

OUTCOME OF SUIT STUNS LABOR MEN

Verdict in an Important Case Tried at Hartford, Connecticut, is Called a New Declaration of Independence.

Apparently It Means That the Sherman Anti-Trust Law Protects the Business Interests from Boycott Attacks—Owing to Losses Due to Strike Troubles, a Manufacturer Proceeds Against the Union Hatters and is Awarded Heavy Damages.

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 4.—A new Declaration of Independence is what Attorney Daniel Davenport calls the verdict of \$222,000 rendered in federal court here today by the jury in the suit of D. E. Loeve, of Danbury, against 200 hatmakers in Connecticut.

After deliberating for two hours, the jury awarded actual damages of \$74,000 to the plaintiff; but as the suit was brought under the Sherman anti-trust law, triple damages can be recovered.

When the verdict was announced the defendants were stunned for a time, and then dejectedly discussed the blow. The estimated costs amount to at least \$10,000.

Attorney Davenport, the plaintiff's counsel, said: "The decision means, first, that individual members of labor unions are bound by the action of their officers and they cannot allow them to do as they please; secondly, it means that the Sherman anti-trust law protects manufacturers and merchants from boycott attacks."

Judge Pratt practically instructed the verdict for the plaintiff. He said that the only question for the jurors was one of damages for the losses of the plaintiff between July, 1902, and September, 1909, without making definite recommendations for modifying the game. It was the general opinion of the committee that the present game does not tend to expose the players to too great likelihood of injury.

The suit was instituted by the Anti-Boycott society, through Mr. Loeve, but it is understood that the heavy liquidation of the way was left open to some recovery. The bear interest left uncovered after this week's spasm insures a potential demand for stocks sufficient to raise prices from the low level.

The suspicion that some powerful capitalists, who had apparently abandoned the market, were buying stocks again added to the uneasiness of the uncovered shorts. The ease to which the money market has attained, coupled with the fall in the prices of dividend paying stocks, offered an inducement to hold stocks even where borrowed money was employed.

The rapidity and extent of the recent decline points to its culmination, and the foreign market expressed this view by advancing the prices of Americans. The bears rallied their forces and made some especially attacks on the copper group, especially American Smelting and the position of the proposed merger and the recent statement of the company's annual earnings were assigned as the reasons for its vulnerability. The estimates of the week's currency movement pointed to another notable addition to the banks' surplus, and this had influence in checking the liquidation. An upward movement was in progress at the closing, which was strong, with net gains in most stocks.

TRADE NOT SO BRISK. Quietness is Displayed, as is Usual at This Time of Year.

New York, Feb. 4.—Bradstreet's will tomorrow say: Trade in general displays a certain degree of quietness, not unusual in a between-seasons period, but in several quarters there is conservatism in purchases. The agitation for lower prices tends to a belief that the quotations may recede, and some large interests seem to fear injurious federal action. These factors, with the weakness of the stock market and the natural tendency to mark time in this season, tend to quieting, yet the jobbing trade is moderately active and manufacturers are still operating on a basis of full capacity. Altogether the outlook for the distributive trade is good, though the demand naturally has shown a relative recession from the high marks established in December.

R. G. Dun & Co. will say: Industrial and mercantile conditions, though irregular on the whole, are very satisfactory, with a promising spring outlook. The event of the week has been the great weakness of securities. The failure record has greatly expanded in the amounts involved during January. But the big total liabilities are due to a handful of large defaults, chiefly depressing firms. The record has broken effect, but it is difficult to discover any material falling off in the volume of trade, although there is less tremendous push than two or three months ago. While there is no return to remarkable activity, the current consumption of iron

COAL CONFERENCE ADJOURNS SINE DIE

Convention of the Miners and Operators at Toledo Comes to an Abrupt End Without an Agreement Being Reached.

Unable to Effect Organization Because of the Deadlock Over the Admission of the Illinois Union Men, the Congress is Called Off and No Provision is Made for Another Meeting—Whether a Strike Will Follow is Not Known Now.

Toledo, O., Feb. 4.—Unable to effect organization because of the deadlock over the admission of the miners' delegates from Illinois, the joint wage conference of the bituminous coal operators and miners of Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania adjourned tonight sine die.

No provision was made for another meeting. This, it is declared, does not necessarily mean the suspension of work at the expiration of the present contract, April 1. A suspension would affect all the bituminous districts controlled by the United Mine Workers, as they decreed at the Indianapolis convention that no district shall sign a wage scale until scales for all districts are negotiated.

Both sides declared, however, that they will not recede on the Illinois proposition. Some plan may be evolved to get the miners and operators together again before April 1. What this might be neither President Lewis nor the leading operators could say tonight. It may be a call for another convention or the selection of a representative scale committee. Mr. Lewis hopes that some adjustment will be made before April 1. He said he had certain plans, but would not say what they were. A meeting of the international executive board of miners has been called here for tomorrow morning.

The night session of the joint conference was brief, as nobody had anything to say of the futurity of continuing the session expressed by President Lewis. His suggestion for the adjournment was followed. A delegate from the miners moved to adjourn, and one from the operators seconded it. A call by states resulted in the only unanimous vote recorded at today's meeting. The miners and operators previously struggled all day unsuccessfully to reach an organization for the conference.

When the convention, this afternoon, reached a point where it was unable to organize, Mr. Lewis, who was the temporary presiding officer, said that there appeared to be nothing to do but to adjourn. Neither side appearing willing to take the initiative, speeches were made and finally the operators and delegates began talking among themselves. This continued until recess. The miners at a subsequent executive session decided to seek adjournment tonight as a means of extricating the conference from the deadlock.

The deadlock resulted when the miners refused to agree to the seating of the delegates from the other states while the Illinois miners were included. The rules require a unanimous vote on each proposition. The operators stood firm, on the ground that Illinois operators had notified both parties that they would not be bound by any agreement reached here.

UNCLE SAM A BIG LOSER. Army Medical Supply Department is Burned Out for the Second Time.

New York, Feb. 4.—For the second time within two years the medical supply department of the United States army was burned out in its headquarters on the lower West Side water front today. The loss is estimated at \$700,000.

There was no loss of life, but frequent explosions from 2,200 cases of gasoline, 1,000 cases of benzine, 500 gallons of turpentine and quantities of alcohol made the work of the firemen perilous. Major Wolfe, in command, was badly singed by one explosion and but for the arrival of a hook and ladder company would have been burned to death.

ROLLER TO WRESTLE ORDEMAN. Seattle, Feb. 4.—Dr. Roller and Henry Ordean, of Minneapolis, were matched today to wrestle here Wednesday. Dr. Roller will leave the Jeffries party at Butte Sunday and will return to Seattle.

LARRY DOYLE SIGNS CONTRACT. New York, Feb. 4.—Larry Doyle, second baseman of the New York Nation, sent his signed season's contract today. Doyle is mentioned as the Giants' captain. The National league meeting will be held Feb. 15. After this year the spring meeting will likely be held in Chicago.

HOPPE DEFEATS MORNINGSTAR. Pittsburgh, Feb. 4.—Willie Hoppe to put on his 1,500-point match at 182 ball line billiards with Morningstar. The grand total scored was 1,500 to 1,032. Hoppe ran his last block of 500 tonight in ten innings. Morningstar had only 225.

THE WEATHER

Washington, Feb. 4.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Snow flurries and colder, Saturday; Sunday, partly cloudy.

HE DID IT TO 'ESCAPE DIVINE VENGEANCE.' Crazy Farmer in Minnesota Murders His Wife and Four Children and Then Shoots and Mortally Wounds Himself.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Feb. 4.—William Ruckheim, a farmer, murdered his wife and four children and then shot himself last night at Barkers Prairie. He was found dying when his son went to the farm today. Ruckheim is believed to be temporarily insane.

He declared that he had received a divine command to proceed to a certain graveyard where he and the family were to exhumate several bodies, using only their bare hands. Unless the command was obeyed before Easter, Ruckheim said, he and the family would be dragged to death. After examining the graveyard and finding that it would be impossible to perform the task on account of the frozen ground, Ruckheim said he killed his family to escape divine vengeance.

Walker, Minn., Feb. 4.—Walter McDonald, who yesterday fatally shot Hotel Clerk Saxton, is still barricaded in his home, surrounded by fourteen armed men. The fugitive has been induced to allow his wife to leave, and is reported weakening.

DETROIT MAN KILLS WOMAN AND HIMSELF. New York, Feb. 4.—Ethel Bernard was the son of James W. Fisher, deputy collector of customs here. He left Detroit in 1893 for the Philippines as a volunteer soldier. His father refused to comment upon the news of the double tragedy.

FIGHTING IN NICARAGUA. Portions of the Contending Forces Clash Both on Land and Sea.

Managua, Nicaragua, Feb. 4.—The insurgent gunboat Ometepe appeared off Greytown Thursday and bombarded the city for twenty minutes. The shore batteries replied vigorously and succeeded in disabling the ship, which was forced to retire.

The revolutionary gunboat Ometepe, with the gunboats Pioneer and Blanca, sailed Monday from Bluefields, a port north of Greytown, where 700 government troops were reported to be entrenched. Generals Estrada and Matuy, with five hundred provisional troops, were aboard the gunboats. Captain Desiger, the British cruiser Seylla, declined to enter the harbor, should be no fighting at Greytown. He asked Captain Shipley, of the Sea Moines, to sign the order. The American officer did not comply. Most of the property at Greytown is owned by British subjects, many of them Jamaican negroes.

REVOLUTIONISTS NEARING THE CAPITAL. Managua, Feb. 4.—Three hundred insurgents commanded by General Mazis captured the town of Boaca, sixty miles east of Managua, yesterday. The fighting lasted two hours. The casualties are unknown. The town was defended by 175 government soldiers, who were surrounded but fought their way through the insurgent lines, the survivors reaching the main body of the government army at Toupepe. Five hundred additional men and Maxim guns have been dispatched to Tipitapa by the government to check the advance of the insurgents.

MORE WAR FUNDS AUTHORIZED. Washington, Feb. 4.—A dispatch from Count de Nieuwlandt states that the Nicaraguan congress has authorized the issue of a million pesos war emergency fund, in addition to the 500,000 pesos previously authorized.

INVESTIGATION AT PITTSBURGH. Pittsburgh, Feb. 4.—The district attorney today sent out his entire force of twenty county detectives to gather evidence on the conspiracies to board foodstuffs and boost prices. The evidence of illegal conspiracies will be presented to the federal grand jury. The ladies' aid societies of the churches have announced meatless suppers.

MAYOR IS CONVERTED. Indianapolis' Executive Adopts the Idea of Model License League.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 4.—The conversion of Mayor Shank of Indianapolis, to the Model License doctrine from his theories of high license was announced at the closing session of the convention of the Model License league this afternoon. Mr. Shank had prepared an address upon the problem, but announced he had been converted to the league's theory. "When I return to Indianapolis, I will actively advocate the passage of an ordinance permitting the issuance of self-renewing licenses and providing for their permanent cancellation upon a second conviction of violation of restrictive ordinances, local or otherwise," he said.

CHICAGO TO VOTE ON PROHIBITION. Chicago, Feb. 4.—An Anti-Saloon league delegation tonight presented the board of election commissioners with a petition bearing the signatures of 74,805 voting residents. This insures the placing upon the ballots at the April election the question whether Chicago shall continue to have saloons.

PACKING HOUSE GIVES THE MEAT

Five Hundred and Sixty-Two Upper Grade Pupils in a School at Chicago Witness an Interesting Demonstration.

They See a Shoulder and Loin of Beef Carved by a Butcher as He Explains the Value of the Different Parts, and Then, With the Meat as the Prize, They Write Compositions on the Subject, "How to Cook the Cheaper Cuts."

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Five hundred and sixty-two upper grade pupils in the Graham school saw a shoulder and loin of beef carved in school today, and after the demonstration wrote competitive compositions on the subject, "How to Cook the Cheaper Cuts of Meat." Eleven pupils, whose compositions were declared the best, received each ten pounds of meat. The meat was supplied by a packing house, and as the butcher carved it he explained the value of the different parts.

Afterwards, Principal W. E. Watt lectured and gave three reasons for the high prices of meat. These were: "The high prices of farm products; the large amount of gold recently dug from the earth; the high rate which American families are living and the demand for choice cuts."

FARMER NOT GETTING HIS SHARE. Washington, Feb. 4.—In the senate today, arguing that the farmer was not getting his share of the high prices paid for food, Mr. McCumber of North Dakota declared that a steer bringing \$70 in North Dakota brought \$2,500 served in senate restaurant steaks, and that a bushel of wheat which brings the farmer ninety cents retails for three or four dollars when made into bread, sold at five cents a loaf, and \$37.50 when served at a good restaurant. Potatoes worth thirty cents a bushel in North Dakota, served "hashed brown," bring an advance of 450 per cent.

The senator said that the city people should not object to the higher prices for farm products. "By what law," he asked, "have the denizens of the cities a greater right to luxuries than the tillers of the soil?" He attributed the enhancement of prices to the increase in the volume of gold; the increased demand and the diminished supply; control by the trusts; and the increased ability on the part of the consumer to buy.

PRICE INCREASES GENERAL. Washington, Feb. 4.—A general increase in the wholesale and retail prices of food between 1895 and 1908 is indicated by a report to the senate today by the department of commerce and labor, in response to the resolution of Senator Crawford, of South Dakota. The percentages of the increases are about as follows:

Bread, wholesale, 25.1; retail, 4.9. Butter, creamery extra, 27.5; dairy, 24.9; retail, 30.9; quantity imported, 26.7. Coffee, wholesale, 3.9; retail, 5.0. Eggs, new laid, wholesale, 39.8; retail, 36.2. Wheat flour, wholesale, spring 43.6, winter 26.8; retail, 24.4, no quality indicated. Lard, wholesale, 63.3; retail, 38.2. Beef, wholesale, fresh 11.8, salt 41.0; retail, fresh 14.9, salt 10.6. Dressed mutton, wholesale, 21.4; retail, 26.8. Bacon, wholesale, 4.5; retail, 52.9. Ham, wholesale, 21.9; retail, 31.8. Milk, wholesale, 30.0; retail, 18.1. Potatoes, wholesale, 7.0; retail, 25.5. The report shows that the prices of sugar, tea, spices and soda crackers are slightly reduced.

WILL NOT BE DISSECTED. Contrary to Wish of the Deceased, Harmon's Body Will Be Buried.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 4.—Contrary to the wish of S. A. Harmon, set forth in his will, the body of the Free Thought advocate will not go to New York or Chicago physicians for the instruction of classes in anatomy. Miss Lillian Harmon, who arrived from Chicago today, said that no physician had expressed a desire to take advantage of the strange bequest, consequently funeral services will be held in several cities in the United States tomorrow and in European cities the following day.

HOTEL FIRE TERRORIZES GUESTS. Reno, Nev., Feb. 4.—Fire in the McKisick Hotel early today routed one hundred guests from their rooms in great disorder. August Schaefer, fireman at the hotel, was burned to death. The guests, many of whom are from the East, scrambled down the fire escapes. None were injured. The property loss was nominal.

MURDERER ELECTROCUTED. Columbus, Saturday, Feb. 5.—John Kilpatrick, colored, was electrocuted in the Ohio penitentiary early this morning for the murder of his employer, John Steele, a Steubenville druggist, whom he killed with a club. The motive was robbery.

FIRST BODY IS TAKEN FROM THE CHERRY MINE.

To Reach 32 Others, However, It Will Be Necessary to Pump Out 2,000,000 Gallons of Water, and to Recover 135 A New Passageway Must Be Cut Through 150 Feet of Solid Coal.

Cherry, Ills., Feb. 4.—The St. Paul mine today yielded the first of its dead since the shafts were sealed in November. The corpse of Nastro, Lirio was found Wednesday near the air shaft and was removed late today. It was identified by a wage receipt found in his breast pocket. He was a single man. The body was in good condition, despite its three months' entombment.

The body was placed in canvas and then sewed in gunny-sacking. It was brought up the air shaft in a large steel bucket wherein it was standing on end. The corpse was placed in a rough box loaded on a dump wagon. The only three women spectators began to weep, and one old man, who has two sons in the mine, shed tears. There was no other demonstration.

The body was hauled to the stable and placed in a stall vacated by a mule that had been taken into the mine today. Under the instruction of the coroner, it was stripped and the clothes were examined. The may clerk showed that the man was Lirio. He apparently had run up the stairs from the third to the second level when the fire alarm was given and fell dead near the flaming shaft.

As the news of the removal of the body spread, women filled the streets, crying and talking excitedly, but the outburst was short-lived. Each of the thirty-two bodies supposed to be in the bottom level, 2,000,000 gallons of water must be pumped out. To reach the 135 in the east part of the second level, a new passageway must be cut through solid coal at least 150 feet. The pumping and tunneling will begin tomorrow. It is said that the fire is now safely confined to the east side of the mine.

BAGGED MORE RHINOS. Roosevelt Party Arrives at Mimule in Excellent Fettle.

Nimule, Uganda, Feb. 4.—The Smithsonian African scientific expedition arrived here today, in excellent health. The hunters secured three more white rhinoceroses and other game. Kermit Roosevelt secured splendid photographs of a living rhinoceros. Colonel Roosevelt's mail brought a number of requests to speak in European cities, but he is unable to arrange addresses other than already promised.

Free Postage Proposed. Washington, Feb. 4.—The carriage free of postage of all mail sent by Theodore Roosevelt is proposed by Representative Fish of New York, who introduced a bill to that effect today. Mrs. Cleveland and Mrs. Harrison have this privilege.

MR. TAFT WILL SPEAK. Monster Conservation Mass Meeting at Chicago Next Month.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—President Taft has wired that he will probably be in Chicago March 17 and has directed that the plans for a monster conservation mass meeting, at which he has been invited to be the principal speaker, shall be made accordingly.

GREAT LAKES COMMERCE. Washington, Feb. 4.—The domestic commerce of the Great Lakes during the calendar year 1909 aggregated \$9,750,000 tons of freight shipped between ports of this country alone. This tonnage, while about one-third larger than for the year before, is about two and one-half millions below the tonnage of 1907, the largest total in the history of the lake trade, according to a report of the department of commerce. The 1909 total does not include the volume of exports to Canada or the imports from Canada which were carried on the lakes, nor does it include the volume of local commerce within the various ports. If these are included the department estimates the total lake commerce for 1909 at approximately ninety million tons.

LAND HEARING ADJOINED. Washington, Feb. 4.—In order to permit the arrival in the city of the counsel for Secretary Ballinger and allow the counsel to become familiar with the case, the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation committee adjourned today until Feb. 11. John J. Vertrees, of Nashville, Tenn., and Carl Rasch, formerly United States district attorney for Montana, have been selected to represent Secretary Ballinger. Land Commissioner Dennett and Field Agent Schwartz in the investigation.

STOKES TO SUCCEED RIXEY. Washington, Feb. 4.—Medical Director Charles Stokes will be nominated to be surgeon general of the navy to succeed Rear Admiral Rixey, who retires voluntarily.

DIES OF STARVATION. New York, Feb. 4.—Miss Laura Allen, an authoress, whose father presented Central Park to Decatur, Ills., is dead of starvation in the asylum on Ward's island. She had been in the hospital a year and lately had refused to eat. She was sixty-seven years old.

PIONEER LAKE CAPTAIN. Milwaukee, Feb. 4.—Captain William Fitzgerald, aged eighty-one, a pioneer lake captain, died today. For thirty-five years he was United States inspector of ship hulls at Milwaukee.

DEATH OF A CONGRESSMAN. Washington, Feb. 4.—Representative William C. Lovering, of Massachusetts, died at his residence here today, aged seventy-five.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—The arbitrators of the controversy of the Illinois Central railroad and its telegraphers met today and adjourned until Monday, when a decision is promised.

NATIONAL HOUSE MAKING A RECORD

It's a Veritable Beehive of Industry, According to Representative Dwight, the Republican Whip—He Issues a Statement.

Criticism That Congress Is Slow in Acting Is Without Foundation and Is Unfair, He Says—Never in Years Has Any Session Done as Much Work as the Present One—Legislative Program of the President Will Be Put Through Quickly.

Washington, Feb. 4.—"Never in years has any session of congress done as much work as the present one," says Representative Dwight, of New York, the Republican whip of the house, today in a statement. "Congress has been in session less than six weeks and has passed the army, urgent deficiency, District of Columbia and agricultural appropriation bills. The house thus far has fully fulfilled the president's pledges and those of the leaders of both branches of congress, that the strictest economy be followed. We also have redeemed two pledges of the party platform by passing the bill to establish a bureau of mines and mining, and that to admit Arizona and New Mexico."

Republicans United. Mr. Dwight added that no Republican in the house had been disposed to retard the passage of the president's bills regarding conservation and the anti-trust law and railroad rate law amendments. Continuing, Mr. Dwight said: "President Taft's specific recommendations regarding conservation and the amendments of the Sherman law and Hepburn railroad rate law did not come to congress until after Jan. 8. These recommendations are now in the hands of committees which have been working overtime in consultation with the president and the attorney general, but the earliest possible moment the bills will be drafted and reported. Other important bills are ready to be reported. There has been shown thus far no disposition by any Republican in the house to retard the passage of any of these measures. The criticism that congress is slow in acting is without foundation and is unfair."

Champ Clark's View. Champ Clark, the Democratic leader, commenting upon Mr. Dwight's statement, said: "What the Republicans really are going to do is to pass a few appropriation bills, some bridge bills and private claims and one or two of the Taft propositions, and then adjourn and get home as quickly as possible to save as many Republican congressmen this fall as they can; but they have not the slightest hope in the world of electing another Republican house of representatives."

DECLARES THE MEASURE VICIOUS. Senator Heyburn Again Assails the Postal Savings Bank Bill.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The death of Representative Lovering, of Massachusetts, this morning caused both houses to adjourn early. The house transacted practically no business. The senate listened to speeches by Mr. McCumber, of North Dakota, and Mr. Heyburn, of Idaho. The former argued that the farmer does not obtain his share of the prices paid for food products.

Mr. Heyburn completed his criticisms of the postal savings bank bill. He declared the bill drawn so loosely that if enacted it inevitably would result in scandal. It should, he said, be safeguarded more carefully than some legislation, instancing the corporation tax law which, he said, already had proved unsatisfactory.

Mr. Heyburn enlarged upon the abuses that might grow out of secret deposits. Mr. Carter protested, saying that no legislation proceeded upon the theory that the average man was a "crook."

"Would you advise posting the names of the depositors?" asked Mr. Carter. Mr. Heyburn answered that he had not reached that point.

Mr. Carter said: "You soon will if you keep on."

At the conclusion of his address Mr. Heyburn pronounced the bill utterly vicious and predicted that in the end it would be necessary to pay the depositors by appropriations out of the national treasury.

Wm. Alden Apprehensive. Wm. Alden Smith, of Michigan, predicted that the rate of interest would prove a fruitful base for promises by the unscrupulous office seeker.

Mr. Carter merely asked to have the bill printed in the record as the best refutation of the representations of its opponents.

BANK PRESIDENT ARRESTED. Lakota, N. D., Feb. 4.—F. A. Rabbers, president of the recently closed People's State bank, was arrested today, charged with falsifying the bank's condition.

DAILY MINING JOURNAL

A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE MINING JOURNAL CO. (LIMITED.)

Issued daily except on Sundays. Contains Associated Press dispatches and is especially devoted to the Upper Peninsula interests.

Subscription Rates: Per month, by carrier, \$1.00; Per year, by mail, \$10.00.

MARQUETTE, MICH., FEBRUARY 5.

Entered as second class matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

The stock market affords eloquent testimony to the fact that Wall Street doesn't like the developments at Washington.

Ship subsidy legislation has no place on the formal Taft program, but nevertheless it appears that we are going to hear a lot about it before congress adjourns.

N. P. Hull, of Dimondale, master of the State Grange, has announced himself a candidate for the Republican nomination for lieutenant governor.

Secretary of State Martindale cannot be too much congratulated on his wisdom in keeping out of the race for the nomination for governor.

The search and seizure act passed by the last legislature is being freely resorted to in the attempt to stop the illicit sale of liquor in the prohibition counties in the lower part of the state.

President Taft is quoted in approval of the selection of Lloyd C. Griscom, former ambassador to Italy, to be the chairman of the New York county committee, succeeding Herbert Parsons.

In an address to the State Supervisors' association, in session at Lansing this week, Auditor General Fuller advocated changing the law that governs the distribution of the primary school money in the state.

Mr. Martindale did not in any way hook up with Kelley, it is believed that the Kelley men presented reasons why he should not enter which Mr. Martindale considered sufficient and there is probably a perfect understanding between them.

Mr. Osborne stated while in Marquette this week that with Martindale out of the race he was assured of excellent support in Wayne and made clear his personal belief that he will be stronger in that populous county than any of the other candidates.

Mr. Martindale's decision not to mix in as a strong card in his favor. Many important political factors in Wayne county have not yet lined up for any one of the candidates, and none of the leading newspapers have yet shown definitely which candidate they will support.

