

IOWA REPUBLICANS TO VOTE TOMORROW

Nominees of the Party for State Officers and Members of Congress Will Be Determined at a Primary Election.

It Is a Contest Between the Standpatters and the Progressives, and So Complicated Is the Situation That Shrewd Political Observers Will Not Venture a Prediction as to the Outcome—Campaign Waged in Most Strenuous Fashion.

Des Moines, Ia., June 5.—This state, rising to the requirements of its position as the immediate center of the nation's interest in Republican politics, refused to close the primary campaign with Saturday evening's meetings throughout the commonwealth.

Broadly speaking the issue in the Republican ranks is the present Republican administration. Besides this, however, the general feeling is that Tuesday's primaries will test thoroughly the position of the Iowa Republicans on the insurgent and stand-pat question.

Judge Smith Loses His Temper. Council Bluffs, Ia., June 5.—"In the presence of this demonstration, what care I for all the muckrakers from Des Moines to Madison?" asked Congressman Walter I. Smith before a large audience here last night, at the closing meeting of his campaign for renomination on the Republican ticket against Attorney General Byers.

Representative Smith's address was marked by indications of anger, plainly expressed, because of the fact that he had been called upon to explain his record in regard to the conservation of those in the state who opposed him during the present campaign.

Cummins Assails the "Old Guard." Creston, Ia., June 5.—Senator Cummins in a speech here yesterday afternoon put the climax on the campaign for the Eighth district Republican congressional nomination being waged by John Darrah of Charlton against Judge H. M. Towner of Corning.

ONE CANNON MAN DEFEATED. Congressman Dalzell, too, Makes Poor Run in Pennsylvania Primaries. Philadelphia, June 5.—Returns of the primaries held throughout the state yesterday show that the Republican organization succeeding in nominating nearly all of its candidates.

PRESIDENT TAFT HOME AGAIN. Washington, June 5.—President Taft returned at 8:44 o'clock tonight from his Western trip.

TRAIN WRECK INJURES MANY. Birmingham, Ala., June 5.—The Southern Limited train on the Frisco system was wrecked this afternoon sixty miles west of Birmingham and thirty-six people were injured, six seriously.

U. S. CENSUS BUREAU IS FLOODED WITH INQUIRIES

Anxious Citizens Write and Telegraph to Washington for Information Regarding Towns in All Portions of the Country.

Washington, June 5.—The census bureau is overwhelmed with inquiries about the population of towns, cities and states. From Portland, Me., and Syracuse, N. Y., even to Sacramento and San Francisco, Cal., letters and telegrams are pouring into Washington to know why the figures of their inhabitants are not given to the public as has been done in other cases.

As a matter of fact no figures or estimates, official or unofficial, have been given out at the census office, and there have been no "leaks." The census office is now receiving returns from the supervisors of five districts, and about June 15, as Director E. Dani Durand puts it, the population of some of the larger cities will be announced.

The population of numerous counties will be known by the middle of last July, but it will be well into August, and it may be near September, before the population of any state can be told officially. But as fast as the tabulations are completed the results will be announced.

Some enterprising "guessers" have essayed to announce the population of large cities and states, causing much trouble for the census office and bringing a flood of inquiries to Washington. Probably an accommodating census official could be persuaded to figure out tolerably accurate guesses on the population of any tolerably large town. That is how the stories of population have been written, but they are not of any importance when it comes to veracity.

TRAILING THE BOODLE FUND.

State's Attorney Burke Still Busy With the Fish Bill Scandal. Springfield, Ills., June 5.—The fish bill end of the legislative inquiry occupied the attention of State's Attorney Burke today and will be considered by the grand jury tomorrow. In a statement Mr. Burke at Beardstown, Frank J. Trant, of the Beardstown Fish company, declared that the money never went further than him. Trant will appear before the jury tomorrow. It has been the theory of the prosecution that the money really was given to a legislator.

Lee Browne Fights Prosecution. Chicago, June 5.—State's Attorney O'Neil declared tonight that Lee O'Neil Browne, the legislator accused of bribery in connection with the election of Senator Lorimer, will be placed on trial tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. Browne declared that the criminal court has no jurisdiction in the case, and two hours before his trial is scheduled he will appear in the circuit court for the hearing of a petition for a writ of habeas corpus which he filed Saturday.

IS \$34.59 PER CAPITA. General Stock of Money in the U. S. Is More Than \$3,419,000,000.

Washington, June 5.—Treasury officials figure that if all the money in circulation in the United States were divided equally, every man, woman and child would have \$34.59. This is fourteen cents per capita more than they would have had by the same process of reasoning a month ago. Compared with a year ago there was on June 1, \$1,419,000,000 more money in circulation and yet, strangely, the per capita was forty-two cents less. This is said to be due to the increase of population, it being proportionately more than the growth of the circulating medium.

CANCELS ORDERS FOR CARS. New York Central Retrenches Pending Settlement of Rate Question.

New York, June 5.—W. C. Brown, president of the New York Central railroad, issued a statement last night confirming the report that the New York Central had cancelled orders for freight cars costing \$3,000,000, and had recalled bids for cars costing \$4,000,000 or more. He added that expenditures for improvements amounting to \$8,000,000 had been held up pending the settlement of the freight rate question. He also said that the negotiations in Paris affecting the sale of bonds totalling \$27,500,000 had been discontinued.

MICHIGAN BANK IS CLOSED. Cashier Blamed for the Straits of a Lower Peninsula Institution.

Plainwell, Mich., June 5.—The Citizens' State Savings bank here has been closed by State Bank Examiner Zimmerman. Cashier Shepard is charged with having invested \$38,000 in Texas lands without the approval of the directors.

CONVICTS MADE MONEY. Missouri Prison Is Found Equipped With a Counterfeiting Plant.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 5.—A fully equipped counterfeiting plant was discovered in the Missouri penitentiary today. Lee Jayer and Jos Vail, prisoners, will be brought to trial in the federal court.

FINDS THERE ARE TOO MANY DOCTORS

Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching Issues a Significant Report on Medical Education in United States.

It Concludes After an Investigation That the Nation Is Not Only Supporting Three or Four Times as Many Physicians as It Needs, but That a Very Large Percentage of the M. D.'s Are Illy-Trained—The 155 Schools Declared Five Times too Many.

New York, June 5.—The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching issued today a significant report on medical education in the United States and Canada. The report was prepared by Abraham Flexner and contains an introductory statement by Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, president of the Carnegie Foundation.

President Pritchett points out that the studies of academic institutions originally undertaken by the Foundation soon raised the question of the proper relation between professional schools and universities, and that an effort to ascertain this relationship at once led to a thorough study of professional schools as such. The significant facts which the report proves are, in President Pritchett's judgment, the following: (1) There has been for a quarter of a century past an enormous overproduction of ill-trained doctors; (2) this over-supply of ill-trained men is to be ascribed to the existence of independent or proprietary schools, commercially managed, and dependent on fees for support; (3) the cheap quality of the instruction furnished by medical schools; (4) the fallacy of the idea that these ineffective schools are justified by the argument that they enable poor boys to get a chance in the profession; (5) the necessity for a complete revision of the arrangements that now hold as between medical schools and the hospitals in which their clinical instruction is given.

Investigation Embraced Every School. The report that follows is based on a personal investigation of every medical school in the United States as made by its author, Mr. Flexner. It appears that the country is supporting three or four times as many doctors as it requires, mostly trained in inferior schools; that our medical schools are still producing between two or three times as many as can be assimilated; that instead of the 155 schools now existing one-fifth of the number, properly supported and distributed, can produce all the physicians required, much better trained than they can now be. The report says: "It is demonstrated that a preliminary training in science is a necessary prerequisite to modern medical training at its best. In the north and west, secondary schools and colleges are already in a position to give an education of this kind. Nevertheless, in some states, in these sections, notably Pennsylvania, Illinois, Missouri, California, etc., many medical schools do not require even a high school education for their candidates. The low-grade schools, which all claim to be secondary schools and colleges, are more backward. The low-grade schools are not only menaces to public health, but obstructive to the development of the Educational system of the southern states. Throughout the country low-grade medical schools exist only by misrepresenting their own standards. For though all pretend to enforce a definite entrance requirement, actually they accept a large number of students who are practically without substantial hospital opportunities at all. Still worse are dispensary conditions; few, indeed, are the schools with well conducted dispensaries—the vast majority have poorly equipped and poorly conducted dispensaries or none at all. Some schools are found whose graduates go forth without any practical knowledge of ordinary acute diseases of obstetrics. Some decidedly pretentious institutions are entirely mistaken in notion that an abundance of surgical operations which the student watches at long range is a substitute for a close knowledge of medical cases.

"Hardly more than a dozen medical schools are now in possession of the necessary financial resources. Perhaps a dozen more may be expected shortly to be. The rest have no prospects, and, unfortunately, the country needs but few of them. While it is generally alleged that the fees of medical students are used to procure means of teaching them, the opposite is very frequently the fact. For though almost \$3,000,000 are annually paid in medical student fees, the outlay in most medical schools is insignificant. Prosperous practitioners in large cities continue to pay themselves the fees that ought to be used to build up laboratories. About one-half the schools are, however, so small and receive so little in fees that they could do nothing, if they would. Among these

Chinese Government Plans to Stop the Selling of Human Hair.

Victoria, B. C., June 5.—Women in the United States who purchase wigs of black hair will be interested to learn that a crusade has been begun by the Chinese government against Chinese who supply human hair for shipment to America. It seems that a charitable institution at Canton which buries large numbers of paupers found hair dealers exhuming the corpses to recover the hair. Instances are also reported of hair exporters cutting hair in crowds.

Some men are so had that their friends haven't time to do anything but rush around and explain that the poor chap is misunderstood.

If we were as good as we think we are we'd attract more notice outside.

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THE WEATHER

Washington, June 5.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Showers, Monday; Tuesday, partly cloudy and warmer.

