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BRITISH HOSPITAL BOAT HITS MINE; MANY DROWN

PRIVATE BIDS ON WARSHIPS EXCEED LIMIT

Because of the Failure of Corporations, Seeking Construction of Two Superdreadnoughts, to Keep Under $7,800,000 Price, Navy Yards May Do the Work.

Government Plants at New York and Philadelphia Each Estimate Lower Than Maximum Named by Congress—Vessels Will Be Both Massive and Powerful.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Because of the apparent failure of private bidders to keep their proposals within the $7,800,000 limit of cost set by congress for the hulls and machinery of battleships Nos. 43 and 44, bids for which were opened today at the navy department, construction of both vessels may be undertaken at government navy yards.

The New York and Philadelphia government plants submitted estimates of less than $7,000,000 each for ships propelled with the combination steam and electric drive to be used in the new superdreadnought now building at the New York yards. These were the lowest bids, and the same yards also submitted the lowest figures for ships equipped with Parsons steam turbines, the bases of all but one of the private bids. The Mare Island yard, with an estimate of $7,413,156 for the turbine ship, was next lowest. The lowest private bid was that of the Fore River Shipbuilding company, which submitted four alternate proposals.

Each was made under stipulated modifications to the department's specifications which apparently would bring the total cost far above the $7,800,000 maximum.

PROTECTED FROM TORPEDOES.

The two new superdreadnaughts authorized by congress will represent the last word in naval architecture.

Since the war has brought no vessels of this class into conflict, no radical departure in construction is planned as no definite lessons have been learned. The greatest difference between the two new ships, Nos. 43 and 44—until names for them are chosen—and their immediate predecessors now building, will lie in additional hull protection against torpedo attack. The nature of those safeguards has not been revealed except to bidders, but they are generally understood to consist of greater subdivision and strengthened bulkheads to keep the ships afloat even with holes torn in their bottoms.

In size the new ships will equal the California, now under construction at the New York navy yard. They will displace 32,000 tons, measure 625 feet in length overall, 97 feet eight inches beam and draw thirty feet of water. They will have a speed of 20½ knots an hour and will be driven by turbine engines since the navy department probably will not build more ships of combined steam and electric drive, as in the California, until that vessel has proved her worth. They will carry a dozen fourteen-inch rifles, each in their main battery, mounted three to a turret and with thirty degree elevation, twenty-two five-inch rifles for defense against destroyers, four submerged torpedo tubes and three anti-aircraft guns to repell aeroplanes and dirigibles.

BIGGER THAN THE NEVADA.

The steady increase in size of battleships is shown by a comparison of the new vessels with the Nevada, the latest addition to the navy. They will displace 2,500 tons more than the Nevada, show an increased length of nearly fifty feet and a few feet additional breadth and will mount twelve big guns against the Nevada's ten.

In appearance the new ships will show a marked departure from vessels of their type now in commission as they will be constructed with long overhanging bows, known as clipper stems, patterned after swift sailing ships of days gone by. The result, in the opinion of navy designers, will be to give the battlecraft greater freedom from pitching in heavy seas.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK; CAUSE IS NOT GIVEN

London, Nov. 17, 7:35 p. m.—The British steamer Treneglos has been sunk.

The Treneglos was a vessel of 3,886 tons and was owned by the Hain Steamship company of St. Ives, Eng. She was built in 1906.

BRITISH SHIP ESCAPES FROM GERMAN DESTROYER WITH HELP OF SWEDISH

Copenhagen, via London, Nov. 17, 5:09 p. m.—The British steamer Thelma's departure from Trelleborg, Sweden, where she had been lying since the beginning of the war, was marked by an exciting naval adventure in which the vessel escaped capture by a German destroyer through assistance rendered by the Swedish torpedo boat Pollux.

On Tuesday, when south of Landskrona, sixteen miles northeast of Copenhagen, the Thelma was pursued by the German destroyer W 132 into Swedish territorial waters. While the Germans were in the act of boarding the steamer the Pollux forced them to return to their boat and, running between the two vessels, informed the Germans that every means would be employed to prevent the Thelma from being taken.

After an interval of silence in which both warships cleared for action, the German destroyer steamed away.

SAYS BRITAIN KNEW GERMAN INTENTION TO BRING ABOUT WAR

London, Nov. 18, 1:30 a. m.—Viscount Haldane, the former war secretary, speaking at Hampstead tonight, declared that the Germans would have reached Paris and perhaps Calais had not the government taken prompt action upon the warnings which he himself and others had given of the German intentions.

The British government, he said, did everything possible to get aggressive ideas out of the heads of the other nations on the continent, but that did not prevent the government from taking precautionary measures. Great Britain was not taken unawares, but was able to mobilize the army and navy at the first moment of the outbreak of the war.

Lord Haldane expressed the belief that there was not a single government among the powers that has not been wholly surprised and taken aback by the magnitude and duration of the struggle, which has since developed and that nobody has been so much surprised as the German general staff, which "had expected a walkover in about three months."

WANT CONGRESS TO ACT QUICKLY WITH TREATIES

Washington, Nov. 17.—Prompt action on the Haitien protectorate treaty and the pending treaties with Colombia and Nicaragua will be sought by the administration when congress convenes. Senator Stone, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, conferred today with Secretary Lansing and told him he would undertake to have these conventions voted on as early as possible.

Mr. Stone called at the department particularly to talk about Haiti, but the discussion turned also to the Colombian and Nicaraguan treaties which have been stumbling blocks before the foreign relations committee almost throughout this administration.

$25,000,000 DEAL TO BE PASSED?

There has been persistent opposition to the Colombian treaty, under which the United States would pay $25,000,000 in settlement of all claims growing out of the separation of Panama. Senator Stone thinks if it cannot be ratified in its present form, this should be determined quickly so that further negotiations with Panama may be undertaken. It is regarded as probable, however, that a favorable report can be reached in committee, inasmuch as two of the treaty's strongest opponents, Senators Root and Burton, have left the senate.

BUDGET COMMITTEE AND WILSON DISCUSS SYSTEMATIC FINANCE

Washington, Nov. 17.—For two and a half hours tonight President Wilson and members of the special budget committee of the house conferred over methods of systematizing appropriations in congress. No agreement was reached and after a long discussion the president asked the committeemen to get together as soon as possible on some definite plan.

Representative Fitzgerald, of New York, chairman of the appropriations committee, was insistent upon his plan of centralizing all appropriations in one committee, the appropriations committee. On the other hand Representative Sherley, of Kentucky, strongly advocated a plan he has urged for some years for a budget committee to be made up of chairmen and ranking minority members of the various committees having jurisdiction over appropriations.

U. S. NAVY HOLDING PETROLEUM RESERVES

Taft, Calif., Nov. 17.—The United States navy department posted notices today on sixty-nine sections of land about the Midway and Elk Hills oil district stating that the United States navy department had taken possession and that all persons were forbidden to explore for minerals or locate on the land. The notices were signed by Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy, and Lieutenant Commander Irwin F. Landis, U. S. N., in charge of the navy petroleum reserve.

CERTAIN A NOTE ON SUBMARINES WILL GO FORTH

With Receipt of Austrian Version of Ancona Affair, Secretary Lansing Has Enough Information to Inquire the Attitude of Vienna on This Mode of Warfare

No Action Will Be Taken, However, Pending the Report of Ambassador Penfield on the Facts and Details as He Learns Them from the Foreign Office.

Washington, Nov. 17.—American Ambassador Penfield today cabled the state department an official statement concerning the sinking of the Italian steamship Ancona, which had been handed him by the Austrian foreign office, apparently before he received the department's instructions cabled yesterday to seek the Vienna version of the tragedy.

The text of the communication virtually is identical with that given out in Vienna by the Austrian admiralty and sent to this country by wireless from Berlin. It says that the Ancona fled at full speed when a warning shot was fired across her bow and it denies the allegation of the Italian government that the steamer was shelled after she had come to a standstill and that other shots were fired at lifeboats and at persons swimming in the sea.

ENOUGH NOW FOR NOTE.

After the receipt of the report it became known that Secretary Lansing considered that the state department now had in its possession sufficient official information to form the basis of an inquiry to Austria-Hungary regarding its attitude toward the conduct of submarine warfare. The secretary indicated, however, that no communication would go forward until a reply had been made to questions submitted to the Austrian foreign office by Ambassador Penfield. It is presumed that the cablegram directing the ambassador to ask for specific and detailed information crossed in transmission the dispatch received today.

LET DEFORMED CHILD DIE RATHER THAN BE MENACE TO SOCIETY

Chicago, Nov. 17.—The Bollinger baby, a defective mite whose mother, on professional advice, decided it should not undergo an operation which probably would save its life, died at 8 o'clock tonight at the German-American hospital.

The subject of the propriety of sacrificing the unpromising spark of life in the infant, that it might not grow up a burden to itself and a possible menace to society, was the subject of widespread discussion. Dr. H. J. Haiselden, on whose advice the mother acted, was visited by many medical men today, and telephone calls alternately accused and praised him. He remained unaltered in his conviction that death was the greatest blessing which could be hoped for the infant.

The principal physical deformities of the baby were the closure of the intestinal tract, paralysis of the nerves of the right side of the face, the absence of the right ear, blindness of one eye, and malformation of its shoulders.

U. S. PREPARING A NOTE REGARDING CONTRABAND TO SEND GREAT BRITAIN

Washington, Nov. 17—A memorandum, which will form the basis of a note to Great Britain regarding contraband, is now in course of preparation at the state department. It was learned today that it had not been definitely decided yet what attitude the United States would take in regard to the action of Great Britain in placing on the contraband list cotton and other products never before treated as contraband. It was said to be probable that this decision would be reached within the next few days and that soon thereafter the first draft of the note would be made. Several drafts may be required before the communication is ready for transmission.

FRANCE WON'T SEND GOODS TO GREECE?

Paris, Nov. 17, 10:10 p. m.—A Havas dispatch from Marseilles says the government has ordered the port authorities to accept no further shipments of merchandise destined for Greece.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Nov. 17.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Cloudy Thursday; Friday, rain.

BRITISH HOLD AMERICAN PRISONER AT LONDON; U. S. TO GET RELEASE

Washington, Nov. 17.—An appeal was made to the state department today in behalf of Samuel Schwartz, of New York, an American citizen, who is said to have been held in prison for England for more than four months with no charge against him other than that "he is held for deportation."

Counsel for the man's wife laid the case before the department and asked that some action be taken toward securing his immediate release. It was said later that the course of the government probably would be to ask the British foreign office to put the deportation order into effect as soon as practicable.

FOUR ITALIAN SHIPS SUNK LAST FEW DAYS

London, Nov. 18, 2:24 a. m.—The Morning Post's correspondent at Rome says he learns that during the last few days four Italian steamers have been sunk by submarines, but that the newspapers have not yet been permitted to publish the news.

VILLA FORCES TRYING TO SAVE THE MAIN ARMY

Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 17.—General Obregon, chief of the Carranza forces, who, during the last few days has been preparing to move the Sonora troops of General Carranza against the forces of Francisco Villa near Hermosillo, has diverted his efforts toward Cananea. Hardly had Obregon, with an advance guard, left Naco today when rifle shots from Villa cavalry greeted him from both sides. The attack lasted an hour, when the Villa soldiers disappeared.

The decision to divert the attack on Villa came when General Jose Rodriguez, who evacuated Naco last Saturday, was discovered intrenched at Cananea, with artillery, prepared to oppose an advance on Villa's main army. The advance guard tonight had reached Del Rio, where another body of Villa cavalry was encountered.

The main Carranza army, under General Calles, has arrived at Villa Verde, midway between Naco and Cananea.

DESERTERS BACK TO MEXICO.

Eagle Pass., Tex., Nov. 17.—Large numbers of former Villa soldiers, granted amnesty by Carranza commanders, following fighting in northern Sonora, are returning to Mexico through Piedras Negras, the border town across the Rio Grande from here. These soldiers were transported here through the United States from Douglas and Nogales, Ariz. In addition to railroad fare, each man was given $5 in gold by Carranza authorities.

Recent cold weather has caused Carranza border authorities to extend additional charity to the refugees. Most of the money given to 125 arrivals today was spent for shoes and clothing. Besides the former soldiers, large numbers of Mexican laborers, employed on American railroads during the summer, are returning to Mexico.

DISCUSS PLAN OF GOVERNMENT TO BUY SHIPS

Washington, Nov. 17.—A tentative draft of the new government ship purchase bill, which will be urged by the administration at the coming session of congress was considered today at a conference at the treasury department. Secretary Redfield and Solicitor Thurman, of the department of commerce, went over the proposed measure with Secretary McAdoo.

The draft follows the lines suggested by Secretary McAdoo in a recent speech outlining the purposes of the administration as to naval auxiliaries and the upbuilding of the American merchant marine. Before the measure is put in final form to be presented to congress, it will be laid before President Wilson for his approval. The plan described by Mr. McAdoo in his speech contemplated the expenditure of $50,000,000 by a government shipping board consisting of the secretary of the navy, the secretary of commerce and three other members to be nominated by the president. The board would be empowered to organize a corporation to subscribe to its capital stock and to vote the stock purchased in elections for directors. Through this corporation the board would maintain shipping lines, operating or leasing them to private concerns.

ALL EYES TURN TOWARD GREECE IN BID FOR AID

Nothing So Far Has Come from England's Demand That Athens Either Join With Allies or at Least Guarantee That Entente Troops Will Not Be Disarmed.

Position of Serbians, Both in the North and South, Is Precarious, Bulgars' Drives Forcing Them Back, and Flanking Movements All but Enveloping Them.

Paris, Nov. 18, 3:30 a. m.—British troops, well supplied with artillery, left Saloniki for Monastir Tuesday, says a Havas dispatch from Athens.

London, Nov. 17, 9:40 p. m.—Both the military and the diplomatic situation of the allies in the Balkans are disquieting, if not critical, a fact which doubtless led to the visit of the British prime minister, Mr. Asquith, David Lloyd George and A. J. Balfour to Paris for a conference with the French cabinet and General Joffre the French commander-in-chief.

The main Serbian army under General Putnik, which is operating in the north, is now encompassed on every side but one, and, being cut off from the south by the Bulgarian advance beyond Tetovo, must depend on the rough roads through Montenegro and Albania for any supplies from the sea.

SERBS' POSITION IS CRITICAL.

In the south the Serbian position is almost as bad. The success of the Bulgarian flanking attack on Babuna pass and their advance from Veles have prevented the hoped-for junction of the Serbian and French forces. This leaves the Serbians only two lines of retreat, one into Albania, where they may be harrassed by unfriendly tribes, and the other across the Greek border, where they are in danger of being disarmed and interned. It is to prevent the latter eventuality that the entente allies are putting forth every effort and unquestionably this matter has been discussed in Paris by the British and French ministers.

BRITAIN HOLDS GREEK SHIPS.

The British government has taken further action by the issuance of an order that no Greek vessel, except those loaded or loading, may proceed to their destinations; while Lenys Cochin, member of the French cabinet, who was given an enthusiastic reception at Athens by the municipal authorities and the people, is expected to express very firmly the French view of what is considered the unsatisfactory reply of Greece to the entente powers' request for the safe conduct of both Serbian and allied forces, should they be compelled to retire into Greece.

Lord Kitchener, the British war secretary, who, it had been stated, was to back M. Cochin, is now reported in Gallipoli, although, according to rumor, King Constantine expressed a wish to see him.

WANT CLEAR GUARANTEES.

Like Italy and France, England now demands that Greece shall either join the allies or translate her benevolent neutrality toward the entente into a clear declaration that she will attempt to disarm neither the Serbians nor the allies should they be forced back over her frontier, and that she will afford further facilities for the landing and transport of allied troops.

There are no changes on the French, Italian or Russian fronts, but the presence of Russian warships on the coast of Courland, where they have been bombarding the German positions, suggests that General Ruzsky has not concluded the offensive which he undertook west of Riga.

The loss of the British hospital ship Anglia in the English channel and another steamer which went to her assistance, is believed to have been due to mines which broke from their moorings in the recent storm.

BULGARS NEARING MONASTIR.

London, Nov. 18, 3:34 a. m.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Athens, dated Wednesday, says:

"Official war dispatches are still lacking, but according to press dispatches received here Perlepe is said to have been occupied by the Bulgarians, who are now two hours distant from Monastir and making a turning movement under command of German officers. The situation at Monastir is reported to be most critical. The foreign consuls, except the French, have gone to Saloniki, to which place the prefect of Monastir has sent the city's archives."

SERBS GIVE UP BABUNA PASS.

Rome, Nov. 17, 8:55 p. m., via Paris, Nov. 18, 2:10 a. m.—A special dispatch to the Corriere Della Serra of Milan from its Balkan correspondent says:

"After sixteen days of furious Bulgarian attacks, which were heroically sustained by the Serbians, the Bulgarians have taken Babuna pass. The last two Serbian regiments, which still resisted, were confronted by fifty thousand Bulgarians.

"From Babuna pass the Bulgarians are marching on Perlepe. The greatest distress and anxiety prevail at Monastir."

FIRST ARMY PLANES TO BE TRIED TODAY ON A WAR FOOTING

Fort Sill, Okla., Nov. 17.—The first aero squadron of the United States army was ready tonight to take wing tomorrow in its flight to San Antonio, Tex., weather conditions permitting. Motor trucks and trail automobiles were loaded and six motorcycles were prepared for the use of electricians and mechanicians in making the trip to San Antonio under conditions approximating warfare as nearly as possible, as a test not merely for the six aeroplanes of the squadron, but for the army transport service as well.

Captain B. D. Foulois will be in command during the flight. He said tonight that the machines would fly at a height of about three thousand feet. Fair weather is predicted for tomorrow, but conditions tonight were unsettled, a strong north wind blowing and officers were apprehensive that rain might prevent departure as scheduled.

ANTI-TRUST ACT MAY BE INVOKED TO CONVICT FAY

Washington, Nov. 17.—An effort may be made in the near future by the department of justice to secure indictments against Robert Fay, and others connected with the alleged plot in New York to blow up munitions ships, under the criminal section of the Sherman anti-trust act. It is understood that information now is being gathered to aid the department in determining whether there has been a conspiracy in restraint of foreign commerce such as to justify presentation to a federal grand jury.

The belief that indictments under this statute might be successfully prosecuted was said today to be based on the interpretation of the Sherman law by the supreme court in the Danbury Hatters' case. The ordinary interpretation of lawyers before that decision was that the act was designed only to prevent combinations which restrained trade among its members or others in similar lines of business. The supreme court in the Danbury Hatters' case, however, held that there could be a restraint of trade by an outside agency.

Department of justice officials always have expressed doubt of the possibility of convicting Fay and his associates under the so-called piracy sections of the criminal code, under which they recently were indicted. The recent trip of District Attorney Marshall to Washington is understood to have been for the purpose of deciding upon indictments under another section of that code.

AGRICULTURE SECRETARY HITS CALAMITY HOWLERS; EXONERATES PRESIDENT

St. Louis, Nov. 17.—In a strong defense of the national administration, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Vrooman declared here tonight that "paid advocates and walking delegates of high finance are going about the country attempting to discredit the Wilson administration by saying that the various departments of government are throttling business by too drastic regulation."

"The department of agriculture," he said, "is spending less than 20 per cent of its budget in its regulatory duties while the other 80 per cent is being spent for purely constructive work." He denounced merchants spreading a "hard times propoganda" and urged the members of the Businessmen's league of St. Louis to separate themselves from "these parasites of business whose only thought is a petty partisan game for themselves."

CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOP HAS IMPORTANT PAPERS

Rome, Nov. 17, 7:50 p. m.—It has transpired that Cardinal von Hartmann, archbishop of Cologne, was not requested to visit Rome, but that he himself telegraphed Pope Benedict, announcing that he would shortly arrive here, adding that he was the bearer of important communications. The cardinal's telegram has given strength to the belief that his proposed visit is connected with the international situation.

RED CROSS SHIP GOES TO BOTTOM IN MID-CHANNEL

Steamer Anglia, With About Three Three Hundred Men on Board, Strikes Bomb on Trip to England; Nearly One Hundred of Injured, Confined to Cots, Perish

Nurses and Doctors Work Valiantly to Get Patients Into Boats, but List of Vessel Prevented; Collier Attempts Rescue, but Also Runs on Mine and Sinks.

Dover, Nov. 17.—The hospital ship Anglia, with about three hundred wounded men aboard, in addition to the crew, nurses and attendants, bound from France to Dover, struck a mine in mid-channel today and sank in a very short time. Nearly one hundred men, most of them seriously wounded, and therefore in their cots, lost their lives.

The collier Lusitania, which was nearby at the time, immediately went to the assistance of the Anglia and her boats had just been lowered when she also struck a mine and foundered. All of her crew were saved.

A patrol vessel succeeded in rescuing three hundred of the Anglia's passengers and crew, including some nurses. A number of bodies were recovered.

BRITISH PUBLIC DISMAYED.

London, Nov. 18, 4:10 a. m.—The sinking of the Anglia, although the first case in the war of a hospital ship meeting disaster while carrying wounded, has caused great anxiety in the public mind, as it had been supposed that the English channel was entirely free of danger from mines.

The newspapers indulge in much speculation, some of them offering the explanation that they must have been German mines.

The Anglia had two hundred cot cases aboard. When the rescuing vessels reached her she was badly down by the head and her propellers were racing. Her stern was so high above the sea that one of the rescuing vessels was able to pass under her and forty men dropped aboard. The crew of the Lusitania give vivid narratives of the disaster, according to which, after a terrific explosion the bows of the vessel seemed to melt away until the sea lapped her rails. She surged forward, however, in a vain attempt to reach shore.

