

BIG WALK-OUT IS THREATENED

Following Extended Negotiations, a Labor Controversy Involving the Railroad Systems of the West Reaches a Critical Stage.

Unless the Entire Dispute Is Submitted to Arbitration, the Officials of the Brotherhood Serve Notice, a Strike Is Inevitable—Twenty-Five Thousand Firemen Are Concerned, and They Are Employed on Forty-Seven Lines Between Chicago and the Coast.

Chicago, March 13.—The threatened walkout of twenty-five thousand firemen on nearly all the railroad systems between Chicago and the Pacific coast reached a critical stage today when W. S. Carter, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen & Enginemen, formally advised the railroad that if the entire controversy is not submitted to arbitration a strike will be inevitable.

Mr. Carter's letter of notification is endorsed by the brotherhood's committee, which represents the firemen on forty-seven railroads west of Chicago. The letter was sent to W. C. Nixon, general manager of the St. Louis & San Francisco railway, chairman of the railway managers' committee. The letter follows:

"Dear Sir: Your letter of March 13, wherein you state that the managers' committee declines to further matters in the controversy, has been referred, and in reply my committee instructs me to say: 'If there is to be a great strike, the responsibility must and will rest on the managers' committee. That there may be no misunderstanding concerning this responsibility, our committee hereby proposes the submission of all matters in dispute to adjustment by arbitration.

"The public has been informed through the press, that the matters in controversy cannot be arbitrated because they involve the authority of the railway officials and the discipline of the employees. This statement our committee emphatically denies. Officials of many of the railroads represented by the managers' committee do not hesitate to confess that gross injustice is perpetrated under present practices.

"Our committee directs me to request the managers' committee, through you, if this proposition to arbitrate is not accepted by the managers' committee, that you notify us at your earliest convenience."

The railroads previously have announced their willingness to arbitrate the increased wage demand, which the firemen say will amount to 1 1/2 per cent. The other demands involved, the managers say, concern discipline and authority and are not open to arbitration. These points have to do with the promotion of firemen and the question whether, if they become engineers, they still are under the jurisdiction of the brotherhood.

After conferring with Mr. Nixon, O. L. Dickenson, president of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road, gave out the following statement: "We have received Mr. Carter's letter, which to the layman who is not familiar with the methods of labor organizations would appear to be somewhat serious and point to a strike. I wish to say that it is merely one of the methods unfortunately invoked in conducting such negotiations, and it is not likely that the men would sanction the action of the leaders in calling a strike over one or two technical points. We do not feel the slightest apprehension over the difficulty. The managers, in due time, probably tomorrow, will make definite answer to the firemen's committee, and we hope for a peaceful adjustment."

BOLD THEFT AT SAN FRANCISCO. Painting Valued at \$10,000 Is Cut from Its Frame and Stolen.

San Francisco, March 13.—Carefully cut from its frame a scene of a person wandered about other works of art, the famous painting, "The Shepherd and His Flock," by Jean Francois Millet, was stolen from the Art Museum in Golden Gate Park today. No one saw the thief remove the canvas and the police are without a clue. The painting is valued at \$10,000, by the owner, Miss Sarah M. Spooner, who is traveling in Europe. The canvas is twenty-one by seventeen inches.

FIGHT FOR MILLIONS BEGINS. Los Angeles, Cal., March 12.—Preparatory to an attack on the \$25,000,000 estate of the late E. J. (Lucky) Baldwin, the Arcadia turfman, who died a year ago, a petition was filed in the probate court yesterday asking that a guardian be appointed for Beatrice Anita Baldwin, otherwise known as Beatrice Anita Turnbull, declared to be the daughter of Baldwin and Lillian J. Ashley. The share claimed by the petitioner would make about \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000. The basis of the claim is an alleged common law marriage between Baldwin and Lillian Ashley. It is acknowledged that the marriage has since become void, but the contestants are relying upon the statute which declares that all children of void marriage are legitimate.

Washington, March 13.—The government hospital for the insane here soon will have a first-class theater with a seating capacity of 1,200 and a stage large enough to accommodate a grand opera troupe, if the troupe will sign up. Congress has appropriated \$100,000 for the building.

RARE ANTELOPE FALL BEFORE UNERRING RIFLE.

Col. Roosevelt Brings to a Fitting End a Hunt Which Has Been Successful Beyond Expectations—He Is Due in Khartoum Today, and in Gala Attire the City Eagerly Awaits Him.

Khartoum, March 13.—Khartoum is in gala attire, awaiting the coming of Theodore Roosevelt, who with the other members of the American hunting and scientific expedition aboard the steamer Dada is expected to arrive tomorrow. A northern gale is kicking up heavy waves in the river, and it is possible that the arrival will be somewhat delayed.

Colonel Roosevelt's success in shooting in the Sudan a dozen antelopes, including one of Mrs. Gray's white-cared antelope and other rare specimens, makes a fitting end to a hunt which has been successful beyond expectations. Henceforth Mr. Roosevelt will be the guest of honor at a series of brilliant and enthusiastic receptions. The first reception was held at the jungle station of the American mission at Sobat, where Mr. Roosevelt dined. Before his departure from Sobat he spoke of the manner in which the medical missionary work at the various stations has impressed him.

When Colonel Roosevelt arrives at Khartoum tomorrow, he will be met by Mrs. Roosevelt and Ethel, who are on their way from Alexandria. Khartoum society and great crowds of visitors are awaiting to accord a fitting welcome. Apartments are in readiness for Colonel Roosevelt and his family at the palace, and they will dine there alone. Tuesday will be devoted to sight-seeing around Khartoum, and visits will be paid to the Gordon Memorial college and other noted places. In the evening the heads of the governmental departments and their wives will meet the Americans at a dinner at the palace. The guests will include Slatin Pasha, the writer who described the massacres in the Sudan, Wednesday the colonel will visit Omdurman. The hills of Kereri, several miles from Omdurman, mark the site of the battle of Omdurman Sept. 2, 1898, when the Khalifa's army was annihilated and the rule of the Khalifa ended. A game of polo has been arranged at the Gynkara grounds. Thursday is a free day, but it is probable that Mr. Roosevelt will attend the Masonic lodge and witness a Sudanese drill. The Roosevelt family will leave by special train Thursday night to visit Assouan, Luxor and Edfa, on the way to Cairo. He will enter Europe by way of Naples or Brindisi. Many streets in Khartoum are decorated in honor of the Americans, and the American flag flies from various buildings.

It is said that no other hunter of big game has passed through so many hardships in so short a time and has been so successful. Mr. Roosevelt and his wife are the only two white members of the expedition who have escaped sickness. The Sesse islands, through which the steamer threaded on the trip to Entebbe, are a monument to the devastation wrought by the tsetse fly, for once well populated, they are now devoid of human life, through the sleeping sickness scourge.

Nothing has pleased Colonel Roosevelt more than the native guards of honor which have turned out at every place to greet his coming. At one station in Uganda the native contingent, with a rifle and drum corps and a brass band, marched to the house where Mr. Roosevelt was a guest at a luncheon and drew up for review. The band was conducted by the mission father, and it rendered the American national anthem with only a few false notes.

ALL FRANCE AROUSED. Duez Embezzlement Ranks With the Panama and Dreyfus Affairs.

Paris, March 13.—The scandal in connection with the liquidation of property of religious orders has aroused political passions in France to a pitch only comparable with the Panama, Dreyfus and Boulanger affairs. The entire country is shocked, but, as is customary in France, the moral is overshadowed by the political side. The government is expected to try to overthrow Premier Briand Monday when the debate on the interpellation concerning the embezzlement of Duez is resumed in the chamber of deputies. The premier personally has come out of the fray with flying colors, as he did everything in his power to bring Duez to book two years ago.

Developments in the affair are amazing. The authorities have not as yet been able to confirm the statement by Duez that he lost millions in stock gambling, but they have uncovered shaky evidence in which he was engaged. Much money was apparently squandered by Duez in riotous living.

TIMOTHY HARRINGTON DEAD. A Member of Parliament and Three Times Lord Mayor of Dublin.

London, March 13.—Timothy Harrington, member of the house of commons for Dublin, died today, aged fifty-nine. Mr. Harrington in 1891 was elected lord mayor of Dublin, and was re-elected twice. He formerly was proprietor of the United Ireland and of the Kerry Sentinel. He was once a Fenianite, but in 1897 declared himself an independent Nationalist.

OCEAN STEAMER IS STRANDED. Christiania, March 13.—The steamer United States, from Copenhagen March 10 for New York, is still aground off this port, but is not believed to be in any danger. She grounded in a dense fog. There was no panic. When the fog cleared, five steamers took off all the passengers, transferring them to other steamers for New York.

SERIOUS RIOTING IN SPAIN. Saragossa, Spain, March 13.—A meeting of Catholics today to protest against the lay schools culminated in serious street fighting. The police were forced to use weapons freely to restore order, and several persons were hurt.

CARMEN'S STRIKE IS ON THE WANE

Philadelphia Police and Transit Company Officials Agree That the Situation in the Quaker City Is Improving Hourly.

Operations Are Expanding Steadily, There Is Little Disorder and With a Better Class of Employees Than Earlier During the Trouble the Fares Turned in Show a Remarkable Increase—The Sympathetic Movement, too, Appears Disintegrating Rapidly.

Philadelphia, March 13.—Attracted by a fire in a box-car filled with hay on a railroad siding at Kensington, several thousand persons collected today and threw stones at the police. Several persons were hurt before the police got the crowd under control. Outside this demonstration, the cars were run without molestation and there were more cars operated today than any Sunday since the strike of the carmen began.

The police and the company officers agree that the situation is improving hourly. The rough men which the company was compelled to hire when the strike began are gone, and better men now operate the cars. Where two weeks ago 200,000 fares were collected in a day, yesterday 750,000 fares were turned in. This is accounted for partly by the running of more cars and that the people are using them more.

The traction directors stick to their final declaration that the union will not be dealt with. The officers of the amalgamated carmen's union are just as determined that no settlement shall be accepted that does include full recognition of the union. The company offers to take the strikers back and does not demand that they shall drop their union membership, but it insists that the union shall cut no figure in any peace negotiations.

The authorities look for a big break in the ranks of the sympathetic strikers tomorrow. Many already have returned to work, and a police cordon, it is said, shows that thousands will do so tomorrow. The superintendent of the Cramps shipyard declared today that not one of the 5,000 employees there has walked out. According to police information, hundreds of sympathetic strikers at the Baldwin Locomotive Works will return to work tomorrow. The bricklayers and carpenters, it is said, will resume Monday or Tuesday, and other trades will follow this example.

In its efforts to demonstrate the strength of organized labor and to make stronger the sympathetic strike, the Central Labor union today directed all milkmen, bakers, grocery clerks and other dispensers of necessities of life to remain away from their usual vocations tomorrow and until the grievances of the striking carmen have been adjusted. It was also resolved that the union members draw all their money from the banks.

WILL PROBE THE BUTTER MARKET. Senate Committee Will Investigate the Operations of the Elgin Syndicate.

Washington, March 13.—Following testimony by growers before the senate cost of living committee that the Elgin butter syndicate makes the market price for the whole country, Chairman Lodge has decided to sit the matter to the bottom. The committee will meet tomorrow and it is expected that the examination of the witnesses will be directed along the lines of getting at the bottom of the butter question. Already the syndicate has protested against the statements made by witnesses and it is not unlikely that some representatives of the syndicate will appear on the scene before the subject is closed.

HISEN IN LIMELIGHT AGAIN. He Will Fight the Federal Incorporation of the Rockefeller Foundation.

Springfield, Mass., March 13.—The federal incorporation of the proposed Rockefeller foundation will be opposed in Washington by Thomas L. Hisen of West Springfield, the independence party candidate for president in 1908. Hisen has always been an enemy of the Standard Oil company. He stated today that he had engaged counsel. His opposition is based on the allegation that under the charter proposed, the Rockefeller foundation will become a corporation greater than the government which created it.

"OULD SOD" REACHES CHICAGO. Chicago, March 13.—Three big crates containing the vedant "ould sod" of the Emerald Isle, brought across the water especially for the presidential reception here St. Patrick's Day, have reached Chicago, after many disquieting rumors that the sod had gone astray. It was reported that when the steamer St. Louis arrived in New York the consignments of sod taken aboard at Queens-town was missing. The Irish Fellowship club was chagrined. The suspense was relieved, however, when it was learned that the sod had been docketed before a committee reached the vessel at a New York pier. The crates weighed nearly two tons, a genuine black thorn shillalah and several walking sticks, the contents of which were packed with the "ould sod."

Atlantic City, N. J., March 13.—Bishop Spellmeyer of St. Louis, who was presiding over the annual New Jersey Methodist Episcopal conference, died suddenly yesterday, of heart disease.

THE WEATHER

Washington, March 13.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Fair and rising temperature, Monday and Tuesday.

HIGH TRIBUNAL RULES AGAINST MINERS' UNION. In a Decision Which Makes a Sweeping Injunction Permanent, a U. S. Court of Appeals Puts Under the Ban of the Law the Sympathetic Strike.

Richmond, Va., March 13.—By dismissing the appeal of the United Mine Workers of America yesterday, the United States circuit court of appeals practically perpetuates a temporary injunction of sweeping character. The case, which that of President Lewis of the Mine Workers, as an individual and as vice president of the union, against the Hitchman Coal & Coke company of West Virginia, and was an appeal from the decision of the United States circuit court for the northern district of West Virginia. The sympathetic strike was the issue.

The injunction restrains the union from interfering and conspiring to interfere with employees of the plaintiff; from trespassing on the company's property; from compelling by threats any employee to leave, and from establishing pickets. The sole excuse, says the decision, is alleged to be that some of the plaintiff's rival coal operators have refused to comply with the union's demands and exactions. The opinion also says that the union men have said to the plaintiff: "Notwithstanding that you have complied with the requirements of the organization (miners' union), have agreed to all its terms and conditions, have employed only union men and have secured nearly \$1,000 to the union's funds in the way of dues from your miners, we propose to stop your operations, shut down your mine," and, in accordance with this purpose to injure, have actually carried out these declarations, with no promise to let up before the plaintiff's final ruin should be accomplished.

Gompers Scores the Courts. Washington, March 13.—The prediction that the courts, in their decisions against labor, eventually would touch the public conscience and precipitate a revolution of feeling in this country was made by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, when he read the decision of the United States circuit court of appeals at Richmond, Va., in the Hitchman strike case. Mr. Gompers asserted that the decision of the court, declaring unlawful the sympathetic strike, meant nothing less than a recognition of human slavery.

ROLLS A SCORE OF 692. Wm. Richter of Chicago Bows Into the Lead at Detroit.

Detroit, March 13.—William Richter, a member of the Chalmers Detroit team of Chicago, jumped into the lead in the individual event of the American Bowling congress tournament yesterday by rolling 692. This series also put Richter in the lead for the grand average prize for nine games, with 1,884. In the 100-man event, Richter rolled, with Robert Rolfe and score 1,179, the best count of the day. The Hyde Parks of St. Louis rolled 2,827, which was the best score for the first squad in the day's five-man events, and took temporary possession of fourth place.

George Quayley, of St. Louis, was the star of a long day's siege of rolling when he shot 689 in the individual event this afternoon and landed 278 in his last effort, the best single game of the meet. His score 689 put him in second place, three pins behind Richter. Quayley had an excellent start, with 213, but a split and a miss in the second game brought him down to 198. He opened the third with two strikes, and then mowed down a 6-10 combination for a spare in the fourth game. His final score was 689, which was the best of the string, with 278.

WILBUR WRIGHT WATCHES IT. Aviator Paulhan Makes Daring Flight at the Jamaica Race Track.

New York, March 13.—In a choppy twenty-mile wind, which caught his Farman biplane at the start and rocked her like a boat, Louis Paulhan made a daring flight at the Jamaica race track today. He was in the air eight minutes and covered six miles. He headed the biplane into the wind and flew over the countryside toward far Rockaway and the ocean, making a graceful turn in the distance and coming back with the wind at a mad speed. Returning, he soared over the grandstand, missing the flagpole by a few feet, and landed in the enclosure within a hundred feet of the starting point. Several thousand persons watched the flight. Wilbur Wright, as he has done daily, attended the exhibition with his attorney and watched the flight, getting evidence to show that Paulhan's biplane is an infringement of the Wright's patents.

AUTOMOBILE RACE CALLED OFF. Daytona, Fla., March 13.—The \$10,000 match race between Barney Oldfield, in his 200-horsepower Benz racer, and Ralph DePalma, with a 200-horsepower Fiat, scheduled for March 15 over the Daytona beach race course, has been called off. DePalma yesterday smashed a piston on one of the cylinders of his car.

Today, Oldfield, with his 200-horsepower Benz, drove a mile in twenty-seven and two-fifths seconds, four-fifths of a second better than the world's record.

ENGLAND WINS CHESS HONORS. New York, March 13.—Great Britain once more carried off the honors in the twelfth annual chess match by cable, which was concluded last evening at the Brooklyn Chess club. Although three games were left unfinished, owing to the failure of the committee to reach an understanding on the procedure for scoring, the tally stood four and a half to two and a half in favor of Great Britain.

NATION'S CHIEF ON SAD MISSION

President Taft Journeys to Pittsburgh to Attend the Funeral of Mrs. Taft's Brother-in-Law, Thomas K. McLaughlin.

That the Wellknown Steel Manufacturer and Clubman, Worth Twenty Million Dollars, Put an End to His Own Life Is a Fact Developed Only When the Coroner Forces an Investigation—He Blew Out His Brains, It Is Stated Officially.

Pittsburg, March 13.—President Taft today attended the funeral of Mrs. Taft's brother-in-law, Thomas K. McLaughlin, who committed suicide here last week, and left on the early night train for Washington. Rain fell all day.

The president reached East Liberty, a suburb near Pittsburgh, where he was a guest of honor and surrounded by a gay company at a Sunday tea. Mrs. Louis More, of Cincinnati, who recently succeeded Mrs. Lauglin as companion to Mrs. Taft at the White House, accompanied the president. Mrs. Taft was unable to come. At the Lauglin home the family were joined by Mrs. Chas. Anderson, of Cincinnati, another sister of Mrs. Taft.

The funeral services were held at the residence. Only the family and close friends of the Lauglins were present. Judge John W. Herron, of Cincinnati, father of Mrs. Lauglin and Mrs. Taft, was unable to be present because of illness. Irwin B. Lauglin, a brother, secretary of the American embassy at Berlin, cabled his condolence. Mrs. Taft sent a large wreath of flowers from the White House conservatory. Representative and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth and friends from various parts of the country sent flowers and messages of sympathy. At the grave the mourning party were sheltered from the eyes of the public by a tent stretched above the family plot.