FOES OF THE PRIZE RING PLAN NEW CRUSADE.

One Million Postals Asking Him to Prevent the Jeffries-Johnson Fight Will Be Sent to the Governor of California.

Columbus, O., June 5.—An organization has been formed here which intends to have mailed to Governor Gillett of California one million post-cards bearing the slogan: "Stop that fight; this is the Twentieth century." The cards will be sent out Monday in batches of one hundred to ten thousand by representative citizens throughout the country. These men will be asked to distribute the cards and have them mailed to Governor Gillett.

Colored Man Discharges His Manager. San Francisco, June 5.—An open warfare between Johnson and George Little, his manager, which started Saturday night and was wound up this afternoon when Johnson told Little that he was discharged, was the main topic of conversation at the Beach today. Little issued a statement saying: "I have a contract with Johnson that binds him to give me 25 per cent of his profits, and I am authorized to make all contracts for any boxing matches, theatrical shows or anything like them. The \$10,000 he put up is my money. I will manage Johnson or there will be no fight, and if I withdraw I can take that for final."

Jeffries as "Strong as a Bull." Ben Lomond, Cal., June 5.—James J. Jeffries is greatly pleased with his splendid physical condition. "I feel as strong as a bull," he declared today. "I just want to tear things to pieces."

STRUCK BY PITCHED BALL. Injury of a Pacific Coast Player May Result in His Death.

San Francisco, June 5.—Catcher Orendorf of the Los Angeles team of the Coast league was struck in the head by a pitched ball today. He was injured so badly he may die of concussion of the brain.

BASKETBALL RULES CHANGED. New York, June 5.—Cooling from the side lines and unnecessary roughness came in for a scolding at the seventh annual meeting of the collegiate basketball rules committee, held here today.

DIVERS WILL SEARCH FOR SUNKEN RICHES. Company Is Formed to Recover the Wealth of a Spanish Galleon from the Waters of Port Murray Bay, Nova Scotia.

Halifax, N. S., June 5.—The recovery of sunken riches, estimated to be worth between \$250,000 and \$500,000 is the object of an expedition which is to begin salvage operations in Port Murray Bay, Annapolis county, within a few days. The treasure has rested for nearly a century, it is believed, in the cabin of the Spanish galleon Don Giga, which was sunk in Port Murray bay about 100 years ago.

Washington Watched His Property. That Washington kept his keen eye on his property and retained interest in it is evident from the fact that in 1788, when the general hearing that an attempt would be made to take the lands by second locations, wrote Colonel Richard C. Anderson, the surveyor of the district, requesting his title and expressing his confidence in his correctness and his determination to defend it in the courts. Colonel Anderson replied, assuring Washington that his title was good. In his will, prepared July 9, 1799, Washington devised these lands and included them also in an inventory of his estate which he then made.

These surveys remained in the control of the Washington estate until Feb. 26, 1806, when Joseph Kerr located on them, claiming to use General Washington's field notes in making his location. Colonel Anderson had promised to advise Washington if at any time danger threatened his title, and upon Kerr's action he immediately notified Judge Sashuel Washington, one of the General Washington's executors. On March 4, 1806, Judge Washington wrote a letter to the land office at Richmond, Va., asking for the papers in relation to the surveys and sent the letter by this day to the Marshall Ten days later he and Lawrence Lewis, the other surviving executor of General Washington's will, petitioned congress to confirm to them the title of these three surveys. The petition resulted in the act of March 3, 1807, to provide for the patenting of surveys on revolutionary warrants. In the meantime Kerr surveyed his entries and recorded the surveys.

The attempt to take away General Washington's land evidently attracted much attention in congress, but the act

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WASHINGTON HEIRS NUMBER HUNDREDS

All Are Interested in the Claim That the Estate of the Father of His Country Has Filed Against the Government.

It Is Estimated That Each Would Receive from \$100 to \$6,000 Should the Relief Bill Pass Congress—A Total of \$300,000 Is Asked, This for 3,050 Acres of Ohio Land Out of Which the General Was Hoodwinked—History of Case.

Washington, June 5.—Does the United States government owe the estate of George Washington about \$300,000? This interesting question is again on trial before the committee on private land claims, of which Representative Roberts of Massachusetts is chairman. The heirs, as represented by Colonel Robert E. Lee, Jr., of Virginia, a grandson of the great Confederate general, have represented to congress that the estate has been hoodwinked out of some 3,050 acres of land in Ohio on which George Washington paid taxes for several years. Lawrence Washington of this city, who has charge of the collection of Washington in the library of congress, has appeared before the committee and explained the facts as he understands them. The members of the committee are now wrestling with the proposition, which they evidently take more or less seriously. The land lies in Clermont and Hamilton counties, Ohio, just across from the city of Cincinnati and within one-half mile of the Ohio river. Let there be too great public alarm over the case, it may be said, the heirs do not claim the present value of the property which would make an appreciable hole in the government stock of coin, but ask only a modest \$100 an acre. They set forth that this land, covered with its original timber, would be worth \$600 an acre, but the present value of the property which would make an appreciable hole in the government stock of coin, but ask only a modest \$100 an acre. They set forth that this land, covered with its original timber, would be worth \$600 an acre, but the present value of the property which would make an appreciable hole in the government stock of coin, but ask only a modest \$100 an acre.

MURDER PUZZLES POLICE. Chicago Italian's Companion Shoots and Kills Him in a Street.

Chicago, June 5.—Philippo Catalano, thirty-two years old, was mysteriously murdered while walking on a street on the South side in a district known as "Little Italy" today. He was with two companions when one suddenly turned and fired five shots into Catalano's body. The older brother, Edgar Lopez, told the police that he never had seen the slayer until a few minutes before, when the three met in a restaurant. Catalano was a former saloon keeper and was both hated and feared by his countrymen. It is believed that the murder was the result of a plot.

SWEDISH AMERICAN JUBILEE. Augustana Celebration Attracts Hundreds of Visitors to Rock Island.

Rock Island, Ills., June 5.—A thousand delegates from various parts of the United States arrived today to participate in the celebration of the fifty years' jubilee of the Augustana synod and Augustana college, which opened today and will close June 14. Special trains from Minneapolis and Kansas City brought hundreds. The celebration is the most notable ever held by Swedish-Americans. Tomorrow Bishop Vomechele, the personal representative of the king of Sweden, and Governor Deneen will be among the speakers. President Gustav Andreen, of the college, gave the baccalaureate sermon today.

GIVES COLLEGE \$250,000. H. M. Hanna's Contribution to Western Reserve University.

Cleveland, June 5.—Western Reserve University has accepted a gift of \$250,000 from H. M. Hanna, to be devoted to the medical department.

ACCUSED OF BIGAMY NOW. Found Not Guilty of Murder, Mrs. Doney Is Arrested Again.

St. Louis, Mo., June 5.—Mrs. Dora E. Doney, acquitted on the charge of having murdered William J. Erder, has been arrested on a warrant issued in St. Louis county on its corrected charge of bigamy. Mrs. Doney was released on a \$2,000 bond signed by her attorney. Her preliminary hearing has been set for June 16.

WISCONSIN POSTOFFICE ROBBED. Black River, Falls, Wis., June 5.—The postoffice safe at Merrill, Wis., was blown by burglars last night and money and stamps to the value of \$1,000 were stolen. The robbers escaped on a freight train, but the sheriff captured one of the gang, recovering some of the money and stamps. The four others escaped in the woods. A posse is in pursuit.

AUTHOR DIES IN NEW YORK. New York, June 5.—Wm. Sidney Porter, known best under his pen name of "O. Henry" as a writer of short stories, died today. He underwent an operation Friday and never rallied. Mr. Porter was forty-six years old. He was born in Texas, and began his journalistic career for the Houston post. Before that he was a cowboy, sheep herder, druggist and extensive traveler.

MURDER SUSPECT IN CUSTODY. Louisville, June 5.—Dispatches from Bowling Green, Ky., tell of the arrest there of a man answering the description of Jos. Wendling, wanted for the murder of Alma Kellner. The police here are not optimistic over his capture.

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ARBITRATORS AWARD ENGINEMEN MORE PAY.

Demands of the Western Railroad Employees Are Granted in Part—They Asked an Increase of 12 1/2 per Cent—Are Given 7 1/2.

Chicago, June 5.—The federal arbitration board which has been taking testimony in the wage controversy between 27,000 enginemen and forty-nine railroads west of Chicago has handed down a decision favoring the enginemen. The arbitration board granted the employees 60 per cent of their demand for a 12 1/2 per cent increase.

The men involved in the wage controversy decided by the board are members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen & Enginemen. Under the ruling of the arbitration board, the wages of the men will vary with different classes of service. Scores of witnesses testified regarding the high cost of living. The railroads opposed the increase on the ground that they could not afford to meet it.

Trouble at Illinois Mines. Chicago, June 5.—According to reports received here there was trouble at some coal mines in Illinois today as a result of the calling out of the pumppen and enginemen. At some places mine managers, pit bosses and other workmen employed by the Illinois Operators' association to keep the engines working were chased from their posts. O. L. Garrison, president of one company, said tonight that he will apply for an injunction against the striking miners tomorrow.

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AUTOMOBILE A CURSE, TO THE COUNTRY?

Dr. James R. Day, Chancellor of the University at Syracuse, New York, Is Inclined to Believe That It Is.

Immense Capital Invested in the Business Adds Comparatively Nothing to the Wealth of the People, but on the Contrary Absorbs It, He Says—Homes Mortgaged and Positions Often Lost on Account of the Infatuation With the Bubble Cars.