Soon many boats came to the rescue, including those sent by the Lusitania. Those watching the scene saw the soldiers coming up from below, assembling on deck and calmly awaiting the order to pass into the boats.

NURSES WORKED SPLENDIDLY.

Some of the wounded, unable to keep their footing on the sloping deck, fell into the sea and were picked up by the rescuers. Others jumped overboard. All the while the nurses worked with splendid devotion with the crew to transfer their patients to the boats. The difficulties were augmented by the racing propeller, which gave a circular motion to the Anglia.

The end came with dramatic suddenness. With wounded soldiers and doctors, nurses and sailors still clinging to the stern the vessel appeared for a moment to stand on her bows, then suddenly went under, but left the Red Cross flag flying at her mast six feet above the water, marking the fatal spot.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIANS BEAT MONTENEGRINS THEIR REPORT SAYS

Berlin, by Wireless to Sayville, L. I., Nov. 17.—Further victories for the Austrians on the west Serbian frontier, where they have been engaging Montenegrin troops, are reported in today's statement by Austria-Hungarian army headquarters as received here. The statement says:

"There have been no noteworthy attacks by the Italians in the Gorizia district. The situation on the entire southeast front is unchanged. Austro-Hungarian aircraft bombarded Brescia. The airmen were able to observe fires of considerable size break out. All the aeroplanes returned safely.

"In the Balkan theater Austro-Hungarian troops fighting on the Sanjak frontier threw the last of the Montenegrin rear guards across the line. Austro-Hungarian troops advancing against Sienica (near the Montenegrin border) through the enemy from tenaciously defended mountain positions north of Javor."

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PLEASING NEWS.

The announcement that the Nufer Cedar company will place a plant in Marquette has naturally been received with much interest and pleasure, for it marks the first tangible success in a long period of striving for some development of the kind. It is particularly gratifying to the officers of the Commercial club, as there has been much criticism both of its activities and its failures to act. Some of it has been unfair, no doubt, and for some of it there has been no small justification. But nothing stills criticism like success, and the advent of the Nufer Cedar company promises to be worth all that will be paid for it.

The men in this company know their business thoroughly, as is evidenced by the fact that they are already operators of six lumber working plants, largely given over to the box making industry. They know their market, its limitations and its possibilities. There is nothing experimental about their plans. Thus their success can be looked upon as assured. Their advent, therefore, can be regarded as much more important than that of a company that might make much more glowing promises, but regarding whose ability to carry them out there might be doubt.

The Commercial club is understood to have other prospects in view whose coming to Marquette would be equally significant. It would require but a few successes such as have been won in the case of the Nufer company to give Marquette a decided impetus. It is all set for progress. An additional few thousand of residents would make it one of the busiest cities in the Northwest.

DEFINING RIGHTS OF ALIENS.

The recent decision handed down by the supreme court of the United States in a case originating in Arizona and carried to that tribunal is of great importance as indicating the view of the judges regarding anti-alien legislation. Arizona legislators had enacted a law requiring that where more than five persons are employed in any establishment not less than 80 per cent of such employes must be qualified electors or citizens. Under the terms of the law a man of Austrian birth employed as a cook was notified of discharge. The alien appealed to the Arizona courts and they sustained him. The state went to the federal tribunal, and the highest judicial authority in the country now overrules the Arizona statute.

The decision was given by Justice Hughes and was unanimous, except for a dissenting opinion of Justice McReynolds, who did not pass on the merits of the case, simply holding that as the suit was brought to enjoin the enforcement of a state law it could not properly come before the supreme court. Justice Hughes and his colleagues in agreement with him based their decision on the ground that the Arizona law is unconstitutional because it is in violation of that provision of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States, which declares that no state shall "deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws."

Justice Hughes explained that the law would exclude aliens from the state of Arizona inasmuch as aliens could not live where they could not work. Thus it was said a condition would develop where, while the United States admitted aliens to this country, states could bar them out. This it was held would be a plain case of denial of "equal protection of the laws"and therefore a violation of the constitution. The decision has further interest because of its application to the anti-alien laws passed by other states.

POTASH.

Serious work on the Utah deposits of potash was not begun until last spring, yet now twenty-five tons of this fertilizer are being shipped each day. This output can be increased many times over, as the supply of raw material is tremendous. Unfortunately, to get to the fields which most need it, Utah potash must be shipped more than 1,000 miles by rail and be lifted over the continental divide; and that is not likely to be a profitable business after the German mines re-open.

It would seem that the nation has its choice between depending on foreign potash and developing a home supply of this material reasonably close to deep water. The Pacific kelp beds can furnish more potassium salts than the country needs, and should be able to compete with the German material in price. The deposits of the interior valleys of California promise well, though they are not going ahead very fast.

Fortunately, there is no occasion for any wild worry. It has already been fully proved that most American soils can get on fairly well without extra potash if they are treated in such a way as to make available the potassium salts already in the ground.

Some weeks ago the Menominee council passed a resolution offering the Menominee Water company $200,000 for its plant, with a proviso that the offer should be accepted or rejected within thirty days. Now the answer of the president city officials think a great deal of Judge Flannigan fix the price. The council and city officialss think a great deal of Judge Flannigan and have every confidence in him. But they can't help notice that the president has not answered the question put to him. And so they have passed another resolution reminding him of that fact. According to the program already announced, if the company won't sell for $200,000, the voters will be asked to authorize the expenditure of $280,000, or thereabouts, for the installation of a municipal plant, letting the company go hang. But it is clear that it will be some little time before the company is out. Menominee sees now how unwise it was ever to let the company in.

Reports from the game wardens indicate that the one-deer law will, unless it is repealed at the instance of the hunters who think of the fall sport in terms of the venison it means for the larder, be a genuine conservation measure for this animal. The number of hunters, both those resident in the counties and those who come in from the lower part of the state, has noticeably decreased, and the kill is much smaller than usual. The latter condition is mostly due to the fact that the number of hunters has been smaller. An early result should be a large increase in the number of deer, particularly as the law ought to work out to lessen the kill of does. The hunter who wants a head will be likely to let a doe pass, in the hope of getting a shot at a buck. It is a far cry from no limitation on hunting to a one-deer law, yet there are many men still going to the woods who remember when it was legal for a hunter to kill all the game he wanted.

Washington reports that the federal secret service is now under special and urgent instructions to center all its resources on the task of getting at the bottom of the plots against American business, in the effort to advantage the Teutonic allies. The service had already shown great activity in this endeavor, and now that this activity is to be further increased it can be expected that substantial results will be secured. The impatience that Washington is showing at the succession of crimes that obviously find their remote cause in the war is fully reflected by the country. It would be welcome news that the responsibility had been brought home to the men higher up, whoever they may be.

Two modern store and office buildings are projected for next season by Mr. Longyear, and both are to be erected north of Washington street, heretofore regarded as the northern limit of the principal business district. Their prospective erection bears witness to Mr. Longyear's confidence that Marquette will grow considerably within a few years. And, indeed, there is tangible promise of better things in the industrial field here. The city has undoubted advantages for certain lines of manufacture that will be better realized, once the ground has been broken for new development, than they have been in the past.

Senator LaFollette issues a flat denial of Ike Stephenson's story that he was the "angel" of the early LaFollette campaigns and that much of their success can be ascribed to the number of times he took his pen in hand and the size of the figures he wrote when he sat down with his check book. Stephenson's donations, the senator says, were not excessive and not out of proportion to those of other men who were interested in the Half-Breed campaign. And he challenges Stephenson to contradict this assertion by producing evidence to the contrary. There the matter rests for a time.

The President now has made it clear that employes of the P. O. department can have their own ideas about his engagement to be married and can even talk out in meetings about them, if they desire to.

P. S.—There's a noticeable letup at Menominee in the clamor for a Marquette game since announcement of the score in the Marquette-Stambaugh engagement.

STATE PRESS

When the soldiers of the warring nations want to sew up the enemy or hem him in they cut a railroad.—Detroit News.

It is not the smile that won't come off that we dislike about some girls so much as the blush that won't come off.—Owosso Argus.

The Oklahoma woman who laughed herself to death over a funny story must have heard one that escaped us.—Jackson Citizen-Press.

Perhaps one way to save life in Detroit streets would be for the police commissioner to cut the humble prostrations and abject apologies to influential motorists who flout the speed laws.—Detroit Times.

The torpedoing of the Dacia has disposed of one of Mr. Breitung's troubles, but all his cousins continue to float.—Grand Rapids Press.

There are said to be 5,000 deer hunters in the north woods. Safety first! Stay home and read the outing magazines.—Lansing State Journal.

When the law seriously interferes with the economy of nature there is trouble coming. Now the protected fox squirrels are becoming a pest to farmers.—Jackson Patriot.

The great American fault finder who deserted his post and his duty in the hour of peril is now picking what he thinks are flaws in President Wilson's defense policy.—Bay City Times.

TIMELY QUIPS

Possibly.

Possibly the Mexicans prefer fighting near the border because they can run for shelter if licked.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Reversion.

The brotherhood of man is still a fact, but it seemes to have reverted temporarily to the Cain and Abel type.—Kansas City Times.

Fact.

If Britain could have won anything by a strict press censorship it would have retired victorious from the fighting long ago.—Chicago News.

True.

The German government is reported gravely concerned about the food supply. It seems, however, to find no lack of "cannon fodder."—Chicago Herald.

Faky.

It's hard to believe that story about the man who found $175 worth of pearls in an oyster served in a dining car. No dining car crew would let anything like that get by them.—Cleveland Leader.

Expectancy.

Think of the oratorical flood that will be let loose when congress assembles! Legislators elected a year ago must be by this time almost bursting with advice for the erring world.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

EDITORIAL OPINION

How War Blunts Sympathy.

Our Canadian correspondent in his letter this week tells of general surprise that the appeal for Red Cross support has met with such slight response in the Dominion apart from the province of Ontario, where the subscriptions appear to have been fairly liberal. It is rather a depressing fact, but a fact none the less, that the surprise over the matter is rather that Ontario contributed well to this cause than the rest of the country was apathetic.

The war has been going on now for more than a year and human nature in the belligerent countries has adapted itself to war's standards. The people of Canada, while they are less horrified by thoughts of suffering and death in battle than they were normally when they were at peace, have on the contrary experienced an accentuation of their thoughts about revenge. They subscribed lately to a fund for machine guns with so much lavishness as to embarrass the government with the uood of money they poured upon it for those weapons of destruction, being minded to know that their enemies were being slain in satisfying numbers; but they do not now feel the earlier keen sympathy with wounded and dead men in their own ranks. A year ago the conditions were the reverse; a year with their blood kept at fighting heat has made them of different temperament.

When the blast of war blows in the ears people begin to change at once from the ways of thinking that moved them in peaceful routine. The stories that shocked so harshly at first fall dully upon blunted sympathies after a very short familiarity with them, and in place of kindly sympathy comes a passionate desire to slay and wreak vengeance. It is one of the many sorrowful consequences of war. The deterioration in individual character that accompanies martial existence is sadder to observe than the destruction of cities and the loss of life.—Detroit Free Press.

Government Business.

Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, who knows the banking business, is not tender to the Federal government as a business agency. He cites the post office department, the best government-run business there is—which is saying mighty little—as a portentous instance of the flat and fatal incompetence of government business. Those fallacious economies, savings, reductions of expenditures, those profits calculated by never taking cost of plant and upkeep into consideration, those expensive extensions made by politicians for the sake of votes, those splendid buildings reared by a benevolent government to be the ornament of Tadpole Creek and Possum Four Corners; we all know how the postoffice department and all departments do business. Do it so well in the opinion of the worthy Postmaster General Burleson that he pines to have such trifling concerns as the telegraphs and telephones added to the responsibilities so competently carried by his department.

Department, commission, board, bureau; how imposing the name, how expensive and how bungling or positively injurious the administration. Look at the railroads under the stern regulative hand of the Interstate Commerce commission and divers, sundry, and discordant State Railway commissions. Government railroads would be a boon, wouldn't they? Look at the innumerable spawn of politics, the multitude of commissions in the state. It might be said of them as the "expert of debate," the Lord Derby who translated Homer, said of Lord John Russell, Nihil tetigit quod non perturbasit, "He meddled in nothing that he didn't make a mess of."

Governorment business means government of, for, and by politicians. It is a refuge, a charity. It comes high and yet there are those who ove it. Witness the majority of 400,000 in this state against the attempt to consolidate and get some responsibility and effectiveness out of the welter of 150-odd commissions and the like, whereby the state of New York transacts its various kinds of business as bady as it can be done, when it is done.—New York Times.

ASK your dealer for W-B Cut Chewing Tobacco. It is the *new* "Real Tobacco Chew"—*cut long shred*—or send 10c in stamps to us.

WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY, 50 Union Square, New York City

Ike and Bob.

Readers of Senator La Follette's autobiography will find the first installment of Senator Stephenson's autobiography exceedingly useful as supplying many facts about Mr. La Follette, with his characteristic modesty or something else, prevented him from telling.

Bob has already filed an objection to his former Uncle Isaac's estimate in round numbers of what it cost him for wanting to be an angel for him, Bob.

Bob's criticism is that Mr. Stephenson is not specific enough as to items. But this, for instance, struck us as being pretty specific, and there are others:

"When Stebbins had mapped out the plan he handed La Follette $2,500 in currency, which I had given him for that purpose. The reluctance which La Follette had exhibited at previous meetings with Patrick and Overbeck vanished.

"Apparently overcome at the prospect, according to the detailed report of the conference made to me, and with tears running down his cheeks, Mr. La Follette declared with confidence that he would be the next governor of Wisconsin."

Bob says he does not "recognize money invested in Mr. Stephenson's newspaper (the Free Press) as contributions to my personal campaign."

He must mean, of course, the money put into the Free Press before the split came. But does Bob really regard that money as a business investment? Nonsense! The money went to establish a La Follette organ—and a mighty loyal and persistent organ it was, as Mr. La Follette would gratefully admit if he had a pennyweight of the sense of gratitude in his makeup.

Senator Stephenson's autobiography opens very promisingly, and will doubtless contain some eye opening exhibits as to the great La Folletteian political thimblerig in this badly bamboozled state. But of the book more hereafter.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

A LAUGH OR TWO

Full Speed Ahead.

He was the slowest boy on earth, and had been sacked at three places in two weeks, so his parents had apprenticed him to a naturalist. But even he found him slow. It took him two hours to give the canaries their seed, three hours to stick a pin through a dead butterfly and four to pick a convolvulus. The only point about him was that he was willing.

"And what," he asked, having spent a whole afternoon changing the goldfish's water, "shall I do now, sir?"

The naturalist ran his fingers through his locks.

"Well, Robert," he replied at length, "I think you might now take the tortoise out for a run."—Christian Register.

John D., Jr.

"It's no wonder young John D., Jr., made a hit out there in Colorado in a very nest of enemies. Young John D. was always a resourceful chap."

The speaker was a Baptist deacon of Cleveland. He went on:

"Once, when he was a little boy, John D., Jr., said to his father:

"'Father, Georgie Smith is going to have a birthday party, and I've got to give him a present.'

"But John D., Sr., had been attending a congressional anti-trust investigation that day, and his cross-examination had ruffled up his temper; so he snarled:

"'Oh, it's a present here and a present there all the time. I'm just about sick of it.'

"John D., Jr.'s, face fell, but he said nothing. He just turned and walked out of the room.

"Well, the next day things were better at the investigation, and John D., Sr., regretted his harshness towards his little son. He came home that evening and said genially:

"'Go look in my overcoat pocket, laddie. You'll find a nice present there for your friend Smith's birthday party.'

"But John D., Jr., shook his head.

"'It's too late now, father,' he said. 'I licked him today so's he wouldn't invite me.'"

Poor Vision.

The students' rebellion at the University of Pennsylvania over the dismissal of Professor Scott Nearing led John Mitchell to say:

"The trustees dismissed Professor Nearing to show that they were against free speech. Well, they see now, I guess, how wrong they were. A university to oppose free speech! Why, that's as wrong as the lady's eyes.

"One man was telling another how very cross-eyed a certain lady was.

"'Cross-eyed!' he declared. 'Cross-eyed! Why, that lady is so cross-eyed that at a dinner, where she sat next to me last week, she actually ate out of my plate.'"

The Raspberry.

George S. Viereck, the German-American poet and propagandist, said at a saengerfest in New York:

"The banks think they've got a good thing in this war loan to the allies. They think they've got a regular raspberry. But when the allies are smashed by the invincible battalions of the fatherland then their raspberry will be like the case of the little boy who came to his mother and said soberly:

"'Mother, have raspberries got legs?'"

"'No, my child,' the mother answered. 'Why?'

"'Because, if they haven't,' said he, 'I've swallowed a caterpillar.'"

The Symptoms.

Herman Ridder, the German-American publicist, said at the German-American Chamber of Commerce in New York:

"The allies point out this symptom and that which indicate that they will surely win the war.

"The allies remind me of the lady who said to her cook, on her return from a two months' sojourn in the country:

"'Did you notice whether my husband missed me very much while I was away, Jane?'

"'Well, no, mum,' Jane answered, 'he didn't seem to miss you much at first, mum; but yesterday he surely did seem to be in despair.'"

On the Rinks.

J. F. Donohue, the skating champion, said the other day in Stamford:

"Some very funny things happen on the artificial ice of the big urban rinks every winter.

"Once, at a fashionable rink, I saw half a dozen men trying to help to her feet a very fat young woman who had fallen.

"'Don't be frightened, lady,' one of the men said. 'There's no danger. We'll get you up in time.'

"'Oh, I'm not frightened,' gasped the fat young woman, 'only the ice seems so terribly lumpy.'

"Then from underneath her a little voice squeaked:

"'I ain't a lump; I'm an attendant.'"

LOWER STATE NOTES

SAGINAW—Farmers throughout the Michigan Sugar company district received their checks for the October deliveries,which amounted to about $1,500,000. At the Caro plant, which is the largest, the pay roll was $360,000.

SOUTH HAVEN—Mrs. George Carr and daughter, Bertha, were taken to the state asylum at Kalamazoo in an effort to break the melancholia that has hovered over them since the death at that hospital of the father. The case of three of a family becoming insane is unusual.

ROCHESTER—Fred Tuller, Gus See and one other man are all under arrest on a charge of drinking on a Romeo car. The D. U. R. placed officers on the line in an effort to break up the practice of Rochester drunks carousing on late cars from Romeo, which is in a "wet" county. Tuller will be tried in Rochester, the others in Pontiac.

EAST LANSING—H. E. Larsen, the field agent in farm crops for the Michigan Agricultural college, has resigned to accept a position with a large Chicago firm. Larsen has been acting as farm crops advisor to the farmers of Michigan in addition to teaching in the one week scheels in agriculture, conducted by the college throughout the state.

GRAND RAPIDS—George Tilma, city comptroller, against whom quo warranto proceedings were brought last week, demanded that his hearing, which was set for December 8, be changed to an earlier date. He said that he wants to prove his innocence as soon as possible and the longer the prosecutor delays the hearing the longer the finger of suspicion will be pointed at him.

MAYVILLE—While attempting to clear a corn shredder, Martin Vollweiler, thirty-four years old, of Rich township, Lapeer county, fell on the cylinder, which tore up his left leg nearly to the hips. He hobbled back to his place, where he was cutting bands, looked at the bleeding stump, called out, "Boys! I'm gone," and fell over dead.

PONTIAC—Benjamin Summers, forty-five, convicted of the theft of copper wire from the D. U. R. at Farmington, was sentenced to serve from one to five years at Jackson prison. His wife, May Summers, twenty-five, was sentenced to the Detroit house of correction for from six months to five years. The couple were arrested after the D. U. R. had lost hundreds of dollars' worth of feed wire.

HOLTON—What is probably the biggest transaction of its kind in western Michigan this fall, with beans generally proving more or less of a loss, occurred in the north end of this county. It is the sale of twelve acres of red kidney beans owned by Leo Johnson, a farmer living three miles north of Holton, to James Hilliard of Freemont, the cash turned over as a result amounting to $1,525. This made Johnson's net profit per acre better than $100.

MUSKEGON—Hearing on the claim of Paul Fortenbacher against the owners of the steamer Pathfinder, recently libeled for the claim, will take place in the United States district court in Grand Rapids, December 7. The Pathfinder has been operating between Whitehall, the center of the big White Lake resort country, and this port. United States Marshal Herman O'Connor placed a libel on the craft, notice having been posted at the city hall.

KALAMAZOO—An echo of the Michigan Buggy company failure came when the bankruptcy proceedings against M. Henry Lane, former chairman of the board of directors of the company, and Frank B. Lay, Sr., were settled in federal court at Grand Rapids. The two have been given three years to make a settlemena with their creditors. It is understood that 80 per cent of the creditors agreed to a settlement out of court. Lay was president of the company at the time of the failure.

LANSING—James N. McBride, of Burton, state market master, favors the control of produce prices by the government. In an address before a Lansing religious organization, he pointed to laws along such lines enacted by Germany. He said that inasmuch as transportation charges are subject to government control it would not be unreasonable to have produce prices determined in the same way. Such action, he believes, would strike a blow at the high cost of living and would do away with price inequalities.

CADILLAC—One school teacher, Miss Ethel Park, is ill with diphtheria. In the same home five other teachers are quarantined. There are two other cases of diphtheria, both children, in the same home. As a result of the new outbreak the schools may again be closed by the health officers. They were reopened after one month on the advice of Dr. S. C. Slemmons, sent here by the state board of health. School attendance has greatly decreased, as parents fear to send their children. Physicians and nurses examined every school child's throat.

FEW MINERS ESCAPE

Shut off from fresh air and sunshine, sometimes working in dampness, and often inhaling dust, are the reasons why so few miners escape bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, throat troubles, or even consumption.

