

**MANSLAUGHTER IS THE CHARGE AGAINST PELKY**

**Puglist Whose Blow in the First Round Resulted in the Death of Luther McCarty Will Be Arraigned in the Police Court at Calgary, Alberta, Today.**

**A Dislocated Neck Found to Have Caused the Sudden and Tragical Demise of the World's Champion—Prosecution of Others Threatens—Arena Is Burned.**

**BULLETIN.**

Calgary, Alberta, May 25.—Tommy Burns prize fight arena, in which Luther McCarty was killed yesterday afternoon in his fight with Arthur Pelky, was burned to the ground at midnight tonight.

**Fighter's Neck Found Dislocated.**

Calgary, Alberta, May 25.—A dislocated neck caused the death yesterday of Luther McCarty during his fight with Arthur Pelky, according to information given out just before midnight tonight, following an autopsy conducted by Dr. Moshier at the request of Coroner Costello. It was stated by the physicians that the heart was found to be sound. A clot of blood on the brain aided in convincing the physicians that death was not due to the blow near the heart.

Shortly after the contest began yesterday, McCarty received a sharp jab to the jaw, which sent his head back quickly. It did not appear to have caused any pain and he was on his feet a half minute afterward. The left jab to the jaw was followed by Pelky with a right to the chest region, which caused the spectators to believe the latter blow had brought about the knockout. Physicians are of the opinion that the dislocation of the neck was not sustained in the fall which followed. McCarty fell slowly and did not strike his head.

**Pelky Taken into Custody.**

Calgary, Alberta, May 25.—Arthur Pelky, from whose stiff right hook near the heart Luther McCarty was fatally struck in the ring at the Burns arena here yesterday afternoon, will face a charge of manslaughter in police court here on Monday. The Royal Northwest Mounted police today completed the necessary papers in the charge placed against him. Just before the death of McCarty was announced, it developed today, Pelky had slipped into his street clothes at the request of his trainers and was whisked to his hotel in an automobile. It was not until after he had washed and dressed that he learned of McCarty's death. He started from the hotel, when officers arrived and took him into custody.

An autopsy was held over the dead fighter's body late last night and an inquest will be held tomorrow afternoon. The result of the post-mortem is withheld, pending the inquest. Numerous doubts were expressed today as to the actual cause of death. It did not seem as though there was sufficient force behind the blow to the heart to cause death, several have declared. Pelky said he did not believe that his punch actually landed near the heart.

It was rumored here today that McCarty had suffered from a slight weakness of the heart during the last few days, and that the coroner, Tommie Burns, the former heavyweight champion, has succeeded for one year in conducting bouts at his arena located outside the city limits.

**Lid Is Put Down Tight Now.**

The fatal ending will have the effect of putting the lid down tight on boxing bouts in Western Canada. Tommie Burns, the former heavyweight champion, has succeeded for one year in conducting bouts at his arena located outside the city limits.

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Pelky showed a great deal of improvement over former appearances here. In the brief contest yesterday he exhibited better judgment of distance than his opponent, and also put more steam into his blows.

onds rushed to the fallen man quickly and at once realized that something was wrong. Billy McCarty, his manager, began to shout: "Get a doctor; he's cold and stiff."

**Crowd Swarms into the Ring.**

Several medical men at once elamered through the ropes and did all in their power to resuscitate the athlete. The crowd began to press forward, climbing over seats and press tables, breaking telephone and telegraph connections in their mad scramble to be in at the finish. The police took charge and tried hard to force them back to give air to McCarty. Failing in this, McCarty was picked up and carried to the open air, where he died in fifteen minutes, about twenty-five minutes after the fight.

The doctors say that McCarty must have had valvular heart trouble and that this had been aggravated by the excitement. The crowd of 6,500 gave Pelky twice the reception McCarty got. Luther, used to the attention of the public, plainly felt this, and when Pelky began to land his blows with precision Luther seemingly was unable to judge distance and landed only one blow, a glancing one.

Pelky had landed two snappy left jabs and a straight left as McCarty rushed into a clinch. They broke, and Pelky shot in a short right hook to the vicinity of the heart. McCarty again clinched and they broke without a blow being struck. It was then that McCarty toppled to the floor.

**Parson's Address Opened Bout.**

Rev. Dr. Harold Walker, an athlete parson, made an address before the main bout in which he declared the boxing ring and saw nothing brutal in the sport. He pointed to McCarty as the white heavyweight champion of the world and to Pelky, the man "who, by his skill and strength, will, if he can, be world's champion after this bout."

His strange prophecy came true, though by a quicker, sadder route than the parson had anticipated. He was a personal friend of McCarty and was greatly shocked at the outcome.

**Sparring Is Fatal to Chicago Man.**

Chicago, May 25.—Frank Carbone, a member of a physical culture school here, died today from injuries believed to have been received while sparring in the school last Tuesday. The police have been unable to locate the owner of the school, although they have identified the person with whom Carbone was sparring.

Carbone returned home on Tuesday night and told his mother that he had been struck in the abdomen while sparring. Next morning he was unable to rise, he became seriously ill today and died before a physician could arrive.

**ZBYSZKO FARES ILL IN MONTREAL BOUT**

Montreal, Canada, May 25.—Stanislas Zbyszko, the Polish wrestler, is suffering from a fractured skull and further injuries as a result of a plunge from the ring to the floor and the alleged fouling tactics used by his opponent, Constant LeBlanc in a match here last night. While his condition is serious, it is believed his injuries will not prove fatal. The big Pole, however, will be out of the ring for some time.

The men had been wrestling only a few minutes when Zbyszko plunged from the ring. Zbyszko received a severe cut over his left eye in the fall, and when the men returned to the mat the referee had to call time and have the wound stitched, as the blood from it had covered both the wrestlers and they were a gory sight.

**PECULIAR ACCIDENT ON FERRYBOAT KILLS A MAN AT CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY.**

Camden, N. J., May 25.—Hundreds of passengers were thrown into a panic, one man was drowned and two boys were injured today when an automobile was hurled from a ferryboat carrying a crowd of passengers on a ferry boat entering a dock here and was brought to a standstill on a gear that had plunged through the iron guard rail and half way over the front of the boat.

William Goss, a deckhand, endeavored to hold back the heavy car and was pushed into the river and drowned. Philip Kurtz and Jacob Mintzer, seven-year-old boys, who were in the path of the machine, were thrown down and painfully injured.

Mrs. August Simpson and her daughter, Miss Nellie, and a boy, Frederick Burley, were in the car when it started forward. They screamed with fright, but remained seated until the machine was stopped by the rear wheel catching in the wreckage of the guard rail.

**AVIATOR GEO. HAMILTON FALLS A HUNDRED FEET; PROBABLY WILL RECOVER.**

Mineola, N. Y., May 25.—George Hamilton, thirty-six years old, of Reno, Nev., had one of the most remarkable accidents to date ever seen on the aviation field here. Hamilton was trying out a new type of monoplane, the framework of which is built of iron tubing. When about one hundred feet in the air the monoplane turned turtle without an instant's warning and crashed to the ground before a large number of spectators. Hamilton, who was pinned under the debris, was picked up in a dazed condition and taken to a hospital, where it was found he had a severe scalp wound, a deep cut on the chin and chest and numerous contusions: He probably will recover.

**DOCTORS TELL W. MCUTCHEON HE MAY NOT DIE**

**Chicago Man Whose Case Is Similar to That of B. Sanders Walker Receives Encouragement—His Physicians Believe Now That He Will Recover.**

**Nausea Following the Swallowing of Mercury Tablets by Mistake Bids Fair to Prove His Salvation—Most of the Poison Eliminated Before Reaching the Intestines.**

Chicago, May 25.—W. L. McCutcheon, an automobile salesman, who took three bihloride of mercury tablets by mistake and who the doctors yesterday thought was sure to die, received encouragement today. After an examination and consultation at the hospital, the physicians decided that McCutcheon had eliminated most of the poison from his stomach before it had entered the intestines and concluded that in every probability he would recover.

McCutcheon was taken to his home tonight. It will be necessary, however, to watch his condition carefully for several days, the crisis arising from the residue of the poison passes through the kidneys.

**But Little Pain Suffered.**

The automobile salesman suffered little today. He retained his consciousness and was cheered by the report of the doctors. He discussed frequently the case of B. Sanders Walker, the Maroon (Ga.) banker who died last week from the same poison, accidentally taken.

Before the doctors told him of his chance for recovery, McCutcheon spoke of the statement attributed to Walker before his death: "If this is dying, the Georgian man is quoted as saying, "no one need have fear of death." The prospect of an "easy death" apparently reassured the Chicago man, who commented on his own lack of suffering.

Except for the nausea immediately following his taking of the poison, to which the physicians attribute his chance of recovery, McCutcheon has felt no sickness. "It is hard to believe that a person who feels perfectly well is in any danger of death," he said.

**Will Not Make Will Just Yet.**

McCutcheon declared that he would accept the assurance of recovery given by the doctors and, instead of preparing for death by arranging his affairs, he said he would prepare for life by remaining in bed under the constant watch of his physicians.

**I. W. W. LEADERS PLEAD WITH PATERSON STRIKERS NOT TO RETURN TO WORK.**

Pateron, N. J., May 25.—The usual Sunday meeting of the silk mill strikers was held today, just outside the city limits. A large gathering of strikers and their sympathizers listened to speeches by Industrial Workers of the

**BASEBALL**

**STANDINGS OF THE TEAMS.**

American League.			
Team	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	21	9	.700
Cleveland	18	12	.607
Washington	18	12	.581
Chicago	21	16	.568
Boston	14	19	.424
Detroit	15	22	.405
St. Louis	16	24	.400
New York	9	23	.281
National League.			
Team	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	20	7	.741
Brooklyn	18	13	.579
St. Louis	15	16	.529
New York	15	14	.517
Chicago	18	17	.514
Pittsburg	16	19	.457
Boston	11	17	.393
Cincinnati	10	25	.286
American Association.			
Team	W.	L.	P.C.
Columbus	20	14	.588
Milwaukee	22	17	.564
Louisville	21	17	.553
Kansas City	19	18	.514
Minneapolis	19	17	.528
St. Paul	16	19	.457
Indianapolis	15	19	.441
Toledo	12	20	.316

**SCHEDULES FOR TODAY.**

**American League.**  
 Detroit at St. Louis.  
 Chicago at Cleveland.  
 Boston at New York.  
 Washington at Philadelphia.

**National League.**  
 St. Louis at Chicago.  
 Cincinnati at Pittsburg.  
 Philadelphia at Brooklyn.  
 New York at Boston.

**American Association.**  
 Milwaukee at Indianapolis.  
 Louisville at Minneapolis.

**YESTERDAY'S GAMES.**

**American League.**  
 Detroit, 7-8; St. Louis, 4-6.  
 St. Louis, May 25.—Detroit today won both games of a double-header from St. Louis, taking the first contest by a score of 7 to 4 and the second by 8 to 6. In

World firms, who pleaded with them to remain firm, and not return to work. William B. Haywood made the strong feature of his speech the necessity for the strikers picketing the mill. "Unless you picket the mills you may as well give up the strike," Haywood said. "I want you all to get out on the picket line, especially on Tuesday morning, to prove the break that is supposed to have taken place in the ranks."

**DISASTER THREATENS TO COST CITY DEAR**

**Damage Suits and Possible Prosecution Faced by Long Beach, Cal., and Officials.**

Long Beach, Calif., May 25.—Prospective damage suits aggregating probably one million dollars or more and a grand jury investigation engaged the attention of the city officials today as the most imminent outcome of the disaster yesterday when thirty-six persons lost their lives in the collapse of a portion of the municipal pier just after the close of the "British Empire Day" pageant. Nearly all the victims were former Britons or the children of Britons and most of them lived at Los Angeles.

While City Attorney Long was occupied with the legal phase of the disaster aftermath today, Mayor Hatch and members of the city council and of the board of public works, conferred with District Attorney Frederick L. Sawyer, in charge of the inquiry which will be started at the time of the coroner's inquest on Tuesday. The object of the inquiry is to fix the responsibility for the condition of the pier, a section of which, in front of the municipal auditorium, went down under a weight of human beings which has been estimated at less than seven hundred and fifty tons.

Officers Guard the Ruins.  
 On the order of the district attorney two officers were placed on guard this morning over the ruined section of the pier. They were instructed to keep watch constantly in twelve-hour shifts, until relieved by the grand jury and to allow no tampering with any part of the structure that collapsed and dropped several hundred merry-makers down a funnel of jacked timber and boards to the strand within a few feet of the ocean tides.

The officers here point out that the rhythmic vibration created by the measured tread of thousands of feet caused a tremendous strain upon the supports, which already had been burdened by the throngs crowded about the auditorium doors awaiting admittance. The grand jury investigation was dominated by the officers of the United Societies of British Born Residents whose celebration of Queen Victoria's birthday anniversary was interrupted by the tragedy.

They said the most seriously injured were taken to their homes in Los Angeles and neighboring cities today. The total number of injured probably will never be known accurately. About sixty-five, however, were seriously hurt, most of them still being in hospitals here and in Los Angeles.

**The Weather**

Washington, May 25.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Generally fair, Monday and Tuesday; warmer; moderate east winds.

**Tigers Defeat Browns Twice in a Double Header; Sox Tally Once While Naps Make Eight Circuits; Eight Runs in One Inning by Cubs Beat Cardinals.**

The first game the visitors hit the St. Louis pitchers hard and took advantage of the home twirlers' wisdom and their teammates' errors. In the second contest, the Tigers bunched hits, the winning run coming on Cobb's triple and Veach's single. Manager Stovall played his first full game since he was suspended by President Johnson of the American league three weeks ago for his argument with Umpire Ferguson.

Chicago, 9; St. Louis, 2.  
 Chicago, May 25.—Chicago batted Steele hard in less than one inning today and won the first game of the series with St. Louis here by the score of 9 to 2. Burk relieved Steele, but he, too, was hit opportunely. Pierce of Chicago had little difficulty holding the visitors safe. Saier's home run in the first inning, clearing the bases, and the batting and fielding of Zimmerman featured.

Chicago, 8; Chicago, 1.  
 Chicago, May 25.—Hard hitting by Cleveland, combined with poor fielding by Chicago, gave the visitors a lopsided game today, 8 to 1. Mitchell, though shaky once or twice, was effective most of the time, while none of the three Chicago pitchers could prevent Cleveland hits when his mound runs. Russell who began the game for Chicago, was knocked senseless by a pitched ball in the sixth inning and, though he recovered after a time, was unable to finish the game.

Cleveland, 8; Chicago, 1.  
 Chicago, May 25.—Cincinnati defeated Pittsburg here today, 1 to 0, in a tight pitchers' battle between Benton and Adams, the former having a shade the better of it. Pittsburg threatened in several innings, but Benton was able to stop all impending batting rallies. Beck

**WIND WHISKS AWAY ASHES OF MOUNTAIN POET**

**Last Remnants of All That Was Mortal of Joaquin Miller Are Disposed of With Interesting Ceremony in the Picturesque Hills Near Oakland, California.**

**Scattered Among the Flames of a Pyre Built by the Author Himself, the Dust Once His Body Is Picked Up by a Jealous Breeze and Is Wafted Afar.**

Oakland, Calif., May 25.—The ashes of the late Joaquin Miller, poet, the Sierras, were scattered today among the flames of a funeral pyre that had been built by the poet's own hands. The ceremony was held at the Miller home, the Heights, situated in the picturesque hills near Oakland. The Bohemian club of San Francisco was in charge of the rites, which were witnessed by more than five hundred persons, including the poet's widow and daughter, Junietta, and many old-time friends.

The services were short, but impressive, and were in accordance with Miller's dying wishes as nearly as these could be carried out. At their conclusion, Colonel John P. Irish of Oakland mounted the steps of the pyre. "This," he said, "is not an occasion for mourning, but one for rejoicing. We are here not to mourn the death of Joaquin Miller, but to rejoice that through his genius he still lives."

Colonel Irish then applied a torch to oil-soaked fagots on the pyre. As the flames shot upward, the colonel took the copper urn in which the poet's ashes had been sealed and gave them to the fire. Instantly a jealous wind whisked the ashes from the flames and bore them away. A chorus of sixty voices of the Bohemian club sang "Godly," a poem of Miller's.

The exercises began with a brief introductory speech by President Field of the Bohemian club. He re-iterated that Miller had asked the club to take charge of his remains and burn them in the Heights, and that the club had endeavored to carry out the request so far as it was able. The authorities would not permit the burning of the body as the poet had requested.

**NON-CHRISTIAN PEOPLE IN THE MAJORITY IN THE U. S.**

Detroit, May 25.—"A study of twelve large American cities shows that in five one of the number do the communicants of Christian, bodies—Protestant and Catholic combined—equal the non-Christian population." This was one of the statements which Rev. Lathan A. Cranford of Minneapolis, made today in the annual sermon to the Northern Baptist convention, in session here. He dwelt for some time on his declaration that the non-Christian population of the United States had attained almost unbelievable proportions.

**COL. ROOSEVELT VISITS THE LINCOLN PARK ZOO ON WAY TO MARQUETTE.**

Chicago, May 25.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt reached Chicago from New York at 4 o'clock this afternoon and remained until 6:30 o'clock this evening, when he departed for Marquette, Mich. The former president spent the time here in a visit to the animal house in Lincoln Park. He was accompanied by Edmund Heller, the naturalist with the Roosevelt party on the African trip.

