

DARDANELLES EXPECTED TO FALL SOON BEFORE ALLIES

UNTIRING DRIVE TO OPEN STRAIT NEARS SUCCESS

Recent Reports from Gallipoli Peninsula and from Constantinople Show Turks' Losses Have Been Enormous—Civil Population Suffers from Lack of Food

Predictions Are Made Freely That Next Few Weeks Will See Close of Most Difficult Task of Anglo-French in Near East—Russians Are Holding Firmly

London, Aug. 24, 10 p. m.—Optimistic reports concerning operations on the Gallipoli peninsula have been in circulation for the last few days and prophecies are made freely that a few weeks will see the close of the allies' most difficult task in the Near East.

The population of Constantinople considers the situation grave, according to information received at Sofia, says a Reuter dispatch. Violent fighting has been in progress on the Gallipoli peninsula for the last week and it is declared thousands of wounded are arriving every day at Constantinople.

According to the Cologne Gazette the railways of Roumania have received orders to place all rolling stock at the disposition of the minister of war on Sept. 14.

BALKAN AID SEEMS LIKELY.

It is felt here now that so far as the Dardanelles is concerned it is a matter of indifference to the allies whether the Balkan states lend a hand. Their assistance is wanted, however, against Austria and also to shorten Turkish resistance if the straits are opened.

RUSSIAN RESISTANCE IS FIRM.

In the meantime the Austro-German armies are aiming more heavy blows at Russia in the hope of putting her on the defensive indefinitely and permitting the removal of some of their own troops to other fronts, particularly Serbia and Italy.

STILL HOLD NIEMEN RIVER.

While the Russians are falling back east and south of Kovno it is explained by Petrograd that this was necessary to prevent them from being outflanked. They still hold both banks of the Niemen river from Prouy, just south of Kovno, southward to Grodno, one of the few fortresses still held by them.

NO CHANGE IN VOSGES LINES.

There has been heavy fighting in the Vosges without any change in the positions of the opposing armies. A Russian auxiliary ship has been torpedoed and sunk at the entrance to the gulf of Finland, the German admiralty announced today.

U. S. OFFERS TO AID HAITI TO ITS FEET

Administration of Funds and Policing of Island for Ten Years Proposed in Treaty.

Washington, Aug. 24.—Turbulent Haiti's new government has been asked by the United States to approve a convention under which for ten years the American government would administer the finances and supervise the policing of the island republic.

A draft of the proposed treaty is now before the Haitian congress at Port au Prince, where American marines have been maintaining order since the recent killing of President Guillaume by revolutionists. Officials here say the state department fixed no time limit upon consideration of its request, but it is admitted that Charge Davis, who presented the treaty draft, might have asked, as press dispatches state, that approval be given by noon tomorrow.

Now that action has become necessary, the Washington administration does not intend to leave Haiti to her own resources again, until necessary steps have been taken to prevent a recurrence of the events of the last ten years, during which the little republic has had eight presidents, most of them successful revolutionists—has been in constant trouble with her foreign debts, and has been unable to guarantee the safety either of her own people or of foreigners.

A high official declared today that ten years should suffice to give the island a realization of the advantages of permanent, honest government free from revolutionary opposition by selfish politicians. It is confidently believed that authorization for the treaty will be forthcoming promptly.

REPLY OF CARRANZA TO APPEAL FOR PEACE IS EXPECTED SHORTLY

Washington, Aug. 24.—While still awaiting a reply from General Carranza to the Pan-American appeal for a peace conference in Mexico, the state department today issued a statement denying that the United States government had ever considered any particular man for provisional president of Mexico.

The statement was prompted by inquiries from Mexico regarding reports that the Pan-American conferees had in view the suggestion of some particular Mexican leader to head a provisional government. The name of Vasquez Tagle, who was minister of justice in the Madero cabinet, had been mentioned frequently in connection with a report that Carranza had accepted the offer.

Carranza's agents appeared confident that their chief's reply to the American appeal had been completed, and soon would reach Washington. It is expected that Carranza's recognition of the Carranza government as the surest way of aiding Mexico and to point to the solidarity of the movement as demonstrated by the answers of twenty Carranza generals and governors who pledged loyalty to the first chief.

TAFT BELIEVES WAR WILL KEEP THE G. O. P. LONGER FROM POWER

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—William Howard Taft, who arrived here today from Portland, Ore., expressed the opinion that the European war has an important effect upon American political conditions. "The chances of Republican success at the coming presidential election," he said, "were excellent until the war intervened to upset the normal conditions now in vogue. Under the present conditions no man can prophesy the outcome. This war has prevented the normal and natural effect of the Democratic tariff and has given a protection which that tariff would not have secured to American industries."

Mr. Taft is here to attend the Unitarian conference, of which he is president. "I believe that the Republican party has returned to its own. Throughout the United States I observed every evidence that the Progressives are returning to the Republican party. The Progressives are coming out. The generals, field marshals and colonels are taking council, one with another, but the forces, the privates, have disappeared."

GOODNOW DIDN'T ADVISE SHIH KAI TO BE RULER BUT FAVORS MONARCHY

Washington, Aug. 24.—The Chinese legation issued a statement today based upon a cablegram from Peking declaring that Dr. Frank J. Goodnow, American adviser to President Yuan Shih Kai, had not advised the latter to set himself on a throne as emperor. The statement says:

"In an acedemical discussion as to whether a republic or a monarchy was more suitable for China Dr. Goodnow's conclusion was that inasmuch as the republican form of government had no fixed method of determining presidential succession the monarchical form of government would, for this reason, be safer and more satisfactory, conforming as it does, more to the genius of the Chinese people and the historical development of the nation, but he did not say whether this was the proper time for such a change."

KILLS WIFE, HER MOTHER, THEN TURNS GUN ON SELF

Perry, Ia., Aug. 24.—Harry Crispin, aged twenty-four, a farm hand residing five miles south of here, today shot and killed his wife, his mother-in-law, Emma Skinner, and then took his own life with a shotgun. Jealousy of his wife which led to a quarrel in which all participated is said to have been the cause of the act.

GERMAN LOSSES OVER A MILLION BRITISH ASSERT

Total Casualties, Up to July 31, Statement Declares, Amounted to 1,072,444 Men, and Fighting Since Probably Increased This Number to About Two Million

Military System of Empire, It Is Claimed, Provided 8,000,000 Troops at Outset of War—Fact That Only 3,200,000 Went Said Due to Lack of Equipment

London, Aug. 24, 7:35 p. m.—A statement from a British authoritative source on Germany's strength in men, and her losses, was made public here today. The statement asserts that about July 31 the Germans had 1,800,000 men on the western battle front and 1,400,000 men on the eastern front—a total of 3,200,000 men on the actual fighting line—while there also were 1,120,000 Austrians opposed to the Russians. There were, besides, a large number of German troops of various classes in garrisons, fortifications and on lines of communication, in addition to convalescents, invalids and others.

"The Germans, from a date shortly after the outbreak of the war, supplied the losses in their first line from reserve troops from the second and even the third line, so that it is safer to regard all the German troops in the fighting line as much of the same quality as in the first few months of the war," the statement says.

FIRST LINE MEN HIT HARD.

"It is calculated that the first line troops lost about 50 per cent in casualties and the reserves about 25 per cent their places being taken by recruits from the 1914 class and from other categories and reformed units, including the 1915 class of recruits.

"Since then they have again lost about 50 per cent in casualties so probably there remains only about 25 per cent of the original first line troops, to which must be added men slightly wounded who have returned to the fighting line.

"The German casualties in killed, wounded, and missing reported June 30 totalled 1,672,444 men, of whom 306,123 were killed, 15,808 died of disease and 540,723 either are missing or prisoners, or are so seriously wounded as to put them out of action for the remainder of the war. Since June 30 there has been heavy fighting, probably bringing the total up to 2,000,000 for the year.

AT LEAST 1,000,000 ACTUAL LOSS.

"Assuming that half a million men were only slightly wounded and recovered, the effective loss is assumed to amount to 1,000,000. In addition to this probably half a million men are wounded or are absent from the front on leave in hospitals. This makes the total net loss 1,500,000, of whom some 400,000 to 450,000 men were killed.

"The Germans, it is calculated, at the beginning of the war had 8,000,000 men available for military service and that number might be increased by a million and a half if every man of military age gave his service. The only reasonable suggestion, therefore, for the fact that the Germans have only 3,200,000 men in the fighting line is that they are unable to supply more than that number with equipment. From the total of 8,000,000 to 9,000,000 men must be deducted 1,500,000 net loss for the year and the same number of men required for making arms and ammunition."

CORRESPONDENT'S NOTE MENTIONS NOTHING OF VICTORY FOR ALLIES

London, Aug. 25, 2:29 a. m.—A long dispatch from the British press representative in the Dardanelles was issued today. It was dated Aug. 12. While abounding in testimony as to the efforts of the British forces and the fierceness and stubbornness of the long fighting, this dispatch fails to support recent reports of sweeping allied successes on the Gallipoli peninsula and the real conclusion to be drawn from it is that the position has undergone no material change for the better.

BRITISH SHIP SUNK; HER CREW IS SAVED

London, Aug. 24, 10:03 p. m.—The British steamer Silvia has been sunk. Her crew was saved.

RUSSIA ASKED JAPAN FOR MEN AND SHELLS?

Tokio, Aug. 25, 9:45 a. m.—The Kokuin Shimbun's Petrograd correspondent says he learns from a trustworthy source that Russia, besides asking for millions of tons of war from Japan, requested the dispatch of troops to Russia. There is no confirmation of this statement here.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday.

SEMI-OFFICIAL MESSAGE DENIES DEFEAT AT RIGA

Amsterdam, via London, Aug. 25, 4:31 a. m.—Russian claims of great German losses in the naval battle in the gulf of Riga are repudiated in a semi-official telegram received from Berlin which says that no dreadnought or cruisers were sunk or damaged.

LONDON PAPER SUGGESTS BRITISH U. S. PRIZE COURT

London, Aug. 25, 2:47 a. m.—The Times in an editorial discussing the work of the British prize court urges that the British government should consent to the establishment of an Anglo-American tribunal for the speedy and final determination of all prize cases affecting England and the United States.

MUNITIONS SHIP BURNS AT DOCKS AT MONTREAL

Montreal, Aug. 24.—Fifty men, mostly city firemen, were overcome by smoke while conquering a fire of unknown origin on board the British steamer Anglo-Californian here today. The steamer was badly damaged. There were more than a thousand boxes aboard, intended for cavalry use by the allies, but only eight of them were killed.

GERMANY URGES ALL TO AID IN WAR LOAN

Zurich, Aug. 24, via London, Aug. 25, 3:30 a. m.—The third German war loan will be issued at 90 at 5 per cent interest, according to the Munich Nachrichten, and greater facilities will be offered small investors who are permitted to pay their subscriptions in easy installments. The public, the paper says, is urged to sell foreign securities and invest in the war loan.

LIFE IN WARSAW IS NOT RUPPLED BY GERMANS

Warsaw, Aug. 21, via London, Aug. 24, 10:38 p. m.—Warsaw shows few signs of its recent capture after a siege. The life of the city goes on much the same as it did under Russian rule in times of peace. Polish and Jewish citizens have received the invaders without the slightest evidence of hostility. The German garrison in the city consists of only three regiments.

SOUTH WALES MINERS REJECT STRIKE AWARD

London, Aug. 25, 3:45 a. m.—The findings of Walter Runciman, president of the board of trade, who acted as arbitrator in the South Wales coal strike dispute, have been virtually rejected by the mine workers. The executive committee of the South Wales Miners' federation at a meeting yesterday decided not to sign the award, but to call a conference of representatives of the entire coal field for next Tuesday.

COMPULSORY MILITARY SERVICE.

Before the war is over England undoubtedly will have to face conscription. Nor will this be any disgrace to her, or any reflection upon the patriotism of her people. Volunteering to go to the front in this deadly war is a question that is settled quite as much by ones family as by the volunteer himself. In a prolonged war with other nations, all of which have compulsory military service, it would be a good deal to expect England to match these great armies with volunteers. The suggestion has been made that for our protection the burden of compulsory military service may have to be laid upon the United States. But so opposed are the traditions of this country to such a step that it would be practically impossible to bring it about.

In our relations with the great Dominion to the north of us, and with all the republics to the south, we have demonstrated that a large standing army is not necessary. The hope of all lovers of civilization is that this war will result in the elimination of compulsory military service. The days are numbered for standing armies will remove one of the biggest factors in starting hostilities—the readiness to strike. Germany, with her ever-ready army, struck at once when she became persuaded that Russia had commenced to mobilize her vast, scattered army. As a few days are sufficient for the cooling off of personal passion, so the few months which would be necessary to raise an army of volunteers would give any nation time for the sober second thought that would insure peace. If the continental countries had possessed armies no larger than that of England, war would not now be waging in Europe. The necessary delay in beginning hostilities would have given time for peaceful adjustment.—Leslie's.

U. S. WILL AWAIT BERLIN VERSION OF ARABIC CASE

Washington Officials Consent to Von Bernstorff's Request Not to Take a Definite Stand on Affair Until Germany Offers Statement Explaining Occurrence.

Instructions from Imperial Government to Ambassador Declare Accounts of the Torpedoing as Sent from England, Do Not Agree With the Actual Facts.

Washington, Aug. 24.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, communicated to the state department today instructions from his government expressing regret and sympathy if Americans lost their lives in the sinking of the liner Arabic, and asking that the United States delay taking a definite stand in regard to the affair until Germany could be heard from.

This was the first word from an official German source concerning the Arabic, on which two Americans perished. Its receipt was followed by an evident relaxation of the tension which had been growing here as days passed with no indication of a desire on Germany's part to disclaim an intention of committing an act "deliberately unfriendly" toward the United States.

WILL AWAIT BERLIN'S VERSION.

No attempt was made either at the state department or the White House to interpret the ambassador's communication. Officials merely said that of course the American government would await the German explanation of the action of the submarine commander in sinking the liner.

Count von Bernstorff telegraphed the state department from New York the text of his instructions from Berlin. His message follows:

VON BERNSTORFF'S MESSAGE.

"So far no official information is available concerning the sinking of the Arabic. The German government trusts that the American government will not take a definite stand, on hearing only the reports of one side which, in the opinion of the imperial government, cannot correspond with the facts, but that a chance will be given to Germany to be heard equally. Although the imperial government does not doubt the good faith of the witnesses whose statements are reported by the newspapers in Europe it should be borne in mind that these statements are naturally made under excitement which easily might produce wrong impressions. If Americans should have actually lost their lives, this would naturally be contrary to our intentions. The German government would deeply regret the fact and begs to tender sincere sympathy to the American government."

SECRETARY LANSING SILENT.

Secretary Lansing indicated he did not intend to reply to the ambassador's message at this time. He agreed to its publication with a statement that he had no comment to make.

NO EXCUSE HAS YET BEEN FOUND.

Particular attention was attracted here by the assertion in the German communication that in the opinion of the imperial government the accounts of the sinking of the Arabic which have come from England could not correspond with facts. These accounts, in affidavits by the captain of the ship and American survivors, have agreed that the Arabic, an unarmed passenger vessel bound for the United States, with no contraband in her cargo, was torpedoed without warning by a submarine.

MANY GOVERNORS TELL WILSON OF APPROVAL

Boston, Aug. 24.—Resolutions of confidence and support were sent to President Wilson today by governors of nearly a score of states who are attending the annual conference of governors in this city.

FRANK DIED AT HANDS OF 'PARTIES UNKNOWN'

Such Is the Coroner's Jury Verdict—Boston Firm Won't Deal With Atlanta.

Marietta, Ga., Aug. 24.—The coroner's inquest here today into the lynching of Leo M. Frank resulted in a verdict that Frank came to his death at the hands of "parties unknown."

Not one of the officials or other citizens examined threw the slightest light upon the identity of the men who took Frank from the state prison farm at Milledgeville and hanged him at the outskirts of Marietta. Only once during the proceedings did it appear there might be a disclosure which might materially alter the jury's conclusions. It developed during the examination of Ray A. Benson, a Marietta merchant. Benson testified that he drove past the oak thicket while the care of the "vigilance committee" were parked outside and while presumably the hanging was under way. Mr. Benson went so far as to say that he saw one or two of the men in the party stop out of the best covered cars in which they had ridden from the prison farm at Milledgeville. He did not know who they were. The witness frankly stated he "had a pretty strong suspicion of what was taking place."

Refuses to Deal With Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 24.—A Boston firm which, for the last three years, has furnished the city of Atlanta with caulking and tools, has refused to have further dealings with the municipal authorities until action is taken in connection with the lynching of Leo M. Frank, according to W. E. Chambers, purchasing agent. Mr. Chambers today made public the following letter received from the concern:

"Answering your letter of the 17th, we do not care to quote prices on caulking and we do not wish to solicit further any of the business of the city of Atlanta until the state of Georgia has taken official action looking to the apprehension and punishment of those men who murdered Leo M. Frank."

STOP SALE AGREEMENTS.

It is no doubt possible, Judge Hazel said, that an adequate measure of relief might result from enjoining the unfair practices of the terms of sale agreements or a separation of the business; but the defendants should have an opportunity to present a plan for the abrogation of the illegal monopoly unduly and unreasonably restraining interstate trade and commerce, or, if an appeal is taken to the supreme court, and this decision is affirmed, such plan is to be presented within sixty days from the filing of the mandate.

FRENCH ARRANGE CREDIT OF \$20,000,000 TO PAY AMERICANS WITH MONEY

New York, Aug. 24.—Announcement was made tonight by Brown Brothers & Co. that arrangements for a \$20,000,000 French commercial export credit have been completed and the credit issued. "The purpose of the credit," say the bankers in their announcement, "is to enable American exporters to be paid in dollars in the United States, eliminating any risk of exchange and thus facilitating our exports. The credit is secured by the guarantee, by the Banque of France, of payment, at maturity, in gold, if necessary. Collateral is also deposited in New York as additional protection of the credit."

ACCUSED OF STEALING \$250,000 OF AUTO PARTS

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Two men, one an employe of the Wells-Fargo Express company, and the other said to be connected with the Chicago office of a large automobile concern, were taken into custody tonight. The men are accused of committing in a series of thefts of automobile parts and accessories from the express company totalling \$250,000.

MAN WHO BEAT WIFE IS LYNCHED BY MOB

Shiner, Tex., Aug. 24.—Beaten with a wet rope until almost dead and then killed by a shot from a pistol was the punishment meted out to John Slovac, a farmer, by a mob of men who took him from the Shiner jail today. Slovac had been arrested charged with beating his wife and child.

WILLIAM IS THE WINNER IN A RACE AT MONTREAL

Montreal, Aug. 24.—William won the only heat in the match race today for the \$5,000 purse at Dorval track by defeating Directum I by a neck in a very close contest. William's time for the heat was 2:04. The other heats were postponed until tomorrow because of a very heavy track.

WILL FIND NEEDS OF SOUTH AMERICAN TRADE.

Washington, Aug. 24.—An investigation of the tariff laws and customs regulations of South and Central American countries by the federal trade commission was announced as a step in the government's efforts to promote reciprocal trade relations between the United States and Latin-America.

The commission after a thorough inquiry will submit to President Wilson recommendations for reciprocal agreements to remove obstacles to trade. The trade commission will co-operate with the international high commission now being organized by Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo in accordance with recommendations made by the recent Pan-American conference here.

The United States, Chile, Peru, Panama, Cuba and Ecuador already have appointed representatives on the commission and it is expected that its organization will be completed in time for a meeting at Buenos Aires, November 1.

EASTMAN KODAK MUST DISSOLVE IS COURT RULING

Company Is a Monopoly in Restraint of Trade in Violation of Sherman Anti-Trust Law Judge Hazel Decides in United States District Tribunal.

Opinion Grants Concern an Opportunity to Present a Plan for the 'Abrogation' of Illegal Combine—Setting of Prices and Abnormal Profits Are Cited.

Buffalo, Aug. 24.—The Eastman Kodak company of Rochester is a monopoly in restraint of trade in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, according to a decision handed down here late today by Judge John R. Hazel of the United States district court. The decision grants the defendant company an opportunity to present a plan on the first day of the November term "for the abrogation of the illegal monopoly."

