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President Taft Is the Guest of Irishmen

Fellowship Club His Host at One of the Greatest St. Patrick's Day Celebrations That Chicago Has Ever Known.

ORATORY AND HANDSHAKING KEEP HIM BUSY

He Delivers Six Addresses, Two of Which Are at the Banquet Board, and He Is a Thoroughly Tired Man When He Leaves Late at Night for the East—Plans Go Awry in One Particular, and That Is When the "Ould Sod" Upon Which the Nation's Chief Was to Stand and Which Was Imported for the Occasion Is Found Mysteriously Missing.

Chicago, March 17.—St. Patrick was notably remembered in Chicago today, but the brunt of it fell upon President Taft, and he was a thoroughly tired man when his train left tonight for Rochester, N. Y. During the day he spoke to the members of the Chicago Newspapers club, the Traffic club, to a music meeting, to the members and guests of the Hamilton club and twice at functions provided by the Irish Fellowship club, which was his host for the day.

It was with the city fairly buried in green emblems, banners and bunting that Chicago today received the nation's chief as the guest of honor if one of the biggest St. Patrick's Day celebrations the Western metropolis has ever known. From the time he stepped off his special train at 7:57 a. m., the president saw hardly a building or an individual but was not decorated in green. He was met at the station by a National Guard regiment and a large reception committee. President Taft swung into the line of the St. Patrick's Day parade, which marched through the down-town streets, and shortly afterward he began his speech-making.

Touches Upon Various Matters. In these speeches the president, whose increased ease in oratory was quite generally commented upon, touched upon a great variety of matters, not the least interesting of which was a reference to the "statesmen correspondents who color the facts to suit their views." To the railway men of the Traffic club Mr. Taft expressed his trust in the sense of justice of the American people. He averred that he had learned more in the first year of his administration than he could hope to assimilate in the next three.

In an informal talk at the first of the two entertainments provided by his hosts—a luncheon at noon—the president's weariness unconsciously crept into his speech. "When I arrived here yesterday," he said, "but the slip caused nothing more than a smile, which the president seemed unconscious. It probably seemed that he had been here two days, for the forenoon had been crowded with oratory and handshaking enough for forty-eight hours.

Speaking of the prosperity of the country, the president referred especially to the advances being made in the South. "I like to dwell upon that," said the speaker, "because down in the South there was a time when she was hindered and seemingly had little chance of any real progress. But now she is making more progress than any of us, East, West or North."

The president's brother, Charles P. Taft, unobtrusively edged into the crowd during the reception given by the Newspaper club, and was also present at the luncheon.

Shamrocks Sent by Redmond. A harvest of shamrocks sent from Ireland by John D. Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, was the most precious guest of honor. At the conclusion of this luncheon, although it was time for him to start for the mass meeting at the Auditorium, the president sought his room for a half hour of quiet and rest.

The crowds made the hotel corridors noisy, but officials warned all who chanced to pass to cease talking. When the president reappeared he seemed much refreshed, and there was nothing of weariness apparent in his manner when he began to address the thousands of persons gathered in the Auditorium theater.

At the stage door of the theater, a man attempted to follow the president into the building, but was seized by two secret service operators. When questioned he declared that he was a newspaperman, but inquiry of the papers for which he said he worked resulted in a denial of his statement. He was locked up, after a struggle. He gave his name as "Diek" Short. At the station it was said that he seemed to be under the influence of liquor.

Mention of Roosevelt Enthuses. Prolonged cheering interrupted the speaker when he mentioned the name of Theodore Roosevelt. "The conservation movement," said Mr. Taft, "owes its beginning to Theodore Roosevelt (prolonged applause, to which Mr. Taft said, "Go it again; you don't enjoy that any more than I do"), who inspired in Gifford Pinchot that wonderful activity of mind and body with reference to conservation (applause). I am in favor of giving credit where credit belongs (applause) and of withholding it where it does not belong.

"There are people in congress, conscientious, hard-working, prominent statesmen, who look at the question of conservation as it might have been looked at twenty or thirty years ago. They are still in favor of letting out the land and getting settlers on it, and are not in favor of a careful method of conservation and preservation. I am not criticizing them. They say that I

don't understand, and that we in the East don't understand the situation; that we don't breathe the atmosphere of the West. Well, I think we are convincing a good many of them that we are in the right, and they are in the wrong; but there are some who are perfect Ajaxes in debate and who say they will continue to debate this question and will stand against conservation progress as long as the shoe-leather in their shoes will last.

"What I want to get is an act of congress that shall legalize all withdrawals of land that have been made and shall give no power to make such further withdrawals as ought to be made until congress is determined upon the proper disposition of those lands."

"Ould Sod" Mysteriously Disappears. President Taft did not stand upon a piece of the "ould sod" at the St. Patrick's banquet tonight, as had been planned, the true inwardness of which is something of a mystery. In any event, the sod for the most part has disappeared, carried away during last night, it is alleged, by souvenir hunters.

The sod was imported in order that the president might address the Irish-Americans from real soil of the Emerald Isle. It was first reported missing from the ship on which it was being carried, but the rumor proved unfounded. Upon its arrival at Chicago it was stored in a room of the Hotel LaSalle, where the banquet was held tonight.

Ever since its arrival, crowds of Irish men and women have visited the hotel and cried at the sight of this tangible bit of their fatherland. Those people in some cases undoubtedly carried away small pieces of the sod, but the heaviest inroad is said to have been made last night, how is not clearly explained by the souvenir hypothesis.

In some quarters it is hinted that the disappearances were not accidental, but were deliberately carried out as a solution of the law that the president of the United States shall not set foot during his term of office on foreign soil.

Mr. Taft's Banquet Speech. Mr. Taft's address at the banquet was, in part, as follows: "Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Irish Fellowship club: It is two years since I tested the fine flavor of your hospitality at a luncheon where my stay was only too short for my pleasure. When your honorable committee visited me, therefore, I yielded to the temptation and agreed to again become your guest when you should meet to celebrate the day that awakes the heart throbs of every true son of Ireland."

"St. Patrick's Day in the morning, I never quite understood the significance of the holiday, but of that phrase unless they meant that the brightness of the morning did not wear away until long in the night of that day in the spirit of those who are loyal to the anniversary.

"On such an occasion as this our mind turns naturally to the history of that beautiful island—with her back toward England, her face to the west—and the part that St. Patrick played in her civilization and development.

Erin's Patron Not a Myth. "Critical German scholars have attempted to make the life of St. Patrick a myth; but there are two documents which have been found in the cathedral at Armagh which the most accurate scholars believe, and have demonstrated, to be the work of St. Patrick, the man, the evangelist, the bishop.

"One of these documents he called his confession, the story of his mission; the other is a letter written to the Christians of Strathelie, complaining to them of the outrage committed by their ruler, Coroticus, who governed the Christian settlement at Dumbarton, Scotland, and who had visited Ireland and had assaulted a number of neophytes just being taken into the Christian church and partaking of the communion under the direction of St. Patrick.

"These two writings reveal St. Patrick as the man. They are written in elegant Latin, and in them he frequently calls himself an ignorant, ill-educated man. With all his modesty, however, he shows himself forceful, enthusiastic, fervently religious, spiritually minded and determined to carry out his purpose. Certainly all the evidence tends to show that he was a great man, a great leader, a holy man—one to whom all Irishmen look to with reverence and gratitude as their patron saint.

Lauds the Irish Race. "From 1820 until 1907, eighteen million foreigners had settled in the United States, and of these 3,900,000 were from Ireland. These immigrants, many of them ignorant and uneducated, but sturdy laborers, gave to their children the benefits of the public education and opportunity which have been so characteristic of life in the United States since the beginning of its history; and today

SAM LANGFORD WHIPS HIM.

Jim Flynn of Pueblo Is Counted Out in the Eighth Round.

Los Angeles, March 17.—Sam Langford, colored, did away with Jim Flynn, the Pueblo (Colo.) fireman, in the last half of the eighth round of a fight that was scheduled to go forty-five rounds in the old Jeffries arena here today. The knockout was not a clean one, an up-punch which Langford delivered with his left hand merely accelerating Flynn's fall after he had missed a right swing at Langford's jaw and lost his balance. Flynn fell prone on the mat, his arms extended, and flopped his head.

Flynn's chances of winning were dimmed in the first round when Langford delivered a right swing on the fireman's left cheek. The blow opened a gash and started the blood to flowing. With his face cut and swollen, bleeding from the nose and mouth and apparently weakened in body and spirit by the terrific blows of the colored fighter, Flynn fought through six more rounds and came up for the eighth.

When the round was half over, Langford leaped back and threw a punch which he aimed at Flynn's right. Flynn launched a swing with his right, but it failed to find its mark and his body followed. Langford's left hand shot to Flynn's jaw, but it was more from his own momentum than from Langford's blow that Flynn went down. He was counted out.

LEAVES KHARTUM; STARTS FOR CAIRO.

Colonel Roosevelt Deeply Moved When He Bids Adieu to His Comrades of the Past Year in the African Jungles.

Khartum, March 17.—Colonel Roosevelt today gathered the remaining members of his African expedition around him at a luncheon in the palace. There were many wishes of good luck before the farewells. The expedition is to make the trip as early as possible, but he was considerably moved when it came to shaking hands with those whom he will not likely see again for a long time.

After an inspection of the missions under the guidance of Bishop Gwynne, Colonel Roosevelt attended a reception at the Grand Hotel, where he again met the officials of Khartum. Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel were engaged most of the day in packing up, preparatory to leaving for Cairo, and were unable to attend the functions.

In a speech to the Egyptian officers' club, Colonel Roosevelt advised the officers to drop politics while they are soldiers. He was a soldier himself, he said, and a politician, but he never let them intermix.

Shortly before 9 o'clock this evening Colonel Roosevelt, Kermit and Miss Ethel proceeded by carriage to the station, where they boarded a special train for the trip to Cairo.

Fairbanks Brings Message of Peace.

New York, March 17.—There was no news for St. Patrick here today, save in the button-holes of those who love to freshen his name. The parks and lawns were overlaid with snow, and the skies were mantled in sober drab. Notwithstanding the miserable weather conditions, five thousand paraders dared the snow buries and wet feet and tramped Fifth avenue in style.

MAY OFFER NO EVIDENCE.

Counsel for Mayray So Intimates When the Government Rests.

Council Bluffs, Ia., March 17.—There was every evidence when Judge McPherson, of the federal court, announced a recess late this afternoon until 7:30 o'clock tonight that the trial of J. C. Mayray and his associates for the alleged swindling operations was nearing an end. The government rested just before 5 o'clock and counsel for the defense intimated that no evidence would be offered by the other side.

All day long new witnesses were called by the government to add to the voluminous evidence already before the jury. John H. Sizer, a Virginia lumber merchant, testified to having traveled 3,000 miles to Los Angeles to wager \$8,500 on a horse race in which Willard Powell, one of the defendants, was a jockey. Sizer declared that Powell, who was his jockey, deliberately "took me down the chutes and cleaned me for eighty-five hundred."

Just before the evening recess, Judge McPherson directed a verdict of not guilty against J. H. Beath, of Jacksonville, Fla. Colonel Temple stated that the desired evidence was not available in Beath's case.

DR. HYDE SCORES A POINT.

Colored Servant Gives Important Evidence in the Swoppe Case.

Kansas City, March 17.—Mrs. Ida Copridge, a negro employe at the home of Mrs. Logan Swoppe, today testified in Dr. Hyde's slander suit that for two days after her daughter was stricken with what proved to be typhoid fever she did culinary work in the Swoppe kitchen. The girl, Leonora Copridge, was taken ill the Monday following Thanksgiving Day. It was about this time that Miss Margaret Swoppe became ill with typhoid.

The attorneys for Dr. Hyde regard the testimony of Mrs. Copridge as very important. They believe they may be able to trace the origin of the typhoid to the kitchen of the Swoppe home. During her testimony Mrs. Copridge testified and the completion of her deposition was postponed until tomorrow.

QUEEN OF THE SEAS.

Steamer Mauretania Makes Another Record-Breaking Transocean Run.

New York, March 17.—Another twenty-six minutes was cut from the best time made heretofore from Queenstown to New York by the Cunard liner Mauretania, which arrived tonight. The steamer made the trip in four days, fifteen hours and twenty-nine minutes, at an average speed of 25.91 knots an hour. The previous record was held by the Mauretania.

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Washington, Friday, March 18.—With Speaker Cannon's power in the balance, his supporters fencing for time and the insurgents uniting viciously with the Democrats, the fiercest fight probably ever waged against the house rules raged for hours during the night. The Cannon forces were in the minority because of absentees, and they filibustered to prevent the crucial test. Republican Whip Dwight telegraphed for reinforcements to Philadelphia and New York.

By the vote 142 to 139 the house at 11 o'clock in the evening refused to accede to the suggestion of Speaker Cannon that a recess be taken until tomorrow. The vote was followed by loud cries of "ruin" from the Democratic side. The speaker smilingly threw a kiss toward the Democrats. Until Mr. Cannon ruled on point of order as to the legality of voting on a resolution of Representative Norris, nothing could be done, and he refused to rule.

Fight Launched by Norris. Late today a plan for a new committee on rules, with the speaker ineligible for membership, was sprung in a resolution by Representative Norris, of Nebraska. The plan of the Union selected by the house into nine groups, each group containing as near as may be an equal number of members belonging to the majority party. The states of the Union shall likewise be divided into six groups, each group containing as near as may be an equal number of members belonging to the minority party. At 10:30 o'clock on the day following the adoption of the report of the committee, each of the groups shall meet and select one of its members as a member of the committee on rules. The place of meeting for each of the groups shall be designated by the committee of three in its report. Each of the groups shall refer to the house the name of the member selected for membership on the committee on rules. The committee on rules shall select its own chairman; the speaker shall not be eligible to membership on the committee. All rules or parts thereof inconsistent with the foregoing resolution are hereby repealed."

Over a matter comparatively trivial, the insurgents found opportunity to get a test of strength with the "organization." It occurred over an attempt by Representative Crumpacker, of Indiana, to obtain consideration for a resolution amending the census act. No member opposed the resolution, but it was considered that the method used in bringing it up transgressed the rules of the house. Speaker Cannon yesterday ruled against that view, and was defeated. The question came up again today, and the regulars believed they had sufficient strength from the Democrats to reverse yesterday's action. The vote developed that they were mistaken, and the Cannon forces again were defeated.

Effect Is Startling. The second vote took place late this afternoon. The effect was startling. The "cast of blood" seemed to infuriate those who have long fretted under the restraint of the organization rule. The insurgent Republicans and the Democrats swarmed to a common battling ground, and through the leadership of Mr. Norris made a concerted movement against the Republican rules. Repeating in Mr. Cannon's desk was a resolution prepared at the beginning of the present session, held handy against the possibility of the time coming when it would be useful. He seized the opportunity and flung the gage of battle into the arena.

The previous disastrous results had made the Cannon forces wary, and they immediately began "sparring for time." The conflict was on a plane different from any that has been held in the past. It appeared that the positions had been reversed. The enemy presented a solid front, and there were wide breaches in the regular "ranks." The regulars declared that the Norris resolution was to be enforced their position. The debate on the point could not be limited, and the fight resolved into an endurance contest, with the regulars behind the breastworks and the insurgents and Democrats besieging. The best orators on both sides debated. The fact that so many members wanted to talk made it easier for the regulars to keep up the filibusters. Even Mr. Cannon took part in the discussion.

Speaker Defends His Rule. After listening for several hours to a speaker who appeared not the floor, and in direct answer to a speech by Mr.

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Cooper of Wisconsin defended his action in having reduced in committee seniority and from chairmanships such men as Fowler of New Jersey, Cooper of Wisconsin, Murdock of Kansas and others. He placed the responsibility for their punishment on their recalcitrancy in the matter of party measures, mentioning in particular the attitude of the New Jersey member on the emergency currency law.

Representatives Underwood of Alabama and Champ Clark were in charge of the fight conducted by the Democrats. As soon as the Norris resolution was launched, Champ Clark looked over the house and shouted, "If you want to change the rules, now is the accepted time."

When the applause had subsided, Majority Leader Payne made a strong plea for "regularity." "We cannot have responsibility of the majority," said Mr. Payne, "unless we can exercise it under the rules of the house. The men on that side," he continued, waving a hand toward the Democrats, "come to-day to break down the rules."

"You see the Greeks over there bearing gifts and starting a revolution in an attempt to organize the house committee. We are ready to hold up the end of the avenue," said Mr. Payne, referring to the president; "with his clear vision and his great interest in the public welfare. Now, with an election coming on, and with the best interests of the people at stake, you who have fought for the Republican party have a care that you do not aid the enemies of the Republican party."

Mr. Tawney asked whether the committee proposed would not be as arbitrary as any other committee. He asked whether two members of the committee on rules had not been selected by the Republican caucus.

"It is more correct to say," interjected Mr. Norris, "that the caucus confirmed men selected by the speaker." "The speaker did not select them," reported Mr. Tawney. "It was on my own motion that these members were selected."

"When a resolution comes from the gentleman from Minnesota," shouted Mr. Norris, "it is safe to say that its origin is not far from the speaker."

