

# THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

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PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## GERMANY OFFERS TO COMPROMISE WITH AMERICA MAN WHO TRIED TO KILL MORGAN TAKES HIS OWN LIFE TEUTONIC RUSH THROUGH GALICIA HALTED BY RUSSIANS

### U.S. WON'T GIVE ANY CONCESSION BELIEF, HOWEVER

In Tentative Note Submitted to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin Imperial Government Proposes Some Guarantees for Neutrals, if Other Rights Are Waived.

Washington, It Is Thought, Will Not Recede from Stand—Officials Point to Preliminary Communication As Evidence That the Situation Isn't Hopeless.

Washington, July 6.—Germany has submitted informally to the United States, through Ambassador Gerard in Berlin, a tentative draft of its reply to the note of June 9, which asks for assurances that American rights on the high seas would not be further violated by German submarine commanders.

After careful examination of the contents of the proposed note, as outlined by Ambassador Gerard, which coincides with Berlin press dispatches of the last few days, high officials are agreed that the United States cannot, without sacrificing important neutral rights, express its approval of the German proposals in their present form.

The draft was shown to Ambassador Gerard with the idea of eliciting from him an expression of opinion and he promptly asked for instructions from Washington as to whether the United States could make concessions. President Wilson has been advised of the situation and the impression obtained tonight was that the American government probably would instruct its ambassador within a day or two to decline to express any view until after the formal reply is delivered to him.

Just what Germany proposed has not been officially divulged.

### U. S. WON'T RECEDE FROM STAND.

From Berlin dispatches and authoritative sources here it is learned, however, that the note would give assurances that Americans might travel with safety on the high seas on certain conditions imposed by Germany, such as the marking of belligerent vessels carrying Americans, notification of Germany of the date of departure and character of such vessels and an inspection insuring their non-carriage of munitions of war. President Wilson has before him the views of several cabinet officers, some of whom believed that it is essential to have Ambassador Gerard make clear to the German foreign office that the United States can make no concession from its position as based on the accepted rules of international law and the naval prize codes of civilized nations.

The arrival of additional messages from Ambassador Gerard indicated that Germany was not prepared to yield to the insistence of the United States on its rights under international law, but was disposed to ask for compromises and concessions involving a surrender of some important neutral rights.

### WOULD ABRIDGE SOME RIGHTS.

Such information as has leaked out concerning Germany's proposals indicates that the Berlin government is prepared to recede to some extent from her position with reference to passenger vessels, but is inclined to place many restrictions upon their sailings. The United States has contended that Americans engaged in "lawful errands" may travel anywhere on the high seas on unarmed and unresisting merchant ships. To enter into arrangements whereby certain passenger vessels would be given immunity while others were denied the same privilege, would, in the opinion of many officials, permit the German government to interpret the measure of neutral rights which American citizens could enjoy on the high seas and doubtless involve the United States sooner or later in difficulties with other belligerents, who, to forward the conduct of their own operations, might in-

### SITUATION NOT HOPELESS.

The situation was not regarded by any means as hopeless because it was believed that the mere fact of submitting to Ambassador Gerard a tentative draft of the German reply could be construed as meaning that Germany might make further changes if the position of the United States was found to be unalterable. There are evidences, however, that some Berlin officials believe public opinion in the United States has been divided since the resignation of Secretary Bryan and that public sentiment here really favors compromising the issue.

### WIFE TO BE TOLD TODAY.

Dallas, Tex., July 6.—"Of course we are all terribly sorry, but there is so little I can say. I shall not tell my daughter until tomorrow. I do not care to discuss the matter further tonight." This was the statement tonight of Dr. O. F. Sensabaugh, father-in-law of Frank Holt, when told that Holt had killed himself.

### HEAD OF SURFACE LINES IN CHICAGO IS PAID \$60,000 A YEAR HE SAID

Chicago, July 6.—Leonard A. Busber, president of the Chicago street car surface lines, appeared today before the arbitration committee settling the street car strike to explain why the company was unable to grant the demands of the motormen and conductors for more wages.

In response to inquiries he testified that his salary was \$60,000 a year and that Henry A. Blair, chairman of the operating board, received \$30,000 and John M. Rouch got \$20,000 for work "an advisory capacity." Busber had just cut \$7,500 from his own salary by withdrawing from one of his offices, he said.

Counsel for the union, reducing the salaries to street car terms, explained that the conductors collected 1,250,000 annually to pay Busber's salary, \$60,000 more for Blair and \$40,000 for Rouch. The hundred or more motormen and conductors and their wives who sat in the gallery grinned broadly at these figures.

The wages the men are seeking would average about \$100 a month.

### HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS TURN OUT AT CHICAGO TO VIEW LIBERTY BELL

Chicago, July 6.—A great wave of patriotism that whisked over a four-hour rainstorm greeted the Liberty bell here tonight. Scheduled to arrive at 5:30 o'clock it did not reach the downtown railroad station, where it was on exhibition, until nearly 7 o'clock, and a double line of white clad school children, stretched to pay respects from the station, patiently waited in the rain. Even after the line had been in motion for more than an hour and several thousand children had viewed the historic bell there was no apparent diminution in the size of the crowd.

Estimates by those who had charge of the arrangements were that more than one hundred thousand persons passed before the car and reverently saluted the bell. The special car left at 12:05 o'clock a. m., and will stop from 7 to 8 o'clock tomorrow morning in Peoria.

### LANDLADY ATTACKS MAN WITH AN AXE WHEN HE QUILTS BOARDING HOUSE

Houghton, Mich., July 6.—Because Lorenzo Cario, a boarder, intended to change boarding houses tonight, Mrs. Santu Cerenzia, keeper of the boarding house, attacked him with an axe, inflicting a fractured skull and other injuries. Cario's injuries probably are fatal.

### FIELDER JONES GIVEN INDEFINITE LAY-OFF

Kansas City, July 6.—Fielder Jones, manager of the St. Louis Federal league baseball club, was indefinitely suspended by President Gilmore today. Shortstop Johnson was suspended for three days and was fined \$50 for his part of the argument with Empire Harry Howell in yesterday's game which led to their both being banished from the field. After being removed from the field yesterday Jones telegraphed his resignation to Phil Ball, one of the owners of the club.

### 6 KILLED, 8 HURT IN FACTORY FIRE

Montreal, July 6.—Six persons were killed and eight others seriously injured in an explosion and a fire in the factory of the Canadian Explosives company at Beloeil, Que., early today. Accidental death is the verdict of the coroner's jury. Every person in the room where the explosion and fire occurred was killed instantly.

### REPORTS DIFFER AS TO HOW HOLT KILLED HIMSELF

Jail Authorities Declare Prisoner Climbed Through Opening at Top of Cell Door and Plunged to Pavement Fifty Feet Below—Keeper's Version Is Different.

Guard Detailed to Watch Professor First Says He Heard Explosion and Found Dead Body in Cell, Then Changes His Story, Saying That He Is Not Sure.

Mineola, N. Y., July 6.—Frank Holt, the Cornell university professor who shot J. P. Morgan in his home near Glen Cove, last Saturday, committed suicide in the jail here tonight.

While several of the jail authorities declared that Holt killed himself by climbing through the opening at the top of his cell door and then plunged to the narrow court, fifty feet below, Holt's keeper said he was positive that the prisoner was killed in his own cell where he said he found the body.

There were many conflicting reports as to the manner in which Holt met his death, but it was definitely established through Dr. Cleghorn, the jail physician, that Holt died of a fractured skull.

### KEEPER HEARD EXPLOSION.

Several of those about the jail said they heard an explosion, the report coming from Holt's cell. This noise, it was believed, was due to the falling of boards from the top of the cell.

Jeremiah O'Ryan, the keeper, who was detailed to watch Holt, said he was fifteen feet away from the cell when he heard a loud report. He looked in the direction of the cell, but it was dark. Entering, he found Holt's body in a pool of blood in the corner.

The excitement that followed the noise brought Warden Hulse and other jail authorities. District Attorney Lewis J. Smith and Dr. Cleghorn immediately began an investigation.

Dr. Cleghorn denied a report that Holt had killed himself by chewing a persimmon cap. He repeated that death was caused by a fracture at the top of the skull. An explosion which would have blown his head off would have followed an attempt by Holt to chew a persimmon cap, the physician said.

### NO IMPLEMENTS IN CELL.

A thorough examination of Holt's cell failed to disclose, according to the jail authorities, any weapon or implement of any kind which Holt could have used to kill himself.

Coroner Walter D. Jones, after viewing the body, said:

"Undoubtedly a suicide, and undoubtedly the man jumped. I cannot give an official version until an autopsy is performed by the jail physician, Dr. Cleghorn."

The body was then taken to the morgue in Hempstead, where Dr. Cleghorn was prepared to perform an autopsy immediately.

### ASK'S FAMILY'S FORGIVENESS.

District Attorney Smith searched Holt's cell immediately and found a letter written on yellow paper. This letter, which Holt must have written before he attempted suicide early this morning by severing an artery with a pencil, was addressed "To My Dearest" and followed:

"I must write once more. The more I think about it the more I see the uselessness of living under circumstances such as these. Bring up the dear babies in the love of God and man. God bless you, my sweet. Affectionately, Frank."

"P. S. All please pardon me for all the heartache I have brought you. Pray with me that the slaughter will stop. My heart breaks. Goodbye."

### KEEPER NOT SURE NOW.

An evidence of the great confusion which followed the report and the finding of Holt's body was a second statement made by Keeper O'Ryan to the effect that he was not sure if Holt's body

was found in his cell or in the corridor. This tended to strengthen the theory of District Attorney Smith and Warden Hulse that Holt had killed himself by jumping from the top of his cell into the court below, and that while doing so he had dislodged a couple of boards which fell to the floor with a loud report.

### HOLT ADMITS LYING.

Holt admitted early in the night that he lied when he said that he made the capital bomb out of sulphuric acid and match heads and said also that he did not tell the truth about his movements in Washington and New York. Holt made these admissions when confronted by evidence tending to show that he made the capital bomb in a bungalow which he rented near here about ten days ago. This followed the positive identification by Lewis Ott of Holt as the man who had rented the bungalow. Many bottles with corks punctured in the center, small vials and pictures of a dozen public buildings throughout the country, three of which were marked, were found in the bungalow.

### PUBLIC BUILDINGS DOOMED?

Frank McNeill, a local constable, said that the marked buildings were the New York public library and the capital buildings at Albany, N. Y., and Harrisburg, Pa. Holt refused to say why he lied in the first place about the contents of the bombs and his movements. He refused also to admit that he is the man who, under the name of Hendrick, received a shipment of 120 pounds of dynamite at Syosset, L. I., although George W. Carnes, station agent at that place identified Holt as Hendrick.

Throughout the day detectives worked on a clue which led them to believe that Holt was the man who received the dynamite and who took it to the bungalow and there made a number of bombs. They are trying to trace a trunkful of bombs which they had reason to believe Holt had shipped from the bungalow to some New York address.

The condition of Mr. Morgan continued to improve tonight.

### NO BULLET WOUND FOUND.

Dr. Cleghorn, after performing an autopsy, stated that Holt had died of a hemorrhage of the brain caused by a depressed fracture of the skull. Dr. Cleghorn said that he found a large contused wound which extended from the top of the head to below the eyes and that both the top and base of the skull had been fractured. Dr. Cleghorn said that he found no evidence of an explosion or bullet wound.

### IDENTITY STILL IN DOUBT.

Cambridge, Mass., July 6.—Notwithstanding the suicide of the man known as Frank Holt at the Mineola, L. I., jail tonight, the local authorities decided to make a further effort to determine whether he was Erich Mueber, the Harvard instructor who disappeared after his wife died by slow poisoning nine years ago. They arranged to send two men to Mineola tomorrow morning for the purpose of clearing up the records in the case should the suicide prove to be Mueber.

### OWNED TRUNK OF DYNAMITE.

New York, July 6.—A trunk containing 134 sticks of dynamite with fuses attached was found by the police late tonight in a house at number 242 W. Thirty-Eighth street. The police said that it was sent there by Frank Holt and that it arrived three days ago. The dynamite was packed in sawdust. The trunk was delivered by a New York transfer company and the bill of lading was made out in the name of Frank Holt. It was found on the top floor of a five-story building.

Captain Thomas G. Tunney, of the detective bureau, took charge of the explosives and a squad of detectives surrounded the house. Owen Egan, inspector of combustibles, said that the police were searching for another case of explosives, said to be in the vicinity.

Inspector Egan, while admitting that the explosives were the property of Frank Holt, declined to enter into any further details.

"This is the biggest seizure of explosives intended for illegal purposes found here since the finding of two hundred pounds of dynamite on the Curmaid pier three years ago," he said.

The United States has 3,000,000 square miles of territory—1,900,000,000 acres of land. There are 878,000,000 acres of land in the farms of the country, but 478,000,000 acres of this area are unimproved and unproductive.

### SLAVS BRACING AT MOST POINTS TO CHECK DRIVE

Swift Advance of Teutonic Armies Through Galicia and Over Russian Border Brought to a Sudden Halt by Determined Stand of Duke Nicholas' Forces.

British in Western Arena, Rout Germans from Trenches—Allies Are Preparing to Meet Gigantic Offensive Similar to That Which Drove the Muscovites Back.

London, July 6, 9:13 p. m.—With the exception of certain sectors between the Vistula and the Bug rivers, the Austro-German rush in the eastern war zone seems to be halting suddenly. The Russians have braced themselves and are holding at most points along their line, although the Austrians claim continued progress to the northeast of Krasnik and farther along the river Veprez, in the neighborhood of Tarnograd.

This is a critical sector so far as a northward blow at Warsaw is concerned, but it is evident that the Russians are stiffening their resistance after their long retreat and the British press for the first time in weeks, takes a more cheerful view of the eastern situation. It is noteworthy that today's Berlin official communication speaks only of a gain on the northern Poland front, leaving the southeastern field entirely to the Austrians who, in their official statement, emphasize that an advance on the center between the Vistula and the Bug was made by "Austrians."

### MRS. THAW WOULD KEEP HARRY FROM ASYLUM BUT UNDER RESTRAINT

New York, July 6.—Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, who came to New York in answer to a subpoena to testify against her husband, Harry K. Thaw, in the jury proceedings to determine his sanity, returned to her camp at Chateaugay lake, near Malone, N. Y., tonight without having appeared in court. Just before she left for Malone Mrs. Thaw issued the following statement:

"I came to New York in answer to a subpoena issued by the supreme court, but no woman wishes to testify against her husband. I brought with me a doctor's certificate, showing that I am not in a fit condition to undergo the ordeal of testifying again. I had no intention of offending Justice Hendrick when I issued my statement at the camp.

"I do not want Harry to go back to that hell on earth. My restoration of approval of the directors and counsel of the railway company was communicated in a letter written by President J. C. Hutchins to the city street railway commission today.

The commissioners immediately adopted a resolution giving the company until August 2 to secure the restoration of stockholders and bondholders. This, it is declared, has been practically assured.

The terms of sale provide for a vote of the people on the question and upon a favorable vote the price to be paid by the city is to be fixed by the circuit court, sitting in chancery.

### D. U. R. OFFICERS WILLING TO SELL TO DETROIT: PEOPLE TO VOTE ON IT

Detroit, July 6.—Officers of the Detroit United Railway, which operates the street railway system of Detroit, have agreed to sell the city lines of the company to the city of Detroit. The approval of the directors and counsel of the railway company was communicated in a letter written by President J. C. Hutchins to the city street railway commission today.

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### JEALOUS, HE KILLS FIANCEE AND SELF

Belvidere, Ill., July 6.—Charles Bremmer, a young farmer, shot Miss Ida Camp, his fiancee, today and then shot himself, apparently in a jealous rage because she had yesterday accepted the attentions of Edward Lippert, a Chicago man. Both were instantly killed.

