

EASTERN LINE RIVALS BALKANS FOR INTEREST

GERMANS GAIN SOUTH OF RIGA; FAIL IN GALICIA

New Thrust of Teutonic Armies at Baltic Port Results in Some Success, Reports Say—Russians Believed Preparing to Abandon City, but Battle Is Stubborn.

At Other End of Front Situation Is Just the Reverse, With Muscovites Surging Ahead, Driving Enemy Ahead of Them—Serbs Retire Slowly, Fighting Hard.

London, Oct. 21, 2:34 a. m.—A Rome dispatch to the Daily Mail gives the report that the entente allies will send an ultimatum to Greece, insisting that she define her position.

London, Oct. 20, 10 p. m.—Battles south of Riga, where the Germans have made some progress in the new thrust at the Baltic province port and in Volhynia and Galicia, where the Russians have gained rather important victories, are now competing in interest with the operations in the Balkans.

The situation, however, is considered by the Russians to be more serious than it has been for a long time and there is again talk of the evacuation of Riga by the military, who have been in sole occupation of the city since the civilian population left a month ago.

Russians Strike Hard. At the other end of the eastern front the position is just the reverse. General Ivanoff, who has proved himself to be the most aggressive of the Russian commanders, has been striking hard at the Austro-German forces on the middle Styria and all along the fringe of Galicia that is still in Russian hands.

Serbian Retreat Slowly. The progress of events in Serbia is surrounded by considerable mystery. The Austro-Germans and the Bulgarians are advancing all along the various fronts, but not with the speed anticipated.

Germany Want Grain Center. The general opinion is that the Germans, in the first place, aim at the Serbian grain country, of which Pozarevac, already has been reached by them in the center, while the Bulgarians are making straight across the country for Macedonia, where they will find part of the population friendly to them.

The Anglo-French forces have been in action near the Greco-Bulgarian frontier, but seemingly the battle was not an important one, as no official report has been issued with regard to it.

The Germans, according to the British and French statements, attempted offensive movements near Hullebach and Rheims yesterday, but again suffered severe reverses. On the other hand the Germans claim success near Prunay in the Champagne district.

THE OTHER WAR THEATERS. Mining operations have occupied the attention of the Anglo-French troops and the Turks in Gallipoli, while from Mesopotamia it is unofficially reported that the British are within a few miles of Bagdad.

Considerable importance is attached to the arrival at Odessa of a military mission enroute from Roumania to Paris. Its object is not known, but it is thought here that such a mission would hardly be undertaken unless Roumania contemplated action on the side of the allies.

The Germans are now employing their Zeppelins against the British and Russian submarines in the Baltic, where German ships have been suffering heavily during the last fortnight.

BRITAIN OFFERS CYPRUS ISLAND. London, Oct. 21, 1:52 a. m.—Great Britain has made a formal offer of the island of Cyprus to Greece as soon as Greece undertakes to intervene in the war on the side of the allies. The Daily Telegraph makes this announcement this morning.

Cyprus is the third largest island in the Mediterranean, sixty miles from the coast of Asia Minor. It was administered, until Nov. 5, 1914, by Great Britain under a convention concluded with the sultan of Turkey at Constantinople in 1878, but on the outbreak of hostilities with Turkey on the former date the island was annexed. The high commissioner, Major J. E. Clouston, is assisted by executive council. Cyprus has an area of 3,584 square miles and a population of nearly 300,000.

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BIG EMPLOYERS FAVOR THE PLAN FOR MORE MEN

Endorsements of Administration's Desire to Increase Army and Navy Are Beginning to Come in, One Even Offering to Give Employes Full Time While Training

Further Details of Army Program Show 1,000,000 Men Are Wanted Within Six Years—45,000 Recruits Are Required for Navy—Country Back of the Program

Washington, Oct. 20.—Endorsements of the administration's plan to create a great continental army for defense are beginning to reach Washington from large employing firms and corporations. It was learned tonight that approving letters have been received from several such concerns and that at least one has expressed willingness to grant its men leave on full pay for service in the proposed organization.

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GIRLSON STRIKE ARE PAID BUT \$5 PROBERS HEAR

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Pathetic stories of the lives of girls who dwell in tenements and gain a precarious livelihood in the garment trade were unfolded today before the ad hoc committee investigating the garment workers' strike and its causes. Manufacturers ignored invitations to be present.

Anna Sinsky said that for three years she has worked from 5:30 a. m. to 7 p. m. without the usual noon day rest for lunch, and made \$8 a week. Pearl Krupnik said that in dull times she had earned as low as seventy-eight cents a week. Fannie Berg testified that the girls have to buy their own needles.

Three hundred girls, she said, had to use the same roller towel. Alderman Healy called the attention of the health department to this. The most tragic detail of the work, the girls testified, was having garments thrown back to them to do over again.

HUNGRY, CAN'T AFFORD MORE. Alderman Geiger, of the committee, was curious to learn how the girls managed to live on their incomes. Miss Berg explained:

"I pay \$5 a month for my room and my sister charges me fifteen cents a meal for what I eat. I am often hungry, but I can't afford to spend more."

Grace Gross told of an alleged system for evading the ten-hour law. "I go to work at 6, but I am not supposed to punch the time clock until 7:30," she said.

Two tailors were severely beaten, one was slashed several times with a knife and two were arrested tonight in a demonstration on the part of alleged strikers and their sympathizers at the close of the business day in the mercantile district. The two men refused to join the strike, it was said, and were assailed by a crowd which was dispersed only when police reserves arrived on the scene.

EXPLOSION IN FACTORY AT PARIS IS FATAL TO 54, MOST OF THEM WOMEN. Paris, Oct. 20, 4:55 p. m.—Fifty-two persons were killed in an explosion late today in a factory in the Rue de Tolbiac, while one hundred or more were injured. Many of the victims were women workers in the factory, which was wrecked, as were buildings in the vicinity.

An auto truck was being loaded when workmen accidentally dropped one grenade, causing an explosion which was followed by two others in quick succession. The explosion was followed by fire but the flames were soon extinguished. Of the forty-one bodies already recovered, thirty-one are those of women. Forty injured persons were treated at the emergency hospital, which was quickly installed at the scene. Twenty others were removed to another hospital. It was said that the injured would exceed one hundred in number.

Reports that the explosion was the work of spies were denied.

New York city has 20,000 public school teachers.

MORE MEXICAN BANDITS ARE REPORTED KILLED

Outlaws Who Wrecked Passenger Train Monday Still Are Fugitives from Poses.

Brownsville, Tex., Oct. 20.—Rumors of more executions of Mexicans suspected of being implicated in the wrecking and robbing of a St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexico passenger train on Monday night were current in Brownsville today. There was no confirmation from any source. The killing of ten Mexican prisoners by possession yesterday still occupied the attention of peace officers, but have been charged to no specific persons.

Officers directly connected with the sheriff's office were at their usual duties here today while Texas Rangers and civilian posse continued their search through the brush in search of outlaws who slew two men and caused the death of a third when they wrecked the train.

Virtually 1,000 United States troops continue to search the country near where the scene of the wreck and patrol the river more vigilantly than usual. That General Lopez, Carranza commander, is co-operating with American troops in patrolling the border for bandit-suspects, was made known to the army headquarters today.

DEFENSE PLANS NO HARVEST FOR MANUFACTORIES

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 20.—What the navy expects to do toward preventing private manufacturers from reaping excessive profits on the expenditure of hundreds of millions involved in the administration's national defense program was outlined here today by Secretary Daniels in a speech at the North Carolina state fair. Mr. Daniels said his annual report to congress would recommend legislation to enable the government to equip itself to build iron naval craft, make its own armor plate and greatly extend its manufacture of munitions.

"The government has invested many millions of dollars in navy yards," said the secretary, "and unless this investment is utilized for new construction much of it is wasted, if the government is prepared to construct naval craft, private shipbuilding companies making contracts with the government must compete with government yards. This tends to secure competitive prices and prevent combinations among private corporations to charge higher prices than conditions justify."

Not only must the yards be able to build ships, but naval establishments should be equipped to make a portion of all munitions of war.

Cost Now Much Lower. In this connection Mr. Daniels pointed out that the government paid eighty cents a pound to a private manufacturer a few years ago for making powder, but the navy now was making it at a cost of about twenty-five cents a pound. Torpedoes and mines, he said, also were being manufactured by the navy at a great saving of money.

"These cases could be multiplied," he added. "Do not understand me to advocate any monopoly by the government in the manufacture of munitions. There are many things we can buy from private manufacturers at a reasonable price. The navy, however, should be free to make a large part of its own munitions if private concerns charge excessive prices as has so many times been the case when the government is shut up to buy from only two or three manufacturers."

It has been ascertained by a special commission that the navy, with a modern plant, can manufacture armor plate from \$230 to \$260 as against the present competitive price of \$425 to \$486 a ton charged in the last contract. Experience in Europe teaches that the navy should no longer rely upon private manufacturers for projectiles. And, if congress approves we will erect a large factory which will turn out a large product of fourteen-inch armor-piercing shells as well as smaller projectiles. This will provide better shells and better competition."

The secretary particularly directed the attention of southern farmers to the lack of ships in the American merchant marine to carry their produce to those who need it and are willing to pay for it.

What the navy needs and, in case of trouble would need sorely," he added, "are auxiliaries properly built and equipped with trained American. A merchant marine with foreign crews is not an American need, either for commerce or defense."

Explaining why a five-year building program for the navy was decided upon, Mr. Daniels said:

"Wise men, in and out of the navy, believe that the program, involving an expenditure of five hundred million dollars, will give us a navy well proportioned and far better than so large a program if it should be authorized in piecemeal, year by year. The program is based upon all that could be learned by naval experts in Europe and our naval statesmen in America."

Hope that an international understanding eventually might be reached by the naval powers was expressed by the secretary. "I trust," he said, "that this country will take the initiative and that steps will be taken by a conference of all the powers to discuss reduction of the heavy cost of the army and navy."

7 MOONSHINERS, REVENUE AGENTS, CONFESS GUILT

Charged With Conspiracy to Defraud Government, U. S. Employees Submit to Sentence Without Trial, Admitted Making 'Old' Whisky Within 50 Hours

Still Was Not Hidden in Hills, but Was Located in One of Fort Smith, (Ark) Streets—Everything Was Prepared for a Quick Get-Away in Case of Detection.

Fort Smith, Ark., Oct. 20.—Seven men on trial charged with conspiracy to defraud the government in the manufacture of moonshine whiskey pleaded guilty in the United States district court here today. Sentence will be passed tomorrow. The case against Fred Bowles of Fort Smith, the eighth defendant, was nolle prossed. The cases against the defendants went to trial yesterday and their action today was a surprise.

The History of the Case. The defendants brought to trial in connection with the so-called "moonshine" conspiracy number over a score—six of them officials or former officials of the United States internal revenue service. They were indicted by the federal grand jury last June.

The government authorities predict that out of the cases may grow a gigantic prosecution of many other men who, it is alleged, have swindled the government of the United States out of between \$100,000 and \$15,000,000 during the last ten years.

The alleged head of the conspiracy is John L. Casper, an officer of the Rush Distilling company, of Kansas City, who, with Guy L. Hartman, of Kansas City, James C. Brewbaker, of Fort Smith, and others, are charged with maintaining an illicit distillery at Fort Smith and with shipping thousands of gallons of spurious whiskey, manufactured at the plant, to the distilling company.

Many Involved in Case. The six revenue officers are named with other defendants in a blanket indictment for conspiracy and one of them, Knox Booth, is accused of accepting bribes from Casper and Hartman. Booth was formerly superintendent of the Tennessee revenue division and was removed from office after the issue of the warrant for his arrest. Government officers say he confessed and gave valuable information as to the working of the alleged conspiracy. The other revenue men indicted were:

James Surber, Atlanta, Ga., former superintendent of the Georgia revenue division; resigned shortly before his indictment.

Thomas C. McCoy, Asheville, N. C., former revenue agent; resigned from service five years ago.

S. L. Williams, Winston, Salem, N. C., former revenue agent; resigned several years ago and became associated with Casper in the distilling business.

J. Henry Brown, Harrison, Ark., former government gauger; still in government service when arrested.

Newton C. Spradling, Aurora, Mo., former gauger; resigned when arrested.

Others indicted were: John Farrabee, George Hartman and Charles Brewbaker, of Kansas City; John Coffey, Fred Bowles and J. M. Thomas, of Fort Smith; James L. Smith, Jacksonville, Fla.; Henry Cummings, Wheeling, W. Va.; William Smith, Tallapoosa, Fla.; Lee F. Brock, Moses B. Brock, Ed P. Jarrett, Ernest Sumner, J. W. Grider and C. M. Hawkins, addresses unknown.

Distilling Right in Town. Government officers did not have to ride into wooded hills inhabited by rough men of the "moonshine" type to uncover the "still" where it is alleged the illicit liquor was made. They found it standing boldly on one of Fort Smith's streets—a dilapidated old building, as innocent looking as some deserted Arkansas farm house. But inside, machinery modern to the minute, the government alleges, manufactured "Six Year Old Kentucky Bourbon," "Fine Old Private Stock" and "Seven Year Old Rye," from pure alcohol in fifty hours. The seals, it is alleged, were soon broken, the old machinery removed and new machinery set up.

Prepared for Get-A-Way. One day the government officials got an anonymous letter that started an investigation. David A. Gates, deputy internal revenue commissioner, took charge of the inquiry. His men quickly covered Missouri, Arkansas, Georgia, North Carolina and Tennessee, and picked up the seals, it is alleged, were soon broken, the old machinery removed and new machinery set up.

Among the discoveries they made was

TO ASK BERLIN TO RETURN MEN TO INTERNMENT

American State Department Officials Considering Form of Note to Go Forth to Germany in Regard to the Escape of Officers from Prinz Eitel and Wilhelm.

No Trace of Missing Men Who Violated Honor Has Yet Been Found—Probability Is They Will Be Sent Back to United States—Precedent Has Been Set

Washington, Oct. 20.—State department officials are considering the form of the communication which may go to the German government in regard to the escape of two commissioned officers and six warrant officers from the interned German commerce raiders at the Norfolk navy yard.

Acting Secretary Roosevelt of the navy department sent to Secretary Lansing tonight a formal report on the escape of the men, his letter following a conference with the secretary of state. If it is determined from the report that the general parole covering all officers and men of their crews given by the commanders of the Kronprinz Wilhelm and the Prinz Eitel Friedrich when the ships were interned can be construed as a personal obligation on the two commissioned officers missing from the Eitel, the German government probably will be asked to return Lieutenant Koch and Dr. Kroeck to the custody of the United States in the event they reach German soil.

WAR SUPPLIES CAN BE SENT TO CARRANZA ONLY

Washington, Oct. 20.—President Wilson issued simultaneously today a proclamation establishing an embargo on the shipment of arms and ammunition to Mexico and an order exempting from the prohibition the recognized de facto government, of which General Carranza is chief executive. The proclamation makes it clear that the United States intends that no forces opposed to the recognized government in Mexico, particularly those of General Villa, shall obtain war munitions from this country in the future.

The exception modifies the proclamation so that it virtually applies only to the border states of Chihuahua, Sonora and Lower California.

In enforcing the embargo the treasury will have the co-operation of the departments of state, war and justice. Orders will be telegraphed tomorrow to customs officials along the border and on both coasts of the United States.

ALL DEPARTMENTS NOTIFIED. Consular officers, agents of the department of justice and United States district attorneys on the border have been advised, and instructions to co-operate probably will go to Major General Funston as soon as the state department informs Secretary Garrison just what the army is expected to do.

With the announcement that the Villa agency here would be closed, it became known today that the consulates established by the Villa faction in New York and other cities would be discontinued. The state department signified its intention of receiving consuls of the de facto government upon presentation of proper credentials.

A telegram to the Carranza agency today describes scenes of rejoicing in Mexico City over the news of Carranza's recognition.

