

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

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LIVELY BATTLE OVER SUFFRAGE IN HOUSE TODAY

Lower Branch of the Nation's Legislature to Decide the Fate of the Mondell Resolution Proposing the Extension of the Elective Franchise to Women.

Supporters and Opponents of the Equal Vote Flock to Washington in Great Numbers—Defeat of the Measure by Large Margin Is Prediction of Foes.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Lines were drawn today for the battle in the house tomorrow on the Mondell resolution proposing an amendment to the federal constitution guaranteeing the right to vote to all citizens regardless of sex. The resolution will be voted upon before the house adjourns tomorrow.

Large delegations of supporters and opponents of woman suffrage already have arrived in Washington.

The anti-suffragists claim that the resolution will not only fail to receive the two-thirds vote of the house necessary for its submission to the states, but that it will get only about one-third of the votes in the body. Suffragists, however, claim to have about a majority of the house behind the measure.

PROMINENT WOMEN PRESENT.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, president of the National American Woman Suffrage association; Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the International Woman Suffrage alliance, and the congressional committee of the national association were preparing tonight for the suffrage side of the fight and conferring with the members of the amendment among the members of the house. The anti-suffrage efforts were directed by Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, president of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, and a committee of that organization.

Under an agreement reached today, the house will meet at 11 o'clock tomorrow instead of noon. A special rule for the consideration of the suffrage resolution will be brought in by Chairman Henry, of the rules committee, and it is expected that the rule will be adopted, after a brief debate. Then will follow six hours of discussion of the Mondell resolution.

Anticipating a record-breaking attendance of spectators, the doorkeeper and sergeant-at-arms of the house tonight made arrangements for handling the crowd. The galleries will be opened at 10 o'clock and extra doorkeepers will be on hand to see that spectators are admitted in order.

INTERMARRIAGES PROHIBITED.

Washington, Jan. 11.—A bill to prohibit the intermarriage of whites and negroes in the District of Columbia was passed by the house today, 230 to 60. Vigorous debate preceded the vote. Representative Clark of Florida, author of the bill, denounced intermarriage, declaring it worked harm to both races. Republican leader Mann and Representative Madden, of Illinois, opposed the measure. Mr. Madden said it would "leave many young girls at the mercy of brutes willing to take advantage of them and then leave them to a life of shame."

HIS MEMORY LOST, MINISTER QUITS HOME AND JOINS THE NAVY

New York, Jan. 11.—Attacked by amnesia nearly a month ago at his home in Fairmont, Minn., the Rev. Walter R. Burton traveled to Key West, Fla., enlisted in the navy under the name of Richard Hudd, came to New York on the monitor Ozark and was picked up unconscious on Fifth avenue yesterday and taken to the hospital. Today he regained his personality as a minister, but could recall nothing of events since he was seized with severe pains in the head on Dec. 14 in Fairmont. Physicians here consider his case one of the most puzzling in their experience.

When the minister recovered his senses, after two hours of unconsciousness, he was astounded to learn that he was in New York, saying that he had been pastor of the First Christian church of Fairmont for many years and had never before been east of Chicago. Until he regained his strength the physicians will not inform him that he has been in the navy.

BOAT RACE IS CALLED OFF.

London, Jan. 11.—On account of war conditions, it was decided officially today that the historic Oxford-Cambridge boat race should not be held this year.

STATE GUARD IS DISBANDED BY GOV. BLEASE

Differences of Long Standing Between the Governor, the Militia and the War Department Result in Drastic Action by the Chief Executive of South Carolina.

Confident the Incoming gubernatorial Official Will Rescind the Order, the Military Heads Take Steps to Prevent a Complete Disorganization of the Troops.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 11.—Officers of the South Carolina militia, which was disbanded today by Governor Blease, took steps tonight to prevent a complete disorganization of the troops. They were confident that Governor-elect Manning, who will succeed Mr. Blease next week, will rescind the order. Telegrams were sent tonight to South Carolina members of the congress, urging them to have the war department delay asking the return of the \$200,000 worth of supplies issued the militia.

Differences between the governor, the militia and the war department over the organization and equipment of the troops were given by Mr. Blease as the reason for his action. The official order said it would be "unjust and unfair on the governor's part to turn over to his successor in office the militia in its present condition." Adjutant General Moore will go to Washington tomorrow to confer with war department officials on the situation.

FEW MEN LEFT IN PRISON.

Less than 125 prisoners are now in the state penitentiary here as the result of the large number of convicts recently pardoned or paroled by Governor Blease. It was made known today. Approximately two thousand men remain in the county convict squads, while there are 155 in the state reformatory.

The governor's action Saturday in granting full pardons to about one thousand paroled convicts was for the purpose of restoring their citizenship. Available records indicate that since he was inaugurated the governor has granted clemency to 1,674 prisoners.

STATE TROOPS BELOW PAR.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Governor Blease and the war department have long been in a controversy over the National Guard of South Carolina, and at one point Secretary Garrison withheld the federal aid provided by the Dick law, because the department contended, the state troops were not up to required efficiency and because the war department records showed losses of government property. No official comment was forthcoming on the action of Governor Blease today, but war department officials expect to see the South Carolina National Guard reorganized, after he goes out of office this month.

GREAT BRITAIN'S REPLY NOT WHOLLY TO LIKING OF THE U. S. GOVERNMENT

Washington, Jan. 11.—Great Britain's preliminary reply to the American note of protest concerning neutral commerce, while gratifying in the concessions it makes, has in many respects failed to satisfy the United States government. Officials confidently hope that the second and complete answer from England will give the specific information requested by the United States and clear up the uncertainties, which, according to the Washington government, surround the commerce of neutrals. This disposition on the part of the Washington administration was revealed in high official quarters today, although there was no formal comment.

\$45,000,000 ASKED OF TURKISH PARLIAMENT TO CONTINUE THE WAR

London, Jan. 11, 10:50 p. m.—Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent sends a dispatch from Constantinople, received there, which says the Turkish government has introduced in parliament a bill demanding an extraordinary credit of £10,000,000 sterling, Turkish (a Turkish pound is \$4.38) for war expenditures. Next year's budget, it was stated, will show a deficit of £20,000,000 sterling, Turkish, in which is included the £10,000,000 credit just demanded.

PORTAGE LAKE SEVEN DEFEATED AT ST. PAUL

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 11.—The Portage Lake hockey team was defeated here tonight by the St. Paul seven in an exhibition game, 1 to 3. The immense size of the rink appeared to hamper the visitors.

HIGH WHEAT PRICES HELD UNWARRANTED

Government's Probe of the Bread Question Threatens to Involve Speculators.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—The government's investigation into the possibility of a bread famine threatened to turn toward the Board of Trade today, after the representatives of two interests, the millers and the bakers, had visited the United States district attorney and complained that the present price of wheat most eventually cause an increase in the price of bread.

The bakers asserted that they could not make a loaf of bread ranging between twelve and fourteen ounces for five cents with flour above \$6 a barrel. The millers said they made a profit of approximately eight cents on each barrel of flour with wheat at its present price. "We cannot afford to buy wheat and hold it," said A. P. Husband, secretary of the Millers' National Federation. "We have neither the money nor the space."

Albert L. Hopkins, assistant district attorney, in charge of the investigation, reported that, including November, 1914, fifty million bushels more of wheat were exported than in the previous year.

"The wheat crop last year was a bumper," said Mr. Hopkins. "Seventy per cent of the crop already has been marketed. This shows that the farmers are not holding it."

"The law of supply and demand does not warrant the present price. The wheat crop of the country is large enough to supply twice the amount of export trade now taken care of."

Mr. Hopkins said he would confer on a course of action tomorrow morning with Charles F. Cline, United States district attorney.

TOLEDO BAKERS BOOST PRICE.

Toledo, Jan. 11.—Bakers and retailers decided tonight to cut one ounce from each loaf of bread and charge one cent more for a loaf which sold originally for five cents. The action was due to the advance in the price of wheat.

WHEAT VALUES SLUMP 8-14 CENTS A BUSHEL

Rumors Dardanelles Ports Are on Verge of Surrender Demoralize Chicago Market.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Wheat came nearer to a panic market today than at any time for months. There were many cases in which big buyers with selling orders could not find buyers. The entire trade was semi-paralyzed during a brief period, with prices melting away fast, but a show of relative steadiness finally was brought about.

It was not until wheat values had broken down eight and one-fourth cents a bushel under the top-notch war price reached a few days ago that frantic sellers could be forced to recognize that there was no continuation of speculative trading stories that the Dardanelles forts were at the point of surrender and that as a result the world would be flooded with Russian wheat.

Closing prices were: May wheat, 134½; July, 125¾; May corn, 74¾; July, 75¾; standard oats, 52¼@53¼.

Stocks Are Active and Strong.

New York, Jan. 11.—Last week's upward movement in stocks was resumed today, with greater breadth and activity. The dealings were close to the largest of any single session for more than a fortnight and the trading was more diversified. It embraced more than the usual number of miscellaneous issues, but leading stocks were prominent throughout. The gains ranged from one to two points in the more active group, while a few specialties gained much more. The coppers improved their position on another increase in the price of the metal.

MOTHER-TEACHER WINS FIGHT FOR REINSTATEMENT IN NEW YORK SCHOOLS

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 11.—A teacher may not be dismissed because she absents herself from the public schools to bear a child, Commissioner John H. Finley, of the state department of education, decided today. The decision definitely determines the status of mother-teachers in the state, as, under existing laws, there is no appeal.

By the decision today Mrs. Bridget Peixotto, a teacher who became a mother while absent without leave, and who was dismissed by the New York City board of education for neglect of duty, was ordered reinstated. Decisions in five other mother-teacher appeals are expected soon.

Mrs. Peixotto, who was dismissed in April, 1913, carried her case to the courts and the court of appeals decided the determination of the question with the commissioner of education.

SCHUMANN-HEINK HAS BRONCHIAL-PNEUMONIA

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Mme. Schumann-Heink, the singer, is seriously ill with bronchial pneumonia at her home here, though her condition, it was said today, is not dangerous.

FORECAST OF THE WEATHER.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Fair, Tuesday and Wednesday.

German Aerial Raids Spectacular Feature of Warfare in the Northern Part of France. No Victories of Strategic Value in Any Field

EUROPE'S EYES CAST ON ITALY AND ROUMANIA

ALLIES LOOK FOR AT LEAST THE BALKAN STATE'S ENTRY INTO THE WAR.

ACTION EXPECTED SHORTLY

BUKOWINA'S INVASION CONSIDERED OF BIG BEARING ON SITUATION.

TROOPS OF CZAR ADVANCING

HORDES OF REFUGEES IN FLIGHT BEFORE ARMY MOVING ON HUNGARY.

London, Jan. 11, 10:30 p. m.—Only a change in the weather or the entrance into the war of Roumania or Italy, or both, is likely to bring about any marked change in the military situation in Europe for some time to come.

What turn the weather will take, no one can predict, but the belief is growing in those countries allied against Germany, Austria and Turkey that Roumania, with her well-trained army of not less than four hundred thousand men, will throw herself into the conflict at an early date. This, in effect, would link Roumania with the extreme Russian line now forcing its way into Hungary through Bukovina. Taking into consideration the Serbians and Montenegrins, this would form a line menacing Austria-Hungary along the entire southeastern frontier from Russia to the Adriatic.

BUKOWINA IN CZAR'S HANDS.

Neither East Prussia nor Poland furnishes any change in the general situation and, strangely, the Russians have added little information relative to the invasion of Hungary by way of Bukovina. It is conceded, however, that practically the whole of Bukovina is now in Russian hands, and dispatches reaching London from Bucharest say that thousands of fugitives from that territory are crossing the Rumanian frontier, some of them proceeding to Vienna. It is in the developments arising from the occupation of Bukovina that interest is now centered, as it is believed to have an immediate bearing on the Rumanian situation.

Just as rumors persisted for days prior to Turkey's entrance into the war on the side of Germany, which tended to discount the step when it eventually was taken, so rumors now center about Roumania and Italy. There is a strong feeling among the general public in France and England that definite action will not long be delayed.

STATEMENT OF PETROGRAD.

Petrograd, Jan. 11.—The following official communication was issued tonight from general headquarters:

"On the left bank of the Vistula both day and night Jan. 10 the Germans attempted, without success, to attack our line at several points, but were repulsed everywhere by our fire.

"In an attack in the region of the village of Samiec, east of Skiernewice, the Germans reached our barbed wire entanglements and began to shout, 'Do not fire; we are yours!' However, as similar stratagems had been employed before, the vigilance of our troops was not deceived by this maneuver of the Germans, and we directed against them a destructive fire and delivered a counter attack, repulsing the enemy and inflicting heavy losses upon them.

"In Galicia, the cannon and rifle fire has been kept going and we remain in contact with the enemy."

GREEKS IN ASIA MINOR VICTIMS OF PERSECUTION

Paris, Jan. 12, 12:15 a. m.—An Athens dispatch says the situation of the Greeks in Asia Minor is growing desperate, owing to the persecution and violence to which they are becoming subjected. Greek stores have been pillaged, women insulted and men forcibly enrolled in the army. At Sidonia, Magnesia, the dispatch adds, several Greeks have been murdered in the streets, and conditions are so bad at Smyrna that a massacre is feared.

SUMMARY OF THE WAR NEWS

Only sporadic fighting is taking place on any of the battle fronts, according to the latest reports, and this is almost all between the artillery branches of the opposing armies. No victories of strategic value are claimed by either side at any place.

The Austrians charge that the Russians are using Austro-Hungarian uniforms in order to catch Austrian patrols. It is declared the rights of belligerents will not be accorded Russians who are captured so masquerading.

A Berlin wireless dispatch asserts the French dreadnought Courbet was recently torpedoed by an Austrian submarine in the Adriatic and later was rammed by her sister ship, the Jean Bart, and sank. The Jean Bart was damaged and docked at Malta, it is added.

German aircraft again have been engaged in raids in northern France. Six persons were killed in Dunkirk and the suburb of Malo by bombs dropped from aeroplanes and several other persons are reported to have met death from missiles in St. Pol and Adinkerke. The Germans did not escape unscathed. Three of their machines were brought down by shell fire, two near Dunkirk and another near Amiens. Two hostile aeroplanes approached Paris Sunday, but are reported to have fled when French air scouts gave chase.

A news agency dispatch says the Italians are strengthening their garrisons in the Aegean islands and that the islands are being fortified strongly. Athens reports that the contemplated movement of the Eighth Turkish army corps from Damascus to the Egyptian frontier has been abandoned.

ALLIED COMMANDERS AWAIT NEW LEVIES

Operations on a Still Bigger Scale Is Prospect for the Coming Summer.

London, Jan. 11.—The lack of stirring battles at the present stage of the war is attributed by British commentators largely to the determination of the commanders of the allies to content themselves with holding their present positions, until the projected ring of armies is considered sufficiently strong to strike a blow which they hope will prove decisive.

The British idea that operations up to the present are only preparatory to big events fits in with a bit of gossip now heard here. It is to the effect that Lord Kitchener, when asked concerning the probable duration of the war, said: "I don't know when it will end, but I do know when it will begin, and that is in the month of May."

The opinion is expressed in some quarters, however, that the inauguration of a more general movement will be on an earlier date than is generally expected, although persons in close touch with the army believe that the crisis will not be reached until summer.

Russia is still sending enormous masses of men to within reach of various points on her long fighting line. The levies of 1914, amounting to 1,200,000 men, are just leaving the training camps, which will be occupied immediately by the 1915 levies, now called out.

Germany's newest levy, just announced, amounts to 600,000 men of the age of nineteen and her masses of reserves already under arms enable her to rush heavy reinforcements wherever required, without withdrawing troops already engaged at the front.

ITALY SENDING TROOPS TO REINFORCE POSTS IN AEGEAN ISLANDS

London, Jan. 11, 8:20 p. m.—Italian troops have arrived at Piraeus on their way to the Italian islands in the Aegean archipelago, according to a dispatch from Athens to Reuter's Telegram company. The soldiers, the message adds, will be apportioned among the garrisons on the various islands, which are being strongly fortified.

London, Jan. 11.—Advice received here from Athens says it is now reported in the Greek capital that the plan to have the Eighth Turkish army corps proceed from Damascus to the Egyptian frontier has been abandoned. A previous dispatch from Athens said this army corps, well-provisioned and provided with 8,000 camels, already had left Damascus for Egypt.

REFUGEES FROM BRUSSELS REPORT BIG FIRE RAGING IN THAT BELGIAN CITY

Amsterdam, via London, Jan. 11, 9:05 p. m.—Refugees who have arrived at Bergen-op-Zoom from Brussels, says the Nieuw Van Dan Dag, report that a great fire has broken out at the former Belgian capital.

GERMANS COMMUTE SENTENCE OF BRITON

London, Jan. 11, 8:45 p. m.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Berlin, by way of Amsterdam, says the court of appeals has commuted the death sentence on Private William Lonsdale, the English soldier who was court-martialed for attacking one of his guards at the Doberitz detention camp, to twenty years' imprisonment.

FOES IN WEST FIGHTING WITH DESPERATION

FIERCE WARFARE IN PROGRESS IN CENTER, NOTABLY NEAR SOISSONS.

CITY SUFFERS FROM SHELLS

ARMIES HOTLY ENGAGED AS WELL IN COUNTRY ADJACENT TO PERTHES.