Dead Man a Suicide. Thomas K. Lauglin, assistant treasurer of the great Jones & Lauglin Steel interests, and worth \$20,000,000, sent a bullet into his brain some time during Thursday night in his mansion on Woodlawn road. Efforts by relatives to suppress the facts were successful only last Monday, when Congressman Samuel Jamison, after forcing an investigation, made the public announcement.

There is a report that Mrs. Lauglin was in Washington when her husband killed himself and that she was hurried back here even before the news of his death was made public. She had gone to Washington to attend the White House musicale Friday evening. Mrs. Lauglin refused to be interviewed. Her friends say that she has been here all the time and that she herself found the lifeless body of her husband Friday morning. It was late in the afternoon before the partners of Mr. Lauglin were informed of his death.

The latest developments warrant the belief that the millionaire killed himself in his study after dinner Thursday evening. Mr. Lauglin returned from Europe only last Monday. Since then he had been busy settling up business matters that had accumulated during his absence. The condition in which he left his affairs indicated that the suicide was not committed in a fit of temporary insanity, but was the result of a well laid plan.

Doctor's Vague Report. Dr. T. T. Meenan and W. I. Ingraham, who had been called in by the Lauglin family after the head of the house had been found dead, made a report of "death by cerebral hemorrhage."

The coroner, after his investigation, found that these hemorrhages were caused by a 48-caliber bullet sent through the brain by Lauglin's own hand. Relatives say Mr. Lauglin had been acting queerly since the death several months ago of his father, Major George M. Lauglin. Those interested in suppressing the news of the suicide said they had only hoped to prevent embarrassment to President Taft when he came for the funeral. Mr. Lauglin had been a very close friend of Thomas O'Connor Jones, a full cousin and a partner in the Jones & Lauglin firm, who four years ago shot himself dead in the Hotel Schenley. Mr. Lauglin brooded over his cousin's suicide.

The last public appearance of Mr. Lauglin here was last Decoration Day, when he and his family posed with President Taft for a family picture at the Lauglin homestead. Mr. Lauglin appeared to be in the best of spirits at that time. Mr. Lauglin was thirty-five years old and a Yale graduate. He married Miss Lucy Hays Herndon, daughter of John Heron, of Cincinnati, in 1902. She was a society favorite and a golfer of national repute. Mr. Lauglin was well known in New York clubdom. He had long been a sufferer from nervous health, it is said.

Mrs. Lauglin has frequently figured in the entertainments at the White House. She took the place of Mrs. Taft as hostess during the latter's illness several months ago.

FRANK GOULD IS MUM. Paris, March 13.—Frank Gould in response to a request for a statement regarding the report that he and Miss Edith Kelly, the actress, had been married, declined to make any such statement.

TRIPLE TRAGEDY IN NEW YORK CITY.

C. Herman Moritz a Wealthy Retired Real Estate Dealer, and His Two Sons Are Found Shot to Death in Their Burning Home—The Crime Evidently the Work of a Depondent Father.

New York, March 13.—C. Herman Moritz, aged forty-five, and two sons, George, aged seventeen, and Walter, aged fifteen, were found shot to death tonight in their burning home in the Bronx. The father's body was in the hallway, the eldest son lay dead in a closet, while the younger boy was found in the cellar. Moritz was a wealthy retired real estate dealer, from all appearances killed by his own hands. A revolver lay beside the father's body. Moritz rushed to the street yelling fire. A policeman who rushed in the front door fell over the body of Moritz. After the fire was out the police found in a bedroom closet the body of George, huddled up in such position as to indicate that the boy had been chased by his father and sought to hide himself. The younger son was lying on a heap of rags near the cellar stairway. He had been shot twice in the breast. Moritz, evidently seized with a fit of despondency, to which the neighbors say he was subject, killed the boys and set a fire in the cellar. Mrs. Moritz was visiting in Englewood, N. J.

Dramatic Suicide in Illinois. Granite City, Ills., March 13.—After receiving a letter from his sweetheart, breaking off their engagement, Anthony Timinsky today shot himself through the lung and head. Bleeding profusely, he walked a block to a saloon. Waving a revolver and clinging to the bar, he compelled every person in the place to drink to the woman's health. As the toast was finished, Timinsky sank unconscious to the floor and died.

Kills His Wife and Himself. Pearl, Ills., March 13.—Pushing aside her aged parents, who sought to protect their daughter, Perry Rubel, aged fifty-nine, a farmer, shot and then hanged himself yesterday. He was fifty-one, aged thirty-eight, and himself today when she refused to return to him. The shooting took place at the home of the woman's parents, William Johnson and wife, eighty-four and eighty years old.

ARMY INSPECTORS INVESTIGATING. Lieut. Janney the Victim of a Mysterious Shooting Affair at Manila.

Manila, March 13.—Second Lieutenant Clarence M. Janney, of the Twelfth infantry, killed himself yesterday at Fort William McKinley. Considerable mystery shrouds the case, and it is not known whether the killing was intentional. Army inspectors are investigating.

Lieutenant Janney and his wife attended a dinner party at the house of Lieutenant Colonel Robert F. Ames. Janney left the party and went to his quarters. He got a revolver and returned to the house of Colonel Ames. On the way he fired one shot, presumably in the air. He entered the house and flourished the revolver. There was an explosion, and Janney fell dead, with a bullet in his head. It was reported that Colonel Ames had shot Janney, and guards arrested him, but subsequently Ames was released. Janney was born in Virginia in 1881.

OVERLOOKED BY NEIGHBORS. Two St. Louis Children Meet Their Doom in Burning Dwelling.

St. Louis, March 13.—While neighbors removed nearly all the household goods from the burning house of Wm. Quinn today, Charles and Catherine, young children, were overlooked in an upstairs room and were burned to death despite the cries of the mother that they were still in the building. The father and mother were absent when the fire started. They were both taken to a hospital in a state of nervous collapse.

Three Little Girls Victims in Manitoba. Rapid City, Man., March 13.—During the absence of Fred Willis and his wife from their farm house today, it burned, and their three little daughters were incinerated.

CARS BARRED ON SUNDAY. Company Gets Right of Way by Promising to Observe the Sabbath.

Newcastle, Pa., March 13.—Upon the promise of the company to refrain from running cars on Sundays, rights of way have been granted by the various boroughs through which it will pass for a new trolley line from here to Sharon by way of New Wilmington. The road will cost \$1,000,000, and much of the stock is held by ministers and churches of the various communities.

FIND GIRL'S BODY IN LAKE. New York, March 13.—The long search for Miss Helen Bloodgood, the young heiress to the fortune of William Bloodgood of this city, ended yesterday afternoon when her body was found in the waters of Lake Carasajo, less than a mile from Lakewood, N. J. The girl had been ill for some months and escaped from her nurses Wednesday morning. The search had been carried on unceasingly.

HAS HER PRIZE HORSES SHOT. Plainfield, N. J., March 13.—Rather than allow another person to use her blue ribbon coach horses, Mrs. M. E. Edgerly, a resident of the millionaire colony here, recently had a veterinary surgeon shoot them. Mrs. Edgerly became devoted to the automobile, and bought several cars. She is a widow and lives alone with servants on a large estate.

KILLED WHILE "PLAYING INDIAN." Rockford, Ills., March 13.—While "playing Indian," Hubert Nally, eight years old, shot and killed his brother Clifford, aged seven, with a small caliber rifle.

MR. TAFT'S PROGRAM IS FARING POORLY

No Positive Force Pushing It for Consideration Is Apparent Anywhere, With the Result That the Outlook Is Dubious.

Postal Bank, Anti-Injunction, Conservation and Statehood Legislation All Is Held Up, and Now Weeks Will Be Devoted to the Railroad Bill—So Changed Will This Measure Be That the President Will Scarcely Recognize It Should It Reach Him.

Washington, March 13.—Although identical when introduced in the two houses of congress it is now evident that the measure to create a court of commerce and amend the interstate commerce laws will bear little resemblance to each other when the deliberations of both bodies are concluded.

In the house committee a many of the administration theories in regard to the issuing of stocks and bonds and the merging of non-competing lines have been shattered and the end is not in sight, for although the measure already is much amended the assaults on the bill will continue on the floor.

While the opposition to the administration bill has not been strong enough to amend the bill in the senate committee, it is now conceded that several important changes will be forced on the floor. The debate on the bill will begin tomorrow or Tuesday. Senator Cummins will open the discussion in support of certain changes advocated in the minority report of the senate committee. He may speak for several days.

Nearly all the "insurgent" senators will speak on the railroad bill, and there will be many speeches also from the Democratic side. No one estimates that the debate will be finished in less than six weeks, and some senators predict that much more time will be consumed. An effort will be made by the house committee on interstate commerce to report the bill this week, and it is probable, therefore, that a debate on the same subject will proceed simultaneously at both ends of the Capitol. This will create an unusual situation.

The statehood legislation which has passed the house legislation, which has passed the senate, both have been sidetracked for the administration railroad bill. The postal bank bill will not reach the floor for several weeks and probably will not until the present session is near the close.

Regardless of the fact that the postal bank bill, the anti-injunction measure, the statehood legislation and the administration conservation measures are all part of the administration program, there is no apparent anywhere a positive force pushing them for consideration.

IOWA SENATORS PLAN FIGHT. Cummins and Dolliver Discover Administration Working Against Them.

Washington, March 13.—Senators Cummins and Dolliver were in conference today relative to the political situation in Iowa as affected by the recent Des Moines conference of administration Republicans.

The announced purpose of the Des Moines meeting was to arrange a campaign in the interest of the administration. The Iowa senators interpret this to mean that there is to be a systematic effort to discredit them in the state and especially before the next state Republican convention, some time during the summer. They understand that the state is to be canvassed with a view of nominating delegates to a convention who will be willing to censure them for their course in the senate. They have antagonized the administration on not only the tariff, but on the postal savings bank bill.

"We are ready to meet the issue," said Senator Cummins. "We cannot, of course, leave our duties here for the present, but we don't doubt that our friends will take care of our interests. We do not desire the effect of the conflict upon the party, but so far as our personal interests are concerned we could have hoped for nothing better, as it will give us an opportunity to make a fight and show why we have pursued the course we have in Washington. We don't fear the results."

IS AFTER WOODRUFF'S SCALP. Root Intimates He May Try to Oust the State Chairman.

New York, March 13.—Senator Elihu Root, whose suggestions to the Republican legislators at Albany were unheeded by the organization forces, who selected Senator Cobb president of the senate over Mr. Root's protest, and have drawn him prominently into the political limelight in this state, held a conference in New York today with Lloyd G. Grissom, chairman of the Republican county committee. Later he saw Timothy L. Woodruff, Republican state chairman. Senator Root declined to discuss the situation, but intimated that he might try to oust Woodruff. The latter answered all queries by the words, "See Mr. Root," lending the impression that there would be a fight.

Washington, March 13.—Comparatively warm weather will prevail over the United States during most of the present week, according to the predictions of the weather bureau. About the middle of the week a period of cooler weather will set in over the extreme West and will advance to the Atlantic.

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 MARQUETTE, MICH., MARCH 14.

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To be sure a debate is about the only thing lacking to add color to our campaign to determine the status of the saloon for the ensuing few years.

The oratory on the saloon question with which the voters are being assailed should serve to clarify their minds on the question, if it does not badly befuddle them.

The Escanaba Journal, which runs a likeness of Candidate Musselman at the head of its editorial column, suggests that Mr. Osborn's withdrawal may be the next significant development in the gubernatorial canvass. It may be granted that it is the development that would most relieve the apprehensions of the other candidates, but however much the Journal may like to see it, it's the development least likely to occur. The situation is breaking favorably to Mr. Osborn all along the line, and he is now making his plans to annex the greater part of the vote of Wayne and other important counties of lower Michigan.

Dr. Fritch, whose brazen methods have nauseated public sentiment in Detroit, has gone to Jackson under sentence for a richly merited term, much to the relief of this community, says the Detroit News. The operations of justice that have finally resulted in the imprisonment of this man are a source of very general gratification because of the seeming impunity with which he had plied his craft. The ante-mortem statements of his later victims were placed in the hands of the prosecutor, showing he continued his illegal practices even while being tried for his crime. He has been a stench in the city's nostrils, and the community, applauding the work of the trial court that finally convicted the slippery offender, now hopes that he need never be tried again for the Millman job.

Chase S. Osborn declared at Detroit last week that a pot of \$50,000 is being raised to conduct Senator Burrows' campaign and that he knows of three Michigan men who have been assessed \$1,000 each for it. Mr. Osborn is not taking any hand in the senatorial contest, either. What he is seeking is obedience to the spirit, as well as the letter, of the primary election law, and he thinks that this is incompatible with the expenditure of \$50,000 campaign funds. What is needed is a larger measure of publicity in regard to campaign expenditures. The state law should require sworn accounting for every dollar spent, and the federal law should make mandatory a complete statement of the outlay in every congressional district. Abuses in the employment of money in political campaigns will vanish quickly enough, once the full light of publicity is let in.

About all the appointment by Governor Warner will do for the man he designates to succeed Judge Montgomery on the supreme bench will be to give him a vantage point for the election in the fall, for the law requires an election at the earliest opportunity, that the voters may pass on who shall succeed to the place now made vacant. And as Judge Montgomery's term expires December 1, 1911, the candidate who is elected to succeed him next fall must stand for election again in the spring. Judge Sessions, who was Senator Burrows' candidate for the place on the customs court which went to Judge Montgomery, is seeking to be selected to succeed the latter on the state supreme bench, and it is said that Senator Burrows will use all the influence he has with, and can bring to bear on, Governor Warner, to secure his appointment. There are a half dozen or more receptive candidates for the place, any one of whom would fill it creditably.

Mayor Bailey, of Battle Creek, is to be the guest of honor of Detroit Democrats at a banquet to which Lawton T. Hemans has not been invited. Mayor Bailey, who has been making a vigorous and picturesque executive at Battle Creek and who has attracted widespread attention by the sledgehammer way he has gone after local abuses, is regarded by many Democrats as even better material for the gubernatorial nomination than Mr. Hemans. He, however, is not seeking it, and, in fact, has declined to consider seriously the suggestion that his friends be allowed to put his name forward. The Detroit Democrats are partial to Mayor Bailey, it is said, and if they could have their way would run him, instead of Mr. Hemans, whose strength lies mainly outside Wayne county. As a rule, however, the Demo-

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crats seem to regard Hemans as the strongest man they can put forward, and there is likely to be an increasing demand that he make the run.

The report of the light and power commission for the fiscal year lately ended is the best showing that has ever been made for the city's plant. The net revenue was \$33,546.45. During the year \$24,000 of the outstanding bonds were retired, and the year closed with \$16,545.80 cash on hand. Many thousands of dollars were expended for permanent improvements. So small an amount of bonds remain outstanding against the plant that it is the purpose of the board to seriously consider reductions in the existing rates, both for the service given private consumers and that given the city. It is now possible to reduce the rates somewhat, take care of all necessary betterments, and still have a substantial cash balance at the end of each fiscal year. Not the least interesting showing for 1909-10 was the 220 additional customers. It is particularly notable because even at the beginning of the year the use of electricity was more general here than perhaps anywhere else in the country, population considered.

A cablegram from Renk, in the Sudan, describes the first meeting between Colonel Roosevelt and the American press correspondents. The moment Colonel Roosevelt sighted the correspondents boat from the deck of the Dal, he sent a small boat out to bring them aboard. If the correspondents were led by this evidence of his interest in their presence in the neighborhood, and the cordiality of his greeting of them, to hope that he would respond freely to queries about his views on home affairs, their hope was dashed by the dexterity with which the colonel turned their questions, and the speed with which he had them undergoing a cross examination instead of themselves firing a broadside of questions. The colonel's guard was impregnable, nor was the cleverest strategy of the newspaper men sufficient to in any manner break it down. Colonel Roosevelt, the news comes, is easily the healthiest man of his party after his year's sojourn in the trying African climate. He is robust, tanned and full of life and spirits, ready, no doubt, for anything the future has in store.

Complete mystery surrounds the run on the Society for Savings in Cleveland. The institution is sound and solvent. There was no justification for the slightest breath of suspicion in regard to it. Yet in three days it had to pay out a million and a quarter of dollars to frightened small depositors who besieged it in hordes and practically prevented the transaction of any other business. The distrust appears to have been encouraged systematically, by men who sought out the depositors in their homes and suggested that their money would be safer out of the Society of Savings than in it. It will be hoped that the \$6,000 reward offered for information leading to the arrest of the originators of the false reports will result in their apprehension. It would be interesting to learn the motives that actuated them. These unwarranted runs on stable financial institutions are serious things. Wanton tampering with people's confidence in banks cannot be too severely dealt with, for it always carries a threat of financial disaster and is unsettling to business in a thousand different ways.

The sentences imposed by Judge Landis in Chicago against the men convicted of defrauding the government out of the ten-cent-per-pound tax on colored oleomargarine are likely to have a pronounced effect in discouraging this illicit industry. Driesbach and Broadwell, two of the convicted "moonshiners" are to serve six years in the Fort Leavenworth prison, and have each been assessed a \$15,000 fine. Daniel Bortz was given eighteen months in the house of correction in Chicago. Bortz is the man who recently gave testimony involving in the frauds Representative Moxley, who, through Senator Lorimer's efforts, was elected Lorimer's successor. Bortz testified that the Moxley company delivered uncolored oleo to the "moonshiners" after midnight, together with the coloring matter that was to make it resemble butter and pound wrappers, stamped with a sentence alleging government inspection. This testimony will be used as a basis for an inquiry into the methods of the Moxley company. With butter well over thirty cents, "moonshining" in the oleo business is an attractive venture for men willing to take a large risk for large profits. The uncolored oleo is a cheap product, coloring matter sufficient to color many pounds may be secured for a few cents, and the market is extensive and firm, for the stuff can be doctored up to resemble butter so closely that even nice palates may be deceived. The saving of the government tax represents a clear ten cents a pound. Give a "moonshiner" a successful year's operations, without detection, and he is able to retire from business as a substantial capitalist. But if the rewards of the crime are great Judge Landis has shown that the penalties visited on persons detected in it are great in proportion.

Quick climatic changes try strong constitutions and cause, among other evils, nasal catarrh, a troublesome and offensive disease. Sneezing and snuffling, coughing and difficult breathing, and the drip, drip of the nasal discharge into the throat—all are ended by Ely's Cream Balm. This household remedy contains no cocaine, mercury, or other harmful ingredients. The worst cases yield to treatment in a short time. All druggists, 50c., or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren street, New York.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

TUMOR OF YEARS GROWTH

Removed by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Holly Springs, Miss.—"Words are inadequate for me to express what your wonderful medicine has done for me. The doctors said I had a tumor, and I had an operation, but was soon as bad as again. I wrote you for advice, and began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you told me to do. I am glad to say that now I look and feel so well that my friends keep asking me what has helped me so much, and I gladly recommend your Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. WILLIE EDWARDS, Holly Springs, Miss.