The hard work and sudden changes from warm mines to icy winds will weaken the strongest constitution, and doctors are advising miners to take Scott's Emulsion after meals, because it is a powerful blood purifier, which creates body-warmth, healthful flesh, and strengthens both throat and lungs.

If you work in the mines you need Scott's Emulsion to keep up your strength, and for colds, coughs or rheumatism it should never be neglected. Scott's is free from alcohol—insist on the genuine.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N.J. 15-38

UPPER PENINSULA

Will Make Counter Offer.

Mayor M. B. Lloyd and City Attorney John J. O'Hara, were instructed by the Menominee council to tell the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company that the city would accept in substance the company' new station plan, but would not agree to the closing of Jane and Catherine street and Wabash avenue. The city will close the other streets and alleys asked. The plan of having the mayor and city attorney draw up and present a counter proposition to the railway company was approved by a unanimous vote of the aldermen. In the neighborhood of twenty citizens answered the mayor's invitation to attend the meeting and go over the station plans with the aldermen. The only changes in the plans were that the railway company should put a manufactured tile floor in the station in place of the wood floor called for in the plans, and that plans for the men's waiting room should call for a wash basin.

Peninsular Power Company.

The contract for the addition to the building of the power plant of the Peninsular Power company at Twinn Falls Dickinson county, has been let to G. A. Gustafson and construction work will commence as soon as the material can be assembled. The addition will be of brick and stone construction with steel roof trusses and window frames, making it strictly fire-proof. It will be forty-eight by fifty feet on the foundations and the walls will be thirty feet in height. This addition will house the new power unit for which the company has placed an order. The new unit will increase the electrical output about 1,500 horsepower. The present plans is composed of three units generating about 5,000 horsepower. The enargement will not necessitate any alteration in the water power. The company is now engaged in extending its transmission lines from Alpha to the Crystal Falls district and the new mines about to be developed at Fortune Lake, Iron county, by the Ogebay-Norton interests, a distance of about twenty miles. The steam auxiliary plant at Iron River is being greatly enlarged, in fact the generative capacity is being more than doubled. A contract with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing company is for a generator of 2,200 horsepower with the necessary attachments. This installation has necessitated a considerable addition to the boiler capacity and the enlargement of the station buildings. The auxiliary plant is now equipped with two generators with a combined horsepower capacity equal to the new generator. The additional unit at the power plant at Twin Falls and the enlargement of the steam auxiliary plant at Iron River will give the company nearly 10,000 electrical horsepower, nearly all of which has been contracted for.

PAINS—NEED NOT BE!

That is—if you use the right remedy. Sloan's Liniment is a real necessity in every home—for young and old. Its merit is praised in dozens of letters. A stiff neck from colds, children's sprains, those aching muscles, that sharp neuralgia pain—these find guaranteed relief in Sloan's Liniment. Every home meets with sudden aches and accidents. Your home needs a bottle. 25c., 50c. and $1. ADV.

Classified Want Directory

WANTED

WANTED—At the Clifton Hotel, a second cook and a laundry girl. 11-17-tf

AGENTS WANTED—New proposition just out. Does away with extra tires on automobiles. Every automobile owner will buy one. Write quick for details. A., No. 527 Garden Ave., Manistique, Mich. 11-17-1w

WANTED—In Gwinn, intelligent, refined woman for corsetiere. For particulars write Mrs. McCann, 332 W. Crescent St., Marquette. 11-17-2t

POSITION WANTED—By an experienced clothing clerk. Best of references given. Address A. Z., Mining Journal. 11-15-tf

WANTED—Men to learn the barber trade. The world is constantly needing more barbers. Our graduates earn good wages. Few weeks completes with us. Prepare now for best jobs. Write Moler Barber College, Milwaukee, Wis. 11-13-6t

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Five-room house at 375 W. Crescent St. Inquire at 368 Alger street. 11-16-tf

FOR RENT—A furnished house, 421 N. Front street. Apply A. Carter, 'Phone 867-J. 10-12-tf

FOR RENT—The north store of Fraternity block. J. A. Williams, Sec'y. 8-2-tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—High class driving horse, Little Johnny; both summer and winter outfits. Inquire of August Koski, Brunswick Hotel. Telephone 360. 11-17-6t

FOR SALE—Horse, good for saddle and driving. Tauch's Greenhouse. 11-16-tf

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE—I offer for sale all my household goods, in any quantity. They can be seen at my house any time. Purchasers can secure bargains. Call at 907 Pine St. Peter Primeau. 11-12-tf

FOR SALE—Medium-sized safe. Call 827-J. 11-9-tf

FOR SALE—Furnished camp at Buckroe, safe, MacCaskey register and National cash register, all in excellent condition; at a bargain. Enquire at 118 Bluff street, or telephone 928. 11-8-tf

NOTICE OF BRIDGE LETTING.

Sealed proposals will be received by Frank F. Rogers, state highway commissioner, Lansing, Michigan, until noon, Thursday, December 9th, 1915, for the construction of trunk line bridge No. 37, over Ford River, in section 31, T. 39 N., R. 23 W., Wells Township, Delta County.

Bids will be received on the following:

Two 90-foot through riveted Warren trusses with 18-foot roadway;

Two reinforced concrete abutments;

One plain concrete pier and reinforced concrete floor complete.

Total estimated yardage of concrete, 395 cubic yards.

For inspection of bridge site, plans, and specifications, see K. I. Sawyer, Escanaba, Michigan, or write the undersigned.

A certified check amounting to 5 per cent of the proposal is required with each bid.

All bids will be considered informal and the right will be reserved to reject any or all of them.

FRANK F. ROGERS,
State Highway Commissioner,
11-18-2t Lansing, Michigan.

STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY.

Notice is hereby given that an examination for the degree of C. P. A. will be held in the rooms of the Detroit Technical Institute, Y. M. C. A. Building, Detroit, Mich., Friday and Saturday, December 17 and 18, 1915.

Information concerning the same and application blanks may be had by addressing the Secretary of the Board, D. W. Springer, Ann Arbor, Mich. 11-18-3t

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Marquette County Savings Bank

At Marquette, Michigan, at the close of business November 10th, 1915, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts, viz:			
Commercial department		$343,706.30	
Savings department		160,376.33	$504,082.63
Bonds, Mortgages and Securities, viz:			
Commercial department		88,000.00	
Savings department		149,942.98	237,942.98
Overdrafts			573.50
Banking house		50,000.00	
Furniture and fixtures		7,692.69	57,692.69
Other real estate			9,990.19
Due from other banks and bankers			3,011.22
Items in transit			337.05
Reserve.	Commercial.	Savings.	
Due from banks in reserve cities	$112,235.11	54,529.65	
Exchanges for clearing house	1,500.68		
U. S. and National bank currency	31,363.00	3,960.00	
Gold coin		21,040.00	
Silver coin	3,535.10		
Nickels and cents	818.00		
	$149,451.89	$79,529.65	228,981.54
Checks and other cash items			481.83
Total			$1,043,093.54

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$100,000.00
Surplus fund		25,000.00
Undivided profits, net		1,964.18
Dividends unpaid		30.00
Commercial deposits subject to check	$492,386.38	
Cashier's checks outstanding	500.72	
Due to banks and bankers	31,011.44	
Postal savings deposits	695.79	
Savings deposits (book accounts)	354,207.30	
Savings certificates of deposit	37,297.73	916,099.36
Total		$1,043,093.54

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Marquette, } ss.

I, W. B. McCombs, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear, that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books of the bank.

W. B. M'COMBS,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of November, 1915.

G. A. CARLSON,
Notary Public.

My commission expires April 20, 1916.

CORRECT—Attest:

N. M. KAUFMAN,
S. R. KAUFMAN,
FRED S. CASE,
Directors.

WENT TO THE HOSPITAL.

C. E. Blanchard, postmaster, Blanchard, Cal., writes: "I had kidney trouble so bad I had to go to the hospital. Foley Kidney Pills completely cured me." Men and women testify they banish lame back, stiff joints, sore muscles and sleep disturbing bladder ailments. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

Copper Country

MAY SALVAGE CARGO FROM BURNED SHIP

Underwriters of Wheat in Alfred P. White Likely Will Try to Recover Some of It.

While as yet no agent of the underwriters of the wheat cargo in the steamer Alfred P. Wright, burned in Portage river Tuesday morning, has arrived to take charge of the cargo, it is believed the insurance people will try to salvage the wheat. Captain Benham said on Tuesday before his departure for Cleveland that it is possible to salvage a great part of the wheat.

The underwriters maintain at Fort William, Ont., a steamer equipped for pumping wheat from sunken steamers and a plant for drying and cleaning the wheat. The wetting and the resulting cleaning process damages the wheat but its value is affected only in part and a considerable recovery is possible.

Superintendent Banks of Portage lake was not in Houghton yesterday and his plans regarding the hulk of the Wright could not be learned. He stated on Tuesday his intention to get it out of the channel as soon as possible. He undoubtedly will give the underwriters an opportunity to salvage their wheat, but as soon as that is done he will clear the channel.

INVESTIGATE SHAW HOTEL.

Colored People's Hostelry Under Suspicion of the Sheriff.

Because of several circumstances Sheriff Cruse and Justice Little are investigating the Shaw hotel, the colored people's house of entertainment in Houghton, with a view to having it closed up if their suspicions are verified.

The investigation arises from the shooting of Anna Shaw, the ostensible proprietress, by Henry Walkup, her porter, Monday night. She has refused to sign the complaint against the man and it is believed her refusal is based on her relations with him.

While the sheriff was investigating the shooting Monday night he was compelled to arrest a colored man who was drunk and disorderly in the house and there were other circumstances. Lyla Smith, an elderly woman, seems to be in authority and she assumed an attitude toward the officers that did not indicate she was conducting a hotel that she cared to have subjected to very close scrutiny.

The manner of conducting the Shaw hotel is such as to remind officers of places that have an established character offensive to the law. It is necessary to rap loudly on the door to gain admittance. A bolt constantly keeps the door closed against intruders or visitors. When the door opens a buzzer automatically sounds through the house.

There is a battered hotel register and Lyla Smith vociferously calls attention to this as indicating the character of her house as a respectable hotel. She insists that no one has ever slept in the hotel without registering and also that "many respectable white gentlemen" have enjoyed the hospitality of the Shaw hotel on occasions.

While the officers of the law recognize that the colored residents of Houghton are entitled to a hotel where they may receive boarding and lodging accommodations, they insist that the character of the house should not be equivocal and that its guests should be exclusively colored people. The Shaw hotel does not seem to fulfill these conditions and therefore it is under suspicion.

SMALL BOY IS SHOT.

Waino Bedaja, twelve years old, of Laurium, is in the Calumet public hospital in a serious condition with a bullet wound near the heart. A younger brother shot him Tuesday, accidentally, with a .22 calibre rifle.

DANDRUFF GOES! HAIR GETS THICK, WAVY, BEAUTIFUL

Save Your Hair! Double Its Beauty in a Few Moments. Try This!

Hair Stops Coming Out and Every Particle of Dandruff Disappears.

Try as you will, after an application of Danderine, you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is immediate and amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

CAMELS ORGANIZER IS FREED OF CHARGE

From a Maze of Legal Lore in Circuit Court Comes a Directed Verdict.

The civil government class of the high school should have been present yesterday morning at the trial of W. R. Hampden in the circuit court. It was a typical case at law, with almost all of the familiar phases, so that a student of legal matters might have got from it a somewhat concise epitome of the operation of courts, the methods and manners of lawyers and the deus ex machina of justice.

Hampden was charged, as far as a somewhat cursory review of the proceedings preliminary to yesterday's trial will admit, with soliciting insurance for an unlicensed company, namely the Camels of the World. It transpired after a legal battle between Prosecuting Attorney Galbraith and Attorney William J. MacDonald, for the defense, that the offense could not be made to stand up and Judge O'Brien was compelled to direct the jury to bring in a verdict of not guilty. The jury did as directed and the matter ended. The trial was witnessed and listened to by a number of Houghton and Hancock members of the Camels of the World, who had been subpoened as witnesses. They found the proceedings interesting.

A Typical Law Suit.

So typical was this law suit that it might be well to relate the story briefly in chronological order.

The jury had been drawn the preceding day, so that when court opened the attorneys could get into action immediately. Mr. MacDonald at once moved that the case be dismissed because the information did not allege a specific offense; because the defendant was charged generally with a violation of a section of the insurance laws.

Because the jury is the judge of the facts and not of the law it was ordered from the room during the argument that was to ensue.

Mr. MacDonald argued in favor of his motion with such success that Judge O'Brien was inclined to hold with him. The court, however, did not rule, stating it was a new point. "It may be," said the court, "that a mere statement of a violation of a statute would be sufficient," and he was ready to hear anything that the prosecutor might offer on the point.

Mr. Galbraith contented himself with asking leave to amend the information by inserting a clause to the effect that soliciting for the Camels of the World, an insurance society not authorized to do business in Michigan, constituted the specific offense.

Mr. MacDonald interposed the further objection, that the amendment would give the defense no opportunity to meet the new proof at this time and the court offered him a continuance, which he did not accept. The amended information was accepted and Mr. MacDonald renewed his original objection. Judge O'Brien here ruled that it was not necessary to offer specific allegations. Mr. MacDonald moved the defense should be ordered to elect the date of the specific offense it should meet. The court ruled this might be done at the close of the people's case.

The jury was brought in at this point and it appeared that the case would be proceeded with.

Mr. Galbraith's Opening.

Prosecuting Attorney Galbraith gave his opening address to the jury. He prepared that body by stating it might be somewhat extensive but it did not prove to be irksomely so. He explained to the jury its duty to judge of the facts and to follow the law as given it by the court. He touched on the fact that self preservation is the first law of nature and that a secondary phase of this law is the instinct to provide for the future of loved ones in the case of disaster, insurance in a word.

He declared that as a result of this instinct there have arisen insurance companies and that out of insurance has grown more fraud probably than through any other means of fraud. This fact has compelled the state of Michigan to enact insurance laws by means of its legislature.

The prosecutor here adverted to the three co-ordinated branches of government and explained that while the legislature might pass a law it is liable to be repealed, amended, re-enacted, construed, interpreted and what not so that the ruling of the judge of a particular circuit makes the law of that circuit, and each other circuit might construe it in a different way till it finally is brought to the supreme court of the state and not till that court has interpreted it does anyone really know what the law means.

A law governing insurance had been passed, however, and the defendant in this case was charged with violating it. Mr. Galbraith went into the specific allegation as he viewed it and asked, if he showed the jury that W. R. Hampden had violated the law as alleged, that he be convicted.

The Final Objection.

This looked like clear sailing and the witnesses were beginning to be nervous because none of them really knew where they were at before the case opened and they were becoming more certainly lost in the impenetrable mazes of this forest of legal lore, but Mr. MacDonald offered another objection. This was a technical and involved affair and resulted in more argument, which the jury was permitted to hear, for the sake of variety probably, but it resolved itself into this:

The information did not state that the Camels of the World is not one of the companies excepted from the operation of the particular insurance statute under which the prosecution was brought.

Mr. Galbraith was unable to controvert this statement and the judge directed the verdict. The case was ended, the witnesses collected their fees and they all went home.

PHOENIX BRIDGE ARRIVES.

The steel for the bridge across the river at Phoenix, Keweenaw county, arrived yesterday from the Lansing Bridge & Pipe works. Delay in the arrival of this material has caused suspension for the winter of the Smith-Byers-Sparks contract on the Eagle River road. The bridge will be set up at once, but the road work cannot be resumed till spring.

ARRAIGN SUIT CLUB SUSPECT.

H. J. Weiss Says He and Widdle Were Only in Employ of Zulch.

W. J. Weiss, the latest of the Acme Suit club gang to be arrested, was arraigned yesterday before Justice Fisher in Calumet on two charges. One is for fraud and the other for doing business under an assumed name.

He was held to the circuit court in $5,000 bail on the first charge and on the other charge he will be examined Nov. 30. Weiss, in a talk with a reporter, claimed Harry Zulch, also under arrest, is the head of the gang and that he and Floyd Widdle were working for Zulch and had no other interest in the matter than as salaried employes. He says that Kitty Crowe, still at large, is interested with Zulch. She notified Weiss a year ago, when he was in New York, and she in San Francisco, that a deal to work the copper country had been framed up and offered him a job as solicitor and collector.

In exonerating Widdle, Weiss says that Widdle is not known in the suit club game. Weiss says he knows suit club people all over the country and that he never heard of Widdle before.

He also says that Special Officer Phil Sheridan and no one else is responsible for rounding up the gang, that the Newark detectives particularly are entitled to no credit.

THE SAND MAN HAS RETIRED.

George Savoy, "Peepsock," Is Ill and the Walks Are in Other Hands.

In Houghton the sandman who fills the eyes of little children with sleep stuff is as much a myth as the bugaboo and the hodag, but there is none the less a real sandman in Houghton, even though he has laid down his sand sprinkler. George Savoy, veteran white wing and policeman of the village streets, is ill at his home in Frenchtown and it is doubtful if he will ever again sprinkle sand on the slippery declivities of Houghton.

George has been an employe of the village for many years. He is old and worn and for the last decade about all he had to do was to see that the slippery streets of Houghton were covered with sand and that the passersby might not slip and suffer hurts. He was a familiar object on bright winter days, because when the sky smiles in Houghton it is then that the footing is treacherous. With his little sleigh and his sand scoop he traversed the streets of the village and many there were who, almost unconsciously, offered up a prayer of thanksgiving for "Peepsock" and his sand.

The old man is now a pensioner of the village in whose service he worked for so many years, the footsteps of whose people he made safe. He is known to more people by his sobriquet of "Peepsock" than by his own name and it may be that some of those who walked safely in winters gone by because of his sand scoop will be glad to know through this reference that he still is able to take his daily walks and perchance a boisson with an old friend.

ONE CLASS THAT IS HAPPY.

Drug Clerks Now Fear No Night Calls —Folk Lore Diseases.

The average citizen probably never notices it but it is a fact that drug stores these days generally are devoid of one of their former natural appendages, the night call button. Formerly, maybe up to fifteen years ago, every drug store had an electric push button at the side of the door for the purpose of awakening the drug clerk, who slept in the rear of or above the store. This button was for emergencies. Should baby have a colic during the night, should there be symptoms of approaching illness, should one of the children suffer a burn or father come home with his head and a few commandments broken, the first thing would be to run out to the drug store for remedies.

"This is all changed now," said a drug clerk yesterday. "The public is better educated. Almost everyone has some understanding of asepsis and there are so many preparations on the market for relieving ordinary hurts or illnesses that every household has them. 'Peroxide' and 'listerine' are household words. Then, too, the use of fresh air at night is more general and the knowledge that water either hot or cold is an excellent temporary remedy. The result is a drug clerk can go to bed at night with about as much confidence that his rest will not be broken as could be the case with a street sweeper."

But in spite of the general education along these lines this drug clerk insists that the public sticks to a few old fashioned notions. For example, the folk lore diseases. There are certain lythical diseases that people believe in but do not exist.

The clerk cited the case of 'black' diphtheria. There is no such thing. This is a bad disease and it is more violent in one case than it may be in another but each is diphtheria and there is no distinction. But the public still thinks that there is a fearful form of the disease that is known as black diphtheria and it is usually those who recovered who had it, so that they may have the more to boast of in their recovery.

The case of 'scarletina' is cited. This is supposed to be a disease of a distinct type. As a matter of fact there is no such disease but if a mother wants to apply it to a mild form of scarlet fever the medical profession does not care particularly.

Another disease that has some foundation for its name, though it does not exist, is known as 'gallopping' consumption. Let a person with weakened resistance contract tuberculosis and he will succumb quickly. He has the same form of consumption as the man has who lingers for years. Some there are who speak of the former as a case of 'gallopping' consumption.

The clerk said he might think of other instances of these folk lore diseases but he was called away to sell a camera. And in that there might be room for some further observation because the expression "drug store" is a misnomer these days, as their stock consists of almost anything "from a needle to an anchor" as the patter of the barker before the second girl's tent used to have it.

"Gets-It" for Corns, SURE as Sunrise!

Any Corn, With "Gets-It" on It, Is an Absolute "Goner!"

Yes, it's the simplest thing in the world to get rid of a corn,—when you use "Gets-It," the world's greatest corn-ridder. Really, it's almost a pleasure to have corns just to see

"Gets-It" Puts Your Feet in Clover.

them come off with "Gets-It." It just loosens the corn from the true flesh, easily, and then makes it come "clean off." 48 hours ends corns for keeps. It makes the use of tape, corn-squeezing bandages, irritating salves, knives, scissors, and razors really look ridiculous. Get rid of those corns quickly, surely, painlessly.—just easily,—with "Gets-It." For warts and bunions, too, it's the 20th century way.

"Gets-It" is sold by all druggists, 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Marquette and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by the Stafford Drug Co.

Don't Merely "Stop" a Cough

Stop the Thing that Causes It and the Cough will Stop Itself

A cough is really one of our best friends. It warns us that there is inflammation or obstruction in a dangerous place. Therefore, when you get a bad cough don't proceed to dose yourself with a lot of drugs that merely "stop" the cough temporarily by deadening the throat nerves. Treat the cause—heal the inflamed membranes. Here is a home-made remedy that gets right at the cause and will make an obstinate cough vanish more quickly than you ever thought possible.

Put 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth) in a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. This gives you a full pint of the most pleasant and effective cough remedy you ever used, at a cost of only 54 cents. No bother to prepare. Full directions with Pinex.

