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BIG LOAD, NO BALLASTING, BLAMED FOR CATASTROPHE

HUNDREDS ARE MASSACRED IN FRESH HAITI REVOLT

INQUIRY INTO THE CAPSIZING OF EXCURSION SHIP EASTLAND IN CHICAGO RIVER IS STARTED

Harbor Master Testifies He Refused To Open Clark Street Bridge Until Vessel Was Righted, But That Apparent Great Efforts To Do So All Failed.

HIS ASSISTANT ACCUSES CAPTAIN PEDERSEN FOR NOT REMOVING HIS PASSENGERS FIRST

Chicago, July 27.—W. K. Greenbaum, general manager of the Indiana Transportation company, which had leased the Eastland for use last Saturday, was taken into custody late tonight.

Chicago, July 27.—Over-loading, under-ballasting and grounding on the river bottom today were cited in testimony at the coroner's inquest by two experts as reasons why the steamer Eastland toppled over Saturday at its wharf and drowned hundreds of excursionists.

Adam F. Weckler, harbor master, and Joseph R. Lynn, assistant harbor master, both of whom were present when the steamer capsized with 2,500 persons aboard, said the boat was "cranky," and should never have been permitted by government inspectors to carry more than half the 2,500 persons it was entitled to transport under its license.

SAYS HE WARNED CAPTAIN.

Mr. Weckler testified that he arrived at the Eastland's wharf twenty minutes before the steamer was due to start and saw that the boat was listing to port. He called to Captain Pedersen of the Eastland to trim the vessel, shouting to the captain that he would not open the Clark street bridge until the boat was righted.

Mr. Weckler said the captain tried to right the ship, but seemed unable to take water into the ballast tanks fast enough. The harbor master said he had no doubt the tanks had been pumped dry, but that the captain should have been able to fill them in from three to five minutes, if nothing had been wrong with the ballast tank valves.

TWIN SCREWS HELD SHIP UP.

"Only last Tuesday I told Captain Pedersen that his boat needed trimming as it was constantly traveling on its ears. He said that the twin screws of the ship kept the Eastland on an even keel while under way," Mr. Weckler testified.

"After his arrest I heard Captain Pedersen say that he tried for seventeen minutes to trim the steamer, but could not get water into the ballast tanks fast enough. I don't believe that Captain Pedersen realized the danger until the final plunge came."

WITNESS ALLEGES NEGLIGENCE.

Mr. Lynn testified that he arrived just as the Eastland was due to start. He saw the dangerous list of the steamship and called the police and fire departments, returning to the wharf to see passengers leaping from the decks to the river.

"I believe," said Mr. Lynn, "that the ship was on the bottom aft of midships. If she lay on a bank sloping towards the middle of the river, and was being jammed down against this bank, she

would naturally tip toward the river center. If the captain tried for seven minutes to right the boat, without attempting to get off those on board, there was negligence."

TUG DID NOT PULL VESSEL.

Captain John H. O'Meara, of the tug Kenosha, which was hitched to the Eastland to tow the ship out of the river, testified that he did not take hold of the Eastland until after 7:25 o'clock, several minutes after the ship had begun to list, according to other witnesses. Captain O'Meara said he finally got the tug to go ahead, but before the tug line was fast the Eastland listed dangerously and he stopped, but the ship never righted.

A government official submitted government inspection certificates, including the latest one issued by Robert Reid July 2, 1915, on the request of Captain Pedersen, of the Eastland, that the carrying capacity be increased. This certificate allowed the Eastland to take on 2,570 passengers, an increase of five hundred over previous permits.

REDFIELD DENIES ANY FRICTION.

Secretary of Commerce Redfield tonight issued a statement on the investigation of the Eastland disaster, asserting that there was no friction in reports that there was friction between the department of commerce and the department of justice or anybody else. Mr. Redfield said that he had arranged to cooperate fully with United States District Attorney Clyne in trying to place blame for the accident. He inspected the wreck today.

DEATH LIST STILL UNKNOWN.

Efforts to check up the total number of lives lost by the upsetting of the Eastland made no progress today. While the list of missing grew, only three bodies were recovered and divers said that probably not more than a score of victims remained in the ship. Divers walked the river bed, hand in hand, late today, but found no bodies.

A contract to raise the steamer was let today and the work will be begun as soon as possible.

Many funerals will be held tomorrow and the day has officially been proclaimed as one of mourning, public buildings having already been draped. According to official lists 824 bodies now have been recovered and identified.

CONY ISLAND DEVICE JUMPS TRACK; KILLS 3

New York, July 27.—Three persons were killed when a roller coaster on the "Rough Rider," an amusement enterprise at Coney Island, jumped the track late today while traveling at high speed. Six years ago seventeen persons were injured in a similar accident on the same coaster.

Mexicans, Themselves, Trying To Make Peace

Washington, July 27.—Efforts to bring about a conference of military leaders in Mexico, in anticipation of a final appeal to faction leaders by the United States, are reported to be under way in the southern republic.

Information reached Washington tonight that representatives of various factions were consulting their leaders with a view to the assembling of a peace conference either with or without General Carranza. The report added to the interest in official quarters aroused by intimations that the administration was there,

considering asking General Carranza to reconsider his refusal to participate in peace negotiations which President Wilson urged two months ago.

An embargo on exportation of munitions of war to Mexico was said tonight to be contemplated as a part of the next step of the Washington government. Such an embargo, it was stated on high authority, would be rigidly enforced.

Mexico City remained out of the outside world today, despite official efforts to get word of actual conditions there.

GREAT BRITAIN ASKS U. S. NOT TO PUBLISH NOTE YET

Reply to American Protest of Order-in-Council May Be Supplemented, Is Explanation.

Washington, July 27.—The request made by Sir Edward Grey, British minister for foreign affairs, that the state department withhold from publication in tomorrow morning's papers, as originally planned, the text of the British note received yesterday in reply to the American protest against the British order-in-council, caused much speculation today.

No explanation for the delay was made except that another note on the same subject was promised from London "within the week."

The American note, which has been in preparation for some time, will be further delayed until the supplementary document is in hand. It was at first supposed that statements in the first American note to Germany, which were of general application and set out in determined language the purpose of the United States government to maintain the freedom of the seas, might have influenced the British foreign office to deal with that subject in the same note which defends the order-in-council.

From British sources, however, it is learned that the main purpose of asking the postponement of publication was to afford opportunity to the British government to consider, and, if necessary, to comment upon, the communication called from Washington July 17, in regard to cases before British prize courts.

STANDARD OIL STRIKERS, GIVEN SOME CONCESSIONS, WILL RETURN TO WORK

New York, July 27.—The strike of employees of the Standard Oil company at its Bayonne, N. J., plant, which has lasted ten days, and resulted in serious rioting, during which three men were killed and scores injured, is at an end.

The strikers, at an impromptu street meeting in front of Union hall, so voted today and dispersed with cheers. The men voted to return on the promise of G. B. Hennessey, the plant superintendent, that he would recommend an increase in wages and would right any wrongs found to exist in the shops, if the men returned to work forthwith. This proposition was obtained by the federal mediators, and is, in effect, the same proposal that was presented to the strikers yesterday by Sheriff Kinkaid, but which then was rejected by a portion of the men.

GRAND JURY TO PROBE THE PLACING OF BOMB AT HOME OF SADDLER

Dallas, Tex., July 27.—The Dallas county grand jury will begin tomorrow an investigation into the placing and exploding of a bomb in the home of W. T. Moore, superintendent of the saddlery department of the Padgett brothers' plant, and the shooting of two bombs under the residence of J. D. Padgett, president of the firm. Mr. Moore and a son were injured in the explosion early today. No arrests have been made, but a relative of Mr. Moore tonight was detained at the county jail.

The saddlery department of Padgett brothers, who have large orders for harness and saddles for warring European nations, was closed today and announcement was made that no more orders would be filled for the present. One hundred workmen were thrown out of employment, it is said.

JOHN D.'S BROTHER BEAT HER, WIDOW ALLEGES, AFTER SWINDLING HER

Cleveland, July 27.—Charging that she had been defrauded of \$9,000 in a stock deal that he had beaten and injured her and caused her arrest on a false charge when she called on him to get her money back, Mrs. Bertha M. Leiland, a Montreal widow, formerly Cleveland restaurant cashier, today filed suits aggregating \$100,000 against Frank Rockefeller, brother of the oil king. Rockefeller tonight characterized the action as a "villainous proceeding" and declared he would fight the widow to a finish.

HILE TO OPPOSE KONKEL AT RECALL ELECTION

Superior, Wis., July 27.—James H. Hile was today nominated in a "recall primary" to oppose Mayor Joseph S. Konkell in the recall election Aug. 10. This is the second recall election for Mayor Konkell since he took office for a six-year term and is the second time Hile has been picked to oppose him. Konkell won by ninety-one votes in the first recall election. Hile today led a half dozen competitors by a wide margin.

TWO MEN STEAL \$559; WALK OFF UNNOTICED

Salt Lake City, Utah, July 27.—While the city ticket office of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad was crowded this afternoon, two men walked into the office and behind the railing, and picked up \$559 in currency lying on a desk and then calmly walked out. The loss was discovered thirty minutes later.

GERMAN DRIVE HALTS SHARPLY, SLAVS HOLDING

Teutonic Sweep Toward Warsaw Brought to Sudden Stop by Stand of Nicholas' Forces; What Progress Is Made, Is Only Yard by Yard, at Heavy Cost.

Von Hindenburg, at First on Offensive, Trying to Split Russian Lines, Now Is on Defensive—Success Depends on Capture of the Lublin-Cholm Railway.

London, July 27, 10:30 p. m.—The Austro-German attempts to envelop the Russian armies defending Warsaw and to capture the Polish capital, which, for a time, progressed almost with the momentum of the offensive which cleared Galicia of the Russian troops, have been brought nearly to a standstill, and where the Germans are moving forward it is only yard by yard and at tremendous cost in men and material.

The German field marshal, von Mackensen, has taken a few villages on the way to the Lublin-Cholm railway, between the Vistula and the Bug rivers, and the Austrians, by a counter offensive at Sokal, have captured positions which will make the German flank safer, but, as has so often occurred lately, Berlin officially reports that "otherwise the position of the German troops under von Mackensen remains unchanged."

VON HINDENBURG ON DEFENSE.

Along the western bank of the Vistula, from Ivangorod to Novogorogivsk, even less progress apparently has been made while along the Narw, where Field Marshal von Hindenburg has been directing operations, in an effort to drive a wedge in behind the line, he is now largely occupied in meeting the Russian counter attacks. These counter-attacks, according to Petrograd, have succeeded in forcing the Germans, who had crossed the river, to return to the northern bank at several points, but Berlin asserts that they completely failed and that the German force is advancing in an easterly direction.

GERMANS MOVING EASTWARD.

The Russians, who were defeated in the Balkan provinces recently, also have returned, and, according to the Berlin official report, have delivered an attack from Mitau, which, however, was repulsed.

Further to the south the Germans continue their advance eastward, toward the Vilna-Petrograd railway, but there is a lot of territory to cover before this is reached, and it is considered more likely that General von Hindenburg, who is in command there, will turn to the southwest to threaten the Russian armies, which are facing von Hindenburg.

ALL HANGS ON LUBLIN RAILWAY.

Everywhere the battles are at their height, especially that in which von Mackensen is engaged. All the military critics here believe that this is the most critical engagement of the campaign, for the whole German plan depends on his reaching the Lublin-Cholm railway.

