

HUERTA GIVEN A TIME LIMIT OF FEW HOURS

Indications Point to a Rapid Approach of the Climax of the Mexican Situation—By Tonight, It Is Said, Washington Expects Reply to Its Virtual Ultimatum.

Remaining Home from Church, the President Considers the Problem All Day—He Confers at Length With Republican Senators and Then With Mr. Bryan

Washington, Nov. 9.—Foregoing his usual custom of banishing official business on Sunday, President Wilson worked practically the entire day on the Mexican problem. He did not go to church, remaining indoors during the morning.

From the way the president's callers talked, the situation is approaching a climax rapidly. Officially, no copy of the statement of Provisional Huerta to the diplomatic corps last night had been received, nor had there arrived the formal reply to the American demand that Huerta resign.

Discussion of the Next Step.

That the United States had given Huerta until tomorrow night to reply before making the next move was the belief in official circles. The next step, in the view of some of those who have talked with the president within the last two days—since he began summoning members of the senate foreign relations committee—will be an ultimatum to the United States to recognize the Huerta government, but making it clear to the world that it also shall refuse to recognize any act of the new congress soon to be convened.

The administration will be ready to make its next move within a day or two, it is asserted by those in a position to know.

Senators Favor Arming Rebels.

Senators McComber and Borah declined to talk of what the president had told them in their conference today, but they expressed their own view as to what Senator Borah told the president that the Constitutionalists probably could get possession of the reins of government in about thirty days, and that the United States ought to give them an opportunity to establish themselves.

Senator McComber told Mr. Wilson that he believed the embargo on arms should be raised, but realizes the position of the president in being unwilling to send munitions of war into the rebellion-torn republic, which might add to the inhumanity of the fighting. He added that he thought the Huerta regime is in such financial distress that it will soon collapse of its own accord.

No development in Mexico City was announced at the White House. Press dispatches stating that Huerta had declared the presidential election null and void left a doubt in the minds of some officials as to whether the members of congress also would be so considered by Huerta. The United States government already has made it clear in its representations to Huerta that it believes the members of the new congress not to have been legally chosen.

Mexicans See Parting of the Ways.

Mexico City, Nov. 9.—Government officials, foreign residents and the people of Mexico realize that the relations between this country and the United States are strained almost to the point of war, but there is perhaps no man in the republic who knows tonight what Washington will do tomorrow.

John Lind, himself, who represents the president of the United States, is ignorant of the intentions of his chief, and if General Huerta is anxious at all as to what may develop, he does not betray it. Although he has sent to the diplomatic representatives of the foreign nations of note which, in effect, is a defiance of Washington, the provisional president was conspicuous last night in the cafes about town long after the midnight hour, and today he indulged in recreation in the company of his military friends.

In his formal statement to the diplomats, General Huerta said it was now foreseen that the recent elections were null, as too few precincts had participated in the voting and that therefore the new congress would be called and new elections would then be called and he would continue his program of pacification.

Sneers Noted at National Palace.

More uneasiness is apparent at the American embassy than at the national palace. At the palace, the opinion was freely expressed, not infrequently accompanied by sneers, that the United States would never intervene in Mexico. At the American embassy, it is regarded as logical that Washington, perhaps tomorrow, will furnish vital developments in the relations between the two countries. This assumption is based on the Washington note to General Huerta, in which Huerta is assured that refusal

to comply with the American demands will result in President Wilson's applying to congress for power to use sterner methods.

It is considered that Huerta's open note to the diplomats will make it impossible for Washington longer to withhold the exact character of Huerta's reply, which was made last week, and that this publicity will make some more definite step necessary immediately.

OFFICERS AND MEN FROM THE AMERICAN SQUADRON ARE ENTERTAINED AT MALTA

Malta, Nov. 9.—Rear Admiral Badger and his officers of the battleship Wyoming were the guests today of the governor, General Sir Henry Rendle, at the palace, after which the party proceeded in automobiles to San Antonio palace, the governor's country residence, where they took tea.

Many of the bluejackets from the Wyoming were given shore liberty today and visited places of interest with the British bluejackets, while officers from the British garrison took care of the American officers who did not participate in the governor's entertainment.

Rome, Nov. 9.—Six officers and 150 sailors of the American ships arrived here today. They will spend a short time sight-seeing and then proceed to Florence and Venice.

RUSSIAN HIGH COURT ORDERS PROSECUTION

Protest Against Beilis Trial by 120 St. Petersburg Lawyers Offends Tribunal.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 9.—The court of appeals today ordered the prosecution of 120 members of the St. Petersburg Bar association who signed a protest against the Beilis trial.

Memorial Service for Yuzinsky.

Kiev, Russia, Nov. 9.—The Society of the Double-Headed Eagle announced a memorial service for Andrew Yuzinsky, "who was brutally tortured to death by Jews with the ritual object." The service will be held on Monday in St. Sophia's cathedral, which stands within a hundred yards of the court where Mendel Beilis, charged with the murder, has been in progress.

The trial was resumed today and at the evening session the president of the court asked Beilis if he desired to make a statement. The prisoner replied quickly: "I should like to say many things, but I am too ill and tired. I want to go home to my wife and children. You can see for yourselves that I am innocent."

The jury will consider the verdict tomorrow. Part of the sitting of the court today was devoted to counsel's replies to previous speeches, in accordance with the Russian legal custom which permits replies and counter replies without end.

Jewish People Fearful of Massacre.

New York, Nov. 9.—"The entire Jewish people in Russia is in a constant fear of massacre as an outcome of this case," the annual report of the executive committee of the American-Jewish society says, referring to the trial at Kiev. The case is referred to as "the most tragic occurrence in Jewish life for many years."

The report was submitted today at the seventh annual meeting here of the American-Jewish society, a national organization whose announced purpose is to prevent infringement of the rights of Jews in this country and to relieve them in case of district and persecution.

The committee today appropriated \$5,000 for the release of persecuted Yemite Moroccan Jews.

NEW TARIFF PROVISION HELD TO BE NULLIFIED

Goods Imported in American Ships Won't Be Favored by Discount of 5 per Cent.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Attorney General McReynolds has decided that the sub-section of the new tariff law authorizing a discount of 5 per cent on all goods imported in American vessels is nullified by its proviso that "nothing in this sub-section shall be so construed as to abrogate or in any manner impair or affect the provisions of any treaty concluded between the United States and any foreign nation."

Secretary McAdoo, of the treasury department, made public the attorney general's opinion today and announced that, in accordance with it, collectors of customs would be directed to continue to disregard the sub-section, as they were instructed to do on Oct. 8.

This ends, for the present at least, the long drawn-out discussion over the proposed differential duty provision, the subject of much debate in congress while the tariff bill was under consideration.

The attorney general gave his opinion to Secretary McAdoo ten days ago, but it was withheld until today, to allow consideration by the treasury officials.

MAINE INDIANS DANCE AT THE WEDDING OF SOCKALEXIS

Old Town, Me., Nov. 9.—Clad in the regalia of eagle feathers and faded buckskins of former times, Indian chiefs danced today at the wedding of Andrew Sockalexis, the Penobscot Indian marathion runner, to Pauline Shay, daughter of Sebastian Shay, one of the leading tribesmen. Haunches of venison, bear steaks and choice cuts of other game made up the feast. The Sockalexis family has long been prominent for its athletes. Andrew is also a student of Indian lore, and it was at his suggestion that the old customs of the tribe were revived today.

MAMMELS WITH THE KNIFE WILL EXHIBIT SKILL

More Than Two Thousand Operations Will Be Performed at Chicago Hospitals This Week in the Presence of Medical Men from All Over the Country.

Annual Clinical Congress of the Surgeons of North America Is the Occasion—Even the Transplantation of Human Limbs Is Expected to Be Demonstrated.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—The furthest advance that has been made by surgery for the relief of human suffering will be worked out by the fourth annual Clinical Congress of Surgeons of North America, which will begin a week's sessions here tomorrow.

Three thousand surgeons are to attend, the largest body of scientific men ever gathered in this country. The foreign surgeons are headed by Sir Rickman Godlee, president of the Royal College of Surgeons of England. More than two thousand operations will be performed in clinics in the presence of the delegates. The most startling surgical operation that may be performed during the week will be the transplantation of a human limb. The possibility of the success of this operation has been clearly indicated in experimental work on animals. It is certain that attempts will be made if human beings who have lost limbs can be brought to the operating table when the corresponding limbs of persons who have died in health are available.

The transplantation of organs, such as kidneys, is included in the scope of this operation, and a number of such operations will be performed.

The clinics will take place each day and night throughout the week in all Chicago hospitals.

Judge Olson's Solution of Social Evil.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 9.—Discussing a "constructive policy whereby the social evil may be reduced," Chief Justice Harry Olson, of the municipal court of Chicago, was the principal speaker at the International Congress on Social Evil, which opened its sessions here today. Many of the speakers and delegates to the congress occupied pulpits in Minneapolis churches in the morning.

Judge Olson advocated the segregation of pupils in the schools and the private instruction in special schools for abnormal children. The proper training of the feeble-minded child before it has reached the age of twelve years would reduce prostitution manifold, the speaker contended.

Saloon's Fees Gather at Columbus.

Columbus, O., Nov. 9.—The vanguard of the fifteen thousand or more officials and delegates of the Anti-Saloon League of America and persons interested in other temperance organizations, who are expected to attend the fifteenth biennial convention of the league, arrived here today and completed arrangements for the formal opening of the convention tomorrow night.

Special services were held today in many Columbus churches, in celebration of the opening of the convention, but a parade of several thousand Sunday school children will be postponed, because of a severe snow storm.

Speakers tomorrow night will answer this question: "Where will the taxes come from, if saloons are abolished?"

The question is asked in a letter received today by the league officials from the Manufacturers' association of Chicago.

Navy Head Wants More Chaplains.

Newport News, Va., Nov. 9.—Neglect of religion by the United States navy is a reproach to the republic, Secretary Daniels said here today in an address before the United Brotherhood of Men's Bible Classes. The secretary announced that he would ask congress immediately to provide chaplains and welfare secretaries proportionate to the navy's personnel.

Twenty-four chaplains, Mr. Daniels said, are all that the government provides to look after the religious welfare of the navy's 67,000 men. He added that more than seventy-five important ships in the navy have no religious leader attached, while the Marine corps, with an enlistment of 10,223 men, has not a single chaplain to look after the spiritual development of its personnel.

Federation of Labor at Seattle.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 9.—The thirty-third annual convention of the American Federation of Labor will be called to order tomorrow morning by President Samuel Gompers. Preliminary conventions of the various departments were held last week, when the work to be taken up by the federation was planned. Two important subjects will be given consideration on the floor of the convention. The first is the question of immigration, following the opening of the Panama canal. The other question is the proposed change in the form of labor union organization, several unions desiring industrial organizations.

President Gompers, although not an avowed candidate for reelection, has announced that he will accept another term. It is understood, however, that a pronounced effort will be made to defeat

him. John Mitchell, second vice president, has announced that he will not accept another term.

Secretary of Labor, William B. Wilson, arrived from Washington tonight to attend the opening sessions.

The Weather

Washington, Nov. 9.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Snow and continued cold Monday, with north gale; Tuesday, partly cloudy and continued cold.

WOMEN'S TACTICS ADOPTED BY ENGLISH SOCIALISTS TO PROCURE LEADER'S RELEASE.

London, Nov. 9.—The socialists have adopted suffragist tactics and have decided to oppose all Liberal candidates and refuse them a hearing at public meetings until James Larkin, leader of the striking Irish transport workers, who was recently sentenced to seven months' imprisonment at Dublin, is released.

The Rt. Hon. Charles F. Masterman, M. P., was howled down today when he attempted to speak at the Shorelitch hall here tonight. The hall was kept up a continual cry for the release of Larkin. Eventually the police were called to clear the church.

BULLETS WHISTLE BY HEAD OF A. COMSTOCK

New York Reformer Just Escapes Being Victim in Minneapolis Hold Up.

Minneapolis, Nov. 9.—Anthony Comstock, the New York reformer, came near being the victim of a hold-up man's attempt to rob him in Minneapolis today. He was not intended for the distinguished New Yorker, however.

The trouble started when a stranger entered a confectionery store where Miss Leone Doherty was in charge and alone. Stepping up to the young woman, the man drew a revolver and, pointing it at her head, commanded: "Throw up your hands; keep your mouth shut and get into that back room."

Miss Doherty did not obey, but instead ran to the window, where she attracted the attention of several passers-by. The handit made a break for the rear door and ran down a side street. The young woman clerk and her hastily formed posse went in pursuit until the robber turned a blind corner and disappeared in their direction, when they gave up the chase.

Mr. Comstock, on his way to address the International Purity congress, was passing when the shooting was at its height. He turned around, whistled his head and the reformer ran into a store from which point he telephoned the police.

Ogden Blackmailers Shoot Detective.

Ogden, Utah, Nov. 9.—E endeavoring to check blackmailers who had repeatedly demanded money from two prominent citizens under threats of shooting, Dave Edwards, special detective and expert gunman from Birmingham, Utah, was shot half a dozen times on a lonely road in the northeast part of Ogden early this morning. He was alive tonight, but his injuries are regarded as fatal.

The blackmailers had demanded that one of two prominent men take \$1,500 to them in a satchel. Edwards was disguised as one of the intended victims. It is believed the handits recognized the disguise. They opened fire on Edwards and he returned the fire until a telephone reached the scene a few moments later, the blackmailers made their escape.

The shooting is the outgrowth of a series of blackmailing plots which have involved wealthy residents of Ogden since 1911. On Nov. 2 the front of one man's residence was blown away by a bomb explosion. This was after he had turned over to the police a blackmailing letter.

Pittsburg Region a Sufferer.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 9.—Crippling transportation facilities and prostrating wire communication over a wide area, an extraordinary snow, sleet and wind storm visited this region today and continues tonight. During the day, ten

ALL SHIPPING IS FORCED TO SEEK SHELTER

Accompanied by a Blinding Snow Storm, a Fifty-Mile Gale Interrupts Navigation in Region Tributary to Detroit—Waters of Lake Erie Are Lashed to Fury.

Steamer Pollock Is Aground—The Elphicke, Stranded Saturday, Is Released—Chicago Reports the Worst Blow in Years—On the Atlantic, Boats Toss Like Chips.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 9.—The most severe snow and wind storm of the present season prevailed over this part of the Great Lakes today and shipping of all description was forced to seek shelter at the nearest ports.

Ample warning had been given and tonight the only vessel reported in trouble in this district was the W. G. Pollock of Cleveland. She had been forced onto the banks of the St. Clair flats canal. Her condition was not regarded as dangerous, and it is thought a tug will be able to release her as soon as the wind abates.

The steamer Mary Elphicke, of the C. W. Elphicke company, of Chicago, which went ashore yesterday off Bar Point, in Lake Erie, has been released and is now in shelter. The report last night of an unidentified vessel on the rocks off Point Pelee, in Lake Erie, was not confirmed today. The tug sent to her rescue arrived back when passing steamers notified them that they saw no vessel in distress in the locality where the accident was said to have happened.

The wind today attained a velocity of forty-five to forty-eight miles an hour on shore. It was said that the velocity was greater on Lake Erie and that the blinding snow storm made navigation practically impossible. Weather bureau officials announced tonight that there were no indications the gale would subside before tomorrow at the earliest.

Mighty Waves Cause Loss at Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Several sections of the newly-made land along the lake shore of Lincoln Park were washed away today by a storm on Lake Michigan. The park commission had spent eight years in the construction of the land.

The waves on the lake have been running from twelve to fourteen feet high for more than twenty-four hours and have carried out much of the newly-made land. The damage up to tonight is estimated at \$150,000.

The three-masted lumber schooner C. L. Buys hoisted distress signals while trying to run into the harbor here today. A life-saving crew went out, but was unable to help the schooner in, and she was left to ride the sea with double anchor. Other boats viewed from the life-saving stations appeared to be having hard work, but did not call for help.

Jackson Park was flooded with water from half a mile from the shore, and the keepers of the city water works in the lakes reported that the storm was the worst in twenty years. At one point the waves smashed in the thick plate glass windows and carried furniture into the lake and according to a telephone report from the keeper of the crisis, some of the men narrowly escaped being carried away.

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inches of snow fell, four inches more than had fallen during any November since 1896.

D. & C. Steamers Cancel Sailings.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 9.—The first blast of winter swept the Great Lakes today. The extent of the damage at lake ports along the loss to shipping was uncertain, because of the almost complete prostration of both telephone and telegraph wires.

From meagre reports, there was a heavy squall of snow and sleet all along the south shore of Lake Erie, as far east of the Ohio-Pennsylvania state line. The Detroit & Cleveland line's passenger steamers cancelled tonight's sailings. Considerable anxiety was felt for the safety of downbound freighters with grain cargoes on board.

Stormy Weather on the Atlantic.

New York, Nov. 9.—From the time she left Liverpool, the steamship Celtic, which arrived here today, encountered rough weather. Passengers told thrilling tales of an eventful voyage in which rain, snow, thunder, lightning and gigantic waves breaking over the vessel figured most of the time. For two days the big steamship floundered in the rough sea, not averaging much more than six knots an hour. Steamship Lucea, which also arrived today, reported severe weather. The decks were flooded, the hatches smashed and the cargo damaged. The Lucea was five days late.

Telegraphic communication to points west and north across New York city was interrupted and in some instances suspended for some time tonight, because of a heavy wind that accompanied the rain and snow storm in the interior and blew down wires and poles.

Steamer Bridgeport Believed Lost.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—News of the missing Dominion coal liner Bridgeport, though anxiously awaited since Thursday, was not forthcoming late tonight, and even the most optimistic are beginning to fear that her fate will be reported by some steamer passing wreckage bearing her name. There is possible to put the measure through the senate banking committee. As it goes to the conference, the report will recommend the bill virtually as it came from the house, with a number of minor amendments and changes of phraseology which the administration believes necessary to perfect it.

An attempt will be made by the four senators to obtain, in addition to their own signatures, those of Senator Reed and O'Gorman, who have opposed many of the features of the bill in the committee. Each of these senators has sought to avoid action by the Democratic caucus on the bill, and neither signed the bill, which resulted in the call for Wednesday's conference. It is practically certain that Senator Hitchcock, whose currency views differ widely from those embraced in the administration's currency bill, will stand out to the end.

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When the senate committee meets tomorrow, it will be in the position of working on a measure which apparently is doomed to be discarded. There is some question as to whether the committee will continue in the struggle to reach an agreement, or whether it will give up the attempt and leave the whole matter to be disposed of by the conference. The latter course probably will be recommended by the administration senators, but they may have some difficulty in inducing the committee to suspend work.