Uproarious applause greeted the Nebraska's retort. Then followed charges and counter-charges concerning the methods of delay alleged to be responsible for the inability of members to get hearings on bills brought before the house unless approved by the powers of the house.

J. Sloan Fassett, of New York, declared that the action taken would mean the success or the failure of the Taft administration.

"We have been in session three and a half months and we have done no more than to make effective any of the president's recommendations," interjected Mr. Haughen, of Iowa.

"We are on the way," replied Mr. Fassett.

Mr. Fassett read a letter from President Roosevelt to Mr. Watson of Indiana in 1906, in which Roosevelt referred to the great accomplishments of the house of representatives under the management of Speaker Cannon. Mr. Gardner, of Michigan, characterized the speaker as the wisest man in public or private life.

"Regulars" Outvoted. Mr. Tawney moved a recess until tomorrow. This was defeated, 142 to 147. On a point of "no quorum" the regulars again were defeated, 108 to 116. The Democrats began calling on the speaker to rule on the Norris resolution, but Mr. Cannon yielded the chair to Mr. Olmstead, of Pennsylvania, and left the chamber.

Mr. Cooper of Wisconsin was recognized after Mr. Olmstead had restored order. "The rules give the speaker more power than is accorded the presiding officer of any other legislative body on earth," said Mr. Cooper. "He has the right to appoint all the committees from any that has been held in the past. It appeared that the positions had been reversed. The enemy presented a solid front, and there were wide breaches in the regular "ranks." The regulars declared that the Norris resolution was to be enforced their position. The debate on the point could not be limited, and the fight resolved into an endurance contest, with the regulars behind the breastworks and the insurgents and Democrats besieging. The best orators on both sides debated. The fact that so many members wanted to talk made it easier for the regulars to keep up the filibusters. Even Mr. Cannon took part in the discussion.

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an extraordinary scene occurred when Mr. Cooper, reciting individual instances in which he declared that members had been punished by the speaker's refusal to give important committee assignments, called by name one after another of his colleagues to testify as to the hands of the speaker.

Speaker Cannon stood at the clerk's desk, observing the Wisconsin member

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with a serious face. Interrupting at last, treatment they had received at the Mr. Cannon asked Mr. Gardner, of Massachusetts, to tell the house how he ceased to be chairman of the committee on industrial arts. Mr. Gardner said he had gone off that committee voluntarily to avoid embarrassment in his course as an insurgent.

Speaker Cannon then explained why he had removed several members from committees. Mr. Fowler, as chairman of the banking committee, had refused to report the emergency currency bill after the Republican caucus twice had declared in favor of that legislation. Murdock of Kansas, Norris of Nebraska and Cooper of Wisconsin had refused to attend and abide by the will of the Republican caucus.

"And," said Mr. Cannon, "this being a government by party, the speaker made the appointments as he conceived it to be his duty in respect to the trust reposed in him by his party." Mr. Cannon then resumed the chair, smiling, but refused to rule on the point of order.

Champ Clark spoke at length against the filibuster led by Cannon. Mr. Mann, of Illinois, replied, speaking for Cannon until 1:25 a. m. Mr. Tawney renewed his motion for a recess, which the motion was defeated. The moment the vote was announced, the obstinate test of endurance was resumed.

Mr. Smith, of Iowa, a member of the committee on rules, resumed the dreary debate at 2 o'clock. Mr. Tawney raised the point of order that there was "no quorum." A roll call was ordered. The regulars broke the quorum deliberately, and left for the night.

At 2:30 o'clock nothing further could be done before late in the morning. The roll call showed 154 members present, less than a quorum. Mr. Underwood, of Alabama, moved that the sergeant-at-arms find and arrest the absentees and bring them before the bar of the house. The motion was carried, and the search was begun.

WILL CHANGE RAILROAD BILL.

Senate Leaders Confer Relative to Proposed Amendments.

Washington, March 17.—For the purpose of having the amended railroad bill amended by its friends, rather than by the senators who have assented to its provisions the senate leaders and Attorney General Wickersham conferred for two hours after the adjournment of the senate today. That a number of changes will be made, which would give the interstate commerce commission undisputed control of traffic agreements between railroad companies, if it is found that this is not already covered in the bill.

Senator Cummins concluded the third section of his dissent to the bill, and was about to enter upon the consideration of the section regulating mergers when the senate adjourned. He was on his feet two hours.

WILL SPEAK IN CHICAGO.

Gov. Stubbs of Kansas Will Answer Argument of Saloon Advocates.

Topeka, Kas., March 17.—Governor Stubbs announced today that he would speak in Chicago next Saturday and Sunday in the prohibitionists' anti-saloon campaign. The governor said he would answer the argument being made by the saloon advocates that prohibition is making Kansas "bankrupt."

"Dry" Town Becomes "Wet."

Kearney, Neb., March 17.—The official count, completed today, of the special election held yesterday shows that the saloon license issue has carried by a majority of sixteen. The town has been dry a year.

WASHINGTON ABANDONS HOPE.

Tariff War With Canada Is Regarded as Practically Certain.

Washington, March 17.—There is reason to believe that the department of officials have practically abandoned hope of any adjustment of the tariff difficulties between the United States and Canada, and believe it altogether probable that the maximum rates of the Payne-Aldrich act will go into operation again, that country automatically two weeks from today.

U. S. SOLDIERS VOLUNTEER.

Fort Snelling Men to Submit to Anti-Typhoid Inoculation.

St. Paul, March 17.—Sixty-five soldiers of Fort Snelling have volunteered to submit to anti-typhoid inoculation, the treatment to be administered within the next ten days.

DROPS DEAD AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, March 17.—Henry Zeigenthal, sixty-five years old, who while mayor of St. Louis, 1897-1900, made the remark, "We got a moon rat, ain't it?" in refusing a petition that the streets be lighted, dropped dead in the street tonight, of apoplexy. He was president of the Lafayette bank. During his administration seven members of the municipal assembly took part in legislative transactions that afterward sent them to the penitentiary.

CORPORATION TAX AT STAKE.

Washington, March 17.—For four hours today the supreme court of the United States listened to conflicting arguments on the constitutionality of the corporation tax provisions of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act. After another day's argument the court will take the statute under consideration.

AFGHAN FANATIC CAPTURED.

Washington, March 17.—The Afghan fanatic who shot and wounded two American women about a week ago while visiting the mosque of Omar near Jerusalem has been arrested and is being held pending the result of the inquiry into the American woman, one of whom lost an eye.

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... 11:

Copper Country

TWAS ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Lake Linden Gives Copperdom Irishmen a Good Mill Faithful.

The annual reunion of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of Houghton county, the principal event of the annual celebration of St. Patrick's Day, was held yesterday at Lake Linden. The following organizations participated in a parade in the morning:

- Company A, Hibernian Rifles, Hancock. Division No. 1, A. O. H., Hancock. Calumet & Hecla band. Division No. 2, Calumet. Division No. 3, Laurium. Hubbell band. Division No. 4, Dollar Bay. Division No. 5, Lake Linden. In the evening the celebration's chief incident was a concert at the opera house, with an address by Hon. Michael J. Doyle of Menominee as the feature. The program follows:

- Vocal solo, The Hibernian Stein Cup. Vocal solo, The Rose of Old Derry. Vocal solo, Killarney. Mrs. Frank J. Kohlhaas. Kathleen MacIntyre. Male Quartet, Joseph Rule, John Nichols, John Dearden, Edward Guilhaud. Lecture, "Ireland's Mission to Humanity" Hon. M. J. Doyle, Menominee. Piano solo, Irish Dreams. Miss Antoinette Girardin. Piano solo, In Old Ireland, Meet Me There. Will Hall. Vocal solo, The Harp That Once Through Tara's Hall. Miss Della Grotty. Vocal solo, A Toast to Dear Old Ireland. Patrick Lang. March, Garry Owen. Hubbell Band.

Eloquent Sermon at Houghton. St. Patrick's Day was not celebrated in Houghton yesterday with any public demonstration, but there was evidence enough of the regard in which the Emerald Isle is held. The colors of the Emerald Isle were everywhere in evidence. Shamrocks were worn by Irishmen and those who were not Irish, the greenhouses provided artificially colored green carnations, and in business houses were window displays and other decorations in honor of the day. The principal event of the day was the sermon by Rev. Thomas A. O'Malley, S. J., at St. Ignatius church. High mass was celebrated in honor of St. Patrick, the bishop who brought the Catholic faith to Erin, and Father O'Malley preached a sermon appropriate to the occasion.

Father O'Malley's name probably would convict him of ability to treat the subject with the reverent enthusiasm and fervid eloquence worthy of it. His previous utterances in honor of the Emerald Isle in the past two weeks made an announcement that he would preach a St. Patrick's Day sermon to be received with much anticipatory pleasure and the church was crowded with those who were at once eager to reverence the priestly successor who decorates that reverence with the eloquence of words. Father O'Malley introduced the wonderful achievements of St. Patrick as a missionary by saying that his glory was not won through any arms, his achievements had left no records or battle flags nor had they come down in history with the accomplishments of statesmen. But they represented the deed of bringing the Catholic faith to a people who will be honored through all succeeding ages as one who were the most unanimous in espousing Christ and the most steadfast in adhering to him. In all other pagan nations Christianity was planted in the blood of martyred missionaries. But in Ireland the people came to St. Patrick eager to learn and when on the hill of Tara he showed them the little shamrock as the nearest material example of the great dogma of the Trinity they were convinced and through ages of persecution and cruel oppression they had kept the faith.

Father O'Malley told of the oppression which had driven Ireland's sons and daughters overseas and how wherever they went, even to the farthest corners of the earth, they spread the faith which had been Patrick's hill with probably one exception they stand as a people who have done more than all the rest of the world to bring Christianity into dark places. Wherever they went Irishmen have stood for the principle which is first in every American heart, the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. The eloquent priest declared that Ireland's record is one for which no Irishman might hang his head in shame. He declared Ireland's shamrock is the only national emblem which has a sacred significance. He bespoke for future celebration of St. Patrick's Day that they be not riotous but religious as befits a day set apart to reverence one of the greatest apostles of the church.

ALEX. McDONALD DIES.

Alexander MacDonald, an old resident of Calumet, seventy-three years of age, died yesterday morning. He had lived in Calumet for thirty-five years and for thirty years was engaged in the tailoring business. A widow and two daughters survive.

KILLED AT TRIMOUNTAIN.

Egidio Giagaro, Seventeen Years of Age, Falls to Death in Mine.

Egidio Giagaro, seventeen years of age, a puffer boy employed on the twentieth level of No. 2 shaft of the Trimountain mine, was killed yesterday morning at 2 o'clock by falling down the shaft. The miners working in the slope on his level had just fired a number of holes and it is believed that he had started back to his engine. Probably the smoke confused him so that he missed his footing. In any event he was found 100 feet below his station. He died three hours later. The boy is survived by his father who works in the same mine. Justice Mitchell of Trimountain held an inquest yesterday and a verdict of accidental death was reached.

WHITE CITY CHARTERS UARDA.

New Resort Company Controls Fleet of Excursion Boats.

General Manager Labb of White City yesterday announced that his company had chartered the excursion steamer Uarda, which last season ran between the canal and the entry. It will be added to the White City fleet of excursion steamers which now includes all the steamers of that class on the lake excepting the Annie R. Hennes. The steamer International, flagship of the fleet, will run between White City and the Torch Lake towns. The Plover will take care of the Houghton-Hancock business and the Uarda will take care of the excess of night business from any place where it will be required.

In addition to these steamers White City has the big motor boat Dorothea, which will have its name changed to Elinor in honor of the little daughter of the general manager.

SIETZ JOINS ATHLETIC CLUB.

Finnish Runner Elected to Membership in Hancock Organization.

Jessie Sietz is now a member of the Reipas Athletic club of Hancock. At a meeting of the club, held in its quarters in the North Star Temperance hall, it was unanimously voted that Sietz should be admitted. Sietz took advantage of the indoor running track and had a workout of about an hour. He ran around the track at top speed for that length of time. A number of Hancock runners tried to run with him, but dropped out after one or two laps. One would take the running up after the other, but none could distance Sietz. The members of the club are anxiously awaiting the arrival of Niemi in the copper country. He is a noted marathon runner and it is expected that he will run some races here. A committee of two has been named to select paraphernalia for outdoor track work.

AFTER CHINESE GRAPTER.

C. F. Hille and Joe H. Pang of Chicago Hint at Conspiracy.

C. F. Hille, the Chicago attorney in the Chinese cases, and Joe H. Pang, his principal, left Wednesday for Houghton after what is believed to have been a fruitless visit in Houghton. They claim that all the trouble over the Chinese during the present winter was due to a Chinese gambler who, they allege, started the informing on the Chinese because they would not produce money to keep his mouth shut. The attorney and his attorney endeavored to interest Prosecuting Attorney MacDonald in the case to the extent of prosecuting this alleged blackmailer on a charge of extortion. But Mr. MacDonald wanted to be sure of his ground and deferred action. He has had some experience with the inscrutable oriental and knows he is not a good witness when he gets on the stand so that he does not believe a prosecution of a Chinaman with only Chinese witnesses against him would have much chance of success.

MANISTIQUE'S NEW TEMPLE.

Deputy Exalted Ruler Alexander Stevenson Attends Dedication.

District Deputy Grand Exalted Ruler Stevenson of Hancock spent last night at Manistique, where he attended the dedication ceremonies of the new temple of the Manistique lodge of Elks. The Manistique Elks have one of the finest temples in the state. It is a two-story building, entirely for lodge and club purposes and was erected at the cost of \$20,000. Manistique is a town of only about 5,000 inhabitants and the lodge has only 115 members. Some hard work was necessary on the part of the Elks to raise the money for the new temple with such a small membership, but they have succeeded. Elks from all over the upper peninsula attended the dedication. Wednesday evening Mr. Stevenson inspected the Elks lodge of the Soo, which is a few miles north of Manistique. He has completed his visiting work in the peninsula. He states that he finds every lodge in his district in the best of condition, flourishing and growing. His report to the grand exalted ruler will be a good one. It is expected that a new lodge of Elks will be opened at Menominee soon. Plans are being made for its organization. Mr. Stevenson will be present at its installation.

CRICKET CLUB ELECTS.

The Painesdale Cricket club has chosen officers for the season as follows: President—F. W. Denton. Vice presidents—John Jolly, John Trevarrow, H. S. Goodell, Dr. W. K. West, Dr. W. Kruka, E. A. Jeffers, E. F. Siller, Dr. W. Kruka, W. J. Richards, W. A. Rankin, John Pooley, John Letcher and James Trogenza. Treasurer—John Trevarrow. Secretary—J. H. Nancarrow. Captain—Sidney Dunstan. Vice captain—Richard Badge. Official umpire—Samuel Cox. Managing committee—Daniel Toms, John Trevarrow, Fred Rosevear, Sidney Dunstan and T. H. Nancarrow. Selection committee—Fred Rosevear, Sidney Dunstan, Edward Coombes, Richard Badge and Samuel Cox. Sidney Dunstan and John Trevarrow were named delegates to the annual meeting to be held in Hancock some time this month.

J.A. Minnear & Co. BROKERS Offices at Calumet and Laurium. Direct private wire service to all markets. If you want the best service on your curb orders and want to have in fact, instruct your banker to have us execute the order. Buy and Sell Boston Coppers, Railroads and Curb for cash or on margin. BOTH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS. Phone: CALUMET, 64 and 75. LAURIUM, 450, 520 and 605.

S.S.S. CURES OLD SORES

Every old sore is an infected spot on the flesh, kept open by constant drainage of impure blood into the place. One of the principal constituents of blood is plasma, a healing property. Where the circulation is pure this element of the blood, which is of a glutinous or sticky nature, performs the necessary work in healing all sores, wounds and lacerations. It does this by sticking or joining the parts together, while nature causes a knitting of the tissues and solidifies the place.



This healing property is frequently destroyed by impure accumulations in the blood, but becomes a source of not only loss of power to heal, but becomes a source of irritation and disease to any open sore or ulcer on the body. Constantly it discharges its morbid matters into the place, and gradually it causes the infection to spread, and the sore enlarges. The morbid matter in the blood comes from different causes. A long spell of debilitating sickness, which breeds disease germs in the system, the retention of the refuse matters of the body because of a sluggish condition of the eliminative members, a continued malarial state of the system, inherited bad blood, etc., are usually responsible.

S.S.S. heals sores and ulcers in the very simplest way. It just goes into the circulation, and removes the impurities and polluted matter that are the means of keeping the ulcer open; then the sore is bound to heal. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and not only does it cleanse the circulation, but it adds every necessary property to it to promote good health. It is of the very greatest tonic value, and those who have been weakened and run down by the constitutional drainage of an old sore will find it the very remedy needed. S.S.S. does not simply cause a scab to come over an old sore, but beginning at the bottom it leads the place permanently by building new tissue and filling in the place with firm, healthy flesh. Special book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

CURED OF EATING SORE. Dear Sir:—I was suffering greatly from a sore on my left breast, which had begun to eat, and at times I was unable to eat, and it was very offensive matter. I consulted physicians, but their treatment did not benefit me very much. My condition seemed hopeless, and I had almost despaired of getting well. I knew that the disease was hereditary in my case, as an early stage, my mother and two of her sisters had died of Cancer of the breast. After I had tried the S.S.S. I felt some better, so continued it until I was cured. I am, BELTON, MO.

