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PORFIRIO DIAZ, NOTED MEXICAN, IS DEAD IN PARIS

Aged Man, Who, for Thirty-Five Years, Was President of Nation Now Rent by War, Dies Alone, Except for Wife and Son, an Exile from His Country.

Two Tragic Circumstances Mark Passing of Leader—Revolution in Native Land Prevents Return of His Body for Burial and Notification of His Daughters.

Paris, July 2, 7:40 p. m.—General Porfirio Diaz, former president of Mexico, died at 7 o'clock tonight.

General Diaz's wife and their son, Colonel Porfirio Diaz, Jr., and the latter's wife were at the bedside when the end came. General Diaz began to fail rapidly about three weeks ago, and while his death was not unexpected, owing to his advanced age and recent failing health, the crisis came suddenly this afternoon. Porfirio Diaz, Jr., and his wife were hastily summoned and arrived at the bedside only a few moments before the end.

Colonel Diaz, in announcing the death of his father, said that he was unable to state the nature of the malady, but expressed the opinion that a complication of diseases due to advanced age was the cause.

Noted Figure Died Alone.

Two tragic circumstances marked the death of the exiled ruler. Owing to the troubled state in Mexico it has been judged impossible to send the body home with all that ceremony which would have befitted one of the greatest figures in Mexican history, and further, Colonel Porfirio Diaz has tried in vain to inform his sisters who are now in Mexico, of the death of their father. Not less tragic perhaps is the fact that not one of those whom General Diaz raised up to be his assistants in governing Mexico, and who prospered and grew rich in the shadow of his greatness, were with him when he died.

Jose Yves de Limanour, former Mexican minister of finance, is in London; Francisco de la Barra, former provisional president of Mexico, and holder of other important positions, including the ambassadorship to the United States, and Guillermo de Landa, former governor of the federal district in Mexico, are in Biarritz, France. Scarcely anyone outside the family knew of the seriousness of General Diaz's illness, or that he was in Paris.

Ex-President Lived Modestly.

The end seems to have been brought about by weakening of the heart, caused by a severe attack of grip last year. This illness also left the aged exile almost blind. Nevertheless he was accustomed to walk daily since last spring in the Bois de Boulogne, which he loved because it resembled the Chapultepec in Mexico City. He had been hoping to go to Biarritz shortly, but his illness prevented this.

General Diaz lived here in the greatest simplicity, occupying a small apartment, in striking contrast to the great houses and retinue of servants maintained by some of his friends who left Mexico with him.

No decision has yet been made concerning the final disposition of the body or the date of the funeral.

Resigned to Avoid Trouble.

The letter with which General Porfirio Diaz announced, on May 25, 1911, his resignation from the presidency of Mexico to the United States, gives in his own words an interesting glimpse of his remarkable career. It reads: "Sir: The Mexican people who generously have covered me with honors, who proclaimed me as their leader during the international war, and patriotically assisted me in all works undertaken to develop industry and the commerce of the republic, establish its credit, gain for it the respect of the world and obtain for it an honorable position in the concert of nations—that same people, sir, have revolted in armed military bands, stating that my presence in the exercise of the supreme executive power is the cause of this insurrection.

I do not know of any fact imputable to me which could have caused this social phenomenon, but permitting, though not admitting, that I may be unwittingly culpable, such a possibility makes me the least able to reason out and decide my own culpability. Therefore, respecting, as I have always respected the will of the people, and in accordance with article 82 of the federal constitution, I come before the supreme representatives of the nation in order to resign, unreservedly, the office of constitutional president of the republic with which the national vote honored me, which I do with the more reason since, in order to continue in office, it would be necessary to shed Mexican blood, endangering the credit of the country, dissipating its wealth, exhausting its resources and exposing its policy to international complications.

I hope, gentlemen, that when the passions which are inherent to all revolutions have been calmed, a more conscientious and just study will bring out in the national mind, a correct judgment, which, when I die, I may carry away on my soul as a just estimate of the life which I have devoted and will devote to my country."

Madero Leader of Revolt.

The revolution led by General Francisco I. Madero, Jr., had brought about the aged president's reported pledge early in 1911 to resign his office in a bargain for peace, but on May 24, the day on which the resignation was expected, it was not forthcoming. Riots occurred

BOMB IN CAPITOL WRECKS WINGSIDE OF SENATE WING

Tremendous Explosion Shortly Before Midnight Shatters Ceiling and Walls of Reception Hall, Blows Doors Open and Breaks Huge Mirror—No One Injured.

Crank Anxious to Create Sensation Is Believed to Have Left a Timed Machine Unnoticed in Room When Visitors Entered and Departed at Will During Day.

Washington, July 2.—A tremendous explosion, believed to have been caused by some kind of bomb or infernal machine, wrecked the public reception room on the east side of the capitol building, the senate wing, shortly before midnight tonight. No one was injured. Part of the ceiling and walls of the room were shaken down, a huge mirror and crystal chandelier shattered and the doors blown open. One of the doors led into the office of the vice president and is said not to have been opened in forty years.

Officials Believed that the Explosive was Placed by a Crank Who Desired to Create a Sensation. Visitors were Allowed in the Room during the Day and a Timed Machine might have been left without attracting attention.

At the time of the explosion the capitol had been closed since dark and no one was in the building except a few watchmen on duty and telephone operators. The watchman in the hall directly below the reception room said he was almost blown from his chair by the force of the blast. He declared that no one could have been near the room for hours.

First reports of the effects of the explosion said the windows of the reception room had been blown out, that an immense plate glass mirror was demolished and that part of the ceiling and walls were torn down. The explosion was heard for several blocks.

U. S. DETERMINED HUERTAS SHALL NOT GO TO MEXICO; A THIRD REVOLT FEARED

Washington, July 2.—The United States government is determined that General Victoriano Huerta, the former Mexican dictator, shall not re-enter Mexico from American territory while he may constitute a factor for the disturbance of the political or military situation in Mexico, the republic. It means General Huerta is to be held has not been definitely determined. At present he is at liberty on bond of \$15,000 and will be given a hearing on July 12, when the department of justice will endeavor to press its charge of violation of neutrality laws. The meantime agents of the department are keeping Huerta under surveillance.

GERMAN CHARGE ADMITS EMBASSY HAS RECEIVED THREATS THROUGH MAIL

New York, July 2.—Prince von Hatzfeld-Trachenberg, German charge d'affaires, tonight said that more than a hundred threatening letters had been received by the German embassy, now in its summer quarters at Cedarhurst, N. Y. This was made known tonight in reply to inquiries regarding reports that Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, had gone into seclusion. Prince von Hatzfeld said, however, that Count von Bernstorff has paid no attention to any of the threatening letters and was merely spending a well-earned vacation with friends in the country.

ARIZONA MINERS PAID HIGHEST WAGES EVER

Douglas, Ariz., July 2.—An advance of 2½ per cent, announced today as the result of increased prices for copper, brings the wages of miners and smelters in Arizona to the highest ever paid in the southwest for similar work. An employees of the Copper Queen and Calumet & Arizona companies benefit by the increase given under a system which lasses each month's wage on the price of copper for the preceding month. The increase amounts to about \$18,000 per month.

CONDITIONS NOT BAD IN MEXICO, IS REPORT

Washington, July 2.—Reassuring reports telling conditions in Mexico City, which were taken to Vera Cruz by refugees who left the capital Tuesday, reached the state department late today by cable. According to these reports looting has been confined largely to small grocery stores and the poorer classes are not yet actually starving.

LAST OF WATERLOO BABIES.

London, June 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—The last of the Waterloo babies, the Rev. William Tower Kingsley of South Kilworth, Yorkshire, celebrated his hundredth birthday on the centenary of Waterloo. His father, an army surgeon, took part in the great battle on the day on which he was born. The Rev. Kingsley was rector at South Kilworth for over a half century.

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Former Attorney for Bridgeway Declares He Then Refused to Take Part in Case.

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Other developments in the case followed in rapid succession. These were that Mr. Marshall intends to go before Chief Judge Bartlett, of the court of appeals, who wrote the prevailing opinion denying a new trial, an explanation of the facts as relating to Webber and also the statement from Martin J. Manton, counsel for Becker, that W. Bourke Cockran, his law partner, is going to make an appeal to the United States supreme court in Becker's behalf, basing it on the theory that Becker was not convicted by due process of law.

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"Webber," said Mr. Marshall, "took me as his counsel at the first trial, that Becker had absolutely nothing to do with the murder of Rosenthal. Webber said that he and I were perjuring ourselves in order to save their skins."

Mr. Marshall said that he then told Webber to get another lawyer and that from that time he could not speak because of professional obligations.

Ethics Prevented Telling Sooner.

Mr. Marshall declared that while Webber was in the Tombs (Webber) sent for him and asked: "How had does Whitman get Becker?" Mr. Marshall said he replied that he thought the district attorney was anxious to obtain evidence against Becker. Mr. Marshall then asked whether Becker had had anything to do with the murder and that Webber replied: "No, but what Becker had done was to get another lawyer, and I told Webber to get another lawyer, and that he had nothing to do with Webber since that day. Mr. Marshall declared that professional ethics alone prevented him from going on the witness stand at the second trial, and relating what Webber had told him. He said, he refused to release him from ethical obligations.

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THAW DANGEROUSLY MAD IS TESTIMONY ADDUCED BY COUNSEL FOR STATE

New York, July 2.—The first witness to testify at the trial to determine the sanity of Harry K. Thaw that his conduct was irrational was put on the stand today by attorneys for the state. They were two Canadian immigration officers, Frank MacFadden and Henri Groux, who took part in the forcible deportation of Thaw from Sherbrooke, Que., into Vermont. They said that when Thaw was told in the Sherbrooke jail that he was to be deported, he became violent, threw a bottle through a window and shouted that he was being kidnapped. Groux described his conduct as that of a person "dangerously mad." Two police officers who were on duty at the tenderloin police station while Thaw was detained there, after his arrest for killing Stanford White, gave testimony to support the state's contention that Thaw had delusions on the subject of young girls. Both witnesses said that Thaw, while in his cell, said he heard young girls screaming.

London, June 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—One of the curious effects of the war is that London is smokier than ever. War has filled the factories with unskilled stokers, who do not know how to feed the furnaces so as to produce the best combative results. All London is now complaining of the smoke nuisance.

WANTS A NEW SCHOOL AND WANTS IT QUICK IS NELSON'S ULTIMATUM

Chicago, July 2.—Oscar (Battling) Nelson, former lightweight champion of the world, and more recently leading citizen of Hegewich, a suburb, appeared in a new role today—that of spokesman for a delegation of his fellow citizens. The fighter made a fervent speech before the building and grounds committee of the board of education for a new schoolhouse.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, July 2.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Fair Saturday and probably Sunday.

RUSSIANS STILL RETIRE IN EAST BEFORE TEUTONS

Events of Last Few Weeks Repeat Themselves, It Is Claimed, Austro-Germans Making Rush, and Muscovites Retreating, and No End Is Yet in Sight.

Berlin Reports Progress in Other Sections of Front, Also—Renewed Artillery Fire in West of Little Avail Against Allies—Turkish Forces Pushed Back.

London, July 2, 10:55 p. m.—The sudden recurrence of heavy artillery fire by the Germans at many points in France, is a marked feature of the fighting on the western front, but in the meantime the Austro-German advance in Galicia and in Poland is unchecked, and the Teutons have shown no disposition to diminish the intensity of their eastern offensive.

The Polish fortress of Zamosc has been captured and progress in other sectors of strategic importance in the east is claimed by Berlin. For weeks it has been the same story in this theater of war—an Austro-German rush, a Russian retreat—and at the end is not in sight.

The Germans, besides announcing the capture of Zamosc, claim progress in other sections of the eastern front. The Austro-German forces have reached the Russian positions at Krasnik, in southern Russian Poland, according to Berlin. In Galicia, after storming the heights southeast of Bukasowice and north of Halicz, the Russians along the entire front from the district of Maryampol to just north of Fijilow have been obliged to retreat and are being pursued by the Teutonic troops.

Germans in West Lose Gains.

In the western theater the French admit the success of a German movement in the Vosges to gain a foothold in their works on Hiltgen, but claim that through a counter attack all the positions were recaptured. The Germans are continuing to shell these positions violently. A Berlin statement says that northwest of Le Four de Paris the Germans advanced by storm over a front three miles long and between two hundred and three hundred yards wide.

ARMS-LADEN VESSEL IS DETAINED IN PORT

Annie Larsen, With 4,000 Springfield Rifles and 1,000,000 Cartridges.

Hopkirk, Wash., July 2.—Laden with a cargo of 4,000 Springfield rifles and 1,000,000 cartridges loaded with dum dum bullets, according to the captain, the three-masted schooner Annie Larsen arrived at Hopkirk short of both provisions and water. She was seized by Deputy Customs Collector R. S. Sebastian, and is in charge of deputies pending receipt of instructions from the customs collector at Seattle.

Some of the authorities believe, though her manifest cleared from San Diego, Cal., for Topolobampo, Mex., the Larsen's cargo was intended for one of the European belligerents. The cargo, it was said, originated in Kansas City. It was to have been transferred at Socorro Islanda barren Mexican island 800 miles off the Mexican coast, to the former Standard Oil tanker Maverick, now under charter to the Jensen company.

Waits a Month.

While her manifest was for Mexico, Captain Paul H. Schuler was instructed that a supercargo, Walter Page, would be aboard, and that he would get his sailing orders after he got to sea. The schooner was towed 200 miles off shore by a tug, and after being out of port twenty-four hours, the supercargo took charge and told the captain to lay a course for Socorro Island, where his cargo would be transferred to the Maverick.

The schooner reached Socorro in eleven days from San Diego and lay there a month waiting for the Maverick, but the tanker did not arrive, and as the Larsen was running short of provisions Captain Schuler sailed for Acapulco, Mex., to replenish his supplies.

At Acapulco the Carranza troops attempted to confiscate the vessel and her cargo and the captain was only able to clear through the assistance of the captain of the United States cruiser Yorktown, which was in port.

Short of Supplies.

From Acapulco the Larsen attempted to return to Socorro, but head winds interfered, and her supplies again running short, the captain headed for Gray's Harbor, Wash., the most convenient port, on account of the trade winds.

MUCH LIQUOR DESTROYED IN FIRE AT KOENIGSBERG

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TWO WARSHIPS OF GERMAN NAVY HIT IN SEA FIGHT

Battleship Wittelsbach, Seriously Damaged, and a Craft of the Kaiser Class, With Many Shots Below the Water Line, Limp Into Port After Battle in Baltic.

Torpedo Boat and a Large Cruiser of Emperor William's Fleet Are Sunk at Windau, Correspondent Asserts—Russians Destroy the Mine Layer Albatross.

Copenhagen, via London, July 3, 1:24 a. m.—The German battleship Wittelsbach, which is badly damaged, and a battleship of the Kaiser class, with many shots under the water line, limped into port after battle in the Baltic.

Copenhagen, via London, July 3, 2:15 a. m.—The Politiken's Petrograd correspondent states that it is reported that not only was a German torpedo boat sunk at Windau, but a cruiser of the Magdeburg type also was lost.

London, July 2.—"A naval action occurred this morning off the east coast of the island of Gotland," says the Stockholm correspondent of Reuter's Telegram company. "The German mine layer Albatross was chased by four Russian cruisers and ran aground to escape capture. Twenty-one of the mine layer's crew were killed and twenty-seven were wounded."

The battleship Wittelsbach is of 11,830 tons displacement. Her complement in peace times is 650 officers and men. Her armament consists of four 9.4 inch and eighteen six-inch guns. She was placed in service in 1902.

The battleships of the Kaiser class each have a displacement of 10,700 tons and a complement of 650 officers and men. The armament of this class consists of four 9.4-inch guns and fourteen six-inch guns.

Vessels of the Magdeburg (Breslau) class have a displacement of 4,900 tons. They have a complement of 270 officers and men. They are armed with twelve 4.1 inch guns and two torpedo tubes.

Copenhagen, via London, July 3, 2:15 a. m.—In preparation for an advance north supported by a German fleet the Politiken's Petrograd correspondent states that eight German army corps were concentrated at Riga and in the Shavli region. The attack on Windau, the correspondent believes, was an evidence that this was the object of the German military and naval authorities.

Says Turk Transport Sunk.

London, July 3, 12:55 a. m.—A British submarine in the sea of Mar-a-Mur on June 26, sank the Turkish transport No. 42, which was carrying troops, according to the Athens correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company.

BRITISH LABOR HASN'T SYMPATHY FOR GERMANS

London, July 2.—The trade unionists of Great Britain today dismissed with contempt the suggestion that a vote of sympathy be given to their German fellow unionists in trade at the annual conference of the federation now in session at Derby. "Drop such sentimental rubbish," was the prompt demand made by Ben Tillett, the head of a number of leading unions. "This is a scrap," he added, "and must be fought out in that spirit. Who ever heard of two prizefighters stopping in the middle of a fight to kiss each other?"