PAPERS LAUD AMERICA. Mexico City, Oct. 20.—Formal recognition by the United States of the de facto Carranza government resulted in all the morning newspapers of Mexico City being printed in American colors and containing extremely laudatory articles on President Wilson and the American nation. The feeling of pessimism long prevalent is everywhere being supplemented by one of hope for the future.

ALL JOYOUS AT VERA CRUZ. Vera Cruz, Oct. 20.—The ringing of bells, the playing of bands, parades and shouts of "Long Live the American Union" were continuous today as the result of the recognition of General Carranza's government by the United States and the other American republics.

At 6 o'clock this evening the American battleships outside the harbor raised the Mexican flag and fired a salute of twenty-one guns, which was immediately answered by the Mexican gunboat Zaragoza, which raised the stars and stripes.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 20.—Conservation of life, limb, health and property in the United States and Canada, was the keynote of the closing meeting of the Safety First Federation of America here today. A uniform code to regulate traffic throughout the country was adopted. A resolution was favorably received urging the adoption of laws to deprive a driver convicted of operating a machine while intoxicated, of his license for six months. Permanent disqualification for a second offense is recommended.

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THURSDAY, OCT. 21, 1915.

MAYOR VS. EDITOR.

Over at Menominee Mayor Lloyd appears to be much in earnest on one side of the project for authorizing \$285,000 of bonds to give the city possession of its water supply system and Roger M. Andrews is equally in earnest on the other.

The mayor believes the bonds should be approved, so that the city may be in a position either to buy out or fight the present water company.

The mayor and editor are wellmatched opponents, and before they finish with the subject they will have so thoroughly developed their respective cases that there can be no doubt of the adequacy of the information with which the Menominee public has been favored.

It is unfortunate that the mayor has in any degree questioned the good faith of the editor. There are two sides to almost every argument and both sides are usually supported by men regarding the honesty of whose motives there can be no question.

Our own mayor, Mr. Begole, had a word to say on the subject at Menominee last evening. He dealt with the general, rather than with the particular, aspects of the subject. Water, he said, is a necessity of life. Unless it is good life is jeopardized.

That there is a deal of sound sense in this presentation of the matter there can be no doubt. Whether particular conditions at Menominee made it unwise for the community to give these sound principles immediate application is the question it is now called on to decide, and over which the debate will proceed.

WHERE IT IS WEAK.

If the equal suffrage leaders actually held the high hopes they asserted, they must have been greatly disappointed at the outcome of the New Jersey election. The denial of votes for women in that commonwealth was emphatic, and suggests that it will be futile to raise the issue there for some years to come, as well as that a similar fate will meet a similar amendment presented in any other eastern state.

The east is our most conservative region. Equal suffrage will not be attained there before the women have made the conquest of the middle west, which offers much more congenial soil for them, and how much they have to do to win the middle west is suggested by the second vote on suffrage in Michigan several months ago. Its near success in 1912 was in the nature of a fluke, and was attained through an artificial interest in the movement secured by the friendliness of the Progressives to it, as well as by the underestimation by the antis of the progress being made by its exponents.

being what it is, the question is open whether the able equal suffrage leaders are not getting their cart before their horse, whether they are not appealing to the men with an eloquence that might for the time better be directed to interest and inspire the women. Until they can point to an unquestioned demand among their own kind for the ballot they will carry their campaign to the men at the disadvantage of walking on stilts.

SURFACE SEA POWER BEST.

A striking illustration is afforded by the effect of the war upon fishing craft in the North sea of the superior efficiency of surface control of the seas compared with such work as submarines can do. In the last month three British trawlers have been sunk by German submarines.

The German submarines are able only to sink the fishing vessels they attack. The British torpedo boats and light cruisers, on the contrary, capture similar craft and make them prizes of war. The fish they carry is not lost, but sold in England. Their crews are not turned adrift in small boats, but taken to Great Britain and held as prisoners like other civilians who are of military age and subjects of a hostile nation.

This is one of the many advantages enjoyed by a naval power strong enough to control the seas on the surface. It beats the best that submarines can do so decisively that there can be little comparison between the two methods of fighting for mastery, either on the oceans or in comparatively restricted waters.

SITUATION IS MENDING.

Much less is heard of late weeks of hypernation and much less of aggressive propaganda. Perhaps the experience of the former ambassador of Austria had a hulling effect, perhaps the propagandists have realized the futility of their effort, and it is likely that the peaceful disposal of matters in dispute between the United States and Germany has had a soothing effect.

More than anything else, however, it is probable that realization that the attitude of the United States is determined beyond possibility of change has persuaded sympathizers with the warring powers of the worse than futility of continuing their efforts.

Take the export of munitions, for instance. The administration has made its position so clear that it is irrevocably committed to selling in any quantity to whoever wants to buy. Some months ago it appeared among the possibilities that a fire might be built under the administration in congress on this question. Recent developments have removed even this possibility, and now it is unlikely that there will be serious suggestion of any departure from the policy of free sales.

Perhaps the most impressive evidence that could be given of the country's realization of the vital nature of the issue of preparedness is the conversion to it of the administration. Up to the time he had to face the German-American situation President Wilson displayed little, or no, constructive interest in the two services. Now his secretaries have outlined the most ambitious army and navy programs that has ever been presented to the country.

These programs have their direct bearing on the munitions question. This country has been notably deficient both in supplies of munitions and in plant capacity to produce them. Its paramount interest thus lies on the side of unrestricted trade. This point was effectively made by Secretary of State Lansing in his letter to the Austrian government. The importance of upholding this principle is immeasurably increased by the army and navy projects now outlined. To supply the increased arms will call for more and more munitions. The knowledge thousands of American workmen and plant managers are now getting in manufacture of munitions in filling orders for the allies may some day be an asset of inestimable value to the country. The unflinching stand on the principle of free trade is even more essential, for unless we become a militarist nation we will never, in case of emergency, be able to meet our needs for munitions on short notice.

the application of up-to-date methods of procedure but this is but the start; more changes towards a more efficient county government are coming.

The U. of M. football game in which there is most interest in Michigan, that against the Aggies, will be played Saturday. Time was when the Aggies didn't amount to much on the football gridiron, but the past two seasons they have been able to trade blow for blow with the U. of M. on equal terms, and interest in the game has in many respects overshadowed that in any others on Michigan makeshift schedule.

Speculation about the impending Galt-Wilson nuptials places the probable date as in the holidays. In view of the "pitiless publicity" of which the happy pair are now the perhaps unwilling victims, it might be thought that they would agree with the public's estimate, the sooner the better.

The Pere Marquette is reported to be cutting its debt \$70,000 a month. The receivers are qualifying for permanent employment as railroad men when their present jobs run out.

Carranza has been formally recognized and Villa's army is dwindling. There's promise of peace for Mexico, and plenty to eat.

STATE PRESS

The Ford company has \$60,000,000 on hand and Mr. Couzens will still be on hand at directors' meetings, too.—Detroit Times.

Possibly the confiscation of foreign-owned property is General Villa's answer to our decision to recognize Carranza.—Saginaw Courier-Herald.

It is only fair to warn the English women who propose to wed married soldiers that there are a few good fights left in most veterans.—Grand Rapids Press.

It is hoped the Panama canal diggers will hurry up and remove that million cubic feet of earth so that there will be plenty of room for the next slide.—Jackson Citizen-Press.

Anyway, the Armenians are making arrangements to meet the promised hardships which are to come with peace in a quiet manner. They will all be dead.—Jackson Patriot.

William Jennings Bryan would be doing his country a service in the South if he would talk against child labor and the lynching habit, instead of peace. Peace will take care of itself.—Bay City Times.

And now Chile wants to borrow some cash. She admits with shamefacedness that her people are not involved in any bloody war, but hopes that our financiers will overlook this humiliating defect and let her have fifteen millions.—Kalamazoo Gazette.

TIMELY QUIPS

Porfirio Diaz kept peace in Mexico with an iron hand. Each of his successors has tried to keep peace with a wooden head.—Chicago News.

Mr. Taft may not have been our most popular president, but he has no competitor as the most popular ex-president.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

It must be an awful case of conscience that makes a man "come across" to the treasury department with \$10,000 in real money. And just think what a business



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the conscience fund would do if anything like that would strike in on the people who get the benefit of some of the rivers and harbors and public buildings appropriations!—Indianapolis News.

An unofficial observer thinks the war will last from five to fifteen years. Think how tiresome headlines will be by that time.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

It is all right for the bride's mother to cry, but the groom's family is supposed to force a grin on him if they do think he is getting a lemon.—Kansas City Journal.

Colonel Roosevelt has his quieter, more peaceful moments when he stops being a regiment of cavalry for a little while and is the Audubon society.—Ohio State Journal.

Three million wooden and stone crosses mark soldiers' graves in Europe and 344,000 iron crosses are said to have been distributed for valor. Is it a fair stand-off?—Pittsburg Dispatch.

EDITORIAL OPINION

Sugar and Wool.

Appropos of the report that President Wilson will recommend, not only the retention of the sugar duties, but a duty on wool, it is stated that the unusual and unforeseen conditions created by the war will be made the pretext for the sudden revision of the democratic tariff by its makers and former enologists as a work of perfection.

The Underwood tariff was admittedly a revenue failure before the war began, and an emergency tax to stave off a possible deficit was freely talked of. The rate slashers had done their work so recklessly from the revenue viewpoint that the new national income tax failed to counterbalance their assault on the normal sources of national income.

The Democratic party is the party of a tariff for revenue. Their tariff being a demonstrated failure as a revenue producer, it will be entirely consistent for the Democrats to revise it for purposes of revenue, even at the cost of the admission that it is not the work of perfection they claimed it to be.

The people know perfectly well that it totally failed to do the main thing it was promised for it, reduce the cost of living. That fable has utterly gone by the board.

But it has reduced, and dangerously, the income of the national treasury, and to persist in the folly of free listing sugar will cut off at a blow \$55,000,000 more.

Secretary McAdoo therefore wants the sugar duties retained and a duty

A LAUGH OR TWO

The Cost of Love. Small Niece—Uncle John, if you don't give me a cent I'll be mad at you. Uncle John—Here's the coin. Small Niece—And for two cents, Uncle John, I'll like you even so much, and for three I'll love you, and for four I'll simply idolize you.

Tried Both. The Widow—If you married again I suppose you would want a woman of intellect. The Widower—Yes, but just about medium. The Widow—Medium? The Widower—Yes. My first wife was a strong-minded woman and my second was a weak-minded woman and one's about as bad as the other.—Judge.

Stranger in Town. "Now, Uncle Si," said young Springs, showing in the "gentleman" the sights, "shall we take a rattle in a taxi, an omnibus or a sightseeing coach?" "Wa—al, Jimmie," said Uncle Si, "ef ye're goin' to th' expense of a wagon to show me around I kind o' think I'd like to take a spin in one of them cab-arets I've been hearn tell so much about."—New York Times.

Toot, Toot! President Underwood, of the Erie railroad, thus instructs the clergy as to their pulpit duties: "Make the church worldly. Don't preach scripture. Preach the things of today."

The Hobo's Code. They were pioneers in the vast army of flat hunters. "There are odd-looking chink marks on that flat," said the young one. "Do they mean anything?" "You bet they mean something," said his more experienced companion. "It's the one of the secret signs of the Flatlanders' Protective league, and means 'no heat in these apartments except in July and August.'"—Puck.

His Business. The pastor of a certain church was of the opinion that old John, the sexton, was neglecting certain duties, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

John, who was not wanting in wit, strenuously denied the charge, and said that he was "not goin, to stand no meddlin' with his affairs."

"But, John," said the clergyman, "it behooves everybody to mind his p's and q's."

"Everybody but me," retorted John, refusing to be cornered. "P's and q's are not in my line. I've enough to do to mind th' keys and pews."

Two Places Mixed. A woman who was traveling in the Kentucky mountains some time ago came to a log cabin. Keen interest was manifested in the stranger by the mountain folk, who rarely travel from their own firesides, and do not see many people from outside districts.

"Whar do you come from?" asked an old woman. "From Indiana, north of here," said the Indianapolis woman. "Whar did you say you was from? Did you say Alaska?" "No, not Alaska. I said I was from Indiana."

"Well, well," said the old woman, taking a pipe from her mouth. "I allus did get them two places mixed."—Indianapolis News.

Arranging a Getaway. At a smoker some time ago reference was made to the matter of favorite topics of conversation.

One afternoon Brown and Green were communing with each other in the lobby of a hotel when a man with his countenance shining like great gladness headed their way.

"Here comes 'Madison,'" remarked Brown to his friend. "He has just been presented with a new baby, and he will talk us to death in telling of its glories."

"That's all right," responded Green, glancing in the opposite direction. "I guess we will be able to fix the thing."

"Come again, old man," said Brown, wondering. "I don't get you."

"There's a neighbor of mine over there who has just bought a new automobile," explained Green. "We will introduce them and then take a slide."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

LOWER STATE NOTES

ANN ARBOR—Col. Henry Stewart Dean, past commander of the Michigan G. A. R., former University of Michigan regent and a prominent local business man, died suddenly at his home here Monday as the result of heart disease. He was 85 years old. A widow and a daughter survive.

ALTO—Fire, believed to have been caused by rats gnawing match heads, destroyed the residence on the farm of E. E. Kiel near here Sunday, causing more than \$2,000 damage. The property was insured for that sum. The fire started on the upper floor. No fire had been burning in the stoves for a day.

MUSKOGON—Aided by Professor W. J. Gibson of the forestry department of the Michigan Agricultural college, the students of the agricultural course at the local high school are working to stamp out the San Jose scale and other tree pests in this city, which now threaten to destroy many of Muskogon's finest shade trees.

MUSKOGON—After working for 50 years without "laying off" a single day in all that time for a vacation, Martin Dutmer, a bricklayer residing here, took his first vacation on his seventieth birthday anniversary, Monday. Before becoming a bricklayer, Dutmer worked until about fifteen years ago in the local sawmills.

EAST LANSING—Count Ermoloff, a lieutenant in the Russian army, has been spending the past two days at East Lansing, inspecting the Michigan Agricultural college where he showed great interest in the system of military training required of all male students. Count Ermoloff came here from Detroit, where he has been placing or-

Classified Want Directory

LOST—Turquois silver breast pine. Kindly return to Mining Journal office 164 re-ward. 10-21-15. WANTED—Men to learn the barber trade. The world is constantly needing more barbers. Our graduates earn good wages. Few weeks completes the course. Prepare now. Money earned while learning. Write Moler Barber College, Milwaukee, Wis. 10-21-15. WANTED—Men in this and surrounding towns to take orders for our high grade goods. Liberal terms; pay weekly. Allegan Nursery Company, Rochester, N. Y. 10-15-15. FOR RENT—Six-room cottage, 360 W. Park St. Telephone 528-W. 10-21-15. FOR RENT—Furnished room, 321 E. Arch street. 10-21-15. FOR RENT—Four rooms upstairs, also six rooms downstairs. Inquire at 223 W. Ridge St. 10-19-15. FOR RENT—A five-room flat. Inquire at 517 Rock street. 10-15-15. FOR RENT—Nine-room house, 127 East Ridge street. Apply to Adolph Carlson, Marquette County Savings Bank. 10-14-15. FOR RENT—A furnished house, 423 N. Front street. Apply A. Carter. Phone 567-J. 10-12-15. FOR RENT—Store now occupied by Mrs. LaRoche. Call phone 47 or 991. 9-28-15. FOR RENT—The north store of Fraternity block. J. A. Williams, Sec'y. 8-24-15. TO RENT—Two apartments on the second floor of the Coles block, corner Third and Third Street. The annual rent is \$100.00. Each apartment has one very large room and two small ones, fully decorated for lodge purposes, but would be very desirable for business use. Marquette County Savings Bank, or Charles T. Gell. 3-4-15. FOR SALE—A new modern house, with modern conveniences. A bargain on easy terms. Inquire at McLean's Grocery. 10-21-15. FOR SALE—Forty head of good heavy work horses. The Zenith Lumber Co., Baraga, Mich. 10-20-15. FOR SALE—Studebaker 29, equipped with two spare tires, one inner liner, tire chains, and full set of tools. Cheap. Inquire 118 E. Ohio St. 10-18-15. FOR SALE—Moving picture theater, fully equipped; in city of forty thousand; doing good business. Good reason for selling. Apply quickly for full information. Lock Box 562, Calumet, Mich. 10-18-15. FOR SALE—Moving picture theater; fireproof. Would sell business alone, or business and building. Owner getting fatigued. Address letter "S," care Mining Journal. 10-16-15. FOR SALE—At a bargain. Stove pipe in excellent condition. Also four saw-cases and tables. LaRoche's Millinery Store. 9-27-15. TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE LUCKY STAR MINING COMPANY. Take Notice, that in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Lucky Star Mining Company, the annual meeting of the stockholders of said company will be held at the office of the company at Negaunee, Michigan, on Saturday, October 24, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. E. N. BRITTING, Secretary. Dated Marquette, Mich., Oct. 8, 1915. 10-14-21-28.

