fool themselves part of the time, but not all the time.—Detroit Free Press.

A LAUGH OR TWO

Hereditary.

Sunday School Teacher—Our golden text today is from the book of Judges. John, do you recall it? John (politician's son)—Our family is dead opposed to the recall of judges.—Albany Argus.

By No Means.

"What do you think of this theory that the office should seek the man?" "Properly applied it is all right." "Yes." "It should not be made an excuse for sitting around waiting for a job to come to you."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

More to Remember.

The teacher, a lady of uncertain age, was having a hard time teaching Johnny the names of the kings of England. "Why, when I was your age," she said, "I could recite the names of the kings backward and forward."

Mutual Interest.

Blushing, she hid her face on her father's shoulder. "He loves me," she breathed. "Wants to marry you, eh?" the old man groined.

Both Unnecessary.

Former Speaker Cannon tells this story of his early impetuosity days: "One of my friends was a struggling physician. Neither fame nor fortune had come to either of us, but we were always hopeful. The years had weighed heavily upon my friend, however, for he soon lost his hair, being quite bald."

Relief.

Englishman visiting the United States for the first time was riding in a street car in New York. Opposite to him sat a woman upon whose lap was a very ugly baby—an uncomprehendingly home-ly child. The baby seemed to fascinate the Englishman; he couldn't keep his eyes off it; he would look away, drop his eyeglass, and endeavor to fix his at-

tention on some other object. But it was of no use—he had to look back. At last the mother—obviously annoyed—leaned over and hoarsely whispered "rubber!"

A relieved smile spread over the ruddy countenance of the Englishman, and he replied with great fervor: "Madam, thank God! Do you know, I actually thought it was real!"—Everybody's.

"Did those party leaders refer to me as presidential timber?" asked Senator Sorenson. "In a way," replied the busy worker. "They say you would have made an excellent choice of a wooden Indian."—Washington Star.

The wounded Highlander in a hospital was very depressed and seemed to make no headway toward recovery. He was forever talking about his "homeie Scotch land," and when he occurred to the doctor that a Scotch pipe might rouse his spirits.

"After some hunting around a pipe was found, and it was arranged that he should present himself outside the hospital that night and pour forth all the gems of Scotch music that pipes were capable of interpreting. This he did.

When the astute doctor turned up the next morning he eagerly asked the matron: "Did the pipe turn up?" "He did," replied the matron. "And how's our Scotch patient?" "Oh, he's fine; I never saw such a change," said the matron. "That's grand. It was a fine idea of mine to get that pipe," said the delighted doctor.

"Yes," said the matron sadly; "but the other thirty patients have all had a serious relapse."—London Tit-Bits.

LOWER STATE NOTES

GREENVILLE—Thomas J. O'Brien, of Grand Rapids, former ambassador to Japan, Senator Charles Townsend, John C. Ketchum and Henry D. Eastbrook, New York lawyer, will be the speakers Dec. 2 at the bandstand in front of the Greenville Republican club.

ALMA—The Republic Motortruck company, which has built three new buildings this last summer, with a foot space of 500,000 square feet, has started work on another, new structure shaped like the letter T, which will contain an additional 50,000 square feet of floor space, due to the more rapidly increasing business of the company.

ALMA—Leo Weatherly, of this city, aged twenty-one years, was perhaps fatally injured when kicked in the head by a horse. Weatherly was working for a feed barn where a sale of horses to the British government was being held and entered one of the stalls to bring out a horse when it kicked him in the head, nearly severing the right ear, and it is feared fracturing his skull.

MUSKEGON—Four pairs of silver foxes, valued at over \$20,000, have just been placed on the fox farm of William H. Smith, located just outside of the eastern limits of the city. The animals were shipped from New Brunswick and which has been especially prepared for them at a cost of several thousand dollars. Added foxes will be secured in the near future, the total investment in the venture to be nearly \$200,000, according to present plans.

GRAND RAPIDS—Alfred Ebert Wurzburg of this city, is being detained in England on suspicion of being a spy. It was learned when the board of health received a telegram from Secretary Robert Lansing asking it to verify a statement that Wurzburg was born in this country Nov. 22, 1891. Wurzburg is the son of T. W. Wurzburg, who has resided in Grand Rapids for seventy years. The father is eighty-three years old and some time ago returned to Germany. The young man has two brothers here, William H. and Edward W. Wurzburg, of the Wurzburg Dry Goods company. He was employed here as an advertising manager, but last January went to Montevideo. There he secured employment in a packing house which sends meat to England. Some time ago Wurzburg left Montevideo for England, and improvement in his health, and under contemplation, among the latter being an adequate office building. The new laboratory is expected to be ready in about ten days. It is a brick structure and will be modern in every way, including a small one crusher and bucking board for dressing the coal.

ADRIAN—Some of the future greats at the Adrian High school read the dispatch from Hopkinton, N. H., last week telling of the capturing of desks with molasses, and the inventive Adrian youths manufactured a mammoth "stink bomb" in the chemistry laboratory and just before noon exploded it in the main corridor over an air ventilator. The fumes permeated every room. Half a hundred students refused to enter the building and were marked either tardy or absent. School officials said that since students had done the deed, the students would have to suffer. Many of the girls complained of sickness and headaches from inhaling the gases. There has been trouble all year. Books have been stolen, the clapper on the central bell has been stolen and there was one near revolution nipped in the bud. The board of education has offered a reward of \$100 for anyone found in the school buildings after class hours. Superintendent Griffey told two newspapermen that he would like to O.K. anything written about the schools before it was published. This has not been O.K'd.

MANISTEE—While an appeal from the ruling of Judge Withey denying the petition for a writ of mandamus requiring the board of supervisors to reconvene and submit the question of local option to the voters of Manistee county at the coming spring election is being prepared at anti-union headquarters in Lansing, the issue, if it goes to the supreme court, will be on the merits of the original proposition and not through the taking of any technical advantage by local sponsors of the move. Informed that an opinion of the attorney general gave them the right to withdraw their originally filed affidavits of posting and to submit new ones at the special session of the board called for next Tuesday to adjust the matter for the convenience of the voters. The petition was denied by Judge Withey and they are drawing up an appeal. Some would

like to see the case decided in supreme court on the issues they raised here, but they are not going to amend their affidavits to give it a different aspect.

LANSING—Following a conference with Superintendent of Public Instruction Keeler, Governor Ferris announced that at the next meeting of the board of control of the industrial school for boys he would outline his plans for a complete reorganization of the educational system. The governor is determined that evils in the educational system at the Lansing institution shall be corrected as speedily as possible and if Superintendent Lawson does not carry out the plan outlined by the governor in a manner satisfactory to the chief executive it is asserted his resignation will be demanded.

HILLSDALE—George Miller, 103 years old, without food and proper clothing, sits in a cold little hut near the depot at Centert City, Lenawee county, praying for death. In a letter which he handed to a conductor on the Ypsilanti branch of the New York Central, asking that it be turned over to some new owner, the old man makes a pitiful plea for help and calls upon people of his own nationality to come to his aid. Miller is a Frenchman. He has lived for some time solely upon the food and clothing provided him by friendly railroad men. Where he had no money he has been able to learn. It is believed, however, that he escaped from some county farm. The letter follows: "I am a poor old man and live all alone, night and day, and no one comes to call to see how I get along. I look for only one, Almighty God, and I don't know when he will call on me. I have no one to give me a drink of water. I was born in 1812. I sit in my chair nights. I have been in the county house. You are all right if you have friends to help you along. The county house is warm from 6 to 8. If you are sick you don't have any care. I gave many other fellows a drink of water."

Shot Albino Deer. J. E. Miller a member of the Forest Home Hunting club of Detroit, who with other members are hunting at Forest Home, Schoolcraft county, landed a white deer the first day he was out. The deer was a buck weighing in the neighborhood of eighty pounds and was a fine specimen. Mr. Miller has shipped the carcass home and will have it mounted.

Bullets Removed. Two of the bullets that were fired into the body of Edward Fish by Jerome, the negro who invaded the Fish home at Kloran, were removed by Dr. J. O. Groos, the attending physician at St. Francis hospital. One of the bullets was found embedded under the left shoulder blade and the other, which had been fired through the right side of the patient's back, was found within an inch of the surface at the breast. No serious evidences of infection have developed in the wounds and every hope is now held for the complete recovery of the young man.

Operating to Capacity. The Charcoal Iron company of America's Manistique plant is now making its full capacity of iron, alcohol and acetone and other by-products and Manager Edmondson says that the trouble encountered since the plant started up is almost nil. He says that still many improvements are being made under contemplation, among the latter being an adequate office building. The new laboratory is expected to be ready in about ten days. It is a brick structure and will be modern in every way, including a small one crusher and bucking board for dressing the coal.

Experts Are Far Apart. There is likely to be a difference of opinion among experts, and this applies to waterworks engineers in double form. This became startlingly evident to Manistee officials when John V. Alvord, an engineer employed by the Manistee Water company, filed a copy of the result of his work with the city. The net physical worth of the plant of the Manistee Water company was found to be \$287,020, while the report of W. J. Sherman, engineer employed to make the city's appraisal, gave the net valuation of the plant as approximately \$195,000, or about \$92,000 less than the Alvord figure. Another report filed by Mr. Alvord, in which he makes a comparison between his figures and those of Sherman, shows that the difference in valuation is not wholly due to a different way of getting at the amount for which the plant should be depreciated for the number of years it has been in existence. Mr. Alvord says it would cost \$319,028 to reproduce the present plant of the water company. Mr. Sherman told the city it would cost \$282,238 to reproduce the plant. Hence there is a difference of opinion of \$37,300 on what a new plant exactly like the present one would cost. Among the things which Alvord says he has taken into consideration and which he claims Sherman has not allowed for in computing the value of the plant are \$5,000 for operating capital, \$4,880 for preliminary costs, and extra amounts figured for crossings at railway and street car tracks, etc. The Alvord report also allows approximately \$7,000 more for going concern value than the Sherman report's figure of \$1,920 for this. There is also some difference in the estimated cost of labor and materials in the two reports. The largest

Classified Want Directory

WANTED—In Gwin, intelligent, refined woman for coquette. For particulars write Mrs. McCann, 332 W. Chestnut St., Marquette. 11-17-15.

POSITION WANTED—By an experienced clothing clerk. Best of references given. Address A. Z. Mining Journal. 11-15-15.

FOR RENT—Furnished house. Modern, complete, good location. Cheap. P. T. Amstutz. 11-20-15.

FOR RENT—Five-room house at 375 W. Crescent St. Inquire at 368 Alger street. 11-19-15.

FOR RENT—A furnished house, 421 N. Front street. Apply A. Carter. Phone 867-3. 10-12-15.

FOR RENT—The north store of Fraternity block. J. A. Williams, Secy. 11-25-15.

FOR SALE—High class driving horse, Little Johnny; both summer and winter outfits. Inquire of August Koski, Brunswick block. Telephone 599. 11-17-15.

FOR SALE—Horse, good for saddle and driving. Trench's Greenhouse. 11-16-15.

FOR SALE—Medium-sized safe. Call 827-J. 11-9-15.

FOR SALE—Furnished car at Buckrose, safe, MacCosby register and National cash register, excellent condition; at a bargain. Inquire at 118 Buist street, telephone 928. 11-8-15.

STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY. Notice is hereby given that an examination for the degree of C. P. A. will be held in the rooms of the Detroit Technical Institute, Y. M. C. A. Building, Detroit, Michigan, Friday and Saturday, December 17 and 18, 1915.

Information concerning the same and application blanks may be had by addressing the Secretary of the Board, D. W. Springer, Ann Arbor, Mich. 11-18-15.

COPPER RANGE COMPANY. DIVIDEND NO. 28. At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Copper Range company, held this day, a dividend of \$3.00 per share was declared out of the earnings of the current year. The dividend is payable to the stockholders of record at the close of business November 29th, 1915.

Information concerning the same and application blanks may be had by addressing the Secretary of the Board, D. W. Springer, Ann Arbor, Mich. 11-18-15.

difference of opinion between the engineers, however, comes in the method of figuring depreciation. Sherman used the "sinking fund" method. Each report states that the method they have used is the best in their opinion. At any rate by the sinking fund method Alvord depreciates the plant from the reproduction cost of \$319,028 to the estimated present value of \$287,020, a total depreciation of \$32,000. Sherman, on the other hand, by the "straight line" method depreciates the plant a total of approximately \$95,000 from its reproduction cost to its present value.