The News has indicated some little leaning to Kelley, but not enough to warrant the prediction that it will give him aggressive support.

The Free Press threw a spasmodic enthusiasm for Judge Montgomery, when he was first announced as a candidate several weeks ago, but has lately been taking no active interest in the situation, and the Journal is likewise undecided, as far as appears in its columns, where it will give its support.

Wayne county will be one of the principal battle grounds of the campaign and if the voting on primary day is close between the candidates it will not unlikely determine the result of the contest.

Mr. E. A. Kelley, Belvidere, Ill., writes us: "I am an ex-engineer with 22 years active service to my credit. About three years ago my kidneys were affected so that I had to give up my engine. First I was troubled with severe, aching pain over the hips. Then followed inflammation of the bladder, and specks appeared before my eyes. A sample of Foley's Kidney Pills that I tried so benefited me that I bought more. I continued to take them until now I can safely testify they have made me a sound and well man. Sold by all druggists."

THE SUPREME COURT

The supreme court has upheld the disposal made by a jury in the circuit court for Ingham county of the case of former State Treasurer Glasier of Chelsea, who one year ago was convicted of malfeasance in office.

This means that Glasier will have to enter with in prison walls. Glasier's misappropriations of state funds amounted to \$85,000 and were accompanied by numerous violations of state laws. It will be remembered that they were accomplished by his leading state money into his Chelsea bank, which collapsed following the breaking down of his over-inflated industrial structure built with the Glasier Stove works at Chelsea as a basis.

The state is still out the larger part of the money Glasier got away with, as the companies that were on Glasier's bonds have refused payment, and the attempt to hold them through the courts is still in progress.

Glasier's conviction was just, and there is cause for satisfaction that it is not to be negated through resort to technicalities invoked by resourceful attorneys. There will be no spirit of petty spite in this satisfaction, either. Its source is a realization that one of the best means of securing high class public service is the certain and adequate punishment of criminal derelictions on the part of public officials.

Negaamee is to be congratulated. It has gotten a postmaster for the next four years without even a semblance of a ruction. Thomas Connors, the incumbent, has been reappointed. Already he has his commission covering his new term. Mr. Connors' reappointment appears to meet with general approval at Negaamee.

He has been an obliging official, attentive to his duties, and careful to keep out of local broils, a thing that has made for his advantage and that of Representative Young. The Ishpening office still remains to be disposed of. The contest there has simmered down to James Clancey, master mechanic of the Oliver Iron company, and John Delbridge, who has been deputy postmaster under George A. Newett, all the other persons who have been mentioned as candidates having actually or practically withdrawn from the race.

There is rather more of a contest between the active aspirants than Representative Young would like to see. Mr. Clancey has some of the most influential support that any candidate could have in Ishpening. Furthermore he is a man who has done much valuable work for the party without at any time in the past having asked for material reward. His claims would be worthy of the most serious consideration under any circumstances. The reasonableness of and merit in Mr. Clancey's candidacy has not discouraged the friends of Mr. Delbridge from making an active canvass in his behalf, however, and Mr. Young's Ishpening mail is said to have reached discouragingly large proportions of late. It is his misfortune that two of the most strenuous postoffice fights in the district should have developed in his own county this year.

Secretary of State Martindale this week made announcement that he has decided to seek a renomination to his present office and that he will not be a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor. This is interesting news for the four gentlemen who aspire to be the party's standard bearer next fall, as it means that they will be free to enter Wayne county and get all the votes they can out of it, without having to buck up against a native son. It is said that Mr. Martindale's announcement followed a conference with friends of Lieutenant Governor Kelley, and in this connection the Lansing State Republican says: "While Mr. Martindale did not in any way hook up with Kelley, it is believed that the Kelley men presented reasons why he should not enter which Mr. Martindale considered sufficient and there is probably a perfect understanding between them."

Mr. Osborne stated while in Marquette this week that with Martindale out of the race he was assured of excellent support in Wayne and made clear his personal belief that he will be stronger in that populous county than any of the other candidates. His friends will regard Martindale's decision not to mix in as a strong card in his favor. Many important political factors in Wayne county have not yet lined up for any one of the candidates, and none of the leading newspapers have yet shown definitely which candidate they will support.

The News has indicated some little leaning to Kelley, but not enough to warrant the prediction that it will give him aggressive support. The Free Press threw a spasmodic enthusiasm for Judge Montgomery, when he was first announced as a candidate several weeks ago, but has lately been taking no active interest in the situation, and the Journal is likewise undecided, as far as appears in its columns, where it will give its support.

Wayne county will be one of the principal battle grounds of the campaign and if the voting on primary day is close between the candidates it will not unlikely determine the result of the contest.

Mr. E. A. Kelley, Belvidere, Ill., writes us: "I am an ex-engineer with 22 years active service to my credit. About three years ago my kidneys were affected so that I had to give up my engine. First I was troubled with severe, aching pain over the hips. Then followed inflammation of the bladder, and specks appeared before my eyes. A sample of Foley's Kidney Pills that I tried so benefited me that I bought more. I continued to take them until now I can safely testify they have made me a sound and well man. Sold by all druggists."

THE AUTOMOBILE IN 1910.

The United States will produce 160,000 automobiles this year. Of this immense output, 102,000 will be turned out by Michigan factories alone. And of the grand total, seven-eighths will be light cars of low or medium price.

The Detroit automobile show, with its striking ocular demonstration of the development in motor cars, helped to focus attention upon Michigan as an automobile producing center, but for the world at large which was unable to make the trip to Detroit the figures of the American Review of Reviews, quoted above, serve even better to give a comprehensive idea of the growth of the automobile industry and of the great part which Michigan has in it.

Just five years ago the total automobile output of the United States was only 15,000 cars. In 1906, the total jumped up to 25,000. In 1907 it reached 45,000, and in 1908 this figure was nearly doubled, the total being 85,000. Last year produced 110,000 American automobiles. This year the best estimates are that 160,000 cars will be built, and that the demand will run well above 200,000 or more than 40,000 above the expected supply.

Remarkable as is this growth in the quantity of the output the quality of the cars has shown an even greater development. Today, as pointedly demonstrated both by the Detroit show and by the articles in the Review of Reviews, a far better car, more powerful, more dependable, more comfortable, more speedy and more substantial, can be bought for \$1,500 than could be purchased five years ago for \$4,000 or \$5,000. This decrease in price with revolutionary improvement in quality has been brought about not by a cheapening of materials nor of labor, but by new ideas in design, betterment in materials and machinery and large production. The great demand has caused the establishment of immense plants which make thousands of machines a year where only scores were turned out five years ago. This large production has greatly lessened the individual cost of cars.

The cheaper and lighter machines are in fact made so well today that the demand and output for them has increased from ten to twenty fold over five years ago, while the demand and output for the higher priced car has gone up only 10 to 25 per cent.

The high priced car is still in demand and will be, because of their greater power and luxury, but this has come to be essentially the day of the cheap or moderate priced cars. The latter are coming into general use for both business and pleasure by the farmer, the salesman, the real estate man, the doctor and many others.

The automobile is no longer an experiment, it is no longer a "crave," but has become a permanent feature of everyday life and the demand will be steady and sure. Michigan has good reason to rejoice over the fact that it is in the van of the industry.

ARE PAYING FOR IT. A ticket speculator testifying in New York before the committee on laws and legislation of the board of aldermen made the claim that a combination of five speculators is in collusion with every Broadway manager who produces a big success to mulct the public out of a premium over the regular charges. This particular speculator is on the "outside" of this favored ring, a thing that may in some degree discredit his testimony, but the fact of collusion between theater managers and speculators has been proved in so many cases that this is no sufficient reason for entirely disbelieving his story.

There is not wanting testimony that the theater managers are seriously injuring their business by their policy of holding patrons up for an extra twenty-five or fifty cents in advance of the regular prices. Disinclination to submit to this petty extortion is said by observers of dramatic drift to be gradually educating many people who would ordinarily be steady patrons of the theaters away from them, and is held to be in no small measure responsible for many unprofitable theatrical ventures.

The present season is proving one of the leanest on which the managers of theatrical attractions and theaters have fallen in many years. Dozens of road attractions have been withdrawn because of failure to make money, if not to pay actual road expenses. This has been reflected by the paucity of offerings in the theaters in the smaller towns. The managers are unable to book the usual number of attractions for the reason that they are not now on the road.

While the ticket speculator may be responsible to some extent for the unfavorable conditions in the theatrical business in the large cities, the cause of the same conditions in the smaller towns is undoubtedly the ten and fifteen cent moving picture and vaudeville houses. The competition of these houses has played hob with the regular theaters. The average theatergoer is none too exacting about the quality of entertainment he seeks. Diversion is his principal aim, and two picture or vaudeville theaters can be visited in one evening for less than the price of one fair seat in a regular theater.

It is an open question, too, whether the amusement seeker does not get fully as profitable and diverting entertainment in the cheap houses as he gets in the theater. The attractions that have been sent to the small towns of late years by theatrical producers have had little of real merit to commend them. They have been, in the main, tawdry and in-

CONSEQUENTIAL

in spite of elaborate and expensive mountings—musical comedies, little calculated to command the attention of intelligent audiences. The attractions worth while have been the exceptions, and it is a discouraging fact that they have often been the ones that have shown the least drawing power.

The theatrical business is in none too good a way. In the large cities competition has resulted in the building of more theaters than can be properly supported, or filled with attractions worthy of them, and the small towns have been getting a class of offerings that, to put it bluntly, they would be about as well off without. For the moment it looks as if the ten and fifteen cent houses are doing the largest share to cater to the public's appetite for theatrical, or near-theatrical, amusement.

LOWER STATE NOTES.

LANSING—S. H. Kelly, president of the State League of Republican clubs, announced Wednesday that the state meeting will be held in this city April 27, when the Zach Chandler club banquet will be held. Officers of the National League are expected to attend the meeting and speakers of national prominence will be asked.

CADILLAC—John Warden, employed by Cummer, Diggins & Co. left this city last evening for Florida on his first vacation of the year. During all that time he has been employed by the local firm at the same job. But once before has he been absent from work. Warden expressed regret that he was to "lay off" and described himself as humoring his wife, who accompanies him on the trip.

PORT HURON—The Port Huron Gas Company has accepted the gas franchise accepted by the Michigan Gas and Electric Company. One of the provisions of the franchise is that the gas company pay rebates to the consumers who paid \$1 a thousand cubic feet for the month of August, September, October and November. Because of this the company is making out \$2,500 in checks to the consumers entitled to rebates.

MUSKEGON—To better handle his rapidly increasing business, the Michigan Crank Shaft company of Muskegon, whose plant is located at Muskegon Heights, has increased its capital to \$20,000. This stock \$10,500 has been paid in. Six months ago the company began business with ten men, and is now employing more than fifty.

MIAMI—The Michigan Continental Motor company, the president of the company.

LANSING—I voted against Wenger because I do not feel like electing a man who is under indictment," said Governor Warner when asked as to the meeting of the board of control of Jackson prison, when twenty ballots for warden were taken without an election. The governor added that he would do nothing more at present in regard to getting rid of Wenger as acting warden at the prison.

SOUTH HAVEN—Circuit Judge Des Volgnes upheld the action of the board of supervisors in turning down the petition for a re-submission at the spring election of the local option proposition in Van Buren county. The petitions of the wets had enough signatures, but the list from one township was thrown out bodily because it had not been properly posted. The decision was expected by the wets, and they will immediately appeal to the supreme court.

MT. CLEMENS—A rather amusing controversy has arisen here concerning the time kept by the clock in the city hall tower. A local paper made the statement a few days ago that the clock showed four different readings on its several faces. The timekeeper of the city came back the following day with a letter stating that he didn't know where the reporter bought his whisky, but it was a cinch he carried a dollar watch and had spent his money for repairing it in a blacksmith shop. The fact remains, however, that the clock is not dependable, not only being out of time, but poorly lighted.

MT. CLEMENS—A last echo of the Matheny-Lamban liquor ordinance violation heard in Justice Newman's court. The police, who were much disappointed at the discharge of the two saloonists at their first trial, have been making an effort to secure a second arrest on the same charge and statement of facts. The justice, however, refused to consider the charge, sending to the police board a signed communication containing his reasons for his action. The two men were arrested on a charge of selling liquor in club rooms but were released on a technicality.

KALAMAZOO—Louis Timmons created havoc here when he chased a crowd out of Main street, threatening to shoot every man who refused to run. Timmons, while walking along the street, stopped suddenly and pulled from his pocket a 45-caliber revolver. "Get a move on you," he yelled to a crowd of people standing near him. They bolted across the street. He followed them yelling and flourishing his gun. The crowd made greater speed. Every man and woman on the street was forced to join the running crowd. After a long chase the police arrested Timmons and he was taken to jail. Officers believe that he is insane.

WHITEHALL—A syndicate of Chicago capitalists, headed by William H. Lau, has purchased the most eligible tract on White Lake for the purpose of erecting a large summer hotel, plans for which already are completed. The contract for the foundation and cement work was awarded to Thieman & Son. Contractors are figuring on the upper portion and work will be commenced as soon as weather will allow. The site is at the head of what is known as the old channel of White Lake and the view embraces not only Lake Michigan, but a great deal of White Lake. The consideration for the site was \$10,000. The first part of the hotel will be arranged to care for 200 guests and plans will be made for enlargements needed.

ANN ARBOR—Dr. James B. Angell, president emeritus of the U. of M., announced to his class in international law that he would be unable to meet them during the next semester, as he had been ordered south by his physician and would leave for Florida the first of next week. Dr. Angell teaches international law to a section of advanced students of the U. of M. the first semester of the year, and to the same section gives history of treaties the second semester. His announcement was received with great disappointment by the class. He has been suffering for some time past with his old enemy, bronchial trouble, and his physician has become insistent that he should go south at once. He will leave for Florida next

Mayer's LEADING LADY SHOES. There are no other shoes at popular prices that in any way compare with these classy, fashionable, good-fitting shoes. They are made on lasts that insure the utmost comfort, yet give your feet that trim and stylish look. Leading Lady shoes combine style and wearing qualities to a degree that easily makes them the most popular, dressy and serviceable ladies' fine shoes obtainable, at a cost no greater than ordinary shoes. Your dealer will supply you; if not, write to us. To be sure you get the LEADING LADY, look for the Mayer Trade Mark on the soles. FREE - If you will send the name of a dealer who does not handle Leading Lady Shoes, we will send you free, post-paid, a beautiful picture of Martha Washington, size 15 x 20. We also make Hosiery Shoes for men, Martha Washington Comfort Shoes, Yerma Cushion Shoes, Special Merit School Shoes and Work Shoes. F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co. Milwaukee, Wis.

Tuesday and will be accompanied by his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Alexis Angell of Detroit. He will not return until after the worst of the March winds have passed.

PONTIAC - It was witnessed by the people in the case against Landford that the witness, Mr. Kelly, was believed, it was recently an easy matter to buy a drink of whisky at the hotel referred to. Testimony in Johnson's examination by several witnesses was that when a man wanted a drink he helped himself and left ten cents on the table. The additional evidence offered by the people in the case against George Mark, proprietor of the Transfer House at Royal Oak, was that of a deputy who said he bought a drink of hard cider at the hotel and surreptitiously slipped the contents of the glass into a bottle in his inside pocket. The bottle was further identified.

LANSING - Lieutenant Governor Kelley, speaking before the State Association of Supervisors here created a sensation by attacking the action of the Jackson prison board in leaving Warden Wenger in charge of the prison. He is under indictment. While he did not mention the name of Governor Warner, friends of the governor present construed the remarks of the lieutenant governor as an attack on Warner, and there is much speculation as to whether there has been a break between the two. Mr. Kelley was talking on state expenditures in the various institutions and finally got down to the prisons. When he took up the binder twice plant at Jackson he paused and then said: "I have never publicly expressed any views on the situation at Jackson prison, but I do think that the board of directors of Jackson prison, while in the retention of Mr. Wenger as warden of Jackson prison, while he is under indictment for grafting, is a disgrace to the state, and if I was governor I would use every bit of power of the office to remove him. I also think that the prosecutor of Jackson county and the attorney general's office have not been doing their duty when they have allowed these cases to drag along. They should be punished, and I have already taken the matter up with the member of the attorney general's staff who worked on the case. He informs me that he is too busy with other work and cannot take up the Jackson cases at this time. But I want to see these cases pushed. If these men are guilty they should be punished and if they are innocent they should be cleared of the stain on their names." The speech of the lieutenant-governor has stirred up the capital as it has not been stirred since the campaign for governor started. In one quarter it is said that Mr. Kelley was informed that one candidate for governor was contemplating attacking the state at that, in the language of the street, Mr. Kelley "beat him to it."

Patrick, Henry's Fee. It is said at Patrick Henry that during his practice of law in the Virginia courts, and when he was familiarly addressed as "governor," a man who had been arrested for stealing a hog and who was out on bail, went to the governor to have him defend him. The governor said: "Did you walk away with that hog?" "I don't like to say," "Out with it!" "Yes, sir," "Have you got the carcass?" "Yes, sir," "You go home, you wretch! out the pig lengthwise in half, and hang as much of it in my smokehouse as you keep in yours." At court the governor said: "Your honor, this man has no money that I know of to pay for his defense. I have a suggestion, Norman H. Mack's National Monthly."

One of Uncle Joe's Favorites. Instead of being disturbed by his defeat, says a Washington correspondent, the speaker became reminiscent and told a story which illustrates his opinion that whenever you have the votes you can carry out your ideas. "Back in the greenback days," he said, "there was a man named Emory Stors, a brilliant man and an able man, in spite of some of his views. He called on Chauncey Blair, a big Chicago banker, and talked the financial situation over with him. He told Blair what the country needed was more money. "We have plenty of money," said Blair. "The banks are full of it. We would welcome any borrower who came to us for a loan." "Well, let me have a million," answered Stors. "All right," said Mr. Blair. "I wish there were three or four more borrowers like you. But what collateral can you offer?" "Collateral?" inquired Stors; "collateral?" Then he isn't my money that we need it is mine, collateral." And in the speaker's mind it isn't recognition that the insurgents need, but votes. -Indianapolis Star.

Many a man would feel like a fish out of water if by any chance he should manage to get out of debt.

Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Couldn't Signal It. Admiral Moore tells a good story of a peppery old seaman under whom he served many years ago. During some tactical operations one of the ships of the squadron had made some bad blunders, and at length the admiral completely lost his temper. He stormed about his quarterdeck and informed his hearers of his opinion of the officer in command of

Classified Want Directory

HELP WANTED.

WANTED - Government farmers. Examination April 13. Splendid salary. Free living quarters. All to prepare job. Write today. Ozmert, Dept. 571, U.S. House, Washington, D.C. 2-5-10

WANTED - Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in few weeks, unexcelled. Moier Barber College, Milwaukee, Wis. 2-5-10

WANTED - Young men to learn automobile business by mail and prepare for positions as chauffeurs and repair men. We make you expert in ten weeks, assist you to secure position. Pay high, work pleasant; demand for men great; reasonable wages; particularly desirable for those who Empire Automobile Institute, Rochester, N. Y. 2-5-10

WANTED - A girl for general housework; family of two. Must be competent. Mrs. J. Chambers, 902 High St. 2-4-10

WANTED - Energetic and reliable party acquainted in local and surrounding territory to sell high class roofing materials and provisions on commission basis; no salary and bond required. State references and qualifications in full. Address letter to W. C. Mining Journal, Marquette. 2-5-10

WANTED - Clear salesman. Experience unnecessary. Sell our brands to the retail trade. Big territory for full particulars at once. Globe Wire Co., Cleveland, Ohio. 1-20-10

WANTED - Girl for general housework. Mrs. A. T. Wilson, 128 E. Park St. 2-5-10

WANTED - 50 woodchoppers to cut cherry, locust wood. T. Stephenson Co., Bay City, Mich. 2-5-10

FOR RENT - A 6-room, new, modern house, hot water heat, full bath and all modern improvements, good basement with laundry tubs, on East Michigan St. Address by mail, The Mining Journal, 2-3-10

FOR RENT - O'Hagan building, cheap, part or whole, corner Lake street and Huron avenue. Inquire of Alderman Heene. 12-14-10

FOR RENT - Houses in different localities. \$3.50 to \$12 per month. Equally well phone 994. 11-9-10

FOR SALE - Good second-hand piano for cash or on monthly payments. Call after school hours. 221 E. Arch St. 2-5-10

FOR SALE - A six-room house at 323 W. Casswell St. Call for cash. Apply at 117 W. Michigan St. 2-2-10

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Marquette National Bank, AT MARQUETTE, In the State of Michigan, at the close of business, Jan. 31, 1910.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts \$64,554.75

Overdrafts, secured and unsecured 25.45

U. S. bonds to secure circulation 100,000.00

U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits 1,000.00

Premiums on U. S. Bonds 1,000.00

Real estate mortgages 20,150.74

Banking house furniture and fixtures 45,950.00

Due from National Banks 122,532.38

Due from State and Territorial Banks and Bankers 2,175.00

Trust Companies and Savings Banks 23,674.63

Due from other banks 17,048.89

Notes and other cash 10,287.64

Loans 2,733.90

Notes of other National Banks 1,520.00

Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents 425.85

LAWFUL MONEY RECEIVED 107,048.89

IN BANK VIZ: Specific deposits \$55,866.75

Legal-tender notes 4,125.00

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (6 per cent. of circulation) 6,000.00

Total 107,048.89

LIABILITIES Capital stock paid in \$100,000.00

Surplus fund 2,000.00

Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid 16,048.94

U. S. National Bank notes outstanding 100,000.00

Due to other National Banks \$3,531.10

Due to State and Territorial Banks and Bankers 2,175.00

Due to Trust Companies and Savings Banks 2,360.23

Individual deposits subject to check 775,622.80

Demand certificates of deposit 49,955.25

Post office money orders 400.00

Cashier's checks outstanding 162.39

United States Deposits 1,500.00

Total 1,070,323.68

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. COUNTY OF MARQUETTE, ss. I, Frank J. Jennings, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. FRANK J. JENNINGS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of February, 1910. WILLIAM H. ELLIOT, Notary Public. My Commission expires Aug. 27, 1915. CORRECT - Attest: D. W. POWELL, J. G. F. REYNOLDS, A. T. ROBERTS, Directors.

LAKE SUPERIOR & ISHPEMING RAILWAY CO. MUNISING RAILWAY CO. MARQUETTE &

Copper Country

HOUGHTON MASONIC TEMPLE.

Plans for Building Under Discussion—Odd Fellows Temple, Too.

A Masonic temple is a possibility for Houghton next year. Committees from the various Masonic organizations in the village have been quietly working on the matter for some months and very little publicity was given it till very recently. Nothing is said regarding the size of quality of the building but it is known that tentative plans have been submitted for the consideration of the committee.

The Houghton Masonic organizations are: Peletons commandery, Knights Templar; David S. Kendall council, Royal and Select Masters; Houghton lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and Houghton chapter, Order of the Eastern Star. Each of these has appointed a committee, which comprises a general committee and a building committee with W. B. McLaughlin as chairman. The committees follow:

Knights Templar—W. B. McLaughlin, C. V. Seiber and F. W. Stoyke. Kendall council—A. E. Seaman, J. J. Zealand and E. W. Presko. Peletons commandery—John Nelson, Edgar Rashleigh and J. H. Rice. Eastern Star—C. A. Mayworm, J. A. Doelle and F. L. Batchelder.

It is understood the committee has under consideration two sites. One might be a good business location and in that event the Masonic temple would have stores on the ground floor. The other site is away from the business district and would make possible the erection of a building exclusively for Masonic purposes. The building would necessarily be large, considering a drill hall and banquet being necessary. But there is nothing definite regarding the building at this time excepting the fact that the Masonic organizations want a home and will have one if plans now in the formative stage can be carried out.

Odd Fellows' Temple.

The intentions of the Odd Fellows have assumed hardly a more concrete form than those of the Masons. The Odd Fellows lodge last year closed a deal for the Voetsch estate property at Sheldon and Dakota streets and secured tentative plans for a building with ground floor stores. The Gately-Wiggins company has the refusal of these stores and will occupy them if the building is erected. But it is understood that the organizations have not secured title to the property as yet because of the slow process of doing business with the estate which is made up of several interests.

The Odd Fellows organizations in Houghton are: Pilgrim lodge, I. O. O. F., and Canton Superior, Patriarchs Militant. Both are strong organizations and have ample funds for the building purpose. If the foregoing projects are carried out it will mean that Houghton will have three splendid new public buildings within the present year or early in 1911. The third building will be the Houghton clubhouse, which is now a certainty.

WILL SEE THE PASSION PLAY.

Miss A. James of Calumet Plans Extensive Tour Through Europe.

