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CITY OF MEXICO EVACUATED BY VILLA FACTION

Provisional President Garza, With Government, Leaves to Establish New Capital at Cuernavaca—All Commercial Houses, Banks and Private Dwellings Closed.

Carranza Forces Near and Expected to Enter Soon—Price of Food Beyond Reach of Needy—Only Shipments from Vera Cruz Can Prevent Suffering.

Mexico City, Jan. 27.—Provisional President Garza and his government left the capital early today for Cuernavaca, where a new seat of government will be established.

This afternoon the last contingents of the army of evacuation are hurrying through the streets. The army of occupation lingers on the outskirts of the city, but is expected to enter soon. All the commercial houses and banks, and even private dwellings, are barred and shuttered, although no disorder has attended the fleeing of the forces of Zapata and Villa.

POPULACE FACING FAMINE.

The national palace, the federal telegraph and postoffices and other government establishments are closed. The incoming Carranza forces are commanded by General Alvarado. When they enter the city it is expected some sort of government will be established. The price of foodstuffs has soared beyond the reach of the needy. The supply of food is very low and, unless the railway line to Vera Cruz is opened soon, it is believed there will be much suffering.

The decision of the government to quit the capital came after a heated discussion at a session of the convention held Tuesday night. It was decided that President Garza, his government and the members of the convention should proceed after midnight to Cuernavaca. The deputies who have not left already will be forced to proceed from the city in automobiles, as there is no fuel for the locomotives.

The troops of General Zapata are en route in thirty electric trains.

OREGON ADVANCING ON CITY.

There is a rumor in circulation that the vanguard of General Obregon's troops is now four miles from the capital, and advancing.

In a secret session of the convention some of the deputies demanded that General Zapata be called upon personally to take command of his troops and fight the forces of Carranza. However, it was decided afterward that the capital be abandoned and the municipal council left in charge.

Previously the convention voted to dismiss General Palafox, minister of agriculture, because of his reputed incapacity in directing operations.

ITALIAN STEAMER IS REPORTED FOUNDERED WITH ALL ON BOARD

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 27.—The revenue cutter Itasca reported here by wireless tonight that it believed the Italian steamship Angelo Parodi had sunk about three hundred miles off Cape Henry, with all on board. Marine men said the vessel carried a crew of about twenty-seven men.

After standing by the Parodi for four days the revenue cutter reported last night that she had lost the steamer in thick weather. The Italian ship was helpless because of shortage of coal. Her food supply also was exhausted. High seas had prevented the Itasca getting a line to the ship. The revenue cutter Mohawk had been ordered to assist the Itasca in getting the Parodi to port.

QUAKE IN FAR EAST RECORDED AT LONDON

London, Jan. 28, 3:24 a. m.—The observatories in England, Spain and Italy yesterday recorded a severe earthquake. It is believed the disturbance was in far eastern Europe. It was less violent than the recent Italian earthquake.

Rome, Jan. 27, 9:55 p. m.—Great anxiety prevailed in Rome today, owing to a strong earthquake recorded by the instruments in the observatory because of the fear that the disturbance was in Italy. As the day passed, however, it was learned that Italy had been spared, and it is believed the epicentrum of the disturbance was in the Mediterranean, possibly near the Ionian or the Aegean islands, or in Algiers.

German school children are taught to swim by going through the motions without entering water.

BRITISH SANK TWO CRUISERS IS CLAIM NOW

Ironclad Kolberg Is Reported to Have Gone Down With Bluecher in Battle Sunday—If True, All of Germany's Ships of the Kolberg's Class Are Accounted For.

Berlin Reiterates English Lost One Cruiser and Two Destroyers in Engagement in North Sea—Says London's Assertions Not Reliable—Doesn't Mention Kolberg.

London, Jan. 27, 11:40 p. m.—An official statement issued tonight says: "The German cruiser Kolberg is reported to have been sunk in Sunday's battle in the North sea."

The German light cruiser Kolberg was the first of four vessels of her class which were built during 1908 and 1909. Her sister ships, the Mainz, Koeln and Augsburg, all previously have been reported to have met with disaster during the present war. The Mainz was sunk by the British fleet in the battle off Helgoland late in August and a boat of the Koeln type was reported to have gone to the bottom in the same fight. Early in August a Russian torpedo boat was said to have sunk the Augsburg after that cruiser had bombarded the port of Libau.

If the reported destruction of the Kolberg should prove correct, all the vessels of her class would seem to have been accounted for by enemy warships. The Kolberg was a vessel of 4,350 tons displacement and carried a crew of 362 officers and men. She was 402 feet long and had a speed of about twenty-four knots. The cruiser was armed with twelve 4.1-inch guns, four 5-pounders, four machine guns and two torpedo tubes. Her cost was \$1,907,400.

ADMIRAL BEATTY'S REPORT.

London, Jan. 28, 1:35 a. m.—The sinking of the Kolberg is noted in a preliminary report from Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty, who says his information came from German prisoners. He reports that he was obliged to leave the cruiser Lion and, take to the cruiser Princess Royal because a German shot had damaged one of his flagship's engines. While he reports that the British cruiser Tiger was also slightly damaged he does not mention the destroyer Meteor, which previously had been reported disabled. The result of the English fire he sums up thus: "The Bluecher was sunk and two other German battle cruisers were on fire and seriously damaged. German prisoners report also that the Kolberg had been sunk."

According to a trustworthy authority, the condition of the German battle cruisers Seydlitz and Derflinger, when the pursuit was abandoned, owing to the proximity of the German mine fields, was desperate in the extreme. The Derflinger was believed to have been torpedoed by a British destroyer, and it was considered questionable whether she could reach the safety of the mine fields.

The battering of the German ships was said by this authority to have been underrated rather than exaggerated. Two of the German destroyers were so badly damaged that they could not remain long afloat.

BERLIN CONTRADICTS LONDON.

Berlin, via Wireless to Sayville, L. I., Jan. 27.—Contrary to the British report that in the naval fight in the North sea on Sunday last no British ships were lost and that pursuit of the German ships finally was abandoned on account of German mines and submarines, the following official statement was given out today by the German government: "In the three hours' fight which cost us the armored cruiser Bluecher, one British battle cruiser and two British destroyers were sunk. These facts not only were observed by our big ships, but also were ascertained by a German torpedo boat which returned unharmed. The torpedo boat shot two torpedoes against a British battle cruiser, which already was keeling over, whereupon she capsized and sank."

"This also was ascertained by a German dirigible, which was flying over the fighting zone. The dirigible observed other British ships falling masts and funnels. It is certain therefore that other cruisers were seriously damaged."

"Finally the British fleet withdrew from the German squadron and beyond the reach of their guns. There was no question of pursuit of the German ships, because the high speed of these British vessels would have enabled them to

catch up with and destroy the German cruisers.

ROCKEFELLER ENDS HIS TESTIMONY AT PROBE

Sketches Foundation's Methods for Benefit of Industrial Relations Commission.

New York, Jan. 27.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., ended his testimony before the United States commission on industrial relations today by sketching in a general way the purposes of the Rockefeller foundation and its methods of operation. He admitted also it was possible such foundations might exercise an influence upon the liberalism of the country, as was done in Germany, he said, by the militarists. The safeguard, he asserted, lies in the legislative bodies and the spirit of the American people.

Mr. Rockefeller told the commission he sincerely hoped its efforts would develop real improvement in the relations between capital and labor and aid in the general betterment of the condition of the workers.

The audience, in which there were socialists, individualists, members of the Industrial Workers of the World and other similar organizations, applauded Mr. Rockefeller when he left the stand.

TALKS WITH "MOTHER" JONES.

During the midday recess Mr. Rockefeller and "Mother" Jones had another meeting. They were photographed shaking hands. "After we have our conference," "Mother" Jones, "I want you to come out to Colorado with me and see the things I have seen. I am sure what you will see will make you do things which will make you one of the country's greatest men."

Mr. Rockefeller smiled, and said, "I'm afraid you are inclined to throw compliments."

"Oh, no," replied "Mother" Jones, "I am more inclined to throw bricks."

Mr. Rockefeller said he might go to Colorado with "Mother" Jones.

As Mr. Rockefeller left, after his examination, Sergeant-at-Arms Egan handed him a check for \$6, representing his fee as a witness for three days at \$2 a day. Mr. Rockefeller folded the check up slowly, put it in his pocket and signed a voucher.

WOMEN OF MICHIGAN GENERALLY UNDERPAID

Commission Recommends Minimum Wage Law in Report to Governor Ferris.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 27.—A majority of Michigan women wage-earners receive salaries below the cost of "comfortable living" according to the report of the state commission of inquiry into wages and conditions of women, submitted to Governor Ferris today. The wages of 50,000 women were reported on and it was stated 25,810 of these women receive less than \$8 a week. Many of the women questioned said \$10 a week was a necessary wage for proper food, clothing and recreation. The commission recommended immediate provision of vocational training in public schools and the enactment of a minimum wage law for women.