Drugged to His Death. From injuries received in a runaway, near Egan, John Kivistik died in Municipal hospital. Mr. Kivistik, with Leonard, the nine-year-old son of his employer, John Tomquist, was driving to the latter's farm when the team took fright and ran away. The boy jumped off the wagon and escaped with a few bruises. The teamster wrapped the lines about his hands, and as he was dragged from the wagon caught one of his feet in the head chain. He was dragged, head down, for about half a mile. One of his arms was torn off, the man's spine was broken and he received other serious injuries. Earl Brown, manager of the Eben store, started with the unfortunate man in his car for Munising, soon after the accident. For the past twelve years the late John Kivistik has been engaged as a farm hand for John Tomquist. He had lived near Chatham for about fourteen years.

Injured on Train. Falling to the floor of the train which was going at a rapid speed to make up time and being thrown against a seat of the coach resulted in painful injuries to Mrs. Frank Pollock, of Menominee, who was returning from Chicago accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Joseph Souths. Mrs. Pollock and Mrs. Souths had just returned from the dining car on the train just in Menominee at 11 o'clock, when she went back after a drink. She dropped her cup and was hurled about it. She was struck on the head according to Mrs. Souths, against a seat, her head receiving a severe blow. A number of persons in the coach rushed to her aid and the best care possible was given her until Menominee was reached. In the meantime, Mrs. Souths had telegraphed to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ormby, of this city, who met them at the station. Dr. B. T. Phillips was summoned. Mrs. Pollock's injuries are not serious.

ANOTHER MARQUETTE CASE. It Proves That There's a Way Out for Many Suffering Marquette Folks. Just another report of a case in Marquette. Another typical case. Kidney ailments relieved in Marquette with Doan's Kidney Pills. Mrs. Dan Reynolds, 524 E. Hewitt Ave., Marquette, says: "For a long time I had back aches constantly and when I tried to straighten after stooping sharp pains caught me in my sides. Mornings I always felt tired and I ached all over. I had severe headaches and dizzy spells and I was extremely nervous. The action of my kidneys was irregular and colds settled on my kidneys, making me feel worse. After I had used several kidney medicines without benefit, I took Doan's Kidney Pills and a couple of boxes greatly relieved me. I had had very little trouble since."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Reynolds had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Copper Country

PERSONAL INJURY SUIT NOW THING OF PAST

Houghton County Court Docket Is Nearly Cleared—Accident Board Matters Hereafter.

It is expected that within a few days there will remain on the docket of the circuit court of Houghton county not a single case against a mining company or other corporation that might be considered in the class commonly known as "personal injury cases." The attorneys having such cases pending against corporations are now working on a plan of settlement and it will be completed probably this week.

The class of cases referred to means cases brought by employes against employer. All such cases now are cared for by the industrial accident board because all of the corporations of the county have elected to come under the compensation act. This act removes the question of damages to employes while at work from the courts and establishes a basis of settlement.

The cases that have been pending originated more than three years ago, the law having established that time limit in which to begin new suits for events antedating the operation of the law. The compensation act of course does not affect the rights of the public to sue corporations. It affects only the relations between employes and employers. A passenger on a street car, for example, might sue the company, while the conductor, injured at the same time and through the same cause, if he was on duty, would have to submit his case to the accident board.

Circuit Court Notes.

In the circuit court Friday night the jury awarded a verdict of \$172 in favor of John Rosman against his brother Anton Rosman, the matter involved being a loan.

The court was engaged all day Saturday in the trial of the suit for \$500 of Mrs. Katherine Lukanic against the Slovonic Creation union. Mrs. Lukanic claims a death benefit for her late husband, who was a member of the union. The defense of the union is that he was in arrears and suspended at the time of death.

WILL SELL WHEAT TODAY.

D. C. Ryan Expects to Dispose of the Alfred P. Wright Cargo.

D. C. Ryan, underwriters' agent, inspected the wreck of the steamer Alfred P. Wright in Portage river Saturday. He finds that the fire is out and that it will now be possible to attempt to salvage the wheat. The bulk is entirely submerged with the exception of her after portion.

TAX PROTEST WILL BE SETTLED TODAY

Ruling of Commission on Adams Mix-Up of Assessments Rolls Expected by Supervisors.

One of the most important meetings of the Houghton county board of supervisors in years will take place this morning. At this meeting the assessments of the real estate of Houghton county will be made in accordance with the ruling of the state tax commission in response to the protest made against the equalization of Adams township.

There is in dispute \$2,050,000 of assessed valuation, which the equalization committee of the county board added to the assessment of Adams township, in which are located the mines of the Copper Range Consolidated. The equalization committee aimed at the Copper Range company when it made this increase because Supervisor Denton virtually had decreased the assessments of the properties of his company that much in making up his roll this year.

The protest that brought the state tax commission here to review the roll of Adams township was made by taxpayers other than the Copper Range company, because the makers of the protest felt

that if the \$2,000,000 of valuation was spread over the township it would unduly increase their assessments. One of these interests owns half of the Champion, the principal mine of the Copper Range group, and this interest argued that for this reason the assessment should not affect that property. There are thus four directions that the ruling of the tax commission may take:

It may add the valuation to the entire township.

It may add it to the Copper Range company's group.

It may add it only to the Triunton and Baltic mines, owned outright by the Copper Range company.

It may agree with Supervisor Denton and approve his assessment roll.

The commission announced some time ago that press of business would make it impossible for it to rule on this matter before Nov. 20. It is reasonable to suppose therefore that County Clerk Kaiser will receive the official notice of the decision today. In anticipation of this the supervisors adjourned its November meeting till Monday, Nov. 22.

The delay caused by this protest has hampered the supervisors because they have been unable to spread their taxes. It is the rule to have the rolls in the hands of the township and city treasurers for collection Dec. 1. But the tax commission advises the supervisors that this is not arbitrarily the law and that it is safe to forward the rolls to the treasurers as soon after Nov. 1 as possible, which relieves the supervisors of any responsibility in this connection.

WILL BE DEPORTED TO CANADA.

Youth Charged With Crimes in Copper and Iron Countries Ostracized.

The decision was arrived at Saturday by the authorities concerned to ask the immigration authorities to deport to Canada Leo J. Pierson of Pentanguishine, Ont., who is held at the county jail on a charge of forgery.

Pierson appears to be the real name of the youth who on Friday resisted his name as Thomas White and who earlier in the week gave at Lake Linden the name of McLaughlin and who forged the signature of Agent Campbell of the Copper Range station, Lake Linden, to a draft.

Sheriff Cruise yesterday had a long distance phone conversation with Chief McIntosh of the Marquette police in reference to this young man. The Marquette chief says that Pierson is wanted in Marquette, Michigan, Negunee and Ishpeming. It is established now that he is the youth who represented himself in Ishpeming as the scion of a wealthy house connected with the Cleveland-Cliffs and who was pre-

paring to cut a wide social swath when identified.

COMPLETE CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Baltic-South Range Congregation Plans a Bazaar to Raise Funds.

The congregation of the Baltic-South Range Catholic church, of which Rev. Father Richter of Atlantic is pastor, has decided on plans to raise money for the completion of the church building. At present services are held in the basement of the proposed church, the congregation having succeeded thus far in building only the substructure of the church but it is believed that building operations can be resumed in the spring.

The first enterprise for the raising of funds will be a bazaar during the first week in December, to be held in the basement. It will be on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday nights of that week. The women of the church have arranged to have a musical program each evening and to conduct the usual tables and booths and other departments usual in such an enterprise.

The congregation is a growing and an optimistic one and has hopes of being able to realize within the next year its ambition to have an adequate church.

PLANNING A ROAD SURVEY.

County Road Engineer Martin Returns from South End of County.

Randolph Martin, engineer for the Houghton county road commission, has returned from a reconnaissance trip through the south end of the county to look up possible routes for the road that is to be surveyed through to the southern boundary of the county. This survey was ordered by the road commission at the request of Chairman Johnson of the Houghton county board.

Mr. Martin says there are two probable routes. One would start at Winona and go through to Kenton. The other would connect with the Otter lake road in Portage township and go through Laird and Sidon. He does not express a preference but will make a report to the commission. It is expected that the commission will decide this week and that the survey will be made during the coming winter.

VISITORS FROM IRON COUNTRY.

Houghton Masonic Lodge Has Special Meeting, Well Attended.

A number of iron country Masons attended Saturday night the special meeting of Houghton lodge, F. & A. M., held for the purpose of conferring the third degree on a well known copper country mine official. The candidate is a former resident of Marquette county and a number of his friends came especially to see his initiation. In addition to 50 Masons from other copper country lodges, Houghton lodge last night entertained the following:

Marquette—S. H. Gollick, James A. Blackney, Thor Orem, A. W. Kangas, W. J. Blaney, J. Henry Williams, George E. Tucker, E. C. Thompson, S. McKinney.

Negunee—A. H. Knight, Fred Dougherty, Fred Northey, Ralph Marlette, Harry Discombe.

Marquette—H. R. Fox, J. A. Steele, J. B. Reany, C. C. Spooner, W. R. Peters, F. J. Schulties, Charles Beattie, L. E. Smith, H. E. Quarters, George Tucker, J. H. Kaye, O. E. Brown, O. J. Welsh, G. E. Webb, Peter Scholtus.

There were also fifteen members from various lodges throughout the state.

Following the initiatory work the members and visitors were entertained at a social session.

A number of the iron country Masons returned home Saturday night, but the majority remained to visit copper country friends yesterday.

TO OPEN A BIG GARAGE.

James McClure, of Calumet, Plans Large Automobile Establishment.

James McClure, of Red Jacket, will this week open the biggest garage and automobile store, sales rooms and repair plant in Michigan. McClure's plant that will compare with the largest of the kind in the big automobile centers. The new plant, located on Seventh street, near Pine, has three floors with a total floor space of nearly 25,000 square feet. The floor in the basement, which is full size, and the first story are of concrete and the second story is being laid on the first floor.

The plant is that formerly occupied by the Calumet garage, enlarged and considerably improved. It is being made as nearly fireproof as possible, with steel lath throughout. The first floor is being remodelled and will contain a large display or sales room and the offices. This room will be 30 by 60 feet. The main storage room will be 60 by 118 feet in size.

On the north side of the building, in a new addition, the machine shop, 50 by 50 feet, which is being equipped with traveling crane and all modern equipment for repair work and building of automobiles and automobile parts, including remodeling, etc.

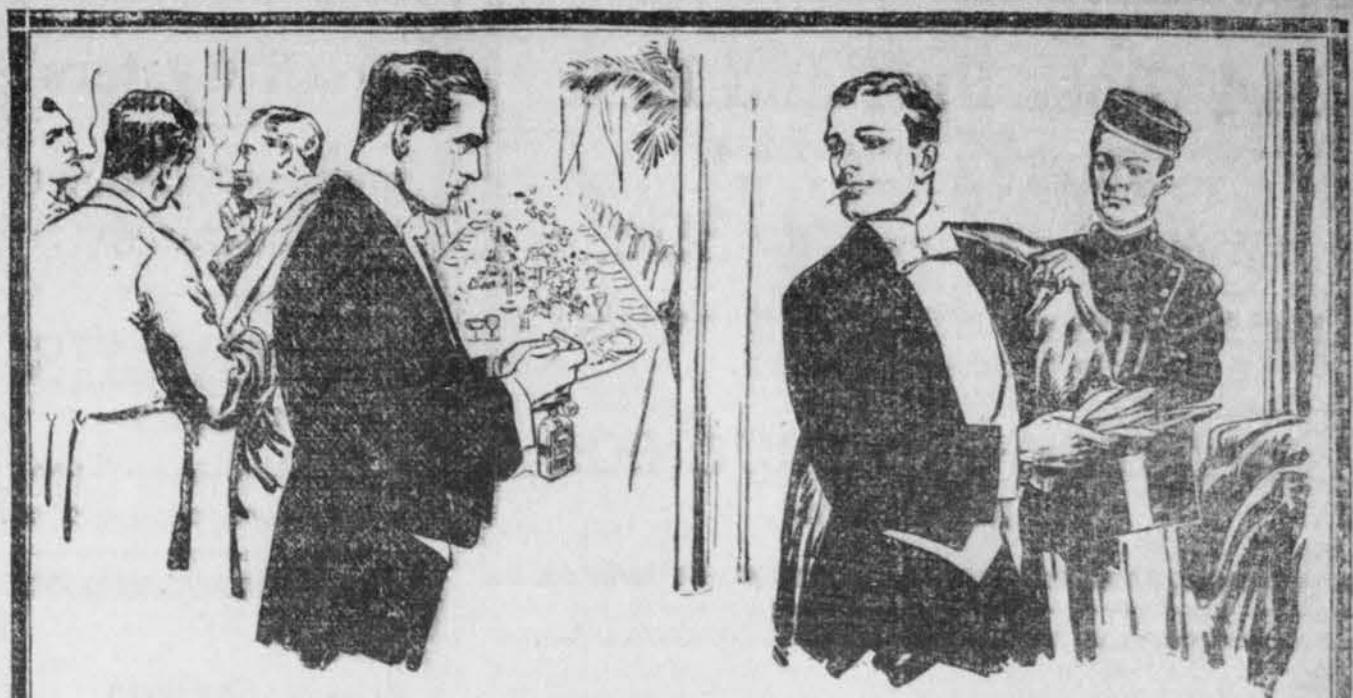
The second story will be equipped moderately throughout and will be used as a harness department. A battery charging room will also be located on this floor, which is 60 by 118 feet, as is the basement.