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy—a tumor. If you have mysterious pains, inflammation, ulceration or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation, but try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once. For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and such unquestionable testimony as the above proves the value of this famous remedy, and should give everyone confidence. If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

WITNESS A. P. DAVIS.
 A. P. Davis, chief engineer of the reclamation service, who was the witness before the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee last week, did much more to put the allegations against Secretary Ballinger in definite form before the public than the better known witness who had preceded him. In place of inferences he substituted personal knowledge and citations of fact. His testimony must have been a great relief to the investigators, after all the nebulous and uncertain stuff they have been called on to deal with.

Mr. Davis is still an official in good standing with the government. He appeared to testify because he was subpoenaed, not because he was out looking for trouble. It is perhaps as damaging a blow as the case of Ballinger has received that his testimony was generally unfavorable to that official, and went to bolster up the charges that his enemies have made against him. Mr. Davis had nothing to offer about the Cunningham claims—in itself a relief—but confined his testimony to the much discussed restoration of lands withdrawn to protect water powers and his knowledge of Ballinger's general attitude toward the conservation program.

On the latter point he was successful in showing that Secretary Ballinger accepted his portfolio with a well defined prejudice against practically everything that had been done in carrying out the conservation policy. He called Mr. Davis for an interview in March, 1909, and in the course of their conversation severely criticized many of the activities of the forest and reclamation service under the Roosevelt administration. The withdrawals to protect water power sites made by Garfield particularly distressed him, and Davis tells that he gave orders for restorations, to be made slowly, so that public attention might not be attracted to them.

There is one of the most important points in Davis' testimony, for Secretary Ballinger is credited with having endeavored to convey the impression, and with actually having conveyed it, that the restorations of lands withdrawn by Garfield were made on the recommendation of the reclamation service, whereas the chief of that service now testifies that they were made practically at Ballinger's order, and gives the further testimony that in his opinion the restorations were inadvisable and the original withdrawals no larger in extent than was necessary to properly protect the water powers they were designed to conserve. And for this purpose, he testifies, the withdrawals were as necessary at the time Secretary Ballinger ordered the restorations as they were at the time they were originally made.

It goes without saying that Mr. Davis' testimony on these points is not final. There are other witnesses to be heard and, in particular, the whole case for Secretary Ballinger is to be put in. But Mr. Davis' testimony is significant because it carries concrete and definite statements and allegations of fact that are capable either of proof or refutation. As a means to the end of some definite determination of the merits of the controversy in progress, it is much more promising than the testimony that has preceded it. Give us more testimony of the same definite character and we will have the material on which to base conclusions, and on which to force a showdown.

LOWER STATE NEWS.

PORT HURON—After an illness of over five months, which for a time it was thought would prove fatal, Major Boynton, known throughout the state as the father of the "Macabees," is able to be around again. Major Boynton never weighed more than he does at the present time and does not feel the need to do so. He makes his annual trip to the southern states this year, where he owns a large farm, and is enjoying excellent health and can be seen taking a walk about the city daily.

ANN ARBOR—Resolutions were passed by the faculty of the literary department condemning the "coolest feature" of the freshmen's annual banquet and recommending that the banquet be prohibited unless that feature is eliminated. The strenuous efforts of the soph to break up the freshmen affair, which usually results in more or less personal injury and damage to property, will have to be cut out if the banquet is held. Dean Reed approved the action of the faculty and it remains for the student senate to pass on the matter.

SAGINAW—A young woman perched on the roof of a house in the role of volunteer fireman, courageously fighting a stubborn fire, was rescued by the fire department. The fire was the only one that they were called to fight in the city. The fire department was called to the scene of the fire at the residence of the young woman. The fire was extinguished and the young woman was rescued.

CORUNNA—Expressing confidence in the honesty of Rev. David Hicks, the former pastor of the Congregational church, the members of the Congregational church decided that it desired to retain Mr. Hicks as pastor. Accordingly A. B. Leonard, superintendent of this district, withdrew his demand for Mr. Hicks' resignation, and the undisciplined pastor will not have to vacate his position, as had been ordered. A purse of \$150 was raised for Mr. Hicks and provisions were sent to his home. Since coming here he has made a favorable impression on his flock and he is believed to have been the victim of unfortunate circumstances and to have been innocent of any wrong doings.

BIG RAPIDS—Had it not been for her four-year-old son Raymond, Mrs. Ben Reed, Woodward avenue, would have succeeded in killing her neighbor, excited, told Mrs. Julius Creer, a neighbor, that his mother was still in bed and acting strangely. Mrs. Creer went to see what the trouble was and found her neighbor semi-conscious. Upon the bed, however, she found an empty bottle, which had been filled with chloroform. She immediately sent for Dr. Spoor. Investigation showed that Mrs. Reed had saturated her pillow with a liberal quantity of chloroform and then placed her head on it. It is in the doctor's opinion that if she had been left alone five minutes longer she would have been beyond aid.

PORT HURON—At the meeting of the trades and labor council it was decided that organized labor in Port Huron would take a direct stand against prohibition and that the various unions in the city would make a strike against it. This was decided by a number of resolutions, following some lengthy discussions, was unanimously adopted. The union men state that should legal option carry in St. Clair county five of the unions would be broken up in this city and that over 500 men would be thrown out of employment. "We do not take this action on account of any influence on the part of the 'wets' but we simply made a thorough investigation and were satisfied that prohibition would be detrimental to organized labor and so we decided to fight against it."

ANN ARBOR—William Carleton Spokes, a sophomore in the engineering department of the University of Michigan, was killed by the eastbound Michigan Central mail train, about a mile west of the city. Young Spokes and a friend, Eugene Chatterton, were walking on the tracks when the train whistle sounded. Spokes called to his friend, "We're on the track; come over this side or you'll get run over," and at that, and before his friend could realize what he was doing and warn him, Spokes had stepped to the other track and right in front of the fast approaching train. He was hit squarely in the back and instantly killed, nearly every bone in his body was shattered. Young Spokes was the son of Reginald Spokes, engineer of the Ann Arbor water works, and had been out on the pumping station with his friend. The dead boy was but nineteen years old and was very popular.

LANSING—According to figures presented at the meeting of the public domain commission by Secretary A. C. Carlton there will be enough land in the state to serve, when the various holdings have been transferred, to make a strip one mile wide and 500 miles long. Throughout the northern counties the state lands and the government holdings are mixed in a almost intangible mass, but it is the intention of the commission to transfer land with the government and the private owners so that they be made into large bodies. The government has started work along this same line and in the near future congress will be asked to authorize the necessary changes. It is the hope of the commission that the proposition will be replaced the matter before the next legislature. At present the government owns more than 80,000 acres of land in Michigan, while the state has lawful titles to 288,370 acres.

AN UNFORTUNATE PROPHECY.
 "None of our prophets has ever done anything like the harm that a Kosa named Umilakasa did in British Kafiraria in 1857. His niece had met some mysterious strangers near a stream, and Umilakasa, having gone to see them, reported that they were the spirits of his brother and others. They communicated a prophecy, which gradually grew. On an appointed day in 1857 two blood-red suns were to rise, the sky would fall and crush the Fingos and the whites, herds of splendid cattle would issue from the ground, great fields of ripe millet would spring up, the Kosa dead would rise and live with their descendants, and trouble and sickness would be no more. Unhappily, there was a condition; the Kosas must slaughter all their existing cattle. And so 200,000 cattle, the wealth and sustenance of the people, were killed, and probably 50,000 credulous natives starved themselves to death.—London Chronicle.

But women can put it all over men when it comes to looking interested when they are not.

FATHER 80-MOTHER 76
 The aged father and mother of a prominent Boston lawyer safely carried through the last two winters by
Vinol
 The son says: "My father and mother owe their present strength and good health to Vinol. During the last two trying winters neither of them had a cold, and were able to walk farther and do more than for years. I think Vinol is perfectly wonderful. It certainly is the greatest blood-making, strengthening tonic for old people I ever heard of."
 We want every feeble old person in this town to try Vinol. We will return their money without question if it does not accomplish all we claim for it.
 THE STAFFORD DRUG CO., Marquette, also Fred P. Tillson, Ishpeming; J. E. O'Donoghue, Negaunee.

Alarms by Telephone
 The safety of your family
 The protection of your property
 The peace of your mind
 demand
 the greatest of protectors
A Bell Telephone
 Michigan State Telephone Company
 90% of all fire alarms are said to be given by telephone

A LAUGH OR TWO.
 A Muscular Feat.
 The late Representative Brusius of Pennsylvania had a tremendous voice and was a great word spinner. One day when the Wilson tariff bill was being debated in the house Brusius made a speech comparing Thomas B. Reed and William L. Wilson, the author of the bill. "Why, Mr. Speaker," he roared, "if Thomas B. Reed was as much greater physically than William L. Wilson as I am mentally, he could take Wilson with one hand and cast him with one sweep far beyond the rim of the earth's attraction, while with the other he could hold to his eyes a spool of sufficient power to catch his gyrations in inter-planetary space.—Saturday Evening Post.

Good Marksmanship.
 Bill Jones was an eccentric character, a local justice of the peace in a South Carolina town. He was exceedingly tall—so attenuated, in fact, that for his height he would not have cast a shadow. One night a number of rifle enthusiasts joined him in a symposium, and many neat jolts were consumed. One of the party unsteadily produced a revolver. It was accidentally discharged, and a bullet struck Bill in the leg. Consciousness-stricken and wildly with excitement and jubilation, he turned to the nearest doctor and pulled at the doorbell. At length the physician, who had himself been spending a riotous evening, struck his head from the second-story window. "Whaaaaaazzer?" he demanded thickly. "I just shot Bill Jones in the leg," replied the man below. "Shot Bill Jones in the leg?" repeated the doctor, wonderingly. "Ash who? I shaid," returned the offender. "Sho' Bill Jones in the leg." The doctor gazed down upon him admiringly. "Well," he said, "that was a hell of a good shot." And he closed the window and went back to bed.—Cleveland Leader.

CHAUFFEURS RECLINE NOW.
 One Effect of Change in Steering Column in Automobiles.
 In the early days of automobiles, the steering column stood perpendicular and the driver of a car had to lean forward a little in order to keep his control. It was the day then of the lofty automobile, the car that had a high clearance. Later on the clearance became less, the body of the car swung nearer the ground and the long wheelbase giving the automobile an express train appearance became more popular. With that change the steering column began to be inclined. The drivers had the wheel inclined toward them more and they were thus better in control of the cars. The very latest thing are the sassy-looking runabouts, in which the steering post is on such a slant that the driver is, not sitting at all, but reclining in a sort of steering pit, and it has most of the body under the post. Huge wheels are almost in the faces of the drivers. They have dropped the column about as far as it can go, it seems, and the bolt upright position of the first days of automobiling has been supplanted by the reclining posture.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED
 by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out of this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
 THE DIAMOND BRAND.
 Have You the Liquor Disease
 Or the Drug or Tobacco Habit?
 IF SO, GO TO THE
TAYLOR INSTITUTE
 IRON RIVER, WIS.
 And Get Permanently Cured.
 JOHN McMURPHY, Manager, R. D. C. M.
 Physician in Charge. 11-8-10

Classified Want Directory
HELP WANTED.
 WANTED—Finish saddlery with experience in making ready to wear saddles. Good wages to the right party. Manufacturer's Outlet Garment Co., First National Bank Building. (3-14)
 WANTED—Cigar salesman. Experience unnecessary. Sell our brand to the retail trade. Big pay. Write for full particulars at once. Globe Cigar Co., Cleveland, Ohio. (3-14-10)
 WANTED—50 woodchoppers to cut chemical wood. The Stephens Co., Well, Mich. 9-24-10
LOST AND FOUND.
 FOR SALE—Bagdad Wilton Velvet rug, size 14x21, in good condition, at a bargain. Also window shades and other household furniture. 114 E. Arch St. (3-14-10)
WANTED TO BUY.
 WANTED—To buy a saloon or rent a hotel with bar, where licenses will be granted to a reliable man. N. L. Gage, Houghton Lake, Mich. (3-14-10)
FOR RENT.
 FOR RENT—O'Hagan building, cheap part of whole, corner Lake street and Baraga avenue. Inquire of Alderman Hennessy. 12-14-10
 FOR RENT—Houses in different localities. \$5.00 to \$12 per month. Enquire Bell phone 994. 11-5-10
FOR SALE.
 LOST—A lady's gold watch, S. F. engraved on case; a small heart-shaped charm, J. F. engraved on it. Lost at 25. 1909. Will please return to Mining Journal office and receive reward. (3-14-10)
 FOR SALE—Drug stock, now in Marquette in storage. 25 per cent off and on \$25 monthly payments. Write to Chas. Maynard, Milan, Mich. (3-12-10)
 FOR SALE—A number of second-hand organs at bargain. Almost good as new. Cash or easy payments. Amos Salada, Huron Block, Marquette, Mich. (3-14-10)
 FOR SALE—Forty acres in Alger county, within three miles of Little town. Cleared farm adjoining good water, good roads, some timber, fine rich soil. On time or cash. Price right. Buy land now and lay the foundation for old age. Address 810 N. Third St., Marquette, Mich. (3-10-10)
 FOR SALE—House and lot, 114 E. Jackson St. Price \$750. Enquire on the premises. (3-5-10)
 FOR SALE—Farm containing 160 acres, 80 acres in cultivation, with 10 barns, 10 dwelling barn, hay shed and farm implements. For particulars address Xavier Pecos, Champton, Michigan. (3-7-10)
 FOR SALE—Modern residence property on Hewitt avenue. Address or call 2236 East Hewitt Ave. (3-26-10)

REPUBLIC IRON COMPANY.
 The annual meeting of stockholders of Republic Iron Company will be held at the office of the company, Arcade building, southeast corner Michigan and State streets, Philadelphia, Pa., on Wednesday, March 16th, 1910, at 12 o'clock m., when an election will be held for the directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.
 D. BLEWER GELLY, Secretary.
 LAKE SUPERIOR & ISHPEMING RAILWAY CO.
 MUNISING RAILWAY CO.
 MARQUETTE & SOUTHEASTERN RAILWAY CO.
TIME TABLE.
 In Effect Nov. 1st, 1909.
TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE WEEK DAYS.
 For Pickereel Lake, Buckrook, Birch, Antlers and Big Bay..... 9:25 a. m.
 For Negaunee and Ishpeming... 9:50 a. m.
 For Harvey, Mangum, Yalmer, Sault, Dalton, Soudan, Skandia, Ma, Carlsbad, Little Lake, Ishpeming, Ontonagon, Chatham, Chatham and Munising. 7:00 a. m.
TRAINS LEAVE MUNISING.
 For Little Lake, Carlsbad, Skandia, Mangum, Yalmer, Sault, Dalton, Soudan, Ma, Carlsbad, Little Lake, Ishpeming, Ontonagon, Chatham and Big Bay..... 7:00 a. m.
 For stations on East Branch... 8:10 a. m.
 For Chatham, Rumely, Carlsbad, Little Lake, Ishpeming, Ontonagon, Chatham, Princeton, M. & S. E. Ry. stations..... 8:45 p. m.
 For Munising Jet 12:55 p. m. 3:45 p. m.
TRAINS LEAVE MUNISING JCT.
 For Munising..... 1:40 p. m.
 For Birch, Marquette, M. & S. E. Ry. stations, Munising..... 1:40 p. m.
 Train leaves Birch..... 1:00 p. m.
TRAINS LEAVE PRINCETON.
 For Little Lake, Carlsbad, Marquette, Negaunee, Ishpeming, Big Bay, Birch, Rumely, Chatham, Munising and East Branch stations..... 6:15 a. m.
 For Munising, E. Y. stations..... 6:20 a. m.
 For Munising, M. & S. E. stations..... 4:25 p. m.
 Leaves Gwin..... 4:25 p. m.
 For Little Lake..... 9:10 a. m., 2:30 p. m.
 Leave Gwin 9:10 a. m., 2:30 p. m.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
 THE DIAMOND BRAND.
 Have You the Liquor Disease
 Or the Drug or Tobacco Habit?
 IF SO, GO TO THE
TAYLOR INSTITUTE
 IRON RIVER, WIS.
 And Get Permanently Cured.
 JOHN McMURPHY, Manager, R. D. C. M.
 Physician in Charge. 11-8-10

Charlton & Kuenzli, ARCHITECTS.
 MARQUETTE, MICH.
Michigan College of Mines
 F. W. McNAIR, PRESIDENT.
 Located in the Lake Superior district. Mines and Mills accessible for College work. For Year Book and Record of Graduates apply to
 PRESIDENT OR SECRETARY,
 Houghton, Mich.

Copper Country

WRESTLING EPIDEMIC.

No Abatement in the Craze in the Copper Country Is Looked For.

The wrestling craze in the copper country continues to be as virulent as ever, and if all the matches are made that are talked of the fans will probably have to allow their life insurance and lodge dues to lapse in order to keep up with the wrestling ticket market.

Joe Collins arrived in Houghton from Chicago yesterday to take on Johnny Hudson of Buffalo at Germania Hall, Hancock, tomorrow night. Collins has wrestled here before, being the man who was brought to the copper country by Sonny Dwyer to wrestle Pearl Bowman.

Beeman has come forward with a desire to wrestle Carl Lehto, the pride of the copper country, which title Lehto is borrowed from various hysterical copper country sporting writers. Beeman is in Great Falls, Mont., and writes that he will wrestle Lehto for \$250 a side if Lehto agrees to throw him twice in an hour.

It is also understood that Lehto and Gus Person of Duluth are to be matched. Person has been trying to get a match with Lehto for months, and now that Orteman of Minneapolis, who is also supposed to be looking for something soft in connection with this Lehto person, has thrown Person, the match will probably be arranged. It should be understood that if Lehto is matched with Person it will be the first match he ever had with a wrestler known outside of the copper country, excepting the Zysko match, which was a landlubber affair in which the Finn was not required to do anything but stall for an hour.

The wrestling tournament for the benefit of the family of Will Martin was held at Calumet Saturday night. Will Jones won the Cornish event. Lehto and Matt Kangas, of Ishpeming, gave a Graeco-Roman exhibition. It is understood that a large sum was realized for the beneficiaries.

MRS. TOTO IS CAPTURED.

Victim of Alfredo Philippi's Shooting Found at Champion.

