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WILL DOFF HIS TOGA EARLY NEXT YEAR

Nelson A. Aldrich Authorizes the Announcement That He Will Not Be a Candidate for Re-election as United States Senator.

It is Expected That Tremendous Pressure Will Be Exerted to Induce Him to Change His Mind, but That It Will Be Without Effect Is Certain—His Health Alone Has Dictated His Decision—Hale of Maine Will Retire, too, It Is Reported.

Washington, April 18.—Senator Nelson A. Aldrich authorized the announcement tonight that he will not be a candidate for re-election to the senate, and that he will retire at the expiration of his present term, March 3, 1911. His announcement was made on his return to Washington from Rhode Island.

His health alone dictated the senator's decision. During his service in the Civil war he had typhoid, and as a result has suffered periodically from intestinal trouble. A week ago the senator went to New York, where his physicians insisted that he devote more time to outdoor exercise. He could see no way out of this predicament but to retire. He is now in the hospital at New York, where the situation to insure the sending of a Republican to Washington to succeed him. He says that no doubt a Republican will.

Will Continue His Currency Work.

It is known that it has been the ambition of Mr. Aldrich to crown his legislative career with a thorough reform of the currency system. He is the moving spirit of the national monetary commission. He expects to continue his work, although his retirement probably will deprive him of the distinction of having the currency legislation bear his name. There are now several former members of congress on the commission.

Senator Aldrich said he believed that the whole administration program would go through the present congress, except the currency legislation. Said he: "I believe that particularly the currency legislation will be carried through. It is largely a matter of the question of reforming the currency system, and that is what I am counting upon." He suggested that the Democrats may carry such an event, but that even if the commission would proceed just the same. The commission is made up of members of both parties.

His Mind Fully Made Up.

It is expected that tremendous pressure will be exerted to induce Mr. Aldrich to change his mind, but that it will be without effect is certain. His leadership has been so bitterly attacked in some quarters it will be charged, it is advanced, that he has decided to leave because of that opposition. Of this phase of the question Mr. Aldrich laughingly said: "Of course some folks will say that I was forced out, but I don't think any one who knows me will believe it."

There will be speculation in the senate of the question of leadership after Mr. Aldrich's term expires. There was no one man leadership in the senate prior to the last few years. Control was exercised by half a dozen, including Mr. Aldrich, Mr. Hale, former Senator Spooner and the late Senators Platt of Connecticut, Hanna of Ohio and Allison of Iowa. With the gradual retirement of these men, control was reduced to two. Senator Hale assumed the chairmanship of the appropriations committee. In view of the hard fight that Mr. Hale is having in Maine for reelection, rumors are heard that he might not care to serve another term. Some of his colleagues said tonight that when Aldrich leaves, Hale won't stay. There is no confirmation of these rumors.

Hale to Retire, Says Portland.

Portland, Me., April 18.—The Portland Evening Express, generally considered a staunch supporter of Senator Hale, tonight said: "It is probably true that Senator Hale has decided to retire from public life."

GENERAL CLARKSON RETIRES.

For Eight Years He Has Been Surveyor of the Port of New York.

New York, April 18.—After eight years of service as surveyor of the port of New York, General James S. Clarkson, formerly chairman of the Republican national committee, retired from office today. He was presented with a silver loving cup and a gold watch and chain by the employees.

ONLY ONE VOTE AGAINST IT.

House of Representatives Passes the McClellan Campaign Publicity Measure.

Washington, April 18.—With Mr. Mann, of Illinois, alone voting in the negative, the house today passed the McClellan campaign publicity bill. Mr. Mann declared that, like the Sherman anti-trust act, it would be found that the provisions of the bill would far exceed the purposes of its advocates.

INCREASED SALARIES PROPOSED.

House Bill Raises the Pay of Federal Employees 10 per Cent.

Washington, April 18.—A bill to give a 10 per cent increase of pay to all employees of the government, except the president, cabinet, vice president, members of congress and the army and the navy, was introduced in the house today.

REFUSES TO DIVULGE SOURCE OF INFORMATION.

Questioned as to His Authority for Charging Congressmen and Newspapers With Being Corruptly Influenced, J. M. Maxwell Makes a Poor Showing at the Ship Subsidy Investigation.

Washington, April 18.—Swept along on a flood of sharp questions as to his authority for charging members of congress and newspapers with being corruptly influenced, John M. Maxwell, former editor of the American Flag, the organ of the Merchant Marine league, today refused to answer inquiries as to his sources of information. Unless he changes his attitude tomorrow, the house investigation committee will report it to the house.

Testifying regarding an article written by him in his magazine concerning Washington correspondents, he said that it was a reply to the baseless and unfair charges sent out by the correspondents stating that the ship subsidy campaign originated in a Standard Oil trust plan to dominate South America. He charged these correspondents with taking advantage of the fact that they were connected with or influenced by the foreign shipping lobby. He acknowledged that the only correspondents he could mention were John Sauer, of the Des Moines Register, and William Brigham, of the Boston Transcript.

When questioned as to the use of the term "slimy graft," the witness contended that no names were mentioned in that connection, but the counsel for Representative Steierson declared that the term scandalized congress. The article suggested that if the writer of the Iowa paper's dispatch "did not get his" from foreign shipping interests for sending it out to Iowa, then the correspondent was a "blanket blank fool," etc. Today Maxwell said that he did not know of any correspondent that "got his." He said that if he knew of any "slimy graft" he would not state it at this time. Maxwell was questioned about a reference he had made to Representatives Wilson and McDerrott, of Illinois, tending to indicate that because they came from packing house districts they might be controlled by the beef trust. He denied any intention to charge them with improper actions.

When asked if he knew anything against Representative Kusterman's reputation, the witness declined to "further reflect on him." He declared that he had information that the free ship clause of the Kusterman merchant marine bill was offered by the representatives of a foreign shipping organization. He declined to name his informant.

WELCOMED BY MR. TAFT.

Daughters of the American Revolution Open National Convention.

Washington, April 18.—What promises to be a most successful convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution opened this morning in Continental Hall, the handsome home just completed. President Taft extended the delegates a warm welcome.

There was an echo of the lissing episode of the suffragists' convention when in introducing Mr. Taft, the president general, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, said: "I have heard it rumored that the president is not in favor of woman suffrage. If this be true, we have found ourselves forced to come to this decision as a matter of principle—for if he consulted his own personal advantage, he could not fail to favor giving the ballot to those millions of our sex who always have felt a warm admiration for Mr. Taft, the man, and who have completely lost their hearts to Mr. Taft, the president." The president responded with a tribute to the American woman.

Suffragists Storm the Capitol.

Washington, April 18.—An army of suffragists moved on the Capitol today and presented to congress the petition of a half a million signers, praying for votes for women.

SAYS IT CONTAINS "JOKERS."

Mr. Lenroot, Republican Insurgent, Attacks the Railroad Bill.

Washington, April 18.—The first night session of the house on the railroad bill was made the occasion for a spirited attack upon the bill by Representative Lenroot, Mr. Republican insurgent, of Wisconsin. Mr. Lenroot's argument followed the lines of the speech of Senator La Follette in the senate recently. He assailed the bill, declaring that it was drawn in favor of the railroads and operated by the Democratic party. He was frequently interrupted by applause from the Democratic side and from the "insurgent" Republicans. Mr. Madden, of Illinois, gave credit to Mr. Taft for initiating the proposed legislation, and defended the bill.

SHARP DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

Cost of Living Investigators Ask \$65,000 to Extend Their Work.

Washington, April 18.—The Lodge resolution appropriating \$65,000 for the extension of the work of the special senate committee on cost of living was the subject of a spirited discussion in the senate today. Mr. Overman said that he was opposed to putting through the resolution, the purpose of which was to gather material for a campaign book. Mr. Clapp thought the people were informed as to prices, and he knew that his constituents would not sanction the expenditure of \$65,000. Mr. Crawford supported the bill. No action was taken.

BUTTE RIFLE CLUB IS WINNER.

Washington, April 18.—The indoor rifle shooting team championship of the United States has been won by the Rocky Mountain Rifle club of Butte, Mont.

PRESIDENT TAFT HONORED.

Washington, April 18.—One of the two crosses awarded annually by the American Cross of Honor was presented to President Taft today.

MILWAUKEE'S MAYOR FEELS AGGRIEVED

Because the Socialists Have Villified Him, Says Mr. Rose, He Will Not Attend the Inauguration of His Successor Today.

Detailing the Principles of the Party Which Now Assumes the Municipal Reins, Victor L. Berger Issues a Statement Promising the Best Administration the City Has Ever Had—The Chief Aim Will Be to Help and to Elevate the Working Classes.

Milwaukee, April 18.—Mayor David S. Rose will not be present tomorrow at the installation of Mayor-elect Seidel. He says the socialists the past ten years have been carrying on a campaign of personal vilification against him.

Victor L. Berger, alderman-at-large and spokesman of the Social Democratic party in Milwaukee, issued a statement today giving an outline of the principles that will guide the Social Democratic administration of Milwaukee during the next two years.

Stands for Radical Changes.

"The Socialist party of America is the American expression of the international movement of modern wage workers for better food, better houses, sufficient sleep, more leisure, more education and more culture," says the statement. "To secure economic as well as political liberty will be one of the aims of the Social Democracy."

Municipal ownership of public utilities, among other things, is advanced, but until this is reached the best possible service will be exacted from the utilities. Competition is objected to, on the ground that "more competition means more corruption." In brief, the Social Democracy stands for every radical change that will bring means of production into the hands of the people.

Its General Principles Outlined.

Mr. Berger says in his statement: "I wish to state the general principles upon which this party stands for the National Packing company, which is the first place, the Social Democratic party of Milwaukee is an integral part of the Socialist party of America. In Wisconsin, we are officially named the Social Democratic party," which is the name of the national name. The Socialist party of America is the American expression of the international movement of modern wage-workers for better food, better houses, sufficient sleep, more leisure, more education and more culture.

"The founders of the Republic declared for political freedom. But we call attention to the fact that since the birth of this nation a revolution in industry has taken place. Formerly hand labor and individual effort produced the necessities of mankind. Today machine labor and social development are the means of producing those necessities. And while in that former time it was the imperative duty of the government to protect the individual in the possession of the property he had produced, so today it is equally the duty of the government to protect the associated labor, that is to say, the whole body of working people, in the possession of the products of their toil.

Two Classes of People.

"The present system of social production by individual ownership has produced two classes—the propertyless class and the capitalist class. The middle class, once the backbone of this great nation, is fast disappearing in the mill of competition and the issue is now between the first two classes. All attempts to obscure this issue or to delay the settlement are futile, for all other issues will be speedily absorbed by it. Thus it has developed that the battle of human rights has become a battle to determine which form of government we shall have in the future—plutocracy or democracy.

"Political liberty alone has become inadequate; we must have both political and economic liberty. To secure this is the aim of the Social Democracy. In city affairs, we stand for the public ownership of municipal utilities. We are well aware, however, that Milwaukee does not enjoy self-government, and that, as a rule, no steps can be taken in that direction without an appeal to the state legislature at Madison.

"In municipal affairs the Social Democracy stands also for every radical change that will bring means of production into the hands of the people. It believes in self-government for the city, the initiative, the referendum and the right of recall, in a just and equitable taxation, in efficient sanitary inspection of workshops and houses, and in the public control of the food supply in the interests of the public health and in the highest development of a reasonable public service. At the proper time, the Socialist Democracy will initiate these and other things.

Proposed Measures Palliative.

"We call attention to the fact that the measures we urge are in no way a complete cure for existing evils, nor are they necessarily socialistic measures. They are to be viewed rather as needed palliatives, capable of being carried out even under present conditions. Under no circumstances should the working people rest content with municipal improvements which are merely temporary in their nature and must be entirely ineffectual. They should move onward to

(Continued on Page Five.)

THE WEATHER

Washington, April 18.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Partly cloudy, Tuesday, cooler in the east; Wednesday, fair, warmer in the west; moderate northwest winds becoming variable.

CAPT. CARTER LOSES FORTUNE.

Washington, April 18.—Dismissed from the army and put into the penitentiary because of his alleged connection with fraud in the improvement of the Savannah harbor, former Captain Oberlin Carter had his fortune of \$400,000 swept out of his hands today by the supreme court, as a further outcome of that transaction. The decree is based on a claim for an equitable accounting of money gotten fraudulently.

RIOTOUS SCENES ENACTED.

Laborers at Pressed Steel Car Plant Go Out on a Strike.

Schoenewald, Pa., April 18.—One thousand workmen, most of foreigners, employed at the Pressed Steel Car company struck today. One workman was shot in the arm and the company's chief of police was severely beaten. The strike is the result of the discharge of four men.

Wage Increase for Grain Shovelers.

Buffalo, April 18.—An agreement for one year will be signed tomorrow by the vessel owners and officers of the grain shovelers' union carrying an increase of wages and improved working conditions for the men. The men get an advance of 12 1/2 cents per thousand bushels of grain.

SENSATION DEVELOPS AT MISSOURI INQUIRY.

That the St. Louis Dressed Beef & Provision Company, Hitherto Supposed to Be Independent, Is a Trust-Controlled Concern Is Admitted by One of Its Principal Officials.

St. Louis, April 18.—Admission by Chas. L. Urquhart, secretary of the St. Louis Dressed Beef & Provision company, that that concern, hitherto supposed to be independent, is owned and controlled by the National Packing company, caused a sensation in today's proceedings in the investigation of the so-called "beef trust" being conducted by Attorney General Major.

Urquhart's testimony, Mr. Major declares, shows positively that the National Packing company fixes the prices at which the local company buys and at which it sells its meat and by-products. Secretary Urquhart testified that the company's business was conducted on telegraphic orders received from Chicago daily.

Mr. Major declared that he will show that the National Packing company is a holding corporation for the Armour, Swift and Morris interests and that it controls prices throughout the country. The officials of the Chicago companies have been asked to appear.

Washington's Explanation.

A statement from the department of justice at Washington says that information had been laid before the attorney general indicating the fact that a combination had been formed to buy up all the unused cotton crop and that as a result cotton had already advanced largely in excess of the normal price, thus throwing out of employment 25 per cent of the cotton mill operatives of the country; that there is a cotton monopoly and a diminution of the commerce in cotton goods.

Messrs. Hayne and Brown said tonight that they had done nothing contrary to law and they feared no investigation. They denied that there were holding or cornering cotton. They said that the shorts are holding it for May delivery. They denied that they were speculators and said that they paid for delivery. They were buying cotton because of the shortage in the supply.

Cotton Mill Operators Alarmed.

Atlanta, Ga., April 18.—Cotton mill operators are alarmed over the action of the authorities against the leaders of the bull campaign and profess to see a covert effort on the part of certain New York brokers to get relief from their contracts with the mills. They assert that the government is unwittingly cooperating with the bears in what they fear will prove a disastrous raid. Many mills in this section tonight wired congressmen, appealing to them to institute an investigation with a view to uncovering the "conspiracy" which they declare appears to exist.

Trick of the Bears, Says Patten.

Chicago, April 18.—Declaring that he had not received a summons to appear before the grand jury in New York that is to investigate the alleged cotton pool, James A. Patten today said that he regarded the move as a trick of the bears to depress the prices of cotton so that they could cover their shorts as a profit. He said: "There is no good reason for this talk of conspiracy. I am long on cotton and intend to make a profit on it."

KEEP BUTTER AT 32 CENTS.

Elgin Members of the "Trust" Out-Vote Chicago Commission Men.

Elgin, Ill., April 18.—The Elgin butter board held its own against a delegation of Chicago commission men today, sustaining the quotation of thirty-two cents for creamery butter as against thirty-one cents proposed by the Chicagoans.

WHISKEY WAR IS ON.

Prices Have Been Cut Five Cents a Gallon the Past Five Days.

Peoria, Ill., April 18.—Whiskey dropped to \$1.30 today, marking the first time in the rate war that the independent distillers are waging against the alleged trust. The prices have been cut five cents in five days.

IOWA FARMERS BIG LOSERS.

Freezing Weather Has Killed Crops Valued at Five to Ten Million.

Des Moines, April 18.—The Iowa horticultural department today estimated the loss of Iowa's fruit and vegetable crops from the freezing weather at between five and ten million dollars. It is snowing in many parts of Iowa today.

WILL LOOK INTO THE COTTON POOL

Government of the United States Will Institute at New York Today an Investigation Without Precedent in America.

Under Instructions from Washington, a Special Federal Grand Jury Will Probe the Gigantic Bull Movement of Which Jas. A. Patten Is the Reputed Head—The Market Breaks on This News, and It Is Charged That a Bear Coup Is Being Worked.

New York, April 18.—There will be started here tomorrow a federal investigation without precedent in this country. Attorney General Wickesman has ordered an inquiry into the gigantic bull movement in cotton with which the names of James A. Patten of Chicago, Frank B. Hayne and Wm. P. Brown of New Orleans and Eugene Seales of Texas have been popularly connected. Hayne and Brown both appear as defendants.