Syracuse, N. Y., June 5.—There are so many young men cursing the country in automobiles and their pleasure absorbs such a large share of the productive capital of the country that Chancellor James R. Day, of Syracuse University, believes it is becoming a question if the automobile is not a curse to the country. The chancellor, speaking today to the graduating class on self-denial, said:

"Young mechanics, clerks and business-men who need all their capital are mortgaging homes by the thousands and are losing positions often by the infatuation with this form of pleasure. It is said that \$500,000,000 is invested in the automobile trade, and this enormous capital is non-productive. That is, it adds comparatively nothing to the wealth of the people, but on the contrary absorbs it. It means 90 per cent of wasted money and wasted time."

Dr. Day said that lack of self-denial is accountable for the lower marriage rate. He continued: "He cannot afford to support a wife, the bachelor says. No woman ought to consent to be the wife of such a man. She ought to say: 'I am not seeking or consenting to be supported. I wish to be a partner. If I cannot earn as much as you, I can save more. We will plan together.' The greatest woman is the woman who brings to a man the home. She is greater than a suffragette or female temperance lecturer."

GOLD-SEEKERS WARNED. New Iditarod Fields Not as Rich as Reported, It Is Said.

Iditarod City, Alaska, June 1, via Kaitag, Alaska, June 5.—Three hundred and fifty prospectors, the first party of stampeders to reach the new Iditarod gold fields, arrived here from Fairbanks yesterday, after a three weeks trip down the Yukon river. All agree that the stampede will be the greatest since the famous rush in Klondike thirteen years ago, but many old-time gold seekers are pessimistic over the prospects for getting sudden wealth from the gravel along the banks of the Iditarod and Innok rivers. Estimates place the number of prospectors who will arrive during the early summer at five thousand. Many now on the ground say that the summer camp will not support more than 1,000 and that large numbers of late comers are doomed to disappointment. They say that only seven miles of pay dirt has been located and that none of that is extraordinary.

USED CHOLERA BACILLI. Russian Physician Confesses to a Series of Fictitious Murders.

St. Petersburg, June 5.—The mysterious death of a young and wealthy army officer, Count Buterlin, has led to the discovery of an extensive murder agency. Buterlin's brother-in-law, Count Delassy, and his physician, Dr. Patschenko, who attended Buterlin at Delassy's suggestion, have been arrested.

Patschenko has confessed that he inoculated Buterlin with cholera bacilli. He further admitted that he poisoned other wealthy persons during the cholera epidemic, under the pretense of inoculating them against the disease. For this work he was paid large sums by relatives of the victims.

NO DISORDER AT NANKING. Threatened Revolutionary Outbreak of Chinese Fails to Materialize.

Nanking, China, June 5.—Notwithstanding the recent threats that a revolutionary movement would be inaugurated today, the date set for the opening of the exposition, this ceremony was carried out without the slightest disorder.

AEROPLANE CAPSIZES. Versailles, France, June 5.—An aeroplane carrying Marie Curie, the wife of Henry Curie, and George Besancon, secretary of the Aero club of France, capsized here today. Fortunately the machine was close to the ground and the aviators, though they fell with considerable force, were not seriously injured.

JEWISH EXPULSIONS INCREASE. St. Petersburg, June 5.—The Jewish relief committee here, relative to the expulsion of the Jews, telegraphs: "About 200 families have already been expelled, but the number is increasing daily."

\$100,000 FIRE AT DULUTH. Duluth, June 5.—Fire today destroyed the Bradley building, occupied by the H. Knorr five and ten-cent store and the Rathskeller cafe. The loss is \$100,000. Two firemen were overcome by smoke.

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MARQUETTE, MICH., JUNE 6.

Our gubernatorial candidates are all in action again.

That tax commission is developing into a mighty inquisitive body.

President Taft's Michigan engagements were unqualified successes.

Mr. Bryan never talks about things he doesn't know about.

"Isn't this publicity awful?" says Jack Pot legislator No. 1 to Jack Pot legislator No. 2.

State's Attorney Burks, of Sangamon, apparently knows how to get to the bottom of things.

Wall Street always did have that cheerful faculty of, in times of stress, looking on the worst side of things.

The league, it will be seen, proposes to back its empire to the limit.

Those press correspondents who are predicting that taxation matters will loom large in the next session of the Michigan legislature will doubtless be vindicated by the developments.

Why should Senators Heyburn and Gallinger object to Senator La Follette reading the senate roll calls?

While nothing definite is said on that point, it is understood that President Taft stood the expenses of his Michigan trip out of his own pocket.

The insurgents were satisfied with the railroad bill, the regulars and president fairly satisfied with it and the country will doubtless be satisfied because everyone else appears to be.

When the tax commission visits the copper country there will, no doubt, be delegations of prominent citizens at the stations to meet it.

Representative Townsend was in Grand Rapids last week, helping his friends select another Kent county manager.

Frank J. Cook had undertaken the task of looking after Townsend's interests there, but Senator Burrows' angled him away from the Townsend camp.

Representative Townsend expressed himself as highly gratified with the reports he has received from various parts of the state.

He contemplates entering on an energetic campaign as early as the demands on his time at Washington will permit.

Governor Warner has been the means of putting a little different face on the political situation.

Colon C. Lillie, who was a candidate for lieutenant governor, to succeed the late A. C. Bird as state dairy and food commissioner, and Mr. Lillie has, accordingly, withdrawn from the primary contest.

For the moment Senator Dickinson is left the sole remaining candidate, but he will doubtless have company later on.

Mr. Lillie is well qualified for the office to which he has been appointed, being an expert dairyman and a successful practical farmer.

He had done considerable work in furtherance of his political ambitions and promised to be a factor of importance in the summer's campaign.

Former Senator Spooner has spoken in a few words, as a critic of the administration.

He echoes the complaint that the administration should have taken any hand in determining the form of bills passed by congress.

Speaking to the graduates of the New York Homeopathic college, he said: "I am no statesman, and I never pretended to be."

I am afraid I do not know what a statesman is. I never knew that the president was permitted to do everything that is not positively prohibited in the constitution.

I have read the oath of office which he takes and it specifies that he is to execute and not make the laws.

I could never discover any theory by which the laws must be passed as drawn up by the

executive department." This is the first time for many a long day that former Senator Spooner and Senator LaFollette and his progressive associates have stood on the same ground.

Governor Deneen will give State's Attorney Burke whatever aid he can in unearthing all the chapters of the story of graft in the last session of the Illinois legislature.

Governor Deneen expects that, sooner or later, the whole conspiracy will be laid bare, just as was the case in Pittsburgh a few months ago.

The prosecutors would now particularly like to find a witness who knows, and who is willing to tell, just where the money used to bid in the votes for Lorimer, and that went to make up the "Jack Pot," came from.

It would throw much light on the devious ways of contemporary politics in Illinois to have it definitely determined who were the interested patriots who furnished the money to buy up the representatives and senators needed to make Lorimer's election possible.

George Lord, secretary of the state tax commission, will, it is reported, resign his post.

It is said that he will be a candidate for senator in one of the Wayne county districts.

Again it is stated that he will enter business employment in Detroit, at a considerably larger salary than is paid by the commission.

Mr. Lord is the gentleman who, the past few weeks, has been making several lower state counties uncomfortable by reporting that their assessment valuations are screaming farces, and hinting to them that unless they are largely increased by voluntary action the state tax commission would come along and send the old figures ballooning.

Mr. Lord has been an efficient secretary to the commission, and his resignation would be regretted. Still he would be shortsighted if he stuck around Lansing when something much better than his secretaryship is hunting for him in Detroit.

Perhaps all the regulars and insurgents who are laying plans to beat one another to Mr. Roosevelt will find that he has already made up his mind about things in general.

He has been in touch with home affairs for several weeks now, has received several close friends, having all points of view, who have given him their stories of the past fourteen months of administration, and has had access to American newspapers and reviews, with their illuminating, if fragmentary, comment on men and events.

We shouldn't wonder if Mr. Roosevelt had already outlined in his own mind the course he will follow.

The impartiality with which he has bestowed invitations to confer with him on regulars and insurgents has caused many people to form the idea that he will keep out of the heat of the factional fight, and will confine his utterances to a discussion of general principles, without attempting their specific application to the events of the day.

This guess about Mr. Roosevelt's course is perhaps as good as any other.

The results of the proposed increase in the admission charge at the county fair from twenty-five to fifty cents will depend largely on the program that it is possible to offer.

The attendance at the fair could be reduced a third by the proposed increased admission charge and the receipts still show a considerable gain.

The directors' aim, however, will be to prevent any falling off in attendance by dazzling the public's eyes with an alluring program.

They will, no doubt, be able to offer entertainment that will appeal to people as well worth the increased admission fee.

Their decision to reduce the appropriation for horse racing, and to use the money saved in that department for other purposes, is a wise one, and should help give a program of more varied interest.

Too much money has gone for horse racing in the past. The expenditure on this account has been all out of proportion to the interest of the racing events.

The lack of an upper peninsula racing circuit that would be traveled by a good field of horses has been an insurmountable obstacle in the way of successful racing here.

Six or eight horses spread over a three days' program spread out pretty thin, particularly when the crowd in the grandstand has an abiding belief that the jockeys know just how they are to finish before they start.

The fair will not suffer in the least by diverting some \$500 or more of its appropriation to other amusements than horse-racing.

The fact that the treasury is behind leads the directors to increase the admission fee, and they hope to give a sufficiently better program than in the past to prevent any criticism of the proposed fifty cent admission.

They are not increasing the fee in a spirit of caprice, but because it is quite necessary to do so.

People should be sparing of needless criticism, and wait for the directors' working out of their plan for the fair next fall before expressing themselves.

What the association needs is the public's active co-operation and generous support, not unfavorable criticism.

There is always enough of the latter, from some source or other.

If you are not satisfied after using according to directions two-thirds of a bottle of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, you can have your money back.

The tablets cleanse and invigorate the stomach, improve the digestion, regulate the bowels. Give them a trial and get well. Sold by The People's Drug Store.

ANOTHER WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Black Duck, Minn.—"About a year ago I wrote you that I was sick and could not do any of my housework."