In the basement will be located the McClure horse stable. The carriage room is directly beneath the machine and repair shop and is modernly equipped throughout. The carriage room is 30 by 50 feet.

GOES TO WASHINGTON TODAY.

Congressman W. Frank James and his family will leave this afternoon for Washington where Mr. James will take his seat in the national house of representatives as one of Michigan's new members. Mr. James does not expect to return to Hancock before Easter.

On Friday afternoon Mr. James addressed a meeting of Lady Edgemoor lodge, Daughters of St. George, at Quincy. At the conclusion of his address the members presented to him a watch charm. On one side are his initials as well as those of the donors. Four chip



"When Good Fellows Get Together"

You will find fresh-rolled cigarettes of deliciously mellow "Bull" Durham in evidence at banquets, club smokers and other social gatherings of men of wealth, prominence and experienced tastes. In the fragrant smoke of this mild, delightful tobacco formality gives way to congenial good-fellowship. If you would be fashionable, expert in the company of connoisseurs, you "roll your own"—and your tobacco is "Bull" Durham.

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

To millions of experienced smokers there is no other tobacco fragrance comparable to the wonderful, unique, mellow-sweet flavor of "Bull" Durham—no other cigarettes so fresh, tasty and satisfying as those they roll for themselves with this golden-brown, bright Virginia-North Carolina tobacco.

Roll a "Bull" Durham cigarette today—you will experience a distinctive form of tobacco enjoyment.

FREE An Illustrated Booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a package of cigarette papers, will both be mailed, free, to any address in U. S. on request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N. C.



"All Het Up?"

With steamy, dusty housework, or stuffy, tiresome office work—or any other toil? Just reach for your package of WRIGLEY'S—and take a fresh start!

It will soothe and cool your mouth and throat, quench your thirst, steady your stomach and nerves, help your appetite and digestion.

It is pleasant, beneficial and economical—an ever-ready friend to thirsty, tired, nervous people.

Two delicious, long-lasting flavors. Every package wax-wrapped and sealed against all impurity.



Write Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co., 1220 Kesner Bldg., Chicago, for "Wrigley's Mother's Candy" Look, in colors, for the kiddies.

MANY VISITORS TO CANAL.

Many automobile parties were at the Canal late Friday afternoon to see the storm on Lake Superior. The waves as they dashed over the breakwater made a sensational sight. It was reported from the Canal yesterday morning that the wind Friday evening reached a velocity of seventy-five miles an hour. Five boats remained in shelter in Lily Pond during the night.

DEMAND FOR DEER LICENSES.

County Clerk Kaiser had up to Saturday afternoon sold 1,325 deer licenses. As the season is now half over it is expected the demand from now on will be light and that the sale this season will be about five hundred below the normal total.

BRIDGE WILL OPEN TOMORROW.

It is expected that the American Bridge company will complete the construction of the new D. S. S. & A. approach to the Portage lake bridge in time to permit the operation of trains over it tomorrow.

The annual damage done by rats in London is estimated at \$75,000,000.

YOUR SICK CHILD IS CONSTIPATED! LOOK AT TONGUE

If Cross, Feverish or Bilious Give "California Syrup of Figs."

No matter what ails your child, a gentle, thorough laxative should always be the first treatment given.

If your little one is out-of-sorts, half-sick, isn't resting, eating and acting naturally—look, Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When it is cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad or it has stomachache, diarrhoea, sore throat, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without grieting, and you have a well, playful child again.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach and they dearly love its pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," they see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

ST. LOUIS ARSONISTS ON TRIAL THIS WEEK

Evidence Against Organized Gang Is Said to Be Unusually Strong.

St. Louis, Nov. 21.—An unusual trial will begin in St. Louis tomorrow, as the culmination of charges that there has existed in this city a widespread arson conspiracy. A long list of fires, which have occurred in St. Louis, with evidences of incendiary origin, is estimated to have netted the conspirators in the alleged arson cases a profit of some \$2,500,000 in the past few years. In view of this prevalence of incendiarism the police had long been on their guard, but it was not until September 11 last that they confirmed their suspicions by the alleged confession of Herbert O. Baker, a fire insurance agent.

Baker was arrested on the night of September 11, a few hours after four men, afterward referred to as "torches," were taken as they were unloading four barrels of gasoline at the plant of the Christen Bellows Manufacturing company.

The arrest of these four men was due to the fact that the head of the firm had revealed details of a plot to which he told the police had been proposed to him by an insurance man and which he pretended to enter into in order to assist the police in the detection of the guilty.

After Baker had made a statement to the police, it was announced at detective headquarters that Baker had revealed, not the existence of an "arson trust" but that several groups of men, working on similar lines, had conspired with heads of business firms to set property on fire that the firms might collect excessive insurance. An insurance agent always was in these plots, according to the story, and he was to reap his profit by getting commissions on the excess insurance written before the fire.

The grand jury began an inquiry into the arson conspiracy on September 14 and returned final indictments on Oct. 1.

The Indicted.

The following were indicted: Roy M. B. Tidd, mayor of Webster Groves, Mo., a fashionable suburb of St. Louis; president of the Nixon-Jones Printing company, whose five story plant was burned on the night of September 4. Barrels and boxes of gasoline were found in the basement of the printing plant after the fire, the police said. Before his indictment Tidd had brought a \$10,000 damage suit against Assistant Fire Chief Rucker because after the fire Rucker would not give him access to the burned printing house.

Julius H. Bersch, vice president of the Bersch Insurance Agency company. Bersch was named in the same indictment as Tidd in connection with the Nixon-Jones fire. The indictment was based on testimony that Bersch, in try-

ing to arrange a plot to fire the Christen Bellows company plant, had referred to the Nixon-Jones fire and had said that Tidd "would get the insurance." Bersch also was indicted for alleged participation in the fire that destroyed the Gilmore-Bondig Decorating company establishment on July 24, and for the projected burning of the Christen Bellows factory.

Harry G. Gilmore, head of the Gilmore-Bondig Decorating company, for alleged complicity in the burning of the establishment of that concern.

Harry Imel, secretary to Gilmore, indicted in connection with the Gilmore-Bondig fire.

Edward Miller, alleged "torch," accused in connection with the Gilmore-Bondig fire, also in connection with the alleged attempt to fire the Christen Bellows plant.

Otto E. Leman, insurance adjuster, indicted in connection with the alleged plot to set fire to the Christen Bellows plant.

Morris Greenberg, Max Greenberg and Michael O'Connor, alleged "torches" indicted in connection with the plot to fire the Christen Bellows establishment.

No indictment was returned against Herbert O. Baker, the agent, whose arrest opened the way for the exhaustive grand jury inquiry. Baker was a principal witness before the grand jury.

END INDIGESTION OR STOMACH PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

"Pape's Diapiesin" Makes Sick, Sour, Gassy Stomachs Feel Fine.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eruptions of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating food breath or headache.

Pape's Diapiesin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapiesin will save them from any stomach misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapiesin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which doesn't agree with him, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

144 Glass Puff and Hair Boxes With Celluloid Covers
Well worth 75c each, for **39c**

Not "while they last," but for a "limited time only." See our window.

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.
The Rexall Store

M. R. Manhard & Son, Limited

Wholesale and Retail Hardware
Mining and Lumbermen's Supplies

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

COAL

Prompt Deliveries

F. B. SPEAR & SONS

YOU CAN CUT COAL EXPENSE

with a little judgment. You know in your own business that buying the best is getting the cheapest. Same way with coal. The best goes farthest and lasts longest, besides giving the most heat. That's the kind of coal we sell and you ought to use.



Wholesale Retail

PHONES 90 & 293
JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD. THE BEST COAL

MOROCCANS RIDE FREE TO FRANCO EXHIBITION.

Casablanca, Morocco, Nov. 21.—Free trains for both natives and European population of the Moroccan towns and villages are one of the novelties of the war.

The free trains were authorized by the French authorities in order to enable everybody to visit the Franco-Moroccan exhibition which recently opened here. It contains the usual commercial, educational and artistic exhibits, and also a very interesting collection of articles illustrating the war.

The exhibition has proved particularly interesting to the natives, who have taken advantage of the offer of free transportation by thousands. One of the most popular exhibits is a reproduction of a German trench, made by a German prisoner. The part played by the Moroccan troops is featured in other war exhibits.

Castle Brew

IT'S GREAT!
Positively No Better BEER made

Nothing But the Best brewing material, together with the purest spring water, is used in its manufacture.

Try a case. In quarts or pints

U.P. Brewing Co

Check That Cold

just as quickly as possible. One can never tell what a cold will develop into. There is a never-failing antidote for colds.

Shelly's Cold Tablets

will banish colds. It makes no difference whether the cold is in the incipient stage or well advanced. Guaranteed.

JONES' DRUG STORE

Baraga Ave. and Third St. Phone 764-J

Fresh Oysters

Jones and Usinger Sausages

MURRAY'S GROCERY

Furnishes Your Table Complete.

Fresh Brussel Sprouts

Mushrooms
Cauliflower
Cucumbers
Head Lettuce
Green Peppers
Fresh Spinach
Hot House Tomatoes
Artichokes
Egg Plant
Sweet Potato Squash
Radishes
Green Onions
Parsley
Sweet Potatoes
Hubbard Squash
Celery

Jones Dairy Farm Sausages at

DEL'S GROCERY
133 WASHINGTON ST.
WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

City Brevities

Today's weather: Partly cloudy and slightly colder. Yesterday's temperatures: At 7 a. m., 25 degrees; noon, 26; 7 p. m., 25. Highest, 26 degrees; lowest, 25.

P. W. Brown left last night for Chicago. Fred Evon was a Negaunee visitor Sunday.

Dan Vaughan, Jr., spent yesterday in Negaunee.

Mrs. G. Call left last night for Ormond, Fla.

Peter Van Opens visited friends at Republic Sunday.

H. J. La Fave visited friends at Negaunee yesterday.

A. O. Jopling was a passenger for Chicago Sunday night.

J. B. Van Cesteing left Saturday morning for Humboldt.

N. G. De Haas was a passenger for Chicago Saturday night.

L. C. Jacobs returned yesterday from a ten days' hunting trip.

Miss Kate Chum left Saturday night for Duluth to visit friends.

P. Mullaly left for Sand River Sunday morning on a hunting trip.

Katherine Frazer left yesterday morning for the Soo to visit friends.

Lee Lindstrom left yesterday morning for Michigan on a hunting trip.

Mrs. Dan Gallagher, of Green Bay, arrived in the city Sunday morning.

Frank E. Stolpe left last night for St. Paul, to attend the Shrine meeting.

Harold Little, of Ishpeming, spent Sunday with relatives and friends in the city.

Ed. Kennedy returned Saturday night from a week's business trip to Iron Mountain.

Earl Werner has returned from a successful hunting trip. He bagged a 150 pound doe.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Reynolds and Mrs. M. K. Reynolds left last night for Chicago on a few days visit.

C. C. Wiggins, of the Normal school, spent the week-end on a deer-hunt several miles north of Gwinn.

P. J. Connolly returned Saturday afternoon from a few days business trip to Ishpeming and Republic.

Paul R. Vincent left yesterday afternoon for Detroit, where he will henceforth make his home permanently.

Gerald Small was down from Lappening Saturday night to attend the Knights of Columbus lunch and smoker.

