

GREAT BRITAIN DECLARES WAR ON BULGARIA

MAN HELD FOR BIGAMY THOUGHT GERMAN SPY WHO MAPPED U.S. FORT

Max Lynar, Also Known as Count Max Lynar Loudon, Is Believed by Secret Service Agents To Have Sent to Berlin Drawings of Certain New York Harbor Defenses—Chauffeur Dressed in Livery Resembling Uniform of American Soldier.

New York, Oct. 15.—With the indictment today of Max Lynar, also known as Count Max Lynar Loudon, on a charge of bigamy, United States secret service agents began an investigation of the recent alleged activities of a man who, under the name of Lynar, is said to have done confidential work in this country last June and July on behalf of the German and Austrian governments.

The investigation embraces a report that detailed plans and sketches of certain fortifications around New York harbor had been sent to Berlin by two secret messengers aboard a steamship which sailed from this port for Rotterdam during July. This steamship was searched at Falmouth, Eng., it was reported, for the messengers, whose presence aboard had been cabled to the British admiralty, but they were not found.

MESSENGERS ELUDE SEARCHERS.

The ship then proceeded to Rotterdam, it was said, where she was again searched by the British consul there. The messengers were reported to have eluded the British consul, landed in Rotterdam with the plans of the forts in their possession and proceeded thence to the German capital.

Max Lynar Loudon's application for an American passport was made, it was said, after the departure of this vessel from New York. The man known as Lynar remained in New York after the alleged messengers sailed secretly from this port. It is not known whether Max Lynar Loudon and the man known as Lynar were relatives, nor is there

anything to connect them further than the similarity in their names.

CHAUFFEUR GARBED AS SOLDIER.

The secret service agents who have been investigating Loudon's past life have talked with Norbert Fuller, at one time Loudon's chauffeur. Fuller was dressed in livery so like the uniform of the national guard that he was arrested last July at the instance of a national guardsman. It is said Fuller set at rest a report that a chauffeur dressed as a United States soldier had obtained admission to forts about New York harbor and had made secret plans of them. When Fuller was arrested his employer wrote a letter to the district attorney, protesting against the arrest.

IDENTIFIERS ACCUSED MAN.

Both of Lynar's alleged wives appeared before the grand jury. The first to appear was Mrs. Frederick Arnold, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y. She was accompanied by her son, Max, twenty-one, London was in line with eleven other men, but Mrs. Arnold identified him instantly.

"Hello, Max," she said. "How are you? Here is your son. You never saw him before."

Loudon did not reply to Mrs. Arnold. She then testified that she married Loudon at Poughkeepsie in 1893, but obtained an annulment after her husband disappeared.

Mrs. Rose O'Brien of Albion, N. Y., identified Loudon as the man who was married to her under the name of Max Lynar in 1912.

GENERAL VILLA LOSING HIS SUPPORTERS STEADILY

Dr. Villareal Now Has Deserted—Carranza, Touring Republic, Greeted With Joy.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 15.—Dr. Villareal, chief of the Villa sanitary corps, renounced allegiance to Villa today, as did also the head of the secret service in Juarez. They followed the example of General Thomas Ornelas, military commander and Mayor Montfort, who yesterday abandoned the Villa cause and crossed to the United States.

Laredo, Tex., Oct. 15.—Through streets covered with triumphal arches, General Venustiano Carranza entered Monterey today and was acclaimed by cheering thousands, it was said in advices which reached the border here tonight. General Carranza probably will leave Monterey tomorrow night to continue his tour of the republic.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 15.—General Rodolfo Fierro, chief of Villa generals, is dead, according to a confirmed report reaching here tonight from Casas Grandes. The explanation given briefly was that Fierro fell from his horse while fording a river today and was drowned.

GERMANS LOSE TWO WARSHIPS BY SUBMARINES

Copenhagen, Oct. 15.—British submarines have torpedoed and sunk two German destroyers. One went down Wednesday morning at the southern entrance to The Sound, a narrow strait between Denmark and Sweden, which connects the Baltic with the North sea. A great explosion followed the striking of the torpedo and the destroyer foundered immediately.

Dispatches to the evening papers here say that a second German torpedo boat was sunk by the British submarine E-19 near Faxø. According to these telegrams a German flotilla, one boat of which was sunk Wednesday, returned yesterday with reinforcements and fishermen heard another explosion and saw a torpedo boat disappear. Thereupon the flotilla hurried away.

London, Oct. 15, 6 p. m.—British submarines have now cleared the Baltic sea and the Gulf of Bothnia entirely of German merchant ships, says a dispatch to the Star from Copenhagen. Every German ship which was southbound from Sweden when the submarines started their campaign has either been sunk or run aground, it adds.

Of fifty German ore carriers thirty-seven are virtually interned in Swedish ports, the correspondent declares. That twenty-four German trawlers have been captured and taken into Grimsby since Sept. 15 is disclosed in an official statement printed in the London Gazette tonight.

The British steamer Salerno has been sunk. The crew was saved.

WILL COURT-MARTIAL U. S. NAVY INSPECTOR FOR NEGLECT OF DUTY

Washington, Oct. 15.—Secretary Daniels today ordered the trial by court-martial of Rear Admiral William N. Little, retired, on charges "involving neglect and careless methods in the conduct of his duties while inspector of machinery at the Fore River Shipbuilding company, Quincy, Mass., in connection with the construction of the submarine K-2."

The K-2 was accepted in January, 1914, and troubles with her storage batteries have developed since that time. Navy officials said today defective installation rather than design had caused short-circuiting.

GERMANS EXECUTE WOMAN FOR AIDING FOE'S SOLDIERS

London, Oct. 15, 10:55 p. m.—The foreign office has been notified by the American embassy that Miss Edith Cavell, lately the head of a large training school in Brussels, who was arrested Aug. 5 by the German authorities in Brussels, was executed Oct. 13. It is understood that the charge against Miss Cavell was that she harbored fugitive British and French soldiers and Belgians of military age and had assisted them to escape from Belgium in order to join their colors.

RUSSIA DENIES CRUISER FELL GERMAN VICTIM

Petrograd, via London, Oct. 15, 5:45 p. m.—An official statement in German newspapers that a Russian cruiser had been attacked and sunk in the Baltic by German vessels.

JURY IS CHOSEN TO TRY NEW HAVEN DIRECTORS

New York, Oct. 15.—The selection of a jury to try William Rockefeller and ten other directors, past and present, of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad on the charge of conspiring to monopolize the transportation traffic of New England was completed today and the case was adjourned until Monday.

NO MONEY MAY BE USED UNLESS BRITAIN SAYS SO

Of the Millions Spent Daily in the United States by the Allies for War Supplies Not One Cent May Be Issued Without Sanction of Committee in London.

Only Once Has Mandate of This Body Been Disregarded, by Russia, and This Contributed Greatly to Demoralization of Exchange—Britain Paid the Bill.

New York, Oct. 15.—Of the millions of dollars spent daily in this country by the allies for war supplies, not a dollar, it was learned authoritatively today, can be spent without first obtaining the official sanction of the British government.

This sanction is obtained from a committee sitting in London and holding frequent sessions. Only once, so far as can be learned—and then in the case of Russia—has the mandate of this body been disregarded.

The personnel of this committee has never been published and probably never will be. It consists, however, of representatives of each of the allied nations, from Great Britain to Montenegro, controls absolutely the purchase of all war supplies in whatever section of the world they may be bought, acts as a financial check and supervisor over all the war chests of all the allies, and seeks to eliminate positively competitive bidding on the part of the allies for war supplies in the open markets of the world, first of all, in the United States.

RUSSIA'S ACTION HURT EXCHANGE.

Great Britain, as banker for the allies, dominates this committee. The only time the committee's plan failed of operation was about six months ago and the effects of the failure have not yet been eradicated. This was in connection with purchases by Russia in the United States. Russia had been notified by the British members of the committee that she might spend a certain sum of money for war supplies in this

country. The sum is believed to have been between \$200,000,000 and \$300,000,000. Whether the allotment was fully understood by the Russian government is not known, but what Russia did was to spend the sum allotted and, in addition, make huge commitments in this country for further supplies. These commitments, covering many months, were said to run into the hundreds of millions of dollars—a sum in excess of the amount allotted her by the British government.

BRITAIN MET THE BILLS.

In making these contracts Russia apparently failed to consult the committee. When the contracts came due in part, Russia had insufficient funds to meet them and the committee, not having authorized the making of the contracts, had to devise quickly some method of paying the bills. This was extremely difficult and the demoralization of the foreign exchange markets in this country recently was attributed in no small measure to this cause. Since that time Russia has adhered strictly to the wishes of the committee.

A single financial house—J. P. Morgan & Co.—acts as the disbursing agency of the British government in this country. Its disbursements are understood to cover payments for all goods purchased for the allies here.

The \$500,000,000 Anglo-French credit loan just negotiated, it is said, will provide payment for a large quantity of goods purchased here for Russia. The goods have been, or will be, shipped to Russia, but the bill will go to England.

CONTRACT FOR LOAN CLOSED.

This loan contract was signed late today. Three words, "Reading of Er-lagh," from a pen in the hand of Lord Reading, chairman of the Anglo-French committee, bound the British empire to its terms. France was bound by the signatures of Octave Homberg and Ernest Mallet, representatives. Last of all J. P. Morgan affixed his name in behalf of the American syndicate of underwriters.

As many prominent bankers as could be crowded into the board room in the Morgan banking-house looked on. There was much enthusiasm but no cheering or applause. Having finished their labors here the commissioners will sail tomorrow for England aboard the steamer St. Louis, which flies the American flag.

Within a couple of months, Lord Reading said, negotiations probably will be begun looking toward the creation of a supplemental loan already forecast. It is estimated that this loan will be for approximately \$250,000,000.

Reporter Is Killed In Charleston Election Riot

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 15.—A pistol battle in which one man was killed and four others wounded, one seriously, broke up a meeting of the Democratic city executive committee here today at which the votes of last Tuesday's municipal primary were to have been canvassed. A national guard company with fixed bayonets helped the police to restore order and tonight still was patrolling streets around the office building in which the trouble occurred.

Sydney J. Cohen, a reporter for the Charleston Evening Post, was shot through a lung and killed. It was not clear tonight just who did the shooting, which occurred during a general scuffle in a hallway adjoining the committee room. Six arrests were made, but no specific charge was preferred against any of the prisoners. Cohen is said to have been walking toward a window when the fatal shot struck him.

BITTER ELECTION STARTED RIOT.

Today's trouble grew out of a bitter campaign which ended last Tuesday in

a primary held while several companies of national guard were kept in readiness to suppress possible disorders. The election day passed quietly and the guardsmen were dispersed Wednesday. Followers of Mayor John P. Grace, an aspirant for re-nomination, charged that Governor Manning, by sending troops, was trying to interfere with the primary, thereby favoring the candidacy of Grace's opponent, Tristram T. Hyde.

Unofficial tabulation of the returns showed that Hyde had been nominated by a majority of nineteen votes out of more than six thousand cast. The case of more than one hundred contested votes was to have been settled today by the executive committee.

Just as the meeting was called to order someone in the hallway started a fight. After some scuffling several pistols were brought into play and amid the scramble to escape three ballot boxes were thrown out of the window. It was said tonight the votes would be canvassed tomorrow.

FOOTBALL GAMES TODAY INCLUDE MANY OF NOTE

Surprises in Eastern Matches Are Expected—In West Michigan Plays Case.

New York, Oct. 15.—Three games of more than ordinary importance feature the eastern football card tomorrow. In the meeting of Virginia and Harvard, Pennsylvania and Navy and Colgate and the Army there are unusual possibilities for upsets and surprises. Other leading contests tomorrow in the east are: Lafayette and Princeton, Vermont at Dartmouth, Springfield at Yale, Rochester at Syracuse, Carlisle at Pittsburg, Williams at Brown, Gettysburg at Penn State.

In the West.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—Games, which, so early in the season, might be classified as crucial, have places on tomorrow's schedule of football games in the central states. Among the contests carded are the following: Wisconsin vs. Pur-

GRAHAM & MORTON CO. IN RECEIVERS' HANDS

Grand Rapids, Mich., Oct. 15.—A bill asking for the appointment of a receiver for the Graham & Morton Transportation company was filed today in district court. The complainant petitioner is W. H. Morton, of Chicago, assistant to the president, J. S. Morton, of Chicago. The latter is the father of the petitioner. The assets are conservatively estimated at \$600,000 and the liabilities are listed at \$1,630,000. The Michigan Trust company of Grand Rapids was named receiver.

Washington, Oct. 15.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

ATTACK ON SERBIANS ALIGNS ALLY POWERS AGAINST FERDINAND

That Roumania Must Choose Which Side It Favors, Is Declaration of Berlin Paper; Permission to Russians to Pass Through May Develop Crisis—British-French Troops Believed Planning to Attack Bulgarian Capital—Italy to send 150,000 Men

London, Oct. 15, 11 p. m.—Great Britain has declared war on Bulgaria.

The British foreign office announces that in view of the fact that Bulgaria has announced she is at war with Serbia and is an ally of the central powers, his majesty's government has informed the Bulgarian government through the Swedish minister at London, who is in charge of Bulgarian interests, that a state of war exists between Great Britain and Bulgaria, as from 10 a. m.

London, Oct. 15, 10:15 p. m.—From all the main battle fronts comes news of continued fighting, but from none of them has been received any indication of victories or reverses which would make a marked change in the general situation.

The Austrians, Germans and Bulgarians are proceeding methodically with their invasion of Serbia, which, according to neutral reports, is costing them a very heavy price in the lives of their soldiers, as the hardened veterans of Serbia are taking every advantage of the difficult country to inflict the greatest possible loss on the invaders. Losses of the Teutons in this theater have totaled twenty thousand killed and forty thousand wounded, according to the latest dispatch from Nish to the Paris Temps.

ALLIES INCREASE BALKAN FORCE.

The quadruple entente allies are perfecting their preparations to assist the Serbians and every day additional troops are landed at Saloniki, where the French general Sarrail has arrived to take command of the allied forces. What steps Russia and Italy have taken to assist have not yet developed.

The political situation remains unchanged, Greece having formally announced she would not intervene in behalf of Serbia "at present." Roumania, although she is being urged by Germany definitely to define her position, has not made any move.

TURKS CLAIM MORAL VICTORY.

In the Dardanelles the Turks claim to have inflicted heavy losses on the allies near Anafarta by the use of bombs and to have had a similar success near Seddul Bahr in hand grenade attacks. Allies' torpedo boats have been driven from the Narrows by the fire of Turkish batteries. British casualties in the Dardanelles operations have reached almost the 100,000 mark. An official statement in London today gave the figures as 96,899 up to Oct. 9, of which number 18,957 were killed, 1,185 of the killed being officers.

Abandonment of the costly Gallipoli expedition was suggested in the house of lords last night by Lord Milner, who advanced the idea of the transfer of the troops on the peninsula to another field. The government would not commit itself as to whether the troops would remain or be transferred.

Along the western front there has been heavy fighting in the Artois, Champagne and Vosges regions. Attacks were made by both sides, but the gains and losses are described as being of little importance.

RUSS PIERCE GERMAN LINES.

In the east the Russians have turned to the offensive in the region of Devisk and although the Germans claim that they have repulsed most of the Muscovite attacks they admit that the Rus-

sians penetrated their line at one point. Except for the hostilities in this region things are somewhat calmer in the east. Lieutenant General Ivanoff, the Russian commander, after his victory in Galicia and the subsequent check by the Germans having, for the moment, shown himself satisfied with what he achieved.

The Italians again have been on the offensive and claim to have gained some successes against the Austrians. The Austrians, however, deny this statement.

ALLIES TO ATTACK SOFIA?

Bucharest, via Paris, Oct. 15, 11 p. m.—The military critic of the Universal in an article today expresses the belief that the British and French troops landed at Saloniki will not go to the aid of the Serbians at Nish, which is 250 miles from their base, but will make a direct attack on Sofia from the Serbian frontier, thus cutting Bulgaria in two and also stopping the Austro-German advance by one of the principal railroads to Constantinople. The writer adds, however, that the Anglo-French forces must be strong and that Italy must cooperate with them.

ROUMANIA MUST CHOOSE.

Berlin, Oct. 15, via London, Oct. 15, 5:55 p. m.—"Roumania must choose quickly and without hesitation," says the Lokal Anzeiger, referring to the report that Russia had asked for permission to march troops through Roumania to Serbia's assistance.

What will Roumania do in such an event? asks the Lokal Anzeiger, adding that if she imitates Greece and only registers a protest against Russia's marching through, the central powers cannot remain indifferent.

CABINET WANTS NEUTRALITY.

Bucharest, Wednesday, Oct. 13, via Paris, Oct. 16, 3:35 a. m.—(Delayed in Transmission.)—The cabinet, after going over the war situation, made a pronouncement today in favor of Roumania maintaining neutrality. All necessary military precautions have been taken on each of Roumania's frontiers.

The presence of two German submarines at Varna, Bulgaria's chief seaport on the Black sea, has been confirmed.

ITALY WILL SEND 150,000 MEN.

Paris, Oct. 16, 3:25 a. m.—Italy will send 150,000 men to the Balkans, according to information received by the Excelsior, from what the paper says is a reliable source. The government maintains the strictest secrecy as to where the troops will be landed, says the Excelsior's informant, but Italian intervention will take place at a point where it will have a decisive effect on the whole Balkan campaign.

SERBS MOVE CAPITAL.

Milan, via Paris, Oct. 15, 10:15 p. m.—The seat of the Serbian government has been transferred to Mitrovitza, near the Montenegro frontier, according to a dispatch to the Secolo from Bucharest.