FOR RENT

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CONDENSED TIME TABLE

MUNISING, MARQUETTE & SOUTH-EASTERN AND LAKE SUPERIOR & ISHPEMING RAILWAYS. WEEK DAYS. MARQUETTE AND PRINCETON. Leave—Marquette .6:45 am Princeton .9:55 am Princeton .6:40 am Marquette .9:20 am Marquette .4:35 pm Marquette .7:30 pm

MARQUETTE AND MUNISING. Leave—Marquette .6:45 am Munising .10:30 am Munising .6:40 pm Marquette .7:35 pm Marquette .4:05 pm Marquette .7:10 pm

MARQUETTE AND BIG BAY. Leave—Marquette .9:25 am Big Bay .11:20 am Big Bay .12:35 pm Marquette .1:55 pm

MARQUETTE AND BIRCH. Leave—Marquette .9:25 am Birch .10:30 am Birch .12:35 pm Marquette .1:55 pm

MARQUETTE AND ISHPEMING. Leave—Marquette .9:25 am Ishpeiming .10:30 am Ishpeiming .3:50 pm Marquette .4:45 pm

MUNISING AND LITTLE LAKE. Leave—Munising .6:55 am Little Lake .9:00 am Little Lake .4:45 pm Munising .7:45 pm Munising .5:00 pm Little Lake .7:15 pm

MUNISING AND MUNISING JCT. Leave—Munising .12:25 pm Munising Jct .12:30 pm Munising Jct .1:40 pm Munising .3:00 pm

MUNISING AND CUSHING. Leave—Munising .8:30 am Cushing .12:05 pm Cushing .12:25 pm Munising .3:55 pm

LITTLE LAKE AND PRINCETON. Leave—Little Lake .9:30 am Princeton .9:55 am Princeton .7:22 pm Little Lake .6:35 pm Princeton .4:35 pm Little Lake .4:43 pm

MUNISING AND PRINCETON. Leave—Munising .6:55 am Princeton .9:55 am Princeton .4:35 pm Munising .10:30 am Princeton .6:40 pm Munising .7:35 pm

TWO CHILDREN HAD CROUP.

The two children of J. W. Six, Cleveland, Ga., had croup. He writes: "Both got so choked, up they could hardly breathe. I gave them Foley's Honey and Tar and nothing else and it completely cured them." Contains no opiates. Cuts the phlegm; opens air passages. Sold everywhere.

Advertisement for Karo Premium Griddle. Includes image of the griddle and a can of Karo. Text: 'This Karo Premium Griddle... The Men of America Know Pancakes and They Know Karo... At great expense we are seeking to place a Karo Aluminum Griddle in the homes of all Karo users...'

Copper Country

CALUMET ITALIANS CALLED TO COLORS

Six Receive Summons, One a Priest—None Will Comply—\$10,000 Estate at Stake.

Six residents of Calumet have been advised in letters from their consular agent that they must report in Italy for service in the army.

Rev. Father Manzini, pastor of St. Mary's Catholic church, James Richetta, a prominent Laurium businessman, John Rolando, James Campigliola, Peter and Joseph Bronzo, all well-known Italian residents of Calumet.

None of the men will obey the order. Father Manzini would not have to obey the order as the Italian war minister has granted immunity from military service to all priests and missionaries not residing in Italy.

ELOPES WITH THE HIRED GIRL.

Prosecuting Attorney Galbraith Asked to Locate John Williams.

Mrs. John Williams of Centennial Heights, Calumet, yesterday reported that her husband had gone away with the hired girl and she asked prosecuting attorney Galbraith to make an effort to arrest the couple.

Mrs. Williams says that Williams recently sold his motorcycle and that he used the proceeds to finance his elopement.

She also reported that Williams has left her and their three children destitute. A warrant has been issued for the pair. Sheriff Cruise will take steps to arrest them.

BOARD AUTHORIZES MILLION IN TAXES

Total for County, With Village and City Levies Far Exceed This Sum, Though.

The people of Houghton county will pay for the maintenance of the state, the county, the schools and the townships next year a grand total of \$1,306,692.

The total of taxes raised in Houghton county for all purposes in any one year is far in excess of this because the figures here given do not include the village taxes, the Hancock city taxes and the liquor taxes of the county.

Table listing tax amounts for various townships: Adams (\$47,000.00), Calumet (\$215,736.48), Chassell (\$19,423.00), Duncan (\$25,970.00), Elm River (\$13,500.00), Franklin (\$26,780.00), Hancock township (\$2,035.15), Laird (\$1,898.25), Oscoda (\$102,450.00), Portage (\$102,900.00), Quincy (\$6,508.48), Schoolcraft (\$13,701.10), Stanton (\$13,000.00), Torch Lake (\$42,588.90), Hancock (\$40,900.00).

CALUMET VS. MARQUETTE.

Upper Peninsula Championship Game in Calumet Oct. 30.

The Calumet and Marquette High school football teams will play in Calumet a week from next Saturday, Oct. 30, for the upper peninsula championship. Coach Shields of the Calumet school expresses confidence in the ability of his team to win.

Calumet and Houghton will play a practice game in Houghton next Saturday.

Don't Merely "Stop" a Cough

Stop the Thing that Causes It and the Cough will Stop Itself

Put 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth) in a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup.

It heals the inflamed membranes so gently and promptly that you wonder how it does it. Also loosens a dry, hoarse or tight cough and stops the formation of phlegm in the throat and bronchial tubes.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of Norway pine extract, rich in ginseng, and is famous the world over for its healing effect on the membranes.

To avoid disappointment, ask your druggist for "25 cents of Pinex," and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with every preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

MOVEMENTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.

County Sunday School League—Boy Scouts for Houghton.

A County Sunday School league to promote athletic interest among the Sunday school boys of Houghton county was organized at the Calumet Y. M. C. A. Tuesday night.

The league is to be organized as a lower branch for Portage lake and south range schools, and an upper branch for Calumet, Torch Lake and the northern parts of the county.

An indoor baseball league will be organized as the first step. Complete arrangements are pending.

A preliminary meeting for the organization of a Boy Scouts troop in Houghton was held at Grace M. E. church Tuesday night and it was so well attended that the promoters are much encouraged.

J. A. Ogden, a young man recently arrived in Houghton, who had experience as a scout master in Philadelphia is the prime mover in the organization and he has the assistance of E. E. Tracy. Mr. Ogden is confident a successful troop can be organized in Houghton.

At the meeting Sunday night will be the formal organization. The boy officers of the troop will be elected and Mr. Ogden will be made scout master. He will at that time outline the work and instruct the boys in the requirements for membership.

This is the first attempt made to organize a troop of Boy Scouts in Houghton. The first one was a troop of the organization that this one is to be a part of, the Boy Scouts of America. It had a short lived existence. The other attempt was to organize a troop of the Michigan Forest Scouts, a similar body, fostered by State Game Warden Oates to encourage Michigan boys to help preserve the forests.

But the promoters of the present organization feel that with the experience of Scout Master Ogden to help the organization is assured of success.

OLD HOUGHTON PHOTOGRAPHS.

Edwards Collection of Pictures Stirs Memories of Old Times.

John Edwards has on exhibition in the window of Bousal's photographic studio a number of photographs of early days in Houghton. They have attracted the interest of old residents, many of whom have procured copies.

The first picture is taken from the old passenger dock in Hancock, now Close & Hodgson's dock. It shows the old steamer Arctic and Houghton in the distance. This was taken in 1876.

A picture of an old mail carrier with his train of dogs. Taken at the foot of Elk Royal street. This Indian carried the mail between Houghton and L'Anse-au-Loup.

A picture of the present Portage Lake bridge corner, showing the old Major's homestead and the Van Orden line kitchen. About 1878.

The old Douglas house, the frame building that preceded the present structure, showing the terraces that lead down to the street.

The earliest picture is one taken at the bridge corner and looking east. It shows the little frame shack that was erected as a gymnasium by Captain Edwards for the boys of Houghton. It was taken about 1859 as it shows the pole erected by the late Michael Foley to fly a Steven A. Douglas flag.

Another picture recalls the old custom of the political parties of erecting flag poles for presidential candidates. This scene was taken in 1876 and shows Hayes & Wheeler and Tilden & Hendricks poles.

Another picture shows the old post-office, the present site of the Houghton National bank. It was taken from the porch of the old Sheldon homestead, now the St. James hotel, which was the first location of the bank.

There is a picture taken at the present bank site, Sheldon and Isle Royal streets, looking east. It shows the two level construction of Sheldon street through Frenchtown, which was in existence as recently as ten years ago. The collection ends with a reproduction of an old engraving of Houghton in 1859, drawn from Hancock. It shows that in those days Houghton was a very small collection of unpretentious houses.

The picture referred to as showing the old gymnasium shows that Sheldon street was a mere open path. It evidently had never up to that time known a scraper or grader. The grass grew right up to the edge of the single wagon track and the entire street was decorated with boulders. There were no sidewalks.

These old pictures have stirred the memories of old residents. The Newweave Historical society intends to preserve a collection and an effort will be made to induce other old residents to produce additional pictures.

DARDANELLES NOW CANNOT BE TAKEN

Britain from the Front Tells London That She Has Come to Quit.

London, Oct. 19.—Ellis Ashmead Bartlett, the correspondent who for months represented the London papers at the Dardanelles, has just returned to London and in an interview, published in the Times, comes out strongly for what he terms a reconsolidation of the Dardanelles campaign.

He implies that this campaign "if it ever had any hope of success," now has been completely robbed of it. He suggests the allies take what troops they have left to try for better luck elsewhere.

He speaks contemptuously, saying they could do no good. Giving up the Dardanelles operations, in Mr. Bartlett's opinion, would hurt the allies' prestige.

His prestige in the Balkans, he adds, has been "reduced to nil" by the foreign office, by logrolling politicians and military diplomacy, but it has been restored by the courage and tenacity of the allied troops.

He says that the allied troops, he assumes politicians in general and those who have voiced threats and made promises in particular.

Compliments the Turks. Bartlett pays the highest compliments to the Turkish fighting abilities, saying neither side bears any animosity to the other. Turkish prisoners, he says, express regret that their country is fighting England and this, he adds, illustrates "the awful blunders of the diplomats in having allowed things to lead to a war against the rawest of nations."

The correspondent recalls Winston Churchill's promise to "dig out the German fleet" and Lord Curzon's definite promise that the Kaiser would see the Germans in Potsdam. He says England is not in a position to carry out any of these promises.

He says that the allied troops, he assumes politicians in general and those who have voiced threats and made promises in particular.

Under the instructions of the state guard's department the sale of deer licenses for the season of 1915, beginning Nov. 10, opened yesterday in County Clerk Kaiser's office.

An indication of a big demand this year is that in the first hour of the sale three licenses were issued.

In Houghton county the issue annually totals 1,800 licenses and County Clerk Kaiser is confident he will equal the normal figure this year. He has made provision for that number.

Mr. Kaiser warns hunters against "monkeying with the new seals, which are issued in place of the tags issued in previous seasons. The seal is a car seal, a new device to replace the familiar lead seal on box ears. It is a numbered strip of tin with a tin ball on one end. To close it the free end is inserted in the ball. Once the strip cannot be taken out without destroying the seal and as the seal is numbered to correspond with the license if a hunter makes his seal useless by attempting to practice with it there seems to be no redress for him.

Licenses in places remote from the county clerk's office may be secured on the following special deputy county clerks:

South Range, Charles A. Bartaue; Calumet, George Martin; Chassell, Dr. P. H. Wilson; Sidnaw, J. A. Juttner; Keweenaw, J. E. Pierson and August R. Bousal; Winona, John Sander; Alston, Charles F. Cayman; Demmon, Frank A. Jaehning; Elo, Sam Juntilla; Tipiopa, Fred Savala; Lake Linden, Emil F. Prince and F. G. Wisnauer; Hubbard, Joseph Wise; Redbridge, James C. Clarke; Benoni, H. E. F. Winklemeyer; Tolvola, Emil Ratko, Jr.; Dollar Bay, John C. Schulte; Laurium, David Armit; Jacobsville, George Pfeiffer; Painesdale, E. W. Kruka; Trimountain, William Nancarrow; Freda, Frank Phillips.

These deputy clerks are provided only with a supply of the affidavits that hunters must make out before securing licenses. These affidavits are sent to the county clerk's office and the licenses are mailed from there with the seals.

ANNUAL HARVEST FESTIVAL.

The annual harvest festival and home coming day will be observed at the Atlantic M. E. church Sunday, Oct. 31. Special services are being arranged. Rev. J. S. Van der Meer, pastor of the church from 1906 to 1908, will preach in the morning and Rev. H. Maganahay of Kearsarge will have charge of the evening service. A concert will be given in the church the previous evening. The program is being arranged by Misses M. Tambling, Gladys Cole and Florence Little.

BRITISH LABOR TURNS AGAINST SUFFRAGE, SAYS MRS. HARRIOTT S. BLATCH.

New York, Oct. 20.—Mrs. Harriott Stanton Blatch, president of the Women's Political Union, who has just returned from a two months' stay in Europe, during which she studied war conditions in France and England, was convinced today that women should be professionally trained to take the places of men in industrial pursuit in time of war.

"Where such a system now in existence in France and England," said Mrs. Blatch, "each of those countries could immediately put into the war an additional army corps."

Mrs. Blatch said she believes that compulsory military service for men is a necessity. Concerning suffrage, she said:

"At the end of the war the men of France and England will be ready to grant suffrage to women because the women have shown what they can and will do. The greatest opposition to suffrage in England is from the labor trades, especially the munition workers and the machine workers, who resent the taking of their places by women."

THE ORIGINAL



Take a package home

KERREDGE THEATRE Tonight

THE SEASON'S BIGGEST NOVELTY

Advertisement for John W. Vogel's Japland Garden of the Mikado. Includes text: 'GREAT COMPANY OF FIFTY-TWO INCLUDES JOHN W. VOGEL'S BIG MINSTRELS COMPLETE OPERATIC CAST 20 GIRL 20 MR. VOGEL'S OWN DOUBLE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA'

Prices: 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Seats Now at the Box Office.

CRIPPLED SOLDIERS RECEIVE ATTENTION

Are Being Trained in New Occupations at Which They Can Earn a Living.

One-Armed Men Trained. In the designing room a number of men who have lost their right arms are training themselves with the aid of various American drawing devices to use their left hand.

After these men have been sufficiently trained the government will find positions where such as mastered a new calling may earn a decent living. All those who have fought for the country will be well cared for, according to Monsieur Jules Brisse, in charge of this work, none will become a charge. They can choose whatever work they wish.

Private societies that are interested in aiding the maimed will be subsidized, but the government will exercise control generally. Dr. Bourillon, apart from his general professional work, improves the opportunity to do some moral training. He is an enemy of strong drink and in the large comfortable reading room at the asylum are placed conspicuously post-cards such as "Absinthe will make you crazy," "Alcohol is the perfect type of poison in the nervous system."

"When man drinks the family is compromised—when woman drinks the family is lost." "Eau-de-Vie; Eau-de-mort." "Brandy is death."

Experience has shown that the maimed at Saint Maurice learn less than half the time the trades or professions they choose as compared with others who have the normal use of their limbs. Dr. Bourillon attributes this to their strength will-power abused by the obstacles met in their changed conditions.