### MOTORCYCLE IS DRIVEN 100 MILES IN 87 MINUTES

Columbus, O., July 6.—Jim Davis, of this city, broke the world's motorcycle record for 100 miles on a dirt track here yesterday according to an announcement of the official timers tonight. Davis time was 87 minutes, 43 4-5 seconds. The former mark, which was held by Davis, was 88 minutes and six seconds.

### ITALIANS FAIL, VIENNE SAYS.

In the Halo-Austrian campaign the fighting in the Gorizia district developed into a general battle when an attack was made by the third Italian army. The Italians advanced under the protection of a fierce artillery fire, but, according to an Austrian official statement, the attacking forces were completely repulsed.

factory in the Austro-Hungarian empire. The British government has decided to take over the control of the sale and supply of intoxicating liquors in many districts where war material is being handled.

### AIRMEN BOMBARD TRIESTE.

Udine, Italy, via Paris, July 6, 4:50 p. m.—The Italian attack in the Carso region has been successful although being carried on against a territory which is full of caverns, grottoes and crevasses. A report telling of the capture by the Italians of nine hundred prisoners in two days on a front of five or six miles shows, in the opinion of military observers, a considerable advance.

Honors of the day perhaps go to the Italian air service because of a bombardment of a factory at Trieste. It has been impossible to ascertain the extent of the damage inflicted. Trieste has the most important arms factory in the Austro-Hungarian empire, employing in normal times ten thousand workmen.

A British attack by aeroplane and cruiser against the German positions in a bay of the North sea, on the morning of July 4, was repulsed by German air ships, according to a statement given out in Berlin.

### ALLIES CASUALTIES "FEARFUL"

Berlin, by Wireless to Sayville, L. I., July 6.—Special dispatches from the western front say that in the recent battle between Arras and LaBassee the French and British forces suffered fearful losses, one command alone losing 3,400 men out of 4,200.

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### BUSINESS STOPS IN MEXICO CITY, PEOPLE STARVE

Siege of Capital by Carranza Soldiers Paralyzes Trade, and, With Little Food and Prohibitive Prices, Only Presence of Garrison Prevents Serious Riots

Milk Sells at \$1 a Quart, Eggs at Twenty-Five Cents Each—Military Officers, Who Indulged in Blackmail, Publicly Executed—Internal Enemies Are Active.

Mexico City, June 30.—(By Courier to Vera Cruz, July 6).—Repeated attempts by forces under the command of General Pablo Gonzalez to capture Mexico City have failed and the troops under Generals Zapata and Gonzalez Garza claim that the advance of the Carranza troops has been definitely checked. Despite these assurances the government archives and treasury funds have been moved to Cuernavaca and special trains and street cars have been kept in readiness to carry away the government officials, many of whom are still living at the national palace.

### TRADE STOPS; PEOPLE STARVE.

The advance guards of the Carranza forces penetrated the outskirts of the capital, liberating four hundred prisoners from the penitentiary and a number of political refugees from the jail, but later were driven back about three miles. Business in the capital has been paralyzed since the siege operations commenced.

The food shortage is very serious. Forty thousand poor gather in line daily in front of the offices of the international relief committee, but there is little corn to give them. Milk is selling at a dollar a quart, eggs are twenty-five cents each. The prices of meat are prohibitive. On June 22 the shortage of foodstuffs became so serious that rioting was avoided only by the presence of troops who fired over the heads of the mobs. In one instance the soldiers fired low, killing a number of women.

### BLACKMAILERS ARE EXECUTED.

Blackmail has been indulged in by so many officers lately that the military authorities executed three of them in an effort to stop the practice. The men were executed before a great crowd in the public square near the national palace. It is said to be the first hanging of this kind since colonial days.

Several arrests have been made of persons charged with selling soldiers of the local garrison cartridges loaded with nitro-glycerine instead of ordinary powder. These persons, said to be Carranza sympathizers, are to be executed. The nitro-glycerine cartridges are said to have caused a number of deaths among the Zapata and Villa soldiers whose rifles exploded when the cartridges were set off.

### COOMBS FAINTS IN BOX; HAD STRAINED HIS LEG

Brooklyn, July 6.—Jack Coombs, the veteran pitcher, fainted in the pitcher's box today as he was winding up to hurl the ball to a Boston batsman in the fourth inning of the first game between Brooklyn and the Braves. Coombs had to be carried off the field. An examination disclosed that he had stretched a tendon in his left leg. He soon recovered from the attack, but it was said that it will be a week or ten days before he will be able to pitch again.

### THREE \$52 CHECKS CASHED PROVE TO BE FORGERIES

Houghton, Mich., July 6.—Two business houses in Houghton and one in Hancock today reported to the sheriff that each had yesterday cashed a check of \$52 drawn on the Baraga Lumber company. They proved to be forgeries. The forger has not been located. He is believed to be an employee of the lumber company as the blank checks were stolen from the office.

The Lloyds, of London, have recently issued a form of insurance against appendicitis. The claims have become so numerous that they have found it necessary to double their premiums.

### TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, July 6.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Probably showers Wednesday and Thursday.

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1915.

A GOOD REASON.

From both Washington and Berlin it is reported that the German reply to the recent American note is somewhat late in materializing for the reason that informal exchanges have been progressing between the governments, which the hope that substantial agreement may be reached as to what assurances in connection with the submarine warfare will be regarded by this government as sufficient.

A NEW SPIRIT.

What Independence Day addresses have come to hand indicate more of sense and less of flag waving than has been characteristic of these efforts in other years. There is some evidence to show that the world cataclysm has had a sobering effect on the men who make orations, and doubtless on the populace, also.

The old style Independence Day address was a unique American joke, as big a joke in its way as the Germans' vast assumption that the future progress of the world depends in large measure on the degree to which German Kultur can be forced onto it, or it can be coaxed into accepting that boon.

WHERE THEIR WAYS PART.

Again the rift between organized labor and socialism widens. Speaking for the unions, Samuel Gompers declares against "peace at any price," affirming that American workingmen possess by reason of our system of government certain rights and privileges which are worth fighting for.

she asserts, the more difficult it will be to bring about peace. Of course Miss Addams expects many persons to disagree with her. Only the fact that the perpetrator is so obviously crazy prevents the development of much heat on the subject of the attack on J. P. Morgan and the dynamite outrage in the capitol at Washington.

The perils of the road are being illustrated in Marquette county by more than the usual number of automobile accidents. They multiply with the number of automobiles. And there is nothing in the business in automobiles in this county this year that would indicate that the iron market has of late been having some pretty heavy going.

STATE PRESS

Some folks are so cool in the time of danger that they actually shiver.—Pontiac Press-Gazette.

A blind Wellesley girl declares New York is beautiful, proving that she is blind beyond doubt.—Lansing Journal.

A license clerk in Chicago who has seen more than 10,000 persons divorced has announced his engagement.—Saginaw News.

From the slick way the college men have with the girls, it seems fitting that they are called bachelors of art.—Jackson Citizen-Press.

A Newark (N. J.) janitor claims to be a grandson of George IV. of England. The fact that he is a janitor proves royal blood will tell.—Sault Ste. Marie News.

Several months have elapsed since General Funston cleaned up Vera Cruz. No doubt the garbage can is again full and running over.—Battle Creek Moon-Journal.

The newspaper humorists, having announced that they will plant a tree at their San Francisco convention, 5,763 paragraphs rise to remark that it must be a chestnut tree.—Flint Journal.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt kindly assures us that New York will accept woman suffrage "provided that men think what they say to her"—a mistake that has often cost woman dear.—Jackson Patriot.

A LAUGH OR TWO

Heroic Treatment. "In Belgium," said War Correspondent Will Irwin, "I know an artillery blacksmith who carried on the sleeve of his uniform the hammer and pinchers—the insignia of his calling."

"What's the meaning of your sleeve man?" a civilian asked him one day. "They mean I'm an army dentist," he said, with a wink at me.

"Dentist, eh?" said the civilian. "The pinchers, then, are to pull the teeth out with. But the hammer—what's the hammer for?"

"The hammer," said the blacksmith, "is for use in bad cases to chloroform the patients."

The Cook Crook.

Edith Wharton was talking in New York about French housekeeping. "The one drawback," she said, "is that your cook does your marketing. She markets for cash, too. The result is a frank kind of cheating."

"I said once to a cook in Paris: 'I give you five francs extra at each month's end. What do you say?'" "The cook hesitated, then she answered: 'I'll think it over carefully, madam, and let you know my decision this evening.'"

No Trust.

Governor Morris was talking in New York about the hard lot of the literateur. "I know a litterateur," he said, "who went to Ocean Grove. He picked out a nice little hotel on the sea front. Then he walked in and said to the proprietor: 'What is the rate here for a quiet room with a sea view?'"

"Twelve dollars up," the proprietor answered. "Well, I am an author, and—"

"In that case," interrupted the proprietor sternly, "in that case it will be twelve dollars down."

The Patriot.

Sir Thomas Lipton said at a provisioners' banquet in London: "All the blame for high prices is put on us dealers. You'd think the way some people talk, that we dealers were as false as the chap who was sanding his sugar."

"A chap was sanding his sugar the other day with his errand boy's help. The errand boy, hitting a scoopful of sand, asked: 'The usual proportion, sir?'" "No, Joseph, of course not," the boss replied sternly. "The usual proportion in days like these? Joseph, where's your patriotism?"

"Only half the usual proportion of sand, Joseph—only half the usual proportion as long as our gallant troops at the front have such need of sand bags."

The Message.

President Wilson loves anecdotes, and at the war's beginning, at a Washington dinner party, the President illustrated his hatred of war.

"I feel towards war," he said, "as the roysterer felt towards his friend Coffin. This roysterer has attended a banquet, and at 3 o'clock in the morning, on the way home in a taxi-cab, he suddenly remembered Coffin, the undertaker, and told the chauffeur to drive to Coffin's address."

"He got down at Coffin's and rang the night bell. Coffin in his pajamas put his head out of an upstairs window. 'What's wanted?' he said. 'It's me—it's George,' said the roysterer. 'Don't you—his—know me?'" "Yes, I know you all right," said Coffin irritably. "What the deuce do you want?"

"I jus' wants tell you, Coffin," said the roysterer, "that you're the las' man on earth I wants do business with!"

TIMELY QUIPS

Experience. Experience demonstrates that a memorandum book is useful for setting down unimportant facts against eventualities that never come to pass.—Chicago News.

True. Professor Munsterberg's sphygmometer which prevents a person telling a lie ought to be made compulsory in the European censor offices.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Error. A Kentucky boy rescued four persons from drowning. He will get no crosses for his heroism. He was tamely saving life—not destroying it.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Need. Reinforced glossary of war and medical terms is sadly needed. Just confuses the ordinary mortal to read that a man was wounded between the Diuener and the Pruth.—New York Evening Telegram.

Tragic. It is estimated by men acquainted with the situation in Pittsburgh that at least \$30,000,000 in orders for war material is without takers at present in this country. The basis of prosperity thus indicated is tragic, but the tragedy is not of America's making.—Springfield Republican.

EDITORIAL OPINION

What Seed Selection Does.

Making two blades of grass grow where one grew before is not nearly as creditable as making one blade as heavy as two. That is the feat of Paul Gerlach, farmer at Allen, Sakatchewan, to whom belongs the honor of growing the heaviest bushel of wheat ever known of man. It weighed seventy-one pounds and one ounce to the measured bushel and in testimony thereof the International Dry Farming congress gave \$75,000 prize—a \$1,250 separator. The wheat standard is sixty pounds to the bushel, but wheat sometimes runs as low as forty pounds. Consequently in raising seventy-one pound wheat this faraway farmer showed his fellow farmers how to become rich by increasing the productivity of their acres.

It must grieve the Canadians to know that Paul Gerlach, whose name is known wherever wheat is grown in the northwest, is something of a German and something of an American. He was born in Michigan. He had his fling at business, did not like it and hiked for Canada seven years ago, acquiring 320 acres of land in that period. His story of how he came to raise the heaviest wheat on record shows both German patience and American enterprise. Moreover, his method is a simple one that has followed in the United States as well as Canada.

Seed selection was the secret of his success. For four years he stuck at the task, gradually increasing the per bushel weight of his crop through saving the best kernels. In 1910 he sowed a bushel of his choicest kernels in his garden, sowing the plot once and over to eliminate undesirable types. This wheat was carefully threshed and re-cleaned and sowed the next spring upon a well-tilled summer fallow. From that crop, which yielded thirty-five bushels to the acre, was taken the world's prize wheat. It followed in the United States as well as Canada.

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treasury. The blundering has been done chiefly by the national government. Partisan excuses cannot dull the edge of such facts. The records made by the Wilson administration in managing the business of the country cannot be hidden or talked down next year. The figures are too plain. The truth is too convincing.—Cleveland Leader.

LOWER STATE NOTES

GRAND RAPIDS—Fourth of July celebrations passing the home of George Hutchinson, early Sunday, tossed a fire-cracker on an awning. The house was set afire. Members of the family were forced to flee in their night clothing. The blaze did \$300 damage.

CADILLAC—Seven were rendered unconscious when lightning entered the home of Henry Kling on a telephone wire. Mr. Kling and a visitor, Harold Smitters, were badly burned and were unconscious for two hours. They will recover, as also will two of the Kling children, who were seriously injured. The house was not damaged.

MONROE—The Courier and News, two local daily newspapers, have been merged. The paper will be called "The News." It is to be independent in politics and is to be published in the Democrat building on First street, where the News was published. C. W. Govier, of Toledo, will be the managing editor and Walter C. Peterson, Defiance, Ohio, business manager.

GRAND RAPIDS—When Gerritt DeGroot, thirty-one, lifted an angleworm from a bait can while fishing from a boat on Fiske lake, the worm wriggled from his grasp. DeGroot reached hastily for it and tipped the craft. He, with Benjamin Wierix and Gerrit Torngave, were thrown in the water. DeGroot was drowned. His companions managed to cling to the boat's until rescued. The body was recovered.

FLINT—Police Justice D. P. Halsey turned over the keys of his office to W. J. Landon, after being a justice for more than twenty-seven years. He was first elected justice in 1882 and since 1899 has held the office continuously. Judge Halsey also was county clerk for two terms, and was a member of the board of education three years. Before coming to Flint he was justice of the peace in Grand Blanc township, when twenty-three years old. Mr. Halsey is seventy-five years old.

LUDINGTON—With the arrival of Troop A, Fifth U. S. cavalry, from Fort Sheridan, and Company C, Third infantry, from Fort Ontario, N. Y., and the Third Infantry band, the U. S. military organization at Ludington, Michigan, is complete. High school and college students are arriving daily. Camp is commanded by Captain Weeks, Twenty-eighth infantry. Ludington camp is one of three maintained by the government to educate young citizens into potential officers of the volunteer army.

FLINT—Flint's police department observed Independence day in this local option city by arresting twenty-seven drunks up to midnight, with the officers each bringing more in during the night. Starting last week, the rule was put into effect in the police court to give all intoxicated men arrested a straight jail sentence without the option of a fine. The sheriff took some measurements Sunday night for a temporary addition to accommodate those who used firewater instead of firecrackers Saturday. The source of supply is a mystery which is engaging the attention of the officers.

LANSING—With the double drowning Thursday and the identification Friday of a boy, who, with Jogie Sutton, was lost when a canoe tipped over, has revealed the story of a lad who ran away from his home and school. Clyde Jubb, aged fifteen years, was the boy who lost his life. He was identified at the morgue by his foster father, Seth Jubb, a farmer, who, with Jogie Sutton, was lost when a canoe tipped over, has revealed the story of a lad who ran away from his home and school. Clyde Jubb, aged fifteen years, was the boy who lost his life. He was identified at the morgue by his foster father, Seth Jubb, a farmer, who, with Jogie Sutton, was lost when a canoe tipped over, has revealed the story of a lad who ran away from his home and school.