Lord cries of "Next, business," buried the proposal.

BRITISH MUNITIONS BILL PASSES HOUSE OF LORDS

London, July 2.—The munitions measure giving David Lloyd-George minister of munitions, wide power to whip up the munitions supply, passed the house of lords today and will be a statute when the king affixes his signature.

THIRTY BODIES TAKEN FROM FACTORY RUINS

Marseilles, July 2, 11:52 p. m.—Thirty bodies have been recovered from the ruins of the illuminating rockets factory, which was destroyed on Wednesday by an explosion. A number of the injured are expected to die.

SHIP STRIKES MINE; TEN ARE DROWNED

London, July 3, 3:45 a. m.—The Amsterdam correspondent of the Morning Post sends the following: "Ten of the crew of twenty were drowned when the Dutch barge 'Katyk' 147 struck a mine in the North sea."

MUCH LIQUOR DESTROYED IN FIRE AT KOENIGSBERG

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Stencounters in Shanghai, China, are paid 25 cents a day.

Stafford's
are now serving HIRE'S ROOT BEER
drawn from the keg.
Also many different
**Fancy Mixed Drinks, Fancy Sundaes,
Phosphates, Frappes, Soda, Etc.**
THE REXALL DRUG STORE

The Largest Variety
Lawn Mowers Lawn Rakes
Garden Hose Garden Tools
M. R. MANHARD & SON, Ltd.
Wholesale and Retail Hardware

HURON
PORTLAND CEMENT
A large stock carried in Marquette
warehouse. Prompt shipments.
F. B. SPEAR & SONS MARQUETTE,
MICHIGAN

D. L. & W. Genuine Scranton Anthracite
Youghioghny Soft
Pocahontas Smokeless
Lilly Smithing Blue Grass Cannel
Island Creek Splint
Large stock of Pea Coal
Clean Coal Prompt Service
PHONES 90 & 293
JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD. **THE BEST COAL**

QUALITY STORE — QUALITY STORE
Siegel's Homecoming Specials
Pickles Just the Thing for Homecomers' Lunch
Sweet Mixed, Chow Chow, Sweet Relish
Sour Mixed.
A full quart and pint in each bottle
at 32 cents per bottle.
A 50c Tea at 40c
Sprague, Warner & Co. Garden Brand
uncolored Japan Tea in 1/2 lb. packages.
Get some of our Sturgeon Bay Strawberries.
They are fine.
A full line of
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables
JOHN SIEGEL
TELEPHONE 100
QUALITY STORE — QUALITY STORE

This World, The Next--
Then the FIREWORKS!
Monday, July 5, the Eagle will scream, the orator will orate,
pound the air, gesticulate, gyrate and soar to the realms un-
known, until we will become intoxicated with the exhilarance
of his verbosity; if you know what that means. The Kid does
not care for this soft pedal stuff—give him fireworks or death, a
lot of them. Jones' Drug store is the place—a full line of
canned noise—some noise, let me tell you.
JONES' DRUG STORE
Baraga Avenue and Third Street.
Phone 764-J.

Will be closed
all day
Monday,
July 5th.
Marquette
Strawberries
First of the
season.
Murray's
Grocery
Furnishes Your Table Complete.

FRESH
Asparagus Green Peas
Cauliflower Spinach
Cucumbers Peppers
Green Beans New Potatoes
New Beets Radishes
Wax Beans Green Onions
New Carrots Parsley
Michigan Celery
Fruits
Peaches Plums
Pears Apricots
Pink Meat Melons
Rockyford Melons
Watermelons
Bananas Cherries
Oranges Limes
Lemons Apples
Grape Fruit Strawberries
Red Raspberries

DEL'S GROCERY
WASHINGTON ST.
WHERE CLEANLINESS IS
PARAMOUNT
Our Store will be
closed all day July 5
A complete line of
Fresh Fruits and
Vegetables.
Marquette Strawberries
McLEAN'S
GROCERY
401 N. Third St.
Phones 64 and 65.

CANDIES
CIGARS
BOOKS
MAGAZINES
STATIONERY OF
SUPERIOR QUALITY
AT THE
NEW THIRD STREET
CONFECTIONERY STORE
AND NEWS STAND
James Clish
108 North Third St.

ROSE'S
QUARTER
BACK
ANNIVERSARY
SALE

City Brevities
Today's weather: Cloudy.
Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a.
m., 58 degrees; noon 54; 7 p. m., 57.
Highest, 58 degrees; lowest, 53.
Marquette news is published today on
pages 4, 8, 9 and 12.
Miss Julia Theobald of L'Anse is in
the city on a visit with relatives.
J. W. Weston, of Lansing, was among
the business callers in the city yester-
day.
The barber shops of the city will be
open until 11 o'clock Monday morning,
July 5.
Thomas Clancy, of Ishpeming, was in
Marquette yesterday, on a business
mission.
R. O. Yungbluth and W. J. Blaney,
of Ishpeming, were here yesterday, on
business.
George Derleith, who has been on a
business trip to Milwaukee, arrived home
yesterday.
Miss Mildred Dushane left Thursday
to spend a few days visiting friends
at the Soo.
Walter Ammerman, of Iron River, is
in the city for a few days on a visit
with relatives.
T. A. Aho arrived home yesterday
from Romley, where he had been on a
business trip.
A Studebaker car was delivered by
the Cloverland garage to A. F. Baker
yesterday morning.
Miss Pearl Tucker has arrived home
after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. W. C.
Hart, of Wakefield.
Wm. Smith of Boyne City, Mich., an
old resident of Marquette, is in the city
for the homecoming.
Miss Olive Nelson, of Milwaukee, is
in the city for a few weeks as the guest
of Miss Myrtle Trevillion.
Mrs. Alice Fassbender, who has been
visiting friends in Hancock and Houghton,
arrived home last evening.
Mrs. Albert Herrin and son, William,
are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. C.
Foard, 803 North Front street.
W. A. Doerr, of Two Harbors, Minn.,
arrived in the city this morning, to at-
tend the homecoming celebration.
The Misses Isabel and Irma Campbell
of Depeze, Wis., are visiting at the
home of J. Harrington, 326 Bluff street.
Mrs. John S. McEvoy, of Onoway, is
in the city, the guest of her mother,
Mrs. A. H. Blanchard, and Mrs. A. M.
Kenerly.
Mrs. E. J. Brennan, of 144 W. Bluff
street, will serve during the homecom-
ing, dinners and suppers for a limited
number of people.
Mrs. W. C. Hart, and daughter, Peggy,
of Wakefield, are in the city for a
month's visit with her parents, Mr. and
Mrs. George McCombs.
Charles DeMelle and Miss Emma Col-
burn, of Stephenson, Mich., arrived yester-
day morning to take the summer
work at the Normal.
Mr. and Mrs. Dan Morrison and son,
day evening, arrived yesterday
afternoon to visit Mrs. Morrison's sister,
Mrs. David Todd.
Phil Carpenter has accepted a posi-
tion with the Cameron Bakery com-
pany. He had formerly been in the
employ of A. Lavallee.
J. T. Fitzgerald and daughter, Ber-
nice, will arrive in the city this morn-
ing from Chicago and will visit here
during homecoming week.
All members of St. Jean Baptiste so-
ciety are requested to be at Bureau's
Hall at 8:30 Monday morning, prepared
to march in the civic parade.
Earl Ross, who was graduated from
the literary department of the Univer-
sity of Michigan, arrived home Wednes-
day. He received an A. B. degree.
H. Hamilton Anderson, Cecil Charlton,
Ambrose Logan and John Madigan ar-
rived home yesterday, after spending six
weeks in the woods near Munising.
Those who are going to take part in
the Calhounian parade the morning of
the fifth are requested to meet at the
City Hall for the purpose of making up.
Miss Josie O'Leary, a teacher in the
Ontonagon High school, arrived in the
city last evening to spend the vacation
with her sister, Mrs. Clement O'Rourke.
Anderson & Bennett have an display
in their windows a photograph of Mar-
quette taken in 1865. It shows a scene
extending north from the present Lake-
side Park.
The Boy Scouts of the Episcopal
church will meet at the Guild Hall this
afternoon at 1:30 for final arrangements
for the marching order in the 5th of
July parade.
Members of the Albert Jackson post,
G. A. R., are requested to meet at the
library building at 8:30 o'clock Monday
morning to prepare for taking part in
the industrial parade.
R. T. Looney, of Houghton, referee in
bankruptcy, was a business caller in
Marquette yesterday. He was accom-
panied by Miss Margaret Harrington, of
Hancock, his assistant.
Frank McKindles, of the Houghton
Mining Gazette, is here from Hancock
to spend a two weeks vacation. He is
a guest at the residence of Samuel
Bernard, Champion street.
Mr. and Mrs. Ben Ellison and daugh-
ter Marjorie, of Chicago, will arrive in
Marquette Sunday morning and will be
the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob
Rose. Mrs. Ellison was formerly Miss
Edith Rose.
The launch "Kaw-baw-Gam" is avail-
able for the accommodation of outing
parties. L. D. Bell, at the Elk's
bowling alleys, is the captain. The

boat will ply from the dock at foot of
Main street. It will also be used in
the freight and towing business.
John Erickson, chief engineer at the
Dead river power plant, arrived home
yesterday afternoon from Mt. Clemens,
Mich., where he has been taking treat-
ments for rheumatism. His health has
greatly improved.
F. E. King, superintendent of the Es-
canaba public schools, gave the first of
the summer lectures at the Normal
school yesterday morning. Mr. King gave
an excellent talk on "The Requirements
of a Successful Teacher."
Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Fitzgerald of
Hancock will arrive in Marquette this
evening. Wm. T. Fitzgerald and son,
William, Jr., of Estherville, Ia., will be
here this morning. A reunion of the
Fitzgerald family will be held.
Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Beauchamp and
son and Miss Melina Beauchamp, of Es-
canaba, will arrive in Marquette today
to visit during the homecoming at the
home of Mrs. Beauchamp's parents, Mr.
and Mrs. Eusebe Bertrand, North Third
street.
The supervisors and the other officers
of the county will meet at the court-
house Monday morning at 9 o'clock, pre-
paratory to joining the civic parade.
They will ride in autos, which will be
lined up in front of the courthouse at
the time.
One of the most attractive mercantile
displays arranged for the Fourth is
shown in the windows of J. Q. Lewis'
grocery store on North Third street. The
display, which is the work of Richard
Chynoweth, consists of fruits arranged
in the form of an American flag.
A party of young ladies who left on
the D. & C. excursion two weeks ago
will arrive home this morning. Those
who composed it are: The Misses Hazel
Bush, Marie Flanagan, Carrie Siegel,
Frances O'Reilly, Mary Donnachache,
Eileen Scully and Marguerite Johnson.
Off Year for June Brides—Perhaps be-
cause the weather was unusually gloomy,
this was an off year for June brides.
The number of licenses issued by County
Clerk Jenks was but fifty-four as against
sixty-five last June.
Decorate Your Homes—Chairman Be-
talle, of the committee on decorations,
requests that there be a display of the
national colors at private homes through-
out the city, particularly on the route
of the parade Monday morning.
Deputies Made Arrests—Deputy Game
Wardens Marx, Koepf and Mosher this
week arrested John Foulki and Matti
Hourbakk, residents of Rumley valley,
for having venison in their possession.
They were taken before Justice Meeker
at Munising, who fined them each \$35.
The costs in each case were \$7.
Will Serve Meals—The women of the
parish of St. John's church will serve
meals during the homecoming in the
building at the northeast corner of Bar-
aga avenue and Front street, and in the
building at 115 West Washington street.
A palatable meal will be served at re-
asonable prices.
Midsummer Night's Dream—A popu-
lar admission price of twenty-five
cents will be charged for seats for the
Normal play, "Midsummer Night's
Dream," which will be repeated Tues-
day evening, July 5, in the auditorium
of the school. Practically the entire
cast have returned from their homes
east of the city, and a dress rehearsal
will be held this evening.
Police Give Warning—Chief McIntosh
gives warning that any persons firing
firecrackers on the streets while the pa-
rade is being given Monday will be ar-
rested forthwith. The police have placed
the official taboo on flour, talcum pow-
der or any articles which, if thrown
about, may damage clothing. This, of
course, does not apply to confetti. As
far as confetti is concerned, the lid will
be off.
Death of Miss McClelland—Margaret
McClelland, daughter of Mrs. Wm. Mc-
Clelland, a former resident of Marquette,
passed away from family home in
Forest, Ont., June 30, after a long ill-
ness. She was aged twenty-seven years.
The surviving relatives are the mother,
three brothers, John of Portland, Joseph
of Duluth and William of Forest, Ont.,
and three sisters, Mrs. M. A. Murray
and Miss Emma of Duluth, and Miss
Olie of Forest, Ont. A private funeral
will be held from Hager Bros' chapel
to Park cemetery.
By Auto to Chicago—The Rev. Platte
T. Amstutz, accompanied by Mrs. Am-
stutz, the Misses Emma Coles, Nina
Drake and Mary Kern, and George C.
Higbee, accompanied by Misses Mary
Nelson, Clara Hansen and Irma Bark-
berg, leave this morning for Chicago by
auto. They will spend Sunday in Me-
nominee, where Mr. Amstutz will preach
in the First Presbyterian church, taking
the place of the Rev. Mr. Kuder, who
preaches in Marquette. They expect to
arrive in Chicago Tuesday evening, in
time for the opening session of the
World's Christian Endeavor convention,
which continues until Monday night,
July 12. They will arrive home the fol-
lowing Friday.
Baseball at Fairgrounds—Two base-
ball games, expected to be the best
contests of the season in Marquette,
are scheduled for tomorrow and
Monday at the fair grounds. Tomor-
row the Champion nine, accompanied
by a delegation of rooters, will be here
to play the Marquette City team. A
University of Michigan pitcher will be
in the box for the visitors. Morrison
and Downey will form the Marquette
battery. Monday, the Ishpeming and
Marquette teams will play. Each has
defeated the other once, and the intense
rivalry between them is expected to add
much interest to the contest. Zryd
and Mercer will be the Marquette bat-
tery. Special street car service for both
games has been arranged.
Home-Coming Souvenir—A booklet de-
tailing the history of Marquette from
1845 to 1915 has been issued as a Home-

Coming souvenir by Frank W. Bittner
and Bernard M. Bittner. It gives ac-
counts of various interesting events. The
booklet is on sale at a nominal sum.
INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.
The Red Jacket park, Calumet, is
now adorned with a substantial flag
pole, the gift of the Christopher Colum-
bus Statue committee. The pole was
erected during the week and when
equipped will cost in the neighborhood
of \$150. A large American flag has been
ordered and will arrive by the
fourth, on which day the pole and flag
will be officially turned over to the
Playgrounds association. The history
of the statue fund dates back for sev-
eral years. The idea of raising a statue
to the great discoverer was taken up,
but because of the commercial depres-
sion the project was dropped for the
time being. Some of the money raised
had been collected was divided between
the Good Will Farm and the Calumet As-
sociated Charities. The balance has been
used in the erection of the pole, it being
the opinion of the donors that no more
suitable memorial to their illustrious
countryman could be given. The pole
will be provided with a suitable de-
scription plate, bearing the inscription,
"Erected to the Memory of Christopher
Columbus July 4th, 1915."
Call Cameron Baking company for
fresh cream and milk. (5-3-1w.)
There are no articles in the market
that give such universal satisfaction as
the milk, cream, butter and buttermilk
from the Marquette City Dairy.
(5-30-1w.)

MARQUETTE
OPERA HOUSE
TODAY---Matinee & Night
For the Sake of a False Friend"
Episode number five of
The Diamond from the Sky
"WILD BLOOD"
Imp. Drama featuring **Wm. Garwood** and
Violet Mersereau.
"The Chef's Revenge"
Sterling Comedy
Matinees || **Prices: 5c and 10c** || **Evening**
2:30 to 5:00 || All Children 5c at the Matinee || 7:10 to 10:40

A Rose Anniversary Sale of
wonderful values; the cream of Rogers Peet
& Adler Rochester special summer suits—
better made than any other readymade clothes
at from 15 to 33 1/3% discount

Better food on a tin
platter than no food
on a China dish.
Better a Bank bal-
ance with us than
fine clothing with
no money in the
pockets.
Marquette
National
Bank

Delft Theatre **TO-DAY**
"THE LURE OF MAMMON"
Three-reel Kalem drama featuring the celebrat-
ed actress **Fania Marinoff**
The Fable of a Night Given
Over to Revelry
Essanay Geo. Ade comedy
TUESDAY—Paramount Feature
MARY PICKFORD in "Mistress Nell"

THE CAMERON
BAKING COMPANY
announces the following
SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY
Macaroons
Lady Fingers
Kisses
Marshmallow Jelly Roll
Angel Food
Tangorpoons
Salted Almonds
TIMBALL and PATTI CASES
MADE TO ORDER
FRESH MILK AND CREAM
RECEIVED DAILY

MICHIGAN
Men's Av
Is Ne
Lansing,
of Michigan
rollment of
ployment to
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Roc
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HONORABLE ARTILLERY NOTABLE ORGANIZATION

Crack London Organization Has Acquired Itself Well in Warfare in France.

