

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 9250.

MARQUETTE, MICH., TUESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1915.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

VENIZELOS WINS BIG MAJORITY IN GREEK CHAMBER

War Minister at Athens, Who, Heretofore, Has Favored Intervention on Side of Allies, Obtains Control of Legislative Body Gouranis' Cabinet Quits

In Eastern Theater of War Germans Succeed in Driving Slight Wedge in Russian Line, Left Wing of Bavarian Army Having Gained Other Bank of Bug

London, Aug. 16, 10:46 p. m.—The left wing of the Bavarian army under Prince Leopold has fought its way across the Bug river near Drohiczyn, which lies to the east of Sokolov, and now is some fifty miles northwest of Brest-Litovsk, according to the official Berlin report. This move forms a slight wedge in the Russian front, which had been virtually straight since the Warsaw salient was abandoned.

Field Marshal von Mackensen also is reported to be pushing the Russians back along the Bug, where the Germans are advancing along the eastern bank of that river. Farther west Field Marshal von Hindenburg is credited with a successful attack on the advanced defenses of Kovno, as well as a successful attempt to break the Russian lines between the Narva and the Bug after the Narva river had been crossed by the Germans.

Petrograd again asserts that the Russians in Courland have driven back the Germans and also repulsed German counter offensive movements.

Artillery engagements are the rule generally on the Austro-Italian front and the Gallipoli peninsula. The Turks declare that they have repulsed an allied attack on the Gallipoli peninsula north of Ari Burnu and recaptured from the Russians in Asiatic Turkey the town of Van.

Both Vienna and Rome report progress for their respective armies.

BALKANS OF CHIEF INTEREST.

These formed the most critical military movements of the day, but they attract less attention here than the diplomatic negotiations in the Balkans, where the crisis has not yet been reached. The most significant phase of today's news concerning the Near East situation was contained in a brief dispatch from Athens stating that former Premier Venizelos had won a decisive victory over the government in the organization of the Greek chamber of deputies.

The withdrawal of the Bulgarian delegates from Constantinople caused much speculation here, the consensus of opinion being that Turkey is so confident of her present position that she does not feel under any compulsion to make concessions to Bulgaria's desires.

The new chamber selected, by a big majority, M. Zervanos, an adherent of M. Venizelos, for its presiding officer, and the cabinet of M. Goumaris has resigned. The meagre announcement of the changed political conditions in Greece contained no information as to how Venizelos now stands as regards his country's position in the war. The correspondent in Athens of a Berlin newspaper asserts, however, that Venizelos still believes that the interests of Greece lie on the side of the entente allies, but that it is not yet time for her to join them actively.

IN THE OTHER WAR ZONES.

The usual grenade and mine fighting is reported on the western line.

There has been some activity along minor fronts in the Caucasus, where the Russians claim that they have successfully repulsed Turkish attacks.

BULGARIA NEEDS AMMUNITION?

London, Aug. 17, 3:22 a. m.—The key to the Balkan situation may lie in a shortage of ammunition in Bulgaria, suggests the Daily Mail today in an article which deals with "Germany's anxiety to ship ammunition to the country."

The Daily Mail cites the alleged statement of the German military attaché at Bucharest, who, pleading with Roumania to allow munitions to pass through that country, declared that these were not intended for Turkey, but destined for Bulgaria, which was neutral.

Roumania, the article continues, replied that she had no guarantees that the munitions would not reach Turkey and that while Germany apparently was able to spare munitions to Bulgaria,

she was unable to send to Roumania the stores Roumania purchased. The conclusion of the Daily Mail is that Bulgaria has depleted her arsenals in favor of some other power and now finds it necessary to replenish them.

ADVANCE BARRED STEADILY.

Rotterdam, via London, Aug. 17, 2:54 a. m.—No point is yielded by the Russians to the advancing Germans until railway bridges and everything else of military value has been destroyed, according to German reports received here. The Cologne Gazette admits the difficulties confronting the invaders and says: "Only by fabulous exertions have we been able to carry supplies for our armies over the Vistula."

BRYAN WOULD PLACE ALL 'JINGO' EDITORS AT FRONT IN BATTLE

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 16.—"In case this country is dragged into war I hope all the 'jingo' editors will have the honor of forming the front battle line and will enjoy the privilege of being shot first," said William Jennings Bryan in an address at Independence, Mo., tonight.

Mr. Bryan was challenged by a man in the audience about the friendly attitude of Japan on his assertion that "the United States had no enemies."

"The United States has no enemy in Japan and the man who tries to make her out as one is an enemy to his own country," was the former secretary of state's reply.

GERMANS EXPECTED TO LAND IN FINLAND

Stockholm, Aug. 17, via London, 4:21 a. m.—The Aftenbladet says it has learned that the landing of German troops on the Finnish coast is expected soon. The Russian authorities are said to have given the population full instructions how to act in case of an invasion.

SUBMARINE BOMBARDS THREE BRITISH TOWNS

London, Aug. 16, 8:33 p. m.—Porton, Harrington and White Haven, in Cumberland, Eng., on the Irish sea, were bombarded today by a German submarine, a British official statement tonight announced. Some fires were caused, but the damage was slight and there were no casualties, the statement said.

NORWEGIAN STEAMER SENT TO THE BOTTOM

London, Aug. 16.—The Norwegian steamer Albis has been sunk by a submarine. Her crew was saved.

ALLIES DECIDE TO BAR COTTON AS CONTRABAND

Washington, Aug. 16.—The allies' intention to declare cotton contraband has been communicated officially, but authoritatively, to the state department. The department's advice is that the decision has been reached and the delay in making an announcement is due to the necessity of arranging uniform treatment of the subject by all the allies.

What the effect will be on the American cotton growers is the subject of contention. The allied powers are prepared to argue that it will not be far-reaching. The cotton interests have for some time been alarmed at the prospect and it is known that the state department has been preparing to resist the new move with every means at the command of diplomacy.

LONDON PRESS IS ELATED AT U. S. REPLY TO AUSTRIA

London, Aug. 17, 4:36 a. m.—The American reply to Austria's protest against the shipment of ammunition to the allies has pleased the London press. "Nothing could be more effective," says the Daily Mail, "than the courteous and crisp reminder that Austria, herself, not more than fifteen years ago, was engaged with a clear conscience in the very traffic that under changed circumstances so distresses her."

STAMMERERS' EDUCATOR ATTEMPTS OWN LIFE

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 16.—George Andrew Lewis, head of the Lewis School of Stammerers of this city, shot himself three times today, once in the head and twice in the breast. The physicians said there was practically no hope for his recovery. Despondency over sickness is believed to have been responsible for the shooting.

CONSTITUTION REVISERS KILL BARNES' PROPOSAL

Allany, N. Y., Aug. 16.—The proposal of William Barnes designed to prohibit the legislature from passing any laws granting special privileges, such as the minimum wage or old age pensions to classes, was killed by a vote of 78 to 36 by the constitutional convention tonight.

THINK FARM HAND KNOWS WHERE LOST CHILD IS

Escanaba, Mich., Aug. 16.—William Wenton, aged thirty, a farm hand of Rapid River, was arrested today on suspicion of knowing something of the disappearance of Lowell White, the boy for whom search has been made for several days.

LEO M. FRANK IS TAKEN FROM PENITENTIARY FARM BY BAND OF ARMED MEN

Milledgeville, Ga., Aug. 16.—Leo M. Frank, Georgia's noted life-term convict, was removed from the Georgia prison farm here tonight by twenty-three armed men, who overpowered Warden Smith.

Previous to the attack wires leading to the prison itself had been cut. Frank was placed in an automobile and rushed in the direction of Eaton.

It has not been ascertained whether Frank was lynched or whether the party that removed him from the prison were his friends.

AMERICAN CASH NOW IS SUPREME ALL OVER WORLD

British Pounds Sterling, Formerly the Standard of Finance, Drop Over 4 Per Cent on New York Market—Other Exchange Falls to New Depths in Decline

Francs and Lires, Too, Figure in Sensational Panic on Street—Foreign Buyers, Not Manufacturers, Must Bear Losses, However—Planning Readjustment

New York, Aug. 16.—The American dollar ruled the financial world today with an iron grip. Pounds sterling, francs, lires—virtually all foreign exchange—went down to new depths in a torrent of bills that poured into the exchange markets from American manufacturers seeking payment for the big war contracts of munitions and other supplies purchased here by the warring nations of Europe.

Coincident with the startling decline in exchange rates came the assertion from an unimpeachable source that every contract made by the American manufacturers for supplies sent abroad called for payment in American dollars and not English pounds sterling, which heretofore have been the standard of finance the world over. The immense losses, therefore, due to the decline in foreign exchange rates will be borne to the last penny by the foreign buyers and will not be sustained by the American manufacturers—a situation exactly the opposite of what had heretofore been the popular belief.

ALL FOREIGN VALUES DROP.

The maximum depreciation today in pounds sterling was 4 1/2 per cent below normal; in francs, 19 per cent below normal; in Italian lires, 25 per cent. In the money markets today the pound sold for only \$4.64; 6.02 francs equalled a dollar and a dollar purchased 6.48 lires. These were the quotations while rates were at the lowest ebb. In the last hour of the business day the presence in Wall street of J. P. Morgan for the first time since the attack on his life six weeks ago and an informal conference of bankers to consider the exchange situation, sent rates upward.

MANY REMEDIES SUGGESTED.

How the money market could be set right again was the object of keen speculation. It was generally believed that the present abnormal situation would not be permitted to continue long. The obvious remedy seemed to be to sell American securities held abroad and when this contingency was studied the situation seemed to be pregnant with unique possibilities. A great many millions in American securities, payable, of course, in dollars, when due are held abroad. Should the securities be sold at the present exchange rates in foreign markets, they would fetch far more than the purchasers paid for them, due entirely to the depression of exchange. Thus a \$10,000 American bond sold in Paris at par would, on account of the prevailing exchange rate, bring approximately 6,000 francs. When purchased at a par a year ago it cost the purchaser approximately 5,050 francs. The net profit would be about 950 francs, or about 19 per cent, the percentage of depression in francs in American exchange markets. In London the profit would be approximately 4 1/2 per cent and in Rome the profit would approximate 25 per cent.

PROFITS A BIG INDUCEMENT.

With these prospective profits as an inducement, it was believed that holders abroad would be willing to sell and that foreign buyers of American goods would have little difficulty in procuring a large amount of American securities abroad as collateral for a temporary loan in

this country, which would tend to steady current exchange rates. The establishment here of a big foreign credit, estimated conservatively at \$500,000,000, was thought to be absolutely necessary if exchange rates were to be restored to anything like normal.

DOLLARS STANDARD RECENTLY.

The assertion that dollars and not pounds sterling had been the financial standard on which all contracts for which war supplies had been accepted in this country came as a distinct surprise. Aside from making the temporary passing of London's control of the world's treasure chest, it relieved anxiety on behalf of investors in so-called war specialties in the stock market, who were confronted with the prospect of a large shrinkage in prospective profits, due to prevailing low rates of exchange.

Measured in dollars and cents it was learned that the amount of these war contracts on which full or nearly full payments would be due on or before Oct. 1, next, approximates \$100,000,000 to \$500,000,000. This is in addition to the huge total of more than \$1,000,000,000 owed by Europe to the United States at the close of the fiscal year June 30.

BRITISH MAY ISSUE BONDS.

London, Aug. 16, 4:40 p. m.—A strong effort is being made in important financial quarters to have the government issue a large amount of short-term high rate bonds to be placed on the American market as a means of relieving the present low rate of British exchange.

George Clare, head of a leading exchange house, told an Associated Press representative that, in his opinion, an issue of short-time bonds at an attractive rate for the New York market was the best solution of the situation and he believed it would have to be adopted. Mr. Clare pointed out that the remedy found in selling American securities held here had been practically exhausted.

"The best course now," he said, "is one I understand is under consideration. It calls for the issue of a foreign loan, principally in New York, at such a rate as to be attractive to American bankers and investors. Probably 5 per cent, two-year bills, free from income tax, would appeal strongly to big American investing concerns."

WOMAN SAYS PARAMOUR IS 'JACK-THE-RIPPER'

Arrested for Drunkenness, Grace Elliott Tells Baltimore Police Sordid Story of Murders.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 16.—Grace Elliott, looked up on a charge of being drunk, this afternoon related to Police Captain John J. Santry, a story, that, if true, will clear up the "ripper" murders in New York city last spring. She asserts that Edward Jones, believed by the police to be Arthur's rascal, a half-breed, with whom she had been living for months, killed several children in New York in March by disemboweling them.

The police say they have reason to believe the woman's story is true, although the man Jones, who has been arrested, denies it.

The story was so amazing that at first Captain Santry was inclined to reject it. However, after she had sobbered up today, Captain Santry again talked with her and she told him practically the same story.

"Captain, this has been worrying me for months," she began. "In telling you this I am giving away the man I love. Jones is the man who last March killed two children in New York. He killed the little Cohen girl and the little Murray boy. He is the Jack-the-Ripper and if you don't believe me, investigate my story. Tell the New York police that you have him, and see how quick they will come here after him."

The New York police have been notified.

RIVERS OUTPOINTS YOKUM.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 16.—Joe Rivers, of Los Angeles, was awarded a decision in points over Stanley Yokum, a local lightweight, at the end of a fifteen-round bout here tonight.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Showers Tuesday; Wednesday probably fair.

to batter away buildings farther inland. Tonight's storm, according to bulletins late today, had none of those dangerous elements, because the wind was blowing from the north, stirring only the shallow bay water to play upon the most substantial brick and stone buildings of the city, the downtown business section.

The second great storm to which the city has been subjected was on July 19, 1909, after the sea wall had been built, giving Galveston virtually the same protection it has today. An iron railing and a few bits of concrete were torn away, but otherwise the great barrier was intact.

WIRELESS IS UNAVAILING.

Brownsville, Tex., Aug. 16.—The government wireless station here tonight, after trying without success to raise Galveston or Texas City, received the following report by wireless from Fort Sam Houston at San Antonio:

"Fort Sam Houston has been calling Galveston since 8 o'clock. It also has been calling the transport Buford, at Galveston, but has been unable to raise either of them. Texas City reported at 2 p. m. that he expected his mast to blow down at any time. He also reported he had word that water was going over the causeway at 6 p. m."