HILLSDALE—A move has been started to establish the highway from Jonesville to Hillsdale, from Hillsdale to Frontier and from Frontier to the Ohio line as a trunk line road. County Surveyor Cox says that the road would not cost very much and his statement that the project is within the bounds of possibility has aroused interest. Four townships are interested, Fayette, Hillsdale, Woodbridge and Amboy. It is expected that petitions will be circulated in each township and filed with the state highway commission. With the pike transformed into a trunk line road, Hillsdale county people would have a fine through route from Detroit to Chicago, and this would be connected with the roads that are being built about Pioneer, O., and toward Montpelier and Toledo.

SAGINAW—Warrants have been issued charging Mrs. Elsie Schmidt Wittnuss and Frank Dworakowski, a boarder, with the murder of Charles A. Wittnuss, who died here under peculiar circumstances June 22 in St. Mary's hospital. The defendants, who have been held in Central police station since the day following the death of Wittnuss, will be arraigned before Recorder Martin. It is believed that an attempt will be made to show that the motive for the crime was to secure property, etc., held jointly by the dead man and the widow, and it is intimated that the people will try to prove a love affair between the defendants. Wittnuss was sick ten days before he died, and according to attending physicians and an incomplete report by Professor Emerson, of the medical department of the University of Michigan, there were signs of arsenical poisoning.

BEST DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

If you have ever used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy you know that it is a success. Sam F. Guin, Whitley, Ala., writes, "I had measles and got caught out in the rain, and it settled in my stomach and bowels. I had a awful time, and had it not been for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy I could not possibly have lived but a few hours longer, but thanks to this remedy, I am now well and strong." For sale by All Dealers.

UPPER PENINSULA

Theater at Rapid River.

H. E. Pfeiffer of Rapid River, has practically completed one of the most attractive picture houses to be found in a town of the size of Rapid River, in the northwest. The building will be ready for opening to the public within a few days. The theater will be electrically lighted. To generate the current for the lights Mr. Pfeiffer has installed a new two-horse power gasoline engine and has contracted to light the streets of the town and various business places. Y. H. Needham, of the Escanaba Electric shop, has been busy for the past week installing the lighting plant and doing the wiring work at the theater building.

Preparing for Road Work.

Equipment to be used on the six-mile state road contract, recently awarded by the board of supervisors to W. B. Hutchinson of Michigan City, Indiana, will arrive in the Soo this week. The work of the week and will be started immediately on the job. Mr. Hutchinson is purchasing a lot of new equipment. He expects to rush the job through this fall, although the contract does not call for its completion until next spring. An industrial railway will be shipped by Mr. Hutchinson and will be set into place at once. A switch will be run along the Superior road to the McKnight road from the Soo line tracks. There is a siding there for regular cars and twelve can be placed there at one time. The industrial railway, which will be used to this siding and the material in the large cars will be placed on the miniature railroad and hauled to the scene of construction.

Has English Resigned.

Persistent reports which have been circulating for some time to the effect that Police Chief A. P. English was about to hand in his resignation as head of the police department cannot be confirmed, but apparently they are growing in strength. The chief is still away on a leave of absence which he procured some weeks ago and officials said they did not know his present whereabouts until when he would be back. City Clerk F. S. Norcross denied a report that the resignation of the chief was already in, saying that nothing of the kind had reached him. In the meantime there was considerable speculation on who the successor of the chief would be in the event of his resignation. The appointment rests with the aldermen, and already several of the city fathers are out with suggestions on who they will support. Among the men who have adherents on the council for the job, provided that it is vacated are Captain Charles Van Dozer and John Riedy, at present members of the police force and I. E. Burns former undersheriff.

OUR GIFTS FROM THE INDIAN.

He Has Contributed Much to American Civilization That Deserves Our Lasting Gratitude.

A noteworthy incident was reported in the papers some time ago. Thirty Pueblo Indians headed by a chief presented a petition to the United States government in favor of universal peace and protesting against the horrors of "civilized" warfare as displayed in the terrible European conflict. This looks as if some Indians, at least, have been considerably misunderstood, and more sympathetic and intelligent understanding of the Indian world spreading confirms the suspicion. We are fortunately beginning to recognize, before the Red Man has been entirely submerged or extinguished, that "Good Indian" is not necessarily "Dead Indian." We are awakening to the idea that total destruction of the Indian would be a misfortune to the world—the deprivation of an element that could not be replaced.

Our debt to the Indian for the many gifts he has brought us has not been wiped out by the doubtful success, as he has bestowed on him. Among other things he has given us the snowshoe, the moccasins (called the most perfect foot-gear ever devised), the bark canoe, the conical tent or tipi, from which the Silley army tent was copied, and the game of lacrosse. The art of maple sugar making, the cultivation of maize and tobacco and of a native rice of fine flavor as derived from the Indians. The words succotash and hominy are Indian, as well as a host of geographical names of great beauty, and many common terms of speech.

The civilization of the whole of North America has been modified by the existence of an ever-receding frontier of Indian tribes. But for this, observes a writer in the "Theosophical Path," the white man would have easily explored the whole continent, and in the absence of opposition, the entire character would probably have lacked certain qualities of hardness. The Indian's trails, waterways, camping places and trade routes were adopted by explorers, traders and settlers, and the railroad followed. In their contact with the Indians the early settlers received many lessons in statercraft and diplomacy from those masters of art, who were also orators of high rank. The story of Penn proves that their diplomacy was not double-dealing. The Indians of the southwest have something to teach us about irrigation. The climate in former years was as arid as it is today, yet their success was so great that lands now practically worthless were once occupied by large populations. The ruin of Pueblos and other remains have

been and are many able and devoted representatives. We can forget the heroic Sacocheva who saved the Lewis and Clark expedition, and to whom statues have lately been erected in Portland, Ore., and Bismarck, N. D.; Catherine Tekakowita, Louise Szig, both and many others in more recent times have stood for the highest ideals. The Indian girl makes an excellent nurse, both tender and painstaking, and several Indian women have become successful physicians.

The impassivity and taciturnity so characteristic of certain Indians is the effect of the habit of reflection, not the result of poverty of words or of ideas. There are 58 different languages spoken in North America, some of them of great complexity, and a sign language is in general use by which Indians speaking different tongues can freely communicate with each other. Memory was carefully trained by the custom of reciting ancestral traditions and the sacred chants of their religious ceremonies. Before replying to the argument of an opponent in council an orator was expected to repeat all the points of the other's address in order to show that he comprehended them.

It is doubtful whether if a number of untrained white people were thrown entirely upon their own resources under the condition in which the Indians of the plains were found, and had to depend mainly upon hunting for food, clothing, housing and other necessities of life, they would succeed in building up a more creditable social organization than that of the Indians.

BETTER THAN LIFE INSURANCE.

Twenty-five cents invested in a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy will enable you to protect your family from any serious consequences resulting from an attack of colic or diarrhoea during the summer months. Is that not better than life insurance? Buy it now. It may save life. For sale by All Dealers.

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# Copper Country

## BURDICK HELD ON ADULTERY CHARGE

### This After He Had Been Arrested on Suspicion of Attempting Murder of Wife.

After Gaylord Burdick, an employe of the Stratton handle factory had been arrested yesterday morning on suspicion of having attempted to murder his wife by giving her a dose of carbolic acid, Mrs. Burdick's condition is precarious. She yesterday afternoon confessed that she was driven, she said, by the faithlessness of her husband. While Burdick was thus cleared of the charge of murder, he was at once arrested on a charge of adultery, and is proposed also to arrest the woman in the case. Mrs. Burdick's condition is precarious. The only reason that she did not kill herself instantly is the fact that she diluted the acid with water.

Burdick came to Atlantic four years ago, when the Stratton company moved there from near Marquette. He is a knife grinder by trade and had worked for the company for some years. He has a good reputation with his employers. Yesterday morning at 6:10 Burdick left the house at Atlantic. He had a small job to do at the mill and this was completed about 7 o'clock or a little thereafter. On his return home, he found the house full of excited, screaming neighbors, all of whom were Finns. For a few moments he could not learn the cause of the clamor. Then one of the Finns said "Up stairs," and he went up to his bedroom and found his wife on the floor in a semi-conscious state. He detected the odor of carbolic acid.

Dr. J. W. Moore was summoned, and pronounced the case one of carbolic acid poisoning. Mrs. Burdick was at once taken to St. Joseph's hospital, where Dr. Moore made an extended examination.

**Burdick Denies Trouble Story.**  
Burdick was arrested on complaint of two of his wife's married daughters, who allege that he and their mother had a quarrel on Monday. Burdick was seen in Sheriff Cruse's office yesterday morning and he denied that there had been any trouble. He said that his wife was not up when he left the house, and that she made a practice of lying in bed long after he arose. He habitually went without breakfast, he said.

Superintendent Little, of the Stratton company, said that he has known Burdick for about seven years, during which time he has been in the company's employ, that he has a good reputation and that he is a good workman.

## NOTES OF THE SCHOOLS.

**Prepare for Annual Meeting—Summer School is Opened.**

The Houghton and Portage township school board met last night to complete preparations for the annual meeting and election, which are to take place in the Central building next Monday night.

The summer school of the Houghton high school opened yesterday, with twenty-five high school pupils attending to take special work in algebra and geometry under Principal Erickson.

Superintendent Doelle, a member of the executive committee of the Michigan State Teachers' association, expects to leave today to assist in throwing oil on certain troubled waters in Saginaw. That city has been selected as the place of holding the annual meeting of the association next October, and it has become apparent that the Saginaw hotel keepers are too eager to get the teachers' money, that they have not evinced a purpose to be neighborly in the matter of rates. The executive committee is to meet during the week to discuss the situation.

## IN ALL OUR NEIGHBORHOOD

There is hardly a woman who does not rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Princeton, Ill.—"I had inflammation, hard headaches in the back of my neck and a weakness all caused by female trouble, and I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound with such excellent results that I am now feeling fine. I recommend the Compound and praise it to all. I shall be glad to have you publish my letter."

There is scarcely a neighbor around me who does not use your medicine."—Mrs. J. F. JOHNSON, R. No. 4, Box 30, Princeton, Illinois.

**Experience of a Nurse.**  
Poland, N. Y.—"In my experience as a nurse I certainly think Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a great medicine. I wish all women with female troubles would take it. I took it when passing through the Change of Life with great results and I always recommend the Compound to all my patients if I know of their condition in time. I will gladly do all I can to help others to know of this great medicine."—Mrs. HORACE NEWMAN, Poland, Herkimer Co., N. Y.

If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you want special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

## STEAMER DISABLED WHEN SHAFT BROKE

### Lifesaving Crew Pulled Lumber Hooker to the Haven of Portage Lake Canal.

Capt. McCormick, of the Portage canal coast guard station, sighted a queer craft off the canal about 8 o'clock Monday night. She appeared to have sails somewhat like those of a Chinese junk, and she was making rather slow going as he took out his big power life boat and his crew, and stood by to lend a hand.

The craft proved to be the steamer Kalkaska, 600 tons, owned by the Pillsbury Lumber company, of Chicago, carrying lumber out of Bayfield, Wis., to Chicago. She had broken her shaft at 11 o'clock Monday morning when abreast of 14-mile point, which is about thirty miles west of the canal.

Capt. Elliott at once put out his anchor, intending to avail assistance from some passing vessel. But in the early afternoon the wind freshened and as it was blowing in the general direction of the canal he determined to make the haven, if possible. He rigged up some canvas hatch covers for sails and under this rig managed to get within sighting distance of the canal. Capt. McCormick pulled him the rest of the way with his power life boat.

The shaft is now being repaired at the Portage Lake foundry, where the Kalkaska was towed yesterday morning by the tug Shickler.

**Lakeland Overdue.**  
The steamer Lakeland arrived in Houghton yesterday twenty-four hours overdue. Adverse winds on Monday compelled her to turn back from Grand Island to the shelter of Whitefish point.

## CHANGES IN THE PERSONNEL.

**Electric Light and Traction Company Announces Promotions.**  
Gardner Rogers, general manager of the Houghton County Electric Light Co. and the Houghton County Traction Co., yesterday announced the following changes in the personnel of these organizations:

C. C. Curtis, superintendent of the Houghton County Electric Light Co., who has had charge of the Calumet division of that company, has accepted a position as lighting superintendent of the El Paso Electric company of El Paso, Texas. This change is in the nature of a promotion for Mr. Curtis. His many friends and acquaintances in the copper country are sorry to see him leave, but are glad to learn of his deserved promotion.

Otto Snyder, of Houghton, assistant superintendent of the Electric Light Co., has been promoted to superintendent and will continue to have his headquarters in Houghton.

Phillip J. Robinson, who has been assistant superintendent of the Houghton Traction Co., and who has had charge of the Calumet division, will become assistant superintendent of the Electric Light Co., having charge of the Calumet division of that company.

Harry E. Matthews, who has been inspector for the Houghton County Traction company for some years, and who in the past half year has been claim agent for the company and park manager, has been promoted to assistant superintendent of the traction company in charge of the Calumet division. Mr. Matthews will continue acting as claim agent.

Frank Williams, the oldest conductor in the traction company's service and one of the most popular men in the employ, has been detailed to act as park manager during the present season.

## ALUMNI PICNIC PLANS.

**Houghton High School Graduates To Stage First Affair of Kind.**

Preparations for the first annual picnic, or excursion of the Houghton High School Alumni association are going forward rapidly, the committees in charge being confident that the affair will mark a precedent in this line of social activities. This excursion is the first one of the kind that has ever been given by Houghton high school graduates, and former attempts to promote one being failures.

The arrangement committee consists of Raymond Chynoweth, Martin Kratt and Douglas Buchanan. Tickets can be obtained from them or at the time of the excursion. The Playhouse has been engaged to take the crowd to the canal, where there will be dancing and refreshments during the first part of the evening. Later a huge bonfire will be made, around which all will assemble, sing songs, and enjoy themselves. All who wish to attend are requested to notify a member of the arrangement committee so that the latter can make plans accordingly.

**RETURN FROM MARQUETTE.**  
Hancock Naval Reserve Reports Royal Entertainment in that City.

The members of the Hancock Naval Reserve returned from their fourth of July excursion to Marquette at 4:30 a. m., yesterday, everyone of them reporting a royal reception at the iron country city and a jolly good time during the entire trip.

About 55 members took the trip, arriving at Marquette Sunday morning. During their stay the Marquette Naval Reserve treated the visitors to an excellent Whitefish dinner. Beyond talking part in the big parade, the members of the reserve had little to do but see the city and enjoy themselves. The Marquette sailors extended every courtesy within their power and the Hancock boys will be more than happy to reciprocate it over the chance presents itself.

**APPLY FOR NATURALIZATION.**  
County Clerk Kaiser has filed the naturalization applications of Francesco Togni and Alessandro Tometta, both natives of Austria and residents of Beacon Hill. They have been in the United States since 1909.

## HANCOCK AUTO ACCIDENT.

### Small Boy Run Over by Truck and Sustains a Broken Leg.

While apparently oblivious of all other events about him except the approaching parade in Hancock Monday morning, Albert Nicholson eleven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Niel Nicholson of Hancock stepped in front of the heavy auto truck owned by the Cochran factory of Houghton, and before the driver could stop the machine, one of the front wheels had passed over the little fellow's left leg.

The accident happened on Quincy street, in front of the Lieblin building. Both sides of the street were lined with crowds of people waiting for the approaching parade. Several witnesses of the accident agree that the truck was passing at a snail's pace, and that the little boy stepped out from the crowd in front of the car. Medical help was summoned immediately and the injured boy was placed in the truck and rushed to the hospital. Dr. Valon Slyek, who attended, stated yesterday that the artery and bone near the knee had been crushed, and that it could not be determined for twenty-four to forty-eight hours yet just how serious the injuries are.

As far as could be learned yesterday, this is the only accident which occurred in Hancock during the big celebration.

## GOLF EVEN WONT BY SINGLE POINT

### St. Andrews' Team Won from All-Americans When Letter Thought They Were Safe.

In the international golf event of the Portage Lake Golf club Monday the St. Andrews' team won by a score of 12 against 11 for the All-Americans.