London, June 15.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The Honorable Artillery company of London, which like its counterpart and relative in Boston, is one of the oldest and most aristocratic military organizations in existence, now has in the field an organization which includes hundreds of members of the wealthiest and most aristocratic families in England. They have proved their merit and their democracy on countless occasions since they went to France early in the war.

An observer at British headquarters sends the following account of a visit to the "H. A. C." on a day when they were resting in the reserve lines. "Beyond the last farmhouse" as writes, "I came upon a field about the size of Madison Square in New York, filled with precise rows of bare headed, half dressed soldiers, sitting on their blankets like Mohammedans at prayer, enjoying the baking sun.

"That's the H. A. C.," said my guide, and vanished. "None of the honorable artillerymen looked up from their meditations as I walked between them. Some wore trousers and no shirt; others varied the picture by wearing a shirt and no trousers. All were evidently very tired and very lazy. Some were sewing on buttons or mending damaged sections of their attire. Others had their garments thrown across their knees, inside out, and were inspecting them inch by inch, gravely and methodically, for those unwelcome little visitors which are one of the greatest plagues of trench warfare. I had an impression that I was intruding upon a solemn and not unimportant ceremony. There was absolute silence.

"How many friends of this famous regiment would have recognized the cropped, unshaven assemblage sitting on army blankets in that cow pasture? They had nothing in common with the spies and span young gentlemen who used to appear as glittering generals in the honor at the London Guild hall and were generally voted the smartest volunteer foot-soldiers in the world. They looked, in fact, as hard and uncompromising a set of ruffians as could be found anywhere in the area of the war. Hard as nails, they were calm, eyes, summing themselves after a week of careful killing, as though the punishment of Germans had always been their business.

"I walked up and down between the rows, trying to readjust my mental picture of the honorable artillery company. Here was a wealthy young gentleman from the city sitting in his shirt with his legs bared to the midday breeze, thoughtfully sewing a button on his trousers. He pricked his finger and swore softly. Next to him was a famous Cambridge scholar, wearing eyeglasses and trousers. His grey shirt was spread out in the sunshine and he regarded it somewhat morosely.

"The silence was very striking. I had passed other battalions—not from the trenches—in billets nearby, and the cheerful chatter of the men could be heard on all sides. Here the stillness was only broken by the sound of bagpipes from the next village and the final pre-luncheon delivery of German shells. Aeroplanes, with the tri-colored bulls-eye of the Allies painted on the underside of their wings, were humming overhead, with enemy shrapnel strewing great white roses in their wake, but the honorable artillerymen—shirt and thoughts of war out of their minds for the moment and soaked in the sunshine.

"When the H. A. C. took over the portion of trenches assigned them the enemy was engaged in improving his defenses amid certain ruins. Sandbags were brought up at night and utilized as a breastwork against the shattered walls. There came a profusion of machine guns.

"The force of enemy infantry was really very small, but the enemy counted as usual on machine gun defenses as being more efficacious than riflemen. In a way they are right. Machine guns cannot bolt when troops attack.

"During the week the Germans became bolder and bolder in their movements behind their defenses. The H. A. C. hid their time, and at the right moments they brought down groups of workers who dared show themselves out of cover.

"A staff officer came down one day last week to inspect the new German defenses, and his contempt for British marksmanship cost him his life. He could be seen walking about behind the breastworks, giving orders and otherwise emphasizing his importance.

"A certain crack shot waited quietly beside his rifle. The German officer came up to the breastwork and looked through a loophole at our trench. The markings on his cap could be plainly seen. There was a shot—and a scream

The bullet hit him squarely in the face. "Immediately the Germans turned loose their machine guns in a blaze of impotent fury. That in itself was sufficient assurance that the officer had been killed. No one was hurt, although the parapets were peppered with bullets. When the enemy was tired of shooting they shouted threats and imprecations across their sap-head."

BRITISH VERY CORDIAL TO THEIR FRENCH ALLIES.

British Headquarters, France, June 23.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—One of the first considerations of the British army officials is the avoidance of all friction with the inhabitants of the occupied districts of France and the maintenance of most cordial relations with the French soldiers. A principal factor in keeping on good terms with the allied army has been the steadfast insistence on the courtesies of discipline. Military etiquette, for ex-

INHALED GAS IN CHARGE AT PRES

Returned Soldier Saw His Comrades Stricken by Deadly Fumes.

New York, July 2.—An interesting account of personal experiences with the allies in the trenches in France was modestly told by Henry Lapiere, a native of Chazy, N. Y., who arrived from Liverpool on the White Star liner Arabic.

Lapiere, who is twenty-two years old and of athletic build, went to Montreal in August and enlisted in the Thirtieth Battalion, Royal Highlanders, posing as

returned soldier. He was suddenly ordered to return to London and there found that his mother had obtained his discharge. He showed his papers, stamped with the red seal of the British war office, attesting that he was "honorably discharged after serving 218 days with the colors." He said that at first the British authorities refused to enlist Americans, but now accepted them readily.

MANY GAS VICTIMS IN WARSAW HOSPITALS.

Warsaw, June 5.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—From yesterday afternoon through the night, all available ambulances, sanitary wagons and tractors, the latter specially rigged into ambulances, have been carrying victims of the German gas attacks from the south to the many hospitals in this city. The Associated Press correspondent vis-

DANIELS WOULD HAVE SELFSUPPORTING NAVY

Believes the Government Could Save Money by Making Its Own Supplies.

Washington, July 2.—A "self-supporting" navy, making its own battleships, torpedo boats, submarines, torpedoes, projectiles, armor plate, powder and all war supplies, is the ideal of Secretary of the Navy Daniels. He believes it is not only possible but probable that, with proper financial assistance and approval from congress, realization of his plans may be reached before the end of the present administration.

every article important to its sustenance. "Soon we shall have sufficient capacity in our own powder plants," he said, "to supply all the ships and keep up reserve supplies on the present footing of the navy, of course."

In case of war, Mr. Daniels admits, it would be necessary for the navy to purchase a great part of its powder and projectiles, as well as many ships to become naval auxiliaries. The capacity of the powder plant at Indian Head, Md., on the Potomac river, a few miles below Washington, will be doubled within a short time, according to the navy's head. The torpedo projectile plant at Newport, R. I., will also be doubled in output capacity, he stated. Incidentally he is keeping in touch with both plants by personal visits.

In carrying out his plan for a "self-supporting" navy in regard to powder and projectiles, the secretary has more ambitious plans for the government in constructing its own dreadnaughts. He

FEAR UPRISING IN CONSTANTINOPLE

All Arms in Shops and Private Possession Seized—16 Plotters Condemned.

London, July 2.—The Daily Chronicle's Constantinople correspondent, in a mailed dispatch, says the position of affairs in Constantinople is rapidly becoming intolerable. He says: "A measure recently taken of searching for and confiscating all arms, even down to knives, both in shops and in private possession, was decided on only partly in order to meet the needs of the army. The main reason was fear of an armed rising of the populace.

Within the last four weeks two plots to organize such rising have been discovered by the secret police. Over 100 persons were arrested and after summary trial sentenced to death or internment in some lost corner of Asia Minor. "The number of wounded in the city defies computation. In one hospital alone, and that by no means the largest, there were 2,500 cases last week. The more dangerous cases are not brought to the capital at all, but to content themselves with rough and ready treatment at Gallipoli, Dardanus or Rodos."

"Not only is small arms ammunition becoming very scarce, but rifles are failing. The second line troops in Thrace are partly armed with a variety of weapons that is truly amusing. Some of the guards at critical points of the railway line proudly shoulder a shotgun. "It is interesting to note that the Jewish soldiers have all been withdrawn from the combatant units and are now assimilated with the Christians, to be used merely as hewers of wood and drawers of water."

"I am able to affirm on the highest authority that the fact that war has not yet arisen between Italy and Turkey is not to be taken as an index that Turkey is thinking of peace. There have been no overtures for peace. There has not even been talk of such a thing, and there is not going to be for some considerable time. There are no signs of an impending return to sanity of the clique that launched Turkey into the war, and even old the government desire to make peace it would be prevented from giving effect to its wishes by the Germans. The Germans were powerful in Turkey in April. They are indisputably the sole masters now. They even hold the government to ransom."

Upper Peninsula Injuries to Brakeman Are Fatal

Injuries suffered by Guy Edwards, a switchman employed by the Mieret Range road at Laramark Mills, when he slipped from a tall between two rock cars, along which he is thought to have been walking, caused his death at the Lake Superior General hospital at Lake Linden. At no time since the accident has hope been entertained for his recovery. The deceased was a well-known Calumet young man, the son of Richard Edwards of Yellow Jacket. He was born there twenty-five years ago.

Will Bid for Firemen's Tournament. Resolutions asking the upper peninsula firemen to hold their 1916 tournament in the Soo have been passed by the Sault Ste. Marie Civic and Commercial club. The invitation will be extended when the annual tournament takes place in Manistique in August. The Soo department will make a strong bid for the 1916 meeting. The businessmen are strongly supporting the firemen in their efforts. This is the second time that resolutions have been passed by a Soo organization to this effect, the Michigan Soo Motor Boat association having taken this action at a meeting last week.

Weather Prophet Goes Wrong Again. W. C. Labelle, agent of the St. Francis hospital, takes great pride in his ability to predict the weather for Escanaba and vicinity each month, says the Morning Press, and he usually rambles down to the courthouse and hands out his predictions to the officials, free of charge. On the thirtieth of May he made his usual call, and all the county officers knew the reason of his visit, so they lined up around him to hear his able forecast. "We're going to have the driest month of June this year that this city has ever had," said Labelle. "It's going to be so hot that the prohibitionists will hike down and have their names removed from the 'local option' petition." The next day being clear, F. J. Hess, the treasurer, gave his rain coat to a poor Indian who applied to him for some clothes. County Clerk Pepin bought a pair of low shoes and a straw hat. He also made application to the purchasing committee for an electric fan for his office, and then it rained only twenty-four days out of the thirty.

ARE YOU FEELING FIT? Do you envy the man or woman of happy, strong energy, strong body and happy disposition? All these depend upon good health, and good health is impossible when the kidneys are diseased. Foley Kidney Pills help the kidneys cast out poisons that cause backache, rheumatism, and other symptoms of dangerous kidney and bladder troubles.



Washington Street, Looking West.

[Photo by E. C. Lemon.]

ample demands that when a party of British officers are saluted by a British private, only the senior officer acknowledges the salute. When, however, the salute is given by a French private, the acknowledgement is made by all the officers. "The idea is," a staff officer explained, "that by this act of courtesy we daily show to the French our consciousness that if we are their allies, we are also guests in their country. And where the officers give the lead, the men are quick to follow."

THE MAN HE KILLED.

Had he and I but met By some old ancient inn, We should have set us down to wet Right many a nipperkin!

But ranged as infantry, And staring face to face, I shot at him, as he at me, And killed him in his place.

I shot him dead because— Because he was my foe; Just so, my foe of course he was; That's clear enough, although He thought I'd list, perhaps, Offhand like—just as I— Was out of work—had sold his traps— No other reason why.

Yes; quaint and curious war is! You shoot a fellow down You'd treat if met where any bar is, Or help to half a crown.

—Thomas Hardy.

a Canadian. After training on Salisbury Plains in England until Feb. 14, he left with his battalion for the front on the transport Avon from Bristol and landed at Ste. Nazaire.

"Our battalion was first under fire at Ypres," Lapiere said. "We were holding the advance trenches when we were ordered out and commanded to charge the German lines. This came after a very heavy rifle fire, and a haze of gray powder smoke hung over the battlefield.

"We advanced in extended order, running, dropping and firing, and then going forward again. We were almost on clouds of sulphur-colored smoke drifting down the wind in our direction. All at once our men began to totter and crumple up by scores. On all sides the soldiers dropped with hardly a sound and with no sign of injuries. The field was a shambles, but our officers kept their heads and ordered the men to hug the ground until the poisonous vapor passed over. As the gas ate away our line, it exposed the battalion to an enfilading fire from German machine guns on our right flank. Most of the soldiers were down from the gas fumes, and the crossfire wiped out most of the rest.

"We went into battle with 1,100 men and came out with a bare 150 survivors. We lay flat on the turf until the wind shifted it slightly, blowing clouds of the gas toward the German machine gun section. Then we crowded on hands and knees for more than 150 yards to a place of safety. I had to be treated for gas inhalation. Many of my comrades who

ited several hospitals to the city at first, hand the results of inhaling the asphyxiating gases used by the Germans. In one hospital three hundred beds were occupied by men with liver-colored faces, bloodshot eyes, nearly lifeless, but with open mouths gasping for breath. Six victims died in the ambulance en route from Harsaw-Vienna railway station. All night the doctors and nurses worked untiringly applying remedies for the relief of the fearful sufferings of the patients. Injection of a camphor solution under the skin appears to be the most effective treatment so far discovered. The gas appears to have the effect of turning the blood of the victim inky-black. The patients lie motionless, seemingly in a stupor, the heavy breathing interrupted from time to time by a racking cough.

FLOWERS AND WEEDS FILL SERBIAN FIELDS.

Uskup, Serbia, June 9.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Great sections of the fine agricultural lands of southern Serbia lie unutilized this year, owing to the departure of the laborers to the war zone farther north. As a result, these tremendously fertile fields are given up to a profusion of weeds and wild flowers which present a spectacle as brilliant as a California garden multiplied in area until it stretches over the whole Vardar valley. Everything grows in great luxuriance and in the most vivid colors.

The more familiar wild flowers seen here are daisies, poppies, and huge thistles ten feet high. The poppies are of an intense crimson, while here and there are patches of cultivated opium poppies, in full white flowers. More curious in coloring are flowers not easily identified by an American visitor—mossy fields of purple weed a hundred feet across, a clover-like plant with tiny blossoms of intense coral-red, tall lilac flowers, clumps of blue and silver-gray, various types of yellow and crimson blossoms. Here and there the solid tapestry of vegetation is broken by little lakes or ponds, fringed with rushes as thick as a man's arm and tall as small trees. Over the water are sprinkled masses of white water lilies.

Birds and butterflies vie in coloring with the flowers. Some of the butterflies are of great size, and wonderful coloring, and the connoisseur recognizes varieties which are very rare in the western world. The bird world is dominated by the storks and buzzards, the former spottedly black and white, the latter yellowish brown.

The railroad from Sabanika to Uskup makes its way in more or less straight-forward fashion through this whole region of the Vardar valley, crossing the winding stream at frequent intervals, once on a bridge which was blown six times during the Balkan wars. The river itself would be scarcely more than a good-sized creek in America and the water is tinged a muddy brown. In the distance, on both sides of the railroad, a broken line of low hills is always visible.

factory all of our materials for the navy will probably always buy a certain amount of supplies needed, but it is my hope that the navy will be equipped to make in part all of the supplies it uses," Secretary Daniels stated.

"By manufacturing our own supplies we are not only largely independent of private manufacturers, avoid being held up in prices, but also destroy the incentive of private manufacturing interests to bring pressure upon congress for large appropriations in the interest of the private profit."

It is Secretary Daniels' idea that the navy is equipped to make its own supplies, private manufacturers will not, when congress comes to appropriating money for them, feel that as a matter of course the contracts will be let to them. It would then be uncertain whether the money would be spent in government navy yards or private manufacturing plants. The "hounding" of congress for large appropriations would then be largely avoided.

Secretary Daniels pointed out that the effects of such an administrative plan were already seen.

Government Saves Money. "Before the government began to manufacture its own powder we paid as high as eighty cents a pound to private manufacturers," he said. "The price was brought down to fifty-six cents. This was largely because the navy found out just exactly what it cost to make powder. We then knew what was a proper price to pay, with proper profit to the manufacturer."

"By making all of our own supplies we will in the same way be able to ascertain just what they cost, and just what profit private manufacturers are making on supplies sold to the navy."

Secretary Daniels said his plans did not embrace a "government monopoly" in making navy supplies, similar to those of foreign nations. He merely proposes that the navy make part of each and

hopes to build one of the new dreadnaughts congress may authorize next winter at the League navy yard at Philadelphia. The Brooklyn navy yard has already qualified in this respect in the recent construction of the battleship New York. Incidentally, she was completed four and a half months earlier than her sister ship, the Texas, built by private contractors.