Evidently intending to escape from being the complaining witness in the attempted murder case against Alfredo Philippi, Mrs. Toto of Hancock has been missing since shortly after the shooting about five weeks ago. She was found on Saturday at Champion and was brought back to Houghton yesterday morning by Under Sheriff Vivian. Philippi is the youth who shot a woman in Hancock and then jumped down a Quincy mine shaft without having his name taken before Justice Oliver Saturday morning, but because of the absence of the complaining witness the case was adjourned for a week. There is a belief that the boy was goaded to his action in shooting the woman by her treatment of him. She is charged with mauling him of a large sum of money.

VILLAGE ELECTIONS TODAY.

Contests for President in Laurium, Clerk in Other Places.

The annual village elections will be held in the copper country today. In Laurium there is a contest between President W. J. Reynolds and Joseph Wills, ex-sheriff of Houghton county, for the presidency. There are in all five tickets in this village, owing to contests for minor offices.

In Houghton, Red Jacket and L'Anse aux Lacs are in a contest for clerkship. Casper Brand is opposed in Houghton by Mort O'Sullivan, Nick Kaiser has Pat Ryan to fight in Red Jacket and C. D. Shea, the veteran clerk of L'Anse, is running against John Edwardson who beat him out at the mines.

SCORES OF HOUSES GOING UP.

Copper City, Allouez and Ahmeek Will Experience Big Boom This Year.

Copper City will experience an even greater building boom this season than last year. Plans have been made by Edward Useth for the erection of upward of sixty houses. Work on excavating for some of these has been commenced. Copper City already boasts of ninety dwellings. At Allouez, too, building operations will be conducted on a large scale. The platting of Phillipsburg, near Allouez, will result in the erection of many homes there. It is expected that as much building will be done at Phillipsburg this year as was done in Copper City last summer. Ahmeek also will have a building boom this year.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Hon. M. J. Doyle of Menominee Will Speak at Lake Linden.

The annual Houghton county reunion of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and celebration of St. Patrick's Day will be held at Lake Linden Thursday. Hon. Michael J. Doyle of Menominee, one of the most brilliant orators of the upper peninsula, will be the speaker. He will give an address at the opera house in the evening.

Rev. Thomas A. O'Malley, S. J., of Chicago, who is conducting a mission at St. Ignace church, Houghton, announces that he will deliver a special sermon on St. Patrick Thursday morning.

J.A. Minnear & Co. BROKERS

Offices at Calumet and Laurium.

Direct private wire service to all markets. If you want the best service on your orders and cannot favor us direct, instruct your banker to have us execute the order. Buy and Sell Boston Oppens, Railroads and Curb for cash or margin.

BOTH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS. 'Phones: CALUMET, 64 and 75. LAURIUM, 450, 620 and 605.

STEAMER LINE SAILINGS.

Dates of the First Arrivals of Boats at Houghton Are Announced.

C. O. Berglund, agent for the Anchor line steamers at Houghton, has received a schedule of the intended sailings of the passenger steamers Junata, Tionesta and Octorara, of that line. The Octorara is the new steamer. It will be commanded by Captain Ed. Martin, former commander of the Junata. The Octorara takes the place of the old steamer Japan, which is held in such pleasant memory by a few generations of Houghton travelers, and which has been sold out of the Anchor line.

The following are the dates of the first sailings and first arrivals at Houghton: The Junata leaves Buffalo June 4 and arrives at Houghton June 8. The Tionesta leaves Erie June 1 and arrives at Houghton June 4. The Octorara leaves Buffalo June 8 and arrives at Houghton June 12. The Anchor line will give Houghton people two boats per week to and from Duluth this summer and the North West will make it three boats per week, making an exceptionally good service.

The North West will leave Buffalo June 25 on her first trip and Duluth on June 28 on her first return trip. She will be in Houghton June 28 up and 29 down. Her last sailing from Duluth will be Sept. 6. The North West will make eleven round trips this season. The matter of a dock for the North West has not as yet been decided. At least Agent Stewart has received nothing official on it, but the ship will probably land at the foot of Isle Royale street. Nothing official has come out regarding the rumored dropping of Marquette as a port of call for this steamer.

HOCKEY GAME THIS EVENING.

Championship Is Settled. But Hancock Wants to Beat Teams.

The Hancock hockey team plays the Mohawk seven at the Amphitheatre this evening in a game which cannot possibly have any bearing on the championship. Hancock has the cup clinched, and no matter whether Hancock wins or loses the title goes to the Keweenaw county club. Hancock can, however, get revenge for the decisive defeat administered to it by Mohawk last Monday evening. A defeat by Mohawk tonight will mean that Houghton and Hancock will contest for second place Wednesday evening. The lineup of the teams in this evening's battle will be: Hancock—Monette, goal; Carrigan, point; Romp, cover; Bogan, rover; Strand, center; Waara, left wing; Exley, right wing. Mohawk—Cross, goal; Hogan, point; Treglane, cover; Chaput, rover; Uksila, center; Brewer, left wing; St. George, right wing.

WILL URGE BRIDGE REPAIRS.

Chief Engineer of the Copper Range Says Work Is Necessary.

Chief Engineer Batchelder of the Copper Range railroad, who has been selected by the board of supervisors to take advisory charge of the proposed repairs to the Portage lake bridge, is going to take up with the supervisors for the question of doing work this spring. He says that it is an urgent necessity that it can be done without disturbing traffic. He says that the bridge is somewhat increased cost. Mr. Batchelder says that the four and timber of the bridge are so rotted as to be unsafe. The rotted timbers cause the street railway rails to sag and result in electric bonds and the bridge in various ways, particularly the interlocking device on the draw. Mr. Batchelder will urge the immediate commencement of the work on the arrival of the material.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES.

Prof. Geismar and N. P. Hull at Lake Linden and Baraga.

Professor. Leo M. Geismar, superintendent of the upper peninsula farm experiment station, Chatham, and N. P. Hull, master of the state Grange, will hold a farmers' institute at Lake Linden March 29 and another at Baraga March 31. Of the Lake Linden institute the following is the program: Morning session, 10 o'clock, city hall. Speakers: Messrs. Geismar and Hull. Topics: "Fillage and Rotation of Crops. Mr. Geismar; "Sandy Loams and How to Handle Them," Mr. Hull. Afternoon session, 2 o'clock, city hall. Topics: "Root Crops and How to Grow Them," Mr. Hull; "The Dairy Cow and Her Care," Mr. Hull. Evening session, 7:30 o'clock, city hall. Topics: "Money Crops for Farmers," Mr. Geismar; "The Best Crop on the Farm," Mr. Hull. Address, Professor J. A. Doelle.

ONTONAGON TERM ENDED.

Judge Samuel S. Cooper of Ironwood, who has been conducting the March term of the Ontonagon county circuit court in Ontonagon, was in Houghton Saturday on his way home. The term was a brief one, and no cases of importance were tried. Attorney Myron W. Sherwood of Marquette, who has been attending court at Ontonagon, was also in Houghton Saturday.

CONTRACT FOR BOILER HOUSE.

The Copper Range Mining company has let a contract to the Wisconsin Bridge & Iron company for the erection of a steel boiler house at the Baltic mill, to replace the structure destroyed by fire a week ago. The building will be almost a duplicate of the old one.

BARAGA OSBORN CLUB.

A mass meeting of the Republicans of Baraga has been called for tonight for the purpose of organizing an Osborn club. Hon. William R. Oates of Calumet, president of the upper peninsula Republican club league, will address the meeting.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets invariably bring relief to women suffering from chronic constipation, headache, biliousness, dizziness, salowness of the skin and dyspepsia. Sold by The People's Drug Store.

S.S.S. CURES OLD BLOOD TROUBLES

Contagious Blood Poison is at the bottom of a great many old blood troubles. The disease may have been contracted years ago and some treatment used that removed the outward symptoms and shut the virus up in the system to slumber in the blood, but it is only awaited a favorable opportunity to break out in some form again. Certain forms of catarrhal troubles, especially where the bones are affected, scrofulous affections, non-healing sores, ulcerated membranes, etc., are due to this specific poison. Perhaps many who are afflicted in this way are ignorant of the fact that the seeds of this mighty virus are still hidden in the blood. Like the deadly serpent, which is dangerous as long as the faintest spark of life is left to enable it to sink its poisonous fangs, this powerful disease will corrupt and debile while the least particle of its insidious virus remains in the blood.

The best time to get rid of Contagious Blood Poison is when the disease is first contracted, and before its virus so penetrates the blood as to cause ulcerated mouth and throat, copper-colored spots, falling hair, etc. These of course the victim is saved much humiliation and suffering; but even after the poison has become established in the system it can be removed and a cure effected if the blood be thoroughly purified with S.S.S.

S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers. It possesses penetrating powers that enable it to go down into the blood, and remove the last trace of blood poison. It cures all blood troubles simply and solely because it removes the cause from the circulation. Not only does S.S.S. cure Contagious Blood Poison when first contracted, but reaches it in any of its stages, even where the trouble has been inherited. S.S.S. is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, and does not contain the slightest trace of mineral in any form. You can ride rid of your old blood trouble if you will take S.S.S. and allow it to purify the blood. Book on the blood and any medical advice free.

TPS SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

QUINCY CRICKET MEETING.

and All Club Elects Officers and Prepares for the Season.

A meeting of the cricket enthusiasts at Quincy was held Saturday afternoon at the Peawick dry, at which time and were elected officers for the coming season. Those who will have charge of the destinies of the team and all team this year are the following: President—Captain G. Jacobs. Vice president—Captains C. Kendall, Kopp, K. Jenkin, W. Warwick, Con'Neil, J. O'Neil, F. Pascoe, G. Francis, Williams, H. Jacobs, L. Frothingham, I. Petro, A. Lockbell, Kinsman, W. Cinsman and J. Kinsman, Rev. M. H. Dred, J. Martyn, J. Nichols and G. J. Drevtham. Umpire—F. Kendall. Assistant umpire—A. Menner. Secretary—R. Roberts. Assistant secretary—S. Whale. Scorer—S. Whale. Treasurer—E. Prisk. Captain—B. Tidy. Assistant captain—E. Kinsman.

SCHOOL MEDICAL INSPECTION.

Dr. J. T. Berry Starts His Work in Houghton This Week.

Dr. J. T. Berry, recently appointed medical inspector of the Houghton public schools, will begin his inspection this week. Superintendent Doelle on Saturday issued the following circular: "Blanks for medical inspection have been sent to all the teachers. The examinations for ordinary defects will be conducted as a rule by the teachers under the direction of our medical inspector, T. Berry, M. D. All notices to parents should be clearly written and have the full address of parents. Send them to the office where the same will be signed and sent out. Dr. Berry will begin his work next week."

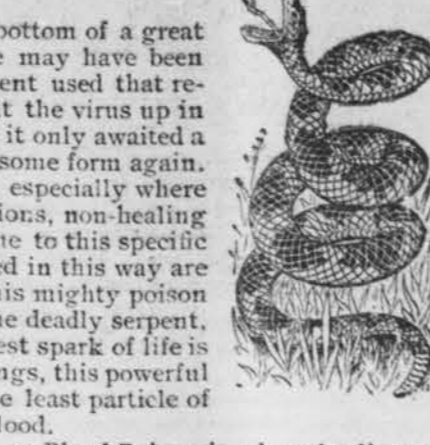
KNIGHTS' TEMPLAR ELECTION.

The following officers have been elected by Palestine commandery, Knights Templar, of Houghton:

- E. C. W. B. McLaughlin, G. C. W. J. McGee, C. G. Edgar Rashleigh, S. W. C. V. Seiber, J. W. John C. Condon, E. P. R. T. Bonaluck, Treasurer—William Bath, Recorder—Daniel Fisher, Standard bearer—Paul D. Swift, Sword bearer—John Moyle, Warden—J. J. Zealand, Sentinel—Frank Major, Guards, Fred C. Shubert, James H. Thomas, F. L. Batchelder.

TO HOLD REVIVAL MEETINGS.

Adjutant Lundberg of Chicago, a prominent Salvation Army worker, will be in Calumet this week. He will address meetings at the Army barracks, north Fifth street, Wednesday and Thursday and Saturday evenings and Sunday afternoon and evening, March 20. Adjutant Lundberg is an excellent speaker. The meetings will take the form of revivals. There will be special music each meeting. No admission will be charged.



A PERFECT CURE. Some eight years ago I was inoculated with poison by a nurse who infected my babe with blood taint. I was cured with S.S.S. and ulcers from head to foot. No language can express my feelings. I was during those long years advised by friends who had known wonderful cures made by it to try S.S.S. We got some and I improved from the start, and a complete and perfect cure was the result. S.S.S. is the only blood remedy which reaches desperate cases of old blood troubles.

MRS. T. W. LEE. Isle of Hope, Savannah, Ga.

Miner's News

TAMARACK. A glance at the annual report of the Tamarack shows that this company has at last turned its back on its long period of misluntings and is now nearing the position where it will re-enter the dividend lists, commencing the Boston Financial News. Selling its copper at 13.32 cent per pound, the company was able to complete the twelve months with the nominal deficit of \$28,000. Unless the price of copper the metal takes a downward turn, the expenses are likely to happen. The Tamarack will, during the current year, be able to return a profit. Although the 194 pounds of copper per ton of rock stamped was the same as for the previous year, the management reduced the cost of mining and stamping per ton from \$2.57 to \$2.44 and the cost per pound of copper from 15.24 cents to 14.36 cents. The reduction in costs was accomplished during the latter part of the year so as a matter of fact the present condition of the mine is only partly portrayed in the annual report and will not be wholly known until a year hence. The production was increased only about 700,000 pounds to 13,533,000 pounds, and this together with the financial results for the past five years are shown below:

| Year. | Lbs. cop. | prtn | pr lb | Loss. |
|-------|------------|------|-------|-----------|
| 1909 | 12,533,207 | 19.6 | 14.30 | \$ 28,547 |
| 1908 | 12,506,127 | 19.6 | 15.24 | 253,399 |
| 1907 | 11,178,091 | 20.8 | 16.66 | 9,237 |
| 1906 | 9,924,017 | 20.2 | 13.20 | 412,071 |
| 1905 | 15,824,008 | 21.1 | 13.37 | 332,707 |

As was announced earlier in the year the treatment of the conglomerate rock at Calumet & Hecla will result in an increased yield of from 2 to 2 1/2 pounds of copper per ton, but this did not show in last year's operations as the change was not made until January 1 this year. By this change the costs will be materially reduced. At the close of the year the company had a floating debt of approximately \$300,000 as compared with \$272,000 at the close of 1908. The sale of the Chiff Land to a separate company after the close of the year has resulted in wiping out this floating debt and leaves the company with a working capital of about \$150,000. As the interest charges last year amounted close to one-half cent per pound of copper produced there will be so much of a saving this year besides a gain in interest from money deposited in banks. In a way the last annual report of the Tamarack means but little. The improved condition of the mine makes it an entirely new proposition so that it is the present and future which have the real meaning.

FRANKLIN.

Interest in the Franklin is at present centered on the developments in the western sandstone where the company is sinking a drill on the expectation of striking the Hancock amalgamoid, says the Boston Financial News. If the hole is proved to cross the Franklin property



BUTTER MAKING—First came the shaking and jolting of cream in a bag, dragged swiftly over a rough road—then the old wooden churn—and now, The Very Old Way and the New. Silver Creek Creamery Pasteurized Butter. Clean—Good to the Taste—Nourishing to the System. Silver Creek Creamery Butter is pasteurized the old Danish way—not the ordinary way. This is a point which should be worthy of your consideration. If your grocer hasn't it, tell him to write to us and get it for you. Sold in 1 pound prints wrapped in parchment paper. RIPON PRODUCE CO., Ripon, Wis.

the company will have about two and one-half miles of it. But the new developments will not be confined wholly to the western sandstone as there are at present new explorations going on all around the property. The Oneco has struck one of its lodges at a depth of 1200 feet and is now sinking for its second lodge which is expected to be encountered at a depth of 750 feet. The Lake Superior Development company has just been organized, the property of which is located in the Oneco and Franklin zone. Whatever these companies have so should the Franklin as the company's 4000 acres extend from the western to the eastern sandstones. Besides, the Franklin has a big mine in the territory which is now opened in the Franklin Junior and the Rhode Island mine (now combined with the Franklin). As a matter of fact the Franklin mine, omitting the possibilities of its unexplored territory, can be brought up to a 20,000,000 pounds per annum producer. The recent acquisition of the 940 acres of small lands will enable the company to put down five shafts on the Peawick ledge and when equipped will result in the production mentioned above. The underground developments on the Peawick ledge are excellent and make the mine an unusual proposition. The Peawick ledge outcrops for two miles on the Franklin property. There are two miles of a strike of the Kearsarge ledge besides two and one-half miles of the Hancock ledge—assuming that the drill encounters this ledge. When the Hancock ledge is proved the well will be no need of sinking a shaft as a crosscut at the tenth level in the No. 1 shaft of the Rhode Island mine extends 700 feet towards the Hancock ledge and by opening this shaft it would be an easy matter to extend it the other 700 feet.

FIRST NATIONAL.

The First National Copper company produced 981,278 pounds of copper in January and about the same in February. The company is treating some 24,000 tons of its own ores monthly, besides some custom ores. A cost of between 95 cents and ten cents a pound has been attained, and it is thought that the average for the entire twelve months of last year will not be far from this level. There was produced last year 11,500,000 pounds of copper. There was retained in 1909 \$375,000 bonds through issue of notes, and there still remains outstanding a like amount of the bonds. Although final figures have not been received, it is estimated that the company's January was \$55,000, while last month was expected to show about the same result. An experimental plant to test the Cottrell system of eliminating sulphur impurities in the smelter smoke is being constructed; and if the process proves satisfactory, a large and permanent plant will be erected. The company's neighbor, the Mammoth of the United States smelting company, uses the bag house system, but the First National company as the idea that the Cottrell method is superior.

NOTES OF COPPER NEWS.

Interests friendly to the Mass Mining company are now in practical control of the Evergreen property lying southeast of the Mass property and it is possible that steps will be taken during the present year to merge the two properties. At the present time operations at the Mass have practically reached the line of the Evergreen property and favorable results are anticipated with a continuation of explorations toward the eastern sandstone.

It is announced that the Stewart mine at Butte owned by A. C. Clark's properties, will remain closed permanently. The reason is not published, but it is believed to have relation to the controversy with the Amalgamated Copper company over ore bodies, though it is stated that the Stewart mine will be partially worked through the original and adjoining property. The mine's shutdown will also permanently curtail Butte production somewhat.

The largest combination of mineral ground in one ownership in the Bingham district has recently been effected by the consolidation of the Bingham Central and the Bingham Standard copper companies with the Bingham Metal Mining company, under the name of the Utah Metal Mining company. Title to all claims and properties of these companies has been conveyed to the new company. In all embracing over 3,400 acres of land, of which over 1,000 acres are open and proved mineral ground.