BOWLING TOURNAMENT. Houghton Delegates Will Go to Lake Linden This Evening.

A delegation of Houghton bowlers will go to Lake Linden tonight for the purpose of conferring with President Theodore Hennes of the Upper Peninsula Bowling league regarding the tournament to be held in Houghton the last week of April. The Houghton bowlers are anxious that some enthusiasm for the tournament be worked up, and tonight they are going to assist the president in planning things.

Earl Daniels has taken over the management of the Dee alley and he will have charge of the tournament alley. At the establishment is the official place for holding the contests. Mr. Daniels succeeds Ernest Hansen, who has been compelled to give up his active interest in bowling because of the demands of his automobile business.

At the meeting a committee will probably be appointed to confer with other upper peninsula clubs, notably those of the iron country, where the bowling league had its birth. The prizes will also be discussed and in general the machinery set in motion to make the tournament a big success.

SPANISH WAR REUNION. Veterans Are Considering July Dates for the Gathering.

A committee of the Spanish War Veterans of Houghton, consisting of Captain George Millar, Commander Macdonald and W. Frank James, will go to Calumet next Tuesday night to attend the meeting of the Calumet veterans who that night to arrange their annual celebration of departure day. It is probable that the Houghton veterans will join with Calumet on that occasion.

The committee from Houghton is going primarily to arouse Calumet interest in the forthcoming upper peninsula reunion of Spanish War Veterans in Houghton. This question was discussed at a meeting in Houghton Wednesday night and a suggestion was advanced that the reunion be held in July instead of in September. White City had made the camp a very attractive offer for a July date, asking that one day of the reunion be spent at that resort. The Houghton veterans favor the suggestion of changing from September to July and if the veterans throughout the peninsula agree that change will probably be made.

HURONTOWN-HOUGHTON BASEBALL. Fred Mutter Is Determined to Have a Club This Coming Season.

A meeting of the baseball players and fans of Hurontown was held last night but no business of importance was done. All the action that was taken was the naming of Fred Mutter and Charles Wagner as delegates to the meeting at Hancock Sunday.

A meeting of the Houghton and Hurontown fans will be held in Hurontown Sunday afternoon at the fire hall. Fred Mutter is the leading spirit in the movement for baseball in Houghton and Hurontown and he asks that the Houghton fans attend the meeting. He says that for \$1,000 the Houghton park could be made into a good baseball park and the team could be properly equipped with

the result that Houghton and Hurontown could have good amateur baseball. Houghton used to be a good baseball town.

Mr. Mutter is determined to have baseball in this community and he says that if stocks boom just a little bit he will start the thing himself. But in the meantime he would like this public to show a little interest in the national pastime.

POSTMASTER LANG'S CAREER. Houghton Appointee Starting on His Fifth Official Term.

The reappointment of R. B. Lang as postmaster of Houghton brings him to the opening of his fifth official term. He was first appointed by President Harrison in 1888, but had previously served a year and a half under Cleveland and at the expiration of his new term will have served twenty-one and one-half years in the office. This service is not continuous, a hiatus occurring during Cleveland's second administration when E. J. Dube was postmaster.

When Mr. Lang first held office the postoffice was located in the building now occupied by Seifer's harness shop on Sheldon street. Later it was moved to the Deeb building on Isle Royale street and ten years ago on the completion of the Gazette building it was moved across the street to its present location in that structure.

During Mr. Lang's first year the Houghton postoffice did little more than \$8,000 business. During the last fiscal year it did a business of \$41,000, showing a net profit to the department of \$24,000, which is a remarkable record, as offices such as this usually are glad to be self-supporting. Mr. Lang opened his career as postmaster with one clerk, five clerks and three carriers. This is a small force for the amount of business done and is a compliment to the efficiency of the office system.

Recognizing that his reappointment is displeasing to some people because of his long term of office, Mr. Lang explains that the department is adverse to frequent changes in postmasters.

MINING COLLEGE POSTERS. Instructor A. Wold Produces Artistic Souvenir Novelties.

A. Wold, instructor in mining at the Michigan College of Mines, devotes his spare time to drawing and he has produced two artistic novelties in the form of posters which are being eagerly sought by the students as souvenirs of the college.

The most distinctive poster is one entitled "Ye Mining Engineers." This shows a stalwart youth in flannel shirt and high boots and the other rough garb affected by the M. C. M. man. He is studying a mining text book and carries at the same time a miner's pick. In the background is Hubbell hall and a shaft house worked into an ideal mining scene. The hall is treated in red but the remainder of the picture is blue. A unique border is of characteristic brain

For Evening Hours The Rayo Lamp. Some of the sweetest hours of home-life are passed under the gentle, kindly light of the evening lamp. If it be the Rayo Lamp, the light contributes an added charm—makes reading and sewing easy. There are no aching eyes after reading or sewing under the rays of the Rayo Lamp. The Rayo Lamp diffuses a steady white light. It is the least trying of any artificial light. Made of brass throughout—nickel plated—improved central draught burner. The Rayo is a low-priced lamp, but you cannot get a better lamp at any price. Once a Rayo user, always one. Every Dealer Everywhere. If Not at Yours, Write for Descriptive Circular to the Nearest Agency of STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

dusters from the various courses of the three college years, reminders to the engineer in years to come of the hard nuts he had to crack in getting through to his E. M.

Mining News

LAKE COPPER COMPANY.

Some Startling Figures of the Possibilities of the New Mining Property.

If North Lake No. 5 drill gets the lake lode and finds therein indications of as wide and rich a lode as in the Lake property, it would be a pretty fair indication that substantially all of Lake's 800-acre area would be a lode. There are 43,500 feet in an acre, and the Lake lode on every acre as far as opened is more than fifty feet thick. This means about 2,175,000 tons of rock per acre or 2,175,000 tons per 800 acres, or should, however, take off the total 8,000,000 tons or trap intrusions, rejected rock and corners and depth that cannot be readily reached. Therefore, the Lake lode rich in North Lake might go far to demonstrate 100,000,000 tons of copper rock in Lake itself. This takes no account of the two other lodes in Lake, one of which shows copper in a shaft and two levels, and the other one of which has to be outlined for value. Neither does this take any account of the increased average on the lode by reason of the dip from the horizontal plane.

If Lake rock should run twenty-five pounds of copper to the ton, there would be ten pounds of profit therein upon an ordinary copper market. Should it run thirty pounds of copper to the ton, there could be fifteen pounds of copper per ton profit. According to the price of copper, whether ten cents or fifteen cents, or twenty cents, the profit would be five or thirty pounds of copper per ton in this lode. Lake rock should yield a return of from \$1 to \$2 per ton. If copper were fifteen cents a pound and there were but twenty-five pounds of copper on the average per ton of rock, then other mines would be closed and mining wages and supplies would be lower. A Lake copper would still be making nearly a dollar a ton profit.

The Lake Copper company has opened the widest and the richest amygdaloid copper vein ever seen at Lake Superior, and there was never a price for copper in the history of the world that does not allow a handsome profit from such a lode. If copper were ten cents a pound, the Lake company from its present openings and with the equipment planned, the installation of which is to be begun this year, could produce it for six cents and make a larger profit per pound than the majority of the world's copper producers are making today. The largest owners of the Lake shares are paying no attention to the sampling of the Lake lode or the Lake mill runs. They have had their experts view the openings and they know what it can be made to produce. They know that the mill runs of eighty and eighty-two pounds of mineral were taken from good openings, and were better than the average openings. They believe that, while the amygdaloid mines as a rule reject from 20 per cent to 40 per cent of the rock, if all the rock from the Lake lode as opened were shipped to the mill, it would not return but twenty-five pounds of ingot to the ton, and that with proper selection and proper rejection of trap intrusions and waste rock, the mill should yield above thirty pounds of ingot to the ton. Whether it would do this for the next thousand feet in depth, although values at Lake Superior do not materially diminish down to 5,000 feet, or whether it would do it for the next 2,000 feet north or northeast on the lode, cannot now be said, but the North Lake drills made indicate something in this direction if they successfully locate the Lake lode.

If the Lake lode is now opened for ten years, for an ordinary mill equipment, it only remains for the company to install its new hoisting plant, this summer and determine later what milling plant offer the most economical treatment. The rock is now going to the Franklin mill which cannot treat 2,000 tons of Lake copper and a thousand tons of its own copper, as is contemplated in the future without some enlargement, for its present daily capacity is not beyond 2,500 tons. The Lake company should plan for the treatment of 2,000 tons per day and when its ground is opened further north should plan to double this output.

With the continuation of copper values in the Lake group, the Lake Copper company without great expansion of its present 85,500 shares should become in time, next to the Calumet & Hecla, the largest dividend payer at Lake Superior.

AMHEEK.

For the year ended Dec. 31, 1909, the annual report of the Amheek Mining company shows total value of copper sold and unpaid of \$1,255,000 (including sale of concentrates) compared with \$881,147 in 1908. Owing, however, to the expenditure of \$484,792 for new construction and \$134,640 for equipment and sinking of the Nos. 3 and 4 shafts, the report shows a nominal loss from operations of \$185,566, compared with a corresponding loss of \$22,253 in 1908, in which year construction and improvement expenditures were \$246,615, including cost of the stamp mill site. The company sold 8,900,525 pounds of copper in 1909 at 13.37 cents, and since Jan. 1, has sold 297,687 pounds at fourteen cents. This year construction and improvement expenditures were \$246,615, including cost of the stamp mill site. The company sold 8,900,525 pounds of copper in 1909 at 13.37 cents, and since Jan. 1, has sold 297,687 pounds at fourteen cents. This year construction and improvement expenditures were \$246,615, including cost of the stamp mill site. The company sold 8,900,525 pounds of copper in 1909 at 13.37 cents, and since Jan. 1, has sold 297,687 pounds at fourteen cents. This year construction and improvement expenditures were \$246,615, including cost of the stamp mill site.

A WISE MAN. Doesn't live as though his income couldn't stop. He makes provision for sickness, lack of work, accident, and old age, by having a savings account with this bank, when every dollar he deposits earns three per cent interest. Compound ed semi-annually.

Citizens National Bank. Houghton, Mich.

ESTABLISHED 1880. PAINE, WEBBER & CO. BANKERS AND BROKERS, BOSTON, MASS. BRANCH OFFICES: Calumet, Houghton, Milwaukee, Duluth, Butte, Great Falls. Direct Private Wires to All Markets. Curb Stocks Given Special Attention. Marquette Office, W. H. Schweitzer, Resident Manager. We solicit your stock business. Our daily quotation sheet and market letter sent for the asking. Office open from 7:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.

PRYOR & SMITH BROKERS. 37 Isle Royale St. HOUGHTON, MICH. Direct Private Wires to Boston and New York Stock Exchanges. Curb Mining Issues a Specialty. WILLIAM DUFFNEY, Manager.

good copper values. Nos. 3 and 4 shafts are being sunk with two five-foot skip roads and one ladder way, and the reworked concrete collars were finished this year. Four ton skips went into commission in August when regular sinking was begun, which, until December, was through badly broken and unsettled ground. Concrete sets and stringers have been used in both shafts in place of timbering wherever the ground would permit. It is hoped that at least two heads of the mill will be in commission by June 10.

ALLOUÉZ. The fourth head of the Centennial Allouéz mill is now in commission and is running in the La Salle rock. A shipment from the Grator mine will commence soon. It will be handled at this same mill. The fifth head at this mill will be in commission within a few weeks and the machinery for the sixth stamp head has arrived and is being set in position. These new heads are built upon the most modern lines and are certain to obtain exceptionally good returns. The rock shipments from the Allouéz mill have been increasing of late and it is claimed by those conversant with Allouéz affairs that the returns in copper from the Allouéz rock for the month of February were higher than at any time for two years past and that the profit of the company for the month was the best record ever made in the history of the mine. The Allouéz is just now getting in shape where it can benefit by the two years of preparation through which the mine has been put into its present condition. The Calumet & Hecla management. The past two years have been well spent.

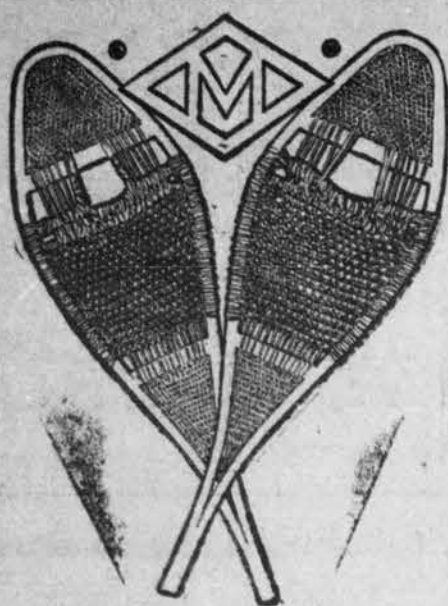
LAKE LABOR SITUATION.

The Michigan copper district has been subjected to a great deal of unwarranted misrepresentation in many of the metropolitan newspapers, and have alleged that fear of trouble with the Western

MORE PINKHAM CURES. Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy. Oronogo, Mo.—"I was simply a nervous wreck. I could not walk across the street without my head aching, my heart fluttering and I could not even receive a letter. Every month I had such bearing down sensation, as if the lower parts would fall out. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done my nerves a great deal of good and has also relieved the bearing down. I recommended it to some friends and two of them have been greatly benefited by it."—Mrs. MAE McKINLEY, Oronogo, Mo.

Another Grateful Woman. St. Louis, Mo.—"I was bothered terribly with a female weakness and had backache, bearing down pains and pains in lower parts. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound regularly and used the Sanative Wash and now I have no more trouble that way."—Mrs. AL HERZOG, 672 Prescott Ave., St. Louis, Mo. Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

BEFUDDLING THE SPARROWS. A Superior avenue saloon-keeper sows a quantity of bread crumbs in whiskey a every morning and scatters the crumbs where the sparrows may help themselves. Then he sits and muses himself by watching the antics of the unsuspecting birds. A customer came along the other day and criticized his act, declaring that it was inhuman; but the saloon-keeper says that the birds enjoy it as much as he does, or else he wouldn't do it. He says the same birds come back day after day and bring along other sparrows of liberal views on the drink question. Moreover, he points out that the alcohol helps them to withstand the rigors of this Northern climate, and does not shorten their lives, as a sparrow only lives a short time, anyway.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.



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SEALSHIP OYSTERS
FINNAN HADDIE
D. MURRAY'S
114 South Front street.

City Brevities
Today's weather: Unsettled weather; warmer.
Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 21 degrees; noon, 27; 7 p. m., 28. Maximum, 29 degrees; minimum, 20.
The Woman's guild of St. Paul's church will meet with Mrs. D. H. Ball this afternoon at 2:30.
E. A. Beaumont has gone to Green Bay to attend the funeral of his wife's father, Dr. Henry Rohde.
A meeting of the directors of the Marquette Baseball association will be held at the Hotel Clifton this evening.
St. Mary's guild will meet this afternoon at 2 o'clock with the Misses Neidhardt, 236 West Washington street.
The Woman's society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Rush Culver this afternoon at 3 o'clock.
Mrs. J. G. Koepf, who has been a patient at St. Mary's hospital for several weeks, is convalescent and about to return home.
Well drilling at the high school building was suspended yesterday as the workmen desired to honor St. Patrick by taking a day off.
The Young Woman's guild of St. Paul's church will meet at the Guild Hall at 2 o'clock this afternoon. A full attendance is desired. There will be an election of officers for the ensuing year.
A telegram was received yesterday stating that Miles Grylls, until a few years ago a well-known resident of this city, was critically ill at Morenci, Ariz., where he has been engaged in the banking business.
Engineers and oilers are at work fitting out the steamer Pathfinder, which has been tied up at No. 4 dock all winter. Local marine men predict that the boats will start out this spring as soon as ice conditions permit.
H. C. Davis, of the American Express company, is taking a two months' vacation and has gone West to look over farming lands, with a view of possibly locating there. Roy Murphy of Menominee is performing his duties here during his absence.
The Methodist Woman's Home Missionary society will entertain the Presbyterian, Episcopal and Baptist societies at their church tonight at 7:30 o'clock. One of the prominent numbers on the program will be an address by Dr. McDaniel, a missionary from Siam.