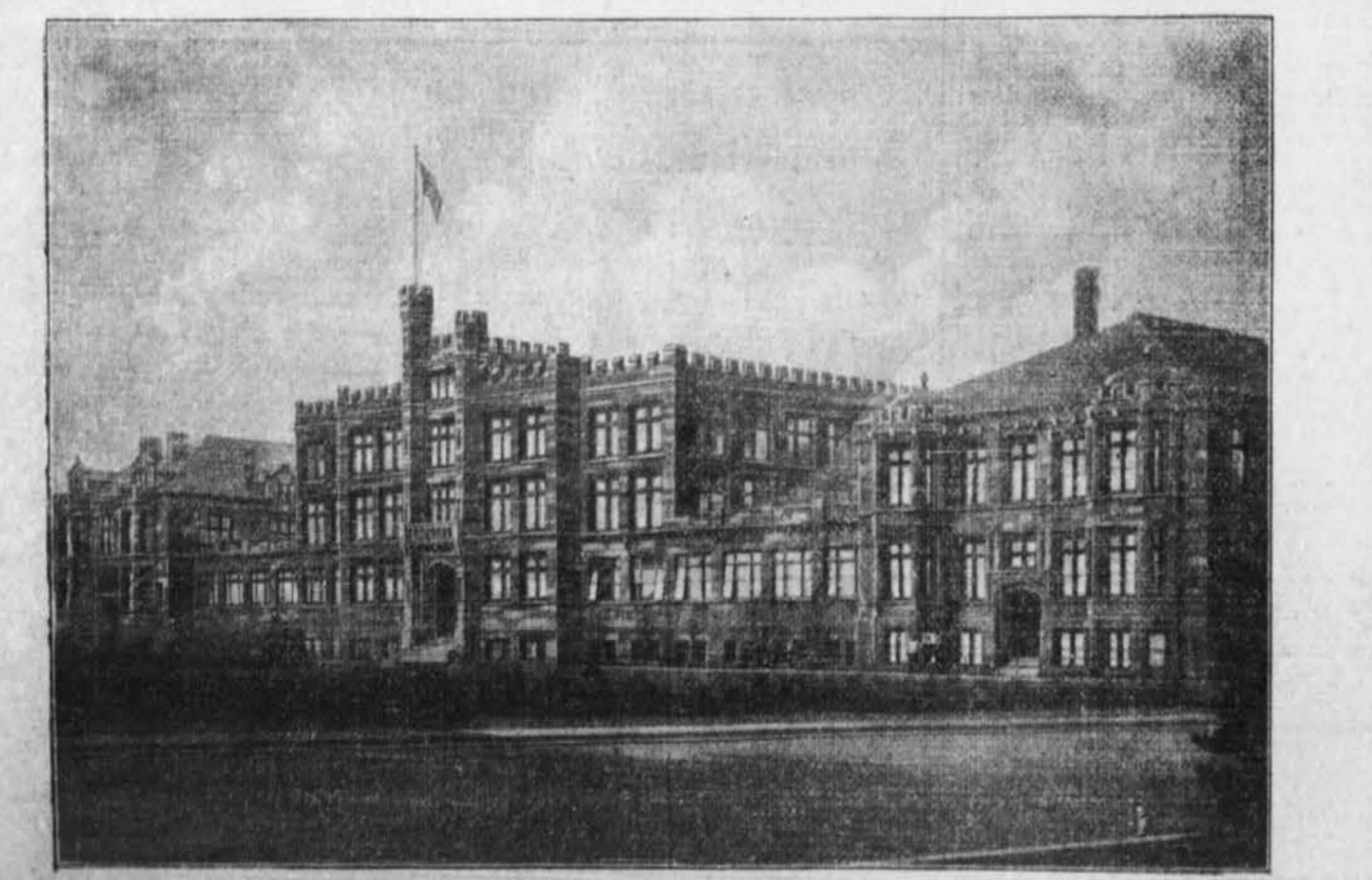
The new battleships Arizona and California are also achievements of government employees at the Brooklyn navy yard. Submarines are also being built in the government's own yards as well as fuel and supply ships.

"Construction of ships in navy yards justifies an enlargement of that policy," says Secretary Daniels. "It was discouraged formerly because, by an unwise system of accounting, overhead charges in navy yards were chargeable against new construction, were added to the actual cost of construction. This made it appear that ships built in navy yards cost more than in private yards, and the facts were not in accordance with that appearance. In fact, taken as a whole, the contrary is true."

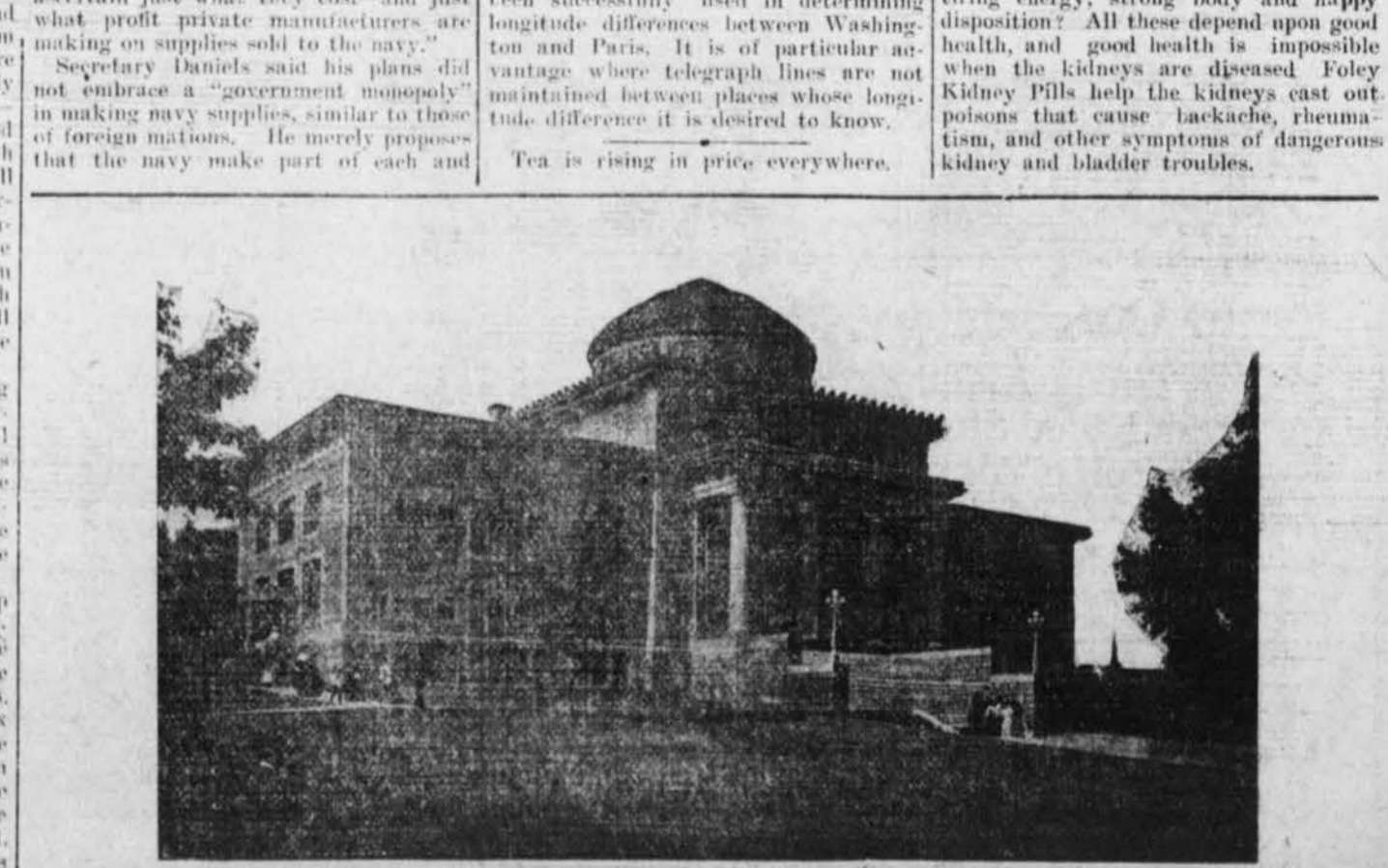
A NEW USE FOR WIRELESS.

Wireless telegraphy serves a useful purpose in the determination of differences of longitudes. Wireless signals are transmitted between places whose difference of longitude is to be ascertained and the time is carefully determined by means of astronomical observations. The time of transmission is exceedingly short and corrections for it are necessarily very small. This method has been successfully used in determining longitude differences between Washington and Paris. It is of particular advantage where telegraph lines are not maintained between places whose longitude difference it is desired to know.

Tea is rising in price everywhere.



Northern State Normal, Showing New Administration Building.



Marquette County Court House.

IS THE BILLY SUNDAY OF JAPANESE EMPIRE

Seimatsu Kimura, Trained in America, Engaged in Great Evangelistic Campaign.

Tokio, May 26.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Close by the houses of parliament, within which members were discussing the question of China, there stood a big tent, fronted and flanked by many bright-colored Japanese banners.

The correspondent of the Associated Press, who was on his way to the Diet, stopped at the entrance of the tent. A little group of smiling, welcoming Japanese were there.

"Who is that man speaking?" was asked. "Why, don't you know?" came the answer—"That's Kimura, the Billy Sunday of Japan."

At the same moment the notes of a Christian hymn sung in chorus filled the great tent and bursting without caused hundreds of passing people to stop, listen and inquire.

Resembles American Meeting.

The picture was much the same as American revivalist meetings with the added interest of the rich colored flowing kimono, the black hair of the Japanese women, the occasional clatter of the wooden shoe, and the many-bud Japanese decorations.

The music ceased. Then a Japanese with regular handsome features, medium in height, rather tall, built, dressed in European clothes, stepped forward from his co-workers on the platform and began to talk in Japanese. He began quietly, but soon his voice rose and his face changed as becoming more impassioned he discoursed eagerly upon the theme of salvation.

Then turning to the young ladies he shouted: "You with your pretty kimonos and pretty faces—think you, perhaps, that you are saved by these things alone? Prepare yourself ere it is too late. Come into the kingdom of God, and give me your hand as an emblem that you have accepted the faith."

A number of people walked up to the revivalist and accepted Christianity. Then there was more music and the correspondent was introduced to the Sankey of the Tokio revivalist movement. He is called "Vio" Sakai, because he loves the violin, and as Sankey was singer for Moody so Sakai is the player for Kimura.

The following day the correspondent was told by the revivalist himself something of his life and something of his hopes for the future.

Born in Japan Forty Years Ago.

Seimatsu Kimura, who is known by his American friends as Henry Kimura, was born in Japan about 40 years ago. "I was the son of a wine seller," he said, "and when I was a boy of sixteen newspapers to earn enough to eat. At the age of sixteen I was converted to Christianity and somehow, since then, life has gone on happily and fruitfully. I think, as I told Dwight L. Moody one day, that it is a case of Philippians 4:19. 'But my God shall supply all your need according to his riches in glory by Jesus Christ.'"

"I was one of three children," he went on, "and my brothers, Seishiro Iwamura (adopted by the Iwamura family, is now preparing for Sunday school service by studying at the theological seminary at Hartford, Conn. And I would like to note my other brother and my

father and mother have been converted. "When I was nineteen years old I went to the United States to learn how to win souls. Dwight L. Moody was holding revivalist meetings in south California and so big were the crowds that I had a hard time trying to hear him. But I said to the big policeman at the door: 'Look here, Mr. Policeman, I have come 5,000 miles to hear Mr. Moody and you just must get me in.'"

"That was how I first met Mr. Moody. I stayed close by him and when he left for the North, it was I who carried his satchel. Mr. Moody was astonished to find me following him on to the train and was more astonished when I told him that I was going with him. I told the great preacher that I wanted to become an evangelist. I asked him what school I should go to. I said I had asked two people and they had given me different advices. Mr. Moody said: 'If you ask five people you will have five different advices. There is only one here who can advise you truly and that

time in twenty-five years that I had such an experience," he said. "I went six times in one hour on hearing him." He joined Sunday's meetings at Des Moines and during three weeks attended over fifty meetings.

Kimura came back to Japan in April of this year and began to take part in the great evangelistic campaign. He has been talking to big crowds and every week for the next year and a half is filled with engagements. When he preaches he often uses a black-board upon which he writes in Japanese or Chinese characters the texts of his sermons. This method, he said, made things much clearer to everybody. Sometimes, when his voice fails, he uses a megaphone. He found that preaching two or three times a day in the vigorous manner he uses was very tiring so he goes to bed every afternoon to prepare for the evening sermon. "I try to make things as simple as possible for everybody," he said, "and I think nobody ever goes to sleep when I'm preaching. Especially, I'm after the

OFFICIAL STORY OF OPIUM REFORM

Proclamation Bearing Seal of the President of China Gives It in Picturesque Form.

Peking, May 18.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—A proclamation bearing the seal of the president tells in a picturesque way the peculiar story of the opium reform in China. From the proclamation the following paragraphs are taken: "The evil of opium is known to all men, and no less than 88,000,000,000 and tens of thousands of lives have been sacrificed during the past few decades

placed by a new one. The chief aim is that the people and officials of the whole nation should look upon this as a great disgrace and shame. Let no one destroyed seeds poison the new nation. Wake up, ye people! This is the order of the government!"

Seal of the President. Signature of the Secretary of State. LABOR SHORTAGE IN BRITAIN EXTENDS TO WOMEN AND BOYS.

London, June 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Shortage of male labor in the United Kingdom, which was reported by nearly all trades in April, has now extended to female and boy labor, according to the board of Trade Labor Gazette's monthly review of the labor market. Enlistment makes the working of the coal mining industry and building trades difficult; metal trades are active; while engineering and shipbuilding trades continue to work at high pressure with night shifts. Sim-

With some agreeable companion, the chief justice may be seen walking for hours at a time, stopping abruptly now and then to emphasize a point or drive in an argument. The chief justice is said to do some of his best thinking while walking.

Justice Pitney will spend most of his vacation on the golf links in his home state at Morristown. Justice Day will remain in Washington, a devotee of baseball, until midsummer when he will go to Mackinac.

Justice Holmes goes to his cottage at Beverly, Mass., where with his family he is a figure in North Shore society. Justice McKenna finds recreation in social activities and visits Narragansett. Justice Hughes, who usually goes to the Adirondacks, will spend this summer among the Rangeley lakes in Maine. Justice Van Devanter is an enthusiastic fisherman and will spend the summer months along lakes in the northwest. Justice Lamar will spend some time at his place in Georgia and later will go

LOSSES APPALLING GERMAN FIGURES

More Than Five Million Soldiers of Allies Put Hors de Combat, It Is Asserted.

Berlin, June 19.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—More than five million soldiers of the countries at war with Germany, it is estimated, have been killed, wounded or captured. These figures, compiled almost exclusively from papers or magazines published in foreign countries by "Heer und Politik," are presented in an effort to show that Italy's entry into the war cannot hope to offset, numerically, the losses of her present allies.

Heer und Politik purposely goes outside of Germany for estimates of the French, English and Russian losses, so far as possible, in order to err on the side of conservatism and not lay itself open to charges of inflation. The French estimates are taken in part from Italian papers—the French journals publish no losses—and some of the Russian figures have been secured in the English publications.

Russia is shown to have been the heaviest loser, with more than three million men, it is estimated. The figures are obtained in the following fashion: There are more than a million Russian prisoners of war in Germany at present, according to the German general staff. The London Times as long ago as January placed the Russian dead and wounded list at 1,300,000. Since then there have come the Masurian Lakes battles and the Carpathian victories, with Russian losses estimated by "allied" papers even at 630,000 men at the very least.

In Germany at present there are over 300,000 prisoners of war, in addition to which the French losses are known to have been huge. The Italian paper, Corriere Della Sera, estimates that the French army has lost half its strength in dead and wounded, and the London Daily Mail places the French loss in dead, wounded and captured at 1,600,000 as a minimum.

The balance of the estimated five million is made up, Heer und Politik believes, by the British and Belgian losses of all kinds, and the total it feels is rather too low than too high. From its statistics it draws the conclusion that "the accession of Italy to the ranks of our enemies will not snatch victory from us."

GHOSTS OF WAR.

Scenes of Battle in Belgium Believed by English Soldiers to be Haunted.

Belgium, besides being the battlefield of Europe, is also said to be the most haunted country in the world. Peeps who make a study of these matters aver that the two facts are not without connection.

According to some of our Tommies, says a London newspaper, more than one authentic ghost has made its appearance during the present war. The trenches at Mons furnish a case in point. Two British soldiers who were lying wounded in a trench during the battle there were constantly being confronted by the figure of an old woman in a curious poke bonnet and vivid blue skirt, who kept on getting in their line of fire. This figure was also seen by a third soldier, who declared it to be his mother. "I believe she came for me," he said, and a moment later a shrapnel burst almost on top of him and blew him to pieces.