STRIKERS' COMMITTEE IS READY TO MEET EMPLOYERS

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 15.—The peace committee elected by the striking copper miners of the Clifton, Ariz., district arrived here late today for a conference with the mine managers tomorrow. Members of the committee stated that the question of recognition of the Western Federation of Miners already had been waived and would not be brought up at the conference.

SAYS FINANCIER OWES STATE \$186,000 TAXES

Richmond, Va., Oct. 15.—R. H. Drummond, of Lynchburg, examiner of records for the district which includes Nelson county, legal home of Thomas Fortune Ryan, the financier, today reported to the state auditor that Mr. Ryan has omitted to report for taxation \$24,375,000 from 1914 to date. Mr. Ryan, it is calculated, owes Virginia \$186,000.

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SEEK A BOND ISSUE.

WE NONE BUT AMERICANS ON GUARD.

—WASHINGTON.

SEEK A BOND ISSUE.

At their meeting this week the Delta county supervisors passed a resolution for the submission next spring of a bond issue of \$100,000, the proceeds of which will be applied, if the issue is endorsed, to the completion of the Delta county road system.

Delta, as have the neighboring counties, has been busy the past few years with the development of a comprehensive network of good roads. It has been built with money raised from year to year, and excellent progress has been made. But with the multiplication of the mileage it was the experience of the road commissioners that maintenance has caused an increasingly heavy drain on the money available for the work, and they were forced to the conclusion that if maintenance was properly looked after there would be little money available for new work.

Thus their recommendation of the bond issue, the \$100,000 sought would, it is said, make it possible to round out the county system in short time and would insure that the principal object of expenditure in the immediate future would be maintenance, to which it would then be possible to give the requisite attention.

The Delta board is to be congratulated on its clear vision in giving this work of maintenance the importance that should properly attach to it. The reason why our roads were such bad roads up to within recent years was less that no money was spent on new work than that maintenance was almost entirely neglected, and a road that was good enough when it was first built was quickly allowed to go to pieces.

Not only the country districts have seen too much of this, but cities as well. Marquette has suffered severely through this false attitude to this kind of public work. Here, too, much attention has been made on new work and far too little on maintenance, with the result that the taxpayers' money has been employed in no small degree in building over roads that had only been built a few years before. Money spent on maintenance is money well spent. Any policy that slurs over maintenance to serve new work must be shortsighted and most expensive.

The Delta county commissioners also this week went on record as favoring dirt, as opposed to macadam, roads, except on trunk lines, on which the state rewards would defray no small amount of the cost of construction. Experience in Delta has shown that a properly built dirt road, well kept up, is as good a road as is needed, and can be provided at much smaller first cost than a macadam road.

DELTA TO VOTE.

The Delta county supervisors, by a one-sided vote, on secret ballot, accepted the local option petitions presented by the dries, and there will be an election in the spring in Delta on the question of county prohibition. In Menominee, Delta and Schoolcraft counties attorneys for the wets appeared to contest the acceptance of the petitions on the ground of technical irregularities. The principal point raised was that in several of the wards and townships two or more petitions were circulated, whereas the law requires one petition. The dries contend that this requirement is satisfied if the two or more petitions are pasted together and posted and filed as one. In Schoolcraft the board disposed of the wets' contention out of hand, voting to accept the petitions without much delay. In Delta there was prolonged consideration in committee of the points raised, and finally a report was made by three members of five recommending the acceptance of the petitions, a recommendation that had the approval of the prosecuting attorney. In Menominee disposal of the petitions appears to be waiting on an opinion of the attorney general.

In all three counties no serious assertion has, it appears, been made that the required number of voters have not asked for a vote on prohibition. This has inclined many persons not sympathetic with the ultimate purpose of the dries to hold that no narrow technicalities should be permitted to stand in the way of a vote. They hold, and properly, that when it appears that a considerable part of the voters want a referendum on a given question there

should be a liberal reading of the law, that they may have what they want, rather than a technical reading that operates to deny the whole body of voters a free voice on an outstanding question. The point was well put in Menominee by Mayor Lloyd.

THEY CONTRADICT THEMSELVES.

There is as much conflict in the statements why Bulgaria is now in the war as there has been from time to time in accounting for the Germans' course in Belgium. Recently there was a frank exposition of the reasons for the Bulgarians' alliance with the central empires. The fulfillment of Bulgaria's destiny made it necessary, it was explained, that Bulgarian soldiers should march with the winners. The Central empires give promise of being the winners, therefore the Bulgarians were to march with the Germans and Austrians. No concealment was made of the purpose of the Bulgarians to combine with the Teutons in an attack on Serbia.

But now, with the formal declaration of war by Bulgaria on Serbia, a royal manifesto calls upon the Bulgarian army to defend the national soil "violated by a perfidious neighbor, and deliver their brethren oppressed beneath the Serbian yoke," which is a far different thing than marching with the winners. Which declaration reveals the purpose and guiding motives of the Bulgarian government there is no room to doubt. The plausible words with which the declaration of war is accompanied is a hypocritical gloss it is sought to throw over a campaign essentially of a provocative and offensive nature. Whatever result the war may have there can be no doubt about the verdict of history on this score.

BULGARIA'S PRICE.

When it first became evident that Bulgaria had cast her lot with the central powers, the natural question was: What has the kaiser promised the little nation? The entente powers had secured large concessions from Serbia and Greece, and were prepared to be generous with the estate of Turkey. Furthermore, their proposition was absolutely safe. Once reconstituted the Balkan league and no possible victory of the two kaisers could injure Bulgaria. What did Wilhelm offer to outweigh so tempting a bid?

Little by little the answer to that question is being supplied. The story is published on what seems pretty good authority that Germany and Bulgaria have made a secret treaty whereby the Bulgars are to have all Macedonia, including the splendid Greek city of Saloniki, and nearly all of Albania, as well. Berlin denies this, which is one more reason for believing it; the Wilhelmstrasse seldom takes the trouble to denounce anything but the truth as a "pure invention!"

But there is another story which goes much farther than Saloniki. This rumor has it that if the two kaisers win Bulgaria is to have all European Turkey, including Constantinople and the Gallipoli peninsula. The sultan will be compensated by the restoration of Egypt, which Germany is to conquer from Britain and give back to the Turk.

It sounds like a wild dream. But is it, after all, much wilder than some facts which have been brought out by the war?

AN END TO SLOW BATTLESHIPS.

If the war game were not a game but sober reality Philadelphia would be in the hands of the enemy, the Dupont powder works, Baldwin's and the Remington arms factories captured, Fort Mifflin subdued and a secure enemy base established on the Delaware river. These results theoretically flowed from the failure of the Atlantic fleet to defend the coast against the small "Red" squadron sent against it. The "Reds" had the speed and by dispersing the strength of the defensive fleet with feints in other directions managed to bring to bear upon the Delaware bay district an overwhelming force. The same tactics some months ago gave the attackers a base upon Chesapeake bay from which point they menaced Baltimore and Washington as they have now menaced Philadelphia, Camden, Wilmington and other important cities.

The determining factor in the success of these invading forces is superior speed. Yet the speed of the torpedo boats so engaged is not superior to the modern battle cruisers of Great Britain and Germany. What has been done to "play," or rather in the serious business of discovering in peace what would be the weak spots in war, can easily be reproduced in dead earnest if any enemy gets within striking distance of the Atlantic coast.

For a long time it has been our habit to build slow, heavily armored battleships in the belief that such lumbering leviathans are excellent for defense if a bit of color in offense. It was no part

of our scheme to go land hunting and so, thought congress, a ship that will stay put outside a harbor and defend it against all comers is the ship for us. Unfortunately that is not feasible in modern warfare. The Atlantic coast is so long that the largest navy on earth could not patrol it effectively enough to prevent a landing in force by an enemy squadron. To defend the United States the Atlantic fleet must fight in the open sea, where the victory is always to the swift.

Submarine development has put slow battleships at a tremendous disadvantage. It is no exaggeration to say the best use to which slow battleships may be put is to run them aground at strategic points near harbors, fill their holds with cement and use them for forts. That at least will save them from sinking without in the least detracting from their present effectiveness.

Carranza's Bluff Works.

The attitude of the A. B. C. powers and the United States looking to a recognition of Carranza as the legal government of Mexico, is almost amusing, viewed in the light of the past.

When the height of Carranza's popularity was reached months ago the A. B. C. powers made certain overtures to Carranza and he virtually told them to mind their own affairs and leave him and Mexico strictly alone. Since that time Carranza's prestige and power have diminished perceptibly, but from first to last his attitude toward the United States and the A. B. C. states has been defiant. He has obstinately rejected all offers of help and all friendly suggestions and has insisted on being left alone.

The pacific powers have waited patiently, hoping that something would occur to change Carranza's frame of mind or bring some more competent leader to the front. Nothing of the kind has happened and now the powers seem bent upon recognizing Carranza, whether he likes it or not. The case recalls that of the man who brought his sportsy friend home with him to see his newly purchased champion bull dog, which, while a terrible fighter, was so gentle that a child could do anything with him. The dog was discovered asleep under his master's bed.

"Come over there and show your army and my army," said the dog, "I'll open his eyes, and emitted a fierce growl. The master shook his cane at him and shouted: "Come out of there or I'll break every bone in your body."

The dog sprang to his feet, backed against the wall and gave an impressive exhibition of his teeth. The visitor to the difficult occasion by exclaiming: "Then stay under there, you dog-gone mutt. I will be obeyed."

Carranza appears to be still under the bed and the government of the United States, Argentina and Chile are going to tell him to stay where he is, for they will be respected.—Detroit News.

A LAUGH OR TWO

Improving on Shakespeare. A member of the business staff of Robert Mantell, the actor, tells of a conversation he overheard "in front" on the occasion of Mr. Mantell's production of "Hamlet" in a Western town.

"I think it's an awful shame to drown Ophelia and kill Hamlet. The ought to have been married."

Whereupon Harry heaved a sigh and looked earnestly at his companion.

"I ain't great on tragedy," said he, "but that's how I should fix it."

EDITORIAL OPINION

The President Knows.

From fifteen to twenty battleships of the dreadnaught pattern, 100 submarines and seventy destroyers, are additional to the navy which President Wilson advocates, and his secretary of the navy is in cordial agreement with him.

Less than a year ago it would have been out of the question to induce the president to favor such an addition to the national defense.

Probably there has never been a president less apt to reach a decision without the most persistent and the most exhaustive personal investigation of the matter in issue. No man in the public service is better equipped with inside information, or has better opportunities for investigating than the president.

That he speaks for a much stronger navy, as indicated in the figures given on the strength of the knowledge gained by a cool, steady survey of conditions, and a deliberate weighing of probabilities, it is not worth while to question.

Whatever his attitude has been in the past, President Wilson now sees the need of such an addition to the navy as noted and a larger army, better cost defenses and a return to that patriotism and military spirit in all classes that were demanded in founding and perpetuating the republic.

The charge of jingoism can not, with any degree of propriety, be laid against President Wilson.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Blaming It Upon Earl Grey.

Bulgaria's stroke against Serbia found a target in London. He is Sir Edward Grey, secretary of foreign affairs in the British cabinet and the possessor of a reputation hitherto second to none in the realm of diplomacy. Balkan developments unfavorable to the allies have roused in England criticism of the government comparable only to that which forced the political shakeup out of which Asquith formed the present coalition cabinet when the shell shortage became apparent.

Grey's defenders must admit that his Balkan policy, measured by results, is a dismal failure. Bulgaria sends armies into Serbia in spite of the presence of allied troops in Greece and the threat of a Russian fleet of warships; Greece, confidently looked to for armed aid, offers the cold comfort of "benevolent neutrality"; Rumania holds aloof. Out of the pot of Balkan jealousies and anti-Turkish hatreds, where they have fished so long and expensively, the allies have drawn nothing.

Yet it is idle to blame Grey altogether. Turkey was alienated from England by the latter's gradually assumed control of Egypt. After the alienation of Egypt began it was simply a question of time when Turkey would find another "friend" in Europe to lean upon, an alliance which would offer a pos-

sibility of regaining Egypt. The suspicions then aroused were strengthened by the steady opposition which Great Britain offered to the completion of the German railway through Asia Minor to the Persian gulf. The division of interests was firmly fixed when France and Great Britain smiled at Italy's adventure in Tripoli, which left Turkey her remnant of Africa. And Bulgaria has smarted under the loss of territory won by her in the war of 1912. Moreover until recent years Russia and Great Britain worked at cross purposes in the Balkans. Until Germany entered the diplomatic arena in foreign affairs a British veto-note. There is plenty of evidence that in diplomacy as in warfare the allies have failed to attain that nice co-operation which marks the Austro-German-Turk alliance. And diplomacy in war time waits upon men and cannon. Not Earl Grey, but the failure of the allies to break the ring of steel spoiled British diplomacy in the Balkans.—Grand Rapids Press.

Marrying for Money.

An old miser visited a lawyer to make his will. The old man's property consisted of two small cottages, which had cost him \$400. The lawyer asked him how he wished to dispose of it.

"Ma old woman is to hev it all so long as she's ma widow."

"What age is your wife?" asked the lawyer.

"Seventy-two," was the reply.

"And how long have you been married?" was the next question.

"Fifty years," was the reply.

The lawyer suggested that under the circumstances he should let his wife have the little property during her life, whether she remained a widow or not.

"Aa winnot! Aa winnot!" exclaimed the old man. "Aa'll hev me an way."

"But surely," expostulated the lawyer, "you don't expect an old woman now over seventy-two would ever dream of marrying again?"

The miser looked the lawyer full in the face and answered very solemnly: "Well, young chaps like yourself' will dae for money."

LOWER STATE NOTES

EAST LANSING—The state board of agriculture has made an appropriation of \$500 for the maintenance of an employment bureau to be conducted by Y. M. C. A. of the M. A. C. This bureau has during the past three years secured positions for 105 students.

EAST LANSING—Growing flower seeds at home for commercial purposes is the new plan that the extension department of M. A. C. through the boys' and girls' clubs. Commercial seed firms have agreed to supply the girls with seeds and will deduct the cost from the purchase price after the crop has been harvested.

MUSKOGON—Commercial fishermen, operating off the pier at the local harbor entrance, are meeting with much better success in their business at the present time than during the last year, the catches as a general rule being very fair in size. This summer was the poorest experienced by these fishermen in many years.

EAST LANSING—Fred Trezise of Iron Mountain has been elected president of the Michigan Agricultural college chorus for the coming year. L. E. Buell, of Hanover, will be the treasurer, and Dorothy Thomason, vice president. The chorus plans to present the "Rose Maiden," by Cowen, in midwinter while the "Seasons" by Hayden will be sung at the May Festival next spring. Fifty aspirants were present for the tryout.

DETROIT—Rossell H. Holmes, for more than forty years a traveling salesman for a Detroit sugar house, and believed to be the oldest active traveling salesman in the United States, will be fifty-six months ago Mr. Holmes, who was seventy-eight years old, has been in business and made his trips through Michigan and parts of Ohio. Mr. Holmes was a veteran of the Civil war, having served as captain in the Seventh Michigan cavalry, and was president of the Seventh Michigan Cavalry organization, and was a member of the Loyal Legion. He is survived by his widow and three sons.

ADRIAN—Eighteen persons were injured, one of them so badly that he may die, in a collision between a few hours ago. Conductor John Dawson is not expected to survive. The cars were drifting, without power, at a rate of thirty-five miles an hour. Both were derailed, one of them being driven back nearly a half mile by the impact. Mistake in orders is said to have been the cause of the collision. Fifteen of the injured were passengers, whose names attorneys for the railroad company refused to divulge.

DETROIT—Before he ended his life with poison, Benjamin H. McComb, thirty-five years old, sent a letter to his three months' bride in Lansing begging for forgiveness for his act. McComb took poison in a room in a local hotel and died in the hospital a few hours later. Meanwhile his wife was trying to telephone the Detroit police to prevent his act, but failed. McComb left his home in Lansing Monday afternoon after telling his wife he was going to jump in the river. Mrs. McComb believed her husband's mind was unbalanced through worry over financial affairs.

LANSING—"It's the biggest fool proposition that has come to my notice since I was elected governor," declared Governor Ferris when he was called by the board of trustees of the Howell tuberculosis sanatorium to help in solving the problem created by the 1915 legislature in appropriating \$20,000 for another tuberculosis hospital to be located in Midland county. The legislature designated a site near Sanford, Midland county, which has not the slightest trace of a water supply for drinking purposes and is otherwise unfit. President Hildsdale of the board presented engineer's figures showing that practically

nothing below, called down to his wife:

"Has that horrible old bore gone?"

The objectionable woman was still in the drawing room, but the minister's wife proved equal to the occasion.

"Yes, dear," she called back, "she went long ago! Mrs. Parker is here now."

The whole appropriation would be wiped out in providing an adequate water supply and in constructing a sewage disposal system. It was generally agreed that the amount set aside for the Sanford building could have been given the Howell institution, which is in need of funds and at which all facilities, such as water, milk and so forth, are easily available. The legislative records show that the supervisors of Midland promised to furnish the water if they were given the sanatorium, but it has since developed that the supervisors have no legal right to use public funds for such a purpose.

EAST LANSING—More than a mile of the Wolverine pavedway will extend about the Michigan Agricultural college campus in the city of East Lansing and plans are now underway for the improvement of the stretch this fall. The city has agreed to stand half of the expense, which has been estimated at \$30,000, an increase of \$3,321.904 over the same month last year. These figures represent merchandise such as motor cars, harness, drugs, cotton, machinery and dairy products, which for the most part have been shipped to Canada or direct to England. The total amount Canada alone received goods valued at \$9,024,111. Exports to England totaled \$3,578,291; to Newfoundland, \$117,687; British South Africa, \$98,394; France, \$57,427, and Russia, \$33,820. Exports to other countries reach only relatively small figures. This is accounted for by the fact that exports to other countries from Detroit are cleared from United States seaports.