GERMAN RAILROAD PERILED

SNOW IN VOSGES HAMPERS MOVEMENT OF FRENCH TOWARD RHINE.

London, Jan. 11, 10:30 p. m.—In Alsace, the French continue by sapping and sporadic charges to attempt to force their way nearer the Rhine, but there has been snow in the Vosges and it is noticeable that neither side claims any new progress.

GERMANS REINFORCED.

The Germans threw heavy reinforcements into Alsace, after the recent French advance, and apparently they have been able to hold their ground, in view of the failure of the French to consolidate the positions they took after much hard fighting. With a comparative lull in this quarter and artillery combats predominating near the Belgian coast, fighting of a desperate character has broken out in the center, notably to the northeast of Soissons, which, through bombardment, seems likely to suffer the fate of Rheims, and farther east, in the vicinity of Perthes and Beausejour, from which point the allies have been trying to reach the important railway to the north, the seizure of which would cut one of the German main arteries of communication. The official communications of the contending nations today do not agree as to the outcome of the recent fighting in these areas.

The allies claim to have forged ahead from Soissons; the Germans say these attacks have not been fruitful and that fighting is proceeding. The allies contend that they have advanced north of Perthes and still hold the ground at Beausejour to the north and east. The Germans make no mention of fighting to the north of Perthes, but maintain that they have advanced east of the village. The fighting in the vicinity of Beausejour, which the allies consider so important, the Germans ignore.

LILLE'S FATE IN DOUBT.

An important advance has been made by the British army if, as is reported here, it has virtual possession of Lille. This city lies just south of the Belgian border, to the east of the battle line held for several months, and its occupation by the British would mean that a sharp bend had been made in the German front. Neither the French nor German war office statements, however, has given official confirmation of the dispatch.

In monopolizing the importation of wheat during the war was due to difficulties raised by England. The Perne bund states that the supply of wheat in Switzerland is sufficient for only twenty-five days.

"A well-known Swiss architect, after a trip through Belgium, says in the Neue Zuercher Zeitung that the Germans have destroyed no historical works in that country.

"A Copenhagen dispatch says that Sir George Buchanan, British ambassador to Russia, has protested against the allegation that Russia is hearing all the burdens of war and that the English selfishly are awaiting the conclusion of the war to get the lion's share of the spoils. The ambassador points out that this proposal was being made openly in the leading Russian newspapers.

"The reason for the withdrawal of Russian guards from the Warsaw battle front, according to reports from Sofia, was not the granting of a furlough to the troops, as was reported semi-officially, but was the necessity of protesting Petrograd from threatened riots."

RAIDERS AT DUNKIRK DROP FIFTY BOMBS

German Aviators Meet With a Warm Reception—Two Machines Brought Down.

London, Jan. 12, 3:14 a. m.—According to French dispatches to the London morning papers, fifty bombs were dropped on Dunkirk Sunday by aeroplanes, which were cruising over the town from 11 o'clock in the morning until nearly 4 o'clock in the afternoon. They came from all directions and were met by a heavy shrapnel fire. Two of the raiders were brought down, one outside the town and the other twenty miles away. In spite of the long ordeal the populace displayed no panic. The bombs included some of the incendiary type. While little material damage was done, six persons were killed at Dunkirk and in the suburb of Malo and it is reported several persons were killed at St. Pol and Adinkerke, but this latter has not been confirmed. It appears that the absence of a large number of French aeroplanes must have been known to the Germans.

FLYERS NEAR PARIS REPULSED.

Paris, Jan. 11, 6:30 p. m.—Two German aeroplanes heading for Paris were sighted yesterday by French air patrols, who now cruise over a region considerably to the north of Paris. One of the German machines was near Pontoise and the other was sighted over La Martin. Both turned northward again when they saw French aeroplanes driving in their direction. The presence of the hostile aeroplanes in this vicinity yesterday is regarded as interesting, as it is considered likely that it was the intention of the German airmen to attack Paris and London simultaneously.

FRENCH DREADNOUGHT CLAIMED TO BE SUNK

Vienna Reports Aver Battleship Courbet, Torpedoed, Is at Bottom of the Adriatic.

Berlin, Jan. 11, by Wireless Telegraph to Sayville, L. I., Jan. 11.—The following statement was given out today by the official press bureau:

"Vienna reports state that it has been ascertained that the French dreadnought Courbet was hit by the Austrian submarine No. 12. The Courbet was rammed by her sister ship, the Jean Bart, which was attempting to tow her. The Courbet sank. The Jean Bart docked at Malta. The French pretend that only the Jean Bart was slightly hurt, concealing the loss of the Courbet."

An official telegram from Vienna on Dec. 24 said that submarine No. 12 had attacked in the Otranto channel, east of the heel of Italy, on Dec. 21 a French squadron composed of sixteen ships. The submarine torpedoed two battleships of the Courbet type, it was said, but owing to the high seas was unable to ascertain the fate of the torpedoed ships.

The Courbet was of 23,467 tons displacement and was armed with twelve 12-inch guns, twenty-two 5½-inch guns and four 3-pounders. She was built in 1911 and carried a complement of 304 men.

ITEMS OF NEWS FROM BERLIN PRESS BUREAU

Berlin, by Wireless Telegraph to Sayville, L. I., Jan. 11.—The official press bureau today gave out for publication the following:

"The action of the Swiss government

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THEIR INALIENABLE RIGHT.

President Wilson, in his Jackson day address, stated his position with regard to Mexico with a finality that leaves no ground for misunderstanding. He affirmed the inalienable right of the Mexicans to fight as long as they desire, and to spill as much blood as they desire, to establish the kind of government they want, or that for the time they think they want. As long as he has the final word, he makes clear that there will be no intervention.

This is a declaration that has the virtue of definiteness. There are no generalities here, but a straight from the shoulder statement about the meaning of which there can be no doubt. But still it leaves room for debate. There remains, for instance, the question why, if it is an inalienable right of the Mexicans to spill as much blood as they please, and as long as they please, to establish the kind of government they desire, that inalienable right did not belong to run when General Diaz undertook his assault on the Madero government, in which he was presently joined by Huerta.

The obvious reply that it did not belong to run then because Diaz and Huerta broke the line of constitutional succession—and their success and recognition by this government would have been an encouragement to assassination and brigandage as steps to power in the Latin republics—would be much more convincing if it were now possible to trace the line of constitutional succession with more clearness as between Carranza and Villa and the other contenders for power, and if these actors in the contemporary Mexican drama had prettier records on which we could gaze.

If Europe was not so busy just now with the greatest war of history, Mr. Wilson would most certainly find emphatic exception taken by sundry great powers that have vital interests, involved in his theory of what the inalienable rights of the Mexicans consist. We heard a great deal of their faultfinding before they became intent on far greater affairs, and if it had not been for the world war their questioning would have become more and more searching. There are certain relations between the Monroe doctrine and this inalienable right of the Mexicans to turn their country inside out as long as they please that would almost certainly have arisen, greatly to the administration.

THE PRECEDENTS.

With reference to Bishop Williams' letter in yesterday's issue, in which he records himself as disagreeing with the view of Professor Canfield, of Columbia University, that an embargo on munitions of war would constitute a violation of neutrality, The Mining Journal submits that the entire diplomatic history of the United States upholds Mr. Canfield's opinion.

The formula of reply which our state department has invariably followed in representations to foreign powers protesting against shipments from this country of munitions of war to belligerent powers was fixed by Alexander Hamilton in his circular of Aug. 4, 1793, as follows:

"The purchasing within and exporting from the United States, by way of merchandise, articles commonly called contraband, being generally warlike instruments, is free to all parties at war and is not to be interfered with."

Formal remonstrances against sales of contraband to belligerents have frequently been received from powers which, through the fortunes of war, were embarrassed by their shipment, namely, from Great Britain in 1793, from France in 1796, from Great Britain again in 1854, from Mexico in 1862, from Chile in 1891, from Venezuela in 1892 and from the Orange Free State in 1901. Invariably they were replied to in the formula of Hamilton.

In each one of these cases the protesting power for the moment found its task of waging war made more difficult for it by the exportation of munitions from America to its enemies, just as today warfare for the Germans is made more difficult by the free access the allies have to our markets. But the federal government invariably asserted, with great firmness, the right of its traders to sell freely of contraband of war to whomsoever desired to purchase.

Thus we have established and upheld through a period of over a century a rule of our own—harmonious with international usage—affecting these shipments. This rule has been, stated without diplomatic verbiage, that we would sell to all comers arms and supplies of war, without reference to which party to any pending war was advantaged, or handicapped, by the policy.

The Mining Journal fails to see how the rule could now be changed without a clear infraction of our neutrality, and without affronting the allies in a manner that would warrant them in taking serious measures of reprisal. That the

German government fully shares this view and appreciates the binding force of our own precedents on the present government is indicated by the fact—worthy of much attention—that, although it is greatly handicapped by the free trade allies have with us in war supplies, it is a subject on which it has yet to make any formal representations.

COCK AND BULL.

A Lansing dispatch telling of Congressman-elect James' visit to the capitol and his expressions of hostility toward the pre-primary convention plan concludes:

Tonight, after the congressman had departed for Washington, some of his friends let the cat out of the bag. He is to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor in 1916, and with the primary as it reads now hopes to repeat Osborn's trick and bag the nomination. His friends now openly state that with a lot of candidates in the field again, Mr. James, as the one candidate from the upper peninsula, might win easily against others who have been mentioned as probable contestants.

The Mining Journal has no authority from Mr. James to pronounce on this story, but still it feels no hesitancy about calling it a cock and bull yarn, containing no iota of truth.

Mr. James is about to enter on the duties of representative of the Twelfth. He undertakes them under auspicious circumstances. He was elected by a large plurality under conditions much more exacting than a Republican candidate is likely to face in the district for years to come. No reason exists for doubting that he will be able to have an indefinite tenure in the office.

Mr. James is not likely to turn from this pleasing prospect to adventure in a gubernatorial campaign in which he would have to take his chance with the next man, and in which there could be no certainty of his success. Such a course would be for him a most foolish one, and his several moves in politics in the past have been well considered.

If Mr. James expressed himself as opposed to the pre-primary convention plan it is for the reason that he is opposed to it on what he conceives to be its lack of merits, and not with the intent of serving a purpose on his part to re-enter state politics.

HOPE IN SPRING WHEAT.

Not merely an opportunity but a duty confronts the spring wheat growers of the United States. It is necessary for the country that they shall sow the largest possible acreage next spring and do their utmost to make the crop break all records.

A great deal of spring wheat in this country and Canada may keep the price of the foremost bread grain of the world down to reasonable limits. A short crop in the spring wheat belt would be a disaster involving extreme prices for bread and entailing a sharp advance in the cost of all food staples because of the effect of wheat upon other grains and on vegetables and meats.

With the market for wheat where it now stands it ought not to be necessary to urge farmers in spring wheat territory to make the acreage of that grain as large as possible, and they should see that their own interests require liberal fertilizing of the soil and the most careful preparation of the fields devoted to a staple greatly needed.

In his message to the legislature Governor Ferris recommends that the personnel of the state tax equalization board be changed so that it will include the tax commission and the governor. Now it is made up largely of officials who are nominated in state conventions. In state conventions the Wayne delegation is always a potent, and often a controlling, influence. Rather as a matter of precaution than as a remedy for existing ills, steps should be taken to divorce the important task of equalization from all political bearings. The governor outlines a way in which it can be done with considerable certainty.

They call him Jingo Gardner in some newspapers. For our part he seems to us to be talking only common sense about our dinky little American army, says the Detroit Saturday Night. He told the military committee of the house the other day that we have under 30,000 regular soldiers available in case of trouble—just one Canadian contingent in the present war. He told them that we were short of guns and ammunition; and we can't understand why the Democrats there assembled, except for purely party reasons, did not give him a more sympathetic hearing. The American people don't want Congressman Gardner gagged on this question, if we know what they are thinking about; they want to know more about the army and navy; and they want to adopt at once some sane, settled, moderate and intelligent policy. A thorough discussion of the military situ-

ation would be a happy interruption in the news about congressional extravagance and the latest pork bill and what one of our Detroit wits has called the inefficiency tax.

The Detroit Free Press prints an article about flogging in the Jackson prison, based on a story of an ex-convict. How's this? We understood that the Free Press' local contemporary, the Journal, and Bob Ogg had abolished corporal punishment in the Michigan prisons many years ago.

President Wilson's hint that he may name a candidate in 1916 occasioned no real surprise. And by the same token, no matter what they may offer for public consumption, Mr. Wilson's political opponents realize that he will be a hard man to beat.

STATE PRE-S

British women being trained in cooking will be much in demand after the war is over, as well as now.—Jackson Citizen-Press.

The Belgian babies will remember, when they grow up, that Battle Creek is a brand filled from bank to bank with the milk of human kindness.—Battle Creek Enquirer.

Senator Lodge proposes to increase the efficiency of the army by adding 1,000 officers. In that way we can at least keep our private from deserting.—Grand Rapids Press.

Just ask the people at Whittby and Scarborough what they think of Hague agreements and twenty-four-hour notices! We wonder also what Mr. Bryan and Mr. Carnegie and all the rest of the millennium party are thinking nowadays about the job of regulating war by printed rules.—Adrian Telegram.

TIMELY QUIPS

Dry.
Now comes a professor to say that even Niagara Falls will be dry in 1000 years. Let the national prohibitionists cheer up.—Lewell Courier-Citizen.

Folly.
A couple of Pennsylvania men made a wager relative to their respective capacity for liquor. And yet we complain of the folly of war.—Cleveland Leader.

Social.
Perchance Washington society could emerge from its quandary as to how to entertain those non-speaking diplomats by letting such eminent gentlemen entertain themselves.—Indianapolis News.

Atrocity.
And now, just as the warring nations have ceased to accuse each other of having committed atrocities, Christabel Pankhurst announces that she is ready to go to war for England.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Strategic.
Investigation will show that every retreat in the big war was for the purpose of taking up "a more advantageous strategic position." Which was the same reason that the man climbed a tree when he was chased by an angry bull.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A LAUGH OR TWO

A Fair Exchange.
A small boy had been given a penny with a hole in it. Handing it to a still smaller companion, he said: "Jimmie, 'I dare you to go into that store and buy something. And hats, gloves, stockings—in fact, I'm easy on everything.'"

"Except father, eh?" said the daughter.


Business Education.
Ex-Fire Chief Croker of New York, apropos of his fire proof house, said: "Houses like mine, where you can start bonfires in every room without danger, are going to do away with fire as a business."

"Fire as a business?" said the man. "You've heard the story perhaps of the business man who was educating his son."

"Two bankruptcies equal one failure." So the business man began the little fellow's training. "Two failures equal one fire. Two—"

"But the boy interrupted here. "Pa," he said, "is marriage a failure?" "Well, my son," the business man answered, "if you marry a really

Bell System



Close observers of economic conditions see an area of growing prosperity in this country as a result of the European war.

Progressive business men are preparing for a season of increased sales.

Call trade your way by Bell telephone. It gives the maximum of sales service at the minimum of expense. Go after new business in

The Telephone Way

Michigan State Telephone Company
K. S. Baker, Manager
Telephone 5

timed, "was the only person who appeared at chapel one stormy Sunday morning."

"The minister, seeing but one worshiper, thought he would preach only one sermon—not two as usual."

"He mounted the pulpit stairs, and looking down at the solitary farmer, said:

"Well, John, shall I give you the sermon in Gaelic or the one in English?"

"John, who was a very gruff old fellow, looked the preacher sternly in the eye and replied:

"Give me them both, you're well paid for them!"

The Doubles.
Colonel Roosevelt shaves every evening before he goes to bed. Apropos of this odd fact, there is a little story.

Before the Outlook office one day a robust man of middle age approached the colonel and said, "Colonel, I'm taken for you everywhere. It's most embarrassing."

Colonel Roosevelt looked the man over keenly then said:

"Well, of all my doubles, you resemble me the most. In fact, if I could stand you up before me every evening, I'd be able to shave by you."

Editorial Opinion

Looking Over the New Legislature.

You can hardly attend an opening of the legislature of Michigan without coming away convinced that America is the pride of Destiny.

There is nothing in the atmosphere at these openings to indicate that the gentlemen there assembled are endowed with any marked capacity for making laws and conducting a government. Except for some casual conversation about the speaker's address, a stranger might think he had dropped into an employment agency for janitors and pages. Petty job hunters of all sizes and hopes and laziness swarm the place. Country relatives sit about over-awed with the distinction that has fallen upon the alleged statesmen of the family. Boardinghouse keepers seek quick custom. Politicians with axes to grind lobby for appointments to committees where they can make the most of their influence. And Noble Ashley of Detroit preclaims in inverse proportions to the actual number of his supporters his perennial and purposeful and oft-punctured candidacy for presiding officer of the house.

Out of this scenery an organization presently emerges, and two parliamentary bodies begin the work of legislation. One body could do it better, but ever since we kicked King George out of the colonies we have felt that anything less than an imitation of his house of commons and his house of lords would

be disastrous to our liberties. Most of the Canadian provinces discarded the senatorial comely a generation or two ago; but we can countenance no such revolutionary suggestion in Michigan. So we set up in the lawmaking business in 1915 with one hundred men in one house, two-thirds of them new at their jobs, and thirty-two in the senate, a majority of them new at their jobs, and defy fate.