At any rate, the Republican members of the committee will continue their efforts to perfect a bill and will report a completed measure to the senate. There it is expected the fight against the administration bill will be sharp and long drawn-out.

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TRAIN KILLS GEORGE TRACY, FORMER CHAMPION RUNNER.

Halifax, Nov. 9.—George Tracy, in 1886 and 1887 the champion half-mile runner of America, was struck by a train and killed late last night while crossing the tracks at Rockingham. He was fifty-two years old. Tracy won the amateur half-mile running championship of America in New York and the following year at Detroit. He also took part in several Canadian championships. Aside from running in his young manhood, Tracy was prominent as an amateur oarsman and football player.

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All Is Quiet in Copper Country; a Blizzard Rages.

Strikers Show No Activity--Wolverine and Mohawk Prepare to Join the List of Operating Mines and Are Expected to Import Men; in That Event, Riots May Ruffle the Existing Calm--Leaders of the Federation Determined Men, in the Face of Discouragement.

Houghton, Mich., Nov. 9.—[Special.]—With a blizzard howling all day, poor weather for strike demonstrations prevailed in the copper country on the Sabbath and the Western Federation of Miners offered nothing to dispel the apathy of the past week.

Two carloads of men are expected tomorrow morning for the Copper Range Consolidated. It is expected also that the Wolverine and Mohawk will be ready to host tomorrow and that at once these companies will begin importing men. Serious riots are looked for at these places, in that event.

The strike seems to be standing the test of actual winter pretty well. Mid-winter weather has prevailed since last Friday and there has been no stampede "back to the mines" by the men still loyal to the Western Federation. This continuance of a condition of strike does not indicate that the federation is making any progress toward a victory. To close observers of the situation and the circumstances it indicates two things: First, the Western Federation is headed by determined men; second, some thousands of former employees of the Michigan copper mines are content with idle men in the copper country. The companies will demand their houses because their new employees will need homes.

The Western Federation has gone far afield in carrying out its picketing operations, having transferred them to Chicago. It was reported yesterday that a large number of men recruited in Chicago for the mines are being interfered with by federation agitators. However the men are not being brought into the

winning. With the mines rapidly approaching the normal production and normal working forces, it was remarked here today, the Western Federation must have a hypnotic power to hold the remaining strikers together. The strike is so nearly a thing of the past, in fact, that it has almost ceased to provide news.

A review of the strike in the last week, aside from discussions of the progress of strike cases in courts, would offer only the arrest of ninety-five men and women Saturday morning on charges of violating the injunction, from the viewpoint of the strikers; it would offer much progress toward old conditions on the part of the mines.

It has been a week of inactivity for the strikers. The federation has brought in many carloads of provisions and fuel for the strikers and the class that is willing to substitute on the strike benefits will undoubtedly be content to hold out as long as these contributions are kept up. In the meantime the mining companies are importing workmen by the hundreds. What the outcome will be when the companies have sufficient numbers of men is likely to be the big problem of the strike. There will be thousands of idle men in the copper country. The companies will demand their houses because their new employees will need homes.

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copper country through any misrepresentation. They know that a strike is in progress and that they may encounter some opposition in their work. Each man passes a physical examination before being hired. The picketing of the mines is so nearly a thing of the past, in fact, that it has almost ceased to provide news.

Charged with violating the injunction of the court, ninety-five strikers and women, including "Big Annie" Clements and Frank King, were arrested near the Calumet M. E. church early yesterday morning by three of the cavalrymen stationed in that district. Part of the cavalry had been sent to the Quincy location and it is supposed that the strikers, believing the entire force had gone, decided it would be a good time to make things hum. No sooner had they started the disturbance, however, than the small cavalry force remaining took a hand. The entire crowd was marched to the armory. The names of the prisoners were taken and they were served with papers requiring them to appear before Judge O'Brien in circuit court at Houghton Monday morning, Nov. 17, if being alleged their action was in contempt of court.

It is charged that these strikers attempted to invade a colony of imported men for the purpose of intimidating men going to work. Several of those arrested were found to be armed. No guns were found, but there were many clubs, several blifes or blackjacks, improvised metal knuckles and pieces of rock, while one of the strikers was armed with a short piece of iron bolt, on the end of which was a heavy nut, the whole weighing close to two pounds, a peculiarity

wicked weapon. Another of the men had a set of knuckles, made of a piece of hard iron which was studded with heavy rivets and had sharp points or teeth filed into it so it would badly cut and lacerate any person that might be struck.

The workmen brought in by the Champion mine Thursday morning completed their second day as trimmers Saturday afternoon. They expressed themselves as pleased with the working conditions and said that the work was easier than that to which they had been accustomed. Some of them declared they intended sending for their friends and relatives. The mine officials, in turn, expressed satisfaction at the work of the new men.

The Western Federation will open up a "coal" store in the Vigo building in South Range today. During the last few days three carloads of meats and groceries have been received. Peter Felby of Hancock, formerly a clerk in the Trimmont store, will manage the establishment. About a score of farmers who in past winters came in from their farms to work in the mines have joined the union on the South range and are now drawing strike benefits.

Polish people of the copper country gathered in their churches in Painesdale and Calumet today in mass meetings to protest against the use of the term "Polander" by certain newspapers of the copper country press in describing John Levinski, recently acquitted in the circuit court of an assault charge. Several hundred Poles attended each meeting. They declared that "Polander" is as offensive as "dago" is to an Italian or "nigger" is to a negro. They passed resolutions censuring the newspapers.

MONEY BILL OF PRESIDENT'S IN GRAVE STRAITS

A Party Conference to Consider the Situation, Now That the Administration Forces Have Failed to Put Currency Measure Through Senate Committee.

Mr. Hitchcock Won't Yield and Messrs. Reed and O'Gorman Are Stubborn—Meanwhile, Republicans Will Draft Own Scheme, Later to Fight Hard on Floor.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Work on the report on the administration currency bill to be submitted to the Democratic conference of the senate on Wednesday, a conference that it was decided yesterday to call, was continued today by Senators Owen, Shafer, Pomeroy and Hollis, the four Democrats who have come into the senate banking committee. As it goes to the conference, the report will recommend the bill virtually as it came from the house, with a number of minor amendments and changes of phraseology which the administration believes necessary to perfect it.

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THE COLONEL WAS AWAY.

It should not escape the attention of persons who desire to have an intelligent understanding of contemporary politics that the satisfactory showing of the Progressives in the fall elections was achieved practically without assistance from Colonel Roosevelt.

Colonel Roosevelt had no participation in the fall campaigns beyond the writing of a few letters, and he sailed for South America some weeks before the elections. In no instance did he deliver an address in behalf of a Progressive candidate. Yet in both Massachusetts and New York the position of the party has been greatly improved as a result of the fall voting and here and there in the country there were surprising revelations of Progressive strength in elections that afforded no particular incentive for a rallying of the forces that may be expected to be affiliated with the organization.

In Massachusetts Mr. Bird increased his vote of last year and ran in second place, whereas he finished third in November, 1912. The Republican candidate, Representative Gardner, showed a pronounced loss from the Republican vote in 1912 and fell to third place. Incidentally the Republicans lost control of the legislature, owing to pronounced Progressive gains, and the Progressives hold the balance of power. By and large, the Republican reverses in Massachusetts amounted to the most sweeping and depressing defeat the party ever suffered there.

In New York, also, the Progressives gained largely in the legislature and it is claimed that when the situation finally adjusts itself they will possess the balance of power between the Republicans and the Democrats. Whether this is the case or not, they will possess a body of members that will enable them to advance constructive legislative proposals in a manner that will catch the public eye and will more and more familiarize the public with the thought that the Progressive organization is to take a vital part in public affairs in the future.

It is of great importance that the Republican reorganizers do not fool themselves, whatever they may seek to do with the general public, with regard to the significance of the recent elections. The time has not past when a reconciliation of differences between the Progressives and the Republicans is beyond the realm of possibilities. It may be attained within the next year or so, if the concessions to the Progressives who have stuck to the organization while it was getting down to fighting weight are sweeping and attractive enough. That they will have to be sweeping, and that they will amount to a repudiation of the bosses who ran the Republican convention in 1912, goes without saying.

The terms may be hard, but it is to be recalled that the situation is one that may easily get beyond the consideration of terms. If harmony is not effected by 1916, it is to be doubted if it will ever be effected.

THE IMMIGRANTS KNOW.

The latest official statistics of immigration show that the number of foreigners entering the United States continues to be far in excess of the arrivals in the corresponding part of last year. On the other hand, the return flow of the tide is smaller than it was in 1912.

Both changes testify to the fact that from the point of view of the laborer, the wage-earner at the bottom, the man with least to depend upon except the strength of his arms and the pluck of his heart, the conditions in this country are still very favorable. It is clear that the men and women who live by their daily toil have no such misgivings as Wall street feels and shows.

As long as such evidence can be given of the prosperity of the masses there will be nothing seriously wrong with industry and trade in the United States. When the tide of immigration slackens

materially, taking due account of the time of the year, and the emigration back to Europe becomes heavier than usual, it will be time to consider whether or not the times are worse for wage-earners than they have been for the last year or two.

Emigration to Canada from the United States is another matter. It is mainly a movement of farmers and others who have capital enough to buy land and establish themselves in the newer provinces of the Dominion. But this migration across the northern border does not look so impressive as it did a year ago. There has been a distinct checking of the land boom in the Canadian Northwest and this has had its effect upon Americans who have seriously considered trying their fortune there.

MR. BROWN AND THE CHARTER.

During the past week City Attorney Brown, in response to a suggestion of The Mining Journal that he outline the structural defects he had found in the proposed commission charter, has written and had printed in this paper three letters dealing with the subject. A few observations on their contents will not be amiss.

In his letter printed Nov. 3, Mr. Brown discusses Section 19, Chapter 33, of the instrument, which he maintains in effect, bars the employees of both railroads operating in the city from holding office under the proposed new government. Here Mr. Brown has apparently raised a point that is both valid and interesting. As has been stated, the meat of the cocoon here is the meaning of the word "franchise," as used in the section. The Mining Journal understands that a number of attorneys are inclined to disagree with Mr. Brown's views on this point. But it is one that is clearly in need of further elucidation.

In his letter of Nov. 5, Mr. Brown discusses at considerable length the proposed charter changes affecting the library board, and, as he says, indirectly, the school board. He charges, in effect, that requirements both of the statutes and of the constitution have been disregarded in the provisions of the new charter relating to this subject. In this connection, he presents a bill of particulars, containing sixteen counts. The merit of Mr. Brown's contentions on these points is a thing that the layman would have considerable difficulty determining without attentive study. Therefore, the friends of the new charter should define in explicit terms the purpose of its provisions on this subject and why they are adequate and within the law.

Beyond these parts of two of the letters in Mr. Brown's Mining Journal series, his contribution to the discussion has been made up largely of an exposition of his personal views on the desirability of the general principles applied in the proposed charter. With these views The Mining Journal, and many other students of municipal government, find themselves in full disagreement. To The Mining Journal it also appears that Mr. Brown has, in some respects, not been entirely fortunate in the manner in which he has expressed his ideas on the subject. In his letter of Nov. 7, in which Mr. Brown discusses general principles to the entire exclusion of "structural defects," there is found a suggestion of bad faith on the part of the charter commissioners for which Mr. Brown has established no sufficient basis. As Mr. Hill has noted, the words "craftily" and "joker" are very good words in their place, but as Mr. Brown has used them they suggest unworthy or deceptive motives.

More acerbity appears in the controversy between Mr. Brown and certain members of the commission than the public perhaps can well understand. The reason dates back to the early sessions of the commission when thinly veiled hostility was shown to Mr. Brown by certain members who apparently had the idea that he desired to steer the commission away from some things it wished to do. As a result, Mr. Brown was practically shouldered out of the work of framing the new charter. Here The Mining Journal believes the commissioners made a real mistake, and that it would have been to their advantage and the advantage of the city if they had availed themselves of Mr. Brown's large knowledge of charter construction and the limitations placed on municipal government by the constitution, the home rule bill and the general statutes.

This early friction on the commission perhaps explains why Mr. Brown's articles have so much the quality one expects to find in fervid special pleading, and why Mr. Brown appears so tremendously in earnest in his desire to make the proposed charter appear in its worst light. It may also explain why there is a certain earnestness in Mr. Brown's letter of Nov. 7. The text for his most telling points against the proposed charter is an extract from a letter from a Pontiac justice of the peace referring to the Pontiac commission plan. "The mayor or looks after police, fire department and finances, one of the commissioners looks

after public utilities and the other looks after all public works. The mayor and commissioners are responsible for everything in their departments," we are informed.

The unthinking reader would gather from Mr. Brown's discussion of this system, in comparison with the proposed Marquette plan, that the voters of Pontiac elected the mayor and commissioners specifically to take charge of the enumerated duties. It is noted, however, that the Pontiac justice of the peace makes no statement to that effect, and that there is nothing in his quoted words to show that the Pontiac system differs in principle in any respect from the one proposed for Marquette. Presumably, Mr. Brown has no acquaintance with the provision of the Pontiac charter on this point, otherwise he, no doubt, would have quoted it. Whether or not the Pontiac charter is identical with the proposed Marquette charter is not important here. The illuminating thing is that Mr. Brown should erect such an elaborate structure of argument on such an unsubstantial basis.

Mr. Brown's contention that the proposed charter is faulty in principle because it does not provide for a sufficient responsibility and centered authority in the commissioners appears one hardly meriting serious attention, in light of the fact that under its terms five men, directly responsible to the voters and subject to the recall, would replace twenty men on four boards quite removed from direct responsibility, a mayor from whom all but the semblance of power has been taken away and a council whose principal remaining function is to vote appropriations for other bodies to spend. Anyone who would quarrel with the proposition that the proposed plan, compared with the present plan, calls for a greatly increased centralization of responsibility, and more responsiveness to the public, would cheerfully essay the task of proving to a disinterested body of his peers that white had all the characteristics of black.

WORTH TALKING ABOUT.

Now that congress has taken up discussion of the English proposal for a naval holiday there is assurance of plenty of talk about the subject. The Hensley resolution declaring for the plan, scoffed at when first introduced, has found an unexpectedly large number of friends among members of both houses, including not a few that are influential. There is still a disposition to jeer. In some quarters it is declared that a favorable vote is not unlikely now because at the moment the naval appropriations are comparatively remote and expression of pious hopes or intentions is innocuous. A trifling war scare, opportunely set going when the money is wanted, would suffice to obliterate any effects of an empty resolution.

A more serious view is open even to the cynical. When President Taft's Commission on Economy and Efficiency reported that of the \$989,783,761 required by the federal government for 1913 \$402,918,347 was for "national defense," and \$436,086,961 for civil functions, the fact that nearly as much was for military and naval purposes as for all the other agencies of government escaped general notice. There was nothing going on to emphasize it, and it was buried among details of a kind to which the general public pays scant attention. Debates on the Hensley resolution are sure to make this fact conspicuous. It is the gist of the whole matter. The underlying idea of Mr. Churchill's suggestion is relief for the taxpayer. And when the people realize how much of the money they are called on to furnish is devoted to a contest for place in the race for naval supremacy the full meaning of the Hensley resolution will begin to be appreciated.

It is not clear that America has gone beyond reasonable requirements. We are certainly in no such absurd position as Germany and England. But general debate will inevitably throw light on the scope and urgency of our actual needs, and action by congress, even though it should be laughed at in the military circles of Europe, will promote among the people of the world a spirit of inquiry regarding their needless burdens which cannot fail of useful results. The more the idea of a naval holiday is talked about the plainer will become the absurdity of merely competitive naval activity.

Judging from the comment of the Houghton Gazette, Mr. McLeod, of Detroit, is going to meet with more than a little trouble having his gubernatorial campaign taken seriously. It is a matter of comment that Mr. McLeod by no means measures up to Detroit Saturday Night's set of specifications for the ideal Republican candidate. The Detroit paper cited Arthur H. Vandenberg, of Grand Rapids, as the type of man who ought to be chosen. An Irishman would be likely to say that the principal thing in common between the McLeod type and the Vandenberg type is their points of difference.

The influx of hunters into the upper peninsula forests for the deer hunting season will exceed all previous records, it is said. And the number of resident hunters who will go to the woods will show no falling off. It has been estimated that 30,000 men will go out after deer. That appears to be the Mining Journal to be a pretty generous estimate, but the figures will be well up in the thousands, at any rate. The need of extraordinary caution in the woods is very clear. Wear conspicuous clothes, for your

What is Woman's Beauty but Health

And the Basis of Her Health and Vigor Lies in the Careful Regulation of the Bowels.



MRS. C. S. VANCE

If woman's beauty depended upon cosmetics, every woman would be a picture of loveliness. But beauty lies deeper than that. It lies in health. In the majority of cases the basis of health, and the cause of sickness, can be traced to the action of the bowels.

The headaches, the lassitude, the sallow skin and the lusterless eyes are usually due to constipation. So many things that women do habitually conduce to this trouble. They do not eat carefully, they eat indigestible foods because the foods are served daintily and they do not exercise enough. But whatever the particular cause may be it is important that the condition should be corrected.

An ideal remedy for women, and one especially suited to their delicate requirements, is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which thousands of women endorse highly, among them Mrs. C. S. Vance, of 111 S. Ray St., New Castle, Pa. At times she had spells of indigestion so severe that she thought she would die. Syrup Pepsin regulated her stomach and bowels, and she attributes her excellent health today to this remedy.

All the family can use Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, for thousands of mothers give it to babies and children. It is also admirably suited to the requirements of elderly people, in fact to all who by reason of age or infirmity cannot stand harsh salts, cathartics, pills or purgatives. These should always be avoided, for at least their effect is only for that day, while a genuine remedy like Syrup Pepsin acts mildly but permanently.

It can be conveniently obtained at any drug store at fifty cents or one dollar a bottle. Results are always guaranteed or money will be refunded. You will find it gentle in action, pleasant in taste and free from gripping, and its tonic properties have a distinct value to women. It is the most widely used and active-tonic in America today and thousands of families are now never without it.

Families wishing to try a free sample bottle can obtain it postpaid by addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 419 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. A postal card with your name and address on it will do.

TIMELY QUIPS

True.
 Among those who are not worrying about the new tariff is the man who won't work.—Cleveland Leader.

Much!
 We would rather hear a man with an impediment in his speech talk one with an impediment in his thought.—New Orleans Picayune.