With interest largely centered on the east, the important offensive of the French in Alsace has been almost disregarded. They report tonight another success to the north of Munster, which apparently is their objective, and the repulse of a series of German counter attacks. The French have concentrated much artillery in this region and with high explosives have been tearing up the German defensive works, which are among the strongest on the whole line.

Constantinople reports that near Seldul Bahr, on the Gallipoli peninsula, the Turks have captured a portion of the allies' trenches.

VERONA BOMBARDED FROM AIR.

Verona, Italy, July 27.—About a dozen bombs were dropped on this city today from an Austrian aeroplane. There were no victims of the air attack, and the damage done to property was insignificant.

An alarm was given as soon as the Austrian machine made its appearance over Verona early this morning and all lights were extinguished. All the forts defending the city directed their fire at the aeroplane, which, after throwing

NINE TRAWLERS SUNK BY TWO SUBMARINES

German Raiders Apparently Aim at Demoralizing British Fish Supply—No Lives Lost.

London, July 27.—Apparently determined to demoralize the British fish supply as much as possible, two German submarines appeared suddenly among the fishing fleet off the north coast of Scotland and by shell fire sank nine trawlers yesterday. All of the crews were saved.

Some of the fishermen declare that the Germans on board the submarines spoke good English. In one case they shouted out to the British sailors: "We have nice little torpedoes here for Winston Churchill and Foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey."

The Danish steamship Nøglid, bound from Gothenburg, Sweden, for the river Tyne, and laden with railway ties, has been sunk in the North sea by a German submarine. The crew of the steamer was landed at Wilhelmshaven, near Bremen, according to a Copenhagen dispatch.

The crew of the Norwegian sailing ship G. P. Harbitz, was landed at Shields today by a Danish steamer. The Harbitz, which was bound for a British port, was set afire by a German submarine Sunday.

The Aberdeen trawler Emblem has been sunk by a German submarine. The crew was saved. This is the twenty-ninth Aberdeen trawler thus far destroyed.

INVISIBLE AEROPLANES ARE OWNED BY GERMANY NEWSPAPER ITEM SAYS

Amsterdam, via London, July 28, 3:09 a. m.—Germany possesses invisible aeroplanes, according to the Cologne Gazette. The wings are made of a clear transparent material called cello, which is the invention of a German engineer named Knaebel. Cello, which is manufactured from cellulose and acetic acid, is tough, pliable and non-inflammable, and is used instead of canvas. A machine covered with cello is said to be virtually invisible above an altitude of three thousand feet. Herr Knaebel made his first experiments with the material two years ago.

TOTAL BRITISH LOSSES SINCE OUTBREAK OF WAR AMOUNT TO OVER 300,000

London, July 27.—The British army and the British navy have lost, from the beginning of the war to July 20, nearly one year's total of 320,000 men in killed, wounded and missing. Of these 91,000 were in the navy and the others in the army. The total of officers killed in the army and the navy is 14,312, according to a statement issued by Premier Asquith.

down the missiles, succeeded in escaping.

Verona is distinguished by its wonderful medieval palaces. Its institutions comprise academies of painting and sculpture, a municipal library of about 160,000 volumes and several museums containing valuable collections of arts, natural histories and antiquities. Verona has a population of about 75,000.

ITALIANS' ATTACKS FEROCIOUS.

London, July 27, 10:30 p. m.—The battle between the Austrians and the Italians is described in dispatches from German correspondents as the most frightful of the war. The fighting along the Isonzo river has been going on for seven days, and no result has been attained. The casualties have been very heavy, according to the Geneva Tribune. General Cantore of the Italian army was killed in battle. According to late dispatches from Geneva, the Austrians have begun to evacuate Gorizia. The evacuation of Podgora is also declared to be a question of hours.

On the Carso plateau with the exception of a few trenches the Italians have captured the entire plateau, the Austrians losing two thousand men in two days there, according to the dispatches.

FRENCH SUBMARINE DESTROYED.

Berlin, by Wireless to Sayville, L. I., July 27.—The French submarine Marotte was destroyed by a German submarine on July 26 in the narrows of the Dardanelles, according to a dispatch from Constantinople to the Mittag Zeitung. Thirty-one members of the French submarine's crew were captured.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, July 27.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday.

UPRISING TO UNSEAT PRESIDENT EVEN MORE FIERCE AND DEADLY THAN THAT IN NORD ALEXIS' DAYS

One Hundred and Sixty Men, One a Former Head of Government, Executed; Governor Who Ordered It Dragged From Dominican Legation and Riddled By Bullets.

GUILLAUME'S PALACE IS ATTACKED BY MOBS; CIVILIANS KILLED AS THEY WALK IN STREETS

Port Au Prince, Haiti, July 27.—A revolution more terrible in the toll thus far taken than any even in the days of Nord Alexis flamed out in the Haitian capital today.

It was an offshoot of the movement to the north, where the adherents of Dr. Rosalvo Bobo, twice expelled from Haiti, have been striving for several months to break the power of the Haitian president, General Vilbrin Guillaume.

One hundred and sixty men, including a former president of Haiti, General Orestes Zamor, have been executed by order of General Oskar, governor of Port Au Prince, who later in the day was dragged from the shelter of the Dominican legation and riddled with bullets.

PRESIDENT FLEES TO FRENCH.

President Guillaume and the members of his family have taken refuge in the French legation, an attack upon which has been threatened.

The presidential palace has been partially destroyed, after an attack which lasted for hours. The revolutionists are in possession of the city. How many persons have been shot down in the streets and the government buildings cannot yet be learned.

REBELS ROUT PALACE DEFENDERS.

Eventually President Guillaume, General Oskar and the chief of police, who were defending the palace with the aid of troops who had remained loyal, were obliged to flee. At that time one section of the palace was burning.

Port Au Prince has been in a state of panic for days. No one knew when he might be cast into prison. There have been wholesale arrests, apparently caused by order of the president or some of those close to him.

SOLDIERS IN OPEN REVOLT.

The successes gained by the revolutionists in the north were convincing

proof to the president and government officials that their course would soon be run. Therefore they viewed with suspicion various individuals and organizations. One regiment of soldiers was disbanded. It was this regiment which at 4 o'clock this morning descended upon the palace.

President Guillaume, and those who acted as his guard, offered a stubborn resistance, but were greatly outnumbered. The palace was abandoned by the president, but some of the other continued its defense.

GOVERNOR IS SHOT TO DEATH.

Soon word of the massacre of the political prisoners was circulated and a fierce wave of indignation swept over the capital. Many who had not originally been identified with the rioting took arms. The Dominican legation was invaded and the governor of Port Au Prince paid the price with his life.

It was in March, 1908 that a similar execution of political prisoners, though not by any means so great an extent, took place. Nord Alexis was then president of Haiti. It was declared by his officials that those so executed were engaged in a revolution but a few months later Nord Alexis was deposed and deported from the country.

So far as is known no foreigners have suffered in the present uprising.

WASHINGTON WANTS REPORT.

Washington, July 27.—Official notification of the uprising at Port Au Prince against President Guillaume of the Haitian republic reached the state department late today from Charge d'Affaires Davis of the American legation there. Rear Admiral Caperton, who is at Cape Haitien, the scene of the last previous disturbances, with the cruiser Washington and auxiliary cruiser Eagle, has made no report. He was asked today for a detailed account of the Port Au Prince outbreak.

Waiting For Details Of Leelanaw Affair

Washington, July 27.—Information on one point—whether the captain of the American steamer Leelanaw was requested to deliver out the contraband in his cargo and was willing to do so—is needed by the United States government before officials can determine the nature of representations which may be made to Germany on the destruction of the vessel by a German submarine.

The Prussian-American treaty of 1828 provided that the vessels of either party, when encountered in time of war, could not be detained if contraband was given up. Should it develop that the Leelanaw's skipper was ready to surrender the contraband, the United States will present a note describing the occurrence as a violation of that treaty.

Consul General Skinner at London sent the following message today: "Leelanaw's crew proceeding to Dundee. Captain torpedoed ship states to consular agent at Kirkwall that he had ample time to leave ship before being fired upon. Crew went on board submarine and remained some time. Ship's boats taken in tow fifty miles."

Previous messages had reported that the crew landed at Kirkwall in the Leelanaw's own boats.

The saving of the crew removed from the case dangerous aspects which might otherwise have brought another climax in the relations between the two governments.

Berlin, July 27, via London, July 28, 3:15 a. m.—The American ambassador today presented to the foreign office a note of inquiry regarding the attack by a German submarine boat on the British steamer Orduna.

The Cunard liner Orduna, with 227 passengers on board—twenty-one of them American citizens—was attacked July 9 by a German submarine south of Queenstown, near the point where the Lusitania was sunk. It was stated by the captain of the steamer and others on board that the submarine, without warning, launched a torpedo at the Orduna which missed its mark, and afterwards shelled her. That the liner was able to escape unscathed was credited to the good seamanship of Captain Taylor and Chief Engineer Gowans, who maneuvered the ship so as to confuse the aim of the submarine's gunners. The Orduna was bound for New York at the time.

SWEDEN'S ARMY IS NOW BIGGEST IN ITS HISTORY

Copenhagen, via London, July 28, 2:41 a. m.—The Swedish army now is the largest and most effective in the country's history, according to a statement issued here today. Since the outbreak of the war the army has been almost doubled. It now aggregates 549,000 trained men of whom 300,000 are troops of the first line and the remainder landsturm.

Copper Country

CAMP SPORTS WILL BE FOR ENTIRE BODY

Capt. Smith Has Received Circular Dealing With Amusements at Grayling.

Captain Smith, of the Houghton Light Infantry, was informed yesterday by a bulletin from the state military department that at the Grayling encampment this year the athletic events formerly conducted under regimental auspices will be conducted by the department, for the organization as a whole.

These contests include the ordinary field events, as well as a number that are peculiarly military in character. Captain Smith recalls that during the last camp at which such contests were conducted Sergeant Kangas and Corporal Sarella, of his company, won the tent pitching championship.

The Houghton light infantry numbers several athletes who will be groomed for the contests. A number of good ball players in the company will try out for the Thirty-third regiment team, a baseball tournament having been arranged to decide the championship of the brigade.

Cash prizes are offered by the state for all these events, the list of contents following: Wheelbarrow race, two-men teams. Tent pitching race, two-men teams. Sack race, three-legal race. Cantopole races, eight men astride of tent pole as team. Obstacle race, relay race. Tug of war, twelve-men teams. Relay race, three men to team. Baseball throwing.

100 yard, 220 yard dashes, broad jump, hop, step and jump. Baseball tournament. Describing modern national camp life yesterday, Captain Smith says that it is far different than it was a few years ago, about the time of the Spanish war, for example. In those days after drills there was no amusement for the militiamen and the result was that they sought amusement for themselves, amusement often of a sort not particularly commendable.

Nowadays the department, or the regimental organizations, provide moving picture shows, athletic concerts, vaudeville shows organized among the men and various other amusements so that the men have little desire to leave camp.

The regimental officers at the appointments made to visit with each other in the matter of their vaudeville shows, and a lot of fun results.

INSPECTING PORTAGE LAKE. Col. Warren, Division Engineer, on Annual Tour of Inspection.

The U. S. yacht Col. Lydecker, of Buffalo, was in Portage Lake Monday night and yesterday, having on board Col. Warren, of Buffalo, United States division engineer in charge of the great lakes. He was accompanied by Major E. T. Peck, of Duluth, in charge of Lake Superior and Assistant Engineer Coleman, of Duluth. The party was accompanied through the lake by George H. Banks, engineer in charge.

Col. Warren is on his annual tour of inspection of the harbors, connecting waters and government engineering works on the great lakes. Here he inspected the work on the harbor of Bige, the new D. S. S. A. approach to the Portage lake bridge and the various breakwaters and revetments on the waterway.