"The minimum wage law should provide," stated the report, "first, a properly constituted minimum wage commission; second, minimum wage boards composed of employers and employees; third, proper review by the minimum wage commission of any decision by a wage board; fourth, working certificates for those mentally or physically unable to do a full day's work, allowing the employer to pay them certain proportions of the minimum wage."

COLDER WEATHER FOR MIDDLE WEST TO BE HERE TODAY

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Falling temperatures through the Middle West tonight promise to bear out the prediction of the United States weather forecaster that the coldest weather of the year was due for tomorrow. The drop in temperature was felt as far south as central Texas. The lowest temperature of the day was at Williston, S. D., where it was forty below.

TEACHER-MOTHERS WILL BE REINSTATED BY NEW YORK BOARD

New York, Jan. 27.—The board of education today voted to reinstate Mrs. Bridget Picotto, a teacher who was dismissed after she absent herself from her duties to become a mother. All charges against other teacher-mothers under suspension were ordered dropped. The state courts left the matter to the discretion of Dr. John H. Finley, state commissioner of education, who ordered her reinstated.

Fighting in Prussia Continues With Ferocity. Roumania Gets Loan; Is On Brink of War. Moslems Invading Egypt Brush With British.

UZOOK PASS IS RECAPTURED BY AUSTRIAN ARMY

IMPORTANT POINT OF ENTRY INTO HUNGARY LOST BY THE RUSSIANS.

EAST FRONT MORE ACTIVE

SLAVS TRY AGAIN TO PUSH AHEAD IN EAST PRUSSIA AND POLAND.

FIGHTING WEST IS FIERCE

OFFICIAL REPORTS OF OPERATIONS IN FRANCE VARY AS USUAL.

Vienna, Jan. 27, via London, Jan. 28, 1 a. m.—The official Austrian statement issued here reports the recapture of Uzook pass, in the Carpathians, which had been in Russian possession since Jan. 1.

FOES IN EAST ACTIVE.

London, Jan. 27, 9:40 p. m.—There has been increasing activity along the eastern battle front. The Russians there are reported to be pushing their offensive, both in East Prussia and in Poland to the north of the lower Vistula, while the Germans are said to have been repeating their attacks in central Poland. In Galicia an Austro-German force attempted an offensive, which, according to the Russian accounts, did not meet with any success.

Roumania, which has just received a loan of \$25,000,000 through the Bank of England, is said to be watching closely the concentration of the Austro-German force in Transylvania which might be used either against her or the Russians, who are advancing through Bukovina.

FIGHTING HOT IN WEST.

London, Jan. 27, 9:40 p. m.—Nothing has been heard of the military venture which, it was reported the Germans were preparing for Emperor William's birthday, unless their attacks on the French at Ypres and on the British at Lalssee were intended as such. All the official accounts today agree that these attacks were very severe, but beyond this there is nothing in common between the accounts of the allies and the Germans concerning the fighting.

The French communication tonight repeats the statement that the Germans were repulsed with heavy losses, while the Germans say the British were unable to recapture their former positions. Similar contradictions are made regarding the severe fighting which is taking place near Craonne and Perthes in the Argonne and in the vicinity of St. Mihiel. In all these cases both sides claim the battles resulted in their favor.

HALF A MILLION PAID IN EMPLOYEES' PENSIONS BY STEEL CORPORATION

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 27.—More than half a million dollars were paid to aged and infirm former employees in the steel industry during 1914, according to the fourth annual report of the United States Steel and Carnegie pension fund, which was made public here tonight. The total disbursement for the year in actual figures is \$511,967.90, an increase over 1913 of \$89,152.76. The fund was started Jan. 1, 1911, since which time \$1,575,021.33 has been paid to employees grown old in the service of the corporation, but unable to work longer.

IMMIGRATION BILL VETOED, IS EXPECTED FROM PRESIDENT TODAY

Washington, Jan. 27.—President Wilson's veto of the immigration bill is expected in congress tomorrow with a special message giving as the reason for his disapproval the literacy test which is proposed as a condition of entry. The prospect of repassage of the bill over the president's veto was the absorbing topic of discussion in congressional circles tonight, both supporters and opponents of the measure making claims.

NOT GUILTY IS PLEA HARRY THAW ENTERS TO CONSPIRACY CHARGE

New York, Jan. 27.—Harry K. Thaw today pleaded not guilty to the charge of conspiracy, under which he was brought here from New Hampshire last Sunday. His trial was set for Feb. 23. Meanwhile, he is to remain a prisoner in the Tombs, his counsel having agreed not to apply for bail.

NEW ZEPPELIN SALUTES KAISER.

Geneva, via Paris, Jan. 27.—The newest and fastest Zeppelin dirigible balloon yet constructed, fully equipped for war, and, it is stated, with Count Zeppelin aboard, left Friedrichshafen this morning in fine weather to salute Emperor William on his birthday. The dirigible subsequently will join the North sea aerial fleet.

AUSTRALIA ABLE TO FURNISH ALLIES WITH 500,000 RIFLEMEN

Sydney, Australia, Jan. 27.—The Australian government announced today that it has a plan for the formation of a rifle reserve of half a million men, which may be used in Europe, if the war is prolonged.

FIGHT ON SHIP BILL NOW ENDURANCE TEST

Washington, Jan. 27.—It became apparent today that the fight between the Democrats and Republicans in the senate over the government ship purchase bill had settled down to a physical endurance test. Minority Leader Gallinger held the floor nearly all day, most of the time talking to less than half a dozen senators.

A belt line electric railway will circle the ancient walls of Pekin, China.

SUMMARY OF THE WAR NEWS

The forty-fourth anniversary of the capitulation of Paris to the Prussians finds a Prussian army again on French soil, and only a comparatively short distance outside the gates of the capital. In honor of the German emperor's birthday his troops have concentrated their energies upon gaining ground upon the northern fronts in France, but apparently the allies have been preparing for such an attack and, according to an official announcement from the French war office, have succeeded in checking the advance. To the west of Soissons and around Craonne the fighting has been of unusual severity and the Germans are reported to have suffered heavily, leaving a thousand dead on the field. Likewise the German statement announces relative successes of the German army and heavy French losses.

In the eastern theater of the war probably the most important item of news relates to the capture by the Austrians, as officially announced at Vienna, of Uzook pass, one of the most important of the Carpathian passes.

While Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty in his preliminary report of the sea fight of last Sunday adheres to the former statement of the British admiralty that no British war vessels were sunk, Germany tenaciously holds to its assertion that a British battle cruiser and two torpedo boats were sent to the bottom of the North sea. The British admiralty says it is reported that the German light cruiser Kolberg, in addition to the armored cruiser Bluecher, was sunk.

EXPENSES OF COUNTRY FAR EXCEED INCOME

Administration May Ask Congress to Abandon Harbors Bill and Cut Others.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The administration has taken up in earnest the question of how the government's expenses shall be brought within its income during the coming fiscal year. A cabinet conference today debated the situation at length.

Estimates of expenditures for the year far exceed the most extravagant hopes for revenues. While no final conclusions were reached by the members of the cabinet, it is understood that most of them could see no way of avoiding the necessity of extending the limit on the war tax law unless congress would:

Reduce all appropriation bills. Abandon the \$34,000,000 river and harbor appropriation bill, and adopt Postmaster General Burleson's plan for reducing the cost of rural free delivery service by putting carriers on a contract basis.

It was also said to be likely that congress might be asked to cut the current army and navy bills.

Another plan which might be brought forward would be to lower the income tax exemption below \$3,000.

GREEK CONSUL'S WIFE GETS PRISON SENTENCE FOR ACTIVITY IN WAR

Amsterdam, Jan. 27.—A message from Liege, Belgium, states that the wife of Greek Consul Calwaert has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment for aiding Belgians to escape.

BRITONS IN BELGIUM ORDERED CAPTURED TO GO TO GERMANY

London, Jan. 28, 1:58 a. m.—General von Bissing, the German governor of Belgium, according to the Daily Telegraph, has ordered the arrest and transport to Germany of all Englishmen in Belgium.

FRANCIS JOSEPH SAID TO PLAN ABDICATING TO DISAGREE WITH KAISER

Geneva, Switzerland, via Paris, Jan. 27.—According to reports received here today from Innsbruck, Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria is arranging to abdicate, it being said that he is unable to agree with the views of Emperor William on military affairs, and also because of the German emperor's attitude regarding peace. The Austrian emperor, it is added, desires to leave his successor, Archduke Charles Francis, with a free hand.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN CALL FOR SOLDIERS STRINGENT

Vienna, Jan. 27, via Venice and London, Jan. 28, 2:12 a. m.—The stringency of the latest Austro-Hungarian levy has created consternation throughout the monarchy, as apparently the military authorities are determined to leave no loophole of escape from service. The official summons embraces all the forces liable for handsturm service from nineteen to thirty-six years of age. Young men, who, in 1914, were for the third and last time declared exempt through physical disability, and men rejected three months ago, must again present themselves. The official notification also calls upon foreign born Austrians and Hungarians, who were naturalized after they had reached their thirty-third year, although these men heretofore have been entirely exempt from military service.

TURKS HEADING FOR EGYPT TEST METTLE OF FOE

MOSLEM ADVANCE GUARD IN SKIRMISH AT OUTPOST NEAR SUEZ.