My sickness was called Retroflexion. When I would sit down I felt as if I could not get up. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and did just as you told me and now I am perfectly cured, and have a big baby boy."

Mrs. ANNA ANDERSON, Box 19, Black Duck, Minn.

Consider This Advice. No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made exclusively from roots and herbs, a fair trial.

This famous medicine for women has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism.

Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills, and creates radiant, buoyant female health.

If you are ill, for your own sake as well as that of those you love, give it a trial.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

RAILROAD RATE SUIT. The New York Globe has some interesting comment on the railroad rate suit.

It remarks that the country, generally speaking, has the idea that the proceedings have been started to determine whether the proposed rates are equitable and wise, whereas this is not the case.

The only issue raised is whether there has been illegal concert of action by the railroads, and the question of the justice of the proposed rates will not be raised in the proceedings now under way.

"This suit sufficiently emphasizes the absurdity of the anachronistic law under which this country is attempting to do its complicated business," the Globe says.

"Every man and interest is concerned about what rates are arrived at, and there is plausible support for the doctrine that there should be some public agency equipped to prevent the collection of rates that are extortionate. But the public is not concerned about the methods pursued by the railroads in arriving at the rates.

Nothing is achieved by concentrating the struggle over procedure. Under the theory of this suit it is legal for two railroads, each acting for itself, to collect say twenty-five cents a 100 pounds for shipments of corn between common points, while it is illegal for the two railroads to agree together that twenty-five cents a 100 pounds should be the rate.

The objection is not to the rate itself, but to the way it is put into effect. If the government should win this suit it will not have progressed an inch toward the solution of the railroad rate problem.

The very rates enjoined can be put into effect if each of the railroads act without consultation with its rivals.

"It is an unescapable condition of the railroad business that rates between common points over different railroads must be practically the same.

Otherwise the traffic, inevitably as water seeking the lowest level, would all go over the cheaper route. Have dissimilarity in rates today and it will disappear tomorrow. Thus there must be concert of action. If the government is able to prevent concert being attained in one way it will be attained in another.

To prevent concert thus being impossible, it is altogether barren to bar one particular method of attaining concert.

"One great trouble with this country is the existence of the Sherman law—particularly the Sherman law as the supreme court says it applies to the interstate railroads. It is a troublemaker until repealed. It is based on a theory altogether wrong. The trusts do wrong not when they combine to extort but when they extort. How nonsensical is it to have a statute against the combination, and neglect the offense that the combination has in view. It is as if we made it a crime to conspire to murder, yet had no penalty for the murder itself. If the railroads charge too much, more than the fair value of their service, it is desirable that there should be an administrative or judicial tribunal competent to limit their extortions, but this fundamental consideration is ignored in Sherman law prosecutions. In them the issue is not over the thing done but the way in which it is done.

"President Taft missed a great opportunity when he failed to couple his recommendation looking to more effective control of interstate corporations with a square out demand for a repeal of the Sherman law. Regulation and prohibition are incompatible. The two contradictory policies cannot be pursued at the same time. The more the president seeks to apply both he will involve himself and the country in more and more difficulty. It is indeed high time for the intelligent

public opinion of the country to exert itself openly and unequivocally in favor of the repeal of the Sherman law and then provide against the abuse of legalized combination by proper measures of regulation."

THE STATE PRESS. Mayor Gaynor saved \$4,000,000 for New York, besides its reputation.—Bay City Tribune.

Roosevelt is a doctor so many times he ought to know something the matter with Taft.—Saginaw News.

If it is true that there is only heat enough to go around, someone has been getting our share.—Detroit News.

King George is making an effort to please the people. This is gradually becoming the habit with kings.—Adrian Telegram.

Evidently the Kaiser told our colonel that he, the Kaiser, intends to be something of a world's peace-maker himself.—Detroit Journal.

Mr. Taft was recently in Pittsburgh, where things always look darker than anywhere else, but he was mighty cheerful nevertheless.—Saginaw Daily News.

Joe Pulitzer, Jr., and bride received a solid gold dinner set for a wedding present. Their third girl will not have much fun dropping these dishes on the floor.—Grand Rapids Press.

At the convention of the socialist party of Connecticut Robert Hunter of Norwalk, the author, socialist writer, and settlement worker in New York, was nominated for governor.

For secretary of state they nominated Ella Reeve Bloor of Waterbury, who ran a few votes ahead of Henry J. Horsfield of Bridgeport. There was considerable opposition because of her sex and a question was raised as to the legality of the action.

Mrs. Bloor won by a narrow margin. She is well-known as a worker in the national body.

The Glasgow chief constable, in a report issued, comments upon the remarkable increase of sobriety in the city. Apprehensions for drunkenness totaled 14,167, a decrease of considerably over 4,000.

Wide lack of money has no doubt contributed to increased sobriety. The chief constable states that the growth of temperance has been a great factor. A great deal of money has been spent on amusements which was just as available for spending in England. When the new postage stamps also this precedent will be followed. The question of the new stamps is now under consideration and competitive designs will be invited.

Shorter than Paulhan's last and longest flight by some forty miles, Glen Curtis' aerial dash down the valley of the Hudson surpasses Paulhan's feat in actual difficulties overcome, in the elegant demonstration of the possibilities of successive regions. In the new postage stamps also this precedent will be followed.

The system under which the law is administered in this country is 100 years behind the age.

"The procedure in equity cases is a scandal to our jurisprudence.

"Many cases are decided not on their merits but purely on technical questions.

"Not only has something got to be done about it, but something will be done about it."

These sentences are the sum and substance of a statement given out by a joint committee on reform in legal procedure of the National Bar association and the National Civic federation at the conclusion of a conference held in the Lawyers' club, New York, at the invitation of former Judge Alton B. Parker.

Hate to Move? Feel like going out into the country and lying under a tree for a month? Feel sluggish, mentally and bodily? No ambition to do anything—wish you could do nothing but sleep for a couple of weeks?

No need for any of that—rid yourself of the idea. Yet your feelings are those of thousands of others in the spring and summer time.

But tens of thousands of them have discovered the way to marvelous renewal of physical vigor that should be the heritage of spring. They have learned the wonders stored in a bottle of Nyal's Tonic. Like magic the first few spoonfuls start the work of imbuing you with renewed snap, energy, and make you cheerful, bright, happy—put the roses back into your cheeks—put you on good terms with yourself once more!

Your improvement is astonishing, and becomes truly amazing as the wonderful work of Dame Nature's hand goes on within you.

Quickly—almost before you know it—you are looking at a brighter world! Nyal's Tonic is a combination—a wonderful combination—of Nature's greatest remedies. Simply Peruvian bark, organic iron, malt extract and hypophosphites. Get a bottle today and begin to feel younger tomorrow.

Nyal's Tonic is but one of a number of the old, time-tried and reliable Nyal family remedies which have brought health, happiness and relief from aches and pains into tens of thousands of American homes.

Nyal's Tonic is sold and strongly recommended by The People's Drug Store, Marquette, Mich. City Drug Store, Anderson Block, Ishpeming, Mich.

CURES S.S.S. SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath.

The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc.

There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases and medical advice free.

S.S.S. CURED HER. Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time become very inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unattractive. I changed to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing and my skin becoming soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are so afflicted.

MRS. LUCY GOODING, Pollock, La.

impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases and medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

A LAUGH OR TWO. The Optimist. "Talk about optimists," said the man with the red whiskers, "did you ever hear the story about Fred Bustigo?"

"No," said the others. "Well, the folks in the town where Fred lives are getting up a raffle in aid of charity. There are going to be 10,000 tickets at sixpence each, and the prize is a motor car. Fred took one ticket—aw he's busy erecting a garage!"

"Not bad," remarked the man with the red whiskers, "Reminds me of poor Tom Smithers. Ever heard tell of him?"

"Well, poor Tom was poor Tom usually. He often used to go to a fashionable restaurant without a half-penny in his pockets and order a slawp oyster supper—he reckoned to pay for it with the pearls he hoped to find in the oysters!"

—Ideas.

Russian Railroad. To most people, especially when they are on the road, time is money, but time-tables are not convertible into cash.

In the pages of "Through Savage Europe" Harry De Windt gives a curious and amusing experience on a Russian railway some years ago. The patience of the Russians is in marked contrast with the impatience of American travelers.

All Russians have a rooted antipathy to fast railway travel, if one may judge from an incident which occurred some years ago when I was travelling across the Caucasus from Batoum to Baku. We had reached a tunnel at the entrance of which the train waited for at least twenty minutes.

"There is something wrong?" I remarked to a fellow passenger.

"Oh, no," he replied, "we are only making up the time. This tunnel was recently made to avoid a long bend round a range of hills, and as it now cuts off several miles a short delay is necessary so as to fit in with the scheduled time."

"But surely we should save time by going on?" urged.

"Perhaps so," said my friend. "But then, you see, they would have to alter all the time-tables."—Youth's Companion.

At the christening. At the close of a christening ceremony in a certain church the interested parties, as usual, repaired to the vestry.

While the curate was entering the names in the register one good lady appeared to think that he was asking a number of unnecessary questions.

When her turn came she stepped up to the table with the avowed intention to "stand no humpence."

"Father's name?" asked the clergyman, without raising his eyes from the register.

"John Smith."

"Calling?"

"No, 'e ain't!"

"Excuse me?" ejaculated the curate, in mild surprise. "I said his calling."

"An' I sez 'e ain't!" snapped the lady. "E's a 'awker, right enough, but 'e ain't callin' 'cos 'e's deaf an' dumb. An' now, mister, mebbe you'll mind your own business an' I'll mind mine!"

And it took half a dozen people as many minutes to convince the lady of her mistake.—London Tit-Bits.

One On Schurman. Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell University, was walking across the campus the other day with the dean of one of the colleges when the chimes in the library tower began to ring.

"Dean," said he, "the music of those chimes is so beautiful that it always sets me dreaming of the past. My boyhood days."