Nor does either house keep an intelligent record of what it is doing, that the greenhorns of a succeeding legislature may have some ideas to build on. There is no record, for instance, of the primary election debates of the past ten years, and the men who are to enact more primary election legislation now have only a confused and glimmering notion of what their predecessors meant to do when primary election legislation began. Even as good a friend of primary elections as the Detroit News has forgotten, as we demonstrated last week, or has repudiated, its original doctrine on this subject. It has been so with many legislators for ten years past on other important legislation. It will probably be so ten years hence. We keep complete records of the debates of constitutional conventions, but our governmental business sense is not yet sharp enough to understand that such records are quite as important for the legislature.

Being thus guaranteed a fairly comprehensive supply of ignorance as to the purpose and history of their forebears, our new-found lawmakers set themselves diligently to writing another book of statutes, but only after they have first made sure that they will not have adequate legal assistance in the framing of bills to express their multifarious ideas of human salvation. One legislature a few years ago did attempt to inaugurate the Wisconsin system of engaging a staff of experts for the investigation and drafting of proposed laws, but it was largely a fool's errand, for the purpose of government could sustain such a system? What other business could do so well under such handicaps? What greater tribute to American intelligence than that we can conduct a moderately rational government at all under such circumstances? What better proof that America is the special pride of Destiny!—Detroit Saturday Night.

NOT A CHEAP PRESIDENT.

Whatever the differences of opinion as to the wisdom of the President's policies, his critics concede his patriotism, his intelligence and his sincerity. He takes his high duties seriously. Not a cheap man, he makes no cheap appeal for support. He compliments the American people by assuming, as in his speech at Indianapolis, that they have outgrown the taste for the old partisan feuds and wish their public men to establish contact with the verities of present day life.

It is new and refreshing for a political leader to rest his claim for support on ideas rather than on mechanical membership in a party. The assumption hitherto has been that a party won as a party rather than as trustee for a specific set of government proposals. The effort has been to make membership in a party traditional. The staple of stump discourse has been the promise of the party tie. The implication has been that a party was like a family and that a man had no right to quit a political organization that he was born into or stumbled into with his first vote. The effort of campaign committees to convert the party tie into a stimulus, thought, but on suppressing it. By a strange perversion men who have stuck to one organization have been lauded as consistent, while charges of inconsistency and changeableness have been brought against men who have ventured to change parties. Yet it is demonstrable that no elector who keeps with an inconsistent party can be consistent.

It is a notable event for a responsible political leader like President Wilson frankly to acknowledge that he has been led not with party regulars but with the independent voters—with those on whom party allegiance as such rests lightly or not at all. It is even more notable for such a leader to welcome the new condition and to say in effect that the change marks a great advance. It is doubtful if the American people can ever be induced to be rigorously party men. They will be less and less confused by the divergent issues of municipal, state and national politics, and thus be less the prey of corrupt political coteries.

That the old partisanship, while weakened and tottering to its grave, has not yet reached an end, is, of course, as obvious to Mr. Wilson chiefly relies on for reelection it is still good practice to vote a particular ticket because of Robert E. Lee and events of half a century ago. In election districts of New York the vote to some extent prevails that any man who wavers in his allegiance to Tammany is false in some way to Ireland. Nevertheless it is true, as the President says, that both of the two principal parties are now minority parties and neither can hope to win solely through its own strength.—New York Globe.

COULD NOT SLEEP OR DO HOUSEWORK

The Grippe Left Mrs. Findley in Such a Weak, Nervous Condition That Her Case Was Serious.

Severy, Kans.—"The Grippe left me in a very weak, nervous, run-down condition. I was too weak to do my housework and could not sleep. I tried different medicines without benefit and finally one day read about Vinol, and decided to try it. In a very short time I could see an improvement and after taking two bottles I have a good appetite and my health and strength was restored."

"I think Vinol is a grand medicine and every weak, nervous, run-down woman should take it."—Mrs. Geo. FINDLEY, Severy, Kans.

Vinol creates strength because it contains all the elements of tissue-building elements of cod liver oil actually taken from fresh, healthy cod fish. To this is added peptonate of iron, a most essential element for the blood, all dissolved in a delicious native wine.

Vinol creates an appetite, aids digestion, makes poor healthy blood. In this natural manner it builds up the run-down, weak and nervous system, replaces weakness with strength. If Vinol fails to create strength after sickness we will return your money.

The Stafford Drug Co., Marquette, Mich. By F. P. Tillson Drug Co., Ishpeming, and in Negaunee by J. E. O'Donoghue, druggist, and all leading drug stores everywhere.

BLOCK AND SPLIT WOOD

WHILE IT LASTS

For Spot Cash

16 inch Dry Block Hardwood, per load.....\$6.00

16 inch Dry Split Hardwood, per load.....\$6.75

PLEASE ORDER EARLY. PROMPT DELIVERY

Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.

Classified Want Directory

LOST

LOST—A pink fascinator. Finder will please return to Mining Journal office. 1-9-15

BUSINESS CHANCES

BUSINESS CHANCE—One of the finest cigar stores and billiard halls in the upper peninsula for sale. Stock and fixtures inventories \$2,300. If taken at once will sell for \$1,950. Located in a thriving and prosperous little city. No competition. Other business desirable. Reason for selling. Address X. Y. care Mining Journal. 1-7-15

WANTED

WANTED—Men to learn the barber trade. The world needs more barbers than any other tradesmen. Few weeks' instruction. Tools included. Board furnished. Wages while learning. Distant applicants write. Modern Barber College, Milwaukee, Wis. 1-9-15

WANTED—First-class cook for hotel. Steady work; good wages. F. E. Pink, Iron River, Mich. 1-9-15

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Eight-room house, corner Fourth and Michigan streets. Inquire of Jacob Smith. 1-7-15

TO RENT—Two apartments on the second floor of the Coles block, corner Third and Elm streets. The company has one very large room and two small ones, nicely decorated for lodge purposes, but would be desirable for business use. Marquette County Savings Bank, or Charles T. Geill. 1-4-15

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Six-room house on Cedar Street, Baraboo, Wis. Inquire Peter Salvato, R. F. D. Class No. 2. 1-8-15

For Sale—Three heavy horses. For cash at once, H. E. Bittner. 12-7-14

FOR SALE—Two-seated cutter; plum hood; good as new; cost \$150.00; will sell for \$75.00. A. E. Archambeau, Marquette, Mich. 10-29-14

ANNUAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the annual stockholders' meeting of the Marquette City & Presque Isle National Bank of Marquette, Michigan, will be held at the office of the company, 125 Washington St., in the City of Marquette, Michigan, on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1915, at ten o'clock a. m.

CHARLES RETALIO, Secretary.

12-19-14

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

Munising, Mich., Dec. 31, 1914.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Marquette, Michigan, will be held at its banking room in the village of Munising on Tuesday, the 12th day of January, 1915, between the hours of ten a. m. and four p. m., for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

SHERMAN COLLINS, Vice President and Cashier.

12-12-14

ANNUAL MEETING

The First National Bank of Marquette, Marquette, Mich., Dec. 31, 1914.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Marquette, Michigan, for the election of directors and for the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the banking rooms of said bank on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and twelve o'clock noon of said day.

L. G. KAUFMAN, President.

C. L. BRAINERD, Cashier.

(12-11-14) (1-2-15)

Michigan State Highway Department, Lansing.

NOTICE OF BRIDGE LETTING.

Sealed proposals will be received by mail at the office of the State Highway Commissioner, Lansing, Michigan, until noon January 22, 1915, for the construction of concrete piers, for the present bridge crossing Whitefish River, near Rapid River, in Section 29, T. 41 N., R. 21 W., Muskegon township, Delta county.

For inspection of bridge site, plans, specifications, instructions to bidders and proposal blanks, see Mr. R. P. Mason, county engineer, Escanaba, Michigan, or write this office.

Proposals will be received in lump on three and concrete piers on bridge and a certified check amounting to 5 per cent of the proposal will be required with each bid.

All bids will be considered informal and the right reserved to reject any or all bids.

FRANK F. BOGERS, State Highway Commissioner, Lansing, Michigan, 1-11-15.

THE PLUCKY FOX TERRIER.

The effective valor of the fox terrier against odds is again proved by the achievement of the Bloomingdale, N. J., dog which chased a gray fox into a hole and killed it after a desperate encounter. All terriers hope to be like to the gay little white dog with the large brain and the fighting jaw, comments the New York Sun. He has the élan of the French soldier, the cheerful pugnacity of the British, the stolid bravery of the German and the fortitude of the Russian. Unfortunately for him sometimes, he does not know when he is beaten, and he is as eager to renew a conflict as to resent an insult. If of the true breed fear is as foreign to his temperament as calculation of the risks of an adventure. He never turns his back upon a bristling enemy, and he never yields the weak. Brave to a fault is a description that fits the fox terrier better than any of the human kind.

HOT TEA BREAKS

A COLD—TRY THIS

Get a small package of Hamburg Brewed Tea, or as the German folks call it, "Hamburg" Brewed Tea, at any pharmacy. Take a tablespoonful of the tea, put a cup of boiling water upon it, pour through a sieve and drink it effective full at any time. It is the most effective way to break a cold and cure grip, as it opens the pores, relieving congestion. Also loosens the bowels, thus breaking a cold at once.

It is inexpensive and entirely vegetable, therefore harmless.

THE GRIPPE LEFT MRS. FINDLEY IN SUCH A WEAK, NERVOUS CONDITION THAT HER CASE WAS SERIOUS.

Severy, Kans.—"The Grippe left me in a very weak, nervous, run-down condition. I was too weak to do my housework and could not sleep. I tried different medicines without benefit and finally one day read about Vinol, and decided to try it. In a very short time I could see an improvement and after taking two bottles I have a good appetite and my health and strength was restored."

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Vinol creates an appetite, aids digestion, makes poor healthy blood. In this natural manner it builds up the run-down, weak and nervous system, replaces weakness with strength. If Vinol fails to create strength after sickness we will return your money.

The Stafford Drug Co., Marquette, Mich. By F. P. Tillson Drug Co., Ishpeming, and in Negaunee by J. E. O'Donoghue, druggist, and all leading drug stores everywhere.

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BLOCK AND SPLIT WOOD

WHILE IT LASTS

For Spot Cash

16 inch Dry Block Hardwood, per load.....\$6.00

16 inch Dry Split Hardwood, per load.....\$6.75

PLEASE ORDER EARLY. PROMPT DELIVERY

Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.

Copper Country

SERVED THE FRANKLIN THIRTY-FOUR YEARS

Edward Warne, Superintendent of Stamp Mill, Dies at the Age of Fifty-Three.

Edward Warne, fifty-three years of age, superintendent and master mechanic of the Franklin stamp mill, passed away yesterday morning at 4 o'clock at the family home at Point Mills, following an illness of four months. Mr. Warne had been in the employ of the Franklin for thirty-four continuous years. He superintended the construction of the mill. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon and will be in charge of the Knights Templar. Mr. Warne was also an Elk.

Mr. Warne came to the copper country from England when a young man and was employed as machinist at different mines in the district before going to the Franklin at 4 o'clock at the late George Warne. His wife was the youngest daughter of the late J. C. Shields of Ripley.

There remain to survive Mr. Warne his wife, two sons, Edward, a machinist at the Calumet & Hecla mills, and Robert, Mineral Point agent at Lake Linden, and one daughter, Mrs. James Keast of Lake Linden. Three brothers, John, of Arizona; James W., of England; and George, of Hancock, also are living.

Mr. Warne was a recognized authority on milling matters and was held in high esteem both by mining men in the district and by the men in his employ.

FUNERAL OF WILLIAM HARBOUR.

Victim of Painesdale Accident is Buried at Lake Linden.

The funeral of William Harbour, killed Friday at the Champion mine at Painesdale when two rock cars passed over him, was held yesterday morning at 9 o'clock from the Atlantic Catholic church. The remains were taken to Lake Linden for burial. Harbour had made his home for the last four years with his sister, Mrs. Fred Miller of Tremont. His mother, three brothers, John and Henry of Lake Linden and Oliver of Duluth, and three sisters, Mrs. George Hobson of Calumet, Mrs. John Stone of Houghton and Mrs. Fred Miller of Trimonant, survive him.

STATE LAW MUST BE OBEYED.

Physicians Notified by Clerk Martin They Must File Birth Reports.

Clerk George Martin of Calumet township yesterday called attention to the provisions in the statutes of Michigan which make it necessary for physicians and others to file birth reports with the clerks of the villages, townships and cities in which births occur. It is understood that the physicians of Calumet township have been obeying this provision of the law in general, but the clerk occasionally learns of a birth that has not been reported. The matter was forcibly brought to his attention when inquiry was made at his office concerning the birth of a child in the township in 1912. The birth had not been reported and, consequently, the desired information could not be given. Clerk Martin says that during the five years he has held the office of clerk there have been reported to him 3,198 births.

CHILDREN BACK TO STUDIES.

Schools in Hancock Resume Work, After Three Weeks Vacation.

Teachers and pupils in Hancock's schools yesterday morning got down to work with a spirit that indicated they had enjoyed the holiday vacation of one additional week due to the smallpox scare. The work was taken up where it had been dropped three weeks ago. Domestic science will not be added to the curriculum until the first of February, when the new semester opens. This is to prevent conflicts in classes. The science department has been transferred from the ground floor to the attic, making way for the domestic science classes.

FOWLER CLASS ELECTION.

The Fowler Bible class of the Calumet M. E. Sunday school has elected officers for the coming twelve months as follows: President, Herbert Salmon; vice president, Clarence Medlyn; secretary, Garth J. Williams; treasurer, Chester Ahlstrom.

GRANDMOTHER KNEW

There Was Nothing So Good for Congestion and Colds as Mustard

But the old-fashioned mustard-plaster burned and blistered while it acted. You can now get the relief and help that mustard plasters gave, without the plaster and without the blister. MUSTEROLE does it. It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It is scientifically prepared, so that it works wonders, and yet does not blister the tenderest skin. Just massage MUSTEROLE in with the finger-tips gently. See how quickly it brings relief—how speedily the pain disappears.

And there is nothing like MUSTEROLE for Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Stiff Neck, Asthma, Neuralgia, Headache, Congestion, Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Lumbago Pains and Aches of Back or Joints, Sprains, Sore Muscles, Bruises, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Colds of the Chest (it often prevents Pneumonia).

At your druggist's, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$2.50. Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Refuse imitations—get what you ask for. The Musterule Company, Cleveland, Ohio.



JEFFERS ANNOUNCES HE WILL MAKE RUN

Painesdale Man Seeks Nomination for Place on the State Board of Education.

F. A. Jeffers, of Painesdale, superintendent of the Adams township schools and one of the best known educators in the state, yesterday announced himself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for a place on the state board of education.

Reports that lower Michigan friends of Mr. Jeffers were urging him to make the run have reached the copper country from time to time, and recently a Detroit newspaper printed a report to this effect. Mr. Jeffers yesterday made the first authentic announcement of his intention to seek the nomination when he put himself normally in the race.

Mr. Jeffers is well known in educational circles throughout Michigan. He is a member of the faculty of the summer school of the Northern State Normal college at Marquette and has been active in the affairs of the State Teachers' association, serving recently as an officer of this body.

BANK ELECTIONS TODAY.

Several Copperdom Institutions Will Elect New Presidents.

The annual meetings of the copper country's national banks will be held this morning, when directors will be elected. Subsequently the directors will meet to organize.

At Hancock new presidents will be elected to succeed the late August Mette and Jacob Beer, of the First National and Superior National, respectively. It is probable that the Superior Trust company directors also will elect a new executive today. The company held its annual meeting a few weeks ago, when the late Mr. Baer was reelected president.

At Calumet the principal change in the personnel of any of the bank directors will be the election of a successor to Joseph W. Selden, cashier and manager of the First National bank, who died during the fall. In Houghton, a similar change has been forced. W. B. McLaughlin, vice president and manager of the Houghton National bank, died during the year, and his place on the directorate and as vice president will have to be filled. Whether or not William D. Calverley, recently elected vice president of the bank, succeeds Mr. McLaughlin or the late James B. Cooper, who also died during the year, has not been announced.

WARM FIGHT POSSIBLE.

Fifty-Five Delegates Attending Slovenian-Croatian Meeting at Calumet.

The special convention of the Slovenian-Croatian union of the United States, called for the purpose of reorganizing the society, of making its by-laws and charter conform with each other and with the state laws governing insurance organizations and of placing the order on a firm business basis, opened at the Red Jacket town hall yesterday with fifty-five delegates in attendance. Members from the Minnesota, Arizona and copper and iron country lodges are present.

One of the objects in calling the convention was to place the order on a purely beneficial basis. It is the desire of a large fraction of the members to do away with all entanglements and to remain absolutely neutral, politically and as regards labor unions. There is another factor, however, and one said to be strongly represented at the Calumet meeting, which would hold the organization to affiliation with labor unions and it is not unlikely that a warm fight will develop on this question.

The delegates attended services yesterday morning at St. John's Croatian church, Rev. Father Medin preaching a special convention sermon.

JANUARY TERM JURY DRAWN.

First Preliminary to the Circuit Court, Which Opens Jan. 25.

The jury for the January term of the Houghton county circuit court was drawn yesterday morning by County Clerk Kaiser, Sheriff Cruse and Justice Jacob Steffes of Lake Linden and David Armit of Laurium. The term will convene Jan. 25, but the first week will be taken up with the hearing of pleas and motions and the naturalizing of aliens. The jury trials will not commence until the second week. Consequently, the jury will not report for duty until Feb. 1.

