

# THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

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PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## ESTIMATES OF DEATH ROLL IN ITALY INCREASED BY THE LATEST REPORTS FROM DISTRICTS DESOLATED BY 'QUAKE

### TWO STEAMERS SUNK BY STORM; ONE LIFE LOST

Shipwrecked Sailors, Picked Up in Atlantic, Tell Tales of Narrow Escapes from Drowning—Eighteen Men from Lumber Boat in Water Twelve Hours.

Norwegian Vessel, Bound for Rotterdam, Founders, But All Hands Are Rescued—The Thelma, for Buenos Ayres, Keels Over—Only Cabin Boy Perishes

New York, Jan. 17.—The steamship St. Louis, which arrived here today from Liverpool, brought, as passengers, sixty shipwrecked sailors, members of the crews of two vessels recently lost in the Atlantic. One of these was the Norwegian steamer Ohlense, which left New York Nov. 24 with a cargo for Rotterdam, and was caught in a gale and wrecked off the English coast on Jan. 1, while on the return voyage. Her captain, Johan Smith, and forty-one of his men, were on board the St. Louis. According to the men, the ship struck ground early in the day and wireless calls for assistance were sent out. These were answered by a tramp freighter and the British destroyer Acheron, the tramp taking twenty-eight of the men and the war vessel the other, all of whom were landed at Kirkwall, Scotland.

#### PILGRIM WENT DOWN.

Eighteen members of the crew of the American bark Pilgrim, lost Dec. 11 off the Atlantic coast, while bound from Newport News to Buenos Ayres, laden with lumber, also were on the St. Louis. The men were rescued by the steamship Thelma and landed at Kirkwall. Joseph Garrett, one of the crew, said that they were struck by the gale when about four hundred miles off of Newport News. The deckload of lumber gave way and the ballast shifted so that the Pilgrim went over on her beam ends, masts, boats and all deckworks going by the board. For twelve hours the crew were lashed to the stumps of masts and to the broken deckwork until the Thelma hove into sight.

#### ONLY ONE MAN LOST.

The seas were still running mountain high and the rescue was made with exceptional difficulty, many of the men being compelled to cast themselves into the sea and swim clear of the wreck to take the chance of being picked up by the Thelma's boats. Only one life was lost, Earl Hoyde, aged twenty-one, the cabin boy, going down while trying to reach a lifeboat. The men were sent home by the American consul at Kirkwall.

### MRS. SAYRE IS MOTHER OF SON BORN YESTERDAY; BOTH ARE DOING WELL

Washington, Jan. 17.—A son was born at the White House this afternoon to Mrs. Francis Bowes Sayre, President Wilson's second daughter. Mrs. Sayre and the child were reported to be doing well.

President Wilson made no effort to conceal his joy when informed that the child was a seven pound boy and that Mrs. Sayre was well. It is his first grandchild. The president had no boys of his own.

Mr. Sayre, who is assistant to President Garfield of Williams college, was not at the White House when his son was born. He arrived here late tonight from Williamstown, Mass.

A name had not been selected tonight, but it was expected that the child would be named for his grandfather. The christening is expected to be held in the White House before the return of Mrs. Sayre to her home in Williamstown. Congratulations poured into the White House tonight.

#### FORECAST OF THE WEATHER.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Cloudy, Monday; Tuesday, fair.

### MORE SHOCKS ADD TO TERROR OF THE PEOPLE

Buildings Which Had Been Cracked and Were Tottering After First Disturbance Wednesday Are Razed—Rain and Cold Augment the Suffering.

Thirty Thousand Persons Are Reported to Have Perished in Towns in the Department of Abruzzi—Women and Children Burned to Death in Wreckage.

London, Jan. 18, 4:35 a. m.—Special dispatches from Rome report that eleven more earthquake shocks were registered on Sunday.

Rome, Jan. 17.—A renewal of seismic disturbances early today served to add to the terror of the people in parts of the district that was visited by the heavy earthquake last Wednesday.

Although the shocks were light, buildings which had been cracked, and were tottering from the effects of the first disturbance, were razed. In Avezzano and Sora, the towns which suffered most from the disaster, the people left the temporary shelters in which they were living, and took refuge in open places.

Rain and extremely cold weather in some parts of the district, are hampering the work of rescue. This is particularly true of Sora, where a cold rain fell Saturday night and today. In many of the towns which were thrown down by the earthquake, it is feared there are still living persons beneath the debris, and that unless they are extricated soon they will perish.

#### 30,000 DEAD IN ABRUZZI.

Latest reports received in Rome increase rather than decrease the aggregate of the casualties and the extent of the damage done. In the department of the Abruzzi alone it is estimated that 30,000 persons met death.

The Italian government has appropriated \$1,000,000 for the relief work and King Victor Emmanuel has donated \$500,000, for the aid of children made orphans by the disaster. Relief supplies are pouring into the stricken districts, and it is believed that shortly there will be sufficient food supplies everywhere to alleviate temporarily the distress of the people. Trainloads of timber also are being dispatched to the destroyed towns for the erection of huts.

The terrific force of the earthquake cracked the mountains near Luco. Huge pieces of rock, each of which weighed several tons, rolled down the hillside burying the cottages of peasants, killing cattle and obstructing the roads. Mont Pizzola, 6,450 feet high, was cut into two parts by an immense fissure, which is visible at a great distance.

Most of the dead at Ortucchio are women and children, who were buried under the ruins of a church, which afterwards took fire from small carbon braziers, which women carry to keep them warm. Many of those buried were burned alive, despite frantic efforts made by survivors to save them.

Reports have been received here of the excellent work done by a relief expedition organized by the American Baptist church and led by Dr. Whiting Hill. Help was sent to remote spots which were difficult to reach.

#### 12,000 IN DEBRIS AT AVEZZANO.

Avezzano, via Rome, Jan. 17.—Twelve thousand bodies, it is semi-officially estimated, are buried under the fallen walls of this earthquake-ravaged city. Rescuers believe there still are many living beneath the tons of debris, and desperate efforts are being made to rescue them. Most of the irregular masses of stone have not yet been touched with pick or shovel. This is the fault of no one, because it would take a thousand workmen several days to turn over and excavate what has been slowly quarried and built up during centuries.

Captain Pisani Vettori, who has charge

of the relief work here, estimates that there are fifteen thousand dead in Avezzano, Cappel, Magliano and the villages in this immediate district. Up to midnight Saturday only five hundred bodies had been taken from the ruins. These were laid out irregularly in open spaces all over the city. Supplies are now pouring into Avezzano. Trainloads of timber are also arriving, as well as tents for 10,000 persons.

In the midst of this desolation are camp fires around which parties of survivors are cooking army rations which have been distributed to them. They sit shivering in the sharp winter air on this high tableland of the Apennines. An eight-day clock hanging on the only fragment of wall which remains standing, is still striking the hours.

The correspondent of the Associated Press, going about last night with two soldiers bearing torches, came across the bodies of a family of seven, father, mother, and five children. There was a ghastly row of more than one hundred lying near the villa of Prince Torlonia, in which were found the bodies of thirty-two domestics and employees of his estate. Neither the prince, nor any member of his family, was in the country house, which was destroyed.

There were thirty-two school masters in Avezzano before the earthquake, and only four survived, while only one of the sixteen school mistresses is living. All the professors are dead. Churches with massive walls, the ancient castle of Orsini, new structural steel and brick business blocks—all were leveled by the earthquake, which lasted only thirty-one seconds. A railway carriage has been transformed into a residence and office for the authorities who wish to leave all available tents for the survivors. Another car is used as a telegraph office.

Valuables already removed from the ruins are estimated to be worth \$4,000,000.

#### HOUSES AT SORA UNSAFE.

Sora, Italy, via Rome, Jan. 17.—Slight earth tremors have not ceased here, and the local authorities say that not a house in town is safe for occupancy.

Captain Fusi, who is directing the work of rescue, is convinced more than one thousand victims are buried in the debris. Rescue work is progressing slowly and there now is little hope of finding persons alive, because, in most cases, bodies are buried beneath immense piles of masonry. The authorities are devoting most of their attention to caring for the few persons who escaped death. The Red Cross has opened an emergency hospital, where the less dangerously injured are being cared for. Those more dangerously hurt are being taken to Caserta.

The sufferings of the homeless population have been intensified by a cold drizzling rain, which began early yesterday afternoon and continued steadily. Food is being distributed by communal officials. The church of Santa Restituta, protectress of the town, was full of worshippers when the first shock occurred. The members of the congregation rushed out, thereby saving their lives. A moment later a second shock leveled the edifice, destroying everything except a statue of the saint, which was not injured. The statue gleams white with arms upraised above the scene of desolation. The superstitious peasants believe they were saved by a miracle and that Santa Restituta herself protected her worshippers.

The official business of Sora is being transacted in the summer house in the garden of a village which suffered little from the earthquake.

The surviving residents of the town wander aimlessly through the streets apparently taking little interest in what is going on around them. They cannot realize yet the extent of the calamity, which has befallen them.

#### 10,000 HOMELESS AT LIRI.

Isola Del Liri, Italy, Jan. 17.—This manufacturing town, to the south of Sora, contains a population of nearly ten thousand persons, all of whom are homeless. There are probably less than one hundred dead here as the result of the earthquake. Shelter tents have been provided for some of the homeless, and bread and meat is being distributed at several centers in the town. Some of the largest mills have been destroyed and the Twelfth century church of San Domenico, which occupied a commanding position, is in ruins. Only a portion of the west front is now standing. Through the main door can be seen near the high altar the statue of the patron saint of the church, apparently uninjured. Above the debris in the church of the Crucifixion, which was destroyed, hangs the undamaged crucifix.

Throughout the country, which was shaken by the earthquake, additional shocks of more or less violence have followed the main disturbance, causing the people to take to the open.

There is scarcely a town or village within miles of Sora that escaped damage from the earthquake. Even in places where very few persons were killed or injured, general misery has resulted, as the authorities, fearful that the foundations of the dwelling houses have been rendered unsafe, have compelled their occupants to vacate them.

### U. S. CRUISER SAID TO CARRY REFUGEES FLEEING PALESTINE

London, Jan. 17.—The United States cruiser Tennessee has arrived at Alexandria, Egypt, with 1,500 refugees from Palestine, according to a dispatch from the Alexandria correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company. The total number of refugees in Alexandria now exceeds ten thousand, and the greatest difficulty is being experienced in housing them.

The refugees report, the correspondent adds, that great numbers of camels have been collected south of Palestine.

The last part of the correspondent's dispatch evidently refers to the reported preparations being made by Turkey for an invasion of Egypt, which would involve the crossing of sandy wastes.

### VILLA OFFICER TAKES REINS AT MEXICO CITY

Colonel Garza Named by Convention as Provisional President, Succeeding General Gutierrez, Who Fleed the Capitol, Fearing Death After He Was Deposed.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Colonel Roque Gonzalez Garza, one of General Villa's principal officers, today is the executive head of that portion of Mexican territory controlled by the Villa and Zapata forces.

Advices to this effect reached the state department from American Consul Silliman. Details of the term of office which Garza will serve were lacking tonight, but the general belief in Mexican circles here was that he had been appointed temporarily to meet an emergency created by the sudden departure of General Eulalio Gutierrez and members of his cabinet from Mexico City.

The belief was expressed in many quarters that the convention now in session in Mexico City, over which Roque Gonzalez Garza has been presiding, designated him to exercise the executive power until all elements agree on the man who is to fill the unexpired term of Presidents Diaz and Madero, which would end Dec. 31 of this year.

Roque Gonzalez Garza is about thirty-six years old, and is a man of culture and education. He has been practicing law for many years. He first came into prominence as a volunteer colonel in the Madero army, which overthrew the Diaz regime. He joined General Villa soon after Huerta came into power and has adhered to Villa since the very beginning of his friction with Carranza.

#### CAPITAL CITY IS QUIET.

Reports to the state department said conditions were quiet in Mexico City and, until a clearer understanding of what has occurred in the Mexican capital has been received, the attitude of the officials here will continue to be one of silence. Confirmation of the departure of Gutierrez and the assumption of power by Garza was received at the British embassy tonight from the British legation in Mexico City.

Foreign-owned oil properties around Tampico, concerning which both Secretary Bryan and the British ambassador here made representations to General Carranza, are now said to be in no danger of confiscation by Mexican officials. According to a telegram today from General Carranza to Eliseo Arredondo, his representative here, confiscation never was ever contemplated, and the oil wells are being operated without molestation.