"What do you say?" interrupted the venerable dean.

"I say the chimes are very, very beautiful. They make me think—"

"What?" yelled the dignified old dean again.

"The chimes—the chimes—how beautiful!"

"Speak louder!" cried the dean once more. "I can't hear you for the devilish bells."—Short Stories.

She Found Fault. A colored woman, native of the South, had been working for a flat-dwelling family of moderate means in the east end, but resigned recently to accept a place bringing higher wages with a wealthy family who live in a large house on Euclid Heights and have their dinner served in courses every night just as if there was company.

This colored woman had been brought up to put everything on the table at once, with the exception, possibly, of the

Classified Want Directory

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply 24 E. Arch street. (6-4-11)

WANTED—Two good boys to work in the bottling house. Good wages to right boys. Upper Peninsula Brewing company. (6-4-11)

WANTED—Day cook at Colonial Inn. (6-4-11)

WANTED—Girl for housework. Enquire 1025 North Front street. (6-4-11)

WANTED—A girl for general housework at once. Apply 119 Baraga avenue. (6-31-11)

WANTED—A dining room girl. Queen City restaurant, Charles Christian, proprietor. (6-28-11)

MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in few weeks, mailed free. Mober Barber College, Milwaukee, Wis. (6-28-61)

WANTED—A yard boy. Apply to 421 Ridge street. (6-24-11)

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply 416 Spruce street. (6-24-11)

WANTED—A man to work on farm and in garden. Man with family preferred. Address Rock River Cedar & Lumber Co., Marquette. (6-11-11)

WANTED—A competent cook and a second hand girl. Apply Mrs. Austin Fisher, 321 E. Arch St. (6-9-11)

WANTED—An experienced second girl. Mrs. F. B. Spear, 455 East Ridge street. (4-26-11)

WANTED TO RENT. WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Apply by mail, "W," care Mining Journal. (6-2-11)

FOR RENT. FOR RENT—Barn room, suitable for automobile. 346 E. Arch street. (6-4-11)

FOR RENT—Dwelling house for \$8.50 per month on a year's lease, or for sale on reasonable terms. Apply 48 Fisher street. (6-4-11)

FOR RENT—Suite of rooms and bath. 110 East Arch street. (6-4-11)

FOR RENT—A furnished room, all modern conveniences. 612 High street. (6-3-11)

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms with bath. Enquire 133 W. Ohio. (4-15-11)

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—Good renting property, fine investment, terms to suit. "Good," Marquette. (6-4-11)

FOR SALE—Lot corner Bluff and Fourth, on easy terms, two acres on Fisher street and houses in different parts of city. Enquire J. E. Goss, 231 Baraga Avenue, phone 119. (6-29-11)

FOR SALE—Residence on Spruce St. Reasonable price and easy terms. E. O. Stafford. (6-21-e-11)

FOR SALE—Shingles for sale cheap, to cash purchaser. Rock River Cedar & Lumber Co., Office over First National bank, Marquette. (4-13-11)

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. BUSINESS CHANCE—A large stock of second-hand goods, and a profitable business in a prosperous town, for sale at a bargain. Will assist the purchaser in getting started in handling of the store. Apply box 323, Munising. (6-4-11)

sands of these new-comers have fallen prey to tuberculosis. And it is very likely that this committee on the prevention of tuberculosis among Italians, will not only pay attention to the needs of those elements which the Italian, fresh from the sunny hills and green fields of Tuscany and Sicily, may furnish to our national character.

LOST HIS OWN SKELETON. A curious law case, that of a man fighting for the ownership of his skeleton, has just been concluded at Stockholm. Twenty years ago Albert Vystrom signed a contract with the Royal Swedish Institute of Anatomy making over his body after death to the institution in return for a sum of money.

Since then he has come into possession of a fortune and he was anxious to cancel his contract. The matter was brought before the courts. Not only was the case decided against him, but he was even ordered to pay damages to the institution for having extracted two teeth without its authorization, which was held to be, in point of law, a breach of contract.

Copper Country

DEATH OF GOTTLIEB HARTMAN.

One of Houghton's Oldest Residents Passes—Here Half Century.

Gottlieb Hartman, owner of the Hartman block in Houghton, died at his home on Dodge street at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, after a long illness. Mr. Hartman was seventy-six years of age, having been born in Prussia in 1833. He located at Sheboygan, Wis., in 1853, and at Houghton in 1858. He was married in 1862. Mrs. Hartman, five daughters and two sons survive him. The sons are G. A. Hartman, assistant to the general superintendent of the Copper Range rail road, and Will Hartman, chief engineer of the Mohawk and Wolverine mines.

JAIL DELIVERY PREVENTED.

Prisoners in County Bastile Made a Key from a Silver Spoon.

Sheriff Byers frustrated a jail delivery Friday night—what he believes would have been an attempt at a wholesale escape of the men confined on the lower floor of the county jail. He had secured possession of the key which the prisoners manufactured for the purpose and has rounded up the men concerned. John Johnson, convicted of assault; Hjalmar Jankila, convicted of assault; and Zettie Zetti, who pleaded guilty to forgery.

The sheriff has been suspicious for the past three weeks of some sort of a plan among the prisoners. There was a suspicious activity among them, as well as a suspicious trepidation, last Friday afternoon he was so sure that he went among the prisoners to investigate, making a general cleaning of the jail as an excuse. Then Zettie saw that the sheriff was on his guard, and gave up. He found for the sheriff a key which he had partly manufactured before he lost his nerve and turned the job over to Johnson and Jankila. This key was made from a silver spoon which came to the prisoners in the morning of Jolly and which was not later satisfactorily accounted for.

Zetti roughly shaped the spoon handle by rubbing it on the asphalt floor of the jail and then proceeded to file it with pieces of wire torn from a broom. He would insert the rough blank into the lock of the cage after soaking it and the tumbler left marks sufficient to guide him in filing. He later found that blackening the key with a match was a better expedient, and he finally lost his nerve and turned the key over to the other two in the plot.

The jail is entered from the county building hall by means of a heavy iron door. There is a corridor which leads to the cage, and this cage is entered through another door. It was this latter door for which the key was intended. Lately Sheriff Byers has kept a man on watch in the office all night to head off the plot, but on the night of the escape the attempt, which was set for 3:30 o'clock in the morning of whatever day appeared ripe for it.

At that hour the sheriff of the turnkey opens the outer door of the jail to go in for the purpose of ventilation, only a portion of them being open at night. The intended jail breakers planned to open the cage just before this morning, visit and to sneak out of the door while the officer was opening the window, intending to lay him out if he became aware of their purpose. And the frustration of this latter scheme is one of the things which Sheriff Byers regrets.

ON ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS.

Dr. Shumway is one of Michigan's leading investigators of tuberculosis, and he said that Houghton county, through the activity of the Anti-Tuberculosis society, stood high in the state board of health estimation and that of the state society. It is a source of work of the society's visiting nurse, at the present hospital for indigent patients and of the appropriation for a hospital to be built by the county next year. He is convinced the county is getting ready and he speaks for it a fine record in the future.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE ANNIVERSARY.

The Calumet society of the order has made its plans for the celebration of the twenty-eighth anniversary of the founding of the St. Jean Baptiste fraternity. The celebration will be held here on Thursday, June 23, on which date the twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding of St. Anne's church will also be celebrated and the new paragon will be dedicated. There will be a gathering of the St. Jean Baptiste societies of Houghton county and there will be speakers from out of town, including Peter Primeau of Marquette.

CELEBRATE ANNIVERSARY.

The ninth anniversary of the Trinitarian M. E. church was celebrated yesterday, the series of services beginning Saturday night. There were three services yesterday involving long programs. The church is one of the oldest on the South range.

WHERE SURGERY FAILS.

Cutting Won't Remove the Cause of Piles.

Piles mean more than merely the pain of the suborn little tumors. There is a condition inside that must be dealt with. Cutting is usually followed with later and worse attacks. A permanent cure can only be made by bettering the condition of the parts and getting a free circulation of the blood.

Hem-Roid cures all kinds of piles by internal action right on the source. Sold by The People's Drug Store, Marquette, and the City Drug Store, Ishpeming, and money back if it fails. \$1 per bottle. Dr. Leonard, Station B, Buffalo, New York.

J.A. Minnear & Co.
BROKERS
Offices at Calumet and Laurium.
Direct private wire service to all markets. If you want the best service on your curb orders and cannot favor us direct, instruct your Banker to have us execute the order. Buy and Sell Boston Coppers, Railroads and Curb for cash or on margin.
BOTH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.
Phone 1
CALUMET, 64 and 75.
LAURIUM, 450 and 508.

INTERESTING SALOON CASE.

Martin Hesse of Tamarack Mills Acquitted by the Court.

Martin Hesse, a saloon keeper of Tamarack Mills, was acquitted by a jury in circuit court Saturday afternoon by direction of Judge Streeter. Hesse was accused of selling intoxicants to George Liziby, eighteen years of age, Jan. 23. The testimony showed that Liziby, in company with an uncle and a cousin, both several years older than he, obtained enough beer and brandy in Hesse's saloon to become drunk and that he went home in that condition.

The testimony of the defense showed that Hesse had been ill for weeks before the occurrence and that his bartender and a temporary assistant were running the business, the assistant being in charge at the time of the alleged misdemeanor. Liziby was apparently as old as the two relatives with him and the bartender gave no thought to his age, taking it for granted that he was a man.

The case opened at 9 o'clock Saturday morning and the testimony was all in about 2:30. Prosecuting Attorney McDonald appeared for the people and J. E. Hanson for the defense, with A. F. Rees of counsel. When the testimony had been submitted Mr. Rees asked that the jury be sent from the court room as he wished to present arguments on the law in support of a motion and the jury was sequestered for half an hour. When the twelve were called back again it was to receive the charge of Judge Streeter to direct a verdict for the respondent.