The Clipper shaft of the Ely Central company has been flooded and the management has found it necessary to pull the Cameron pump and suspend operations at the shaft until additional pumping facilities can be secured. The amount of water being discharged is surprising, and the workings of this district is no longer doing much mining men. It is noted that new equipment ordered by the Giroux company includes one pumping engine with capacity to pump 1,200 gallons per minute at 120 feet high, and two Prescott pumping engines with a capacity of 600 gallons per minute each.

With the installation of the 1,000-gallon Prescott pump well under way at the sixth level pump station of the Superior and Boston mine, the development work below this level is being vigorously prosecuted. The McGraw shaft is being sunk to the depth of 800 feet, where it is expected to be driven to the Great Eastern vein lying south of the shaft and dipping toward it. For the present one car of ore is being shipped daily to the Old Dominion smelter, but no permanent arrangement for smelting the Superior & Boston ore has yet been made. The ore thus far shipped has averaged about 9 per cent copper, and from the present indications, the lower level work will develop work of equally good smelting grade.

It is said that John D. Ryan has absolutely nothing to do with the operations of the Utah Consolidated, which is managed by U. H. Broughton, and as to Calumet & Arizona that he never owned a share of this stock in his life. Mr. Ryan is president of the Amalgamated Copper company and is the man upon whom more than any one else, rests the responsibility of bringing about such a consolidation of copper mining properties as will be for the best good of all the producing interests. The manner in which proxies are being received from the Anaconda shareholders to vote an increase from 1,000,000 to 4,000,000 shares in the capital stock of this company is evidence that the shareholders endorse the proposition. Proxies for considerably over two-thirds of the present outstanding stock of the Anaconda have already been received.

In the past few weeks the Wolverine management has started vigorous exploratory campaign with a view of discovering the possibilities of the num-

A WISE MAN

Doesn't live as though his income couldn't stop. He makes provision for sickness, lack of work, accident, and old age, by having a savings account with this bank, when every dollar he deposits earns three per cent interest. Compounded semi-annually.

Citizens National Bank

ESTABLISHED 1880. PAINE, WEBBER & CO. BANKERS AND BROKERS, BOSTON, MASS. BRANCH OFFICES: Direct Private Wires to All Markets. Marquette, Calumet, Duluth, Milwaukee, Butte, Curb Stocks Given Special Attention. Great Falls. Marquette Office, W. H. Schweitzer, Resident Manager. We solicit your stock business. Our daily quotation sheet and market letter sent for the asking. Office open from 7:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.

PRYOR & SMITH

BROKERS. 37 Isle Royale St. HOUGHTON, MICH. Direct Private Wires to Boston and New York Stock Exchanges. Curb Mining Issues a Specialty. WILLIAM DUFFNEY, Manager.

other lodges paralleling the Kearsarge ledge. A crosscut at the twenty-eight level was started eastward about three weeks ago which is expected to develop the ledge exposed near the western boundaries of the Old Colony and Mayflower properties. This ledge was found too near the edge of the strike to be worked to advantage and it is believed that it dips into the Wolverine. On the Kearsarge ledge the Wolverine shafts Nos. 3 and 4 are connected down to the thirty-second level inclusive and about 200 feet of drifting yet remains to make the connection at the thirty-third level. No. 3 shaft is down to the thirty-sixth level and No. 4 has practically reached the thirty-third level.

President William B. Thompson of the Inspiration Copper company, who recently visited Globe, says: "We have many millions of tons of ore at the Inspiration, but it will take some time before anything like the full tonnage is worked out. Our company is young yet and has hardly more than begun the work of developing the mine. If the report shows that we have three or four million tons already blocked out, I will be satisfied with the progress made so far. Several hundred thousand tons will be blocked out monthly during the next few months, after which the monthly tonnage will increase by millions. From my inspection of the mine, I am satisfied that the Inspiration is one of the largest low grade mines in Arizona. I do not hesitate to predict that within five years 10,000 tons of ore from the Miami will be treated daily and will make Globe one of the greatest copper centers in the world."

PEARY'S FAME SECURE.

"Justice, sir," said Daniel Webster, "is the great interest of man on earth and justice is the chief of the things that let us live better than never. The tardy general acknowledgement of the claim of Commander Peary as the discoverer of the north pole is the forerunner of the credit of history. The man is now secure, declares an editorial in the Century, and the only regret is that another, by an ingenuity which at first appeared skillful and now appears clumsy, should have robbed the honest and heroic explorer of the first fruits of his great achievement. The man, as well as the enormity of the fraudulent claim was unparalleled, and many who were both to give it full credence felt that it was only fair to reserve judgment. Commander Peary would himself admit that it was not to be expected that the prior claim, so confidently handled, and at first plausibly presented, should be dismissed without scrutiny. He, least of all, would not have appealed to Hume's argument against miracles (safely done in Archbishop Whately's "Historical Doubts Concerning Napoleon")—namely, that it is less easy to believe that the wonderful thing has occurred than to believe that every one who has testified to it was either self-deceived or an impostor. The circumstances were such as would attract an arrest of judgment until the data could be pronounced upon by competent scientific authorities. In the absence of such a verdict, patriotism and free rein revealed once more the hectic and over-sentimental character of the popular mind in its first excitement, and this, independent of the view taken. It requires a long time to realize that in such affairs one man's opinion is not so good as another's, and as impulsive Americans who, after all, love justice and fair dealing, we may well take this to heart. While the controversy was pending the question of fact was obscured in many minds by the bluff manner in which Commander Peary, knowing more than was his antagonist, gave form to his warning cry of "Stop thief!" To the heroic explorer, who after years of hardship was crowned at last with success, returned to civilization only to find that another had stolen his laurels, it was not a time for drawing room courtesies. Things must be seen in proportion; the hissing of a Hobson cannot be erased by his submission to a rain of sentimentalities (for which, moreover, he was not originally responsible). The great services to his country of a Dewey cannot be obscured by an error of taste; nor those of a Sampson by a bit of ebullient diphtheria in a hasty dispatch which he did not write any more than he was scrutinized. It is not too much to say that what was at first deemed as angry display in the pages of history where his name will stand forever.

Free If It Falls

Your Money Back If You Are Not Satisfied With the Medicine We Recommend

We are so positive that our remedy will permanently relieve constipation, no matter how chronic it may be, that we offer to furnish the medicine at our expense should it fail to produce satisfactory results. It is worse than useless to attempt to cure constipation with cathartic drugs. Laxatives or cathartics do much harm. They cause a reaction, irritate and weaken the bowels and tend to make constipation more chronic. Besides, their use becomes a habit that is dangerous. Constipation is caused by a weakness of the nerves and muscles of the large intestine or descending colon. To expect permanent relief you must therefore tone up and strengthen these organs and restore them to healthier activity.

The discovery of the active principle of our remedy involved the labor of the world's greatest research chemists. As an active agent it possesses the valuable qualities of the best known intestinal tonics as well as being particularly pleasant and prompt in its results. We want you to try Rexall Orderlies on our recommendation. They are exceedingly pleasant to take, being eaten like candy, and are ideal for children, delicate persons and old folks, as well as for the robust. They act directly on the nerves and muscles of the bowels. They apparently have a neutral action on other associate organs or glands. They do not purge, cause excessive looseness, nor create any inconvenience whatever. They may be taken at any time, day or night. They will positively relieve chronic or habitual constipation, if not of surgical variety, and the myriad of associate or dependent chronic ailments, if taken with regularity for a reasonable length of time. They come in two sizes of packages, 12 tablets, 10 cents; 36 tablets, 25 cents. Sold in Marquette only at our store, The Rexall Store, The Stafford Drug Co. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are safe, sure and reliable, and have been praised by thousands of women who have been restored to health through their gentle and curative properties. Sold by The People's Drug Store.

Habits of Thrift Formed Early in Life Positively Insure Comfort in Later Years.

Can You Save \$1 a Week?

Almost anyone can save this amount, with even a little economy. After a few weeks it becomes a habit and this small amount in the course of a few years would make quite a sum.

The smaller your present income the more need you have for a savings account.

There is no safer, surer way for you to accumulate a competence than by saving regularly from your earnings.

Marquette National Bank Marquette, Mich. Capital and Surplus \$125,000.00 UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

MARKETS WALL STREET STOCKS.

New York, March 13.—Paine, Webber & Co. say Saturday's stock market: "The market today was dull and just steady. There was little commission house business, and traders did nothing. Prices held firm all day and closed without change. There were no changes of importance. The bank statement was poor, and the reserves are decreasing rapidly. We did not expect to see quite such a poor statement, and Monday we are apt to see some selling by the professional element on the showing."

HIGH AND LOW PRICES.

Table with columns for stock names, high prices, and low prices. Includes stocks like Adventure, Am. Locomotive, and others.

Boston Quotations.

Boston, March 13.—Saturday's stock market at Boston is summarized by Paine, Webber & Co. as follows: "The market had no tendency today either way. What little scattered selling came in was well taken, but there was no news to cause any speculative buying. The possibility of a decision in the tobacco case on Monday made the general tone of the market unsettled, and the bears were ready to attack prices whenever they saw signs of weakness. There was better buying of Lake and the prices rallied easily. Almost no stock came out in North, Indiana and Bohemia, and the market in these three stocks is simply waiting for further news from the drills. Amalgamated was depressed at the close, but should rally again next week."

A PROBLEM IN PINEAPPLES.

Morals and Railroad Rates Discussed by Commerce Commission. Washington, March 13.—The interstate commerce commission, no doubt, does not mean to "sit tight" or read moral lectures in the field of economics, but it inadvertently did both recently, in one of its decisions. The case was of the Florida Fruit & Vegetable Shippers' Protective Association against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad company, in which the shippers complained of the railroad rate on pineapples from Florida to northern cities. The shippers had suffered from competition with the Cuban pine, although it is an inferior fruit and sells for less than the Florida pine, but has the advantage of reaching the northern markets earlier. The testimony indicated that the cost of producing Florida pines is from ninety-five cents to \$1.05 a crate, f. o. b., not including interest on the investment. The business was profitable until 1909, when the average price in southern Florida fell to seventy-six cents, and sales from the best fields brought only ninety-five cents. The duty on pineapples was increased from fourteen to sixteen cents a crate by the Payne act and the growers were told at the Capitol that they would realize the cost of production before the season. It shows that it is substantially done, and that if the rates of transportation were against them they must apply to the interstate commerce commission. The position of the growers taken before the commission was that the railroad should establish such rates as would permit them to market their product at a reasonable profit. Commissioner Prouty, for the commission, jumps all over that proposition. "No such test of the justice of a transportation charge can be admitted," he says. "The testimony before us shows that the average price received by the growers for the crop of 1909 was 25 cents less than the cost of production, not including interest on the investment. The average rate received by the Florida East Coast Railway for the transportation of these same pineapples from the point of production to Jacksonville was 24.6 cents. If this defend-

ant had entirely donated its transportation service, the growers for the season 1909 would still have entirely lost the benefit of their investment."

The commissioner then goes on to point out that the difficulty with the pineapple industry was over production, both in Cuba and in Florida, which is an incident to the cultivation to all crops, like pineapples, where the market is limited and the ability to produce is practically unlimited. The enormous profits realized by the Florida growers, he says, have stimulated production to an unnatural and unhealthy extent. "It is the duty of these railroads," concludes Commissioner Prouty, "to establish reasonable transportation charges and in so doing competitive conditions must be considered, but it is not their duty to make good to the producer the result of his own folly or misfortune."

Of course, this is not exactly a customs tariff case, but professional economists may wink the other eye once or twice as they read the commissioner's sagacious conclusions. Incidentally, it may be said that the commissioner ordered the rates reduced to 39 cents a crate from Florida base points to Boston on pines under ventilation and to 45 cents on pines under refrigeration. The rates to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York were reduced correspondingly also.

GAYNOR NOT TOO STRICT.

His Words on Sunday Selling Are So Interpreted—Mayor Says Liquor Enforcement in New York City Is Better Than Up-State—A Great Reduction in the Municipal Pay Rolls.

New York, March 13.—Mayor Gaynor stands forth as the champion of his city. New York is a good town, he says, and there are lots of cities worse. In his opinion, the city does not sell liquor as well as Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse might well envy the plain New York occupies. He had the hardihood to say these things despite the fact that most of his 600 hearers were inhabitants of the up-state cities, delegates of the State association convention at the Hotel Astor. After his answer to the detractors of the city the mayor referred to the excise question. Everything has been waiting for some official utterance from him on this topic and the impression created by his light. Darwin's idea was that the results of environment were carried forward to succeeding generations, but Weismann has more recently discovered that such is not the case. Corns and cutaneous eruptions, for example, are not transmitted to children; the man with one arm does not expect his progeny to be similarly limited. Weismann showed that the material out of which new life was made is special in its nature, germplasm, he called it, and this is what carries character and traits.

City Payrolls Greatly Reduced.

City payrolls for the month of February were completed last week. Decreases for the month, as compared with December of last year, amount to \$2,240,000. Reductions in this rate for a year would mean a total reduction of \$2,712,000. These figures do not, however, show all the cuts so far made. Many cuts made recently did not take effect until March 1. Such changes as the elimination of surplus employees in the city government, the reduction of salaries and alterations in the methods of levying taxes and in street opening proceedings do not show in the February payrolls. These cuts are even more extensive than those made in the payrolls. The police department is the only branch of the city government showing an increase in its payroll. This is explained by the fact that increases in salaries of policemen and addition to the force are mandatory, or required by the growth of the city. The largest reduction in payrolls credited to one official, excepting the mayor, is in the office of George McAneny, borough president of Manhattan. He shows a cut of more than \$79,000.

Trinity's Plans are Balked.

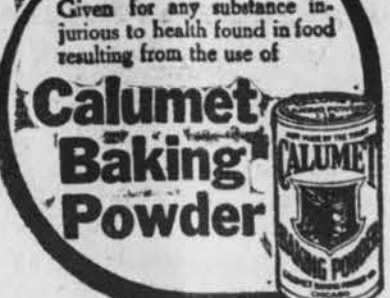
Trinity Corporation has been balked in its plans to build a new home for the chapel of the intersection on a site in Trinity cemetery, fronting on Amsterdam avenue, at 154th street, owing to the opposition to St. Luke's. The new structure is a large, four-story building, the northwest corner of Broadway and 154th street. Last April the corporation made public its intention to build a fine new church in the cemetery. St. Luke's officers made it plain that they were not only complaining because they feared the church by coming four blocks further down town and one block over toward them, would encroach on their parish, but also because they thought there was a much larger field further up town. The result was that the decision was held over to the next meeting, which will be held Thursday, April 7. The chapel of the intersection was organized sixty-five years ago. It was an independent Episcopal church until Trinity recently took it over. Whether Trinity will withdraw its application of seek to carry out its original plans is not known. Mortgages amounting to approximately \$350,000 held by Trinity corporation against fifty-eight parishes of the church in Greater New York have been voluntarily given up by the mother church. Some of the mortgages have existed for sixty years. The corporation's financial condition warranted such action.

SUBPOENAS ISSUED FOR BROKERS.

Stock Exchange Members Must Testify Regarding the Hocking Pool.

New York, March 13.—One hundred and sixty subpoenas for as many members of the New York stock exchange have been issued, requiring their attendance at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon before United States Commissioner Alexander to testify as to the identity of the person or persons who placed buying or selling orders for Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron stock on the day of the great slump and on the days immediately preceding that disastrous event. The subpoenas were issued for Irving L. Ernst, receiver in bankruptcy for J. M. Fiske & Co., one of the brokerage houses which failed as a result of the collapse of the Hocking movement. Mr. Wolf

\$1000.00



Given for any substance in food to health food in food resulting from the use of Calumet Baking Powder.

PIGS IN PIGS IN HEREDITY.

Many Interesting Experiments Described by a Harvard Professor.

Boston, Mass., March 13.—Dr. William E. Castle, professor of zoology at Harvard University, spoke about his experiments in heredity last evening at the meeting of the Boston Scientific society. "In Boston," said the lecturer, "the value is placed on ancestry and we are exceedingly well aware that blood will tell." The story is one of recent biology, in which certain facts of today combined with some longer known but not well understood, have shown the matter of heredity in a new light. Darwin's idea was that the results of environment were carried forward to succeeding generations, but Weismann has more recently discovered that such is not the case. Corns and cutaneous eruptions, for example, are not transmitted to children; the man with one arm does not expect his progeny to be similarly limited. Weismann showed that the material out of which new life was made is special in its nature, germplasm, he called it, and this is what carries character and traits.

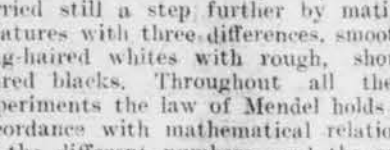
Much of the lecture was the presentation by the speaker of his own experiments and the facts and laws that have been derived from these experiments. Dr. Castle mated black guinea pigs with white ones, the progeny consisted always of a litter of black pigs. It made no difference whether the father was black or white the resulting litter was of black animals. But it is true that the white animal has made its contribution, for in its grandchild, the black pig, black and white. The reason for this was shown diagrammatically and it was made evident that such must be the rule. This was one of the discoveries of Mendel, an Austrian monk, who about fifty years ago set forth this grand principle of heredity, called the law of independent assortment.

HARRIMAN ESTATE PAYS BIG TAX.

Albany, N. Y., March 13.—State Comptroller Williams has received \$675,000 in

Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood. Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for much sickness and suffering, therefore, if kidney trouble continues, serious results are most likely to follow. Your other organs may need attention, but your kidneys must, because they do most and should have attention first. Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.



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partial payment of the transfer tax on the estate of the late Edward H. Harriman. The transfer bureau of the comptroller's office estimates that final settlement will be made on an estate of about \$140,000,000. The payment just made is on \$71,000,000.

PROTECTION FOR BIRDS.

Proposed Law Ties Them in Care of Government.

This Refers to the Migratory Species, Which May Be Considered Beyond State Control—Action Necessary if the Game Bird Is to Be Preserved—Plan Is Similar to That for Saving Forests.

Washington, March 11.—Bird lovers, fair-minded sportsmen and all others who draw the line between sport and slaughter, moderation and extinction of species, are hoping earnestly that the bill introduced by Representative John W. Weeks of Massachusetts to solve the problem of the proper protection of game and song birds in the United States will become a law. The representatives of sportsmen associations and bird protective societies who have been in Washington, and the friends of game preservation who make Washington their home, say that eventually the bill must be passed if the bird life, particularly the game bird life, is to be saved.