#### GUTIERREZ IN FLIGHT.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 17.—General Eulalio Gutierrez, deposed as provisional president of Mexico by the national convention, which last night named General Roque Gonzalez Garza as his successor, fled from the capital early today with several members of his cabinet to escape assassination at the hands of the Zapatistas, according to reports received here tonight. No reason for the sudden change of executives is given. General Villa, with all the troops at his immediate disposal, is reported hurrying to the capital from Aguas Calientes.

## Good Progress Reported by Allies. French Losses Heavy, Says Berlin. Success in Poland Credited to Slavs

### GAINS CLAIMED BY EACH SIDE IN WAR IN WEST

FRENCH REPORT PROGRESS IN FLANDERS, THE GERMAN MANS IN ARGONNE.

FIGHTING IS SANGUINARY FURIOUS STRUGGLES IN THE ARRAS AND AISNE REGIONS CONTINUE.

VICTORY IS YET IN BALANCE ALLIES' DEFEAT AT SOISSONS AVERRED DUE TO A SURPRISE ATTACK.

London, Jan. 17, 10:30 p. m.—In the west, there has been some brisk fighting at many points. The French claim to have made further progress along the coast of Flanders, but not to the extent with which they have been credited by unofficial reports. Attacks and counter attacks have also prevailed in the region of Arras and in the Aisne valley, south of Laon, but apparently without either side making any advance.

The French progress, however, according to their statement, continues east of Rheims and in the Vosges, despite a heavy snowstorm. In the Argonne, the Germans claim to have improved their position.

An official German statement estimates the losses of the allies, since they commenced their offensive four weeks ago, at 150,000, including 20,000 killed and more than 17,000 prisoners.

An interesting account from German sources of the battle north of Soissons says that the French defeat was the result of a surprise attack. While the French expected an attack on their left, the Germans attacked on the right and center and drove the French out of positions north of the Aisne which it had taken them a month to capture.

Earl Grey, the former governor general of Canada, in reviewing a brigade of the Canadian contingent today, told them they would soon be sent to the front.

#### RAINS HINDER OPERATIONS.

Berlin, via Wireless to London, Jan. 17, 3:45 p. m.—The following official statement was issued here this afternoon: "Only artillery combats have taken place in Flanders. We made some progress in the Argonne, but steady rains have hampered operations along the entire front.

"About four weeks ago the order for the general attack which had been decided upon by the French authorities in December was given. The attempted attacks of the enemy in the western theater were met by the necessary steps on our part. The enemy's attacks brought him no success worthy of mention, whereas our troops north of LaBassee, on the Aisne and on the Argonne made very satisfactory progress.

"The losses of the enemy during this period, counted by us, amount to 20,000 killed and about 17,500 prisoners. He will now know from experience that, together with the wounded, his losses are in proportion of one to four, apart from the number of sick and missing, the grand total being 150,000 men. Our total losses for the same period do not amount to one-quarter of that number.

#### FRENCH CLAIM ADVANCES.

Paris, Jan. 17, 2:48 p. m.—The following official statement of the progress of the war was given out in Paris this afternoon:

"We have continued in progress in the region of Nieuport and Lombardtyde along a depression about two hundred yards in length. Our artillery forced the Germans to evacuate their trenches in the Great Dune, destroyed Rodam, which lies to the north of the Lattey, and bombarded the enemy's works in this part of the battlefield and to the south of St. Georges.

"In the region of Ypres, as in that of LaBassee and Lena, there have been artillery engagements.

"At Blangy, the action has been vigorous. We have maintained our position there.

"Our artillery continues to demolish

#### SUMMARY OF WAR NEWS.

The allies, in Belgium and France, and the Russians, in Poland, are making progress against the opposing forces, according to latest official statements issued from Paris and Petrograd. The Germans, who are endeavoring to advance on Warsaw, seemingly have been held in check, while Russian advance columns have stormed and captured the important pass of Kiribaba, leading from Bukovina, into Hungary.

The Turks in the Caucasus have met with another disaster in the neighborhood of Kara Urzan, advises from Tiflis assert, the Eleventh Turkish corps having been routed and all its artillery captured. Regarding the operations in the Caucasus, an earlier official communication, issued at Petrograd, said that the Fifty-second Turkish regiment had been overwhelmed by a bayonet attack, and that in the retreat of the Turkish troops the Russians took more than five thousand prisoners and vast stores.

Much of the fighting in Belgium has been done around the region of Nieuport and Lombardtyde, where the French claim to have forced the Germans to evacuate their trenches in Great Dune. There have been engagements also at various points along the great line extending to the German frontier, and in the Argonne the Germans claim to have secured the advantage, although the operations have been hampered by heavy storms. A German official estimate places the losses to the allies during the last four weeks in the west at about 150,000 men, and at the same time fixes the German losses at less than one-quarter of that number.

A conference of socialists from neutral countries is in session at Copenhagen, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Holland and Italy being represented. A peace program is under discussion, and it is announced that an appeal will be made to all neutral governments to use their efforts for arbitration.

The Persian minister to Russia declares that Persia should not be held responsible for the violation of Persian neutrality by the Turks, who are menacing Russia. He says that Persia has solemnly declared her neutrality, and intends to adhere to that declaration. The integrity of Persian territory, he adds, was guaranteed by Great Britain and Russia.

the enemy's trenches near La Boisselle.

"In the region of Soissons there is nothing to report.

"Between Vailly and Orsanne the enemy delivered, without success, severe attacks. In the region of Perthes and Beausjour our progress continues, in spite of a violent storm.

"In the Argonne, on the heights of the Mouse there is nothing new.

"In the woods of De Preire near Pont-a-Mousson a German attack was repulsed.

"In the Vosges we have gained ground to the west of Orbey. Snow fell in abundance all day."

### LIEUT. GEN. STOESEL, OF PORT ARTHUR FAME, DIES FROM PARALYSIS

London, Jan. 17, 11:30 p. m.—The death of Lieutenant General Anatole Mikhailovitch Stoessel, the defender of Port Arthur, is announced in a Petrograd dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company. General Stoessel had suffered from paralysis for several months.

Lieutenant General Stoessel was famous as the commander of the Russian troops at Port Arthur during the Russo-Japanese war. After he had held out there for months against the furious onslaughts of the Japanese, Stoessel, his ammunition all but exhausted, and his men virtually without food, surrendered the fortress to General Nogai. For this action he was condemned to death on Feb. 20, 1908, by court-martial. This sentence, however, was commuted by Emperor Nicholas to ten years' imprisonment. He was released from confinement from the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul the following year, by order of Emperor Nicholas.

"Our artillery continues to demolish

### RUSSIANS STILL HOLD GERMANS FROM WARSAW

SLAV FORCES ON VISTULA CLAIM SEVEN FIERCE ATTACKS REPULSED.

REPEL BAYONET CHARGES PETROGRAD REPORTS CAPTURE OF PASS LEADING TO TRANSYLVANIA.

HUNGARY IS THREATENED THIS DEVELOPMENT MAY CAUSE ROUMANIA TO HASTEN HER ACTION.

London, Jan. 17, 9:50 p. m.—While the main Russian army has been busy repelling what Grand Duke Nicholas, in his official report, describes as a series of violent attacks by Field Marshal von Hindenburg in an effort to break his way through to Warsaw, other Russian forces have stormed and taken Kiribaba pass, on the border of Transylvania, and have made further progress in their advance along the right bank of the Vistula toward the German frontier.

The Germans, in force, have delivered seven successive attacks, which developed into desperate bayonet fighting, on the Russian line on the left bank of the Vistula, and have succeeded in taking one of the Russian advanced trenches. Farther south, there have been similar attacks, each preceded by heavy artillery engagements. The Russians have succeeded in silencing the heavy Austrian guns which from the banks of the Dunajec had been bombarding the town of Tarnow.

#### CAPTURE OF PASS IMPORTANT.

The capture of Kiribaba pass, through which roads lead into the heart of Transylvania, is likely to have a political as well as a military effect. It will probably hasten the action of Roumania and will compel the German allies to send troops for the defense of eastern Hungary.

With the retirement of Count von Berchtold, the former Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, who is said to have favored another expedition against Serbia, and because of the great influence of the Hungarians in the council of the empire, by reason of the appointment of Baron Stephan Burian to be head of the foreign department, the troops which were destined for the operations in Serbia are likely to be diverted to meet the new Russian threat against Hungary.

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL VERSION.

Petrograd, Jan. 17.—The following official statement was issued from general headquarters tonight:

"On the right bank of the lower Vistula, we are still making successful progress. On Jan. 16 our advanced parties dislodged the enemy from the village of Budy Bulkowskia.

"On the right bank of the Vistula, the same day the enemy delivered a series of fierce attacks against our line in the region of the village of Goumine. The German forces included six regiments. After seven successive attacks and a desperate bayonet engagement, the Germans succeeded in capturing only one trench, occupied by one of our advanced posts. In the other sections we repulsed the enemy and forced them to fall back on their positions. The Germans supported their attacks with a violent artillery fire, employing heavy guns to search out the position where the attack was to be inaugurated.

"At the village of Komopitza the enemy, having approached, by sapping, to within about thirty yards of our trenches, was met with a storm of hand grenades, which checked the movement. Some volunteers, availing themselves of the confusion thus created, hurled grenades into the tunnel, which the Germans were forced to evacuate.

"In the region to the south of Pinczow [Poland] the enemy opened a violent artillery fire and made three attempts to attack our advanced lines, but were repulsed.

"Our artillery silenced an Austrian

(Continued on Page Three.)



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MONDAY, JAN. 18, 1915.

WILL THEY SUCCEED?

Will the railroads obtain any relief from the legislature? Comment of prominent members since their campaign to this end began to take form is none too encouraging.

For the railroads the most reassuring thing is the apparent willingness of the legislators to give their cases full and respectful hearing.

Discussion of the question has brought forth some impractical suggestions that indicate how superficial is much of the thought of legislators on issues of really great importance.

It chances, in this world of facts we live in, that of two competing railroads one is sufficiently better placed so that on a given fare, say two cents a mile, it can do fairly well, while the other is not able to earn anything like a living profit on this rate.

Would it not be well for the country to give less heed to those who cry "Peace! Peace!" when there is no peace, and set its house in order for what is to come?

Lord Kitchener is credited with the grim remark: "I don't know when the war will end, but I do know when it will begin, and that is in the month of May."

RESTORE THE ENROLLMENT.

While there is apparently little disposition on the part of the legislature to accept the "pre-primary" convention plan, there is still agreement that the primary law is in need of amendment, particularly to the end of increasing the difficulty of members of one party interfering in the nominations of another.

What is to be done about it? One thing suggested is that the enrollment provision should be replaced in the law. It had a more restraining effect on the practice it is desired to restrict than the present provision, or than any new provision that has so far been suggested.

Since, as some of the Republicans have put it, Governor Ferris "threw down the gauntlet" on the question of patronage it has been much discussed at Lansing.

they came into complete control of the state in that year. The patronage issue is, to some extent beneath the surface, receiving much attention at Lansing just now.

A STRANGE PROPOSAL.

Among the measures of the dregs that are not entitled to serious consideration is the one proposing to bar the sale of liquor within the limits of those incorporated cities, villages or townships in which institutions of higher learning are located.

Little is to be said for a measure that would apply such discrimination between communities as would follow on the enactment of this proposal, without any corresponding gain in effective prohibition of the liquor traffic.

LOOK IT IN THE FACE.

Lord Kitchener is credited with the grim remark: "I don't know when the war will end, but I do know when it will begin, and that is in the month of May."

Russia's 1914 levy of 1,200,000 soldiers is reported nearly ready to leave the training camps for the front.

Germany is whipping a new levy of 600,000 men into condition for fighting.

The allies, it is needless to say, are in co-operation. If the war is to "begin" for them in May, it is evident that something like their real strength, marshaled during the waiting time when their first forces in the field had to fight so hard to win, will be united to crush Germany, Austria-Hungary and Turkey.

The five months of the war in 1914 were fearful enough, but its early stages are likely to shrink into comparative insignificance beside what this year has in store.

It's time someone "soaked" Pat O'Brien, else the grangers will think he's affiliated with the proud and haughty of this peninsula, remarks Ishpeming Iron Ore.