Political Note.
 In an eastern city it is suggested that the election booths, idle eleven months in the year, should be reeled out for chicken houses, or portable garages.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Financial.
 Why is not the ordinary man as much interested in the currency question as the bankers? Better have a currency system that suits all.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Noisy.
 Huerta is not a great man, but he is chief noise maker at the present time and his name will go thundering down the ages.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Wait.
 Posterity will know what effect the present flood of sex enlightenment will have on romantic marriage, always assuming, of course, that posterity will arrive in due time.—Chicago News.

EDITORIAL OPINION

A Keystone Apologue.
 An instructive apologue worthy of Esop or La Fontaine came to The Sun yesterday from the Pennsylvania village of Sheffield-on-Tionesta.

In the bosky dells of Sugar Run a farmer saw two strapping athletic black bears fighting, tooth and claw, near a hollow tree trunk drenched with honey. The first flew. The ursine cannibals snapped great collops from each other's bodies. Growl, tear, fight till the last clawed bear expires. Bear two kills bear one and then sprawls over him and dies. The farmer comes chomping from behind a tree of vintage and takes the honey.

"Respectfully dedicated to Republicans and Progressives."—New York Sun.

The Ayes Have It.
 Congressman Kelley's effectiveness as a pleader for his party's principles has been emphasized in the last few months in no uncertain manner.

It is a matter of some interest to the state—does a congressman-at-large Mr. Kelley represent the whole state—that he has been so uniformly successful in his work in the East. It has been a long time since Michigan had a man in congress who was strong enough to be sent out into doubtful states to campaign for his party. And the Sixth district has a right to become almost excited. For eighteen years the district has read the name of its congressman only at election time and then merely in connection with his speeches delivered on the floor of the congressional chamber. Now it finds it has a representative who is not content to loaf at home when he is not needed in Washington, but spends his spare time working in his party's vineyard.

While the sensation is a new one the district seems to like it and the question of whether Mr. Kelley can go back to congress if he wants to seems to be settled with the "yeas" in the majority.—Lansing State Journal.

A Chance to Learn Farming.
 The midwinter "short" courses at the Michigan Agricultural college are making a decided hit. Traveling salesmen, storekeepers and applicants from many other occupations are registering. A Chicago miss whose parents have bought a farm in Illinois will take animal husbandry. Chicken fens are taking a big interest in this course because it includes poultry husbandry. They evidently believe that the right way to learn the chicken business is to learn it from the bottom up, theory, practice and all. Fruit raisers are entering for the horticultural courses. Milk producers are showing an interest in dairying. Young women are inquiring about a short course in household economy. Unfortunately this instruction is not yet available in the abbreviated form.

The Mexican policy toward Mexico, which some pretend to find difficult to understand, is developing in an entirely logical way.

The administration is trying to do but one thing in Mexico, and that is to re-establish constitutional government. It rejects the theory that the only kind of government possible is that of a native dictatorship. It also rejects the theory that it is either our duty or our interest to establish by conquest an American dictatorship there. Its information is that neither of these policies holds out hope of peace. The Mexican people have conclusively shown that they will not peacefully submit to a Huerta or to one of his kind. It may be assumed that they would not peacefully submit to our rule, and that occupation of the republic by our troops would lead to a protracted guerrilla war.

In the triumph of constitutionalism is Mexico's only hope of peace. Huerta and his kind must go. Long ago he would have given up had he not been encouraged to stick by our mislabeled ambassador and by our unwillingly foreign capital, who are under a delusion that has afflicted ruling classes since the beginning of constitutional government.

Carranza is an advocate of constitutionalism. He has furnished satisfactory evidences of his sincerity. As such he is entitled to the support and sympathy of this country in his struggle to reestablish law and order. The administration is plainly getting ready to extend help if the Huerta dictatorship is not otherwise ended. The administration is working in Mexico for a principle—a principle the world has long seen the only way to peace.—New York Globe.

For Governor.
 Malcolm J. McLeod, at present collector of internal revenue at Detroit, likely will become a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor. He has an interview in the Detroit Free Press, which advised yesterday, in which it is made plain that Mr. McLeod is willing to sacrifice himself on the altar of his party's necessity. He takes the stand that he is for the party first. He is quoted in the following language, expressing a sentiment which we believe is generally to be held by a more pronounced opinion throughout the state:

"I am a Republican and will always remain one, believing in the basic principles of that party. The fact that party matters did not always suit me, or suit someone else, does not affect my allegiance to the principles of the party. I desire more than anything else, to see the Republican party occupy the commanding position that is its due. It gave Michigan more advanced laws than are enjoyed by most states. It placed this state in the front rank. We should desire to see now is a leader who will bring the party back to its original and deserved place."

Mr. McLeod then goes on to tell the kind of a man he thinks the state ought to have for governor, suggesting either Arthur Vandenberg, of the Grand Rapids Herald, or Walter Husnaker, of the Saginaw Courier-Herald, on the grounds that they have a thorough knowledge of conditions generally throughout the state and their broad experience as newspaper publishers has given them a close association with the people of the state. It seems to the Gazette that it is going to take the united strength of all Republicans, Bull Moosers and regulars, to elect a governor at the next election, following the record which Governor W. N. Ferris has made and is making in office. Ferris won out last time because of his state ticket, but he won out because the people had faith in the man. They now have seen him in executive office and he is stronger if anything with the people now than when he was chosen for the position. The Republican who assays to beat him is going to have a very severe fight on his hands.—Houghton Gazette.

LOWER STATE NOTES

LANSING—Agreements between employer and injured employees cannot be annulled except by consent of the industrial accident board, according to a ruling by the board. The employer is also precluded from changing the rate of compensation unless the board is informed and approves of the proposed change.

GRAND RAPIDS—George Welcomb, becoming a temporary city detective in a robbery case, attempted to get a suspect drunk. The suspect outwitted Welcomb, who was arrested for being drunk, and was sent to Ionia reformatory for two years. The suspect revealed the fact that Welcomb had violated a former parole by drinking.

PONTIAC—Declaring she gave up a pension of \$12 a month to marry George A. Wilson, of Birmingham, Mrs. Elvina Wilson has sued for divorce on a charge of non-support. The woman is fifty-five years old and Wilson sixty. Mrs. Wilson stated her spouse told her one-third of his estate would equal the pension for twenty years, but that the only property he brought her was a horse with a broken leg. The case was taken under advisement.

GRAND RAPIDS—After months of investigation, the public welfare commission, appointed by Mayor Ellis simultaneously with the creation of the municipal efficiency commission by Circuit Judge McDonald, has prepared its report. The commission dealt especially with the cause of immorality. In substance its findings are: That low wages do not form a direct cause of vice, but that indirectly low wages and poverty have a great influence; that there should be a public welfare commission or some similar body permanently on duty in the city to assume responsibility for social and industrial reforms; that there should be a strict censorship and supervision of

vision for the teaching of agriculture and allied branches in the high schools throughout the state. Locally it lends a definite interest to the prophecy of Clay H. Hollister at a recent meeting of the board of education that agriculture school would have to be added to the high school course.

The short course at the college lasts sixteen weeks and is very thorough. To those who have neither the time nor the means to take the regular instruction it offers an ideal opportunity to learn something about a favored specialty. To city men contemplating a "back to the farm" movement by their homes it opens an avenue to success by giving them the chance to get the knowledge and training on which all success is built. In general, the interest shown is an indication of a wholesome tendency.—Grand Rapids Press.

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Classified Want Directory

WANTED.
 SITUATION WANTED—By experienced girl in hotel or restaurant. Call Mary Dennis, Room 15, Summit House. 11-5-21

FOR SALE.
 HORSE—Horse, cutter and harness. Apply S. H. Benson, Champion street. 11-10-11

FOR SALE.—Two-rated enter, good as new. Cost \$150. Will sell for \$75. 11-10-11

FOR SALE.—A car of fine vegetables at the following prices: Potatoes, 50 cents a bushel; rutabagas, 50 cents a bushel; cabbages, 2 cents a pound. Call at our at M. & S. E. freight office, or phone 1916. 11-10-31

FOR SALE.—Fine wool or coal heater. Little used. A bargain. Inquire to Janitor, Marquette National Bank Building. 11-10-11

FOR SALE.—Piano player attachment; will fit on any piano; call at 223 W. Crescent street to see how it plays; then name a price. Phone No. 794-L.

FOR SALE.—Horse, wagon, harness and sleds cheap. Inquire 129 North Third street. 11-7-11

FOR SALE.—A \$300 plan, used only eight months. Will be sold cheap. C. L. Christian. 11-26-11

FOR RENT.
 FOR RENT—Six-room house. All modern conveniences. Apply 344 E. Michigan. Phone 696-L. 11-11-11

FOR RENT OR SALE.—Hotel at Little Lake, Mich. Newly papered and painted. Cheap for cash. If taken at once, inquire or write to Oswald, Turin P. O., Marquette County, Mich. 11-11-11

FOR RENT.—A four-room apartment, 322 High street. Apply Wm. S. Hill, Nester block. 11-10-11

FOR RENT.—Conveniently located house. For particulars call Bell phone 994 or 47. 11-10-11

FOR RENT.—House at 623 N. Fourth street. Hot water, heat and modern conveniences. Apply Marquette Hardware company. 11-10-11

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
 Office of the Park, Cemetery and Street Commission, Marquette, Mich., Nov. 6, 1913.

Pursuant to resolution of the common council of the City of Marquette, notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of this Commission until 3 o'clock P. M., Nov. 18, 1913, for furnishing of all labor and material required for the construction of a street main in Eastern Trunk Sewer in Fair avenue to Eastern Trunk Sewer in Fair street, in accordance with the profile and specifications thereon on file in this office.

Proposals for said improvement must be in separate sealed envelopes marked so as to designate improvement referred to, and must be accompanied by a contractor's bond with two good sureties in a sum at least twice the amount of the bid; conditioned for the performance of the contract for labor, material, etc., in accordance with the terms of the specifications. The Commission reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

J. L. IBERSON, Secretary. 11-7-10-12

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. Western District of Michigan. In and for said District, Northern Division.

In the matter of E. J. A. Beaumont, voluntary bankrupt. No. 44 in bankruptcy. Petition for discharge.

On this 29th day of October, A. D. 1913, on reading the petition of said bankrupt, it is ordered by the court, that a hearing be had upon the said petition at 10 o'clock A. D. 1913, before said court, at Marquette, in the Eastern Division of the Northern District of Michigan, at which all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

It is further ordered by the court, that the clerk shall send, by mail, to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the honorable Clarence W. Sessions, Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at Marquette, in said district, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1913.

CHARLES J. POTTER, Clerk. By FRED J. SCHULTHEIS, Deputy Clerk. (11-24 Mon.)

the dance halls and theaters, especially the modern picture playhouses; that the utmost publicity should be given locations and the owners of property used for immoral purposes, and that state legislation looking toward a minimum wage would be imposed.

LANSING—When Lawrence Davis' first wife died he had one child, and afterward married a widow with four. Then he was killed, leaving dependent Mrs. Davis No. 2 and five children. The grandmother of the first Davis child came before the Industrial Accident board and, as guardian of the youngster, asked all the compensation that might be allowed. The widow Davis put in a counter-claim for herself and brood, and the board decided to split about \$3,000 between the grandmother, for the child, and the widow. Davis was employed by a Detroit shipbuilding company when he was killed.

LANSING—If a workman asks a fellow worker for tobacco, and when refused, invites said fellow worker to visit a place popularly supposed to be paved with red-hot flags, and in retaliation is struck on the head with a pickhandle, is he entitled to compensation for the injury suffered? This is now a hypothetical question, but is based upon a case which has come before the industrial accident board for consideration. It appears that Andrew Morrison, a teamster for the Stearns Salt & Lumber company, of Ludington, made such a request of one of his companions and received the treatment described. It necessarily prevented his answering the morning whistle for several days.

SAGINAW—Temple E. Door, well-known Michigan lumberman, died of heart failure here. Mr. Door was born in Bradley, Me., January 14, 1840, and after spending four years in California, came to Saginaw in 1866 and engaged in the lumber business. He made a fortune estimated at several millions. He was married to Miss Nancy M. Eddy in 1866, and besides his widow, is survived by three daughters. Mrs. Victor Van Porosin, Chicago; Mrs. Wellington B. Morse, Vesta, Cal., and Mrs. Chamee M. Penover, San Francisco. Mr. Door was prominent in Masonic work and was identified in many lumbering firms in the valley. In 1879 the firm of Murphy & Door was formed. S. J. Murphy, Detroit, being the principal partner. Mr. Door was also identified with many financial and manufacturing concerns here, and on the Pacific coast. Although his contributions to charity were many, few other than those benefiting know of his kindness. When the Auditorium was proposed by W. R. Burt, Mr. Door gave \$50,000.

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN,
 October 27, 1913.

Mr. W. S. Prickett,
 Roycroft Farm,
 Sidnaw, Mich.

Dear Sir: This is to certify that the sample of assembled milk of your entire herd, drawn at four p. m., Oct. 24th, plated 23 hours later, showed the presence of 895 bacteria per cubic centimeter for an average of seven plates. An excellent record.

Yours truly,
 S. D. MAGERS,
 Prof. Biology, Northern State Normal.

Copper Country

COURT ORDER HALTS DRAINAGE PROJECT

Sturgeon Valley Farmers Claim the Work Threatens Inundation of Their Lands.

The progress of the Sturgeon swamp reclamation project of the Houghton Land & Drainage company was halted Saturday when Judge O'Brien, in the circuit court at Houghton, issued a writ of injunction restraining the company from prosecuting its plans to connect its drainage canals with the Sturgeon river.

The petitioners for the injunction were John C. Pryor of Houghton and Archie Ruelle and John Deziel of Chassel.

The grounds on which the injunction suit is based are two—that the flow of water through the canal will overtax the Sturgeon river and flood the surrounding farms; that the swamp water will pollute the waters of the Sturgeon river, the drinking supply of the farmers on its banks.

The Houghton Land & Drainage company, of which H. T. Merry of Cleveland, Ohio, is president and C. F. Hancock of Chassel the engineer and superintendent is draining the Sturgeon swamp, which extends from Arnhem, in Baraga county, to Chassel, in Houghton county, a distance of twelve miles, of an average width of about five miles. A system of canals is in process of construction. The original plan was to connect with the Snake river, which is claimed by the complainants in the suit to be the natural flow of the swamp drainage.

The complainants depose in their bill that when the reclamation company approached the right of way of the D. S. S. & A. railway that company interposed such exacting requirements for the protection of its tracks from possible overflow from the canals that the drainage company decided to divert its discharge to the Sturgeon, avoiding crossing a railroad track by so doing.

The complainants depose and offer the affidavits of five lumbermen and farmers who claim to have observed the action of the Sturgeon for twenty years, that the diversion of the swamp water into the Sturgeon, combined with the natural

spring freshets, will make swamps of their improved farms, for no other end than to aid in exploiting the unknown values of the Sturgeon swamp lands.

Judge O'Brien heard the arguments of Attorney J. F. Hamiltzer for the petitioners, and of Attorneys Stone & Winder, for the defendant company, Saturday afternoon. Mr. Hamiltzer presented such a case that Judge O'Brien granted the injunction without a bond. He did not set a time for a hearing on the injunction and till such a hearing is held and a decision made the reclamation work is halted.

One More Injunction.

At the request of the Victoria Mining company, Judge Samuel S. Cooper of Gogebic circuit has issued an injunction to restrain G. A. Bergland from operating a sawmill on Lake Gogebic, the plaintiff alleging that Bergland violated the terms of a contract made with the company following permission being given for the erection of the mill. A bill in chancery in Ontonagon county has been filed and the hearing is to take place next month. It is alleged that Bergland ignored the terms of the contract, went ahead with the construction of the mill and that the plant is now operating. C. D. Hanchette of Hancock is president of the mining company.

It appears that Mr. Bergland owned a mill that was erected on the shores of Lake Gogebic and the mill was destroyed by fire. Permission was given for the erection of another mill, but as it was the desire of the company to raise the lake level Mr. Bergland agreed to raise the foundation for his plant. The company went ahead with the construction of this agreement and erected his mill on the old foundation.

LAKE LINDEN WATER PROBLEM.

The Lake Linden council will tonight take up the question of providing the village with a permanent water supply. At present the water for domestic purposes is provided from springs on the property of Patrick Greigore. The flow from these springs is not sufficient to provide fire pressure and in case of fire it has been necessary to divert impure water into the mains, thus jeopardizing the health of the village. Mr. Greigore's contract has expired and the council tonight will consider its renewal, a proposal for pumping from the Houghton County Electric Light company and a proposal for the installation of a supplementary fire fighting water supply.

BOWLING STARTS TONIGHT.

Calumet-Laurium-Lake League to Begin Schedule of Games.

The newly organized Calumet-Laurium-Lake bowling league, comprised of eight teams, will start bowling tonight. Games scheduled for the week are as follows: Calumet & Hecla at Hubbell Monday; Lake All Stars and Independents at Y. M. C. A., Calumet, Monday; Lakes and Cubs at Cubs, Calumet, Wednesday; Commercially at Social club, Laurium, Wednesday.

In the Elks' league of Calumet the following games are scheduled: Red Sox vs. Tigers, Monday; Athletics vs. White Sox, Tuesday; Giants vs. Cubs, Thursday; Cardinals vs. Yankees, Friday.

CARRIES A QUEER KEEPSAKE.

Capt. George McClure of Steamer Butters Reads His Own Obituary.

Captain George McClure of the steamer Marshall H. Butters, which is loading lumber at Chassel, carries with him a queer keepsake. It is a newspaper clipping announcing his own death and burial.

Captain McClure was taken ill with lamboago at Marquette during the previous season of navigation and was taken from his steamer to a hospital in a serious condition. The news of his illness floated around the Great Lakes till it expanded into an announcement of his death. Then the rumor mongers arranged his funeral and set a date for the interment.

Captain McClure recovered and went back to his duties and in his early mail came a copy of the paper published in his home town in southern Michigan. He was astonished to find a notice to this effect:

"Captain George McClure died at Marquette, Mich. He will be buried here," etc.

The notice made some complimentary reference to the captain and he preserves it, because he never expects to be able to read his own death notice again.

SEALED VERDICT RETURNED.

The trial of Mrs. Annie Clements known as "Big Annie," leader of the Calumet woman strike sympathizers was completed in the circuit court of Houghton Saturday afternoon. It was an appeal case on a conviction of assault and battery, alleged to have been made in the woman's picketing operations. The jury returned a sealed verdict Saturday night and it will be announced this morning. Annie held up the day's proceedings in circuit court Saturday morning for a time, having been arrested on a charge of violating the injunction at Calumet earlier in the morning.

DROPS DEAD IN STREET.

Paul Bedore of Lake Linden Dies While Returning from Work.