James R. Garfield, former secretary of the interior, joined the party at Cleveland this morning. Frank Tyree, United States marshal for West Virginia and formerly of the United States secret service, boarded the train in Toledo. Mr. Tyree was President Roosevelt's body guard. Robert Bacon, former secretary of state, joined the party here. All three are to testify for Colonel Roosevelt.

**NAVY'S HEAD PRAISES BRYAN AND REFERS TO ROOSEVELT-NEWETT CASE.**

Washington, May 25.—Praise of Secretary Bryan for the "courage of his convictions" in refusing to secede with a dinner he gave recently to the diplomatic corps was given by Secretary Daniels today in addressing a Sunday school rally for prohibition in the District of Columbia. He advised all young men to follow Secretary Bryan's counsel and to seek safety in total abstinence.

Secretary Daniels also lauded Theodore Roosevelt for presenting for libel an editor accused of circulating a story relative to drinking on the part of the former president.

**SOCIALISTS DEMAND WEST VIRGINIA QUIZ**

Charleston, W. Va., May 25.—The committee of Socialists which was sent here by the national committee of the party to investigate conditions in the coal regions tonight sent a telegram to Senator Kern, urging the passage of the senator's resolution for a federal probe into the West Virginia situation. The message follows: "It is imperative that the Kern resolution do pass. Conditions have improved considerably under Governor Hatfield's administration, but there is no doubt that the federal constitution was set aside in the coal regions. The fundamental rights of citizenship were denied, papers were suppressed and postal laws ignored."

"Under the guise of law and order, the military and civil authorities substituted mob law for constitutional government. Armored trains with machine guns poured deadly fire into homes of defenseless men, women and children. The senate owes the nation a searching investigation and the long reign of lawlessness in the mining region of West Virginia."

The telegram is signed by Eugene V. Debs, Adolph Germer and Victor L. Berger. The committee, it is said, had decided not to go to Washington at this time, but will leave here tomorrow for Chicago, where it probably will make a report to the national committee of the Socialist party.

**Debs Committee Reports Lawful Government Substituted by Mob Law.**

Indianapolis, May 25.—Senator John W. Kern, who has been here for three days, departed for Washington tonight, thirty-six hours ahead of his schedule in response to telegrams urging him to be there by noon tomorrow. His resolution asking for an investigation of conditions in West Virginia will be reported favorably by the committee having it under consideration, the senator said.

**INDIANAPOLIS MAY VISIT COURT.**

It is not certain whether Colonel Roosevelt, who will on his arrival be taken to the home of George Shiras 3rd, whose guest he will be during his stay in the city, will appear in the courtroom this afternoon. This, it was asserted yesterday, will depend wholly on the progress that is made with drawing the jury. If the jury is secured with little difficulty, or if it appears that it is likely to be filled out before court adjourns for the day, Colonel Roosevelt will likely come to the court chamber. On the other hand if the making of the jury proves a tedious and difficult task, the colonel will not likely appear in the court until some time Tuesday, perhaps Tuesday morning.

**LONDON EXPERIENCES USUAL SUNDAY RIOT**

London, May 25.—Victoria Park, in the West end, was the scene of rioting today when trades unionists and socialists attempted to hold a demonstration in support for votes for working women. Fifteen platforms had been erected and elaborately decorated with flags tomorrow in the crush and children were trampled upon. In many instances the women's clothing was nearly all torn off. There were innumerable free fights and ambulance forces were kept busy.

Suffragists paraded with their colors, the standard bearers wearing red liberty caps. This was the cause of more disorder. The mob tore the decorations from the platform and carried away the flags as souvenirs.

**EMPEROR OF JAPAN IS SO IMPROVED HE GIVES AUDIENCE TO OFFICIALS.**

Tokyo, Japan, Monday, May 26.—The condition of Emperor Yoshihito was so favorable Sunday that he received in audience several state officials. The bulletins issued by the attending physicians probably will be suspended, in view of the steady improvement. The bulletin issued this morning indicated a normal condition. The temperature was 98.78, pulse 72 and respiration 27.

**ROOSEVELT VS. NEWETT IS TO START TODAY**

**Case on Which Eyes of Country Is Fixed Will Be Called in Judge Flannigan's Court at 2 P. M., When the Task of Getting a Jury Will Be Taken Up.**

**Colonel's Party, Including Many Men of Nationwide Reputation, Will Arrive This Morning—A Large Party of Outside Newspaper Men Here to Report Trial.**

The case of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt vs. George A. Newett will open this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Marquette county court house, when the names of the regular and special veniremen for the May term will be placed together and the drawing of the jury will be started.

Colonel Roosevelt and his party will arrive in the city at 7:45 this morning. J. H. Pound, attorney for the colonel, arrived here Saturday evening, and H. M. Wallace, of Detroit, Progressive national committeeman for Michigan, who attended to the preliminaries of setting the suit started, came in yesterday. W. P. Beiden, of Ishpeming, principal counsel for Mr. Newett, and H. M. Andrews, of Cleveland, who will assist him in the case, will be down this morning, accompanied by Mr. Newett himself, who yesterday afternoon, while Colonel Roosevelt was spending over the rails to Marquette, drifted through the city a member of an automobile party. Judge Flannigan came up from Norway yesterday morning.

Many Newspapermen Here.  
 The opening of the trial will be attended by one of the largest gatherings of outside newspapermen ever assembled in a Michigan city. Correspondents, feature writers and staff photographers to the number of about fifteen have reached Marquette by last evening and it is expected that their number will be augmented today. Included in their number are representatives of the Associated Press, the United Press and other newspapers, as well as special correspondents for a number of newspapers.

To meet the demands of the public's interest in the case the correspondents will file a sufficient number of words to report a national convention. For their accommodation two loop wires will be run into the ante room of the court chamber, on the east side, and the telegraph offices have ordered in force of extra operators. The trial will be one of the most thoroughly reported news events ever occurring in the state, if it will not have that distinction without any qualifications.

Colonel May Visit Court.  
 It is not certain whether Colonel Roosevelt, who will on his arrival be taken to the home of George Shiras 3rd, whose guest he will be during his stay in the city, will appear in the courtroom this afternoon. This, it was asserted yesterday, will depend wholly on the progress that is made with drawing the jury. If the jury is secured with little difficulty, or if it appears that it is likely to be filled out before court adjourns for the day, Colonel Roosevelt will likely come to the court chamber. On the other hand if the making of the jury proves a tedious and difficult task, the colonel will not likely appear in the court until some time Tuesday, perhaps Tuesday morning.

As soon as the twelfth man of the jury is accepted and sworn, counsel for Colonel Roosevelt, after offering in evidence the article on which the case hinges, will proceed to put in the evidence by which it will seek to show that the article is libelous. It will open fire at once with the galaxy of notable witnesses who have come to Marquette to go on the stand for Colonel Roosevelt. This means, in effect, that one of the most interesting periods of the case, at least from the viewpoint of the local public, will come directly on the heels of the filing of the jury.

**IMMUNERABLE FREE FIGHTS MARK DEMONSTRATION IN FAVOR OF VOTES FOR WOMEN.**

London, May 25.—Victoria Park, in the West end, was the scene of rioting today when trades unionists and socialists attempted to hold a demonstration in support for votes for working women. Fifteen platforms had been erected and elaborately decorated with flags tomorrow in the crush and children were trampled upon. In many instances the women's clothing was nearly all torn off. There were innumerable free fights and ambulance forces were kept busy.

Suffragists paraded with their colors, the standard bearers wearing red liberty caps. This was the cause of more disorder. The mob tore the decorations from the platform and carried away the flags as souvenirs.

Following the appearance of the witnesses for the defendant, the depositions for the defendant will be offered, if the case takes the course expected of it. The depositions taken in behalf of Colonel Roosevelt are principally in rebuttal of those taken for the defendant.

(Continued on Page Five.)

was expressed in official circles today news of the marked improvement in the condition of the Japanese emperor. Great anxiety had been felt at the Japanese embassy and in official circles generally, but the latest reports from the emperor's bedside indicated that he was steadily gaining ground and might be well again in a few weeks.

There were no developments today, either at the embassy or at the state department, in connection with the negotiations concerning the California land apportionment. Both sides are awaiting with interest the next word from Tokyo.

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL

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MONDAY, MAY 26, 1913.

THE JAPANESE DEMAND.

While the text of the diplomatic note has not yet been given out, it is clear that Japan has made a demand which she will as a nation be unable to comply. In her present position among the nations, Japan is unwilling that her people, as such, shall take a secondary place. She, in common with her Asiatic neighbors, has heard of the treatment accorded the Negro in America, and is extremely sensitive of any grouping under the word "colored," which may put her subjects in the same category.

This is all the issue that remains. The legislation of California, however needless and ill-advised it may have been, was finally brought into technical compliance with our treaty obligations. Benjamin Ide Wheeler, president of the University of California, says there is no legal basis on which Japan can object to California's action, and he is probably correct.

Just as our Pacific coast states have an undoubted right to prescribe local conditions of land holding, so our federal government has the right to determine the basis of its citizenship. It can make this a "white man's country" if it so desires. Japan is unwilling that we should do this. Her people do not care much about voting here. Even those born on our soil, who are entitled to the ballot, pay little attention to it. This has long been noted in Hawaii. But it is the principle of the thing, the sign of inferiority, which our exclusion from naturalization puts upon her people that she objects to.

The relations of the races is one of the most trying problems which the future will have to solve. In Hong Kong there are Chinese merchants of wealth and cultivation, priding themselves on being British subjects, honored by offices of responsibility by the imperial government, who are nevertheless not allowed to cross the threshold as guests of the hotels at which the white race finds accommodation.

When China and Japan get to be great powers, perhaps with a freed India and an independent Filipino people, the occidental world may have to revise its estimates of the colored races. Who knows that the superiority which the Caucasian arrogates to himself can be steadily maintained? The triumph of Japan over Russia gave the old idea a rude shock. Other equally significant revisions of judgment may be coming. And it is as a part of the age-long question that the little happenings of California derive their chief significance.

A SANE VIEW.

There will be general approval of the attitude of E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation, in arguing that big business accept at its face value the Democrats' assurance that honest business has nothing to fear from the present administration.

In the belief, apparently, that President Wilson can be swayed from his present purpose with regard to the tariff if only the clamor of the protesting interests is made loud enough, or that the outrages may ultimately have the effect of breaking down the slender Democratic majority in the senate so that the pending bill may be changed to make it, in much larger measure, a protective bill, there has been, mostly from Republican quarters, no end of calamity howling and predictions of dire disaster.

It has been a bootless business. It has so far had no effect and there is little indication that it will have any effect except that of unsettling, in some degree, the quiet confidence so necessary to the orderly progress of the business world. It obviously will have no effect in staying the hand of President Wilson. He is not weakling. His attitude has been made plain, and he has clearly indicated that he cannot be swayed from it by any clamor that there is good reason to believe has its roots in selfishness.

So it appears that business, both large and small, may well accept the Democrats' assurance that honest business need feel in no danger from the present administration and await developments without further pursuing the destructive, and rather obvious, tactics so far retailed in many quarters and by many newspapers.

The competition of five-cent per K. W. electrical current, with appropriate reductions for large consumers, has of course served only to spur the Gas company to a perfection of methods and a zeal for new business that has made it in an A I going concern whose shares are quoted up to \$200 or thereabouts. The council should have no difficulty at all selling a franchise to the Gas company at a price that would clear up the city hall bonds. The proposal that it should do so may well be recommended to the immediate attention of the finance committee.

And some members are anxious to break into type as others are to stay out.

THE CASE OF BURTON.

Former Senator Dick, of Ohio, will be a candidate for the seat now held by Senator Burton. Burton was formerly one of the men in congress referred to as of the group who brought both brains and high character to the councils of the party leadership that shaped congressional action. But now, in connection with the tentative candidacy of Mr. Dick to be his successor, he is referred to as the weakest of the prospective opposing candidates.

Burton's reputation was severely cramped in the Year of Our Lord 1912. Roosevelt, it will be recalled, swept Ohio in the primaries with a measure of decisiveness surprising to his opponents. But, unfortunately, his victory at the polls did not carry the delegates at large with it. These had to be chosen by a convention of delegates selected by old-machine methods. It was then known that the control of the Chicago convention would be decided by a few votes, and the word went out that Taft had to have the Ohio delegates at large, whether or not he had a moral claim to them. Delivery was easy of accomplishment. The convention at which they were named was no higher in political morals than the other conventions of the primaries have so rapidly been replacing, and with men like Burton complaisant under the preposterous demand of the Taft leaders this additional touch of political brigandage was practically an accomplished fact.

Taft got the delegates; Burton helped with the delivery. Now Taft is a professor at Yale and in a field of four candidates in Ohio Burton is referred to by friends of Dick as the weakest man in the opposition. The once high reputation of Burton has apparently declined to zero. He is compromised in the eyes of the people. His race is run, and his swan song is doubtless in the course of preparation.

As was to have been expected, because of the lack of opposition and the absence of any issue, the election of charter commissioners Saturday was attended by no interest and resulted in a merely nominal vote. The commission is generally expected to prepare and submit to the voters of the city a plan of government that if it is not an out and out commission plan will at least embody a number of the salient features of that plan. Much evidence exists that a majority of the voters will be found in a frame of mind to approve a new city charter that will propose a form of government radically different from the one now in vogue and that has been in vogue since the city was incorporated. But there rests on the commissioners who will frame the charter the obligation of proceeding about their work with great care and a purpose of proposing a plan which because of its well considered provisions will appeal most convincingly to those men who will make the most searching study of it. A charter that will look better the more closely it is studied and analyzed will have an excellent chance of approval, for it will follow that it will be possible to put up in its behalf a convincing line of argument. The great majority of the voters of the city will survey the work of the commission disinterestedly and with the welfare of the city solely in mind. If it commends itself to them it will be approved.

THE CASE OF BURTON.

The plan of the Commercial club to call to an account the horde of unsponsored solicitors and agents who come to the city is one that may very well be made effective by the co-operation of the business men and the householders. It will have to have their support if it is to be effective, for without it nothing that the officials of the Commercial club can do will afford the requisite protection. If, however, residents of the city would refuse to aid solicitors whose credentials had not been approved by the Commercial club and took the same attitude toward itinerant vendors of goods, a supervision over the present great quantity of unorganized trading and soliciting would quickly be established that should result in annually saving the residents of the town large sums of money. It is only a few weeks ago that 200 or 300 purchasers of a sweeping device were misled by an advertisement which the device having been disposed of here at a price 25 per cent. in excess of what it could be purchased for in nearby cities. This is the sort of thing that the proposed plan of the Commercial club would prevent. The business men and residents of the city will serve their own interests if they will give the officers of the club every assistance in carrying it out.

THE CASE OF BURTON.

Senator Gallinger, chairman of the senate delegation on G. O. P. reorganization, in telling how the senate end of the committee was made up, defined his idea of the political status of Senator Townsend of Michigan. Senator Norris was taken on to represent the progressive; Senator Jones was judged three-fourths progressive, and Senator Townsend, Gallinger remarked, was about one-sixteenth progressive. He himself and Senator Clark of Wyoming, he smilingly conceded, were the reactionaries. Senator Gallinger's estimate of the degree of progressiveness found in Senator Townsend is not likely to be pleasing to that member, but it no doubt reflects the view of many unreasonable former supporters of the senator back in Michigan.

THE CASE OF BURTON.

Apparently Mr. Barnes, Jr. of New York, could save much serious trouble for the G. O. P. organization in the Empire state by eliminating himself from the state chairmanship without lingering around for the coming of the boomer.

THE CASE OF BURTON.

Having burned churches the militants seem to be reserving for their next grand stroke the destruction of orphan asylums. Self-interest should restrain them, however, from setting the torch to the institutions for the insane.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

THE CASE OF BURTON.

What, has the peace society, after all its labors, accomplished so little toward disarmament that one of its shining lights must acknowledge with a sort of chastened gloom that the majority of Americans still know how to pull a trigger?

THE CASE OF BURTON.

But to get back to the main subject, Mr. Carnegie seems somehow to have confounded the figures on the adult male population of the country with the figures on the militia. According to the latter estimate the number of males over 21 is 15,000,000 men, but it is an unorganized, unprepared mass of humanity, mostly without knowledge of the first rudiments of warfare.

THE CASE OF BURTON.

Yet, according to Mr. Carnegie, if danger were to threaten our territory from some great military nation, the president of the United States could call for two or three million of these, more or less, as the occasion required, and we might then have our invader to land and would escort them as far inland as they choose.

THE CASE OF BURTON.

Loose and ill-considered conversation on the order of the second morning to a country that the ultra-militarism which over-enthusiasm develops among extremists on the other side. It is sheer twaddle.

THE CASE OF BURTON.

Unfortunately Mr. Carnegie has neglected to tell us where these millions are to be placed. The only way of securing proper arms, drill masters, officers and commissary and sanitary departments. Nor does he inform us how, in this day, when every strategic is familiar with Napoleon's Russian campaign, the invaders are to be lured from the present task of having veterans soldiers would air in tents. The sort of nonsense he is talking hurts the peace movement much more than it helps it because it makes the movement appear ridiculous.—Detroit Free Press.

THE CASE OF BURTON.