STORM WORSE; NO LIVES LOST.

Beaumont, Tex., Aug. 16.—While conditions were bad along the gulf coast and apparently growing worse, no reports of loss of life had reached this city early tonight.

Port Arthur reported a forty-five-mile-an-hour gale. The last news from Sabine was to the effect that there was sixty-five-miles-an-hour wind there.

J. P. Logan, a traveling man of this city, who reached here tonight, stated that he had toured both Sabine and Sabine Pass at 4 o'clock this afternoon and found those places deserted, the inhabitants having gone to Port Arthur and Beaumont. News from Port Arthur, however, was to the effect that while the population of these two towns was about 1,100, not more than six hundred had fled, the others remaining to take their chances with the waves.

A number of boats were at Sabine to bring away those remaining, providing conditions became graver.

Caplin, ROLLIVER, PATTON and BOLIVER, towns between this city and Galveston, were reported under water.

MONARCHY MAY AGAIN BE SET UP TO RULE CHINA

Pekin, Aug. 16.—The project of proclaiming himself emperor is being discussed by Yuan Shih Kai, president of the Chinese republic, with his immediate supporters, and Professor Frank Johnson Goodnow, of Johns Hopkins University, legal adviser to the Chinese government, who is spending the summer in Peking.

Professor Goodnow, who secured the confidence of Yuan Shih Kai by advice given during former critical times, has been consulted on this question since his arrival here a month ago, and it is learned that he approves the project.

PUBLIC MEN CONSIDER PLAN.

The news became public by the deliberate publication in this morning's newspapers of accounts of the formation by several prominent public men of an association for the purpose of discussing whether a monarchy is not the better form of government for China. The article telling of the formation of the society quotes Professor Goodnow as declaring that for China a monarchy is a better form of government than a republic.

It was learned from one of Yuan Shih Kai's immediate supporters that if the project proved feasible, the plan is to establish the monarchy within two years.

The news has created a sensation in Peking.

China became a republic on Feb. 12, 1912, upon the abdication of the emperor, Kuang Su, following the revolution of the previous year. Yuan Shih Kai on Oct. 5, 1913, was elected president for a five-year term.

STEEL COMPANY ASKS THAT MISSOURI-PACIFIC GO INTO RECEIVERSHIP

St. Louis, Aug. 16.—The appointment of receivers for the Missouri Pacific railroad and for the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern—the two lines forming the Missouri-Pacific-iron mountain system, with 7,200 miles of track—was sought in the federal district court here late today. Two distinct receivership suits were brought by the Commonwealth Steel company, a New Jersey corporation. The petitions will be heard by District Judge Dyer Tuesday morning.

The suits are based on claims which the Commonwealth Steel company filed against the two railroads—a claim of \$140,000 against the Missouri Pacific and a claim of \$55,000 against the Iron Mountain. Payment on both claims, it is asserted, has been demanded and refused.

CAVALRYMAN IS KILLED IN FIGHT WITH MEXICANS

Armed Force, Crossing Rio Grande Near Mercedes, Tex., Attacks Outpost at Saenz—Corporal Wilman Meets Death in Sharp Fight—Lieutenant Henry Is Injured

Washington Representatives of General Carranza Believe He Will Flatly Refuse to Consider Pan-American Appeal for Peace—Battleships to Vera Cruz

Brownsville, Tex., Aug. 16.—Armed Mexicans crossed the Rio Grande in force near Mercedes tonight, attacking an outpost of half a dozen cavalrymen at Saenz.

Ranger Lieutenant Rayman at Mercedes telephoned State Adjutant General Hutchings here that Corporal Wilman, of Troop C, Twelfth cavalry, was killed in this fight and Lieutenant Roy O. Henry of the same troop was wounded. Rayman said he understood 270 Mexicans had crossed and that they were coming to attack Mercedes.

WILD STORIES ANGER MEXICANS.

Threats against Americans, made by Mexican soldiers because of exaggerated accounts of Texas raids, were reported here today by Americans arriving from the interior of Mexico. These Americans came part of the way by train and partly by automobile. On the train they were threatened by Mexican soldiers, who apparently had been drinking, they said. The soldiers are reported to have declared that Americans along the border were robbing Mexicans by their necks, dragging them tied to horses and killing them.

The Carranza officers in charge of these soldiers were courteous to the Americans and quieted their troops, saying such reports were not true.

EXPECT CARRANZA TO REFUSE.

Washington, Aug. 16.—General Carranza's representatives in Washington expect him to send an unyielding response to the Pan-American appeal addressed to military and civil leaders of Mexico urging them to join in a peace conference for the restoration of constitutional government. They think he will adhere to the position he took at the time of the Niagara Falls mediation conference last summer, maintaining that intervention by other nations in their affairs is unwelcome to the Mexican people.

BATTLESHIPS TO VERA CRUZ.

Orders finally were dispatched today to the battleships Louisiana and New Hampshire enroute to southern waters to proceed at once to Vera Cruz.

"The battleships have been ordered to Vera Cruz," Secretary Daniels said today, "to replace the gunboats Sacramento and Marietta, which will not return."

TROTTER AND PACER SET NEW WORLD MARKS

Cleveland Track Is Scene of the Most Sensational Exhibition of Horse Racing in Years.

Cleveland, Aug. 16.—Lee Axworthy and William were crowned respectively trotting and pacing kings today, following two of the most sensational match races witnessed by the horse world in years at the North Randall track. Lee Axworthy battled three heats before defeating Peter Volo, while William won his race with Directum I in two straight heats. World's records took the count as the result of the afternoon's exhibition. Both matches were for purses of \$5,000.

In the first heat of the Axworthy-Volo contest, the latter trotted the mile in 2:02, tying the world's stallion mark held by The Harvester and creating a new record for a four-year-old stallion. In the next two heats Axworthy won in 2:03 1/4 and 2:04 1/4, making an average time for a three-heat race of 2:03 1/4, a new world's record.

William, in the first heat of the pace, went around in 1:58 1/2, a new world's record for a five-year-old pacing stallion. His second heat in 2:00 was another record and his combined average time of 1:59 1/2 is a world mark for a five-year-old pacer.

NO WINES FOR CHURCHES UNTIL LAW IS TESTED

Douglas, Ariz., Aug. 16.—Churches which use wines for sacramental purposes will not receive renewed supplies until suit is brought to test the state prohibition law on the point, according to Eugene S. Ives, railroad attorney. Mr. Ives in a letter to H. N. French, representing the Catholic church of the Immaculate Conception here, said that railroads would not accept for shipment alcohol, no matter for what purpose such beverages were intended, until the law had been interpreted.

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL

A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY Mining Journal Company, Limited.

Published daily except on Sundays. Contains Associated Press dispatches, and is especially devoted to the Upper Peninsula interests.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Per year, by mail, \$6.00 Per month, by carrier, 60c

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1915.



PUT NONE BUT AMERICANS ON GUARD.—WASHINGTON.

IF HE LOOKED ABROAD.

If Mr. Barnes allowed his views of the essentials of democracy to be tempered by contemporary experience he might just now find instruction in Europe that would prevent him from glorifying laissez faire into the only rule of action for the great American democracy.

England today furnishes an example of the woes that an extreme application of that rule can bring to a country. Until the advent of Lloyd George as a power in the Liberal government that has been in the saddle the past several years, individualism, or "equality," as Mr. Barnes puts it, was the keynote of all British policy.

As a result, there is no other great country in the world where poverty is so sudden as it is in Great Britain; there is no slum so hopeless as the British slum. In the kingdom have grown up great classes that have been unable to see where they had any real stake in the country. Here lies the explanation of the unpatriotic strikes by which the government has been vexed and the great difficulty that has been encountered in securing the proper support, in the mines and factories, of the men in the field.

It has been somewhat different in France; if it hadn't been the Germans would long ago have occupied Paris and smashed the French armies, and the war would be over for the time, while Germany preparation for "Der Tag" was pressed forward unceasingly. France is a democracy, like Great Britain and this country. But its position with relation to its powerful Teutonic neighbor required of it that it deliberately qualify the extreme theory of democracy so as to assure it possession of the essence of the institution. Conscription is undemocratic, yet France burdened itself with conscription. Had it not done so it would have been overrun before the war was yet two months old. It adopted many other undemocratic expedients to secure its democracy. Had Great Britain done something of the same, with an eye to the social interest of the entire state, Germany might never have been able to take the richest provinces of France.

What is needed in this country is something of what France has done, the evolution of a working compromise between the "equality" of which Mr. Barnes talks—that extreme liberty of the individual to do his best, and likewise his worst, that has left so damnable an impress on Great Britain—and the erection of such an oppressive paternalistic state as Germany has become. Only this will a homogeneous people, united in interests and sound at the national core, be given being. The application, unqualified, of Mr. Barnes' theories to our national life would surely mean ultimate ruin for all the finest possibilities of our democracy.

CONGRESSIONAL LOOT.

Henry M. Hyde, writing in the Chicago Tribune, indicates something of what pork barrel political management of the navy by congress has done to lessen the value of the generous appropriations for naval purposes and thus to aggravate the present issue of "preparedness." What he writes suggests that any comprehensive military program must aim at the development of patriotism in congress so that that body will no longer make the army and navy instruments for working out miserable partisan and personal schemes.

The government now holds for naval purposes 122 tracts of land in different parts of the world. In some instances five or six tracts are held in or near the same city, and are used for as many different purposes. On the Atlantic coast are nine large and expensively equipped navy yards and stations, running from Portsmouth, N. H., on the north to Portsmouth, on the south. "Millions of dollars have been practically wasted in building huge docks at points where the water is not deep enough to permit anything but small

ships to enter." At Charleston, S. C., the navy yard is equipped to dock ships of the type of the Florida and Utah, displacing 22,000 tons, but under ordinary conditions ships of only 6,000 tons can get to the docks. At New Orleans is a floating dock large enough to take vessels of 16,000 tons, "but," the navy department reports, "it is frequently impossible to secure sufficient water to operate the dock at its full capacity."

"Year after year," writes Mr. Hyde, "the best interests of the navy have been more or less sacrificed to the selfishness of congressional politicians who in the process of 'logrolling' have been able to trade votes for extravagant postoffices or ridiculous river improvements in other men's districts for votes for their own pet navy yard. The navy, of course, has had nothing to do but obey orders in the matter."

ANOTHER NOTE.

The note to Austria in which justification of American sales of munitions is offered, in reply to complaints on that score, overlooks no argument bearing on the American case. It is urged that the traffic is warranted by international law and practice, and that it is particularly proper for a country which is singularly dependent on just such traffic if it should happen that it had to confront some great military emergency. No serious attention is given the Austrian suggestion that the extent of the traffic has any bearing on the principle involved. It is made clear that this is something that will have to depend on circumstances over which the government has no control. Austria is permitted to inter-what is clearly the case—that the allies will be able to buy in this market according to their willingness to pay.

It is to be clearly borne in mind that this applies no new standard to traffic in munitions, but merely the same standard that has been applied by both Germany and Austria. The American answer rather effectively points out that sales of munitions by these countries to Great Britain during the Boer war were identical in the surrounding circumstances with our sales to the allies. Then, as now, Great Britain denied the seas to the enemy. Then the Boers were in the position of the Teutonic allies at the present time. They could, if they desired to, purchase munitions in foreign countries, but they could not secure their shipment with any safety. Yet Germany kept on selling to Great Britain, and that, too, after the Kaiser's telegram to Oom Paul left no doubt as to where its sympathies were given.

There could be only one justification for an embargo on munitions by this country, and that would be the establishment by the allies of conditions affecting our commerce that were so intolerable that some reprisal appeared necessary. Under such circumstances it might be resorted to, though it would even then establish a precedent the country might some day regret and would have marked disadvantages in the present. But if such a step were taken it would be for a purely American reason and purpose, and in pursuance of a constructive national policy. Otherwise, we are on sound ground when we continue to sell munitions to all comers in such quantities as they desire to buy. To leave that ground would be so clearly folly that a proposal to do it can only be urged by persons who hold the interests of some other country paramount to those of the United States, or who are hopelessly visionary.

According to the attractive figures presented in support of the proposal to vote \$100,000 of bonds for an auditorium project, all that Marquette needs to make its future bright and the way clear for the taxpayer is to provide itself with a municipal building for convention and amusement purposes. Then, with the electric light and water plants on their present satisfactory basis, there will be, in the vernacular, "nothing to figure the thing out this way in giving the city the first opportunity surely cannot be too much appreciated.

The President is busy with plans for national defense. The opposition he will encounter will be made up in part of Republicans and in part of Democrats. If he is sufficiently emphatic and the plans he submits are good, the support he will be able to command will be made up of Democrats and Republicans. Here's one question where there should be no party lines.

The debate as to where the Germans would go when they were through with Russia is still for the time, as it appears that they still have employment on the eastern front for some weeks to come.

It is an enlightening commentary on the state of our military establishment that if the United States and the A. B.

C governments united in a military program against Mexico—which they won't—the latter could furnish immediately something over twice the number of trained regulars the United States has on the continent.

Britain is taking a poll to learn its available strength in men. Merely an other sign that indicates that rather than take a licking Britain would ultimately resort to conscription.

At Ironwood it is said that it would require \$1,000,000 to provide a municipal water system; at Menominee the estimate is \$250,000. Why this wide range in quotation?

The assertion that postmasters never resigns contradiction in the case of the Escanaba P. M. who has quit with not more than a single year's salary garnered.

Perhaps those Italians at the Hub thought they were emulating the Boston tea party.

STATE PRESS

Germany objects to our shipping arms to England. "Suppose we limit it to wooden legs?"—Saginaw News.

The sun having shown for one solid day, Battle Creek must now admit that there is such an animal.—Battle Creek Moon-Journal.

Roosevelt announces: "Hiram Johnson will be the next president." That makes forty-seven next presidents.—Grand Rapids News.

Having heard absolutely nothing from Captain R. P. Hobson for weeks, we begin to fear that there was something the matter with his water ballast also.—Grand Rapids Press.

In Colorado baseball umpires are beneficiaries under the workmen's compensation act. We have always maintained that baseball umpires are human beings.—Jackson Citizen-Press.