Judge Hazel, in his opinion, stated that while it appeared that no irremediable hardship would result from a separation of the present business into two or more separate companies, it was not at this time intended to indicate either a dissolution, division or re-organization.

STOP SALE AGREEMENTS.

It is no doubt possible, Judge Hazel said, that an adequate measure of relief might result from enjoining the unfair practices of the terms of sale agreements or a separation of the business; but the defendants should have an opportunity to present a plan for the abrogation of the illegal monopoly unduly and unreasonably restraining interstate trade and commerce, or, if an appeal is taken to the supreme court, and this decision is affirmed, such plan is to be presented within sixty days from the filing of the mandate.

The bill alleged substantially that from 1902 to 1906 the Eastman company of New York intentionally monopolized the business of manufacturing and selling cameras, plates, photographic paper and film in the United States by acquiring control of twenty competing concerns which were afterward dissolved, the plants dismantled and their businesses removed to Rochester and that from 1899 to 1908 all Eastman products were sold by dealers under restrictions and with discounts which stifled competition. In 1908 these discounts were discontinued and subsequently so-called terms of sale were adopted limiting dealers to the handling exclusively of Eastman products under penalty of revocation of the right to deal in any of the Eastman commodities.

COURT SHOWS ENORMOUS PROFITS.

The court quoted the great gains and profits of the company for the year 1912, which amounted to \$15,633,561.33, or about 171 per cent on total sales of \$24,763,467.65, as showing the large disproportion between the cost of manufacture and the price paid by the consumers. It is undisputed, the court held, that the Eastman company controlled approximately 75 per cent of 80 per cent of the entire trade and accordingly had obtained a monopoly.

"The burden rested upon the defendants to prove that this was accomplished by lawful methods," Judge Hazel said, "and after careful consideration I have concluded that such burden was not borne, but, that on the contrary, the government has shown affirmatively that the interstate trade and commerce have been unjustly and abnormally restrained by the defendants."

WILL ORDERS SEAL COAT CUT UP FOR DAUGHTERS

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 24.—Directing that her seal coat be cut over, made into neck pieces and muffs to be shared by her two daughters was the unique bequest in the will of Mrs. Sarah A. Holbrook, a wealthy Milwaukee woman who died recently. The document was filed for probate today.

"I feel a good deal as Solomon did about the baby he was going to cut in two. I know there will be feeling between my two girls if this is not done. I do hope both will be pleased," wrote Mrs. Holbrook.

BANK ROBBERS ESCAPE AFTER RUNNING FIGHT

Amity, Ark., Aug. 24.—Two men late today robbed the bank of Amity of \$1,000 and escaped after a running battle with townspeople.

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL

A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY Mining Journal Company, Limited.

Issued daily except on Sundays. Contains Associated Press dispatches, and is especially devoted to the Upper Peninsula interests.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Per year, by mail, \$6.00 Per month, by carrier, .60

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1915.

THE END FAR DISTANT.

In opening the session of the reichstag, the imperial parliament of Germany, Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, speaking for Kaiser Wilhelm and his ministers, made it clear that the German government is committed to the policy of wrenching away from the Russian empire all of Russian Poland.

PUT NONE BUT AMERICANS ON GUARD.

A SOUND POSITION.

Discussing undertakings to place the United States in a state of defense, Congressman James was quoted by The Mining Journal yesterday as saying: "In case any one should ask, 'Will not all these things mean increased taxes?' I would say that I believe taxes will not be raised materially if we do away with the 'bank barrel' for several years—quit dredging streams that never will be navigable; abandon all useless navy yards; abandon all useless navy yards; pay pensions to deserving veterans of our wars and take wealthy and undisciplined soldiers off the rolls; and see that money to be used for military and naval matters is spent by experts instead of untrained civilians.

In this utterance Congressman James sponsors one of the best and most vigorous things that has ever been said by a representative of the Twelfth district, and one that will win instant assent from nearly all his constituents.

Clearly more than mere additional appropriations is required to make our army and navy effective. In the year prior to the war Germany's expenditure on its army was approximately \$414,000,000. Our expenditure on the army and for persons was \$500,000,000, some \$160,000,000 going for pensions. Great Britain, which, since the close of our Civil war over fifty years ago, has fought wars all over the world, has a pension list calling for \$20,000,000. For our \$340,000,000 of annual military expenditures we had to show only an army of 90,000 men, an ineffectively organized state militia and no reserve.

The explanation? Congressional incompetence, and sad deficiency in rugged patriotism in house and senate. The army and navy appropriations have been whittled this way and that to serve partisan and personal purposes. Between the parties there has been no choice. Each has been equally willing to loot the army and navy appropriations to serve petty political purposes. If a heavier indictment lies against the Republicans than against the Democrats it is only because the Republicans have been in power more—most—of the time. Some of the strongest opposition to plans for sane administration and development of the army and navy has come from Democrats. In this matter its leadership in the last congress was sadly deficient.

We can hope only for discouragingly small progress toward efficiency in military administration until congress is made by the voting population too afraid to loot military appropriations for ignominious purposes. Men who think as clearly as Congressman James on this subject can help greatly to bring it to a sense of its patriotic responsibility. It is to be hoped he will repeat at every opportunity at Washington the vigorous and proper sentiments now attributed to him. He may be very sure that they will have the heartfelt approval and endorsement of his district.

FORTS ALMOST USELESS.

The great Russian fortress of Novo Georgievsk is the latest stronghold to prove that forts are almost helpless against well-equipped and well-officered field armies. They afford means for rallying shaken and weary troops and for bringing up reinforcements which can be hurried to the front within a week, but that is about the limit of their usefulness. They can be reduced with certainty and with little loss of time by an army supplied with the right kind of siege artillery and able to beat the garrison easily in the open.

Now field armies protect great fortresses instead of being guarded by them. The French have held Verdun and Belfort by keeping the German forces many miles away. They have screened and sheltered famous strongholds by living walls of soldiers, well "dug in" after the manner of modern trench warfare. The Russian siege of Przemysl was an old-fashioned undertaking carried out in the old way and ending in the surrender of a starving garrison. The Germans use the latest method of smashing the strongest permanent fortifications to rubble heaps and charging over the ruins.

It makes no difference what troops serve as garrisons. The Belgians at Namur, Liege and Antwerp and the French at Manbeuge fared no better than the Russians at Korovo and Novo Georgievsk. The latest siege artillery has demonstrated its superiority over the best fortifications which can't be moved or rebuilt over night.

heightened interest in the September voting. The community has developed so that it can now choose municipal officials and still keep its balance, but, like too many other communities, it is still inclined to be feverish as its annual school elections approach.

STATE PRESS

In distributing the milk of human kindness the givers too often keep the cream.—Lansing State Journal.

A South Dakota farmer is reported lost in his field of wheat. He may have to eat his way to freedom.—Detroit News.

Our idea of a real hero is the man who can weather through a season of hay fever and still smile.—Adrian Telegram.

Comes now, also, the coal man, as an advocate of preparedness. There is no peace nor tranquility anywhere.—Battle Creek Enquirer.

And the U. S. did not even need a diagram to show Austria that it has a precedent right to sell munitions to the allies.—Saginaw News.

Now they are trying to prove that it was Noah, and not Adam, who ate the apple. If it was a Ben Davis, neither of them ate it.—Grand Rapids News.

An ancient tablet just deciphered in Philadelphia says it was Noah, not Adam, who ate the apple. Anyway, that lets Eve out of it.—Pontiac Press-Gazette.

Some one says August droughts are hard on presidential candidates. What would have happened to the Wm. Alden boom in a normal Michigan season makes the heart sad.—Jackson Patriot.

TIMELY QUIPS

Haiti isn't in the Union, but she acts at times very much like a Southern state.—Columbia State.

Reconstructed Europe will help to pay its debt—perhaps by ceasing to pay salaries to the spies and other secret agents.—Chicago News.

Recent developments in Haiti indicate that in the event of its annexation to the United States it should be taken on as an extra county of Georgia.—Boston Transcript.

Holding mass meetings of protest against war must be conceded to be an entirely harmless pastime and might even be made a method of self-improvement.—Cleveland Leader.

Just as one of our ex-presidents was once mentioned for the rulership of Albania, Sheriff Kinkead emerges in the nick of time to be considered by the Haitians.—New York Evening Post.

Nature fakes articles in the magazines are not so frequent as they used to be. Not because there is any decrease in the number of such fakers, but because the magazines seem to be getting hold of some editors whose ideas rise above fakery.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

EDITORIAL OPINION

The Scandinavian Unrest.

Sweden's entry into the war would greatly increase the anxiety of the neighboring small neutral nations, and specially of Norway, which achieved its independence only ten years ago and would hardly hope to keep it if Germany should wish with Swedish help. While the Scandinavian countries are so closely akin, they are in many respects opposites. In Sweden there is more wealth and more aristocracy than in Norway, and, despite its decisions to remain a king, it is one of the most democratic countries in the world. It is not surprising, therefore, that Norway should lean toward England while Sweden the upper classes are pro-German. If the map of Europe with Sweden's help should be redrawn in Berlin, one feature, according to German professors of geopolitics, would be the "organization" of Scandinavia, which would mean Swedish hegemony under German auspices. For this reason Sweden's course is watched with anxiety. Norway's territorial integrity is guaranteed by a treaty of 1814, signed in England, Russia, Germany and France; how much that would be worth if put to the test may be clearer when Germany announces what is to be done with Belgium. So long as that country remains in German hands the small nations which are safeguarded by international guarantees cannot feel very secure in their future.—Springfield Republican.

Cotton in International Law.

Hardly anything that has happened during the present war illustrates so well the uncertainty of what is called international law as the new regulation by the allies that cotton is to be contraband of war during the hostilities. The nations which promulgate the order have themselves held divergent views on this general subject and each of these views is held by some of the nations that were in direct conflict with the views it held at other periods. There is in fact no consistent body of law about belligerent conditions. Countries find themselves plunged into great wars and make new rules or confirm old rules according to the conditions that arise with every fresh conflict. If any broad principle can be ascertained from the records, it is that Great Britain has stood for a doctrine that other objects than arms and munitions of war may be treated as contraband when surrounding circumstances make it clear that they are destined for the warfare of the enemy, while France has upheld the view that nothing is contraband of war but what has no use except for war. Yet so variable is the practice of nations in arms that in 1885 France sought to prohibit the traffic in rice to China, and Great Britain notified her that she would not recognize the order. And when Russia, which in 1900 had excluded foodstuffs from her list of contraband, soon after the outbreak of the Japanese war declared both provisions and fuel to be absolutely contraband. It was the strong pressure brought to bear by Great Britain in connection with the United States that induced her to modify this position. As to cotton specifically it seems al-

ways to have been regarded as expressly exempt from inclusion as contraband. The Hague conference of 1907, which formulated three lists of articles, those which were absolutely contraband, those which were conditionally contraband and those which might not be declared contraband at all, placed as the first item on the last list raw cotton.

The article which the nations agreed so recently to be absolutely exempt under all conditions has now been placed under the ban of trade, and by the very nations that have vigorously resisted the extension of contraband lists when it suited their purpose to take the position. The incongruity of the proceeding is so little surprising in the shifting middle of rules of war that it would impress no other lesson except the unreliability of international law if it were not that very recently Great Britain has been appealing to precedent in her correspondence with the United States over disputed matters. President obviously carries little weight in these days of neutral trade, and by the very nations that have vigorously resisted the extension of contraband lists when it suited their purpose to take the position.

In setting up and maintaining the Monroe doctrine for reasons growing out of a pestiferous "holy alliance" of European monarchs that existed a century ago, Uncle Sam stepped on the tail of a logical sequence that, while it is not deadly, sometimes proves embarrassing. The assumption of the nations of the western world necessarily involves the assumption of serious responsibilities.

The sentiment of the majority of the people of the United States is strongly against the annexation of any of the islands which have been in the hands of the United States and their protector in diplomatic difficulties. Therefore our nation has been compelled to provide a substitute for annexation by establishing protectorates, as it did in the case of Cuba. At the present time this government has protectorates over San Domingo and Haiti, which are in charge of the customs, turning over 55 per cent of the receipts to the local governments and applying the remainder to the payment of foreign debts contracted by those turbulent countries.

If Mexico and Haiti do not quickly adjust themselves to the new conditions, it may become necessary in order to avoid distressing complications with other great powers, for our government to establish protectorates over Mexico and Haiti.

This is a phase of "well politik" upon which Uncle Sam seems to be entering profusely. As Professor Albert Bushnell Hart suggests, Americans ought to familiarize themselves with the issues involved and make up their minds as to the advisability of Uncle Sam's starting and maintaining a founding asylum for derelict nations.—Chicago News.

Preparedness and Officers. The German campaign against Russia which began May 1 proved that the advantages of preparedness are much more enduring than the world used to imagine.

When the war began, it was assumed by myriads of loose thinkers that Germany's superior readiness could not help her much after the first few weeks. More careful students believed that the allies could overtake their opponents in nine or ten months. Only men of such consummate knowledge as Joffre in France and Kitchener in England understood that more than a year after the beginning of the war Germany would still be reaping the fruits of her long and costly preparation for the task of "imposing her will" on Europe.

One of the most important steps in preparing for war is the training of officers. It is also one which can not be hurried. The making of munitions can be "speeded up," the industries of a nation can be shifted from peace to war without any very terrible delay, but the training of officers is a matter of months and years.

That is why the Journal is so insistent in urging that the number of cadets in West Point be doubled, and that short courses be established at all army posts to train drillmasters and under-officers.

Unless this is done with reasonable promptness, the United States must expect disaster in a war with any important power. Until our military system can be remodelled in such wise as to provide a disciplined reserve, we must make our armies after war is declared, and to do that requires trained, competent drillmasters.

Let us provide these while there is time. Let us use our idle army posts as schools in which young men may learn to drill and manage volunteers, and to provide the number of fortunate youths who enjoy the unsurpassed advantages of West Point.—Chicago Journal.

ALMA—The bean crop of central Michigan, at least the portion that comprises Isabella and Gratiot counties, will not be the bumper crop that the farmers have been expecting, the crop in these two counties having suffered greatly of late. The crop in this section of the state was expected to be the best in history, but in the past week just about half of the crop has been ruined. It is thought that the cause is both a disease and the heavy rains which have been visiting this section this summer.

At first black spots appeared on the beans, which appeared to stop the growth. A few days after decay set in and the plant was ruined.

HASTINGS—The difference between the fish that Uncle Sam and the state of Michigan furnish from their respective fisheries was never more evident than during the past week, when three local citizens received from the federal hatchery in Spring Grove, Wis., some of the finest large mouth bass ever seen here. Henry Sheldon, Walter Abbott and Charles Wood received ten cans of bass, each containing about 1,500 fish. These fish were several inches long and darted away at high speed when placed in the waters of Leach and Middle lakes. They were vigorous, in excellent condition and large enough to withstand the destructive elements in the waters. The fish received from the state hatcheries are small, as a rule, and not able to take care of themselves so readily.

ANN ARBOR—Dr. Albert Hinsdale, a former practitioner in Bay City, and for the past year professor of materia medica and clinical therapeutics in the Homeopathic medical college of Ohio State University, visiting his father, Dr. W. B. Hinsdale, of this city, told of some wonderful experiments that are being conducted in the Ohio university under his direction in the matter of proving drugs. One series of experiments is in the treatment of locomotor ataxia with chromium sulphate, a remedy heretofore unattempted, according to Dr. Hinsdale. The common English daisy

order to the waiter, said: "Yes, and bring the lady a hassock." "One hassock?" asked the waiter, with what Henry thought must be some ordinary interest, as he nodded in the affirmative. Still the waiter did not go, but brushed the tablecloth with a towel and rearranged the articles on it several times, while he came gazed at the husband's side, and speaking in a whisper, said: "Say, mister, I haven't been here long, and I'm not on to all these things. Will the lady have the hassock broiled or fried?"

Did He Put His Foot in It? An English soldier, a member of the Second South Staffordshire regiment, says that one bitterly cold night in the early spring he and his mates came out of the trenches. They were billeted in a barn, where they were packed in very close.

"Though numb with cold, we were soon asleep," said the soldier in telling the incident. "I was awakened in the night by one of our chaps trying to put his boots on. After he had been trying for a minute or two I heard the fellow next to him say: 'What the— are you doing?' 'Putting my boots on,' was the reply. 'Well, that's my foot, you fool!'"

Missed Something. Mrs. McGreevy was a dinner guest one evening where a noted explorer was the attraction. Being of a somewhat languid turn of mind, she paid more attention to her dinner than to the conversation. After dinner was over, she turned to one of the guests and asked: "What was that tiresome explorer talking about?" "Progressive Patagonia," was the reply. "Really?" asked Mrs. McGreevy with sudden interest. And how do you play it?"

Not a Bad Idea. "If we were to have war with Germany, how the dickens could we fight 'em?" That's what I can't see," said Dubleigh. "No trouble about that," said Wigglethorpe. "We could put Colonel Roosevelt at the head of his Rough Riders and Colonel Bryan in command of his Rough Riders and have one grand battle at the Madison Square Garden, using the gate money to defray the expenses of the war."

Where Psyche Was Executed. A New York man was recently acting as guide through an art gallery for a friend from the country. As they passed before a statuette, the guide said: "That is Psyche. Executed in terra cotta." "What a pity!" said the rural one. "How barbarous they are in those South American countries!"

Will Wonders Never Cease? They were talking about strange folks that live in the Portage avenue at the Soo, Moss & Co. of Chicago, the successful bidders for the \$26,500 bond issue for the work, have notified the city that the bonds would not be accepted. An effort is being made to have the Detroit Trust company purchase the bonds, that the work will not be delayed.

Bond Issue Tied Up. Owing to an alleged technical error in publishing a notice in connection with the Portage avenue bond issue, the successful bidders for the \$26,500 bond issue for the work, have notified the city that the bonds would not be accepted. An effort is being made to have the Detroit Trust company purchase the bonds, that the work will not be delayed.

Would Regarrison Fort Brady. The Soo committee having in hand the matter of inducing the government to make a permanent and regimental post of Fort Brady is again getting busy on the project. An effort will be made to induce the senators and congressmen to work for the rehabilitation of the post. The committee secured endorsements from a number of lake cities over a year ago, and these, together with letters and further literature on the subject, will be forwarded to the representatives before congress convenes.

Will Keep Eye on Blind Pigs. It is reported that at a meeting of the Welfare association at Iron River, it was voted to employ a special agent who will devote his entire time to investigating violations of the liquor law. The members of the association are determined that the laws must be observed. The blind pig who is not a complete chump will suspend operations before he receives a stiff prison sentence at the hands of Judge Flannigan. His honor is disposed to deal severely with this class of law violator.

New Oil Concern. Iron Mountain is to be made the distributing station for another large oil concern—the Penn Oil company. The branch will be known as the Iron Mountain Oil Supply company. The station will be located on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road near the Wisconsin & Michigan junction. The tanks for oil storage are en route from the factory, and work on the foundations and buildings will commence in the very near future. The entrance of the company into the field, which has been monopolized for so many years by the Standard company, will undoubtedly prove beneficial.

Displayed Remarkable Nerve. The five-year-old son of Richard Donnelly, of Donaldson, Chippewa county, lost the end of the index finger of his left hand in attempting to test the knives of a moving machine on his father's farm. The lad was taken to the Soo and placed in the care of Dr. F. J. Moloney. The finger had been cut clean just below the first joint. To perform the necessary amputation and avoid infection, Dr. Moloney was obliged to use only a local anesthetic, the little fellow displaying much interest in the operation and not shedding a tear. Before the work was completed the young doctor had shown how much longer it was going to take, as he was getting pretty hungry. The nerve and grit of the child is regarded as phenomenal, and Dr. Moloney believes this is one of the few cases of record where anesthesia alone was employed in an operation on a child of this age.

Boy Drowned in Soo Canal. A distressing fatality occurred at the Soo when John Wesley Schulz, five-year-old son of Charles W. Schulz, was drowned in the upper end of the ship canal. The accident was without warning, but it is presumed the little fellow had been playing in the boat chute and slid into the water. He was missed from the home at about 5:30 o'clock and after grappling looks had been en-

gaged for several hours the body was recovered. The boy had a toy ship which he had been playing. The father is keeper of the light at the upper entrance of the canal.