Mr. Osborn is quoted in a Lansing interview as asserting that under no circumstances will he be a candidate for senator against Mr. Townsend in 1916.

peeted of the citizen who has a proper appreciation of his civic duties

The suggestion may not have had anything to do with it, but shortly before the state board of agriculture accepted the resignation of President Snyder, of the M. A. C., it was suggested in the newspapers that certain members of the legislature would be likely to make difficulties over the college appropriation unless this action was taken.

STATE PRESS

But what bothers an ordinary taxpayer is not so much what he is assessed as how his assessment compares with his fellow townsmen's.

Maybe the American army isn't very large. But history can tell a lot of things about that army that are pretty good as a warning to any bold foreigner.

The plan of Sheriff Cline to work county prisoners on a farm rather than to keep them idle in iron cells is one which should appeal to the board of supervisors.

The Battle Creek Journal says: "If you think it's a hard life, take a look at the discarded Christmas tree in the back yard."

To the statement that a great many foreigners are coming to see the Panama exposition next year this reflection may be added: A great many foreigners will not come, or go, to see anything next year—after the war gets through with them.

One cent now buys a full meal in Chicago, which will be welcome news to destitute base ball club owners.

"Christianity is impotent," declares Dr. Eliot. We wonder how he knows. Has it ever been really tried?

TIMELY QUIPS

Literary. The Honston Post remarks that while pneumonia gets a number of authors, starvation gets more. The profession of letters must look blue in Texas.

Policy. National prohibition might be adopted by unanimous consent if its effectiveness were postponed about fifty years instead of the usual year or two.

Romantic. As the war progresses it grows less and less fascinating to young men who can see nothing romantic in wholesale mechanical butchery.

Possibly. Possibly the administration expects Colonel Goethals to turn the locks on the canal when suspicious strangers are around.

Sportive. The American school boy is said to be disinclined to play old-time games like prisoner's base, leapfrog and blind-man's buff.

EDITORIAL OPINION

A Political Earthquake.

It seems odd to speak about the political effect of an earthquake, but the disaster in Italy may have international consequences of the largest size.

The five months of the war in 1914 were fearful enough, but its early stages are likely to shrink into comparative insignificance beside what this year has in store.

It's time someone "soaked" Pat O'Brien, else the grangers will think he's affiliated with the proud and haughty of this peninsula, remarks Ishpeming Iron Ore.

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perdition is less powerful today, but the earthquake has other ways of upsetting the plans of men.

The conquest of Tripoli has proved an expensive venture for Italy. The great war now raging has thrown a heavy burden upon her overtaxed people, and preparations to enter that war have added still more to the expense.

These things, he it understood, are possibilities, not probabilities. No thoughtful person looks for any real wisdom from the government at Vienna.

Two Good Appointments.

A number of the appointments which have been made by Governor Ferris are of an equal merit.

Insurance Commissioner Winslip has an equal potential responsibility to the state as a deserving public servant.

The retirement of Berchtold. Just how much there is behind the resignation of Count Berchtold, minister of foreign affairs for the Austro-Hungarian empire, it is impossible to guess.

A fair exchange. The terrible hardships of winter campaigning elicited from Judge W. H. Moore, the famous New York horseman, a story.

A thought he knew it. A story of a man from Kansas who, in the old days when Mark Hanna was a prominent political power, went to church, seated himself in a rear seat and shortly afterward fell sound asleep.

The deadly evidence. A Louisville business man was rimming through his pockets. He turned to his wife with, "You never put anything where it belongs."

Lost their store hair. It was never known before that 1,000 women could carry so much false hair on their bellies until the subway fire the other morning.

Lower state notes. OWOSSO—At the Michigan Hay and Grain Dealers' meeting here a committee was appointed to prosecute a law requiring the branding of bales of hay so that they can be held accountable for dirt, chaff, corn stalks and other foreign substances which, it was declared, are to be found in bales of hay.

HILLSDALE—Jacob Snyder, 72, a Civil War veteran, was granted a divorce from his wife, aged 42. He drew a pension of \$24 per month and testified that because he would not sign it over to his wife she looked him out in a blizzard and finally kept him out altogether.

ADRIAN—The first step in the local option campaign was a victory for the wets as the board of supervisors voted 16 to 11 to submit the question the coming spring.

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quently for the beginning of the general European conflict. It was he who dispatched the ultimatum to the Serbian government. It was he who declined to consider with favor the reply of the government in Belgrade, and it is he who is supposed to have moved under the influence of a representative of the German government who was in turn acting according to report, by immediate secret orders from the German kaiser.

Taking these things into consideration far does the resignation of the foreign minister indicate that Austria-Hungary has grown tired of the war and is beginning to make the position of those responsible for it too difficult to be comfortable and too questionable to permit them to be further use to the government?—Detroit Free Press.

A LAUGH OR TWO

The Conqueror's Return. Mr. Monatt, born first, spent most of his married life asleep, while Mrs. Monatt worked in the glass factory.

Why, Mrs. Monatt, what is the matter? Has your husband been wounded? "No, miss," (loud snoop). "Well, dear me! I hope he has not been killed!"

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fill a hurry-up wagon. These were taken to the station house, where they have been identified by the claimants. But, strange to say, no inquiries have been made for the bursute adornments. It begins to look as if the cops will have enough makings for many sota pillows.—New York Correspondence Pittsburgh Dispatch.

LOWER STATE NOTES

OWOSSO—At the Michigan Hay and Grain Dealers' meeting here a committee was appointed to prosecute a law requiring the branding of bales of hay so that they can be held accountable for dirt, chaff, corn stalks and other foreign substances which, it was declared, are to be found in bales of hay.

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Classified Want Directory

LOST—A lady's gold watch, Initials E. M. H. on back. Finder please return to Mining Journal office for generous reward. 1-18-15

WANTED—Railroad firemen, brakemen, \$100-\$120. Experience unnecessary. State age, Railway, care Mining Journal. 1-18-15

WANTED—One steam driven air compressor, about 1,000 cu ft per minute. The Thomas Engine Co., Milwaukee. 1-18-15

WANTED—Health and accident insurance solicitors by a large stock company. Most liberal policy on the market. Good opening for tip-top man. Liberal commission contract. Address 219 Free Press Bldg., Detroit. 1-16-15

FOR RENT—House 331 Harrison St. Key at 529 Harrison. 1-14-15

FOR RENT—Eight-room house, corner Fourth and Michigan streets. Inquire of Jacob Smith. 1-7-15

FOR SALE—Three heavy horses. For cash or on time, H. E. Bittner. 12-7-14

FOR SALE—Two-seater car, plush lined; good as new; cost \$15,000; will sell for \$7,500. A. E. Archambault, Marquette, Mich. 10-29-14

ANNUAL MEETING. Notice is hereby given that the annual stockholders' meeting of the Marquette City & Presque Isle Railway Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the company, 136 Washington St., in the City of Marquette, Michigan, on Tuesday, the 26th day of January, 1915, at ten o'clock.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. In the order named, quinine, calomel, castor oil, tincture of iron, opium and brandy are the medicines most used in the tropics.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. Sealed bids will be received for the following job until 5 p. m. 23rd day of January, 1915, bids to be addressed to city clerk, Gladstone, Mich., and to be accompanied by a check for \$100.00, payable to the order of the city clerk.

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BLOCK AND SPLIT WOOD WHILE IT LASTS For Spot Cash 16 inch Dry Block Hardwood, per load \$6.00 16 inch Dry Split Hardwood, per load \$6.75 PLEASE ORDER EARLY. PROMPT DELIVERY Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.

Don't you want a special fund for LIFE INSURANCE TAXES, or a SPECIAL HOLIDAY TRIP next December? If so take a CHRISTMAS MONEY CLUB membership at the MARQUETTE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK. 12-29-14



# Copper Country

## TWO MURDER CASES ON THE CALENDAR

**Criminal Docket for Houghton Circuit Court Term Is Announced by Prosecutor.**

Prosecuting Attorney Galbraith has completed the preparation of the criminal calendar for the term of the Houghton county circuit court beginning Jan. 25. The defendants and the crimes with which they are charged follow:

- Emil Straug, murder.
- John Lalanda, murder.
- James Cooper, et al, manslaughter.
- Matti Kauppi, obtaining money under false pretenses.
- John Merila, obtaining money under false pretenses.
- Nick Verbanec, John Hulita and Steve Oereto, conspiracy.
- Gus Wickstrom, William Hodge, Ernest Hocking, William Hendrickson, Mary Laurie and John Martin, statutory.
- Louis Shafer, Nick Paladina, John Tamulwicz and Anton Mubich, violation of liquor laws.
- Victor Lahti, assault with intent to do great bodily harm less than the crime of murder.
- William Faber, robbery.
- August Hivalla, careless use of firearms.
- Peter Tomeri, assault with intent to murder.
- Fred Danielson, forgery.
- Wallace S. Rudie, forgery.
- Edward Ryan, Thomas Duggan and Ray Griffin, robbery.
- John F. Ogden, wife desertion.

The Straug case undoubtedly will not be tried this term, as Straug was arrested in association with James Johnson, charged with the killing of John Lattala in January, 1914. Johnson was found guilty of manslaughter, but his case was appealed, or will be, and during the pendency of the appeal the other case is not likely to be tried.

The Cooper et al case, the so-called Seeberville murder cases, in which the defendants, now inmates of Marquette prison, have been granted a new trial, will not be tried this term. Judge Flannigan, who conducted the original trial, will be in Houghton early in the term to make an order releasing the men from Marquette and sending them back to Houghton for their new trial. As there has been a new prosecutor appointed for this case, J. F. Hambliter, he will require time for preparation and the case may not be tried till the May term.

### FARMERS WANT TELEPHONES.

Supervisor Salmu of Hancock Township Intervis Manager Reiff.

Supervisor Salmu was in Houghton the other afternoon as a committee representing twenty-one farmers living in Hancock township. He presented to Manager Reiff of the Michigan State Telephone company a proposal to furnish the agriculturists with telephone service.

There is at present no telephone service in Hancock township, other than the line to the Canal, which is not convenient to these farmers. They want a line from either Pontiac, Boston or Franklin. As a rural telephone line is limited to eight subscribers it is not unlikely that the telephone problem in Hancock township will be solved by installing a private branch exchange in the home of some one of the farmers. Manager Reiff will at once take up the matter with his superiors.

Supervisor Salmu says these farmers want telephone service and are able and willing to pay for it. This fact is looked upon as an indication of the prosperity of the agriculturists of the township.

Combined ornamental flower vases and trash receptacles have been originated in Asheville, N. C.

Elementary instruction is compulsory in France for children of both sexes between the ages of six and thirteen.

It is stated that no city in the world produces newspapers in such a variety of languages as New York.

## BUSINESSMEN STAND WITH THE RAILROADS

**Largely-Attended Conference at Houghton Indorses the Plea for a Three-Cent Fare.**

The business interests of the copper country, acting through a meeting of two hundred businessmen in Houghton on Saturday, decided to stand with the D. S. S. & A. railway in its attitude on the three-cent rate question. Copper county representatives at Lansing will be asked to support the railway's requests.

The meeting was brought about by businessmen representing no particular interest, by no organization; simply by men who felt that the railroads are as much entitled to a fair and impartial hearing as is any other interest. The striking peculiarity of the meeting, or rather of its result, was that a large group of businessmen should put themselves on record as favoring an advance in railroad rates. The action was almost entirely a close scrutiny of the thought presented by W. W. Walker, general manager of the South Shore and Mineral Range railroads, resulted in the conviction that the action taken was not only logical but inevitable.

John W. Black, general manager of the M. Van Orden company, acted in an informal manner as chairman and introduced Mr. Walker.

### Railroad Man's Presentation.

The speaker went at his subject matter in a businesslike manner, devoid of striving for effect. "I want to appeal to you gentlemen as citizens and businessmen of the upper peninsula for your co-operation in procuring a fair deal from the legislature now in session at Lansing," he said.

One of the strongest arguments Mr. Walker advanced was the statement that in most states the average population per mile is 349, while in the upper peninsula, the territory served by the South Shore, the population is ninety-three per mile. Railroads get their revenue from population. The Michigan legislature would have the South Shore give ninety-three people the same service as another railroad gives 349 people, in a given area.

The speaker showed that supreme courts, railroad commissions and other bodies controlling railroad rates had ruled against two-cent fares as not being adequate for the maintenance of the service demanded. He presented a mass of figures, based on the assessed valuation of the railroad, and challenged anyone to gainsay the assertion that a property is at least worth what the tax assessor says it is worth, to show that the return derived by the bondholders of the South Shore is triflingly small in proportion to the money invested.