LOSSES REPORTED HEAVY

BRITISH MACHINE GUN FIRE IS SAID TO HAVE BEEN DEADLY.

ALL WELLS MADE USELESS

SULTAN'S FORCES MUST CARRY ON WATER, TO CONTINUE ADVANCE.

London, Jan. 27, 9:40 p. m.—The advance guard of the Turkish army which is undertaking an invasion of Egypt has reached the British outposts to the east of the Suez canal, where the first skirmish of the war in this region took place yesterday.

The fight according to the official reports, apparently was a small affair, only one British officer being wounded, but dispatches from Cairo say the invaders suffered severely from the machine guns of the British troops.

Religious services were held at the headquarters of Emperor William, where the emperor delivered an address expressing his satisfaction with the progress of the war.

The Berlin newspapers, including the socialist organ, publish eulogies of the emperor.

Empress Augusta Victoria sent a long, affectionately worded telegram to the emperor. As a birthday present she forwarded him a cover for a field altar, designed by her.

ALL WELLS FILLED IN.

The dispatches do not disclose the size of the Turkish force, but say the engagement took place to the east of El Kantara, which is on the Suez canal and is the terminus of the caravan route from Rafati, the border station between Egypt and Syria. The distance from Rafati to El Kantara is 143 miles, and as the British have filled in all the wells along the caravan route, the invaders would have to carry their own water. Even El Kantara is supplied by a pipe line from a fresh water stream which runs under the Suez canal.

CANAL WELL GUARDED.

It is believed the fighting of the British forces was with the Arab or Kurdish horsemen employed by the Turks as scouts for the main army under Djemal Pasha, which consists of three army corps, and which is believed to have had hardly time to cross the desert. The British have a strong force with which to guard the canal.

BRITISH REPORT SUCCESS.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Defeat of a Turkish force near Narna by the British army moving into Asiatic Turkey was announced today in a foreign affairs dispatch to the British embassy here. Previous reports from Constantinople said the British offensive at this point had been repulsed with heavy losses.

THREE ARMY CORPS USED.

Athens, Jan. 27.—It is reported here that three Turkish army corps (about 120,000 men) are marching on Egypt, under command of Djemal Pasha.

CANAL TRAFFIC GOES ON.

Cairo, Jan. 27.—Traffic through the canal has not been stopped as a result of the fighting near El Kantara, but merchantmen must enter the waterway under convoys at stated hours.

CANADA MAY VOTE \$100,000,000 FOR WAR

Montreal, Que., Jan. 27.—The Canadian parliament will be asked to vote \$100,000,000 toward the expenses of carrying on the war in Europe at the session which begins next month, according to a declaration made today by George E. Foster, dominion minister of trade and commerce. The dominion has already voted \$50,000,000.

TWO PLANES COLLIDE; THREE AVIATORS KILLED

Amsterdam, via London, Jan. 28, 1:55 a. m.—According to Berlin newspapers received here a collision between two aeroplanes in flight took place last Thursday above the flying ground at Johannisthal. Three aviators were killed in the crash, including two officers.

Europe's tallest and shortest people, the Norwegians and Lapps, live side by side.

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THE ADMINISTRATION VIEW.

In a series of articles a few weeks ago The Mining Journal supported the contention that an embargo on exports of munitions of war would be a neutral act of the most flagrant character because it would deny to the allies the advantage, as far as this country was concerned, they now enjoy from their command of the sea, and to which they are fully entitled by international practice, as well as by our usage.

This view is stated with emphasis and great clarity in the letter addressed this week by Secretary of State Bryan to Senator Stone, in which this and numerous other controversial questions are discussed. The manner in which it is treated shows that there is no doubt among the principal officials of the administration of the way in which such an embargo would be received by the allies. They know full well—no doubt even without diplomatic representations—that it would be regarded as a hostile act of the most emphatic character, one that would not be followed by reprisals. So clearly is international usage established that Mr. Bryan is able to quote a German representation that sales of munitions are not to be found fault with, though, practically, the American market is not free to the Germans, and they are paying a heavy price because the allies are able to supply themselves in it.

The letter of Mr. Bryan shows that the administration has been governing its actions solely with a desire to keep itself free of the reproach of favoring any belligerent nation. Whenever it has appeared that the rights of Americans have been encroached on, appropriate representations have been made to the offending government. In all its many sided relations to the combatant powers the administration has been careful to apply the principles of accepted international law and to follow a line of action consistent with our established usages.

It's the safe course, and the only course that will spare us being seriously compromised with one or the other of the belligerents.

CONFLICTING CLAIMS.

The naval battle in which the Germans lost the Blücher will doubtless continue a matter of controversy for an indefinite time. The British assert that they lost no ships, and that the two disabled cruisers can be speedily repaired and sent to sea as good as they were before the battle. The Germans, on the other hand, assert that they destroyed three vessels, one of them a capital ship. There would be a more general willingness to accept the British version were it not for the fact that the admiral has not yet admitted the loss of the dreadnaught Audacious off the coast of Ireland. The same considerations of expediency that prevented frank acknowledgment of this disaster might seem to make it advisable to conceal losses in the latest battle. Thus while it is probable that the British admiral would hesitate to trifle with his public by concealing a loss in which many men went to their death (there was no loss of life when the Audacious sank) it is not unnatural that in many minds there should be some doubt of the actual results of the battle. Prima facie evidence exists, however, that it was really a British victory. The German ships were in the North sea with the purpose of again raiding the British coast. They returned to their waters without carrying out this plan. If they had a formidable character, as compared with the British, that permitted them to sink a capital ship, the engagement would no doubt have been more decisive. The fact that they did not press it indicates that the British had weight of ships and guns in their favor, and if this was the case it appears unlikely that they could have suffered as serious a loss as the Germans now allege.

THE CONQUERING MOTOR

Precept, example and stern necessity have combined to force a larger use of commercial automobiles during the next few years than would have been deemed possible six months ago.

It is not merely that the great war has shown the possibilities of the auto truck. That is the least important element in the development of motor supremacy. It is rather that the war has swept away the motor's rival, the horse. Every land on earth has been combed for cavalry steeds, and the central European countries must be getting pretty empty of spare horses. Belgium, one of the greatest centers of the breeding of draft horses, has been swept from end to end, and the splendid animals which were not pressed into the German army to be killed by shot and shell have been slaughtered for food.

Automobiles can be made in a hurry, but the breeding up of the world's depleted supply of horses is a job that will take a generation. The horse will not become obsolete on the farm, and as a source of pleasure and healthful

exercise he has a place all his own. But city traffic is passing steadily to the automobile, and even on farms the tractor is showing surprising usefulness.

In general, this development is in line with permanent progress. The sooner horses are banished from cities, the better for them, as well as for their masters. Equine hoofs and legs are not suited to town pavements, and equine litter is a nursery for that enemy of mankind, the fly.

WAS NEARLY UNANIMOUS.

Commission government was adopted with a whoop at Munising Monday. The negative vote was negligible. Tom Sullivan was elected mayor by a narrow margin, and the voting on the commissioners was also close. Mr. Sullivan has figured in many bitter contests at Munising, and has warm friends and decided opponents. He now has opportunity to make the latter his friends, also. This he can do by turning his ability and energies to making the new form of government the most effective instrument it can be made for the benefit of all the residents of Munising. It will be greatly to the advantage of the town if all the successful candidates forget election day, and which men voted for and which against them, as soon as they can, and have an eye single to the public interest. It is, after all, of comparatively little importance which particular group of men administer these public offices, as long as they administer them ably and with a certain broadmindedness. On the major issue, commission government, Munising is to be congratulated on being the second community in the upper peninsula to follow the lead of Marquette. It will doubtless find that it has taken a step that will make for economical management of public affairs and the advance of the town in every way.

SPRING WHEAT LIMITS.

With the price of wheat rising to levels unknown for many years and the outlook for peace in Europe fading farther and farther into the distance, the question becomes of vital importance whether the spring wheat crop of this country and Canada may not be extended well beyond its usual limits. The boundaries of the spring wheat belt have a direct bearing upon the cost of living.

Why cannot spring wheat be grown considerably farther south than it is ordinarily produced? Even though the yield may fall below the usual winter wheat average in the same districts, will not an inferior crop of spring wheat pay at present prices, or prices ten or fifteen cents a bushel below the ruling market? In states like Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois and Pennsylvania is it not possible to make a good profit by growing spring wheat at a dollar a bushel or more?

This query ought not to be answered lightly or hastily. It is by no means a one-sided or simple problem for farmers to solve. But existing conditions certainly suggest the wisdom of making spring wheat possibilities the subject of very serious consideration. It is a good question for state agricultural experiment stations and experts connected with state agricultural departments to take up at once and answer with the utmost care.