Board Act," etc. Attorneys are now figuring out whether such marking would be legal.
INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.
FIGHT FLIES WITH MOVING PICTURES

UNIQUE CAMPAIGN OF EDUCATION TO BE WAGED BY AMERICAN CIVIC ASSOCIATION AGAINST HOUSEWIFE'S PEST.
How much more sensitive the race is growing toward small annoyances is exhibited by the widespread war on the house fly, which is to be systematically conducted this coming summer. Our ancestors looked on the house fly as an unavoidable feature of existence and were so accustomed to it that it was scarcely regarded as a pest. Such greater pains and afflictions best them most of the time that flies scarcely ruffled their peace of mind.
Mosquito bars and wire netting were unheard of and the slam of the screen door lifted not its voice in the land. When they were first introduced old-fashioned people complained unceasingly "that you couldn't see out of the window," and that it was "just as if you were in cages." The effort is to chase away the bottles to seeing the entire landscape latticed with small but distinct squares.
The national crusade against the house fly was launched at Washington this week. A moving picture campaign of education throughout the United States and Canada is to be carried on by the Special Fly-Fighting Committee of the American Civic Association. Through the moving picture films they expect to "educate everybody to the dangers of the house fly and transform the population of the United States and Canada into an army that will make his existence short."
The ceiling was once the dormitory of the flies, but since they have been in a great measure excluded from the house by artificial means, where do they slumber? If the Fly-Fighting Committee of the American Civic Association can penetrate this secret they can have a regular St. Bartholomew's Eve of a time with the flies; but the flies are too shrewd to give away their clandestine roosting places. They would rather fly all night than betray the inner penetralia of their retreats for repose and some of them seem to do it.

It's in the Blood
Any form of skin disease denotes poison in the blood—some impurity seeking release.
DR. TAYLOR'S GREAT ECZEMA REMEDIES
will remove all impurities, and do it quickly. They will positively destroy the germs in the blood that cause ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM, BOILS, BLACKHEADS, PIMPLES
Dr. Taylor, the father of these remedies, was one of the most successful specialists in all skin diseases in the United States.
NO CURE—NO PAY
WE GUARANTEE TO CURE YOU of any of the affections enumerated above, and in the event of failure we agree to refund all money received by us for medicine purchased—provided the patient has strictly followed our directions. Ask for free illustrated Booklet.
Sold by the Stafford Drug Co., Marquette, Mich.

A TRIAL OF OUR
Schuylkill Machine Screened Anthracite COAL
will convince you that it is the best fuel on the market.
Jas. Pickands & Co. Ltd.
Both Telephones No. 90.
209 Front St. Marquette, Mich.

HELLO! DELF'S
What Have You in
FRESH VEGETABLES?
Why! Everything Grown

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GRAND U. S. Army Maneuvers
Another Big Feature
AT FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS.
Showing, in rapid succession, soldiers on dress parade, a view of the cavalry, followed by a realistic charge; wall scaling, building, pontoon bridge, destroying bridge with dynamite, fancy and bareback riding, shooting the Gatling guns, hurdle jumping, and many other interesting features.
DID YOU EVER SEE REPEATERS OR LEMONS AT THE GRAND?
GEORGE P. BROWN
Attorney-at-Law.
CITY HALL, MARQUETTE, MICH.
7-26-10

BRUSH'S CASH GROCERY
Both Phones, Fifth and Washington Sts.
CHEESE Full cream, while it lasts, 15c per lb.
Strictly Fresh Eggs, 25c per dozen.
Creamery Butter, 35c
Oranges, per peck, 60c
California Evaporated Peaches, per pound, 15c.
California Evaporated Peas, per pound, 10c.
California Evaporated Apricots, per pound, 15c.
Evaporated Apples, bright ring cut, per pound, 13, 15c.
Seeded Raisins, very best, one-pound package, 9c.
Sweet Santa Clara Peas, per pound, 12c, 10c.
California Cooking Figs, and Seedless Muscatel Raisins, per pound, 8c.
25-lb. Sack Best Granulated Sugar, \$1.50
Extra Standard California Peaches or Peas, large cans, 22c.
Extra Standard California Apricots, large cans, 18c.
Cherries, red or white, and Singapore Pineapple Chunks, per can, 15c.
Preserved Strawberries, per can, 18c.
California Apples in Syrup, large cans, 15c.
New York Plums in Syrup, large cans, 12c.
Extra Preserved Red Raspberries, or Strawberries, the finest put up, per can, 25c.
Lima Beans, String and Wax Beans, Succotash, Hominy, Spinach, per can, 10c.
Pumpkin, solid pack, and Sardines in Mustard, per can, 8c.
Best Standard Tomatoes, per can, 10c, 8 cans, 55c.
Snyder's Sunnyside Baked Pork and Beans, Tomato Sauce, 3-pound cans, 10c.
Standard Tomatoes, Early June Peas, Sugar Corn, 3 cans, 25c.
Sardines in Oil, 7 cans for 1, 25c.
Table Corn Syrup, gallon can, 40c.
Runkel Bros.' or Baker's Cocoa, 5-pound cans, 22c.
See can K. C. Baking Powder, 18c.
49-lb. Sack Best Flour, \$1.60
All 50c grades Unbleached Japan, Gunpowder, Oolong and English Breakfast Tea, per pound, 39c.
Runkel Bros.' or Baker's Baking Chocolate, per pound, 38c.
Graham Flour, 10-pound sack, 35c.
Yellow Corn Meal, five pounds, 13c.
Quaker Oats, large package, 23c.
Rice, full head Japan, four pounds, 25c.
Beans, best hand picked, per pound, 5c.
Prepared Pancake or Buckwheat Flour, two-pound package, 10c.
Saler's Catsup, pint bottles, 20c.
Santa Claus or Queen Ann Soap, 10 bars for 1, 38c.
Soda Crackers, fresh baked, 20-pound box, \$1.35

If you want the BEST order from
F. B. SPEAR & SONS.
C. C. B. Pocahontas Smokeless Scranton Anthracite
Blue Grass Cannel
YOUGHIOGHENY SOFT LILLIE SMITHING
BOTH PHONES 117.

Up to Grade Always CERESOTA
From Minnesota

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ADD BIG MILEAGE.
American Express Company to Take Over Pacific Lines West of Omaha.
Elmer French, local agent for the American Express company, has received notice that on April 1, the American will take over all lines west of Omaha, formerly operated by the Pacific Express company. Included in the transfer is the express traffic of the Union Pacific, Oregon Short Line, Oregon Railroad & Navigation company, and several other smaller western railroads. The addition of this mileage formerly operated by the Pacific company will give the American Express company direct service from ocean to ocean and make it the largest express concern in the world. Over 1,000 new offices will be under the control of the American and the company will be in much better shape to handle western business promptly. Some of the larger cities with which the American will have direct connection as the result of this purchase are: Portland, Salt Lake City, Denver, Ogden, Seattle and Butte. Tariffs for the offices on the newly acquired lines have not been received at the Marquette express office, but it is thought that the rates to many western cities will be lower than at present.

TENTS - AWNINGS
All Canvas Work.
Now is the time to place your orders and avoid the spring rush.
KELLY HDWE. CO.
Bell 503. Marquette, Mich.
2-16-10

Going to Build?
We are stocked to furnish you anything required in the construction of a home, in
PINE, OAK, CYPRESS, FIR and HEMLOCK
Interior Finish a Specialty and Prompt Delivery another Specialty.
Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.
7-23-10

Cut Flowers
Freshly cut
Potted Plants
in bloom.
Ferns, Palms, Smilax, etc.
Flowers for decorative purposes, Funeral designs.
The best and most reasonable place to buy flowers is at
Sorensen's Greenhouses
Third St.
MARQUETTE.
Mail or telegraph orders have our careful attention.

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BOWLING SCORES.
The last five games on the Foad and Van Iderstine cup in the match between Manes and Bell vs. Foad and Van Iderstine was played last evening, and was won by Foad and Van Iderstine by the largest surplus of pins of any match played so far. This leaves the pairs' standing as follows:
Manes and Bell, won four matches.
Foad and Van Iderstine, won three matches.
Allen and Miller, won two matches.
Godwin and Jenks, won two matches.
The total scores were:
Manes 2559
Bell 2402
Foad 4961
Van Iderstine 2578
Foad and Van Iderstine 2095
Foad and Van Iderstine won by 312 pins.
A nice strip or small figure for bed room from 10 to 20c per double roll at Gell's paper store. I will trim the paper for you free gratis. (3-10-10)
You can get some nice parlor paper from 18 to 25c per double roll at Gell's wall paper store. (3-10-10)
ELI COUVION, TRUCKER.
Removes ashes and garbage. Order by phone, Bell 382-J. (6-7-10)
Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of Kidney or Bladder trouble that is not beyond reach of medicine. No medicine can do more. Sold by all druggists.

Wood and Building Material.
GENERAL TEAMING and CONTRACT WORK
Also Agent for the Monumental Bronze Co.
HOUSES FOR RENT.
GEO. E. FRENCH
Bell Phone 184-L.

BUICK MODEL 17; Price \$1,750.
WARD POWELL, Agent.
Marquette Michigan.

This Is a Good Time
to prepare for your
Spring Repairing
We can furnish all your requirements in
BUILDING MATERIAL
at lowest prices and make prompt delivery.
The Superior Lumber Company
Both telephones No. 90.
Look for "THE SQUARE DEAL" Sign.

BIJOU
Change of Picture Program Today.
TONIGHT
Last appearance of
PRICE
The Minstrel Marvel, and the
BLINKIES
7:15, 8:15, 9:15 and longer if necessary. Try and get in.
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy
Cures Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough.

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Charlton & Kuenzil, ARCHITECTS.
MARQUETTE, MICH.
PALACE LIVERY STABLE
JAY & BRICKER, Props.
First-class Livery Service at all hours.
First-class Boarding Stables.
Teams of All Kinds.
FOR SALE—Driving and Draft Horses to suit any wants

Why Pay \$5.00 Each for Testing Your Herd for Tuberculosis When You Can Test Your Own Cattle?
A complete outfit, including Tuberculin to test 10 heads, \$5.00; on all over ten 15c. Charts for temperatures and Dr. David Roberts' Cattle Specialist O. K. FREE.
The People's Drug Store
Marquette, Michigan.

Our New Line of
Boys' Knee Pants
Just Received.
765 pairs to choose from. Our Men's and Boys' Suits are the best we have ever before shown, and the prices are lower.
The Hub Clothing Store
Washington St. Marquette, Mich.
The Hub Clothing Store
N. D. Forgostein, Prop.
Washington St. Marquette, Mich.

Ishpeming County Phone 92. Ishpeming Long Dist. Phone 82.
Negaunee County Phone 93. Negaunee Long Dist. Phone 190.

GEORGE F. RUEZ BROKER

Robbins Block, 116 Main St., ISHPEMING.
First National Bank Block, NEGAUNEE.

BOTH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.

Palme, Webber & Co.'s private wire to Boston, New York and all markets. Daily market letter, also Walker's Weekly Copper Letter, mailed free upon request.

Ishpeming Department

STEEL TRUST DIVIDEND ABOUT TO BE RAISED

THE BIG CORPORATION EMPLOYED 50,000 MORE MEN IN 1909 THAN DURING THE PREVIOUS YEAR.

ed for their patience. A larger payment is highly probable in view of the actual receipts and the prospects." A poll of several directors, of equal influence with Judge Gary, resulted in the private admission that the dividend would be raised next month.

ANNUAL CONCERT.
Management of Ishpeming Band Has Prepared Program for Good Friday.

The program to be given by the Ishpeming band at its annual Good Friday concert, at Ishpeming theater, is one of the finest that the band has ever offered. The prices will be fifteen, twenty-five and thirty-five cents. The program follows:
March, Chicago Tribune.....Chambers
Ishpeming Band.
Overture, Tancredi.....Rossini
Ishpeming Band.
Selection.....Y. M. C. A. Glee Club.
Selection, "Little Nemo".....Victor Herbert
Ishpeming Band.
Vocal Solo.....Miss Mahel Richards.
Wedding of the Winds Waltz.....John T. Hall
Ishpeming Band.
Intermission.....Y. M. C. A. Glee Club.
Sacred Selection, "Joy to the World".....Barnhouse
Ishpeming Band.
Violin Solo, "Polonaise in D Minor".....Frank Trombly.
Hunting Scene, Descriptive Overture.....Bucalossi
Ishpeming Band.
Cornet Solo, "Victor Polka".....Snyder
Arnt Schoenberg.
Selection.....Y. M. C. A. Glee Club.
Overture, Offenbachiana.....Boettger
Ishpeming Band.

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000 Ishpeming, Mich.
SURPLUS \$80,000

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

DIRECTORS:
D. T. MORGAN, F. BRAASTAD, A. B. MINER,
W. H. JOHNSTON, A. MATTLAND,
H. O. YOUNG, JAMES CLANCEY,
DR. T. A. FELCH, M. M. DUNCAN.

OFFICERS:
F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier,
H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres., O. G. AAS, Asst. Cashier,
GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

COUNTY PHONE 395. LONG DIST. PHONE 88.

D. T. MORGAN & CO. BROKERS

106 Front St., Ishpeming, Mich.
WE SPECIALIZE IN
LISTED - Coppers - UNLISTED

Direct private wire service to New York and Boston. Our Daily Market letter MAILED FREE upon request.

It was reported from New York yesterday that the annual report of the United States Steel corporation, just issued, shows a large increase over 1908 in the number of men employed and in the salaries and wages paid. The average number of employees in the service of all the subsidiary companies of the corporation is shown by the report to have been 195,500 in 1909, as against 165,211 in 1908. The salaries and wages paid in 1909 aggregated \$151,663,394, as compared with \$120,510,829 in the year previous.

E. H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors, is satisfied that the United States Steel corporation is invulnerable, because it has always kept within the law. He states:

"It is well so. To use an expressive colloquialism, the country would not stand for an attack on us. Our company was organized with the utmost care. A scrupulous regard for corporation laws was had. All our moves have been above board."

"We were investigated by Mr. Wickersham and by his predecessor. They were unable to find anything on which to base an action, which is fortunate for the country as well as for ourselves. The disintegration of this company had meant commercial havoc and financial chaos. Trade had been paralyzed. The United States might as well have gone out of business had the United States Steel corporation been put out of business."

"It is not a question of our seventy-odd thousand shareholders, or even our 200,000 employees, they are relatively minor characters—the question is national: it affects every railroad, every builder, every citizen, indeed."

"Judging by the orders coming in, the country at large does not think we shall be put out of commission. The outlook, therefore, for a big year is brilliant."

"We have spent between \$350,000,000 and \$400,000,000 from earnings for extensions and betterments. Consequently I believe, and I speak only for myself—stockholders should now be reward-

ENTERTAINED IN SOUTH.

The following mentions of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Baker, who spent the past few weeks with relatives and friends in the South, are taken from different issues of the Gullport (Miss.) Record:

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Baker, of Michigan, arrived on the coast last evening. They are at present at the home of Captain and Mrs. S. T. Gause, at Hantsboro, Mrs. Baker being Mrs. Gause's niece and a cousin of Mrs. T. J. B. Kellier, of our city. Mr. and Mrs. Baker will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. B. Kellier the latter part of the week. Judge and Mrs. J. R. Kelly entertained a few guests at cards last evening at their elegantly appointed home on East Beach, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Baker, of Michigan. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Colquhoun, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. B. Kellier, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Haire and Mr. and Mrs. Baker. T. J. B. Kellier was the fortunate winner of the prize. Delightful refreshments were served.

Mrs. Baker, the attractive guest of Mrs. Kellier, who has had so many beautiful social affairs given for her, was honor guest at a recent delightful affair, when Mrs. D. M. Graham was the gracious hostess. The very dainty prize was won by the honoree. The other guests were: Mr. and Mrs. V. A. Griffith, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Kellier, Mrs. Robert Kemp, Mrs. S. E. Cowan and Mrs. Le Baron. Miss May Cowan, by her sweet solos, gave pleasure to all present on this happy occasion. Mr. and Mrs. Graham were so lavish in their genuine hospitality as to make each one present feel they were indeed a welcome guest.

Spring 1910

We are ready to supply in the latest productions
Knox Hats, Hanan and Tilt Shoes
in addition to our unexcelled lines of
CLOTHES and MEN'S FURNISHINGS
L. W. ATKINS & CO.

THE PENINSULA BANK

ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN.
ORGANIZED OCTOBER 27, 1887.

Capital \$50,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits \$65,000

THOS. WALTERS, President. GEO. F. THONEY, Vice President.
HERMAN JAEDECKE, 2nd Vice President.
J. G. WELSH, Cashier. PETER HANDBERG, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Thos. Walters, Herman Jaedecke, Lars Hoyzath
H. F. Heyn, Geo. F. Thoney, Thos. W. Hughes
Jos. Mitchell, Thos. H. Bargh, Otto Eger

TAKE NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the late Andrew Talo are requested to call at Henry Kaupilla's place, Division street, near city building, on or before the 25th inst., and settle the accounts.

(3-14-11) MRS. F. TALO.

"THE MAN ON THE BOX."
Play That Had Long Runs in New York and Chicago to Be Seen Here.

The Chicago Tribune said of "The Man on the Box," which will be the offering at the Ishpeming theater tonight: "A comedy as neat in construction, as delightfully played as was ever rendered to a theater loving public, is being offered at the Whitney. It is called 'The Man on the Box.'"

"It has been some time since Harold McGrath has favored us with any thing from his pen, and it was pleasant last evening to listen again to the clever dialogue and the bright quips which he fashioned with more of ease and masterfulness than does any other of our native authors. He has written a charming little three act comedy in 'The Man on the Box' and has given us a play which, while it may not go ringing down the ages, as a particularly significant or vital piece of dramatic literature, nevertheless displays his ability in most favorable light, and supplies the amusement seeking public with an entertainment at once sparkling, refined, and neat."