A summary of Mr. Walker's remarks might be stated as follows: The South Shore has a big mileage per thousand of population. The nature of its territory is such that operating costs are high. It is offering a service equal to that in thickly populated districts. At a three-cent rate it can make its passenger service independent of its freight service, or self supporting. At a two-cent rate it must cut down speed of trains, disregard depreciation, exclude improvement in general because something far below a first-class railroad.

While asking the meeting to consider the rate question, Mr. Walker also asked that it consider pending legislation that is intended to increase the operating cost of railroads, legislation such as would require more members of train crews, and the like.

Action of the Meeting.

At the conclusion of Mr. Walker's remarks, Chairman Black asked for the will of the meeting, and it was expressed in the appointment of a committee consisting of J. H. Rice, H. S. Goodell, D. L. Robinson and F. W. Wier to draw up resolutions. The following resolutions were reported and passed.

"Whereas at a meeting of two hundred citizens of Houghton county, held in Houghton Saturday, Jan. 10, 1915, there were presented figures showing

the cost of operation and the net result paid on the assessed valuation of the properties of the railroads of the upper peninsula of Michigan; therefore, it is "Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that the present legal passenger rate of two cents a mile in the upper peninsula of Michigan is not sufficient to give a reasonable return of the assessed valuation and if the railroads are compelled to continue operating at this rate it will result in a loss to not only of the railroad property but of the other business interests of the peninsula; and be it further

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that it is in favor of the passage by the present legislature of a bill making this legal passenger rate in the upper peninsula three cents; and be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to every member of the legislature from this county."

It also was decided, at the suggestion of Colonel J. P. Wooten, to name a committee to circulate a petition favoring the will of the meeting. Messrs. Petermann, J. C. Pryor and A. J. Ruhl of Houghton, George Ruppe of Hancock and Robert Emmet Foley of Marquette volunteered to act on the committee. The meeting finally adjourned every man present signed the petition which is to be sent to the copper country delegation in the state legislature.

### THIS WEEK'S HOCKEY GAMES.

Duluth at Calumet Tonight—Chicago at Portage Lake Thursday.

The Duluth hockey team is announced to play at Calumet tonight and tomorrow night. The contests are announced as exhibition games.

The exact status of the Western hockey league cannot be ascertained. There is a different story from each camp. Duluth and Portage Lake and Calumet and the Soo each have a different view of the probable outcome of the quarrel between Portage Lake and Duluth. President Webb of the American association gives out no official statement that would appear to have weight with the sevens. In fact, at this time it is not known whether the Western hockey league is in existence or not.

The Midway Gardens hockey team of Chicago, made up largely of old copper country players, will play at Portage Lake at the Amphidrome next Thursday and Friday night. The Chicago team offers such a lineup as will insure good contests.

### DISTRICT IS SNOWED IN.

Severest Storm of the Winter Visits the Copper Country.

The copper country suffered the severest snowstorm of the winter Saturday night and yesterday morning. Official figures are lacking, but it is believed that three feet of snow fell in the twenty-four hours preceding yesterday noon in spite of this heavy fall, and the snow is of damp and heavy texture. There was little inconvenience suffered through traffic interruption. Telegraph lines were affected early Saturday night, but recovered early. All trains were nearly on time yesterday as usual in winter conditions. In the copper country the traction lines were kept open and schedules were followed closely in the circumstances.

### NO POULTRY SHOW THIS YEAR.

Copper Country Association Decides to Await a Better Winter.

John G. Stone, president of the Copper Country Poultry association, which for the last seven years has conducted an exhibition in the Amphidrome, announces that the association will not give a show this winter. President Stone says that this is due to industrial conditions in the county. Many of the exhibitors are miners, who have suffered through the depression and may not want to undertake the expense of preparing exhibits. The other necessary expenses have been raised among the businessmen and the association does not care to put the burden upon these friends of the poultry industry this year.

### DEVELOPMENT BUREAU PLANS.

E. A. Hamar of Chassell, John T. McNamara of Houghton, J. H. Jasber of Hancock and W. S. Prickett of Soudan, constituting the copper country committee of arrangements for the annual convention of the Upper Peninsula bureau to be held in Houghton Feb. 2, have prepared the Amphidrome for use as the convention hall. The arrangements have progressed no further, because the copper country committee is awaiting the action of the general program committee. This general committee consists of Alton T. Roberts of Marquette, T. A. Green of Ontonagon and George W. McCormick of Menominee.

### OLD-TIME HAND GUNS.

When Edward IV, returned to England, in 1471, ten years after he succeeded to the throne, he obtained some forces from his brother-in-law, the Duke of Burgundy, including 300 Flemings armed with hand guns, they being the first to introduce these weapons into England. Afterward they became common. At first they were fired by the application of a lighted match to the touchhole by the hand. The match was a wick lighted and pressed against the powder in the pan. The invention of a lock to fire the powder in place of the hand, was suggested by the trigger of the cross-bow. The matchlock fired the arquebus, or harquebus, used by the soldiers of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth centuries, in projecting a ball which weighed nearly two ounces.

Each year the import of opium from India into China is reduced by 5,100 chests.

### CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY—THE MOTHER'S FAVORITE.

"I give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to my children when they have colds or coughs," writes Mrs. Verne Shaffer, Vandergrift, Pa. "It always helps them and is far superior to any other cough medicine I have used. I advise anyone in need of such a medicine to give it a trial." For sale by all dealers.

## RUSSIANS IN POLAND STILL HOLD GERMANS

**Teutons Are Reported Unable to Make Successful Advance on Warsaw.**

(Continued from Page One.)

heavy battery as soon as they discovered the range.

"In Bukovina our advanced columns captured, by storm, Kirlibaba pass, on the Transylvania frontier, situated on the road from Kimpoling [in the southern part of Bukovina] to Maramoros-Sajeg [northeastern Hungary] and Dees."

### CLAIMS SUCCESS IN CAUCASUS.

Petrograd, Jan. 17.—The following official statement has been issued regarding the operations of the Russian troops:

"Our troops of the army in the Caucasus are successfully pursuing their offensive in the region of Kara Urgan [in Turkish Armenia]. On Jan. 15 they made more than 1,000 prisoners and captured a large quantity of munitions. On the other fronts, the actions are minor."

The following official communication from the army of the Caucasus was issued tonight:

"In the region of Kara Urgan the fighting is developing, with the advantage resting with our troops. By a bayonet attack, we annihilated the Fifty-second Turkish regiment, the survivors of which, including the commander and several officers, were made prisoners."

"In one direction, where we are pursuing the defeated Turkish troops, we took more than five thousand prisoners, fourteen cannon and enormous quantities of supplies and nearly ten thousand head of cattle."

### REPORTS TURK CORPS WIPED OUT.

Petrograd, Jan. 17.—The following report has been received from Tiflis:

"The army of the Caucasus has covered its flags with glory by a fresh heroic exploit, having annihilated the Eleventh Turkish corps with the exception of several insignificant elements, which are fleeing in disorder. We have captured all the artillery of this corps."

London, Jan. 17, 10:15 p. m.—A Petrograd dispatch to the Central News says:

"An official communication issued at 6 o'clock this evening says the Eleventh Turkish army corps has been exterminated near Kara Urgan."

### BERLIN'S VIEW OF WAR EAST.

Berlin, by Wireless to Sayville, L. I., Jan. 17.—The following announcements were made today by the Over-Seas News Agency:

"The Russian general staff of the army in the Caucasus now admits that certain points formerly occupied, have been evacuated. The explanation is made that this was done because of the necessity for a new grouping of troops."

"Warsaw reports that lack of coal has caused a paralysis of the textile industry. Rising prices of foodstuffs are causing great distress."

"An official German report on the fight near Tanga, German East Africa, states that two thousand Germans defeated eight thousand English, who lost three thousand men. German artillery set on fire an English transport steamer and seriously damaged the cruiser Fox."

### AUSTRIAN STATEMENT.

Vienna, Jan. 17, via London, Jan. 18 12:30 p. m.—The war office made the following official announcements tonight:

"The situation in Poland remains unchanged. On the Dniester river, in the district south of Tarnow, an artillery combat continued the entire day. In the Carpathians, everything is quiet."

### FOUR BURNED TO DEATH WHEN FIRE DESTROYS HOME.

Philadelphia, Jan. 17.—Four persons were burned to death early today in a fire that destroyed their home in the foreign section of this city. Four others were injured, one seriously, when they plunged from the third story of the burning building. The dead and injured were all members of the family of Fritz Skubinsky, who perished in a vain attempt to rescue his younger child.

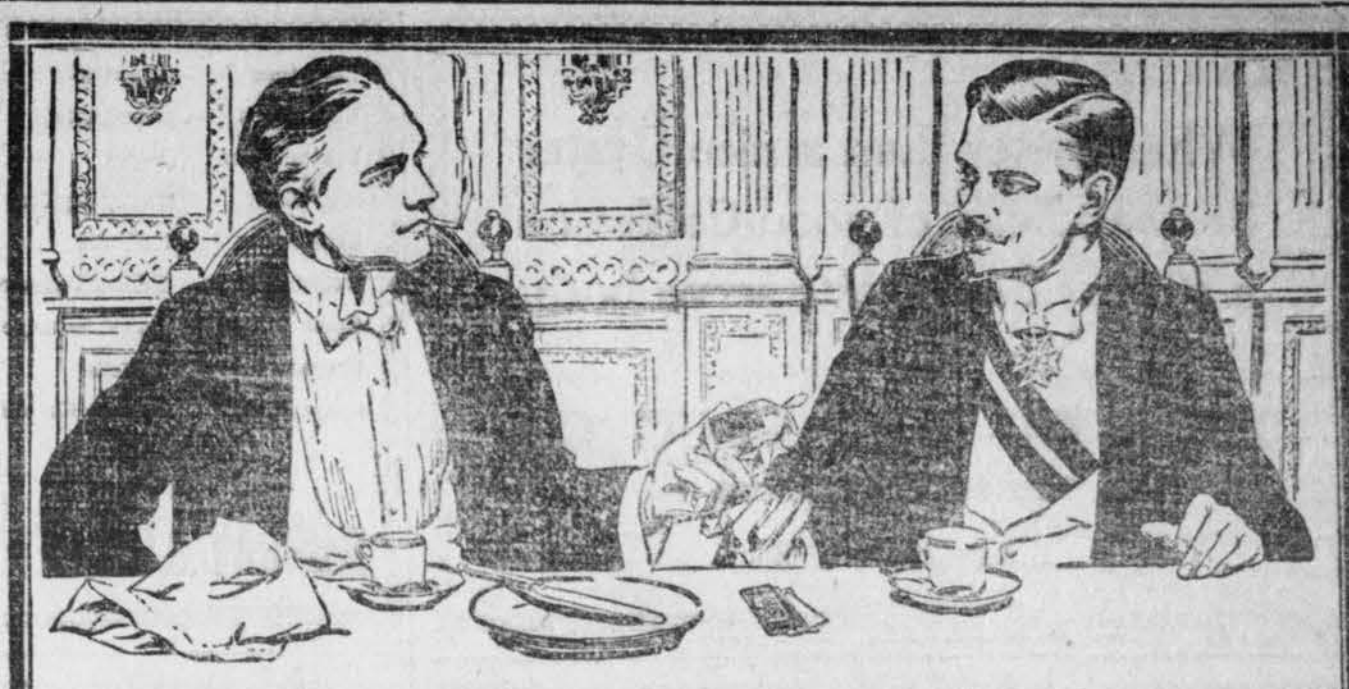
### A RAW, SORE THROAT

Eases Quickly When You Apply a Little MUSTEROLE

And MUSTEROLE won't blister like the old-fashioned mustard-plaster. Just spread it on with your fingers. It penetrates to the sore spot with a gentle tingle, loosens the congestion and draws out all soreness and pain.

MUSTEROLE is a clean, white ointment made with oil of mustard. There's nothing like it for quick relief for Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Stiff Neck, Asthma, Neuralgia, Headache, Congestion, Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Pains and Aches of the Back or Joints, Sprains, Sore Muscles, Bruises, Chills, Frost-bites, Colds on the Chest (it often prevents Pneumonia). Nothing like MUSTEROLE for croupy children.

At your druggist's, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$2.50. Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Refuse imitations—get what you ask for. The Musterole Company, Cleveland, Ohio.