Representative Symonds, of Menominee, father of the two-cent fare bill, or one of the fathers, in a letter to an Escanaba paper admits that the South Shore and the Pere Marquette, at least, of Michigan railroads are in need of relief. What he would like to know is how they can be relieved without helping roads that are getting along all right under present conditions, in which class he places the Northwestern. He wants to know something that is very difficult to tell him. If it were practicable to authorize fares graded to correspond with the financial position of several roads, the problem before the legislature would be a comparatively easy one to solve. But, particularly where a road that needs help, like the Pere Marquette, and one that doesn't, like the Michigan Central, are competing, such a thing is entirely out of the question. As a practical proposition it appears that the legislators will not be able to help the weak roads unless they help the strong ones, too.

The demonstration train of the M. A. C. will be along next spring, or summer, again. And it is to be hoped that the educational train of the state board of health will be along, also. These trains have been the means of awakening interest in important subjects among laymen, as well as among those directly concerned. The expense of conducting their trips is, because of the co-operation of the railroads, merely nominal. No money being spent by the boards is spent to better advantage, even though it may be difficult to trace the direct results of the effort.

The younger Mr. Rockefeller told the federal commission on industrial relations that he would be glad at any time to listen to persons possessed of in-

formation about conditions in the Colorado mine fields. And then he showed that he meant what he said by making a date with Mother Jones.

In a letter printed in The Mining Journal yesterday the superintendent of schools urges the appointment of a full time health officer at Negaunee, saying that the expense involved would not be in excess of what is now incurred for poorly organized service. The experience of Marquette bears him out. This city now has an excellently organized health department at a cost not appreciably higher than it paid for indifferent and incomplete service under the former regime. To obtain this result anywhere all that is necessary is a commonsense and businesslike co-ordination of the various public health activities. The day is rapidly coming when every town of any size in the state that moves in step with the times will have such service, and the aggregate gain for the public will be of incalculable value. When that day comes the public spirited physicians and citizens of Marquette will be able to say that they were among the first practically to apply a plan whose virtues had been expounded as a matter of theory for many years.

The foot and mouth disease was an expensive visitation for Michigan. Governor Ferris has authorized the paying from the treasury of \$55,000, the state's share of the amount paid to a large number of farmers because of cattle that were slaughtered. Other similar payments have still to be made, and in addition there was a large emergency expenditure in fighting the disease, as well as a net loss to the farmers whose cattle was killed, for the figure at which they are reimbursed is considerably below the actual value of a good milking cow.

STATE PRESS

Mr. Wilson's place in history may yet be that of grandfather of his country.—Grand Rapids Press.

Many a young man sees his wild oats in ground broken for him by his father.—Lansing State Journal.

It is now up to President Wilson to name the members of the trade commission and the baby.—Detroit Times.

Geologists say that several species of men have entirely disappeared from the face of the earth. The pessimist, however, still exists.—Detroit Free Press.

After reading Jack London's story of his life we wonder that the government didn't plaster him all over with internal revenue stamps.—Muskegon Chronicle.

Colonel Roosevelt urges a law to save the moose from extinction. But it doesn't seem so much a matter of law as a matter of votes.—Grand Rapids News.

TIMELY QUIPS

Natural Curiosity.
 Roumania had been building up its army for years and naturally wants to see how it will work.—Chicago News.

Scenic.
 With its armed neutrality, its mounting deficits and its dearth of tourists, Switzerland finds its scenery less satisfying than usual.—Cleveland Leader.

Naval.
 Possibly when Europe gets done fighting the United States can pick up a good second hand navy cheap—that is if the submarines have not sunk them all first.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Please!
 Here is a leading physician who says candy is one of the most effective enemies of alcohol and the drink habit. Pass the chocolates, please.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

EDITORIAL OPINION

The Chancellor's Explanation.
 After six months the German imperial chancellor, von Bethmann-Hollweg, comes forward with a new and rather startling explanation of his use of the term, "a scrap of paper," in referring to the neutrality agreement of the great powers concerning Belgium. He contends that he spoke of the treaty, not as a scrap of paper, but as an instrument become obsolete through Belgium's forfeiture of neutrality rights and that Great Britain had reasons for going to war compared with which the said treaty appeared to have only the value of a scrap of paper.

In view of this explanation, the original and until now unquestioned version of the circumstances under which the German chancellor used his famous expression becomes again a matter of current interest. This version was set forth by Sir William Goschen, British ambassador to Berlin, in a letter which he wrote August 8 last to Sir Edward Grey, British foreign minister, the said letter afterward being published as a part of the British white paper. Goschen's account reads this way: "I found the chancellor very much agitated. His excellency at once began a harangue which lasted for about twenty minutes. He said that the step taken by His Majesty's government was taken to a degree; just for a word 'neutrality', a word which in war time has so often been disregarded, just for a scrap of paper, Great Britain was going to war on a kindred nation who desired nothing better than to be friends with her."

Between the statement from the pen of Sir William Goschen and this story a half year later from the German chancellor yawns a great gulf. The two stories are utterly irreconcilable. There is a distinct issue of fact. The British version has the advantage of considerable priority and of standing for a long time uncontradicted and tacitly accepted by the Germans. However, it was put down while the event receded was fresh in the British minister's memory. Putting aside as extremely unlikely any supposition that Goschen would try to deceive Grey, or that Grey would give countenance to a false statement, the only way we can receive the explanation of the German chancellor as approximately correct is to assume that in his excitement he failed to make himself entirely clear and to the British ambassador and left the way open to a material misapprehension of his meaning.

From the German standpoint it is unfortunate this explanation did not come much sooner; for it would have received more general credence if it had.—Detroit Free Press.

The Government Shipping Scheme.
 The ship purchase bill is having hard sledding. It deserves to have hard sledding. Rarely has a piece of legislation so full of holes been presented to congress with the sanction of the chief executive.

Mr. Wilson and Secretary Redfield believe that South American trade requires the speedy institution of a government fleet. The fact is that since the war several lines have reduced their South American sailings for lack of cargoes. Without European capital to sustain their trade the South Americans are temporarily poor and without credit; nor have we the surplus funds to finance their commercial operations.

That movement of American goods to Europe is not seriously impeded by the war may be seen by comparing exports for last December 22d December a year ago. Nineteen hundred fourteen showed a surplus of \$13,000,000 over 1913, and within 31,000,000 of the former December, 1912. Although rates are high, both for carriage and insurance, the chief difficulty seems to be a shortage of harbor accommodations on the other side. The longshoremen have gone to the wars and the usual system of unloading and storing cargoes has broken down. Havre has sent word that she can accommodate no more shipping, while Genoa reported



THIS busy, progressive nation is today at the dawn of a new era of commercial and social development. The means by which the human voice, with its slightest inflections and indications of personality, can be carried across the continent instantly, have been provided. Talking by telephone from New York to San Francisco is now an accomplished fact.

The celebration of this latest and greatest triumph in the art of telephony has just taken place. Within a short time the public will have, ready for its use, the product of American brains, American initiative and American scientific and technical skill, a transcontinental telephone service, the equal of which is not even approached in all the other nations of the world.

It is a splendid scientific achievement of the very highest character. The power that sends the human voice over the telephone is scarcely greater than that of a breath, yet the means have been provided by which this tiny, almost imaginary impulse, made up of as many as 2,000 separate vibrations a second, can be picked up by a delicate instrument, conserved over a distance of 3,400 miles, and reproduced perfectly and instantly across the continent. The human voice has been made to travel as fast as light, faster than sound unaided by technical apparatus; indeed, it rivals THOUGHT even, in the swiftness of its flight.

The imagination can but feebly grasp, much less attempt to measure, the far-reaching significance of such a tremendous accomplishment. One hundred million people will have for their daily use a system of communication that knows no East, no West, no North, no South. Dialects, provincialisms, sectional prejudices, must eventually yield to the closer union, the better understand-

ing, the more intimate comradeship that the human voice establishes. The neighborliness of a whole nation is advanced by the brushing away of the physical restraints of centuries.

This contribution to the future happiness and prosperity of a more closely united people has not been brought about, however, by the overcoming of a few isolated, concrete difficulties. Its success has depended upon the exercise of the highest engineering and technical skill and the solution was found only in the cumulative effect of improvements great and small, in telephone, transmitter, line, cable, switchboard, and every other piece of apparatus or plant required in the transmission of speech.

In this work the experimental and research department of the Bell System of which this Company is a part, has been engaged ever since the telephone became a commercial possibility, less than 40 years ago. With no traditions to follow and no experience to guide, this department, which is now directed by a staff of over 550 engineers and scientists, including former professors, post graduate students, scientific investigators—the graduates of 140 universities—has created an entirely new art—the art of telephony, and has given to the people of this country a telephone service that has no equal.

It has required vast expenditures of money and immense concentration of effort, but these have been justified by results of immeasurable benefit to the public. The transcontinental telephone line, 3,400 miles long, joining the Atlantic and Pacific, is part of the Bell System of 21,000,000 miles of wire connecting 9,000,000 telephone stations, located everywhere throughout the United States. Composing this system are the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and Associated Companies and connecting companies, giving universal service to 100,000,000 people.