The Lydecker went through to Duluth yesterday morning.

TOWNSHIP NEEDS MORE LAW. Lack of Ordinances in Portage Brings Out Peculiar Situation.

Portage township needs more law. This fact was made plain yesterday when a resident of Dodgeville called on Justice Little and wanted to make a complaint against a quartet of rowdies. The justice found no township ordinance, nor any state law, which seemed to cover the particular set of facts, which are these:

"The Dodgeville man has been working on a farm at some distance from home, and yesterday morning he returned for the purpose of inquiring after the health of his family. He learned that his wife and two young daughters had been terrorized during the night. A party of four young men came to the house about 1 o'clock yesterday morning and made a terrifying racket. They rapped on the doors, rapped on the sides of the house with clubs, yelled at the inmates. The neighbors finally arose, and drove them away. Their object could not be ascertained.

The husband and father has secured the names of the four rowdies and wants them arrested. Justice Little was in a quandary yesterday because of his inability to find any law under which they might be prosecuted.

Township Attorney J. F. Hambitzer was asked if the township of Portage has any local laws, or ordinances, of any kind. He said that it has by-laws that were passed many years ago, though he knows of no public record and could not immediately lay his hands on them. He knew of no township law touching the case under consideration.

Calumet township has an ordinance known as the "noise and disturbance" ordinance, which covers just such cases. Such an ordinance would be useful in Portage township.

HONOR SYSTEM AND MEAT REFUSED; IONIA PRISONERS STRIKE BUT SOON QUIT.

Ionia, Mich., July 27.—The "boys" up at the Ionia state reformatory have been reading about the honor system in vogue in several prisons. In fact, some of them have devoted all of their spare time to the study of literature.

Warden Otis Fuller believes that some of the inmates have been reading too much about this "new penology," to quote the warden, and asserts that a hunger strike in the prison is indirectly the result of this new fangled way of operating prisons.

"Some of the inmates who have spent the majority of their lives at the prison grew so bold as to demand that the honor system be given a trial at Ionia. 'Not while I am here,' was the warden's firm reply. 'I'm in control here and plan to be in control until some one else is appointed to succeed me.' This was a hard blow to the prisoners who had planned so much on the new system. They grew irritable and objected to oatmeal for breakfast.

"We don't want oatmeal, we want meat for breakfast," they said. "You won't get meat but I'll give you a new breakfast food," replied the warden, relenting slightly. This food was enjoyed by the prisoners for a few days, but when the new breakfast food ran out and oatmeal was substituted again the men rebelled.

"We won't eat," said six of them, pounding their plates with their knives and they went into solitary confinement. Warden Fuller stated last night that all but two were now eating oatmeal and working without further comment on the honor system.

"There is nothing to it," he said. "Every once in awhile the men think that they ought to strike, but I soon have them back where they belong."

MINISTER RESIGNS AFTER BOYCOTT BY CHURCH MEMBERS. Ludlow, Ill., July 27.—Rev. J. H. Baker, pastor of the Christian church at Ludlow, resigned because the members of his church boycotted him after he had excommunicated them from the pulpit for playing croquet on Sunday.

Several weeks ago Mr. Baker admonished his parishioners to cease what he called desecrating the Sabbath, but they ignored his request. The following Sunday his sermon was more bitter.

The leaders of the church held a meeting and decided to remain away from services until Mr. Baker ceased his attacks. The following Sunday only a half dozen members were in the pews. When Mr. Baker saw he could not stop Sunday croquet playing and at the same time have a crowded church he quit.

POSES AS WIDOW OF MILLIONAIRE FLAGLER. New York, July 27.—Letters and documents belonging to Mrs. John Johnson, in the west side jail, accused of obtaining money on the pretense that she is a widow of Henry M. Flagler, were seized in the Beaumont Hotel Bath Bazaar and an examination of them revealed, it is said, that the elderly woman owns thousands of dollars and had fairly started on a career to rival that of Cassie Chadwick and Madame Humbert.

Letters requested for the purchase of a residence in West End avenue at the price of \$57,000 were found side by side with frantic appeals for money from tradesmen, and one note was found telling Mrs. Johnson that the writer had been forced to sell her watch because she had failed to pay him the \$10 she had borrowed on it.

Eleven checks for large sums of money and drawn on the Commercial National bank of Washington, D. C., also were found and there was a torn envelope and mutilated letter addressed to Mrs. J. Johnson, New York city, in which Mrs. Johnson asserted that she soon will receive \$15,000,000 from the Flagler estate.

WAR HAS CAUSED DEARTH OF COMMON LABOR IN U. S. Chicago, Ill., July 27.—The European war has caused a dearth of common labor in the United States. Railroads are particularly affected, it was said by Richard Knight, state superintendent of employment agencies in Illinois.

Men employed as track workers are preparing to depart to join their regiments as quickly as possible. Knight said. Thousands of Italians, Austrians and men from the Balkan states have given up their railroad work within the last few weeks, and have started for their native countries.

"Reports indicate that private agencies are finding it extremely difficult to get common labor for the big improvement jobs on railroads," Knight said, "and I look for a serious situation in the Chicago labor market within a few weeks."

TROUT CREEK WON. The Trout Creek baseball team outplayed Even on the Trout Creek diamond Sunday, winning by a score of 8 to 5. Davis, in the box for Trout Creek held the visitors safe all the way, and piled up fourteen strikeouts. G. Harold, the Even pitcher, struck out but three men. Trout Creek is now in the lead for the championship of the southern end of Houghton county, having lost but one game this season, the favor Watersmeet team was among those defeated. Sunday the Trout Creek team will play at Greenland and at Bergland the following Sunday.

WOMAN'S DUTY TO HERSELF. Every woman owes it to herself to keep in good health. No one can reasonably be expected to maintain a cheerful disposition when half sick. Indigestion and constipation are two of the most common ills to which women are subject and fortunately are easily cured. Mrs. H. C. Getty, Indiana, Pa., writes: "Last summer I was advised by a friend to try Chamberlain's Tablets for indigestion and constipation. This medicine not only cured me of these disorders but toned up my whole system so that my health has been better than for years since taking them." For sale by All Dealers.

Baseball

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

Table with columns for League (American, National, Federal), Team Name, Wins (W), Losses (L), Percentage (.P.C.), and other statistics.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Table listing teams and their opponents for the day, such as Chicago at Boston, St. Louis at Philadelphia, etc.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, July 27.—New York returned home today and met defeat by Detroit. Fisher was hit hard and the Yankees' fielding was loose. Clevelander pitched his usual effective game, holding the Yankees to seven hits.

Boston, 3; Chicago, 1. Boston increased their margin of leadership in the American League race by beating Chicago today. For five innings not a Chicago batsman reached first base, but in the sixth a bases-clearing sacrifice fly by Murphy resulted in their only score.

NATIONAL LEAGUE. St. Louis, 6; St. Louis, 1. Philadelphia's July 27. Sheehan pitched good ball after St. Louis pounded his delivery in the first three innings and Philadelphia's batting was a pitifully feeble one.

PHILADELPHIA, 6; ST. LOUIS, 1. Philadelphia, July 27. Sheehan pitched good ball after St. Louis pounded his delivery in the first three innings and Philadelphia's batting was a pitifully feeble one.

FEDERAL LEAGUE. Kansas City, 2; Brooklyn, 7. Second game. Kansas City, 6; Brooklyn, 2. Pittsburgh, 2; Baltimore, 1. Ten innings. St. Louis, 3; Newark, 1.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION. Kansas City, 4; Minneapolis, 12. Second game. St. Louis, 3; Minneapolis, 2. Louisville, 7; Columbus, 10. Louisville, 8; Indianapolis, 5. Milwaukee, 8; Paul gene postponed because of rain.

IMPORTANT REALTY TRANSFER. Dr. R. J. Maas has purchased from the Johnson Vivian estate the unimproved property occupied by the Vivian residence on College avenue, East Houghton. It is the largest land transfer in Houghton within a year or more. Dr. Maas will erect a residence on the property.

Wireless messages have been successfully sent without the usual aerial. The wires, properly insulated, were laid on the ground.

Advertisement for HARRY LAUDER, World-famous Scotch Comedian, says: "Tuxedo, for mildness, purity and fragrance, THE tobacco for me. With my pipe filled with good old TUXEDO, all my troubles go up in smoke. In all my world-wide travels I've yet to find its equal as a slow-burning, cool-tasting, sweet-flavored tobacco. TUXEDO satisfies me completely."

Tuxedo The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette. Advertisement featuring an image of a Tuxedo cigarette pack and text describing the product's quality and availability.

MRS. THOMSON TELLS WOMEN How She Was Helped During Change of Life by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Advertisement including a portrait of Mrs. Thomson and a detailed testimonial about her experience with the medicine.

KARO (Crystal White) The modern way of making Preserves, Jams and Jellies—one part Karo (Crystal White) and three parts sugar. Advertisement for the KARO brand of corn syrup.

BLACKHEADS AND PIMPLES ON FACE Kept Getting Worse. Very Sore. Inflamed and Unsightly. Itched and Burned. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, In Short Time Well. Advertisement for Cuticura skin medicine.

Stafford's

are now prepared to pack and deliver their delicious ice cream in any quantity to any part of the city.

THE REXALL DRUG STORE

Try Mary Garden Candy. Films developed, 10 cents per roll.

The Largest Variety

Lawn Mowers Lawn Rakes Garden Hose Garden Tools

M. R. MANHARD & SON, Ltd. Wholesale and Retail Hardware

HURON

PORTLAND CEMENT

A large stock carried in Marquette warehouse. Prompt shipments.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

D. I. & W. Genuine Scranton Anthracite

Youghiogheny Soft Pocahontas Smokeless Lilly Smithing Blue Grass Cannel Island Creek Splint Large Stock of Pea Coal

CLEAN COAL PROMPT SERVICE

PHONES 90 & 293

JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD.

THE BEST COAL

SEATS GOING RAPIDLY.

Large Audiences Will See "Tango Town" Thursday and Friday Evenings.

SPECIAL!

For Today Only

Prime Pot Roast of Beef

14c a lb.

CHAS. DORIS

Phone 710.

IT'S UP TO YOU.

If you want to be a quitter, it is strictly up to you: For when trouble looms before you it is an easy thing to do. If you drop with each misfortune. If you moan with wail and sob. You'll be ready any minute to retreat and quit the job. But if one real drop of fighting blood goes coursing through your veins, you will meet your disappointments and your losses with a grin. You will stand and face your troubles, get a tighter grip on life. And you'll wave a proud defiance at the demons of stress and strife. If you want to be a quitter, keep on grumbling at your fate. Turn and run from toil and trouble when you meet them at your gate. But if you are not a coward, you will scorn misfortune's frown. You will halt about your colors and you will never haul them down. Life is a fight, and you must face it with a courage grim and true. If you want to be a quitter, it is strictly up to you. —Stelley Bryant.

(I have to bubble now and then). Things are looking much better, only a question of a little time. Let us all grab a chunk of coming prosperity.

JONES FOR DRUGS Baraga Avenue and Third Street.

- Wax Beans
- Green Beans
- Green Peas
- Cauliflower
- Peppers
- Squash
- Asparagus
- Egg Plant
- Raspberries
- Blackberries
- Sweet Cherries
- New Apples
- Pears
- Plums
- Pineapples

MELONS

- Rockyford
- Pinkmeats
- Pears
- Water

Murray's Grocery

For the best quality of goods

FRESH

- Green Corn
- Green Beans
- Celery
- Cabbage
- New Beets
- New Turnips
- New Carrots
- Wax Beans
- Egg Plant
- New Beets
- New Carrots

- Cauliflower
- Cucumbers
- Tomatoes
- Radishes
- Peppers
- Parsley
- Celery

We always carry the Best and Freshest line of Fresh Fruits in the Northwest.