When the Massachusetts man's protective measures get to the senate and house for discussion, there will be a fine opportunity for gymnastic exercises on the part of the gentlemen who fear that every time any attempt is made to do a useful and humanitarian thing the backbone is to be ripped out of the Constitution of the United States. The title of the Weeks bill is a simple one, "To Protect Migratory Birds of the United States." If the bill passes and is declared constitutional, it will be sanctioned by the courts on the ground that the migratory birds properly can be made subject to the interstate commerce laws of the United States.

When a package of breakfast food is shipped from Boston to Albany, the interstate commerce laws cover its passage. The game bird is a package of food, by the food he eats, but if the package is chosen to change its location from Louisiana to Tennessee every year, why should it not come under the protection of the federal laws?

The officials of the biological survey in Washington, Dr. Merriam, Dr. Fisher, Dr. Palmer and all the rest, have done much for the preservation of bird species than all the state authorities put together, yet their authority as federal officials is much more limited than that of the state officials. If the federal government is given control of migratory birds spring shooting and before the season of the game birds will be given a chance to nest unmolested, and the open seasons will be so regulated that the gunners of each state can have their legitimate sport; the food markets can be better and more cheaply supplied than they are today, and all this with very little danger of the extinction of species.

This game bird project is very much like that which has for its object the saving of the forests. The true conservation advocates are willing that lumbering should be carried on, but with the understanding that it be done conservatively, and that constant care be taken that posterity shall be assured of its supply of timber. The same thought is in the minds of the men who advocate the Weeks bill, and if the friends of the game bird constitution with a fine disregard of its spirit do not interfere, there is a chance that this country may eat its bird and have it, too.

The opening paragraph of the protective measure reads like this: "That the birds, ducks, geese, plovers, woodcock, rail and pigeons and all other migratory birds which, in their Northern and Southern migrations, pass through or do not remain permanently within the borders of any state or territory, shall hereafter be deemed to be within the custody and protection of the government of the United States and shall not be destroyed or taken contrary to regulations hereinafter provided for."

If this bill shall become a law the department of agriculture will see that it is enforced. In the season of the measure occurs this: "The department of agriculture is hereby authorized to adopt suitable regulations to give effect to the previous section by prescribing and fixing closed seasons, having due regard to the zones of temperature, breeding habits, and lines and lines of migratory flight, thereby enabling the department to select and designate suitable districts for different portions of the country within which said closed seasons it shall not be lawful to shoot or by any device kill or capture any of the birds therein mentioned in the protection of this law, and by declaring penalties by fine or imprisonment, or both, for violations of such regulations."

It is specifically provided in the Weeks measure that nothing in the bill shall be deemed to affect or interfere with the local laws of the states and territories for the protection of game localized within their borders.

It will be noted that the word "localized" is used. This means simply that the bill gives full authority to the United States government to carry out the provisions of the act with respect to all the birds which do not remain in any one state all the year. There are some game birds which are not migratory, but most of the species change their feeding grounds every year, making long flights north and south.

Many song birds stay within the borders of each state all through the year, although, as in the case of the game birds, the songsters largely are migratory. They are, however, adequately protected today by state laws in nearly all parts of the United States. It is the game bird that suffers from the differences existing in the laws of the various states.

Spring shooting is a crime of crimes, as true sportsmen regard the matter. If the federal law succeeds in doing away with the killing of birds in the mating season it will do much for the preservation of species even though it accomplishes nothing more.

The average weekly income of what is known as a "poor family" in New York city is \$11.50, and the families average five and two-fifths persons.

WITH THE "WETS" AND THE "DRYS."

QUESTIONS CRAMTON'S STATE-MENTS.

Louis C. Cramton is telling the people of Michigan many things in regard to the local option and with personal knowledge that the physical condition of the patient requires the same for medicinal purposes for the following reasons: First—This is our interpretation of the present state law, section 26. Second—Our present law does not prohibit drinking. Third—It makes the physician unjustly responsible for intoxication. The foregoing resolutions were introduced and passed by the physicians of Westport county at the meeting of the Westport Medical society in this city last evening. The resolution received the support of every physician in attendance, it is said. Something in the way of a small sensation came on when it was stated that "spies" were at work in the city in an effort to get evidence to indict the doctors on charges of law violation. The physicians were strong in their remonstrance against the present liquor laws, especially with regard to the prescription law.—Cadillac Daily Globe.

PROHIBITION IN NORTH DAKOTA.

Under the above heading the "Campaigner" contains an account of the signing a number of extracts from letters concerning the effect of prohibition in North Dakota, for the purpose of showing that "Prohibition does not prohibit." The writer, quoted by the committee, who had visited a number of towns in that state says: "There wasn't a place I couldn't have bought a drink. Pigs all the way." As typical of the reports that have taken the place of the saloons, he describes a "blind pig" at Bismark "under a lively stable next to an abandoned church, one minute's walk from the business section of the town," as follows: "The old 'pigger,' or bartender, would adorn any dime novel. He was short, small-framed, light weight, with shifty eyes and a black, drooping mustache. As long as I was in the place he never uttered a sound, nor did he shake his eyes from me. Strangers and suspicious characters until proved otherwise. A man would lay a dollar on the counter, the 'pigger' would go to another part of the cellar and bring out two or three quarts, as indicated by the customer putting up that many fingers. All hands were equal on the same bottles. There were no fixtures in the place except the board on two beer kegs used for a counter. Not a glass in sight. A single empty room heated by a broken-down stove and a pretty badly battered oil lamp. In case of fire, all hands would have to do to do to destroy every vestige of evidence would be to smash the bottles. What a hatchet handy." "What a contrast between the blind swine of Bismark, and the elegantly furnished saloons of Marquette! Think of it, a saloon with a blind pigger, boys, are fitted up with expensive furniture, costly mirrors, beautiful pictures, elegant cut glass, magnificent chandeliers, etc. And then there are in connection with and adjacent to the main room of some of these resorts, little side rooms where the blind pigger works. 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Ishpeming County Phone 92. Ishpeming Long Dist. Phone 62.
Negaunee County Phone 93. Negaunee Long Dist. Phone 190.

GEORGE F. RUEZ

BROKER

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WE SPECIALIZE IN
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THE PENINSULA BANK

ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN.
ORGANIZED OCTOBER 27, 1887.

Capital \$50,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits \$65,000

THOS. WALTERS, President. GEO. F. THONEY, Vice President.
HERMAN JAEDECKE, 2nd Vice President.
J. G. WELSH, Cashier. PETER HANDBERG, Asst. Cashier.

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Spring 1910

We are ready to supply in the latest productions
Knox Hats, Hanan and Tilt Shoes
in addition to our unexcelled lines of
CLOTHES and MEN'S FURNISHINGS
L. W. ATKINS & CO.

The New Printzess Styles

Give Charming Expression to the Correct Spring Ideas



What style changes has fickle fashion ordained for spring? How are the Coats cut? What novelties do the Skirts show?

Let our showing of New Printzess Coats and Suits answer these questions with authority.

These distinguished garments—as fresh and charming as the first buds of spring—accurately depict the approved new modes. Distinction and individuality characterize even the least expensive garments in the great collection.

Add to this the guaranteed all-wool quality of Printzess fabrics and the unequalled Printzess fit at every point and you can appreciate the reasons for their acknowledged leadership. See these new styles; study them; try them on. They cannot fail to win you. The values at each price are exceptional.

Printzess Suits \$25.00

We have about 20 different styles at this price. No two alike; insures you an individual garment no other person having a style similar to yours; comes in all colors, at \$25.00

Very Pretty Showing of New Suits at \$14.00

Gray, blue and black and white checks, all sizes; Skirts' plaited in strictly tailored effect; your choice \$14.00

N. E. SKUD

One price to all.
3-12-14

Ishpeming Department

PERRY F. POWERS TALKS FOR "DRYS"

CADILLAC NEWSPAPER MAN RELATES EXPERIENCES WITH LOCAL OPTION IN HIS HOME CITY.

Perry F. Powers, the Cadillac newspaper man, and former auditor general, who spoke Saturday evening at Braastad's Hall for the "drys," was greeted by a large audience. The meeting opened with a song appropriate to the occasion by the Y. M. C. A. quartet. Mr. Powers was introduced by Rev. M. M. Allen, pastor of the Presbyterian church.

"During the past two years in the city of Cadillac we have been experimenting with prohibition," Mr. Powers said. "Two years ago nine out of every ten business men in our city opposed it. Now they support it."

"We tried regulation for two years. We secured the enactment of a law which permitted our city to regulate the time the saloons should be closed each day. Our saloons were paid \$1,000 license and we ordered the saloons should be closed at 9 p. m. The saloon keepers protested that inasmuch as we charged them \$1,000 license they should have more liberal treatment. At last we granted them the privilege of keeping open until 10 o'clock, and then we found that they did not observe the law. The saloon keepers said: 'When our city decided to put the saloons out of existence, how much did it cost us? I want to make that plain, for even though you may not be a business man or a merchant, it is a question that is interesting.' We had fifteen saloons in our city and the money received in licenses by the city was \$14,525; the rent of the nineteen places yielded us \$13,680, the wages to the barkeepers, \$19,000; the supplies which the saloons bought in the city was \$10,000, so that we, the merchants of Cadillac, spent the money for liquor, while now these same men have a clear account and a nice little amount in the bank."

"In 1907, the last year we had the saloons, there were 231 persons arrested for drunkenness and taken to the city jail. In 1908, the first year under local option, the figure dropped down to eighty-seven. We have no jail for the keeping of prisoners over night or feeding them and an item of expense in 1907 as shown by the books of the city was the payment of \$847.29 by the city to the county for keeping persons who had been arrested for drunkenness, while last year the amount was reduced to \$59.70.

"I know that you absolutely do believe all that I have told you, because there is that about one who knows that what he is talking about is honest that convinces you and makes you believe, and while you may not vote for local option, just the same you believe what I am telling you. And while you were not given the opportunity to put on the blue and fight for your country; you were here at that time you still have an opportunity to fight for what you know to be right in your own city and county. You can do that for your city and county and state which during the years to come will make it better."

JENKS FOR MAYOR.
Business Man Thinks He Would Fill Office Satisfactorily.

F. Braastad, who has always taken a deep interest in local politics, would like to see Marville Jenks nominated for mayor on the Republican ticket. He said: "I have known Mr. Jenks for the past forty years and I have always found him honest and conscientious. He would be an independent candidate, as he has no axe to grind. He is a man who stands well with the people. If he should secure the nomination, I am sure that he would make a strong run. I believe that Mr. Jenks would make one of the best mayors that the city has had in many years as he has the time to devote to the office."

M. L. Lee Favors West.
Saturday's issue of the Ishpeming Record contained the statement that M. L. Lee, who has been a strong labor party man for some years past, had endeavored to induce former Mayor W. J. Roberts to accept the nomination for recorder, thereby sidetracking J. D. West, who is a candidate for re-election. Mr. Lee submits the following: "No, the Ishpeming Record's editor's suspicions are only for a motive. I, the once 'slot machine man,' am not in any way interested in the coming election, nor will I receive the nomination for any office. I have always favored J. D. West for city recorder, and while I will positively have nothing to do with this election, I hope for his re-nomination and election."
M. L. LEE.

EDMUND VOYER MET A VIOLENT DEATH

WAS CAUGHT IN FLY WHEEL AT POWER HOUSE OF TOOLEE SMELTER, WHERE HE WAS LEARNING MACHINIST TRADE.

Edmund Voyer, second son of George E. Voyer, former proprietor of the Nelson House, whose death in Montana was reported last week, was killed in the machine shop of a smelter in Toolee, where he was learning the machinist trade. The Anaconda Standard gives the following account of the fatality: "According to a telegram received by George E. Voyer from J. D. McIntosh of Toolee, Edmund Voyer was instantly killed there. The deceased was one of the most popular young people in Anaconda, his sunny temperament winning him friends wherever he went. He was quarterback on the high school football team last fall, and proved himself a sturdy little athlete cool under handicaps and sportsmanlike in victory or defeat. He was a student in the Anaconda High school until this winter, and had been employed at the smelter in Toolee three weeks as an apprentice machinist.

"It appears that he was adjusting a piece of machinery in the power house, where he was standing near one of the flywheels. His jumper was caught by the wheel and he was thrown fifteen feet, crashing his chest so badly that he lived only forty minutes after the accident."

"THE MAN ON THE BOX"
Trousdale Bros. Production Will Be Seen Here Next Friday Evening.

"The Man on the Box," which Harold McGrath is the author and Grace Livingston Furniss the dramatist, will be presented at Ishpeming theater Friday evening by Trousdale Bros. company. This play had an extended run in both New York and Chicago, and the company presenting it comes highly recommended. The Quincy (Ill.) Whig of Jan. 28, last, said of the production: "Those who had the pleasure of seeing Boyd W. Trousdale in the title of Lieutenant Robert Worbarhton in 'The Man on the Box' at the Empire last night are willing to go on record as saying that when it comes to artistic concentration of the part, he has so much the better of the erratic Henry E. Dixey that there is no comparison between them. Dixey, as the theater-loving public will remember, was featured all over the country three years ago as the star of this particular attraction, which played to turn-away business. While the show was playing at Ottumwa, Ia., Dixey got it into his head to leave for New York in a hurry, thereby throwing his managers into convulsions, almost and disappointing the favor of high-class entertainment. Dixey entered vaudeville, but 'The Man on the Box' managed to prosper without him. In fact, it is doubtful if there could be a more evenly balanced company gathered together than the one which delighted a large audience in Quincy last night. Jean Ward, in the character of Elizabeth Amesley, was above criticism, and the entire company gave such a delightful performance that they will be welcome should they decide to play a return engagement."

SIX BALLOTS.
Ishpeming Citizens Will Vote on Several Questions on Election Day.

Sheriff Lehman has served notice on each supervisor in the county, outlining the several propositions to be voted upon at the forthcoming election, Monday, April 4. There will be six ballots for the Ishpeming voters to cast. One will be for judge of the twenty-fifth judicial circuit; one for municipal offices; one for the abolition of the licensed saloon; one for the bonding of the county for \$15,000, the money to be used for the establishment of a tuberculosis hospital; one on the question of nominating party candidates for county offices by direct vote and another is on the amending of Section 12 relative to the bonded indebtedness of counties.

TAKE NOTICE.
All persons indebted to the late Andrew Talo are requested to call at Henry Kauppila's place, Division street, near city building, on or before the 25th inst., and settle the accounts.
(3-14-11) MRS. F. TALO.

NORTH LAKES IN LEAD.
Little Difference in the Standing of the Bowling Teams.

The ten teams participating in the handicap bowling tournament, the first round of which was completed Friday evening at the Bank street alleys, now stand as follows:


| Team | P. | W. | L. | P.C. |
|-------------|----|----|----|------|
| North Lakes | 30 | 19 | 11 | 633 |
| Indians | 27 | 17 | 10 | 629 |
| Lakes | 27 | 18 | 12 | 600 |
| Gironx | 27 | 16 | 11 | 593 |
| Miami | 27 | 15 | 12 | 555 |
| Live Oak | 27 | 14 | 13 | 578 |
| Wolverine | 27 | 14 | 13 | 578 |
| Ray Central | 20 | 12 | 18 | 400 |
| Superiors | 27 | 8 | 19 | 296 |
| Oncos | 30 | 8 | 22 | 266 |

Those who have averaged 160 pins or better are: Gunnville, 184; Lofberg, 181; Dieck, 183; Hammala, 182; T. Saline, 181; Hickory, 179; Erickson, 177; H. Sullivan, 175; E. Saline, 174; Sandstrom, Martin, 172; Trosvig, Barber, 171; E. Sullivan, Wallentin, 170; Esholan, Johnson, Morrell, 169; F. Lind, West, Bergdahl, 165; Roberts, Gray, 164; Hoeking, A. Saline, Fitzpatrick, 163; Blamey, Hillman, Andrews, A. Sundie, 162; Roseberg, Palomaki, T. Hansen, Bray, 160; Rovers, 161; J. Hansen, Dyer, 160.

In the contest Friday evening the

TRY THREE OF THESE

The Next Time You Smoke Your Cigarettes For



LA VERDAD

They are the finest, clean Havana Cigarettes it is possible to produce. Made by hand by the most skilled Cuban and Spanish workmen from selected tobacco. Every cigarette is perfect. LA VERDAD cigars have an unusual flavor distinctly their own. Three for 25c and All Dealers sell.

RON FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO. DULUTH, MINN.

M. C. SCULLY, Agent, Margotta, Mich.

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000. Ishpeming, Mich.
SURPLUS \$80,000

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

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D. T. MORGAN, F. BRAASTAD, A. B. MINER,
W. H. JOHNSTON, A. MAITLAND,
H. O. YOUNG, JAMES CLANCEY,
DR. T. A. FELCH, M. M. DUNCAN.

OFFICERS:
F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier,
H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres., O. G. AAS, Asst. Cashier,
GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

FIERING MAKES BIG JUMPS.
The Fiering, the great Duluth ski rider, this morning made two great jumps on Chester park hill, jumping 140 and 141 feet in two trials. Officials of the Duluth Ski club say the claim that the national record was broken on the Ishpeming hill is simply an attempt to boost the Michigan slide as the fastest in the country. Duluth Ski club officials say that there were no records broken on the Ishpeming hill and that the best jump of the tournament was made after the scheduled events had been completed and the last official jump was made. According to the local officials, some one offered \$25 to the jumper who would break the national record, and the jump of 140 feet was made, which the Ishpeming officials are holding as the national record. Jan. 16, last, Ole Fiering jumped 144 feet on the Duluth hill in an official jump. Then, why the Duluth officials ask, are the Ishpeming officials attempting to say that the national record was made upon the Ishpeming hill?—Duluth Herald.