The prize in the match, which involved all of the members of the club, was a dinner at the Onigaming Yacht club and ten players from each team were already seated at dinner, having turned in their scores, which indicated a victory for All-Americans. In fact the letter team was gloating over the victory. But Ed Haas, of the All-Americans, and W. J. Uren, of the St. Andrews, were still on the links. It was taken for granted that they would be about even and that their scores would not affect the result already determined, when lo, and behold!

This is good for another paragraph. Messrs. Haas and Uren walked into the yacht club dining room and turned in their scores and Alton Ben Uren's name led all the rest. He had beaten Haas by three points and turned the scale for his team, giving it a margin of one point and the laugh on the All-Americans. After that the dinner was proceeded with. The following is the official score:

Score	St. Andrews	Points
101	Harkness	0
98	Robinson	2
99	Thompson	3
121	J. H. Rice	0
119	Hulbard	0
103	Dougllass	1
123	Ruhl	0
143	Walsh	0
129	Wren	3
96	Byrne	1
	Total	12

Score	All-American	Points
88	Nichols	3
99	Worcester	0
103	Zealand	0
111	Harris	3
107	W. C. Rice	0
109	Stannard	0
123	Bauding	0
128	J. C. Ryan	2
137	Haas	0
94	Pryor	0
	Total	11

**Classes Are Selected.**  
The golf committee last week announced that the scores of Monday's match would be used as the basis in determining the members of three classes of players. The committee announced the selection yesterday, explaining, however, that the scores should not be considered as indicative of the quality of the weather and the condition of the course, following heavy rains, made good golf impossible. The classes follow, with the determining scores are:

Class A—Nichols 88, Pryor 94, Byrne 96, Robinson 98, Thompson 99, Worcester 99, Harkness 101, Zealand 103, Douglass 103, W. C. Rice 107.

Class B—Stannard 109, Harris 111, Hulbard 119, H. Rice 121, Uren 121, Ruhl 123, Bauding 123, Ryan 127, Walsh 143, Haas 146.

Class C—All other members of the club.

## TONY MALNAR, CITIZEN-ELECT.

**Old Resident of North Tamarack Learns to Write to Get Papers.**

Antonio Malnar, American citizen, of North Tamarack was a visitor in Houghton yesterday. Mr. Malnar is not an American citizen as yet insofar as the mere act of naturalization is concerned, but he is a good citizen in a broader sense, and is just about as eager to enjoy the rights and privileges of American citizenship as any one man can be. He demonstrated the value he places on the franchise by wearing, after infinite labor, to write his name. This is one of the present day requisites to citizenship and Mr. Malnar, lacking early advantages, was illiterate when five years ago he took out his first papers, or declared his intention to become a citizen. He has practiced diligently on this one photographic accomplishment ever since and it was a proud day for him yesterday when he lowered his white head over a desk in County Clerk Kaiser's office and wrote at the bottom of his application his name, Antonio Malnar.

Mr. Malnar is an old friend of Sheriff Cruse. He called on the sheriff yesterday morning and they talked over old times to the amusement of reporters, deputies, sheriff, a prisoner and some mere county officials.

"This is Cousin Jack Jimmy," said the old man, pointing to the sheriff and the man who was laughing in unison over an old joke. Mr. Malnar has resided in Houghton county continuously for 19 years, but it

## WAR ON CROOKS IN POWDER TOWN

### Effort to Clean Out the Dens of Vice.

Pennsgrove, N. J., July 6.—Gumcotton and gunpowder, made by the trainload for the allies' cannon, are not the most dangerous factors in Pennsgrove, transformed into a Du Pont "powder keg." They are "booze" and 300 outlaws. The latter range from desperate footpads to clothesline thieves. Between the two extremes are defiant panhandlers and ragged beggars.

A boom town with from \$200,000 to \$240,000 paid twice a month by the Du Pont company to about 9,000 employes, Pennsgrove, in the last month, has yielded a prolific harvest of crooks of the east. Fear of them has spread through Salem county. Disorder has been rampant not alone here, but in Pennsville and Salem.

Dozens of workmen have been slugged and robbed of their earnings. There have been wild carousals on pay nights and Saturdays. Frontier boom towns, for picturesqueness, vice and crime, have been surpassed by Pennsgrove. Streets approaching the Pennsgrove-Wilmington ferry have been crowded by intoxicated men. Women rarely ventured from home after dark. Every house is double barred and locked at night.

**Gamblers Driven Away.**  
This great problem of "booze" and "crooks" has been partly solved. A cleanup campaign has been waged. A host of shell game, faro and roulette artists have been driven away. Four gambling dens were raided. A rendezvous for women was closed. But still there remains work for the cleanup brigade, as even the most active citizen admits.

There was a semblance of order last Saturday night for the first time in weeks. An augmented police force and ninety picked guards from the powder plants patrolled the town. Awed by this display, with the "law" making no effort to conceal loaded revolvers and bullets, the riffraff that drank, fought and robbed was held in check.

While the police dominated the shores, all was not peaceful on the Delaware river. There were fights galore on the two ferriesboats that hourly ply between Wilmington and Pennsgrove.

A serious outbreak occurred shortly before midnight aboard the Aves. A giant, crazed by drink, stamped passengers. Directed by Colonel Weller E. Stover, commissary of the Du Pont barracks, and an officer of the organized militia of Delaware, the men were overpowered after he had felled a dozen persons with his fists.

**Bar Against Booze Fighters.**  
Manager Joseph Wilson of the ferry line issued order for guards at slips to admit no person to the boats who was visibly intoxicated.

Partial peace has been declared by two factions of townspeople. Marshaled by S. Russling Lepp, a young attorney, one faction has been advocating a relentless anti-vice crusade. Their principal object is to have the license of French's hotel revoked, as it is the salar bar room in Pennsgrove.

The other faction, spearheaded by the results of a demonstration of authority now preaches a "hands off" doctrine. It fears that the clamping of the lid on Pennsgrove would cause its prosperity to be punctured and the flow of dollars to tradesmen to be diverted to other centers.

**THE BLURB.**  
In an interview published in the Times magazine section recently Governor Morris expressed his dislike of the editorial "Blurb" which introduces the short story in many of the magazines of the present day. He finds this blurb often sensational and exaggerated. It has also a most hideous habit of giving away the plot in advance.

Mr. Morris is not the only writer who suffers, usually in silence, from the

## LONDON SHIPPING BREAKS ALL RECORDS

### But Increased Dockage Allows Vast Inflow of Freight to Be Handled Promptly.

London, June 23.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—After nearly a year of almost unbelievable crowding and pressure in the Port of London, the shipping authorities have caught up with the sea traffic, and during the past week, for the first time since war began, not a single vessel had to be detained in the lower Thames waiting for a berth to unload in the docks.

Immense new facilities have been rushed to completion during the past two months. More than 400,000 front feet of additional shed space have been provided. The East India Import dock, which will furnish eight new berths for large ocean-going ships, will be opened in August, and the early completion is also promised of the new refrigerated meat warehouse at the Royal Albert dock, to contain 500,000 carcasses.

There is every indication, however, that even these enlarged facilities will be pushed to their utmost capacity as the autumn comes on. The autumn and winter are normally the busiest seasons in all the ports of Northern Europe. The war situation will accentuate the position created by the ordinary increased flow of business, since over several new lines are asking for berths in London.

Government purchases of Indian wheat have begun to leave India for London, and large shipments of timber are promised from Norwegian ports. It is also stated that as soon as the numerous cargoes of supplies for Russia are out of

## Cocoon Oil Fine For Washing Hair

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, the less soap you use the better.

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Just plain mulsified cocoon oil (which cleanses and entirely greaseless), is much better than soap of any kind. This can be used for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily, and removes every particle of dirt, dust, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified cocoon oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.

## JOHN SPILICH ARRAIGNED.

### Confessed Dodgeville Robber's Case Postponed—Wants to Settle.

John Spilich, arrested Saturday night at Greenland on a charge of robbing Mrs. John Messner of Dodgeville, was yesterday arraigned before Justice Little of Houghton, but his plea was not taken, and the hearing was postponed till the convenience of Prosecuting Attorney Galbraith. Spilich was returned to jail.

Spilich has made overtures to Sheriff Cruse to settle the case and the sheriff has put the matter up to Prosecuting Attorney Galbraith. It is now known that Mrs. Messner lost was \$1,088, the total of her husband's insurance policy. Spilich took no other cash.

Spilich is in his possession of \$1,072.55 and of this he claims only \$868.45 was his own money. With the cash the man had when arrested turned over to Mrs. Messner she will lose only about \$12. She seems to be satisfied with this, and does not want to prosecute Spilich if she can avoid it. If she withdraws her complaint and Spilich is willing to reimburse the county for the expense of some \$300 involved in hunting for and arresting him it may be that he may get off comparatively easy, considering the serious nature of his offense.

## RIFLE SCHOOL SCHEDULE.

### Menominee Company to Follow Houghton on Hurontown Range.

Captain T. S. Smith of the Houghton Light Infantry has been advised by the state military board that the Menominee company will be in Houghton July 15 for rifle practice over the Hurontown range. Captain Smith will be one of the instructors.

The Houghton company will hold a rifle school July 13 and 14 and on the preceding two days the Calumet Engineers will shoot over their range.

## LIBRARY SUMMER HOURS.

The Houghton Public Library has put into effect its summer schedule. During July and August the library will not be open in the morning.

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You can get mulsified cocoon oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.

# "Light Spoils Beer"

even pure beer—it starts decay and renders it unfit for use," and the slightest taint ruins the healthfulness of beer. The light bottle is insufficient protection; even the light bottle brewers admit that brown glass is the best known container for beer.

# Drink Schlitz in Brown Bottles

There is no purer beer brewed, and the Brown Bottle protects its purity from the brewery to your glass.

Schlitz is all healthfulness, and it costs no more than light bottle beer.

See that crown is branded "Schlitz"



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praise bestowed upon him by the author of the blurb. The more sensitive he is and the more prone to self-esteem the more deeply his feelings are hurt by the thought of his reader's inevitable disappointment when he turns from the blurb to the real thing. Yet the blurb follows a legitimate course of development in harmony with the development of modern fiction. Its dignified ancestor was the scrap of verse that writers of Sir Walter Scott's day habitually placed at the head of each chapter to indicate indirectly what might be expected to happen in that chapter, an amplified foreword. In recent years the publisher have extended this introductory matter with descriptive comment and placed it on the "jackets" inclosing books of fic-

tion. In that position it serves a double purpose whetting the appetite, and informing reviewers who are pressed for time of the main points of the plot. It was while exercising this function that this form of announcement received from Gellert Burgess the immortal name of blurb, which now is a part of our English vocabulary, having a place in the new dictionaries. From the "jacket" it passed to the italicized introduction for the magazine story. It probably will retain its strong position in the literary world until some one discovers the tremendous advertising force of understatement and the cumulative effect upon the public of finding a thing better than it was announced to be.—New York Times.

# Stafford's

are now prepared to pack and deliver their delicious ice cream in any quantity to any part of the city.

THE REX-ALL DRUG STORE

Try Mary Garden Candy.

Films developed, 10 cents per roll.

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Lawn Mowers    Lawn Rakes  
Garden Hose    Garden Tools

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A large stock carried in Marquette warehouse. Prompt shipments.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

## D. L. & W. Genuine Scranton Anthracite

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Lilly Smithing    Blue Grass Cannel

Island Creek Splint

Large stock of Pea Coal

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JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD.



## AT Murray's

Rockyford Melons  
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THE BEST OF EVERYTHING

### FRESH

Asparagus    Green Peas  
Cauliflower    Spinach  
Cucumbers    Peppers  
Green Beans    New Potatoes  
New Beets    Radishes  
Wax Beans    Green Onions  
New Carrots    Parsley  
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### Fruits

Peaches    Plums  
Pears    Apricots  
Pink Meat Melons  
Rockyford Melons  
Watermelons  
Bananas    Cherries  
Oranges    Limes  
Lemons    Apples  
Grape Fruit    Strawberries  
Red Raspberries

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TOMATOES  
SPINACH  
CUCUMBERS  
RADISHES  
WAX BEANS  
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LEAF LETTUCE  
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PIE PLANT  
GREEN PEPPERS  
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NEW CARROTS  
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NEW BEETS  
ROCKYFORD MELONS  
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### SAVING BABY EYES.

For some years past the subject of prevention of blindness has appeared frequently upon the programs of medical meetings, and conferences of health officers, nurses and social workers. The statement is made and reiterated that more than a quarter of the blind children in the schools for the blind in this country are sightless because their eyes were neglected at or soon after birth—the accoucheur neglected to use prophylactic (a silver solution) so well known to the medical profession, or the needed medical care for the baby's sore eyes was not given.

The familiar statement that ophthalmia neonatorum—capable of causing lifelong blindness—is both preventable and curable is so generally accepted today as to be almost axiomatic. Almost each year there is written on the state books of some state a law which is designed to safeguard the eyes of babies.

The most far reaching appeal for the aid of the public is the educational campaign which has been undertaken in this country under the direction of Dr. Frank Allport, chairman of the committee on conservation of vision of the American Medical Association. Dr. Allport's plan provides for at least one educational meeting annually on the subject of prevention of blindness, to be held by each county medical society throughout the United States.

It has also been found helpful to secure the co-operation of the superintendent of schools, women's clubs, nursing organizations, the Y. M. C. A., the churches, associations for the blind and any other organizations influential in the community.

Preparative for the meetings includes newspaper notices, announcements in the schools, churches, clubs, etc., and bulletins posted in public places. Sometimes it is possible to have prevention of blindness included in a general public health program, or in the program of an infant welfare week. The meetings are enriched by the use of lantern slides and photographs, while educational leaflets printed in various languages are freely distributed.

It is believed that through co-operation of official and unofficial bodies, both lay and medical, the ends which the state laws were designed to reach—that is, prevention of blindness among infants—will at least be approached.

Clearly, if babies are to be saved from blindness the country over, the successive steps to be taken are, first, the enactment of laws by state legislatures; secondly, fearless and unremitting action on the part of local health officers in enforcing these laws; and thirdly, staunch support and co-operation from the public at large. This requires public education—widespread and unceasing.

### City Brevities

Today's weather: Partly cloudy; probably local showers. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 60 degrees; noon, 75; 7 p. m., 59; highest, 75; lowest, 56.

F. L. Underwood, of Lansing, is in the city. H. C. Wise, of Fort Wayne, Ind., is visiting in the city.

Dr. E. H. Flynn left last evening for Chicago, on a business trip.

Division No. 4, A. O. H., will meet this evening in Keough's hall.

Miss Anna M. McCarthy, of Duluth, is visiting relatives in Marquette.

Nels P. Flodin left last evening for Duluth, Minn., on a business trip.

Don Wright, of Manistique, is in Marquette on a short visit with friends.

The G. I. A. to the B. of L. E. will not meet this afternoon in Keough's Hall.

W. R. Oates, state game warden, left last evening for Lansing on official business.

Edward Blake of Newdale, N. C., is in the city, on a several day's visit with friends.

Hon. Judge Stone, who has been in the city several days, left for Lansing last evening.

L. C. Reimann and E. A. Reimann, of Ann Arbor, Mich., are in Marquette on a business trip.

John Herlich, of Calumet a former resident of Marquette, is in the city visiting friends.

Emerson Reece, who has been working in Detroit for the past year, is home on a vacation.

Mr. Douglas Arnold, of Rhineland, Wis., is in the city as a guest of Karl Patrick, Park street.

Mrs. Sarah Winegar and son, Murray, are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. J. O'Donnell.

Miss Hazel Herron, of Cleveland, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Martin J. Flanagan, 621 Pine street.

The Arab Patrol drill which was scheduled for this evening has been postponed until a later date.

Clarence Gilling left yesterday afternoon for Detroit, where he is employed in the Edison Illuminating plant.

Miss Martha Anderson, of Minneapolis, Minn., is visiting Miss Edna Lindstrom, N. Fourth street for several days.

William Pohlman, who was injured in an automobile accident several weeks ago, will leave for his home in Detroit today.

All persons who won prizes in the various events on July 5th are requested to apply to Rose's store for their checks.