MATERNAL INSTINCT.

Maternal instinct brings all the necessary qualities? Through careful analysis it has been proved that the woman in whose love the maternal instinct is dominant displays the most characteristics of perfection. Just human, lovable, attentive, because it produces in her a fine insight into her husband's needs, spiritual, mental and physical, and enables her to supply them to the very best of her ability; teaches her to be patient, not submissive, through which characteristic comes the power to wait—and it takes dauntless souls to just stand still and wait at times for their hearts' desires to come true.

It keeps before her mental vision all the sterling qualities of the man of her choice and helps free him of his self-bondage, his limitations.

The dear little child she loves makes the little children coming to her desired and welcomed from the beginning and teaches her these precious little ones are not merely a boy—a girl—but souls of the Great Supply of Life to be loved and guided into knowledge and achievement.

Our mother-wives have proved themselves artists in the management of their homes, skilled in preparing the good things to satisfy the man's stomach—and find the way to his stomach; charming to their guests; quick to respond to those who need help and sympathy and never having time or inclination for gossip.

They are not the kind that are snubbed by those who know them, and they just never, never grow old. They are so sunny and happy.

The wife with the brooding maternal instinct in her love has been a help in emergency with swift and sure thought and action and her husband not only consults but values and honors her womanly wisdom over matters important or otherwise.

She is inexhaustible in her resources because of the development of her own mind, and it is probable that the moths will be for once overstocked with birds. This, in turn, threatens destruction of grain and possible inroads of disease among the grouse. The rental per acre for shooting on good hunting lands is usually greater than the grazing charge per annum.

According to American Consul Ingram at Bradford, England, a movement has been started to have the pheasant and partridge hunted down, for the double purpose of supplying appetizing food for the hospitals and also to protect the farmers, who are being plained of the devastation of their gain fields.

MEAT FROM ALASKA.

Of exceeding the tons of salmon which come from there every year, Alaska has never figured in the American public eye as a source of food for inhabitants of the United States. Nor was it to alter this point of view that Uncle Sam brought some reindeer from Siberia to the Yukon valley some years ago. The government sought only to help those Eskimos under the flag who needed a good arctic work animal, more meat and a supply of hides.

But the original herds of these animals have increased enormously, until now there is one drove near Nome which numbers 50,000. And a vessel came into Seattle the other day with a cargo of reindeer meat which was quickly absorbed by the local market. Northern Alaska is covered under the snow with abundant forage for the animals, which makes it probable that the territory will export an increasing quantity of their meat in years to come.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

ORIGIN OF STORMS.

It is a curious fact that what is generally known in some of the eastern states as a northeastern storm, is in reality, says Popular Mechanics, quite a contrary origin. Because a strong wind which frequently carries heavy rain is apparently driven from a northeasterly direction, it is popularly assumed in a specific area, that the storm originates somewhere in a northern zone, while in truth its real source is in the west or southwest. The explanation is that such a disturbance is merely an infract of a barometric

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Members of the High Class Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

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After your cold drive stop at Stafford's Drug Store for a cup of delicious hot coffee or chocolate. Just what you need for a "warmer."

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.

M. R. Manhard & Son, Limited

Wholesale and Retail Hardware Mining and Lumbermen's Supplies

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

The Aid Society of the First Baptist Church will conduct a

Rummage Sale

in FRATERNITY HALL BLOCK Oct. 19, 20, 21, 22

Great Bargains! Extraordinary Values!

YOU CAN CUT COAL EXPENSE

with a little judgment. You know in your own business that buying the best is getting the cheapest. Same way with coal. The best goes farthest and lasts longest, besides giving the most heat. That's the kind of coal we sell and you ought to use.



Wholesale Retail

PHONES 90 & 293 THE BEST COAL JAS. PICKANDS & CO. L^{TD}

Upper Peninsula

A Bunch of Rumors.

Rumors of railroad extensions continue numerous. Recently, the newspapers sold the Wisconsin & Michigan road to the Illinois Central. The Marquette road was to become a link in an extension which the Central was to build north to Florence and Champion. Now we are told, says the Iron Mountain Press, that the Wisconsin Northern road, which has a line from Northern Grandon to Shawano, had been acquired by the Soo Line and would be extended

north through the upper peninsula. We are not informed as to the route beyond the fact that the Soo Line folks are nursing a desire to build a new north and south road from the mining country of the upper peninsula through the middle of the timber and agricultural districts of Central Wisconsin. Dame Rumor also tells that the St. Paul road has had surveyors at work this summer in the northern part of Forest county (Wis). This work, we are assured, is preliminary to the extension of the Iron River branch to a connection with the St. Paul branch at Star Lake, Wis. Several years ago we were told the St. Paul road was to be extended north from Star Lake to the copper country.

CHEESE
CREAM CAKE
NEUFCHATEL CAKE
PIEMONT JAR

SAUSAGE
FRANKFURTER
LIVER
BLOOD

OYSTERS

MURRAY
GROCERY
Furnishes Your Table Complete.

Chestnuts
Snow Apples
Sweet Apple Cider
Persimmons

FRESH
Mushrooms
Brussel Sprouts
Lima Beans
Spinach

DEL'S GROCERY
133 WASHINGTON ST.
WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

Fresh Today!

HUBBARD SQUASH
LEAF AND HEAD LETTUCE
CELERY SWEET POTATOES
CAULIFLOWER
CUCUMBERS

FRUITS
PEARS PLUMS
PEACHES GRAPEFRUIT
BLUE AND TOKAY GRAPES
PEARS FOR CANNING

GLOBE BREAKFAST SAUSAGE

McLean's Grocery
Phones 64 and 65.
601 North Third Street

And at the same time the good old dame was preparing plans to build a branch for the Northwestern road from a point near Watersmeet to Houghton.

Contracts to Board Prisoners.

Sheriff Andrew Iverson will board all of Delta county's prisoners from Nov. 1 of this year to Nov. 1, 1916 for the sum of \$2,600, which amount will be paid to the sheriff in monthly installments. In the past the sheriff had received fifty cents a day for boarding the prisoners and under that system the cost to the county has varied from \$3,000 a year to \$3,900 a year. The board also voted to place the undersheriff on a regular salary of \$75 a month, in lieu of mileage and per diem fees when in service for the county. That action was taken upon the recommendation of Prosecuting Attorney H. J. Rushton and with the consent of Undersheriff Frank O'Dess.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Generally fair. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m. 51 degrees; noon 63; 7 p. m. 56; Highest 64 degrees; lowest 43.

Miss Helen Yungbluth left for Chicago last evening.

A hot-water heating plant has been installed at the Grill cafe.

A. E. Macdonald left for St. Paul. His mother is seriously ill.

Rev. H. A. Buchholz of Negaunee, was a visitor here yesterday.

Dr. A. W. Deadman returned last night from a business trip to Sidnaw.

Mrs. A. E. Werner and Mrs. R. J. Johnson spent yesterday at Ishpeming.

Miss Margaret Conners left last night for Superior, where she will visit friends.

Miss Nellie Nelson left this morning for the Soo, where she will spend the week-end.

Dr. and Mrs. Dudley left for Chicago last night after visiting at the Huron Mountain club.

A Sunday school service will be held at St. Margaret's chapel tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

George Tucker left last evening for Chicago, where he will spend the next few days on business.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Derlith left yesterday for a few days' visit at Milwaukee and Waterloo.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Sherwood arrived home yesterday morning after a few days' visit to Chicago.

Joseph H. Primeau, Jr., returned home yesterday after a few days' business trip in Delta county.

Mayor Begole is spending the week-end hunting with N. G. Dehaas, at the camp of the latter at Skanee.

E. S. Bice and A. T. Roberts returned from Houghton last night, where they attended the Bankers' Association meeting.

Miss Agnes Schiffer, of Big Rapids, who has been practicing as nurse in this city for the last two months, left last night for St. Paul.

A. L. Miller and family, of Globe, Ariz., is visiting at the home of E. L. Pearce. Mr. Miller was a resident of Marquette until ten years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Kaufman arrived from Chicago yesterday morning, where they attended the funeral of Mr. Kaufman's mother, Mrs. Juliet Kaufman.

Alex Mead, who has been at Boyne City for the last few years, has returned to Marquette and has taken a position with the Pioneer Iron company.

Mrs. W. C. Foard, of North Frost street, returned home last evening from Escanaba, where she has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. E. Herron, for the last two weeks.

L. I. Walker, county agricultural agent, returned yesterday from Crystal Falls, where he has been attending the conference of the Upper Peninsula Agricultural extension workers.

Miss Hazel Turner, who has been spending the last two weeks in Chicago with her sisters, Mrs. D. D. Johnson and Miss Norene, of the Michael Ruse Hospital, has returned home.

Mrs. E. L. Stewart, of East Hewitt avenue, left yesterday afternoon for Grand Rapids, where she will visit her daughter, Mrs. B. J. Johnson. From Grand Rapids Mrs. Stewart will go to her parents' home at Kendallville, Ind.

She will remain at Kendallville several weeks.

The Saturday Music club will meet with Mrs. A. T. Roberts at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. Miss Bronson, Mrs. McCombs, Miss Pellow and Mrs. Roberts will sing. Mrs. Rushmore will deliver a recitation.

For the accommodation of Marquette football fans, who plan to attend the game tomorrow afternoon between the Marquette and Ishpeming city teams, the South Shore train leaving here at 1 o'clock will stop at Union Park.

No Sunday Train Tomorrow—The new time card will be in effect on the L. S. & I. and M. M. & S. E. railways tomorrow. The Sunday summer trains has been taken off.

Marine Notes—Clearances from the L. S. & I. dock yesterday were: Michigan at 2:30 p. m. and the W. P. Snyder at 9:15 p. m. From the lower dock the Republic cleared for Ashtrahula at 11 a. m. and the L. C. Smith, for Cleveland, at 11:30 a. m.

Game Wardens Active—Disregarding the game laws proved expensive for John Johnson, of Skandia township. Johnson was arrested yesterday by Deputy Game Wardens Mosher and Koepf for having venison in his possession. He was arraigned before Justice Primeau, and paid a fine of \$50.00 and co. ts.

Carload of Cars—The Cloverland Auto company expects delivery today of a carload of Buicks, three cars, which have been sold. One will go to C. Meilour, at Negaunee, one to J. O. Ueber, at Republic, and the third will be driven through to Calumet, to the company's agent there. The Buick is one of the Cloverland's best sellers, and the company has never yet been able to catch up with the orders for the machine.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO. SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Upbound vessels passing the canals the last twenty-four hours were: The Wisconsin, 7:30 last night; McGregor, 4 a. m.; Rees, 5:30; Hartwell, Dunn, Smith, Thompson, Willis King, 6:30; M. A. Hanna, Saxon, 7; Henry Rogers, 7:30; Williams Bros., Australia, Baker, Morden, Wilkenson, 8:30; Verona, 9; Barnum, 10; Congdon, Morgan, Jr., Kopp, 10:30; Cornell, 11:30; J. J. Brown, Mariposa, Keewatin, W. W. Brown, noon; Ogdehay, Tyrone, 12:30; Corey, Minneapolis, 1:30; Schiller, Turrot, Chief, Poe, 2; Nettleton, 3:30; Weston, Imperial, Spalding 4; Jagg, Warriner, 7.

Upper Peninsula

Holbein to Chicago.

George E. Holbein writes in the Manistique Pioneer-Tribune: "The editor leaves for Chicago late this week for medical treatment and may make an indefinite stay in one of the hospitals of that city. He hopes that his employees who will have temporary charge of the paper will be given the same encouragement and support that has always characterized the public's support of the 'old man' in charge. If you are during the Pioneer-Tribune on subscription account, make an effort to pay up during the next few weeks. The editor has been prodigal with his strength during the quarter century that he has resided here in an attempt to give to his community a good newspaper, and has earned a rest as well as the money you owe the newspaper on subscription account. He has been in the newspaper game continuously without a vacation.

FRESH TODAY

Cauliflower, Cucumbers, Celery, Green Corn, Sweet Potatoes, Ripe Tomatoes, Head Lettuce, Radishes, Hubbard Squash, Pumpkins, Cranberries, Plums, Peaches, Pears, Grapes, Pink Meat Melons.

SPRING CHICKEN, FOWLS, DUCKS.

J. Q. Lewis & Co.

PHONE 31

Stop That Stubborn Cough

Coughs treated in the beginning rarely cause much trouble, but a stubborn cough, one that has been neglected, indicates a chronic inflammation of the air passages and should receive careful treatment. At this stage the system cannot throw it off without aid. The needed help is

Our Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil

There is no other remedy so reliable for the cure of chronic coughs, lung troubles, or for any debilitated condition. Our Emulsion is palatable and easy to take, because the very best oil is used in its preparation and it is always freshly made. Price, 50c and \$1.00.

JONES' DRUG STORE

Baraga Ave. and Third St. Phone 764 J

and he has given Manistique a newspaper, every issue of which showed the earmarks of painstaking effort upon his part, and that has made Manistique a better city, because it has invariably stood for every proposition that had for its object the moral and material interests of the city. That policy will, of course, be continued during his absence, and he hopes to return fitted to take up with renewed strength the policies that have always characterized the Pioneer-Tribune.

Found Helpless in the Woods.

Dick Summers, aged seventy-five, a woodsman living in a shack in Camp 83,

two miles north of Steuben, Schoolcraft county, was found by Mr. Hieock, a timber cruiser for the Consolidated Lumber company, in a totally paralyzed condition, having been in the shack for more than three days unable to move. Mr. Hieock notified Mr. Hughes of Steuben, who sent a wagon out to get the man, but he refused to be moved, and said he wanted to die where he was. The local authorities were notified, and the sheriff brought the man to manistique in an automobile. He is now at the county hospital. Summers is well known in Schoolcraft county, having resided there for more than thirty years.

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

COMING FEATURES

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| Wednesday, Oct. 20 ETHEL KAUFMAN in "Wormwood" Fox Photoplay Supreme | Thursday, Oct. 21 THEDA BARA and Wm. E. Shay in "The Two Orphans" Fox Photoplay Supreme | Friday, Oct. 22 "Bootle's Baby" and "The Man on the Case" A Double Paramount Feature in 6 Parts |
| Saturday, Oct. 23 NAT GOODWIN in "The Master Hand" World Film Corporation Feature | Friday, Oct. 29 IN A CLAIRE in "Wild Goose Chase" Lasky-Paramount Quality Play | Saturday, Oct. 30 VIVIAN MARTIN in "The Little Dutch Girl" World Film Corporation Feature |

TODAY---Afternoon & Evening

ROBERT WARWICK in "THE STOLEN VOICE"

A Five-Part Brady-World Film Corporation Feature Production

Vaudeville --- JESSICA DUO Novelty Singing, Juggling and Trained Pigeons

Matinee 2:30 to 5. Evening 7:10 to 10:40

Prices: 5c and 10c

MONDAY, OCTOBER 18

THE SEASON'S BIGGEST NOVELTY

GREAT COMPANY OF FIFTY-TWO INCLUDES JOHN W. VOGEL'S BIG MINSTRELS COMPLETE OPERATIC CAST 20 GIRL 20 CHORUS

JOHN W. VOGEL'S PICTORIALLY PICTURESQUE VOLATILE SONG REVUE "JAPLAND" OR THE GARDEN OF THE MIKADO AN ORIENTAL OPERATIO MINSTREL FARCE-COMEDY

MR. VOGEL'S OWN DOUBLE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

PRICES: Boxes and divans, \$1.00; balance lower floor and first two rows of balcony, 75c; balance balcony, 50c; gallery, 25c. Seats now on sale at Bigelow's store.



The Wirthmor Waists at \$1

If Everyone Knew How Good They Are-- Everyone Would Buy Them When Wanting An Inexpensive Waist.

FALL styles and Fall fabrics; Waists designed preceding their arrival here, entirely new and particularly appropriate for this time of the year.

Wirthmor Waists Are Sold Here Exclusively New Styles on Sale Today



NEW SANITARY MEAT MARKET

Pronounced by the State Inspector to be "IN FINE SANITARY CONDITION." Read the blue card in our shop.

SPECIALS TODAY

- Fresh Legs of Pork 20c
Pork Chops 22c
Beef Pot Roast 16c
Rib Roast 18c
Fresh-killed year-old Chicken 18c
Spring Chickens 22c

PHONE 587 Bureau Bros. We deliver to any part of the city.

CARE OF THE HANDS.

The hands should be plump, but not fat. If your hands are thin and rough a daily massage of olive oil will do wonders for them.

ble is that the blood rushes to your hands too much. Form the habit of holding the hands up as much as possible instead of down at the sides.

SUFFRAGE IN CANADA.

The equal suffrage invasion of Canada has at last achieved a definite result in the announcement of Premier Sefton, of Alberta, that a governmental measure will be brought into the forthcoming Provincial Legislature "placing men and women on a basis of absolute equality so far as provincial matters are concerned."

CITROLAX CITROLAX CITROLAX

Best thing for constipation, sour stomach, lazy liver and sluggish bowels. Stops a sick headache almost at once.

THE FROCK AND ITS TRIMMING

Braid on Chiffon—Chiffon on Serge—Cape Collars and Chokers.

New York, Oct. 8.—Winter fashion have been fully settled upon and it is gratifying to say that for many a season, if ever, they have not been as attractive as they are this year.