The weight of the war isn't on the soldiers alone. Think of the French mother who sent seven sons to the front. Six of them are dead and the seventh has come home blind.—Battle Creek News.

"For the first time in the history of Illinois," says a dispatch, "women employees of the state will receive the same pay as men doing the same class of work, beginning with Sept. 1." Illinois, it may be noted in passing, is now a suffrage state.—Saginaw Courier-Herald.

TIMELY QUIPS

Evidently. Russia also has evidently come to the conclusion that arms without ammunition are about as useful as uniforms without soldiers.—Indianapolis News.

Proof. The gambling in the so-called "war stocks" is another evidence of unbalanced mentality, of which the world is seeing so much.—Springfield Republican.

Don't Worry. By this time the summer girl's freckles have established themselves so successfully that their possessor has ceased to worry over them.—Chicago News.

Hopeful. Rich deposits of gold have been discovered in the Philippines. Maybe we are going to find some use for thousands some day, after all.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Swat! What should be done to those Americans who sting Uncle Sam for the money he advanced them to get out of the war? Well, perhaps in Europe a year ago? Not too many responses at once.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

The Difference. About all that can be said in extenuation of one of the most flagrant of American atrocities is that the mola which conduct lynching bees are not presumed to be under military discipline.—Cleveland Leader.

EDITORIAL OPINION

Our Sanitary Inefficiency. Sanitary practices in this country are justly condemned in the last report of the United States public health service on typhoid. The statement that last year 30,000 deaths were recorded and that 400,000 persons were incapacitated shows that there is a substantial basis for the starting of an "educational campaign." That thousands of lives can be saved every year by intelligent work is certain, because typhoid is a disease that can be prevented.

Polluted drinking water is the most common carrier of typhoid. Too little attention is given to the drainage of large watersheds from which city supplies are taken and to the keeping of fifth out of springs and wells in the country districts. Carelessness and ignorance are the underlying causes of the epidemics in cities and the isolated cases on the farms, and there is no excuse for either in these days of sanitary research and achievement.

An interesting section of the report is the one on "anti-typhoid inoculation or vaccination"—the popular notion that this remedy is infallible is contradicted. "The protection is relative, not absolute; inoculation is not to be regarded as a substitute for sanitation," the report says. Life and health are best conserved by keeping the typhoid germ out of the water supplies.—Providence Journal.

Swapping Horses in Mid-Stream. Manitoba has very emphatically repudiated the Conservative party in its provincial election, and the result brings the rather surprising situation that the party in federal control, which is furthermore charged with the conduct of the war for the Dominion and would therefore be supposed to be peculiarly likely to find support on every occasion, has now less than half the local govern-

ments under its management. The war so far overshadows everything in Canada that even a provincial election could hardly be held without involving this issue; yet in such a crisis the electorate of one province has expressed its opposition to the men responsible for the handling of the country's part in the war, and expressed that opposition in unmistakable terms.

It is not to be ignored that a locally operating influence was at work in Manitoba. A scandal of impressive proportions had directly affected the losing party in this campaign and the condemnation of the voters for it played a very prominent part in the election. Even so, it is reasonable to think that the verdict should have been so overwhelming against the conservatives. Apparently some cause may be sought in the method of conducting Canada's participation in the hostilities. There is a report that politics has been over-evident in the appointments, growing out of the military and troops to Europe, and resentment about this might have had something to do with the Manitoba verdict.

One effect that would naturally be expected from this adverse expression of popular sentiment is an abrupt decline in the reported eagerness at Ottawa to send a general election this year. A little while ago there were indications that a plan of the kind was under serious consideration, and suggestions were current that the Borden government thought this an excellent time to renew its grasp on power by turning to account the patriotic enthusiasm of the people and calling the election while the war fever was high. If the suggestion had any foundation the news from Manitoba will have a tendency to cool the ardor of the eager ones.—Detroit Free Press.

No Speculative Craze Likely.

The stock exchange is an especially interesting study these days. Returning confidence in domestic affairs and the huge trade balance have given investors a special interest in the domestic market, and the funds with which to buy securities. Banks are gorged with money seeking outlet and while banks never aim to encourage speculation they have no way of restraining their thoroughly solvent customers from using borrowings for that purpose. And in many instances banks have been called upon to advance upon standard stocks that the investment character of the transaction may be last sight of for the time being. In so doing the banks are working along the line of least resistance. The level of price has been low for several years; there is no reason to doubt the wisdom of financiers who recommend that the purchase of standard stocks for investment will prove profitable owing to the changed conditions in finance. And the banks, of course, are faced with the necessity of loaning with as little delay as possible their surpluses which are growing more and more, owing to the increased exports over imports and the reduced reserves required under the new banking law.

That any general speculative fever will develop, however, is unlikely; the restraining influence of foreign sales is too heavy. Industrials are also being bought because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—Secretary Burkart, of the state board of health, has issued a warning to sufferers from asthma and hay fever to beware of using patent drugs because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

ists, of course, are not bankers or heirs or manufacturers of war munitions, though most of them look it. "Yes, you can spot them out if you keep your eyes open. Thus, on a fishing excursion to the banks, it was easy to spot a blonde in a Paquin gown for a telephone girl because, as she was drawing in a droumer, somebody called to her: 'Hello!' and she frowned and answered impatiently: "Line's busy!"

Resourceful Woman. Dr. Dudley A. Sargent of Harvard holds that sex is no bar to military service—that a woman would make as good a soldier as a man.

Dr. Sargent, at a tea in Boston, said to a group of flattered girls: "Why shouldn't you, indeed, make as good soldiers as men? Look how resourceful you are."

"I know a young fellow who said to a girl who was in the army: 'I consulted a palmist last evening, and she told me I would marry a brunette within three months.'"

"The girl, tossing her golden head, answered with a roguish smile: "Well, I can easily be a brunette by that time, Jack!"

Hoist. Homer Rodeheaver, the right hand man of Billy Sunday, said one day in Paterson: "I am a believer in radical pulpits, and yet sometimes the radical is hoist, as the saying is, by his own petard."

"I used to know a preacher who was troubled by a sleeping chap. This sufferer used to sleep through every sermon. Sometimes he'd even snore."

"The preacher, a radical, said one hot Sunday morning in a low voice, so as not to wake the sleeper: "All who want to go to heaven stand up!"

"All stood up except the one man. "Now all who want to go to the other place" —up to this point the preacher had kept his voice low, but now he rapped out the words of his lungs the two words—"stand up!"

"Up like a shot leapt the sleeper. He looked round the church in a dazed way. Then he gave a quiet smile and said: "Well, person, I dunno what the votin's about, but you and me seem to be in the minority."

LOWER STATE NOTES. HASTINGS—John McMillen of Lake Jessia, one of the oldest men in the United States, celebrated his one hundred and fourth birthday Sunday. McMillen was born in Pennsylvania in 1811 and has resided in Iowa county about thirty years. The villagers held a reception in his honor.

LANSING—Secretary Burkart, of the state board of health, has issued a warning to sufferers from asthma and hay fever to beware of using patent drugs because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

LANSING—At the request of the board of police and fire commissioners, Hugo R. Dells, chief of the Lansing fire department, has withdrawn his resignation because of the danger that these alleged remedies may give rise to the drug habit. Either escape from or eliminate the pollen of weeds, especially rag weeds, and golden rod, is the secretary's advice, as the pollen is the irritating agent that causes hay fever.

and Smith, has sought to secure the affection of Mankin. A suit for divorce started by Mankin was recently begun in circuit court.

HASTINGS—The Michigan conference of the Wesleyan Methodist church here showed its opposition to making the use of tobacco a test of church membership by defeating a proposed amendment submitted by the general conference by a vote of 27 to 8. Only one minister was included among those in favor of forbidding membership after Jan. 1, 1917, to those devoted to Lady Nicotine.

GRAND RAPIDS—Charging that "certain well-known influences" are blocking the investigation of charges against City Treasurer James S. Hawkins, Comptroller George Tilma, in a communication to the mayor and city council, urges a second audit of Hawkins' books. Tilma lays stress on the sudden appearance of \$2,073 in cash in the city treasurer's office after it had been missing more than a year.

LANSING—Dr. Spoor, of Big Rapids, has been appointed state bacteriologist and will have charge of the laboratory in Lansing, succeeding Dr. M. L. Holm, who has been transferred to the branch laboratory to be

Stafford's
are now prepared to pack and deliver their delicious ice cream in any quantity to any part of the city.

THE REXALL DRUG STORE

Try Mary Garden Candy.
Films developed, 10 cents per roll.

The Largest Variety

Lawn Mowers Lawn Rakes
Garden Hose Garden Tools

M. R. MANHARD & SON, Ltd.
Wholesale and Retail Hardware

HURON PORTLAND CEMENT

A large stock carried in Marquette warehouse. Prompt shipments.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

D. I. & W. Genuine Scranton Anthracite

Youghiogheny Soft
Pocahontas Smokeless
Lilly Smithing Blue Grass Cannel
Island Creek Splint
Large Stock of Pea Coal

CLEAN COAL PROMPT SERVICE

PHONES 90 & 293
JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD. THE BEST COAL

Upper Peninsula

Soo Man Held on Serious Charge.
On a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, reports the Escanaba Press, C. F. Shelton, of Sault Ste. Marie, was arraigned before Judge C. D. McEwen. He waived his preliminary examination and was bound over to the circuit court for trial under bonds of \$1,000.

Lightning Went Down Chimney.
One girl narrowly escaped death, while two other members of the Klaus Becker family of Menominee were endangered, when lightning struck the Becker dwelling. The flash went down the chimney of the one-story house and came out of a stove pipe hole within a few feet of where the girl was lying on a bed. She was unscathed. The fire company was called to extinguish a blaze caused by the lightning. The damage was trivial.

Postmaster's Resignation Surprises.
Michael Doherty has resigned his position as postmaster of Escanaba and will be succeeded by John O'Meara, master baker and one of the city's leading businessmen. The resignation of Postmaster Doherty was filed with the department a month ago. For some time Mr. Doherty has been interested in real estate in Idaho, and he finds it necessary to be on the ground. Mr. Doherty has served slightly over a year as postmaster and has given a highly efficient service. That he had decided to relinquish the office came as a surprise to all but his closest friends. His successor has been an Escanaba business man for twenty-five years. He established a successful baking establishment and throughout the intervening years has devoted his attention to its management.

Blueberries Are Scarce.
Reports from points in Keweenaw county indicate a marked scarcity of blueberries this year. The crop was greatly damaged by the frosts of late spring and by the heavy rainfall and, it is declared, the yield at such well-known fields as Five Mile Point, Seven Mile Point, and the plains between Eagle River and Eagle Harbor is but a small part of normal. Other wild fruit, including the raspberry and thimbleberry, is said to be plentiful this year, the season having been splendidly adapted to these species, which escaped the frosts. Blackberries also will be plentiful, it is declared.

Augustus Spies Is Dead.
Augustus Spies, capitalist and director in many of the largest business interests at Menominee, former mayor and donor of the Spies Public Library, is dead. The end came at his home at 1212 Main street. Mr. Spies had been suffering with heart trouble for more than a year. He was seventy-nine years old, and had lived in Menominee for forty-five years. Funeral services were held at the residence yesterday afternoon. No man, possibly, has been more prominently identified with the business progress of Menominee than Augustus Spies. At the time of his death, Mr. Spies was president of the Menominee & Marinette Light & Traction company and of the First National bank, while he was active head of the Marinette & Menominee Paper company for many years and founder of the Spies

To Our Distant Drug Customers

It is not necessary for you to make a special trip to town every time you need something in the drug line. We maintain a regular Mail Order Department for the convenience of our rural customers. Test the quality of our

PARCEL POST SERVICE
by sending us a trial order. You will be pleased with the carefulness and promptness with which your goods are packed and sent. We guarantee all goods sent by mail.

"Get the Parcel Post Habit"

JONES' DRUG STORE
Baraga Ave. and Third St. Phone 764-J

GREEN CORN

MURRAY'S GROCERY
Furnishes Your Table Complete

Fresh Green Corn Telephone Peas

H. G. Spinach
" Carrots
" Beets
" Radishes
" Lettuce

DELFT'S GROCERY
133 WASHINGTON ST.
WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

FRESH TODAY

New Cabbage	Watermelons
Pie Plant	Green Peas
New Carrots	Rockyford Peaches
Tomatoes	Cherries
Wax Beans	Hot House Tomatoes
Cucumbers	Plums
Green Onions	Bananas
Newberry Celery	Oranges
Lettuce	Apples
Radishes	Pears
	Green Grapes

McLean's Grocery
601 North Third Street

Lumber company, now the Spies-Thompson company. Born in Hesse, Darmstadt, Germany, on Oct. 23, 1856, Mr. Spies arrived in the United States in 1880 with his parents, who settled on a farm in Wisconsin. When he was twenty-two years of age he rented and later bought a farm of 160 acres. After his marriage in 1890, he took advantage of improving finances to complete his education by attending college at Lawrenceville in Appleton. He sold his farm, realized a good profit on the land, and went to Menominee in 1896.

Soo Gets "Buy at Home" Stickers.
Ten thousand "Buy-at-Home" stickers, brought to Sault Ste. Marie by the Civic and Commercial association, have been sold to business men, at a cost of \$175 per thousand, and will be seen on packages, letters and other things. This is what they say: "Buy in the Soo. It means money for you. Trade at home." The stickers are red, with sharp white lettering. They made a hit on their appearance, and were so eagerly sought after that 25,000 more have been ordered.

AUTOMOBILE BILL.
On June 1 of the current year the number of automobiles in the United States for the first time reached 2,000,000. Figuring on an average of four persons to each car, which is very conservative, there are 8,000,000 people in this country in daily enjoyment of motoring. What it costs to follow this sport is of interest, because of the stupendous figures involved. To run 2,000,000 cars for one year requires at the very least 1,000,000,000 gallons of "gas," worth \$120,000,000; 20,000,000 gallons of lubricating oil, worth \$8,000,000; 12,000,000 tires, worth not less than \$16 apiece, or \$192,000,000; accessories and extra comforts, goggles, gloves and caps, \$50 per car, or \$100,000,000; garage charges on short tours (exclusive of gas and oil), \$100 per car per year, or \$200,000,000; repairs made necessary by wear, tear and accident (exclusive of tires), \$50 per car per year, or \$100,000,000. Total running expenses for all cars in use, \$730,000,000. Add thereto the value of the 600,000 new cars purchased during the year, at an average price of \$750, or \$450,000,000, and we get the immense total of \$1,180,000,000 spent in a single year (1915) on the sport of motoring.—Scientific American.