Paul Bedore, forty-four years of age, dropped dead on First street, Lake Linden, Saturday afternoon, while returning from work.

Bedore was employed at the Calumet & Hecla stampmill. He was on his way home at 4 o'clock with three companions. One of them wanted him to go into a saloon to participate in a party, but he refused and as he turned to continue his walk he dropped in the street. A physician who was called said the man was dead the instant he struck the sidewalk.

The man leaves a widow and three children.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

The program for the annual inspiration institute for the teachers of Houghton and Keweenaw counties to be held at Calumet next Friday, is announced by County School Commissioner Bath. It follows:

—Friday Morning—
Opening exercises.
"The Tone of the School"—President Charles McKenny, Ypsilanti Normal college.

—Solo—Miss Ozine Desormiers.
"Lessons from the Big Ditch"—H. R. Patten.

—Friday Afternoon—
Opening Exercises—Calumet High School orchestra and singing.
"The Element of Beauty in Literature"—Dr. S. H. Clark, University of Chicago.

—Solo—Miss Lenore Linhoff, supervisor of music, Oscoda.

—The Personality of the Teacher—President Charles McKenny.

—Friday Evening—
Music—Calumet High School orchestra.
Dramatic Recital—"The Melting Pot" (by Zangwill)—Dr. S. H. Clark.

MERRILL TO POLICE SOUTHERN PERSIA

American Wins Fame in Distant Land—Named to Head Gendarmerie.

London, Nov. 9.—The appointment of Major John W. Merrill, Jr. of Skowhegan, Maine, to organize and command a force of 1,000 gendarmes at Shiraz, Persia, for the governor general of Fars, to be independent of the Swedish gendarmerie but to co-operate with it when required, is a distinct victory for American methods and for that young American officer.

Major Merrill, who is only a little over thirty years of age, went to Persia with Morgan Shuster when that man was appointed to organize the finances of that country. When Shuster left, Major Merrill was the only one of his American staff to remain. His force has been incorporated in the regular gendarmerie, but he was given little or nothing to do. Now he is practically given charge of that portion of southern Persia which has a worse reputation than probably any country in the world. The district is overrun with outlaws and the British government, within whose sphere of influence it is included, long ago gave up the attempt to police it.

There is no reason, though, why Major Merrill should not succeed where older men have failed. He has had a thoroughly good training in running down the West Point, but failed to qualify in mathematics. He was determined, however, to be a soldier and enlisted as a private in the United States army. In the course of time he went to the Philippine islands with his regiment. There he did the ordinary routine of soldiering until his unusual qualifications attracted the attention of his superiors and he was appointed an officer in the Philippine constabulary. With his command he saw service all over the islands but especially in the homes of outlaws, Mindanao and the Maranao. From Mindanao he was transferred to the Philippines and thus came under the notice of Mr. Shuster, who asked him to accompany him to Persia.

Sir John Simon Forging to Front.

The young bloods of the British cabinet, Messrs. Winston Churchill and Lloyd-George, will have to look to their laurels now that Sir John Simon has reached cabinet rank as attorney general.

Sir John is one year older than Winston Churchill, who is now thirty-nine, but is much younger in appearance and spirits, and there is no man in the country who is looked to go further than he is. He has one advantage over most of his fellow members of the cabinet in that he is popular both on his own side of the house and among his opponents, and never has a promotion been more generally approved than his. In fact Sir John had the distinction which has seldom fallen to a Liberal minister since home rule was first taken up by the party, of being approved by an Ulster newspaper.

The new attorney general has had an astonishingly brilliant and rapid career of success and he is often spoken of as a possible successor to Mr. Asquith as leader of the Liberal party. He is a staunch radical, but preaches his doctrines in a way which, while effective, does not offend his opponents. At Oxford, where he was a brilliant member of the union, his chief opponent was F. E. Smith, the equally brilliant Unionist lawyer, and in the house of commons they are always pitted against each other. Unlike most great lawyers, he is as effective on the platform as at the bar, and, besides, has accomplished what many of them have failed to do—attained the "house of commons" in a quiet, unobtrusive way of speaking which holds the audience without any attempts at flights of oratory.

Sir John is as fearless as he is brilliant. After having fought three elections in one year in Walthamstow and making the seat a safe one for himself, he has quietly announced his intention of resigning at the next general election to fight Northwest Manchester, one of the most uncertain constituencies in the country. It was Northwest Manchester that rejected Mr. Balfour in 1906; those who rejected Mr. Balfour in the same year, only to reject him two years later, reverted to Liberalism in 1910, when Mr. Balfour sought the suffrage of the

Leather Situation Worries Shoemakers.

The boot and shoe makers of England, who have organized a campaign to capture some of the trade of America, now that the duty has been abolished on their goods, realize that in one way they are handicapped. This is in respect of cheap leather. Until America took off the duty on hides, England was the one free market for this material of the boot and shoe maker. From all parts of the world hides were shipped to England, and when such countries as Australia, the Argentine and America had surplus stocks they found their way to this country. Now America is expected to be a competitor for these hides and the English manufacturer will have to pay higher prices for them, unless of course there are more than the two countries can consume.

It is surprising the quantity of hides England receives from such countries as India and other Eastern and near Eastern lands, but these are of cheaper varieties and do not cost much in the war for trade in high-class goods that the English boot maker is preparing to wage with his American competitor.

SOX AND THE GIANTS TIE IN GAME AT LOS ANGELES.

Los Angeles, Nov. 9.—The New York Giants and the Chicago White Sox played a tie or miss, 7 to 7, nine-inning game here today. Levernz started on the mound for the Sox, but after the Giants had made twelve hits and six runs in five innings he was replaced by Faber. The game was called on account of darkness, at the end of the ninth.

The score: R. H. E.
Giants..... 0 4 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 — 7 15 3
White Sox..... 0 0 0 0 1 0 3 3 0 — 7 14 3
Batteries—Tresau and Wingo; Levernz, Faber and Schalk.

YOUTH IN OLD AGE

Possible With Proper Care.

A few generations back a man at 50 was considered old, gray-bearded, and waiting for death. Note the change today; at a meeting of the Medico-Legal society it was stated that a man of 50 ought to have forty good years ahead of him, and, thus at ninety he is in the fullness of maturity.

What if you have seen sixty, or even seventy, birthdays—temperate habits, fresh air and exercise, with a simple diet and a sufficient amount of sleep will guard your health.

If perchance your circulation is poor, if you become run down—weak and no appetite—nothing in the world will tone up those tired bloodsucking organs—enrich the blood and create strength so quickly as our delicious cod liver and iron tonic Vinol.

We ask every feeble, discouraged old person in this vicinity to try Vinol on our agreement to return their money if it fails to give satisfaction. The Stafford Drug Co., Marquette, Mich.; also The P. T. Tilson Drug Co., Ishpeming, and J. E. O'Donoghue, Negaunee.



Experienced Smokers "Roll Their Own"

When a man gets smoke-wise by experience, his taste craves a deep satisfaction that only the cigarettes he makes for himself, to suit his own taste, can fully gratify. He learns to roll his own fresh, fragrant cigarettes from ripe, mellow "Bull" Durham tobacco.

"Rolling his own" becomes a second nature with him. He takes the keenest pleasure in fashioning his own cigarettes with his own hands, to his own liking, and is proud of his skill. He is no longer a novice, but a thirty-third degree smoke veteran in the eyes of men the world over.

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

(Enough for forty hand-made cigarettes in each 5-cent sack)

Cigarettes hand-made from "Bull" Durham have a rich fragrance and smooth, mellow flavor, wonderfully comforting and satisfying. This good, pure tobacco gives complete enjoyment and lasting satisfaction to more millions of men than all other high-grade smoking tobaccos combined.

Get a 5c sack of "Bull" today and "roll your own." Then you will appreciate why enough "Bull" Durham is sold in a year to make approximately 12 BILLION cigarettes—about as many as the total annual production of all brands of ready-made cigarettes in this country. And the "Bull" Durham sales are still growing.



THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

CAUTION!

The great popularity of the clean, pure, healthful



is causing unscrupulous persons to wrap rank imitations that are not even real chewing gum so they resemble genuine WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT. The better class of stores will not try to fool you with these imitations. They will be offered to you principally by street fakirs, peddlers and the candy departments of some 5 and 10 cent stores. These rank imitations cost dealers one cent a package or even less and are sold to careless people for almost any price.

If you want Wrigley's look before you buy. Get what you pay for.



Be sure it's WRIGLEY'S

We are inserting this advertisement solely to protect our customers, who are continually writing us that they have been deceived by imitations which they purchased thinking they were WRIGLEY'S.

Mining News

NOTES OF MINING NEWS.

Anaconda has been endeavoring to push production of late, but many things work to retard it. The Great Northern railway has diverted so many of its cars which formerly were in the ore transportation service that Anaconda is not able to ship usual quantity ore to Great Falls. Three thousand tons daily have been diverted to the Washoe smelter, necessitating closing some mines. The Mountain Consolidated is shut down temporarily and the output at other mines slightly reduced until cars can be procured.

Butte & Superior broke all its records in October, when approximately 33,000 tons were milled, the zinc production being 11,700,000 pounds in concentrates. The recovery was about 90 per cent. During the last eleven days the average tonnage crushed was 1,170 tons a day. The company is now employing 950 men, with payroll of \$110,000 a month.

The Calumet & Hecla now has 4,300 men at work, or practically the same number as at the inception of the Lake Superior copper miners' strike.

ALASKA GOLD DEVELOPMENTS.

The Juneau district of Alaska, which has come to the front of late through the developments at the Alaska Gold Mines company property, gives promise of becoming one of the great gold producing regions of the world. There has been under way for some time some big developments on the property of the Alaska-Juneau company, owned and controlled by practically the same people who dominate the Treadwell, Mexican and United properties on Douglas island, chief of whom is F. W. Bradley, consulting engineer. The Mills estate also has a large interest, while a prominent New York Stock exchange member is credited with having an important voice in the company's affairs. Estimates of the amounts to be put into new development run as high as \$5,000,000, which will be privately supplied. Exploration work has uncovered a huge tonnage of ore, to treat which one of the largest mills in the world has been planned, with four sections of 3,000 tons daily capacity to each section. An 80-cent mining and milling cost is predicted by President Bradley, as compared with \$1.40 for the Alaska Treadwell. He says the ore runs as low as ninety-five cents gold per ton, but averages \$1.25 to \$1.50.

COPPER SITUATION.

Producers do not agree regarding the outlook for copper. The admission of Connecticut brass manufacturers, however, that orders are slowing up has favored the producing and selling interests to look the situation squarely in the face. That there exists in London a strong bear clique has been clearly demonstrated from time to time in the downward drives to which standard warrants have been subjected.

One leading New York producer says: "It does not look as though we should have to revise prices downward—not yet at least—notwithstanding reports of curtailments among users of copper. Production has been very much under normal and the result has been that, after

trying to cope with a record breaking consumption, stocks have got down to a dangerously low level. A let-up has now come in buying, which may enable us to get back to a position of more normal stock. Should serious trouble come with Mexico it would even further strengthen the position of the metal, for the Greene, Motezuma and other mines now operating there would doubtless be forced to suspend operations. While business has been depressed I think the worst is over and I cannot help believing that eventually we shall enter upon the most prosperous era the world has ever known, which would mean, of course, increased copper consumption."

Another producer, handling over 100,000,000 pounds annually, is not so optimistic. He says: "There is no denying the facts as put forward by statistics here and abroad with regard to copper, but it should be borne in mind that were it not for mining strikes production would be much larger and the entire situation materially changed. Using this as a base, many speculators, as well as consumers of the metal, believe that the current asking price of 16 1/2 cents has been higher than would have prevailed had labor conditions been different. On this theory they have worked and will continue to operate for lower prices."

Sandy had been staying with some friends for about a month, and was about to pay for a drink when his friend assured him that he would pay.

"No, no; I'll not allow it," says Sandy. "You've been keeping me in everything at yer house for a month, and you're treating me to the theaters and cab fares and paid for all the drinks. I tell ye I'll hang a man if it; we'll see to that for this one!"

BACKACHE VANISHES RHEUMATIC PAINS GO

Few Doses of Croxone Ease Stiff, Sore, Swollen Joints and Muscles, Relieving Backache and Bladder Disorders.

If you suffer with backache—have pains in the neck or sides—nervous or dizzy spells—a few doses of Croxone will relieve the congestion and you will be surprised how quickly all kidney, bladder and rheumatic troubles will disappear.

Croxone promptly relieves these diseases because it really does reach the real cause. It soaks right into the walls and linings of the kidneys, cleans out the stopped-up inactive organs, neutralizes and dissolves the uric acid and makes the kidneys sift from the blood the waste and poisonous matter that lodge in the joints and muscles to scratch and irritate and cause rheumatism. It soothes and heals the delicate linings of the bladder and gives the kidneys renewed strength so they can filter the blood and keep you well.

Croxone is different from all other remedies. It is so prepared that it is practically impossible to take it without results. An original package of Croxone costs but a trifle, and all druggists are authorized to return the purchase price if it should fail in a single case.

Symphony Lawn and Illuminated Crest Stationery

as advertised in Saturday Evening Post sold exclusively by

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.

The Rexall Store See Our Windows.

Hunting Season Is Close at Hand

We have all kinds of Guns and Ammunition and a full line of Sporting Goods. The largest stock of guns in the upper peninsula.



M. R. MANHARD & SON, LIMITED. WHOLESALE and RETAIL HARDWARE

COAL that is ALL COAL

SCRANTON ANTHRACITE

ALL SIZES. WELL SCREENED.

It Will Give Satisfaction Prompt Deliveries

F. B. SPEAR & SONS

Prudent People

Are Having Their Winter's Supply of COAL Put in NOW. Why Not You?

We have the pick of Hard and Soft Coal ready for delivery at once. Price, Quality and Service will not be better this year. Join the Careful Buyers and order yours here today. Phone No. 90.

JAS. PICKANDS & CO., LTD.

Our Free Delivery Service

One of our hobbies is prompt delivery. The service is free and cheerfully given. We want you to use it—no matter how small your purchases may be.

CALL 764-J (Our Telephone Number)

when you need anything in drug store goods, and we will have the goods at your door within a very short time. You can't find a better store—better goods, better prices or better service than we offer you. Let me be your druggist. ASK JONES HE KNOWS

JONES' DRUG STORE

Cor. Baraga Ave. and Third St.

STORM SASH

We MEASURE and Guarantee SATISFACTION. Made and Delivered Promptly.

Let us have your orders now. You will need them soon.

CONSOLIDATED FUEL & LUMBER CO.

For Sale

- 16-inch Dry Hardwood Slabs, per load \$3.50
- 16-inch Green Hardwood Slabs, per load 5.00
- 16-inch Dry Mixed Hardwood and Soft Wood, per load 4.50
- 16-inch Green Mixed Hardwood and Soft Wood, per load 4.00
- 16-inch Soft Wood, per load 4.00
- 16-inch Green Soft Wood, per load 3.50
- 18-inch and shorter Trimmer Wood, per load 4.00
- Cedar Klinding Wood, per load 3.00

SCHNEIDER & BROWN LUMBER CO.

Phone No. 216. Prompt deliveries. MARQUETTE. 6-2-ft

"CASTLE BREW"

There's No Use Talking, IT'S FINE!

There is no beer made that can possibly taste better and we are sure there's none so pure. None but the most expensive barley and hops, together with the purest spring water, is used in its manufacture.

ORDER A CASE OF PINTS OR QUARTS.

U. P. BREWING CO.

California Casaba Melons

Cauliflower Cucumbers, long green Head Lettuce

Leaf Lettuce Green Peppers Radish Oyster Plant Parsley Endive Horse Radish Root Celery Green Onions

MURRAY'S GROCERY

FRESH

MUSHROOMS CUCUMBERS CALIFLOWER

WATER CRESS HORE RADISH GREEN BEANS

WAX BEANS SWEET POTATOES HEAD LETTUCE

TOMATOES RADISHES PARSLEY

-AT-

DEL'S GROCERY

133 Washington Street.

- Grape Fruit Malaga Grapes Tokay Grapes
- Oranges Bananas Pears Northern Spy Apples
- Layer Raisins Newberry Celery Lettuce Parsley
- Horse Radish Root Sweet Potatoes
- Cranberries Chestnuts Dill Pickles Oysters

REANY & McLEAN

Phones 64 and 65. 601 N. Third Street.

PROFESSIONAL

CHARLTON & KUENZLI ARCHITECTS Marquette Mich

GEO. P. BROWN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. City Hall Mich

PALACE LIVERY STABLE

FAY & BRICKEE, Props. First Class Boarding Stable. TEAMS OF ALL KINDS.

Michigan College of Mines

F. W. McNair, President. For Year Book apply to President or Secretary, HOUGHTON, MICHIGAN.

DR. DUMAS IS PARDONED.

St. Paul, Nov. 9.—Dr. Delbert F. Dumas, former mayor of Cass Lake, Minn., sentenced to prison in September, 1912, on an arson charge, has been pardoned.

AMERICAN PUGILIST WINS.

Sidney, New South Wales, Nov. 9.—Harry Stone, the American pugilist, today defeated Johnny Summers, of England, in a twenty-round bout on points. This is the second time Stone has won from Summers by the referee's decision.

RED CROSS SEALS AT AUCTION.

Sidney, Nov. 9.—The Red Cross Christmas seal campaign will have as a feature this year the sale at auction of the first sheets of seals placed on sale, it was announced today. These auction sales will be held in various parts of the country, more numerous in cities in New York state, Ohio, Illinois, Michigan, Indiana and Texas. In the last three states autographs of prominent persons, including those of President Wilson and former Presidents Roosevelt and Taft, will be attached to the cards bearing the Red Cross seal.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Fair. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 25 degrees; noon 26; 7 p. m., 21. Highest, 26 degrees; lowest, 21.

The Fraternal Reserve association will give a dance Tuesday evening in Bureau's Hall.

Mrs. S. E. Byrne and son, Willis, left yesterday for Chicago to visit friends for several days.

C. Cohn, of Houghton, spent Saturday and yesterday in the city, on a business mission.

Miss Adda Eldredge, who is a student of the law department of the University of Chicago, spent the week-end at her home here.

James Russell arrived home from Jackson Saturday. While away he attended a meeting of the state penological commission.

Dr. A. W. Hornbogen left last evening for Chicago to attend the surgical congress. He will be absent from home all this week.

William Daniels, first mate on the steamer Pollard, spent Saturday in the city visiting his parents. The Pollard was in for shelter.