M. J. Olson, the piano tuner, can now be reached by County telephone No. 520, or by mail, at 400 East Ridge street, Ishpeming. First-class work guaranteed.
(1-12-11)

Fully nine out of every ten cases of rheumatism is simply rheumatism of the muscle due to cold or damp, or chronic rheumatism, neither of which require any internal treatment. All that is needed to afford relief is the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. Give it a trial. You are certain to be pleased with the quick relief which it affords. Sold by The People's Drug store.

How men would kick if their wives struck for an eight-hour day!

OPENING WEEK

March 21 to 26, 1910.

You are cordially invited to call at our store and inspect our new line of Ladies' Suits, Coats, Dresses, Capes, Waists, Skirts, Petticoats, Millinery and Shoes. Men's Suits, Spring Coats, Shoes and Hats, Boys' Suits.

We have done our best to select the goods we thought you would like, and we don't think you will be disappointed when you see them.

GATELYS

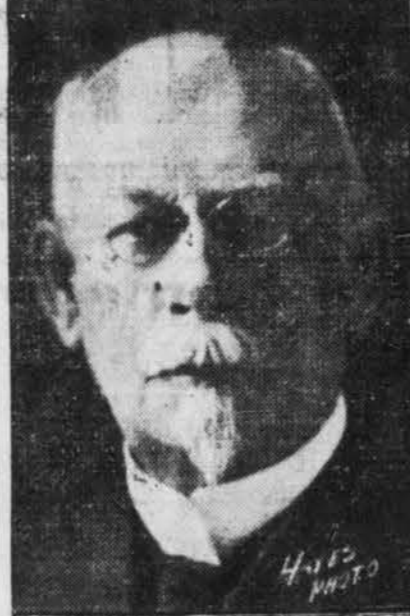
ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN.
LENN A. SNYDER, Mgr.

Store open every evening next week until 8:30 o'clock. Saturday until 10 o'clock.

HON. **Geo. W. Peck** || **Dean W. Kelley**

is widely known as a humorous writer and speaker against Prohibition and author of "PECK'S BAD BOY" and other stories.

FREE
ISHPEMING THEATRE
Sunday Evening
March 20, 8 p. m.
ALL ARE INVITED



GOVERNOR PECK.

Formerly prosecuting attorney of Clinton Co., Mich. He is an entertaining and forceful speaker on the Fallacies of Prohibition.

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ISHPEMING THEATRE
Sunday Evening
March 20, 8 p. m.
ALL ARE INVITED

MASCOTS DOING WELL.
Considerable interest has been aroused in the mascot contest between four Ishpeming boys, which started a week ago. All of the contestants are putting in their spare time selling coupons, and they have met with success. Albert Sandberg is at present in the lead, with a total of 450 votes; Mark Gunville comes second, with 340; George Wommer has 320, and Leslie Brown, 150. It is expected that \$200 or more will be realized on the contest, which will close on election day, April 4.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, etc.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Opening a Great Success

The Fashion Suit Co.'s

Opening in the Kennedy Block, Main St., Was Attended by Hundreds of Ladies Yesterday.

All were delighted with the display. We were pleased with the turnout and we take this opportunity of expressing our appreciation of the splendid response to our invitation to inspect the goods, which embrace all the latest styles in

Ladies,' Misses' and Children's Garments

Opening Continues Today and Tomorrow.

MAIN STREET. **THE FASHION SUIT CO.** Ishpeming, Mich.
Special attention given out-of-town trade. All orders filled promptly.



Ishpeming Department

BIG ORE DISCOVERY.

United States Steel Corporation Converting Township into Mine.

An ore discovery of considerable importance has been made in the town of Sparta, on the Messaba range, where the United States Steel corporation is largely interested. The company has started to convert the old townsite into an open pit.

For some time drills have been operated on land in the town of Sparta on the upper side of Cedar Island lake, owned by the Murphy-Dorr-Flynn interests of Detroit, who control most of the fee to the big Fayal and Adams mines at Eveleth and who are said to own about 30,000 acres on the Messaba range. It is said that an ore body more than 100 feet thick has been shown up. Reports vary as to the exact depth of the ore as determined by the drills, but the showing is said to have proved beyond a doubt that the Biwabik formation, comprising the ore bearing rocks of the Messaba, makes a more southerly swing near Cedar Island lake than is indicated by maps.

The southern line of the formation as it sweeps the north shore of the lake and then swerves sharply north toward Eveleth and Virginia has never been clearly defined. This is chiefly because the lands along most of this southern boundary have been in litigation for many years, original settlers and their children waging legal battle with the Murphy-Dorr-Flynn interests. Much of this litigation has been settled to the advantage of the "dirt fellows" and drills will soon show whether the iron formation runs under the lake.

That it extends to the edge of the lake no one doubts as drills have proved it to be within ten feet of the water's edge. Interested people think the lake lies in a trough of taconite under which is a large body of the Messaba magnetite. A peculiar feature connected with drilling operations near the lake, as well as the development of the big pit of the United States Steel corporation, is the small evidence of water at depth, even below the level of the lake bed. Occasionally an underground spring is tapped but considering the proximity of the lake the flow of water is remarkably light.

Incidentally, another company has been formed to develop the property owned by George Shea at the west end of the lake. A company was organized some time ago, but it was unable to raise sufficient funds to pay for the property. It is said that the owner as part of the conditions of transfer demanded \$100,000 in real money. Under the agreement with the new company about two-thirds of this sum is represented by notes while the other one-third will be paid over in cash.

ACQUIRE BIG MINE.

Jones & Laughlins Company Purchases Nassau Property, Near Hibbing.

The Nassau mine, located about one mile east of Hibbing, has been sold by the Pittsburg Iron company to the Interstate Mining company, a branch corporation of the Jones & Laughlins company, which is the largest independent concern operating on the Mesaba range. The Jones & Laughlins company owns the Longyear mine, adjoining the Nassau, and it is expected that both properties will be stripped this year and worked jointly, making one of the largest open pit mines on the range.

Mark Elliott, general superintendent of the Jones & Laughlins properties on the Mesaba, Clement Quinn, the chief engineer, and Captain John Sincow, formerly of the Lake Angelina, have spent the past few days at Hibbing, looking over the new property and perfecting plans for starting stripping work. The Nassau mine is listed by the Minnesota state tax commission as containing 4,000,000 tons of ore. The Longyear is listed at 3,000,000 tons. The latter property has never been worked. It adjoins the Webb mine directly on the east, the three mines, the Webb, Longyear and Nassau, running directly east from the Sellers, which is within the village limits of Hibbing on the east side of the town.

Medicines that aid nature are always most successful. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. It loosens the cough, relieves the lungs, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Sold by The People's Drug Store.

FOR SALE—Horse, ten years old, weight 1,300 lbs.; also one mare, six years old, weight 1,250 lbs. Inquire of Axel Walshead, 701 Michigan St., Ishpeming, Michigan. (3-16-10)

FOR SALE—Second-hand team platform spring dray, with side seats and top, both removable, cheap. Ole Walshead, Ishpeming. (3-16-10)

FOR SALE—New milk cow, Ernest Ben, 677, at C. & N. W. freight office, Ishpeming. (3-16-10)

FOR SALE—Thirteen and one-third acre farm; eight acres cleared and all fenced. Located one mile from city of Ishpeming. Terms, \$500 cash. Gust Boyer. (3-4-2w)

Blacksmiths Consolidate

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have entered a partnership for the conduct of a general blacksmithing and repairing business under the firm name of Peterson & Verrant, and will conduct business after March 1, in Mr. Peterson's former stand, 214 East Pearl street. All work guaranteed up to the minimum. HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY. Patronage solicited.

Albert Peterson.
R. T. Verrant.
2-22-1m

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

F. Braastad & Co. announce their spring display of ladies' hats for next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

The Marquette County Gas & Electric company has just installed an electric organ blower at the Swedish Lutheran church.

Miss Josephine Jernstad, who is taking a course in nursing at Augustana hospital, Chicago, is home on a visit to her parents.

C. A. Childs, manager of J. Sellwood & Co.'s dry goods department, has returned from Chicago, where he spent a week on business for the concern.

Births recorded in the city yesterday were a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. J. Johnson, 120 East Empire street; a son to Mr. and Mrs. Yakkie Kuivamaki, 702 Roody street, and a daughter to Sol Lockmeier and wife, 503 West Division street.

The Fashion Suit company's opening was attended by several hundred Ishpeming women yesterday. The store was crowded the greater part of the day and the ladies were well pleased with the display. Carnations were given to the visitors.

Miss Florence Charbonneau has returned from Chicago, where she spent the past couple of weeks looking up the late styles in millinery and purchasing a line of goods for her parlors in the Dundon block. She will hold her opening next Wednesday, the 23rd.

E. R. Nelson recently sold a seven-passenger Franklin automobile to S. J. Mitchell of Marquette, and a five-passenger Franklin to M. C. Quinn of Neenah. Mr. Nelson expects to deliver a number of automobiles in various parts of the upper peninsula during the next two or three months.

The Y. M. C. A. basketball team will leave this afternoon at 4:10 o'clock on the Lake Superior & Ishpeming line for Munising, where it will try conclusions tonight with the Y. M. C. A. team of that city. The local team will be composed of Ted Butler, manager; W. E. Hawthorne, Ed. Johnson, M. R. Weber, Arthur Erickson, Phil Hauglund and Henry Girzi. The boys will return tomorrow morning.

George Pollock, a noted platform orator, of Fargo, N. D., will give the last of the "drys" of this county on the afternoon of Sunday, April 3, when he will speak at the Ishpeming theater. The "wets" will have a speaker at the theater that evening. The "drys" meeting next Sunday afternoon at the Ishpeming theater will begin at 3 o'clock. Rev. Ames A. Maywood, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church of Marquette, will be the speaker.

A. C. Braastad yesterday wired The Mining Journal from Chicago that he had made arrangements for an advanced spring display of men's suits, designed and authorized by the house of Knipfheimer, and that he has engaged the services of an expert tailor, who will be at F. Braastad & Co.'s store next Wednesday and Thursday for the convenience of those wishing made to order garments. Mrs. Braastad, who accompanied her husband to the city, arrived home yesterday, and he is expected back Sunday.

CURB STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Table with columns for stock names and prices. Includes Am. Mat., Am. Sag., A. & M., Biscuit, B. Sup., Cactus, C. Mat., C. Sup., C. Cop., Cord, D. Daily, E. Cen., Kestrel, etc.

George F. Ruez's Review.

The market today showed considerable improvement. Trading was not heavy, but transactions made resulted in higher prices throughout the list. The Lake issues with Superior & Boston and North Butte showed most of the trading. The buying of Superior & Boston was very good and the price of the shares was forced up from 14 1/2 to 16. North Butte was also in good demand on the statement from a prominent man that as a result of recent developments North Butte at 41 is relatively cheaper than it was when it sold at 22. The Feb. runy production of Cabinet & Arizona and Superior & Pittsburg was 1,012 and 322 tons, respectively. A message from Biscuit today states that Superior & Pittsburg on the 1500-foot level is in 21 per cent ore. The Biscuit was again active and strong on the curb. It advanced from 3 1/2 to 4 1/2, closing around 4. Chino, Ray Central, Bohemia and Cactus were also active, with fractional gains as the result of the day's trading.

D. T. Morgan Company's Letter.

The New York market was dull and sluggish today, though the tone was firm and the trend was decidedly upward while the market was active. There is some uneasiness as to the future of the money market and hesitation in placing orders by railroads, on account of the disquieting attitude of labor organizations. New York looked more slowly sagging market for the present, with a substantial rise later in the spring. The Boston market made a sorry showing with fewer transactions than at any time for the year. North Lake, LaSalle, North Butte and Lake were most active, with resulting loss of over a point. LaSalle sold down to 2 1/2, but later recovered to 3. North Butte and Lake were both stronger. The other Colorado stocks were unusually quiet as was also the balance of the list. Superior & Pittsburg reports striking a body of 23 per cent ore on the 1500-foot level of one of the shafts. The price changes were unimportant. All news on the metal situation continues unfavorable. Bohemia displayed a little activity in an otherwise lifeless curb market. A few transactions in Boston Ely, Cactus, Chief, Omine, South Lake and Ray Central illustrated the underlying strength of the market, by gains of small fractions. A Salt Lake news paper says that Chief is now earning \$20,000 per month and expects to double this in the near future. We still believe the curbs present the best profit-making opportunities under present market conditions and think Chief, Cactus, Boston Ely, Omine, South Lake, Bohemia, Ray Central, San Antonio and Shattuck the best list from which to make selections.

A man's opinions are subject to change—says the good one he has of himself.

CONGRESS MAY END EARLY.

Senate Is Really Trying to Rush Pending Legislation.

Railroad Bill and Conservation Measure Have the Right of Way—More Changes Expected in Postal Savings Bills, Which Is by No Means Satisfactory.

Washington, March 17.—Hope of the adjournment of congress by May 1 has been revived by the meeting of the senate steering committee recently, and the apparent acquiescence by most of the senators in the plan agreed upon by the committee. The conference discussed definitely only two measures, the railroad bill and the conservation programme, and decided to make the former the exclusive business of the senate, outside the appropriation bills for the next few weeks, and to take up the conservation bills next. Some of the leaders hope to pass the railroad bill within three weeks, but others fear that twice that time will be consumed before the committee reports. The reports are ready to let a vote be taken. A report of the result of the conference was made to the president by Senator Aldrich, and although the president would like to push also the anti-injunction bill, it is unlikely that he will urge the Alaskan and statehood bills upon congress. The anti-injunction bill may be taken up, but something will depend on whether it can be passed without too much delay. The president is quoted as saying that if Samuel Gompers and James W. Van Clieve are opposed to the measure, it must be a pretty good thing as a workable compromise, and on that basis Mr. Taft is expected to do all he can to keep the bill alive.

The two conservation bills which the administration expects to get through have both been reported by Senator Nelson, chairman of the committee on public lands. They have the indorsement of Gifford Pinchot and his followers, and for this and other reasons are reasonably sure of passage.

Defects of the Postal Bank Bill.

Despite the passage of the postal savings bank bill by the senate, of the statehood bills by the house, and the agreement of the senate leaders upon the railroad and conservation measures, the important legislation of the session is still in a tentative state. It appears that the Borah amendment to the postal savings bank bill, prohibiting investment of the deposits in United States securities bearing less than two and one-quarter per cent interest, and a device of Senator Carter, himself rather than Borah, the shrewd old gentleman in charge of the bill apparently having convinced himself that he could not skin the measure through unless he yielded something. Senator Aldrich was out of town while the bill was going through and other members enjoyed a field day, but their victory promises to be rather a hollow one. Men who are supposed to know about such things believe the bill will never come out of the house committee on post offices and post roads unless the Borah amendment is taken out of it and the deposits made available for investment in two per cent bonds.

The plan to use the money for this purpose has suffered the very unfair criticism that it was made in furtherance of the central bank scheme, the critics being either ignorant or unwilling to admit that some provision must be made for a proper investment of the money, if the United States is to be responsible for it, whether a central bank is established or not. Neither is the establishment of the central bank necessary for the adoption of a refunding plan or of one simply to retire two per cent bonds with postal bank deposits. If provision were made that the two per cents be taken up by these deposits, it would be much easier to frame a currency reform bill, whether it provided for a central bank or not. The notion that a central bank is indispensable to any plan to divorce bonds from currency is a fallacy, although no doubt it would be the most convenient device. The senate radicals forced state banks into two per cent bonds out of the bill. Before it becomes law, the state banks must get out of it and the two per cents go back, otherwise the president may be expected to veto the measure.

Friends of Taft Much Embarrassed.

The truth is that the course of the administration in getting its bills before congress has inadvertently brought about a situation which is very embarrassing to the Republicans who desire to stand by the president and the party and yet are unwilling to surrender their own freedom of action. Instead of recommending his legislation in general terms, the president has preferred to be explicit and, in fact, apparently wrote his railroad message to congress with the railroad bill before him. He has left little to the judgment of congress, and if the administration were to be followed blindly, a member could not introduce the most innocent amendment to the bill without incurring the charge of disloyalty.

Moreover, the president's cabinet of lawyers have inadvertently aided to create a poor legislative atmosphere. Fresh from great corporation practice, they have regarded the president only as their client and set about to do his bidding whether the issues in hand might commend themselves to the people or not. This loyalty is not to be criticized, from one point of view, but it has resulted in corporation lawyers in the cabinet preparing and corporation legislation which their own judgment did not approve. The corporation tax, the postal savings bank bill and even the railroad bill are cases in point. None of these measures are such as a majority of the men who are making them law would initiate if they were left alone. Indeed, the whole programme of the president labors under the fundamental disadvantage that it represents no strong public demand.