It is not known whether Patten will subpoenaed at Chicago to come here and testify. He has been generally credited with being the financial genius of the pool, and in recent interviews has outlined his bullish position and his determination to fight the supposed bear attack which has been reshaping cotton in this country from England in the endeavor to break the market. The bull movement has reached such a stage, however, that there are rumors of a possible May corner in the New York market.

Subpoenas were issued today commanding a dozen or more New York cotton brokers to appear before a special federal grand jury tomorrow to testify in the matter of "the United States against Frank B. Hayne and Wm. P. Brown."

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RAIN DOESN'T DAMPER HUNGARIANS' ARDOR.

Wherever Theodore Roosevelt Goes in Budapest, Crowds Are There to Cheer Him—He Dines at the Palace, Visits Parliament House, Holds Receptions and in General Puts in a Strenuous Day.

Budapest, April 18.—A heavy rain storm this afternoon did not prevent Theodore Roosevelt from disposing of an exceedingly strenuous program. This included a luncheon at the royal palace, as the guest of Arch Duke Joseph; a reception at the parliament house, and a sight-seeing tour. A portion of the day was taken up with a call upon Francis Kossuth, leader of the united opposition, who is ill; a visit to the Washington monument, erected by the Hungarian-American federation; a reception to the American colony at the consulate, and a reception to the Hungarian journalists at a hotel. Mr. Roosevelt and his son Kermit were the guests of the Austrian ambassador, Baron Hungenmuller von Hengervar, at a dinner at the Park club, where they met leading representatives of the Hungarian nobility.

Although Kossuth's name is still synonymous throughout Hungary with the independent aspirations of the people of Hungary, he is now living quietly, owing to the recent fall of the independent coalition ministry, of which he and Count Apponyi were the leaders. The Austrian government manifested no slightest disapproval of a visit. Herr Kossuth told the ex-president how, in his early life, spent in exile, he had been taught to revere America, where his father had found welcome and refuge.

The rain did not dampen the ardor of the Hungarians. Wherever Mr. Roosevelt went, crowds cheered him. In fact, although Hungary is in the midst of an exciting general election the visit of Mr. Roosevelt has monopolized public attention. The polygot newspapers of Budapest print columns about his arrival, with extended editorials in English.

In the crush at the station last night when the former president arrived the chief of police suffered a broken leg and several other persons were injured.

HOUSE OF COMMONS HAS STORMY SESSION.

Premier Asquith's Motion Under Which the Finance Bill Must Be Disposed of by April 27 Is Adopted After a Sitting Marked by Much Acrimony.

London, April 18.—After another stormy sitting, arising out of a personal incident between William O'Brien and Charles Lloyd George, attack by the Conservatives on the government's alleged surrender to John Redmond, leader of the Nationalists, and a warm repudiation by Premier Asquith of any such bargaining, the house of commons tonight adopted the premier's motion under which the finance bill must be disposed of by April 27.

John Redmond announced the intention of his party to give cordial support to the government's policy and budget, because the financial situation in Ireland was only remediable by securing home rule. Wm. O'Brien, an Irish independent, charged that Lloyd George had bargained with the Nationalists, giving them concessions for the support of the Liberal party's program. The chamberlain in reply said that Mr. O'Brien had grossly distorted an interview with him on the subject which he had not right to give out.

BRYAN DRINKS ONLY "POP."

Circumnavigator Club Gives Him Permission to Refuse Highballs.

New York, April 18.—Wm. J. Bryan arrived here today from his trip to South America on the steamship Caracas. He refused to talk politics. He visited Mayor Gaynor. He was given a dinner tonight by the Circumnavigator club. Before the speaking commenced a letter was read from Mr. Bryan accepting membership in the club, as you are willing to take the risk of my violating your rule against preaching and if you will allow me to refuse highballs." The club yielded the reservations and Mr. Bryan drank only carbonated water.

PROHIBITIONISTS CARRY POINT.

Congressional Joint Resolution Authorizes "Local Option" Election in Hawaii.

Washington, April 18.—The government of Hawaii is directed to call a special election to determine whether the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor in the Hawaiian islands shall be prohibited by the terms of a senate joint resolution passed by the house today. The resolution requires only the approval of the president to become effective.

REFORMERS START NEW CRUSADE.

Forty-Six Atlantic City Dealers Arrested for Sunday Liquor Selling.

Atlantic City, N. J., April 18.—Forty-six proprietors of saloons, cafes and hotel bars were arrested here today on the charge of Sunday liquor selling, in a new crusade started by the reformers yesterday.

GLOVER'S ATTORNEY SUES HIM.

Deadwood, N. D., April 13.—Suit was filed here today against George Glover of Lead, S. D., son of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the Christian Science leader. By his attorney for legal services rendered during the famous suit in which Glover figured as the next friend of his mother and sought to obtain a share of her estate. Following the settlement of the suit it was reported that Glover received \$100,000 from his mother.

TRAIN BANDITS STILL AT LARGE.

Martinez, Cal., April 18.—After a two days search, the two bandits who held up the fast mail on the Southern Pacific Saturday night are still at large.

DEATH DEALS BLOW TO THE PROSECUTION

Dr. G. T. Twyman, an Important Witness in the Case Against Dr. B. C. Hyde, Passes Away in a Kansas City Hospital.

Trial of the Physician Who Is Accused of the Murder of the Aged Millionaire, Colonel Thos. H. Swope, Proceeds, However, and the State Makes Its Opening Address—This a Bitter Arraignment of the Defendant as an Arch Criminal of the Age.

Kansas City, Mo., April 18.—Scarcely had the state completed its opening statement in the murder trial of Dr. B. C. Hyde today when Dr. G. T. Twyman, one of the prosecution's most important witnesses, died at a hospital of acute diverticulitis.

Dr. Twyman was the Swope family physician for years and so valuable did the state consider his testimony against Hyde that at one time Prosecutor Conkling thought of dismissing the jury and awaiting the recovery of the physician before beginning the trial.

Defendant Calm and Unmoved.

Dr. Hyde sat calmly with his wife in the criminal court today and heard himself described as a man whose greed for gold had made him a poisoner and murderer. This was the characterization given him by Attorney James A. Reed in delivering the prosecution's opening statement. A few feet behind Hyde sat Mrs. Logan O. Swope, mother of Mrs. Hyde and employer of Attorney Reed. She displayed no emotion.

The court decided to admit all the circumstances which the state avers will tend to show that a plot existed to exterminate the entire Swope family. The defense wanted to confine the evidence to that connected with the death of Colonel Swope only. Hundreds were unable to get into the court room.

Hyde's Accuser Severe.

Attorney Reed pictured Hyde as a man whose evil propensities led him during his boyhood to torture animals, in later life to abuse the poor and helpless and still later to conceive the most colossal murder plot in the history of criminality. The details of Colonel Swope's death were entered into by Mr. Reed, who recited how Hyde had obtained typhoid germs of Dr. Stewart and told of the appearance of typhoid in the Swope home. Mr. Reed gave greed for money as Hyde's motive for the alleged murder of Colonel Swope.

The charge that Dr. Hyde poisoned Colonel Thos. H. and Christian Swope by the use of cyanide of potassium, as well as the story of the purchases, new feature brought out in Mr. Reed's address. Dr. Hyde purchased large quantities of potassium capsules at a local drug store which was recently burned, it was said. According to Mr. Reed, "poison" books of the druggist, containing a record of Hyde's purchases, were saved. Simultaneously, said Mr. Reed, the physician obtained digestive tablets similar in appearance to the poison to cover up the fact that he administered poison to his victims.

CRASHED INTO SOLID ROCK.

Little Chance of Saving the Atlantic Transport Liner Minnehaha.

Hightstown, St. Marys, Seilly Islands, April 18.—The Atlantic transport liner Minnehaha, which went aground at an early hour this morning off the Seilly islands, is still fast on the rocks. There is little likelihood of saving her. All the passengers, numbering sixty-six, have been taken off in safety, as well as one-third of the cattle. Should the sea continue smooth a greater part of the cargo will be saved, but a change of the wind to the northwest would expose the Minnehaha to heavy seas, with hardly a chance of saving either ship or cargo. All of the baggage of the passengers has been brought ashore. The sun has been invisible since Wednesday and observations by the officers of the Minnehaha were impossible. The officers miscalculated their bearings and the ship crashed into solid rock. Wireless messages brought boats from Berber island. There was not the slightest sign of a panic and all were taken off. The passengers will proceed to London.

FOUR MAIL CLERKS CREMATED.

Horror on the Illinois Central Railroad Is Laid to Train Wreckers.

Jackson, Miss., April 18.—The Illinois Central "flyer" from New Orleans to Chicago went over an embankment and caught fire near here today. Four mail clerks were cremated and four trainmen were injured. None of the passengers were injured. The officials are convinced that owing to the removal of fish plates the train was deliberately wrecked.

ENDS HIS LIFE IN A HOSPITAL.

Philadelphia, April 18.—Gustav Hublen, aged forty-eight, of

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MARQUETTE, MICH., APRIL 19.

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

The papal nuncio at Vienna was acting on his own initiative. The vatican is standing pat.

Militant suffragism will not appreciably hasten votes for women; neither will hissing suffragism.

We are enjoying (?) a typical Lake Superior April, despite that touch of summer we had in March.

It appears that our Marquette baseball team will be able to go fast enough, if only it can find some other teams to travel with.

The experts are, as usual, at difference with one another when it comes to sizing up the probable outcome of the Johnson-Jeffries fight.

What Europe is doing for an ex-president still suggests what would happen if a president still on the job were free to visit our neighbors across the sea.

By the time the Warner-Cramton law is thoroughly interpreted it promises to be a mild and innocuous measure. The lawyers have already succeeded in drawing most of its fangs.

The Williams Bay, Wis., photograph of Halley's comet uncovered some 2,000,000 miles of its tail. We are not informed as to how much of it the observatory photographer failed to catch.

Just about the time the supreme court has settled all the mooted points about the Warner-Cramton liquor law the legislature will, no doubt, throw everything up in the air by giving the liquor statute another overhauling.

Senator LaFollette's recent strictures on the Massachusetts merger is said to have amused the east. But the principal question, from the LaFollette viewpoint, is whether it made any votes in Wisconsin.

If the water power, gas, traction and electric merger can be carried through, as projected, under Maine laws, it appears that we might as well, for all practical purposes, throw our public utilities law in the waste basket.

Crystal Falls is ready to play league baseball, but will turn its back on the independent article. It has tried it in the past, and has paid a considerable price to learn that however good it may be in theory it doesn't work out well in practice.

The Vatican-Roosevelt episode is dying out with a few final rumblings. Considering the publicity it received, it is perhaps to be wondered at that it attracted so little serious attention in this country. The American public wisely refused to become exercised over it, one way or the other.

There's a lull in the gubernatorial campaign. Candidate Osborn has gone to the woods. Pat Kelley is devoting himself to personal affairs, and Mr. Musselman is also busy with his private concerns. They're waiting for the automobile season to open and are giving the farmer a chance to get in his crops.

Senator Hale "views with alarm" the proposal to appropriate \$250,000 for use by the tariff commission in investigating costs of production at home and abroad. Inasmuch as Senator Hale specifically warned President Taft that the commission should not be employed for any such purpose, there is no particular occasion for surprise at his attitude.

The success of the circus carnival shows that the public takes a real interest in the welfare of the Guild hall project. The Guild hall should be strongly supported. It offers all the features that make for the popularity of modern Y. M. C. A. buildings, and asks but nominal membership fees. Its well equipped gymnasium and swimming tank provide means of keeping the physical man—and woman and child—in that virile physical condition that assures health by repelling ailments. Its library and game rooms offer wholesome entertainment under ideal conditions. There is no irksome discipline, good order being maintained without restraint. The 600 membership mark that the directors wish to attain should be reached without difficulty. There are well over 600 persons in Marquette who should be on its membership rolls. The maintenance of the institution requires no considerable sum annually. Many peo-

ple who should aid in its maintenance are not now on the Guild hall's lists. They should be there. The work deserves the support of every person who favors healthy recreation and physical training for the boys and girls and who believes that every town like Marquette should support a gymnasium, with suitable accessories.

Senator Smith would like to have it definitely ascertained whether there is any merit in the projects that have been discussed from time to time for cutting Michigan with ship canals. He will press an amendment to the rivers and harbors bill for a survey and investigation concerning feasible plans for waterways from a point on Lake Erie across the southern part of the state to Lake Michigan; also from a point on Lake Huron or Saginaw Bay in a southerly direction to Lake Michigan; also from a point on Lake Superior in a southerly direction across the upper peninsula to Lake Michigan, utilizing so far as possible well-known and suitable water courses, deemed navigable by the government. Many of these projects, including the one for a waterway across the upper peninsula, have been broached from time to time, but have never been the subject of scientific investigation. Whether any of them are practicable, and, if so, whether the advantages they would gain would be worth what they cost are questions that would be finally settled, if Senator Smith's amendment should carry. If it does, one of the tentative projects that would doubtless early go in the discard is one for an upper peninsula canal. Such a waterway is said not to be practicable, and even if it were the benefits it would gain would be entirely disproportionate to its cost.

What Mr. Earle advocated was the employment of prison labor on the production of crushed rock, to be shipped to roadbuilding counties, there to be worked up into the finished product of good roads by free labor. In pursuance of this idea he proposed the establishment of a Keweenaw peninsula prison, to carry on this particular industry.

Mr. Earle's scheme was infinitely more practicable than the proposal to employ convicts on road building. The principal objection to it lay in this: The crushing of rock by machinery does not require much labor. The men confined in the Marquette prison, if put at work in the neighboring hills, would secure a crushed rock output that would quickly swamp the market. While it might possibly furnish profitable employment to a small proportion of the convicts in the Marquette prison, the crushed rock industry certainly is not the solution of Michigan's prison labor problem.

Leaving out sentimental considerations entirely, the plan to employ convicts on the building of roads is chimerical, as the State Republican would have to admit when it went into the matter thoroughly. A satisfactory labor for convicts must be one that admits of working the whole convict body into a routine that continues through twelve months of the year. Throughout Michigan road improvement work is suspended each fall, to be resumed only when spring comes again. Thus the first requirement of constant employment is lacking.

If road building were pursued in Michigan throughout the year, convict labor would still be impracticable, because of the expense that would be involved in guarding, maintaining and housing the convicts at distances from the prison walls, for their work would have to be done over a wide expanse of territory. So impracticable is the plan, from whatever viewpoint it is looked at, that there is reason for surprise that it is so often advanced seriously. That it does thus receive serious discussion simply shows how superficial the prison labor problem is being considered by many people.

The board of prison industries has, it is apparent, a momentous task ahead of it in deciding how best convict labor shall be employed. There is now general assent that the convict labor contract should be banished from the prisons, but how the convict labor can be steadily employed in other ways with the result that the cost of maintaining the prisons shall be decreased, and not increased, that the health of the prison inmates shall be conserved and reformatory work continue to go on, as far as it is possible, are questions difficult to settle satisfactorily. If this is done we will find that the board has turned its back on all convict road building proposals.

With nearly all the counties between Bay City and Detroit in the dry column, the railroad ought to be able to make schedule time.—Bay City Tribune.

Julius Caesar Burrows and James J. Jeffries are in training for the last grand battles of their lives. We're betting upon neither.—Jackson Citizen Press.

Force of habit is strong. A crooked banker, in prison in Texas, has been found juggling with the books of the penitentiary, where he was at work.—Saginaw News.

The state board of health has decreed that the dusting of garments on railway passenger cars must cease. Hereafter the fee-seeking porter must do his garment-dusting on rear platforms. Seems as if the railroad rights of way are dusty enough now.—Pilot Journal.

The chances are that if those Evansville (Ind.) people who cannot get enough sleep will look into the matter they will find that their ancestors at one time lived in Philadelphia.—Pilot Journal.

If something like a long war among the Chinamen could be started among the black handers, the law would wink at stopping it.—Bay City Times.

The destruction of our old apple trees threatens the supply of genuine French bread.

\$100 REWARD. \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists. 7c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

PRISONERS ON HIGHWAYS.

Can you conceive of anything that will benefit the people of Michigan more than highways built under the direction of the state highway department? The taxpayers seem to be paying for the keep of the prisoners anyway, why not have the benefit of their labor, rather than private contractors as at present?

The Lansing State Republican, as shown above, believes that prisoners in confinement in Michigan penal institutions may better be employed building good roads than in any other manner. Its opinion on the subject runs counter to that of nearly every man who has given the matter careful consideration.

Horatio S. Earle, former state highway commissioner, believed that prison labor should be utilized to further the making of good roads throughout the state, but he stopped far short of suggesting its employment on the actual physical labor of road making.

What Mr. Earle advocated was the employment of prison labor on the production of crushed rock, to be shipped to roadbuilding counties, there to be worked up into the finished product of good roads by free labor. In pursuance of this idea he proposed the establishment of a Keweenaw peninsula prison, to carry on this particular industry.