When the rulers of three great world powers get together in friendly confab, it is quite natural for the rest of the world to sit up and take notice. Such an occasion is just now being staged at the German capital, where Emperor William is the host of two of his associates in the high business, namely, Czar Nicholas, of Russia, and King George, of Great Britain. The meeting is called the "three kings," and it is rather than connected with matters of state and diplomacy, yet the intimation is not lacking that the "three kings" may find opportunity to do a little business on the side.

sweet, aspiring thought in you, he would turn to the jury. And he would exchange an intelligent, libelous smile with those twelve sturdy souls. And then he would go back to his chair, and without even troubling to look in your direction he would say: "That is quite enough, Mr. Cobb. You may step down."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

EDITORIAL OPINION

The Laird of Skibo Orates on Peace.

Andrew Carnegie comes forward in an interview with some rather remarkable statistics and conclusions concerning the military strength of this country, which indicates that in his enthusiasm for the peace movement the laird of Skibo has lost some of his ability to see facts regardless of prejudice or personal desire. Mr. Carnegie assures us that according to the census reports, this country has 22,000,000 militiamen, subject to call, the greater portion of whom have guns and can shoot." Moreover, he says this in a glowing way which must send cold shivers down the spine of his fellow members in the peace society.

But to get back to the main subject, Mr. Carnegie seems somehow to have confounded the figures on the adult male population of the country with the figures on the militia. According to the latter estimate the number of males over 21 is 15,000,000 men, but it is an unorganized, unprepared mass of humanity, mostly without knowledge of the first rudiments of warfare.

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The excuse for this meeting of prominence is the rumored marriage of the only daughter of the German emperor, Princess Victoria Louise, to Prince Ernest August of Cumberland. But while the eyes of the public will follow the details of the nuptial ceremony proper, no little interest will be manifested in what is going on behind the scenes, and particularly why may pass between the kaiser and his two young guests. There is a well founded suspicion that this meeting of the British, German and Russian rulers has a larger significance than merely a chance gathering to attend a wedding ceremony, and that back some of the German officials will talk over matters of great public interest and importance. In other words, when three big kings get together there is usually "something doing," and the other European rulers and nations will not rest easy until they know the answer. Three kings is a pretty strong hand, the basis of a full house and sometimes of a roughhouse.—Oskosh Northwestern.

As long as the United States senate remained responsible, not to the people directly, but to legislatures and bosses, there was small hope that it would abandon its character as defender of the status quo, even now, in the hour of the far-reaching effects of the seventeenth amendment which puts back into the hands of the millions the control of this powerful organization.

It was the senate which wrote the "perfidy and dishonor" bill in the Gorman-Wilson bill. It was the senate which passed the Dilke-Payne bill the senate which wrecked a party. It is the senate which today stands as the only hope the overly protected interests have that the Underwood bill will be nullified to their own profit.

In the days since Grover Cleveland protested against the tariff bill of 1894 a radical change has come over the senate. Even in the four years which have intervened since the enactment of the present tariff law the change has been marked and rapid.

The senate has to a large extent already become a responsible body. Many of its members were virtually chosen in primary. All, if they hope to return, must submit their case to the people directly.

That the seventeenth amendment enacts its shadow before. No senator can escape responsibility for his action through the indifference of a legislature or the connivance of a party machine.

By pluralities impressive and almost astounding, both at the polls and in the electoral college, voters made known their wish upon the tariff which the present measure interprets to the best of the administration's ability. Any Democrats in the senate so far ignoring the call to duty as to endeavor to increase his majority will merit the censures not of his own state alone but of the country.

These are considerations which the "senator senators" from Louisiana—bottle carriers to a century old infant industry—would do well to remember.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

That wonderful new empire, Florida, is profuse in bright ideas, some of which have already been mentioned in these pages. The latest conceived is, to make so easily adapted to almost every city, and the results are so immediate and practical, that the scheme deserves special mention.

In the city of Jacksonville, one of the employes of the health department has been detailed to inspect all the hotel and restaurant dining rooms and kitchens. In this case the work is done by a man, but the office is one which can be filled with equal ability by a woman. This inspector visits all these eating places several times each month, appearing at the most unexpected hours as well as during the times when regular meals are being served. The perfect grade is 100, which means the highest degree of cleanliness of rooms, kitchens, ice boxes, sinks, dishes, linen, and personal cleanliness of cooks, helper, dishwashers, waiters and all other help employed in the preparation and serving of the food. Table linen and working and serving garments in the help are inspected, the appearance of the waiter or waitress is noted, and uncooked food is examined to determine its condition, whether fresh or stale. All failures to maintain a certain standard are checked on a printed form and each had mark reduces the rating of "score" of the place for the occasion.

Thus far very good, but you will say, "How make the dirty plates clean up?" That's the easiest part of it. Once each month the daily papers print the names of all the hotels and restaurants, one name to each line, and they are easily read, and opposite each name are the figures of the score. In the printed list before me there are ninety-five places reported, seven of which head the list with the much wished for "100." Then the balance follow in order to the score, while the lowest are eighty-five.

When the plan was first put in operation, and the proprietors laughed at it, and professed themselves indifferent to what the marking should be. Their customers were satisfied and didn't care any way. And they have not cared previously, chiefly because they had never been in the kitchens, but when the first news was published trouble began, and angry patrons threatened to go elsewhere to dine. Then the proprietors saw a great light and promised reform. When the second marking score came out there was a marked improvement all along the line, some places showing a gain as high as twenty-five points. The inspection has been in force several months and the general rating is steadily rising. I believe no one has failed to note the very good reason he dare not. Every person who patronizes a public eating place, if the city immediately looks for the standing of the restaurant he patronizes. In this way that most potent appeal to the otherwise regardless "his pocketbook" is directly secured.

Do I hear someone hint at low marks for those who do not "come across," and another avenue of graft opened? In practice it doesn't work, because the man with the clean plate, who might be marked low, is the one who is marked high. All he needs do is to show his patrons through his kitchen and they can judge for themselves. And for the fellows who do not deserve high marks and buy them—his competitors have easy ways to find that out. They mark the plates, and the good rating and a filthy kitchen dare not open up to the inspection of patrons. Many of the finest hotels in the large cities already urge guests to visit their kitchens, at any hour, and find the practice the best advertising they can do.

Some day, the better class of restaurants also will find it profitable to do the same. It may not be a bad plan to require each place to print on its menu each day the rating it received for the previous month.—By H. H. Windsor, in the Popular Mechanics Magazine.

SAZINAW—The disappearance of 15-year-old Vera Crane, daughter of a prominent west side resident, was cleared up when the young lady was found on an Ann Arbor street car by a policeman of that city. Vera disappeared from school. Her parents have received a letter, evidently written in a school just over her left, in which she said she was going to Ann Arbor and work her way through the university, and that she would return home when she had made a name for herself. She was in the ninth grade in Arthur Hill High school. She has always held high ideals and been studious, but her parents had promised her a college education when she finished here.

GRAND RAPIDS—Potatoes are selling on the city market at 75 cents, a 15-cent jump. The jump has come so suddenly the farmers have not had time to get aboard and the offerings have been light. The advance is attributed to the belated crop in the south. Such new potatoes as are in market are mostly from Florida. The Texas crop ought to have been in several days ago, but is only just beginning to move, and it is stated that it is a partial failure. This has put a heavier burden on the old potatoes and buyers from Illinois, Indiana and other states have been bidding for the Michigan stock in a way to indicate that they wanted supplies badly. At upstate buying stations they have been paying 50 to 60 cents. A large increase in receipts is looked for.

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Classified Want Directory. HELP WANTED. WANTED—A man to work in Mining Journal building. WANTED—Baker wanted. A good steady helper man. Apply Cameron's Bakery, 221 North Third street. 5-27-13.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Inquire 968 Spruce street. 5-24-13. WANTED—A pastry cook, at Clifton Hotel. 5-21-13. WANTED—A second girl. Apply 477 E. Arch street. 5-20-13. WANTED—A first-class woman cook for hotel. Work right away. Inquire at 206 East Jackson street, next to opera house, Negaunee, Mich., Matthew A. Maloney. 5-19-13.

FOR RENT. FOR RENT—Furnished flat, all modern conveniences. 230 West Ridge street. Phone 285-L. 5-24-13. FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at 154 West Michigan street. 5-9-13. FOR RENT—Schaefer house on Baker street. See or phone A. Mathwa, Harlow street. 5-3-13. FOR RENT—Farm and barns, about a mile east of Marquette, Mich. Inquire 154 West Michigan street. Phone 462-L. 4-29-13.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. GOOD OPPORTUNITY for wide awake man with small investment. Town of Marquette. Investigate. W. J. Beever, Lansing, Mich. 5-19-13. FOR ROOF PAINT OR ROOF WORK of any kind call Elsworth, 947-L. 5-1-13.

MAQUETTE HOUSE. Thursday, May 29. Henry W. Savage offers THE ALL STAR CAST IN A BRILLIANT REVIVAL OF THE PRINCE OF PILSEN AMERICA'S BEST MUSICAL COMEDY With "Jess" Dandy as Hans Wagner. PRICES. Box seats.....\$2.00. Lower floor, except last four rows.....2.00. Last four rows, lower floor.....1.50. First two rows, balcony.....1.50. Balcony, balcony.....1.00. Gallery......50. Seats on sale at Bigelow & Co's. Tuesday, May 27, at 8:30 a. m. 5-23-20-28.

The Detroit Business University is the largest, best equipped, and most influential business training school in the state. No one can make a mistake by selecting this reputable institution for a practical education which leads to increased earning power. Write President E. R. Shaw for latest catalogue, 65 West Grand River is the location.

Monday Morning. IMPORT. Big Sawmill. The most... of the... ter of a... week from... sawmill the... company will... ing and other... progress for... their improve... is now about... size in the up... It is expecte... will be the... fete, though t... substantial... celebration L... reason of vari... tivities. Towns... S. L. Smith, owner of the... cided to plat... west side of... of the Barr... Edward Use... will erect the... Close, civil en... The wor... in L'Anse au... will need use... The new ad... be one of th... that can be f... near the depot... Hubbard def... meet at Mar... in the crick... from Wolver... feated Tamara... sarge-Quincy... The Ha... schools held w... Pentasts. In... meet at Mar... mappers were... cker country... strong teams... Calumet three... lick, exceeding... school record... year by Cochr... A large num... cock traveling... Driving park... travlimg's... to be organize... games with th... The wether w... and no decisio... Calumet is se... at Houghton... ball schedule... and Lake Lind... Hancock. The Copper... Baseball leagu... next Saturday... one of which w... The Calumet M... FLINT MA.



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Colorite will stain a straw hat almost any color, costs 25c. What more do you want provided you have the old hat.

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Any Roll Film developed for 10c.



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The largest stock in the city.

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Wholesale and Retail Hardware

**Building Material**

Get our prices on Portland Cement, Crushed Stone, Lime, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Red Brick, Pressed Flue Lining, Sewer Pipe, Drain Tile, Brick Trus-Con, Waterproofing Compounds.

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that will give satisfaction from the first to the last shovelful, place your order here for Machine Screened Anthracite Coal! Our advertising is done wholly to secure a trial order—after that you'll be satisfied to become a steady customer.

Right quality and price does it!

**James Pickands & Co., Ltd.**

For the benefit of the people of South Marquette we are selling Ice Cream by the pint at 30c, quart 40c. We are handling LaVallie's. When in need of Ice Cream call up 764-J

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**SCREENS**

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BANKERS & BROKERS.  
BOSTON, MASS.  
BOND DEPARTMENT.  
We specialize in high grade investment issues having attractive yields.  
Marquette Office.

**W. H. SCHWEITZER,**  
Resident Manager.  
We solicit your stock and bond business. Direct private wires to all markets.  
Curb Stocks Given Special Attention.

**PALACE LIVERY STABLE**  
FAY & BRICKER, Props.  
First-Class Boarding Stable.  
TEAMS OF ALL KINDS.

**Strawberries Daily**

- New Potatoes
  - New Carrots
  - Ripe Tomatoes
  - Cucumbers
  - Pie Plant
  - Asparagus
  - Spinach
  - Oyster Plant
  - Cauliflower
  - Head Lettuce
  - Leaf Lettuce
  - Parsley
  - Radish
  - Green Peppers
  - Bermuda Onions
  - Spanish Onions
  - Green Onions
- Fresh Figs in baskets.  
Stuffed Dates in boxes.

**MURRAY'S GROCERY**

Phone 28 or 29.

**ROYCROFT FARM**

**Cottage Cheese**

**PIMENTO SANDWICH FILLING**

**Grape Fruit-Orange MARMALADE**

**Home Made The Best Ever**

**DEL'S GROCERY**

133 Washington St.

**Today**

- STRAWBERRIES,
- PINEAPPLES,
- GRAPE FRUIT,
- ORANGES,
- BANANAS,
- APPLES,
- RIPE TOMATOES,
- ASPARAGUS,
- CUCUMBERS,
- NEW CARROTS,
- HEAD LETTUCE,
- LEAF LETTUCE,
- PIE PLANT,
- RADISHES,
- CELERY,
- GREEN ONIONS,
- GREEN PEPPERS,
- PARSLEY.

**Reany & McLean**

PHONES 64 and 65.

**Telephone 573 Your Order for**

- Grape Fruit
- Strawberries
- Wax Beans
- Ripe Tomatoes
- Asparagus
- Rhubarb
- Cucumbers
- Celery
- Head Lettuce
- Carrots
- Beets
- Pine Apples
- Bananas
- Baldwin Apples
- Lemons

**FRANK LABONTE**

THE GROCER  
808 N. Third Street

Sir Hubert von Herkomer, the artist is said to be an enthusiastic follower of "biography," or the making of film plays. The new art, he declares, "has three attractions—you can make pictures without the bother of painting them, act plays without a stage, and compose stories without the labor of compiling a book."

**City Brevities**

Today's weather: Showers. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 34 degrees; noon, 36; 7 p. m., 35. Highest, 37 degrees; lowest, 33.

J. W. Norton left Saturday night for Duluth.

C. H. Schaffer spent the weekend at his camp at Onota.

Miss Fanny O'Reilly spent the weekend visiting friends at Gladstone.

Ralph Walker, of Platu, Mich., spent the week-end with Marquette friends.

J. O. Maxey, of L'Anse, spent Saturday attending to business in the city.

Mrs. G. Sherman Collins, of Munising, was a visitor in Marquette yesterday.

George W. Ackermann left Saturday evening for Chicago on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Bon, of Menominee, spent Sunday visiting Marquette friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Roswelle G. Carr, of Chatham, spent Saturday in Marquette.

Miss Grace McCarron, of the copper country, is the guest of Mrs. M. L. Little.

Nelson Cadrette, of Duluth, spent the week-end visiting his family in this city.

Mr. Mathews, Jr., of Crystal Falls, spent Sunday visiting his parents in this city.

Summer Robbins spent Saturday and Sunday visiting his home at Iron Mountain.

Leon Shauer and family spent the weekend at the Shauer camp at Rock River.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. St. John left Saturday evening for Chicago, on a few days' visit.

Rev. F. E. Cava went to Negaunee last evening, after spending Sunday in Marquette.

Mrs. Donovan went to Crystal Falls Saturday evening to visit friends over the weekend.

Frank P. Groninger, of Los Angeles, Cal., is in the city, to spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

Mrs. John Robertson and her sister, Mrs. C. H. Long, visited friends in Ishpeming yesterday.

Eugene E. Yahr, of Chicago, who spent Saturday in Marquette, left that evening for his home.

W. S. Wright left last evening for Champion and other points along the St. Paul line in Michigan.

Miss Clara Wettstein has returned from Detroit, where she has spent the early spring visiting friends.

Mrs. W. H. Lattrell left Saturday afternoon for St. Ignace, called there by the serious illness of her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Schneider, who spent the last week in Grand Rapids and Detroit, arrived home yesterday.

County Clerk Jenks Saturday issued a marriage license to Arthur Turri and Miss Anna Johnson, of this city.

R. E. Miller, an engineer, of Cleveland, is in the city, surveying a proposed new dock site for James Pickands & Co.

The Marquette division of the Michigan Naval Reserves will hold a drill this evening at 8 o'clock, in Fraternity Hall.

D. H. Bodette, of Thomaston, is in the city today. Mr. Bodette has purchased a nine-room cottage on East Hewitt avenue.

Miss Florence Spaulding, instructor in the public school for the deaf, spent the weekend visiting her home in Onitaska.

C. C. Brown, the Chatham merchant, accompanied by his wife, spent the week-end as the guest of Marquette friends.

Captain C. M. York and C. M. Gooding, United States inspectors of steam boats, left last evening for Menominee, on official business.

H. E. Perkins, of the Huron Mountain club, was in Marquette Friday and Saturday and accompanied a party of members to the resort.

C. B. Dunster, an engineer for the Breitting companies, left for Chicago Saturday evening, to be absent from the city several days on a business trip.

Miss Angie Gallagher, who teaches school at Diorite and who spent the week-end visiting her parents in this city, left last evening to resume her duties.

Miss Nina Graham and Miss Martha Harris, of Birch, returned to their homes Saturday morning, after spending two days visiting friends and relatives in this city.

Truman H. Newberry, former secretary of the navy and a leading attorney of Detroit, arrived in Marquette yesterday afternoon, to be present at the Roosevelt-Newett trial.

The park, cemetery and street commission distributed about twenty benches about the lawns of Lakeside park, across from Hotel Marquette. The benches are stored away every winter.

C. A. Hager and niece, Miss Marlon Hager, will leave tomorrow evening for Chicago and points south, where they will meet Master George, Hager, who is attending the Staunton Military academy, at Staunton, Va. The party will arrive home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nels Holm, of Chicago, are visiting their son, William Holm, who is superintending the construction work on the South Shore railway company's new roundhouse in the west yard. The work is being done by the George D. Swift company, of Chicago.