Truly, This is The Triumph of Science

Michigan State Telephone Company

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Classified Want Directory

FOR RENT
 TO RENT—Two apartments on the second floor of the Coles block, corner Third and Blue streets. The corner apartment has one very large room and two small ones, nicely decorated for lodge purposes, but would be very desirable for business use. Marquette County Savings Bank, or Charles T. Geill. 3-4-tf

FOR SALE
 FOR SALE—Kitchen range, with gas stove attached to it. Inquire 229 W. Chestnut St. Phone 794-W. (1-28-15)

HORSES AND CARRIAGES

For Sale—Three heavy horses. For cash at once, H. E. Bittner. 12-7-15.

FOR SALE—Two-seated cutter; plush lined; good as new; cost \$150.00; will sell for \$75.00. A. E. Archambeau, Marquette, Mich. 10-29-15

gether without scruple in the working out of his great purposes, German unity and Prussian domination. But he had astuteness, he had brains. How he overtopped the Prussian pigmies of today!—New York Times.

A LAUGH OR TWO

Who Can Do It?
 A Boston school teacher tells this story: "Children," said a second-grade teacher, "you should be able to do everything equally well with your left and right hands. Now, little practice you will find it as easy to use one hand as the other."
 From the rear of the room came the piping inquiry:
 "How about putting your left hand in the right-hand pocket of your trousers?"—Philadelphia Ledger.

Prophecy.
 Representative Thomas Gallagher, apropos of Chicago's fortune tellers, said in Chicago the other day:
 "It is odd that fortune tellers should still find dupes. They never forget anything, you know. They always hedge. They are like the politician."
 "Your boy will become a very distinguished man if he lives long enough," an amateur palmist said at a church fair.
 "Oh, good," cried the archbishop's mother.
 "And what will he be distinguished for?"
 "For longevity, if he lives long enough."

Good for Business.
 "It's an ill wind that blows nobody any good," said James J. Hill, in a prosperity talk in Pittsburgh.
 "I overheard a dialogue the other morning in a smoker. One man said: 'The Kaiser hasn't a friend left in the world.'
 "Not so fast," said another man.
 "Oh, you are, are you?" said the first man.
 "And who may you be?"
 "I'm a builder," was the answer.

The Bright Side.
 Representative Gardner, replying to a defender of America's armaments, said in Washington the other day:
 "Oh, yes, of course, there's a bright side of everything. There are few situations where, in you can't find something bright."
 "Would you marry a spendthrift?" one girl asked another.
 "Well," was the pensive reply, "it wouldn't be so bad if he was just starting out on his prodigal course, would it?"

Seeking a Husband.
 Nat E. Harris, recently elected governor of Georgia, merrily smiled when the conversation in the lobby of a hotel turned to the subjects of benefactors. He said he was reminded of a little incident.
 Some time ago a pretty young woman entered a moving picture theater and took a seat well toward the front. Finally the lights were turned out, revealing a young married couple with whom she was acquainted sitting beside her.
 "Why, Clara!" exclaimed the young married woman, noticing that the other was unattended. "What in the world are you doing here?"
 "I am looking for a husband, dear," was the quiet response of Clara.
 "Looking for a husband?" returned the married woman, wondering. "Why, you have a husband."
 "Yes, I know," was the sighful rejoinder of the late comer. "That's the one I am looking for."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Building Genius.
 Charles M. Schwab has proved his financial ability by securing war contracts from London—a success which led Mr. Schwab to say wittily and amiably on the journey home from London that Kitchener was the best president the steel trust ever missed.
 In Mr. Schwab's native Loretto all his financial triumphs are cherished, even those of his boyhood. For in his boyhood he already showed the budding horns of the great twentieth century financier.

Thus, at a Christmas party in Loretto, in the turmoil of a game of "kiss in the ring" little Charlie Schwab seized calm hold of the prettiest girl present and prepared to kiss her.
 "But," she panted, "it was Jimmy who caught me. It's Jimmy who is to kiss me."
 "Al, that's all right," said little Charlie. "I bought you off'n Jimmy for a cent."

JUMP IN.
 To do anything in this world worth doing, we must not stand back shivering and thinking of the cold and danger, but jump in and scramble through as well as we can.—Sydney Smith.

DEMAND FOR THE EFFICIENT
 Alert, keen, clear headed; healthy men and women are in demand. Modern business cannot exist in office, factory or on the road, persons who are dull, lifeless, inert, half sick or tired. Keep in trim. Be in a condition that wards off disease. Foley Cathartic Tablets clean the system, keep the stomach sweet, liver active and the bowels regular. For sale by all Dealers.

**What better than a nice Oyster
Stew and cup of good Coffee on
a stormy day? We serve both.**

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.
The **REXALL** Store
Stews 25c and 35c

Look Over This List!

Carving Sets Bread Trays Egg Openers
Casserole Crumb Trays Egg Boilers
Chafing Dishes Baking Dishes Scissors
Pocket Knives Snow Shoes Skates

IN A LARGE ASSORTMENT
M. R. MANHARD & SON, Ltd.
Wholesale and Retail Hardware

The D. L. & W. Coal Co's
Celebrated

Scranton Anthracite Pocahontas Smokeless
White Ash Splint Youghiogeny Soft
Kentucky Bright Flame Cannel Lilly Smithing

F. B. SPEAR & SONS

D. L. & W. Genuine Scranton Anthracite
Youghiogeny Soft
Pocahontas Smokeless
Lilly Smithing Blue Grass Cannel
Island Creek Splint
Large stock of Pea Coal
Clean Coal Prompt Service

PHONES 90 & 293 **THE BEST COAL**
JAS PICKANDS & CO. LTD.

The **Superior Hotel**
Munising, Mich.
Well furnished rooms. Steam heat.
Electric lights. All outside rooms.
Free baths \$2.00 per day.
Jos. E. Michelin Propr. 12-29-14.

—MY—
Studebaker "25"
1914 MODEL
For Sale Cheap
SI WILLIAMS

CHARLTON & KUENZLE,
ARCHITECTS.
Marquette, Michigan.

To Stew or Not to Stew.

That is the question. There is nothing in too much stewing; in fact, you are very apt to become stewed and get a free trip to Marquette and there live the life of poverty, cheapness and obedience—the ideal life. Should you make the trip, however, be sure and look up Jones' Drug Store, the place where you are always welcome, where your dollar buys a dollar's worth of value and you forget to stew.

Djerkiss' Powder, 50c box. Djerkiss' Toilet Water, \$1.25 bottle.

JONES' DRUG STORE
Cor. Baraga & 3rd. Phone 764-J.

CHEESE

Cream Pimento
Neufchatel Limburger
Camembert Cottage
Brickstein Roquefort
New York State

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

MURRAY'S GROCERY

For a
Change
Try
CREAM
of **RYE**
for
Breakfast

For Sale by

DELF'S GROCERY
133 WASHINGTON ST.
WHERE CLEANLINESS IS
PARAMOUNT

Celery,
Head Lettuce,
Sweet Potatoes,
Figs and Dates.

McLean's
GROCERY
601 N. Third Street.
Phones 64 and 65

MERCHANTS SUPPORT RAILROADS.
Adopt Resolutions for Three-Cent Fare
on Upper Peninsula Lines.

A resolution endorsing a three-cent fare for the railroads of the upper peninsula was adopted by the Marquette Merchants' association at a meeting Tuesday evening in the band room of the city hall. There was an attendance of about twenty-five persons. In addition, the merchants discussed the proposed credit rating system and proposed ordinances to regulate the activities of peddlers and the like.

The resolution dealing with the railroad situation follows:

"Whereas, the Merchants' association of Marquette, Mich., comprising all the retail dealers of this city, is informed that a bill is to be presented at the present session of the legislature advancing the passenger rate of upper peninsula railroads from two cents to three cents per mile and

"Whereas, we are well aware that the upper peninsula railroads labor under many disadvantages as compared with those in the lower peninsula, such as longer winters and deeper snowfalls, long stretches of thinly populated territory, and steeper grades, especially in the mining regions, all of which results in greater cost of operation and smaller gross and net earnings; and

"Whereas, we are especially familiar with conditions on the line of the D., S., S. & A. railway and know that that road is peculiarly handicapped by the fact that it is confined entirely to the upper peninsula, is subject during the season of navigation to severe competition from boat lines, and its through business each winter is affected by the uncertainties of transportation by ferry across the Straits of Mackinac, but in spite of these difficulties that road has made extraordinary expenditures for the improvement of its track, roadbed, bridges and equipment, and has for years past furnished a thoroughly modern passenger service; and

"Whereas, the other upper peninsula roads suffer to a large extent from similar disadvantages, and we are convinced that it is out of the question for any of these roads to make any profit in their passenger business on the two-cent rate; and

"Whereas, merchants and citizens of the upper peninsula, we are vitally interested in the development of the upper peninsula and the welfare of its railroads; be it

"Resolved, that we heartily endorse the present movement for an increase in the passenger rate to the former rate of three cents per mile, and that we respectfully request, that the legislature to give this matter early and favorable consideration.

(Signed.) A. H. MEYER,
Chairman.

PRICE REDUCED.
Dry block wood, \$5.00 per load. F. B. Spear & Sons. (1-28-14)

City Brevities

Red Cross Legion will meet this evening in Owsley's Hall.