TALO MAKES DENIAL.
To The Mining Journal: A writer in Saturday's issue of The Iron Ore Journal, in the statement that my father, the late Andrew Talo, had a complete bar room in the basement of his block, where he conducted business on Sunday and holidays. I wish to state that there are some bar room fixtures stored in the basement, but my father's business was confined to the first floor. It is no one's business but our own what we have stored in our building.
JOHN TALO.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.
Fred Baker and wife are expected to arrive home tomorrow from the South where they spent the past six weeks.
Austin Kenny, who came up from the Swanage range last week, has been ill a few days. He expects to return home today or tomorrow.
The prices for the Ishpeming band's annual concert the evening of Good Friday at Ishpeming theater will be fifteen, twenty-five and thirty-five cents.
The Y. M. C. A. basketball team defeated the Ishpeming High school five at the Y. M. C. A. Saturday evening. The score was thirty-one to twenty-six.
The sale of tickets for the banquet of the Ancient Order of Fibernians and Ladies' auxiliary at Anderson hall the night of St. Patrick's Day will close this evening.
Members of the Ishpeming lodge of Elks are expected to meet at the club rooms tomorrow afternoon at 1 o'clock to prepare for attending the funeral of their late brother, Will Kinsman.
The board of public works advisers for bids for the erection of a crusher plant at the city gravel pit. Plans showing the work and the manner of construction can be seen at the board's office. Bids will be received until March 22 at 1 p. m.
The funeral of the late Will Kinsman will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the First Methodist Episcopal church. Members of the Ishpeming lodge of the Fraternal Order of Elks and Zenith lodge, Knights of Pythias, will attend in a body. Interment will be in Ishpeming cemetery.
A. L. Wilhelm, representative of the Impersal-Rand company, has rented the M. L. Lee residence, Vine and Fifth streets. He expects his household goods to arrive from Philadelphia within ten days. Mr. Lee and his family will leave early in April for California, where he expects to engage in fruit farming. Their household goods are now being boxed and crated.
T. E. Ludlow, who has represented the Franklin McVeagh Grocery company in the upper peninsula for some four years past, succeeding the late John Power, will today take a position with the Gannon Grocery company, succeeding the late Will Kinsman. Mr. Ludlow finished up his work with the Chicago concern Saturday. His successor has not yet been announced.
The committee in charge of the ball to be given by the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, at Braastad's Hall Easter Monday is making extensive preparations for the event. The hall will be elaborately decorated. Supper will be served in the Swedish Home society's hall. Lunala's orchestra of eight pieces will furnish the music. Tickets will be \$1 per couple and the charge for supper will be fifty cents per plate.
Fully nine out of every ten cases of rheumatism is simply rheumatism of the muscle due to cold or damp, or chronic rheumatism, neither of which require any internal treatment. All that is needed to afford relief is the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. Give it a trial. You are certain to be pleased with the quick relief which it affords. Sold by The People's Drug store.
M. J. Olson, the piano tuner, can now be reached by County telephone No. 620, or by mail, at 400 East Ridge street, Ishpeming. First-class work guaranteed.
(1-12-17)

FROM MORGAN'S CURB LETTER.
The New York market was quite steady. For a short while, between First and Second streets, Reward. Return to Mining Journal office. (3-14-10)

WANTED—Position as meat cutter or butcher. Five years' experience. Good references. Address: 233-235 East Division Street, Ishpeming, Mich. Mining Journal branch office, Ishpeming. (3-9-10)

FOR SALE—Business block at 213-215 East Division street and hotel furniture for sale at low price. Business block has been in business for twenty-four years standing is included. For further particulars inquire at premises. Joseph Schilling. (3-8-10)

FOR SALE—Thirteen and one-third acre farm; eight acres cleared and all fenced. Located one mile from city of Ishpeming. Terms, \$500 cash. Gust Meyer. (3-4-10)

"CHANTECLER" IN AMERICA.
Frohman to Produce Rostand's Latest Play Here in English.
Paris March 13.—Charles Frohman has reached a final understanding with Edmund Rostand and M. Coquelin and Herz regarding the production of "Chantecler" in America.
"I have secured the two greatest successes of the day," Mr. Frohman said, "and I shall present them in English to American audiences next autumn. 'Chantecler,' on which I held an option until I had seen the performance, is exclusively mine for American production."
"I have also secured 'La Vieille Folle,' a play produced at the Gymnase, and perhaps the most important play that Paris has seen for years. Lavedan's 'Sire Henri,' the success of the year at the Theatre Francaise, is also mine, and I will present it in New York next November."
"Another play which has been running for the last six months at the Athenae, 'Le Dancour Inconnu,' the new comedy to be produced at the varieties within two weeks by the authors of 'L'Amour Veille' and the play of the Renaissance, 'Une Femme Passa' ('A Woman Went By'), have likewise been added to my stock."
"In my opinion, 'Chantecler' is a piece which Americans ought to see, and which they will insist on seeing. Otherwise, naturally, I should not have taken it. It will cost me \$50,000 to put it on the stage, and another \$50,000 if it should fail."
"I believe American audiences will receive 'Chantecler' with the same respect and admiration that I felt when I first beheld it. I was spellbound under the power of the cock, who called up the sun and caused the day to dawn, and I really believed he had that power, and I deeply felt also his degradation when, after he had forgotten to exercise his supposed power, the sun rose just the same. I felt the reality of this lesson in the life we ourselves know. Rostand's works, in my opinion, will become classic and will be revived on the stage from time to time just as Shakespeare's are."

ITALIAN OLIVE CHOP SHORT
Adverse Climatic Conditions in Tuscany Have Wrought Much Damage.
Florence, March 13.—Owing to adverse climatic conditions considerable damage has been wrought to the Tuscan olive crops, and instead of the half crop expected this season from Lucca and the districts of Tuscany generally growers and exporters will get barely a fourth of the average quantity of a normal season. One result of the scarcity of the crop of the Lucca and other good districts will be the greater demand for inferior quality of oil, which is also pure olive oil, but from a very bad fruit. Compared with the oils of Bari and the Riviera those of Tuscany are indubitably superior, the very best being that from Lucca. This year's extraction is extremely good, and it is expected, in spite of the being of no reduction in prices, that there will be a brisk demand for this brand.

JOHNSON-KETCHEL FIGHT
PRICES:
Lower Floor 35c
First two rows of Balcony 35c
Balance of Balcony 25c
Gallery 15c
3-14

ISHPEMING THEATRE
Friday, March 18

Harold McGrath's Delightful Comedy

THE MAN ON THE BOX
Dramatized by Grace Livingston Furniss.

STRONG CAST.
Complete scenic production.

PRICES:
Parquet and Box Seats \$1.50
Dress Circle \$1.00
First two rows of Balcony \$1.00
Balance Balcony 75c
Gallery 50c
Seat orders now being received.
3-14

Tetter, Salt Rheum and Eczema
Are cured by Chamberlain's Salve. One application relieves the itching and burning sensation.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.

A FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX

Means security and contentment. Bring in your Deeds, Insurance Policies, Stock Certificates, Jewelry, etc.

Various sizes for various needs. \$2.00 a year.

Absolute security. Ask to see them.

We pay three per cent, compounded semi-annually, on Savings Deposits.

You must put money in the Bank now if you wish to have an easy old age.



Cash grows in the Bank

Money Grows If You Will Let It

Make OUR Bank YOUR Bank.

We pay liberal interest consistent with safety.

NEGAUNEE STATE BANK

Negaunee Department

MUCH POLITICAL TALK IN NEGAUNEE

NO STEPS HAVE BEEN TAKEN TO ORGANIZE A THIRD PARTY WITH THOMAS L. COLLINS AS THE NOMINEE FOR MAYOR.

There has been much talk about politics in Negaunee the past few days, since I. H. Sawbridge and John W. Elliott announced themselves as candidates for mayor, and the campaign for the municipal offices now promises to be as spirited as that over the school question.

There is little likelihood that a third ticket, with Thomas L. Collins for mayor, will be nominated. Mr. Collins was seen by The Mining Journal representative Saturday, and he said that he had not declared himself a candidate for any office. He talked, however, as though he would not mind getting into the game again.

Although Mr. Collins was Mayor Winter's opponent twice during the six years the latter has held the executive office, he spoke highly of Mr. Winter's ability and fairness. He said that while Mr. Winter did something that he did not agree with him on, he has made a very satisfactory mayor.

Many voters believe that Mr. Collins will be a candidate for alderman in the Second ward. If he enters the race it is assumed that he will accept the nomination on the People's ticket, which will be headed by Mr. Sawbridge. Mr. Collins believes it is time that the municipal election is conducted on party lines. He said he would like to see one of the tickets designated the Republican ticket.

SOCIALISTS' HALL.

Negaunee Members Raising Funds to Pay for New Building.

The Finnish Socialist society, which a few months ago purchased a lot on Tenth street, is perfecting plans for the erection of a hall. The society has given a number of entertainments during the winter and a good-sized building fund has been raised. Next Saturday and Sunday evenings a social is to be held at McDonald's opera house and it will be a most important affair. The ladies will conduct sales and refreshments will be served. There will be no admission charge Saturday evening, but Sunday night the admission will be ten cents. It is expected that building operations will be started within two months. The plans submitted some weeks ago have been accepted, and the contract will soon be awarded. The building will cost something over \$6,000. It will have one of the largest auditoriums in the city.

CLOSE BOWLING MATCH.

The Hawks defeated the Lions by seven pins in the league bowling contest Friday evening at DeFrance's alleys. The scores were:

| | | | | |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Lions— | 112 | 124 | 142 | 378 |
| Hawks— | 97 | 105 | 145 | 347 |
| Northay | 136 | 199 | 139 | 474 |
| Totals | 345 | 410 | 417 | 1172 |

This week's schedule of bowling matches between the teams participating in the Negaunee league series will be: Cubs and Eagles, tonight; Pikers and Gobs, Tuesday evening; Bismarcks and Indians, Wednesday; Tigers and Wolves, Thursday; Ravens and Lions, Friday. The Negaunee and Munising teams will meet here tomorrow evening. The Munising line-up will be Girard, Schwartz, Acker, Hannah and King. The Negaunee team will be composed of DeFrance, Tompkins, Miller, Sanders and Koski.

DEATH OF STEPHEN GAUTHIER.

Wellknown Resident of Negaunee Passed Away Saturday, After Long Illness.

Stephen Gauthier, who had been afflicted with a nervous disease, also rheumatism, for some two years past, died Saturday morning shortly after 6 o'clock. His demise did not come unexpectedly, as his condition had been growing worse for a week before the end. He was able to be around the house until a week ago today, when he was obliged to take to his bed.

The deceased was among Negaunee's oldest French residents, he having located here something over forty years ago. He worked about the mines of the city until two years ago, when his health began to fail him. He was about sixty years of age and is survived by his widow, one son, William Gauthier, and two daughters, the Misses Agnes and Beatrice, all living at home. He was a brother of Napoleon Gauthier of this city and William Gauthier, a former resident, now living near Escanaba. He was a member of the Chevalier D'La-fayette society, under whose auspices the funeral will be held.

DEATH MOURNED HERE.

The announcement in Saturday's issue of The Mining Journal of the death of William Kinsman, Jr., of Ishpeming, who was as well known in Negaunee as in his home city, was a distinct shock to his many friends here. The deceased was well liked by all who knew him, and especially by the business men with whom he had dealings. He was generally credited, even by his competitors, as being one of the cleverest grocery salesmen that has ever worked in this county. His popularity was shown by the frequent inquiries as to his condition during the time he was ill.

LOCAL LAOCINOS.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry White of Cherry street are the parents of a daughter. J. M. Wilson, who closed the Adelphi rink Saturday evening, had a successful season.

Mrs. Thomas Pellow has been visiting her brother, William Cole, on the Gogebic range, the past few days.

W. L. Lawry has engaged in the painting business in Negaunee. He has been working here for the past two years.

Miss Marion Bedford entertained fourteen of her young friends with a dinner party Friday evening in honor of her birthday.

Josiah Collins and wife, former residents, have returned to their home in the copper country, after a two weeks' visit in Negaunee.

Anton Henriksen, the concrete contractor, has returned from Chicago and Sioux City, Iowa, where he visited. Mr. Henriksen will start work here as soon as the weather will permit. He has a number of jobs that he could not finish last season in view.

The Negaunee Scandinavian society will give an entertainment in its new hall on Gold street next Saturday evening. Miss Amanda Anderson, former organist and choir leader of the Swedish Lutheran church, in Ishpeming, will take part. Tickets to the entertainment will be thirty-five cents.

The Trimountain indoor baseball team will probably visit the iron country within a few days. The management is endeavoring to arrange games with both the Negaunee and Ishpeming teams. In the event the team comes here Will Carney, the crack pitcher of the Hancock Hibernians, will be in the box.

Representatives of the Negaunee, Marquette and Ishpeming baseball teams met here Saturday afternoon, but they did not reach an agreement as to how the receipts of the games to be played during the season shall be divided. A meeting of representatives of the Marquette and Delta county teams will be held at Escanaba some day this week.

Peter Rasmussen, the dry goods dealer, in the Shea block, announces in this

TRANSMISSION OF MONEY BY TELEGRAPH

Arrangements have been consummated between THE NEGAUNEE NATIONAL BANK and

The Western Union Telegraph Company

...FOR...

The Transfer of Money by Telegraph

For this purpose the bank has been appointed an agent of the Telegraph company. Parties desiring to send money to any of the several thousand cities reached by The Western Union, can do so with greater ease and at less cost than ever before.

THE

Negaunee National Bank

Member of Amer. Bankers' Assn.

Foreign Exchange Issued at Lowest Rates

Issue his spring opening, which will take place Wednesday. Mr. Rasmussen has just completed opening his new lines of ladies' cloaks, suits, dress goods, shirt waists, wash goods, laces, etc. He has also received his new line of men's clothing, furnishings, hats, shoes and neckwear.

DOCTOR WOULD KILL IDIOTS AND INSANE.

Missourian Says Extermination of Incurables Would Be Act of Mercy.

HE REFERS TO THE BIBLE.

Physician Declares That the Scriptures Approve the Theory as a Promotion.

Montgomery City, Mo., March 13.—Dr. D. O. Hudson, member of the State Medical association, and a leading physician of Northeast Missouri, comes out publicly in favor of exterminating all the idiots or hopelessly incurable people who are confined in the state institutions, county farms and infirmaries throughout the country. The idea he calls the practice of mercy, although it takes the life of all who come within its ban. He would not kill them, he says, until a commission had pronounced them hopeless and incurable, and then a drop of poison would follow as a "means of mercy."

Dr. Hudson says: "I have come to accept this doctrine gradually and after years of experience in observing the utter hopelessness and suffering of idiots at the poor farms and county infirmaries throughout the country. I believe it would be a practice of mercy to gently and mercifully put all of these idiots to sleep forever, taking them out of their misery and dependency by exterminating them in a humane way."

Cites Cases. "I think I can cite cases that will prove there is logic as well as mercy in this theory. I recall that two of our patients at the Poor Farm in this county, who have been under my care, have been idiots for nearly thirty years, and have no more intelligence than the beasts, and all they know is to eat when they are hungry, and would just

as soon eat flies and other unmentionable matter as to enjoy the toothsome spreads of a luxurious feastboard. While I was holding the position of county physician I suggested to the county court that with their permission and with their consent I would be willing to perform the merciful act to these individuals, but the court could not agree with me in this doctrine, and I say said all that could be done was to keep them there so long as life remained in their bodies. These are only two cases of many cases that are in the almshouses, infirmaries and poor farms of this country. They should be, in my opinion, dealt with according to my doctrine of mercy and expediency. Why should Christians become horrified at the thought of exterminating these hopeless insane individuals? According to the Bible, the execution would only be a promotion to the upper and better kingdom.

Would Use Prussic Acid. Dr. Hudson was asked how he would legally exterminate these people, so they wouldn't suffer in promotion from earth to glory, as he called it. He replied:

"I would administer a dose of prussic acid, the most powerful and deadly poison known. Prussic acid will kill in from three to five minutes. You recall that Colonel Swope of Kansas City, said to have died from the effect of strychnine, lived from eight to ten hours and died of spasms or convulsions. When a vicious and unmanageable elephant was put to death recently he was given a big dose of prussic acid, and it put him out of business in about five minutes. It will kill a man as quick or quicker than an elephant. The person after taking it can hardly move from his position until the drug has taken effect and he is passing from the world forever."

Dr. Hudson's doctrine is being discussed in Montgomery, but it is not likely that the county court here will consent to the extermination of the idiots now at the county infirmary. Some are anxious to know how the heads of the asylums in Missouri and other states will receive this doctor's idea of exterminating idiots.

How absurd it is that the young man in love with a pretty girl never thinks to investigate her cooking until it is too late.

DR. OSLER AGAIN REFUTED.

Great Men, Statistics Show, Generally Offspring of Aged Fathers.

London, March 13.—Do the qualities and capacities of children vary according to the age of the parents? Dr. Charles Reinhardt, author of "One Hundred and Twenty Years of Life," who raised this interesting question in a lecture on the prolongation of life stated, in an interview to-day, that the theory was based upon researches of the late Prof. Lombroso. Following up these researches, he said, statistics had been obtained in Boston and other cities of the United States, and had been the subject of examination for the last eleven years. The conclusions so far obtained are as follows: Great philosophers, philologists, poets and thinkers are generally found, on investigation, to be the product of fathers comparatively advanced in life and of not very youthful mothers. Successful generals are usually the offspring of fathers who are men of 40, generals being regarded in the light, not necessarily so much of fighters, as of great organizers and men of intellectual capacity. Brave and daring deeds are found to be done for the most part by sons whose fathers—not so much the mothers—are youthful.

The children of very young parents are generally egotistic and selfish, and not very deep thinkers. The explanation of the last of those theories is alleged to be, said Dr. Reinhardt, the age of the father. On the general question of longevity, Dr. Reinhardt quoted the words of Confucius: "Until a man is thirty he is like the ivy or the vine, with no inherent strength; at forty he is a tree; at fifty he puts forth leaves; at seventy fruit."

Dr. Osler's theory that a man's best work is done before he is forty and that at 60 he should retire, is completely refuted. Sanitary conditions in Berlin have so improved in thirty years that the average life of a citizen is now nine years longer than it was then. It is now 68.

Medicines that aid nature are always most successful. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. It loosens the cough, relieves the lungs, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Sold by The People's Drug Store.

CANADA NOT MOVED.

Is Little Inclined to Make Tariff Concessions—Dominion Statesmen Willing to Give Only What Is Given Now.

Washington, March 13.—Unless the American commissioners at Ottawa can so arrange things that an irresistible force can meet an immovable body without damaging anything, importers of Canadian goods probably will have to pay 25 per cent ad valorem additional duty after March 31, 1910. This penalty, by the way, is not 25 per cent of the duty but is 25 per cent of the value of the goods, hence an article costing \$2 and paying a 10 per cent duty now would pay instead of \$2.20, \$2.70 duty if the United States maximum were imposed.

Many years ago when James K. Blaine was secretary of state and reciprocity with Canada was a live issue in the United States, certain Dominion statesmen came here and tried to make a trade arrangement. They were told by Mr. Blaine that the only arrangement he would consider would be of free trade, or even exchange, between the two countries and a common tariff against the world. As this scheme would prevent Canada from extending any trade favors to the mother country, the Canadians promptly said they could not consider such an arrangement. Negotiations went no further. In 1897, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the great Canadian premier, stung by the powerful blow at Canadian industries aimed by the Dingley law, sought, with others, to make agreement with the United States, was repulsed and went home, vowing that if negotiations ever were to be opened again the United States would come to Canada. By many who still cling to the delusion that Canada was dependent on the United States this utterance was ridiculed, but the expected has happened and three American commissioners are hobnobbing with the Canadian Prime Minister and Minister of Finance at Ottawa and trying to avert a tariff war.