Power Company to Enlarge Plant. The contract has been let to the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing company, of East Pittsburgh, Pa., for important additions to the auxiliary steam plant of the Peninsular Power company at Iron River. The contract includes a 2,200 horsepower generator and attachments. The Iron River plant is now equipped with two generators with a combined horsepower about equal to the new machine just ordered. The installation of the new generator will necessitate a large addition to the boiler capacity and the enlargement of the station building. The contract for the building has been let to an Iron River contractor. The company has decided upon the immediate extension of the transmission lines from Alpha to the Crystal Falls district. In the latter district power contracts have been closed with the Bristol Mining company and the Carpenter and other of the M. A. Hann company properties. Other deals are pending. Superintendent Harger estimates that the additions to the plant to be made this season will cost between \$40,000 and \$50,000. The water power at Twin Falls is capable of generating several thousand additional horsepower and it is only a question of time when it will be brought under control.

THE TWENTY YEAR TEST. "Some twenty years ago I used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Geo. W. Brock, publicist of the Enterprise, Aberdeen, Md. "I discovered that it was a quick and safe cure for diarrhoea. Since then no one can sell me anything said to be 'just as good.' During all these years I have used it and recommended it many times, and it has never disappointed anyone." For sale by All Dealers.

HELMAR Quality Superb. Helmar Cigarettes. Helmar Cigarettes are made from the finest tobacco in the world. They are mild, smooth, and delicious. Try them today!

Classified Want Directory

WANTED

WANTED—Young girl to take care of children, Swedish preferred. Mrs. W. S. Wright, 339 E. Ridge St. 8-25-15

WANTED—An auto repair man. Apply Marquette Lumber & Motor Works. 8-21-15

WANTED—Men to learn the barber trade. The world is constantly needing more barbers. Our graduates earn good wages. Few weeks completion with us. Preparation for coming seasons. Write W. H. Moier Barber College, Milwaukee, Wis. 8-21-15

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Mrs. A. E. Sherman, 114 East Hewitt Ave. 8-19-15

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Charles Retaille, 407 North Third street. 8-11-15

WANTED—Plano. Phone 232 and give cash figure. 6-22-15

POSITION WANTED

WANTED—Position as housekeeper, widow with child, for widener, old couple. References exchanged. Address, Willow, Kenton, Mich., General Delivery. 8-18-15

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. All modern improvements. Call phone 469-J. 8-25-15

FOR RENT—Nice up-stairs. Gas, electric light, hot and cold water, bath, hardwood floors. Rent reasonable. Mrs. Follis, 230 W. Ohio St. 8-24-15

FOR RENT—The north store of Fraternity block. J. A. Williams, Sec'y. 8-2-15

FOR RENT—A camp and a cottage, with screened porches, in Lakewood. Sixteen large shade lots for sale. H. Patterson, Phone 687. 8-29-15

TO RENT—Two apartments on the second floor of the Coles block, corner Third and Bluff streets. The corner apartment has a very large room and two small ones, nicely decorated for lodge purposes, but would be very desirable for business use. Marquette County Savings Bank, or Charles T. Geill. 8-4-15

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—I will sell cheap one 115-acre farm near depot, one 100-acre, with hotel and saloon, blacksmith shop and timber and shingle mill, one 28-acre farm. John J. Reimeyer, sole owner, McAllister, Wis. 8-25-15

FOR SALE—One 1914 Ford Touring Car, new tires, complete, overhauled. New tires. A bargain. E. W. Jones, Ford agent, Marquette County, 112 Spring St., Marquette, Mich. 8-24-15

FOR SALE—Boarding house. To be occupied by a family. A bargain. H. Patterson, 1450 W. W. St., Marquette, Mich. 8-24-15

FOR SALE—Runabout Hipp twenty, late year, overhauled in A-1 running condition. Bargain for cash. M. Conter, North-western Hotel. 8-24-15

FOR SALE—Beautiful gas range; good as new; a bargain. Call 133 W. Crescent St., Phone 180-M. 8-23-15

FOR SALE—Second-hand gas range; will sell cheap. 908 N. Front St. 8-20-15

FOR SALE CHEAP—Gas range. Inquire 1025 N. Front street. 7-19-15

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual stockholders' meeting of said company, for the election of directors and the transaction of any other lawful business, will be held at the office of the President, No. 1 Opera House Block, Marquette, Mich., Sept. 16, 1915, at 10 o'clock a. m. Transfer books will be closed on August 28, 1915, and re-opened Sept. 1, 1915. A. E. MILLER, Secretary. (8-16 to 9-16)

MINERAL RANGE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual stockholders' meeting of said company, for the election of directors and the transaction of any other lawful business, will be held at the office of the Secretary, No. 2 Opera House Block, Marquette, Mich., Sept. 16, 1915, at 2 o'clock p. m. Transfer books will be closed on August 28, 1915, and re-opened Sept. 1, 1915. A. E. MILLER, Secretary. (8-16 to 9-16)

HANCOCK & CALUMET RAILROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual stockholders' meeting of said company, for the election of directors and the transaction of any other lawful business, will be held at the office of the Secretary, No. 2 Opera House Block, Marquette, Mich., Sept. 16, 1915, at 2 o'clock p. m. Transfer books will be closed on August 28, 1915, and re-opened Sept. 1, 1915. A. E. MILLER, Secretary. (8-16 to 9-16)

Power Company to Enlarge Plant.

The contract has been let to the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing company, of East Pittsburgh, Pa., for important additions to the auxiliary steam plant of the Peninsular Power company at Iron River. The contract includes a 2,200 horsepower generator and attachments. The Iron River plant is now equipped with two generators with a combined horsepower about equal to the new machine just ordered. The installation of the new generator will necessitate a large addition to the boiler capacity and the enlargement of the station building. The contract for the building has been let to an Iron River contractor. The company has decided upon the immediate extension of the transmission lines from Alpha to the Crystal Falls district. In the latter district power contracts have been closed with the Bristol Mining company and the Carpenter and other of the M. A. Hann company properties. Other deals are pending. Superintendent Harger estimates that the additions to the plant to be made this season will cost between \$40,000 and \$50,000. The water power at Twin Falls is capable of generating several thousand additional horsepower and it is only a question of time when it will be brought under control.

Copper Country

ADVOCATES BRANCH OF AMERICAN LEGION

Angus MacDonald, War Veteran, Urges Formation of Citizens' Military Organization.

It is the opinion of Angus M. MacDonald of Hancock, commander of the Spanish-American War Veterans, that the copper country is probably as well fortified with military organizations as any district in the United States, population considered. However Mr. MacDonald does believe there is room for a citizens' military organization similar to those being organized in the larger cities as branches of the American Legion.

"The greatest benefit derived from an organization of this kind would be the teaching of youth how to take care of themselves," said Mr. MacDonald yesterday. "It is all very well to offer your services to the country in time of need, but volunteers should be able to give their bodies proper care, outside the field of action is entered. Our experience in Cuba, where so many of our men died because they did not know how to take care of themselves, is an object lesson."

Mr. MacDonald does not accuse the present day American youth of disloyalty, but he sees an apparent lack of patriotism because there is not a sufficient number of military organizations that was so conspicuous fifteen and twenty years ago. "Twenty years ago a young man with a uniform and brass buttons was the ideal of all the young women in the community," said Mr. MacDonald. "It appears that the reverse is true of the present generation. I do not doubt there are many thousands of young men in the United States who would rally to the call if Uncle Sam needed their services, but they would go unprepared, would know nothing of soldier life and their help would not be of the assistance to their country it should be, all because of lack of military training. Here is an opportunity for the young women to be of service to their country—make a lot of the soldier."

Not as commander of the Spanish War veterans, but as a private and public-spirited citizen, Mr. MacDonald would like to see instituted in the copper country a movement for a military organization composed solely of businessmen and others who have not had the experience of military life. Even though they might never be called upon to perform active service, Mr. MacDonald argues that the knowledge to be gained would be of great value and would convince other nations that the citizenry of the United States is not only back of Uncle Sam but ready for duty if necessary.

CALUMET TOWNSHIP HEALTHY.

Robert M. Wetzel, health officer, is authority for the statement that health conditions in Calumet township are excellent. There is very little, if any, contagion. The summer has been one singularly free from epidemics of any sort. Early in the year there were several cases of diphtheria, and a few of other contagions, including scarlet fever, while there was a considerable epidemic of mumps. Very few deaths resulted.

STABBING AFFRAY AT FRANKLIN.

In a fight Sunday night at the Franklin location, John Lehto is alleged to have attacked Thomas Kallio with a knife and to have inflicted some nasty gashes in the face and back. Lehto was in a bad way when he appeared in Justice Funk's court at Hancock to make a complaint. Lehto will have a hearing Thursday morning.

ASKED TO ENFORCE "BLUE SKY" LAWS

Prosecutor Galbraith Notified by Attorney General New Statutes Are Now in Effect.

Attorney General Grant Fellows has advised Prosecuting Attorney William Galbraith, of Houghton county, that the "blue sky" laws for the regulation of the sale of stocks, bonds and securities, to prevent fraud, and for the regulation and inspection of companies in the business of selling such securities, became effective yesterday and that the department is especially anxious that the statutes be enforced in every respect. The attorney general states that he considers the act the most important legislation enacted during the last session of the state lawmaking body.

Stating that considerable trouble was experienced in enforcing the old law of this nature because of federal suits, Attorney General Fellows advises Prosecutor Galbraith to keep close account of such stocks, bonds or securities and to ascertain if there occurs any sale of stock that violates the provisions of the statutes. He states that the attorney general's department will be very willing to render any assistance needed.

The "blue sky" law is known as Act No. 46, Public Acts of 1915, and was passed to prevent fraud in the sale and disposition of stocks, bonds, or other securities, sold or offered for sale, within the state by any dealer, firm, company, association or corporation, foreign or domestic, by requiring an inspection of such stocks, bonds or securities and an inspection of the business of such persons, companies, agents, etc., offering them for sale and for the proper regulation and supervision of such business.

DIED IN NEVADA CITY.

Late Jas. C. White a Pioneer of the Copper Country.

William C. White of Calumet, one of the oldest residents of the community, has been advised of the death of his brother, James C. White, at Nevada City, Calif., where he had made his home since 1880. Mr. White was well known in the copper country, of which district he was a resident for many years. Two years ago he was in California to visit his brother and a sister, Mrs. George, whom he had not seen for many years, and at that time he met many old friends among the pioneers of the early mining days in the Keweenaw peninsula.

Mr. White was an honored resident of Nevada City. He was a member of Nevada lodge, No. 13, F. & A. M. The lodge had charge of the funeral, which was held Aug. 17. Mr. White died at his home Aug. 14, after an illness of but a few days, due to a hardening of the arteries of the heart. Mr. White was born in Tavistock, Devonshire, England, and had lived, would have attained the age of seventy-five next October. He came to the United States in 1860, settling in the copper country, and for many years was employed at various of the early mines of Keweenaw county, including the famous old Central, the Cliff and others.

MUCH STOCK OWNED HERE.

Colorado Superior Company Is Shipping 120 Tons of Ore Daily.

J. H. Jasberg of Hancock has returned from a visit to the Colorado Superior property. Mr. Jasberg says the showing in recent openings in the tunnels is convincing that the company has struck high-grade ore. John Jasberg, superintendent of the property, returned with his father for a short visit in the copper country. The Colorado Superior is shipping 120 tons of ore to the mill daily, and is employing fifty men. Drifting and stoping are being pushed vigorously. New veins carrying considerable zinc and lead in addition to gold and silver have been encountered. Copper country people own more than half the stock.

WANT ALL-NIGHT TELEGRAPH.

Coppermen Protest Against Isolation from Outside World.

Copper country people are wondering why at least one of its two telegraph companies does not keep open all night. "This is a matter that should be taken up by our commercial club," said a Hancock businessman yesterday. "Here we are, a community of 100,000 people, isolated from the outside world, so far as telegraph service is concerned, after 10 o'clock at night. Our own office in Hancock closes at 8 o'clock in the evening, but I presume, to the fact that but one operator is employed and this person is also manager."

This businessman had occasion to send a telegram a few evenings ago, but it was after 10 o'clock and he had to wait until the next morning. The arrangement with the telephone company whereby night telegrams could be telephoned to Marquette without extra charge has long been discontinued. The stand taken by the public is that it is not always the individual who suffers as a result of the lack of an all-night telegraph office, but some thought should be given the big business of the district, wherein millions of dollars are invested in an industry so highly important as that of copper mining.

MACCABEES OF THE WORLD.

District Deputy in Hancock—High Officers Coming This Month.

Mrs. White, of Gladstone, district deputy of the Lady Maccabees of the World, is in Hancock, visiting the Sylvian bive of the order, and expects to remain for a month. She is engaged in organizing new classes. Sylvian bive will be visited soon by Miss Vima M. West, supreme commander, of Port Huron; Mrs. Alberta Kroule, state commander, of Detroit; and Mrs. Hooper, medical examiner, of Port Huron. These officers are coming to take charge of the initiation of a large class of candidates Sept. 1. They have been campaigning for members of the order for several weeks and expect to have a class of fifty ready for initiation the end of this month.

NEW TEACHERS AT HANCOCK.

Eight Changes in Staff of Public Schools for Coming Year.

Signed contracts for eight teachers engaged to fill vacancies in the public schools caused by resignations have been received by the Hancock board of education. The list of teachers engaged last June for the coming year was published at the time. The additions made now follow:

Clinton O. Hasmarek, English and mathematics in high school. Helen Morse, English in high school. Jane Gowen, shorthand. Emma Fien, not assigned. Genevieve Gindon, not assigned. Irene Driscoll, kindergarten. Jessie Muir, drawing.

INSTALLING SPRINKLER SPOUTS.

The water department of Houghton is installing fire hydrants in various parts of the village, for the convenience of drivers of springing wagons. It has been customary to attach the sprinkler supply hose to the street hydrants, but this has been found to wear the valves and eventually cause heavy leakage. The new appliances are installed so as to be flush with the surface of the ground.

DEATH OF MRS. MARY SNELL.

Mrs. Charles Chynoweth of Houghton was called to the obituary yesterday on account of the death of her sister, Mrs. Mary Snell. Mrs. Snell was sixty years of age, and is survived by one daughter at Two Harbors, Minn., and two sons in the West. She was a long-time resident of Ontonagon.

FOR BASEBALL HONORS.

Laurium and Gay Teams Begin Series of Games Saturday.

A series of ball games for the copper country championship will begin in the Red Jacket park Saturday afternoon, with the Laurium and Gay teams, respective winners of the Trolley and Keweenaw league titles as the contenders. The second game will be played in Keweenaw, and in the event each team wins one contest the deciding battle likely will be played on a neutral diamond.

The management of the Laurium mine is seeking games with iron country teams, but no success has yet attended its efforts. Marquette, Negaunee and Ishpeming teams are preferred for a Labor Day series, though Gladstone and teams from points farther south will be accommodated if arrangements can be made. The Laurium team is seeking no bonus or dividends of gate receipts and the only stipulation is that the expense of the trip be paid by the visitors.

JURORS DRAWN YESTERDAY.

Men Who Will Serve at September Term at Houghton Are Selected.

The jury for the September term of the Houghton county circuit court, which opens Tuesday, Sept. 7, was drawn yesterday by Sheriff Cruise, county clerk, Kaiser and Justices Dunstau of Dollar Bay and Rouleau of Hancock. The jury men will be instructed to report on Sept. 13. The list is as follows: Portage—Jug T. McCall, Charles Wagner, William Hanky, John B. Franklin—Matt Peterson, Charles Kopp, William Thompson. Schoolcraft—H. B. Penning, Theodore Thoun. Dumeau—Edwin H. Betts, Murray McCallum.

Calumet—Silver Skroved, J. H. Corneiller, Vincent Gallant, John B. Bracon, John C. Curto, David B. Patterson, Samuel Radsovitich, Alex Gipp, Fred T. Maroon. Osceola—Daniel Frenette, Harold G. Killo. Quincy—John Berryman. Hancock City—Peter Maier, F. A. Brown. Adams—William St. John, William Tresidler. Torch Lake—Joseph Francis, Bisson Hector, Theodore Kirschwing. Cassell—Irving Trevathan. Stanton—John Parks, John Honkavara, Albert Trombley. Laird—Waino J. Simi. Elm River—F. N. Lull.

Upper Peninsula

For the purpose of building highways, the people of Matamoras, Ontonagon county, have voted in favor of bonding the township in the sum of \$15,000. The proposition was carried four to one.

Trial Was Expensive.

The trial of Matt Fitzsimmons, the Ironwood bank cashier, for embezzlement, held in Iron Mountain, cost the Gogebic county taxpayers over \$4,500. One of the items was the bill of the special county prosecutor for \$2,000. The attorney appointed by the court to defend Fitzsimmons, due to a plea of poverty, was allowed the modest fee of \$250 by Judge Flannigan.

Attorney A. C. Cook Seriously Ill.

Hon. A. C. Cook of Iron Mountain is seriously ill. Mr. Cook has been for some time past showing symptoms of a general breakdown, the result of too close application to his professional work, and which for the past few weeks have been working progressively more pronounced. Dr. Koch, neurologist from the Sacred Heart sanitarium, Milwaukee, was in the city recently in consultation with Drs. Dockery and Crowell, and it is hoped that total cessation of all work and a prolonged rest may restore Mr. Cook to his usual mental and physical vigor.

Bank Official Promoted.

G. A. Blesch, who has been the cashier of the First National bank of Menominee since its organization in 1884, has been elected president of the institution to succeed the late Augustus Spies. Clinton W. Gram, who started as a messenger twenty-five years ago and who has been assistant cashier for seven years, is the cashier succeeding Mr. Blesch. Frank Wanek, teller, succeeds Mr. Gram as assistant cashier. Mr. Wanek has been in the employ of the bank for fourteen years. Mr. Blesch went to Menominee from Green Bay in 1884 and has been prominently identified with the commercial life of the city ever since.

Developing Additional Waterpower.

The work of installing power machinery in the Escanaba Traction company's Dam No. 3, on the Escanaba river, will be started this week, marking one of the final steps toward the completion of a work that will have a big influence on the future industrial growth of the city. When the dam is completed, a total of 3,600 horsepower will be added to the power facilities of the district. Over 200 yards of concrete are being poured daily at the dam, and within another week the concrete spillway, on the west side of the river, will be finished. The concrete on the east side has been finished to the foundation of the power station. Within a few days all of the work will have reached a point where no matter what floods may come no damage can be done to the structure.

Railroad Town Grows.

Channing is showing evidences of prosperity these days, contrary to the general rule. Increased population has necessitated increased school facilities. A large addition is now being made to the schoolhouse, at a cost of about \$5,000. Another evidence of advancement is the erection of an opera hall by Mr. Couillard. Ten or a dozen dwelling houses have been erected during the year, and more are being planned. At present Channing is without a church, but the Catholic women have an organization and hope to have the money in hand at an early date to commence the erection of a mission building. The methodists also have an organization. There is some talk of forming a village government. Channing is populated almost entirely by railroad men, and it is proverbial that railroad men are progressive citizens.—Iron Mountain Press.