C. D. Hubbard and A. Smith, of Ontonagon, were Marquette business visitors yesterday.

Herman Wagner, of Negaunee, was among the business callers in the city yesterday.

A daughter was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Peterson, 131 East Michigan street.

A. R. Cowl, who has been in the city for the last few days, left yesterday afternoon for Lansing.

The Brotherhood of American Yeomen will give a card party and dance in Keough's Hall this evening.

The county clerk yesterday issued a marriage license to Giuseppe Paris and Mary Paris, of Princeton.

Dr. R. W. Boyer and A. H. Palmer left last evening for Chicago, where they will attend the automobile show.

Mrs. S. R. Sprague, of Newberry, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Rettalie, left yesterday afternoon for her home.

Mrs. William Wiseman, Sr., left yesterday morning for Sault Ste. Marie, where she will visit with relatives for two weeks.

H. R. Newman, of Sault Ste. Marie, was in the city yesterday, taking the government examination for a chief engineer's license.

Mrs. Thomas Tippet, daughter of William Dowerick, was taken to St. Luke's hospital yesterday morning. She is in a critical condition.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Methodist church. A ten-cent tea will be served.

John Deagon, steward of the Marquette prison, left yesterday afternoon for Jackson, to attend a meeting of the Institutional Buyers' association.

Mrs. H. C. Russell, who has been visiting in Arizona, has left for Worland, Wyo., to join her husband. They will spend the remainder of the winter there.

The ice rink of the street railway was closed last evening, owing to the exceptionally frigid weather. The attendance Tuesday night was small, because of the cold.

The Ladies' auxiliary to the Order of Railway Conductors will hold a card party and dance in Keough's Hall tomorrow evening. Card playing will begin at 8:30 o'clock. Trombly's orchestra will furnish the music for dancing.

Division No. 4 of the Ancient Order of Hibernians will hold a special meeting Saturday evening in Keough's Hall. There will be an initiation of a class, the work to be followed by a luncheon and smoker. The entertainment committee is preparing a fine program.

Yesterday the attention of many persons was attracted by a small fishing boat, that had made its way a considerable distance out into the lake. The temperatures was about zero and the rather unusual sight was frequently commented on during the afternoon.

Leave for Tax Meeting—Daniel W. Powell, chairman of the county board, and Frank H. Vandenberg left yesterday afternoon for Detroit to attend the annual meeting of the Michigan State

Tax association as representatives of Marquette county. They will be joined in Detroit by Representative Ewing.

Democrats to Meet Soon—The Democrats of Marquette county will hold their convention in Marquette next week. Delegates will be named to attend the Democratic State convention in Lansing.

Government Examinations—Civil service examinations will be held at the postoffice building Feb. 23 and 24 for a special agent in civil education and an electrician in the custodian service, respectively.

Card Party Friday—The Charity club will give a card party and dance in Bureau's hall tomorrow evening. Card playing will start at 8 o'clock, and will be followed by dancing for those who wish to participate. The public is invited to attend.

Concert Monday—The orchestra of the Ishpening Y. M. C. A., assisted by several Ishpening vocalists, will give a concert at the Methodist Episcopal church Monday evening, Feb. 1. The concert was arranged by the Methodist Brotherhood.

Coasting Enjoyed—The hill on North Spruce street, iced by city employees for coasting purposes has been thronged afternoon and evening for the last ten days. The surface is in fine condition. The commission is ready to prepare the bill on North Front street for coasting, but there has been no demand for it.

Will Conclude Meetings—William Moodie, the Detroit, Wis., evangelist, who has been at the Marquette Salvation Army for the last two weeks, will conclude his meetings next Monday evening. An enrollment was taken at the meeting last Sunday night. Mr. Moodie's sermons have been heard with great interest.

Indoor Baseball Tonight—The Marquette All Stars and the Ishpening City indoor baseball teams will play a fraternal game at 8 o'clock in the evening at the Y. M. C. A. will be Erickson and Martin for Ishpening and Barnes and Gilbert for Marquette. The game will begin at 8 o'clock and will be followed by dancing.

An Excellent Program—Helen Gardine is featured in "The Moonshine Maid and the Man," a Vitagraph drama to be shown today at the Delft theatre. Other pictures will be "Broncho Billy's Scheme," with G. M. Anderson; "A Believer in Dreams," a Lubin drama, and "Coupon Collector" and "For a Widow's Love," Lubin comedies. Tomorrow the Delft will exhibit the next episode of "The Master Key."

Street Car Service—To accommodate the people who will visit the new building of St. Luke's hospital this afternoon and evening, street cars will run every fifteen minutes from the corner of Baraga avenue and Front street to the foot of Third street from 2 to 9 p. m. Cars will leave Spectator and Third streets for downtown at 2:06, 2:21, 2:36 and 2:51 p. m. and at the same number of minutes after each hour until 9:36 and 10:06 p. m. Buses will meet the street cars every fifteen minutes and will convey the visitors to the hospital, two blocks distant.

Today's weather: Fair and cold. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 5 degrees below; noon, 1; 7 p. m., 11. Highest, 1 degree below; lowest, 14.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.

Count Tolstoy's secretary says that the great writer's library numbered 10,000 volumes in thirty-two languages. There were almost as many books in English as in Russian—3,415 against 3,505.

**When Man Deals
With Man**

**The cry down through
the ages has been "credit"
in some degree or form. Credit is the
greatest power in the modern world—
in business or in private life.**

Success Is Built Upon Credit

Credit comes through confidence. The degree of credit and confidence one enjoys is dependent upon character, ability, integrity, purpose and the faith others have in him. You give credit only to those you trust.

The modern bank deals in credit almost exclusively. Credit gives men courage to do big things and to succeed.

The first step in building credit is an acquaintance with our bank, and establishing yourself on a sound financial basis by becoming a depositor with us.

MARQUETTE NATIONAL BANK
MARQUETTE-MICH.

BURNED FOR JUNK.

On the beach of Governor's island, in the harbor of Boston, was burned recently for junk the old wooden frigate Santee, one-time practice ship at Annapolis, and known to practically every officer in the service through the fact that for years she was used as a prison for disobedient midships. The Santee, which was in Admiral Farragut's fleet at Mobile, burned fiercely, her old timbers making fine fuel. The blaze was visible for miles at sea. The old warship had been bought by a junk concern for her brass fittings. The selling of the vessel was not considered by the government until after she had sprung a leak and sunk at her dock at Annapolis on April 12, 1912. She was a vessel of the square-rigger type, but after being taken to Annapolis in 1874 she was dismantled and roofed over. The interior of the vessel was repaired from time to time, but on the exterior, at least below the water, nothing had been done to her for years. After the sunken vessel had been sold for junk, the firm which bought the historic craft had her towed to Baltimore, where she was dry-docked and made sufficiently seaworthy to stand the trip to Boston for dismantling. The Santee was built in 1855, but because of a mistake in her design, she was never used for any important service.

German East Africa before the war was a heavy importer of cotton goods. Missouri schools are likely to have studies in fire prevention methods.

THE LIVER REGULATES THE BODY
A SLUGGISH LIVER NEEDS CARE

Someone has said that people with Chronic Liver Complaint should be shut up away from humanity, for they are pessimists and see through a "glass darkly." Why? Because mental states depend upon physical states. Blisters, Headaches, Dizziness and Constipation disappear after using Dr. King's New Life Pills. 25c. at your Druggist.

Delft Theatre
TODAY

**"The Moonshine Maid
and the Man"**
VITAGRAPH DRAMA.
with Helen Gardner, Ned Finlay
and Rex Hitchcock.

"Broncho Billy's Scheme"
featuring G. M. Anderson

"A Believer in Dreams"
LUBIN DRAMA.

"Coupon Collector"
"For a Widow's Love"
LUBIN COMEDIES.

COMING FRIDAY

"The Master Key"
FOURTH EPISODE

Hay and Grain
Wholesale and Retail
SOO FLOUR & FEED CO.,
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

EXCEPTIONAL PRODUCTIONS

TODAY--Matinee & Night

England's Greatest Photoplay

"THE HOUSE OF TEMPERLEY"

A reproduction of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle's great and stirring story

"RODNEY STONE"

Produced by the London Film Co.—Five Parts

MATINEES 2:30 and 3:45 PRICES 10c 15c EVENINGS 7:10, 8:25, 9:40

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

EXCEPTIONAL PRODUCTIONS

TOMORROW ONLY MATINEE & NIGHT

The Greatest Scenic Spectacle ever presented at the world famous New York

HIPPODROME

The largest theatre in the world

"AMERICA"

with all its glittering, glorious greatness in six realistic reels.

By the World Film Corporation.

Prices--10c and 15c

SMITH BEATS LEVINSKY.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 27.—"Gunboat" Smith won a decision over "Batting" Levinsky in a twenty round fight here tonight. Levinsky seemed unable to stop Smith's jabbing and hooking attacks, and left the ring badly battered. Smith was unmarked. Smith weighed 179 and Levinsky 171 pounds.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Fair, colder, Thursday; Friday, fair, somewhat warmer.

YALE DEFEATS PRINCETON.