Miss A. James of Calumet announces that she has disposed of her hair dressing business to the Messrs. Z. E. Ireland, and plans to tour Europe the coming summer. Miss James and her cousin, Miss Anna Reding of Hubbell, a teacher in the Calumet High school, with other copper country residents, will leave in the spring for Europe. They will visit Oberammergau, where the great Passion play is given, and will spend some time there. The Passion play is presented but once every ten years and the persons who are to take the various characters are brought up from childhood with this end in view.

After Oberammergau, the party will visit Rome and other parts of Italy and will go up into France, with possible side trips into Spain. Some time will be spent at Paris and other French cities, Luxembourg, Germany and Switzerland will also be on the itinerary. Miss James is undecided as to her plans at the conclusion of her tour.

Vagaries of a Cold—You can never be quite sure where a cold is going to hit you. In the fall and winter it may settle in the bowels producing severe pain. Do not be alarmed nor torment yourself with fears of appendicitis. At the first sign of a cramp take Perry Davis' Painkiller in warm, sweetened water and relief comes at once. There is but one Painkiller, Perry Davis'.

J.A. Minnear & Co. BROKERS

Offices at Calumet and Laurium.

Direct private wire service to all markets. If you want the best service on your curb orders and cannot favor us direct, instruct your Banker to have us execute the order. Buy and Sell Boston Coppers, Railroads and Curb for cash or on margin.

BOTH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.

Phones: CALUMET, 64 and 75. LAURIUM, 450, 520 and 605.

HOTEL NORTON

63-65 GRISWOLD ST. OPPOSITE SUBURBAN DEPOT. EUROPEAN PLAN. Fifty Fine Rooms. HOTEL NORTON is situated in center of Houghton and is well equipped with all the latest and best of appointments. Everything new, fresh and up to date.

Michigan College of Mines

F. W. McNAIR, PRESIDENT. Located in the Lake Superior district. Mines and Mills accessible for College work. For Year Book and Record of Graduates apply to PRESIDENT or SECRETARY, Houghton, Mich.

HOUGHTON VILLAGE POLITICS.

Nick Britz Not Candidate for Clerk, but Mort O'Sullivan Is.

A published rumor to the effect that Nicholas Britz would be a candidate for village clerk at Houghton is denied by Mr. Britz. He has personally assured Village Clerk Brand that he will not be a candidate against him and Mr. Brand is correspondingly elated. But Mr. Brand has found another Richmond in the field. Mort O'Sullivan, the well-known barber, announces himself as a candidate for village clerk and says he is out after it strong.

There is a rumor that Ira E. Randall would run for village president if properly approached. This could not be verified yesterday. No other candidates for any office have appeared, excepting James H. Thomas, who announces himself as willing to become village treasurer.

GOOD BASEBALL IN LAURIUM.

Businessmen of Town Will Back Semi-Professional Team This Year.

A prominent businessman has announced that Laurium will have first class baseball the coming summer and that the business interests will back a semi-professional team that will be as good as any in northern Michigan. It is believed that if it starts is made now enough first class players can be secured through a misunderstanding and that he is only indirectly connected with the case. He says that the matter will be adjusted in a few days and it will be shown that he was blameless.

K. OF C. AT MARQUETTE.

Big Delegation to Attend Initiation in Queen City Tomorrow.

The biggest delegation of the Knights of Columbus that ever left the copper country will go out of Calumet, Hancock and Houghton today for Marquette to attend an initiation in the Marquette council of the order tomorrow. It is said that fifty Calumet knights are going, and there will be about an equal number from Houghton and Hancock, members of the Hancock council. A special car has been engaged for the trip.

SUPREME COURT REVERSES.

Interesting Mining Case in Gogebic County for Retrial.

P. H. O'Brien, the Calumet attorney, who is attending circuit court at Houghton, was yesterday advised of a legal victory which he had gained in the supreme court, in the reversal of the Gogebic circuit court decision in the case of Eino Kankkela vs. the Oliver Iron Mining company. The case was tried during the past year before Judge Samuel S. Cooper. Kankkela is suing for \$25,000 for injuries received by falling into an open mine in a main drift. The plaintiff contended that it should have been covered and lighted. Judge Cooper held that the mine was open and that the plaintiff's raise was open, and he took the case from the jury an ordered a verdict for the defendant company.

The case was argued before the supreme court some weeks ago, but Mr. O'Brien and George G. Driscoll of Ironwood, for the plaintiff, and K. C. Flannigan of Norway and Charles Humphrey of Ironwood, for the defendant. The supreme court reversed the decision of the lower court and ordered a new trial. This time Mr. O'Brien says the case will go to the jury and he is confident of a verdict.

HOOK CASE STIFF LEGAL FIGHT.

Suit Against South Range Saloon Keepers May Be Ended Today.

The Anna Hook case in the circuit court is still dragging along, but it will probably be concluded today. It has been one of the stiffest legal battles fought in this court in some years. With P. H. O'Brien and E. F. LeGendre on the side of the plaintiff and A. E. Rees, Hancher and J. F. Hancher, and L. L. Croze representing the defense every point has been closely contested and the trial has been most interesting.

The defense began introducing testimony Thursday afternoon and yesterday several witnesses were examined with more to follow. John Miilu, one of the defendant saloon keepers, testified yesterday morning. He said that Mrs. Hook had served a notice on him to stop selling liquor to her husband and that after that time Hook was not permitted to buy a drink in the place. John Paolin, who had been a bartender for both Santori and Barich, testified to the same effect. Frank McKindles, a reporter at South Range, testified to a conversation he had with Mrs. Hook during the time of her husband's tipping. Mrs. Hook was threatening to send their children to Good Will Farm, claiming that they were starving and she could not keep them unless her husband reformed. Mr. McKindles later saw Hook and the latter told him his wife was crazy, that she had food and all necessities and was getting along all right.

WRESTLING MATCH TONIGHT.

The sale of seats for the Rowett-Lehto mixed style wrestling match, which is to take place at the Calumet theater this evening, has been large and it is believed that the crowd will be a record-breaker. A special train will convey the wrestling fans from Painesdale, South Range, Trimountain and other range towns and from Houghton, Hancock, Dollar Bay, Hubbell, Lake Linden and other points between Calumet and Portage lake, running over the Copper Range tracks.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Joseph Croze, the Houghton vesselman, will erect wireless telephony stations at Houghton and the Canal and the Entry next summer, assisted by large vessel interests. It is said in sending information of wrecks on Lake Superior.

TOOK ALL HIS MONEY.

Often a man earns good to doctors or for medicines, to cure a Stomach, Liver or Kidney trouble that Dr. King's New Life Pills would quickly cure at slight cost. Best for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Jaundice, Malaria and Debility. 25c. at The Standard Drug Co.



TO SETTLE MOILANKI CASE.

Calumet Attorney Says His Difficulties Are Not Serious.

Attorney Albert J. Moilanen of Calumet, on whom a warrant was served some time ago on a charge of a misappropriation of funds, said yesterday that the publicity of the matter came through a misunderstanding and that he is only indirectly connected with the case. He says that the matter will be adjusted in a few days and it will be shown that he was blameless.

SANATORIUM A SUCCESS.

County Physician Jackson Pleased With the New Hospital.

Dr. W. S. Jackson, county physician, has now had the county tuberculosis sanatorium, on the old South Side mining location, in operation for a month and is greatly pleased with it. He reports that there are now six patients in the institution and two more are expected. They are all in most comfortable quarters, have good wholesome food, skilled nursing and are as happy as possible in the circumstances. The patients are of course all indigent persons and county charges.

INDIANA.

The problem in Indiana is as to whether the drill has struck another Calumet conglomerate or has really pierced the two Lake lodes, one of which has been developed in the Lake property, and the second one has been cut by the shaft, but is as yet unexplored. All that is known about the second Lake lode is that the shaft has apparently cut it the same distance from the Lake lode that the shaft house from the lode at the surface. When the shaft house foundations were put down, copper rock was uncovered to a considerable extent, but this was not regarded as significant until the shaft went through the same formation at the same distance from the Lake lode, yet 900 feet below. Explorations have not yet been made on this second Lake lode. It was rich at the surface and at its intersection by the shaft. The piercing of a second rich deposit by the Indiana diamond drill 100 feet below the first richness gives rise to the question as to whether Indiana has not really pierced the two Lake lodes. If this theory could be substantiated, it would mean much for the four Lake properties, as Indiana's development is at its northern end, and the Lake development is at the southern side of its property. The proving of these two Lake lodes over such an area would mean one of the greatest copper finds the world has ever seen. But proofs will not be geological theories. They have to be made first by many drill cores, followed by developments. The professors of geology who will prove up on this theory will be "muscle, steel and powder."

BOHEMIA.

The Bohemia Mining company has been formed to operate in the Lake-Indiana district where such sensational developments have been made the past few months. It acquires the property of the Bohemia Copper Mining company, which is capitalized for 25,000 shares. These shares are owned and held by R. M. Edwards, J. H. Rice, D. L. Robinson, Thomas S. Lee and R. C. Pryor. The property is known and appears on the map as the Henwood tract, comprising 900 acres lying about a half mile northwest of the northern boundary of Indiana and believed to carry the northern extension of the Indiana lode. Diamond drilling will be instituted at once in a search for this lode. The company has been organized under Michigan laws with a capital of 100,000 shares. The manner in which the stock is distributed to property owners and to treasury purposes leaves the company with 25,000 shares of stock, together with \$160,000 in cash. Very little work has been done on the property by the former owners. A few exploratory pits were put down in the northwestern part of the lands, but no work has been prosecuted in search for the so-called Indiana lode.

NOTES OF COPPER NEWS.

Shipments of ore are being made to the Anaconda smelter by the Butte & Ball Lake Copper company. For a time the daily shipment will be about 100 tons, but as soon as the new hoist is installed (in a few weeks) the shipments will be increased to 300 tons daily. The ore averages 7 per cent copper.

Mayflower's drill, which is now working as a part of the plan to secure a complete cross-section of the property, is down 365 feet in trap. It cut an amygdaloid lode a few feet from surface, but of no commercial value. The St. Mary's Mineral Land company owns 25,000 shares of the 100,000 shares of Mayflower.

The Briggs shaft of the Superior & Pittsburg resumed sinking operations last week, after being idle for two and a half years. The shaft has been drained and work is being steadily prosecuted. The Cole shaft of the Superior & Pittsburg has encountered some fine ore on its 1,300 level, east of the shaft. The ore will be looked for also on the 1,400. The Junction shaft has encountered some good ore on its 1,400 level.

Word from Butte is that the court has removed the injunction which prevented the building of a branch railroad to the Colorado shaft of the Davis-Daly company, and the road will be built at once. The total cost to the Davis-Daly will be \$8,000, representing the building of a loading trestle and ore bins. It will take about two months to build the road, and by that time it is estimated

MINING NEWS

OUTLOOK FOR COPPER.

The trouble with copper heretofore has been that although consumption was increasing, production has been growing faster for the very simple reason that even on a thirteen-cent basis there has been a handsome profit to the producer. Comments on the Engineering & Mining Journal, in December there was a recession in the production, due to accidental causes that affected some of the refineries. We do not take any stock in the talk of a deliberate curtailment of production on the part of anybody, and do not see any evidence of such, but it appears as if some important producers are refraining from increasing any further. Now the smelters have been subjected to the same kind of accidents that affected the refineries in December. There was the switchmen's strike in Montana, troubles over freezing of ore elsewhere, and in general the difficulties that follow from the wintry season. This has naturally restricted the smelters' production and in a month or two this will appear in the refineries' returns. Consequently, there is good reason to anticipate favorable statistics for two or three months to come, inasmuch as consumption is undoubtedly still expanding. We are inclined to be more optimistic as to the copper market than have been for a long time.

Since the first of January the market has been halting. This has been perfectly natural in view of the situation in Wall street. The connection between the latter and the copper market is close. Our producers have to sell nearly 50 per cent of their output for export. The London market is largely affected by speculative transactions emanating from this side. When liquidation is the order of the day in Wall street, the same people may have to sell out their commitments in copper in London, the price in that market may fall below ours, and sales for export may temporarily cease. At the same time domestic buyers are apt to hold aloof in a period of gloom and uncertainty such as has dominated the stock market recently.

COLLECTING AGENCY QUITS.

"Bonded Rapid" Leaves the Copper Country in Distress.

The Bonded Rapid Collecting Agency, which has conducted an office in Houghton for about two years, has folded its tent and silently stolen away. And the story of its begonia did not leak out until yesterday.

The collecting agency is an incorporated concern with headquarters in Milwaukee. Its collections are bonded, that is a bonding company guarantees that all collections made will be turned over to the people for whom the agency acts as agents. An instance appeared yesterday in which a debtor from whom the agency in Houghton had collected a bill received another bill from his creditor. On complaining to the concern of which he had been a debtor he was referred to Justice Oliver of Hancock. The justice informed him that a girl who had been employed in the office of the agency was charged with embezzling \$800 and had fled the country.

The bondsmen in Milwaukee stand ready to make good all claims, to repay all bills collected by the agency and any person who has an experience sim-

overspeculation, rather than the anticipation of a check to industrial activity in this country. It is true that the iron and steel business has been making, but we have not received any such reports from the other metal industries; rather the reverse. The railways and builders still have a lot of work to do that was put off in 1907-8. We cannot believe that they have yet filled the requirements and are anxious to look for a resumption of progress. Now that valuations on the stock markets have been reduced to a sounder basis, we may soon expect more optimism as to everything that has been the rule during January.

NORTH BUTTE.

The secretary of the North Butte Mining company, in answer to a stockholder's inquiries concerning property conditions, says: It is true that on the 2000 and 2200-foot levels of the two principal veins of our mines the richest ore values such as encountered on the 1600 and 1800-foot levels were not developed, but commercial ore of a good grade was shown and large stipes opened up which ensure the continuance of the mines. The cost of manufacturing copper from this lower grade ore is increased. The increased cost of production, together with the low price and unsettled condition of the copper metal during the past year, necessarily has reduced the earning capacity and probably will cause a reduction in the dividend rate unless the price of copper advances. The latest advices from the mines show that a much better grade of ore is now being found. The company has maintained a good production and at a profit. It has carried on development work well ahead of extraction. At present it has one operating shaft and work is now under way toward sinking of a second shaft. There is under consideration a new smelting contract which will be upon much more favorable terms than the one now in execution. The cash surplus of the company is not large at present, as it has never been the policy to accumulate a large surplus, but to distribute it to the stockholders as earned. There are no debts except for current operations. We trust this information will satisfy and reassure you that the North Butte mines are now as represented by the rumors now afloat.

INDIANA.

The problem in Indiana is as to whether the drill has struck another Calumet conglomerate or has really pierced the two Lake lodes, one of which has been developed in the Lake property, and the second one has been cut by the shaft, but is as yet unexplored. All that is known about the second Lake lode is that the shaft has apparently cut it the same distance from the Lake lode that the shaft house from the lode at the surface. When the shaft house foundations were put down, copper rock was uncovered to a considerable extent, but this was not regarded as significant until the shaft went through the same formation at the same distance from the Lake lode, yet 900 feet below. Explorations have not yet been made on this second Lake lode. It was rich at the surface and at its intersection by the shaft. The piercing of a second rich deposit by the Indiana diamond drill 100 feet below the first richness gives rise to the question as to whether Indiana has not really pierced the two Lake lodes. If this theory could be substantiated, it would mean much for the four Lake properties, as Indiana's development is at its northern end, and the Lake development is at the southern side of its property. The proving of these two Lake lodes over such an area would mean one of the greatest copper finds the world has ever seen. But proofs will not be geological theories. They have to be made first by many drill cores, followed by developments. The professors of geology who will prove up on this theory will be "muscle, steel and powder."

BOHEMIA.

The Bohemia Mining company has been formed to operate in the Lake-Indiana district where such sensational developments have been made the past few months. It acquires the property of the Bohemia Copper Mining company, which is capitalized for 25,000 shares. These shares are owned and held by R. M. Edwards, J. H. Rice, D. L. Robinson, Thomas S. Lee and R. C. Pryor. The property is known and appears on the map as the Henwood tract, comprising 900 acres lying about a half mile northwest of the northern boundary of Indiana and believed to carry the northern extension of the Indiana lode. Diamond drilling will be instituted at once in a search for this lode. The company has been organized under Michigan laws with a capital of 100,000 shares. The manner in which the stock is distributed to property owners and to treasury purposes leaves the company with 25,000 shares of stock, together with \$160,000 in cash. Very little work has been done on the property by the former owners. A few exploratory pits were put down in the northwestern part of the lands, but no work has been prosecuted in search for the so-called Indiana lode.

NOTES OF COPPER NEWS.

Shipments of ore are being made to the Anaconda smelter by the Butte & Ball Lake Copper company. For a time the daily shipment will be about 100 tons, but as soon as the new hoist is installed (in a few weeks) the shipments will be increased to 300 tons daily. The ore averages 7 per cent copper.

Mayflower's drill, which is now working as a part of the plan to secure a complete cross-section of the property, is down 365 feet in trap. It cut an amygdaloid lode a few feet from surface, but of no commercial value. The St. Mary's Mineral Land company owns 25,000 shares of the 100,000 shares of Mayflower.

The Briggs shaft of the Superior & Pittsburg resumed sinking operations last week, after being idle for two and a half years. The shaft has been drained and work is being steadily prosecuted. The Cole shaft of the Superior & Pittsburg has encountered some fine ore on its 1,300 level, east of the shaft. The ore will be looked for also on the 1,400. The Junction shaft has encountered some good ore on its 1,400 level.

Word from Butte.

Word from Butte is that the court has removed the injunction which prevented the building of a branch railroad to the Colorado shaft of the Davis-Daly company, and the road will be built at once. The total cost to the Davis-Daly will be \$8,000, representing the building of a loading trestle and ore bins. It will take about two months to build the road, and by that time it is estimated

Citizens National Bank

Houghton, Mich.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES R. DEE, Houghton. A. F. HEIDKAMP, Lake Linden.
 J. D. CUDDEHY, Calumet. J. H. JASBERG, Hancock.
 C. V. SEEBER, Houghton. A. M. SCHWEITZER, Dollar Bay.
 W. R. THOMPSON, Hancock. JAS. McNAUGHTON, Calumet.

OFFICERS:

JAS. R. DEE, President. A. F. HEIDKAMP, 2nd Vice Pres.
 C. V. SEEBER, 1st Vice Pres. C. H. MOSS, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

PAINÉ, WEBBER & CO.

BANKERS AND BROKERS, BOSTON, MASS.

BRANCH OFFICES: Direct Private Wires to All Markets.

Marquette, Calumet, Houghton, Duluth, Butte, Curb Stocks Given Special Attention.
 Milwaukee, Great Falls.

Marquette Office, W. H. Schweitzer, Resident Manager

We solicit your stock business. Our daily quotation sheet and market letter sent for the asking. Office open from 7:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.

PRYOR & SMITH

BROKERS

37 Isle Royale St. HOUGHTON, MICH.

Direct Private Wires to Boston and New York Stock Exchanges. Curb Mining Issues a Specialty.

WILLIAM DUFFNEY, Manager.

C. B. ULRICH

Manufacturers' Agent, HANCOCK

REPRESENTING

Art Metal Construction Company.
 Harring-Hall-Marvin Safe Co.
 United States Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Company.
 Grabowsky Power Wagon Company.
 Bonner & Marshall Pressed Brick.

Office and Bank Fixtures.

that the crosscut on the 1800-foot level will have reached the main vein development on the 1400-foot level, where it was twenty-five feet wide, and ran 3/4 to 4/5 per cent copper.

The month of December was the best the Shannon Copper company has had in the point of profits for over two years, and January and February are expected to make a showing even better than that made in December. The copper contents of the ore treated in December averaged fully four pounds per ton higher than the average for the year 1909, reducing the cost of copper production for that month to about 11 1/2 cents per pound. If the expected improvement is shown it will not be surprising if February costs are reduced to considerably below 11 cents per pound.

Giron's new shaft will be timbered complete to the 1000-foot level and ready for business production by the first of March. Work on the branch railroad to the shaft is progressing slowly on account of bad weather, but it should be completed by the 1st of April. Giron would then be ready to ship high-grade ore from the Alpha. Such ore would come in very handy for the local market, which is at present confined to the somewhat lean product from Copper Flat which is said to melt less rapidly than the ore formerly supplied by the Veteran of Cumberland Ely.

The shaft of the Lake Copper company is down 900 feet, with six levels at 150-foot intervals. For each of the last 400 feet the shaft was in the lode, at which depth the lode flattened some what until at the sixth level it is about 100 feet from the shaft. The openings on all levels total 3,540 feet, the longest drift being on the third level, which has been opened up for the shaft. The lode has been crosscut on five levels and is proved to be of an average width of eighty feet. Diamond drilling at the sixth level has shown a width of seventy feet there. The second lode was intersected by the shaft at the sixth level. Drifting on this lode has been done for the shaft, and shows it to be rich. Its width is not known as no crosscutting has yet been done on it.

In the old baptistry at Florence—the baptistry which the wonderful bronze doors which Michael Angelo called "so beautiful that they were worthy to be the gates of Paradise"—most of the babies of Florence have been baptized for many hundred years, says the Youth's Companion.

At almost any hour of the day one will find baptismal parties waiting before the font, with babies of every rank in life, from the princely heir of a great house, nearly smothered in costly lace and attended by a small army of friends and relations, to the little creature decked out in gaudy cotton, and held in the arms of a solitary old peasant woman.

No register of baptisms was kept in the very early days. The first record was made in this wise: "A certain couple took it into their heads to keep a greater part of the painters, scholars, poets and soldiers who have made Florence famous received their names at the font of 'my dear little Saint John'—as Dante called it.

SAVED FROM AWFUL PERIL.

"I never felt so near my grave," writes Lewis Chamblin, of Manchester, Ohio. R. R. No. 3, "as when a frightful cough and lung trouble pulled me down to 115 pounds in spite of many remedies and the best doctors. And that I am alive today is due solely to Dr. King's New Discovery, which completely cured me. Now I weigh 160 pounds and can work hard. It also cured my four children of croup." Infalible for Coughs and Colds, its most certain remedy for LaGrippe, Asthma, desperate lung trouble and all bronchial affections, 50c. and \$1.00. A trial bottle free. Guaranteed by The Stafford Drug Co.

A SAFEGUARD TO CHILDREN.

"Our two children of six and eight years have been since infancy subject to colds and croup. About three years ago I started to use Foley's Honey and Tar, and it has never failed to prevent and cure these troubles. It is the only medicine I can get the children to take without a row." The above from W. S. Orstein, Green Bay, Wis., duplicates the experience of thousands of other users of Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by all druggists.

IF YOU ARE A TRIFLE SENSITIVE About the size of your shoes, let some satisfaction to know that many people can wear shoes a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease into them. It goes right into them. Just the thing for dancing partners, patent leather shoes, and for breaking in new shoes. When rubbers or over-shoes become necessary and your shoes pinch, Allen's Foot-Ease gives instant relief. Sold everywhere. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Dimsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Don't accept any substitute.

Not Sisters

Now and again you see two women passing down the street who look like sisters. You are astonished to learn that they are mother and daughter, and you realize that a woman at forty or forty-five ought to be at her finest and fairest. Why isn't it so?

The general health of woman is so intimately associated with the loss of health of the essentially feminine organs that there can be no red cheeks and round form where there is female weakness.

Women who have suffered from this trouble have found prompt relief and cure in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It gives vigor and vitality to the organs of womanhood. It clears the complexion, brightens the eyes and reddens the cheeks.

No alcohol, or habit-forming drugs is contained in "Favorite Prescription." Any sick woman may consult Dr. Pierce by letter, free. Every letter is held as sacredly confidential, and answered in a plain envelope. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.



HAVE YOU SEEN

Moore's Loose Leaf Ledger

At \$1.00

One for every business.

The simplest and best method of keeping accounts.

We also carry a full line of blank books and office supplies.

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.

Marquette, Mich.



SNOW SHOES

All Sizes and Prices

CALL AND SEE THEM.

M. R. MANHARD & SON, LTD.

Even Though He Didn't See His Shadow

You can safely figure on some old fashioned winter weather still to come.

We have an ample stock of best quality coal ready for prompt delivery.

Jas. Pickands & Co. Ltd.

Both Telephones No. 90.

209 Front St. Marquette, Mich.

If you want the BEST order from

F. B. SPEAR & SONS.

C. C. B. Pocahontas Smokeless

Scranton Anthracite

Blue Grass Cannel

YOUGHIOGHENY SOFT LILLIE SMITHING

BOTH PHONES 117.

HAVE YOUR

Storm Sash and Storm Doors

MADE HERE.

We make them the way you want them and will have them ready when you need them. We make no charge for measurements.

Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.