Hans Appleberg, of Palmer, has purchased a road touring car from F. W. Jones, and will use it in the rural mail service.

John Bittner left Monday for Milwaukee, after spending a few days visiting his sister, Mrs. Joseph Gravel, Bluff street.

Miss Jean McCombs will leave Thursday on a month's visit to Chicago and Deerfield, Ills., on a visit with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Swift, who visited in Marquette during the homecoming, left last evening for their homes in Chicago, Ills.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Flanagan, of Indianapolis, Ind., are in the city, having come here to attend the homecoming observance.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. deBerg, of Detroit, and sons, Oak and Billie, are visiting in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Egan.

James Maney, general passenger agent for the South Shore, left last evening for Duluth, after spending several days in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Jacka, of Crystal Falls, left last evening for their home, after visiting in Marquette. They made the trip by auto.

J. F. Carey, of Spokane, Wash., a former well-known resident of Marquette, visited in the city during the homecoming observance.

Henry E. Reau, of Duluth, left for his home Tuesday evening, after spending a week here with relatives. Mr. Reau was born in Marquette in 1856.

W. T. Fitzgerald and son William, Jr., left last evening for Esherville, Iowa. Mr. Fitzgerald is division master north on the Rock Island Ry.

J. C. Fitzgerald left yesterday for Milwaukee, after spending the week in the city. His father, T. C. Fitzgerald, also left last evening for his home in Hancock.

Miss Gertrude Artz arrived home Saturday afternoon from Big Rapids, Mich., where she was graduated in the commercial teachers' course at the Ferris Institute.

Chauncey H. Grabower and wife and two children, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. Grabower, E. Arch street left last evening for their home in Chicago, Ills.

Will Byrns arrived in Marquette yesterday from Ferris Institute, Big Rapids where he was graduated from the commercial department. He was president of his class.

Abraham Fine has opened a grocery store and meat market on the corner of Fourth and Washington streets, in the building formerly occupied by the Central meat market.

Frank J. Sherlock, of New Haven, Conn., special supreme agent of the Knights of Columbus, will visit the Marquette council this evening. After the meeting a luncheon and smoker will be held.

The funeral of the late William Sweeney was held Saturday morning from St. Peter's cathedral. There were present from out of town at the service, Mrs. George Knott, of Munising; Mr. and Mrs. William Sweeney, Jr., of Chassel; Joseph Brisette, of Sheldrake, Mich.; and Mrs. Edward Levy, of Chatham.

"Neath Iron Wheels," the twelfth episode of "The Black Box," "The Baseball Bug," a World Film comedy picture, in which Tom Wise is featured, and "Lady

Raffles and Detective Duck in the Great Egg Robbery," a Powers comedy, will be the pictures at the Opera House today. The Georgallis Trio present a novelty shooting act.

Carl Hansen, who has been taking the physical training course at the Kalamazoo Normal school, arrived home last week to spend the summer with his relatives.

Flag Parade Committee—Mrs. Louis Vierling, who had charge of the flag parade and the living flag feature at the court house yesterday, wishes to thank the members of the committee who cooperated with her in making them a success. They were Miss Betty Begole, Miss Patrick, Miss Jane, Mrs. Charles Young, Mrs. R. TerHune, and Miss Bay.

Crowds Sang America—The concert given by Klamer's band at Lakeside park last evening was attended by a notable patriotic demonstration. As the program drew to a close, the crowd, numbering hundreds of persons, joined in the singing of America, with George Tueker leading. The volume of tone was heavy and the anthem was heard throughout the business district. It was repeated a few minutes later with similarly fine effect at the corner of Washington and Front streets.

### Some of the Homecomers

- John Hosking, Ishpeming 1892-1894
- Oscar Anderson, Ishpeming 1868-1878
- Mrs. Jno. G. Goodman, Ishpeming 1874-1899
- P. J. Denn, Ishpeming 1863-1891
- J. F. Carey, Spokane, Wash. 1866-1884
- Albe Mathews, Crystal Falls, 1886-1905
- George Cameron, Chicago 1864-1886
- Pat. H. Sullivan, Calumet 1880-1906
- Mrs. Sam. Barney, Ishpeming 1850
- Oriel Gebau, Ontonagon 1876-1892
- Mr. and Mrs. H. Sieger, Calumet 1861-1887
- W. N. Trudeau, Calumet 1873-1897
- Mr. and Mrs. John Bond, Iron Mountain 1882-1889
- John Herlich, Calumet 1865-1900
- John Sparrow, Ishpeming 1872-1898
- Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Soderstrom, Little Lake 1884-1899
- Herman Soderstrom, Little Lake 1892-1899
- Y. M. Meyer, of Mich. 1882-1891
- Mr. and Mrs. W. Frank James, Hancock 1882-1891
- Allen McDurell, Negaunee 1889-1891
- Mrs. Kate Glenn O'Brien, Superior, Wis. 1872-1905
- Luther Johnson, Galesburg, Ills. 1897-1900
- Wm. H. Steele, New Milford, Conn. 1867-1876
- Frederick M. Steele, New Milford, Conn. 1867-1876
- Henry Harwood, Ishpeming 1869
- Albert E. Sterne, Ishpeming 1861-1864
- Mrs. E. J. Butler, Ishpeming 1889
- William Verlan, Negaunee 1869-1873
- Rev. O. G. Bennett, Gladstone 1880-1893
- Mrs. E. Dobbs, Negaunee 1890-1895
- Mrs. O. R. Cuyler, Hubbell 1880-1896
- Werner Dolf, Marquette 1852
- Jerry Harrington, Ishpeming 1887-1896
- Mrs. Rachel E. Desboro, Spokane, Wash. 1880-1896
- Richard Barney, Negaunee 1854-1882
- John Van Brocklin, Ishpeming 1872-1884
- A. J. Yungbluth, Ishpeming 1872-1881
- T. H. Cornish, Ishpeming 1871-1872
- Joseph Schuch, Lake Linden 1865-1875
- John Dotsch, Houghton 1865-1899
- Edward Blake, Newdale, N. C. 1868-1871
- Ed. C. Anthony, Negaunee 1856-1861
- John P. Outwaite, Ishpeming 1850
- Mrs. John Outwaite, Ishpeming 1859-1865
- Mrs. Julia Ropes, Ishpeming 1856-1867
- Rev. John J. Stenglein, Soo, Mich. 1877-1899
- C. M. Larson, Skandia 1841-1884
- Mrs. Matthew Surrall, Newberry 1877-1886
- Mrs. Andrew Steele, Thonaston 1861-1895
- Thos. J. Dudson, Ishpeming 1861-1865
- John D. Nugent, Butte 1861-1865
- Zachariah Scott, Iron Mountain 1865-1873
- J. S. Barge, Ishpeming 1865-1872
- Mrs. M. E. Ford, Chicago 1875-1899
- Geo. McDonald, Michigan 1864-1865
- Mrs. Mary McKeerghan, Ishpeming 1866-1902

### Upper Peninsula

#### Officers Investigate Case.

Lying near the long trestle which connects Brimley and Bay Mills, the body of Solomon Fish, an Indian, was found by a Mr. Sullivan, who was fishing from a boat. Fish had been employed by a Sheldrake firm, and was forty years of age. He was last seen by Peter Messenger Saturday evening at 6:30 o'clock. Although the investigation thus far shows that Fish met his death accidentally, Peter Messenger, by whom he was last seen, was placed under arrest because of the alleged conflicting stories which he has told about the case. Messenger was brought to the county jail and will be held until a further report is made. From the information which Coroner Leman obtained, it appears that Fish, in company with a number of friends from Sheldrake, came to the Soo last Saturday by boat. He left the Soo on the 5:30 o'clock train for Brimley and was accompanied by Messenger and two other friends. It seems that he and Messenger started across the trestle to Bay Mills together. Fish had purchased a new pair of shoes in Brimley and was carrying those with him. Evidence shows that both men had been drinking quite heavily. When about a quarter way across the trestle Messenger turned back and left Fish alone. He states that when he last saw Fish he was sitting down on the side of the trestle. Fish's old shoes were found by Peter Brant, a mill employe. Fish's pocketbook, containing \$4 in money, and nearly a quart of whiskey was found on his person.

### CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to the friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us during our recent bereavement, the death of our beloved husband and father. Particularly we wish to thank the members of the M. B. A. We are also grateful for the beautiful floral offerings.

MRS. Wm. SWEENEY and FAMILY.

### TRUMPET OF INVENTION.

Mr. Edison's tele-write will make the telephone a great little instrument for months. Mr. Weng will the family home and furnishings, together with \$10,000 to his wife, and \$2,000 to each of his five grandchildren. A brother

## Better food on a tin platter than no food on a China dish. Better a Bank balance with us than fine clothing with no money in the pockets.

# Marquette National Bank

## Delft Theatre TO-DAY

Augustus Phillips and Mabel Trunnell  
— in the —  
Three-Act Feature  
"With Bridges Burned"  
From the Story by Rex Beach.  
"MR. JARR TAKES A NIGHT OFF"  
Vitagraph Comedy

### Upper Peninsula

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## Opera House Today Matinee & Night

TOM WISE, Star in "The Gentleman From Mississippi," in  
**"THE BASEBALL BUG"**  
A World-Film Comedy in One Act. Full of Laughs.

"Lady Raffles and Detective Duck" in "The Great Egg Robbery"  
Powers Comedy featuring William Franey, Max Asher and Gale Henry.

"Neath Iron Wheels" Twelfth Episode of "THE BLACK BOX"  
Vaudeville—GEORGALLIS TRIO, Novelty Shooting Act

CONTINUOUS SHOWS    Matinees 2:30 to 5.    Prices --- 5c and 10c.  
Evening, 7:10 to 11    All children 5 cents at the Matinee

TOMORROW --- Grace Washburn, Edwin August and Muriel Ostriche in "When It Strikes Home"—Five-Reel World Film Feature.

### Lucca Extra Olive Oil



## Castle Brew

IT'S GREAT!

[Positively No Better BEER made

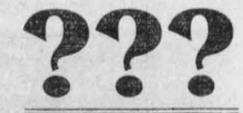
Nothing But the Best brewing material, together with the purest spring water, is used in the manufacture.

Try a case, in quarts or pints

U.P. Brewing Co.

CHARLTON & KUENZLI ARCHITECTS.  
Marquette, Michigan.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO



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Jones' Drug Store  
Baraga Avenue and Third Street. Phone 764-J.

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YPRES ABSOLUTELY DESERTED BY MEN

Millions Will Be Required to Make Good Damage Done by German Shells.

British Headquarters, France, June 21.—How are the turrets still holding out? The ask up and down the lines of anyone who has come from Ypres. Everybody has a tender personal interest in the turrets of the old Cloth Hall which deepens with each day that they survive in defiance of the German gunners above the wreckage wrought by German shells.

People are still living in Rheims and Louvain, but Ypres is absolutely a dead city; dead as Pompeii; dead as a deserted mining camp in Alaska. No face appears in any door or window that still be called a door or window; no figures are seen moving through the shell holes in walls that are still standing.

Before the war Ypres had some eighteen thousand inhabitants. Now it is not a single one. No one is making any effort to make any ruin habitable. The only signs of life except occasional soldiers coming out and going to the lines are cats grown wild which become streaks of fur disappearing among the ruins of their former homes.

The cathedral which stands back of the Cloth Hall was a noble edifice, but it is now a great mass of masonry unique, the best of its kind. Anyone who ever saw it always remembered its turrets. Different conquerors of Ypres put her women and children to the sword, but no one had ever harmed the old Cloth Hall beyond taking away a few statues.

Many There in February. Last February perhaps four or five thousand people remained in Ypres. They were going and coming about the streets as usual, keeping their shops open and doing what business they could at the old stand. A visitor could get a meal in a restaurant or have his shoes cobbled. Only one house in the big square had been hit. Its roof dropped over the edges of a corner section which had been torn out of the main floor.

The Germans threw in occasional shells mostly directed at the cathedral with some of the misses bound to hit the Cloth Hall. Restoration work which was required had just been finished on the Cloth Hall before the war began. The people paid for this in their civic pride and let other civic improvements wait. For the Cloth Hall gave Ypres a civic distinction. It was the historical soul of Ypres. The old turrets on its walls told the city's early history. It meant to Ypres quite as much in its way as Westminster Abbey to London or Faneuil Hall to Boston.

Every man or woman born in Ypres had brought up to tell the time of day by the raised gilt figures of the old golden clock face.

By February the people's sense of horror at the Ypres scene was still unbroken. Things sacred to them had become routine. When they heard another explosion and word was passed that the Germans had scored another hit they went around to the Grande Place to see if the turrets and the gilt clock face were still unharmed. And they said: "The Cloth Hall still can be restored" let these still-born Flemish who would not let shell fire drive them away from their old town.

The next time the Associated Press correspondent went to Ypres there was not a single house left on the Grande Place that resembled a house any more than a rubber bag with the gas out of it resembles a balloon. In the second battle of Ypres when the Germans had another try for the Channel ports the sensation of the Ypres scene was still unbroken. The people who did with their guns. Heretofore their practice on Ypres had been comparatively tearing playfulness. This time they went at the job of destruction systematically, jumping from one spot on the checkerboard to another, they smashed Ypres section by section.

Bombardment Failed of Purpose. As they meant to take the town this seemed poor policy for they would find no roofs for shelter when they moved in. Their object was confusion and not billeting troops to any extent in Ypres and you could count the number of army wagons hit on the fingers of one hand. One shell in the British trenches accomplished more than ten into Ypres. The main result was that the houses and offices and stores of eighteen thousand people were destroyed.

The 42-centimeter (17 inch mortar) had its part in the work. When a seventeen-inch shell struck a house the remains of the building not distributed on the pavement were in an enlarged cellar. Debris in some ten feet deep. This two thousand pounds of steel and powder did not kill anybody so far as could be learned. It would not take a paving gang long to make repairs. Another which could have brought down a cathedral tower dug a still larger crater in the main street. The shells were not billeting troops to any extent in Ypres and you could count the number of army wagons hit on the fingers of one hand. One shell in the British trenches accomplished more than ten into Ypres. The main result was that the houses and offices and stores of eighteen thousand people were destroyed.

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SHIPMENTS TO EUROPE HEAVY PAST WEEK

Explosives, However, Form Small Part of Cargoes—Custom Officers on Watch.

New York, July 6.—Shipments of contraband to Europe from the port of New York are increasing. Orders placed in the United States months ago are now being completed and rushed to this port to be loaded. Twenty-one vessels were loading at New York for six countries of Europe during the week ended July 2.

These vessels represented a total tonnage of 76,900 and experts say the actual tonnage of the cargo of these vessels would total up to more than 100,000 tons. Eight of the ships were loading for France, five for England, three for Italy, two for Russia, two for Greece and one for Holland.

A comparison of figures shows that the shipment of food supplies is small in comparison with the whole and also that the amount of actual munitions being loaded is not large. The great bulk of the 100,000 tons loaded in the week was raw materials and general supplies which might or might not be used for the armies of the nations at war.

France is getting most of the supplies. The only ship that was loaded with high explosives during the week was cleared for France.

Customs officers carefully watch and check of the cargo loaded on every out-bound vessel, making special note of contraband and munitions. Passenger vessels are not allowed to carry explosives, the single exception being small arms and loaded cartridges, which are not considered under the head of explosives for purposes of shipping. Projectiles may be carried on passenger vessels, but not loaded projectiles.

The Hermine was loaded in Gravesend with high explosives for Bordeaux on June 26. In her cargo there were 3,491 cases of smokeless powder, 3,219 cases of gun cotton, 1,700 cases of trinitro, 112 barrel of picric acid, 182 barrels of nitro-cellulose, 151 drums of coal tar oil and sixteen drums of talcum.

Exclusive of motor trucks, 363 automobiles were loaded during the week. Russia is getting 117, England, ninety-nine, France fifty and Greece fifty. Two vessels for London carried 179 cases of automobile parts and one for Russia was loaded with forty-nine cases of parts. There were 1,271 coils of automobile tires loaded during the week.