Baseball

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

American League.		
Team	W.	L.
Boston	25	37
Detroit	24	41
Chicago	21	43
Washington	27	35
New York	22	36
Cleveland	18	48
St. Louis	17	47
Philadelphia	15	51

National League.		
Team	W.	L.
Philadelphia	29	24
Brooklyn	21	32
Boston	27	24
Chicago	27	24
St. Louis	20	31
Cincinnati	24	26
New York	21	28

Federal League.		
Team	W.	L.
Newark	23	27
Chicago	27	24
Pittsburg	24	26
Kansas City	20	27
St. Louis	19	28
Buffalo	18	29
Brooklyn	15	32
Baltimore	12	35

American Association.		
Team	W.	L.
Minneapolis	28	20
St. Paul	21	28
Indianapolis	21	28
Omaha	20	27
Kansas City	19	28
Milwaukee	18	29
Des Moines	17	30
Columbus	15	32

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

American League. Washington at Chicago. Philadelphia at St. Louis. New York at Cleveland. Boston at Detroit. National League. Pittsburgh at New York. Cincinnati at Philadelphia. Chicago at Boston. St. Louis at Brooklyn. Federal League. St. Louis at Chicago. Kansas City at Pittsburg. Brooklyn at Baltimore. Buffalo at Newark. American Association. Columbus at Milwaukee. Cleveland at Kansas City. Indianapolis at St. Paul. Milwaukee, 2; Columbus, 1. Minneapolis, 7; Louisville, 1.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 2. Baltimore, 6; Brooklyn, 1. Newark, 9; Buffalo, 3. Pittsburg, 4; Kansas City, 0. Second game: Pittsburg, 4; Kansas City, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 3; Detroit, 1. Detroit, Aug. 24.—Fielding of a brand almost unbeatable was matched against desperate slugger today and it gave Boston a victory over Detroit in the opening contest of a series which will decide the American league pennant race. Three hits, two of them bunts and wild throws by Coveloskie and Stange gave the league leaders three runs in the first inning. The Tigers, smashing almost everything that Shore had to offer, put man after man on the bases, only to see them die there when Barry, Galner, Hooper, Speaker, Gardner or Scott hit drive, but secured safe beyond question. Only in the fifth, when Bush walked and Cobb tripled, could the Boston spheroids had been tampered with. After Cobb was thrown out in the eighth he attempted to explore the Boston dugout. A dozen players quickly surrounded him and he was forced to return to his own bench.

Score: R. H. E. Boston . . . 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 9 0 Detroit . . . 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 8 5 Batteries: Shore and Coffey; Coveloskie, Roland and Stange and Baker. Two-base hit—Stange. Detroit. Three-base hit—Cobb, Detroit.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 6; Washington, 5. Chicago, Aug. 24.—John Collins broke up a thirteen-inning battle here today. Chicago winning from Washington. Ayres weakened when he started the thirteenth and he was unable to hold the one run lead which his teammates obtained for him in the visitors' half. Feisch started the locals' thirteenth by beating out a slow grounder. After Weaver flied out, Russell started for Blackburn and was hit by a pitched ball. Doby singled, filling the bases. Fater struck out and Murphy walked for four hits, which were followed with the tying run. J. Collins single was next and Russell scored, ending the game.

Score: R. H. E. Washington . . . 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 5 12 5 Chicago . . . 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 6 10 5 Batteries: Ayres, Beuchamp and Henry; Scott, Wolfgang, Fisher and Schalk and Daley. Two-base hits—Ayres, Shanks, Foster. Washington. Single—Chicago. Three-base hit—Gaudin (2), Moeller, Washington; Murphy, Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 6; New York, 6. Cleveland, Aug. 24.—Only twenty-nine men faced Morton today. One pitcher Caldwell singled. One Captain Alexander reached first on an error. As a result New York was shut out, while Cleveland scored six runs by consecutive hitting off Caldwell.

Score: R. H. E. Cleveland . . . 0 0 1 1 0 3 0 2 8 6 13 1 New York . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 Batteries: Horton and O'Neill; Caldwell and Alexander. Two-base hit—Wanabes.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 10-6; Philadelphia, 7-2. St. Louis, Aug. 24.—After losing eight straight games St. Louis took a poorly played double-header from Philadelphia here today. Hoff, St. Louis' recent acquisition from the International league, carried his first full nine innings in the second game and gave Philadelphia only three hits.

Score: R. H. E. Philadelphia . . . 2 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 7 12 3 St. Louis . . . 2 2 0 0 0 1 0 3 10 1 2 Batteries: Sabors, Wycoff, Bressler and Lapp; East, Kooft, Sizer and Agnew. Two-base hits—Kooft, Lajoie, Philadelphia; Pratt, St. Louis. Three-base hit—Jacobson, St. Louis.

Second game: R. H. E. Philadelphia . . . 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 3 3 St. Louis . . . 1 2 0 2 0 0 1 1 5 10 2 Batteries: Eillingham and McAvey; Hoff and O'Brien. Two-base hits—Wald, Philadelphia; Walker and Jacobson, St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 12; New York, 1. New York, Aug. 24.—St. Louis made a clean sweep of their series with New York winning the fourth game here today. New York played a wretched game behind the plate of Tesreau and Schupp, hitting in seven errors. The defeat obliged the giants into last place.

Score: R. H. E. St. Louis . . . 2 1 0 0 1 0 2 2 15 0 New York . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 5 7 Batteries: Schupp and Dolan and Wendell. Two-base hit—Betzel, St. Louis. Three-base hit—Long, Dolan, St. Louis.

Cincinnati, 5; Brooklyn, 6. Brooklyn, Aug. 24.—Tony pitched shut-out ball here today and Cincinnati made the fourth game here today. The Superbas made only three hits, sensational play by the Reds' bidders robbing them of more. Williams did great work in left, getting six putouts, one of which, a one-handed catch of a long drive by Myers, out of a home run.

Score: R. H. E. Cincinnati . . . 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 5 11 6 Brooklyn . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 1 4 Batteries: Toney and Clarke; Dell, Ap-

"Beer Is a Benign Tonic"

It deserves the name of hygienic beverage," says Dr. Gouraud, a famous food specialist.


Food specialists the world over agree that pure beer stimulates the appetite in a natural way.

Drink Schlitz in Brown Bottles

and you have beer pure and wholesome. The Brown Bottle keeps out the light and protects its purity from the brewery to your glass, and light spoils even pure beer.

That's why the Brown Bottle is recommended and the light bottle condemned as a container for beer.

See that crown is branded "Schlitz"



The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

Phone No. 253 Andrew Hartvig 219 S. Front St. Marquette, Mich.

HOW TO CURE A SPRAIN. A sprain may be cured in about one-third the time required by the usual treatment by applying Chamberlain's Liniment and observing the directions with each bottle. For sale by all Dealers.

In the Indian army all orders are given in English. China has 5,522 postoffices.

Food for the Business Trenches

It takes the highest type of nerve and endurance to stand the strain at the battle front of modern business.

Many fail. And often the cause is primarily a physical one—improper food—malnutrition. It is a fact that much of the ordinary food is lacking in certain elements—the mineral salts—which are essential to right building of muscle, brain and nerve tissue.



Grape-Nuts

FOOD made of whole wheat and barley, contains these priceless nerve- and brain-building elements in highest degree.

Grape-Nuts food is easy to digest—nourishing—economical—delicious, and as a part of the menu of modern business men and women helps wonderfully in building up the system for strenuous demands—and keeping it there.

"There's a Reason" for GRAPE-NUTS

Sold by Grocers everywhere

Stafford's
are now prepared to pack and deliver their delicious ice cream in any quantity to any part of the city.

THE REXALL DRUG STORE

Try Mary Garden Candy.
Films developed, 10 cents per roll.

The Largest Variety

Lawn Mowers Lawn Rakes
Garden Hose Garden Tools

M. R. MANHARD & SON, Ltd.
Wholesale and Retail Hardware

HURON PORTLAND CEMENT

A large stock carried in Marquette warehouse. Prompt shipments.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

A Phone Will Bring COAL

to your place just as promptly as we can get it there. We don't care how you give the order. Come in person, mail us a postal card, send a messenger or call us on the phone. In either case you can get the same kind of coal. We carry all standard grades and guarantee first class service.

Wholesale Retail

PHONES 90 & 293

JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD. THE BEST COAL

Castle Brew
IT'S GREAT!
[Positively No Better BEER made

Nothing But the Best brewing material, together with the purest spring water, is used in its manufacture.

Try a case, in quarts or pints

U.P. Brewing Co.

CHARLTON & KUENGLI
ARCHITECTS.
Marquette, Michigan.

To Our Distant Drug Customers

It is not necessary for you to make a special trip to town every time you need something in the drug line. We maintain a regular Mail Order Department for the convenience of our rural customers. Test the quality of our

PARCEL POST SERVICE
by sending us a trial order. You will be pleased with the carefulness and promptness with which your goods are packed and sent. We guarantee all goods sent by mail.

"Get the Parcel Post Habit"

JONES' DRUG STORE
Baraga Ave. and Third St. Phone 764-J

Preserving PEACHES Bartlett PEARS Damson PLUMS

MURRAY'S GROCERY
Furnishes Your Table Complete

Fresh Green Bay Sweet Green Corn

AT DELF'S GROCERY
WASHINGTON ST. WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

FRESH

Celery
Cucumbers
Green Onions
Radishes
Peaches
Pears
Oranges
Bananas
Apples

Ripe Tomatoes
Watermelons
Rockyford Melons
Pink Meat Melons
Lettuce
Pie Plant
Wax Beans
Green Peas

McLean's Grocery
Phones 64 and 65.
601 North Third Street

City Brevities

Today's weather: Fair. Yesterday's temperatures: At 7 a. m., 69 degrees; noon, 55; 7 p. m., 51. Highest, 61 degrees; lowest, 51.

Mrs. Orala Sorasien left last night for Everett, Wash.

Mrs. J. C. Williamson has gone to Bay City and Kalamazoo to visit friends.

M. C. Leary of Calumet motored to Marquette Sunday and spent the day visiting Mrs. M. Harrington.

The Misses Minn and Violet Platte, who have been guests at the home of John Robertson, left yesterday for their home in Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. John Boren, Miss Esther Boren, and C. H. Boren arrived in the city yesterday by automobile from their home in Marinette.

Miss M. Louise Primeau has arrived home after spending the last two weeks visiting friends in Houghton, Calumet, and Lake Linden.

The members of the Seawagging camp at Lake Independence left yesterday for their homes in different parts of the United States.

The Misses Gertrude Labby and Anna May Stensrud have returned from Calumet, where they visited friends and relatives the past two weeks.

William Barber left yesterday afternoon for Owen Sound, Ont., where he was called because of the death of his mother, Mrs. William Barber.

Mrs. George W. Freeman and daughter, Lois, left last night on the steamer Threesta for Pittsburgh, where they will visit friends for a month.

Mrs. Crawford and her daughters, Miss Monroe and Miss Crawford, left yesterday for their home in Detroit after spending four weeks in Marquette.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday in the county clerk's office to Fred Vignia of Negaunee and Clemence La Point of Ishpeming, and to George C. Welliver, Jr., of Carrington, N. D., and Eleanor Marie Hassenger of Ishpeming.

The Ladies' auxiliary to the B. of R. T. will hold a basket picnic at Presque Isle Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 25, for members and their families. Coffee, sugar, cream, silverware, and plates will be furnished. Members are requested to take the 3 o'clock car.

Wallace Brandt of Specular street was last night pleasantly surprised at his home by a party of forty young people. The president of the Aca Farbb had made the presentation of a high school ring. The evening's entertainment consisted of music, games, and dancing. Clarence Christian played the violin and his brother, Charles, accompanied him on the piano.

Get Trencher Contract—The Foster Construction company of Milwaukee has been awarded the contract for building the high school and grade school buildings at Trencher.

Faucherd-Morin—The marriage of Francis Faucherd and Helen Morin of Big Bay will take place at 7 o'clock this morning in St. Peter's cathedral. A reception for the bridal couple will be held in the L. L. L. company's hall at Big Bay tonight. They will be at home after Sept. 10.

Brother Is Found—Hager Bros. yesterday got word from Joseph Koilzow of Norwich, Pa., the brother of John Koilzow, who shot himself recently. The brother, for whom a search has been conducted for some time, sent word requesting the burial of the body in this city.

Farmers' Picnic—At the Marquette and Alger County Farmers' picnic at Chatham today, the results of a number of interesting experiences conducted at the experimental station will be shown. One of these will show the result of pasturing steers on cut over land which had been seeded. The principal speakers will be Professor W. H. French of the Michigan Agricultural College and John C. Ketcham, master of the State Grange.

Go far, tastes better and costs no more, try it for yourself, "DANISH PRIZE MILK"

INSURE WITH PETER WILK & CO.

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 24.—[Special.]—Upbound vessels passing the canals the last twenty-four hours were: Morrell, German, 8 last night; Rockefeller, Bell, 9; Cole, 10; Dustin, 11; Stockholme, 11:20; Midland King, 10:30; Crete, 1; Walsh, 2:30; small Samuel Mather, Corless, 3; United Lumberman, Jeanette, 3:30; Maritana, Martha, 4; Ishpeming, 5; Watt, Marsala, 6; Fairbairn, Thomas, Venezuela, Connolly Bros., 8; Kopp, 8:30; Gratwick, 9:30; Block, 10; Barone, Athabasco, 1:30; m.; Atikokan, Scotia, 2; George Stephenson, Roehling, 4.

NOT SO STRANGE AFTER ALL

You may think it strange that so many people are cured of stomach trouble by Chamberlain's Tablets. You would not, however, if you should give them a trial. They strengthen and invigorate the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Mrs. Rosie Rish, Wabash, Ind., writes, "Nothing did me the least good until I began using Chamberlain's Tablets. It is decidedly the best medicine for stomach trouble I have ever used." For sale by All Dealers.

SCHOOL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual election of the trustees of the public schools of the city of Marquette will be held on Monday, Sept. 6, 1915, at the city hall, of said city, at which election two school trustees will be elected for the term of three years. The polls of said election will be open from 8 o'clock a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m. of said day. The annual meeting of said public schools will be held at the city hall on the said day, at 8 p. m., for the transaction of such business as may lawfully come before said meeting.

Dated Aug. 12, 1915.

By order Board of Education, Public Schools, City of Marquette,
JAMES O'REILLY,
Secretary.

NOTICE.

Members of Superior Hive will hereafter pay assessments to Mrs. May V. Willis, finance keeper, 518 W. Washington street. (7-27-15)

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP

For Seventy-five Years this pure soap has been used by careful housewives. Always the same quality—Harmless to Clothes and Hands.

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP

For Seventy-five Years this pure soap has been used by careful housewives. Always the same quality—Harmless to Clothes and Hands.

CASE GOES TO SUPREME COURT.
Alger County Local Option Difficulty to Be Aired at October Term.

A word was received from Lansing yesterday that the Alger county "local option" case has been removed to the supreme court. The court has issued a writ of certiorari directed to the circuit court of Alger county and returnable Sept. 15. The case will be brought up before the state's highest tribunal so as to be heard during the October term.

The court will decide whether Circuit Judge Fead's order sustaining the recount of the local option votes by the board of supervisors is correct. Alger county, according to the returns, voted for prohibition in last spring's election by a majority of two votes. The supervisors held a recount and declared that the result made the county "wet" by a majority of two. The "drys" have carried the case to the higher court.

The supreme court will decide on the right of the board to recount ballots from certain ballot boxes. Judge Fead ruled that the board possesses this right.

CITIZENSHIP SOUGHT BY '53 PETITIONERS

Naturalization Hearings to Be Held by Circuit Court Sept. 7.

At least half of the fifty-three petitioners for naturalization who will come up for examination at the next term of circuit court, beginning Sept. 7, are of Finnish extraction. The list of petitioners was yesterday given out by County Clerk Frank G. Jinks as follows:

- Negaunee—John Napoleon Johnson.
- Negaunee—Piper, Ellis.
- Negaunee—Charles Nykala.
- Negaunee—Joseph Ferrali.
- Negaunee—Bartolomeo Alimone.
- Negaunee—Frank Richards.
- Negaunee—Thomas Phillips Allen.
- Negaunee—Michio Tasson, Jr.
- Ishpeming—James Simmons.
- Ishpeming—Antti Nikolai Linna.
- Ishpeming—Aksel Rasku.
- Ishpeming—Sylvester Pautili.
- Ishpeming—John Lehtinen.
- Ishpeming—Mattie Muto.
- Ishpeming—Fabian Manninen.
- Ishpeming—Conrad Swanson.
- Ishpeming—Rocco Carolo.
- Ishpeming—Emit Nikolai Rasku.
- Manitowish—August Gutman.
- Manitowish—Leopold Weiger.
- Beacon—Andrew Oiva Heilala.
- Beacon—August Alexander Pekuri.
- Beacon—Matt Heilala.
- Beacon—John Hjalmar Heilala.
- Beacon—Erik Fridolf Saari.
- Beacon—John Jacob Hyrt.
- Diorite—Barton Albert Fortney.
- Diorite—John Wilfred Fletor.
- Diorite—Erland Ring.
- Diorite—Frank Kusnier.
- Diorite—Otto Koskimen.
- Diorite—Isaac Koskimen.
- Diorite—John Mannikka.
- Diorite—Solomon Pullikka.
- Diorite—Gust Alpinus Panti.
- Diorite—John Lehtonen.
- Diorite—Felix Paha.
- Marquette—William James Billock.
- Marquette—Kamstead Hittick.
- Marquette—Joseph Nikodem Jalnovski.
- Marquette—Henry Thomas Edmore.
- Rock—John George Beckman.
- Palmer—Oskar Wilho Walli.
- Palmer—John Vainio.
- Princeton—John Martonen.
- Princeton—John Brind.
- Big Bay—Gustaf Henry Angstrom.
- Ely Twp. Marquette County—Charles Tuohimaa.
- West Branch Twp. Marquette County—James Brind.

REPUBLIC HELD HITLESS

Gruette Pitches Excellent Game for Prison Nine, Which Wins 9 to 1.

Only two members of the Republic team reached second base in the game at the Marquette prison Sunday morning, the final score being 9 to 0 in favor of the prison team. Gruette held his visitors down without a hit and struck out fifteen. Two men reached first base on errors. Only one member of the prison team was struck out and only one member of the Republic nine was left on base.

The prison nine has so far won ten of the twelve games played, giving it a percentage of 83.3. Following is the lineup and box score:

Republic	A. B. R.	H. P. O. A. E.			
W. Foss, r.f.	4	0	2	1	0
S. Eade, l.b.	3	0	17	0	0
J. Eade, c.	3	0	2	6	1
M. Ringuetter, ss	3	0	0	2	1
Roberts, 2b.	3	0	0	2	2
R. Foss, 2b-p.	3	0	0	3	1
A. Ringuetter, r.f.	3	0	0	0	0
M. Foss, p.	3	0	0	2	0
Total	28	0	23	16	5

FRIDAY

ALICE DOVEY in "The Commanding Officer"

Part Famous Players-Paramount Feature.

SATURDAY

Robert Warwick in "THE FACE IN THE MOONLIGHT"

Five-Part Brady-World Film Feature

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 1

"A Pair of Sixes"

One of the Funniest Farces Ever Seen on the Stage. In Three Acts.

Theatrical

"The Clemenceau Case." Theda Bara, the star in "A Fool There Was," will be seen today at the opera house in Alexandre Dumas' masterpiece, "The Clemenceau Case." The extraordinary vaudeville attraction, "A Musi-

Every day you neglect to open an account here you shove Prosperity 24 hours off.

Marquette National Bank

DELFT THEATRE TODAY

"How Callahan Cleaned Up Little Hell"
Three Reel Selig Drama
A story of Politics and the Police, featuring THOMAS SANTSCI

"FATHER FORGOT" MinA Comedy
Prices 5c and 10c.

cal Matinee" will appear for the last time. In "The Clemenceau Case" Dumas has attained the capstone of his towering genius. Iza's sinister beauty and its fatal effect on the lives of two noble men form the main plot. Pierre, her husband, whom she casts off for Constantin Ritz, she leaves with his career as a talented sculptor blasted forever. In turn she toys with the infuriated Ritz, shattering his hopes, ambitions and home life. But Pierre saves Ritz against himself. With heroic self-sacrifice he allows himself, apparently, to fall once more under Iza's spell. He meets her in her oriental houndar. As she presses her false lips to Pierre's he stabs her to the heart just as Ritz enters.

Delft Theater Today.
A story of corrupt municipal politics, a tale that in the past has been applicable to political conditions in many large cities; a drama of plot and counterplot, and of how John Callahan, captain of police, kept in the straight and narrow way, and finally won his deserved reward, is in brief the action of the Selig drama, "How Callahan Cleaned Up Little Hell" which will be the feature at the Delft theater today. "Father Forgot" will be the comedy offering.