## "Bull" Durham an International Favorite

Smokers of experience and discrimination the world over obtain year-round, daily enjoyment from "Bull" Durham tobacco. Men prominent in the social, business and public life of many nations find supreme tobacco satisfaction in the deliciously fresh, mild cigarettes of unique savor they roll for themselves, to their individual liking, from this wonderfully pure, mellow tobacco. Their distinguished example has made it correct, smart, fashionable to "Roll Your Own" upon every occasion.

## GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

There is no purer, milder tobacco in the world than "Bull" Durham—none other with such a sweet, mellow, irresistible fragrance. This rare, balmy aroma is as delicate and elusive as it is distinctive and pleasing, and can only be retained and enjoyed in the fresh-rolled cigarette.

"Bull" Durham hand-made cigarettes afford wholesome enjoyment and lasting satisfaction to more millions of men than all other high-grade smoking tobaccos combined.

**FREE** An Illustrated Booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a Package of cigarette papers will both be mailed free, to any address in United States on postal request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N. C.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY



## HULL HOUSE MEETING BREAKS UP IN A RIOT

Unemployed, Exhorted by Lucy Parsons, Cause Trouble When Parade Is Tabooed.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—A meeting of unemployed men at Hull House broke up today in a riot that ended when mounted policemen had charged the crowd, arresting a score. Numerous shots were fired, and a dozen men and women among the unemployed were cut and bruised.

Among those arrested were Lucy Parsons, widow of the anarchist hanged for murder after the Haymarket riots years ago, and Irion Tucker, who said he was a minister. Mrs. Parsons was one of the speakers. She had talked of what she called "unnecessary" lack of work in Chicago, and had told the men as long as they accepted charity they would have no work.

The rioting started when the men formed in line and attempted a parade, which was stopped by the police. Michael Devito, a detective, forbade the men to parade without a permit. Someone struck him and knocked him down. Devito said, as he rose to his feet, the policeman fired five shots into the air.

Fifty or more men, some of them carrying banners which read "Give us this day our daily bread" and "Hunger," surrounded Devito and threatened him. Police reserves rushed the crowd, arresting all who refused to disperse. Tucker denied that he had taken any part in the rioting and said he was on his way to Hull House to the meeting of the unemployed when he was arrested.

Miss Jane Addams, in charge of Hull House settlement, was addressing a meeting of the emergency association of peace forces at a downtown theater during the rioting. After her meeting she visited the police stations and with others from the settlement house arranged for the release of those who had been arrested.

### JILTED LOVER SHOTS GIRL, THEN TURNS GUN ON SELF; HE IS DEAD; SHE MAY DIE.

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 17.—Just after the opening prayer in the services of the Church of God here tonight, Frederick C. Erdman opened a side door and fired a revolver shot at his former sweetheart, Hattie Garwitz, inflicting a wound which probably will prove fatal. The congregation was immediately thrown into a panic, and there was a wild rush for the doors. Several of the audience fell to the floor and were trampled on. Erdman fled to the south end of the city, where he took poison

and then shot himself. He died within two hours.

Several persons who were trampled upon in the wild rush of the church congregation for safety, are in a serious condition.

Miss Garwitz, who is twenty-seven years old, is the daughter of a wealthy retired farmer. Erdman, who also is twenty-seven years old, was recently jilted by Miss Garwitz, it is said.

### WHAT A ZEPPELIN IS LIKE.

Few military instruments in the war have come in for so much discussion as the Zeppelin airships, yet few people really know just what these formidable machines are like, says Tit-Bits. In appearance the Zeppelin resembles a long, narrow pencil with sixteen sides. Its exact measurements being 400 feet long and 30 feet in diameter. If a Zeppelin was placed vertically next to St. Paul's cathedral it would prove to be over 100 feet taller than this historic building. The body of a Zeppelin is constructed of aluminum, and is so built on the girder principle that despite its extreme lightness it can withstand immense strain. Over this frame specially prepared rubberized silk is stretched.

The interior of the Zeppelin envelope is not filled entirely with gas, as is the case with the balloon. It is divided up into sixteen compartments, each of which contains its portion of hydrogen gas. These "balloons," as they are termed, look like sixteen sacks lined up inside the sausage-shaped "parent" balloon envelope. By means of this constructional system, the Zeppelin cannot be sunk unless half of its "balloons" are robbed of their gas. Also these sections prevent the body of the airship being forced out of shape, through the wind resistance set up when the machine is forcing its way through the air at fifty miles an hour.

There are two cars to the Zeppelin, placed close under the main body, and each has a petrol driven engine, driving propellers mounted on the sides of the main envelope. Engines developing 500 horse-power are required to force these machines through the air when loaded with a crew of twenty-five men and some five tons of explosives and other equipment.

A Zeppelin is a costly production, and \$200,000 is required to build such a military weapon and equip it for destructive purposes. The expense connected with these airships does not end here. Great sheds must be erected, and gas producing plants laid down, so that the Zeppelin may have its daily feed of hydrogen.

The speed of this type of airship does not exceed fifty miles an hour, but an ordinary head wind can tremendously reduce the rate of travel of the machine. As for its climbing powers, the Zeppelin, unless its captain adopts the desperate expedient of throwing overboard all his armament at once, seldom reaches a greater altitude than 10,000 feet, and then its upward progress is slow. An aeroplane can climb 1,000 feet in two minutes, and reach an altitude of 19,000 feet, hence it can quickly rise above a Zeppelin for bomb throwing purposes.

## SICK CHILDREN LOVE CASCARETS FOR THE BOWELS

Give "Candy Cathartic" for a Bad Cold, Sour Stomach, Constipation.

Get a 10-cent box now.

Most of the ills of childhood are caused by a sour, disordered stomach, sluggish liver and constipated bowels. They catch cold easily, become cross, listless, irritable, feverish, restless, tongue coated, don't eat or sleep well and need a gentle cleansing of the bowels—but don't try to force a nauseating dose of oil into the little one's already sick stomach—it is cruel, needless and old-fashioned.

Any child will gladly take Cascarets Candy Cathartic which act gently—never grip or produce the slightest uneasiness—though cleanse the little one's system, sweeten the stomach and put the liver and bowels in a pure, healthy condition.

Full directions for children and grown-ups in each package.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this gentle, thorough laxative which costs only 10 cents a box at any drug store.

## GIRLS! CLEAN AND BEAUTIFY HAIR NO DANDRUFF—25 CENT DANDERINE

Stop Washing Hair! Try This! Makes Hair Glossy, Soft and Abundant.

Surely try a "Danderine Hair Cleanse" if you wish to immediately double the beauty of your hair. Just moisten a cloth with Danderine and draw it carefully through your hair, taking one small strand at a time, this will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or any excessive oil—in a few minutes you will be amazed. Your hair will be wavy, fluffy and abundant and possess an incomparable softness, lustre and luxuriance.

## Good Living Possible

—even in hard times, by a little care in the choice of foods.

One's diet can be simplified and made more healthful by cutting down on high priced meats, and adding a liberal ration of the delicious wheat and barley food—

## Grape-Nuts

This means both good nourishment and wise economy.

Grape-Nuts contains all the nutriment of these splendid grains, including an abundance of Nature's vital phosphates—all in concentrated, but easily digestible form.

Grape-Nuts furnishes rich nourishment. Ready to eat from the package with cream or milk. Crisp, sweet and appetizing!

There's a way to live well and

"There's a Reason"



What better than a nice Oyster Stew and cup of good Coffee on a stormy day? We serve both.

**THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.**  
The REXALL Store  
Stews 25c and 35c

**Look Over This List!**

- Carving Sets
- Casserole
- Chafing Dishes
- Pocket Knives
- Bread Trays
- Crumb Trays
- Baking Dishes
- Snow Shoes
- Egg Openers
- Egg Boilers
- Scissors
- Skates

IN A LARGE ASSORTMENT  
**M. R. MANHARD & SON, Ltd.**  
Wholesale and Retail Hardware

**The D. L. & W. Coal Co's**  
Celebrated

- Scranton Anthracite
  - White Ash Splint
  - Kentucky Bright Flame Cannel
  - Pocahontas Smokeless
  - Youghiogheny Soft
  - Lilly Smithing
- F. B. SPEAR & SONS**

**D. L. & W. Genuine Scranton Anthracite**

- Youghiogheny Soft
- Pocahontas Smokeless
- Lilly Smithing
- Blue Grass Cannel
- Island Creek Splint
- Large stock of Pea Coal
- Clean Coal
- Prompt Service

PHONES 90 & 293  
**JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD.**  
THE BEST COAL

**Lucca Extra Olive Oil**



14 oz. cans ..... \$ .55  
28 oz. cans ..... 1.00  
56 oz. cans ..... 1.85  
112 oz. cans ..... 3.50  
DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE.  
Leading physicians prescribe a spoonful night and morning for impaired vigor and low vitality. It promotes digestion and makes firm, healthy flesh. It is claimed a desert spoonful taken twice a day will prevent appendicitis.

**G. MARTINI & CO.**  
CALUMET, MICH.

**The Superior Hotel**  
Munising, Mich.

Well furnished rooms. Steam heat. Electric lights. All outside rooms. Free baths \$2.00 per day.  
Jos. E. Michelin Propr. 12-29-14.

**Baltimore Cafe**  
Vierling Block, Main St.

Business Lunch served from 11:30 to 1:30. 25c.  
Give us a call.  
**MCCANN'S**

**CHARLTON & KUENZL,**  
ARCHITECTS.  
Marquette, Michigan.

**Pitching a "Shut-out" Game Is an Achievement**

It takes the strong arm, the quick eye, the active brain, control—supreme control over self and ball; neither gesticulating coarsely, nor yelling fan distract his eyes for a moment. Standing in the box, alert, smiling, confident, "putting them over," outguessing the latter, he wins his game.  
Only by the proper development and direction of your power can YOU hope to win. The wise man has for his druggist the druggist who knows—who can help both his body and mind—a druggist with a message. Call or phone me at any time

**JONES' DRUG STORE**  
Baraga Ave. and Third St.

- Tomatoes
- Cucumbers
- Oyster Plant
- Egg Plant
- Cauliflower
- Radishes
- Green Onions
- Grapes
- Grape Fruit
- Oranges
- Kumquats
- Pears
- Fancy Apples
- Red and Yellow Bananas
- Jones' Sausage
- Oysters
- Cottage Cheese

AT  
**MURRAY'S GROCERY**

**Fresh**

- Cucumbers
- Tomatoes
- Pie Plants
- Lettuce
- Radishes
- Cauliflower
- Sweet Potatoes
- Celery
- Parsley
- Green Onions
- Peppers

AT  
**DEL'S GROCERY**  
WASHINGTON ST.  
WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

- Fresh Today**
- Head Lettuce
  - Celery
  - Cranberries
  - Horse Radish Root
  - Pineapple Oranges
  - Bananas
  - Stuffed Dates
  - Layer Figs
  - Grape Fruit

**McLean's GROCERY**  
Phones 64 and 65  
601 N. Third Street.

**PALACE LIVERY STABLE**  
JOSEPH FAY, Prop.  
First Class Boarding Stables.  
TEAMS OF ALL KINDS.

WORLD FILM FEATURE.  
"The Wishing Ring" at the Delft Theatre Tomorrow.

One of the productions of the World Film Corporation, "The Wishing Ring," a Shubert feature in five reels, with Vivian Martin in the leading role, will be exhibited tomorrow at the Delft theatre. The production is filled with intensely interesting drama, and throughout it is interspersed some excellent comedy. The following is the story told by the reels:  
Sally's father was the parson of a poor church. Sally, though in rags, had artistic instincts, and in order to get flowers for the church vases she invaded the garden of old Annesley and gathered them without the formality of asking for permission. Annesley was annoyed at the mysterious disappearance of his pet flowers, and in a quarrel with his gardener received the old servant's apron in his face. Giles, son of the parson, testy Earl of Bateson, is expelled from his college because of his boyish instincts of mischief. His father places him in the hands of a private tutor, from whom he escapes. Annesley gives him the gardener's apron and puts him in charge of his roses. Sally makes another raid, is caught by Giles takes pity on her poor little roses, and their acquaintance ripens into friendship. During one of their walks together they happen on a gypsy camp. One of the gypsies tells Sally that she will marry a nobleman's son and presents her with a wishing ring. Naturally superstitious, Sally construes coincidences as replies to her wishes. Her parents attempt to bring father and son together when she finds who Giles is, and her many curious adventures, form a beautiful and touching story, a real "Peg o' My Heart" of the films. The ending is the happy marriage of the lovers.