The following are the jurors: James Collins, Elm River; William Wolge, Portage; Daniel Washburn, Hancock township; James Frye, Calumet; Frank Blythe, Hancock city; Dominick Cliscak, Laird; Joseph Long, Osecola; Fred Savelle, Portage; Mike Teskila Jr., Stanton; Alex A. Barbeau, Schoolcraft; Martin, Neher, Torch Lake; W. W. Finch, Hancock city; Ely Messner, Hancock township; Osecola; C. W. Hegben, Portage; William Longpre, Schoolcraft; John Webber Jr., Quincy; Frank Bernier, Stanton; John E. Slatyer, Torch Lake; Joseph C. Schaeffer, Hancock city; Charles Grigg, Adams; Frank Olson, Calumet; Herbert Stevens, Adams; John A. Fersberg, Calumet; Charles Goudge, Franklin; Samuel Heather, Franklin; Joseph Baril, Osecola; Joseph Wilmers, Calumet; John Zancher, Stanton; Joseph Schaeffer, Torch Lake; Dominick Cralla, Hancock; William N. Krog, Calumet; John Goodfellow, Adams; Clarence E. Davis, Duncan; Antonio Tomasi, Calumet; and Edwin Duggan, Franklin.

SPARROW HUNTERS ACTIVE.

The sparrow hunters of Portage township have collected bounties on

IN FIVE MINUTES NO SICK STOMACH, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" Is the Quickest and Surest Stomach Relief.

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you belch gas and fermentate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach headache, you can surely get relief in five minutes.

Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula, plainly printed on these fifty-cent boxes of Pape's Diapepsin, then you will understand why dyspeptic troubles of all kinds must go, and why it relieves, sour, out-of-order stomachs or indigestion in five minutes. "Pape's Diapepsin" is harmless; tastes like candy, though each dose will digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood all the food you eat; besides, it makes you go to the table with a healthy appetite; but what will please you most is that you will feel that your stomach and intestines are clean and fresh, and you will not need to resort to laxatives or liver pills for biliousness or constipation.

This city will have many "Pape's Diapepsin" cranks, as some people will call them, but you will be enthusiastic about this splendid stomach preparation, too, if you ever take it for indigestion, gas, heartburn, sourness, dyspepsia, or any stomach misery.

Get some now, this minute, and rid yourself of stomach misery and indigestion in five minutes.

more birds in the five weeks of the open season, beginning Dec. 1, 1914, than were killed in the township in the three months of the season last year. To date 429 birds have been slaughtered. Of this number, William Bliss shot 290, this representing four days' work. During the entire season last year bounties were paid on 305 birds.

CHURCH IS "GOING BACK."

View of Mr. Crosby of Hancock Before Ministerial Association.

Rev. Reuben Crosby of the Hancock M. E. church yesterday told the Copper Country Ministerial association that the church had gone back to its former position in its effort to get good, and that the standards of membership were not always high enough and not always enforced with enough care.

Adequate Requirement for Church Membership was the title of Mr. Crosby's paper, read yesterday before the association at a meeting at Grace church, Houghton. Mr. Crosby took the attitude that if the church lowered its membership standards too far, the element that the church had gained by its efforts might rule and thus defeat the very object that the church was striving to obtain.

Following the paper and the discussion that followed it, Mr. Crosby invited the association to hold its meeting next month at the Hancock M. E. church. The invitation was accepted. Rev. Mr. Polk, in charge of the Powe M. E. church will read the paper at the next meeting. Its theme will be "The Power of Prayer." The meeting will be held Feb. 1.

FACTORY IN OPERATION.

Forty Girls Given Employment—More to Be Taken on Later.

The Michel overall factory of Hancock went into commission yesterday morning. Forty girls were given employment. The force will be increased as the demand for the output grows. Many Hancock citizens visited the plant yesterday to view the operations. There is a general feeling that the factory will expand into one of the district's leading industries.

SUPERVISORS MEET TODAY.

The Houghton county board will meet this morning at the court house for the monthly meeting. No important business was noted yesterday for the consideration of the supervisors, though it is expected that the question of naming a special prosecutor to conduct the retrial of the Seeberville case will arise. The report of the committee named to investigate a county wood-cutting industry for the unemployed also will be received.

WILL OPEN BRANCH OFFICE.

Secretary George L. Price of the Copper Country Commercial club was advised yesterday that the Converse Rubber Shoe company, one of the biggest makers of shoes, tires and other rubber goods in the country, has decided to establish a branch office in Houghton and will locate two agents there. The company will carry a large stock and will make Houghton a distributing point for the territory from Duluth to the Soo and from Calumet to Marquette.

OUCH! LAME BACK. RUB LUMBAGO OR BACKACHE AWAY

Rub Pain Right Out With Small Trial Bottle of Old "St. Jacob's Oil."

BOXING MATCH IS OFF.

Governor Notifies Sheriff Not to Permit Scheduled Exhibition.

Promoters of the boxing match arranged for Friday evening at the Laurium town hall, Young Wittika of Calumet and Al Peterson of Laurium to be the contenders, were notified by Sheriff James Cruse yesterday morning that the match must be called off. The sheriff, it is stated, has received from Governor Woodbridge Ferris word that he shall not permit this match or other boxing bouts in Houghton county. As a result, all arrangements for the match were declared off yesterday and there has been a halt called to the plans for a meeting at Hancock late this month or early in February between Wittika and Jimmy Brady.

THERE MAY BE ICE RACING.

Hancock Horsemen in the Annual Attempt to Revive Moribund Sport.

The possibility of horse racing on the ice comin to life within the next few weeks were brightened considerably on Sunday and yesterday when a number of Hancock horsemen got together and discussed the project. The result of the two conferences was a decision to wait on all the merchants in Hancock and then have a committee meet the merchants of Houghton, with a view of procuring contributions for purses that would attract the owners of the best horses in the county. Assurance has been given that the city of Hancock will go "halves" with the village of Houghton in building a course on Portage lake between the county bridge and the scow bridge.

One such horse as "Duke W" and "Bill Bailey" to enter, there are several horses in Calumet, while in the Torch Lake district "Gander Mack," owned by Nicholas Rodig, and "King of Hearts," the property of William Parks, are available.

One such plan now considered is a farmer's horse race, which it is believed would be a good drawing card. The promoters hope to get the races going the latter part of this month.

WILL EXHIBIT HORSESHOE.

Earl Trangmar to Give New Device Some Valuable Advertising.

The horseshoe to be manufactured in the copper country by the Warren G. Bright Horseshoe company will be given valuable publicity this week at the annual convention of the Michigan Live Stock Breeders and Feeders, which will be held at the Michigan Agricultural college at East Lansing. Earl Trangmar, former copper country newspaper man and a student at the agricultural college, has a sample of the new shoe and data in regard to it and he will demonstrate the device to the members of the association. A big auction sale of standard bred draft horses will be held in conjunction with the convention and will attract horsemen from many parts of the West. The publicity that the demonstration will give the shoe will probably prove beneficial to the new industry.

FILES FOR NATURALIZATION.

County Clerk Kaiser yesterday at Houghton filed the petition of John Levonen of Franklin for full naturalization. Levonen came to this country from Finland by way of the Soo in 1906.

Legislative Notes

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 11.—While it has been assumed in some quarters that the views of Lieutenant Governor Dickinson on that subject, and his favorable position for giving them practical effect, probably insured that an attempt would be made to secure the submission of an amendment providing for prohibition, he is said to be opposed to forcing the issue at this time, on the ground that the state is not yet ready to pass on it, and this view is said to be shared by various organizations interested in the prohibition campaign. Senator Straight, chairman of the senate liquor committee, is quoted as saying: "Personally I am in favor of having such an amendment submitted to the people at the next general election, but I will take no action along that line unless those organizations that favor anti-liquor legislation express their wish that such steps be taken." It is said considerable sentiment exists for holding on to the amount of the alcohol license. The new figure most generally proposed is \$750, but there are some legislators who believe that the license fee should be increased to \$1,000.

A standing committee, appointed by the governor, consisting of three members, serving terms of two, four and six years, to constitute a state budget committee for the legislature is the plan of Representative Harry Hinkley. Representative Hinkley would have this committee composed of men, members of the legislature and would have authority taken during the present session to name them, so that during the next two years they can investigate the methods used in other states and report to the 1917 session of the legislature. This plan, according to Lansing, would save the governor's views for a budget system and would relieve members of the legislature of the duty of making appropriations for the various state institutions on the basis of insufficient data.

Ambitious to get a college education, thirteen-year-old Maxine E. Corlies, only daughter of Senator Perry Corlies, of Mayville, asked her father to take her to Lansing and secure for her a job that she might increase her bank account. The senator conferred with Mrs. Corlies about the matter, with the result that the family is now in Lansing for the winter and Maxine has been appointed a messenger to the senate proof room at a salary of \$2 a day. Maxine has already made many friends and the legislative halls. Little Miss Corlies is an accomplished musician for one of her age and while at Lansing will not neglect either her schooling or her musical education.

Senator George Scott of Detroit will offer an amendment to the graded salary law, which will provide a general increase in salary for the employees in the various state departments. The average salary limit for the clerks is \$1,000, with a minimum of \$800. Senator Scott would make the minimum \$1,000 and the maximum salary \$1,400 per year. The employees of the various state departments, under the provisions of the bill to be introduced by Senator Scott,

The Cowboys of the Sky Buck Up with Peerless

When you're slinging rivets five hundred feet in the air, you get that old he-feeling that life is full of good stuff. There's pep and ginger in the game. "Cowboys of the sky" is what they call these keen, alert, structural iron men. And when they like to "buck up" a bit—well, they go for good, full-bodied, rich

PEERLESS Long Cut Tobacco

Put PEERLESS in a pipe and it goes right to the spot with the man who knows real tobacco. Chew it and you get the limit of tobacco enjoyment.

PEERLESS is made especially to suit the sturdy man who wants a natural, full-bodied smoke, or a natural-sweet, satisfying chew.

PEERLESS has been the same fine old satisfying tobacco for 50 years. It is made today just as it was half a century ago, of leaf aged three to five years, which makes it mellow and smooth. It never varies, is always just right because a large reserve stock of leaf is carried to protect this famous old brand.

Stick PEERLESS into your overalls for a week's trial—and you'll always stick to it. Sold everywhere in 5c packages.

Other sizes, 10c, 20c and 40c Packages, and 45c Tin Packs.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY



would be graded in five classes. Clerks classified in grade E would receive \$1,000 per annum, grade D \$1,100, grade C \$1,200, grade B \$1,300 and grade A \$1,400. In the bill Scott specifies that the average compensation in each department shall at no time exceed \$1,200 and provision is made that when clerks are transferred from one department to another they shall be eligible to receive the same graded salary. When the present salary basis was established it cost much less to live in Lansing than it does at the present. It is claimed that the state has not advanced salaries to the high cost of living and department heads have frequently remarked that it would be possible to get better help if the state would pay more money. It is certain that the capital employees will be strong boosters for the Scott bill.

Only four National league players hit above 300 last summer who were in the select circle in 1913. They are Cravath, Darnburt, Becker and Sherwood Magee.

Manager Miller Huggins of the St. Louis National league baseball team announced that catcher Tex Wingo had been transferred to the Cincinnati club.

Louis Hanna, a Chinese player, has been released by the Portland club of the Northwest league. The other players refused to perform their duties in his company and he was let go.

Even if Jack Fournier fails to outdo Bunny on first base, he can challenge Bunny to a wrestling match and get the better of him with ease. Jack is the champion wrestler on the Sox team.

T. S. Griffith, outfielder for the Indianapolis American association team last season, was traded to the Cincinnati National league club for three players, according to announcement made in Indianapolis.

Pol Perritt of the Pittsburg Feds has settled for all time the controversy as to whether he will jump back to the Cardinals again or not. According to a story coming from Pittsburg, he was given a \$600 bonus and is satisfied.

Doc Johnston, who is slated for release by the Naps, learned the news for the first time last week. Doc's attitude can be judged from the remarks he made, one of them was, "The club may mean that as a threat, but I look at it as a promise."

If Chief Bender and Bob Shawkey ever meet, the fur is likely to fly. The youthful hurler is credited with saying that the Indian is a has-been, which the latter resents. Bender is seeking satisfaction, but first has to be shown that Shawkey really made the statement.

Several of those big league players who are wintering on the coast have run afoul of the game warden. Luckily for the big leaguers, nothing happened to them, but Bob White and Jack Redding of the Frisco Seals are being sought. It is said this pair killed deer out of season.

Eddie Collins was on a hunting trip when the appointment of Clarence Rowland as manager of the White Sox was announced. He didn't know he had a new boss until three days later. Eddie's first loss upon hearing the news was to ask who Rowland was. Collins didn't know there was such a man in baseball.

Arguments pro and con on the proposed player limit rule are flying thick and fast. It is generally thought that the limit will be placed at twenty-five, as in former seasons. The Pittsburg Pirates are strong advocates of the low limit, as that club won three pennants in years when only twenty-one players were on the roster.

John Mcgraw at one time last fall tried to land the management of the Chicago Cubs, according to a story going the rounds in the east. Mcgraw was also willing to take a share in the club and liked the idea exceedingly well. When he went to the Giant owners and

asked them what they thought of it, and if they would release him, he was told that it could never happen. Mac did not become peevish, as he has a good thing with the Giants. The matter was then dropped.

Dick Egan, formerly of the Cincinnati Reds, is the champion traveler of 1913 and 1914. Egan lives in California and went around the circuit with the Reds in 1913. He joined the Honolulu tour of the all-star teams, in addition to making two training trips, one with the Reds and the other with the Dodgers.

Stanley Coveleski, pitcher on the Spokane club of the Northwestern league last year, has been traded to the Portland Coast league team for five players, among them pitcher Easley and Third Baseman Guigui. The other three will be selected after the Portland squad has assembled for spring training.

According to several members of the all stars that went to Honolulu last fall, the islanders are adept at the game. Amateur leagues have been formed in every community and some really fast baseball is being played. Players confidently expect to hear of some of the natives breaking into the major leagues.

Benny Kauff, leading Federal league hurler, owes his chance to star to an accident to Al Kaiser, former regular outfielder for the Hoofeds. Benny was warming the bench, and from the way Kaiser was playing it was evident Kauff would not have a chance to break in. Early last summer Al twisted his knee and was laid up. Manager Bill Phillips sent Kauff to the position. Kaiser's efforts to dislodge Benny thereafter were unsuccessful.

WHAT DYSEPTICS SHOULD EAT

A PHYSICIAN'S ADVICE.

Indigestion and practically all forms of stomach trouble are nine times out of ten due to acidity. Therefore, stomach sufferers should, whenever possible, avoid eating food that is acid in its nature, or which by chemical action in the stomach develops acidity. Unfortunately, such a rule eliminates most foods which are pleasant to the taste as well as those which are rich in blood, flesh and nerve building properties. This is the reason why dyspeptics and stomach sufferers are usually so thin, emaciated and lacking in vital energy which can only be gained by a well fed body. For the benefit of those sufferers who have been obliged to exclude from their diet all starch, except of fairly good quality, and are trying to keep on a miserable existence on gluten products, I would suggest that you should try a most nutritious food or foods which you may like in moderate amount, taking immediately afterwards a teaspoonful of bisulphated magnesia in a little hot or cold water. This will neutralize any acid which may be formed, or which may be formed, and instead of the usual feeling of heaviness and fullness, you will find that your food agrees with you perfectly. Bisulphated magnesia is doubtless the best food corrective and antidote known. It has no direct action on the stomach; but by neutralizing the acidity of the food, it acts indirectly, which influences the delicate stomach lining. It does not act upon the bowels, as is done by any drug or medicine. As a physician, I believe in the use of medicine whenever necessary, but I must affirm that I cannot see the sense of dosing an inflamed and irritated stomach with drugs instead of getting rid of the acid—the cause of all trouble. Get a little bisulphated magnesia from your druggist, eat what you want at your next meal, take some of the bisulphated magnesia as directed above, and see if I'm not right."

What better than a nice Oyster Stew and cup of good Coffee on a stormy day? We serve both.

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.
The REXALL Store
Stews 25c and 35c

Look Over This List!

Carving Sets Bread Trays Egg Openers
Casseroles Crumb Trays Egg Boilers
Chafing Dishes Baking Dishes Scissors
Pocket Knives Snow Shoes Skates

IN A LARGE ASSORTMENT

M. R. MANHARD & SON, Ltd.
Wholesale and Retail Hardware

The D. L. & W. Coal Co's
Celebrated

Scranton Anthracite Pocahontas Smokeless
White Ash Splint Youghiogheny Soft
Kentucky Bright Flame Cannel Lilly Smithing

F. B. SPEAR & SONS

D. L. & W. Genuine Scranton Anthracite
Youghiogheny Soft
Pocahontas Smokeless
Lilly Smithing Blue Grass Cannel
Island Creek Splint
Large stock of Pea Coal
Clean Coal Prompt Service

PHONES 90 & 293

JAS. PICKANDS & CO. LTD. THE BEST COAL

Bankrupt Sale

Entire stock of men's furnishings, constituting the estate of Nathan D. Forgostein bankrupt, will be sold at private or public sale by John Robertson, trustee, Room 8, Harlow block, Marquette, Michigan. The said stock of goods are now in the store formerly occupied by the bankrupt at No. 103 W. Washington St., Marquette, and may be examined on application to the trustee. Bids are solicited. 12-22-1m.