"The great number of maimed who are in such condition as to learn their living only with difficulty if at all, raises a social problem of the greatest importance," said Dr. Bourillon. "Evidently they should be given all places they are able to fill in the government or organizations over which the state has control. But it is doubtful if work can be found for all who seek it. It is necessary to find something for them as soon as they can begin work."

New Zealand cattle raisers have found that the meat of crossed calves retires its flavor better when exported long distances if the ship be left on until ready for market.

BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove it. People afflicted with bad breath find relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous cathartics does without any of the bad after effects.

All the benefits of nuxy, sickening, griping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping, pain or disagreeable effects of any kind. Dr. P. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.

To Keep Your Skin Free From Hairs

If you are willing to spend a few minutes' time in your room using a delatone paste, you can easily banish any ugly, hairy growth without discomfort or injury. The paste is made by mixing some water with a little powdered delatone. This is then spread over the hairy surface and after about 2 minutes rubbed off and the skin washed. You will not be disappointed with this treatment, providing you get real delatone.



At the Kerredge Theatre tonight

On the Side of Science — Grape-Nuts!



Certain elements are necessary for building stout bodies and active brains. The great majority of these all-important elements for life and health are supplied by Nature in her field grains, wheat and barley. But white flour products lack these essential elements—Why?

Because the miller to make his flour look white and pretty throws out about 4-5ths. of the mineral content of the wheat necessary for building brain, nerve and muscle.

Scientific opinion is on the side of

Grape-Nuts

for supplying balanced nutritive values. Not only does this famous pure food supply all the sound nourishment of the wheat, including the vital mineral elements—sturdy builders of brain, nerve and muscle—but of malted barley as well.

Grape-Nuts is easily digested, generally in about an hour—white flour products require about three hours.

Grape-Nuts is always ready to eat direct from the dust-proof, moisture-proof, germ-proof packet—delicious and economical!

Not alone from the scientific side but from the viewpoint of better health thousands have come to know

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

After your cold drive stop at Stafford's Drug Store for a cup of delicious hot coffee or chocolate. Just what you need for a "warmer."

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.

M. R. Manhard & Son, Limited

Wholesale and Retail Hardware Mining and Lumbermen's Supplies

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

COAL

Prompt Deliveries

F. B. SPEAR & SONS

YOU CAN CUT COAL EXPENSE

with a little judgment. You know in your own business that buying the best is getting the cheapest. Same way with coal. The best goes farthest and lasts longest, besides giving the most heat. That's the kind of coal we sell and you ought to use.



Wholesale Retail

PHONES 90 & 293 THE BEST COAL JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD.

Choice Concord Grapes

Hot House Tomatoes

MURRAY GROCERY

Furnishes Your Table Complete.

Chestnuts Snow Apples Sweet Apple Cider Persimmons

FRESH Mushrooms Brussel Sprouts Lima Beans Spinach

at DELF'S GROCERY 133 WASHINGTON ST. WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

Fresh Today!

HUBBARD SQUASH LEAF AND HEAD LETTUCE CELERY SWEET POTATOES CAULIFLOWER CUCUMBERS

FRUITS PEARS PLUMS PEACHES GRAPEFRUIT BLUE AND TOKAY GRAPES PEARS FOR CANNING

GLOBE BREAKFAST SAUSAGE

McLean's Grocery Phones 64 and 65. 601 North Third Street

City Brevities

Today's weather: Generally fair. Yesterday's temperatures: At 7 a. m., 51 degrees; noon, 51; 7 p. m., 46. Highest, 55 degrees; lowest, 46.

E. N. Breitung left last night for Chicago.

Nels Cadarette left for Duluth last night.

W. C. Hill returned from Skanee yesterday afternoon.

Clark Osgood, of Ishpeming, arrived in the city last evening.

William Owen, of Chicago, was in town yesterday on business.

E. A. Thoren, of Negaunee, was a visitor at Marquette yesterday.

Albert Berglund, of Carlshend, was a visitor in Marquette yesterday.

J. F. Dickson, of Keweenaw, Ills., was in the city yesterday on business.

John Andrews, Jr., of Iron Mountain, was a business caller here yesterday.

Mrs. P. J. O'Donnell has returned home after a few days' visit at Chicago.

Mrs. M. Cain returned last night after a three weeks' visit with relatives at Laurium.

James T. Gray left last night on a two weeks' business trip to Chicago, Detroit and Cleveland.

T. H. Noble and F. J. Jennison left yesterday afternoon for Grand Island where they will spend a few days.

Miss Nellie McLaughlin returned from Ishpeming last evening after a few days' visit with relatives and friends.

Miss Mae Rowe, of Pittsfield, Mass., is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Reinhardt, Presque Isle avenue.

Mrs. Louis Henymann returned to her home at Rumley, after a visit at the home of Mrs. John McCauley, Furnace street.

Miss Alma Bigelow has returned to Chicago to resume her work at Tobey's after visiting her mother, Mrs. A. M. Bigelow.

Bert Balcom, of Little Lake, Forsyth township, collected \$27 at the county clerk's office yesterday for a wolf he had killed on Oct. 17th.

Mrs. D. H. Shilson and children, who have been visiting for the last two weeks at the home of her mother, Mrs. James Farrell, Rock street, left yesterday afternoon for their home in Vermilion, Mich.

Thomas H. Broderick, of 903 North Third street, is reported to be confined to his home suffering with congestion of the brain. He was taken ill on Tuesday, when his condition was rather serious, but last night a decided improvement was announced.

Bowling Meeting—A meeting of the bowling league will be called tonight at 8 o'clock sharp, to select a committee and discuss rules and finances for the season. The captain of the teams are especially requested to be present. Ten teams have been formed, and bowling will commence on Monday next.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO. 500 CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Oct. 20.—[Special]—Upbound vessels passing the canals the last twenty-four hours were: Meaford, 6:30 last night; (large) Samuel Mather, 7:30; Ionic, Agawa, 8:30; Fordonian, 10; Cuyler, Adams, 10:30; Saunders, Jr., 11; Stadacona, 12:30 a. m. Presque Isle, 1; (large) Fitzgerald, 1:30; Ranney, 2; Morrell, 2:30; Empire, Harvey Brown, 3; Paine, Sirnis, 3:30; Reed, 4:30; Ball, 5; Cowie, 5:30; Conestoga, Moore, 6; Crowe, 6:30; Hurlbut Smith, 7; Bixby, 8:30; Venus, 19;

Wickwire, 11; Corvus, George Crawford, 11:30; Schoonmaker, 1 p. m.; Empire City, Sarnian, 2; Denmark, Robert Wallace, 3; Keewatin, 3:30; Siemens, Manilla, 4; Ream, 4:30; Corsica, Maruba, Griffin, 5:30; Reis, Graham, Conemaugh, 6.

ANNOUNCE PROGRAM FOR POTATO EXHIBIT

Will Be Held at Guild Hall Oct. 27-29—Speeches by Several Noted Experts.

The program for the Potato Congress, to be held at Guild Hall on October 27, 28 and 29, was completed yesterday by the committee, including John D. Mangum, W. F. Raven, J. W. Weston, and L. R. Walker. The convention will be opened on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 27th, when the awards will be placed by the judges. Wednesday evening will be featured by a speech from W. F. Raven the extension specialist, on "The Outlook for Seed Potatoes in U. P."

Thursday morning will be taken up with the following speeches: "Work Accomplished by County Potato Associations," by R. G. Hoopinger, farm agent for Iron county; "Inspection and Certification of Potatoes in Michigan," by C. W. Ward, secretary of Michigan State Potato association; followed by a discussion and round-table talk by county agricultural agents.

On Thursday afternoon these subjects will be taken up: "Marketing, as to Grading and Assorting Commercial Table Stock," by J. G. Milward, assistant professor of horticulture in University of Michigan; "Agricultural Possibilities of U. P.," by Dean R. S. Shaw, of Michigan Agricultural College.

The annual banquet of the Marquette County Potato Growers' association will be held on Thursday night, with P. H. Vandenberg, secretary, acting as toastmaster.

Reports on the placing of awards will be made on Friday morning, followed by a talk on "Scarcity of Potato Diseases in U. P.," by Professor G. H. Coons, professor of plant pathology in M. A. C. After this will be a general discussion of potato marketing by dealers and growers, led by J. G. Milward.

The congress will terminate on Friday afternoon, Oct. 29th, with a meeting of the association, which will be open to the public. An address will be made by W. S. Ewing, president of the association, followed by a discussion of work by potato associations, led by C. W. Ward and J. Wade Weston.

DEATH OF MRS. C. KREMER. Former Marquette Resident Dies in Duluth—Remains Will Be Brought Here.

Mrs. Catherine Kremer, well known in Marquette, died at St. Mary's hospital in Duluth, on Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock, after an unsuccessful operation culminating in an illness of four weeks.

The deceased is survived by a son, Charles Kremer, and two daughters, Miss Minnie Kremer and Mrs. Roy King, all of Duluth, besides three brothers, Martin A. Willesen, of Duluth, Ben J. Willesen, of Calumet, and Charles F. Willesen, of this city. The remains will be brought to this city on Friday morning, and may be viewed at the home of Chas. F. Willesen, 326 East Hewitt avenue. The funeral will be held on Saturday morning at 8:30 from St. Peter's cathedral, with interment in Holy Cross cemetery.

Mrs. Kremer, who was born in Ontario, came to Marquette with her parents when she was eight years old. She made her home here until twenty-seven years ago, since then she has lived in

It is easier to build a brick house without a brick than it is to erect the edifice of your success without money in the

Marquette National Bank

DELFT THEATRE TODAY

Last Chapter of "THE GODDESS" The End of the Serial Beautiful A Strong Climax to a Delightful Story

In addition—"THE GOOD IN THE WORST OF US" VITAGRAPH DRAMA.

"Matilda's Fling" -- Edison Comedy Drama

Watch for the "METRO" Dates

Calumet and Duluth. Last summer she was the guest of her brother, Chas. F. Willesen, visiting here for several weeks. She leaves a host of friends in this city, who will greatly mourn her loss.

DEER SEALS ISSUED.

Eight Issued on First Day at County Clerk's Office—Stembegor First.

Johan Stembegor, of Big Bay, was granted the first deer license and metal seal of the season, at the county clerk's office yesterday morning. These new seals were issued for the first time yesterday, and caused diverse comment among the eight hunters who procured them on the opening day.

The seal is a long flexible aluminum strip, with a snap on one end. When the object is fastened on the slain deer, the clasp catches, and it is impossible to unlock it again.

This ingenious device is the most effective means conceivable for preventing the hunter from shooting more than the one deer permitted by law. After the animal is shot, the seal must be fastened on it immediately, or it is liable to seizure by the deputy game wardens.

NEW ORDINANCE AT ESCANABA.

Members of the Escanaba council adopted several new ordinances. Of the several presented for second reading and adoption only one failed of adoption. An ordinance providing for a central registration place, eliminating ward registrations, was laid on the table by the council by a decisive vote. The ordinance adopted were the following: An ordinance prohibiting expectorating on the streets, in public halls or on the floors of street cars; requiring the delivery of all milk in the city in bottles and prohibiting the delivery of permanent milk receptacles to homes where contagious diseases are reported; requiring a permit to construct any new building or to make alterations to any old structure where the expense will exceed \$100; providing for the revision and consolidation of all of the ordinances of the city; providing for the establishment of standing committees in the Escanaba city council; providing for the regulation of the construction of house drains and sewers.

Suits pressed for 50 cents. Wm. Ashurst, tailor, Vierling Bldg. 10-21-15

Upper Peninsula

Water Question Discussed.

Practically the entire attention of the Iron Mountain city council at the meeting this week was given over to the discussion of the issue between the city and the Iron Mountain Water Works company. The mayor instructed the clerk to call the roll of the aldermen as to whether any of them are now stockholders in the water works company. Eight aldermen namely, Sina, LeFebvre, Andrews, Giovannioli, Jenkins, Rule, LaFontaine and Eslick answered "no." Alderman Sandcock answered "yes" and Alderman Monroe, answered "not voting." Alderman Monroe then read the report of the hearing of the officers of the Iron Mountain Water Works company before the committee appointed at the council meeting on Sept. 29 for the purpose of investigating certain charges made by the mayor at that meeting. The contention by the mayor was to the effect that the water works company had charged the city for certain water rentals which they had no right to do under the provisions of their franchise with the city, which has been in operation for twenty-five years. The report showed that the water works company officials stated that they had furnished more free water than their franchise calls for. The report showed that the city was paying rental on 176 hydrants and that two others are not being paid for, namely, one at the Millie

mine and one at the residence formerly occupied by J. T. Jones. The report also stated that the city can determine whether or not the water works company has done its duty under terms of the franchise, and that if it can be shown that the city paid certain water bills to the water works company through an error on the part of the company, then the amount would be returned to the city.

Thrown from Railway 'Pede.

Thrown from a motor railway velocipede, near Chandler's Falls, E. F. Zuelke, superintendent for the Escanaba Traction company, received injuries that will require his confinement to St. Francis hospital for some time. P. L. Utley, general manager for the traction company, and another passenger on the 'pede, were thrown in opposite directions and escaped with minor bruises. While running at approximately ten miles an hour, one of the wheels on the 'pede flew off. Mr. Zuelke was thrown to the side of the right of way and the heavy machine followed him. The wheel caught him above the heel of the right foot and cut the tendon connecting the heel with the leg. That his foot was not entirely amputated is considered a miracle. He was taken to St. Francis hospital and the several tendons were reunited. Had the accident occurred a few moments later the velocipede would have been carrying a large box of dynamite in addition to the passengers, and the shock, undoubtedly, would have discharged the dynamite, endangering the lives of all of the men aboard. Mr. Utley and Mr.

Former City Official Passes. Matthew Priester, former president pro tem of the Escanaba City Council and for twelve years an influential member of the city's governing body, passed away at his home, at 428 South Elmore street, Escanaba, after an illness of several years. For over five years Mr. Priester had been ill and for over three years he had been confined to his bed. His condition in the past few weeks had rapidly grown more serious and his death was expected by members of his family and close friends. Mr. Priester was born at Buffalo, N. Y., slightly over fifty-nine years ago. With his parents he came west at an early age and by 1870 he was residing in Wisconsin. Over forty years ago he went to Escanaba and continuously since that time had made that city his home. Shortly after arriving in Escanaba he entered the employ of the Northwestern road in the car department. He served as foreman of that department during the last fifteen years of his employment and one year ago last May he was placed on the pension list, after being on the payroll of the corporation for 40 years. Mr. Priester was married in Escanaba thirty-five years ago and is survived by his wife, six daughters and five sons. Mr. Priester was first elected as a member of the city council of Escanaba in 1900 and continuously served as a member of the board of aldermen until the spring of 1912.

The mere mention of sausage brings at once to the mind a breakfast served with Baer's Prize Pig Sausage, and Cakes. Ask your grocer. 10-21-15 DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Stop That Stubborn Cough

Coughs treated in the beginning rarely cause much trouble, but a stubborn cough, one that has been neglected, indicates a chronic inflammation of the air passages and should receive careful treatment. At this stage the system cannot throw it off without aid. The needed help is

Our Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil

There is no other remedy so reliable for the cure of chronic coughs, lung troubles, or for any debilitated condition.

Our Emulsion is palatable and easy to take, because the very best oil is used in its preparation and it is always freshly made. Price, 50c and \$1.00.

JONES' DRUG STORE

Baraga Ave. and Third St. Phone 764-J

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

EXTRA SPECIAL FEATURE TODAY EXTRA SPECIAL FEATURE

FOX PHOTOPLAY SUPREME



THEDA BARA



JEAN SOTHERN



WM. E. SHAY

THE TWO ORPHANS

SIX ACTS

DIRECTED BY HERBERT BRENON, PRODUCER OF "NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER"

Vaudeville---HARRIS & KRESS

Singers and Novelty Roller Skate Dancers

Matinee 4:00. Evening 7:10 to 10:40.