This is not to say that the president's ideas may not be just and right; that he is not wisely in advance of public and congressional sentiment; that it is to suggest the difficulties in congress under which the president's programme is going forward. The senate leaders realize the awkwardness of the situation, and propose to minimize it by accepting only such amendments as the president can be induced to approve; but this course, while it may have some advantages of its own, does not essentially change the situation. It does not encourage congress to act in a representative capacity; it does not shift the burden from the White House

LADIES' HAT OPENING

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday March 21, 22 and 23

Our new lines of Ladies' Spring Hats, the largest and most attractive we have ever shown, are now on display. All the latest creations represented.

F. Braastad & Co.

ISHPEMING THEATRE TONIGHT

The Delightful Comedy

The Man on the Box



Scene from Second Act.

Edward Russell.

Scene from First Act.

PRICES: 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

to the Capitol, where it belongs. It is simply a decision of expediency, a development of party expediency. Several amendments to the railroad bill already are favored by the senate leaders for no other reason than that the arguments in their favor, notably with respect to the water-carrier provision, appear to be sound.

Party Platforms Say Too Much.

One of the most interesting developments of the situation brought about by the administration, whatever the immediate end may be, is a disposition on the part of the majority to more closely restrict what the Republican platforms hereafter. As many of the best men in congress believe that railroad legislation should be only general in its provisions and leave much to the good judgment of the interstate commerce commission, so do these men hope that national party platforms will not be made too explicit in the future but will leave something to the judgment of congress. Party platforms have run the last few years, each party apparently trying to outdo the other in the number of definite promises it could make. President Taft has followed the high minded policy of making the Republican platform at its word. The re-

sult has been a legislative confusion which is almost unparalleled, simply because the great and complex questions at which the platform hints cannot be covered in a few lines of party promise. Neither party would sacrifice anything of principle in editing down its convention promises and confining them to general statements of policy, without trying to provide the exact machinery for carrying them out.

WON BY CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Suffragette Tells How She Outwitted Jailers and Was Freed in London. London, March 16.—Mrs. Alice Chaplin, the suffragette who recently completed a jail sentence for throwing acid on the ballot boxes during the Bournemouth bye-election and thereby caused injury to the eyes of one of the election officers, tells how she checked the prison authorities in the manner of forcible feeding. She evolved her method for outwitting the authorities in a novel way. When a young girl in America, Mrs. Chaplin said, she became interested in Christian Science. When she was sent to jail she remembered her earlier experiences and resolved to make some

scientific experiments on herself. She directed her will-power to losing her appetite and producing general debility. She found the plan to be effective and her appetite rapidly declined. When the authorities discovered that she was losing her desire for food they replaced the ordinary prison fare of tea and thick slices of buttered bread, first of all, with thin buttered bread. This did not seem to save the desired effect and they followed it with appetizing buttered toast and a dinner of fish and potatoes. Mrs. Chaplin still showed no appetite and the next experiment was with chicken, milk pudding and calf's foot jelly.

Mrs. Chaplin says she found it hard to refuse the vastly improved menu but she stuck to her guns with the result that the prison doctor got worried as she became weaker and weaker and finally the long before her time was discharged. Thereupon, she switched on her appetite again with remarkable suddenness.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are safe, sure and reliable, and have been praised by thousands of women who have been restored to health through their gentle aid and curative properties. Sold by The People's Drug Store.

A Reliable Remedy CATARRH
Ely's Cream Balm
is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Drug-gists or by mail. In liquid form, 75 cents. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Michigan College of Mines
F. W. McNAIR, PRESIDENT.
Located in the Lake Superior district. Mines and Mills accessible for College work. For Year Book and Record of Graduates apply to PRESIDENT or SECRETARY, Houghton, Mich.

AFTER GRIPPE
or any severe sickness

Winol

IS BY FAR THE BEST STRENGTHENING TONIC.

We will supply it to any one with the understanding that if it does not do what we claim we will refund the money paid us for it.

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO., Marquette, also
Fred P. Tillson, Ishpeming; J. E. O'Donoghue, Negaunee.

**J. J. HILL DELIVERS
A NOTABLE ADDRESS.**

Railroad Magnate a Speaker at St. Paul Convention.

He Urges the Conservation of Capital, Condemns Extravagance, Gives the Causes of the Increase in Prices and Tells How to Remedy the Situation.

St. Paul, March 17.—Today's session of the Minnesota Conservation congress will stand out in the minds of those who have been attending it as the "big" day of the series. The leading speaker was J. J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern railway. Another notable address was delivered by Professor Chamberlain of Brookings, S. D. He told the farmers to make cheerful homes for their children. The committee on permanent organization reported in favor of making permanent the present organization, with Governor Eberhardt as president, and this report was adopted.

Great interest was taken in the speech of Mr. Hill, who declared that "we are living in an age of world-wide financial delirium"; that "next after the conservation of the land, its area, use and fertility, must come the conservation of national capital in the shape of cash and credit."

Mr. Hill said in part: "The immense increase of wealth all over the world has greatly augmented the supply of capital. The mobility of this capital, the ease by which through international exchange it can be made to satisfy a need now in one country and now in another, strengthens the impression that it is inexhaustible. The addition of uncounted billions to the aggregate wealth of the world has stimulated the spirit of mankind. Its availing has lulled to sleep national prudence and quieted the alarm of moments of sanity in the spendthrift life. The increase of apparent resources by an easy resort to borrowing, the mortgaging of a patrimony not our own to obtain material for present extravagance, the diversion of wealth from productive to unproductive uses,—all these have gone further than most people realize."

"The people of the United States inherited from its founders a wholesome tradition against debt, which is only now disappearing through the contagion of national affairs." Mr. Hill said, the national debt now tends to rise, concealed under the polite fiction of certificates of indebtedness to cover treasury deficits. "It," he continued, "the advocates of large bond issues for all manner of internal improvements should carry their point, it that resource is not definitely restricted to the emergency of war, we will be in the condition of Europe, where the motto of every chancellery now seems to be, "After us the deluge."

In our cities, modern extravagance finds its most unexampled expression. The total debt of the states, including all minor civil divisions increased \$13,921,443, or 125 per cent. between 1880 and 1890. Between 1890 and 1902 it increased \$72,778,293, or 64 per cent. Nearly three-quarters of a billion in twelve years. An average of \$60,000,000 a year in the amount borrowed by the people, ought to make any country stop and think. Most of the actual material development is privately financed, and carries its own bonded indebtedness, which the public finances cannot take into account. The figures down to 1910, outside of and in addition to the national debt, would probably show an increase of a billion and a quarter to a billion and half dollars for the last twenty years, and a grand total of over two and a quarter billion dollars; about double what it was in 1890.

"Debt figures, however, do not begin to tell the story of our national extravagance. Only a small part of our expenditure is represented by debt tables. The rest is raised by increased tax-

tion. I know of nothing bearing more directly or forcibly upon the subject of national waste and the conservation of national resources than the profligacy disclosed by our public expense ledgers.

"Although the great business expansion of this country began right after the Civil War, the expenses for 1890 were but four million dollars greater than those of twenty years before. Since 1890, these expenditures have grown by \$180,000,000 each nine years on the average, or \$20,000,000 a year, until now they are 121.4 per cent. more than they were eighteen years ago. Expressed in terms of per capita outgo, these charges, which are only part of the cost of maintaining the federal government, rose from \$4.75 in 1890 to \$6.39 in 1900 and to \$7.56 in 1908.

"It is always asserted when the truth is told and a demand for economy is made, that the development of the country and its increase of wealth have been so great as both to require and justify enlarged outlay. The answer to the charge of a billion dollar session of congress is that this has become a billion dollar country. The apology is neither relevant nor true. It is not necessary that expense should increase in the same ratio as growth. But the growth of expenditure has so far outrun the growth of the country that the actual figures are almost incredible. The following little table, exhibiting the whole situation, might be printed at the top of every letterhead used by any man in public office anywhere in the United States:

Foreign trade, 1870 to 1890 116 per cent.
1890 to 1904 65 per cent.
Value manufactured products, 1870 to 1890, 99 per cent; 1890 to 1903, 85 per cent.
Net ordinary, 1870 to 1890, 121 per cent; 1890 to 1905, 58 per cent.
Exp. U. S. Government, 1870 to 1890, 14 per cent; 1890 to 1908, 124 per cent.
Expenditure thirty states 1890 to 1909, 201.6 per cent.

"The phenomenal increase of public expenditure has already produced a plentiful crop of public ills. It is one of the causes of the increase in prices now distorting the people. This increase follows in a suggestive way the inflation of national and local budgets. The average cost of the supplies that must be bought for practically every household has increased about 50 per cent. between 1890 and 1910. During the last year, there has been a marked lifting of the price level. Foodstuffs cost from 19 to 70 per cent. more than ten years ago.

"Something is due to enormous currency inflation. The total per capita in the United States in 1896 was \$21.41, and in 1909, it was \$35.91. Although population had grown by many millions in these thirteen years, the amount of money to each individual had increased by \$13.50, or more than 60 per cent. The increase in the total gold production of the world, which rose from \$1,884,000 in 1890 to over \$427,000,000 in 1908, has been the basis for one form and another of credit issues aggregating a vast sum.

"The tariff is another contributing cause. It is true that it can furnish but a limited extent can the rise in food prices be traced to or traced to the tariff. As to commodities that we export, the tariff is inoperative. It generally affects prices directly as we become importers. Nevertheless, the tariff must bear its share of responsibility for rising prices.

"Combinations which are actually in restraint of trade, which have monopolized their field and are either controlled by a common secret management or a secret agreement to maintain exorbitant charges are partly responsible.

"Still more of the rise of prices is due to the decline of agriculture production as compared with the increase of population." Decrease in the number of cattle and swine was also given as a reason.

"When due allowance has been made for the effect of these forces that make for dearer living, there still remains a large unexplained balance," said Mr. Hill. "This must be credited to the lavish expenditure which has now grown to be a national trait.

"Waste, idleness and rising wages, all inter-related to one another, now as cause and now as effect, are, next to an over issue of irredeemable paper, the three most powerful forces in the world to raise prices.

"Perhaps the greatest factor of all in the price problem is the wage rate. Everybody knows that labor cost is the principal item in all forms of industry. The wage rate has been rising steadily in this country. Powerful forces are back of this movement. It has public sympathy. To resist it is difficult and may be dangerous. As cost of production is chiefly labor cost, the price of the finished article must go up if the price of labor is raised. This is just as true of the farm as of the factory.

"The effect of national waste of capital is felt immediately in the added weight of taxation. The taxes collected annually from the railroads of the country have increased more than 200 per cent. since 1889. They increased by forty million dollars and by more than \$100 per mile of track between 1900 and 1908. "Franchise taxes, inheritance taxes, taxes on corporations and income taxes are referred to with neither.

"The modern theory that you can safely tax the wealthy is just as obnoxious as the medieval theory that you can safely oppress or kill the poor. It is obnoxious not because wealth deserves special consideration, but because capital is the mainspring of all industry and material development; and after you have devoted so much of it to the unproductive purposes that the state represents when it transcends its primary function as keeper of the peace and administrator of justice, there will be just so much less left to pay out in

Wages and devote to the creation of other wealth.

"The saving feature of our situation is not obscure. The ideal of intelligent economy must be restored. Let the rule be that every dollar unprofitably spent marks a crime against posterity just as much as does the dissipation of material resources. Expenditure must be cut down all along the line.

"Credit everywhere should be conserved by a sharp scrutiny of new bond issues. The nation should reserve them for the crisis of war; no state need ever borrow again if it is wisely and honestly governed.

"Stop grafting, the offspring of public extravagance and the parent of civic decay. Individual and public economy; a just distinction between a high standard of comfort on one side and vulgar ostentation and criminal waste on the other; a check on income wasting, debt creation and credit inflation—these are the essentials of the new and better conservatism. The reform is so great, so indispensable, so linked to our moral as well as our material progress that it would seem to appeal to the heart and mind of every American and win his enthusiastic devotion until its last battle shall have been won. Patriotism and self-interest strike hands here for the protection of our homes and happiness from those most dangerous of all enemies, the foes within our own borders."

Remarkable Surgical Operation—

Blind in one eye from the time she was an infant, Mrs. Leo Trotter of Wells, Delta county, can now see with both eyes as well as the average person. The cause of Mrs. Trotter's partial blindness was a cataract, which was recently removed by an operation performed at the State University hospital in Ann Arbor. The operation was entirely successful and is considered quite remarkable even by skilled surgeons and specialists. Mrs. Trotter was at the hospital eight weeks.

Church for the Soo Greeks—

Through the efforts of the Rev. Father Antoine Panarizis of Montreal, who has charge of the followers of the Orthodox Greek faith in the American Soo, regular services will be held in the future in the Eagle hall. It is the intention of the society to erect its own church just as soon as sufficient funds are available. There is already a fund of \$900 toward purchasing the lot. The membership of the society at present numbers 110, including some of the Macedonians of the Canadian Soo.

Peddlers Brought to Book—

Frank Gerstein, one of a half dozen strangers who were peddling silverware from house to house in Menominee, was arrested the other day and taken to court with his companions. Gerstein was the only member of the party caught in the

Upper Peninsula

New Gas Plant Wanted—

The people of Escanaba will not decide at the coming municipal election whether or not the city is to have a modern gas service for fuel and lighting purposes. After a communication from the board of directors of the Businessmen's association had been submitted asking that the question be submitted at the coming election, a spirited discussion followed among the aldermen and it was finally determined to refer the matter to the board of public works and the superintendent of the municipal lighting plant, asking that an estimate of the cost of a proper plant be furnished the council as soon as possible. As soon as the figures are furnished the question will probably be submitted to a vote of the people at a special election to determine whether the plant shall be built by the city or a franchise granted to a private corporation. Letters were submitted by the Businessmen's association that had been received from a number of cities in the peninsula and throughout the country showing the advantages of a modern fuel gas plant, such as Escanaba does not now boast. All of the members of the council expressed themselves in favor of providing for a modern gas plant, the only point of contention being that the matter should be delayed until fully investigated.

INDIANS DEFEAT BISMARCKS.

In the league bowling contest Wednesday evening between the Indians and the Bismarcks, the former won by eighty-seven pins. The scores were:

Bismarcks—	Tot.
Peterson	163 201 128 492
Wasmuth	119 143 115 377
Thoren	115 104 125 344
Totals	397 448 368 1213
Indians—	
Mitchell	113 161 158 432
William	127 151 145 423
Trembath	160 141 144 445
Totals	400 453 447 1300

BALL TEAM TO HANCOCK.

The members of the Negaunee indoor baseball team will leave this morning for Hancock, where they will meet the Hibernians tonight in Germania hall. The team will be accompanied by Manager T. A. Thoren and Ed. Dyer, who will be the umpire. The players who plan to make the trip are Dunlavey, Kirkpatrick, Scanlon, Murphy, Messier, Trudell, Mitchell, Hoinanen, Lemire and Dr. McCrory. The boys will be tendered a banquet at the conclusion of the game.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Miss Johanna Shea visited her brother Patrick, and family, at Marquette yesterday.

A number of Negaunee theatergoers will attend the production of "The Man on the Box" at the Ishpeming theatre tonight.

Moving pictures of the Johnson-Ketchel prize fight will be shown tonight at McDonald's opera house. Popular prices will be charged.

Mrs. Peter Sano, who left Negaunee seven months ago for her native place in Sicily, arrived home yesterday. The

family lives near the street railway power house.

The remains of the late Marguerite Curley were received here yesterday from Rochester, Minn., where she died Thursday morning. They were accompanied by Lawrence Curley, brother of the deceased. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon from St. Paul's church.

There will be a whist contest this evening, starting at 8 o'clock, in the Negaunee Club rooms, between twelve men teams from the Ishpeming club and the local organization. The contest will be similar to those conducted both here and at Ishpeming last winter. At the conclusion of the match a lunch will be served. The members of the Negaunee club are invited to attend.

The formal opening of Rosen Bros & Klein's spring exhibit of ladies and misses' coats, suits, dresses and skirts will

take place Saturday and Monday.

A cordial invitation is extended the ladies of Marquette county. The line of garments shown at this Negaunee store this year is bigger and better than ever. Included in the display are the famous Wooltex, Siegel and Redfern garments, no two of which are alike. Carnations will be presented to all ladies visiting the cloakrooms tomorrow and Monday.

Are you frequently hoarse? Do you have that annoying tickling in your throat? Does your cough annoy you at night, and do you raise mucus in the morning? Do you want relief? If so, take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and you will be pleased. Sold by The People's Drug Store.

You may have noticed that a woman never finds a play uninteresting if the leading lady wears a different gown in each act.

NEGAUNEE

DEATH OF MRS. CHUBB.

Mrs. John Chubb, a pioneer resident of Negaunee, died Wednesday night, after an illness of more than a year. Mrs. Chubb's condition had been precarious and her death had been expected almost daily for a month past. Her demise was due to a combination of diseases. She came to Negaunee over forty years ago, and had resided here continuously ever since. Her husband died about four years ago. She was sixty-three years of age and is survived by two sons, Charles and William Bolman, and one daughter, Mrs. Charles Larson. Charles Bolman is in Seattle and it is expected that he will return home. William came from Butte a month ago. Mrs. Larson lives here.

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Rosen Bros & Klein

Negaunee, Mich.