7-25-10

Dr. Shelley's Grip Tablets

Naturally we have a great demand for cold and gripe tablets. Many different remedies are on our shelves, and are sold by us to our customers, but by carefully comparing results, we have found that no tablet in our stock gives such absolute and complete satisfaction as Dr. Shelley's Grip Tablets. These tablets compose one of the most effective and reliable cures for colds that is sold in any part of America today. Wherever it is used by our customers, we always hear words of praise for it, until now we never hesitate to recommend Dr. Shelley's Grip Tablets whenever a grip tablet is called for. It will break up the most severe cold in a day and a night. It is chocolate coated, easy to take, and we guarantee to refund your money to you if you are not entirely satisfied with the tablets and the results obtained from them. Put up in small boxes. ONLY 25c.

The People's Drug Store

Marquette, Michigan.

FRESH

Jones' Dairy Farm Sausage

Seal Ship Oysters.

Florida Grape Fruit.

Fresh Vegetables.

D. MURRAY'S

114 South Front street.

Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, Horse Radish, Oyster Plant, Radishes, Onions, Parsley, Celery, at

Delf's Grocery

133 Washington St.

LESS FLOUR MORE LOAVES

Ceresota From Minnesota

BIJOU

The House of Features.

Benedict Arnold

The Ugly Girl

A Hindu Story.

Masters Price and Vertuville

WILL SING TONIGHT.

The Big Event--Children's Matinee Saturday

DOORS OPEN AT 1:30.

This Is a Good Time

to prepare for your

Spring Repairing

We can furnish all your requirements in

BUILDING MATERIAL

at lowest prices and make prompt delivery.

The Superior Lumber Company

Both telephones No. 90.

Look for "THE SQUARE DEAL" Sign.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Fair and colder. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 22 degrees; noon, 27; 7 p. m., 19; maximum, 30; minimum, 19.

Louis Grabower went to Chicago on business last night.

A. W. Jurma of Ishpeming was in the city on business yesterday.

Jas. M. Knight arrived home yesterday after spending two weeks in Duluth.

W. E. Gray and L. Jacques of Lake Linden were visitors in the city yesterday.

Mrs. E. W. Allen and daughter have gone to San Diego, Cal., to spend the winter.

E. B. Vandenberg was re-elected vice president of the Michigan State Dairyman's association at Detroit Wednesday.

Miss Agnes Rivers, West Washington street, was surprised by a party of twenty friends last evening. A sleighride was enjoyed, after which cards were played.

The Rivals indoor baseball team, having won four victories and sustained no defeats, wants games with other Marquette teams, the high school preferred. It is expected that an up-road team will be taken on next week.

The feature at the Grand theater today is a picture entitled, "The Courtship of Miles Standish," adapted from Longfellow's poem of the same name. It deals with the life of the Pilgrims after the landing of the Mayflower.

The funeral of Magrath Gumsolley, aged two years, daughter of George Gumsolley of Munising, who died at St. Mary's hospital, was held yesterday afternoon from the residence of Ralph Waters, West Park street.

State Game Warden C. S. Pierce is expected in Marquette today to ascertain, if possible, who is the best man to be appointed deputy game warden, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Wm. Harrington.

C. E. Bamfield, who has been in the employ of the lumber department of the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company, since that department was established, has resigned his position. At present he is in Detroit, where he may decide to locate.

Suit Over Scrap Iron—In Justice

Byrne's court yesterday afternoon the case of Wm. Lewinstein vs. Joe Brickman, involving the ownership of six tons of scrap iron, was taken up, and a jury was asked for and impaneled. After hearing a part of the testimony, the case was continued until Monday afternoon.

Enjoyable Reception—Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Jopling gave a reception at their home on East Ridge street last evening, which was attended by over 100 invited guests. Trombly's orchestra rendered music during the evening, and the Jopling residence was beautifully decorated with cut flowers, American beauty roses predominating. The affair was quite elaborate and thoroughly enjoyable.

Governor's O. K. Received—City Attorney George P. Brown yesterday received the formal approval of the proposed amendment to the Marquette water board charter, which was sanctioned by the council at the January meeting. This amendment will make a majority of those voting sufficient to carry a bonding election, instead of a majority of all the voters of the city, as is at present necessary. This amendment will now be put to a vote of the people as soon as possible.

Left for Detroit—A. H. Griffith

Director of the Art Museum, Detroit, who spent the greater part of the week in Marquette, left yesterday for his home. Mr. Griffith's stay here was longer than he expected it would be, and on departing he expressed much pleasure with Marquette and the way he had been received and entertained here. He was the guest of Fred S. Case during his visit and Thursday night Mr. Case entertained a party of ten in his honor at a dinner given at the Marquette club. It is probable that Mr. Griffith will be secured for another lecture in Marquette on some art subject next year.

He Wants to Know—Hon. L. L. Wright, state superintendent of public instruction, has sent letters to superintendents of schools in the state calling attention to act 299, passed in 1881. This law is for the purpose of protecting children, and section 2 of the act states that no minor child who is a student of a public, private or parochial school shall be permitted to frequent a saloon, bar-room, certain places of amusement, a pool or billiard room, etc. Superintendent Wright is corresponding with the superintendents throughout the state asking as to whether the law is being enforced, as he recently observed suspicious conditions.

New Passenger Boat—F. B. Spear & Sons have received official notice of the decision of the Northern Steamship company to drop Marquette from its ports of call the coming summer. Heretofore the steamer Northwest has stopped at Marquette on its own bound trip each week. However, it is stated that the lake passenger service from this city will not be crippled by this decision, as the Anchor line will put three boats instead of two in service this spring. This company has operated the Tomesta and Junata and the third and new boat will be the Octorora. Each of these boats will make the round trip of the lakes in ten days and this will give Marquette even better service than heretofore, even though the Northwest will hereafter be a stranger to our harbor.

Basketball Game Tonight—At Legion Hall this evening there will be a basketball game between the Marquette City and Ishpeming Y. M. C. A. teams. Both these teams have made good records this winter and the game tonight should be a battle royal. Dancing will follow the contest and it is hoped that there will be a large attendance. The two teams will line-up as follows: City team—Rinhardt and Cameron, forwards; Sullivan or Drake, center; Weiser, Richardson and Jeanson, guards. Y. M. C. A.—Ed Johnson and Haugland, forwards; Weber, center; Erickson, Girard and Hawthorne, guards. The Marquette Knights of Columbus and Ishpeming Y. M. C. A. teams will play a game of basketball at Legion Hall next Tuesday evening. Dancing will follow the game.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.

ELI COUVON, TRUCKER.

Removes ashes and garbage. Order by phone, Bell 382-J. (6-7-10)

Northern Normal Notes.

Assembly for next week will be in charge of Miss Maxwell and Dr. T. C. Hebb.

Miss Ida D'Oge was recently elected to the honorary society, Phi Beta Kappa, of the University of Michigan.

Miss Iphigenia Kaye of Custer, in Lower Michigan, is visiting at the home of her brother, President James H. Kaye.

Miss Mabel Freberg, a member of the junior class, was called to her home in Menominee this week by the sudden and unexpected death of her mother.

Instead of twelve contestants, as published last week in the notes, the Kaufman oratorical contest will be participated in by twenty, eleven being from Ygdrasil and nine from Osiris.

The students of the Latin department have organized a Latin club with the avowed purpose of including an interest in classical subjects. An executive committee is to have charge of the work. Miss Ethel O'Connor is the chairman, and the other members are Miss Anna Sweder and Miss Polkinghorn.

The Osiris basketball team defeated the team from Ygdrasil in a game on Wednesday afternoon with a score of 12 to 11. The line-up of the teams was as follows: Osiris, Mullaly and Liberty, forwards; Stewart and Morris, guards; Windoff, center. Ygdrasil, Von Zellau, Belding, forwards; Lindlay and McKeehan, guards; and Pendill, center.

Osiris Literary society held the regular meeting on Monday evening. The following program was given:

"Aerophone Waltz"..... Misses Adelaide Des Rosier and Eva Parks.

Talk, "The Fourth Dimension"..... Wm. Mullaly.

Music, "Love's Consolation"..... Osiris Orchestra.

After the program a social hour was spent, during which light refreshments were served.

On Tuesday morning assembly was in charge of Miss Spalding. She talked about St. Francis of Assisi and of the town Assisi in Italy in which so many things speak of the saint. He was born in this town, as was, also, the early artist Giotto. The early life of St. Francis gave slight evidence of his later attainments. He was the son of a wealthy merchant and until arriving at the age of seventeen led a frivolous life. He had, however, a kind heart and a rather thoughtful disposition in spite of his gay life. During a petty war in which his town was engaged, he was taken prisoner, and remained in captivity for a year. He was very ill in prison and during the time he began to think and when he was finally released, he left his father's home and turned to a holy life. On account of his devotion he received the marks of heavenly approval so earnestly desired by all monks, that of the stigmata, or the marks in hands, feet and side, which corresponded exactly with those of Christ after crucifixion. The talk was illustrated with fifteen lantern slides, showing pictures by various artists with St. Francis and his work for their theme. Among them were: The Church of St. Francis of Assisi, the Glorification of St. Francis, the Death, by Giotto; Receiving the Stigmata, by Ghirlandajo; Receiving Confirmation of his order (the Franciscans), by Andrea del Sarto.

The normal school was favored on Thursday morning assembly by an excellent talk by A. H. Griffith, of Detroit, who delivered the lecture on Tuesday evening before the Art League. His remarks were especially happy and they were appropriate to the occasion. He told of the connection between the Detroit Museum of Art and the public schools of the city. Every week he gives illustrated talks before classes brought to him while they are studying some subject which can be made more impressive and instructive through the use of lantern slides. He spoke in a most complimentary manner of the pictures and pieces of statuary at the Normal and urged the students to study them carefully, always with the endeavor to find out what the artist was reaching out for. He gave the history of the Venus de Milo, since its discovery, with various suggestions as to the probable positions of the arms; told of Thorwaldsen's labor of a year in his attempt to replace the foot, and of the devices of the French for preserving the statue during the Franco-Prussian war. He then explained the probable steps in the evolution of furniture from a simple beginning in the box. He attributed the artistic nature of the Japanese to the fact that the people will not allow their children to see things inartistic; for instance, they will not allow the time honored gingerbread dog, horse or man to be sold to them, as it would give wrong ideas of figure and besides would allow ideas of crudity from their eating a representation of a living thing. To explain the difference between things artistic and the same things inartistic, he described the pictures of beggars made by the man lacking the genius of the true painter, and those of Murrillo; the one depicts the beggar in all his sordid rags and dirt, with nothing behind it all, while the other, who took as his models the beggars one may see any day in Madrid or Seville, studied them until he saw behind the rags and filth with the soul of poverty stricken humanity. Mr. Griffith closed his talk by telling how the artist must study his subject to find the best that is in it. Nature he said, wants to be painted at its best, as does a pretty girl or woman. While the audience was waiting for Mr. Griffith to arrive, a short musical program was rendered. George Belding a junior student, sang two solos, and pleased every one with the beauty of his voice. He was accompanied by his sister, Miss Cora Belding.

On Monday afternoon President Kaye gave a very interesting talk before the geography classes on the subject of England and the English people. To give an idea of the size and the population of England he said that it contains 9,000 fewer square miles than the state of Michigan, and has a population of nearly 750 to the square mile. Belgium is the only country in Europe which is more populous. The British empire, however, has one-fifth of the whole territory of the world and holds sway over one-fourth of all the human race. He then spoke of the conditions which

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Wednesday, Feb. 9

Wagenhals & Kemper Co., Present

PAID IN FULL

BY EUGENE WALTER

With the original production and a company of distinguished players, direct from

THE ASTOR THEATRE NEW YORK.

PRICES:

Box Seats and Divans \$1.50

Balance Lower Floor \$1.00

1st two rows Balcony \$1.00

Balance Balcony 75c

Gallery 50c

Seats on sale at Bigelow & Co.'s Store, Monday, Feb. 7, at 8:30 a. m.

Slabs Slabs

\$2.00 per Load

DRY KINDLING, \$2.50 PER LOAD

Telephone your order. Both phones.

F. W. SAMBROOK & SON

Manufacturers of Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN. 8-18-10

Inventory Finished?

You must not forget that we are in the collection business, and turn over to us for adjustment those claims that have been marked off to profit and loss.

We solicit your collection business.

The Northwestern Collection Agency

409 Savings Bank Building, Marquette, Michigan.

GEORGE P. BROWN

Attorney-at-Law.

CITY HALL, MARQUETTE, MICH. 7-26-10

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Return Engagement

LUIGI D'URBANO'S BAND

3 Nights

COMMENCING

Thursday, Feb. 10

MATINEE SATURDAY

PRICES:

Entire lower floor, 50c; first two rows balcony, 50c; balance balcony, 35c; gallery, 25c.

MATINEE PRICES: Adults, 25c; children, 15c.

Seats on sale at Bigelow & Co.'s store, Tuesday, Feb. 8th, at 8:30 a. m. 2-4-10

Have You the Liquor Disease

Or the Drug or Tobacco Habits?

IF SO, GO TO THE

TAYLOR INSTITUTE

IRON RIVER, WIS.

And Get Permanently Cured.

JOHN McMURCHY, Manager.

J. A. PATTERSON, M.D., C. M. Physician in Charge. 11-3-10

What's in a Name.

According to the doctrine of chances, a boy who has no middle name is more than twice as likely to become president of the United States as one who has a middle name; and the boy who has more than three names has no chance at all. Of the twenty-six men who have filled the office of president, seventeen had two names each—four Van Buren is one name, and not two. Since 1880 but two triple-named presidents have been elected—Stephen Grover Cleveland and William Howard Taft; and of these, Mr. Cleveland dropped his first name some time before he ran for the chief magistracy.

Have You the Liquor Disease

Or the Drug or Tobacco Habits?

IF SO, GO TO THE

TAYLOR INSTITUTE

IRON RIVER, WIS.

And Get Permanently Cured.

JOHN McMURCHY, Manager.

J. A. PATTERSON, M.D., C. M. Physician in Charge. 11-3-10

Charlton & Kuenzli, ARCHITECTS.

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Return Engagement

LUIGI D'URBANO'S BAND

3 Nights

COMMENCING

Thursday, Feb. 10

MATINEE SATURDAY

PRICES:

Entire lower floor, 50c; first two rows balcony, 50c; balance balcony, 35c; gallery, 25c.

MATINEE PRICES: Adults, 25c; children, 15c.

Seats on sale at Bigelow & Co.'s store, Tuesday, Feb. 8th, at 8:30 a. m. 2-4-10

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Wednesday, Feb. 9

Wagenhals & Kemper Co., Present

PAID IN FULL

BY EUGENE WALTER

With the original production and a company of distinguished players, direct from

THE ASTOR THEATRE NEW YORK.

PRICES:

Box Seats and Divans \$1.50

Balance Lower Floor \$1.00

1st two rows Balcony \$1.00

Balance Balcony 75c

Gallery 50c

Seats on sale at Bigelow & Co.'s Store, Monday, Feb. 7, at 8:30 a. m.

Slabs Slabs

\$2.00 per Load

DRY KINDLING, \$2.50 PER LOAD

Telephone your order. Both phones.

F. W. SAMBROOK & SON

Manufacturers of Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN. 8-18-10

Inventory Finished?

You must not forget that we are in the collection business, and turn over to us for adjustment those claims that have been marked off to profit and loss.

We solicit your collection business.

The Northwestern Collection Agency

409 Savings Bank Building, Marquette, Michigan.

GEORGE P. BROWN

Attorney-at-Law.

CITY HALL, MARQUETTE, MICH. 7-26-10

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Return Engagement

LUIGI D'URBANO'S BAND

3 Nights

COMMENCING

Thursday, Feb. 10

MATINEE SATURDAY

PRICES:

Entire lower floor, 50c; first two rows balcony, 50c; balance balcony, 35c; gallery, 25c.

MATINEE PRICES: Adults, 25c; children, 15c.

Seats on sale at Bigelow & Co.'s store, Tuesday, Feb. 8th, at 8:30 a. m. 2-4-10

The Habit of Saving

is the foundation of more fortunes than any other one thing. Ask nine out of ten of the rich men of today and they will tell you that they learned the lesson of saving when they were young and then "stuck to it." Save a little when you are earning little—it will be easier to save more when you earn more.

Marquette National Bank

Marquette, Mich. Capital and Surplus - \$125,000.00 UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Paine, Webber & Co.'s correspondent at New York yesterday telegraphed as follows: "The stock market continued under pressure during the greater part of today's session, with declines from last night's level confined mostly to the industrials, whereas the railroads appeared to be receiving moderate support, causing some short covering in those issues. The strength of the Rock Island stocks caused some buying in other quarters, it being rumored that a change of control had taken place, but such reports in good quarters were not regarded seriously. It was evident from the action of the industrials that some liquidation was still in progress. Barring a possible recovery at the expense of the shorts, we see nothing in the conditions surrounding the market to warrant a change in our opinion, as so often expressed during the past three months. We would not sell stocks short on the sharp breaks; and remember, that anything favorable in the Washington situation, which might come at any time, would change the aspect of affairs quickly to a bull market."

ATTACKS ON CONSERVATION

A Movement Which Seems to Washington a Conspiracy.

Efforts Are Made to Belittle the Results Obtained by Foresters and to Check Legislation—Experts Disagree on Certain Phases of the Issue—Dismissed Men Long Have Been on the Defensive.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Former officials of the forest service and several whose connection with the work has not been severed are convinced that there is conspiracy existing to disparage and belittle the conservation results obtained by the foresters, and to force the belief on the country that all the forest saving work has had nothing more substantial for its basis than a manufactured sentiment.

The friends of Gifford Pinchot are calling attention to a succession of attacks on the forest service, and on the views which he has advanced concerning the relations between trees, the climate, the rainfall and the storing up of water on the hillsides. Charge is made directly by some of the Washington officials still in the service and whose sympathies are keenly engaged in the work of forest preservation that nothing more dignified than jealousy is at the root of the attempts which have been made to make the forest work appear trivial in the eyes of the people.

Many Specious Arguments.

The recently dismissed officials of the forest service were compelled to defend while in office the defensive against attacks which while having a seeming scientific basis, were in truth they held, specious arguments advanced solely to defeat the work of saving the woodlands of the country from destruction and to bring discredit upon the men who had succeeded in attracting a great public attention than was directed toward the work of any other government service.

If any opportunity is offered, or can be made, during the hearings before the special committee now giving consideration to the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy, the details of what the former foresters believe to be a conspiracy to hurt the work, will be given to the public and given in a way that will force into the open a controversy that has been going on for a long time under cover.

Attempts to belittle the importance of the work of the forest service have not been confined to innuendo and to the casual conversational statements made with knowledge that the word would be passed on in the usual exaggerated form that the forest must be left standing. More than one friend of the cause of saving the forests can be found in Washington with the word ready to his tongue that if a certain scientific gentleman had been offered a membership in a great national conservation association in New York and Philadelphia, would have been removed and that attacks on the plans for saving the forests would have been tempered to mildness.

Opposition to Appalachian Plan.

There have been many hearings before the house committee on agriculture on the bill to set aside a forest reserve in the Southern Appalachian mountains. The chairman of the committee, who from his position is a powerful man, and whose views are worth having, is opposed to the measure sanctioned by former President Roosevelt, favorably regarded by President Taft and urged by former Forest Pinchot.

Records of the hearings show frequent animadversions of a part of the representatives of other bureaus of the government against the views of the officials of the forest service on the advisability of saving trees on the Southern Appalachians. It is noticeable that the men who have borne witness against the forest reserve plan, have been careful to say that of course it is a good thing to save the forests, but that if they are to be saved because they have any effect on rainfall, or that in any way they tend to help keep the streams navigable, the trees might just as well be cut down.

Attacks like these of course strike at the very basis of some of the reasons advanced by Mr. Pinchot for keeping the timber standing. The advocates of the forest saving say that the army engineers who look after matters pertaining to the navigability of streams are opposed to having the questions of either forestry or water site holdings in any way interfere with their control of the streams from source to mouth.

Causes of Soil Erosion.

It has been maintained by some engineer officers in giving their testimony that the forests have little or no influence in retarding the melting of snow, and one of them has even gone so far as to say that it is not forest destruction, but forest culture, which has the effect of causing soil erosion. Some of the statements the foresters say are founded on mistakes so fundamental that they are not worth the trouble of answering.

Officials of the weather bureau, which with the forest service is under the jurisdiction of the department of agriculture, have given testimony before the house committee on agriculture which unless answered and disproved is bound to work injury to the cause of forest preservation. Senators and representatives who are opposed to tree culture and forest reservations generally have made the most astounding statements in regard to the contentions of the forest officials. Senator Hepburn once said that the forest fire which

Weak Women

should heed such warnings as headache, nervousness, backache, depression and weariness and fortify the system with the aid of Beecham's Pills

Mr. Pinchot and his friends were so concerned about were nature's benign means of purifying the woodland atmosphere. Gifford Pinchot is now out of the service and is at the head of the great national conservation association. He has not been blind to the trend of events. Mr. Pinchot it is believed holds with his friends that an actual understanding exists between men opposed to forest preserves and to the forest service generally to injure the work of conservation. It can be taken for granted that before long the men who have assailed the forest service as a body and the former, as individuals, by some of the Washington officials still in the service and whose sympathies are keenly engaged in the work of forest preservation that nothing more dignified than jealousy is at the root of the attempts which have been made to make the forest work appear trivial in the eyes of the people.

VICTORY FOR MAGAZINES.

Second-Class Rate Not Likely to Advance Despite President's Desire.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Congress has awakened to a realization that in the second-class mail problem it has on hand a political issue of the largest dimensions. The impression is increasing that notwithstanding the earnest desire of President Taft that the postal rate on magazines be increased, the proposition is a dead one. The recent hint of Senator Dooliver, at the publishers' dinner, that magazines would insist upon a thorough investigation of the post office department before considering a reduction of the magazine rate has been taken at its face value by many persons concerned, and evidently is accepted by the publishers as virtually settling the controversy.

Hundreds of letters have been received by the house committee on post offices and post roads, most of them condemning any increase in the rate. While this bombardment was originally "manufactured" and has been fostered by the magazines among their readers, the sentiments revealed are too sincere and forcefully uttered to warrant the committee in ignoring their importance. The disposition of the committee is to regard the second-class problem purely as a business proposition, as far as the rate for the magazines is concerned, and the rate from one cent a pound to perhaps five, but the roar of popular reprobation upon the suggestion has caused a hesitation which probably is decisive.

The postal deficit of sixty-four millions could easily be wiped out by a reduction in the pay of clerks and carriers and some members believe these employees are better paid than they would be for the same class of work outside the government service. But the times are wrong for retrenchment by any such process. It is taken for granted, that the government is not to be asked to pay the salaries of its employees, and the rate would be passed up to the consumer, and where two journals alone, issued by the same company, have about three million subscribers, the political effect of thus taxing the people directly, instead of through the indirect and indivisible means of the customs tariff is something to be considered.

OWES 80 ACTORS \$7,485.

Charles H. Yale, Manager, Files a Petition in Bankruptcy.

New York, Feb. 4.—Charles H. Yale, theatrical manager, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities \$61,245 and nominal assets \$18,278, consisting of notes, \$3,803; accounts, \$3,488; scenery, costumes, etc., \$11,000 in storage warehouses in New York and Philadelphia; subject to warehouse liens, and cash in banks, \$5. He also has 375 shares of stock of the Charles H. Yale company and nine shares of the Charles H. Yale Amusement company, of no market value. There are 120 creditors named in the schedule. There are eighty actors and actresses to whom is due \$7,485 by the Charles H. Yale company and Charles H. Yale Amusement company.

CHESS A MODERN GAME.

Chess is but a game, a pastime, a relaxation, but it has at times absorbed the faculties of the intellectual in every clime. It numbers among its amateurs the greatest names of battlefields and thrones; it tells of warriors, poets, painters, sculptors, statesmen and divines; it possesses a literature and language of its own; it makes enemies friends, and finds a temple on the ocean, in the fortress, and by the peaceful fireplace. Perhaps the greatest eulogy on the game was the remark of Sir Walter Raleigh: "I do not wish to live longer than I can play chess." It is certain that those who do not play the game are quite unable to form any conception of the high intellectual delights experienced by the chess enthusiast.

The origin of chess has been sought in vain. The fact is, the game has so changed, developed and improved down the course of centuries that in its present form it would not be recognized by its inventor—if there ever was one. The oldest chess problem on record is thought to have been contained in an ancient Persian manuscript attributed to Caliph Kalifen Mutassim Billah, who reigned in Bagdad A. D. 833 to 842. But the reader would have to learn the old rules before it was intelligible. For example, the queen could make a move of only one square at a time, and that on a diagonal; but a queen promoted from a pawn was allowed to make a move of two squares diagonally. The bishop had no power over any square except the third from which it stood on its own diagonal line, but it was allowed to vault over a square at a time, and that on a diagonal. In short, it was a totally different game. Chess, in the precise form in which we know it and play it today, is a comparatively modern game.—Strand.

What a great and glorious thing it would be if we could only eliminate our high hills, by making light of our troubles!

Upper Peninsula

Game Preserve Overstocked.