CALUMET LEPROSY CASE.

Dis. Shumway and McClintock Declare Jensen an Actual Leper.

Arvid Jensen of Centennial Heights, Calumet, is a leper. He is declared so officially by Dr. F. W. Shumway, secretary of the state board of health, and Dr. M. J. McClintock, assistant surgeon general of the United States Marine Hospital service. These noted physicians arrived in Houghton Saturday morning, coming to the copper country to examine Jensen's case. They made their trip from Houghton to Calumet by automobile.

Dr. Shumway and McClintock, who left Houghton at 10 o'clock last night, Dr. Shumway was seen at the Douglas House. He said that the examination had convinced both Dr. McClintock and himself that Jensen was a leper, and they at once took the matter up with James McNaughton, general manager of the Calumet & Hecla Mining company, who assured them that Jensen would be isolated properly and would be a charge of the company. His future, none too cheerful because he is doomed, is thus assured.

DISCASE APPEARED IN ALASKA.

Jensen was first aware of his condition in Alaska five years ago, when he went to the United States Marine Hospital, where he was examined by a Norwegian and an expert with that northern beast of burden. On his return to Calumet four years ago the suspicion of his leprosy became general, and he was compelled to quit work as a miner and to live at home, where he has been virtually isolated and shunned by his neighbors.

Jensen's case is now disposed of, but his family will now be closely examined and what disposition will be made of them is contingent on that examination.

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BOTH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.
Phone 1
CALUMET, 64 and 75.
LAURIUM, 450 and 508.

If you wore medals as a Cook

If you have a reputation of preparing the finest, lightest, most delicious and digestible baking in the land—if you never know what failures or disappointments are—if you were delegated to cater to the tastes of a finicky old king,

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Would Sustain or Even Enhance Your Reputation.

The elements composing CALUMET are blended with such exactness that it is famous for its evenness of strength, leaving the food light, sweet and wholesome.

Do not confuse CALUMET with cheap or big can kinds, or the high-priced trust brands. It is a strictly high-grade baking powder, sold at a moderate price.

That it is the highest in quality and absolutely pure is proven by the fact that it received the highest award at the World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, 1907.

Ask your Grocer — Don't accept a "just as good" kind — insist on CALUMET.

HANCOCK CAPTURES THE MEET.

Team Representing That City Wins in Copper Country Athletics.

Out of 113 points in the Copper Country intercollegiate track meet Saturday afternoon, the Hancock High school won 90. Calumet was second, with 38. The following is a list of the winners:

- 100-yard dash—Smith, Hancock, first; Edwards, Houghton, second; Jackson, Calumet, third. Time, 11 seconds.
- Shotput—Schilling, Hancock, first; Smith, Hancock, second; Sewell, Houghton, third. Distance, 35 feet, 4 inches.
- Half-mile run—McLynn, Hancock, first; Campbell, Hancock, second; Johnston, Hancock, third. Time, 2:13.5.
- High Jump—Frimodig, Calumet, first; Curto, Calumet, second; Smith and Schilling, Hancock, tied for third. Height, 5 feet.
- 220-yard dash—James, Calumet, first; Smith, Hancock, second; McCune, Calumet, third. Time, 25 seconds.
- 400-yard dash—Kellow, Calumet, first; Hancock, second; Curto, Calumet, third. Distance, 99 feet.
- 800-yard dash—James, Calumet, first; Curto, Hancock, second; Anala, Calumet, third. Time, 4:57.
- 1,600-yard dash—Curto, Calumet, first; Schilling, Hancock, second; Frimodig, Calumet, third. Distance, 17 feet, 2 inches.
- 440-yard dash—Jackson, Calumet, first; Johnston, Hancock, second; Campbell, Hancock, third. Time, 3:57.5 seconds.
- 800-yard dash—Curto, Calumet, first; Schilling, Hancock, second; Frimodig, Calumet, third. Distance, 85 feet, 8 1/2 inches.
- Two-mile run—McLynn, Hancock, first; Craze, Painesdale, second; Wivell, Hancock, third. Time, 19:46.5.
- Pole vault—Prayer, Houghton, first; Schilling, Hancock, second; Frimodig, Calumet, third. Height, 7 feet, 8 inches.

MEDICAL MEN TO MEET.

Houghton County Medical Society Will Gather at Calumet Tonight.

The regular monthly meeting of the Houghton County Medical society will be held this evening at the Arlington Hotel. The following program has been prepared:

- Clinical cases or reports.
- Orthopedic Work on Spine—C. W. Yarrington, M. D., Calumet.
- Orthopedic Work on Extremities—A. L. Lawbaugh, M. D., Calumet.
- Discussion, opened by J. E. Scallon, M. D., Hancock, and W. R. West, M. D., Painesdale, and J. R. West, M. D., Lancelton.

R. H. SHIELDS IS HONORED.

Michigan Tax Commissioner Asked to Prepare a Paper.

Robert H. Shields of the Michigan tax commission has received from Allen B. Foster of Columbus, O., president of the International Tax association, an invitation to read a paper before the annual conference of the association at Milwaukee Aug. 30 to Sept. 2. The subject "Problems in Railroad Taxation" has been assigned to Mr. Shields. He has accepted the invitation.

MRS. J. L. NORUM IS DEAD.

Mrs. J. L. Norum, one of the oldest and best known among the Norwegian residents of the Calumet district, passed away at her home early Saturday morning, after a long illness. Diabetes was the direct cause of death. The deceased was born in Norway and came to America thirty years ago, settling in Calumet twenty-eight years ago. She is survived by her husband and two sons and two daughters. The children are: Ole B. Norum, C. Hjalmer Norum, Mrs. Thomas Cook and Mrs. Altrio Ronavaara.

Mining News

DECLINE IN COPPER RECOVERY.

The decline in copper contents per ton of rock in the Calumet & Hecla conglomerate is in a general way true of all Lake Superior mines as deeply as attained. In 1909 the Calumet & Hecla conglomerate was yielding about sixty pounds of refined copper per ton of rock; in 1908 it had declined to 52.4 pounds, in 1907 to 48.4 pounds, in 1906 to 45.4 pounds, in 1905 to 42.4 pounds, in 1904 to 39.4 pounds, in 1903 to 36.4 pounds, in 1902 to 33.4 pounds, in 1901 to 30.4 pounds, in 1900 to 27.4 pounds, in 1899 to 24.4 pounds, in 1898 to 21.4 pounds, in 1897 to 18.4 pounds, in 1896 to 15.4 pounds, in 1895 to 12.4 pounds, in 1894 to 9.4 pounds, in 1893 to 6.4 pounds, in 1892 to 3.4 pounds, in 1891 to 0.4 pounds, in 1890 to 0.4 pounds, in 1889 to 0.4 pounds, in 1888 to 0.4 pounds, in 1887 to 0.4 pounds, in 1886 to 0.4 pounds, in 1885 to 0.4 pounds, in 1884 to 0.4 pounds, in 1883 to 0.4 pounds, in 1882 to 0.4 pounds, in 1881 to 0.4 pounds, in 1880 to 0.4 pounds, in 1879 to 0.4 pounds, in 1878 to 0.4 pounds, in 1877 to 0.4 pounds, in 1876 to 0.4 pounds, in 1875 to 0.4 pounds, in 1874 to 0.4 pounds, in 1873 to 0.4 pounds, in 1872 to 0.4 pounds, in 1871 to 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Come on in, the water is fine. But before you go, come in and see our new stock of

Fishing Tackle

M. R. MANHARD & SON, LTD.

A TRIAL OF OUR

Schuykill Machine Screened Anthracite COAL

will convince you that it is the best fuel on the market.

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F. B. SPEAR & SONS.

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LET US HAVE YOUR ORDERS FOR

Door and Window Screens

before the flies arrive.

Measurements taken free of charge.

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Lumber, Lath and Shingles

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Polished Birch and Maple Flooring.

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Dealer in Heavy Draft and Driving HORSES

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NEW MILCH COWS

All kinds of Cattle bought and sold.

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Paying Your Bill Here

doesn't suggest that much used phrase "What an enormous profit there must be in drugs." On the contrary, the smallness of our charges might lead you to suspect that our drugs, etc., were inferior. But you needn't be afraid. Ask your doctor about the quality of the things sold here. He'll tell you they are all right in spite of the moderate prices.

The People's Drug Store
Marquette, Michigan.

Fresh Strawberries
RECEIVED DAILY.

SOME FRESH VEGETABLES
Asparagus, Cucumbers, Ripe Tomatoes, Spinach, Head Lettuce, Leaf Lettuce, Radish, Pie Plant, Parsley, Celery, Green Onions, Horse Radish Root.

Imported Swiss Cheese
Roquefort Cheese, Royal Luncheon in jars, Pimento Cheese in jars, Cream Cheese, Brick Cheese

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114 South Front street.

FOR QUALITY AND VARIETY IN FRESH FRUITS VEGETABLES AND GROCERIES

Delf's Grocery
133 Washington St.

TAKES THE LEAD

LESS FLOUR MORE LOAVES

Ceresota
From Minnesota

Cemetery Vases
23 cents each

—at—
Sorensen's Greenhouses
Third street.
Down town store 141 Washington street.

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Sole agent for the ORIGINAL and old RELIABLE RUBEROID ROOFING.

If you have any roof troubles try **RUBEROID** for a permanent cure.

The Superior Lumber Company
Both telephones No. 90.

Look for "THE SQUARE DEAL" Sign!

City Brevities

Today's weather: Partly cloudy. Yesterday's temperature: Seven a. m., 34 degrees; noon, 42; 7 p. m., 41; Maximum, 45 degrees; minimum, 39.

Dr. O. G. Youngquist left last evening for Chicago.

W. J. Huber and W. Webster, of Big Bay, spent Sunday in the city.

The regular June meeting of the common council will be held this evening.

A. O. Jopling, A. F. Koepcke and Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Jopling left for Milwaukee last evening.