Valentine L. Folle, principal of the Bark River (Delta county) public school and a well-known resident of Escanaba, spent the week-end visiting Marquette friends. Mr. Folle was a former student at the Northern State Normal school, having attended during the summer 1912.

The South Shore railway ran a special train Saturday evening to Republic and return, to accommodate Ishpeming and Negaunee members of the L. O. O. F., who attended a meeting of the Republic lodge. The special left the Marquette passenger station at 6:20 o'clock and arrived here on the return at 1 a. m.

Mrs. C. H. Long, of Staples, Minn., leaves tonight for her home, after spending three weeks visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Richardson, 1025 High street. She will be accompanied by her mother, who goes to Livingston and Missoula, Mont., to visit several members of her family who have made their home in the West. Mrs. Richardson has been ailing with rheumatism for the last few years and is in hopes of re-

ceiving some benefit while on her visit. If the climate agrees with her she may prolong her stay for several months.

During their stay in Marquette this week James Garfield, of Ohio, former secretary of the interior, and Gifford Pinchot, of Washington, D. C., will be guests of Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell Reynolds, Governor Hadley, of Missouri, and Robert Bacon, formerly ambassador to France, will be entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Morgan W. Jopling. George Shiras 3rd will be host to about a dozen members of Colonel Roosevelt's party.

E. L. Pearce, potentate of Ahmed temple, A. O. N. E. S., arrived here Friday from a trip through the South, on which they visited New Orleans, La., Chattanooga, Tenn., Dallas and other places in Texas. Mr. Pearce attended at Dallas the annual meeting of the imperial council of the Mystic Shrine. In his opinion, Dallas is the biggest city in the country and as big as the biggest when it comes to extending hospitality and the "glad hand" to its visitors.

**Decoration Day Rates**—The South Shore railway is advertising Decoration Day special rates, in effect May 28, 29, 30 and 31. Round-trip tickets between points in Michigan may be purchased for fare one way and a third, with return limit June 1.

**Wedded in this City**—Rev. Platt T. Amstutz, pastor of the Presbyterian church, was called upon at the parsonage Saturday to officiate at the wedding of two Ishpeming young persons. The bride was Miss Lucy Hepple and the bridegroom was Percy Chapman.

**Cafe Opens Today**—Limpert's Cafe, at the corner of Front street and Baraga avenue, will open this morning. The dining room and kitchen have been remodeled and redecorated and the entire quarters thoroughly cleaned and rehabilitated. The cafe will be open day and night and first-class service is assured by its proprietor. Regular table d'hote dinners will be served. A lunch counters service will be maintained in connection.

**Card Party Postponed**—The card party and sale which were to have been given this evening by Superior hive, No. 217, L. O. T. M. M. have been postponed until June 9 owing to the lecture by S. D. Williams, editor of the Michigan Macebee, who will speak this evening at Fraternity Hall. Members of the K. O. T. M. M. and the L. O. T. M. M. are requested to attend. Mr. Williams brings important news which will be of interest to every Maceabee. The lecture begins at 8 o'clock.

**Game With Normal Friday**—After several weeks of vigorous practice, the United Commercial Travelers' baseball team, composed of members of Upper Peninsula council, No. 186, is ready to take on games with any city nine. In an exciting thirteen-inning practice game played Saturday afternoon on Longyear field, the travelers defeated the Longyear & Hodges team by a score of 16 to 4. Friday morning at 10 o'clock the traveling men will play a game on Longyear field with the Northern State Normal team.

**Seats All Sold**—All seats for "The Chimes of Normandy," to be presented Tuesday evening at the Marquette Opera House by the Marquette High school, were served Saturday, the first day of the sale. Persons who purchased tickets from high school students in advance and who were unable to make reservations may have their money refunded, if they so desire, by returning their tickets to the business manager, J. H. McNeil, before the performance. A box has been reserved for Colonel Theodore Roosevelt and party, who will arrive this morning. An invitation to attend the performance was sent to him by telegraph, and it is expected he will announce his acceptance today, in which event the box will be decorated in honor of his presence.

**INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.**

**Theatrical**

"The Prince of Pilsen." The spectators are taken to Nice, France, during the Carnival of Flowers, in witnessing Henry W. Savage's production of the revived musical comedy, "The Prince of Pilsen," by Luders and Pixley, which is to be presented at the Marquette Opera House. The fete is at its height, so goes the story, when the proprietor of the Hotel Internationale hears that the prince of Pilsen, traveling incognito, is a prospective visitor and may be expected to arrive at any hour. With an eye to business, the host spreads the report and prepares to receive his prospective guest with all the pomp and ceremony befitting one of princely title. A band of musicians is employed to meet the train on which it is rumored the prince will arrive and a levy of flower girls is instructed to strew his path with roses.

It so happens that Hans Wagner, a Cincinnati (O.) brewer, who is accompanied by his daughter and who is on his way to Nice to meet his son, a lieutenant on an American ship visiting that port, disembarks from the train at the psychological moment the crowd is prepared to greet the prince. His foreign though distinguished bearing justifies the mistake of the bandmaster, who gives the signal at the brewer's appearance on the platform for the royal reception ceremonies to begin. Although amazed at the reception he receives, the brewer concedes that it an acknowledgment of the superior excellence of his popular Pilsen beer manufactured "back in the States."

The real prince of Pilsen, a dashing Heidelberg student arrives with his suite of nobles, only to be ignored and ridiculed. He remains incognito, however, and awaits favorable opportunity for exposing the impostor. In the meantime he met Nellie Wagner, the brewer's beautiful daughter. He learns that the Americans are innocent of any part in the deception and, enjoying the novel situation to the utmost, he allows the blundering father to continue in the part of the prince of Pilsen. The denouement comes when the real prince avows his love for the brewer's daughter and declares himself, happily ending the complications.

**VAUDEVILLE-MOTION PICTURES.**

Casad, Irwin & Casad. On Monday and Wednesday evenings, Casad, Irwin & Casad, a trio of comedians, will present in vaudeville at the Marquette Opera House, "Everyday Life on the Railroad," a sketch billed as a musical oddity. This will be in addition to an entirely new motion picture program. Tomorrow evening the Marquette High school will present "The Chimes of Normandy" at the opera house.

**TRADE SECRETS—No. 74**

The man who does business with a scowl doesn't do much business—does he? Whenever you have business dealings with any one you prefer those who make you welcome—make you feel you are welcome. You find in your own business that a smile goes further than a frown—don't you? We welcome you at the Marquette National Bank with a wholesome, hearty welcome. It is not measured by the size of your bank account. The welcome is for you. Old men or young men, women or children, will find a cordial greeting awaiting them at the Marquette National Bank. We are a Bank of Personal Service.

**MARQUETTE NATIONAL BANK**  
**Marquette, Mich.**

When you are looking for us, be sure and look for the two words MARQUETTE NATIONAL. If you don't see these two words—it is not our Bank.

**MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE**

**MONDAY & WEDNESDAY**  
**(NO VAUDEVILLE—PICTURES TUESDAY)**

**CASAD, IRWIN & CASAD**

**COMEDY MUSICAL ODDITY**  
**EVERY DAY LIFE ON THE RAILROAD**

**THREE NEW REELS OF PICTURES**



**Let Us Have a Chance**

To Show You

- How we wash Negligee Shirts,
- How we iron Negligee Shirts,
- How we deliver Negligee Shirts—by sending your work here.
- The finish will please you because it's smooth and starch is used only where needed.
- We know how.

**MARQUETTE STEAM LAUNDRY AND DYE WORKS**  
**NEEDHAM BROS. & WILLIAMS**  
**Marquette**

**Announcement**

**Just Arrived**  
**AND ON EXHIBITION**  
The Big EDESCO Line of  
**500 ALL WOOL SPRING AND SUMMER FABRICS**

The Latest Styles—The Last Word on the Fashion Calendar

**Come and See Them**

We are headquarters for Finest Made-to-Measure Clothes made by

We are ready to take your measure  
**Price Range \$15 to \$45**



**M. RUSTENHOVEN**  
**OVER THE GRAND THEATRE**  
**Washington St. Marquette**

GAME WITH REPUBLIC WON BY MARQUETTE

Score Was 9 to 5 and the Game Showed Marquette Has Good Amateur Material.

In a good game played yesterday afternoon at the fair grounds, the Marquette baseball team won from the Republic nine by a score of 9 to 5.

Scholius in four times at bat, and Foss in three. Scholius and Foss each struck out nine men. Scholius allowed but six hits, and Foss nine. Foss, however, walked three men.

The stars on the Republic team and those who probably kept Marquette's score from going higher than it did, were Joe Eade, catcher, and Cy Eade, first baseman. The former is credited with ten put-outs and the latter with eight. Laxstrom, second baseman for Republic, had four put-outs to his credit.

Marquette brought in the first two runs in the second inning. Republic scored four runs in the third. Another run in the fourth inning was all the visitors obtained. The box score follows:

Box score table with columns for team, AB, R, H, PO, A, E. Includes players like W. Foss, C. Wienberg, F. Wilkins, Laxstrom, etc.

LIMPERT'S CAFE

Baraga Ave. & Front St. Marquette

OPENS FOR BUSINESS TODAY

First Class Service Day and Night

NOONDAY DINNER 35c

Regular Lunch Counter Service in Connection

CHICKERING QUARTER for GRAND 1913

The result of ninety years application of genius to the production of musical tone

CONKLIN'S

TRIAL OF BIG SUIT IS NOW TO BEGIN

Case of Roosevelt vs. Newett Will Be Called in Court at 2 p. m. Today.

(Continued from Page One.)

Of those taken for Mr. Newett, and in large measure will be submitted following on the defendant's depositions, in the final stage of the case witnesses in rebuttal may be offered by both sides, and as stated, it is highly probable that Colonel Roosevelt will again take the stand.

Opinions differ widely—perhaps because they are largely conjecture—on how long the case is likely to last. Mr. Pound believes that in the presentation of the case for Colonel Roosevelt events will move rapidly, if the cross-examinations do not require considerable time.

Over Eighty Depositions. It is the reading of the depositions that will make heavy demands on the time of the court. Of these there are perhaps over eighty, not unevenly divided between the contending parties.

Some of them are lengthy, and unless the volume of matter to be read to the jury is materially reduced by rulings of the court upholding important objections, it appears that a number of days will be required to get them in. An average view of the possible duration of the case is that it is likely to run into the second week. The more important witnesses are expected to leave the city soon after the completion of their testimony, and it is believed that most of the party that will accompany Colonel Roosevelt to Marquette will be gone by mid-week.

The men who will be here to testify for Colonel Roosevelt will be considerably in excess of twenty in number, and will include many men of national reputation. In the delegation will be the following, most of whom will arrive with the colonel this morning:

Personal of Party. Jacob Riis, of New York, author and sociologist; Gifford Pinchot, former United States forester; Robert Bacon, former ambassador to France; William Loeb, Jr., secretary to Colonel Roosevelt through the years of his administration as president and collector of the port of New York through the administration of President Taft; O. K. Davis, secretary of the National Progressive committee, who accompanied the colonel on his campaign tour last year; Walter Brown, of Ohio, former Republican chairman of the state and now the Progressive state chairman; Judge A. Z. Blair, of Adams county, Ohio, who won national fame a few years ago by wholesale disfranchisement of corrupt voters; former Governor Hadley, of Missouri; Edmund Heller, a prominent naturalist, who made the trip through Africa with Colonel Roosevelt; Lawrence Abbott, an associate editor of the Outlook magazine; Frank Harper, Colonel Roosevelt's secretary in New York; Frank H. Tyoe and J. Sloan, secret service men, who were in the service when Colonel Roosevelt was president; Truman H. Newberry, of Detroit, former secretary of the navy; James R. Garfield, former

secretary of the interior; Dr. Alexander Lambert, physician to the Roosevelt family; Gilson Gardner and James Callan O'Laughlin, Washington correspondents; W. Emlen Roosevelt, and Philip Roosevelt, of New York.

In addition to the foregoing it is expected that there will be some seven or eight other witnesses who will take the stand for Colonel Roosevelt. The depositions for the colonel include a number from men of national reputation. These depositions, it is expected, will be presented following the taking of the testimony of the Roosevelt witnesses.

Final Arrangements Made. Judge Flannigan yesterday placed his O. K. on tentative arrangements for the accommodation of the newspapermen and the handling of the public at the court room. He assured the newspapermen that they could have all the facilities they needed for expediting their work, and he placed the details of looking after the press bunch with The Mining Journal. They will be the only persons having cards of admission to the court room. They have been given tables within the rail of the court, and special wire service in the building and a horde of messengers will give them quick facilities for getting out their copy.

The burden of the work of reporting the trial will fall on C. D. Hagerty and Tom W. Steep, of the Chicago office of the Associated Press, and Eugene MacLean, of Cleveland, representing the United Press. The other newspapermen will largely concern themselves with features of the proceedings, and will write special leads for their papers. The roster of press men who will report the trial includes besides Messrs. Hagerty, Steep and MacLean, L. B. Chaplin, of the Chicago American, representing the Hearst syndicate; John Callahan of the Chicago Tribune; Richard F. Child, Chicago Record-Herald; Jay Hayden, Detroit News; John Fay, Chicago Inter Ocean and New York World; J. H. Dunneville, Detroit Free Press; Gilson Gardner, Newspaper Enterprise association; John E. Eschbacher, Press; K. G. White, Minneapolis News; Homer A. Guck, Houghton Gazette, and W. H. Durborough, a press photographer, of Chicago.

Plans for Court Room. Judge Flannigan yesterday said that seats on the left side of the court room will be given to women in attendance at the trial. It was first proposed to place the women in the galleries, but Judge Flannigan was of the opinion that it would be more gallant to place them on the main floor and allow the men to go to the galleries. The women, however, will have no precedence over the men as far as admission to the court room is concerned. The doors, Judge Flannigan asserts, will be opened ten minutes before the hour for the calling of court, or at 8:50 a. m. and 1:50 p. m. Persons will be admitted to the court room until the ten o'clock hour, and then the doors will be closed. Sheriff Moloney has been instructed by Judge Flannigan to employ such deputies, as are necessary for keeping undisturbed order both in and about the court room. Before the case shall be conducted with all the dignity that importance of the litigation merits.

It is expected, particularly in view of the announcement of the order of the proceedings now definitely made, that the court will be besieged during the early sessions by a crowd that will greatly exceed its possible seating capacity. As there are over eighty veniremen called for the session, they, with the newspapermen and members of the bar, will make heavy demands on the seating capacity of the court room. It is not known exactly how many persons can be taken care of, but it is not likely that more than 200 or 300 in addition to those having directly to do with the case can be admitted to the court chamber.

REELECTED VICE PRESIDENT. S. A. Williams Again Honored by State Laundrymen's Association.

S. A. Williams, manager of the Marquette Steam Laundry & Dye works, was for the second year honored by the State Laundrymen's Association, when, on the last day of the fifth annual convention at Battle Creek, he was chosen to serve a second term as second vice president of the organization.

The list of officers follows: President—Vilho Chydenius, Detroit. First Vice President—Oscar Druel, Battle Creek. Second Vice President—S. A. Williams, Marquette.

Secretary—F. J. Waltersperger, Detroit. Treasurer—Eugene Stewart, Battle Creek. Sergeant-at-Arms—Joseph LaMessure, Detroit.

The next convention is to be held in May, 1914, at Bay City. In the morning session of the last day three papers were read, among which was that of Mr. Williams on "The Human Element in the Laundry Business" and which was published in a recent edition of The Mining Journal. Mr. Williams is also quoted on the Chinese laundry situation in the upper peninsula. The Chinese have obtained a considerable foothold in this part of the state, according to Mr. Williams, but an effort is now being made to have the Chinese work but fifty-four hours a week, as in the case of the white employees. This, said the Marquette laundry manager, would put competition on a fair basis.

Battle Creek was given a rising vote of thanks for its hospitality. The visiting laundrymen were welcomed by Mayor Bailey in a formal address delivered at the Elks' temple. C. W. Post, of the Post Cereal company, was introduced to the delegates and spoke at length. The guests were entertained about the sanatorium and a banquet, described by the Battle Creek papers as the best and largest of the year, was served the first evening in the spacious dining halls of the sanatorium. Dr. J. H. Kellogg, at the head of the sanatorium, was the principal speaker. During their stay in the city, the visiting laundrymen were taken to the various factories and plants of Battle Creek and on one day visited the Post factory, where a luncheon was served in their honor. The members of the party were taken about the city in automobiles.

Mr. Williams and his wife arrived home Saturday night. They were accompanied north by Mr. and Mrs. Fred Needham, of Houghton, who stopped off at Ishpeming on their way home from the convention to visit Mr. Needham's brother, Frank Needham. They will leave for Houghton this morning. Both Mr. and Mrs. Williams and Mr. Mrs. Needham were away altogether about ten days and visited in Chicago, Milwaukee and Detroit as well in Battle Creek and elsewhere.

The Cloverland Auto Co. LIVERY and DEPOSITORY. We are at your service at any hour of day or night with careful drivers and every facility necessary for the up-keep and care of your car. Visitors to the city who wish to use an automobile for sight-seeing or business will find our cars comfortable and properly driven. Rates by the hour are moderate. TELEPHONE 600 BARAGA AVENUE, MARQUETTE

POLICE NOW SEEK FORMER SERVANTS

Burglars Who Take Possession of a Chicago Residence Steal \$20,000 of Jewelry.