The Superior Hotel
Munising, Mich.

Well furnished rooms. Steam heat. Electric lights. All outside rooms. Free baths \$2.00 per day. Jos. E. Michelin Propr. 12-29-1f.

Baltimore Cafe
Vierling Block, Main St.

Business Lunch served from 11:30 to 1:30. 25c. Give us a call. **MCCANN'S**

PALACE LIVERY STABLE
JOSEPH FAY, Prop.

First Class Boarding Stables. TEAMS OF ALL KINDS.

Learn how to use Gas Cooks and save money. The Marquette Gas Light company's expert will show you how with your own furnace free. 10-20-21w-1f.

CHARLTON & KUENZL
ARCHITECTS.
Marquette, Michigan.

A Preachification on "Get Up and Get There"

Cut out that doleful line of talk right now about Rotten Business. Subscribe for a thousand shares of Sunshine Unlimited. Take off your coat, roll up your sleeves and let's start something. This is no time to sleep on the job. If you do, you sure will drown the knock of opportunity. You can't wish prosperity onto the country. It is a case of dig, and then some. Come on in, the water is fine. Are you game? Jump into the band wagon.

JONES' DRUG STORE
Baraga Ave. and 3rd. The Money and Life Saver.

Sauerkraut Frankfords
JONES' Little Pig Sausage
Fresh FRUITS and VEGETABLES

MURRAY'S GROCERY
Furnishes Your Table Complete

Fresh

Cucumbers Tomatoes Pie Plants Lettuce Radishes
Cauliflower Sweet Potatoes Celery Parsley
Green Onion Peppers

AT

DEL'S GROCERY
133 WASHINGTON ST.
WHERE CLEANLINESS IS PARAMOUNT

Fresh Caught Whitefish
Finnan Haddie
Bloaters Oysters

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

McLean's GROCERY
Phones 64 and 65
601 N. Third Street.

Choir Was Entertained—The adult choir of St. John's church was entertained at a social gathering in Seigel's Hall last evening. There was music by the Imperial Concert orchestra. In addition, the use of an Edison phonograph was donated by Seibel & Hallam. Members of the choir sang solos. Dancing until about midnight followed.

Is Attending Court—Fred J. Schulteis, deputy clerk of the United States district court, left yesterday morning for Sault Ste. Marie to attend the January session of the tribunal, over which Judge C. W. Sessions is presiding. The term will be brief, it is expected, as there are but few cases on the calendar. Court opens this morning with a session of the grand jury. The traverse jurors have been called for Thursday.

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Funeral of Mrs. Johnson—The remains of Mrs. A. A. Johnson, of Hancock, were received here Sunday afternoon and the funeral was held from the South Shore station, with services in the Swedish Lutheran church and interment in Park cemetery, Rev. Carl E. Lundgren officiating. Among those who attended were Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Johnson, of Hancock, parents of Mr. Johnson, Oscar A. Johnson, of Hancock, a brother, Miss Gertrude Gothe, of Houghton, Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson and Sophie and Dagne Johnson, of Ishpeming, Mrs. Alf Olson, of Humboldt, Mrs. Gust Nelson, of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. Anton Nelson, the former a brother of the deceased, of Connecticut, O.

FOR SALE.
Big six cylinder 1913 touring car, demountable rims, electric lights and starter. All new tires, and power air pump. Great bargain, come and examine this car. Cloverland Auto Co. 1-8-1w-0-1w

FOR MEN AND WOMEN.
Backache? Feel tired? Not so spry as you used to be? Getting old? Many persons mistake kidney trouble for advancing age. Kidneys out of order make you feel old before your time. Foley Kidney Pills tone up and invigorate the kidneys, banish backache, rid your blood of acids and poisons. Sold by All Dealers.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Generally fair. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 32 degrees; noon, 32; 7 p. m., 27. Highest, 36 degrees; lowest, 27.

Today being "payday," the stores will be open this evening.

Marquette council, Knights of Columbus, will meet this evening.

Tom Clancy, of Ishpeming, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Judge Waldo T. Potter is a business visitor in Lansing this week.

M. T. Thorsen, of Escamaba, was among the business callers in the city yesterday.

The Royal Neighbors will install officers at Fraternity Hall at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

H. J. Boyd, of Marinette, a former resident of Marquette, is in the city on a business mission.

Prosecuting Attorney Kennedy, of Ishpeming, was in the city yesterday, on official business.

A daughter was born yesterday morning to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lindblad at St. Luke's hospital.

Frank Runet, of Munising, was brought here yesterday, and is a patient at St. Mary's hospital.

The Visiting Nurse association will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in its rooms in the Harlow block.

The Knights of Pythias will hold an initiation at the meeting tonight. The attendance contest will end next month.

The January meeting of the superintendents of the poor will be held this morning at 11 o'clock at the court house.

Mr. and Mrs. John Parker, Rock street, are the parents of a daughter, born yesterday morning at St. Luke's hospital.

Fred Foulkes and Roy Foulkes, who have been in the city for the last ten days, left Saturday night for Superior, Wis., where they are employed.

G. J. Webster has purchased the home of W. W. Hargrave on East Ohio street. The dwelling was sold to Mr. Hargrave by W. S. Hill several months ago.

A marriage license was issued yesterday from the office of the county clerk to Joseph Beerman, of Big Bay, and Gertrude Bowers, of Marquette.

The auditing committee of the county board has called its monthly meeting for Jan. 18 and the January meeting of the board will be held two days later.

The semester examinations at the Marquette High school will start Tuesday, Jan. 19, and will continue through the week. The semi-annual reviews of the school work are now in progress.

The St. Cecilia Musical club will meet tomorrow evening at the home of Miss Florence Archambeau, East Hewitt avenue. The program will consist principally of Chaminade's compositions.

Mrs. W. C. Hart and little daughter Peggy left last evening for their home in Wakefield, Mich., after having spent the last three weeks in Marquette with Mrs. Hart's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George McCombs.

A number of the friends of Thomas Bird, 907 North Fourth street, pleasantly surprised him at his home last evening, on the occasion of his fifty-third birthday. Caris were played, at the conclusion of which luncheon was served.

Mrs. James McLaughlin, who has been visiting for the last three weeks at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Dwyer, Champion street, left last evening for her home in Minneapolis. She was accompanied by Mrs. Dan Wiseman, who will visit with her for a short time.

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Thomas Saunders, North Fourth street, will be held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the family residence. Rev. Platte T. Ametutz, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, will conduct the services. Burial will be made in Park cemetery.

The Cloverland Auto company has just installed on Dr. R. W. Boyer's car one of the Ford starting and lighting devices recently put out by the Gray and Davis Co. This is the latest thing in Ford novelties and is at present on exhibition at the Cloverland garage on Baraga avenue.

Marshal William Trevarrow, of Ishpeming, was a Marquette business caller yesterday, bringing two vagrants to the county jail. The jail population is now about fifteen persons which is somewhat less than was expected at this time of the winter, considering the general business conditions.

Presiding at Hearing—Judge P. H. O'Brien, of the Houghton circuit, is in Marquette, in the case of the First National bank vs. Reichel Bros. The last

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

MARQUETTE NATIONAL BANK

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

CONDENSED FROM STATEMENT TO COMPTROLLER OF CURRENCY
DEC. 31, 1914

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts \$843,771.65
United States Bonds to Secure Circulation 100,000.00
Other Bonds 143,955.40
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank 1,500.00
Bank Building and Fixtures 62,500.00
Five Per Cent Fund 5,000.00

CASH RESOURCES:

Due from Banks, Current Ex. \$293,846.09
Cash on Hand 83,125.73 376,971.82

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in \$100,000.00
Surplus 50,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes Paid .. 22,285.06
Circulation 100,000.00
Deposits 1,111,413.81
Deposits Special Temporary 150,000.00

\$1,533,698.87

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MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Tonight
George & Mac
"The Travesty Stars"
A Great Comedy Singing Act

"Out of the Past"
Two-reel Vitagraph drama—beautifully photographed scenic effects—full of intensity.

"It Cured Bubby"
"Weary Willie's Rags"
One of the famous Lubin split-reel comedies.

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of the arguments are now being heard. William P. Belden and A. E. Miller are counsel for the bank, and C. F. Button represents the defendants.

Dance Thursday—The Modern Brotherhood of America will give a dancing party in Bureau's hall Thursday evening. The music will be furnished by the Imperial orchestra.

An Attractive Calendar—Charlton & Kuenzl, the Marquette architects, are distributing attractive 1915 calendars. They contain a picture of life Northern State Normal school buildings as they will appear when they are completed.

"The Dancer and the King"—A five-part production of the World Film Corporation, "The Dancer and the King," with Cecil Spooner in the leading role, will be exhibited at the Delft theater today. It is heralded as one of the greatest pictures yet looked at at the theater. Special prices will be charged.

"Hard Times" Party—The senior division of St. Aloysius sodality will give a "hard times" party at Bureau's Hall Friday evening, Jan. 15. There will be dancing from 8:30 to 12 o'clock. The committee announces that "no tango shirts or collars may be worn" and "the older the clothes the more popular the wearer."

Bowling Alleys Reopened—The College Inn bowling alleys, which have been overlaid the last ten days, have been reopened and were used yesterday for the first time. A match game last evening was won by Oscar Levin's team, which played five men representing the College Inn. The Inn team lost by fourteen pins.

Basketball Friday—The boys' basketball team of the Marquette High school will go to Gwin Friday evening to play the first game of the season with the high school team of that town. It will be accompanied by a number of the faculty and a delegation of the students, who will return to the city Saturday afternoon. The game will be played at the Gwin club.

Chicken Pie Supper—Fully one hundred persons are expected this evening at the chicken pie supper to be served at the rooms of the Peter White club at Guild Hall. The supper will begin at 6:30 o'clock, and places will be reserved for members who have sent their cards to the secretary. The supper will be held

in the assembly room, and will be followed by the annual business session, at 7:30 o'clock.

Railway Officials Here—Among the prominent railroad officials who attended the conference in Marquette yesterday were F. W. Curtis, superintendent of the Wisconsin and Peninsula division of the Soo line; W. W. Walker of Duluth, general manager of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic; C. E. Webb, of Houghton, general passenger agent of the Chicago & Northwestern; H. E. Stewart, of Houghton, agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; E. F. Potter, assistant to the general man-

ager of the Soo line, and John L. Ferguson, assistant general passenger agent of the Chicago & Northwestern.

Present Good Comedy—George and Mac, comedians, now at the Marquette Opera House, present an act that kept the audience in an uproar last evening. Their eccentric makeup adds much to the amusement. A feature of the act last night was parodies set to modern music. Today's pictures will be "Out of the Past," a two-reel Vitagraph drama, and "It Cured Hubby" and "Weary Willie's Rags," Lubin comedies.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.

"The Dancer and the King"

TODAY at the
DELFT THEATRE

Big Special Blaney Feature in Five Acts

Special Orchestra

Two Matinees, 2:30 and 3:45. Three Evening Shows, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45.
Prices 10c and 15c.

WEDNESDAY
Francis X. Bushman in "AMBUSHED"
Three Reel Essanay Feature

YOU CAN JOIN THE Christmas Money Club

any time during January by making back payments

First payments were due during the week beginning December 28th.

A special window is reserved for the exclusive use of the members of the Club, and we are open every Tuesday afternoon from four to five o'clock for the accommodation of school children.

Marquette County Savings Bank
Small Regular Savings Bring Wonderful Results



Savings Bank Building, owned by the Marquette County Savings Bank.

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MEXICAN ATTITUDE OF WILSON "SINGULAR"

London Times Comments on the Indianapolis Address—Raps President's Policy.

London, Jan. 12, 4:16 a. m.—The Times editorially expresses the hope that the British government will again draw the attention of the United States government to the magnitude of British interests in Mexico, to the extremely heavy damage sustained and particularly to the loss of British lives.

The Times says President Wilson at Indianapolis "advanced the singular claim that Mexico, as a free country, has as good a right as any European power to spill all the blood she please in settling her domestic affairs." Continuing, the paper remarks: "The course of events since Huerta was eliminated therefore seems to have considerably shaken American optimism. American action has contributed nothing to the restoration of peace and order in Mexico."

Carranza Holds Monterey.

Laredo, Tex., Jan. 11.—Monterey is held by Carranza troops, according to reports here tonight, which say that General Herrera arrived there today with a large force. When Herrera's troops approached Monterey, the citizens mistook them for Villa's troops and there was a general flight from the city. General Herrera hurriedly sent out scouts, who informed the populace that no Villa troops were in sight, and to-night conditions were approaching normal again.

Reports of Villa's capture of Victoria, capital of Tamaulipas, have been declared true by persons in Nuevo Laredo, the Mexican town opposite here, who are in close touch with the fighting armies. It was stated that Tampico still is held by Carranza forces.

Fighting on the Border Ends.

Naco, Ariz., Jan. 11.—Brigadier General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States army, successfully concluded tonight negotiations for peace along the Mexican border. Both Governor Maytorena, the Villista commander, and General Calles, commanding the Carranza troops in Naco, Sonora, have signed the agreement eliminating factional warfare along the Sonora border.

COURT STOPS THE KILLING OF CATTLE "EXPOSED" TO HOOF AND MOUTH DISEASE

Eglin, Ill., Jan. 11.—The slaughter of Illinois cattle because of exposure to the hoof and mouth disease was halted today by an injunction granted by Judge C. F. Irwin, restraining Dr. C. E. Dyson, state veterinarian, from killing cattle of a herd at the state school for girls at Geneva and any other animals of the state merely because they have been exposed to or are afflicted with the hoof and mouth disease. Wallace Norton, a farmer near Geneva, acting

Quickest, Surest Cough Remedy is Home-Made

Easily Prepared in a Few Minutes. Cheap but Unequaled

Some people are constantly annoyed from one year's end to the other with a persistent bronchial cough, which is wholly unnecessary. Here is a home-made remedy that gets right at the cause and will make you wonder what became of it. Get 2½ ounces Pinex (50 cents worth) from any druggist, pour into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Start taking it at once. Gradually but surely you will notice the phlegm thin out and then disappear all together, thus ending a cough that you never thought would end. It also loosens the dry, hoarse or light cough and heals the inflammation in a painful cough with remarkable rapidity. Ordinary coughs are conquered in 24 hours or less. Nothing better for bronchitis, winter coughs and bronchial asthma.

This Pinex and Sugar Syrup mixture makes a full pint—enough to last a family a long time—at a cost of only 54 cents. Keeps perfectly and tastes pleasantly prepared. Full directions with Pinex.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, rich in ginseng, and is famous the world over for its cure, certainty and promptness in overcoming bad coughs, chest and throat colds.

Get the genuine. Ask your druggist for "2½ ounces Pinex" and do not accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded. Goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

TRADED BALL PLAYERS FOR DOGS IS CHARGE

That One of the Allegations of the Federal League in "Anti-Trust" Suit.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—A score of affidavits, relating in great detail the alleged indignities offered ball players by officials of organized baseball, together with copies of the national agreement, stenographic reports of speeches by baseball magnates, and copies of contracts and telegrams by which the Federal league hopes to win the suit filed a week ago against organized baseball, were filed today.

The affidavits are headed by a lengthy document from Joseph Tinker, now manager of the Chicago Federals, at a salary of \$12,000 a year. Tinker became a Federal, he said, when C. H. Ebbets, president of the Brooklyn National league club, offered him only \$5,000 a year, according to the affidavit. Tinker wanted \$7,500.

Ebbets termed this sum as exorbitant and wrote Tinker: "While we expect to become a first division team, just a possible championship contender, with all our bright prospects, it is nevertheless unreasonable for us to pay you more than you have ever received as a player or for a championship club."

Mordred Brown's affidavit relates the cases of two ball players, who, he says, were traded for dogs. "Joe Cantillon, manager of the Minneapolis club of the American association, at one time traded a professional ball player for a bull dog," he said. "Your affiant also believes that Roger Bresnahan, while manager of the St. Louis club of the National league, traded a professional player, a pitcher, named Hopper, to Dick Kissella, then manager of the Springfield, Ill., club in the Three-I league, for a big dog."

A stenographic copy of a speech by August Herrmann, president of the National commission, in which he ridicules the Federal league, also was filed.

PASTOR AT KENOSHA RESIGNS PULPIT WHEN HIS WIFE JOINS HIM

Kenosha, Wis., Jan. 11.—The Reverend James Morrison Darnell, pastor of the Henry M. Simmons Memorial church, gave up his pulpit here today directly after Doris Vaughn Darnell, the sixteen-year-old girl he had married in Chicago last November, had overruled his objections and come here to join him in his church work. The night before, when Darnell had learned that his wife was determined to come here, Mrs. Ruth Soper Darnell, to whom the minister had referred as his wife, left hurriedly with her baby for her home in Owatonna, Minn.

Darnell, whose marriage to Doris Vaughn was performed by the Rev. Myron E. Adams Nov. 4, 1914, returned to Chicago with her and is now at her home. To the trustees of the church he showed clippings from an Owatonna paper announcing the birth of a son to the Rev. James Morrison Darnell and wife, and giving the date of their marriage as October, 1913.