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HERE AND THERE.

The year 1910 brings the 350th anniversary of the letter box. For the first letter box was established in Paris in 1560. It is true that a kind of letter box was in use in Italy before that time; it was not used, however, by the postal service, but as a place for denunciations directed to the police. The first letter box in Germany was established in 1706. In Berlin, at first the boxes were simple; both for depositing letters and for removing them the cover was lifted. During the last century a great many different styles of boxes have been introduced, but the so-called Swedish system is now in universal use. St. Nicholas.

According to statistics of the graduating class of Wellesley college, 28 strong, only eight girls "intended to be married." There need be no misapprehension about the matter; eight of the young women are engaged and will be married immediately after commencement day. Of course, the other 20 hope to be married at some time or other. But only eight "intended to be married," less than 1 per cent of irresistible beauty! We await with curiosity the returns from Yassar.

The Napoleonic wars cost England \$1,720,000,000. The war of 1870 between France and Germany cost \$3,300,000,000. The Crimean war cost \$1,700,000,000, and the Civil war in the United States exacted a total from both sides of over \$6,000,000,000. The Boer war cost England over \$1,000,000,000, and the struggle between Russia and Japan cost more than twice that sum.—New York American.

For the first six months of last year 80,000 Bibles were printed and circulated in China, while during the whole of the previous year the number was only 500,000. Nearly every Bible was sold for. In Turkey there is also a great increase.

It appears from the testimony given at the Chalmers hearing that there are food combinations everywhere. Chairman Williams, in summing up the results of the testimony, said: "All the testimony proves conclusively that all traders, dealers, manufacturers, producers, wholesalers, etc., are either the wealthy organized or are in the process of organization. The entire list of traders is organized against the consumer, he being the only one without protection. Nearly all of these organizations are the outgrowth of the last few years."

Light, Facetious Tone.

Neal Ball, the Nap shortstop, who made last year the only unassisted triple play in the history of the major leagues, tells this one on himself:

"Women are more intelligent on the average than men. Of that I am convinced. Why won't women, then, learn to understand baseball? I never yet have succeeded in making clear to one woman the difference between an unassisted triple play and a foul fly."

"So, with the ladies, I adopt a light, facetious tone in baseball matters. A lady once said to me, 'I love baseball. I love especially to watch the man at the bat. It is so cute, too, the way he keeps hitting the ground gently with the bat's end. Why does he do that, though?'"

"Well, you see, ma'am," said I, "the worms have an annoying habit of coming up to see who's batting, and that ordinarily puts a man out a bit; so he just taps them on the head lightly, and down they go."

Rather Inconclusive.

Boy E. Tyler, engineering expert, said in the course of an address in New York on the Panama canal:

"Much of the adverse criticism of the canal is unscientific, ridiculous. It makes me think of a feller I heard the other day. 'The man was selling half-grown. He said:—

"Yes, gents, one bottle of this unriveted hair grower will raise a rich, luxuriant crop of hair on the balddest head in the crowd. But let me give you this one word of warning.

"Here he paused to pocket a half dollar and hand a bottle of the liquid to a bald-head.

"My warning is—Do not neglect, when the full head of hair is grown, to take the last dose in the bottle internally. That is, swallow it!

"'Swallow it! What for?' the buyer asked.

"'To clinch the roots,' was the reply."

Costly Fare.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon, in a recent political argument at the New Willard Hotel, said: "That expense is not good enough. It reminds me of a Louisville bartender. 'This bartender came to work in a Danville bar, and as soon as he arrived the receipts began to diminish. The boss, at the end of the week, said seriously to the new-comer:

"'Look here, do you take money out of the till?'"

"'Oh, no, sir,' said the bartender. 'No, indeed, sir.'"

"'Now,' said the boss, 'you must be taking money. I know it.'"

"'Well, of course, sir,' said the bar-

SWISS WOOD CARVING.

The Decline of an Old Industry in the Alpine Region.

Consul General Mansfield of Zurich, writing of the gradual decline which the wood-carving industry of the Swiss Oberland has experienced in recent times, says:

"Wood carving, for centuries an important national industry in Switzerland, has suffered a crisis during the last year which threatens to affect the business permanently, following upon practically a monopoly and a long period of prosperity. These carvings have been especially popular with tourists, hundreds of thousands of whom visit Switzerland every year, and a large export business has been established with other countries, including the United States. This is especially true as to church emblems and articles representing historic scenes and events.

"An important Swiss wood-carving center is at Einsieden, a historic village in the mountains in the canton of Schwyz, where there is a celebrated pilgrimage, a wealthy Benedictine monastery and a splendid church. The industry centers in the Bernese Oberland, where wood-carving is the chief occupation. The church emblems of Einsieden, the bears of Bern, the lion of Lucerne, the St. Bernard dogs, cows and the quaint Swiss chalets are all reproduced in wood and sold at the curio shops. These objects have found their way into practically all Continental towns, and Swiss wood carvings are almost as well known in other European countries as at home.

"Various circumstances have contributed to the present crisis, among which is the increased cost of raw material, much of which is imported, making it necessary to advance selling prices without increasing real values. This has invited competition from other countries, especially Austria and Germany. Furthermore, Austria recently placed a heavy import duty on souvenirs, under which wood carvings are classified, and in France they must be stamped 'imported,' which, it is alleged, has affected the sale to such an extent that the imports from Switzerland have been greatly reduced.

"The passing of the Swiss wood-carving industry is evidence that industrial progress is gradually eliminating from the commercial world rural industries built up and maintained where wages are small and the expense of living low. Modern machinery and methods, increasing competition and the inexorable laws of trade are driving out primitive concerns, or forcing them into combinations. This is cause for regret, as many of the people living in the Bernese Oberland have for generations depended upon wood-carving for maintenance. They have acquired great skill in this, and being slow to accept innovations, it will be difficult for them to adopt new methods."

A cubic foot of water is a load for one man. A cubic foot of near-whisky will make a load for forty men.

ONE CONDUCTOR WHO WAS CURED.

Mr. Wilford Adams is his name, and he writes about it—"Some time ago I was confined to my bed with chronic rheumatism. I tried two bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy with good effect, and the third bottle put me on my feet and I resumed work as conductor on the Lexington, Ky., Street railway. It gave me more relief than any medicine I had ever used, and it will do all you claim in cases of rheumatism." Foley's Kidney Remedy cures rheumatism by eliminating the uric acid from the blood. For sale by all druggists.

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WANTED!

Girls to assist in alteration of women's coats and suits.

4-15-10 A. L. HUETTER.

WANTED!

A man to plough and do general farm work. Call Bell phone 994.

Classified Want Directory

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—An experienced Finnish young lady clerk at J. H. Foster Co.'s store. (4-19-10)

WANTED—Machine operators in harness factory, with experience on Landis or Campbell machines. Schulze Brothers company, Durbin, Minn. (4-18-10)

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Copper Country

MINERAL RANGE IMPROVEMENTS.

Railroad Will Build Much Track—Orders New Rolling Stock.

The repair and improvement campaign on the Mineral Range railroad, referred to some time ago, is now to be carried out. The road is hauling more than double the amount of rock handled two years ago. It is claimed that there is no other line in the country that handles such a large freight traffic, length of line considered. The Mineral Range is one of the shortest roads in America. It is claimed, too, that the Mineral Range has the steepest grades of any road in the country. The line is handling 20,000 tons of rock a day between mines and mill.

The road will soon start hauling from the Gratiot, and this will mean a considerable increase in its traffic. The shipments from the LaSalle are expected to increase greatly, also, and as soon as the four new locomotives of the Centennial mill can be put into operation there will be another increase in the tonnage to be handled. The recent shutdown of the Old-Osceola branch of the Osceola Consolidated out from 1,200 to 1,300 tons per day, made the last quarter a little lighter than was anticipated. This will be much more than made up, however, by the expected increases mentioned above.

The road has ordered eight, instead of six, new locomotives. Two of these are to be switch engines of the "160" class and will be the finest switch engines on the road. It is not known how quickly delivery of the rolling stock can be made by the builders. Six large locomotives of the "200" class, which is the same as the "hogs" now in use in the rock hauling service, have also been ordered and will be delivered as soon as they can be built. The road has also ordered 200 forty-ton rock cars, similar to the new ones now in use. This equipment will permit the road to take care of any increase in traffic expected within the next two or three years.

Thirty miles of eighty-pound rail has also been ordered, and the shipments of this steel will start to come in in the next few weeks. The relaying of the steel will be started at once. There is a piece of light steel on the main line of the road between Swedestown and Arcadian Junction, which is to be taken up and where the heavier steel will be put down. The heavy steel will also be laid between the Arcadian Junction and Point Mills and between Mohawk and Gay. When this is completed the entire system north of Portage Lake will be equipped with this heavy steel.

Several of the bridges on the road are to be filled in to allow of the use of the heavy engines and heavier trains. One of these is at Woodside on the shore of Portage Lake and the other is across the Quiney road tracks.

SUICIDE PACT AT HANCOCK.

Druggist J. W. Cooper and Wife Take Poison—He Is Dead.

John W. Cooper, druggist, of Hancock, died at 11 o'clock Sunday night from a dose of morphine self-administered. His wife had taken a similar dose, but it did not prove effective in her case. It appears to have been an agreement between them, that they should die together.

Cooper was twenty-four years of age and a native of Calumet, a graduate of the Calumet High school and of the Pharmacy department of the Ferris Institute at Big Rapids. His father lives in Hancock, where the son has been in business for a year.

Cooper left a note saying that he was so hard pressed by his creditors that he had decided to end it all.

DIED ON SHIPBOARD.

Capt. Loren Wright of the Anchor Liner Muncy Passes Away.

The steamer Muncy of the Anchor Line, bearing the remains of her dead captain, Loren Wright, arrived in Portage Lake yesterday morning. The captain had been ill at Duluth, but was thought out of danger. He personally brought his steamer out of Duluth, and when the mate went to call him at 5 o'clock he was dead.

Captain Wright was one of the best liked captains on the Great Lakes. He was fifty-two years of age and leaves a wife and two sons at Erie, Pa., where he made his home.

ALLEGED ASSAULTER HELD.

Crippled Assaulter of Little Assinins Girl to Be Tried.

Henry Favia of Assinins is charged with assaulting the little daughter of Mike Bellow of that place last August. Henry tried to make a getaway after the alleged crime and in traveling between Kenton and Nestora on the bumpers fell under the wheels and lost a leg. He has since been laid up. But last week he was well enough to have a hearing. He was taken before a Justice of the Peace and was bound over to the circuit court for trial on a charge of a statutory nature.

KIISKILLA IS IN THE RACE.

Hancock City Attorney a Candidate for Legislative Honors.

John Kiiskilla, Hancock's city attorney, has positively announced that he is a candidate for election as representative in the Michigan legislature for the third district of Houghton county to succeed Hon. A. D. Edwards of Atlantic, who withdrew to run for the senate. Mr. Kiiskilla is one of Hancock's leading attorneys. He is a graduate from the law department of the University of Michigan, class of 1904. He should make an excellent run for the office.

CATHOLIC FORESTERS TO GATHER.

Calumet to Be Scene of a Big Meeting Sunday, May 8.

St. Anthony's court, Catholic Order of Foresters, is making arrangements to hold a big county meeting in Calumet on Sunday, May 8. Invitations are being sent to the Lake Linden, Hahboll, Hancock and Atlantic courts and these invitations are practically certain to be accepted. It is the intention to hold a big initiation, a class of sixty members being eligible for the second degree work at the meeting. The meeting will be held at the Calumet Hotel. Mr. H. Kern of Menominee has been invited to attend and give the principal address of the day, following a banquet which is being arranged for. The gathering promises to be one of the largest events in the history of the copper country. Catholic Order of Foresters, and hundreds of members are expected in attendance from all over the district. It is the intention to serve lunch at the noon hour, following a parade of the several courts, which will be in the evening devoted to degree work. In the evening there will be a banquet.

ELECTION CONTEST LIKELY.

South Range Township Is Subject of Legal Difficulty.

It looks as though the attorney for John Monkoski will have to get a writ of mandamus in order to obtain a recount in precincts No. 2 and 4 of Adams township relative to the vote election. It appears that the petition for a recount was served on L. J. Braun, township clerk, who in turn signed the receipt of the notice as clerk of the board of canvassers. It now appears that Mr. Braun was not the clerk of this board, his only connection being to gather the ballots from the different precincts and deliver them to precinct No. 1 where the election clerks act as the board of canvassers. It is in this precinct that the final count is made which determines the result of the election.

E. W. Kruka and John Monkoski were candidates on different tickets for the office of justice. The vote as given out by the different boards gave Mr. Kruka a majority of two over his opponent. A few days later Mr. Monkoski retained legal advice and a petition asking for a recount was drawn up and served. It is claimed that a member of the township board advised that Braun was clerk of the canvassing board, and this information is reliable. As the time allowed in requesting a recount has elapsed, it appears that the only way a recount can be secured is through mandamus of the supreme court. Attorney Hambliter, who is Mr. Monkoski's counsel, does not know whether his client cares to go to that expense. It will cost in the neighborhood of \$200 to carry the case that far.

How You Tried?

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? We can furnish positive proof that it has made many remarkable cures after all other means had failed.

Women who are suffering with some form of female illness should consider this.

As such evidence read these two unsolicited testimonial letters. We guarantee they are genuine and honest statements of facts.

Cresson, Pa.—"Five years ago I had a bad fall, and hurt myself inwardly. I was under a doctor's care for nine weeks, and when I stopped I grew worse again. I sent for a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, took it as directed, and now I am a stout, hearty woman."—Mrs. Ella E. Aikley, Cresson, Pa.

Baird, Wash.—"A year ago I was sick with kidney and bladder troubles and female weakness. The doctors gave me up. All they could do was to just let me go as easily as possible. I was advised by friends to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier. I am completely cured of my ills, and I am nearly sixty years old."—Mrs. Sarah Leighton, Baird, Wash.

Evidence like the above is abundant showing that the derangements of the female organism which breed all kinds of miserable feelings and which ordinary practice does not cure, are the very disorders that give way to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who are afflicted with similar troubles, after reading two such letters as the above, should be encouraged to try this wonderfully helpful remedy.

For 50 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

BASEBALL SCHEDULE ARRANGED.

The schedule committee of the Copper Country Baseball league met Sunday night and arranged a playing schedule for the season. The league comprises teams at Hancock, Winona, Lake Linden, Gay, Mohawk and Hurontown. The schedule committee had a communication from Neganue asking that dates be kept open for the iron country teams, but the committee could not agree to this as far as Sunday is concerned. All Sunday dates are filled with league games, but any of the league teams can take on the iron country teams on Saturday of any week. Houghton baseball will be seen this season at Hurontown. The Hurontown baseball park has been repaired to some extent and further improvements will be made if the management can raise funds among the fans.

COMMENCEMENT PLANNED.

Arrangements Made for Calumet High School Graduating Exercises.

The details of the commencement exercises of the Calumet High school are announced by Principal E. J. Hall. The first honor student is Thelma Waaga, who has an average of 89.65 per cent for her four year's work. The second honor place went to Miss Florence Peltz, but she will not appear on the platform with an oration at the exercises, because of the fact that the class which graduated last February will also receive their diplomas at this time and the first honor pupil of the February class, Leslie McClelland, will also deliver an oration. The work given the participants is as follows:

Salutatory—Trene McCormick.
 Orator—Leslie McDonald.
 Historian—Minerva Waldorf.
 Class Poet—George Chateau.
 Class Song—Elsie Harper.
 Prophet—Benjamin Bilsdorf.
 Valedictory—Bertha Herman.
 Lavender and white have been decided upon for the class colors.

LAYMEN'S MOVEMENT.

Calumet Will Send Lay Delegates to Duluth Missionary Convention.

The Calumet co-operative committee of the Laymen's Missionary Movement announces that several of the churches will send delegates to the laymen's convention at Duluth April 22, 23 and 24, Friday and Saturday of this week and Sunday of next week. The Calumet people will go to Duluth the evening of April 21 and will return home the morning of April 25. Some of the churches, it is expected, will defray the expenses of their delegates. The co-operative committee also will be represented at the Duluth convention by several delegates. Because of the fact that speakers of national repute who, it was thought, would come to Calumet directly after the Chicago convention of the laymen cannot make the dates wanted, it is likely the Calumet convention will be postponed until late in May. It was hoped to hold the convention May 8.

SUPERIOR & PITTSBURG.