Prices, 10c and 20c

TOMORROW --- Paramount Double Feature "Bootles' Baby" and "The Man on the Case"

SATURDAY --- WORLD FILM FEATURE NAT C. GOODWIN in "The Master Hand"

The Woman's Benefit Association Of The Maccabees

The Largest, Strongest, and most Progressive Society of Women in the World.

Non-political and non-sectarian. Offers more opportunities to women than any other society. Good training and future success, love of humanity and protection of helpless little ones.

A splendid opportunity for broad-minded and sympathetic women to join this great fraternal chain of one hundred and eighty-six thousand women banded together for the betterment of their own sex. This Organization has a national reputation for this great work in the interest of women, and has already paid into homes of deceased and distressed members over twelve million dollars, every dollar going into some home in time of want and distress. We cannot begin to record the deeds of loving kindness and sympathy that have gone hand in hand with these disbursements.

This Organization has risen to high position in Fraternal Insurance through the hearty co-operation of its members and has built up by the management of its officers, a reserve of over eight million dollars.

The Woman's Benefit Association of the Maccabees was founded in Michigan by Michigan women in 1892; the cornerstone of its own building, laid in Port Huron, October 22, 1915, being the first woman's benefit association in the world to erect its own building.

Your loved ones are protected by our death benefits; we will see that you have proper burial with our burial benefits. We will take care of you when sick through sick benefits and hospital service.

First in Fraternity, First in Stability First in the Hearts of its Members

We want a competent woman to act as organizer in this locality. For further information write Mrs. Alberta V. Droelle, Great Commander for Michigan, 411 St. Aubin Ave. Detroit, Mich.

INSURANCE ACT PARTIAL FAILURE

Famous Measure of Lloyd George Breaks Down and May Be Amended.

London, Oct. 5.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The partial breakdown of the machinery of Lloyd George's famous insurance act for protecting the working classes against illness and unemployment is one of the incidents of the upheaval of financial conditions caused by the war. This scheme, with the old age pensions act, also linked with the name of the former chancellor of the exchequer, constituted the most important part of the program for social reform fathered by the Liberal party. Both schemes were patterned upon the German system. The insurance act came into effect on the first of May, 1912, and the organization for its working had hardly been perfected when the war began.

Hostile critics of the plan predicted from the beginning that it would prove a failure. They now declare that the war has only hastened the inevitable development, while the supporters lay the blame upon war conditions. Handel Booth, M. P., presiding at a meeting of insurance experts this week declared that the position of the act is critical, and other urged that parliament pass an emergency bill to amend it. Prospective beneficiaries fear that this will mean a reduction of the benefits they were promised in return for their compulsory contributions.

The employment of a great host of officials, and a huge staff of doctors, together with complications caused by the participation of benefit societies and industrial insurance companies, are held to be the principal causes for the failure of contributions and promised benefits to balance. Four separate commissions, one for each of the four kingdoms and each with a great clerical staff, and a cumbersome joint committee, were created for the administration of the act. The salaries of officials alone consumed \$2,500,000 per year; office rentals and stationery expenses also have eaten up a considerable percentage of income. Retrenchment in these items is the first measure of reform considered, and the amalgamation of the English, Scottish and Welsh commissions is proposed.

The Benefits.

On its payment side the insurance act provided for contributions of eighteen cents per week for all persons earning \$7.50 or less. Of this the workman, or woman, paid eight cents, the employed six cents and the state four cents. Free medical attendance at all times, an allowance during sickness of \$2.50 per week for men and \$1.75 for women for the first three months, and five shillings for permanent disablement were the principal benefits, while a maternity allowance of thirty shillings for the mother of each child born was a popular feature.

The simple reason for the failure of the great enterprise to meet the expectations of its sanguine promoters is that estimates have far exceeded the original estimates. The building of sanatoria for consumption at a cost of \$7,000,000 was an important feature which has not been realized because of lack of funds to build. The doctors of the United Kingdom have profited greatly through the insurance act, according to popular belief. In the beginning of the year a link between the government and the British Medical association over the terms of payment to the official physicians. Those chosen were to have several hundred people accredited to them, at an annual rate of \$1.50 per person including drugs to be furnished by the doctors. The compromise gave the doctors a maximum of \$2.25 per possible patient. The estimates of the total cost of medical attention under the act were about \$8,000,000 for 14,700,000 persons, but the actual results are not known.

Before the insurance act came into force newly fledged doctors thought themselves fortunate if they could earn from \$750 to \$1,000 by assisting older practitioners, and for this they were expected to work very long hours. Under the act many young men are credited with earnings from \$5,000 to \$7,000, the fortunate ones being those whose surgeries are situated in the poorer class and working class districts. The doctors have a strong counter balancing grievance in the slowness of the government to pay them. Most of the accounts for the year 1914 have not been settled yet.

URGES BETTER LAWS FOR INDIAN TRIBES

Lake Mohonk Conference Will Consider Plans for Safeguarding Them.

Mohonk Lake, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Outlining "Our Future Policy Toward the Full-blooded Indians of Oklahoma," Grant Foreman, a Muskogee lawyer, declared today at the Lake Mohonk Conference on the Indian and Other Dependent Peoples that for the better protection of the Indians congress should legislate for them as individuals instead of legislating for them in the mass.

He said, in part: "When the restrictions were removed from the sale of land owned by the Indians of the Five Civilized Tribes of less than three-quarters Indian blood, they soon sold their land and now very few of them have either land or money to show for their former tribal holdings. Of the more than 100,000 Indians of these tribes only about one-third are now restricted so that they cannot sell their land. These Indians for the most part are full-bloods, and they should be the objects of concern by congress which still retains jurisdiction to legislate for them, and is responsible for their future."

"The restriction on the sale of their land will be moved by the lapse of time so many years, if it is not sooner removed by congress. The purpose of congress should be to prepare these people for the day that they are thrown on their own resources. But it is very evident that adequate preparation is not being made."

Make Ruinous Leases.

"Permitted by the laws of congress to lease their lands, though they may not sell them, most of these Indians have leased their allotments including their homes, to white men, and have been compelled in many cases to move off into the hills or woods. These leases are usually made for inadequate consideration and the Indians not only gets the worst of the deal, but degrades the avowed purpose of congress to establish him on his allotment and teach him how to make his living from it.

"Many cases of destitution are found among these Indians who are the owners of good tracts of land, either because they have leased it, or will not work it. Tuberculosis is increasing and there is money nor facilities available to treat the cases. When these cases are called to the attention of the superintendent at Muskogee, it is necessary to sell part of the Indian's land under departmental supervision and use the proceeds for the relief of the Indian. This wasteful proceeding would not be necessary if congress would make adequate provision for the treatment of disease and relief of destitution.

"The law permitting these Indians to lease their land except under the supervision of the department should be repealed, and they should not be allowed to lease their homesteads at all. Part of their surplus should be sold under departmental supervision, the proceeds or savings to be used for the relief of the department against their future needs. They should be required to remain on their homestead and made to understand that they must make their living from them."

Heretofore restrictions were removed by congress on the sale of over 10,000,000 acres of land upon a test only as to the quantum of Indian blood, and the result was disastrous. Congress should adopt a policy of legislating for the individual Indians instead of legislating for them in the mass. A commission or representative of the Interior department should be empowered to examine each of the 33,000 restricted Indians, classify them, the future policy toward them being based on their individual needs and qualifications. Only by individual attention can the various diseases among these people be relieved, or can these restricted Indians in any adequate measure be prepared for the day their restrictions are removed and they are exposed to the white grater."

Lower State Notes

GRAND RAPIDS—Judges Willis B. Perkins, John S. McDonald and William B. Brown, of the Kent county circuit court, will decide whether a grand jury shall be called to investigate Kent county's political mess. The city council adopted Alderman Zoet's substitute for Alderman Eberman's original grand jury resolution. Where the original resolution called upon the judges to convene a grand jury, Zoet's substitute leaves it to their discretion. The resolution names Prosecutor Barnard as the prosecuting official.

LANSING—Jackson county supervisors in Jackson voted Monday to submit the local option question to the people at the election next spring. Eight hundred more signatures than were necessary were obtained on the "dry" petition and the "drys" are already claiming victory. Jackson is now virtually the dumping ground for surrounding "dry" counties.

In Manistee county, now "wet," the supervisors voted unanimously against submitting the option question in the spring. Shiawassee county supervisors refused a petition of the "wets" for a vote on the question because of irregularities in filing, but left the way open for the "wets" to present another petition in January by declining to continue the meeting at that time. Washenaw county "drys" asked the supervisors for permission to withdraw their local option petition, because, as the result of a misunderstanding of the number of signatures required, the petition lacks three names of the requisite number. The "drys" thought only 20 per cent of the poll list of the preceding general election was required, whereas 33 1-3 per cent is required. Attorney-General Fellows, answering a query from Otsego, Iosco and Mackinac counties, ruled that names on local option petitions must be posted 10 days before filing.

OUR JITNEY OFFER—This and 5c.

Don't Miss This. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup. Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold everywhere.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Contains No Alum

TO BAR LIQUOR ON MINNESOTA RESERVES

Commissioner of Indian Affairs Says Treaty of 1855 Will Be Enforced to Letter.

Lake Mohonk, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Cato Sells, United States commissioner of Indian affairs, whose administration has been criticized at the Lake Mohonk conference on the Indian and other dependent peoples, tonight announced that he had decided against the brewery and distillery interests in the fight over the right to sell liquor in the towns on the Indian reservations of Minnesota.

"By Nov. 1," the commissioner said, "the anti-liquor law will be enforced in Minnesota in the whole territory covered by the treaty of 1855."

Commissioner Sells displayed a telegram just received from Henry A. Larson, chief special officer of the Indian bureau at St. Paul, announcing that he had already begun to serve notices on saloonkeepers in Hibbing and Chisholm where the fight centered.

The commissioner declared that the preservation of the Indians' health was the heart of the Indian problem. The first big step to this end, he said, was to banish whiskey from the reservation.

The Osages, he declared, were being destroyed as a race by strong drink until he discovered that the law permitted him to suspend payment of the quarter of a million dollars due them annually from funds to their credit with the government. As soon as he did this every storekeeper near the reservation joined him in the fight against the liquor traffic and the reservation became one of the driest places in the country. Since then, he added, he had used the same remedy in other places.

STRIKE DEMONSTRATION CAUSES PEACEMAKERS TO LEAVE THE DISTRICT

Clifton, Ariz., Oct. 20.—A demonstration of striking copper miners in front of a hotel at Morenci where two agents of the mine owners were procuring affidavits in support of charges of violence

and intimidation, followed by a parade of strikers on the principal streets at Clifton. Were the day's developments in strike zone. As a result of the demonstration, M. Doyle and James S. Casey, who had gone to Morenci to procure the affidavits and also to furnish transportation to Duncan to strikers willing to return to work, announced tonight that they would leave Morenci.

The mining companies have established a tent colony at Duncan, where about two hundred people are quartered.

AGED HERMIT FOUND MURDERED IN HOME; WAS REPUTED WEALTHY

Chicago, Oct. 20.—J. E. Osborne, sixty-five years old, a hermit, said to be wealthy, was found murdered early tonight in his shack in South Chicago.

The aged recluse's head was crushed in and almost severed from his body. The police have begun a search for the slayer.

Two boys, both fourteen years old, curious because they had not seen Osborne for two days, entered the shack and stumbled over his body. They notified the police. The authorities believe that a report prevalent for several years that the hermit possessed a hidden fortune caused tramps to commit the murder. The walls and woodwork in the hut were covered with blood, indicating a struggle had taken place.

DEFEAT OF SUFFRAGE PROVED DECISIVE AT NEW JERSEY ELECTION

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 20.—Hope cherished by New Jersey woman suffrage supporters that the defeat in yesterday's election on the proposed amendment to the state constitution giving suffrage to women would not be as great as earlier reports indicated vanished tonight when more returns increased the majority against the proposition.

With 115 districts still to be heard from out of the 1,891 districts in the state, the majority against suffrage was 66,707, the total number of reported districts showed for suffrage 140,227; against 196,934.

BARS WORD "MURDER" ON TABLET ON CHURCH TO VICTIM OF LUSITANIA

London, Oct. 20.—"The wall of a church is not an appropriate place to perpetuate hatred," was the reason given by Sir Philip Wilbraham, chancellor of the diocese of Chester, in refusing to permit a memorial tablet to a victim of the Lusitania in a Holyoke church to bear the inscription, "Who was murdered on the Lusitania by the Germans." The word "murder," Sir Philip said, would have to be taken out of the tablet. He suggested that the inscription should read, "Who lost his life when the Lusitania was torpedoed by the Germans." This was accepted.

Theatrical

Delft Theater. The last chapter of "The Goddess," the tremendously popular serial, is being featured in today's program at the Delft theater. This final episode is said to be a powerful climax to the absorbing serial, and its presentation today will prove of great interest to those who have seen any of the previous chapters. In addition to this will be shown a Vitaphone drama, entitled "The Good in the Worst of Us." Another offering of interest today will be "Matilda's Fling," an Edison comedy-drama, in which the heroine is described as a "Female Josh Whitcomb."

Opera House.

"The Two Orphans," a Wm. Fox production, with the famous Theda Bara and William E. Shay in stellar roles, will be presented today at the opera house. The story centers about two beautiful orphans, Henrietta and Louise, the latter of whom is blind. On the death of their parents in the provinces, they are sent to a relative in Paris to be cared for. Arriving at the capital, Henrietta attracts the eye of the rascally Marquis De Presles, who has her abducted. Louise falls into the clutches of Mother Fouchard, a hideous professional beggar. The harrowing experiences of the separated sisters, and their ultimate finding of peace and happiness, make a story of compelling charm and thrilling interest.

HUMPHREYS' Free Medical Book—in celebration of sixty years we have published a revised edition of Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases, giving in minute detail the cause and treatment of the sick with Humphreys' Remedies

| No. | DISEASE | Price |
|-----|---|-------|
| 1 | Fever, Congestion, Inflammation | 25 |
| 2 | Worms, Worm Fever | 25 |
| 3 | Colic, Cramping, Watkiness of Intestine | 25 |
| 4 | Diarrhea, of Children and Adults | 25 |
| 5 | Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis | 25 |
| 6 | Toothache, Frenchie, Neuritis | 25 |
| 7 | Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo | 25 |
| 8 | Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach | 25 |
| 9 | Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis | 25 |
| 10 | Rhinitis, Catarrh, Erythema | 25 |
| 11 | Rheumatism, Lumbago | 25 |
| 12 | Fever and Ague, Malaria | 25 |
| 13 | Piles, Hemorrhoids, External, Internal | 25 |
| 14 | Chloric, Influenza, Cold in Head | 25 |
| 15 | Whooping Cough | 25 |
| 16 | Ridley Disease | 25 |
| 17 | Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing | 25 |
| 18 | Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness | 1.00 |
| 19 | Eriary Incontinence, Wetting Bed | 25 |
| 20 | Sore Throat, Gouty | 25 |
| 21 | The Grippe—Grip | 25 |

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' HOME, MEDICINE CO., CORNER William and Ann Streets, New York.

Markets

WAR STOCKS DOMINATE TRADING AT NEW YORK; RAILS SHOW STRENGTH

New York, Oct. 20.—Aside from its more orderly advance in specialties today's market presented no pronounced features of new interest. War shares dominated the session with some latent strength in a few of the representative rails.

Bethlehem Steel made the new high record of \$29, an advance of 20 over its previous maximum. Other stocks that registered new high quotations included Studebaker, up 7/8 to 17 1/2 and American Wool to 5 1/2. There were gains of one to three points in such specialties as American Locomotive, Baldwin Locomotive, American Car and Foundry, Lackawanna Steel, United States Industrial, Alcohol, Distillers' Securities and the Fertilizers. Metal shares, especially Inspiration Copper, were in demand with a revival of rumors of a consolidation of Inspiration with Anaconda. Foreign buying of refined copper also proved a factor in that quarter of the list.