DEL'S GROCERY

138 WASHINGTON ST.

WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

FRESH TODAY

- New Cabbage
- New Beets
- New Carrots
- Tomatoes
- Wax Beans
- Cucumbers
- Green Onions
- Celery
- Lettuce
- Radishes
- Watermelons
- Rockyford
- Peaches
- Cherries
- Hot House Tomatoes
- Plums
- Bananas
- Oranges
- Apples
- Pie Plant
- Cauliflower

McLean's Grocery

601 North Third Street

AS THE SHIPS COME IN. Or What Happened to the Cargo of Gold from Brazil.

A cargo of gold from Brazil? That was the form in which the tip was given yesterday morning to a person on the lookout for the rumormongers. Would it not have made a fine story had it been exactly so? Indeed! The Spanish galleon loaded with silver would not have caused as much excitement.

When the rumor was run down it was found that the truth had been slightly distorted, but the distortion was interesting because it showed how easily a story gains in the retelling.

A cargo of iron pyrites arrived Monday morning at Pickands dock in the steamer Erwin-Fisher. The pyrites were intended for the Pioneer furnace and were headed by the U. S. & I. rail-way. The pyrites came from De Calk Junction, N. Y., and the cargo was taken on by the Erwin-Fisher at Ogdensburg, N. Y. These are the facts, known by the interpretation.

Iron pyrites is a metal commonly known as fool's gold. Chemically it is iron sulphide, but its pale brass-yellow color has often led to its confusion with gold. It is burned in enormous quantities for making sulphuric acid, one of the products of the Pioneer furnace. De Calk Junction is near Peru, N. Y., and when there is no necessity of giving the exact location of the mines, the metal is said to come from Peru. Peru makes one think of South America and Brazil. Hence the rumor that a cargo of gold had arrived in Marquette harbor from Brazil.

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 27.—(Special.) Upbound vessels passing the canal the last twenty-four hours were: Wood, 8 o'clock last night; Dave Mills, Dickson, 9; Sullivan, James Wallace, 11; Stanton, 1:30 a. m.; Princeton, Manga, 2:30; Fronteneau, Chattanooga, Taurus, 6:30; Canopus, 8:30; Saunders, Jr., America, 10; small Samuel Mather, Corless, 11:30; Athabasca, noon; Empress, 12:30 p. m.; Arizona, 3; Cran City, Fitch, Matland, 4; Imperator, 6:30.

INSTRUCTION IN DANCING.

Mrs. Grace Palmer Pettie, who produced the very successful Holland Kerns at the Guild Hall a few weeks ago, will give courses of instruction in folk and modern dancing for children and young people, beginning Monday afternoon, Aug. 2nd. Classes will be held at the Guild Hall Monday and Thursday afternoons. Folk dances from 3 to 4 o'clock; modern dances from 4 to 5:30. There also will be a class in gymnastics and modern dancing for women. Those who wish to join the classes may communicate with Mrs. Pettie, at 219 East Ridge street, 7-27-21.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Overcast weather with probably showers. Yesterday's temperatures: At 7 a. m., 62 degrees; noon, 71; 7 p. m., 60. Highest, 77 degrees; lowest, 54.

Nels P. Flodin left yesterday for Milwaukee on business.

Miss Evelyn Reany has returned from Duluth, where she visited the past two weeks.

Walter Austin, a former resident of Marquette, is here from Chicago visiting friends.

A son was born Tuesday morning to Mr. and Mrs. Sam McMillan Jr., at St. Luke's hospital.

Miss Hazel Rowe left yesterday for the Soo, called there by the serious illness of her father.

Miss Stasia Mulligan of Calumet is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. F. Johnson, for a few weeks.

The July meeting of the county board of supervisors will be held at 11 o'clock this morning.

Dr. Willis A. Mauthe of Lake Linden, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Mauthe, of this city.

The Marquette city baseball team will play the Munising city team at Munising Sunday, August 1.

G. A. Caldwell of the Western Weighing and Inspection bureau, Chicago, is in the city for a few days.

Miss Hazel Neumier of Calumet, who has been visiting relatives in the city, left for her home yesterday.

Ernest Hetu of Detroit is visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. C. Christian of 1020 N. Fourth street.

Miss Marie O'Meara arrived home Tuesday morning from a visit to Niagara Falls and Mackinac Island.

Mrs. John Crowley and daughter, Margaret, left yesterday to spend six weeks visiting relatives in Detroit and Buffalo.

Jean McCombs has returned to the city after a three weeks' visit with relatives and friends in Chicago and Decatur, Ills.

Mrs. Cuthbert, who has been visiting in the city, left last evening for Crystal Falls, where she will visit her sister Mrs. Neely.

Vital Chiconsky has arrived from Montreal, Canada, to spend some time at his home here after an absence of fifteen years.

Charles G. Blake of Cincinnati, a former resident of Marquette who left here in 1878, arrived Tuesday to visit his brother, Richard Blake.

A dance will be given at the Wawona Golf club at Ishpeming tonight and will be attended by many Marquette members. Dinner will be served at 6:30 and the dancing will begin at 8:30.

S. J. Mitchell left yesterday afternoon for Detroit, where he will visit several automobile factories in company with Seldon R. Rose, who, with his wife, left for Detroit on the Junia on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Shorkey and daughter, Mrs. E. Shorkey, who are on the lookout for the rumormongers, left yesterday for Crystal Falls, where they will visit their son, Mr. Shorkey, N. Y., and the cargo was taken on by the Erwin-Fisher at Ogdensburg, N. Y. These are the facts, known by the interpretation.

Two boys, sons of I. Lauma and A. Mantolohma, aged thirteen and ten years, respectively, were drowned Sunday in an abandoned quarry near Ebea, when they tried to force a dog into the water and themselves fell in.

Special excursion rates to Firemen's tournament at Manistique will be in effect July 31, August 1 and 2, at \$3.50 for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale August 3 and 4, for \$3.05. The rates will be good until August 9.

Photographs of the steamer Eastland before and after the disaster are on display at Schock & Hallam's Jewelry store. The photograph of the hour turned steamer was taken two hours after the disaster by Charles Hallam of Riverside, Ill., a brother of J. W. Hallam of this city.

A special meeting of Presque Isle chapter, No. 493, Order of Eastern Star, will be held Thursday evening, July 29, at 7:30 o'clock, when candidates will be initiated. Women members are requested to bring a box lunch for the members, to whom a cordial invitation is extended.

Erick Larson, his daughter, Mrs. Joseph Nelson, and her two children of Joliet, Ills., have been guests at the home of Joseph E. Anderson for some days. Mrs. Larson and her grand-daughter, Miss Alda Anderson, left Monday night for Minneapolis to visit friends for a few days.

K. of P. Game—Final arrangements have been made for a baseball game between the Ishpeming lodge, Knights of Pythias and Marquette lodge, No. 6, Knights of Pythias. The game is to be played Sunday afternoon at 2:30, at the fair grounds and special car service has been arranged. This game was to have been played last Sunday but was postponed on account of the inability of both teams to complete their line-up. It is expected that the game will be a lively one as there are some league players in the lineup.

New Principal Chosen—H. D. Hughes, principal of the Bay City Western high school, has wired from Seattle, Wash., his acceptance of the appointment, as principal of the Marquette high school. The school board is now awaiting the return of the signed contract. He has had seven years' experience as a high school principal, having been principal of the Newberry and Crystal Falls high schools. He will succeed Wayne D. McIntook, who resigned in June to take a position as director of manual training and athletics at the Northern State Normal school.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO. GOLD USED IN SURGERY. German army surgeons have to have gold for many jobs of war patching. Among the articles being melted down for the material are old wedding rings, English coins and even fillings from other teeth.

Upper Peninsula

Ironwood Autoist Dead.

David McLean, of Ironwood, was instantly killed and five companions were slightly injured when an automobile in which they were riding left the road and plunged into Powder Mill creek. Details of the accident were not learned, but it is said that the car was traveling at a high rate of speed and skidded at the spot where the fatality occurred. McLean's neck was broken and he was dead when found. An inquest will be held.

Rehearing Denied.

A rehearing in the case of the board of supervisors of Chippewa county against J. T. Bennett and his sureties has been denied by the supreme court. A decision was recently handed down by the court in favor of the county and the defendant asked for a rehearing. The case involved about \$6,000, when amount must be turned over to the county. The case is commonly known as the Metzger check case. Attorney M. M. Lamonth acted for the defense.

Took Carbolic Acid.

Carbolic acid, self administered, is declared to have been the cause of the death of Leonard Brown, Escanaba painter, who died suddenly in his room at the Garfield Hotel. A bottle of the corrosive, empty, and the presence of sad burns on the mouth and throat of the dead man bore out the conclusion. Evidence to the means he had taken to kill himself. Despondency is believed to have been the cause for the act. Brown was unmarried and had been engaged at the I. Stephenson plant as a painter. He was thirty years of age.

Reade May Gain Freedom.

There is a possibility that Rev. G. G. Harper Reade, Episcopal clergyman, late of Blind River, Ont., who is charged with passing between \$1,000 and \$2,000 in worthless checks on Soo merchants, may be given a chance to go back to England and get sufficient funds to settle his debts in this country, it being reported that he is endeavoring to secure the necessary bonds for his release from Canadian friends. Should he be able to furnish bonds in the amount which he passed in worthless checks on Soo merchants, the News is informed that he would be released. In his case it is said that Reade would immediately go back to his former home in England, where he claims to have about \$23,000 in securities of one kind or another. He declares that he cannot obtain money unless he visits England personally, all of his securities being in mortgages, bonds and the like.

Letter May Have Saved Son.

"My son does not owe his life to any strange situation I may have had that he Eastland was going to have an accident, for I did not have any. However, he has written me thanking me for writing him and advising him not to go and therefore I guess he and I both feel that it was my letter which averted him from going down with all those poor and unskilled souls who met their death while bound for a joy trip." Thus spoke Mrs. Katherine C. Sawyer, 1008 Jenkins street, Menominee, when she said that she had received a letter saying that her son Harold, nineteen years old and an employe of the Western Electric company for the last six weeks, was safe. "I had no premonition of any particular kind that the Eastland was going to tip or have any accident. I felt nervous owing to the fact that I have a strange feeling of danger when one of these picnic lake excursions are planned. That is why I wrote to Harold and told him not to go."

Cup for Chickens.

The Red Breeders' Club of Upper Michigan, organized to boost the Rhode Island Red chicken, will donate a cup for the Menominee fair. All breeders who wish to compete for this cup should send their names to W. J. Adams of Menominee, secretary of the breeders' club. The decision of the club to donate a cup will add to the growing list of awards to be given out at the big Menominee fair for the best chicken exhibits. The Red Breeders' club was organized four years ago, and now has a membership of fifty from an elevated nine county. D. E. Wilson is president, George Harrison, vice president, and W. J. Adams, secretary and treasurer of the organization. Members of the executive board are Peter Gorman, John Adams, Charles Albright, Walter Haines, Wilcox Leachy, Joseph Bonche, F. E. Harrison, George Harrison, D. E. Wilson and W. J. Adams. F. E. Harrison, Menominee poultry fancier and breeder, will be judge in the competition for prizes among the Rhode Island Reds. George M. Wells, of Oshkosh, one of the best known poultry judges in the country, will decide the merits of the other breeds of chickens at the fair.