Chicago, May 25.—Burglars took possession of the residence of William Yager early this morning and, after locking the family and the servants in their respective quarters, cutting the telephone wires and switching off the electric lights, stole \$20,000 worth of jewelry. The jewelry had been hidden in a closet off a bathroom. The leather cases in which it had been contained were found, cut open, on the cellar floor.

Police are seeking for a butler and maid who left the employ of Yager a few days ago, in the hopes that they may give some information about the robbery. Mr. Yager is president of the Arms Palace Horse Car company. The stolen jewelry consisted chiefly of diamond rings, necklaces and brooches belonging to Mrs. Yager. The robbery was discovered when the servants found themselves locked in and were forced to break out of their quarters.

PUBLIC EXECUTION OF TWO FEDERAL SOLDIERS IS SUNDAY "SHOW" AT JUAREZ.

El Paso, Tex., May 25.—At daybreak in Juarez this morning two men faced their death at a public execution. The affair proved to be the chief Sunday attraction for residents of the Mexican border town.

The bells were announcing early mass from the tower of the old Spanish mission of Guadalupe. But the townspeople, men, women and children, flocked to a barren spot back of the federal barracks, where it was announced the execution would take place. A mili-

ACCIDENT AT RAVINE.

James Ryan, of Spurr, Injured When Attempting to Ride a Train.

James Ryan, of Spurr, received serious injuries by falling off a freight train at Ravine, a few miles from L'Anse. The accident occurred Friday evening when Ryan attempted to board a moving freight bound for Nostoria. He was picked at about 9:30 o'clock by the engine crew of the pusher used on the L'Anse hill and operated by Engineer Thomas Ford. Ryan was taken to the office of Dr. von Zellen in L'Anse. His injuries were found to consist of a deep gash in the head, a contusion on the skull, which caused a blood clot on the brain; a broken shoulder, and two fractured ribs. The right arm was torn almost completely off. The crew of the pusher which picked him up considers that he is lucky to be alive. A rugged constitution makes his chances for recovery good.

The Greater Honolulu Chamber of Commerce is being formed to merge the several trade and commercial bodies in the capital of Hawaii.

Twelve thousand structures of various kinds were erected in New York city in the last year, representing an expenditure of \$207,000,000.

BRUSH'S CASH GROCERY

Fifth and Washington. Bell Phone, 718.

Price list for various grocery items including flour, sugar, and other staples.

The Source of Fortunes. If most people stopped to realize how money grows there would be more saving and consequently much more prosperity in the world. Regardless of the fact that the most universal of all desires is, perhaps, the accumulation of money, there is less system employed in conserving it than almost anything else. A very common fallacy among people who do not save is the belief that to make money it is necessary to have a considerable sum with which to start. This is a costly mistake. The keynote of all savings, and incidentally of all investment, was sounded by Benjamin Franklin when he said: "Money makes money and the money that money makes makes more money." This maxim applies to all sums of money. When you come to trace some of the great self-made fortunes to their sources you will find that the men who have amassed them realized at a very early age that small sums were worth saving. This habit stuck to them when the dollars came, and this is the one reason why they kept their fortunes.



MARQUETTE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK Marquette, Mich.

We pay 3% interest on all sums left three full calendar months. Deposits made on or before the fifth of any month draw interest from the first of the same month. Special Attention to Banking By Mail.

Mary Chilton. Coffee Spoon. Tete-a-tete Tongue. Tradition states that after a long and tedious voyage the Mayflower dropped anchor in Plymouth bay. A few days later the boat was lowered and the Pilgrims were carried to the shore. In the first boat was bright-eyed, light-hearted Mary Chilton, who in spite of the deprivations and inconveniences of the voyage had remained hopeful, bright and joyous. One thing worthy of notice is that eagerness to be first on the American strand prompted her, like a young heroine, to leap from the boat and wade ashore. The "Mary Chilton" in sterling silver is suggestive of the simple grace and dignity of Colonial times and it is fitting that it should bear the name of the maiden to whom tradition has romantically given the honor of being the first white woman to land on New England soil—MARY CHILTON. Conklin's Jewelry and Music House Marquette, Mich.

LAKE SUPERIOR ICE CO. We are now delivering daily Open Lake Ice ROOM 4 WERNER BLK. Telephone: 175 5-1-1m

### The Peninsula Bank

Ishpeming, Michigan  
ORGANIZED OCTOBER 27, 1887.

Capital, \$50,000, Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$90,138.43.

THOS. WALTERS, President. GEO. F. THONEY, Vice President.  
OTTO EGER, 2nd Vice President.  
E. G. WELSH, Cashier. PETER HANDBERG, Asst. Cashier.

**DIRECTORS:**  
THOS. WALTERS, JOHN KANDELIN, LARS HOYSETH, H. F. HEYEN, GEO. F. THONEY, THOS. W. HUGHES, JOE MITCHELL, THOS. H. BARGH, OTTO EGER.

### Ishpeming Department

(Additional Ishpeming on Page 7.)

#### PATRICK SMALL DIES AT BUTTE

Former Recorder of the City of Ishpeming Is Victim of Uranic Poisoning.

News of the death of Patrick Small, former city recorder of Ishpeming, was received here yesterday. Mr. Small was passed away Saturday at Butte, Mont., where he had lived for seven or eight years, or ever since leaving this locality for the West. His death was due to uranic poisoning and followed a surgical operation. While it is not known definitely, it is understood that the function and internment will take place at Butte.

Mr. Small was forty-seven years of age. He was born and reared in Ishpeming, where his father was one of the pioneer settlers. He is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Nellie Bright, to whom he was married in 1887, and by four children. Four children, all of whom are living, were born to the couple. A brother, John Small, is a resident of this city. It was he who received the news of the death, this message following by a few hours one which stated that the patient was in serious condition.

Mr. Small was elected city recorder of Ishpeming for two terms, following the miners' strike in 1895. He served from 1896 until 1900, each time being chosen to office on the Labor ticket. He ran for the third time and was defeated by John Delbridge. Mr. Small was a stationary engineer by trade. Upon following his retirement from the recordership he was employed at the Lake Superior mine. At Butte he served in the same capacity in one of the large business blocks. He was the secretary of the engineers' union in the Western city and had been chosen as a delegate at the Twelfth Day convention of the Western Federation of Miners which is to be held at Hancock the coming summer. He was looking forward to this trip to the upper peninsula with great pleasure.

### ISHPEMING BUILDERS TO HAVE BUSY SEASON

Many Contracts Have Been Procured in Past Few Weeks and Others Are in Prospect.

Considerable new building work will be done this season in and near Ishpeming. The contractors are securing new work almost daily, and some of them are now employing large forces. J. S. Wahlman has recently taken a number of important jobs, and he is employing nearly fifty men. Louis Erickson & Son have a half dozen or more jobs under way, and they are working the largest force that they have ever had. Fourteen carpenters on this firm's payroll last week and within a week or so they can give employment to another half dozen or more good mechanics. They are to build residences for Joseph F. Gill and for Carl Lehman, in addition to their present contracts.

Mr. Wahlman has just taken a contract for the erection of nine dwellings at Diorite for the American-Boston Mining company. Seven of the dwellings will be single houses and two of them will accommodate two families. Work on these structures will be started at once.

An Ishpeming contractor Saturday predicted that there will be a shortage of carpenters here this summer is far advanced, and brick layers and plasterers will also have plenty of work. Up to this time the bricklayers have not been very busy, as the weather has not been favorable for outside work.

Trebilcock Bros. and Swanson Bros. concrete contractors will also have a busy season. Both firms have already taken a number of contracts for foundations and sidewalks and they will keep good-sized crews busy all summer. Trebilcock Bros. recently accepted a contract at Michiganville, and they are now figuring on other outside jobs. The firm at present has a crew on the Swanzye range, putting in a foundation for a captain's dwelling at the Mackinaw mine. This building will be erected by J. S. Wahlman, who will also build several mine structures there.

### The Miner's National Bank

ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN

Capital, \$100,000. Surplus, \$100,000.

United States Depository

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

**OFFICERS:**  
W. BRAASTAD, President.  
H. G. YOUNG, Vice President.  
O. G. AAS, Assistant Cashier and Acting Manager.  
GEO. HATHAWAY, Second Assistant Cashier.

**DIRECTORS:**  
D. T. MORGAN, W. BRAASTAD, W. H. JOHNSTON, THOMAS WALTERS, H. G. YOUNG, M. M. FLETCHER, D. E. T. A. FLECH, M. M. DUNCAN, JAMES CLANCEY.

### GEORGE F. RUEZ

BROKER

Banks Block, 106 Front St., Ishpeming.  
OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

Paise, Weber & Co's private wire to Boston, New York and all markets.  
Daily market letter, also Walker's Weekly Copper Letter, mailed FREE upon request.

### UPPER PENINSULA

Ore Dock Crew Increased.

That brisk shipping conditions have returned to the Northern docks at Escanaba was shown last week when the crew of twenty-five men, laid off recently, was recalled for work. The men are on the night crew, and are going to the docks in a steady procession.

**Stockholders to Inspect.**  
On Friday, the 30th, a large party of the stockholders of the Peninsula Power company will visit Iron Mountain, going there for the purpose of inspecting the hydro-electrical plant. The delegation will include capitalists from Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison and other business centers and there will be a number of ladies in the party. The local officials will entertain the delegation at the Pine Grove golf house and on Saturday will accompany the party to Florence and Iron River.

### FREE! GOLD FREE!

#### Boys and Girls Remember

### ONLY ONE MORE WEEK

-OF-

### Prize Getting Free Tickets

WITH EVERY CASH PURCHASE

Are you getting your share. Why not get busy and win a \$5.00 Gold Piece or a pair of shoes

### Everything in Fresh Fruit and Vegetables Daily.

Trade where Price and Quality Agree

### J. SELLWOOD & CO.

### FREE! GOLD FREE!

#### Boys and Girls Remember

### ONLY ONE MORE WEEK

-OF-

### Prize Getting Free Tickets

WITH EVERY CASH PURCHASE

Are you getting your share. Why not get busy and win a \$5.00 Gold Piece or a pair of shoes

### Everything in Fresh Fruit and Vegetables Daily.

Trade where Price and Quality Agree

### J. SELLWOOD & CO.

### You, Mr. Husband---This Is For You

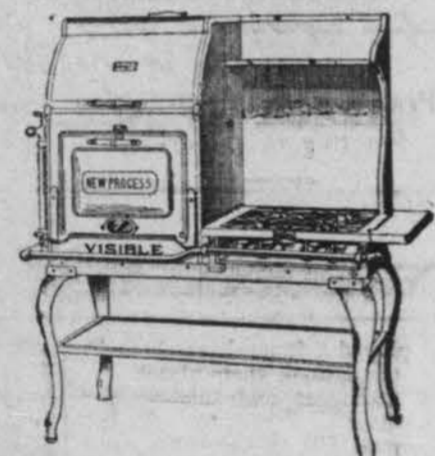
This ad was written for that busy fellow who forgets the comforts of those at home.

How do you feel when your breakfast is late?

Kind of grouchy, eh? Well, it is aggravating to have the cook oversleep herself. Then to add insult to injury, the old coal range balks.

The cook, to hurry matters, dumps on an armful of wood, which only serves to fill the house full of smoke, which doesn't improve your temper a little bit. Let us suggest that right now. This very day, you OREER A GAS RANGE. Then your breakfast will never be late, nor will your other meals. A gas range is always ready. It's willing--it's cheap. Call and see our Gas Range, for your comfort and economy.

**MARQUETTE COUNTY GAS & ELECTRIC CO.**



### STREET WORK STARTED

The city has already started on the rebuilding of streets in accordance with plans accepted by the council last week. The macadam work has been started on Second street, north from the railway tracks. Within a few days, or as soon as the weather permits, work will be started on the necessary measurements, and will prepare sketches of the proposed work without delay.

It is not known what sort of a scheme the artist will suggest, but it is thought he will lay out the grounds for the plant on a tract of land near the city. There is more than an acre of land now tearing down the barn, the last of the structures to be left standing.

The city has removed the railway trestle on the west side of the grounds used for some years for the dumping of gravel for the use of the city, and for the handling of fuel for the Superior company.

### TO BEAUTIFY GROUNDS.

Site of Ishpeming's New Fire Hall Will Be Made Attractive.

A landscape artist last week looked over the grounds at the new fire hall with a view to a plan for their improvement. He took the necessary measurements, and will prepare sketches of the proposed work without delay.

It is not known what sort of a scheme the artist will suggest, but it is thought he will lay out the grounds for the plant on a tract of land near the city. There is more than an acre of land now tearing down the barn, the last of the structures to be left standing.

The city has removed the railway trestle on the west side of the grounds used for some years for the dumping of gravel for the use of the city, and for the handling of fuel for the Superior company.

### WANTS POTATOES AT DOLLAR A BUSHEL.

Herbert Johnson, of Maple Ridge, the owner of Clover Leaf farm, is the fortunate person who has been finding a ready market for potatoes this spring at the rate of a dollar a bushel, while others are almost trying to give away potatoes. Mr. Johnson has a superior quality of Sir Walter Raleigh tubers, and they are in great demand for seed stock. He shipped a carload to the copper country, several hundred bushels to Newberry and also to other points in the peninsula.

### WANTS COUNTY TO BUY GROUNDS.

At the June session of the board of supervisors, the Delta County Agricultural society will submit the proposition of leasing the county for \$12,000, with which to purchase land for a fair grounds and to erect the necessary buildings. This is possible under Act 288, 1911, which authorizes county boards to borrow and bond, said grounds to be the property of the county. An attempt will be made to procure financial aid from the cities of Escanaba and Gladstone for promoting the county fair. A determined effort is under way to induce the Escanaba Traction company to extend its line to the fair grounds area. The members of the society are also considering purchasing two Sietland ponies, one to be given to the boy and one to the girl in Delta county selling the greatest number of season tickets for the county fair in September.

### Official Axe Falls.

Following out recommendations of the council finance committee to cut down the police and fire departments at Escanaba by one man, that the salaries of those departments might be raised without increasing the police and fire departments, one member of each department has been "laid off." Gustave Lippert, of Company No. 3, is the first to lose his official head as the result of the retrenchment policy. Police Officer Schreff has been laid off temporarily. He has served as a member of the department for several years and has been considered one of the most efficient men. He is a Spanish-American war veteran and it is rumored that a determined effort will be exerted by the Spanish war veterans of the city together with friends of Schreff to procure his reinstatement. Mayor O. P. Chaffin has not yet announced his appointments for the police and fire departments, but it is understood that the two employees of the city were cut from the payroll with his knowledge.

### Escanaba Water Excellent.

That the water which the Escanaba Water company is supplying to its patrons is chemically pure is a fact which Alex M. Christie, bacteriologist for the company, is willing to prove to the satisfaction of any person at any time. A representative of The Journal spent an hour with Mr. Christie at the filtering plant the other day, and what he saw and heard was a surprise. The writer knew that the company had the water tested, but the surprise was in the various tests that are made and the detail work and care that is necessary to keep the water chemically pure and wholesome. Mr. Christie says that some days the tests of the unfiltered water show it to be absolutely pure, but on other days the bacteria is very numerous.

### THE UNEASY HEADS OF ROYALTY.

The tragic death of King George of Greece, who was shot through the heart while walking in the streets of Saloniki, recalls a remark which the king once made to the effect that he believed it was his fate to die at the hands of the assassin. This was after an attempt to kill him on Feb. 26, 1898, when he was shot at while driving with his daughter, Princess Marie.

The determination of assassins of royalty is one of the most remarkable features of these dastardly crimes. No fewer than three attempts were made on the life of King Humbert of Italy. On Nov. 17, 1878, ten months after his accession to the throne, a man attempted to stab him with a dagger, the king escaping with a slight scratch. The second unsuccessful attempt was in 1897, when a workman struck at him with a dagger while he was driving to the races, the murderer's blow being again averted. Three years later, however, the assassin Bresci accomplished his purpose by shooting King Humbert at Monza.

The Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria has reason to be greatly embittered against assassins, for not only was his wife, the Empress Elizabeth, fatally stabbed while walking from her hotel at Geneva in 1898, but twice attempts have been made on his own life. In 1853 a tailor named Libney tried to stab the monarch in the neck, his knife sliding down the military sash of the emperor's uniform, only a slight wound being inflicted, while in 1881 he was shot at by a youth named Overdank, the shot, however, missing its intended mark.

Four czars of Russia have been assassinated, the last being Alexander II in 1881. Six attempts were made on this monarch's life before the fatal end. On one occasion he only escaped through the barrel of the assassin's pistol bursting, while in 1866, when the dinner hall of the winter palace was wrecked by an explosion from the ceiling, the emperor owed his life to the fact that the company did not sit down to dinner at the usual hour, and so the explosion was ineffective. Ultimately Alexander was blown to pieces while driving through St. Petersburg on March 13, 1881.

Three attempts have been made on the life of the present czar, the last

### DIED IN FINNISH HOSPITAL.

Mrs. Josephine Mikkola, wife of John Mikkola of the Isle Royale location, in the copper country, died Saturday at the Finnish hospital in this city, where several days previous she was admitted to a surgical operation. Mrs. Mikkola's condition was serious when she arrived at the hospital, and there was a slight chance of saving her life. She was forty-two years of age and is survived by her husband, and four children. The husband was with her when she passed away. The body was taken to Isle Royale for burial, leaving here Saturday afternoon.