United States Steel was again the most active of the former favorites, attaining its best price in the early afternoon, when liberal buying in large individual lots was resumed. Its rise coincided with trade advices which reported additional price advances for finished materials and an increased inquiry for pig iron and raw products.

BOSTON COPPERS.

Ishpeming, Mich., Oct. 20.—Market was irregular today, but on the whole prices held very well considering the realizing sales that are in evidence. Bethlehem Steel made an additional gain of 20 points to 329. Studebaker is also strong and higher. The Coppers, Inspiration was the leader, advancing over two points on very heavy trading. While Inspiration was advancing, Anaconda declined fractionally. This gave color to the rumors of a consolidation of these two companies. Inspiration has had a big advance and while we believe it will ultimately sell very much higher, at present prices it looks attractive to sell Inspiration and buy some of the dividend paying stocks. The clarifying of the Mexican situation, Green Cananea should do better and this company should also resume quarterly dividends.

COLDS DO NOT LEAVE WILLINGLY.

Because a cold is stubborn is no reason why you should be. Instead of "wearing" it out, get sure relief by taking Dr. King's New Discovery. Dangerous bronchial and lung ailments often follow a cold which has been neglected at the beginning. As your body faithfully battles these cold germs, no better aid can be given than the use of this remedy. Its merit has been tested by old and young. Get a bottle today. 50c and \$1.00.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Government orders for heavy import duties in France put a new burden today on wheat prices here. Largely in consequence of the market, which was unsettled at the close, showed a decline. December wheat, 104 1/2; May wheat, 105 1/2; December corn, 58 1/2; May corn, 55 1/2; December oats, 35 1/2; May oats, 30 1/2.

CHICAGO PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Butter, unchanged. Eggs, unchanged; receipts, 6,906 cases. Poultry, alive, higher; fowls, 13 cents; springs, 14 cents.

J. A. MINNEAR & CO.

BROKERS

Members Chicago Board of Trade

Correspondents: Fitzgerald, Hubbard & Co., Boston. Josephthal, Louchheim & Co., New York. Thompson & McKinnon, Chicago.

DIRECT PRIVATE WIRES TO CHICAGO, NEW YORK AND BOSTON

Laurium, Mich. OFFICES Ishpeming, Mich. Phones 820-822. Phone 512-513.

"OO-y! My Corn-n!" H-m, Use 'Gets-It'

Then You'll Have No Corns to Bump! Your Corns Will Come "Clean Off" Quick!

Did you ever see a corn peel off after you've used "Gets-It" on it? Well, it's a moving picture for you! If! And you hardly do a thing to it.

"Sore Corn Bumped Again! Use 'Gets-It' Corns Vanish!"



Put a little "Gets-It" on it, it dries at once. There's nothing to it. No pain, no fuss, 48 hours—corns gone. "Gets-It" never hurts the true flesh, never makes them sore. If you have tried almost everything else for corns, you'll be much more surprised to see how quickly and easily your corns and calluses will come right off with "Gets-It." Quick bumping and wrinking up your face with corn-wrinkles. Try "Gets-It" tonight on that corn, callus, wart or bunion, and you'll be glad you read this.

"Gets-It" is sold at all druggists, 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Marquette and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by the Stafford Drug Co.

A Cereal Delight

Dr. Price has added a delightful new dish to the list of ready-to-serve cereals.

Something you'll like for a change.

Oh, yes, there are other wheat flakes, but none like

DR. PRICE'S Wheat Flakes

CRISP-TASTY

Priceless Profit-Sharing Coupons in Every Package

Put it on your grocery list today and it will be a regular visitor to your home hereafter.

The exclusive Dr. Price Pure Foods Store in your town are:

John Siegel & John Carlson

DR. PRICE'S CORN FLAKES

If you like corn better than wheat

The Peninsula Bank Ishpeming, Mich.

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business Sept. 2, 1915. Condensed from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

| RESOURCES: | | LIABILITIES: | |
|----------------------------|--------------|---|--------------|
| Loans, Discounts and Bonds | \$780,261.80 | Capital Stock | \$50,000.00 |
| Banking House | 15,000.00 | Surplus Fund | 75,000.00 |
| Overdrafts | 3.45 | Undivided Profits, Less Reserves and Taxes Paid | 38,816.93 |
| Cash Resources | 143,672.95 | Dividends Unpaid | 99.00 |
| | | Deposits | 718,684.27 |
| | | Reserves for Interest | 10,500.00 |
| | \$928,001.20 | | \$928,001.20 |

DIRECTORS: JOHN KANDELIN, H. F. HEYN, JOS. MITCHELL, GEO. F. THONEY, LARS HOYSETH, THOS. W. HUGHES, OTTO EGER, W. T. POTTER.

Three per cent interest paid on Savings Accounts. Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at \$2.50 per year.

Ishpeming Department
(Additional Ishpeming news on page 7)

RICHARD GENDLE WAS KNOWN HERE

One of the Victims of Butte Explosion a Former Resident of Ishpeming.

Richard Gendle, who was one of the victims of the powder explosion at the Granite Mountain mine of the North Butte Mining company in Butte, Mont., an account of which appeared in the Mining Journal's Associated Press dispatches yesterday, was a former Ishpeming man, and a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Chapman, of High street, who left last night for Butte to attend the funeral.

Mr. Gendle, who was the electrician at the Granite Mountain mine, had lived in Butte for about ten years, or since he left Ishpeming. He was brought up in this city and was well known and had many friends here, who were shocked to learn that he was a victim of the explosion which wiped out the lives of fourteen of the company's workmen and injured several others.

For some time before leaving Ishpeming Mr. Gendle was in the employ of the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company at the Lake mine, he having had charge of the pipe work there. He was successful as an electrician and he had a fine position with the North Butte Mining company. Ishpeming men who have visited Butte within the past year reported upon their return home that Mr. Gendle was regarded as one of Butte's most efficient electricians.

DWELLING BURNS DOWN.

Home of Mrs. John Fortes Destroyed by Fire, Loss Is Several Thousand.

Fire destroyed a frame dwelling owned by Mrs. John Fortes, a widow, at Spring and Seventh streets, yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. The loss amounted to several thousand dollars, none of which was covered by insurance. The fire was caused by a defective flue in the rear of the house, and at the same time flames burst from the stove downstairs.

Mrs. Fortes suffered severe burns about the face and hands, in an effort to save some of her furniture, but succeeded in saving nothing besides a small rug and a few other articles of little value. Hans Anderson and family, who moved into the rear part of the dwelling about a week ago, also lost all of their furniture and clothing in the fire.

LEAGUE BOWLING.

In the business men's bowling league team No. 7 took three straight games from No. 8 Tuesday evening. There was some good bowling, two of the men having scores above 480, while Lundin and Gleason had scores of better than 300, the former's total being 340 and the latter's 325. Both of Gleason's teammates, A. C. Braastad and W. J. Blaney, were off color and if they had bowled in their usual form they would likely have put across a victory. The scores were as follows:

| | | | | | |
|-------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| No. 7 | E. Hendrickson | 143 | 202 | 151 | 496 |
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| | | 513 | 510 | 503 | 1526 |
| No. 8 | Braastad | 132 | 158 | 133 | 423 |
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Tonight Nos. 3 and 7 will roll by request and the members of No. 7, E. Hendrickson, Burke and Heindel, are asked to report at the alleys not later than 8 o'clock. Teams 5 and 6 are also scheduled to bowl tonight, and the members are urged to be present early. Talo and Lindberg will bowl in the match tonight, as the team on which they are enrolled has no schedule. After the league matches, a special five-men match will take place between the team that will go to Escanaba Saturday and a special five selected by Lundin.

NEW POSTOFFICE MAY BE OPEN IN HOLIDAYS

Practically All Material, Except Furniture and Safes, Is on Hand.

Ishpeming's new postoffice building, the erection of which was started early in the spring, will be completed about four months before the time set by the contract. James Duvald, the contractor, was given sixteen months, from Dec. 12, last year, to finish the job. Although much time was lost during the summer because of wet weather, the building probably will be ready to be turned over to the government by the first of the year. Government Inspector Canman is anxious to have the postoffice in the new building for the Christmas business. He now is convinced that it will be possible to put enough of the fixtures in place to permit of the holiday business being handled through the new building.

The plasterers, who came here from Chicago, will finish their work today. Five plasterers have been employed for the last three weeks. The plastering, like all other work in the building, is first-class. From past experience it has been learned that the government inspectors will not accept plastering that is not perfect.

Trembath Bros. to do Decorating.

On the plaster there will be put a thin cotton sheeting over which there will be three coats of paint. The decorating design has not yet been received. When it comes Mr. Canman will turn it over to Trembath Bros., who have the painting contract.

There is ample space in the new building for extra business, besides that handled through the postoffice department, as none of the rooms on the second floor have been assigned for any particular purpose, with the exception of those on the north side, which will be the reading rooms for the mail carriers. There are three other large rooms, on the second floor, that will be completely furnished, one of them thirty-one by seventeen and one-half feet.

On the first floor the postmaster and assistant postmaster will have their office in the same room, while there will be separate rooms for the money order department, and a large room for the work room for carriers and office clerks. In the lobby will be a marble floor and marble also will be used in five lavatories, the bath room for the carriers and the stairway leading from the first to the second floor. The postmaster's and money order department rooms will have wainscoting of quarter sawed fluted oak, while the wainscoting in the work room will be Georgia pine.

The building will have the very finest of fixtures and there will be three large burglar and fire proof safes, in addition to the three large vaults. One safe will be for valuable parcels post packages, another will be for money and the third for any other purpose for which it might be needed.

Practically all postoffice buildings now being erected have a private department

HELP IN THE RACE

Join the Y.M.C.A. Today

A member counts 1/2 mile. \$1 counts 1/4 mile.

FREE

The Best Sale for the Season

With each Electric Iron we will give a genuine Springer Ironing Board FREE

Hot Point Iron\$3.00
Ironing Board 1.50
\$4.50

All for \$3.00

To consumers of our current.

Marquette County Gas & Electric Co.

CONSOLIDATED FUEL & LUMBER CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

LUMBER

ALL KINDS OF MANUFACTURED MATERIAL

We can supply you with anything in the building material line at the lowest prices on the shortest possible notice.

CEMENTS BRICK

We also have in stock and handle all kinds of

COAL

ISHPEMING, NEGAUNEE, MARQUETTE and GWINN, MICH.

for detectives, who might be assigned to the building to watch employees. The detectives may enter and leave his secret apartment without being observed by any one in the building. This department is provided with a number of lookouts through which the detective can see all sections of the different rooms in which employees are. He can also see the carriers when they are in their reading room, but the windows are so constructed that no one in the building can see the detective. This department is constructed of concrete and is noiseless.

Speaking of the detective lookout, Mr. Canman yesterday said the government has, for some time, been installing them in all postoffices. A great many shortages have been discovered by detectives so concealed.

Mr. Canman cited a number of instances where there were shortages in postoffices and where it took weeks of watching to find the guilty person. In

cases where the watching was done from the lookout the detectives have found the thieves much sooner than was possible under the old plan of obtaining information second hand, or attempting to watch the person under suspicion.

May Use Extra Rooms.

The postoffice building is large enough for a city of 50,000. Mr. Canman thinks that one of the extra rooms on the second floor will be used for civil service examinations, while one of the others may be used later for special government work. In the basement, which is most conveniently laid out, there will be a large supply room, with metal shelves.

The building is provided with a Kewanee smokeless boiler. The janitors will have a special department in the basement and there is a coal room large enough for two years' supply of coal.

Mr. Canman is well satisfied with the heating plant, which tomorrow will be tested by F. A. Miller, of Chicago, a mechanical inspector. Under the terms of the government contract with the Kewanee people, all their boilers must be capable of raising ten pounds of steam in a cold boiler in thirty minutes. Mr. Canman said the boiler in the postoffice will meet this test, as he has already tried it out. There are special ventilators connected with the heating plant through which either cold or hot air can be removed from the first and second floors of the building by merely opening registers in the chimney.

There will be two janitors in the building. Under government rules a janitor may not work more than eight hours a day. The working hours of the janitors will be arranged so that each will have night and day service in turn. Postmaster Dundon yesterday said he already had received about thirty applications for position as janitor, but candidates must pass the civil service examination. To do this requires some mechanical knowledge. The head janitor will receive a salary of \$60 a month. The building cost approximately \$55,000. This is exclusive of furniture, fixtures, cafes, lock boxes, etc. The furniture will cost about \$4,500 and there will be about four hundred boxes, costing in the neighborhood of \$700.

IRRITABLE CHILDREN OFTEN NEED KICKAPOO WORM KILLER.

There is a reason for the disagreeable and fretful nature of many children. Think of the unrest when the child's body is possessed by tiny worms sapping its vitality and clogging its functions. Whatever may be the cause—Your child's peevishness and irritability has a cause. Give Kickapoo Worm Killer a chance and if worms are there this harmless remedy will eliminate "that children have worms is a fact" the annoying parasites. 25c. a box.

OLDEST PAPER IN FRANCE
SUSPENDS AFTER LIFE OF NEARLY THREE CENTURIES.

Paris, Oct. 20.—The oldest newspaper in France, the Gazette de France, has suspended publication after appearing for nearly 300 years. The publishers hope to revive the paper after the war. It was founded in 1631 by Theophraste Renaudot. The publishers announced their decision in a brief editorial paragraph in the final issue: "It is a duty and a pleasure one to thank the numerous friends of the Gazette for the affectionate, touching and encouraging letters they have sent us regarding the temporary suspension of the oldest French newspaper—which has been appearing now for nearly 300 years. To our public and our friends who represent old and young France in their nobler elements, we say not 'Adieu' but 'Au Revoir,' confident that we shall soon begin again to defend with them the great causes that are dear to us in a renaissance and victorious France."

Itinerary dance Friday night at the Braastad Amusement hall. 10-20-21.

FOR SALE—Driving horse, weight 1,100 pounds. Sinal Nault, North Lake location. 10-16-16.

FOR RENT—Seven-room house in good locality, also furniture for sale. Inquire 96 S. Pine St. 10-20-31

DOG STATES OBJECTION TO BIFURCATED CLOTHES, AND GIRL WEARER FLEES.

New York, Oct. 20.—A pretty young woman, whose high crowned Puritan hat, Copenhagen blue velvet dress and cream colored silk ruffled pantalettes were the latest word, stepped out of the station at New Rochelle and started to a waiting automobile. She stopped to talk to a young man who was leading a bull dog.

The dog suddenly saw the pantalettes, backed up, growled and sprang at the ruffles. The young man tried to pull him away, but he did not let go until one pantalette was wrecked, disclosing Copenhagen blue silk hose. The girl fled to the auto. The young man boxed the dog's ears.

SUDDEN MUSCULAR ACHES AND PAINS—NEED NOT BE!

That is—if you use the right remedy. Sloan's Liniment is a real necessity in every home—for young and old. Its merit is praised in dozens of letters. A stiff neck from colds, children's sprains, those aching muscles, that sharp rheumatic pain—these find guaranteed relief in Sloan's Liniment. Every home meets with sudden aches and accidents. Your home needs a bottle. 25c, 50c. and \$1.

LEAGUE BOWLING.

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Ishpeming Theatre

Friday, Oct. 29

The Play the Whole World Is Talking About

A. H. WOOD Presents

The International Laughing Success

EXTRA! EXTRA!

Extraordinary Values in Marquette Curtains and Curtaining at Unmatchably Low Prices.

| | | | |
|---|--------|--|--------|
| 2 1/2 yds. Plain Hemstitched Curtains, pair | \$1.25 | 2 1/2 yds. Hemstitched and 3-inch Cluny Edge, pair | \$2.19 |
| 2 1/2 yds. Hemstitched and Cluny Edge, pair | 1.59 | 2 1/2 yards Ecru Curtains, Cluny Edge, embroidered band, worth \$5.00 a pair—Special at pair | 4.00 |

MARQUETTE BY THE YARD
with Cluny Edge and Insertion, regular 35 and 40c quality; 29c special for this week only, yard.

Three-Inch Pure Linen Real Cluny Lace Only 10c yard

It will pay you to get these bargains now while they last as we have only a limited number.