TWO COMMON SUMMER AILMENTS.
Thousands of hay fever and asthma victims who are not able to go to the mountains find relief in Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It allays the inflammation, soothes and heals raw and rasping bronchial tubes and helps to overcome difficulty in breathing, and makes sound, refreshing sleep possible.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Fair. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m. 61 degrees; noon 55; 7 p. m. 55; highest 61 degrees; lowest 54.

Alphonse Menard is visiting at his home at Sault Ste. Marie.

J. H. Primeau, Jr., left yesterday for Newcastile, Pa., on business.

Charles B. Madden has returned from a week's outing at Lakewood.

M. J. Astre left yesterday for Detroit, where he will seek employment.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Ferry, Jr., of Detroit, are visiting friends in the city.

Miss Lyle Engstrom of Calumet is visiting Miss Louise Williams of High street.

Eldred Robbins and family of Ishpeming will spend two weeks at the Hixson camp at Lakewood.

Miss Jennie Anderson and her sister, Mrs. John Gustafson, have gone to Chicago to visit friends.

Mrs. Fred Peppett and children left last night for their home in Chicago after visiting at the home of A. H. Palmer.

E. A. Hoffman, J. E. Deutsch, J. E. Ove, and Albert Strauss of Big Bay were business visitors in the city yesterday.

Miss La Rochelle motored from Princeton to Marquette yesterday and will spend a few days visiting Mrs. Faulcher.

Miss Anna Harrington, assistant deputy in the county clerk's office, has returned from a two weeks' vacation in Hurley, Wis.

Miss Denise Richie has taken a position as bookkeeper in the district accountant's department of the Michigan State Telephone company.

The Royal Neighbors and families will hold a basket picnic at Presque Isle Wednesday afternoon. The party will take the 2:30 o'clock trolley.

Stanley Schoch of Marquette and Harry Lee of Negaunee left Saturday on a three weeks' boat trip to Detroit, Buffalo, Toledo and Maysville, Ohio.

Mrs. Joseph Nelson and children left yesterday for their home in Joliet, Ill., after visiting for several weeks with Mrs. Nelson's sister, Mrs. J. F. Anderson.

Mrs. G. C. Dow and her daughter, Miss Helen Ruth, left yesterday afternoon for lower Michigan and will visit friends in Grand Rapids, Ionia, and Boyne City.

Miss Katherine Wright, daughter of B. W. Wright, left yesterday for Menominee with Miss Virginia Daniel and Frances Daniels, who motored from Menominee and were her guests over Sunday.

Carl Patrick of Aberdeen, N. D., and his wife, who was Miss Gladys Christine McCallum of Rothschild, Wis., arrived in the city Sunday and will spend a few weeks at the Patrick camp at Lakewood.

Announcement was made yesterday that Francis Forehand of Big Bay and Mrs. Ellen Morin of Marquette will be married at St. Peter's cathedral on Wednesday, Aug. 25, at 7 o'clock a. m. Rev. Frank A. Seifert will officiate.

The Misses Isabel and Irma Campbell who have spent six weeks as the guests of Mrs. Jerry Harrington, left yesterday afternoon for their home in De Pere, Wis. Mrs. Harrington and children accompanied them and will be their guests at De Pere.

Sheriff Pellissier and Deputy Sheriff Jack Thornton of Munising were in the city yesterday. It is believed that the murderer whom they are seeking has gotten out of the upper peninsula. A number of false clues have been run down and the officers have covered much territory in the search.

Howard J. Kennedy, of Kansas City, left for the Southwest yesterday, after a few days' visit with his uncle, E. F. Kennedy, proprietor of the Marquette Boiler & Sheet Iron Works. Mr. Kennedy is colonization agent for the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad. He planned to visit the Belgian colony at Beaver, Delta county, on his way home.

Marriage Licenses.—Marriage licenses were issued in the county clerk's office yesterday to Raymond O'Neil and Margaret Cameron, daughter of John A. Cameron, of Marquette; to Albert Lezrou and Sarah Beachamp, daughter of Alexander Beachamp, of Marquette; and to Harry Clement and Florence De-rocher, daughter of Dennis De-rocher, of Marquette.

Begin Duties Today.—The United States Land Office at Marquette was last night turned over to P. H. Ross, receiver, and J. L. Heffernan, register, recently appointed by President Woodrow Wilson to succeed T. H. Dawson, receiver, and Orzo A. Bowen, register. The new officials will begin their official duties this morning. It is believed Mr. Bowen will retire from public life. Mr. Dawson has several propositions under consideration, but will first take a vacation for about thirty days.

Upper Peninsula

Second Crop of Alfalfa.
Murphy & Gormely are harvesting their second crop of alfalfa on their farm south of Newberry. They are two of the few farmers who have made a success of raising alfalfa in Luce county.

Bond Issue Is Carried.
At a special election, the people of Columbus township, Luce county, voted to issue bonds for \$12,000 for the construction of good roads. The bond issue was carried by an almost unanimous vote, the electors declaring in favor of good roads by a poll of 62 to 2. Columbus is doing considerable work on its roads this season, and hereafter proposes to build state reward roads.

Purchase of Auto His Undoing.
Charles Bouty, twenty-three years old, is in the Menominee county jail, held as the robber who stole the life savings of eighty-nine-year-old Prosper St. Louis of Hermansville. He is said to have made a full confession in the presence of Sheriff Charles Bauer, Deputy Sheriff Merritt Wilson and Deputy Sheriff Mitchell of Hermansville, the last named of whom made the arrest of Bouty at Escanaba. The men turned over \$1,395.17 to Sheriff Bauer, the remainder of the money stolen from the trunk in the St. Louis home. He told officials that he had spent \$500 since the time of the robbery, in

DELFT THEATRE TODAY

JESSE L. LASKY IN ASSOCIATION WITH DAVID BELASCO
Presents the International Dramatic Star
EDITH WYNNE MATHISON

In a Picture Version of Belasco's Most Sympathetic Dramatic Success of Modern American Business, Society and Politics

"The Governor's Lady"
By ALICE BRADLEY

The Story of an Ambitious Man and a Home Loving Wife.

Matinees 2:30 and 3:45. Prices, 10 and 15 cents.
Evening, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45. Orchestra at Night.

WEDNESDAY Charles Chaplin in "Work"

Chippewa County Crops.
Reports from farmers indicate that Chippewa county will harvest about three-fourths of its usual hay crop in good condition. The remainder will be dark; spoiled by the heavy rains, but will not be a total loss. Other crops have suffered from the recent rainy weather, but the loss does not compare with that of hay. These conclusions are reached from answers to letters which the Soo News sent to farmers throughout the county. The weather seems to have had little effect on the oat crop, which according to one correspondent "will be the largest crop ever grown in the region." Fall and spring wheat will not reach the crops of normal times. In some parts of the county the loss on the hay crop will be as high as 45 per cent., while in others the rains have destroyed only 50 per cent. of the usual harvest. The greatest loss is not in the crop itself, but comes from the employment of extra labor to dry the hay after each rain. Potatoes planted on low lands will not be worth digging this year. The excessive rainfall did enough damage to destroy this crop, and the average returns from potatoes in Chippewa county will hardly be over 50 per cent.

Saloon Issue in Baraga.
Enough signatures have been obtained in Baraga county to assure the holding of a "local option" election, provided all other lawful requirements are fulfilled. The legal requirement as to the securing of signers of the petition is that the total shall be at least one-third of the qualified voters. At the last election there were 1,250 votes cast. There are now more than 430 signers to the petition, with the work of obtaining names still going on. Attorney Warden, of the Anti-Saloon league, will be in the county from the 20th of August to the 5th of September on business connected with the petition, and will be present at the annual meeting of the board of supervisors. Grant Hudson, president of the Anti-Saloon league, will talk at Baraga Sunday evening, Aug. 23.

Newberry's Masonic Temple.
The cornerstone of the Masonic temple being erected at Newberry was laid Saturday afternoon, with all the impressive rites and ceremonies attending the function. The officers of the Michigan grand lodge had charge of the program. Following the ceremonies the grand lodge officers, visitors and members were given an automobile ride to Manistique lake, where a fish dinner was served. The temple will be one of the most imposing structures in the city and will form a distinct addition to the business section, says the News. The building will be 39 x 80 feet, two stories

Locomotives Run Wild.
What might have resulted in a serious railroad wreck occurred when two locomotives belonging to the Charcoal Iron company made a wild run without engineers or firemen from Newberry to Soo Junction. An engine with steam up, standing in the round house at Newberry, started off on its own accord, smashing through the doors and hunting into another engine on the tracks. The two rolled out on the South Shore tracks. It is a down grade

Every day you neglect to open an account here you shove Prosperity 24 hours off.

Marquette National Bank

DELFT THEATRE TODAY

JESSE L. LASKY IN ASSOCIATION WITH DAVID BELASCO
Presents the International Dramatic Star
EDITH WYNNE MATHISON

In a Picture Version of Belasco's Most Sympathetic Dramatic Success of Modern American Business, Society and Politics

"The Governor's Lady"
By ALICE BRADLEY

The Story of an Ambitious Man and a Home Loving Wife.

Matinees 2:30 and 3:45. Prices, 10 and 15 cents.
Evening, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45. Orchestra at Night.

WEDNESDAY Charles Chaplin in "Work"

Chippewa County Crops.
Reports from farmers indicate that Chippewa county will harvest about three-fourths of its usual hay crop in good condition. The remainder will be dark; spoiled by the heavy rains, but will not be a total loss. Other crops have suffered from the recent rainy weather, but the loss does not compare with that of hay. These conclusions are reached from answers to letters which the Soo News sent to farmers throughout the county. The weather seems to have had little effect on the oat crop, which according to one correspondent "will be the largest crop ever grown in the region." Fall and spring wheat will not reach the crops of normal times. In some parts of the county the loss on the hay crop will be as high as 45 per cent., while in others the rains have destroyed only 50 per cent. of the usual harvest. The greatest loss is not in the crop itself, but comes from the employment of extra labor to dry the hay after each rain. Potatoes planted on low lands will not be worth digging this year. The excessive rainfall did enough damage to destroy this crop, and the average returns from potatoes in Chippewa county will hardly be over 50 per cent.

Saloon Issue in Baraga.
Enough signatures have been obtained in Baraga county to assure the holding of a "local option" election, provided all other lawful requirements are fulfilled. The legal requirement as to the securing of signers of the petition is that the total shall be at least one-third of the qualified voters. At the last election there were 1,250 votes cast. There are now more than 430 signers to the petition, with the work of obtaining names still going on. Attorney Warden, of the Anti-Saloon league, will be in the county from the 20th of August to the 5th of September on business connected with the petition, and will be present at the annual meeting of the board of supervisors. Grant Hudson, president of the Anti-Saloon league, will talk at Baraga Sunday evening, Aug. 23.

Newberry's Masonic Temple.
The cornerstone of the Masonic temple being erected at Newberry was laid Saturday afternoon, with all the impressive rites and ceremonies attending the function. The officers of the Michigan grand lodge had charge of the program. Following the ceremonies the grand lodge officers, visitors and members were given an automobile ride to Manistique lake, where a fish dinner was served. The temple will be one of the most imposing structures in the city and will form a distinct addition to the business section, says the News. The building will be 39 x 80 feet, two stories

Locomotives Run Wild.
What might have resulted in a serious railroad wreck occurred when two locomotives belonging to the Charcoal Iron company made a wild run without engineers or firemen from Newberry to Soo Junction. An engine with steam up, standing in the round house at Newberry, started off on its own accord, smashing through the doors and hunting into another engine on the tracks. The two rolled out on the South Shore tracks. It is a down grade

Every day you neglect to open an account here you shove Prosperity 24 hours off.

Marquette National Bank

DELFT THEATRE TODAY

JESSE L. LASKY IN ASSOCIATION WITH DAVID BELASCO
Presents the International Dramatic Star
EDITH WYNNE MATHISON

In a Picture Version of Belasco's Most Sympathetic Dramatic Success of Modern American Business, Society and Politics

"The Governor's Lady"
By ALICE BRADLEY

The Story of an Ambitious Man and a Home Loving Wife.

Matinees 2:30 and 3:45. Prices, 10 and 15 cents.
Evening, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45. Orchestra at Night.

WEDNESDAY Charles Chaplin in "Work"

Chippewa County Crops.
Reports from farmers indicate that Chippewa county will harvest about three-fourths of its usual hay crop in good condition. The remainder will be dark; spoiled by the heavy rains, but will not be a total loss. Other crops have suffered from the recent rainy weather, but the loss does not compare with that of hay. These conclusions are reached from answers to letters which the Soo News sent to farmers throughout the county. The weather seems to have had little effect on the oat crop, which according to one correspondent "will be the largest crop ever grown in the region." Fall and spring wheat will not reach the crops of normal times. In some parts of the county the loss on the hay crop will be as high as 45 per cent., while in others the rains have destroyed only 50 per cent. of the usual harvest. The greatest loss is not in the crop itself, but comes from the employment of extra labor to dry the hay after each rain. Potatoes planted on low lands will not be worth digging this year. The excessive rainfall did enough damage to destroy this crop, and the average returns from potatoes in Chippewa county will hardly be over 50 per cent.

Saloon Issue in Baraga.
Enough signatures have been obtained in Baraga county to assure the holding of a "local option" election, provided all other lawful requirements are fulfilled. The legal requirement as to the securing of signers of the petition is that the total shall be at least one-third of the qualified voters. At the last election there were 1,250 votes cast. There are now more than 430 signers to the petition, with the work of obtaining names still going on. Attorney Warden, of the Anti-Saloon league, will be in the county from the 20th of August to the 5th of September on business connected with the petition, and will be present at the annual meeting of the board of supervisors. Grant Hudson, president of the Anti-Saloon league, will talk at Baraga Sunday evening, Aug. 23.