The summer meeting of Ahmed Temple, Nobles of the Ancient Order of the Mystic Shrine, has been changed from June 22 to June 29.

Andrew Johnson was fined \$6 and costs by Justice Cray Saturday afternoon for assault and battery. The complaint was made by Mrs. Minnie Anderson, at whose house Johnson had been boarding.

A. K. Whellon, who formerly taught in the Marquette high school and later won a Cecil Rhodes scholarship, will complete his three years' course at Oxford this year and will return to this country in September.

Rev. Father Cleary of Menominee was called to the city yesterday on account of the illness of his mother, Mrs. Margaret Cleary, of Baraga avenue. Mrs. Cleary, who is upwards of eighty years of age, is in critical condition.

Mrs. W. C. Brandon and Mrs. Jerry Charland leave this morning for Kalamazoo to attend the national convention of the Knights and Ladies of the Maccabees. Mrs. Brandon is the delegate from Superior Hive, and Mrs. Charland from Busy Queen Hive.

The operetta, "Tyrolen Queen," presented to children Saturday afternoon in Baraga auditorium by the intermediate grades of Baraga school, well received by a good sized audience. The production will be given a public presentation at Baraga auditorium Friday evening.

Telephone Girls' Bad—The Marquette operating Michigan State Telephone company are to give a grand ball in Fraternity Hall this evening, which promises to be largely attended and greatly enjoyed. The hall has been prettily decorated for the occasion in white and blue, the Bell colors, and artistic line. Sides during the evening will be special features. Refreshments will be served by the hostesses and a royal good time is in prospect for all who attend.

Trade Rather Quiet—Local merchants say that the unseasonably cold weather is having a depressing effect on business, especially in dry goods and clothing lines. Sales during May, especially, were not as heavy as had been expected, but the exceptionally good business in March and early April has about offset this slump. Traveling men report that retailers report dull trade in all sections of the country and the desire of many manufacturers to unload their summer stock indicates that the season has not come up to expectations, for which the weather is held to blame.

Governor Warner Coming—Governor Warner will visit Marquette the end of the present week, probably spending Saturday and Sunday in the city. He will meet the members of the Michigan prison labor commission, which includes E. C. Anthony of Negaunee, here, and they will study the labor situation at the Marquette prison. From Marquette the governor and other members of the commission will go to Saultwater, Minn., where they will inspect the Minnesota penitentiary. The commission is expected to prepare a report for the session of the legislature that will open the first of next year.

Directors Are Kicking—The directors of the Marquette baseball team feel that they have a kick coming at the weather man. Since the season opened nearly a month ago, there has not been one Saturday or Sunday really suitable for ball playing and yesterday and two weeks ago, the Sunday games could not be played at all. In consequence, the receipts have been light and the directors are behind the board. The attendance at Negaunee Saturday was disappointing, but yesterday would probably have made up for it, had it not rained. Negaunee will play at Marquette next Saturday and Sunday and the directors and fans earnestly hope that clear skies and warm sun will have made their appearance by that time.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO. ART NEEDLEWORK.

The Ladies of Marquette are cordially invited to call and inspect my display of the latest novelties in needlework for home decoration and for ladies' wear, in Room 7, Hotel Marquette, where I shall remain all of the present week, until Saturday, June 11th. Stamping done, free instructions. Evenings: Tuesday and Friday, 7 to 9. MRS. C. A. GOLDSBOROUGH. (6-6-1w)

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

List of Boats That Have Passed the Locks, Bound for Superior Ports.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 5.—The following boats have passed through the locks, bound for ports on Lake Superior: Lyman Smith, 8 p. m.; Wyoming, Ishpeming, Stormont, 9; Hutchinson (small), Satura, 10:30; Mullon, Charles Warner, Edenborn, 11; Penobscot, midnight Security, oil barge, 12:30 a. m.; Kotcher, 1:30; Morrow, Choctaw, Ericson, 7; Marsala, 2; Fairmount, Ungava, Sepina, Leonard Miller, 3:30; Bensen, Jenney, Stafford, McWilliams, 5; Adams, Crescent City, 6; W. W. Brown, Morse, 7; J. E. Upton, 7:30; Cornell, Orinon, Granada, 8; Tuscorora, 8:30; Henry Smith, Greatwick (small), 9; Frick, 9:30; Ananthy, 10:30; Henry Hawgood; Prince, 11; Assinboia, Wisconsin, 11:30; Schuykill, Huron, noon; Pope, 1:30 p. m.; Scott, 2; Coralia, Corless, 2:30; St. Clair, Livingstone (small), Amazonas, Matanzas, 3:30; Watt, Matilla, Benschner, 4; Hoyt, 4:30; Canadian, Hebard, Black, 5:30; John Reiss, 6:30; Wolf (steel), Adriatic, 7; Reed, 7:30; Fulton, Nasmyth, 8:30.

All persons desiring to feed their babies on the "special milk" from the Marquette City Dairy should send in their orders at once. Bell 'phone 223. (5-7-1m)

SECOND ART EXHIBITION.

Collection of Paintings by Wm. P. Silva to Be Shown at Guild Hall.

The second exhibition of the Marquette Art League opens today at Guild Hall and will continue for one week. The collection consists of the paintings of William P. Silva whose genius is wholly American, even though he gained his first honors abroad. The pictures give delightful glimpses of Spain, Italy, France and this country, and are remarkable for their variety of themes and treatment.

Among the subjects which grow on one's imagination, are several "misty" scenes in which the artist has caught the spirit of the mist, in its rising at evening; as it envelops the marshes; or hangs over the sea. The many Venetian scenes are handled with that exquisite delicacy of touch necessary to convey the impression of the color laden air, the warm tones of the buildings and the clear reflections in the ever moving water canals. Venice is a dream city, almost invariably the scene of some magic that surrounds it. "The Grand Market at Tangiers" is almost a moving picture, as the vendors seem to move about against the background of the great gateway, the white city and the deep blue sea beyond.

Several "Sand Dunes" are admirably expressive of different moods. In one the sand sparkles with light and color; in another all is sad and grey; and still another holds one lonely tree up to catch all the light above the dunes.

Quite different in spirit and technique is a group of pastels, "Waiting for the Tide," "The Old Mill," "Misty Moonlight" and "A Grey Day." The "Beet Field at Tropis" is full of light and color in air that is warm and moist. The "Alezar at Segovia," Spain, carries one's eyes to the heights and lifts the splendid edifice up into the light beyond all shadows. "The Hermitage," near Savannah, is a strong bold composition in which the light in full sunlight is seen through the shade of live oaks. There are several Hobbema-like roads of graceful design, with their tall slim poplars reflected in the water. Mr. Silva's management of reflections is in itself evidence of a true poetic nature. In every case he has attained a high expression of nature's spontaneity, a quality which speaks for the artist's ability to fix at a glance the effects and relations of things seen in their various aspects. In glancing over this collection, it seems almost incredible that one man should have attained such a degree of excellence in the short time that he has been painting, yet within these three years he has won the recognition of the best art critics in Europe and America. The quality of Mr. Silva's expression is much like that of Longfellow's. He appeals directly to the heart in simple beautiful language, in rhythmic phrases of fine color, without affectation of style or manner.

The members of the Art League feel indeed grateful for the experience which Mr. Silva gives us in this view of his work, and it is to be hoped that no one will miss the privilege of visiting the exhibition daily and becoming better acquainted with the fineness of nature and art. The exhibition will be open from 3 to 6 o'clock in the afternoon and from 8 to 10 in the evenings. For non-members the admission is twenty-five cents; for school children, fifteen cents. Tea will be served in the afternoon by ladies from Ishpeming, Negaunee and Marquette.

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MANY WILL ANSWER CALL TO "OULD SOB"

IRISH PLANNING TO RETURN TO THEIR NATIVE LAND THIS SUMMER AND PARTICIPATE IN HOME-COMING FESTIVITIES.

The Irish of the state of Michigan who are making arrangements to visit their native land this summer in connection with the "home-coming" movement are going to have the time of their lives. It is announced that Ireland is arranging such a series of events for the entertainment of American visitors this summer as never before known.

The headquarters of the Irish Home-Coming association in Washington, D. C., has been furnished with a tentative program of festivals that will be put on this summer. There is hardly a city or town that has not scheduled some sort of a celebration some time during the season. Most of these have set the date already, and the Irishmen on this side are awaiting with much anxiety for a look at these dates in order that the most possible may be gotten out of the trip.

Francis J. Kilkenny, secretary to the committee of currency, who originated the Irish home-coming movement and has urged it for a year and a half as a means of rejuvenating the old country through the introduction of American money, holds that already the movement has proven a success. The latest advice from Ireland are to the effect that already the steamship companies are unloading unprecedented numbers of people at Irish ports. As early as April 22, 1,250 Americans landed in a single day. May 2 was an excursion day, also, and it is calculated that there were many more arrivals than on the previous date. The numbers have steadily increased ever since. The steamship companies report that the bookings to Irish ports even at this early date are very heavy, far exceeding those of any season that has gone before.

They state that the double attraction of the home-coming pilgrimage and the Passion Play at Oberammergau promises an unusually active season. Great numbers of people are taking advantage of the opportunity to participate in both these festivals during the same season.

The great celebration of the Gaelic league, the Crecaths, will be held in Dublin, Aug. 1 to 5. The "horse show," which is no mere festive affair, will be held in the same city the third week in August. The date of the Puck fair at Killorglin has not yet been definitely set, but it will probably be held about Aug. 10. Beginning Sept. 6 will be American week in Cayen. For Sept. 15 a festival is scheduled for Ballinacree. Other dates are being arranged and additional events scheduled. The island is wild with enthusiasm. Festivals for competition in literature, music and dancing, will be held in the island from June 1 up through July.