New York, Jan. 27.—Yale defeated Princeton at ice hockey, 3 to 1, here tonight.

Cleveland preacher says moving picture theaters warp moral sense of children.

**YOU CAN JOIN THE
Christmas Money Club**

any time during January
by making back payments

First payments were due during the week beginning December 28th.

A special window is reserved for the exclusive use of the members of the Club, and we are open every Tuesday afternoon from four to five o'clock for the accommodation of school children.

Marquette County Savings Bank
Small Regular Savings Bring Wonderful Results

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Statement of Condition at the Close of Business Dec. 31st, 1914.

The Peninsula Bank, Ishpeming, Mich.

Condensed from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans, Discounts and Bonds	\$759,870.03	Capital Stock	\$50,000.00
Banking House	15,000.00	Surplus Fund	50,000.00
Overdrafts	None	Undivided Profits, Less Expenses and Taxes	42,499.89
Cash Resources	135,272.34	Dividends Unpaid	276.00
		Deposits	744,872.48
		Reserve for Interest	7,500.00
		Bills Payable	15,000.00
Total	\$910,142.37	Total	\$910,142.37

A Real Bargain

A Sample Line of Beautiful Silk Shaded Portable Lamps

These are beautiful High Grade Lamps such as are generally sold for \$14 to \$16. We offer these samples at only, each **\$7.75**

Marquette County Gas & Electric Co.

Ishpeming Department

TOURNAMENT FOR COUNTY SKIERS

ISHPEMING HIGHS ARE SNAPPY TEAM

Ishpeming Club Plans Annual Event on Less Ambitious Scale Than Usual.

The directors of the Ishpeming Ski club Tuesday evening decided to conduct a local, instead of a general, tournament on Washington's birthday. They considered it inadvisable to endorse plans that would require the raising of a considerable sum of money. A comparatively small sum will be needed for the "home talent" tournament and but small donations will be asked for.

A number of excellent riders in Marquette county will be pleased at the opportunity to take part in the tournament, and both professional and amateur events will be arranged. The outside riders will not be barred, if they wish to come here and compete for such prizes as the club will offer.

The dates for several tournaments in different parts of the Northwest have already been announced, but the prizes are not as liberal as have been given in the past. Not as many tournaments as usual will be held this year, as several of the clubs feel as the Ishpeming skiers do about asking contributions from the business men. The national tournament this year will be held in Duluth.

Tuesday evening a committee composed of William Trebilcock, chairman; O. C. Aas, John Gray, O. W. Sievert and Leonard Flaa was appointed to solicit members for the club. The dues collected will be used to help pay the expenses of the tournament. Committee fees to take charge of the tournament will be appointed at an early date.

The club will probably arrange for an exhibition by Hendrickson, who turns a somersault on skis. He is this year being booked by one of the Chicago agencies as an attraction for winter carnivals. He carries a portable slide.

The members of the club will meet this evening at the club house for a semi-monthly social gathering and a week from tonight will be ladies night, when there will be dancing and a luncheon.

"CABIRIA" TODAY.

Greatest Motion Picture Ever Made to Be Shown at Ishpeming Theater.

"Cabiria" the Itala Film company's stupendous production of Gabriele d'Annunzio's scenario, which after its premiere, was declared by critics and public to be "the photo masterpiece" of all time, and which was received with much enthusiasm at the Marquette opera house yesterday, will be shown at the Ishpeming theater today. This truly remarkable picture, with its wonderful cast portraying characters, historical and mythical, with the wars between Carthage and Rome, as its basis, daily holds the audiences spellbound, as before them, on the screen, are projected in rapid succession scenes that never before have been equalled in either motion pictures or on the legitimate stage.

The strength of the giant Numidian slave, Marcia, the agility of the Roman, Fulvius, and his daring plunge of several hundred feet from a cliff into the sea, the eruption of Mount Aetna, with the burning lava streaming down on the house tops at the base of the volcano, the destruction of the Roman fleet at the siege of Syracuse, by Archimedes, a Greek geometer, who with the aid of powerful mirrors, concentrates the rays of the sun, and turning them upon the ships, sets them ablaze, the beautiful sunset scene of the caravan upon the African desert, the battle at the walls of Cirra, where the Romans, on scaling ladders, reaching the top of the wall, draw their short, sharp pointed swords, in an effort to drive the defenders back, but are thrust of the walls by the Carthaginians with the points of their long spears, the costumes, which is correct to the minutest detail, the gorgeous tapestries in the palace of Hasdrubal, the remarkable beauty of Itala Manzini, who portrays the part of Sophonisba and the soulful acting of the entire cast of Italians, are all revelations to the audience. In fact the entire great work is superlative.

The matinee today will commence at 2 o'clock and the first evening performance will begin at 6:45. The doors of the theater opening at 6:20. Late comers in the evening will be able to see the entire spectacle, as the reels they miss will be repeated at the conclusion of the first show. At least three hours will be required to present the twelve reels. The matinee prices will be twenty-five cents for adults and ten for children to ten years of age. In the evening all seats on the first two floors will be twenty-five cents and in the gallery fifteen for adults and ten cents for children.

Remnants of all kinds, in both wool and cotton goods, cheap, at J. Sellwood & Co's.

Save Your Best Friend

MONEY is man's best friend, for with plenty of Cash you are sure to be popular; when your dollars are gone your friends sobn desert you.

The Way to Have Money Is by Saving It

Start an account today; make a resolution to put a certain amount away each pay day and it will not be long until you'll have a substantial balance.

The MINERS' NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus, \$200,000. ISHPEMING, MICH.

New 1915

Ginghams 12½c
Figured Lace Cloth 10c
Flowered Voile 18c

See our other popular priced Dress Goods for summer wear.

New goods arriving daily.

J. Sellwood & Co.

BOWLING MATCH TONIGHT.

Thompson, Peterson, Rose, Campbell and Lundin have been chosen by "Let's" to bowl against Gribble's Negawee team tonight. The Negawee bowlers will in all probability be Sporkley, Kirkpatrick, Tompkins, Gribble and Sterlin. Mr. Gribble's team will be accompanied by a large delegation of rooters. The match is announced for 8 o'clock.

The long talked of match between the Cleveland-Cliffs office team and the Ishpeming Hematites has at last been arranged and will take place Saturday night at 9 o'clock. This is a match between young blood and the old war horses. The C. C. I. lineup will be Thompson, Lundin, Rose, Peterson and Johnson, with Campbell and Sullivan substitutes. The Hematites' lineup will be Braastad, Schilling, Gray, Dyer and probably Hayden.

Team No. 6 of the Businessmen's Bowling League won from team No. 3 at the Empire alleys last night by a margin of thirty-six pins. The third game was a tie, and was rolled off. Team No. 6 emerging in the lead. Tonight teams No. 7 and 10 will roll. Last night's scores were:

Team No. 3—

Reudin	127	168	166	461
Heindel	166	163	171	500
Schilling	132	166	158	456
Totals	425	497	495	1417

Team No. 6—

Reidinger	126	99	145	370
Bowers	182	174	129	485
Erickson	195	182	221	598
Totals	503	455	495	1453

"HEARTS OF OAK."

James A. Hearn's famous drama, "Hearts of Oak," with Ralph Stewart and Violet Horner in the principal parts, will be the Famous Players offering at Ishpeming theater Monday afternoon and evening next. The cast supporting Mr. Stewart and Miss Horner includes a number of well-known players. One of the important parts in the production is taken by Baby Gorman.

Remnants of all kinds, in both wool and cotton goods, cheap, at J. Sellwood & Co's.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Miss Viola Lidberg is here from Crystal Falls on a visit to her mother.

The members of the Ishpeming Ski club will meet tonight at the clubhouse.

Seth Johnson joined the day classes at the Ishpeming Business college Monday.

"Ban" Goodman of this city Monday took part in a minstrel show at Manistique.

The Knights of Columbus basketball team will practice this evening at 6:30 o'clock at the rink.

Jake Goldman and Adolph Skud, of Bessemer, are here on a visit to Mrs. N. E. Skud and family.

Harry Brewer and two other Ishpeming miners left last night for Iron River, where they expect to secure positions.

Mrs. David Johnston was called to Marquette last night on account of the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. Muhlhauser.

The ladies of Grace Episcopal guild will hold a market at Tilton's drug store Saturday morning, between 9 and 12 o'clock.

Dr. E. C. Robbins of Ishpeming and Dr. R. W. Boyer of Marquette left last night for Chicago to attend the national dental convention.

L. Erickson & Son have completed the erection of an iron fire escape at the rear of the Urban House. It extends from the third floor to the ground.

Mrs. A. E. Sterne arrived home yesterday from Virginia, Minn., where she spent the past several weeks visiting her daughter, Mrs. William P. Empire.

Gordon Thoney arrived home yesterday from Stout Institute, Menomonie, Wis., where he was recently graduated from the manual training department.

Thermometers in both the business and residence sections of the city registered fourteen below zero at an early hour yesterday morning. At 9 o'clock last night it was twenty-two below.

The fire department was called out yesterday morning to extinguish a chimney fire at the corner of North and Pine streets. For the same purpose the department responded at 6 o'clock last evening to an alarm from Wabash street.