ANNOUNCE FOR

Saturday and Monday

MARCH 19 and 21,

SPRING 1910 EXHIBIT

Ladies' and Misses' Coats, Suits, Dresses and Skirts

We extend a cordial invitation to Marquette county ladies to visit this style show. This year's spring opening will eclipse anything formerly attempted by us. Wooltex, Siegel and Redfern lines, authoritative, and as individual as they are refined. A perfect riot of colors—all light and joyous—in keeping with the season. There is hosts of new shades, elusive blues, indefinite fawn and grey, delicate ashes of iris and smart shepherd's checks. An endless array of pongees, serges and homespuns. Every garment is one we can heartily recommend. Most of them are the famous Wooltex models with absolute guarantee of pure wool and two seasons of satisfactory wear.

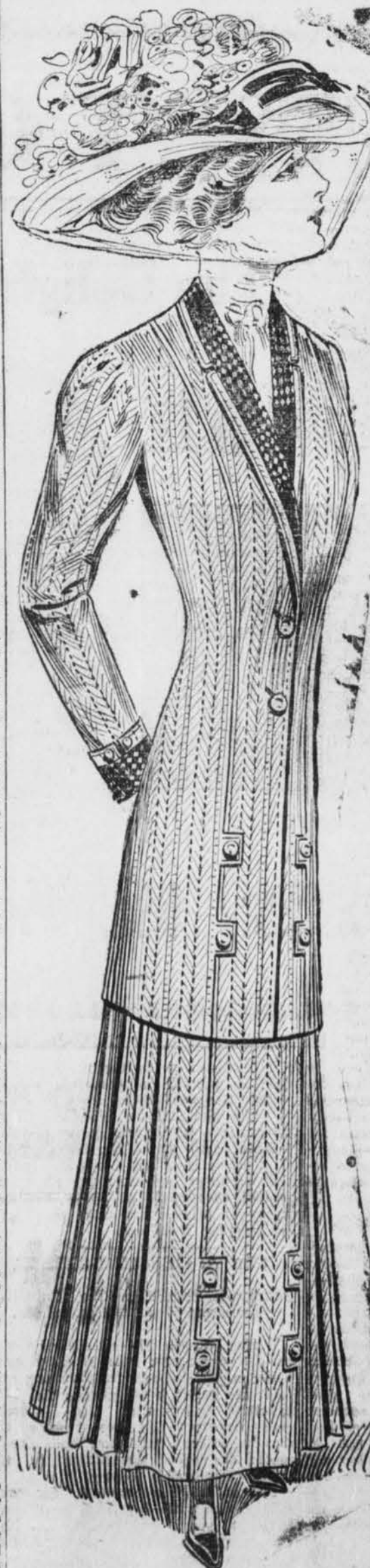
We feel that this Easter showing will win for us new laurels. You have learned to look to us for style authority. This display will increase your confidence.

Don't fail to see our display of Silk Gowns and one-piece Dresses; also beautiful Wash Dresses.

Wooltex

TRADE MARK FASHION FAULTLESS

Exclusiveness guaranteed. No two garments alike. Carnations for all visiting our cloak room.

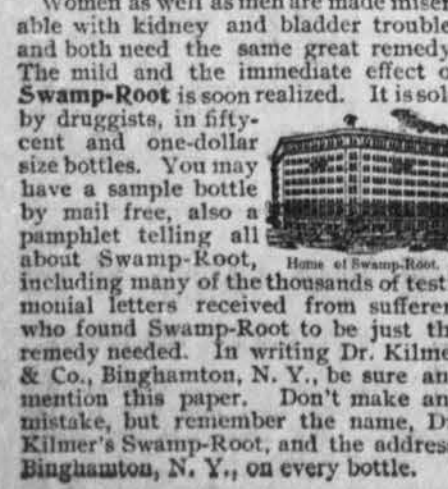


Women as Well as Men are Made Miserable by Kidney and Bladder Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.


Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh, or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling all about Swamp-Root, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers who found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy needed. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
 NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.
 A FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF
SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX
 Means security and contentment. Bring in your Deeds, Insurance Policies, Stock Certificates, Jewelry, etc.
 Various sizes for various needs. \$3.00 a year.
 Absolute security. Ask to see them.
 We pay three per cent, compounded semi-annually, on Savings Deposits.

You must put money in the Bank now if you wish to have an easy old age.



Cash grows in the Bank

Money Grows If You Will Let It
 Make OUR Bank YOUR Bank.
 We pay liberal interest consistent with safety.

NEGAUNEE STATE BANK

BITTER BOYCOTTS OFTEN WIN.

Struggles Waged Against Discrimination and High Prices Frequently Result in Bringing Offenders to Terms.

Agos ago, in the early dawn of civilization, when one changed a suit of skins for a bronze dagger, the man who considered he had been cheated in a deal procured the biggest club he could find and waited behind a tree for the unjust trader. In these enlightened days we find it more profitable and more convenient to refuse to purchase the goods of those who do not meet our ideas of fair trading.

A trader obtains his livelihood by selling goods to other people, so his position becomes precarious if no one will buy. Only a few years ago large firms and combinations thought they had the consumer at their mercy, but the purchaser has now discovered his power, and by combining with other purchasers is able to inflict defeat on the biggest of manufacturers if he is not treated fairly.

It is only a year or two since one of the fiercest trade wars was waged in this country. Everyone remembers the attempt to form a great combine of soap manufacturers which was frustrated by the public refusing to buy the goods of the amalgamating houses. American methods seldom succeed in England, as a well known library discovered to its cost. The booksellers said they would not buy books if the library were able to undersell them by putting almost new copies on the second-hand market within a few weeks of publication. The publishers therefore refused to supply the library, which capitulated after several months' warfare.

Pretty much the same thing happened when the American Tobacco Manufacturers bought Ogden's and tried to obtain control of the trade in Britain. Makers combined and fought the Amer-

icans with their own weapons, so that a very large number of shops refused to stock the tobacco and cigarettes of Messrs. Ogden and their allies. In the end victory rested with the home firms, who purchased Ogden's and obtained almost complete control of the British market.

Crushing a Golf Ball Trust.

Not many months ago there was a trade war over golf balls. Certain big retail firms sold golf balls at cut prices, which almost completely killed the trade of smaller dealers, who only bought in small quantities, and therefore could not afford to sell at such low rates as their big competitors. The makers stood by the smaller traders, refusing to lower their wholesale prices, and did their best to prevent the cutting firms from obtaining supplies.

It will be remembered that quite recently the butchers in many parts of the country proclaimed their intention of boycotting those farmers who would not give a warranty with their meat. The farmers would not give the required warranty, and although many butchers refused to attend their sales, there was not sufficient agreement among the retailers to force the farmers to agree to their terms.

Then the confectioners were also up on their arms at one time and hinted darkly at boycotting the big chocolate makers who supplied stores and big firms selling confectionery at what was practically wholesale rates.

One confectioner had a shop opposite a grocer who was selling sweets at ridiculous prices, and so killing the trade of the legitimate dealer. The grocer could afford to do this, as what he lost on his groceries, the confectioner retaliated by selling tea, jam and other groceries, and attracted so much trade that the grocer was glad to come to terms.

A suggestion has just been made by one or two Licensed Victuallers' associations to boycott Irish whisky should Mr. Redmond refuse to oppose the passing of the present budget. Germany has also had trouble with her budgets of recent years, for the taxes on beer have been increased. The brewers were obliged to put up their prices, but increased them out of all proportion to the tax. This was too much even for the beer-loving Germans, and those firms who raised their prices to an outrageous level were boycotted until they reduced their charges.

Trade boycotts are even used as a method of waging international war. During her recent high-handed action in the near east, Austria lost hundreds of thousands of pounds by the refusal of Turkey, Servia, and Montenegro to buy her goods.

America is said to have lost millions by the boycott that China placed on her exports a few years ago, and Britain has more recently suffered in a similar way, while in Calcutta the disaffected Bengalis refused to purchase British manufactures when Indian ones could be procured.

Boys over 14 years of age and girls over 12 may marry in Scotland without the consent of parents or guardians.

Vanity is due to a teak in one's wisdom tank.

ROADS TO SPEND \$20,000,000.

Extensive Improvement in Terminals in St. Paul and Minneapolis Planned.

St. Paul, Minn., March 17.—With the directors of the St. Paul Union Depot company, advancing rapidly their plans for a new Union station in this city and the roads that enter Minneapolis purchasing property and perfecting plans for improving their terminal facilities in Minneapolis, it seems that railroad work, which will mean a total expenditure of at least \$15,000,000 and possibly \$20,000,000, soon will be under way in these "Twin Cities."

In connection with the projected new Union station in St. Paul a plan for changing the bed of the Mississippi River so as to add a large tract to the property now available for terminal tracks, a Minneapolis Harbor commission for some time has been studying the problem and consulting with the union depot directors in the hope of effecting advantageous cooperation. If the course of the Mississippi is changed as planned that will mean the expenditure of perhaps \$6,000,000 more in St. Paul.

The union depot here is an old ramshackle structure, and both incoming and outgoing traffic is much delayed every day because of inadequate trackage. All of the thirteen roads that enter St. Paul use this station, and a representative of each road is on the board of directors of the depot company. They are very eager to obtain relief from the annoying and expensive delays of traffic and from the bitter complaints of travelers.

It is estimated that railroads entering Minneapolis will spend nearly \$10,000,000 this year improving their terminal facilities in that city. The Rock Island has bought several lots which practically complete the terminals now occupied by its freight house and trackage. The Great Northern has planned a cutoff which will cost nearly \$2,000,000. The Northern Pacific and the Great Northern can get into Minneapolis from the north on a joint right of way, but on separate tracks to Northtown Junction. It is a five-mile detour from the junction to the union depot. The new cutoff will reduce this to three miles. The Northern Pacific reaches the union depot along the business route, after crossing the congested yards of the Soo and Omaha roads. The cutoff will give the Northern Pacific an air line.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, with the increase of business due to its Pacific coast extension, is facing the problem of increasing its terminal facilities and shops. Some years ago it bought land in the vicinity of Hopkins, on the western outskirts of Minneapolis, and it plans to build more shops there if an agreement can be made with the city. Then the company will fill forty acres it has long owned near Shady Lake and build additional tracks. Elimination of grade crossings is also planned. This last alone would cost St. Paul at least \$1,500,000. Extensive improvements of other Minneapolis terminals is planned also by the Soo, the Chicago, Great Western and the Minneapolis & Western.

Our idea of a silly girl is one who imagines that pointing is becoming to her.

Compliments and fish stories should be swallowed with lots of salt.

Council Takes Action.

The following resolution, unanimously adopted by the council, shows the sentiment of the city officials:

"Whereas, the union depot of this city has for a number of years past been in an insanitary condition and kept locked up by means of a padlock, also there is no toilet accommodations for ladies, the one toilet, when in running order, being used for both sexes. Having informed the secretary of the state board of health of these conditions and asking under his instructions to be hereby notified and requested to place the toilet adjacent to the gentlemen's waiting room in a sanitary condition and keep it unlocked for the use of the public and also to put in a closet for the accommodation of ladies, you are hereby given ten days' notice to make these improvements and to keep toilets in a sanitary condition as specified by the state law governing closets in depots.

N. J. Robbins, M. D., Health Officer, City of Negaunee.

Mr. Bedford referred the communication to Superintendent C. E. Lytle, who replied as follows:

Marquette, Mich., Jan. 17, 1910.—H. S.

Dear Sir:—Your letter of January 6th to our Mr. Bedford, agent at Negaunee, with reference to installing toilet rooms in the Negaunee depot, has been referred to me, and in reply beg to advise that the depot at Negaunee is a joint depot with the Northwestern line. Will you please advise me whether you have notified the C. & N. W. Ry. Co. also in regard to this depot, as anything that is done, will have to be done jointly by the two companies.

Very truly yours,
 C. E. LYTLE,
 Gen. Supt.
 Northwestern Denies Responsibility.

On receipt of Mr. Lytle's letter, Dr. Robbins interviewed A. P. Johnson, the Chicago & Northwestern company's local agent, regarding the improvements necessary at the station, and he was informed that matters of this kind had always been attended to by the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic company and that the bills were paid jointly by the two corporations. He then wrote Mr. Lytle as follows:

Mr. C. E. Lytle,
 Superintendent D. S. S. & A. Ry. Co.
 Dear Sir:—

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Compliments and fish stories should be swallowed with lots of salt.



One continuous round of pleasure

Every Victor Record is a never-ending source of delight. Whatever kind of music and entertainment you want; and the new records, made by the improved Victor process, bring it to you as you have never heard it before.

Come in and we'll gladly play for you any Victor music you want to hear.

You can buy a Victor for as little as \$10, and up to \$250. Easy terms if desired.

City Music Store
 J. E. O'DONOGHUE

Victor

Negaunee Department

(Additional Negaunee on Page Eight.)

NEGAUNEE'S DEPOT DISGRACE TO CITY

COUNCIL TAKES STEPS TO FORCE COMPANIES TO PROVIDE A NEW STATION.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT AROUSED

Health Officer and State Board of Health Declare That the Old Shed Is a Menace to Public Health.

Mayor J. H. Winter, the members of the council, the city attorney and the health officer, are thoroughly awake to the need of a new passenger station in Negaunee. The matter of providing the city with a union station or stations erected by both the Chicago & North-western and Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad companies, has been under consideration for over a year, but, according to Mayor Winter, who has worked earnestly for the improvement, there is no certainty that anything will be done this year.

At the annual meeting of the council, Wednesday evening, the mayor reviewed the matter from beginning to end. All of the correspondence between the mayor, R. H. Fitch, general manager of the Northwestern company, W. F. Fitch, general manager of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company, also correspondence between Dr. N. J. Robbins, the health officer, and Superintendent Lytle of the South Shore company and the secretary of the state board of health, was presented and the question was seriously discussed. The mayor said he had been advised by both Mr. Ashton and Mr. Fitch that their companies would be glad to erect a modern station, but that he is now fully convinced that both of the railway officials are doing the issue, and that one is trying to shift the blame for the delay on the other.

Last summer, when the members of the Mining Institute met on this range, the mayor and the members of the board of health, called on Mr. Fitch at Marquette and told him that they wanted a depot that would be in keeping with the city's passenger traffic. Mr. Fitch said that he was willing to start the work this spring and that he would take the matter up with Mr. Ashton. At Mr. Fitch's suggestion, Mayor Winter secured an option on the triangular parcel of land, lying between the Northwestern and South Shore tracks and Silver street, from James Pendill of Marquette. The price asked for the land was \$2,000, and the option expired Feb. 22. The mayor urged both officials to act before the option expired, but they offered excuses. In one of Mr. Ashton's letters to the mayor he promised to meet Mr. Fitch on twenty-four hours' notice, but Mr. Fitch asserted that Mr. Ashton had advised him that he could not give the matter any attention at that time, because of threatened labor troubles on the Northwestern line.

Very truly yours,
 R. H. ASHTON.
 Hon. J. H. Winter,
 Mayor, Negaunee.

Health Officer at Work.
 Early in December, Dr. N. J. Robbins, the health officer, investigated conditions at the union depot and found that the place was a menace to public health. He took the matter up with the state board of health and the reply to his letter from its secretary, F. W. Shumway, was as follows:

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 27th, 1909.

Dr. N. J. Robbins,
 Negaunee, Mich.

My Dear Doctor:—Yours of the 23rd received and carefully noted. If conditions are as stated in your letter regarding the toilet accommodations in your depot, there being but one closet for both sexes, it certainly is a condition that must be remedied. The control of these matters under the new law recently passed in our last legislature, (a copy of which I am inclosing) as you will see, is vested in the state board of health.

Now, let me suggest to you, that you serve written notices upon the agent at that station of the condition as you find it, and make a demand that a ladies' toilet room be installed forthwith, and that the men's toilet shall be kept in proper sanitary condition and unlocked for the use of the public. Do this over your official signature as health officer. If the road fails or refuses to comply with your request within a reasonable length of time, (a week or ten days) then you notify me, giving me the name of the road, the name of the agent and a copy of your communication to him, and I will take the matter up with the officials of the road and there will be something done.

Very truly yours,
 F. W. SHUMWAY,
 Secretary.

Dr. Robbins then wrote W. L. Bedford, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company's local agent, this letter:

Negaunee, Mich., Jan. 10, 1910.

Mr. W. L. Bedford,
 Agt. D. S. S. & A. R. R. Co., City.

Dear Sir:—I wish to call your attention to the condition of the toilet accommodations in your depot. Upon inspection I find the toilet adjoining the gentlemen's waiting room unfit for use in an insanitary condition and kept locked up by means of a padlock, also there is no toilet accommodations for ladies, the one toilet, when in running order, being used for both sexes. Having informed the secretary of the state board of health of these conditions and asking under his instructions to be hereby notified and requested to place the toilet adjacent to the gentlemen's waiting room in a sanitary condition and keep it unlocked for the use of the public and also to put in a closet for the accommodation of ladies, you are hereby given ten days' notice to make these improvements and to keep toilets in a sanitary condition as specified by the state law governing closets in depots.