Information as to the striking of an important body of ore in the above mentioned property has been received, comments the L'Espérance Iron Ore. It is not surprising that new ore deposits are

being located there. Superior & Pittsburgh owns a big acreage right in the heart of the famous Bisbee copper camp. It has a tract so large that many years will be needed to properly test its mineral values. It is destined to be the biggest producer of the red metal in the West. When the Briggs shafts get down and the drifts are put through the rocks of that section we predict something particularly good and rich, as we believe this will prove the very richest portion of that district. The shaft is located right in the track of the richest ore deposits of Bisbee, and it will be surprising if a great wealth of copper is not found at this location. About the time copper is selling at a decent figure Superior & Pittsburgh will be in condition to show its earning power. There is little use in piling up the metal to weaken an already suffering market. Some day the copper men may get wise and then their industry will give a better account of itself in a dividend distributing way. Under the present system they can be little earned even by the best concerns.

SUPERIOR & GLOBE.

J. A. Minnear & Co.'s Globe (Ariz.) correspondent sends the following information on late developments at Superior & Globe: "Crosscutting north on 650-foot level Superior & Globe has been discontinued at a distance of 350 feet from the shaft. Drifts east and west from crosscut measure 175 feet each way and are still in mineralized vein matter with no copper ore." Superior & Globe contemplates contracting for considerable diamond drill work to be done from the bottom of its shaft. In addition, the company proposes to sink a winze before the close of the present month at some point on the vein which is being opened up at the 650-foot level. It appears that Superior & Globe shaft has really not been sunk to the water level. Sinking was discontinued when a little water appeared in the shaft and it was thought at the time that the water level had been reached. Subsequent developments indicated that this theory was incorrect and that further work would be necessary to reach the desired point. Inasmuch as the vein matter now being opened up by Superior & Globe is almost identical with the ore from the Gardner shaft of Superior & Boston just before the winze was sunk, it is probable that there is every reason to believe that Superior & Globe will meet with like favorable developments when additional depth is attained, either in the winze or the exploratory work in diamond drilling.

MIAMI.

J. Parké Channing of the Miami Copper company says that everything is proceeding according to schedule and that he expects to have the mill running toward the end of the year. The concrete work is nearly finished; the steel erection is well under way, and the machinery is beginning to arrive. Mr. Channing said that underground work is in preparation for the extraction of the ore body above the first or 420-foot level. No. 4 shaft and the laterals from the main extraction drifts, together with the raises, are being rapidly driven. No. 4 shaft is about 700 feet deep and sinking will be stopped at a depth of 720 feet, which will correspond to a depth of 764 feet at the old No. 1 shaft. Inasmuch as no ore reserves have been figured below a planned level of 370 feet, Mr. Channing would seem to indicate that Mr. Channing does not expect that this point, namely, 620 feet from the surface, will be the bottom limit of the commercial ore, hence the arrangement for a level at a depth of 720 feet. Mr. Channing says that seven chum drill holes had been drilled to date at 200-foot intervals and that every one of these holes had struck ore varying in thickness from 110 feet to 210 feet and ranging in grade from 2 per cent to 2.50 per cent copper. The total area prospectively by the holes is about four acres.

NORTH BUTTE.

The annual report of the North Butte company was issued yesterday. Items of interest to it follow:

—Assets—	
Mining property	\$7,221,819.92
Furniture and fixtures	1,717.18
Cash	62,466.00
Accounts receivable (including copper and precious metals not paid for)	\$25,482.74
Supplies at mines	28,879.71
Total	\$7,339,727.57
—Liabilities—	
Capital stock	\$6,000,000.00
Dividends unclaimed	562.00
Accounts payable	1,512,861.28
Surplus	1,266,804.27
Total	\$7,339,727.57

Receipts and expenditures, Jan. 1st, 1909, to Dec. 31st, 1909:

Jan. 1st, 1909, cash on hand	\$ 582,466.00
Sale of copper, silver and gold	4,074,491.11
Interest	8,206.74
Miscellaneous items	182.56
Unclaimed dividends	403.00
Total	\$4,668,049.41
—Expenditures—	
Mining property	\$ 9,995,000
Operation expenses	2,296,122.45
Construction account	10,242.29
General office, legal and stock transfer expenses, salaries, postage, taxes, etc.	20,141.88
Dividends	1,999,000.00
Furniture and fixtures	18.00
Increase in accounts receivable	18,944.99
Decrease in accounts payable	10,627.25
Total	\$4,825,131.57
Less decrease in supplies	21,846.96
Total	\$4,603,284.61

Dec. 31st, 1909, cash on hand 62,466.00
 Ore reserves tonnage—The ore blocks remaining in the proved areas sum up as follows: Edith May, 627,671 tons; Jessie, 173,297 tons; Almondack, 9,900 tons; Gem, 2,373 tons; Speculator, 4,900 tons; January and February production, 55,476 tons; total, 871,847 tons.
 Net profit in cents—The above tonnage (\$7,847) yielding \$6,570,000 pounds of copper at 10 1/2 cents cost a pound shows the following figures: At thirteen-cent copper, \$1,416,750; at fourteen cents, \$1,383,450; at fifteen cents, \$2,550,150.
 The present total cost of turning out copper at this property is 10 1/2 cents per everything realized over this amount being available for dividends.

NOTES OF COPPER NEWS.

Isle Royale is planning to make a thorough investigation of the territory immediately east of its so-called Baltic lode workings by driving a long crosscut in that direction from the bottom of the

A WISE MAN

Doesn't live as though his income couldn't stop. He makes provision for sickness, lack of work, accident, and old age, by having a savings account with this bank, when every dollar he deposits earns three per cent interest. Compounded semi-annually.

Citizens National Bank

Houghton, Mich.

ESTABLISHED 1880. PAINE, WEBBER & CO.

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Direct Private Wires to Boston and New York Stock Exchanges. Curb Mining Issues a Specialty.

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C. B. ULRICH

Manufacturers' Agent, HANCOCK

REPRESENTING

Art Metal Construction Company.
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 United States Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Company.
 Grabowsky Power Wagon Company.
 Bonner & Marshall Pressed Brick.

Office and Bank Fixtures.

shaft. This territory is presumed to carry the forty-foot lode recently encountered in diamond drilling. Section 12 of the property of the Exploration company and which is thought by some to be the true Baltic lode rather than that upon which Isle Royale is already opened.

Atlantic has stopped its long south crosscut in sandstone and is now drifting both ways on a level expected to show the extension of the Superior lode south.

Underground developments at Mohawk have been of the most encouraging nature. Thus far the fifth level has shown up much better than the fourth, the first one opened from No. 6 shaft. There appears to be every indication that the turn in Mohawk's affairs has been reached. In March it is estimated that the rock ran about 14 1/2 pounds of copper to the ton, an improvement over the showing of February, when the rock recovered but 12.75 pounds. In January the recovery was 14.43 pounds in March a year ago 13.08 pounds. While crosscutting at the fifth is taking place the new shaft is also being sunk and when a distance of about 100 feet from the fifth is reached, another level will be opened.

At the Baltic plant of the Copper Range milling is now being done. Several weeks ago a fire at this plant caused considerable damage, hence the shipping of Baltic rock to the Champion and Trimonite mills. Repairs have now been completed and make it possible for Baltic to ship to its own mill. The lower levels at the Trimonite property continue to show an improvement in mineralization. It has been reported that Copper Range contemplates a plan of curtailment in keeping with the other large producers in the Lake district. This report lacks confirmation. In the event that the mines do agree to restrict their output, Copper Range will undoubtedly do likewise. The curtailment will probably not be greater than 10 or 15 per cent.

The reports from Salt Lake City to the effect that the Chino management has decided to erect a 3,000-ton plant, as was the original intention, are somewhat ambiguous. It is expected that the actual capacity of the plant will exceed the theoretical by about 20 per cent, which would indicate that the original concentrator of 2,500 tons would treat 3,000 tons daily. If it is true that the Chino management has decided to erect a concentrator of 3,000 tons capacity (theoretically) in all probability it will be capable of treating 3,500 tons daily, which, on average grade ore, would bring the production up to 42,000,000 pounds, instead of 35,000,000 pounds per annum, which would be derived from the treatment of 3,000 tons daily.

The vertical shaft which Adventure is sinking to open the new lode located by diamond drilling is being constructed with every provision for permanency. The dimensions are such as to give its capacity for large duty, and throughout its entire depth is timbered solid. The shaft is practically dry, which is partly due to the favorable ground through which it has been opened and partly to the policy of cementing the seams which were found to carry any amount of water. By preparing the shaft in this manner it is sinking, it will be ready for any burden that may be placed upon it in the way of hoisting when the lodes are opened, and the cost of constructing the shaft in this manner is not excessively higher than it would be to open it in a less complete manner, while the cost of re-

equipping it for high duty after it has been opened only with the scant equipment necessary for exploratory purposes would have proven excessive.

Operations of the Michigan company are confined wholly to explorations in its eastern and southeastern limits. In the so-called life property this work is as yet without positive results, although some good stretches of commercial ground have been developed by drifting. The ground is variable, but on the whole of a character warranting further time and expenditure and is being systematically opened up. Diamond drill operations elsewhere on the property have resulted in discovery of several promising deposits at various points, but with the same irregularity as noted in the Be tract. Present diamond drill operations will be centered in an attempt to locate the possible extension of the several so-called Adventure, Lake and Indiana lodes across the Michigan territory, and in a section heretofore untouched, next to the Great Eastern Sandstone, which in this district is presumed to mark the eastern limits of the Lake Superior copper belt.

CAUSE OF WHEAT SICKNESS.

After Long Investigation, Prof. Boley, Announces Discovery of Parasites.

Fargo, N. D. April 18.—After experiments lasting thirteen years, Professor H. L. Boley of the agricultural college of the University of North Dakota, discoverer of the flax sickness and cure which has rejuvenated the flax fields of Russia and other parts of the United States, announced today he has discovered the five distinct types of fungi parasites which cause the various varieties of wheat sickness. This sickness, he says, has made lands apparently barren throughout the world, and is gradually lessening the potato crops in the present wheat-growing countries. The experiments have been conducted on a plot of land reserved for years at the site of the agricultural college near Fargo. The unravelling of the mysteries of the plant growth which developed the fungi consumed the most of thirteen years. Professor Boley says that fungi resemble in some features, in shape and in reaction on plant life, the tuberculosis germs which afflict human life, but that the cure is far easier, being nothing less than a correct rotation of crops, chiefly clover, corn and potatoes, until tests of land show the absence of the parasitic fungi. Professor Boley says he believes he has exhausted the variety of fungi parasites which have most generally caused the apparent loss of fertility in farm soils, and, however, continuing his experiments in expectation of discovering probably one other variety. Professor Boley says the five fungi come to afflict the world's soils from the same unknown which gave birth to the human race, and that they were carried by water and wind further and further out over the world until they are now threatening to throttle the world's supply of wheat and bread. He says lands, apparently deprived of that virginity, thought in the past so essential to the raising of wheat, may be rescued from the rapacious fungi still lying dormant in the soil and be made to raise wheat with the same profusion as in the past. Professor Boley declares all disappearance of plant life from soils is caused by diseases and not by chemical exhaustion of the soils. He declares that it is now apparently waste, throughout Minnesota's Wisconsin and other States former wheat acreages, can be restored to their full quota of wheat production year after year. All these things he says he has proven already on his plot of ground at the agriculture farm.

J.A. Minnear & Co.

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Direct private wire service to all markets. If you want the best service on your curb orders and cannot favor us direct, instruct your Banker to have us execute the order. Buy and Sell Boston Coppers, Railroads and Curls for cash or on margin.

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Phones:

CALUMET, 64 and 75.
 LAURIUM, 450, 520 and 605.

The Fountain Head of Life

Is The Stomach

A man who has a weak and impaired stomach and who does not properly digest his food will soon find that his blood has become weak and impoverished, and that his whole body is improperly and insufficiently nourished.

Dr. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgement.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medical roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients are printed on its wrappers. It has no relationship with secret nostrums. Its every ingredient is endorsed by the leaders in all the schools of medicine. Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy of known composition. Ask your neighbors. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE TRUTH OF BANKING

Many people have a misconception of a Bank and a bank's usefulness. To those who have not cultivated the habits of Thrift and Saving, the notion of a bank is that it is a Rich Man's convenience, or that it is merely a creation and necessary adjunct of commercialism.

More money is on deposit with banks throughout the United States belonging to salaried people as Savings Deposits, than is on deposit in all the banks belonging to manufacturing and business institutions.

It is the Savings Deposits that make up the real wealth of the country. It is the Saver that makes the wealthy and successful man of the future. And it is the bank that is the best educator, encourager, backer and guarantor of the Saver.

A Bank that looks after its Savings Depositors, placing every convenience and safeguard around them, makes success for itself and its depositors.

Marquette National Bank

Marquette, Mich. Capital and Surplus \$125,000.00 UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

MARKETS

WALL STREET STOCKS.

New York, April 18.—Paine, Webber & Co. say of yesterday's stock market: "Judging by the action of the market today, the public response did not meet the expectations of the interests responsible for the recent upward movement, as the latter were prominently identified among the sellers of securities today. Trading was again centered in Steel, and the pressure on that issue served to unsettle the balance of the market. Markedly, the news was not of particular importance, but some talk was heard of increased sales of copper metal, and in addition it was rumored that the production of pig iron would be curtailed materially. The recent advance was said to be mostly at the expense of the short interest, which somewhat weakened the position of the market, but considerable replacement of short contracts was reported today. On any further decline we would make moderate purchases."

Closing prices were as follows:

Table with columns for stock symbols (Amal, Ana, Am. Smelting, etc.) and their corresponding closing prices.

Boston Quotations.

Table with columns for stock symbols (Adv., Am., etc.) and their corresponding closing prices in Boston.

The number of shares sold during the day were as follows:

Table with columns for stock symbols (Amal, Ana, Am. Smelting, etc.) and the number of shares sold.

Boston, April 18.—Yesterday's stock market at Boston is summarized by Paine, Webber & Co. as follows:

The Boston market opened fairly steady, followed by profit-taking. There were a great many stocks pressing for sale and but very few buying orders under the

MARKETS

WALL STREET STOCKS.

market. North Butte was especially weak, due to the unfavorable report which came out today. This stock declined rapidly to 45, making a decline of 15 points for the day. The selling movement spread throughout the room, prices closing practically at the bottom. The New York market was under heavy pressure, owing to a rumor that the price of steel billets would be raised. This rumor caused heavy liquidation of Steel, which continued throughout the day. On any further break in the list, copper buyers would take on a few only to sell them out again on a quick rally."

Copper Metal Prices.

New York, April 18.—Copper was dull today, with spot and the forward deliveries until the end of July closing at 12.00@12.05. The London market closed easy, with spot quoted at 57, 15s and futures at 58, 15s. The arrivals reported at New York today were 550 tons. The exports were 300 tons, making 250 tons so far this month. New York dealers quote Lake copper at 12.57 1/2@13.12 1/2, electrolytic at 12.75@13 and casting at 12.62 1/2@12.75.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, April 18.—Long lines in all futures were cast into the wheat pit today, indicating sharp declines which carried the July down 1 1/2, from its opening high point. Shorts hastened to realize as the market sank. Late in the session the leading bulls took marked interest in the September and when the finish came they had forced the market to the July as well away from the low point. The late rally was largely based on a local statistician's estimate that the abandoned acreage in the winter wheat belt exceeds 3,500,000 acres. The low temperatures and attention to some and rain were regarded as a help rather than a detriment to the growing crop. The May failed to share in the rally, finishing 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2 lower. The close for the more distant futures was firm, although the July was 3/4 @ 7/8 lower and the September 5/8 @ 1/2 off. The May opened at 107 1/2 to 107 3/4; highest, 107 1/2; lowest, 105 3/4; closed, 106 1/2 @ 106 3/4.

Corn.—The weakness of wheat had corresponding effect in the corn pit and the prices sagged, the May declining 1 1/2. The late upturn in wheat gave some support to the bulls in corn and the prices advanced. The close was firm, with the May 5/8 @ 3/4 lower and the July 3/4 down. Cash corn generally was 1/2 to 1/2 lower. The May opened at 57 1/2 to 57 3/4; highest, 57 1/2; lowest, 56 3/4; closed, 56 1/2 @ 56 3/4.

Paine, Webber & Co.'s Wheat Letter.

Chicago, April 18.—It was a case of general liquidation in the entire grain trade again this morning, and much lower prices were recorded throughout the list, with something like a natural rally from the oversold situation the last half hour. The weather in the southwest continues all right for the growing winter wheat crop and as long as these conditions exist wheat should be sold on all the wells."

New York Cotton Market.

[Paine, Webber & Co.] New York, April 18.—The market is still under the influence of the uncertainties attending the May deal, which has restricted business so greatly that the market moves in a very narrow range. The weather conditions over the cotton belt were generally favorable. Any change now in the weather would be for the worse and would tend to strengthen the fall options. There is a good deal of switching going on between May and July by traders who do not want to take up the cotton. They are selling May and buying July.

Will give free in the shape of a V—even on the restaurant menu.

The driest thing on earth is a Dutch picnic on a July day in a temperance township.

On the mend—the seamstress.

BASEBALL

STANDINGS OF THE TEAMS.