Trimming Notes. The simple serge and gabardine frocks, so much favored for all daytime occasions, are trimmed effectively with braid, designs in soutache, Hercules, and novelty braiddings, but the touches that render them distinctive are the curious color notes that are being introduced for contrast on many of the smart new French models.

Pink silk embroidery is often seen on frocks of dark blue serge, and a dull reseda wool embroidery is usually smart on dark blue; this wool embroidery is one of the new notions of the winter; it appears on collars, cuffs, girdles, and trimming bands of frocks, coats, and blouses.



Braid Trimmed Check Costume

rib effect to imitate wide Hercules braid is a detail of many of the imported serge and gabardine dresses. The various conventionalized soutache patterns on a foundation of net or chiffon, often edged with a band of a flat silk braid or an edge of fur, is much in vogue for trimming the more dressy frocks; the wide braids, in numberless attractive designs, are popular as well.

Cape Collars and Chokers. Another quaint and becoming detail of these dark cloth dresses is the collar. Many of the plain redingote serge gowns are made with simple or double cape collars.

At one of the fall openings in Paris a chiffon afternoon frock was trimmed with wide, heavy Hercules braid; following this idea comes a frock of serge trimmed with soutache chiffon.

Interesting Buttons. Among the button novelties, both for service and for trimming purposes, there is a large gold button patterned after the plain, four-hole porcelain underwear button; another is an acorn button of brilliants.

Colored Facings. Skirts are being trimmed considerably this winter; and there is a marked use of velvet and cloth, combined, and of velvet and chiffon, and velvet and faille. Many of the skirts are banded with velvet, wide and narrow. Some of the prettiest and smartest notions along this line are the contrasting facings.

Leather as a Trimming. One of the smart innovations of the season is the three-quarter coat of leather, trimmed with fur and velvet.

opening and also introduced leather as a trimming for suits and frocks. Fur—Becoming and Timely.

Perhaps the most pleasing thing about the winter trimmings is the touch of fur which appears on many of the indoor costumes and most of the outdoor suits and frocks.



Redingote of Serge and Satin.

mother's day. Wide cape collars of fur closed under the chin with a stiff little bow of taffeta or moire ribbon are smart, too, with these small muffs.

Upper Peninsula

Will Start a Camp.

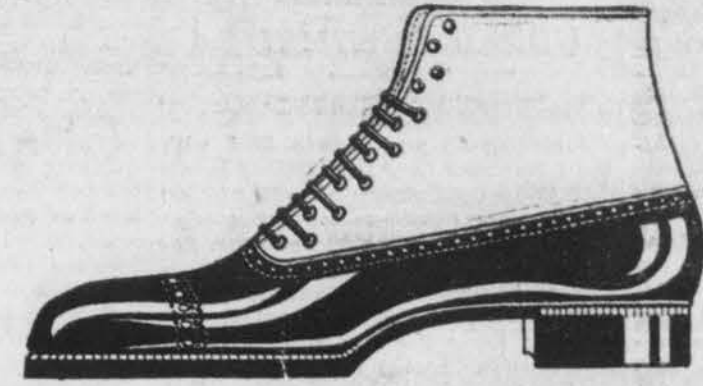
John O. Blixt is one of the few Dickinson county loggers who will operate this fall and winter. He is now planning to conduct a camp near Fortune Lake, Iron county, where he owns a tract of timber land.

Given Prison Sentence.

The case of the People vs. Vittorio Giansante, charged with murder, resulted in a jury in circuit court in Dickinson county returning a verdict of first degree manslaughter. Giansante's conviction was due, in a large measure, to the testimony of Ercolo Zaccardi, who was brought here from Marquette prison by the prosecuting attorney to testify in the case.

THE LAST DAY OF THE Big Shoe Sale

Men's Work Shoes | Men's Dress Shoe



Ladies' Shoes | Boys' and Girls' Shoes

Come Today If You Wish To Save Money

VICTOR ERFFT

216 South Front Street

MARQUETTE, MICH.

in the alley in the rear of the Giansante home. Paulo Giunto and Eugenio Giunzio, the victims, were brothers-in-law, the former being married. The weapon employed was a double-barreled shotgun, the property of Giansante. On Sunday a number of men had assembled at the place. There was, according to all the evidence, drinking, card playing and dancing. All present were more or less intoxicated. The cause of the row leading up to the shooting has never been clearly established. It appears to have been a free-for-all fight in which razors, brass knuckles and clubs were employed. Giunto and Giunzio appeared to have had the best of the house fight. It was when they left for home that Zaccardi employed the gun. The shooting took place in the alley. Zaccardi was on one side of the fence and his victims on the other, facing him, only a few feet distant. Giunto was shot directly through the heart and was instantly killed. Giunzio was in a stooping position when shot, the gun charge entering the body below the right shoulder, passed downward and shattering the lungs, causing death in a few moments. The crime caused a sensation in the community and was followed by a rigid enforcement of the laws governing the sale of liquors.

tract about the middle of this month, several months in advance of the required time. He has already shipped a portion of the construction outfit employed in the work to other points, but was still employing on the job fifty-five locomotives, fifteen steam shovels and much other machinery. Eight hundred men were at work and the monthly payroll required the large sum of \$35,000 to liquidate. The contract, when completed, will represent an expenditure of about \$10,000,000. Mr. Marsch was in Washington recently figuring on a government contract near St. Louis, the estimated cost of which is over \$12,000,000.

Moose in Mackinac.

The closed season for moose in Michigan is having its effect and every now and then, from all parts of the peninsula, comes word that these animals have been seen. Last Saturday a big bull moose was seen on the farm of Jacob Knoop at Caffey. Surveyors had chased it from the woods and as it came out into the open it was seen by the Misses Elsie and Ella Knoop, who took it in the growing darkness for a horse or a cow. As it was nearing the garden the young ladies went towards it to chase it away when they saw their mistake. The size of the big bull rather scared them and they returned to the home without making any attempt at a scare. Two moose, a bull and a cow, were also seen at Rexton the first of the week. The animals got into the garden of Doc Davis and raised havoc with the crop.—St. Ignace Enterprise.

Who Said High Prices?

High prices are a myth when you make all your purchases at our store, because our skillful and judicious buying always insures you of getting exactly what you want at the lowest market price.

DESJARDINS' PHARMACY 417 N. Third Street, Marquette, Mich. Prompt attention given to mail orders.

We Offer Today

- SPRING CHICKENS, CHOICE STEWING CHICKENS, CHOICE LAMB, CHOICE VEAL, and, as has been our custom, CHOICE NATIVE BEEF, PORK LOINS, PORK SHOULDER and FRESH HAMS.

To our sausage department we have added a good many new specialties.

Of special interest to all our trade: We have added a line of high grade Tea and Coffee. We offer this line at prices that will stand in line with Chicago prices: A 30-cent Coffee at 25c A 60 and 70-cent Tea at 50c

We also have made a cut in all our line of fancy and plain Cookies from 2 to 3 cents a pound. New sauerkraut and pickles on sale now. Our smoked meat department is complete, although prices have all raised, and a high market is on us for some time to come, due to packers filling orders for other countries besides our home market. This is the cause for our high cost on all provisions and produce.

We have provided our shelves for a time with a line of Bacon and Hams, and will maintain for the present our same level of prices; so if you want any of this you will have to get busy, for it won't last very long. The next lot will cost from 4 to 5 cents more.

BEYERS' CASH MARKET

CHARLTON & KUENZLI ARCHITECTS. Marquette - Michigan.

DR. C. L. GIRARD. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office over the First National Bank. Tel. Number 736. Residence, 305 E. Arch St., Tel. 854



Quality Is Better Than Quantity

Before the war I secured diamonds that have advanced 20%. Our prices have not advanced. Pays you to see our diamonds. Only \$22, \$24 and \$30. Well worth \$40 to \$50.

CASH OR CREDIT M. F. Goldberg Third Street, Opposite Postoffice.

Castle Brew

IT'S GREAT!

Positively No Better BEER made

Nothing But the Best brewing material, together with the purest spring water, is used in its manufacture.

Try a case, in quart or pints U.P. Brewing Co.



JAPLAND At the Marquette Opera House Monday, Oct. 18.

NEGRO TO HANG TODAY FOR MURDER OF WOMAN

Joe Deberry, Who Killed Benefactor, Will Pay Extreme Penalty on the Gallows.

Murphysboro, Ills., Oct. 15.—A stockade twenty feet high and enclosing enough ground to accommodate two thousand spectators, has been erected around the gallows on which Joe Deberry, a negro, will be hanged tomorrow morning for the murder of Mrs. J. H. Martin.

Four thousand persons have applied for admission to the enclosure. Many requests have come from women.

Mrs. James H. Martin, wife of a well-known attorney of southern Illinois, was murdered at her home here on the afternoon of July 30, 1915, by Deberry, whose parole from the state reformatory she had obtained.

The crime was committed, according to the negro's story, after Mrs. Martin had refused to give him fifty cents. Deberry, angry, followed Mrs. Martin to her room and beat her to death with a poker.

The crime was discovered about an hour after it was committed, and Deberry was arrested as a suspect. To prevent mob violence, the sheriff took him first to Marion, Ills., then to Carbondale, and then to Harrisburg, the mob following in automobiles. A promise of taking the prisoner from Harrisburg also was made, but in fact he was kept there until he was brought to Murphysboro for his trial.

While in the Harrisburg jail, Deberry confessed.

Was Given Every Chance.

On Sunday, Aug. 29, Deberry was smuggled out of the Harrisburg jail under the protection of three companions of the Illinois national guard and taken to Murphysboro for trial. The guardsmen were on duty at the court house the following day when the case was called, but no trouble resulted.

Deberry pleaded guilty, but the presiding judge would not accept the plea until Deberry had consulted counsel, and as Deberry had no attorney, the court designated one to represent him, and after consultation with his attorney, Deberry again pleaded guilty and was sentenced to be hanged on October 16, 1915.

Less than three weeks after the murder of his wife, James H. Martin died. His death was attributed largely to shock caused by the tragedy.

A son of Mrs. Martin asked the sheriff to allow him to spring the trap when Deberry was hanged but the sheriff denied this request.

STOLE AUTOS TO SELL OR FOR USE AS TAXIS IS CHARGE AGAINST MEN

New York, Oct. 15.—Two men arrested at Middletown, Ky., and brought to New York, and two others, arrested at Patchogue, L. I., were charged by the police today with having stolen in New York seventy-five automobiles and with having sold most of the machines in Long Island. With the automobiles they were unable to sell, the police

charge, the men started a taxicab service at Cumberland Gap, Ky. Two of them pleaded guilty.

LUSITANIA OWNERS SUED FOR DAMAGES

Chicago, Oct. 15.—Mrs. Sarah Lund, of Chicago, whose husband and father were drowned by the sinking of the Lusitania, today sued the Cunard Steamship company, Ltd., owners of the liner, for \$40,000 damages for injuries sustained herself in that catastrophe.

MVEY WINS FROM CLARK

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 15.—Sam McVey, of New York, gained a decision over Jess Clark, of Joplin, Mo., here tonight in a ten-round boxing bout. The men are negro heavyweights.

UPPER PENINSULA

Expenditures Will Be Less.

According to an estimate filed with the supervisors by Judge Yelland it will cost Delta county approximately \$7,500 for mothers pensions for the coming year against over \$11,000 last year. Because of the excessive cost aid has been refused to some and the amounts given each in many instances have been cut down to bring the fund within reasonable bounds. In the future Judge Yelland announced to the supervisors that he will refuse aid in all cases until the supervisors of the township or ward has been consulted as to the necessity of extending aid in the particular case. At the present time sixty mothers with 181 children are receiving aid. The average amount given to each family is \$2.38 a week or seventy-five cents a week for each child.

County System Rejected.

Delta county is not to adopt the county system of caring for its poor in preference to the township and city system now in vogue. That fact was determined by the supervisors when they recorded an adverse vote against the proposition, 8 to 15. Objection was made to the adoption of the system by some of the township supervisors on the grounds that it would remove a considerable burden in caring for the poor from the city of Escanaba and two or three of the townships and when the vote was taken it was nearly a division of the house between the Escanaba city supervisors, in favor of the proposal, and the township and Gladstone supervisors against it. Supervisors Bruce and MacLean voted with the city supervisors on the proposal.

Tired of Life? Not Yet.

With a butcher knife in his hand and an empty bottle labelled "carbolic acid" in his pocket, George Benoit, claiming to hail from Munsieing, was discovered on the floor of his room in a house on Ferris street, Sault Ste. Marie, in a paralyzed condition. Members of the household feared that Benoit had attempted suicide and the police were summoned. The man was immediately aroused from his stupor and taken to the Central police station, where he informed the officials that he had not tak-

en any of the acid. He was apparently intoxicated and a charge was placed against him. When he faced Judge Frederick, Benoit declared that he did not remember buying the acid and declared that he had no intention of committing suicide. After an investigation the officials discovered that the man purchased the acid, but poured the contents out later. Benoit declared in court that he is not yet tired of life, not even after spending one night in the "hole." There are better places outside and also more pleasure, he said. Sleeping one night in a cell gave him an entirely different impression of life. He was released on twenty days' suspended sentence.

Foiled Purse Snatcher.

Attacked by a purse snatcher while walking to her home, Mrs. J. L. Nolden bravely fought off her assailant and forced him to beat a retreat. Mrs. Nolden, with a woman friend, were walking home after attending a card party, shortly before midnight. On South Jennie street, near Ayr, a stranger, wearing a cap, pulled down over his eyes, suddenly stepped out of the dark and grasped Mrs. Nolden's purse. She kept her head and began to struggle with her assailant. He continued to attempt to jerk the purse from her hand and she proceeded to pummel him with the free arm while her companion set up a cry for help. The hands to the purse were broken, but Mrs. Nolden clung to the purse until the would-be-robbler gave up the effort and hastily ran down the street.

Will Regulate Traffic.

Members of the Delta county board of supervisors enacted a measure this week that will bar all heavily laden trucks and other vehicles that carry unreasonable loads from all of the highways of the county road system in Delta county. The ordinance will immediately be forwarded to the governor of the state for his signature and approval and will become effective sixty days from the date of its passage by the county board. Appearing before the supervisors this week members of the board of road commissioners claimed that already great damage has been caused to the roads of the county through the overloading of trucks and asserted that if the practice was allowed to continue, within two years every road traversed by those vehicles would be ruined beyond repair.

Field May Enter Contest.

Looks now as though Hon. N. T. Field of Chippewa county would enter the senatorial race next spring in this district, says the Mackinac Pioneer-Tribune. With Wood and Bohm already in the field, and with a prospective candidate from Delta county, and with the advent of a Chippewa county candidate, it looks as though the fight would be a badly mixed up affair. Field would carry Chippewa county by a large majority at the preliminary election, but the most highly esteemed men of that county. Bohm would carry LeClerc county by a unanimous vote, while the Delta county man would be especially strong in that county. Bohm and Field would be given a vote in the Schofield and Mackinac counties, and the Delta county candidate would be especially strong in Menominee county. If all the candidates remain in the race, the name of the winner is in doubt, but the identity of one or more losers could be revealed at the present time.

Dry's Win In Delta.

Members of the Delta county board of supervisors by a 9 to 6 decision decided that the question of the adoption or rejection of county prohibition should be submitted to the voters at the election of next April. The final vote was taken on a secret ballot after prosecuting attorney H. J. Rushton had ruled that the petitions presented to the board were in legal form and proper, and which ruling it is held by the opponents of the petitions, was in direct opposition to a ruling submitted by the attorney general of the state. The legality of the petitions was attacked on the ground that in several wards of Escanaba and in several of the townships more than one petition had been circulated in securing signatures. When the matter developed before the supervisors the prosecuting attorney sent the following message to the attorney general: "If more than one petition was circulated in any ward or election precinct and affidavits were made to each of the petitions, and subsequently passed, together and filed with the county clerk can they be legally considered?" The attorney general replied in substance as follows: "The local option law provides that only one petition can be circulated in any precinct. If more than one petition was circulated, neither can be counted." At the hearing before the board it developed that Chairman C. P. Mason's effort to prepare a report of the special committee, appointed to investigate the local option petitions, had been ignored. Mr. Mason spent three hours in preparing an opinion that embodied the findings of the committee made at a nearly all night session, only to learn that three members of the committee had signed another report in which no notice was taken of the committee, definite findings, but which accepted the legality of the petitions and recommended that the matter be submitted to a vote of the people. The signers of that report were Supervisors F. H. Atkins, H. Halvorsen and Helmsler. Bruce, J. P. Miller, another member of the committee, presented a minority report. Supervisor Mason did not sign either petition. T. E. Strom appeared before the board in behalf of the objectors to the petitions, while Attorney A. F. Ryall and Attorney James G. Baker appeared for the drys, with Prosecuting Attorney Rushton serving as official advisor for the board. After a lengthy discussion of the matter, and after considerable jockeying to get the matter up for a final vote, it was decided by a vote on the adoption of the majority report of the committee by secret ballot. Supervisors MacKillean and Pederson were appointed as tellers and when the ballots were counted 15 had voted in favor of the report; 9 against, and with one blank vote cast. At the afternoon session the supervisors by an unanimous vote adopted a formal resolution to submit the local option question to the people at the spring election, which action closed the incident.

OUR JITNEY OFFER—This and 5c.

Don't Miss This. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Turn and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold everywhere.

Sunday at the Churches

St. Paul's Episcopal.