Eight live elk and one deer crated and in transit by express have been shipped from the Cleveland Island from county's game preserve at Grand Island, at Munising, to Kansas City, Mo., where they are to be placed in a park. It is said that the Grand Island preserve has become overstocked with both elk and deer and those in charge are disposing of some of the animals to parks about the country that the number on the island may be brought down to the normal.

Sues for Loss of Horse.

Charging that an improperly protected cess pool in the rear of the residence of Nicholas Walsh, Sr., at Escanaba, was the trap by which a horse valued at \$350 was killed, Henry Hirm of that city has begun suit in circuit court against Walsh for \$500. Hirm recites in his bill of complaint that while pulling a wood-sawing machine into the Walsh premises one of his horses stepped on the thin board covering over a cesspool, which could not be seen under the deep snow. The horse broke through the opening and in the fall its neck was broken. Mr. Hirm places the value of the horse at \$350 and his inconvenience and injury to his business at \$150.

Asks Damages of \$10,000.

Charging that he has been permanently disabled by being severely scalded about the legs and feet by the bursting of a defective blow-off pipe at the plant of the Northwestern Copper and Lumber company at Gladstone, where he was employed, Merrick Cartwright has begun suit for \$10,000. He claims in his bill of complaint that he was employed as engineer and fireman at the company's shingle mill. He says that one of his duties was to blow out the boilers at stated intervals. He asserts that a defective joint was allowed to remain in the blow-off pipe with the result that on Aug. 21 of last year the pipe burst, under the pressure of the steam, and he was severely scalded about the body, legs and feet. He claims that he has been unable to work since the accident and holds that he has been permanently disabled. At the October session of circuit court a son of Cartwright's was granted a judgment against the Northwestern Copper and Lumber company for \$10,000, but the judgment was reversed by the supreme court.

Veterinarian's Salary Increased.

Through the adoption of a resolution by the council of W. J. Fiskus will hereafter receive a salary of \$300 a month for his services as city veterinarian of Escanaba. This is an increase of \$25 a month and was granted because one of the duties attached to the office is the practical testing of cows and make such tests free of charge to the cow owners. Another resolution adopted is to enforce the provisions of the milk ordinance which properly come within the province of the city veterinarian's department. One of these provisions forbids the feeding of injurious or unwholesome food to cows whose milk is sold to the public. Although not specified in the ordinance milk is considered an injurious food for cattle and its use will be stopped as far as possible. Alderman Dowers was the principal speaker in favor of the salary resolution, which had no serious opposition and which was adopted by a vote of thirteen to two. One of the council members, Alderman Valentine, expressed the opinion that the city veterinarian's salary should be \$75 a month.

New Railroad Extension.

The Blaney & Southeastern railroad, a property of the Wisconsin Land & Lumber company, is being extended from Blaney to Escanaba, where it will connect with the Manistiquette railway. The new line is practically completed and will go into commission shortly. The Blaney & Southeastern connects at Blaney Junction with the Wisconsin Land & Lumber company at public auction for \$375,000. With the transfer of these holdings, which included the town of Blaney, the railroad and 30,000 acres of land, partially covered with valuable timber, the biggest deal of that kind ever concluded in the upper peninsula was by Mueller & Co., which has been prominently identified with the growth of the peninsula. The Wisconsin Land & Lumber company was incorporated in 1868 in Schuylkill county. Its principal output was cedar products until 1902, when it purchased large blocks of timber land and founded the town of Blaney. In 1906 the firm turned their plant over to their creditors. The Wisconsin Land & Lumber company, with head offices in Hermanville, Menominee county, is the second largest company in the world devoted to the manufacture of hardwood flooring. It is capitalized for \$900,000 and has a daily output of 90,000 feet of lumber. The Wisconsin Land & Lumber company, several years ago it purchased the holdings of the Simmons Lumber company, consisting of the town of Simmons, a railroad connecting with the Soo and large tracts of timber. For a time the firm was the greatest for accurate knowledge as to the condition of affairs in the markets abroad.

Results of Work Done by Manufacturers Association.

When the National association of Manufacturers was organized in 1885, the total value of domestic exports of the United States was \$700,000,000, of which but \$205,000,000, or 29 per cent was classed as manufactures completed or partly completed. In 1908 the value of the domestic merchandise exported was \$1,834,000,000, of which \$750,000,000, or 40 per cent of the total, was classed as manufactures completed or partly completed.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Republic Iron & Steel Company. A special meeting of the stockholders of Republic Iron & Steel company to act upon a proposal to authorize a mortgage of all or part of the company's properties and franchises to secure an issue of bonds to an aggregate principal amount not to exceed at any one time \$25,000,000 and the issue and disposition of such bonds in order to retire existing bonds and for other corporate purposes and upon any matters relating thereto, will be held at the office of the company at No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey, on the 7th day of March at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. The stock transfer books of the company will be closed at the close of business on February 14, 1910 and will be reopened at 10 o'clock a. m. on March 8, 1910. Dated, Pittsburgh, Pa., February 4, 1910.

HABITS OF HEDGEHOG.

The hedgehog, that butt of juvenile ruffe bonapartes, is the possession of tastes which like Sam Weller's knowledge of London, are "extensive and peculiar." Scorning fastidiousness, it can make a hearty meal of nearly any insect and is one of the few vertebrates which can tackle the repulsive cockroach. For effectual extermination of beetles and crickets it is as useful as a mongoose among rats, but it is not generally

THE WORLD'S FINEST TEA

WOLFE!

Tea Out-Rivals and 'Out-Sells all others, solely through its delicious flavour and down-right all-round goodness.

known that it has a partiality toward snakes and adders. The methods it employs for the attack are interesting. Having come upon the adder, it goals that reptile to the offensive, and at the first dart immediately rolls into a ball. The adder is then left to attack the spines, in which encounter it naturally comes off second best. After a little, when the hedgehog feels that his antagonist has exhausted his power, it once more opens out and makes a bite at the adder's back, thereby breaking its spine. It then proceeds to crunch the whole of the reptile's body by means of its powerful jaws, and after that it is said to start at the tail and devour its prey. Of eggs the hedgehog is also very fond, thereby giving just cause to keepers and farmers to destroy it on sight. Cases have been known where hedgehogs actually forced the hen pleasant off her nest and then proceeded to devour the contents. There is a tradition among country people that the hedgehog will suck the milk from cows, who certainly show strong aversion to the hedgehog, but eminent naturalists scout the idea, their explanation being that it is the heat of the cow which attracts the hedgehog, the cow's dislike being no doubt caused by unpleasant contact with the prickly spines. Hedgehogs are invulnerable to most of their enemies except man, although the wily fox has been known to get the better of him occasionally.—Scotsman.

Flowers

Of Every Description for All Occasions Every Day in the Year JOHN BREITMEYER'S SONS DETROIT, MICH.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Sold by DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

First National Bank of Marquette, at Marquette, in the state of Michigan, at the close of business, Jan. 31st, 1910.

Loans and discounts	\$1,148,224.25
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	150.00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	150,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	25,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand	37,500.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	261,385.00
Real estate owned	39,000.00
Other real estate owned	4,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)	15,425.43
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers	29,792.21
Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	1,000.00
Due from approved insurance agents	251,411.03
Checks and other cash items	3,003.67
Notes of other National banks	2,820.00
Fractional paper currency, tickets, and coins	102.33
LAWFUL MONEY REMITTED IN BANK VIE	83,137.00
Legal-tender notes	29,995.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (10 per cent of circulation)	6,400.00
Total	\$2,229,569.97

Capital stock paid in	\$ 150,000.00
Surplus fund	60,000.00
Discount collected not earned	45,002.65
Overpaid interest less reserve on loans	18,187.66
Penalties and taxes paid to check	67,130.12
National bank notes outstanding	148,100.00
Due to other National banks	3,500.00
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	4,456.23
Dividends unpaid	89.00
Individual deposits subject to check	1,670,366.67
Demand Certificates	6,500.00
Post office	98.44
Certified checks	169.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,048.56
U. S. National Bank	22,639.14
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	2,300.85
Reserve for taxes	1,812.37
Reserve for	1,342.98
Total	\$2,229,569.97

CHARLES L. BRAINERD, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of February, 1910. J. E. TORIN, Notary Public. My commission expires Dec. 29, 1911.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Marquette County Savings Bank, at Marquette, Michigan, at the close of business, Jan. 31st, 1910, as called for by the Commission of the Banking Department.

Loans and discounts, viz: Commercial department	\$554,295.57
Savings department	127,430.75
Real estate	669,128.03
Bonds, mortgages and securities	174,291.43
Overdrafts	174,291.43
Banking house	2,076.03
Furniture and fixtures	7,592.60
Other real estate	57,622.63
Due from other banks and bankers	1,489.39
Items in transit	7,136.50
Reserve for taxes	1,342.98
Due from banks in reserve cities	\$4,000.00
Exchange for clearing house	3,001.48
U. S. and National bank currency	6,425.00
Gold coin	15,365.00
Silver coin	672.00
Nickels and cents	672.00
Total	\$1,148,224.25

W. B. McCOMB, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of February, 1910. G. A. CARLSON, Notary Public. My commission expires May 4th, 1911.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

State of Michigan, W. B. McComb, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books of the bank. W. B. McCOMB, Cashier.

Capital stock paid in	\$ 100,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits, net	2,420.31
Dividends unpaid	30.00
Commercial deposits subject to check	568,588.56
Certified checks	169.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,952.50
Due from banks and bankers	25,717.87
Savings department (book accounts)	83,975.24
Post office	23,044.72
Total	\$1,148,224.25

STATE OF MICHIGAN, I, S. R. KAUFMAN, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books of the bank. S. R. KAUFMAN, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of February, 1910. G. A. CARLSON, Notary Public. My commission expires May 4th, 1911.

COUNTY PHONE 395. LONG DIST. PHONE 88.

D. T. MORGAN & CO.

BROKERS
106 Front St., Ishpeming, Mich.
WE SPECIALIZE IN
LISTED - Coppers - UNLISTED

Direct private wire service to New York and Boston. Our Daily Market letter MAILED FREE upon request.

Ishpeming County Phone 92. Ishpeming Long Dist. Phone 82.
Negaunee County Phone 93. Negaunee Long Dist. Phone 190.

GEORGE F. RUEZ

BROKER
Robbins Block, 116 Main St., ISHPEMING.
First National Bank Block, NEGAUNEE.
BOTH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.

Paine, Webber & Co.'s private wires to Boston, New York and all markets. Daily market letter, also Walker's Weekly Copper Letter, mailed free upon request.

THE PENINSULA BANK

ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN.
ORGANIZED OCTOBER 27, 1887.

Capital \$50,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits \$65,000

THOS. WALTERS, President. GEO. F. THONEY, Vice President.
HERMAN JAEDECKE, 2nd Vice President.
J. G. WELSH, Cashier. PETER HANDBERG, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Thos. Walters, Herman Jaedecke, Lars Hoyseth, H. F. Heyn, Geo. F. Thoney, Thos. W. Hughes, Jos. Mitchell, Thos. H. Bargh, Otto Eger.

LIVE OAKS WIN TWO.

In the handicap bowling tournament contest rolled Thursday evening at the Bank street alleys between the Live Oaks and the Superiors the former won two out of the three games. The scores were:

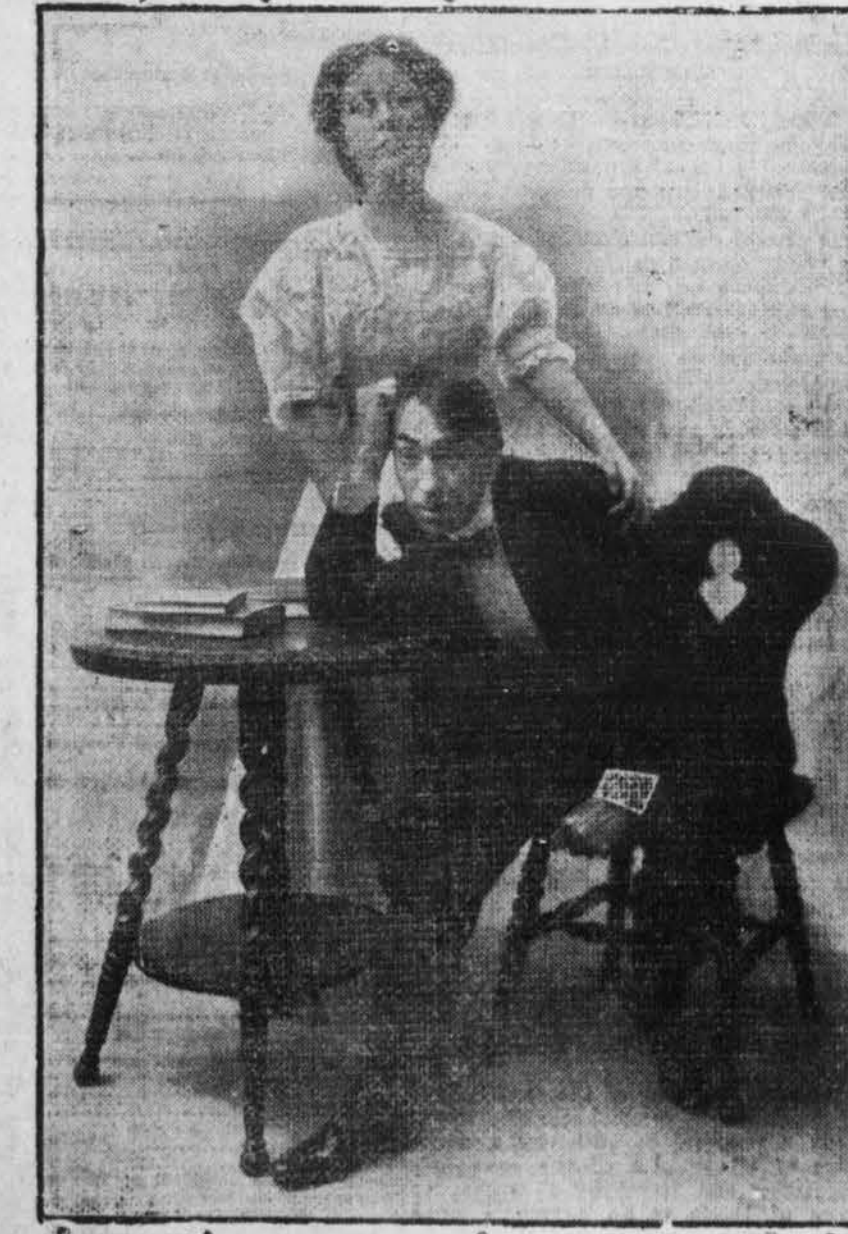
Live Oaks—					
Fitzpatrick	148	173	181	502	
Bray	149	154	173	478	
Sullivan	189	168	175	532	
Franson	128	119	146	393	
Ramsdell	179	187	150	521	
Totals	793	801	832	2426	
Superiors—					
D. Lind	187	164	121	472	
J. Hansen	170	129	168	467	
A. Sandhe	148	151	155	454	
Kropp	142	185	151	478	
F. Lind	162	139	116	417	
Totals	809	768	714	2291	

CHARLES S. PIERCE COMING.

Charles S. Pierce, state game, fish and forestry warden, will spend today and tomorrow in Marquette county. He will be in Marquette today and will spend Sunday in Ishpeming. Inasmuch as there are quite a number of candidates for the position of deputy game, fish and forestry warden in this district, to succeed William Harrington, who resigned a few weeks ago, to take a position at the head of the Oliver Iron Mining company's police force in this county, it is thought that Mr. Pierce will be a busy man during his stay here. There are quite a number of candidates in this county as well as several in the other counties of the district formerly covered by Mr. Harrington.

A. J. Erler, expert piano tuner and repair man of Grinnell Bros., is in the city. All work guaranteed. Leave orders at Grinnell Bros., 'Phon 63. (2-2-4d)

More people are taking Foley's Kidney remedy every year. It is considered the most effective remedy for all kidney and bladder troubles that medical science can devise. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities, builds up the system, and restores lost vitality. Sold by all druggists.



Rose Braham and Harry English, in "Pain in Full."
"Joe, My Boy, Why Did You Do It?"
Farewell Tour. Ishpeming Theatre, Tuesday Evening, Feb. 8.

Ishpeming Department

(Additional Ishpeming on Page Eight.)

BASEBALL FANS ARE ENTHUSIASTIC

ISHPEMING BUSINESS MEN HOLD MEETING

COMMITTEE OF FIVE WAS NAMED TO DRAFT AN ORDINANCE LOOKING TO THE PROTECTION OF THE HOME MERCHANTS.

A large number of Ishpeming business men responded to the call for a meeting yesterday afternoon in the council chamber of the city building. The object of the meeting was to take steps for framing an ordinance that will be presented to the council later. The purpose of the ordinance will be to offer protection to the home merchants, who are now at the mercy of peddlers, hawkers and others who are privileged to do business in the city without paying a license.

Charles Burt, manager of the Ishpeming Co-operative society's store, presided over the meeting, and John S. Olson of the A. W. Myers Mercantile company acted as secretary. In stating the object of the meeting, Mr. Burt called attention to the fact that two years ago the business men of Ishpeming, Negaunee and Marquette met in a meeting with a view to securing legislation locally that would offer ample protection to the mercantile interests of the three cities. He said that both the Marquette and Negaunee merchants had taken steps along the lines suggested that the Ishpeming business men had done practically nothing toward securing the desired legislation.

At the conclusion of his remarks, Mr. Burt called upon the secretary to read the ordinance adopted last September by the Negaunee city council. The provisions of this ordinance have since been enforced a number of times. It prohibits all persons from carrying on the business or occupation of hawker or peddler in any way engaging in hawking or peddling within the city limits without a license from the recorder. The license fee charged is governed by the nature of the business carried on by the peddler or hawker. The charge for peddling from hand carts and stands in the city streets is \$3 for the first day and \$1.50 for each subsequent day; for peddling with any conveyance drawn by one horse or other animal, \$5 for the first day and \$2 for each subsequent day; for peddling with any conveyance drawn by two or more horses or other animals, \$10 for the first day and \$5 for each subsequent day, provided that no license under this section shall be issued for a longer period than thirty days, and each renewal shall be considered and deemed a new license.

The provisions of the ordinance pertaining to what is expected of those being granted a license to peddle wares in the city prohibits a person so licensed to shout or call aloud or cry out in the streets, avenues, alleys or public places; nor shall a peddler or hawker be permitted to blow any horn, ring a bell or use any other device to call attention to his wares. A person found violating any provision of the ordinance shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$100 for each offense, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding ninety days, or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

It was pointed out that the Negaunee ordinance protects principally grocers, meat dealers and dry goods merchants. One of the merchants called attention to the fact that a great many representatives of dry goods, shoes and clothing do business in the city regularly and that they do a considerable business here, securing their patronage largely by inviting prospective patrons to the hotels or by calling upon the people at their homes. The proposed ordinance will embody some of the provisions of the Negaunee ordinance, as well as additional provisions intended to protect all dealers of merchandise in the city.

A committee consisting of Charles Burt, J. J. Leffler, John L. Bradford, Lars Hoyseth and William Leininger was appointed to draft the proposed ordinance and submit it to the business men at another meeting to be called within a few days. The ordinance will be presented to the council, with the recommendation that it be adopted and enforced.

Sentiment for Business Organization.

Strong sentiment was expressed by several for the organization of a society that would have for its object the protection of the business men generally, as well as to direct work in the interest of the city and its citizens. W. J. McCorkindale, manager of the Marquette County Gas & Electric company, was called upon to express his views upon the subject and to state what is thought of similar organizations in cities where he has been located in recent years. He said that in Sherman, Texas, a city with a population of 24,000, there is a splendid organization maintained by the business interests and known as the "Booster" club. It has a membership of 1,200 and it is doing much good for the city. Another town in Texas with a population of 15,000 has an organization known as the "Live Wires." Mr. McCorkindale said that he has been watching the operations of these two organizations for several years and he has observed that they are constantly doing something that is beneficial to their cities and their citizens. He expressed the belief that a splendid organization of this kind could be perfected and maintained in Ishpeming, and he said that he has often wondered how it was that the business men were not united in this way.

It is quite possible that the organization of a business men's club or association will be favorably considered at the meeting to be held for the adoption of the proposed ordinance.

SORE LUNGS ARE RAW LUNGS.

Most people know the feeling and the miserable state of ill health it indicates. All people should know that Foley's Honey and Tar, the greatest throat and lung remedy, will quickly cure the soreness and cough and restore a normal condition. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by all druggists.

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to express our sincere thanks for the many favors extended, also for sympathy expressed, during our bereavement. We feel specially indebted to our relatives from the copper country, Escanaba, Marquette, Negaunee and other places, who attended the obsequies, as well as to friends and relatives for floral tributes. The many kindly favors conferred upon us at this most trying time shall never be forgotten.

NAPOLÉON LIQUAY and family.

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000. Ishpeming, Mich.
SURPLUS \$80,000

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

DIRECTORS:
D. T. MORGAN, F. BRAASTAD, A. B. MINER, W. H. JOHNSTON, A. MAITLAND, H. O. YOUNG, JAMES CLANCEY, DR. T. A. FELCH, M. M. DUNCAN.

OFFICERS:
F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier, H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres., O. G. AAS, Ass't Cashier, GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Ass't Cashier.

FIRST AID FOR MINERS.

One or Two Teams Will Be Organized from Among the Men at Each Mine.

The work of organizing the miners from the different mines around Ishpeming for instruction and drill in "First Aid to the Injured" is making good progress. Seventy-one men have handed in their names and are now engaged in drilling at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium. Dr. V. H. Vandeverter is to give lectures to the men on Thursday evenings in the Y. M. C. A. class rooms. These lectures will include the structure and functions of the body, the care of wounds and fractures, also how to care for the body and prevent sickness.

The plan contemplates having one or two teams from each mine who will spend considerable time in drill and practice. Arrangements will then be made for a contest to be held in the spring or summer, when a valuable trophy will be presented to the team making the best record in the contest. Opportunity will also be given for the men to take an examination. Those getting seventy-five credits will be given a certificate from the American Red Cross and the international committee of the Y. M. C. A.

No charge is being made for the instruction. Dr. Vandeverter having kindly offered his time gratuitously, the drilling and organizing being done through the Y. M. C. A.

Those who desire them can purchase text books for the small sum of twenty-five cents. The drill in the gymnasium will cover facings and foot movements, as given in regular army tactics, also stretcher drill for ambulance corps.

It has not been possible to visit all the mines up to date, but all those interested are invited to meet at the Y. M. C. A. and take part in the movement. The men on night shift meet Monday mornings at 1 o'clock, and the day shift meet Thursday night at 8 o'clock.

MRS. EKRE'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Sigri Ekre was held yesterday afternoon and was very largely attended. The remains were borne from the late home of the deceased on Cleveland avenue to the Mission church, around the corner on Third street, by the pall bearers, who were preceded by about 100 ladies and girls, the latter carrying flowers, the mourners and Rev. J. Sallstrom and J. A. Lillehei bringing up the rear. The pall bearers were John Skoglund, John Kjesboe, Peter Solem, Claus Berg, Emil Verner and William Wellander. The services at the church, of which the deceased had been a devoted member for many years, were very impressive and were conducted by Rev. Sallstrom, the pastor, assisted by Rev. Lillehei. The church was appropriately decorated and the choir sang special hymns. Interment was in the Ishpeming cemetery. During the time of the funeral the stores of F. Braastad & Co. and August Henriksen & Co. were closed out of respect to the memory of the deceased, who was an intimate friend of the Braastad and Henriksen families.

TORTURES OF PILES.

It is Unnecessary to Suffer This Terrible Trouble.

Keen torture is the everyday lot of the sufferer from piles.

And yet that suffering is needless. The People's Drug Store, Marquette, Mich., and The City Drug Store, Ishpeming, Mich., will sell you Hem-Roid and later return your money if it fails.

We have sold Hem-Roid that way for two or three years and refunds asked have been less than 2 per cent. We therefore recommend it with confidence. Hem-Roid is an internal remedy, the prescription of Dr. J. S. Leonard, 81 Station B, Buffalo, N. Y. Write for booklet.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework, at 201 Oak St. 2-2-1w

BONE MEAL FOOD for POULTRY

J. J. LEFFLER.
Ishpeming. 1-18-1m

H. W. ELSON

Manufacturer of Fine Carbonated Beverages
County Phone 403.
325 Cedar St. 2-30-10-2tv. Ishpeming, Mich.

Profit by Our Experience

We fit you up complete—furnish you with directions and ideas. You locate in a good, live town and take the money.

Start A Moving Picture Show

Our proposition yields large returns for the investment. We carry all makes of machines and supply you with the most complete and up-to-date line of moving picture films and song-books. We especially write us.

WESTERN FILM EXCHANGE
24 Floor, Empire Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.

ALL BARGAIN RECORDS BROKEN

Our February \$1.00 Down Sale

Successful beyond all expectations surpassing anything ever before attempted in the city, both as to terms and values offered.

COME.