Mrs. H. P. Stafford and two daughters, Mary and Eileen, left last night for Nebraska, when they will visit relatives.

Miss Alma Fassbender, of Chicago, who was called here by the illness of her mother, left Saturday night for her home.

Mrs. Anna McKee, of Detroit, is visiting in the city the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Selden B. Cray, East Arch street.

Selden B. Cray left Saturday afternoon for Detroit on a business trip. Before returning home he will visit at Chicago.

Mrs. Alice Pickands, who was called here by the death of her brother, Henry Reynolds, left last night for her home at Cleveland.

Miss Margaret Bradley, who was visiting at the home of Mrs. Robert Bruce, left Saturday afternoon for her home at Mancelona.

Miss Emily Callahan, of Gladstone, arrived in the city Saturday afternoon and is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Layne, Hewitt avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Yoakman left last night for Washington, D. C., where they will visit before leaving for Florida, where they will spend the winter.

Superior tent No. 28, of the Macabees, will hold a regular meeting tonight at 8 o'clock, in the Fraternity Hall. All members of the order are cordially invited.

Miss Rose Nicc, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Werner, Third street for the past three weeks, left last night for Duluth, where she will visit before going to Virginia, Minn.

The Visiting Nurse association is making preparations to send out the usual baskets for Thanksgiving. All donations will be gladly received tomorrow morning at the store formerly occupied by the LaVallee bakery, on Front street.

Funeral of Mrs. Lawler—Funeral services for Mrs. R. Lawler, who died at St. Mary's hospital Friday morning, will be held this morning at 8:30 o'clock, from St. Peter's cathedral, with interment in Holy Cross cemetery. Among the relatives from out of town, who are here to attend the funeral, are: Charles McLaughlin, of Milwaukee; Joseph and Edward McLaughlin, of Detroit, and Patrick Lawler of Superior.

THE ELDER EFFICIENTS.

A correspondent, who shall be nameless, asks me to protest against the discrimination in favor of young men and the difficulty that those who are over fifty in getting employment.

I wish that I might say something that would convince those who habitually refuse to employ a man because he is no longer young of the injustice and shortsightedness of their policy.

I have often thought that it was the expression of a paternal desire to "bring up young men."

Certainly the men who bear the heaviest responsibilities of the world today, from Wilson, Joffre, Asquith and Kitchener down, are well over fifty.

The corporations are chiefly responsible for the barrier which has been erected against men over fifty years old; but, for the most part, heads of these corporations are themselves well past the meridian of life, and their rule is a negation of their own efficiency.

I appeal to them to give their contemporaries a chance, for there are many men of fifty and over today out of work who are the superiors of youth in accuracy, judgment and dependability. For such unemployment is a denial of hope that hastens death and makes existence while it lasts, a hell on earth.—Theodore H. Price in the Outlook.

MISS E. MERRITT ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Merritt, of Duluth, Formerly of This City.

The engagement of Miss Mary Emily Merritt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Merritt, formerly of this city, but now of Duluth, and Lawrence Dell Stratton, of Duluth, was announced last Friday morning, at a breakfast given by Miss Merritt to eight of her intimate friends.

This affair was a double anniversary in Miss Merritt's family, as her parents, who celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding also last Friday, were married on the wedding anniversary of Mr. Merritt's grandparents.

As Mr. and Mrs. Merritt's wedding was a chrysanthemum affair, the same floral idea was carried out with yellow and white blossoms at Miss Merritt's breakfast. The announcement was made on silver heart-shaped cards.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Merritt removed from Marquette to Duluth about twenty-five years ago, but they have frequently visited here since then, the last time being at the Homcoming celebration last summer. Three sisters of Mrs. Merritt reside here, Mrs. E. E. McIntosh, Mrs. W. J. Ellison, and Mrs. Chas. Brainerd.

MASONS RETURN HOME.

Members of Marquette Lodge Entertained at Houghton Saturday.

Members of the Marquette lodge of Masons, who were guests of the Houghton lodge last Saturday, returned home yesterday with accounts of a decidedly enjoyable trip.

About thirty members of the Marquette, Negaunee and Ishpeming lodges were present at the initiation ceremonies. They were entertained with the proverbial Masonic hospitality, starting the occasion with an elaborate seven course dinner served at noon at the Douglas House, and followed by another sumptuous repast at six o'clock, at which several speeches were made.

In the evening the Masons witnessed the Houghton Blue lodge initiations, which were on a more lavish scale than usual, after which they were again regaled with an informal smoker and lunch.

The following Masons from this city attended the ceremonies: Chas. Rettelle, Professor J. H. Kaye, Professor C. C. Spooner, H. R. Fox, J. A. Steel, Harry Quarters, O. E. Brown, Fred Schulthies, Leslie Smith, Gus Peterson, George Tucker, Wm. Peters, Wm. Boyd, and Peter Scholtus.

BOWLING LEAGUE AVERAGES.

Three Teams Tied for First Place—Bell Is High Man.

The Pathfinders, Veribest and Penslars are tied for first place in the Business Men's Bowling league, each having an average of 833. Bell leads in individual standing with an average of 292. The standing of the teams and ten highest individual players are as follows:

	W. L.	P. C.	Av.	H. G.
Pathfinders	10	2	833	925 994
Veribest	10	2	833	915 981
Penslars	10	2	833	887 931
Mineralites	9	3	750	915 984
Front St.	5	7	416	891 929
Vikings	5	7	416	827 931
K. Kids	3	9	250	888 925
Square Deals	3	9	250	842 934
Merry Widows	3	9	250	838 898
Wanderers	2	10	166	836 963

The following are the ten highest averages: Bell, 292; Zerbel, 290; Birc, 196; McCulloch, 195; Sears, 194; Allen and Van Iderstine, 191; Foard, 189; Manes, 187; Eldredge, Edlund and Lamm, 186.

Monday—Mineralites vs K. Kids, 7:30 p. m.; Front St. vs Wanderers 9:30 p. m.
Tuesday—Merry Widows vs Square Deals.
Friday—Pathfinders vs Vikings 7:30 p. m.; Penslars vs Veribest 9:30 p. m.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.

SAVE UP
Rather than Slave on

The wasters of the world have never been its wonders. It is men who have earned and saved who have made the records which stand through time. Start right and save right—teach your family to save; show them the advantages of frugality and you will be glad in the end. Start an account at our Bank—a National Bank.

3% ON SAVINGS.

Marquette National Bank

DELFT THEATRE
—TODAY—

Hearst-Selig News Pictorial

President Wilson and his finance, Mrs. Galt, are shown in this number.

"The Way of a Woman's Heart"
Two-Reel Selig Drama.

"Save the Coupons"
Vitagraph Comedy with Lillian Walker.

Tuesday--JOSE COLLINS in "THE IMPOSTER"

Thursday - Thanksgiving Day
CHARLES CHAPLIN
in "SHANGHAIED"

GARMENTS AND COLORS.
"Loud colors attract attention, and that is why the fair sex wear them in their stockings."
"Your clothes should be a background for your face, and all backgrounds should be gray or sober."
"Clothes with intense color backgrounds and mild touches are like advertising signs—and sometimes serve the same purpose."
"Orange is the loudest and crudest of all colors. The person who wears orange clothes enjoys living under an elevated railroad."
"Brown, on the other hand, is a synonymy; a chord of all three cardinal colors combined."
"When a fat woman wears red she commits a crime against herself."

OPERA HOUSE TODAY MATINEE (4P.M.) and EVENING

Equitable Motion Picture Corporation Presents
The Queenly Screen Personality
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
And the Distinguished Stage Star
WILTON LACKAYE
in **"TRILBY"**

A Five-Act Screen Production of the Dramatic Thunderbolt

VAUDEVILLE--FOUR VALDARES
CYCLING GIRLS AND COMEDIAN

Prices: 10c and 20c

Tuesday --
MARY PICKFORD
in **"RAGS"**
Paramount Feature

Thursday (Thanksgiving Day)
Mr. and Mrs. **Vernon Castle**
in **"The Whirl of Life"**
In Six Parts. The Sensation of the Year. Now being shown at the Globe Theatre, N.Y., at \$2 prices

WOULD GUARANTEE AMATEURS' STATUS

Sports-Governing Bodies to Meet to Reach Mutual Understanding on the Subject.

New York, Nov. 21.—Plans for the proposed meeting of all the amateur sports-governing bodies of the United States to be held for the purpose of reaching a mutual understanding relative to the amateur status of competitors are progressing to the complete satisfaction of the organizers of the idea. The conference will be held in this city on Monday Dec. 27 and will be attended by delegates from almost all the recognized sports organizations of the collegiate and amateur world.

Invitations have been extended by the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America to the following organizations: Amateur Athletic Union; National Collegiate Athletic Association; National Association of Amateur Golfers; United States National Lawn Tennis Association; United States Golf Association; United States Intercollegiate Lacrosse League; American Amateur Hockey League; United States Polo Association and several other kindred bodies.

Would Govern Amateurs.

"The idea of the proposed conference has, it appears to me, been misunderstood. It is not our plan to propose the adoption of a blanket amateur rule which will fit the needs of all the sports-governing bodies of the country. Such a regulation is well nigh impossible. What we do hope to accomplish is to arrange a working agreement between the different organizations whereby each will stand sponsor for the amateurism of a competitor in its own division when the latter competed in another sport.

rules of that body, he was an amateur in every sense of the term, it would greatly simplify matters. "If we can bring about such a general agreement, working toward harmony and cooperation among the various sport-controlling authorities, a marked advance will have been made toward increasing the effectiveness of amateur rulings and control. Should the delegates to the convention desire to go further and attempt the formulation of a general rule fixing the amateur status of competitors in all the bodies represented, so much the better. Personally, I doubt if it can be done. I have on my desk the definition of an amateur as defined by seven of the leading sports associations of the United States. The definition, together with examples, exceptions, etc., fill nine closely typewritten pages of legal cap and there are almost as many variations as there are paragraphs."

College football teams which are in the dumps need not look toward Cornell with the idea that the Ithaca university is housing a coaching Moses who might be persuaded to lead them out of the gridiron wilderness. Dr. A. H. Sharpe would undoubtedly fit into the role exceedingly well, but Cornell has her successful coach sewed up with a five-year contract which has four years yet to run. There is one thing about Cornell athletics that might well be copied by other institutions which meet her on the fields of sport. When the Ithaca university finds a coach who can deliver the goods she makes it her business to see that he stays in Ithaca. Courtney, Moakley and Sharpe can be quoted as examples.

The position of William Johnston, national champion, in the annual tennis ranking has been further complicated by his defeat in the Pacific Coast Championship tournament. Many controversies have arisen among tennis followers due to differences of opinion regarding Johnston's right to rank ahead of Williams and McLaughlin. The defeat of Johnston by H. Van Dyke Johns, who in turn, was defeated by Herbert Hahn, makes it appear as though the new title holder had overstayed his name. Whether this will be taken into consideration by the ranking committee remains to be seen. Certainly his elimination from the Pacific Coast tourney has not helped Johnston's record.

Cornell and Pennsylvania football teams meet in their twenty-third annual Thanksgiving Day game on Thursday and the Ithaca eleven hopes to continue her recent string of victories at the expense of the Quakers. Judging from the records of the two teams this fall it appears to be another Cornell year. The Red and White can stand a few more victories over Pennsylvania without becoming conceited, since the history of this football series shows the Quakers to be winners of an overwhelming majority of the contests to date. The universities first met on the grid-

iron in 1893 and in the twenty-two games played Cornell has won but three. In 1901 Cornell won 23 to 6; in 1906 the teams played a no-score tie; the 1913 score was Cornell 21 Pennsylvania 0. Last season Cornell was victorious by a 24 to 12 score. The complete record to date is Pennsylvania eighteen games; Cornell three games and one tie contest. In points Pennsylvania leads with 404 to Cornell's 133.

Paris.—The racing committee of the Societe d'Encouragement the leading turf organization in France, has fixed conditions for the principal events of 1916 to 1919, in the hope that racing will be resumed next year. As the conditions will be quite changed considerable modifications have been made in the principal stakes.

The Grand Prix de Paris will have a guaranteed value of \$40,000 instead of \$60,000. The sweepstakes for three year olds that were to be increased in 1918 and 1919 will be maintained at the old figure. The Cadran stakes will be reduced to \$15,000, the Diane stakes to \$12,000, the Prix de la Forêt to \$10,000, the French Derby, or Jockey club, stakes will be maintained at its old figure, \$20,000. Two popular stakes, the Reiset and the Acacias, will be suppressed next year. No change has been made in the amounts of the entries or in the forfeit conditions.