Opera House Today
AFTERNOON AND EVENING

THEDA BARA
STAR IN "A FOOL THERE WAS," IN ALEXANDRE DUMAS' MASTERPIECE

"THE CLEMENCEAU CASE"
With William Shay, Stuart Holmes and All Star Cast
Adapted and Produced by Herbert Brenon, Director of "Neptune's Daughter."
A Five-Part Fox Film Corporation Feature Production

An Extraordinary Vaudeville Attraction
"A Musical Matinee"
A Musical Novelty of Exceptional Merit--Six Talented Artists Under Direction of C. D. MacGregor.

Continuous Shows - 2:30 to 5:00
7:10 to 10:40
Prices: 5c-10c-15c
Children 5c at the Matinee

FRIDAY
ALICE DOVEY in "The Commanding Officer"
Part Famous Players-Paramount Feature.

SATURDAY
Robert Warwick in "THE FACE IN THE MOONLIGHT"
Five-Part Brady-World Film Feature

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 1
"A Pair of Sixes"
One of the Funniest Farces Ever Seen on the Stage. In Three Acts.

Label
A
and
Beau
PETE
Michigan
RAD
Radium-g
just been
stop 45, A
according to
W. W. D.
the ten a
bushels a
to Darley,
of 16.17 b
States last
more than
Darley sa
are due to
connected
dominating
America.
By its u
Sam could
of wheat a
his yields o
On Welfa
a radium bu
000 bushel
was patting
he raised 9
Forty agr
in the Unit
agriculture
experts are
radium in c
SEMAPHOR
Semaphor
in regulati
in Fifth an
Forty-secon
the traffic
First societ
views, voted
of the zon
proved rep
tended to n
ber of prev
shading traf
The rep
ference with
other offic
members,
mitted to B
Bandy, the
Suggestio
the eliminat
lights on a
distance not
led parking
of the delin
mirrors, w
inclosure of
guards, and
for any pers
on a motor
hicle, unless
It is pro
hicles count
tended they
ping the mo
ting off and
in electric
The value i
by setting
enforcement
nanced to ke
from trolley
receive or d
require suit
WOM
TO H
By Telling
ham's V
Resto
Miami, O
trouble and
M.R. MILLE
Another V
Health i
Vege
Lindsborg
ago I suffer
side which I
also with a
ache, and I
vink. I too
Pinkham's
am now en
be glad to r
any woman
ble and you
—Mrs. A. L.
Lindsborg,
If you h
that Lydia
ble Compo
to Lydia E
(confident
vice. You
read and h
and held

SAVE Labels and Wrappers from Atlas Bread



and get this and other Beautiful Presents FREE PETER CHRISTENSEN Michigan, Mich.

RADIUM DOUBLES CROPS.

Radium-grown wheat and rye have just been harvested at Weja farm at step 45, A. B. & C., Northfield, Ohio, according to the Cleveland Press.

W. W. Darley, the owner, reports that the ten acres of wheat yielded 36 1/2 bushels an acre, and seven acres of rye 35 bushels an acre.

The radium-grown wheat, according to Darley, more than doubled the yield of 16 1/2 bushels an acre in the United States last year, and radium-grown rye more than doubled the usual yield.

Darley says Weja farm's bumper crops are due to radium fertilizer. Darley is connected with a Pittsburg corporation dominating the radium production of America.

By its use generally, he says, Uncle Sam could more than double his harvests of wheat and rye and greatly increase his yields of other grains and vegetables.

On Weja farm radium, Uncle Sam as a radium farmer, could raise a 2,000,000, 000 bushel wheat crop. And your uncle was patting himself on the shoulder when he raised 911,000,000 bushels in 1914.

SEMAPHORE SIGNALS WORK WELL.

Semaphore signals having worked well in regulating the movement of vehicles in Fifth avenue, north and south of Forty-second street, in New York city, the traffic committee of the Safety First society, which suggested this device, voted in favor of the extension of the zone of signals and also approved reports and recommendations intended to minimize otherwise the number of preventable accidents from vehicle traffic.

The reports were prepared after conference with heads of departments and other officials and with automobile club members. New ordinances will be submitted to the aldermen by William Bondy, the society's general counsel.

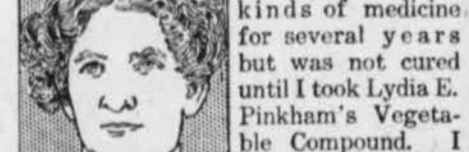
Suggestions in the reports provide for the elimination of dazzling head and side lights on automobiles, the present ordinance not being satisfactory; for parallel parking at the curb of all vehicles of the delivery type; for the use of mirrors on all motor cars; for the inclusion of chain drives with suitable guards, and making it a misdemeanor for any person to "chitchat" or trespass on a motor truck or horse-drawn vehicle, unless employed by the owner.

It is proposed that when motor vehicles come to a stand and are unattended they shall be made safe by stopping the motor in gasoline cars; by shutting off and locking the current switch in electric cars; by closing and locking the valve in steam-propelled vehicles and by setting emergency brakes. Better enforcement is demanded of the ordinance to keep drivers eight feet away from trolley cars that have stopped to receive or discharge passengers, and to require suitable lights on all vehicles.

WOMAN WANTS TO HELP OTHERS

By Telling How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Miami, Okla.—"I had a female trouble and weakness that annoyed me continually. I tried doctors and all kinds of medicine for several years but was not cured until I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I hope my testimonial will help other suffering women to try your wonderful medicine."—Mrs. M. R. MILLER, Box 234, Commerce, Okla.



Another woman who has found Health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lindsborg, Kansas.—"Some years ago I suffered with terrible pains in my side which I thought were inflammation, also with a bearing down pain, backache, and I was at times awfully nervous. I took three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now enjoying good health. I will be glad to recommend your medicine to any woman suffering with female trouble and you may publish this letter."—Mrs. A. L. SMITH, R. No. 3, Box 60, Lindsborg, Kansas.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

LESSONS TAUGHT IN EUROPE'S WAR

Artillery Man Describes the Types of Guns That Have Been Determined Most Effective.

Washington, Aug. 24.—Lessons which the United States may gain from the European war comprise the major part of a letter written by Tracy Richardson of Kansas City, a soldier of fortune, who is now serving with the Princess Patricia's regiment of Canadians in Europe, to a Washington friend.

Richardson is well known to army officers here and they are giving his suggestions careful consideration.

After an enlistment in the regular army Richardson joined the filibustering expedition under General Lee Christmas in Nicaragua, and has been soldiering ever since. He joined the Orozco revolution against Madrid, subsequently serving as a colonel in the Huerta army, which he left at the time of the occupation of Vera Cruz by American forces.

Guard at Mexico City.

When Captain Burnside, the military attaché of the American embassy in Mexico City, believed it would be necessary to defend the embassy from attack, Richardson was placed in charge of the machine guns and later at Vera Cruz, he was engaged in "intelligence" work for the army expeditionary forces.

He is known as a machine gun and field artillery expert, and his observations as to the needs of the United States army in the light of experience in the big war have been carefully studied.

Six-Inch Cannon Best.

"I am very glad that General Crozier (U. S. chief ordnance) has taken the stand that he has in demanding more artillery," he writes; "there is no reason why we should not have an army of such size and artillery of such worth that we could feel safe under any circumstances. But I cannot agree with him that the 3-inch gun is the best; for while it is true that the 3-inch gun is the most common, and in open warfare is the best, still in this modern trench warfare the gun that is doing the most damage is the 6-inch gun.

"This gun will dig up a trench and everything in it; it will tear up barbed wire entanglements, or demolish any kind of building or temporary fortress, and its range puts it in safety from the ordinary 3-inch gun. By the use either of high explosive or shrapnel shell it does terrific damage.

Secret of German Success.

"This is the secret of the German artillery success. Their 6-inch guns start to work on our trenches and while they will have upwards of five batteries for the attack, the English will have about two guns with which to reply to the cannonade, and with such heavy odds against them these two pieces are quickly put out of action.

"The 12-inch or larger guns are good, but are seldom used on entrenchments, because of expense, I think; but for shelling reserve troops, towns where troops are quartered, roads and railways, they are invaluable.

"I would like to see the United States bring out a gun of about 8-inch calibre, but with an extremely long range, sixteen or eighteen miles, if possible. Of course, a gun with such a range would not be as accurate as the smaller pieces, but would be excellent for sending out the big guns of the enemy and his aviation camps, headquarters, etc. Of course it would have to be used in conjunction with aeroplane observers.

Value of Air Machines.

"This brings me to another important branch of the service. The material damage done by bombs dropped by aircraft of either side has not been great by comparison, but the effect on the morale of troops attacked has been tremendous, while of course for purposes of observation and spotting for artillery they have been of tremendous value.

"I understand the new Vickers machine gun which is being installed in the United States army is the same as the English army is now getting. It is a great weapon, weighing a little more than half of the ordinary machine gun and being much simpler in construction and less given to jamming.

"Also they have an excellent flash concealer, an ordinary piece of stove pipe fitted over the water jacket and projecting about two feet beyond the muzzle concealing the flash at night. In addition they are fitted with steel belts holding 100 cartridges, which makes it possible to fire the gun at a 90 degree angle at air craft. Of anti-air craft guns I have seen little good. I have never seen an aeroplane brought down except by rifle fire.

Automatic Like Benier Gun.

"The automatic rifle I have mentioned before is similar to the Benier gun, which the navy was partially equipped with at Vera Cruz. While this gun will not take the place of the heavier and more durable machine gun, it is a most useful weapon in trench warfare, as it can be carried about by one man and can be used from any place in the trench without special preparation. In fact, it can be used in a loophole through a steel plate as an ordinary rifle, but, of course, with a greatly increased volume of fire.

"This light automatic would be of great value in holding a newly gained trench from counter attack, as it does not require the preparation necessary for the larger and heavier models. I hope the United States will retain a good supply of these automatic rifles, even though the Vickers equipment contained one instrument which is of great menace to the enemy—telescopic sights for use by sharpshooters. The sights are on special rifles and used only by the very best crack shots, who are able to work from a distance that makes it almost impossible to locate them. A logical development of the telescopic and the periscopic sights would be a combination of the two which would render the user absolutely immune except to big gun fire."

When Richardson wrote he was in an English hospital recovering from injuries received in battle. He expected to return to the front shortly.

THE WASTE OF FISHERIES.

Through its bureau of chemistry the United States department of agriculture proposes hereafter to devote the same attention to questions of storage, transportation, prevention of waste and utilization of by-products in the various fish industries which has heretofore been devoted with such conspicuous results, to meat and fruit industries. It will cooperate in this undertaking with the bureau of fisheries. Studies of the utilization of wastes from the fisheries have hitherto been confined largely to the manufacture of fertilizers, fish oils and glue, and have not tended to conserve the food supply. The bureau has recently paid special attention to the industry of canning sardines on the coast of Maine, and has already brought about a marked improvement of the sanitary conditions under which these fish are packed.

SONORA JUSTICE RIVALRS SOLOMON

Ancient Ruler of Israel Shaded by Mexican Modern Jurist in Settling Disputes.

Tucson, Ariz., Aug. 24.—The way the prefect of Altar, Sonora, has of dispensing justice, has the late King Solomon's method backed of the map, according to the statements made by a party of Tucson people who recently returned from the city of Altar.

A few days ago a citizen of Altar went into a Chinese store and bought a quantity of merchandise. In payment he tendered some of the paper money that is turned out by the resin in Sonora and which is worth about four cents in the dollar. The Chinaman refused to take the paper money, claiming it to be a counterfeit.

The purchaser of the merchandise went to the prefect with his tale of woe and the Chinaman was brought before the prefect. The Chinaman insisted that he should not be made to take bad money for good merchandise but the prefect could not see it that way and fined the Chinaman for refusing to accept the currency of the great state of Sonora. The prefect also made the Chinaman accept the money as it was tendered him.

The Chinaman offered this money in payment of the fine and the prefect came back at him with another fine for offering an official of the state bogus money. The Chinaman was forced to dig up real money with which to pay his fine for refusing to take bad money and then for attempting to pay a fine with it.

The price of meat in Altar is high and to reduce the cost of living the prefect, who is an Englishman by birth and whose son was at one time a student in the university here, has turned into his own hands and demanded of the meat market proprietors that they make the price of beef to the people 81 per kilo. This price figures out something like three cents per pound.

The butchers saw ruin staring them in the face and protested that they could not sell meat at such a price as it would cause them a great loss.

The meat markets were closed and the prefect said that he would see that the poor people got cheap beef. He sent out into the country and had several cattle confiscated and the prefect in the name of the state went into the meat business.

VA-CATIONS.

There are almost as many theories in regard to vacations as there are vacationists, but the whole secret of the necessity and success of a vacation lies in the question as to whether or not it is a vacation from oneself—at least from that ordinary everyday self which is too much a part of us. There is a story of two women who had lived across the street from each other all their lives. One summer they exchanged houses for a week, and each had a vacation, each one becoming for that week a very different sort of person. So it is that the poor clerk saves his few dollars to spend them at a board walk and tea houses and dancing every night. So it is that the society woman goes to the country and sends her daughters to a camp in the woods, where they wear bloomers and make their own beds. So it is that the country man goes to the city to enjoy taxicabs and lobsters and the newest musical shows.

And so it was that two charming elderly sisters took a vacation from house-keeping and from their too orderly and too comfortably regulated lives. Together they took a trip through the West, and the poor housekeeping they discovered has been a source of never-ending interest to them. Keeping off the tourists' path, they stayed at all sorts of hotels and boarding houses. "It was a perfect rest," they declared on their return. "We never had our meals on time and the food was usually rather bad. There was always dust in the corners and under the beds, but we were not responsible and were free to enjoy it all very much."

Most of us miss considerable pleasure by being nobody but ourselves. There is, certainly, a great deal of pleasure in being almost any sort of person. There is a peculiar but undeniable joy in having meals when you feel like it and in leaving the dust under the bed. The elderly sisters had lived a long time without tasting of this joy. Of course they were glad to get back. We are all glad to get back, no matter how tired we may get of our ordinary selves; most of us rather like them or there would be no sense at all in being them.—Indianapolis News.

ALUMINUM FROM GREENLAND.

Cryolite—a source of aluminum, used also in making soda and glass—is not produced in the United States, the entire supply used in this country being imported from Ivigtut, an Eskimo hamlet on the southern coast of Greenland. Cryolite is now imported free of duty and in 1914 4,012 tons, valued at \$94,424, was reported to have been imported for consumption in the United States.

MOST CHILDREN HAVE WORMS.

And neither parent or child know it, yet it explains why your child is nervous, pale, feverish, backward. Often children have thousands of worms. Think of how dangerous this is to your child. Don't take any risk. Get an original 25c box of Kickapoo Worm Killer, a candy lozenge. Kickapoo Worm Killer will positively kill and remove the Worms. Relieves Constipation, regulates Stomach and Bowels. Your child will grow and learn so much better. Get a box today.

PRIEST REFUSES GREAT BEQUEST

Father Graham Declares He Has Troubles Enough Without Bothering With Ten Millions.

Pittsburg, Aug. 24.—"Sure and what would I do with ten or twelve million dollars? Don't you think I have troubles enough running my parish without burdening myself with all that amount of money?"

Thus spoke the Rev. William Graham, pastor of St. Patrick's Catholic church, Seventeenth street and Penn avenue. Genial, rotund, red-faced, a countenance full of sunshine and an eye that twinkles with merriment, hardly showing his fifty-seven years of life, Father Graham faced the New York American representative and told what he did not intend to do with the fortunes willed to him by relatives.

Father Graham was notified some time ago by the authorities of Sydney, Australia, that uncles of his had died there leaving an estate of several millions of dollars, and that a thorough investigation had shown that he was the sole heir. He had hardly gotten over the surprise that this news carried for him when he received word from Blyvia, South America, that another uncle of his had recently died there, leaving him a few millions more.

He has already received word from attorneys in both places asking him to designate how they shall proceed with the closing up of the immense estates to which he has fallen heir; but today said he wouldn't take a cent of the money.

"The money and properties left by my uncles, I understand, aggregate many millions of dollars, of which I am the sole heir, but I have absolutely no interest in it and certainly do not wish to burden myself with the disposition of all that money. God would hold me to a greater responsibility than I care to undertake at my time of life—I am fifty-seven years old—and besides I am happy with my lot, poor though they be, and hard working souls they are. No, sir, I won't leave God's country, where I am safe and happy."

Thus does this man of God put away from him that which would give him more than a comfortable living, ease and plenty, because he doesn't want to be any better off than his people. When asked if he wouldn't try to get the money and apply it to charitable work here, he said he would, if allowed, designate that the money should be used for such purposes in the countries where it was made. His uncles went away from Ireland many years ago, and by judicious investments made themselves millionaires in a very short time.

Father Graham had been pastor of St. Patrick's church for fifteen years. He was born in County Queens, Ireland, Oct. 12, 1858. His parents died when he was eleven years old and he came to Pittsburg with an uncle. Desiring to enter the priesthood, he attended St. Michael's seminary, St. Cloud, Minn., then at his court at Montreal, Quebec. He was ordained by Bishop Mullen at Erie, Pa., March 25, 1882.

THIS ISN'T BAD.

The New Jersey minister who resigned his position because his congregation was composed of gossips reminds us of the physician who asserted his profession because of the prevalence of sickness in his community.—Rochester Union and Advertiser.

TERRIBLE BREAKING OUT ON HEAD

Itched and Burned. Child Would Scratch and Cry All Night, Spread Very Fast. Caused Hair to Fall Out. Used Cuticura, Trouble Gone.

Birdsong, Mo.—"When my little daughter was two years old she had a terrible breaking out on her head which annoyed her a great deal. It came in yellow blisters which would break and run and where the matter would go it would break out again. She could not rest at night. It itched and burned. She would scratch and cry all night. This light automatic would be of great value in holding a newly gained trench from counter attack, as it does not require the preparation necessary for the larger and heavier models. I hope the United States will retain a good supply of these automatic rifles, even though the Vickers equipment contained one instrument which is of great menace to the enemy—telescopic sights for use by sharpshooters. The sights are on special rifles and used only by the very best crack shots, who are able to work from a distance that makes it almost impossible to locate them. A logical development of the telescopic and the periscopic sights would be a combination of the two which would render the user absolutely immune except to big gun fire."

When Richardson wrote he was in an English hospital recovering from injuries received in battle. He expected to return to the front shortly.

THE WASTE OF FISHERIES.

Through its bureau of chemistry the United States department of agriculture proposes hereafter to devote the same attention to questions of storage, transportation, prevention of waste and utilization of by-products in the various fish industries which has heretofore been devoted with such conspicuous results, to meat and fruit industries. It will cooperate in this undertaking with the bureau of fisheries. Studies of the utilization of wastes from the fisheries have hitherto been confined largely to the manufacture of fertilizers, fish oils and glue, and have not tended to conserve the food supply. The bureau has recently paid special attention to the industry of canning sardines on the coast of Maine, and has already brought about a marked improvement of the sanitary conditions under which these fish are packed.

Richardson is well known to army officers here and they are giving his suggestions careful consideration.

After an enlistment in the regular army Richardson joined the filibustering expedition under General Lee Christmas in Nicaragua, and has been soldiering ever since. He joined the Orozco revolution against Madrid, subsequently serving as a colonel in the Huerta army, which he left at the time of the occupation of Vera Cruz by American forces.

Guard at Mexico City.

When Captain Burnside, the military attaché of the American embassy in Mexico City, believed it would be necessary to defend the embassy from attack, Richardson was placed in charge of the machine guns and later at Vera Cruz, he was engaged in "intelligence" work for the army expeditionary forces.

He is known as a machine gun and field artillery expert, and his observations as to the needs of the United States army in the light of experience in the big war have been carefully studied.

Six-Inch Cannon Best.

"I am very glad that General Crozier (U. S. chief ordnance) has taken the stand that he has in demanding more artillery," he writes; "there is no reason why we should not have an army of such size and artillery of such worth that we could feel safe under any circumstances. But I cannot agree with him that the 3-inch gun is the best; for while it is true that the 3-inch gun is the most common, and in open warfare is the best, still in this modern trench warfare the gun that is doing the most damage is the 6-inch gun.

"This gun will dig up a trench and everything in it; it will tear up barbed wire entanglements, or demolish any kind of building or temporary fortress, and its range puts it in safety from the ordinary 3-inch gun. By the use either of high explosive or shrapnel shell it does terrific damage.