England will get all of the fifty aeroplanes that were loaded during the week. Most of them were packed in huge cases and lashed to the decks of the liner Adriatic. The Adriatic also carried 1,549 cases of empty projectiles. The motor ship Mississippi for London took 310 cases of empty projectiles, 2,100 cases of loaded projectiles. The Du Pont company sent twenty-two cases of caps on the steamship Malacca bound for Greece ports. The Niagara for Bordeaux took 7,099 cases of loaded cartridges and 250 cases of empty cartridges. The Adriatic had 1,995 cases of loaded cartridges.

TRY WALKING. The arm chair will get you if you don't watch out! Mark Twain proved by statistics that lying in bed was the most deadly of occupations. Now the United States public health service tells that every chair, upholstered or plain, is rife with germs that kill.

Primitive man was very much on the jump. He was so spry on his feet that heart and kidney disease, appendicitis and indigestion were not able to work him into a corner and land a knockout. Superb footwork saved our ancestors from degeneration at forty.

Walk. Don't stroll; go at a pace that will stretch the stagnant muscles and rock the vital organs that were not intended to sleep twenty-four hours a day. The first sign of life is action; the first symptom of death is sluggishness. Fifteen active minutes in the open air daily is the best insurance against doctor's bills. And for most city persons a walk of twenty blocks is a rest.

Nothing to Wear. There are women who live to dress, and the more frequent and radical the changes are, the better they like it. If

WOMAN LABOR IS PROBLEM FOR UNIONS

Those in Great Britain Are Debating What Attitude Toward it Will Be.

London, June 21.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The British ministry has promised the National Union of Railwaymen that at the end of hostilities the railwaymen serving with the armed forces will obtain jobs equal to those they gave up. At the same time, J. H. Thomas, M. P., secretary of the union, says he is extremely uneasy over the problem of women railway workers. In a speech at a meeting of the men in Nottingham, he said: "I am profoundly convinced that you have to face the fact that female labor has come to stay. Therefore we have got to make up our minds upon one or two things. First, what grades would it be dangerous for female labor to be engaged in; second, whatever grades they work in, they must not be used as a means for reducing the prices that we have secured for particular grades by years of agitation. What we have to say is that no woman's labor is to be made the basis of the railway service."

According to the speaker, there are certain classes of railway work which women are unable to perform, and women are not proving satisfactory in all the positions that have been opened for them.

In short there were two courses open to the unions—either to refuse to allow the experiment of women workers altogether, as has been done in some places by the streetcar men, or to devote the union's energies to insisting upon the maintenance of the standard of wages for the women favored by the latter procedure, arguing that "while the trade unionist cannot, without stultifying his own principles, protest against female labor, he has every right to protest against female labor which is merely cheap labor under an alias, and it is in the interest of the country that he should so protest."

The only government department which has made any wholesale effort to avail itself of the large amount of female labor at its disposal to take the place of men in military service is the postoffice. This department now has 3,000 women employes in the various branches of its work throughout the country.

Of the 170,000 men employed by the postoffice before the war, 57,000 have joined the army. In the rural districts women have been employed in a limited way as letter carriers for some years past; they have now been introduced in some of the small towns and cities. Other places which are being opened to women are those of the mail sorters and messengers. Girl telegraph messengers, mounted on bicycles, are gradually taking the places of the boy messengers, and a great deal of the postoffice's telegraph work is being done by young women. Women clerks and accountants have been introduced for the first time into the London general postoffice.

On the authority of a high postal official, it is stated that the reports from all quarters are to the effect that the work of the women who have been engaged to replace men has been extremely well done. "They work quickly and accurately, and they are very conscientious," says one report.

Women letter carriers will be seen in the suburban districts of London within a few weeks. Candidates for these posts have already been selected from among the government labor exchanges.

Women are as common a sight in English fields now as in the continental countries. Over 150,000 male farm laborers have enlisted in the army and caused a grave shortage. Farmers complain of the scarcity of labor and say that they have suffered from recruiting all they can bear. As the local food supply was never so important as now, they have even asked for the release of soldiers for farm work. This request has been granted by the war office for the harvesting of the grain crops, but for that only.

Nothing to Wear. There are women who live to dress, and the more frequent and radical the changes are, the better they like it. If

Baseball

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

Table with columns for American League, National League, and Federal League, listing teams and their records.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Table listing baseball games for the day, including American League, National League, and Federal League.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Table listing American Association games.

CONDENSED TIME TABLE.

Table listing condensed time table for various routes.

MUNISING AND ISHPEMING.

Table listing Munising and Ishpeming routes.

MARQUETTE AND BIRCH.

Table listing Marquette and Birch routes.

MARQUETTE AND ISHPEMING.

Table listing Marquette and Ishpeming routes.

MUNISING AND LITTLE LAKE.

Table listing Munising and Little Lake routes.

MUNISING AND PRINCETON.

Table listing Munising and Princeton routes.



The Way and Means

of making better jams, jellies and preserves is now at every woman's command.

Make your preserving syrup of one part Karo (Crystal White) and three parts sugar and your preserves will retain the full flavor of the fresh fruit. Jams and jellies made this way never crystallize.

Our Preserving Booklet gives the formulas for all fruits. It is free. Send for it. CORN PRODUCTS REFINING CO. P. O. Box 161 New York City Dept. PX.

Millions of Fish Planted in State.

Report of the Michigan Commission Estimates the Total at 134,660,835.

Lansing, Mich., July 6.—During the calendar years 1913 and 1914 there were planted by the Michigan fish commission in the waters of the state 134,660,835 fish, from smelt fry to fingerlings.

They were scattered into almost every township in the state and the commission is certain that a large majority of them were able to hold their own and live after being placed in the water.

Point Out Abuses. The report of the commission, which has just been filed with Governor Ferris, states that there are certain people in the state who ask for fish fry for planting purposes and yet do not plant them. It is intimated that hereafter each person who gets an allotment of fish will have to be personally known by the commission, or at least recommended by somebody who can guarantee that the fish will be taken care of.

To some extent the commission, says the report, "has had to contend with improper practices by persons who make application for young fish and in the planting of fish. Reports have frequently been received that downright deception is resorted to for the purpose of getting more than a fair share of young fish for a certain lake or stream; that planting instructions are not carried out, nor the young fish planted in the waters represented to the commission.

The capacity of the several Michigan hatcheries being far short of the demands, the commission, in all fairness, feels bound to declare that it has no products of the hatcheries to waste through negligent or improper treatment of the young fish after they have been shipped. In behalf of the large majority of applicants for young stock who deal fairly with the commission, it is only right that the different schemes resorted to in order to secure an unreasonable large quantity of fish for favorite waters, should be stopped. The commission feels that this situation impels it to use all legal means within its power to end these deceptive practices.

One kind of deception worked in fish planting, while not particularly harmful so far as results are concerned, makes part of our records quite unreliable. This is the practice of persons filing several applications for different waters and, after being allowed to fry and young fish they receive in a single lake or stream. Where this is done it is not probable that any given water is overstocked, so the fish are not wasted. It may happen and probably has happened that the commission has delivered fish in good faith for a certain water several years in succession with no apparent result, when in fact this water has received no fish except on paper.

The 134,000,000 fish distributed in the two years were classified as follows: Distribution of Fish. Brook trout, 12,193,000; rainbow trout, fry, 7,232,000; fingerlings, 487,700; German trout, 814,000; lake trout, 5,250,500; small mouth black bass, fry, 1,240,000; fingerlings, 653,950; large mouth black bass, fry, 2,824,500; fingerlings, 1,097,785; muskellunge, 46,900,000; fingerlings, 125,300; yearlings, 2,160; walleyed pike, 54,965,000; warmouth bass, 99,850; bluegills, 112,900; landlocked salmon, 22,000; grayling, 100,000.

The commission is trying to bring back the grayling to Michigan waters. Fifty thousand of them were planted each year in the hope that once more this game fish of the game fish could be induced to live in this state. The grayling left Michigan streams some years ago upon the advent, in large numbers, of the brook trout.

In 1913, 50,000 grayling were placed in the north branch of the Au Sable river, in Crawford county, while last year 50,000 were divided between the same stream and the Otter river in Houghton county.

Cucumbers are an important feature of diet in Russia. They are pickled in vodka.

Baseball

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

Table with columns for American League, National League, and Federal League, listing teams and their records.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Table listing baseball games for the day, including American League, National League, and Federal League.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Table listing American Association games.

CONDENSED TIME TABLE.

Table listing condensed time table for various routes.

MUNISING AND ISHPEMING.

Table listing Munising and Ishpeming routes.

MARQUETTE AND BIRCH.

Table listing Marquette and Birch routes.

MARQUETTE AND ISHPEMING.

Table listing Marquette and Ishpeming routes.

MUNISING AND LITTLE LAKE.

Table listing Munising and Little Lake routes.

MUNISING AND PRINCETON.

Table listing Munising and Princeton routes.

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### The Peninsula Bank Ishpeming, Mich.

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business June 23, 1915. Condensed from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

RESOURCES:	LIABILITIES:
Loans, discounts and bonds.....\$915,714.54	Capital stock.....\$ 50,000.00
Banking house.....15,000.00	Surplus fund.....50,000.00
Overdrafts.....16.11	Undivided profits, less ex-cesses and taxes paid.....45,182.05
Cash resources.....144,309.99	Deposits.....9,000.00
	Reserves for interest.....6,000.00
	Reserves for interest.....\$975,639.65

**DIRECTORS:**  
 THOS. WALTERS, W. T. POTTER, THOS. W. HUGHES,  
 GEO. F. THONEY, H. F. HEYN, JOHN KANDELIN,  
 OTTO EGER, LARS HOYSETH, JOS. MITCHELL

Three per cent interest paid on Savings Accounts.

## Ishpeming Department

### GEORGE BELROSE DYNAMITE VICTIM

Clarksburg Man Died in City Yesterday, After Fatal Injuries While Blasting Stumps.

George Belrose, of Clarksburg, died at Dr. Henry Holm's hospital late yesterday afternoon as a result of injuries he received Monday afternoon. While he was blasting stumps on his farm, a stick of dynamite exploded in his hands. He had ignited the fuse attached to the dynamite, and because the casing did not burn he thought the fuse had failed. He was preparing to light it again when the dynamite exploded.

The explosion shattered Belrose's hands. It was necessary to amputate the left arm at the elbow and the right at the wrist, and he also lost one of his eyes. The upper part of his body was lacerated.

Dr. R. A. Burke, of Dorrice, was summoned and he was at the farm within a few minutes. The Northwestern accommodation train, running between Ishpeming and points in the western end of the county, was due, and the doctor took Belrose to the station and brought him to the city, where he was taken to Dr. Henry Holm's hospital.

Belrose had worked at the American mine for several years and is well known in that vicinity. As there was no work at the mine Monday, he spent the day at his farm. He was accustomed to using dynamite and during the past few weeks had blasted many stumps. He is twenty-eight years of age and has a wife and four children, who live at Clarksburg.

### REGRET PASTOR'S RETIREMENT.

Trustees of Presbyterian Church Adopt Resolutions of Gratitude.

The following resolutions, expressing appreciation of the services of Rev. M. M. Allen, and regret at his intended retirement as pastor of the Presbyterian church here, were adopted by the church board of trustees Sunday:

Resolved, That for twenty years Rev. M. M. Allen has faithfully served the Presbyterian church of Ishpeming as pastor, during all of which time the relations have been most cordial and harmonious, and his work of great good to the members of the church and congregation; that during this time he has been very influential in everything pertaining to the welfare of the city and its people, and to an extent that it is difficult to measure.

Further, that in permitting him to sever his connection with this church, it is only because of his personal conviction that it is his duty to take up the work of the church in the new field to which he has been called, and that it is with the greatest regret and feelings of individual loss that we are forced to relinquish his services in the pulpit, and all other departments of the church work, in the home, and to the individuals to whom his friendship and help have been so freely given and so fully appreciated by all.

Resolved, That it is the earnest wish that his health may be preserved and his work prosper for many, many years in the new field to which he is called, and that God's blessing may be around him and his family; be it also

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the records of the session and trustees and that a copy properly inscribed and signed by all the officers of the church and societies be presented to him in token of our appreciation of the long continued service and also of our personal esteem and friendship.

Resolved, That every time the person said "dearly beloved" I positively blushed."—Kansas City Star.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, etc. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### SHIPMENTS AHEAD OF LAST SEASON

Particularly from Mesaba Range Mines Have They Shown a Notable Increase.

If the present activity in ore shipments continues until the end of the season, the tonnage moved from the various Lake Superior ranges will be considerably larger than last year. The shipments in April, May and June showed a considerable increase over the corresponding months last year. The movement from the Minnesota ranges alone is more than 3,000,000 tons ahead of that at this date last year. Up to the first of July nearly 9,000,000 tons had been shipped from the Minnesota field.

Iron and steel plants are now operating at between 85 and 95 per cent of capacity. Future large orders for war materials are pending, which means a resumption of the demand for bars for shells.

The call for steel of this character has become so heavy of late that the price for steel rounds has been advanced about \$7 a ton. The earlier sales of shrapnel shells, for example, were made on a basis of \$31 a ton at Pittsburg, while it is understood that later sales have been made at \$38 a ton.

A revival of car buying and shipbuilding continues to stimulate activity in plates, and the Pittsburg mills are now said to be getting enough orders from Europe and South America to insure operations at full capacity for the remainder of the year.

Steel prices are being well maintained and it is expected that within the next few days minimum prices on leading products, such as wire nails, steel bars, bars and structurals, will be advanced \$1 per ton.

The leading steel companies have notified their customers to that effect and have advised them to place their orders early.

Steel Authority optimistic.

Commenting on the general situation in the trade the Iron Age says:

"The steel trade enters upon the second half of the year with production about 50 per cent greater than on Jan. 1, and with the increase in production and consumption which has been more marked in the past two months still in progress."

"That the Carnegie Steel company will buy billets in the east, so that it may have available for the central west steel which would otherwise go to an eastern subsidiary of the Steel corporation, is a possible development."

"A new French contract for 25,000 tons of shrapnel bars has been awarded to the Buffalo mill, and new bar inquiry, which is large, includes 50,000 to 60,000 tons for the export and 40,000 tons of 3 1/2-inch rounds for high explosive shells. Shrapnel and bars have only begun to figure in the export returns."

"With spelter at 21 cents to 22 cents against 20 cents a pound a fortnight ago, prices of galvanized sheets are being re-adjusted, and 4 1/2 weeks are asked for 28. Consumers are not reassured, however, and sheet mills look for no large buying until the spelter situation is clearer. Black sheets also are far from active. Two or three Ohio mills have gone 82 to 83 below the recent level on bids awarded in the competition due to the shutting up of galvanizing plants."

"Tin plate mills are coming into better operating conditions, thanks largely to demand from abroad. A new inquiry from France is for 140,000 boxes. In the situation that has developed in open-hearth steel in the Pittsburg and Youngstown districts, there is a new interest in Bessemer sheet bars and billets, and the market for Bessemer pig iron has felt the effect. A sale of 10,000 tons was made last week."

"In eastern Pennsylvania a purchase of 6,000 tons of basic iron was made by a new buyer at close to \$13.75, delivered."



FREDERICK DEBELLEVILLE IN "A DAUGHTER OF THE PEOPLE" AT THE ISHPEMING THEATRE THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

### DROPPED DEAD.

Simon Eronen Died of Heart Disease in A. W. Jurma's Office.

Simon Eronen, a well-known Finnish contractor, dropped dead from heart disease early last evening in A. W. Jurma's office, where he had gone to consult Mr. Jurma on a matter of business. Jacob Niemi was in the office at the time, and John Kandelin was just entering the door. Eronen, who had been seated, arose to light some cigarette ashes into a cuspidor. He fell to the floor, and examination showed that his death had occurred instantly. Eronen was about thirty-three years of age, and he is buried by a wife and one child. He was married some two years ago. He had a contract at Crain and was to spend the Fourth with his family. On coming here he consulted a physician about what he believed to be stomach trouble. The physician told him he was suffering from heart disease.