Table showing National League and American League standings with columns for team name, wins (W.), losses (L.), and percentage (P.C.).

SCHEDULES FOR TODAY.

Table showing baseball game schedules for today, including National League and American Association games.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

American League. Detroit, April 18.—Good fielding saved Detroit from defeat. Mullen was wild. Score: Detroit, 000000021—3 4 9; St. Louis, 110000000—2 6 2.

WALL STREET VALUES DROOP.

Demand for Stocks Disappoints Bulls Anxious to Realize Profits.

New York, April 18.—The demand for stocks today proved disappointing to those who organized the upward movement of prices last week. Confidence was manifested at the end of last week that the new week would bring in buying orders for stocks.

Contract System Equally Dangerous.

"We look upon the contract system as a similar danger. It constantly induces contractors to bribe city officials on one hand and to exploit their workmen on the other. Moreover, it is always in the interest of the city that citizens earn decent wages; instead of the contractors, the labor unions ought to be encouraged. The city should stand by the contractor, but not permit him to employ only union labor, at eight hours a day, and should require the same of all contractors doing city work."

Corporations Not Taxed Enough.

"This naturally leads us to the question of taxes. It is a question of the lower stratum of the proletariat, it is well known that certain wealthy citizens derive profit from degradation through the rent of old rookeries which are a menace both to public morals and to the public health. We will see to it that all such property shall be condemned and that steps shall be taken to protect our boys and girls."

TRAINMEN'S DEMANDS REFUSED.

Indiana & Southern Employees Now Appeal to President Brown.

Chicago, April 18.—General Manager C. W. Hotchkiss of the Chicago, Indiana & Southern railway, which is a part of the New York Central system, today refused a demand for advances in wages put to him by the trainmen and conductors. Mr. Hotchkiss was asked to agree to any award made by the arbitrators in the Illinois Central fight or to grant the scale obtaining on the Baltimore and Ohio. He offered a 5 per cent advance, but as this is less than the men are contending for, the employees sent an appeal to President Brown of the New York Central. The men have voted a strike, but will await the final word from Mr. Brown.

HEAVY FOG CAUSES ACCIDENTS.

Two Steamers Collide and Another One Runs Aground in Lake Huron.

Detroit, April 18.—Two accidents were caused by a heavy fog on Lake Huron last night. The steamer Maryland of Milwaukee collided with an unknown vessel off Harbor Beach. The Maryland sustained a big hole in the bow. The steamer Bethlehem, of the Lehigh Valley Transportation company, ran aground near Port Hope, Mich. Both vessels were on their first trips of the season.

ROSTAND GIVEN GRAND DIPLOMA.

Paris, April 18.—The Society for the Protection of Animals has awarded a grand diploma to Edmond Rostand for writing "Chantecler."

The Bad Effects of CONSTIPATION

Impure blood, offensive breath, heavy head, shortness of breath, bilious attacks, fitful sleep, loss of appetite, feverish conditions, all come from one cause—Constipation.

The Good Effects of BEECHAM'S PILLS

remedy these conditions because they remove the cause. They start the bowels, work the liver, sweeten the breath, cleanse the blood, tone the stomach, clear the head, improve the appetite and bring restful sleep.

The oldest and best corrective medicine before the public is Beecham's Pills.

MILWAUKEE'S MAYOR FEELS AGGRIEVED.

Because the Socialists Have Villified Him, Says Mr. Rose, He Will Not Attend the Inauguration of His Successor Today.

(Continued from Page One.)

the contest of all public powers, to an entire conquest of the present system for one which shall secure to the people, collectively, the means of production and distribution. "The mainpring of corruption in municipal affairs is found in the fact that a few aldermen or officials have it in their power to give away or sell franchises to capitalists, who thereby make millions. The temptation thus offered our public officials to secure a share in the millions thus given away is too great for the average man to withstand. If the city should operate its public utilities, the motive and the opportunity for bribery would be gone. If minor evils and breaches of trust might continue, owing to the corrupting influence of the capitalist system, which makes money-getting the sole object of life. The Social Democracy, therefore, objects to more competition in public utilities; more competition makes more corruption."

YOUTH'S APPEAL TO HIM.

They were twenty-five in number representing the Intellectual League, who were holding sessions in Washington. A professor from Columbia college, New York city, introduced them, but they were from all sections of the country. They were students of civic problems and political economy and were attentive auditors who had come since the day he invited the house to depose him from office. The intelligent countenances of sterling young manhood inspired the speaker, who complimented them upon their advantages, but added that college and college wars of little value unless crossed by experience and courage.

Years ago, he said, he had received a diploma from a law college. He had started west from Cincinnati with his diploma and probably would have gone further west if he could have stood off the conductor of the train any longer. As it was, he stopped in Central Illinois, in a new town of a new county, instead of going on to Chicago.

He rented a little room for an office, spent his last fifty cents for a frame for his diploma and hung it up in his office. For two months not a single individual beside himself crossed the threshold of that office. He was standing off his landlord and his boarding house keeper, and both were getting uneasy. One day he entered the office, looked at the diploma and decided it would never bring him business or fortune. He jerked it from the wall, tore it from its frame, cut it into strips, with his pocketknife, and stamped it on the floor. "The diploma in itself was of no use to me," he said.

"I mention this incident of my life merely to point out to you that before prosperity and success come to a man starting in life he must have some practical side and keep up his courage. I kept up my courage, and by and by began to get on in the world."

ALLEGED BANK ROBBERS TAKEN.

Chicago, April 18.—John Gardner, aged twenty-eight, and August Sullivan, aged twenty-four, were arrested here tonight in connection with the robbery on Feb. 15 of the bank at Chatsworth, Ill. The bank was robbed by five men who escaped with \$9,000.

The postman is a noteworthy man.

DR. HUMPHREY'S SPECIFICS.

Table listing various ailments and their corresponding prices for Dr. Humphrey's Specifics.

Sium Property to Go.

"While we realize that pauperism and prostitution are the legitimate outgrowth of the present system of the proletariat, it is well known that certain wealthy citizens derive profit from degradation through the rent of old rookeries which are a menace both to public morals and to the public health. We will see to it that all such property shall be condemned and that steps shall be taken to protect our boys and girls."

Promises a Good Administration.

"This is a general outline of the principles that will guide the Social Democratic administration. As to the working details, we shall have to refer to our platform and the message of the mayor."

CRITICISM OF CANNON MAKES HIM POPULAR.

Speaker Is Chief Congressional Attraction to Capital Visitors.

HIS TALKS WIN HIM FRIENDS

His Impromptu Speeches, Rich in Human Interest, Leave a Lasting Impression.

Washington, April 17.—Little impromptu speeches to visiting delegations from all parts of the United States—speeches that are rich in human interest, that are taken to heart and leave a lasting impression upon the minds of the visitors—are of daily occurrence. Speaker Cannon's rooms at the Capitol. The campaign against the speaker seems to be working in the opposite direction from that intended by those who have been vilifying him for months and months. The noticeable effect of all the advertising Mr. Cannon has received—undesirable though the bulk of it may have been—is that the thousands of transients who through the national capital, above and beyond all else, to see Speaker Cannon.

"Uncle Joseph," if not too busily engaged, readily grants the requests of members of the house who are sought out by their visiting constituents, to meet and shake hands with the delegations, and he does not fail to impress the visitors before they leave that he is not the terrible creature he has been painted and published. They hang on every word that drops from his lips, and young people especially are delighted with his fatherly manner, both of speech and demeanor, and they depart with only the kindest of feelings for him. Each young man or young woman, or old man or woman, for that matter, upon returning home becomes a defender of Mr. Cannon, and the seeds thus sown are already being noticed in the reversal of judgment, the reaction of sentiment regarding the so-called "czar."

The speaker enjoys these little gatherings as much as do his visitors. Although he had just had a red-hot tilt with Representative Henry of Texas in the house, the other day, in which the Texas Democrat became so obstreperous that the speaker glanced toward the seat of the Texas member with the evident purpose of compelling through that official and insignia of authority the member to take his seat, the speaker was in fine humor when he crossed the corridor to his office and faced a delegation of fine-looking young men.

They were twenty-five in number representing the Intellectual League, who were holding sessions in Washington. A professor from Columbia college, New York city, introduced them, but they were from all sections of the country. They were students of civic problems and political economy and were attentive auditors who had come since the day he invited the house to depose him from office. The intelligent countenances of sterling young manhood inspired the speaker, who complimented them upon their advantages, but added that college and college wars of little value unless crossed by experience and courage.

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Try It At Our Risk

If Occident Flour Is Not Better Than Any You Ever Used—Your Money Will Be Refunded

YOU never read a fairer offer—nor a broader guarantee—did you? There is only one way for you to know how and why Occident will give you the best—use it. We are willing to take the risk—we know the flour.

OCCIDENT FLOUR

Go to your grocer and get a sack of Occident. If when you use it you are not convinced that Occident is the most satisfactory flour you ever baked with—both in working up and in results—if you don't like it better than every other kind—go back to your grocer and tell him so; he is authorized to refund, without argument, the full purchase price of any package of Occident which you do not find satisfactory. Occident Flour costs you a few cents more than ordinary flour. It costs a more. And the difference shows in your baking. The few cents more enable the millers to raise the standard of Occident Flour to "highest grade in the World"—from wheat to package. Use one sack at our risk.



For Sale by All Grocers. GANNON GROCERY CO., Wholesale Distributors.

RAILROAD COMPANY WORSTED.

Suit for Rebates Is Decided in Favor of Omaha Shippers.

St. Louis, April 18.—The United States circuit court of appeals affirmed today the decision of the lower court that the Union Pacific railroad was indebted to three grain companies of Omaha for rebates, but ordered that the combined rebates be reduced from \$10,831.17 to \$8,230.80. The plaintiffs were the Uplike Grain company of Nebraska, the Iowa Grain company and the Crowell Lumber & Grain company. They alleged that the railroad had discriminated against them in refusing a rebate which, it was alleged, had been paid the Peavey Elevator company of Council Bluffs.

UPSET IN AUSTRALIA.

Labor Party's Prime Minister Will Be Andrew Fisher.

He Went Out as a Gold Digger—A "White" Australia One of the Great Points of His Platform

Melbourne, April 18.—Further returns from the federal elections indicate the scope of the victory of the Laborites, headed by Andrew Fisher, who will be Australia's next premier. His standing of the new house of representatives will be as follows: Labor, 45; Fusion, 27; Independent-Liberals, 1; Australian-Liberals, 2.

The program on which the Labor party carried the country included: Protection, state regulated wages, compulsory military service, an Australian navy built out of the revenue, the nationalization of monopolies, a graduated land tax, restriction on public employment and insurance and unemployment. The two parties were the government's proposal, bitterly condemned by the Laborites, to embody in the constitution a provision for the annual payment by the Commonwealth to the States of twenty-five shillings per head of the latter's population.

Hon. Andrew Fisher, who will become premier for the second time, is a Scotsman having been born at Kilmarnock in 1862. When twenty-three years of age he emigrated to Queensland, where he worked for a number of years as a gold digger and prospector. In 1893 he entered the Queensland Parliament, and six years later became minister of railways in the Dawson ministry. In 1901 he was elected to the first Commonwealth Parliament, and with the formation of the first labor ministry in 1903, Mr. Watson in April, 1904, became for a second time minister, taking the portfolio of trade and customs, and the ministry was of short duration, and on the resignation by Mr. Watson in October, 1907, of the post of leader of the labor party, Mr. Fisher came into power in November, 1908, following the defeat of the Deakin government.

The views of the Australian Labor Party, of which Mr. Fisher is the authoritative exponent, are well known. They are both protectionist and nationalist, the tariff being used as the chief instrument in the maintenance of the industrial standard and a "White Australia." As a matter of principle the labor party is indifferent as between free trade and protection, because as Mr. Fisher said in a recent speech, "we could cite countries, highly protectionist, where employees were not paid properly for their labor, and also free trade countries where the same conditions existed." Several agricultural implement manufacturers "called upon us and stated that American machinery makers were dumping machines in Australia at such prices as would prevent them successfully manufacturing their own patents, and they called upon the government to give them protection. They promised that if Parliament did give them the protection they were prepared to pay any fair and reasonable wages that might be prescribed by the Arbitration Court."

Mr. Fisher is strongly in favor also of the Immigration Restriction Act, of compulsory military training, and of an independent system of national defense. Mr. Kier Hardie was a fellow-workman of Fisher's in the Ayrshire mines.

Occasionally a liar tells the truth because he thinks it isn't.

The swiftest animal is the ostrich, which can do a mile a minute.

Pure Still life should assay not more than ten cross words to the barrel.

There's no hope for men who haven't sense enough to invent excuses.

LAKE SUPERIOR & SHIPMING RAILWAY CO.

MUNISING RAILWAY CO.

MARQUETTE & SOUTHEASTERN RAILWAY CO.

TIME TABLE

In Effect Nov. 1st, 1909.

TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE

For Pickering, Lake Buckroe, Birch, Antlers and Big Bay, 9:25 a. m.

For Marquette, Munising, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, 9:30 a. m.

For Marquette, Munising, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, 11:00 a. m.

For Marquette, Munising, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, 1:00 p. m.

For Marquette, Munising, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, 3:00 p. m.

For Marquette, Munising, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, 5:00 p. m.

For Marquette, Munising, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, 7:00 p. m.

For Marquette, Munising, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, 9:00 p. m.

For Marquette, Munising, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, 11:00 p. m.

Chambe-lain's Cough Remedy

Cures Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough.

LONG DIST. 'PHONE 88. COUNTY 'PHONE 395.

D. T. MORGAN & CO.

BROKERS

106 Front St., Ishpeming, Mich.
WE SPECIALIZE IN

LISTED - Coppers - UNLISTED

Direct private wire service to New York and Boston. Our Daily Market letter MAILED FREE upon request.

Ishpeming County 'Phone 92. Ishpeming Long Dist. 'Phone 82.
Negaunee County 'Phone 93. Negaunee Long Dist. 'Phone 190.

GEORGE F. RUEZ

BROKER

Robbins Block 116 Main St., ISHPEMING.
First National Bank Block, NEGAUNEE.

BOTH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.

Paine, Webber & Co's private Daily market letter, also Walker's Weekly Copper Letter, mailed free upon request.

THE PENNSULA BANK

ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN.

ORGANIZED OCTOBER 27, 1887.

Capital \$50,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits \$65,000

THOS. WALTERS, President. GEO. F. THONEY, Vice President.
HERMAN JAEDECKE, 2nd Vice President.
J. G. WELSH, Cashier. PETER HANDBERG, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Thos. Walters, Herman Jaedecke, Lars Hoyseth,
H. F. Heyn, Geo. F. Thoney, Thos. W. Hughes,
Jos. Mitchell, Thos. H. Barnh, Otto Eger.

CURR STOCK QUOTATIONS.

The following prices prevailed at yesterday's close:

A. Min.	4	G. Cons.	75 1/2	77 1/2
Abm.	175	La. Rose	35 1/2	37 1/2
A. Sug.	1 1/2	La. Oak	21	22 1/2
A. & M.	2 1/2	L. Oak	21	22 1/2
Beg.	2 1/2	Mow.	45 1/2	47 1/2
B. S. Pl.	7	M. Olin.	75	77 1/2
B. Min.	3 1/2	N. Utah	200 1/2	202 1/2
B. Ely.	3 1/2	N. Utah	200 1/2	202 1/2
B. S. G.	3 1/2	N. Utah	200 1/2	202 1/2
B. H.	3 1/2	N. Utah	200 1/2	202 1/2
B. Bal.	3 1/2	N. Utah	200 1/2	202 1/2
B. S. P.	3 1/2	N. Utah	200 1/2	202 1/2
B. Sup.	3 1/2	N. Utah	200 1/2	202 1/2
C. Cons.	3 1/2	N. Utah	200 1/2	202 1/2
C. S. P.	3 1/2	N. Utah	200 1/2	202 1/2
C. Min.	3 1/2	N. Utah	200 1/2	202 1/2

bid for 500 shares near the close. Chief was quiet, with little to be had. Bohemia and Quebec were both lower. Today's trading indicated a growing interest in the market, and that stocks are scarce. We believe Cactus is about to advance. Shattuck, San Antonio, Chief, Ray Central and Boxton Ely are others which will sell higher.

George F. Ruez's Review.