Phone your orders to No. 466. We deliver to any part of the city.

JOSEPH SELLWOOD & CO.

Contains More Laughs Than All Other Comedies Combined

POTASH and PERLMUTTER

The Stories Made Montague Glass Famous But the Play Made Him Rich!

It's Humor Appeals to All Races Who Can Understand English

POTASH and PERLMUTTER

From Montague Glass' Famous Stories in the Saturday Evening Post

Seat orders now being taken.

PRICES: 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.



WHETHER your account aggregates thousands of dollars, or is a little one with a desire to grow, we will welcome it, and offer you every possible banking facility in carrying out your financial affairs.

Our checking system solves household accounting—correct change—always an indisputable receipt for every transaction. Come in and talk it over!



FIRST NATIONAL NEGAUNEE BANK MICH Capital & Surplus \$200,000.00.

Ishpeming

BIG VAUDEVILLE ACT.

Troupe of Six People Will Present Miniature Musical Comedy.

"The Freshmen," is the title of a musical comedy that will be presented by six people tonight, tomorrow and Saturday at the Ishpeming theater.

Tonight's picture program includes "The Slavery Student," an Edison three-reel feature comedy drama.

John and Alma Pickett, by the death of their mother, are left orphans and find themselves absolutely destitute.

Meantime John makes the acquaintance of the young man in the next room and, writes his sister, Alma that night has been accepted, and starts in with her duties.

ERIC CARLSON

New Lunch Room

Voelker Bldg., Main Street

Hot and Cold Lunches

Cigars, Tobacco, Temperance Drinks, etc.

Give us a call.

ERIC CARLSON

The Negaunee State Bank

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT SAVINGS DEPARTMENT INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

Every individual or business enterprise has affairs requiring the services of one or more of the above departments of business conducted by this bank.

invites her to attend a midnight party in one of the dormitories. Just at this time Alma receives a letter from John, telling her that he is writing from a prison, having been charged with a crime committed by his friend of the adjoining room at the boarding house, who turns out to be a burglar.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. VanBroeklin and daughters, Adie, Winifred and Fannette, will leave this morning for Sault Head, where they will spend the next five days at Goma cottage.

W. E. Hill arrived in the city yesterday and has completed arrangements to open bowling alleys in the McEnroe building, which was recently vacated by John W. Goudge.

Births recorded in the city yesterday are a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. John Jaaski, 114 South Third street, and a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Osmond Allen, 410 North Fourth street.

The employees of the Oliver Iron Mining company will be paid for the first half of October, as follows: Lake Superior mines, Monday, 23rd; Steggmiller, Tuesday, 26th, and Queen Mines, Negaunee, Wednesday, 27th.

The Gladstone City football team, which defeated the Ishpeming eleven in a hard-fought game last season, will play here Sunday. Nebo, the former Michigan star, whose sensational work greatly aided the Gladstone victory of 20 to 9 last year, is with the team again this year.

Al Beal and son, George, of Michigan, were the guests of Ishpeming relatives yesterday.

Mrs. F. Braasard and daughter Lillian, have gone to Chicago, where they will spend a few days.

A regular meeting of Ishpeming lodge, No. 447 B. P. O. E., will be held in Mill-don's hall this evening at 8 o'clock.

Miss Laura Riberdy has returned from Detroit, where she spent several weeks visiting relatives and friends.

Walter Fitch, former superintendent of the Champion mine, now in charge of mining properties in Utah, is here on a short business trip.

Mrs. Ida Maria Stenman, of Milwaukee, who has been a patient at Dr. Holm's hospital for the last week, suffering with blood poisoning, died yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Stenman was thirty-three years old. She is survived by her husband, Ralph Stenman, who

was here at the time of her death. The remains were shipped to Milwaukee last evening.

W. J. Chapman, who a few weeks ago purchased Michael Nolan's property on High street, and family, has taken possession of the house.

Mrs. E. W. Carlton and son, William J., of Marquette, are visiting Mrs. Carlton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Cuddahy, of Johnston street.

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Negaunee Department

STRONG PLAYERS ARE OUT FOR INDOOR TEAM

Negaunee Will Be Well Represented on Diamond During the Winter Months.

During the coming indoor baseball season Negaunee will be represented by what is expected to be one of the fastest teams ever organized in the upper peninsula. Charles Kirkpatrick, the veteran pitcher, will be the manager and will do most of the twirling.

Mr. Kirkpatrick has made arrangements with John M. Wilson, the manager, for the use of the Adelphi roller rink and all of the team's home games will be staged there. The rink has been repaired since last season, and Mr. Wilson promises that it will be in good condition for fast baseball.

The team will start regular practices next week, and it is expected that fifteen or twenty players will be tried out. Mr. Kirkpatrick and Dave Scanlon, one of the best indoor players ever developed in the upper peninsula, will have charge of the training. Scanlon will be the first baseman, a position he has played for the last fifteen years.

"Dick" Adams, star shortstop last year on the Ishpeming City team, has moved to Negaunee and will hold down one of the shortstop positions. Ted Butler, who has been a member of Ishpeming and Negaunee indoor teams for several years, will play the opposite shortstop.

Yalmer Leimonen will probably hold down second base, and Sam Ford will play right field and be used as utility pitcher and first baseman.

Hilmer Leaf, Negaunee's sensational outdoor pitcher, intends to get into the indoor game this year and will try out for infield position.

Practicing in the two cities, Marquette will undoubtedly be represented by a city team and fraternal nine. The Knights of Columbus will organize a team at Ishpeming, and it is thought that the old Ishpeming City team will get back into the game.

It is probable that a twin city league will be organized, and there will be seven or eight teams in the cities. Marquette will undoubtedly be represented by a city team and fraternal nine. The Knights of Columbus will organize a team at Ishpeming, and it is thought that the old Ishpeming City team will get back into the game.

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MARGUERITE CLARK TONIGHT.

Marguerite Clark will be seen tonight at the Star theater in a bewitching characterization of "Wildflower," a Paramount motion picture production in four parts. In "Wildflower" Letty Roberts, a pretty and unsophisticated child of nature, dreams and toils her time away on a little farm on the edge of the woods, far from the city.

One day a strange comely Arnold Bond, a wealthy man who has chosen the seclusion of the forest as a rest from wearisome society duties. He meets Letty, and is delighted with her daintiness and fragile beauty, and at once makes friends with the shy little creature of the woods. He thinks of her only as an interesting child, however, and when visited by his scapegrace brother, Gerald, who is by his own confession "a constant worshipping of the shrine of woman," Arnold views with alarm and discomfiture the flirtatious advances of the little Letty.

Gerald has Arnold's nickname of "Wildflower" as appropriate to Letty, and begins an ardent courtship of the child-woman, whose innocence and ignorance lead her to mistake a fair test, as earnestly combined with personal pride is demonstrated by a sudden fall and disappearance.

The bars resorted to by the members of the stock exchange show a decrease of 95 per cent. Everywhere the catch-phrase is: "Have a drink on yourself." The soldiers, who hitherto drank seven rounds contended themselves with two. A club of five Covent Garden merchants contented themselves with "one drink each."

Among the prosperous classes the act was a success, but today was scarcely a fair test, as earnestly combined with personal pride is demonstrated by a sudden fall and disappearance. The bars resorted to by the members of the stock exchange show a decrease of 95 per cent. Everywhere the catch-phrase is: "Have a drink on yourself." The soldiers, who hitherto drank seven rounds contended themselves with two. A club of five Covent Garden merchants contented themselves with "one drink each."

WAIT FOR ORE DEMAND.

Ohio Mine Has Plenty Broken, But Consumption Is Not Great.

The Ohio mine at Michigan is awaiting the betterment of the ore market in order to dispose of a large tonnage of ore already broken, but still underground in the property. There is in the neighborhood of 100,000 tons of ore ready for hoisting and Michigan men believe that it is only a question of time when the ore will be in demand.

At the Portland mine, future operations are contingent upon the demand for ore. There are larger deposits, but to obtain any considerable tonnage and handle it on a paying basis it is necessary to strip the surface.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Mrs. W. Davey, of Detroit, is visiting Negaunee relatives and friends.

R. W. Wenk, of Marquette, is spending a few days in the city, on business.

Frank E. Tompkins and Leslie Gaffney spent yesterday hunting at King Lake.

Victor Mattson, of Sault Ste. Marie, is the guest of Negaunee friends for a few days.

Miss Teresa Helmsdorfer visited yesterday with relatives and friends at Marquette.

John A. Wasmuth has completed installing a heating plant in his residence on Park street.

William Piper, who spent a few days here visiting relatives, has returned to Crystal Falls.

George Zio, of Iron Mountain, spent the last few days visiting Baptist Barasa and family.

Mrs. C. F. Moll, of Kenton, is the guest of her sister, Miss Virginia MacKenzie, for a few days.

Miss Minnie Veale has taken a position as secretary to Superintendent Orr Schurtz at the high school.

Sam Veale, Cherry street, was taken seriously ill yesterday with appendicitis and was taken to the Negaunee hospital.

Mrs. Bessie Yelland and son, George, arrived home yesterday from a three month visit with relatives at Pittsburg and Natrona, Pa.

Swan Pilo, who has been confined to his home with typhoid fever for the last two weeks, is reported to be in a serious condition.

Miss Anna Swelberg, who recently underwent an operation for appendicitis at the Negaunee hospital, was removed to her home at the Jackson location yesterday.

Bert Balcom was in the city yesterday with the hide of a large timber wolf, which he trapped at his farm at Little Lake. He took the pelt to Marquette in order to collect the bounty.

The Young Men's club of the Mitchell Methodist Episcopal church will attend services at the church Sunday evening in a body. The pastor, Rev. R. L. Hewson, will deliver a special sermon.

The directors of the Young People's society of the Finnish Lutheran church met Tuesday evening at the home of Matt Annelin at the South Shore location. Plans were made for a social a few weeks hence.

LONDON'S "NO TREAT" LAW.

The anti-treating law slid quietly and jocosely into effect. Its success was instantaneous among all classes except those to whom it was intended to apply in the West End. The hotels report a decrease of 35 per cent in their liquor business, and their upper trade has a sudden all but disappeared.

The bars resorted to by the members of the stock exchange show a decrease of 95 per cent. Everywhere the catch-phrase is: "Have a drink on yourself." The soldiers, who hitherto drank seven rounds contended themselves with two. A club of five Covent Garden merchants contented themselves with "one drink each."

Among the prosperous classes the act was a success, but today was scarcely a fair test, as earnestly combined with personal pride is demonstrated by a sudden fall and disappearance. The bars resorted to by the members of the stock exchange show a decrease of 95 per cent. Everywhere the catch-phrase is: "Have a drink on yourself." The soldiers, who hitherto drank seven rounds contended themselves with two. A club of five Covent Garden merchants contented themselves with "one drink each."

STAR TONIGHT

Paramount Pictures

Daniel Frohman Presents

The Dainty, Magnetic Star

Marguerite Clark

In Bewitching Characterization

"WILDFLOWER"

In Four Acts

A drama of the lights and shadows, of the sun-kissed forest, and the depths and shallows of human life.

One reel of Paramount Traveling Pictures also will be shown.

ADMISSION, 10c and 15c

National board has been in complete control of the situation. Each company has had to do what it was told and to make any arrangements necessary for the safe and speedy conduct of the abnormal traffic.

It is interesting to note that one can purchase today as contrasted with what one was able to purchase seven or eight years ago. For \$1,800 one could at that time secure from a few of the pioneers of the moderate-priced car a fairly serviceable machine.

At that price it did not have high-grade metal fittings or accessories that are possible to obtain for \$600 or \$700 less today. It had no self-starter, of course; it had an imitation leather top, was minus a lighting system, and usually used battery ignition, unless extra was paid for a magneto.

Speedometer, oil gauge or gasoline pressure system; the wheel base was about 100 inches, the tires were small and upholstery was not of leather or high-grade deep cushioning, and bronze bearings and chrome nickel steel or roller bearings were not for that type of car.

The rear axle was not full floating and there were no demountable rims. Back in 1903 no automobile even had a top on it; and a poor doctor who had rigged one of his own to shelter himself, wrote complacently to the Horseless Age on the subject.

Today all the above enumerated points and many others are included in a car at less than \$1,000. To make a direct comparison, a car which sold at not less than \$2,300 six or seven years ago did not even include many of the good points of the lower-priced car, which now can be bought for about \$800—a little more than one-third the price!

The full sweep of the accomplishment of the past six or seven years in automobile manufacture and service-rendering is thus made apparent.—American Review of Reviews.

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Upon the heels of the announcement of the use of the incandescent lamp as the chief instrument employed in telephoning without wires across the continent, comes the announcement that it has been used to produce music from light.

In explaining the discovery of his "wireless lamp" or "audion," Dr. Lee De Forest says it means that "science now offers musicians a new method of producing music, which seems capable of limitless possibilities."

The pitch of the notes can be changed by merely putting the finger on certain parts of the circuit, thus producing weird, beautiful effects. Dr. De Forest has also played upon a series of telephone receivers with an improvised keyboard like that of an organ.

"I have been captivated," Dr. De Forest said, "by the idea of discovering an entirely new method of producing music unknown to our great composers of past generations."

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Ishpeming Theatre Tonight

Big Time Vaudeville

"The Freshman"

Miniature Musical Comedy --- A Splendid Act

"THE SLAVEY STUDENT"

Edison 3-Reel Feature with VIOLA DANA, the Broadway Child Star, Supported by a Strong Cast.

The Fable of "The Roystering Blades" -- Essanay Comedy

Tomorrow Night

"Ne'l of the Navy" Second Episode

Next Tuesday

Charles Chaplin in "The Bank" One of his most delightful comedies.

NEXT WEDNESDAY

Nance O'Neil, Theda Bara, Wm. E. Shay in "KREUTZER SONATA" COUNT LEO TOLSTOI'S GREATEST PLAY Gripping Modern Drama Distinguished Players Marvelously Pictured

HEADACHE FROM A COLD? LISTEN!

"Pape's Cold Compound" ends severe colds or grippe in few hours.

Your cold will break and all gripe misery end after taking a dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" every two hours until three doses are taken.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffing! Ease your throbbing head—nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Accept no substitute.

Cut Flowers

Roses, Kaiserine, Sunburst and Mildred, Carnations, Chrysanthemums, Smilax

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Palms and Ferns Begonias Swansonias

We are especially equipped to handle out-of-town business. Mail and telephone orders given prompt attention.

'Phone 80 Negaunee Greenhouses Negaunee, Mich.

WILL TACKLE STRONG TEAMS

Eleven Will Not Indulge in Any Championship Talk—Hard Games Ahead With Soo and Calumet—May Play Menominee

Balance of Schedule Makes It Possible to Decide Supremacy of Upper Peninsula—Gustafson Is Threatened With Ineligibility—Hughes' Letter Defines Stand.

Although the Marquette high school football team does not yet claim to the championship of the upper peninsula in spite of articles in the Menominee and Escanaba newspapers to the contrary, it is expected that the completion of the schedule will enable the Marquette team to establish its supremacy beyond any question of doubt.

With the Soo game to be played next Saturday, the Calumet game definitely arranged for Oct. 30, and negotiations pending for a game with Menominee, the Marquette eleven includes in its schedule the most important contenders for championship honors. The Marquette goal line has not yet been crossed, and if the team should succeed in defeating the Soo, Calumet, and Menominee elevens, there would be little grounds for any other team in the upper peninsula to dispute the title.

Hard Games Ahead. However, these games must first be won, and in these three instances victory is far from an assured fact. The Soo team, in the game with Escanaba last week, conclusively proved that it is capable of pushing the Marquette eleven to the limit. The Marquette-Calumet game last year, which resulted in a 6-0 victory for the local aggregation, was declared by many to have been one of the hardest fought games ever witnessed in the upper peninsula, so that the result of this year's conflict will afford much room for speculation.

As to the game with Menominee, this team has played with but one Michigan high school team thus far, so that it is practically impossible to gauge its strength as compared with the Marquette team. However, it is conceded to have an especially strong team, and if the game should be arranged, the local eleven will undoubtedly be given a hard battle to say the least.