For several months past the Amateur Athletic Federation of Cook county, Ill., has been making preparations for the holding of an international athletic tournament in which athletes in America and Canada, as well as in China, Japan, South America, Spain and the Philippine Islands, will be participants. Instead of having these countries send representative track teams to compete at a central point each country will hold a meeting for its members on local fields or in gymnasiums and report the results to the Cook County Federation. These reports will contain the records and points scored by each individual competitor and after these have been carefully compared the officials of the federation will decide upon the team and individual winners.

A special scoring chart has been adopted for universal use from which each athlete can be given full credit for what he has accomplished. Entry blanks containing full instructions have been forwarded to all the foreign countries mentioned, as well as to the American Federation units, so that the marks made on the chart will be according to merit.

Athletes competing in this tournament will be divided into four classes. Boys under fourteen years will be required to take part in the running high jump, standing hop-step and jump and three lap potato race. Boys under sixteen years will be tested with the first two events, a five lap potato race and a twelve pound shotput. The same competitions have been planned for boys under eighteen years and for seniors, or all over eighteen years of age, similar events with the distance of the potato race increased to eight laps, will be the program. The priors will be diplomas of merit.

The arrangements call for all the meets to take place during the coming month of December, each section or county to pick its own date.

HARVARD DEFEATS YALE WITH A SCORE OF 41 TO 0

Never Before in History of These Colleges Has a Victory Been Won by Such a Margin.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 21.—Harvard triumphed over Yale yesterday by a record breaking score of 41 to 0. No other Harvard team ever administered such a defeat to the Blue, while the score was only surpassed by a 48 to 6 victory by Yale many years ago. Captain Edward W. Mahan of the Harvard team ended his football career in a blaze of glory, for he scored five touchdowns against Yale and kicked four goals. Yale once stood on Harvard's six-yard line, but could not gain an inch more in four rushes. Yale lost courage in the first five minutes when Bingham muffed a punt in mid-field and Lurie, gathering up the loose ball, sprinted the distance for the first touchdown ever scored in the stadium against Yale. The Crimson team by consistent marches and an aggressive attack crossed the Yale line five times more until it seemed as if the Crimson would never stop scoring. Harvard's offensive proved too much for Yale. On the other hand the Blue had very little to offer in the way of an offensive except in the fierce rushing of Scovill. The Crimson victory was expected, but was so overwhelming that the usual demonstration was a short one.

The scores of Saturday. East. Harvard, 41; Yale, 0. Army, 17; Springfield, 7. Navy, 7; Ursinus, 10. Syracuse, 0; Dartmouth, 0. West. Chicago, 0; Illinois, 10. Wisconsin, 3; Minnesota, 20. Nebraska, 52; Iowa, 7. Ohio State, 34; Northwestern, 0. Indiana, 0; Purdue, 7. Depauw, 0; Wabash, 34. Albion, 7; Olivet, 3.

PRESIDENT TO WITNESS THE ARMY-NAVY GAME

West Point, Nov. 21.—Reservations on the army side of the Brush stadium in New York where next Saturday's football game between Penn and Annapolis will be played, will be made by President Wilson and his party. It was announced today by Lieutenant Charles B. Meyer, secretary and treasurer of the Army Athletic Council. The president is expected to spend part of the game on the army side and part on the navy.

TRADESMEN ARE BITTER AGAINST 'DRY' PLANS

London, Nov. 21, 5:20 p. m.—Five hundred delegates to a conference of London trade unionists today passed a resolution pledging themselves to resist to the utmost "by open revolt if necessary," the regulations shortening the hours during which liquor may be sold, which comes into effect No. 29.

DR. ANNA SHAW WON'T LEAD SUFFRAGE AGAIN

New York, Nov. 21.—Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, who has been president of the

National Woman Suffrage association for eleven years, will not be a candidate to succeed herself at the coming convention to be held in Washington Dec. 14 to 19, it was announced here tonight. Dr. Shaw has been an active worker for the cause of equal suffrage for thirty years.

40,000 SCHOOL CHILDREN OFFER MORNING PRAYER AS LIBERTY BELL COMES

St. Louis, Nov. 21.—With a sunrise prayer forty thousand school children paid honor to the Liberty Bell here at 6 o'clock this morning. Exclusive of the children between 100,000 and 125,000 residents of St. Louis and surrounding towns passed before the bell during its seven and a half hour visit to this city. Indianapolis, Nov. 21.—The Liberty Bell, its car hung with special decorations and electrical illumination, was switched to the city street car line on its arrival here at 7:30 o'clock tonight and for three hours was paraded before a great crowd. More than two thousand school children were organized into choruses, singing at different points along the route.

DARTMOUTH PRESIDENT WILL RESIGN HIS CHAIR

Boston, Nov. 21.—The retirement of Dr. Ernest Fox Nichols from the presidency of Dartmouth college at the close of the present college year was announced by the board of trustees today. President Nichols has accepted an invitation to a chair of physics at Yale.

SWISS WILL RESUME PAYING WAGE INCREASES

Geneva, Nov. 21.—Owing to the continued rise in the cost of living the Swiss government has decided to resume the payment of regular increases in salary to government employes, which was suspended at the beginning of the war. The payment of suspended increases alone will involve an expenditure of two million francs. (\$400,000).

VALUE OF ALASKAN FISH

Since the United States acquired Alaska the waters of the territory have yielded fishery products having a first value of more than a quarter of a billion dollars. Far exceeding all the other products in importance are the salmon, after which come the fur seal, the sea otter, the halibut and the cod.

Strawberry Plants

Large stock. All leading varieties, including the fall bearing kinds which produce ripe berries from early summer until late fall. We sell direct to the planter at wholesale prices. Our Northern grown trees and plants give the best of satisfaction. We would be pleased to send you our catalogue and price list. Address H. B. ELLIOTT, TRENTON, MICH., Alger County.

Germans Ask What They Are Fighting For

The persistent peace talk in the German papers and the equally persistent official and semi-official denials that Germany has no desire to open negotiations for peace, present a curious contradiction.

In THE LITERARY DIGEST for November 20th this phase of the war is covered in an interesting way. Direct translations from the German press for and against peace are given, and the American reader is enabled to sense the feeling of the German people as reflected in their newspapers. One editor who is not altogether friendly to Germany has described her as being in the position of a "poker player, who, after a run of luck, is anxious to get out of the game while the majority of the chips on the table lie before him."

Other features that command attention are:

WHAT WILL GREECE DO?

A Summary of German, Greek, and British Newspaper Opinion on Greece's Position

Britain's New Submarine Warfare Our Case Against Great Britain Preparedness and Politics Chicago's March for a "Wet" Sunday (Illustrated by Two Striking Pictures) The Lamp That Talked Mr. Widener's Art Collection Explaining Germany's Pity for the Foe Pulpit-Thrusts at our Militarism

Another "Lusitania" Case in the Mediterranean (A Complete Review of the Case of the Sinking of the "Ancona") The Art of Mimicry in War Spending \$12,000,000 to Save Three Miles Our Lack of Aeroplane Defense Will German Be Taught in France? Poland's Despair

AN UNUSUAL COLLECTION OF CARTOONS, PHOTOGRAPHS AND MAPS

A Famous Author's Experience

"Yes, I have been a reader of THE DIGEST for twenty years—half of my life. For, I think, at least fifteen years my name has been on your subscription list. I expect to continue a reader of the DIGEST as long as I continue to read anything. "To attempt to gain anything like a clear view of the world's activities through the fogs of prejudice and the clouds of self-interest that hang always about the local newspaper is a hopeless task. For one who would look with unobstructed vision upon the moving world forces that make for or against the welfare of human kind, THE LITERARY DIGEST is a mountain peak in a clear sky. "To spend hours searching the daily columns of chaff for a few grains of possible truth is a heart-breaking waste of time. And more—one's eyes become so blinded, one's brain so bewildered, by the whirl of untruth that one is made incapable of recognizing with any degree of certainty the truth for which he searches. To have the best thought of the best thinkers separated from the mass of worthless matter, winnowed from the dirt of sensationalism and irresponsible thoughtlessness, and presented clean with the unprejudiced scientific dependability of a modern threshing machine, is a Godsend to all who feel that they have work to do that requires clear thinking. "Because THE LITERARY DIGEST gives me an unclouded view of the world's doings, because it places me in an atmosphere above prejudice and local self-interest, because it separates for me the grain of the world's thought, from the chaff of idle words, and cleans it of the dirt of sensationalism, I appreciate and enjoy it, and am correspondingly grateful to the Funk & Wagnalls Company for the service."—Harold Bell Wright, Author of "The Shepherd of the Hills," "The Eyes of the World," etc.

Get the November 20th Number Now—Newsdealers—10 Cents

The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

SIX SWEDISH GIRLS ACT AS PALLBEARERS AT HILLSTROM FUNERAL

Salt Lake City, Nov. 21.—Six Swedish girls acted as pallbearers today at the funeral of Joseph Hillstrom, executed here Friday. Each girl wore a red sash which was attached to the casket when the body was taken to the station and sent to W. D. Haywood at Chicago. There was no prayer and no religious ceremony at the funeral. Hillstrom's execution created wide attention when President Wilson and the Swedish minister to the United States asked Governor Spry to grant the condemned man a respite.

VICE PRESIDENT'S WIFE TO UNDERGO OPERATION

Indianapolis, Nov. 21.—Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall, wife of the vice president, was taken to a hospital here today and tomorrow will undergo an abdominal operation. The vice president, who has abandoned temporarily all plans for returning to Washington for the opening of congress next month, said tonight Mrs. Marshall is not suffering and that the operation should not prove dangerous.

SWISS WILL RESUME PAYING WAGE INCREASES

Geneva, Nov. 21.—Owing to the continued rise in the cost of living the Swiss government has decided to resume the payment of regular increases in salary to government employes, which was suspended at the beginning of the war. The payment of suspended increases alone will involve an expenditure of two million francs. (\$400,000).

VALUE OF ALASKAN FISH

Since the United States acquired Alaska the waters of the territory have yielded fishery products having a first value of more than a quarter of a billion dollars. Far exceeding all the other products in importance are the salmon, after which come the fur seal, the sea otter, the halibut and the cod.

Theatrical

Opera House.

Clara Kimball Young, the bewitching idol of the screen, and Wilton Lackaye, the foremost dramatic actor of the legitimate stage, are co-stars in "Trilby," the five act screen production of Du Maurier's famous dramatic classic, which will be the attraction at the opera house today. Trilby, a model for an obscure sculptor, seeking adventure meets Little Billy, the Laird, Svengali, Gheeko and others. Svengali experiments with Trilby and proves that he can hypnotize her. His devilish mind conceives the idea of keeping her under mesmeric power, and giving her through this power, the voice of a nightingale. How the evil influence of Svengali enters into the future life of Trilby, who has become a great prima donna, is latest comedy screen, entitled "Shang-told with startling intensity in this

production. The vaudeville offering today will be Valdares, cycling girls and a comedian, in clever trick riding and road comedy.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle in "The Whirl of Life," an unusual feature in six reels, will be the offering on Thanksgiving. This feature has not yet been produced anywhere in this state.

Delft Theater. Drama, pictorial and comedy are included in today's well-balanced program at the Delft theater. The Hearst-Selig News Pictorial, one of today's offerings, shows President Wilson and his fiancée, Mrs. Galt. The dramatic feature today is "The Way of a Woman's Heart," a Selig subject in two parts, of absorbing interest. Lillian Walker is featured in the Vitagraph comedy entitled "Save the Coupons."

Heading tomorrow's bill will be Jose Collins in "The Imposter." For Thursday, Charles Chaplin will be seen in his latest comedy screen, entitled "Shang-



CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG AND WILTON LACKAYE IN TRILBY

Opera House Today, matinee and night.

WANTED

BIRCH VENEER LOGS

Highest Prices Paid.

For prices and specifications write to

Munising Veneer Co. Munising, Mich.

Winter Apples

Grown by

Preston Brothers of Fremont, Mich.

Carload now on South Shore track, near freight house.

These apples are guaranteed first class.

They can be had in barrels or in baskets.

Why a Banking Connection?

A man with a bank account is often benefited in many ways he may know nothing about.

Parties inquiring for a man's business standing in a community by letter, or in person, usually apply first at the bank.

It is the institution that has its hands continually on the public pulse.