FAIR MARQUETTE COUNTY FAIR September 7-8-9-10-11 TO BE HELD AT THE FAIR GROUNDS MARQUETTE, MICH. Under supervision of the Marquette County Agricultural Society Bigger and Better Than a Circus J. B. Hendershot's United Shows And Solo Cornet Band of Twenty Pieces 3--FREE FEATURE ACTS TWICE DAILY--3 THE FLYING GEYERS The World's Greatest Aerial Act Mlle. ZALLA Sensational Swing Perch Act REVOLVING LADDER ACT HIGH CLASS, CLEAN, MORAL SHOWS Little Marie and Her Trained Bears -- Leon's Cat and Rat Circus Wonderful Glass Workers -- Huber's Bears -- That Strange Girl The Show Girls -- Southern Plant Show -- Tango Twins SENSATIONAL WILD WEST GIANT FERRIS WHEEL \$10,000 Jumping Horse Carousel WONDERLAND CITY Wise's European FLEA CIRCUS This show caters to ladies and children and better class of men. THE SHOW THAT INTERESTS THE LADIES GRAND BABY SHOW September 8, 9, 10, 1915. Mrs. Bertha M. Graves, Superintendent. If you wish to enter your Baby, fill out Entry Blank below and mail to the Superintendent. BABY SHOW ENTRY BLANK--Age Limit, 2 Years MRS. BERTHA M. GRAVES, Superintendent Baby Show, County Fair, 606 N. Pine Street, Marquette, Michigan. Please enter my Baby in Baby Show: Name of Baby Date of Birth Age Mark an X in square opposite the class in which you wish to enter Baby. CLASS 1--BEAUTIFUL BABIES CLASS 2--STRENGTHY BABIES CLASS 3--FAT BABIES CLASS 4--SMALL BABIES CLASS 5--TWIN BABIES Name of Parent Address BABY GIRL PRIZES First--Solid Gold Neck Chain, Heart Pendant. Second--Solid Gold Ring, Diamond Setting. Third--Baby Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon. BABY BOY PRIZES First--Pair Solid Gold Baby Pins. Second--Solid Gold Ring. Third--Gold Lined Silver Cup. Negaunee Day, Wednesday, Sept. 8, Ishpeming Day, Thursday, Sept. 9, Marquette Day, Friday, Sept. 10. Babies may be on exhibition on the afternoons of the day designated for each city and from that city only, between the hours of 2:30 and 4:00 o'clock. Comfortable chairs will be provided for the child and parent or nurse. Six prizes will be offered in each class; three for girls, and three for boys. Competent and fair judges will award prizes. HORSE RACING will be featured daily, with LIBERAL PRIZES. See small bills for announcements. MOTOR CYCLE RACES -- \$50.00 will be offered for daily races. American Trotting Association rules to govern. 5% to enter. 5% to start. \$25.00 First. \$15.00 Second. \$10 Third. \$205 -- BASEBALL -- \$205 NEGAUNEE vs. GWINN Negaunee Day Wednesday, Sept. 8. ISHPEMING vs. MARQUETTE, Ishpeming Day, Thursday, Sept. 9. The two winners will cross bats Marquette Day, Friday, Sept. 10. The two losers will cross bats Every One's Day, Saturday, Sept. 11. PRIZES -- \$75 First, \$55 Second, \$45 Third, \$30 Fourth -- PRIZES CARNIVAL OPEN NIGHT AND DAY Afternoon Prices: Adults, 25c; Children, 15c. Street Cars and P.R. Trains to the Grounds. Low Excursion Rates on All Roads

The Peninsula Bank Ispeming, Mich.

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business June 23, 1915. Consented from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

RESOURCES:	LIABILITIES:
Loans, discounts and bonds.....\$15,714.54	Capital stock.....\$ 50,000.00
Banking house.....15,000.00	Surplus fund.....75,000.00
Overdrafts.....16.11	Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid.....20,000.00
Cash resources.....144,300.00	Dividends unpaid.....60.00
	Deposits.....823,757.90
	Reserve for interest.....6,000.00
\$975,030.65	\$975,030.65

DIRECTORS:
 THOS. WALTERS, W. T. POTTER, THOS. W. HUGHES,
 GEO. F. THONEY, H. E. HEYN, JOHN KANDELLIN,
 OTTO EGGER, LARS HOXSETH, JOS. MITCHELL,

Three per cent interest paid on Savings Accounts.

Ispeming Department

SCHOOL ELECTION MONDAY, SEPT. 6TH

W. P. Belden and John Skoglund, Whose Terms Expire, Are Candidates for Re-election.

The annual meeting of School district No. 1 will be held Monday, Sept. 6, Labor Day, in the Central school building. At this meeting the board of education will ask for its annual appropriation from the tax levy, and following the business session, at which the secretary's annual report will be read, the polls will be opened for the election of two trustees to serve for the ensuing three years.

It is generally understood that William P. Belden and John Skoglund, whose terms expire, will be candidates for re-election. The services of these men have been highly satisfactory to the taxpayers, and it is expected both will be returned to office without opposition.

Mr. Skoglund has been a trustee for several terms. Mr. Belden, who has served the last three years, is considered by his associates on the board to be its most valuable member, not alone because of his professional knowledge, but because of his interest and his wise counsel in school matters in general. It is gratifying to his associates that, while he is an extremely busy man, he has at their urgent request decided to become a candidate for another term.

The school election this year will be conducted along different lines than formerly, in that the names of all candidates will be placed on one official ballot, which will be printed at the expense of the district. This will eliminate the distribution of separate ballots at the polls, as well as throughout the city in advance of the election. All persons voting will be obliged to use the ballot prepared by the board. If there are more than two candidates those receiving the largest number of votes will be chosen to office.

The new plan of conducting the election is provided for in the following resolution, adopted by the board: "Resolved, That for the purpose of conveniently presenting at the annual school election the names of all candidates for the office of school trustees, a suitable official ballot be prepared and printed at public expense, containing the names of all candidates for the office of school trustee, together with proper instructions for the use of the same; that all candidates desiring their names to be placed upon said ballot shall so inform the secretary of the board of education not later than 12 o'clock noon of the Saturday preceding such election, and that the official ballot so prepared and printed shall not be used for public distribution, but shall be held solely for use at the polls on election day."

PYTHIANS' LODGE AWARDS CONTRACT

Zenith Temple, Near City Hall on Division Street, to Be Constructed by F. E. King.

F. E. King, of Negaunee, will build Zenith lodge's Pythian temple. He was awarded the contract at a meeting of the building committee last evening, when the bids were considered. The contract price was not announced. It is the understanding, however, that the temple, complete, will cost in the neighborhood of \$12,000. Aside from that of Mr. King, bids were submitted by J. S. Wahlman and Louis Erickson & Son, Mr. King is the contractor who erected Negaunee's city hall. He is engaged at present in constructing a large warehouse at Negaunee for Winter & Sauer. The Pythian building will be a slightly structure, an ornament to Division street. It will be erected on the site owned by the lodge, directly east of the city hall. It will be of two stories, with commodious basement, will be of solid brick, and 30 by 32 feet in dimensions. The upper story will be utilized as lodge and club rooms. Quarters for a mercantile establishment will be situated on the ground floor. Architect, Hubert, of Menominee, prepared the plans.

It is expected the building will be completed about the first of the year. The excavating has been in progress for some days, and will be finished shortly. Trebilcock Bros. are doing this work, and they also will construct the foundation. The block will be equipped with a steam heating plant and with electric lights and other modern conveniences. Various contracts will be awarded later.

ROBERT WARWICK TODAY

Popular Movie Star Will Be Seen in "The Man Who Found Himself."

Robert Warwick, regarded as one of the best and most popular of the movie stars, and who has been seen here in several World productions, among them "Alas Jumpy Valentine," is the leading member of the cast producing "The Man Who Found Himself," which will be shown at the Isipeming theater this afternoon and evening. It was written by George Broadhurst and produced by the William A. Brady company.

The matinee will be at 2:30 o'clock, when the prices will be ten cents for adults and 5c for children. The prices at the evening shows will be five cents for adults and ten for children, on the first two floors, and ten and five cents in the gallery.

The story of "The Man Who Found Himself" is as follows:

James Clarke, young cashier, robs his employer in order to provide medical attention for his sick sister. She dies and a fellow employee of Clarke discovers his theft and blackmails him. Both are found out, prosecuted and sent to jail.

By a series of chances James Clarke escapes from jail, gets a job, is earning an honest living and has won the love of a girl whose life he saved.

Yatton, his fellow thief, after serving full sentence, discovers Clarke and once more blackmails him, attacking the happiness of his fiancée and her brother, and taunting Clarke with cowardice.

From this terrible situation Clarke escapes by voluntarily returning to jail to serve the remainder of his sentence.

He has "found" himself. He knows that when he finally leaves the jail, Catherine, who has promised to be his wife, will be waiting to help him start life afresh.

BURTON TO TEACH AT HOWE

George E. Burton, who last year was instructor of mathematics in the Isipeming High school, has accepted a position at the Howe Military school at Howe, Ind. He is a private school preparatory. Mr. Burton will have charge of the mathematics course.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Caley, 128 Salisbury street.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company is repairing the depot platform.

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Davis have returned from a visit with relatives and friends in the East.

Ed Gingrass is here from Milwaukee to visit his brother, Joseph Gingrass, of the Michigan golf mine.

The Misses Alfreda Sorlie, Nellie Sorlie and Anna Augusta have returned from a week's outing at Camp Weasel.

A woman's branch of the Order of Owls was organized last evening by Thomas E. Warwick, a special deputy for the society.

D. A. Kalin, of Woodruff, Wis., who has been in the city the last few weeks visiting his brother, M. A. Kalin, and family, left yesterday for his home.

William H. Giles, of Chicago, is here on a visit to his wife and daughter, who have been here for several weeks visiting Mrs. Giles' mother, Mrs. C. B. Conway.

Miss Minnie McCarthy, who has been visiting her parents for the last several months, will leave today for Chicago, where she will take a position as a bookkeeper.

Mrs. George Wanek and children have returned from a visit with relatives and friends in Menominee. They were accompanied home by Mr. Wanek, who spent several days in Menominee.

The members of the Epworth league of the Swedish Methodist church plan to conduct a lawn social this evening at Gust Lindberg's home. If the weather is not favorable the social will be given in the church. Ice cream and cake will be served.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Sloat are preparing to leave for Kibbourn, Wis., where they will live for some months. Mr. Sloat, who is the manager of the Northern Leather company, will retain his interest in the concern. He expects to return to Isipeming next summer. He is leaving at this time in the interest of his health.

John Henriksen, manager of the Gately-Wiggins company's store, will leave today for Calumet, where he will spend a few days. He will be accompanied home by his wife and children, who have been visiting relatives at Calumet for three weeks. Mr. Henriksen's sister, Miss Aurelia Henriksen, of Calumet, left for her home yesterday.

The young people of the First Methodist Episcopal church gave a pleasing entertainment last evening in the church parlors, under the direction of Miss Olive Gill. "The Tom Thumb Wedding" was a feature, and in this upwards of sixty young people took part. A farce, "Queen Anne's Cottages," was also presented. Those taking part in this were Ruth Gill, Mary Hayes, Leslie Bettison, Richard Sibley, Richard Carlyon, Flossie Hayes, Aubrey Hayes and Thomas Williams.

The carpenters employed in the Veeber brownstone block, where they are preparing the lower floor rooms for the Woolworth company, which is soon to open a five and ten-cent store, have completed the installation of the windows. Plasterers are at work on the walls and decorators will be employed in a day or two. A considerable quantity of merchandise for the store has already been received by express and freight, and most of it has been stored in the basement of the building. The fixtures have not been completed and it is not known just when they will be received. However, the management expects to open the store next month. The Woolworth company makes its own store fixtures.

DEFEATED CHAMPION TEAM

The Isipeming Rattlers defeated the Champion nine at Champion Sunday, by a score of 13 to 9. Asgard and Hilden were the battery for the Rattlers and Prisk and Cardiel for Champion. The feature of the game was the fielding, batting and base running of Asgard, Asgard, pitcher; Hilden, catcher; Adams, second base; Reby, third base; Dillon, left field and Oien, right field. August Hendrickson is manager.

WANT GAME WITH ISHPEMING

Con Mahoney, former twirler of the Isipeming ball team, now manager of the Newberry team, has written "Pop" Geoclan to learn if a game between the Isipeming and Newberry nines, to be played here at an early date, can be arranged. It is suggested that the best players of the Isipeming and Negaunee teams be selected to go against Newberry. The game is to be played at the Methodist Episcopal church at 2:30 o'clock. Mrs. Eddy, who lives at 130 York street, was aged seventy-one and had made Isipeming her home.

FUNERAL TOMORROW

The funeral of Mrs. Mathew Eddy, who died Monday night from heart disease, will be held tomorrow afternoon, with services at the Methodist Episcopal church at 2:30 o'clock. Mrs. Eddy, who lived at 130 York street, was aged seventy-one and had made Isipeming her home.

EXCEPTIONAL VAUDEVILLE

Daintiness features "A Musical Matinee," which will appear at Isipeming theater tomorrow night and Friday and Saturday matinee and night. Staged as an afternoon tea, the five young women and one man, who comprise the company, tender a musical program that is not only novel but second in class to none on the vaudeville stage. All of the performers are good to look at and are finished musicians. Included in the company are Charlotte M. Barfon, a seventeen-year-old violinist; Beatrice Berrum, violinist, cello and piano; Esther Kinkel, playing a bass viol; Mae O'Malley, violinist and vocalist; Mazie Miller, pianist and violinist; and Otto Krause, cellist.

LABOR DAY PICNIC

The degree team of Trelawney lodge, Sons of St. George, will conduct a picnic in Cleveland Park on Labor Day. It will be held in the upper part of the grove and the pavilion will be used for dancing during the afternoon and evening. Williams' orchestra will give a concert program and there will be athletic sports for men and boys. Light refreshments will be served.

THE CASE OF L. L. CANTELOU

The case of L. L. Cantelou, Clarendon, Texas, is similar to that of many others who have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says, "After trying a doctor for several months, and using different kinds of medicine for my wife, who had been troubled with severe bowel complaint for several months, I bought a 25c bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. After using the second bottle she was entirely cured." For sale by All Dealers.

her home for thirty-five years. Cornwall was her birthplace. Surviving Mrs. Eddy are her husband, her son, John Markham, and daughters, Mrs. Arthur Jose and Mrs. Caine.

FATHER POULIN RESTING

Former Pastor of St. Joseph's Church Now in Quebec.

Rev. Father Poulin, who was pastor of St. Joseph's church in this city for some time and who, a few weeks ago, resigned as pastor of the Sacred Heart church at Schaeffer, is now in Joachim Montmorency, P. Q., enjoying a much-needed rest. He writes the Escanaba Press as follows:

"Enjoying now a comforting rest and the invigorating breeze of the St. Lawrence river I must not forget my Michigan friends and I cannot refrain from asking you to publish these few words and let them know my whereabouts.

"I had a most happy and fine trip on the lake and on the river from St. Ignace to Quebec, visited Detroit, Niagara Falls, Toronto, and Montreal. Maricou City, near Detroit, is beautiful and makes one think of Venice. I took time to visit the Niagara Falls. I will not any more be ashamed of myself as I used to be when people asked me if I had ever seen them. After I have travelled so much abroad, I did not like to say I had never seen those falls, one of the wonders of the world. But, the greatest scenery of the trip is when one goes through the Thousand Islands. They extend from Kingston, Ont., to Prescott, a distance of fifty miles, and seem to be a real Fairy land. Most of the islands belong to wealthy people who have made them their summer resort, building palatial residences on them. One home alone cost \$2,000,000.

"When I left Quebec to come here my home, I had a very fine American who had covered a long distance to see the Montmorency Falls. But he was very much disappointed and displeased. Dry weather or having prevailed here for five or six weeks, there was no water in the river. I told him he ought to be glad he had seen such a wonderful thing. A big fall without water, every day you will see a fall with lots of water, but this, you will very seldom see." And the joke recurred him with the idea that he had not been so much disappointed after all.

"Yours Truly,
 "A. POULIN."

The Miners' National Bank, Ispeming, Mich.

Statement May 1st, 1915.

(Comptroller's Call)

RESOURCES:	LIABILITIES:
Loans and Discounts.....\$1,127,647.50	Capital.....\$ 100,000.00
Overdrafts.....281.45	Surplus.....100,000.00
Banking House.....35,410.12	Undivided Profits.....15,564.66
Other Real Estate.....11,250.00	Circulation.....96,600.00
U. S. and Other Bonds.....301,556.00	Deposits.....1,389,505.30
Federal Reserve Bank.....17,511.05	Reserve for Interest.....1,274.90
Cash and Exchange.....211,538.74	Reserve for Taxes.....750.00
	Reserve for Discount on U. S. bonds.....4,500.00
\$1,705,194.86	\$1,705,194.86

OUR AUGUST CLEARANCE SALE NOW ON

Do not fail to take advantage of our bargains. New things in Neckwear and other Seasonable Merchandise.

J. SELLWOOD & CO.

THIS COUPON IS WORTH 35c TO YOU

Special Introductory Sale MADAME CAVALIER POUDE' SUPERBE "THE FACE POWDER DE LUXE" FULL SIZE For This Coupon And 15c 5c BOX

NOT MORE THAN ONE BOX TO ANY ONE PERSON

Madame Cavalier Poudre' is wonderfully different from all others. It has that fine blurring fragrance of dainty powder. We want every woman to know the wonderful difference. From sample, send additional coupons in request at our store. Present coupon at once at

FENNIA PRESCRIPTION PHARMACY AUGUST SUTINEN PROP. ISHPEMING and NEGAUNEE 116 East Division 406 Iron Street.

NORMAN TOWER LAID BARE

A London letter says there has been a curious result of one of the fires caused by suffragettes in 1914. The restoration of the tower was found to be the present casing of red brick is only a covering for the original Norman tower. The latter proves to be a very fine example of Norman architecture—one of the best, in the opinion of experts, existing in England.

When the tower was covered with red brick is only a mystery, but the work was probably done in the reign of Henry VII. or that of Henry VIII. Among other discoveries made as a result of the performance of the suffragette "arson squad" are a number of vaults under the chancel of which no one had guessed the existence.

VALUE OF "MANNERS"

We told much of utilities, but 'tis our manners that associate us. In our business we go to him who knows, or has, or does this or that which we want, and we do not let our taste or feeling stand in the way. But, this activity over, we return to the indolent state, and wish for those we can be at ease with; those who will go where we go, whose manners do not offend us, whose social tone chimes with ours. When we reflect upon their persuasive and cheerful

WANTED—GUY for general housework

Mrs. G. C. Barnett, Isipeming, 8-23-15

FOR SALE—Horse, colt, harness, buckboard and sleds

Apply to Mrs. C. E. Jones, 128 York street, Isipeming, 8-21-15

FOR RENT—Four furnished rooms

Suitable for housekeeping. Inquire at 633 N. Fifth St., Isipeming, 8-21-15

FOR SALE—Largest steel roller top cabinet

desk and one gas stove. Cheap. Inquire at 633 N. Fifth St., Isipeming, 8-21-15

FOR SALE—Household goods

Mrs. A. C. Ludington, 801 N. Third St., upstairs, 8-24-15

FOR RENT—Two-story barn

with basement. Suitable for warehouse, garage or barn and stable purposes. Apply to Manville Jenks, 8-24-15

FOR SALE—Horse (weight about 1600

pounds), light spring wagon, good sleigh, buggy and two sets of harness. Inquire 106 N. First St., Isipeming, 8-23-15

FOR SALE—Bunk, radiator, 1914 model

electric starter and storage batteries. In good condition. Price \$375. Address X. Mining Journal, Isipeming, 8-21-15

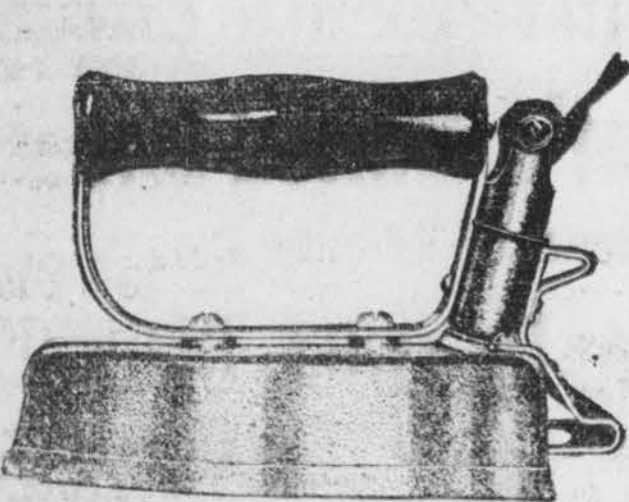
FOR SALE—Bed-lavenport, gas stove

with heater attachment and heating stove. George Jaedeck, 8-21-15

FOR SALE Building on Truan Lot, Main Street

Occupied by Jos. Gill and Fred Held. Sale includes business block, shed at rear, concrete blocks and other material in basement construction. ED. J. BUTLER.