Although most of the cities in Japan have good sidewalks, modern street paving is practically unknown in the empire. A bee will visit from eighty to one hundred heads of clover before getting a load of honey.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.

**City Brevities**

Bishop G. Mott Williams spent the week-end in Gladstone.  
Miss Edna Sunblad spent the week-end at her home in Ishpeming.  
John G. Gauthier, of Escanaba, was a Marquette business caller Saturday.  
The Pythian Sisters will meet at 7:30 o'clock this evening in Fraternity Hall.  
Leslie Haring left yesterday afternoon for Detroit, on an extended business trip.  
C. B. Driscoll, of Negaunee, was among the business callers in the city Saturday.

A son was born Saturday night to Mr. and Mrs. John Powers, 238 West Michigan street.

Mrs. W. B. Lum and Miss McCann left last evening for Florida, where they will spend the winter.

Miss Lillian Jaaksi and Elvira Wayman, of Ishpeming, visited with Marquette friends yesterday.

Miss Elizabeth Sness arrived in the city Saturday afternoon from Negaunee, where she visited at her home.  
Miss Rose Van Linden left last evening for Ironwood, where she has accepted a position in the public schools.

Mrs. D. J. Caven arrived home Saturday evening from Chicago, where she had been visiting with her daughter.  
Mrs. M. P. Youngs has arrived home from Milwaukee and Florence, Wis., where she had been for the last two weeks.

Harvey Rose left Saturday morning for Stephenson, Monticomee county, where he has accepted a position as teacher in the Stephenson schools.

George J. Webster, manager of the Lake Superior Iron & Chemical company, left Saturday evening for Chicago on a several days' business trip.

The senior division of St. Aloysius sodality entertained at a "hard times" dancing party at Bureau's hall Friday evening. It was well attended.

C. A. Hager left last evening for Chicago and Grand Rapids, where he will attend furniture exhibitions. He is making his semi-annual purchasing trip.

Henry Block, of St. Paul, is in the city for a few days to conduct the examination of petitioners for naturalization who will attend the February term of circuit court.

Miss Anna E. Wallace left Saturday evening for Salina, Kansas, where she will be employed at a hospital. She will short time before going to Salina.

F. S. Case leaves tomorrow for Eloise, Mich., to attend a joint meeting of the school boards of the state. The joint sessions of the boards are held semi-annually. Eloise is a short distance from Detroit.

The president of the Women's society of the Presbyterian church requests the ladies of the congregation to meet at the new St. Luke's hospital building early this afternoon, to sew on curtains and other furnishings.

Miss Jean Lundquist, of this city, a teacher in the schools of Norway, Mich., has been taken ill with diphtheria. The Norway schools were closed for two days last week as a result of the appearance of the disease.

**Report Favorable**—An analysis of a sample of the water taken last Wednesday, Dr. Mac showed it to be excellent. It developed no bacteria at incubator temperature and only 11 at room temperature.

**Teachers Meet Today**—The Marquette Grade Teachers' association will meet at 3:45 o'clock this afternoon in the assembly room of the high school, where they will be addressed by Superintendent Scribner, of the Ishpeming schools.

**Peter White Officers**—At a meeting of the directors of the Peter White club Saturday afternoon, the following officers were chosen for 1915: George J. Webster, president; Orie E. Brown, vice president; Ray H. Zerbel, secretary; Oswald E. Barber, treasurer; Arthur A. Freisteadt.

**Will Give Dance**—The Pythian Sisters will give a dancing party at Fraternity Hall this evening for the members of Marquette lodge, Knights of Pythias. The music will be furnished by the Pythian orchestra. All visiting Knights, as well as the members of Marquette lodge, are invited to attend.

**Will Speak at Banquet**—E. W. MacPherran, formerly of Marquette, will be the speaker of the evening when Clan Stewart of Duluth celebrates the anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns. The event will take place Jan. 25. Mr. MacPherran will discuss events in the life of the Scottish bard. A banquet will be given at the Spaulding, with the program and dancing to follow.

**Royal Arcanum Meets Tonight**—Mr. Kinley counsel, Royal Arcanum, will meet this evening in Siegel's Hall. A surprise is in store for the members. At the last meeting of the lodge there was a banquet. Two locations have been proposed for the society's club rooms, and a site will be selected at tonight's meeting. The arrangements for the establishment of the club rooms have been about completed.

**At the Opera House**—Hoyt, Stein & Daley, presenting a comedy act, have been booked by the management of the Marquette Opera House for the first three days of the week. Today's pictures will be: "Arthur Truman's Ward," a

Vitagraph comedy-drama; "Wade Brent Pays," a Selig drama, and "His Suicide" and "Flossie's Daring Loyalty," a Lubin comedy. For Thursday the opera house has obtained "Rip Van Winkle," an unusual feature, with Thomas Jefferson in the title role, and on Friday will be shown "The Thief," a special feature, with Dorothy Donnelly, who played the leading role at one time in "Madame X."

**SENATE COMMITTEE TODAY.**  
Will Pay Visit to the Marquette Prison and Normal School.

The senate committee on the Marquette prison will arrive in Marquette at 10:15 o'clock this morning, to visit the institution. The senators will go to the prison directly from the train. They will dine at the penitentiary this noon. In the afternoon it is expected that the committee will go to the Northern State Normal to view the administration building, now in course of construction.  
The house committee on the Marquette prison will be in the city Friday. It has not been announced whether the other upper peninsula institutional committees of the house will be here at that time.

**"CABARET" SHOW AT GUILD HALL**

Excellent Entertainment Will Be Provided by Guild Thursday Night.

An innovation in the way of amusement will be a "cabaret" show at Guild Hall Thursday evening this week. The entertainment will be in progress from 8:30 until 12 o'clock. Around the hall will be placed two rows of tables, each table seating four persons, and in the center of the hall will be a large square for dancing and vaudeville features.

General dancing will be interspersed by exhibitions of the latest steps. Miss Retalie and Miss Pearl Tucker and the Messrs. Gordon and Lawrence Tucker will demonstrate an intricate figure dance, known as the tango trio. Mr. Van Evera and partner are preparing a number that will be entirely new. Miss Signa Gilling will perform a solo dance in a spotlight.  
"Dun" Goodman, of Ishpeming, will be another entertainer. He will give several of his well-known dialect stories, probably some of his "backwoods" French and Swedish anecdotes. A male quartet will sing several numbers, and in addition there be songs by individuals. Refreshments will be served at the tables during the course of the evening.

**MARQUETTE TEAM WON.**  
Cleveland-Cliffs Bowlers Lost Out at Elks' Alleys Saturday Night.

Saturday night's match between a bowling team of the Cleveland-Cliffs office, of Ishpeming, and the Marquette Braves, rolled at the Elks' alleys, was won by the Marquette men by a margin of ninety-three pins. The contest was of exceptional interest and was watched by many spectators. The detailed scores follow:

Cleveland-Cliffs	Elks	Marquette		
Thompson	186	198	175	539
Erickson	137	159	153	449
Laumet	189	174	170	531
Peterson	114	172	151	437
Rose	184	155	152	492
	810	853	808	2471
Braves				
Erickson	167	201	159	527
Lawrence	210	174	140	511
Pennington	189	174	140	511
Porter	185	138	221	544
Levene	157	151	160	468
	911	838	810	2564

The Hematites, of Ishpeming, will be in Marquette one evening this week to bowl the Mineralites.

In the city leading league being formed by H. O. Bell, manager of the Elks' alleys, there are about forty entries. A league to be known as the Elks' league also is being organized. It will be made up only of Elks.

**YGDRAIL MEETS TONIGHT.**  
Normal School Society Will Present Music and Literary Program.

At a meeting of the Ygdraill Literary society of the Northern State Normal school this evening at 7:15 o'clock in the assembly hall an excellent program will be offered. The public is invited, and no admission will be charged.  
The program will open with vocal solos by the Misses Muriel Ockstadt and Estella Patriek. They will be followed by a debate, in which the Misses Dunstan and Moloney will uphold the affirmative, and the Misses Kostlinck and Teety, the negative. The subject will be: "Resolved, That President Wilson was justified in withdrawing the troops from Vera Cruz Nov. 23, 1914." The debate will be followed by an informal discussion in which the members of the society will take part.

A piano duet will be played by the Misses Ethel Young and Florence Brown. Miss Gladys Schlabach will play a piano solo.

"A Dream of Fair Women," a dramatic reading, will be presented by students of the department of reading. The cast

**It Rests With You Entirely—**  
If you're to enjoy the comforts of independence and success. The means lie right in your own hands.  
Success is seldom the result of chance. Luck does not cut as big a figure as you suppose. You won't get anywhere by envying the man who is comfortably situated.  
Success Comes To Him Who Works and Saves With a Purpose  
No matter what you earn, save part and bank it. Small beginnings lead to opportunities for making money.  
Make up your mind to save. Start an account at this bank.

**MARQUETTE NATIONAL BANK**  
MARQUETTE-MICH.

**Delft Theatre**

TODAY  
Hearst-Selig News Pictorial  
Number 82  
Lat'at Topical News.

"The Man That Might Have Been"  
Vitagraph drama.  
Featuring Leah Baird, Leo Delaney and Wm. Humphrey.

"The Girl of the Open Road"  
Edison drama.

"Cause for Thanksgiving"  
Vitagraph comedy.

TUESDAY  
Big World Film Feature  
VIVIAN MARTIN in  
"The Wishing Ring"  
Photoplay in five acts.

Method Now Used on Street Cars Not Favored by Mayor Begole.

That the "pay-as-you-enter" system which has been used on the Marquette street cars for the last two weeks or more is not as satisfactory as the former method is the belief of many Marquette people. The principal cause for complaint is the inconvenience caused passengers. The number of employees on the car has not been reduced any.

Mayor Begole is among those who do not consider the system in a favorable light. Persons enter and leave the car present plan, paying their fare to the conductor as they step into the vestibule. Both the motorman and conductor are stationed on the front platform.

An objectionable feature, the elimination of which has been brought about by Mayor Begole, was the locking of the

**MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE**

Monday Tuesday Wednesday  
**Hoyt, Stein & Daly**  
Comedy Act

Tonight's Pictures:  
"Arthur Truman's Ward"  
Vitagraph Comedy-Drama.

"Wade Brent Pays"  
Selig Drama.

"His Suicide"  
"Flossie's Daring Loyalty"  
Lubin comedies.

COMING  
Thursday  
Thomas Jefferson  
in  
"RIP VAN WINKLE"  
Friday  
Dorothy Donnelly  
in  
"The Thief"

sliding door which shut off the interior of the car from the front platform. As the rear doors were locked and were not used, the locking of the front entrance practically locked in the passengers, who would be unable to make their exit in case of an accident. The mayor ordered that the front door be left unlocked, and this has been complied with.  
One of the objections is the closing of the rear doors, sometimes making it necessary for a person to force his way through a crowded car to make his exit. The practice of youngsters straining rides on the cars has been increased.

—MY—  
**Studebaker "25"**  
1914 MODEL  
For Sale Cheap

**SI WILLIAMS**

**J. A. MINNEAR & CO.**  
Phone 820 North  
BROKERS  
Laurium, Michigan

Orders executed in all markets for cash. We can also now handle your stock business on liberal margins, and shall be pleased to confer with you about any loans you may desire.  
A study is made by us of stock values and our information department is always at your disposal. Dividend and assessment records of the different companies are compiled by us and this service is at your command.  
We shall be pleased to handle business for you in the coppers, railroads or industrials as well as Goldfield, Tonopah and the other precious metal shares.

**YOU CAN JOIN THE Christmas Money Club**

any time during January by making back payments

First payments were due during the week beginning December 28th.  
A special window is reserved for the exclusive use of the members of the Club, and we are open every Tuesday afternoon from four to five o'clock for the accommodation of school children.

**Marquette County Savings Bank**  
Small Regular Savings Bring Wonderful Results

**Our Weekly Chat**

We do not permit our salespeople to misrepresent things, nor do we present them falsely in our advertisements. Whatever we tell you or sell you is exactly as represented—that is, as you would have it.  
The groundwork of our business is honesty. Our goods are honest, our methods are honest. We aim to sell you more than service. We sell you the best of merchandise at lowest prices. This, combined with our perfected store service, should make this store your only shopping place.  
Very truly,  
A. L. Butler



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# EXTRA

## The Greatest Sale Ever Held of Odd Winter Coats

### AT \$4.95

Not one worth less than \$12. Many up to \$18.50.