It heals the inflamed membranes so gently and promptly that you wonder how it does it. Also loosens a dry, hoarse or tight cough and stops the formation of phlegm in the throat and bronchial tubes, thus ending the persistent loose cough.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of Norway pine extract, rich in guaiacol, and is famous the world over for its healing effect on the membranes.

To avoid disappointment, ask your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex," and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

WORLD'S GREATEST GRAIN MOVEMENT NOW IN PROGRESS.

Philadelphia, Nov. 17.—What is probably the greatest movement of grain the world has ever witnessed is now in progress. Seizing the opportunity presented by the war in Europe, American and Canadian farmers have raised unprecedented crops, which are now being rushed to the Atlantic seaboard in all haste because of the impending close of navigation on the great lakes. In Philadelphia not only are all the elevators filled to their utmost capacity, but there are more than a thousand cars of grain on the railroad tracks awaiting their turn to discharge as soon as the fleet of steamers arriving in ballast from Europe relieves the elevators of the 31,000,000,000 bushels now stored in them.

In addition to the regular trans-Atlantic liners, known commercially as whole cargo carriers, twenty steamers are due at this port to load cargoes of grain. In all the westward bound fleet headed for Philadelphia has a carrying capacity of more than 5,000,000 bushels.

Ocean freights continue to advance daily. Rumors are current that the Italian government will soon call many of her vessels home for war purposes. This would intensify the lack of tonnage with a corresponding increase in rates.

CZAR WAS ONCE PRIVATE IN ARMY.

London, Nov. 17.—The czar, who has placed himself at the head of his army, at one time served as a private, submitting himself to all the rigor of military life, saluting his officers and carrying the full equipment, which then weighed nearly seventy-five pounds, exclusive of the rifle.

On the regimental roll he was inscribed as "Private Nicholas Romanoff, married, of the Orthodox faith, coming from Tsarskoe-Selo."

One of the important new influences in the immediate entourage of the czar will be Count Vorentzoff-Daschkoff, whose viceroyship of the Caucasus is taken over by the Grand Duke Nicholas. The count has been viceroy of the Caucasus for eighteen years. He is known to be an especial favorite of the emperor, who has repeatedly expressed his admiration of his Caucasian reforms.

Sent to repair the blunders of his predecessor, Prince Golitzen, who had contrived to plunge the country into anarchy, the count rescued the government from a state of terrorism, put down brigandage—the curse of the province—and by his tact and humanity brought the Caucasian peoples to a condition of comparative ease and security.

Like General Alexieff, Russia's new strong man and the czar's right hand man, Varentzoff-Daschkoff made his reputation in the Russo-Turkish war of 1878.

OUR JITNEY OFFER—THIS AND 5c. Don't Miss This. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

TO MAKE 'TOMMIES' CHRISTMAS HAPPY

Many Funds Are Being Started in England—Hope Is to Raise $8,000,000.

London, Nov. 17.—Santa Claus is making ready for a dizzy whirl to the lines of the British soldiers at the front. His thousands of agents in Great Britain are busily at work now, with Christmas one month off, accumulating the things Santa will leave for the fighters on the battlefields.

He starts his gigantic trip by calling on the soldiers in Belgium, and from there goes on through to France and the Balkans. He won't skip any of the men in khaki.

Christmas in the trenches is to be the biggest thing Britain can make it. A score or more of organizations are hard at it getting funds with which to buy all manner of things to cheer up the British Tommy and let him know the folks at home are always thinking of him.

Newspapers are running Christmas funds, and the public response has been hearty. Already, with the funds scarcely two weeks going, approximately $150,000 has been raised; but a tremendous lot more is needed to accomplish all that Great Britain wants to do for the soldiers in the field. It is calculated that approximately $8,000,000 either in money or articles contributed will be needed to round out a proper Christmas.

While a fund of $8,000,000 may look formidable, it won't be so difficult to get. The newspaper funds, it is estimated, will produce well over $2,000,000 of it, while private cash donations to the various organizations, together with contributions of articles that will begin to flow in within a month's time, will make up the rest.

Queen Alexandra, always alert in every move in aid of her countrymen, is patroness of one organization that is devoting itself to accumulating articles of wearing apparel, such as stockings, mufflers, and handkerchiefs, badly needed by the soldier in the bitterly cold weather. This organization, of which Lady Paget is a member, has already obtained enough to fill ten carloads of stuff for Santa to carry along with him.

Other organizations working along the same lines have the support of the Duchess of Manchester, the Duchess of Marlborough, and many other American wives of titled Englishmen. It is expected that every soldier in the trenches will find some useful gift of wearing apparel deposited in his dugout on Christmas Day.

That is not all. Every soldier at the front is to get a Christmas box with these thing in it: Half a pound of tobacco, two pounds of candy, a plum pudding, 100 cigarettes, and a box of chocolate.

It may be that the boxes will be even more plentifully filled. All depends on how much money is forthcoming. The Christmas box as planned now costs each donor $1.25. That is the rock-bottom, wholesale price; to buy the same thing at retail would cost $2.25. The wholesalers have put the figures down as their share of the Christmas fund, and all of them are giving handsome cash donations besides.

Christmas fund matinees are now making their appearance at the theaters, and a good deal of money is obtained in that way. The actors not only give their services gratis for these matinees, but are sending along cash contributions as well.

Sir Herbert Tree, soon to go to America, heads a ground of actor-managers who are helping the Christmas project. Harry Lauder is another. In sending his "bit" to the fund, the Scotch comedian wrote: "If any Britisher this Christmas deserves a good Christmas, it's our men at the front."

Churches throughout the British Isles are having sewing bees and taking up collections for the various Christmas funds. Business houses, department stores, small shops—all are helping swell the flow of silver and gold to buy the huge stack of gifts for the men fighting for the colors.

It is reported that, to assist Santa in getting the many tons of thousands of Christmas boxes to the trenches, the railroad and steamship lines are to be put at his disposal. Boxes will, so it is said, be started to the Balkans and the Dardanelles within a few weeks, so Santa will find them all there, ready to drop into the trenches.

CORNISH WRESTLING CALLED OFF.

The Ahmeek Athletic association yesterday announced the indefinite postponement of the tournament scheduled for Thanksgiving day. It was the intention to make a match between Salotti and Bruneau the feature, but it seems impossible to have the men agree on terms.

DON'T BE BILIOUS HEADACHY, SICK OR CONSTIPATED

Enjoy life! Liven your liver and bowels tonight and feel great.

Wake up with head clear, stomach sweet, breath right, cold gone.

Take one or two Cascarets tonight and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up feeling grand, your head will be clear, your tongue clean, breath sweet, stomach regulated and your liver and thirty feet of bowels active. Get a box at any drug store now and get straightened up by morning. Stop the headache, biliousness, bad colds and bad days. Feel fit and ready for work or play. Cascarets do not gripe, sicken or inconvenience you the next day like salts, pills or calomel. They're fine!

Mothers should give a whole Cascaret anytime to cross, sick, bilious or feverish children because it will act thoroughly and can not injure.

AGED ENGLISH BARK SAILS HERE FOR OIL

War Drives Port Jackson from Thirty-Three-Year London-Australia Route.

New York, Nov. 17.—After ploughing the seas for thirty-three years between London and Australia by way of the Cape of Good Hope and homeward round Cape Horn, the four-masted iron bark Port Jackson has been driven by the war to come to New York to load case oil for Adelaide, South Australia. She is under the command of Captain Chas. Maintland, a grand-nephew of the commander of the British frigate Bellerophon, which conveyed Napoleon to St. Helena after the battle of Waterloo.

Captain Maitland has spent all his life in clipper boats, and is making his last voyage to sea.

The Port Jackson is a fine type of the old iron sailing vessel of the early eighties, with plenty of deck space, lofty spars and painted ports on her sides, a relic from the old frigate built ships, which were painted that way to deceive pirates into the belief they carried guns. She has double topgallant yards and royals above her topsails on the fore, main and mizzen masts, and carries a spanker and a gaff topsail on the jiggermast. Five years ago the Port Jackson had a large house on the deck amidships to accommodate thirty-five cadets to be trained as officers under the Lord Brassey scheme for the upkeep of the mercantile marine. Captain Maitland said that the war took all the cadets he had on the ship, but there are six youngsters who will arrive next week from Liverpool on the Adriatic to join her.

The bo'sun and the steward are each over seventy years old, and have sailed with the captain for many years. There are four mates and twenty-two able seamen on the Port Jackson, and six boys from the training ship Warspite, which is anchored in the Thames at London.

The captain said that with all canvas set and a good breeze on the quarter the ship can make about thirteen knots through the water, and he expects to make the run by way of the Cape of Good Hope to Adelaide in ninety or one hundred days.

One of the articles in his cabin of which he is very proud is a silver loving cup won in January, 1911, in Sydney, New South Wales, by his cadets in a lifeboat race on the Paramatta river, against the crack boat's crew of the North German Lloyd cadet ship Herzogin Cecilie.

"It was a three-mile course," he added, "and my boys beat the Germans by half a mile."

The captain said that when he first went to sea there was nothing to eat but salt pork and salt beef and hard biscuits. Now, sailors get fresh bread, vegetables, milk, pickles, butter and even jam.

On the Port Jackson's deck houses there are four big coops which will be filled with poultry, and twenty pigs, as well as sheep, will be carried in the pens when the ship sails for Adelaide. She usually carries two or three passengers in the cabin who go for their health, and Captain Maitland hopes to have one or two this time to play whist or chess with and to keep him company.

PLENTY OF JOBS THIS YEAR FOR "DRIFTERS."

Chicago, Nov. 17.—There is no "army of the unemployed" in Chicago this year, according to the Daily News.

The first blast of winter, which sent the mercury down to 23 degrees, was the test. For years this has been the signal for a horde of vagrants to appear upon the streets, begging or seeking employment, and, at night, to crowd the cheap lodging houses and lockups.

"It is different from last year," said William B. Taylor, manager of the Rufus Dawes hotel, a cheap shelter. "There is work for everybody, it seems. The men who drift in here are marking time between jobs, mostly. They don't stay. Last year we had them all winter."

LEPER AT U. OF M. GAINS IN HEALTH

Patient Is Able to Work, Says Dr. Wiles; Came in a Wheel Chair.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 16.—A leper sent to the University of Michigan hospital for treatment is reported to be recovering.

Today he is able to do a day's work with the average man. He is kept from this privlege, and from the joy of supporting his wife and young baby by the old custom that a leper shall isolate himself.

On July 13 a patient was wheeled into Dr. Udo Wile's clinic at University hospital. He had just arrived and Dr. Wile had not seen him before. The sick man had been treated for another disease by his home physician and had steadily grown worse.

Physicians from Ohio, Indiana and Michigan were holding an annual meeting and Dr. Wiles' amphitheater was filled. Most of the visiting physicians evinced but a passing interest, two or three, their faces tense, looked keenly at Dr. Wile, whose face was white with emotion. A short examination, during which few words were spoken, and the attendant wheeled the man away.

After the doors were closed on the patient Dr. Wile said: "Gentlemen, that man is suffering from leprosy. He does not know it, and I'd rather cut off my right hand than tell him."

The treatment Dr. Wile has used in this case is chaulmsogra oil, the same remedy he has used since 1907, and which has been hailed recently as a new discovery by a Filipino physician, Dr. E. Mercado. The only difference is that Dr. Wile uses it as an internal medicine.

"The patient has made a tremendous improvement," said Dr. Wile today. "The leprous ulcers are healed, and he is able to walk two miles daily. The disease is arrested, and he is able to go out and support himself and his little family, except that public sentiment is against him. Yet public sentiment applauds the consumptive who wants to work and support his family. The fact remains that there is more danger to a community in a case of open tuberculosis, than there would be in the case of this man we are treating for leprosy."

Dr. Wile refuses to give the name of his patient.

TO SALVATION ARMY CONVENTION

Captain R. Ramsay, of the Houghton corps of the Salvation Army, left last night for Minneapolis, where she will attend the annual convention of the northern province.

NO QUININE IN THIS COLD CURE

"Pape's Cold Compound" Ends Colds and Grippe in A Few Hours.

Take "Pape's Cold Compound" every two hours until you have taken three doses, then all grippe misery goes and your cold will be broken. It promptly opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of the head; stops nasty discharge or nose running; relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling. Ease your throbbing head—nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Accept no substitute.

144 Glass Puff and Hair Boxes With Celluloid Covers

Well worth 75c each, for **39c**

Not "while they last," but for a "limited time only." See our window.

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.
The Rexall Store

M. R. Manhard & Son, Limited

Wholesale and Retail Hardware
Mining and Lumbermen's Supplies

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

COAL

Prompt Deliveries

F. B. SPEAR & SONS

YOU CAN CUT COAL EXPENSE

with a little judgment. You know in your own business that buying the best is getting the cheapest. Same way with coal. The best goes farthest and lasts longest, besides giving the most heat. That's the kind of coal we sell and you ought to use.

Wholesale Retail

PHONES 90 & 293
JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD
THE BEST COAL

Fresh Oysters

Jones and Usinger Sausages

MURRAY'S GROCERY
Furnishes Your Table Complete.

Fresh
Brussel Sprouts
Mushroons
Cauliflower
Cucumbers
Head Lettuce
Green Peppers
Fresh Spinach
Hot House Tomatoes
Artichokes
Egg Plant
Sweet Potato Squash
Radishes
Green Onions
Parsley
Sweet Potatoes
Hubbard Squash
Celery

Jones Dairy Farm Sausages at

DELF'S GROCERY
133 WASHINGTON ST.
WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

NOTICE
To Our Patrons

TURKEYS

Contrary to advance reports and our own expectations, A. No. 1 Turkeys for Thanksgiving will be scarce. The markets are overcrowded with cold storage stock and are commanding a big price. We guarantee absolutely fresh killed stock to our patrons and would advise placing your order early for choice poultry. Mail orders given prompt attention.

J. Q. Lewis & Co.
Phone 31

City Brevities

Today's weather: Rain; rising temperature.

Yesterday's temperature: Seven a. m., 26 degrees; noon, 33; 7 p. m., 33. Highest, 36 degrees; lowest, 26.

Born, Monday morning, to Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Boneme, a son.

Busy Queen Hive will meet this afternoon at 2:30 in Keough's Hall.

Harry Nelson and Burt Watt left for Rock River, where they will spend a week hunting.

Mrs. D. J. Vaughan and daughter Florence left yesterday for Detroit where they will visit friends.

Mrs. Rollie B. Tussing left last night for Little Lake, to attend the funeral of her niece, Miss Betha Tussing.

Mrs. Leo Nys returned yesterday afternoon to Ishpeming after spending a week in this city with relatives.

Miss Lempi Blake, who has been visiting with relatives in this city, left last night for her home at Maple Ridge.

H. H. Hunn, state tester, who has been testing the Emblagaard herd at Big Bay, left yesterday afternoon for Chassel.

Mrs. James Deagon arrived home yesterday afternoon, after visiting relatives at Grand Rapids, Holland and Newberry.

T. M. Vaughan, special agent for the Detroit National Fire Insurance company, arrived here from Detroit yesterday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ahola, residents of this city for the past ten years, left last night for Maple Ridge, where they will make their home.

Dr. R. S. Paquette, who has been visiting in the city for the past six weeks, the guest of Dr. F. McD. Harkin, left this morning for Toronto, Can.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lawler, of Hilbert, Wis., are in the city, called here by the illness of Mrs. Richard Lawler. Mrs. Lawler is still in a critical condition.

Mrs. Anna Turner left last night for Chicago, where she will visit for two weeks with her daughters, Miss Norene, at the Michael Reese hospital and Mrs. D. D. Johnson.

Mrs. Cecil Williams and two children left last night for New Haven, Conn., after an extended visit in the city with Mr. Williams parents, Bishop and Mrs. G. Mott Williams.

M. J. Griffin left this morning for Kintail, Ont., called there by the critical illness of his brother, John T. Griffin. John Griffin is a former resident of this city, leaving here for Canada in 1873.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Tompkins and children, of Big Bay, left last night for Wausau, Wis., where they will make their home. Mr. Tompkins was proprietor of the Hotel Independence for the past two years.

Mrs. Einar Tellefson, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H Meyer, 419 N. Front street, for the past month, left last night for Chicago. Mrs. Tellefson will visit at Chicago, Southern Illinois, and St. Louis before returning to her home in Detroit.

Alumni Meeting—Dr. O. G. Youngquist, of this city, Dr. G. A. Trueman, of Munising, Dr. H. W. Sheldon, of Negaunee, and Dr. G. G. Barnett, of Ishpeming, left last night for Chicago to attend the Alumni meeting of Rush Medical college. The graduates of Rush Medical college located in Marquette county will attend the meeting.

Red Cross Seals—A supply of Red Cross seals was received this week by Mrs. Edward Farnum, agent for the Visiting Nurse association, and plans for the holiday campaign are now being arranged. The seals will be placed on sale immediately after Thanksgiving, and will continue until the Christmas holidays as usual. The complete list of places in which the stamps will be on sale will be announced shortly. The Red Cross seal movement is regarded as one of the most beneficial of charitable enterprises, two-thirds of all the money thus obtained being devoted to tubercular victims, while the remaining third goes to the state.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.

Theatrical

Delft Theater.

"Youth," a three-part Vitagraph Broadway Star feature, with Antonio Moreno in the stellar role, will be the offering today at the Delft theater. A young sculptor's model-wife ceases to be his inspiration. Striving for a greater prize—a model of youth—he brutally tells her that she is too old and seeks a younger model. When Ione, a vivacious and ideally formed young girl visits them, he sees in her the perfect model for his greatest work. The inevitable follows, and Elena, her heart breaking, watches the growing fascination of her husband and Ione, while he exhibits only coolness toward herself. Julian, her former suitor, comes into her life, and she is about to run away with him, when a sight of her husband's marvelous statue stays her. Instead, she goes away alone after leaving a note for her husband, saying that she trusts in his sense of honor to save the situation. His conscience awakened, he makes honorable amends, and secures his wife's forgiveness.

Opera House.

The potato matinee to be held at the Opera House this afternoon promises to bring forth an array of "spuds" of every conceivable shape, size and variety. Any one bringing along two or more potatoes will be admitted free, and the potatoes will be turned over to St. Luke's hospital. The management, in anticipation of a record turn-out, has provided bushel-baskets, clothes baskets, etc. to hold the collection. As a special incentive to obtain tubers of class, a prize of $1.00 will be awarded to the one bringing the largest potato.

The photo-play offering today will be of particular interest, being a five-part comedy just teeming with laughs. It is a Universal production, starring Lawrence D'Orsay, entitled "The Earl of Pawtucket." It is said to be one grand roar, riotously, rippingly funny, and should evoke a continuous succession of laughs. The vaudeville offering today will be "The Honolulu Duo," in a novelty singing, dancing and instrumental act.

SMALL BOATS HIT BY DOUBLE CREW RULING

This Phase of Seaman's Law Will Be Enforced Here—Edict of District Supervisor.

The small boats along the Great Lakes will be hard hit by the seaman's bill, particularly in the ruling that requires every boat operating outside of rivers, bays and sounds, to be equipped with double crews and triple watches in the hold.

This matter was given especial prominence several days ago, when Captain C. H. Westcott, of Detroit, supervisor of the eighth district, declared that he interprets the law as it is written, and that he would take measures to enforce it even in the case of sandsuckers, which work in rivers, and have occasion to enter the lake only for a few hours at a time.

Inasmuch as Captain Wescott's jurisdiction covers all the waters of the Great Lakes, north and west of Lake Erie and her tributaries, it necessarily follows that his decision would affect the boats on Lake Superior. Captains Chas. M. Gooding and Chas. M. York, local inspectors of steam vessels, said that they had not yet been officially notified as to what course to pursue as regards enforcing the double crew ruling, but presumed that the remarks of Captain Wescott a few days ago definitely settled it that no small boats would be permitted to operate on Lake Superior, regardless of how many hours per day they were running.

Under the old ruling, many small boats along the lake could operate for thirteen hours per day with a single crew, and then tie up for the balance of the day. Now, however, according to the edict of Captain Wescott, they will not be permitted to operate for any length of time, unless they are equipped in accordance with the new law. While this ruling will seriously affect some of the smaller boats along this lake, the ones to suffer most will be the sandsuckers, which are tied up most of the time, and which would mean that the extra crew would have virtually nothing to do. Marine men intimate that they see in this ruling further designs of the seaman's officials to make jobs for members of the union.

ALMOST A HOLD-UP.

Rough-Looking Stranger Enters Box Car and Quashes Apple Sale.

A pseudo hold-up of a freight car yesterday afternoon, with enough of the thrilling and sensational enacted for a while to garnish the average wild-west melodrama, turned out to be nothing more than unexpected farce-comedy, but it afforded enough excitement for a while to make it look like the real thing. This is the way it happened:

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Preston, who are disposing of a carload of apples here, were in their freight car exhibiting samples of their stock to the admiring gaze of two prospective costumers, when they were startled by the sudden appearance of an unkempt and rough-appearing individual. It was just growing dark, and the four occupants of the car were unable to distinguish his features. After looking at them steadily for a few minutes, the uninvited stranger reached toward his hip-pocket, and said thickly:

"Now all of you clear out, and do it quick, or I'll have to make you go."

Deciding that discretion was the better part of valor, the four walked out upon the platform, leaving the intruder to occupy the car alone. As soon as they were outside, Mr. Preston slid the door shut, and locked the man securely inside. Then Mrs. Preston, her nerves somewhat unstrung by the news of the recent sensational murder, sent in an alarm.