### "A DAUGHTER OF THE PEOPLE"

Feature Photoplay Will Be the Offering at Ishpeming Theater Today.

"A Daughter of the People," a World Film corporation production, with Laura Sawyer, Frederick DeBelleville and Robert Broderick playing the principal parts, will be the offering this afternoon and evening at the Ishpeming theater. A matinee will be given at 2:30 o'clock.

There are many exciting scenes in the picture, among them the burning of a cotton warehouse and the storming of a mill owner's office by his former employees. Miss Sawyer, playing the title part, has excellent opportunities to show her ability as an actress.

A synopsis of the play follows: Arthur Stillman, cotton goods manufacturer, closes his mills and much suffering results in the town of Rockton. Dell Hamilton, daughter of an old mill dyer, is in love with Sam Lloyd the young engineer of the mill and both their families are victims of Stillman's action.

Sam learns of Stillman's double dealing and the men set fire to the cotton warehouse. Stillman who is in love with Dell, tells her that he will resign (so) if she will marry him. Urged on by Sam, who is ignorant of Stillman's conditions, she tries to influence Stillman.

Stillman illegally marries Dell and when she learns the truth she leaves him. She returns to the mill and is rescued by her family and friends. Her lover, Sam, also disowns her.

But Stillman is a changed man. He is genuinely in love with Dell. He reopens the mill, improves the conditions, and consummation of his love has been marked in the past two months still in progress.

Commenting on the general situation in the trade the Iron Age says:

"The steel trade enters upon the second half of the year with production about 50 per cent greater than on Jan. 1, and with the increase in production and consumption which has been more marked in the past two months still in progress."

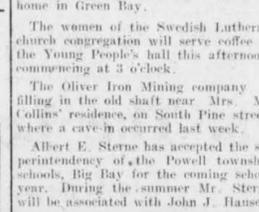
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FREDERICK DEBELLEVILLE IN "A DAUGHTER OF THE PEOPLE" AT THE ISHPEMING THEATRE THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

## The Miners' National Bank, Ishpeming, Mich.

Statement May 1st, 1915.

(Comptroller's Call)

RESOURCES:	LIABILITIES:
Loans and Discounts.....\$1,127,647.50	Capital.....\$ 100,000.00
Overdrafts.....281.45	Surplus.....100,000.00
Banking House.....35,410.12	Undivided Profits.....15,564.66
Other Real Estate.....11,250.00	Circulation.....96,500.00
U. S. and Other Bonds.....301,556.00	Deposits.....1,286,505.30
Federal Reserve Bank.....17,511.05	Reserves for Interest.....1,274.90
Cash and Exchange.....211,538.74	Reserves for Taxes.....750.00
	Reserves for Discom on U. S. bonds.....4,500.00
\$1,705,194.80	\$1,705,194.80



SCENE FROM "SAVAGE AND TIGER," LYRIC THEATRE TODAY AND TOMORROW

man, Negamie, general agent of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance company.

Mesdames Theodore Seefeld, of Milwaukee, and Chris Pfeiffer, of Escanaba, are here on a visit to their mother, Mrs. J. Remillard, of Division street.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Wilkoski, and two children, and Mr. and Mrs. James Smith of Lake Linden, who have been in the city the past few days, visiting relatives, will return to their homes today.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Holland departed Sunday afternoon for a visit with Mr. Holland's parents in Big Rapids. They are expected to arrive home the latter part of this week or the first of next week.

Harry Bennett, who, a few months ago accepted a position in Fred W. Kroll's pharmacy in Houghton, spent the Fourth with his mother and other relatives here. He returned to Houghton yesterday.

Rev. O. W. Carlson, former pastor of the Swedish Methodist church here, now pastor of the Swedish Methodist church at Marinette, is visiting his daughters, Mesdames A. C. Brastrand and Edwin Johnson.

Captain S. J. Goodney and family came over from the Menominee range to spend the Fourth with relatives.

Mrs. Dennis Callahan and son John, of Coleraine, Minn., are visiting relatives in the city and at the National.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Carter are here from Iron River on a few days' visit to friends. They made the trip by auto.

The Misses Lovetta Meehan and Kathryn Lyons arrived home Tuesday, after a few days visit with friends in Escanaba.

Mrs. George Winter of Bisbee, is here on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Peterson. She will remain until September.

Mrs. Leo Wilson and two children, who spent the last couple of weeks in the city, left last evening for their home in Green Bay.

The women of the Swedish Lutheran church congregation will serve coffee in the Young People's hall this afternoon, commencing at 3 o'clock.

The Oliver Iron Mining company is filling in the old shaft near Mrs. M. Collins' residence, on South Pine street, where a cave-in occurred last week.

Albert E. Sterne has accepted the superintendency of the Powell township schools, Big Bay for the coming school year. During the summer Mr. Sterne will be associated with John J. Hauser.

FOUR RENT—Four rooms, electric light and water. Apply 322 S. Pine St. 7-1-15

FOUR SALE—New milk cow. E. Chapman, Badger Hill. 7-7-15

FOUR SALE—Two fresh milk cows. Jacob Narvick, 410 E. Division St. 7-7-15

REWARD—I will pay a liberal reward for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the parties who threw stones through my window at 11 o'clock last Saturday night. Mrs. Annie Rusby, 409 E. Johnston St. 6-30-15

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No washing. Apply to Mrs. Carl Brewer, 429 W. Escal St., Ishpeming. 6-29-15

## THE HEATER FOR THE COOL DAYS



Clean and Convenient

Comfortable and Cheap

**REZNOR**  
 Gas Heating Stove  
 The Original Copper

So much comfort for a few cents.

MARQUETTE COUNTY GAS & ELEC. CO.

### FALL SAVED HIS LIFE.

The scene was at the bedroom at the Waldorf and the time the close of the oyster season. One of the assistant managers was summoned there hurriedly.

"A man has just fallen over dead," said the bellboy who brought the word. The assistant manager hurried in. A thick-set man lay back in a chair, his face blue. The hotel physician was sent for and the body, still in the chair, was moved to a less public place.

The doctor hurried in and advised "that the man be taken downstairs as once. He was smuggled around to a back stairway and the assistant manager and the waiter started to descend with him. He was heavy, and when they got half way the assistant manager stumbled, and he and the waiter and the man in the chair fell heels over head downstairs. The man fell out of the chair with a great bump on the steps. From him came a coughing sound, and those who were picking themselves up were startled to see three large oysters fly from his mouth.

Immediately the doctor's face took on a cheerful expression. He sent for instruments and extracted several more oysters from the man's esophagus, and the latter was soon completely revived. Then he proceeded to treat his rescuer to such a flow of language that they put their fingers into their ears.

"That's what you are apt to get in this business," said the assistant manager in telling the story recently. "If we hadn't tumbled that man would have choked to death. He had probably swallowed a lot of raw oysters so fast that they completely filled his esophagus and overflowed into his

windpipe. Instead of thanking us for bringing him back to life he cursed us for letting him fall."—New York Times.

**ALMOST A PERSONAL REMARK.**  
 In a town in the West there is a church that has a bright young pastor, but the attendance is unfortunately small. Among the parishioners there is a beautiful young widow. One evening, just as the little widow was about to leave the edifice, she was addressed by the deacon.

"Good evening, sister!" he cordially remarked, with the usual handshake. "How did you like the sermon this evening?"

"I think it was just too perfectly lovely for anything!" was the enthusiastic reply of the widow.

"It was indeed!" he heartily returned the deacon. "I only wish that larger congregations would come to hear him."

"So do I," declared the pretty little widow. "The congregation was so small tonight that every time the parson said 'dearly beloved' I positively blushed."—Kansas City Star.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, etc. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## Lyric Theatre Today and Tomorrow

Matinee Both Days at 3:30—5c and 10c. Evening Prices, 10c and 15c

GEORGE KLEINE'S WILD ANIMAL MASTERPIECE

### "Between Savage and Tiger"

A Magnificent Six-Part Production Presenting a Story of Romance and Adventure in the Jungles of India

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Five and Ten Cents MATINEE SATURDAY at 2:30

Life Photo Co. presents Catherine Countiss and Lionel Barrymore

### in "A MODERN MAGDALEN"

An Intensely Interesting Drama in Five Acts

MONDAY and TUESDAY

### "The Spirit of the Poppy"

SIX-REEL DRAMA EXPOSING THE DRUG TRAFFIC

## ISHPEMING THEATRE

FINE FEATURE TODAY

### "A DAUGHTER OF THE PEOPLE"

In Five Reels, with Laura Sawyer, Frederick DeBelleville and Robert Broderick

Exciting Scenes and Absorbing Story

Frear, Baggott & Frear --- Comedy Juggling Act

MATINEE at 2:30 — 5c and 10c.

Evening — 5c, 10c and 15c.

### Tomorrow "THE PRICE OF FAME"

The first drama in a series of twelve on Vital Question of Life, in three reels. See the first one and you will not miss any of those to follow. GREAT PICTURE.

GEORGALLIS TRIO --- Novelty Shooting Act

Friday - "EXPLOITS of ELAINE" 23rd Episode

The "Exploits" ends next week, with the 24th episode.

This will be followed by "ELAINE'S ROMANCE," an entirely new serial, produced along different lines. It's a big winner. First episode two weeks from tomorrow.

CARLYLE SAID:

"It's a grand thing for a man to have had a 'sair fecht' in his youth."

This wise Scotchman believed that when a man had a "sore fight" in youth there would be developed in him just the qualities necessary to win success later on.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus, \$200,000 Negaunee, Michigan

Markets

WITH FEVERISHNESS GONE, NEW YORK MARKET REGAINS ITS STABILITY SOMEWHAT.

New York, July 6.—Normal conditions prevailed on the resumption of stock dealings today, there being no trace of the feverishness which marked last Saturday's trading.

BOSTON "COPPERS."

Boston, Mass., July 6.—There was a better tone to the copper share market today, with Copper Range and St. Mary's the features.

Adv. 2 1/2% 2 1/2% L. S. & A. 1 1/2% 1 1/2% N. Am. 92 1/2 92 1/2 N. Am. 3 1/2 3 1/2

Chicago Grain Market. Chicago, July 6.—Wheat prices took a decided downward slant today, influenced by the outlook that the arrivals of new grain would be much enlarged.

Chicago Produce Quotations. Chicago, July 6.—Butter, lower; creameries, 22 1/2 cents. Eggs, steady; receipts, 17,461 cases.

Musical Critique from Texas. Mildred Halsey gave a piano recital in her studio over the Kleimert meat market last evening.

Negaunee Department

USE OF PLAYGROUND GOVERNED BY RULES

Regulations Specifying Hours and Loaning of Paraphernalia Will Be Enforced Strictly.

The board of education and H. A. Smith, physical director in the Negaunee schools, yesterday prepared a set of rules for the high school playground.

Mr. Smith in a few days will arrange a program for the opening of the grounds. The installation of the playground apparatus is proceeding rapidly and probably will be finished in a few days.

The rules for the grounds, as set down yesterday, are as follows: The playgrounds will be open from 1 p. m. to 8:00 p. m., six days of the week.

Smoking is absolutely prohibited inside the grounds. One side has been divided off for the girls and the other side for the boys.

The larger children must not use the "baby swings" and those using the larger swings must not stand on the grounds under twelve years will not be allowed on the large slides or in the big swings.

The Boys Playground Ball league and the Girls Playground Ball league already have been formed, but additional teams may be entered until July 10.

The tennis courts are ready, persons wishing to use them must make reservation the day preceding. One court and set of rackets may be used one hour.

The summer school of the Swedish Lutheran church opened yesterday. Classes are enrolled but it is expected this number will be increased by the end of the week.

Edward C. Anthony left yesterday for Jackson, where he will attend a meeting of the penology board.

Rev. C. E. Lindquist, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church, will conduct services at Champion today.

Andrew Rasmussen and Walter Olson arrived here yesterday from Chicago to spend a few days with relatives and friends.

Dr. A. Stepiak, a prominent physician of Iron River, was here with a party of friends yesterday in his automobile.

Miss Bonnie Jones, who has been visiting with Charles Chapman and family, has returned to her home at Coleraine, Minn.

The members of the Negaunee Star band arrived home yesterday from Hancock where the band was engaged for the Fourth of July celebration.

Jerry Bennett, Al Storey, Morris Wolther and "Butch" Yorkie have returned from a few days' fishing trip to James O'Brien's camp near Sandusky.

A Chaplin comedy "By the Sea" will be the feature at the Star theater this evening. Other pictures will be "Thirteen Down," a two-reel Essanay drama.

Miss Edith Rigg visited with relatives and friends at Marquette yesterday.

Joseph Mitchell, a pioneer resident of Champion, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Moberg of Wells, are spending a few days here visiting.

Edward M. Stensrud of Michigan, was a business caller in the city yesterday.

NEWBERRY TEAM WON.

Negaunee Baseball Team Played Only One Game at Newberry.

The Negaunee baseball team has returned from Newberry after playing only one game of three planned for the Fourth of July celebration.

Scorecard for Negaunee vs Newberry baseball game. Columns: Name, AB, R, H, PO, A, E.

Scorecard for Negaunee vs Newberry baseball game. Columns: Name, AB, R, H, PO, A, E.

Earned runs—Negaunee 4; Newberry 1. Three base hits—Reynolds 2. Two base hits—Heinonen, Flynn. First on balls—off Rule 3; off Hamilton 2.

Struck out—by Rule 2. Double plays—McDonald to Ludlow. Hit by pitcher—Holman, Reynolds.

SWEDISH SUMMER SCHOOL. The summer school of the Swedish Lutheran church opened yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Olson, of Chicago, are visiting Mr. Olson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hans Olson.

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The crew of men employed laying the new water main on Main street has completed laying the main and filling the trench to Pioneer avenue, and yes.

Do You Know--

THAT—The Negaunee State Bank sells money orders.

THAT—their money orders are payable in all parts of the world

THAT—you can save time and money by using them.

The Negaunee State Bank

CAPITAL \$50,000. SURPLUS (earned) \$6,500.

Mining News

JUNE A BIG COPPER MONTH.

The month of June surpassed all previous records in the matter of copper sales. It is estimated in the trade that contracts involving over 200,000,000 pounds of copper were entered into during that month.

The net earnings for the first eleven months of the year were close to \$300,000, equal to \$3 a share. June operations should add materially to this amount.

Up to the end of June Wolverine had delivered no copper which it had sold at a cost of 8 1/2 cents a pound, according to official estimates.

Twenty cents a pound may be the price at which the next heavy buying movement in copper takes place.

The Boston News Bureau learns that inquiries for large amounts of the metal have made their appearance among producers and that bids of twenty cents accompanied many of them.

The June buying movement, which was exceedingly heavy, started at 19 cents a pound and prices were moved above the 20-cent mark.

Considerable July copper must still be purchased while full requirements for August and September have yet to be made.

The appearance of demand has not been concentrated but comes from domestic consumers and foreign metal interests.

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MIAMI COPPER CO.

The Miami Copper company had quick assets of \$1,088,824 on June 25, combined with the well sold up condition of the company at good prices, caused the directors to increase the dividend rate from 82 to 83 a year.

A production of 40,000,000 pounds of copper against 33,200,000 pounds in 1914 is expected to be Miami's record for the current year.

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J. A. Minnear & Co. BROKERS

Listed and Curb Stocks handled Direct private wires to all exchanges.

Correspondents: Fitzgerald, Hubbard & Co., Boston; Josephthal, Louchheim & Co., New York; State Savings Bank, Laurium; Jenks Block, Ishpeming.

Will buy or sell for cash or carry good securities on substantial margin.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE NEGAUNEE NATIONAL BANK

Financial statement table with columns for RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Includes items like Loans and Discounts, U. S. and Other Bonds, Capital Stock paid in, etc.

OFFICERS: E. N. Breitung, President; Philip Levine, Vice President; Herman C. Wagner, Cashier; J. H. Anderson, Asst. Cashier.