The market for coppers opened strong and active, but heavy selling of North Butte sold off from 41 to 34 1/2 on the opening of the annual report, which was not received very favorably. The report states that the present total cost of turning out copper is 10 1/2 cents per pound. The ore blocked out in proved areas totals 87,175 tons, which will yield about 55,670,000 pounds, which figured on the basis of a 10 1/2-cent per pound cost on a 13-cent metal market, shows a net profit of about \$1,175,000. The report shows cash on hand Jan. 1st of \$62,366, with accounts receivable including copper and precious metals not paid for \$25,482.76. The ore tonnage blocked out and the net profit is slight as the terms in the report which were not to the liking of those who sold the stock today. Lake, Indiana and Granby opened strong and showed gains of two points, but when North Butte weakened they also sold off. Lake broke rather badly. After advancing from 60 to 62, it broke to 57. Reports from the metal market were favorable, as usual as soon as the market recovers from the North Butte fever, it will advance again. The foreign visible supply of copper showed 110,220 tons, a decrease of 1212 tons. The East reports sales of over ten million pounds of copper last Friday and Saturday, with consumers in the market for June and July deliveries. Live Oak, Once, Cactus and Chief were the strong and active issues on the curb. Live Oak sold up to 22 1/2. The stock is all going East. This fact, with the attention several of the largest Eastern brokerage firms are giving Live Oak in their market letters, makes it appear that something is under way.

Ishpeming Department

WILL DEVELOP OLD PROPERTIES

OPERATIONS EXPANDED.

Salvation Army's Official Report for 1909 Has Been Issued.

Captain G. H. Gough, of the Ishpeming corps of the Salvation Army, has received the annual statement for 1909. In 1909 there were 886 corps and outposts, 223,179 indoor meetings were conducted and the combined attendance was 9,392,491. The outdoor services numbered 189,978. Last year the army had 5,494 officers and handsman.

The organization maintains seventy-nine hotels for workmen and in 1909 7,704 men were accommodated. The number provided with beds during the year was 2,054,119 and 172,299 meals were supplied.

The army has 107 industrial homes. The 1210 men were admitted last year, and 11,886 were passed out. The total number of meals supplied in these homes were 2,086,738 and 670,693 beds were supplied. Twenty-three slum posts are maintained.

General Booth plans on making a tour of the United States the coming summer. The officers in charge of the Northwest province will endeavor to induce him to visit this region.

Eugene F. Bradt, formerly chief engineer of the Pittsburg & Lake Angeline Iron company, but who has directed mining operations at a salt property near Detroit, for some years past, is one of the incorporators of the Independent Iron company, the organization of which has recently been completed. The company has been incorporated under the laws of Arizona with a capital stock of \$1,000,000, and it will operate both on the Marquette and Menominee ranges.

The company is controlled by Michigan men and is followed by: President, John S. Russell; vice president, Captain John T. Spencer; secretary, William L. White; treasurer, McArthur Rittenhouse. All of the officers, with the exception of Captain Spencer, who lives in Iron Mountain, are Detroit men. The directors are the above mentioned officers, together with William A. Jackson, L. C. Stanley, E. F. Bradt and W. V. Cady of Detroit and Frederick B. Shepard of New York city.

The company has acquired the holding of mineral lands and explorations of Captain Spencer on the Menominee range and elsewhere in the Lake Superior country. Preparations are now being made to develop the Spencer property to the north and west of Iron Mountain, and the management expects to get the mine in condition for shipping within a few months. It is thought that several sample cargoes, at least, can be sent forward this season. As soon as the plans are fully worked out the company will proceed to develop several other Menominee range tracts under control.

The company also has control of the old Erie property, six miles west of Republic. This mine was operated more than twenty-five years ago and a few thousand tons of ore was produced. The ore is similar in many respects to that found at the Republic mine, but the veins are much narrower. Several pits were opened, and underground mining was also done. The company has delivered lumber on the ground during the past few days, and other preparations are being made for the resumption of exploratory work. It is understood that drilling operations will be conducted and the pits will be pumped out and thoroughly explored. There are many people at Republic, especially some of the old mine public, especially some of the old mine public, who believe that the Erie will develop into a fair-sized producer. The main shaft is down 200 feet. The property has never been properly explored and the only drill work done consisted of three holes, each less than 100 feet in depth. It is thought that the ore body will be found to widen with depth. The ore produced at the Erie averages from 66 to 68 per cent in metallic iron and besides it was within the Bessemer limit as to phosphorus.

STEEL CORPORATION TO AID INJURED MEN

DIRECTORS HAVE ANNOUNCED LIABILITY PLAN, WHEREBY WORKMEN AND THEIR FAMILIES WILL BE BENEFITED.

It is reported from New York that the United States Steel corporation has adopted a plan for aiding men injured in its mines and plants, and for pensioning the families of employees killed in accidents while at work. The officials had been working on the plan for months. It has been ratified by the presidents of the subsidiary companies and will go into effect on the first of next month.

The International Harvester company announced on April 14 a system of employers' liability for death or injury. Its plan is on similar lines as that of the steel corporation and will also go into effect May 1.

It is made by the steel corporation and its subsidiaries without any contribution whatsoever from the employees. Chairman E. H. Gary said: "Since December, 1908, officers of the United States Steel corporation and subsidiary companies have been developing a plan for the relief of men injured and the families of men killed at work or in accidents. The plan adopted will be put into operation at once. This is purely a voluntary provision for the injured men and their families and is made by the companies without any contribution whatsoever from the men. In principle it is similar to German and other foreign laws, the recommendations of which have been made by employers' liability commissions of New York and other states since our work upon this plan began."

"Under this plan relief will be paid for temporary disablement, for permanent injuries, and for death. Relief is greater for married men than for single men, and increases according to the number of children and length of service. During temporary disablement single men receive 35 per cent. of their wages and married men 50 per cent., with an additional 5 per cent. for each child under sixteen and 2 per cent. for each year of service above five years."

"Following the provisions of all foreign laws and all legislation suggested in this country, there is a period of ten days before payment of relief begins. For permanent injuries lump payments are provided."

HIGH SCHOOL OPERA.

About Seventy Students Will Take Part in Entertainment Next Week.

The students of the Ishpeming High school who will produce the comic opera, "Iolanthe," at the Ishpeming school on Friday evening and Saturday afternoon of next week, will hold several stage rehearsals this week. Miss Grace Chisbe witnessed the production by Chicago amateurs a few weeks ago, and engaged the same costumes that were used in that performance. For the evening the prices will be twenty-five, thirty-five, fifty and seventy-five cents. The cast of characters will be as follows:

The Lord Chancellor..... Edward Ham
Earle Talbot..... Jos. Vanhalla
Earle Montague..... Harold Clifton
Private Willis of the Grenadier Guards.....
.....Chas. Jewell
Strophon, an Arcadian Shepherd.....
.....Clarence Bystrom
Queen of the Fairies..... Miss Anna Roberts
Iolanthe, a Fairy, Strophon's Mother.....
.....Miss Marie Lioret
Celia..... (Miss Nina Clifton)
Leila Fairies (Miss Margaret Benedict)
Fleta..... (Miss Myrtle Rowe)
Phyllis, an Arcadian Shepherdess, and
Ward in Chancery..... Miss Viola Jones
Chorus of Fairies—Pearl Kahn, Myrtle Verran, Hazel Martin, Nora Cullen, Myrtle Andrews, Ellen Asgaard, Marguerite Scribner, Mable Lawry, Effie Cooke, Marjorie Allen, Muriel Trembath, Tyne Kangas, Anna Guis, Gladys Hodgson, Verna Mohr, Doris Ellstrom, Florence Lioret, Bessie Chapman, Magda Grotte, Myrtle Dellbridge, Otilia Anderson, Florence Micklow, Christina Flaa, Pearl Blight, Olive Carlyon, Estelle Hooper, Beatrice Jenkin.

Chorus of Peers—John Burl, Alfred Brodine, Ed. Chapman, James Flaa, Lawrence Benedict, Carl Taleen, Willie Pascoe, Landes Skoglund, Geo. Drew, Drew, James Childs, Clarence Shea, John Hennessey, James Verner, Geo. Dinstone, Louis Unnath, Reynold Oos, Herman Johnson, Edwin Johnson, Henry Johnson, Herbert Hodgson, Theodore Walters, Melville Bettison, Tofe Kirkish, Werner Kangas.

WATCH FOR THE COMET.

The Red Dragon of the sky. Watch the children for spring coughs, and colds. Careful mothers keep Foley's Honey and Tar in the house. It is the best and safest prevention and cure for croup when the need is urgent and immediate relief a vital necessity. Contains no opiates or harmful drugs. Refuse substitutes. For sale by all druggists.

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000 --- Ishpeming, Mich.
SURPLUS \$80,000

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

DIRECTORS:
D. T. MORGAN, F. BRAASTAD, A. B. MINER,
W. H. JOHNSTON, A. MAITLAND,
H. O. YOUNG, JAMES CLANCEY,
DR. T. A. FELCH, M. M. DUNCAN.

OFFICERS:
F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier,
H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres., O. G. AAS, Ass't Cashier,
GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Ass't Cashier.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Will Engle, representative of Hart Bros., Chicago, is in the city.

Ed Stensrud of Michigan came transacted business in Ishpeming yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Nault of First street are the parents of twin boys, born last Friday.

John Nolan is repairing the dwelling occupied by Frank Needham, and other improvements are being made.

Charles J. Johnson, the carpenter, yesterday purchased Victor Waljamen's residence property at 213 Hill street.

F. Braastad & Co. are establishing a twenty-five cent department in connection with their ten-cent counters on the first floor.

Charles Gustafson, who has conducted a saloon in the Nolan block on Cleveland avenue for some time past, has quit the business.

The funeral of the late Samuel Barney, who was the oldest resident of Marquette county, will be held today at 2 p. m. from the Marquette Methodist church, where his remains will lie from 12 o'clock on to that hour. Ames Maywood will conduct the funeral services, assisted by Rev. C. L. Adams of Ishpeming. The pall bearers will be D. W. Powell, J. L. Lewis, Charles Keisley, James Trethewey, B. W. Wright and L. S. Glazier.

First-class piano tuning done by M. J. Olson. County phone, No. 529. 400 East Ridge street. (1-12-11)

QUEBEC PRIZES FOREST WEALTH.

Regards Pulp Wood as Valuable Asset, and Aims to Get Full Profit From It.

Montreal, April 18.—Quebec's decision to prohibit the export of pulpwood from crown lands is not expected to complicate reciprocity negotiations, as some persons not cognizant of the facts have seemed to think. Ontario has such a regulation actually in force. The right of a province to regulate and control the cutting of timber on the public domain is beyond question. Furthermore, the area affected does not comprise the whole province, and the export of pulpwood will not stop altogether.

Sir Lomer Gouin and his colleagues in the Quebec provincial cabinet are bent on profiting to the utmost by the wealth of the raw material of the paper industry which nature produces here. They are alive to the fact that the supply is lessening elsewhere. The Quebec Telegraph, a government organ, publishes an article on the enormous consumption of material by the New England mills, and draws the inference that manufacturers will in time be driven to offer almost any price for Quebec's product.

The raising of the stumpage dues is a revenue measure which will have its effect on trade, but it will be levied indiscriminately. A system of rebates to encourage manufacture within the province was proposed some years ago, but the idea was vigorously opposed by Ontario manufacturers, who argued that it was a violation of the federal compact.

How a woman does hate to be told that she is "well preserved."

WANTED—GIP for general housework.
Mrs. Max Barber, 116 Oak St. (4-19-34)

FOR SALE—Good new milk cow. Inquire 1012 North Third street. (4-19-34)

FOR SALE—A lot on North Main street. Inquire of Mrs. J. W. Jochem, 1012 North Third street. (4-19-34)

FOR SALE—Good horse and wagon. Also new harness. Cheap. Inquire at 509 North Fourth St., Ishpeming. (4-13-10)

WANTED—Second cook. Apply at Urban House, Ishpeming, Mich. (4-24-10)

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Mrs. Ed. J. Butler, 622 N. Third street (4-8-10)

Upholstering

Mattress Making.
Furniture Repairing.
Furniture Packing.

Franklin Wade

With Swanson & Person, Cleveland avenue. 4-2-11
Bell 'phone, 35. County, No. 129.

Just Received

large consignment of

Wagons, Plows

and other

Farming Implements.

Celebrated Eagle Clipper and Peerless Beeman Plows.

OLE WALSETH

Ishpeming. 4-4-10

Cash or Credit

GATELY-WIGGINS

ISHPEMING & CALUMET
COR. MAIN & BANK STS. 125-SIXTH ST.

ROUGHTON IRON MOUNTAIN
159-SHELDON ST., 121-STEVENSON AVE

Marquette County's
Greatest Clothiers and House Furnishers.

Cash or Credit

We've never depended on cut price sales to make a success of our business. That's a game that may work some people, but it's only when they have so much to do with it, after all; it's the wear and use you get from any article that shows whether it's a bargain or not. You will find more real bargains here than anywhere else; but it's not because we've lowered prices; it's because the standard of excellence has been raised.

From fifteen to twenty-five dollars isn't too much for most men to pay for a Suit; but it's a lot of money for a poor one. However, if you don't care to pay more than \$12.00 or \$13.00 we can take care of you just as well. All the clothes we sell at these prices are just as big values as the better grades.

We select the best linings, best materials, and we're just as careful to see that they are made right. A good many manufacturers think we are too particular; but we know if we look after your interests you will look after ours. That's why.

Suits \$15 to \$25

We guarantee to sell as good or better goods for the same or a less price as any cash or department store in Ishpeming. Let us prove this to you.

If you cannot pay cash we will arrange terms to suit.

Phone orders carefully attended to. Both phones—County and Bell.

No Heat Except Where Needed

Dishes hot—food well cooked—kitchen cool. No underdone food—no overheated kitchen in summer. Everything hot when wanted. Heat under perfect control and concentrated.

The blue flame is all heat—no smoke—no odor—no dirt. These are some of the advantages in using the

New Perfection

WICK BLUE FLAME

Oil Cook-stove

It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot. Drop shelves for the coffee pot or saucepans, and nicked towel racks.

It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove very attractive and invites cleanliness. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stove can be had with or without Cabinet.

CAUTIONARY NOTE: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "NEW PERFECTION." Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company

(Incorporated)

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION MARCH 29, 1910.

Table with 2 columns: RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Resources include Loans and Discounts (\$863,975.04), Stocks, Bonds, Etc. (143,800.00), Banking House and Fixtures (43,000.00), Exchange (\$250,683.94), Cash (97,172.85). Total Resources: \$1,398,631.83. Liabilities include Capital Stock (\$100,000.00), Surplus Fund (70,000.00), Undivided Profits (6,897.22), Circulation (95,900.00), Deposits (1,125,834.61). Total Liabilities: \$1,398,631.83.

THE FARMER SOWS WHAT HE EXPECTS TO REAP IF YOU WISH A COMFORTABLE OLD AGE, PLANT SOME MONEY IN THE BANK NOW



Open a Savings Account This Month. You Can Start With One Dollar.

NEGAUNEE STATE BANK

Upper Peninsula

Workmen Loses Hand—

While at work in the Northwestern Leather company's plant at Manistiquette, Nick Carrifuello, while using a machine, had his left arm drawn into the cog wheels and before it could be extricated his hand was so badly mangled that it had to be amputated.

Gladstone Men in Vaudeville—

P. L. Burt, Jr., of Gladstone, who is an acrobat and juggler of no mean ability, is preparing to go on the road with his own company, as a professional. The Burt Magical company, a vaudeville troupe of eight or nine experienced performers, will soon leave Gladstone for a tour of the lower peninsula, down the east shore and returning along Lake Michigan.

Ontonagan Village Appointees—

The following appointments have been made by Village President J. P. Corgan of Ontonagan and have been ratified by the council: Marshal, William Cane; health officer, Andrew L. Swinton; street commissioner, John Sellers; poundmaster, Duncan Ross; attorney, John Jones; president pro tem, John Hawley; electric light and water superintendent, L. G. Rapp; special assessors, Charles F. Rowe, George Schoch, Frank Scharf. Salaries have been fixed as follows: Marshal, \$75 per month; attorney, \$300 per year; health officer, \$75 per year; clerk, \$400 per year; superintendent of electric lights and water works, \$125 per month.

Fire Department Elections—

The Baraga Fire department has elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: Chief, Peter Magnant; secretary, James McMahon, Jr.; treasurer, William Schwalm; trustees, Dolph Girard, Thomas Murphy, R. B. Matthes.

The newly elected officers of the L'Anse Hose company are: Chief, Octave Sivoite; foreman, John Sands; first assistant foreman, Edward Seavoy; second assistant foreman, Mike Hook; president, George A. Trudeau; vice president, Meador O. Seavoy; secretary, Peter Sands; treasurer, Edward Sivoite.

Celebrates Eightieth Birthday—

William Holmes, one of Menominee's best known and wealthiest men, has just celebrated his eightieth birthday. Mr. Holmes was born in New Brunswick in 1830. He left home at the age of seventeen and worked in the Maine woods, where he remained until 1854, when he went west to Green Bay then to Escanaba and finally to Menominee. He was in charge of the woods operations for the K. C. company for years and owned the Holmes logging road which is now a part of the Wisconsin and Michigan. He has been mayor, supervisor, alderman and member of the school board in Menominee and has always had a prominent part in the affairs of his city. It was due to his forethought and energetic work that the water power site at Grand Rapids was secured and turned over to the Traction company for development. Mr. Holmes

Soo to Lose Fish Hatchery—

It is not all unlikely that the Soo is to lose its fish hatchery after all. The rivers and harbors bill, now before congress and which will probably be passed at this session, calls for a survey for a fourth lock which would make the site of the station and pond. While the state fish commission has not been officially notified to vacate the premises they have been given to understand that if the provision calling for a survey of the proposed lock is passed by congress this will follow as a natural consequence. The state holds the property under a revocable license from the government and it is believed by the commission that next summer will see the end of the hatchery.