Holy communion, 7:30 a. m.; children's service and Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.; morning prayer at 11, the program for the service is as follows: Andante from the Fifth Organ Sonata Mendelssohn Professional, "Round the Lord in Glory" S. B. Whitney "O Come Let Us Sing Unto the Lord" Dupuis Te Deum, "We Praise Thee, O God" Dykes Jubilate, "O Be Joyful in the Lord" Woodward Hymn, "Come My Soul" Haydn Sermon, "A Religious Man's Conversion" Anthem, "The Splendors of Thy Glory" Woodward Recessional, "Crown Him With Many Crowns" Eley Evening prayer, 7:30. The program: Professional, "Pleasant Are Thy Dwelling" Eley "My Soul Doth Magnify the Lord" R. S. Alter Nunc Dimittis Ethelbert Nevin Hymn, "From All Thy Saints in Warfare" Webber Sermon, "Religion and Medicine" Anthem, "How Amiable Are Thy Ways" Barnby Recessional, "Through the Night of Doubt and Sorrow" Bambridge

Presbyterian Church.

Sunday school 9:45. Every boy and girl present last Sunday at Rally Day should be present tomorrow with lesson prepared. The supper for the members of the school will be given Thursday evening at 8:30 in the parlors of the church. Normal girls and boys are especially invited to join the classes of Mrs. Brown and Mr. Amstutz. Morning worship at 11. Sermon theme, "The Victor's Reward VI Life-Names." This will be the sixth of the series of sermons on the letters to the seven churches in Revelation. Get the entire series by being present Sunday morning, Junior Christian Endeavor at 4 o'clock. Miss Clara Hansen is the efficient superintendent. Parents be sure to send your children promptly. Evening worship at 7:30. Sermon theme, "Others." A special invitation is extended to the transients in hotels and boarding houses to attend this service. The sermon is designed for their benefit. A LaVerne Spafford of Grand Rapids, secretary of the State Christian Endeavor Union will speak at the Wednesday evening service. All young people of the church are urged to hear him.

Swedish Lutheran Church.

Carl E. Lundgren, pastor. Morning worship at 10 o'clock. Subject of sermon: "The Lord's Vineyard." Sunday school at 11:30. Evening service at 7:30. (Subject: "The Marriage Feast and the Wedding Garment.") Services in English the first and third Sunday evenings in the month. The Young People's Bible Study Class Monday evening at 7:45. District mission meetings in Manistiquic and Iron Mountain on Tuesday and Wednesday. The pastor will be in Manistiquic. Devotional services on Wednesday evening. One of the deacons will lead the meeting. The Luther league will meet on Friday evening in the church parlors. This will be a session for the Normal students who come to the Swedish Lutheran churches. The Confirmation class meets on Saturday at 10 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal.

"Christian Doctrine in an Age of Science" is the subject from which the pastor will preach at the morning service, which commences at 11 o'clock. "The Life Victorious" is the subject from which the pastor will preach at the evening service, commencing at 7:30 o'clock. The Bible class and the Adult Bible class, and also the Young Men's class will meet at 9:55 a. m. Text for study, "The Healing of Naaman." "Civic Righteousness" is the topic for consideration at the Epworth league devotional service, which commences at 6:45, and is held in the parlors of the church. This is a service for all young people who greatly enjoy. On Thursday evening at 7:30, the church prayer service is held in the parlors, and is conducted by the pastor. We shall be pleased to welcome the stranger within our gates.

First Baptist.

Sunday school sessions open promptly at 9:45 a. m. The attendance and interest are growing. We need your presence and help. Morning worship at 11, with sermon on "The Manifestation of Christ." Junior B. Y. P. U., 2:30 p. m. Senior B. Y. P. U., 6:45 p. m., led by Miss Mabel Lawrence; theme, "The Responsibility of Our Society for Local, State, and National Unions." (Psalm 133:1-3). The evening worship, 7:30, with a sermon on "The Life That Counts." Mid-week prayer service, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. If you have no other evening church home, we shall be glad to see you in our services. The worship of God is a civic necessity as well as a religious duty.

German Lutheran.

English services will be held Sunday at 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the pastor Rev. W. Roepke.

First Church of Christ, Scientist.

Services will be held Sunday at 11 o'clock. Subject, "Doctrine of Attonement."

COUGHS THAT ARE STOPPED!

Careful people see that they are stopped. Dr. King's New Discovery is a remedy of tried merit. It has held its own on the market for 46 years. Youth and old age testify to its soothing and healing qualities. Pneumonia and lung troubles are often caused by delay of treatment. Dr. King's New Discovery stops those hacking coughs and relieves the grippe tendencies. Money back if it fails. 50c and \$1.

OUR JITNEY OFFER—This and 5c.

Don't Miss This. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Turn and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold everywhere.

Four Big Specials

AT

FOSTER'S

ONE DAY ONLY TODAY Saturday ONE DAY ONLY

| | | |
|--|--------|---|
| 7 Pieces 40-inch Silk Crepe de Chine, special shades, for party gowns, today at, yard... | \$1.00 | 50 Petticoats, in Satin, Crepe Cloth, Heatherbloom, Taffeta Silk and Messaline Silk; black and colors; ranging in price from 75c up to \$8.50, 25% Discount on entire lot for today only. |
| 40 Pieces 40 inch Silk Poplin, yard | \$1.00 | |
| 40-inch Black Messaline, extra quality | \$1.25 | |

Our Annual Fall Opening Sale

IS STILL GOING ON

4 More Days of the Big Reduction

on Sheets, Towels, Apron Gingham, Outing Flannels, Dress Goods, Crepe Cloth, Muslin Underwear, Shirt Waists, Wash Dresses, Furs, Sweaters, Shoes and Blankets.

Read our big bill left at your door. It means money saved by buying now.

J. H. FOSTER CO.

Green Trading Stamps with Every Purchase.



We Buy Your Old Sewing Machine

We Sell The FREE Machine

EVERY woman in this city can now own the Word's Best High Grade Sewing Machine by trading her old machine for

The FREE

(Invented and patented by W. C. Free.)

and paying the difference on terms of \$1.00 a week for only a few weeks.

The FREE Sewing Machine has many valuable improvements:

- The FREE sews faster because of the wonderful new Rotosecillo invention.
- The FREE runs lighter on account of its many ball bearings.
- The FREE lasts longer. Its material and workmanship are superior.
- The FREE makes a perfect stitch because of the Toggle-link movement found only on The FREE.
- The FREE is more beautiful. Its lovely case will be the most artistic piece of furniture in your home.
- The FREE is guaranteed and insured. We replace even a broken needle. Try it.

Remember we buy your old machine We sell The FREE Machine

\$1 a Week

for a few weeks pays the difference

This offer to buy your old machine lasts only while the 1915 model is being introduced.

TONELLA & SON

Convenient when open

to one's family." This is still a fit definition of the gentleman in France; it is probably not now a fully satisfactory definition of the gentleman in Great Britain; and it never has been an acceptable definition of the gentleman in the United States. To an American there is a pitiful snobbishness in Ruskin's remark that the principles of education propounded by Plato apply only to "the persons we call gentlemen—that is to say, landholders living on slaves' labor." Yet Ruskin is only putting forth a little more offensively than others an opinion often held in England. This opinion is most concretely expressed in the fabled dialogue between the English lord and the American gentleman which has with his tactful assertion that there are so few gentlemen in America, to which she responded with the question, "But whom do you call gentlemen?" And when he explains that gentlemen are "men who do not work," she retorts swiftly, "But we have lots of those in America—only we call them tramps!"

WHAT IS A GENTLEMAN?

From more or less successful efforts to define the snob and the bore there is only a step to the more or less successful efforts to define the gentleman, says Scribner's for September. The bore and the snob are accessible creatures, plain to the view of all men and reducible to formula. But the gentleman is intangible and ultimately indefinable. The laws and the snob are revealed by their words and their deeds; whereas the gentleman can prove himself only by his spirit. It is no wonder that the multitudinous definitions shot at this shifting mark have failed to pierce the center even if one or another may now and again have hit the margin of the target.

One of the more obvious reasons for this diversity of definitions is that the word has changed its meaning and is likely to keep on changing it as we advance in civilization. Once upon a time it had a clear and sharply limited meaning recorded by Blackstone in his commentaries; the great lawyer defined a gentleman as one "who bears coat armor, the grant of which adds gentility

The service bulletin issued by the Iowa highway commission has unearthed some interesting facts regarding the only piece of farm land Abraham Lincoln ever owned. In 1832 he was captain of a company of volunteers raised for the Blackhawk Indian war, but his little command saw no fighting, and inside of five weeks it was disbanded. Under an act of congress, passed in 1855, these soldiers were entitled to a land grant, and on Sept. 10, 1860, just before his election to the presidency, Lincoln laid claim to a share of the land in question under a warrant signed by his predecessor in the White House, James Buchanan.

This land remained in the Lincoln family, it seems, until 1892, when Robert Todd Lincoln, son and then sole heir of the Blackhawk war captain, deeded it to Henry Edwards, and in the same year it was deeded to Peter E. Jipson, who still owns it. The farm contains 120 acres, and is situated six and a half miles northwest of Denison, in Crawford county, Ia., not far from the Lincoln highway. It is doubtful if the grantee ever saw the property.—Christian Science Monitor.

SMOKELESS POWDER.

An important discovery has been made by the Du Ponts Powder company, where by the time required to manufacture smokeless powder is materially reduced. Under new methods recently adopted the drying process now takes but five days, as against sixty days heretofore. As a result but twenty-one days are now required in turning out the finished product. This is an outcome of experiments made by the chemists and is an outgrowth of the tremendous production of explosives at the Carney's Point (N. J.) plant, where upward of 15,000 men are employed.

The effect will be to not only greatly increase the quantity of explosives manufactured but to expedite the working of the big plant generally. The works are operated twenty-four hours a day, the men being employed in three shifts of eight hours each.

LOCUSTS AS DELICACIES.

While the locust is essentially a plant devorator and famine bringer, there are many well authenticated cases in history showing that populations, reduced to the last extremity, have utilized the destructive insect as food.

Dionorus Siculus relates that an Ethiopian tribe, were known as Acrotrophagi (eaters of locusts), while Aristotle writes of a certain part of Greece where the people regarded them as delicious. Laxard, the explorer, found on the engraved monuments pictures of dried and preserved locusts as foods, presumably indicating their use as food.

It is not believed that any race today eats them. They are regarded everywhere in the east as an abhorrent calamity, and the presence of vast swarms in Palestine is held to be a forerunner of complete crop failure, both of fruits and cereals.—Christian Herald.

MEXICO WANTS TEXAS.

These twenty-six Mexicans who tried to start a revolution and capture Texas must have had an unusually large supply of mesal and pulse.—Memphis News-Scimitar.

Some of the misguided Mexicans are talking as glibly about separating Texas from the United States as a broker might about separating half a million dollars from Mrs. Hetty Green.—Boston Globe.

If Villa and Zapata hold a peace parley it will be just like Villa to keep his army near at hand.—Knoxville Sentinel.

The administration ought to put a stop to the Mexican invasion of Texas, if it is compelled to use every soldier in the United States army to accomplish its purpose.—Boston Transcript.

"More troops for the border," says a headline. Why not for "over the border?"—Buffalo Commercial.

There is this satisfaction about the daily killing of Mexican bandits by American posse: If the United States must intervene, its fighters are getting good practice.—Harrisburg Patriot.

"Gen. Orozco has turned out to be a common horse thief. It seems to have run true to form.—Richmond Virginian.

OIL TO PREVENT FOG.

Preventing fog with oil is called attention to by the Hydrographic office in its latest bulletin. It is reported that experiments have been made in France, with varying success, to prevent the fogs in river valleys, the best result being obtained by employing vegetable oils. A thin film of oil is placed on the surface to keep the air from coming in direct contact with the warmer water, and thus the condensation of the water vapor is hindered.

It is pointed out that a ship which has to stop or anchor off a fog bound coast, may create a clear zone around herself by distributing storm oil for a time. The hydrographic office in Washington would be glad to hear from those who make the experiment, the announcement states.

LINCOLN'S LAND HOLDING.

The service bulletin issued by the Iowa highway commission has unearthed some interesting facts regarding the only piece of farm land Abraham Lincoln ever owned. In 1832 he was captain of a company of volunteers raised for the Blackhawk Indian war, but his little command saw no fighting, and inside of five weeks it was disbanded. Under an act of congress, passed in 1855, these soldiers were entitled to a land grant, and on Sept. 10, 1860, just before his election to the presidency, Lincoln laid claim to a share of the land in question under a warrant signed by his predecessor in the White House, James Buchanan.

This land remained in the Lincoln family, it seems, until 1892, when Robert Todd Lincoln, son and then sole heir of the Blackhawk war captain, deeded it to Henry Edwards, and in the same year it was deeded to Peter E. Jipson, who still owns it. The farm contains 120 acres, and is situated six and a half miles northwest of Denison, in Crawford county, Ia., not far from the Lincoln highway. It is doubtful if the grantee ever saw the property.—Christian Science Monitor.



ROBERT WARWICK IN "THE STOLEN VOICE"

AT THE MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE TODAY, MATINEE AND NIGHT

PLANS CHRISTMAS FUND FOR BELGIANS

American Committee Would Repeat "Dollar" Policy of Year Ago.

New York, Oct. 15.—Henry Clews, treasurer of the Dollar Christmas fund for destitute Belgians, has issued the following open letter: "Twelve months ago I made an appeal to Americans in behalf of the Dollar Christmas fund for Belgians—one of the many efforts made here and in Europe to avert the threatened starvation of a nation. The response was prompt and generous. Not alone the rich contributed, but even many of the very poor with the happy result that we were able to send to Belgium a Christmas ship laden not only with Christmas good wishes but with food and clothing. "To the American Commission for Relief in Belgium—the saviors of Belgium, to quote Cardinal Mercier—has been left the vital task of solving the food problem and though the future of Belgium in 1916 is beyond prophesy and must appear to us as a dark and gloomy picture, it is our duty to do our best to keep body and soul together—now served daily to all necessitous persons in Belgium. "The task now undertaken by the Dollar Christmas fund is to collect money for shoes, boots and clothes which are most urgently needed and for which special money must be provided. The necessity is appalling because at the present time there are roughly 3,500,000 destitute people in Belgium and the number increases as the winter approaches. The Belgians are unable to buy shoes, boots and clothes themselves—many even of the former wealthy are now in the daily bread line. "This year, as last, our fund has the warm approval and valued co-operation of a committee of representative citizens, including Colonel George Harvey, Dr. William T. Hornaday, Victor Lawson, Adolph S. Ochs, Professor Henry Fairfield Osborn, William C. Reick, Melville E. Stone, Oscar S. Straus, George T. Wilson. All our workers are honorary and all money collected will be expended by the American Commission for Relief in Belgium. "A FIT UNITED STATES ARMY.

A FIT UNITED STATES ARMY.

Our third and last line of defense should be the sunk and the defense of our ports and naval dockyards be taken, would be the mobile army. And what is the actual strength (not the paper strength) of our mobile army, that is to say, the army that could take the field against the invader? Just 90,000 men and an of 30,000 regulars and 60,000 effective militia—or less than the total number of casualties suffered on more than one occasion in single engagements of the European war. And let it not be forgotten that Germany, within a few days, could land 250,000 of her veteran troops, fully equipped with field guns, howitzers, machine guns, transport, and all the necessary equipment for a smashing campaign. Meanwhile our 90,000 effective regulars and militia would be scattered from Maine to California; and it would take at least thirty to forty days to concentrate these forces and move them as a compact army against the invader. Moreover, when they were concentrated, our troops would be short of field artillery, short of field howitzers, short of machine guns, short of ammunition, and short of transport, and our officers would be new to the task of handling so large a body of men. "The remedy? To take the first shock of invasion we should have a permanent in the United States an effective regular army of 125,000 men, and the militia should be enlarged that it could at any time put in the field 275,000 effective troops, these 400,000 men being fully equipped with artillery, transport, and all necessary means for rapid concentration and swift attack. "Back of this first line should be a trained citizen army of half a million, capable of quick concentration at depots in which at all times should be maintained the necessary artillery, ammunition and equipment—with adequate reserves—for field operations on the largest scale extending over a protracted period. "Properly to lead this army of defense we should require not less than 40,000 trained officers. These can be secured by the enlargement of those student and civilian camps which have been showing such excellent results during the past summer at Plattsburg and elsewhere.—J. Bernard Walker, in American Review of Reviews.

A HINT TO INVESTORS.

No man or group of men owns any railroad in the United States. Every railroad is owned by a large body of stockholders, in some instances, as in the case of the Pennsylvania, reaching nearly 100,000 persons. In England, the annual meeting of the shareholders of a corporation is an event of unusual interest. A large number of sorts of questions concerning the conduct of their property. They find fault with, or they approve, the management as they see fit. As a rule, stockholders at their annual

DRINK HABIT

RELIABLE HOME TREATMENT. Thousands of wives, mothers and sisters are enthusiastic in their praise of ORRINE, because "Drink Habit" and thereby brought happiness to their homes. Can be given secretly. ORRINE costs only \$1.00 per box. Ask for Free Booklet. The Stafford Drug Co., Front St., Marquette; City Drug Store, Negaunee, Mich.

meeting, have a right by a majority vote to elect a new management if they may see fit. That the corporations recognize this fact is clearly disclosed by the invitation the Atchison railroad extends to its shareholders to attend the next annual meeting and "exercise their right to criticize the management or otherwise express their opinion." The notice adds that proxies of shareholders are solicited by the directors because it is necessary to secure a quorum either by proxy or by attendance in person. I have frequently called the attention of my readers to the fact that they are under no obligation thus to sign away their voting power and will lose nothing by throwing the proxy blank into the wastebasket. The best thing for shareholders to do is to attend the annual meetings and listen to the reports of the officers, to ask questions and take as lively an interest as they would in any other enterprise in which they are partners. The man who puts \$100 or \$1,000 or \$5,000 in a security for investment or speculation should act with as much caution, it would seem, as he would in buying a horse or a house or engaging in any line of trade.—Jasper in Leslie's.