A few minutes later an officer carefully opened the door, and when he saw the "hold-up" man, he smiled. The stranger was in the height of a glorious spree, and affectionately and volubly greeted the officer. He was recognized at the police department as a steady caller, by reason of his penchant for the stuff that cheers. He was so stupified by his debauch by the time he was placed in jail, that he was unable to give his name, but he is known to be a harmless lumber-jack, who frequently celebrates here and generally lands in the toils for some similar actions.

WHITE DENIES RUMORS OF SELLING AUTO CO.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 17.—Rumors in local financial circles today were still rife that a deal is pending for the sale of the White Automobile company here to the J. P. Morgan interests in New York. President Windsor T. White, of the company, when asked about these reports, today said:

"As far as anything I have seen printed on the subject is concerned the statements are so ridiculous that I have not deemed them worthy of denial."

SIX BODIES RECOVERED FROM WRECKED MINE

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 17.—Workers delving today in the debris in the third level of the Northwestern Improvement company's coal mine at Ravensdale recovered the bodies of six victims of the explosion yesterday which killed thirty-one men and injured three. Three bodies were taken out soon after the disaster occurred. Three men taken out unconscious last night were revived.

BUENOS AYRES BRANCH OF NEW YORK BANK ROBBED

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 17.—It is asserted that the local branch of the National City bank of New York has been robbed of a large sum of money. The police say that $40,000 was taken. There is no clue to the robbery.

The faith of the government is back of your money. It is not back of that for which you spend it.

Marquette National Bank

DELFT THEATRE
TODAY

BROADWAY STAR FEATURE
"YOUTH"
Produced by the Vitagraph Co., in three acts, featuring Mlle. Valkynen and Antonio Moreno.

"A KEYBOARD STRATEGY"
Vitagraph comedy with Lillian Walker, Constance Talmadge, Grant Overton and Mary Maurice

SATURDAY—VALLI VALLI

OPERA HOUSE TODAY Matinee & Night

LAWRENCE D'ORSAY, With Rosemary Theby and Harry C. Myers, in

"The Earl of Pawtucket"

The Funniest of All Broadway Comedy Successes

Pure Comedy --- All Laughs

Vaudeville---HONOLULU DUO
NOVELTY SINGERS, DANCERS AND INSTRUMENTALISTS

POTATOE MATINEE
AT FOUR O'CLOCK
Admission: Two or more good sized potatoes.
A $1.00 PRIZE FOR THE BIGGEST "SPUD"
The potatoes will be donated to St. Luke's Hospital.

Evening Shows 7:10 to 10:30. Prices: 5c, 10c, 15c

PLANES RAID ROME? OR DID THE CENSOR MAKE IT SEEM SO?

Rome, Nov. 17, 8:30 p. m.—The Stefani News agency has sent out the following dispatch:

"This morning at 8 o'clock an Austrian aeroplane appeared over the city and dropped five bombs. Only one exploded, slightly wounding five persons. No material damage was done."

The text of the above dispatch might indicate that it has suffered at the hands of the censor, the name of the city being eliminated, or that, if a raid was made on Rome, merely the briefest details have been permitted to be cabled.

ENGLAND WON'T PERMIT YOUNG MEN TO LEAVE

London, Nov. 17.—An order-in-council will shortly be issued declaring that during the continuance of the war all Britishers of military age, desiring to leave the United Kingdom, even on a trip, must obtain special permission. This permission will not be given without good cause.

JOHN REDMOND ON WAY TO VISIT WEST FRONT

London, Nov. 18, 2 a. m.—John Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalist party, has arrived at Boulogne on his way to the western front. It was announced several days ago that as soon as arrangements could be made Mr. Redmond, intended to pay a visit to the men in the trenches.

GERMAN FLEET SPEEDING NORTH AROUND SWEDEN

London, Nov. 17.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Copenhagen gives a report that a flotilla of twenty-five German torpedo boats and a big cruiser passed Helsingborg on the southwest coast of Sweden at 6 o'clock in the morning, proceeding at high speed northward.

Helsingborg is at the north entrance to the sound, which separates Sweden and Denmark. Vessels passing Helsingoorg and proceeding north would enter the Cattegat, which leads by way of the Skagerrak into the North sea.

FULTON KNOCKS OUT ANDERSON.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 17.—Fred Fulton, the Minnesota heavyweight boxer, knocked out Andre Anderson, of Chicago, in the fourth round of a ten-round no-decision contest here tonight, by three left blows to the solar plexus Anderson was floored three times in the concluding session.

OWNER OF MILEAGE BOOK MAY PAY ANOTHER'S FARE.

Washington, Nov. 17.—A non-transferable railroad mileage book, sold under conditions that it would be forfeited if presented by any other than the original purchaser, may not be forfeited if presented by the purchaser himself for transportation of another person. The supreme court so held in a case arising in South Carolina, where the railroad forfeited a mileage ticket a man presented for transportation of his wife.

SUFFRAGISTS RAP WILSON AND BRYAN.

New York, Nov. 17.—Leaders of the big political parties who came out as individuals for woman suffrage, but refused to indorse the movement as leaders of their parties received no very kindly treatment at a recent meeting under the auspices of the Congressional Union for woman suffrage. President Wilson was among those named and even William Jennings Bryan came in for a bit of censure for doing the thing in a half-hearted way.

Others on the list were United States Senator O'Gorman, James R. Mann, of Illinois, and Champ Clark, Senator Elihu Root and ex-President Taft who were frankly opposed to the movement, were treated a bit scornfully as men who were opposed to a democratic form of government. Mr. Root, it was asserted by one speaker, had received his reply when the proposed constitution for New York state was snowed under by half a million votes.

The suffragists greeted with great applause the advice that they stop pleading, and get out and "mutilate" the men who stood in their way. They were apparently in favor of putting an end to diplomacy, and openly defying those who were opposed to granting them the franchise, or who would not openly, and as members of their political parties, do their utmost to see that a constitutional amendment was adopted by the next congress.

Reliable Sick-Room Supplies

have much to do with the speedy recovery of the patient. Some people are not familiar with the many conveniences which are provided for this purpose. When anything is needed to add to the comfort of the sick, consult us.

Ice Bags, Hot Water Bottles, Bed Pans, Air Cushions, Rubber Sheetings, Clinical Thermometers, Cotton, Lint, Gauzes, Bandages, Etc., Etc.

and numerous other things which are handy and beneficial in the sick-room.

JONES' DRUG STORE
Baraga Ave. and Third St. Phone 764-J

Simple Home Treatment to Remove Hairy Growths

(Beauty Culture)

Two or three minutes' use of a delatone paste will banish every bit of hair from your face, neck or arms. This paste is made by mixing some water with powdered delatone. After the paste is removed, the skin should be washed to free it from the remaining delatone and it will be clear and spotless. You will not be disappointed with this treatment if you are sure to obtain real delatone from your druggist.

You Never Pay More at **Huetter's** *See Our Window Display*

Have Arranged For Today, Thursday

A Most Extraordinary Sale

of About One Hundred

Women's and Misses' Suits

Taken From the Regular Stock
And Specially Priced at

$15.00 $20.00 $25.00

The collection represents every suit from our regular stock, consisting of the season's most approved styles, in Gaberdine, Poplin, Whipcord trimmed with Skunk, Raccoon and Opossum, others with braid trimming.

Try to Match These Trimmed Hats

At Double Our Special Price $3.50

For you may "shop" to your hearts content and your final landing place will be our Millinery Department. Stylish are these trimmed Hats, they stand out distinctively from the ordinary run of millinery.

SWISS MILITARY SYSTEM.

The plan now brought forward by the administration (with conceded question of its feasibility) lacks both the certainty and the justice of the Swiss system. Some employers would respond to the government's appeal to their patriotism; others would not. Employers who let their men go to the colors and continue them on the pay-roll would soon feel that they were at a disadvantage with their less patriotic competitors; and grow cold and unresponsive. Many young men who responded would grow dissatisfied at the refusal of the shirkers. These elements of disintegration, it seems certain, would increase to a point where the whole system might collapse.

Under the Swiss plan there would be no uncertainty about the adequacy of national defense and the country's insurance against invasion. No favoritism would be shown. Every able bodied young man—the rich family's son as well as the poor family's boy—would enjoy the splendid influences of moderate military instruction, free from all taint of militarism, and knowing, long in advance, that for three or four years sixty days of his time must be given to that training, would adapt his career to it, just as now he adapts his career to compulsory education in the schools, and be better fitted by the training for his real life work as a civilian.

As the law would impose certain requirements on employers, all would fare alike in the business world. The patriotic employer would not be penalized for the benefit of his unpatriotic competitor.

The system is a success in Switzerland, and the Swiss are a better nation for it. It could be made a greater success in the United States.—Spokane Review.

READY-IN-A-MINUTE WIFE.

"You ready, dear?" calls out the husband of the ready-in-a-minute wife as he draws on his gloves. It is time we were off. We'll lose the next car if we don't start right away."

"Yes, dear, ready in a minute. I've nothing to do but—where's my gloves? I saw them a moment ago and I—where can those gloves be? Oh, here they are! I don't see what I laid them on that chair for! In just a minute now I will—where is my hatpin? I always leave it in my hat, and it isn't there now! Couldn't you come up and look for it, dear, while I—what did I do with that handkerchief? I don't dare go without one when I feel a bad cold coming on! And you must keep near me so that you can carry it in your pocket. We women never have pockets any more. Where on earth is that hatpin? In just a minute, dear. Don't be so impatient. There are other cars if we do miss this one, and—can't you come up and button my shoes for me, dear? I forgot that I hadn't buttoned them yet. That's a dear! I can draw on my gloves while you are buttoning my shoes and—where in time has that shoe buttoner gone? I always keep it right here on this little hook, and it isn't there now! Who could have—no, you can't button my shoes with your fingers. I could do it with a hairpin, but I don't believe that you can. You'll have to have that hook and it—here it is in this little drawer. I never put it there! I'll be ready as soon as—where is my fan? I won't go without it. It is so nice to have something in one's hands and—I was sure I laid it on the bed, and now—thanks, dear, for buttoning my shoes. Can't you look around a little for that fan while I'm getting on my hat? And get my wrap out of the closet—the blue wrap with the black fur on it. Where is that puff-ball? I must powder my nose a little. It's so red with my cold coming on. Does my hair look all right in the back? You sure you hooked all of the hooks up the back of my dress? Tom! To say a thing like that! Run down and get my rubbers out of the hall closet. I'll be ready in just a minute."—Judge.

FINLAND'S FOLK SCHOOLS.

The folk-schools of Finland are particularly fine, with their cooking departments, gymnasiums, manual training and needlework. Every school has excellent bathing facilities, and the poorest children are fed at the schools. There are little zoological museums in most of the schools.

There are so many varieties of schools, besides the folk-schools, elementary and higher there are lyceums, schools of forestry, of agriculture and of navigation, schools for training teachers, commercial schools, technical, music and art schools, etc. There are three large garden schools in Finland, where boys as well as girls are taught cooking. "They must learn to cook what they grow," said one of the teachers.

The dairy schools are particularly interesting. Dairying comes second among the industries of Finland. The pupils must have worked for one year at a butter factory before he or she will be admitted to the school.—Christian Herald.

CURED BOY OF CROUP.

Nothing frightens a mother more than the loud, hoarse cough of croup. Labored breathing, strangling, choking and gasping for breath demand instant action. Mrs. T. Teureuer, Eau Claire, Wis., says: "Foley's Honey and Tar cured my boy of croup after other remedies failed." Recommended for coughs and colds. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

AIR CALMS THE WAVE.

Compressed air is said to be more effective in subduing rough waters than oil, which has been used for that purpose for centuries. It has been found that compressed air conveyed from tanks by pipes to the bottom of the ocean at a pier is a tremendous advantage in the landing of a vessel in stormy weather. It is predicted that the compressed air apparatus will be installed at all well equipped docks in a short time, and that the air will be used along sections of the coast which are subject to serious damage by storms. Several large vessels have been equipped with a compressed air apparatus.

Citrolax
CITROLAX
CITROLAX

Best thing for constipation, sour stomach, lazy liver and sluggish bowels. Stops a sick headache almost at once. Gives a most thorough and satisfactory flushing—no pain, no nausea. Keeps your system cleansed, weet and wholesome. Ask for Citrolax. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

at Marquette, in the State of Michigan, at the close of business on November 16, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$1,111,607 47	
Total loans		$1,111,607 47
Overdrafts, secured, none; unsecured, $373.94		373 94
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$150,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	25,000 00	
Total U. S. bonds		175,000 00
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	$ 5,000 00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	454,805 89	
Total bonds, securities, etc		459,805 89
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$12,000 00	
Less amount unpaid	6,000 00	6,000 00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)	39,000 00	
Equity in banking house		39,000 00
Real estate owned other than banking house		4,000 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve Bank		23,918 41
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis	322,856 10	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	130,986 63	453,842 73
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		83,178 08
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		2,014 06
Outside checks and other cash items	2,266 13	
Fractional currency, nickels and cents	350 20	2,616 33
Notes of other national banks		670 00
Federal Reserve notes		1,020 00
Lawful money reserve in bank:		
Total coin and certificates		60,690 80
Legal-tender notes		3,760 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation) and due from U. S. Treasurer		7,500 00
Total		$2,434,997 71

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 150,000 00
Surplus fund		50,000 00
Undivided profits	$ 8,260 32	
Discount collected not earned	66,428 19	
Reserved for taxes	5,043 39	
Reserved for interest	7,734 79	$ 87,466 69
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid		542 47
		86,924 22
Circulating notes outstanding		145,050 00
Due to banks and bankers		22,936 87
Dividends unpaid		6 00
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check		667,398 88
Certified checks		225 00
Cashier's checks outstanding		11,975 47
United States deposits		22,669 17
Postal savings deposits		1,159 99
Total demand deposits		703,338 51
Time deposits:		
Certificates of deposit		61,530 48
Other time deposits		1,195,211 63
Total of time deposits		1,256,742 11
Total		$2,434,997 71

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
County of Marquette. }

I, C. L. Brainerd, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. L. BRAINERD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of November, 1915.
ELLA M. MAHER,
Notary Public.
My commission expires Jan. 18, 1919.

CORRECT—Attest:
N. M. KAUFMAN,
EDW. S. RICE,
A. O. JOPLING,
Directors.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT MUST BE AROUSED

Otherwise It Is Idle to Look for Good Government, Expert Says.

Dayton, O., Nov. 17.—The need of "active, organized, vigilant public sentiment" as a foundation for efficient municipal government was emphasized in the report which Clinton Rodgers Woodruff, secretary of the National Municipal league, made to the convention of the organization here tonight. Throughout his lengthy review of the year's work Secretary Woodruff urged that mere form of city government did not represent attainment of an ideal, but that the thought and action of a given community was the proper standard by which to measure success or failure. He said, in part:

"The tendency to regard the form as of first importance, and as in itself effective, is a characteristic of the older conception of American city government. There is still a tendency to place entirely too much dependence upon the law and the form of government, and many are for substituting statutes and constitutional provisions for the self-governing instinct. The newer conception of American municipal government involves the utilization of the most effective forms of government for the expression of a sound public opinion; and the idea of the city manager has proved a popular idea because it represents just this thought.

"I have always felt a very strong sympathy with the thought of the late Carl Schurz, who declared he would rather have the laws made by Lucifer and executed by Gabriel, than made by Gabriel and executed by Lucifer. In other words, the first objects of all organizations like this league and the national civil service reform league must be to create sound, solid, substantial sentiment in favor of efficient, democratic government, and then help guide that sentiment, along sound lines.

"For years the attention of Americans has been directed to the efficiency of the German cities, and we have marvelled at the wonderful achievements of administration there; but there, efficient government is given rather as a gift from an overlord than as the outworking of the desires and aspirations of the people themselves. The problem before us is to attain efficiency through the education of the whole electorate."

Mr. Woodruff then launched into a number of examples taken from the records of various American cities to show "that the city administration cares for the people who are working in the public behalf." He then continued:

"There is another movement, however, which calls for attention in any consideration of conceptions of American municipal government; and that is the movement popularly known as city planning, a phrase much more often used than defined. There was a time when it was practically a scheme for the city beautiful, but now it has a much richer and a much more comprehensive meaning. Its development has been in accordance with the growth of the movement to place our cities upon a more substantial, a more respectable, a more useful basis.

"Here we have another phase of the new conception of municipal life; that is, the obligation resting upon the community to develop healthy men, women and children—healthy physically, healthy morally and healthy spiritually; and the amount of thought and time and attention given to promoting these ends during the past decade is one of the big encouraging factors in American history."

In conclusion Mr. Woodruff said:

"The hope of American cities lies in the existence of a strong, democratic sentiment, which is gradually manifesting itself in public life and in the aspirations of the American people to achieve the highest good for the greatest number through definite community effort."

"BRITISH OFFICER" CHARGES GRAFT IN MUNITION SALES.

New York, Nov. 16.—F. Curtis Morgan, who says he is a lieutenant colonel of the British army, and is in this country to place contracts for war munitions, has issued a lengthy statement at his hotel here attacking the method of his government in making war contracts in the United States, and predicting that an investigation begun by "John Annan Bryce and Lord Northcliffe will disclose a war munition scandal that will stir all England and the United States."

The statement alleges extravagance and corruption in connection with contracts already placed in the United States and declares that the British censorship has made it impossible to get reports of the investigation into the English press.

Morgan complains that he has been prevented from executing war contracts and that the United States neutrality board has prevented him from sending sea-going launches to England, although, he says, the same board permitted the sending of submarines to England, which were contracted for by others.

The existence of graft in his own country is charged by Morgan in connection with the shipments of goods from here to England, which are reshipped to Scandinavian countries and Holland, ultimately reaching Germany, and he predicts that if American merchants "refrain for six months from this practice the allies will win complete victory and it will be unnecessary for the United States to spend millions on defensive operations."

There is no lieutenant colonel of the name of F. Curtis Morgan in the British army lists. John Annan Bryce is a son of James Bryce, former British ambassador to Washington, and a member of the English parliament. Lord Northcliffe is the English newspaper publisher who has come into increased prominence since the war began.

IRRITABLE CHILDREN OFTEN NEED KICKAPOO WORM KILLER.

There is a reason for the disagreeable and fretful nature of many children. Think of the unrest when the child's body is possessed by tiny worms sapping its vitality and clogging its functions. Whatever may be the cause—Your child's peevishness and irritability has a cause. Give Kickapoo Worm Killer a chance and if worms are there this humanly harmless remedy will eliminate "that children have worms is a fact." the annoying parasites. 25c. a box. ADV.

REPORT URGES USE OF CHICAGO SCHOOLS

Not Enough Employment of Them for Social Purposes Is the Finding.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—That this city is determined to obtain broader benefits from its schools, parks and playgrounds is made plain in a report made today by Mrs. Page Waller Eaton, superintendent of the bureau of surveys, to Mrs. Louise Osborne Rowe, commissioner of public welfare.

The report, preliminary in its nature, was called for by John C. Kennedy, one of Chicago's two socialist aldermen, who wished particularly for a study which would show to what extent the public schools may be used as social centers.

Mrs. Eaton and her assistants made a study of each of the city's thirty-five wards, excepting only a few so-called "silk stocking" divisions. In the First ward, which includes the business district, they found thirty nationalities. In the Twentieth, the "Ghetto" of the city, social welfare work was found to be well advanced. Hull House, over which Jane Addams presides, was only one of a number of social settlements, besides which there were found numerous playgrounds shelters, nurseries and the like. Social workers for years have been attracted by the picturesque appeal of this teeming Hebrew ward, and Mrs. Eaton's report remarks, after giving a list of institutions, "there may be many other agencies."

Mrs. Eaton finds that while the children need playgrounds to a greater extent than they now have, young men and young women need places where they can meet socially, and the older folk stand much in the same need.

A further detailed study of the peculiar needs of the districts adjacent to each school is necessary, she asserts, to obtain the greatest benefit from the plan which, while in operation in several states, has not been perfected in Chicago.

"This movement, which is nation-wide and designed to make the public school the community center, is destined to make the schools the prime factor in American democracy," says the report.

DUBLIN STIRRED BY ITS THEATERS

Unregulated, Some of Their Performances Have Gone Beyond All Bounds.

Dublin, Ireland, Nov. 1—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Dublin is at present greatly exercised about the morality of its theaters, music halls and moving picture shows. There is no censor in Ireland, and the only way of punishing impropriety on the stage is by a police court prosecution. No such prosecution has been instituted, and the only occasions when the police court discusses the matter is when a member of the audience is prosecuted for disturbing the performance by expressing disapproval.

One such case has just occurred where a man was brought before the magistrate for protesting at the exhibition of a film called "The New Magdalen." The evidence of some influential citizens was given as to its objectionable character, balanced by the evidence of other members of the audience, including some ladies, that it was all right. The magistrate thought it would require a Solomon to decide between the witnesses and determined to be his own witness. A special exhibition was given all to himself. He did not see anything wrong in the film, and the defendant then alleged that the performance for the magistrate was a fake and that he did not see the same film. This suggestion was scouted out of court and the defendant was fined and has served notice of appeal.

It is, however, the revues which have provoked much agitation. They run at several theaters, including the principal ones and have almost banished the legitimate drama from the Dubin stage. The costumes are often very scanty and the songs and business sometimes beyond the border line of the decent. Lately in the newspapers vigorous protests were made by individuals. The manager of one of the leading houses expressed his willingness to remove everything considered objectionable, and incidentally revealed the fact that the first performance in each week was in the nature of a trial trip. If the public on which it was tried stood it without protest it went on all the week. This has now been remedied and the trial trip takes place in camera before a management committee who will be responsible for seeing that even a first night audience is properly protected.