### GRADUATE AS NURSES.

The Misses Margaret Fitzpatrick, Emma Ruez and Celestine Lynch, of this city, will on June 11 graduate as trained nurses from Mercy hospital, Chicago, where they have been studying for the last three years. There are thirty-two girls in their class. The graduation exercises will be held in the gymnasium of the Northwestern university on the 11th. It is expected that the girls will be home for a short vacation following their graduation.

### DOWNWARD COURSE.

Fast Being Realized by Marquette People.

A little backache at first. Daily increasing 'til the back is lame and weak. Urinary disorders may quickly follow: Dropsy and often Bright's disease. This frequently is the downward course of kidney ills. Don't take this course. Follow the advice of a Marquette citizen. Mrs. Sophie Gauthier, 206 Rock street, Marquette, Mich., says: "I willingly verify the statement I gave for publication recommending Doan's Kidney Pills several years ago. At that time my kidneys were weak and I suffered from backache. Mornings on arising, I felt tired and worn out and I was also subject to headaches and dizzy spells. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly advertised for them as for cash in the settlement with the city on April 17, 1905. On May 5 the checks were deposited in a bank, and the books of the county treasurer show that they stayed in the bank until June 20, when they were returned to the county treasurer. Treasurer Bennett carried the checks as cash until the expiration of his term. The check in the office and testimony showed that on June 20, 1906, fourteen months after Bennett had taken the checks from Dead-

### HOTEL NORTON

63-65 GRISWOLD ST.  
OPPOSITE SUBURBAN DEPOT.

EUROPEAN PLAN  
125 Fine Rooms, \$1.00 and Upwards.  
Hotels, Europe is situated in center of business district, convenient to City, State and pleasure of Amusement. Everything new, fresh and up-to-date.

### ISHPEMING THEATRE

#### TONIGHT and TOMORROW NIGHT

### Siegel & Matthews

IN A MUSICAL NOVELTY. SWELL WARDROBE.

**TONIGHT**

### A Two-Reel Feature--PAULINE CUSHMAN

THE BEST PICTURES--AS BRIGHT AS DAY

5c and 10c

### DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Doan's Kidney Pills are the only medicine that will cure kidney ills. They are the only medicine that will cure backache, dropsy, and urinary disorders. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the kidneys. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the kidneys. They are the only medicine that will cure all the ailments of the kidneys.

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# Ishpeming Department

## MAKING GOOD RECORD AT FORBES PROPERTY

### Ishpeming Men in Charge of Menominee Range Mine Are Doing Good Work.

Will Walters and his assistant, in charge of the Jones & Laughlin company's Forbes mine, on the Menominee range, have made an excellent showing since starting the initial work less than a year and a half ago. Ore is now being shipped, although the production will not be in condition for heavy production for some months. A considerable amount of development work is yet to be done and, besides, the mine is not wholly equipped with machinery or buildings. A contract has been let for the construction of several more dwellings at the mine location, where J. S. Wahlman of this city last year created a number of houses.

Of the work being done at the property the Iron River-Stamping Reporter says: "The Jones & Laughlin Steel company, operators of the Forbes mine, in Section 14, 43-35, are improving their property in a substantial manner. They commenced development work less than a year ago and since then have built a model dry house, constructed of brick with cement floor. One hundred and twenty-five steel lockers will arrive next week and will be installed in the dry house immediately. A new cage hoist, 14x18, from the Lake Shore Engine Works of Marquette has been ordered, and will be running in about two weeks time. A contract for six new dwelling houses at an average cost of \$1,000 has been awarded. The new steel head frame erected last fall is considered the best on the range and there is also a well equipped plant of machinery. Some ore is being shipped."

### ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Miss Margaret Conway spent Saturday and Sunday with her mother in this city.

S. W. Mellemstedt, of Ishpeming, was a business caller in Gwinn Friday and Saturday.

Sam Steier is here from the Michigan College of Mines, on a visit to his father, Abe Steier.

J. E. Dalton, manager of the Ishpeming branch of the Cudahy Packing company, spent Saturday in Gwinn on business.

William Trudgeon, will return to Gwinn this morning, after visiting friends and relatives in Ishpeming Saturday and Sunday.

It was Charles Hayes, Jr., who purchased Rev. C. H. Rutledge's property on North Pine street, instead of his father-in-law, Richard Quayle.

Rev. Herman H. Allen of Washington, D. C., is in the city on his usual summer visit to his son, Rev. M. M. Allen, pastor of the Presbyterian church.

The mercury dropped to the freezing point in Ishpeming Saturday afternoon. A strong north wind prevailed all day, making it one of the coldest days in more than two months.

A good-sized delegation of members of the Ishpeming and Negaunee Old Fellows lodges visited the Republic lodge Saturday night, making the trip by special train on the South Shore line.

The members of Charles H. Towne post of the Grand Army, with the Woodman degree team as escort, attended memorial services at the Presbyterian

### church yesterday morning. Rev. M. M. Allen, the pastor, preached an appropriate sermon.

J. Faber Hanst and family left last evening for Harrisburg, Pa., on a visit to relatives. While away they will attend the commencement exercises at Lehigh University, South Bethlehem, Pa.

The women of the First Methodist Episcopal church congregation will serve supper in the church parlors next Friday afternoon, commencing at 5 o'clock. The charge will be twenty-five cents for adults and fifteen for children.

Siegel & Matthews will be the vaudeville attraction at the Ishpeming theater tonight and tomorrow night, taking a rest Wednesday evening, when "The Prince of Pilsen" company will hold the boards. The team appears in a musical novelty act.

A meeting of the baseball fans of the city will be held this evening at 8 o'clock at "Pop" Geelan's pool room for the purpose of considering plans for the organizing of a team to participate in the Marquette county league, the opening games of which will be played next Friday, when the Negaunee and Ishpeming teams will meet at Union Park and the Gwinn and Marquette teams will meet in Marquette. On Sunday Gwinn will play here and Negaunee will play in Marquette.

### Mining News

#### CALUMET & ARIZONA.

The underground developments at the Calumet & Arizona, in progress for some time, are not only among the most important which have taken place at the property, but certain of these bodies now being opened give indication of being the biggest thus far encountered in the Bisbee camp, according to Thompson, Touch & Co. These ore bodies are located in the Junction and Briggs sections of the Superior & Pittsburg property. Very promising developments have also taken place in the Calumet & Arizona ground in the Superior territory.

At the Superior & Pittsburg the big ore body in the Junction has now been developed on three levels from the thirtieth to fiftieth. In fact, it has been opened sixty feet above the 1,300-foot level, making a continuous ore body for 350 feet in height. Work has proven that there is a very large tonnage and that there is a very large tonnage and net value contained in this block of ground. A most important feature of this development is that the ore body is the largest on the 1,300 or lowest level, and that the possibilities for its extension with depth are very good.

In the Briggs there is located what appears to be one of the largest bodies of sulphide ore yet developed in the Bisbee camp. This body is very similar to that of the Junction. It has been opened on the 1,300 and extends to forty feet above the level. Its width is in the neighborhood of forty-five feet and its grade is approximately the same as that of the Junction ore bodies, i. e., 7 per cent copper per ton.

At the Oliver shaft, the ore body which was encountered last summer, which consists of a series of small lenses of sulphide ore averaging 6 to 7 per cent, is developing very well, and has now been proven on two levels. In going up on this ore body, the shoots are showing larger than on the sill floor, and altogether the work is very favorable. This

No. 3 shaft, Molawik, will be abandoned in a short time. Only one shift crew is working there now and the night shift men will be transferred to No. 4 shaft shortly. It is planned to handle the lower levels from No. 2 and 4, adjacent shafts. There has been no sinking at No. 3 for two years. The best quality of rock from No. 5 shaft equals that which the North Amosk is now mining and it is needless to say that No. 5 is furnishing the richest rock which the Molawik is now sending to the mill. No. 6, when it resumes operations within a week or so, will furnish rock just as good and perhaps a little better than that from No. 3 shaft. The southerly shafts of the Molawik mine are, undoubtedly, proving the richest and best territory which the Molawik operates.

Damaging Features of Conventions.

The indictment against the national conventions has been drawn in the light of experience that cover a series of years. These conventions, it is generally agreed, have done very much for the party, but there has been one feature which has done more to harm than good, and that is the damage done to the party by the conventions themselves. This damage has been done in many ways, and the most serious has been the damage done to the party by the conventions themselves.

Means End of the Dark Horse.

There would be no more dark horse candidates for the presidency under the new plan. In fifty years the national conventions have given the country four such dark horses—Hayes in 1876 and Garfield in 1880, both of whom were elected; and Grover in 1872 and Bryan in 1896, both of whom were defeated. The bosses did not pick anyone of the four and only consented to their nomination in the face of necessity.

National conventions have produced many inspiring and memorable scenes, but they will probably be remembered chiefly as having furnished the setting for three of the greatest political orations in the history of the country—those that will live as long as the history of party affairs in this country is preserved. Of these orations, the first was that of Robert G. Ingersoll at Cincinnati in 1876, the second that of Roscoe C. Conkling at Chicago in 1880, and the third that of W. J. Bryan in 1896.

Ingersoll was trying for the nomination of Blaine, and failed. Conkling was trying for the nomination of Grant, and he, too, failed.

Bryan's Famous Speech.

Bryan, when he made his "crown of thorns and cross of gold" speech was not talking in the interest of any candidate, but was advocating the adoption by the convention of the 16 to 1 theory. The speech made him the convention's champion, but it is safe to say that he had no idea of such an outcome at the time the speech was made.

It is believed by public men here that

### END OF OLD-TIME CONVENTIONS NEAR

#### Nomination of Next Candidates for President Will Be Controlled by the People.

Washington, May 22.—The United States has seen its last old-time national convention. A number of states in legislative sessions of the past winter have enacted laws directing that delegates be elected in primaries. None has yet gone to the limit of the presidential primary, putting off the national convention. But the direct vote for delegates in most cases implies instructions as to presidential nominees. A direct vote to the presidential nomination will naturally follow.

Prior to 1916 additional state acts will have been passed. At the least presidential primary states will hold the balance of power in each of the great conventions. Possibly even a majority of the delegates in each convention will have been chosen by primaries and will have been given definite instructions as to the presidential nominees. Thus the great political gatherings which at times past have furnished the country picturesque, entertaining and often shameful spectacles, will be denatured. They will be tame affairs, viewed from the old standards.

#### Old War Horses See Change.

The old war horses see this change coming. They do not like it, but they know they cannot help it. They may fight some, but their disposition in evidence among many of those in Washington is to sit back and let the procession go by. Some of them say to themselves, "Just wait and see." They think the reaction is sure to come and that some other of the horses will have a chance to dicker again. But they believe that the people's minds are made up; that there is nothing for it now but to give the presidential primaries their inning.

Twice lately secretary of State Bryan has made public addresses in which he has predicted the abandonment of national conventions. The first address was before the New York legislature at Trenton early in March, and the second was before the Pennsylvania legislature at Harrisburg only a few days ago. The Harrisburg address, which was an elaboration of that at Trenton, indicates that Mr. Bryan has given the subject much careful thought since March, and is more sure of his ground. He feels that the old party machinery is not only a waste of money, but also a hindrance to the progress of the party.

Conventions Simply as a Clearing House.

It is the belief of a number of old school politicians that even with primaries it will be found necessary to retain many of the states as party platforms may be prepared. They speak with considerable favor of a plan of direct election of delegates to these conventions, the delegates pledged in advance to the support of certain candidates after the plan has been adopted in Illinois and various other direct primary states. The national conventions would thus be the clearing house—the point where the delegates would come together and formally register their support of their candidates.

A REMARKABLE DUEL.

Perhaps the most singular duel ever fought was one in which the hero was a dog, and the chronicler thereof was so careless that the name of this gallant hero, except that he was called "the dog of Montargis," did not appear, though we have the name of his antagonist. It happened in France, this duel, about the year 1280. A man named Aubry had been murdered in the forest of Bondy, near Paris. Aubry had a faithful dog, unfortunately the breed as well as the name of this four-footed friend is lost. After the disappearance of his master the dog every three or four days for some time would come to the house of his master's intimate friend to be fed. One day this friend followed the dog, and was led by him to the forest of Bondy. Here the dog scratched away the earth, disclosing the body of Monsieur Aubry. From that time the dog never quit his friend, and it was named Macaire when he met a man named Macaire he would show every sign of anger, and once he flew upon him, and was with difficulty taken off. This caused Macaire to be suspected of the murder of the man in the forest, and a duel was resolved upon by the authorities to decide whether Macaire was guilty or not. The case was different from the French duel of today, that is, an immense throng of people crowded to see it. The dog had his claws and a good set of teeth. More than this he had a tub to which he could withdraw when he was weary. The man was only allowed to have a stick and a shield. The combat lasted so long that Macaire, who had been severely bitten, fainted from loss of blood, and later confessed that he was the murderer. There is no record of the dog's satisfaction, but doubtless he was proud on nine days at least a much admired dog and the talk of all Paris.

THE KAISER AND WAR PICTURES.

Emperor William of Germany has forbidden any painting dealing with the Franco-German war to be included in the forthcoming jubilee art exhibition at Berlin, and in particular those of Anton von Werner, whose brush was employed to glorify the leading incidents of Sedan and the proclamation of the German empire at Versailles. But the emperor has not yet gone so far as to cease holding his annual review of the guards at Berlin on Sedan day—while continuing to be a thorn in the flesh of the French. When Vereschagin, the Russian painter, had an exhibition at Berlin of his realistic scenes from the campaign of 1871, the old Kaiser forbade his soldiers to go to see them on the ground that they would inspire a horror of war.

HOW'S THIS?

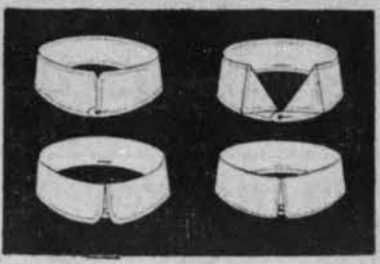
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Catarrh Cure.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Be sure you get the original. It is the only medicine that carries the name "Catarrh Cure" on its wrapper. It is the only medicine that carries the name "Catarrh Cure" on its wrapper.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



# All Home Employed Help

¶ The men and women employed in this Laundry are all residents of our city.

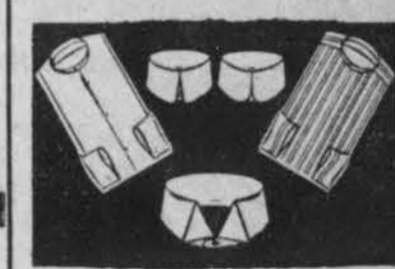
¶ Many of them have been with us for years and are thoroughly competent to do such work as will please our customer.

¶ They are all compelled to live up to the sanitary rules of this establishment.

¶ We pride ourselves in being clean, also in sending out clean and well laundered work. Seldom do we have a complaint. Try us.

## Needham Bros.

Ishpeming LAUNDERERS —Tel No.



## GOVERNMENT TO BUILD ALASKA RAILWAYS

### Bill for Construction by Uncle Sam of Mileage of 730 Is Now Pending in Congress.

Washington, May 25.—Every indication points to railroad legislation for Alaska. The senate committee on territories is now considering at great length various legislative proposals for the development of that country, and foremost among the measures, the Chamberlain-Wickersham bill providing for the federal construction and ownership of railroads in Alaska. This bill has the hearty support of the National Conservation association and is not opposed by the government or indirectly by means of leases to private contractors, at the discretion of the executive.

In the Words of Gifford Pinchot.

Gifford Pinchot set forth the policy which he embodied in the bill in these words:

"The story of railroad construction in continental United States, at the time when the country was unsettled, is substantially a story of government aid, either through the granting of land grants or in other ways, and we are justified in believing from the history of railroad construction in Alaska that railroads will not be built into unsettled territory without some help of that kind. The land grants in continental United States are substantially parallel as to the roads which have been built in Alaska—as to the only important road which has been built in Alaska, by the possession of natural resources, which stand, in effect, in lieu of a subsidy; in other words, if we are to look to the development of comparatively unsettled territory by railroads, it can be brought about, so far as our past history shows, only by a direct or indirect subsidy of natural resources at one time belonging to the government, and passing into private hands either by direct grant or by the operation of some kind of land law. In other words, if we are to get Alaska developed, we must do it by government aid; develop mines—not, mind you, for the exploitation of a single mine or a single property, but a development for the general benefit—we must do it by direct or indirect government subsidy."

Now, the time has gone by in this country when land grants, as a method of getting roads built, are possible. That is past. It leaves us then substantially one way to get roads built in Alaska, and that is upon either a guaranty of their bonds or the government to build the road itself."

To Develop Alaska.

The Chamberlain-Wickersham bill provides in detail that the president shall open the interior of Alaska to the Pacific ocean harbors so as to develop agriculture, timber, coal and other resources. It provides that the government shall construct all of the properties necessary to the complete operation of a railroad, and in addition that wharf and coal bunkers shall be built by the government. A salient feature is that the power of the interstate commerce is extended to Alaska, with express provision that the rates for steamship transportation to and from Alaska shall be regulated.

Town sites are to be laid out according to specific provisions in the bill, and the acquisition of land for non-use or for monopoly holdings is prohibited. Property belonging to the United States now at the Panama canal shall be used, and at the president, at his discretion, may take over the holdings of railroads in Alaska. The financial provisions of the bill provide that the secretary of the treasury shall borrow on the credit of the United States \$35,611,000 and issue bonds in denominations of \$100 to \$1,000. One million dollars is set aside for administration.