Designated United States Depository

featuring Francis X. Bushman, "Home in the Harem," a Kalen comedy, and a Selig News Pictorial.

Mrs. Christopher Rouse, who has spent the past three years in England visiting with relatives, left for St. Louis and is expected to arrive here next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fling arrived here yesterday morning from Oskosh, Wis., to attend the funeral of the late William Marden.

The funeral of the late William Marden, who died suddenly Monday morning, will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the house on Main street.

Dr. William McBurney, of Iron River, was here yesterday to meet his daughter, Miss Jean McBurney, who has been attending school at Toronto Can.

John Bloomquist, John Hughes and the Misses Elizabeth Gill and Mildred Fremo, who spent Monday here visiting with relatives and friends, have returned to their homes at Anasa.

San Francisco, July 6.—Two soldiers of fortune, who left this country last September with 130 Red Cross nurses, served four months in the Russian military hospital at Kiev, met and were thanked personally by the czar.

The two are Miss M. F. Bowman, of Chicago, and Miss M. F. Farley of New York, two settlement workers in their respective cities, who availed themselves of the opportunity provided by the war to combine with a mission of mercy the gratification of life-long desires to see the world.

"Twenty-five of us were counted off when we reached Falmouth, England, to go to Kiev," declared the two nurses, who claim to have had and enjoyed the most thrilling and exciting year of their lives.

"We were stationed at a hospital where 400 patients were cared for. There were five Russian nurses with us and six American doctors."

"It was hard work. The hours were long and we saw nothing of the fighting as Kiev is far to the rear of the battlefields. Also, most of the wounded men were not so seriously injured as those in other hospitals closer to the front, and deaths were comparatively few."

"The men were brave and always eager to return to the front. We found the Russian soldiers very intelligent."

"The czar came through Kiev and personally thanked the Americans for their work in behalf of his people. We thought him a very gentlemanly ruler indeed, and oh, my, but his good looks!"

"We reached Kiev in December and left April 1, going to Siberia. On the long journey in the trans-Siberian railroad with the number of provision and ammunition trains all going toward Moscow and Petrograd. The ice was not broken and the transportation was very slow."

"From Vladivostok we went to Harbin and from there to Peking."

"They said they were told when leaving this country last September to carry as little baggage as possible. They had only one traveling dress each, and a grip full of linen, which served them all the way around the world."

A new Philippine health law, creating a service similar in organization to that of the United States public health service, becomes effective July 1.

The administration of the law will be observed with much interest by officials in this country. The powers conferred greatly exceed those possessed by our own health organizations and jurisdiction is extended over all matters which have a definite bearing upon physical welfare.

One of the tragic injustices of which a great multitude of parents are guilty even in this age is the bending of children to their will through the power of fear.

STAR TODAY

Chaplin Comedy

"By the Sea"

"Thirteen Down"

"Ham in the Harem"

RED CROSS NURSES HAVE CIRCLED GLOBE

Eventful Journey Is Made With Smallest Possible Amount of Baggage.

Cut Flowers

- DAFFODILS CALLA LILIES TULIPS ROSES NARCISSUS CARNATIONS EASTER LILIES SMILAX

Potted Plants

- GERANIUMS PETUNIAS TULIPS PRIMROSES HYACINTHS HYDRANGEAS

Negaunee Greenhouses

Palms and Ferns

ECZEMA BROKE OUT ON FACE

Got Worse and Worse, Disfigured for Time Being, Caused Itching, Scratched and Irritated. Used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. Face Free from Eczema.



127 Emily St., Saginaw, Mich.—"Several months ago my face broke out with eczema. It got worse and worse. It was a sight, all red and bleeding. The eczema disfigured me for the time being. It caused much itching and of course I scratched my face and irritated it."

"I took a treatment but it did not seem to help any. I used several kinds of soaps and ointments and they did no good. My face began to get worse. My brother said to go to the drug store and get a cake of Cuticura Soap and some Cuticura Ointment which I did. I then washed my face with Cuticura Soap and applied the Cuticura Ointment and kept this treatment up for some time. After using two cakes of Cuticura Soap and the Cuticura Ointment my face was free from the eczema." (signed) Ray L. O'Brien, June 18, '14.

Sample Each Free by Mail With 32-p. Skin Book on request. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston." Sold throughout the world.

PIONEERS' DAY MUCH ENJOYED

Large Assemblage Present at Reception for New Citizens at Court House Building Yesterday Morning, When Judge Stone Gave Eloquent Address.

Basket Picnic at Presque Isle in Afternoon Was Largely Attended and Addresses by D. H. Ball and Congressman James Were Followed With Interest.

The homecoming observance was brought to a conclusion yesterday with two interesting programs, one the reception for the new citizens at the court house in the morning, the other the Pioneers' picnic at Presque Isle in the afternoon. Both were largely attended.

portation of supplies and passengers on Lake Superior. We have heard, however, some of the old residents that we have known tell about the trials and hardships of those early days. All the supplies for the long winters had to be brought by vessel and steamer to Sault Ste. Marie, transported over the portage and brought from there to the places where they were required.

Summer Passenger Service.

There was a fine of passenger boats running between Lake Superior and Lake Erie ports, which afforded during the summer season quite a comfortable travel. But during the long winters, the only way of going 'below' or 'outside' as some called it, was by long journeys by sleigh across the country.

Presque Isle Program.

Perhaps the program in which the real homecomers took the most interest was the one at Presque Isle. The picnic and speaking occurred near the breakwater, where a stand had been specially erected for the formal program.

Mayor Begole's Remarks.

Mayor Begole presided, speaking in part as follows at the opening of the program: "The past is prophetic of the future. The influence of the pioneers, living and dead, still persists in the pluck and energy in the character and ability of their children and grandchildren."

ly as at the more pretentious and stylish gatherings of the present day. "It seems as though we had in those days much more snow than now. The roads out of town were well enough beaten in a single track, but when teams met it required some skill for them to pass. It frequently happened that the only way this could be done was to take off one of the teams, unload the sleigh, tip it over on the side and let the other team go by, then right the sleigh, hitch on the horses and go on. Sometimes a sleigh load of merrily singing young people would upset, but the deep snow would make the fall so easy that I never heard of anyone getting hurt in a tip-over. The bay in those days used to be frozen over for a long period of time, and there was excellent skating. It was no uncommon thing to see one hundred or more people, men and women, boys and girls, skating on the bay. In fact, it is doubtful whether in the present day, with all the facilities for comfort and enjoyment, the people, young or old, enjoy life better than they did in those early times."

Mr. Ball was followed by W. Frank James, of Hancock, representative in congress of the Twelfth district, who delivered a stirring and inspiring address in which he referred to the present crisis in world affairs and applied in impressive manner its lesson to this country. Mr. James made an excellent impression.

FARMERS TO MEET IN CITY JULY 13-14

Excellent Program Prepared for Agricultural College Extension Conference.

One of the most attractive programs that has ever been offered the farmers of Marquette county has been arranged for July 13-14 in Marquette, when an upper peninsula Agricultural College extension conference will be held at the court house building. There will be morning and afternoon programs both days. The men who will speak are authorities in their respective lines, and the subjects they will discuss are of particular appeal to the farmers of this district.

DOG OWNERS PROTEST.

To The Mining Journal—As the newspaper votes the interests of the people, the taxpayers and dog owners of this city please the following condition of affairs before the public: For the past three months, a large number of valuable dogs have been poisoned, and a climax has now been reached. Do we not pay taxes for our dogs, so that they may not mangle in the city limits, providing the cause no harm. Are we going to stand idle, while some miserable coward of a dog poisoner prowls around under the cover of darkness, and kills our dogs on our own property? The agony and torture of a dumb animal poisoned by a stealthy wretch, the dog poisoner is of the lowest type of criminal. And would he not have to answer for the crime of murder, if some innocent child picked up the poisoned meat, intended for the dog? The time for the police to wake up is now.

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 6.—(Special.)—The annual vessel passing the canal the last twenty-four hours were: Palmer, 9:30 last night; Seonemaker, 10; Mataafa, 11; Buell, Arthur, Hope, midnight; Trimble, 11 a. m.; Hoover, Snyder, Jr., 2; Townsend, 2:30; Conley, Hankinton, 3; Ispenning, 4:20; Jay Morse, 5:20; Berry, 6; Conroy, 6:20; Island, 7; John Donaldson, 7:30; McDougall, Manda, S. Bessemer, Nasmyth, 9; Yale, 10; Crescent City, 11; Hironio, noon; Cort, Main, 1 p. m.; Northern Wave, 2; Codorus, 3:30; Kennedy, Angelina, 4; Athabasca, 5; Myron, Postigo, Mizta, 6:30.

EXCURSION RATES.

For week-end, Fourth of July, and Marquette Homecoming celebration, via the Marquette, Marquette & Southeastern and Lake Superior & Ishpeming rail ways. One regular first-class fare and one-third for the round trip will apply between Marquette and Negaunee or Ishpeming in either direction. Tickets will be sold July 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, good for return to and including July 7, 1915.

MOVEMENT OF ORE GAIN OVER 1914

Total to July 1 Is 1,897,167 Tons Greater Than in First Part of Last Year.

The ore movement for June was not up to expectations, although the shipments to date this year is 1,897,167 tons ahead of the movement to July 1 last year. June contributed but a small part to the gain, as the excess from the principal load of the lake ports compared with the same month in 1914 was but 245,114 tons. The mines are credited with forwarding 6,095,991 tons, compared with 5,502,367 tons in the corresponding month last year.

The season movement to July 1, shows a gain of 1,897,167 over the same time last year. Shipments to July 1 were 11,801,243 and in the similar period in 1914, the fleet moved 9,924,116 tons. Compared with 1913, when the total movement was 49,000,000 tons shipments to July 1 show a decrease of 4,003,809 tons. A greater loss probably will be shown on August 1, the July 1913, movement of 8,204,416 was the greatest on record. If the movement reaches 42,000,000 tons for the season as some people in the trade expect, shipments after August 1 will be close to the 1913 record movement for that period.

The increased tonnage has been made principally by the Steel corporation, the independent mining interests not having as yet been hard pressed by orders, though there are indications that their business will improve. Similarly the gain has been principally in Mesozoic range shipments, the forwarding from the old ranges going on about at the same rate as last year.

Ford To Make Iron?

According to the Detroit Journal, Henry Ford will soon be in the market for ore tonnage. Not only that, but the Journal says that he will take a place among the owners of great lakes boats and his vessels will soon be in the ore trade. The automobile wizard is making plans for carrying his own ore to furnaces at Detroit and using molten iron directly in manufacturing. "We expect in time to have our own fleet of boats to carry ore up the River Rouge and to carry machines through the Welland locks to form a complete plant," Ford is quoted as saying. "I don't know as yet just how large the fleet will be."

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To The Mining Journal—As the newspaper votes the interests of the people, the taxpayers and dog owners of this city please the following condition of affairs before the public: For the past three months, a large number of valuable dogs have been poisoned, and a climax has now been reached. Do we not pay taxes for our dogs, so that they may not mangle in the city limits, providing the cause no harm. Are we going to stand idle, while some miserable coward of a dog poisoner prowls around under the cover of darkness, and kills our dogs on our own property? The agony and torture of a dumb animal poisoned by a stealthy wretch, the dog poisoner is of the lowest type of criminal. And would he not have to answer for the crime of murder, if some innocent child picked up the poisoned meat, intended for the dog? The time for the police to wake up is now.

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3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts. STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank MARQUETTE, MICH. RESOURCES: Time Loans \$ 787,396 81 Demand Collateral Loans \$438,452 50 Cash, Exchange and due from U. S. Treasurer 437,571 35 U. S. Bonds and Other Bonds at par 670,852 83 Bank Building and Real Estate 43,000 00 Stock in Federal Reserve Bank 6,000 00 Total \$2,383,273 49 LIABILITIES: Capital Stock Paid in \$150,000 00 Surplus and Profits 59,453 42 Discount Collected, not earned 64,043 28 Reserved to Pay Interest 10,082 06 Reserved to Pay Taxes 5,631 57 National Bank Notes Outstanding 141,300 00 Dividends Unpaid 6 00 Deposits 1,952,757 16 Total \$2,383,273 49 Designated United States Depository. Capital, Surplus and Profits, \$250,000 OFFICERS: LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, President. EDW. S. BICE, Vice President. C. L. BRAINERD, Cashier. W. O. JOHNSON, Ass't Cashier. O. E. BROWN, Ass't Cashier. Send for Our Booklet entitled 'MODERN BANKING' DIRECTORS: L. G. KAUFMAN, N. M. KAUFMAN, S. R. KAUFMAN, A. O. JOPLING, EDW. S. BICE.

ONE HUNDRED YEARS A COMMERCIAL BANK THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK 192 BROADWAY Corner of John Street. NEW YORK Capital and Surplus \$3,500,000 Resources \$35,756,452 Condensed Statement of Condition at the Close of Business June 23, 1915. RESOURCES: Loans and Discounts \$21,711,804.74 United States Bonds (Par) 1,350,000.00 Other Stocks and Bonds 3,176,694.52 Banking Houses 170,000.00 Cash and Exchange 9,347,563.28 \$35,736,452.54 LIABILITIES: Capital \$ 2,250,000.00 Surplus and Undivided Profits 1,467,283.76 Circulation 1,182,997.50 Deposits 30,866,171.28 \$35,736,452.54 OFFICERS: FRANK J. HEANEY, Vice-President. RICHARD H. HIGGINS, Vice-President. WILLIAM H. STRAWN, Vice-President. FRANK V. BALDWIN, Vice-President. BERT L. HASKINS, Vice-President and Cashier. NORBORNE P. GATLING, Vice-President. LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, President. GEORGE M. HARD, Chairman.

Mr. Ball's Address. The speaker who appeared particularly to the homecomers was the Hon. D. H. Ball, whose fund of information about the early days in Marquette is surpassed by that of no other person. His remarks were informal in their nature, and consisted largely of reference to persons who had prominent part in the early activities in Marquette. After referring to many of the pioneers, who have passed away, Mr. Ball said, in part: "It may be of interest to recall the conditions existing here in the early days, and the facilities for communication with the outside world, and compare them with those of the present day. Probably few can remember the times before the completion of the St. Mary's ship canal, when two or three sailing vessels and perhaps one or two small propellers were the sole means for trans-

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP Good SOAP! Is cheaper than new clothes. American Family Soap will not injure clothes or hands. Cleans quickly and safely. COLD OR WARM WATER without boiling.

The Century Bank of the City of New York CAPITAL AND SURPLUS ONE MILLION DOLLARS RESOURCES OVER TWELVE MILLION DOLLARS LOUIS G. KAUFMAN CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD

NUMBER NO BO ON L SAID Commande and P Search, Fo to Find J. P. Mor ter to V Leaving Would I Fear fo New York ty of the dissipated li message, su aboard, was tain in any that Frank, local and the American local explo ply had been phia that his her. The tensi waiting of it ally killed relieved, bec he had not steamers. Had Both the S left New Yo The Dible is due to do 11, while the destination boats were had written York July 5 ocean by an was contain wife at the forwarded Washington Cooklet. Radio mes to the com by the way of the lines believed that ing just pri gan at the 2 last Saturda He The believ ter, a fight alleged with here today a man as Mae the latter, mortgage at 5. tives from busy day di effort to the accomplish of dynamic is unaccount Can't Commission ing the sea his men hav more of the learned tod two hundre local concei courses in a d'ominate fe night was 6 Late toni nounced the had travels and Tenne number of the country Holt, which here. HOLT'S Dallas, Tex thought by father. In to have be his way fro set a bomb to Glen G Morgan, Ho ping "the s "Knowled "My dete one I can at I know ye in God and do therefor fact that j instead of but it can times I s somebody a sever. Nob able, I ha doubt, al thought at way out of must be st sending an cannot live that I do will try. "First, I is my app do some 2 people may are commit to go on. "Second, York, for sink, God it is the I am not qu be writt happens." "Third, and have Cwe, L. E. will be all