It will be noted that British statesmen are not in Washington conferring with the state department on this subject and that the principal negotiator sent by the United States to Canada is not a high official of the state department but is the chairman of the tariff board. With Professor Emery are Charles M. Pepper of the bureau of trade relations of the state department, although not its chief, and Hon. John G. Foster, consul general at Ottawa. The state department failed utterly in its efforts to induce Canada to extend to the United States the tariff concessions she has just made to France and the chairman of the tariff board has been compelled to take up the forlorn hope.

At this writing, the situation apparently hangs on whether the United States can secure the concessions contained in the Franco-Canadian Treaty. Canada would like to see in return for her lifting of the embargo on the exportation of Crown pulp wood, the free admission to the United States of her paper, cardboard, etc. She realizes that the great Canadian lumber industry in the United States offers the best market for her wood products, but she knows also that she can get a good many American paper mills out of business or, what is better, transfer them to Canadian soil, by checking the export of pulp wood; and as the United States practically, although not admittedly, legislated directly against the great Canadian lumber industry in the Dingley Act, and never has changed from its tariff acts, what harm it might do to Canadian producers, the Dominion statesmen are said to see no special reason why they should be solicitous for American interests. The Canadian statesmen are too good business men to let little matters of pine stand too much in the way of making profitable trade agreements, but when they ask the American commissioners what concessions the United States will give in return for those asked, the only answer the Americans possibly can make is, "We will give you just what you are getting now."

This is the Canadian situation in a nutshell; and if Professor Emery and his associates can straighten it out and thus avoid a tariff war with Canada, it will be one of the greatest feats in the diplomatic history of the United States.

GUNS THAT WON'T SHOOT LOOSE.

The old muzzleloaders had one advantage that the builder of breechloaders has worked faithfully to overcome. The muzzle charged pieces had a breechpin, which was screwed in, where it probably rusted and remained forever—no getting loose there. But the breechloader had to try up to receive the shells, and the problem of the gun builder was so to construct the arm that it could be opened and closed thousands of times without becoming loose. Making a joint where two pieces of steel must grind together a hundred thousand times without wearing looked to be almost as much an impossibility as inventing a perpetual motion machine, but we might say that modern ingenuity has succeeded, and guns are now on the market that are guaranteed never to shoot loose.—Recreation.

TEAMS WANTED

Teams wanted with or without drivers. \$1.00 per day paid for teams including harness; everything else furnished.

\$1.95 per day paid for teamsters.

Telephone Oloff Sorenson, at Rumely, Mich.

Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co. Lumbering Department. 3-2-01

THE MISSES

Rasmussen and Choquette

Graduates of E. Burnham, Chicago.

Facial Massage, Manicuring, Chiroprody, Shampooing and Electrolysis Work.

Chemical Rays used in Facial work and Scalp Treatments, Hair Dressing, etc. Appointments made at your home. County telephone 313. 218 Peck St. 1-31-11 Negaunee.

Cut Flowers

ROSES, CARNATIONS, LILIES, HYACINTHS and VIOLETS.

Potted Plants in Bloom

Azaleas, Cinerarias, Baby Rambles, Cyclamens and Primroses.

Palms and Ferns

Telephone and telegraph orders given prompt attention.

NEGAUNEE GREENHOUSES

BOTH PHONES.

Be Ready for the Fluff Rug Man

He will call on you most any day now.

Marquette Fluff Rug Co.

3-3-11

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

PROHIBITION AT CADILLAC, MICH.

PERRY POWERS DECLARES LOCAL OPTION A GREAT SUCCESS IN WEXFORD COUNTY.

BUSINESS HAS BINFITTED

Merchants Have Had Larger Trade, Bank Deposits Have Increased, and Everybody Is Happier, Says Speaker.

Cadillac, Mich., in 1909 enjoyed the most prosperous year in its history, notwithstanding that the saloons in April, 1908, were voted out of Wexford county, in which the city is located, declared Perry F. Powers at the opera house yesterday afternoon.

"The movement in this country against the saloon is not a prohibition wave," declared Mr. Powers. "It is the result of a steady growth and is in line with other great political movements of the day, at the bottom of which are moral issues. Local option and the prohibition movement are here to stay. In my talk this afternoon, I shall confine myself largely to what I know from actual experience—the results of abolition of the saloons in Cadillac.

"One of the stock arguments of the liquor forces is that prohibition does not prohibit—that it does not decrease the consumption of liquor, and that, in fact, more liquor is often sold in 'dry' counties than when they were under the licensed saloon system. This was the result of ousting the saloons in Wexford county. Most of the beer shipped into that territory was shipped from Milwaukee through Grand Haven. In 1907, the last year of the saloon in Wexford county, 285 tons of beer were shipped from Milwaukee through Grand Haven; in 1909, the first full year of prohibition, only twenty-nine tons of beer consigned from Milwaukee passed through Grand Haven.

"But, you ask, 'what good has prohibition done?'

Regulation a Failure.

"Let me first explain our experience with trying to regulate the saloons at Cadillac. At one time, we had an ordinance closing the saloons at 9 o'clock. Finally, the saloon men complained so vigorously that the closing hour was extended until 10 o'clock and again to 11 o'clock. None of these favors was accepted in the spirit in which they were given. There was just as much law-breaking after 10 or 11 o'clock as there had been before under the 9 o'clock regulation. At last it got so that a man could not be elected to public office without the O. K. of the saloon keepers, and then the people revolted. Prohibition was the result.

"A number of business men of Cadillac carefully estimated the business value of the saloons to the city. There were nineteen saloons in the city, operating under a \$1,000 license. It was found that the saloons turned over to the city \$57,265 in one year, distributed as follows: Income from licenses, \$14,525; Income from rents, \$3,680; Wages to employees, \$19,900; Supplies bought in city, \$19,160.

Total value of saloons to city, \$57,265. On the other hand, equally careful computation of the amount taken out of the city and paid into the saloons over the bars showed it to be \$228,000. That is, the city was receiving from the saloons \$170,735 less than the people of the city were paying into the saloons.

"Our first year's experience with local option shows that all of that \$228,000 formerly spent over the bars has remained in the city. It has gone into the tills of the business men and into the banks of the city, where the spenders have received something for their money and where the money so expended has been of benefit to the regular channels of trade.

"But you are asking, 'what about the taxes?'

Result as to Taxes.

"The average tax rate for the ten years preceding 1909, including state and county and city taxes, was 3.23. In 1909, without the saloon license money, the rate was 3.41, and this eighteen cents increase was all in the county tax, due chiefly to the adoption of the county road system and not to the abolition of the saloons.

"During the same year, the deposits in one bank increased from \$516,194 to \$619,000, and in the other, from \$652,197 to \$1,061,495, a total growth in deposits in the two banks of \$211,019, and of this amount, \$118,000 was in the saving deposits. Here is where a part of that \$228,000, already referred to, went. The business men of Cadillac now realize that every saloon in the city was a competitor of the groceryman, and clothier, the dry goods man and all other merchants engaged in other lines of trade.

"In 1907, under the license system, there were 323 arrests for drunkenness; in 1909, under prohibition, there were eighty-seven arrests for drunkenness. In 1907, the city paid the county (having no lock-up) \$847.20 for jail charges; in 1909, the amount paid for jail charges was \$59.70. Divorces decreased in the county 24 per cent.

"Furthermore, the men and women of the city, many of whom were unable to get along and were discouraged, are now buoyant and happy and an entirely different spirit pervades the city. Men who formerly spent their evenings in the saloons are now spending them at home with their families, planning ways to better themselves and their homes."

In Cadillac and Wexford counties, we have found by experience that the entire community has a more hopeful and buoyant outlook; new manufacturing concerns are more readily secured; more men are employed and higher wages paid; the standard and permanence of business is assured; more money is spent

for public improvements; the value of property of all kinds is greatly enhanced; there are more and happier homes and less divorce. Even with the new improvements there is no appreciable increase in the rate of taxation.

ELECTION AT MUNISING.

"Wets" and "Drys" Will Clash at the Polls Today.

Munising will hold its annual village election today, and it will be, for all practical purposes, a trial of strength between the "wets" and the "drys," who go to the mat in Alger county on April 4. The issue has been injected into the local campaign and it is said that the result will afford an almost certain index to the outcome of the saloon question three weeks later. The "drys" are supporting M. A. Doty for village president, and the "wets" are pulling hard for Emil Weisse, a cigar manufacturer in the village. Munising is fast becoming a hot political election, but it is said that the interest aroused this year has never been eclipsed.

OSBORN IS STRONG.

Perry F. Powers Believes That So Candidate Has the Pole.

Perry F. Powers, who is making a tour of upper peninsula counties for the "drys," is a man well informed regarding the political currents in lower Michigan, as he is active in the Republican organization in his own county and has a wide acquaintance throughout the state. It is significant therefore, that it is Mr. Powers' opinion that Mr. Osborn has the pole in the gubernatorial race at this time. Mr. Powers believes that he will carry his county of Wexford and says he is getting aggressive support in many parts of the lower peninsula. If Mr. Osborn's upper peninsula votes runs up to the estimates Mr. Powers regards his nomination as practically assured, unless some sudden change comes over the situation.

President Gates, of the Upper Peninsula Osborn Club, is expected in Marquette some time within the course of the next week or ten days to get the preliminaries of a county Osborn club under way. It will embrace as members men prominent in politics in all parts of the county. The upper peninsula is already pretty well organized with Osborn clubs and they are now laying plans to secure a full enrollment on April 4 for the September primaries.

DIED VERY SUDDENLY.

A. Nadeau, South Shore Engineer, Succumbs at Baraga.

Alphonse Nadeau, one of the best known engineers on the South Shore road, died very suddenly at Baraga Saturday noon, while making his regular run on the local freight between Houghton and Marquette. Nadeau had been feeling as well as usual Saturday and had left his engine to go into the hotel near the track. When the crew was ready to leave the station, he was nowhere to be found. He was finally discovered in one of the rooms of the hotel, even then in a dying condition, and he expired a few moments later. Death was probably due to cerebral hemorrhage, as he had been subject to severe headaches ever since he received an injury while working in a mine many years ago.

Mr. Nadeau was forty-seven years of age, and had been in the employ of the South Shore for upwards of twenty years, as a locomotive engineer for most of that time. The remains were brought to this city Saturday night, and taken to the family residence, 540 Baraga avenue, where a wife and eight children, ranging in age from eighteen to four, are heartbroken with their great and unexpected sorrow. Other relatives in this vicinity are: Mr. and Mrs. John Nadeau, of Negaunee, his father and stepmother; two brothers, John and Clovis, of Negaunee; five step brothers and three step sisters, of Negaunee.

CARD OF THANKS.

The wish to express through The Mining Journal our sincere thanks to all our friends and neighbors who so kindly rendered their assistance and sympathy during our recent bereavement. Also to the classmates and all others for their floral offerings. The favors so freely and generously extended shall never be forgotten.

MR. and MRS. T. T. HURLEY, and Family.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to express our heartfelt gratitude to the many friends who so kindly sympathized with us in our recent bereavement, and especially to the schoolmates of Bernice Hixson for their many kind offices.

BERT T. HIXSON and BERNICE HIXSON.

MR. and MRS. JOSEPH DUNKLEY.

A nice strip or small figure for bed room from 10 to 20c per double roll at Geill's paper store. I will trim the paper for you free gratis. (3-10-1f)

All milk consumers are invited to visit the Marquette City Dairy, where everything is modern, sanitary and up-to-date, and note the perfect condition of cattle that have been groomed daily all winter. (2-26-1w)

POLARIS MINERAL WATER delivered to any part of the city in sterilized one-gallon bottles. Telephone, Bell, No. 118-L. Polaris Water Co., Marquette.

CARNIVAL AND CIRCUS AT THE GUILD HALL

UNIQUE ENTERTAINMENT THAT PROMISES TO BE MUCH OF INTEREST TO BE GIVEN APRIL 1-2.

Here's news for the small boys and for the fathers and mothers and uncles and aunts of the small boys. There is going to be a circus and carnival at the Guild Hall Friday and Saturday, April 1 and 2. While there may not be quite as many animals as are carried by the Ringling Bros. or Barnum, there will be a street parade, a big show, side shows, clowns, pink lemonade, etc., and many other enjoyable and amusing features, some of which are common to the ordinary circuses and some of which are not.

The Guild Hall circus and carnival idea has recently been evolved by Director Heughens and other members, and will be carried out on lines similar to the gymnastic carnival given in the copper country some time ago. The main show will take place in the assembly room and will consist of a program about an hour in length. Twenty-five cents admission will be charged at the door, which will admit to the main show. The program in the assembly room will include several numbers by the Guild Hall Glee club, a girls' drill to music, exhibition of scientific wrestling, exhibition on parallel bars, exhibition on horizontal bars, exhibition on punching bag, exhibition by tumbling team of eight men, both individual and team work, and possibly a short address.

At the conclusion of the big show, which will be given both evenings, those present will be given access to all parts of the Guild hall, which will be filled with side shows, booths and all sorts of devices for catching stray nickels and dimes. One of the side shows will be in the swimming pool room, where there will be an exhibition by twenty-four boys. Other events will be high diving, swimming races with Ishpeming Y. M. C. A. team, trick swimming and an over water buck fight.

In the gymnasium there will be another side show. There will be high jumping onto the mats, girls' indoor baseball game and other features including a phonograph dance, in which everyone will be allowed to participate. Admission to the sideshows will be ten cents for each show visited. In the basement will be many booths in which banners, confections, curios and other fancy articles will be offered for sale. The coming of the circus will be duly announced by gorgeous posters and there will be a street parade each day.

The purpose of the management in giving this carnival and circus is twofold: First, to raise money with which to make certain improvements, and second, to create interest in the Guild Hall work, both among the members and those who have not yet joined the association. The circus performers will include only those who are active members of the association, but the public will be welcome to all the events. A meeting of all members interested will be held at the Guild Hall Wednesday evening, at which a committee of arrangements will be elected to perfect the arrangements for the entertainment.

SCHUMANN-HEINK RECITAL.

Program for Concert on May 28 at Marquette Opera House.

- The following is the program for the concert of Madame Schumann-Heink at the Marquette Opera House on May 28: 1. Recitative and Aria "Vittellia," from "Titus"; 2. (a) Aria from "Samson and Delilah"; (b) Waltraute Scene from "Die Gotterdammerung"; Wagner; 3. (a) Aria, "Ah mon Fils," from "Le Prophete"; Meyerbeer; (b) Fruhlingsfahrt; Schumann; (c) Von ewiger Liebe; Brahms; (d) Alleswellen; Richard Strauss; (e) Liebesfeier; Weingartner; (f) Wiegengied; Stein; 4. Five songs in English— (a) The Rosary; Nevin; (b) O, Let Night Speak of Me; Chadwick; (c) Dances; Chadwick; (d) Lullaby; Carrie Jacobs Bond; (e) Love in a Cottage; Rudolph Gons; Mrs. Katherine Hoffman will be the accompanist.

The scale of prices of seats will be as follows: Entire lower floor, \$3; balcony, first two rows, \$2; balcony, last six rows, \$2; gallery, \$1; boxes, seating five, \$25. Sale of seats will begin on Monday, May 2, at Bigelow's.

BOND MUST LOCATE SALOON.

Attorney General Bird holds that it is necessary that the description of a place where liquor is to be sold be included in liquor bonds, in order that they may be in strict conformity with the laws. Prosecuting Attorney Charles B. Rardon, of Stanton, called his attention to a case in Montcalm county, where a certain liquor bond had been executed in compliance with the statute, except that it did not contain a description of the building where the business was to be conducted. It was refused by the county treasurer for that reason, but a notary public inserted the description and the corrected bond was sent to the county treasurer without being resubmitted to the township board and the treasurer issued the receipt. The attorney general holds that this method of procedure is not legal and the bond would not be good under those circumstances.

ONE WEEK SALE OF FLOWERS.

We have arranged a half-price sale on all of the new flowers to be used this season. Sale lasts all this week. Roses and chrysanthemums in all the new shades.

MARQUETTE MILLINERY CO., (3-12-3t) Nester Block.

For the lower two-thirds in the dining room use a dainty fabric. I will sell them cheap. From 18 to 30c per double roll at Geill's. (3-10-1f)

Every cow at the Marquette City Dairy has stood the tuberculin test January 29-31, 1910, by Dr. Deadman and is warranted to be in perfect sanitary condition. (2-14-1m)

You can get some nice parlor paper from 18 to 25c per double roll at Geill's wall paper store. (3-10-1f)

Perfect Fitting Dress Shirts

If there is anything that tries a man's temper more than an ill-fitting Dress Shirt we certainly don't know what it can be. Our dress shirts are perfectly modeled and fit at every point.

A full line, also, of Summer Shirts and Neckwear in all the new styles and colors

ORMSBEE & ATKINS

Marquette's Largest Clothiers and Haberdashers. Nester Block, Washington St.

You Can Always Get FRESH CANDY

in all the popular size boxes, Bon Bons, Chocolates, Creams, etc., -AT- Bigelow & Co.'s Marquette, Mich.

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Big Surprise. Don't Miss It.

Afternoons, 2:30 to 5:00

Evenings 7:15, 8:15, 9:15

TENTS - AWNINGS

All Canvas Work. Now is the time to place your orders and avoid the spring rush, KELLY HDWE. CO. Bell 503. Marquette, Mich. 2-15-1f

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Saturday, Mar. 19

Henry E. Dixey's Great Success

"The Man on the Box"

By Harold McGrath.

READ THE BOOK! SEE THE PLAY!

Big New York Cast.

CARLOU OF SCENERY

THE RECORD: Two Hundred Nights in New York. One Hundred Nights in Boston. Ten Months in Chicago.

PRICES: Box Seats and Divans \$1.50

Balance lower floor 1.00 First 2 rows Balcony 1.00 Balance Balcony .75 Gallery .50 Seats on sale at Bigelow & Co.'s store, Thursday, March 16, at 8:30 a. m. 3-14-1w

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BARGAINS IN Ladies' Shirt Waists We wish to direct your attention to our new line of Shirt Waists just lately arrived. It is without any exception the very best line of Waists ever shown in Marquette. The styles are the latest and the materials and workmanship are the very best and you can buy them at 65c, 85c, \$1, \$1.25, 1.50 and \$2 each. You will find that in many instances the goods are worth from 50 to 100 per cent more than we ask for them. THE VARIETY STORE 149-151 Washington St. J. A. MALHOT, Prop

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