Mrs. Bert O'Neill, of Duluth, who was here to attend the organization of the new Ladies' Auxiliary to the Order of Railway Conductors Friday, has returned to her home.

Miss Lella Burtless, of this city, a graduate from the Northern State Normal, has been appointed to a position in the schools at Front Creek. She will leave for that place Saturday.

A son was born at Hancock yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. McKindles of that city. Yesterday was the mother's birthday. Mrs. McKindles formerly was Miss Flora Bernard, of Marquette.

George C. Hess, alderman of the Tenth ward in Detroit, and a party of seven, arrived in Marquette Saturday morning, and left that afternoon for their camp at Sank's Head to spend a week hunting deer.

Because of Saturday's storm the train from the east, due here at 3:05 o'clock, was four hours late, and the films for the world's series baseball pictures, could not be shown at the matinee at the opera house Saturday. The pictures were shown Saturday evening, however.

The management of the Grand theater presented a ten-reel moving picture show in the chapel at the Marquette prison early yesterday afternoon for the entertainment of the convicts. Some excellent pictures were shown and they were received with much applause.

Dr. H. M. Cunningham, Mrs. Cunningham, Dr. Lunn and Dr. Dawson left last evening for Chicago, where they will attend the sessions of the Congress of American Surgeons this week. The congress is held annually in the larger cities of the country. Last year it was held at New York.

Instead of postponing their Thanksgiving dancing party until Dec. 13, as was given out Saturday, Marquette lodge No. 101, F. & A. M., has now decided to give the party Nov. 13. The new hall in the Colonial building will be opened Thanksgiving night, with a grand ball by the Knights Templar.

C. A. Grinnell of the Detroit office of Grinnell Bros., was here Friday and Saturday, inspecting the Marquette branch. He left Saturday evening for Hancock. Mr. Grinnell expressed himself as well pleased with the conduct of the store in this city, and congratulated E. R. Bellows, manager, on his decision to maintain a permanent branch in Marquette.

Will Build Framework—Work on the building of three new sets of framework for house scenery was started Saturday by William F. Smith, stage carpenter at the Marquette Opera House. Mr. Smith will prepare the framework, and then forward it to the Lyceum company at Duluth to have the new canvas put on. He is packing the canvas of the present scenery for shipment to Duluth, where scene painters will start work on the contract for the Marquette house some time this week.

Good Attendance—Despite the storm and Saturday night over eighty persons attended the dancing party at Guild Hall. While this is not a record attendance by any means, the committee in charge of the dances feels that they are appreciated. "It afforded us a great deal of satisfaction," said a member of the committee yesterday, "to see the people turn out in such weather. We at first considered postponing the dance until next Saturday. It was a big surprise for us all to have so many attend."

Feature Film—Motion picture dancing lessons, giving practical instruction in the tango, turkey trot and the Viennese hesitation waltz, illustrating the dances step by step, will be a feature attraction at the Marquette opera house Wednesday and Thursday. The picture was produced by the Kalem company. Wallace McCutcheon and Miss Joan Sawyer are the instructors. Both have starred at the New York theater roof garden and are leading teachers in the "400." It is said that they charge \$25 for a single lesson in any one of the three dances. The picture is especially made for those who "just can't learn." The Kalem company sends special music with the film, and the management of the opera house has engaged a special orchestra for the two nights. A matinee will be given Wednesday afternoon. As the picture was released Oct. 29, it will be but two weeks old when shown here. The Woods Ralton trio will be the vaudeville attraction the first half of the week. Two men and one woman take part. The trio gives a comedy musical act that drew big houses at Ishpeming.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO ALL FOR A NICKEL. By the use of transfers a passenger may ride in the New York subway a distance of forty-six miles for one nickel.

A NIGHT OF TERROR. Few nights are more terrible than that of a mother looking on her child choking and gasping for breath during an attack of croup, and nothing in the house to relieve it. Many mothers have passed nights of terror in this situation. A little forethought will enable you to avoid this. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a certain cure for croup and has never been known to fail. Keep it at hand. For sale by All Dealers.

BAR'S MUTINOUS CREW FORCE CAPTAIN TO RETURN TO ATLANTIC COAST PORT.

Lewes, Del., Nov. 9.—The bark Marga Reva, which cleared from Philadelphia on Oct. 9 for San Francisco, returned to the Delaware breakwater today, because the crew had mutinied, according to Captain Townsend, commander of the vessel. When the bark arrived, Captain Townsend sent a letter to the ship's agent here, asking assistance. The letter did not give the cause of the mutiny, but the captain said he was ill when the outbreak came and that he and a mate were tied in their berths. Later they were released to navigate the ship, on a promise that they would return to the Delaware cape.

Because of stormy weather, no communication could be had with the bark tonight. The United States marshal at Odessa, Del., will go aboard tomorrow. A revenue cutter also will reach the ship in the morning.

FLAMES IN ONTARIO WIPE OUT MOST OF THE TOWN OF NIPIGON.

Fort William, Nov. 9.—The town of Nipigon, Ont., sixty miles east of Fort Williams, practically was destroyed by fire today. Twelve stores and a number of dwelling were burned, entailing a loss estimated at \$42,000. It was necessary to dynamite several buildings to stop the progress of the flames. Fort Williams' fire brigade was rushed to Nipigon early in the day, in response to a request for assistance.

Fire at St. Louis Costs \$200,000.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 9.—Fire which followed three mysterious explosions today destroyed the plant and lumber yard of a carriage woodwork company, at a loss of \$200,000. The sudden shifting of a strong north wind saved from destruction a row of flats which adjoined the woodwork plant. Fire Chief Swingley, while wading through the flooded ruins, fell into a well and was saved from drowning by three firemen who saw him sink.

CASE OF HARRY K. THAW NOW IN THE FEDERAL COURTS

Concord, N. H., Nov. 9.—Counsel for Harry K. Thaw had made no further plans to fight the extradition of their client to New York up to late tonight, following the honoring of the requisition of the Empire state for the Mattewan fugitive by Governor Felker yesterday. However the case was automatically transferred to the federal courts, where a writ of habeas corpus on behalf of Thaw is now pending. Thaw will remain here pending the federal court proceedings.

CROWD AT OSKALOOSA DRIVES STRIKEBREAKERS OUT OF TOWN.

Oskaloosa, Ia., Nov. 9.—All the strike-breakers who have been used in an attempt to run the street cars here deserted today and no effort was made to operate. The departure of the strike-breakers followed the widest night of disorders since the strike began. Late last night a mob of a thousand men and boys held the police powerless while they seized two street cars and burned them and assaulted a number of strike-breakers. Six of these were seriously injured.

CHEERS GREET COL. ROOSEVELT IN STREETS OF BUENOS AYRES.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 9.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt spent a quiet Sunday in Buenos Ayres, but on his two public appearances he was greeted with cheers. He attended the inauguration of the agricultural exposition and later, accompanied by the acting president of the republic, Dr. De la Plaza, he visited the hippodrome.

FOOTBALL SCORES.

- Chicago, Nov. 9.—Football games played Saturday had these results:—In the West—Marquette, 33; Oskosh Normal, 0. Chicago, 14; Northwestern, 0. Wisconsin, 12; Ohio State, 0. Purdue, 62; Rose Poly, 0. Iowa, 69; Indiana, 0. Depauwe, 12; Butler, 0. Nebraska, 42; Nebraska Wesleyan, 7. Stanford, 13; California, 8. Missouri, 10; Drake, 0. Colorado, 30; Utah, 12. Occidental, 27; Arizona, 0. Denver School of Mines, 17; Colorado college, 16. Denver University, 26; Wyoming, 0.—In the East—Harvard, 3; Princeton, 0. Yale, 17; Brown, 0. Princeton Freshmen, 34; Yale Freshmen, 0. Syracuse, 48; New York, 0. Michigan, 17; Cornell, 0. Dartmouth, 34; Pennsylvania, 21. Pittsburgh, 14; Lafayette, 0. Exeter, 19; Andover, 0. Wesleyan, 0; Williams, 0. Colgate, 27; Rochester, 0. Carlisle, 61; Johns Hopkins, 0. Maine, 9; Bowdoin, 0. Tufts, 34; Vermont, 0. Colby, 8; Bates, 6. Princeton Freshmen, 30; Yale Freshmen, 0. West Virginia Wesleyan, 16; Georgetown, 6. Trinity, 38; Haverford, 0. Muhlenberg, 25; Franklin & Marshall, 0.

MRS. JANET SEWARD PASSES.

Auburn, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Mrs. Janet Watson Seward, wife of General W. H. Seward, died today, aged seventy-four. She was married to General Seward, son of William H. Seward, secretary of state in President Lincoln's cabinet, in June, 1860, and when he went to the front as a lieutenant colonel in the Civil war she accompanied him and spent several years in camps along the Potomac. After the attempted assassination of Secretary Seward and the subsequent death of his wife, Mrs. Seward bore the responsibilities of the secretary's household. She is survived by her husband, one son and two daughters.

DR. AMEN DIES SUDDENLY.

Exeter, N. H., Nov. 9.—Harlan Page Amen, principal of the Phillips-Exeter academy and an overseer of Harvard college, died today. He had been in charge of the academy for nearly a score of years. Death followed a stroke of apoplexy, with which he was stricken yesterday. He was found unconscious in his home, beside the telephone, to which he had gone apparently to summon a physician. Dr. Amen was sixty years old.

C. O. BURNS

In 1890 was a commercial traveler, with his headquarters at San Francisco. He earned a good salary. By extra work he often added to it. But one day the thought flashed suddenly in his mind: "I'm not saving a cent." He started in to save by putting coins in a toy-savings bank. Sometimes it was a quarter, or a dollar, or a gold piece when he was "flush." He was providing against the future. He was the man who started the little metal savings-bank idea. His business has grown so that now he employs several hundred trained solicitors. You can open an account with \$1.00. We pay you interest at the rate of 3 per cent a year. We calculate it monthly—compound it twice a year. A bank account is a never-failing friend.

MARQUETTE NATIONAL BANK Marquette, Mich.

When you are looking for us, be sure and look for the two words MARQUETTE NATIONAL. If you don't see these two words—it is not our Bank.

JACOB ROSE

304-306 South Front Street.

YOU'LL want a MACKINAW to wear on cold, stormy days—one that will keep you warm and dry—and at the right price.

We are selling

MEN'S and women's pure all wool Blanket Mackinaws, Norfolk style, at \$7.50

MEN'S and women's Kersey Mackinaws, Norfolk style, at \$8.00 Plain 36 in. length \$8.00 Boys' Norfolks \$6.00 Boys' Plain style \$5.50

Plain style at \$6, \$6.50, \$7

YOU'LL be interested also in our lines of O'Coats, Suits, Underwear, Cloth and Fur Caps, Gloves and Mitts, Sweaters, all at right prices.

THE STORE OF QUALITY

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

MONDAY, TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY

Woods Ralton Trio

Comedy Musical Act

FEATURE!

For Wednesday and Thursday we have secured the greatest novelty since the invention of motion pictures.

MOTION PICTURE DANCING LESSONS

(COMPLETE IN THREE PARTS)

Practical Instructions in the TANGO, TURKEY TROT and the VIENNESE HESITATION WALTZ

The instructors are Wallace McCutcheon and Miss Joan Sawyer, the sensations of the New York Theatre Roof Garden and dancing teachers to the "400" Mr. McCutcheon and Miss Sawyer charge \$25 for a single lesson in any one of the dances named. You get all three lessons complete for the price of an admission.

The Kalem Company sends special music for each of these films. — We have engaged special orchestra to play for this picture.

We will have a special Matinee Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock for this feature

Huetter's Show the Best of the Winter Styles in Coats and Suits

at Prices Ranging from \$15 to \$25

It must be a satisfaction to be able to step into a store find the exact styles you have so long been wanting and get it without a single question as to the reliability of the merchandise. That's the experience of those who shop here.

And for you who are not at all decided as to the very style that will become you best, all we can say is come in and let us help you. You will find us willing at all times.

Our Suits and Coats are the talk of the town. And why not? Into their making has gone the very best of the tailor's art. The materials are the best that can be had at the price. Every wanted color. Come and choose.



Our New Millinery Department Has Got the Town Beaten on Trimmed Hats at \$5 and \$6

They are not the sort of hats that were made merely for display purposes. They are eminently practical, and will be just as charming and attractive when you wear them as they are when displayed in our store.

The diversity of styles assures an individually becoming hat to every woman. We invite your early inspection of these lovely new Fall hats.

Prices range from \$3 to \$12.

Especially broad lines are offered at \$5 and 7.50.



Lingerie Waists 1.25, \$1.50
At the above prices we offer very interesting values.



Huetter's
MARQUETTE, MICH.

Chiffon and Net Waists \$5.00.

Discussions of City Charter

To the Editor of The Mining Journal—In Friday's edition of your paper, the city attorney attempts to explain what commission government is, and what it is not, and he further endeavors to show the development of the idea.

If he had qualified his statements by stating that his article gives his opinion on the subject, and not have attempted to make it the final authority, it probably would have attracted the limited notice it deserves.

The central idea in commission government, so-called, is a reversion to that type which first prevailed in some of the New England states, when the towns were governed by their town meetings, at which selectmen were chosen to govern the community for the ensuing year.

With the growth of the several communities the town meetings became too cumbersome, and selectmen were elected at regular elections. The foregoing comparison being true, it is not presuming too much to say that the central idea is strictly American, and so far has been held constitutional.

I have to take issue with the city attorney on the statement that in the proposed charter "any pretense of individual authority in the mayor and commissioners is a sham, and that no such condition is provided for in the proposed charter."

Section 8, Chapter 9, reads as follows: "The commission shall have power to appoint the following officers: City clerk, city treasurer, city assessor, city attorney, health officer, and may appoint a city engineer when necessary. Each commissioner assigned to a department or departments shall have supervision over his department or departments on question of detail, but the general policy adopted by the several departments above enumerated shall be decided by the commission. Each commissioner of each department shall appoint his own department head, subject to confirmation by a majority vote of the commission."

The section referred to would, if put in practice, make each commissioner responsible to the commission as a whole for the details of his department, and, in turn, the commission and individuals composing it are responsible to the voters, and to make them aware of this responsibility the charter provides for the recall.

Just where the sham enters into the section quoted I am unable to see; it means just what it says, and lack of sham has evidently been taken in this instance for its presence.

The charter did not intend that commissioners should be elected directly to the several departments and so provided, nor did it intend that the mayor should have or exercise any more power than any other individual composing it, and why should he under this system, if it were to be logical?

It is true that the home rule act enacts that "each city charter shall provide for the election of a mayor who shall be the executive head of the city," and Section 5, of Chapter 9, so provides; but the said home rule act does not enact that he shall necessarily be anything else, and the business departments of the city were kept separate and distinct to be filled as the commission itself should provide. I fail to see where any apologies are necessary in this instance.

Supposing the mayor-elect was better qualified to act in one department than in another. Why not take advantage of it, and put him where he could "distinguish the city"?

The able gentleman bewails the fact that the mayor is practically limited "to the responsibility and dignity of the supervision of the city clerk and city attorney, and nothing more." In certain cases this might be lowering his dignity considerable, but if he had first-class commissioners it would be easily remedied.

You state a half truth, Mr. City Attorney, when you say "the mayor under the new charter will no longer have the initiative in the appointment of city officers and commission and board members," etc. He will have the right to nominate in the departments to which he is elected, and in the one to which he may be assigned. Why not state the case as it is?

But to continue in your own words, he "is removed from the head of the police commission and deprived of the present power of direction." Again you twist the truth, in case the mayor-elect is assigned to the department of public health and safety, he would lose none of his present prerogatives, and if he were not appointed to that department some other commissioner elected at large, as is the present mayor, would have charge.

Can it be possible that this particular department is the "woodpile"? If so, perhaps the Ethiopian can be located.

Curious is it not, that if the present system is so efficient after living under its beneficent influence for these many years, at the recent election practically three-quarters of the voters who went to the polls cast their ballots for a change?

J. C. GANNON.

To the Editor of The Mining Journal: In your issue of the 8th inst. Mr. Hill kindly admonishes me to use soft words in discussing the double-dealing provisions of the proposed charter, and construes my use of the word "crafty" and the term "joker," in some manner to reflect on the motives of the individual charter commissioners.

My discussion of the proposed charter is entirely unimpassioned and upon its merits. Nothing I have said, or shall say, however harsh in terms, should be construed as reflecting on the motives of the individual members of the commission, who are gentlemen for whom I have the highest respect as men, and among them, I hope, are some of my good friends. Their motives, although entirely irrelevant to the merits of the instrument, undoubtedly were of the highest, the purest and the best; but, some of the most vicious laws in the history of legislation have been enacted with the purest motives and best intentions. Old Ben Wade said, "Hell is paved with good intentions." This new charter is unquestionably likewise so paved; and, if adopted, will prove its claim to the same cognomen.

What soft word adequately characterizes some of the freak features of this new charter? They may be there with the best of motives but be dangerous to liberty still. For instance, that provision empowering the commission to prevent by fine and imprisonment, any signs on, inside or outside of street cars; and

to prevent a merchant, or anyone else from advertising his business by signs on his delivery wagon, or perhaps from having the maker's name on his automobile; and to prevent the carrying of any sign alone or in any parade, in the streets of this city! This is so startling a grant of autocratic power to the commission that I will not ask anyone to rely on my statement that it is there; so I quote from the 8th subdivision of section 3, chapter 10, at page 23 of the new charter, where anybody can read it for himself, the following clause giving the commission full power, by ordinance, or otherwise, "to regulate or prevent the exhibition of signs on canvass or billboards or otherwise, in or upon any vehicle standing or travelling upon the streets of said city, or held or carried by any person."

Again, it is difficult to think in soft words of that charter provision empowering the commission to punish the soliciting of alms or subscriptions for any purpose whatever, upon the streets! Sub-section 11 of the same section provides that the commission shall have power "to restrain and punish drunkards, gamblers, mendicants, and street beggars soliciting alms or subscriptions for any purpose whatever." A mendicant is a professional beggar, and a beggar is one who solicits alms. A street beggar need not be a ragged hobo. He may wear a frock coat and silk hat and if he solicits alms or subscriptions for any purpose whatever, however meritorious, he or she, may be punished for so doing under this proposed charter.