HAWAIIAN MUSIC.

The manufacture of ukuleles in Hawaii is increasing so rapidly that steps are being taken in the islands to protect them by a special trade-mark, in order that those who buy will know whether they have in their possession a real Hawaiian instrument or one made somewhere on the United States mainland. Early in the eighties Portuguese immigrants from the Madeira islands arrived in Honolulu, many of them bringing with them a very small guitar. It was played by holding it close to the body, the fingers of the left hand grasping the neck, and the fingers of the right sweeping the entire set of strings. The rapidity of the motion with the right hand caused the Hawaiians to call the instrument "ukulele," or "dancing flea." Though of foreign origin, the ukulele lends itself admirably to native music. The Hawaiians islanders erected a building at the Panama Pacific exposition, in which the "atmosphere" of the Hawaiian islands was preserved as much as possible. Young Hawaiian musicians play in this building every afternoon and evening. Their music has become so widely popular and has brought the ukulele into so conspicuous popularity that dealers in San Francisco are already increasing their orders in much as a "made-in-Hawaii" product. One of the largest, San Francisco firms placed an order a while back for 200 instruments; he has now increased this order to 500. A few firms on the mainland have undertaken in the last year to manufacture ukuleles and to place them on the market as "made-in-Hawaii" products. The Hawaii promotion committee of Honolulu is now preparing a special label, "Made in Hawaii, U. S. A." to be placed on instruments actually manufactured in the islands. The instruments made in Hawaii are fashioned from koa wood, or Hawaiian mahogany, which takes a beautiful polish and is used extensively for making chairs, tables, four-posted beds and for veneering. It is expensive, as the Hawaiian forests are yielding very few new trees. Ukuleles sell in Honolulu for \$4.50 to \$15 each. The manufacturers are principally Portuguese.

AT THE PICTURE SHOW.

She sits with eyes intent upon the screen, A quiet woman, with work-hardened hands. Beside her squirms an eager, stock-head man. Upon her lap a little ruffled girl With petted cheek and bright, play-roughened hair. While, bulwark of the little family group, Her husband looks, with one unconscious eye, Lying along her chair-back. So they come Often, and for a few cents, more or less, Slip through the wicket-gate of wonderment. So that the beaten paths of every-day life, The Indians and the horses thrill the boy With dreams of great adventure; the big man Likes the great bridges, and the curious men of other lands; the child Laughs at the funny way the people die. And she? The way the hero's overcoat Sets to his shoulders; or a lock of hair Fanned by an imaginary, or else a smile. A visible sign, an eyebrow lifted so— They touch strange, buried, dispossessed old dreams. And while her hand plays with the baby's curls Unthinking, once again she sees the face That swayed her youth as ocean tides are swayed by wind. Until she broke her heart to save her soul And fled back to her native town. In the swart byways of the city streets All the high hopes of youth. She has picked up Her life since then, and made a goodly thing Out of the fragments; that is written plain Upon the simple page for all to see. I fancy that she hardly thinks of him Through all her wholesome days; but when, at night, They go a-voyaging across the screen, And suddenly a street lamp throws a gleam On a wet pavement . . . a man sits alone On a park bench . . . or else goes swinging past With that expression to his overcoat. She does not pick this player-man, or that. But all the heroes have some trick of his. —Karl Wilson Baker, in Yale Review.

GET RID OF THOSE POISONS IN YOUR SYSTEM!

You will find Dr. King's New Life Pills a most satisfactory laxative in releasing the poisons from your system. Accumulated waste and poisons cause manifold ailments unless released. Blisters, spots before the eyes, blackness and a miserable feeling generally are indications that you need Dr. King's New Life Pills. Take a dose tonight and you will experience grateful relief by morning, 25 cents.

ASKS BRITONS TO SACRIFICE CASH

Secretary of the Treasury Says State Should Get Half of the Incomes.

London, Oct. 15.—The man who did not study the ideal of having half his income available for the state was not doing his duty, said Edwin Samuel Montagu, financial secretary to the treasury, in replying in the house of commons yesterday to criticisms of the new taxes imposed by the budget of Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer. Mr. Montagu dwelt upon the magnitude of the burden cast upon the country by the war. "We have had to keep and continue to keep," said Mr. Montagu, "an impregnable navy. We have paid and continue to pay for an army which has increased from a few thousand men to an army which runs into millions. We are financing by loans to our great dominions part of their expenditure on the contingents which are helping us to fight. We are paying as regards India, the whole cost of the Indian contingents, except their normal peace expenditure. "We have advanced to the allies such a sum as it was estimated would equip and maintain in the field 3,000,000 of our soldiers. We have a right to be proud of our share, and we ought to be proud of the ways in which the proposals for meeting the war expenditure have been received by all classes. Mr. Montagu added that the country had not yet bent itself to the task of meeting the obligations imposed by burdens which developed as expenditure amounting to not less than two-thirds of the entire estimated national yearly income. Therefore it followed, he said, that every citizen ought to be prepared to put no less than half his current income at the disposal of the state, either by tax or loan. To do this, Mr. Montagu continued, the civil population must stint itself and re-arrange its whole life with regard to the consumption of luxuries and foreign purchased goods. Mr. Montagu said in conclusion that the chancellor of the exchequer intended to develop with all possible rapidity a compulsory taxation system for the country, but that this in itself would not be adequate to the case and voluntary savings were essential to an ultimate victory.

MAKING A GLACIER WORK.

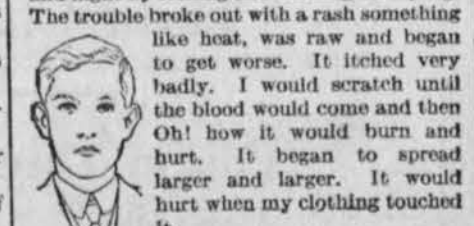
High up in Glacier National park lie four great lakes, two by the name of Sherburne, McDermott and Lower St. Mary's. They are perpetually fed by the snow and melting glacier ice of the Rocky mountain range. Glacier water is rich in salt and exceedingly fertile. But the lakes, two by the name of Milk river project by a direct route, over which it would be impossible to convey their inexhaustible supply. The project, moreover, is itself about 140 miles long, and as wide as three miles at some points. Yet this great natural reservoir, and the efficient but inadequate Milk river, are being joined together into one immense irrigation system, one of the biggest, if not the biggest, the government has in hand. Immense dams, huge siphons, tremendous flumes, and miles of canal about the lake waters at will to the north branch of Milk river, and thence by the latter's winding channel a distance of over 500 miles in all from the source of supply to the distribution canals that will give Montana a "made-in-Hawaii" product of invaluable agricultural land. For 150 miles the waterway lies within Canadian territory, and international agreements have been necessary in order to make this wonderful watering-pot available.—Christian Herald.

OCEAN FREIGHT ON GRAB.

American exporters of grain are facing a serious situation in regard to raising freight rates. The capacity of sufficient capacity to hold regulation cargoes. The situation has become so acute that vessels of any size, steam or sailing, will be quickly taken as soon as offered in the market. Ocean freights at the moment are at very high levels. From Argentina to Great Britain, 56 shillings a quarter, or about 52 cents a bushel is charged, while from India the

ITCHING BURNING SKIN TROUBLE

Scatched and It Would Burn and Hurt. Spread Larger and Larger. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. In Two Weeks Well.



Scatched and It Would Burn and Hurt. Spread Larger and Larger. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. In Two Weeks Well. Joppa, Ill.—"I was annoyed both day and night by itching and burning on my legs. The trouble broke out with a rash something like hives, was raw and began to get worse. It itched very badly. I would scratch until the blood would come and then Oh! how it would burn and hurt. It began to spread larger and larger. It would hurt when my clothing touched it. "I tried several remedies, such as Salvo, etc., without success. I had this trouble about ten months before I began to use Cuticura Soap and Ointment. First I would wash the affected parts with Cuticura Soap and then apply the Cuticura Ointment. In two months it was completely well and it has not returned." (Signed) Roscoe Taylor, July 9, 1914.

FIGHT TO SAVE INCOME TAX LAW

Government Attorney: File Brief in Reply to Appeal of Dodges.

Washington, Oct. 15.—The government has filed a brief in the supreme court in defense of the constitutionality of the income tax law, which is being contested by John and Horace E. Dodges, of Detroit, and others. Fred A. Baker, of Detroit, is here as attorney for the Dodges. The brief bears the names of Attorney General Gregory, Solicitor General Davis and Assistant Attorney General William Wallace, Jr., and represents months of study by the government's legal force of all the various attacks on the income tax, the success of which would reduce the government's income \$22,000,000 a year. "The ordinary system of indirect taxation upon consumption places upon the poor person a disproportionate share of the burden of government support," says the brief in reply to a charge of discrimination in the additional or surtax on incomes of more than \$20,000. Income taxation tends to shift the burden upward. It is undeniable that the greater income the greater the ease with which the payment of taxes is met. Even allowing for the normal inevitable increase in the "scale of living," he who has the larger income can the more easily shoulder the burden of increasing taxation, as the amount of income increases not merely the total tax, but also the rates of taxation. At least, congress has in its discretion determined that the heavier burden can be carried more easily by the larger incomes, and it is not for the courts to say that such classification is outrageous. Uniformity Not Required. Answering a contention that despite the Sixteenth amendment the Constitution still requires income taxes to be uniform the brief urges that the uniformity rule is limited to excise taxes, and does not reach direct taxes. As to the alleged discriminations, the government contends congress has recognized power to make classifications, but that they are not unnatural and are based on a real distinction. Exemption of persons from taxation on the first \$3,000 of income and taxation of corporations on all income is justified on the ground that corporations have no personal or family expense, while means to support a family by an individual results in more public charges. NEW ENGLAND FISHING. The American fleet landing fish at Boston and Gloucester, Mass., and Portland, Me., during the month of August comprised 506 steam and sail vessels. At Boston 400 trips were landed, aggregating 10,104,583 pounds of fresh and salted fish, valued at \$296,232; at Gloucester 200 were landed, aggregating 8,467,612 pounds of fresh and salted fish, valued at \$185,539; and at Portland fifty-seven trips were landed, amounting to 1,296,249 pounds, valued at \$22,001; a total for the three ports of 19,868,541 pounds, valued at \$503,773. A feature of the fisheries during the month was a remarkable abundance of small mackerel along the coast of Massachusetts. Many trips of these fish were taken by small boats, in the month of harbors and on the in-shore banks, and on several occasions a number of vessels caught and landed two trips in one day. On August 31 the schooner James W. Parker landed at Gloucester, Mass., 292,000 pounds of "ground" fish, which was caught on Le Have Bank and was reported to be the largest catch of fresh fish of the season taken by a line trawler. The amount of sword fish caught during the month was 508,317 pounds, valued at \$67,131. The other-trawler steamer Long Island and East Hampton, which for several months have been fishing out of Portland, Maine, have been transferred to Boston. WHY NOT GROW WILLOWS? Two million willow cuttings have been sent out to farmers in this country since Europe went to war and neglected the business of sending willow rods to the United States for making furniture and baskets. Manufacturers have asked for the names of people who raise willow, and there is a lively market at advanced prices. The willows are grown on land which is too wet for other farming, and there is a profit in their crop when their care is understood and the rods are properly cut. The federal department of agriculture sends out a bulletin which tells how to raise the willow. Japan has taken up the business of supplying the American markets with willow rods and baskets made in the way this country used to, and that means bringing cargoes of willow goods from the Japanese islands in ships of the same nation. These baskets cost more than the same grade made in this country, but they are imported, and that makes them sell better to the unwise, who think only of the Japanese.

CASUALTIES OF FIGHTING NATIONS

Estimates of casualties suffered by the nations at war to mid-August, 1915, show that the losses in killed and prisoners, in proportion to the actual population of available males, fall most heavily on France, next on Russia, then on Austria. Russia has stood stupendous losses and in this connection it must be remembered that out of Russia's total population of 174,000,000 probably not more than 10 per cent are actually available for drawing personnel for the army. On the other hand, Germany appears to have more than made up its losses to the end of the first year of war by its annual contingent. Though Germany's casualties in battle have been comparatively small. In fact, few Germans have been taken prisoners. Most of the French and Austrians taken prisoners were captured during the first few months of the war. On the other hand, more than 100,000 prisoners by the Russians has been on the increase. In so far as personnel is concerned, therefore, France shows a decided weakness. The only course of large accessions is from its ally, England, which still depends upon a voluntary system for recruiting. England's losses in proportion to her total arms-bearing population are very small. Out of its total of 7,500,000 available males it has had only 400,000 casualties in battle. On the other hand, the proportion of casualties to the number of English men actually engaged in the war has been exceedingly large, because the losses were incurred by military units representing a total of not more than 600,000 men on the line. Its small regular army was practically wiped out at the Marne, and in Flanders.—The World's Work.

RUSSIA FAR FROM "DRY."

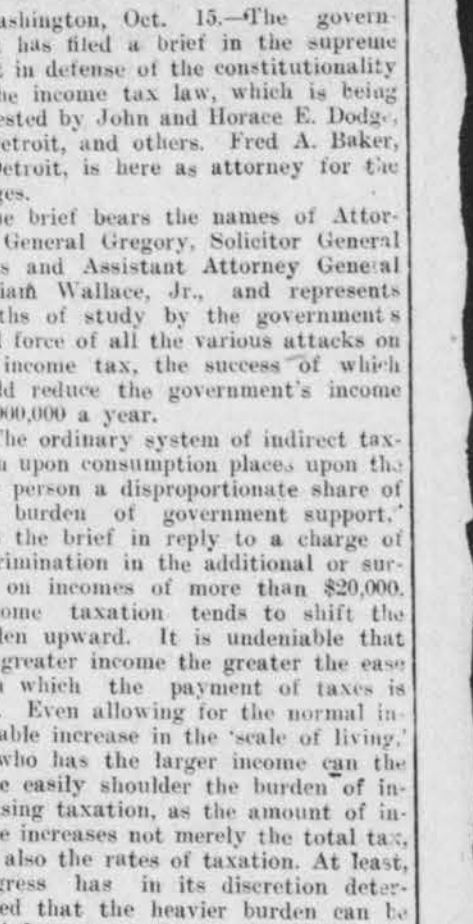
In introducing its drastic prohibition law the Russian government has not solved finally the great problem of drink in Russia. According to the Novoye Vremya of Petrograd, illicit drinking is still going on throughout Russia. In rural districts the peasants get frequently drunk on various vodka substitutes, in the manufacture of which with most primitive means local amateur distillers show great ingenuity. One voluntary, says the journal, is already enriched by a string of new words such as "samoidka" ("home made"), "brashka" ("brewery"), "skhancha" ("hypocrite"), etc., all of which denote drinks more harmful than the original vodka. In towns and cities inveterate drinkers manage to get spirits from dispensing chemists on the strength of a doctor's prescription. A result of this is that five Kieff doctors have just brought on themselves the penalty of the law in the shape of fines varying from \$100 to \$250 for envenoming patients to drink by means of suitable prescriptions. In many cities and towns local authorities forbid apothecaries keeping any spirits. Both the public and the authorities in Russia are beginning to realize that prohibition alone, without corresponding efforts to increase facilities for healthy recreation, is insufficient to cope with the great evil of drink. Such an effort is already being made in many places, but owing to the exigencies of the war it is necessarily restricted.

PROMISE ME, SWEET.

Promise me, sweet, you will guide me on Tho' my troubled night to peaceful dawn, And with none else who can understand, I shall reach out, dearest, and clasp your hand! Promise me, sweet, that your love will last; That nothing shall part us till life is past; As I sink to dreams let me always hear Those tenderest words, "I love you, dear!" Promise me, sweet, you will be my star To light me on to the heights afar; Tho' all the darkness my one bright ray— Without you, dear, I would lose the way! Promise me, sweet, if you go from me, You will watch and wait through eternity, Until we meet in the far-off skies And find in each other our paradise.—New York Globe.

PAIGE

PAIGE OWNERS generally are men and women who can afford to buy the most expensive cars. In the Fairfield seven-passenger "Six-46" —at \$1295—they recognize the best that money can buy. That is the best proof that Paige Elegance, Paige Luxury, Paige Service and Paige Value are supreme. The Paige Winter Top converts the Fairfield \$250 Instantly into a sumptuous limousine. Paige-Detroit Motor Car Company, Detroit, Michigan.



Hollywood "Six-36" \$1095 seven passenger Cabriolet \$1600 Sedan \$1900 Town Car \$2250 "Six-46" Chassis \$1295

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RESOURCEFUL GERMANY.

It is announced that the new German loan of \$100,000,000 has all been taken, and by the Germans themselves. This is a remarkable achievement, indicating, as it does, the financial strength of the country and the patriotism and solidarity of its people. The loan is much larger than the enormous one negotiated by the British government a short time ago. It was pointed out by Dr. Karl Helfferich that while England had raised a total of \$4,062,500,000 in long time war loans, Germany had raised \$6,250,000,000, though Germany's war bill was less than England's. However, with the latest issue, England's war debt is raised to about the same level as Germany's. As we have shown elsewhere, the British government proposes to rely more largely on taxes—which seems to be a wise policy.

REMARKABLE REMARKS.