The state commissioners have been preparing for such a move on the part of the government for some time. They realized that with the government improvements in the rapids they could not expect to hold their position for many years, and the work of looking over the ground for the location of a new hatchery has been in progress ever since last fall. A number of streams have been looked over and there are still others to be investigated before a decision is reached. It is the intention of the commission to ask the legislature for an appropriation for the new hatchery next winter so as to have it ready for occupancy by the time the Soo station has to be abandoned. Another thing that the commission will endeavor to put through is the location of a distributing station for whitefish and trout for the great lakes built in the government (Fort Brady) park, but there will be no ponds in connection therewith.

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Special Offer to owners of Edison Phonographs

Unless your Phonograph is of the latest type it will not play Amberol (four-minute) Records without the Amberol attachment. Without this attachment it is furnishing only half the entertainment it should.

To introduce Amberol Records into your home and demonstrate the added advantage of having an Edison Phonograph that will play both the Edison Standard and Edison Amberol Records, any Edison dealer is authorized to equip your Phonograph with an Amberol attachment at a small charge—\$4.00 to \$7.50—according to the style of instrument you have, and give you, for \$1.00 additional, ten specially made four-minute Amberol Records. That is

Ten Amberol Records for \$1.00 If You buy the Attachment

These special Amberol Records are not for sale and will not be listed. They have been made for this special purpose. Go to any Edison dealer and hear them. Then you will realize what an Amberol attachment means to you. If there is no dealer near by, write us.

Edison Phonographs, \$12.50 to \$20.00; Edison Standard Records, 35c; Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long), 50c; Edison Grand Opera Records, 75c to \$1.00. National Phonograph Company, 75 Lakeside Avenue, Orange, N. J.

Negaunee Department

WORK ON CENSUS WELL UNDER WAY

WILLIAM VERRAN OF NEGAUNEE HAS SUPERVISION OF ENUMERATORS IN MARQUETTE AND ALGER COUNTIES.

Census work in Marquette county is progressing satisfactorily, under supervision of William Verran of this city, who was last week given charge of the enumerators employed in Marquette and Alger counties.

Mr. Verran spent the greater part of yesterday in Ishpeming, conferring with the enumerators there, and he left last evening on a tour of the townships in the western end of the county. Several township appointments are yet to be made.

The following enumerators are already at work in Marquette and Alger counties:

Ishpeming—First ward, C. L. Bystron; Second, Matthew Sivala; Third, James S. Brown; Fourth, Carl A. Bergquist; Fifth, Charles Markert; Sixth, Donald Hayden; Seventh, George Dunston; Eighth, Edward Ham; Ninth, Oscar M. Johnson; Tenth, Herman D. Johnson.

Marquette—David A. Carlson, Joseph Hogan, Miss Rose Patenaude, William C. Jellison, William Henry and Miss Mary E. Dooley.

Negaunee—Jahmar Heinenon, John J. Hausman, Florence M. Curran, Theophile Roy and E. W. McCrory. Champion, W. J. Gill; Harvey, W. S. Eving; Humboldt, William Oja; Princesburg, Robert Taylor; Forsyth, William Herring, Sr.; Birch, Mrs. Lafayette J. Woodruff; Michigan, Gordon J. May; Negaunee township, Everett Bunge; Republic, Miss Agnes M. Zeitler and Thomas Chenhall; Sands, S. C. Miller; Carlsburg, John A. Sieman; Turin, Walter McFarland; Marquette township, A. West; Ishpeming township, E. O. Bondy.

Alger County—Aurain, Frank J. Carrier; Grand Marais, Walter D. Wood; Munising, Miles E. Simmons and Frank Fouchard; Limestone, Charles G. Peterson; Winters, Charles E. Winters; Munising township, Stuart D. Wilson; Chatham, Andrew Johnson.

Mr. Verran said yesterday that some of the enumerators are having trouble securing the necessary information, but only a few persons have refused to answer all of the questions. Some of the enumerators will have difficulty in the districts where foreigners live. The government does not allow pay for interpreters. The enumerators will have to pay for this service themselves. Several of the enumerators appointed in this county speak two languages. Mr. Verran has already examined a number of reports returned by enumerators and has found but few errors. In one case in Negaunee a man's report was taken back for correction. Mr. Verran's principal duty will be to go over the reports and see that the questions are correctly answered. The enumerators in this county are expected to complete their work in two weeks. Most of the enumerators in Ishpeming are school boys, who have been granted a leave of absence.

May Increase Saloon License—

This appears to be a disposition shown by the city council to reduce the number of saloons in this city, says the Manistiquette Pioneer. The idea of raising the license to \$1,000 is being discussed as being the most feasible method of bringing about a reduction in the number of saloons. The chief was unable to express himself as he wished, because of the rush of emotion, but the happiness of the occasion and the remembrance will abide with him all his lifetime.

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MUST OBEY THE LAW.

Mayor Elliott Instructs Officers to See That Saloons Are Closed.

Mayor Elliott called the police officers together Saturday and gave them positive instructions as to their duties relative to the enforcement of the liquor law. He told them that they must see that every liquor dealer in the city obeys the law to the letter. He said that he shall expect them to see that all places are closed promptly at 11 o'clock each night and that they are kept closed on Sundays and holidays. The mayor declared that any officer who fails to do his duty in this respect will be held responsible. He instructed Marshal Rough to call on the saloonmen and advise them that hereafter they must conduct their business in strict compliance with the law.

The liquor dealers are beginning to realize that a strict observance of the law will be their interest. Mayor Elliott yesterday said that he believes the Negaunee saloon men will observe the law strictly in the future. Most of the dealers seem to realize that if the law is strictly obeyed there will be less likelihood of agitation for prohibition two years hence.

HARMONY IN DEPARTMENT.

A special meeting of the Negaunee fire department was held Saturday evening. It was generally thought that some of the members would resign, on account of the council having turned down Julius Johnson for the position of chief. Practically all of the active members were present, and R. G. Jackson, who was elected to succeed Mr. Johnson, addressed the meeting. He said that he had been informed that some of the members who were displaced because Mr. Johnson had been retired intended to leave the service. He told them that if any of them had that idea, their resignations would be accepted. He said he was under instructions to advise the firemen that if they quit now men could be secured to take their places. In the event both companies disbanded, a paid department of eight men would probably be organized. At the conclusion of Mr. Jackson's remarks, Mr. Johnson said that there was no hard feeling on his part and he was sure that all of the firemen would remain in the department. No resignations were tendered and the meeting wound up with a jollification in which the best of feeling seemed to prevail.

RESUMPTION AT RICHMOND.

Mining operations are to be started at the Richmond mine, on the Cascade range, which is under control of the Consumers Ore company. This property will be worked harder this year than ever before, and the output will probably be considerably larger than that of last season. Two dinky engines have been received and will take the place of mules, for hauling ore cars from the open pit. About fifty men are at present employed, but this force will be doubled within a short time.

LOCAL LAONICS.

R. G. Jackson left yesterday morning for Jackson, to attend a meeting of the board of control of the Odd Fellows home.

Stephen Ladigan has given up his position in J. M. Perkins' drug store and will represent an insurance company in this county.

Alex Bean, who was so severely kicked by one of the horses of the No. 2 hose company a few weeks ago, is able to be out again.

William Marcellin, who is employed in the barber shop in the Gwin Hotel, spent Sunday with relatives in the city. He returned yesterday.

Joseph Frechette is building a concrete wall in front of his home, also in his yard at the corner of Cyr and Jackson streets. Anton Henriksen is doing the work.

Joseph LaFave arrived in the city yesterday from Milwaukee, having given up his position with a machinery company there. It was snowing hard when he left Milwaukee Sunday night and he had to wait for several days on the ground all the way between that city and Green Bay. Joe has accepted a position in the Mary Charlotte mine machine shop. He will play with the Negaunee team again this season.

Several improvements are to be made at the Bijou theater, in the Sundberg block. The stage will be removed, making space for one hundred additional seats. The piano will be lowered into a pit so that it will not obstruct the view of the pictures. The floor is to be placed on an incline, and changes will also be made in the arrangement of the box office and front entrance. L. E. Hutcheson has the contract for the carpenter work.

Miss Elsie Langner, who left for her old home in Germany Sunday night, was accompanied to the station by a large party of her young friends. She will make the trip from New York with Bishop Eis' housekeeper, who is returning to Germany on a visit. They will sail from New York Thursday. Bishop Eis, who goes to Rome, will accompany them as far as the city, but will not sail until Saturday. During his absence Monsignore Langner of this city and Rev. Father Pinton of Marquette will look after the bishop's work.

Research proves that the smallest men push the heaviest loads, while the big fellows hold down the office chairs.

In the interior of Peru eggs are used as currency. Who knows what kind of eggs they are?

CONTESTS HERE FRIDAY.

Representatives of Upper Peninsula Schools Will Visit Negaunee.

John A. Doelle, chairman of the upper peninsula division of the Michigan High School Oratorical society, has announced the official programs of the specially notified to vacate the premises they have been given to understand that if the provision calling for a survey of the proposed lock is passed by congress this will follow as a natural consequence. The state holds the property under a revocable license from the government and it is believed by the commission that next summer will see the end of the hatchery.

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THE FOLLOWING SHOWS THE GROWTH OF

THE NEGAUNEE NATIONAL BANK

Month to month from the first day, October 11th, '09, to April 11th, '10:

Total Resources:

Table showing Total Resources from Oct. 11th, 1909 to April 11th, 1910. Total: \$330,349.36

LOWER STATE NOTES.

PONTIAC—Mayor Monroe has issued a proclamation calling a mass meeting to perfect a business men's organization. He declares that if Pontiac is to reap the benefits that are in store by reason of its growth, the people must get together and provide homes for the hundreds of new families desirous of locating here.

ALMA—The Miller Saw Trimmer company will remove its factory from Milwaukee to Alma within ninety days. The company is capitalized at \$75,000 and will employ more than thirty men. It is incorporated with three Alma men at its head. The officers are: W. A. Bahke, president; Ely Brewbaker, vice president; and D. L. Johnson, secretary and treasurer.

CLAYTON—When Postmaster Hawkins reached his drug store and postoffice he found the front door forced open, the \$200 of the safe blown off its hinges and \$200 in stamps and money missing. The front door was forced with tools from the Michigan Central toolhouse. No one can be found who heard the noise of the explosion. There is no clue to the robbers.

YPSILANTI—Physicians have discovered a serious result of the sidewalk roller skating craze, especially among young girls. The constant stretching of the neck, leaning forward and the jerking about at breakneck speed induces an overdevelopment of the muscles of the front of the neck, and an unsightly "big neck" results that may lead to permanent disfigurement.

LANSING—The Heunis Distilling company of Philadelphia, which has a branch office at 125 Jefferson avenue, Detroit, has paid to the state \$500 for a state license, in compliance with the state law so widely violated in the upper peninsula and also disobeyed in the lower. This is the first liquor license paid for the ensuing year by a foreign liquor dealer. Auditor General Fuller says that he will immediately start action to compel a number of foreign liquor dealers in Michigan to pay up. In the northern peninsula, especially, county officials have been lax in this regard and many corporations have been doing business year after year without taking out the state license. It is said that there is at least one foreign liquor firm in every city of any size in the upper peninsula.

PONTIAC—The Orchard Lake Hotel and Hotel Interlaken at Orchard and Pine lakes will dispense the cup that cheers after May 1. Both are located in West Bloomfield township, and the township board has granted them licenses. Neither place has had a bar for two years. Holly village is up against a proposition brought about through the action of Joseph Allen, of that place. The village council passed a preliminary ordinance and then turned down Allen's application for license. Allen then filed his petition with the township of Holly, asking a license to open a saloon just at the edge of the village limits, but outside the corporation. The township board appealed to Prosecutor Covert for advice, and was informed that it is obligatory to grant the license if the terms of the Warner-Cramton law are complied with.

HASTINGS—While trapping in Johnston township, Ira Tobias and George Kelley, two young men, caught \$425.50 worth of fur in two weeks, making the largest catch of fur ever taken in Barry county during the same length of time. The catch consisted of 525 muskrats, four skunks and one raccoon. The trapping grounds covered an area of seven acres, and included six lakes, four small streams and a large acreage of swamps. Each man attended 180 traps. They started at 9 o'clock in the morning to cover the trap line, and returned at dark. The animals were skinned while the men were walking along the trap line, and the pelts were placed on stretchers in camp at night. Their catch during the entire trapping season consisted of 1,225 muskrats, five raccoons and twenty-two skunks. For the lot they received \$466.25.

LANSING—The Gardner Artificial Lumber company has been organized in this city, with the following officers: President, Harry E. Bradner; Lansing; vice president, S. S. Stewart; Flint; treasurer, H. T. Thomas; Lansing; secretary, H. R. Neville; Barberton, O. Besides these officers, E. P. Peet, George A. Marx and Carl H. Fowler, of New York city, constitute the board of directors. The company is capitalized at \$200,000, all of which is subscribed, and the organization was perfected under the laws of Michigan. The company now has a plant at Barberton, O., where its product of artificial lumber is being turned out. This plant has been taken over by the new company, but will not be moved. The lumber is made of straw. It can be worked up just the same as the natural wood. The Auto Body company of this city will be one of the new company's best customers and the N. F. Stone company, of Flint, has also contracted for large quantities.

Not in Milk Trust The Original and Genuine HORLICK'S MALTED MILK The Food Drink for All Ages. For Infants, Invalids, and Growing Children. Pure Nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates the nursing mother and the aged. Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. A quick lunch prepared in a minute. Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S. Others are imitations.

CRESCENT LAUNDRY T. Warrick, Agt. ISHPEMING and NEGAUNEE First Class Work. Ishpeming County Phone 113. Negaunee " " 146. 2-25-1m-o

This is the Stove Polish All the Housewives Are Talking About. It is so much better than other stove polishes that it is in a class all by itself. Black Silk Stove Polish. Makes a brilliant, silky polish that does not rub off or dust off, and the shine lasts four times as long as ordinary stove polish. Used on sample stoves and sold by hardware dealers. All we ask is a trial. Use it on your cook stove, your parlor stove or your range. If you don't find it the best stove polish you ever used, your dealer is authorized to refund your money. Made in liquid or paste—same quality. BLACK SILK STOVE POLISH WORKS L. K. WYNN, Maker, Sterling, Illinois. Get a Can TODAY

MERCHANTS Send your BUTTER order to The Ontonagan Valley Creamery EWEN, MICH. Third highest in state test made at Lansing. You get quick service and the best butter at lowest prices. 2-16-1f

FLOWERS IN POTS: HYACINTHS, TULIPS, PRIMULAS, DAFFODILS, EASTER LILIES, CYCLAMEN, YELLOW DAISES, AZALEAS, FERNS and PALMS. CUT FLOWERS: ROSES, CARNATIONS, DAFFODILS, HYACINTHS, VIOLETS, CALLA LILIES, and EASTER LILIES. Orders promptly filled and shipments made by American or Western Express. Telephone or telegraph your orders. Both Phones. NEGAUNEE GREENHOUSES

Better BAKING at less COST KC 25 OUNCES FOR 25c BAKING POWDER

The easiest thing to touch is someone who wants a favor.

COUNCIL GRANTS SALOON LICENSES

ALL OF THE FORTY-FOUR APPLICANTS WERE ACCEPTED BY ALDERMEN LAST NIGHT.

SOME OBJECTIONS RAISED

Three of the City Fathers in Favor of More Fully Investigating Several Names on the List.

All of the forty-four applications for liquor licenses that had been filed with the city recorder were approved by the committee on licenses and trade regulations and accepted by the common council at the meeting last night. The applications were granted at one time, the motion that carried being to approve the recommendation of the committee to whom the applications had been referred.

Objection was made to this blanket method of procedure by Aldermen Peters and Asire. Alderman Peters moved to approve a selected list of twenty-four of the applicants at one time, and to take up the other applications separately. This amendment was voted down by a majority of six to three. Aldermen Asire and Ekstrom, voting with Alderman Peters. This amendment having been declared lost, Alderman Asire moved to grant the applications of the thirty-eight applicants who had taken out licenses in 1909, and to consider the four new applications separately. This amendment was lost by the same vote. The original motion to grant all the applications was then put and was carried by the same vote—six to three.