Archbishop Walsh in declaring his satisfaction at this improved arrangement called attention publicly to what is even a greater scandal, because more widespread, and that is the posters on the walls advertising these revues. They have been often exceedingly free and there seems to be no authority charged with the duty of controlling them. Altogether public feeling is a good deal aroused in Dublin on these questions. Jack Johnson who appeared as the producer of a revue, no worse than many others, experienced its effect on the first night of his performance, and the audience insisted on the removal of its objectionable features. He did not resent this in the least, but mildly thanked his patrons for letting him know their views so promptly and unmistakably.

LOCATING THE TROUBLE.

When one is suffering from backache, rheumatisb, lumbago, biliousness, sharp pains, sore muscles, and stiff joints it is not always easy to locate the source of trouble, but nine times out of ten it can be traced to overworked, weakened or diseased kidneys. Foley Kidney Pills have benefited thousands of sufferers. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

MARQUETTE NATIONAL BANK

at Marquette, in the State of Michigan, at the close of business, on November 10th, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Total loans		$ 906,605 28
Overdrafts		210 85
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$ 100,000 00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000 00	
Total U. S. bonds		101,000 00
Total bonds, securities, etc		137,190 01
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	$9,000 00	
Less amount unpaid	4,500 00	4,500 00
Value of banking house		55,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		7,500 00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve Bank		17,241 78
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis	38,992 79	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	81,304 67	120,297 46
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than above)		41,284 42
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		1,992 17
Outside checks and other cash items	918 08	
Fractional currency, nickels and cents	689 52	1,607 60
Notes of other national banks		1,100 00
Federal Reserve notes		1,280 00
Lawful money reserve in bank:		
Total coin and certificates		35,987 00
Legal-tender notes		4,250 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation) and due from U. S. Treasurer		5,000 00
Total		$1,442,046 47

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 100,000 00
Surplus fund		50,000 00
Undivided profits	$ 26,679 49	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	251 44	26,428 05
Circulating notes outstanding		98,300 00
Due to banks and bankers		23,437 82
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check		537,333 46
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		14,353 68
Certified checks		50 00
Cashier's checks outstanding		304 95
United States deposits		1,000 00
Total demand deposits	553,042 09	
Time deposits:		
Other time deposits		590,838 51
Total of time deposits	590,838 51	
Total		$1,442,046 47

STATE OF MICHIGAN, }
County of Marquette. } ss.

I, Frank J. Jennison, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

FRANK J. JENNISON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of November, 1915.
WILLIAM H. ELLIOTT,
Notary Public.
My commission expires Aug. 18, 1917.

CORRECT—Attest:
D. W. POWELL,
ALTON T. ROBERTS,
R. P. BRONSON,
Directors.

The Father of Pure Foods

The Energy Food in Purest Form

Oatmeal—the *efficient* fuel for "keeping up steam" in the human body—also a builder of brain, brawn and bone, because it contains an abundance of protein, phosphorous and lecithin.

The exacting standards of quality and purity that made Dr. Price famous, are the same standards that are followed in the manufacture of

DR. PRICE'S Rolled Oats THE ENERGY FOOD

Priceless Profit-Sharing Coupons in Every Package

DR. PRICE'S MACARONI Superior Quality

The exclusive Dr. Price Pure Foods Store in your town are

John Siegel
John Carlson

The Peninsula Bank

Ispheming, Michigan

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business Nov. 10, 1915.

Condensed from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans, Discounts and Bonds	$720,102.09	Capital Stock	$ 50,000.00
Banking House	15,000.00	Surplus Fund	75,000.00
Overdrafts	None	Undivided Profits, Less Expenses and Taxes Paid	20,109.57
Cash Resources	123,357.34	Dividends Unpaid	20.00
		DEPOSITS	708,829.86
		Reserved for Interest	13,500.00
	$867,459.43		$867,459.43

Edison Mazda

The Highest Quality Lamp

10 Watt Lamps 25c each
15 " " 25c "
25 " " 25c "
40 " " 25c "
60 " " 32c "
100 " " 60c "

For store and indirect lighting the new Gas Filled Lamp is supreme.

100 Watt.....85c each
200 " .....$1.70 "

Marquette County Gas & Electric Co.

EX-GOVERNOR SLATON BACK IN GEORGIA.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 17.—Ex-Governor John M. Slaton, who left for a trip to the Pacific coast soon after his term of office expired on July 1, has returned to Atlanta and has resumed the practice of law.

When the ex-governor left Georgia excitement was intense, owing to his commutation of the death sentence of Leo M. Frank, and it was predicted that he would not return to the state, or if he did that personal harm would befall him. Neither prediction has come to pass. The ex-governor has been here for three weeks going about his business, and no attempt has been made to molest him.

Even Mr. Slaton's friends feared that an attempt might be made to harm him, and when he returned guards in plain clothes met him at the station, and these ever since have remained on duty at the home of Mrs. W. D. Grant, the mother of Mrs. Slaton, where the ex-governor and his wife are staying. Three guards are constantly on duty.

Very little attention has been paid by the state press to Mr. Slaton's return. Even Tom Watson, who was exceedingly bitter against Slaton because he commuted Frank's sentence, has not even alluded in his paper, The Jeffersonian, to the ex-governor's return. Watson repeatedly had asserted that the ex-governor never would return to Georgia.

FOR RENT—Furnished room. Inquire 811 N. Main St. Phone 521-J. 11-16-6t

New Lunch Room

Voelker Bldg., Main Street

Hot and Cold Lunches

Cigars, Tobacco, Temperance Drinks, etc.

Give us a call.

ERIC CARLSON

GAVE PARTY FOR HIM WHEN HE LEFT PRISON.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 17.—Mrs. Etta Varnell Shriner, who several years ago held a reception at her home to celebrate the return of her husband, A. F. Shriner, from the federal penitentiary, where he served a term for embezzlement, has filed suit for divorce. She charges non-support and says her husband called her offensive names.

Shriner formerly was secretary of the Republican state committee, and about seven years ago was appointed to a confidential post in the office of surveyor of the port. Some time later he pleaded guilty to a charge of being short $5,000 in his accounts and was sentenced to the federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kansas.

On the day he was to return Mrs. Shriner sent invitations to a number of persons to gather at their home to celebrate the occasion, according to assertions of her friends.

Castle Brew

IT'S GREAT!

Positively No Better BEER made

Nothing But the Best

brewing material, together with the purest spring water, is used in its manufacture.

Try a case. In quarts or pints

U.P. Brewing Co

HAVE COLOR IN YOUR CHEEKS

Be Better Looking—Take Olive Tablets

If your skin is yellow—complexion pallid—tongue coated—appetite poor—you have a bad taste in your mouth—a lazy, no-good feeling—you should take Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—a substitute for calomel—were prepared by Dr. Edwards after 17 years of study with his patients.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color.

If you want a clear, pink skin, bright eyes, no pimples, a feeling of buoyancy like childhood days, you must get at the cause.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act on the liver and bowels like calomel—yet have no dangerous after effects.

They start the bile and overcome constipation. That's why millions of boxes are sold annually at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

Take one or two nightly and note the pleasing results.

The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.

Ishpeming Department

INTERESTING GROUP PICTURES AT CHILDS

Ishpeming People Camping at Escanaba River Photographed Many Years Ago.

Within the past few months, C. D. Cole, of Childs Art gallery, has developed numerous pictures from negatives exposed many years ago. He now has on display in his gallery an exceptionally fine collection of views in the upper peninsula and Minnesota secured from forty to fifty years ago. Among them are several mining scenes which are familiar only to the oldest residents.

Two enlarged pictures now on view in the gallery show groups of old time citizens, many of whom have passed away. One of these pictures was taken twenty-eight years ago, and shows a large group at "Camp Duffy" on the Escanaba river, some distance from Swanzy. Mr. Cole was many times a guest of the campers. In the picture are Mr. and Mrs. Fred P. Tillson, Dr. Shipman, now living at Ely, Minn., Mrs. John P. Outhwaite, her son, John, and daughter LaRue, now Mrs. C. M. Leonard, Mrs. Eugene St. Clair, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Harwood, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Swift, G. A. Newett, Mrs. Emma Canfield, Clifford Bundy, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Osborn and Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Colwell. Mr. Colwell was a pioneer hardware merchant of Ishpeming and for a number of years past has been living in the west. Mrs. Colwell and Mrs. Swift were sisters of Mr. Bundy.

Another picture equally as interesting was taken twenty years ago, and shows members of the Presbyterian church, who gave an old folks concert. All wore colonial costumes. The late C. H. Hall, who for years was agent for the Lake Superior Iron company, is shown as the director. Others in the picture are Mrs. E. Girzi, Mrs. G. G. Barnett, Mrs. H. Harwood, George Tucker, Mrs. O. B. Robinson, Mrs. J. M. Vickers, Miss Marion Ropes, Mrs. H. S. Thompson, George G. Johnston, B. W. Wright, Charles L. Sheldon and C. H. Moss.

NOTABLE PROGRAM TONIGHT.

Four-Reel Feature, Owl Picture and Big Vaudeville Act.

Crauford Kent and a star cast of Broadway favorites will be seen tonight at Ishpeming theater in the four-act Kalem comedy drama, "The Pretenders." A picture to be shown this evening will be one depicting an interesting story of the Owl society.

The vaudeville will be furnished by the Stroud Trio, featuring Baby Violet, one of the cleverest juveniles in vaudeville.

The story of "The Pretenders" is as follows:

Dick, who thinks Elsie is a farmer's daughter, and Elsie, who believes Dick to be a hired man, fall in love with each other. While returning from a trip to the city shortly afterwards, Dick accidentally exchanges traveling bags with Spike, a burglar on his way to rob the Dunbars' summer home. Pinkarter, a detective, witnesses the incident and trails Dick.

Late that night the young man sees Elsie apparently breaking into a cottage. The girl has been accidentally locked out of the farmhouse where she is stopping and, therefore, decides to return to her father's country home nearby. Ignorant of this, Dick believes Elsie a thief and follows her into the house. Spike also gets inside, and the three are presently bagged by Pinkarter and lugged to the village lockup.

In his effort to establish his identity Dick requests the detective to examine his traveling bag. When this is done, a fine collection of burglar's tools is brought to view. Thus, Elsie is led to think her lover a thief. Although Dick eventually clears himself, this does not happen until after Elsie's identity has been established by her father and the girl taken home.

Still in ignorance of each other's identity, the heartbroken lovers return to the city. Some time later Dick accompanies a friend to a dinner given at the Dunbars' home. To his intense surprise the boy finds himself confronting Elsie. Still believing him to be a burglar, Elsie shouts for help. Dunbar is about to hand the luckless youth over to the police when the snarl is untangled and the course of true love allowed to resume its course.

LEG AMPUTATED YESTERDAY.

Richard Tremuan, of Humboldt, who was brought to Dr. Henry Holm's hospital Sunday afternoon, suffering from a wound in the lower part of his leg, caused by the accidental discharge of a shotgun in the hands of a companion, submitted to the amputation of the leg yesterday morning. Drs. Holm and F. A. Burke performed the operation. He is fifteen years old. His mother is a widow.

PROGRESS ON POSTOFFICE.

The laying of marble floors in the toilets and bathrooms in the new postoffice is proceeding rapidly and work soon will be started on the main stairway. Woodwork finishers are making good headway and have much of the first floor of the building completed. Trembath Bros. have started painting the walls and ceilings. Canvas is put on the walls before painting.

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Lofberg celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage Monday evening, at their home on Pearl street. A number of relatives were present and the evening was enjoyably spent with music and games. Refreshments were served. Mr. and Mrs. Lofberg were married in Ishpeming. For some years he has been a member of the Ishpeming police force.

DARK AND COLD MORNINGS.

We are reaching the period of the year when it wouldn't be so difficult to quit swearing if there had never been an alarm clock invented.—Houston Post.

CORRIGAN-M'KINNEY TO OPEN NEW MINE

Cleveland Concern Adds Another Property to Its Menominee Range Holdings.

The Corrigan-McKinney company, which is one of the most extensive operators on the Menominee range, has secured control of a new property that, in time, it is thought, will become a heavy producer. This property, which is located in the Crystal Falls district, is named after Ira Odgers of that city, who secured its exploration by the Cole & McDonald company. The mine will be operated by the Hudson Mining company, a subsidiary of the Corrigan-McKinney company.

Mr. Odgers did some drilling on this property for a Duluth syndicate. The showing was good and he desired to go deeper, but the Duluth men would not heed his suggestions. After they had abandoned the prospect, he induced the Cole & McDonald company to take an option on it and to put drills at work, to keep some of their most efficient workmen employed during the dull period of last year. Cole & McDonald relied on Mr. Odgers' judgment, and Mr. Odgers asked for, and was given, a purchasing interest in the lease.

The Hudson Mining company has been incorporated under the laws of Ohio for the sole purpose of taking over and operating the Odgers mine.

The Corrigan-McKinney company has made important additions to its operating forces in the Menominee district since early in the summer and is now working a larger number of men than at any previous time. It has a number of fine properties and for several years past has lost no opportunity to pick up good prospects, offered on reasonable terms.

DEATH OF PATRICK M'GINTY.

Former Wellknown Resident of Ishpeming Died in St. Louis, Mo.

Patrick McGinty, who was a pioneer resident of Marquette county and was wellknown and had many friends here, died a few days ago in St. Louis, Mo., where he had lived for several years. According to information received by relatives and friends here, Mr. McGinty had been sick for some months and was confined to his bed for six or seven weeks.

Mr. McGinty came to Ishpeming when he was a boy and for several years was employed in stores here. One of his first positions was at the New York store, which, for some time, was managed by his brother, the late William McGinty. He also worked for several years for Donahoe Bros., in their general mercantile store, corner Division and Pine streets.

For several years prior to the establishment of the municipal court, Mr. McGinty was justice of the peace, with an office in the Dundon block. He also conducted an insurance business. Some twenty years ago he spent three or four years in Marquette, where he held a government position.

"THE CHRISTIAN" BOOKED.

Hal Cain's Great Play to Be Shown in Pictures Next Wednesday.

The eight-reel production of Hal Cain's successful love story, "The Christian," is booked for Ishpeming theater next Wednesday afternoon and evening. There are five hundred scenes in the play. It is produced by an all star cast, headed by Edith Storey and Earle Williams. More than three thousand people are seen in the picture, which is declared to be one of the best photoplays ever made. Although the picture is one of the most expensive that ever has been shown here, Manager Butler has decided to charge only five and ten cents in the afternoon and five, ten and fifteen cents in the evening.

"The Christian," as a novel, was a great success. Later, it was dramatized and brought fame and wealth to Miss Viola Allen. Its present form is its best, inasmuch as the talky dialogue of the novel and drama have been eliminated and the many scenes which were omitted in the stage version, are in the picturized version. It is a superb production of a wonderful story.

Miss Edith Storey assumes the difficult role of Glory Quayle, investing it with a youthful abandon and a mature understanding seemingly impossible to register on the screen. Her work is marvelous, as evinced by the widespread commendation which her acting has invariably received. She is called "the Bernhardt of the screen." Her principal co-worker, Earle Williams, portrays John Storm in a masterful manner, giving the character a human touch which is most appealing. Others in this cast are: Charles Kent, James Lackaye, James Morrison, Harry S. Northup, Donald Hall, Edward Kimball, J. W. Sambrooke, Miss Jane Fearnley, Miss Alberta Gallatin and Miss Carlotta deFelice.

Extra Special Today Only

2½ pounds Sliced Peaches 20c

J. SELLWOOD & Co.

Watch for Tomorrow's Special.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Robert J. Wise has been ill at his home for the last few days.

The roof of Needham Bros.' laundry building on Division street is being repaired.

Mrs. Herman Heyn entertained the members of the Whist club yesterday afternoon.

Charles Lavigne, deputy sheriff at Champion, was an Ishpeming visitor yesterday.

A regular meeting of the Elks will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in Mildon's hall.

Dennis Hickey has given up the Ishpeming agency for the Keeley Brewing company, of Chicago.

The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company's paydays for the first period of November will be as follows: Hard Ore, Lake and Cliffs Shafts mines, next Tuesday, the 23rd; Republic, Salisbury, Lake Angeline and North Lake districts, 24th; Negaunee district, 26th, and Gwinn district, 27th.

The women of the Norwegian Lutheran church will serve coffee in the church basement, this afternoon.

A business meeting of the Ishpeming Ski club will be held this evening in the club house. All members are asked to be present.

James McKittrick, of Escanaba, road master for the Chicago & Northwestern railway, was in Ishpeming yesterday on company business.

The funeral of Irwin Collins will be held at 1:45 o'clock this afternoon, instead of 2 o'clock. Rev. H. M. Eldrid will conduct the services.

Captain Duncan Campbell, who is at a hospital in Chicago, is improving rapidly and expects to be able to leave for Ishpeming in about two weeks.

Births recorded in the city yesterday were a daughter to Mrs. Charles Schmeltz, 713 East Bank street, and a son to Mr. and Mrs. John Linna, 219 East Pearl street.

John Lehman, formerly sheriff of Marquette county, and a former chief of police in this city, was up from Gwinn yesterday on business. Mr. Lehman is now the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company's officer in the Swanzey district.

Edward Johnson, a chemist for the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company for the last few years, left yesterday afternoon, with Edwin Ring, who has been employed at the Iron Ore office, for Buffalo, N. Y., where they have positions in view.

The case against Charles Juntila, who was arrested several days ago by Deputy Game Warden John Mohr, charged with destroying beaver houses, was dismissed yesterday in the municipal court. The deputy was unable to present sufficient evidence against Juntila.

COMPLEXION BLEMISH?

Yes, that sluggish liver often causes it. Dr. King's New Life Pills clear the complexion, throw off impurities and release bile naturally and easily. Unless the bowels move freely and regularly all the powder in the world will not permanently cover "that muddy complexion." This laxative is mild yet effective. It does not gripe or sicken in its effects. You will not dispute the merits of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Start a treatment today. 25c.

ADV.

A Savings Account

is the best start towards **SUCCESS.**

Ready money permits **SEIZING OPPORTUNITY.**

START AN ACCOUNT NOW.

The Miners' National Bank

ISHPEMING, MICH.

YOU WANT THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY

It was not by accident or through blind luck that we attained the prominence we have today in the line of

LUMBER

Our motto has been "Quality and Service." No matter what your requirements may be, you may rest assured that we stand back of all of our material, and whatever your wants may be in this line, we will furnish same at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES

We can deliver promptly hemlock lumber, rough or dressed; also all kinds and grades of white and norway pine. We carry large stocks of flooring, ceiling, siding, hardwood flooring, finishing lumber, shingles, lath, doors, windows, storm sash, storm doors, storm sheds, cements, brick, sewer pipe, flue linings, plasters, all kinds of rubber and prepared roofings, tarred felts, and building papers, etc., etc.

ALSO BEAR IN MIND THAT OUR STOCKS OF

Anthracite **COAL** Bituminus

Such as all sizes of anthracite (hard) coal, and the celebrated West Virginia splint lump coal. Pocahontas coal and Pennsylvania soft coal, in the different sizes. Cannel coal for grates.

MAKE KNOWN YOUR WANTS TO US—WE'LL SUPPLY THEM PROMPTLY.

CONSOLIDATED FUEL & LUMBER CO.

ISHPEMING, NEGAUNEE, MARQUETTE AND GWINN, MICH.

Ishpeming Theatre

Big Program Tonight

The Stroud Trio, featuring Baby Violet, The Cleverest Juvenile in Vaudeville

HAVE THE CHILDREN SEE THIS CLEVER YOUNGSTER.

A Big Kalem Comedy Feature "The Pretenders" with Crauford Kent, Marguerite Courtot, Henry Hallam, Richard Bartlett and John E. Mackin in the cast.

EXTRA---The Owl photoplay, depicting stirring story of the benevolent work of the Order of Owls.

Usual prices—5c and 10c.

TOMORROW — Sixth episode of **"Neal of the Navy"** This picture is full of exciting scenes.

Next Tuesday — **William Farnum in "The PLUNDERER"** A great Fox production.

Wednesday—"The Christian" Hall Cain's wonderful drama, with Earle Williams and Anita Stewart in the cast. Eight reels. Bargain prices. Matinee—5 and 10c. Evening—5c, 10c, 15c.

Upper Peninsula

Company Offers Arbitration.

The Menominee Water company's answer to the city's offer of $200,000 for the company's plant is that the company will arbitrate, and will agree to put the question of the amount to be paid by the city up to Circuit Judge Richard C. Flannigan. The letter from President Joseph Spafford which contained the answer did not say whether the company would accept or reject the city's offer of $200,000. Scoring this latest move by the water company directors as further evidence of dilatory tactics and asking the company directors to have an answer to the direct question—"will the company take $200,000 for its plant?"—within five days from Nov. 15, the aldermen by a unanimous vote adopted the following resolution drawn up by City Attorney John J. O'Hara.

"Be it resolved, that it is the sense of this council, and a determination of the issues was reached after a careful consideration that we will not arbitrate the price of the present plant of the Menominee Water company but will pursue what appears to us to be our legal rights in the premises. Be It Further Resolved, That we appeal to Fabian J. Trudell, attorney for the water company, to advise the water company that the city expect within five days from the date of November 15, 1915, to have from the officials of said company an answer as to whether they will accept $200,000 for their plant in said city. And Be It Further Resolved, That the attitude of the water works attorney be based upon the vital issues that concern the entire citizenship of Menominee in transmitting such information as contained in this resolution to the water company and that he use his best endeavors to prevail upon the water works company to answer the city on the $200,000 proposition heretofore submitted. Be It Further Resoved, That the city attorney be instructed to mail a copy of this resolution to the president of the Menominee Water company, Mr. Spafford, and Fabian J. Trudell, its local representative."