Saw Eastland Capsize.

After watching the excursion steamer Eastland turn turtle in the Chicago river Saturday morning, Miss Catherine McLaughlin, private secretary to W. B. Lindsey during the years that he served as superintendent of the Peninsula division of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, arrived in Escanaba Sunday morning, desponding over the terrifying scenes as "untellable." Miss McLaughlin was enroute to her work at the Chicago & Northwestern offices, and as the car in which she was riding passed over the Chicago river she, with other passengers, were terrified when they beheld the awful spectacle of the boat toppling over into the murky waters. The elevated stopped momentarily over the river and as it did so the conductor called out that "some terrible accident has occurred." "I shall never forget that terrible scene to my dying day," said Miss McLaughlin, as she told of the half muffled, dying screams of the women and children as they were dragged down to the muddy depths of the river. "Dockmen immediately leaped into the river and made brave attempts at rescue work. They worked heroically in attempting to save the women and children and entirely disregarded the men. Immediately the river became a surging, struggling mass of humanity, all in their own way, fighting for life. Some came to the surface but momentarily and then sank, perhaps to drift down the river." When Miss McLaughlin reached the Northwestern offices she carried the first news of the terrible disaster. Em-

THE MONEY YOU EARN
will eventually find its way into a Bank Account.
Will it be yours or someone else's?

Any school teacher will tell you we ought to say "someone's else," but so long as you get the correct idea and act on it, we'll waive the point of correct grammar.

Marquette National Bank

DELFT THEATRE
Today
"The Girl and the Bachelor"
2-Reel Kalem Comedy
Presenting Tom Moore and Marguerite Courtot.
"THE TEST OF SINCERITY"
BIOGRAPH DRAMA
"HIS WIFE'S SECRET"
Essanay Western Drama.
Featuring G. M. Anderson (Broncho Billy)
Thursday—Third Chapter of "The Goddess"
Saturday—Clara Kimball Young in "My Official Wife"

played at the office was one young man whose sister had been employed by the Western Electric company and who, he knew, was to go on the excursion. He immediately rushed to the scene that death had but a few moments before visited, to find that his sister had been rescued from the bottom of the river after six attempts. Her face had been had been completely submerged, filling her mouth and throat. She was among the first to be taken to the hospital, where she later recovered.

Soo Officials Fined.

Six members of the Soo board of review were arrested Saturday afternoon, brought before Police Judge Rock D. Frederick and fined a "jiney" each. They were charged with working Saturday afternoon in the city hall and were haled into court by J. C. Ryan, who was recently authorized by Mayor Handy and Recorder Eaton to see that all offices in the city hall and county court house closed on Saturday afternoon during the summer months. And the best of it was that Mayor Handy and Recorder Eaton were among those "pinned." The other four members of the board were: City Comptroller Field, City Assessor Ripley and Aldermen McEvoy and Bernier. The board members had no alibi, as J. C. had the goods on them. He produced his credentials in support of the mayor and recorder and stand the consequences. One by one they filed into police court and pleaded guilty to the offense. Judge Frederick taxed each one five cents. Comptroller Field secured H. Kohn to act as his attorney, and the latter was also fined. Just when Judge Frederick and Chief Mitchell thought they were in "soft" with the special representative, J. C. told them they would have to divy up five pieces for holding court Saturday afternoon. Of course, the others who had been "soaked" strongly supported

PROOF POSITIVE.

"25,000 gals. in and out every hour," read the sign of a swimming pool which the Argonaut tells. "That's all nonsense," said the simple-minded person, "there ain't that many women in the whole country."

There is REAL SATISFACTION IN EVERY PUFF OF PRINCE ALBERT.

Every time you smoke Prince Albert tobacco in a pipe or rolled into a cigarette you will like it better. You will like its flavor, and you will like its wholesome aroma; you will particularly like it because it will not bite your tongue or parch your throat. Prince Albert is the kind of a smoke man has sought for years. The patented process by which this brand is made has revolutionized pipe and cigarette tobacco. No other tobacco ever was, or can be, like Prince Albert. Don't lose any time getting Prince Albert, for it will give you more tobacco satisfaction than you have ever before had. You can smoke it all day and your tongue will not be sore. The whole thing is to know for yourself just how good Prince Albert really is. Somer you buy a tin for 10 cents, the sooner you will understand that Prince Albert will make your pipe and cigarette smoking more enjoyable than any other tobacco you can buy. To smoke all you want all day; to get real tobacco satisfaction without a sore tongue is just what you need in tobacco. Prince Albert will prove true to every statement made about it. In 5 cent bags and 10 cent tins at stores that sell tobacco.

OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT
THE FINAL EPISODE OF
THE BLACK BOX
Universal Special
"FATE'S ALIBI"
Laemmle drama featuring Helen Leslie, Marc Robbins and M. K. Wilson.
"He Fell in the Park"
Nestor comedy featuring Eddie Lyons, Victoria Forde and Lee Moran.
"SEEING INDIA"--Nestor Educational.
LAST TIME TONIGHT
AKI TRIO --- Japanese Novelty Act

HOLLAND IS HARD PRESSED FOR COAL

Its Inadequate Fields Are Undermanned, and It Must Depend on Germany.

Hoensbroek, Province of Limburg, Netherlands, July 10.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The minor's pick and drill were never so deftly wielded since Holland had a history as they are just now. Coal is in great demand. The Dutch mines are poorly developed and produce comparatively little fuel and it cannot be obtained in sufficient quantities from Germany and Great Britain at present to satisfy the calls of the various industries and public works dependent on it.

The limited production of coal in Holland is said by some to be one of the principal causes of the maintenance by this country of what they describe as friendly neutrality toward Germany. Even now, when a certain amount of coal is still coming in from the neighboring power, the authorities here are encountering difficulties not only in running the railroads, but in supplying fuel for the pumping stations all over the country whose operations keep the Netherlands from again becoming a swamp.

Holland has plenty of coal beneath the surface of her southernly province—Limburg. The fields, however, have never been properly developed and the Dutch are now regretting their lack of foresight in this regard, which, at a time when they feel they would like to be entirely free in their action, has placed them in a condition of dependence on Germany for an article which they need badly.

With these difficulties facing them since the beginning of the war, the mine-owners have made a brave showing, but they have been still further handicapped by the mobilization of the Dutch army, which took away many of their best men, and by the calling to the colors of German and Belgian pitmen, many of whom had been employed in the mines in the province of Limburg.

Although Holland occupies only very low rank in the coal-producing countries of Europe, its mines are probably the most ancient, their records showing workings near Keurade as early as 1113. The pits now owned and worked by the state were for many centuries exploited by monks from the Abbey of Klooster, who continued their mining operations until as late as 1795. The pits, now owned by the Wilhelmina, the Emma and the Hendrik, gave employment to 167 officials and 4,332 pitmen, of whom some 500 were called up for service in the Dutch army in August and the following months, while numbers of their German fellow-workers also had to leave to fight the country's battles. Owing to the lack of experienced miners in Holland, it has become necessary to fill their places with foreigners, many of them Belgians, who fled from their own country after the German invasion.

Besides the state mines there are pri-

AFTER EIGHT MONTHS SPEE'S REPORT IS OUT

Tells of Early Engagement in Which Germans Overcame a British Fleet.

Berlin, July 10.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Full eight months ago, when the German fleet was still abroad on the high seas, and naval battles were not the rare occurrence they are today, the report of Vice Admiral Count Spee, commander of the cruiser squadron of which the ill-fated Scharnhorst and Gneisenau were a part, concerning the battle between the Germans and the English off the Bay of Arica, Chile, near Coronel, has reached the Admiralty.

The naval engagement, in which three English cruisers and an auxiliary cruiser, and two German cruisers, took part, occurred on November 1, 1914. Vice Admiral Spee's account was written on November 3. How it has taken eight months for it to reach Germany, where it has been in the long intervening months, may never be known.

One by one the German ships, the Scharnhorst, the Gneisenau, the Niernberg, the Leipzig, and the Dresden, have met their fate. Admiral Spee's report of the battle off Coronel indicates, however, that they rendered a good account of themselves first. His formal and precise story, with the careful inclusion of the exact time of firing, the distance between the squadrons, and other details, is, however, by no means lacking in genuine thrills as he categorically describes the engagement.

It is impossible to read it without a thrill of excitement as he tells of the two lines of maneuvering vessels, the approaching darkness, the unsuccessful and successful attempts to torpedo the ships of the enemy, and the final capturing of one English battleship under the faint light of the moon.

AMERICAN WRITER BECOMES A SUBJECT OF GREAT BRITAIN

London, July 28, 4:24 a. m.—Henry Jones, the American writer, according to an announcement in the Times, was granted naturalization papers on Monday and took the oath of allegiance as a British subject. In his petition for naturalization he sets forth the following reasons:

"Because of having lived and worked in England for the best part of forty years; because of attachment to the country and sympathy with it and its people; because of the long friendships, associations and interests formed—these last including the acquisition of some property; all of which things have brought to a head a desire to throw my moral weight and personal allegiance for whatever they may be worth into the scale of the contending nations' present and future fortunes."

MACHINISTS TO DEMAND MORE PAY, SHORT HOURS, AT AMMUNITION PLANTS

New York, July 27.—Demands for increased wages and an eight-hour day will be made upon the managements of a number of ammunition factories in New York and New Jersey, it was decided here today at a meeting between representatives of the International Association of Machinists and workers in the munitions plants. A strike involving about five thousand machinists will follow the refusal of the employers to grant the demands. J. J. Koepke, vice president of the machinists, announced.

In a recent test fourteen electric automobiles made an average mileage of 100.1 on a single battery charge.

U. S. STEEL REPORT SHOWS A GOOD IMPROVEMENT FOR QUARTER TO JUNE 20

New York, July 27.—The quarterly report of the United States Steel corporation, covering the period ended June 20, as given out here today, reflects a decided improvement in the steel and iron industry.

Total earnings of the corporation for the first quarter of the year, those of the first quarter of the year, those of the second quarter of 1915 were \$27,950,055. The net income was \$20,311,584. The surplus was \$8,267,645. These returns compare with total earnings at the end of the preceding quarter of \$24,780,907, net income of \$6,684,373 and deficit of \$5,389,861.

After paying the dividend of 13 1/2 percent for the quarter on the preferred stock there remained a surplus of \$8,267,645. No action was taken on the common stock dividend, which has been suspended since the last quarter of 1914.

WANAMAKER RESIGNS FROM SECURITY LEAGUE

Philadelphia, July 27.—John Wanamaker today resigned as chairman of the executive committee of the Philadelphia chapter of the National Security League, to which post he was elected at the organization of the chapter last week. He said his action was induced by a desire to relieve the league of any responsibility for his declaration that the United States should pay Belgium's war indemnity and then free her.

SERBIAN ARMY BETTER EQUIPPED THAN EVER

London, July 27.—The Daily Chronicle's Nish correspondent writes: "Serbia has now completely recovered. Since April 1 last her little army, in fine fettle and perhaps better equipped than ever before, has been massed round her frontiers ready to take up arms if called upon at any given moment and from any given point. Yet so far, except for skirmishes in Albania, she has struck no blow, nor has any big blow been dealt her."

TRYING TO TAKE GIBRALTAR

The most famous effort to capture Gibraltar from the English was a siege by the French and Spanish, enduring from 1779 until September, 1783. The rock has been in British hands since 1704.

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP

For Seventy-five Years this pure soap has been used by careful housewives. Always the same quality—Harmless to Clothes and Hands.

WARNS AGAINST MAKING COTTON CONTRABAND

London Says Similar Action Once Caused World, Including America, to Oppose England.