A bank reference can be used by the individual as well to good advantage.



FIRST NATIONAL
NEGAUNEE BANK MICH
Capital & Surplus \$200,000.00.

The Negaunee State Bank

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

Every individual or business enterprise has affairs requiring the services of one or more of the above departments of business conducted by this bank. Our policy is to render the best possible service in all departments and solicit your business with this assurance.

Markets

POSTON COPPERS.

Ishpeming, Nov. 21.—There was little change in prices today. The market early was inclined to be a shade lower, but near the close it strengthened somewhat. On the forced to put up with the trading and this would indicate no pressure to sell. In all, the market stood very good today, considering the short session, and we look for the upward movement in the coppers to resume again the coming week, with more activity than we have yet seen. Many are skeptical in regards to the big sales of copper. These same people seem to be buying these stocks after they advance 25 per cent. The action of the metal market during the past few months may seem peculiar, but there is this about it. There is a very big demand at the present for copper and twenty cents the coming week is predicted.—J. A. Minnear & Co.

Boston, Nov. 21.—Coppers were quiet but strong. Spelter is in good demand and sold as high as 18 1/2 cents the past few days. If the demand continues producers will be forced to put up with the price. The copper metal sold at 19 1/2 cents. Preceding the advance large transactions took place at 19 1/2 cents. We hear that steel prices will also be advanced next week.—Fitzgerald, Hubbard & Co.

J. A. Minnear & Co. report as follows:

Alb.	2 62 3/4	N. Copr.	31 00 00
Alm.	66 62 1/2	Onod.	34 00 18
All.	67 62 58	Onoco.	34 69 14
Am.	87 62 88	SW Min.	85 00 18
Am. Consl.	73 62 75	S. Lako.	53 69 6
Am. S.	101 62 105	S. Lako.	53 69 6
Am. S. & S.	73 62 75	Tompa.	24 69 28
C. & A.	69 62 69 1/2	Toml.	25 69 40
C. & H.	69 62 69 1/2	T. Verde.	5 69 54
Chil.	17 62 18	T. Verde.	5 69 54
China.	24 62 24 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
C. Res.	62 62 62 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
D. Dine.	15 62 15 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Frank.	19 62 19 1/4	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Green.	43 62 44	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Ham.	37 62 37 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
H. Roy.	27 62 27 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Ind.	45 62 45 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
La. Sal.	24 62 24 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Lake.	13 62 13 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Mass.	13 62 13 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Mich.	4 62 4 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Miss.	21 62 21 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Moh.	8 62 8 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
N. Rutte.	25 62 25 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
N. Cons.	10 62 10 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
N. Lake.	13 62 13 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
O. Cop.	13 62 13 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
O. Dine.	15 62 15 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
One.	85 62 86	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Ono.	85 62 86	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
P. Cons.	29 62 29 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Shan.	41 62 41 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Sho.	25 62 25 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
Sid.	67 62 67 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
T. Fin.	11 62 11 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
T. Cons.	15 62 15 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
T. Cop.	73 62 73 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. Cons.	10 62 10 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. Lake.	13 62 13 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. Dine.	15 62 15 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. One.	85 62 86	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. Ono.	85 62 86	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. P. Cons.	29 62 29 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. Shan.	41 62 41 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. Sho.	25 62 25 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. Sid.	67 62 67 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. T. Fin.	11 62 11 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. T. Cons.	15 62 15 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. T. Cop.	73 62 73 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. Cons.	10 62 10 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. Lake.	13 62 13 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. Dine.	15 62 15 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
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U. S. U. S. U. S. One.	85 62 86	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
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U. S. U. S. U. S. P. Cons.	29 62 29 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. Shan.	41 62 41 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. Sho.	25 62 25 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. Sid.	67 62 67 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. T. Fin.	11 62 11 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. T. Cons.	15 62 15 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. T. Cop.	73 62 73 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
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U. S. U. S. U. S. U. S. Lake.	13 62 13 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. U. S. Dine.	15 62 15 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. U. S. One.	85 62 86	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. U. S. Ono.	85 62 86	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. U. S. P. Cons.	29 62 29 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. U. S. Shan.	41 62 41 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
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U. S. U. S. U. S. U. S. Sid.	67 62 67 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. U. S. T. Fin.	11 62 11 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. U. S. T. Cons.	15 62 15 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2
U. S. U. S. U. S. U. S. T. Cop.	73 62 73 1/2	W. & A.	24 62 24 1/2

"BADGERING" IS FAILURE IN BRITISH RECRUITING

System Divides Willing from the "Won'ts" but Fails to Consider the "Can'ts."

London, Nov. 1.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—"Badgering or Badgering" is the heading of an article in the Evening News, which shows that the plan of giving armlets to discharged soldiers and rejected recruits will not work out as easily as first thought. When the scheme was announced by Lord Derby, chief recruiting officer, it was welcomed by the entire press as an excellent means to aid the voluntary system. But, as the writer points out, the badge plan divides the country's manhood into two parts, the willing and the "won'ts," without taking into consideration the "can'ts."

The military age lies between the years of eighteen and forty. Boys of seventeen may pass for twenty and men of forty-one look like thirty-five, and there is nothing to save those men from the importunities of recruiting sergeants and the white feathers of female busybodies. There is also a large class of men who could not be released without grave economic damage to the country, were they to be enlisted.

Firms engaged in work necessary to the welfare of the people have already experienced who cannot be replaced. If these experts were to leave, the business would be seriously injured. Many men of small salaries who are buying homes on the installment plan would let payments lapse if they joined the army, while their families became dependent on government allowances. Some of men support large families by their productive toil.

The great majority of business men would support conscription in preference to a chaotic voluntarism," writes a correspondent, who says that "recruiting has now reached a stage of organized and unorganized coercion." His own business is a military tailoring establishment with 200 employees and engaged in filling war office contracts as well as private orders from officers, yet the war office has refused to give his men distinguishing badges of any sort.

THE INTRODUCTION OF SLAVERY.

The dull boy in the class unexpectedly distinguished himself in a recent history examination. The question ran, "How and when was slavery introduced into America?" To this he replied: "No woman had come over to the early Virginia colony. The planters wanted wives to help with the work. In 1619 the London company sent over a shipload of girls. The planters gladly married them and slavery was introduced into America."—Youth's Companion.

MANY ACTS OF BRAVERY ON WESTERN FRONT

More Than One Hundred Instances Recounted in Official Ally List of Awards.

London, Nov. 1.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—More than a hundred instances of individual bravery in the fighting at Loos and Hulluch six weeks ago, are recounted in brief official notes appended to the latest list of awards of the military cross and Distinguished Service Order. The ten most striking stories are as follows:

Captain Dennis, Scottish Borderers, was wounded in the trenches but after his wound was bandaged he escaped from the ambulance and went back to his men, advancing with his company until again wounded. He was carried back to a dressing station, from which he disappeared after his wound was dressed. He was seen cutting up with his company and again cheering them on until he was wounded a third time.

Major Gordon, London Artillery, got close up to the German lines to reconnoitre, and although under heavy fire, brought back twelve German captives after having shot one man with his revolver.

Lieutenant Carr, London Infantry, noticed while directing the removal of grenades from the divisional "dump" that the fuse of a bomb had become ignited. He at once picked it up and carried it out of the trench. He exploded just as it left his hand, seriously wounding him. His coolness saved an explosion of many thousand grenades and bombs, which would have killed scores of men and destroyed the entire divisional bomb reserves during the heavy operations of the day.

Captain Bird, London Field Ambulance, on one occasion worked for twenty-three hours without cessation in tending and dressing the wounded. He was twice observed carrying wounded on a stretcher under rifle fire, and for fifty-five hours was steadily exposing himself to heavy shell fire.

Lieutenant Williams of the "Buffs," took charge of a small party of bombers and attacked the enemy, throwing 2,000 bombs in seventeen hours. It was raining all the time, and the damp fuses had to be lit from cigarettes. Williams was wounded early in the fighting but refused to leave his post.

Lieutenant Holloway, Royal Artillery, laid a telephone wire through the Hohenzollern Redoubt under heavy fire. One leg was disabled before he had gone ten yards, but he dragged himself on, the same leg being again fractured by a bullet before he had finished his task. When two telephonists endeavored to carry him to safety, he insisted that they leave him and tend the wire.

Lieutenant Puseb, London Infantry, laid a party of bombers during the advance through Loos. Going alone he a house he captured seven Germans, although shot in the face by one of them. Notwithstanding his wound he continued clearing the enemy out of the cellars of the town.

Captain Williams, Welsh Guards, was in command of a squad of machine-guns. After having a wound dressed he went back to his place and continued to direct the work until midnight, although the nature of his wound compelled him to lie flat on his back all the time.

Lieutenant Wood, Gordon Highlanders, took 275 prisoners in Loos, marched them back under heavy fire with a small escort, and returned with much-needed ammunition for the men in the firing line. Being by this time the only officer left in his company, he rallied it on the slope of Hill 70 and held his new position with great bravery and resource.

Captain Kearsley, Welsh Fusiliers, although severely wounded early in the fighting, continued at the front of his men and maintained his position until he had been hit seven times.

BANKNOTE FREES SLAVE.

Cruikshank's note is not the only note that has saved life, for a Bank of England note once freed an English slave. The note came into the hands of a Liverpool merchant and was examined. It noticed some red marks on the back. Time and application resulted in the deciphering of a message which ran: "If this note should fall into the hands of John Dean of Loughill, near Carlisle, he will learn thereby that his brother is languishing a prisoner in Algiers."

John Dean was found, he applied to the government, interested the Prime Minister, who stirred the Foreign Secretary into action. Inquiries were made, the brother was found, and the Dev, by golden arguments, was persuaded to release him. For eleven years he had been a galley slave, and he had written the message in blood with a splinter of wood. His release came just in time to allow him to die at home.—London Chronicle.

Negaunee Department

BODIES OF MINERS FOUND FRIDAY NIGHT

Richard Proffit and Chas. Norelius Were Killed Instantly at the Rolling Mill.

The bodies of Richard Proffit and Charles Norelius, the miners who were killed Friday morning by a fall of ground and timber at the Rolling Mill mine, were recovered after midnight Friday. Miners, working in relays were employed from the time that the accident was discovered until the bodies were found, and worked incessantly. In all fifty men worked in digging out the bodies and twelve men were on hand at all times, two men working at a time in the sub-drift. The principal objective of the rescue work was fallen and broken timber and it was with difficulty that the bodies were reached.

Norelius and Proffit were working in a sub-drift, nine feet high and twenty feet long, in a raise fifty feet from the main level and the place was considered to be one of the safest in the mine. William Kent, a shift boss, visited the miners shortly after 8 o'clock Friday morning and found everything in good shape. At 10:30 Captain E. N. Cory, superintendent of the property, discovered the accident.

Timber, which came down from the top and sides of the drift, killed the two unfortunate miners instantly. It is thought they were buried by the timber and ore.

It is thought the overhead timber must have jammed up into old workings of the mine leaving a space, and that the excessive pressure was too great for the remaining timber.

The miners undoubtedly would have escaped had they been five feet away from the place when the timber crashed in. They had completed making a slice in the sub drift and were shoveling ore into cars when they were killed. Proffit's body was recovered at 12:15 a. m. and two hours and fifteen minutes later the body of Norelius was found. Captain Cory was in charge of the rescue work and he remained in the mine until the body of Norelius had been taken to surface. The men were close to each other. Proffit's feet were down the Kloman sand MacGregor shaft.

One of the safest in the mine. He stated yesterday that he thought the timber gave way at about 10:05 o'clock. He was at the foot of the raise at the time and as he was about to ascend the ladder he noticed fine dirt was coming down the roadway. He hurried up the ladder to learn the source. Had the timber, which was full to the capping of the ore body, remained intact, only five minutes more Captain Cory would have been buried.

Norelius and Proffit were two of the best miners in the company's employ. Norelius worked at the property for the last six years and Proffit had been employed there for four years. Norelius is survived by a widow and three children, the oldest four years old and the youngest, two weeks old. Proffit is survived by his widow and one child.

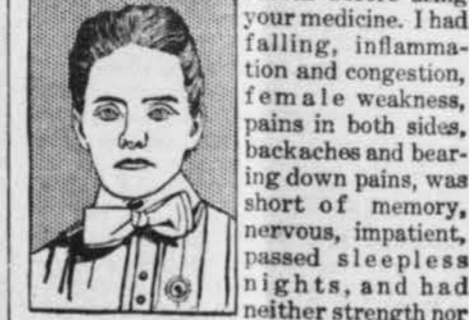
BULLETS REMOVED.