\$1.00 for Your Old Flat Iron



Westinghouse 10-year guaranteed Irons, \$3.00
 Hot Point 10-year guaranteed Irons, \$3.00

Bring in any old flat iron, (except gas irons) to our office and we will allow you one dollar off from the price of a New Electric Iron. This offer is open to customers of

Marquette County Gas & Electric Co.

on the Canadian Pacific railroad. The word impressed him as unique, as it does every one else who has pronounced it, and when the question of a name for his cottage came up Mr. Fydel adopted the Indian word. Some time ago a news dispatch announced that the people of the Canadian town which was burdened by the name had changed it to Swift Current.

THE AUTO-IRRIGATOR

The auto-irrigator is a new instrument for measuring water-attracting power of the soil, devised in connection with experiments by Prof. B. E. Livingston and Dr. L. A. Hawkins at Johns Hopkins university. It is essentially similar to Livingston's porous-cup atometer, but the cup is buried in the soil instead of being exposed to the air. The experimenters have carried out a series of measurements upon potted plants irrigated automatically with this device. The rate of water-loss from the irrigator is found to be highest somewhat later in the day than the time of maximum transpiration from the plants. The rate of loss from the irrigator then falls slowly, reaching its minimum in the early morning.

Unique Camp Name Attracts Attention

"I-I-e-e-i-i-e-e-w-a-a-s-t" spelled a member of an auto party on a visit to Harrison Beach near Manitowish, the other day. "Now, what in Sam Hill do you think that spells?" he continued. "If it had a few k's and z's and y's thrown in I'd say it was Russian. It doesn't resemble Chinese, and for all I know it might be Hottentot. It says, 'Welcome to Ill—what-you-call-it, too.' The legend in question is displayed in a conspicuous place on the cottage occupied by the family of Thomas Fydel. For the benefit of the curious, Mr. Fydel explains the name. "Hicellwaet" is an Indian word. In the language of the Blackfeet of the Northwest, it means "swift current." The name first came to Mr. Fydel's attention while traveling in the Canadian Northwest. He visited a small Alberta town by that name

\$100 REWARD, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer one Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Send by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

Wash Your Hair with KIRK'S JAP ROSE SOAP

See how quickly and freely it lathers in hard or soft water; how quickly it thoroughly cleans the hair and scalp; rinses easily and leaves not a trace of soap to attract dust. Perfect for bath or toilet. Your Dealer Sells It.



ROBERT WARWICK IN THE BRADY FEATURE, "THE MAN WHO FOUND HIMSELF" AT THE ISHPEMING THEATRE THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

ISHPEMING THEATRE

TODAY

Matinee and Night

ROBERT WARWICK

— in —

"THE MAN WHO FOUND HIMSELF"

A Broadhurst play PRODUCED BY WM. A. BRADY

Matinee 2:30—5 and 10 cents. Evening—5, 10 and 15c.

Montrose & Allen

Comedy Act, Full of Laughs.

TOMORROW, FRIDAY, SATURDAY

The Biggest Act of the Season

"A MUSICAL MATINEE"

SIX PEOPLE—A BIG HIT. Bargain Matinee at 2:30

Seven Reels, including "WHO PAYS," also the Vaudeville.

FRIDAY

"ROMANCE OF ELAINE" (Sixth episode.)

SATURDAY

"COHEN'S LUCK" BIG COMEDY FEATURE IN FOUR PARTS.

Next Tuesday

Charlie Chaplin IN "THE WOMAN" (TWO REELS).

Prizes for boys appearing in the best make up of the famous comedian, at matinee, at 2:30.

HOUSEHOLDER:

How much cash

have you paid out in the last twelvemonth for rent, bills and sundries? How much of it do you hold receipts for? What proportion can you account for now?

As you know, currency payments leave no record behind. They are the device of the careless individual. They invite loss and dispute. Much better, is it not, to be a First National Bank depositor and use the reliable pay-by-check system. Personal accounts invited.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus, \$200,000

Negaunee, Michigan

Markets

NEW YORK MARKET STRONGER; FIRM UNDERTONE NOTICED

New York, Aug. 24.—Conditions in the stock market today offered a striking contrast to recent unsettled sessions. Trading was orderly and on a more moderate scale, but the undertone was firm, even when prices showed a disposition to shade.

Speculative sentiment was stimulated during the afternoon trading by the plea for a suspension of judgment regarding the Arabic incident. The entire market moved forward to higher prices, closing with substantial net gains. Further encouraging trade arrivals, including that of the Baltimore & Ohio road, which showed a net gain of \$80,000 for July, were among the other constructive factors.

BOSTON "COPPERS."

Boston, Mass., Aug. 24.—Boston copper showed more strength today, as the zinc stocks, on the higher metal prices in London and in sympathy with the New York market. The declaration of a \$2 dividend by Champion places \$100,000 in St. Mary's treasury and puts St. Mary's in a position to declare at least a \$1 dividend—Fitzgerald, Hubbard & Co.

All markets have been strong today, with steadily advancing prices, and the closing was at the best figures. London copper advanced a pound sterling, and spelter two pounds sterling. This is favorable to the metal stocks, for usually the London metal market forecasts us of large sales in the metal. The feature again today was Steel common, it advancing to 74 1/2. The strength today can be ascribed to the solid condition of the market and a growing belief that the Arabic matter will in some way be satisfactorily adjusted. There was a bad break in the Salt Lake stocks this afternoon, and several of these issues which have enjoyed a sensational advance declined sharply.—J. A. Minnear & Co.

Final quotations for the day are reported by Minnear & Co. as follows:

Adm	2 5/8	2 1/2	N. Key	3 5/8	3 1/2
All	95 5/8	96	N. Bait	3 5/8	3 1/2
Am	92 1/2	93	N. Corn	1 1/2	1 1/4
Am	92 1/2	93	L. Metal	7 1/2	7 1/4
A. Com	8 1/2	8 1/2	One	1 1/2	1 1/4
Am	10 1/2	10 1/2	Oil	1 1/2	1 1/4
B. & S.	82 1/2	83	S. W. Min	1 1/2	1 1/4
C. & A.	60 1/2	61 1/2	S. Lake	5 1/2	5 1/4
C. & A.	11 1/2	11 1/2	S. B.	2 1/2	2 1/4
Cent	18 1/2	19	S. Con	1 1/2	1 1/4
Chino	4 1/2	4 1/2	U. Verde	5 1/2	5 1/4
C. B.	5 1/2	5 1/2	C. & A.	1 1/2	1 1/4
E. Bait	1 1/2	1 1/2	Was	1 1/2	1 1/4
Frank	9 1/2	9 1/2			
Green	37 1/2	38			
Gly	75 1/2	76			
Han	12 1/2	12 1/2			
L. B.	12 1/2	12 1/2			
Ins	32 1/2	33			
La. Sal.	3 1/2	3 1/2			
Lake	13 1/2	13 1/2			
Mass	10 1/2	10 1/2			
May	3 1/2	3 1/2			
Mich	2 1/2	2 1/2			
Min	25 1/2	25 1/2			
Mon	70 1/2	71			
N. Bait	2 1/2	2 1/2			
N. Com	14 1/2	14 1/2			
N. Lake	1 1/2	1 1/2			
O. C.	2 1/2	2 1/2			
O. Dom	5 1/2	5 1/2			
Que	7 1/2	7 1/2			
Quin	8 1/2	8 1/2			
R. Com	21 1/2	22 1/2			
Shan	2 1/2	2 1/2			
Shu	20 1/2	20 1/2			
Sip	20 1/2	20 1/2			
Tain	5 1/2	5 1/2			
Tam	5 1/2	5 1/2			
U. Com	11 1/2	12 1/2			
U. Cap.	6 1/2	6 1/2			
U. C.	1 1/2	1 1/2			
U. S.	1 1/2	1 1/2			
W. B.	3 1/2	3 1/2			
Wol	2 1/2	2 1/2			
Wyn	1 1/2	1 1/2			

Minnear & Co. issue the following Toronto advices: "The Cobalt stocks made a rather unfavorable showing yesterday on the Toronto mining exchange. Crown Reserve led in the decline. The directors in Montreal announced that future dividends would be passed, because of the present low price of silver and because the results on the Kerr Lake vein had shown unfavorably. Nipissing sold at 3 1/2. A dispatch from Washington yesterday announced that the United States mint was likely to purchase 500,000 ounces of silver metal this week. Balf was active. Temiskaming was off 1 1/2 points. Hollinger changed hands at 24 1/2, fifty cents above the previous close bid. Dome Extension sold at 18 1/2 to 19, which was one-half a point in advance of Friday, while Tappier was up fractionally, selling at 11 1/2 to 11 3/4, and McIntyre held about steady. Dome Mines sold at 20 1/2 locally. In New York it sold ex-dividend at 20, but recovered rapidly to 21 1/2. Official statements from the Dome Mines company are to the effect that valuable new ore has been encountered."

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—A sharp recession in the final hour carried wheat to the

The Negaunee State Bank

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

Every individual or business enterprise has affairs requiring the services of one or more of the above departments of business conducted by this bank. Our policy is to render the best possible service in all departments and solicit your business with this assurance.

J. A. Minnear & Co. BROKERS

Listed and Curb Stocks handled
Direct private wires to all exchanges.

Correspondents:
Fitzgerald, Hubbard & Co., Boston, Mass. Members Boston Stock Exchange and New York Stock Exchange
Josephthal, Loucheim & Co., New York, N. Y. Members New York and all other principal exchanges
OFFICES:
State Savings Bank, Laurium. Jenks Block, Ishpeming.
Will buy or sell for cash or carry good securities on substantial margin.

lowest point of the day, but there was a partial rally and the market closed steady. September wheat, 99 1/2; December wheat, 97 1/2; September corn, 73 1/2; December corn, 63 1/2; September oats, 37 1/2; December oats, 36 1/2.

CHICAGO PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Butter, unchanged. Eggs, unchanged; receipts, 9,316 cases. Poultry steady; fowls, alive, 13 1/2 to 14 1/2 cents; springs, 16 to 17.

Mining News

EAST BUTTE.
Rumor is that the East Butte company has purchased twenty acres of mineral land, which it is expected to develop. The price is stated to be \$200,000, of which \$50,000 has been paid.

DAVIS-DALY.

The Davis-Daly southwest crosscut on the 2,500-foot level of the Colorado mine has penetrated another vein. The vein contains good commercial ore. There is doubt whether it is another blind vein or whether it is the Hesperus No. 1 vein, for which the company has been driving. There is a difference of opinion among the men in charge of the work.

COPPER DIVIDENDS.

The Utah Copper, Nevada Consolidated, Ray Consolidated and other porphyry copper companies will hold meetings this week for dividend action. The Magna Copper company directors will also meet, and it is expected the stock will be placed on a dividend basis, perhaps at the rate of \$1.50 or \$2 annually. The earnings of the company in July were close to \$80,000 on a capital stock of \$1,200,000. The Anaconda directors will meet in September for dividend action.

QUINCY.

From its half year operations to June 30 the Quincy Mining company will have paid out \$660,250 in dividends and land payments. This amount includes \$226,250 to be paid the Hancock Consolidated company for territory purchased from it as part of the agreement entered into between the two companies whereby Hancock will start hauling through Quincy's No. 7 shaft. Deeds have passed and all agreements signed whereby for a period of five years from July 31 the Hancock company will have the use of Quincy's No. 7 shaft, which has been idle since the commencement of the miners' strike in the summer of 1913. The Hancock will pay rental and for the upkeep of the opening. Quincy will have the privilege of using the shaft one-half the time if desired and this opportunity may be availed of to some extent should it be decided by the Quincy management to tap a portion of the new ground just bought. Hancock will extend levels from Quincy's No. 7 shaft in a southerly direction, between the fifty-eighth and seventy-first, in order to open up its own property. During the past ten years Quincy had added materially to the life of its mine through various acquisitions

Negaunee Department

MINERS IN NORWAY TELL OF THEIR WORK

Negaunee Men Say Since Americans Took Over Work Shaft Has Been Sunk Rapidly.

The Negaunee men employed by the E. J. Longyear company at the Orkla Mining company's shaft near Trondheim, Norway, have written friends here describing their work. The first blast was set off in the shaft August 4. The miners arrived in Norway July 15, but much time was required to put the mine in proper shape and to install machinery. Ten drilling machines are used in the sinking work. The first five days the shaft advanced over thirty-nine feet. If this rate can be maintained the sinking will be completed in about twelve months. The men expect to receive a cash bonus each month during the progress of the sinking. Their contracts provide for a bonus for each additional thirty-foot sink of six to five feet a month. Each month that one hundred or more feet is sunk the men will be given a present with the cash bonus. This month the miners will be presented with a Victrola and one hundred records for their club rooms, if they reach the one hundred-foot mark. The company equipped the club rooms, which include reading and writing rooms, American papers and magazines are in the library. Although the Michigan men agreed to work seven days a week before leaving here, the laws of Norway prohibit Sunday work. Five Negaunee men who work on the landing of one shift spend much time in Trondheim and other towns. They are becoming well acquainted with the townspeople and are learning the Norwegian language. A few days after landing in Norway, while in a small town enroute to the mine, the entire party walked into a small store. When the clerks saw them coming they took fright and ran out the back door. Two of the party had bedecked themselves in Indian costumes. The Orkla shaft is situated near the top of a mountain. There is snow on some of the nearby peaks the year round.

Norwegian Methods Antiquated.

It was necessary to put in two drifts at the bottom of the shaft, which had been sunk about one hundred feet by foreign contractors. It also was necessary to timber the shaft before the sinking could be started. It took nearly a year for the Norwegian miners to sink the one hundred feet. Until the Longyear company took up the work shovels were not used by the miners. A hoe was used by the man with two handles on it were used. The dirt was scraped onto the pan with the hoe and the pan was hoisted to surface by ineffective old electric hoists. The hoists were equipped with wooden drums by which the shaft was hoisted. Clothing and other necessities are sold in Norway at about the same price as in America, but all grades of tobacco are sold at about three times the cost here.

WORKING THREE SHIFTS.

Work at the Breitung company's Mary Charlotte and Breitung No. 2 mines was put on a three-shift basis yesterday. Each shift to be of eight hours. Two shifts daily had been in vogue the last several weeks. Four hundred men will be employed under the new arrangement. The first shift will start at seven in the morning and will continue until 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The second shift will end at 11 o'clock at night, and the third at seven in the morning. Three shifts have been worked at the Breitung No. 1 mine for several weeks.

LEAF POUNDED HARD.

Hilmer Leaf, Negaunee baseball pitcher, in the box Sunday for the Rapid River nine, was unable to stop the Escanaba sluggers, and Rapid River was shut out, 0 to 5. Leaf was touched for eleven hits, while Krause, for Escanaba, allowed Rapid River only three. Valmer Heinonen played second base for Rapid River and made two of the three hits off the Escanaba twirler. Leaf and Heinonen each made an error. Leaf struck out four batters.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Henry Thele is ill at his home on Brown avenue.
Joseph Barale was a business visitor yesterday at Marquette.
Miss Ruth Stevens is visiting with friends at Iron Mountain.
Peter F. Barasa has returned from a business visit at Iron Mountain.
Frank Peterson is building a house at his farm on the Goose lake road.
Ed. J. Pearce left last evening for Duluth to spend a few days on business.
Fred R. Kluwin, of Oshkosh, is spending a few days in the city on business.
Michael Kelly attended the funeral of Miss Agnes Green at Marquette yesterday.
Miss Katherine Crane has returned from an extended visit with friends at Stambaugh.
The interior of the Independent Lumber & Coal company's office has been redecorated.
Harry Lee arrived home yesterday from a two weeks' boat trip to Detroit and Buffalo.
Miss Anna Kirschner is here from Chicago on a visit with her sister, Mrs. Thomas Connors.
Mrs. Louis Corbitt arrived in Negaunee yesterday morning, after a few days' visit at Chicago.
Mrs. Henry Rasmussen and her niece, Miss White, of Chicago, visited yesterday with friends at Gwinn.
Mr. and Mrs. Otto Greenhagen, of Oshkosh, Wis., are visiting Mrs. Thomas Williamson and family.
William Roy, who was arrested Monday at Sault by Marshal Newcombe, paid a fine yesterday in Judge I. H. Ar-

Keep Up With the Times and Down With the Fire Insurance

All we want now is \$7 per \$1,000, for three years, in Marquette, Ishpeming and Negaunee.
Call or write.
THE NEGAUNEE NATIONAL INSURANCE AGENCY
C. MEILLEUR, Manager.

Big Reduction SALE

10% Discount on all Drugs, Proprietary Medicines, Cigars, Liquors, Toilet Preparations, Sundries and Stationery.
Fennia Prescription Pharmacy
AUG. SUTINEN, Prop.
Negaunee, Mich.

Cut Flowers

ASTERS All Colors
SWEET PEAS All Colors
SMILAX
GLADIOLUS
Potted Plants Palms and Ferns
We are especially equipped to handle out-of-town business. Mail and telephone orders given prompt attention.
Phone 80
Negaunee Greenhouses
Negaunee, Mich.

Farm Machinery

J. N. IKKELA
Local agent for Deering mowers, Rakes, Loaders, Road Building Machines, Gasoline Engines—Thrashing Machinery and Feed Grinders of all descriptions.
Osborne Cultivators. A complete line always in stock. Every implement guaranteed.
J. N. IKKELA
GENERAL BLACKSMITH.
Marquette Street.
NEGAUNEE

Style Tendencies in Fall Suits

WOMEN who wonder what the styles of the new suits will be, will be keenly interested in this, our first showing of advance styles for fall and winter. It is a bit early—because we wanted you to see what the fashions would be, as soon as they were assured.
This is one of the most charming collections it has ever been our good luck to show—suits that will please the most fastidious taste, that will appeal to the better judgment of every woman. Styles that are artistic, well made, original, practical—many following the new mode for convertible collars. Free, adaptable lines—and so many novel features in design that we cannot tell of them here.
Come now, while the showing is at its best.

LEVINE BROTHERS

DOUBLE TRADING STAMPS FRIDAY.



PROMINENT MEN TO GIVE TALKS

Program Given Out for Upper Peninsula Educational Association and the Michigan State Teachers' Institute to Be Held in Marquette Oct. 6, 7, and 8.

Frank B. Willis, Governor of Ohio, to Be One of Speakers—Students' Reunion and Dedication of Central Building at Normal to Take Place at Same Time

The program for the meeting of the Upper Peninsula Educational Association and the Michigan State Teachers' Institute at the Northern State Normal Oct. 6, 7 and 8 was yesterday given out for publication by the secretary of the association, J. E. Lantner.

Among the speakers of national reputation who will be in Marquette for the convention are Frank B. Willis, governor of Ohio, who was professor of history and economics and later professor of law at the Ohio Northern University before becoming chief executive. Like Governor Ferris, he is a "schoolmaster-governor." He is well known as a teacher, a congressman, a governor, and an orator of unusual ability. Dr. Winslow of the Journal of Education characterizes him in the laudatory but forceful expression, "positively great."

Is Fighting Illiteracy.

Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, president of the illiteracy commission of Kentucky, is at the head of the movement to free Kentucky of illiteracy. "No illiteracy in Kentucky in 1920" is the motto.