Furs, Millinery, Shoes, Furniture, Carpets, Rugs and Stoves

You simply have to pick out any article in our store. Just pay us \$1.00 DOWN and we deliver it to your home. You

PAY US LATER

in small weekly or monthly payments.

NOW—Is the Time to Buy. LATER—You Can Pay Us. \$1.00 a Week

FREE RAILROAD FARE

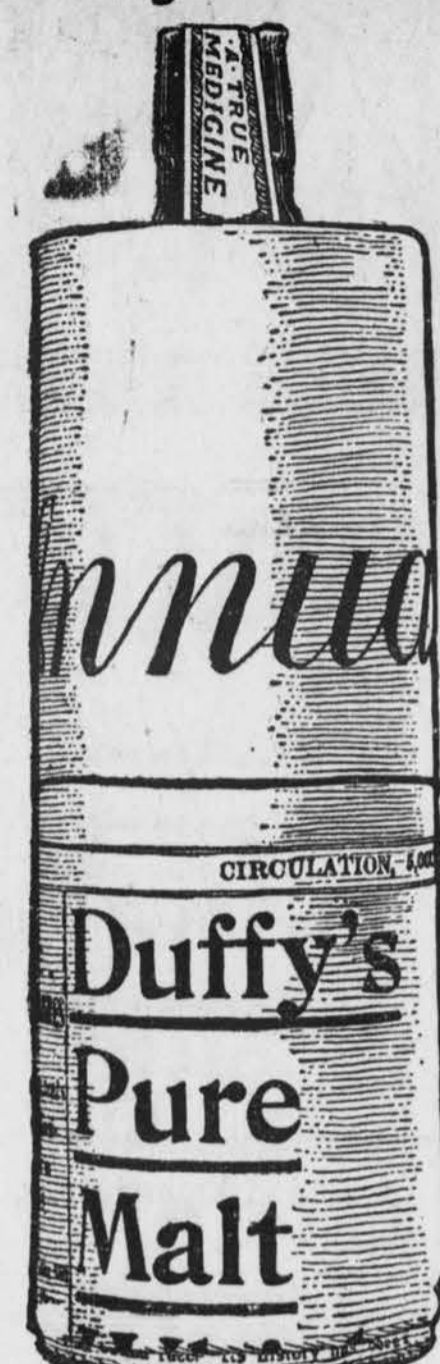
We will pay your railroad fare within a distance of 50 miles, one way on any \$25.00 purchase. On any \$25.00 purchase we will pay your railroad fare both ways.

See the Premiums in Our Center Show Window.

GATELYS

Bell Phone, 191. County Phone, 484.
Main and Bank Sts.
ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey



What is it?
It is an absolutely pure distillation of malted grain, great care being used to have every kernel thoroughly malted, thus destroying the germ and producing a predigested liquid food in the form of a medicinal whiskey; softened by warmth and moisture, its palatability and freedom from injurious substances render it so that it can be retained by the most sensitive stomach.

It is a gentle, invigorating stimulant and tonic.

What Does It Do?
It builds up the nerve tissues, tones up the heart, gives power to the brain, strength and elasticity to the muscles and richness to the blood. It brings into action all the vital forces, it makes digestion perfect and enables you to get from the food you eat all the nourishment it contains.

It is invaluable for overworked men, delicate women and sickly children. It strengthens and sustains the system, it is a promoter of health and longevity, makes the old young and keeps the young strong.

It cures nervousness, typhoid, malaria, every form of stomach trouble, diseases of the throat and lungs, and is recognized as a medicine by doctors of all schools.

It has been endorsed by people in all walks of life for 50 years.

Beware of Substitutes.
Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in sealed bottles only, a cut of which is here reproduced one-third regular size of large bottle, wrapped in a Duffy Annual the same as when purchased. Be sure you get the genuine as imitations and substitutes are dangerous. Ask your dealer. \$1.00 a large bottle. Write Medical Department for advice and medical booklet, both sent free. The booklet contains rare common sense rules for health which you cannot afford to be without. Made exclusively for 50 years by

THE DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y., U. S. A.

CUBA SLOW ABOUT PAYING.
Shows No Disposition to Settle Uncle Sam's \$6,500,000 Bill.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The United States has a bill of \$6,500,000 against Cuba, which the island government is showing no disposition to pay. The amount of the debt represents money advanced from the treasury of the United States on account of the second intervention in the affairs of the island. In March, 1907, congress authorized the President of the United States "to receive from the treasurer of the Cuban Republic and pay into the treasury of the United States from time to time such moneys to reimburse the United States for the expenditures from the United States treasury made necessary on account of the present intervention as he may consider the Cuban treasury then able to pay without serious embarrassment." Congress is beginning to show some slight interest in this debt. Secretary Dickinson was asked about it the other day when he was giving the house committee on the war department information about the war department.

Referring to the provision of the appropriation bill of March, 1907, calling on the Cuban government to pay when it felt able, Secretary Dickinson said that this provision does not fix absolutely the status of the debt. "It simply authorizes the president to receive these payments," said he, "and at such times as he deems it can be done without serious embarrassment to the Cuban treasury." Secretary Dickinson said further that the matter came up for consideration at the time Mr. Root was secretary of state, and it was then deemed inadvisable to make any demands on Cuba, mainly for the reason that it was not believed that the treasury of Cuba was in any such condition as to respond to that demand. "And I think that attitude has not changed in any respect," said the secretary.

In response to further questioning the secretary of war said to the committee: "I took up the matter shortly after I came into the office and made inquiries, and it appeared to me that if a demand were made it would not result in anything, simply leading about the feeling and friction, without yielding anything in the way of money. It is not fixed as an absolute obligation but I think it was intended to be in such shape that our government could assert it at any time it might deem it proper. But I have never thought of it as a demand, and that by the last administration, the Cuban has been in such financial condition that I would feel warranted in suggesting to the president the propriety of making a demand, and Cuba has not tendered any payment. He was authorized to receive it, but the statute was so framed that it is a little vague in that respect though I think the president, when he was secretary of war, regarded it as an obligation which could

be asserted at any time the United States saw proper to do so." Secretary Dickinson said to the committee that he thinks it is well known that Cuba is not in a financial condition to respond to a demand for this money.

"Growing worse instead of better," said Secretary Dickinson, "is the situation in Minnesota." "It is, in my opinion," said Secretary Dickinson, "very little has been done in constructing sewers there, which will involve the expenditure of something like \$18,000,000. The contracts were made through the instrumentality of the United States government, in order to put the island in a sanitary condition; but the contractors have done very little of that work. It will be a very heavy burden upon the Cuban treasury. I do not think there is a plethora of money over there from my information."

PAPER SACRED, JUDGE RULES.
Old Woman Jailed for Wrapping Wares in a Religious Publication.

Vienna, Feb. 4.—A singular case of judicial interference in the sanctity of religious publications is attracting considerable attention. Last April a woman who owns a small grocery shop at Craeov bought a number of old newspapers to wrap her wares in. Among the papers were some outer sheets of the "The Messenger," a religious publication of the United States, on which various religious illustrations were printed. A municipal authority who is a member of an ecclesiastical committee presently visited the shop and warned the woman no longer to pack her goods in such a manner. She accepted the warning and gave him all the sheets of "The Messenger" she could find. A few days later the municipal authority returned with a policeman, rummaged in the shop, and found some sugar packed in the outer sheet of "The Messenger." The woman was thereupon prosecuted for "ridiculing an institution of the Catholic Church," and despite her defense that the incriminating package had been made before she had received the warning, she was condemned to seven days' imprisonment and one day's fasting.

An appeal was made against this sentence to the Polish section of the Vienna supreme court of Cassation on the ground that the alleged offense had not been committed either objectively or subjectively, in as much as the religious figures printed on the outer sheet of the "The Messenger" are not consecrated, and that the woman herself had not used the paper with sacrilegious intent. The Supreme Court has, nevertheless, confirmed the Craeov sentence in all particulars.

Since America cuts yearly some twenty billion cubic feet over and above what is lost by fire and other natural causes, this country is cutting out its forests three times as fast as they are grown.

WOODCHOPPER IN CONGRESS.
Hawley, of Oregon, Once Won Championship of His State.

Willis C. Hawley, who represents the first district of Oregon in the national house of representatives, is the greatest woodchopper in congress, his friends say. He once won the championship of his state in a log heaving contest, and though he is probably not in his best form now he can still make the chips fly.

The contest in which Hawley demonstrated his superiority with the ax occurred in Albany, Ore., February 22, 1896. It was at a big gathering of Woodmen of the World, in which order Hawley was then, as he is now, on of the board of head managers of the Pacific coast jurisdiction.

Choppers who had won renown with the ax in their communities gathered

here from all parts of western Oregon. Some of those who had entered the race for prizes failed to chop when the time came but ten men actually entered the contest and Hawley won out, defeating his nearest competitor by twenty-three seconds and excelling some of them by more than a minute. At that time Hawley was professor of history and economics in Willamette university at Salem, Ore.

The contest was held in the old opera house. Seasoned fir logs eighteen inches in diameter had been selected for the test. The men were to chop in pairs. E. R. Cummings of Halsey and W. W. Baker of Corvallis were the first men to chop. Cummings cut his log in two in six minutes and twenty-five seconds and Baker finished fifteen seconds later.

Daniel Atkinson of Independence and F. L. Hyde of Brownsville were the next pair. Hyde went through his log in five minutes and two seconds and was looked on as certain winner of the first prize. Atkinson's time was 6:55.

The next pair of choppers were George W. Haggood of Dallas and Oliver Hart of Stay. They chopped practically together. Hart finishing in 6:20 and Haggood in 6:26.

Then came Samuel Baldwin of Buena Vista, and W. L. Tyler of Harrisburg. Baldwin chopped in splendid form and went after Hyde's record of 5:02. He lacked five seconds of beating it, however, and finished in 5:07. Discouraged by the fact that he was not nearly through his log when Baldwin stopped chopping, Tyler did not finish.

The last choppers were J. D. Landeys of Monmouth and Willis C. Hawley of Salem. Landeys chopped about like the average contestant and finished in 6:08. Hawley went through his log like a whirlwind and finished in 4:30, defeating Hyde, his nearest competitor, by twenty-three seconds.

Hawley's unexpected prowess with the ax was received with tremendous applause. To this day chopping is never mentioned in Woodmen lodges in Oregon without some one recalling Hawley's feat.

HEAVY DOES HER PART.
Helps to Relieve the Famine by Laying Three Eggs in One.

Meredith, N. H., Feb. 4.—M. C. Brown, proprietor of the Clover Ridge farm, has some hens that are producing eggs that tend to relieve the egg famine. One unusual egg contained four yolks, each covered with a soft shell, all inside the outer shell, which was also soft. Another egg measured 7 1/2 by 8 inches with soft shell, and contained another whole egg with a soft shell, and inside this second egg a third entire egg, covered by a soft shell. It is three eggs in one. A third egg, laid by a pullet, measures 6 1/2 by 8 inches.

STATE PROVIDES THE MONEY.
Education of Deaf, Dumb and Blind Girl Undertaken in Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Feb. 4.—An interesting and patriotic experiment is in progress at the Mount Airy institute for the deaf, dumb and blind in the education of a girl who can neither see nor hear and consequently cannot speak.

This remarkable task is being undertaken in the case of little Katie Erick, Katie, deaf, dumb and blind as she is, has so far progressed in her education as to be able to read letters, home to her parents. It seems therefore that the action of the legislature of the state of Pennsylvania in granting the sum of \$2,000 for the education of the afflicted child will prove a wise one.

Katie's education has not reached its present stage by any easy pathway. Miss Julia A. Foley, who has devoted herself to the training of the child, deserves a hero medal for the patience and untiring interest she has taken in little Katie.

To begin the story at the beginning, Katie had some slight traces of hearing, for the deprivation of the three senses came to her when she was six years old—caused, it is said, by prolonged scurvy bathing at Atlantic City. But in the succeeding years the blind and deaf child lost most of the knowledge of speech that she had acquired in her babyhood and when received at Mount Airy Katie could say but a few words. The fact that she had not been born with her affliction, however, was a great help to the teachers. The little girl at least knew the meaning of simple words and this lightened the task considerably.

Up to the present time the chief object of the child's teaching has been to perfect a rapid effective means of communication through the use of the manual alphabet.

In time an effort will be made to train the vocal organs so that the lost speech may be regained. When Katie can answer questions asked her in the manual alphabet; with spoken words the education of the child will have progressed a long way.

SEEKS LIFE SECRET.
Prof. Jacques Loeb Pries Into Mother Nature's Dearest Mystery.

New York, Feb. 4.—Prof. Jacques Loeb has been appointed head of a newly created department of experimental biology at the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research.

World-wide fame came to Professor Loeb when as a result of work in the Marine Biological laboratory at Woods Hole, Mass., he was able to state that he had produced from the eggs of sea animals by fertilization with artificial chemical means larvae which could not be distinguished from those produced by the process of natural fertilization. He has stated repeatedly his belief that a complete chemical solution of the phenomena of life is not outside the realm of scientific possibility. His elaborate searches on artificial parthenogenesis have been directed toward this solution. In a recent utterance he said:

"Living organisms have the peculiarity of developing and reproducing themselves automatically, and it is this automatic character of reproduction and development which differentiates them for the time being from machines made of inanimate matter."

LICK'S FIRST LOVE AFFAIR.
It Was a Miller's Daughter Who Rejected the Embryo Millionaire.

There are many stories of the lighter side of finance in which love affairs find a place. Perhaps none of these is more peculiar than the story of James Lick, known famous all over the world through a monument to his memory, the great Lick observatory in California. In the financial world the great city of San Francisco is a monument to Lick's luck—he foresaw the possibility of the great city of the Pacific slope, bought the land which is now James Lick and became a millionaire.

In early life James Lick sought the hand of a miller's daughter, who was rejected by the father on the ground that the young suitor did not possess a mill. Many years afterward, when he had become one of the richest men in the state, he erected a large mill and adorned it like a palace. It was built of mahogany and costly woods, and erected solely as a memorial of his youthful attachment. His only pleasure was to contemplate the palatial mill and to gloat over the man who had spurned him for his poverty.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

HEAD OF THE NATION LIKES INFORMALITY.

President Taft Gets Out Among the Washington People Much More Than His Predecessors Have Done.

Washington, Feb. 4.—President Taft "gets out" among Washington people very much more than his predecessors have done. He is going to Washington dinners and dances galore this winter, not private dinners or private dances, but to functions of a semi-public nature. There are always a number of these during January, February and March. So happy has the president been on these occasions in making himself agreeable to his hosts that Washington has already voted him one of the best of good fellows.

If it be a dinner, the president is called upon to make a speech, and invariably it is a good one. He is really developing into a very good extemporaneous speaker. Those who preferred to speak the plain truth, not verbiage, in the early days of Mr. Taft's public service at Washington to say that he was an attractive public speaker, but the president has improved noticeably under the exigencies of the public positions he has held. He has been very much upon the platform during the last four years. Like many others of his fellow-countrymen, with little aptitude for speaking, he has demonstrated that practice conduces toward perfection. It is strictly true that the president is today probably the best extemporaneous speaker among the public men of Washington.

He won new laurels the other evening at a dinner of the Washington coterie of the Carrabos. This is an association of army and navy officers who served during the Philippine war, the Spanish war and the Mexican war, that ensued. It was the president's first appearance at any of these annual dinners. Many public men were present. One of the very first to be called upon was Senator Ben Tillman of South Carolina. He sailed right in as though he were on the floor of the senate, went on an afternoon of bromide-making. The banquets held their breath as he criticised the government's policy in the Philippines, right before the president, too!

SENATOR CAUSED A SCENE.
Once at a big dinner in Washington, of a semi-public character, a senator performed that kind of a stunt before a president and there was a scene, which was described in the newspapers in spite of tremendous efforts to keep the lid on. The senator on that particular occasion got a big "rise" out of the man who was the president, and there was more than one speech on a side. At the Carrabao dinner the president was given a turn till there had been an opportunity for every one to cool off. When he was called, however, he did not flinch from a single proposition put forth by the South Carolinian, but he answered so positively and so good-naturedly with that even the trouble-loving Tillman joined in the laughter.

Soon after he entered the White House President Taft established a precedent by accepting an invitation to a complimentary dinner of Washington business men. It was a magnificent affair, and the president delivered a speech about district affairs that interested local people profoundly. He promised to attend such a dinner again if one were given, and probably it will be. He has been to two or three big Washington dinners this winter, and set a precedent by attending a dinner of the Washington alumni of Dartmouth College this week when the new president, Dr. E. F. Nicholas, was one of the chief guests. The dinner was the president's predecessor to do, although Roosevelt was a graduate of Harvard.

A few nights ago President Taft attended the annual ball of the Southern Relief Society. That is a charitable organization of southern people, as its name indicates, and it holds its annual dances in a downtown hotel. The rent was not excessive. This year the promise of the president to attend elevated that function to a position of first importance. The best and most fashionable hall in town was hired and the function a tremendous financial success. The president not only attended, but he danced, and he won the hearts of the large southern contingent in Washington.

His Freedom Is Noted.
The freedom with which the president goes about town has already been widely noted. He insists upon his right to call upon old friends as though he were a private citizen. That was exemplified when he "dropped in" at a hotel on the Sunday when his old judicial associate, Justice Lurton of the supreme court, arrived in town. The other day he went out walking and on the way stopped at the residence of Thomas F. Walsh, the Colorado mining millionaire, to inquire about his condition. Mr. Walsh had been seriously ill.

Nothing like this has been seen at Washington since the days of President Arthur. Although Mr. Arthur was a great aristocrat in the White House and insisted upon strict observance of official etiquette, he was exceedingly democratic. He walked out upon the streets whenever he pleased and he stopped at the houses of friends frequently. On the way home he frequently entered the Metropolitan Club, which is just across Lafayette square from the White House, called for a drink and sat around for a little to hear the afternoon gossip. President Taft stops short of that, but he does keep up pleasant relations with old-time friends, just as though he were a private citizen.

PUBLICITY CLAUSE TROUBLE.
Congressmen Hesitate to Tell Constituents That It Must Stand.

Washington, Feb. 4.—House Republicans are conducting a voluminous correspondence with their constituents of late over the publicity clause of a corporation act which has been passed by the house against this legislation ever since it was proposed at the extra session last summer. The recent output, however, appears to be especially emphatic. Some of the congressmen have been at their wits' ends how to handle the situation.

They do not like to write their constituents that there is absolutely no hope of repealing the law, and practically as little hope of enacting a resolution that would suspend its operation till after the supreme court has passed upon its constitutionality. They have been warring the fact, widely recognized in senate and house.

The conditions between the two parties and the Republican factions, which forced the enactment of the corporation tax as a compromise to prevent the adoption of an income tax provision, are the same now as during the extra session. It would be suicidal for the regular Republicans to attempt to repeal the act. If they tried to suspend the provision requiring returns to be made till six weeks after the supreme court has given its opinion, as has been proposed, the questions of tariff and income tax would be drawn into the discussion. It would be even more difficult to enact such a suspension than to amend one schedule of the tariff law.

The leaders are in no mood whatever to amend the act. Most of them were opposed to the corporation tax in the beginning, and they have not changed their views, but they say it is futile to protest against it.

Meanwhile they are sending out stacks of letters daily explaining their sympathy with the agitation, promising to take the matter up in congress, and the like. One Massachusetts congressman, a little bolder than some of

his colleagues, wrote a constituent the other day that it was a hopeless case. His constituent became all "hot up" about it and wrote him a communication that should have been on asbestos paper.

HEAVY DOES HER PART.
Helps to Relieve the Famine by Laying Three Eggs in One.

Meredith, N. H., Feb. 4.—M. C. Brown, proprietor of the Clover Ridge farm, has some hens that are producing eggs that tend to relieve the egg famine. One unusual egg contained four yolks, each covered with a soft shell, all inside the outer shell, which was also soft. Another egg measured 7 1/2 by 8 inches with soft shell, and contained another whole egg with a soft shell, and inside this second egg a third entire egg, covered by a soft shell. It is three eggs in one. A third egg, laid by a pullet, measures 6 1/2 by 8 inches.

STATE PROVIDES THE MONEY.
Education of Deaf, Dumb and Blind Girl Undertaken in Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Feb. 4.—An interesting and patriotic experiment is in progress at the Mount Airy institute for the deaf, dumb and blind in the education of a girl who can neither see nor hear and consequently cannot speak.

This remarkable task is being undertaken in the case of little Katie Erick, Katie, deaf, dumb and blind as she is, has so far progressed in her education as to be able to read letters, home to her parents. It seems therefore that the action of the legislature of the state of Pennsylvania in granting the sum of \$2,000 for the education of the afflicted child will prove a wise one.

Katie's education has not reached its present stage by any easy pathway. Miss Julia A. Foley, who has devoted herself to the training of the child, deserves a hero medal for the patience and untiring interest she has taken in little Katie.

To begin the story at the beginning, Katie had some slight traces of hearing, for the deprivation of the three senses came to her when she was six years old—caused, it is said, by prolonged scurvy bathing at Atlantic City. But in the succeeding years the blind and deaf child lost most of the knowledge of speech that she had acquired in her babyhood and when received at Mount Airy Katie could say but a few words. The fact that she had not been born with her affliction, however, was a great help to the teachers. The little girl at least knew the meaning of simple words and this lightened the task considerably.

Up to the present time the chief object of the child's teaching has been to perfect a rapid effective means of communication through the use of the manual alphabet.

In time an effort will be made to train the vocal organs so that the lost speech may be regained. When Katie can answer questions asked her in the manual alphabet; with spoken words the education of the child will have progressed a long way.

SEEKS LIFE SECRET.
Prof. Jacques Loeb Pries Into Mother Nature's Dearest Mystery.

New York, Feb. 4.—Prof. Jacques Loeb has been appointed head of a newly created department of experimental biology at the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research.

World-wide fame came to Professor Loeb when as a result of work in the Marine Biological laboratory at Woods Hole, Mass., he was able to state that he had produced from the eggs of sea animals by fertilization with artificial chemical means larvae which could not be distinguished from those produced by the process of natural fertilization. He has stated repeatedly his belief that a complete chemical solution of the phenomena of life is not outside the realm of scientific possibility. His elaborate searches on artificial parthenogenesis have been directed toward this solution. In a recent utterance he said:

"Living organisms have the peculiarity of developing and reproducing themselves automatically, and it is this automatic character of reproduction and development which differentiates them for the time being from machines made of inanimate matter."

LICK'S FIRST LOVE AFFAIR.
It Was a Miller's Daughter Who Rejected the Embryo Millionaire.

There are many stories of the lighter side of finance in which love affairs find a place. Perhaps none of these is more peculiar than the story of James Lick, known famous all over the world through a monument to his memory, the great Lick observatory in California. In the financial world the great city of San Francisco is a monument to Lick's luck—he foresaw the possibility of the great city of the Pacific slope, bought the land which is now James Lick and became a millionaire.

In early life James Lick sought the hand of a miller's daughter, who was rejected by the father on the ground that the young suitor did not possess a mill. Many years afterward, when he had become one of the richest men in the state, he erected a large mill and adorned it like a palace. It was built of mahogany and costly woods, and erected solely as a memorial of his youthful attachment. His only pleasure was to contemplate the palatial mill and to gloat over the man who had spurned him for his poverty.

Millions of Lives Lost

An Awful Toll Collected by Consumption. Many Unnecessary Deaths from this Disease.

If people could only understand that systemic catarrh is an internal disease that external applications cannot cure, they would not need to be warned so continually of this malady, which, when neglected, paves the way for consumption, at the cost of millions of lives every year. Yet catarrh may be cured, if the right treatment is employed.

Catarrh is caused by a general distention of the system which leads commonly to anorexia, and perhaps to various local conditions, which may prove a fertile breeding ground for germs of consumption. External remedies give but temporary ease.

The only way to successfully treat catarrh is by employing a medicine which is absorbed and carried by the blood to all parts of the system, so that the mucous membrane or internal lining of the body is toned up and made capable of resisting the infection of consumption and other diseases.

We have a remedy prepared from the prescription of a physician who for thirty years studied and made catarrh a specialty, and whose record was a patient restored to health in every case where his treatment was followed as prescribed. That remedy is Revall's Tonic. We are so positive that it will completely overcome catarrh in all its various forms, whether acute or chronic, that we promise to return every penny paid us for the medicine in every case where it fails or for any reason does not satisfy the user.

We have you to try Revall's Muc-Tone on our recommendation and guarantee. We are right here where you live, and you do not contract any obligation or risk when you try Revall's Muc-Tone on our guarantee. We have Revall's Muc-Tone in two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. Very often the taking of one 50-cent bottle is sufficient to make a marked impression upon the case. Of course in chronic cases a longer treatment is necessary. The average in such instances is three \$1.00 bottles. Remember you can obtain Revall's Remedies in Marquette only at our store, The Rexall Store. The Stafford Drug Co.,

Millions of Lives Lost
An Awful Toll Collected by Consumption. Many Unnecessary Deaths from this Disease.