London, July 27.—Replying to newspapers and publicists who are denouncing the cotton shall be made absolute contraband, regardless of the effect of such action on neutral nations, The Nation says: "Some such similar action united against us in active warfare or armed neutrality the whole civilized world a hundred years ago, even in the end dragging us into a dreary fight with the United States."

"The Nation points out that Great Britain protested against cotton being declared contraband during the Russo-Japanese war and that in the Declaration of London, the British representatives insisted upon having cotton placed on the free list.

"The mere abrogation of this document," continues the paper, "would not satisfy neutrals or such interests as those of the American cotton states, which wish to know whether Britain's command of the seas is to justify her in making or unmaking international law as it suits her conveniences of the moment."

The Nation considers, however, that if Germany diverted all cotton supplies for the manufacture of munitions of war a new situation would have arisen and the declaration of cotton as absolute contraband could be justified before the world. But even then, it says, the treatment of cotton destined for neutral states would remain to be considered, and The Nation advises critics to leave the decision to the foreign office, which has all the facts.

CANADIAN'S SYSTEM OF HORSE RACING FAILED TO WORK

Buffalo, N. Y., July 27.—Instead of bringing him wealth, John R. Kay's system for beating the horse races landed him in the penitentiary. He was sentenced for thirty days by Judge Keeler in city court. He was charged with violating a section of the penal law, it being alleged that he induced James Smith, of 22 Ross avenue, to gamble. Kay is twenty-nine years old and came here from Toronto about two weeks ago.

Shortly after his arrival here Kay advertised in an afternoon paper for a man with \$500 to go into partnership with him in a successful business. Smith, a former butcher, was among thirty who answered the advertisement. Kay selected him from the lot and called at his home to explain the enterprise.

Kay told Smith that he had devised a system for beating the horse races. All he needed was money. He promised to take Smith in on a 50-50 basis, provided Smith would put up the money. Smith said he had only \$500, but Kay thought that would be enough.

Smith told Judge Keeler that he put up \$2 the first day, \$4 the second day and \$8 the third day. Then he grew suspicious and reported the transaction to the police. Detective Sergeants Barrett and McGreevey made the arrest.

"He let his own money," Kay explained to the judge. "I just told him the horses to put it on. The first day he lost. The second day the horse was scratched."

"What happened the third day?" asked the judge.

"Well, the third day we lost again," Kay said with a smile. "That must have been the partnership of the transaction."

"If I had not seen the complainant first," the judge said to Kay, in passing sentence, "I would have considered you the greenest man in the world. I don't think you are a real confidence man. I don't think you have wits enough."

Turning to Smith, he said: "And I would advise you to go bury the rest of that \$500."

BRITISH OFFICER SAYS GREAT WASTAGE OF FOOD IS CHARACTERISTIC OF ARMY


London, July 14.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The report that the British soldier uses bread to clean his boots with has caused an officer attached to the quartermaster general's staff to make a statement in the Times regarding the wastage of food in the army, which at times is more to blame in this respect than the civil population.

"There is no doubt," says the officer, "that where a very large number of men are assembled together under military conditions the appearance of waste will be more striking than fancy waste in a civil community. He then admits that the wastage of food, particularly of bread, is characteristic of the army, since it is the vice of a large section of the British populace. Some waste is inevitable in the army, but it can be reduced to a minimum if the officers of a regiment give the food problem the same attention they give to the training of the men in the field.

Avoidable waste is usually coupled with complaints of deficiency of food. No such complaint is the fastidious taste of the men of the new armies, who come in large part from nice homes and are not used to the coarse fare of the camp. The serving of food also often involves waste, as when all the meat is cooked and served at home, and the scrap ends and bones that might have been out and made into soups and stews are sent to the table and thrown away.

The modified home ration of the army gives a soldier a pound of meat, a pound of bread, two ounces of bacon and seasonings with cash allowance of eleven cents a day to buy extras with. In the expeditionary forces the allowance of food is greater, including a quarter of

Good for Boys



Camping time is a time of joy for the youngsters. Very few things are needed for a cracking good time—a tent, blankets, plain stout clothing, and plenty of good wholesome food.

A splendid food to take along is

Grape-Nuts

It's an ideal camping food—nourishing, appetizing and always ready to eat.

This delicious wheat and barley food contains great nutrition with little bulk. It is made from the natural, whole grains, retaining all of their vital mineral salts, particularly necessary for building health and strength in growing boys and girls.

Grape-Nuts is ready to serve direct from the package—just add good milk or cream. Summer rains won't hurt the supply—packages are wax-wrapped and moisture-proof.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

—sold by Grocers everywhere

"Pure Beer Means Better Work"

Good beer is almost an ideal beverage with a simple meal," says Dr. Leopoldt, author of Commonsense Dietetics.

The slight amount of bitter it contains is a direct digestive stimulant.


Millions of people would work better if they drank

Schlitz in Brown Bottles Moderately Every Day

and their meals would be twice as enjoyable.

For Schlitz is pure, and there is no better beer brewed. Its malt is food; its hops, tonic, and the Brown Bottle protects its purity from the brewery to your glass. It costs no more than light bottle beer.

See that crown is branded "Schlitz"



Phone No. 253
Andrew Hartvig
219 S. Front St.
Marquette, Mich.

Schlitz The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

bread extra and jam and cheese, but lately these additions items have been eliminated in most parts of the line and the cash sum of eleven cents substituted just as in the home ration.

As some 80,000 army cooks are required, and the facilities for training cooks were at first limited, the mess food was badly handled for a time in the new regiments. But this drawback has been overcome.

The officer tells of seeing a score of large leavers floating down a river near a camp in Salisbury Plain, and found the men had thrown the bread away because of the food brought them by friends and relatives.

The opportunities for gaining knowledge in the province of Ontario are great. There are, including kindergartens, night

schools, high schools, collegiate institutes and continuation classes, 6,942 public schools—all free.

There is more Catarth in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatments, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarth to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarth Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, etc.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Peninsula Bank Ishpeming, Mich.

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business June 23, 1915. Consented from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans, discounts and bonds	\$815,714.54	Capital stock	\$ 50,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	15,000.00	Surplus fund	75,000.00
Overdrafts	16.11	Business and taxes paid	20,000.00
Cash resources	114,290.00	Dividends unpaid	60.00
		Deposits	823,787.00
		Reserved for interest	6,000.00
	\$975,030.65		\$975,030.65

DIRECTORS: THOS. W. HUGHES, JOHN KANDELIN, W. T. POTTER, H. F. HEYN, LARS HOYSETH, JOS. MITCHELL, THOS. W. HUGHES, JOHN KANDELIN, W. T. POTTER, H. F. HEYN, LARS HOYSETH, JOS. MITCHELL.

Three per cent interest paid on Savings Accounts.

Ishpeming Department

WHISKEY-GASOLINE BAD COMBINATION

Negaunee Man, Carrying Heavy Load, Came to Grief on West Division Street.

A foreigner from Negaunee, who rode a motorcycle to Ishpeming yesterday afternoon while in an intoxicated condition, came to grief on West Division street, near the railway crossing, where he took a header, striking the curb. He was made unconscious and was only brought to at the Ishpeming hospital. His motorcycle, which was badly smashed, was taken to Grunmetz & Larson's garage for repairs.

The cyclist attracted much attention in the business district, as he was too full to see straight, and his cycle ran from one side of the street to the other. After he had passed through several streets he stopped in front of the city building, and inquired from a passerby where he could find a saloon. He was shown where he might quench his thirst, and after he had taken another drink or two he mounted the motor cycle again, starting west on Division street toward North Lake.

Pedestrians and delivery men gave him the right of way as he sped up Division street. When he ran into the curb near the railway track he was traveling at a pretty rapid rate. By the time he was brought back to consciousness at the hospital he had a lump on the side of his head as large as a baseball.

When he got his bearings at the hospital, he seemed to think he had been imposed upon, and he wanted to clean out the place.

THE LATE MATTHEW DENNISON.

Montana Paper Gives Account of Passing of Former Ishpeming Man.

The Standard, of Anaconda, Mont., had the following reference to the death of the late Matthew F. Dennison, a former Ishpeming man, who passed away in a Butte hospital last week, after a comparatively short illness:

"Matthew F. Dennison, a native of Boston, 62 years old for many years a miner in Butte and recently tinkeeper at the J. I. C. mine, died at a local hospital, his death being the result of a complication of diseases. He leaves a widow, one son, Will B. Dennison, four daughters, Miss Anna and Miss Mona Dennison and Mrs. J. E. Harrigan and Mrs. Samuel Ames, all of Butte. Mr. Dennison came from Ishpeming, Mich., to Butte about 19 years ago. In Michigan he was prominent in secret societies, being for twenty-four years secretary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of Michigan. He was also a prominent member of the Catholic Order of Foresters."

The Miners' National Bank, Ishpeming, Mich.

Statement May 1st, 1915. (Comptroller's Call)

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	\$1,127,647.50	Capital	\$ 100,000.00
Overdrafts	281.45	Surplus	100,000.00
Banking House	35,410.12	Undivided Profits	15,564.68
Other Real Estate	11,250.00	Circulation	96,000.00
U. S. and other Bonds	301,536.00	Deposits	1,380,505.30
Federal Reserve Bank	17,511.05	Reserved for Interest	1,274.00
Cash and Exchange	211,538.74	Reserved for Taxes	750.00
	\$1,705,194.86	Reserved for Discount on U. S. Bonds	4,500.00
			\$1,705,194.86

Special Offer

FOR A LIMITED TIME ONLY

Old Gas Ranges will be accepted as part payment on new Cabinet Ranges.

WE HAVE A FINE LINE OF CABINETS IN STOCK

Call early and make your choice.

Marquette County Gas & Electric Co.

HAVE HAD ENOUGH STREET CARNIVALS

Copper Country Merchants Starting Movement to Keep Them Out in Future.

"A movement is reported to have been started among the merchants of the copper country for concerted action relative to keeping street carnivals out of Houghton county in the future," says the Hancock Copper Journal. It is claimed that these shows are generally not of a high grade and that they do more harm than good. Many of the features of the carnivals, it is stated, are of a demoralizing nature, and the carnivals take a large sum of money away from the towns where they exhibit, without the cities deriving any benefit in return.

It would seem from the above that even the Heinz & Beckman carnival, which Mayor Wahlman refused a license, did not give general satisfaction in the copper country. Some of their shows were not what they should have been, it is said.

In view of the experience with the Reiss' carnival here this season, and the fact that the city authorities took such a determined stand to keep out other attractions of the kind, it is likely that it will be a long while before Ishpeming will have another carnival.

The copper country had more than its share of carnivals this summer. The Reiss' shows spent a month or more there and the Heinz & Beckman shows were in Houghton county for three weeks. They are this week showing at Menominee, being the second carnival to fill engagements in that city this summer.

It is reported that the Menominee range towns have also had enough carnivals to satisfy them for some time to come. One carnival company was stranded at Stambaugh. It remained there for two or three weeks before the owner could get sufficient funds together to move the outfit. While the Stambaugh carnival was in operation, another carnival company was at Iron River, about a mile from Stambaugh.

WORK ON DULUTH PLANT IS RUSHED

Every Effort Is Being Made to Prepare It for Production the Coming Fall.

"That the United States Steel corporation intends to complete its steel plant near Duluth as soon as possible is evident from the way they are pushing the work there," said a Duluth mining man, who was in Ishpeming yesterday. "Its activity at this plant is the best indication I know of that the officials regard the present revival in the trials as a permanent one."