Darnell came to the Simmons church Nov. 1. He had served for a short time as pastor in Brooklyn, N. Y. Ruth Soper Darnell and her child came a day or so later. She took up the life of a pastor's wife. In the meantime, Darnell received from his Chicago bride a daily letter urging that she be allowed to take up her home with him in Wisconsin. Darnell's replies told of the discomforts of his life as a roomer with his widowed cousin and her child.

As a means of deferring further the arrival of the Chicago bride, it is said, Darnell wrote her of a smallpox epidemic, of which he said he had become a victim, wrote that he was locked in an isolation hospital and finally that the cousin had lost her life through the disease. Then Mrs. Darnell telegraphed that she would start from Chicago at once for Kenosha.

Mr. Darnell took Ruth Soper Darnell and her baby to the train bound for Minnesota. He met his wife the next morning and explained the situation, which, he said, was complicated but innocent. She was satisfied, but the trustees of the church were not content. The pastor therefore tendered his resignation and went to Chicago with his bride.

SAYS U. S. PROMISED FILIPINOS SELF-RULE

Secretary Garrison Pleads for the Passage of the Pending "Independence" Bill.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Why the administration is insisting upon the passage of the pending bill to enlarge the measure of self-government of the Philippine islands was explained to the senate Philippine committee today by Secretary Garrison. In a long prepared statement, he declared the measure had been improperly termed the "Philippine independence bill," and that it was merely a step, with proper safeguards, towards self-government and exactly in line with the promises held out to the Filipinos for years by the United States.

The preamble, which would declare the intention of the United States to ultimately grant complete independence to the islands, Secretary Garrison said was but a repetition of pledges already made over and over again. "What the next step should be," he said, "when it should be taken, what condition would properly surround the grant of absolute independence, and other like speculations, it seems to me are idle and their consideration at this time would only be confusing."

In view of "the recent exaggerated accounts of petty disturbances in the islands," which he said were particularly interesting to note that former President Taft, when governor general of the islands, had said that as a result of the attitude of the American press and of the American merchant in his hostility to the Filipino, "every small ladro-ne light, every discomfort the constabulary suffered, was exaggerated and made the basis for inference that conditions in the islands were retrograding rather than improving."

"What the United States should do concerning the Philippines," said Mr. Garrison in opening his statement, "can be determined only by keeping two things constantly in mind: the duty of the United States to itself; and the other, its duty in view of the pledges and assurances it has made to the Filipino people."

"The United States has assumed responsibilities with respect to the Philippines, which, in the highest spirit of self-respect, it must discharge righteously at whatever cost. It is a useless waste of time to discuss whether we should have acquired the Philippine islands, or whether, having acquired them, we should have set out upon the course of improving them. The United States and its people, educating them, introducing means of communication and transportation and building up commerce, internal and external, as we have done. It is equally pointless to discuss whether those who spoke on behalf of the United States should be held to the repeated statements concerning our attitude with respect to the Filipino people, which statements are in their nature assurances or pledges concerning our intentions. We have done these things and must abide by them. We have no right to measure our duty or our obligations by what results have been. Our rights had we not pursued the course we did pursue."

"We deliberately chose to assume an enormous responsibility, with a self-alienation unparalleled, so far as I know, save in the somewhat similar case of Cuba. It was a bold step, and it behooves the nation to see that it is finely carried out. Ignorance and prejudice increase the difficulty, and attempts to reap partisan advantages add to it."

"Our citizens know so pitifully little about this great problem. They do not realize, save in a very vague way, how the honor of the nation—which is collectively their honor, a thing which they individually hold so dear—is vitally involved in a proper consideration and treatment of this matter. If they did so it would require great effort to attempt to divert them from its proper settlement by paltry lies and shameful misrepresentations. That such do now affect the public mind is due entirely to lack of knowledge on the part of the public."

"The terms and provisions of the bill you have before me, if they are understood by our people, if they had its provisions in mind, they would laugh in derision at those who suggest that it is inadvisable to consider this bill now because of the existing war. The very slightest consideration of the actual provisions of this bill would convince any inquirer that there was nothing whatever in it which made it inadvisable or inappropriate to consider the

UNEDA BISCUIT



Temp the appetite, please the taste and nourish the body. Crisp, clean and fresh. 5 cents.

Round, thin, tender—with a delightful flavor—appropriate for luncheon, tea and dinner. 10 cents.

Made of the finest ingredients. Baked to perfection. The national strength food. 10 cents.

Always look for that Name.

Buy biscuit baked by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Always look for that Name.

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with the power to decide eventually, according to their own largest good, whether such self-government should be accompanied by independence. In 1913, Mr. Garrison added, President Taft described the promise in the Democratic platform to recognize the independence of the Philippine islands "as soon as a stable government can be established" as "an affirmation of a policy slightly differing from that repeatedly announced by the administration of preceding Republican administrations."

In pursuance of the policies thus enunciated, Mr. Garrison said the various administrations in this country had from time to time enlarged the extent of the participation of the Filipinos in their government, replacing the military regime by a civilian commission giving the islanders control of their local municipal governments and gradually of their provincial government, placing Filipinos on the commission, in the supreme court, and at the head of executive departments. In 1907, establishing the assembly, composed entirely of natives elected from the various districts. The present administration reconstructed the commission, practically the senate of the islands, so as to give a majority to the Filipinos, and the secretary retained, "everything that has come to hand is in entire justification of its wisdom and propriety."

Mr. Garrison declared that the present bill was the result of the plans of the administration to take the next logical step along the line of testing the capacity of the Filipinos for self-government. "We have entire hope," he said, "that the Filipinos will accept this added responsibility and make such good use of the opportunity as to demonstrate its wisdom and prepare the way for the next onward move." He directed attention to the fact that to the president of the United States was reserved the power to forbid the enactment of any bill even though it be passed by the legislature over the veto of the governor general, and that trade relations between the United States and the islands still would be subject to the final decision of congress.

"It is difficult to see what proper objection can be made to the provisions of the bill itself," said the secretary, in conclusion. "If we considered it, as I have insisted before that we should, in view of our duty to ourselves and to the nation, and in view of our obligations to the Filipino people, as made on our behalf by those speaking for us, we find that it fully measures up to our obligation in each respect. Good faith to those to whom we have pledged ourselves requires us to stay as long as we must and go as far as we can, in accordance with our pledges and assurances, require us to stay no longer than is necessary to test and reach conclusions as to their capacity in managing their own affairs."

HIDING AN ESSENTIAL IN MODERN WARFARE

"More Difficult to Locate the Enemy Than to Kill Him," Says French Airman.

Paris, Jan. 3.—[Correspondence of The Associated Press]—Etienne Poulet, describing his impressions as an air scout says "Hiding and concealment has become such an art in modern warfare that it is more difficult to locate the enemy than to kill him."

He continues: "Infantry assumes the appearance of stacks of straw, cannon become to the sharpest eye nothing but inoffensive piles of brush-wood."

"Observation ladders are 'made up' with such perfection that they are easily mistaken for poplars or cypress trees; they are hedges and artificial thickets, even, frequently conceal batteries of artillery, and detachments of infantry, from the eye of the air scout."

"There is only one thing that will enable an aviator to detect these modifications in the natural appearance of the ground he is flying over, and that is a complete previous acquaintance with it. In a certain region that I explored frequently during the battle of the Marne there was a wood that we airmen called the 'U' wood; to us it was well known as a guiding point. One day this 'U' wood presented an unusual aspect to my eyes: the extremity of the left horn of the 'U' seemed to have lengthened about thirty yards during the night. I took the chance of flying low over the spot. There, just inside of the miraculous night's growth of woods, I discovered a German battery, skillfully hid from our artillery by a thicket of pine and cedars replanted during the night."

"On another occasion it was a hedge that I had never seen before, though I had scrutinized every bit of the ground on closer inspection I was able to discover the newly thrown up ridge of a line of trenches and the emplacement of two German batteries that would have given us a great deal of trouble on the morrow if our 2-inchers had not thus been put into possession of the secret."

"Photography," adds Poulet, "is an almost indispensable adjunct of the airman's mission." He exhibited several photographs taken on the fly which showed clearly the high road and on both sides of it something that resembled a spider's web. "Those lines," Poulet explains, "are German trenches and not far from there three round objects, each one between gray lines are simply three German batteries that worked havoc in the allies' ranks until, after three days' hunting, we located them."

"Here," continued Poulet, "you see a great number of light round spots above the form of green peas; they are the funnel shaped holes dug in the earth by our own 2-inch shells; some of them are seven feet in diameter and four feet deep; there are a great many of them, for there was where our batteries surprised a regiment of German infantry which they annihilated in less than half an hour, while the rest of the force concealed in the adjoining wood, the famous 'U' wood, were obliged to break camp in haste leaving their dead and wounded behind them."

CHICAGO PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—With Lutter called steady, creameries were quoted at 24@31 cents in the Chicago market today. Eggs were higher; receipts, 2,948 cases, eggs at mark, cases included, 24@35 cents; ordinary firsts, 33@34; firsts, 35½@36; poultry, alive, lower; springs, 13 cents; fowls, 13.

BIG CHANGE SINCE YOU WERE LAST HERE--NEARLY EVERYBODY IS USING THE REAL TOBACCO CHEW NOW. GLAD YOU TOLD US ABOUT IT.



OH--THAT'S NATURAL, MEN LIKE THE IDEA OF A SMALL CHEW THAT WILL SATISFY THEM.

FOR friendly comfort and contentment there's nothing can equal a small chew of "Right-Cut."

That's why men tell each other about it--call it the Real Tobacco Chew. The news spreads every day.

A little chew of pure, rich, mellow tobacco--cut fine, short shred--seasoned and sweetened just enough, cuts out so much of the grinding and spitting.

Take a very small chew--less than one-quarter the old size. It will be more satisfying than a mouthful of ordinary tobacco. Just nibble on it until you find the strength chew that suits you. Tuck it away. Then let it rest. See how easily and evenly the real tobacco taste comes, how it satisfies without grinding, how much less you have to spit, how few chews you take to be tobacco satisfied. That's why it is the Real Tobacco Chew. That's why it costs less in the end.

It is a ready chew, cut fine and short shred so that you won't have to get teeth. Grinding on ordinary canned tobacco makes you spit too much.

The taste of pure, rich tobacco does not need to be covered up with molasses and licorice. Note how the spit brings out the rich tobacco taste in "Right-Cut."

One small chew takes the place of two big chews of the old kind.

WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY 50 Union Square, New York

BUY FROM DEALER OR SEND 10¢ STAMPS TO US

PRESIDENT OF CHINA FAVORS BRINGING ALL THE CREEDS TOGETHER.

Peking, Dec. 27.—[Correspondence of The Associated Press]—Dr. Gilbert Reid, who is styled an independent American reformer, has received the promise of substantial support from the Chinese government for his peculiar campaign in Shanghai. President Yuan Shikai has promised him a gift of 35,000 taels (about \$20,000) for new buildings for the "International Institute," and has signified his approval of the work.

Dr. Reid's work, which has not received the support of many other missionaries, is to bring the representatives of all creeds together. The institute holds weekly meetings of members of various creeds, who explain their beliefs and seek information from the followers of other faiths.

Some time ago in Peking Dr. Reid succeeded in gathering representatives of seven different creeds at a meeting one Sunday afternoon—Christian, Mohammedan, Buddhist, Lama, Taoist, Confucianist and Parsee. He says he is making no converts, but friends. The prevention of antipathies, persecutions and wars is his object, and this, he believes, cannot be brought about by members of different faiths remaining apart, condemning those who believe differently, constantly considering the failings and faults of others and not learning what their virtues are.

NEW BORN BABIES IN EUROPE ARE WEAK, DUE TO WORRY OF MOTHERS.

Paris, Jan. 3.—[Correspondence of The Associated Press]—The Countess of Schaetsen-Radisky who, with other women, is working in Malines to save the children from hunger, writes to the American Commission for Relief in Belgium that the children born during the war, of mothers enfeebled by worries and privations, are very delicate and nervous. Nearly all the war-babies feel the evil influence of the food crisis.

A minimum of 800 litres of milk a day is necessary for the care of only the babies under a year old, she says, but it is difficult to procure such a quantity of good milk, as cattle are becoming more and more scarce.

"We have no sugar and we have already to diminish to one half the dose for the baby's bottle and the mother's soup. Sugar is strengthening and it is one of the nutritive elements which has already disappeared."

KENTUCKY GRAND JURY TO PROBE "NIGHT RIDING."

Greenville, Ky., Jan. 11.—Under instructions from Circuit Court Judge Rhea, the Muhlenberg county grand jury today began investigating the operations of bands of night riders in this

Time and Trial Prove

the unequalled value of Beecham's Pills as the best corrective of ailments of the digestive organs so common—and the best preventive of lasting and serious sickness so often resulting from defective or irregular action of the stomach, liver or bowels.

Beecham's Pills

have a great record. For over half a century they have been used with entire satisfaction in thousands of homes. A few doses will prove to you that you can find prompt relief from the headaches, depression of spirits and general no-good feelings caused by indigestion or biliousness. Try them, and you will know what it is to have at your command such

An Invaluable Aid to Health The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Escape winter's cold by going to

California

where zero weather is unknown. Happy weeks may be spent in an ideal climate—January is like June.

It is the land of the orange and lemon, of the fig and the vine. You walk down wide avenues of magnolias and palms, and along lanes of pepper trees. Poppies set the hillsides aflame.

Go "Santa Fe all the way" The California Limited is an all-steel train exclusively for first-class travel

Three other daily Santa Fe trains to California; and the Santa Fe de-Luxe, weekly in winter.

Fred Harvey meal service.

On your way visit the Grand Canyon of Arizona.

Nineteen-fifteen is Exposition year at San Francisco and San Diego.

Write to C.L. Scraggs, Gen. Colonization Agent, 2301 Railway Exchange, Chicago, for Arizona and San Joaquin Valley lead booklets.

Ask for Panama Expositions, California Limited and Grand Canyon booklets.

Geo. T. Gunnip, G. A. Ry. Exchange Bldg. 23 E. Jackson St., Chicago

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George & Mac

Now showing at the Marquette Opera House

Don't you want a special fund for LIFE INSURANCE, TAXES, or a SPECIAL HOLIDAY TRIP next December? If so take a CHRISTMAS MON EY CLUB membership at the MARQUETTE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK. 12-29-14.

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First National Bank

OF NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN

Capital and Surplus, \$200,000.

ARE YOU THE TWENTIETH MAN?

There is only one man in twenty, who, after sixty years of age, is not dependent upon

His Daily Earnings, His Relatives, Charity in Some Form.

If you don't want to have to work or be dependent in your declining years, save and deposit systematically NOW.

DO YOU KNOW--

THAT—the NEGAUNEE STATE BANK sells money orders

THAT—their money orders are payable in all parts of the world.

THAT—you can save time and money by using them.

The Negaunee State Bank

CAPITAL \$50,000 SURPLUS (earned) \$5,000

Lower State Notes

KALAMAZOO—Unless the "wets" can stop the submission of the question through court action, Kalamazoo county this spring will vote on the local option question. The board of supervisors decided that the alleged irregularities in the petitions of the "drys" were not sufficient. Attorneys for the "wets" announced that immediate steps would be taken to stop the proposed election.

HASTINGS—Because of the state game warden's refusal to regard as set lines, lines in holes in the ice of Wall Lake, the cases against three fishermen arrested for violating the fish laws were discontinued here. When found by Deputy Warden Wilkinson, of Hope township, the men had placed 28 lines in holes in the ice. This decision is regarded of great importance by local fishermen, who believed the use of tips illegal and stopped fishing with them.

LANSING—In deciding the case of J. M. Perry & Co., private bankers of Tuscola county, the supreme court upheld the plaintiff's contention that as their bank was a private one it was entitled to the same exemptions as an individual, hence its \$1,000 stock was not subject to taxation, inasmuch as it had paid the specific tax on \$17,000 worth of mortgages and land contracts under the mortgage tax law of 1911. The court, in its opinion, draws attention to the discrimination in the law in favor of private banks as against incorporated banks, and broadly hints that the correction of such discrimination is a matter for the legislature to consider.

KALAMAZOO—Kalamazoo county's road commissioners must explain to a committee on the board of supervisors its method of handling finances. When County Clerk Curtsius refused to sign a number of pre-dated checks, road Commissioner M. J. Curtsius ordered him to do so. Curtsius declared that it was unlawful to draw ahead on an account which the county did not possess. Upon hearing of the trouble between the two officials the board demanded an inquiry and a committee was appointed to go into the matter at once. Kalamazoo county has spent during the past few years about \$75,000 a year for good roads.

KALAMAZOO—When the bids for the property of the Kalamazoo Corset company were opened it was found that the principal and largest bid for the three parcels offered had been made by W. S. Dewing as trustee for the reorganized company. There were other bids submitted for one or more of the parcels, but none of the combined bids equaled the one made by Mr. Dewing. The bid of \$75,000 by the reorganized company will be submitted to the federal court at Grand Rapids for confirmation, and it is

IT RUINS HAIR TO WASH IT WITH SOAP

Soap should be used very sparingly, if at all, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

The best thing for steady use is just ordinary mild coconut oil (which is pure and greaseless), is cheaper and better than soap or anything else you can use.