Dr. H. W. Shryock, president of the Southern Illinois State Normal university, has been recalled to the upper peninsula because of his ability as an educator and a lecturer.

Professor Osbourne McConathy is director of the department of public school music in Northwestern university. He was for ten years supervisor of music in Louisville, Ky. He is superintendent of the Eastern School of the American Institute of Normal Methods and director of the children's chorus at the North Shore Festival, held each year in Evanston, the largest festival association in the west. Under his direction the Chelsea High school was the first in the country to introduce accredited courses in music upon the same basis as the other high school subjects.

As a lecturer and as an author, Mr. McConathy has a national reputation. He has attained prominence in the fields of applied psychology and practical pedagogy, and has written a number of widely-used school music books.

Famous Woman Coming.

Charlotte Perkins Gilman has been a marked figure in the field of social progress and reform since 1890, when her famous evolutionary poem, "Similar Cases," attracted attention. When her first book, a volume of verse, "In This Our World," appeared in 1899, she had already won a reputation as a lecturer and magazine writer; and the publication of "Women and Economics," later in the same year, placed her definitely as one of the leaders of modern thought along sociological and economic lines. "The work is today used as a text-book in many schools and colleges, and has been translated into German, Dutch, Italian, Russian, Hungarian and Japanese. The New York Times said about her book entitled, "Concerning Children": "Wanted: A philanthropist to give a copy to every English speaking parent."

At the international congress in London, in Berlin, and in Budapest, she was one of the most prominent speakers on a program embracing the names of some of the most famous women of the world.

Authority on Rural Schools.

Dr. Ernest Burnham has been in charge of the department of rural schools at the Western Normal, Kalamazoo, since the organization of the school. He frequently appears as one of the speakers at state educational associations and was Normal schools of the National Educational association which met at Oakland, California, last August.

Charles H. Judd is director of the School of Education and professor and head of the department of education at the University of Chicago. He is recognized as one of the foremost authorities on psychology and educational philosophy in the middle west. He is much sought as a lecturer on pedagogical problems as well as on practical school problems. For a number of years his name has figured prominently on the programs of the most important educational meetings held in the United States. His opinions on school problems are held in high esteem by the leading members of the teaching profession.

Dedication of Normal School.

The dedication of the central building of the Normal school will be one of the important events in connection with the association meeting and will take place Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 6. The program will begin at 3 o'clock and will include speakers of national reputation. Final arrangements for the dedication have not yet been made.

The first grand reunion of the N. S. N. students will be held on Thursday evening, Oct. 7. The alumni dinner will be served in the gymnasium of the new building at 6 p. m. Tickets at fifty cents a plate may be secured by writing Professor Gilbert L. Brown.

There will be exhibits of sewing and drawing from the schools of the upper peninsula, the purpose being to show the aim and scope of the work of the schools and by so doing to elevate the ideals and broaden the views of the individual teacher. An effort is being made to secure a traveling exhibit of art from southern Michigan.

Rural School Section.

A special rural section has been added this year. "Progress in Rural Education" will be discussed by prominent rural school specialists. The rural school is beginning to receive a long-deserved attention. Much of the educational progress of the immediate future, it is said, will be made in rural education.

Following is a list of the speakers in the section meetings:

Harry R. Bastone, teacher of chemistry, Calumet.

E. A. Bumgarner, director of manual training, Negaunee.

Eloise Marcey, supervisor of drawing, Menominee.

W. B. McClintock, instructor in manual training, Northern State Normal.

W. H. Moulton, head of the sociological department of the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company.

Nellie A. Moran, supervisor of penmanship, Norway.

Mildred Osborne, principal of the Hawthorne school, Calumet.

Jennie C. Owens, teacher of geography, Lake Linden.

Mrs. Alton True Roberts, president of Woman's Welfare League, Marquette.

Isabel Schell, supervisor of drawing, Sault Ste. Marie.

J. L. Silvernale, superintendent of schools, Menominee.

Lillian E. Swan, supervisor of drawing, Northern State Normal school, Marquette.

Mrs. E. R. Timberlake, commercial teacher, Marquette.

A. D. West, director of manual training, Menominee.

C. C. Wiggins, supervisor of penmanship, Northern State Normal, Marquette.

Homer P. Yutzey, director of manual training, Ishpeming.

Dr. Henry Mazzallo, formerly of Columbia University, was to have been one of the speakers at the association. Owing to the fact that he was chosen president of the University of Washington, he was obliged to cancel his engagement.

Program of General Meetings.

Following is a program of the general meetings, all of which will be held at the Normal school:

—Wednesday Evening, 8:15—Solo, (a) "Mein Glaubiges Herze," Bach; (b) "To You, Dear Heart," T. M. Class; (c) "Come to the Garden of Love," M. T. Satta—Miss Winifred Tucker. Address—Hon. Frank B. Willis. Music—Northern State Normal School male quartet.

—Thursday Morning, 8:30—Music—Training School of the Northern State Normal under the direction of Miss Ethel Hamby, instructor in music in Northern State Normal. Address, "Teaching Students How to Study"—Dr. Charles H. Judd. Music—Normal semi-chorus under the direction of Miss Sophia Linton. Address, "Moonlight Schools"—Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart.

—Thursday Evening, 8:15—Solo—Miss Sophia Linton, supervisor of music, Northern State Normal, Marquette. Address, "Our Brains and What Ails Them"—Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman. Following the address a reception will be given in the gymnasium.

—Friday Morning, 8:30—Business meeting. Music—Marquette High school chorus under the direction of Miss Norma Ross, supervisor of music in the public schools of Marquette. Address, "The Obligation of the Individual to Society"—Dr. H. W. Shryock. Music—Normal semi-chorus under the direction of Miss Sophia Linton. Address, "Public School Music a Fad or an Essential"—Osbourne McConathy.

Informal Conferences.

Informal conferences will be held from 4 to 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon, Oct. 7, in the rooms of the instructors, for the purpose of giving teachers a chance to discuss the teaching of special subjects. The following members of the Northern State Normal faculty will preside:

English—Flora E. Hill. French and German—J. E. Lantner. History—Catherine E. Maxwell. Latin—E. M. Parker. Mathematics—C. C. Spooner. Science—S. D. Mager. Penmanship—C. C. Wiggins will conduct a class in penmanship.

Art—Grace E. Spalding. The discussion will be confined to the exhibit of drawing. Domestic Art—Miss Margaret Downey, Calumet.

Section Meetings.

The program for the section meetings follows:

—Thursday, 1:15-2:35—Commercial—T. W. DeHaven, chairman. "The Commercial Teachers' Qualifications and Certificates," C. C. Wiggins; "Correlation of Penmanship Practice, Shortland and Drawing," Nellie A. Moran; "The Importance of Business English," Mrs. E. R. Timberlake; "The Utility of Commercial Geography," Jennie C. Owens.

Domestic Science—Margaret Downey, chairman. "A Little Sunshine in the Home," Mrs. Alton True Roberts; "The Course in Household Chemistry," Harry R. Bastone; "The Relation of Domestic Science to the Industrial Man," W. H. Moulton.

Grammar—Julia Shea, chairman. Reading, H. W. Shryock. Music—Ethel Hamby, chairman. "Psychology and Public School Music," Osbourne McConathy.

School Boards and Commissioners—Wm. P. Belden, chairman. "The Wider Province of the School Board," Cora Wilson Stewart.

—Thursday, 2:45-4:00—Art—Anna McDugall, chairman; Lillian Swan, assistant chairman. "American Crayon Co. Prizes," Mildred Osborne; "Lettering," Isabel Schell; "The Drawing Outline," Eloise Marcey; question box conducted by Lillian Swan. High School—L. A. Chase, chairman. "Psychology of High School Subjects," Dr. Charles H. Judd; "Supervised Study in the High School," J. L. Silvernale. Kindergarten Primary—Lucile Wallace, chairman. "The Beginning of the Language Arts," H. W. Shryock. Manual Training—Henry J. Schaefer, chairman. "Manual Arts Work in the Marquette Schools," W. B. McClintock; "Manual Training in the Menominee Districts," A. D. West; "Bricklaying in the Ishpeming Schools," Homer P. Yutzey; "Equipping a Manual Training School," E. A. Bumgarner. Rural School—John F. Mason, chairman. "Progress in Rural Education," Ernest Burnham.

WILL PAY NICKELS ON LEAVING CARS

Fare Boxes Will Assist Conductor in the Collection of the Fares.

A "pay-as-you-leave" will replace the "pay-as-you-enter" system of collecting nickels from the public on the trolley cars of the Marquette City & Presque Isle Railway company in the future, beginning Thursday.

Charles Retallic, manager of the company, said yesterday that the new plan has been tried in Cleveland and elsewhere and has been found to be much the better of the two. Its particular advantage in Marquette will be to increase the efficiency in handling the traffic down town. It is believed that passengers will especially appreciate the elimination of delay in boarding the cars in rainy weather.

Another innovation to be seen on the cars for the first time will be fare boxes which will make it unnecessary for the conductor to handle any money except to make change. The fare boxes will have forged openings through which a money or ticket will drop on a plate so that the conductor may determine their genuineness. They will be placed on the left of the door going out and it is expected that customers will all have their change ready when the time for the exit arrives.

The "pay-as-you-enter" system was begun in Marquette on January 1, 1915, and has been entirely successful except for the disadvantage of waiting on the street corners until some delinquent person found his fare and boarded the car.

Windows to Be Barred.

In carrying out its "safety first" ideas, the street railway has put bars on all the windows so that children may not fall out or get their hands or heads injured. The cars of the copper country have had the bars for many years.

BOY SCOUTS ASSIST IN RESCUE OF MEN

Troops Return from Annual Encampment Held at Little Presque Isle.

The Boy Scouts of the city arrived home Monday from the annual camp at Little Presque Isle with a story of a struggle which Earl Ross and Roy Williams had in the waves of Lake Superior when their boat was overturned in a storm on Monday, Aug. 16. A group of the Boy Scouts and a number of girls from a camping party watched their fight and it was feared for a time that they would not reach shore.

When the boat was overturned, Ross and Williams were about 125 feet from shore. William swam in and Ross attempted to stay on the boat. Carl Tauch, a senior patrol leader, waded out and handed an oar to Williams and together they made their way ashore. Williams was delirious and insisted on going to the assistance of Ross, but he was physically exhausted and was forcibly detained.

Ross left the boat when it was about fifty feet from shore and Tauch, the tallest and strongest of the boys, waded out toward him. Harvey Rose followed with a life preserver which was given Ross, who was assisted ashore exhausted. Scouts who administered stimulants and chaffed and rubbed the swimmers, L. Ruggles and A. Everson got the boat off the rocks and saved it from being wrecked. The details of the narrative have been confirmed by Ross and Williams and the boys who assisted in the rescue.

Forty Scouts Attend Camp.

Forty Boy Scouts attended the annual encampment at Little Presque Isle this year, which was the best ever held by the Marquette troops. The boys walked both ways and their luggage, tents, and equipment were carried in boats owned by members of the troops. Ten tents were set up at Little Presque Isle and army discipline and methods of work were maintained. One troop had canvas cots and the other had cots made of balsam and fir.

A wireless station was one of the features of this year's camp. Increased efficiency in Boy Scout activities is reported by the scout master, Perry B. Hatch. Some of the Scouts have become adept swimmers at the camp, an excellent swimming pool being located nearby.

WHEELSMAN FALLS DEAD.

Robert De Long's Body is Sought by Life Savers for Hour and Quarter.

Robert De Long, aged sixty, a wheelman on the steamer Luzon, died from heart failure at about 5:45 o'clock yesterday morning and fell into the water at the South Shore dock, where the steamer was loading ore.

Captain H. J. Cleary and his life saving crew dragged the water for an hour and a quarter before the body was found. De Long has a wife and family in Chicago and the body was shipped there yesterday afternoon by express after being prepared in Hager Bros' undertaking rooms.

The jury, which was composed of J. E. Cornell, H. E. Handford, William Garange, H. G. McIntosh, W. A. Ross and Robert Hume, gave a verdict of death by falling in the water because of heart failure.

De Long had been talking to the mate just before he died and had complained of a pain in the heart. The mate walked aft, but immediately afterward he heard a splash and saw De Long in the water. He lay in the water and made no effort to grasp the line thrown him, the act convincing the jury that death came before falling into the water. De Long carried insurance papers and his captain's papers.

P. W. Brown left last night for Chicago, on business.

FIELD DAY EVENTS AT PLAYGROUND THURSDAY

Program Will Include Folk Dances as Well as Athletic Events.

Every boy in the city is invited to take part in the games and races at the Washington park playground Thursday, when the field day events will be run off. Among the events of the morning will be playground ball, long ball, volley ball, basketball and ring games. The work of the construction department will be exhibited in the afternoon. The usual program of games, races, folk dances, and story hour will be given for the benefit of the fathers and mothers. The following athletic events will begin at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon:

—Junior Girls—Forty yard dash, free throw basketball, thirty yard rope skip, base ball throw.

—Junior Boys—Sixty yard dash, base ball throw, ladder climb, standing broad jump, pullup on horizontal.

—Intermediate Girls—Sixty yard dash, standing broad jump, basketball free throw, forty yard rope skip, base ball throw.

—Intermediate Boys—Sixty yard dash, ladder climb, rim broad jump, pullup horizontal, base ball throw.

WELFARE CLUB HAS BEGUN HUMANE WORK

First Appearance Before City Commission Marks Entrance Into New Field.

The net of the committee on humane work of the city, the Welfare club in expounding the cause of the teamsters of Marquette and their horses before the city commission Monday evening was the first appearance of the organization before that body and marked its entrance into a field of endeavor corresponding to the work of the S. P. C. A. in other cities.

Investigations into reported acts of inhumanity have been carried on for some time by the committee, but sufficient evidence had not been gathered to make a strong case. Monday evening, however, the women had not only evidence enough to make a strong case but they were supported by able speakers. The teamsters of the city, who had interested the club in their cause, were represented by a half dozen men.

The most effective speaker of the delegation, however, was F. B. Spear Jr., of F. B. Spear & Sons, who suggested to the commission a method of treating the streets between Washington and Bluff so that horses would be able to haul loads up and down the hills with safety.

The petition of the club was, in effect, that the committee on humane work of the city should make a strong case for the department of public works for investigation and report on the question of treating one of the present streets or building a special team road through one of the blocks between Washington and Bluff.

Dr. Deadman, F. B. Spear Jr. and others agreed in placing the blame for the slippery streets on the far binding used by the department. This binding has been successful as far as making the street solid and lasting is concerned, but it is said the horses suffer because they are unable to secure a footing.

Dr. Deadman said that recently he has often been called to attend to horses whose legs have been injured by falls on the streets. There was no such trot-

As a Semi-Public Institution—

bearing no small responsibility for the welfare of business and private interests of the City—

The First National Bank of Marquette, in return for the confidence reposed in it, stands always ready to render a broad and liberal service.

It places its facilities and resources in helpful relation to the affairs of all who will appropriate them to their use.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Designated United States Depository

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$250,000.00

Send for our booklet, "MODERN BANKING," which fully explains our system of Banking by Mail.



NORTHERN STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

Fall Term opens September 27, 1915

New Buildings — New Equipment

The Northern State Normal offers a three years' Life Certificate and Diploma Course for graduates of high schools. It offers regular courses leading to the Graded School Certificate and Rural School Certificate.

The school also offers courses for training teachers for special work in Kindergarten, Music, Drawing, Nature Study and Domestic Science.

It has exceptionally strong corps of instructors who are specialists in their departments, and its training school gives an excellent opportunity for the training of teachers.

There is an excellent dormitory in connection, which makes an ideal home for students. Its expenses are moderate. Students who finish the Life Certificate Course are granted fifty-six hours credit at the University of Michigan.

For information or catalogue write to

DORIS I. BOWRON, Secretary. JAMES H. KAYE, President.

he with the horses before the binder was put on the streets, he said.

An increase in the charges made for teaming was the possibility Mr. Spear presented to the commission unless some better footing is provided for the horses on the hills. A few years ago the cost of teaming was \$3.75 and \$4, whereas the cost of teaming now is \$5 a day. This increase, he said, is due partly to the increased cost of feed, but a readjustment of the rates is likely if the life of a horse is shortened and his efficiency decreased by the difficulty experienced in climbing the hills between Washington and Bluff.

The trouble, he said, is due partly to the binding for the top dressing and also to the excessive crowding of the streets. He recommended the use of coarser stone. Cedar block would wear out quickly, he said, and paving block would be shipped.

The average load carried in the Spear wagons is one and a half tons. Front street is the logical thoroughfare for the

had because the grade grows steeper farther west. But when the teams are forced to leave the rut near the street car tracks, they are often unable to continue the ascent and must turn back and attempt one of the streets farther west.

A treat to the whole family at every meal is DANISH PRIZE MILK.

Mrs. Thompson McCleary, of Grand Forks, N. D., who has been visiting Mrs. Thomas Kane, Crescent street, has left for her home, who will visit at Duluth and Virginia, Minn., on her way there.

HAIR CUTTING, 25 CENTS. Children's hair bobbing a specialty. Sanitary baths, 15 cents. Thos. Broxton, proprietor, First National Bank building. 8-23-6t.

THE PITTSBURGH & LAKE ANGELINE IRON CO.

WILL OFFER AT PUBLIC SALE

On the 15th Day of September, 1915

at 10 o'clock a. m., in front of its office in the city of Ishpeming, Marquette county, Michigan, ALL of its property, real, personal or mixed, in the state of Michigan, as follows:

City of Ishpeming, Marquette County

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, Section 15, and the surface right to a lot containing 1.77 acres, more or less, on which are located the mine office, barn, machine shop, carpenter shop and one dwelling house.

Lands in Tilden Township, Marquette County

W 1/2 of SE 1/4, Sec. 21, T. 47 N., R. 27 W. NW 1/4 of NE 1/4, Sec. 28, T. 47 N., R. 27 W. S 1/2 of NE 1/4, Sec. 28, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.

Land in Spurr Township, Baraga County

SW 1/4 of NE 1/4, Sec. 26, T. 48 N., R. 31 W.

Lands in Champlon Township, Marquette County

SW 1/4, Sec. 36, T. 48 N., R. 29 W. N 1/2 of SE 1/4, Sec. 36, T. 48 N., R. 29 W.

Lands in Forsyth Township, Marquette County

Lots 2 and 3, Sec. 5, T. 45 N., R. 24 W. SW 1/4 of NW 1/4, Sec. 5, T. 45 N., R. 24 W. W 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 5, T. 45 N., R. 24 W.

Land in Ely Township, Marquette County

N 1/2 of NW 1/4, Sec. 12, T. 47 N., R. 28 W.

Land in Humboldt Township, Marquette County

SE 1/4 of SE 1/4, Sec. 10, T. 47 N., R. 29 W.

All personal property on hand at the day of sale.

For circular covering details or for further information apply to W. G. Pollock, Secretary and Treasurer, 206 Western Reserve Building, Cleveland, Ohio, or to Thomas Walters, Ishpeming, Michigan. Dated August 10th, 1915. (8-11-4t)

Opening for Factoryman

Marquette has an opening for a live factory man, or a wholesale man. A new business block, 25 by 100 feet, is available. Is in best location, with railroad at rear door. Field for business, with large adjacent territory, is excellent. Lake and rail shipping facilities are the best. Two firms manufacturing shoes and gloves and which want to put in their samples and stock need a live business man to influence a big house to carry the goods. Rent very reasonable. Willing to assist in any way. Address:

M. F. GOLDBERG,

MARQUETTE, MICH.

NEW SANITARY MEAT MARKET

Will give you QUALITY, CLEANLINESS, MODERATE PRICES and QUICK SERVICE

SPECIALS TODAY

Chicken18c
Pork Steak16c
Pork Chops18c

Home-Made Corned Beef and Pickled Pork

Home-made Sausages of all kinds, made without cereals.

Home-made kettle-rendered Lard.

PHONE 587 Bureau Bros.

We deliver to any part of the city.

NUMBER BR TO

Heavy liev Cor Bel Mal

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe

London, A ward Gent tonight sent to a spe reichstag in mann-Holwe