A ten-cent social will be given tomorrow afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock in the parlors of the Presbyterian church, under the direction of Mesdames Christian, Oakley, Sackrider and Sievert. The members of the committee invite their friends to attend.

The members of Rebekah lodge, Independent Order of Old Fellows, will entertain this evening at 7:30 o'clock at a ten-cent social at the home of Mrs. Tripp, South First street, instead of Saturday evening.

Manville Jenks arrived home yesterday after an absence of a few months in New York, Vermont and other Eastern states. Mrs. Jenks stopped off at Oshkosh for a few days' visit with her brother, Ed Haslam. She will arrive home tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Dolson, 640 Morris street, were tendered a social surprise by about twenty of their friends Tuesday evening. The time was most pleasantly spent in playing games, and in other amusements, and an appetizing lunch was served.

Several Greenin people are coming to the city today to witness the production

DUBLIN STOUT.

English Tourist (sampling Dublin stout with evident appreciation)—Really, this is splendid stuff. They say it is both meat and drink.

Bystander (interrupting)—Shure, an' it's right you are, sor; an' if you take plenty av it it'll find ye lodgings too.

WHAT SHE WANTED.

"I want to stop my baby's cough," said a young mother Tuesday, "but I won't give him any harmful drugs." She bought Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It loosens the cough quickly, stimulates the mucous membranes and helps throw off the choking secretion, eases pain and gives the child normal rest. For sale by All Dealers.

In the museum of Aix-la-Chapelle there is preserved a newspaper whose pages measure 8½x6 feet, each page containing thirteen columns forty-eight inches long. The paper was started in New York city in 1850, but lasted but a short time.

FOR RENT—Four down-stairs rooms, with bath, gas, electric light and basement. Inquire Julius A. Johnson, at Johnson Bros. Clothing company's store, 134½ E. Johnson St.

FOR SALE—Good driving horse at a bargain, if taken at once. Inquire 319 E. Johnson St. 1-23-1w

W. Thurtell, the optometrist, is now in Ishpeming; office at Nelson House. Telephone for private calls. Eyes carefully and scientifically examined and glasses ground to suit each different case. All work guaranteed. 1-7-1f

Markets

Closing prices of stocks in the markets yesterday are reported by J. A. Minnear & Co., of Laurium, as follows:

Amst ... 54 @ 54 1/2	T. Tel. ... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2
Adv ... 1 @ 1 1/8	Iron Ex. 2.00 @ 2.70
Aig ... 2.95 @ 2.95	T. Mfg. ... 2.00 @ .25
All ... 36 @ 37	T. N. St. ... 1.50 @ .18
Anac ... 2.05 @ 2.05	W. Rind. ... 1.50 @ .58
Alas ... 27 1/4 @ 27 1/2	
A. Com. ... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2	Flor ... 20 @ 25
B. & S. ... 44 @ 44 1/2	Gold F. C. ... 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2
C. & H. ... 23 1/2 @ 23 1/2	Gold M. ... 3.50 @ .40
C. & B. ... 23 1/2 @ 23 1/2	Gold M. ... 2.50 @ .40
Chgo. ... 15 @ 15 1/2	Juni Ex. ... 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2
Chp. R. ... 32 @ 32 1/2	S&I Pick. ... 1.00 @ .13
Chgo. ... 35 1/2 @ 35 1/2	
Cohalt ... 28 1/2 @ 28 1/2	
D. West ... 18 1/2 @ 18 1/2	Buff ... 78 @ 1
E. Butte ... 8 1/2 @ 9	Buff ... 25 1/2 @ 6
Frank ... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2	Con ... 5 1/2 @ 50
Frax ... 82 @ 82 1/2	D. Res. ... 2 1/2 @ 5
Gr. Chu. ... 23 1/2 @ 24 1/2	K. Lake ... 4 1/2 @ 5
Han ... 11 1/2 @ 12	La. Rose ... 70 @ .80
Hed ... 27 @ 27 1/2	McKib ... 2.00 @ .75
H. Stake ... 117 @ 118	Nipis ... 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2
Insp ... 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2	Salt Lake ... 4 1/2 @ 5 1/2
I. Roy ... 17 1/2 @ 18	G. Cent. ... 90 @ 45
L. Blos ... 31 1/2 @ 32	L. Res. ... 2 1/2 @ 38
LeSai ... 31 1/2 @ 32	
Mass ... 31 1/2 @ 32	Bob ... 15 @ 15
Moh ... 50 1/2 @ 51	Brad ... 6 @ 7 1/2
Mia ... 18 1/2 @ 18 1/2	B. & B. 2 @ 2 1/2
M. S. ... 15 1/2 @ 15 1/2	B. & L. ... 25 @ .25
N. Butte ... 22 1/2 @ 23	C. & S. ... 15 @ .25
N. Cal ... 25 @ 25 1/2	C. & Cor ... 15 @ .20
O. Cal ... 25 @ 25 1/2	Chief ... 30 @ .25
O. Pamb. ... 42 1/2 @ 43 1/2	C. C. ... 50 @ .25
O. Ore. ... 25 @ 25 1/2	D. Dalv ... 30 @ 150
O. S. ... 25 @ 25 1/2	D. Ariz. ... 75 @ 8
Ray ... 19 1/2 @ 17 1/2	Hotox C ... 15 @ 2
Shan ... 45 @ 45 1/2	Kent ... 15 @ 15
Sub. C. ... 24 1/2 @ 25	Kew ... 25 @ 25
Vict ... 50 @ 50 1/2	L. & S. A ... 80 @ .50
V. Cons. ... 10 @ 10 1/2	N. Carr. ... 15 @ .15
W. Cop. ... 53 @ 53 1/2	NR Lode ... 15 @ 15
W. Con. ... 18 1/2 @ 18 1/2	Ojib ... 25 @ 1
Wol ... 51 @ 51 1/2	Ouro ... 25 @ .50
Street ... 42 @ 44 1/2	Santa ... 15 @ 25
do pt. 103 @ 104	So Hecla ... 10 @ 15
Tampah ... 98 @ 102	S. Lake ... 4 1/2 @ 15
M. Ton. ... 2.00 @ 2.00	S. & R. ... 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2
	V. Ex. ... 1.90 @ 2
	W. & A. ... 80 @ .90
	Yukon ... 2 1/2 @ .25

To Get Full Value For Your Money and Perfect Satisfaction With Your Coal and Wood Order From

CONSOLIDATED FUEL & LUMBER CO.

RICHES IN WHALES.

Sperm whales are the richest prize of the ocean, yielding spermaceiti from their cavities in their heads, ivory from their lower jaws, and rich yellow oil from their sides.

COLDS ARE OFTEN MOST SERIOUS STOP POSSIBLE COMPLICATIONS.

The disregard of a Cold has often brought many a regret. The fact of Sneezing, Coughing or a Fever should be warning enough that your system needs immediate attention. Certainly Loss of Sleep is most serious. It is a warning given by Nature. It is man's duty to himself to assist by doing his part. Dr. King's New Discovery is based on a scientific analysis of Colds. 50c. at your Druggist. Buy a bottle today.

The Argentine national health department has posted signs along the principal streets of Buenos Aires, telling what animals and insects should be avoided to lessen the dangers of infectious diseases.

Canada's last year exported dried apples valued at \$411,980.

FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

Backache? Feel tired? Not so 'spry as you used to be? Getting old? Many persons mistake kidney trouble for advancing age. Kidneys out of order make you feel old before your time. Foley's Kidney Pills tone up and invigorate the kidneys, banish backache, rid your blood of acids and poisons. Sold by All Dealers.

Ishpeming Theater

TODAY MATINEE at 2:00 EVENING at 6:45

THE STUPENDOUS PHOTO SPECTACLE

"CABIRIA"

The World's Greatest Picture, in Twelve Reels, at Great Bargain Prices, One Day Only

Prices for this wonderful production in the largest Theaters of New York and Chicago range from 25c to \$1.50

Read what some of the world's greatest critics said of it:

- "An overwhelming combination of startling surprises."—N. Y. American.
- "Unquestionably the world's biggest picture."—The Green Book.
- "More than the last word."—Channing Pollock.
- "To make this remarkable exposition of silent drama required 7,000 actors, 20 elephants, hundreds of horses, and 14 months' work at an expense of \$250,000."—N. Y. World.

MATINEE AT 2:00---DOORS OPEN AT 1:30 **EVENING AT 6:45---DOORS OPEN AT 6:15**

All Seats, first two floors, 25c.
Gallery, Adults, 15c; Children, 10c.

Note—Late comers tonight will be able to see the full production, as the first few reels will be repeated at the conclusion of the first performance, but all should come early and see the pictures from the start and get the thread of the story.

Tomorrow and Saturday—"THE IMPERIAL JAPS," Sensational Novelty Act.

Tomorrow--Maurice Costello in "LOLA, THE RAT," Vitagraph Drama.

der direction of Mesdames Christian, Oakley, Sackrider and Sievert. The members of the committee invite their friends to attend.

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Several Greenin people are coming to the city today to witness the production

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Delicio... C

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