Malines is another haunted spot. One flat close to the celebrated cathedral is said to be inhabited by the phantom of a deformed child which may continually be seen peeping through half-shut doorways. In another house close by—where the body of a woman was once found hidden in a cask in a cellar—the staircase is haunted by a mysterious "lumping" sound, as of a cask being rolled down from one floor to another. A tall figure swathed in black is even said to have been seen ascending the stairs in a great hurry.

Then there is the Belgian river Dyle. Here may be found—according to reports—weeping phantoms of unhappy females, and figures of stealthy men that follow travelers who return too soon. The neighboring woods, too, are said to be haunted by mysterious cries, which cease as soon as any attempt is made to locate them.

CITROLAX.

CITROLAX. CITROLAX.

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What is an Algerian export.



Front Street, Looking North.

[Photo by E. C. Lemon.]

is God. And I said to Mr. Moody at once: "It's all decided, I'm going to the Moody Institute at Chicago."

Mr. Kimura was getting interested in his reminiscences and was punctuating his story with some of his expressive gestures.

"Mr. Moody looked up at me and said: 'Young man, how much money have you got?' I answered: 'Mr. Moody, I have got thirty-five cents.' The great evangelist looked me over with a good deal of astonishment. 'Well,' he ejaculated, 'how do you ever expect to study two years in Chicago on thirty-five cents?'

And I said quickly: 'Mr. Moody—Philippians 4:19.'

Mr. Moody smiled broadly and he sang out to one of his followers: 'Please remember this young man. He is going to Chicago to study.' When I got to Chicago, I found a scholarship awaiting me.

Build Up Native Church.

Mr. Kimura came back to Japan and proceeded to have six years of evangelistic work with the Japanese people. He told his friends to give him the most broken-down old church in Japan. There were only thirty-five members when he started, but there were three hundred when he finished. Then he resigned to take up bigger evangelistic work and in June, 1914, he went to the United States, stopping at Honolulu long enough to convert over a thousand Japanese to Christianity. "There is one thing that I have learned from you Yankees, you Americans," declared Mr. Kimura, as a pleasant aside, "and that is your 'stick-tunity'ness."

It was in Denver that Kimura first saw Billy Sunday. "It was the first

blacksliders. I'm after them all, every one of the 60,000,000 people."

FOR SICK HORSES.

At the new Angel memorial animal hospital in Boston sick and injured animals have the benefit of all the resources of modern medical science. One interesting piece of apparatus is an ingenious operating table for horses, designed in the Yonah's Companion. The attendants lead the injured horse close up to the table, which is tilted up. Then they adjust and fasten the straps and shackles, tip the table top to a horizontal position and give the horse the quart or more of chloroform he needs as an anesthetic. The doctors can then operate with the least trouble to themselves and the least discomfort to the horse. After the operation the attendants take the horse on a truck to a soft bed of chips, where he can recover consciousness at his ease.

WORMS CAUSE MANY CHILDREN'S ILLS.

Worms, by thousands, rob the child of nourishment, stunt its growth, cause Constipation, Indigestion, Nervousness, Irregular Appetite, Fever and sometimes Spasms. Kickapoo Worm Killer gives relief from all these. One-fourth to one of these pleasant candy lozenges, taken as directed, kill and remove the Worms, regulate your child's bowels and restore its health and vitality. Get an original 25¢ box from your Druggist. Don't endanger your child's health and future when so sure and simple a remedy can be had.

day work and much overtime. Textile trades are well employed, and various other industries show improvement. In agriculture there is a general scarcity of labor. Increases in wages coming into operation in May amounted to \$940,000 a week, the largest ever recorded in any month.

HOW WASHINGTON OFFICIALS ARE SPENDING VACATIONS.

Washington, July 2.—Supreme court justices, who, notwithstanding their seclusion and short hours on the bench, are classed among the hardest working government officials, enjoy the reputation of deriving most recreation for their summer vacations. For eight months of the year they sit in gown in the court room as many hours as need be hearing the arguments; then four hours more at least reading briefs, and any amount of time beside in study and conference. They are accredited with devoting to work each day more hours than any other officials excepting the president and members of the cabinet. Now, free of political cares, they are seeking rest and recreation in cooler climates, and most of them will not return to the capital until the beginning of the October term of court.

Chief Justice White will spend his vacation at Lake Placid in the Adirondacks. Walking is his favorite exercise.

VEGETABLES CULTIVATED IN GERMAN WINDOW BOXES.

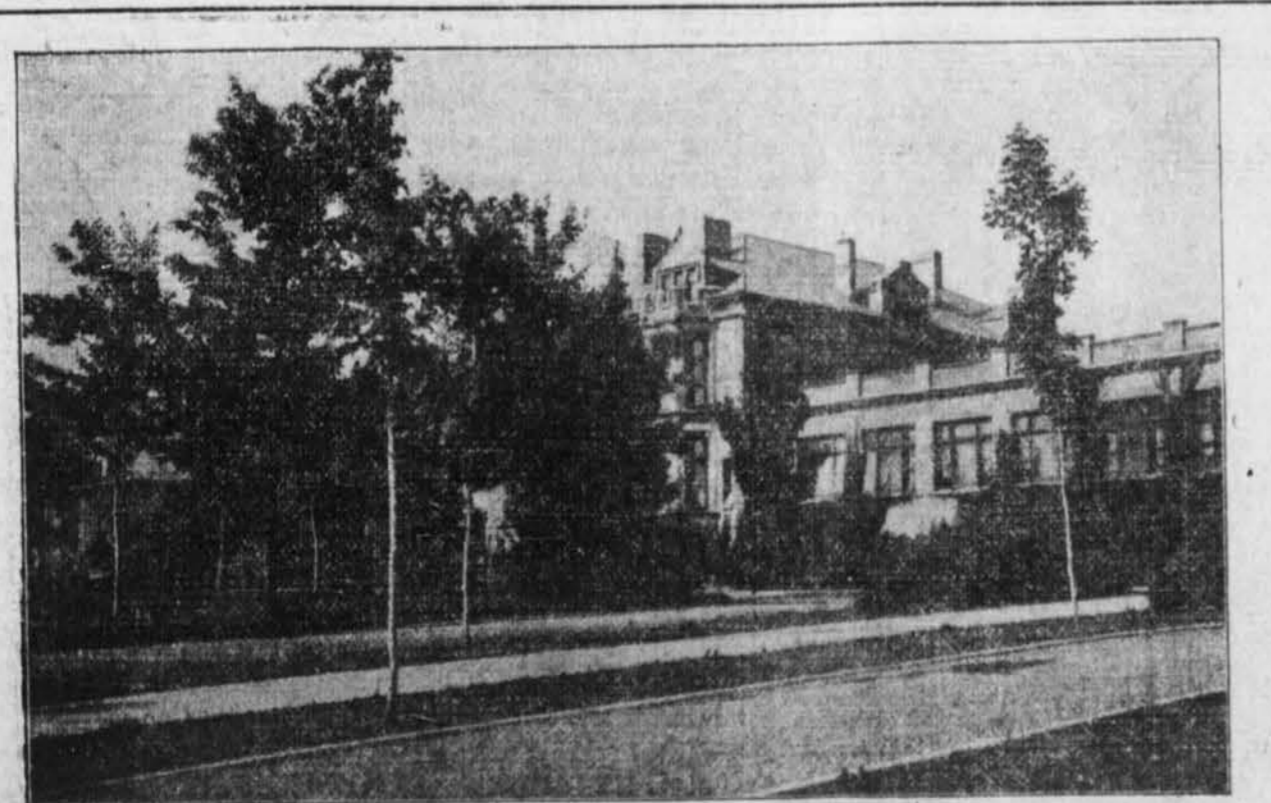
Hamburg, June 18.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Not content with using that back yard and tennis courts be made to grow vegetables, the proponents of what may be called "window box gardening" are now hard at work. It is the exception rather than the rule that a German city or country house is without its window or its balcony flower box. It is urged that these boxes, instead of being used for flowers, be devoted to beans, hops, or cucumbers. The proponents of the new plan outline carefully just what kinds of vegetables can be grown practically in such limited quarters, and just how they should be tended.

WANTED NOW.

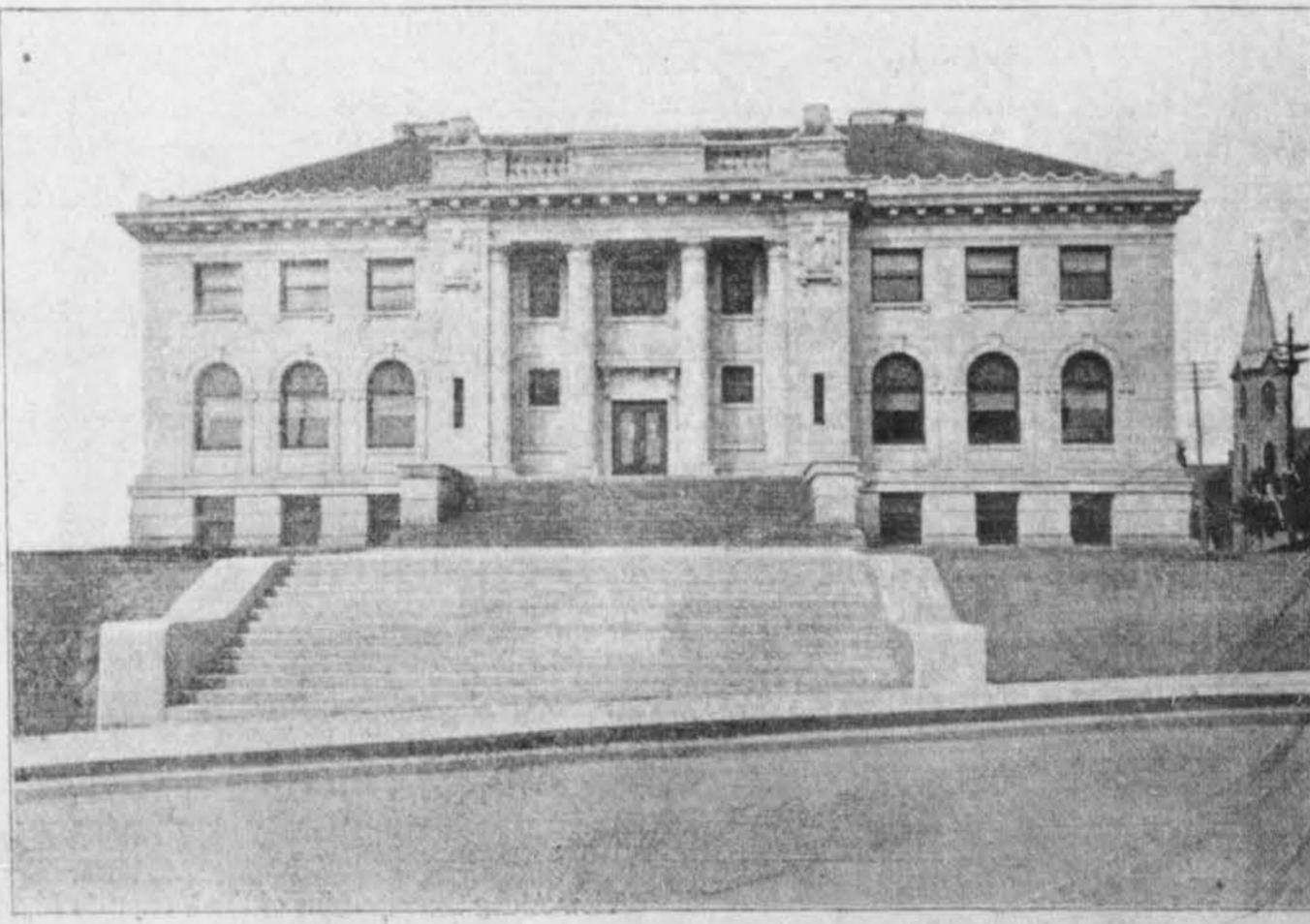
Right now, when hay fever is attacking its victims and when asthma is causing so much distress, there is a demand for Foley's Honey and Tar Compound—the remedy that brought relief to thousands in previous years. Don't continue to suffer. It will help you. Contains no opiates. Sold Everywhere.

Some people urge that since the opium trade affects the livelihood of many persons, it is unjust to use arbitrary methods for the prohibition of poppy planting. They forget, however, that the evil of opium is like a dangerous ulcer that sinks deep to the bone and for the cure of which it is better to cut away part of the bone than to patch it up with a piece of flesh taken from another part of the body. Whether the profit in such a trade is big or small the traders should be made to understand in unmistakable language that no one can live by drinking poison to quench his thirst. The local elders should be entrusted with the task of uprooting the poppy plants and the planters supplied with grain or other crops for sowing instead.

The whole thing depends upon the officials, who should earnestly and persistently urge them and compel them to plant some other useful crop. We shall not permit one corner of the country to spoil the general movement of the whole nation, and the Ministry of Interior is hereby instructed to communicate the order of prohibition, and not to allow the cunning to utilize it as a means to enrich themselves. Yamen runners (local government employees) must be strictly controlled so that they may not use this as a pretext to oppress the people by extortion; otherwise the old evil will simply be re-



View at the Northern State Normal School.



Petar White Public Library.

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THE CRAIGS OPENED FIRST QUARRIES

Madison Station, Mo., Resident
Writes Concerning Early De-
velopment Here.

One of the most interesting of letters from former residents in response to homecoming invitations is the following from Thomas Craig, who came here in 1860 and resided in the city thirty-three years, and who with his father opened the first quarries. Mr. Craig is well remembered by many present residents of the city. He writes as follows:

"Madison Station, Miss., June 29, 1915.
"W. S. Hill,
"Marquette, Mich.

"Dear Sir—I heard a few days ago that there was going to be a homecoming for the pioneers of Marquette. I wish that I could be there and take part in it, for I consider myself one of them, and I regret that as I am situated it will be impossible.

"Our family took passage at Port Huron for Marquette in the propeller Montgomery and landed there the morning of June 6, 1860. Father and I were on the deck when the boat was entering the harbor and we thought it was an ideal location to build a city, and it proved to be so.

"We landed at the Wetmore dock, now the Spears' dock (the Peckanda company took it over last year). As soon as we were on the dock S. R. Gay came up to us and asked if we were miners. Father told him, yes, so we engaged to work for him on the Forestville furnace and charcoal kilns that he built that summer. We stayed there until the next spring, and then moved to Marquette to build a storehouse for Samuel Peck, then agent for the Jackson Iron company. He took us to the Burt quarry, near where the county house is now located. It was all bush then. There we found James Hatfield, and his brothers, blasting out some rubble stone for cellars. They had a hole in a big flat rock. We cut material for the building, and we took out the first cut stone that was quarried and cut on Lake Superior. Mr. Peck never built the warehouse. The war broke out and the work was stopped. The stone was afterwards used in the stone house built by Judge Edwards in South Marquette. This was the beginning of the stone industry of Lake Superior.

"We worked the Burt quarry until the year before the big fire, which occurred on the 11th of June, 1867. Father then bought the J. P. Pendill farm and opened the Marquette Brownstone quarry. The stone was better than anything I ever saw come out of the Connecticut valley. We stripped the top stone, which was a mottled stone of good quality, and built the railroad shops and the railroad cuts, for which we had the contract, besides furnishing hundreds of cords to residents of the city. The demand for stone was very great the year of the fire and the year after.

"I think it was in the year 1867 that Freeman Bros. leased the Burt quarry. In 1868 father sold the Brownstone quarry to Peter Wolf & Son, of Chicago. Then father hired a big sailboat, with Peter Coats for skipper and two other men, and explored the south shore of Lake Superior from Marquette to Iron River, above Ontonagon. He found copper ore around Lac LaBelle and slate with traces of silver in it at the Iron River. But what he considered his big strike was a little above Portage Entry, where he found that magnificent sheet of pure red stone. It is superior to the Scottish red sandstone. It has been shipped all over the United States and Canada. I have seen it in the stone yards at Washington, D. C., Memphis and New Orleans, and have talked with the stone men

about it. They say that the Scotch stone cannot compare with it in any way.

"The early history of the iron and copper industry on the Lake has been well written up. I thought that the stone industry deserved to be mentioned. I also think that the lumber and fishing industries ought not to be left out. The Lake Superior country deserves a prominent place in the history of Michigan. I like that country and its people better than any place I have found since I left it, which was in 1895. I had to come south because of my health. I sometimes wish I was like the birds and could change my place of abode every spring and fall. I don't make any difference where I am living. I always consider Marquette my home, although there are very few of the old settlers on this side of the great divide."

Upper Peninsula

In One Pastorate Twenty-Three Years.