May Lose Gustafson. The Marquette team, with its full strength, appears to have some advantage on each of these other teams, but there is a probability of its being handicapped through the ineffectiveness of Earl Gustafson, the star quarterback, who is down in his studies. In this event, this position would be handled by James Dotsch, who is rated as a good player, but with comparatively little experience. Such a change would hamper, to a certain extent, the championship aspirations of the home team, and would tend to make the outcome of the rest of the schedule more problematic.

In view of this fact, the Marquette High school team realizes the futility of any championship claims, until after the entire schedule is completed, and the position of the school in this matter is clearly outlined in the following letter to The Mining Journal from principal H. D. Hughes:

Hughes Defines Position. "To The Mining Journal: In view of the fact that there has been considerable comment in Marquette, Menominee and Escanaba papers over the upper peninsula high school football championship and the alleged claims of various aspirants thereto, it seems best to state the position of the Marquette High school concerning this matter.

"First, Marquette High school has not, does not, and will not lay claim to the upper peninsula championship, for the reason that there is no such championship. No championship series of games has been arranged, and the school authorities of the upper peninsula are practically unanimous in their opinion, expressed at a meeting during the recent convention in this city, that there should be no talk of championship.

"Second, Marquette does claim to have a rattling good team and to have made a splendid record. It has two hard games yet ahead, one with Sault Ste. Marie on Oct. 23, and one with Calumet on Oct. 30. The result of these games might be to put a stop to all plans for a game with a Southern Michigan team.

MAYOR URGES THAT CITY BUY

F. H. Begole, in Mass Meeting at Menominee, Tells Voters too Much Thought Should Not Be Given Dollars and Cents Where Water Supply Is Concerned.

Went to Town on Invitation of Mayor Lloyd, Who Is Urging the Approval of \$285,000 Bonds to Be Issued to Enable the City to Take Over This Utility.

Mayor Begole, at a meeting at the Menominee theater last evening, presented a vigorous argument in favor of municipal ownership of the water system to Menominee on the invitation of Mayor Lloyd, who is conducting a campaign for the approval of a proposed \$285,000 bond issue, the proceeds to be used either in buying out the present water company or putting in a city plant, if it refuses to sell. The mayor is opposed in this contest by the Menominee Herald-Leader, and in the course of his talk Mr. Begole took up one of the Herald-Leader's points, asserting that the problem should not be regarded entirely in terms of dollars and cents.

"I wish to make some comments on a page article in the Menominee Herald-Leader of Monday evening, last entitled 'Can Menominee afford to pay higher taxes?', and signed by Mr. Roger M. Andrews who, I believe, is editor of that paper. 'I have,' Mayor Begole said, 'every respect for a man who will come out as boldly as Mr. Andrews has done and give his views upon so important a question over his signature. I believe Mr. Andrews to be absolutely honest. Any suggestion that he has been bought by the water company would be dismissed by me immediately after having read his article. This does not mean, however, that he is right in the position that he has taken. I wish to make a few comments on this article and try to show you tonight where he is wrong and Mayor Lloyd is everlastingly right.'

Bristles With Dollar Signs. "Mr. Andrews' article bristles from top to bottom with dollar signs. I want to submit to you if there is any one place in our whole system of government where the dollar sign must be eliminated. It is in dealing with the question of pure water and the lives of human beings. This article admits many a vacant chair in Menominee today due to poisoned drinking water. What guarantee have you got in the future that such a condition of affairs will not again present itself? Make a clean break with the past. Either buy or build your water plant and put the management in the hands of responsible men.

"I am not a fatalist in any sense of the word. I do not believe in accidents having to happen. Ninety per cent of what we are pleased to term accidents are not accidents at all, but simply the result of some one's carelessness. If you have many vacant chairs in the homes of Menominee people due to the use of impure water the responsibility can be squarely and safely put upon the shoulders of the people who have been selling this water. It is almost pitiful to see your council here in Menominee appropriate a large sum of money to maintain an efficient fire department for the protection of inanimate wood, which represents dollars and cents, from destruction and in the same budget set aside a paltry sum to maintain an inefficient health department which has for its purpose the protection of human lives.

"Bring the thing right down to a personal basis. If you have a typhoid fever epidemic here in Menominee and the vacant chair is at your table and one of your loved ones has been sacrificed through some one's carelessness do you want to consider the dollar sign in protecting the future? As a matter of fact I do not believe that a bond issue for the purpose of buying or building a water works plant here in Menominee will cost the tax payers one penny. That has been the experience in Marquette.

Book Value of \$436,000. "Our electric light plant has a book value of \$436,641.52 with a bonded indebtedness today of only \$30,000 which is to be paid off next year. This large investment has been paid for out of profits, not one cent has been taxed on the homes of the people of Marquette, not even for interest. In our water department the real estate, plant and equipment has a book value of \$281,624.12 with a bonded indebtedness of \$115,000, which will be paid out of the



SCENE FROM THE 'TWO ORPHANS.' AT THE MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE TODAY.

TO the substantial business man of forty or forty-five, to the young man, we offer this week some of the finest suits which have ever come to us from

Stein-Bloch and The House of Kuppenheimer



Blues, Browns, Greys, or some of the multiple check patterns will surely win your admiration.

The prices — \$20, \$25 or \$30 will certainly appeal to your sense of economy—of value.

Let us show to you our magnificent display.

ALSO— we are selling this week, at reduced prices, a special line of odd-sized Fall and Winter Overcoats, snappy in style and of high quality—rare bargains.

Our line of Men's Furnishings—Shirts, Shoes, Hats, etc., was never more complete.

Ormsbee & Atkins

profits within the next few years. Not one cent of the cost of this water works, water mains, the entire equipment, has been assessed on property in Marquette either for principal or interest.

"The city of Menominee is simply loaning its credit to insure the sale of the bonds and to secure a low rate of interest on them. Cities ought to benefit by the experience of their neighbors. They are not always inclined to. They are often like the boy who was very anxious to get married. His father assumed that he was too young. He said: 'Now, John, you should benefit by my experience,' but, spoke up the young fellow, 'that's all right dad, but I want the experience myself.' That is too much the way of cities. They are bound to have the experience themselves.

Marquette Water Plant. In the course of his address Mayor Begole sketched the development of the Marquette plant. He said: "We had a big fire in June, 1868. It destroyed a large part of the village. This undoubtedly was the necessary incentive to the leading and progressive residents of the village inaugurating a movement for providing an adequate system of water supply. A meeting was called. Prominent citizens were selected as members of the board of fire and water commissioners of the village of Marquette. Their investigations resulted in bonding the village for \$50,000 to install the Holley system, which at that time was considered to be ideal. This proposition to bond the village for \$50,000 was submitted to the people and was lost by six votes. The members of the board were, every one of them, a Mayor Lloyd. They did not know what defeat was. In other words, it was impossible to lick them. They promptly re-advertised and the question was re-submitted at a special election within thirty days from the first election. At this election the bonding proposition carried with the necessary legal majority. And gentlemen, I want to say to you now that as mayor of Marquette I give most fervent thanks that we had in our city forty-six years ago some Mayor Lloyd. If we had not had we would have been just where Menominee is today.

Managed by Board. These bonds bore seven per cent interest, payable in gold, but even at that price they were not in demand, and the village had a difficult time in disposing of the bonds at par. From 1869 to 1913 Marquette water works was managed by a board of five of the leading citizens of the city. Politics were largely eliminated from the board. Men were selected who were willing and able to take responsibility. They were also men of business and mechanical ability. This wise provision doubtless has had much to do with the success of our water works.

The new plant was completed and put in operation in 1891. When built it was considered a model in every way and proved highly satisfactory. About the only changes made in the original plant has been to extend the intake farther out into the lake to guard against any possible sewage contamination. This intake as it now stands is 3165 feet in length with a 36 inch cast iron pipe for the first section and a 42 inch steel pipe for the last 830 feet, the intake end being in water to a depth of 70 feet. The water as drawn from Lake Superior, even in the warmest days of summer, seldom needs ice and its purity is unquestioned.

In view of the fact that the electric light and water plants were owned by the municipality it was deemed advisable to install three electric driven pumping units in 1913, which give a combined capacity of ten and one-half million gallons daily. These pumps were put in commission in December, 1913, and have proved a solid success from a mechanical and efficiency standpoint. The saving in fuel cost and salaries for last year was approximately \$2,500 over previous years.

SHOW "METRO" FILMS. Delft Theater Will Show These Celebrated Features Every Saturday.

Starting Saturday Oct. 23, the Delft theater has contracted for the "Metro Pictures corporation" program, and will show one of these superb features on Saturday of each week. The Metro features have gained a preeminence among the country's finest photo-play productions, due in part to the following array of stars with this company: William Faversham, Adelaide Thurston, Francis X. Bushyhead, Beverly Bayne, Lionel Barrymore, Valli Valli, Edmund Breese, Thomas Jefferson, S. Miller Kent, Jane Gray, Emily Stevens, Mme. Olga Petrova, Emmy Wehlen and Mary Miles Minter.

"CASCARETS" SET YOUR LIVER AND BOWELS RIGHT. They're fine! Don't remain bilious, sick, headachy and constipated. Best for colds, bad breath, sour stomach—children love them. Get a 10-cent box now. Be cheerful! Clean up inside tonight and feel fine. Take Cascarets to live your liver and clean the bowels and stop headaches, a bad cold, biliousness, offensive breath, coated tongue, sallowness, sour stomach and gases. Tonight take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up feeling grand—Everybody's doing it. Cascarets best laxative for children also.

"DON'T DIE ON THIRD"

In the parlance of the diamond, this has become a recognized rule for the supreme moment of the game. The great Cobb has pulled more than one contest out of the fire because of the belief that it is better to die in the attempt to score than to be left on third with no real struggle to his credit. The great effort at the proper moment often wins.

This same rule might with profit be adopted into the lives of our people. Many a man reaches Third Base toward the realization of his dreams and then dies there waiting to be driven home. The chances of this happening are much less than in our National game. Whether one reaches the goal in life he has set depends upon himself, and if he gets around to third, the determination that got him that far will finish the circuit. Our Savings Department was organized for people who have some definite aim in life. For such people no scheme for saving, by whatever name you may call it, has anything over the regular Savings Account. Deposits may be made in such accounts just when the Depositor chooses and in such amounts as he chooses. Regular deposits, however, every week or every month, are what count.

The First National Bank, Marquette, Mich.

O'NEIL SENDS LETTER FROM FIGHTING LINE

Describes Terrible Conditions at the Front—Was Former Marquette Resident.

A letter recently sent by James O'Neil, formerly of Marquette, now on the firing line in Belgium, to his sister, Mrs. Silas Robinson, 134 East Hampton street, of this city, gives a more intimate insight into conditions at the front than some of the more impersonal press dispatches. The letter is brief, and the writer makes little effort to give a detailed account of life in the trenches. However, it contains a few statements that indicate the terrible losses at the front. It is as follows: "France or Belgium, Sept. 1, 1915.

"Dear Sister Nell: 'I now take pleasure in dropping you a few lines, hoping you are all well. Life is very exciting here at times, with ammunition going on all the time. Yesterday we lost nineteen men out of a company of fifty. We get five days and five nights on the firing line, and then we go back for five days rest, unless we are called upon before then. We have to sleep in the trenches with all our clothes on, and with just an overcoat to cover us.

"It is hard to tell when the war will be over. Our battalion has only a little over 300 men now, out of a full strength of 1,116 officers and men. This is the second time it has been cut up. 'We are having a rest for five days now, so there is not much news here. I hope Si and all the children are well. Hoping to hear from you soon, and with love to all, I am

"Your Brother, "JIM." Strict Censoring. The envelope containing the letter indicates clearly the rigid system of censoring all correspondence. On the left hand side of the envelope is the following certificate, which must be signed by the writer: "I certify on my honor that the contents of this envelope refer to nothing but private and family matters."

This is itself, however, does not suffice to insure the delivery of the letter, as another note on the envelope states that while the contents need not be censored regimentally they are liable to examination at the base. The letter was twenty days reaching here, and the postage was paid at this end, as stamps are not provided for the soldiers in the trenches.

SUFFRAGE PICTURE BOOKED FOR DELFT

Welfare Club Has Bought House for Afternoon of 29th—Delegates Appointed.

At a well attended meeting of the Women's Welfare league at the city hall yesterday afternoon arrangements were made for the presentation at the Delft theater Oct. 29 of "Your Girl and Mine," an equal suffrage subject. The Welfare league has bought out the house for the afternoon performance, and each of its members will be asked to take three tickets. They will have as guests ladies who will be invited from Ishpeming and Negaunee and other points in the county. In the evening "Your Girl and Mine" will be presented as the regular Delft bill, and the lessons bearing on equal suffrage it portrays will be witnessed by several hundred persons. The Women's Welfare league will seek principally to interest the ladies in the presentation, in line with its policy of building up a firm basis here among the sex for future suffrage work.

Yesterday, also, the league named the Marquette delegates to the annual state equal suffrage convention, which will be held at Sault Ste. Marie, Nov. 11 and 12. They are Mrs. A. T. Roberts, Mrs. R. Blemhuber, Mrs. Edgar Bell, Mrs. Charles J. Johnson, Mrs. Henry Cunningham, Mrs. Louis Vierling, Mrs. W. J. Ellison, Mrs. Mabel McIntosh, Miss Sigrid von Zellen, Mrs. J. A. St. John, Mrs. J. H. Kaye and Mrs. A. W. Dowdman. The alternates are Mrs. Allen Cowden, Mrs. W. S. Cook, Mrs. M. Daniels, Mrs. L. W. Howe, Mrs. Edward Farnham, Mrs. S. A. Houck, Mrs. J. D. Mangum, Miss Ruth Stafford, Mrs. M. J. Sherwood, Mrs. T. B. Catlin, and Mrs. H. B. Patrick.

Extension School in March. Mrs. Roberts, president of the league, informed the members yesterday of the receipt of a letter from R. J. Baldwin, director of the division of extension work of the M. A. C., stating that an extension school in home economics will be given here in March. The division will arrange the program and send the speakers. Ten lectures will be given over five days, for which the nominal fee of fifty cents will be charged. The league will make all the local arrangements and seek to interest a large number in the school.

THE GIRL USHER'S QUESTION. Last night I went alone into a movie show in your town, and as I approached one of the aisles of the theater I was greeted by two young goddesses, one blond, the other brunette, who asked me briskly: "Single?"—New York Times.

O'Neil Born Here. James O'Neil was born in Marquette, and resided here until twelve years ago. He then lived in Montana for a while, and later went to Canada, where he became a foreman on a bridge-building operation. When Canada called for troops last summer, O'Neil was among the first to enlist. He was enrolled as Private 28692, First Canadian Division, Seventh Battalion, Company No. 2. His regiment sailed from Montreal, Can. on June 24, 1915, and since a few days after reaching the other side, O'Neil has been engaged in active service.

Besides his sister, Mrs. Silas Robinson, O'Neil also has two brothers living in this city, John O'Neil, an engineer on the South Shore railroad, and Raymond O'Neil, a foreman at the South Shore freight office.

CREW TURNED OUT. The capsizing of a sailboat in the lake near Chocolay, off the stone crusher, with at least one man aboard, was reported to Captain H. J. Cleary, of the United States Life Saving station yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock, but a thorough investigation proved that the report was the result of some person's overactive imagination.

About noon yesterday an unknown man drove up to the office of F. B. Spear & Sons, and told of a sailboat capsizing, saying that he had just heard of it from two hunters. Captain Cleary was at once notified by telephone, and with a crew of nine men, made a thorough search of the waters lasting over two hours. No trace of any boat was found. It is supposed that the hunters who reported the accident were misled by a flag over a buoy, and thought it was some one signaling for assistance.

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High prices are a myth when you make all your purchases at our store, because our skillful and judicious buying always insures you of getting exactly what you want at the lowest market price. We are prepared to take care of all your wants in the right way, and can assure you of prompt, efficient, and courteous service, together with prompt delivery.

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