"It reports in circulation at Duluth are warranted, the Steel corporation will enjoy its banner year in 1916, and it will surprise me if its operations in Lake Superior region are not considerably enlarged. While the corporation is in a position to increase its output from its Mesaba properties on short notice, I believe it will sooner or later have to draw on the older ranges for a larger tonnage of ore than it has been mining in these districts in some years past. It is now looking orders greatly in excess of the output of its steel mills. This, to a great extent, accounts for the anxiety of the officials to get the Duluth plant in operation at the earliest possible date. The time set for turning out steel products is November."

"It is said that \$20,000,000, which is the figure given as the cost of the plant, will fall far short of the sum that will have to be expended before it goes into operation."

"The money so far expended covers the cost of practically all of the machinery that will be necessary to operate the plant. When it was planned it was believed it would cost \$10,000,000. Morgan Park, the model city, will cost the company more than \$3,500,000."

"More than 1,100 men are now working at the plant daily, including Sunday. More than half of this crew is working two hours overtime each evening and nearly 200 men are working nights. Several of the buildings that had only been started when work was suspended are now being rushed to completion. A new structure, just started, is an office building which will accommodate superintendents of several branches of the industry, together with the laboratory. It is said that the laboratory will be one of the most complete in the northwest. The building and its equipment will cost approximately \$100,000."

"Besides the army of men working at the plant, nearly 100 are employed on streets in Morgan Park, and more than 150 are now employed on the construction of a cement plant. A hospital is to be erected on the Morgan Park site."

ADVANCE SHOWING OF Warner and Redfern Corsets

FOR FALL

\$1 TO \$5

CALL AND SEE THEM.

LADIES' 35, 40, 50, 60, 65c HOSE ODD LOT 19c Pair

See Our Window

J. Sellwood & Co.

QUALITY STORES

Not how much we sell you but how well we please you.



LYRIC THEATRE

Four Reels of New Pictures Every Day.

Admission 5c.

TODAY

Convict No. 329

Two-reel Drama with Murdock MacQuarrie

Pauline Bush in "THE MAID OF THE MIST"

A Drama of the Mountains.

"LOVE, FIREWORKS AND THE JANITOR"

An Explosive Comedy.

TOMORROW

500 worth of Photoplay magazines will be given away absolutely free; one to each patron using as they last. See display in Wilson's window.

ADMISSION 5c TO ALL. NEW SHOW EVERY DAY.

'M'LISS' TODAY.

Shubert Feature Will Be the Offering at Ishpeming Theatre.

Howard Estabrook and Barbara Tennant will be seen this afternoon and evening at the Ishpeming theatre in "M'Liss," a Shubert five-part feature production. Meliss Smith (M'Liss) is the daughter of the founder of Smith's Pocket, Red Mountain, Nevada. Smith's Pocket did not yield much gold, so Smith deserted his Pocket, took to drink and was either shot or shot himself. Anyhow, he died, leaving unruled little M'Liss to the care of the Pocket-ers.

She was sent to school and fell violently in love with the schoolmaster, Gray. Bro't heart vivid descriptions of Nevada camp life; his characters are sympathetically drawn, and the story gives the producer plenty of scope for introducing effective settings inasmuch as he transfers the action from Nevada to Southern California where M'Liss passed her earlier years.

Don Jose, a Mexican, robbed the dead man, Smith, of a letter addressed to Gray, in which Meliss's father stated that the girl would one day be rich. There was oil and gold in California. And oil is found to the eastward, and Gray, but of the treacherous and thieving Don Jose.

But M'Liss comes into her own after the Mexican's perjury has been revealed, and Gray, the faithful guardian and schoolmaster secures the girl's wonderful series of beautiful scenes, groupings, and views are included in the film, which is a rich dramatic offering full of interest and excitement.

The matinee will be given at 2:30 o'clock and the prices will be ten cents for adults and five for children. The evening prices will be fifteen cents for adults and ten for children, on the first two floors, and ten and five cents in the gallery.

'TANGO TOWN.'

Big Musical and Dance Revue at Ishpeming Theatre Tuesday.

For the fourth time in six years, Donald MacDonald and his clever company of Marquette players will visit Ishpeming. This time the big song and dance review is entitled "Tango Town" and will be seen at the Ishpeming theatre Tuesday, Aug. 2. The company numbers over 80 and has the assistance of the Arab Patrol Orchestra. Roy Young, fifth of Ishpeming, has one of the leading parts. The dancing is a greater feature than ever and all the ultra modern ballroom dances will be exploited. Then there is the gorgeous ballet of the Four Seasons and other ballet diversions.

The big song hits are "Little Girl Beware," "I'm Looking for a Heart," "I Want a Man to Love Me," "Love With Capital L," "Come With Me to a Persian Garden," "This Must Be Love" and "That Ragtime Melody."

The company will arrive by special train they play Marquette Thursday and Friday—and Saturday in Muskegon.

Johnson has a car of water melons on C. & N. side track. Selling cheap. (7-26-31.)

ROUMANIA'S PEOPLE.

The population of Roumania is about 6,000,000 and is composed of four distinct divisions or departments—the Moldavian and Oltenian, who are tall, fine men, many being exceedingly handsome, and who are principally mountaineers, and the Valachian and the Dobruja, who are mostly of Turkish origin. The population also includes 200,000 gypsies. There are believed to be about 4,000,000 Roumanians outside the Roumanian kingdom.

QUICK CURE FOR DIARRHOEA.

The most prompt and effective cure for diarrhoea is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. When given as soon as the first unusual looseness of the bowels appears one dose is nearly always sufficient to effect a cure. It should be kept at hand ready for instant use. For sale by All Dealers.

Note these prices on good things to eat.

Fresh Creamery Butter

30c Per Pound.

FULL CREAM 18c Pure Lard 12 1/2c lb. CHEESE Pound.

TRADE WHERE QUALITY COUNTS.

Jos. Sellwood & Co.

DOESN'T LIKE PLAYGROUNDS.

To The Mining Journal—I would like to hear a few mothers' opinions on the playground question. I, for one, don't like to think that I may see my children brought home maimed and probably crippled for life just because someone took a silly notion to have a playground. I am sure if that had been my little girl that received those injuries last week I would have attempted to do like Carrie Nation, take an axe and destroy the grounds. When I went to school all the exercise we got was when Daddy Olcott got after us with the paddle and we grew up healthy enough. They can't produce a girl now any bigger than a two by four with all their playground exercise. Better by far in these hard times that the money spent be put in the school fund to help educate the poor children who can't get any education on account of not enough clothes to wear. There are a hundred other good ways that that money going out every month for foolishness could be spent to better advantage. If such a thing as a playground is positively necessary let them provide a ball ground for the boys and a place for the little children, where they can play games, and not slides, where they only wear and tear their clothes, besides torturing their little bodies and breaking their limbs. I think there has been damage enough done. There ought to be a stop put to some of it before someone has to pay with their life. The little girl that was hurt last week may have to suffer all her life for a few minutes of fun, and who is to blame? I wish some more mothers would let us hear how they feel about it.

A MOTHER.

DAMAGE BY FROST.

The heavy frosts of Saturday and Sunday nights damaged potatoes in this end of the county. Those in low lands were more seriously affected than those on the high ground. Practically all of the potato stalks in the fields in Carp river valley were withered, and it was reported that the frost did much damage on the farms and in the towns west of here. The big potato field at Low Moor farm, owned by E. C. Anthony of Negaunee, was hit by the frost, and a number of fine potato patches in Republic were also destroyed.

Johnson has a car of water melons on C. & N. side track. Selling cheap. (7-26-31.)

AT THE LYRIC TODAY.

Convict No. 329, a two-reel drama with Murdock MacQuarrie, will be the feature at the Lyric theatre today. Other pictures will be Pauline Bush, "The Maid of the Mist," a drama, and "Love, Fireworks and the Janitor," a comedy. Tomorrow 800 worth of photoplay magazines will be given free to patrons.

W. Thurlell, the optometrist, is now at the Schlegel House, Ishpeming, ready to serve his many patrons. Eyes scientifically examined and fitted with glasses. All work guaranteed. Telephone for private calls. 7-9-14.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

The infant son of Bert Walker died Monday and was buried yesterday.

Miss Marion Zimmerman, of Baltimore, Md., is visiting Miss Marie Newett.

R. J. Wise, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A., is off duty on a two-weeks vacation. During his absence, Eugene Stanford will assist Edgar Swanson.

Ernest Gordon, who carries the mail on the North Lake and Dexter routes, arrived home yesterday from a visit to Chicago. He will resume work today.

A special meeting of Rebecca lodge will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, to make arrangements for a picnic that will be held a week from tomorrow.

A fishing party, composed of A. Nault, William Milham, C. H. Dawson, W. Racine and Jalmer Hamberg made a good catch Sunday in the vicinity of George Smith's homestead, south of the city. They made the trip by team.

Three boys, charged with stealing brasses and selling them to a junk dealer, were arraigned in Judge St. John's court yesterday. They are alleged to have broken into a warehouse where the Pabst brewing company has machinery stored.

Charles Gustafson has returned from a business trip to Chicago. His daughter, Jennette, who accompanied him to the city, will arrive home today. She will be accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Thilie Schubert, of Chicago, who will visit here for a few weeks.

A meeting and inspection of Company No. 42, Uniform rank, Knights of Pythias, will be held in Anderson's hall this evening. The company will be inspected by Colonel Charles Thomas and

ISHPEMING THEATRE

Tuesday Eve. August 3

Donald MacDonald

and his company of 80

IN

THE BIG SONG AND DANCE REVIEW

"TANGO TOWN"

16 Song Hits. 10 Comedians 80 - Chorus - 80

FAMOUS ARAB PATROL ORCHESTRA OF 10 PIECES

GORGEOUS COSTUMES BEAUTIFUL SCENERY, "THE MAGNIFICENT BALLET OF THE SEASONS."

CHINESE FOX TROT BALLET DIVERTISSEMENTS LATEST BALL ROOM DANCES.

Prices: Parquet and lower box seats, \$1.50; dress circle, \$1.00; first two rows of balcony, 75c; balance of balcony, 50c; gallery, 25c. Seat orders now being taken at box office.



ROBERT DOLLAR NOW SAILS SEA

Former Marquette Resident Is One of Biggest Men on Pacific Coast—Is Owner of Big Line of Lumber Vessels to China—Entertains Chinese Commission

Vesselman Scores Seaman's Act and Says Time Is at Hand for Constructive Laws to Be Drafted by Shipping Men, Not Politicians—Prefers England's Rule

When Robert Dollar left Marquette in 1886 for the Pacific coast, his friends believed he had seen the best years of his life. The phenomenal success of the lumberman since, however, has given the lie to the prediction that his health would not last long. Today he is one of the biggest men on the coast and his opinions and advice are sought by the governments of the world. Recently he was the host of the Chinese commission and escorted the Chinese businessmen and statesmen during their visit to Seattle and the coast. As owner of the Robert Dollar line of vessels engaged in the lumber carrying trade between the United States and the Orient, Captain Dollar is one of the men most interested in the trade with China. His interest in the visit of the Chinese commission was, therefore, somewhat personal, but he was appointed to the honor of acting as host by the chambers of commerce of the coast.

Dollarville Named by Him. Mr. Dollar came to the upper peninsula as the manager of the American Lumber company, a Canadian syndicate, and built a mill at Dollarville, which was named after the manager. Later Mr. Dollar took up his residence in Marquette and engaged in many lumbering enterprises which returned a handsome profit. His four children, all of whom are married, were born here. His daughter, Mrs. Dickson, lives in San Rafael, where the family home is located. His three sons are engaged in the carrying business with their father. Melville and Stanley are in the United States and Harold, the youngest, is in China. Mr. Dollar has lumber yards in Tien Tsin, Hong Kong and Shanghai.