Two of the bullets that were fired into the body of Edward Fish by Jerome Wilson, the negro who invaded the Fish home at Kloman sand MacGregor at Nestora Sunday night, were removed at St. Francis' hospital at Escanaba the latter part of the week. One of the bullets was embedded under the left shoulder blade. The other had been fired through the right side of the patient's back. No serious evidence of infection have developed in the wounds and there is every hope for the complete recovery of the young man.

REMARKABLE CASE of Mrs. HAM

Declares Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Saved Her Life and Sanity.

Shamrock, Mo.—"I feel it my duty to tell the public the condition of my health before using your medicine. I had falling, inflammation, female weakness, pains in both sides, backaches and bearing down pains, was short of memory, nervous, impatient, passed sleepless nights, and had neither strength nor energy. There was always a fear and dread in my mind, I had cold, nervous, weak spells, hot flashes over my body. I had a place in my right side that was so sore that I could hardly bear the weight of my clothes. I tried medicines and doctors, but they did me little good, and I never expected to get out again. I got Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and I certainly would have been in grave or in an asylum if your medicines had not saved me. But now I can work all day, sleep well at night, eat anything I want, have no hot flashes or weak, nervous spells. All pains, aches, fears and dreads are gone, my house, children and husband are no longer neglected, as I am almost entirely free of the bad symptoms I had before taking your remedies, and all in pleasure and happiness in my home."



Mrs. JOSIE HAM, R. F. D. 1, Box 22, Shamrock, Missouri.

If you want special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Guest Anderson visited yesterday at Marquette.

Clarence Goodman is ill at his home on Main street.

Joseph Barabe, Jr., was the guest yesterday of friends at Marquette.

Mrs. John T. Burns spent yesterday visiting with Marquette relatives.

Fred Thomas has resumed work after a several days' illness at his home.

Ben J. Neely, of Crystal Falls, spent yesterday in Negaunee visiting relatives.

W. B. Pattison departed last evening for Duluth to spend a few days on business.

Miss Violet Edwards, Bluff street, has passed the severe attack of tonsillitis.

John Sarri and family have departed for Wallace, Idaho, where they will make their home.

Dr. John Winter, of Duluth, is the guest of his brother, Joseph H. Winter and family.

Mrs. Moberg, of Escanaba, is the guest of Negaunee and Ishpeming friends for a few days.

Mrs. Mesdames Fred Anthony and Ollie Simmons were the guests of Marquette relatives yesterday.

Mrs. Albert Nelson has returned to her home at Calumet after a visit here with relatives and friends.

Captain Joseph Thomas, Jess Peel and William Davey spent yesterday hunting deer at Michigamme.

Mrs. George Young, of Marquette, has been the guest of Miss Minnie Gaffney for the past few days.

Miss Margaret Andrus entertained a number of her friends Saturday evening at her home on Main street.

Rev. Harold Johns has returned to Iron Mountain after a few days' visit here with Rev. R. T. T. Hicks.

Mrs. B. Phillips has returned to her home at Bloomington, Ills., after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Raymond.

James Penglass, of Sault Ste. Marie, was the guest yesterday of his parents, Captain and Mrs. William Penglass.

Henry Larson arrived home Saturday evening from a week's deer hunting in the Dead river district with a 225-pound buck.

Samuel Bishop has returned from Marquette, where he was employed for the last several months at the Durocher quarry.

Mrs. Edward Piggott departed yesterday for St. Paul, Minn., where she will spend a few weeks visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. Rita Roberts has returned to her home at Whitefish, after a two weeks visit with Negaunee relatives and friends.

Bert Sawbridge, John Anderson and William Steele have returned from a successful deer hunting trip at Eben Junction.

Mrs. Thomas Vowler and daughter, Mrs. Joseph Amel, of Gwin, were the guests of Negaunee relatives and friends Saturday.

Mrs. Joseph Stengline and son, Joseph, of Marquette, are the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Saladin, for a few days.

Mrs. Richard Uren was surprised by about forty friends Saturday evening at her home on Main street the occasion being her birthday.

Mrs. Mesdames Henry Trevarrow and A. P. Johnson have returned from a week's visit with relatives and friends at St. Paul and Minneapolis.

A special meeting of the Local Order of Moose will be held this evening at 7:30 in Levine's Hall. All members are requested to be present as important business will be taken up.

A Thanksgiving program will be given this evening at the regular meeting of English Oak lodge, Sons of St. George. Refreshments will be served. The program has been arranged by John Leverton.

Fred Northey, Ralph Marlett, Harry Biscombe and Frank Doughty have returned from Houghton, where they attended the Masonic meeting. Twenty-five Negaunee, Marquette and Ishpeming Masons were at Houghton.

"Aristocracy," a five-reel Paramount picture, will be shown tonight at the Star theatre. Tyrone Power, Marguerite Skirvin and Edna Mayo are featured in the picture. Gerald & Griffin will open a three days' vaudeville engagement with a singing and dancing act.

Mrs. Mary Quigg, who had been here on a week's visit with her cousins, Mesdames William Black and Cornelius Boyle, has departed for Commonwealth, Wis., where she will visit relatives before returning to her home in North Dakota. Mrs. Quigg was a former resident of Palmer and her recent visit here was the first in thirty-three years.

LONG HAIR.

From investigations which the writer has made, it would appear that the woman who has most cause to be proud of her "crowning glory" is an American, the winner of a long hair competition in the United States, whose tresses measure eight and one-half feet. The weight of this abundance of hair does not seem to cause the possessor any inconvenience, and the tresses are so thick that a certain manufacturer remarked that the hair could be woven into sufficient fabric to make an ample gown for the successful contestant.

The record of this lady beats by two and one-half feet that of a Bristol lady who was supposed to possess the longest hair in the country. Instances of ladies' hair measuring five to five and one-half feet have often been recorded. But it might be mentioned that the longest hair in the world was that grown by Robert Latta, of Tunbridge Wells, whose beard measured no less than sixteen feet, and necessitated his wearing it around his waist.—London Tit-Bits.

KEEP YOUR BOWELS REGULAR.

If your bowels become constipated, take a dose of Chamberlain's Tablets just after supper and they will correct the disorder. They are mild and gentle in their action. Obtainable everywhere.

STATEMENT OF THE NEGAUNEE NATIONAL BANK

Negaunee, Michigan
November 10th, 1915

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$354,820.68	Capital Stock paid in	\$100,000.00
U. S. and Other Bonds	161,350.00	Surplus Fund	25,000.00
Bank Building	48,248.00	Undivided Profits	9,921.74
Federal Reserve Stock	3,750.00	Reserved for Interest	4,325.28
Cash and Exchange	52,497.58	Circulation	100,000.00
		Deposits	381,720.14
Total	\$620,667.16	Total	\$620,667.16

Designated United States Depository

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STAR THEATRE TONIGHT

PARAMOUNT PICTURES "Aristocracy"

with Tyrone Power, Marguerite Skirvin and Edna Mayo.

A pictorial dramatic study of society and its shams.

VAUDEVILLE Gerald & Griffin

Singing, Talking Comedy Act

Admission - - - 10c to all.

TUESDAY—"NEAL OF THE NAVY" first episode.

WINS NOTABLE LEGAL BATTLES

Judge C. R. Brown, for Many Years a Resident of This City, Succeeds in Having Annulled Two Jitney License Ordinances Passed in City of Benton Harbor

As Solicitor for Jitney Owners, He Advised Them Not to Furnish Bonds, All Were Arrested, but Judge Wiest Upheld Contentions and Directed Acquittal.

Judge C. R. Brown, father of City Attorney George P. Brown, and for many years a resident of this city, has recently won two notable legal victories in behalf of jitney owners, which undoubtedly establish a precedent for court rulings on this subject, and will probably influence jitney legislation all over the country.

Benton Harbor had adopted a stringent jitney ordinance, along the lines of those enacted in many cities throughout the country. Judge Brown, as solicitor for several jitney owners, procured an injunction restraining the enforcement of the ordinance because of its oppressive and illegal features.

Circuit Judge Blackman, who had granted the injunction in the case of the first ordinance, called upon Judge Howard Wiest, of Lansing, to try the case, and in a lengthy charge to the jury, upholding the contentions of Judge Brown, Judge Wiest directed a verdict of acquittal.

The following from a recent issue of the "Niles Sun" contains the substance of Judge Brown's contention, and of Judge Wiest's charge, which covers fourteen pages of typewritten copy:

That Jitney Bond.
"Judge C. R. Brown in his recent argument before Judge Wiest, in the Benton county circuit court concerning the validity of the Benton Harbor jitney ordinance, declared:

"There is no grant of power in the charter for requiring the proprietors of vehicles who carry passengers for hire to insure the lives or property of either passengers or other persons."
"While admitting the right of municipalities in Michigan to make all proper rules and regulations concerning the use of the streets, he denied the right of the city to provide for a contract between the licensee and third parties, to which the city is not a party and is not and cannot be made a party, and in which the city as such has not and can have no interest. The city cannot demand or require bonds or contracts running to or operating only between third parties."

"Counsel for the city contended that the power of the legislature to require bonds from liquor dealers, to indemnify persons injured or damaged by the sale of intoxicating liquors, warrants the application of a similar rule by the common council in the regulation of the streets in the case of jitney buses."

"In his instructions to the jury Judge Wiest said that 'The right to engage in the liquor trade comes from the legislature, and in so coming may come laden with conditions. Besides, the police power in this state is vested in the legislature and goes down to municipalities only so far as it is expressly delegated and it may not rest upon mere implication. In the exercise of the police power the legislature acts under plenary power and may enact such laws as it sees fit within the police power, and what it may do cannot be made a test of what a municipality may do.'

"It is no part of a municipal government to provide a means of aiding the collection of judgments recovered by one citizen against another. The city has no interest in such suits, could take no part in aiding a plaintiff therein, and may not exact from the citizen as a prerequisite to the use of the public streets, that he give a bond to pay damages recovered against him in a private suit in which is no part of the municipal government."
"May terms and conditions beyond regulations be exacted?"

"The test is, that of whether without this ordinance the respondent could, under the law of the state, have used the streets of the city with his jitney bus. If he could not have used the streets except under a franchise or contract in the first instance, then terms and conditions could be imposed in the granting of a franchise, but where the right exists without grant or franchise from the city, then the city is limited to regulation and cannot make the further use conditioned upon the giving of a bond to save persons from a pecuniary loss in case of injury."

300 CANAL PASSAGES.
Saint Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 21.—[Special.]—Upbound vessels passing the canal the last twenty-four hours were: Clevebank, 7. Briton, 10:30 last night; Carleton, Alex. Thompson, Wilpen, 9:30 a. m.; Iceland, Denmark, Holden, Lakewood, 1 p. m.; Samuel Morse, 1:30; Corrigan, 2; Mary Elphicke, French, 6.

EXCURSION RATES.
The South Shore will have very low round trip excursion rates in effect hereafter on all stations on its line account Thanksgiving day. Tickets will be on sale Nov. 23, 24 and 25, and will be good for return passage until Nov. 29, 1915. For full particulars apply to ticket agents. 11-20-44

Special Thanksgiving Attractions

Table Linens, Napkins, Beautiful Dinner Ware, Fine Glass Ware, Cut Glass, Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons, Carving Sets, etc., etc.

Never in our history were we in a position to serve you any better. The best goods from representative makers are shown here in large assortments.

Carefully selected Table Linens and Napkins, immense assortment of fine Dinner Ware, Fancy Dishes, Cut Glass, fine Tumblers and Glass Ware, Table Silverware and Carving Sets, in the latest designs and marked at prices that represent unusual savings.

Come in and investigate as you will find in our store all the necessary things that will add the finishing touch to your Thanksgiving dinner.

THE VARIETY STORE

149-151 Washington Street

J. A. MALBIOT, Proprietor

STILL SEARCHING FOR HUNTER LOST IN WOODS

Thorough Search Last Week Revealed No Trace—Parties Out Yesterday.

The disappearance of H. O. Erbehoer, the young Adrian hunter, who has not been heard of since leaving his camp north of Eckerman, Chippewa county, last Monday, still remains an unsolved mystery.