If people could only understand that systemic catarrh is an internal disease that external applications cannot cure, they would not need to be warned so continually of this malady, which, when neglected, paves the way for consumption, at the cost of millions of lives every year. Yet catarrh may be cured, if the right treatment is employed.

Catarrh is caused by a general distention of the system which leads commonly to anorexia, and perhaps to various local conditions, which may prove a fertile breeding ground for germs of consumption. External remedies give but temporary ease.

The only way to successfully treat catarrh is by employing a medicine which is absorbed and carried by the blood to all parts of the system, so that the mucous membrane or internal lining of the body is toned up and made capable of resisting the infection of consumption and other diseases.

We have a remedy prepared from the prescription of a physician who for thirty years studied and made catarrh a specialty, and whose record was a patient restored to health in every case where his treatment was followed as prescribed. That remedy is Revall's Tonic. We are so positive that it will completely overcome catarrh in all its various forms, whether acute or chronic, that we promise to return every penny paid us for the medicine in every case where it fails or for any reason does not satisfy the user.

We have you to try Revall's Muc-Tone on our recommendation and guarantee. We are right here where you live, and you do not contract any obligation or risk when you try Revall's Muc-Tone on our guarantee. We have Revall's Muc-Tone in two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. Very often the taking of one 50-cent bottle is sufficient to make a marked impression upon the case. Of course in chronic cases a longer treatment is necessary. The average in such instances is three \$1.00 bottles. Remember you can obtain Revall's Remedies in Marquette only at our store, The Rexall Store. The Stafford Drug Co.,

Millions of Lives Lost
An Awful Toll Collected by Consumption. Many Unnecessary Deaths from this Disease.

If people could only understand that systemic catarrh is an internal disease that external applications cannot cure, they would not need to be warned so continually of this malady, which, when neglected, paves the way for consumption, at the cost of millions of lives every year. Yet catarrh may be cured, if the right treatment is employed.

Catarrh is caused by a general distention of the system which leads commonly to anorexia, and perhaps to various local conditions, which may prove a fertile breeding ground for germs of consumption. External remedies give but temporary ease.

The only way to successfully treat catarrh is by employing a medicine which is absorbed and carried by the blood to all parts of the system, so that the mucous membrane or internal lining of the body is toned up and made capable of resisting the infection of consumption and other diseases.

We have a remedy prepared from the prescription of a physician who for thirty years studied and made catarrh a specialty, and whose record was a patient restored to health in every case where his treatment was followed as prescribed. That remedy is Revall's Tonic. We are so positive that it will completely overcome catarrh in all its various forms, whether acute or chronic, that we promise to return every penny paid us for the medicine in every case where it fails or for any reason does not satisfy the user.

We have you to try Revall's Muc-Tone on our recommendation and guarantee. We are right here where you live, and you do not contract any obligation or risk when you try Revall's Muc-Tone on our guarantee. We have Revall's Muc-Tone in two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. Very often the taking of one 50-cent bottle is sufficient to make a marked impression upon the case. Of course in chronic cases a longer treatment is necessary. The average in such instances is three \$1.00 bottles. Remember you can obtain Revall's Remedies in Marquette only at our store, The Rexall Store. The Stafford Drug Co.,

Millions of Lives Lost
An Awful Toll Collected by Consumption. Many Unnecessary Deaths from this Disease.

If people could only understand that systemic catarrh is an internal disease that external applications cannot cure, they would not need to be warned so continually of this malady, which, when neglected, paves the way for consumption, at the cost of millions of lives every year. Yet catarrh may be cured, if the right treatment is employed.

Catarrh is caused by a general distention of the system which leads commonly to anorexia, and perhaps to various local conditions, which may prove a fertile breeding ground for germs of consumption. External remedies give but temporary ease.

The only way to successfully treat catarrh is by employing a medicine which is absorbed and carried by the blood to all parts of the system, so that the mucous membrane or internal lining of the body is toned up and made capable of resisting the infection of consumption and other diseases.

We have a remedy prepared from the prescription of a physician who for thirty years studied and made catarrh a specialty, and whose record was a patient restored to health in every case where his treatment was followed as prescribed. That remedy is Revall's Tonic. We are so positive that it will completely overcome catarrh in all its various forms, whether acute or chronic, that we promise to return every penny paid us for the medicine in every case where it fails or for any reason does not satisfy the user.

We have you to try Revall's Muc-Tone on our recommendation and guarantee. We are right here where you live, and you do not contract any obligation or risk when you try Revall's Muc-Tone on our guarantee. We have Revall's Muc-Tone in two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. Very often the taking of one 50-cent bottle is sufficient to make a marked impression upon the case. Of course in chronic cases a longer treatment is necessary. The average in such instances is three \$1.00 bottles. Remember you can obtain Revall's Remedies in Marquette only at our store, The Rexall Store. The Stafford Drug Co.,

Millions of Lives Lost
An Awful Toll Collected by Consumption. Many Unnecessary Deaths from this Disease.

If people could only understand that systemic catarrh is an internal disease that external applications cannot cure, they would not need to be warned so continually of this malady, which, when neglected, paves the way for consumption, at the cost of millions of lives every year. Yet catarrh may be cured, if the right treatment is employed.

Catarrh is caused by a general distention of the system which leads commonly to anorexia, and perhaps to various local conditions, which may prove a fertile breeding ground for germs of consumption. External remedies give but temporary ease.

The only way to successfully treat catarrh is by employing a medicine which is absorbed and carried by the blood to all parts of the system, so that the mucous membrane or internal lining of the body is toned up and made capable of resisting the infection of consumption and other diseases.

We have a remedy prepared from the prescription of a physician who for thirty years studied and made catarrh a specialty, and whose record was a patient restored to health in every case where his treatment was followed as prescribed. That remedy is Revall's Tonic. We are so positive that it will completely overcome catarrh in all its various forms, whether acute or chronic, that we promise to return every penny paid us for the medicine in every case where it fails or for any reason does not satisfy the user.

We have you to try Revall's Muc-Tone on our recommendation and guarantee. We are right here where you live, and you do not contract any obligation or risk when you try Revall's Muc-Tone on our guarantee. We have Revall's Muc-Tone in two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. Very often the taking of one 50-cent bottle is sufficient to make a marked impression upon the case. Of course in chronic cases a longer treatment is necessary. The average in such instances is three \$1.00 bottles. Remember you can obtain Revall's Remedies in Marquette only at our store, The Rexall Store. The Stafford Drug Co.,

Millions of Lives Lost
An Awful Toll Collected by Consumption. Many Unnecessary Deaths from this Disease.

Buns
Rolls
Muffins
Biscuits
Waffles
Pop-overs
Coffee Bread
Made with—
WASHBURN-CROSBY'S
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR
Makes Breakfast a Success
COPYRIGHT 1909 WASHBURN-CROSBY CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

HEN DOES HER PART.
Helps to Relieve the Famine by Laying Three Eggs in One.

Meredith, N. H., Feb. 4.—M. C. Brown, proprietor of the Clover Ridge farm, has some hens that are producing eggs that tend to relieve the egg famine. One unusual egg contained four yolks, each covered with a soft shell, all inside the outer shell, which was also soft. Another egg measured 7 1/2 by 8 inches with soft shell, and contained another whole egg with a soft shell, and inside this second egg a third entire egg, covered by a soft shell. It is three eggs in one. A third egg, laid by a pullet, measures 6 1/2 by 8 inches.

STATE PROVIDES THE MONEY.
Education of Deaf, Dumb and Blind Girl Undertaken in Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Feb. 4.—An interesting and patriotic experiment is in progress at the Mount Airy institute for the deaf, dumb and blind in the education of a girl who can neither see nor hear and consequently cannot speak.

This remarkable task is being undertaken in the case of little Katie Erick, Katie, deaf, dumb and blind as she is, has so far progressed in her education as to be able to read letters, home to her parents. It seems therefore that the action of the legislature of the state of Pennsylvania in granting the sum of \$2,000 for the education of the afflicted child will prove a wise one.

Katie's education has not reached its present stage by any easy pathway. Miss Julia A. Foley, who has devoted herself to the training of the child, deserves a hero medal for the patience and untiring interest she has taken in little Katie.

To begin the story at the beginning, Katie had some slight traces of hearing, for the deprivation of the three senses came to her when she was six years old—caused, it is said, by prolonged scurvy bathing at Atlantic City. But in the succeeding years the blind and deaf child lost most of the knowledge of speech that she had acquired in her babyhood and when received at Mount Airy Katie could say but a few words. The fact that she had not been born with her affliction, however, was a great help to the teachers. The little girl at least knew the meaning of simple words and this lightened the task considerably.

Up to the present

TERRIBLE CASE OF ECZEMA CURED

Body and Face Covered with Itching, Painful Eruption—5 Years of Suffering Beyond Description—Thought Death was Near.

WANTS WORLD TO KNOW OF CURE BY CUTICURA

"No tongue can tell how I suffered for five years with itching and bleeding eczema, until I was cured by the Cuticura Remedies, and I am so grateful I want the world to know, for what helped me will help others. My body and face were covered with sores. One day it would seem to be better, and then break out again with the most terrible pain and itching. I have been sick several times, but never in my life did I experience such awful suffering as with this eczema. I had made up my mind that death was near at hand, and I longed for that time when I would be at rest. I had tried many different doctors and medicines without success, and my mother brought me the Cuticura Remedies, insisting that I try them. I began to feel better after the first bath with Cuticura Soap, and the application of Cuticura Ointment. I continued with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, and have taken four bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, and consider myself well. This was nine years ago and I have had no return of the trouble since. Any person having any doubt about this wonderful cure by the Cuticura Remedies can write to my address. Mrs. Alice Eason, 92 Elm Road, Battle Creek, Mich., Oct. 16, 1909."

The suffering which Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have alleviated among skin-tormented, disfigured infants and children, and the comfort which have afforded worn-out and worried parents have led to their adoption in countless homes as a priceless treatment for the skin. Eczema, rashes, and every form of itching, burning, scaly humor are speedily cured by Cuticura, in the majority of cases, when all else fails. Cuticura Soap (5c) Ointment (10c), Resolvent (50c) and Chocolate Ointment (25c), are sold throughout the world. Cuticura, Soap, Ointment, Resolvent, and Chocolate Ointment, are sold by all druggists. Sole Proprietors, 117 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.

Protect Yourself! AT SODA FOUNTAINS OR ELSEWHERE Get the Original and Genuine HORLICK'S Malted Milk. "Others are Imitations" The Food Drink for All Ages. RICH MILK, MALT GRAIN EXTRACT, IN POWDER. Not in any Milk Trust. Insist on "HORLICK'S" Take a package home.

DR. HUMPHREY'S SPECIFICS.

- English, German, Spanish, Portuguese and French. No. 1. Fever, Congestion, Inflammation... 25. 2. Worms, Worm Fever, or Worm Disease... 25. 3. Colic, Cramping and Wakeness of Infants... 25. 4. Diarrhea, of Children and Adults... 25. 5. Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic... 25. 6. Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis... 25. 7. Whooping Cough, Pertussis, Sore Throat... 25. 8. Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo... 25. 9. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach... 25. 10. Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis... 25. 11. Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Eczema... 25. 12. Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains... 25. 13. Fever and Ague, Malaria... 25. 14. Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External Hemorrhoids... 25. 15. Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes... 25. 16. Catarrh, Inflammation, Cold in Head... 25. 17. Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough... 25. 18. Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing... 25. 19. Kidney Disease, Gravel, Calculi... 25. 20. Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness... 25. 21. Sore Mouth, Fever, Sore Throat... 25. 22. Urinary Inconvenience, Wetting Bed... 25. 23. Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diptheria... 25. 24. Chronic Constipation, Headache... 25. 25. Grippe, Hay Fever and Summer Colds... 25. A small bottle of Pleasant Pellets, fits the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Medical Book sent free.

Reckmeyer's FURS—Milwaukee

If you intend to purchase anything in fur season, it will pay you to come to Milwaukee and see our splendid assortment of fashionable and attractive furs for this season. More complete than ever in both large and small furs. The quality and style of our furs are unsurpassed and besides you will have the satisfaction of dealing with the maker—and therefore you are sure of better quality for the same money—or the same quality at less cost. It will pay you to look at the latest styles and most select display—before buying furs elsewhere. Reckmeyer furs have for years proven their quality and reliability. You get the best furs, the most approved styles, always at reasonable prices. You will be repaid many times in satisfaction and actual savings by coming to Milwaukee and inspecting this fine before purchasing. Or, if you will write we will quote you by mail. WM. RECKMEYER COMPANY 101 Wisconsin Street Milwaukee, Wis.

Negaunee Department

TO PURCHASE NEW ENGINE.

Plant of Sufficient Power to Operate 3,000 K. W. Generator To Be Bought. The committee on electric light, to whom was referred the question of installing an auxiliary engine at the municipal lighting plant, submitted its report to the council Thursday evening. It recommended that an engine of sufficient horse power to operate a 3,000 kilowatt generator, and machine condenser for the same, be purchased. It has been demonstrated that the Atlas engine now in use is not of sufficient power to handle the load. If the city is to continue in the lighting business it is absolutely necessary to install an auxiliary plant of sufficient size to handle the load at any and all times. The recommendations were adopted, and it is expected the engine will soon be ordered. It is estimated that a new engine will cost in the neighborhood of \$5,000, and each of the two regulators ordered a short time ago, and which are expected to arrive here in ten days or so, will cost \$2,500, making the total expenditures for new equipment at this time of about \$10,000.

New Fire Hall Equipment.

The committee on fire department, together with the chief, were instructed to procure estimates on the cost of the new equipment necessary for the new fire house. Among the more important things needed is a hook and ladder truck and new chemicals. The present chemicals have been in use for a number of years.

WAS A PIONEER.

The announcement in yesterday's Mining Journal of the death of the late Joseph Matthews was a great shock to his many friends here. Wednesday Mr. Matthews complained of not feeling well, and on Thursday he told A. J. Rice that he had not slept well for two nights, and that he had a pain in his heart. He said that he thought he would probably be taken seriously ill, and that it would be advisable on his part to make his will. He remained down town the greater part of the day, and was taken ill soon after returning to the home of his brother-in-law, Charles Menhennit, where he lived. Mr. Matthews was dead less than an hour after Mr. and Mrs. Menhennit discovered that he was critically ill. The deceased was one of the oldest residents of the city, having located here some forty years ago. He retired from the grocery business, which he conducted in partnership with F. H. Harris, twelve or thirteen years ago. Prior to engaging in the grocery business he was a miner at the Jackson and Rolling Mill properties. He was sixty-seven years of age and is survived by one son, who is employed at the Baron mine, at Humboldt. The deceased was a member of Iron Mountain

ISHPEMING

"It is truly a great play." This is the opinion expressed by Eugene Walker, American, an opinion whose worth is multiplied by the fact that it was expressed in an editorial, in the founding newspaper of the North American, a daily newspaper of vast influence and enormous circulation, one of the play leaders. "Paid in Full" has been held sufficient importance to merit the distinction of an editorial. Not alone the wide public interest in "Paid in Full" because of its enormous success, but its notable superiority as a play and the graphic accuracy with which it depicts the social conditions it deals with, commend it to the North American for special consideration. "How many men are there," said this newspaper, "who have at one time in their lives fought the man higher up with his hand upon the pay roll? How many women wives of these men battling for their 'raise,' have consecrated their lives to fighting the good fight along with the men they love and have found their reward in the mere glory of the struggle? A great many, yes, a very great many. Paid in Full is this economic theme, caught in the most pealing, gripping drama. It is one play out of a thousand."

The Vaenhals & Kemper Co. will present this play, the biggest and the most popular success in years, at the Ishpeming Theatre next Tuesday evening with a cast of exceptional excellence. "Paid in Full" has the brilliant record of a two years' run in New York, and every member of the cast that will be seen here has won applause on Broadway. The quality of the company lends added lustre to the event, which from every point of view is the most attractive feature of the theatrical season. To see this great play acted by a brilliant New York cast is something not to be overlooked.

M. J. Olson, the piano tuner, can now be reached by County telephone No. 620, or by mail, at 400 East Ridge street, Ishpeming. First-class work guaranteed. (1-12-10)

FROM MORGAN'S CURE LETTER.

There was a cessation of the drastic legislation of the past week in the New York market today and the prices held firm, with advances scored by a few. The Boston market was stronger—and prices advanced generally until the last hour, when most issues eased off a trifle. Lake and North Butte were most conspicuous. Traders are awaiting more settled market conditions and the buying is mostly confined to odd-lot purchases for investment. Trading on the curb was confined to a few of the more popular issues and these were somewhat stronger in tone. Indiana, Cactus, Chief, Oneco and Corbin Copper were in demand. Notwithstanding all the bear talk, the industrial and financial leaders of the country are putting millions into the copper industry and they must see

WHITE SALE.

OUR ANNUAL White and Wash Goods Sale AND EXHIBITION TODAY AND MONDAY

We hold in store for the public a pleasant surprise in a marvelous showing in rare Laces and Embroideries, imported direct to us from St. Gall, Switzerland, and Hochst, Austria. When you come to this Exhibition you will imagine yourself in an antique Swiss shop—at the

Savings Bank Store

LEVINE BROS., Props. Very unique demonstration of beautiful things in that line. The selection is one that will win the admiration from all who will come out to see it Today and Monday..... 8c the yard, and up to 89c

Sale on Undermuslins The large assortment of Combinations, Drawers, White Petticoats Gowns, Corset Covers, Chemises, etc., make this a sale of unusual significance.

QUEER THINGS ON MONUMENTS.

There will be a grand mixup of the liches. A special street car will be provided for the return trip, leaving the clubhouse at 12 o'clock. Freak monuments are to be found in all parts of America, and some of them tell interesting tales of the characteristics and eccentricities of the persons who caused them to be erected. Most of them commemorate persons, but some may have been erected in memory of a favorite dog or horse. In some instances the trade or calling of the head of the family is indicated by an unusual monument. One is that of a blacksmith at Oneida, N. Y., which has a large granite anvil surmounting a corugated body representing the block on which the anvil stood during the life of its owner. Another shows the occupation of a real estate dealer named Titus, of Springfield, Mass. He has on his family lot a miniature house wrought in marble and inscribed "In Mansions Above" while over the door are the words "Gone Home."

Similar to these is one in a cemetery at Reading, Pa., where a horse trader's grave is marked by a monument on which is a rather elaborately carved head of a horse, with the trader's name, Eyrich, just before it. A writer who reviews a number of such instances in Popular Mechanics states that some don't let left in the mind of the casual observer as to whether the monument marks the last resting place of a man or of a horse. Horses seldom if ever have cemeteries, but there is one at Hartsdale, N. Y., devoted to dogs and cats. It was here that Primrose, a famous minstrel, buried his pet terrier. The carving on the monument is a fine relief of the terrier standing beside his toy ball.

In Briton, S. D., is a monument where a horse shares with members of the family in the inscription. It was erected by Mrs. Rose Sayer for herself, her sons, a brother and the horse. "Old Kit," the family horse, and my first investment in 1876, died March, 1896," according to the inscription on the stone. The monument is a fine relief of the horse standing beside his toy ball.

Charles Womner, Jr., and Miss Jennie McKay of Detroit, who has been visiting relatives in the city for two or three months past, stole a march on their relatives and friends Wednesday evening when they were married by Rev. C. G. Ziegler, rector of the Grace church, at the parsonage. Miss McKay is a niece of Captain Duncan Campbell and has been visiting his family since her arrival from Detroit.

A young people's meeting will be held this evening at the parsonage of the Norwegian Lutheran church. John Wilson will give an address. Refreshments will be served at the conclusion of the talk. At the Norwegian church tomorrow morning Rev. J. Lillehei, the pastor, will preach on "Cross of Christ." At 10:30 o'clock in the morning Mr. Wilson will preach in the Norwegian Lutheran meeting-house at the Winthrop.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Mrs. Jennie McEnroe entertained lady friends yesterday afternoon at her home on South Main street. The plate glass for the Kennedy block, which is to be occupied by the Fashion Suit company, has been received. Lily Kettonen, age nine years, son of Andrew Kettonen, the tailor, fell while skating recently and fractured his leg. The funeral of the late Mrs. Napoleon Ligny, held yesterday morning from St. Joseph's church, was very largely attended. The D. F. B. C. will conduct the last of its series of dancing parties here next Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the Anderson Hall. Births recorded in the city yesterday were a son to Mr. and Mrs. George Connor, 166 West Superior street, and a son to Joseph Laromy and wife, 215 Cleveland avenue. Miss Amanda Anderson of this city gave a concert at the Swedish Lutheran church at Metropolitan Thursday evening. On next Tuesday evening she will give a concert at Marinette. Rev. J. N. Alexia of Skanee, Mich., preached at the Swedish Lutheran church Thursday evening. Gerhard Alexia, the new organist and choir leader at the Lutheran church, is a son of Rev. Alexia. Miss Maggie Waltz, who is at the head of the Woman's home project, to be established in the Hotel Superior in Marquette, was in the city yesterday en-

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Gwinn State Savings Bank,

At Gwinn, Michigan, at the close of business, Jan. 31st, 1910, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

Loans and Discounts, viz.:	\$47,618 51
Commercial Department.....	22,653 85
Bonds, mortgages and securities, viz.:	371 23
Overdrafts.....	159 77
Expenses, interest and taxes paid on	2,625 88
cooking earnings.....	71 52
Furniture and fixtures.....	639 41
Due from other banks and banks.....	
Items in Transit.....	
RESERVE:	
Commercial Savings.....	
Due from banks.....	
In reserve cities.....	\$5,990 92
U. S. and National bank currency.....	\$3,977 40
Gold.....	3,511 00
Silver.....	1,194 00
Nickels and cents.....	325 00
Total.....	\$11,389 02
Capital stock paid in.....	\$25,000 00
Surplus fund.....	2,400 00
Commercial deposits subject to check.....	\$35,238 29
Due to banks and bankers.....	128 43
Savings deposits (book accounts).....	36,226 25
Savings certificates of deposit.....	3,687 00
Reserve for taxes, interest, etc.....	136 25
Total.....	\$103,201 82
STATE OF MICHIGAN,) COUNTY OF MARQUETTE,) I, H. H. McMillan, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books of the bank. E. H. McMillan, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of February, 1910. WINFIELD S. NELSON, Notary Public. My commission expires May 10th, 1910.	

ISHPEMING THEATRE TUESDAY, FEB. 8

The Great American Play Paid in Full A GENUINE TREAT. Prices, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50 ORDER SEATS NOW.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.

Statement of Condition, Jan. 31, 1910.

Resources:		Liabilities:	
Loans and Discounts.....	\$ 816,097.02	Capital Stock.....	\$ 100,000.00
Overdrafts.....	783.23	Surplus Fund.....	70,000.00
Stocks, Bonds, Etc.....	143,800.00	Undivided Profits.....	2,920.99
Banking House & Fixtures	43,000.00	Circulation.....	97,400.00
Exchange.....	\$321,746.69	Deposits.....	1,143,107.94
Cash.....	88,001.99		
	\$1,413,428.93		\$1,413,428.93

Negaunee Department

TO COMPLY WITH BOARD'S WISHES

AGREEMENT REACHED BY CITY OFFICIALS AND STREET RAILWAY AND TELEPHONE COMPANIES RELATIVE TO IRON STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

The members of the board of public works and the managements of the Marquette County Gas & Electric company and the Michigan State and Marquette County Telephone companies have reached an agreement relative to the removal of poles from iron street, which is to be made during the coming summer. At the meeting of the council Thursday evening the board submitted a report, making certain recommendations, which were unanimously adopted. It has been found impracticable to remove all of the poles from the street, as was at first thought, and it is deemed best to remove the poles through which lines could be reconstructed as such a great distance apart. The board's report was as follows:

"The board met with representatives of the Michigan State and Marquette County Telephone companies and the Marquette County Gas & Electric company and in the matter of removing poles from iron street would report that these companies are willing to comply with the wishes of the board, and that all unnecessary poles will be removed as soon as the weather will permit. The only poles that will be left standing on the south side of the street will be the Michigan State Telephone company's poles to be used by the Marquette County Gas & Electric company for trolley spans and by the city for electric wires where necessary. A corresponding set of poles will be placed on the north side of the street and will be used jointly by the Marquette County Gas & Electric company and the city. "Mr. McCorkindale, in behalf of the Marquette County Gas & Electric company, stated to the board that he would be in position to lay his lines out as soon as the frost leaves the ground, so as not to inconvenience the city in the work of macadamizing the street. "In the matter of regulators would state that same have been ordered and will be installed as soon as they arrive. The old regulators on iron street will be taken in part payment on same. "We would respectfully ask, further time to report on the petitions of Mrs. M. A. Goodman and Mrs. H. Humbley, asking to be exempted from the payment of their sidewalk tax. "Regarding to be opening of bluff street, back of C. J. E. Tom's houses, we have had same surveyed and are prepared to give two estimates, one on full width of street, sixty-six feet wide and 500 feet long, from the northwest corner of lot 34, block 5, to the end of bluff street, 12,000 cubic yards, at thirty cents, \$3,600.00. A twenty foot alley estimates as follows: 2,963 cubic yards, at thirty cents, \$888.90. "Owing to the low finances in the street and highway fund and the heavy cost of opening this alley, the board, at this time, would recommend that petition be rejected."