Thursday marked the passing of the twenty-third anniversary of Rev. Dr. Stalker's continuous pastorate at the Calumet Presbyterian church. Dr. Stalker took up his ministerial duties there on July 1, 1892. Only one pastor in the Michigan Presbyterian Synod has a record of longer service in the same pulpit, that record being the twenty-six year pastorate of Dr. J. M. Barclay at the Forest Avenue Presbyterian church at Detroit. Dr. Stalker went to the Calumet church shortly after its organization with twenty-five charter members and with no church property. Services were held in the Odd Fellows' hall. Now the membership exceeds 400, the church has a fine edifice and a fine, extensive Italian Mission is conducted and the institution is free from debt in every department, really a remarkable record when it is considered that more than \$100,000 has been raised for benevolence, charity, educational and religious work. During his residence at Calumet Dr. Stalker has officiated at more than 200 marriages, 810 funerals and 750 baptisms. In several instances he has married the children of couples who were united in the matrimonial bonds soon after his arrival.

Aged Soo Woman Assaulted.

Because of the uncertain condition of Mrs. Abrahamson, seventy-six-year-old, who, it is alleged, was the victim of an assault at her home in Algoma, Henry Flower and Henry Gordon, two men believed to have been the assaultants, are still being held in the city jail and it is probable they will not be arraigned until the condition of the aged woman takes a change for better or worse, says the Soo News. Mrs. Abrahamson apparently is in much worse condition than it was at first believed. Because of her advanced age, the officials say, there is a possibility she may not recover. There is another reason why specific charges have not been preferred as yet. Prosecuting Attorney Green and Police Chief Mitchell visited Mrs. Abrahamson's residence in company with a physician, and found her suffering intensely from the excitement of her experience. She is confined to her bed and was unable to make a statement of any kind. The News is informed by Prosecuting Attorney Green that the charge that will be made against the two men, even in case of Mrs. Abrahamson's recovery, will be of such a nature that, in case of conviction, they will be subject to sentences to long prison terms.

Man's Wounds Prove Fatal.

John Forzava, formerly Iron Mountain, who was shot twice by Tony De Paolo, at Iron River, a few days ago, died from his wounds. It was not expected that he would recover. The deceased was a brother of William Forzava, a member of the Oliver Iron Mining company's police force at Iron Mountain.

SOLD 10,000 TONS TO ATLANTIC SEABOARD

But Reports That C. G. I. Company Has Heavy Orders for Ore Are Unfounded.

The cargo of 2,114 tons of Republic ore forwarded from the Presque Isle dock this week to Sydney, Nova Scotia, by way of the Welland canal, was the first shipment of a lot of 10,000 tons of lump ore sold to Nova Scotia steel interests by the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company. This ore, M. M. Duncan explained yesterday, is not for exportation, but is employed in the open hearth process as a deoxidizing ingredient in the metal bath.

To what extent the war figured in this order Mr. Duncan was unable to say, but it was not unlikely, he asserted, that salt water freight conditions had interfered with a supply the company that gave the order had been obtaining from other sources. Perhaps because of this shipment, it was reported yesterday that the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company had made important sales of ore to seaboard interests, but there is no foundation for this report. The 10,000 tons for New Sydney, Nova Scotia, is the only seaboard business of which Mr. Duncan has been informed. It will represent about four cargoes of the size of the one carried by the Easton.

There is no truth in the report that the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company will add a shift at the Negawan mine, Mr. Duncan said yesterday. Its present basis of operations will doubtless be continued for several months. Sales of ore run about as they did last year, and the gain for the season, if one is recorded, will be small. If there is an appreciable increase in the shipments for the Lake Superior district, it will be found, Mr. Duncan predicts, that it will be largely accounted for by the increased shipments from Steel corporation properties. The independents are finding the season a dull one.

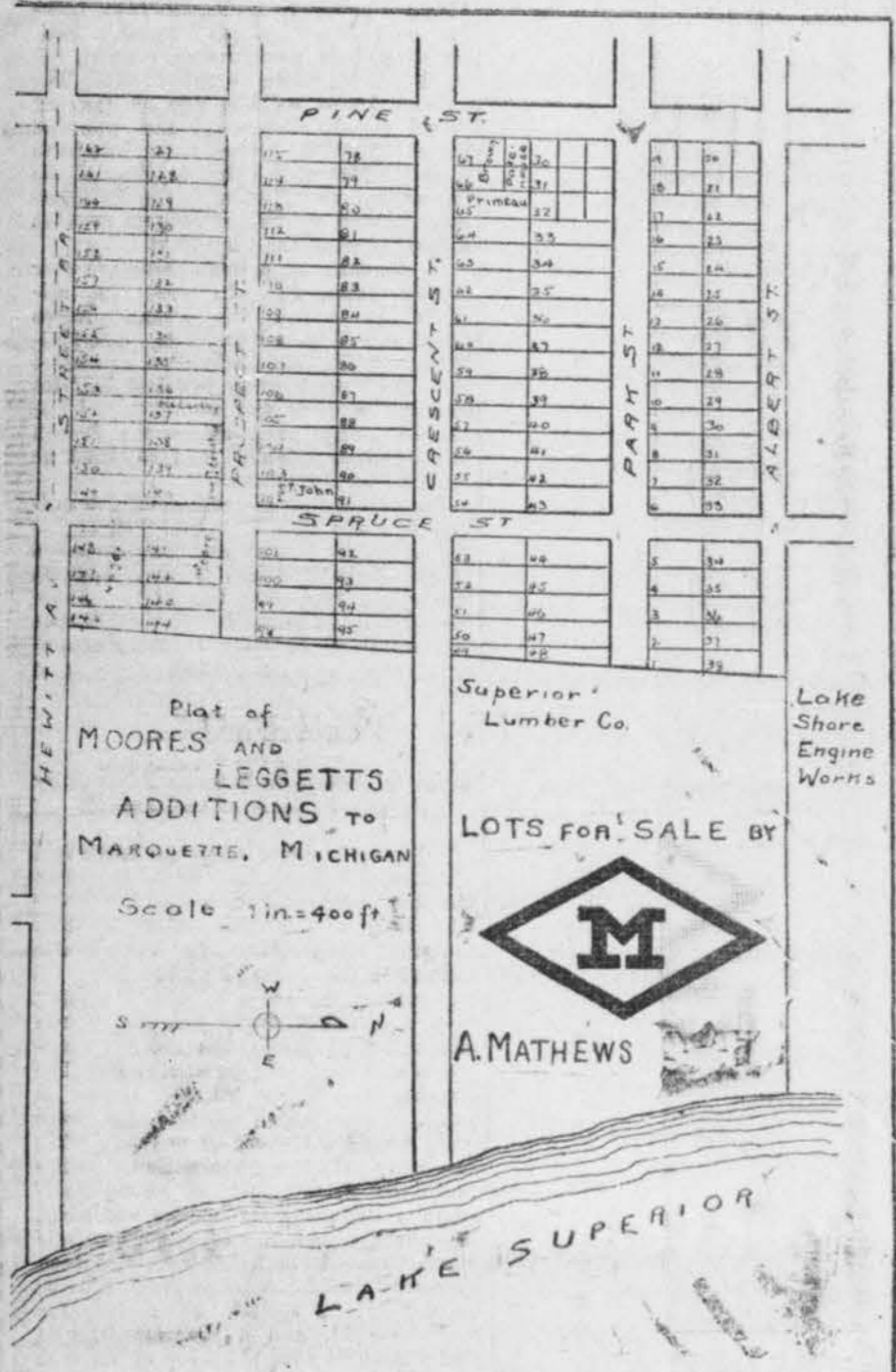
As yet the iron trade has reflected little of the improvement noted from time to time in the steel industry, and improvement will have to go much further in the latter before the demand for iron will look up appreciably, at least as far as the independents are concerned.

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 2.—[Special.]—Upbound vessels passing the canal the last twenty-four hours were: Sherwin, 7 last night; Mammala, Carvington, 8:30; Ward Ames, Hart, 9:30; Quincy Shaw, Glenshaw, (large) Samuel Mather, midnight; Empire City, 1:30 a. m.; Russel Hubbard, Rensselaer, 1:30 (large); Fitzgerald, 2:30; Cornelius, 3; Sawyer, Tuxbury, Norris, 4; Weston, Wood, Widener, 5; Chas. Hubbard, 5:30; Ream, 6; George King, Bottsford, Wilpin, 6:30; Fairbairn, Maida, Morgan, Jr., Mall, 7; Schiller, M. T. Green, A. E. Ames, 7:30; Strins, Persons, 8; Pathfinder, Constitution, 9; Venezia, Connolly, Bros., 10; Poe, 11; Howard Shaw, 11:30; Isle de Luzon, Albert, noon; Frick, 12:30 p. m.; Filbert, Philbin, Wioning, 1; Gorizon, Frontenac, 5; Sierra, Dora, 5:30; Maheta, 6; Horn, 6:30; Smith, Thompson, 7.

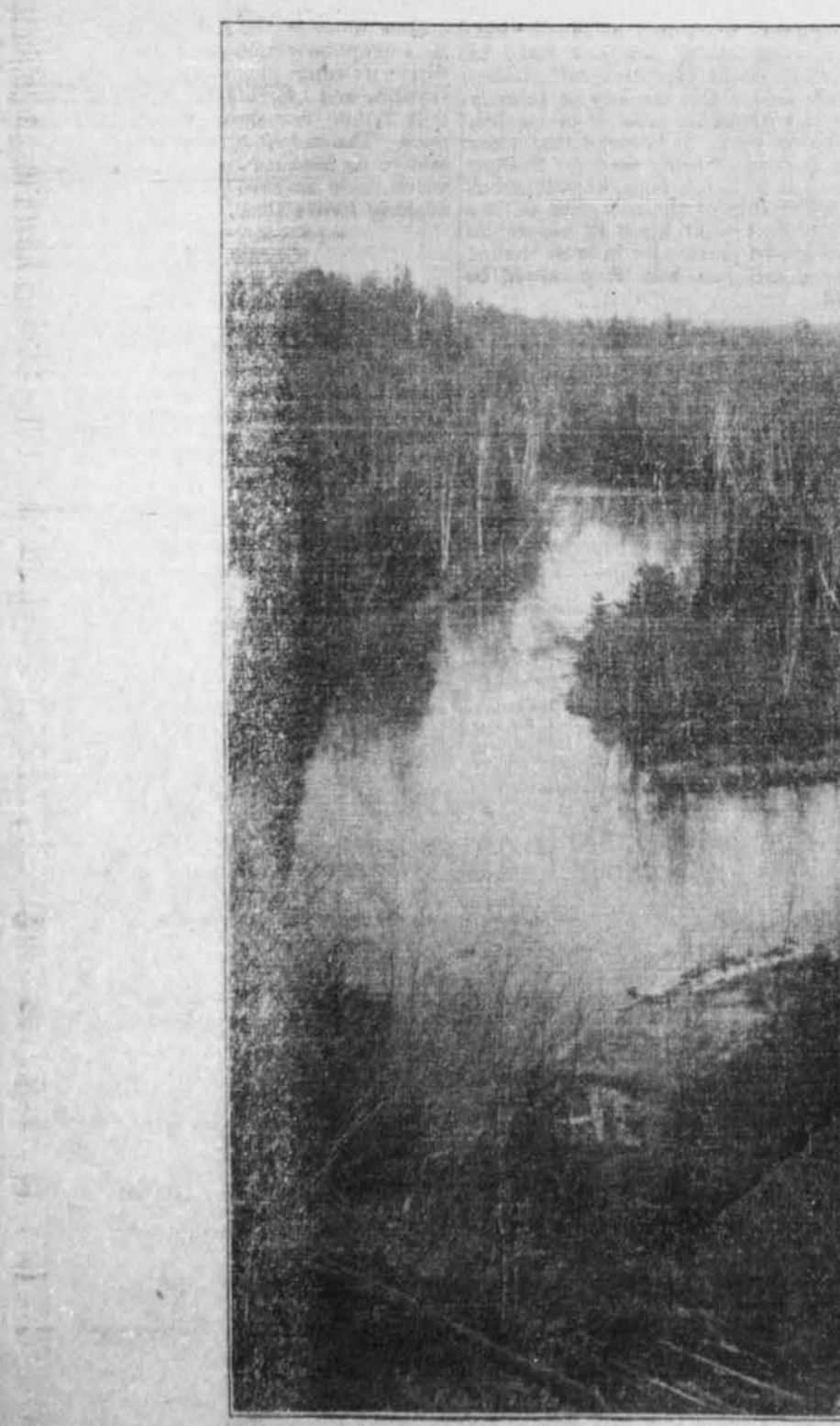
A GOOD HOUSEHOLD SALVE

Ordinary ailments and injuries are not of themselves serious, but infection or low vitality may make them dangerous. Don't neglect a cut, sore, bruise or hurt because it's small. Blood Poison is result from a pin-prick or scratch. For all such ailments Backen's Arnica Salve is excellent. It protects and heals the hurt; is antiseptic, kills infection and prevents dangerous complications. Good for all Skin Eruptions, Pimples, Salt Rheum, Eczema. Get an original two-ounce 25c. box from your Druggist.



THESE LOTS WILL BE SOLD ON EASY PAYMENTS IF DESIRED.

The building of Spruce street through to Park, and Crescent street through to the lake, makes the lots on these streets the most desirable residence lots now to be had in Marquette at reasonable prices. An inspection of this property will verify this.



View Along the Pipe Line of the Marquette Light & Power Plant.

Sale on Hams and Bacon Proved Satisfactory.

FOR NEXT WEEK ONLY

- Pure Lard in bulk.....13c
- Pails, No. 5.....70c
- Pails, No. 10.....\$1.40
- 50 lb. tins.....\$6.00

Watch my Window daily for good news.

Beyers' Meat Market

Third and Bluff Streets.

Cal. Cherries

Cal. Peaches

Cal. Plums

Pink Meat Melons

Gem Melons

Water Melons

GREEN PEAS

WAX BEANS

We close all day Monday.
Order accordingly.

LaBonte's

Third and Prospect,
Call 573

At Morin's

WATERMELONS

ROCKYFORD MELONS

PLUMS

FRESH STRAWBERRIES

FRESH PINEAPPLE

CELERY

LETTUCE

ORANGES

RADISHES

CUCUMBERS

GRAPE FRUIT

WAX BEANS

GREEN ONIONS

RIPE TOMATOES

EVERYTHING IN SEASON

WE GIVE "S. & H." STAMPS WITH CASH PURCHASES.

Russell Morin

344 West Washington Street,
PHONE 706

"Drop a Line" on Good Stationery

There is an added pleasure in writing on good stationery. You'll be tempted to at once answer your correspondence if you have selected your writing material at

Desjardins'

Tablets in fabric and linen paper. Correspondence cards, plain, gilt edge and silver edge. Reliance Linen, a fine writing paper of elegant texture, with envelopes to match. Per pound, 30c.

DESJARDINS' PHARMACY

417 N. Third Street,
Marquette, Mich.

JOFFRE'S PROCLAMATION.

In World's War, Eugene Etienne, former minister of work for France, tells the following incident:

On the eve of the battle of the Marne the French officers gathered their men about the bivouacs, and in the summer night, broken by the roar of cannon, read to them the proclamation issued by Joffre. It thrilled every one with the thought that the fate of France lay in their hands.

"Advance," read the order, "and when you can no longer advance, hold at all costs what you have gained. If you can no longer hold, die on the spot."

CONDENSED TIME TABLE

MUNISING, MARQUETTE & SOUTH-EASTERN AND LAKE SUPERIOR & ISHPEMING RAILWAYS.

WEEK DAYS.

MARQUETTE AND PRINCETON.

Leave—	9:45 am	Princeton	9:55 am
Marquette	9:40 am	Marquette	9:30 am
Princeton	6:40 am	Marquette	5:20 am
	4:15 pm		7:10 pm

SUNDAYS.

Leave—	8:45 am	Princeton	10:20 am
Marquette	5:20 pm	Marquette	7:40 pm
Princeton	8:20 am	Marquette	10:15 am
	5:30 pm		7:25 pm

MARQUETTE AND MUNISING.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave—	9:45 am	Munising	10:10 am
Marquette	5:00 pm	Munising	7:15 pm
Munising	6:55 am	Marquette	9:20 am
	4:55 pm		7:10 pm

SUNDAYS.

Leave—	8:45 am	Munising	11:00 am
Marquette	4:25 pm	Marquette	10:15 am
Munising	8:45 am	Marquette	10:15 am
	5:10 pm		7:25 pm

MARQUETTE AND BIG BAY.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave—	9:25 am	Big Bay	10:45 am
Marquette	12:30 pm	Marquette	4:00 pm
Big Bay	4:00 pm	Marquette	5:55 pm

SUNDAYS.

Leave—	8:50 am	Big Bay	10:10 am
Marquette	4:55 pm	Marquette	7:10 pm

MARQUETTE AND BIRCH.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave—	9:25 am	Birch	10:10 am
Marquette	12:30 pm	Marquette	12:20 pm
Birch	11:35 am	Marquette	12:20 pm
	4:35 pm		5:55 pm

SUNDAYS.