Again, can one think of soft words to express the indignation one feels, (in view of the many claims made that taxes are reduced under the commission form of government), in reading through this charter and finding so many, very many means provided for keeping down the taxes by the very simple process of shifting from the tax roll to special assessment rolls and personal exactions, the burden of so many matters the expense of which is now borne by the city at large. Under one of these provisions, (Chapter 19, Section 14), all the present very considerable expense of the repairs of streets and the keeping of them free from dust and nuisance, (this means street sprinkling), may be defrayed by special assessment; while another possible considerable source of revenue with which to bring down the taxes, is contained in Chapter 18, Section 29, at page 46, which reads as follows:

"Sec. 29. Toll for Private Drains. The city may charge and collect annually from persons whose premises are connected by private drains with the public drains, such reasonable sum, not exceeding ten dollars per year, as it may deem just, in proportion to the amount of drainage through such private drain; and such charge shall be a lien upon the premises and may be collected by special assessment thereon, or otherwise."

There is one of the many provisions of this charter which is "paved with good intentions," but I'll quit before I say the hot word I feel.

GEORGE P. BROWN.

MOOSE DOWN TO FIGHTING WEIGHT

Little in Election Figures to Bring Joy to Leaders of Republican Party.

Washington, Nov. 9.—The Progressive party is "down to fighting weight," as its absent leader says.

Republican reorganizers who have been proclaiming that the new party, formed only a little more than a year ago, is dead, got small comfort from Tuesday's election returns, according to the figures collected at Bull Moose national headquarters.

In Massachusetts and New York, the futurity of the reorganizers' efforts to get the Progressives back into the "grand old party" was shown impressively.

In Massachusetts, where the state remained Democratic, Bird, the Progressive candidate for governor, polled 129,667 votes, 10,353 more than his Republican rival, Congressman Gardner, who received 116,314.

Bird's vote increased 4,000 over his total of last year, when he polled 122,667. This is a Progressive gain of 3 per cent.

Gardner's vote was 81 per cent of the Republican vote of 1912, a Republican loss of 19 per cent.

Walsh, the Democrat victor, polled 180,368 votes, or 93 per cent of the Democrat count last year, when it was 193,184.

In Second Place.

From third place last year, the Progressives advanced to second, becoming the real minority party in Massachusetts.

Furthermore, returns show that the Progressives will hold the balance of power in each house of the Massachusetts legislature. They elected two senators and 17 members of the house, the

Republicans losing control. The election of a member of the governor's council was another Progressive victory in the Bay state.

In New York state, the Progressives will hold the balance of power in the new assembly. Twenty-six Progressives were elected on the straight Progressive ticket, while the Progressives fused with Democrats and Republicans in many districts and elected 16 more assemblymen opposed to Murphy and Barnes, bosses of the twin machine. This makes a force of 42 assemblymen who are essentially Progressive. The Republicans will have 68 members and the Democrats 40. The Progressive gain is 22 over last year's assembly.

Progressives of New York city and state polled between 190,000 and 250,000 votes for Judge Hand, their candidate for chief judge of the court of appeals. Seabury, the Progressive nominee for the other vacancy on the appeals bench, ran close to Hand. Full returns are not in from up state.

Several Mayors Elected.

In Greater New York, Hand polled 94,150 votes, 42,000 of them in Manhattan.

Seabury got 91,272 in Greater New York.

Running on the Progressive ticket, mayors were elected in Syracuse and Johnston. On the fusion ticket, a Progressive was elected mayor of Ithaca.

Progressives also helped to elect independent men as mayors of Kingston, Auburn and Elmira.

Progressive votes helped to defeat Judge Werner, candidate for chief judge of the court of appeals, the highest judicial office in New York state.

Four Progressives were elected to mayoralties in Indiana. In Indianapolis, where a Democrat was elected, the Progressive nominee polled 14,214, and the Republican 14,342.

In Louisville, the Republican as a minority party was virtually wiped out. A Democrat was elected mayor, the Progressive nominee received 16,002 votes, and the Republican 1,385.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo.

Lucas County, Ohio.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Notary Public.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1908.

A. W. GIBSON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Be a wise woman and wear a Nemo Corset. They guard your figure, health and purse.

This is Corset and Underwear Week

at LaRoche's

—where you will find satisfactory values in all midwinter underwear.

Silk and wool Union Suits— \$5.00 values at..... \$4.00
Two-piece Suits at..... \$4.00

All our Ladies', Misses' and Children's Fleece-lined Underwear has been marked down for this sale.

We have a big line of Eiderdown and Flannette Bathrobes at 1/3 off.

Also the Peerless line of Flannel-ette Night Gowns and Short Skirts.

We carry the Warner Rust Proof Corset, an elegant Corset for slender figures. Some numbers we are closing out at one-third off.



Warner's Rust-Proof Corsets

About the Nemo: No other corset has the Nemo bridge construction, which insures free breathing and keeps a low top corset from digging in when you bend over.

Be wise — ask for the Nemo and get it. We have Nemo comfort for all figures,

\$3.00 and up.



WE HAVE SILK HOSIERY, FROM \$1.00 TO \$6.00 PER PAIR.

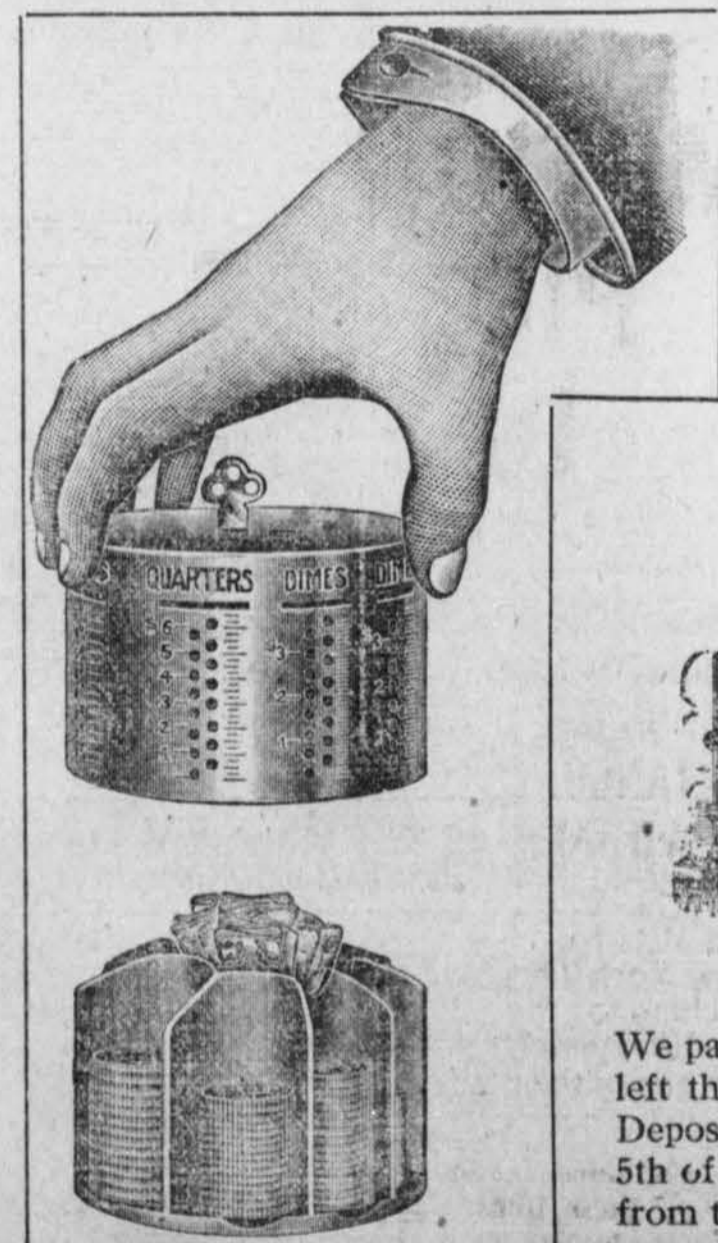
MME. LA ROCHELLE

Marquette County Savings Bank

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

LOOKING FORWARD

The winner of the Marathon race did not spend his time looking backward to see how much ground he had covered or how hard the road had been — he looked forward. The time which has passed, to many men, makes a miserable showing along the lines of proper economies. The memory of extravagances is hard to erase, and in looking backward will not help to forget the past or to prepare for the present and future. The thing to do is to look ahead.



ONE DOLLAR OPENS AN ACCOUNT



Savings Bank Building, owned by Marquette County Savings Bank.

We pay 3% interest on all sums left three full calendar months. Deposits made on or before the 5th of any month draw interest from the 1st of the same month.

Special Attention to Banking By Mail

STATEMENT OF CONDITION.
THE PENINSULA BANK
ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN

Condensed from Statement to Commissioner State Banking Department Oct. 21, 1913.

| | |
|---|--------------|
| RESOURCES: | |
| Loans, Discounts and Bonds | \$691,402.39 |
| Banking House | 15,000.00 |
| Overdrafts, all secured | 3,370.65 |
| Cash Resources | 165,143.88 |
| | \$874,916.92 |
| LIABILITIES: | |
| Capital Stock | \$50,000.00 |
| Surplus Fund | 50,000.00 |
| Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes paid | 36,478.29 |
| Dividends Unpaid | 64.00 |
| Deposits | 734,374.63 |
| Reserved for Interest | 4,000.00 |
| | \$874,916.92 |

GEORGE F. RUEZ
BROKER

MEMBER OF BOSTON STOCK EXCHANGE.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN

Office: Jeaks Block 106 FRONT STREET Ishpeming, Mich.
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DIRECT PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL EXCHANGES.
Daily Market Letter Mailed Free Upon Application.

WARMTH AT WILL
Bright, Cheerful Heater Which Kills the Chill of Winter.

Quick Heat. No Odor. No Unburned Gas. A Cheerful Yellow Flame.



REZNOR
Gas Heating Stoves
The Original Copper Reflector

Don't Dress in a Cold Room; Try a Reznor Gas Heater.

The golden glow of a Reflector Gas Heater is mighty full of comfort.

Call at our office and see one in operation.

Marquette County Gas & Electric Co.

BED COVERINGS
made from the floral cretonnes and quaint chintzes in

COLONIAL
Drapery Fabrics

Give a cheerful and wholesome atmosphere to the sleeping room. The decoration of the bed presents a world of opportunity to the woman who desires to give a touch of individuality to her home furnishings.

F. BRAASTAD & CO.

Mining News

OHIO COPPER.

The cost of producing copper at the Ohio Copper Mining company's property in Bingham, Utah, has held well above twelve cents a pound; in fact it was nearer fourteen cents earlier in the year. A slight improvement has been noted of late, as evidenced by the September cost sheets. The operating profits in September ran close to \$20,000, against \$10,000 in August. Bond interest, however, required \$6,200 monthly, while other charges bring the monthly outgo, aside from operating expenses, up to \$7,100. These deductions would therefore reduce the September profit to \$13,800 and that for the preceding month to \$3,900. The fine operations resulted in a loss, while July broke about even. The average grade of Ohio's ores continues to hang close to 1 per cent copper. Mining costs average twenty-five cents a ton—a low figure—while mining, transportation and milling expenses combined amount to between eighty and eighty-five cents. This figure includes the fifteen cents a ton paid to Heineze's Bingham Central railway for hauling the ore. Few if any mines can show such a low cost. The Ohio mill, however, has failed to give even a fair account of itself. A poor recovery continues with extraction remaining about 50 per cent, and it has been down to 45 per cent. A mill man who has visited the Ohio plant says: "I have seen the Ohio mill and know where many improvements could be made. Better results should be obtained even with the present equipment. There is no reason why 70 per cent and possibly a 75 per cent extraction should not be recovered from the Ohio ores, even though they are of low grade."

DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL.

There has come to our desk an advance copy of the new and revised edition of Dr. Humphreys' Manual. This little medical book gives in a clear, concise manner, the description and treatment of all diseases that it is safe and proper for the family to treat. The cover design, a picture in colors of Noah's Ark, was painted especially for this work by one of England's most famous animal painters, is quite wonderful in its breadth and scope. A free copy may be had by addressing Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., 156 Williams St., New York.

REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS
Promptly done and at right prices.
Also Chimney Sweeping.
CARL E. HOLMGREN
104 North First Street.
(8-6-1f.)

LAVIGNE'S ORCHESTRA
Two to seven pieces.
DANCES A SPECIALTY.
Phone 883-1, 10-21-1m. Ishpeming.

Ishpeming Department
(Additional Ishpeming on Page Seven.)

LOWENSTINES MAY ERECT NEW BLOCK

Firm Is Considering New Structure at the Corner of Cleveland Ave. and First St.

Sam and Joseph Lowenstein, who conduct a general mercantile business at the corner of Cleveland avenue and First street, are planning either to erect a new block or to remodel the building that they now occupy.

The Lowensteins purchased the Cleveland avenue property about a year ago from the Eckre estate. Their business has outgrown their quarters. If they can purchase a lot anywhere in the business district on which to place their present building, they will move it from the site early in the spring and begin the erection of a new structure, making it either a two or three story brick veneer building.

If they build the structure it will occupy their entire ground space, which is sixty-five feet deep, with a frontage of twenty-eight feet. The building will be modern in every respect, and will have a basement, with heating plant, and an up-to-date front. The Lowensteins established their Ishpeming business a few years ago in their present stand. They came here from Negaunee, where they were in the employ of their uncle, Joe Lowenstein.

The building they now occupy is a frame structure, one of the oldest on Cleveland avenue. It was erected by the late Ole Eckre, who for several years conducted a liquor business in that stand. Mr. Eckre has been dead for some twenty years or more. The Eckre estate still owns the business block immediately east of the Lowenstein property.

It is possible that one or two other important building improvements will be made on Cleveland avenue next year. Some of the owners of frame structures there are planning to remodel their properties.

MRS. ADAMS DIES AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Wife of Former Pastor of Ishpeming Church Passed Away Friday Night.

Ishpeming friends of Mrs. Adams, wife of Rev. C. L. Adams, former pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church, will be grieved to learn of her death. A copper country paper says:

"Mrs. C. L. Adams, wife of the pastor of the Calumet First Methodist Episcopal church, died at 6 o'clock last evening at her home in Calumet, after a long illness. For the past two weeks Mrs. Adams has been confined to her bed and for some days past it was known to her husband and their intimate friends that their only hope was that death might end her sufferings. Heart trouble is given as the cause of death.

"Mrs. Adams had been a resident of Calumet for two years, the duration of her husband's ministry in this community. Two years was not too short a time for her to install herself firmly in the affections of Calumet people, both in and out of the congregation whose spiritual needs had made possible her residence among them. Mrs. Adams was a woman in whom the Christian virtues had a magnificent exemplar. She had a winning personality and though domestic in her tastes to the extent that she shunned social honors she made very many close friends who will mourn her as they might the friend of a life-time.

"Mrs. Adams was 54 years of age, a native of Vermont. She had but recently returned from her native state, having been present at the funeral services of her aged father, an event that without doubt contributed to her own inability to withstand the malady that finally led to her death.

"Mrs. Adams came to Michigan with her husband twenty-five years ago. They lived at various times in a number of Michigan cities, coming to the upper peninsula on Mr. Adams' appointment to the Ishpeming charge, which he left three years ago to assume the Calumet pastorate.

"Mrs. Adams leaves her husband and two children, a son, Merrill C. Adams, employed by the Union Trust company of Detroit, and a daughter, Gwendolyn, a teacher in the Lapeer, Mich., high school. The two latter are now on their way home.

"If there is no change in the family plan the funeral will take place Monday."

SEVERE STORM KEEPS HUNTERS FROM WOODS

Blizzard That Prevailed Over Week End Also Interfered With Business Here.

The blizzard that prevailed in Ishpeming over the weekend, starting Friday night, was severe enough to hinder outdoor work of all kinds. In fact it was one of the worst storms occurring here in many years at such an early date in the season. It was general throughout the Great Lakes region. The rain started here Friday noon and turned to snow about 10 o'clock Friday night, there having been a fall of between twenty and thirty degrees in the temperature.

Few people except those who had business to attend to ventured out Saturday. Many men at work on surface at the mines knocked off early in the day, and other outside work was suspended. Several inches of snow fell and in many places the drifts were from three to five feet in depth.

The storm did not keep some of the Ishpeming sportsmen from going to the woods on their annual hunting trip, but others postponed their departure, fearing that they might have difficulty in reaching the camps. The fall of snow was welcomed by the hunters, as it will help them greatly in locating the deer.

The districts both to the north and south of Ishpeming will have many hunters during the season, and nearly every camp in both directions will be occupied this week. Several parties are already in camps, and if the weather is favorable today many others will leave early this morning.

C. W. Lincoln, who, with J. F. Van Brocklin and others, will hunt near Mann Bros' farm in the Gwin district, left for there Saturday. Mr. Van Brocklin will join them later. They will be accompanied by several Gwin men.

Dr. S. G. Main, Harry Hickory and J. E. Hayden will hunt north of Clowery, where they have been very successful for some years past.

Charles Devine, of the Miners' National bank clerical force, and Gust Brandt will spend the next week or ten days in the latter's camp at Dexter. They will be accompanied by a party of lower peninsula men, who have hunted in that vicinity every season for the past several years.

Captain F. E. Keese, Thomas Gribble, C. M. Murphy, L. N. Tontloff and others will enjoy their annual hunting expedition in the Gwin district, spending the greater part of this week in camp. Charles T. Kruse and others left Saturday for his camp south of the city.

D. T. Morgan was to have been a member of the party, but went that he cannot leave Detroit, because of the illness of his wife.

Charles Johnson, John Mohr and a few others will hunt at Schweitzer's camp, twenty-five miles southwest of the city. Charles LeRoy will entertain several Ishpeming men at his place south of Ishpeming during the week. In the party will be Con Mahoney, Colonel McLean, Gust Wallin, Howard Joachim, S. Ree and William Vivian.

Arvid Eggen, Ric and Eric Anderson and Ole Johnson will have to find a new hunting ground this season as "Camp Wildcat" on Silver Creek, which they owned, was recently destroyed by fire. The camp was well built and was worth several hundred dollars.

LOOKED OVER WORK.

J. B. Parnham, Who Installed Cases at Carnegie Library, Visited City.

J. B. Parnham, representing the Art Metal construction company of Jamestown, N. Y., was in the city Saturday, looking over the work done by him five years ago at the Carnegie library, when he installed the metal book stacks.

Mr. Parnham is a veteran of the Civil war, having served in Company C, 103rd Illinois Volunteer Infantry. Mr. Parnham Saturday quoted Pension Commissioner Ware: "The struggle was fought chiefly by young men. This was known in a general way, of course, but I doubt if many have a personal knowledge of just how young the boys were who fought the war." Mr. Parnham gave the following figures, taken from the official records of the adjutant-general's department at Washington, the figures being of the enlisted men in the army of the North: Those 40 years and under, twenty-five; eleven years and under, thirty-eight; twelve years and under, 225; thirteen years and under, 200; fourteen years, 1,523; fifteen years, 104,987; sixteen years, 844,891; seventeen years, 231,051; eighteen years, 1,151,428; nineteen years and under, 2,159,798; twenty-two years and over, 618,511; twenty-five years and over, 46,626; and forty-four years and over, 16,071. Total enlisted men, 2,778,304.