Newberry's Masonic Temple.
The cornerstone of the Masonic temple being erected at Newberry was laid Saturday afternoon, with all the impressive rites and ceremonies attending the function. The officers of the Michigan grand lodge had charge of the program. Following the ceremonies the grand lodge officers, visitors and members were given an automobile ride to Manistique lake, where a fish dinner was served. The temple will be one of the most imposing structures in the city and will form a distinct addition to the business section, says the News. The building will be 39 x 80 feet, two stories

Locomotives Run Wild.
What might have resulted in a serious railroad wreck occurred when two locomotives belonging to the Charcoal Iron company made a wild run without engineers or firemen from Newberry to Soo Junction. An engine with steam up, standing in the round house at Newberry, started off on its own accord, smashing through the doors and hunting into another engine on the tracks. The two rolled out on the South Shore tracks. It is a down grade

Opera House Tonight

VICTORIA TRIO
Those Three Harmony Singing Girls

"The Heart of Cerise"

A three-reel French drama of the stage, adapted from the famous book, "The Spitfire," by Mollie Elliott Seawall.

Produced by Rex-Universal
Featuring Pauline Bush and All-Star Cast

Prices, 5c and 10c

WEDNESDAY
William Farnum
in
"The Gilded Fool"
Five-Part Fox Feature

FRIDAY, Aug. 20
Marguerite Clark
in
"Gretna Green"
Four-Part Paramount Feature



SCENE IN "THE GOVERNOR'S LADY" AT THE DELFET TODAY.

IF THE AMERICANS GO INTO MEXICO

Washington, Aug. 16.—Should the United States government, in co-operation with the A. B. C. powers of South America, decide finally that intervention is necessary in Mexico, the three South American powers—Argentina, Brazil and Chile—could actually supply a trained military force more than twice the size of the whole army of the United States now in continental America!

Leaving out of consideration the smaller South and Central American countries and counting only active, first-line troops at the disposal of the three big South American countries, these three could place in the field a combined army of 96,734 trained men, and a naval force composed of 18,000 men.

The United States army in continental United States totals only about 45,000 men. The military resources of the three principal South American countries are by no means to be despised. In fact the Argentine republic has a military system closely approximating that of Switzerland.

The Chilean navy has no modern dreadnoughts. Two were being built for it in England at the outbreak of the European war, but were purchased by the British government. There is one battleship of the dreadnought type, two armored cruisers, three protected cruisers, thirteen destroyers, five modern torpedo boats and two submarines. The total strength of the navy is 6,084 officers and men.

militia in which all able-bodied citizens are obliged to serve from the eighteenth to the forty-fifth year. Recruits are called in their twentieth year and are trained for one year. Afterward they serve for nine years in the reserve of the active army. After that they belong, until completion of their forty-fifth year, to the second reserve. The total strength of the active army is 27,200 officers and men.

As to naval strength the Argentine Republic has two modern, up-to-date dreadnoughts recently built in the United States. These are twenty-two-knot ships, armed with twelve twelve-inch guns. In addition the navy includes three battleships of the dreadnought type, four armored cruisers, three protected cruisers, fifteen destroyers, eight torpedo boats and auxiliary craft. The personnel includes 400 officers and 6,000 men.

The Brazilian navy includes two modern dreadnoughts, two dreadnought battleships, five cruisers, fourteen destroyers, four first-class torpedo boats. A new battleship and three submarines are building. The naval personnel comprises about 6,000 men.

Advocates of the plan said that although a gathering of the 6,500 men of the militia, the first full mobilization in six years, would be expensive, the experiment in preparedness would be well worth the cost. Proposals also were made for a battleship trip for the visiting governors, inspection of the Cape Cod canal and many other forms of entertainment. The completed program will be announced next week.

MASSACHUSETTS MILITIA MAY MOBILIZE IN FULL

Boston, Aug. 16.—Mobilization of the full strength of the state militia, as a demonstration of preparedness, was proposed today by Governor Walsh and favored by leading business men, at a meeting to arrange a program of entertainment for the national conference of governors, to be held here August 24 to 27.

Advocates of the plan said that although a gathering of the 6,500 men of the militia, the first full mobilization in six years, would be expensive, the experiment in preparedness would be well worth the cost. Proposals also were made for a battleship trip for the visiting governors, inspection of the Cape Cod canal and many other forms of entertainment. The completed program will be announced next week.

OUTLOOK FOR SOUTH AMERICAN TRADE GOOD

Reduced Exports Due to Withdrawal of Foreign Credits—Improvement Certain.

Washington, Aug. 16.—United States exports to South America during the fiscal year just ended aggregated \$99,000,000, \$25,000,000 less than during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914.

But from South America this country's imports were nearly forty millions more than they were the previous twelve-month—\$261,000,000 as against \$222,000,000.

These are the most interesting showings by the department of commerce in its foreign commerce report for the past fiscal year. To a great many business men of this country South America has been a grievous disappointment. It was hoped she would substitute United States for Europe as her market place and continue buying goods on the same wholesale scale as when she had unlimited credit.

War Built High Hopes.

No sooner had the war started than this country got busy computing how much South America's trade would be worth. The Pan-American financial conference was called and the delegates from all the American republics talked big concerning prospects and insisted on an American merchant marine as well as on a Pan-American basis of exchange. The war has now been going on more than a year. South America has been cut off from her markets and has had to come to this country for what she needed—yet United States exports to South America are less by a fifth than they were before the war.

"Something must be the matter," you say. The same sort of astonishment followed discovery that United States shipments of war munitions to belligerent countries have been trivial instead of enormous.

Munitions Will Show Increase.

We now know why exports of munitions are not yet great—it takes time to expand a munitions plant and get work on the enormous scale demanded. Before the end of another year—if the war lasts—exports of munitions will show the expected increase.

And there is much the same explanation for the South American disappointment—the question of time.

Nations are like individuals—the domestic routine cannot be revised in a day.

South America always has been doing business with Europe. Europe has financed her, has sold her goods on long-time credit. When war started Europe's financial backing was withdrawn. They needed the money in Europe. Needing money, Europe pressed South America to hurry up paying her debts. Europe quit buying goods of South America. The perfectly natural result—South America found herself in a tight hole; so tight that she not only was unable to turn to the United States for the things she had formerly bought in Europe, but was also compelled to reduce her American purchases.

Must Keep Up Interest.

It's no time for the American business man to lose interest in South America. Just because she has failed to "come across" instantly is no reason why she never will do so. Having been so closely related commercially and financially with Europe, the war has produced depression throughout all South America. It is near to financial and commercial panic. South America will come out of it. The United States is an increasingly big customer of the southern republics and

MILITANT ANARCHISTS SHOW PATRIOTISM

July 31.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The militant Anarchists, whose exploits furnished so much copy to the French newspapers before the war, but who dropped out of sight immediately after general mobilization, have been found by the police to be doing their patriotic duty. With only a few exceptions those who were exempt from military service in France volunteered and have distinguished themselves.

Pilet, secretary of the saddlers' union, and a most aggressive anarchist who took part in the fighting in the Ardennes in August, writes of German terrorism in the region and terminates: "This monstrous butchery will cost all of us nameless sacrifices and sorrows, but we shall hold out to the end."

"The old haunts of anarchy in Paris are deserted. Only a few of the old guard are left and they are occupied with patriotic correspondence with their comrades at the front. They will show with pride a letter from former fiery propagandist, Professor M. F., the most militant of all the anti-militarists after Pustay Herve, who has won honors as a patriot and aspires to those of a lieutenant. He does not try, even to himself, to explain the mental process that has made him such an excellent soldier. 'I try to earn pardon for my military honors,' he says, 'by rendering all the justice possible to the enemy and his captives. I have sixty comrades; sixty friends; they all themselves my soldiers; I am sure none of them ever heard or read my doctrines before the war. I think it is mostly the hope that this will be the last of those horrible things called war as a soldier for a thousand hours the hope that our dear ones, our children, our not have to eat each others' throats again, gives one something like superhuman ardor.'

Even the open advocates of the "prise directe"—the forcible seizing of other people's property—the apologists of the assassination of innocent people—are doing their duty.

Maitrejean, the divorced husband of one of the heroines of the Bonnet band, himself involved in their exploits but not convicted of murder, is recovering from a dangerous illness.

Alexandre Leretoung, the double of "Britannicus," the bandit of Orleans, whose real identity is still a mystery, was serving a sentence for desertion when the war broke out.

"It's only in peace," he declared, "that I am anti-militarist; in war my place is at the front." His petition for release and incorporation in the army was granted and he fought valiantly with his regiment of the African battalion. After they had cut up the German Imperial Guard in the battle of the Marne, he was taken prisoner in a minor detail action.

PRISONERS IN SIBERIA WELL LOOKED AFTER.

Moscow, Russia, Aug. 1.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—A detailed picture of the life of prisoners of war in Siberia has been received by a Moscow merchant from one of his correspondents in a large town several hundred miles in the interior of Siberia. There are over 14,000 prisoners now in that locality, he states, and preparations are being made for the reception of 10,000 more.

The correspondent declares that the lot of the prisoners is not a bad one; they are assisted to pass the time by the provision of various amusements and occupations, and the daily routine of their existence is governed along moderate and humane lines. The Germans are kept separate from other nationalities.

"From 6 o'clock in the morning until 8 at night," writes the correspondent, "the prisoners are allowed to do gymnastic exercises, to play games, to sing, to play music. Gardening is also allowed where it is possible.

"The prisoners get the same food as Russian soldiers and all that the Germans are allowed to work privately outside.

"The Germans are not allowed to go out without a special permission, and then an armed convoy accompanies them. At the present time the Germans are working in construction, repairing roads, or loading and unloading steamers. Five hundred Germans are planting potatoes and cabbages for themselves; 100 Germans are cutting timber for firewood.

When new prisoners come they are immediately told that they must keep their order and that they have nothing to fear, as our law obliges us to treat them kindly. Every prisoner has a right to come to see a Russian officer and to make to him his complaints, and no complaint was left unattended to, and those who were guilty, either Russian soldiers or prisoners, were immediately severely punished."

GERMANY NOT DEAF TO TALK OF PEACE

Berlin, via London, Aug. 16.—The report that Germany made peace proposals to Petrograd last week through the agency of Denmark is denied by the Nord-deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung which says: "The German government would not reject reasonable peace proposals, such should be laid before it, but the time to make peace proposals on its own terms, should themselves be ready to recognize the failure of their military undertakings against us."

In Juneau, Alaska, where the sun is now shining twenty hours a day, the thermometer often reaches 100 degrees in the shade.

100 REWARD, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O., Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

FRENCH WAR OFFICIAL PRAISES ALLIED ARMY

Paris, Aug. 16.—Albert Thomas, under-secretary of war in charge of munitions, tells the Petit Parisien that France's efforts to produce munitions are different in method but equal in result to those of England, which he recently viewed. The newspaper quotes him as follows:

"We have an army which at the present moment is armed, so as to withstand any shock, an army which, on the other hand, is capable of making a strong offensive. Its morale is good, that is to say the army is prepared to remain as it is if necessary.

"Every day our strength grows both in England and in France. Notwithstanding the formidable resources at the disposal of Germany it is not possible that the resources of the Allies will not assure them when the time is ripe complete victory. What we have, what England has and will have—all the resources that she can create—will assure us supremacy. I am convinced of this because I know."

CARNEGIE PEACE EFFORTS SCORED.

Paris, Aug. 16.—Emile Gautier, in a leading article in "France de Demain," has a scathing attack on Andrew Carnegie, whom he accuses of aiding Germany in his various peace suggestions.

"It would have been better for him to remain poor," the writer declares, "for it is he who induces innumerable lecturers and pamphlets to spread the German gospel in the two Americas, even in Europe. It is he who inspires and maintains agitation in favor of some sort of peace; the entire profit will belong to the executioners, incendiaries, pirates and wreckers to whom immunity will be assured.

"Such is the outcome of the life dedicated to beneficence, justice and fraternity. This croesus who has been pointed out as a model for millionaires in the end he is dishonored as the accomplice of a new Attila banned by humanity and history."

DEVELOPS NEW TRENCH.

The Hague, July 31.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The war department of the Netherlands has developed a new sort of trench for use in the low and marshy parts of the country where, in case of an invasion, the chief battles might be expected. Fighting along the Yser has taught the strength of a water defense above all others. For this purpose, as is well known, the so-called "waterline" has been brought into readiness. But a great deal of fighting might take place upon the endless tracts of meadows which lie all around the capital of the kingdom. The trenches which will here be constructed will be arranged in such a way that at a moment's notice they can be turned into flooded ditches.

In the warfare in France and Russia a conquered trench means an added strength for the enemies, who immediately turn the trench into a fortress of their own. The Dutch trenches, when it is necessary to abandon them, will almost automatically become a deep flooded ditch which will be no use to any one and will merely form another obstacle on the way forward.

IN STORMY BELGIUM.

London, Aug. 1.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—When the Italian arms were removed from the Italian embassy in Brussels, the people of Brussels knew immediately that Italy was at war with Austria and celebrated the event by wearing small Italian flags in their buttonholes. But they did not wear them long, as the German authorities arrested the flag vendors and published an order against this method of showing sympathy. Whereupon all the Belgians went about with small pieces of macaroni tied to their lapels, according to a story authenticated by a traveler recently in Brussels.

Orders had been published that there should be no display of national insignia or national colors of either Belgium or her allies. When the Belgian national holiday came around black flags were hung out of every Belgian home. A number of offenders were accordingly arrested. They pleaded that the order said "colors," and black was no color but the absence of color. Therefore they had not violated the order.

WITH THE "HAMS."

Tragedian (to manager)—We play Hamlet tonight, do we not, sir? Manager—Yes. Tragedian—Will you loan me a quarter for a shave, then, sir? Manager—Uh, well, then we'll make it Macbeth—you wear a beard in that, don't you?

BRAKEMAN WAS CURED.

F. A. Woolsey, Jacksonville, Texas, writes: "I was down with kidney trouble and rheumatism; had a backache all the time and was tired of living. I took Foley Kidney Pills and was thoroughly cured." Thousands have written similar letters. Foley Kidney Pills are tonic in effect and act promptly. Sold Everywhere.

UNCERTAIN.