Leave—	8:50 am	Birch	9:57 am
Marquette	4:55 pm	Marquette	7:10 pm

MARQUETTE AND ISHPEMING.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave—	9:25 am	Ishpeiming	10:20 am
Marquette	3:50 pm	Marquette	4:45 pm

SUNDAYS.

Leave—	10:20 am	Ishpeiming	11:15 am
Marquette	7:30 pm	Marquette	8:25 pm
Ishpeiming	7:45 am	Marquette	8:28 am
	4:20 pm		5:15 pm

MUNISING AND LITTLE LAKE.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave—	6:55 am	Little Lake	9:00 am
Munising	4:35 pm	Little Lake	6:35 pm
Little Lake	7:35 am	Munising	10:30 am
	5:00 pm		7:15 pm

SUNDAYS.

Leave—	8:05 am	Little Lake	10:14 am
Munising	5:10 pm	Little Lake	6:25 pm
Little Lake	8:45 am	Munising	11:30 am
	5:45 pm		7:20 pm

MUNISING AND MUNISING JCT.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave—	12:55 pm	Munising Jct.	1:42 pm
Munising	4:05 pm	Munising	8:20 pm
Munising Jct.	1:40 pm	Munising	2:30 pm

MUNISING AND ISHPEMING.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave—	6:55 am	Ishpeiming	10:20 am
Munising	3:50 pm	Munising	7:15 pm

SUNDAYS.

Leave—	8:05 am	Ishpeiming	11:15 am
Munising	5:10 pm	Marquette	8:25 pm
Ishpeiming	7:45 am	Munising	11:00 am
	4:20 pm		7:20 pm

MUNISING AND CUSINO.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave—	8:30 am	Cusino	12:05 pm
Munising	12:55 pm	Munising	3:55 pm

LITTLE LAKE AND PRINCETON.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave—	9:20 am	Princeton	9:55 am
Little Lake	3:35 pm	Princeton	3:55 pm
	4:25 pm		7:45 pm
Princeton	6:40 am	Little Lake	6:55 am
	2:40 pm		3:10 pm
	4:15 pm		4:45 pm

SUNDAYS.

Leave—	8:50 am	Little Lake	8:48 am
Princeton	5:30 pm	Princeton	10:20 am
Little Lake	10:14 am	Princeton	7:40 pm
	7:25 pm		

MUNISING AND PRINCETON.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave—	6:55 am	Princeton	9:55 am
Munising	4:35 pm	Princeton	7:45 pm
Princeton	6:40 am	Munising	10:30 am
	4:15 pm		7:15 pm

SUNDAYS.

Leave—	8:05 am	Princeton	10:30 am
Munising	5:10 pm	Princeton	7:40 pm
Princeton	8:20 am	Munising	11:30 am
	5:30 pm		7:20 pm

The Peninsula Bank Ishpeming, Mich.

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business June 23, 1915. Condensed from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans, discounts and bonds	\$815,711.54	Capital stock	\$ 50,000.00
Banking house	15,000.00	Surplus fund	50,000.00
Overdrafts	16.11	Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	45,183.05
Cash resources	144,200.00	Dividends unpaid	60.00
		Deposits	825,787.00
		Reserved for interest	6,000.00
	\$975,030.65		\$975,030.65

DIRECTORS:
THOS. WALTERS, **W. T. POTTER,** **THOS. W. HUGHES,**
GEO. F. THONEY, **H. F. HEYN,** **JOHN KANDELIN,**
OTTO EGGER, **LARS HOYSETH,** **JOS. MITCHELL,**

Three per cent interest paid on Savings Accounts.

Ishpeming Department

Ishpeming News Continued on Page 11.

PYTHIANS TO MARCH IN THE QUEEN CITY

Uniform Rank, of Ishpeming, to Participate in Marquette Parade Next Monday.

The members of Company 42, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, have been drilling for the last several weeks, preparing to enter the Fourth of July parade at Marquette, Monday.

The city council has invited the supervisors of the city to accompany them to Marquette Monday, but Chairman Powell, of the board of supervisors, has planned to have all supervisors appear together and has requested that they assemble at the court house at Marquette at 9 o'clock Monday morning.

A meeting of the program committee for the County Epworth league convention, the first Thursday and Friday, August 5 and 6, will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock, in the league rooms of the First Methodist church.

Richard Carlson will preach in the National Methodist church tomorrow evening.

The members of the city council are requested to meet at the city hall at 8:30 o'clock Monday morning for the trip to Marquette. As the parade at Marquette will start at 10 o'clock, instead of 10:30, it is intended that the aldermen start for Marquette earlier than previously planned.

Miss Gertrude Goethe, daughter of August Goethe, who, for the last three years, has been teaching in the Hancock schools, was on Wednesday evening united in marriage to Oscar Johnson, of Hancock. The wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents on North Pine street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Fred Wynan, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson will make their home in Marquette.

METHODIST SERVICES.

At the M. E. church Sunday, the following will be the services: Nine o'clock a. m., men's class will meet; 10:30, Rev. N. C. Karr will speak on the theme, "The Alien Un-Naturalized;" 12 o'clock, Sunday school; 6 o'clock, Epworth league. The league topic will be, "Remembering Jonah's Wails and Forgetting His Message." The leader for the evening will be Miss Carrie Hawes. At 7 o'clock Rev. Mr. Karr will speak on the theme, "The Former Times and Now." The public is invited to all services.

DEMAND FOR ORE IS INCREASING

Bethlehem Steel Company, It Is Said, Will Look for Lake Superior Tonnage.

The Bethlehem Steel company, it is reported, will soon be a heavy buyer of Lake Superior ores. This demand will be brought about, it is said, because of a delay in filling a contract for a fleet of steamers for hauling ore from the Bethlehem corporation's Chilean mines to the Atlantic seaboard, placed with an English shipbuilding firm more than a year ago. Work on the steamers was suspended when the war broke out. In the meantime the American shipyards have become so busy that they are unable to accept a contract from the Bethlehem company. Some of the plants are said to be booked up for two years, and the only available capacity of any consequence is that of the Cramp company, but with the prices of materials steadily rising its officials are not looking for any new business at present.

The development of the Bethlehem Steel corporation's Chilean iron properties will, it is estimated, involve an outlay of \$10,000,000. In the meantime that work is being held up, and Charles M. Schwab is contracting for American ore supplies.

Increase in Shipments.

According to a dispatch from Washington the iron ore shipments from the Lake Superior mines show an increase of 30 per cent over the shipments a year ago, according to Secretary Lane in the geological survey's mid-year review of mining conditions.

The pig iron output also is increasing monthly, the report says, while enlargements and extensions at iron and steel plants furnish unmistakable evidence of returning confidence.

General improvement in the copper industry also was noted. Prices, output and wages have shown an upward trend and prosperity is the word in the copper districts.

Demand for spelter and lead, with present high prices, has given an impetus to mining in the zinc-lead districts, and the demand for quicksilver has increased.

"These reports are significant and assuring to all who desire the industrial advancement of the United States," said Secretary Lane.

The report says the general mining advance has been stimulated by the United States being thrown on its own resources for mineral products, the enormous orders for supplies from belligerent European countries and comparative freedom from foreign competition.

DRISCOLL WITH WAHLMAN.

Foreman of Postoffice Job Takes Position With Local Contractor.

James Driscoll, who has superintended for Charles Duval the building of the new postoffice has resigned, to accept a position with J. S. Wahlman, the Ishpeming contractor. Mr. Driscoll wired his resignation to Mr. Duval several days ago but Mr. Duval was unable to find a satisfactory man and came himself, arriving yesterday. He will remain in charge of the work for the present.

Mr. Driscoll will be superintendent of construction for Mr. Wahlman and will also assist in estimating jobs. Mr. Wahlman has had more work than he can take care of the last few months, and, as Mr. Driscoll has had many years of experience, he will be a valuable addition to the firm. Mr. Driscoll will likely have charge of the construction work at the Embalgard farm in Marquette, where work is to be started in a few days.

Mr. Driscoll has directed the building of many large structures and is considered a most capable man in his business.

The work on the postoffice has progressed rapidly, considering the unfavorable weather of the last two months. The walls will be completed to the top of the second story within a few days and the building will be entirely enclosed shortly.

ALL WILL HAVE HOLIDAY.

Will Be No Work at Mines Monday and Business Houses Will Be Closed.

Monday will be observed as a holiday in Ishpeming and a goodly part of the population plans to spend the day in Marquette, where the only celebration in the county will be held. The mines, offices, public buildings and stores will be closed. A picnic will be given by Sir Humphrey Davey, lodge, Sons of St. George, in the Cleveland park, where there will be dancing and other interesting features during the afternoon and evening.

The South Shore will give excellent train service to Marquette Monday. There will be no less than eight special trains leaving Ishpeming, in addition to five regular trains, and there will be nine specials returning, besides the five regular trains.

The excursion rates will be effective today and tickets purchased from today until the 6th, inclusive, will be good for return limit until July 11. There will be one special train each way for the accommodation of people in the western end of the county.

ACT WELL TAKEN.

The Lewis family, who opened a two days' engagement last evening at Ishpeming theater, presenting a comic playlet entitled "Billy's Santa Claus," was probably the most pleasing and entertaining act shown here for many weeks. Little Billy is admittedly one of the cleverest children on the stage. His comedy acting takes the audience by storm. The usual eight-reel matinee with the vaudeville will be given this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The pictures are the twenty-second episode of "The Exploits of Elaine," "Cartoons in the Kitchen," an Edison comedy, "Toys of Destiny," a Biograph drama, "Letters Entangled," a Selig feature drama in two reels; "He's a Bear," a Lubin comedy, and

The Miners' National Bank, Ishpeming, Mich

Statement May 1st, 1915. (Comptroller's Call)

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	\$1,127,647.50	Capital	\$ 100,000.00
Overdrafts	281.45	Surplus	100,000.00
Banking House	35,410.12	Undivided Profits	15,564.06
Other Real Estate	11,250.00	Circulation	96,600.00
U. S. and Other Bonds	201,556.00	Deposits	1,386,595.30
Federal Reserve Bank	17,311.05	Reserved for Interest	1,274.00
Cash and Exchange	211,538.74	Reserved for Taxes	750.00
		Reserved for Discount on U. S. bonds	4,500.00
	\$1,705,194.86		\$1,705,194.86

Get Ready for the 4th

Sellwood's Prosperity Display of Good Eats and Drinks

NOTE: We close all day Monday. Buy today accordingly.

- | | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Fresh | Fresh |
| BLACKBERRIES | WAX BEANS |
| GOOSEBERRIES | GREEN BEANS |
| STRAWBERRIES | CAULIFLOWER |
| CURRENTS | SQUASH |
| PIECHERRIES | TOMATOES |
| SWEET CHERRIES | ASPARAGUS |
| PEACHES | LETTUCE |
| PLUMS | EGG PLANT |
| APRICOTS | CUCUMBERS |
| PINEAPPLES | GREEN PEPPERS |
| ROCKYFORD MELONS | EVERYTHING IN GREEN |
| PINK MEAT MELONS | GARDEN TRUCK DAILY |
| WATERMELONS | |

New Apples, New Val-Oranges
New California Lemons

Radishes, Parsley, Lettuce, Green Onions, three bunches for 10 cents, assorted to suit.

Save Your Pennies—Dollars Will Take Care of Themselves

Grape Juice, Root Beer, Ginger Ale and Tropical Fruit Nectar for the Fourth—not a headache in it.

J. Sellwood & Co. QUALITY FIRST STORES

"Destiny Decides," a Biograph drama. The feature for tonight's program is "Her Husband's Honor," a Kalem drama, in two reels.

CONTESTS AT ALPHA.
Mine Rescue and First Aid Events to Be July 5th Features.

One of the features of the Fourth of July celebration at Alpha, Iron county, will be the mine rescue and first aid contests between the Balkan Mining company's team and the Jundson Mining company's team. For the mine rescue contest, a drift will be initiated, as nearly as possible, near the baseball grounds, a dummy will be placed in the drift and a fire of tar paper and cotton waste built to make a smudge. The rescue team will then be timed while putting on Draeger oxygen apparatus, releasing the dummy and using the post-

FUNERAL SUNDAY.
The funeral of the late Mrs. John Sciotte, of the Winthrop location, will be held tomorrow afternoon from St. Joseph's church. Mrs. Sciotte was born in Ireland sixty-nine years ago. She was a pioneer of Marquette county and had lived at the Winthrop about twenty years, coming there from Charlesburg. Mr. Sciotte died about thirty years ago. Mrs. Sciotte is survived by four sons and two daughters, Henry and Zeno Sciotte, of the Winthrop, Joseph, of Negaunee, and Dr. T. Sciotte, of Michigamme, and Mrs. Wilfred Isobel and Mrs. Emil Lajoie, of the Winthrop.

Ishpeming Theatre Today

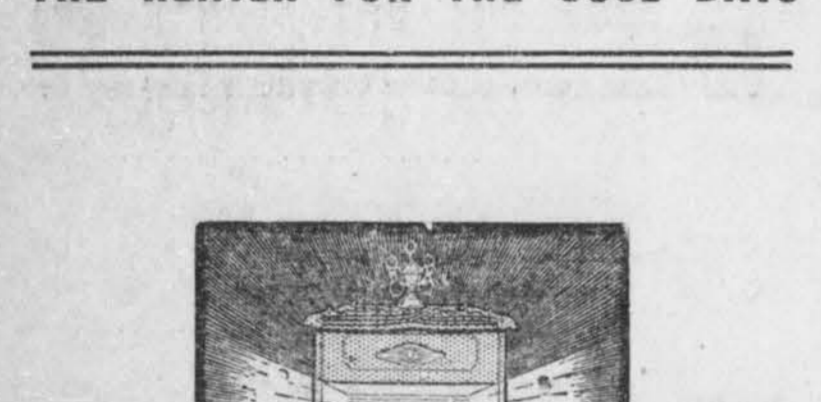
8-Reel Matinee at 2:30

- | | |
|---|--|
| "BILLY'S SANTA CLAUS" Comic Playlet - It's a Big Hit. | "LETTERS ENTANGLED" Selig Feature, 2 reels |
| "EXPLOITS OF ELAINE" Twenty-second Episode | "TOYS OF DESTINY" Biograph Drama |
| "CARTOONS IN THE KITCHEN" Edison Comedy | "DESTINY DECIDES" Biograph Drama |
| "HE'S A BEAR" Lubin Comedy | |

Tonight's Feature---"HER HUSBAND'S HONOR" Kalem Drama, two reels

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| MONDAY
MATINEE AT 2:30
FREAR, BAGGOTT & FREAR
"Fun at a Ball Game"
Clever Comedy Act. | WEDNESDAY
"DAUGHTER OF THE PEOPLE"
POWERFUL PLAY
Five Reels | THURSDAY
"Who Pays"
A play dealing with 12 vital questions in life, each three reels, one every Thursday. |
|---|--|---|

THE HEATER FOR THE COOL DAYS



Clean and Convenient
Comfortable and Cheap

REZNOR Gas Heating Stoves

The Original Copper Reflector

So much comfort for a few cents.

MARQUETTE COUNTY GAS & ELEC. CO.

"THE ENEMIES."
Broadway Star Feature in Three Parts at Ishpeming Theater Monday.

"The Enemies," a Vitagraph Broadway star feature, in three parts, will be included in Monday's program at the Ishpeming theater. It was written by Morgan Robertson and several of the Vitagraph company's stars appear in the cast.

The picture shows that on his return to his ship, Captain Waverle, a rugged, ugly-looking man, brings with him his sister Minnie, a woman once beautiful, but now emaciated from the continued use of stimulants. The captain shows every tenderness upon her, but after a week ashore at New York he returns alone, broken-hearted, and tells the steward she is dead. Irene, the shipowner's daughter, falls in love with Captain Waverle, but he courteously keeps his distance. She is piqued and accepts the attentions of Sargent, a prominent lawyer.

In Sargent the captain instantly recognizes the man he has long searched for. He has a dermatological operation performed, transforming his facial characteristics into those of a handsome man, and shortly afterwards is promoted to the command of a new four-masted vessel. The captain is filled with a fierce joy at the realization of the power invested in him. In accordance with his plans, Waverle engages a couple of heavy-fisted brutes for mates, then has "Glasgow Mike" shanghai a wild crew of roustabouts aboard his ship. The captain double-crosses "Glasgow" against whom he has an old grudge—by having him shanghaied in turn, together with Sargent, the lawyer.

Once at sea, the two men are treated to tastes of the ropes' end and the first mate's fists. Blaming Sargent for their predicament, "Glasgow" hurls a marlin-spike at him, but it misses and Sargent kills the fellow, for which he is put in irons. After enduring every variety of abuse, Sargent receives a fatal hurt at the mate's hands. Then the captain reveals his identity and, in a terrible denunciation, reminds Sargent of how he had wrecked his sister's life, after which he leaves the miserable man alone with three pictures—Irene, Waverle and Minnie, the woman for whose death he is responsible. That night the moonlight reveals to the captain that his enemy is dead.