Coats in this sale are of Chinchilla, Boucles and Zibelines. At this price you cannot afford to miss buying one of these splendid warm coats for the cold, stormy weather yet to come, even though they are made in last winter's styles.

A record attendance is looked for in answer to such an announcement as this. **BE HERE EARLY TODAY.**

See our Window Display.



Reductions on all Winter Apparel and Furs.

### ATTORNEY JENNINGS HAS ANSWERED CALL

#### Wellknown Member of Delta County Bar Passed Away in Chicago on Saturday.

I. C. Jennings, a leading member of the Delta county bar, and widely known in Marquette county, died Saturday morning at Augustana hospital, Chicago. Mr. Jennings, accompanied by his wife, his family physician and a few friends, arrived in Chicago Saturday morning, and was taken to Dr. Oschner, the specialist, who decided that it was too late for an operation. The body will not be taken to Escanaba, where Mr. Jennings has made his home for many years, but will be taken to Charlotte, Mich., which was his early home. The body, accompanied by Mrs. Jennings and a few friends, was sent forward from Chicago yesterday morning.

### THIS WOMAN'S SICKNESS

#### Quickly Yielded To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Bridgeton, N.J.—"I want to thank you a thousand times for the wonderful good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I suffered very much from a female trouble. I had bearing down pains, was irregular and at times could hardly walk across the room. I was unable to do my housework or attend to my baby I was so weak. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did me a world of good, and now I am strong and healthy, can do my work and tend my baby. I advise all suffering women to take it and get well as I did."—Mrs. FANNIE COOPER, R.F.D., Bridgeton, N.J.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Don't you want a special fund for LIFE INSURANCE, TAXES, or a SPECIAL HOLIDAY TRIP next December? If so take a CHRISTMAS MONEY CLUB membership at the MARQUETTE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK. 12-29-14.

### Field Intelligence Service in Europe a Highly Developed Adjunct to Armies

#### Great War Brings to Public Notice the Modern Methods Employed to Learn the Enemy's Secrets—Germany Probably Has Best System of All.

Berlin, Jan. 6.—[Correspondence of the Associated Press.]—At no time has the military observation system been developed as it has been in the present war. The "field intelligence service" is an institution as old as warfare itself, but never before has it been employed so generally and thoroughly. Cavalry scouting and reconnaissance work by infantry are the oldest modern methods used to this end. However, the direct contact and screen work—maneuvers by mounted troops in which demonstrations against the enemy were hoped to supply information as to his strength and disposition.

To bring the information thus gained to the attention of the commanding officers, rapid means of communication had to be employed. As late as the American Civil war and the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-1, dispatch riders were largely depended upon. The field telegraph, while already fairly well developed, was not then available for as extensive use as it is now. The use of the telephone, which was introduced by the troops of Alexander the Great, and has always been looked upon as a very convenient transmitter of field intelligence, the fact that it depends upon the rays of the sun, and is utterly useless at night, has rendered it a negligible factor in European warfare.

The development of the telephone gave armies another means of rapid communication. The method is now generally used, and has proved of far greater importance than even the wireless. To this end, the signal lamp, the rocket and the searchlight.

As was expected, the European war has established that the aeroplane is the most efficient means of modern field intelligence work. Soaring above the position of the observer, the plane is needed, the observer in the plane are able to report the minutest details. This has led to a new development in warfare—finding cover from observations above. No longer is the trench a mere ditch as was the case formerly. Today, it is roofed, if not against the shells and observation of the enemy, then against the eyes of the men who sail above. Trenches which are not covered with timbers and earth, and are then what is known as bomb-proof, are screened with small trees and bushes in order that they may escape the eyes of the observers in the air. These are the means of gathering and transmitting field intelligence in the European war and the counter measures they have led to.

Methods in Armies Differ. But conditions in this respect are not the same on the two great battlefields. The field intelligence service in the eastern theater of war differs radically from that of the western field.

In Poland and Galicia cavalry has retained much of its former importance in that respect. Here the various armies and army corps still have flanks, and here also is room for those maneuverers which only mounted men can watch. The aeroplane is used to quite an extent, though not as generally as in Belgium and France, and during "position fights" the captive balloon has been pressed into service.

Infantry patrol work has not been done on as general a scale as in the Western theater of war, but this department of the intelligence service has been extended with the falling of snow, which has retarded the rapid movement of patrols on skis possible.

Telegraph wireless and field telephone have been widely used in the eastern theaters of war and even the dispatch riders has now and then been used principally because the heavy, misty atmosphere of France and Galicia does not permit their being used at great distances. Taken generally war in those parts has so far taught nothing new in other reconnaissance operations or the transmission of reports, nor has it presented new problems in that department.

### WHEN YOU WASH YOUR HAIR DON'T USE SOAP

Most soaps and prepared champoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle. The best thing to use is just plain mulified coconut oil, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap, and beats soaps or anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

### CARGOES EXAMINED WITH AID OF THE X-RAY

#### Copper Found Concealed in Cotton from United States, Aver London Newspapers.

London, Jan. 7.—[Correspondence of the Associated Press.]—England's search for contraband copper concealed on board neutral vessels is being assisted by the use of the X-ray. This is especially valuable in examining cargoes of cotton, in which, according to the London newspapers, copper for Germany has been found concealed within the bales of cotton. Trade authorities here give Germany's annual consumption of this metal as 250,000 tons, while Great Britain comes next, with 147,000 tons. Germany's great industrial progress in recent years, with her vast military preparations, account for her largely increased use of copper. Thirteen tons of the metal are required for a million rounds of small arms ammunition. More than half of the world's copper comes from the United States. In 1913, out of a total world production of about 1,000,000 tons, the United States furnished 548,000 tons, of which nearly 400,000 tons were exported to Europe. Germany's own production is about 25,000 a year.

The Telegraph, discussing the question of contraband copper, says: "We learn that Italy imported 11,000 tons in September and October this year, against 3,000 tons last year; that Holland imported 5,400 tons, against 900; that Norway imported 5,400 tons, against nothing at all the previous year. It may be, of course, that these countries are getting their copper from other sources, but when we find Italy's total consumption of copper in 1913 only 31,000 tons, and that in September and October she was importing at the rate of 90,000 tons a year, there is strong ground for belief that it was being smuggled into a belligerent country."

### English Food Prices—Then and Now.

Table showing food prices in 1814-15 and 1914-15. Items include Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Flour, etc.

### London Art Sale Benefits War Charities.

British painters and sculptors have contributed to the relief of the winter exhibition of the Royal Academy. All the works on exhibition are for sale, but the artist will receive only one-third of the purchase price of his painting or sculpture; the remainder will be divided between the Red Cross and the Artists' Benevolent Institution. Many of the exhibitors have even agreed to forego their one-third for the benefit of the two war-time charities.

### British Harmonica Supply Short.

The government's appeal for gifts of mouth organs for the use of soldiers at the front has revealed a shortage in the supply of these popular musical instruments. According to instrument dealers, practically all England's supply of mouth organs comes from Germany. An effort is being made to remedy the depleted stock by importation from the United States.

### MOTOR CARS NEEDED FOR WORK IN BELGIUM

Transportation Problem Confronts Committees Striving to Relieve Great Distress.

Amsterdam, Jan. 6.—[Correspondence of the Associated Press.]—The president of the Dutch branch of the Antwerp (Belgian) refugee committee, W. A. van der Veen, in a statement of the condition of the Belgians who have remained in their country, says: "The fact is, the distress in Belgium is very great. Much is being done in various directions to afford relief, but there are many difficulties which are hard to overcome. There are still seven millions of people in Belgium and they all require to be clothed and fed. One can imagine what these difficulties are, if one remembers that our own country has a population of about six millions. "Entire districts, for instance, Flanders, Luxembourg and Hainault, are completely cut off from the whole world. There are no official reports concerning the distress and it is impossible even to estimate all that is necessary. All we know about the distress we have learned by personal inquiry in one little district neighborhood of the great central places, and what we have seen there is quite sufficient. "If a severe spell of cold weather should set in thousands will be killed. A cold east wind will break the weak bodies and children and old people will die in thousands. To all this must be added typhoid fever and other diseases and

### PANAMA CRUISE IS NOT PROBABLE

#### Lieutenant Roy Rydholm Has Received No Word Concerning Proposed Trip.

That the Michigan naval reserves will attend the formal opening of the Panama canal now seems improbable, owing to the lack of funds, according to Lieutenant Rydholm, commanding officer of the Marquette division. Lieutenant Rydholm has received no official word concerning the Panama trip. It had been looked forward to with eagerness by many members of the Marquette division.

The last few meetings of the Marquette reserves have been largely attended.

Lieutenant Emerson, U. S. N., who took the cruise with the reserves last summer as a naval observer, makes in his report to the navy department many complimentary references to the energy and eagerness of the men. However, he has little complimentary to say about the vessels and equipment provided for the cruise.

"Collisions" drill was executed in a manner that served very well as an illustration of the manner of using and the need for a collision mat, he remarks. "The mat itself could not be found and consequently an improvised method was necessary. The collision mat was reported to have been in very poor condition when last seen."

### HE BOUGHT A SAW.

"Down in Alabama, some time ago, a man went into a store to buy a saw. He saw the kind he wanted, and asked the price. It was \$1.05, the dealer said. "Good gracious," said the man, "I can get the same thing from the mail order house for \$1.35." "That's less than it cost me," said the dealer, "but I'll sell it on the same terms as the mail order house, just the same." "All right," said the customer. "You can send it along and charge it to my account; the dealer replied. "No charge accounts. You can't do business with the mail order house that way. Fork over the cash." "The customer complied. "Now, two cents postage and five cents for a money order." "What?" "Yes, two cents postage and five cents for a money order, to the mail order house, you know." "The customer, inwardly raving, kept to himself and paid the seven cents." "Now, twenty-five cents expressage." "Well, I'll be—," he said, but that saw and I'll take it home myself and be rid of this toolery." "Hand it to you? Where do you think you are? You're in Alabama and I'm in Chicago, and you'll have to wait two weeks for that saw." "Whereupon the dealer hung the saw on a peg and put the money in his cash drawer. "That makes \$1.67," he said. "It has cost you two cents more and taken you two weeks longer to get it than if you had paid my price in the first place."











# LANDS REVERT TO GOVERNMENT

### Decision of the Secretary of the Interior Cancels Numerous Stone and Timber Entries in Chippewa County—Follows a Long, Drawn-Out Legal Battle

### Entrymen Were for the Most Part Employees of the J. H. Worden Lumber Company, of Dick, Mich., Who Sold Their Holdings to Concern at a Later Date

By a decision of the secretary of the interior affirming the cancellation of stone and timber entries previously ordered by the commissioner of the government land office, nearly two thousand acres of timber lands in Chippewa county are now open either to homestead or stone and timber entry.

The lands opened to entry are situated between the Soo line and the South Shore railway, near Strong's, Mich. The decision ends a legal fight that has been in progress since 1906. That year twenty-two stone and timber entries in Chippewa county were suspended, on report of a government agent, who charged that the entries had been made for the benefit of the James H. Worden Lumber & Shingle company, now the Dick Lumber company, transferee. The greater number of the entymen were employees of the lumber company and it was shown by the government that after the tracts had been proved up they were sold to the lumber company, S. J. Colter, chief of the field division of the department, made an investigation. Worden and one of his men were indicted for conspiracy to defraud the government, and were convicted in the United States district court in this city. This decision was later reversed by the United States court of appeals.

The following are the names of the persons who entered the lands, all of whom, with the exception of three, sold to the Worden Lumber company: Orel Dennis, Floyd P. Duell, John Borgmoores, Charles B. Simons, Ray Newland, Olive Stowe, Butler Alexander, Gust A. Anderson, Mary Isabel Doan, David Quinlan, Peter Lucier, Mary Duell, Elmer Rainey, Elizabeth Tahash, Mary E. Stone, Sam Alexander, Margaret Lucier, Sophia Andrews, Hayes McDonald, Gustav Person, Anna Craig, Paul Olson and Burney Tahash.

The commissioner of the land department returned his decision in the case

Feb. 25, 1914, and the secretary of the interior filed his decision Oct. 14, 1914.

### History of the Case.

Following the suspension of the entries by the government special agent, the cases, by stipulation, were consolidated into one, to be known as the case of Orel Dennis, et al.

By stipulation, the evidence given in the case of the United States vs. James H. Worden, Floyd P. Duell and Alex. Gustav Person, the respondents in the criminal proceedings for conspiracy to defraud the government out of public lands, was admitted in this controversy, subject to the rulings of the court.