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 Gen. Supt.
 Northwestern Denies Responsibility.

On receipt of Mr. Lytle's letter, Dr. Robbins interviewed A. P. Johnson, the Chicago & Northwestern company's local agent, regarding the improvements necessary at the station, and he was informed that matters of this kind had always been attended to by the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic company and that the bills were paid jointly by the two corporations. He then wrote Mr. Lytle as follows:

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 Superintendent D. S. S. & A. Ry. Co.
 Dear Sir:—

In reply to yours of the 17th inst., will

say that I have interviewed Mr. Johnson, agent of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company, in this city, and he informed me that the depot is in charge of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic company, and that all improvements and changes have been done by the D. S. S. & A. company and after completion of same, a bill is furnished the Chicago & Northwestern company for its share of the work, this also being the custom regarding the purchase of fuel, payment of electric light bills, etc. I have called Mr. Johnson's attention to the particulars in this matter and I also shall present the facts for consideration by the state board of health and railway commission."

Conditions Deplorable.
 Speaking of the present depot yesterday, Mayor Winter said: "The railway officials have evidently been trying to hand us a double deal, and it is about time that this matter was brought to a head. The citizens of Negaunee are not deserving of the treatment that they have received at the hands of these railroads. The depot, which is nothing better than a dirty old fuel shed, is not only a menace to public health, but it is a disgrace to the city as well as to both railway companies. Inasmuch as the managements of these lines have repeatedly ignored our requests for the necessary public conveniences in the depot, we are now going to get after them in court. Negaunee has been regarded as a joke on account of this depot question long enough, and we are not going to stand any more foolishness. If we do not get a satisfactory answer from the railroads within a very short time, we will see that they are compelled to live up to the requirements of the law in every particular in the operation of their trains within the city limits. We will compel them to put men at every crossing and our marshal will be instructed to be at the depot upon the arrival of every train to see that the crossings are not blocked any longer than they should be under the law."

"The present ramshackle of a depot has been in use, most of the time in its present condition, since following the fire in 1878. Some of the stories that have been told me as to what the public is subjected to would not look well in print, and I doubt very much if there is a parallel case to be found anywhere in the country. As Dr. Robbins stated in his correspondence with the railway officials and state board of health, the toilet has been out of commission for several months. Dr. Robbins states that even if the requirements of the law were lived up to it would be quite impossible to keep the depot in sanitary condition."

Defying the Law.
 Dr. Robbins said that he is satisfied that the railway officials care nothing whatever about the law. He has procured a copy of the house enrolled Act No. 193, which — to effect the first of last September, and the provisions referring to depots will be brought to the attention of the railway officials. Section 4 of the act is as follows:

"All toilet rooms, water closets, urinals and toilet appliances in railway coaches and depots are to be scrubbed with soap and hot water and disinfected with an approved disinfectant each day. All closets (outhouses) at railway stations shall be kept clean and in good repair to be suitable at all times for the use of the traveling public. The vaults shall receive a daily treatment of fresh

lime or other approved disinfectant, and the contents removed at least once in each month."

Be Ready for the Fluff Rug Man
 He will call on you most any day now.
Marquette Fluff Rug Co.
 3-3-1f

THE BEST
 You Want the Best.
PEACOCK BRAND
 LEAF LARD
 and
 SPECIAL MILD CURED
 HAMS and BACON
 Are the Best.

The following dealers believe they sell the best:

Marquette—Wm. Dorais, John Tierney, Sampson Bros., Wm. Fassbender, Wm. Williams, Beaumont & Christanson, David Murray, Werner Bros., DeW's Grocery, Anderson & Mehl, Frank LeRoite.

Negaunee—S. S. Thomas, N. Hansen & Sons, T. L. Collins, John Erickson.

Ishpeming—Ishpeming Co-Op. Society, I. Gustafson, A. Hendrickson, Ishpeming Store Co., L. Hoyeth, J. J. Loffer, J. Sellwood & Co., A. W. Myers Merc. Co., Meibigamme-C. G. Muck, C. F. Sundstrom, Peter Christanson.

L'Anse—Matt Hansen, Herman Steinbeck, Baraga—Baraga Store Co.

EASTER FLOWERS

IN POTS:
 HYACINTHS, TULIPS,
 PRIMULAS, DAFFODILLS,
 EASTER LILIES, CYCLAMEN,
 YELLOW DAISES,
 AZALEAS, FERNS and PALMS.

CUT FLOWERS:
 ROSES, CARNATIONS,
 DAFFODILLS, HYACINTHS,
 VIOLETS, CALLA LILIES,
 and EASTER LILIES.

Orders promptly filled and shipments made by American or Western Express.

Telephone or telegraph your orders. Both 'Phones.

NEGAUNEE GREENHOUSES

letter of the 24th regarding a certain option, I assume that you will hear direct from Mr. Fitch in regard to the matter, and I assure you, as I have already done, I will take pleasure in accommodating myself to Mr. Fitch's convenience in attending the meeting for the purpose of deciding what had better be done to improve the situation at Negaunee. If you hear from Mr. Fitch I will be very glad indeed if you will promptly advise me.

Yours truly,
 R. H. ASHTON.

Hon. J. H. Winter,
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 Negaunee, Mich.

My Dear Doctor:—Yours of the 23rd received and carefully noted. If conditions are as stated in your letter regarding the toilet accommodations in your depot, there being but one closet for both sexes, it certainly is a condition that must be remedied. The control of these matters under the new law recently passed in our last legislature, (a copy of which I am inclosing) as you will see, is vested in the state board of health.

Now, let me suggest to you, that you serve written notices upon the agent at that station of the condition as you find it, and make a demand that a ladies' toilet room be installed forthwith, and that the men's toilet shall be kept in proper sanitary condition and unlocked for the use of the public. Do this over your official signature as health officer. If the road fails or refuses to comply with your request within a reasonable length of time, (a week or ten days) then you notify me, giving me the name of the road, the name of the agent and a copy of your communication to him, and I will take the matter up with the officials of the road and there will be something done.

Very truly yours,
 F. W. SHUMWAY,
 Secretary.

Dr. Robbins then wrote W. L. Bedford, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company's local agent, this letter:

Negaunee, Mich., Jan. 10, 1910.

Mr. W. L. Bedford,
 Agt. D. S. S. & A. R. R. Co., City.

Dear Sir:—I wish to call your attention to the condition of the toilet accommodations in your depot. Upon inspection I find the toilet adjoining the gentlemen's waiting room unfit for use in an insanitary condition and kept locked up by means of a padlock, also there is no toilet accommodations for ladies, the one toilet, when in running order, being used for both sexes. Having informed the secretary of the state board of health of these conditions and asking under his instructions to be hereby notified and requested to place the toilet adjacent to the gentlemen's waiting room in a sanitary condition and keep it unlocked for the use of the public and also to put in a closet for the accommodation of ladies, you are hereby given ten days' notice to make these improvements and to keep toilets in a sanitary condition as specified by the state law governing closets in depots.

N. J. Robbins, M. D., Health Officer, City of Negaunee.

Mr. Bedford referred the communication to Superintendent C. E. Lytle, who replied as follows:

Marquette, Mich., Jan. 17, 1910.—H. S.

Dear Sir:—Your letter of January 6th to our Mr. Bedford, agent at Negaunee, with reference to installing toilet rooms in the Negaunee depot, has been referred to me, and in reply beg to advise that the depot at Negaunee is a joint depot with the Northwestern line. Will you please advise me whether you have notified the C. & N. W. Ry. Co. also in regard to this depot, as anything that is done, will have to be done jointly by the two companies.

Very truly yours,
 C. E. LYTLE,
 Gen. Supt.
 Northwestern Denies Responsibility.

On receipt of Mr. Lytle's letter, Dr. Robbins interviewed A. P. Johnson, the Chicago & Northwestern company's local agent, regarding the improvements necessary at the station, and he was informed that matters of this kind had always been attended to by the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic company and that the bills were paid jointly by the two corporations. He then wrote Mr. Lytle as follows:

Mr. C. E. Lytle,
 Superintendent D. S. S. & A. Ry. Co.
 Dear Sir:—

In reply to yours of the 17th inst., will

say that I have interviewed Mr. Johnson, agent of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company, in this city, and he informed me that the depot is in charge of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic company, and that all improvements and changes have been done by the D. S. S. & A. company and after completion of same, a bill is furnished the Chicago & Northwestern company for its share of the work, this also being the custom regarding the purchase of fuel, payment of electric light bills, etc. I have called Mr. Johnson's attention to the particulars in this matter and I also shall present the facts for consideration by the state board of health and railway commission."

Conditions Deplorable.
 Speaking of the present depot yesterday, Mayor Winter said: "The railway officials have evidently been trying to hand us a double deal, and it is about time that this matter was brought to a head. The citizens of Negaunee are not deserving of the treatment that they have received at the hands of these railroads. The depot, which is nothing better than a dirty old fuel shed, is not only a menace to public health, but it is a disgrace to the city as well as to both railway companies. Inasmuch as the managements of these lines have repeatedly ignored our requests for the necessary public conveniences in the depot, we are now going to get after them in court. Negaunee has been regarded as a joke on account of this depot question long enough, and we are not going to stand any more foolishness. If we do not get a satisfactory answer from the railroads within a very short time, we will see that they are compelled to live up to the requirements of the law in every particular in the operation of their trains within the city limits. We will compel them to put men at every crossing and our marshal will be instructed to be at the depot upon the arrival of every train to see that the crossings are not blocked any longer than they should be under the law."

"The present ramshackle of a depot has been in use, most of the time in its present condition, since following the fire in 1878. Some of the stories that have been told me as to what the public is subjected to would not look well in print, and I doubt very much if there is a parallel case to be found anywhere in the country. As Dr. Robbins stated in his correspondence with the railway officials and state board of health, the toilet has been out of commission for several months. Dr. Robbins states that even if the requirements of the law were lived up to it would be quite impossible to keep the depot in sanitary condition."

Defying the Law.
 Dr. Robbins said that he is satisfied that the railway officials care nothing whatever about the law. He has procured a copy of the house enrolled Act No. 193, which — to effect the first of last September, and the provisions referring to depots will be brought to the attention of the railway officials. Section 4 of the act is as follows:

"All toilet rooms, water closets, urinals and toilet appliances in railway coaches and depots are to be scrubbed with soap and hot water and disinfected with an approved disinfectant each day. All closets (outhouses) at railway stations shall be kept clean and in good repair to be suitable at all times for the use of the traveling public. The vaults shall receive a daily treatment of fresh

lime or other approved disinfectant, and the contents removed at least once in each month."

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 He will call on you most any day now.
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fine or other approved disinfectant, and the contents removed at least once in each month."

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IRISH HAVE MADE GOOD AMERICANS

PROGRAM GIVEN BY A. O. H. LAST NIGHT PROVED TO BE UNUSUAL INTEREST.

FINE TALK BY MR. CARMODY

Gifted Grand Rapids Orator Extolled Virtues of Sons of Erin, Particularly as Citizens of U. S.

A program of rare merit and interest was presented at the St. Patrick's Day meeting at Baraga auditorium last evening, under the auspices of the Ancient Order of Hibernians. The attendance was not particularly large but all present enjoyed a great treat. Not only did the principal speaker of the evening, Martin H. Carmody of Grand Rapids, amply fulfill all that had been expected of him in the way of oratory, but the musical numbers were one and all of an exceptionally high order of excellence. Among the local musicians who had a part in the program were Trombly's orchestra, Miss Flora Retallic, Mrs. Louis Vierling, Miss Julia McAuliffe, Miss Lillian Cartier, and Frank Trombly.

T. P. Carey acted as master of ceremonies and introduced each of the speakers and musicians in a pleasing manner. Mayor Vaughan was called upon to make some remarks appropriate to the occasion and responded with an eloquent eulogy of the Irish priesthood. "Those who saw the parade this morning," said the mayor, "noticed the American flag at the head of the procession and know that the Ancient Order of Hibernians is an American organization; farther back in the line was a green flag, signifying that it is an Irish organization, and those who watched where we went learned that it is a Catholic organization." Mayor Vaughan then extolled the virtues and noble sacrifice of the Catholic priesthood throughout the centuries, in their work of Christianizing the world. He told in a touching manner the life story of St. Patrick, who in early life was taken captive by the Britons and for several years lived as a slave on the island which he later, as an ordained missionary, converted to the Christian religion.

Mr. Carmody's Address. Mr. Carmody, the principal speaker of the evening, took for his subject, "The Irish in America." "Every Irishman, wherever he may be found," said the speaker in his opening remarks, "today, on this feast of St. Patrick's Day, is thinking of his native land and its noble but sad history. He thinks of the time when Erin's isle was in the height of its glory and when it was the center of art and culture. Then he thinks of those latter days, when the land and her loyal people were torn by oppression and persecution. The history of Ireland for the last few centuries is a sad one. Yet, throughout the long period of oppression and persecution, the character-

istics of constancy, devotion, and patriotism have remained steadfast in Irishmen's hearts, and let us be thankful that at last there are evidences of the dawn of the day when Ireland shall make her own laws and be subject to no power on the face of the earth. "But I have come here, not to tell you of the glories and misfortunes of Ireland, but of the Irish in America. Circumstances over which the Irish immigrants to this country had no control, made many of them fitted for nothing but manual labor. Realizing that they were of peasant stock and largely unskilled and uneducated, they bent their utmost energies to what they were fitted to do, and the Irish laborer had a most important part in building the foundations of this great Republic. He proved himself industrious and faithful in little things and Irish labor was soon in great demand. Whatever he did, he did the best he knew how. He understood that in this country success was assured to none but was possible to all, and proud to be a worker, took up the tasks requiring the skill of brawn and muscle.

Ambitious for a Home. "His first ambition was to acquire a piece of land and build for himself and his family a cottage, which was his own, and thus secure for his children what had been denied him in his native land. In the building of the foundation on which this great country stands, Americans have much for which to thank the immigrant peasants of western Europe.

"Conditions have undergone a great change in the last century. Though the Irishman came to America as a laborer, he has not remained a laborer. Today, he controls the railroad for which he wielded the shovel and pick to build, and heads many of the largest industries of the land. Witness James Coleman, the engineer who constructed the New York subway; John McDonough, who built the Gatun dam, and James J. Hill, at the head of one of the greatest railway systems of this country. On the supreme bench are Justices Day and McKenna, whose names tell to what race they belong. Many other instances might be cited of Irishmen who are today occupying positions of high trust and honor. The presence of the Irish has been felt in all the great political movements during the history of this nation. Irishmen were among the signers of the Declaration of Independence, they were active and efficient soldiers in the Revolution, afterwards, they were prominent in the council halls of the nation, and as jurists they have been largely instrumental in interpreting the supreme law of the land. No race or people has been more active in building up this great country than the Irish.

The Irish in Politics. "The Irish have sometimes been unjustly criticized for their activity in politics. It is not enough that a foreigner in this country lives a moral and industrious life. It is his duty to familiarize himself with American institutions. Otherwise, he does not deserve the right of suffrage. The Irish have made a study of American government and have been active in politics. Every American should be, and the man who holds himself aloof from caucuses, primaries and elections, should not criticize those who are willing to get down among the masses and work for the principles they believe to be right. The so-called ward boss may guide and direct, but he can never betray his constituents. The sovereignty of the nation rests with the masses. With but few exceptions, the Irish have been as conscientious patriots in politics as they have been in times of war. "It is the nature of the Irishman to be sociable. He is jovial, quick-witted and outspoken. Americans as a class are more crafty and diplomatic. The Irish people are sometimes unjustly accused of intemperance. The reason for this is not that they drink more than others, but that in the honesty of their nature, when they take a social drink they take it in the open, where they can be seen by all men. In their native land, the Irish people have always been characterized by sobriety. Father Matthews instituted the greatest temperance reform the world has ever known. To charge the Irish with intemperance is base slander. "Out of love for social relationship grows national life and patriotism. The Irish race is a veritable furnace of patriotism. The Irish were among the most liberal contributors to the Revolution. In the Civil war, Irish regiments stood up and fought their way to victory in the face of the most terrible hardships and loss of life. At the battle of Bull Run, it was the 69th New York, an Irish regiment, that saved Washington from invasion. At Winchester, it was General Phil Sheridan who won a battle that had already been lost. In times of peace, the Irish have had sympathy for the oppressed and have stood firm for what they loyally believed to be right. "With all their love for their native land, Irishmen in America cherish the welfare of their native land above all others. The American Irishman is pre-eminently an American, for it is he that has found justice, peace and liberty."

Mr. Carmody is gifted with extraordinary oratorical ability and his address was listened to with close attention, and he was frequently interrupted with enthusiastic applause. In a characteristically Irish way, he told a number of humorous stories in the course of his address, which aptly and forcibly illustrated the points he desired to make.



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forget what is due your looks as a careful dresser in STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES—which same we have waiting for you in all Spring models and styles. Clothes that fit, that are stylish with a world-wide style, that are all wool and hold their shape.

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Illustration of a woman in a long coat and hat holding an umbrella. Text: Childs' smart style Coats in all the new shades of Reseda, Alice Blue, Red and Navy; special values \$5.00 at.

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