English Host—I thought of sending some of these cigars to the battle front. American Guest—Good idea! But how can you be sure the Germans will not get them?

CHILDREN'S SUMMER COLDS.

It is wrong to neglect a cold at any time because it weakens the system and lays the sufferer open to attack from other diseases. Wet feet, sudden changes in temperature and sleeping uncovered at night cause many children's colds in summer. Foley's Honey and Tar Compound gives sure and prompt relief. Sold Everywhere.

POSTPONING OLD AGE.

Overworked, weak or diseased kidneys make one feel old before middle age. Rheumatism, aches and pains, too free perspiration of strong odor and other symptoms are warning that the kidneys need help. Foley Kidney Pills make the kidneys strong and active. Sold Everywhere.

This Season's Styles Favor Patterns

All the newest styles are easily made with

McCALL Patterns

THE NEW SEPTEMBER McCALL Patterns and Fashion Publications

Now on Sale

Get a Copy of the New Fall McCall Book of Fashions TO-DAY

It is full of the Newest Advance Autumn Styles

FOR SALE AT ALL McCALL DEALERS, OR DIRECT FROM THE McCALL COMPANY

World's Largest Manufacturers of a Paper Pattern.

McCall Building 236 to 246 West 37th street. New York.

Marquette Business College

AFFILIATED WITH THE STATE NORMAL

GIVES A Teacher's Training Course

leading to a LIFE CERTIFICATE

GIVES An Office Course

that prepares the young man or young woman for the best office positions.

Best equipment, including 21 latest model typewriters. Experienced teachers. Term begins September 6.

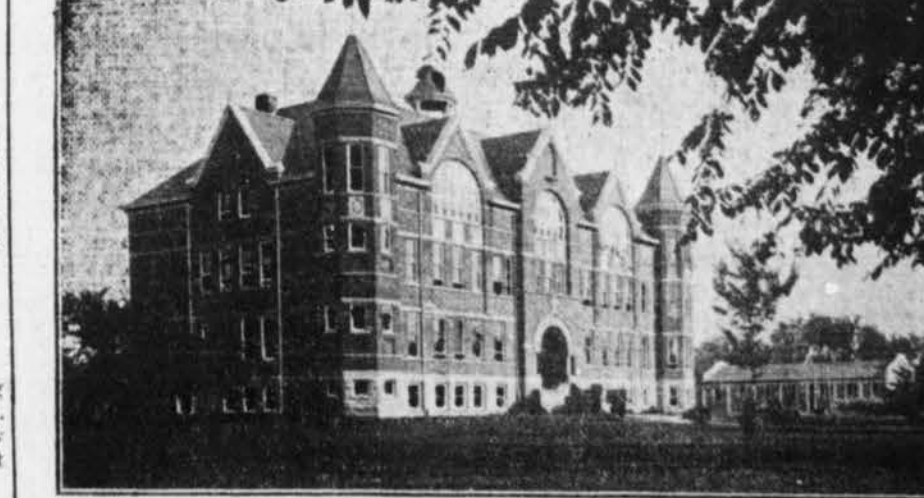
Write for catalog and further information. P. H. ROSS, President.



LORETTO ACADEMY

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH. Boarding and Day School for Girls and Young Ladies.

For catalogue, apply to THE LADY SUPERIOR.



ST. NORBERT'S COLLEGE

DE PERE, WIS. Catholic Boarding School for Boys and Young Men

Conducted by the Norbertine Fathers

Commercial, High School and College Courses. Kind and efficient teachers.

Popular athletics. Healthful and pleasant surroundings. SEND FOR CATALOGUE

Rev. Wm. J. Millay, O. S. N., Rector, W. De Pere, Wis.

BRITISH MARINE INSURANCE.

A statement has been given out by the Liverpool and London War Risks association, through which the British government has been furnishing marine insurance, showing that losses paid up to the present time amount to \$4,246,685 on a total tonnage of \$392,150,725, or 1.18 per cent of the total value. For the entire period that would be two-tenths of 1 per cent per month.—New York Post.

Advertisement for Post Toasties. It features a woman sitting at a table eating a Post Toastie. The text says: 'So Crisp and Delicious, too!' 'There are definite reasons why the New Post Toasties are vastly superior in crispness and flavour to any other corn flakes.' 'In the new process of baking, intense heat raises tiny air "puffs" on each flake, bringing out a decidedly new and delicious flavour—the true flavour of the corn—unknown to the corn flakes of the past.' 'Owing to this new process the New Toasties maintain their crispness until eaten and do not grow soft and mushy in the bowl like other corn flakes.' 'The flavour is so delightfully pleasant that the New Post Toasties may be eaten and relished dry, though of course they are generally served with cream, rich milk, or fruit with a sprinkling of sugar.' 'Suppose you try the New Post Toasties —at all Grocers.'

The Peninsula Bank Ispeming, Mich.

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business June 23, 1915. Com-
pensed from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans, discounts and bonds	\$215,714.54	Capital stock	\$50,000.00
Banking house	15,000.00	Surplus fund	75,000.00
Overdrafts	16.11	Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	20,000.00
Cash resources	144,300.00	Dividends unpaid	90.00
		Deposits	\$23,750.00
		Reserved for interest	6,000.00
		Reserved for interest	6,000.00
	\$975,030.65		\$975,030.65

DIRECTORS:
THOS. WALTERS, W. T. POTTER, THOS. W. HUGHES,
GEO. F. THONEY, H. F. HEYN, JOHN KANDELIN,
OTTO EGGER, LARS HOYSETH, JOS. MITCHELL.

Three per cent interest paid on Savings Accounts.

Ispeming Department

EWEN BALL TEAM WINS CHAMPIONSHIP

Ontonagon County Teams Settled Difference at Michigamme Sunday.

Michigamme Sunday entertained the largest crowd that has assembled in the town since its July Fourth celebration seven years ago, when the Ewen and Trout Creek ball teams met to settle the Ontonagon county championship. The Ewen team won by a score of 9 to 1. Much of the credit for the decisive victory was due to the effective pitching of Monte Musro, a former Neagawee league twirler, who now makes his home at Bergland. Musro held Trout Creek to six safe drives, and he fanned nine batters, while Davis, in the box for Trout Creek, was touched for thirteen bingles and he struck out four men. Davis, at times, was given very poor support, while the Ewen players played well behind Musro.

The summary of the game is as follows:

Even	A. B. R.	H. P. O.	A. E.		
Ballaugh, 3b.	5	0	2	1	0
Musro, p.	4	0	0	1	2
St. Jernian, c.	5	3	11	2	0
Ayott, 2b.	5	2	2	1	0
Hatfield, lb.	4	2	2	3	0
Cosgrove, lf.	4	2	2	0	2
Beeseth, cf.	4	2	1	2	0
Sylvester, rf.	4	0	2	2	1
Demolen, ss.	4	0	0	0	0
Totals	39	9	13	21	8

TEACHERS' BOARD MAKES AN APPEAL

Supreme Court Will Be Asked to Pass on Constitutionality of Pension Law.

Simon Anderson, county commissioner of schools, has been informed by J. B. Edmondson, temporary chairman of the Teachers' Retirement Fund board, that the board, which was recently appointed by Governor Ferris, will shortly start legal proceedings to secure from the supreme court a decision on the constitutionality of the teachers' pension law, enacted at the last session of the legislature.

Mr. Edmondson asked Mr. Anderson to direct the attention of Marquette county teachers to the fact that the supreme court is to be appealed to, by those who contemplate making payments into the fund are asked to withhold them until the supreme court makes a decision. Mr. Edmondson's letter is as follows: "The teachers' retirement salary act will become a law on Aug. 23. On the board to have charge of the administration of the law, Governor Ferris has appointed the following parties: Mrs. Lou I. Sigler, Grand Rapids; Mrs. Abbie B. Roberts, Marquette; Judge Wm. F. Connolly, Detroit; Superintendent E. C. Warriner, Saginaw; J. B. Edmondson, Ann Arbor; and Fred L. Keeler, Lansing, member ex-officio.

FIREMEN'S OUTING.

Members of Ispeming Department Held Their Annual Picnic Sunday.

The annual outing of members of the Ispeming Fire department, held Sunday near Rock Kins, was greatly enjoyed. Most of the members were present, and there were a few guests. The feature of the picnic was a baseball game between teams composed of members of the hook and ladder company and Hose company No. 1, and a volley ball game between the hook and ladder team and a team from Hose company No. 2.

The baseball contest resulted in a victory for the hook and ladder nine by a score of 15 to 4, and the volley ball contest was also won by the hook and ladder team, the score being 5 to 2. The baseball teams were made up as follows: Hose Company—Christ Wall, captain; Harry Shaney, T. J. Malloney, William Quayle, Raoul Jacobs, Cal Olson, Michael Hickey, Tad Malloney and William Tobin.

Hook and Ladder—Hank Collins, captain; Bert Nault, Ziggy Harrington, John Lacey, James Doney, Shorty Anderson, Joe Pope, John Connors and T. P. Sullivan.

HALBY ORE LOADER PRACTICAL MACHINE

Judson Mine Using Power Shovel in Which Captain Joseph Hodgson Is Interested.

The Halby ore loader, which was designed by V. G. Halby, of the Lake Shore Engine works, Marquette, and is controlled by a company in which Mr. Halby, Nels Flodin, of Marquette, Captain Joseph Hodgson, formerly of this city, now of Arizona, and M. E. Richards, of Crystal Falls, are interested, has been pronounced a complete success after an extended trial given it at the Judson mine on the Menominee range. The Crystal Falls Diamond Drill, in its issue of last week, said that the machine has passed the experimental stage and is now being used with excellent results in mining on the second level of the Judson property.

The Miners' National Bank, Ispeming, Mich.

Statement May 1st, 1915.

(Comptroller's Call.)

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	\$1,127,647.50	Capital	\$100,000.00
Overdrafts	281.45	Surplus	100,000.00
Banking house	35,410.12	Undivided Profits	15,964.66
Other Real Estate	11,250.00	Circulation	96,000.00
U. S. and Other Bonds	301,556.00	Deposits	1,386,505.30
Federal Reserve Bank	17,511.05	Reserved for Interest	1,274.90
Cash and Exchange	211,538.74	Reserved for Taxes	750.00
		Reserved for Discount on U. S. bonds	4,500.00
	\$1,705,194.86		\$1,705,194.86



WILLIAM FARNUM IN "THE NIGGER," A WONDERFUL FIVE-PART PRODUCTION THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING AT THE ISPEMING THEATRE.

WAYS OF ENTICING THE BRITISHER TO ENLIST

Many and various are the ways in which Great Britain is securing men for her army. The lot of the youth who has not donned the khaki is not an easy one. He is attacked by pretty women and plain women, old women and young girls, who one and all question him as to why he has not joined the colors. His eyes are assailed by pleading or peremptory posters and his ears with the drone of the bagpipes or the lift of the horns as the recruiting bands march through the streets.

These bands collect how and where they can. They are to be seen all over London, marching stolidly along, while little groups of men and headless lads follow them and are finally piped off to the recruiting stations with never a word spoken. The would-be soldier merely falls in and the next thing he knows he is being examined and questioned by army inspectors. If he passes the requirements he speedily becomes a khaki clad soldier and buckles down to hard work.

The most interesting feature of the new recruiting campaign is the number and variety of the posters. They change from week to week, almost from day to day. About twenty designers and writers are at work upon them in London alone.

The London of gay theatrical and other advertising posters is a thing of the past. Almost all the available space is used for recruiting bills, and of these there are large posters for fences and small ones for shop windows, and particularly brief ones for taxis, buses and motor vans.

Both Needed to Serve the Country. A poster much seen is a Gibeonesque father with a child on each knee, their faces turned up to his as they ask, "Father, what did you do in the great war?" Another variety of this idea is a Boy Scout making the same embarrassing inquiry of a handsome but harassed looking gentleman.

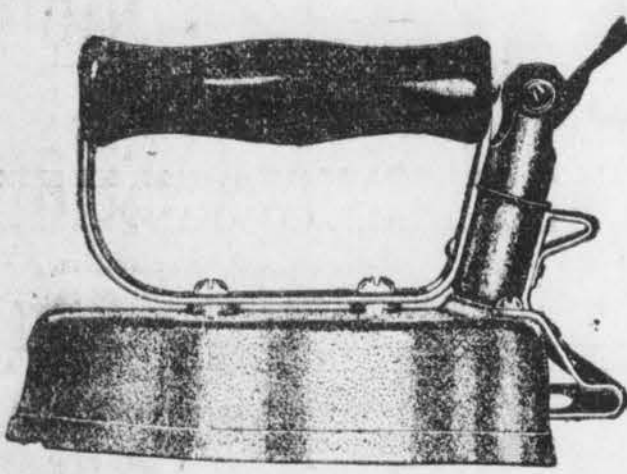
There is generally a group gathered around the picture which shows a house struck by a bomb and a woman with a child at her skirts and a babe in her arms in the foreground and the query, "Men of Britain, Will You Stand This?"

Miners in the Manchester, England, district are demanding a 20 per cent increase in wages or a war bonus.



VIVIAN MARTIN IN "THE ARRIVAL OF PERPETUA," FIVE-PART WORLD FILM PRODUCTION AT THE ISPEMING THEATRE TOMORROW AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

\$1.00 for Your Old Flat Iron



Westinghouse 10-year guaranteed irons, \$3.00
Hot Point 10-year guaranteed irons, \$3.00
Bring in any old flat iron, (except gas irons) to our office and we will allow you one dollar off from the price of a New Electric Iron. This offer is open to customers of

Marquette County Gas & Electric Co.