This resolution was introduced by Alderman Anton Bushek and seconded by Alderman Albert C. Seidl. It was adopted without discussion or comment.

Incidentally, the aldermen at last paid the bill of $7,400 for hydrant rental presented by the water company. This is at the rate of $50 per hydrant. Although the city had passed a resolution eight months ago calling for a price of $30 per hydrant, it was the opinion of City Attorney John J. O'Hara that the city would have difficulty preventing the water company from collecting at $50 a hydrant, because the city had not given a year's notice on a contract that was running from year to year. However, the aldermen took no chances of having to pay $50 a hydrant after November, 1916, should the water plant still be in the hands of the company at that time. They adopted a resolution giving the company a year's notice that after Nov. 26, 1916, the price the city will pay per hydrant is $30.

COLDS DO NOT LEAVE WILLINGLY.

Because a cold is stubborn is no reason why you should be. Instead of "wearing" it out, get sure relief by taking Dr. King's New Discovery. Dangerous bronchial and lung ailments often follow a cold which has been neglected at the beginning. As your body faithfully battles those cold germs, no better aid can be given than the use of this remedy. Its merit has been tested by old and young. Get a bottle today. 50c and $1.00.

Why a Banking Connection?

A man with a bank account is often benefited in many ways he may know nothing about.

Parties inquiring for a man's business standing in a community by letter, or in person, usually apply first at the bank.

It is the institution that has its hands continually on the public pulse.

A bank reference can be used by the individual as well to good advantage.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
NEGAUNEE MICH
Capital & Surplus $200,000.00.

Markets

EXTENSIVE SPECULATION MARKS EARLY TRADING; BETHLEHEM STEEL AT 491

New York, Nov. 17.—Extensive speculation, at higher prices, in securities of all descriptions, except rails and similar investment issues, attended today's early trading, with sharp recessions in the last half of the session. During the forenoon all the coppers, automobile issues, sugar shares, oils and some recent favorites, like Lackawanna Steel, Crucible Steel and Baldwin Locomotive, were lifted three to thirteen points, while Bethlehem Steel, waking from its long torpor, rose 34 to 494.

Partial explanation for the movement in the copper group was furnished in the afternoon when announcement was made of the forthcoming dissolution of the Guggenheim Exploration company which has large holdings in some of the more active metal issues. Evidently the terms of the separation were not to the liking of holders of these stocks, some of which receded two or three points. Bethlehem Steel lost fourteen points of its extreme advance, closing at 480. United States Steel, which had risen over a point to 88, fell back to 87¼, closing at that price. Prices were mixed, with an irregular undertone at the end. Total sales amounted to 1,060,000 shares.

BOSTON COPPERS.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 17.—Coppers opened strong and higher, but realizing sales set them back a little. Spelter was up another half to 17½ and 18 for prime western spot. Large sales of copper were made last evening at nineteen cents, delivery extending into April. Prompt copper is very scarce and the market is expecting a further advance. Some producers are unwilling to tie down themselves to definite prices. Alaska was weak on selling reports to be long stock from the inside.—Fitzgerald, Hubbard & Co.

Ishpeming, Mich., Nov. 17.—Copper shares were boiling this morning and several substantial gains were scored. As the day advanced, however, there was some profit-taking, and the closing showed declines of about a point from high in the more active issues. The pace was a little rapid this morning, but we feel that all copper shares are going to find a higher level. We understand that the Arcadian mill test is going to show results better than the first two tests. The strength in Utah, Chino, etc., is due to the likelihood of an extra dividend being paid the coming quarter. There was more activity all through the list today and the coppers look to us as if they will sell higher.—J. A. Minnear & Co.

J. A. Minear & Co. report as follows:

Adv	2 @ 2½	N. Corn	9¾@ 10
Ahm ...	97¼@ 97½	Onod ...	1½@ 1⅝
All	58 @ 58½	Oneco ..	1¼@ 1¼
Ana	90 @ 90¼	Ojib	1¾@ 2
A. Comi	7⅞@ 8	SW Mia	.85@ 1¼
Arc	11 @ 11½	S. Lake	5@⅞ 6
B & S..	71¼@ 71½	S & B..	2½@ 2¾
C & A..	70½@ 71	Toul ...	.35@ .40
C & H..	565	U Verde	5½@ 5¾
Cent ...	18 @ 18½	U. Metal	9⅝@ 9⅞
Chino ..	56 @ 56½	W & A.	2¼@ 2½
C Ran..	62½@ 63	**Precious—**	
E. Butte	15¼@ 15½	Ari	.24@ .25
Frank .	10¼@ 10½	A Cons.	.13
Greene .	45 @ 45¼	Chief ...	.95@ .99
Gby ...	83½@ 84	C. Res..	.59@ .60
Han ...	17½@ 18	D. West	2¾@ 3¼
I. Roy..	28½@ 29	G Cons.	1¼@ 1⅜
Insp ...	46 @ 46½	I Blos..	.78@ .80
La Sal..	6 @ 6¼	La Rose	.70@ .80
Lake ...	14¼@ 14½	Nipis ..	7 @ 7¼
Mass ...	13⅜@ 13⅞	Hed	.20¾
Mayfl ...	4⅝@ 5	Jim But	.82@ .88
Mich ...	2 @ 2½	Jumbo .	1.30@ 1.65
Mia	35 @ 35½	Emma .	.29@ .32
Moh ...	87 @ 87½	K. Lake	3.90@ 4
N. Butte	32⅝@ 33	H Stake.	121
N Cons.	16¾@ 17	M Ton..	.27@ .30
N. Lake	1⅞@ 2	McKin ..	.40@ .43
O. Col..	3¼@ 3¾	Stewart.	.54@ .57
O. Dom	59 @ 59¾	Suc	.60@ .63
Osc ...	86½@ 87½	S. Hecla	2.30@ 2.40
Quin ...	89 @ 89¾	Tem ...	.43@ .45
R Cons.	26¾@ 27	T Mng..	5¾@ 6
Shan ...	8¼@ 8½	T Mgr..	.38@ .42
Shat ...	37¼@ 37⅝	T. Bel..	3¾@ 3¾
Sup	27½@ 28	T Ext..	3⅞@ 3.90
Trin ...	10¾@ 11¼	W. End	.66@ .68
Tam ...	55½@ 56	Yukon .	2¼@ 2⅝
U Cons.	14 @ 14¼	**New York—**	
U Cop..	79¾@ 80	Atchison	107¾
Vict ...	3 @ 3½	C & O	63¼
Win ...	3½@ 4	Can Pac	146½
Wol	60 @ 61	Erie	44½
Wyan ...	1½@ 1¾	Car Foun	83½
Curbs—		Beth Steel	480
Alg	1¼@ 1¾	C F & I	54½
Boh ...	2⅝@ 2¾	Loco	70½
Brad ...	17 @ 18	Mo Pac	7½
Big Led	4 @ 4½	Penna	59⅝
B & L..	.41@ .45	Rock Isl	20¼
B & Bal	3¼@ 3⅝	N Y Cent	102¼
C & M..	.50@ .75	St Paul	94½
Coppe M	1¼@ 1¾	Cru Steel	76¼
D. Daly	1.54@ 1¾	So Pac	102
Denn ...	10¼	Smelters	98
Hoton C	3 @ 3¼	Steel	87¼
Ind	6 @ 6½	Steel Pfd	116
Kew ...	2⅞@ 3⅛	Union Pac	132⅝
I Cap c	5 @ 6	Westinghouse	69¼
I Cap p	7 @ 8	Rep Iron	52⅝
N. Balt.	3½@ 3¾		

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Scarcity of ocean tonnage brought about fresh declines today in the price of wheat. The market was steady at the close. December wheat, 103¾; May wheat, 105¾; December corn, 60¼; May corn, 63⅞; December oats, 38¼; May oats, 39⅞.

PRODUCE PRICES AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Butter, unchanged. Eggs, lower; receipts, 3,740 cases; firsts, 29 cents; ordinary firsts, 25½@27½ cents; at mark, cases included, 20@29 cents. Poultry, alive, unsettled; fowls, 12 cents; springs 12½ cents; turkeys, 18@22 cents.

The Negaunee State Bank

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

Every individual or business enterprise has affairs requiring the services of one or more of the above departments of business conducted by this bank. Our policy is to render the best possible service in all departments and solicit your business with this assurance.

Mining News

ANACONDA.

Anaconda's metallurgists, through the conversion of the main Washoe concentrator into a flotation plant, have "won the greatest triumph in the annals of copper metallurgy and put the Anaconda company into the ranks of the low-cost producers of copper," says the Engineering and Mining Journal, in an article describing the results of the remodelling of the Anaconda works. This reconstruction work is now about 75 per cent to 80 per cent completed, and by the end of the year is expected to be finished. The writer says:

"In September, 1915, about 8,000 tons of ore daily were treated by the new process. Applying the data derived from that month to the production figures in 1913 and computing on the basis of fourteen cents a pound for copper, it is reckoned that the saving would have been about $7,250,000. Putting the thing in a different way, the gain of valuable metals previously lost in tailings and slag would have been 50,000,000 pounds of copper, nearly 1,000,000 ounces of silver and about 5,000 ounces of gold.

"The enormous saving is being effected at the cost of about $5,500,000 for new plant. In other words, the outlay of that vast sum of money will be repaid in about eight months.

"What has been accomplished sounds almost fabulous. Formerly the tailings wasted from the mill assayed about 0.62 per cent copper. Now they go only about 0.10 per cent, and there is a reasonable expectation that even that small figure will be bettered. The Anaconda ore fed into the mill contains sixty pounds of copper per ton, whereof only one and one-third pounds now goes away with the tailings. The recovery in milling is therefore 97⅔ per cent.

"Not the least remarkable thing in this great transformation was the skill with which everything was done without interfering with production, there having been no general shutdown of the plant, no diminution of the regular output. The alteration of the concentrator was done section by section, and so efficiently was this managed that the time of changing a section from the old style to the new was only twenty-six days."

The financial and scientific courage of the Anaconda management is illustrated in the fact that, after it had been planned to remodel the Washoe concentrator for leaching on a huge scale, the demonstrated superiority of the flotation process caused the abandonment of that plan, and only the leaching unit then under construction was completed.

A DUTCH CARTOONIST.

The newspaper, De Telegraaf, which has been much quoted since the great war began, is the most prominent and influential paper in Holland. It has upon its staff an artist that has won the esteem and affection of the Dutch people, who have entitled him, "the cartoonist of humanity." This artist is Louis Raemaekers, born forty-six years ago in the Dutch proivnce of Limburg. He has made as a portrait and landscape painter a high reputation in the art world of The Hague and of Amsterdam. For the last eight years he has given much of his time to cartoons, many of which have appeared in De Telegraaf. There is in his work a grim and satric humor which cuts like a knife, and on more than one occasion he has been threatened, it is said, with criminal prosecution by representatives of both the German and Austrian governments. There is also a spirit of prophecy as though he sees disaster, and voices a warning that the fate of Holland may some day be as wretched and lamentable as that of her sister, Belgium.—Indianapolis News.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Gwinn State Savings Bank

At Gwinn, Michigan, at the close of business Nov. 10th, 1915, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts, viz:			
Commercial department	....$ 51,196.01		
Savings department.	42,141.08	$ 93,337.09	
Bonds, Mortgages, and Securities, viz:			
Commercial department	14,445.00		
Savings department.	52,465.05	66,910.05	
Overdrafts		290.32	
Furniture and fixtures		700.00	
Due from other banks and bankers		598.42	
Items in transit.....		1,847.50	
	Reserve.	Commercial.	Savings.
Due from banks in reserve cities	$15,385.81	$14,963.91	
U. S. and National bank currency ...	6,775.00	2,300.00	
Gold coin	102.50	3,200.00	
Silver coin ...	713.95		
Nickels and cents	133.00		
	$23,110.26	$20,463.91	43,574.17
Checks and other cash items			3.56
Total			$207,261.11

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.		$ 25,000.00
Surplus fund		9,000.00
Undivided profits, net.		7,932.25
Commercial deposits subject to check...$	54,479.97	
Due to banks and bankers	1,536.86	
Savings deposits (book accounts)	104,966.23	
Savings certificates of deposit	3,700.00	164,683.06
Reserved for taxes, interest, etc		645.80
Total		$207,261.11

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Marquette. } ss.

I, Chester D. Masters, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear, that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books of the bank.

CHESTER D. MASTERS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of November, 1915.

GEORGE A. HIRWAS, Notary Public.

My commission expires Aug. 17, 1918.

CORRECT—Attest:
M. M. DUNCAN,
G. R. JACKSON,
D. R. MACINTYRE,
Directors.

J. A. MINNEAR & CO.

BROKERS

[Members Chicago Board of Trade

Correspondents: Fitzgerald, Hubbard & Co., Boston. Josephthal, Louchheim & Co., New York. Thompson & McKinnon, Chicago.

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Negaunee Department

CARMICHAEL'S DEATH REGRETTED AT BIWABIK

Wellknown Mining Man, Former Resident Here, Was Popular With Townspeople.

The Duluth Herald says of the death of the late Captain William Carmichael, formerly of this city, whose funeral was held Monday at Biwabik, Minn.:

"The funeral of Captain William Carmichael, who died at his home here Friday evening, was held from the residence of F. S. Colvin Monday afternoon. Rev. H. R. Harris, of Madison, Minn., a former Biwabik pastor, officiated.

"The funeral was one of the largest held in the city. The public schools for the afternoon and business houses being closed during the hour of service. There were prominent mining men in attendance from the range and Duluth. Those from Duluth coming here by special train.

"Interment took place at the local Lakeside cemetery in the family lot. The pallbearers were: Robert Sewell, Elisha Hill, E. J. Casey, D. W. Owens, Chas. Trengrove and J. E. Linn.

"Captain Carmichael's death removes one of the foremost mining men on the iron range. Mr. Carmichael was born Aug. 26, 1846, in Scotland. Coming to America with his parents at the age of six years he located in Canada and in 1869 came to the United States, locating in Ontonagon county, Michigan. In 1871 he moved from Ontonagon to Negaunee, Mich., and followed his occupation as miner there until 1894, when he came to Duluth and then to Hibbing. In 1898 he located in Biwabik, being one of the pioneers of Biwabik. He was a member of the school board for six terms and was also most prominent in civic affairs and at all times looking for the betterment of conditions generally.

Held Responsible Jobs.

"At the time of death, Captain Carmichael was superintendent of the Duluth and McKinley mines at Biwabik, also the Graham-Weed and Vivian mines at Mesaba. Mr. Carmichael was considered to be one of the best mining men on the range, and was looked up to by the mining fraternity as authority. Mr. Carmichael was married in 1872 to Miss Elizabeth Bale, who survives him. Besides the widow there are two daughters, Mrs. F. S. Colvin and Miss Mabel Carmichael of this village, four brothers and one sister, John and Adam, of Mesaba; James, of Hibbing; Thomas, of Salt Lake City, Utah, and Miss Agnes Carmichael, of Mesaba. All were present at the funeral.

"Mr. Carmichael was a member of the Masonic fraternity, holding his membership at Negaunee, Mich., also the Knights of Pythias of this place. He was an active member of the Congregational church and Sunday school and was an untiring worker for all things pertaining to the church work."

VIOLATORS HEAVILY FINED.

Depuuty Game Wardens John Rough and Herman Leisner arrested two game law violators in the woods in Delta county Tuesday, and they paid heavy fines in a justice court at Escanaba. Daniel Menski, a foreigner, who swore falsely to citizenship in order to secure a hunting license, paid a fine and costs amounting to $33.75. John Dasher, charged with killing a deer and failing to affix the metal tag to the carcass, as provided by law, paid a fine and costs of $37.50. The deer carcass was confiscated, and was sent to the Delta county poor farm.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Miss Teresa Helmsdorfer visited yesterday with relatives and friends at Marquette.

Peter F. Barasa has gone to Iron Mountain, to spend a few days deer hunting in company with a party of friends.

Mrs. Clair Crawford, who has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Moffatt, Lincoln street, for the past few weeks, has returned to her home at Battle Creek.

Charles Taylor, who has been confined to a hospital at Keokuk, Ia., for the past three months, arrived here yesterday morning and will spend a few weeks visiting with his brother-in-law, William Argall and family.

Mrs. E. J. Townsend entertained a number of friends Tuesday afternoon at her home, Main street, in honor of Mrs. John Martin, of Green Bay, Wis., who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. M. C. Gaffney, for the past week. Mrs. Martin will return to her home today.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Frisk have returned from a successful hunting trip to Republic. Mrs. Frisk was the first woman hunter to take out a deer license in the county, and she killed a deer two days before her husband even got a shot at one. Mr. Frisk came home with a buck which tipped the scales at 200 pounds.

The ladies of St. John's Episcopal church have had much success with the sale of tickets for the annual supper and sale to be given this afternoon and evening in the Scandinavian hall on Gold street by the Women's Guild and the Altar Guild. The admission will be fifty cents. The members of the Altar Guild will conduct a candy booth.

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to express our appreciation for the sympathy and favors extended to us during our recent bereavement. We wish in particular to thank those who sent floral offerings.

MRS. CHARLES SJOSTEDT and Family.

CHEAPER THAN HOME-MADE.

You cannot make a good cough medicine at home for as little as you pay for Foley's Honey and Tar, nor can you be sure of getting the fesh, full strength, clean and pure materials. Did you ever hear of a home-made cough medicine doing the work that Foley's is doing every day all over the country? Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

MICHIGAMME WOMAN PASSES.

Mrs. Mary Milroy, U. P. Pioneer, Died Tuesday After Long Illness.

Mrs. Mary Milroy, widow of the late Judge John Milroy, of Michigamme, passed away Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock at her home, after an illness of several years. She was eighty-one years old and had made her home in Marquette county for the past fifty-five years. She was wellknown here, where she lived for a number of years.

Mr. and Mrs. Milroy came to Negaunee in 1860 from their home in Scotland and for twelve years following their arrival he was employed as blacksmith at the old Pioneer furnace. Mr. Milroy left Negaunee to take a position as blacksmith at the Michigamme mine, when the property was first opened. Later he was a mine blacksmith at the Spur and for a long time before he retired conducted a shop in Michigamme.

Judge Milroy was justice of the peace in Michigamme for many years and was wellknown throughout the county. For a number of years he was superintendent of the poor in the western end of the county. He died five years ago and was buried in Negaunee.

Surviving the late Mrs. Milroy are two sons, William, of Michigamme, and George, of Virginia, Minn., who arrived in Michigamme Tuesday evening. Funeral services will be conducted Friday afternoon at the Milroy home and the funeral party will leave on the 1:20 train for Negaunee, arriving here an hour later. Interment will be at the Negaunee cemetery. Rev. Miller, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Champion, will conduct the services.

VIOLATORS ARRESTED.

Turin Township Hunters, Charged With Headlighting, Demand Jury Trial.

Charles Laitinen and Charles Brander, of Maple Ridge, were brought here yesterday morning by Deputy Game Wardens John Rough, Herman Leisner and Glenn Voght. They were arrested by Voght on the northern boundary of Turin township, about twelve miles west of Maple Ridge, charged with having a headlight in their possession. They pleaded not guilty before Judge I. H. Argall and demanded a jury trial. They were released on oonds of $100 each, and will appear here next Wednesday. The two men were accompanied by other Maple Ridge hunters, whose names they refuse to divulge.

Otto Kohone, of this city, pleaded guilty to being in the deer country with ball cartridges in a shotgun and hunting with a small game license. He was arrested by Deputies Rough and Leisner, and paid a fine of $10 and costs.

BRITISH NOBILITY GREATLY THINNED

Its Share of the War Losses Has Been Disproportionate One, the Records Show.

London, Nov. 17.—The old French adage "noblesse oblige" has never been more true than now, as has been clearly demonstrated by the part played by the aristocracy of Great Britain in the present war. No recruiting officers, no bands or parades have been needed to bring the sons of the finest families of Great Britain to the colors. They have rallied, fought and fallen in so great numbers that there is practically not a noble house in all the United Kingdom today which is not in mourning.

Sole heirs, eldest sons, youngest sons, fathers and brothers of the greatest and most famous English families went to the front at the very offset and are now in the trenches in France and at the Dardanelles or on the high seas. There can be no doubt that the peer of England is paying toll not less willingly, but even far more, than the men of the working classes.

An illuminating illustration of this fact was given recently when the members of the much abused house of lords refused to pass a motion authorizing the return from the front of those of its members who had gone to the firing line.

Many other gallant young officers who led their men to glory on the western front at Mons, at the Marne or in Belgium at Ypres, Neuve Chapelle and Loos, were the direct descendants of those who fought and fell at Waterloo, at Crecy and at Poitiers.

Aristocracy Thinning.

The terrific blow dealt to the great families of Britain by the great war has caused many to express serious fear that the conflict which is now raging in Europe will completely extinguish the British aristocracy.

In fact it is being seriously proposed that where through the deaths of sole heirs by war special remainders shall be instituted so that the titles shall descend to heirs female or heirs general, thereby preserving the peerage.

In the usual patent of nobility the title only descends to heirs of the body male and special remainders are granted only in cases where some great national service has been rendered, as in the case of Lord Roberts, whose peerage descends through his daughter, and Lord Kitchener, whose earldom upon his death will descend to his brother or his brother's children.

Already five peerages are without heirs in remainder through the war, namely the marquesate of Lincolnshire and the baronies of Knaresborough, Playfair, Ribblesdale and Stamfordham.

Six peers have already been killed, namely Lords Congleton, Hawarden, Barbourne, Annesley, De Freyne and Petre.

Nearly thirty heirs to peerages have been killed and almost as many wounded.

Fifty sons of peers have been killed and the number wounded is in the hundreds.