The Dollar line boats are easily recognized by the dollar sign on the funnels and the flags. Mr. Dollar spends nearly all his time on the sea and is accompanied on his voyages by his wife. Trips on boats of the line have been taken by A. Mathews of this city and members of his family. Mr. Mathews and his son, R. Eddy Mathews, made a trip to China in 1908 on the steamship "Arab." The "Arab" is the boat which was chartered by the Russians to carry ammunition and was captured by the Japanese during the Russo-Japanese war. Mr. Dollar was on board the boat at the time of its capture and was held for some time by the Japanese.

Boats Carry Square Lumber. Square lumber is carried in the boats to the yards in China, where it is re-sawed to fit specifications. Mr. Dollar has his own lumber camps and mills on the Pacific coast. One of the most interesting cargoes he ever carried to China was a hold full of big trees. These were taken to China and floated up one of the rivers as far as it was navigable. Then the trees were transported across the country for five hundred miles by coolies, who carried the trees to the site of a temple which was being built. Thousands of Chinese were required for the task.

When the Nation's Business, the official publication of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, desired to ascertain the sentiment of men interested in shipping with regard to the Seaman's law, it requested Captain Dollar, among other heads of steamship companies, to give his point of view.

"Our laws and regulations must be changed to correspond to those of foreign nations with whom we come in direct competition," says Captain Dollar. "The laws of Great Britain are preferable as, under them, more than half the steam tonnage of the world is successfully operated. Therefore, it is fair to assume that the British regulations cannot be far wrong. Our laws and regulations require twenty different changes to make the operation of ships correspond to that of the British.

Time for Constructive Laws. "The time has certainly arrived for some constructive legislation. In the last session of congress sixteen bills were introduced to restrict and restrain the

High Class Merchandise at Big Reductions

All Men's Summer and Fall Overcoats and Cravenettes, 15% Off
All Men's and Boys' Raincoats, 20% Off
Underwear and Dress Shirts, one lot at 20% Off

All Men's and Boys' Suits Divided into three lots—
Lot 1, 1-2 off. Lot 2, 20% off. Lot 3, 15% off. Nothing Reserved.
One lot of Men's Trousers at 20% off.

Shoes and Oxfords
All Hanan Oxfords, \$6.50 and \$7.00 values, now \$5.00
One lot reduced to \$1.50
Other make of Shoes and Oxfords in Men's and Boys', reduced to \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00

If you come today you will have the best choice.

ORMSBEE & ATKINS

A Big Line of Everything For Men and Boys to Wear

operation of ships, and not a single bill to aid or assist us. We should have, I believe, a commission of shipping men, not politicians, to draft these laws, and to advise congress, thereby preventing any further blunder like the Seaman's bill, the only result of which is to drive the last American ship from the ocean." Of the same opinion was Eugene W. Ong, assistant general counsel of the United Fruit company. He declares the whole proposition respecting the seaman's act boils down to this: If the American people desire higher wages and special privileges for seamen on the high seas, someone will have to pay for them. If the law compels all ships entering our ports to pay higher wages, it means higher rates and the American farmer and manufacturer would have to stand the expense. If foreign ships escape the provisions of the law, as seems likely, and they should be enforced only against American ships, the law sounds the death knell of the American merchant marine.

Cannot Operate Profitably. The effect of the seaman's law upon American shipping is exemplified by the prospective elimination of the Pacific Mail Steamship lines, according to Lewis J. Spence, director of traffic of the Southern Pacific company. These are among the finest vessels on the Pacific.

"Certified public accountants have recorded their finding that the requirements of the seaman's law will increase the cost of operation of the Pacific Mail service, in wages and feeding of crews alone, more than \$600,000 per annum, which is considerably more than the company has earned in excess of its fixed charges and cost of operation in any recent year," asserts Mr. Spence. "It does not require any stretch of the imagination to realize that the service cannot be profitably operated after this statute becomes effective, Nov. 4, 1915."

Our Motto "Purity"—DANISH PRIZE MILK.

Jacob Rose

The Store of Quality

Appropriate Summer Fixings

- Shirts
- Soft Collars
- Belts
- Neckwear
- Pajamas
- Trousers
- Hosiery
- Rain Coats
- Silk Gloves
- Panamas
- Umbrellas
- Footwear
- Leghorns
- Caps

Special Values Men's Clothing

Young Men's patch pocket suits in plaids, checks and fancies—special at — \$8.50 — \$10.60 and \$12.75

LUMBERMAN MURDERS FRIEND WITH AN AXE

Angered at Defeat in Wrestling Bout He Takes Horrible Revenge.

A double-bitted axe wielded by Oscar Tanner cut through the skull of Matt Koski from the ear to the mouth and another blow opened a great gash below the arm, while fellow lumbermen at Carlson's lumber camp, located at Chappell Beach, near Pictured Rocks and ten miles from Munising, looked on astounded.

Tanner at once fled to the woods and Sheriff Peltier has a large force of deputies in search of the murderer. Every outlet is being guarded and the lumbermen are among the most tireless hunters.

The crime was committed about 6:20 o'clock Monday night. The men, according to their story, had finished their supper and were lounging about the camp. Koski and Tanner were induced to enter into a friendly wrestling bout and started the contest laughingly. Koski is a small man and Tanner is a giant in stature. The smaller man got the better of the bout, however, and the workmen chided Tanner unmercifully about his defeat.

While Koski was still receiving the plaudits and congratulations of his friends, Tanner, angered at his defeat, left the circle. He returned shortly with an axe and before anyone could guess his intentions, he had swung twice at Koski, who was sitting down with his back toward his assailant.

The workmen found Koski alive when they picked him up and made hurried preparations to carry him to Munising to get surgical attention. They had proceeded only a half mile when he expired. The men carried the dead man through the silent woods all night. Once in a while the procession stopped and another set of men took up the bloody burden and trundled onward. At 7 o'clock Tuesday morning they arrived at Munising and delivered the body to the sheriff. They were at once sworn in as deputies and started back toward camp prepared to take the life of Tanner if he refused to give himself up.

REPORT ERRONEOUS. Philip Grandin, of Seney, Says His Cattle Are All Right.

To The Mining Journal—A report that a Newberry veterinarian found hoof and mouth disease among my cattle here is without justification. The trouble was the inability of the man in question to pronounce intelligently on the condition of the cattle, which I had looked over because they had gone lame. He thought he saw symptoms of hoof and mouth disease, but when Dr. Dumphy, of the state veterinary department, came here, he found that the cattle had merely bruised and cut their hoofs on snags and he loathed slivers in their feet, which had become infected. That is all there is to this "hoof and mouth" disease story, which is an injustice to the upper peninsula.

Sincerely, PHILIP GRANDIN, Seney, Mich., July 27. NOTICE. Members of Superior Hive will hereafter pay assessments to Mrs. May V. Wills, finance keeper, 518 W. Washington street. (7-27-15)

MAYOR BOOSTS M. O. FOR MENOMINEE

In Interview There He Tells What Marquette Water Plant Is Accomplishing.

"Marquette cleared \$16,000 with its municipal water plant in 1914; made \$10,000 during the first six months this year, and will have a profit of twice that amount by the end of 1915. Menominee can do almost as well if it builds its own plant and then operates its city government along business lines," Mayor Begole told a reporter of the Menominee Herald-Leader.

"Electricity, gas, street cars, luxuries, but water is a human necessity. Therefore, the people should own the water system so that they can get all the water they want as cheaply as possible, and as pure as possible."

"No water plant in the country should be owned by a private corporation for private gain. Under such conditions the best water is not secured, because the best water costs the most, and it is not human nature for corporations of any sort to spend more money than necessary when supplying the people."

Mr. Begole paid a high tribute to the commission form of government and said that, to his knowledge, it was the best plan yet discovered. "I notice that you are trying to get something new here," he added. "Don't do it. Stick to the true and tried, adopt the commission form and play safe and you Menominee people will be surprised at the great cuts in tax rates and the more efficient service you will get as a result."

A glimpse into the state tax commission's report will bear out this statement. The Marquette tax rate last year was \$17.19 per \$1,000, while that of Menominee was \$5.64 per \$1,000, or more than double.

"Don't let anyone tell you Menominee people that the ward lines must be kept in order to get a good city government. That is the most foolish assertion yet made, and it has been proved in 400 cases thus far that municipalities are better off when the ward lines are forgotten. Get away from that bugbear and be up-to-date," continued the mayor. He said that 85 per cent of the people of Marquette were pleased with the new form of government and the other 15 per cent were pleased because their taxes were low, but they are such arch-enemies of the system that they would not say so.

"WHEN MERCY TEMPER JUSTICE." S. E. Byrne Makes Only Mental Record of Many Cases He Hears. S. E. Byrne, justice of the peace in Marquette for the last twenty years, knows the sedmy side of its residents better than any other person in the city and yet he would be a strong contender for the title of maintainer of personal reputations. He has kept many secrets and has been lenient with many. As an arbiter in cases of domestic trouble and as a philosopher on the subject of how wives and husbands should be managed, he has few equals.

Current Event Pictures Daily

We have arranged with the American Press Association, of New York, and the Delft Theatres Company, of this city, to show here a series of pictures of Current Events. These pictures will change daily, and the subjects dealt with will be right up to the minute, as they will be collected by a great news-gathering service. While you are enjoying these views

At the Delft Theatre

Don't forget that it's the current events of one's daily life that need watching. Take care of the current events and future events will take care of themselves. It is even so in the handling of your financial matters. System is what counts in such matters, just as system counts in everything else. A bank account provides the system required. We invite you to open an account with us.

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aim remains unerring. The only additions made to the office during the last three years are a new set of calendars and a sign on the east wall warning all, individually and collectively, not to spit "on the floor or carpets." Of course the carpets in the office have long since disappeared, but an excellent psychological effect is produced by the suggestion that carpets are not made to spit on, and the prisoner may remember the fact when he goes home again.

Justice Byrne knew a great deal more than the average person about the lives of his constituents when he assumed office more than twenty years ago. He has been a resident of the city since 1872 and when he peers at a prisoner over his glasses he knows whether to classify him as the son or daughter of one of his old friends or acquaintances or as a "furriner."

He fills the offices of confessor, arbitrator, lecturer, judge, and jury in so many cases which do not go down in the record because he never charges that it is sometimes difficult for an outsider to understand the nature of his many conferences with persons in trouble. Many of these occur at night after all inquisitive reporters are doing nothing but drawing their breaths and their salaries.

Chief of Police E. E. McIntosh is his assistant in many of these cases. Why is it that all chiefs of police become strangely silent about the faults and failings and stumbles of people after dealing with them for some time? Last night about 10 o'clock the chief was handed a warrant by a messenger. He went into a corner and read it. He chuckled. The "judge" had made a mistake in one letter of a name and the chief decided it must be corrected. Then he went out and told a non-supporter that Justice Byrne wished to have a talk with him about what his duties in the way of supporting his family were. Justice Byrne found that the man could find work, but placed a greater valuation upon his labor than did employers. He therefore spent his time in saloons discussing the subject of socialism with his sympathetic "friends." In this case a strong lecture on the dignity of any kind of labor which meant the support of a loving wife and five children and the necessity of swallowing pride, was enough to elicit a promise from the misguided man that he would go to work at once and let drink entirely alone.

And the name? Well, sometimes even a reporter doesn't tell everything he knows.

Philippine cigars are now regularly exported to forty countries. The total exports last year were 155,000,000 cigars.

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