ISPEMING IN BRIEF.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Matthews have returned from Chicago.
Donald Pascoe and Joe Conway have gone to Clowery to camp for a week.
Mr. and Mrs. H. G. O'Keefe have returned from a month's visit in the West.
John Morgan, of Iron River, formerly of Ispeming, is visiting in the city for a few days.
Gilbert Aas, assistant cashier of the Miners' National bank, is out on his annual vacation.
Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Ericson, of Iron River, drove over from there Sunday, in his car.
Mrs. John Beal, of High street, has gone to Crystal Falls to visit relatives for two or three weeks.
Miss Lillian Bulness, Edith Yelland and Agnes Swain have returned from a week's outing at Camp Hiawatha.
Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cornish and son, Russell, have returned from a week's visit with relatives in Ely, Minn.
Dick Dundon, a former resident, who is now conducting a business college at Iron Mountain, was in the city yesterday.
Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Russell have returned from a three weeks' visit with relatives in Flint and other lower peninsula points.
Arnold Lutey is leaving the employ of Trebilcock Bros., to take a position as assistant florist and designer for E. V. Brown in Lapeer, Mich.
John Gelling and Bert Garrett came down from the Mesaba range to attend the funeral of the latter's aunt, Mrs. George Garrett, held Sunday.
Alfred Nault and family will leave this morning in his Michigan car for Ontario and Green Bay, where they will visit relatives for a few days.
The funeral of the late Mrs. William Rose was held yesterday afternoon from the First Methodist Episcopal church

and was largely attended. Services were conducted by Rev. N. C. Karr, the pastor.
Miss Lottie Nicholls has returned from a month's visit with relatives in Duluth. She was accompanied home by her cousin, Miss Anna Larson.
James Cleary has returned from a week's visit with relatives and friends in Duluth and on the Mesaba range. He was accompanied by his sister, Violet.
John Lerwill, who has been working at the Parkes mine, Menominee range, for some weeks past, has given up his position there and returned to Ispeming.
Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Kangas, son and daughter returned Sunday night from an auto trip to the copper country, having spent three days with friends. The trip was made in their Hippobolic.
Mrs. William Harris and daughter, of St. Paul, and Wm. Levine, of Chicago, are here on a visit to M. A. Kahra and family. Mrs. Harris formerly lived here. Mrs. Levine is a niece of Mr. Kahra.
Dr. Will Burke came down from Lake Linden Saturday. On the return trip Sunday he met with an accident at Three Lakes that put his car out of commission. He returned to the city and went up for the car yesterday.
Robert Greer, formerly of this city, who is now captain of the Carpenter mine, on the Menominee range, drove over from there in his car Sunday, to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. George Garrott. He will return today.
Births recorded in the city yesterday are a son to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hooper, 901 South Pine street; a son to Mr. and Mrs. Rollin Austin, 211 Marquette street; a son to Mr. and Mrs. George Harris, 616 East Division street; a son to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Laakso, 129 Canada street, and a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Julius Etama, 426 Jasper street.

A dinner dance will be given at the Golf club house tomorrow evening, with Mesdames W. H. Johnston and H. O. Young as hostesses. Dinner will be served at 6:30 by Mrs. Gray at fifty cents a plate. Dancing will start at 8:30. Tickets for the dance will be \$1. Those desiring dinner are asked to notify Mrs. Gray not later than 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.
Charles Sellevold, daughter, Isabelle, and son, Howard, and Dr. Lidd, of Marinette, and Mrs. Joseph Hubert and son, Louis, and Mrs. Orth, of Menominee, spent the week end visiting at the home of John Olsen on Bessemer street. The trip was made in Mr. Sellevold's Paige car. Miss Lillian Olsen returned with the party to visit friends in Menominee and Marinette.
The building committee of Ispeming lodge, Knights of Pythias, of which James A. Blackney is chairman, has called for bids on the construction of its new business block, to be erected on Division street. Bids will be received until a week from today, the 24th, at 12 o'clock noon. Plans and specifications can be seen in Mr. Blackney's office, 106 North First street. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and the bid which the committee may deem most advantageous to the lodge will be accepted.
Irrigation projects under way or completed in this county represent an acreage of 2,540,633 and a cost of more than \$80,000,000.

Following the championship battle the Michigamme and Trout Creek teams played, the latter winning by a score of 6 to 3. Joe Martin and John Mandley of Ispeming played with Michigamme, the former at second and the latter on first. Mandley made a home run in the third inning.

WILLIAM FARNUM TODAY.

Noted Actor Will Be Seen in Sheldon's Powerful Drama, "The Nigger."

An offering of unusual merit at Ispeming theatre this afternoon and evening will be William Farnum in Edward Sheldon's drama, "The Nigger." This drama, in five parts, contains many stirring scenes and Mr. Farnum, who is the highest paid artist in motion pictures, appears to excellent advantage. The matinee will be given at 2:30 o'clock and the pieces will be ten cents for adults and five for children. The evening prices will be fifteen for adults and ten for children on the first two floors and in the gallery ten cents for adults and five for children.
"The Nigger" deals with the career of Philip Morrow, a wealthy young planter, and owner of Morrow's Rest, who has grown to manhood in the belief that the blood in his veins is the most aristocratic in the South. He is happy in the love of Georgiana Byrd, the belle of his native state. Rich, young, and a power politically, his cup of happiness seems to be filled to overflowing. "Tif" Noyes, a political boss and distiller of whiskey of the fiery brand manufactured for negro consumption, persuades Morrow to run for governor. During the campaign one of Philip's negroes is lynched, in spite of Morrow's efforts to save him for the law. The incident makes a deep impression on Morrow's mind, and upon his election to the governorship he decides to sign a prohibition bill, which would mean the ruin of Noyes' business. Threatened in this way Noyes visits Morrow and springs the trap. In rummaging in an attic he has found papers proving that Morrow, the aristocrat, the blue-blooded land owner and governor of the state, has a touch of negro blood in his veins. Morrow faces the blow manfully. He confesses the taint in his blood to Georgiana and then determines to do the right boldly as he sees it. With a stroke of his pen, Morrow, crushed, but not broken by the fearful revelation of his "nigger" ancestry, makes the prohibition bill a law, and, to make his heroic self sacrifice complete, resigns his office to devote the remainder of his life to the uplifting of the negro race.

KILLED AT BUTTE.

James Murphy, of the Cleveland, and his sister, Mrs. Thomas Maney, have gone to Butte, Mont., in response to a telegram informing them that their nephew, John Murphy, Jr., had been killed accidentally. No particulars as to how the deceased, who was sixteen years of age, met his death were given. The father of the boy was for several years in the employ of the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company here. He left Ispeming to take a position at Ironwood.

BIG ROAD JOB.

Hill & Snell Doing Good Work Between Champion and Michigamme.

That the highway between here and Michigamme will be a popular one as soon as the work now in progress is finished is clear from the favorable comment by automobilists who have been over it within the past few weeks. The part of the road that has been reconstructed is in fine condition, and Hill & Snell, who have the contract for a long stretch between Champion and Michigamme, are doing good work.
The part of the road built a year or more ago under supervision of the county road commission is a fine dirt road as can be found anywhere, as some excellent gravel was available for the work.
The road is being changed from its old location in many places. At several points the contractors have had to blast rock and large boulders, so that the work has not moved along as rapidly as it was expected to. They are working a good-sized force and they have ten or a dozen teams on the job.
There is some very attractive scenery between Champion and Michigamme, particularly near the big concrete bridge built last year over the Pischeke river, a short distance from Champion. The country road commission is now constructing a fence of solid timber on the south side of the highway for some distance east of the bridge, where the road then follows the river.
Hill & Snell have run into a difficult piece of work in a gully about two miles this side of Michigamme. The creek will be dammed with a concrete bridge, the frame work of which has been completed. This is now the worst place on the road.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for the construction of a Pythian temple for the Zenith lodge, No. 33, Knights of Pythias, Ispeming, Michigan, will be received until 12 o'clock noon, Monday, Aug. 23, 1915. Plans and specifications prepared by Derrick Hubert, architect, of Menominee, Mich., and adopted by said lodge.
Plans and specifications may be obtained at the office of J. A. Blackney, 106 North First street, Ispeming, Mich.
All proposals shall be enclosed in sealed envelopes, addressed to the committee, and delivered by 12 o'clock noon, Aug. 23, 1915. The committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids, or to accept any bid which it may deem most advantageous to said lodge.
J. A. BLACKNEY,
Chairman of Building Committee,
Zenith Lodge, No. 33, K. of P., Ispeming, Mich., 8-10-15
FOR SALE—Household goods. Inquire at 215 High street, Ispeming. 8-16-15
FOR SALE—Beautiful upright piano, golden oak case, in perfect order; cash price. Apply at my store, Wm. Hubbard, Grand street.
FOR SALE—Household goods. Inquire 317 West Ridge street. 8-11-15

Ispeming Theatre Today

AMERICA'S FOREMOST FILM ACTOR
WILLIAM FARNUM
In Edward Sheldon's "The Nigger"
Great Drama
\$100,000 Production. 1,000 People. 500 Scenes. Don't Miss It!

MATINEE at 2:30—5c and 10c. Evening—first two floors, adults, 15c, children, 10c; gallery, adults, 10c, children, 5c.

GRAY & WHITE — Comedy Talking, Singing and Dancing.

TOMORROW
VIVIAN MARTIN IN
"The Arrival of Perpetua"
World Production, in Five Parts

THURSDAY
BARGAIN MATINEE at 2:30
Seven Reels, including No. 7 of
"WHO PAYS?"

FRIDAY
"Romance of Elaine" Fourth Episode
Last Half of Week
MONETA & WILBER
MUSICAL NOVELTY ACT

Castle Brew

IT'S GREAT!
[Positively] No Better BEER made
Nothing But the Best brewing material, together with the purest spring water, is used in its manufacture.
Try a case, in quarts or pints
U.P. Brewing Co.

AGENT PREPARES FOR SOIL TEST

Equipment for Determining Lime Requirement for Alfalfa Culture Arrives at County Agricultural Office—Pioneer Iron Company Supplies Lime Preparation

Potato Growers Organize With W. S. Ewing President—Thirty Farmers Attend Meeting and More Will Affiliate—Preliminary Announcement of Congress

Tools and equipment for testing the soil for acidity arrived in the office of the county agricultural agent yesterday and the officials will at once begin work to determine the lime requirement of different localities so that alfalfa culture will become general throughout Marquette county.

W. F. Raven, field agent for the Michigan Agricultural College, said yesterday that there is no reason why the county should not produce excellent alfalfa crops when properly treated. In Menominee county the soil contains much free lime and once it is germinated for alfalfa no further treatment is necessary.

Although the farmers of Marquette county must add from one to two tons of lime to the acre in order to sweeten the soil, they are fortunate in having a practically unlimited supply of a lime preparation which can be obtained without cost. The Pioneer Iron company is giving away this preparation because it has no use for it. Much lime is used in the furnaces and the precipitate is dumped as refuse where it can easily be hauled away. Little calcium is taken out in the process and the product is in better condition afterward for fertilizing purposes than before because it is as fine as flour. Chemical tests which have just been made show a calcium (Ca) content of 92 per cent.

When the soil has been tested and the lime preparation applied, nothing but hardpan will prevent the cultivation of good alfalfa crops in Marquette county.

Potato Growers Organize.

The Marquette County Potato Growers' association was organized Saturday afternoon in the office of L. R. Walker, the county agricultural agent, the following officers being elected: President—W. S. Ewing of Marquette. Vice President—Bert Barton of Republic. Secretary—F. H. Vandenhooft of Marquette. Treasurer—Robert Blumhauer of Marquette.

The association automatically becomes a member of the state association and of the national organization of potato growers. One of the advantages which each member of the association will receive will be the inspection by a state representative of a quarter acre plot of potatoes planted for seed purposes.

The meeting last Saturday was attended by thirty farmers and Mr. Walker will hold other meetings in the outlying parts of the county to bring more potato growers into the association. The community plan of advancing the potato industry will be promoted. Raising of pure varieties and the elimination of undesirable types for commercial purposes will be one of the objects of the association. Special attention will be given to seed improvement and dissemination, and potato diseases will be fought.

Prizes for Potato Congress.

A pamphlet containing a preliminary announcement of the premium list for the annual convention of the Upper Peninsula of Michigan Potato Growers is being distributed by the committee in charge of the convention, which will be held in Marquette Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 27, 28, and 29. The final program and premium list will be issued later.

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 16.—[Special]—Upbound vessels passing the canal the last twenty-four hours were: Ward Ames, 7:30 last night; Ellwood, Sheale, 9; South American, 9:30; Steinbremer, 10; Dustin, Truesdale, 11; Fairbairn, Holley, midnight; Corvus, 12:30 this morning; George Peavy, 1:30; Dickson, Cuddy, Morgan, Jr., 2; Barnum, 3; Oleott, 4; Block, 5; Garrett, 5:30; Jay Morse, 6; Princeton, 7; Schoonmaker, 7:30; Wickwire, 9; Niemanns, Manila, 9; Farrell, French, Sonoma, Midland King, 9:30; Trimble, Algonquin, M. A. Hann, 10:30; Buffington, 11:30; Gary, Agassiz, Lyndin Smith, noon; Shenango, 1 this afternoon; Holden, Morgan, 2; Neessen, 3; Joshua Rhodes, 4:30; Malietoa, 5; Mardeen, 5:30; John Owen, Hart, 6; Baker, 6:30.

HOSE CARTS AND HEARSE STOP.

Duncan MacDonald Brings Problem of Champion Hill to Commission.

Duncan MacDonald appeared before the city commission last night as the representative of the A. C. Anderson property on the Champion street hill and requested that the commission do something about grading Division street. Estimates were ordered several months ago and the city engineer has been at work on them, but the commission cannot order the street laid out until a majority of the property holders on the street signify their willingness to pay the assessment on the grading. And there's the rub.

There are more vacant lots than houses and the owners of these lots don't want any extra expense. And so Duncan MacDonald and others on the hill can't fire in one of the houses on the hill this summer and the hose cart got stuck, the combination of steep grade and ruts being too much for the horses. It took some time for the firemen to get the hose out to the fire. Then came the time when a funeral procession moved along Division street and the hearse got stuck on the hill and had to back out. This was too much. It is believed Mr. MacDonald will stay up a few more nights trying to solve the problem.

"TANGO TOWN" AT PRISON TONIGHT

Theodore Kittay, Russian Tenor, Will Be an Attraction Extraordinary.

Through the courtesy of Mrs. E. N. Breiting and Donald MacDonald, the producer, the greater part of "Tango Town," recently presented with marked success here, at Musising and at Ishpeming, will be put on at the chapel of the Marquette prison tonight for the entertainment of the inmates. A presentation of one of the earlier MacDonald shows, has a topline place in the annals of formal entertainment at the prison, and "Tango Town" is now being looked forward to with the keenest anticipation by over 300 men whose shuffling opportunities are, perforce, limited.