One or two teaspoonful will cleanse the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which rinses out easily, removing every particle of dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrous, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified coconut oil at any pharmacy, and a few names will supply every member of the family for months.

believed by those in touch with the situation that it will be accepted and that complete reorganization of the concern will be made possible by introduction of a considerable amount of new capital into the business. It is the intention, it is understood, in the event that the bid of \$75,000 is accepted, to double the present capacity of the plant.

LANSING—Major Arthur P. Loomis, of Ionia, who in recent years has specialized as a manager of gubernatorial aspirants, will appear in an entirely new role this spring. It was announced here by Superintendent Grant Hudson, of the Michigan Anti-Saloon league, that Major Loomis would manage the local option campaign for the "drys" in Genesee county this year. It is expected that he will open headquarters at Flint within a few weeks. During the Warner administration Major Loomis was private secretary to Governor Warner. In 1912 the major managed the primary campaign of Amos Musselman and last year Loomis was campaign manager for Alex J. Groesbeck, of Detroit. Superintendent Hudson announced that an experienced campaign manager would be placed at the head of the "dry" forces in every county where a local option battle is to be staged this spring.

LANSING—The state fire marshal's department has been notified of the arrest in Grand Rapids of Howard Forbush, for whom the state officials, through the Lansing police, have been looking for six months. Last summer Omar Norris, of Portland, appeared in Lansing with a check from a fire insurance company for \$3,775. None of the city banks would cash it, and Norris finally wound up in the office of the state insurance department, where Deputy Commissioner Herbert Orr discovered the check had been raised from \$36.75. Norris was arrested and confessed, blaming a former partner, Forbush. After a fierce grilling, Norris admitted the fire was incendiary. He said he and Forbush, partners in a store at Maple Hill, Montcalm county, had been on the verge of failure. The insurance company, upon investigation, became satisfied that something was wrong, and only paid back the unused portion of the premium. Forbush will be brought to Lansing where there is a charge of returning a false instrument against him. Final disposition of his case depends entirely on what he has to say about the arson matter. A warrant is now out for him for that offense in Montcalm county, but the fire marshal's department is undecided whether to let Ingham county or Montcalm county have him.

LANSING—That the W. C. T. U., Y. W. C. A., Equal Suffrage association, representatives of the State Association of Cleaners and the Civic League of Detroit and other kindred organizations will fight their own battles against the liquor traffic was made known here following an informal meeting of representatives of these organizations. Mrs. Huntley Russell, of Grand Rapids, treasurer of the Equal Suffrage association, said that while the association desired all the help it could obtain from other organizations, it would not affiliate with any other organization. "We prosecute but one cause, equal suffrage, and while we are willing to help and be helped, yet we can not stray from the fold and become connected with any other organization." The meeting was well attended. For the most part the organizations were represented by the executive boards. Those organizations which are fighting the liquor traffic desire the cooperation of the equal suffrage association, but while this association is willing to do what it can for the cause, its own proposition commands such attention as not to permit it becoming affiliated. Mrs. William Brotherton, of Detroit, was elected a member of the state executive board of the Equal Suffrage association, and Mrs. Frederick H. Holt, of Detroit, a member of the executive committee of the national association.

HOW TO CURE A LAGRIPPE COUGH.

La grippe coughs demand instant treatment. They show a serious condition of the system and are weakening. Postmaster Collins, Barnegat, N. J., says: "I took Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for a violent la grippe cough that completely exhausted me, and less than half a bottle stopped the cough." Try it. For sale by All Dealers.

Mining News

ANACONDA.

The Anaconda Copper Mining company's smelter output during 1914 was approximately 225,000,000 pounds of copper, which includes North Butte and other miscellaneous product of the Butte camp, with the exception of the product of the East Butte smelter. This compares with 272,000,000 pounds in 1913 and 293,000,000 pounds in 1912. This year was a notable one for Anaconda in that it marked its entrance into the refining field. This was accomplished through the acquisition of the International Smelting & Refining company, which owned the Raritan copper refinery, the 4,000-ton smelter and the lead refinery in Chicago. It also marked the entrance of Anaconda into the lead smelting and refining industry. There was also put under the Anaconda wing the new smelter at Inspiration upon which several millions of dollars have been spent when operations start in March on Inspiration and Miami concentrates. Anaconda has ahead of it an important improvement program, which will call for the expenditure, according to Pres. Thayer, of between \$5,000,000 and \$6,000,000. More than \$1,000,000 of this amount will be spent at Great Falls, where refining capacity will be doubled to 10,000,000 pounds monthly. With its Raritan capacity of 400,000,000 pounds annually, the Anaconda will have a refining capacity of 520,000,000 pounds a year. Through its flotation process Anaconda hopes to recover about 400,000,000 pounds of copper per annum from tailings. No increase in production has been planned for the near future, and the per cent. contentment will be adhered to until conditions warrant larger operations. With the Great Falls refinery scheduled to resume operations in the near future on product to go into the St. Paul Railroad electrification there will of necessity be a let-up in the Raritan refinery operations temporarily. Anaconda, since copper dropped below 15 cents a pound, has been paying a minimum wage of \$3.50 per day.

NOTES OF MINING NEWS.

Winona continues to ship to the Allouez-Centennial mill about 225 tons of rock daily. The rock is running twenty-three pounds of mineral to the ton in the mill and a refined extraction of eighty per cent. is secured. This rock is coming at present from the fifth level of No. 2 shaft.

Secretary Kennedy of North Butte says: "Development work on the 2,800 level of the Edith May vein shows marked improvement in mineral values over those disclosed on the 2,600 level of the same vein. At depth this vein seems to be approaching in value the conditions shown on the 400 and 1,800 levels. The balance of the mine development is disclosing ore of good average grade."

Butte & Superior, notwithstanding the cessation of operations for two months, and the payment of a dividend recently, has in its treasury between \$250,000 and \$1,000,000 cash. The high prices now prevailing for spelter have materially increased the company's earning capacity, it being figured that on existing quotations the company should make about \$200,000 net monthly. Stocks of spelter in United States were materially lessened during the closing months of 1914, with stocks down approximately 23,500 tons at the year-end as compared with 64,000 tons on June 30.

Houghton advises say: Allouez is making a good profit on the largest output of the highest grade rock the mine ever shipped for any long period of time. The rock is keeping up to standard. In six years this mine has established a treasury surplus so that dividends are considered, has expended over \$200,000 in construction at the mine and mill, and has paid off a heavy indebtedness. This has been done on a limited production and in spite of such adverse factors as the Western Federation strike. Allouez's expectations of getting into high grade copper, that was first reported in No. 1 Allouez shaft gives it a possibility that is attractive.

NO HEADACHE OR NEURALGIA PAIN

Get a 10 Cent Package of Dr. James' Headache Powders and Don't Suffer.

When your head aches you simply must have relief or you will go wild. It's needless to suffer when you can take a remedy like Dr. James' Headache Powders and relieve the pain and neuralgia at once. Send someone to the drug store now for a dime package of Dr. James' Headache Powders. Don't suffer. In a few moments you will feel fine—headache gone—no more neuralgia pain.

Negaunee Department

ISSUES A WARNING AGAINST NOSTRUMS

Negaunee Health Officer Offers Advice to People in His January Bulletin.

Dr. C. J. Larson, Negaunee's health officer, in his January bulletin, advises residents against the use of certain classes of patent medicines. The following references to fake medicines are from the doctor's bulletin: "The American people love to be lumbagged," was the declaration of one of the closest students of human nature, P. T. Barnum, and though he put this information to practical uses, he did taken advantage of this national weakness. Among them are the patent medicine makers. One day there was a trumpet blast in the form of a series of articles on the "Great American Fraud." The remainder is history. Most of the people woke up, but some were deeply rooted and showed great vitality. As evidence of the latter, see how a certain Lydia who died in 1881, and whose gravestone can be seen, with the date of her departure, in the graveyard at Lynn, still calls to her sisters to heed her advice, and exhorts them to write her, fully, freely and "confidentially," telling her all their troubles. These "confidential" letters are opened and read by an office force of girls and young men, and "form" letters sent out in reply. Though the whole miserable truth has been brought to light, there are still thousands who consume gallons of this and similar nostrums in the hope of recovering their health.

"The question has been asked, 'Are all patent medicines fakes?' As a rule, yes, but there are some simple mixtures for which no extra vagant claims are made, and among such are bitter tonics, cough mixtures, laxatives, etc. One big patent concern has taken a creditable step. They gave the full formula of each preparation among whom they take any of their preparations only upon the advice of your physician. "Most patent medicines contain alcohol, and the law requires the amount of such to be printed on the label, and the same holds true in regard to morphine. Many an opium habitue and many alcoholics, especially among women and nervous patients, have unknowingly enslaved themselves by using patent medicines. Many children have been killed by a largely used soothing syrup containing morphine.

"Some of these nostrums contain as much as 30 per cent, and even 40 per cent, of alcohol, and those taking such medicines find they feel so well when they stop taking them, because the stimulation of the alcohol keeps them up to a certain extent. There is but little more alcohol in whiskey, and a tablespoonful of good wine, or half that much whiskey, will produce the same stimulation as a tablespoonful dose of such patent medicines.

"Reputable druggists are trying to work away from the patent medicine business, and would rather sell medicines altogether on doctors' prescriptions. Their profits on nostrums are small. But as long as the public demands patent medicines the dealers must supply the demand. Some cities prohibit the distribution of samples of medicines, as well as their advertising pamphlets, and in some parts of the world their sale is forbidden, except on a doctor's prescription."

Tal Lake Water.

The following is the doctor's report on the condition of Tal Lake water: "The water in Tal Lake is considered safe, and no danger is to be apprehended as long as the lake is frozen over solid. Spring and fall are the periods of greatest danger. The spring water shows no contamination at present.

"An inquiry has been made as to the possibility of making a water safe for drinking. As a rule water has nothing that boiling will not take care of—that is all germs will be killed. Of course boiling will not remove any chemical poison in solution—for instance the arsenic found in a spring out west—but it is very exceptional for any drinking water to contain large amounts of such poisons, and so we say boiling will make most water safe because boiling kills all germs."

LOCAL LAONICIS

The Negaunee chapter, R. A. M., No. 108, will meet this evening at 7:30 in the Masonic hall.

Oral, Jr., and Miss Hene Lacombe will leave today for a few days' visit with relatives at Escanaba.

A meeting of the Order of Owls will be held this evening at 7:30 at Williams hall. Officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

Marshall Newsome, Al F. Willman, Julius Johnson and Jacob Salo have returned from a few days' rabbit hunting trip to their camp at Treado.

Edward Faull, who spent the past few weeks here visiting with his folks, has returned to Chicago, where he is employed as a barber at the Sherman House.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Klamert have returned to their home at Marquette, after spending a few days as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Vincent and family.

John D. Chubb, of Chicago, was a business caller in the city yesterday. Mr. Chubb drew the plans for the new city building which is being erected by W. E. King, of Hancock.

Two feature pictures will be shown tonight at the Star theater. The fourth episode of "Zudora," the great Thalhouser serial picture, and "Whom the Gods Destroy," a three-reel production, will be the features. The first show will commence at 7:15.

According to an English scientist, the light of the sun exerts a pressure of 70,000 tons on the earth.

DIES AT KEOKUK, IA.

Mrs. Charles Taylor, a Former Resident, Passed Away Yesterday.

Mrs. Charles Taylor, formerly Miss Ida Argall, of this city, died yesterday morning at her home at Keokuk, Ia. Although she had been critically ill for the greater part of the past three months, her passing was unexpected. Saturday her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Argall, received word that she would arrive in Negaunee next Sunday to visit with them.

Mrs. Taylor was thirty-five years old and, besides her parents, is survived by her husband and a five month old daughter, and two brothers, William and Irving H. Argall, of this city. She was a member of the Negaunee branch of the New Era association. Prior to her marriage here two years ago, Mrs. Taylor had been a resident of the city all of her life. Funeral arrangements have not yet been completed as it is not known when the body will arrive here.

TEACHERS' ASSIGNMENTS.

Several changes in assignments of the grade teachers in the Negaunee schools were made last week, in consequence of the resignation of Miss Anna Murphy, first grade teacher at the Park street school, who has gone to California. Miss Myrtle Lehman, formerly a second grade teacher in the Case street building, has been assigned to the first grade in the Park street school, and Miss Jennie Delarge, who taught the third grade in the Case street building, succeeds Miss Lehman. Miss Elizabeth Sness, who for the past year has been assistant in one of the Kindergartens, has been advanced to the third grade in the Case street building.

Upper Peninsula

Rev. A. E. Healy Honored.

Rev. Alfred Edward Healey, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church of Ironwood, has received notification of the conferring of the honorary degree of divinity upon him by his alma mater, Oskaloosa college, of Oskaloosa, Iowa. Some time ago Mr. Healey conferred with the authorities of Oskaloosa regarding a course in advanced work and higher education leading to the degree of Ph. D. He was informed that the college wished to bestow upon him the degree of D. D. "in honor," and he could then take any of the desired courses. The filing of letters of recommendation from men of standing was one of the necessary requirements. Chase S. Osborn, ex-governor of Michigan, wrote the college that in his opinion Mr. Healey was worthy in every way and that the

STOP BUYING EXPENSIVE COUGH REMEDIES.

Make the Best at Home.

Money spent for the old style, ready-made cough syrups in bottles holding only 2 to 2½ ounces is very largely wasted, because most of them are composed principally of sugar and water. Yet you have to pay the same price as if it was all medicine. Stop wasting this money. You can make a better cough medicine at home at one-fifth the cost. Merely go to J. E. O'Donoghue's Drug Store and ask for 2 ounces (50¢ worth) of Schiffmann's Concentrated Expectorant. Mix this with one pint of boiling water, which makes a full pint (16 ounces). This new, simple, pleasant remedy is guaranteed to relieve the worst cough or cold. Also excellent for Bronchial Asthma, Bronchitis, croup, hoarseness and whooping cough. One bottle will make enough home-made cough medicine to probably last the whole family the entire winter. Children like it, it is so pleasant to take and it positively contains no chloroform, opium, morphine or other narcotics as do most cough mixtures. Keep it on hand in case of emergency and stop each cough before it gets a firm hold. The above druggist has been authorized to return the money in every single case where it does not give perfect satisfaction or is not found to be the best remedy ever used. Absolutely no risk is run in buying this remedy under this positive guarantee.

JOIN THE NEGAUNEE NATIONAL BANK SAVINGS CLUB.

10c opens an account. Old and young should take advantage of this. Call in for further explanation.

The Negaunee National Bank

NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN. Designated U. S. Depository

granting of the degree would reflect honor upon the institution. Letters of similar import were sent by Judge Samuel S. Cooper and John L. Watson of Ironwood, Gordon R. Campbell of Calumet, Frank O. Gilbert of Bay City, and ex-Senator Charles Smith of Hubbell. Mr. Healey was born in Liverpool, England, receiving his early education in that city. He went to Canada, where he resided for some time, and became identified with the Detroit conference of the Methodist Episcopal church in 1891. He has had charges at Iron River, Hancock and Ironwood, in the upper peninsula, and has proved himself to be a successful minister and pastor. He has always been a great student.

Iron County "Drys" Organize.

There was a large attendance of Iron county "drys" at a mass meeting held at the city hall at Crystal Falls for the purpose of effecting an organization for the coming campaign. The meeting was called to order by Attorney Lyon of Iron River. Andrew Ostrand of Crystal Falls was chosen temporary secretary and the assemblage then listened to many suggestions from the leaders of the movement, especially from Superintendent Young of the Anti-Saloon league. The result of the conference was the selection of a permanent organization, with George L. Woodworth of Iron River the president and Andrew Ostrand the secretary.

German army officers are experimenting with rubber foot pontons to enable soldiers to walk on water, carrying heavy loads and using their rifles freely at the same time.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Negaunee State Savings Bank will be held at its banking rooms in the town of Negaunee, Michigan, on Tuesday, the twelfth day of January, 1915, between the hours of ten a. m. and twelve a. m. for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

CHESTER D. MASTERS, Cashier.

STAR THEATRE

TODAY Two Big Features

"ZUDORA"

Episode No. 4.

"Secret of the Haunted Hills"

"Whom the Gods Destroy"

Three Reel Feature

First Show 7:15

John M. Lally

Funeral Director and Embalmer

KUILMAN BLOCK, PHONE 207

TRY THIS FOR NEURALGIA.

Thousands of people keep on suffering with Neuralgia because they do not know what to do for it. Neuralgia is a pain in the nerves. What you want to do is to soothe the nerve itself. Apply Sloan's Liment to the surface over the painful part—do not rub it in. Sloan's Liment penetrates very quickly to the sore, irritated nerve and allays the inflammation. Get a bottle of Sloan's Liment for 25 cents of any druggist and have it in the house—against Colds, sore and Swollen Joints, Lumbago, Sciatica and like ailments. Your money back if not satisfied, but it does give almost instant relief.

CUT FLOWERS

Carnations, Roses, Narcissus, Hyacinths, Calla Lilies, Easter Lilies, Smilax

POTTED PLANTS

Narcissus, Cinerarias, Primroses, Dracenas, Poinsettas, Cyclamens, Easter Lilli, Geraniums, Begonias

Palms and Ferns

Prompt attention given to all orders. Shipments by Parcel Post or Express.

Negaunee Greenhouses

NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.