Brothers of peers, baronets and knights who have either been killed or wounded number a great total.

How heavily the titled families have contributed themselves to this conflict may best be imagined when it is stated that 213 peers and 424 sons of peers are already serving with the colors.

Ladies of Negaunee:

The M. Carpenter Baking Co.
of Milwaukee, Wis.
The Most Modern Bread Plant in the World

requests the pleasure of entertaining you at our store on Friday, November 19th, from 10 a. m to 5 p. m.

FREE

To the first fifty (only) Ladies purchasing a loaf of Carpenter's Milk Bread on Friday, we will present FREE an absolutely guaranteed

Oneida Community Silver Teaspoon

Everyone Invited to

GEO. J. HAUPT
GROCER
NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.

RUSSIA DRAINS MEN FROM SIBERIA

Last Call Took 3,000 from Harbin, a City of 30,000 Population.

Harbin, Manchuria, Oct. 8.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Russia's last call for reservists took 3,000 men from this city, which has a population of 30,000 inhabitants. Although Manchuria is not Russian territory and Harbin is nominally a Chinese city, Russian ontrol of the railways and other great corporations, which are developing North Manchuria, has made the line between Siberia and Manchuria very imaginary. For many months after the war began Manchuria did not feel the effects of the struggle, but recently it has fallen heavily under the grip of war. Troop and supply trains, which are robbing this new country of its settlers, its livestock and its grain, pass through the city constantly. Scarcely a home in Harbin has escaped the last sweeping call for reservists and recent casuaty lists bear the names of many young Russians who left Manchuria to fight for their emperor. All businesss in Manchuria not directly connected with war supplies is practically at a standstill. The staffs of business firms have been depleted and in many offices the work is being carried on chiefly by young Danes and other European neutrals.

Before the Russo-Japanese war there were few settlers in this part of Manchuria and Siberia. Since that time the Russian government has offered very favorable terms to prospective landowners and at great cost has located many peasant farmers in Siberia, near the Manchurian border. These men were carried east with their families at very low rates. Immigrant lodgings were afforded at various points along the railway and the government advanced large sums of money to get the new farmers started.

Now the very men who were brought to Manchuria at such great expense and pains are being torn from their new prairie homes to join the army. But there is little grumbling on the part of the stolid peasants. They do not question a call from Petrograd. The same power which made it possible for them to acquire a farm in this new country now demands their service and they start for training camps with the blessing of the priests who have their complete confidence.

The reservists from various towns along the western part of the Trans-Siberian railway are taken chiefly to Harbin or Vladivostok for mobilization. At nearly every station reservists and their families are waiting for orders. The government has provided chapels in many of the railway stations located far from a Russian church. Traveling priests hold services in these occasionally, and at this time they are busily holding masses for the men about to leave their families for the front.

At one station, east of Harbin, the correspondent of The Associated Press saw an open air mass held for 300 men who were about to enter a troop train. The men were closely grouped about the priest, with the long beard and hair, common to the clergy of the Russian church. He wore a yellow satin robe, richly embroidered in gold and held aloft a golden cross which reflected the rays of the sun, which was just settling at the edge of the vast prairie behind him. The reservists chanted the responses with unwavering voices and listened with rapt attention to the priest. Their religious fervor was shown especially by the eagerness with which they pressed forward to have their brows moistened with holy water after the priest had pronounced the benediction. Many of the reservists led their sons forward with them so they might stand together before the priest and receive his blessing.

Throughout the service the wives, mothers and sisters of the reservists stood at a respectful distance and listened mutely to the inspiring singing of their menfolk. They had no part in it and manifested more of the enthusiasm shown by the roubst men standing with bared heads, completely under the sway of their spiritual adviser whose intensity of manner was heightened by his unusual garb. No man could have more closely approached in appearance the great artists' conception of Jesus Christ and the priest's inspiring influence upon the peasants starting upon such an unhappy mission was little less than miraculous.

Even the tearful embraces of wives and mothers did not dampen the ardor of the men, who bravely answered the warning whistle of the waiting engine and sang the Russian hymn as the train whisked them off to an uncertain fate.

Every troop car contains an icon, a brass picture of Jesus Christ, the Virgin Mary, or one of the saints. Usually a candle is kept burning near this after the custom of the orthodox Russian home. The soldiers seem to find great comfort in their religion, and on their long ride across Siberia, may be heard chanting hymns more frequently than other songs.

"I want to see your beauty editor," said the caller at the sanctum of a popular magazine.

"Are you following her advice?"

"I am."

"Got confidence in it?"

"I have."

"Then you don't want to see her."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
The Food-Drink for all Ages
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More healthful than tea or coffee.
Unless you say "HORLICK'S" you may get a Substitute.

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We are especially equipped to handle out-of-town business. Mail and telephone orders given prompt attention.

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HUMPHREYS'

Free Medical Book—in celebration of sixty years we have published a revised edition of Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all diseases, giving in minute detail the care and treatment of the sick with Humphreys' Remedies

No.	For	Price
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	25
2	Worms, Worm Fever	25
3	Colic, Crying and Wakefulness of Infants	25
4	Diarrhea, of Children and Adults	25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8	Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia	25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	25
12	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis	25
13	Salt Rheum, Eruptions	25
15	Rheumatism, Lumbago	25
16	Fever and Ague, Malaria	25
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal	25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head	25
20	Whooping Cough	25
21	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	25
27	Kidney Disease	25
28	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness	1.00
30	Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed	25
34	Sore Throat, Quinsy	25
77	La Grippe—Grip	25

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' HOMEO. MEDICINE CO., Corner William and Ann Streets, New York.

FIRE DESTROYS NASON STORE

Entire Building Is Enveloped by Flames Soon After Smoke Is Seen Issuing from Windows—Mrs. D. Parrotte Narrowly Escapes Suffocation in Her Room.

Loss of Clothing Stock Estimated at $12,000 and Building Was Valued at $8,500—The Parrotte Barber Shop a Total Wreck—His Loss Is Set at $2,000.

The store of D. M. Nason and company, and the barber shop of D. Parrotte, at the corner of Front street and Baraga avenue, were completely wiped out last night in the most spectacular fire that has occurred here since the Bacon block conflagration July 5, 1912.

Flames were first discovered in the shoe department in the rear of the Nason store at 11:10 o'clock last night, by Leo Dorais. The flames, the origin of which is unknown, undoubtedly broke out suddenly, as pedestrians who passed a few minutes before saw no signs of fire. By the time it was discovered it had a strong hold all over the structure. Heavy volumes of black smoke poured from the building within a few minutes after the alarm was turned in, adding to the difficulty of the firemen.

Mrs. Parrotte Had Narrow Escape.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Parrotte, who reside over the Nason store, were the only persons in the building at the time. Mrs. Parrotte had retired, and just as Mr. Parrotte had gone to bed, he was enveloped by a heavy mass of smoke.

Half-clad, he darted down the hallstairs to investigate and before he could return the smoke became so thick as to partially overcome Mrs. Parrotte, who was saved with difficulty. As a result of this experience, Mrs. Parotte, who was in frail health, is in a serious condition.

Building Burned Rapidly.

The building, constructed in 1869 of timber, with a brick veneer between which the fire smouldered making it difficult to combat them.

Two pumps at the water station were started causing such strong pressure as to burst a main on Baraga avenue. Six streams were played upon the fire constantly, but in spite of the unusual water pressure, the heavy smoke gave way to flames, which spread with increasing fury.

Walls Falls; Firemen Escape.

At 1:30 this morning, the center portion of the south wall collapsed, and the falling bricks barely missed four firemen who were about to enter the building. With the opening thus made, it became easier for the firemen to work, but the flames had gained such headway it was impossible to save the building.

D. M. Nason, proprietor of the clothing store, entered the store at 10:30 last night, extinguished the display lights in the front, and then chatted with a policeman for a few minutes, before going home. Within a half hour he was told his store was on fire. Rushing back to the store, he attempted to enter to assist in putting out the fire, but was restrained by the firemen.

Damage About $22,500.

The extent of the damage could not definitely be ascertained last night, but it was estimated that the loss of the Nason company stock would amount to about $12,000, of which $7,500 is said to be covered by insurance. The building, which is owned by Louis Reidinger, is valued at $8,500.

The loss suffered by D. Parrotte will amount to $2,000. Mr. Parrotte formerly had his household furniture insured, but it is not known if he kept up his policy. The only things saved by Mr. Parotte were the clothes he and Mrs. Parrotte wore.

CHAPMAN'S MAN UNDER ARREST AT MENOMINEE

Is Charged With Violating State Law Requiring License Payment from Vendors.

W. H. Heideman, representative of T. A. Chapman & Co., of Milwaukee, who is wellknown in Marquette, where he is a visitor every few months in the interest of his house, was Tuesday arrested at Menominee for violation of the state law requiring men selling goods, or taking orders for their delivery, to secure a state license.

Mr. Heideman's arrest was part of a campaign undertaken at Menominee to prevent representatives of outside houses from soliciting for business without first complying with all the requirements of the law. The Herald-Leader interested itself in the matter, and, with the chief of police, checked up all of Mr. Heideman's calls in the city and those, also, who visited him at the hotel. Prosecuting Attorney Haggerson was in sympathy with the plan to arrest Mr. Heideman, and appeared for the people.

At Escanaba recently Mr. Heideman had a similar experience, a fact of which he reminded the Menominee officials, suggesting that inasmuch as one test case was in progress they might as well forego starting another. But the Menominee men refused to stay the proceedings. Chapman & Co. intend to fight all cases of this nature brought against their representatives, and have retained well-known Milwaukee attorneys to represent them. They are understood to question the validity of the law.

The Menominee case will be watched with much interest in other upper peninsula towns, and if it is pursued with success their merchants and commercial organizations will be likely to undertake similar proceedings.

The use of sulphate of oxide on aluminum wire in order to produce insulation for electrical purposes is being adopted, and the process is now being applied to copper wire.

FOOT SPLIT BY SAW.

Joe Gereaux, Wood-Cutter, Is Severely Injured in Lumber Mill.

Joe Gereaux, twenty-two years old, was taken to St. Luke's hospital yesterday morning suffering with a split foot.

Gereaux, who is a mill-worker employed by the Schneider & Brown Lumber company, was standing on the top of a wood machine to clear away some slabs. In bracing himself, his foot accidentally slipped and struck the revolving saw on the table, which split his foot lengthwise. He was rushed in an automobile to the office of Dr. J. O. von Zellen, who applied first-aid treatment, and then he was taken to St. Luke's hospital.

At the hospital last night it was announced that while the injury is of an extremely painful nature, the condition of the patient is by no means alarming, and it is hoped the foot can be saved.

MARBLE PLANT WILL BE ESTABLISHED HERE

Detroit Company Will Quarry at Ishpeming and Finish Blocks at Marquette.

A marble cutting and polishing plant is to be established in Marquette next spring, according to Secretary J. D. Mangum of the Marquette Commercial club. The plant will be financed by Detroit capital. H. E. Williams, who has acquired a controlling interest in the company, will be the manager.

Marble will be obtained from the Case property near Ishpeming, where, Mr. Williams asserts, are deposits of stone of the finest quality. To obtain this marble, he says, is much easier, too, than at many quarries. It will be taken out by means of "endless" steel wire knives. This machinery, in itself, is unique and can be operated cheaply and rapidly.

About fifty men will be employed by the company, Mr. Williams says.

While final arrangements for the venture will not be completed for a few weeks, negotiations already have progressed so far that it virtually is assured the company will select Marquette as its headquarters.

The present plans are to take the marble blocks from Ishpeming to Marquette on flat cars, to be run over a spur to the finishing plant. Cutting and polishing, Mr. Williams says, will be done here instead of at the quarry to avoid rehandling and considerably lessen risk of breakage. There also are much better shipping facilities from Marquette, he says. The site in this city is to be chosen soon.

VICTOR ANDERSON DIES IN MARQUETTE PRISON

Inmate Was in Failing Health for Six Weeks—Had Tumor on Brain—Inquest Today.

Victor Anderson thirty-eight years old and an inmate of the Marquette prison, died yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the prison hospital, after being in failing health for six weeks.

Anderson, who was sent from Dickenson county, was incarcerated on April 17, 1915, to serve a sentence of one to fifteen years on a conviction of manslaughter. He was formerly a bartender at Iron Mountain, and the crime of which he was convicted was occasioned when he attempted to eject a drunken man from the saloon where he was employed. The derelict was under the influence of liquor and was making himself generally obnoxious, when he was ordered out by Anderson. Upon his refusal to go, Anderson forcibly put him out, and in the fight that followed, he struck the man in the head, inflicting an injury that later resulted in his death.

Officials at the prison state Anderson was a quiet and harmless sort of character, and because of his mild disposition, was permitted to do some light work on the farm. About six weeks ago he started on a physical decline and began to act strangely. His condition at first was attributed to insanity induced by melancholia, and for a while it was thought advisable to send him to Newberry. However, his case was diagnosed by the physician at the prison hospital, and he was found to be suffering with a tumor on the brain. During the course of his illness, he fell off in weigh from 150 pounds to 115 pounds.

An inquest will be held this morning in the office of Chief of Police McIntosh, after which the remains will be shipped to Iron Mountain to two brothers of the deceased, who have been notified of his death.

VERIBEST WINS THREE.

Takes Front Street Team Into Camp With Exceptional Bowling.

The Veribest team, doing some remarkable bowling, took three straight from the Front street team last night. Tonight the Wanderers will meet the Square Deals. Last night's scores were as follows:

Front Street.				Tot.
Dutmer	184	180	163	527
Micen	172	193	205	570
Jellison	168	186	169	523
Bennett	178	152	182	512
Schmeltzer	166	209	162	537
	868	920	881	2669

Veribest—				Tot.
Edlund	181	187	162	530
Hansen	182	215	223	620
Dorais	213	214	143	570
Cameron	153	161	168	482
Sears	227	196	200	623
	956	973	896	2825

The production of petroleum throughout the world in 1914 was 400,483,489 gallons, as compared with 384,667,550 gallons in 1913. The United States headed the list.

DOUBLE GRADES AT THE NORMAL

Training School Has Instituted New Grading System—Operation of Plan Being Awaited With Interest—Only School in State to Try Out Radical Idea.

Provides for Four Additional Grades Interlocking With Present Series—Will Make It Possible for Pupils With More Ability to Advance More Rapidly.

A new system of grading, known as the Cambridge double system, which was instituted at the Northern State Normal training school with the reopening of school this term, is gradually being developed beyond the experimental stage, and the results are being awaited with interest by Michigan educators. The system, so far as known, is not being introduced anywhere else in Michigan, and with the exception of the Cambridge schools, where it originated, and also Fort Dodge, Iowa, and Cheyenne, Wyoming, it is doubtful whether it is being used anywhere else in this country.

The system provides for a new series of grades, interlocking with the present series. The present grade system of eight grades in the public schools is supplemented with four aditional grades; known as A, B, C and D. The first three grades, of the old system, termed the primary grades, are interlocked by this new system with the double grades A and B, and the intermediate fourth, fifth and sixth grades are interlocked with grades C and D.

The operation of the system is somewhat involved, and its explanation could be considerably simplified by a diagram. However, as a concrete example of its principle, a child's progress through the primary grades might be taken.

Under the old plan, the child's course in the primary grades is split into three parts of one year each, and if he can keep up with his work he goes through the three grades in order. If he fails in any grade, he must repeat the entire year.

Helps Backward Pupil.

The new system is devised to overcome the necessity of having the child who has failed repeat the work of the entire year, and enables him to go ahead merely by repeating that part of the work in which he was deficient.

For instance, the two double grades A and B corresponding with the three primary grades, the work of grade A will naturally overlap that of the first grade, and cover half that of the second grade. Similarly, grade B will cover half the work of the second grade and all that of the third grade.

Thus, if a second grade child should fail in his work, he could be transferred to the double grade B, which covers the latter half of the second grade work, and it would be possible for the child to repeat part of his second grade subjects and still cover all the work done in the third grade.

The plan provides for double grades corresponding with the primary and intermediate grades, and in these six years of work the combinations of the two series permit the pupil to complete in either four, five or six years.

Mr. Stockwell's Comment.

Principal S. S. Stockwell of the Normal training school, who introduced the plan here, after trying it out very successfully in Cheyenne, Wyoming, about seven years ago, spoke encouragingly of the progress being made.

"We have perfected this system only as far as the fourth grade, as the training school is handicapped by a scarcity of critic teachers. However, the system thus far has more than justified itself.

"It is wellknown that every school child is not of the same mental capacity, and yet under the old plan of grading the children must keep in a sort of lock-step throughout their eight years of work. Some pupils, through better home surroundings, more inherent ability and better health, are able to accomplish more than their classmates, yet they are prevented by the present routine from forging ahead and covering the course in less time, without skipping a grade and thus missing part of the work completely. The amount of work in each year is based on the aptitude of the normal pupil, and if any child falls even slightly short of that he must repeat an entire year for any grade in which he showed a deficiency. The double grading system will overcome both these disadvantages. The quicker pupil will be permitted to advance more rapidly than his classmates, while the slower pupil will repeat only the amount of work in which he was actually deficient, without losing considerable additional time."

Plans for the Future.

After perfecting the double grade system in the primary grades at the Normal training school, it is expected the same principle can easily be applied in the intermediate grades, when opportunity presents itself. There is now an insufficient number of critic teachers to place one in charge of each class, and in some cases it is necessary for them to double up.

The training school receives a certain proportion of the sum appropriated annually for the entire Normal school. The appropriation for the Normal school this year was $64,500, and the share for the training school was inadequate to meet all the expenses. At the next meeting of the legislature, an additional appropriation of $3,000 will be asked for the training school, with which it is hoped to engage sufficient critic-teachers to develop the double grade system up to the seventh grade.

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Upbound vessels passing the canals the last twenty-four hours were: Zenith City, 7:30 last night; Hebard, 9; Lehigh, 10:30; Argo, 11; Alberta, midnight; Maruba, 2 a. m.; Algonquin, 2:30; Beaverton, 6; Midland Kink, 7; Harvester, Hamonic, 8; Maumaloa, Leopold, 9; Glenlivet, 10; Cuyler, Adams, 3:30 p. m.; Spalding, Normania, Philbin, Howard Shaw, 6; Empire City, Maryland, 7:30.

COASTING TO BE REGULATED.

Chief McIntosh Issues Order Prohibiting This on Certain Streets.

Chief of Police McIntosh issued a notice yesterday prohibiting coasting throughout the winter on Front street between Ridge and Baraga, and on Third, Fourth and Fifth streets. These streets, it was explained, lead directly into the railroad tracks, and the order was issued as a safety-first measure, in order to insure against any possible accident. Coasting will be permitted on Front street north of Crescent, on Spruce street north of Prospect, and on Genesee street.

The snowfall of the last few days has resulted in a number of coasting parties, particularly on Fifth street. This street, however, will be barred for this purpose in the future as well as the others previously mentioned, as the railroad crossing here makes it too dangerous to be countenanced

Another ruling of the police is the order prohibiting coasting on the sidewalks anywhere in the city. Children are the worst offenders in this case, but the rule will be strictly enforced to insure the safety of pedestrians.

SILVER for the Thanksgiving Table

The big family dinner on Thanksgiving Day always makes extra demands on your silver.

We carry in stock, complete sets of **Sterling Silver Flat Ware,** open stock, in the following popular patterns:

The Marie Antoinette
The Mount Vernon
The Mary Chilton
The Devonshire
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The Nellie Custis

THE NELLIE CUSTIS is the last word in Sterling Silver Flat Ware. We have a complete stock.

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For Ladies

Heavy High Tops and Regular Lengths

Black or Tan
Button or Lace

$4 and $5

NEED THEM NOW

Victor Erfft

216 So Front. St.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY

3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Condensed from Statement to the Comptroller of the Currency, Nov. 10, 1915.

RESOURCES:

Time Loans		$ 762,802 56
Demand Collateral Loans	$349,178 85	
Cash, Exchange and due from U. S. Treasurer	639,210 41	988,389 26
U. S. Bonds and Other Bonds at par		634,805 89
Bank Building and Real Estate		43,000 00
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank		6,000 00
Total		$2,434,997 71

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock Paid in	$150,000 00	
Surplus and Profits	57,717 85	
Discount Collected, not earned	66,428 19	$ 274,148 04
Reserved to Pay Interest		7,734 79
Reserved to Pay Taxes		5,043 39
National Bank Notes Outstanding		145,050 00
Dividends Unpaid		6 00
Deposits		2,003,017 49
Total		$2,434,997 71

Designated United States Depositary. Capital, Surplus and Profits, $250,000

OFFICERS:

LOUIS C. KAUFMAN, President.
EDW. S. BICE, Vice President.
C. L. BRAINERD, Cashier.
W. O. JOHNASON, Ass't Cashier.
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Winter Apples

Grown by

Preston Brothers of Fremont, Mich.

Carload now on South Shore track, near freight house.

These apples are guaranteed first class.

They can be had in barrels or in baskets.

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offer your male guests some of our Hogarth cigars. You can do so with confidence for Hogarth cigars are the kind that men buy for themselves. Ladies who want to be known as perfect hostesses can prove their rights to the title by the proffer of Hogarth cigars.

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LOCAL COLOR.

Each locality has its peculiar flavor of speech and manners—that is what gives it its edge. Nowhere in the United States, so travelers tell us, is the country so relatively uninteresting as in those prosperous towns, large and small, of the Mississippi Valley, which are all about alike. Yet turn a poet Riley, or a fabulist George Ade, or a novelist Tarkington loose in one of them and in no time he will round you up the choicest collection of local whimsies that ever made a whole nation laugh at itself.—Boston Globe.

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