In the summer of 1905, Alex. Gustav Person, for James H. Worden, purchased from the firm of Glidden & Hodges a lumber yard at Dick, Mich. Subsequently, on Jan. 1, 1906, Person in the interest of Worden purchased a sawmill property owned by Glidden & Hodges at Dick, which consisted of the mill and five thousand acres of land. In July, 1906, the J. H. Worden Lumber & Shingle company, with headquarters at Antigo, Wis., and Dick, Mich., was organized under the laws of Wisconsin. All of the holdings of Mr. Worden in and around Dick, Mich., including a sawmill and 9,000 acres of land was taken over by the company. Mr. Worden became the general manager, but spent most of his time at Antigo. Mr. Person acted as superintendent at the mill at Dick, and Floyd P. Duell was employed as bookkeeper until the fall of 1906, when Person retired as superintendent, and Duell succeeded him.

From May 7, 1906, to July 5, 1907, Henry J. Simonds, now deceased, a land-looker and timber estimator, located several of the defendants upon lands entered under the timber and stone act of June 3, 1878. Simonds, during his idle time, when not in the employ of the lumber company, began locating several of the employees of the lumber company and their near relatives on public lands, for which he usually received a fee of \$15, which was paid to him in person by the persons located.

Following the usual course of procedure, the parties appeared before the clerk of the circuit court of Chippewa county and made out applications for entry. The applications were forwarded to the land office in Marquette and were recorded. In accordance with the regulations in acquiring title to the land, each of the respective parties appeared and submitted final proof. The proofs submitted by the several entymen appearing satisfactory, the register and receiver issued final certificates. Duell, Person and Simonds were witnesses on final proof for several of the entymen, while other employees of the lumber company acted as witnesses for other entymen in establishing their claims.

### Fraud Was Charged.

Messrs. Worden, Person, Duell and Simonds on June 4, 1906, in the United States court in Marquette, were jointly indicted on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the United States government in the purchase of certain lands under the timber and stone act. The indictment charged that these parties sought to procure for the benefit of the J. H. Worden Lumber & Shingle company public lands of the United States through fraudulent, dummy entries and by false and fraudulent representations contained in the respective applications for purchase and final proof to the effect that the applicants had no agreement or contract, with anyone whereby the title might acquire from the United States should ensue, in whole or in part, to the benefit of anyone but himself.

At the first trial under the indictment the jury impaneled in the case failed to agree on a verdict, and was discharged. On the second trial Duell was acquitted, and Worden and Person were found guilty as charged. Worden was sentenced to pay a fine of \$1,000 and be imprisoned for six months. Person was to pay a fine of \$100 and serve six months in the Detroit House of Correction. From this conviction Worden and Person filed an appeal. The United States court of appeals, sixth circuit, on April 11, 1913, reversed the decision of the district court, and a new trial was ordered. July 10, 1913, upon the statement of the United States district attorney that he would not further prosecute said defendants, Judge Sessions ordered that the cause be nolle prosequitur.

In the criminal trial of the defendants, Worden, Duell and Person, the books of the lumber company were introduced in evidence, and it appeared that advances in money were made to a majority of the several entymen, purporting to pay all the necessary expenses in connection with the filing of the initial application, also the expenses and payments in the submission of final proofs.

### Sold Lands to Company.

All of the entymen, with the exception of three, sold their lands to the Worden Lumber company. Worden claimed that the prices paid by him for these lands were as much, if not more, than they were worth, he having been somewhat deceived, he said, by his employees, Simonds, Person and Duell, as to the amount of timber thereon.

The rule is well settled in numerous

cases that the timber and stone act does not forbid an entymen who has in good faith, after the filing of his application to enter, and before the submission of final proof and the payment of the government price, alienating his interest in the land. In line with that ruling, the lumber company had the right to give out, by advertisement, or in any other manner that it desired, that it wished to buy timber, that it had the right to loan money to assist bona fide applicants in acquiring title to the lands, providing there was no understanding or agreement, expressed or implied, that the company would ultimately get the land.

The crucial question involved in the controversy was: Was there any understanding or agreement, expressed or implied, between the entymen and the lumber company, prior to the filing of their applications to enter, by which the title they might acquire from the United States would ensue, in whole or in part, to the benefit of the company or any one else except the entymen.

The court of appeals, in reversing the ruling of the district court that found Worden and Person guilty of conspiracy to defraud the government, held that the books of the company were inadmissible as competent evidence against Worden and the several entymen, inasmuch as there was no affirmative proof that the books were correctly kept and that the several entymen, as well as J. H. Worden, did not have such connection and familiarity with the books as to justify an inference of acting in concert with their contents, as being admissions or assertions of facts therein stated.

## FAVOR HIGHER FARES IN U. P.

### Railroad Organizations and Commercial Travelers Have Now Gone on Record.

Members of the B. of L. E. B. of L. F., B. of R. T. and O. R. C., to the number of 125, met in Marquette yesterday and, in addition to passing resolutions upholding the request of the upper peninsula railroads for an amendment to the present railroad passenger fare law to permit the collection of three cent fares north of the straits, outlined plans that they hope will show that popular opinion in the territory is with the railroads and will bring to bear on the legislators the influence of organized labor in the district.

The resolutions follow: "Whereas: The attention of these organizations has been called to the fact that the railroads of the upper peninsula of Michigan will present to the legislature for its consideration a bill which will change the present local passenger rate from two to three cents per mile in the upper peninsula.

"Be it hereby resolved: That these organizations know that the measure is necessary to admit of the railroads in the upper peninsula being able to carry a fair return on this business and allow them to continue to furnish reasonable service, and therefore wish to go on record as strongly favoring the passage of such a measure and urge favorable action by the upper peninsula members of both houses."

The representatives of the several brotherhoods named an executive committee of four members to assume direction of their effort, as follows: Daniel Vaughan, chairman; C. H. Richardson, secretary; Thomas Oliver and Dwight Jackson, sub-committees at all important stations on the South Shore line, to assist in the work, were also named.

It is proposed to circulate petitions endorsing the request of the railroads, and confidence was expressed that it would be possible to secure thousands of signatures. Efforts will also be made to secure the support of all the labor organizations in the district. Already the Machinists union of Marquette, representatives of all the shops in the city, has adopted resolutions similar to those of the railway men.

"We feel that the request of the companies is a just one and that it should receive the favorable consideration of the legislature," a South Shore conductor said last evening. "Our interests are directly at stake, for we have no doubt that failure to obtain the relief sought by the railroads will result in considerable curtailments on the South Shore. This would mean a radical readjustment of the working force in which many employees would be bound to suffer severely."

### Traveling Men in Line.

That the appeal of the railroads has the endorsement of the men who most use them is evidenced by the resolutions of the Upper Peninsula council, U. C. T., endorsing the plan to legalize the three-

## Don't Worry It's Right WHEN IT COMES FROM Ormsbee & Atkins

People that have attended our Clearing Sales know what a clearance means here—and every old customer that has been here is well satisfied. Others will come as soon as they learn what's doing.

We find that we have too many suits and overcoats on hand, and as it is getting late in the season we rather sell than inventory.

You will also find great bargains in all departments.

Just think 15% 20% 25% off regular prices on all new seasonable merchandise.

If only a little curious come in anyway.

## ORMSBEE & ATKINS

A Big Line of Everything for Men and Boys to Wear

cent fare. These resolutions were adopted at a special meeting of the council held here Saturday night. They are as follows:

"Good train service being essential to the commercial traveler, we deem it of far more importance that the railroads continue to give us good passenger service than that they be compelled to reduce passenger fares; therefore, be it—

"Resolved, That C. P. council, No. 180, of the Order of the United Commercial Travelers of America, are in favor of granting to the railroads of the upper peninsula of Michigan the increased passenger fares asked for; and be it further—

"Resolved, That this council is not in favor of any laws that will tend to increase the burdens of the railroads or restrict future improvement and development in the upper peninsula; and be it further—

"Resolved, That copies of this resolution be forwarded to the members of our state legislative committee.

(Signed) "C. S. Welch, Senior Counselor, "C. A. Wheeler, Secretary, "Marquette, Mich., Jan. 16, 1915."

### NOTICE.

To all members of the B. of L. E. B. of L. F., B. of R. T. and O. R. C.: There will be a joint union meeting held in Kouss's Hall at Marquette, Mich., Sunday, January 17, 1915, at 11:00 a. m. Every member is requested to attend. Business of importance is to be transacted. (Signed) C. Richardson, B. of L. E.; B. Jackson, B. of L. E. & F.; T. Oliver, B. of R. T.; D. Vaughn, O. R. C. 1-13-15

## A Department for the Man Who Would Save Regularly.

The man, woman or child who has in mind some particular accomplishment, as regards his or her own finances, will find our Savings Department especially adapted to the purpose. An account may be opened with the deposit of One Dollar, and then may be added to or withdrawn from as often and in such amounts as the depositor chooses. This is the real value of a Savings Account with us. We have no set rules governing the amount of deposits or the times when deposits shall be made; you suit your own convenience in those respects, and all the time the balance to your credit draws compound interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually.

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

**Almanacs for 1915.** We have on hand a small supply of Almanacs for the current year. These contain some very valuable information, and we will be glad to give them to those of our friends who care to call on us for them.

**Home Savings Banks.** We keep on hand at all times several varieties of Home Savings Banks which we are glad to loan free of cost to our depositors. These banks very often assist the depositor materially in saving his dimes, nickels and pennies; and dimes, nickels and pennies make dollars.

# BUICK Valve-in-Head Motor Cars

WE guarantee the Buick Valve-in-Head Motor to develop and deliver more power than any other type of automobile motor of the same size—American or Foreign make.

In addition to the great power of the Buick Motor, it is unusually economical, giving more miles per gallon of gasoline than less powerful motors of different types.

The 1915 Buick is a beauty—graceful and aristocratic on the boulevards—but a Giant of power when called upon.

What is true of one Buick is true of all sizes from \$940 to \$1650—Fours and Sixes.

1915 Models on Exhibition

## Cloverland Auto Co. MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

### DEATH OF GEORGE ATRINS. Marquette Man Passed Away Suddenly Early Saturday Morning.

George Atkins, aged forty-four years, a resident of Jackson street, South Marquette, died Saturday morning after a short illness. Death occurred at the home of his mother, Mrs. John Atkins, 423 West Jackson street. His mother is the only surviving relative.

For the last twenty-seven years Mr. Atkins had been a resident of Marquette. He had been employed in the bridge department of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, and was well known in railroad circles.

Funeral services will be held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the family residence. The ceremony will be conducted by Rev. Platte T. Amstutz, pastor of the Presbyterian church. Burial will be made in Park cemetery.

### NOTICE.

The Light & Power department of the city of Marquette plans to remove the wood, brush, etc., from the pond above the upper power dam, about one half mile above the electric light station. At this time when many of our citizens are without work of any kind, this department thought it an opportune time to do this work, and offers the wood free to any person who will contract to remove it from the pond and burn all the brush. All trees and brush must be cut off close to the ice. For further particulars see Charles Retallic, Superintendent. 1-13-15

Many people believe that there is some connection between barometric disturbances and explosions of gas in coal mines. Otters are used by the natives in some parts of India to catch fish. Chile has 8,000 miles of telephones, worked by an English company.

### Violin Lessons

Professor Trombly has opened his studio in Business College block. Can be found at studio or Brunswick Hotel. (1-12-15.)

What is the answer to this? \$6.00 per ton worth \$8.00, no 600, no smoke and very little ashes. Saves 1.3 of winter's fuel. 10-21-21w-tt.

## Cabaret at the Guild Hall

Continuous Entertainment From 8:30 to 12

Lula Fada and Other Modern Dances

Thursday Evening January 21, 1915.

Admission, 25c

REFRESHMENTS EXTRA

Coffee and Sandwiches, 10c

Ice Cream and Cake, 15c.

# Special After-Inventory Clearing Sale

To reduce our large stock and make room for new purchases being made at the Grand Rapids and Chicago Furniture Expositions this month, we announce a

## Cash Discount Sale of 20 per cent on our entire line of Furniture, Rugs, Linoleums, Stoves and Ranges

Beginning Monday, Jan. 18th, and Continuing Until Jan. 30th.

DON'T MISS THIS CHANCE, BUT COME AND SEE WHAT WE OFFER

# HAGER BROS. CO., Ltd.

118-120 Washington Street

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