FREE MAIL DELIVERY.

City Officials Will Aid Postmaster Concerners to Secure It.

Mayor Winter advised the council Thursday evening that Postmaster Thomas Connors intended to try to secure for the city a free mail delivery service. In order to secure the service, the city must make certain improvements, and the mayor recommended that steps be taken to comply with the postal department's requirements. The sidewalks in the district covered by the mail carriers must be in good condition, all dwellings and business houses must be numbered and the names of all streets must be posted on the corners. The question of free delivery was generally discussed by the members of the council, and a motion was unanimously adopted directing the board of public works to make a thorough investigation as to where new walks will be needed, also to prepare for placing street signs and house numbers. The property owners will be expected to pay for the house and store numbers, and the cost of putting them up. It is thought that each house can be numbered at a cost very little in excess of twenty-five cents. The houses will be numbered systematically, and to the best possible advantage. Some few years ago many property owners put up numbers, but it is doubtful if the board will be able to lay out the streets so that these numbers can be used again. Perhaps less than 25 per cent of the dwellings and business places are now provided with numbers.

HANCOCK TEAM DEFEATED.

The Negaunee Union defeated the Hancock Knights of Columbus team in the game of baseball played here last evening. The score was 8 to 4. The batteries were Barnes and Anderson, for Negaunee, and Kirkpatrick and Dunlavy, for Hancock. Barnes fanned fifteen men and allowed ten hits. Kirkpatrick struck out fourteen men and was hit safely six times. The Negaunee and Hancock Hibernian teams will play tonight.

Blood oranges are "jacked" by the use of a hypodermic syringe and some dye.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

F. N. BREITUNG, President. C. MELLEUR, 2nd Vice President.
B. NEELY, Vice President. HERMAN WAGNER, Cashier.

The NEGAUNEE NATIONAL BANK

Statement of Condition January 31, 1910. 3 1/2 Months Old.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts.....	\$179,634.67
U. S. Bonds.....	35,000.00
Premium on U. S. Bonds.....	337.85
5 per cent fund.....	1,750.00
Banking House and Fixtures.....	6,372.92
Cash and Due from Banks.....	44,249.54
Expenses.....	868.28
	\$268,213.26

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock Paid in.....	\$ 80,000.00
Surplus.....	18,660.00
Circulation.....	25,000.00
Deposits.....	144,553.26
	\$268,213.26

THE WONDERFUL EAR.

Wonderful as are the functions of the eye the ear appears to be a yet more marvelous instrument. People with good hearing do not appreciate the inexplicable delicacy of the little instrument that nature has implanted on each side of their heads. But anatomists appreciate without being able to understand it. There is hardly any trouble with the ear that they cannot adjust, but not so with the ear. When its fairy mechanism is jangled and out of tune it is often impossible to restore its functions. It is the greatest mystery of the human organism.

THE MISSES

Rasmussen and Choquette

Graduates of E. Burnham, Chicago.

Facial Massage, Manicuring, Chirophy, Shampooing and Electrolysis Work.

Chemical Rays used in Facial work and Scalp Treatments, Hair Dressing, etc.

Appointments made at your home.

County telephone 315.

215 Park St., Negaunee, Michigan.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Cut Flowers

ROSES, CARNATIONS, LILIES, HYACINTHS and VIOLETS.

Potted Plants in Bloom

Azaleas, Cinerarias, Baby Rammers, Cyclamen and Primroses.

Palms and Ferns

Telephone and telegraph orders given prompt attention.

NEGAUNEE GREENHOUSES BOTH PHONES.

Tetter, Salt Rheum and Eczema relieved by the itching and burning sensation.



When your MONEY is BURNED up regrets won't bring it back to you. It is very UNSAFE and it WORRIES you a whole lot to have money in your house or in a hole in the ground. Besides "looking" time after time to see if it is safe teaches people where it is and makes it very UNSAFE.

Make OUR Bank YOUR Bank.

We pay liberal interest consistent with safety.

NEGAUNEE STATE BANK

WHAT HER PLUMES COST.

American Women Spend \$11,000,000 a Year on Feathers.

There is testimony that one commercial plume-hunter in Florida boasted of having in one season made a kill of 125,000 birds. All the collections in this country and Europe, except of course, are sold for millinery in one London auction—and there are several London auctions in a year. Do you know that imports of millinery feathers to this country are valued at about \$11,000,000, while the valuation of diamonds imports at the last census was only about \$12,000,000? Of course, hawks, crows, owls, black buzzards kill other birds or eat their eggs, or young. The dog, the cat, the alligator, the mongoose, and the fox must be found guilty, too, along with the pot-hunters, and woodsmen, sparing few trees and neglecting to provide for new growths, have been unwitting accomplices. Storms, catching birds over great waters in migrating season, destroy numbers by exhaustion.

But plume-hunters are at work all over the world. Not long ago a band of Japanese raiders were captured by an American war vessel on one of the Hawaiian islands, with a billion skins in their camp, accumulated for the Paris trade. When W. Alanson Bryan went to an outlying Hawaiian island, he discovered that the little speck on the sea was yielding 50,000 skins every six months to traders.

In one recent instance a physician and his two sons had been busy trying to "make a record." They had not killed because they could this earn more in ten hours than otherwise in a month. They had not killed to keep breath and life in their best beloved. They had killed just to relieve a tedium. The tedium must have been entirely relieved; everywhere lay the dead bodies of the victims of the holiday—Everybody's Magazine.

A man seldom compares himself with others to his own disadvantage.

A GIGANTIC SALE

COMMENCING

TODAY--SATURDAY, FEB. 5--TODAY

THE BIG STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE RECENTLY PURCHASED BY US FROM THE

N. LAUGHLIN ESTATE

Will be placed on sale at astounding price reductions.

The goods were bought at a fraction of their real worth and will be sold accordingly. This is a rare opportunity to secure at bargain prices, such lines as

Ladies' Coats, Furs, Hosiery, Rubbers, Shoes, Men's and Boys' Suits, Coats, Furnishing Goods, Rubbers, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, etc.; Blankets, Yarns, Dress Goods, Cottons, Silks, Laces, Embroideries, Notions, Jewelry, Perfumes, Ribbons, Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Cutlery, etc.

The scope of this sale will exceed anything ever attempted in Negaunee.

Today---SATURDAY, FEB. 5th---Today

F. BRAASTAD & COMPANY

N. LAUGHLIN BUILDING.

NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.

MANY PARTIES, ETC., JUST BEFORE LENT

CITY BAND CONCERT AND DANCE WAS LARGELY ATTENDED AND MUCH APPRECIATED.

TWO GAMES OF BASKETBALL

Marquette Defeated Negaunee High by Overwhelming Score and Normal Took Business College In- to Camp.

With the beginning of Lent only four days away, Marquette people are taking advantage of the short time left to work in as many parties and social events as possible. Last night was particularly eventful in this respect, there being, besides a number of parties, two basketball games and a dance at Fraternity Hall, all of which entertainments were well attended.

The Fraternity Hall concert and dance was given by the Marquette City band and proved a most enjoyable occasion for all who attended. This band, which now has fourteen members, was only organized late in the fall, but the artistically rendered program last night shows that the members have been doing some faithful work, which should receive the hearty commendation and appreciation of the public. The following program was given from 8:15 to 9:30, following which perhaps seventy-five couples tripped the light fantastic to the music of the Peerless orchestra: "March, "Waldita Eagle".....Buhais Overture, "Birth of Love".....Lalerty Intermezzo, "Stung".....Bennett March, "Newton".....Buhais "My Old Kentucky Home" (solo with variations for cornets).....Bowman Overture, "Festival".....Hazel March, "The Royalite".....Murphy For the time in nearly a year, Gene Sullivan played first violin in the orchestra, and he was gladly welcomed back by his many Marquette friends. Mr. Sullivan left Marquette for Escanaba and during the summer and until three months ago, he has been with a theatrical troupe directing the orchestra. He has been in Escanaba the last few weeks, but stated last night that he expected to remain in this city, and might open up a studio and give instruction on the violin and cello.

Marquette Defeated Negaunee.

A large crowd of young people attended the basketball game at Legion Hall between the Marquette and Negaunee High school teams, which resulted in a sweeping victory for the home team, the result being 59 to 6. In spite of the one-sided score, however, the game was unusually interesting, as both teams played for all they were worth. The Marquette boys had the advantage of being taller than their opponents and being accustomed to the slippery floor, which threw the Negaunee lads completely off their stride. Catlin, especially, for Marquette, was often able to lift the ball out of reach of the opposing guards and shoot it into the basket. The Negaunee players showed a good team work at times, but were unable to throw the baskets even when they had the opportunity. All admired their games, nevertheless, as they played their best right up to the last, even though they had no chance of winning. Bergh, for Negaunee, did the best work, while Catlin and Byrne starred for Marquette, the latter making several sensational baskets by throwing the ball over his back. Dancing followed the game. As the result of last night's game, Marquette and Negaunee are tied for first place in the tri-high school league, including Marquette, Negaunee and Ishpeming, each team having lost one and won two games, while Ishpeming has lost two contests. There are two games yet to play. Negaunee vs. Ishpeming next Friday night, and Marquette against Ishpeming at Ishpeming the week following.

Game at the Normal.

The basketball game between the Normal school and the Ferguson Business college at the Normal gymnasium last night was one of the most exciting of the year, and was finally won by the Normal 15 to 12. The score being 28 to 25. A good crowd was in attendance and dancing was enjoyed after the game. The Normal team was composed as follows: Normal, Stewart and McKeeghan, forwards; Penzell, center, and Muldaly and Von Zellan, guards. Business college, Christensen and Beaulin, forwards; Whitney, center, and Madigan and Berg, guards.

TOMORROW, K. OF C. DAY.

Marquette Council Will Initiate Fifty Candidates—Program.

Tomorrow will be a red letter day in the history of Marquette Council, No. 689, Knights of Columbus, as fifty or more candidates are to be initiated into the order with appropriate ceremonies. Invitations have been extended to all the councils in the upper peninsula and it is expected that from 200 to 300 visitors will be in attendance. A large delegation from the copper country will be on hand, some of whom will come to Marquette tonight and others early tomorrow morning.

Members and candidates will meet at Legion Hall at 8:30 a. m., and march in a body to St. Peter's cathedral, where special mass will be celebrated at 9 a. m. Returning to the hall, the first degree will be conferred at 10:30, and the second and third at 1:30 p. m. The day's events will close with a banquet at 8 o'clock in the evening in Baraga auditorium.

The regular Saturday night hop will be held at Fraternity Hall tonight. Music by the Peerless orchestra.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. Sold by Louis Penzell, Druggist. (10-16-6m)

When doctors and trained nurses insist that infants and patients under their charge must have bottled milk from the Marquette City Dairy there is a reason for it. (1-14-1m)

ESCAPED CONVICT LOCATED.

George Paul Apprehended at Flint and Will Be Returned to Prison.

George Paul, who escaped from the Marquette prison Dec. 5, last, was captured in Flint Wednesday afternoon. The marks of smallpox, contracted while he was serving time in Jackson ten years ago, led to the arrest. Fifteen years ago Paul was sentenced to Jackson for five years for burglary, and in the last year of his sentence he became ill with smallpox. Three and a half years ago, he was again arrested on a similar charge in Muskegon. Wednesday afternoon the man walked into County Clerk Newcomb's office at Flint and asked for a position as nurse in the pest house. Newcomb noticed his face and remembered seeing a description of the man in the office of the chief of police. He told the man to come back in an hour and then notified the authorities. The officers began a search and caught him just as he was getting into an interurban car for Detroit. He confessed that he was the man wanted, and was locked up. Deputy Catlin will leave this morning for Flint to bring Paul back to Marquette.

GREAT ACTIVITY IN GLOBE DISTRICT

S. R. KAUFMAN, RETURNING FROM THERE, DECLARES LIVE OAK AND MIAMI MINES ARE BOUND TO BECOME MORE VALUABLE.

S. R. Kaufman, vice president of the Marquette County Savings bank, returned from a western trip yesterday, in the course of which he spent several days in the Globe mining district of Arizona. He was greatly impressed with the growth and prosperity of the district, especially in the Miami camp, and from conversation with mining men who are on the ground, has come back with the conviction that the Globe is the most promising field for development in the territory of Arizona.

Mr. Kaufman states that work at the Miami and Inspiration mines is being pushed vigorously and both properties have a promising future. A new mill and other improvements are now under way at Miami, which will greatly increase the output. The town of Miami is rapidly becoming a prosperous small city and the feeling everywhere is that of optimism.

The Live Oak property, says Mr. Kaufman, is one of the very best buys on the board at the present quotations. This company has seventy acres of promising mineral ground, adjoining the Miami property, and tunneling and cross-cutting is going ahead rapidly. Conservative engineers have estimated that 1,000,000 tons of high grade ore have been blocked out above the tunnels, and a shaft down thirty feet through ore all the way, makes it reasonable to believe that there is even more ore below than above the tunnels. The ore body at Miami is about 250 feet thick, and indications are that Live Oak ore extends to as great a depth, and if so, there is now from 2,000,000 to 2,500,000 million tons of ore in sight.

On the basis of fourteen-cent copper, it is estimated that this ore can be mined at a big profit, and those closest to the situation, it is said, are holding on to their Live Oak stock and advising everyone else to do the same.

LIST OF JURYMEN.

Those Who Have Been Drawn for February Term of Circuit Court.

The February term of circuit court will open on the last day of this month, and will be the first term for the recently appointed Judge E. C. Flannigan. There will be the usual number of civil cases and the criminal docket will chiefly be notable because of the trial of James Sopasca, who is accused of having murdered Richard Varcoe at Ishpeming recently. A companion, Donato, is also included as necessary to the crime. Following the trial of Sopasca, the jury will be subpoenaed for service during the term: Marquette—James Hudson, William O'Meara, Harry W. Price, Arthur Primeau, Wilfred Davis. Negaunee—William J. May, Harry Whitington, John Ruld, Hebert Buzzo, Emsele Boyer. Ishpeming—Frank G. Bayard, Charles Nylander, Moritz A. Kahn, John A. Chaboucau, William J. Francis, James Simmons, Charles L. Sloat, John E. Caine. Townships—Andrew Peterson, Republic; E. J. Goodman, Forsyth; Carl Peterson, Skandia; Frank Smith, Powell; E. G. Muck, Michigan; William F. Hawes, Ishpeming; Thomas O'Brien, Ely; Walter McFarland, Turin; Sam Davis, Richmond; John Dudley, Tilden; Charles F. Rublein, Marquette; Soren C. Miller, J. L. Sams; William Oja, Humboldt; George Yonckley, Negaunee; Patrick Cronin, Champion; Thomas Shaw, Wells; Charles Beckman, Chelcoly; Carl A. Beckman, West Branch.

SUNDAY AT THE CHURCHES.

Methodist church—"Miracle of the Soul of the French Revolution," will be the subject of a sermon-lecture to be delivered at the Methodist church Sunday evening by the pastor. He will speak in the morning upon the "Ascent of Ethics." The full choir will sing at both morning and evening services. First Church of Christ, Scientist—Subject of this week's lesson is "Spirit." Sunday service at 10:30; Opera House block. All are welcome.

BOWLING SCORES.

The first five games in the Ford-Van Iderstine cup series, bowled yesterday, resulted as follows: Names...188 123 169 209 192 881 Bell...148 143 179 169 168 807 336 206 348 378 360 1688 Ford...173 164 122 156 158 773 VanDer...162 188 12 190 169 931 335 352 314 346 357 1704 Ford and VanIderstine lead by sixteen pins.

VOCAL CULTURE—Mrs. L. Vierling,

113 West H-witt avenue. Primary and advanced students. 1-11-1f

PEOPLE BECOMING TOO FASTIDIOUS

NOBODY BUT THE PURCHASER HIMSELF IS TO BLAME FOR PRESENT HIGH PRICES OF MEATS, IT IS DECLARED.

"If it comes right down to a question of who's to blame for the present prices of meats it's the people themselves," said a prominent market man in discussing the subject. "People are becoming too fastidious; they will have none but the rarest cuts, or what they regard the rarest. Our fathers were not too good to eat neck and chuck and flank and shoulder and plats and rump. Not so now. It must be a porterhouse steak or roast: a rib roast, or at least a big, heavy sirloin.

"Now there is just as much nourishment in a piece of chuck or flank as there is in any other part of the beef. I'm not much of a meat eater, myself, but when I do eat meat I very rarely take home more than twelve or fifteen cents worth, and it is usually chuck or neck or shoulder. If my customers were as easily satisfied there would be no such great cry about high prices. There's a difference of ten cents in a pound of porter house and a pound of round steak. You get more meat and less bone in the pound of round, and if one knows how to cook it the latter is every bit as good and just as nourishing.

"There are a whole lot of wrong ideas about the meat business. I have porterhouses that I could sell at twenty cents; I could buy meats selling five or six cents the pound less than the kind I carry. I could buy a whole hog for off my hands. There's too much waste. If I were to sell beef as it runs in thirty or fifty pound lots, counting in everything, I could make a profit at ten cents the pound, but when you have to tear a beef all to pieces to get out a few choice cuts you have to charge for them. I suppose you have heard how sirloin was named. It didn't have any particular name for centuries. Then in England a long time ago some member of the nobility, I don't remember whether he was a king or just a second-rate prince, had a piece of the steak one day that tickled him so mightily that he drew his sword and then there christened it 'Sir Loin.' The name has stuck ever since. Porterhouse steak gained its name in England in much the same way. At first the butchers sold it along with the rest of the beef, making no distinction. Then there came a fellow named Porter to a shop one day. He demanded a special cut, and showed the butcher how to do it. After that every day there was a call for some of these cuts from Porter's house, and the habit of saying, 'Take this up to Porter's house,' gave our favorite steak the name it bears today."

CENSUS ENUMERATORS.

Examination for These Positions at Government Building Today.

The examination of the candidates for census enumerators in Marquette county will be held this morning at 9 o'clock under the supervision of Miss Theora Bernard, local representative of the civil service board. The examination will be held on the third floor of the government building. All the applicants have been mailed cards which they must present before they will be presented with their examination papers. These have been sent to Miss Bernard and they will be passed out to each candidate. The candidates are requested to take particular notice that their examination papers are in a sealed package, so that no information as to the contents of the package may be divulged, thereby giving the candidates an intimation of the nature of his work.

GRAND SPECIAL Today Only!

COURTSHIP OF MILES STANDISH

This picture is 1,000 feet long and replete with stirring incidents.

SPECIAL MATINEE! 3 Big Reels of Pictures.

J. C. WOODWORTH, Prop.

Profitable Tooth-Brushes

are the kind that save dentists' bills, but the greatest profit is that they save your teeth. It is almost impossible to wear teeth out—they're five times harder than bone—but what wear cannot do, germs will do unless you give the teeth attention. Your best defense is a good tooth brush. We have them at 10, 15 and 20 cents that would be called high quality at most stores, but we prefer selling you something better. We have a brush at 25 cents that we guarantee to be satisfactory, or if not we give you a new one.

Desjardins' Pharmacy

417 North Third Street.

THEATRICAL.

At the Opera House Wednesday night, the Wagenhals & Kemper Co., will offer Eugene Walter's celebrated play of present day American life, "Paid in Full," a drama whose success and extraordinary popularity have made it a chapter in theatrical history. The record of "Paid in Full," beginning with the night it awoke New York to enthusiasm, places among the best plays this country has seen. After that notable opening in New York when a critical first night audience was roused to cheers, "Paid in Full" remained two years on Broadway. Summer did not check its run. It is the only play without music that has ever had a continuous summer run in New York. So exceptional was its popularity that the Wagenhals & Kemper Co. have five companies presenting it in all parts of the country. Each of these companies has appeared at different times in Greater New York. "Paid in Full" is one of the greatest plays of the age. It rings true and drives home the characters, are men and women we recognize, with whom we come in daily contact and their lives are such as we understand. Therein lies the play's amazing hold. It depicts with striking realism and vividness persons and conditions close to us, of which we have direct understanding.

HOARSE COUGHS, STUFFY COLDS,

Pain in chest and sore lungs, are symptoms that quickly develop into a dangerous illness if the cold is not cured. Foley's Honey and Tar stops the cough, heals and eases the congested parts, and brings quick relief. Sold by all druggists.

Have You Taken Advantage of Our 20% Off Clothing Sale

All Fine, Fancy Suits and all Overcoats in Men's, Young Men's, Boys' and Children's are included.

SOME BIG BARGAINS

See those double-breasted Suits that go at \$10.00

ORMSBEE & ATKINS

Nester Block, Marquette, Mich.

Bigelow & Co.'s VALENTINES

More kinds of Valentines than you can find anywhere else. Many of them very beautiful, most of them very cheap.

Also Gift Books

GRAND SPECIAL Today Only!

COURTSHIP OF MILES STANDISH

This picture is 1,000 feet long and replete with stirring incidents.

SPECIAL MATINEE! 3 Big Reels of Pictures.

J. C. WOODWORTH, Prop.

Profitable Tooth-Brushes

are the kind that save dentists' bills, but the greatest profit is that they save your teeth. It is almost impossible to wear teeth out—they're five times harder than bone—but what wear cannot do, germs will do unless you give the teeth attention. Your best defense is a good tooth brush. We have them at 10, 15 and 20 cents that would be called high quality at most stores, but we prefer selling you something better. We have a brush at 25 cents that we guarantee to be satisfactory, or if not we give you a new one.

Desjardins' Pharmacy

417 North Third Street.

THEATRICAL.

At the Opera House Wednesday night, the Wagenhals & Kemper Co., will offer Eugene Walter's celebrated play of present day American life, "Paid in Full," a drama whose success and extraordinary popularity have made it a chapter in theatrical history. The record of "Paid in Full," beginning with the night it awoke New York to enthusiasm, places among the best plays this country has seen. After that notable opening in New York when a critical first night audience was roused to cheers, "Paid in Full" remained two years on Broadway. Summer did not check its run. It is the only play without music that has ever had a continuous summer run in New York. So exceptional was its popularity that the Wagenhals & Kemper Co. have five companies presenting it in all parts of the country. Each of these companies has appeared at different times in Greater New York. "Paid in Full" is one of the greatest plays of the age. It rings true and drives home the characters, are men and women we recognize, with whom we come in daily contact and their lives are such as we understand. Therein lies the play's amazing hold. It depicts with striking realism and vividness persons and conditions close to us, of which we have direct understanding.

HOARSE COUGHS, STUFFY COLDS,

Pain in chest and sore lungs, are symptoms that quickly develop into a dangerous illness if the cold is not cured. Foley's Honey and Tar stops the cough, heals and eases the congested parts, and brings quick relief. Sold by all druggists.

CHARTER NO. 390

The First National Bank

OF MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN
ORGANIZED JANUARY 22, 1864

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
Condensed from Statement to the Comptroller of the Currency, January 31, 1910

RESOURCES:

Time Loans	\$ 654,256.12
Demand Collateral Loans	\$494,332.18
Cash and Exchange	968,228.85
U. S. Bonds and other Bonds at par	564,085.00
Bank Building and real estate	43,000.00
Total	\$2,229,569.97

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in	\$150,000.00
Surplus and Profits	268,533.00
Reserved to pay taxes	1,342.88
National Bank Notes Outstanding	148,100.00
Deposits	1,812,936.97
Total	\$2,229,569.97

Special Attention Given and Facilities Offered to Out-of-Town Accounts.
Send for our Booklet, "Modern Banking," which explains how our system of banking by mail is made both safe and convenient.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, - \$250,000

Do Not Hesitate Any Longer!

It's High Time That You Bought That OVERCOAT

We now offer you the choice of a lot of Overcoats of this season's styles and patterns. Blacks or Fancies, Military and Chesterfield styles. They have sold up to 18.00. Only a few of a kind left. We're going to clean up in quick order; this price will do it,

NOW 11.50

A. E. Archambeau
Everything That a Man or Boy Wears.
218 S. Front St., Marquette.



"Drei Kaiser"

Is the name of our well known

Bottled at the Brewery BEER.

In every glass is health and happiness. The little alcohol in it promotes cheerfulness of mind—which is the best of all medicines.

U. P. BREWING CO.
MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

PALACE LIVERY STABLE
FAY & BRICKEP, Props.

First-class Livery Service at all hours.
First-class Boarding Stables.
Teams of All Kinds.
FOR SALE—Driving and Draft Horses to suit any wants

Two Leading Characters in "Paid in Full," at the Marquette Opera House Next Wednesday Night.

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR



Two Leading Characters in "Paid in Full," at the Marquette Opera House Next Wednesday Night.