Hearings on this measure are still going on. It is stated by those who are in close touch with the situation that the bill will unquestionably be reported favorably to the senate, and probably before the close of the present session.

Rice bran exports from Japan aggregated half a billion pounds in the fiscal year 1912.

### ONE OF BEST AMERICAN PRODUCTS.

When we are disposed to envy the marvelous, machine-like perfection of life in Germany let us not forget the item of news from Berlin discussing the relation between the telephone and insanity. A commissioner in lunacy was quoted as declaring in the course of a trial that even a phlegmatic man might have his mental balance upset by exasperation in getting no reply from "Central." He mentioned the case of a well known doctor who became "completely insane through telephone exasperation."

Occasional wrath, sarcasm and worse are sent into telephone transmitters here, says the New York Tribune. But we think telephone insanity of the Berlin variety is not common. Perhaps Americans stand trials and obstacles better than do the precise Germans. Certainly Americans are a long-suffering race. Beyond this, by way of explanation lies the excellence of that invisible agent of all America, "Central."

Just why the American "hello" girl should be the best in the world is what puzzles the foreign sociologists to decide. But the solution lies in its simplicity. American women are the best in the world, so what else could you expect?

### JOKES OF THE ANCIENTS.

Hereafter, when you hear a joke of the mother-in-law variety do not smile; if you do, you will be giving credit, not to the speaker, but to that frivolous Egyptian monarch, Ramses, who repeated this self-same joke at a dinner party and caused it to be engraved on stones. It was several centuries old at that time, so that its age, as far as known, is about 5,000 years.

This is not confutery. The savants of Chicago university have spent a good deal of time and trouble in tracing the origin of this joke and others like it.

Then there's the ugly man joke. It is almost certain that it was invented by Adam, though it attained near popularity from Abraham Lincoln's use of it. According to Dr. Harris of Northwestern university, Lincoln was passing through a forest when he saw an extremely ugly man pointing a gun at him. This individual said he had been told if he ever saw an uglier man than himself he would be justified in shooting him.

Said Lincoln: "If I am uglier than you are fire away. I don't care to live."

Equal the Famous Dessert Chefs



You will find that the great chefs all know of the advantages of Knox Gelatine in attaining the right results in their delicious fairy-like desserts. They may equal the attainments of these master-cooks, with Knox Gelatine. Try for luncheon.

Almond Caramel Charlotte Russe

1/2 envelope Knox Sparkling Gelatine, 1/2 pound or less blanched almonds, 1/2 cup cold water, 1/2 lb. ladyfinger, 1 ounce of evaporated sugar, 1 pint cream, 1/2 cup boiling water, Vanilla flavoring.

Soak the Gelatine in the cold water 5 minutes, and let stand over hot water until dissolved. Caramelize the sugar, add boiling water and allow to become cool; then add Gelatine, when beginning to set add ladyfinger, vanilla, and whipped cream. Pour into mold lined with ladyfingers. Put on ice till ready to serve. Decorate with marshmallows and cherries.

Two Packages—Pineapple Acidulated. Both Making Two Quarts (2 1/2 gallon) of Jelly. With the Plain Sparkling, Jellies are made for flavoring but with the Acidulated package comes an envelope of concentrated lemon juice—a great convenience when too busy to squeeze lemons. Both contain a tablet for coloring.

Let us send you the Knox Recipe Book and envelope of Gelatine to make one pint.

—enough to try most any one of our desserts, puddings, salads, jellies, ice creams, sherbets, candies, etc.

Recipe book free for your pocket's name—send sample for 25 cents.

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**Our aim is to Close Out this Stock Immediately, and Extraordinary Low Pricing is the Medium by which We Will Do It.**

**We Would Advise Our Customers to Call Early Before Any of the Lots are Closed Out.**

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ISHPEMING STORE.

tf.5-23

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VARIABLE ROUTE TICKETS TO

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## Marquette News

### MANY CASES THIS TERM

Eighty-One, All Told, Will Be Disposed of During the May Session of Circuit Court for the County of Marquette—Twenty-Five of These Criminal Prosecutions.

Thirty-One Issues of Fact Cases, for Trial by Jury, Make at Least Fifty-Six Jury Cases Set for Hearing at This Sitting—Twelve Cases Are in Chancery.

The docket for the May term of circuit court, which opens this morning, contains eighty-one cases and is one of the largest on record since court was established in Marquette county. Twenty-five are criminal cases. The issue of fact cases, trial by jury, number thirty-one, making at least fifty-six jury cases set for hearing at this term. Thirteen other issues of fact cases are for trial by court. There are twelve cases in chancery.

Numbered among the issue of fact cases for trial by court are twelve personal injury suits against mining corporations, which will be among the last of these cases, due to the operation of the workmen's compensation law. At the close of the February term there were a large number of these cases still hanging fire, but more than half of them have been settled by agreement between the parties.

The case of *Roosevelt vs. Newett*, issue of fact, trial by jury, is, of course, the most significant of the term, and, owing to the number of witnesses, all of whom will come from distant points to testify, the trial has been set as the first case of the docket, departing from the usual order of disposing of the criminal calendar first. The case is to be called at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

#### Many Criminal Cases.

The majority of the criminal cases on the docket will have to be disposed of this term, as some of them have been continued for a year or more. Among these is the case of the *People vs. Paul Gonyea*, charged with a violation of the game law, alleged to have been committed a year ago this spring. Gonyea, who was formerly employed in a lumber camp in the south end of the county, is charged with killing deer. His attorney is John Cummingskey, of Escanaba. The case was brought against him by John Rough, deputy game warden, of Negaunee.

The case against Chester Pleau, of Sands, charged with assault with intent to do great bodily harm, and that

against Peter Catto, of Negaunee, charged with indecent exposure, were continued from last term. Among the cases that were continued from the last term of court and which will probably be disposed of this term are those against Jennie Burnside, of Ishpeming, charged with selling liquor without a license in one case and keeping a house of ill fame in another. They were the results of a raid on alleged Ishpeming resorts that resulted in numerous arrests.

There are twelve new cases of violations of the liquor laws, the defendants in which are Charles L. Christian, Marquette; Christ A. Johnson, Negaunee; Felix Beltrame, Gwinn; Louis Vierling, Edgar Lobb, Charles Mellugh, Jeff Morin, Marquette; Con Mahoney, Ishpeming; John R. Perenchio and Donald McDonald, Negaunee; Baldo Lungo and Ant Lakkaka, in the townships.

Peter Rasmussen, of Marquette, must answer a charge of keeping a house of ill fame, and two burglary cases against Algot Anderson and Howard Carlson, for robbing a store at Carlsbad, and against Edmund Patenaude, Stanley Schuch, William Gregory Caven and Wilmer Harkin, for entering the Washington street saloon of Archibald LaCasse and Robert Cadieux are noted. The defendants in the burglary cases pleaded guilty in justice court. All are minors. Anderson and Carlson are under eighteen years of age, and the four others are between eighteen and twenty-one years old.

#### The Civil Cases.

The docket for the May term contains several interesting civil cases, among them the assumpsit case of John B. Wanless and George R. King, co-partners, vs. the board of fire and water commissioners of the city of Marquette. The case has been continued for almost a year. George P. Brown, the city attorney, is attorney for the board and C. F. Button is of counsel. Myron J. Sherwood is counsel for the plaintiffs. The case is to be tried by the jury. The suit is brought to recover the amount said to be due the contracting firm of Wanless & King for work on the cleaning of the old intake at the city water works. Several attempts to reach an agreement have failed.

The case of William A. French vs. Christine I. McDonald, in chancery, in which a decree awarding the plaintiff a judgment of money was handed down following the last term of court by Judge R. C. Flannigan, comes up again for final disposition.

Another interesting chancery suit is that of Louis G. Kaufman, trustee, First National Bank, Marquette, vs. George Reichel et al, a foreclosure case. A. B. Eldredge and A. E. Miller are attorneys for the plaintiff, and C. F. Button is attorney for Reichel. Another foreclosure proceeding against the Reichels is that brought by Colin C. Ireland, for whom George P. Brown is counsel.

Lamonte Rutledge, son of Rev. Caleb H. Rutledge, formerly of Ishpeming, will leave this week to join his parents in Detroit, where Rev. Mr. Rutledge is now engaged. Young Mr. Rutledge was here from Ishpeming yesterday on a farewell visit to his friends. He returned last evening.

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The best workmanship guaranteed.

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### "CASTLE BREW"

There's no use talking, it's fine!

There is no beer made that can possibly taste better and we are sure there's none so pure. None but the most expensive barley and hops, together with the purest spring water, is used in its manufacture.

ORDER A CASE OF PINTS OR QUARTS.

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We make special designs and furnish plans, and specifications for large or small Monuments, Statuary and Mausoleums and for special stone work on churches or other buildings.

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The First National Bank offers you an opportunity to SAVE money and increase your buying power.

Your savings account here accomplishes two excellent results: It helps you to resist ill advised spending and develops instincts which will enable you to turn your savings into remunerative channels.

## BRYAN'S SPEECHES STIR STATESMEN

### Peace Generalities Prove Highly Bewildering and a Source of Embarrassment.

Washington, May 23.—Secretary of State Bryan's diplomacy is rapidly bringing about a serious domestic, if not international, situation which is approaching the acute. The embarrassment caused by Mr. Bryan in some official circles is paralleled only by the laughter excited in others where the ineffectiveness of the Bryan peace policies is clearly recognized. With the element of national pride entering into Japan's discussion of the California situation and with Secretary Bryan advocating the arbitration of a question which all Americans regard as purely domestic, with American ships locked up by cabinet officers in deference to newspaper rumors and with the state department advancing no consistent foreign policy except in ready-made dinner speeches, with the secretary of state himself so careless of the language of diplomacy that he publicly characterizes as such an "earnest protest" of a friendly government, a situation is created in Washington of especial interest to the American people. Before an audience including diplomats at the First Congressional church Secretary Bryan even put his foot into a local situation in Germany which has embarrassed the German government so obviously that other nations have refrained from discussing it.

## PROPOSAL MADE QUEEN FURIOUS

### Princess Mary of England Locked Up for Offering to Wed Lord Kitchener.

London, May 25.—Princess Mary, of England, daughter of King George, has proposed to Lord Kitchener. The royal proposal was whispered in the park of Windsor castle one evening not long ago. Lord Kitchener gallantly asked the little princess to talk with her father about the alliance. The match is off. The grizzled hero of Khartoum, home for a spell from Egypt, was escorting the princess about the grounds. He is sixty-two years old, tall, straight as an arrow, stern as an Indian chieftain; she is sixteen, shy and a hero-worshipper. There was a lull in the conversation as they walked over the well-kept grounds, and Princess Mary, with her hand on his arm, told him, amid some confusion, that she had something important to say. Royal eunuchs, however, had already placed the princess between a woman of the royal blood and man of lesser nobility. The proposal he made by the woman. The embarrassment of this was what the little princess had in mind and she said so, frankly enough, despite her blushes. She wanted to become her stepfather's daughter, and since she had to propose, she was doing so.

## HAD EVENTFUL TRIP

### H. O. Brotherton and Companion Barely Escaped Storm in Omaha.

H. O. Brotherton, of Escanaba, a brother of Ray Brotherton, city engineer of Negaunee, and his assistant, Claude H. O. Brotherton, returned from Lander's, Wis., where they had been looking over a large timber acreage, located in the Wind River mountains. Mr. Brotherton is now employed as land looker for the Chicago & Northwestern railway. The journey of the men through Nebraska and Wyoming, was not an eventful one. When only a few miles out of Omaha, the storm which caused such great loss of life and great damage to property in that vicinity swept over the city. After arriving at Lander's they were compelled to make a hurried trip by automobile to the foothills of the Wind River mountains. There they encountered trails that would not permit of auto passage and they rode on horses fifty miles into the heart of the Wind River range.

## COMMISSIONERS CHOSEN AT POLLS

### Little Interest Shown in the Election of the Charter Revisers Last Saturday.

Eighty-seven ballots were cast in Saturday's election, when a commission was chosen to revise the charter of the city, the commission consisting of four commissioners at large and one commissioner from each ward. As there was no opposition to the candidates, who had previously filed petitions for office, little interest was shown in the election. Less than one-twentieth of the voting population turned out. The following were elected: Commissioners at Large—Frank A. Bell, Dr. H. W. Sheldon, Thomas Connors and John W. Elliott. Ward commissioners—First, Thomas Gribble; Second, George J. Haupt; Third, Edward C. Anthony; Fourth, T. M. Wells; Fifth, August Johnson. The votes received by each candidate follow: Bell, 81; Sheldon, 80; Connors, 80; Elliott, 81; Gribble, 15; Haupt, 18; Anthony, 19; Wells, 22; Johnson, 11. Six blank ballots were cast. The work of revising the charter will be commenced at once. The commission will be called upon to examine what form of government is best, the proposed charter to be submitted to a vote of the people at a subsequent election. Saturday's vote was one of the smallest ever cast in the city.

## LOCAL LACONICS

Walter Frederickson, of Gwinn, was a Negaunee visitor on Friday. Miss Minnie Gaffney visited in Michigan upon Saturday and Sunday. Miss Dorothy Beyer, of Marquette, visited friends in Negaunee yesterday. John Harrington and Al Thoe, of Marquette, visited Negaunee friends Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. C. Curran and family, of Green Bay, visited Mr. Curran's mother here yesterday. A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Reichel, of Cornish, on Saturday, May 17. Axel Larson, manager of the Gwinn Lumber company, spent Sunday at his home in this city. Mrs. J. T. Gillette, of Marquette, was the guest of relatives in Negaunee and Ishpeming Sunday. Nick Pisla and Alfred Pikkola arrived home Friday from Butte, Mont., where they had lived for the last three or four years. Mr. and Mrs. Julius Jacobson have returned from Florida and other southern states, where they spent the winter months. Mrs. John Robertson, of Marquette, and daughter, Mrs. Long, of Duluth, visited friends in Negaunee and Ishpeming yesterday. A. C. Seass has received a letter from Ira A. Clark, who formerly lived in Negaunee. He is now located in Tuenmari, New Mexico. Commencing next Sunday, June 1, the Lake Superior & Ishpeming railway will run special excursion trains between the various points on its line. Mrs. John Foley and daughter, Nina, who have visited relatives in Negaunee during the week past, will leave this evening for their home in Minneapolis. Miss Anna McVicar and Miss Marion McDonnell, students at the Northern State Normal at Marquette, visited their parents in this city Saturday and Sunday. The baseball game which was to have been played Saturday afternoon between the Negaunee and Ishpeming High school teams was postponed, owing to the wet grounds at Union Park. The game will be played next Saturday, weather permitting. Mrs. J. M. Calhoun, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James MacNeil, of this city, who has spent the past several months in Tucson, Ariz., where she will be joined by her husband, who has moved to that city from Salt Lake City. Now is the time to get measured for your spring suit at the London Tailors, 316-50. We show 500 all wool patterns. E. J. Lieberman, Pearce block, West Iron street. 4-29-14. WOUNDS OF MODERN WARFARE. Surgeons in the South African war were astonished to find how rapidly men recovered from bullet wounds penetrating the thorax, the abdomen and even the head. These recoveries were credited at first to the healing qualities of the South African air. But very soon the explanation came that it was really the thin, narrow bullet traveling at high velocity which was making war more humane. In Manchuria the same experience was common. So in the Balkans the rifle bullet has done comparatively little damage. The Mannlicher bullet used by the Turks is long and narrow (6mm. in diameter); it perforates cleanly. Its track is aseptic and the tissues close quickly and firmly. The bones, especially the expanded articular ends, were simply tunneled. Wounds of the thorax with perforation of the lung healed generally without complication. And so complete abstention from exploration or other interference in rifle bullet wounds came to be the rule. The rule worked well, too, with much wider application, and M. Monprofit indulges in these obiter dicta: "Modern military surgery ought to be, above all, surgery of watchfulness and expectancy. 'Moina on fait, moina on fait.' All operations, except a few of absolute urgency, are contraindicated on the battlefield."

## Generosity should never exceed ability. Constant squandering or frittering away everything earned will make the richest man poor. A Savings Account means generosity for you are providing for the future of your home and family. 3 per cent keeps your account growing.

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C. MEILLEUR, Vice President.  
H. C. WAGNER, Cashier.  
J. H. ANDERSON, Assistant Cashier.

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NEGAUNEE, MICH.  
Ask for circulars.

of the effects of shrapnel fire as "murderous."  
**ARTERIOSCLEROSIS.**  
Did you smoke too much and are you addicted to the consumption of rich dishes? These are frequent questions to be pondered by all those who would avoid arteriosclerosis. Lecturing in Vienna on the subject of arteriosclerosis, which he termed the Danubius sword suspended over the heads of all of us, Prof. Adolf von Struemfell, the eminent physician and physiologist, gave some valuable suggestions as to how this disease might be avoided. It is most important, he said, to begin in time and carefully refrain from everything known to be injurious to the arterial system, such as overphysical strain, free indulgence in rich foods, alcohol and tobacco, especially the latter. As for tea and coffee there was much to be said. Strong black coffee certainly did produce nervous affections of the heart, but it had little effect upon the arteries, and tea was injurious only in isolated cases. With regard to meat, doctors were right when they spoke of its injurious effects, but, after all, perhaps, it was more the rich sauces and gravies accompanying it which did the mischief. The idea that so-called white meats were less harmful than dark meats was also probably only true in regard to the different ways of preparing and cooking them.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

FOR SALE—First-class driving horse; weight, 1,650 pounds. Call 'phone 158.  
FOR RENT—The East Jackson Hotel to any good responsible party; 20 rooms furnished, good location, next door west of the opera house. Enquire on premises. Mathew Maloney, Negaunee. 5-6-14.  
Superior Barred Plymouth Rock Strain  
Eggs for hatching, per one ..... \$5.00  
Eggs for hatching, per two ..... 3.00  
Stock for Sale.  
Bred and Owned by  
W. D. TRESIDDER, Negaunee.  
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Price list mailed upon request. Prompt shipment by mail and express. Telephone your order.