Rodyard Kipling—I want to kneel before every Frenchman. Dr. Woods Hutchinson—No two peas in a pod are ever alike. King Alfonso—After the war nations will arm more than ever. Agnes Repplier—History is, and always has been, hampered by facts. Dr. H. Forbes—The human being belongs on all fours, instead of standing on two legs. George Bernard Shaw—I do not think anybody is justified in asking anybody else to join the army. Cardinal Gibbons—It does not appear that vice recedes in the United States in proportion as public education advances. Mr. Dooley—Whenever I'm called on to fight for Gaid in me country, I like to be sure that the senior partner has been consulted. Edwin Lefevre—If I were compelled at the point of a pistol to name what in my opinion is the greatest of all novelties, I should say "Anna Karenina." Lady Randolph Churchill—How many marriages have been nipped in the bud by the premature and indiscreet congratulations of idle busybodies. Rear Admiral C. F. Goodrich—These, then, as I see them, are the lessons of the war in Europe, the probable changes in tactics and the immutability of strategy. Prof. Scott of the University of Michigan—To my mind, the speech of Abe and Marvins might easily prove the beginning of a type of standard English.—New York Independent.

HAD SUSPECTED.

William Collier, the famous comedian, recently told this story in the library of the Lamb's club: "Once," he said, "an Irishman was the center of a group of Englishmen who were making sport of him. At last one of the Englishmen said: "Pat, your hair is like a haystack." "Sure," says Pat, "that's just what I thought when I saw so many asses standing around it, begorra!"

TUBERCULOSIS INCREASING.

Dr. Mary E. Lapham of Highland, N. C., in a paper read at the annual meeting of the North Carolina Medical Association, printed in the current issue of the New York Medical Journal, says there is not a single place in the world where the number of tuberculosis cases has been reduced as the result of two years of anti-tuberculosis work. "On the contrary," she continues, "the number is steadily increasing, especially among school children. We were so certain a few years ago that we could 'obliterate' tuberculosis if we only had money and effort. Do we still think that this disease is comparable to smallpox or the plague and that it can be put down as effectively as malaria?" "There are certain reasons for thinking that it cannot. Each year and every day will bring its inevitable dangers that cannot be prevented because they are a part of life. General principles will help in the reduction of these dangers, but cannot prevent them. "There are two possible sources of error in our present methods of trying to prevent more cases of tuberculosis: We wait for a case to become manifest before we recognize, and we believe the prevention of the infection prevents the disease and that our work should be governed by protection from exposure to infection. Delayed diagnosis are responsible for many deaths; in many cases delay and death are synonymous terms; this applies more to the death rate than to the number of cases, which would be the same regardless of the percentage of recoveries. "The reduction of the death rate has justly encouraged our efforts, but even the saving of 30 per cent, and cutting

HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Two sizes, 25c. and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed. Send Free Sample of Oil to Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Company, 126 William Street, New York.

SICK ANIMALS

A BIG BOOK on diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs and Poultry, mailed free. Humphreys' Veterinary Medicines, 126 William Street, New York.

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It is announced that the new German loan of \$100,000,000 has all been taken, and by the Germans themselves. This is a remarkable achievement, indicating, as it does, the financial strength of the country and the patriotism and solidarity of its people. The loan is much larger than the enormous one negotiated by the British government a short time ago. It was pointed out by Dr. Karl Helfferich that while England had raised a total of \$4,062,500,000 in long time war loans, Germany had raised \$6,250,000,000, though Germany's war bill was less than England's. However, with the latest issue, England's war debt is raised to about the same level as Germany's. As we have shown elsewhere, the British government proposes to rely more largely on taxes—which seems to be a wise policy.

REMARKABLE REMARKS.

Rodyard Kipling—I want to kneel before every Frenchman. Dr. Woods Hutchinson—No two peas in a pod are ever alike. King Alfonso—After the war nations will arm more than ever. Agnes Repplier—History is, and always has been, hampered by facts. Dr. H. Forbes—The human being belongs on all fours, instead of standing on two legs. George Bernard Shaw—I do not think anybody is justified in asking anybody else to join the army. Cardinal Gibbons—It does not appear that vice recedes in the United States in proportion as public education advances. Mr. Dooley—Whenever I'm called on to fight for Gaid in me country, I like to be sure that the senior partner has been consulted. Edwin Lefevre—If I were compelled at the point of a pistol to name what in my opinion is the greatest of all novelties, I should say "Anna Karenina." Lady Randolph Churchill—How many marriages have been nipped in the bud by the premature and indiscreet congratulations of idle busybodies. Rear Admiral C. F. Goodrich—These, then, as I see them, are the lessons of the war in Europe, the probable changes in tactics and the immutability of strategy. Prof. Scott of the University of Michigan—To my mind, the speech of Abe and Marvins might easily prove the beginning of a type of standard English.—New York Independent.

HAD SUSPECTED.

William Collier, the famous comedian, recently told this story in the library of the Lamb's club: "Once," he said, "an Irishman was the center of a group of Englishmen who were making sport of him. At last one of the Englishmen said: "Pat, your hair is like a haystack." "Sure," says Pat, "that's just what I thought when I saw so many asses standing around it, begorra!"

TUBERCULOSIS INCREASING.

Dr. Mary E. Lapham of Highland, N. C., in a paper read at the annual meeting of the North Carolina Medical Association, printed in the current issue of the New York Medical Journal, says there is not a single place in the world where the number of tuberculosis cases has been reduced as the result of two years of anti-tuberculosis work. "On the contrary," she continues, "the number is steadily increasing, especially among school children. We were so certain a few years ago that we could 'obliterate' tuberculosis if we only had money and effort. Do we still think that this disease is comparable to smallpox or the plague and that it can be put down as effectively as malaria?" "There are certain reasons for thinking that it cannot. Each year and every day will bring its inevitable dangers that cannot be prevented because they are a part of life. General principles will help in the reduction of these dangers, but cannot prevent them. "There are two possible sources of error in our present methods of trying to prevent more cases of tuberculosis: We wait for a case to become manifest before we recognize, and we believe the prevention of the infection prevents the disease and that our work should be governed by protection from exposure to infection. Delayed diagnosis are responsible for many deaths; in many cases delay and death are synonymous terms; this applies more to the death rate than to the number of cases, which would be the same regardless of the percentage of recoveries. "The reduction of the death rate has justly encouraged our efforts, but even the saving of 30 per cent, and cutting

The Business Institute

163-169 Cass Ave., Detroit, for their handsome catalog. The Business Institute is the largest, best-equipped business school in Michigan, and is one of the leading schools of the kind in America. During the past six months there were approximately a thousand applications for Institute students to fill positions. This certainly should interest young men and women.

The Peninsula Bank Ishpeming, Mich.

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business Sept. 2, 1915. Condensed from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

| RESOURCES: | | LIABILITIES: | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Loans, Discounts and | Capital Stock | Capital Stock | \$ 50,000.00 |
| Bonds | Surplus Fund | Surplus Fund | 75,000.00 |
| Banking House | Undivided Profits, Less Ex- | Undivided Profits, Less Ex- | 18,816.93 |
| Circulars | penses and Taxes Paid | penses and Taxes Paid | 18,816.93 |
| Cash Resources | Dividends Unpaid | Dividends Unpaid | 10.00 |
| | Deposits | Deposits | 771,624.27 |
| | Reserved for Interest | Reserved for Interest | 10,500.00 |
| | | | \$28,001.20 |
| | | | \$28,001.20 |

DIRECTORS: THOS. WALTERS, H. F. HEYN, JOHN KANDELIN, GEO. F. THONEY, LARS HOYSETH, JOS. MITCHELL, OTTO EGER, THOS. W. HUGHES, W. T. POTTER.

Three per cent interest paid on Savings Accounts. Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at \$2.50 per year.

Ishpeming Department

Additional Ishpeming News on Page 9.

PYTHIANS TO LAY CORNER STONE

Grand Lodge Officers Will Conduct Exercises at Site of New Building Tomorrow.

The corner stone of the building to be erected by Zenith lodge, Knights of Pythias, on Division street, will be laid tomorrow afternoon about 2:30 o'clock, with appropriate exercises that will be conducted by grand lodge officers.

The members of the Marquette lodge, together with the Knights of Pythias' band and Uniform rank, are coming to the city by special train, leaving Marquette at 3 o'clock, and the members of the uniform rank of the Crystal Falls lodge will arrive between 10 and 11 o'clock in automobiles.

All the Ishpeming and visiting members of the subordinate lodges, as well as the military divisions, will meet in the Anderson hall at 1 o'clock to prepare for a short parade through the Crystal Falls district. The Ishpeming and business district. The Ishpeming and business district. The Ishpeming and business district.

A. E. Sharpe, grand chancellor commander of Michigan, will be master of ceremonies, and he will be assisted by W. E. Hampton, grand keeper of records and seals, Past Grand Chancellor Carlton and others. Mr. Sharpe has appointed William Hooper of this city, grand master of arms, and W. A. Ross, deputy grand chancellor, of Marquette, will also be present.

The Ishpeming committee has invited Past Supreme Chancellor Colgrove, of Hastings, to give the principal address, but up to last evening he had not been heard from definitely. Mr. Colgrove responded to Mayor Barnett's address of welcome when the grand lodge society held its convention here last year. He is one of the best speakers in the society in this state. L. P. Kyves, of Lansing, brigadier general of the uniform rank, has also been invited to attend.

A box that will be placed underneath the stone will contain copies of the newspapers of the county, a copy of the by-laws of the Ishpeming lodge, a list of the officers of the Michigan grand lodge, also a list of the members of the Ishpeming lodge, and of the members of the building committee.

Following the exercises the visiting Pythians will be entertained by the members of the Ishpeming lodge in the Anderson hall. The grand lodge officers will go to the copper country Monday, to take part in a program arranged by the lodges of Houghton county, under auspices of the newly organized Pythian league of that section.

FOOTBALL TOMORROW.

Ishpeming Players Expect a Hard Game With Marinette Team.

The members of the Ishpeming city football team received word yesterday that Marinette was coming here Sunday to play the strongest lineup that could be secured, so a good game is certain. Among the players will be Dory and Gander, said to be the two fastest halfbacks in northern Wisconsin.

The game will be called at 3:00 and the admission will be twenty-five cents. The lineup of the Ishpeming team will be Green or Leifer, center; Beauchamp, Robear or Ryan, guards; Amula and August Hendrickson, tackles; Flaas and Swartzberg, ends; Aas and Maki, halfbacks; Gill full back; Arvid Hendrickson, quarter back; Henry Watters, substitute quarter back.

The Gladstone and Escanaba teams play tomorrow, and if Ishpeming and Gladstone win these teams will likely play here the following Sunday. Iron River defeated Iron Mountain last Sunday by a score of 3 to 0, and the Stambaugh and Alpha teams will play tomorrow, the winners playing Iron River for the Teachers' trophy at the range. If Ishpeming should win both tomorrow and a week from tomorrow, they will then play the Menominee range champions for the honors of the peninsula.

TEACHERS HOLD CONFERENCE.

The monthly conference of teachers of the Salisbury Methodist Episcopal Sunday school society was held Monday evening in the parsonage, and was presided over by Superintendent William Pryor. Reports were read and there were some interesting discussions. The members showed unusual interest in their work and it was evident that they are facing the winter in an optimistic spirit. It was decided to have rally day on Nov. 7.

Following the conference, the members of the Teachers' study class met, with Rev. Stevens, the pastor, as leader. The study class will meet every Monday during the fall and winter in the parsonage at 7:30 p. m.

The Queen Esther girls were entertained Tuesday evening at the parsonage by Mrs. Stevens, wife of the pastor.

The members of the Epworth league were guests of Miss Winnie Harris Wednesday evening at her home. Garfield Uren presided. After the business meeting a lunch was served.

In the church tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock the men's classes will meet and at the 10:20 o'clock service Rev. Stevens will preach on "Faith." The Sunday school will meet at 2 o'clock; the Epworth league at 6. The subject at the league meeting will be "Can We Capture Politics for God?" At the evening service, Rev. Stevens' topic will be "The Church and Its Mission." W. H. Crocker will conduct the services in the National church, Sunday evening.

RAILROADS COMING INTO THE MARKET

Companies Are Now Placing Heavy Orders for Cars and Locomotives.

It is more than two years since the railroads of the country have been in the market for cars and locomotives as largely as during the past month, it is reported from the East. Several companies have placed large orders and in several instances the contracts were given with specification for early delivery. Domestic business in general iron and steel products is also being booked on a broader scale than for many months past.

The Pullman company has practically closed an order with the Russian government for 10,000 freight cars. It will enable that department of the Pullman company's plant to operate at full capacity for the next ten months. Numerous orders for cars have been placed recently by American railroads and others are in prospect. It now appears that the car shops, which had poor picking during the past year, will close 1915 with a spurt and start 1916 with a boom.

Pittsburg steel men are reported to be swamped with orders, also inquiries, likewise the Youngstown mills, and they will be out of the market for some time to come. Added to the many large orders from the foreign governments, the demand on the part of home concerns wanting material is increasing by leaps and bounds. Having failed to place contracts, shell makers have approached regular consumers of bar to buy for them. Steel manufacturers have become acquainted with the plan and have refused to sell customers more steel than they have been using ordinarily.

Behind on Ore Contracts. A Cleveland dispatch states that with very few exceptions the fleets are behind on ore contracts. In many instances the ships are not keeping up to the schedule, thereby widening the breach between the contracts and the tonnage already carried. The stormy weather of the past two weeks has caused a setback in the ore movement, but it is expected that it will be heavy from now on.

Ore shippers are being offered more capacity for Escanaba loading than they can handle. The shipping interests have been falling behind at a larger proportionate rate in the shipments from the Michigan ranges than from other Lake Superior ports.

EXCITING BOWLING CONTEST.

Team No. 11 Defeated No. 10 Thursday Evening by One Pin.

The match between teams No. 10 and No. 11 Thursday evening was an exciting affair, it being the most hotly contested match of the season, although the scores were not large. At the end of the first game team No. 10 was leading by sixty-four pins, but in the last two games No. 11 overcame this lead and won by one pin. This was due to the fine work of C. H. Dawson. In the last frame he needed a strike and a spare to win the match, both of which he secured. Emboldened at come back strong in this game. Following is the result:

| | | | | |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Beandin | 142 | 110 | 350 | 402 |
| Goelan | 126 | 140 | 315 | 391 |
| H. Watters | 172 | 165 | 339 | 476 |
| | 450 | 415 | 404 | 1269 |
| No. 11— | | | | |
| Emblon | 128 | 150 | 192 | 470 |
| Mimear | 132 | 130 | 134 | 396 |
| Dawson | 126 | 175 | 103 | 404 |
| | 386 | 455 | 429 | 1270 |

Tonight a five-men match will be arranged and the following bowlers are requested to be present at 8:30: Gray, Schilling, Hayden, Erickson, E. Hendrickson, Emblon, Geummett, Lindberg, Beaustad, Johnson, Saline, Vna, Hendrickson and Sporley and Gribble of Escanaba.

"THE CLEMENCEAU CASE"

Theda Bara, Noted Movie Star, Here Next Wednesday in Fox Production.

"The Clemenceau Case," by Alexander Dumas, a Fox production in five parts, and one of the strongest features ever shown in Ishpeming, will be the offering next Wednesday afternoon and evening at the Ishpeming theatre.

Of "The Clemenceau Case," James Archibald, the noted critic, writes: "I was thrilled to the marrow by the terrible sweep and power of this truly marvelous picture. Never before have I seen a packed theater in tears and excitement and then electrified by their feet and cheering that wonderful French genius, Theda Bara. This noted actress, leading woman of the Theatre Antoine and the Gymnase Paris, held us all in meretricious thrall with her almost painfully realistic work. The supporting cast furnished by Mr. Fox, was splendid. William E. Shay and Stuart Holmes were never better."

HAD A CLOSE CALL.

Captain Charles Isaacson, of the Oliver Iron Mining company's Alpena mine, on the Mesaba range, who is well-known to many here, had a close call for his life Thursday. The following press dispatch relates how he overcame while at work underground: "A hurry call was sent to this city yesterday afternoon for the pulmotor of the Oliver Iron Mining company when Charles Isaacson, a mining captain at the Alpena mine at Virginia was overcome by gas. A record run was made to Virginia with the machine in the laboratory Ford, but Capt. Isaacson had been revived and the pulmotor was not used.

"Isaacson was overcome by gas while working in a 'raise.' A man working with him noticed that he had dropped a tape line he was using to measure the raise and was unable to get an answer from him. He investigated and found Isaacson hanging by one leg which had caught between the ladder and the wall of ore. Had he fell when overcome he would probably have been killed."

MARRIED IN MARQUETTE.

Miss Mabel Manley and John Trebilcock, well-known young people of Ishpeming, were united in marriage Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Paul's church, Marquette, by Rev. Bates Burt. They were attended by Miss Leona Manley and William Manley, brother and sister of the bride. The bride wore a white suit and white hat and carried a bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaid wore a wisteria suit and hat to match and carried red roses. The party motored to Marquette, and Mr. and Mrs. Trebilcock left on the evening train for Chicago, Milwaukee and other points. Upon their return they will be at home to their friends, after Nov. 1, at 340 West Division street. The bride is a daughter of William Manley, West Division street, and for several years past has been employed in the Hughes Mercantile company's store. The groom is a son of

A Savings Account

is the best start towards SUCCESS. Ready money permits SEIZING OPPORTUNITY.

Start an account NOW.

The Miners' National Bank

ISHPEMING, MICH.

CONSOLIDATED FUEL & LUMBER CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

LUMBER

ALL KINDS OF MANUFACTURED MATERIAL

We can supply you with anything in the building material line at the lowest prices on the shortest possible notice.

CEMENTS BRICK

We also have in stock and handle all kinds of

COAL

ISHPEMING, NEGAUNEE, MARQUETTE and GWINN, MICH.

Captain William Trebilcock and holds a position under his father.

Double Trading Stamps today and tomorrow at Braastads.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Mrs. Ole Walseth entertained Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Sloat, who have been in Wisconsin the past several weeks, have returned home.