Alderman Peters stated after the meeting that the list of twenty-four he had prepared comprised those whom he knew to have been in business last April and whom he knew to possess the citizenship and other requirements of the Warner-Crampton law. He expressed the opinion that applications had been granted to a number of persons, who, under the new law, were not qualified to engage in the liquor traffic, and said he had proceeded as he did in order that such cases might be separately investigated. Alderman Asire stated that his intention was simply to separate the old from the new applicants, inasmuch as there appeared to be some doubt as to whether a new man could lawfully take out a license, and to pass on the two sets of applications separately, would prevent any possibility of all the applicants suffering (old as well as new), in case the supreme court should hold it illegal to grant a license to a new applicant. He declared he had no intention to keep any of the applicants from getting licenses, but on the other hand, sought to protect those now in business.

Applications Granted. Following is a list of those to whom licenses were granted, providing acceptable bonds are furnished: August Anderson, Elias Akkala, E. J. Bergman, Peter Boyer, Ernest H. Bush, Charles L. Christian, Dittmer Bros., Thomas Fennedy, Timothy J. Foley, D. P. Fontaine, Joseph Forwick, Peter Frei, Jacob Harig, Andrew Hartvig, Patrick Healy, William Kevola, Frank Lakonta, John Larson, Maurice Levasseur, Charles H. Lockhart, John Luoma, John H. McMillan, Kust Matson, Emil Morin, Dolphis Paris, Noah R. Pelissier, John Plattenburg, Riee & Javorski, William Rivers, Jr., Louis Rogers, John W. Ruston, Robert S. Savelle, Joseph Simola, Selim S. Stenback, Frank Suszok, Dan Sullivan, Philip Trombley, Fred W. Thoney, Louis Vierling, Leander Winkka, the F. Bendling Co., the Keeley Brewing company, Nicholas Moseler and Martin Rustenboven.

The four persons in this list who are not now engaged in the saloon business are Jacob Harig, John Luoma, Noah R. Pelissier and Wm. Rivers, Jr. One of the number, the Keeley Brewing company, is only a wholesale warehouse, so that the total number of actual saloon licenses granted was forty-three. Of this number, twenty-three had filed bonds, which were accepted by the council. All of these bonds were furnished by the Michigan Bonding & Surety company. All other bonds to be filed will be passed upon at the next meeting of the council, April 29.

But little other business of importance was transacted at the meeting. A petition from north side residents asking for a sidewalk on the north side of Center street, between Presque Isle and Longyear avenues, was referred to the committee on streets. At the meeting two weeks ago, the park, cemetery and street commission asked that \$5,000 be transferred from the general fund to carry the commission over until the annual appropriation was made. The committee on finance and taxation recommended that this request be cut to \$3,000, and the city treasurer was authorized to credit the commission with that amount. The petition for an arc light at the corner of Norwood street and Fitch avenue was granted.

Baleom & Larson will be here Wednesday and Thursday to do all chimney cleaning. All work guaranteed. Leave orders at the fire engine house (4-19-3w-21w)

STONE AND BRICK WORK. Estimates furnished on all kinds of brick and stone work. Have had many years' experience in cemetery coping and vault building. Rock sold by the cord; also excavating and concrete work done. T. A. MURPHY, 404 So. Lake St., Marquette, Mich. (4-19-1m)

Bring your babies to the Ground Floor Studio and have Sierle make a dozen of those beautiful Sierle photographs—two blocks north of library. (4-14-1f)

House cleaning time is at hand. Get your orders in early for the Vacuum Wagon or Electric sweeper. Call J. H. Sanders, Bell Phone 650. (3-23-1f)

ELI COUVION, TRUCKER. Removes ashes and garbage. Order by phone, Bell 382-J. (6-7-1f)

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney and bladder troubles not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more. For sale by all druggists. (4-16-1w)

WILL INSPECT DRUG STORES. This to Be Duty of State Dairy and Food Department After July 1.

In accordance with an act passed at the last session of the legislature, the state dairy and food department will assume complete charge of the inspection of Michigan drug stores after the first day of July. Registered pharmacists will be appointed as drug inspectors and a competent analyst will be named by the dairy and food commissioner to take charge of the work.

State Dairy and Food Commissioner A. C. Bird will soon make the appointments. There is some possibility that State Analyst Floyd Robinson will be named as the drug analyst, but if he is not appointed the man who is to be subject to his direction.

Twenty-two states now have given their dairy and food departments the power of regulating the drug traffic and of enforcing pure food laws. The Michigan drug law conforms in a general way with the government law and was enacted at the request of the State Druggists' association.

BREACH APPEARS TO BE GETTING WIDER

LITTLE CHANCE OF MARQUETTE, ISHPEMING AND NEGAUNEE JOINING IN BASEBALL LEAGUE THIS YEAR, SAYS JUDGE THOREN—ONE FAN'S OPINION.

The desirability and likelihood of the Marquette baseball team joining with Ishpeming and Negaunee or other cities in a baseball league continues to be the subject uppermost in the minds of local fans. Judge Thoren of Negaunee was down yesterday and discussed the situation with several of the Marquette directors and others, but nothing definite resulted from the visit. Judge Thoren stated last evening that he looked to him as if Negaunee, Ishpeming and Crystal Falls would unite in some kind of a playing arrangement, and that Marquette would not be included, unless willing to agree to the same division of gate receipts as last year—that is, the home team take all.

He stated that a playing arrangement which would leave out Marquette would be bad policy for all three teams, financially and in other ways, but that the feeling between the Marquette and the up-the-road managements had become so bitter that he was losing hope of their ever getting together. At Ishpeming, especially, he said, the sentiment was strongly against making any concessions to Marquette, and many of the fans were averse to taking in Marquette under any circumstances.

If Ishpeming and Negaunee arrange to play with Crystal Falls, it will be on the basis of a 60 and 40 per cent division of the gate receipts, but principally on the basis of the fact that the fans have sprung up. Ishpeming would not consider joining hands with Marquette on that basis, according to Judge Thoren. He admitted that from a financial standpoint, Ishpeming and Negaunee could just as well play with Marquette and Lansing as with Crystal Falls on that division, but declared that it was now a matter of personal feeling rather than financial interest with the up-the-road men.

From the Fans' Standpoint.

A man who is not particularly interested in any of the three teams, but who loves baseball for baseball's sake, while discussing the situation yesterday, said: "This row between the managements of the three Marquette county teams has gone far enough, and the fans of the three cities should rise up and demand that the three teams get together on some sort of a playing agreement. What the fans want is clean baseball between well-matched teams, and on what basis the games are played is a secondary consideration. It is high time the three managements put aside their personal pride and feelings and consider that they are but representatives of the baseball loving public, and that by virtue of the positions they hold it is their duty to get together on some plan that will give fast and exciting baseball, such as was had last year.

"I do not propose to say what playing arrangement should be made, or what teams should be included in it—that is a matter that the three sets of directors are in duty bound to settle among themselves. I know little of the respective merits of the claims of the three cities in this controversy, and care less, but I presume that, as in most quarrels, all are at fault to some degree. It is now time to drop all this foolish wrangling and smoke the pipe of peace. It is clear to all open minded thinkers that independent ball will be a failure and that the league should be composed of Marquette, Ishpeming and Negaunee, with some fourth team. Whether this is Munising or Crystal Falls or some other team is not of vital import, but Marquette, Negaunee and Ishpeming should all be members of that league."

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

List of Boats That Have Passed the Locks, Bound for Superior Ports.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 18.—The following boats, up-bound, have passed through the locks, bound for ports on Lake Superior: John Barlum, Schuylerkill, 8:30 last night; Huronia, North Star, 11; Weston, midnight; Verona, 2 a. m.; Dunham, 3:30; Ohl, 4:30; Rosedale, Australia, 6:30; Scott, 8; Jones, 9:30; Leonard, Hanna, 11; Western Star, Gilbert, 12:40 p. m.; Polynesia, John Mitchell, 2:40; Pontiac, Amazon, 4:30; Kennedy, Canadian, 7:30; Neebing, Audaste, 9:30.

Marquette Port List.

D. S. S. & A. docks: Cleared—Pathfinder, Toledo.

L. S. & I. dock: Arrived—Obl. Cleared—America, Ashtabula.

NOTICE.

R. J. Dorow has been appointed walking delegate for the Carpenters' union and will look after its business in this city. (4-16-1w)

AGENT OF WARD ESTATE FOR YEARS

CAPT. ISAAC R. WHITAKER, OF PITTSBURG, PASSED AWAY SUDDENLY—WILLIAM O'MEARA VISITED HIM RECENTLY.

William O'Meara, Marquette agent for the Ward estate, has been greatly grieved to learn of the death of Capt. Isaac R. Whitaker of Pittsburg, for twenty years past attorney in fact for the estate, the administratrix of which has been Miss Louise Ward, his sister in law. Capt. Whitaker died suddenly, having been found lifeless in his bed.

On his recent trip to the east Mr. O'Meara spent a week in Pittsburg with Capt. Whitaker, who placed much dependence on him in the management of the estate interests in this region. Many times Mr. O'Meara would refer matters involving important sales to Capt. Whitaker, and would be advised to use his own judgment in disposing of them. In all their twenty years' business relationship there was never a shadow of difference between them. The Pittsburg Gazette Times said of his death:

"Capt. Isaac R. Whitaker, first vice president of the Washington National bank and one of the best of the old time river captains who commanded boats plying between this city and New Orleans, was found dead in bed Monday morning, April 11, at the home of his sister-in-law, Miss Louise Ward, 4712 Bayard street. Death was attributed to heart failure. "The death of the vigorous aged man was wholly unexpected as on his retirement on Sunday night he seemed in the best of health and spirits and had put in a hard day's work at the Washington bank on the preceding Saturday. It had been his custom to leave his bed each morning early, but when he had not appeared at 7 o'clock some of the domestics became alarmed. Miss Ward was absent on a visit. Frank Wise, the coachman, went to the captain's room to see if he was ill, but on receiving no response entered the room and ascertained that he was dead.

"Capt. Whitaker was born Jan. 1, 1843, at Whitaker station, back of Homestead, the place being named after the family, the members of which were among the pioneer settlers of that section. After graduating from Iron City college, he entered the river business, being employed for a number of years as a clerk on the steamer plying between Pittsburg and New Orleans. His knowledge of the local and lower rivers, gained from observation of the courses when he found it possible to spare time from his clerical duties, put him in line for promotion and he gradually worked himself up to the position of captain. His associates at that time were two former well known river captains, Thomas Fawcett and William Ward.

The acquaintance between him and Capt. Ward ripened into friendship and he was the invited guest many times at the home of his senior captain. There he met Capt. Ward's daughter, Miss Mattie Patterson Ward, to whom he was married on Aug. 21, 1866. Mrs. Ward died three years ago last month. "Capt. Ward retired from active work in connection with the river business to devote his entire time to his real estate and other financial investments, taking with him as his associate his son-in-law, Capt. Whitaker, who managed his business entirely when Capt. Ward retired and continued to do so after the death of his benefactor in 1891.

"When the Washington National bank was incorporated in 1902, Capt. Whitaker was made its second vice president, but he has been its first vice president for the past four years, and despite his advanced age worked as faithfully at the institution each day as had been his wont when a much younger man taking his initial step into the banking world.

"Capt. Whitaker left a daughter, Mrs. Campbell Douglas of Los Angeles, Cal., who was informed by telegraph yesterday of his death. Funeral services will not be arranged until word is received from her. Her two children, Helen and John, and a niece of Capt. Whitaker's, Mrs. Charles Dunmyer, also survive."

BOWLING SCORES.

LaFayettes defeated the Square Deals two of three games at the bowling alleys last evening. The scores follow:

Square Deals—	
Russell	182 162 164 408
Wheeler	183 135 152 467
Besse	145 164 138 447
Kolka (sub)	137
Manes (sub)	161 183 344
Drumney	137 159 202 498
Totals	784 778 829 2401
LaFayettes—	
Fennessy	133 159 151 443
Reau	157 185 236 578
Bolduc	155 171 153 479
Cain	137 156 134 427
Erickson	181 150 179 510
Totals	763 821 853 2437

Tonight the Pilgrims and Guild Hall "B" will bowl.

PEARY AND THE PRICE OF FOOD.

Important Discovery Made by Arctic Explorers in Their Search for the Pole.

If the present agitation over the cost of living accomplishes no other result, it should fix on the public mind the fact that the most expensive food in the world is the food that doesn't "make good"—that doesn't digest—that doesn't refresh—that doesn't give you the sweet sleep that belongs to the night time, and that "up and doing" feeling that belongs to the day.

One of the valuable discoveries the Arctic explorers in their 150 years' struggle for the pole have made, is the science of eating. Only with proper food under the boiler can the human machine endure the hardships and physical effort involved in such gigantic undertakings. No exploration of this kind has been undertaken in the last fifteen years without a supply of Horlick's Malted Milk, either in powder form, from which a delicious nourishing food drink can be made in a moment by stirring in water; or in the Lunch Tablet form, which proved most serviceable on the sledging trips, since a few tablets can be dissolved in the mouth at intervals, and were found to be very efficient in relieving hunger and fatigue. Horlick's Malted Milk Containers mark the route to the Pole, and return; not only with Peary, but with Baldwin Zeigler, the Anglo-American, the Wellman and other expeditions.



Illustration of a man in a suit and hat, likely related to the 'AGENT OF WARD ESTATE' article.

In Early Spring, Don't

forget what is due your looks as a careful dresser. In STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES—which same we have waiting for you in all Spring models and fabrics. Clothes that fit, that are stylish with a world-wide style, that are all wool and hold their shape. A try-on will satisfy you.

ORMSBEE & ATKINS

Nester Block, Washington St.

New Store Now Open

I have moved into my new store at 442 Rock street, where I will be glad to see my regular customers as well as new ones. You will always find a full stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries.

C. DAGENAIS

Bell Phone 633 County Phone 151. 4-11-1w

PAINTING

If you have a home you want decorated in first class style and latest designs or any SPECIAL design you may want, done by hand, leave orders at Janzen Hotel.

Fancy Painting in Churches, Halls and other large places a Specialty.

A Trial Will Convince You.

Paper Hanging

Miller & Co.

Janzen Hotel 4-15-1m Marquette.

TENTS - AWNINGS

All Canvas Work—Now is the time to place your orders and avoid the spring rush, KELLY HDWE. CO. Bell 503. Marquette, Mich. 2-15-1f

PALACE LIVERY STABLE

FAY & BRICKER, Props. First-class Livery Service at all hours. First-class Boarding Stables. Teams of All Kinds. FOR HALE—Driving and Draft Horses to suit any wants.

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Banking by mail is growing in favor year by year. Because of its safety, convenience, and saving of time, it appeals to everyone, no matter where he lives. We cordially invite your account. You may send your deposits by postoffice or express money order, bank draft or currency by registered letter.

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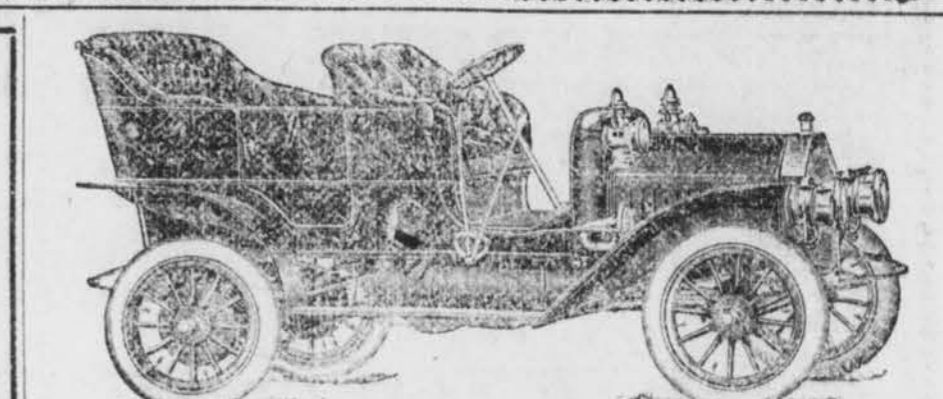
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Cut hair and combings made into switches.

A line of Switches, Curls, Pomps and Transformation Pieces.

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225 S. Front St., up stairs.
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BUICK MODEL "F"; Price \$1,000.
WARD POWELL, Agent.
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All Kinds of Automobile Supplies.

"Drei Kaiser"

Is the name of our well known

Bottled at the Brewery BEER.

In every glass is health and happiness. The little alcohol in it promotes cheerfulness of mind—which is the best of all medicines.

U. P. BREWING CO.
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Slabs Slabs

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DRY KINDLING, \$2.50 PER LOAD

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Manufacturers of Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

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WILL YOU TAKE ADVANTAGE OF IT?

1,000 rolls of stripes, in beautiful Japanese designs, suitable for Bedrooms, Dining Rooms or Pariors, are going for 8, 10, 12, 15 and 18 cents per double roll.

The famous M. H. Birge line—The best in the world, barring none, for the best homes at factory prices.

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Oatmeals and Crepes at unheard-of prices. Mouldings and Plate Rails at a sacrifice.

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