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McCann & McCann, Prop. Negaunee's Best Cafe. Across from Union Depot. Auto and Horse Livery in Connection. 4-10-14.

## INDUSTRIOUS WASPS.

Wasps appear to be well-nigh as industrious as ants or bees. One authority has declared that the cardinal doctrine of the wasp is: "If any wasp will not work, neither shall he eat."

Division of labor is clearly seen in the wasp's nest. Some of the workers seem to be especially employed as foragers and soldiers, others appear to be told off as nurses and guardians, while yet others are engaged as papermakers and masons.

Wasps are at all times particularly fond of honey. Toward the end of the

## Divining Rod is Proof Against Official Tests.

Scientific tests recently made in Germany and France seem to prove there is really something in rhabdometry, or the art of discovering springs of water and deposits of metals by means of the so-called divining rod. The matter has not been explained, but sufficient has been learned to make the most skeptical scientists confess that it is not a fake or a mere relic of medieval magic. The German government watched some experiments made by Prince Carolath, a friend of the Emperor, and was so convinced of the real power of the divining rod that it has officially and with great success applied rhabdometry to the discovery of the subterranean sources of water in its West African colonies. The French Academy of Sciences has been studying the subject for some time, and the French Minister of Agriculture appointed a commission about two years ago to investigate it. When the "Congress of Experimental Psychology" met in Paris in March one of its branches was that of the rhabdometrists. These came from all over Europe, and the French commission was directed to supervise their experiments. The chairman of this commission was Gustave Le Bon, an outspoken skeptic and an enthusiastic exposé of all mediums and dabbles in the occult. The first test was made by taking five "diviners" with their rods over the site of an ancient cellar, the situation of which was known only to two members of the government commission. All the rhabdometrists discovered it, and one of them, Mr. Prost, pointed out by means of his divining rod the exact position of each of the pillars that supported its roof and the precise dimensions of some of these. All asserted that there was no water, which, on investigation, proved to be true. They discovered easily a mass of cast iron and a copper bowl that had been buried at two different places in the country. Father Momet, a Swiss priest, discovered the spot under which a few gold coins had been buried. M. Hemon, professor of philosophy in the Lycee Ampere, applied his divining rod to six "veins," in each of which a different metal had been sealed—iron, zinc, antimony, copper and lead. He was right three times out of four. The tests lasted several days, and even the skeptical Le Bon confessed that there was "something in it."

## Police Seek Militants' Boy Aid.

Edwry Clayton, the Richmond chemist, who is charged with conspiring with the militant suffragettes in an arson campaign, is not the only male supporter of the Amazons, for the police are now looking for a fourteen-year-old boy, who is said to have left a trail of destruction behind. This boy, whose name has not been learned by the police, enlisted in the campaign for destruction because his mother and sister had been sent to jail, where they were forcibly fed. The boy soon surpassed all of his feminine competitors in postbox raids. Operating from his own home, the youthful raider is said to have fired ninety street postboxes. Postboxes were his specialty, but he is also believed to have devoted some of his time to the destruction of golf greens. Because he was not suspected, the boy was able to raid boxes in neighborhoods where a woman could not have escaped detection. The police may have some difficulty in locating the boy, who has been persuaded by his family to desist from the campaign on the plea that he has accomplished quite enough to avenge his militant relatives.

## IN NEW POSITION.

Last week's issue of the Iron River, Stambaugh Reporter had the following mention of E. J. Pearce, who recently left Negaunee to enter the service of the Nevada Land company at Crystal Falls and who, during his stay here, was mining engineer for the Republic Iron and Steel company. "E. J. Pearce, who has been mining engineer for the Republic Iron & Steel company and has charge of the company's operations in this district, has resigned his position. He has accepted the position of assistant to Earl Richards, general superintendent for the Nevada Land company, and will be located in the Mastodon district, where the company is interested in the big Mastodon find. Mr. Pearce is a splendid young man and we are sorry to lose him, but as his new position is in the line of promotion we heartily join with his many friends in offering congratulations. Mr. Pearce in offering congratulations to Mr. Pearce in his new position with the Republic Iron & Steel company will be taken by Tom Kennedy, who has been with the company for several years and is recognized as a most efficient mining engineer."

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Edwry Clayton, the Richmond chemist, who is charged with conspiring with the militant suffragettes in an arson campaign, is not the only male supporter of the Amazons, for the police are now looking for a fourteen-year-old boy, who is said to have left a trail of destruction behind. This boy, whose name has not been learned by the police, enlisted in the campaign for destruction because his mother and sister had been sent to jail, where they were forcibly fed. The boy soon surpassed all of his feminine competitors in postbox raids. Operating from his own home, the youthful raider is said to have fired ninety street postboxes. Postboxes were his specialty, but he is also believed to have devoted some of his time to the destruction of golf greens. Because he was not suspected, the boy was able to raid boxes in neighborhoods where a woman could not have escaped detection. The police may have some difficulty in locating the boy, who has been persuaded by his family to desist from the campaign on the plea that he has accomplished quite enough to avenge his militant relatives.

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# WILL CLOSE ITS OFFICE HERE

**Paine, Webber & Company, Bankers and Brokers of Boston, Will Discontinue Marquette Branch On June 1, or Earlier, if Possible, Because of Poor Business.**

**General Depression in Stock Trading, the Result of Inactivity of the Markets, Has Caused a Curtailment of Business in All Portions of the Country.**

It was announced Saturday for the first time officially, and formal notices to that effect will be sent out shortly, that the Marquette office of Paine, Webber & Co., bankers and brokers, of Boston, would be discontinued June 1st. The general depression in the brokerage business, owing to the inactivity of stocks, is the direct cause of the discontinuance. The effects of the dull market have been felt all over the country, but Paine, Webber & Co., whose other offices are in Boston, Superior, Houghton, Calumet, Duluth, Milwaukee and Butte, have experienced the depression particularly in the upper peninsula. At present the Marquette office is the only one to be closed, but unless there is an improvement in the brokerage business other offices are likely to be suspended from time to time.

The move to close the Marquette office has been considered the last month or six weeks. It is said that Paine, Webber & Co. is not the only brokerage concern that has leased wires to the upper peninsula that is to curtail the service. It is rumored that the Miller & Co. wire is also to be discontinued.

An effort will be made to bring the affairs of the office to a close Thursday, that the accounts may be forwarded to Boston to be received June 1. The closing of the Marquette business incurs a large amount of work, as in the latter days of the past the firm has had a large clientele in this city. During the last year Paine, Webber & Co. have added a bond department to their business and do a large business in high-class securities of this kind in addition to the stock exchange business. The firm is a member of both the New York and Boston stock exchanges.

The decision to close the Marquette office has not been sudden. For several years past the business has been poor, so poor, in fact, as to make the large outlay in office expense unwarranted. The Marquette office is known in the trade as a "first class" office and an expensive and thoroughly adequate telegraph service has been maintained in it. When the addition to the Marquette National bank building was completed about a year and a half ago, the offices were housed in model and up-to-date quarters and were equipped with a fine outlay of new furniture in anticipation of a boom which never came.

Under the capable management of

William H. Schweitzer, resident manager, the business has been conducted to the thorough satisfaction of the firm and of the customers in this city. Courteous treatment and prompt attention have marked all transactions. Mr. Schweitzer has managed the Marquette office since August, 1906. The office was established in September, 1898. The first manager was Will C. Brown, lately of Duluth. Mr. Brown held the position five years and upon leaving the city was succeeded by M. J. O'Brien, who remained until the year Mr. Schweitzer took charge of the business here assisting Mr. Schweitzer are Lawrence J. Jacobs, cashier of the Marquette office, and Frank Summers, the telegrapher. Other help, including an office boy, was employed as needed.

Mr. Schweitzer will shortly address the following notices to the firm's customers in this city: "We beg to notify you that on June 1 the Marquette office will be discontinued. It will therefore be necessary for you to send any further business that you may desire to do with this firm to one of our other offices, which are located at Houghton, Calumet, Duluth, Milwaukee, Butte, Superior and Boston. Thanking you for the business that you have sent this office and trusting that our future relations may be as pleasant as in the past, we remain, yours very truly,

"PAINE, WEBBER & CO."

Paine, Webber & Co. occupy the first floor room in the addition to the Marquette National bank building. Several prospective tenants have already applied for a lease to the quarters, it is reported.

## ONE-THIRD OF CITY'S VOTE CAST SATURDAY

**Bush and Heffernan, the Former at Large and the Latter in the Second, Defeated.**

Ernest H. Bush, running at large, and John L. Heffernan, who opposed Harlow A. Clark in the Second ward, were the only two candidates who were not elected in Saturday's contest for the election of a commission of eight members to revise the city charter.

The commission, as it was chosen, consists of the following men: C. E. Brown, J. C. Gannon and W. J. Small, commissioners-at-large; George A. McKereghan, Harlow A. Clark, John H. Godwin, William A. Ross and J. E. Lautner, each respectively representing one ward from the First to the Fifth, in the order named.

The vote cast for the ten candidates was as follows:

—Ward Commissioners—  
First ward—George A. McKereghan, 27;  
Second ward—Harlow A. Clark, 78;  
John L. Heffernan, 15.  
Third ward—John H. Godwin, 60.  
Fourth ward—William A. Ross, 75.  
Fifth ward—J. E. Lautner, 56; Henry W. Nebel, 1.

—Commissioners-at-Large—

1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th  
C. E. Brown... 27 79 53 74 56  
E. H. Bush... 22 39 25 39 24  
J. C. Gannon... 27 75 47 66 51  
W. J. Small... 8 36 43 43 43  
Totals—Brown, 280; Bush, 169; Gan-

non, 200; Small, 173.  
These were 334 votes cast—not quite a third of the city's total strength. The results were largely as predicted. Although there were only the newspaper announcements and the sessions of the election boards to mark Saturday as an election day, there was no dearth of interest as to the outcome when the polls closed.

The first formal meeting of the commissioners will be held as soon as the council canvasses the vote and declares the eight men elected.

## TRENCHER CANNOT BE WORKED IN SANDY SOIL

**Herman Stensrud Will Return Big Machine—Work on Trunk Sewer Under Way.**

Because the machine is not adapted to the sandy soil conditions in Marquette, the Buckeye trencher, purchased by Herman Stensrud, who has the contract for building the eastern trunk sewer, will be returned to its manufacturers. The machine, which was received the first of this month, and was set up, given a thorough trial and found wanting.

"It digs alright," said Mr. Stensrud yesterday, "but before it excavates to the required depth the walls of the trench cave in. We tried to put down a ditch eight to ten feet deep with it. At five feet the sand on the walls started to give away. As sand is found the greater portion of the route of the sewer the machine is impractical for use here. It is a valuable device, however, and under favorable conditions will in one day do the work of fifty men. It can be operated in clay soil to best advantage, and is at its best in ground such as men cannot dig."

The machine weighs twenty-five tons and resembles a combined locomotive and machine shop. It is self-moving and digs continuously at the rate of six hundred feet a day. A bucket-wheel scoops up the ground, which is deposited on a chain carrier that dumps it along the side of the trench. Steam furnishes the necessary power. Mr. Stensrud will ship the machine July 1 to Tennessee, where the company has sold it to be used on an eight-mile sewer excavation and where it is believed it will be a success.

Mr. Stensrud already has a crew of thirty-five men at work on the sewer job and he is advertising in this issue for fifty more. Mr. Stensrud expects to turn the job over to the city in four months, or fully three months before the expiration of his contract time, Dec. 24. Six hundred feet of sewer is already in the ground, the rock between the lake shore and Michigan street, through which trench will have to be cut, is being stripped and the air compressor set up in Longyear field, below the Schaefer residence, is working. The first blast will be fired today.

The lateral sewer in Hewitt avenue, which connects with and comes under the contract for the eastern trunk sewer, is finished. It consists of 585 feet of twelve-inch pipe. The Ridge street and Prospect laterals will be finished this week. Excavating has been started in Prospect street and 150 feet of eight-inch

## PARISIAN IVORY

The beautiful white toilet ware that every one is buying these days. We carry a beautiful assortment for COMMENCEMENT.

Brushes, Combs, Mirrors, Manicure Pieces, every possible furnishing for the dressing table at prices ranging from 50c, 75c, \$1.00 up to \$10.00

We engrave our ivory goods in colored wax, making them most attractive. Colors, pink, blue, green and violet.

Schoch & Hallam

## 50 MEN WANTED!

FOR CONSTRUCTION WORK  
Wages \$2.25 per day

Apply at  
**Herman Stensrud's PLUMBING SHOP**  
318 South Front street.

Pipe has already been laid in Ridge. The Prospect lateral will be constructed of twelve-inch pipe.

A crew of men has already commenced to lay the cement block pipe between Hewitt avenue and Prospect street. With the completion of the lateral sewers the force will be concentrated on the main sewer, except for the crew working at the rock excavating. This latter work will be the hardest and longest part of the job, and the most expensive as well. The laying of the pipe above the point where the trap like protrudes itself into the route will give the contractor little difficulty other than that of handling the unusually large sections of pipe.

J. M. Keith was here from Negaunee yesterday.

## NOTICE TO HEATING CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received by Martin Voetsch, county clerk of Baraga county, L'Anse, Mich., for the heating of the jail and sheriff's residence at L'Anse, Mich., and the connecting up of the present court house heating to the same system.

Proposals to be in the hands of the aforesaid county clerk on or before 12 o'clock of the 27th day of May, 1913. Plans, specifications and instructions can be seen at the court house, L'Anse, Mich., also in the offices of the architect in Marquette, Mich., and in Milwaukee, Wis. CHARLTON & KRENZEL, Architects, Marquette, Mich.

## Longer Banking Hours

Customers of the First National may make deposits at any time of the day, simply by mailing their receipts, — currency, checks, drafts, money orders, etc., to the bank.

The amount of their receipts is turned into First National credit.

Instead of carrying unnecessary receipts on hand, until a convenient time for coming to the bank in person, deposit by mail, thus getting the bank's safeguards about your money without delay.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK MARQUETTE, MICH.

DESIGNATED UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.  
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits \$250,000.00  
Send for our Booklet "Modern Banking."



## Special Suggestions!

Housecleaning time suggests many changes and additions in Household Goods and we wish to call your attention to the fact that we are headquarters for Household Specialties. Here are a few reminders:

- |               |                         |                 |                 |
|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Lace Curtains | Table Cloths            | Boilers         | Tumblers        |
| Bed Spreads   | Bureau Covers           | Tubs            | Table Glassware |
| Table Linen   | Shams                   | Clothes Baskets | Vases           |
| Napkins       | Silver Knives and Forks | Hampers         | Cuspidors       |
| Towels        | Silver Spoons           | Brooms          | Dish Pans       |
| Toweling      | Carving Sets            | Carpet Sweepers | Water Pails     |
| Rugs          | Butcher Knives          | Window Shades   | Chamber Pails   |
| Sheets        | Scissors                | Fancy China     | Bread Boxes     |
| Pillow Slips  | Wringers                | Dinner Ware     | Infants Baths   |
| Lunch Cloths  |                         | Chamber sets    | Lunch Baskets   |

Please bear in mind that we make a specialty of the above mentioned lines of goods and we guarantee you a saving on every article.

## THE VARIETY STORE

149-151 Washington St

J. A. Malhot, Prop.

# Stein-Bloch and Kuppenheimer Are Among the Great Tailors of the World

They are makers who know their business. Nothing they touch comes away unadorned. Their clothes are not the ordinary ready-mades. They are clothes that become you, no matter who you are, or where you are going.

TODAY you will find us prepared and ready in every department with the most alluring and remarkable display of clothing, hats and furnishings that any store ever assembled for you men and young men and boys everywhere. Value stands out in a way to make us supreme.



### The Big Noise in Hats

is the Knox, Mallory and Stetson. We know the men who wear them. They come to us because we keep our assortment up to the minute. Let us show you our new spring and summer styles in stiff or soft hats.



### Shoes for Style and Comfort

All the best and all around last ever produced. Styles that will fit comfortably more different kinds of feet than any other makes that we know of. You can rely on the names of the Hannan, the Regent, the Bates, Copeland & Ryder Shoes.



ALWAYS more and better styles in Overcoats—always greater value. Overcoats and Raincoats in all patterns and fancy mixtures, English Galesdenes and Raglands, convenient slip-ons. Come in and see them.

There is no time like the present for a man to look over our **Shirt, Neckwear and Hosiery** department. The picking is at its best and the bloom is on every line.



SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED IN ALL OUR DEALINGS.

We will be "DELIGHTED TO MEET YOU!"

# ORMSBEE & ATKINS

Marquette's Largest Clothiers and Hatterdashers

Nesfer Block, Washington Street.

NUMB...  
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Robert...  
man, fifty...  
William...  
ship, mine...  
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fireman, t...  
Thomas...  
farmer, fo...  
John A...  
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Gus Pau...  
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Andrew...  
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John F...  
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