NOYSTERS OUT-BOWL CRABS.

The two bowling teams styled the "Oysters" and the "Crabs" met at the Empire alleys Saturday evening in a "Noysters" and the "Crabs" met at the hotly-contested match. The Noysters—

| | | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Tox | 168 | 169 | 180 | 517 |
| Gray | 168 | 141 | 166 | 475 |
| Trunk | 168 | 141 | 166 | 475 |
| Hayden | 177 | 172 | 140 | 489 |
| Total | 613 | 482 | 486 | 1481 |

The Crabs—

| | | | | |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Tox | 211 | 148 | 142 | 501 |
| Mahoney | 138 | 168 | 142 | 448 |
| Heindel | 168 | 163 | 127 | 458 |
| Total | 517 | 479 | 411 | 1407 |

Tonight, league teams Nos. 2 and 7 will bowl. Teams 2 and 8 and teams 3 and 8 have postponed matches to play this week.

ISHPEMING THEATRE

THIS WILL BE SPECIAL FEATURE WEEK **SIX OF THEM—Including WORLD'S SERIES BASE BALL GAMES Wednesday Eve.**

TONIGHT, TOMORROW and WEDNESDAY

"THE VYNAS" In Their Laughable Musical Novelty "The Musical Farm-yard" With Attractive Scenery.

BIG THREE REEL PATHE FEATURE TONIGHT

"THE SPRINGTIME OF LIFE" WITH HEART GRIPPING STORY

"HARD LUCK BILL" AN ESSAY COMEDY, FULL OF LAUGHS

FIRST SHOW AT 7 O'CLOCK.

5 AND 10c.

The Miners' National Bank, Ishpeming, Mich.

STATEMENT, OCTOBER 21, 1913
(COMPTROLLER'S CALL)

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| RESOURCES | | LIABILITIES | |
| Loans and Discounts | \$1,039,822.67 | Capital | \$100,000.00 |
| Overdrafts | 808.00 | Surplus | 100,000.00 |
| Banking House and other Real Estate | 33,122.00 | Undivided Profits | 16,348.23 |
| U. S. and other bonds | 297,900.00 | Reserved for interest | 7,460.04 |
| Cash and Exchange | 336,251.29 | Reserved for taxes | 1,500.00 |
| | \$1,707,903.96 | Circulation | 97,000.00 |
| | | Deposits | 1,385,595.64 |
| | | | \$1,707,903.96 |

Queen Quality SHOES

See for Yourself

JUST as it is impossible to describe in words a landscape or painting, so a printed description fails to give you any correct idea of what we mean by Queen Quality Style.

An examination of these shoes, at our store, will reveal a beauty of design, a daintiness, an individuality in each model, that is distinctive.

Then again, every shoe has the famous "flexible sole" that makes "breaking in" unknown to Queen Quality wearers.

Sole Agency
F. BRAASTAD & CO. SHOE DEP'T.



\$3.50 to \$5.00

GOOD PICTURES AT THE LYRIC THEATRE TONIGHT

"INDIAN BLOOD"
A stirring drama and Indian fighting, in two reels.

"AN APACHE FATHER'S REVENGE"
Another thrilling Indian drama.

"FROM DEATH TO LIFE"
A Good Drama.

"THE STRANGER'S TRIAL"
A Good Western Picture.

Remember, we show five reels every night. Don't fail to see the show tonight.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

T. J. Hendra is spending a few days in the city on business.

F. H. E. Stewart, of Houghton, was a business visitor in the city Saturday.

Mrs. O. H. Siewert spent the week-end visiting with friends at Marquette.

A friend of George Voelker's sent him a lake trout Friday that weighed nearly forty pounds.

John Shand, of South Pine street, is spending a few days with his brother, E. W. Shand, in Ironwood.

Earl Leininger, who is employed at the American mine at Dorrite, spent the week-end in the city, visiting his folks.

The corner window in the Braastad block, which was cracked some time ago, was shattered by the wind in Saturday's storm.

Miss Lucy Sterne, teacher in the Dorrite school, spent the week-end in the city visiting her parents, A. E. Sterne, and wife.

Important business will be considered at the regular meeting of Heamatite camp of the Modern Woodmen of America, to be held this evening.

Mrs. Thomas Tregrove, of Eveleth, Minn., who has been in the city visiting her mother, Mrs. Holtman, of North street, will leave for her home some day this week. She will be accompanied by her mother, who will reside at Eveleth.

The funeral of the late Elsie Magnuson, who died in Chicago, was held yesterday afternoon from the Mission church and was largely attended. The deceased had many friends among the young people of the city, and especially among the high school students.

CAUSE OF INSOMNIA.

The most common cause of insomnia is disorders of the stomach and constipation. Chamberlain's Tablets correct these disorders and enable you to sleep. For sale by All Dealers.

Monday Morning, November 10, 1913.

What is the cause of insomnia? It is a disorder of the stomach and constipation. Chamberlain's Tablets correct these disorders and enable you to sleep. For sale by All Dealers.

Dr. Edw. at the

Dr. Edw. substitute for bowels and People a quick relief tablets are who know the amount and liver had breath Dr. F. formula is the amount and liver had breath Dr. Edw. a vegetable oil, you will color. Take one week and per box. Columbus.

HEAD

You're sensation your mouth yellow lips feel ugly, system is waste not you need continue be sane to

First National Bank, Negaunee, Mich.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$200,000.00.

EFFICIENT SERVICE

is the keynote of the First National Bank's usefulness to the business community of Negaunee.

Our long banking experience and the careful study we have made of the business has taught us how to meet the varied requirements of bank depositors. We have every facility for handling large as well as small accounts and give prompt, courteous and accurate attention to every item of business.

The Negaunee State Bank

NEGAUNEE, MICH.

Open an account with this Bank. We aim to render the best banking service possible.

3% Interest on SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

Interest payable June 1st. and Dec. 1st.

Ishpeming

THIS WEEK'S PICTURES.

No Less Than Six Features Will Be Seen at Ishpeming Theater.

What is perhaps the strongest showing of pictures ever procured for the Ishpeming theater has been booked for this week. The films include six features, including the scenes at the world's championship baseball games between the New York and Philadelphia teams, to be shown Wednesday night.

In tonight's program there will be a three reel Bethlehem drama, "The Springtime of Life." The plot is a strong one and many interesting and exciting climaxes are worked out. With this feature will be an Essanay comedy, entitled "Happi Lusk Bill."

Besides the baseball picture Wednesday evening there will be a two-reel Essanay comedy entitled "Alkali Ike's Gal," said to be one of the best of the Essanay company's offerings.

Another Essanay two-reel feature, "Tapping the Wires," will be shown Thursday night. "The Flight of the Crow," a two-reel Selig drama, will be shown Friday night.

BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.

People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and purifying the entire system.

They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.

All the benefits of nasty sickening, gripping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping, pain or disagreeable effects of any kind. Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint with the attendant bad breath.

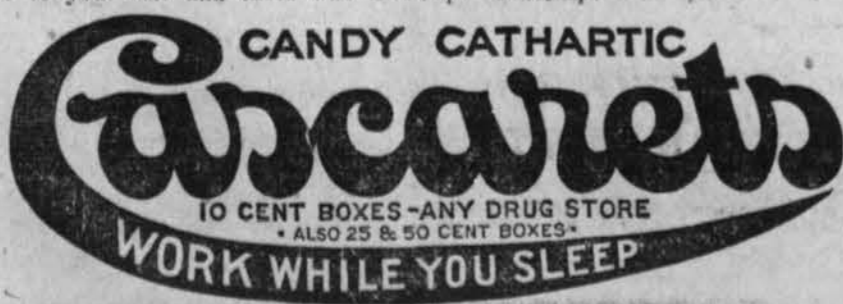
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil, you will know them by their olive color.

Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.

HEADACHY, BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED, CLEAN YOUR LIVER—DIME A BOX

You're bilious! You have a throbbing sensation in your head, a bad taste in your mouth, your eyes hurt, your skin is yellow with dark rings under your eyes, your lips are parched. No wonder you feel ugly, mean and ill-tempered. Your system is full of bile and constipated waste not properly passed off, and what you need is a cleaning up "inside." Don't continue being a bilious, constipated nuisance to your self and those who love

you, and don't resort to harsh physics that irritate and injure. Remember, that your sour, disordered stomach, lazy liver, and clogged bowels can be quickly cleaned and regulated by morning with gentle, thorough Cascarets; a 10-cent box will keep your head clear and make you feel cheerful and bubbly for months. Get Cascarets now—wake up refreshed—feel like doing a good day's work—make yourself pleasant and useful. Clean up! Cheer up!



Negaunee Department

CROWDED CONDITION HAS BEEN REMEDIED AT FOGARTY MINE

Another Second Grade Established at the School Building on Case Street.

Owing to the exceptionally crowded condition of the first and second grades, another second grade was last week opened in the Case street school building. As the distance to the other schools of the city was so great, none of the children could be transferred and the opening of a room was the only way to meet the situation.

Miss Ruth Stevens is in charge temporarily, until a teacher is assigned permanently by the superintendent. Miss Stevens is assistant in the kindergarten department of the Case street school and will resume her former duties as soon as a new second grade teacher can be procured.

Only a short time ago the board of education was called upon to enlarge the first grade in the Case street school and the second grade now has two divisions. No further assignments of children will be necessary during the remainder of the year. Upon the completion of the new manual training school, there will be additional available space in the high school building.

The attendance in the kindergartens at all the schools of the city has been steadily increasing, the Park street school leading at the present time. The number of children in the kindergarten of the Case street school is also large, having been materially increased within the past two months. Assistants are employed in both the Case street and Park street school kindergartens.

INSTITUTE CLOSED FRIDAY.

Epworth Leaguers Held Final Service That Evening.

The district institute of the Epworth league, held here Thursday and Friday, closed on Friday evening with a service at a close Friday evening with a service at the Mitchell Methodist church. The delegates were entertained at the homes of Negaunee members, and were met at the trains by the reception committee. The delegation from the Epworth league was not large owing to a strike, but nearly every chapter in that district had at least one representative present. In all about thirty were registered as delegates and other members from Marquette and Ishpeming attended the sessions.

FRANK STANGONI DIES.

Passed Away Saturday Afternoon at 4 O'Clock.

Frank Stangoni, aged twenty-five years and a lifelong resident of Negaunee, died at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon at the home of his parents on Cherry street, after an illness of about two years. Only his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stangoni, survive him. The funeral will be held Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock from St. Paul's church, with interment in the Negaunee cemetery.

A few years ago at one of the Negaunee mines Mr. Stangoni suffered an injury of the spine that affected his optic nerve. It resulted in total blindness several months ago.

"PRINCESS BONITA" BLIND.

"Princess Bonita," the trained horse, which recently completed a vaudeville tour through the upper peninsula, showing at the Star theater in this city, was suddenly stricken blind during a recent performance at a theater in Indiana, according to a story in the current number of the Billboard. The animal was taken to a specialist in Chicago, and it is possible that its sight may be saved. The mare was able to add, subtract and multiply figures and do a number of other stunts.

ARRESTED HERE.

William Bowden, a traveling salesman, was arrested here Saturday evening by Marshal Newcombe, following the receipt of a telegram from a Houghton county officer, asking that the man be held. Bowden was held at the city jail until the arrival of a deputy sheriff from Houghton county yesterday morning. It is said that he is wanted for two offenses.

WILL MANAGE BRANCH.

Charles S. Thoren, who for the past two months, has been in the employ of George Bell's tailoring shop in Ishpeming, has recently accepted the position as manager of Mr. Bell's "Wear-It-Well" store here. The tailoring business will be conducted in connection with the shoe store.

DON'T EXPERIMENT.

You Will Make No Mistake if You Follow This Marquette Citizen's Advice.

Never neglect your kidneys. If you have pain in the back, urinary disorders, dizziness and nervousness, it's time to act and no time to experiment. These are frequently symptoms of kidney trouble, and a remedy which is recommended for the kidneys should be taken in time.

Doan's Kidney Pills is a good remedy to use. No need to experiment. It has acted effectively in many cases in Marquette. Follow the advice of a Marquette citizen.

Mrs. Leonard Richer, 407 Rock St., Marquette, Mich., says: "One of my family had kidney and bladder weakness and had quite control over the kidney secretions at night. We tried remedy after remedy and spent a great deal of money but nothing brought relief until Doan's Kidney Pills were used. They improved her health and acted beneficially in a very way. The public endorsement I gave Doan's Kidney Pills some years ago still holds good. I still think they are the best kidney remedy anyone can buy. The one of our family who took them has not been bothered by her kidneys or back since."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Operators in Iron River District Concerned Over Breaking Out of Sulphur Fires.

The underground fire at the Fogarty property of the Verona Mining company in the Iron River district, which necessitated the calling of U. S. Mine Rescue car No. 8, from this city Oct. 16, is still burning and is causing the operators considerable trouble, although work in other parts of the mine is not hindered by the blaze. A similar fire broke out within the past week at the Bristol mine, and it is causing the operators of that property great concern. The Crystal Falls Diamond Drill says of the fire: "The fire in the Bristol, like that in the Fogarty and at the various rock piles of the mines of Iron county, is caused by the oxidizing of the sulphur in the rock of the mine. These fires are supposed to start from friction of some kind that causes the combustion."

"The portion of the Bristol affected is in the new workings and will not only seriously affect the output but will mean a big bill of expense to the operators as the only escape from the deadly gases is to bulk-head up all the openings and try to cut off air from the place affected."

"Workmen are now busy trying to seal up the affected part of the property. In order to close up effectively a valuable portion of the ore body must be cut off and the operators fear that the output of the mine will be seriously curtailed as a result."

"Rock fires underground is a condition that the operators must contend with more and more as the years go by. Edwin Higgins, of Ironwood, the expert in charge of the U. S. rescue car, says that in his opinion the day is not far distant when this menace will be brought more and more to the attention of the operators. The Bristol is the only mine affected on this side of the county and it is only within the past year that any signs of sulphur fires have been in evidence there. The rock in the pit took fire about the first of the present year. It is evident that in the opening up of operations at this property, rock of a different nature has been met with, for within the year another new fire has commenced underground where the new work is in progress."

"Rock fires are nothing new to west side mines but until recently the fires have been confined to the waste piles. The first underground fire of the kind was at the Youngs several years ago when the rock in a certain portion took fire. A small shaft led from close to the affected portion to the surface and Captain Looney simply sealed up the place and added a stack at the mouth of the shaft so that for a long time it resembled a chimney of a factory. The fire evidently burned itself out soon for it ceased smoking but as the room was never entered up the conditions inside are not known."

"The Fogarty fire is the second one and undoubtedly will be the last. The fire at the Fogarty is well confined and a hole is being sunk from surface to give an outlet to the fumes."

MANY HUNTERS TO WOODS.

Yesterday and Saturday large numbers of Negaunee men left for hunting camps, to prepare for the opening of the deer season today. The demand for deer licenses has increased the past few weeks and a large number have been issued.

Deputy Game Warden John Rough reports that although deer are numerous in the upper peninsula, wolves and coyotes are making heavy inroads among them. Last Thursday in Sands township, about two miles southwest of Sands settlement, Mr. Rough saw a chase by several wolves. He carried only a shotgun, but fired at the animals and they gave up the chase.

TO VISIT IN FLORIDA.

A. J. Rough, of Virginia, Minn., son of John Rough, left Virginia Friday for Tarpon Springs, Florida, where he will be the guest of O. H. Griggs for about two months. Mr. Rough is employed as mining engineer on the Mesaba range. During his stay in Florida he will spend three weeks cruising the west coast and ten days on the east coast, after which they will spend two weeks hunting in the Everglades.

Now is the time to order your chin-chilla overcoat. Peterson & Willers, ladies' and men's tailors, Negaunee, 10-27-13

LOCAL LACONICS.

Harry Trevarrow left yesterday morning for Berland, on a hunting trip.

Miss Mary Cons spent yesterday in the city at her home, coming up from Marquette.

Dr. C. J. Larson returned Saturday from a short business trip to Michigan.

George Metherell, of Diorite, was a business caller in Negaunee Saturday and yesterday.

Miss Emily Withburn came up from Marquette yesterday; and spent the day at her home.

Twins, a boy and a girl, were born to Mr. and Mrs. John Holm, who reside near Palmer, Saturday.

Dr. R. J. Miller left yesterday morning on a deer hunting trip and will return in about ten days.

F. G. Folkerson, instructor in physical training in the Negaunee public schools, will return this morning from a trip to Chicago.

C. W. Lincoln left Saturday for Gwin, where he was joined by Messrs. Keeton and Van Brocklin, leaving there for a week's hunting trip.

Peter Barasa & Co. are installing a hot water heating plant in the factory of St. John's Episcopal church, which is occupied by Rev. R. T. Hicks.

The famous Ross brothers, presenting "A Day in a Gymnasium," is the booking of the Star theater for the first half of the week. Their act consists of rope jumping, exercising springs, shadow box-

| STATEMENT. | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| The Negaunee National Bank Negaunee, Michigan. | |
| United States Depository | |
| at close of business, October 21, 1913. | |
| RESOURCES: | LIABILITIES: |
| Loans and Discounts \$330,274.86 | Capital Stock paid in \$100,000.00 |
| U. S. Bonds at par 107,000.00 | Surplus Fund 25,000.00 |
| Other Bonds 73,849.14 | Undivided Profits 4,497.52 |
| Bank Building 47,500.00 | Dividends Unpaid 20.00 |
| Due from U. S. 5,150.00 | Circulation 100,000.00 |
| Treasurer 68,170.22 | Deposits 402,426.70 |
| Cash and Exchange 631,944.22 | |
| | \$631,944.22 |
| Organized September 20th, 1909. | |

A Seasonable Attraction



During this biting weather is a hot drink of Soda or Chocolate for the pedestrian, the motorist, football player or golfer. We have the choicest Soda and Chocolate, hot and cheering, giving the tired and cold person every comfort. Try one once and you will want one every day through the coming long winter. They put new life and vigor into you.