Erbehoer started from his camp on Monday afternoon, heading toward Whitefish Bay, and carried with him only a shotgun with which to shoot birds. Failing to return by last Thursday, the hunters in the vicinity of Eckerman became alarmed, and notified Deputy Warden Nelson, Game Warden Oates, who was immediately communicated with over long distance telephone, ordered Deputies Nelson and Salisbury to commence a search for Erbehoer that night.

The following morning, several other deputies were also detailed to search the woods for him. Saturday night Mr. Oates had a report from his men at Eckerman that they had worked their way north the entire distance from the camp to Lake Superior, a distance of perhaps thirty miles, without any trace of the missing man.

According to Game Warden Oates, the deputies yesterday organized search parties of hunters, and worked north again, in new directions. In case any trace should be found of the missing hunter, it was stated, it would probably be at least twenty-four hours before the deputies could reach a point from which the game warden could be notified.

SENT UP FOR LIFE.
W. O. Sutton Sought to Fire Jackson Prison—Assaulted Another Convict.

Among the men who were received at the Marquette prison over the weekend was W. O. Sutton, who at the time he was sentenced to the Marquette institution, was serving a term in the Jackson prison. He and another convict attempted to fire one of the shops. Smith, a third convict, sought to put out the fire, and was assaulted by Sutton. As a result, Sutton was placed on trial in Jackson county for assault with intent to kill, and the judge sent him to Marquette for life. A few days ago Smith was paroled because of the effort he made to save the prison property. Sutton is only twenty-three years of age, but his record shows that he has spent twelve years in reform schools and prisons. He was received Saturday.

Three men with former prison records were received yesterday from St. Clair county. One was Mark W. Martin, given from two to twenty years for burglary, with a recommendation of twelve. Martin is wanted at the Eastern Penitentiary of Pennsylvania for violation of parole. The other two were Thomas and Clarence M. Hoffman, each given from seven to fourteen years with a recommendation of ten, for forgery. They are brothers.

MAKING RAPID STRIDES.
Chatham & Phenix National Will Soon Reach Round \$100,000,000.

The Chatham & Phenix National, of New York, of which L. G. Kaufman is the president, will soon reach \$100,000,000 of resources, at the rate progress is now being made. The statement of Nov. 10 shows resources of over \$79,000,000, this figure representing a gain of \$12,000,000 since the time, early in the fall, when Mr. Kaufman was successful in securing the O. K. of the treasury officials for the consolidation of the Chatham & Phenix and the Century, the latter a state bank, of whose board of directors he was chairman. The Century had several branches, and Mr. Kaufman obtained the sanction of the treasury officials for continuing these branches under the Chatham & Phenix. It is expected that they will contribute materially to the growth of the parent bank. The Chatham & Phenix has shown during the few years that Mr. Kaufman has been associated with it the most notable development of any of the New York banks.

Very poor lime may produce a temperature of 300 degrees centigrade, which is sufficient to char the wood on exposure to air. The best limes can produce a slaking temperature of 400 degrees centigrade, so it is dangerous to ship them in contact with wood.

BOY IS BADLY INJURED COASTING INTO AUTO

Claude Bowers, Twelve Years Old, in Critical Condition at St. Luke's Hospital.

Claude Bowers, the twelve-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Wren Bowers, was injured while coasting about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and was taken by Dr. S. M. James to St. Luke's hospital, where his condition last night was reported as critical.

Young Bowers was coasting down Seventh street toward Washington, when he collided with a touring car going west on Washington. It is not known whether or not the lad was run over by the machine, as no bones were broken, but he has been internally injured through the left lung, besides sustaining lacerations about the head. It is thought that the right hind wheel of the automobile passed over the boy, as his internal injuries are of too serious a nature to have been caused by merely colliding with the machine.

Thanksgiving Plated Silver That Wears

In making your selection at our store you are choosing from patterns which you can duplicate at a later date.

We carry a complete line of the 1847 Roger Bros., also the R. Wallace & Son 1835 Silverware. These two Plated Silver manufacturers lead the world.

- Knives and Forks** \$3.50, \$5, \$7, \$10 per set.
- Tea Spoons** at \$1.50 and \$2 per set.
- Dessert Spoons** at \$3 and \$3.50 per set.
- Table Spoons** \$3.50 and \$4 per set.
- Soup Spoons** \$3.50 and \$4 per set.
- Butter Spreaders** \$3 and \$3.50 per set.
- Salad Forks** \$3.50 and \$4 per set.
- Berry Spoons** at \$1.50, \$2 and 2.50 each
- Cream Ladles** at \$1 and \$1.50 each
- Gravy Ladles** at \$2 and \$2.50 each.
- Cold Meat Forks** at \$1, 1.25 and 1.50 each
- Carving Sets** at \$3.50, \$5 and \$7.

Schoch & Hallam
"THE EDISON SHOP"

SPECIAL FORECASTS WILL AID MARINERS

Commencing Today Weather Bureau Will Make Long Period Predictions.

For the first time in its history, the weather bureau will make special forecasts for a period of ten days in advance. This new plan becomes effective this morning, and will continue until the close of navigation, about three weeks hence.

The special long period forecasts are intended for the benefit of mariners, as navigation from now to the end of the season will be attended by great hazards, because of the unusually severe storms raging over the Great Lakes. The proposed special forecasts were first announced last Saturday, and on the same day a telegraphic bulletin was received at the South Shore dock from Wm. Livingston, president of the Lake Carriers' association, in which the lake carriers were notified that the long period weather predictions would go into effect this morning. From this it is assumed that Mr. Livingston was instrumental in securing the special forecasts in the interests of the boats which will traverse the Great Lakes until well into December.

While navigation will practically close here this week, many boats will continue to ply the Great Lakes into next month. The Castalia, for instance, which is in the Marquette harbor now, and which is always one of the latest boats to tie up for the winter, will continue operating for at least two weeks, and probably longer. The Castalia arrived at Peck and's dock with a cargo of coal the latter part of last week, and after unloading, commenced to load ore at the South Shore dock, where it is now. The boat is expected to clear for Cleveland tonight, from which place it will go up to Duluth, and then return again to Cleveland with a cargo of grain.

The Weather Outlook.
During the last ten days of November and well into December, according to the weather bureau, westerly winds of storm force will be of almost daily occurrence over some portion of the Upper Lakes, generally on Lake Superior. The general storm movement is from west to east, and often in the period mentioned one storm will succeed another so quickly that it will be difficult to say when one ceases and the other begins.

The temperature, especially over eastern Superior, will sink occasionally considerably below freezing. Very rarely will it fall to zero, and the recovery will be rather rapid; hence, prolonged cold spells in the latter part of November are not expected to be frequent.

The first of the special forecasts issued by the weather bureau for the "ten-day period" beginning this morning, is as follows:

"The prevailing low pressure in the lake region will give way to higher pressure and normal storm movement about the middle of the week, meantime fresh westerly winds will prevail over Superior, northern Michigan and Huron and moderate westerly over the southern portion of the last named. A low of the westerly type will probably appear about Wednesday, and a second low by the close of the week. Average temperature in Superior region will fluctuate between twenty-five and thirty-five degrees with extremes for short periods of a few degrees higher or lower, no considerable period of low temperature is now apparent. Unexpected developments as they occur will be covered in daily wind forecasts."

MRS. HAGER'S NEEDLEWORK.
Dainty Creations Are Attracting Attention from Holiday Shoppers.

The fine needlework creations, made entirely by Mrs. George W. Hager and displayed as appropriate Xmas suggestions in the Hager Bros. company's window, are attracting the attention of holiday shoppers, who evidently find much to admire in the beautiful and strikingly original designs. The collection includes caps, bags, and a myriad of other dainty needlework novelties, all of which, with the exception of a few boxed articles, are the products of Mrs. Hager's deft needle.

Mrs. Hager, who is regarded as being unusually proficient with the needle, derives her greatest pleasure from this art, and the articles which she makes throughout the year are always added to the Xmas goods display in the Hager Bros.' store.



3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Condensed from Statement to the Comptroller of the Currency, Nov. 10, 1915.

RESOURCES:

Time Loans	\$ 762,802 58
Demand Collateral Loans	\$349,178 85
Cash, Exchange and due from U. S. Treasurer	639,210 41
U. S. Bonds and Other Bonds at par	988,389 26
Bank Building and Real Estate	634,805 89
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	43,000 00
	6,000 00
Total	\$2,434,997 71

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock Paid in	\$150,000 00
Surplus and Profits	57,717 85
Discount Collected, not earned	66,428 19
Reserved to Pay Interest	7,734 79
Reserved to Pay Taxes	5,043 39
National Bank Notes Outstanding	145,050 00
Dividends Unpaid	6 00
Deposits	2,003,017 49
Total	\$2,434,997 71

Designated United States Depository. Capital, Surplus and Profits, \$250,000

OFFICERS:

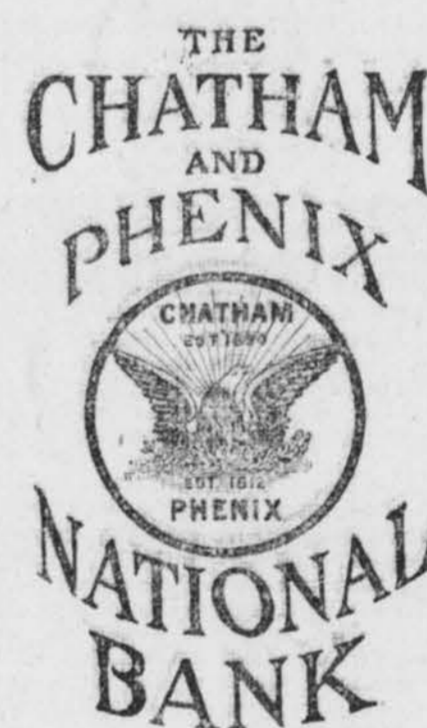
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EDW. S. BICE, Vice President.
C. L. BRAINERD, Cashier.
W. O. JOHNSON, Ass't Cashier.
O. E. BROWN, Ass't Cashier.

Send for Our Booklet entitled 'MODERN BANKING'

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ONE HUNDRED YEARS A COMMERCIAL BANK



of the City of New York
192 Broadway
Corner John St

Capital and Surplus, \$5,000,000
Resources - - \$75,000,000

CHARTER MEMBER NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE BANK
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

Condensed Statement of Condition at the Close of Business, November 10th, 1915.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts	\$51,256,279.26
U. S. Bonds (Par)	1,350,000.00
Other Stocks and Bonds	5,525,431.67
Banking House	170,000.00
Cash and Exchanges	20,919,572.22
Total	\$79,221,283.15

LIABILITIES:

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits	\$ 5,318,902.22
Circulation	1,186,097.50
Deposits	72,716,283.43
Total	\$79,221,283.15

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We invite your account.

ALL

6 PERSONS 18 ARE IN TRAIL

Special Pulling Carnival Central of Train Collision lumbus, Ga.

Show Equipment Wrecked Eng Two Perish in Saves Child, in Life - Order

Columbus, Ga., N re known to have thers are missing 4 injured as a result sion six miles wes tional Central of ain No. 2 and a s eight cars carry sly Carnival com sly, proprietor of te tonight he belie could reach twenty fore." It would be ore the list could ore bodies had te tonight. The te the missing a der overturned ca velve of the carn reported destr a still were bur s containing tra id to have been de the animals.

ORDERS MISS The collision occ retch of track, the 2 enroute from B d the show spec enic City. A mis is said to have The known de trainmen, were th the carnival ed follows: MR. AND MRS. F usas City.

A showman know Three unidentified ties were badly b CARNIVAL CAR Engines of both ed by the impu ich carried three ch escaped serion the carnival tra the engines and e. The chief per al company rode ch made up the in and none of n bruises.

Mr. and Mrs. Ken ighter, Hazel, we of the front of t caught fire. The ighter out of a w ang with cuts i up and her husk in the wrecked two cars carrying re destroyed. It e of the animals 1 dogs escaped be

LOAN CHIN IF SHE WILL TO JOIN

Petrograd, via Lo n—The foreign h the proposition e entente allies, s most requires mu ns contracted, w ich are now accu The entente allie ling to advance t ina will give sat arding the prese quality and will e to check diso many.

The foreign offi these villagers, air tly in the summe n band which w kin to Manchuria epose of cutting t Mongol chiefs, destroyed a si ber on the bord neburia.

VISS WILL S FOR U. S.

Berne, via Paris. The Swiss postal ed henceforth, t stined for the th America in Germany and It ate is more rou al one. The ar med that mail it will not be ex y censors.