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California Cooking Figs, and Seedless Muscatel Raisins, per pound.....8c

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Extra Standard California Peaches 22c

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Cherries, red or white, and Singapore Pineapple Chunks.....15c

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Extra Preserved and Raspberries, or Strawberries, the finest put up, 25c

Lima Beans, String and Wax Beans, Succotash, Hominy, Spinach.....10c

Pumpkin, solid pack, and Sardines in Mustard, per can.....8c

Best Standard Tomatoes, per can, 10c, 8c.....55c

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Standard Tomatoes, Early June Peas, Sugar Corn, 3 cans.....25c

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7 cans for.....40c

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10-pound sack.....13c

Yellow Corn Meal, five pounds.....23c

Quaker Oats, large package.....25c

Rice, full head Japan, four-pound cans.....5c

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Snyder's Catsup, pint bottles.....38c

Santa Clara or Green Ann Soap, 10 bars for.....\$1.45

Soda Crackers, fresh baked, 20-pound box.....\$1.45

MUCH INTEREST IN SMUGGLING CASE

GOVERNMENT OFFICERS BELIEVE "FELIX" WAGNER GUILTY OF CHINESE IMPORTATIONS.

A FAR-REACHING TRAFFIC

Well-Perfected System by Which Many Orientals Are Clandestinely Brought Into the United States.

What promises to be one of the most interesting cases to be tried at the coming term of United States court, which opens June 14, will be that of the United States against "Felix" Wagner, charged with having been guilty of smuggling Chinese across the St. Mary's river from Canada into this country.

Officials believe that in the arrest of Wagner they have uncovered a far-reaching "underground railroad" system by which hundreds of Chinese have been clandestinely imported into the United States by way of the St. Mary's river and the upper peninsula.

On the Chinese side of the river, it is alleged that Wagner had an understanding with certain whites as well as Orientals in all parts of the region, whereby these smuggled Chinese were placed in cities throughout the Northwest.

This deceit is somewhat at variance with the character of the Chinese business man. There is none more honest than the Chinese merchant, but he considers it a virtue to beat the government.

The Chinese so brought into this country are said to have been held practically as slaves under a peonage system. It is stated that among the American Chinese there exists a secret society or "long," and that this society pays the expenses of bringing their fellow countrymen across the border.

This amount is charged against the person so brought into this country, and he must work out that amount for the man by whom he is employed.

Manifestly, the system is susceptible of great abuse, and the victims might be held in virtual slavery for an indefinite time. It is said, however, that it is impossible for one to escape payment of the importation debt, contracted with the "long," and that those who have occasionally made such an attempt have mysteriously disappeared.

A Hazardous Calling.

Smuggling Chinese across the Great Lakes and the rivers which separate Canada and the United States furnishes as romantic and hazardous a calling as ever followed by men who make their living breaking the laws.

In order to insure the delivery of the shipment, the combine must have an understanding with some of the men in the train service, and it is believed that many of the brakemen who run across the border turn an honest penny by assisting the traffic.

As soon as the Chinamen reach the city for which they were intended the agent who engineered the enterprise receives his pay from the combine. The men behind the organization are punctual in this particular, as their success depends entirely upon the confidence reposed in them by those whom they employ.

Mistakes Sometimes Fatal.

In the shipment of the yellow men mistakes are sometimes made that have painful endings. Last year a Chinaman was shipped from a point near Windsor, Ont., in a refrigerator car.

At Winnipeg and Vancouver there are frequently hundreds of Chinamen waiting for an opportunity to slip across the border. The men in charge of them carefully watch every point which offers facilities for ingress to this country, and as soon as they note any relaxation of watchfulness on the part of the United States officials at any point a batch is run over. The whole frontier is constantly scrutinized by the agents of the combine.

Detroit is a favorite point, as the city is so large as to offer a sure hiding place for a number that can be brought in. As the two countries are divided by a narrow river at that point it is a simple matter to cross over and risk to cover.

The Mexican border offers even an easier entry, but it has the disadvantage of insufficient hiding places. Nevertheless it is largely used, and thousands of Celestials cross from the land of the

Attee each year. The river is well guarded, but in spite of this it is impossible for officials of the immigration department to watch every point.

Crossing the Rio Grande.

A unique method of crossing the Rio Grande has been invented by the smugglers there. The Chinamen are often placed in barrels with a hinged lid and set adrift in the current. The passenger squats in the barrel, and when he finds it necessary to make observations he pokes his head out of the top, gets a breath of air and notes his bearings.

Cuba and the Bermudas are great rendezvous of the smugglers. At one time, recently, more than 500 Chinamen were assembled at one point in the Bermudas, and every one of them was safely landed in the United States.

Once the Chinaman gets into the United States it is almost impossible to run him to earth and secure his deportation. The import receives identification papers from the combine, going to show that he was born in this country, or that his father has been naturalized.

Concealed by Friends. Chinese merchants befriended the imports, by identifying perfect strangers as their sons, thus giving them the right to remain. One of them often has had as many as a dozen of these sons by adoption in as many cities.

Another manner in which the Chinamen get the best of Uncle Sam is work him for their fare back to China when they wish to return home. This is a simple operation and involves practically no possibility of detection.

A delegation of over 100 Marquette people saw Game Played Saturday.

Over 100 Marquette People Saw Game Played Saturday.

A delegation of over 100 Marquette people, most of whom went up on the 1 o'clock train, saw the humbling of the Marquette team for the first time in a league game this season.

It was the misfortune of the Marquette team to play one of the looziest games it has put up this season.

The Marquette men took with such kindness to Siebenhual that it was decided the part of wisdom to retire him in favor of Rosevear, who proved no great puzzle, either, one run and three hits being made after his appearance in the game.

Negaunee meets Marquette on the home grounds this week, on Saturday and Sunday.

Owing to rain interfering yesterday, the game scheduled between Gwin and the second team was postponed until some later date.

The batting averages of the team up to May 30th are as follows:

	G.	A.B.	H.	P.C.
Lingquist	2	5	3	600
Smith	4	12	6	500
Bastian	4	12	4	333
Lohb	4	18	6	333
LaFave	4	12	3	250
Nault	3	7	1	143
Saunders	2	7	1	143
Catlin	2	7	1	143
Davis	4	15	2	133
Ormsbee	3	10	1	100
Murphy	1	4	0	000

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The Mexican border offers even an easier entry, but it has the disadvantage of insufficient hiding places.

Nevertheless it is largely used, and thousands of Celestials cross from the land of the

CHICAGO COMING NORTH NEXT WEEK

ASSOCIATION OF COMMERCE WILL TAKE TRIP TO DULUTH AND RETURN ON THE ROOSEVELT—DUE HERE JUNE 15.

Not to be outdone by their Detroit rivals, the Chicago Association of Commerce is to invade the upper peninsula next week. The trip from Chicago to Duluth and return is to be made via the steamer Roosevelt, the same vessel that brought the copper country excursionists to this city last summer.

Next Sunday at 7 p. m. the big excursion steamer Theodore Roosevelt will steam out of Chicago's harbor on a two-week "great lakes trade tour."

The Chicago Association of Commerce intends not to accept but to confer hospitality on those it visits. The trip will be a "selling scheme" and the delegates will not be salesmen of Chicago products, but ambassadors of industrial Chicago.

"In their own automobiles the Chicagoans will dash ashore from the Roosevelt. They will treat the natives to rides, and as some of the delegates have studied the points on the itinerary closely, they may be able to show their hosts a few things about their own cities."

All the lunches held during the trip will be given on board and the leading men of the places visited will be guests. At these dinners the aim of sociability and future general relations will dominate rather than stereotyped exchanges of praise and business solicitations.

It is the purpose of the Chicago Association of Commerce in this ambitious excursion not merely to boom immediate trade relations but to lay a foundation of friendship and understanding between Chicago and the smaller lake cities," said Mr. Shreve, vice president of the association.

"We do not intend to flood the towns we visit with Chicago salesmen. In fact, we will endeavor not to talk 'sales' at all while en route."

Heretofore the prevalent idea of a trip of business representatives to a new locality has been that the tourists are the guests everywhere and expect that their hosts will go to considerable expense for entertainment.

It is our plan to deepen their illusion by providing stereopticon pictures of the busiest business mart on earth. But we are not going to bore our guests with the subject of Chicago.

"Having departed from Chicago at 7 o'clock on the evening of next Sunday, the Roosevelt party will arrive at Duluth, Minn., early the following morning. Forenoon will be spent ashore and anchor will be raised at 1 p. m. Manistee will be reached at 3 p. m. Leave taking here will be made at 10 o'clock.

"Sault Ste. Marie will be negotiated at noon on Tuesday, and that evening a 'moonlight trip' will be given an army of residents. On Wednesday, Munising and Marquette will be visited, the latter place being the scene of another 'moonlight excursion.' Thursday will be spent at Ashland, Wis., and on Friday, at 7 a. m. the city of Duluth, Minn., will be hailed.

A night trip lasting from 7:15 to 11:15 o'clock will be made. Weather permitting, the objective point of this excursion will be Two Harbors, Minn.

"Saturday morning Houghton, Mich., will be signalled. From Hancock, Mich., a trolley trip will be taken to Lake Linden and nearby copper towns. Sunday, June 19, will be passed in midlake and the weary 'acquaintance crusaders' will snatch a rest. On Monday the round of entertainment—for others—will be resumed.

"Cheboygan and Petoskey, Mich., will be visited that day. At noon on Tuesday, June 21, Traverse City is scheduled to receive the tourists.

"Escanaba and Menominee, Mich., and Marinette, Wis., are on the busy program for Wednesday. The following day will be 'day days' as they call it. Bay, Wis., and Sturgeon Bay are to be invaded. On Friday at 7 a. m. Manitowoc will be reached and Sheboygan at noon. Milwaukee will be 'annexed' at 7 p. m., and an evening reception held. This will probably be one of the most spectacular fetes of the trip, and many association members unable to make the joint will greet the travel worn crusaders in the socialist metropolis."

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