Klein's Store Closed Today

Preparing, marking and retaging entire stock for HALF-OFF CLEARING SALE, beginning tomorrow and continuing for seven days. Never before were such bargains offered. Here are a few, hundreds of others: Twilled Toweling, 3c a yard; 10c Percales at 6c; 50c Embroidered Pillow Slips at 25c; Peppered 9-4 Bleached Sheetting, 20c a yard; Ladies' 25c Wool Hose, 15c; Ladies' Fleece Ribbed Union Suits at 45c; \$30.00 Ladies' Suits, \$13.75; Men's \$25.00 Hart Schaffner and Marx Suits and Overcoats, \$15.

ROADS TO SEEK HIGHER FARES

Michigan Railways Will Go to Legislature With Appeal for Three Cent Minimum in the Upper Peninsula and Two and a Half Cents Below the Straits.

Meeting of Company Officials Here Yesterday Considered Plans for Obtaining the Co-operation of the Public of the District in Their Fight for More Income.

At a conference here yesterday of officials of the D. S. S. & A., Chicago & Northwestern, Soo line, Milwaukee, Mineral Range, Copper Range and M. M. & S. E. railway companies plans were outlined for an appeal to the legislature for the amendment of the present rate law to permit the upper peninsula railroads to charge a fare of three cents a mile on their intrastate passenger business. A similar conference of representatives of the lower state roads will be held within a few days, when plans for appealing to the legislature for a minimum two and a half cent fare below the straits will be discussed.

The movement, taken as a whole, means that the legislature will be confronted with a strongly put, and logical, appeal for relief from conditions that their representatives assert have of late months been well nigh intolerable.

Yesterday the situation was thoroughly canvassed. It was decided to appeal to the territories served by the several roads to make the movement for more adequate fares a popular one, and confidence was expressed by the railroad men that a large measure of co-operation of this valuable nature can be enlisted. The commercial bodies in the various towns will be approached and shown the data that the roads assert warrant their appeal. Already the movement has the unreserved endorsement of the Marquette Commercial club.

South Shore Vivaly Affected.

"The appeal for a more liberal fare finds the South Shore in one of the most critical periods of its career," W. V. Walker, the general manager, said last evening. "As the upper peninsula public well knows, this road of late years has bent all its energies to giving the best of service. Even in the face of hostile legislation that has materially reduced our earnings, there has been a large measure of improvement in motive power and passenger equipment, in shops, terminals and trackage. The upper peninsula public is as deserving of good passenger service as any in the country and the South Shore has gone to the limit to see that it has had it. And what is true of the South Shore is true of the other roads. No part of the country of equally sparse population can boast of better railroad service."

"But the South Shore has been crowded into a corner, and has no idea of phasing a threat, but the cold, hard figures cannot be stultified without forcing the conclusion that unless the South Shore has relief it will be forced to economize in its passenger service, and the only way economy can be served is by certain curtailments in service. Nothing would cause me, personally, more regret than to see such measures made effective. I have taken much pride in the upbuilding of our passenger service, and I have consistently advocated improved passenger facilities. But if I have a duty to the public I also have a duty to the owners of the road, and it will, unless I have said, we are assured relief, require me that I take cognizance of the business aspects of our situation, and govern myself accordingly."

PLANT TO START SOON.

Extensive repairs have been made at the Jones furnace.

This week or the early part of next week, the Jones' furnace in North Marquette will resume its operations, after a period of several weeks' inactivity, during which time extensive changes have been made at the plant.

"While I cannot set a definite date for the resumption of operations," said John T. Jones, inventor of the new process, yesterday, "it will not be more than a week distant. We have equipped the horizontal tube with new ends. It required considerable time for new castings to be made. These are now in place."

Other changes of minor importance have been made at the furnace property. Still others are in progress and will be completed, he completed within a few days' time.

WILL PLAY NEGAUNEE.

Marquette indoor team will meet visitors at Fraternity Hall.

The Marquette indoor baseball team will play a match with the Negaunee club at Fraternity Hall Thursday evening. Negaunee defeated Ishpeming last week, winning 8 to 3, and will put up a hard fight here.

Since its last game with Ishpeming, when it lost, the Marquette team has been strengthened. The lineup Thursday night will be as follows: J. Dunleavy and J. Hogan, battery; Leo Rivers, right shortstop; B. LaMere, left shortstop; W. Dunleavy, first base; J. Smith, second base; P. Messier, third base; A. Devine, left field; and S. Lawrence, right field.

The Marquette and Hesnonon will be the battery for the Negaunee team. There will be a dance, after the game.

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to extend our sincerest thanks to friends and relatives in Marquette, Ishpeming and Hancock for their sympathy and kindly attentions in our bereavement in the death of Mrs. A. A. Johnson, and we particularly appreciate the helpfulness of Rev. Carl E. Lundgren, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church.

A. A. JOHNSON and family,
WILLIAM NELSON and family.

Music Studio

Will reopen studio Jan. 4. New pupils call early.

PROF. AUG. ESPEL,
135 Bluff Street,
12-31-2v

Don't you want a special fund for LIFE INSURANCE TAXES, or a SPECIAL HOLIDAY TRIP next December? If so take a CHRISTMAS MONEY CLUB membership at the MARQUETTE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK. 12-29-14.

LIFERS ARE TAKEN TO IONIA ASYLUM

Peter LaLonde and Victor Maki, of Marquette Prison, Are Adjudged Insane.

Peter H. LaLonde and Victor Maki, lifers at the Marquette prison, will be taken this morning to the Ionia asylum for the criminal insane in custody of Deputy Warden Catlin and William Quarters. The past few months they have shown signs of insanity, and the prison physician advised yesterday that they be taken to the Ionia institution for treatment.

LaLonde was sent here several months ago from Chippewa county for life, after having been convicted of a most brutal murder.

Maki was sent up for murder from Houghton county a few months ago. He was convicted of killing his brother-in-law, and was given from twenty years to life. The murder occurred shortly after the settlement of the copper country strike.

Both of the prisoners are young men.

COMMISSION HAS LITTLE BUSINESS

D. W. Powell Is Reappointed to the Board of the Peter White Public Library.

The reappointment of Daniel W. Powell as a member of the board of trustees of the Peter White Public Library was the principal item of business transacted by the city commission at last night's meeting. Mr. Powell succeeded himself for a term of three years. The other two members of the board are A. E. Delf and F. Stuart Byrne.

In a week's time the Worden-Alco company, of Milwaukee, will begin the construction of the steel and concrete bridge across the Carp river near the Marquette prison. The contract for this work was let at a recent meeting of the commissioners. It contains no provision that the work is to start no later than Jan. 20. The span is to be about sixty feet, and it is expected that the bridge's construction will require about a month's time. The second bridge at the Carp river, located just north of the one to be rebuilt at the expense of the city, is maintained by the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company, which owns the Carp river furnace property at that point.

The claims against the city, which included insurance on the city building and other items paid annually, were allowed by the commissioners.

Public Must Co-operate.

"The time has come when we must have the full co-operation of our public in securing relief from the conditions that the figures I have cited show to be intolerably burdensome. We must have that co-operation, if not from motives of friendliness, from those of self-interest. For clearly if we are going to maintain our services at the present standard—to say nothing of gradually improving it—we must be supported in our reasonable request for living passenger rates. And I have enough confidence in the fairmindedness and intelligence of our public to believe implicitly that this support will be forthcoming in full measure when we go to the legislature with our frank and honest case."

"I refer to the South Shore particularly because it is the South Shore with which I am first of all concerned, and because it is hardest hit by the conditions that we are now seeking to correct. But they have also been unfairly burdensome on the other roads, as they will show when the time arises. The fact of the matter is, rates have been pared so that money in railroads has not been able to earn the returns secured from the lowest rate bonds. And from this has flowed many of the business ills from which the country has been suffering of late months. The railroads of Michigan propose to ask for fair treatment, and nothing more. And they believe that a study of the case they will present will convince all reasonable men that they are richly entitled to what they ask."

THIRTY-SIX APPLICANTS.

Petitioners for Citizenship Will Be Examined at February Term.

Thirty-six applicants for citizenship papers will be examined at the February term of the circuit court. Twenty-one are new applicants and the others failed to appear at previous terms of the court. Examiner Coleman, of St. Paul, is expected here this week to conduct preliminary examination. The following are the names of the applicants:

Marquette—Anton Gromny, Adolph Frothing, John Gust Johnson, Thomas Charlton Perkins, and Charles Dresselaers.

Negaunee—Nazareno Guizzetti, John Charles Toms, Nicola Merletti, Johan Rosten, Agelo Toriano, John Kujala, Nestor Kelloinen, Alfred Westerlund, Mat Jalonen, Herman Pattaio, and John Henry Huhtala.

Ishpeming—Dominick Lacaria, Ivar Hakkarai, Wilho Whitaniemi, Karl Gustaf Adolf Lind, Edward Joseph Calley, William Edward Johns and Nestor Koski.

Republic—Henry Kangas, John Savola, Peter Alfred Miettunen, Charles Lewis Deruyter, Paul Geerts, Angus Vuori, Forsyth—Philip Richard Porring, Tony Magiat, Carl Leander Johnson.

Diorite—James Henry Christy, Champion—Lejander Huhtakangas, Humboldt—Carl Laurila.

Turin—John Leppanen.

WORLD ALMANAC IS ISSUED.

Carries All the Old Departments, With Many New Features.

If there is anything new under the sun, the chances are that it's in The World Almanac. This is a sweeping statement. For its justification one may point with much confidence to the files of this most regular of annuals. For particular and current instances, reference is recommended to the issue for 1915, now just at hand.

As one reads this book, the time seems very far removed, indeed, when an almanac was merely a booklet of calendar pages, with wise remarks about the sun, the moon, a few planets, the tides and the best time for planting various kinds of seeds. Here set forth, besides election and census returns, sporting records, industrial and financial reports, a New York City gazetteer, and the countries' formal information departments to which the years have accustomed readers of The World Almanac, are a review of the war in Europe; notes on the wars of the world; the political state platforms of 1914; details of the special or emergency tax; analysis of the prison population; factory statistics; workmen's compensation laws; occupations in the United States; the Federal Reserve Act; the Federal Trade Commission; statistics of foreign born population in the United States; a description of the Mexican situation; facts about the Chinese Republic; the progress and plans of the Palisades Drive; a paper on the aeroplane and aviation generally in war, and too many other things to receive even a reviewer's bare mention.

Of course this book has more than a thousand pages. It outweighs ordinary almanacs dimensions long ago. It will carry its own "Happy New Year" welcome to librarians, students, professors, statesmen, editors and readers in general all over the land.

If everywhere in town burned gas coke, there would be a big saving in fuel bills and less soot on the clothes every wash day. 10-22-24-14

CLUB ORGANIZES BASKETBALL TEAM

Peter White Squad Will Play the Normal Five at Fraternity Hall Friday.

The Peter White club, the young men's organization which has quarters in Guild Hall, has completed the organization of a basketball team that it believes bids fair to rival any similar organization in this part of the peninsula. Each man in the lineup is a player of long standing, several with records of five or more years.

The team will play its first game at Fraternity Hall Friday evening, meeting the team representing the Northern State Normal school, organized a month or six weeks ago. The latter organization has proved formidable in the games it has played to date. A hard-fought contest is expected.

The club team has been getting in practice for the last two weeks. It held a training game at Guild Hall last evening. Lee Lindstrom and Gus Peterson, the guards, have been playing for a number of years. Lindstrom was well known as a basketball player when in high school, and later was connected with the Northern State Normal, Marquette City. Knights of King Arthur and other teams. Peterson played with the Knights of Columbus a year ago, and prior to that time with other aggregations. Horatio Patrick will hold the position of center. He has been with the high school, Knights of King Arthur, city and other teams and as a speedy and heady player has a reputation second to none. Walfrid Larson and Clarence McKeroghan are the forwards. Both of these men have had several years' experience and are fast players.

Following the game with the Normal Friday night, there will be dancing until 12 o'clock.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE MARKEDLY ABSENT

Health Officer Main, in His December Summary, Reports but Eleven Cases.

There has been a marked absence of infectious disease in Marquette of late weeks, the December report of Health Officer Main, presented to the city commission last evening, showing but eleven cases, from which but one death resulted. Two cases of typhoid fever were reported, one of these a patient who came from an outside point to one of the Marquette hospitals. The other originated in town, but the source of the contagion is unknown to the health department. There were two cases of pneumonia among elderly persons, and one death resulted. Dr. Main's report follows:

Cases of infectious disease reported to the department:

Diphtheria, 6; deaths, 0. Chicken pox, 6; deaths, 0. Pneumonia, 2; deaths, 1. Typhoid fever, 2; deaths, 0. Fumigations, 3.

Treatment of indigent sick:

Number of new cases, 12.

Number of office calls, 20.

Number of visits to homes, 23.

Laboratory:

Number of water analyses, 1.

Number of pathological specimens examined for physicians, 7.

Dairies:

Number of dairies inspected, 3.

Number of visits, 3.

Milk licenses issued, 2.

Investigations of suspected violation of milk ordinance, 4.

Prosecutions, one old case pending.

Sanitation survey of the city:

Number of residence properties inspected, 17.

Number in proximity to sewer lines but still maintaining outside privies, 3.

Number of laundries, shops, groceries, etc., inspected, 6.

Complaints registered and investigated:

Garbage collection, 3.

Nuisances, 5.

Miscellaneous, 2.

Second and subsequent visits required on the same cases, 6.

Financial Statement:

Receipts from Northern State Normal \$25.30

Receipts from Marquette school board 50.00

Receipts from milk license issued 2.00

Total \$77.30

Expenditures—By the City:

Laboratory and office supplies and equipment \$ 13.60

Telephone, gas and laundry 5.11

Services of consulting physician* 2.00

Salary of health officer 166.66

Total \$187.37

ESCANABA WANTS LAKE LINERS.

Escanaba citizens are agitating the matter of bringing Chicago passenger steamers into that port next summer.

The Business Men's association will conduct a thorough investigation to learn why the city has been out from the list for the last several years. The Goodrich line boats, since dropping Escanaba, have continued to make such small ports as Washington Island and Sturgeon Bay, the former being a distance of but slightly over thirty miles from Escanaba. With the big passenger steamers stopping several times each week, a great amount of revenue would be received by merchants, it is argued. Hundreds of travelers would stop off for several days in the city, thus advertising the district throughout the country. Hotels and boarding houses would thrive as never before with this population. Escanaba businessmen are taking the matter up with the boat line officials in a determined manner.

ROVETT AGAIN A GAME WARDEN.

Ex-Sheriff Rovett of Ironwood Has Been Appointed Deputy Game and Fish Warden for Ontonagon and Iron Counties.


He had an excellent record in the position before his election as sheriff of Gogebic county four years ago, and it is not surprising that he has again been offered his old place in the warden's department.

HAM STOLEN FROM FRONT OF MARKET.

It is announced at Escanaba that a liberal reward will be given to anyone who can furnish information relative to the person or persons who stole a two-and-a-half-pound ham which was hanging in front of the Palace Meat market, 1135 Ludington street, at 5:30 o'clock p. m. The thief was a daring one, as the ham was taken while the lights of the shop were on and a number of customers were inside the market.

IRON RIVER FIRE LOSSES DECREASE.

Fire Chief James B. Healey of Iron River has finished his report to the state fire warden for the year 1914. The report shows that nineteen alarms were responded to the total loss aggregated \$5,446. The per capita loss was eighty-seven cents. The report shows a decrease in loss of \$7,894, compared with the year 1913, a decrease from the number of alarms responded to in 1913 of 27, and the loss \$11,259. (Concerning the decrease in fire loss and the benefits of precaution and fire protection, Chief Healey says: "The decrease is due to a large extent to the carefulness of our merchants and the people in general. Many merchants at a good deal of expense have erected approved waste paper burners on their premises. The hotel owners have been extremely careful. All hotels of the two-story wood construction have been equipped (each room



3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Condensed from Statement to the Comptroller of the Currency, Dec. 31, 1914.

| RESOURCES. | | \$ |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|----|
| Time Loans | \$ 897,285 88 | |
| Demand Collateral Loans | \$407,366 59 | |
| Cash, Exchange and due from | 50,563 43 | |
| U. S. Treasurer | 320,043 07 | |
| U. S. Bonds and Other Bonds at par | 678,385 00 | |
| Bank Building and Real Estate | 43,000 00 | |
| Total | \$2,346,080 54 | |
| LIABILITIES. | | \$ |
| Capital Stock Paid in | \$150,000 00 | |
| Surplus and Profits | 50,563 43 | |
| Discount Collected, not earned | 61,528 17 | |
| Reserved to Pay Interest | 12,886 55 | |
| Reserved to Pay Taxes | 3,104 62 | |
| National Bank Notes Outstanding | 149,200 00 | |
| Dividends Unpaid | 1,461 00 | |
| Deposits | 1,917,324 72 | |
| Total | \$2,346,080 54 | |

Designated United States Depository. Capital, Surplus and Profits, \$259,000

| OFFICERS: | | DIRECTORS: | |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------|--|
| LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, President. | | L. G. KAUFMAN, | |
| EDW. S. BICE, Vice President. | | N. M. KAUFMAN, | |
| C. L. BRAINERD, Cashier. | | S. R. KAUFMAN, | |
| W. O. JOHNSON, Ass't Cashier. | | A. O. JOPLING, | |
| O. E. BROWN, Ass't Cashier. | | EDW. S. BICE. | |

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