Ben Silverman, a former business man, was here yesterday from Escanaba.

Mrs. G. A. Peterson and son left yesterday for Sault Ste. Marie on a visit to friends.

The football game at Union Park tomorrow will be called until 3 o'clock owing to the laying of the corner stone of the Pythian temple.

Miss Florence Keatley, of St. Ignace, who was the guest of Miss Marguerite McEnroe for a few weeks, left yesterday for her home.

John Collins, who arrived home a week ago last Sunday from Africa, where he spent a year or more, has departed for Arizona, where he will have charge of diamond drill work.

C. J. Poissant of Barre, Vt., arrived in Ishpeming yesterday to take a position as blacksmith with C. H. Carter at the marble quarry, north of the city.

Stewart McKereghan, who was called to the county on account of the death of his mother, Mrs. Mary McKereghan, has departed for Elkhor, Mont., after spending a few days in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Len Johnson.

Mrs. L. C. Schroder and son, John, arrived in the city yesterday from Escanaba, on a visit to her mother, Mrs. John McEgorce, and other relatives. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Loretta, who spent the past three weeks in Escanaba.

An eight-reel matinee will be given this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at Ishpeming theatre. The pictures will include the first episode of "Neal of the Navy," "Ham and the Experiment," a Kalem comedy, "Social Law," the second part of the Granden series, Kalem

LaVigne's Price List on Meats and Groceries

| | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Flour, bbl | \$6.00 |
| Sugar, 25 lb | \$1.50 |
| Lard, lb | 12 1/2c |
| Butter, lb | 30c |
| Crackers, lb | 7 1/2c |
| Cookies, 10-lb boxes | \$1.25 |
| Rice, lb | 8c |
| Tea, lb | 45c, 50c, 55c |
| Coffee, lb | 24c, 28c, 32c, 38c |
| Salt, 6 bags | 25c |
| Currants, lb | 11c |
| Raisins, lb | 10c |
| Cocoanut, pkgs | 8 to 15c |
| Soap, 6 bars 25c, or 25 for \$1.00 | |
| Tomatoes, big cans | 10c |
| Corn, can | 9c |
| Peas, can | 9c |
| Soups, can | 8c |

MEATS

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Hams, lb | 15c |
| Bacon, lb | 18 and 20c |
| Salt pork, lb | 15c and 10c |
| Cooked ham, lb | 30c |
| Mixed ham, lb | 16c |
| Pork Sausage, lb | 12 1/2c |
| Round steak, lb | 18c |
| Sirloin, lb | 20c |
| Shoulder beef roast, lb | 15c |
| Chickens, lb | 20c |

LaVigne Brothers

Phone 26W

FOR RENT—Six room house, Case street. Inquire Negueve National Bank. 10-16-15w

LOST—A small, gray purse, containing money and two small keys, between depot and Girzi's store. Return to Mining Journal office and receive reward.

Ishpeming Theatre

TODAY

Eight-Reel Matinee at 2:30

"NEAL OF THE NAVY"

First Episode

"Ham and the Experiment"

Kalem comedy.

"SOCIAL LAW"

Second part of the Granden Series

KALEM DRAMA.

"The Man Who Never Was Caught"

Biograph Drama.

"The Professional Diner"

Vitagraph Drama.

"A Kentucky Feud"

Biograph Drama.

CIVIL WAR VETERANS

IN REMINISCENCES OF '76

Tonight's Feature

"The Eternal Feminine"

Selig Drama.

Monday and Wednesday

Johnstone Sisters

Scottish Lassies in Singing and Dancing

TUESDAY

Vogel's Minstrels

50 People. Bargain Prices 25c to \$1

WEDNESDAY

Theda Bara in

"The Clemenceau Case"

Wonderful Picture

5-Part Fox Production

Last Half of Week

"The Freshman"

Miniature Musical Comedy.

Six People

FREE

The Best Sale for the Season

With each Electric Iron we will give a genuine Springer Ironing Board FREE

Hot Point Iron\$3.00 Ironing Board 1.50

\$4.50

All for \$3.00

To consumers of our current.

Marquette County Gas & Electric Co.

CLERKS!

Increase your efficiency and thereby your earning power, by taking an Evening Course in Salesmanship.

Write or call for rates and full particulars.

ISHPEMING Business College

"The School that Trains the Individual"

Two Schools—Ishpeming and Menominee.

Ishpeming Theatre

TUESDAY, OCT. 19.

THE SEASON'S BIGGEST NOVELTY

GREAT COMPANY OF FIFTY-TWO

INCLUDES JOHN W. VOGEL'S

BIG MINSTRELS

COMPLETE OPERATIC CAST

20 GIRL CHORUS

MR. VOGEL'S OWN DOUBLE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

JOHN W. VOGEL'S

PICTORIALLY PICTURESQUE VOLATILE SONG REVUE

"JAPLAND"

OR THE GARDEN OF THE MIKADO

AN ORIENTAL OPERATIC

MINSTREL FARCE-COMEDY

Seat orders now being taken. PRICES 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00

AUSTIN'S School of Music

VOELKER BLOCK

TAKING NO CHANCES.

"Lemme get those umbrellas hidden before you let them in!" Binks hastily interposed as Mrs. Binks moved toward the door in response to the bell. "Do you think our guests will steal umbrellas?" Mrs. Binks demanded contemptuously. "Maybe not—but they might recognize 'em!" Binks replied—Judge.

Trebilcock Bros. have completed the concrete foundation for the new creamery to be erected by Meen Bros. of Rhineland, Wis., on City street. The crew will today be transferred to the home of F. H. Berg, on Third Third street, where concrete walls will be constructed the entire length of the south side of his lot, also at the rear and on half of the north side.

ARRESTS MADE IN MUNISING

Emmett Sullivan, City Clerk, Son of Mayor Thomas Sullivan, Is Charged With Conniving at Registration of Illegal Voters from Neighboring Townships.

On Complaint of His Honor, Joseph Schilling Is Arraigned for Criminal Libel—Town Has Been Sizzling and Bubbling in Anticipation of the Recall Election.

Munising sizzled and boiled yesterday on the eve of the recall election in which his opponents will endeavor to retire Mayor Sullivan to private life and install Dr. George A. Truman in his place at the head of the municipal government.

In the past forty-eight hours two arrests have been made in connection with the campaign, and yesterday rumors of more arrests were made by both sides, with the anti-Sullivan leaders the more vehement and also the more definite with particulars.

As a result of charges sworn to by H. P. Rasmussen, Emmett Sullivan, the city clerk, son of Mayor Sullivan, was arrested and arraigned before Justice Meeker. He is alleged to have illegally registered Marren Kamerer, Oscar Johnson, Ed Passmore and R. T. McKenzie, whose legal voting place is Shingleton.

Another arrest growing out of the campaign is that of Peter Schilling, on a charge of criminal libel preferred against him by Mayor Sullivan. Schilling was the driver of the fire team prior to the election of Mayor Sullivan last January, and shortly after the mayor took office he was, it is alleged, discharged by the mayor, without authority and without cause, for political reasons. The discharge of Schilling was one of the counts set forth in the petition in which the recall election was asked.

Now Mr. Sullivan alleges that the charge made by Schilling is false and that it was made for the purpose of injuring his good name. Prosecuting Attorney Simmons is appearing for Mayor Sullivan in the proceedings and Mr. Schilling is represented by W. S. Hill. The case has gone over until Oct. 20.

Illegal Registrations.

While Mayor Sullivan in a letter a few days ago charged his opponents with "colonizing" voters in Munising, the countercharges against the mayor on this count are most emphatic, and it is alleged that, with the connivance of his son, Emmett Sullivan, the city clerk, the town has been flooded with non-resident voters, mostly brought in from neighboring townships.

In this connection it is shown that whereas in 1914 in the entire township of Munising there were only 726 votes cast for the office of supervisor, there are now 916 registrations on the city clerk's books, and the Munising News charges that deputy city clerks, with "authority" from City Clerk E. W. Sullivan, son of Mayor Sullivan, have been out for weeks in the camps in this township making wholesale registrations.

The News prints warnings for these men to keep away from the polls, and yesterday it printed a special edition, in which affidavits from five or six of these non-residents were printed. In these affidavits they represented that they had been urged to participate in the election by friends of Mayor Sullivan. They say they registered under a misapprehension of their rights.

The answer of the Sullivan forces to this is an allegation that the charge is designed to cover up colonization by their opponents.

Both Sides Confident.

Both sides are confident of success in today's election. "If only those men who are legally entitled to vote are permitted to cast their ballots, we will win in a walk," one of the men who has been most prominent in the recall fight said yesterday. "If Mayor Sullivan is retained in office, it will be by virtue of ballots cast by men who are not legal residents of Munising in any event, win or lose, there will be an aftermath of prosecutions growing out of this election. We have a detective busy on all suspicious cases, and much evidence has been collected. Win or lose, we propose to see that the practice of illegal vot-

ing in Munising is discouraged for all time."

Mayor Sullivan is no less confident of the failure of the movement to recall him. He pools the charges of colonization as a device to mislead the voters, charges that there is no truth in the allegations about his misconduct in office, asserts that the liquor laws have been administered much as they have always been in Munising, and, finally, and most vehemently, that the fight on him is a corporation fight, and that its principal object is to give the corporations control of the assessing and taxing machinery.

The only thing on which there is agreement by the contending parties is that the campaign has been the most bitter and hardest contested that Munising and Munising has long been noted for bitter campaigns—has ever experienced. Feeling has run unusually high between the two groups of voters, and the lines of cleavage are distinctly drawn. Most of the leaders are lined up on one side or the other, and many of the voters who have never sought to pose as leaders have also placed themselves definitely. The silent vote in Munising was never so small before as it is in this election, judging by the amount of noise that has been made.

Wets for Sullivan.

Generally speaking, Mayor Sullivan, who was the leader in the fight against county prohibition, has the wets with him. This means that he has the support of the saloon men and their not inconsiderable following. As the contrary to this proposition, Dr. Truman is being supported by the dries. While some wets may be for Truman and some dries for Sullivan the lines of division closely follow those of the county prohibition election last April, when the vote was practically a standoff.

Politics is the business of the day in Munising. It has put business, religion and pretty much everything else into the background, for the time being. It is generally believed that the election will be pretty close. It, as a rule, doesn't take much of a majority to decide a Munising election, and when Commissioner Johnson, one of Mayor Sullivan's men, was defeated for reelection in the September voting, he was retired by a mere handful of votes.

BATTERED STEAMER ARRIVES IN PORT

The Nielson Is Discharging the Remainder of Her Cargo Coal Here.

The whaleback steamer James B. Nielson, which ran aground last Friday night off Keweenaw point, came limping into harbor yesterday morning, under the escort of the tug Favorite, which was sent to her assistance early in the week. The Nielson was tied up to the Pickands coal dock, where the discharge of 1,500 tons of coal was started. She carried 2,800 tons when she went on the rocks, and in getting her off 1,300 tons was lighter. The part of her cargo that is being unloaded here will be shipped to the Oliver Iron Mining company.

The heavy blow the latter part of last week was responsible for the Nielson's mishap. It was the severest storm of the fall on the lakes, and before the steamer was brought up shore on the rocks Captain Clegh had driven her for many hours through a blinding sleet and rain storm from Whitefish bay. The weather was so thick that the captain could not pick up the Eagle Harbor light and the wind and seas were so heavy that the steamer was driven out of her course. The Eagle Harbor coast guards removed the crew.

The Nielson was considerably damaged by the impact with the rocks, and she came into Marquette yesterday minus her rudder and rudder shoe and with the hull carrying water that was made through the holes torn in it by the rocks. She will be taken down the lakes for a stay in dry dock as soon as she can be made ready for the trip.

KNIGHTS PYTHIAS TAKE NOTICE

All members of Marquette Lodge, No. 6 K. of P. and Uniform Rank No. 3 are hereby notified to meet at Castle Hall Sunday Oct. 17th, at 12:30 p. m., in order to leave on the 1:00 p. m. train on the D., S. S. & A. to attend the laying of the Corner Stone of Zenith Lodge No. 33, Ishpeming Pythian Temple. By order, W. A. ROSS, C. C. Attest J. L. ZOBERLEIN, K. R. and S. 10-14-16.

All Overcoats Are Good Because They Keep You Warm

Some Overcoats don't look right when worn. That's not the kind we sell. We want your overcoat business and you will tell us we deserve it on account of the style features, the becomingness of these Stein-Bloch and Kuppenheimer Overcoats.



The Stein Bloch Co., 1915

For driving, auto riding, for cold weather, we have large, roomy ulsters, 50-inch length. The collar covers the ears and, besides that, the collar is adjustable.

These overcoats warrant your inspection. More than that, your enthusiasm and admiration. They are your kind of coats. They are easy to put on; they don't bind you, and at the same time your appearance is that of being well dressed.

Of rough surface cloth made for warmth you can't buy better coats anywhere.

The same range of price prevails. \$15 buys a good coat, \$20 a better one, \$25 still more desirable, and at \$30 the real cream of the season.

Patrick-Duluth Mackinaws and EXTRAGOOD Clothes For Boys

ORMSBEE & ATKINS

A Big Line of Everything for Men and Boys to Wear.

SENIOR-FACULTY PARTY.

Pleasant Function Last Night in Kindergarten Room of Froebel School.

The senior class and the faculty of the high school were delightfully entertained last night at a Senior-Faculty party, held in the kindergarten rooms of the Froebel building. Dancing and games furnished a pleasant diversion, after which light refreshments were served. The committee in charge consisted of Miss Sadie Leahnen, Miss Mildred Peterson, Jack Courtney, Earl Gustafson and James Doetsch for the senior class, and Miss Gem Sherman and H. D. Hughes for the faculty.

The German club and the French club have reorganized for the coming season, and have just held their first meetings. The debating team is now being formed.

Recreation periods of a half hour each will be a feature at the high school every Wednesday afternoon and Friday morning. The entire school assembles in the auditorium for general exercises. Principal Hughes is perfecting a system for tabulating the class averages each month, in addition to the individual averages. The comparative standing of the different classes, the highest individual average in each class, and the highest individual average for the entire school will be announced monthly.

CARR TO ONTONAGON.

Superintendent of Chatham Station Accepts New Position.

Roswell G. Carr, superintendent of the Chatham state experiment station for the past three and a half years, who during that time has done much work in Marquette county and who is well known here, has resigned his position with the state agricultural board to accept the duties of agricultural agent for Ontonagon county. He will enter on his new work within a few weeks. Mr. Carr has given excellent service at the Chatham station and is credited with having developed it to a high stage of efficiency. His experi-

ments have had a practical direction and have been conservative in their nature, being aimed to suggest practical methods of farming that can be introduced successfully by the average upper peninsula farmer, rather than to accomplish spectacular results that could not well be duplicated under average conditions.

Mr. Carr has been regarded as one of the strongest men at work in his particular field in this region, and his friends say that Ontonagon county has been fortunate in being able to secure his services.

Theatrical

"Jaland," at the opera house Monday, is an operatic musical farce-comedy. The cast includes the entire John W. Vogel's Minstrels, and a girl chorus of twenty. Mr. Vogel's own symphony orchestra, directed by Ernest M. Coleman, is an important and more than acceptable adjunct, for the score is heavily laden with gems from "Fried by Jury," "The Sorcerer," "The Mikado," "The Pirates of Penzance," "Pinafore" and "Lohengrin."

Delft Theater.

A particularly interesting and varied program of high-class feature photographs will be offered today at the Delft theater, headed by a two-reel Lubin drama, entitled "The Beast," featuring Edgar Jones, Justina Huff, and Octavia Handworth. In addition there also will be an Edison drama, "The Brand of Cain," featuring Margaret Prussing, "The King Koo-boo's Kingdom," a Cartoon cartoon comedy, and a Grand Canyon scenic are the other pictures.

A feature of unusual interest is announced for Tuesday, when Elsie Janis, leads in the Paramount production "Betty in Search of a Thrill."

Opera House.

Robert Warwick plays the part of Gerald Dorville in "The Stolen Voice," a five part Brady feature, at the Opera house today.

If you were a \$5,000-a-week tenor, a feted celebrity to whom the respect and envy of men, the admiration and love of women came without the seeking and, if you suddenly were robbed of your voice—your one priceless possession—what would you do?

Gerald Dorville became a motion picture actor. The man, who, driven by jealousy, had exercised his strange power to strip the singer of his unique and glorious faculty happened to witness a film performance of his former rival. As a result, in a manner remarkable, Dorville's voice returned to him.

During his days of despair Dorville learned values. He arrived at the height from which misfortune had cast him he was able properly to discriminate between the shallow affectation of a glamorous-loving woman who lionized him in his days of honor and contemned him in his humiliation, and the steadfast, unquenchable devotion of the simple, single-hearted girl who loved the man—with or without the voice.

Jessica Duo is the title of the vaudeville act, consisting of novelty singing, juggling and trained pigeons. Two continuous matinees will be given from 2:30 until 5 o'clock.

NOTICE!

All bills payable to A. LaVallee are now due and should be paid, by order of J. H. Primeau, Jr., at Mr. LaVallee's home at 118 West Bluff street.

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He, then, who would arrive at something big must not neglect the little things en route.

The man who opens an account in our Savings Department with this idea firmly fixed in his mind has started something, and if he sticks to the finish, the little things he will have accumulated will be one of the really big things of his life. Small, regular deposits made throughout a definite period will put the depositor right where he hoped to be. Regularity is one of the most beneficent rules of life, and it will accomplish for one in the matter of saving all that it will do in other things.

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and no derby like the "Stetson" — the now high, tapering crown and becoming curled brim — here at

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