EXCELLENT ACT MONDAY.
Fear, Baggott & Frear, who present a comedy act entitled "Fun at a Baseball Game," will be the vaudeville attraction at Ishpeming theater the first three days of next week. Their act is exceptionally clever. There will be a special matinee at 2:30 Monday. The pictures will be "The Enemies," a Vitagraph three-reel Broadway star feature, and "A Lily in Bohemia," a Vitagraph comedy.

LYRIC THEATER PROGRAM.
The five-reel feature, "The Curious Conduct of Judge Legarde" will be exhibited at the Lyric again today. This is a picture that is "different" and is replete with thrilling scenes and sensational climaxes. Lionel Barrymore takes the role of the "judge." Monday and Tuesday, "The Toll of Mammon," dealing with a vital question, will be shown. As an added attraction, a comedy will be on the program. On Monday there will be a matinee at 2:30 p. m.

FOR HAY FEVER OR ASTHMA.
Many persons die July on account of hay fever. Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is recognized as the best remedy for hay fever and asthma. It soothes the raw, rasping throat and eases the choking sensations. It allays inflammation and irritation and brings easy, natural breathing. Sold everywhere.

Beecham's Pills

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere, 1a boxes, 10c., 25c.

For July 4th and 5th

NEW Collars, Gloves, Belts, Ties, Hosiery, Waists, etc.
FLAGS FOR SALE
Red, White and Blue Table Damask, 50c yard.
J. Sellwood & Co.

WOMEN WHO ARE ALWAYS TIRED

May Find Help in This Letter.

Swan Creek, Mich.—"I cannot speak too highly of your medicine. When through neglect of overwork I get run down and my appetite is poor and I have that weak, languid, always tired feeling, I get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it builds me up, gives me strength, and perfectly restores me to health again. It is truly a great blessing to women, and I cannot speak too highly of it. I take pleasure in recommending it to others."—Mrs. ANNE CAMERON, R.F.D., No. 1, Swan Creek, Michigan.



Another Sufferer Relieved.
Hebron, Me.—"Before taking your remedies I was all run down, discouraged and had female weakness. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and find today that I am an entirely new woman, ready and willing to do my household work, where before taking your medicine it was a dread. I try to impress upon the minds of all ailing women I meet the benefits they can derive from your medicines."—Mrs. CHARLES ROWE, Kennebago, Maine.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

ALL NOW READY FOR PROGRAM

Executive Committee Yesterday Gave Its Approval to Arrangements for Homecoming and 5th of July Events, and Predicts Highly Successful Observance.

Decorations of City Was About Finished Last Night—Many Visitors Already Here, and Crowds on Monday Will Likely Exceed Any Ever Before in the City.

After hearing reports from chairmen of the various subcommittees, the executive committee for the homecoming and Independence day celebration yesterday set the seal of its approval on the arrangements. The reports were generally so optimistic that the president of unusually successful programs, particularly on Monday is fully warranted.

The observance opens today, but no formal exercises are planned. At the South Shore station, however, committees will be in readiness to receive the homecomers and the Boy Scouts will be in attendance to escort them about the city and assist those who have not already obtained rooms to secure accommodations. The registration booth and information bureau will be in charge of Miss Katherine O'Neill and will be open the next three days. Visitors will be urged to register immediately on arrival, so that the list of homecomers may be made as complete as possible. This afternoon Klamert's band will play at the station grounds.

Many homecomers, attracted to Marquette by the formal invitations, are already the guests of friends and relatives. Just what the total number of visitors from distant points will be there is no present means of knowing, but the number of responses received and the interest shown indicates that it will be large. The program Monday promises to attract the largest gathering that has ever visited Marquette for a celebration. There will be no other program in the county, and it is expected that the incoming trains will be filled to the guards with passengers, always on the assumption that old Soj will smile on the proceedings.

The task of decorating the city for the observance was well advanced by nightfall yesterday. Most of the business blocks in the city have been elaborately trimmed with the national colors. The night decorations consist principally of colored light treatment of the cluster street fixtures, which gives a notably attractive effect. Tonight will occur the drawing for the four \$5 prizes for entrants in the decorated automobile parade Monday afternoon. The names of all who have entered will be written on slips and placed in a receptacle and the prizes will go to the persons whose names are drawn. Those who have not entered are urged to do so today by sending their names either to Dr. W. H. Van Iderstine or F. J. Schultheis, so that they may be eligible for these prizes.

The Official Program. Following is the official program for the observance:

- Saturday Registration Day-
- Bureau of Registration and Information at South Shore station.
- Squads of Boy Scouts to meet all trains, and be at the service of all Homecomers.
- Band Concert at 2:00 p. m., on lawn near South Shore station.
- Band Concert at 8 p. m., band stand, Lakeside Park.
- Sunday Home Day-
- Arrival of Yantic at 9:00 a. m.
- Special Song Service at all churches. Seats reserved for Homecomers.
- 12:00 a. m.—Firing of Salute by Yantic.
- Docking of Yantic, and open to inspection of public.
- Landing of Naval Reserves. Reception and luncheon by committee.
- Band concert at Presque Isle Park.
- 3:00 p. m.—Drill by Naval Reserves at Presque Isle Park.
- Monday Nation's Day-
- 6:00 a. m.—National Salute.
- 7:00 a. m.—K. of P. and Fraternity parade.
- 10:00 a. m.—Big Civic parade.
- 11:00 a. m.—Athletic events at Washington Park.
- 11:30 a. m.—Automobile and Motorcycle races.
- 11:30 a. m.—Speaking at Opera House.
- Opening, "America"—Band.
- Introductory remarks—Mayor Begole.
- Reading, "Declaration of Independence"—Mrs. E. G. Rushmore.
- Address—Major W. R. Oates.
- Selection, "Star Spangled Banner"—

Band and audience, led by young men's quartet.
2:30 p. m.—Floral and Decorative parade.
3:00 p. m.—Water Festival.
4:30 p. m.—Athletic events at Washington Park.
4:30 p. m. to midnight—Mardi Gras Carnival.
9:00 p. m.—Grand Fireworks display.
9:30 p. m.—Military Ball Masonic Hall.
Band Concerts day and night.
—Tuesday Pioneer's Day—
8:00 a. m.—Band concerts.
9:30 a. m.—Reception to new citizens at County Court House. Address by Hon. Justice Stone. Presentation of Lapel Flags to new citizens. Children's Flag Parade and Tableau, at Court House.
10:50 a. m.—Auto ride to Homecomers, starting from Lakeside Park.
11:00 a. m.—Pictures at Delt theater and Marquette Opera House, showing early scenes and pioneers, as well as present pictures of Marquette.
1:00 p. m.—Luncheon and reception to Homecomers and pioneers at Presque Isle Park. General basket picnic at same place. Dancing at Pavilion. Band concerts. Address, "Pioneer Days," by Hon. D. H. Ball. Short talks by Homecomers.
7:30 p. m.—Band Concerts at Lakeside Park and corner of Front and Washington streets.
8:15 p. m.—"Midsummer Night's Dream," by Normal Students, at Northern State Normal Assembly hall.
9:00 p. m.—K. of P. Ball at Fraternity Hall.

Order and Route of Parade.
F. J. Jennison, the marshal for the industrial parade Monday morning, announces the following route and order of the line of march:
Route—From on Baraga, and south on Third to Fisher, East on Fisher to Front, north on Front to Ridge, east on Ridge to High, north on High to Arch, west on Arch to Third, south on Third to Washington, east on Washington to Front, south on Front to reviewing stand.
The order of march will be Klamert's band; G. A. R.; Guests of the city and the city officials; fire department; St. Jean de Baptiste; Boys' National club; Senior Boys' Sodality; St. Peter's cathedral; Knights of Pythias; K. of P. band; K. of P. Uniform Band; Swedish Crown; Naval Reserves; Army Patrol; Nequaunee band; Modern Woodmen of Ishpeming; Boy Scouts; Odd fellows; Floats.

For the basket picnic at noon Tuesday, Pioneer's day, at Presque Isle, benches will be placed near the bandstand. One band will play a concert program there and another will play for dancing at the pavilion. At 2:30 o'clock there will be an address by the Hon. D. H. Ball on "Pioneer Days." Seats will be reserved on the platform for pioneers who have resided in the city since prior to 1890. All of these pioneers who desire to use autos are requested to notify A. E. Archambeau. Following Mr. Ball's address there will be impromptu remarks by homecomers on the general subject of "Pioneer days in Marquette."

"EVERYWOMAN"
Savage Production Was Witnessed With Much Pleasure by Large House.
"Everywoman," the pretentious Savage production at the opera house last evening, was a pleasurable event for the large audience assembled to witness it. Excellent in scenic investiture, interpreted by a capable cast, and with music excellently played and sung, it was a complete and rarely satisfying performance.
"Everywoman" is as closely akin to the old morality play as anything we have on the modern stage. Everywoman, with Beauty, Youth and Modesty in her train, fares forth in quest of love. Nobody (the Greek chorus of the play) warns her of impending dangers; Truth begs a hearing, but Everywoman hears the lure of the world and tries to find her goal on the stage. The search there is for modesty, and Modesty leaves her. Wealth and Passion both succeed in deceiving her for the moment with their counterfeiting love, but her eyes are opened in time, and she finally departs, raving run the gamut of admiration, popularity, gaiety, prosperity and worldly success. But finally, after the bubbles have all broken, and she is reduced to humanity and grief, the light breaks and she is led by Truth to Love and home.

The cast was wholly adequate, and the production confirmed the impression that "Savage" is a theatrical trademark that means excellence.
F. D. Davis, of Escanaba, was a business caller in the city yesterday.
Fresh milk and cream received daily, Cameron Baking company, (7-3-1w).
Mrs. E. J. Brennan, 144 West Bluff street, will serve, during Homecoming week, dinners and suppers for a limited number. Telephone 1081-J. (7-3-2t).
For milk, cream, butter and butter-milk of superior quality, call on the Marquette City Dairy, the most modern practical dairy in Michigan. F. H. Vandenberg, Proprietor, Phone, 223. (6-30-1w).

Jacob Rose

The Store of Quality

Today's Warm Spell emphasizes the necessity of getting prepared for many more real hot days coming—

For Men and Young Men

We're ready with cool summer clothing—Panamas, Leghorns and Straw Hats—Oxfords in white buck and light weight Russia stock—Silk and Lisle Hose—Sport Shirts—Silk Shirts—Soft Collars—B. V. D. Underwear—one-piece Pajamas.



You'll Feel Better If You Are Well Dressed For the Homecoming

This store offers you an exceptionally fine chance to outfit yourself with the best to be had in new "togs", at prices you will not find excelled anywhere.

Hats

That fairly snap with style and value—in Felt, Straw and Panamas.

Shirts

Comfort, style and value infused into these Shirts, from the making of the cloth to the sewing on of the buttons.

Underwear

The kind that will not pull and stick, and feel so mighty uncomfortable in hot weather; a very complete run of sizes and an ample assortment of styles in two-piece and union

Try our Hatch one-button Union Suits. You will enjoy them.

Neckwear

New line just received, in Silk and Wash Ties, and patterns you'll like.

Hosiery

For summer, in the newest shades in Holeproof and Interwoven. The wear is there, and you can try them at a little expense.

It's a Big Display We Have, and You'll Enjoy Seeing It. COME!

ORMSBEE & ATKINS

For the benefit of our employees, our store will be closed all day Monday.

Member of United National Clothiers' Company, Authorized Capital \$1,000,000. Chicago, Ill.

Homecoming Week Specials

Marquette will be at its best Homecoming week. You no doubt wish to be at your best. We are quoting below a few of the many special good things we have to offer. A perusal of the same will prove profitable if you are about to buy anything in Men's, Young Men's or Boys' wearing apparel.

STOCKS NOW AT THEIR BEST—PRICES LOWER THAN EVER

- SHIRTS.** Men's Neglige Shirts, light patterns, attached cuffs, coat style, fast colors 68c
- Men's Percale Shirts, coat style, \$1.50 value, special at \$1.00
- Men's Soisette Soft Shirts, soft cuffs, \$1.50 value, special. . \$1.15
- UNDERWEAR.** Men's light weight ribbed union Underwear, special 68c
- Men's Athletic Underwear, special, The \$1 kind 79c
- Men's Porosknit union Underwear, special 88c
- NECKWEAR.** Just opened a new stock of the latest in Neckwear, including the new 4 in 1, a soft shirt, and ladies' shirtwaist tie, great novelty, special price 50c
- MEN'S SHOES.** Shoes with rubber soles and heels, tan or black leathers, English last, \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50 and \$5
- Why pay more? Men's Button, Bal and Blueher style Shoes, black or tan leathers in all the new lasts, prices ... \$1.95, \$2.50, \$3, \$4, \$4.50, \$5
- Men's and Boys' barefoot Sandals, Outing Shoes, Oxfords in all styles and qualities ... \$2.50
- SPECIAL.** A Suit worth \$18.00 Extra pants 5.00 Total \$23.00 All for \$16.50
- MEN'S SUITS.** Great values. Large assortments shown in this department, English and regular models. Suits to fit any form. Prices range from \$9.95 to \$25.00
- BOYS' SUITS.** Nine to sixteen years, at \$3.45, \$4.45, \$5.45 Great values at above prices.



Values are here in abundance — secure them.

A. E. ARCHAMBEAU

Everything That a Man or Boy Wears NEW BACON BUILDING, MARQUETTE We give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps



3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank MARQUETTE, MICH.

Condensed from Statement to the Comptroller of the currency, June 23d, 1915.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Time Loans	\$ 787,396 81	Capital Stock Paid in	\$150,000 00
Demand Collateral Loans	\$438,452 50	Surplus and Profits	59,453 42
Cash, Exchange and due from U. S. Treasurer	437,571 35	Discount Collected, not earned	64,043 28
U. S. Bonds and Other Bonds at par	670,852 83	Reserved to Pay Interest	10,082 06
Bank Building and Real Estate	43,000 00	Reserved to Pay Taxes	5,631 57
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	6,000 00	National Bank Notes Outstanding	141,300 00
		Dividends Unpaid	6 00
Total	\$2,383,273 49	Deposits	1,952,757 16
		Total	\$2,383,273 49

Designated United States Depository. Capital, Surplus and Profits, \$250,000

OFFICERS: LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, President. EDW. S. BICE, Vice President. C. L. BRAINERD, Cashier. W. O. JOHNSON, Ass't Cashier. O. E. BROWN, Ass't Cashier. Send for Our Booklet entitled 'MODERN BANKING' DIRECTORS: L. G. KAUFMAN, N. M. KAUFMAN, S. R. KAUFMAN, A. O. JOPLING, EDW. S. BICE.

ONE HUNDRED YEARS A COMMERCIAL BANK

Directors: WM. O. ALLISON, New York City; HORACE E. ANDREWS, Pres. New York State Bys.; AUGUST BELMONT, August Belmont & Co.; DANIEL J. CARROLL, President Abernethy Stone Co.; SAMUEL S. CHILDS, Pres. Childs Company; HARVEY L. CRAWFORD, Pres. Century Bank of New York; PIERRE S. DE PONT, President E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co.; DESMOND DUNNE, Pres. Desmond Dunne Co.; ELLIS P. EARLE, Pres. Nipissing Mines Co.; D. G. FESSENDEN, Mayden W. Wheeler & Co.; JOHN M. HANSEN, Pres. Standard Steel Car Co.; GEORGE M. HARB, Chairman of the Board; FARMLEY W. HERRICK, Cleveland, Ohio.

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Capital and Surplus \$3,500,000 INVITES YOUR ACCOUNT Resources \$35,756,452

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	\$21,711,894.74	Capital	\$ 2,250,000.00
United States Bonds (Part)	1,350,000.00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	1,467,283.76
Other Stocks and Bonds	3,176,994.52	Circulation	1,182,997.50
Banking House	170,000.00	Deposits	30,856,171.28
Cash and Exchange	9,347,563.28		
	\$35,756,452.54		\$35,756,452.54

OFFICERS: NORBORNE P. GATLING, Vice President; LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, President; GEORGE M. HARB, Chairman; HENRY L. CADMUS, Assistant Cashier; WALTER B. BOICE, Assistant Cashier; HENRY C. HOOLEY, Assistant Cashier; VINTON M. NORRIS, Assistant Cashier; JOSEPH BROWN, Assistant Cashier.

The Century Bank of the City of New York

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS ONE MILLION DOLLARS RESOURCES OVER TWELVE MILLION DOLLARS

LOUIS G. KAUFMAN CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD

NUMBER 922 MAN W. J.P. M. CAP

Frank Ho... tempted Is In Sn Because Likely --Invest

MORGAN THO

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