As attraction extraordinary in connection with "Tango Town," Theodore Kittay, a prominent Russian tenor, will sing groups of songs between the acts. Mr. Kittay was first called to the attention of New York musical critics by Mrs. Breiting some three years ago, after she had heard him sing in humble surroundings. In the interval he has made remarkable progress, and he is regarded as a tenor of fine attainments. The cast will be taken to the prison tonight in automobiles. For those who have not already arranged for transportation, autos will be in waiting at Stafford's corner at 6:30 o'clock this evening. The performance will begin at 7:30 o'clock. Members of the cast are requested to meet at the opera house at 2 o'clock this afternoon, to be made up.

MAN WHO KILLED SELF HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED

John Koltuzor's Letters Give No Reason for Suicide—Brother Is Located.

John Koltuzor, who shot himself through the heart Sunday noon in the lower South Shore yards, was yesterday positively identified by a number of men who worked with him at Big Bay and also by G. C. Dow, president of the Big Bay Lumber company, by whom Koltuzor was employed.

It is believed his brother has been located at Norwich, Pa., and a telegram has been sent to him there. A jury was impaneled yesterday morning and the body was viewed, after which the jury was dismissed subject to the call of the coroner, William Prin of Ishpeming. The inquest will be delayed until something is heard from the brother.

The letters which were found on the person of Koltuzor were examined yesterday, but they contained nothing which would throw any light on the reason for the suicide, being principally letters from the Catholic Slavonian Insurance company of Pittsburgh relative to a claim for sick benefit. Koltuzor underwent an operation for appendicitis last April.

Koltuzor bought his revolver from Richards' sporting goods store on Washington street Saturday night. Mr. Richards had only three No. 38 shells left in stock and said he would have another supply in on Monday. Koltuzor took the three shells and appeared satisfied. At 10 o'clock Sunday morning he ate a hearty breakfast in a Baraga avenue restaurant.



VICTORIA TRIO, HARMONY SINGING GIRLS, NOW APPEARING IN VAUDEVILLE AT THE MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE.

FRIDAY WILL BE TUBERCULOSIS DAY

Marquette County Physicians Will Give Free Examinations to the Public.

Members of the Marquette County Medical society are co-operating with the medical fraternity in the state at large to secure the best results possible on Friday of this week, proclaimed by Governor Ferris as "Tuberculosis Day." They, along with most other physicians of Michigan, will on this day conduct free examinations which will have the particular purpose of determining the applicant's condition with respect to tuberculosis, whether they are free of it, perhaps suffering from some early stage of the disease or whether their general condition is such as to invite an attack by it. It is hoped that there will be a large response to this offer of free examination. In this connection it is pointed out that the habit of going to a physician at stated intervals to be looked over is one that must grow upon the people by reason of its very wisdom. The life insurance companies are now at work upon a plan to provide for physical examinations for their policyholders at least once a year. There are 20,000,000 policyholders in this country, yet the life insurance companies have figured that the expenditure of \$100,000,000 (a hundred millions of dollars) every year on doctors' examinations would amply repay them. These examinations would detect tendencies to disease before these tendencies become set. They would detect the beginning of disease while yet it could be easily eradicated. And this life would be extended.

It isn't the sick man who profits so much by such examination as the well man. That is the apparently well man whose engine breaks down, a very cursory examination will reveal the cause. But when the engine is apparently whole, it may really be on the verge of breakdown. A nut may be loosened to the last thread. A bolt may be cracked. A sudden jar or strain may bring about an engine failure. It is engineering wisdom to make examination of the engine to detect such defects before they have time to progress to the point of breakdown.

The body is our physical engine. It is our automobile, our locomotive, carrying us about the streets, every inch of which carries our food. It is our chemical laboratory wherein the elements of nutriment in the food are transmuted to blood and strength. It is our pumping station, carrying the streams of blood irrigation to all parts of the body. It is our forcing mill, taking air through the nostrils and lungs and the purification of our internal structure. It is our sewerage system carrying off in fluids and solids the poisonous waste of this physical factory wherein are produced the essentials of life and efficiency.

The soldier will give his first care to his horse which carries him. The loco motive engineer will go carefully over every part of his engine before taking it out on a run, and after the journey it will be carefully examined in the round house again. But this body, which must carry us through every hour of every day for 50 or 60 or 70 years—we too often think it can get on without particular attention!

You ought, regardless of tuberculosis or anything else, to have your physical machine gone over once or twice a year by a competent physician that injuries and losses are sometimes irreparable damage may be forestalled.

CONVENTION OF REGISTRARS.

Gathering to Take Place During Homecoming Celebration at Bay City.

The returns from queries sent out some weeks ago by the Board of Commerce, the registrars and the mayor of Bay City in regard to a convention of Bay City registrars of the state are sufficient to insure the first convention of registrars of the state ever held in Michigan. The date has been set at Sept. 7 and 8. J. H. Primeau, registrar of deeds of Marquette county, expects to attend.

The golden jubilee and homecoming celebration of Bay City will be held from Sept. 6 to 10, and the meeting of the registrars, it is said, will not interfere with the celebration program. Meetings also will be held jointly with the sheriffs, prosecuting attorneys and chiefs of police of the state, who will be in convention at Bay City Sept. 7, 8 and 9.

Theatrical

Marquette Opera House.

"The Heart of Cerise," a three-act French drama of the stage, will be shown at the Marquette Opera House tonight. Tomorrow's offering is William Farnum in "The Wilded Fool," a five-part Fox feature. The vaudeville number is the Victoria Trio, three harmony singing girls.

Delft Theater.

Belasco's great modern American success, "The Governor's Lady," at the Delft theater today, in which Miss Edith Wynne Mathison was seen, in photodrama for the first time, tells the story of an ambitious man who suddenly acquires wealth and feels that the wife, who shared his poverty, is not able to adapt herself to the new surroundings. This man, who is a type of successful American, becomes infatuated with the daughter of a senator, a girl who does not love him but whose ambition impels her in his direction. The faithful wife, however, refuses to give her husband the divorce necessary for his marriage with the other woman, and thereby prevents him from suffering the penalty of his own folly.

In the end, the husband, having won the position of governor, finds that honors are empty without his wife. He pleads with her and she finally agrees to take her proper place as "The Governor's Lady." In addition to Miss Mathison the company includes James Neil, Tom Forman, Theodore Roberts and May Allison.

The purest, most nourishing strength giving food in the world is "DANISH PRIZE MILK."

NEW FISH LAW DOES NOT HIT GREAT LAKES

Restriction on Sale of Certain Species Applies Only to Inland Waters.

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 16.—The most important change in the laws made by the 1915 legislature, insofar as the number of people affected is concerned, is in the fish and game laws.

The old law was upset in many ways and many new restrictions were placed upon the taking of fish in inland waters only—not in the great lakes.

Since the law was passed the game warden's department has issued pamphlets containing the substance of the new law, and has issued the following statement, by way of explanation: "From the numerous inquiries received by the state game, fish and forest fire department it would infer that there is a decided misunderstanding generally among sportsmen, fish dealers and proprietors of hotels and restaurants as to the interpretation of the new fish law passed at the last session of the legislature, which will take effect August 24. Erroneous reports have led people to believe that serving of fish at hotels and restaurants is to be a thing of the past, when in fact the recent act of the legislature will not prohibit the taking, sale or serving of fish taken from the great lakes.

Old Act Still Applies.

"Act 213 of the Public Acts of 1909, as amended, which regulated the commercial fishing industry in Michigan is still in force. That act provides the manner in which fish can be taken from the waters of the great lakes and fixes a size for the various species, and provides for their transportation and sale. From that source the supply of fish can still be furnished.

"The new fish law only applies to the inland waters of this state and has nothing whatever to do with fish taken from the great lakes.

"Under the provisions of this law blue white bass, calico bass, rock bass blue gills, smelt, perch, wall-eyed pike and crappies have been added to the list of selected fish and when taken from the inland waters of this state they can not be bought or sold. Any of the above species, however, when taken from the great lakes may be bought and sold, if of a legal size.

"Wall-eyed pike and perch taken from the great lakes are regulated by weight as follows: Pike must weigh one pound in the round; perch must weigh five ounces in the round. Wall-eyed pike and perch when taken from the inland waters of the state are regulated by length as follows: Wall-eyed pike must be ten inches in length and perch must be five inches in length.

Can't Be Bought or Sold.

"These fish can not be bought or sold when taken from inland waters, neither can they be served at hotels or restaurants where a charge is made for the meal, but can be served to the person who caught them by hotels or restaurants upon request to do so by such person, provided there is no added cost made because of such service.

"The new law provides that not more than a total of twenty-five of the different species known as white bass, calico bass, rock bass, smelt, blue gills, crappie, crappies and wall-eyed pike can be taken in one day or had in possession at any one time. This provision, however, will not apply to any of the species named when taken from the great lakes."

RAILROADS FEAR SHORTAGE OF COAL

New York, Aug. 16.—The prospect of a coal shortage next spring has led the Pennsylvania, Lehigh Valley and other railroads to start storing as much coal as possible at convenient points along their lines.

Other railroads are preparing to follow suit. The occasion for all this preparation is because the agreements between the miners and their employers expire next April.

A strike then is considered probable, and some sort of suspension of work in the mines is expected.

To grant the miners' demands as formulated would increase the cost of coal \$12.5 a ton to the consumer, it is figured.

Tidewater prices for anthracite, now \$3.55 to \$3.25 a ton, depending on size of coal, field prices ten cents a month until spring, beginning Sept. 1.

NIGHTMARES.

The last bell rings, and I repose, But what I suffer no one knows; Thus far I have not really dared To tell my dreams—'till listen well, And I my sufferings will tell.

Each day, you know, I get a mark, And since I am, I fear, no shark, That mark is usually poor; Not just in one day's mark, you see, But more the fifties fly at me.

When classes finish, and I run To have a little bit of fun, As before me lists and lists Of lessons which are not yet done, And which I do not dare to shun.

So once again I take my place In study hall, and try to erase Those zeros by a ten next day, And so by examining I'm a "block" I'm tired out by six o'clock.

As a Semi-Public Institution—

bearing no small responsibility for the welfare of business and private interests of the City—

The First National Bank of Marquette, in return for the confidence reposed in it, stands always ready to render a broad and liberal service.

It places its facilities and resources in helpful relation to the affairs of all who will appropriate them to their use.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Designated United States Depository

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$250,000.00

Send for our booklet, "MODERN BANKING," which fully explains our system of Banking by Mail.



Automobile Owners

When your car does not run right, why not bring it to us? We have fixed others, why not yours?

None but experienced mechanics to work on your car. Work done in the best equipped shop in the upper peninsula.

We have a large stock of supplies on hand at all times, including Michelin, Republic, Goodyear and Pennsylvania Vacuum-Cap Tires and Tubes.

Try having your car washed and polished after the wet spells. We have a very good man on duty at all hours.

Use this place as your garage. We are here to help you out and make your car a pleasure.

CLOVERLAND AUTO CO.

THE PITTSBURGH & LAKE ANGELINE IRON CO.

WILL OFFER AT PUBLIC SALE

On the 15th Day of September, 1915

at 10 o'clock a. m., in front of its office in the city of Ishpeming, Marquette county, Michigan, ALL of its property, real, personal or mixed, in the state of Michigan, as follows:

City of Ishpeming, Marquette County

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, Section-15, and the surface right to a lot containing 1.77 acres, more or less, on which are located the mine office, barn, machine shop, carpenter shop and one dwelling house.

The above comprise what is commonly known as the Pittsburgh & Lake Angeline mine.

Lands in Tilden Township, Marquette County

W 1/2 of SE 1/4, Sec. 21, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.
NW 1/4 of NE 1/4, Sec. 28, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.
S 1/2 of NE 1/4, Sec. 28, T. 47 N., R. 27 W.

The above comprise what is commonly known as the Mitchell mine.

Land in Spurr Township, Baraga County

Lands in Champion Township, Marquette County

Lands in Forsyth Township, Marquette County

Land in Ely Township, Marquette County

Land in Humboldt Township, Marquette County

All personal property on hand at the day of sale.

For circular covering details or for further information apply to W. G. Pollock, Secretary and Treasurer, 206 Western Reserve Building, Cleveland, Ohio, or to Thomas Walters, Ishpeming, Michigan.

Dated August 10th, 1915. (8-11-15)

NUMBER

FRANK TO TR PRO

Body of M...
der of...
Dangling...
Only in...
Home of...
Crowds at...
Corpse...
Calmed—...
Investiga...
parently

Marietta, C...
convicted of...
\$5 each...
Money refunded if not satisfactory.
REXALL KEMELIS,
8-4-2w. Gwinn, Mich.

NOTICE.

Members of Superior Hive will hereafter pay assessments to Mrs. May V. Wills, finance keeper, 518 W. Washington street. (7-27-15)

GOITRE

Goiter is not only unsightly but disagreeable—it has a tendency to make one nervous, irritable, short of breath, etc.

Desjardins' Goiter Remedy

UNGOITROID

Cures in the most simple manner, externally, by absorption.

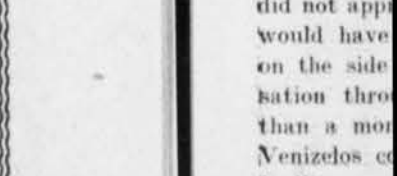
UNGOITROID removes a goiter. After a goiter is reduced with UNGOITROID it stays down.

\$2.00 POSTPAID.

Manufactured only at
DESJARDINS' PHARMACY
417 N. Third Street,
Marquette, Mich.

Prompt attention given to mail orders.

IT IS NOT WHAT YOU PAY BUT WHAT YOU SAVE



I can save you money on a Watch, Gold Ring or anything in the line of jewelry. Remember this the next time you need anything in my line. CASH OR CREDIT.

M. F. Goldberg Third St.

For Hire

Launch KAW-BAW-GAM

Excursions, Picnics, Freight, Towing

L. D. BELL, Capt.

Leave order at Elks' Bowling Alley. Phone No. 512-R. Dock, foot of Main St.

CHARLTON & KUENZLI ARCHITECTS.

Marquette, Michigan. (8-11-15)

Dispatched stated that for the pres...