J. M. PERKINS,

Drugs and Jewellery NEGAUNEE

THE FAMOUS ROSS BOYS

AT THE STAR THEATRE TODAY, TOMORROW AND WEDNESDAY

Rope Jumping, Exercising Spring Shadow Boxing, a Three-Round Exhibition Bout and Artistic Bag Punching

Four Reels of Licensed Pictures

5 AND 10c

THE MOST SKILLFUL BAKERS

Are in command of our ovens. We spend too much money and time in getting the finest of flour and other materials to risk our baking to unskilled help. So our bread, rolls, cakes and pastry are baked as well as they are mixed. How well that is only the eating of some will prove. Eat some today.



General Bakery 529 W. Iron St. Negaunee.

FOR RENT—Two desirable office rooms, centrally located. Inquire at Negaunee State bank. 10-11-13

FOR SALE—Newly erected eight-room house with bath and other conveniences. C. J. Muck 511 East Main street. 6-21-13

Cut Flowers

Roses Carnations Chrysanthemums

PALMS and FERNS

Telephone and Telegraph orders given prompt attention.

NEGAUNEE Greenhouses

NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.

JAPS IN HAWAII

In Hawaii one-third of the total enrollment of thirty thousand school children is Japanese, and the Japanese are increasing their attendance more rapidly than any other race. Americans and

other Caucasian races, exclusive of the Portuguese, constitute only 12 per cent. of the enrollment.

TONIGHT. Tonight, if you feel dull and stupid, or bilious and constipated, take a dose of Chamberlain's Tablets and you will feel all right tomorrow. For sale by All Dealers.

STORM PUT END TO ROAD WORK

It May Not Be Possible to Resume Operations on Highways This Season, but Plans are Outlined for Extensive Program of Building Next Year.

East of City Four Miles Will Be Built from Yalmar to Junction With Duke's Siding Road—Lack of Good Material in This Direction is a Handicap.

The storm that set in Friday night and raged over the weekend put a summary end to operations on the county roads, and if the weather continues broken they will not be resumed this year. Up to Friday two considerable forces were being worked under contract, one on the Green Garden-Yalmar stretch and the other on the four miles of road between Dexter and Clarksburg.

The condition of the Green Garden-Yalmar road has been the greater part of the season, as it has been torn up in the process of grading. Lately it has been all but impassable for a stretch of three miles. Wagons and carriages driven through it have sunk nearly to their hubs and the automobiles have dragged their running boards. The material is largely clay, and it is expected that the road, mixed with sand, will finally make a good dirt road. The grading has now been practically finished, but the rounding up and surfacing of the road has still to be done, and cannot be completed this season.

Good Material Lacking.

The county road commission is greatly handicapped in its work east of Marquette by a lack of good material. The trap rock bluffs disappear at Chocoley. The quarry established by the commission when the Chocoley-Green Garden road was built is the nearest source of supply of crushed rock, and experience with the Chocoley-Green Garden road has shown the rock obtained there was none too good. What is equally a handicap on the commission is the fact that there is practically no good gravel to be had east of Marquette. This makes it feasible to construct only a dirt road, unless the heavy expense of shipping in gravel or crushed rock is assumed.

In the western part of the county conditions are much more favorable to road building. Not only is there an abundance of trap rock that can be crushed as needed, but there is also a bountiful supply of excellent gravel at convenient points. Parts of the Witch Lake road built by Marquette county will stand comparison with the best roads in the upper peninsula, and its top dressing is composed entirely of gravel.

The plans of the commission for next year call for extending the main highway east of Marquette some four miles beyond Yalmar to a junction with the Duke's Siding road that furnishes the connecting link between the road systems of Marquette and Alger counties. Work on this Duke's Siding road has been in progress the past two years. It has been cleared out to standard width, graded and given a surface dressing. Just now it is not in good condition, there having been some heavy hauling over it during the fall. Mr. Hillier, the superintendent of county road work, expresses confidence that when this road and the one between Green Garden and Yalmar have been worked over in the dry season and well dried out by the sun they will make excellent highways.

The continuation of the road east from Yalmar to the junction with the Duke's Siding road will be uniform with the work done this season. Beyond Duke's Siding turn there is a good dirt road, and at this time no plans have been made for its improvement.

The most expensive piece of work planned by the commission for next year is the rebuilding of some seven miles of highway from Palmer in the direction of Gwinn, which passes through a well-settled country. It is the most direct route to Gwinn and it is believed that the traffic to and from Gwinn will be diverted to it from the Goose Lake road as soon as it is put in good order. For this work \$15,000 has been appropriated.

Other Proposed Work.

For work on the stretch of highway between the Baron mine at Humboldt and Michigamme \$10,000 has been appropriated, and contracts will be let early next year. For the improvement of the road between Little Lake and Helena in the southeastern part of the county \$3,500 has been appropriated. This road traverses a sandy country and it is planned to give it a clay dressing that will mix with the sand and ultimately make a substantial road.

The bridge being built by the state over the Peschke river between Champion and Michigamme, for which Powell & Mitchell have the contract, will not be finished this year, but the work will be so well advanced that it will be possible to complete it early in the spring. The bridge will be 240 feet long, with six spans of forty feet each, and will be one of the largest structures of the kind ever completed in the county. It will be of reinforced concrete construction and will last indefinitely.

800 CANAL PASSAGES

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 9.—[Special.]—The following boats, upon board, have passed the canal the past twenty-four hours: Stormont, 7 last night; Canopus, 8; Alex Thompson, 12:30 this morning; Princeton, 2:30; Metchuan, 3; Midland Prince, 4; Andrew Upson, 4; Jonic, 7; Sheldon Parks, Midland King 8:30; Normania, 9; Watt, McKee, Assiniboia, Houghton, 9:30; Cole, Lakeview 10:30; J. J. Brown, 11:30; Harmonie, Lanouel, Boyd, Norton, small Wolf 12:30 this afternoon; Ralph, Connolly Bros., Harold, 1:30; Moll, 2:30; Otarora Sea, Wisconsin, 3; Shirus, 4:30; North Star, 5; James Wallace, 6; Charles Hubbard, 6:30; Duluth, 7.

The Stafford Drug Co. sell the Genuine Concord Port wine at \$1 for full quart. Sold only for medicinal purposes, a good blood builder. 11-7-47.

EARLY MORNING FIRE.

Paviglio Brothers' Marble Shop Damaged By Flames.

Loss estimated at about \$250 was caused shortly after 2 o'clock Sunday morning when fire broke out in Paviglio Brothers' marble shop on Washington street. The fire is thought to have been caused by a defective chimney. The front of the building was badly damaged. There was no one in the shop at the time. No insurance was carried.

The fire department responded yesterday afternoon to a call from Bluff street—a chimney fire in Frank Croture's house. There was no damage.

DEPARTMENT ACTIVE.

Statistics Show Vigor in Enforcement of Game and Fish Laws.

The Mining Journal has just received from W. R. Oates, state game and fish warden, comparative figures showing the activity of the department for the year ending Nov. 1, 1913, and the year ending Nov. 1, 1912. They make clear that the past year has been marked by the greatest vigor in enforcing the laws protecting game and the commercial fish of any since the establishment of the department.

The comparative figures for the two years follow: Complaints investigated, 1913, 1,996; 1912, 1,496; number cases started, 1,240, 867; number convictions, 1,098, 733; number acquitted, 24, 27; number dismissed, 23, 22; number pending, 95, 85; fines and costs collected \$16,806.57, \$12,763.67; arrested for violations of game laws, 632, 478; arrested for violations of fish laws, 809, 389; number of seizures, 313, 323; proceeds of sales, \$675.68, \$1,712.10.

CAMPAIGN TO INCREASE MEMBERSHIP IS STARTED

Elks Plan to Gain in Numbers Before New Temple Project Is Pushed.

Before any definite action is taken on the proposal to erect a new Elks temple on the Washington street site owned by the lodge, an increase in membership must be secured. This was the purpose of a resolution adopted at the last meeting of the Marquette members. Guy Freese was appointed chairman of the membership committee, which includes Sam Rose, Jack Horngren, Tom Carey, Charles Meyers and Art Beaudry. These men will outline a campaign that it is expected will give good results. They will make a report on the progress of their work at the December meeting.

The new temple project will again be brought up at that time, too, it is expected, but action will probably be deferred for at least two months. If, by March, the lodge considers that the membership warrants the erection of a new home, bids will likely be called for.

To Give Dancing Parties.

Because of the success the Marquette Elks have met with the last two years in giving fall and winter dancing parties, the entertainment committee has planned another social program. Four or five dances will be arranged, the first for Nov. 14 and the second for Dec. 3. The dates for the other parties have not been decided on, but they will be held after the holidays.

These dances will be given on Nov. 14 have been sent out. Lunch will be served. The ideal orchestra has been engaged to furnish music at all of the dances.

Other Dances.

The Knights of Pythias lodge and the Kappa Alpha Pi are two other organizations that will give dancing parties this winter. The Pythians give their first party Nov. 19, in Fraternity Hall, and the date of the Kappa Alpha Pi party is Nov. 21. The ideal orchestra will furnish the music for both.

INCOME SHOWS GAIN.

Despite Reduction in Rate, Electric Earnings Are Ahead of Last Year.

Despite the reduction in the basic rate for lighting from 6 to 5 cents per K. W. several months ago, the light and power commission shows for the month of September, for which the report has just been completed, a gain of over \$400 in total electric earnings. Because of the reduction, the income for residence lighting is something over \$300 less than for the corresponding month last year, but there has been an increase in all other items. The details of the report for September follow, also the figures for September, 1912:

| | Sept., 1913. | Sept., 1912. |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Earnings..... | \$ 967 00 | \$ 743 24 |
| Street lighting..... | 193 03 | 122 97 |
| Business lighting..... | 1,867 69 | 1,688 80 |
| Residence lighting..... | 2,158 03 | 2,425 75 |
| Power..... | 1,106 67 | 795 11 |
| Miscellaneous..... | 75 03 | 70 52 |
| Total electric..... | \$6,277 35 | \$5,852 39 |
| —Expenses— | | |
| Manufacturing..... | \$1,135 32 | \$ 326 54 |
| Distribution..... | 908 38 | 279 00 |
| General..... | 584 84 | 505 70 |
| Interest (per month)..... | 262 50 | 300 00 |
| Total..... | \$2,891 04 | \$1,711 24 |
| Net income—electric..... | \$3,386 31 | \$4,141 15 |
| Shop earnings..... | 3,112 83 | 1,948 00 |
| Delinquent accounts..... | 8,836 84 | 8,948 98 |
| Cash balance, 10-31..... | 7,682 32 | 6,638 77 |
| Installations..... | 2,471 | 2,305 |
| Bonds..... | \$ 70,000 | |
| Investment..... | 450,148 14 | |

DECLARE WAR ON COLDS.

A crusade of education which aims "that common colds may become uncommon with the next generation" has been begun by prominent New York physicians. Here is a list of the "don'ts" which the doctors say will prevent the annual visitation of the cold:

- "Don't sit in a draughty car."
- "Don't sleep in hot rooms."
- "Don't avoid the fresh air."
- "Don't stuff yourself at meal time. Overeating reduces your resistance."
- "To which we would add—when you take a cold get rid of it as quickly as possible. To accomplish that you will find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy most excellent. Sold by All Dealers."

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STEAMER WINONA RESTING ON SANDS

Captain Did Not Care to Take Chance of Docking Her—Second Storm Is Raging.

Because he feared to dock his steamer in the heavy swells that were piling up in the Presque Isle harbor yesterday afternoon, the captain of the steamer Winona, said to be of Canadian register, ran her onto the sands north of the old ore dock and took on enough water to cause her to settle firmly on the bottom, where she rested easy through the blow. When the storm is over the Winona will be lightened of her cargo of water by the pumps, and it is not anticipated that there will be any difficulty getting her afloat.

Just before six o'clock last evening the Henry B. Smith, a 10,000 tonner that had been loaded at the South Shore docks steamed out into the lake. Persons who observed her departure were greatly surprised, for the blow was freshening up at the time, and it looked to the landsman as if a steamer in shelter was in a highly comfortable place. It was generally predicted that the steamer would have to seek the harbor again, for the blow early last evening rivaled in severity the storm Saturday, when the first installment of the blizzard was at its height.

Second Storm Strikes City.

According to Weather Observer Patrick Marquette the last evening in the grip of a second storm. The first one set in late Friday night, attained the dignity of a blizzard Saturday and raged with little loss of force Saturday night. About noon yesterday there was a perceptible lull that continued for several hours, but the storm will continue to rage, but things up again and through the evening the storm was raging with undiminished force. Both storms were accompanied by a heavy precipitation of snow that in places piled up in good sized drifts.

"This is another storm," Mr. Patrick said. "The storm of Saturday was one that started in the Canadian Northwest, just north of Montana. This storm was following a few hours behind it, having started in the territory north of Oregon."

The casual reader, glancing over the figures obtained from the weather bureau last evening in regard to the storm, would be led to believe that it was not heavy. They show: Snowfall Saturday—97. Snow until 6 p. m. Sunday—92. Total snow—189. Wind velocity Saturday—44 miles. Highest velocity for one minute—47 miles.

But it was a bad storm, and a heavy one, if the word of some of the oldest seamen and landmen, too, can be taken.

"I've traveled the roads in the outlying districts of Marquette for over ten years," declared one man last night, "and I haven't seen such a mean storm in all that time," and he said it with emphasis, too.

A vesselman from one of the steamers in harbor said Saturday, of the first storm: "It isn't the worst I've seen on the lakes, by far, but it's enough to hold almost anyone in harbor for a little while. It is pretty early in the year, too, for such a fierce blizzard. The wind isn't what keeps the boats in shelter. In fact, the wind would be of little consideration to a laden boat. It could keep its course all right, I think. But it's the blinding snow that the captains fear. Why out on that lake right now, you can't see the prow of the boat from the bridge, so what chance has a wheelsman?"

The barometer in the weather bureau was falling at 7:30 o'clock last night, and the prediction was for a two days' siege with a storm that will make Saturday's look like summer weather.

PATRONAGE FIGHT STILL IN PROGRESS

Strong Efforts Being Made to Prevent Confirmation of Juttner for Postmaster.

The patronage difficulties of the Democrats of Michigan, which because of the considerable number of good offices to be disposed of within the next year or two have a compelling interest for the upper peninsula partymen, have broken out afresh within the past few days. Their object is to prevent the confirmation of E. O. Wood, of Flint, the national committeeman of this state and leader of the "organization" men, accompanied by a dozen of his loyal supporters, to urge a number of appointments that the "original" Wilson men have succeeded in holding up.

Some weeks ago The Mining Journal announced that J. J. Juttner, of Menominee, allied with the organization forces, had been named for the Menominee postoffice. The friends of Joseph Cuddy, whom the "originals" had urged for the place, refused, however, to accept Mr. Juttner's appointment as final merely because it had been sent in by the postmaster general. They at once began a vigorous fight to secure reconsideration and it has been argued to the present date without any definite result except that Juttner has not yet been confirmed. "Originals" from all parts of the upper peninsula, a Marquette Democrat asserts, have written vigorously to Mr. Burleson urging that Juttner is not entitled to the office and that Mr. Cuddy has claims to it that ought not to be ignored. This development in the Menominee fight is one of the things that took Mr. Wood and his friends to Washington.

At the same time that Juttner's nomination was announced Daniel Holland's name was sent in for the Hancock postoffice. Holland had the endorsement of "originals" and other "organization" men, and it was suggested at the time that perhaps Representative Beakes, leader of the "originals," and Mr. Wood had come to terms as to the disposal of the postoffices where vacancies existed. Mr. Beakes, however, vigorously denied this and has been a prime mover in the effort to have Juttner's name withdrawn and Cuddy's sent in its place. Whether or not Holland, the Hancock man,



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is involved in this latest phase of the patronage dispute Marquette Democrats are unable to say. It is asserted that strong influences outside of Michigan are being exerted to the end that Cuddy may get the Menominee postoffice.

While because of their acquaintance with the Menominee candidates there is a marked interest among prominent Marquette Democrats in the Menominee fight as a contest, their particular curiosity about the outcome arises from the fact that much the same kind of a line-up that developed in Menominee exists here between the aspirants for the Marquette postoffice. The three candidates here, S. E. Byrne, J. S. Courtney and M. C. Scully, particularly the two first named, have been active in securing strong endorsements for the office, but it is generally admitted that considerations of major politics as much as anything else will determine the disposition made of it.

Mr. Byrne was associated with Judge O'Brien in the pre-convention campaign for Wilson in the Twelfth district, and his application for the Marquette office was forwarded through Representative Beakes. On the other hand, Mr. Courtney has been an "organization" man, regarding the state officials of the party as his head and front in Michigan, and he filed his application with State Committeeman Wood. Mr. Scully, the third man who is mentioned in connection with the office, though generally regarded as an organization man is less clearly identified with either of the factions than the other two aspirants.

The Marquette office will become vacant in the spring. It is generally believed here that by that time the general patronage difficulty in the state will be ironed out sufficiently so that the Marquette appointment will be made with little delay after the vacancy occurs.

FRENCH SCIENTIST BELIEVES AS RESULT OF EXPERIMENTS THAT FLOWERS SUFFER PAIN.

Paris, Nov. 9.—Can flowers feel pain? This is a question to which French physiologists are giving much attention at the present time. M. L. Chassaing believes that they can and do. His opinion is based on interesting experiments. Taking a mimosa plant, he exposed it to the action of heat. The leaves withered as if in pain. A simple mechanical effect, say the sceptics, a proof of sensibility, says M. Chassaing, since it does not take place if the mimosa be anesthetized. If the vase containing the mimosa is placed in a glass globe with a piece of cotton impregnated with chloroform or any other volatile anesthetic for half an hour, the foliage before for half an hour, the plant has all the appearance of being in a deep sleep. It is now subjected to the action of

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heat it remains unaffected. The plant no longer suffers. M. Chassaing has repeated the same experiment with many different kinds of plants but always with the same result. "It is maintained," he says, "that plants do not suffer pain because they no nerves. But modern physiologists are beginning to ask what exactly are nerves. Many of them hold that nerves are but the extension of protoplasm, modified and adapted to fulfill the required function. Hence the protoplasm of plants can perfectly well act as a rudimentary nervous system, and I am continuing my experiments with the object of establishing this beyond doubt."

Agricultural Machinery Match.

M. Clement the French minister of agriculture, has decided to institute a monster agricultural competition lasting three years which is to determine the merits of the various French agricultural machines run by steam, oil or other engines.

The competition will take place at the Agricultural school at Grignon and will be judged by a jury of agricultural experts from the French agricultural societies. A detailed report will be drawn up from the point of view of economy, as well as results, which is likely to give impetus to the movement in favor of motor agriculture in France. The use of motor machines is especially marked in the neighborhood of Meaux and Soissons, where fourteen sections of the district are using motor machines on the co-operative system.

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